

Selector Type	Usage Example	Description Of The Selector
*	\$('*');	Returns all the elements in the document (including head, body and all other elements)
#id	\$('#id')	Returns an element with the given ID.
.class	\$('.class') or \$('a.class')	Returns all elements in the document with the given class name (or where prefixed with a selector, it's matches using that class name)
element	\$('div')	Returns all elements in a document with the given tag name i.e. div, table, ul, li, a etc.
a, b, c n	\$('th, td, .class, #id')	Returns all elements in the document that match the multiple selection patterns specified
parent child	\$('li a')	Returns all child elements that are a descendant of parent, ie. "a" elements that are a descendant of "li"
a > b	\$('table > tr');	Returns all 'b' elements which are a child element of a or in our example all tr elements in a table or tables.
a + b	\$('li + a');	Returns the "a" elements that are an immediate descendant of b, ie. "li" in our example.
a ~ b	\$('p ~ ul');	Returns the 'b' elements that are a sibling of 'a', ie. "ul" elements that are a sibling of "p"
:first	\$('ul li:first');	Returns the first element in a result set
:first-child	\$('ul li:first-child');	Returns the first child element of the parent element.
:last	\$('ul li:last');	Returns the last element in a result set
:last-child	\$('ul li:last'); \$('ul li:last-child');	Returns the last child element of the parent element.
:only-child	\$('div p:only-child');	Returns the only child of the parent element.
:not(a)	\$('input:not(:checked)');	Returns all elements that are not "a" on in our example all input elements that are not checked
:has(a)	\$('div:has(p)');	Returns all elements with a descendant that matches a in out example a "div" that contains a "p".
:odd	\$('ul li:odd');	Returns all odd elements in a result set (zero based)
:even	\$('ul li:even');	Returns all even elements in a result set (zero based)
:eq(n)	\$('ul li:even'); \$('ul li:eq(n)');	Returns a numbered element identified by n (zero based)
:gt(n)	\$('ul li:gt(n)');	Returns all elements in a result set greater than n (zero based)
:lt(n)	\$('ul li:lt(n)');	Returns all elements in a result set less than n (zero based)
:nth-child(n)	\$('ul li:nth-child(n)');	Returns the nth child in a result set (one based)
:nth-child(odd)	\$('ul li:nth-child(odd)');	Returns all odd numbered elements in a result set (one based)
:nth-child(even)	\$('ul li:nth-child(even)');	Returns all even numbered elements in a result set (one based)
:nth-child(formula)	\$('ul li:nth-child(3n)');	Returns every nth child in a result set. In our example every third child (one based)
:header	\$(':header');	Returns all heading elements e.g. h1, h2, etc.
:animated	\$('ul:animated');	Returns elements with an animation currently in progress
:contains(text)	\$(':contains(resig)');	Returns all elements containing the passed string (eq. 'resig')
:empty	\$(':empty');	Returns all elements that contain no child nodes
:parent	\$('li:parent');	Returns all elements that a parent nodes to any other DOM element including text nodes.
:hidden	\$('ul:hidden');	Returns all hidden elements that are hidden with CSS or input fields of the type "hidden"
:visible	\$('ul:visible');	Returns all visible elements
[attribute]	\$('[href]');	Returns all elements that contain the specified attribute - in our example any element with a "href" attribute
[attribute=value]	\$('[rel=ext]');	Returns all elements where the specified attribute value is equal to the passed value. Eq. element with a "rel" attribute equal to "ext"
,	\$('[rel!=ext]');	Returns all elements where the specified attribute value is not equal to the passed value. Eg. element with a "rel" attrib not equal to "ext"
[attribute!=value]	\$('[class^=gloss]');	Returns all elements where the specified attribute value begins with the passed value. Eg. element whose "class" attribute value begins with "qloss"
[attribute\$=value]	<pre>\$('[id\$=-container]');</pre>	Returns all elements where the passed attribute value ends with the passed value. Eq. any element whose "id" ends with "-container"
[attribute*=value]	\$('[class*=bar]');	Returns all elements where the passed attribute value contains the passed value. Eq. any element whose "class" contains the string "bar"
[attribute =value]	\$('a[alt =hello]');	Returns matched elements that have the specified attribute with a value either equal to/starting with that string followed by a hyphen
[name=a][name2=b]	<pre>\$("input[id][name\$='b']");</pre>	Returns matched elements that match all of the attributes which have been specified eq. inputs with an id and a 'name' ending in b
:input	\$(':input');	Returns only those input elements of the tag name input, select, text-area and button
:text	\$(':text');	Returns only those input elements of the type "text"
:password	\$(':password');	Returns only those input elements of the type "password"
:radio	\$(':radio');	Returns only those input elements of the type "radio"
:checkbox	<pre>\$(':checkbox');</pre>	Returns only those input elements of the type "checkbox"
:submit	\$(':submit');	Returns only those input elements of the type "submit"
:image	\$(':image');	Returns only those input elements of the type "image"
:reset	\$(':reset');	Returns only those input elements of the type "reset"
:file	\$(':file');	Returns only those input elements of the type "file"
:button	\$(':button');	Returns only those input elements of the type "button"
:enabled	\$(':enabled');	Returns all enabled input elements
:selected	\$(':selected');	Returns the selected element in a select list.
:disabled	\$(':disabled');	Returns disabled input elements
:checked	\$(':checked');	Returns checked input elements of the type radio or checkbox.
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