Interlisp-D Opcodes

UFNs—Handling undefined op-codes

When the microcode (or C emulator) doesn't handle an opcode, it "punts" to the UFN for that opcode: a Lisp function that does what the opcode should do.

To find out what function to call, the microcode looks at a 256-cell block of storage called the "UFN table" (pointed to in Lisp by \UFNTable). The UFN table contains, for each opcode

```
(FNINDEX WORD) Atom number (really "definition index") of the function to be called.

(NEXTRA BYTE) # of extra bytes to be pushed as argument to the UFN (either 0, 1, or 2).

(NARGS BYTE) # of arguments to call the UFN function with.
```

The Op-code descriptions

In multibyte opcodes (len-1>0), alpha is byte 1, beta is byte 2, and gamma is byte 3. TOS refers to the argument on the top of the stack; TOS-1 is arg one back, etc. @[x] is the contents of the word pointed to by x.

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
0	- X -			

used only to denote end of function, never executed.

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
1	CAR	0	0	\CAR.UFN

If arg not LISTP
If NIL, return NIL else call UFN

If cdr code=0, follow indirect pointer. Take value of car field & return it. (Cons cells are 32 bits: first 8 are cdrcode, rest are "carfield")

[required by diagnostics (except car[NIL]); implemented in all ucodes]

len-1 stk level effect **UFN table entry** CDR \CDR.UFN

If arg not LISTP if NIL, return NIL else call UFN

if cdrcode=0, follow indirect pointer if cdrcode=200q, return NIL

elseif cdr code gt 200Q, CDR is on same page as cell, in cell page+2*(cdrcode-200Q)
else CDR is contained in cell at PAGE+2*(cdrcode).

(Cons cells are 32 bits: first 8 are cdrcode, rest are "carfield")

[required by diagnostics (except cdr[NIL]); implemented in all ucodes]

UFN table entry

Return arg if LISTP (NTYPX=LISTPType), else NIL

[required by diagnostics; implemented in all ucodes]

stk level effect **UFN** table entry len-1

Return type number of arg (right half of word at MDSTypeTable + [tos rsh 9])

[required by diagnostics; implemented in all ucodes]

stk level effect UFN table entry TYPEP TYPEP.UFN

return arg if type=alpha byte, else NIL

[required by diagnostics; implemented in all ucodes; similar to LISTP]

len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry DTEST \DTEST.UFN

return arg if typename=(alpha,beta), else call UFN or atom number 372 (\DTESTFAIL) with tos and (alpha,beta). (typename is word 0 of type's DTD; DTD is DTDBase+ (type# 1sh 4))

[required by diagnostics; implemented in all ucodes]

stk level effect **UFN** table entry len-1 CDDR CDDR

TAKE CDR Twice [not currently used or implemented or emitted.]}

REPLACED BY :

UNWIND \UNWIND.UFN

(N is the alpha byte, KEEP is the beta byte) Unwinds the dynamic stack of the current frame to absolute stack depth N, performing any unbinding indicated by bind marks found along the way. If KEEP is 0, the original top of stack is discarded, otherwise it is pushed after unwinding everything else. This opcode is essentially the same as UNBIND or DUNBIND, except that you stop when the stack depth is N, rather than stopping as soon as you have processed the first bind mark.

The stack depth N is measured in cells (doublewords) starting at the base of the pvar region. N=0 means the stack is utterly empty (including the pvar region; i.e., the end of stack pointer (pointer to next stack block) would be the same as PV). Of course, N=0 cannot be used at all in the present architecture, since there is always at least a quadword pad between the frame header and the start of the dynamic stack. If we get rid of that quadword, then N=0 could have meaning in a frame that had an empty pvar region, though that is not true of any closure target, the current sole user of this opcode.

Note that taking the stack depth as alpha byte means this opcode cannot unwind to any deeper than depth 255. For sake of reference, the largest pvar region in Full.sysout is for the function \CURVE, whose pvar region is 92 cells long (59 locals and 32 fvars), which means it could still achieve a dynamic depth of an additional 173 cells before UNWIND would care (it actually never exceeds a depth of 30).

```
{let SP be the stack pointer; i.e., TOS = @SP}
TOP _ loc[pvar0]-2 + 2*N
if KEEP neq 0
    then TEMP _ TOS
until (SP _ SP - 2) = TOP
    do if @SP is bind mark
        then perform its unbinding
if KEEP neq 0
    then push TEMP
```

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
10	FN0	2	1	
11	FN1	2	0	
12	FN2	2	-1	
13	FN3	2	-2	
14	FN4	2	-3	

call fn (alpha,beta) with N args [required]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
15	FNX	3	FNX	

call fn (beta,gamma) with alpha args [required]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
16	APPLYFN	0	-1	

call fn (tos) with (tos-1) args after popping tos & tos-1 [required. Right now, it goes to \INTERPRETER if TOS isn't a litatom. May add requirement that will work with code blocks.]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
17	CHECKAPPLY*	0	0	\CHECKAPPLY*

If TOS is a literal atom whose definition cell has CCODEP on and ARGTYPE=0 or 2, return it, otherwise call UFN. Note that CHECKAPPLY* is always immediately followed by an APPLYFn. If it would save some time, you might be able to immediately jump to the APPLYFN code. (note: definition cell: bit 0 is CCODEP, bit 1 is "fast" {this fn has empty nametable}, bits 2-3 are ARGTYPE)

[not required; implemented on Dorado]

	#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
	20	RETURN	0	0	\HARDRETURN
do	s	rn except when: low bit in return and	ner is o	n	
		returnee usecomer	unt not	0	

```
returners BF usecount is not 0 or returnee not immediately followed by a free block or the basic frame of the returner.
```

In any of those conditions, call UFN or context switch to hardreturn context (which?). [required]

 #	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
21	BIND	2		

push binding mark, bind variables, popping values of stack. [required] alpha byte is [#NILS <<4 + #BINDS].

beta byte is [FirstPVAR], which is 1-origin (i.e., 0 is PVAR1?? it looks like --JDS)

BIND takes #BINDS values off the top of stack and binds FirstPVAR and successive PVARs to those values. It then sets the #NILS PVARs beyond that to NIL.

Finally, a "binding mark" is pushed on the top of the stack:

Binding marks are identified on the stack because they're negative: The high bit is guaranteed to be 1.

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
22	UNBIND	0		

remember tos, pop until binding mark, unbind variables, push old tos [required]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
23	DUNBIND	0	(DUNBIND)	

pop until binding mark, unbind variables [required]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
24	RPLPTR.N	1	-1	\RPLPTR.UFN

deleteref value at @(tos-1)+alpha.

addref (tos)

store (TOS) at @(tos-1)+alpha [leave high byte of destination intact]

pop (return (TOS-1)).

If reference count failure, call GCTABLESCAN (atom ????) on punt [not required; in Dorado, 12K]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
25	GCREF	1	0	\HTFIND

perform ref count operation on TOS according to alpha byte:

- 0 addref (add 1 to reference count)
- 1 delref (subtract 1 from reference count)
- 2 stkref (turn on "stack reference" bit)

If DELREF causes new refent to go to 0 & stk bit off, return arg, else always return NIL. On reference count failure, call UFN (no GCTABLESCAN). [not required; in D0, Dorado]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
26	ASSOC	0	-1	ASSOC

if TOS=NIL, return NIL.
if TOS not LISTP, call UFN
if (CAR TOS) not LISTP, call UFN
if TOS-1 = (CAAR TOS), return (CAR TOS)
set TOS_(CDR TOS), reiterate, checking for interrupts
[not required, in 12K]

name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry
27 GVAR 2 0 \SETGLOBALVAL.UFN

Do RPLPTR on VALSPACE+2*(alpha,beta) of TOS [not required; in Dorado, D0. May want to change to UFN if high bit of val cell is on]

 #
 name
 len-1
 stk level effect
 UFN table entry

 30
 RPLACA
 0
 -1
 RPLACA

if TOS-1 not LISTP, call UFN Fetch @[TOS-1]. if cdrcode=0, follow indirect Do RPLPTR with TOS pop (return (TOS-1)).

[not required; in Dorado, 12K]

 #
 name
 len-1
 stk level effect
 UFN table entry

 31
 RPLACD
 0
 -1
 RPLACD

if tos-1 not listp, call ufn

fetch @ tos-1

if cdrcode=0, follow indirect

if cdrcode<200Q

rplptr cell+2*cdrcode with tos

elseif TOS is NIL

if CDRCODE#200, deleteref cell+2*(cdrcode-200)

change cdrcode to 200

elseif TOS is on same page as cell

addref TOS

if cdrcode#200, deleteref cell+2*(cdrcode-200)

change cdrcode to 200+(cell# of TOS)

else (can call UFN on this case)

(this punts on cases where RPLACD must allocate space) [not required; in Dorado, 12K]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
32	CONS	0	-1	CONS

Cons pages start with two word header:

word 0: [cnt, nxtcell] (two 8-bit fields: count of available cells

on this page, and word# of next free cell

on this page)

word 1: nextpage (page# of next cons page)

DTDs (data type descriptors) have (ucode relevant fields in caps)

word 0: NAME
word 1: SIZE
words 2,3: FREE
words 4,5: descrs
words 6,7: tyspecs

words 10,11: POINTERS words 12,13: oldcnt

word 14: COUNTER

```
word 15:
                   NEXTPAGE
\CDR.NIL= 200q
LISTPDTD is the DTD for type LISTP, i.e., at DTDbase + (LLSH 5 4)
Subroutine MAKECONSCELL[page] (given page, return new cell from it):
      new cell is at page + page:nxtcell
      new CNT is old CNT - 1; punt if CNT was zero
      new NXTCELL is new cell's cdr code
Subroutine NEXTCONSPAGE:
      if LISTPDTD: NEXTPAGE # 0 then return it, else punt
      (lisp code scans for page with cnt>1)
{\tt CONS}~({\tt X}~{\tt Y})~// note: this may not be right. Check sources for truth
If Y is NIL:
      get NEXTCONSPAGE
      MAKECONSCELL on it
      store new cell with \CDR.NIL in cdrcode (hi byte)
      X in rest of cell
Elseif Y is a listp and the CNT in Y's page > 0, then
      MAKECONSCELL[Y's page]
      store X as CAR, CDR code = ([(LOLOC Y) and 377q] rsh 1) + 200q
Else:
      get NEXTCONSPAGE
      MAKECONSCELL on it
      store Y in new cell (hi byte 0)
      (remember this as Z)
      MAKECONSCELL on same page
      store X in new cell, with hi byte= [(LOLOC Z) and 377q] rsh 1
ADDREF X
ADDREF Y
increment LISTPDTD: COUNTER
DELREF result
[not required, in Dorado, 12K]
```

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
33	CMLASSOC	0	-1	CL::%%SIMPLE-ASSOC

Takes to two arguments off the stack and returns the of the simplest case of cl:assoc. Equivalent to ASSOC opcode, except punts if the key argument is not an immediate datum. [not required, not implemented on 4K, Dorado]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry	
34	FMEMB	0	-1	FMEMB	
if TOS=NIL, return NIL if TOS is not LISTP, call UFN if (CAR TOS)=TOS-1, return TOS else TOS_(CDR TOS), do jump to . [i.e., iterate] Be sure to allow interrupts.					
[not required; in 12K]					

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
35	CMLMEMBER	0	-1	CL::%%SIMPLE-MEMBER

Takes to two arguments off the stack and returns the of the simplest case of cl:member. Equivalent to FMEMB opcode, except punts if the key argument is not an immediate datum. [not required, not implemented on 4K, Dorado]

stk level effect **UFN** table entry name PUTHASH **PUTHASH** Λ 36 - 2 [not required, not implemented]} REPLACED BY: 36 FINDKEY alpha = arg# tos = keyfor z from arg# to numargs - 1 by 2 if arg(z) = key then return(z + 1)return(NIL)

stk level effect len-1 **UFN** table entry name 37 CREATECELL CREATECELL

Create a new cell of type TOS (a smallposp):

DTD _ DTDSpace + (type lshift 4)
NewCell _ DTD:FREE (2 words)
DTD:FREE _@(NewCell) (2 years)

(2 words)

if DTD:FREE is now NIL, signal a gc punt at end of opcode

increment DTD:COUNTER, signal a gc punt if counter goes negative Zero out DTD:SIZE words starting at NewCell (always an even number)

Deleteref NewCell TOS _ NewCell

[not required; in Dorado, D0]

stk level effect **UFN** table entry len-1 name 40 BIN \BIN

If TOS is not of type STREAM (13q) then PUNT

Format of stream is (only some fields are used by microcode):

word 0: COFFSET ; a byte offset from BUFFER

word 1: CBUFSIZE ; size of input buffer in bytes word 2&3: flags [byte] = READABLE (bit 0), WRITABLE (bit 1),

EXTENDABLE (bit 2), DIRTY (bit 3), PEEKEDCHARP (bit 4), ACCESSBITS (bit 5-7)

BUFFER [24 bits] ; pointer to data

word 4: BYTESIZE

: 8 bits each CHARSET

word 5: PEEKEDCHAR ; valid when PEEKEDCHARP true

word 6: CHARPOSITION

word 7: CBUFMAXSIZE ; maximum size of output buffer

If COFFSET >= CBUFSIZE then PUNT [buffer overflow]

If READABLE is off then PUNT

Fetch and remember the byte at BUFFER + COFFSET[byte offset]

Note that this address is guaranteed to be valid at this point,

but it could pagefault.

Update the stream:

store COFFSET _ COFFSET + 1

Return the remembered byte as a small positive number.

[not required; in Dorado, 12K]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
41	BOUT	0	-1	\BOUT

If TOS-1 is not of type STREAM (13q) then PUNT. (see format under BIN) If TOS is not a small positive number (< 400Q) then PUNT. if WRITABLE is off then PUNT

```
if BUFFER is NIL then PUNT
if COFFSET >= CBUFMAXSIZE then PUNT
deposit byte from TOS at BUFFER + CCOFF[byte offset]
Update the stream:
    store COFFSET _ COFFSET + 1
    set DIRTY flag to 1 [if it isn't already]
return the smallposp one (1)
[not required; not implemented; not even generated by compilers (3/13/89)]
```

```
#
         name
                           len-1
                                    stk level effect
                                                              UFN table entry
   42
         PROLOGOPDISP
                                                              none
Implements the Prolog Opcode Dispatch. Uses the Prolog registers PC, N,
USQbase, and uSQtablebase.
It takes one arg (DEST). In pseudo-RTL:
       if smallp(DEST) then PC _ PC + DEST
          else PC DEST logand(PC1 00FF'x)
      opcode lrsh(PC↑ 8)
      if uLMBase(opcode) = 1 then
             { LispPC USQbase + uSQtablebase(opcode)
                return to Lisp }
             else
                    _ PC + 1
              { PC
                (run microcode version) }
                                                              UFN table entry
    #
         name
                           len-1
                                    stk level effect
                                                              CONS
   43
         LIST1
                           0
                                     0
              (perform (CONS TOS NIL)] not required, not implemented)
REPLACED BY
   43
         RESTLIST
      alpha = skip -- number of args to skip
      tos = last -- last arg#
      tos-1 = tail
      IF tail = NIL THEN
             page _ NEXTCONSPAGE GOTO make
      ELSE
             AddRef tail
             page _ CONSPAGE[tail]
             GOTŌ make
      make:
             get [cnt,,next] from page
      make1:
             tail _ CONSCELL (CAR = IVar(last), CDR = tail)
             AddRef IVar(last)
             IF skip = last THEN GOTO fin
             last _ last - 1
             GOTO make1
      noroomonconspage:
      fin:
             store updated [cnt,,next]
             update ListpDTD:COUNTER
             DelRef tail
             IF noroomonconspage THEN UFN
             ELSEIF ListpDTD:COUNTER overflow then GCPUNT
             ELSEIF overflow entries then GCHANDLEOVERFLOW
             ELSE NEXTOPCODE
```

name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry

44 MISCN 2 1 + (-n)\MISCN.UFN

Miscellaneous opcode for opcodes needing n args from the stack. The alpha byte contains the subopcode number and the beta byte contains the number of arguments on the stack. This opcode was added specifically for bytecode emulated implementations, where the opcodes could be written in C. This opcode provides the same functionality of the SUBRCALL opcode, except it has the added flexability of having the opcodes UFN (on both Suns & D-Machines). The UFN vectoring routine is written to adjust the stack according to the number of arguments stated in the beta byte, and there is a UFN handler for each sub-opcode. The opcode is generated using the (MISCN NAME &REST ARGS) macro & optimizer defined in LLSUBRS. The NAME parameter must be registered in \MISCN-TABLE-LIST list, which is of the form (name index ufn-name). The \INIT-MISCN-TABLE function initializes the MISCN's sub-opcode UFN vector.

The predefined MISCN sub-opcodes are as follows:

index	name	function
0	USER-SUBR	This is for the user-supplied subr C coded subrs. It contains its
		own sub-opcode division based on the 1st argument on the stack.
		Like MISCN, USER-SUBR requires that the user-subrs be
		registered with the variable \USER-SUBR-LIST (name index
		ufn) by calling the \INIT-USER-SUBR-TABLE function. Thus
		user-defined subrs can each have thier own ufn handler which
		will be indexed through the MISCN & USER-SUBR UFN
		mechanism. This opcode can be generated using the (USER-
		SUBR NAME &REST ARGS) macro found in LLSUBRS.
1	CL: VALUES	Return multiple values
2	CL:SXHASH	Common Lisp hash-bits function for EQUAL hash-tables
3	CL: EQLHASHBITSFN	[Not currently implemented]
4	STRINGHASHBITS	IL hash-bits function for STREQUAL harrayp's
5	STRING-EQUAL-HASHBITS	IL hash-bits function for String-EQUAL harrayp's
6	CL:VALUES-LIST	Return a list of multiple values.

To reserve new MISCN & USER-SUBR entries, you should set the global values for \MISCN-TABLE-LIST and \USER-SUBR-LIST in the LLSUBRS file & re-write the file to insure that you will have unique numbers. The funcion WRITECALLSUBRS whould also be called to generate a new subrs.h file, which contains the C constant definitions for the proper indexes in the C code.

The args to the MISCN UFN routines consist of (INDEX ARG-COUNT ARG-PTR), where INDEX is your sub-opcode number, ARG-COUNT is the number of args to be found on the stack, and ARG-PTR is a pointer to the 1st arg found on the stack. The rest of the args can be found by using (\ADDBASE ARG-PTR (LLSH n 1)) for the n-1th arg.

USER-SUBR UFNs have similar args of (USER-SUBR-INDEX ARG-COUNT ARG-PTR), where USER-SUBR-INDEX is the user-subr sub-opcode index, and ARG-COUNT & ARG-PTR are the same as in MISCN UFNs.

CAUTION: Since the stack affect is variable, thus not known to the compiler, the optimizer may do something funny to the stack args around your call. You should check the emitted code to be sure that things compiled correctly. Putting your calls in small functions will help.

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
45	<unused></unused>	0	-1	(was ENDCOLLECT)

[not required; not implemented, will be eliminated]

#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
46	RPLCONS	0	-	1	\RPLCONS

LST's cdrcode = 200q.

call UFN if any of these are not true MAKECONSČELL on LST's page

store ITEM as in cell, with cdr code = 200q (\CDR.NIL) store as LST's new cdrcode (((LOLOC newcell) and 377) rsh 1) + 200q. ADDREF item increment LISTPDTD:COUNTER return new cell

[not required; in 12K]

len-1 stk level effect **UFN** table entry ELT

(ELT array index)

Check if TOS-1 is type ARRAYP, call UFN if not Check if TOS is smallpos, call UFN if not

Array descriptor:

word 0,1: Flags(8), base(24)

Flags = Orig(1), unused(1), Readonly(1), unused(1), type(4)

word 2: Length word 3: Offset

Compute index = (TOS) - Orig if index < 0 or index >= length, call UFN.

index _ index + Offset

dispatch on type (note that index*2 may overflow):

[0] (byte) return (GETBASEBYTE base index)

[1] (smallpos) return (GETBASE base index)

- [2] (fixp) return 32 bits at base+index*2 as a fixp (possibly smallp) [3] (hash) return (GETBASEPTR base index*2)
- [4] (code) same as byte
- [5] (bitmap) same as smallpos[6] (pointer) return (GETBASEPTR base index)
- [7] (float) réturn 32 bits at base+index*2 as a floatp
- [11.] (double-pointer) same as hash
- [12.] (mixed) same as hash

[not required; not implemented yet]

#	name	I	en-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
51	NTHCHC	0	_	1	NTHCHARCODE

Same as ELT, except type of TOS-1 is STRINGP, the type of the array is always 0, and (optionally) return NIL instead of calling UFN when index is out of range. [not required; not implemented]

#	name	le	en-1 stk	level effect	UFN table entry
52	SETA	0	-2		SETA

(SETA array index value)

Check array and compute index as with ELT.

If ReadOnly is true, call UFN.

In all cases, leave value on stack on exit.

Dispatch on type:

- [0] (byte) perform (PUTBASEBYTE base index value) [1] (smallpos) perform (PUTBASE base index value)
- [2] (fixp) unbox integer value, deposit 32 bits at base+index*2 [3] (hash) perform (RPLPTR base+index*4 value)
- [4] (code) same as byte
- [5] (bitmap) same as smallpos[6] (pointer) perform (RPLPTR base+index*2 value)
- [7] (float) unbox float value, deposit 32 bits at base+index*2
- [11.] (double-pointer) same as hash [12.] (mixed) same as hash

[not required; not implemented]

name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry
53 RPLCHARCODE 0 -2 RPLCHARCODE

[SPECIFICATION INCOMPLETE]

[not required; not implemented]

name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry

54 EVAL 0 0 0 \EVAL

takes single argument ARG

If ARG=NIL, T, or smallp, return ARG

If ARG is an atom, attempt free variable lookup:

If bound, return value

If top value is not NOBIND (atom #1), return top value else ufn-punt

[optional: if ARG is FIXP, FLOATP, return ARG]

[optional: if ARG is LISTP, punt to \EVALFORM (atom 370q)]

else ufn-punt

name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry

55 (was EVALV)

name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry

56 TYPECHECK.N 1 0 \TYPECHECK.UFN

identical to DTEST; only UFNs different

[not required; in Dorado, 4K]

name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry
57 STKSCAN 0 0 \STKSCAN

TOS is VAR.

If TOS is not litatom, punt.

Returns 24 bit pointer to cell where VAR is bound.

Note: must check VAR=NIL, and return pointer to NIL's value cell. (Free variable lookup algorithm fails if given NIL, at least on Dorado.)

If variable was bound on stack, the value returned will be a pointer into stack space. If variable is not bound, value will be pointer to top level value cell.

[not required; in Dorado (I think), not in DLion? In Maiko emulator]

name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry
60 BUSBLT 1 -3 \BUSBLT.UFN

Talks to the BusMaster peripheral adapter.

Alpha bytes:

- 0 WORDSOUT
- 1 BYTESOUT
- 2 BYTESOUTSWAPPED
- 3 NYBBLESOUT
- 4 WORDSIN
- 5 BYTESIN
- 6 BYTESINSWAPPED
- 7 NYBBLESINSWAPPED

[not required; in 12K only]

 #
 name
 len-1
 stk level effect
 UFN table entry

 61
 MISC8
 1
 -7
 MISC8.UFN

Miscellaneous opcode for operations needing 8 args.

[used only for UFN]

\RETURN

Alpha bytes: function_ IBLT1 - special-purpose halftone-drawing routine for Alpha name spectrogram creation [not required; in 12K only] # name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry
62 UBFLOAT3 1 -2 \UNBOXFLOAT3 in 12K only Alpha bytes: POLY 0 1 3X3 2 4X4 3 133 331 5 144 6 441 for matrix multiply, polynomial evaluation alpha byte 7: Unboxed ASET # name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry
63 TYPEMASK.N 1 0 \TYPEMASK.UFN similar to TYPEP, except checks if high byte of type table AND with alpha is non-zero, returns TOS if so, NIL otherwise. name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry 64 PROLOGREADPTR 65 PROLOGREADTAG 66 PROLOGWRITETAGPTR 67 PROLOGWRITE0PTR 70 **PSEUDOCOLOR** 72 EQL namelen-1stk level effectDRAWLINE0-8 UFN table entry \DRAWLINE.UFN takes 8 (!) args from top of stack, does line draw inner loop # name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry
74 STORE.N 1 0 \STORE.N.UFN takes quantity at TOS and stores it at TOS-alpha. #namelen-1stk level effectUFN table entry75COPY.N11\COPY.N.UFN pushes quantity at (TOS-alpha/2). COPY.N 0 = COPY
 #
 name
 len-1
 stk level effect
 U

 76
 RAID
 0
 0
 RAID
 UFN table entry

name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry

used only for UFN for LLBREAK

#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
100-106	IVAR	0		1	
push IVA	AR#(opcode-100)		[require	ed]	
#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
107	IVARX	1		1	
push IVA	AR#alpha				
[required]				
#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
110-116	PVAR	0		1	
nush PV	AR#(oncode-110)				

push PVAR#(opcode-110)

[required]

stk level effect **UFN** table entry PVARX push PVAR#(alpha)

[required]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
120-126	FVAR	0	1	
127	FVARX	1	1	

Push the indicated FVAR.

[required]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
130-136	PVAR_	0	0	
137	PVARX_	1	0	

Set the indicated PVAR from tos, do not pop.

[required]

#	† name	ler	า-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
140	GVAR	2	1		
Push	@(VALSPACE+2	(alpha,b	eta))		

[required; may want to change to check if high order bit on, and UFN]

#	name	lei	า-1 stk leve	el effect	UFN table entry
141	ARG0	0	0		\ARG0

check TOS smallp, call UFN if not check TOS between 1 and #args in current function replace TOS with value of Ith variable, counting from 1

[to do range check, must fetch flags; if not fast, fetch BLINK. #args is computable from difference of BLINK and IVAR]

[not required; not implemented yet]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
142	IVARX	1	0	

store TOS as new value of IVAR alpha [required]

	#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
1	43	FVARX	1	0	

free variable assignment. When value cell is global, perform GVAR_ operation [can call \SETFREEVAR.UFN (atom# ???) instead]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
144	COPY	0	1	

push TOS again [required]

stk level effect len-1 **UFN** table entry 145 MYARGCOUNT 0 1 \MYARGCOUNT

Push as a smallpos the number of arguments in current frame. See ARGO. (probably should use common subroutine)

[not required; not implemented]

stk level effect **UFN** table entry name len-1 146 MYALINK

Returns stack-index of beginning of ALINK of current frame. This pushes the "ALINK" field of the current frame, with the low bit turned off less ALINK.OFFSET (= 12Q).

[required]

#_	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
147	ACONST	2	1	
Push {0,	(alpha,beta)}			
[required	d] ⁻			

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
150	'NIL	0	1	
151	T	0	1	
152	′0	0	1	
153	11	0	1	

Push the indicated constant. [required]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
154	SIC	1	1	
155	SNIC	1	1	
156	SICX	2	1	
· 1				

Push:

alpha as a smallposp,

alpha as a smallneg (extend leftward with 1's), (alpha,beta) as smallposp, respectively.

[required]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
157	GCONST	3	1	

Push {alpha, (beta,gamma)}

[required]

len-1 stk level effect **UFN** table entry name ATOMNUMBER 160 2

same as SICX. Different opcode for benefit of code walkers. [required]

stk level effect **UFN** table entry name len-1 READFLAGS \READFLAGS 161 0

TOS is a virtual page# as a smallposp

TOS _ virtual memory flags of that page, as a smallposp

Flags are:

bit 0: referenced bit 2: write-protect

bit 3: dirty

Vacant is denoted write-protect + dirty

[This is the same as XNovaOp ReadFlags, with AC0 -> loloc[TOS]]

[required]

len-1 stk level effect **UFN** table entry name 162 READRP \READRP

TOS is a virtual page# as a smallposp

TOS _ the corresponding real page, as a smallposp

[This is the same as XNovaOp ReadRP, with ACO -> loloc[TOS]]

[required]

name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry WRITEMAP \WRITEMAP 163 -2

TOS-2 is a virtual page# as a smallposp

TOS-1 is a real page as a smallposp

TOS is a word of flags as a smallposp

Make the indicated virtual page# be associated with the given

real page, with status flags. Real page is immaterial if flags = VACANT

Return the virtual page #

[This is the same as XNovaOp SetFlags, with AC0 -> loloc[TOS-2], AC1 -> loloc[TOS-1], AC2 -> loloc[TOS]]

[*not yet in Dorado]

name len-1 stk level effect UFN table entry 164 READPRINTERPORT 0 \READPRINTERPORT

TOS _ current value from printer port, as a smallposp Ufn if machine cannot do this.

[not in 4k]

stk level effect len-1 **UFN** table entry name WRITEPRINTERPORT 165 \WRITEPRINTERPORT

Printer _ TOS, interpreted as a smallposp

Ufn if machine cannot do this.

[not in 4k]

stk level effect **UFN** table entry name len-1 PILOTBITBLT 166 -1 \PILOTBITBLT

Performs Pilot-style bitblt.

TOS is constant žero, which can be used for maintaining state.

TOS-1 is a pointer to a bitblt table, which is 16-aligned.

[not required, implemented]

	#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
	167	RCLK	0	0	\RCLKSUBR
(Store in	to words noi	nted to by TOS the	processor clock lun	to 32 hits laft justified!

to words pointed to by 108 the processor clock lup to 32 bits, left justified]. [required]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
170	MISC1	1	0	\MISC1.UFN
171	MISC2	1	-1	\MISC2.UFN

These are miscellaneous opcodes that dispatch on alpha to provide

infrequent and/or machine-specific operations. To save microcode space (currently), the two opcodes share the same dispatch table, i.e., the alpha's do not overlap. There are two opcodes principally so that there can be a reasonable ufn handler: MISC1 takes 1 arg, MISC2 takes 2. Current values for alpha:

0 STARTIO[bits] Currently only for Dolphin ethernet. Perform the "StartIO" function with bits given as smallp TOS. (Resets Ethernet to known quiet state).

INPUT[devreg] Perform input from some device. TOS is smallp device register specification (on Dolphin: 4 bits of task, 4 bits of device reg; on DLion: 4 bits absolute). Returns TOS = smallp value input from device.

```
DLion codes:
```

1

```
for INPUT \{alpha = 1 \mod 4\}
TOS = 00 \mod 16, _ EIData
TOS = 01 mod 16, _ EStatus
TOS = 02 mod 16, _ KIData
TOS = 03 \mod 16, KStatus
TOS = 04 mod 16, _ uSTATE
TOS = 05 mod 16, _ MStatus
TOS = 06 mod 16, _ KTest
TOS = 07 mod 16, MP code 9122
TOS = 08 mod 16, _ Version

TOS = 09 mod 16, <12K> _ BusExt L <4K> MP code 9122

TOS = 10 mod 16, <12K> _ BusExt M <4K> MP code 9122
TOS = 11 mod 16, <12K> uFLmode <4K> MP code 9122
TOS = 12 mod 16, MP code 9122
TOS = 13 mod 16, MP code 9122
TOS = 14 mod 16, MP code 9122
TOS = 15 mod 16, MP code 9122
        OUTPUT[value, devreg]
                                                 Perform output to some device. TOS is smallp
                  device register spec as with INPUT; TOS-1 is the smallp
                  value to output.
        for DLion:
for OUTPUT {alpha = 2 mod 4}
```

TOS = 00 mod 16, <12K> BusÉxt L _ <4K> IOPOData _

 $TOS = 01 \mod 16$, IOPCtl

TOS = 02 mod 16, <12K>uFLmode _ <4K> KOData _ TOS = 03 mod 16, KCtl _

 $TOS = 04 \mod 16$, EOData

 $TOS = 05 \mod 16$, EICtl

 $TOS = 06 \mod 16$, DCtl

TOS = 07 mod 16, uBBTime _ {display rate}

TOS = 08 mod 16, uLispOptions _

 $TOS = 09 \mod 16$, PCtl

TOS = 10 mod 16, MCtl _ TOS = 11 mod 16, <12K > BusExt M _ <4K > MP code 9120 TOS = 12 mod 16, EOCtl _

 $TOS = 13 \mod 16$, KCmd

TOS = 14 mod 16, <12K> PPort _ <4K> MP code 9120

 $TOS = 15 \mod 16$, POData

9 Dorado only, RWMUFMAN

```
172
             RECLAIMCELL 0
                                                                         \GCRECLAIMCELL
Check type of TOS; let DTD be pointer to DTD of this type If not LISTP then punt  \begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular} 
Reclaim list:
         code_PTR:cdrcode
if (code and 200q) = 0 then punt
                                                      [or optional: if code = 0 then punt]
         FreeListCell(PTR)
val_deleteref(PTR:carfield)
                                                      * deleteref CAR
         if code # \CDR.NIL
          then PTR_PTR:pagebase + (code lsh 1) * point to cdr or lvcdr

[if (code and 200q) = 0 * optional
                    then FreeListCell(PTR)
                                                               * cdr indirect--free cell
                  \begin{array}{c} PTR\_\ GetBasePtr(PTR)]\\ if\ deleteref(PTR) \end{array}
                                                               * deleteref CDR
                    then val PTR
         return val
FreeListCell(PTR):
         PAGE _ address of PTR's page
         if PAGE:Nextpage < 0 then punt
                                                      * only when page was full
         PTR:cdrcode _ PAGE:nextcell
         PAGE:nextcell word# of PTR
         PAGE:count _ PAGE:count + 1
How to reclaim other types, roughly (needs type table change): if Type bit "ok to reclaim" is off, call UFN store DTD:FREELST in first two words of DATUM
         store DATUM in DTD:FREELST
[not required; implemented for Listp on D0, non-listp on Dorado?, ? for 12K]
                                    len-1
                                                stk level effect
                                                                                 UFN table entry
             GCSCAN1
                                             0
                                                                          \GCSCAN1
173
                               0
scan HTMAIN from (TOS)-1 to 0 for a cell with
collision bit on or else stack bit & reference cnt both are 0
if none found, return NIL
else return new index.
         note: design allows NWWInterrupts to be processed
         note: can actually perform GCRECLAIMCELL on the
         cell indicated if stack bit off and ref cnt=0)
[not required; in all]
                                                                                 UFN table entry
            name
                                    len-1
                                                stk level effect
             GCSCAN2
                               0
                                                                          \GCSCAN2
         similar to GCSCAN1, but scan for word
         with collision bit on or stack bit on.
         Note: can optionally turn stack bit off, check if
         count is 1 and zero entry, continue scanning
Note: design allows NWWInterrupts to be processed
[not required; in all]
                                                stk level effect
                                                                                 UFN table entry
                                    len-1
175
             SUBRCALL
Call Bcpl subr number alpha with beta arguments.
The following have some microcode on the DLion:
 17'b Raid
 15'b Logout
06'b BackGround
 11'b DspBout
 20'b Pup
 22'b SETSCREENCOLOR
 23'b ShowDisplay
```

#	name		len-1		stk level effect	UFN table entry
176	CONTEXT	0		0		\CONTEXTSWITCH
switch to						

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
177	(was audio)			<u>. </u>

[not required; not currently implemented]

#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
200-217	JUMP	0		JUMP	
220-237	FJUMP	0		CJUMP	
240-257	TJUMP	0		CJUMP	
260	JUMPX	1		JUMP	
261	JUMPXX	2		JUMP	
262	FJUMPX	1		CJUMP	
263	TJUMPX	1		CJUMP	
264	NFJUMPX	1		NCJUMP	
265	NTJUMPX	1		NCJUMP	

Assorted jumps. The offset of the jump is given in the succeeding bytes, sign-extended to the left in the case of the single-byte offsets. The offset is relative to the start of the instruction. The opcodes with implicit offset run from +2 thru +21q.

JUMP* are unconditional.

FJUMP* and TJUMP* perform the jump only if TOS is NIL or non-NIL, respectively.

NFJUMPX and NTJUMPX perform the jump only if TOS is NIL or non-NIL, respectively.

Additionally, they pop the stack only if the jump is not taken. [required]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
266	AREF1	0	-1	%AREF1

Perform a one-dimensional array access:

(AREF1 array index)

- 1.) Check that array is a oned-array -- if not punt
- 2.) Check that 0 <= index < total size for array
- 3.) Compute (index + offset for array)
- 4.) Extract base, and type number -- and pass base, type number, index + offset to array-read subroutine and return result on top of stack.

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
267	ASET1	0	-2	%ASET1

Perform a one-dimensional array set:

(ASET1 new-value array index)

- 1.) Check that array is a oned-array -- if not punt
- 2.) Check that 0 <= index < total size for array
- 3.) Compute (index + offset for array)
- 4.) Check array not read-only
- 5.) Extract base, and type number -- and pass newvalue, base, type number, index + offset to arraywrite subroutine and return newvalue on top of stack.

#							
	name		stk level effect	UFN table entry			
270-276 Store TO [required	S into indicated PVA		1 ck.				
#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry			
277 Pop stack [required		_	1				
#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry			
_	POP.N 1 ha+1) elements off to	p of stack,	variable) POP.N 0 = POP, POP.N 1				
# 301	name ATOMCELL.N	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry			
if TOS is getting th	atom (0,,low), then r	eplace witl l of litatom	h (alpha,,low+low), with car ns. If TOS HI is not 0, call U	ry into alpha. This is used for IFN. This will allow assigning			
#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry			
302 Retrieve	GETBASEBYTE 0 byte at offset TOS fro		•	TBASEBYTE			
#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry			
202		INSTANCEP 2 0 \INSTANCEP.UFN return T if typename is subtype of (alpha,beta), else return NIL. (typename is word 0 of type's DTD; DTD is DTDBase+(type# lsh 4) not locked down supertype is word 15 of DTD, 0 means no supertype) [currently only in 12k Dandelion]					
return T (typenam supertype	INSTANCEP 2 if typename is subtype is word 0 of type's e is word 15 of DTD,	pe of (alpha DTD; DTD 0 means n	a,beta), else return NIL. is DTDBase+(type# lsh 4)	STANCEP.UFN			
return T (typenam supertype	INSTANCEP 2 if typename is subtype is word 0 of type's e is word 15 of DTD,	pe of (alpha DTD; DTD 0 means n	a,beta), else return NIL. is DTDBase+(type# lsh 4)	STANCEP.UFN			
return T (typenam supertype [current] #	INSTANCEP 2 if typename is subtype is word 0 of type's e is word 15 of DTD, y only in 12k Dandel name BLT 0	pe of (alphi DTD; DTD 0 means n ion]	a,beta), else return NIL. b is DTDBase+(type# lsh 4) b supertype) stk level effect 2 \BL	STANCEP.UFN not locked down UFN table entry			
return T (typenam supertype [current]) # 304 (BLT des Move nwoperation update st	INSTANCEP 2 if typename is subtype is word 0 of type's e is word 15 of DTD, y only in 12k Dandel name BLT 0 tinationaddr sourcea ords from source to do is uninterruptable, tack according to how	pe of (alphi DTD; DTD 0 means n ion] len-1 ddr nword estination else must l	a,beta), else return NIL. b is DTDBase+(type# lsh 4) b supertype) stk level effect 2 \BL s) c If nwords < prespecified compression be prepared to service inter	STANCEP.UFN not locked down UFN table entry T onstant (currently 10q), then			
return T (typenam supertype [current] # 304 (BLT des Move nw operation update st addresses	INSTANCEP 2 if typename is subtype is word 0 of type's e is word 15 of DTD, y only in 12k Dandel name BLT 0 tinationaddr sourcea ords from source to do is uninterruptable, tack according to how so to low), if it makes a	pe of (alpho DTD; DTD 0 means n ion] len-1 ddr nword estination else must l much is n a difference	a,beta), else return NIL. b is DTDBase+(type# lsh 4) b supertype) stk level effect 2 \BL s) c If nwords < prespecified composed to service internoved, and back up pc. Worder, Result is unspecified.	STANCEP.UFN not locked down UFN table entry T onstant (currently 10q), then rupts. On page fault or interrupt, rds are moved right to left (high			
return T (typenam supertype [currently] 304 (BLT des Move nw operation update st addresses # 305 Perform alp	INSTANCEP 2 if typename is subtype is word 0 of type's e is word 15 of DTD, y only in 12k Dandel name BLT 0 tinationaddr sourcea ords from source to do is uninterruptable, tack according to how	pe of (alphi DTD; DTD 0 means n ion] len-1 ddr nword estination else must l much is n a difference	a,beta), else return NIL. b is DTDBase+(type# lsh 4) b supertype) stk level effect 2 \BL s) b If nwords < prespecified composed, and back up pc. Worde. Result is unspecified. stk level effect \MISC	STANCEP.UFN not locked down UFN table entry T onstant (currently 10q), then rupts. On page fault or interrupt,			

UFN table entry

\PUTBASEBYTE

Store TOS at offset TOS-1 from (TOS-2), punting if TOS is not smallposp. Currently ucode punts and ufn errors if offset isn't a smallp.

-2

stk level effect

len-1

306 (unused)

name

PUTBASEBYTE 0

20					
#	nam	9	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
310	GET	BASE.N 1	()	\GETBASE
TOS_	@(TOS+	alpha) as a sm	allposp.		
	·	•	• •		
#	nam	9	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
311	GET	BASEPTR.N			
TOS	24-bit po	inter @(TOS+a	alpha).		
_	•	`	1 /		
#	nam	2	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
312	GE7	BITS.N.FD			
take 1	arg on s	ack (PTR) and	l 2 bytes (r	n, fd). fetches the "fie	eld" fd from the word PTR + n. fd is a
mesa f	field desc	riptor: the left	4 bits is tl	he number of the "fir	rst" bit of the field, while the right 4 bits
is the v	width of	the field-1. E.g	., 0:17 is t	he full word, 0:0 is t	he leftmost bit.
#	nam	•	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
313	Unı	sed			
#	nam	_	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry

313	onabea							
#	name	len-	1 stk level effect	UFN table entr				
314	CMLEQUAL	0	-1	CL:EQUAL				
Takes two arguments off the stack and performs some cases of the								

cl:equal predicate. Punts if either argument is a not an immediate datum or a number.

[not required, not implemented on 4K and Dorado]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
315	PUTBASE.N	1	-1	\PUTBASE.UFN
	OS as word at loca turn TOS-1).	ation (TOS-1	1)+alpha	

Punt if TOS not smallposp. Note that UFN will specify extra byte for punt.

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
316	PUTBASEPTR.N			
	1		-1	\PUTBASEPTR.UFN

Takes (PTR, NEWVAL) on stack, leaves PTR on stack, stores NEWVAL at PTR+N . (note: no punt case) $\,$

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
317	PUTBITS.N.FD			
	2		-1	\PUTBITS.UFN

Takes (PTR, NEWVAL) on stack, stores bits of NEWVAL at FD field of PTR+N. Returns PTR. Punt (UFN) if NEWVAL is not smallposp.

#	name		len-1 stk level ef	fect UFN table entry
320	ADDBASE	0	-1	\ADDBASE
321	VAG2	0	-1	\VAG2
322	HILOC	0	0	
323	LOLOC	0	0	
as before				

#	name		len-1	stk level effect		UFN table entry
324	PLUS2	0	-1		PLUS	

325	DIFFERENCE	0	-1	DIFFERENCE
326	TIMES2	0	-1	TIMES
327	OUOTIENT	0	-1	OUOTIENT

(same as I- versions, except UFN different. Optionally perform as F- opcode if one of arguments is

#	name	le	n-1 stk level	effect UFN table entry
330	IPLUS2	0	-1	\SLOWIPLUS2
331	IDIFFERENCE	0	-1	\SLOWIDIFFERENCE
332	ITIMES2	0	-1	\SLOWITIMES2
333	IQUOTIENT	0	-1	IQUOTIENT
334	IREMAINDER	0	-1	IREMAINDER

unbox TOS & TOS-1

(if SmallPos then 0,,loloc, if SmallNeg then -1,,loloc, typetest if FIXP then fetch 32 bit quantity)

perform 32x32 operation, and then

if overflow occurs, punt
[used to say: call OFLOWMAKENUMBER (atom ???)
with result mod 2^32 as two 16 bit smallposps.
This can't work; what did we mean?]

If no overflow:

if hi part 0, return SmallPosHi,,lo

if hi part 0, return SmallPosHi,,lo
if hi part -1, return SmallNegHi,,lo
else need to return large integer. Two choices:
1) set up as if in call to MAKENUMBER (atom ???) with 2 args being
Hi and Lo part of result, as smallposps; or
2) Perform CREATECELL of type FIXP, and then store results
in generated box; return new box

[only smallpos x smallpos required on IPLUS, IDIFFERENCE;

Current implementation status:

Only smallpos x smallpos on ITIMES in both microcodes

only smallpos/smallpos for REMAINDER, QUOTIENT in Dorado

#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
335	IPLUS.N	1		0	\SLOWIPLUS2
add TOS+alpha					

	# name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
336	IDIFFERENCE.	.N 1	0	\SLOWIDIFFERENCE
	· mog 1 1			

subtract TOS-alpha

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
337	unused			

#	name	le	en-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
340	LLSH1	0	0		\SLOWLLSH1
341	LLSH8	0	0		\SLOWLLSH8
342	LRSH1	0	0		\SLOWLRSH1
343	LRSH8	0	0		\SLOWLRSH8

unbox TOS, perform 32 bit operation and box results

as with 2 arg fns

[smallposp -> smallposp required, can UFN in other cases]

#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
344	LOGOR2	0	-	1	\SLOWLOGOR2

345	LOGAND2	0	-1	\SLOWLOGAND2
346	LOGXOR2	0	-1	\SLOWLOGXOR2

see IPLUS etc above

[smallposp -> smallposp required, can UFN in other cases] [32x32 bit implemented in Dorado, D0]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
347	LSH	0	-1	LSH

shift TOS-1 arithmetically by TOS.

	#	name		len-1	tk level effect	UFN table entry
350		FPLUS2	0	-1		FPLUS2
351		FDIFFERENCE	0	-1		FDIFFERENCE
352		FTIMES2	0	-1		FTIMES2
353		FQUOTIENT	0	-1		FQUOTIENT

[not required; in Dorado, 12K]

#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
354	UBFLOAT2	1	-	1	\UNBOXFLOAT2

alpha bytes:

- 0 ADD x+y
- SUB x-y
- 2 ISUB y-x (currently unused) 3 MULT x*y

- 4 DIV x/y
 5 GREAT x>y (returns T/NIL rather than unboxed floating)
 6 MAX (max x y) currently unused
 7 MIN (min x y) currently unused
 8 REM (x remainder y), i.e. x-(floor x/y)*y
 9 (UBAREF A I)
 Some as APEE1, except that this one returns an unboxed nu

Same as AREF1, except that this one returns an unboxed number implementations: Dorado has GREAT only 12K has all but REM

#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
355	UBFLOAT1	1	()	\UNBOXFLOAT1

alpha byte:

- 0 BOX (tos -> floating box (tos))
- 1 UNBOX (tos -> floating unbox (tos), float if FIXP) 2 ABS (currently unused)
- 3 NEGATE (currently unused)

implemented all on 12K

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
356	AREF2	0	-2	%AREF2

Perform a two-dimensional array access:

(AREF2 array i j)

- 1.) Check that array is a twod-array -- if not punt
- 2.) Check that 0 <= i < bound0
- 3.) Check that $0 \le j \le bound1$
- 4.) Compute (j + i * bound1)
- 5.) Extract base, and type number -- and pass base, type number, (j + i * bound1) to array-read subroutine and return result on top of stack

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
357	ASET2	0	-3	%ASET2

Perform a two-dimensional array set:

(ASET2 newvalue array i j)

- 1.) Check that array is a twod-array -- if not punt
- 2.) Check that 0 <= i < bound0
- 3.) Check that $0 \le j \le bound1$
- 4.) Compute (j + i * bound1)
- 5.) Check array not read-only
- 6.) Extract base, and type number -- and pass base, type number, (j + i * bound1) to array-write subroutine and return newvalue on top of stack.

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
360	EQ	0	-1	
	TO DITT 10/) (: 4)		

return T or NIL if (tos)=(tos-1)

#	name		len-1 stk level effect	UFN table entry
361	IGREATERP	0	-1	\SLOWIGREATERP
362	FGREATERP	0	-1	FGREATERP

[IGREATERP required; FGREATERP not implemented]

#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
363	GREATERP	0	-1		GREATERP

Same as IGREATERP (see PLUS, etc) [not required]

#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
364	EQUAL	0	-1	EQUAL	

If args are EQ, return T If either arg is litatom, return NIL else call UFN

[not required; not implemented]

# name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
365 MAKENUMBER	2	-1		MAKENUMBER

TOS-1 and TOS are smallposp's denoting the hi and lo halves of a 32-bit number.

Return a fixp that represents it:

If loloc[TOS-1] = 0
then return SmallPl,,loloc[TOS]
elseif loloc[TOS-1] = 177q
then return SmallNeg,,loloc[TOS]
else CREATECELL[\FIXP]
Store loloc[TOS-1] and loloc[TOS] as its hi and lo halves

return the new cell

[implemented on 4K, Dorado]

# name			len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
366 BOXIPLUS	0		-1	,	\BOXIPLUS
367 BOXIDIFFERE	INCE	0	-1	,	\BOXIDIFFERENCE

Same as IPLUS2, IDIFFERENCE, except store result @TOS -- first arg is number box (for which optionally check) -- and no overflow check.

# name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
370 FLOATBLT	0	-3		\FLOATBLT

Miscellaneous floating point array ops; will eventually be renamed MISC5. Provides access to just about everything the Weitek FP chip does. Operates on two arrays; puts results in a third. args: (BASE1, BASE2, DEST, N).

Alpha bytes:

- FLOATWRAP FLOATUNWRAP
- 2 **FLOAT**
- 3 FIX
- 4 **FPLUS**
- 5 **FDIFFERENCE**
- 6 **FDIFFERENCE**
- (FPLUS (ABS source1) (ABS source2))
- (ABS (FDIFFERENCÉ source1 source2)) 10
- (ABS (FPLUS source1 source2)) 11
- **FTIMES** 20

[not required; implemented on 1108X only]

#	name	len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
371	FFTSTEP	0	-1	\FFTSTEP

Takes FFTTABLE as TOS; performs one FFT step thereupon. [not required; implemented on 1108X only]

#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
372	MISC3	0	-1		\MISC3.UFN

Miscellaneous 3-arg opcode.

Alpha bytes:

EXPONENT(source dest n)

source is vector of floatps, dest is vector of words

store exponent of source for n in dest

MAGNITUDE 1

source is a vector of complex, dest is a vector of float store magnitude of source in dest

2 **FLOAT**

> source is a vector of word, dest is a vector of float float source & store in dest

3

source is a vector of float, dest is a vector of complex spread source into dest, storing 0's.

- 4 **BLKFMAX**
- 5 6 **BLKFMIN**
- **BLKFABSMAX**
- **BLKFABSMIN** 7
- 8 **FLOATTOBYTE**

source is vector of float (must have even number of elements), dest is vector of words

9 ARRAYREAD (base typenumber index)

Dispatch on typenumber and perform a typed get.

[not required; implemented on 1108X only]

#	name		len-1	stk level effect	UFN table entry
373	MISC4	0	-1		\MISC4.UFN

Miscellaneous 4-arg opcode.

Alpha bytes:

- **TIMES** Ŏ **PERM** 1
- 2 **PLUS**
- 3 DIFF

4 SEP
6 \BITMAPBIT bitmap x y newvalue (optional)
7 ARRAYWRITE (newvalue base typenumber index)
Dispatch on typenumber and perform a typed put
[some confusion on how 0,2,3 different from corresponding TIMES, PLUS, DIF [not required; implemented on 1108X only]

	#	name		len-1 st	k le	vel effect	UFN table entry
374		reserved or	D0,	UPCTRACE	on	Dorado	
375		SWAP	0	0			
376		NOP	0	0			
377		=					