

Juggling Internal & External APIs with Iguana Exercise

For IUC2019

September 19th, 2019

Purpose

This document describes the exercise accompanying the *Juggling Internal & External APIs with Iguana* presentation at IUC2019.

Included is [a GitHub repository](#) that will contain two channels, *Exercise2: API Client* and *Exercise2: API Server*, that can be imported into any Iguana instance (see [Add/Configure Repositories](#) and [Import Channels](#)).

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact us at support@interfaceware.com and CC paul.le@interfaceware.com in the email.

API Server


The *Exercise2: API Server* channel provides an example of an API server generated from an API created in the [API Designer](#). For more detailed information on how to use the API Designer, please refer to [the documentation for the API Designer](#).

Generating an API Token

1. Once the *Exercise2: API Server* channel has been imported, start the channel and navigate to the URL path for that channel:

Channel: API Server

CHANNEL

 SOURCE

FILTER

DESTINATION

Source

From HTTPS

Use translator

Yes

URL path

<http://localhost:6547/iuc/>



Thread count

1

Commit

e334bf1931f3c3fe8f019ecb701a4fba2b8c88d8 - Move database to local

Will use the selected commit on channel start.

 The translator project has uncommitted changes. 

Script

[Edit Script...](#)

2. Enter in the credentials for an Iguana user:

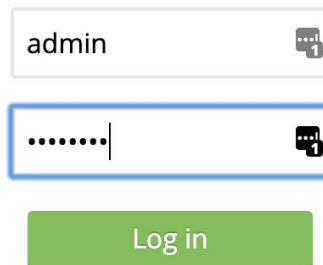
IUC2019 Topic 2

This is the endpoint for the **IUC2019 Topic 2** API.

API server for the audience exercise for topic 2.

You can [view the complete documentation in the Iguana API Designer](#).

If you would like to generate access tokens for this API, you must first log in using your **Iguana credentials**:



A login form with two input fields and a button. The first field contains the text 'admin'. The second field contains a series of dots followed by a cursor. Both fields have a small icon of a document with a number '1' in the bottom right corner. Below the fields is a green button with the text 'Log in'.

Log in

3. Click on *Generate Access Token*:

IUC2019 Topic 2

This is the endpoint for the IUC2019 Topic 2 API.

API server for the audience exercise for topic 2.

You can [view the complete documentation in the Iguana API Designer](#).

Generate Access Tokens



4. Enter a unique name for the access token, and click *Generate*:

IUC2019 Topic 2

Create access tokens below. To use the token, pass it in the Authorization Header of your HTTP requests to this API using the following format:

Authorization: Bearer <Access Token>

Generate

Access Token Name	Actions
sample	Show/Hide Remove
My Token	Show/Hide Remove

5. These access token can be used to make authenticated requests to the *Exercise2: API Server* channel:

Access Token Name	Actions
sample	Show/Hide Remove
My Token <div>PSGqXbUDozc/zkvnuF6h4XO7z4n</div>	Show/Hide Remove

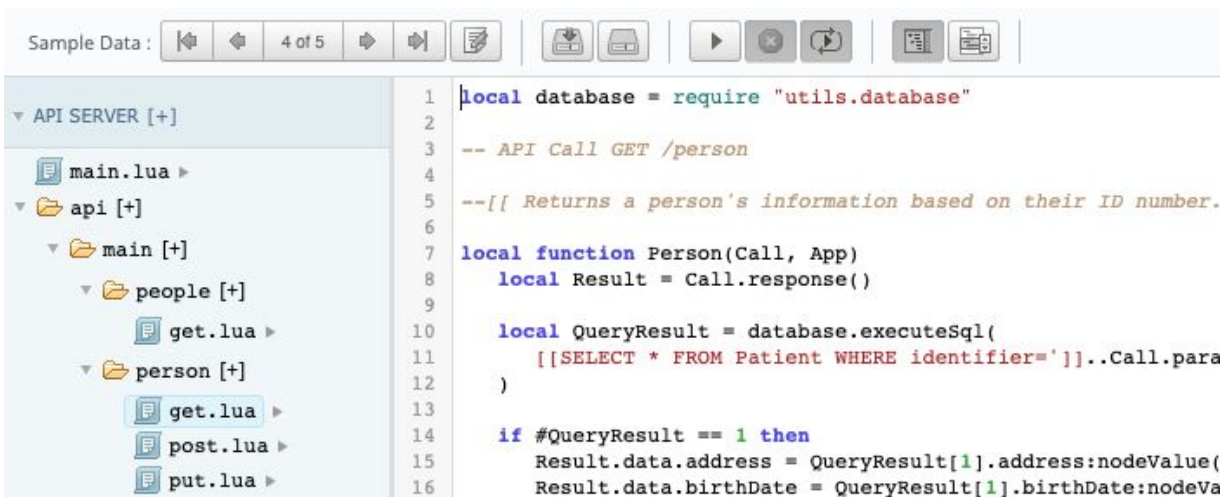
Looking at the API

Included is a JSON file called *IUC2019 API Server.grammar.json*. In order to view this API grammar on the API Designer, please follow the steps below:

1. Log into the [API designer](#)
2. Go to My APIs
3. Click the + *Import API* link at the bottom of the left pane, and import the grammar file
4. Name the imported API as "*IUC2019 API Server*"
5. [View the Resources](#)
6. [View the Interactions](#)

Looking at the Code

Once the *Exercise2: API Client* channel has been imported from the included repository, navigate to the Translator script of the *From HTTPS* component. The *api/main* directory will contain Lua modules that correspond to the API endpoints defined in the API Designer for *IUC2019 API Server*:



```
1 local database = require "utils.database"
2
3 -- API Call GET /person
4
5 --[[ Returns a person's information based on their ID number.
6
7 local function Person(Call, App)
8     local Result = Call.response()
9
10    local QueryResult = database.executeSql(
11        [[SELECT * FROM Patient WHERE identifier=']]..Call.params
12    )
13
14    if #QueryResult == 1 then
15        Result.data.address = QueryResult[1].address:nodeValue()
16        Result.data.birthDate = QueryResult[1].birthDate:nodeValue()
```

API Client

The *Exercise2: API Client* channel walks through the following examples of how to handle API authentication with Iguana:

1. HTTP Basic Authentication
2. API Keys

Looking at the Code

Once the *Exercise2: API Client* channel has been imported, navigate to the Translator script of the *From Translator* component. The *main.lua* module will contain Lua script demonstrating examples of the API authentication methods mentioned above.

Ensure that the *Exercise2: API Server* channel has been imported as well from [the GitHub repository](#), and that there is an access key available (see *Generating an API Token* above). In the channel code, add the access key to the *BearerAccessToken* variable and ensure the URL is pointing to the correct *Exercise2: API Server* channel URL:

```
-----  
-- Exercise 1 -----  
-- Use the generated API token to make an authenticated request -----  
-----  
  
-- Add in API token  
local BearerAccessToken = "+LxuXTkAllkY0h55MRi3tnkOQcWjmn4Ykp6x8e1v1w="
```

-- Ensure the Url is correct

```
local Url = "http://localhost:6547/iuc/"
```

-- Add in the following HTTP request parameter:

```
local limit = 10  
local response = net.http.get(  
    url=Url.."people",  
    headers={["Authorization"] = "Bearer " .. BearerAccessToken},  
    parameters={["Limit"] = limit},  
    live=true  
)
```