

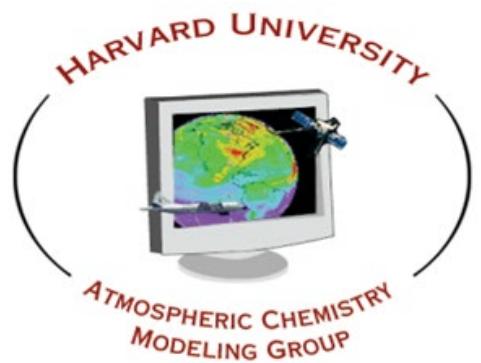
Welcome to the 1st Integrated Methane Inversion (IMI) and Integral Earth (IE) Workshop!

hosted by the Harvard Atmospheric Chemistry Modeling Group

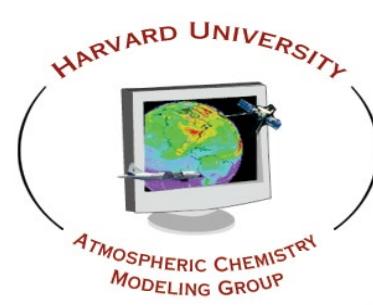
November 4, 2024 11am-1pm eastern time

We will be starting soon!

- 11:00-11:05 Welcome and logistics (James East, IMI Developer)
- 11:05-11:15 Why the IMI (Daniel Jacob, IMI Principal Investigator)
- 11:15-11:25 IMI description and capabilities (Daniel Varon, IMI Co-Principal Investigator)
- 11:25-11:45 Running the IMI (Lucas Estrada, IMI Lead Developer, and Melissa Sulprizio, IMI Software Engineer)
- 11:45-12:00 Using IE for easy access to the IMI (John Thomas, IE Lead Developer)
- 12:00-13:00 Q&A (moderated by James East)



integral
earth



The Integrated Methane Inversion (IMI):

a user-friendly cloud-based tool to quantify total methane emissions from satellite data



Daniel Jacob
IMI Principal Investigator



Daniel Varon
IMI Co-Principal Investigator



Lucas Estrada
IMI Lead Developer



Melissa Sulprizio
IMI Software Engineer



John Thomas
IE Lead Developer



Mira Nagarajan
IE Business Lead



James East
IMI Developer
workshop moderator

Collaborators: JPL, SRON, ECCC

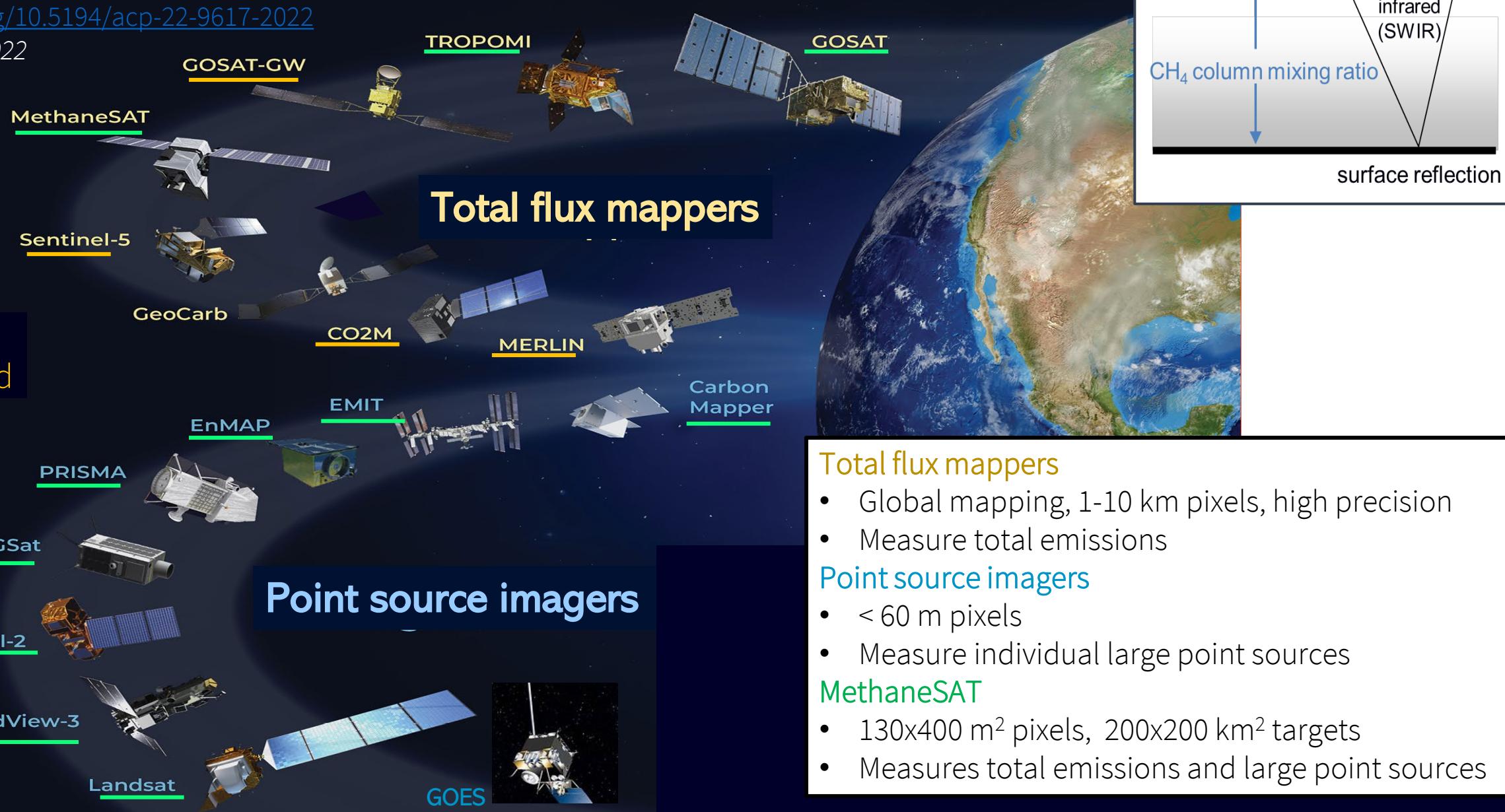
Funding: NASA, ExxonMobil, Harvard Salata Institute, Harvard Office of Technology Development, AWS

On the web: <https://integratedmethaneinversion.github.io>

Growing satellite constellation of methane observations

<https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-22-9617-2022>

Jacob et al., 2022



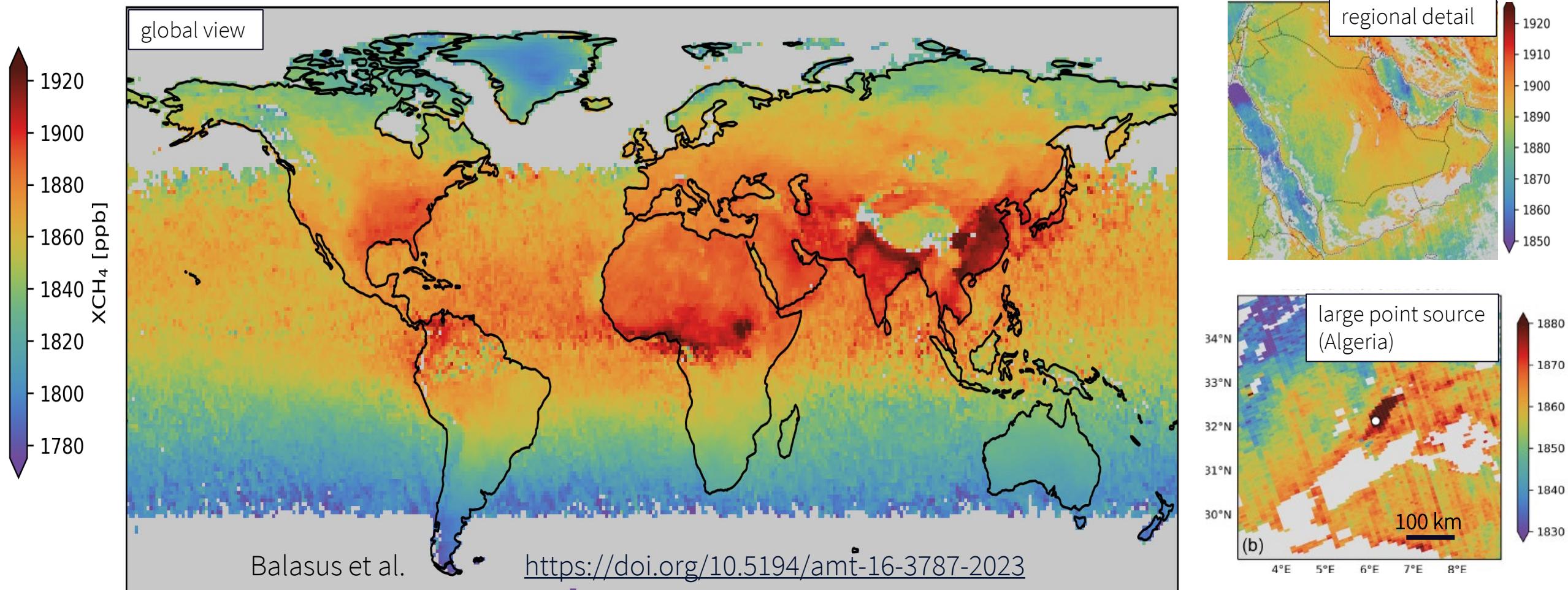
TROPOMI (2018-): global daily mapping

5.5x7 km² pixels, 0.6% precision

open-access operational methane data produced by SRON

over 100 million
observations per year

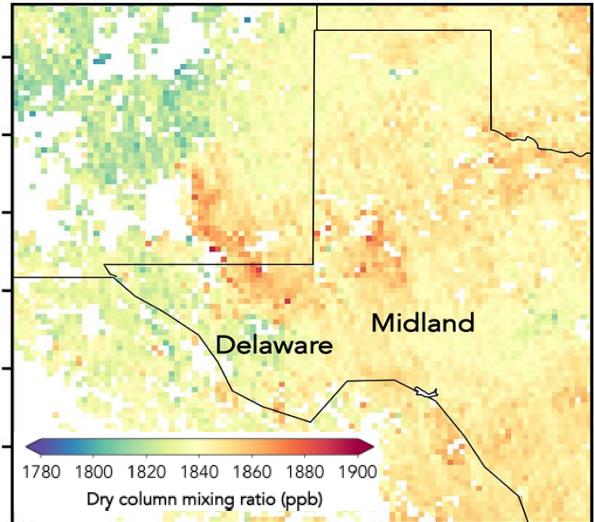
Annual mean blended TROPOMI+GOSAT observations, 2021



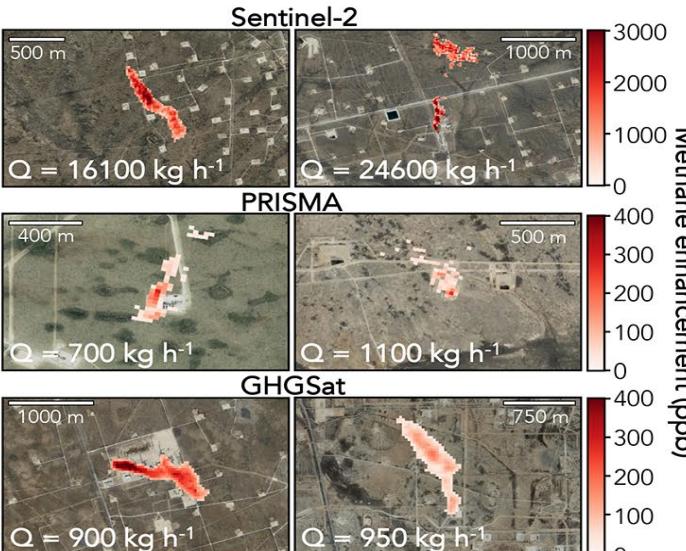
IMI quantifies total methane emissions using TROPOMI open-access data

Observations over the Permian Basin

TROPOMI, July 2020 (mean)



Point sources

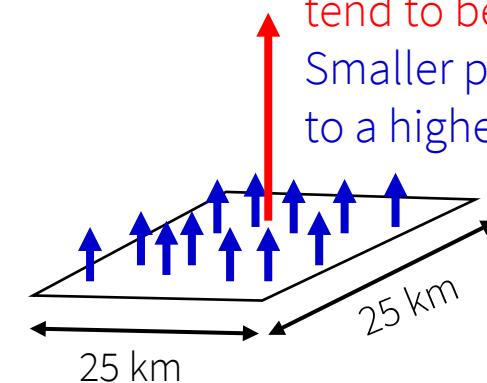


Jacob et al., 2022 <https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-22-9617-2022>

Detectable point sources ($> 100 \text{ kg h}^{-1}$)

tend to be intermittent

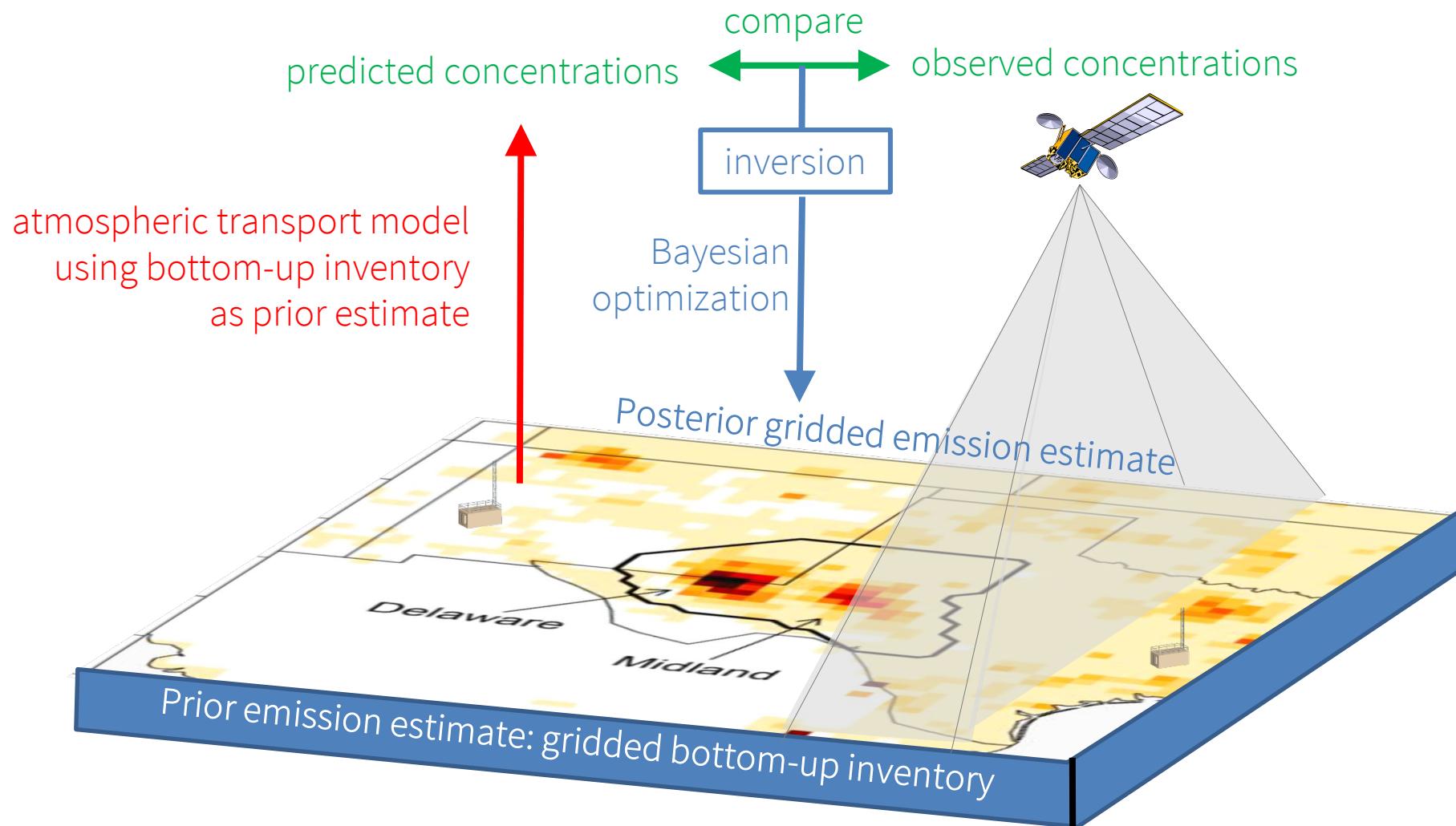
Smaller point sources add up to a higher total



IMI quantifies total time-integrated emissions at 25-km resolution

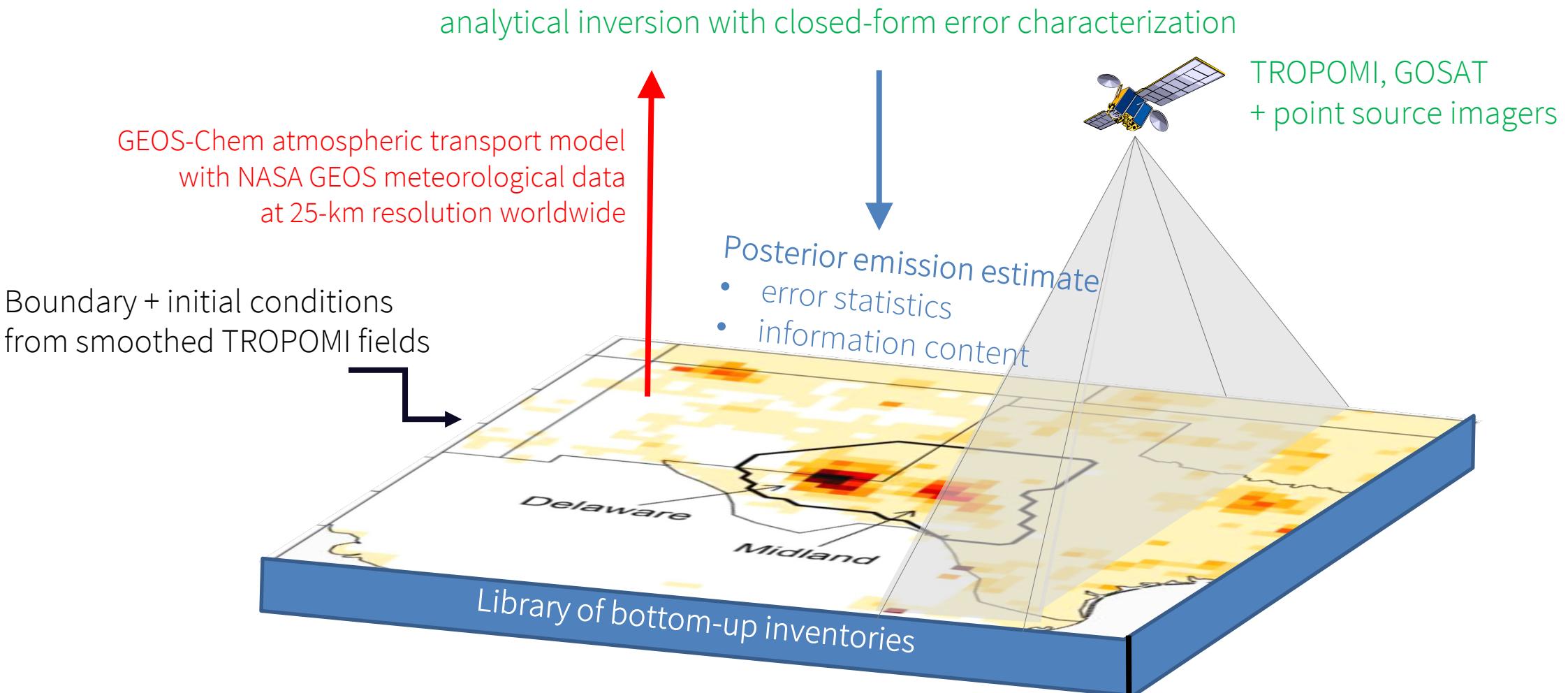
- IMI provides a unique capability for quantifying total methane emissions at up to 25-km and weekly resolution anchored by open-access TROPOMI satellite observations. This enables
 - basin/regional/state/national emission reporting
 - averaging over intermittent point source observations
 - monitoring emission trends
 - attributing emissions to different sectors (using prior information)

Inferring total methane emissions by inversion of satellite data



Posterior estimate improves on prior bottom-up estimate by adding information from the atmospheric observations

How this is done in the IMI

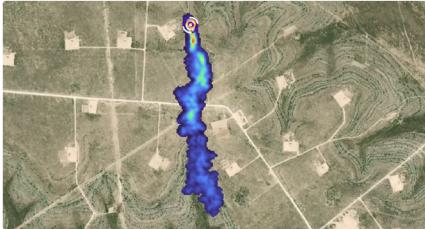


- Brasseur, G.P. and D.J. Jacob, *Modeling of Atmospheric Chemistry*, Cambridge University Press, 2017
- Varon, D. J., et al., *Integrated Methane Inversion (IMI 1.0): a user-friendly, cloud-based facility for inferring high-resolution methane emissions from TROPOMI satellite observations*, *Geosci. Model Dev.*, 2022
- IMI method is backed up by over [30 peer-reviewed publications](#) from Harvard group

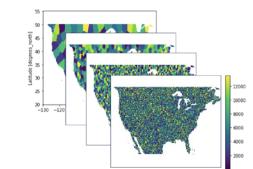
Newly released IMI 2.0

Expanded Input Options

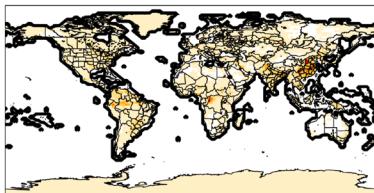
2. Incorporation of point source observations



5. Adaptive resolution state vector

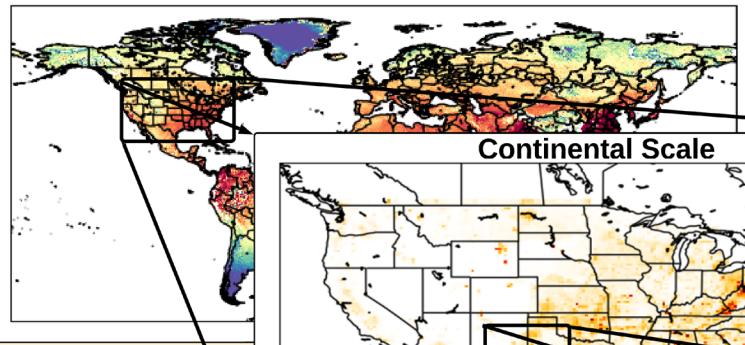


8. New bottom-up emission inventories



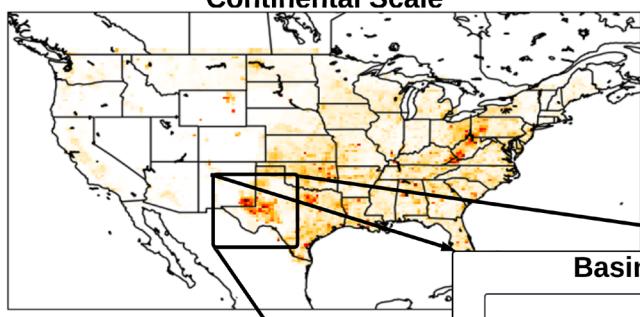
Multiscale Inversion Capabilities

6. Global Inversion Capability

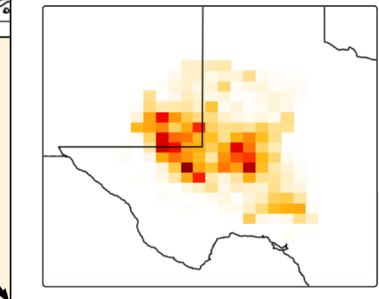


1. Blended TROPOMI+GOSAT observations

Continental Scale



Basin Level



Updated Inversion Methods

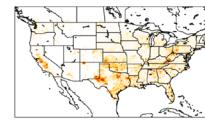
- 3. Fast Jacobian computation
- 4. Application of super-observations
- 7. Kalman filter for temporal emission updates
- 9. Improved boundary/ initial conditions
- 10. Lognormal error PDFs

12. Containerized for easy install

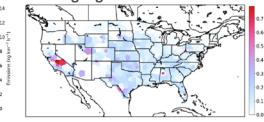
11. Enriched Output

IMI 1.0 Standard Output

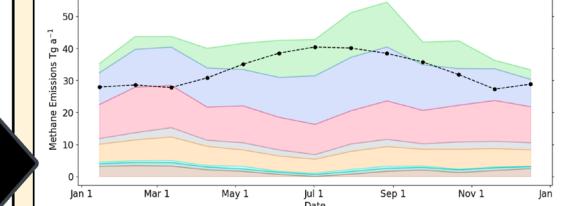
Posterior Emissions



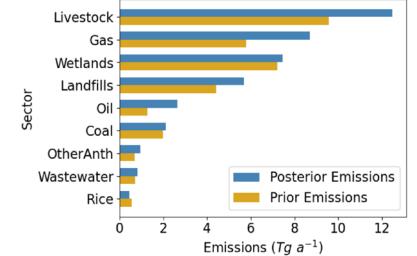
Averaging Kernel Sensitivities



Continuous Emission Monitoring



National / Sectoral Output



Estrada, L.A., et al., [Integrated Methane Inversion \(IMI\) 2.0: an improved research and stakeholder tool for monitoring total methane emissions with high resolution worldwide using TROPOMI satellite observations](#), EGUsphere [preprint], 2024.

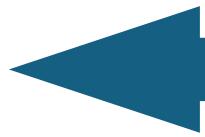
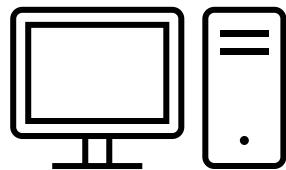
Developments on the way (IMI 3.0):

- Integrate new satellite datasets (MethaneSAT, GHGSat, ...)
- Include surface and aircraft observations
- Increase resolution to 12 km
- Extend capability to CO₂ (led by JPL)

How can I use satellite observations
to better quantify emissions
from my region of interest?



Delivering the IMI to users (simple slide)



On your own cluster

- Download IMI from the cloud using Docker container
- Run complete IMI workflow from simple configuration file
- Requires technical ability and computing resources



On the cloud

- Login to AWS
- Run complete IMI workflow from simple configuration file
- Use notebook to analyze output
- Requires some technical ability

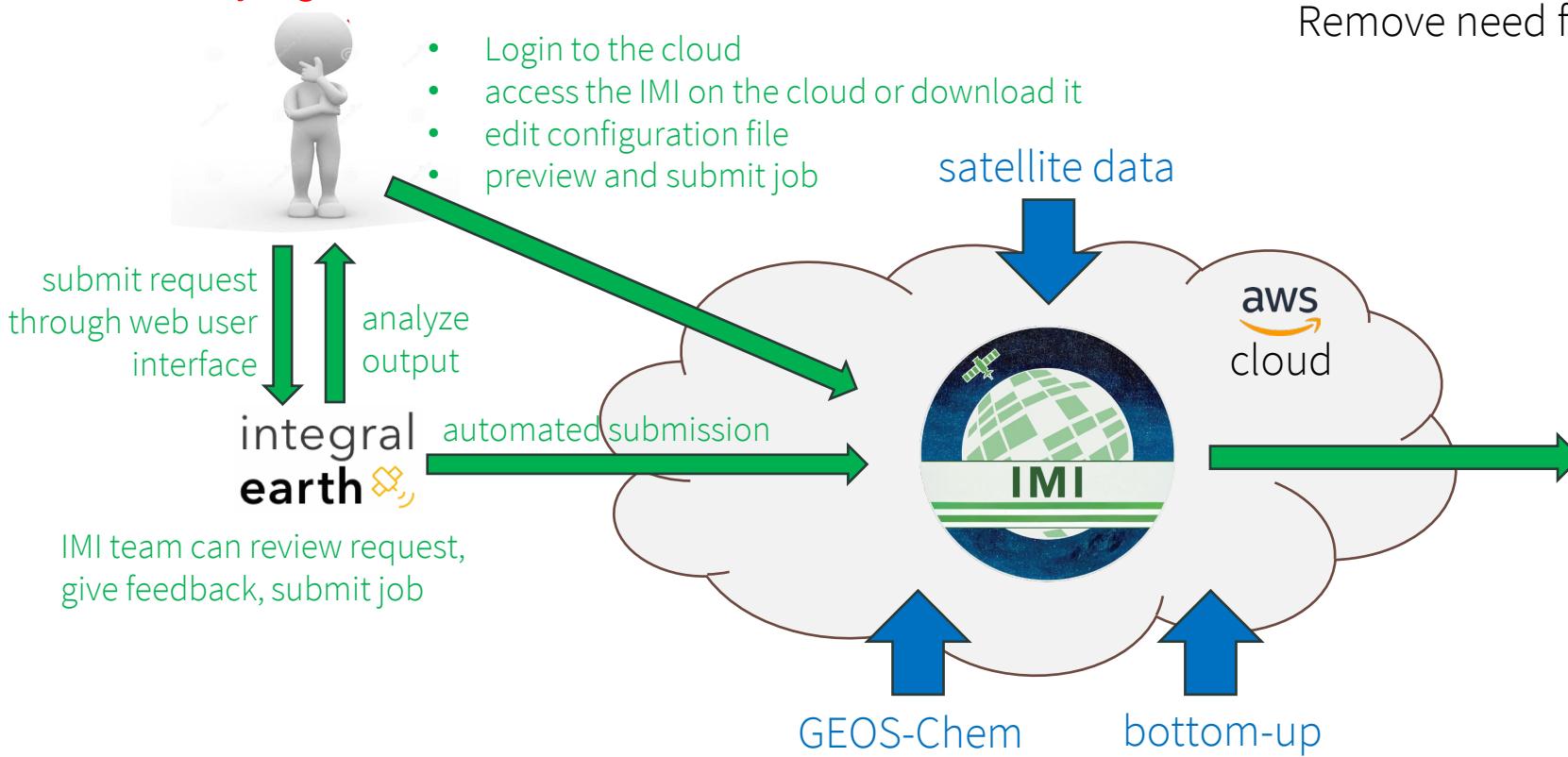


Integral Earth

- Access IMI through web user interface
- Receive advice and QC from IMI team
- Use web-based output analysis tools
- **Requires no technical ability**

Delivering the IMI to users (detailed slide)

What are the methane emissions from my region of interest?



- Emission output: data and imagery
- gridded emissions at up to 25-km and weekly resolution with error statistics
 - sectoral attribution
 - point source information
 - Independent evaluation

IMI is open-access, open-code: results are

- transparent
- referenceable
- reproducible

<https://integratedmethaneinversion.github.io>

IE is a service for accessing and using the IMI:

- all you need is an internet connection
- automated or personal service, interactive output
- currently in beta testing

<https://integralearth.github.io/>

Our vision for the IMI and Integral Earth

- We are committed to supporting and developing the IMI as open-source user-friendly cloud-based tool
 - We are building a grass-roots research and applications community using and developing the IMI
 - Users can run the IMI on the cloud or download it to their local systems
- We are developing Integral Earth as Software as a Service (SaaS) for accessing the IMI
 - Users submit job through web user interface, can interact with IMI staff
 - Free while in beta testing: contact us to be a beta tester
 - Public-release version by end of 2024
- We are still trying to figure out the best business model for Integral Earth
 - Private start-up company (for profit or non-profit)
 - Transfer to an existing company
 - Customer pay-for-service through Harvard
 - Embed into a larger operation such as NASA Greenhouse Gas Center

If you are interested in supporting the IMI or IE, we would love to hear from you