

## אלגברה ב' - גליונות תרגילים 3, 4

♣ גליון 3: [HK] סעיף 8.2, תרגילים 4, 6, 7, 9.

תאריך הגשה: 30.03.2000 עד השעה 12 : 00.

♣ גליון 4: [HK] תרגילים 8.2.13, 8.3.1, 8.3.11, [BK], עמוד 216 תרגיל מספר 1. בנוסף, הגישו פתרונות לתרגילים הבאים מ-Herstein:

♣ [H] 2.5.14: If  $H$  is a subgroup of  $G$ , then by the centralizer  $C_G(H)$  of  $H$  in  $G$  is the set -

$$\{x \in G \mid xh = hx \text{ for all } h \in H\}.$$

Prove that  $C_G(H)$  is a subgroup of  $G$ .

♣ [H] 2.5.15: The center  $Z(G)$  of a group  $G$  is defined by

$$Z(G) = \{x \in G \mid xg = gx \text{ for all } g \in G\}.$$

Prove that  $Z(G)$  is a subgroup of  $G$ . Can you recognize  $Z(G)$  as  $C_G(T)$  for some suitable subgroup  $T < G$ ?

♣ [H] 2.5.37: If in a group  $G$ ,  $a^5 = e$ ,  $aba^{-1} = b^2$  for some  $a, b \in G$ , find  $o(b)$ .

♣ [H] 2.5.38: Let  $G$  be a finite abelian group in which the number of distinct solutions of the equation  $x^n = e$  is at most  $n$  for every positive integer  $n$ . Prove that  $G$  is a cyclic group. (Hint: count the elements in the sets  $U_n = \{x \in G \mid x^n = e\}$  and  $V_n = \{x \in G \mid o(x) = n\}$ )

תאריך הגשה לגליון 4: 6.04.2000 עד השעה 12 : 00.

תרגיל מומלץ (לא להגשה):

♣ [H] 2.5.24: Let  $G$  be a finite group whose order is not divisible by 3. Show, that if  $(ab)^3 = a^3b^3$  for all  $a, b \in G$  then  $G$  is abelian. (Hint: recall that  $(ab)^2 = a^2b^2$  implies  $ab = ba$ ; use this to find a necessary and sufficient condition for the given group to be abelian)