# EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS USING MySQL

-- to create a database

CREATE DATABASE employee;

-- to use a database

USE employee;

-- to calculate the average tenure of employers by department

CREATE VIEW average\_tenure AS

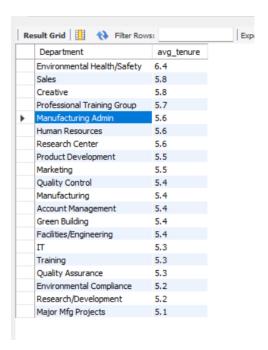
SELECT Department, ROUND(AVG(Years), 1) AS avg\_tenure

FROM employees

**GROUP BY Department** 

ORDER BY avg\_tenure DESC;

#### SELECT\* FROM average\_tenure;



### -- to find the average, Minimum and Maximum annual Salary for each department

CREATE VIEW avg\_Min\_Max\_Annual\_Salary AS

SELECT department, ROUND(AVG(annual\_salary),1) AS average\_salary , MIN(annual\_salary) AS minimum\_salary, MAX(annual\_salary) AS maximum\_salary

FROM employees

**GROUP BY department;** 

## SELECT\* FROM avg\_Min\_Max\_Annual\_Salary;

department	average_salary	minimum_salary	maximum_salary
Quality Control	24647.5	8676	41316
Major Mfg Projects	26908.5	11964	41352
Manufacturing	24055.6	8628	40932
Product Development	23576.5	8928	40044
Sales	23477.4	9696	39732
Account Management	23246.0	8436	41400
Green Building	24994.5	1162 11628	39300
П	25374.3	8532	39096
Facilities/Engineering	27423.3	9864	40848
Marketing	24733.5	8484	40920
Manufacturing Admin	23052.0	15480	28332
Training	28341.0	9744	40008
Quality Assurance	25007.1	10080	41040
Professional Training	24485.1	9960	39384
Environmental Compl	30097.8	13932	40248
Creative	24135.8	11316	40656
Research/Development	25183.2	9996	37560
Environmental Healt	24005.3	17160	37440
Human Resources	30670.3	22572	37116
Research Center	22644.0	13152	36816

## -- to find average job rates by department and country

CREATE VIEW avg\_Job\_Rates AS

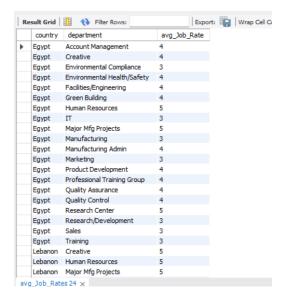
SELECT country, department, ROUND(AVG(job\_rate),0) AS avg\_Job\_Rate

FROM employees

GROUP BY country, department

ORDER BY country;

SELECT\*FROM avg\_Job\_Rates;



#### -- to find most leave taking employees

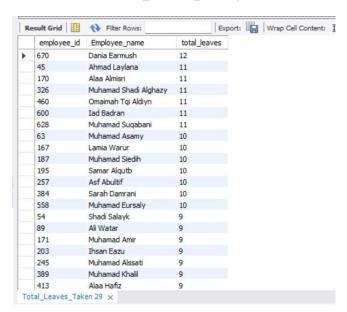
CREATE VIEW Total\_Leaves\_Taken AS

SELECT employee\_id,full\_name as employee\_name, (unpaid\_leaves+sick\_leaves) as total\_leaves

FROM employees

ORDER BY total\_leaves DESC;

#### SELECT\* FROM Total\_Leaves\_Taken;



#### -- to find the to 5 employees with maximum overtime

CREATE VIEW top\_overtime\_employees AS

SELECT employee\_id, full\_name as employee\_name, overtime\_hours

FROM employees

ORDER BY overtime\_hours DESC

LIMIT 5;

# SELECT \*FROM top\_overtime\_employees;

	employee_id	employee_name	overtime_hours
•	2	Omar Hishan	198
	3	Ailya Sharaf	192
	1	Ghadir Hmshw	183
	10	Muhamad Alrifaei	153
	18	Farahad Husayn	153
	1		25550
	o_overtime_em	.1	

### -- to find average salary, job rate and leaves taken by gender

CREATE VIEW avgsalary\_jobrate\_LeavesTaken AS

SELECT gender, ROUND(AVG(annual\_salary),0) AS average\_salary, ROUND(AVG(job\_rate),0) AS average\_JobRate, ROUND(AVG(sick\_leaves + unpaid\_leaves),0)AS Total\_Leaves

FROM employees

GROUP BY gender;

SELECT \*FROM avgsalary\_jobrate\_LeavesTaken;

