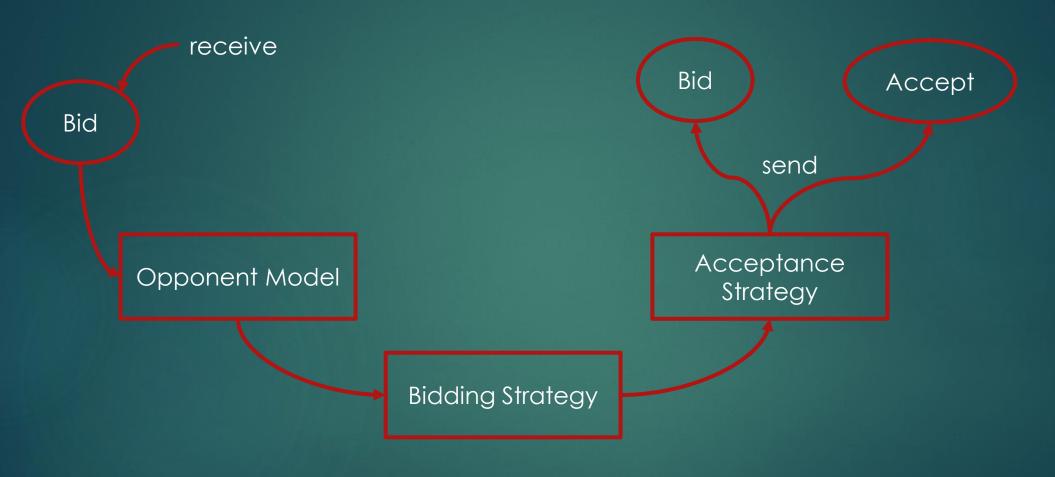
BenSolo – Agent for ANAC Repeated Multilateral Negotiations in Arbitrary Domains

Outline

- General Design
- Opponent Model
- Bidding Strategy
- Acceptance Condition
- > Tests
- Conclusion & Future Work

General Design



Opponent Model

- Input: Set of opponent's bids + Negotiation trace
- Output: Estimated Utility

Estimated Utility += Issue Weight * Value Weight

- Update every bidding round
- Similar to frequency modeling

Bidding Strategy

At the start of the negotiation:

- Select Random bids
- Getting to know your opponent's model

Once you have a clearer image of opponent's model:

Utarget(t) =
$$(1 - Ur) * (1 - t^{S}) + Ur$$

Ur: minimum acceptable utility

S: concession shape

t: negotiations timeline

- Range of bids close to the target
- Goal: Maximize opponent's minimum utility

Acceptance Condition

- In this framework it's better to accept late
- Must have an agreement

Our Very Simple Acceptance Strategy:

If Generated Bid Utility <= Offered Bid Utility
then Accept
else Counter Offer

Tests

Party Domain	Value
Rounds to consensus	136
Distance to Pareto/Nash	0.046/0.54
Social Welfare	2.00167
BenSolo	0.79451
Boulware	0.81333
Conceder	0.39383

Smart Grid	Value
Rounds to consensus	172
Distance to Pareto/Nash	0.0/0.4344
Social Welfare	2.15618
BenSolo	0.76983
Group2	0.89390
AgentHP	0.49246

Triangular Fight	Value
Rounds to consensus	129
Distance to Pareto/Nash	0.0/0.05
Social Welfare	0.41984
BenSolo	0.16148
kawaii	0.16148
TUDMixedStrategyAgent	0.09689

University	Value
Rounds to consensus	135
Distance to Pareto/Nash	0.0/0.113
Social Welfare	2.69407
BenSolo	0.94094
DrageKnight	0.95722
SENGOKU	0.79591

Conclusion & Future Work

Conclusion:

- Decent Performance
- Mostly Close to Optimal but not to Nash

Future Work:

- More sophisticated acceptance strategy (e.g. bid history)
- Treat early bids as more important
- Model opponent's accepting thershold

Thank you!