

# MACPET

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## Abstract

This vignette gives an introduction to the MACPET package which can be used for binding site analysis (peak-calling) of ChIA-PET data. Throughout the vignette an introduction of MACPET classes, methods and functions will be given.

## Package

MACPET 0.99.0 Rversion >=3.4.2

## Contents

|     |                                       |    |
|-----|---------------------------------------|----|
| 1   | Introduction . . . . .                | 2  |
| 2   | MACPET Classes . . . . .              | 3  |
| 2.1 | <i>PSelf</i> Class . . . . .          | 4  |
| 2.2 | <i>PSFit</i> Class . . . . .          | 5  |
| 2.3 | <i>PInter</i> Class . . . . .         | 7  |
| 2.4 | <i>PIntra</i> Class . . . . .         | 9  |
| 3   | MACPET Methods . . . . .              | 10 |
| 3.1 | summary-method. . . . .               | 10 |
| 3.2 | plot-method . . . . .                 | 14 |
| 3.3 | exportPeaks methods. . . . .          | 17 |
| 3.4 | PeaksToGRanges methods . . . . .      | 18 |
| 3.5 | TagsToGInteractions methods. . . . .  | 18 |
| 3.6 | PeaksToNarrowPeak methods . . . . .   | 19 |
| 3.7 | ConvertToPSelf methods . . . . .      | 19 |
| 3.8 | AnalysisStatistics function . . . . . | 20 |
| 4   | Peak Calling Workflow . . . . .       | 21 |

# 1 Introduction

Model based analysis for ChIA-PET data (*MACPET*) is a method/pipeline for finding binding sites (peak calling) using ChIA-PET data (or paired-end data in general). *MACPET* uses information from both paired-ends of ChIA-PET data and searches for two-dimensional clusters which represent binding sites, thus it finds binding site locations more accurately than other algorithms which use only one end (like MACS) (Vardaxis et al.). The output from *MACPET* can be used for interaction analysis using either MANGO or MICC. However there are plans to extend the package and include interaction analysis in the future. Note that in the case of using the output from *MACPET* in MANGO or MICC for interaction analysis, the user should use the self-ligated cut-off found by *MACPET*, and not the one found in MANGO or MICC. Both of those algorithms allow the user to specify the self-ligated cut-off.

The main *MACPET* pipeline is to first use the complete ChIA-PET data and distinguish between Self-ligated, Intra- and Inter-chromosomal PETs as well as to remove PETs with similarly mapped tags which might have been created by amplification procedures. Then use the Self-ligated data on the peak-calling algorithm provided by *MACPET* for finding significant peaks. Most of the *MACPET* functions require a user-specified path where the output of the algorithm is to be saved.

*MACPET* can analyse ChIA-PET data for both BAM and SAM formats and is also compatible with the *BiocParallel* package. If the user wants to run the algorithm in parallel, the parallel blackhead has to be registered before running a *MACPET* function. However most of the *MACPET* algorithms are implemented in C++ and are therefore very fast.

Before starting with examples of how to use *MACPET*, create a test folder to save all the output files of the examples presented in this vignette:

```
#Create a test folder on the desktop, or anywhere you want:
AnalysisDir=file.path(path.expand('~'),'Desktop')
dir.create(file.path(AnalysisDir,"TestFolder"))
#where you will save the results:
AnalysisDir=file.path(AnalysisDir,"TestFolder")
```

Load the package:

```
library(MACPET)
## Loading required package: InteractionSet
## Loading required package: GenomicRanges
## Loading required package: stats4
## Loading required package: BiocGenerics
## Loading required package: parallel
##
## Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:parallel':
##
##   clusterApply, clusterApplyLB, clusterCall, clusterEvalQ,
##   clusterExport, clusterMap, parApply, parCapply, parLapply,
##   parLapplyLB, parRapply, parSapply, parSapplyLB
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
## anyDuplicated, append, as.data.frame, cbind, colMeans, colnames,
## colSums, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find, get,
## grep, grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, lengths, Map,
## mapply, match, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin,
## pmin.int, Position, rank, rbind, Reduce, rowMeans, rownames,
## rowSums, sapply, setdiff, sort, table, tapply, union, unique,
## unsplit, which, which.max, which.min
## Loading required package: S4Vectors
##
## Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
## expand.grid
## Loading required package: IRanges
## Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb
## Loading required package: SummarizedExperiment
## Loading required package: Biobase
## Welcome to Bioconductor
##
## Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
## 'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
## 'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.
## Loading required package: DelayedArray
## Loading required package: matrixStats
##
## Attaching package: 'matrixStats'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:Biobase':
##
## anyMissing, rowMedians
##
## Attaching package: 'DelayedArray'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
## colMaxs, colMins, colRanges, rowMaxs, rowMins, rowRanges
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
## apply
```

## 2 MACPET Classes

MACPET provides four different classes which all inherit from the *GInteractions* class in the *InteractionSet* package:

- *PSelf* class contains information about the self-ligated PETs in the data.
- *PSFit* class is an update of the *PSelf* class, which contains information about which binding site each PET belongs to, as well as significant peaks found by the peak-calling algorithm.
- *PLinter* class contains information about Inter-chromosomal PETs in the data.

- *Plntra* class contains information about Intra-chromosomal PETs in the data.

## 2.1 *PSelf* Class

The *PSelf* class contains pair-end tag information of self-ligated PETs which is used for binding site analysis.

```
load(system.file("extdata", "pselfData.rda", package = "MACPET"))
class(pselfData) #example name
## [1] "PSelf"
pselfData #print method
## PSelf object with 3474 interactions and 0 metadata columns:
##      seqnames1      ranges1      seqnames2      ranges2
##      <Rle>        <IRanges>      <Rle>        <IRanges>
##      [1] chr10 [128071, 128090] --- chr10 [127738, 127757]
##      [2] chr10 [134267, 134286] --- chr10 [134548, 134567]
##      [3] chr10 [134282, 134301] --- chr10 [134461, 134480]
##      [4] chr10 [134358, 134377] --- chr10 [134617, 134636]
##      [5] chr10 [134434, 134453] --- chr10 [134545, 134564]
##      ...      ...      ...      ...
##      [3470] chr9 [995724, 995743] --- chr9 [996005, 996024]
##      [3471] chr9 [995820, 995839] --- chr9 [996332, 996351]
##      [3472] chr9 [995917, 995936] --- chr9 [996355, 996374]
##      [3473] chr9 [995965, 995984] --- chr9 [995832, 995851]
##      [3474] chr9 [996068, 996087] --- chr9 [995843, 995862]
##      -----
##      regions: 6815 ranges and 0 metadata columns
##      seqinfo: 17 sequences from hg19 genome
```

Extra information of this class is stored as list in the metadata entries with the following elements:

- Self\_info: a two-column data.frame with information about the chromosomes in the data (chrom) and the total PET counts of each chromosome (PET.counts).
- SLmean: which is the mean size of the self-ligated PETs.
- GenInfo: a data.frame with information about the genome of the data.
- MaxSize: The maximum self-ligated PET size in the data.
- MinSize: The minimum self-ligated PET size in the data.

```
metadata(pselfData)
## $Self_info
##      Chrom PET.counts
## 1  chr1         33
## 2  chr2        240
## 3  chr3        160
## 4  chr4        229
## 5  chr5        200
## 6  chr6        170
## 7  chr7        437
## 8  chr8         84
## 9  chr9        178
```

## MACPET

```
## 10 chr10      401
## 11 chr11      186
## 12 chr12      224
## 13 chr16      378
## 14 chr17      110
## 15 chr18      182
## 16 chr19      109
## 17 chr20      153
##
## $SLmean
## [1] 286
##
## $GenInfo
##                pkgname organism provider provider_version masked
## 1 BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19 Hsapiens      UCSC             hg19  FALSE
##
## $MaxSize
## [1] 799
##
## $MinSize
## [1] 21
```

One can also access information about chromosome lengths etc.

```
seqinfo(pselfData)
## Seqinfo object with 17 sequences from hg19 genome:
##   seqnames seqlengths isCircular genome
##   chr1      249250621      <NA>    hg19
##   chr2      243199373      <NA>    hg19
##   chr3      198022430      <NA>    hg19
##   chr4      191154276      <NA>    hg19
##   chr5      180915260      <NA>    hg19
##   ...          ...          ...      ...
##   chr16     90354753       <NA>    hg19
##   chr17     81195210       <NA>    hg19
##   chr18     78077248       <NA>    hg19
##   chr19     59128983       <NA>    hg19
##   chr20     63025520       <NA>    hg19
```

## 2.2 *PSFit* Class

The *PSFit* class adds information to the *PSelf* class about the peak each PET belongs to, as well as the total number of peaks in each chromosome in the data, p-values and FDR for each peak.

```
load(system.file("extdata", "psfitData.rda", package = "MACPET"))
class(psfitData) #example name
## [1] "PSFit"
psfitData #print method
## PSFit object with 3474 interactions and 0 metadata columns:
```

```
##          seqnames1      ranges1      seqnames2      ranges2
##          <Rle>         <IRanges>      <Rle>         <IRanges>
##      [1] chr10 [128071, 128090] --- chr10 [127738, 127757]
##      [2] chr10 [134267, 134286] --- chr10 [134548, 134567]
##      [3] chr10 [134282, 134301] --- chr10 [134461, 134480]
##      [4] chr10 [134358, 134377] --- chr10 [134617, 134636]
##      [5] chr10 [134434, 134453] --- chr10 [134545, 134564]
##      ...      ...              ...      ...
## [3470] chr9 [995724, 995743] --- chr9 [996005, 996024]
## [3471] chr9 [995820, 995839] --- chr9 [996332, 996351]
## [3472] chr9 [995917, 995936] --- chr9 [996355, 996374]
## [3473] chr9 [995965, 995984] --- chr9 [995832, 995851]
## [3474] chr9 [996068, 996087] --- chr9 [995843, 995862]
## -----
## regions: 6815 ranges and 0 metadata columns
## seqinfo: 17 sequences from hg19 genome
```

This class updates the `Self_info` data frame of the *PSelf* class with two extra columns: the total regions each chromosome is segmented into (`Region.counts`) and the total candidate peaks of each chromosome (`Peak.counts`). Moreover, this class contains a metadata entry which is a matrix containing region and peak IDs for each PET in the data (`Classification.Info`). Finally, it also contains a metadata entry with information about each peak found (`Peaks.Info`). `Peaks.Info` is a data.frame with the following entries:

- `Chrom`: The name of the chromosome
- `Pets`: Total PETs in the peak.
- `Peak.Summit`: Summit of the peak.
- `Up.Summit`: Summit of the left-stream PETs.
- `Down.Summit`: Summit of the right-stream PETs.
- `CIQ.Up.start`: Start of 95 Quantile confidence interval for the left-stream PETs.
- `CIQ.Up.end`: End of 95 Quantile confidence interval for the left-stream PETs.
- `CIQ.Up.size`: Size of 95 Quantile confidence interval for the left-stream PETs.
- `CIQ.Down.start`: Start of 95 Quantile confidence interval for the right-stream PETs.
- `CIQ.Down.end`: End of 95 Quantile confidence interval for the right-stream PETs.
- `CIQ.Down.size`: Size of 95 Quantile confidence interval for the right-stream PETs.
- `CIQ.Peak.size`: Size of the Peak based on the interval (`CIQ.Up.start`, `CIQ.Down.end`).
- `lambdaUp`: The expected number of PETs in the left-stream Peak region by random chance.
- `FoldEnrichUp`: Fold enrichment for the left-stream Peak region.
- `p.valueUp`: p-value for the left-stream Peak region.
- `lambdaDown`: The expected number of PETs in the right-stream Peak region by random chance.
- `FoldEnrichDown`: Fold enrichment for the right-stream Peak region.
- `p.valueDown`: p-value for the right-stream Peak region.
- `p.value`: p-value for the Peak (`p.valueUp`\*`p.valueDown`).
- `FDRUp`: FDR correction for the left-stream Peak region.
- `FDRDown`: FDR correction for the right-stream Peak region.
- `FDR`: FDR correction for the Peak.

```
head(metadata(psfitData)$Peaks.Info)
## Chrom Region Peak Pets Peak.Summit Up.Summit Down.Summit CIQ.Up.start
## 1 chr1      1    1    2      868696  868667.5  868724.5  868416.5
```

## MACPET

```
## 2 chr10      1      1      4      134529 134454.5 134602.5 134259.0
## 3 chr10      2      1     11      136257 136186.5 136326.6 135926.0
## 4 chr10      3      1      2      138672 138586.5 138757.5 138469.4
## 5 chr10      4      1      4      153168 153048.5 153287.5 152904.0
## 6 chr10      5      1      3      158256 158182.5 158330.5 158031.9
##      CIQ.Up.end CIQ.Up.size CIQ.Down.start CIQ.Down.end CIQ.Down.size
## 1      868664.3      248      868725.0      868760.9      37
## 2      134452.0      194      134604.6      134763.3      159
## 3      136183.1      258      136331.0      136671.2      341
## 4      138585.0      117      138761.0      139034.6      275
## 5      153046.6      144      153289.0      153406.6      119
## 6      158180.6      150      158330.8      158353.3      23
##      CIQ.Peak.size lambdaUp FoldEnrichUp      p.valueUp lambdaDown FoldEnrichDown
## 1           345 2.000000      1.000000 3.233236e-01      2.000000      1.000000
## 2           505 2.000000      2.000000 5.265302e-02      2.000000      2.000000
## 3           746 2.598993      4.232409 1.835099e-05      2.99912      3.667742
## 4           567 2.000000      1.000000 3.233236e-01      2.000000      1.000000
## 5           504 2.000000      2.000000 5.265302e-02      2.000000      2.000000
## 6           322 2.000000      1.500000 1.428765e-01      2.000000      1.500000
##      p.valueDown      p.value      FDRUp      FDRDown      FDR
## 1 3.233236e-01 1.045381e-01 0.3280783424 0.3280783424 1.060755e-01
## 2 5.265302e-02 2.772340e-03 0.1482880897 0.1482880897 7.807815e-03
## 3 7.119253e-05 1.306453e-09 0.0001055182 0.0003638729 7.512107e-09
## 4 3.233236e-01 1.045381e-01 0.3280783424 0.3280783424 1.060755e-01
## 5 5.265302e-02 2.772340e-03 0.1482880897 0.1482880897 7.807815e-03
## 6 1.428765e-01 2.041371e-02 0.3033378839 0.3033378839 4.333987e-02
```

One can also access information about chromosome lengths etc, using `seqinfo(psfData)`.

## 2.3 *PInter* Class

The *PInter* class contains pair-end tag information of Inter-chromosomal PETs:

```
load(system.file("extdata", "pinterData.rda", package = "MACPET"))
class(pinterData) #example name
## [1] "PInter"
pinterData #print method
## PInter object with 70 interactions and 0 metadata columns:
##      seqnames1      ranges1      seqnames2      ranges2
##      <Rle>      <IRanges>      <Rle>      <IRanges>
## [1] chr10 [419128, 419147] --- chr2 [ 89807, 89826]
## [2] chr10 [450489, 450508] --- chr6 [328877, 328896]
## [3] chr10 [720534, 720553] --- chr2 [554025, 554044]
## [4] chr10 [778824, 778843] --- chr4 [433884, 433903]
## [5] chr11 [208915, 208934] --- chr17 [142996, 143015]
## ...      ...      ...      ...
## [66] chr7 [671065, 671084] --- chr9 [299140, 299159]
## [67] chr7 [778359, 778378] --- chr9 [957165, 957184]
## [68] chr7 [778554, 778573] --- chr18 [659213, 659232]
```

## MACPET

```
## [69] chr7 [906958, 906977] --- chr19 [873981, 874000]
## [70] chr7 [907342, 907361] --- chr20 [498613, 498632]
## -----
## regions: 140 ranges and 0 metadata columns
## seqinfo: 16 sequences from hg19 genome
```

One can also access information about chromosome lengths etc, using `seqinfo(InterpertsData)`.

It also contains a two-element metadata list with the following elements:

- InteractionCounts: a table with the total number of Inter-chromosomal PETs between chromosomes. Where the rows represent the “from” anchor and the columns the “to” anchor.
- GenInfo: information about the genome.

```
metadata(pinterData)
## $InteractionCounts
##      chr2 chr3 chr4 chr5 chr6 chr7 chr8 chr9 chr10 chr11 chr12 chr16 chr17
## chr2    0  2  1  0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr3    0  0  0  0  0  2  0  2  2  1  0  0  0
## chr4    0  1  0  1  0  0  1  1  0  0  1  1  0
## chr5    2  1  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  1  0  1  0
## chr6    0  0  3  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr7    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  2  2  0  0  0  1
## chr8    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr9    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr10   2  0  1  0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr11   0  1  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1
## chr12   0  1  1  1  0  0  1  1  0  1  0  1  0
## chr16   0  1  0  0  0  1  0  0  0  1  1  0  0
## chr17   0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1  0  0  0  0  0
## chr18   0  0  0  0  1  2  0  0  1  0  0  0  1
## chr19   0  0  0  0  0  1  0  0  0  1  0  0  2
## chr20   0  0  0  0  0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
##      chr18 chr19 chr20
## chr2      0    0    0
## chr3      0    0    0
## chr4      0    0    0
## chr5      0    1    0
## chr6      0    0    0
## chr7      1    1    1
## chr8      0    0    0
## chr9      0    0    0
## chr10     0    0    0
## chr11     1    0    0
## chr12     1    0    0
## chr16     0    0    2
## chr17     1    0    0
## chr18     0    0    0
## chr19     1    0    0
## chr20     0    0    0
```



## MACPET

```
##
## $GenInfo
##                               pkgname organism provider provider_version masked
## 1 BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19 Hsapiens      UCSC              hg19    FALSE
```

## 2.4 *Pintra* Class

The *Pintra* class contains pair-end tag information of Intra-chromosomal PETs.

```
load(system.file("extdata", "pintraData.rda", package = "MACPET"))
class(pintraData)#example name
## [1] "Pintra"
pintraData#print method
## Pintra object with 586 interactions and 0 metadata columns:
##      seqnames1      ranges1      seqnames2      ranges2
##      <Rle>        <IRanges>      <Rle>        <IRanges>
## [1] chr10 [131180, 131199] --- chr10 [152956, 152975]
## [2] chr10 [134496, 134515] --- chr10 [136252, 136271]
## [3] chr10 [134612, 134631] --- chr10 [158684, 158703]
## [4] chr10 [134656, 134675] --- chr10 [136152, 136171]
## [5] chr10 [134712, 134731] --- chr10 [136350, 136369]
## ...      ...      ...      ...
## [582] chr9 [897053, 897072] --- chr9 [897886, 897905]
## [583] chr9 [907227, 907246] --- chr9 [905843, 905862]
## [584] chr9 [911880, 911899] --- chr9 [912732, 912751]
## [585] chr9 [946882, 946901] --- chr9 [947945, 947964]
## [586] chr9 [981527, 981546] --- chr9 [983013, 983032]
## -----
## regions: 1166 ranges and 0 metadata columns
## seqinfo: 17 sequences from hg19 genome
```

One can also access information about chromosome lengths etc, using `seqinfo(IntrapetsData)`.

It also contains a two-element metadata list with the following elements:

- InteractionCounts: a data.frame with the total number of Intra-chromosomal PETs for each chromosome (Counts).
- GenInfo: information about the genome.

```
metadata(pintraData)
## $InteractionCounts
##   Chrom Counts
## 1  chr1      8
## 2  chr2     50
## 3  chr3     22
## 4  chr4     37
## 5  chr5     32
## 6  chr6     24
## 7  chr7     85
## 8  chr8     10
```

## MACPET

```
## 9 chr9 20
## 10 chr10 68
## 11 chr11 32
## 12 chr12 41
## 13 chr16 89
## 14 chr17 9
## 15 chr18 18
## 16 chr19 12
## 17 chr20 29
##
## $GenInfo
##          pkgname organism provider provider_version masked
## 1 BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19 Hsapiens UCSC hg19 FALSE
```

## 3 *MACPET* Methods

---

This section describes methods associated with the classes in the *MACPET* package.

### 3.1 summary-method

All *MACPET* classes are associated with a summary method which sums up the information stored in each class:

#### 3.1.1 *PSelf* Class

summary for *PSelf* class:

```
class(pselfData)
## [1] "PSelf"
summary(pselfData)
## |-Self-ligatead PETs|
## |-----Summary-----|
##
## | Chrom | Self-lig. |
## |:-----:|:-----:|
## | chr1 | 33 |
## | chr2 | 240 |
## | chr3 | 160 |
## | chr4 | 229 |
## | chr5 | 200 |
## | chr6 | 170 |
## | chr7 | 437 |
## | chr8 | 84 |
## | chr9 | 178 |
## | chr10 | 401 |
## | chr11 | 186 |
```

MACPET

```
## | chr12 | 224 |
## | chr16 | 378 |
## | chr17 | 110 |
## | chr18 | 182 |
## | chr19 | 109 |
## | chr20 | 153 |
##
##
## =====
## Tot. Self-lig. Self-lig. mean size Genome Organism Sortest Self-PET Longest Self-PET class
## =====
## 3474 286 hg19 Hsapiens 21 bp 799 bp PSelf
## =====
```

3.1.2 PSFit Class

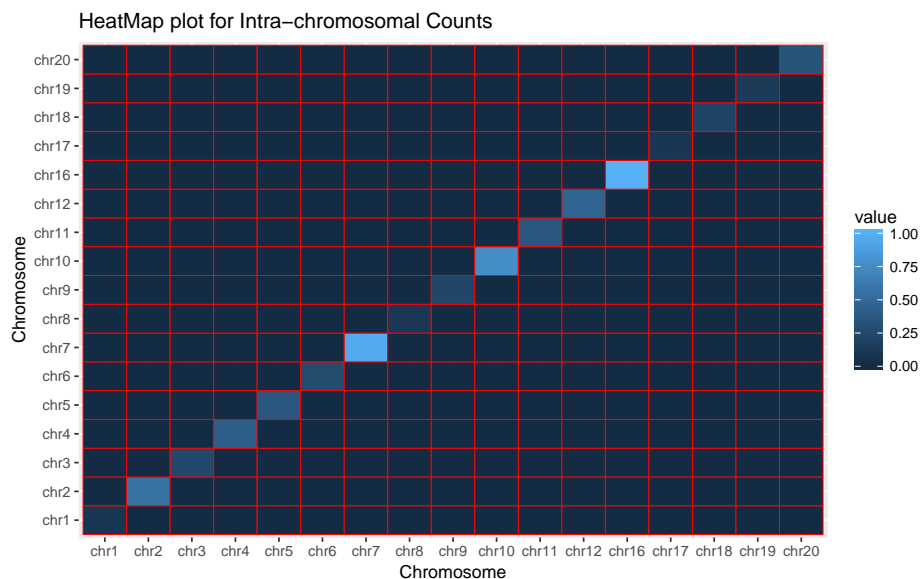
summary for PSFit class:

```
class(psfitData)
## [1] "PSFit"
summary(psfitData)
## |-----Self-ligated PETs Summary-----|
##
## | Chrom | Self-lig. | Regions | Peaks |
## |:-----:|:-----:|:-----:|:-----:|
## | chr1 | 33 | 4 | 1 |
## | chr2 | 240 | 13 | 5 |
## | chr3 | 160 | 6 | 1 |
## | chr4 | 229 | 19 | 8 |
## | chr5 | 200 | 24 | 13 |
## | chr6 | 170 | 17 | 6 |
## | chr7 | 437 | 25 | 12 |
## | chr8 | 84 | 5 | 3 |
## | chr9 | 178 | 11 | 6 |
## | chr10 | 401 | 37 | 23 |
## | chr11 | 186 | 22 | 11 |
## | chr12 | 224 | 20 | 9 |
## | chr16 | 378 | 33 | 19 |
## | chr17 | 110 | 10 | 4 |
## | chr18 | 182 | 12 | 2 |
## | chr19 | 109 | 12 | 7 |
## | chr20 | 153 | 16 | 8 |
##
##
## =====
## Tot. Self-lig. Regions Peaks Self-lig. mean size Genome Organism Sortest Self-PET Longest Self-PET
## =====
## 3474 286 138 286 hg19 Hsapiens 21 bp 799 bp
## =====
```

3.1.3 *Pintra* Class

`summary` for *Pintra* class:

```
class(pintraData)
## [1] "PIntra"
requireNamespace("ggplot2")
## Loading required namespace: ggplot2
requireNamespace("reshape2")
## Loading required namespace: reshape2
summary(pintraData,heatmap=TRUE)
## |--Intra-chrom. PETs--|
## |-----Summary-----|
##
## |Chrom | Intra-chrom. |
## |:-----|:-----:|
## |chr1 |      8      |
## |chr2 |     50      |
## |chr3 |     22      |
## |chr4 |     37      |
## |chr5 |     32      |
## |chr6 |     24      |
## |chr7 |     85      |
## |chr8 |     10      |
## |chr9 |     20      |
## |chr10|     68      |
## |chr11|     32      |
## |chr12|     41      |
## |chr16|     89      |
## |chr17|      9      |
## |chr18|     18      |
## |chr19|     12      |
## |chr20|     29      |
##
##
## =====
## Tot. Intra-chrom.  Genome  Organism  class
## =====
##           586           hg19  Hsapiens  PIntra
## =====
```



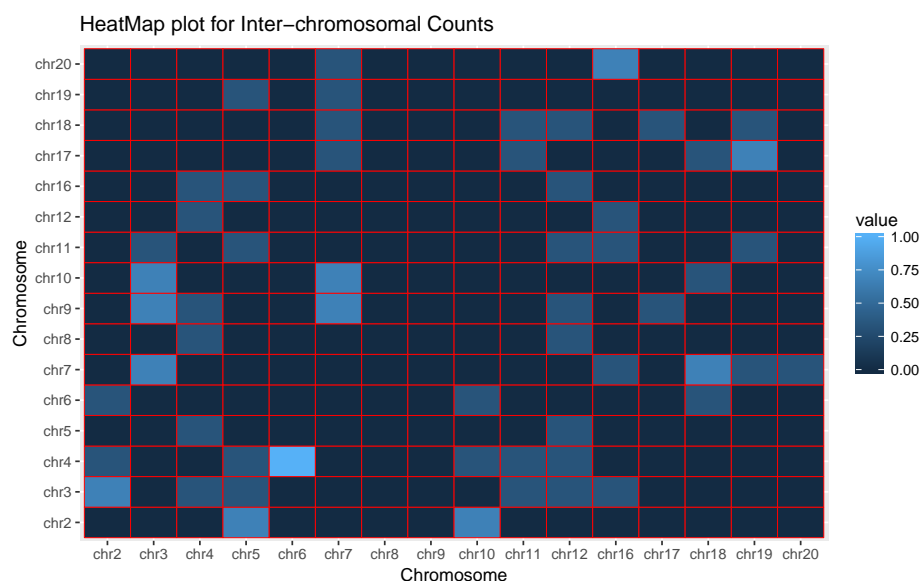
### 3.1.4 *PInter* Class

`summary` for *PInter* class where the user can choose to plot a heat-map for the total PETs between the chromosomes:

```
class(pinterData)
## [1] "PInter"
requireNamespace("ggplot2")
requireNamespace("reshape2")
summary(pinterData, heatmap=TRUE)
## |--Inter-chrom. PETs--|
## |-----Summary-----|
##
## |Chrom | Inter-chrom. |
## |:-----|:-----:|
## |chr2 |      4      |
## |chr3 |      7      |
## |chr4 |      6      |
## |chr5 |      7      |
## |chr6 |      3      |
## |chr7 |      8      |
## |chr8 |      0      |
## |chr9 |      0      |
## |chr10|      4      |
## |chr11|      4      |
## |chr12|      8      |
## |chr16|      6      |
## |chr17|      2      |
## |chr18|      5      |
## |chr19|      5      |
## |chr20|      1      |
##
```

## MACPET

```
##
## =====
## Tot. Inter-chrom. PETs  Genome  Organism  class
## =====
##          70             hg19    Hsapiens  PInter
## =====
```



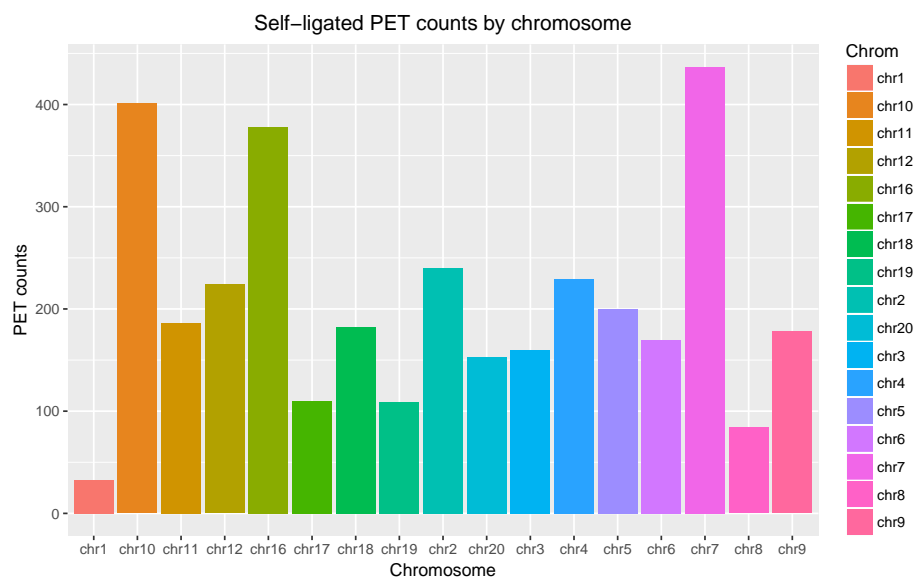
## 3.2 plot-method

All *MACPET* classes are associated with a plot method which can be used to visualize counts, PETs in a region, as well as binding sites. Here we give some examples for the usage of the plot methods, however more arguments can be provided to the plot methods, see *MACPET::plot*.

### 3.2.1 *PSelf* Class

`plot` for *PSelf* Class:

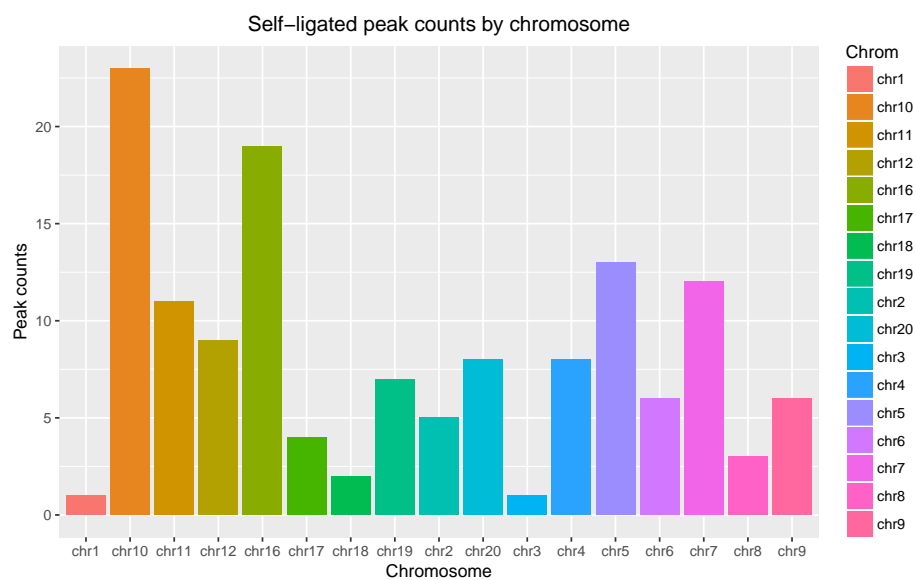
```
requireNamespace("ggplot2")
class(pselfData)
## [1] "PSelf"
# PET counts plot
plot(pselfData)
```



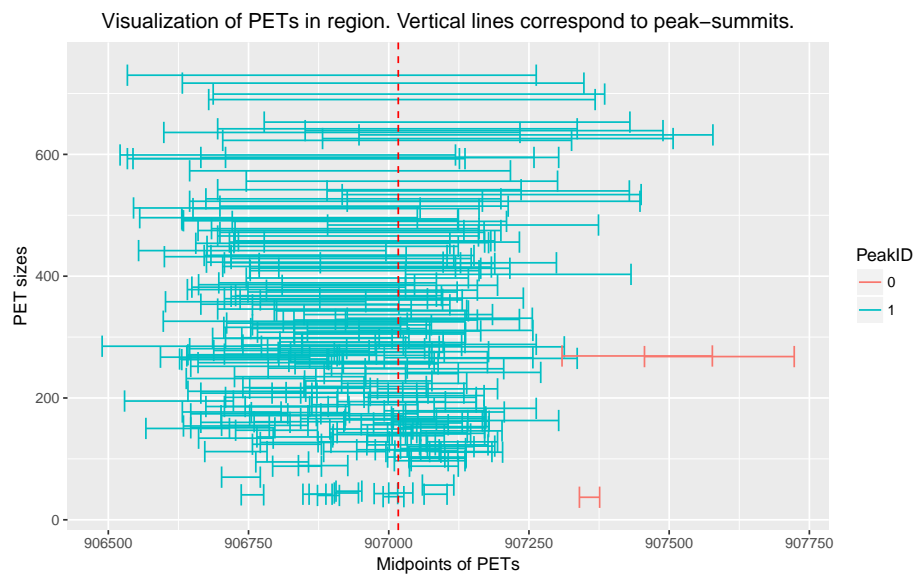
### 3.2.2 *PSFit* Class

`plot` for *PSFit* Class:

```
class(psfitData)
## [1] "PSFit"
#binding site counts:
plot(psfitData, kind="PeakCounts")
```



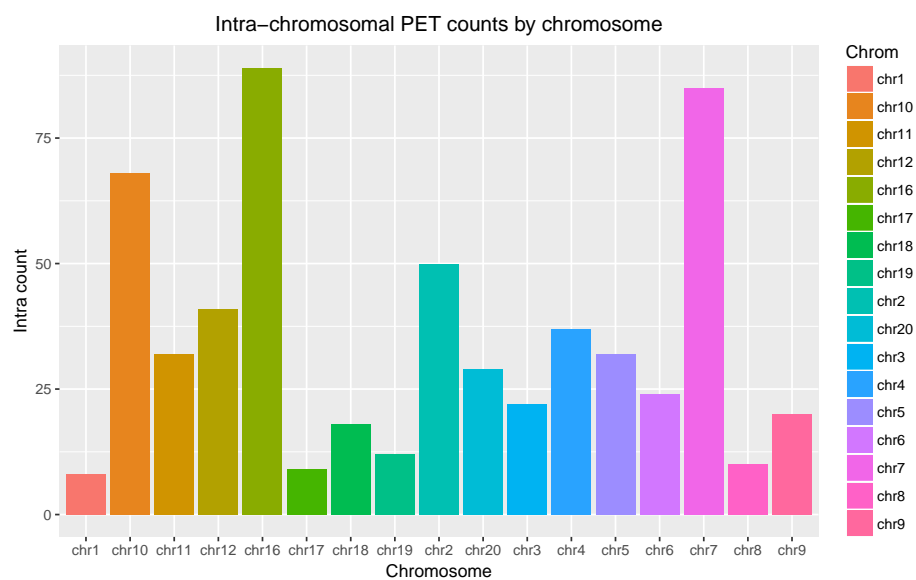
```
# region example with binding sites:
plot(psfitData, kind="PeakPETs", RegIndex=1)
```



### 3.2.3 *Pintra* Class

`plot` for *Pintra* Class:

```
class(pintraData)
## [1] "Pintra"
#plot counts:
plot(pintraData)
```



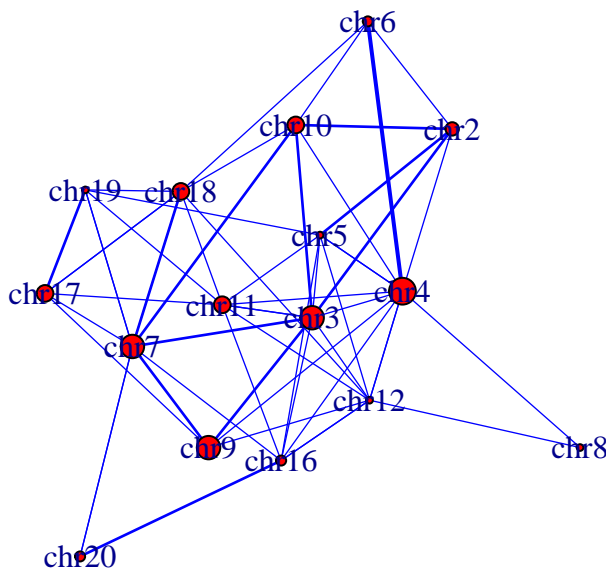


### 3.2.4 *PInter* Class

`plot` for *PInter* Class. Each node represents a chromosome where the size of the node is proportional to the total number of Inter-chromosomal PETs leaving from this chromosome. Edges connect interacting chromosomes where the thickness of each edge is proportional to the total number of Inter-chromosomal PETs connecting the two chromosomes.

```
class(pinterData)
## [1] "PInter"
requireNamespace("igraph")
## Loading required namespace: igraph
#network plot:
plot(pinterData)
```

#### Inter Interaction Network Plot



```
## NULL
```

## 3.3 exportPeaks methods

*PSFit* class has a method which exports the binding site information stored in `metaData(object)[['Peaks.Info']]` into csv files in a given directory. The user can also specify a threshold for the FDR. If no threshold is specified all the binding sites found by the algorithm are exported.

```
class(psfitData)#PSFit class
## [1] "PSFit"
exportPeaks(object=psfitData,file.out="Peaks",threshold=1e-5,savedir=AnalysisDir)
## [1] "The output is saved at savedir"
```

### 3.4 PeaksToGRanges methods

*PSFit* class has also a method which converts the peaks found by the peak-calling algorithm into *GRanges* objects with start and end coordinates the peak's confidence interval (CIQ.Up.start, CIQ.Down.end). It furthermore contains information about the total number of PETs in the peak (TotPETs), the p-value of the peak (p.value) and its FDR (FDR). The user can also specify an FDR threshold for returning significant peaks. If threshold=NULL, all the found peaks are returned.

```
class(psfitData)#PSFit class
## [1] "PSFit"
object=PeaksToGRanges(object=psfitData,threshold=1e-5)
object
## GRanges object with 29 ranges and 3 metadata columns:
##      seqnames      ranges strand | TotPETs      p.value
##      <Rle>        <IRanges> <Rle> | <numeric>    <numeric>
## [1] chr10 [135926, 136671] * | 11 1.3064534327426e-09
## [2] chr10 [172646, 173422] * | 10 6.90265921570749e-11
## [3] chr10 [384706, 385409] * | 15 2.30369545703903e-19
## [4] chr10 [406522, 408083] * | 27 7.10051960204876e-33
## [5] chr10 [481809, 482751] * | 25 6.1785959181804e-35
## ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
## [25] chr4 [611164, 612049] * | 14 1.79101292884041e-16
## [26] chr4 [991261, 992396] * | 34 1.12914279171874e-42
## [27] chr5 [429748, 430339] * | 8 5.6381233698364e-08
## [28] chr7 [661406, 662484] * | 10 6.90265921570749e-11
## [29] chr7 [906046, 907608] * | 231 5.60651485222974e-283
##      FDR
##      <numeric>
## [1] 7.51210723826994e-09
## [2] 4.14159552942449e-10
## [3] 2.27078552193848e-18
## [4] 1.08874633898081e-31
## [5] 1.21806605244128e-33
## ...      ...
## [25] 1.37310991211098e-15
## [26] 5.19405684190619e-41
## [27] 2.68296905185318e-07
## [28] 4.14159552942449e-10
## [29] 7.73699049607704e-281
## -----
## seqinfo: 11 sequences from hg19 genome
```

### 3.5 TagsToGInteractions methods

*PSFit* class has also a method which returns only PETs belonging to peaks (removing noisy or insignificant PETs) as a *GInteractions* object.

```
class(psfitData)#PSFit class
## [1] "PSFit"
```

```

TagsToGInteractions(object=psfitData,threshold=1e-5)
## GInteractions object with 757 interactions and 0 metadata columns:
##      seqnames1      ranges1      seqnames2      ranges2
##      <Rle>        <IRanges>      <Rle>        <IRanges>
##      [1]      chr10 [136081, 136100] ---      chr10 [136487, 136506]
##      [2]      chr10 [136108, 136127] ---      chr10 [136317, 136336]
##      [3]      chr10 [136121, 136140] ---      chr10 [136405, 136424]
##      [4]      chr10 [136164, 136183] ---      chr10 [136494, 136513]
##      [5]      chr10 [136329, 136348] ---      chr10 [136080, 136099]
##      ...      ...      ...      ...
##      [753]      chr7 [907284, 907303] ---      chr7 [907141, 907160]
##      [754]      chr7 [907317, 907336] ---      chr7 [907072, 907091]
##      [755]      chr7 [907349, 907368] ---      chr7 [906679, 906698]
##      [756]      chr7 [907355, 907374] ---      chr7 [906891, 906910]
##      [757]      chr7 [907470, 907489] ---      chr7 [906851, 906870]
##      -----
##      regions: 6815 ranges and 0 metadata columns
##      seqinfo: 17 sequences from hg19 genome

```

### 3.6 PeaksToNarrowPeak methods

*PSFit* class has a method which converts peaks of an object of *PSFit* class to narrowPeak object. The object is saved in a user specified directory and can be used in the MANGO or MICC algorithms for interaction analysis.

```

class(psfitData)#PSFit class
## [1] "PSFit"
PeaksToNarrowPeak(object=psfitData,threshold=1e-5,file.out="MACPET_peaks.narrowPeak",savedir=AnalysisDir)
## [1] "Done! Check savedir!"

```

### 3.7 ConvertToPSelf methods

This method is for the *GInteractions* class. It converts a *GInteractions* object to *PSelf* object for further use in the peak-calling algorithm. This method could be used in case the user already has the self-ligated PETs separated from the rest of the ChIA-PET data and wishes to run a binding site analysis on those only.

```

#--remove information and convert to GInteractions:
object=psselfData
S4Vectors::metadata(object)=list(NULL)
class(object)="GInteractions"
GenomePkg="BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19" #genome of the data.
BlackList=TRUE
object=ConvertToPSelf(object=object,GenomePkg=GenomePkg,BlackList=BlackList)
##
## Attaching package: 'Biostrings'
## The following object is masked from 'package:DelayedArray':
##

```

```
##      type
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##      strsplit
## Removing black-listed PETs...(checking first Anchor...)(checking second Anchor...)
## Total black-listed PETs removed: 0
## Total PETs left: 3474
## Checking if any PETs have to be trimmed...No PETs needed to be trimmed.
## Converting to GInteractions class...
## Reducing noise from PCR amplification procedures...Total PCR replicates removed: 0
## Total PETs left: 3474
## Total PETs found in data: 3474
## Separating Self-ligated data...
## Self-ligated mean length: 286
class(object)
## [1] "PSelf"
```

### 3.8 AnalysisStatistics function

**AnalysisStatistics** function can be used for all the classes of the *MACPET* package for printing and/or saving statistics of the classes in csv file in a given working directory. Input for Self-ligated PETs of one of the classes (*PSelf*, *PSFit*) is mandatory, while input for the Intra- and Inter-chromosomal PETs is not.

If the input for the Self-ligated PETs is of *PSFit* class, a threshold can be given for the FDR cut-off.

Here is an example:

```
AnalysisStatistics(x.self=pselfData,#One of the self-ligated classes.
                  x.intra=pintraData,#NULL for not printing the class.
                  x.inter=pinterData,#NULL for not printing the class.
                  #specify a name for the output to be saved.
                  file.out="Statistics",
                  savedir=AnalysisDir,#Where to save the output.
                  threshold=1e-5)#Theshold for FDR

## -----
## PETs Counts Summary
## -----
##
## | Chrom | Self | Intra | Inter |
## |-----|:-----|:-----|:-----|
## | chr1  | 33   | 8     | 0     |
## | chr2  | 240  | 50    | 4     |
## | chr3  | 160  | 22    | 7     |
## | chr4  | 229  | 37    | 8     |
## | chr5  | 200  | 32    | 2     |
## | chr6  | 170  | 24    | 3     |
## | chr7  | 437  | 85    | 7     |
## | chr8  | 84   | 10    | 2     |
```

```
## | chr9 | 178 | 20 | 7 |
## | chr10 | 401 | 68 | 5 |
## | chr11 | 186 | 32 | 5 |
## | chr12 | 224 | 41 | 2 |
## | chr16 | 378 | 89 | 3 |
## | chr17 | 110 | 9 | 5 |
## | chr18 | 182 | 18 | 5 |
## | chr19 | 109 | 12 | 2 |
## | chr20 | 153 | 29 | 3 |
##
##
## =====
## Self-lig. mean size  Genome  Organism  Self Borders  Tot. Self  Tot. Intra  Tot. Inter
## =====
##          286          hg19  Hsapiens  21/799 bp    3474      586      70
## =====
## The output has been saved at the savedir
```

## 4 Peak Calling Workflow

The main function which the user can use for running a complete binding site analysis is called `PeakCallerUlt`. It consists of two stages:

- Stage 0: PET classification. This stage takes the BAM/SAM ChIA-PET file as input and it separates the PETs into three categories: Inter-chromosomal PETs (which connect two different chromosomes), Intra-chromosomal PETs (which connect regions of the same chromosome) and Self-ligated PETs (which are used for binding site analysis). Self-ligated PETs are used for finding the protein binding sites (peaks), while Intra- and Inter-chromosomal are used for interactions between the peaks. Furthermore, it removes identically mapped PETs for reducing noise created by amplification procedures. The algorithm uses the elbow-method to separate the Self-ligated from the Intra-chromosomal population. Note that loading the data into R might take a while depending on the size of the data.
- Stage 1: Peak calling. This stage uses the Self-ligated PETs and it runs the EM algorithm to find clusters which represent candidate peaks/binding sites in 2 dimensional space using skewed generalized students-t distributions (SGT). After the peak-calling analysis is done, the algorithm assesses the significance of the candidate peaks using a local Poisson model.

The user may run the whole pipeline/analysis at once using `Stages=c(0:1)` or step by step using a single stage at a time. Using a single stage might be convenient if for example the user has already separated the Self-ligated PETs and only needs to run Stage 1 for peak-calling.

The function supports the `BiocParallel` package.

Description of the input names below:

- fileSelf: output name of the *PSelf* object
- fileIntra: output name of the *PIntra* object
- fileInter: output name of the *PInter* object
- fileSelfFit: output name of the *PSFit* object

## MACPET

```
#load sample data to use in the algorithm and give inputs:
DataDir=system.file("extdata", package = "MACPET") #data path
DataFile="SampleChIAPETData.bam" #data name
PopImage=TRUE #Sample data, not very good classification results.
GenomePkg="BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19" #genome of the data.
fileSelf="pselfData" #name for Self-ligated
fileIntra="pintraData" #name for Intra-chromosomal
fileInter="pinterData" #name for Inter-chromosomal
BlackList=TRUE #remove PETs in black listed regions
fileSelfFit="psfitData"
method="BH"
Stages=c(0:1)

#parallel backend can be created using the BiocParallel package
# requireNamespace("BiocParallel")
# snow <- BiocParallel::SnowParam(workers = 1, type = "SOCK", progressbar=FALSE)
# BiocParallel::register(snow, default=TRUE)

#-run for the whole binding site analysis:
PeakCallerUlt(DataDir=DataDir,
              DataFile=DataFile,
              AnalysisDir=AnalysisDir,
              GenomePkg=GenomePkg,
              fileSelf=fileSelf,
              fileIntra=fileIntra,
              fileInter=fileInter,
              PopImage=PopImage,
              fileSelfFit=fileSelfFit,
              method=method,
              BlackList=BlackList,
              Stages=Stages)

## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## |-----MACPET analysis input checking-----|
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## Stages chosen to run: 0 1
## Format detected: bam
## All inputs correct! Starting MACPET analysis...
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## |-----Starting classification process-----|
## |-----Stage 0-----|
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## Creating BAM index...
## BAM file is paired-end file.
## Loading PET data...
## Removing indexbam...
## Number of PETs in data: 5377
## Removing black-listed PETs...(checking first Anchor...)(checking second Anchor...)
## Total black-listed PETs removed: 519
## Total PETs left: 4858
## Checking if any PETs have to be trimmed...No PETs needed to be trimmed.
## Converting to GInteractions class...
```

```
## Reducing noise from PCR amplification procedures...Total PCR replicates removed: 728
## Total PETs left: 4130
## Separating Inter-chromosomal data...
## Total 70 Inter-chromosomal PETs found.
## Saving Inter-chromosomal data...
## Separating Self and Intra PETs...
## Self-ligated cut-offs at: 21 bp and 799 bp
## Saving 16 x 10 in image
## Separating Intra-chromosomal data...
## Total 586 Intra-chromosomal PETs found.
## Saving Intra-chromosomal data...
## Separating Self-ligated data...
## Self-ligated mean length: 286
## Total 3474 Self-ligated PETs found.
## Saving Self-ligated data...
## Total splitting time: 3.71170592308044 secs
## The split is done!
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## |-----Starting Binding Site Analysis-----|
## |-----Stage 1-----|
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## Converting data for analysis...
## Segmenting into regions...
## Total Regions found: 286
## Running peak calling process...
## Fit completed!
## Total 138 candidate peaks found in data.
## Splitting data by chromosome for inference...
## Computing p-values...
## FDR adjusting p-values...
## Inference is done!
## Total peak-calling time: 14.9292759895325 secs
## Binding Site Analysis is done!
## Total analysis time: 18.8731319904327 secs
## Global Analysis in done!
#load results:
load(file.path(AnalysisDir,fileSelf))
class(pselfData) # see methods for this class
## [1] "PSelf"
load(file.path(AnalysisDir,fileIntra))
class(pintraData) # see methods for this class
## [1] "PIntra"
load(file.path(AnalysisDir,fileInter))
class(pinterData) # see methods for this class
## [1] "PInter"
load(file.path(AnalysisDir,fileSelfFit))
class(psfitData) # see methods for this class
## [1] "PSFit"

#----delete test directory:
unlink(AnalysisDir,recursive=TRUE)
```

## MACPET

The function saves the following outputs in AnalysisDir:

For Stage 0:

- An object named fileSelf which is of *PSelf* class
- An object named fileIntra which is of *PIntra* class
- An object named fileInter which is of *PInter* class
- An image named Self\_ligated\_borders\_plot.jpg with the density of the sizes of the Self-ligated and Intra-chromosomal population, with the borders of the Self-ligated PETs. This output will be produced if pop.image=TRUE

For Stage 1:

- An object of *PSFit* named by the fileSelfFit argument. This object contains peaks found by the peak-calling algorithm along with their p-values and FDR.

Furthermore a log-file named MACPET\_analysis.log with the progress of the analysis is also saved in the AnalysisDir.

Vardaxis, Ioannis, Finn Drabløs, Morten Rye, and Bo Henry Lindqvist. "Model-Based Analysis for ChIA-PET (MACPET)." *To Be Published*.