

Audit Report

June 6, 2025

IOG - Treasury Contracts Audit

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1 - Summary

This report provides a comprehensive audit of the Treasury contracts, which provide a simple but robust method for managing funds withdrawn from the Cardano treasury.

The investigation spanned several potential vulnerabilities, including scenarios where attackers might exploit the validator to lock up or steal funds.

The audit is conducted without warranties or guarantees of the quality or security of the code. It's important to note that this report only covers identified issues, and we do not claim to have detected all potential vulnerabilities.

1.a - Overview

The Treasury contracts provide a simple but robust way to manage funds withdrawn from the Cardano treasury, ensuring that the funds cannot be delegated nor used in governance voting.

The protocol has three kind of UTxOs:

- The Treasury Reserve UTxOs (Treasury UTxOs for short), which hold the funds available to be allocated to projects over the current fiscal period.
- The Vendor UTxOs, which hold the funds allocated to specific projects.
- The Registry UTxO, which holds the script hashes of the Treasury and Vendor validators.

The protocol uses a multisignature resolution mechanism for several of the operations, based on the SundaeSwap Aicone library. These permissions are encoded in the parameters of the Treasury and Vendor validators.

At the beginning of the fiscal period, the Treasury UTxOs are created by withdrawing from the Treasury script which in turn is funded by the Cardano treasury via a governance action.

The Treasury UTxOs are then consumed to fund projects by creating Vendor UTxOs. Additionally, the Treasury UTxOs can be reorganized or disbursed to an arbitrary address with an arbitrary datum, for example, to exchange ADA for a stablecoin. At the end of the fiscal year, any remaining funds are swept back into the Cardano Treasury as a donation.

The Vendor UTxOs are used to pay projects owners. Funds form these UTxOs can be withdrawn by the project owner once the payouts are matured, that is, when the payment time has passed and the payout status is active. Payouts can be modified by both the project owner and the permissioned committee, and can also be paused by a designated permissioned committee. Unmatured funds in Vendor UTxOs may be swept back to the Treasury UTxOs at the end of the fiscal year. Additionally, if a Vendor UTxO contains a malformed datum, the associated funds can be returned to the Treasury UTxOs to prevent them from becoming permanently locked.

1.b - Process

Our audit process involved a thorough examination of Treasury validators. Areas vulnerable to potential security threats were closely scrutinized, including those where attackers could exploit the validator's functions to disrupt the platform and its users. This included evaluating potential risks such as unauthorized asset addition, hidden market creation, and disruptions to interoperability with other Plutus scripts. This also included the common vulnerabilities such as double satisfaction and minting policy vulnerabilities.

The audit took place over a period of several weeks, and it involved the evaluation of the protocol's mathematical model to verify that the implemented equations matched the expected behavior.

Findings and feedback from the audit were communicated regularly to the SundaeSwap team through Discord. Diagrams illustrating the necessary transaction structure for proper interaction with the protocol are attached as part of this report. The SundaeSwap team addressed these issues in an efficient and timely manner, enhancing the overall security of the platform.

2 - Specification

2.a - UTxOs

2.a.a - Treasury UTxOs

Treasury UTxOs hold the treasury funds available to be allocated to projects over the current fiscal period.

- Address:
 - ► Payment part: <u>Treasury validator</u> script hash. Parameters:
 - registry_token: policy ID of the token that identifies the registry
 - permissions: permissions required for different actions over the treasury script UTxOs
 - reorganize: to reorganize Treasury UTxOs (Section 2.c.a.c)
 - sweep: to sweep back funds before expiration (Section 2.c.a.f)
 - fund: to fund projects (Section 2.c.a.b)
 - disburse: to pay funds to an arbitrary destination (Section 2.c.a.d and Section 2.c.a.e)
 - expiration: time after which the funds can be swept back to the treasury
 - payout_upperbound: upper bound for any payouts created by the oversight committee
 - Staking part: empty
- Value: The assets used for funding (see Section 2.b.b).
- · Datum: any

2.a.b - Vendor UTxOs

The Vendor UTxOs hold the funds allocated to a specific project. Its datum encodes the project owner (also known as the Vendor) and the chronogram of payouts that the owner is entitled to receive during the current fiscal period.

- · Address:
 - ► Payment part: <u>Vendor validator</u> script hash. Parameters:
 - registry_token: policy ID of the token that identifies the registry
 - permissions: permissions required for different actions over the vendor script UTxOs
 - pause: to pause a payout (Section 2.c.b.b)
 - resume: to resume a paused payout (Section 2.c.b.b)
 - modify: to modify or cancel the project (Section 2.c.b.c)
 - expiration: time after which the funds can be swept back to the treasury
 - Staking part: empty
- Value: The assets used for funding (see Section 2.b.b).
- Datum: VendorDatum
 - vendor: multisig that identifies the project owner
 - ▶ payouts: list of payouts, where each payout has the following fields:
 - maturation: POSIX time for the unlocking
 - value: assets and amounts to be unlocked
 - status: if it is active or paused

2.a.c - Registry UTxO

The Registry UTxO holds the script hashes of the Treasury and Vendor validators for a particular instantiation. This allows both validators to access each other's script hash without introducing circular dependencies.

- Address:
 - ▶ Payment part: oneshot multivalidator with an "always false" spending script. Parameters:
 - utxo_ref: input that ensures one-shot minting

- ► Staking part: any
- Value: Registry NFT, minted under same oneshot multivalidator policy (see).
- Datum: <u>ScriptHashRegistry</u>
 - treasury: script hash of the Treasury validator
 - vendor: script hash of the Vendor validator

2.b - Assets

2.b.a - Registry NFT

Only asset minted within the protocol. Minted by a one-shot minting policy. Locked into the Registry UTxO.

- Policy ID: hash of oneshot validator script hash.
- Token name: REGISTRY

2.b.b - Funding assets

External assets used for funding the projects. ADA is the primary asset expected to be used. Stablecoins such as USDMa or USDm are also considered. However, the contracts are designed to support any asset.

For simplicity, throughout this report we will use 'USD' as a shortand for any funding asset other than ADA.

2.c - Transactions

2.c.a - Treasury Reserve

The Treasury Reserve UTxO datum could be anything. We won't include that field in the Treasury UTxOs shown in the diagrams.

Also, the UTxOs could hold any assets, not just ADA or stablecoins. We'll show only ADA and USD in the diagrams for simplicity only.

There are two ways to create new Treasury UTxOs:

- Withdraw
- Paying to the Treasury script

The last one does not involve any script validation. We must ensure that this is safe.

2.c.a.a - Withdraw

Anyone can trigger a withdrawal of funds from the Treasury Reserve reward account as long as all the withdrawn amount is paid to the spending portion of the treasury script only i.e. without a staking address.

Involved redeemers:

• Data redeemer, Withdraw purpose: for withdrawing the Treasury script reward account.

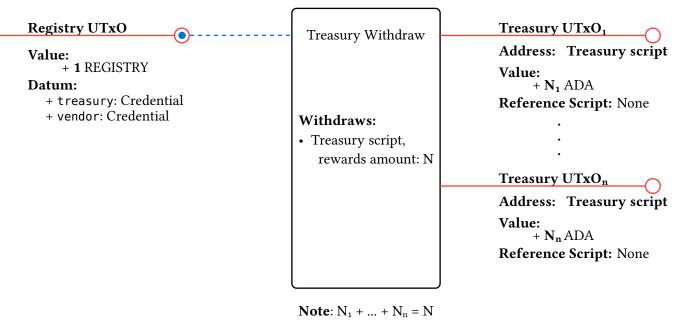


Figure 1: Treasury Withdraw transaction

2.c.a.b - Fund project

The committee permissioned to fund projects approves a project and funds it by the submission of a Fund transaction.

For this version of the protocol, the funding must come from a *single* Treasury script address, potentially from multiple UTxOs sitting at that address.

Involved redeemers:

• Fund { amount } redeemer, Spend purpose: for spending each of the Treasury inputs.

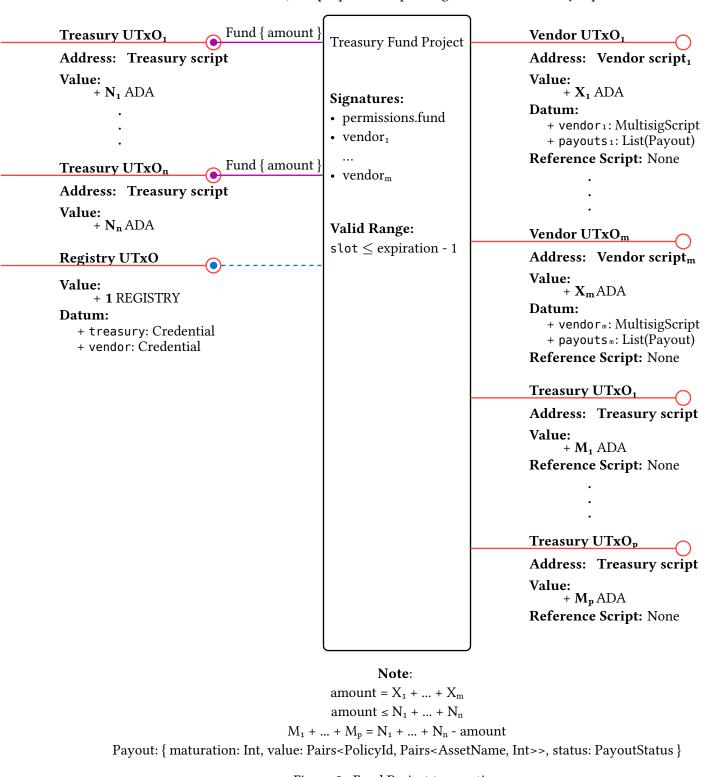


Figure 2: Fund Project transaction

2.c.a.c - Reorganize

The committee permissioned to reorganize the treasury can do so by the submission of a Reorganize transaction.

Involved redeemers:

• Reorganize redeemer, Spend purpose: for spending each of the Treasury inputs.

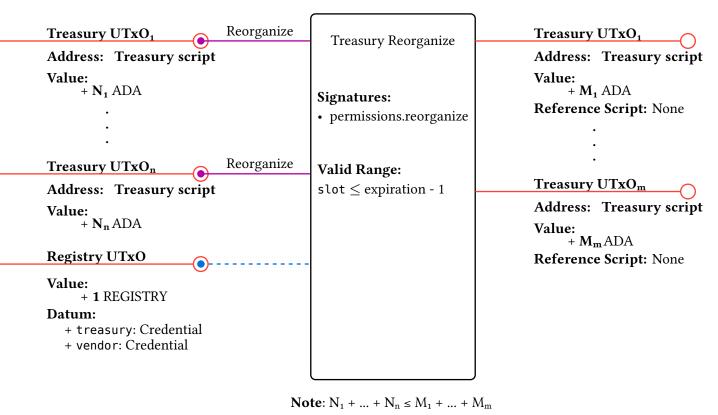


Figure 3: Reorganize Treasury transaction

2.c.a.d - Disburse Before Expiration

The permissioned committee can disburse funds an arbitrary amount of funds to an arbitrary address with an arbitrary datum. This might be used to support conversion to and from stablecoins, or flat payments.

Involved redeemers:

• Disburse { amount } redeemer, Spend purpose: for spending each of the Treasury inputs.

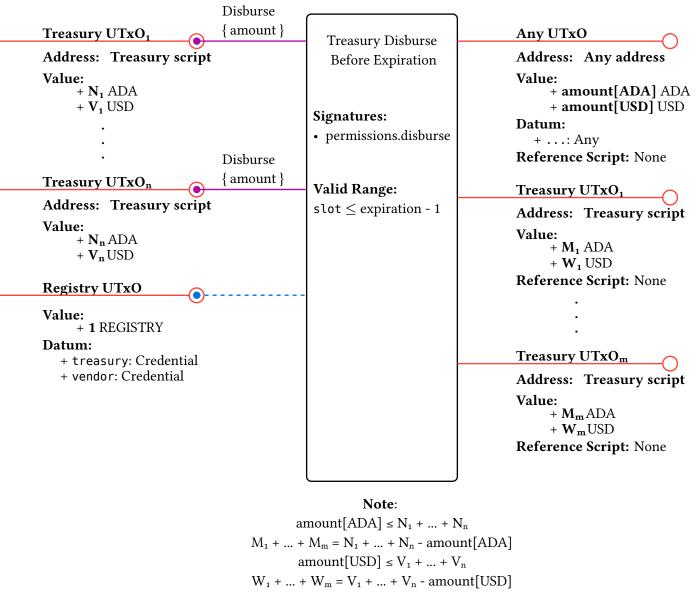


Figure 4: Treasury Disburse Before Expiration transaction

2.c.a.e - Disburse After Expiration

When the expiration time has passed, only native assets can be disbursed. This is to prevent USDM, for example, getting permanently locked.

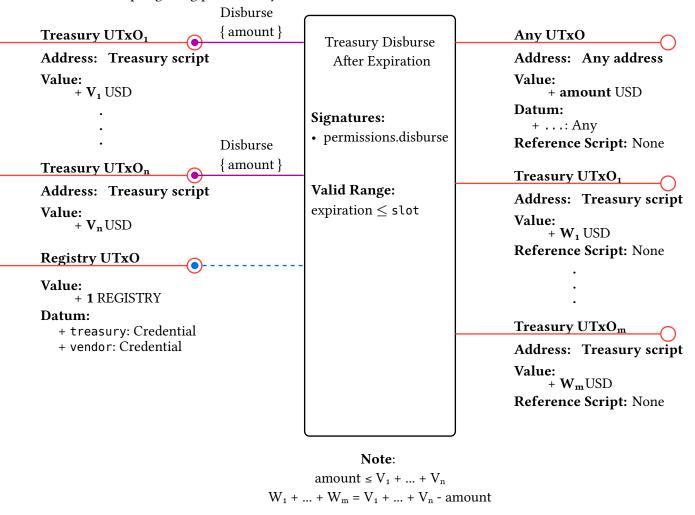


Figure 5: Treasury Disburse After Expiration transaction

2.c.a.f - Sweep

The funds can be swept back to the Cardano treasury by anyone after the expiration time has passed, or with permissions from the permissioned committee early.

Involved redeemers:

• Sweep redeemer, Spend purpose: for spending each of the Treasury inputs.

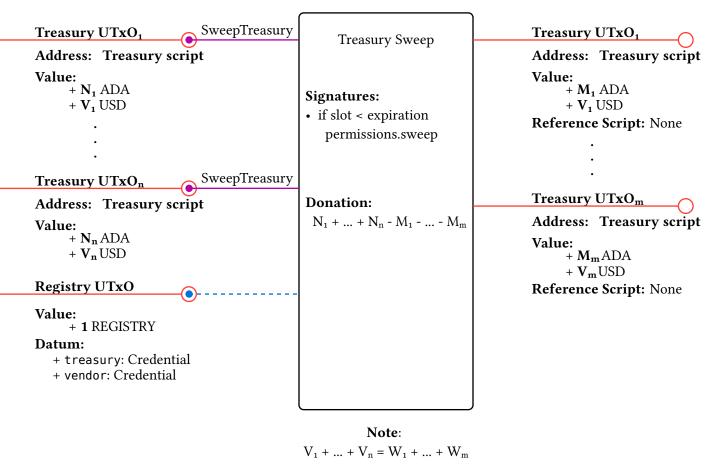


Figure 6: Treasury Sweep transaction

2.c.b - Vendor

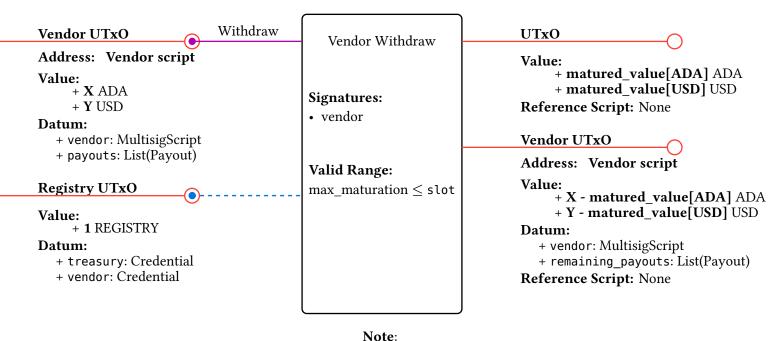
The Vendor UTxO value could hold any assets, not just ADA or stablecoins. We'll show only ADA and USD in the diagrams for simplicity only.

2.c.b.a - Withdraw

The vendor can withdraw funds from its owned UTxOs if those funds are *matured*, which means that their associated maturity time has passed, and the payouts status is active.

Involved redeemers:

• Withdraw redeemer, Spend purpose: for spending the Vendor UTxO.



payouts = expected_payouts + remaining_payouts
expected_payouts: active payouts where the maturation time is before the current slot
matured_value = sum of all matured payouts values

 $max_maturation = max(expected_payouts[0].maturation, ..., expected_payouts[m-1].maturation)$

Figure 7: Vendor Withdraw transaction

2.c.b.b - Adjudicate

The permissioned committee can pause or resume a specific payout. This means modifying one or more of the payouts statuses encoded in the Vendor UTxO datum. When at least one payout flips from active to paused, the pause permission must be satisfied. When at least one payout flips from paused to active, the resume permission must be satisfied.

Involved redeemers:

• Adjudicate { statuses } redeemer, Spend purpose: for spending the Vendor UTxO.

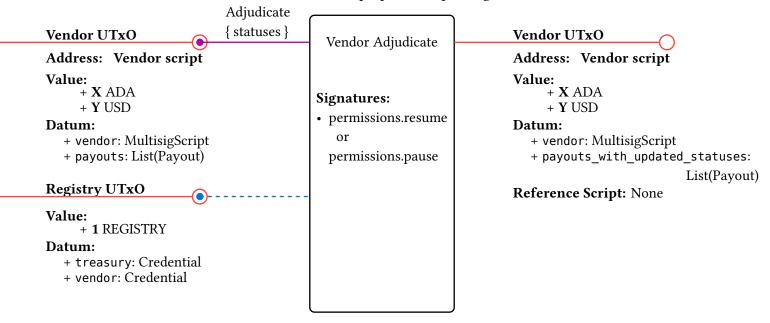


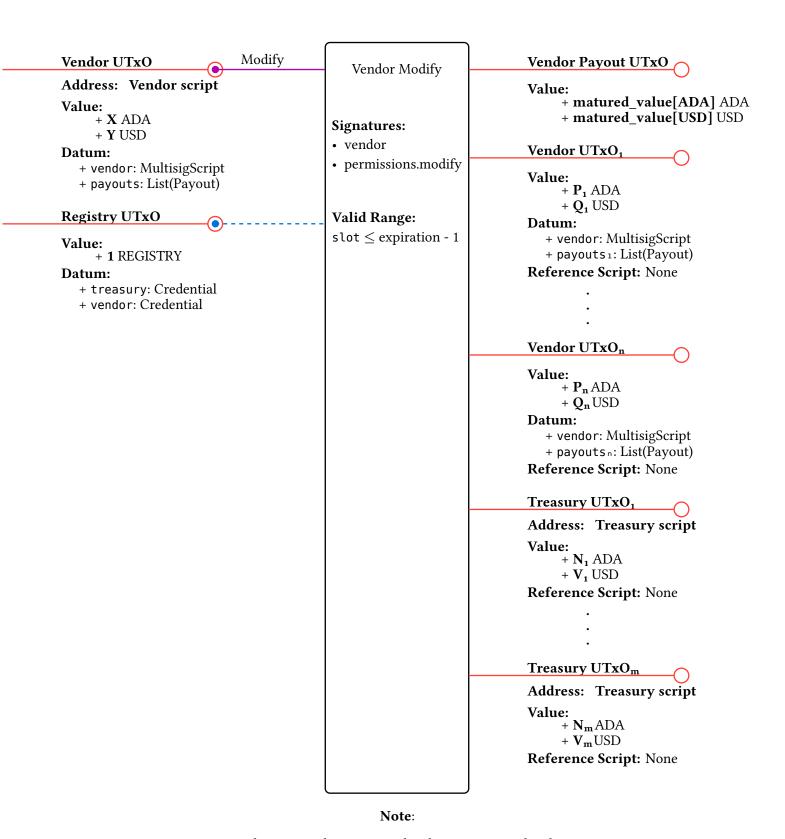
Figure 8: Vendor Adjudicate transaction

2.c.b.c - Modify

Both the vendor and the permissioned committee agree on modifying or canceling the project. The provided Vendor input must keep matured funds, whilst the rest of the funds are split between new treasury and vendor UTxOs.

Involved redeemers:

• Modify redeemer, Spend purpose: for spending the Vendor UTxO.



 $\label{eq:value} Vendor\ input\ value = matured_value + unmatured_value \\ unmatured_value = P_1 + ... + P_n + Q_1 + ... + Q_n + V_1 + ... + V_n + N_1 + ... + N_n \\ \forall i \in \{1..n\}\ payout_i: current\ slot < payout_i.maturation \lor payout_i.status = Pause$

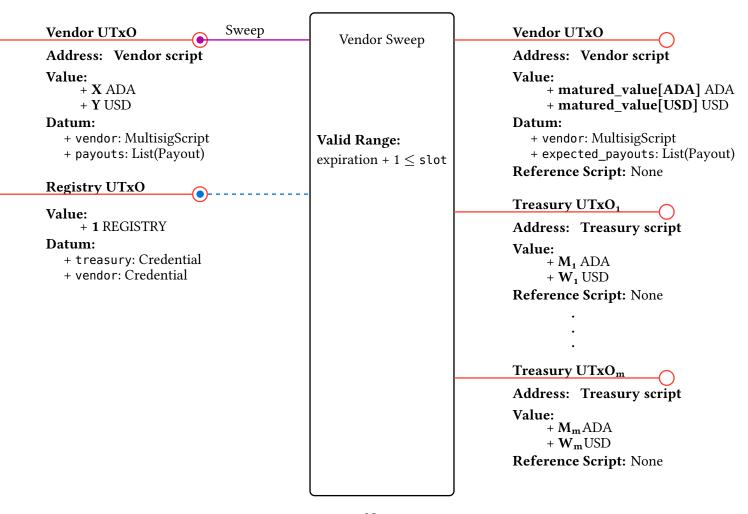
Figure 9: Vendor Modify transaction

2.c.b.d - Sweep

After the expiration time has passed, all paused, unmatured funds can be swept back to the treasury contract.

Involved redeemers:

• SweepVendor redeemer, Spend purpose: for spending the Vendor UTxO.



Note:

swept_value = vendor input value - matured_value

$$swept_value[ADA] = M_1 + ... + M_m$$

swept value [USD] =
$$W_1 + ... + W_m$$

Figure 10: Vendor Sweep transaction

2.c.b.e - Malformed

In case the Vendor UTxO datum is malformed i.e. not a Vendor Datum, the funds can be sent back to the treasury contract. This is to prevent the funds from being locked in a malformed UTxO.

Involved redeemers:

• Malformed redeemer, Spend purpose: for spending the Vendor UTxO.

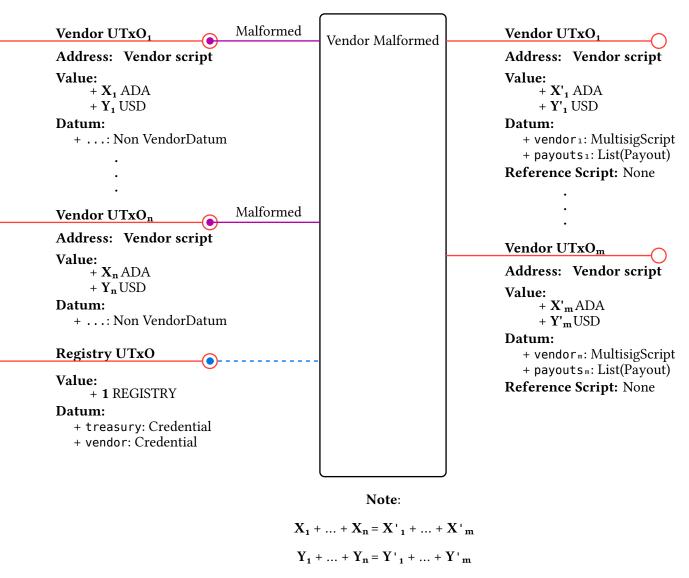


Figure 11: Vendor Malformed transaction

3 - Audited Files

Below is a list of all audited files in this report. Any files **not** listed here were **not** audited. The final state of the files for the purposes of this report is considered to be commit 0fa83e95bb3703fd026c1d4ac6a8a0b4e1887d3d.

Filename
validators/oneshot.ak
validators/treasury.ak
validators/vendor.ak
lib/types.ak
lib/utilities.ak
lib/logic/treasury/disburse.ak
lib/logic/treasury/fund.ak
lib/logic/treasury/reorganize.ak
lib/logic/treasury/sweep.ak
lib/logic/treasury/withdraw.ak
lib/logic/vendor/adjudicate.ak
lib/logic/vendor/malformed.ak
lib/logic/vendor/modify.ak
lib/logic/vendor/sweep.ak
lib/logic/vendor/withdraw.ak

4 - Findings

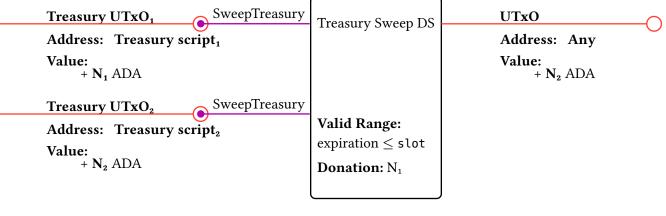
ID	Title	Severity	Status
TRS-001	Treasury Sweep and Vendor Malformed Double Satisfaction	Critical	Resolved
TRS-002	Treasury script withdrawal Double Satisfaction	Critical	Resolved
TRS-003	False publish purpose renders scripts unusable	Critical	Resolved
TRS-101	Treasury Fund: Vendor UTxOs can be created with insufficient funds	Major	Resolved
TRS-102	Matured payouts can be passed as not matured by modifying the validity range	Major	Resolved
TRS-103	Vendor Adjudicate: vulnerability allows bypassing payout status checks	Major	Resolved
TRS-104	Treasury Fund DS attack vector	Major	Resolved
TRS-105	Funds from malformed vendor UTxOs can be stolen	Major	Resolved
TRS-201	Vendor Sweep: incompatible with Treasury Reorganize	Minor	Resolved
TRS-202	Vendor Sweep: vendor output stake cre- dential not checked	Minor	Resolved
TRS-203	Treasury Sweep DDOS	Minor	Resolved
TRS-204	Prevent inclusion of reference scripts	Minor	Resolved

5 - TRS-001 Treasury Sweep and Vendor Malformed Double Satisfaction

Category	Commit	Severity	Status
Vulnerabil- ity	85f525b56a8c73579a139c9a3dcb384a2db5d1c6	Critical	Resolved

5.a - Description

It is possible to steal funds from Treasury UTxOs when sweeping after expiration. This can be done by satisfying the SweepTreasury redeemer using a donation from a single UTxO that is sufficient to validate other Treasury UTxOs for other Treasury script instances. The attack is illustrated in the following transaction example:



Note: $N_1 \ge N_2$

In the case of Malformed, the attack vector is similar: two different Vendor scripts validations related to the same Treasury script can be satisfied by the same Treasury outputs, allowing to steal funds from some malformed vendor inputs.

5.b - Recommendation

Forbid inputs that do not originate from Treasury and Vendor scripts registered in the Registry in both the Vendor and Treasury validators.

5.c - Resolution

Resolved in commit af164f6.

6 - TRS-002 Treasury script withdrawal Double Satisfaction

Category	Commit	Severity	Status
Vulnerabil-	85f525b56a8c73579a139c9a3dcb384a2db5d1c6	Critical	Resolved
ity			

6.a - Description

By producing Treasury outputs with the Treasury script withdrawal, we can satisfy Treasury outputs related checks on some Vendor redeemers. For example:

- Malformed: Vendor malformed UTxOs funds go to treasury script, say X ADA, and Treasury script Withdrawal of X ADA, then only X ADA enforced to Treasury outputs, so X ADA could be stolen. Valid at any point in time.
- SweepVendor: Sweep X ADA of a Vendor input, and Withdrawal of amount X, SweepVendor of X ADA, then only X ADA enforced to Treasury outputs, so X ADA could be stolen. Valid only after expiration.
- Modify: similar to the above ones, but requires more signatures and is valid before expiration only.

6.b - Recommendation

Forbid script inputs when doing the Treasury script withdrawal.

6.c - Resolution

Resolved in commit f2a3a6a.

7 - TRS-003 False publish purpose renders scripts unusable

Category	Commit	Severity	Status
Bug	85f525b56a8c73579a139c9a3dcb384a2db5d1c6	Critical	Resolved

7.a - Description

The current implementation of the publish purpose is set to False. This is done to prevent actions like delegating to a pool or deregistering the script stake credential. But it also prevents two actions that are critical to the usage of the protocol.

• Credential Registration: When funds are withdrawn from the treasury, they are added to the reward address of the script. From there, they must be withdrawn, executing the withdraw purpose. Before this is done, the script must be registered. This is done using one of multiple certificates. The legacy stake_registration certificate, doesn't require any validation to run, but that certificate will be deprecated in the near future. The rest of the registration certificates, reg_cert, stake_reg_deleg_cert, vote_reg_deleg_cert and stake_vote_reg_deleg_cert require the validation of the script to run with the publish purpose.

This means that while it is currently possible to register and withdraw from the treasury script, this will be invalidated when the legacy certificate is dropped.

• Drep Delegation: Another action that is forbidden by the current implementation is delegating to a dRep. This is an issue because, according to <u>Article IV, Section 5</u> of the cardano constitution, funds that are withdrawn from the treasury and held by administrators must be delegated to the Always Abstain dRep.

We acknowledge Matthias "KtorZ" Benkort for helping with this finding.

7.b - Recommendation

Update the publish validation so it allows registration as well as delegation only to the "always abstain" dRep.

7.c - Resolution

Resolved in commit 11534a2.

8 - TRS-101 Treasury Fund: Vendor UTxOs can be created with insufficient funds

Category	Commit	Severity	Status
Bug	85f525b56a8c73579a139c9a3dcb384a2db5d1c6	Major	Resolved

8.a - Description

It is possible to create Vendor UTxOs with insufficient funds to cover the amounts specified in their datum. The Treasury Fund redeemer checks that the amount taken from Treasury UTxOs goes to Vendor UTxOs by checking:

$$\sum$$
 payouts values = amount

and

$$\sum$$
 vendor outputs values \geq amount.

However, it does not ensure that for each Vendor UTxO, it holds that

$$\sum \text{output datum payouts} \leq \text{output value}.$$

This is problematic because there's no way to add missing funds with any of the Vendor redeemers.

8.b - Recommendation

For each created Vendor UTxO ensure that

$$\sum \text{output datum payouts} \leq \text{output value}.$$

8.c - Resolution

Resolved in commit 9c13ade.

9 - TRS-102 Matured payouts can be passed as not matured by modifying the validity range

Category	Commit	Severity	Status
Bug	85f525b56a8c73579a139c9a3dcb384a2db5d1c6	Major	Resolved

9.a - Description

During multiple vendor operations, payouts are separated into matured and unmatured. Matured payouts that are active are considered to be funds that already belong to the vendor, so they must stay active and in the Vendor contract until the vendor performs a Withdraw operation.

To check which payouts are already matured, the following check is used:

is entirely after(validity range, ip.maturation)

But the validity range can be manipulated so the lower bound is smaller than the maturation time, regardless of the current time and the upper bound.

Depending on the operation, this can have various consequences:

- Adjudicate: In this operation it is possible for matured, active payouts to be switched to paused, with the only required permissions being config.permissions.pause.
- Modify: In this operation matured funds could be sent back to the treasury or distributed into a new payout structure. Although, this operation requires the vendor signature, so they would need to also approve of this redistribution of matured funds.
- Withdraw: In this operation the vendor could claim less funds that what belong to them.

9.b - Recommendation

Add a limit to the validity interval length, to prevent the lower bound to be moved too far into the past.

9.c - Resolution

Resolved in commit c757af0.

A limit of 36 hours was imposed in the adjudicate operation. For modify and withdraw operations, seeing that both require the vendor signature, and the matured funds belong to them, they were left with no modifications.

10 - TRS-103 Vendor Adjudicate: vulnerability allows bypassing payout status checks

Category	Commit	Severity	Status
Vulnerabil- ity	d8fa5e85e5d5d2ca9dd608ad61589a4d6be59fad	Major	Resolved

10.a - Description

In the Vendor Adjudicate logic, statuses provided by the redeemer can be fewer than the payouts in the datum, bypassing validation checks for some payouts. This is due to the behavior of list.zip which silently drops elements from the longer list when lists have unequal lengths.

The vulnerability exists in the following code:

```
let (pause_permission_needed, resume_permission_needed) =
  input_vendor_datum.payouts
  |> list.zip(output_vendor_datum.payouts)
  |> list.zip(statuses) // vulnerable line
  |> list.foldl(...)
```

An attacker could provide a statuses list shorter than the number of payouts, which would result in only a subset of payouts being checked. This allows malicious actors to modify payout datums fields that should remain equal.

10.b - Recommendation

Add a validation check to ensure the statuses list has the same length as the list of payouts.

10.c - Resolution

Resolved in commit c757af0.

11 - TRS-104 Treasury Fund DS attack vector

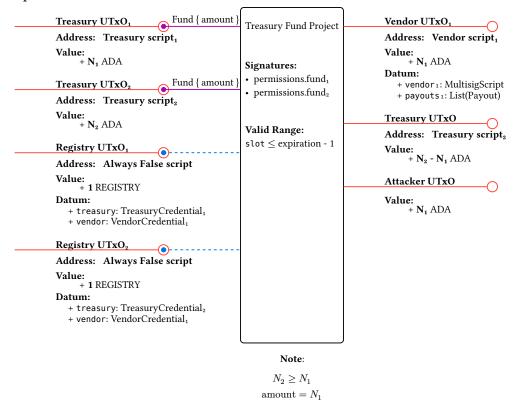
Category	Commit	Severity	Status
Vulnerabil-	d8fa5e85e5d5d2ca9dd608ad61589a4d6be59fad	Major	Resolved
ity			

11.a - Description

During the Treasury Fund operation, funds are moved from the treasury script to the vendor script.

It is possible to craft a double satisfaction attack by including inputs from two different treasury scripts. These scripts will each have their own registry token, but both registry UTxOs should have the same vendor credential for the attack to work. Then, both treasury scripts will validate against the same vendor UTxOs, leaving funds free to be stolen.

Example transaction:



11.b - Recommendation

We recommend checking that there are no inputs from scripts other than the treasury and vendor scripts,

11.c - Resolution

Resolved in commit af164f6.

12 - TRS-105 Funds from malformed vendor UTxOs can be stolen

Category	Commit	Severity	Status
Vulnerabil- ity	d8fa5e85e5d5d2ca9dd608ad61589a4d6be59fad	Major	Resolved

12.a - Description

Malformed vendor UTxOs are UTxOs with an invalid format datum. To prevent funds from being locked, these UTxOs can be consumed, only if all funds are sent to the treasury.

But the validation is not looking for treasury inputs. So it is possible to combine a Vendor Malformed operation with some treasury operation like reorganize or sweep, creating a double satisfaction attack on the treasury output and stealing some funds.

12.b - Recommendation

We recommend checking that there are no treasury inputs

12.c - Resolution

Resolved in commit 867d5f5.

13 - TRS-201 Vendor Sweep: incompatible with Treasury Reorganize

Category	Commit	Severity	Status
Bug	85f525b56a8c73579a139c9a3dcb384a2db5d1c6	Minor	Resolved

13.a - Description

The SweepVendor redeemer allows spending Treasury UTxOs, in theory with Reorganize redeemer, but this is incompatible with the protocol's design:

- SweepVendor can only be used after expiration
- Reorganize can only be used before expiration

13.b - Recommendation

Either remove the ability to spend Treasury UTxOs in SweepVendor transactions, or add a new redeemer for this use case.

13.c - Resolution

Resolved in commit a4d83ec.

14 - TRS-202 Vendor Sweep: vendor output stake credential not checked

Category	Commit	Severity	Status
Robustness	85f525b56a8c73579a139c9a3dcb384a2db5d1c6	Minor	Resolved

14.a - Description

The SweepVendor redeemer does not check that the vendor output stake credential is None if there are still not withdrawn funds.

14.b - Recommendation

Check that the stake credential is None.

14.c - Resolution

Resolved in commit 3659533.

15 - TRS-203 Treasury Sweep DDOS

Category	Commit	Severity	Status
Robustness	d8fa5e85e5d5d2ca9dd608ad61589a4d6be59fad	Minor	Resolved

15.a - Description

When the expiry date of a treasury is reached, anyone can use the Treasury Sweep operation to donate the remaining ADAs to the cardano treasury. The validation doesn't force users to donate all the ADAs, because there might be some native tokens left in the outputs, so the minADA needs to be covered.

But this leniency allows any quantity to be donated, even 1 lovelace. With this in mind, an attacker could keep building transactions donating the minimum amount, and locking the rest of the ADAs and, potentially, USDM and other tokens.

15.b - Recommendation

We recommend updating the validation so most of the ADAs need to be donated. One possible solution would be to have a hardcoded maximum amount of lovelace that can be in the treasury outputs that can definitely cover any minADA requirements. Something like 10 or 20 ADAs would be enough. We also recommend limiting the amount of treasury outputs to only one, to prevent other spam and ddos attacks.

15.c - Resolution

Resolved in commit eddd236.

16 - TRS-204 Prevent inclusion of reference scripts

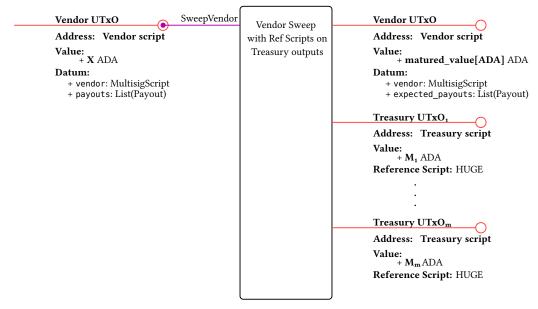
Category	Commit	Severity	Status
Robustness	d8fa5e85e5d5d2ca9dd608ad61589a4d6be59fad	Minor	Resolved

16.a - Description

With the addition of the minFeeRefScriptsCoinsPerByte protocol parameter in the Voltaire era, including a reference script in any input (whether it's a reference or not) will impact the transaction fees, regardless of whether the script is executed. Given that the reference script field is not validated in any output of the protocol, there's an attack vector where a malicious party includes a huge reference script in every output of a transaction, costing more fees to the next party interacting with those UTxOs.

In this protocol, a attacker could exploit this on SweepVendor and Malformed (both unpermissioned Vendor redeemers) by including a reference script in the Treasury outputs of those transactions, costing more fees to the next party interacting with them.

A concrete example of this attack could be



Each M_1 is the minimum ADA value to comply min ADA for i-th Treasury output. Allows dividing to the max number of Treasury UTxOs.

Then those Treasury UTxOs would be costly to consume with SweepTreasury.

16.b - Recommendation

At least check that no reference scripts are attached to Treasury outputs on SweepVendor and Malformed. This could be applied to the other redeemers as well, unless we trust on permissioned participants to not include reference scripts in their transactions.

16.c - Resolution

Resolved in commit 7653da0.

17 - Intersect Launch Details

This section lists the parameters and resulting script hashes for the Intersect deployment of the audited smart contracts. All file versions, parameter applications, and script hashes were independently verified by the auditing team.

17.a - Registry Parameters

Name	Value
utxo_ref	31c2df71553c3c395fe3ae1ab0eb6e57aac28a0f5436ed413c3c8d2139c03a6d#0

17.b - Treasury Parameters

Name	Value
registry_token	9e65e4ed7d6fd86fc4827d2b45da6d2c601fb920e8bfd794b8ecc619
expiration	1848700800000
payout_upperbound	1851206400000

17.b.a - Permissions

• Reorganize (permissions.reorganize)

```
// reorganize()
AllOf {[
  AtLeast {2,
    // intersect_admin()
    Γ
      // intersect_admin_1()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature \{1be0008bf2994524c0eaf0efdae4431e4a61ef7d974804fa794110b7\},
        Signature {27194940fae07315f4dc7a0394535dea7795dab2f232ee40f4457e8f},
      // intersect_admin_2()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {a664de561ccd2ca9a07c060d4dd7cea4dc68ba89d4bf04b21ff0726f},
        Signature {821dbb013b85872e91f59e5c3c566390c866aea114a13b1b68f064bc},
      ]},
      // intersect_admin_3()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {c236d8dc9441605238a5fe9cc7e6c1a79903289a4249c33122bf9627},
        \label{lem:signature} Signature \ \{1b5850270f7a77ea9ef570a83fb4b120bf814ec94aa0dba0c9c28844\} \ ,
      ]},
  AtLeast {3,
    // trusted_entities()
      // cardano_foundation()
      AnyOf {[
```

```
Signature {ac3de68e8e1f9af3e00b299e7858bc44e126b33e130d06223d799d5d},
          Signature {c9f2966a1b357718b45a006954106ba1f7ae9fea16e9826f3486ddd6},
        1}.
        // sundae_labs()
        AnyOf {[
          Signature {1880102b04725318eb7a6f9f481815c82473c2f50cfe9932c85a3bf8},
          Signature {7a827787c47a4e74f102330cc8566ed9845047903121025911163b9d},
        // xerberus()
        AnyOf {[
          Signature {a7f06cf4e9c03c6b7eac317d5533d573a9be3018fb7b9d95dd778d39},
          Signature {d8261e2c334b58072042130182de4fb945a46dd1b1974e1df755fe96},
        ]},
        // nmkr()
        AnyOf {[
          Signature {8349f8b4ld8337b617947ace444ef95b2b80ff2605cadf969914cf95},
          Signature {cd820bac2773f2df622c567aa547894177a818593bdae996dd0881e3},
        1},
        // dquadrant()
        AnyOf {[
          Signature {679ad28e567eb42ddb30a5cf6b5f066b2defbce393f19968d711f658},
          Signature {36e0cf1e52e05ef92e52c7bc2a04493d6bae481b8acbab12ec4300d7},
        ]},
      ]
    },
  ]}
• Sweep (permissions.sweep):
  // sweep_treasury()
  AllOf {[
    AnyOf {
      // intersect_admin()
      [
        // intersect_admin_1()
          Signature {1be0008bf2994524c0eaf0efdae4431e4a61ef7d974804fa794110b7},
          Signature {27194940fae07315f4dc7a0394535dea7795dab2f232ee40f4457e8f},
        ]},
        // intersect_admin_2()
        AnyOf {[
          Signature {a664de561ccd2ca9a07c060d4dd7cea4dc68ba89d4bf04b21ff0726f},
          Signature {821dbb013b85872e91f59e5c3c566390c866aea114a13b1b68f064bc},
        ]},
        // intersect_admin_3()
        AnyOf {[
          Signature {c236d8dc9441605238a5fe9cc7e6c1a79903289a4249c33122bf9627},
          Signature {1b5850270f7a77ea9ef570a83fb4b120bf814ec94aa0dba0c9c28844},
        ]},
     ]
    },
    AnyOf {
      // intersect_leadership()
      [
        // intersect leadership 1()
       AnyOf {[
          Signature {4e72b1facdc7eea745767b8daca40bf73d75eb0e88dcee80d57eec5d},
          \label{eq:signature} \textbf{Signature } \{1c732c072364a2afd42a03228f3816fec37e73f64b61f4c12bab55ee\}, \\
        ]},
        // intersect_leadership_2()
          Signature {91f5b1d436080c1beca93fbbb96596312d8f615b0ad9e94470af2224},
          Signature {alebdcc53ad3907461d92204f9789ddb640dcdcb0d9fce786a55eaf4},
        ]},
     1
    },
 }]
```

• Fund (permissions.fund):

```
// fund()
AllOf {[
 AnyOf {
    // intersect_leadership()
      // intersect_leadership_1()
     AnyOf {[
        Signature {4e72b1facdc7eea745767b8daca40bf73d75eb0e88dcee80d57eec5d},
        Signature {1c732c072364a2afd42a03228f3816fec37e73f64b61f4c12bab55ee},
      1}.
      // intersect_leadership_2()
     AnyOf {[
        Signature {91f5b1d436080c1beca93fbbb96596312d8f615b0ad9e94470af2224},
        Signature {alebdcc53ad3907461d92204f9789ddb640dcdcb0d9fce786a55eaf4},
   ]
 },
 AtLeast {2,
   // intersect_admin()
   ſ
     // intersect_admin_1()
     AnyOf {[
       Signature {1be0008bf2994524c0eaf0efdae4431e4a61ef7d974804fa794110b7},
        Signature {27194940fae07315f4dc7a0394535dea7795dab2f232ee40f4457e8f},
     1},
      // intersect_admin_2()
     AnyOf {[
        Signature {a664de561ccd2ca9a07c060d4dd7cea4dc68ba89d4bf04b21ff0726f},
        Signature {821dbb013b85872e91f59e5c3c566390c866aea114a13b1b68f064bc},
      ]},
      // intersect admin 3()
     AnyOf {[
       Signature {c236d8dc9441605238a5fe9cc7e6c1a79903289a4249c33122bf9627}.
        Signature {1b5850270f7a77ea9ef570a83fb4b120bf814ec94aa0dba0c9c28844},
     ]},
   ]
 },
 AtLeast {2,
   // trusted_entities()
    [
      // cardano_foundation()
     AnvOf {[
        Signature {ac3de68e8e1f9af3e00b299e7858bc44e126b33e130d06223d799d5d},
        Signature {c9f2966a1b357718b45a006954106ba1f7ae9fea16e9826f3486ddd6},
      // sundae_labs()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {1880102b04725318eb7a6f9f481815c82473c2f50cfe9932c85a3bf8},
        Signature {7a827787c47a4e74f102330cc8566ed9845047903121025911163b9d},
      ]},
     // xerberus()
     AnyOf {[
        Signature {a7f06cf4e9c03c6b7eac317d5533d573a9be3018fb7b9d95dd778d39},
        Signature {d8261e2c334b58072042130182de4fb945a46dd1b1974e1df755fe96},
     1},
      // nmkr()
     AnyOf {[
        Signature {8349f8b41d8337b617947ace444ef95b2b80ff2605cadf969914cf95},
        Signature {cd820bac2773f2df622c567aa547894177a818593bdae996dd0881e3},
      // dquadrant()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {679ad28e567eb42ddb30a5cf6b5f066b2defbce393f19968d711f658},
        Signature {36e0cf1e52e05ef92e52c7bc2a04493d6bae481b8acbab12ec4300d7},
      ]},
   ]
 },
}]
```

• **Disburse** (permissions.disburse):

```
// disburse()
AllOf {[
  AllOf {
    // intersect_leadership()
      // intersect_leadership_1()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {4e72b1facdc7eea745767b8daca40bf73d75eb0e88dcee80d57eec5d},
        Signature {1c732c072364a2afd42a03228f3816fec37e73f64b61f4c12bab55ee},
      1}.
      // intersect leadership 2()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {91f5b1d436080c1beca93fbbb96596312d8f615b0ad9e94470af2224},
        Signature {alebdcc53ad3907461d92204f9789ddb640dcdcb0d9fce786a55eaf4},
   ]
  },
  AtLeast {2,
    // intersect_admin()
    Γ
      // intersect_admin_1()
      AnvOf {[
        Signature {1be0008bf2994524c0eaf0efdae4431e4a61ef7d974804fa794110b7},
        Signature {27194940fae07315f4dc7a0394535dea7795dab2f232ee40f4457e8f},
      1},
      // intersect_admin_2()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {a664de561ccd2ca9a07c060d4dd7cea4dc68ba89d4bf04b21ff0726f},
        Signature {821dbb013b85872e91f59e5c3c566390c866aea114a13b1b68f064bc},
      ]},
      // intersect admin 3()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {c236d8dc9441605238a5fe9cc7e6c1a79903289a4249c33122bf9627},
        Signature {1b5850270f7a77ea9ef570a83fb4b120bf814ec94aa0dba0c9c28844},
      ]},
    ]
  },
  AtLeast {3,
    // trusted_entities()
    [
      // cardano_foundation()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {ac3de68e8e1f9af3e00b299e7858bc44e126b33e130d06223d799d5d},
        Signature {c9f2966a1b357718b45a006954106ba1f7ae9fea16e9826f3486ddd6},
      // sundae_labs()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {1880102b04725318eb7a6f9f481815c82473c2f50cfe9932c85a3bf8},
        Signature {7a827787c47a4e74f102330cc8566ed9845047903121025911163b9d},
      ]},
      // xerberus()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {a7f06cf4e9c03c6b7eac317d5533d573a9be3018fb7b9d95dd778d39},
        Signature {d8261e2c334b58072042130182de4fb945a46dd1b1974e1df755fe96},
      1},
      // nmkr()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {8349f8b41d8337b617947ace444ef95b2b80ff2605cadf969914cf95},
        Signature {cd820bac2773f2df622c567aa547894177a818593bdae996dd0881e3},
      // dquadrant()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {679ad28e567eb42ddb30a5cf6b5f066b2defbce393f19968d711f658},
        Signature {36e0cf1e52e05ef92e52c7bc2a04493d6bae481b8acbab12ec4300d7},
      ]},
   ]
  },
}]
```

17.c - Vendor Parameters

Name	Value
registry_token	9e65e4ed7d6fd86fc4827d2b45da6d2c601fb920e8bfd794b8ecc619
expiration	1853884800000

17.c.a - Permissions

• Pause (permissions.pause):

```
// pause()
AllOf {[
  AnyOf {
    // intersect_leadership()
      // intersect_leadership_1()
        Signature {4e72b1facdc7eea745767b8daca40bf73d75eb0e88dcee80d57eec5d},
        Signature {1c732c072364a2afd42a03228f3816fec37e73f64b61f4c12bab55ee},
      ]},
      // intersect leadership 2()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {91f5b1d436080c1beca93fbbb96596312d8f615b0ad9e94470af2224},
        Signature {alebdcc53ad3907461d92204f9789ddb640dcdcb0d9fce786a55eaf4},
     ]},
   ]
  }.
  AtLeast {2,
    // intersect_admin()
      // intersect_admin_1()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {1be0008bf2994524c0eaf0efdae4431e4a61ef7d974804fa794110b7},
        Signature {27194940fae07315f4dc7a0394535dea7795dab2f232ee40f4457e8f},
      ]},
      // intersect_admin_2()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {a664de561ccd2ca9a07c060d4dd7cea4dc68ba89d4bf04b21ff0726f},
        Signature {821dbb013b85872e91f59e5c3c566390c866aea114a13b1b68f064bc},
      1}.
      // intersect_admin_3()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {c236d8dc9441605238a5fe9cc7e6c1a79903289a4249c33122bf9627},
        Signature {1b5850270f7a77ea9ef570a83fb4b120bf814ec94aa0dba0c9c28844},
      ]},
   1
  },
}]
```

• **Resume** (permissions.resume):

```
// intersect leadership 2()
        AnyOf {[
          Signature {91f5b1d436080c1beca93fbbb96596312d8f615b0ad9e94470af2224},
          Signature {alebdcc53ad3907461d92204f9789ddb640dcdcb0d9fce786a55eaf4},
        ]},
     ]
    }.
    AtLeast {2,
      // intersect_admin()
      [
        // intersect_admin_1()
          Signature {1be0008bf2994524c0eaf0efdae4431e4a61ef7d974804fa794110b7},
          Signature {27194940fae07315f4dc7a0394535dea7795dab2f232ee40f4457e8f},
        // intersect admin 2()
        AnyOf {[
          Signature {a664de561ccd2ca9a07c060d4dd7cea4dc68ba89d4bf04b21ff0726f},
          Signature {821dbb013b85872e91f59e5c3c566390c866aea114a13b1b68f064bc},
        // intersect admin 3()
        AnyOf {[
          Signature {c236d8dc9441605238a5fe9cc7e6c1a79903289a4249c33122bf9627},
          Signature {1b5850270f7a77ea9ef570a83fb4b120bf814ec94aa0dba0c9c28844},
        ]},
      ]
   },
  }]
• Modify (permissions.modify):
  // modify(): equal to fund()
  AllOf {[
    AnyOf {
      // intersect_leadership()
      [
        // intersect_leadership_1()
          Signature {4e72b1facdc7eea745767b8daca40bf73d75eb0e88dcee80d57eec5d},
          Signature {1c732c072364a2afd42a03228f3816fec37e73f64b61f4c12bab55ee},
        1},
        // intersect leadership 2()
        AnyOf {[
          Signature {91f5b1d436080c1beca93fbbb96596312d8f615b0ad9e94470af2224},
          Signature {alebdcc53ad3907461d92204f9789ddb640dcdcb0d9fce786a55eaf4},
       ]},
     ]
    }.
    AtLeast {2,
      // intersect_admin()
        // intersect_admin_1()
          Signature {1be0008bf2994524c0eaf0efdae4431e4a61ef7d974804fa794110b7},
          Signature {27194940fae07315f4dc7a0394535dea7795dab2f232ee40f4457e8f},
        ]},
        // intersect_admin_2()
        AnyOf {[
          Signature {a664de561ccd2ca9a07c060d4dd7cea4dc68ba89d4bf04b21ff0726f},
          Signature {821dbb013b85872e91f59e5c3c566390c866aea114a13b1b68f064bc},
        ]},
        // intersect_admin_3()
        AnyOf {[
          Signature {c236d8dc9441605238a5fe9cc7e6c1a79903289a4249c33122bf9627},
          Signature {1b5850270f7a77ea9ef570a83fb4b120bf814ec94aa0dba0c9c28844},
        ]},
     ]
    },
    AtLeast {2,
      // trusted_entities()
      [
```

```
// cardano_foundation()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {ac3de68e8e1f9af3e00b299e7858bc44e126b33e130d06223d799d5d},
         \label{thm:signature} Signature \ \{c9f2966a1b357718b45a006954106ba1f7ae9fea16e9826f3486ddd6\},
      ]},
       // sundae_labs()
      AnyOf {[
         Signature {1880102b04725318eb7a6f9f481815c82473c2f50cfe9932c85a3bf8},
         Signature {7a827787c47a4e74f102330cc8566ed9845047903121025911163b9d},
      ]},
       // xerberus()
      AnyOf {[
         Signature {a7f06cf4e9c03c6b7eac317d5533d573a9be3018fb7b9d95dd778d39},
         Signature {d8261e2c334b58072042130182de4fb945a46dd1b1974e1df755fe96},
      // nmkr()
      AnyOf {[
         Signature {8349f8b41d8337b617947ace444ef95b2b80ff2605cadf969914cf95},
         Signature {cd820bac2773f2df622c567aa547894177a818593bdae996dd0881e3},
       // dquadrant()
      AnyOf {[
        Signature {679ad28e567eb42ddb30a5cf6b5f066b2defbce393f19968d711f658},
        Signature {36e0cfle52e05ef92e52c7bc2a04493d6bae481b8acbab12ec4300d7},
      ]},
    ]
},
}]
```

17.d - Script Hashes

Validator	Hash (Blake2b-224)
registry	9e65e4ed7d6fd86fc4827d2b45da6d2c601fb920e8bfd794b8ecc619
treasury	8583857e4a12ffe1e6f641a1785a0f2f036c565cfbe6ff9db8e5a469
vendor	882cbb37779b7f1f3dd2b7643662de1bfc180baf225ef820c3d8feae

18 - Amaru Launch Details

This section lists the parameters and resulting script hashes for the five Amaru related deployments of the audited treasury script. For these deployments, the vendor script will not be used.

18.a - Ledger Instance Parameters

Name	Value
utxo_ref	EF3D5DFFB6317D9293CAD31F2D648B390D24FAADA59B2C7FF6C7F77E335F9ADA#1
registry_token	92DCBBA772CB2BD720D60EBB2653957FA35E17E6D82284095DEB06A7
permissions.reorganize	Signature{7095FAF3D48D582FBAE8B3F2E726670D7A35E2400C783D992BBDEFFB}
permissions.sweep	AtLeast{3,[Signature{7095FAF3D48D582FBAE8B3F2E726670D7A35E2400C783D992BBDEFFB}, Signature{790273B642E528F620648BF494A3DB052BAD270CE7EE873324D0CF3B}, Signature{97E0F6D6C86DBEBF15CC8FDF0981F939B2F2B70928A46511EDD49DF2}, Signature{F3AB64B0F97DCF0F91232754603283DF5D75A1201337432C04D23E2E}]}
permissions.fund	AnyOf {[]}
permissions.disburse	AtLeast{3,[Signature{7095FAF3D48D582FBAE8B3F2E726670D7A35E2400C783D992BBDEFFB}, Signature{790273B642E528F620648BF494A3DB052BAD270CE7EE873324D0CF3B}, Signature{97E0F6D6C86DBEBF15CC8FDF0981F939B2F2B70928A46511EDD49DF2}, Signature{F3AB64B0F97DCF0F91232754603283DF5D75A1201337432C04D23E2E}]}
expiration	1767135600000
payout_upperbound	0

18.b - Ledger Instance Script hashes

Validator	Hash (Blake2b-224)
oneshot	92DCBBA772CB2BD720D60EBB2653957FA35E17E6D82284095DEB06A7
treasury	a7966878550cellec8a83b93fcla6e105d544f78494401066c4fe0cf

18.c - Consensus Instance Parameters

Name	Value
utxo_ref	58DE8D2F1A70DAA2B9591D16922D82F3BCDEECBE9F259FF26FD78434CFD18AF3#6
registry_token	E1D184ED90975F51BB98E54BD9405F8B832609141D799EC62F7A9E0D
permissions.reorganize	Signature{790273B642E528F620648BF494A3DB052BAD270CE7EE873324D0CF3B}
permissions.sweep	AtLeast{3,[Signature{7095FAF3D48D582FBAE8B3F2E726670D7A35E2400C783D992BBDEFFB}, Signature{790273B642E528F620648BF494A3DB052BAD270CE7EE873324D0CF3B}, Signature{97E0F6D6C86DBEBF15CC8FDF0981F939B2F2B70928A46511EDD49DF2}, Signature{F3AB64B0F97DCF0F91232754603283DF5D75A1201337432C04D23E2E}]}
permissions.fund	AnyOf {[]}
permissions.disburse	AtLeast{3,[Signature{7095FAF3D48D582FBAE8B3F2E726670D7A35E2400C783D992BBDEFFB}, Signature{790273B642E528F620648BF494A3DB052BAD270CE7EE873324D0CF3B}, Signature{97E0F6D6C86DBEBF15CC8FDF0981F939B2F2B70928A46511EDD49DF2}, Signature{F3AB64B0F97DCF0F91232754603283DF5D75A1201337432C04D23E2E}]}
expiration	1767135600000
payout_upperbound	0

18.d - Consensus Instance Script hashes

Validator	Hash (Blake2b-224)
oneshot	E1D184ED90975F51BB98E54BD9405F8B832609141D799EC62F7A9E0D
treasury	9BEAE6FC7FEADA6CCF824554B5E3A498EAB15205AC9248C3FB993B5F

18.e - Mercenaries Instance Parameters

Name	Value
utxo_ref	726FC2C924D2D6FEE8BB5B1CE26E7F0753B043F65E8F70686FB66707245264DB#1
registry_token	9475C9888C3D8E6F9A7413635EEEA2CA9A29E4793C76B012E51D7974
permissions.reorganize	Signature{97E0F6D6C86DBEBF15CC8FDF0981F939B2F2B70928A46511EDD49DF2}
permissions.sweep	AtLeast{3,[Signature{7095FAF3D48D582FBAE8B3F2E726670D7A35E2400C783D992BBDEFFB}, Signature{790273B642E528F620648BF494A3DB052BAD270CE7EE873324D0CF3B}, Signature{97E0F6D6C86DBEBF15CC8FDF0981F939B2F2B70928A46511EDD49DF2}, Signature{F3AB64B0F97DCF0F91232754603283DF5D75A1201337432C04D23E2E}]}
permissions.fund	AnyOf {[]}
permissions.disburse	AtLeast{3,[Signature{7095FAF3D48D582FBAE8B3F2E726670D7A35E2400C783D992BBDEFFB}, Signature{790273B642E528F620648BF494A3DB052BAD270CE7EE873324D0CF3B}, Signature{97E0F6D6C86DBEBF15CC8FDF0981F939B2F2B70928A46511EDD49DF2}, Signature{F3AB64B0F97DCF0F91232754603283DF5D75A1201337432C04D23E2E}]}
expiration	1767135600000
payout_upperbound	0

18.f - Mercenaries Instance Script hashes

Validator	Hash (Blake2b-224)
oneshot	9475C9888C3D8E6F9A7413635EEEA2CA9A29E4793C76B012E51D7974
treasury	877F57E0BDCC8167E984DEE052D8DD7346EFFC08FF80A29B045E1A10

18.g - Marketing Instance Parameters

Name	Value
utxo_ref	CC1FE3E23384A64065DE47065460A438884624E605D33223E9B324F1E8D4834B#1
registry_token	75310AA236524E241FF5F526BF3F7F5E164646579DE9B600C080EC6E
permissions.reorganize	Signature{F3AB64B0F97DCF0F91232754603283DF5D75A1201337432C04D23E2E}
permissions.sweep	AtLeast{3,[Signature{7095FAF3D48D582FBAE8B3F2E726670D7A35E2400C783D992BBDEFFB}, Signature{790273B642E528F620648BF494A3DB052BAD270CE7EE873324D0CF3B}, Signature{97E0F6D6C86DBEBF15CC8FDF0981F939B2F2B70928A46511EDD49DF2}, Signature{F3AB64B0F97DCF0F91232754603283DF5D75A1201337432C04D23E2E}]}
permissions.fund	AnyOf {[]}
permissions.disburse	AtLeast{3,[Signature{7095FAF3D48D582FBAE8B3F2E726670D7A35E2400C783D992BBDEFFB}, Signature{790273B642E528F620648BF494A3DB052BAD270CE7EE873324D0CF3B}, Signature{97E0F6D6C86DBEBF15CC8FDF0981F939B2F2B70928A46511EDD49DF2}, Signature{F3AB64B0F97DCF0F91232754603283DF5D75A1201337432C04D23E2E}]}
expiration	1767135600000
payout_upperbound	Θ

18.h - Marketing Instance Script hashes

Validator	Hash (Blake2b-224)
oneshot	75310AA236524E241FF5F526BF3F7F5E164646579DE9B600C080EC6E
treasury	860EE0F6BD8235842A908AFD86DC949C4C9DABD74B0965C364B8D315

18.i - Contingency Instance Parameters

Name	Value
utxo_ref	E5F2AB8AEE572FCF11192DAB625E80F9640FD564E2991977A45E41CFBBCBFCDE#0
registry_token	B1A064E7AA84E2420BCBF3A446B8868800FCDE674EBA6CEC4C452F07
permissions.reorganize	AnyOf[Signature{7095FAF3D48D582FBAE8B3F2E726670D7A35E2400C783D992BBDEFFB}, Signature{790273B642E528F620648BF494A3DB052BAD270CE7EE873324D0CF38}, Signature{97E0F6D6C86DBEBF15CC8FDF0981F939B2F2B70928A46511EDD49DF2}, Signature{F3AB64B0F97DCF0F91232754603283DF5D75A1201337432C04D23E2E}]
permissions.sweep	AtLeast{3,[Signature{7095FAF3D48D582FBAE8B3F2E726670D7A35E2400C783D992BBDEFFB}, Signature{790273B642E528F620648BF494A3DB052BAD270CE7EE873324D0CF3B}, Signature{97E0F6D6C86DBEBF15CC8FDF0981F939B2F2B70928A46511EDD49DF2}, Signature{F3AB64B0F97DCF0F91232754603283DF5D75A1201337432C04D23E2E}]}
permissions.fund	AnyOf {[]}
permissions.disburse	AtLeast{3,[Signature{7095FAF3D48D582FBAE8B3F2E726670D7A35E2400C783D992BBDEFFB}, Signature{790273B642E528F620648BF494A3DB052BAD270CE7EE873324D0CF3B}, Signature{97E0F6D6C86DBEBF15CC8FDF0981F939B2F2B70928A46511EDD49DF2}, Signature{F3AB64B0F97DCF0F91232754603283DF5D75A1201337432C04D23E2E}]}
expiration	1767135600000
payout_upperbound	0

18.j - Contingency Instance Script hashes

Validator	Hash (Blake2b-224)
oneshot	B1A064E7AA84E2420BCBF3A446B8868800FCDE674EBA6CEC4C452F07
treasury	E425984E24FB2C06AD676882178DDEE6E47B994A589AE3D70C817C79

A Appendix

A.1 Terms and Conditions of the Commercial Agreement

A.1.1 Confidentiality

Both parties agree, within a framework of trust, to discretion and confidentiality in handling the business. This report cannot be shared, referred to, altered, or relied upon by any third party without Txpipe LLC, 651 N Broad St, Suite 201, Middletown registered at the county of New Castle, written consent.

The violation of the aforementioned, as stated supra, shall empower TxPipe to pursue all of its rights and claims in accordance with the provisions outlined in Title 6, Subtitle 2, Chapter 20 of the Delaware Code titled "Trade Secrets,", and to also invoke any other applicable law that protects or upholds these rights.

Therefore, in the event of any harm inflicted upon the company's reputation or resulting from the misappropriation of trade secrets, the company hereby reserves the right to initiate legal action against the contractor for the actual losses incurred due to misappropriation, as well as for any unjust enrichment resulting from misappropriation that has not been accounted for in the calculation of actual losses.

A.1.2 Service Extension and Details

This report does not endorse or disapprove any specific project, team, code, technology, asset or similar. It provides no warranty or guarantee about the quality or nature of the technology/code analyzed.

This agreement does not authorize the client IOG to make use of the logo, name, or any other unauthorized reference to Txpipe LLC, except upon express authorization from the company.

TxPipe LLC shall not be liable for any use or damages suffered by the client or third-party agents, nor for any damages caused by them to third parties. The sole purpose of this commercial agreement is the delivery of what has been agreed upon. The company shall be exempt from any matters not expressly covered within the contract, with the client bearing sole responsibility for any uses or damages that may arise.

Any claims against the company under the aforementioned terms shall be dismissed, and the client may be held accountable for damages to reputation or costs resulting from non-compliance with the aforementioned provisions. This report provides general information and is not intended to constitute financial, investment, tax, legal, regulatory, or any other form of advice.

Any conflict or controversy arising under this commercial agreement or subsequent agreements shall be resolved in good faith between the parties. If such negotiations do not result in a conventional agreement, the parties agree to submit disputes to the courts of Delaware and to the laws of that jurisdiction under the powers conferred by the Delaware Code, TITLE 6, SUBTITLE I, ARTICLE 1, Part 3 § 1-301. and Title 6, SUBTITLE II, chapter 27 §2708.

A.1.3 Disclaimer

The audit constitutes a comprehensive examination and assessment as of the date of report submission. The company expressly disclaims any certification or endorsement regarding the subsequent performance, effectiveness, or efficiency of the contracted entity, post-report delivery, whether resulting from modification, alteration, malfeasance, or negligence by any third party external to the company.

The company explicitly disclaims any responsibility for reviewing or certifying transactions occurring between the client and third parties, including the purchase or sale of products and services.

This report is strictly provided for *informational purposes* and reflects solely the due diligence conducted on the following files and their corresponding hashes using sha256 algorithm:

Filename: validators/oneshot.ak

Hash: 486b661193aa7d84e9e2cd8f284ee5e3b79b89dd458c1cbea0c773260f55bc03

Filename: validators/treasury.ak

Hash: b0130d0276ebf5efdfaa5dbc0d38e23e00657ccacc660b0999db0185b1fdee11

Filename: validators/vendor.ak

Hash: cfb359b9c823b993148ec51031591f287398e3ce3d3b81f1b3f87bb7f67cda2c

Filename: lib/types.ak

Hash: 4b5517f4cd9fcd75b545342f43ed610ebe8969b8ade0b7afb08ee6981363f41e

Filename: lib/utilities.ak

Hash: 4697438429cd21d6cbd0315a26dd3022f2fbd01136a8bb0f3925675124973995

Filename: lib/logic/treasury/disburse.ak

Hash: 036c02aa5c0f287dea4ff9703b09906ff44467a9fbac78671a08b7b89bd2875c

Filename: lib/logic/treasury/fund.ak

Hash: 75d4bd6734e18b207c08e43a89943781d350ba9998868a6808b0e1b218849a3c

Filename: lib/logic/treasury/reorganize.ak

Hash: 5713f10f8f101a21c07cd9245312e5ef21dfdef8dcf9cce515c252227fce93ee

Filename: lib/logic/treasury/sweep.ak

Hash: a6d5282818ae8f8b2b62834afadbd4911fdd24cb4d3219a3404ecebef50112ab

Filename: lib/logic/treasury/withdraw.ak

Hash: a702bb19a814c376a0071ee15bcd4681ceaccaf0563e67745e9078b5e18a55d0

Filename: lib/logic/vendor/adjudicate.ak

Hash: 78ddcc86593503bde90911b5497ff14e3a3347fc2d6ffd8bb5a9b9136f26852f

Filename: lib/logic/vendor/malformed.ak

Hash: 0b03157fb8f01a80f34bb49d57ac74f4bab71ae179a3977c24b459d47bfd7041

Filename: lib/logic/vendor/modify.ak

Hash: 9c58a16ae2fce0aad52e64b03b60c5d78a8f03e5ab9cca3761ea2c64eee735c2

Filename: lib/logic/vendor/sweep.ak

Hash: 57e1a2763c3b497e598d5375814425bc6b68fa74c6619a5a103652963b3d35dc

Filename: lib/logic/vendor/withdraw.ak

Hash: 21d5021638f0e459bd718d6f453c4c6e0141957ca951596d2f5191efee4a3e2c

TxPipe advocates for the implementation of multiple independent audits, a publicly accessible bug bounty program, and continuous security auditing and monitoring. Despite the diligent manual review processes, the potential for errors exists. TxPipe strongly advises seeking multiple independent opinions on critical matters. It is the firm belief of TxPipe that every entity and individual is responsible for conducting their own due diligence and maintaining ongoing security measures.

A.2 Issue Guide

A.2.1 Severity

Severity	Description
Critical	Critical issues highlight exploits, bugs, loss of funds, or other vulnerabilities that prevent the dApp from working as intended. These issues have no workaround.
Major	Major issues highlight exploits, bugs, or other vulnerabilities that cause unexpected transaction failures or may be used to trick general users of the dApp. dApps with Major issues may still be functional.
Minor	Minor issues highlight edge cases where a user can purposefully use the dApp in a non-incentivized way and often lead to a disadvantage for the user.
Info	Info are not issues. These are just pieces of information that are beneficial to the dApp creator. These are not necessarily acted on or have a resolution, they are logged for the completeness of the audit.

A.2.2 Status

Status	Description
Resolved	Issues that have been fixed by the project team.
Acknowledged	Issues that have been acknowledged or partially fixed by the project team. Projects can decide to not fix issues for whatever reason.
Identified	Issues that have been identified by the audit team. These are waiting for a response from the project team.

A.3 Revisions

This report was created using a git based workflow. All changes are tracked in a github repo and the report is produced using <u>typst</u>. The report source is available <u>here</u>. All versions with downloadable PDFs can be found on the <u>releases page</u>.

A.4 About Us

TxPipe is a blockchain technology company responsible for many projects that are now a critical part of the Cardano ecosystem. Our team built <u>Oura, Scrolls, Pallas, Demeter</u>, and we're the original home of <u>Aiken</u>. We're passionate about making tools that make it easier to build on Cardano. We believe that blockchain adoption can be accelerated by improving developer experience. We develop blockchain tools, leveraging the open-source community and its methodologies.

A.4.1 Links

- Website
- Email
- <u>Twitter</u>

Santiago Carmuega

CEO

Sautiago Carmuga
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7/16/2025