



EPEA516

ANALYTICAL SKILLS II

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Learning Outcomes



After this lecture, you will be able to

- solve various problems relating to trains.

Problem 1

- A train 230 m long passes a bridge of length 600 m. What is the distance covered by train in passing the bridge?
- Length of Train = 230 m
- Length of Bridge = 600 m
- Distance covered by train in passing the bridge
 - = Length of Train + Length of Bridge
 - = (230 + 600) m
 - = 830 m

Problem 2

- Two trains are running with a speed of 75 Km/h and 58 Km/h, respectively. Compute their relative speed.
- Relative Speed = $a - b$ (where $a > b$)
- $a = 75$ Km/h, $b = 58$ Km/h
- Relative Speed = $(75 - 58)$ Km/h
- Relative Speed = 17 Km/h

Problem 3

- A train 500 m long crosses a pole in 20 seconds. What is the speed of the train in Km/h?
- D = Length of the Train = 500 m
- T = 20 seconds
- S = ?

$$S = \frac{D}{T}$$

$$S = \frac{\cancel{500}}{\cancel{20}}^{25}$$

$$S = 25 \text{ m/s} = \cancel{25}^5 \times \frac{18}{\cancel{5}} \text{ Km/h} = 90 \text{ Km/h}$$

Problem 4


- A train 200 m long passes a tunnel in 30 seconds moving at a speed of 25 m/s. Find out the length of the tunnel.
- Length of Train = 200 m
- $D = \text{Length of Train} + \text{Length of Tunnel}$
 $= (200 + \text{Length of Tunnel}) \text{ m}$
- $T = 30 \text{ seconds}$
- $S = 25 \text{ m/s}$
- Length of Tunnel = ?

Problem 4

- $D = (200 + \text{Length of Tunnel}) \text{ m}$; $T = 30 \text{ s}$; & $S = 25 \text{ m/s}$

$$S = \frac{D}{T}$$

$$25 = \frac{200 + \text{Length of Tunnel}}{30}$$


$$25 \times 30 = 200 + \text{Length of Tunnel}$$


$$\text{Length of Tunnel} = (750 - 200) \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Length of Tunnel} = 550 \text{ m}$$

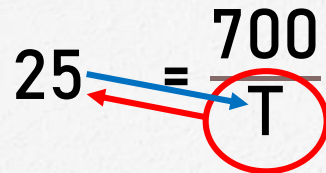
Problem 5

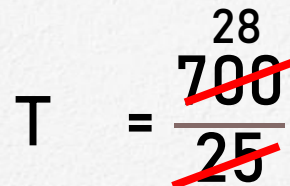
- A train 200 m long passes a tunnel of length 500 m at a speed of 25 m/s. Find out the time taken by train to cross/pass the tunnel.
- Length of Train = 200 m
- Length of Tunnel = 500 m
- $D = \text{Length of Train} + \text{Length of Tunnel}$
 $= (200 + 500) \text{ m} = 700 \text{ m}$
- $S = 25 \text{ m/s}$
- $T = ?$

Problem 5

- $D = 700 \text{ m}$; $S = 25 \text{ m/s}$; and $T = ?$

$$S = \frac{D}{T}$$

$$25 = \frac{700}{T}$$


$$T = \frac{700}{25}$$


$$T = 28 \text{ seconds}$$

Problem 6

- Two trains of length 120 m and 100 m are running on parallel lines in the same direction with a speed of 44 Km/h and 80 Km/h, respectively. In what time faster train will cross the slower train?

- Time taken by Faster Train to cross Slower Train

$$= \left\{ \frac{x + y}{a - b} \right\} \text{ hours or seconds (where } a > b)$$

- $x = 120 \text{ m}$, $y = 100 \text{ m}$, $a = 80 \text{ Km/h}$, $b = 44 \text{ Km/h}$

- $a - b = (80 - 44) = 36 \text{ Km/h} = \cancel{36}^2 \times \cancel{5}_{18} \text{ m/s}$

- $a - b = 10 \text{ m/s}$

Problem 6

- Time taken by Faster Train to cross Slower Train

$$= \left\{ \frac{x + y}{a - b} \right\} \text{ hours or seconds (where } a > b)$$

- $x = 120 \text{ m}$, $y = 100 \text{ m}$, $a = 80 \text{ Km/h}$, $b = 44 \text{ Km/h}$

- $a - b = 10 \text{ m/s}$ and $x + y = 120 + 100 = 220 \text{ m}$

- Time taken by Faster Train to cross Slower Train = $\frac{220}{10}$
= 22 seconds

Problem 7

- Two trains of length 180 m and 135 m are running in the opposite directions at 48 Km/h and 78 Km/h, respectively. In what time will they cross each other?

- Time taken by Trains to cross each other = $\left\{ \frac{x + y}{a + b} \right\}$ hours

- $x = 180$ m, $y = 135$ m, $a = 48$ Km/h, $b = 78$ Km/h

- $a + b = (48 + 78) = 126$ Km/h = $\overset{7}{\cancel{126}} \times \frac{5}{\cancel{18}} \text{ m/s}$

- $a + b = 35$ m/s

Problem 7

- Time taken by Trains to cross each other

$$= \left\{ \frac{x + y}{a + b} \right\} \text{ hours}$$

- $x = 180 \text{ m}$, $y = 135 \text{ m}$, $a = 48 \text{ Km/h}$, $b = 78 \text{ Km/h}$

- $a + b = 35 \text{ m/s}$ and $x + y = 180 + 135 = 315 \text{ m}$

- Time taken by Trains to cross each other = $\frac{315}{35}$

$$= 9 \text{ seconds}$$

Problem 8

- Two trains of lengths 280 m and 320 m run on parallel tracks. When running in the same direction the faster train crosses the slower one in 30 seconds. When running in opposite directions at speeds same as their earlier speeds, they pass each other completely in 10 seconds. Find out the speed of each train.
- Speed of Faster Train = $\left\{ \frac{x + y}{2} \right\} \cdot \left\{ \frac{t_1 + t_2}{t_1 t_2} \right\}$ m/s
- Speed of Slower Train = $\left\{ \frac{x + y}{2} \right\} \cdot \left\{ \frac{t_1 - t_2}{t_1 t_2} \right\}$ m/s
- $x = 280$ m and $y = 320$ m, $t_1 = 30$ seconds and $t_2 = 10$ seconds

Problem 8

- $x = 280 \text{ m}$ & $y = 320 \text{ m}$, $t_1 = 30 \text{ s}$ & $t_2 = 10 \text{ s}$

- Speed of Faster Train $= \left\{ \frac{x + y}{2} \right\} \cdot \left\{ \frac{t_1 + t_2}{t_1 t_2} \right\} \text{ m/s}$

$$= \left\{ \frac{280 + 320}{2} \right\} \cdot \left\{ \frac{30 + 10}{30 \times 10} \right\} \text{ m/s}$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{\cancel{600}^2}{\cancel{2}_2} \right\} \cdot \left\{ \frac{\cancel{40}^{20}}{\cancel{300}_3} \right\} \text{ m/s}$$

$$= 40 \text{ m/s or } 144 \text{ Km/h}$$

Problem 8

- $x = 280$ m and $y = 320$ m, $t_1 = 30$ s and $t_2 = 10$ s

- Speed of Slower Train = $\left\{ \frac{x + y}{2} \right\} \cdot \left\{ \frac{t_1 - t_2}{t_1 t_2} \right\}$ m/s

$$= \left\{ \frac{280 + 320}{2} \right\} \cdot \left\{ \frac{30 - 10}{30 \times 10} \right\} \text{ m/s}$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{600}{2} \right\} \cdot \left\{ \frac{20}{300} \right\} \text{ m/s}$$

$$= 20 \text{ m/s or } 72 \text{ Km/h}$$

Problem 9

- A train starts from city A at 8 am with a speed of 30 Km/h and another train starts from there on the same day at 11 am in the same direction with a speed of 40 Km/h. Find out at what distance from city A and after what time both the trains will meet.
- The distance from the starting place at which both the trains will meet
$$= \left\{ \frac{abT}{b - a} \right\} \text{ Km}$$
- Time after which the two trains will meet
$$= \left\{ \frac{aT}{b - a} \right\} \text{ hours}$$
- $a = 30 \text{ Km/h}$, $b = 40 \text{ Km/h}$, and $T = (11 - 8) = 3 \text{ hours}$

Problem 9

- $a = 30 \text{ Km/h}$, $b = 40 \text{ Km/h}$, and $T = 3 \text{ hours}$
- Distance from the starting place at which both the

trains will meet $= \left\{ \frac{abT}{b - a} \right\} \text{ Km}$

$$= \left\{ \frac{(30)(40)(3)}{40 - 30} \right\} \text{ Km}$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{\cancel{3600}}{\cancel{10}} \right\} \text{ Km}$$

$$= 360 \text{ Km}$$

Problem 9

- $a = 30 \text{ Km/h}$, $b = 40 \text{ Km/h}$, and $T = 3 \text{ hours}$
- Time after which the two trains will meet

$$= \left\{ \frac{aT}{b - a} \right\} \text{ hours}$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{(30)(3)}{40 - 30} \right\} \text{ hours}$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{90}{10} \right\} \text{ hours}$$

$$= 9 \text{ hours after 11 am}$$

- Two trains will meet at $(11 \text{ am} + 9 \text{ h}) = 8 \text{ pm}$ in the evening.

Problem 10

- The distance between two stations 'A' and 'B' is 760 Km. A train starts from 'A' to 'B' at 4 am with a speed of 60 Km/h. Another train starts from 'B' to 'A' at 5 am with a speed of 80 Km/h. At what distance from station A and at what time will the two trains be at the point of crossing?
- Distance = $a \left\{ \frac{x + bT}{a + b} \right\}$ Km & Time = $\left\{ \frac{x + bT}{a + b} \right\}$ hours
- $x = 760$ Km, $a = 60$ Km/h, and $b = 80$ Km/h
- $T = (5 - 4) = 1$ hour later another train starts from 'B' to 'A'.

Problem 10

- $x = 760$ Km, $a = 60$ Km/h, $b = 80$ Km/h, and $T = 1$ hour
- Distance from A, at which both trains will meet

$$= a \left\{ \frac{x + bT}{a + b} \right\} \text{ Km}$$

$$= 60 \left\{ \frac{760 + (80)(1)}{60 + 80} \right\} \text{ Km}$$

$$= 60 \left\{ \frac{840}{140} \right\} \text{ Km}$$

$$= 360 \text{ Km}$$

Problem 10

- $x = 760$ Km, $a = 60$ Km/h, $b = 80$ Km/h, and $T = 1$ hour
- Time after which the two trains will meet

$$= \left\{ \frac{x + bT}{a + b} \right\} \text{ hours}$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{760 + (80)(1)}{60 + 80} \right\} \text{ hours}$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{\overset{6}{\cancel{840}}}{\cancel{140}} \right\} \text{ hours}$$

$$= 6 \text{ hours}$$

Problem 11

- The speeds of two trains are in the ratio 9 : 16 and they are moving in opposite directions on the parallel track. If the first train crosses a pole in 10 seconds and second train in 5 seconds, then find the time taken by two trains to cross each other completely.
- Time taken by two trains to cross each other completely

$$= \frac{t_1 a + t_2 b}{(a + b)} \text{ seconds}$$

- $a : b = 9 : 16$, $t_1 = 10$ seconds, and $t_2 = 5$ seconds

Problem 11

- $a : b = 9 : 16$, $t_1 = 10$ seconds, and $t_2 = 5$ seconds
- Time taken by two trains to cross each other completely

$$= \frac{t_1 a + t_2 b}{(a + b)} \text{ seconds}$$

$$= \frac{(10)(9) + (5)(16)}{(9 + 16)} \text{ seconds}$$

$$= \frac{90 + 80}{25} \text{ seconds} = \overset{6.8}{\frac{170}{25}} \text{ seconds}$$

$$= 6.8 \text{ seconds}$$

Problem 12

- If two trains, A & B, start at the same time from two points P and Q towards each other, and after crossing they take 9 and 25 hours in reaching Q and P respectively. Find the ratio of their speed.
- $\frac{a \text{ (i.e., Speed of A)}}{b \text{ (i.e., Speed of B)}} = \frac{\sqrt{t_2}}{\sqrt{t_1}}$
- $t_1 = 9 \text{ hours} \quad \& \quad t_2 = 25 \text{ hours}$

$$\frac{a \text{ (i.e., Speed of A)}}{b \text{ (i.e., Speed of B)}} = \frac{\sqrt{25}}{\sqrt{9}}$$

$$\frac{a \text{ (i.e., Speed of A)}}{b \text{ (i.e., Speed of B)}} = \frac{5}{3}$$

Problem 13

- A train travels a certain distance at a speed of 120 Km/h without stoppages and it covers the same distance at a speed of 100 Km/h with stoppages. Calculate the stoppage time per hour.

- Stoppage Time/Hour $= \frac{\text{Difference of Speed}}{\text{Speed without Stoppages}}$
 $= \frac{a - b}{a} \text{ hour}$

- $a = 120 \text{ Km/h}$ and $b = 100 \text{ Km/h}$

- Stoppage Time/Hour $= \frac{120 - 100}{120} \text{ hour}$

Problem 13

- Stoppage Time/Hour $= \frac{120 - 100}{120}$ hour
- Stoppage Time/Hour $= \frac{\cancel{20}}{\cancel{120}}$ hour
- Stoppage Time/Hour $= \frac{1}{6}$ hour
- Stoppage Time/Hour $= \frac{1}{6} \times \cancel{60}^{10}$ mins.
- Stoppage Time/Hour $= 10$ mins.

Problem 14

- Two trains start simultaneously from stations 'A' and 'B' towards each other with speeds 60 Km/h and 50 Km/h, respectively. When they meet, it is found that one train has travelled 25 Km more than the other. Calculate distance between stations 'A' and 'B'.
- Let, Distance between stations 'A' and 'B' = 'd' Km
- Distance between stations 'A' and 'B' i.e., $d = \frac{(a + b)x}{(b - a)}$ Km
- $a = 50$ Km/h, $b = 60$ Km/h, $x = 25$ Km

Problem 14

- $a = 50 \text{ Km/h}$, $b = 60 \text{ Km/h}$, $x = 25 \text{ Km}$
- Distance between stations 'A' and 'B' i.e., $d = \frac{(a + b)x}{(b - a)} \text{ Km}$

$$d = \frac{(50 + 60)(25)}{(60 - 50)} \text{ Km}$$

$$d = \frac{11(110)(25)}{(10)} \text{ Km}$$

$$d = 275 \text{ Km}$$

Conclusion

- Distance covered by a train to cover a bridge
$$= \text{Length of Train} + \text{Length of Bridge}$$
- Relative Speed $= a - b$ (where $a > b$)
- Speed $= \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Time}}$
- Time taken by a train of length 'a' m to pass a tunnel of length 'b' m $= \text{Time taken by train to cover } (a + b) \text{ m}$

Conclusion

- When two trains are moving in opposite direction
 - Time taken by Trains to cross each other

$$= \left\{ \frac{x + y}{a + b} \right\} \text{ hours}$$

- When two trains are moving in same direction
 - Time taken by Faster Train to cross Slower Train

$$= \left\{ \frac{x + y}{a - b} \right\} \text{ hours}$$

Conclusion

- Two trains of lengths 'x' m and 'y' m run on parallel tracks. When running in same direction, faster train passes slower one in t_1 seconds, but when they are running in opposite directions with same speeds as earlier, they pass each other in t_2 seconds.

- Speed of Faster Train = $\left\{ \frac{x + y}{2} \right\} \cdot \left\{ \frac{t_1 + t_2}{t_1 t_2} \right\}$ m/s
- Speed of Slower Train = $\left\{ \frac{x + y}{2} \right\} \cdot \left\{ \frac{t_1 - t_2}{t_1 t_2} \right\}$ m/s

Conclusion

- If distance between two stations 'A' and 'B' is 'x' Km, A train starts from 'A' to 'B' at 'a' Km/h. 'T' hours later another train starts from 'B' to 'A' at 'b' Km/h, then distance from A, at which both the trains will meet

$$= a \left\{ \frac{x + bT}{a + b} \right\} \text{ Km}$$

- Time after which the two trains will meet

$$= \left\{ \frac{x + bT}{a + b} \right\} \text{ hours}$$

Conclusion

- If the speeds of two trains are in the ratio $a : b$ and they are moving in opposite directions on the parallel track. If the first train crosses a pole in t_1 seconds and second train in t_2 seconds, then the time taken by two trains to cross each other completely is $\frac{t_1 a + t_2 b}{(a + b)}$ seconds.
- If two trains, A (moving with speed 'a') and B (moving with speed 'b'), start at the same time from two points P and Q towards each other, and after crossing they take t_1 and t_2 seconds in reaching Q and P respectively, then $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{\sqrt{t_2}}{\sqrt{t_1}}$

Conclusion

- A train travels a certain distance at a speed of 'a' Km/h without stoppages and with stoppages it covers the same distance at a speed of 'b' Km/h, then the stoppage time per

hour is

$$\frac{\text{Difference of Speed}}{\text{Speed without Stoppages}}$$

- Two trains start simultaneously from stations 'A' and 'B' towards each other with speeds a Km/h and b Km/h, respectively. When they meet, it is found that the second train had travelled 'x' Km more than the first. Distance

between the two stations is

$$\frac{(a + b)x}{(b - a)} \text{ Km}$$

Summary

- Problems on Trains

That's all for now...