

Azure Sphere Boot Camp Lab 4

Authors:

- Juergen Schwertl (jschwert@microsoft.com)
- Kevin Saye (kevinsay@microsoft.com)

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1 LAB OVERVIEW

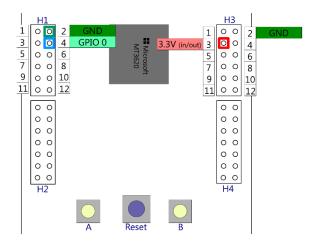
In this lab, we will connect a DHT11 sensor to an Azure Sphere device, which will send in JSON form a message to Azure IoT Hub on a periodic basis or when button B is pressed.

1.1 WIRING THE DEVICE

With the Sphere unplugged from power, wire the device as follows:

| Purpose | MT3620 | DHT11/22 | Pictured wire below |
|-----------|-----------------|----------|---------------------|
| Ground | Header 1, pin 2 | - | grey |
| Data | Header 1, pin 4 | out | purple |
| 3.3 volts | Header 3, pin 3 | + | blue |

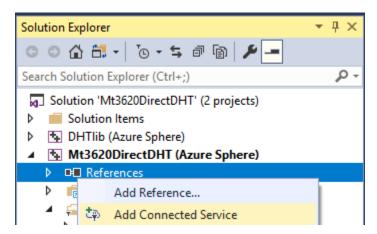




For information on the pinout of the board, see MT3620ReferenceBoardDesignTP4.0.1.pdf.

1.2 Modifying the Code

- Step 1. In Visual Studio, open Mt3620DirectDHT\Mt3620DirectDHT.sln from the zip file provided by the instructor.
- Step 2. In the Solution Explorer, under the Mt3620DirectDHT solution, right click on Reference and "Add Connected Service" as shown below:



Select your Azure Subscription, Connection Type: "Device Provisioning Service" and your previously created Device provisioning service from the list and press [Add].

Make sure that the output shows updates to both AllowedConnections and DeviceAuthentication properties in app_manifest.json

```
[11.02.2019 18:03:35.153] Adding Device Connectivity with Azure IoT to the project.
[11.02.2019 18:03:35.329] The following hostnames have been added to the AllowedConnections attribute of app_manifest.json: global.azure-devices-provisioning.net, JS-MS-Iot-Hub.azure-devices.net
[11.02.2019 18:03:35.341] The Azure Sphere tenant ID 'c0b88764-9273-46ab-bab2-effecf13f91c' has been added to the DeviceAuthentication attribute of app_manifest.json .
[11.02.2019 18:03:36.441] Azure Sphere Device Provisioning Service scope id:'One0002304B' [11.02.2019 18:03:36.449] Successfully added Device Connectivity with Azure IoT to the project.
```

Step 3. Open azure_iot_utilities.h on or about line **#41** and add the following code as shown below (you can copy these lines also from azure_iot_utilities-snippets.txt)

```
/// <summary>
/// Creates and enqueues reported properties state using a prepared json string.
/// The report is not actually sent immediately, but it is sent on the next
/// invocation of AzureIoT_DoPeriodicTasks().
/// </summary>
void AzureIoT_TwinReportStateJson(
    char *reportedPropertiesString,
    size t reportedPropertiesSize);
```

```
azure_iot_utilities.h + × azure_iot_utilities-snippets.txt
Mt3620DirectDHT

    ▼ (Global Scope)

             void AzureIoT_TwinReportState(const char *propertyName, size_t propertyValue);
     39
     40
     41
     42
             ///
                     Creates and enqueues reported properties state using a prepared json string.
                     The report is not actually sent immediately, but it is sent on the next
     43
            ///
                     invocation of AzureIoT DoPeriodicTasks().
     44
            111
     45
            /// </summary>
    46
            void AzureIoT_TwinReportStateJson(
                 char *reportedPropertiesString,
     47
                 size t reportedPropertiesSize);
     48
     49
```

Step 4. Open azure_iot_utilities.c and at the end of the file, on or about line #485 add the following code, as shown below

```
void AzureIoT TwinReportStateJson(
   char *reportedPropertiesString,
   size t reportedPropertiesSize)
   if (iothub client handle == NULL) {
          LogMessage("ERROR: client not initialized\n");
   else {
          if (reportedPropertiesString != NULL) {
                 if (IoTHubDeviceClient LL SendReportedState(iothub client handle,
                        (unsigned char *) reportedPropertiesString,
reportedPropertiesSize,
                       reportStatusCallback, 0) != IOTHUB CLIENT OK) {
                       LogMessage("ERROR: failed to set reported state as
'%s'.\n",
                              reportedPropertiesString);
                 else {
                       LogMessage ("INFO: Reported state as '%s'.\n",
reportedPropertiesString);
          else {
                 LogMessage("ERROR: no JSON string for Device Twin reporting.\n");
```

```
azure_iot_utilities.c + × azure_iot_utilities-snippets.txt*
Mt3620DirectDHT
                                                                                  (Global Scope)
            =/// <summary>
    485
    486
            ///
                     Creates and enqueues reported properties state using a prepared json string.
                     The report is not actually sent immediately, but it is sent on the next
   487
            ///
                     invocation of AzureIoT DoPeriodicTasks().
   488
            ///
   489
            /// </summary>
   490
            void AzureIoT_TwinReportStateJson(
   491
                 char *reportedPropertiesString,
                 size_t reportedPropertiesSize)
   492
   493
            {
                 if (iothubClientHandle == NULL) {
   494
    495
                     LogMessage("ERROR: client not initialized\n");
   496
                 else {
   497
    498
                     if (reportedPropertiesString != NULL) {
                          \textbf{if} \ ( IoT HubDevice Client\_LL\_Send Reported State ( iothub Client Handle, \\
   499
    500
                              (unsigned char *)reportedPropertiesString, reportedPropertiesSize,
                              reportStatusCallback, 0) != IOTHUB_CLIENT_OK) {
   501
   502
                              LogMessage("ERROR: failed to set reported state as '%s'.\n",
    503
                                  reportedPropertiesString);
    504
                         }
    505
                         else {
                              LogMessage("INFO: Reported state as '%s'.\n", reportedPropertiesString);
   506
   507
    508
                     }
    509
                     else {
    510
                         LogMessage("ERROR: no JSON string for Device Twin reporting.\n");
   511
    512
    513
```

- Step 5. In Visual Studio, click "Remote GDB Debugger" to compile, deploy, run and debug the code on the device.
- Step 6. Monitoring the output window in Visual Studio, you should see the device send the temperature every 15 seconds as shown below:

```
Output
                                                        - | 🏪 | 🖆 🎽 🛂
Show output from: Device Output
Remote debugging from host 192.168.35.1
MT3620 direct DHT sensor application starting
Open MT3620_RDB_BUTTON_B
Open RGB LED 0
Open RGB LED 1
Open RGB LED 2
[Azure IoT] IoTHubDeviceClient_CreateWithAzureSphereDeviceAuthProvisioning returned 'AZURE_SPHERE_PROV_RESULT_OK'.
[Azure IoT Hub client] INFO: AzureIoT_DoPeriodicTasks calls in progress..
[Azure IoT] INFO: connection to the IoT Hub has been established (IOTHUB_CLIENT_CONNECTION_OK).
 [Azure IoT Hub client] INFO: AzureIoT_DoPeriodicTasks calls in progress...
[Azure IoT Hub client] INFO: AzureIoT_DoPeriodicTasks calls in progress...
DHT_ReadData() Humidity = 40.0 % Temperature = 26.0 *C (78.8 *F)
[Azure IoT] INFO: Reported state as '{"Temp_C":"26.00","Temp_F":"78.80","Humidity":"40.00"}'.
[Azure IoT] INFO: IoTHubClient accepted the message for delivery
INFO: SendMessageToIoTHub {"success":true,"Temp_C":"26.00","Temp_F":"78.80","Humidity":"40.00"}
[Azure IoT] INFO: Reported state accepted by IoT Hub. Result is: 204
[Azure IoT] INFO: Message received by IoT Hub. Result is: 0
```

Step 7. Pressing the B button should send the temperature instantly.

Note, using an inexpensive sensor like the DHT11 has limited accuracy and stability.

1.3 REVIEWING THE CODE (MAIN.C)

Line 20 includes the DHT Library (not part of the Azure Sphere SDK).

Line 22ff are now commented out as the *Add Connected Service* wizard added a definition for AZURE_IOT_HUB_CONFIGURED to the project settings (RightClick Mt3620DirectDHT-Project->Properties and go to Configuration Properties->C/C++->All Options and check "Additional Options" to contain "-D AZURE_IOT_HUB_CONFIGURED".

```
#include "mt3620_rdb.h"

#include "rgbled_utility.h"

#include "..\DHTlib\Inc\Public\DHTlib.h"

#include "..\DHTlib\Inc\Public\DHTlib.h"

#include "..\DHTlib\Inc\Public\DHTlib.h"

#include "..\DHTlib\Inc\Public\DHTlib.h"

#include "minclude "minclude "..\DHTlib\Inc\Public\DHTlib.h"

#include "minclude "mt3620_rdb.h"

#include "rgbled_utility.h"

#include "rgbled_utility.h"

#include "..\DHTlib\Inc\Public\DHTlib.h"

#includ
```

Lines 100ff define message format and temperature reading intervals.

```
// json format strings

static const char cstrJsonData[] = "{\"Temp_C\":\"%.2f\",\"Temp_F\":\"%.2f\",\"Humidity\":\"%.2f\"}";

static const char cstrJsonSuccessAndData[] = "{\"success\":true,\"Temp_C\":\"%.2f\",\"Temp_F\":\"%.2f\",\"Humidity\":\"%.2f\"}";

static const char cstrJsonErrorNoData[] = "{\"success\":false,\"message\":\"could not read DHT sensor data\"}";

static const char cstrJsonMethodNotFound[] = "{\"success\":false,\"message\":\"method not found '%s'\"}";
```

Lines 176ff reads the sensor data from the hard coded GPIO (GPIO0) and converts to json format.

```
⊡/// <summary>
               Helper function to read the DHT sensor values and create response json if jsonBuffer and cstrJsonFormat is available.
179 /// <param name="jsonBuffer">pointer to string buffer for json result.</param>
       /// <param name="jsonBufferSize">length of pre-allocated json string buffer</param>
180
       /// <returns>True if successful, false if an error occurred.</returns:
181
     bool GetSensorDataJson(char * jsonBuffer, size_t jsonBufferSize, const char * cstrJsonFormat )
182
183
            if ((jsonBuffer == NULL) || (cstrJsonFormat==NULL))
186
187
188
           DHT_SensorData * pDHT = DHT_ReadData(MT3620_GPI00);
189
           if (pDHT == NULL)
190
191
               strncpy(jsonBuffer, cstrJsonErrorNoData, jsonBufferSize);
192
193
               return false;
194
195
196
            // prepare json data to be sent
197
            snprintf(jsonBuffer, jsonBufferSize, cstrJsonFormat,
                       pDHT->TemperatureCelsius, pDHT->TemperatureFahrenheit, pDHT->Humidity);
198
            return true;
199
```

Lines 202ff allocate a jsonBuffer and populate the buffer with the DHT sensor data to send the telemetry to Azure IoT Hub.

```
202
       ⊡/// <summary>
203
     111
               Sends a message to Azure IoT Hub.
       /// </summary>
204
      =static void SendMessageToIotHub(void)
205
206
       {
207
            if (connectedToIoTHub) {
                char * jsonBuffer = (char *)malloc(JSON_BUFFER_SIZE);
208
209
     if (GetSensorDataJson(jsonBuffer, JSON_BUFFER_SIZE, cstrJsonSuccessAndData)) {
210
211
                    AzureIoT_SendMessage(jsonBuffer);
213
                    Log_Debug("INFO: SendMessageToIoTHub %s\n", jsonBuffer);
214
                     // Set the send/receive LED to blink once immediately to indicate the message has been queued
215
                    {\tt BlinkLedOnce} (\& led Send Message, \ timer Fd Send Message Led, \ Rgb Led Utility\_Colors\_Green);
216
217
                else
218
                     // Send/receive LED to blink once red to indicate sensor failure
219
                    BlinkLedOnce(&ledSendMessage, timerFdSendMessageLed, RgbLedUtility Colors Red);
220
221
222
                free(jsonBuffer);
223
            } else {
224
     Log_Debug("[SendMessageToIoTHub]: Cannot send message: not connected to the IoT Hub\n");
```

An interesting change you'll find to the <code>event_data_t</code> declaration in <code>epoll_timerfd_utilities.h</code> at line #30. It has been extended to contain an additional void * ptr for additional event context.

```
=/// <summary>
       /// Data structure for context data for epoll events.
16
17
       /// When registering event handlers, a pointer to this struct must be provided;
       /// this pointer's liveness must be maintained while the event is active.
       /// In other words, do not use a local function variable for this data structure.
21
      typedef struct event_data {
           /// <su
           /// The event handler
23
24
           /// </summary>
25
           event handler t eventHandler;
26
27
           /// The file descriptor that generated the event
28
           /// </summary
31
           /// a pointer to additional event context
32
33
           void * ptr;
34
      } event data t;
```

This allows to e.g. use a generic handler for all Led-timers since it now contains the required context information, what Led should be affected by the timer.

```
386
        111
               Handle the blinking for LEDs.
387
        /// </summa
       static void LedUpdateHandler(event_data_t *eventData)
388
389
390
           if (ConsumeTimerFdEvent(eventData->fd) != 0) {
391
392
                terminationRequired = true;
393
                return;
395
396
            // Clear the send/receive LED2.
            RgbLedUtility_SetLed((RgbLed *) eventData->ptr, RgbLedUtility_Colors_Off);
397
398
```