```
11-Jun-90 16:24:56 {DSK}<usr>local>lde>lispcore>library>HASH-FILE.;2
 File created:
  changes to:
               (IL: VARS IL: HASH-FILECOMS)
previous date:
                1-Mar-88 14:55:31 {DSK}<usr>local>lde>lispcore>library>HASH-FILE.;1
 Read Table:
               XCL
   Package:
               HASH-FILE
      Format:
                XCCS
; Copyright (c) 1987, 1988, 1990 by Venue & Xerox Corporation. All rights reserved.
(IL:RPAQQ IL:HASH-FILECOMS
           ((IL:P (PROVIDE "HASH-FILE")
(EXPORT '(MAKE-HASH-FILE OPEN-HASH-FILE CLOSE-HASH-FILE COPY-HASH-FILE MAP-HASH-FILE
                                    GET-HASH-FILE REM-HASH-FILE HASH-FILE-P HASH-FILE-COUNT HASH-FILE)
                          "HASH-FILE"))
            (IL:STRUCTURES HASH-FILE)
            (IL:FUNCTIONS %PRINT-HASH-FILE)
            (IL:VARIABLES BITS-PER-BYTE BYTES-PER-POINTER SIZE-POSITION COUNT-POSITION TABLE-POSITION
                   THE-NULL-POINTER)
            (IL:COMS
;;; public code
                    (IL:FUNCTIONS MAKE-HASH-FILE OPEN-HASH-FILE CLOSE-HASH-FILE COPY-HASH-FILE MAP-HASH-FILE
                           GET-HASH-FILE PUT-HASH-FILE REM-HASH-FILE)
                    (IL:SETFS GET-HASH-FILE)
                    (IL:VARIABLES *DELETE-OLD-VERSION-ON-REHASH* *REHASH-SIZE* *REHASH-THRESHOLD*)
;;; internal code
                    (IL:FUNCTIONS REHASH? REHASH KEY->TABLE-POINTER ADD-ENTRY ENSURE-STREAM-IS-OPEN NEXT-PRIME
                           WRITE-SIZE READ-SIZE WRITE-COUNT READ-COUNT WRITE-POINTER READ-POINTER NULL-POINTER?)
                   :: conveniences
                    (IL:FUNCTIONS HISTOGRAM CONVERT))
            (IL: COMS
;;; default user code
                    (IL:FUNCTIONS HASH-OBJECT HASH-OBJECT-INTERNAL COMBINE)
                    (IL: VARIABLES *HASH-DEPTH*)
                    (IL:FUNCTIONS DEFAULT-READ-FN DEFAULT-PRINT-FN)
                    (IL: VARIABLES *READER-ENVIRONMENT*))
            (IL:PROP (IL:FILETYPE IL:MAKEFILE-ENVIRONMENT)
                   IL:HASH-FILE)))
(PROVIDE "HASH-FILE")
(EXPORT '(MAKE-HASH-FILE OPEN-HASH-FILE CLOSE-HASH-FILE COPY-HASH-FILE MAP-HASH-FILE GET-HASH-FILE REM-HASH-FILE
                 HASH-FILE-P HASH-FILE-COUNT HASH-FILE)
       "HASH-FILE")
(DEFSTRUCT (HASH-FILE (:COPIER COPY-HASH-FILE-INTERNAL)
                          (:CONSTRUCTOR MAKE-HASH-FILE-INTERNAL)
                          (:PRINT-FUNCTION %PRINT-HASH-FILE))
   "Like a hash-table but on a file instead of in memory"
   (STREAM NIL : TYPE STREAM)
   ;; open stream on the backing file
   (DIRECTION :INPUT :TYPE (MEMBER :INPUT :IO))
   ;; the direction that stream is open in
   (MONITOR (CREATE.MONITORLOCK "HASH-FILE")
           :TYPE MONITORLOCK)
   ;; should always be obtained before changing STREAM's position
   (SIZE NIL : TYPE INTEGER)
   ;; size of the table -- determines the range for key hashing
   (COUNT 0 : TYPE : INTEGER)
   ;; number of entries currently in the hash file
   (REHASH-SIZE *REHASH-SIZE* :TYPE FLOAT)
   ;; factor to increase size by when re-hashing
   (REHASH-THRESHOLD *REHASH-THRESHOLD* :TYPE FLOAT)
   ;; rehash when (= ENTRIES (* SIZE REHASH-THRESHOLD)
   (KEY-PRINT-FN 'DEFAULT-PRINT-FN : TYPE FUNCTION)
   ;; called with KEY and STREAM to write keys on the file
   (KEY-READ-FN 'DEFAULT-READ-FN : TYPE FUNCTION)
```

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{MEDLEY}<library>HASH-FILE.;1 (HASH-FILE cont.)
                                                                                                                       Page 2
   :; called with STREAM to read a key from the file
   (KEY-HASH-FN 'HASH-OBJECT : TYPE FUNCTION)
   ;; called with KEY and SIZE to obtain an integer in {0 .. SIZE-1}
   (KEY-COMPARE-FN 'EQUAL : TYPE FUNCTION)
   ;; called with two keys with same hash value to resolve collisions
   (VALUE-PRINT-FN 'DEFAULT-PRINT-FN : TYPE FUNCTION)
   ;; called with VALUE and STREAM to print values on file
   (VALUE-READ-FN 'DEFAULT-READ-FN : TYPE FUNCTION)
   ;; called with STREAM to read a value from the file
(DEFUN %PRINT-HASH-FILE (HASH-FILE STREAM DEPTH)
   (FORMAT STREAM "#<Hash-File on ~A>" (LET* ((STREAM (HASH-FILE-STREAM HASH-FILE))
                                                    (NAMESTRING (NAMESTRING (PATHNAME STREAM))))
                                                   (IF NAMESTRING
                                                       NAMESTRING
                                                       STREAM))))
(DEFCONSTANT BITS-PER-BYTE 8)
(DEFCONSTANT BYTES-PER-POINTER 4)
(DEFCONSTANT SIZE-POSITION (* BYTES-PER-POINTER 0))
(DEFCONSTANT COUNT-POSITION (* BYTES-PER-POINTER 1))
(DEFCONSTANT TABLE-POSITION (* BYTES-PER-POINTER 2))
(DEFCONSTANT THE-NULL-POINTER 0)
;;; public code
(DEFUN MAKE-HASH-FILE
   :; MAKE-HASH-TABLE equivalent for hash files
   ;; creates and returns a new hash file.
    (FILE-NAME SIZE &KEY (REHASH-SIZE *REHASH-SIZE*)
            (REHASH-THRESHOLD *REHASH-THRESHOLD*)
            (KEY-PRINT-FN 'DEFAULT-PRINT-FN)
            (KEY-READ-FN 'DEFAULT-READ-FN)
(KEY-COMPARE-FN 'EQUAL)
            (KEY-HASH-FN 'HASH-OBJECT)
            (VALUE-PRINT-FN 'DEFAULT-PRINT-FN)
(VALUE-READ-FN 'DEFAULT-READ-FN))
   (LET ((STREAM (OPEN FILE-NAME :DIRECTION :IO :IF-EXISTS :NEW-VERSION :ELEMENT-TYPE '(UNSIGNED-BYTE
                                                                                                   ,BITS-PER-BYTE)))
          (REAL-SIZE (NEXT-PRIME SIZE)))
        ;; write the size & entries
         (WRITE-SIZE REAL-SIZE STREAM)
         (WRITE-COUNT 0 STREAM)
        :: initialize table -- fill it with null pointers
         (DOTIMES (N REAL-SIZE)
(WRITE-POINTER THE-NULL-POINTER STREAM))
        ;; make & return a HASH-FILE structure
         (MAKE-HASH-FILE-INTERNAL :STREAM STREAM :DIRECTION :IO :SIZE REAL-SIZE :COUNT 0 :REHASH-SIZE REHASH-SIZE
                 :REHASH-THRESHOLD REHASH-THRESHOLD :KEY-PRINT-FN KEY-PRINT-FN :KEY-READ-FN KEY-READ-FN
                 :KEY-COMPARE-FN KEY-COMPARE-FN :KEY-HASH-FN KEY-HASH-FN :VALUE-PRINT-FN VALUE-PRINT-FN
                 :VALUE-READ-FN VALUE-READ-FN)))
(DEFUN OPEN-HASH-FILE
```

;; open an existing hash file

```
(FILE-NAME &KEY (DIRECTION : INPUT)
        (REHASH-SIZE *REHASH-SIZE*)
        (REHASH-THRESHOLD *REHASH-THRESHOLD*)
        (KEY-PRINT-FN 'DEFAULT-PRINT-FN)
(KEY-READ-FN 'DEFAULT-READ-FN)
        (KEY-COMPARE-FN 'EQUAL)
```

```
(DO ((TABLE-POINTER TABLE-POSITION (+ TABLE-POINTER BYTES-PER-POINTER)))
    ((> TABLE-POINTER LAST-POINTER))
  ;; loop down bucket
  (DO ((POINTER (READ-POINTER STREAM TABLE-POINTER)
               NEXT-POINTER))
       ((NULL-POINTER? POINTER)
                                                        ; end of bucket or empty bucket
     ;; read & save next pointer
```

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```
(SETQ NEXT-POINTER (READ-POINTER STREAM POINTER))
                    ;; call FN on KEY and VALUE read from file
                    (FUNCALL FN (FUNCALL (HASH-FILE-KEY-READ-FN HASH-FILE)
                                         STREAM)
                            (FUNCALL (HASH-FILE-VALUE-READ-FN HASH-FILE)
                                   STREAM)))))))
(DEFUN GET-HASH-FILE (KEY HASH-FILE &OPTIONAL (DEFAULT NIL))
   ;; GETHASH for hash files
   :: returns the value stored under KEY in HASH-FILE, or DEFAULT if there is no value stored. second value is T iff a value was found
   (WITH.MONITOR (HASH-FILE-MONITOR HASH-FILE)
       (LET ((STREAM (ENSURE-STREAM-IS-OPEN HASH-FILE))
              NEXT-POINTER)
             :; loop down linked list in bucket
             (DO ((POINTER (READ-POINTER STREAM (KEY->TABLE-POINTER KEY HASH-FILE))
                  ((NULL-POINTER? POINTER)
                   ;; end of bucket (or empty bucket) - we lost
                   (VALUES DEFAULT NIL))
                ;; read & save next pointer
                (SETQ NEXT-POINTER (READ-POINTER STREAM POINTER))
                (WHEN
(FUNCALL (HASH-FILE-KEY-COMPARE-FN HASH-FILE)
       KEY
       (FUNCALL (HASH-FILE-KEY-READ-FN HASH-FILE)
               STREAM))
                    ;; they match -- we won!
                     (RETURN
                            ;; read & return value
                            (VALUES (FUNCALL (HASH-FILE-VALUE-READ-FN HASH-FILE)
                                             STREAM)
                                    T))))))))
(DEFUN PUT-HASH-FILE (KEY HASH-FILE VALUE)
   ;; SETF method for GET-HASH-FILE
   ;; stores a VALUE under KEY in HASH-FILE
   (WITH.MONITOR (HASH-FILE-MONITOR HASH-FILE)
        (LET ((TABLE-POINTER (KEY->TABLE-POINTER KEY HASH-FILE))
              (STREAM (ENSURE-STREAM-IS-OPEN HASH-FILE))
              NEXT-POINTER)
             ;; loop down bucket
             (DO* ((LAST-POINTER TABLE-POINTER POINTER)
                    ;; LAST-POINTER is location of POINTER
                    (POINTER (READ-POINTER STREAM TABLE-POINTER)
                            NEXT-POINTER))
                   ((NULL-POINTER? POINTER)
                    ;; end of bucket (or empty bucket) - nothing hashed under this key
                    ;; time to add a new entry to the hash file
                    (COND
                       ((REHASH? HASH-FILE)
                        ;; pointers are off if we rehashed -- have to start over
                         (PUT-HASH-FILE KEY HASH-FILE VALUE))
                       ^{(\text{T}}\,\, ;; just nconc a new entry onto the end of the bucket
                           (ADD-ENTRY HASH-FILE KEY VALUE LAST-POINTER THE-NULL-POINTER)
                           ;; increment and write out the count of objects
                           (WRITE-COUNT (INCF (HASH-FILE-COUNT HASH-FILE))
                                  STREAM))))
                ;; read & save the pointer to next in bucket
                 (SETQ NEXT-POINTER (READ-POINTER STREAM POINTER))
                 (WHEN
(FUNCALL (HASH-FILE-KEYECOMPARE-FWHASH-FILE with KEY
       KEY
       (FUNCALL (HASH-FILE-KEY-READ-FN HASH-FILE)
               STREAM))
                     :; they match - already something hashed under this key
                     ;; splice new entry into bucket, old entry out
                     (ADD-ENTRY HASH-FILE KEY VALUE LAST-POINTER NEXT-POINTER)
```

```
(LET* ((OLD-PATHNAME (PATHNAME (HASH-FILE-STREAM HASH-FILE)))
       (TEMP-HASH-FILE (COPY-HASH-FILE HASH-FILE (MAKE-PATHNAME : VERSION : NEWEST : DEFAULTS (PATHNAME
                                                                                                            OLD-PATHNAME
                                                                                                            ))
                                NEW-SIZE)))
      ;; close the old stream (before we lose pointer to it)
      (CLOSE-HASH-FILE HASH-FILE)
      :; smash TEMP-HASH-FILE into HASH-FILE
```

```
(UNINTERRUPTABLY
              (SETF (HASH-FILE-SIZE HASH-FILE)
                                                                         ; note: probably not the same as NEW-SIZE
                     (HASH-FILE-SIZE TEMP-HASH-FILE))
                     (HASH-FILE-COUNT HASH-FILE)
                     (HASH-FILE-COUNT TEMP-HASH-FILE))
                     (HASH-FILE-STREAM HASH-FILE)
                     (HASH-FILE-STREAM TEMP-HASH-FILE)))
          ;; our caller [PUT-HASH-FILE] expects the stream to be open
          (ENSURE-STREAM-IS-OPEN HASH-FILE)
          (IF *DELETE-OLD-VERSION-ON-REHASH*
                                                 (DELETE-FILE OLD-PATHNAME))
          :: return the hash file
          HASH-FILE))
(DEFMACRO KEY->TABLE-POINTER (KEY HASH-FILE)
   ;; return the file position for the head of the bucket which key hashes into. this is the guy who does the hashing.
   ;; caution: HASH-FILE is evaluated twice
   '(+ TABLE-POSITION (* BYTES-PER-POINTER (FUNCALL (HASH-FILE-KEY-HASH-FN ,HASH-FILE)
                                                         (HASH-FILE-SIZE , HASH-FILE)))))
(DEFUN ADD-ENTRY (HASH-FILE KEY VALUE LAST-POINTER LINK-POINTER)
   ;; write an entry at end of file, putting a pointer to it in LAST-POINTER and make it point to LINK-POINTER as next in bucket.
   :; caution: we presume we've got the hash-file-monitor.
   (LET* ((STREAM (HASH-FILE-STREAM HASH-FILE))
           (EOF-POINTER (FILE-LENGTH STREAM)))
          ;; first overwrite LAST-POINTER with a pointer to EOF
          (WRITE-POINTER EOF-POINTER STREAM LAST-POINTER)
          ;; write link to next bucket
          (WRITE-POINTER LINK-POINTER STREAM EOF-POINTER)
          ;; write the key
          (FUNCALL (HASH-FILE-KEY-PRINT-FN HASH-FILE)
                 KEY STREAM)
          :: write the value
          (FUNCALL (HASH-FILE-VALUE-PRINT-FN HASH-FILE)
                 VALUE STREAM)
          ;; return value
         VALUE))
(DEFUN ENSURE-STREAM-IS-OPEN (HASH-FILE)
   ;; makes sure HASH-FILE's stream is open
   ;; caution: assumes we're under hash file monitor
   (LET ((STREAM (HASH-FILE-STREAM HASH-FILE)))
             (OPEN-STREAM-P STREAM)
             STREAM
                    (HASH-FILE-STREAM HASH-FILE)
             (SETF
                    (OPEN STREAM : DIRECTION (HASH-FILE-DIRECTION HASH-FILE)
                           :IF-EXISTS :OVERWRITE)))))
(DEFUN NEXT-PRIME (N)
   ;; return the next prime number greater than N
   :; algorithm stolen from CDL's FIND1STPRIME in old HASH library
   (LET (FOUND?)
         (DO ((P (LOGIOR N 1)
                  (+ P 2)))
              ((DO*
                    ((I 3 (+ I 2)))
                    ((OR (AND (< I P)
                          (ZEROP (REM P I)))
(SETQ FOUND? (< P (* I I))))
                     FOUND?))
              P))))
(DEFUN WRITE-SIZE (SIZE STREAM)
   ;; write SIZE to file as a pointer sized number
   (WRITE-POINTER SIZE STREAM SIZE-POSITION))
(DEFUN READ-SIZE (STREAM)
   ;; read size from file as written by WRITE-SIZE
```

```
(READ-POINTER STREAM SIZE-POSITION))
(DEFUN WRITE-COUNT (COUNT STREAM)
   ;; write COUNT to file as a pointer sized number
   (WRITE-POINTER COUNT STREAM COUNT-POSITION))
(DEFUN READ-COUNT (STREAM)
   ;; read count as written by WRITE-COUNT
   (READ-POINTER STREAM COUNT-POSITION))
(DEFUN WRITE-POINTER (POINTER STREAM &OPTIONAL POSITION)
   ;; write POINTER (a non-negative integer) as BYTES-PER-POINTER bytes on STREAM s.t. READ-POINTER can reconstruct it. if POSITION is
   ;; specified then set STREAM's file position to it first.
   (WHEN (> (INTEGER-LENGTH POINTER)
          (* BYTES-PER-POINTER BITS-PER-BYTE))
(ERROR "~S: pointer too large" POINTER))
   (WHEN POSITION (FILE-POSITION STREAM POSITION))
   (DOTIMES (N BYTES-PER-POINTER)
        (WRITE-BYTE (LDB (BYTE BITS-PER-BYTE (* N BITS-PER-BYTE))
                           POINTER)
               STREAM))
   :: return POINTER
   POINTER)
(DEFUN READ-POINTER (STREAM &OPTIONAL POSITION)
   ;; read from STREAM a positive integer written by WRITE-POINTER. if POSITION is specified the file position will be set to it first.
   ;; read BYTES-PER-POINTER bytes from stream and return them as an integer. this is the inverse of WRITE-P
   (WHEN POSITION (FILE-POSITION STREAM POSITION))
   (LET ((VALUE 0)
          BYTE)
         (DOTIMES (N BYTES-PER-POINTER)
              (SETQ BYTE (READ-BYTE STREAM))
(WHEN (NOT (ZEROP BYTE))
                  ;; optimization: DPB is really slow w/ high bytes
                  (SETQ VALUE (DPB BYTE (BYTE BITS-PER-BYTE (* N BITS-PER-BYTE))
                                     VALUE))))
         VALUE))
(DEFMACRO NULL-POINTER? (POINTER)
   '(EQL , POINTER THE-NULL-POINTER))
:: conveniences
(DEFUN HISTOGRAM (HASH-FILE)
   ;; return an ALIST of bucket depths dotted with number of occurences
   (WITH.MONITOR (HASH-FILE-MONITOR HASH-FILE)
        (LET* ((STREAM (ENSURE-STREAM-IS-OPEN HASH-FILE))
                (SIZE (HASH-FILE-SIZE HASH-FILE))
                (LAST-POINTER (+ TABLE-POSITION (* BYTES-PER-POINTER (1- SIZE))))
               NEXT-POINTER RESULT)
              ;; loop over table
               (DO ((TABLE-POINTER TABLE-POSITION (+ TABLE-POINTER BYTES-PER-POINTER)))
                   ((> TABLE-POINTER LAST-POINTER))
                 ;; loop down bucket
                  (DO ((POINTER (READ-POINTER STREAM TABLE-POINTER)
                        NEXT-POINTER)
(BUCKET-LENGTH 0 (1+ BUCKET-LENGTH)))
                      ((NULL-POINTER? POINTER)
                       :; end of bucket or empty bucket
                       ;; increment count for buckets of this length
                       (INCF (CDR (OR (ASSOC BUCKET-LENGTH RESULT)
                                         (CAR (PUSH (CONS BUCKET-LENGTH 0)
                                                     RESULT))))))
                     (SETQ NEXT-POINTER (READ-POINTER STREAM POINTER))))
               (SORT RESULT #' (LAMBDA (PAIR-1 PAIR-2)
                                        (< (CAR PAIR-1)
                                            (CAR PAIR-2)))))))
```

(PUT-HASH-FILE KEY NEW-HASH-FILE VALUE)))

(PROGN (IL: MAPHASHFILE OLD-HASH-FILE #' (LAMBDA (KEY VALUE)

(SETQ ABORT 'NIL)) (IL:CLOSEHASHFILE OLD-HASH-FILE)

(ABORT 'T)) (UNWIND-PROTECT

```
(CLOSE-HASH-FILE NEW-HASH-FILE : ABORT ABORT))))
;;; default user code
(DEFUN HASH-OBJECT (OBJECT RANGE)
;;; return an integer between 0 and (1- RANGE), inclusive
;;; objects which are EQUAL will return the same integer
   (1- (HASH-OBJECT-INTERNAL OBJECT RANGE 0)))
(DEFUN HASH-OBJECT-INTERNAL (OBJECT RANGE DEPTH)
   ;; recursively descend OBJECT, combining characters & integers at leaves with multiplication modulo RANGE. never descend more than ;; *HASH-DEPTH* into a structure.
   ;; return an integer between 1 and RANGE, inclusive
   (IF (EQL DEPTH *HASH-DEPTH*)
        (TYPECASE OBJECT
             (STRING (LET
                           ((VALUE 1)
                             (LENGTH (LENGTH OBJECT)))
                            (DOTIMES (N (MIN LENGTH (- *HASH-DEPTH* DEPTH))

(COMBINE RANGE VALUE LENGTH))
                                 (SETF VALUE (COMBINE RANGE VALUE (CHAR-CODE (CHAR OBJECT N))))))
             (SYMBOL
                ;; combine hash values of name and package name
                (COMBINE RANGE (HASH-OBJECT-INTERNAL (LET ((PKG (SYMBOL-PACKAGE OBJECT)))
                                                                   (AND PKG (PACKAGE-NAME PKG)))
                                          RANGE
                                           (1+ DEPTH))
                         (HASH-OBJECT-INTERNAL (SYMBOL-NAME OBJECT)
                                RANGE
                                (1+ DEPTH))))
             (CONS
                ;; combine hash values of CAR and CDR
                (COMBINE RANGE (HASH-OBJECT-INTERNAL (CAR OBJECT)
                                          RANGE
                                           (1+ DEPTH))
                         (HASH-OBJECT-INTERNAL (CDR OBJECT)
                                RANGE
                                (1+ DEPTH))))
             (NUMBER (TYPECASE OBJECT
                           (INTEGER (COMBINE RANGE (ABS OBJECT)))
                           (FLOAT (MULTIPLE-VALUE-BIND (SIG EXPON)
```

RANGE (1+ DEPTH)))))) (CHARACTER (COMBINE RANGE (CHAR-CODE OBJECT))) (PATHNAME (HASH-OBJECT-INTERNAL (NAMESTRING OBJECT) RANGE (1+ DEPTH))) (BIT-VECTOR (LET ((VALUE 1) (LENGTH (LENGTH OBJECT))) (DOTIMES (N (MIN LENGTH (- *HASH-DEPTH* DEPTH))

(COMBINE RANGE VALUE LENGTH)) (SETF VALUE (COMBINE RANGE VALUE (IF (ZEROP (BIT OBJECT N))

(COMPLEX (COMBINE RANGE (HASH-OBJECT-INTERNAL (REALPART OBJECT)

RANGE (1+ DEPTH)) (HASH-OBJECT-INTERNAL (IMAGPART OBJECT)

(EXPT 2 N))))))

(INTEGER-DECODE-FLOAT OBJECT) (COMBINE RANGE SIG (ABS EXPON))))
(RATIO (COMBINE RANGE (ABS (NUMERATOR OBJECT)) (DENOMINATOR OBJECT)))

(T);; can't dependably read/print other objects

```
{MEDLEY}<library>HASH-FILE.;1 (HASH-OBJECT-INTERNAL cont.)
                                                                                                                      Page 9
               (ERROR "Can't hash a(n) ~S" (TYPE-OF OBJECT))))))
(DEFMACRO COMBINE (RANGE &REST INTEGERS)
;;; combine non-negative integers returning an integer between 1 and RANGE inclusive (zeros are bad when combining with multiplication). we don't do
;;; the obvious (1+ (mod (* . integers) range)) to avoid making bignums.
;;; caution: RANGE may be evaluated many times.
   '(1+ (MOD ,(IF (ENDP (REST INTEGERS))
                    (FIRST INTEGERS)
                    '(* ,(FIRST INTEGERS)
                        (COMBINE , RANGE , @ (REST INTEGERS))))
              ,RANGE)))
(DEFVAR *HASH-DEPTH* 17)
(DEFUN DEFAULT-READ-FN (STREAM)
   ;; default reader for hash files
   (WITH-READER-ENVIRONMENT *READER-ENVIRONMENT* (READ STREAM)))
(DEFUN DEFAULT-PRINT-FN (OBJECT STREAM)
   ;; default printer for hash files
   (WITH-READER-ENVIRONMENT *READER-ENVIRONMENT*
  (LET ((*PRINT-PRETTY* 'NIL))
             (PRINT OBJECT STREAM)))
   OBJECT)
(DEFVAR *READER-ENVIRONMENT* (MAKE-READER-ENVIRONMENT (FIND-PACKAGE "XCL")
                                               (FIND-READTABLE "XCL")
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:HASH-FILE IL:FILETYPE : COMPILE-FILE)
(IL:PUTPROPS IL:HASH-FILE IL:MAKEFILE-ENVIRONMENT (:READTABLE "XCL" :PACKAGE
                                                               (DEFPACKAGE "HASH-FILE" (:USE "LISP" "XCL")
                                                                      (:IMPORT WITH-READER-ENVIRONMENT
                                                                              MAKE-READER-ENVIRONMENT FIND-READTABLE
                                                                              UNINTERRUPTABLY WITH.MONITOR
                                                                              CREATE.MONITORLOCK MONITORLOCK))))
```

(IL:PUTPROPS IL:HASH-FILE IL:COPYRIGHT ("Venue & Xerox Corporation" 1987 1988 1990))

{MEDLEY}<library>HASH-FILE.;1 28-Jun-2024 18:34:03

-- Listed on 30-Jun-2024 13:13:02 --

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