```
;;
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(RPAQQ IOCHARCOMS
       [(COMS (FNS CHCON UNPACK DCHCON DUNPACK)
              (FNS UALPHORDER ALPHORDER CONCAT CONCATCODES PACKC PACK PACK* \PACK.ITEM STRPOS)
              (FUNCTIONS XCL:PACK XCL:PACK*)
              (GLOBALVARS \SIGNFLAG \PRINTRADIX)
              (DECLARE%: DONTCOPY (MACROS \CATRANSLATE)))
        (COMS (FNS STRPOSL MAKEBITTABLE)
              (DECLARE%: DONTCOPY (RESOURCES \STRPOSLARRAY))
              (INITRESOURCES \STRPOSLARRAY))
        (COMS (FNS CASEARRAY UPPERCASEARRAY LOWERCASEARRAY FLIPCASEARRAY)
              (P (MOVD? 'SETA 'SETCASEARRAY)
                 (MOVD? 'ELT 'GETCASEARRAY))
              [DECLARE%: DONTEVAL@LOAD DOCOPY (VARS (\TRANSPARENT (CASEARRAY))
                                                   (UPPERCASEARRAY (UPPERCASEARRAY))
                                                   (LOWERCASEARRAY (LOWERCASEARRAY))
                                                   (FLIPCASEARRAY (FLIPCASEARRAY]
              (DECLARE%: EVAL@COMPILE (PROP GLOBALVAR UPPERCASEARRAY LOWERCASEARRAY FLIPCASEARRAY)
                      DONTCOPY
                      (GLOBALVARS \TRANSPARENT)))
        (COMS (FNS FILEPOS FFILEPOS \SETUP.FFILEPOS)
              (DECLARE%: EVAL@COMPILE DONTCOPY (RESOURCES \FFDELTA1 \FFDELTA2 \FFPATCHAR)
                      (CONSTANTS (\MAX.PATTERN.SIZE 128)
                                 (\MIN.PATTERN.SIZE 3)
                                 (FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE 32768)
                                 (\MIN.SEARCH.LENGTH 100)))
              (INITRESOURCES \FFDELTA1 \FFDELTA2 \FFPATCHAR))
        [COMS  ;; DATE Functions

              (FNS DATE DATEFORMAT GDATE IDATE \IDATESCANTOKEN \IDATE-PARSE-MONTH \OUTDATE \OUTDATE-STRING
                   \RPLRIGHT \UNPACKDATE \PACKDATE \DTSCAN \ISDST? \CHECKDSTCHANGE)
              (OPTIMIZERS DATEFORMAT)

              ;; Because DST begins the FIRST weekend in April now, \BeginDST changed from 120 to 98 as of 4/3/87 (JDS)  Note: this only
              ;; affects standalone users--those with time servers automatically get correct local info (bvm)

              (INITVARS (\TimeZoneComp 8)
                      (\BeginDST 98)
                      (\EndDST 304)
                      (\DayLightSavings T))
              (ADDVARS (TIME.ZONES (8 "PST" "PDT")
                      (7 "MST" "MDT")
                      (6 "CST" "CDT")
                      (5 "EST" "EDT")
                      (0 "GMT" "BST")
                      (0 "UT")
                      (-1 "MET" "MET DST")
                      (-2 "EET" "EET DST")))
              (DECLARE%: EVAL@COMPILE DONTCOPY (GLOBALVARS \TimeZoneComp \BeginDST \EndDST \DayLightSavings
                                                          TIME.ZONES]
                      (CONSTANTS (\4YearsDays (ADD1 (ITIMES 365 4]
        (LOCALVARS . T)
        (PROP FILETYPE IOCHAR)
        (DECLARE%: DONTEVAL@LOAD DOEVAL@COMPILE DONTCOPY COMPILERVARS (ADDVARS (NLAMA DATEFORMAT)
                                                                              (NLAML)
                                                                              (LAMA PACK* CONCAT])

(DEFINEQ

(CHCON
  [LAMBDA (X FLG RDTBL)                                      (* bvm%: "24-Mar-86 16:29")
    (PROG (BASE OFFST LEN \CHCONLST \CHCONLSTAIL FATP)
          (COND
            (FLG (GO SLOWCASE)))
          (COND
            ((LITATOM X)
             (SETQ BASE (ffetch (LITATOM PNAMEBASE) of X))
             (SETQ OFFST 1)
             (SETQ FATP (ffetch (LITATOM FATPNAMEP) of X))
             (SETQ LEN (ffetch (LITATOM PNAMELENGTH) of X)))
            ((STRINGP X)
             (SETQ BASE (ffetch (STRINGP BASE) of X))
             (SETQ FATP (ffetch (STRINGP FATSTRINGP) of X))
```

```
                    (SETQ OFFST (ffetch (STRINGP OFFST) of X))
                    (SETQ LEN (ffetch (STRINGP LENGTH) of X)))
                  (T (GO SLOWCASE)))
              (RETURN (for I from OFFST to (IPLUS OFFST LEN -1) collect (\GETBASECHAR FATP BASE I))))
         SLOWCASE
              (\MAPPNAME [FUNCTION (LAMBDA (DUMMY CODE)                    ; Open code COLLECT
                                    (COND
                                      [\CHCONLSTAIL (FRPLACD \CHCONLSTAIL (SETQ \CHCONLSTAIL (LIST CODE]
                                      (T (SETQ \CHCONLST (SETQ \CHCONLSTAIL (LIST CODE]
                     X FLG RDTBL)
              (RETURN \CHCONLST])
```

(**UNPACK**
```
  [LAMBDA (X FLG RDTBL)                                          (* bvm%: "24-Mar-86 16:29")
    (PROG (BASE OFFST LEN \CHCONLST \CHCONLSTAIL FATP)
          (COND
            (FLG (GO SLOWCASE)))
          (COND
            ((LITATOM X)
             (SETQ BASE (ffetch (LITATOM PNAMEBASE) of X))
             (SETQ OFFST 1)
             (SETQ FATP (ffetch (LITATOM FATPNAMEP) of X))
             (SETQ LEN (ffetch (LITATOM PNAMELENGTH) of X)))
            ((STRINGP X)
             (SETQ BASE (ffetch (STRINGP BASE) of X))
             (SETQ OFFST (ffetch (STRINGP OFFST) of X))
             (SETQ FATP (ffetch (STRINGP FATSTRINGP) of X))
             (SETQ LEN (ffetch (STRINGP LENGTH) of X)))
            (T (GO SLOWCASE)))
          [RETURN (for I from OFFST to (IPLUS OFFST LEN -1) collect (FCHARACTER (\GETBASECHAR FATP BASE I]
         SLOWCASE
          (\MAPPNAME [FUNCTION (LAMBDA (DUMMY CODE)
                                (SETQ CODE (FCHARACTER CODE))    ; Open code COLLECT
                                (COND
                                  [\CHCONLSTAIL (FRPLACD \CHCONLSTAIL (SETQ \CHCONLSTAIL (LIST CODE]
                                  (T (SETQ \CHCONLST (SETQ \CHCONLSTAIL (LIST CODE]
                 X FLG RDTBL)
          (RETURN \CHCONLST])
```

(**DCHCON**
```
  [LAMBDA (X SCRATCHLIST FLG RDTBL)                             ; Edited 24-Dec-86 14:04 by jds
```

;;; Unpack the character codes that make up the print-representation of X into the scratch list SCRATCHLIST. If FLG, use the PRIN2-pname. Do the
;;; printing according to RDTBL readtable, if supplied.

```
    (SCRATCHLIST SCRATCHLIST (PROG (BASE OFFST LEN FATP)
                                   (COND
                                     (FLG (GO SLOWCASE)))
                                   (COND
                                     ((LITATOM X)                ; LITATOM case:  Set up the indexing info for the
                                                                 ; \GETBASECHAR loop below.
                                      (SETQ BASE (ffetch (LITATOM PNAMEBASE) of X))
                                      (SETQ OFFST 1)
                                      (SETQ FATP (ffetch (LITATOM FATPNAMEP) of X))
                                      (SETQ LEN (ffetch (LITATOM PNAMELENGTH) of X)))
                                     ((STRINGP X)                ; STRING case:  Set up the indexing info for the
                                                                 ; \GETBASECHAR loop below.
                                      (SETQ BASE (ffetch (STRINGP BASE) of X))
                                      (SETQ OFFST (ffetch (STRINGP OFFST) of X))
                                      (SETQ FATP (ffetch (STRINGP FATSTRINGP) of X))
                                      (SETQ LEN (ffetch (STRINGP LENGTH) of X)))
                                     (T (GO SLOWCASE)))
                                   [RETURN (for I from OFFST to (IPLUS OFFST LEN -1)
                                                do ;; Copy the characters from the string/atom-pname into the list
                                                   (ADDTOSCRATCHLIST (\GETBASECHAR FATP BASE I]
                                  SLOWCASE

                                   ;; Slow case:  Use \MAPPNAME to generate the characters, and grab onto them.

                                   (RETURN (\MAPPNAME [FUNCTION (LAMBDA (DUMMY CODE)
                                                                  (ADDTOSCRATCHLIST CODE]
                                              X FLG RDTBL])
```

(**DUNPACK**
```
  [LAMBDA (X SCRATCHLIST FLG RDTBL)                             (* bvm%: "24-Mar-86 16:30")
    (SCRATCHLIST SCRATCHLIST (PROG (BASE OFFST LEN FATP)
                                   (COND
                                     (FLG (GO SLOWCASE)))
                                   (COND
                                     ((LITATOM X)
                                      (SETQ BASE (ffetch (LITATOM PNAMEBASE) of X))
                                      (SETQ OFFST 1)
                                      (SETQ FATP (ffetch (LITATOM FATPNAMEP) of X))
```

```
                                          (SETQ LEN (ffetch (LITATOM PNAMELENGTH) of X)))
                                        ((STRINGP X)
                                         (SETQ BASE (ffetch (STRINGP BASE) of X))
                                         (SETQ OFFST (ffetch (STRINGP OFFST) of X))
                                         (SETQ FATP (ffetch (STRINGP FATSTRINGP) of X))
                                         (SETQ LEN (ffetch (STRINGP LENGTH) of X)))
                                        (T (GO SLOWCASE)))
                                  [RETURN (for I from OFFST to (IPLUS OFFST LEN -1)
                                             do (ADDTOSCRATCHLIST (FCHARACTER (\GETBASECHAR FATP BASE I]
                            SLOWCASE
                                  (RETURN (\MAPPNAME [FUNCTION (LAMBDA (DUMMY CODE)
                                                                (ADDTOSCRATCHLIST (FCHARACTER CODE]
                                              X FLG RDTBL])

)

(DEFINEQ
```

(**UALPHORDER**
```
   [LAMBDA (ARG1 B)                                          (* rmk%: " 2-Apr-85 11:20")
     (ALPHORDER ARG1 B UPPERCASEARRAY])
```

(**ALPHORDER**
```
   [LAMBDA (A B CASEARRAY)                                   (* rmk%: "27-Mar-85 17:43")
     (DECLARE (GLOBALVARS \TRANSPARENT))
     (PROG (CABASE ABASE ALEN AOFFSET AFATP BBASE BLEN BOFFSET BFATP C1 C2)
           [COND
              ((LITATOM A)
               (SETQ ABASE (ffetch (LITATOM PNAMEBASE) of A))
               (SETQ AOFFSET 1)
               (SETQ ALEN (ffetch (LITATOM PNAMELENGTH) of A))
               (SETQ AFATP (ffetch (LITATOM FATPNAMEP) of A)))
              ((STRINGP A)
               (SETQ ABASE (ffetch (STRINGP BASE) of A))
               (SETQ AOFFSET (ffetch (STRINGP OFFST) of A))
               (SETQ ALEN (ffetch (STRINGP LENGTH) of A))
               (SETQ AFATP (ffetch (STRINGP FATSTRINGP) of A)))
              (T (RETURN (COND
                            [(NUMBERP A)                      ; Numbers are less than all other types
                             (OR (NOT (NUMBERP B))
                                 (NOT (GREATERP A B]
                            ((OR (NUMBERP B)
                                 (LITATOM B)
                                 (STRINGP B))
                             NIL)
                            (T T]
           [COND
              ((LITATOM B)
               (SETQ BBASE (ffetch (LITATOM PNAMEBASE) of B))
               (SETQ BOFFSET 1)
               (SETQ BLEN (ffetch (LITATOM PNAMELENGTH) of B))
               (SETQ BFATP (ffetch (LITATOM FATPNAMEP) of B)))
              ((STRINGP B)
               (SETQ BBASE (ffetch (STRINGP BASE) of B))
               (SETQ BOFFSET (ffetch (STRINGP OFFST) of B))
               (SETQ BLEN (ffetch (STRINGP LENGTH) of B))
               (SETQ BFATP (ffetch (STRINGP FATSTRINGP) of B)))
              (T                                              ; Only numbers are 'less than' atoms and strings
               (RETURN (NOT (NUMBERP B]
           [SETQ CABASE (fetch (ARRAYP BASE) of (SETQ CASEARRAY (\DTEST (OR CASEARRAY \TRANSPARENT)
                                                                        'ARRAYP]
           (RETURN (for I (CAFAT _ (EQ \ST.POS16 (fetch (ARRAYP TYP) of CASEARRAY)))
                          (CASIZE _ (fetch (ARRAYP LENGTH) of CASEARRAY)) from 0
                        do (COND
                             [(IGEQ I ALEN)
                              (RETURN (COND
                                         ((EQ ALEN BLEN)
                                          'EQUAL)
                                         (T 'LESSP]
                             ((IGEQ I BLEN)
                              (RETURN NIL))
                             [(EQ [SETQ C1 (\CATRANSLATE CABASE CASIZE CAFAT (\GETBASECHAR AFATP ABASE
                                                                               (IPLUS I AOFFSET]
                                  (SETQ C2 (\CATRANSLATE CABASE CASIZE CAFAT (\GETBASECHAR BFATP BBASE
                                                                               (IPLUS I BOFFSET]
                             ((ILESSP C1 C2)
                              (RETURN 'LESSP))
                             (T                               ; Greater
                              (RETURN NIL])
```

(**CONCAT**
```
   [LAMBDA N                                                 (* rmk%: "26-Mar-85 19:08")
     (PROG ((J N)
            (LEN 0)
            (POS 1)
```

```
                S NM FATSEENP)
        L1   (COND
                ((NEQ J 0)
                 [COND
                    [(STRINGP (SETQ NM (ARG N J)))
                     (OR FATSEENP (SETQ FATSEENP (ffetch (STRINGP FATSTRINGP) of NM]
                    [(LITATOM NM)
                     (OR FATSEENP (SETQ FATSEENP (ffetch (LITATOM FATPNAMEP) of NM]
                    (T (SETARG N J (SETQ NM (MKSTRING NM)))
                     (OR FATSEENP (SETQ FATSEENP (ffetch (STRINGP FATSTRINGP) of NM]
                 (SETQ LEN (IPLUS LEN (NCHARS NM)))
                 (SETQ J (SUB1 J))
                 (GO L1)))
              (SETQ S (ALLOCSTRING LEN NIL NIL FATSEENP))
        L2   (COND
                ((NEQ J N)
                 (SETQ J (ADD1 J))
                 (RPLSTRING S POS (ARG N J))
                 [SETQ POS (IPLUS POS (NCHARS (ARG N J]
                 (GO L2)))
              (RETURN S))
```

(**CONCATCODES**
```
  [LAMBDA (CHARCODES)                                        (* bvm%: " 6-May-84 21:56")
    (PROG [(STR (ALLOCSTRING (LENGTH CHARCODES]
          (for X in CHARCODES as I from 1 do (RPLCHARCODE STR I X))
          (RETURN STR])
```

(**PACKC**
```
  [LAMBDA (X)                                                (* rmk%: "11-Apr-85 15:35")
```
  ;; Takes character codes in X, stuffs them into the \PNAMESTRING, and then calls \MKATOM
```
    (WITH-RESOURCE (\PNAMESTRING)
            (BIND (PBASE _ (ffetch (STRINGP XBASE) of \PNAMESTRING)) for N from 0 as C in X
               do (AND (IGREATERP N \PNAMELIMIT)
                       (LISPERROR "ATOM TOO LONG"))
                  (\PNAMESTRINGPUTCHAR PBASE N C)
               finally (RETURN (\MKATOM PBASE 0 N \FATPNAMESTRINGP)])
```

(**PACK**
```
  [LAMBDA (X)                                                ; Edited 21-Mar-88 15:29 by bvm
    (AND X (NLISTP X)
         (\ILLEGAL.ARG X))
    (DECLARE (SPECVARS PACK.INDEX \PNAMESTRING))
    (WITH-RESOURCE (\PNAMESTRING)
          (PROG ((PACK.INDEX 1)
                 ITEM)
             LP  [COND
                    ((NULL X)
                     (RETURN (\MKATOM (fetch (STRINGP XBASE) of \PNAMESTRING)
                                      0
                                      (SUB1 PACK.INDEX)
                                      \FATPNAMESTRINGP]
                 (COND
                    ((OR (STRINGP (SETQ ITEM (CAR X)))
                         (LITATOM ITEM))
                     (RPLSTRING \PNAMESTRING (PROG1 PACK.INDEX
                                                    (AND (IGREATERP (add PACK.INDEX (NCHARS ITEM))
                                                              (ADD1 \PNAMELIMIT))
                                                         (LISPERROR "ATOM TOO LONG")))
                                ITEM))
                    (T (\PACK.ITEM ITEM)))
                 (SETQ X (LISTP (CDR X)))
                 (GO LP])
```

(**PACK***
```
  [LAMBDA U                                                  ; Edited 21-Mar-88 15:29 by bvm
    (DECLARE (SPECVARS PACK.INDEX \PNAMESTRING))
    (WITH-RESOURCE (\PNAMESTRING)
          (PROG ((PACK.INDEX 1)
                 (M 1)
                 ITEM)
             LP  [COND
                    ((IGREATERP M U)
                     (RETURN (\MKATOM (fetch (STRINGP XBASE) of \PNAMESTRING)
                                      0
                                      (SUB1 PACK.INDEX)
                                      \FATPNAMESTRINGP]
                 (SETQ ITEM (ARG U M))
                 (COND
                    [(AND (NULL *PACKAGE*)
                          (LITATOM ITEM))
```
                     ;; If we're in that nasty region of the INIT process before packages have been turned on, then we want to be careful to strip

```
                                ;; off any pseudo-package prefixes in the symbol's pname.  We use the utility NAMESTRING-CONVERSION-CLAUSE from
                                ;; LLPACKAGE for this search.
                        (LET* ((BASE (ffetch (CL:SYMBOL PNAMEBASE) of ITEM))
                               (LEN (ffetch (CL:SYMBOL PNAMELENGTH) of ITEM))
                               (FATP (ffetch (CL:SYMBOL FATPNAMEP) of ITEM))
                               (CLAUSE (NAMESTRING-CONVERSION-CLAUSE BASE 1 LEN FATP)))
                             (COND
                                ((NULL CLAUSE)                               ; Nothing special to do; this symbol didn't match any of the
                                                                             ; conversion clauses.
                                 (RPLSTRING \PNAMESTRING (PROG1 PACK.INDEX
                                                                 (AND (IGREATERP (add PACK.INDEX (NCHARS ITEM))
                                                                                 (ADD1 \PNAMELIMIT))
                                                                      (LISPERROR "ATOM TOO LONG")))
                                             ITEM))
                                (T                                           ; The symbol matched a clause.  We should use only that part of
                                                                             ; the symbol that comes after the matching prefix.
                                 (LET [(PREFIX-LENGTH (ffetch (STRINGP LENGTH)
                                                              (CL:FIRST CLAUSE]
                                      (RPLSTRING \PNAMESTRING (PROG1 PACK.INDEX
                                                                     (AND (IGREATERP (add PACK.INDEX
                                                                                          (IDIFFERENCE (NCHARS
                                                                                                            ITEM)
                                                                                               PREFIX-LENGTH))
                                                                                     (ADD1 \PNAMELIMIT))
                                                                          (LISPERROR "ATOM TOO LONG")))
                                                  (SUBSTRING ITEM (IPLUS 1 PREFIX-LENGTH]
                        ((OR (STRINGP ITEM)
                             (LITATOM ITEM))
                         (RPLSTRING \PNAMESTRING (PROG1 PACK.INDEX
                                                         (AND (IGREATERP (add PACK.INDEX (NCHARS ITEM))
                                                                         (ADD1 \PNAMELIMIT))
                                                              (LISPERROR "ATOM TOO LONG")))
                                     ITEM))
                        (T (\PACK.ITEM ITEM)))
                    (SETQ M (ADD1 M))
                    (GO LP])
```

(**PACK.ITEM**
```
   [LAMBDA (ITEM)                                                           ; Edited 21-Mar-88 15:30 by bvm
     (DECLARE (USEDFREE PACK.INDEX \PNAMESTRING))
```

;;; Slow case for PACK and PACK* -- append characters of ITEM to \PNAMESTRING, updating PACK.INDEX accordingly

```
     (\MAPPNAME [FUNCTION (LAMBDA (DUMMY CODE)
                           (AND (IGREATERP PACK.INDEX \PNAMELIMIT)
                                (LISPERROR "ATOM TOO LONG"))
                           (\PNAMESTRINGPUTCHAR (fetch (STRINGP BASE) of \PNAMESTRING)
                                 (SUB1 PACK.INDEX)
                                 CODE)
                           (add PACK.INDEX 1]
            ITEM])
```

(**STRPOS**
```
   [LAMBDA (PAT STRING START SKIP ANCHOR TAIL CASEARRAY BACKWARDSFLG)
                                                                           ; Edited  6-Jan-88 12:44 by jds
     (DECLARE (GLOBALVARS \TRANSPARENT))
     (PROG (PATLEN PATBASE PATOFFST STRINGLEN STRINGBASE STRINGOFFST MAXI JMAX 1stPATchar jthPATchar STRFAT
                 PATFAT)
          [COND
            ((LITATOM PAT)
             (SETQ PATBASE (fetch (LITATOM PNAMEBASE) of PAT))
             (SETQ PATOFFST 1)
             (SETQ PATLEN (fetch (LITATOM PNAMELENGTH) of PAT))
             (SETQ PATFAT (fetch (LITATOM FATPNAMEP) of PAT)))
            (T (OR (STRINGP PAT)
                   (SETQ PAT (MKSTRING PAT)))
               (SETQ PATBASE (fetch (STRINGP BASE) of PAT))
               (SETQ PATOFFST (fetch (STRINGP OFFST) of PAT))
               (SETQ PATLEN (fetch (STRINGP LENGTH) of PAT))
               (SETQ PATFAT (fetch (STRINGP FATSTRINGP) of PAT]
          [COND
            ((LITATOM STRING)
             (SETQ STRINGBASE (fetch (LITATOM PNAMEBASE) of STRING))
             (SETQ STRINGOFFST 1)
             (SETQ STRINGLEN (fetch (LITATOM PNAMELENGTH) of STRING))
             (SETQ STRFAT (fetch (LITATOM FATPNAMEP) of STRING)))
            (T (OR (STRINGP STRING)
                   (SETQ STRING (MKSTRING STRING)))
               (SETQ STRINGBASE (fetch (STRINGP BASE) of STRING))
               (SETQ STRINGOFFST (fetch (STRINGP OFFST) of STRING))
               (SETQ STRINGLEN (fetch (STRINGP LENGTH) of STRING))
               (SETQ STRFAT (fetch (STRINGP FATSTRINGP) of STRING]
          (COND
            ([IGEQ 0 (SETQ MAXI (ADD1 (IDIFFERENCE STRINGLEN PATLEN]
                                                                           ; Who's he kidding?  The PATTERN length is greater than the
```

```
                                                                                    ; STRING length
                  (RETURN)))
            (COND
              [(NULL START)
               (SETQ START (COND
                              (BACKWARDSFLG MAXI)
                              (T 1]
              [(ILESSP START 0)
               (add START (ADD1 STRINGLEN))
               (COND
                  ((ILESSP START 1)
                   (RETURN]
                ((IGREATERP START MAXI)
                 (RETURN)))                                        ; Normalize start to a 1-origin index between 1 and LEN
            [COND
              ((ILEQ PATLEN 0)
               (RETURN (AND TAIL START]                            ; Null pattern matches anything -- but (STRPOS "" "") is NIL
                                                                   ; unless TAIL is T.
            (AND SKIP (SETQ SKIP (CHCON1 SKIP)))
            (COND
              ((NULL CASEARRAY)
               (SETQ CASEARRAY \TRANSPARENT))
              ([NOT (AND (ARRAYP CASEARRAY)
                         (OR (EQ \ST.BYTE (fetch (ARRAYP TYP) of CASEARRAY))
                             (EQ \ST.POS16 (fetch (ARRAYP TYP) of CASEARRAY]
               (\ILLEGAL.ARG CASEARRAY)))                          ; Oh, for a LET here!
            (add STRINGOFFST -1)
            (add PATOFFST -1)
            (RETURN (PROG ((CAOFFST (fetch (ARRAYP OFFST) of CASEARRAY))
                           (CABASE (fetch (ARRAYP BASE) of CASEARRAY))
                           (CAFAT (EQ \ST.POS16 (fetch (ARRAYP TYP) of CASEARRAY)))
                           (CASIZE (fetch (ARRAYP LENGTH) of CASEARRAY))
                           [OFFST.I (IPLUS STRINGOFFST START (COND
                                                               (BACKWARDSFLG 1)
                                                               (T -1]
                           [LASTI (IPLUS STRINGOFFST (COND
                                                       (ANCHOR START)
                                                       (BACKWARDSFLG 1)
                                                       (T MAXI]
                           (JSTART (IPLUS PATOFFST 2))
                           (JMAX (IPLUS PATOFFST PATLEN)))          ; Remember! START is a 1-origin index
                                                                    ; There will be at least one pass thru the following loop, or else
                                                                    ; we would have (RETURN) before now
                      (OR (EQ 0 CAOFFST)
                          (ERROR "CASEARRAY can't be a sub-array: " CASEARRAY))
                      [SETQ 1stPATchar (\CATRANSLATE CABASE CASIZE CAFAT (\GETBASECHAR PATFAT PATBASE
                                                                                        (ADD1 PATOFFST]
                  LP  [COND
                        ((COND
                           (BACKWARDSFLG (ILESSP (add OFFST.I -1)
                                                 LASTI))
                           (T (IGREATERP (add OFFST.I 1)
                                         LASTI)))
                         (RETURN))
                        ([AND [OR (EQ 1stPATchar SKIP)
                                  (EQ 1stPATchar (\CATRANSLATE CABASE CASIZE CAFAT (\GETBASECHAR STRFAT
                                                                                        STRINGBASE OFFST.I]
                              (for J from JSTART to JMAX as K from (ADD1 OFFST.I)
                                 always (OR [EQ SKIP (SETQ jthPATchar (\CATRANSLATE CABASE CASIZE CAFAT
                                                                                  (\GETBASECHAR PATFAT PATBASE J]
                                            (EQ jthPATchar (\CATRANSLATE CABASE CASIZE CAFAT
                                                                        (\GETBASECHAR STRFAT STRINGBASE K]
                         (RETURN (IDIFFERENCE (COND
                                                (TAIL (IPLUS OFFST.I PATLEN))
                                                (T OFFST.I))
                                              STRINGOFFST]
                      (GO LP)                                       ; Fall out thru bottom if didn't find it

                  ])
)


(CL:DEFUN XCL:PACK (NAMES &OPTIONAL (PACKAGE *PACKAGE*))

;;; NAMES should be a list of symbols and strings.  A new symbol is created in the given package with a print name equal to the concatenation of the of
;;; the NAMES.

    (CL:INTERN (CONCATLIST NAMES)
          PACKAGE))


(CL:DEFUN XCL:PACK* (&REST NAMES)

;;; NAMES should be a list of symbols and strings.  A new symbol is created in the current package with a print name equal to the concatenation of the of
;;; the NAMES.
```

```
    (CL:INTERN (CONCATLIST NAMES)))

(DECLARE%: DOEVAL@COMPILE DONTCOPY

(GLOBALVARS \SIGNFLAG \PRINTRADIX)
)

(DECLARE%: DONTCOPY

(DECLARE%: EVAL@COMPILE

(PUTPROPS \CATRANSLATE MACRO (OPENLAMBDA (CABASE CASIZE CAFAT CHAR)
                                    (COND
                                        ((ILEQ CHAR CASIZE)              ; If it's in the table, use the table value
                                         (\GETBASEBYTE CABASE CHAR))
                                        (T                              ; Off the end -- assume it's itself
                                            CHAR))))
)
)

(DEFINEQ
```

(**STRPOSL**
```
  [LAMBDA (A STRING START NEG BACKWARDSFLG)                            (* edited%: "18-Mar-86 17:20")

    ;; Given a list of charcodes, A, find the first one in STRING.

    (GLOBALRESOURCE \STRPOSLARRAY (PROG (BASE OFFST LEN I LASTI STRFAT CH)
                                    (OR (type? CHARTABLE A)
                                        (SETQ A (MAKEBITTABLE A NIL \STRPOSLARRAY)))
                                    (if (LITATOM STRING)
                                        then (SETQ BASE (fetch (LITATOM PNAMEBASE) of STRING))
                                             (SETQ LEN (fetch (LITATOM PNAMELENGTH) of STRING))
                                             (SETQ OFFST 1)
                                             (SETQ STRFAT (fetch (LITATOM FATPNAMEP) of STRING))
                                      else (OR (STRINGP STRING)
                                               (SETQ STRING (MKSTRING STRING)))
                                           (SETQ BASE (fetch (STRINGP BASE) of STRING))
                                           (SETQ LEN (fetch (STRINGP LENGTH) of STRING))
                                           (SETQ OFFST (fetch (STRINGP OFFST) of STRING))
                                           (SETQ STRFAT (fetch (STRINGP FATSTRINGP) of STRING)))
                                    (if (NULL START)
                                        then (SETQ START (if BACKWARDSFLG
                                                             then LEN
                                                           else 1))
                                      elseif (ILESSP START 0)
                                        then (add START (ADD1 LEN))
                                             (if (ILESSP START 1)
                                                 then (RETURN))
                                      elseif (IGREATERP START LEN)
                                        then (RETURN))            ; Normalize start to a 1-origin index between 1 and LEN
                                    (add OFFST -1)                ; Bias the OFFST since START is 1-origin and the loop deals in
                                                                 ; 0-origin
                                    (SETQ NEG (if NEG
                                                  then            ; Convert NEG to match the correct value returned by
                                                                 ; \SYNCODE

                                                       0
                                                else 1))
                                    (SETQ I (IPLUS OFFST START))
                                    (SETQ LASTI (IPLUS OFFST (if BACKWARDSFLG
                                                                  then (add I 1)
                                                                       1
                                                                else (add I -1)
                                                                     LEN)))
                                                                 ; There will be at least one pass thru the following loop, or else
                                                                 ; we would have (RETURN) before now
                              LP  (if (if BACKWARDSFLG
                                          then (ILESSP (add I -1)
                                                       LASTI)
                                        else (IGREATERP (add I 1)
                                                        LASTI))
                                      then (RETURN)
                                    elseif (EQ NEG (\SYNCODE A (\GETBASECHAR STRFAT BASE I)))
                                      then (RETURN (IDIFFERENCE I OFFST)))
                                    (GO LP)])
```

(**MAKEBITTABLE**
```
  [LAMBDA (L NEG A)                                                   ; Edited  2-Sep-91 20:43 by jrb:
     [COND
        [(type? CHARTABLE A)                                          ; Clear it
         (\ZEROBYTES A 0 \MAXTHINCHAR)
         (if (fetch (CHARTABLE NSCHARHASH) of A)
             then (CLRHASH (fetch (CHARTABLE NSCHARHASH) of A]
        (T (SETQ A (create CHARTABLE]
     (for X in L do (\SETSYNCODE A (OR (SMALLP X)
                                       (CHCON1 X))
                          1))                                         ; Invert 1 and 0 if NEG
```

```
    [AND NEG (for I from 0 to \MAXCHAR do (\SETSYNCODE A I (LOGXOR 1 (\SYNCODE A I]
    A])
)

(DECLARE%: DONTCOPY

(DECLARE%: EVAL@COMPILE

[PUTDEF '\STRPOSLARRAY 'RESOURCES '(NEW (NCREATE 'CHARTABLE]
)
)

(/SETTOPVAL '\\STRPOSLARRAY.GLOBALRESOURCE NIL)

(DEFINEQ
```

(CASEARRAY
```
  [LAMBDA (OLDAR)                                                  (* lmm "20-MAR-81 10:21")
    (COND
      (OLDAR (COPYARRAY OLDAR))
      (T (PROG ((AR (ARRAY 256 'BYTE 0 0)))
               (for I from 0 to 255 do (SETA AR I I))
               (RETURN AR])
```

(UPPERCASEARRAY
```
  [LAMBDA NIL                                                      (* rmk%: " 2-Apr-85 11:22")
    (OR (ARRAYP UPPERCASEARRAY)
        (LET ((CA (CASEARRAY)))
             [for I from (CHARCODE a) to (CHARCODE z) do (SETCASEARRAY CA I (IDIFFERENCE
                                                                              I
                                                                              (CONSTANT (IDIFFERENCE (CHARCODE
                                                                                                       a)
                                                                                                (CHARCODE A]
             (SETQ UPPERCASEARRAY CA])
```

(LOWERCASEARRAY
```
  [LAMBDA NIL                                                      ; Edited  7-Feb-91 10:21 by jrb:
    (OR (ARRAYP LOWERCASEARRAY)
        (LET ((CA (CASEARRAY)))
             [for I from (CHARCODE A) to (CHARCODE Z) do (SETCASEARRAY CA I (IPLUS I (CONSTANT
                                                                                       (IDIFFERENCE (CHARCODE
                                                                                                       a)
                                                                                                (CHARCODE A]
             (SETQ LOWERCASEARRAY CA])
```

(FLIPCASEARRAY
```
  [LAMBDA NIL                                                      ; Edited  7-Feb-91 10:24 by jrb:
    (OR (ARRAYP FLIPCASEARRAY)
        (LET ((CA (CASEARRAY)))
             [for I from (CHARCODE A) to (CHARCODE Z) do (SETCASEARRAY CA I (IPLUS I (CONSTANT
                                                                                       (IDIFFERENCE (CHARCODE
                                                                                                       a)
                                                                                                (CHARCODE A]
             [for I from (CHARCODE a) to (CHARCODE z) do (SETCASEARRAY CA I (IDIFFERENCE
                                                                              I
                                                                              (CONSTANT (IDIFFERENCE (CHARCODE
                                                                                                       a)
                                                                                                (CHARCODE A]
             (SETQ FLIPCASEARRAY CA])
)

(MOVD? 'SETA 'SETCASEARRAY)

(MOVD? 'ELT 'GETCASEARRAY)

(DECLARE%: DONTEVAL@LOAD DOCOPY

(RPAQ \TRANSPARENT (CASEARRAY))

(RPAQ UPPERCASEARRAY (UPPERCASEARRAY))

(RPAQ LOWERCASEARRAY (LOWERCASEARRAY))

(RPAQ FLIPCASEARRAY (FLIPCASEARRAY))
)

(DECLARE%: EVAL@COMPILE

(PUTPROPS UPPERCASEARRAY GLOBALVAR T)

(DECLARE%: DOEVAL@COMPILE DONTCOPY
```

```
(GLOBALVARS \TRANSPARENT)
)
)

(DEFINEQ

(FILEPOS
  [LAMBDA (STR FILE START END SKIP TAIL CASEARRAY)                    (* Pavel "12-Oct-86 15:13")

    ;; NB: this function now works on non-PAGEMAPPED files.  It must use only IO functions that respect that.

    (PROG ((SKIPCHAR (AND SKIP (CHCON1 SKIP)))
           [CA (fetch (ARRAYP BASE) of (COND
                                         [CASEARRAY (COND
                                                      ((AND (ARRAYP CASEARRAY)
                                                            (EQ (fetch (ARRAYP TYP) of CASEARRAY)
                                                                \ST.BYTE))
                                                       CASEARRAY)
                                                      (T (CASEARRAY CASEARRAY]
                                         (T \TRANSPARENT]
           (STREAM (\GETSTREAM FILE 'INPUT))
           CHAR FIRSTCHAR STRBASE STRINDEX PATLEN PATINDEX ORGFILEPTR LASTINDEX STARTBYTE ENDBYTE BIGENDBYTE
           STARTSEG ENDSEG)
          [COND
            ((LITATOM STR)
             (SETQ STRBASE (fetch (LITATOM PNAMEBASE) of STR))
             (SETQ STRINDEX 1)
             (SETQ PATLEN (fetch (LITATOM PNAMELENGTH) of STR)))
            (T (OR (STRINGP STR)
                   (SETQ STR (MKSTRING STR)))
               (SETQ STRBASE (fetch (STRINGP BASE) of STR))
               (SETQ STRINDEX (fetch (STRINGP OFFST) of STR))
               (SETQ PATLEN (fetch (STRINGP LENGTH) of STR]          ; calculate start addr and set file ptr.
          [SETQ STARTBYTE (COND
                            (START (COND
                                     ((NOT (AND (FIXP START)
                                                (IGEQ START 0)))
                                      (LISPERROR "ILLEGAL ARG" START)))
                                   (SETQ ORGFILEPTR (\GETFILEPTR STREAM))
                                   (\SETFILEPTR STREAM START)
                                   START)
                            (T (SETQ ORGFILEPTR (\GETFILEPTR STREAM]
                                                                     ; calculate the character address of the character after the last
                                                                     ; possible match.
          [SETQ ENDBYTE (ADD1 (COND
                                ((NULL END)                          ; Default is end of file
                                 (IDIFFERENCE (\GETEOFPTR STREAM)
                                              PATLEN))
                                ((IGEQ END 0)                        ; Absolute byte pointer given
                                 (IMIN END (IDIFFERENCE (\GETEOFPTR STREAM)
                                                        PATLEN)))
                                ((IGREATERP PATLEN (IMINUS END))
                                                                     ; END is too far, use eof less length
                                 (IDIFFERENCE (\GETEOFPTR STREAM)
                                              PATLEN))
                                (T (IDIFFERENCE (IPLUS (\GETEOFPTR STREAM)
                                                       END 1)
                                                PATLEN]

    ;; use STARTBYTE and ENDBYTE instead of START and END because vm functions shouldn't change their arguments.

          (COND
            ((IGEQ STARTBYTE ENDBYTE)                                ; nothing to search
             (GO FAILED)))
          (SETQ LASTINDEX PATLEN)
     SKIPLP
                                                                     ; set the first character to FIRSTCHAR, handling leading skips.
          (COND
            ((EQ LASTINDEX 0)                                        ; null case
             (GO FOUNDIT))
            ((EQ (SETQ FIRSTCHAR (\GETBASEBYTE CA (\GETBASEBYTE STRBASE STRINDEX)))
                 SKIPCHAR)                                           ; first character in pattern is skip.
             (SETQ LASTINDEX (SUB1 LASTINDEX))
             (\BIN STREAM)                                           ; Move forward a character.
             (add STRINDEX 1)
             (add STARTBYTE 1)
             (GO SKIPLP)))
          (SETQ LASTINDEX (IPLUS LASTINDEX STRINDEX))               ; Used for end of pattern check, comparing against current
                                                                     ; INDEX
          [COND
            ((SMALLP ENDBYTE)
             (SETQ STARTSEG (SETQ ENDSEG 0)))
            (T
             ;; The search will be in the large integers at least part of the time, so split the start and end fileptrs into hi and lo parts.  The
             ;; 'segment' size we choose is smaller than 2^16 so that we are still smallp near the boundary (can get around that here by
             ;; decrementing everyone, but can't in FFILEPOS).  Note that STARTBYTE and ENDBYTE are never actually used as file ptrs, just
             ;; for counting.

             (SETQ ENDSEG (FOLDLO ENDBYTE FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE))
```

```
                    (SETQ BIGENDBYTE (IMOD ENDBYTE FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE))
                    (SETQ STARTSEG (FOLDLO STARTBYTE FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE))
                    (SETQ STARTBYTE (IMOD STARTBYTE FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE))
                    (SETQ ENDBYTE (COND
                                    ((EQ STARTSEG ENDSEG)
                                     BIGENDBYTE)
                                    (T  ;; In different segments, so we'll have to search all the way to the end of this seg;  hence, 'end' is
                                        ;; currently as big as it gets
                                     FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE]
            FIRSTCHARLP


        ;; STARTBYTE is the possible beginning of a match.  the file ptr of the file is always at STARTBYTE position when the FIRSTCHAR loop is
        ;; passed.
                (COND
                    ((EQ STARTBYTE ENDBYTE)                               ; end of this part of search
                     (COND
                        ((EQ STARTSEG ENDSEG)                             ; failed
                         (GO FAILED)))                                    ; Finished this segment, roll over into new one
                     (SETQ STARTBYTE 0)                                   ; = STARTBYTE-FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE
                     [COND
                        ((EQ (add STARTSEG 1)
                             ENDSEG)                                      ; Entering final segment, so set ENDBYTE to actual end instead
                                                                         ; of segment end
                         (COND
                            ((EQ (SETQ ENDBYTE BIGENDBYTE)
                                 0)
                             (GO FAILED]
                     (GO FIRSTCHARLP))
                    ((NEQ FIRSTCHAR (\GETBASEBYTE CA (\BIN STREAM)))
                     (add STARTBYTE 1)
                     (GO FIRSTCHARLP)))
                (SETQ PATINDEX STRINDEX)
            MATCHLP
                                                                         ; At this point, STR is matched thru offset PATINDEX
                (COND
                    ((EQ (SETQ PATINDEX (ADD1 PATINDEX))
                         LASTINDEX)                                       ; matched for entire length
                     (GO FOUNDIT))
                    ((OR (EQ (SETQ CHAR (\GETBASEBYTE CA (\GETBASEBYTE STRBASE PATINDEX)))
                             (\GETBASEBYTE CA (\BIN STREAM)))
                         (EQ CHAR SKIPCHAR))                             ; Char from file matches char from STR
                     (GO MATCHLP))
                    (T                                                    ; Match failed, so we have to start again with first char
                       (\SETFILEPTR STREAM (IDIFFERENCE (\GETFILEPTR STREAM)
                                                        (IDIFFERENCE PATINDEX STRINDEX)))

                      ;; Back up over the chars we have just read in trying to match, less one.  I.e.  go back to one past the previous starting point

                       (add STARTBYTE 1)
                       (GO FIRSTCHARLP)))
            FOUNDIT
                                                                         ; set fileptr, adjust for beginning skips and return proper value.
                [COND
                    ((NOT TAIL)                                           ; Fileptr wants to be at start of string
                     (\SETFILEPTR STREAM (IDIFFERENCE (\GETFILEPTR STREAM)
                                                      PATLEN]
                (RETURN (\GETFILEPTR STREAM))
            FAILED
                                                                         ; return the fileptr to its initial position.
                (\SETFILEPTR STREAM ORGFILEPTR)
                (RETURN NIL])
```

(**FFILEPOS**
```
  [LAMBDA (PATTERN FILE START END SKIP TAIL CASEARRAY)                   (* Pavel "12-Oct-86 15:20")
    (PROG ([OFD (\GETOFD (OR FILE (INPUT]
           PATBASE PATOFFSET PATLEN ORGFILEPTR STARTOFFSET ENDOFFSET BIGENDOFFSET STARTSEG ENDSEG EOF)
          (COND
            (SKIP                                                        ; Slow case--use FILEPOS
                 (GO TRYFILEPOS))
            ((NOT (fetch PAGEMAPPED of (fetch (STREAM DEVICE) of OFD)))
                                                                         ; This is a non-page-oriented file.  Use FILEPOS instead.
             (GO TRYFILEPOS)))                                           ; calculate start addr and set file ptr.
          [COND
            ((LITATOM PATTERN)
             (SETQ PATBASE (fetch (LITATOM PNAMEBASE) of PATTERN))
             (SETQ PATOFFSET 1)
             (SETQ PATLEN (fetch (LITATOM PNAMELENGTH) of PATTERN)))
            (T (OR (STRINGP PATTERN)
                   (SETQ PATTERN (MKSTRING PATTERN)))
               (SETQ PATBASE (fetch (STRINGP BASE) of PATTERN))
               (SETQ PATOFFSET (fetch (STRINGP OFFST) of PATTERN))
               (SETQ PATLEN (fetch (STRINGP LENGTH) of PATTERN]
          (COND
            ((OR (IGREATERP PATLEN \MAX.PATTERN.SIZE)
                 (ILESSP PATLEN \MIN.PATTERN.SIZE))
```

```
                (GO TRYFILEPOS)))
            (SETQ ORGFILEPTR (\GETFILEPTR OFD))
            (SETQ STARTOFFSET (IPLUS (COND
                                        (START (COND
                                                 ((NOT (AND (FIXP START)
                                                            (IGEQ START 0)))
                                                  (LISPERROR "ILLEGAL ARG" START)))
                                               START)
                                        (T ORGFILEPTR))
                                     (SUB1 PATLEN)))                ; STARTOFFSET is the address of the character corresponding
                                                                   ; to the last character of PATTERN.
            (SETQ EOF (\GETEOFPTR OFD))                            ; calculate the character address of the character after the last
                                                                   ; possible match.
            [SETQ ENDOFFSET (COND
                                ((NULL END)                        ; Default is end of file
                                 EOF)
                                (T (IMIN (IPLUS (COND
                                                  ((ILESSP END 0)
                                                   (IPLUS EOF END 1))
                                                  (T END))
                                                PATLEN)
                                         EOF]
```

;; use STARTOFFSET and ENDOFFSET instead of START and END because vm functions shouldn't change their arguments.

```
            (COND
                ((IGEQ STARTOFFSET ENDOFFSET)                      ; nothing to search
                 (RETURN))
                ((ILESSP (IDIFFERENCE ENDOFFSET STARTOFFSET)
                         \MIN.SEARCH.LENGTH)                       ; too small to make FFILEPOS worthwhile
                 (GO TRYFILEPOS)))
            (\SETFILEPTR OFD STARTOFFSET)
            [RETURN (GLOBALRESOURCE (\FFDELTA1 \FFDELTA2 \FFPATCHAR)
                       (PROG ((CASE (fetch (ARRAYP BASE) of (COND
                                                              [CASEARRAY
                                                               (COND
                                                                 ((AND (ARRAYP CASEARRAY)
                                                                       (EQ (fetch (ARRAYP TYP) of CASEARRAY)
                                                                           \ST.BYTE))
                                                                  CASEARRAY)
                                                                 (T (CASEARRAY CASEARRAY]
                                                              (T \TRANSPARENT))))
                              (DELTA1 (fetch (ARRAYP BASE) of \FFDELTA1))
                              (DELTA2 (fetch (ARRAYP BASE) of \FFDELTA2))
                              (PATCHAR (fetch (ARRAYP BASE) of \FFPATCHAR))
                              (MAXPATINDEX (SUB1 PATLEN))
                              CHAR CURPATINDEX LASTCHAR INC)
```

;; Use Boyer-Moore string search algorithm. Use two auxiliary tables, DELTA1 and DELTA2, to tell how far ahead to
;; move in the file when a partial match fails. DELTA1 contains, for each character code, the distance of that
;; character from the right end of the pattern, or PATLEN if the character does not occur in the pattern. DELTA2
;; contains, for each character position in the pattern, how far ahead to move such that the partial substring
;; discovered to the right of the position now matches some other substring (to the left) in the pattern. PATCHAR is
;; just PATTERN translated thru CASEARRAY

```
                           (\SETUP.FFILEPOS PATBASE PATOFFSET PATLEN PATCHAR DELTA1 DELTA2 CASE)
                           [COND
                               ((SMALLP ENDOFFSET)
                                (SETQ STARTSEG (SETQ ENDSEG 0)))
                               (T
```

;; The search will be in the large integers at least part of the time, so split the start and end fileptrs into
;; hi and lo parts. The 'segment' size we choose is smaller than 2^16 so that we are still smallp near
;; the boundary. Note that STARTOFFSET and ENDOFFSET are never actually used as file ptrs, just
;; for counting.

```
                                (SETQ ENDSEG (FOLDLO ENDOFFSET FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE))
                                (SETQ BIGENDOFFSET (MOD ENDOFFSET FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE))
                                (SETQ STARTSEG (FOLDLO STARTOFFSET FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE))
                                (SETQ STARTOFFSET (MOD STARTOFFSET FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE))
                                (SETQ ENDOFFSET (COND
                                                  ((EQ STARTSEG ENDSEG)
                                                   BIGENDOFFSET)
                                                  (T
```

;; In different segments, so we'll have to search all the way to the end of this seg; hence,
;; 'end' is currently as big as it gets

```
                                                   FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE]
                           (SETQ LASTCHAR (GETBASEBYTE PATCHAR MAXPATINDEX))
                       FIRSTCHARLP
                           (COND
                               [(IGEQ STARTOFFSET ENDOFFSET)       ; End of this chunk
                                (COND
                                    ((EQ STARTSEG ENDSEG)          ; failed
                                     (GO FAILED))
                                    (T                             ; Finished this segment, roll over into new one
                                       (add STARTSEG 1)
                                       (SETQ STARTOFFSET (IDIFFERENCE STARTOFFSET FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE))
                                       (COND
                                           ((EQ STARTSEG ENDSEG)
                                            (SETQ ENDOFFSET BIGENDOFFSET)))
```

```
                                       (GO FIRSTCHARLP]
                             ((NEQ (SETQ CHAR (GETBASEBYTE CASE (\BIN OFD)))
                                    LASTCHAR)
                               (add STARTOFFSET (SETQ INC (GETBASEBYTE DELTA1 CHAR)))
                               (OR (EQ INC 1)
                                   (\INCFILEPTR OFD (SUB1 INC)))
                                                          ; advance file pointer accordingly (\BIN already advanced it one)
                               (GO FIRSTCHARLP)))
                             (SETQ CURPATINDEX (SUB1 MAXPATINDEX))
                       MATCHLP
                             (COND
                               ((ILESSP CURPATINDEX 0)
                                (GO FOUNDIT)))
                             (\DECFILEPTR OFD 2)                     ; back up to read previous char
                             (COND
                               ((NEQ (SETQ CHAR (GETBASEBYTE CASE (\BIN OFD)))
                                     (GETBASEBYTE PATCHAR CURPATINDEX))
                                                          ; Mismatch, advance by greater of delta1 and delta2
                                (add STARTOFFSET (IDIFFERENCE (SETQ INC (IMAX (GETBASEBYTE DELTA1 CHAR)
                                                                              (GETBASEBYTE DELTA2 CURPATINDEX
                                                                                )))
                                                             (IDIFFERENCE MAXPATINDEX CURPATINDEX)))
                                (OR (EQ INC 1)
                                    (\INCFILEPTR OFD (SUB1 INC)))
                                (GO FIRSTCHARLP)))
                             (SETQ CURPATINDEX (SUB1 CURPATINDEX))
                             (GO MATCHLP)
                       FOUNDIT
                                                          ; set fileptr, adjust for beginning skips and return proper value.
                             (\INCFILEPTR OFD (COND
                                                (TAIL          ; Put fileptr at end of string
                                                      (SUB1 PATLEN))
                                                (T             ; back up over the last char we looked at, i.e.  the first char of
                                                               ; string
                                                   -1)))
                             (RETURN (\GETFILEPTR OFD))
                       FAILED
                                                          ; return the fileptr to its initial position.
                             (\SETFILEPTR OFD ORGFILEPTR)
                             (RETURN NIL]
           TRYFILEPOS
                 (RETURN (FILEPOS PATTERN OFD START END SKIP TAIL CASEARRAY])
```

(**SETUP.FFILEPOS**

```
  [LAMBDA (PATBASE PATOFFSET PATLEN PATCHAR DELTA1 DELTA2 CASE)   (* jop%: "25-Sep-86 11:44")
```

;;;; Set up PATCHAR, DELTA1 and DELTA2 arrays from string. This is a separate function currently so I can gather stats on it

```
    (PROG ((PATLEN,PATLEN (IPLUS (LLSH PATLEN BITSPERBYTE)
                                 PATLEN))
          (MAXPATINDEX (SUB1 PATLEN))
          CHAR)
         (for I from 0 to (FOLDLO \MAXCHAR BYTESPERWORD) do (PUTBASE DELTA1 I PATLEN,PATLEN))
```

     ;; DELTA1 initially all PATLEN, the default for chars not in the pattern. I assume array is word-aligned

```
         (for I from 0 to MAXPATINDEX do [PUTBASEBYTE PATCHAR I (SETQ CHAR (GETBASEBYTE CASE
                                                                                    (GETBASEBYTE PATBASE
                                                                                         (IPLUS PATOFFSET I]
                                                          ; Translate STR now so we don't have to do it repeatedly
                                             (PUTBASEBYTE DELTA1 CHAR (IDIFFERENCE MAXPATINDEX I))
                                                          ; DELTA1 = how far ahead to move when we mismatch with this
                                                          ; char
                                             )
```

     ;; Now set up DELTA2. Scan pattern backwards. For each character, we want to find the rightmost reoccurrence of the substring consisting of
     ;; the chars to the right of the current char. This is slightly different than Boyer-Moore, in that we do not insist that it be the rightmost reoccurrence
     ;; that is not preceded by the current char. Small difference, noticeable only in patterns that contain multiple occurrences of tails of the pattern.
     ;; The following loop calculates DELTA2 in almost the obvious way, using the observation that DELTA2 is strictly increasing (by our definition) as
     ;; the pattern index decreases. This algorithm is potentially quadratic, as it amounts to searching a string (PATTERN, backwards) for a given
     ;; substring in the 'dumb' way; fortunately, it is rarely so in practice for 'normal' patterns

```
         (for P from (SUB1 MAXPATINDEX) to 0 by -1 bind (LASTD2 _ 1)
                                                        (LASTMATCHPOS _ MAXPATINDEX)
             do (PUTBASEBYTE DELTA2 P
                      (SETQ LASTD2
                        (COND
                          ([OR (IGEQ LASTD2 PATLEN)
                               (EQ (GETBASEBYTE PATCHAR (IDIFFERENCE MAXPATINDEX LASTD2))
                                   (GETBASEBYTE PATCHAR (ADD1 P]
```

                          ;; The last time around we matched a terminal substring somehow, and now the next char matches the char before
                          ;; that substring, so DELTA2 is just one more, i.e. the match continues. Once we've overflowed the pattern, the
                          ;; 'match' continues trivially

```
                           (ADD1 LASTD2))
                          (T [do (SETQ LASTMATCHPOS (SUB1 LASTMATCHPOS))
                                 repeatuntil (for I from MAXPATINDEX to (ADD1 P) by -1 as J from LASTMATCHPOS
                                                  to 0 by -1 always (EQ (GETBASEBYTE PATCHAR I)
```

```
                                                            (GETBASEBYTE PATCHAR J]
                                              ; Substring from P+1 onward matches substring that ends at
                                              ; LASTMATCHPOS
                     (IPLUS (IDIFFERENCE MAXPATINDEX LASTMATCHPOS)
                            (IDIFFERENCE MAXPATINDEX P]))
)

(DECLARE%: EVAL@COMPILE DONTCOPY

(DECLARE%: EVAL@COMPILE

[PUTDEF '\FFDELTA1 'RESOURCES '(NEW (ARRAY (ADD1 \MAXCHAR)
                                            'BYTE]

[PUTDEF '\FFDELTA2 'RESOURCES '(NEW (ARRAY \MAX.PATTERN.SIZE 'BYTE]

[PUTDEF '\FFPATCHAR 'RESOURCES '(NEW (ARRAY \MAX.PATTERN.SIZE 'BYTE]
)

(DECLARE%: EVAL@COMPILE

(RPAQQ \MAX.PATTERN.SIZE 128)

(RPAQQ \MIN.PATTERN.SIZE 3)

(RPAQQ FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE 32768)

(RPAQQ \MIN.SEARCH.LENGTH 100)

(CONSTANTS (\MAX.PATTERN.SIZE 128)
       (\MIN.PATTERN.SIZE 3)
       (FILEPOS.SEGMENT.SIZE 32768)
       (\MIN.SEARCH.LENGTH 100))
)
)

(/SETTOPVAL '\\FFDELTA1.GLOBALRESOURCE NIL)

(/SETTOPVAL '\\FFDELTA2.GLOBALRESOURCE NIL)

(/SETTOPVAL '\\FFPATCHAR.GLOBALRESOURCE NIL)
```

;; DATE Functions

```
(DEFINEQ

(DATE
  [LAMBDA (FORMAT)                                    (* raf "16-Oct-86 17:16")
    (\OUTDATE (\UNPACKDATE)
          FORMAT])


(DATEFORMAT
  [NLAMBDA FORMAT                                     (* raf "16-Oct-86 17:17")
    (CONS 'DATEFORMAT FORMAT])


(GDATE
  [LAMBDA (DATE FORMAT STRPTR)                        (* raf "16-Oct-86 17:17")
    (\OUTDATE (\UNPACKDATE DATE)
          FORMAT STRPTR])


(IDATE
  [LAMBDA (STR DEFAULTTIME)                           ; Edited  4-May-89 18:22 by bvm
    (if (NULL STR)
        then (DAYTIME)
      else
        (PROG ((*STR* (MKSTRING STR))
               (*POS* 1)
               MONTH DAY YEAR HOUR MINUTES SECONDS N1 N2 CH DLS TIMEZONE)
              (DECLARE (CL:SPECIAL *STR* *POS*))
          TOP (OR (SETQ N1 (\IDATESCANTOKEN))
                  (RETURN NIL))
              (SELCHARQ (NTHCHARCODE *STR* *POS*)
                  ((/ - SPACE)                        ; Okay to put inside date
                    (add *POS* 1))
                  ("," (if (LISTP N1)
                           then                       ; Assume str was something like Mon, Apr 1.... Trash the day.
                             (add *POS* 1)
                             (GO TOP)))
                  ("." (if (LISTP N1)
                           then                       ; Abbreviated month?
                             (add *POS* 1)))
                  NIL)
              (OR (SETQ N2 (\IDATESCANTOKEN))
```

```
                  (RETURN NIL))
          (SELCHARQ (NTHCHARCODE *STR* *POS*)
                ((/ - SPACE %,)
                      (add *POS* 1))
                ("." (if (LISTP N2)
                          then                                             ; Abbreviated month?
                               (add *POS* 1)))
                NIL)
          (if [NOT (FIXP (SETQ YEAR (\IDATESCANTOKEN]
              then (RETURN NIL)
            elseif (< YEAR 100)
              then                                                         ; default to this century
                   (add YEAR 1900)
            elseif (OR (< YEAR 1900)
                       (> YEAR 2037))
              then                                                         ; out of range
                   (RETURN NIL))                                           ; Now figure out day and month
          (if (FIXP N2)
              then                                                         ; Must be month-day
                   (SETQ DAY N2)
                   (SETQ MONTH N1)
            elseif (FIXP (SETQ DAY N1))
              then                                                         ; day-month
                   (SETQ MONTH N2)
            else (RETURN NIL))
          (if (FIXP MONTH)
              then (if (OR (< MONTH 1)
                           (> MONTH 12))
                       then                                                ; invalid month
                            (RETURN NIL))
            elseif (SETQ MONTH (\IDATE-PARSE-MONTH MONTH))
            else (RETURN NIL))
          (if (OR (< DAY 1)
                  (> DAY (SELECTQ MONTH
                           ((9 4 6 11)                                     ; 30 days hath September...
                             30)
                           (2 (if (EVENP YEAR 4)
                                  then 29
                                else 28))
                           31)))
              then (RETURN NIL))
          (while (EQ (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* *POS*))
                     (CHARCODE SPACE))
             do                                                            ; Skip spaces
                (add *POS* 1))
          (SELCHARQ (NTHCHARCODE *STR* *POS*)
                ("," )                                                     ; Ok to terminate date with comma
                      (add *POS* 1))
                (NIL                                                       ; No time.  Ok if DEFAULTTIME passed in
                      (if (NULL DEFAULTTIME)
                          then (RETURN NIL))
                      (SETQ SECONDS (IREMAINDER DEFAULTTIME 60))
                      (SETQ MINUTES (IREMAINDER (SETQ DEFAULTTIME (IQUOTIENT DEFAULTTIME 60))
                                        60))
                      (SETQ HOUR (IQUOTIENT DEFAULTTIME 60))
                      (GO DONE))
                NIL)
      ;; Now scan time
          (if [NOT (FIXP (SETQ HOUR (\IDATESCANTOKEN]
              then (RETURN NIL))
          (if (EQ (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* *POS*))
                  (CHARCODE %:))
              then                                                        ; hh:mm
                   (add *POS* 1)
                   (OR (FIXP (SETQ MINUTES (\IDATESCANTOKEN)))
                       (RETURN NIL))
                   (if (EQ (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* *POS*))
                           (CHARCODE %:))
                       then                                               ; hh:mm:ss
                            (add *POS* 1)
                            (OR (FIXP (SETQ SECONDS (\IDATESCANTOKEN)))
                                (RETURN NIL))
                            (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* *POS*)))
            else                                                          ; break apart time given without colon
                 (SETQ MINUTES (IREMAINDER HOUR 100))
                 (SETQ HOUR (IQUOTIENT HOUR 100)))
          [if CH
              then                                                        ; There's more
                   [while (EQ CH (CHARCODE SPACE)) do                     ; Skip spaces
                                              (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* (add *POS* 1]
                   [if [AND (FMEMB CH (CHARCODE (A P a p)))
                            (FMEMB (NTHCHARCODE *STR* (ADD1 *POS*))
                                   (CHARCODE (M m)))
                            (FMEMB (NTHCHARCODE *STR* (+ *POS* 2))
                                   (CHARCODE (SPACE - NIL]
                       then                                               ; AM or PM appended
```

```
                                        (if (NOT (< HOUR 13))
                                            then                                    ; bogus
                                                 (RETURN NIL))
                                        (if (EQ HOUR 12)
                                            then                                    ; wrap to zero
                                                 (SETQ HOUR 0))
                                        (if (FMEMB CH (CHARCODE (P p)))
                                            then                                    ; PM = 12 hours later
                                                 (add HOUR 12))
                                        (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* (add *POS* 2)))
                                        (while (EQ CH (CHARCODE SPACE)) do   ; Skip spaces
                                                                    (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* (add *POS* 1]
                      ;; Now check for time zone

                      [if [AND (EQ CH (CHARCODE -))
                               (ALPHACHARP (NTHCHARCODE *STR* (ADD1 *POS*]
                          then                                               ; Some obsolete date forms gave time zone separated from time
                                                                             ; by hyphen
                               (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* (add *POS* 1]
                      (SELCHARQ CH
                           ((+ -)                                           ; Explicit offset +-hhmm from GMT
                            (add *POS* 1)
                            (if [NOT (FIXP (SETQ TIMEZONE (\IDATESCANTOKEN]
                                then (RETURN NIL))
                            (CL:MULTIPLE-VALUE-BIND (H M)
                                (CL:TRUNCATE TIMEZONE 100)
                              [SETQ TIMEZONE (if (EQ M 0)
                                                 then H
                                                 else                      ; Non-hour timezone.  Use ratios.
                                                      (+ H (/ M 60])
                            (if (EQ CH (CHARCODE +))
                                then                                        ; we represent time zones the other way around, so have to
                                                                            ; negate
                                     (SETQ TIMEZONE (- TIMEZONE)))))
                           (if (AND CH (ALPHACHARP CH))
                               then                                         ; Perhaps symbolic time zone
                                    (PROG ((START *POS*))
                                      LP  (if [NULL (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* (add *POS* 1]
                                              elseif (ALPHACHARP CH)
                                              then (GO LP)
                                              elseif (EQ CH (CHARCODE SPACE))
                                              then                          ; Space may terminate, except that some time zones have space
                                                                            ; in middle, e.g., EET DST.
                                                   (if (AND (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* (ADD1 *POS*)))
                                                            (ALPHACHARP CH))
                                                       then (add *POS* 1)
                                                            (GO LP))
                                              else                          ; Non-alphabetic in timezone
                                                   (RETURN NIL))
                                      ;; Potential time zone from START to before POS

                                          (SETQ TIMEZONE (SUBSTRING *STR* START (SUB1 *POS*)))
                                          (RETURN (SETQ TIMEZONE
                                                        (for ZONE in TIME.ZONES bind DST
                                                           do (if (STRING-EQUAL TIMEZONE (CADR ZONE))
                                                                  then (RETURN (CAR ZONE))
                                                                  elseif (AND (SETQ DST (CADDR ZONE))
                                                                              (STRING-EQUAL TIMEZONE DST))
                                                                  then   ; The daylight equivalent is off by one hour
                                                                       (RETURN (SUB1 (CAR ZONE]
              DONE
                  (RETURN (AND (< HOUR 24)
                               (< MINUTES 60)
                               (OR (NOT SECONDS)
                                   (< SECONDS 60))
                               (\PACKDATE YEAR (SUB1 MONTH)
                                       DAY HOUR MINUTES (OR SECONDS 0)
                                       TIMEZONE]))
```

(\\IDATESCANTOKEN

```
  [LAMBDA NIL                                                              ; Edited  4-May-89 15:20 by bvm
    (DECLARE (CL:SPECIAL *STR* *POS*))

    ;; Returns next token in STR, starting at POS.  Is either an integer or list of alphabetic charcodes.  Skips blanks

    (PROG (RESULT CH)
      LP  (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* *POS*))
          (RETURN (COND
                    ((NULL CH)
                     NIL)
                    ((EQ CH (CHARCODE SPACE))                              ; Skip leading spaces
                     (add *POS* 1)
                     (GO LP))
                    ((DIGITCHARP CH)
                     (SETQ RESULT (- CH (CHARCODE 0)))
                     [while (AND (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* (add *POS* 1)))
                                 (DIGITCHARP CH))
```

```
                                    do (SETQ RESULT (+ (- CH (CHARCODE 0))
                                                       (TIMES RESULT 10]
                              RESULT)
                           ((ALPHACHARP CH)
                            (CONS (UCASECODE CH)
                                  (while (AND (SETQ CH (NTHCHARCODE *STR* (add *POS* 1)))
                                              (ALPHACHARP CH))
                                     collect (UCASECODE CH))
```

(\IDATE-PARSE-MONTH
```
  [LAMBDA (MONTH)                                                       ; Edited  4-May-89 14:54 by bvm
```

;; MONTH is a list of upper case character codes. Figure out which month (1-12) we mean. We require that MONTH be at least 3 characters long
;; and a prefix of month name

;; These ugly macros produce code, essentially a decision tree, that walks down the list of char codes looking for exactly the right ones.

```
    (CL:MACROLET
     [[DISCRIMINATE (FORMS)

              ;; The entry -- start MINCHARS at 3 and turn the month names into char codes.  FORMS is quoted list to workaround masterscope
              ;; stupidity

              `(DISCRIMINATE-1 3 ,@(FOR F IN (CADR FORMS) COLLECT (CONS (CHCON (CAR F))
                                                                        (CDR F]
      [DISCRIMINATE-1 (MINCHARS &BODY FORMS)
          (IF (NULL (CDR FORMS))
              THEN                                                      ; only one case
                  `[COND
                      ((DISCRIMINATE-2 ,MINCHARS ,(CAAR FORMS))
                       ,@(CDAR FORMS]
              ELSE                                                      ; Discriminate on the first code and recur on the tails
                  (LIST* 'CASE `(CAR CODEVAR)
                         (WHILE FORMS BIND REST C
                            COLLECT (SETQ REST (CL:REMOVE (SETQ C (CAAAR FORMS))
                                                          FORMS :KEY 'CAAR))
                                 `(,C (SETQ CODEVAR (CDR CODEVAR))
                                      (DISCRIMINATE-1 ,(SUB1 MINCHARS)
                                         ,@(FOR F IN (CL:SET-DIFFERENCE FORMS (SETQ FORMS REST))
                                              COLLECT (CONS (CDAR F)
                                                            (CDR F]
      (DISCRIMINATE-2 (MINCHARS MATCHLST)

              ;; True if codes match MATCHLST, with prefix at least MINCHARS long.

              (IF (NULL MATCHLST)
                  THEN `(NULL CODEVAR)
                  ELSE (LET [[CODE `(AND (EQ (CAR CODEVAR)
                                        ,(POP MATCHLST))
                                    (PROGN (SETQ CODEVAR (CDR CODEVAR))
                                           (DISCRIMINATE-2 ,(SUB1 MINCHARS)
                                              ,MATCHLST]
                           (IF (<= MINCHARS 0)
                               THEN                                     ; Ok to match null
                                   `(OR (NULL CODEVAR)
                                      ,CODE)
                               ELSE                                     ; Must match exactly so far
                                   CODE]
      (LET ((CODEVAR MONTH))                                           ; This LET is solely to allow more compact code (PVAR_ is one
                                                                       ; byte less than IVARX_)
          (DISCRIMINATE '(("JANUARY" 1)
                          ("FEBRUARY" 2)
                          ("MARCH" 3)
                          ("APRIL" 4)
                          ("MAY" 5)
                          ("JUNE" 6)
                          ("JULY" 7)
                          ("AUGUST" 8)
                          ("SEPTEMBER" 9)
                          ("OCTOBER" 10)
                          ("NOVEMBER" 11)
                          ("DECEMBER" 12])
```

(\OUTDATE
```
  [LAMBDA (UD FORMAT STRING)                                           ; Edited 30-May-89 12:28 by bvm
    (DESTRUCTURING-BIND
     (YEAR MONTH DAY HOUR MINUTE SECOND DST WDAY)
     UD
     (LET ((SEPR (CHARCODE -))
           (HOUR.LENGTH 2)
           SIZE S N NO.DATE NO.TIME NO.LEADING.SPACES TIME.ZONE TIME.ZONE.LENGTH YEAR.LENGTH MONTH.LENGTH
           DAY.LENGTH WDAY.LENGTH NO.SECONDS NUMBER.OF.MONTH MONTH.LONG MONTH.LEADING YEAR.LONG DAY.OF.WEEK
           DAY.SHORT CIVILIAN.TIME)
          (if (NOT FORMAT)
              then NIL
            elseif (NEQ (CAR (LISTP FORMAT))
                        'DATEFORMAT)
              then (LISPERROR "ILLEGAL ARG" FORMAT)
            else (for TOKEN in FORMAT
```

```
              do (SELECTQ TOKEN
                     (NO.DATE (SETQ NO.DATE T))
                     (NO.TIME (SETQ NO.TIME T))
                     (NUMBER.OF.MONTH
                         (SETQ NUMBER.OF.MONTH T))
                     (YEAR.LONG (SETQ YEAR.LONG T))
                     (MONTH.LONG (SETQ MONTH.LONG T))
                     (MONTH.LEADING
                         (SETQ MONTH.LEADING T))
                     (SLASHES (SETQ SEPR (CHARCODE /)))
                     (SPACES (SETQ SEPR (CHARCODE SPACE)))
                     (NO.LEADING.SPACES
                         (SETQ NO.LEADING.SPACES T))
                     (TIME.ZONE (SETQ TIME.ZONE (OR [LISTP (CDR (if (FIXP \TimeZoneComp)
                                                                    then (ASSOC \TimeZoneComp TIME.ZONES)
                                                                    else
                                                          ; Ugh, not a small integer
                                                                        (CL:ASSOC \TimeZoneComp TIME.ZONES
                                                                              :TEST '=]
                                                \TimeZoneComp)))
                     (NO.SECONDS (SETQ NO.SECONDS T))
                     (DAY.OF.WEEK (SETQ DAY.OF.WEEK T))
                     (DAY.SHORT (SETQ DAY.SHORT T))
                     (CIVILIAN.TIME
                         (SETQ CIVILIAN.TIME T))
                     NIL)))
          [SETQ SIZE
           (+ (if NO.DATE
                  then 0
                else (+ (if MONTH.LEADING
                            then (SETQ SEPR (CHARCODE SPACE))
                                 (SETQ NUMBER.OF.MONTH NIL)              ; Will use a comma
                                 1
                          else 0)
                        (SETQ MONTH.LENGTH
                         (if NUMBER.OF.MONTH
                             then                                       ; Month input is zero-based
                                 (if (AND (< (add MONTH 1)
                                             10)
                                          NO.LEADING.SPACES)
                                     then 1
                                   else 2)
                           else [SETQ MONTH
                                  (CL:NTH MONTH
                                      '("January" "February" "March" "April" "May" "June" "July" "August"
                                        "September" "October" "November" "December"]
                                 (if MONTH.LONG
                                     then (NCHARS MONTH)
                                   else 3)))
                        (SETQ DAY.LENGTH (if (AND (OR NO.LEADING.SPACES MONTH.LEADING)
                                                  (< DAY 10))
                                            then 1
                                          else 2))
                        (SETQ YEAR.LENGTH (if (OR YEAR.LONG (> YEAR 1999))
                                             then 4
                                           else (SETQ YEAR (IREMAINDER YEAR 100))
                                                2))
                        (if DAY.OF.WEEK
                            then [SETQ DAY.OF.WEEK (CL:NTH WDAY '("Monday" "Tuesday" "Wednesday" "Thursday"
                                                                 "Friday" "Saturday" "Sunday"]
                                 [+ 3 (SETQ WDAY.LENGTH (if DAY.SHORT
                                                           then   ; 3 letters plus " ()"
                                                                3
                                                         else (NCHARS DAY.OF.WEEK]
                          else 0)
                        2))
              (if NO.TIME
                  then 0
                else (+ (if NO.DATE
                            then 5
                          else 6)
                        (if NO.SECONDS
                            then 0
                          else 3)
                        (if CIVILIAN.TIME
                            then                                       ; Use AM/PM
                                (SETQ CIVILIAN.TIME (if (> HOUR 11)
                                                       then            ; PM
                                                           (if (> HOUR 12)
                                                               then (add HOUR -12))
                                                           (CHARCODE p)
                                                     else (if (EQ HOUR 0)
                                                              then (SETQ HOUR 12))
                                                          (CHARCODE a)))
                          (if (AND (< HOUR 10)
                                   NO.LEADING.SPACES)
                              then (SETQ HOUR.LENGTH 1)
```

```
                                        else 2)
                                    else 0)
                          (if (NULL TIME.ZONE)
                              then 0
                              elseif (NUMBERP TIME.ZONE)
                                  then                                           ; Use the -0800 format
                                        6
                                  else                                          ; Depends on dst: (normal dst).  If missing, we are forced to use
                                                                                ; numeric format
                                        (SETQ TIME.ZONE (OR (if DST
                                                                then (CADR TIME.ZONE)
                                                                else (CAR TIME.ZONE))
                                                            \TimeZoneComp))
                                  (ADD1 (SETQ TIME.ZONE.LENGTH (NCHARS TIME.ZONE]
             (SETQ S (ALLOCSTRING SIZE (CHARCODE SPACE)))
          (if (NOT NO.DATE)
              then (if MONTH.LEADING
                       then                                                     ; Month day, year
                            (RPLSTRING S 1 MONTH)
                            (SETQ N MONTH.LENGTH)
                            (RPLCHARCODE S (add N 1)
                                   SEPR)
                            (\RPLRIGHT S (add N (if (< DAY 10)
                                                    then 1
                                                    else 2))
                                   DAY 1)
                            (RPLCHARCODE S (add N 1)
                                   (CHARCODE ","))
                       else                                                     ; Day<sepr>month<sepr>year
                            (\RPLRIGHT S (SETQ N DAY.LENGTH)
                                   DAY 1)
                            (RPLCHARCODE S (add N 1)
                                   SEPR)
                            (if NUMBER.OF.MONTH
                                then (\RPLRIGHT S (add N MONTH.LENGTH)
                                            MONTH MONTH.LENGTH)
                                else (\OUTDATE-STRING S N MONTH (NOT MONTH.LONG))
                                     (add N MONTH.LENGTH)))
                            (RPLCHARCODE S (add N 1)
                                   SEPR)
                            (\RPLRIGHT S (add N YEAR.LENGTH)
                                   YEAR 2)
                            (OR NO.TIME (add N 1))
                            [if DAY.OF.WEEK
                                then                                            ; Day of week at very end in parens
                                     (LET [(START (SUB1 (- SIZE WDAY.LENGTH]
                                          (RPLCHARCODE S START (CHARCODE "("))
                                          (\OUTDATE-STRING S START DAY.OF.WEEK DAY.SHORT)
                                          (RPLCHARCODE S SIZE (CHARCODE ")"]
              else (SETQ N 0))
          [if (NOT NO.TIME)
              then (\RPLRIGHT S (add N HOUR.LENGTH)
                          HOUR
                          (if CIVILIAN.TIME
                              then 1
                              else 2))
                   (RPLCHARCODE S (ADD1 N)
                          (CHARCODE %:))
                   (\RPLRIGHT S (add N 3)
                          MINUTE 2)
                   (if (NOT NO.SECONDS)
                       then (RPLCHARCODE S (ADD1 N)
                                   (CHARCODE %:))
                            (\RPLRIGHT S (add N 3)
                                   SECOND 2))
                   (if CIVILIAN.TIME
                       then (RPLCHARCODE S (ADD1 N)
                                   CIVILIAN.TIME)
                            (RPLCHARCODE S (add N 2)
                                   (CHARCODE m)))
                   (if TIME.ZONE
                       then (if (NUMBERP TIME.ZONE)
                                then                                            ; +0800 etc
                                     (if DST
                                         then                                   ; Daylight savings is in effect, so time zone is off by an hour
                                              (SETQ TIME.ZONE (SUB1 TIME.ZONE)))
                                     (RPLCHARCODE S (+ N 2)
                                            (if (<= TIME.ZONE 0)
                                                then                            ; East of GMT, which is denoted + in this notation
                                                     (SETQ TIME.ZONE (- TIME.ZONE))
                                                     (CHARCODE +)
                                                else (CHARCODE -)))
                                     (if (FIXP TIME.ZONE)
                                         then                                   ; integral number of hours
                                              (\RPLRIGHT S (+ N 4)
                                                     TIME.ZONE 2)
                                              (RPLSTRING S (+ N 5)
```

```
                                                    "00")
                                       else (CL:MULTIPLE-VALUE-BIND (H M)
                                                (CL:TRUNCATE TIME.ZONE)
                                             (\RPLRIGHT S (+ N 4)
                                                       H 2)
                                             (\RPLRIGHT S (+ N 6)
                                                       (ROUND (TIMES M 60))
                                                       2)))
                                  else (RPLSTRING S (+ N 2)
                                                  TIME.ZONE]
            (if STRING
                then (SUBSTRING S 1 -1 STRING)
              else S])
```

(**OUTDATE-STRING**
```
  [LAMBDA (S N STRING SHORTP)                                              ; Edited 18-May-89 18:38 by bvm

    ;; Append STRING to S, using only the first 3 chars if SHORTP is true.  N is the index of the last char appended to S.  Returns new N

    (if SHORTP
        then                                                              ; Use only first 3 chars
            (for I from 1 to 3 do (RPLCHARCODE S (+ N I)
                                              (NTHCHARCODE STRING I)))
      else (RPLSTRING S (ADD1 N)
              STRING])
```

(**RPLRIGHT**
```
  [LAMBDA (S AT N MINDIGITS)                                              (* bvm%: "21-NOV-83 17:19")
    (RPLCHARCODE S AT (IPLUS (CHARCODE 0)
                             (IREMAINDER N 10)))
    (COND
       ((OR (IGREATERP MINDIGITS 1)
            (IGEQ N 10))
        (\RPLRIGHT S (SUB1 AT)
              (IQUOTIENT N 10)
              (SUB1 MINDIGITS])
```

(**UNPACKDATE**
```
  [LAMBDA (D)                                                              ; Edited  4-May-89 18:18 by bvm

    ;; Converts an internal Lisp date D into a list of integers (Year Month Day Hours Minutes Seconds daylightp DayOfWeek).  D defaults to current
    ;; date. --- DayOfWeek is zero for Monday --- --- D is first converted to the alto standard, a 32-bit unsigned integer, representing the number of
    ;; seconds since jan 1, 1901-Gmt.  We have to be a little tricky in our computations to avoid the sign bit.

    (SETQ D (OR D (DAYTIME)))
    (PROG ((CHECKDLS \DayLightSavings)
           (DQ (IQUOTIENT (LRSH (LISP.TO.ALTO.DATE D)
                                1)
                          30))
           MONTH SEC HR DAY4 YDAY WDAY YEAR4 TOTALDAYS MIN DLS FRAC)
                                                                          ; DQ is number of minutes since day 0, getting us past the sign
                                                                          ; bit problem.
          (SETQ SEC (IMOD [+ D (CONSTANT (- 60 (IMOD MIN.FIXP 60]
                          60))
          (SETQ MIN (IREMAINDER DQ 60))

    ;; Now we can adjust to the current time zone.  Since this might cause DQ to go negative, first add in 4 years worth of hours, making the base
    ;; date be Jan 1, 1897

          [LET ((ZONE \TimeZoneComp))
               (if (NOT (FIXP ZONE))
                   then                                                   ; Gack, a non-hour offset.  Use the integer here, then adjust the
                                                                          ; minutes, etc.
                        (CL:MULTIPLE-VALUE-SETQ (ZONE FRAC)
                              (CL:FLOOR ZONE)))
               (SETQ HR (IREMAINDER (SETQ DQ (- (+ (IQUOTIENT DQ 60)
                                                   (CONSTANT (ITIMES 24 \4YearsDays)))
                                                ZONE))
                          24))
               (if FRAC
                   then (SETQ FRAC (ROUND (TIMES FRAC -60)))              ; Minutes to add (time zones are never below the minute offset)
                        (CL:MULTIPLE-VALUE-SETQ (FRAC MIN)
                              (CL:FLOOR (+ MIN FRAC)
                                        60))
                        (if (NEQ FRAC 0)
                            then                                         ; Adjust the hours
                                 (CL:MULTIPLE-VALUE-SETQ (FRAC HR)
                                       (CL:FLOOR (+ HR FRAC)
                                                 24]
          (SETQ TOTALDAYS (IQUOTIENT DQ 24))
          (if FRAC
              then                                                       ; For non-integral time zones, here's the last of the leftover.
                  (add TOTALDAYS FRAC))
      DTLOOP
          (SETQ DAY4 (IREMAINDER TOTALDAYS \4YearsDays))                  ; DAY4 = number of days since last leap year day 0
          [SETQ DAY4 (+ DAY4 (CDR (\DTSCAN DAY4 '((789 . 3)
                                                  (424 . 2)
```

```
                                                      (59 . 1)
                                                      (0 . 0]              ; pretend every year is a leap year, adding one for days after Feb
                                                                          ; 28
          (SETQ YEAR4 (IQUOTIENT TOTALDAYS \4YearsDays))                  ; YEAR4 = number of years til that last leap year / 4
          (SETQ YDAY (IREMAINDER DAY4 366))                               ; YDAY is the ordinal day in the year (jan 1 = zero)
          (SETQ WDAY (IREMAINDER (+ TOTALDAYS 3)
                                 7))
          (if (AND CHECKDLS (SETQ DLS (\ISDST? YDAY HR WDAY)))
              then ;; This date is during daylight savings, so add 1 hour.  Third arg is day of the week, which we determine by taking days mod 7
                   ;; plus offset.  Monday = zero in this scheme.  Jan 1 1897 was actually a Friday (not Thursday=3), but we're cheating--1900
                   ;; was not a leap year

                   (if (> (SETQ HR (ADD1 HR))
                          23)
                       then ;; overflowed into the next day.  This case is too hard (we might have overflowed the month, for example), so just go
                            ;; back and recompute

                            (SETQ TOTALDAYS (ADD1 TOTALDAYS))
                            (SETQ HR 0)
                            (SETQ CHECKDLS NIL)
                            (GO DTLOOP)))
          [SETQ MONTH (\DTSCAN YDAY '((335 . 11)
                                      (305 . 10)
                                      (274 . 9)
                                      (244 . 8)
                                      (213 . 7)
                                      (182 . 6)
                                      (152 . 5)
                                      (121 . 4)
                                      (91 . 3)
                                      (60 . 2)
                                      (31 . 1)
                                      (0 . 0]              ; Now return year, month, day, hr, min, sec
          (RETURN (LIST (+ 1897 (ITIMES YEAR4 4)
                                (IQUOTIENT DAY4 366))
                        (CDR MONTH)
                        (ADD1 (- YDAY (CAR MONTH)))
                        HR MIN SEC DLS WDAY])
```

(**PACKDATE**

```
  [LAMBDA (YR MONTH DAY HR MIN SEC TIMEZONE)                              ; Edited 22-Mar-88 05:33 by jds

    ;; Packs indicated date into a single integer in Lisp date format.  Returns NIL on errors.

    (PROG (YDAY DAYSSINCEDAY0)
          (COND
            ((NOT (AND YR MONTH DAY HR MIN SEC))                          ; Values missing
             (RETURN)))
          (SETQ DAYSSINCEDAY0 (+ (SETQ YDAY (+ (SELECTQ MONTH
                                                 (0 0)
                                                 (1 31)
                                                 (2 59)
                                                 (3 90)
                                                 (4 120)
                                                 (5 151)
                                                 (6 181)
                                                 (7 212)
                                                 (8 243)
                                                 (9 273)
                                                 (10 304)
                                                 (11 334)
                                                 NIL)
                                               (SUB1 DAY)))
                                 (TIMES 365 (SETQ YR (- YR 1901)))
                                 (IQUOTIENT YR 4)))
          [COND
            ((> MONTH 1)                                                  ; After February 28
             (add YDAY 1)                                                ; Day-of-year for dst is based on 366-day year
             (COND
               ((AND (EQ 3 (IREMAINDER YR 4))
                     (NEQ YR -1))                                        ; It is a leap year, so real day count also incremented.  Note that
                                                                         ; YR is years since 1901 at this point
                (add DAYSSINCEDAY0 1]
          (COND
            ((OR (< DAYSSINCEDAY0 -1)
                 (< (add HR (TIMES 24 DAYSSINCEDAY0)
                         (COND
                           (TIMEZONE)
                           ((AND \DayLightSavings (\ISDST? YDAY HR (IREMAINDER (+ DAYSSINCEDAY0 1)
                                                                               7)))

                            ;; Subtract one to go from daylight to standard time.  This time we computed weekday based on day 0 = Jan 1,
                            ;; 1901, which was a Tuesday = 1

                            (SUB1 \TimeZoneComp))
                           (T \TimeZoneComp)))
                    0))

        ;; Earlier than day 0 -- second check is needed because day 0 west of GMT is sometime during Dec 31, 1900
```

```
            (RETURN)))
          (RETURN (+ SEC (PROGN    ;; Add the seconds to the converted date, rather than the raw one, and use LLSH instead of multiplying by
                                   ;; 60, to avoid creating a bignum

                          (ALTO.TO.LISP.DATE (LLSH (TIMES 30 (+ MIN (TIMES 60 HR)))
                                             1])
```

(\ **DTSCAN**
```
  [LAMBDA (X L)                                                        (* lmm%: 22 NOV 75 1438)
    (PROG NIL
      LP  (COND
            ((IGREATERP (CAAR L)
                        X)
             (SETQ L (CDR L))
             (GO LP)))
          (RETURN (CAR L))
```

(\ **ISDST?**
```
  [LAMBDA (YDAY HOUR WDAY)                                             ; Edited 27-Oct-87 18:51 by bvm:
```
  ;; Returns true if YDAY, HOUR is during the daylight savings period. WDAY is day of week, zero = Monday. YDAY is the ordinal day of the year,
  ;; pretending it is a leap year, with zero = Jan 1.

  ;; Unfortunately, \BeginDST and \EndDST are 1-based and so documented, so we have to convert to zero base inside here.

```
    (AND (\CHECKDSTCHANGE (add YDAY 1)
                 HOUR WDAY \BeginDST)
         (NOT (\CHECKDSTCHANGE YDAY HOUR WDAY \EndDST])
```

(\ **CHECKDSTCHANGE**
```
  [LAMBDA (YDAY HOUR WDAY DSTDAY)                                      (* bvm%: " 2-NOV-80 15:34")
```
  ;; Tests to see if YDAY, HOUR is after the start of daylight (or standard) time. WDAY is the day of the week, Monday=zero. DSTDAY is the last
  ;; day of the month in which time changes, as a YDAY, usually Apr 30 or Oct 31

```
    (COND
       ((IGREATERP YDAY DSTDAY)                                        ; Day is in the next month already
        T)
       ((ILESSP YDAY (IDIFFERENCE DSTDAY 6))                           ; day is at least a week before end of month, so time hasn't
                                                                       ; changed yet
        NIL)
       ((EQ WDAY 6)
```
       ;; It's Sunday, so time changes today at 2am. Check for hour being past that. Note that there is a hopeless ambiguity when the time is
       ;; between 1:00 and 2:00 am the day that DST goes into effect, as that hour happens twice

```
        (IGREATERP HOUR 1))
       (T                                                              ; okay if last Monday (YDAY-WDAY) is less than a week before
                                                                       ; end of month

          (IGREATERP (IDIFFERENCE YDAY WDAY)
                 (IDIFFERENCE DSTDAY 6])
)
```


```
(DEFOPTIMIZER DATEFORMAT (&REST X)
                         (KWOTE (CONS 'DATEFORMAT X)))
```

;; Because DST begins the FIRST weekend in April now, \BeginDST changed from 120 to 98 as of 4/3/87 (JDS) Note: this only affects standalone
;; users--those with time servers automatically get correct local info (bvm)

```
(RPAQ? \TimeZoneComp 8)

(RPAQ? \BeginDST 98)

(RPAQ? \EndDST 304)

(RPAQ? \DayLightSavings T)

(ADDTOVAR TIME.ZONES
          (8 "PST" "PDT")
          (7 "MST" "MDT")
          (6 "CST" "CDT")
          (5 "EST" "EDT")
          (0 "GMT" "BST")
          (0 "UT")
          (−1 "MET" "MET DST")
          (−2 "EET" "EET DST"))

(DECLARE%: EVAL@COMPILE DONTCOPY

(DECLARE%: DOEVAL@COMPILE DONTCOPY

(GLOBALVARS \TimeZoneComp \BeginDST \EndDST \DayLightSavings TIME.ZONES)
)
```

(DECLARE%: EVAL@COMPILE

(RPAQ **\4YearsDays** (ADD1 (ITIMES 365 4)))

[CONSTANTS (\4YearsDays (ADD1 (ITIMES 365 4]
)
)

(DECLARE%: DOEVAL@COMPILE DONTCOPY

(LOCALVARS . T)
)

(PUTPROPS **IOCHAR FILETYPE** CL:COMPILE-FILE)

(DECLARE%: DONTEVAL@LOAD DOEVAL@COMPILE DONTCOPY COMPILERVARS

(ADDTOVAR **NLAMA** DATEFORMAT)

(ADDTOVAR **NLAML**)

(ADDTOVAR **LAMA** PACK* CONCAT)
)

(PUTPROPS **IOCHAR COPYRIGHT** ("Venue & Xerox Corporation" 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1990 1991))

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