

Week 6 Tutorial Worksheet

AY22/23 Semester 2

Question 1. International visitor arrivals in Singapore

The file `tourist_arrivals_lengths_of_stay_2022.xlsx` was downloaded from the [Singapore Department of Statistics](#). Read the data into R. Clean up the data, and then create a bar plot that shows the distribution of tourist arrival length in December 2022.

Question 2. YRBSS questionnaires

In this question, we use a subset of data from the Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS). For more information about the data, read the [documentation here](#). We will use the data to practice our data manipulation skills using `tidyverse` syntax.

```
library(tidyverse)
yrbss = read.csv("../data/yrbss_data.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
```

1. Use the code above to read data into R. Then conduct the following tasks:
 - Remove rows with missing values (if any).
 - Remove duplicated rows (if any).
 - Rename the columns `record` as `id`, and `stweight` as `weight_kg`.
 - Store the resulting data frame as an object named `yrbss`.
2. Subset female youth with BMI lower than 15 and then extract the following columns: `id`, `age`, `race4`. Store your result in an object named `qn2_2`.
3. What do the following commands do? Briefly describe (in words) what they do in an Rmd text section entitled “Question 2.3”.

```
yrbss %>% select(-(grade:race7))
yrbss %>% select(starts_with("race"))
yrbss %>% select(id, sex, everything())
yrbss %>% select_if(is.numeric)
```

4. Create a column `height_m` in `yrbss`, computed based on the BMI formula:

$$BMI = \frac{weight(kg)}{height^2(m)}$$

5. Briefly describe (in words) what they do in an `Rmd` text section entitled “Question 2.5”.

```
yrbss %>% mutate(grade_num = as.numeric(str_remove(grade, "th")))
yrbss %>% mutate_if(is.factor, tolower)
yrbss %>% mutate_if(is.numeric, round, digits = 0)
yrbss %>% mutate_at(vars(age:grade), toupper)
```

6. Use `yrbss` to compute the mean and standard deviation of BMI, named `bmi_mean` and `bmi_sd` respectively, for individuals in different age groups. Save your output as a data frame named `qn2_6`.

Requirements

- Clear out your environment and then knit the file again. Make sure your `Rmd` can knit to HTML.
- The code in your `Rmd` file should create three data frames: `yrbss`, `qn2_2`, `qn2_6`.
- The knitted HTML file should contain
 - a bar plot for Question 1.
 - two markdown text sections entitled “Question 2.3” and “Question 2.5” (instead of comments inside code chunks).

Important: Approach your tutor at the end of this tutorial if you are unsure about any of the requirements above.