*File created:* 12-Oct-93 22:28:39 **{Pele:mv:envos}<LispCore>Sources>CLTL2>WRAPPERS.;1**

*changes to:* (IL:FUNCTIONS HAS-CALLS)

*previous date:* 5-Oct-92 23:22:18 {DSK}<mo>usr>users>sybalsky>cltl2>sources>WRAPPERS.;1

*Read Table:* XCL

*Package:* SYSTEM

*Format:* XCCS



```
(IL:RPAQQ IL:WRAPPERSCOMS
          ((IL:FUNCTIONS COMPILED-FUNCTION-ARGLIST COMPILED-FUNCTION-DEBUGGING-INFO COMPILED-FUNCTION-INTERLISP?
                 FUNCTION-WRAPPER-INFO CLEAN-UP-CL-ARGLIST GET-STORED-ARGLIST NAMED-FUNCTION-WRAPPER-INFO
                 PARSE-CL-ARGLIST)
           (IL:FUNCTIONS HAS-CALLS CHANGE-CALLS CHANGE-CALLS-IN-CCODE CHANGE-CALLS-IN-LAMBDA ADD-CHANGED-CALL
                 %WITH-CHANGED-CALLS RESTORE-CALLS)


;;; Support for function name mapping

           (IL:FUNCTIONS XCL::NAME-OF-EXECUTABLE XCL::COMMON-LISP-MAPPER)
           (IL:VARIABLES XCL::*FUNCTION-NAME-MAPPERS*)
           (IL:FNS IL:VIRGINFN CONSTRUCT-MIDDLE-MAN)
           (IL:PROP IL:PROPTYPE IL:NAMESCHANGED)
           ;; Arrange for the proper compiler and package/readtable.
           (IL:PROP (IL:FILETYPE IL:MAKEFILE-ENVIRONMENT)
                 IL:WRAPPERS)
           (IL:DECLARE\: IL:DOEVAL@COMPILE IL:DONTCOPY (IL:FILES (IL:LOADCOMP)
                                                                 IL:ACODE))
           (IL:DECLARE\: IL:DONTEVAL@LOAD IL:DOEVAL@COMPILE IL:DONTCOPY IL:COMPILERVARS (IL:ADDVARS (IL:NLAMA)
                                                                                                     (IL:NLAML)
                                                                                                     (IL:LAMA
                                                                                                CONSTRUCT-MIDDLE-MAN
                                                                                                          )))))
```

```
(DEFUN COMPILED-FUNCTION-ARGLIST (FN &KEY INTERLISP?)
   (LET ((DEBUGGING-INFO (COMPILED-FUNCTION-DEBUGGING-INFO FN)))
        (COND
           (DEBUGGING-INFO                                          ; Oh, good.  Its argument list is easy to get.
                  (IF INTERLISP?
                      (IL:|for| X IL:|in| (CAR DEBUGGING-INFO) IL:|join| (COND
                                                                            ((STRINGP X)
                                                                             (LIST (IL:MKATOM X)))
                                                                            ((EQ X '&OPTIONAL)
                                                                             NIL)
                                                                            (T (LIST X))))
                      (COPY-TREE (CAR DEBUGGING-INFO))))
           (T                                                       ; Rats.  We have to go to some trouble.
              (IL:\\CCODEARGLIST (IL:|fetch| (IL:COMPILED-CLOSURE IL:FNHEADER) IL:|of| FN))))))
```

```
(DEFUN COMPILED-FUNCTION-DEBUGGING-INFO (FN)

;;; Given a compiled-function object, extract the debugging-info list from it.  If it's ByteCompiled, it won't have such a list and we should return NIL.  We
;;; can tell if there is such a list by the length allowed for the local name table.  If there's a multiple of a quadword there, it's a name table.  Otherwise, it
;;; should be exactly one cell long and contain a pointer to the debugging-info list.

   (LET* ((FNHEADER (IL:|fetch| (IL:COMPILED-CLOSURE IL:FNHEADER) IL:|of| FN))
          (START-PC (IF (IL:|fetch| (IL:FNHEADER IL:NATIVE) IL:|of| FNHEADER)
                        (- (IL:|fetch| (IL:FNHEADER IL:STARTPC) IL:|of| FNHEADER)
                           4)
                        (IL:|fetch| (IL:FNHEADER IL:STARTPC) IL:|of| FNHEADER)))
          (NAME-TABLE-WORDS (LET ((SIZE (IL:|fetch| (IL:FNHEADER IL:NTSIZE) IL:|of| FNHEADER)))
                              (IF (ZEROP SIZE)
                                  IL:WORDSPERQUAD
                                  (* SIZE 2))))
          (PAST-NAME-TABLE-IN-WORDS (+ (IL:|fetch| (IL:FNHEADER IL:OVERHEADWORDS) IL:|of| FN)
                                       NAME-TABLE-WORDS)))
         (AND (= (- START-PC (* IL:BYTESPERWORD PAST-NAME-TABLE-IN-WORDS))
                 IL:BYTESPERCELL)
              ;; It's got a debugging-info list.
              (IL:\\GETBASEPTR FNHEADER PAST-NAME-TABLE-IN-WORDS))))
```

```
(DEFUN COMPILED-FUNCTION-INTERLISP? (FN)

;;; Given a compiled-function, return true if and only if the function is an Interlisp one.

   (LET ((DEBUGGING-INFO (COMPILED-FUNCTION-DEBUGGING-INFO FN)))
        (OR (MEMBER (IL:ARGTYPE FN)
                    '(1 3))                                         ; NLambda's are always Interlisp
```

```
            (NULL DEBUGGING-INFO)                                   ; ByteCompiled code is always Interlisp.
            (GETF (CDR DEBUGGING-INFO)
                  :INTERLISP)                                       ; PavCompiled Interlisp code should have this marker in it.

            )))

(DEFUN FUNCTION-WRAPPER-INFO (WRAPPED-FN FN-TO-CALL)
   (LET* ((NAME (AND (SYMBOLP WRAPPED-FN)
                     WRAPPED-FN))
          (DEFN (IF NAME
                    (IL:GETD NAME)
                    WRAPPED-FN)))
         (NAMED-FUNCTION-WRAPPER-INFO NAME DEFN FN-TO-CALL)))

(DEFUN CLEAN-UP-CL-ARGLIST (ARG-LIST)
   (IL:|bind| (STATE IL:_ :REQUIRED) IL:|for| PARAM IL:|in| ARG-LIST
      IL:|collect| (COND
                     ((MEMBER PARAM '(&OPTIONAL &REST &KEY &ALLOW-OTHER-KEYS))
                      (SETQ STATE PARAM)
                      PARAM)
                     ((CONSP PARAM)
                      (CASE STATE
                           (&OPTIONAL (FIRST PARAM))
                           (&KEY (IF (CONSP (FIRST PARAM))
                                     (FIRST (FIRST PARAM))
                                     (INTERN (STRING (FIRST PARAM))
                                             "KEYWORD")))
                           (OTHERWISE
                              (WARN "Illegal form in argument-list: ~S" PARAM)
                              'USER::%LOSE%)))
                     ((EQ STATE '&KEY)
                      (INTERN (STRING PARAM)
                              "KEYWORD"))
                     (T PARAM))))

(DEFUN GET-STORED-ARGLIST (NAME)

;;; The IL:ARGNAMES property is either the argument list itself or a list of the form (NIL arglist-1 . arglist-2) where arglist-1 is semantically void and
;;; arglist-2 is interesting.  Since NIL is not a legal argument list, we can tell the cases apart.  Ugh.

   (LET ((ARGNAMES (GET NAME 'IL:ARGNAMES)))
        (AND ARGNAMES (COND
                         ((ATOM ARGNAMES)
                          (ERROR "Illegal ARGNAMES property for ~S" NAME))
                         ((NULL (CAR ARGNAMES))                     ; It's the fancy case.
                          (CDDR ARGNAMES))
                         (T                                         ; It's the simple case.
                            ARGNAMES)))))

(DEFUN NAMED-FUNCTION-WRAPPER-INFO (NAME DEFN FN-TO-CALL)
   (LET
    ((STORED-ARGLIST (AND NAME (GET-STORED-ARGLIST NAME))))
    (ETYPECASE DEFN
        (NULL                                                       ; It's an undefined function.
           (ASSERT (NOT (NULL NAME))
                  NIL "Null definition passed to SI::FUNCTION-WRAPPER-INFO")
           (VALUES 'LAMBDA '(&REST XCL:ARGLIST)
                   `(ERROR 'UNDEFINED-FUNCTION :NAME (CONS ',NAME XCL:ARGLIST))))
        (CONS                                                       ; It's an interpreted function.
           (ECASE (CAR DEFN)
               ((IL:LAMBDA)
                  (ETYPECASE (CADR DEFN)
                      (LIST                                         ; Lambda spread
                         (VALUES 'IL:LAMBDA (OR STORED-ARGLIST (CADR DEFN))
                                 `(FUNCALL ',FN-TO-CALL ,@(OR STORED-ARGLIST (CADR DEFN)))))
                      (SYMBOL                                       ; Lambda no-spread
                         (VALUES
                          'IL:LAMBDA
                          (OR STORED-ARGLIST (CADR DEFN))
                          `(APPLY ',FN-TO-CALL
                                  ,(IF (CONSP STORED-ARGLIST)
                                       `(LIST ,@STORED-ARGLIST)
                                       `(IL:FOR $FWI$ IL:TO ,(OR STORED-ARGLIST (CADR DEFN))
                                          IL:COLLECT (IL:ARG ,(OR STORED-ARGLIST (CADR DEFN))
                                                             $FWI$)))))))))
               ((IL:NLAMBDA) (ETYPECASE (CADR DEFN)
                                (LIST                               ; NLambda spread
                                   (VALUES 'IL:NLAMBDA (OR STORED-ARGLIST (CADR DEFN))
                                           `(FUNCALL ',FN-TO-CALL ,@(OR STORED-ARGLIST (CADR DEFN)))))
                                (SYMBOL                             ; NLambda no-spread
                                   (VALUES 'IL:NLAMBDA (OR STORED-ARGLIST (CADR DEFN))
                                           `(FUNCALL ',FN-TO-CALL ,(IF (CONSP STORED-ARGLIST)
                                                                       `(LIST ,@STORED-ARGLIST)
```

```
                                                                    (OR STORED-ARGLIST (CADR DEFN))))))))
            ((LAMBDA) (VALUES 'LAMBDA (CLEAN-UP-CL-ARGLIST (CADR DEFN))
                              `(APPLY ',FN-TO-CALL XCL:ARGLIST)))))
        (COMPILED-FUNCTION                                          ; It's compiled.
           (IF (NOT (COMPILED-FUNCTION-INTERLISP? DEFN))            ; Common Lisp function.
               (VALUES 'LAMBDA (COMPILED-FUNCTION-ARGLIST DEFN)
                       `(APPLY ',FN-TO-CALL XCL:ARGLIST))
               (ECASE (IL:ARGTYPE DEFN)
                   (0                                               ; Lambda spread function.
                      (LET ((ARGLIST (OR STORED-ARGLIST (COMPILED-FUNCTION-ARGLIST DEFN :INTERLISP? T))))
                           (VALUES 'IL:LAMBDA ARGLIST `(FUNCALL ',FN-TO-CALL ,@ARGLIST))))
                   (1                                               ; NLambda spread function.
                      (LET ((ARGLIST (OR STORED-ARGLIST (COMPILED-FUNCTION-ARGLIST DEFN :INTERLISP? T))))
                           (VALUES 'IL:NLAMBDA ARGLIST `(FUNCALL ',FN-TO-CALL ,@ARGLIST))))
                   (2                                               ; Lambda no-spread function.
                      (IF (SYMBOLP STORED-ARGLIST)
                          (VALUES 'IL:LAMBDA 'IL:U `(APPLY ',FN-TO-CALL
                                                           (IL:FOR $FWI$ IL:TO ,(OR STORED-ARGLIST 'IL:U)
                                                              IL:COLLECT (IL:ARG ,(OR STORED-ARGLIST
                                                                                      'IL:U)
                                                                                 $FWI$))))
                          (VALUES 'IL:LAMBDA STORED-ARGLIST `(FUNCALL ',FN-TO-CALL ,@STORED-ARGLIST))))
                   (3                                               ; NLambda no-spread function.
                      ;; Its arglist may be a symbol, or NIL, or IL:U.  COMPILED-FUNCTION-ARGLIST will return a symbol in this case.
                      (LET ((ARGLIST (OR (AND (IL:NEQ STORED-ARGLIST 'IL:U)
                                              STORED-ARGLIST)
                                         (COMPILED-FUNCTION-ARGLIST DEFN :INTERLISP? T))))
                           (COND
                              ((SYMBOLP ARGLIST)
                               (VALUES 'IL:NLAMBDA ARGLIST `(APPLY ',FN-TO-CALL (IL:MKLIST ,ARGLIST))))
                              (T (VALUES 'IL:NLAMBDA ARGLIST `(FUNCALL ',FN-TO-CALL ,ARGLIST))))))))))))
```

```
(DEFUN PARSE-CL-ARGLIST (ARG-LIST)
   (LET ((REQUIRED NIL)
         (OPTIONAL NIL)
         (REST NIL)
         (KEY NIL)
         (KEY-APPEARED? NIL)
         (ALLOW-OTHER-KEYS NIL)
         (STATE :REQUIRED))
        (IL:|for| PARAM IL:|in| ARG-LIST IL:|do| (IF (MEMBER PARAM '(&OPTIONAL &KEY &REST))
                                                     (SETQ STATE PARAM)
                                                     (CASE STATE
                                                         (:REQUIRED (PUSH PARAM REQUIRED))
                                                         (&OPTIONAL (PUSH PARAM OPTIONAL))
                                                         (&REST (SETQ REST PARAM))
                                                         (&KEY (IF (EQ PARAM '&ALLOW-OTHER-KEYS)
                                                                   (SETQ ALLOW-OTHER-KEYS T)
                                                                   (PUSH PARAM KEY)))))
                                                 (WHEN (EQ PARAM '&KEY)
                                                       (SETQ KEY-APPEARED? T)))
        (VALUES (REVERSE REQUIRED)
                (REVERSE OPTIONAL)
                REST
                (REVERSE KEY)
                KEY-APPEARED? ALLOW-OTHER-KEYS)))
```

```
(DEFUN HAS-CALLS (CALLER CALLEE)
   ;; Tell if CALLEE is called by CALLER at all.
   ;; [JDS 3-10-93:  Used to use CALLS to find callee list; changed to CALLSCCODE, because CALLS isn't always loaded.]
   (LET ((REAL-CALLER (OR (GET CALLER 'IL:ADVISED)
                          (GET CALLER 'IL:BROKEN)
                          CALLER)))
        (OR (CONSP (IL:GETD REAL-CALLER))
            (FIND CALLEE (CADR (IL:CALLSCCODE REAL-CALLER))
                  :TEST
                  'EQ))))
```

```
(DEFUN CHANGE-CALLS (FROM TO FN &OPTIONAL FIXER)

;;; Side-effect the definition of FN to change all calls to FROM into calls to TO.  Also save enough information that SI::RESTORE-CALLS can fix up the
;;; definition again.

   (LET* ((REAL-FN-SYMBOL (OR (GET FN 'IL:ADVISED)
                              (GET FN 'IL:BROKEN)
                              FN))
          (REAL-FN-DEFN (IL:GETD REAL-FN-SYMBOL)))
         (TYPECASE REAL-FN-DEFN
             (CONS                                                  ; The function is interpreted.
                (WHEN (NULL (GET FN 'IL:NAMESCHANGED))              ; The first time we change calls, get a copy so as to avoid
                                                                    ; sharing structure with the DEFUN form.  Ugh.
                      (IL:PUTD REAL-FN-SYMBOL (SETQ REAL-FN-DEFN (COPY-TREE REAL-FN-DEFN)))))
```

```
                (CHANGE-CALLS-IN-LAMBDA FROM TO REAL-FN-DEFN))
              (IL:COMPILED-CLOSURE (CHANGE-CALLS-IN-CCODE FROM TO REAL-FN-DEFN))
              (OTHERWISE (ERROR "SI::CHANGE-CALLS called on a non-function: ~S" FN))))
```

;; If there's an opposite entry already in the info, just remove it. We assume that we're being called from the same fellow that called us before and ;; that we want to simply undo that other call.

```
(UNLESS (EQ FIXER 'RESTORE-CALLS)
    (FLET ((MATCHING (ENTRY)
                  (AND (EQ (FIRST ENTRY)
                           TO)
                       (EQ (SECOND ENTRY)
                           FROM))))
          (LET ((CURRENT-INFO (GET FN 'IL:NAMESCHANGED)))
               (IF (SOME #'MATCHING CURRENT-INFO)
                   (IF (NULL (CDR CURRENT-INFO))
                       (REMPROP FN 'IL:NAMESCHANGED)
                       (SETF (GET FN 'IL:NAMESCHANGED)
                             (DELETE-IF #'MATCHING CURRENT-INFO)))
                   (PUSH (LIST FROM TO FIXER)
                         (GET FN 'IL:NAMESCHANGED))))))
  NIL)
```

## (DEFUN **CHANGE-CALLS-IN-CCODE** (FROM TO CCODE)

;; Change the calls in a compiled-code object??

```
(IL:FOR REFMAP IL:IN (CDR (IL:CHANGECCODE FROM FROM CCODE))
   IL:DO (LET ((BASE (IL:FETCH (IL:REFMAP IL:CODEARRAY) IL:OF REFMAP)))
              (IL:FOR LOC IL:IN (IL:FETCH (IL:REFMAP IL:DEFLOCS) IL:OF REFMAP)
                 IL:DO (IL:CODEBASESETATOM BASE LOC (IL:NEW-SYMBOL-CODE TO (IL:\\ATOMDEFINDEX TO)))))))
```

## (DEFUN **CHANGE-CALLS-IN-LAMBDA** (FROM TO LAMBDA-FORM)

;;; Wrap all of the right parts of the given LAMBDA-FORM in the proper %WITH-CHANGED-CALLS forms changing calls to FROM into calls to TO.
;;; Actually side-effect the LAMBDA-FORM to make this change.

```
(ECASE (CAR LAMBDA-FORM)
    ((IL:LAMBDA IL:NLAMBDA) (SETF (CDDR LAMBDA-FORM)
                                  (ADD-CHANGED-CALL FROM TO (CDDR LAMBDA-FORM))))
    ((LAMBDA)                                                    ; For Common Lisp functions, we have to be careful to wrap up
                                                                 ; the init-forms for any &OPTIONAL, &KEY, and &AUX
                                                                 ; parameters.
       (LET ((STATE :REQUIRED))
            (IL:|for| PARAM IL:|in| (SECOND LAMBDA-FORM)
               IL:|do| (COND
                          ((CONSP PARAM)
                           (WHEN (AND (CONSP (CDR PARAM))
                                      (MEMBER STATE '(&OPTIONAL &KEY &AUX)
                                              :TEST
                                              'EQ))
                               (SETF (SECOND PARAM)
                                     (CAR (ADD-CHANGED-CALL FROM TO (LIST (SECOND PARAM)))))))
                          ((MEMBER PARAM '(&OPTIONAL &REST &KEY &AUX)
                                   :TEST
                                   'EQ)
                           (SETQ STATE PARAM))))
            (SETF (CDDR LAMBDA-FORM)
                  (ADD-CHANGED-CALL FROM TO (CDDR LAMBDA-FORM))))))
  NIL)
```

## (DEFUN **ADD-CHANGED-CALL** (FROM TO BODY)

;;; BODY is a list of forms in which calls to FROM should be changed into calls to TO. If the BODY contains a single form that is a call to the macro
;;; SI::%WITH-CHANGED-CALLS, then we just side-effect that form to add another (FROM . TO) pair. Otherwise, we wrap up the BODY in a new call to
;;; SI::%WITH-CHANGED-CALLS. In either case, we return a list of the SI::%WITH-CHANGED-CALLS form.

;;; Actually, I lied. If it's already a SI::%WITH-CHANGED-CALLS form, and the pair (TO . FROM) is in the list of changes, then we simply remove it from
;;; the list. If the list is now empty, then we remove the SI::%WITH-CHANGED-CALLS form entirely and actually return the former body of the
;;; macro-call.

;;; The effect of this is that you can undo previous additions simply by exchanging the FROM and TO arguments to this function.

```
(COND
   ((AND (NULL (REST BODY))
         (EQ (CAR (FIRST BODY))
             '%WITH-CHANGED-CALLS))
```

;; It's already a call to %WITH-CHANGED-CALLS.

```
    (LET ((WCC-FORM (FIRST BODY)))
         (COND
            ((MEMBER (CONS TO FROM)
                     (SECOND WCC-FORM)
                     :TEST
                     'EQUAL)
```

;; We're undoing a previous call to ADD-CHANGED-CALL.

```
                (COND
                   ((NULL (REST (SECOND WCC-FORM)))              ; There won't be anything left, so return the old body.
                    (CDDR WCC-FORM))
                   (T                                            ; Oh, well, there'll still be something there.  Just remove the
                                                                 ; particular pair.
                      (SETF (SECOND WCC-FORM)
                            (DELETE (CONS TO FROM)
                                    (SECOND WCC-FORM)
                                    :TEST
                                    'EQUAL))
                      (LIST WCC-FORM))))
               (T (PUSH (CONS FROM TO)
                        (SECOND WCC-FORM))
                  (LIST WCC-FORM)))))
      (T ;; It's not already a %WITH-CHANGED-CALLS form, so make it into one.
         `((%WITH-CHANGED-CALLS (,(CONS FROM TO))
                  ,@BODY)))))

(DEFMACRO %WITH-CHANGED-CALLS (A-LIST &BODY BODY)
   `(MACROLET ,(IL:FOR PAIR IL:IN A-LIST IL:COLLECT `(,(CAR PAIR)
                                                      (&REST ARGS)
                                                      (CONS ',(CDR PAIR)
                                                            ARGS)))
          ,@BODY))

(DEFUN RESTORE-CALLS (FN)
   (IL:|for| ENTRY IL:|in| (GET FN 'IL:NAMESCHANGED) IL:|do| (DESTRUCTURING-BIND (FROM TO FIXER)
                                                               ENTRY
                                                               (CHANGE-CALLS TO FROM FN 'RESTORE-CALLS)
                                                               (FUNCALL FIXER FROM TO FN)))
   (AND (REMPROP FN 'IL:NAMESCHANGED)
        T))

;;; Support for function name mapping

(DEFUN XCL::NAME-OF-EXECUTABLE (XCL::FN-NAME)                    ; Edited  8-Jan-92 13:28 by jrb:
   ;; *FUNCTION-NAME-MAPPERS* is a list of functions that get called to attempt to map FN-NAME to a symbol where the executable for FN-NAME
   ;; resides under Medley.  Currently there is only one, named COMMON-LISP-MAPPER, which handles symbols naming functions and macros and
   ;; (SETF FOO) forms.
   (DO ((XCL::FNS XCL::*FUNCTION-NAME-MAPPERS* (CDR XCL::FNS))
        (XCL::RESULT)
        (XCL::NO-IN-FN))
       ((NULL XCL::FNS)
        NIL)
      (MULTIPLE-VALUE-SETQ (XCL::RESULT XCL::NO-IN-FN)
             (FUNCALL (CAR XCL::FNS)
                      XCL::FN-NAME))
      (WHEN XCL::RESULT
          (UNLESS (EQ XCL::RESULT XCL::FN-NAME)
              (SETF (GET XCL::RESULT 'TRUE-NAME)
                    XCL::FN-NAME))
          (RETURN-FROM XCL::NAME-OF-EXECUTABLE (VALUES XCL::RESULT XCL::NO-IN-FN)))))

(DEFUN XCL::COMMON-LISP-MAPPER (XCL::FN-NAME)                    ; Edited  5-Oct-92 22:50 by jrb:
   ;; Recognizes standard Common Lisp names of executable things and returns the symbol where their executable should reside; the second value is
   ;; true when it's impossible to selectively break/trace/advise (i.e. (FOO :IN :BAR))
   (LET (XCL::RESULT)
        (COND
           ((SYMBOLP XCL::FN-NAME)
            (IF (AND (SETQ XCL::RESULT (MACRO-FUNCTION XCL::FN-NAME))
                     (SYMBOLP XCL::RESULT)
                     ;; These two symbols can be returned by MACRO-FUNCTION if FN-NAME is an Interlisp CLISP word or an NLAMBDA of
                     ;; some sort
                     (NOT (EQ XCL::RESULT 'IL:CLISPEXPANSION))
                     (NOT (EQ XCL::RESULT 'IL:\\INTERLISP-NLAMBDA-MACRO)))
                (VALUES XCL::RESULT T)
                XCL::FN-NAME))
           ((CL::SETF-NAME-P XCL::FN-NAME)
            (OR (GET (SECOND XCL::FN-NAME)
                     :SETF-DEFUN)
                (XCL::DEFUN-SETF-NAME (SECOND XCL::FN-NAME)))))))

(DEFVAR XCL::*FUNCTION-NAME-MAPPERS* '(XCL::COMMON-LISP-MAPPER))

(IL:DEFINEQ
```

```
(IL:VIRGINFN
  (IL:LAMBDA (IL:FN IL:MAKE-VIRGIN?)                    ; Edited 17-Dec-91 20:23 by jrb:
    (LET* ((IL:EXECUTABLE-NAME (XCL::NAME-OF-EXECUTABLE IL:FN))
           (IL:BROKEN-DEFN (IL:GETPROP IL:EXECUTABLE-NAME 'IL:BROKEN))
           (IL:ADVISED-DEFN (IL:GETPROP IL:EXECUTABLE-NAME 'IL:ADVISED))
           (IL:CHANGED-NAMES (IL:GETPROP IL:EXECUTABLE-NAME 'IL:NAMESCHANGED))
           (IL:EXPR-DEFN (IL:GETPROP IL:EXECUTABLE-NAME 'IL:EXPR))
           IL:REAL-DEFN)
          (IL:|if| IL:MAKE-VIRGIN?
              IL:|then|
                  ;; We're supposed to return the function to its virgin state, without any breaks, advice, or changed names.
                  (IL:|if| IL:BROKEN-DEFN
                      IL:|then| (XCL:UNBREAK-FUNCTION IL:FN)
                            (FORMAT *TERMINAL-IO* "~S unbroken.~%" IL:FN))
                  (IL:|if| IL:ADVISED-DEFN
                      IL:|then| (IL:APPLY 'IL:UNADVISE (LIST IL:FN))
                            (FORMAT *TERMINAL-IO* "~S unadvised.~%" IL:FN))
                  (IL:|if| IL:CHANGED-NAMES
                      IL:|then| (RESTORE-CALLS IL:EXECUTABLE-NAME)
                            (FORMAT *TERMINAL-IO* "Names restored in ~S.~%" IL:FN))
                  (IL:SETQ IL:REAL-DEFN (IL:GETD IL:EXECUTABLE-NAME))
                  (IL:|if| (AND (NOT (IL:EXPRP IL:REAL-DEFN))
                                (NOT (NULL IL:EXPR-DEFN)))
                      IL:|then| (IL:SETQ IL:REAL-DEFN IL:EXPR-DEFN))
                  IL:REAL-DEFN
            IL:|else|
                  ;; We're not supposed to change the state of the function with respect to breaking, advising or changed names.  We're just
                  ;; supposed to return the real, core definition.
                  (IL:SETQ IL:REAL-DEFN (IL:GETD (OR IL:ADVISED-DEFN IL:BROKEN-DEFN IL:EXECUTABLE-NAME)))
                  (IL:|if| (OR (IL:NLISTP IL:REAL-DEFN)
                               (IL:NLISTP (CDR IL:REAL-DEFN)))
                      IL:|then| (OR IL:EXPR-DEFN IL:REAL-DEFN)
                    IL:|else| (IL:|if| IL:CHANGED-NAMES
                                  IL:|then| (IL:SETQ IL:REAL-DEFN (IL:COPY IL:REAL-DEFN))
                                        (IL:|for| IL:X IL:|in| IL:CHANGED-NAMES
                                           IL:|do| (XCL:DESTRUCTURING-BIND (IL:FROM IL:TO)
                                                                IL:X
                                                    (CHANGE-CALLS-IN-LAMBDA IL:TO IL:FROM IL:REAL-DEFN))))
                              IL:REAL-DEFN)))))

(CONSTRUCT-MIDDLE-MAN
  (LAMBDA (OBJECT-FN IN-FN)
          (BLOCK CONSTRUCT-MIDDLE-MAN
              (LET ((*PRINT-CASE* :UPCASE))
                   (INTERN (FORMAT NIL "~A in ~A::~A" OBJECT-FN (PACKAGE-NAME (SYMBOL-PACKAGE IN-FN))
                                   IN-FN)
                           (SYMBOL-PACKAGE OBJECT-FN))))))

)

(IL:PUTPROPS IL:NAMESCHANGED IL:PROPTYPE IGNORE)

;; Arrange for the proper compiler and package/readtable.

(IL:PUTPROPS IL:WRAPPERS IL:FILETYPE :FAKE-COMPILE-FILE)

(IL:PUTPROPS IL:WRAPPERS IL:MAKEFILE-ENVIRONMENT (:READTABLE "XCL" :PACKAGE "SI"))

(IL:DECLARE\: IL:DOEVAL@COMPILE IL:DONTCOPY

(IL:FILESLOAD (IL:LOADCOMP)
       IL:ACODE)
)

(IL:DECLARE\: IL:DONTEVAL@LOAD IL:DOEVAL@COMPILE IL:DONTCOPY IL:COMPILERVARS

(IL:ADDTOVAR IL:NLAMA )

(IL:ADDTOVAR IL:NLAML )

(IL:ADDTOVAR IL:LAMA CONSTRUCT-MIDDLE-MAN)
)

(IL:PUTPROPS IL:WRAPPERS IL:COPYRIGHT ("Venue & Xerox Corporation" 1987 1988 1990 1991 1992 1993))
```

## FUNCTION INDEX



## PROPERTY INDEX



## VARIABLE INDEX



## MACRO INDEX