

# **Notes**

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# 1 Measure Theory

## §1.1 Measure Spaces

**Definition 1.1.1.** An *algebra*  $\Sigma_0$  on a set  $S$  is a collection of subsets of  $S$  such that

- $S \in \Sigma_0$ .
- if  $F \in \Sigma_0$ , then  $F^C := S \setminus F \in \Sigma_0$ .
- $\Sigma_0$  is closed under finite unions.

Notice that this implies that  $\Sigma_0$  must also be closed under finite intersections.

**Definition 1.1.2.** A  $\sigma$ -*algebra*  $\Sigma$  is an algebra closed under countably many unions (and thus intersections). Then, the pair  $(S, \Sigma)$  is a *measurable space*.