



EPEA516

ANALYTICAL SKILLS II

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Learning Outcomes



After this lecture, you will be able to

- define the concept of principal, rate, time, simple interest, and amount.
- explore the formulae of principal, rate, time, simple interest, and amount.

Principal (P or p)

- The total amount of money borrowed by an individual from other individual.
- The money borrowed or lent out for a certain period.
- The principal is the amount that initially borrowed from the bank or invested.

Rate of Interest (R or r)

- Interest – Extra money paid for using other's money.
- Interest – Per cent.
- 5% or 9%

Rate of Interest (R or r)

- Rate of interest – Percentage (R% or r%)
- $\frac{R}{100}$
- $\frac{r}{100}$
- Rate of interest – 5%, 10%, or 12%, etc.

Rate of Interest – Fixed Period of Time

- A Specified term.
- Per cent of the principal.

Rate or Interest – Fixed Period of Time

- Fixed Period – A year, six months, three months or a month.
- Rate of interest – Annually, semi-annually, quarterly or monthly.
- Rate of interest is 5% per annum.
- Interest payable on 100 for one year is 5.

Time (T or t)

- The duration for which the principal amount is given to someone.
- A year, six months, three months or a month.

Simple Interest (S.I.)

- If the interest on a sum borrowed for a certain period is reckoned uniformly.
- When interest is payable on the principal amount only.

Simple Interest (S.I.)

- The interest computed on the principal amount for the entire period it is borrowed.
- Simple interest on Rs. 100 at 5% per annum = Rs. 5 each year.

Amount (A)

- Principal borrowed plus the interest.

Basic Formulae

- P or p = Principal
- R or r = Rate
- T or t = Number of years
- S.I. or I = Simple interest
- A = Amount

Basic Formulae

- P or p = Principal, R or r = Rate, T or t = Number of years, S.I. or I = Simple interest, and A = Amount
- Simple Interest = $\frac{\text{Principal} \times \text{Rate} \times \text{Time}}{100}$
- S.I. = $\frac{P \times R \times T}{100}$
- I = $\frac{p \times r \times t}{100}$

Basic Formulae

- Simple Interest = $\frac{\text{Principal} \times \text{Rate} \times \text{Time}}{100}$
- Principal = $\frac{\text{Simple Interest} \times 100}{\text{Rate} \times \text{Time}}$
- $P = \frac{S.I. \times 100}{R \times T}$
- $p = \frac{l \times 100}{r \times t}$

Basic Formulae

- Simple Interest = $\frac{\text{Principal} \times \text{Rate} \times \text{Time}}{100}$
- Rate = $\frac{\text{Simple Interest} \times 100}{\text{Principal} \times \text{Time}}$
- $R = \frac{\text{S.I.} \times 100}{P \times T}$
- $r = \frac{I \times 100}{p \times t}$

Basic Formulae

- Simple Interest = $\frac{\text{Principal} \times \text{Rate} \times \text{Time}}{100}$
- Time = $\frac{\text{Simple Interest} \times 100}{\text{Principal} \times \text{Rate}}$
- $T = \frac{\text{S.I.} \times 100}{P \times R}$
- $t = \frac{I \times 100}{p \times r}$

Basic Formulae

- Amount = Principal + Interest
- A = P (or p) + S.I. (or I)
- Principal = Amount – Interest
- P = A – S.I.
- Interest = Amount – Principal
- S.I. = A – P

Basic Formulae

- Amount = Principal + Simple Interest
- Amount = Principal + $\frac{\text{Principal} \times \text{Rate} \times \text{Time}}{100}$
- Amount = Principal $(1 + \frac{\text{Rate} \times \text{Time}}{100})$
- $A = P (1 + \frac{R \times T}{100})$
- $A = p (1 + \frac{r \times t}{100})$

Conclusion

- Principal – The total amount of money borrowed.
- Rate or Rate of Interest – Extra Money Paid per cent.
- Time – Duration for which the principal amount is given.
- Simple Interest – The interest computed on the principal amount for the entire period it is borrowed.
- Amount – Principal borrowed plus the interest.

Conclusion

- Simple Interest = $\frac{\text{Principal} \times \text{Rate} \times \text{Time}}{100}$
- Amount = Principal + Interest

Summary

- Basic Concept and Formulaes
 - Principal
 - Rate or Rate of Interest
 - Time
 - Simple Interest
 - Amount

That's all for now...