Holographic Complexity and Volume

Work with Stefan Eccles, Ted Jacobson, and Phuc Nguyen arxiv:1807.02186

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Introducion

We would like to study properties of maximal volume slice. Why?

- Conjectured by Susskind to be dual to circuit complexity of CFT state.
- Regardless of complexity, can capture growth of wormhole for eternal black hole.
- New tools brought to like by Freedman and Headrick, Headrick and Hubeny (max-cut/min-flow).

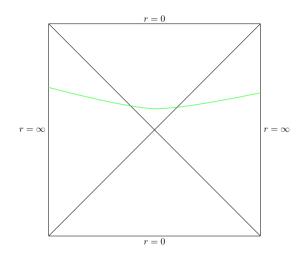


Figure: A maximal spatial slice

Max-Cut/Min-Flow

We are interested in applying ideas similar to the bit-thread ideas of Freedman and Headrick. This makes use of the min-cut/max-flow theorem, by which you can find a maximum flux in place of a minimal area. In Lorentzian signature, this becomes max-cut/min-flow as detailed by Headrick and Hubeny.

- Let a flow be a timelike future directed divergence free vector field v such that everywhere in spacetime, 1 ≤ |v|.
- \bullet Consider a Lorentzian manifold with a timelike boundary, and let σ be a cauchy slice of that boundary.
- ullet Then the volume of the maximal slice of the bulk bounded by σ can be found by finding the minimum over all flows of the flux through *any* slice bounded by σ .
- max-cut/min-flow has a *nesting property*, namely that given two boundary cauchy slices σ_1 and σ_2 such that $sigma_1$ is entirely to the past of σ_2 , then there is a flow (highly non-unique) flow whose flux computes the maximal volumes bounded by both σ_1 and σ_2 .
- In fact, we could have taken an entire boundary foliation.

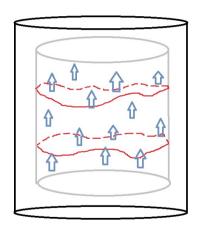
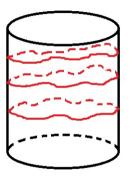


Figure: Volume Flow

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Volume Flow

- The flows defined above are in general highly non-unique.
- However, whenever a boundary foliation induces a bulk foliation by maximal slices, the unit vector field normal to this bulk foliation is an example of such a flow.
- We will focus on this particular flow, which we will call the volume flow.
- Question: Does a foliation of the boundary automatically give a foliation of the bulk by maximal slices?
- In our paper, we answer yes given Einstein's equation and the strong energy condition.



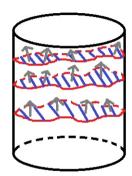


Figure: Foliations

Insights from Volume Flows

What do we learn from these volume flows?

- In looking at examples, we see that volume seems to flow away from boundary, possibly indicating a flow from UV into IR (of dual theory).
- In volume language, it is clear that the growth of the wormhole is generic:
 - Given any future horizon, volume flow can have an inbound flux but not outbound flux.
 - This is of course a direct consequence of the flow being timelike and future directed.
 - Perhaps reminiscent of the proposed 2nd law of complexity?
- We can also show a monotonicity property for the rate of increase of the maximal volume (in the boundary time).

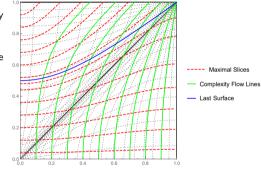


Figure : An example of a volume flow with a future horizon

A Monotonicity Property

- Consider boundary cauchy slices σ_1 and σ_2 , and let their union be denoted by σ_U .
- Define σ_+ to be the set of points x in σ_U such that the future of x only intersects σ_U at x.
- Likewise define σ₋ to be the set of points x in σ_U such that the past of x only intersects σ_U at x.
- Then $Vol(\sigma_1) + Vol(\sigma_2) \leq Vol(\sigma_+) + Vol(\sigma_-)$
- We can prove this based on the definition of a maximal slice without reference to flows, but there is a proof of this fact from flows based on their nesting property, which is exactly the Lorentzian analog of the proof of SSA in Freedman and Headrick.
- Applied to a two sided black hole, this implies that the rate of increase of maximal volume (as you increase the t_L + t_R, where both times increase towards the future) is monotonic.

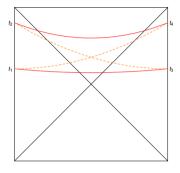


Figure: Maximal slices associated to different boundary slices for two-sided BH.

Complexity = Action or Volume?