✓ Congratulations! You passed!

TO PASS 80% or higher



GRADE 100%

1/1 point

*\A/a a | c| v | c| b | a | l| a | c| c| a | 2 +

W	eekly challenge 2	
100%	JBMISSION GRADE	
analy	the blank: A preference in favor of or against a person, group of people, or thing is called It is an error in data tics that can systematically skew results in a certain direction.	1/1 point
_	data collection	
_	data bias data anonymization	
	data interoperability	
~	Correct Data bias is a type of error that systematically skews results in a certain direction.	
	h of the following are types of data bias often encountered in data analytics? Select all that apply.	1/1 point
~	Observer bias	
~	Correct Observer bias, interpretation bias, and confirmation bias are types of bias often encountered in data analytics.	
~	Confirmation bias	
~	Correct Observer bias, interpretation bias, and confirmation bias are types of bias often encountered in data analytics.	
	Educational bias	
\checkmark	Interpretation bias	
`	Correct Observer bias, interpretation bias, and confirmation bias are types of bias often encountered in data analytics.	
_	neral, the usefulness of data decreases as time passes.	1/1 point
0	False	
~	Correct In general, the usefulness of data decreases as time passes. The best data sources are current and relevant.	
of th	ompany uses your personal data as part of a financial transaction, you should be made aware of the nature and scale e transaction. What concept of data ethics does this refer to?	1/1 point
_	Currency Ownership	
_	Consent Privacy	
	✓ Correct	
	This refers to currency, which says that individuals should be aware of financial transactions resulting from the use of their personal data and the scale of these transactions.	

5. An individual who provides their data has the right to know and understand all of the data-processing activities and

algorithms used on that data. This concept refers to which aspect of data ethics?

Transaction transparency

	○ Currency○ Consent			
	✓ Correct This refers to transaction transparency, which is the idea that an individual who provides their data has the right to know and understand all of the data-processing activities and algorithms used on that data.			
6.	What is data privacy? Providing free access, usage, and sharing of data Searching for or interpreting supporting information Preserving a data subject's information and activity for all data transactions Applying well-founded standards of right and wrong that dictate how data is collected, shared, and used	1/1 point		
	Correct Data privacy refers to preserving a data subject's information and activity for all data transactions.			
7.	Data anonymization applies to both text and images. True False	1/1 point		
	✓ Correct Data anonymization applies to all personally identifiable information, including text and images.			
8.	The government of a large city collects data on the quality of the city's infrastructure. Any business, nonprofit organization, or person can access the government's databases and re-use or redistribute the data. Is this an example of open data? O Yes No	1/1 point		
	✓ Correct This is an example of open data. Everyone must be able to use, re-use, and redistribute open data.			