

# MACPET

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## Abstract

This vignette gives an introduction to the MACPET package which can be used for the analysis of paired-end DNA data like ChIA-PET. Throughout the vignette an introduction of MACPET classes, methods and functions will be given.

## Package

MACPET 1.1.1 Rversion  $\geq 3.5.0$

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# 1 Introduction

The *MACPET* package can be used for general analysis of paired-end (PET) data like ChIA-PET. *MACPET* currently implements the following five stages:

- Stage 0 (Linker filtering): Identifies linkers A and B in the fastq files and classifies the reads as usable (A/A,B/B), chimeric (A/B,B/A) and ambiguous (non/A, non/B, A/non, B/non).
- Stage 1 (Mapping to the reference genome): Maps the usable reads separately into the reference genome using *Rbowtie* package, and keeps only uniquely mapped reads with zero mismatch per read. It then maps the unmapped reads to the reference genome with at most one mismatch and keeps the uniquely mapped reads. Uniquely mapped reads with zero or one mismatch are then merged and paired, their duplicates are marked and a paired-end bam file is created which is used in State 2.
- Stage 2 (PET classification): Classifies the PETs as self-ligated (short genomic distance, same chromosome), intra-chromosomal (long genomic distance, same chromosome) by finding the self-ligated cut-off using the elbow method, and inter-chromosomal (different chromosomes). Furthermore, it removes identically mapped PETs for reducing noise created by amplification procedures. Moreover, it can remove black-listed regions based on the genome of the data. Note that loading the data into R might take a while depending on the size of the data.
- Stage 3 (Peak-calling): Uses the self-ligated PETs found in Stage 2 and segments the genome into non-overlapping regions. It then uses both reads of each PET and applies 2D mixture models for identifying two-dimensional clusters which represent candidate binding sites using the skewed generalized students-t distributions (SGT). Finally, it uses a local Poisson model for finding significant binding sites.
- Stage 4 (Interaction-calling): This stage uses the intra- and inter-chromosomal PETs found in State 2, as well as the significant Peaks found in Stage 3 for calling for significant interactions. NOTE: currently inter-chromosomal PETs are not supported.

*MACPET* identifies binding site locations more accurately than other algorithms which use only one end (like MACS) (Vardaxis et al.). The output from Stage 3 in *MACPET* can be used for interaction analysis using either MANGO or MICC, or the user can run State 4 in *MACPET* for interaction analysis. Note that in the case of using the output from *MACPET* in MANGO or MICC for interaction analysis, the user should use the self-ligated cut-off found by *MACPET*, and not the one found in MANGO or MICC. Both of those algorithms allow the user to specify the self-ligated cut-off. *MACPET* is mainly written in C++, and it supports the *BiocParallel* package.

Before starting with examples of how to use *MACPET*, create a test folder to save all the output files of the examples presented in this vignette:

```
#Create a temporary test folder, or anywhere you want:
SA_AnalysisDir=file.path(tempdir(),"MACPETtest")
dir.create(SA_AnalysisDir)#where you will save the results.
```

Load the package:

```
library(MACPET)
## Loading required package: InteractionSet
## Loading required package: GenomicRanges
## Loading required package: stats4
## Loading required package: BiocGenerics
```

```

## Loading required package: parallel
##
## Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:parallel':
##
##   clusterApply, clusterApplyLB, clusterCall, clusterEvalQ,
##   clusterExport, clusterMap, parApply, parCapply, parLapply,
##   parLapplyLB, parRapply, parSapply, parSapplyLB
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   anyDuplicated, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind, colMeans,
##   colnames, colSums, dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq,
##   Filter, Find, get, grep, grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply,
##   lengths, Map, mapply, match, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int,
##   pmin, pmin.int, Position, rank, rbind, Reduce, rowMeans,
##   rownames, rowSums, sapply, setdiff, sort, table, tapply, union,
##   unique, unsplit, which, which.max, which.min
## Loading required package: S4Vectors
##
## Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##   expand.grid
## Loading required package: IRanges
## Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb
## Loading required package: SummarizedExperiment
## Loading required package: Biobase
## Welcome to Bioconductor
##
##   Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
##   'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
##   'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname)".
## Loading required package: DelayedArray
## Loading required package: matrixStats
##
## Attaching package: 'matrixStats'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:Biobase':
##
##   anyMissing, rowMedians
## Loading required package: BiocParallel
##
## Attaching package: 'DelayedArray'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##   colMaxs, colMins, colRanges, rowMaxs, rowMins, rowRanges
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   aperm, apply

```

```
## Loading required package: bigmemory
## Loading required package: BH
## Loading required package: Rcpp
## Setting options('download.file.method.GEOquery'='auto')
## Setting options('GEOquery.inmemory.gpl'=FALSE)
```

## 2 MACPET Classes

*MACPET* provides five different classes which all inherit from the *GInteractions* class in the *InteractionSet* package. Therefore, every method associated with the *GInteractions* class is also applicable to the *MACPET* classes. Every *MACPET* class contains information of the PETs associated with the corresponding class, their start/end coordinates on the genome as well as which chromosome they belong to. This section provides an overview of the *MACPET* classes, while methods associated with each class are presented in latter sections. The classes provided by *MACPET* are the following:

- *PSelf* class contains information about the self-ligated PETs in the data. This class is created using either the *MACPETult* function at stage 2 or the *ConvertToPSelf* function.
- *PSFit* class is an update of the *PSelf* class, which contains information about which binding site each PET belongs to, as well as significant peaks found by the peak-calling algorithm. This class is created using the *MACPETult* function at stage 3.
- *Plnter* class contains information about Inter-chromosomal PETs in the data. This class is created using the *MACPETult* function at stage 2.
- *Plntra* class contains information about Intra-chromosomal PETs in the data. This class is created using the *MACPETult* function at stage 2.
- *GenomeMap* class contains information about the interactions in the genome. This class is created using the *MACPETult* function at stage 4. Then the user can use the *GetSignInteractions* function for subsetting the significant interactions from the object and return a *GInteractions* class object.

### 2.1 PSelf Class

The *PSelf* class contains pair-end tag information of self-ligated PETs which is used for binding site analysis.

```
load(system.file("extdata", "MACPET_pselfData.rda", package = "MACPET"))
class(MACPET_pselfData) #example name
## [1] "PSelf"
MACPET_pselfData #print method
## PSelf object with 4520 interactions and 0 metadata columns:
##      seqnames1      ranges1      seqnames2      ranges2
##      <Rle>      <IRanges>      <Rle>      <IRanges>
##      [1]      chr1 128071-128090 ---      chr1 127738-127757
##      [2]      chr1 128071-128090 ---      chr1 127738-127757
##      [3]      chr1 128071-128090 ---      chr1 127738-127757
##      [4]      chr1 134267-134286 ---      chr1 134548-134567
##      [5]      chr1 134282-134301 ---      chr1 134461-134480
##      ...      ...      ...      ...
```

## MACPET

```
## [4516] chrX 16419-16438 --- chrX 16099-16118
## [4517] chrX 16422-16441 --- chrX 15920-15939
## [4518] chrX 16423-16442 --- chrX 16067-16086
## [4519] chrX 16478-16497 --- chrX 16112-16131
## [4520] chrX 16485-16504 --- chrX 16126-16145
## -----
## regions: 7548 ranges and 0 metadata columns
## seqinfo: 18 sequences from hg19 genome
```

Extra information of this class is stored as list in the metadata entries with the following elements:

- Self\_info: a two-column data.frame with information about the chromosomes in the data (chrom) and the total PET counts of each chromosome (PET.counts).
- SLmean: which is the mean size of the self-ligated PETs.
- MaxSize: The maximum self-ligated PET size in the data.
- MinSize: The minimum self-ligated PET size in the data.

```
metadata(MACPET_pselfData)
## $Self_info
##   Chrom PET.counts
## 1  chr1         469
## 2  chr2         235
## 3  chr3         247
## 4  chr7         451
## 5  chr8         130
## 6  chr9         215
## 7  chr10        133
## 8  chr11         41
## 9  chr12        174
## 10 chr15        268
## 11 chr16        169
## 12 chr17        267
## 13 chr18        258
## 14 chr19        189
## 15 chr20        528
## 16 chr21        100
## 17 chr22        203
## 18 chrX         443
##
## $SLmean
## [1] 294
##
## $MaxSize
## [1] 799
##
## $MinSize
## [1] 21
```

One can also access information about chromosome lengths etc.

## MACPET

```
seqinfo(MACPET_pselfData)
## Seqinfo object with 18 sequences from hg19 genome:
##   seqnames seqlengths isCircular genome
##   chr1      249250621      <NA>    hg19
##   chr2      243199373      <NA>    hg19
##   chr3      198022430      <NA>    hg19
##   chr7      159138663      <NA>    hg19
##   chr8      146364022      <NA>    hg19
##   ...      ...           ...      ...
##   chr19     59128983       <NA>    hg19
##   chr20     63025520       <NA>    hg19
##   chr21     48129895       <NA>    hg19
##   chr22     51304566       <NA>    hg19
##   chrX      155270560       <NA>    hg19
```

## 2.2 *PSFit* Class

The *PSFit* class adds information to the *PSelf* class about the peak each PET belongs to, as well as the total number of peaks in each chromosome in the data, p-values and FDR for each peak.

```
load(system.file("extdata", "MACPET_psfitData.rda", package = "MACPET"))
class(MACPET_psfitData) #example name
## [1] "PSFit"
MACPET_psfitData #print method
## PSFit object with 4520 interactions and 0 metadata columns:
##       seqnames1      ranges1      seqnames2      ranges2
##       <Rle>      <IRanges>      <Rle>      <IRanges>
##   [1]   chr1 128071-128090 ---   chr1 127738-127757
##   [2]   chr1 128071-128090 ---   chr1 127738-127757
##   [3]   chr1 128071-128090 ---   chr1 127738-127757
##   [4]   chr1 134267-134286 ---   chr1 134548-134567
##   [5]   chr1 134282-134301 ---   chr1 134461-134480
##   ...      ...           ...      ...
## [4516] chrX 16419-16438 ---   chrX 16099-16118
## [4517] chrX 16422-16441 ---   chrX 15920-15939
## [4518] chrX 16423-16442 ---   chrX 16067-16086
## [4519] chrX 16478-16497 ---   chrX 16112-16131
## [4520] chrX 16485-16504 ---   chrX 16126-16145
## -----
## regions: 7548 ranges and 0 metadata columns
## seqinfo: 18 sequences from hg19 genome
```

This class updates the *Self\_info* data frame of the *PSelf* class with two extra columns: the total regions each chromosome is segmented into (*Region.counts*) and the total candidate peaks of each chromosome (*Peak.counts*). Moreover, this class contains a metadata entry which is a matrix containing region and peak IDs for each PET in the data (*Classification.Info*). Finally, it also contains a metadata entry with information about each peak found (*Peaks.Info*). *Peaks.Info* is a *data.frame* with the following entries:

## MACPET

- Chrom: The name of the chromosome
- Pets: Total PETs in the peak.
- Peak.Summit: Summit of the peak.
- Up.Summit: Summit of the left-stream PETs.
- Down.Summit: Summit of the right-stream PETs.
- CIQ.Up.start: Start of 95 Quantile confidence interval for the left-stream PETs.
- CIQ.Up.end: End of 95 Quantile confidence interval for the left-stream PETs.
- CIQ.Up.size: Size of 95 Quantile confidence interval for the left-stream PETs.
- CIQ.Down.start: Start of 95 Quantile confidence interval for the right-stream PETs.
- CIQ.Down.end: End of 95 Quantile confidence interval for the right-stream PETs.
- CIQ.Down.size: Size of 95 Quantile confidence interval for the right-stream PETs.
- CIQ.Peak.size: Size of the Peak based on the interval (CIQ.Up.start,CIQ.Down.end).
- sdx: The standard deviation of the upstream PETs.
- lambdax: The skewness of the upstream PETs.
- sdy: The standard deviation of the downstream PETs.
- lambday: The skewness of the downstream PETs.
- lambdaUp: The expected number of PETs in the left-stream Peak region by random chance.
- FoldEnrichUp: Fold enrichment for the left-stream Peak region.
- p.valueUp: p-value for the left-stream Peak region.
- lambdaDown: The expected number of PETs in the right-stream Peak region by random chance.
- FoldEnrichDown: Fold enrichment for the right-stream Peak region.
- p.valueDown: p-value for the right-stream Peak region.
- p.value: p-value for the Peak (p.valueUp\*p.valueDown).
- FDRUp: FDR correction for the left-stream Peak region.
- FDRDown: FDR correction for the right-stream Peak region.
- FDR: FDR correction for the Peak.

```
head(metadata(MACPET_psfitData)$Peaks.Info)
##   Chrom Region Peak Pets Peak.Summit Up.Summit Down.Summit CIQ.Up.start
## 1  chr1      2    1    4      134529  134454.5   134602.5   134258.6
## 2  chr1      3    1   21      136275  136223.5   136326.6   135925.9
## 3  chr1      4    1    2      138672  138586.5   138757.5   138468.7
## 4  chr1      5    1    4      153168  153048.5   153287.5   152903.6
## 5  chr1      6    1    3      158256  158182.5   158330.5   158172.4
## 6  chr1      6    2   11      158623  158533.5   158713.5   158073.4
##   CIQ.Up.end CIQ.Up.size CIQ.Down.start CIQ.Down.end CIQ.Down.size
## 1   134452.0         194      134604.6      134763.6         160
## 2   136219.5         295      136332.8      136792.8         461
## 3   138585.0         117      138761.0      139036.0         276
## 4   153046.6         144      153289.0      153408.2         120
## 5   158182.4          11      158330.5      158332.3           2
## 6   158527.5         455      158714.7      158802.7          89
##   CIQ.Peak.size      sdx      lambdax      sdy      lambday lambdaUp
## 1          506 32.786997 -0.9761421 26.9709052 0.9760635 2.000000
## 2          868 49.667461 -0.9798426 77.8374868 0.9794046 3.398848
## 3          568 19.722558 -0.9755519 46.6467757 0.9755518 2.000000
## 4          505 24.248986 -0.9761427 20.2136087 0.9761358 2.000000
## 5          161  1.698188 -0.9757212  0.3076363 0.9757213 2.000000
## 6          731 76.906514 -0.9779880 14.9170727 0.9779329 2.199517
##   FoldEnrichUp      p.valueUp lambdaDown FoldEnrichDown      p.valueDown
```



## MACPET

```
## 1      2.000000 5.265302e-02  2.000000      2.000000 5.265302e-02
## 2      6.178564 1.703525e-11  4.199089      5.001085 8.349971e-10
## 3      1.000000 3.233236e-01  2.000000      1.000000 3.233236e-01
## 4      2.000000 5.265302e-02  2.000000      2.000000 5.265302e-02
## 5      1.500000 1.428765e-01  2.000000      1.500000 1.428765e-01
## 6      5.001099 3.561537e-06  2.097643      5.243981 2.211986e-06
##      p.value      FDRUp      FDRDown      FDR
## 1 2.772340e-03 1.001149e-01 1.001149e-01 5.271351e-03
## 2 1.422439e-20 1.210399e-10 5.636230e-09 9.601460e-20
## 3 1.045381e-01 3.357591e-01 3.419012e-01 1.102551e-01
## 4 2.772340e-03 1.001149e-01 1.001149e-01 5.271351e-03
## 5 2.041371e-02 2.269216e-01 2.296230e-01 3.242177e-02
## 6 7.878071e-12 1.602692e-05 1.066493e-05 3.667378e-11
```

One can also access information about chromosome lengths etc, using `seqinfo(MACPET_psfitData)`.

## 2.3 *PInter* Class

The *PInter* class contains pair-end tag information of Inter-chromosomal PETs:

```
load(system.file("extdata", "MACPET_pinterData.rda", package = "MACPET"))
class(MACPET_pinterData) #example name
## [1] "PInter"
MACPET_pinterData #print method
## PInter object with 94 interactions and 0 metadata columns:
##      seqnames1      ranges1      seqnames2      ranges2
##      <Rle>      <IRanges>      <Rle>      <IRanges>
##      [1]      chr1 419128-419147 ---      chr15 89807-89826
##      [2]      chr1 450489-450508 ---      chr19 328877-328896
##      [3]      chr1 720534-720553 ---      chr15 554025-554044
##      [4]      chr1 778824-778843 ---      chr17 433884-433903
##      [5]      chr2 208915-208934 ---      chr8 142996-143015
##      ...      ...      ...      ...
##      [90]      chrX 5467-5486 ---      chr15 14508-14527
##      [91]      chrX 7866-7885 ---      chr18 174143-174162
##      [92]      chrX 8461-8480 ---      chr20 351317-351336
##      [93]      chrX 10072-10091 ---      chr19 302795-302814
##      [94]      chrX 16501-16520 ---      chr2 844134-844153
##      -----
##      regions: 172 ranges and 0 metadata columns
##      seqinfo: 18 sequences from hg19 genome
```

One can also access information about chromosome lengths etc, using `seqinfo(MACPET_pinterData)`.

It also contains a two-element metadata list with the following elements:

- InteractionCounts: a table with the total number of Inter-chromosomal PETs between chromosomes. Where the rows represent the “from” anchor and the columns the “to” anchor.

## MACPET

```
metadata(MACPET_pinterData)
## $InteractionCounts
##      chr1 chr2 chr3 chr7 chr8 chr9 chr10 chr11 chr12 chr15 chr16 chr17
## chr1      0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  2  0  1
## chr2      0  0  0  0  1  1  0  0  0  0  1  1
## chr3      0  1  0  1  0  1  0  0  0  0  1  1
## chr7      0  1  1  0  0  0  0  0  2  0  1  0
## chr8      0  0  0  0  0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr9      1  0  0  0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  1
## chr10     0  1  0  0  2  1  0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr11     0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr12     0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr15     0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  2  1
## chr16     2  5  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr17     0  0  1  1  0  1  0  0  0  0  1  0
## chr18     0  1  0  1  0  1  1  0  0  3  1  1
## chr19     0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  3
## chr20     2  0  0  0  1  1  1  0  1  0  0  0
## chr21     0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr22     0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
## chrX      0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1  0  0
##      chr18 chr19 chr20 chr21 chr22 chrX
## chr1      0  1  0  0  0  0
## chr2      0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr3      2  0  0  1  1  1
## chr7      0  0  1  0  0  0
## chr8      0  0  0  0  2  0
## chr9      1  1  2  0  1  0
## chr10     0  0  1  0  0  0
## chr11     0  0  0  0  0  2
## chr12     0  0  1  0  0  2
## chr15     0  1  0  0  0  0
## chr16     0  0  2  0  2  0
## chr17     1  0  0  1  1  0
## chr18     0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr19     0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr20     0  0  0  0  2  0
## chr21     0  0  0  0  0  0
## chr22     0  0  0  0  0  1
## chrX      1  1  2  0  0  0
```

## 2.4 *Pintra* Class

The *Pintra* class contains pair-end tag information of Intra-chromosomal PETs.

```
load(system.file("extdata", "MACPET_pintraData.rda", package = "MACPET"))
class(MACPET_pintraData)#example name
## [1] "Pintra"
MACPET_pintraData#print method
```

## MACPET

```
## PIntra object with 744 interactions and 0 metadata columns:
##      seqnames1      ranges1      seqnames2      ranges2
##      <Rle>      <IRanges>      <Rle>      <IRanges>
##      [1]      chr1 131180-131199 ---      chr1 152956-152975
##      [2]      chr1 134496-134515 ---      chr1 136252-136271
##      [3]      chr1 134612-134631 ---      chr1 158684-158703
##      [4]      chr1 134656-134675 ---      chr1 136152-136171
##      [5]      chr1 134712-134731 ---      chr1 136350-136369
##      ...      ...      ...      ...
##      [740]      chrX 16501-16520 ---      chrX 151-170
##      [741]      chrX 16501-16520 ---      chrX 151-170
##      [742]      chrX 16511-16530 ---      chrX 225-244
##      [743]      chrX 16512-16531 ---      chrX 145-164
##      [744]      chrX 16532-16551 ---      chrX 181-200
##      -----
##      regions: 1245 ranges and 0 metadata columns
##      seqinfo: 18 sequences from hg19 genome
```

One can also access information about chromosome lengths etc, using `seqinfo(MACPET_pintraData)`.

It also contains a two-element metadata list with the following elements:

- InteractionCounts: a data.frame with the total number of Intra-chromosomal PETs for each chromosome (Counts).

```
metadata(MACPET_pintraData)
## $InteractionCounts
##      Chrom Counts
## 1   chr1       78
## 2   chr2       37
## 3   chr3       48
## 4   chr7      107
## 5   chr8       13
## 6   chr9       21
## 7  chr10       14
## 8  chr11       10
## 9  chr12       31
## 10 chr15       56
## 11 chr16       25
## 12 chr17       43
## 13 chr18       37
## 14 chr19       26
## 15 chr20      102
## 16 chr21       16
## 17 chr22       30
## 18 chrX       50
```

## 2.5 *GenomeMap* Class

The *GenomeMap* class contains all potential interactions between pairs of peaks, as well as the peaks' anchors.

```
load(system.file("extdata", "MACPET_GenomeMapData.rda", package = "MACPET"))
class(MACPET_GenomeMapData) #example name
## [1] "GenomeMap"
MACPET_GenomeMapData #print method
## GenomeMap object with 20 interactions and 2 metadata columns:
##      seqnames1      ranges1      seqnames2      ranges2 | Anchor1Summit
##      <Rle>        <IRanges>      <Rle>        <IRanges> |      <numeric>
## [1]      chrX      -1139-9548 ---      chrX      14355-17692 |          4204
## [2]      chr7    363935-368749 ---      chr7    372995-379222 |         366342
## [3]     chr15   553811-556811 ---     chr15   565673-568673 |         555311
## [4]     chr20   562747-565747 ---     chr20   905511-908511 |         564247
## [5]      chr1   156756-160123 ---      chr1   171624-174624 |         158440
## ...           ...           ...           ...           .           ...
## [16]     chr7   690224-693224 ---     chr7   700347-703347 |         691724
## [17]     chrX    11120-14120 ---     chrX    14355-17692 |          12620
## [18]      chr1   151668-154668 ---     chr1   171624-174624 |         153168
## [19]      chr1   405183-408989 ---     chr1   480783-483783 |         407086
## [20]     chr7   372995-379222 ---     chr7   408155-411155 |         376108
##      Anchor2Summit
##      <numeric>
## [1]          16024
## [2]          376108
## [3]          567173
## [4]          907011
## [5]          173124
## ...           ...
## [16]          701847
## [17]          16024
## [18]          173124
## [19]          482283
## [20]          409655
## -----
## regions: 31 ranges and 0 metadata columns
## seqinfo: 18 sequences from hg19 genome
```

Extra information of this class is stored as list in the metadata entries with the following elements:

- pvalue: The p-value of the interaction.
- FDR: The FDR of the interaction.
- Order: The order the interaction was entered into the model.
- TotalInterPETs: The total interaction PETs between every two interacting peaks.

Each row in the metadata entry corresponds to the same row in the main object.

```
metadata(MACPET_GenomeMapData)
## $InteractionInfo
## DataFrame with 20 rows and 4 columns
```

##	pvalue	FDR	Order	TotalInterPETs
##	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>
## 1	6.26634448227091e-11	3.88513357900797e-09	1	31
## 2	1.71720250488624e-06	0.000104749352798061	2	19
## 3	1.21350755055128e-06	7.28104530330771e-05	3	15
## 4	6.77026211689949e-06	0.00039944546489707	4	9
## 5	0.0687255704055934	0.768282816892007	5	5
## ...	...	...	...	...
## 16	0.0563786854460047	0.94778129690941	7	3
## 17	0.0227757248382917	0.94778129690941	7	4
## 18	0.0762218884828719	1	8	2
## 19	0.0434335330405419	1	8	2
## 20	0.0863044514226033	1	8	2

### 3 MACPET Methods

This section describes methods associated with the classes in the *MACPET* package.

#### 3.1 summary-method

All *MACPET* classes are associated with a summary method which sums up the information stored in each class:

##### 3.1.1 *P*Self Class

*summary* for *P*Self class prints information about the total number of self-ligated PETs for each chromosome, as well as the total number of self-ligated PETs in the data, their min/max length and genome information of the data:

```
class(MACPET_pselfData)
## [1] "PSelf"
summary(MACPET_pselfData)
## |-Self-ligatead PETs|
## |-----Summary-----|
##
## | Chrom | Self-lig. |
## |:-----:|:-----:|
## | chr1 | 469 |
## | chr2 | 235 |
## | chr3 | 247 |
## | chr7 | 451 |
## | chr8 | 130 |
## | chr9 | 215 |
## | chr10 | 133 |
## | chr11 | 41 |
## | chr12 | 174 |
## | chr15 | 268 |
```

## MACPET

```
## | chr16 | 169 |
## | chr17 | 267 |
## | chr18 | 258 |
## | chr19 | 189 |
## | chr20 | 528 |
## | chr21 | 100 |
## | chr22 | 203 |
## | chrX | 443 |
##
##
## =====
## Tot. Self-lig. Self-lig. mean size Genome
## =====
## 4520 294 hg19
## =====
##
##
## =====
## Sortest Self-PET Longest Self-PET
## =====
## 21 bp 799 bp
## =====
```

### 3.1.2 *PSFit* Class

`summary` for *PSFit* class adds information to the `summary` of *PSelf* class. The new information is the total regions found and analysed for each chromosome and the total number of candidate binding sites found on each chromosome:

```
class(MACPET_psfData)
## [1] "PSFit"
summary(MACPET_psfData)
## |-----Self-ligated PETs Summary-----|
##
## | Chrom | Self-lig. | Regions | Peaks |
## |-----|:-----|:-----|:-----|
## | chr1 | 469 | 49 | 23 |
## | chr2 | 235 | 32 | 10 |
## | chr3 | 247 | 27 | 8 |
## | chr7 | 451 | 50 | 16 |
## | chr8 | 130 | 15 | 4 |
## | chr9 | 215 | 21 | 3 |
## | chr10 | 133 | 20 | 5 |
## | chr11 | 41 | 7 | 1 |
## | chr12 | 174 | 23 | 8 |
## | chr15 | 268 | 23 | 6 |
## | chr16 | 169 | 11 | 1 |
## | chr17 | 267 | 29 | 6 |
## | chr18 | 258 | 38 | 9 |
## | chr19 | 189 | 26 | 6 |
```

## MACPET

```
## | chr20 | 528 | 37 | 13 |
## | chr21 | 100 | 12 | 2 |
## | chr22 | 203 | 24 | 4 |
## | chrX | 443 | 7 | 10 |
##
##
## =====
## Tot. Self-lig. Regions Peaks Self-lig. mean size
## =====
## 4520 451 135 294
## =====
##
##
## =====
## Genome Sortest Self-PET Longest Self-PET class
## =====
## hg19 21 bp 799 bp PSFit
## =====
```

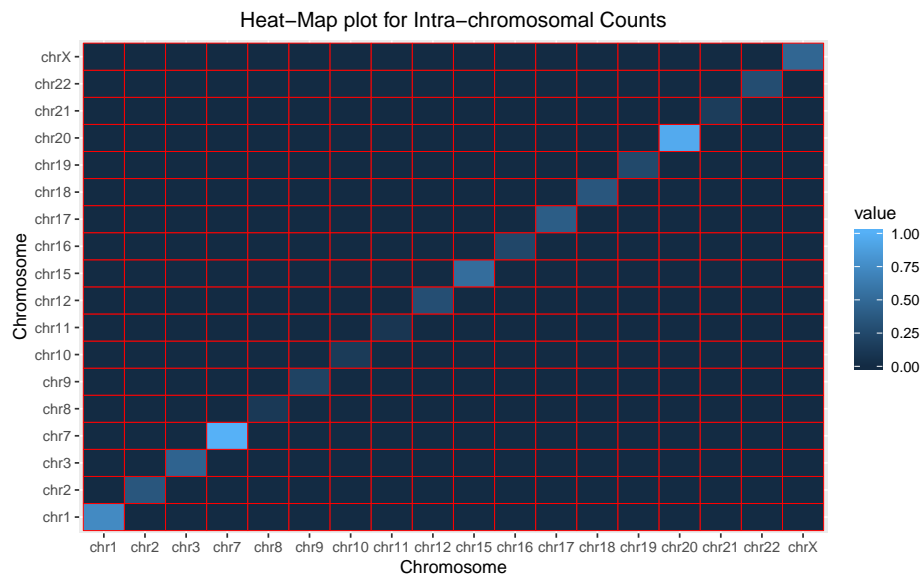
### 3.1.3 *Pintra* Class

`summary` for *Pintra* class prints information about the total number of intra-ligated PETs for each chromosome, as well as information about the genome. The user can choose to plot a heat-map for the total number of intra-ligated PETs on each chromosome:

```
class(MACPET_pintraData)
## [1] "Pintra"
requireNamespace("ggplot2")
## Loading required namespace: ggplot2
requireNamespace("reshape2")
## Loading required namespace: reshape2
summary(MACPET_pintraData, heatmap=TRUE)
## |--Intra-chrom. PETs--|
## |-----Summary-----|
##
## |Chrom | Intra-chrom. |
## |:-----|:-----:|
## |chr1 | 78 |
## |chr2 | 37 |
## |chr3 | 48 |
## |chr7 | 107 |
## |chr8 | 13 |
## |chr9 | 21 |
## |chr10 | 14 |
## |chr11 | 10 |
## |chr12 | 31 |
## |chr15 | 56 |
## |chr16 | 25 |
## |chr17 | 43 |
## |chr18 | 37 |
```

## MACPET

```
## |chr19 |      26 |
## |chr20 |     102 |
## |chr21 |      16 |
## |chr22 |      30 |
## |chrX  |      50 |
##
##
## =====
## Tot. Intra-chrom.  Genome  class
## =====
##      744          hg19  PIntra
## =====
```



### 3.1.4 *PInter* Class

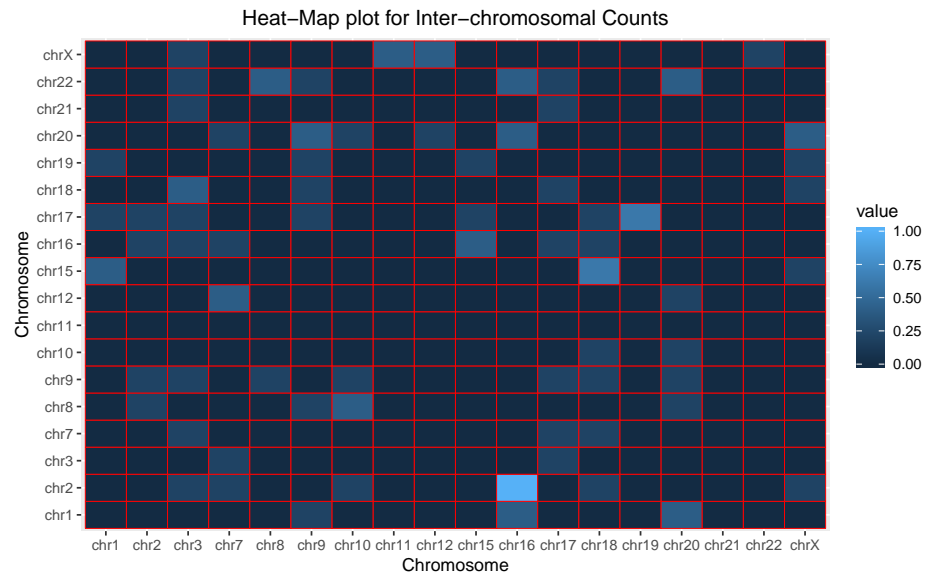
`summary` for *PInter* class prints information about the total number of inter-ligated PETs for each chromosome, as well as information about the genome. The user can choose to plot a heat-map for the total number of inter-ligated PETs connecting the chromosomes:

```
class(MACPET_pinterData)
## [1] "PInter"
requireNamespace("ggplot2")
requireNamespace("reshape2")
summary(MACPET_pinterData, heatmap=TRUE)
## |--Inter-chrom. PETs--|
## |-----Summary-----|
##
## |Chrom | Inter-chrom. |
## |:-----|:-----:|
## |chr1  |      4      |
## |chr2  |      4      |
## |chr3  |     10      |
```



MACPET

```
## |chr7 |      6      |
## |chr8 |      3      |
## |chr9 |      8      |
## |chr10|      5      |
## |chr11|      2      |
## |chr12|      3      |
## |chr15|      4      |
## |chr16|     11      |
## |chr17|      7      |
## |chr18|      9      |
## |chr19|      3      |
## |chr20|      8      |
## |chr21|      0      |
## |chr22|      1      |
## |chrX |      6      |
##
##
## =====
## Tot. Inter-chrom. PETs  Genome  class
## =====
##           94           hg19    PInter
## =====
```



3.1.5 *GenomeMap* Class

`summary` for *GenomeMap* class prints information about the total number of interactions in the data. The user can provide a threshold for the FDR cut-off of the significant interactions to make the summary from. Alternatively if threshold=NULL all the interactions will be used for the summary.

## MACPET

```
class(MACPET_GenomeMapData)
## [1] "GenomeMap"
summary(MACPET_GenomeMapData)
## No threshold given, all the interactions are returned.
## |-----Interactions Summary-----|
##
## | Tot. Peaks used | Tot. Intra-chrom. interactions | Tot. Inter-chrom. interactions | Genome | Class
## |-----|:-----|:-----|:-----|:-----|
## |      20      |      20      |      0      | hg19 | GenomeMap
```

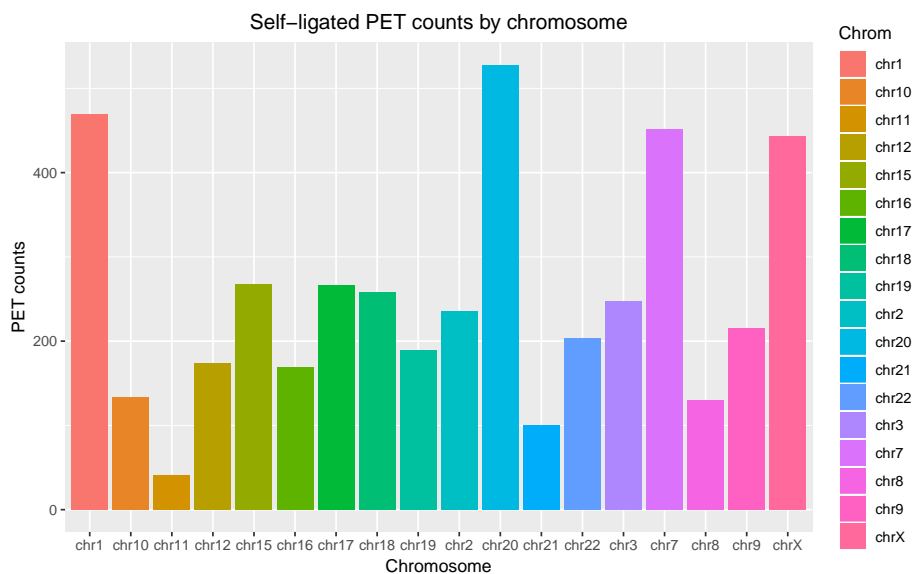
## 3.2 plot-method

All *MACPET* classes are associated with a plot method which can be used to visualize counts, PETs in a region, as well as binding sites. Here we give some examples for the usage of the plot methods, however more arguments can be provided to the plot methods, see *MACPET::plot*.

### 3.2.1 PSelf Class

*plot* for *PSelf* Class will create a bar-plot showing the total number of self-ligated PETs on each chromosome. The x-axis are the chromosomes and the y-axis are the corresponding frequencies.

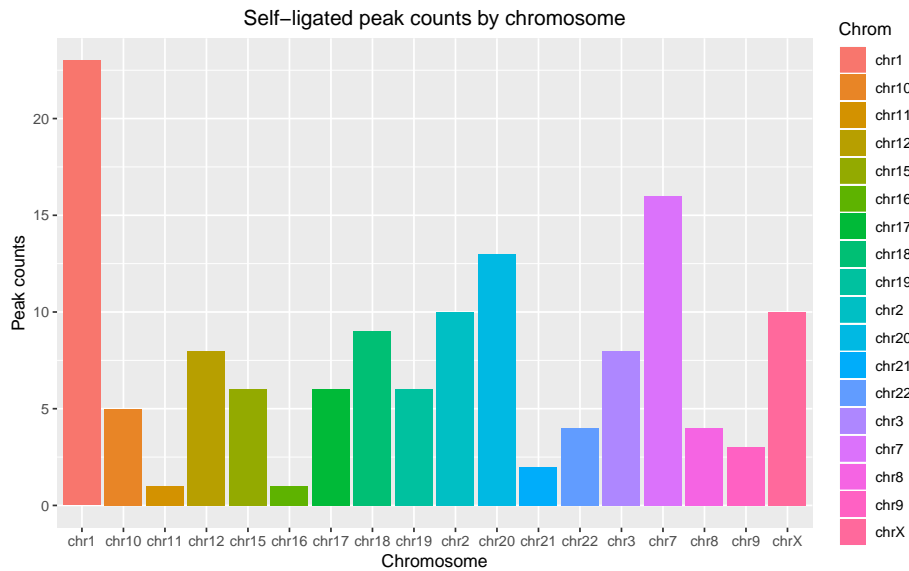
```
requireNamespace("ggplot2")
class(MACPET_pselfData)
## [1] "PSelf"
# PET counts plot
plot(MACPET_pselfData)
```



### 3.2.2 *PSFit* Class

`plot` for *PSFit* Class will create a bar-plot (if `kind="PeakCounts"`) showing the total number of candidate binding sites found on each chromosome. The x-axis are the chromosomes and the y-axis are the corresponding frequencies.

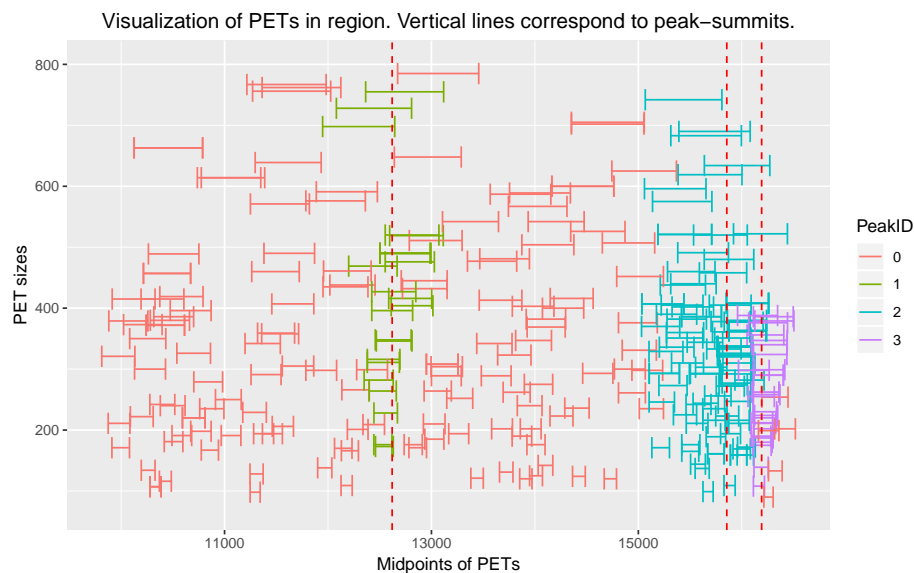
```
class(MACPET_psfitData)
## [1] "PSFit"
#binding site counts:
plot(MACPET_psfitData, kind="PeakCounts")
```



Other kind of plots are also supported for this class. For example if `kind="PeakPETs"`, then a visual representation of a region will be plotted (`RegIndex` chooses which region to plot with 1 meaning the one with the highest total of PETs in it). The x-axis are the genomic coordinates of the region and the y-axis if the sizes of the PETs. Each segment represents a PET from its start to its end coordinate. Different colors of colors represent which binding site each PET belongs to, with red (`PeakID=0`) representing the noise cluster. Vertical lines represent the exact binding location of the binding site.

```
# region example with binding sites:
plot(MACPET_psfitData, kind="PeakPETs", RegIndex=1)
```

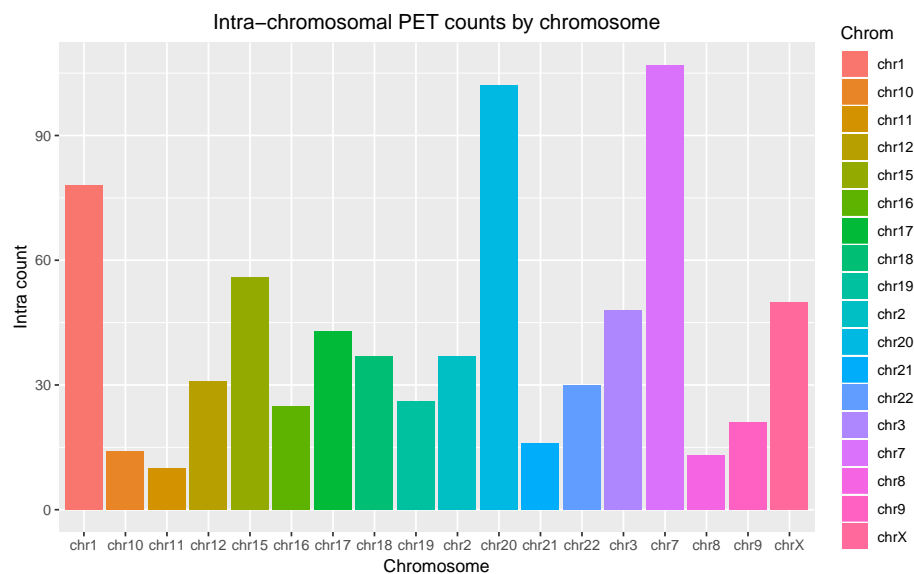
## MACPET



### 3.2.3 *Pintra* Class

`plot` for *Pintra* Class will create a bar-plot showing the total number of intra-ligated PETs on each chromosome. The x-axis are the chromosomes and the y-axis are the corresponding frequencies.

```
class(MACPET_pintraData)
## [1] "Pintra"
#plot counts:
plot(MACPET_pintraData)
```



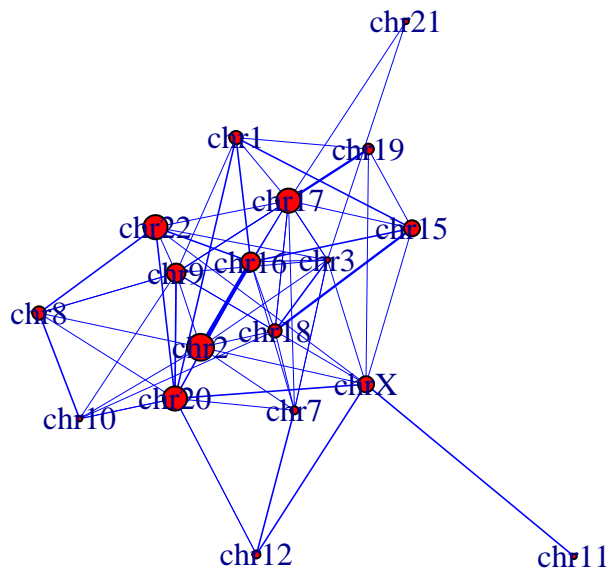
## MACPET

### 3.2.4 *PInter* Class

`plot` for *PInter* Class. Each node represents a chromosome where the size of the node is proportional to the total number of Inter-chromosomal PETs leaving from this chromosome. Edges connect interacting chromosomes where the thickness of each edge is proportional to the total number of Inter-chromosomal PETs connecting the two chromosomes.

```
class(MACPET_pinterData)
## [1] "PInter"
requireNamespace("igraph")
## Loading required namespace: igraph
#network plot:
plot(MACPET_pinterData)
```

#### Inter Interaction Network Plot

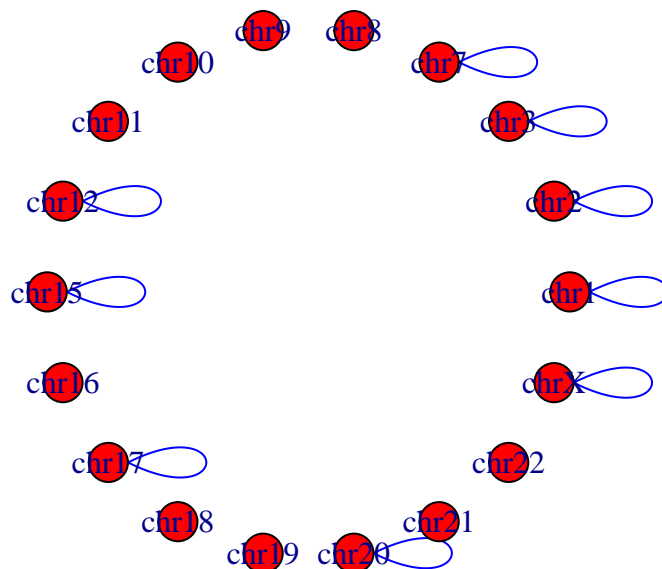


```
## NULL
```

### 3.2.5 *GenomeMap* Class

`plot` for *GenomeMap* Class. Different kind of plot can be created using the `Type` parameter. The user can also specify a threshold for the significant interactions to make the plots from. In the following example, each node represents a chromosome and the edges show which chromosomes have significant interactions between them.

```
class(MACPET_GenomeMapData)
## [1] "GenomeMap"
requireNamespace("igraph")
#network plot:
plot(MACPET_GenomeMapData, Type='network-circle')
## No threshold given, all the interactions are returned.
```



### 3.3 exportPeaks methods

*PSFit* class has a method which exports the binding site information stored in `meta` `data(object)[['Peaks.Info']]` into csv files in a given directory if one wishes to have the binding sites in an excel file. The user can also specify a threshold for the FDR. If no threshold is specified all the binding sites found by the algorithm are exported.

```
class(MACPET_psfData)#PSFit class
## [1] "PSFit"
exportPeaks(object=MACPET_psfData,file.out="Peaks",threshold=1e-5,savedir=SA_AnalysisDir)
## [1] "The output is saved at savedir"
```

### 3.4 PeaksToGRanges methods

*PSFit* class has also a method which converts the binding sites found by the peak-calling algorithm into a *GRanges* object with start and end coordinates the binding site's confidence interval (CIQ.Up.start,CIQ.Down.end). It furthermore contains information about the total number of PETs in the peak (TotPETs), the p-value of the peak (p.value) and its FDR (FDR). The user can also specify an FDR threshold for returning significant peaks. If threshold=NULL, all the found peaks are returned.

```
class(MACPET_psfData)#PSFit class
## [1] "PSFit"
object=PeaksToGRanges(object=MACPET_psfData,threshold=1e-5)
object
## GRanges object with 39 ranges and 3 metadata columns:
##      seqnames      ranges strand |      TotPETs      p.value
##      <Rle>        <IRanges> <Rle> | <numeric>      <numeric>
##      [1]      chr1 135926-136793   * |      21 1.42243850010315e-20
##      [2]      chr1 158073-158803   * |      11 7.87807089180069e-12
```

## MACPET

```
## [3] chr1 172673-173381 * | 13 8.46824468042962e-15
## [4] chr1 384574-385448 * | 23 3.50189198029452e-29
## [5] chr1 406654-408186 * | 36 3.06170663244554e-41
## ... ...
## [35] chr9 499110-500298 * | 32 6.19853263060922e-41
## [36] chrX 1-676 * | 26 3.03823903879465e-25
## [37] chrX 2906-4106 * | 30 6.03886673404633e-13
## [38] chrX 14498-17047 * | 98 9.44033555038663e-46
## [39] chrX 16042-16702 * | 28 1.78549928196275e-10
## FDR
## <numeric>
## [1] 9.60145987569626e-20
## [2] 3.6673778289417e-11
## [3] 4.97049144286086e-14
## [4] 3.15170278226507e-28
## [5] 5.9047199340021e-40
## ... ...
## [35] 1.04600238141531e-39
## [36] 2.56351418898299e-24
## [37] 3.01943336702316e-12
## [38] 2.54889059860439e-44
## [39] 7.53257509578036e-10
## -----
## seqinfo: 15 sequences from hg19 genome
```

## 3.5 TagsToGInteractions methods

*PSFit* class has also a method which returns only PETs belonging to peaks (removing noisy or insignificant PETs) as a *GInteractions* object. This might be useful if one wishes to visualize the tags belonging to PETs of binding sites on the genome-browser. The user can also specify an FDR threshold for returning significant peaks. If threshold=NULL, all the found peaks are returned.

```
class(MACPET_psfData)#PSFit class
## [1] "PSFit"
TagsToGInteractions(object=MACPET_psfData,threshold=1e-5)
## GInteractions object with 1180 interactions and 0 metadata columns:
##      seqnames1      ranges1      seqnames2      ranges2
##      <Rle>      <IRanges>      <Rle>      <IRanges>
## [1] chr1 135973-135992 --- chr1 136594-136613
## [2] chr1 136081-136100 --- chr1 136487-136506
## [3] chr1 136108-136127 --- chr1 136317-136336
## [4] chr1 136121-136140 --- chr1 136405-136424
## [5] chr1 136121-136140 --- chr1 136405-136424
## ... ...
## [1176] chrX 16419-16438 --- chrX 16099-16118
## [1177] chrX 16422-16441 --- chrX 15920-15939
## [1178] chrX 16423-16442 --- chrX 16067-16086
## [1179] chrX 16478-16497 --- chrX 16112-16131
```

## MACPET

```
## [1180]      chrX    16485-16504 ---      chrX    16126-16145
## -----
## regions: 7548 ranges and 0 metadata columns
## seqinfo: 18 sequences from hg19 genome
```

### 3.6 PeaksToNarrowPeak methods

*PSFit* class has a method which converts peaks of an object of *PSFit* class to narrowPeak object. The object is saved in a user specified directory and can be used in the MANGO or MICC algorithms for interaction analysis. Alternatively, the user can use stage 4 in *MACPETult* for running the interaction analysis stage.

```
class(MACPET_psfData)#PSFit class
## [1] "PSFit"
PeaksToNarrowPeak(object=MACPET_psfData,threshold=1e-5,
                  file.out="MACPET_peaks.narrowPeak",savedir=SA_AnalysisDir)
## [1] "Done! Check savedir!"
```

### 3.7 ConvertToPSelf methods

This method is for the *GInteractions* class. It converts a *GInteractions* object to *PSelf* object. This method could be used in case the user already has the self-ligated PETs separated from the rest of the data and wishes to run a binding site analysis on those only using stage 3 in *MACPETult*. The output object will be saved in the user-specified directory.

```
##--remove information and convert to GInteractions:
object=MACPET_pselfData
##--remove information and convert to GInteractions:
S4Vectors::metadata(object)=list(NULL)
class(object)='GInteractions'
##---input parameters
S2_BlackList=TRUE
SA_prefix="MACPET"
S2_AnalysisDir=SA_AnalysisDir

ConvertToPSelf(object=object,
               S2_BlackList=S2_BlackList,
               SA_prefix=SA_prefix,
               S2_AnalysisDir=S2_AnalysisDir)
## Separating Self-ligated data...Done
## INFO [2018-07-28 01:57:38] Self-ligated mean length: 294
## The PSelf object is saved in:
## /var/folders/6n/6y8cjthx4sb0hk5k5w8q3lw40000gn/T//Rtmpop9gr3/MACPETtest
#load object:
rm(MACPET_pselfData)#old object
load(file.path(S2_AnalysisDir,"MACPET_pselfData"))
class(MACPET_pselfData)
## [1] "PSelf"
```



### 3.8 GetSignInteractions methods

*GenomeMap* class has a method which subsets the significant interactions given a user-specified FDR threshold and returns either a *GInteractions* class object for the interactions (each row corresponds to one interaction), or it saves the significant interactions into an excel file in a user specified directory. Metadata columns are also provided which give further information about each interaction.

```
class(MACPET_GenomeMapData)#GenomeMap class
## [1] "GenomeMap"
GetSignInteractions(object=MACPET_GenomeMapData,
                     threshold = NULL,
                     ReturnedAs='GInteractions')
## No threshold given, all the interactions are returned.
## GInteractions object with 20 interactions and 6 metadata columns:
##      seqnames1      ranges1      seqnames2      ranges2 | Anchor1Summit
##      <Rle>      <IRanges>      <Rle>      <IRanges> |      <numeric>
## [1]      chrX      -1139-9548 ---      chrX      14355-17692 |      4204
## [2]      chr7      363935-368749 ---      chr7      372995-379222 |      366342
## [3]      chr15      553811-556811 ---      chr15      565673-568673 |      555311
## [4]      chr20      562747-565747 ---      chr20      905511-908511 |      564247
## [5]      chr1      156756-160123 ---      chr1      171624-174624 |      158440
## ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
## [16]      chr7      690224-693224 ---      chr7      700347-703347 |      691724
## [17]      chrX      11120-14120 ---      chrX      14355-17692 |      12620
## [18]      chr1      151668-154668 ---      chr1      171624-174624 |      153168
## [19]      chr1      405183-408989 ---      chr1      480783-483783 |      407086
## [20]      chr7      372995-379222 ---      chr7      408155-411155 |      376108
##      Anchor2Summit      pvalue      FDR      Order
##      <numeric>      <numeric>      <numeric> <numeric>
## [1]      16024 6.26634448227091e-11 3.88513357900797e-09      1
## [2]      376108 1.71720250488624e-06 0.000104749352798061      2
## [3]      567173 1.21350755055128e-06 7.28104530330771e-05      3
## [4]      907011 6.77026211689949e-06 0.00039944546489707      4
## [5]      173124 0.0687255704055934 0.768282816892007      5
## ...      ...      ...      ...
## [16]      701847 0.0563786854460047 0.94778129690941      7
## [17]      16024 0.0227757248382917 0.94778129690941      7
## [18]      173124 0.0762218884828719      1      8
## [19]      482283 0.0434335330405419      1      8
## [20]      409655 0.0863044514226033      1      8
##      TotalInterPETs
##      <numeric>
## [1]      31
## [2]      19
## [3]      15
## [4]      9
## [5]      5
## ...      ...
## [16]      3
## [17]      4
```

```
## [18]          2
## [19]          2
## [20]          2
## -----
## regions: 31 ranges and 0 metadata columns
## seqinfo: 18 sequences from hg19 genome
```

## 4 MACPET Supplementary functions

### 4.1 AnalysisStatistics function

**AnalysisStatistics** function can be used for all the classes of the **MACPET** package for printing and/or saving statistics of the classes in csv file in a given working directory. Input for Self-ligated PETs of one of the classes (*PSelf*, *PSFit*) is mandatory, while input for the Intra- and Inter-chromosomal PETs is not.

If the input for the Self-ligated PETs is of *PSFit* class, a threshold can be given for the FDR cut-off.

Here is an example:

```
AnalysisStatistics(x.self=MACPET_psfitData,
                  x.intra=MACPET_pintraData,
                  x.inter=MACPET_pinterData,
                  file.out='AnalysisStats',
                  savedir=SA_AnalysisDir,
                  threshold=1e-5)

## -----
## PETs Counts Summary
## -----
##
## | Chrom | Self | Regions | Peaks | Sign. Peaks | Intra | Inter |
## | :-----: | :-----: | :-----: | :-----: | :-----: | :-----: | :-----: |
## | chr1 | 469 | 49 | 23 | 9 | 78 | 5 |
## | chr2 | 235 | 32 | 10 | 3 | 37 | 10 |
## | chr3 | 247 | 27 | 8 | 2 | 48 | 2 |
## | chr7 | 451 | 50 | 16 | 7 | 107 | 3 |
## | chr8 | 130 | 15 | 4 | 1 | 13 | 5 |
## | chr9 | 215 | 21 | 3 | 1 | 21 | 7 |
## | chr10 | 133 | 20 | 5 | 1 | 14 | 2 |
## | chr11 | 41 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
## | chr12 | 174 | 23 | 8 | 1 | 31 | 3 |
## | chr15 | 268 | 23 | 6 | 2 | 56 | 6 |
## | chr16 | 169 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 25 | 7 |
## | chr17 | 267 | 29 | 6 | 2 | 43 | 9 |
## | chr18 | 258 | 38 | 9 | 2 | 37 | 5 |
## | chr19 | 189 | 26 | 6 | 1 | 26 | 4 |
## | chr20 | 528 | 37 | 13 | 2 | 102 | 9 |
## | chr21 | 100 | 12 | 2 | 1 | 16 | 2 |
```

## MACPET

```
## | chr22 | 203 | 24 | 4 | 0 | 30 | 9 |
## | chrX | 443 | 7 | 10 | 4 | 50 | 6 |
##
##
## =====
## Self-lig. mean size  Genome  Self Borders  Tot. Self
## =====
##          294          hg19    21/799 bp    4520
## =====
##
##
## =====
## Regions  Peaks  Sign. Peaks  Tot. Intra  Tot. Inter
## =====
##    451    135     39        744        94
## =====
## [1] "The output has been saved at the savedir"
```

## 4.2 ConvertToPE\_BAM function

`ConvertToPE_BAM` in case the user has two separate BAM files from read 1 and 2 of the paired data, and needs to pair them in one paired-end BAM file for further analysis in stage 2-3 on the `MACPETult` function. The output paired-end BAM file will be saved in the user-specified directory.

Here is an example:

```
requireNamespace('ggplot2')

#Create a temporary folder, or anywhere you want:
S1_AnalysisDir=SA_AnalysisDir

#directories of the BAM files:
BAM_file_1=system.file('extdata', 'SampleChIAPETDataRead_1.bam', package = 'MACPET')
BAM_file_2=system.file('extdata', 'SampleChIAPETDataRead_2.bam', package = 'MACPET')
SA_prefix="MACPET"

#convert to paired-end BAM:
ConvertToPE_BAM(S1_AnalysisDir=S1_AnalysisDir,
                SA_prefix=SA_prefix,
                S1_BAMStream=2000000,S1_image=TRUE,
                S1_genome="hg19",BAM_file_1=BAM_file_1,
                BAM_file_2=BAM_file_2)

## Checking inputs...OK
## Sorting  SampleChIAPETDataRead_1.bam  for index creation...Done
## Creating BAM index...Done
## Sorting  SampleChIAPETDataRead_2.bam  for index creation...Done
## Creating BAM index...Done
## Filtering  MACPET_BAM_1_sorted.bam ...Done
## Filtering  MACPET_BAM_2_sorted.bam ...Done
```

```
## Merging MACPET_usable_1_filt.bam, MACPET_usable_2_filt.bam files...Done
## Sorting MACPET_usable_merged.bam file by Qname...Done
## Pairing reads in MACPET_usable_merged.bam file...
## ||Total lines scanned: 10754(100%)|| ||Total Pairs registered: 5377(100% of the scanned lines)||
=====>Pairing statistics<=====
## Total reads processed: 10754 ( 100 %)
## Total pairs registered: 5377 ( 100 % of the scanned lines)
## Saving 16 x 10 in image
## Merging bam files in MACPET_Paired_end.bam ...Done
## Deleting unnecessary files.The paired-end BAM is in:
## /var/folders/6n/6y8cjthx4sb0hk5k5w8q3lw40000gn/T//Rtmpop9gr3/MACPETtest/MACPET_Paired_end.bam

#test if the resulted BAM is paired-end:
PairedBAM=file.path(S1_AnalysisDir,paste(SA_prefix,"_Paired_end.bam",sep=""))
Rsamtools::testPairedEndBam(file = PairedBAM, index = PairedBAM)
## [1] TRUE

bamfile = Rsamtools::BamFile(file = PairedBAM,asMates = TRUE)
GenomicAlignments::readGAlignmentPairs(file = bamfile,use.names = FALSE,
                                       with.which_label = FALSE,
                                       strandMode = 1)

## GAlignmentPairs object with 4920 pairs, strandMode=1, and 0 metadata columns:
##      seqnames strand      :      ranges --      ranges
##      <Rle>  <Rle>      :    <IRanges> --    <IRanges>
##      [1]   chr1      * : 128071-128090 -- 127738-127757
##      [2]   chr1      * : 128071-128090 -- 127738-127757
##      [3]   chr1      * : 128071-128090 -- 127738-127757
##      [4]   chr1      * : 134267-134286 -- 134548-134567
##      [5]   chr1      * : 134282-134301 -- 134461-134480
##      ...      ...      ... ..      ... ..      ...
##      [4916] chrX      * : 16501-16520 -- 151-170
##      [4917] <NA>      * : 16501-16520 -- 844134-844153
##      [4918] chrX      * : 16511-16530 -- 225-244
##      [4919] chrX      * : 16512-16531 -- 145-164
##      [4920] chrX      * : 16532-16551 -- 181-200
##      -----
##      seqinfo: 25 sequences from an unspecified genome
```

## 5 Peak Calling Workflow

The main function which the user can use for running a paired-end data analysis is called **MACPETULT**. It consists of the five stages described in the introduction section. The user may run the whole pipeline/analysis at once using `Stages=c(0:4)` or step by step using a single stage at a time. The function supports the *BiocParallel* package.

For the following example we run stages 2 and 4 of the **MACPETULT** only. The reason is that for running state 1, the bowtie index is needed which is too big for downloading it here.

## MACPET

```
#give directory of the BAM file:
S2_PairedEndBAMpath=system.file('extdata', 'SampleChIAPETData.bam', package = 'MACPET')

#give prefix name:
SA_prefix="MACPET"

#parallel backhead can be created using the BiocParallel package
#parallel backhead can be created using the BiocParallel package
#requireNamespace('BiocParallel')
#snow <- BiocParallel::SnowParam(workers = 4, type = 'SOCK', progressbar=FALSE)
#BiocParallel::register(snow, default=TRUE)

# packages for plotting:
requireNamespace('ggplot2')

#-run for the whole binding site analysis:
MACPETUlt(SA_AnalysisDir=SA_AnalysisDir,
          SA_stages=c(2:4),
          SA_prefix=SA_prefix,
          S2_PairedEndBAMpath=S2_PairedEndBAMpath,
          S2_image=TRUE,
          S2_BlackList=TRUE,
          S3_image=TRUE,
          S4_image=TRUE,
          S4_FDR_peak=1)# the data is small so use all the peaks found.
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## |-----MACPET analysis input checking-----|
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## Common stage inputs...OK
## Stages to run: 2-3-4
## |---- Checking Stage 2 inputs ----|
## Creating BAM index...
## S2_PairedEndBAMpath bam file is paired-end file.
## Checking the bam file header for the genome....OK
## Loading PET data...
## =====>PET statistics<=====
## Total PETs in data: 5377 ( 100 %)
## Total PCR replicates: 0 ( 0 %)
## Total Black-listed PETs: 19 ( 0.353356890459364 %)
## Total valid PETs left: 5358 ( 99.6466431095406 %)
## Saving 16 x 10 in image
## Correct Stage 2 inputs given.
## |---- Checking Stage 3 inputs ----|
## Correct Stage 3 inputs given.
## |---- Checking Stage 4 inputs ----|
## Correct Stage 4 inputs given.
## All inputs correct! Starting MACPET analysis...
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## |-----PET Classification Analysis-----|
## |-----Stage 2-----|
```

```

## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## =====
## Separating Inter-chromosomal data...Done
## Finding Self-Intra cut-off...Done
## Self-ligated cut-off at: 799 bp
## Saving 16 x 10 in image
## Separating Intra-chromosomal data...Done
## Separating Self-ligated data...Done
## Self-ligated mean length: 294
## =====>PET statistics<=====
## Total Self-ligated PETs: 4520
## Total Intra-chromosomal PETs: 744
## Total Inter-chromosomal PETs: 94
## Saving 16 x 10 in image
## =====
## Stage 2 is done!
## Analysis results for stage 2 are in:
## /var/folders/6n/6y8cjthx4sb0hk5k5w8q3lw40000gn/T//Rtmpop9gr3/MACPETtest/S2_results
## Total stage 2 time: 5.14599609375 secs
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## |-----Binding Site Analysis-----|
## |-----Stage 3-----|
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## Converting data for analysis...Done
## Segmenting into regions...Done
## Total Regions found: 451
## Running peak calling process...Done
## Total 135 candidate peaks found in data
## Splitting data by chromosome for inference...
## Computing p-values...
## FDR adjusting p-values...
## Saving 16 x 10 in image
## Saving 16 x 10 in image
## Saving 16 x 10 in image
## Saving 16 x 10 in image
## =====
## Stage 3 is done!
## Analysis results for stage 3 are in:
## /var/folders/6n/6y8cjthx4sb0hk5k5w8q3lw40000gn/T//Rtmpop9gr3/MACPETtest/S3_results
## Total stage 3 time: 9.86263608932495 secs
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## |-----Interactions Analysis-----|
## |-----Stage 4-----|
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## Minimum number of allowed interaction PETs is set to: 2
## FDR cut-off of peaks to be used in the analysis: 1
## Preparing interactions data...
## Total peaks passing the FDR cut-off: 135 ( 100 % of the total peaks )
## Making a 3000 bp window around peak summits.
## Merging overlapping peaks...Done
## Total peaks after merging: 117

```

```

## Including only Intra-ligated PETs in the analysis (Inter-ligated are empty)...Done
## Intersecting the PETs with the peaks...Done
## Counting PETs in the peaks...Done
## Total 21 candidate interactions will be tested.
## Total 31 peaks are involved in potential interactions ( 26.4957264957265 % of the total FDR peaks )
## Total 133 PETs are involved in potential interactions ( 17.8763440860215 % of the total interaction PETs )
## Summarizing interaction information...Done
## Saving 16 x 10 in image
## |===== Network Initialization is finished =====|
## |===== Running interactions analysis =====|
## |---- Total interactions processed: 1 ( 4.761905 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 2 ( 9.52381 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 3 ( 14.28571 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 4 ( 19.04762 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 5 ( 23.80952 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 6 ( 28.57143 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 7 ( 33.33333 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 8 ( 38.09524 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 9 ( 42.85714 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 10 ( 47.61905 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 11 ( 52.38095 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 12 ( 57.14286 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 13 ( 61.90476 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 14 ( 66.66667 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 15 ( 71.42857 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 16 ( 76.19048 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 17 ( 80.95238 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 18 ( 85.71429 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 19 ( 90.47619 % ) ----|
|---- Total interactions processed: 20 ( 95.2381 % ) ----|
## Interaction analysis completed!
## =====
## Total interactions processed: 20
## Total bi-products removed: 1
## Creating the GenomeMap Object...Done
## The Genome map is successfully built!
## =====
## Stage 4 is done!
## Analysis results for stage 4 are in:
## /var/folders/6n/6y8cjthx4sb0hk5k5w8q3lw40000gn/T//Rtmpop9gr3/MACPETtest/S4_results
## Total stage 4 time: 2.65696310997009 secs
## |%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%|
## Global analysis is done!
## Global analysis time: 18.6673910617828 secs

#load results:
SelfObject=paste(SA_prefix,"_pselfData",sep="")
load(file.path(SA_AnalysisDir,"S2_results",SelfObject))
SelfObject=get(SelfObject)
class(SelfObject) # see methods for this class
## [1] "PSelf"

```

```

IntraObject=paste(SA_prefix,"_pintraData",sep="")
load(file.path(SA_AnalysisDir,"S2_results",IntraObject))
IntraObject=get(IntraObject)
class(IntraObject) # see methods for this class
## [1] "PIntra"

InterObject=paste(SA_prefix,"_pinterData",sep="")
load(file.path(SA_AnalysisDir,"S2_results",InterObject))
InterObject=get(InterObject)
class(InterObject) # see methods for this class
## [1] "PInter"

SelfFitObject=paste(SA_prefix,"_psfitData",sep="")
load(file.path(SA_AnalysisDir,"S3_results",SelfFitObject))
SelfFitObject=get(SelfFitObject)
class(SelfFitObject) # see methods for this class
## [1] "PSFit"

GenomeMapObject=paste(SA_prefix,"_GenomeMapData",sep="")
load(file.path(SA_AnalysisDir,"S4_results",GenomeMapObject))
GenomeMapObject=get(GenomeMapObject)
class(GenomeMapObject) # see methods for this class
## [1] "GenomeMap"

#-----delete test directory:
unlink(SA_AnalysisDir,recursive=TRUE)

```

**MACPETult** saves its outputs in `SA_AnalysisDir` in the folders `S0_results`, `S1_results`, `S2_results`, `S3_results` and `S4_results` based on the stages run. The output of **MACPETult** in those folders is the following:

Stage 0: (output saved in a folder named `S0_results` in `SA_AnalysisDir`)

- `SA_prefix_usable_1.fastq.gz`: fastq.gz files with the usable 5-end tags. To be used in Stage 1.
- `SA_prefix_usable_2.fastq.gz`: fastq.gz files with the usable 3-end tags. To be used in Stage 1.
- `SA_prefix_chimeric_1.fastq.gz`: fastq.gz files with the chimeric 5-end tags.
- `SA_prefix_chimeric_2.fastq.gz`: fastq.gz files with the chimeric 3-end tags.
- `SA_prefix_ambiguous_1.fastq.gz`: fastq.gz files with the ambiguous 5-end tags.
- `SA_prefix_ambiguous_2.fastq.gz`: fastq.gz files with the ambiguous 3-end tags.
- `SA_prefix_stage_0_image.jpg`: Pie chart image with the split of two fastq files used as input (if `S0_image==TRUE`)

Stage 1: (output saved in a folder named `S1_results` in `SA_AnalysisDir`)

- `SA_prefix_usable_1.sam`: sam file with the mapped 5-end reads (if `S1_rmSam==FALSE`).
- `SA_prefix_usable_2.sam`: sam file with the mapped 3-end reads (if `S1_rmSam==FALSE`).
- `SA_prefix_Paired_end.bam`: paired-end bam file with the mapped PETs. To be used in Stage 2
- `SA_prefix_Paired_end.bam.bai`: .bai paired-end bam file with the mapped PETs. To be used in Stage 2



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- SA\_prefix\_stage\_1\_p1\_image.jpg: Pie-chart for the mapped/unmapped reads from SA\_prefix\_usable\_1.sam and SA\_prefix\_usable\_2.sam (if S1\_image==TRUE).
- SA\_prefix\_stage\_1\_p2\_image.jpg: Pie-chart for the paired/unpaired reads of SA\_prefix\_Paired\_end.bam (if S1\_image==TRUE).

Stage 2: (output saved in a folder named S2\_results in SA\_AnalysisDir)

- SA\_prefix\_pselfData: An object of *PSelf* class, containing the self-ligated PETs. To be used in Stage 3.
- SA\_prefix\_pintraData: An object of *Pintra* class, containing the intra-chromosomal PETs.
- SA\_prefix\_pinterData: An object of *Pinter* class, containing the inter-chromosomal PETs.
- SA\_prefix\_stage\_2\_p1\_image.jpg: Pie-chart reliable/duplicated/black-listed PETs of SA\_prefix\_Paired\_end.bam (if S2\_image==TRUE).
- SA\_prefix\_stage\_2\_p2\_image.jpg: Histogram with the self-ligated/intra-chromosomal cut-off of SA\_prefix\_Paired\_end.bam (if S2\_image==TRUE).
- SA\_prefix\_stage\_2\_p3\_image.jpg: Pie-chart for the self-ligated/intra-chromosomal/inter-chromosomal PETs of SA\_prefix\_Paired\_end.bam (if S2\_image==TRUE).

Stage 3: (output saved in a folder named S3\_results in SA\_AnalysisDir)

- SA\_prefix\_psfiteData: An object of *PSFit* class. This object contains peaks found by the peak-calling algorithm along with their p-values and FDR.
- SA\_prefix\_stage\_3\_p1\_image.jpg: Sizes of the upstream vs downstream peaks of each binding site given the binding site's FDR (if S3\_image==TRUE).
- SA\_prefix\_stage\_3\_p2\_image.jpg: FDR of the binding sites. The horizontal red line is at FDR=0.05 (if S3\_image==TRUE).
- SA\_prefix\_stage\_3\_p3\_image.jpg: Comparison of binding site sizes given their FDR (if S3\_image==TRUE).
- SA\_prefix\_stage\_3\_p4\_image.jpg: FDR for the upstream/downstream peaks of the binding sites given the binding sites FDR (if S3\_image==TRUE).

Stage 4: (output saved in a folder named S4\_results in SA\_AnalysisDir)

- SA\_prefix\_GenomeMapData: An object of *GenomeMap* class. This object contains all the interactions found in the data.
- SA\_prefix\_stage\_4\_p1\_image.jpg: Pie charts for the total number of peaks used in the interaction analysis as well as the total number of interaction PETs used (if S4\_image==TRUE).

Stages 0:4:

- All the above outputs in separate folders.

Furthermore a log-file named SA\_prefix\_analysis.log with the progress of the analysis is also saved in the SA\_AnalysisDir.

Vardaxis, Ioannis, Finn Drabløs, Morten Rye, and Bo Henry Lindqvist. "MACPET Model-Based Analysis for ChIA-PET." *To Be Published*.