

FORMAL ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW

INDUSTRIAL IOT

Software and Services Group
IoT Developer Relations, Intel

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INTRODUCTION VIDEO



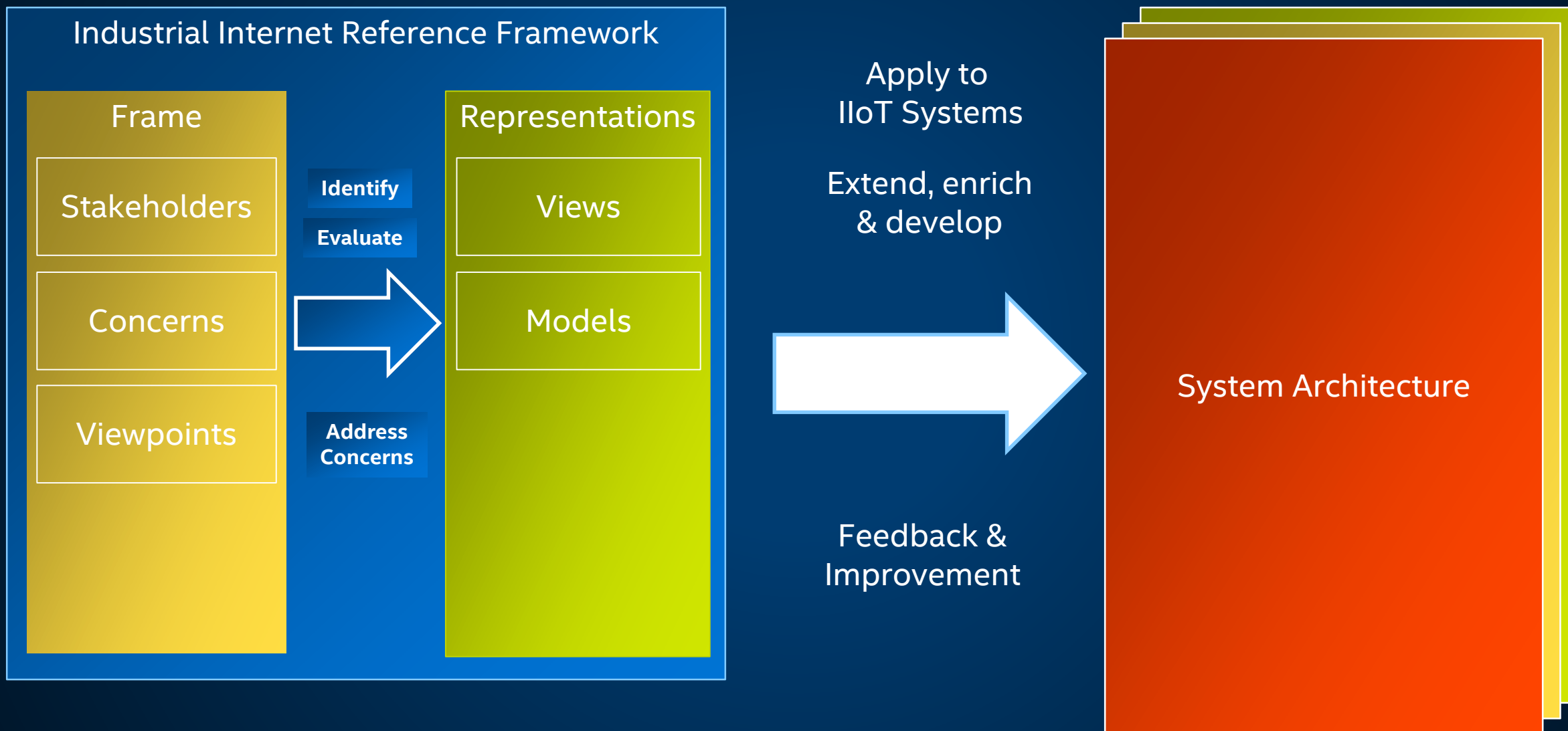


FORMALIZING THE INDUSTRIAL INTERNET OF THINGS

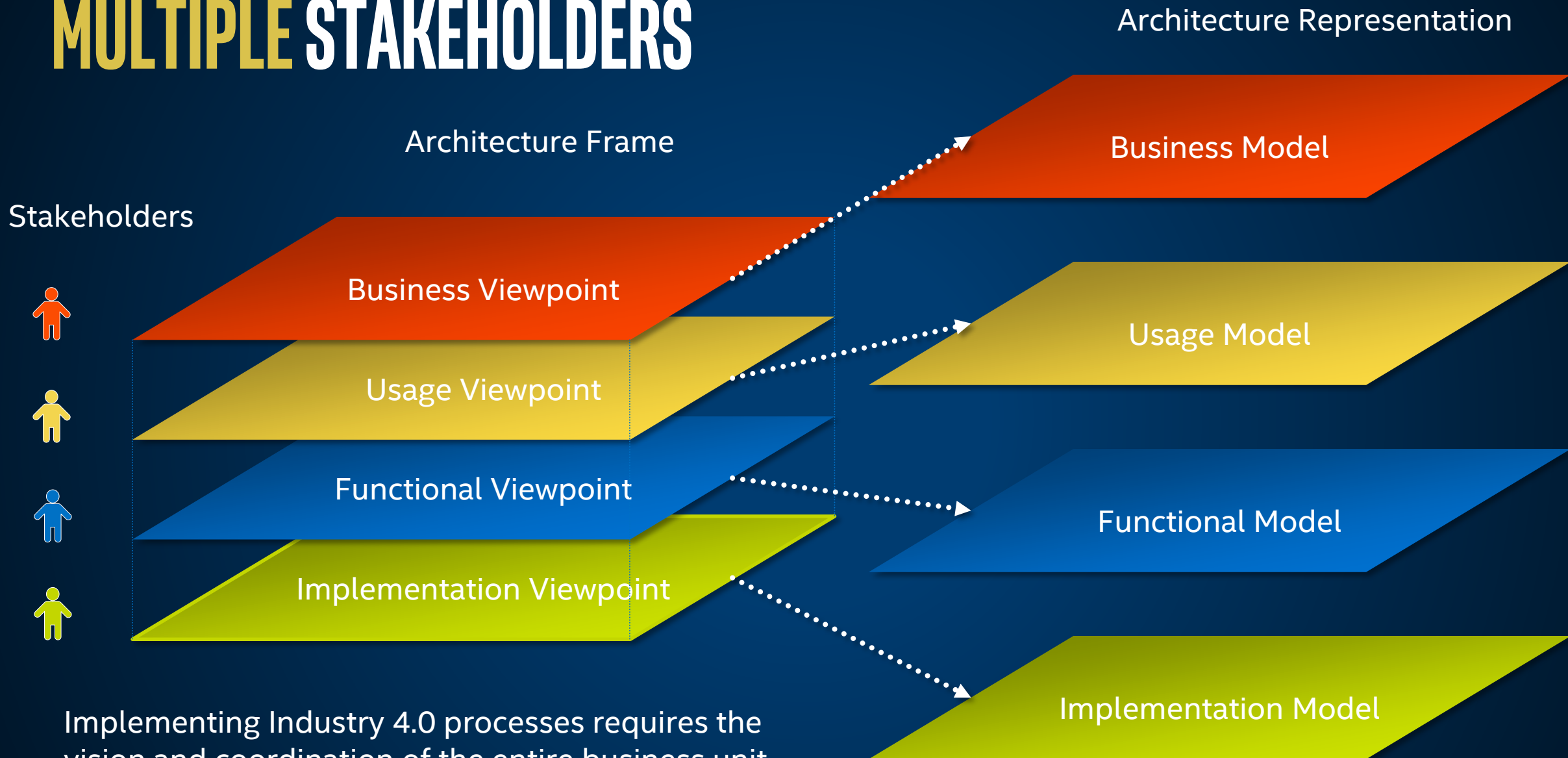
ADDRESSING ENVIRONMENT COMPLEXITY

“ The IIoT landscape is replete with proprietary connectivity technologies and specialized connectivity standards optimized for a narrow set of domain-specific use cases in vertically integrated systems. These domain-specific connectivity technologies, though optimal in their respective domains, can be a hindrance to the sharing of data, designs, architectures, and communications essential to creating new value streams and unlocking the potential of a global IIoT marketplace. The overarching goal of IIoT connectivity is to unlock data in these isolated systems (“silos”) and enable data sharing and interoperability between previously closed components and subsystems (brownfield) and new applications (greenfield), within and across industries. ”

INDUSTRIAL INTERNET REFERENCE ARCHITECTURE

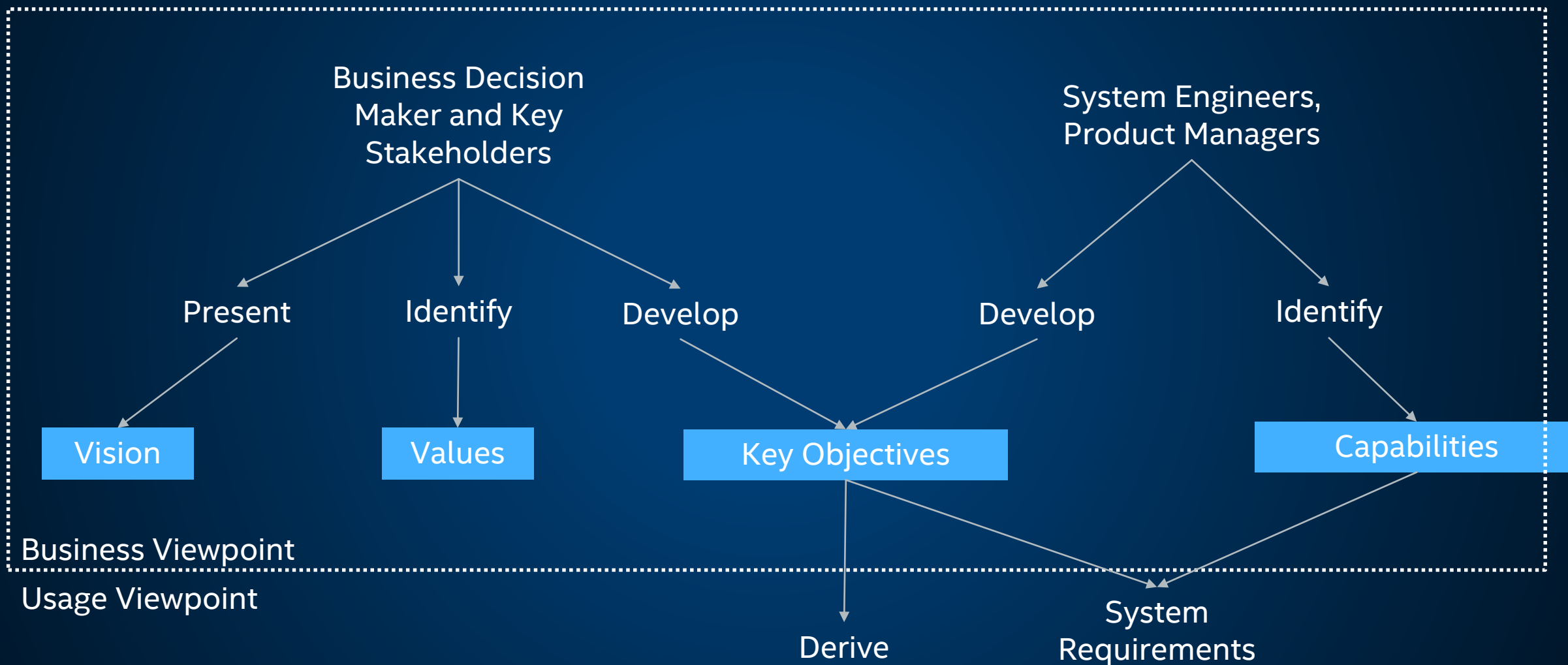


MULTIPLE STAKEHOLDERS



Implementing Industry 4.0 processes requires the vision and coordination of the entire business unit.

BUSINESS AND USAGE VIEWPOINTS



FUNCTIONAL VIEWPOINT

THE CONTROL DOMAIN

the collection of functions that are performed by industrial control systems.

THE OPERATIONS DOMAIN

the collection of functions responsible for the provisioning, management, monitoring and optimization.

THE INFORMATION DOMAIN

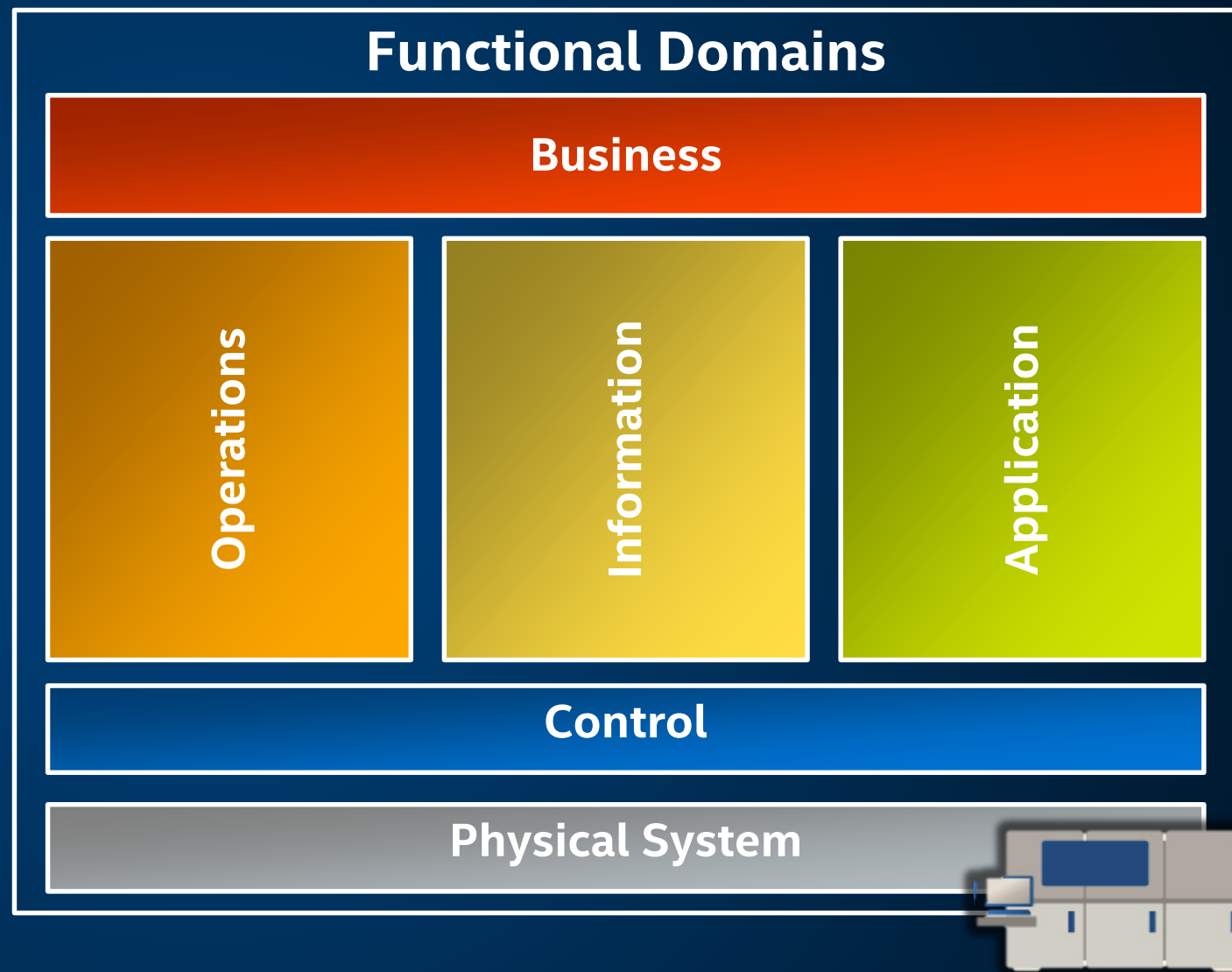
the collection of functions for gathering data and transforming, persisting, modeling or analyzing that data to acquire high-level intelligence about the overall system.

THE APPLICATION DOMAIN

the collection of functions implementing application logic that realizes business functionalities.

THE BUSINESS DOMAIN

enable end-to-end operations of the industrial internet of things systems



CONTROL DOMAIN

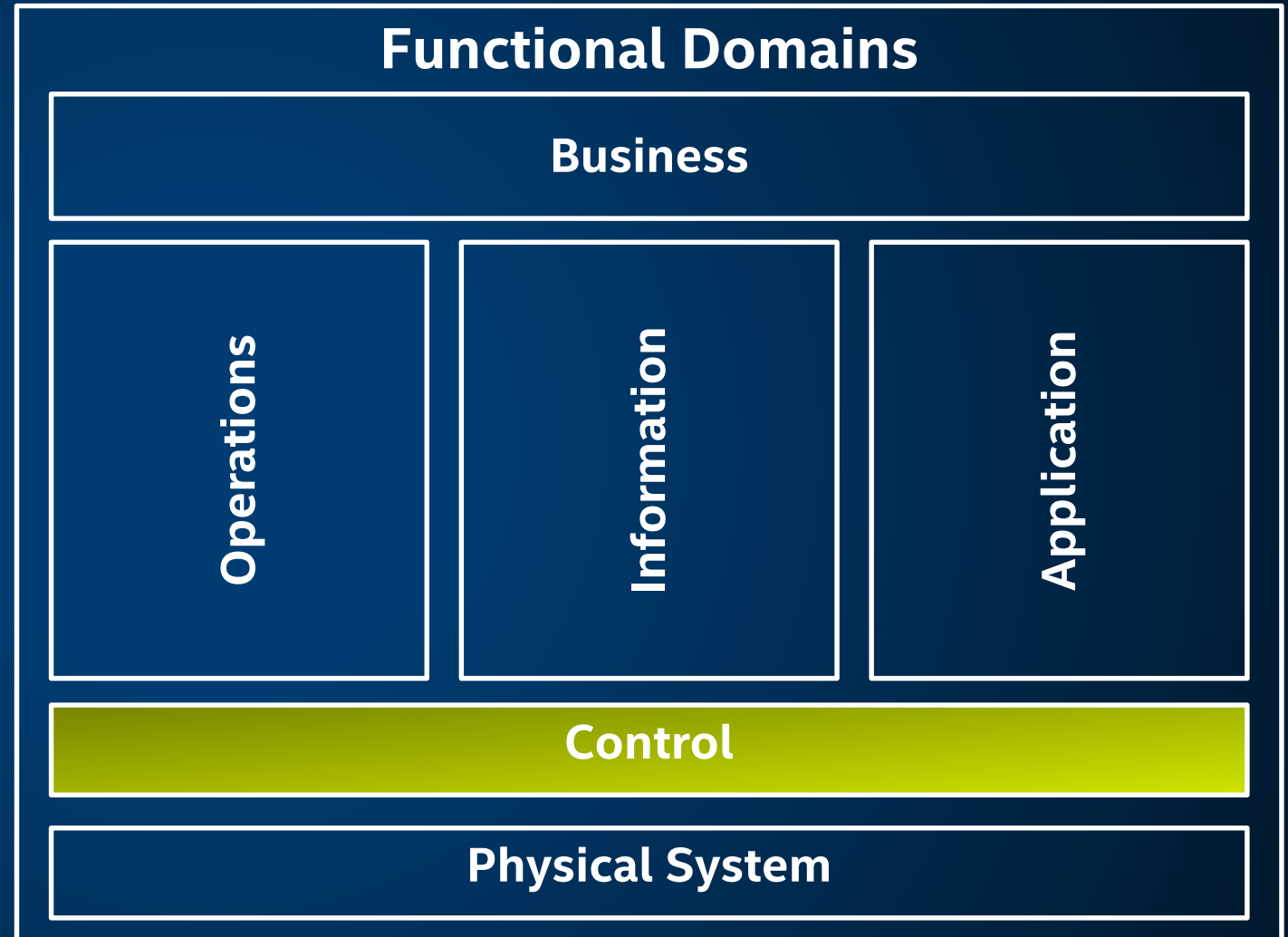
FUNCTIONAL VIEWPOINT

The collection of functions that are performed by Control Domain

- Sensing
- Actuating
- Entity Abstraction
- Modeling

IMPLEMENTATION VIEWPOINT

3. Physical Sensors and Actuators
4. Communications and Protocols



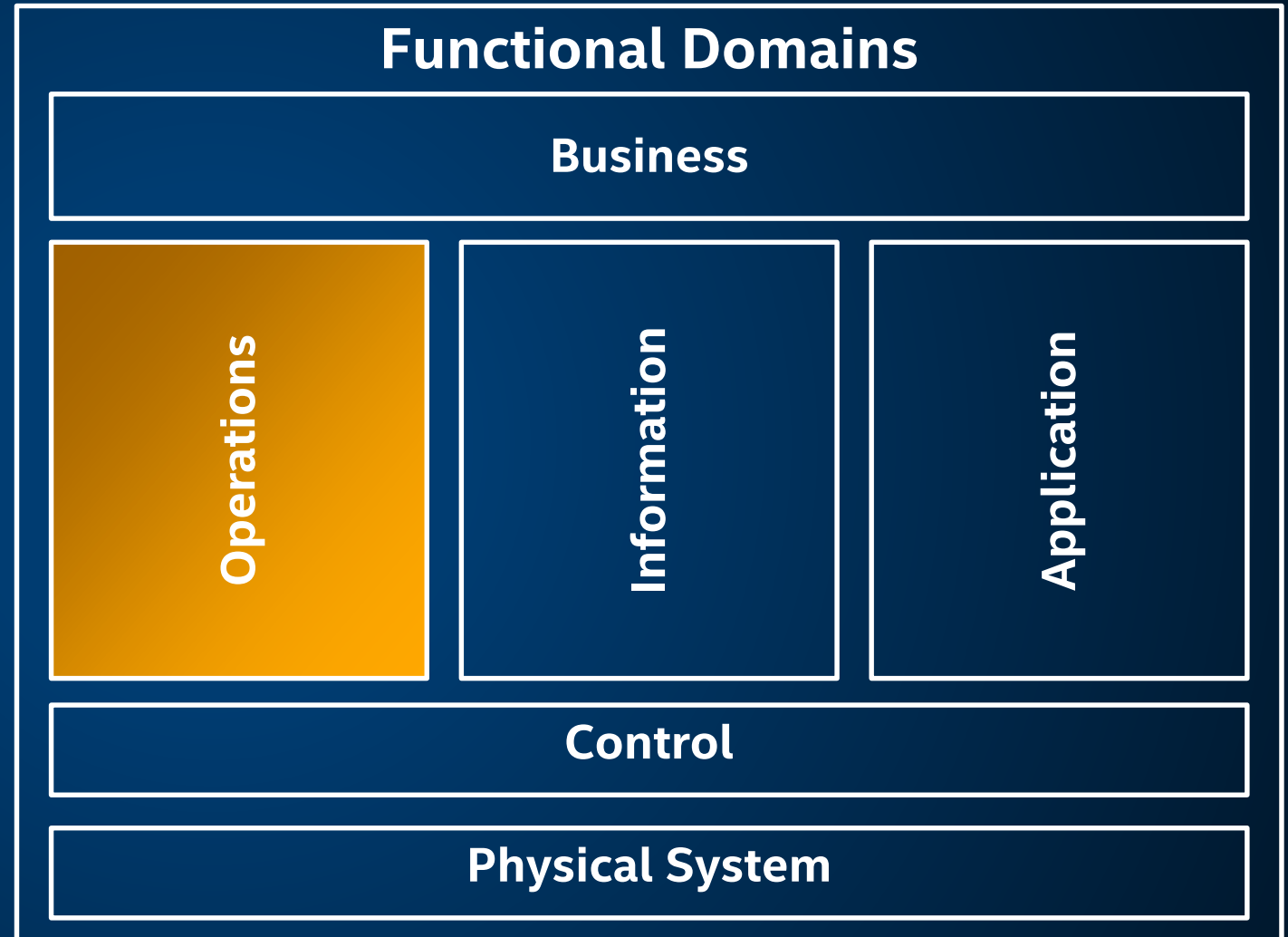
OPERATIONS DOMAIN

FUNCTIONAL VIEWPOINT

The operations domain represents the collection of functions responsible for the provisioning, management, monitoring and optimization of the systems in the control domain

IMPLEMENTATION VIEWPOINT

- 5. Virtualization and Consolidation
- 6. Security and IIoT



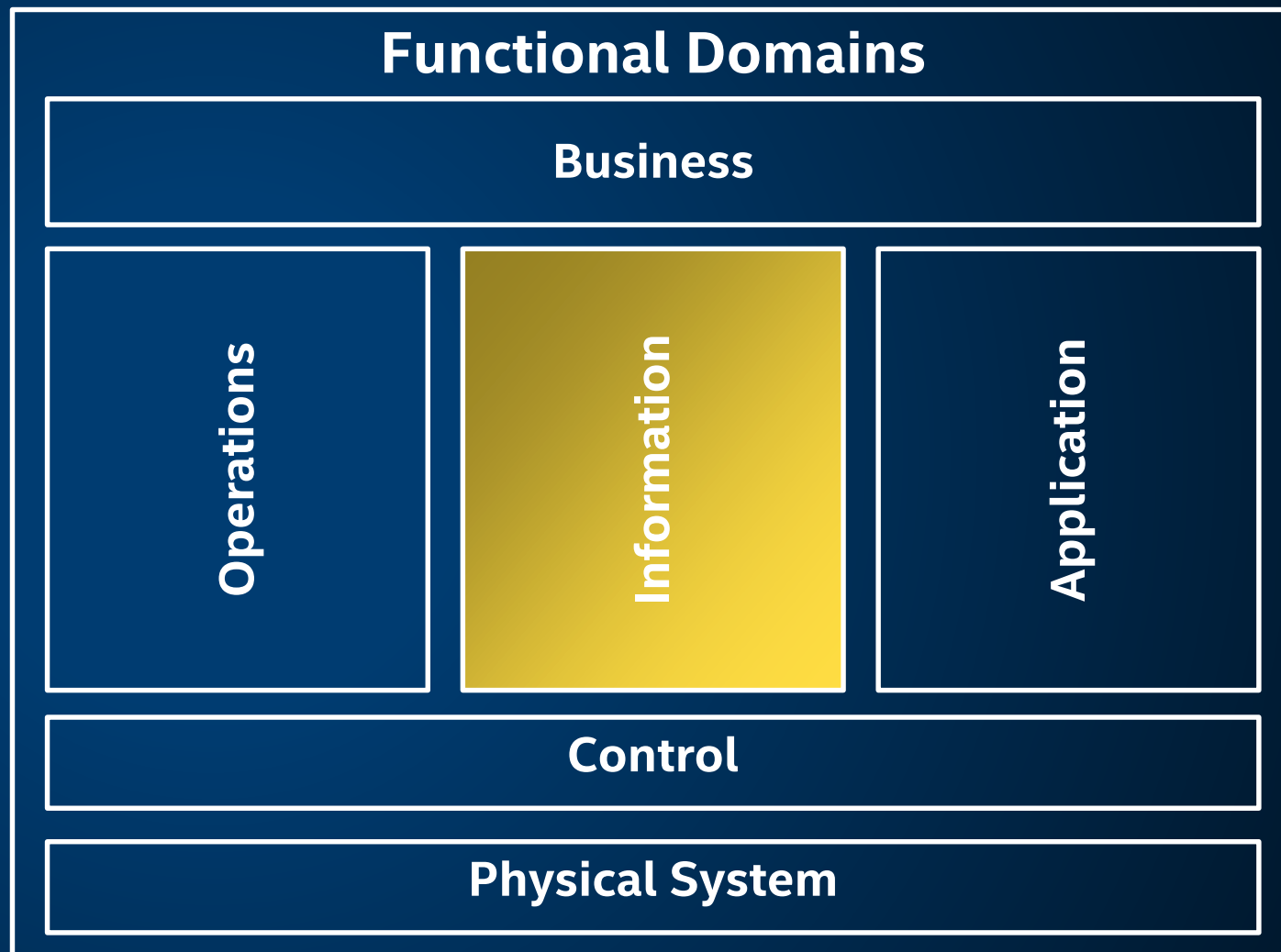
INFORMATION DOMAIN

FUNCTIONAL VIEWPOINT

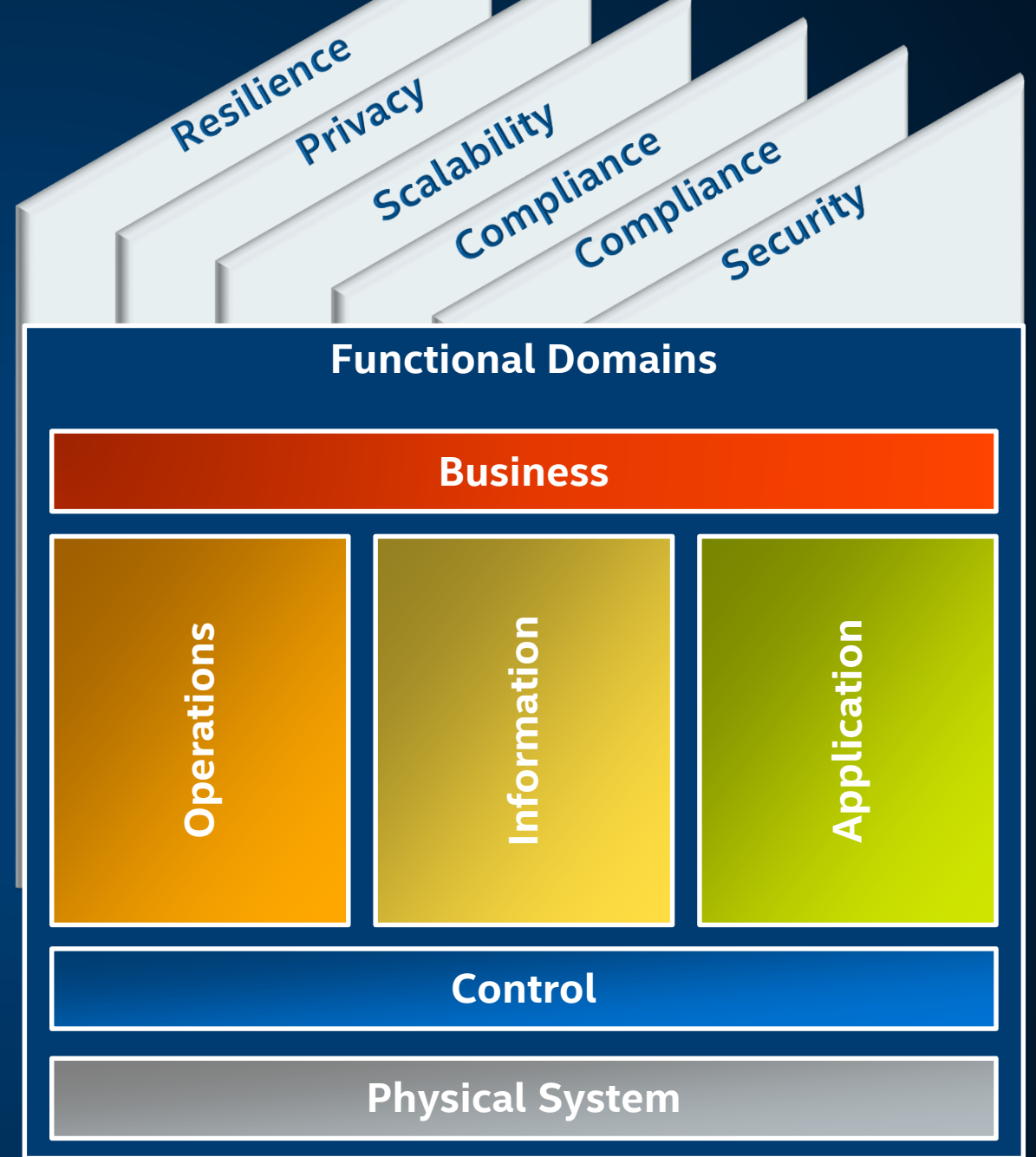
The collection of functions for gathering data and transforming, persisting, modeling or analyzing that data to acquire high-level intelligence about the overall system.

IMPLEMENTATION VIEWPOINT

- 7. Automated Control Systems
- 8. Smart Video Systems



CROSSCUTTING FUNCTIONS AND SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS



APPLICATION DOMAIN



**MANUFACTURING
ANALYTICS**



**PRODUCTION
PERFORMANCE**



**PROCESS
QUALITY**



**PREDICTIVE
MAINTENANCE**



DATA PROCESSING



PRODUCTION RULES



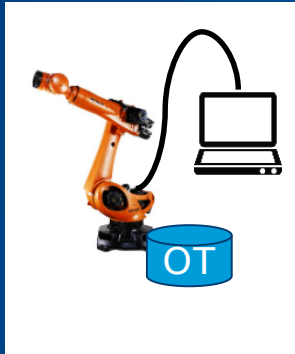
REMOTE SERVICES



SENSOR CLOUD

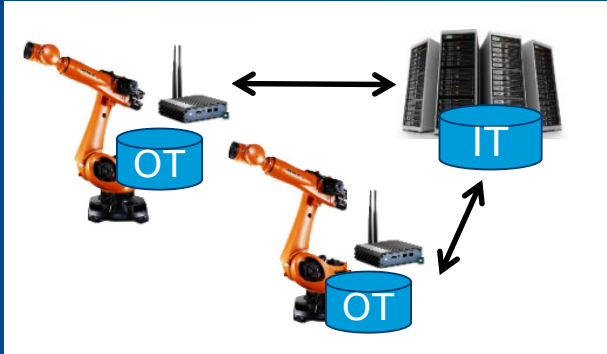
AN EVOLUTION TOWARD SMART FACTORY

NOT
CONNECTED



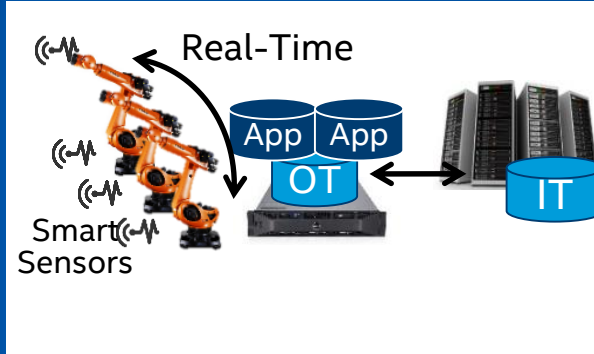
Fixed function

CONNECT THE UNCONNECTED



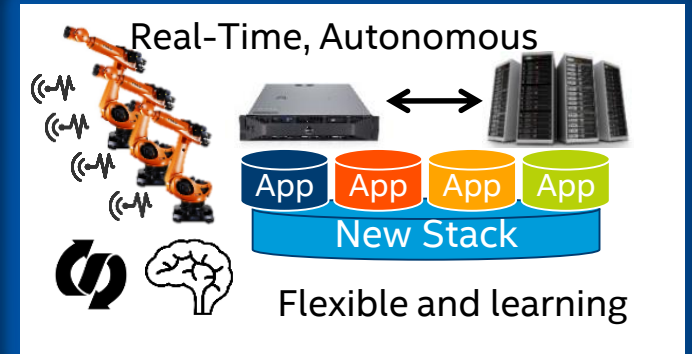
First IoT adoption

SMART AND CONNECTED THINGS



Machines & sensors built to be intelligent and interconnected

SOFTWARE-DEFINED AND AUTONOMOUS



New merged control stack is optimized for machine apps

LEARNING LOOP

- Predictive maintenance
- Machine learning
- Increased efficiencies

CONTROL LOOP

- Reduced OPEX
- Increased use of assets
- **Synchronized real-time control**

AUTONOMOUS LOOP

- Flexible function
- Down the wire updates
- Reconfigurable production

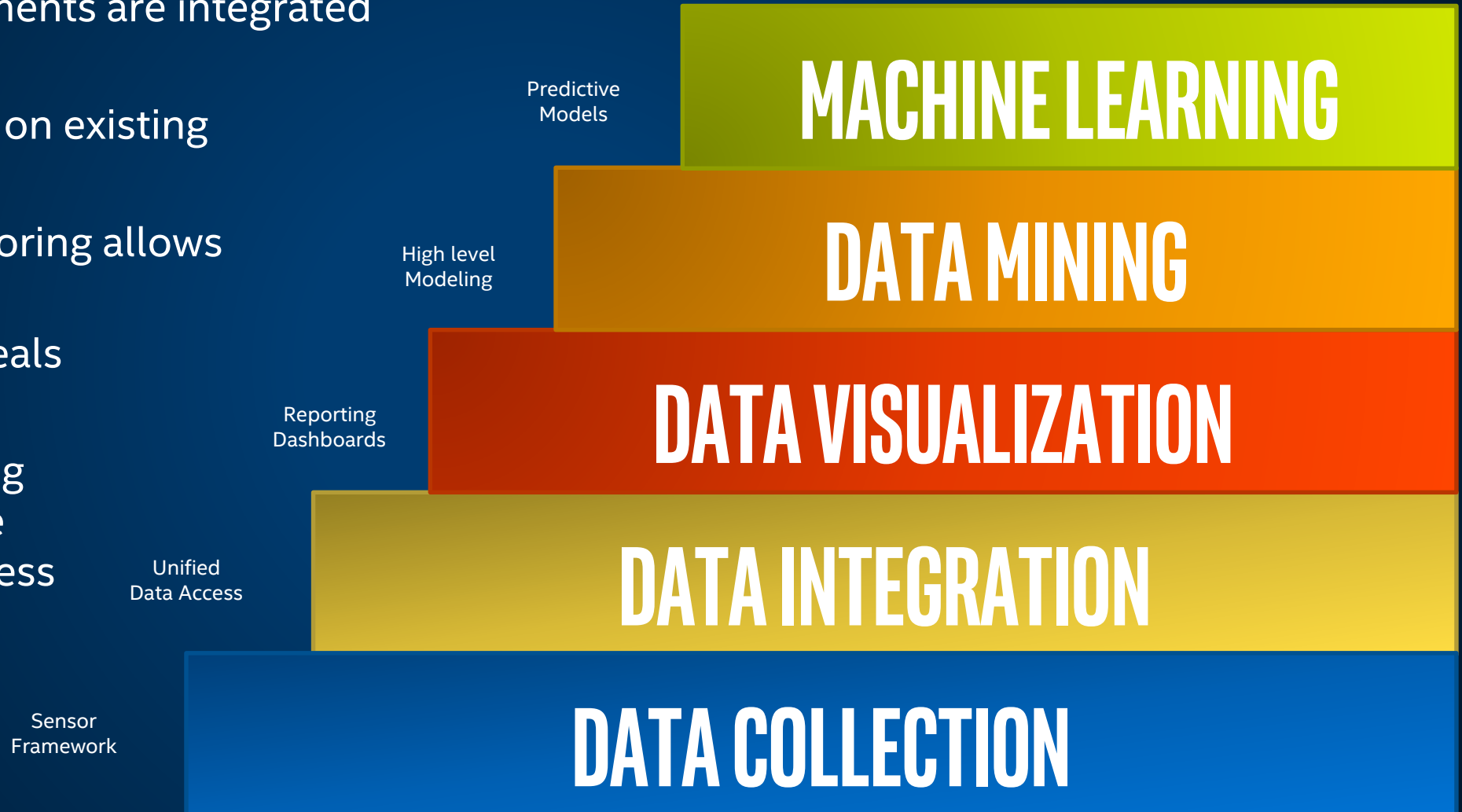
INCREASING AUTONOMY

COMPUTE POWER

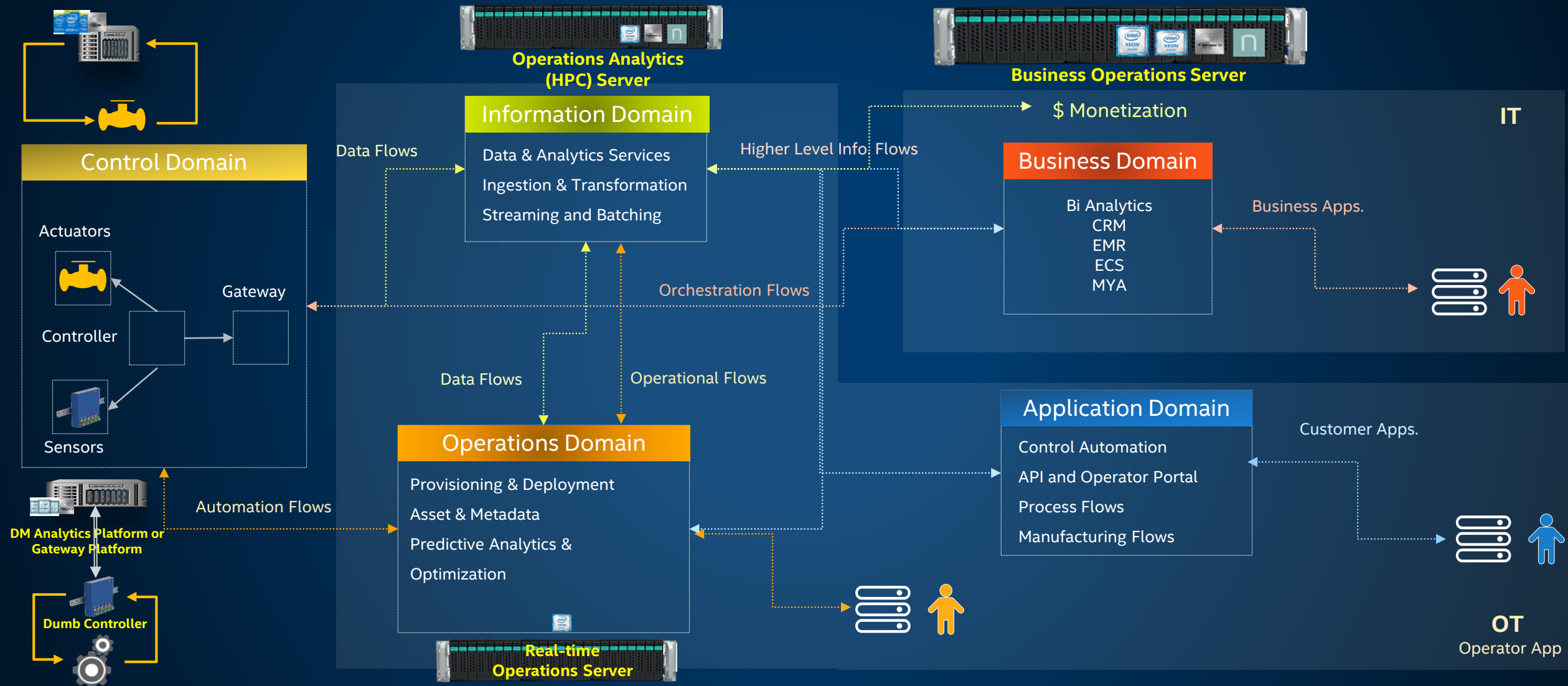


INTELLIGENTLY USE EXISTING PRODUCTION DATA

- Existing deployments are integrated with sensors
- Data sheds light on existing processes
- Real-time monitoring allows optimization
- Data mining reveals new patterns
- Machine Learning builds predictive models of business processes



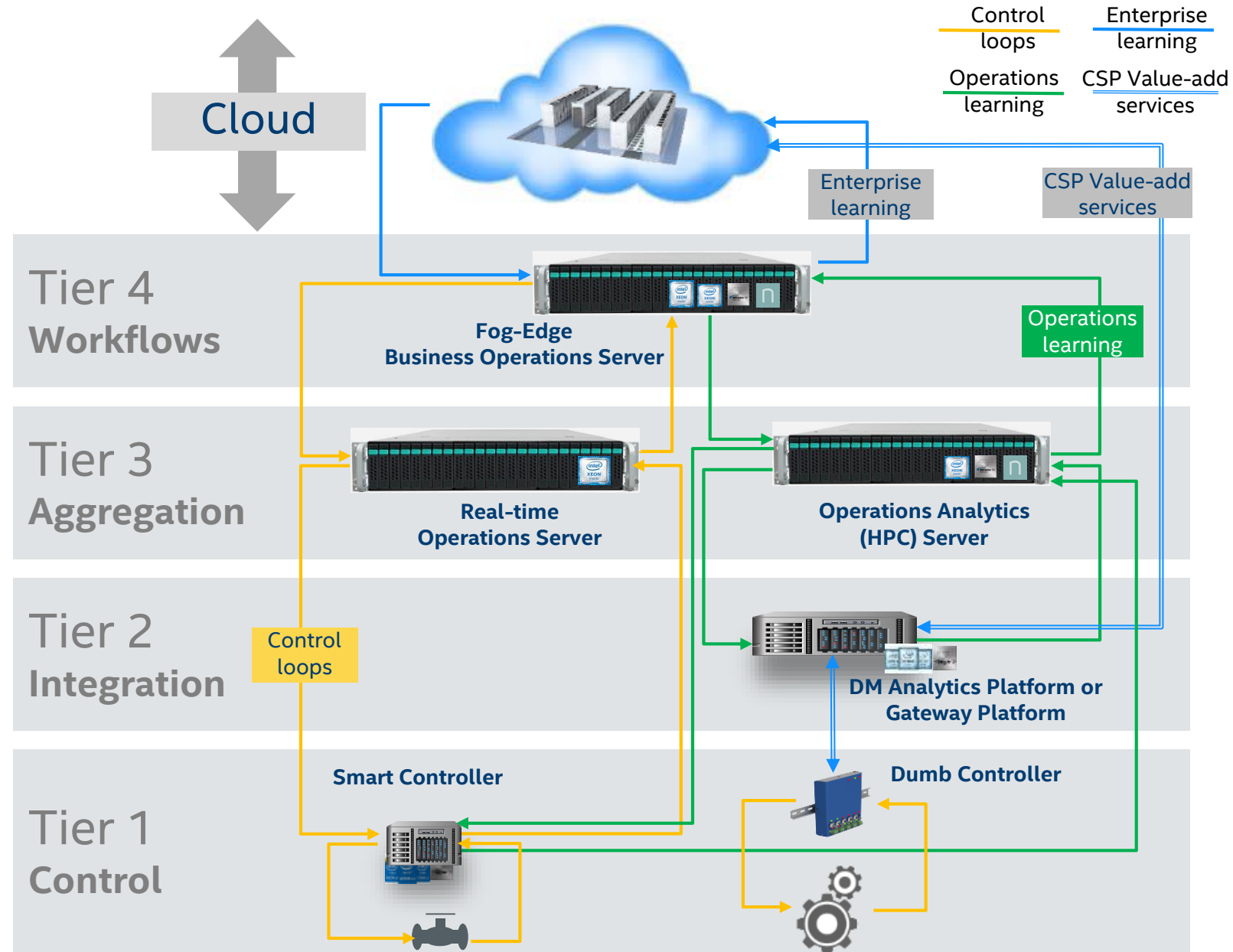
FUNCTIONAL DOMAINS & COMPUTATIONAL DEPLOYMENT PATTERNS EDGE



MULTI-TIER OT-IT STRUCTURE

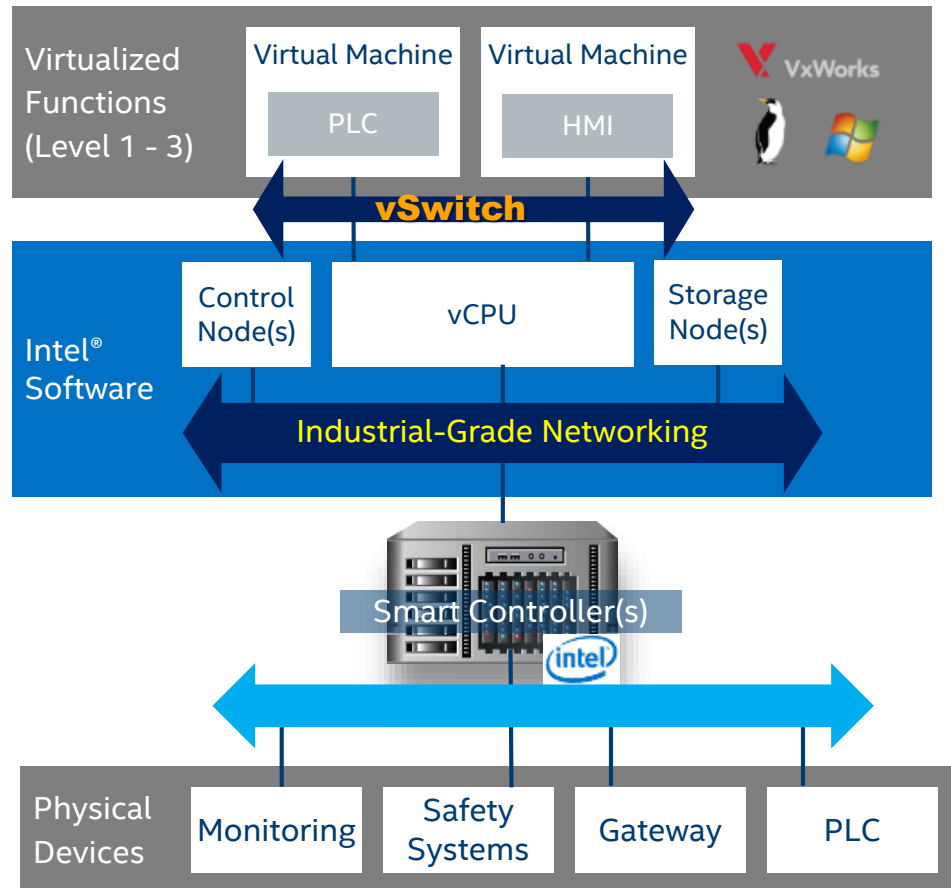
- ❑ Multi-tier OT-IT structure: converges ISA-95 model with traditional IT computing & networking distribution model
- ❑ Enables modularity and portability of services to support current & emerging use cases

Fog-Edge
concept

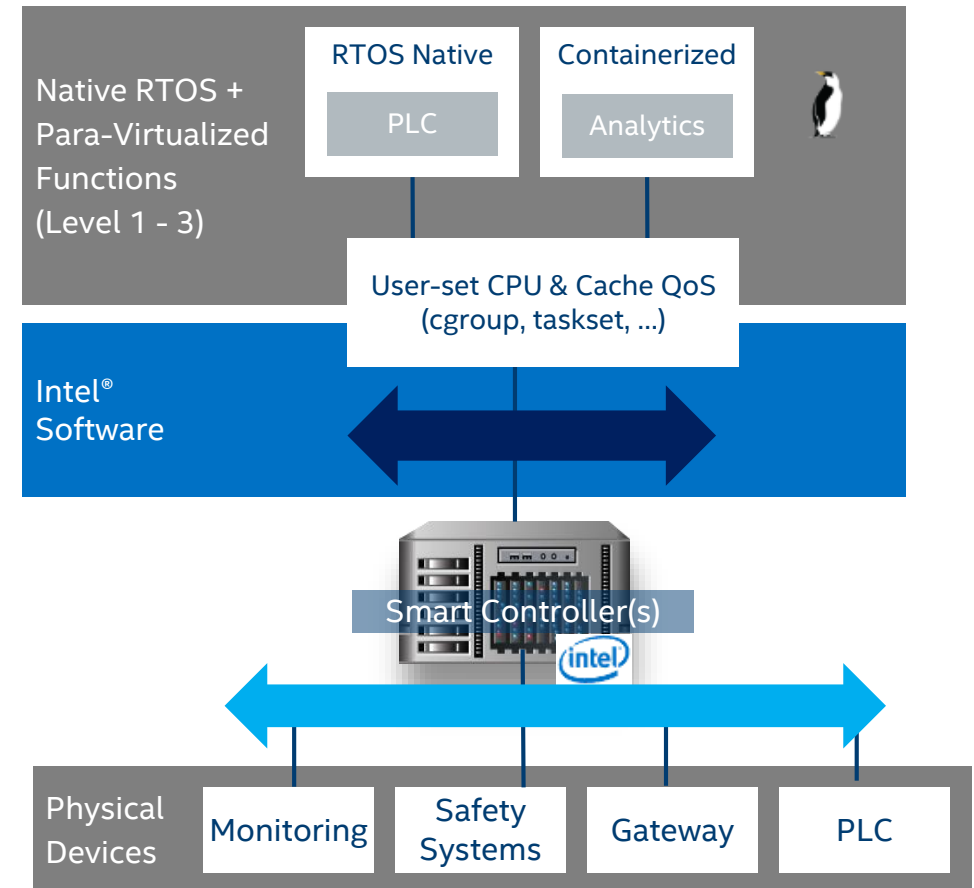


GENERALIZE PLATFORM FOR INDUSTRIAL CONTROL APPLICATIONS

SDIS for Industrial Control using *Smart-Controller* nodes

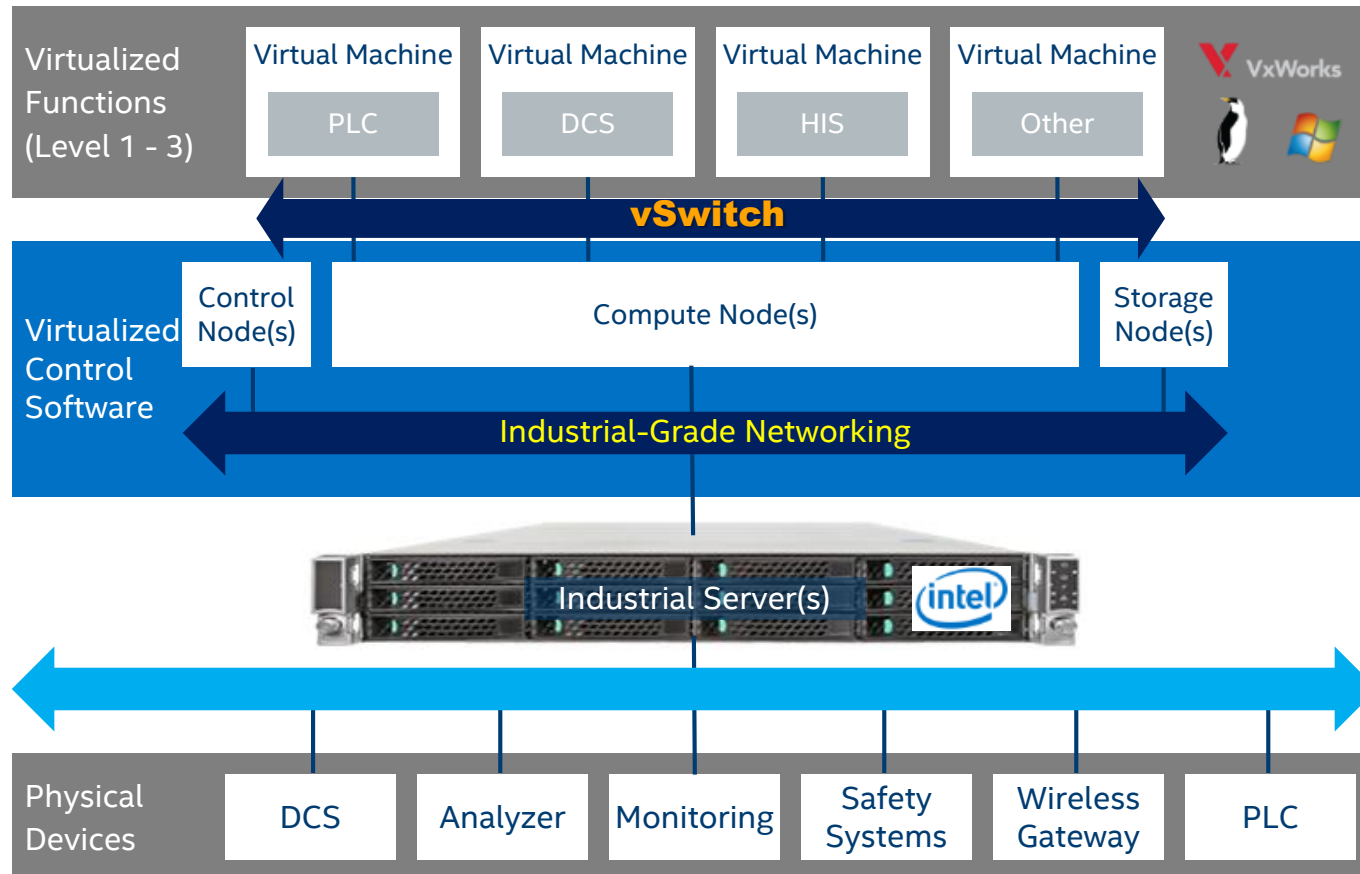


OR



GENERALIZE PLATFORM FOR INDUSTRIAL CONTROL APPLICATIONS

SDIS for Industrial Control using *Real-time Operation Server* node



- **Secure infrastructure** that runs virtualized control functions with maximum reliability
 - Dynamic scalability from one server to hundreds
 - Integrated compute, control and storage functions
 - Six nines (99.9999%) uptime
 - Fault-tolerant to multiple hardware and software faults with no single point of failure
 - Simplified installation, commissioning and maintenance
 - Remote monitoring, diagnostics and updates
 - Supports time critical industrial applications
 - Supports standard guest operating systems
 - Runs on standard IT-class servers
 - Professional Services to accelerate deployment

PROBLEMATIC OF INDUSTRY 4.0 MULTI-TIER TRANSFORMATION

- Global Industrial player are converging OT structure to traditional IT computing & networking distribution model.

! OT/IT boundaries are not clear, as ownership and Roles & Responsibility heavily depends on OT products legacy

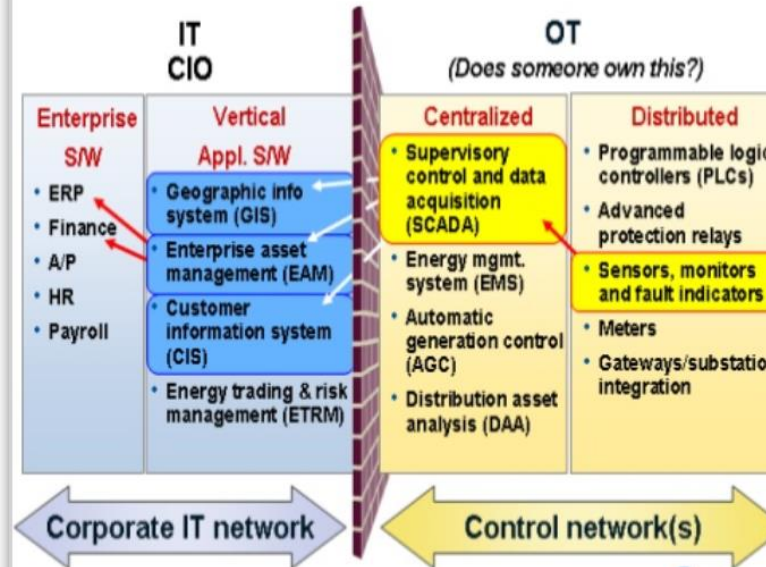
- IEEE 802.3 Ethernet networks interoperability with existing OT Systems is a strong vector for Growth.

! Lack of an open network stack allowing OT/IT convergence as well as interoperability between devices of various vendors.

- SDIS (e.g. OT SaaS) concept provides a very attractive vision for OT scalability.

! OT product migration from Native SW micro-service (Hypervized/VMs or Container) require investment in software engineering

OT & IT ISSUES



Issues	Literature
IT versus Engineering	Steenstrup 2008; Barber, 2012; Schneider, 2006; Kern, 2009
Drivers forcing convergence	Steenstrup, 2008-2012; Romero, 2011; Wiese 2004; fyschwick, 1996
Many frameworks, standards, principles	Steenstrup 2012, IBM, Parekh 2007, Hillard, 2010, Thomas, 2009)
Successful EAM requires integration	Too, 2010; Sklar, 2004; Mays Business School, 2011; Humffray, 2003
When converge, integrate, align	Lack of academic literature

Ref. Cooperative Research Center for Infrastructure and Engineering Asset Management



