

# HDFS Commands, Operations, User Management & SSH – Detailed Answers

## 16. Commands to Insert and Retrieve Data into HDFS

HDFS provides command-line utilities to store (insert) and retrieve data from the distributed file system.

### Insert Data into HDFS:

```
hdfs dfs -put localfile /hdfs/path
```

This command uploads a file from the local file system into HDFS. If the file already exists, it will throw an error unless overwritten using -f option.

### Retrieve Data from HDFS:

```
hdfs dfs -get /hdfs/path localpath
```

This command downloads files from HDFS to the local file system.

## 17. HDFS Read and Write Operations

HDFS read and write operations are designed to handle large files efficiently in a distributed environment.

**Write Operation:** When a client writes data to HDFS, it first contacts the NameNode to get metadata and block locations. The data is then written to DataNodes in a pipeline fashion and replicated as per configuration.

**Read Operation:** During read operation, the client requests block locations from the NameNode and reads data directly from the nearest DataNode.

## 18. Steps for Adding User and SSH Access

Adding a user and enabling SSH access is essential for managing Hadoop clusters securely.

- Create a new user account.
- Set password for the user.
- Generate SSH key pair using ssh-keygen.
- Copy public key to authorized\_keys file.
- Set correct permissions for .ssh directory.
- Test password-less SSH login.

## 19. Command to Create User Account

Linux provides commands to create and manage user accounts.

```
useradd username
```

This command creates a new user account. After creating the user, set a password using the passwd command.

```
passwd username
```

This command sets or changes the password for the user account.

## 20. HDFS Commands

HDFS supports several commands to manage files and directories.

- `hdfs dfs -ls` – Lists files and directories in HDFS.
- `hdfs dfs -mkdir` – Creates directories in HDFS.
- `hdfs dfs -rm` – Deletes files from HDFS.
- `hdfs dfs -du` – Displays disk usage.
- `hdfs dfs -df` – Shows free space information.
- `hdfs dfs -cat` – Displays file content.
- `hdfs dfs -chmod` – Changes file permissions.
- `hdfs dfs -chown` – Changes ownership of files.