Home Work #1

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Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include<time.h>
#include <math.h>
#define N 10000
using namespace std;
int ARRAY[N];
               /*This Array is used to compute the factorial by storing each
digit of a number in the array */
int STOREDVALUES[N][N];/*This array is used to store the pre computed
values*/
class Fact
{
public:
void factorial(int previousvalue, int value) /*This function is used to
caliculate the factorial*/
int result=0, reminder=0;
int k;
int i=N;
for (int j=0; j <= N; j++) // getting the factorial value of the largest value
given before so that we can continue from there
ARRAY[j]=STOREDVALUES[ previousvalue][j];
for(k= previousvalue+1; k<= value; k++)</pre>
     reminder=0;
while(i>0)
                                   //storing the products into array
      result=ARRAY[i]*k+reminder;
      if(result>9)
           ARRAY[i]=result%10;
      reminder=result/10;
      else
ARRAY[i]=result;
      //cout<<ARRAY[i]<<endl;</pre>
      reminder=0;
      i--;
      i=N;
      result=0;
                          // storing the factorials which are computed
for(int j=0;j<=N;j++)
into STOREDVALUES
STOREDVALUES[k][j]=ARRAY[j];
}
}
void print(int value)/*Is used to print the values which are stored in the
array while computing*/
```

```
{
      int j=0;
      for (j=0; j \le N; j++)
      if(STOREDVALUES[ value][j]!=0)
            break;
      cout<< "factorial of the number is:"<<endl;</pre>
    for(j;j<=N;j++)
      cout<<STOREDVALUES[ value][j];</pre>
      cout << endl;
}
};
int main() /*This is the main function*/
      int* ARRAY=(int*)malloc(10000*sizeof(int));
int i,value,result=0,reminder=0;
int previousvalue=1;
for(i=0; i<N; i++) /*This is used to intialise the values of the arrays*/
ARRAY[i]=0;
STOREDVALUES[1][i]=0;
STOREDVALUES[1][N]=1;
cout << "Enter the value" << endl;
cin>>value;
while (value>=0) //Loop to read n no of values untill you give a negative
number
            clock t start=clock();
            if(value>previousvalue) // Checking whether the value entered is
greater than the largest among the values which were entered before
            f.factorial(previousvalue, value);//calling the factorial function
            previousvalue=value;
f.print(value);
clock t end=clock();
cout<<"time taken:"<<end-start<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"Enter a positive value (Negative value to exit)";</pre>
cin>>value;
}
```

Design:

In my design I took two arrays one ARRAY for performing the computations and the other STOREDVALUES for storing the computed values of factorial(first row has 1!,2nd row has 2!,.....). When we give a positive value as an input to the program

That value is put into ARRAY from the back such that each digit of the number occupies the each ARRAY location from the back.

(In my factorial function i am storing all the factorials of all the values lesser than the "value" in the STOREDVALUES which are used in calculating the factorial of the "value" so that we can use it in future.)

Now I have a previous value variable which has the largest value for which we have computed the factorial before.

If previous value is lesser than value i am sending the previous value and value to the factorial function as we already have the factorials for the values till previous value in STOREDVALUES we need not do it again. We can just pick up the factorial of the previous value from STOREDVALUES and continue it till value

If previous value is greater than the present value we need not perform the factorial (need not call factorial) as it is already stored in STOREDVALUES we can just retrieve it from the array.

Screenshot:

