The Index Calculus and its translation from $R\omega$

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Term variables $x \alpha$

1 Ix: The Index Calculus

1.1 Syntax

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Sorts \sigma ::= \star \mid \mathcal{U} Terms M, N, T ::= x \mid \star \mid \text{Nat} \mid \text{Zero} \mid \text{Suc } M \mid \text{Ix } M \mid \text{FZero} \mid \text{FSuc } M \mid \top \mid \text{tt} \mid \Pi\alpha : T.N \mid \lambda x : T.N \mid MN \mid \Sigma\alpha : T.M \mid (\alpha : T, M) \mid M.1 \mid M.2 M + N \mid \text{left } M \mid \text{right } M \mid \text{case } M \text{ of } \{\text{left} \mapsto M; \text{right} \mapsto M\} M \equiv N \mid \text{refl} \mid \dots Environments \Gamma ::= \varepsilon \mid \Gamma, \alpha : T
```

Figure 1: Syntax

1.2 Typing

$$(\text{C-EMP}) \frac{}{\vdash \Gamma} \qquad (\text{C-VAR}) \frac{\vdash \Gamma \qquad \Gamma \vdash M : \sigma}{\vdash \Gamma, x : M}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma}{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma}$$

$$\frac{(\Gamma \vdash M) : \sigma}{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Nat} : \star} \times \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \text{Nat}$$

2 Translation From $R\omega$

2.1 Untyped Translation





Figure 2: A compositional translation of $R\omega$ to μIx

2.2 Typed translation

$$\begin{array}{c} \boxed{\Delta \vdash \tau \leadsto v : \kappa} \\ \\ \text{(C-FOO)} \, \frac{A}{B} \\ \hline \Delta \vdash M \leadsto N : \tau \\ \\ \text{(C-FOO)} \, \frac{A}{B} \\ \hline \Delta \vdash \pi \leadsto N \\ \hline \text{(C-FOO)} \, \frac{A}{B} \\ \hline \tau \equiv v \leadsto P \\ \hline \text{(C-FOO)} \, \frac{A}{B} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2.3 Example translations of $R\omega$ terms and types Record selection. In $R\omega$,

$$\forall \rho: \mathsf{R}^{\star}, \, \ell: \mathsf{L}, \, \tau: \star. \{\ell \, \triangleright \, \tau\} \lesssim \rho \Rightarrow \lfloor \ell \rfloor \rightarrow \Pi \rho \rightarrow \tau$$

translates to

$$\Pi(\rho: \operatorname{Row} \star).\Pi(\ell: \top).\Pi(\tau: \star).[\![\{\ell \triangleright \tau\}] \lesssim \rho]\!].\Pi(_: \top).\Pi(i: \operatorname{Ix} \rho.1).\rho.2i$$

where

$$\begin{split} \operatorname{Row} \kappa :&= \Sigma(n:\operatorname{Nat}).\Pi(i:\operatorname{Ix} n).\kappa \\ \llbracket \{\ell \rhd \tau\} \lesssim \rho \rrbracket &= \Pi(i:\operatorname{Ix} \llbracket \{\ell \rhd \tau\} \rrbracket.1).\Sigma(j:\operatorname{Ix} \rho.1).\llbracket \{\ell \rhd \tau\} \rrbracket.1 \ i \equiv \rho.2 \ j \\ \llbracket \{\ell \rhd \tau\} \rrbracket &= (\operatorname{Suc}\operatorname{Zero} : \operatorname{Nat}, \lambda(i:\operatorname{Ix} (\operatorname{Suc}\operatorname{Zero})).\llbracket \tau \rrbracket) \end{split}$$

Putting this all together:

```
\begin{split} &\Pi(\rho:(\Sigma(n:\operatorname{Nat}).\Pi(i:\operatorname{Ix} n).\star)).\\ &\Pi(\ell:\top).\\ &\Pi(\tau:\star).\\ &\Pi(P:\\ &\Pi(i:\operatorname{Ix}(\operatorname{Suc}\operatorname{Zero}:\operatorname{Nat},\lambda(i:\operatorname{Ix}(\operatorname{Suc}\operatorname{Zero})).\llbracket\tau\rrbracket).1).\\ &\Sigma(j:\operatorname{Ix} \rho.1).\\ &(\operatorname{Suc}\operatorname{Zero}:\operatorname{Nat},\lambda(i:\operatorname{Ix}(\operatorname{Suc}\operatorname{Zero})).\llbracket\tau\rrbracket).2\;i\equiv\rho.2\;j)\\ &\Pi({}_{-}:\top).\\ &\Pi(i:\operatorname{Ix} \rho.1).\;\rho.2\;i \end{split}
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which should normalize to

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\begin{split} &\Pi(\rho: (\Sigma(n: \mathrm{Nat}).\Pi(i: \mathrm{Ix}\, n).\star)). \\ &\Pi(\ell: \top). \\ &\Pi(\tau: \star). \\ &\Pi(P: \\ &\Pi(i: \mathrm{Ix}\, 1). \\ &\Sigma(j: \mathrm{Ix}\, \rho.1). \\ &\llbracket\tau\rrbracket \equiv \rho.2\, j). \\ &\Pi(_-: \top). \\ &\Pi(i: \mathrm{Ix}\, \rho.1).\, \rho.2\, i \end{split}
```

A The static semantics of $R\omega$

A.1 Syntax

The syntax of $R\omega(\mathcal{T})$ is given in Figure 3.

```
Term variables x
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Type variables \alpha
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Labels \ell
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Directions d \in \{L, R\}
                                                                                                                                                                                                 \kappa \, ::= \, \star \mid \mathsf{L} \mid \mathsf{R}^{\kappa} \mid \kappa \to \kappa
Kinds
                                                                                                                                                                        \pi, \psi ::= \rho \lesssim_d \rho \mid \rho \odot \rho \sim \rho
Predicates
                                                                                                          \phi, \tau, \upsilon, \rho, \xi ::= \alpha \mid (\rightarrow) \mid \pi \Rightarrow \tau \mid \forall \alpha : \kappa.\tau \mid \lambda\alpha : \kappa.\tau \mid \tau\tau
Types
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | \ell \mid \lfloor \xi \rfloor \mid \xi \triangleright \tau \mid \{\tau_1, \dots, \tau_n\} \mid \Pi \rho \mid \Sigma \rho
                                                                                                                                                          M, N ::= x \mid \lambda x : \tau.M \mid M N \mid \Lambda \alpha : \kappa.M \mid M [\tau]
Terms
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |\quad \ell \mid M \rhd M \mid M/M \mid \operatorname{prj}_d M \mid M \mathrel{++} M \mid \operatorname{inj}_d M \mid M \mathrel{\triangledown} M
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |\hspace{.1cm}\operatorname{syn}_\phi M\hspace{.04cm}|\hspace{.1cm}\operatorname{ana}_\phi M\hspace{.04cm}|\hspace{.1cm}\operatorname{fold} M\hspace{.04cm} M\hspace{.04
Environments
                                                                                                                                                                                              \Gamma ::= \varepsilon \mid \Gamma, \alpha : \kappa \mid \Gamma, x : \tau \mid \Gamma, \pi
```

Figure 3: Syntax

A.2 Types and Kinds

Figure 4 gives rules for context formation $(\vdash \Gamma)$, kinding $(\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa)$, and predicate formation $(\Gamma \vdash \pi)$, parameterized by row theory \mathcal{T} .

$$(C-EMP) \xrightarrow{\vdash \Gamma} (C-TVAR) \xrightarrow{\vdash \Gamma} (C-TVAR) \xrightarrow{\vdash \Gamma} (C-VAR) \xrightarrow{\vdash \Gamma} \xrightarrow{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \star} (C-PRED) \xrightarrow{\vdash \Gamma} \xrightarrow{\Gamma \vdash \pi}$$

$$(K-VAR) \xrightarrow{\vdash \Gamma} \xrightarrow{\alpha : \kappa \in \Gamma} (K-(\rightarrow)) \xrightarrow{\vdash \Gamma} \xrightarrow{\vdash \Gamma} \xrightarrow{\Gamma \vdash \pi} (K-(\rightarrow)) \xrightarrow{\vdash \Gamma} \xrightarrow{\Gamma \vdash \pi} \xrightarrow{\Gamma$$

Figure 4: Contexts and kinding.

$$(\text{E-REFL}) \frac{\tau \equiv \tau}{\tau \equiv \tau} | \pi \equiv \pi |$$

$$(\text{E-REFL}) \frac{\tau}{\tau \equiv \tau} \qquad (\text{E-SYM}) \frac{\tau_1 \equiv \tau_2}{\tau_2 \equiv \tau_1} \qquad (\text{E-TRANS}) \frac{\tau_1 \equiv \tau_2}{\tau_1 \equiv \tau_3} \qquad (\text{E-}\beta) \frac{\tau_1 \equiv \tau_2}{(\lambda \alpha : \kappa. \tau) \ \upsilon \equiv \tau [\upsilon / \alpha]}$$

$$(\text{E-}\xi_{\Rightarrow}) \frac{\pi_1 \equiv \pi_2}{\pi_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \equiv \pi_2} \frac{\tau_1 \equiv \tau_2}{\pi_2 \Rightarrow \tau_2} \qquad (\text{E-}\xi_{\forall}) \frac{\tau [\gamma / \alpha] \equiv \upsilon [\gamma / \beta]}{\forall \alpha : \kappa. \tau \equiv \forall \beta : \kappa. \upsilon} (\gamma \not\in f\upsilon(\tau, \upsilon)) \qquad (\text{E-}\xi_{\text{APP}}) \frac{\tau_i \equiv \upsilon_i}{\tau_1 \tau_2 \equiv \upsilon_1 \upsilon_2}$$

$$(\text{E-}\xi_{\Rightarrow}) \frac{\xi_1 \equiv \xi_2}{\xi_1 \bowtie \tau_1 \equiv \xi_2 \bowtie \tau_2} \qquad (\text{E-ROW}) \frac{\{\overline{\xi_i} \bowtie \tau_i\} \equiv \tau \{\overline{\xi_j'} \bowtie \tau_j'\}}{\{\overline{\xi_i} \bowtie \tau_i\} \equiv \{\overline{\xi_j'} \bowtie \tau_j'\}} \qquad (\text{E-}\xi_{\vdash}) \frac{\xi_1 \equiv \xi_2}{\lfloor \xi_1 \rfloor} \equiv \lfloor \xi_2 \rfloor}$$

$$(\text{E-LIFT}_1) \frac{\xi_1 \equiv \xi_2}{\{\xi \bowtie \phi\} \tau \equiv \{\xi \bowtie \phi\tau\}} \qquad (\text{E-LIFT}_2) \frac{\varphi \{\xi \bowtie \tau\} \equiv \{\xi \bowtie \phi\tau\}}{\varphi \{\xi \bowtie \tau\} \equiv \{\xi \bowtie \phi\tau\}}$$

$$(\text{E-}\xi_{\Pi\Sigma}) \frac{\rho_1 \equiv \rho_2}{K\rho_1 \equiv K\rho_2} \qquad (\text{E-LIFT}_3) \frac{(\kappa\rho) \tau \equiv K(\rho\tau)}{(K\rho) \tau \equiv K(\rho\tau)} \qquad (\text{E-SING}) \frac{\pi_i \equiv \upsilon_i}{K\{\xi \bowtie \tau\} \equiv \xi \bowtie \tau} \qquad (K \in \{\Pi, \Sigma\})$$

$$(\text{E-}\xi_{\leq d}) \frac{\tau_i \equiv \upsilon_i}{\tau_1 \lesssim_d \tau_2 \equiv \upsilon_1 \lesssim_d \upsilon_2} \qquad (\text{E-}\xi_{\odot}) \frac{\tau_i \equiv \upsilon_i}{\tau_1 \odot \tau_2 \leadsto \tau_3 \equiv \upsilon_1 \odot \upsilon_2 \leadsto \upsilon_3}$$

Figure 5: Type and predicate equivalence

A.3 Terms

Figure 6: Typing

Minimal Rows

Figure 7 gives the minimal row theory \mathcal{M} .

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \hline \Gamma \vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho : \kappa \end{array} \boxed{\rho \equiv_{\mathsf{m}} \rho} \\ \hline (\mathrm{K\text{-}MROW}) \ \frac{\Gamma \vdash_{\mathsf{k}} : \mathsf{L} \quad \Gamma \vdash_{\mathsf{\tau}} : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \{\xi \rhd \tau\} : \mathsf{R}^{\kappa}} \qquad (\mathrm{E\text{-}MROW}) \ \frac{\xi \equiv \xi' \quad \tau \equiv \tau'}{\{\xi \rhd \tau\} \equiv_{\mathsf{m}} \{\xi' \rhd \tau'\}} \\ \hline \Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \pi \\ \hline (\mathrm{N\text{-}AX}) \ \frac{\pi \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \pi} \qquad (\mathrm{N\text{-}REFL}) \ \frac{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho \lesssim_{d} \rho}{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho \lesssim_{d} \rho} \qquad (\mathrm{N\text{-}TRANS}) \ \frac{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho_{1} \lesssim_{d} \rho_{2}}{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho_{1} \lesssim_{d} \rho_{3}} \\ \hline (\mathrm{N\text{-}}\equiv) \ \frac{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \pi_{1} \quad \pi_{1} \equiv \pi_{2}}{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \pi_{2}} \qquad (\mathrm{N\text{-}} \lesssim_{\mathsf{LIFT}_{1}}) \ \frac{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho_{1} \lesssim_{d} \rho_{2}}{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \phi \rho_{1} \lesssim_{d} \phi \rho_{2}} \qquad (\mathrm{N\text{-}} \lesssim_{\mathsf{LIFT}_{2}}) \ \frac{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho_{1} \lesssim_{d} \rho_{2}}{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho_{1} \tau \lesssim_{d} \rho_{2} \tau} \\ \hline (\mathrm{N\text{-}} \odot \mathrm{LIFT}_{1}) \ \frac{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho_{1} \odot \rho_{2} \sim \rho_{3}}{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho_{1} \tau \odot \rho_{2} \sim \rho_{3}} \qquad (\mathrm{N\text{-}} \odot \mathrm{LIFT}_{2}) \ \frac{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho_{1} \odot \rho_{2} \sim \rho_{3}}{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \phi \rho_{1} \odot \phi \rho_{2} \sim \phi \rho_{3}} \\ \hline (\mathrm{N\text{-}} \odot \lesssim_{\mathsf{L}}) \ \frac{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho_{1} \odot \rho_{2} \sim \rho_{3}}{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho_{1} \lesssim_{\mathsf{L}} \rho_{3}} \qquad (\mathrm{N\text{-}} \odot \lesssim_{\mathsf{R}}) \ \frac{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho_{1} \odot \rho_{2} \sim \rho_{3}}{\Gamma \Vdash_{\mathsf{m}} \rho_{2} \lesssim_{\mathsf{R}} \rho_{3}} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Figure 7: Minimal row theory $\mathcal{M} = \langle \vdash_m, \equiv_m, \Vdash_m \rangle$