



17 Apr 2025

# AI Agents

**Materials:**

[https://github.com/lpomoeabatatas/ubts\\_day\\_02](https://github.com/lpomoeabatatas/ubts_day_02)

# Outline

1. AI Agents Basics
2. Demo + Code Walkthrough
3. Project setup



# AI Agents

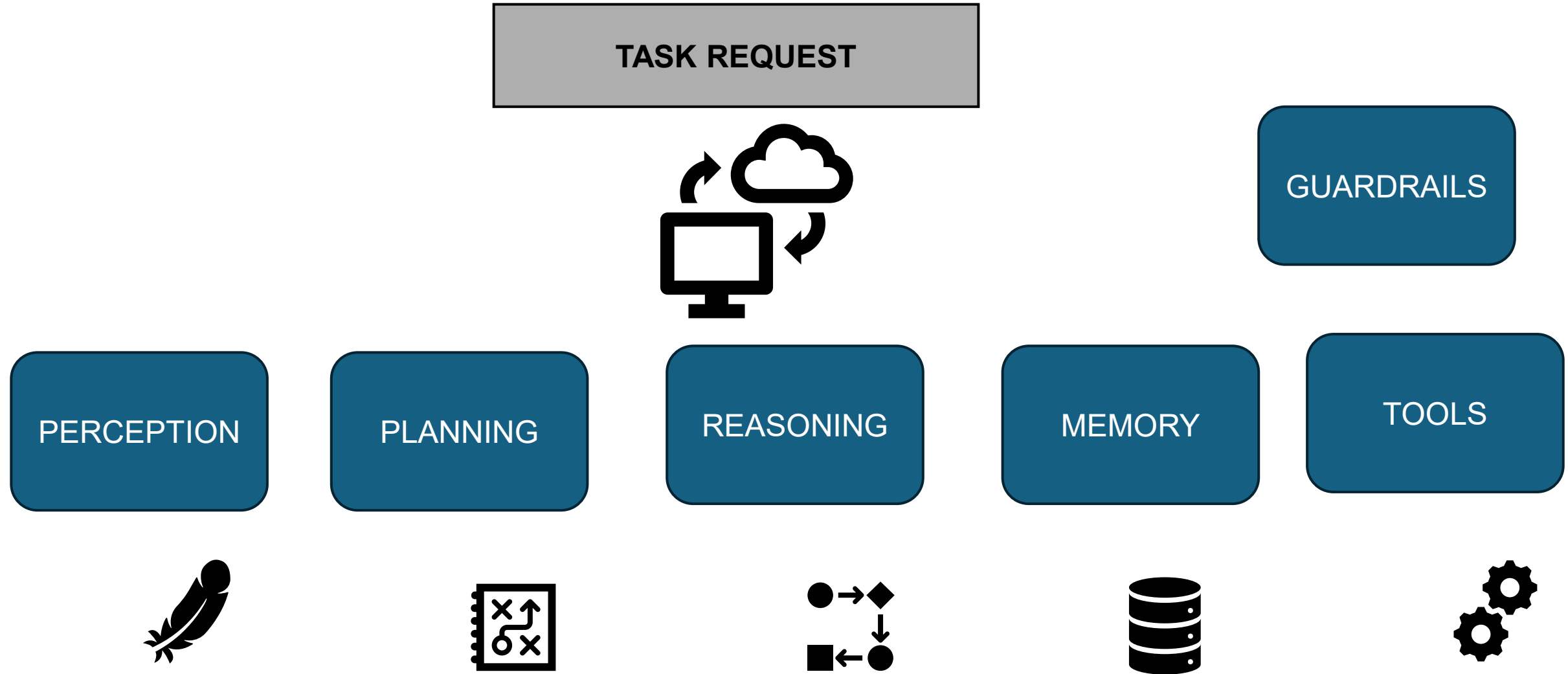
# What Are AI Agents

- An artificial intelligence (AI) agent is a software program that can interact with its environment, collect data, and use the data to perform self-determined tasks to meet predetermined goals.
- **Humans set goals, but an AI agent independently chooses the best actions and autonomous decision-making it needs to perform to achieve those goals**



Image: Microsoft Stock Images, <https://bernardmarr.com/>

# Core Components of AI Agent



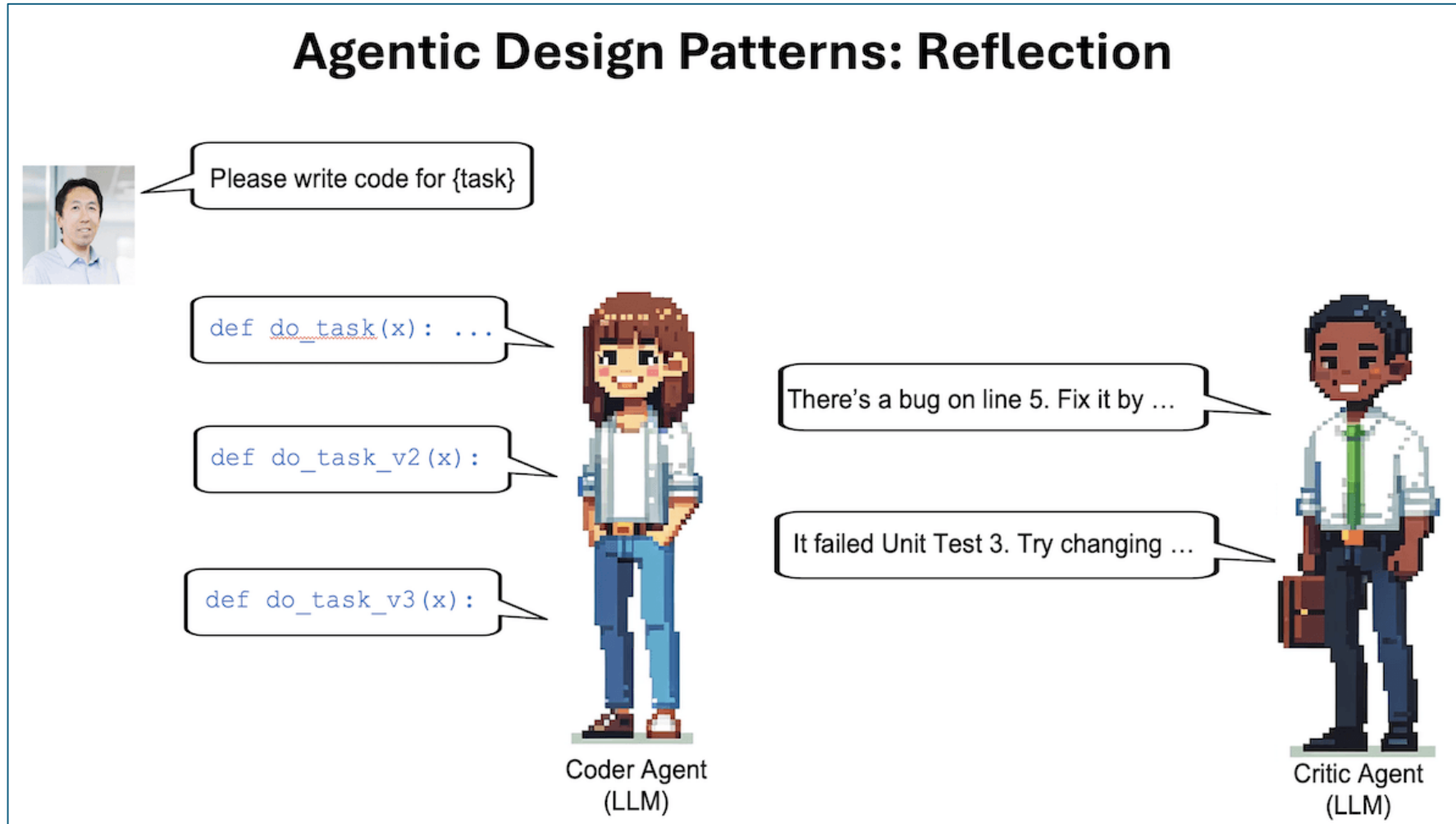
# Type of Agents

TYPES	KEY FEATURES	EXAMPLES
Simple Reflex Agent	Reacts to current percepts using predefined condition-action rules. No memory or planning,	Auto plant watering, Traffic Lights
Model-Based Agent	Uses internal models of the world to maintain environment state and history.	Robot vacuum cleaner
Goal-Based Agent	Strives to attain a specific goal. Use planning and reasoning to choose sequence of actions.	Navigation system
Utility-Based Agent	Evaluate outcomes with utility function to choose actions that maximize some benefits.	A navigation system that recommends the route to your destination that optimizes fuel efficiency
Learning Agent	As below, but with the ability to learn and keep knowledge	Personalized recommendation system

# Agentic Design Patterns

- Reflection: Self-critique and improvement
- Tool Use: External tools to enhance performance
- Planning / Reasoning: Generating and following multi-step plans
- Multi-Agent Collaboration: Coordinated problem solving

# Agentic Design Patterns: Reflection

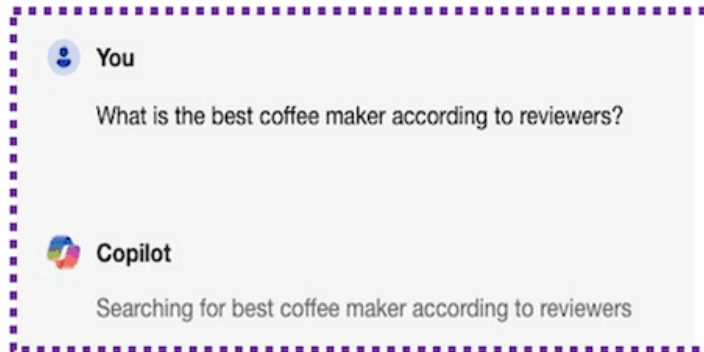




# Agentic Design Patterns: Tool Use

## Agentic Design Patterns: Tool Use

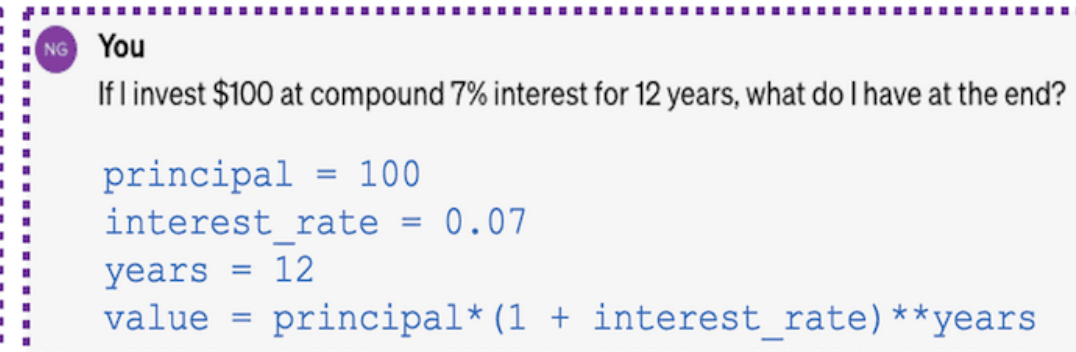
### Web search tool



The screenshot shows a chat interface with a user asking a question and Copilot responding with a search result. The user's message is: "What is the best coffee maker according to reviewers?". Copilot's response is: "Searching for best coffee maker according to reviewers".

Example from Bing CoPilot

### Code execution tool



The screenshot shows a chat interface with a user asking a question and ChatGPT responding with a code snippet. The user's message is: "If I invest \$100 at compound 7% interest for 12 years, what do I have at the end?". ChatGPT's response is a Python code snippet: 

```
principal = 100
interest_rate = 0.07
years = 12
value = principal*(1 + interest_rate)**years
```

Example from ChatGPT

# Agentic Design Patterns: Planning



image.jpg



final.jpg

Pose Determination

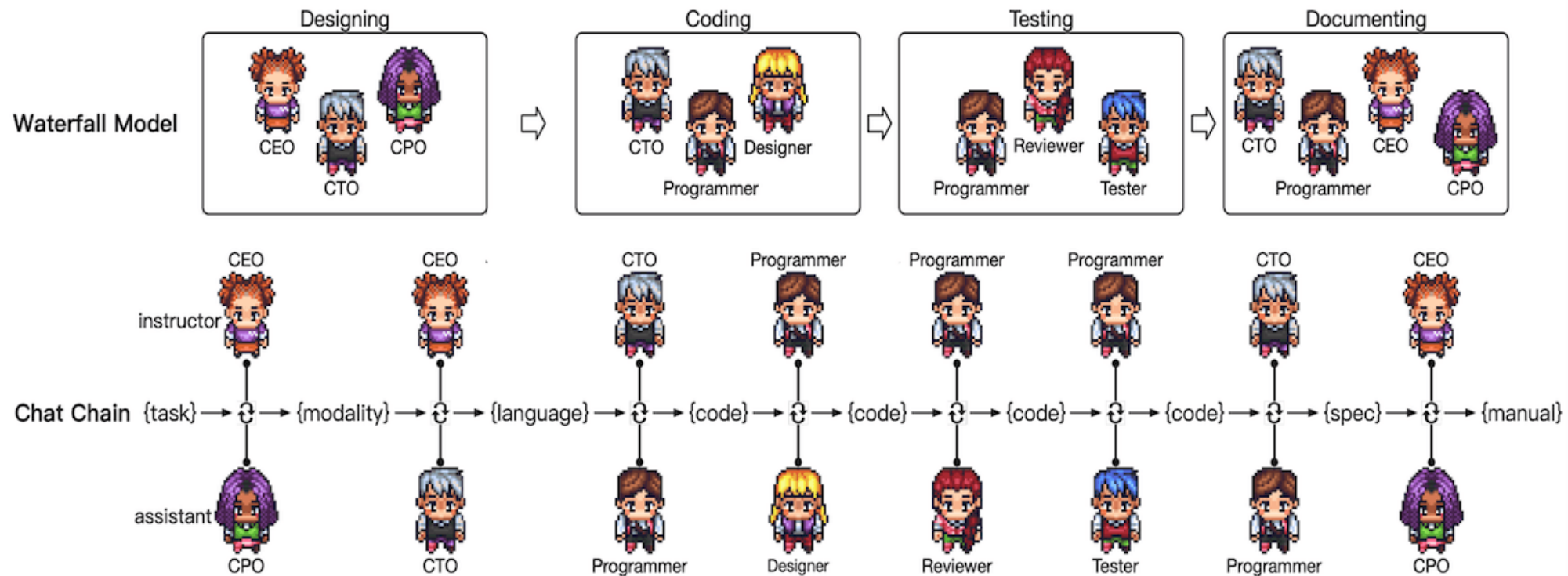
openpose model

Pose-to-Image

google/vit model

# Agentic Design Patterns: Multi-Agent Collaboration

## Agentic Design Patterns: Multi-Agent Collaboration



Proposed ChatDev architecture. Image adapted from "Communicative Agents for Software Development," Qian et al. (2023).

# LLM Based AI Agent

Official (Closed) \ Sensitive Normal

Write a white paper on how LLM has evolved since its initial days to today's capability. Explain how it led to development of AI Agents that with LLM at its core

Here's my plan to tackle that topic. Let me know if you need to make changes.

## LLM Evolution to AI Agents



### Research Websites

Write a white paper explaining the evolution of Large Language Models (LLMs) from their initial generative capabilities to the advanced reasoning and planning abilities of today, and how this evolution has led to the development of AI Agents that utilize LLMs as their core.

(1) Research the definition and initial capabilities of Large Language Models (LLMs), focusing on their generative nature and early architectures like RNNs and LSTMs. Refer to research notes [1],...

[More](#)



### Analyze Results



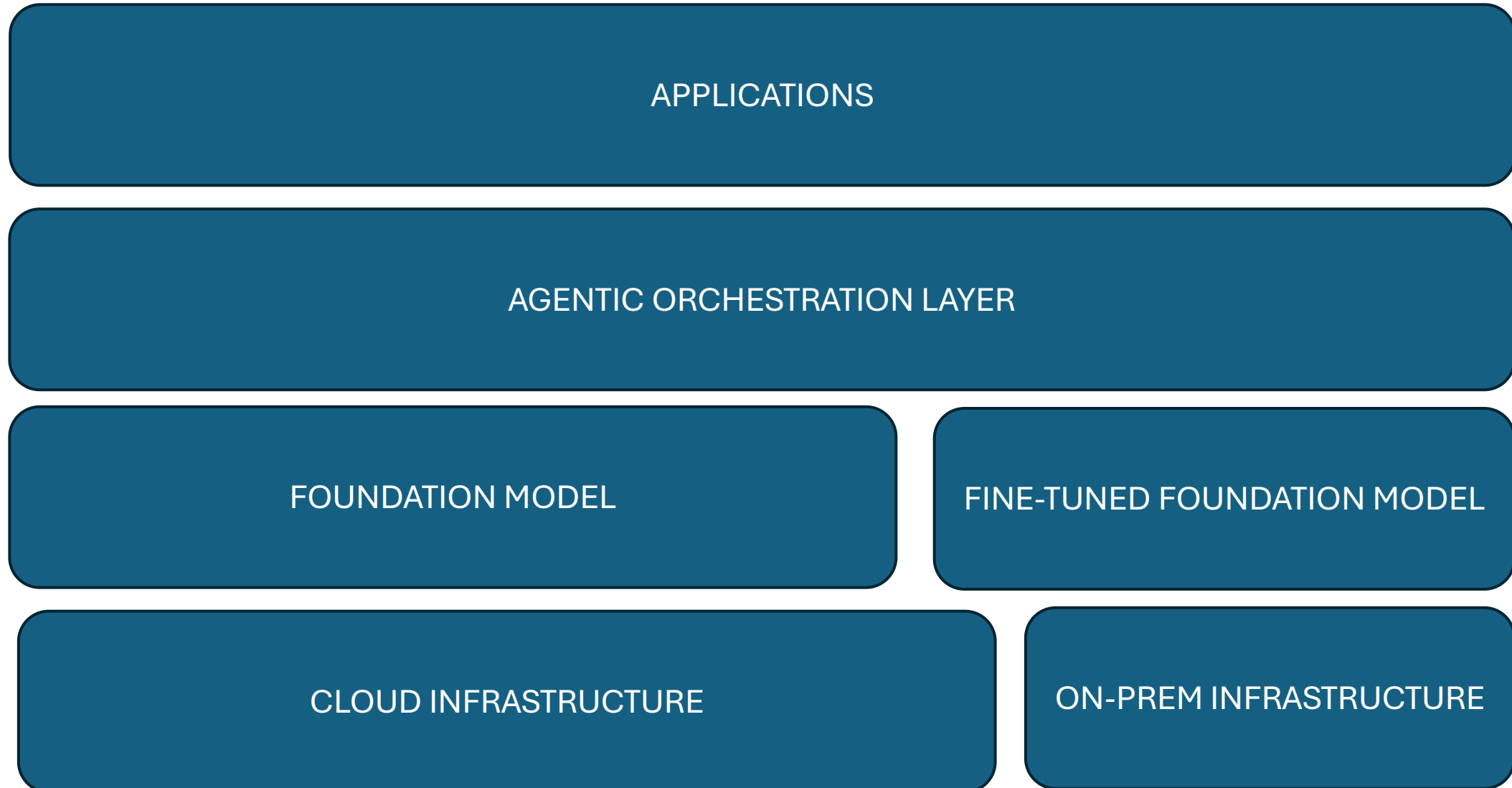
### Create Report



Ready in a few mins



# Framework Ecosystem



# Choosing an AI Agent Framework

## **Complexity of Task**

Identify the tasks that you want an AI agent to fulfill and how complex these tasks are. Determine whether you need a simple implementation with only a single agent or a multiagent ecosystem.

## **Data privacy and security**

Verify the security policies and measures of your framework of choice, including encryption for data at rest and in transit, access controls and removing any sensitive information.

## **Ease of Use**

Consider your development team's skill level. Do you need a beginner-friendly AI framework or advanced agent frameworks low-level control and customizable code options.

## **Tools**

Consider how well the framework works with other frameworks and tools services

## **Seamless Integration**

Evaluate agentic AI frameworks based on their compatibility with your existing tech stack

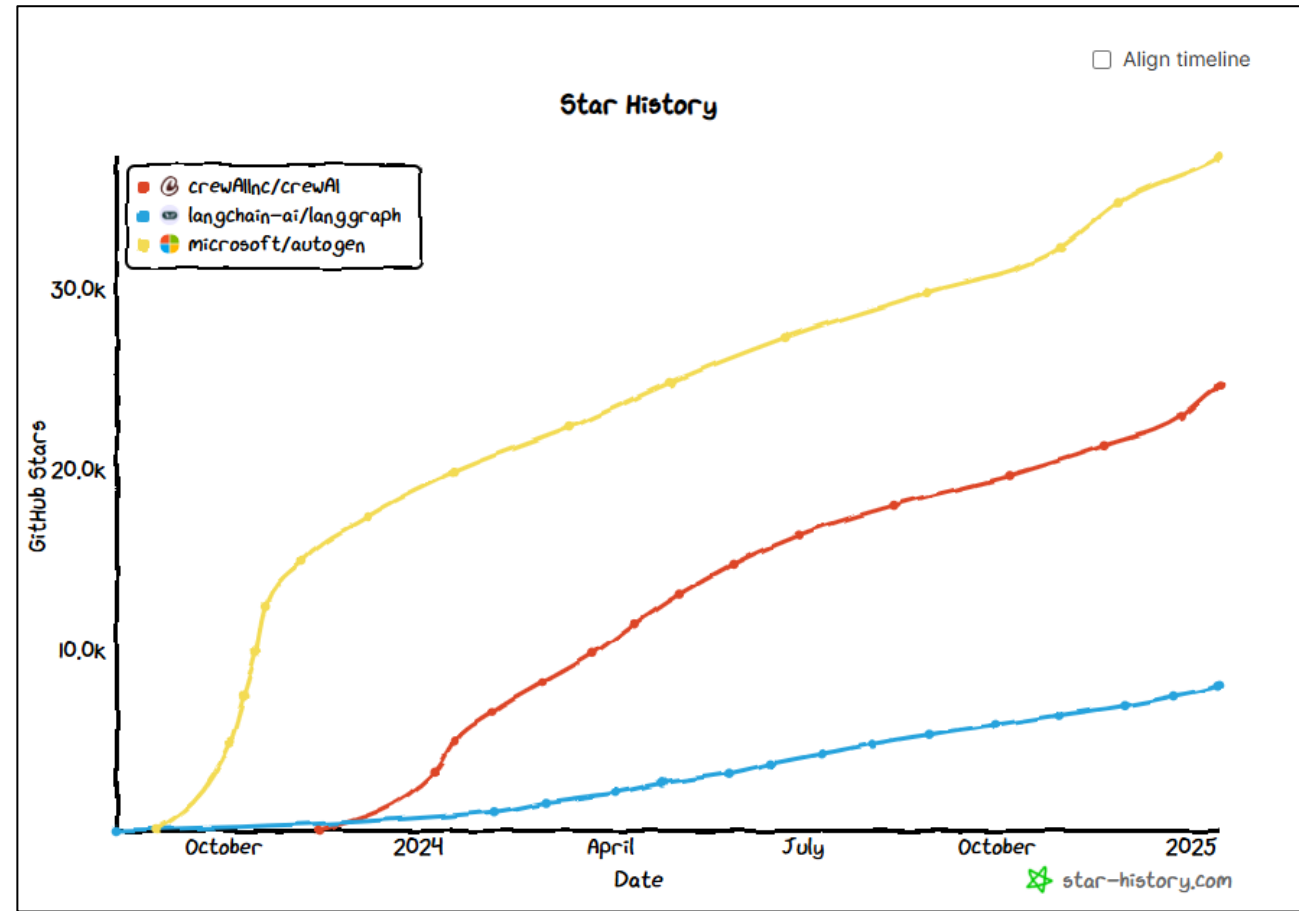
## **Performance and scalability**

Think about response time or latency for real-time applications and how the framework scales

**AutoGen** is a versatile framework developed by Microsoft for building **conversational agents**. It treats workflows as conversations between agents, making it intuitive for users who prefer interactive ChatGPT-like interfaces.

**CrewAI** is a framework designed to facilitate the collaboration of **role-based AI agents**. Each agent in CrewAI is assigned specific roles and goals, allowing them to operate as a cohesive unit.

**LangGraph** is an open-source framework build stateful, multi-actor applications using large language models (LLMs). Inspired by the long history of representing data processing pipelines as directed acyclic graphs (DAGs). This graph-based approach allows for **fine-grained control over the flow and state of applications**, making it particularly suitable for **complex workflows and orchestration**.





# Comparing Agentic Frameworks



<https://youtu.be/8lsJ7zLa2Pk?si=v8Ea4DzFbv7b7YZd>





# **Live Demo: CrewAI Framework in Action**

# Outline

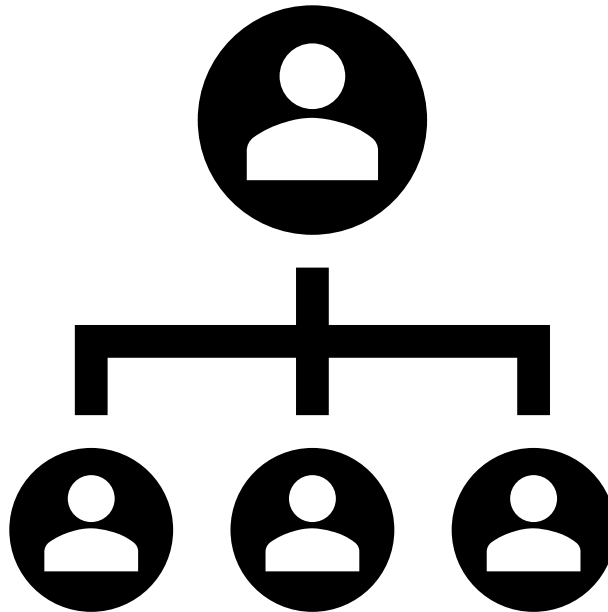
1. AI Agents Basics
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# Mental Model

Manager

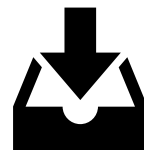
Captain

Who you  
need on  
your team



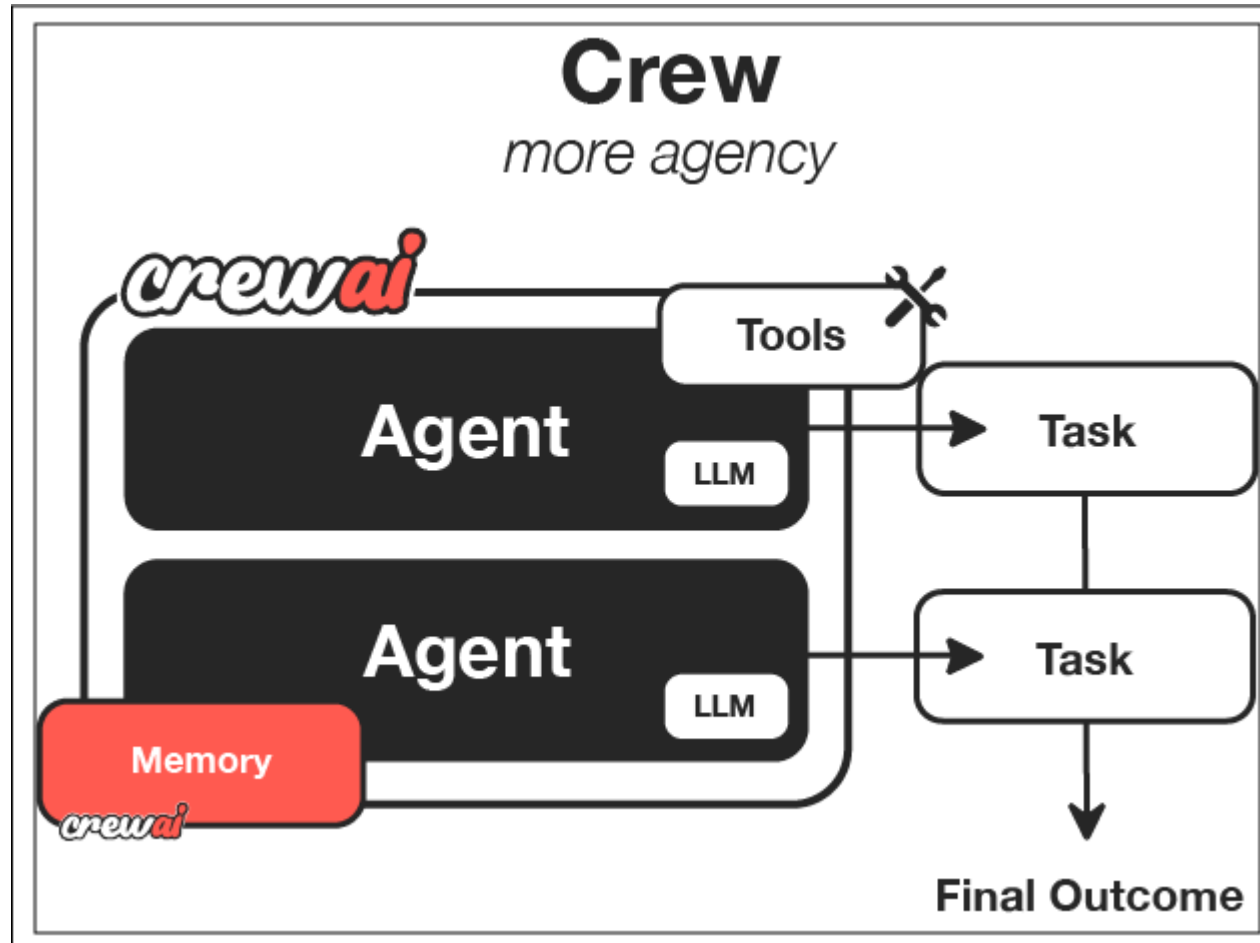
**Flight Crew Specialists** (Pilot, Flight Attendant, Ground Staff)

What must be  
accomplished



**Check In, Serve, Broadcasting, Flight**

# CrewAI Framework Overview

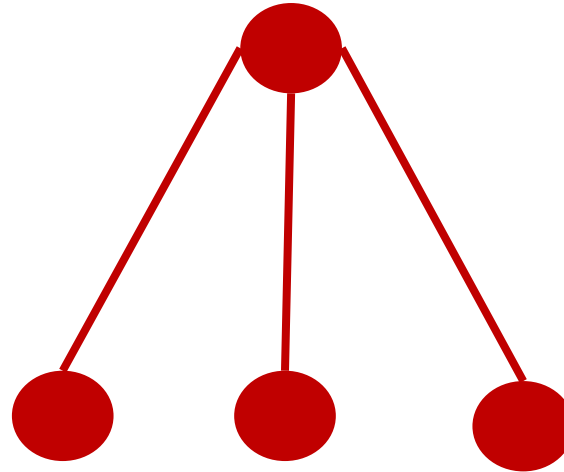


Just like a company has departments (Sales, Engineering, Marketing) working together under leadership to achieve business goals, CrewAI helps you create an organization of AI agents with specialized roles collaborating to accomplish complex tasks.

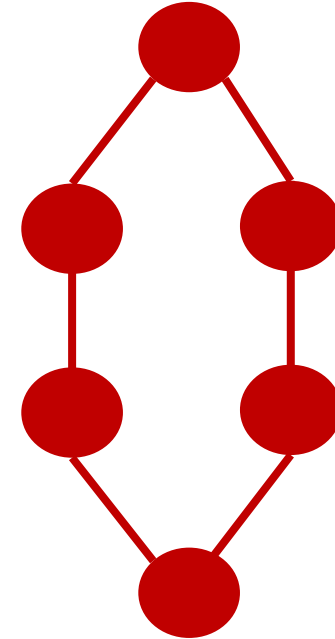
# Agent Collaboration Possibilities



**Sequential**



**Hierarchical**



**Asynchronous**

# How It All Work Together

Component	Description	Key Features
Crew	The top-level organization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Manages AI agent teams</li><li>• Oversees workflows</li><li>• Ensures collaboration</li><li>• Delivers outcomes</li></ul>
AI Agents	Specialized team members	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Have specific roles (researcher, writer)</li><li>• Use designated tools</li><li>• Can delegate tasks</li><li>• Make autonomous decisions</li></ul>
Process	Workflow management system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Defines collaboration patterns</li><li>• Controls task assignments</li><li>• Manages interactions</li><li>• Ensures efficient execution</li></ul>
Tasks	Individual assignments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Have clear objectives</li><li>• Use specific tools</li><li>• Feed into larger process</li><li>• Produce actionable results</li></ul>

# Agent Attributes

Agent Attributes			
Attribute	Parameter	Type	Description
Role	role	str	Defines the agent's function and expertise within the crew.
Goal	goal	str	The individual objective that guides the agent's decision-making.
Backstory	backstory	str	Provides context and personality to the agent, enriching interactions.
LLM <i>(optional)</i>	llm	Union[str, LLM, Any]	Language model that powers the agent. Defaults to the model specified in <code>OPENAI_MODEL_NAME</code> or "gpt-4".
Tools <i>(optional)</i>	tools	List[BaseTool]	Capabilities or functions available to the agent. Defaults to an empty list.

# Agent – Role/Goal/Backstory Framework

Agent Definition	Guidance	Example
<b>Role</b> Defines what the agent does and their area of expertise.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be specific and specialized</li> <li>• Align with real-world professions: Include domain expertise</li> </ul>	Corporate Communications Director specializing in crisis management
<b>Goal</b> Directs the agent's efforts and shapes their decision-making process.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be clear and outcome-focused Emphasize quality standard and expectation</li> <li>• Incorporate success criteria</li> </ul>	Craft clear, empathetic crisis communications that address stakeholder concerns while protecting organizational reputation
<b>Backstory</b> Gives depth to the agent, influencing how they approach problems and interact with others	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Establish expertise and experience: Explain how the agent gained their skills</li> <li>• Define working style and values: Describe how the agent approaches their work</li> <li>• Create a cohesive persona</li> </ul>	As a seasoned communications professional who has guided multiple organizations through high-profile crises, you understand the importance of transparency, speed, and empathy in crisis response. You have a methodical approach to crafting messages that address concerns while maintaining organizational credibility

More information: <https://docs.crewai.com/guides/agents/crafting-effective-agents>



# Agent – LLM

CrewAI supports a multitude of LLM providers, each offering unique features, authentication methods, and model capabilities

Each can be assigned to different LLM nodes, depending on the task on hand

## 1. Keep the keys in environment variables in .env

```
OPENAI_API_KEY=<your-api-key>  
HF_TOKEN=<your-api-key>
```

## 2. Instantiate the LLM object in codes

```
from crewai import LLM  
llm_openai = LLM(model="openai/gpt-4")  
llm_hf = LLM(model="huggingface/meta-llama/Meta-Llama-3.1-8B-Instruct")
```

More information: <https://docs.crewai.com/guides/agents/crafting-effective-agents>

# Setting Up the LLM

## 1. Keep the keys in environment variables in .env

```
OPENAI_API_KEY=<your-api-key>  
HF_TOKEN=<your-api-key>
```

## 2. Instantiate the LLM object in codes

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from crewai import LLM  
llm_openai = LLM(model="openai/gpt-4")  
llm_hf = LLM(model="huggingface/meta-llama/Meta-Llama-3.1-8B-Instruct")
```

# Defining the Agent



```
llm_hf = LLM(model="huggingface/meta-llama/Meta-Llama-3.1-8B-Instruct")

agent = Agent(
    role="Senior Data Scientist",
    goal="Analyze and interpret complex datasets to provide actionable insights",
    backstory="With over 10 years of experience in data science and machine learning, "
              "you excel at finding patterns in complex datasets.",
    llm = llm_hf
) # Default: OPENAI_MODEL_NAME or "gpt-4"
```

# Task Attributes

Attribute	Parameters	Type	Description
Description	description	str	A clear, concise statement of what the task entails.
Expected Output	expected_output	str	A detailed description of what the task's completion looks like.
Name <i>(optional)</i>	name	Optional[str]	A name identifier for the task.
Agent <i>(optional)</i>	agent	Optional[BaseAgent]	The agent responsible for executing the task.
Tools <i>(optional)</i>	tools	List[BaseTool]	The tools/resources the agent is limited to use for this task.
Context <i>(optional)</i>	context	Optional[List["Task"]]	Other tasks whose outputs will be used as context for this task.
Async Execution <i>(optional)</i>	async_execution	Optional[bool]	Whether the task should be executed asynchronously. Defaults to False.
Human Input <i>(optional)</i>	human_input	Optional[bool]	Whether the task should have a human review the final answer of the agent. Defaults to False.

# Task – Anatomy of Effective Task

**Single Purpose, Single Output. Avoid “God-Tasks”.**

Components	Guidance	Not Effective Example	A Better Task Description
<b>Task Description - The Process</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Detailed instructions for execution</li> <li>Context and background information</li> <li>Scope and constraints</li> <li>Process steps to follow</li> </ul>	Research AI trends	Research AI trends for 2024 with a focus on regulatory requirements
<b>Expected Output - The Deliverable</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Format specifications (markdown, JSON, etc.)</li> <li>Structure requirements</li> <li>Quality criteria</li> <li>Examples of good outputs (when possible)</li> </ul>	A report on AI trends	A comprehensive markdown report with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Executive summary (5 bullet points)</li> <li>- 5-7 major trends with supporting evidence</li> <li>- For each trend: definition, examples, and business implications - References to authoritative sources</li> </ul>

# Defining the Task



```
research_task = Task(
    description="""
        Conduct a thorough research about AI Agents.
        Make sure you find any interesting and relevant information given
        the current year is 2025.
    """,
    expected_output="""
        A list with 10 bullet points of the most relevant information about AI Agents
    """,
    agent=researcher
)
```

# Defining the Task



```
reporting_task = Task(
    description="""
        Review the context you got and expand each topic into a full section for a report.
        Make sure the report is detailed and contains any and all relevant information.
    """,
    expected_output="""
        A fully fledged reports with the main topics, each with a full section of information.
        Formatted as markdown without '```'
    """,
    agent=reporting_analyst,
    output_file="report.md"
)
```

# LINKING AGENT / TASK DEFINITION

**shipping\_analyst:**

**role: >**

Shipping Analyst

**goal: >**

Analyze shipping and logistics emails, extract key points, identify concerns, and propose actionable follow-ups.

**backstory: >**

With expertise in logistics operations, you excel at interpreting email context to determine urgency and significance. Your role is to break down complex shipping-related messages into smaller parts with appropriate actions items. Some of the common action items include tracking shipments, confirming deliveries, updating job assignments, and addressing delays. Your attention to detail is critical to performing this role successfully. You identify critical issues, suggest appropriate responses, and ensure that all necessary details are documented, reducing delays and improving workflow efficiency.



# LINKING AGENT / TASK DEFINITION

shipping\_analysis\_task:

description: >

Analyze the specific emails identified by the inbox monitor, using as context its email thread.

You are given:

The task is to analyze emails related to shipping, extracting key points, concerns, and action items requiring follow-up.

Only include insights and action items from the targetMessage itself, unless an earlier message provides essential missing information (e.g., booking reference, delivery instructions, etc.)

Do your best to identify the booking reference number that serves as the anchor to group related documents or communications. It may be

found in the email subject or body or its earlier threads. Examples of the booking references is KASEJKT032248 or BC012345678.

Also, identify the vessel and voyage details if available in the email or related emails.

Typical Format of a booking reference is :

- 8 to 12 characters
- characters: Usually alphanumeric
- structure: Often starts with letters (usually representing the carrier), followed by numbers.

If the booking reference is not available, assign the value "\_NotAvailable".

expected\_output: >

Return a structured list for the specific emails.

Each analysed email is a json object with the following fields:

- "messageId": Unique identifier for the specific email.
- "threadId": Unique identifier for the email thread.
- "subject": Original subject line.
- "bookingRef": Booking reference number (if available). Otherwise, assign value of "\_NotAvailable".
- "senderEmail": Email address of the sender.
- "content": Full email content from the thread.
- "actionItems": List of actions items from the email.
- "answers": Empty list for this task.

agent: shipping\_analyst

← Associate with the agent

# Assembling The Crew

```
#
agent1 = Agent(...)
agent2 = Agent(...)

#
task1 = Task(...)
task2 = Task(...)

my_crew = Crew(
    agents=[agent1, agent2],
    tasks=[task1, task2],
    process=Process.sequential,
    llm= . . . ,)

result = my_crew.kickoff()
```

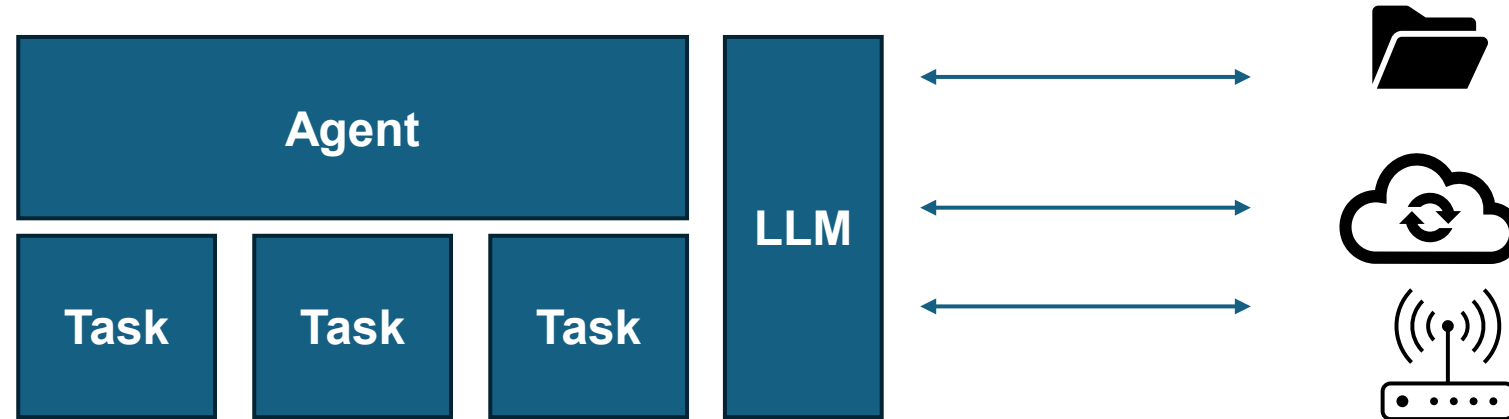
# Activity 01

# Spot the Difference



Image: Generated by ChatGPT

# Tools



An agent powered by a language model only **can still complete tasks** that:

- Rely only on reasoning or memory
- Don't require external data sources
- Can be solved using pre-trained knowledge

With tools, an Agent turns into an **autonomous, task-executing powerhouse** that can **think, act, calculates, retrieve etc**

- access website , stay current
- access private files (company Information)
- Call API (internal system, external services)

# Using Tools

Tools are utilities / functions designed to be called by a model: their inputs are designed to be generated by models, and their outputs are designed to be passed back to models

**CrewAI Built-In Tools**

<https://docs.crewai.com/concepts/tools>

**Integrate with  
Langchain Tools**

<https://python.langchain.com/docs/integrations/tools/>

**Integrate with  
Llamaindex Tools**

[https://docs.llamaindex.ai/en/stable/  
module\\_guides/deploying/agents/tool  
s/#concept](https://docs.llamaindex.ai/en/stable/module_guides/deploying/agents/tools/#concept)

**Custom Tools**

# Using Built-In Tools

**CrewAI** comes with a set of **built-in tools** that are mostly designed to help agents perform common tasks such as web search, RAG query, Youtube search, text extraction

**CrewAI Enterprise** provides a comprehensive Tools Repository with pre-built integrations for common business systems and APIs

For a listing of built-in tools, refer to <https://docs.crewai.com/tools/aimindtool>

# Using Built-In Tools - Websearch

```
from crewai_tools import SerperDevTool, WebsiteSearchTool

search_tool = SerperDevTool()
web_rag_tool = WebsiteSearchTool()

researcher_agent = Agent(
    role="",
    goal="",
    backstory="",
    tools=[search_tool, web_rag_tool],
)
```

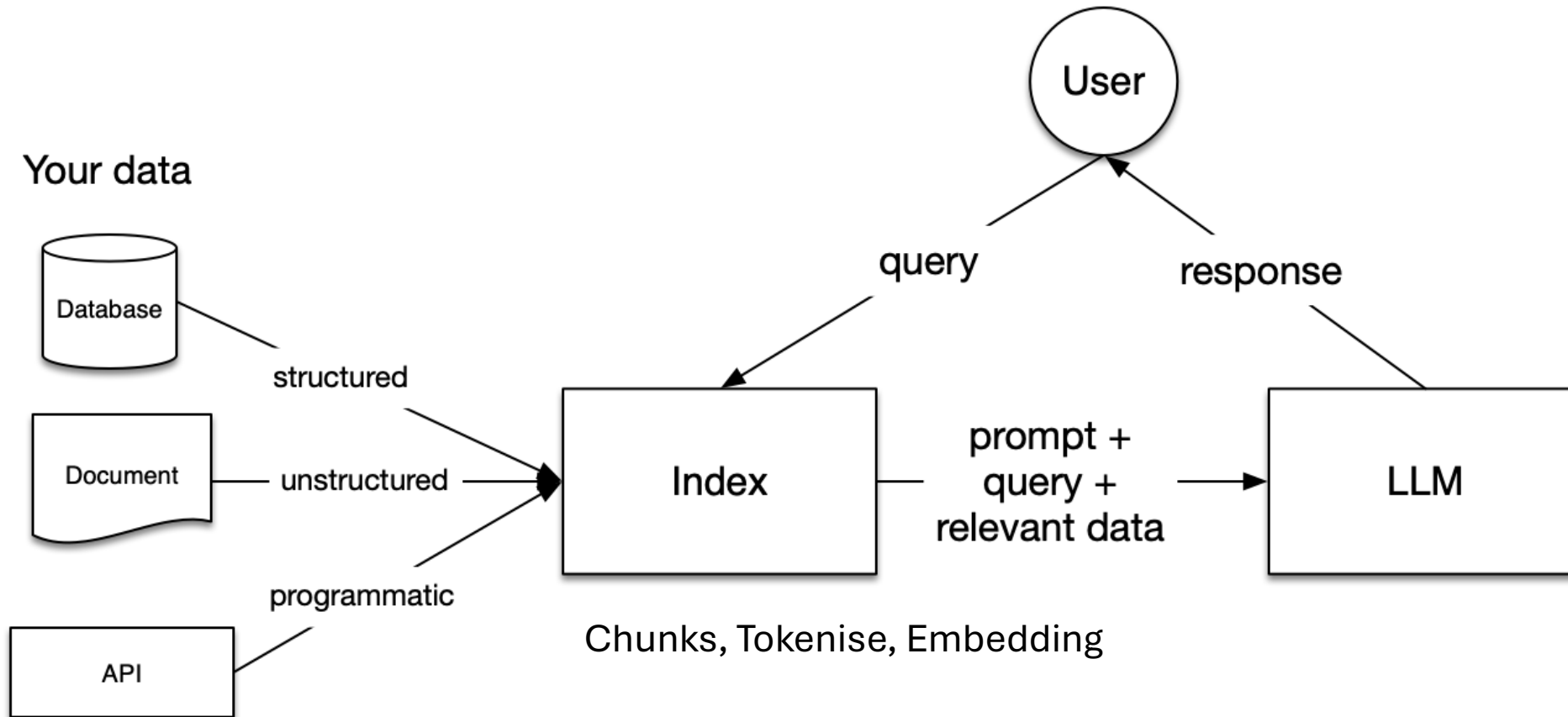


# Activity 02

# Using Llamaindex Tools

- LMs come pre-trained on huge amounts of publicly available data, but they are not trained on **your** data. Your data may be private or specific to the problem you're trying to solve. It's behind APIs, in SQL databases, or trapped in PDFs and slide decks.
- Context augmentation makes your data available to the LLM to solve the problem at hand.
- LlamaIndex is the framework for Context-Augmented LLM Applications
- Tools include: Data Connectors, Data Indexes, Engine (Query, Chat), Agents, Workflows

# RAG Architecture



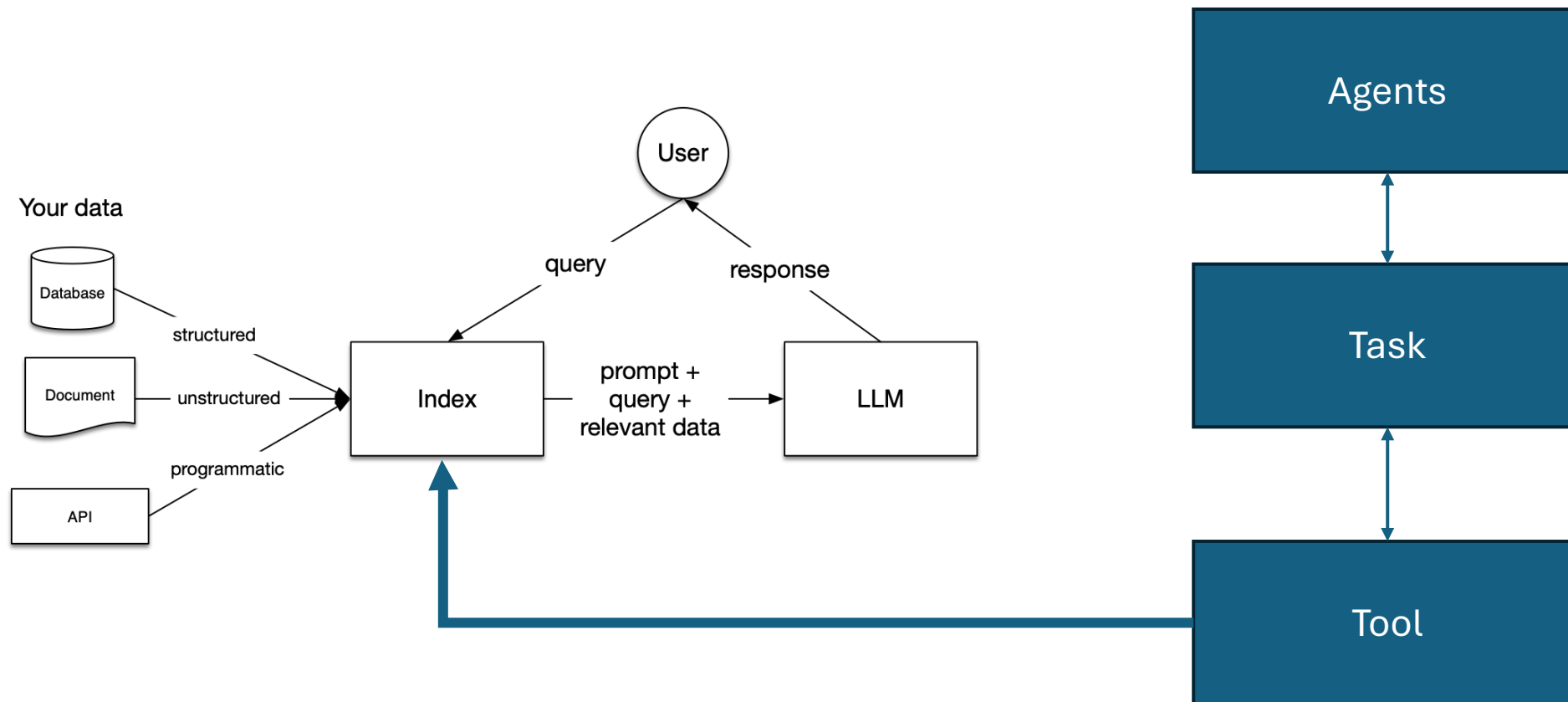
# RAG In A Few Lines

```
from llama_index.core import VectorStoreIndex, SimpleDirectoryReader

documents = SimpleDirectoryReader("data").load_data()
index = VectorStoreIndex.from_documents(documents)
query_engine = index.as_query_engine()

response = query_engine.query("replace with your query")
print(response)
```

# CrewAI + Llamaindex

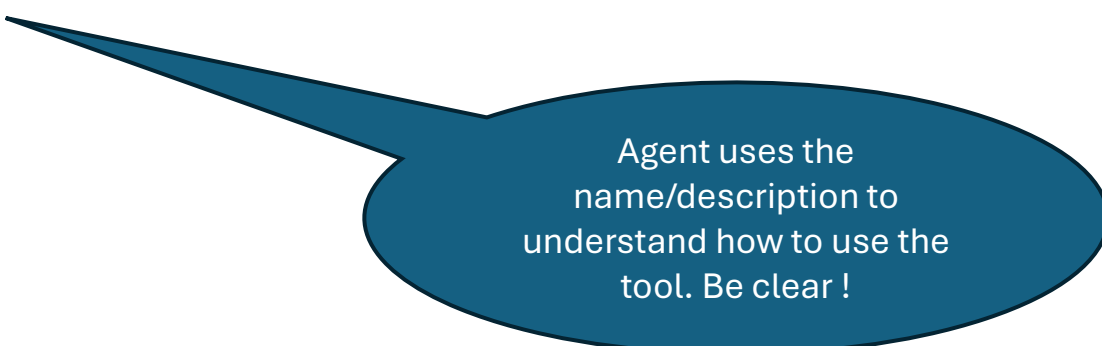


# CrewAI + Llamaindex

```
documents = SimpleDirectoryReader("data").load_data()  
index = VectorStoreIndex.from_documents(documents)  
query_engine = index.as_query_engine()
```

```
query_on_private_data_tool = LlamaIndexTool.from_query_engine(  
    query_engine,  
    name="Company Data Query Tool",  
    description="Use this tool to lookup information in company documents"
```

```
my_agent = Agent(...  
    tools=[query_on_private_data_tool],  
    )
```



Agent uses the  
name/description to  
understand how to use the  
tool. Be clear !

# Activity 03

# Using Langchain Tools

LangChain is a **composable framework** to build with LLMs.

Langchain comes with a collection of toolkits that performs :

- Executes Online search
- Code Interpreter
- Productivity / Automation
- Web browsing
- SQL Database task
- And more



# Langchain Gmail Tools

```
[ ] gmail_tool = GmailToolkit()
```

## ✓ Tools Availability

- GmailCreateDraft - Tool that creates a draft email for Gmail
- GmailSendMessage - Tool that sends a message to Gmail.
- GmailSearch - Tool that searches for messages or threads in Gmail
- GmailGetMessage - Tool that gets a message by ID from Gmail.
- GmailGetThread - Tool that gets a thread by ID from Gmail.

```
[ ] tools = gmail_tool.get_tools()  
tools
```

```
➞ [GmailCreateDraft(api_resource=<googleapiclient.discovery.Resource object at 0x7ff94a648810>),  
   GmailSendMessage(api_resource=<googleapiclient.discovery.Resource object at 0x7ff94a648810>),  
   GmailSearch(api_resource=<googleapiclient.discovery.Resource object at 0x7ff94a648810>),  
   GmailGetMessage(api_resource=<googleapiclient.discovery.Resource object at 0x7ff94a648810>),  
   GmailGetThread(api_resource=<googleapiclient.discovery.Resource object at 0x7ff94a648810>)]
```

# Langchain Tools – GmailTool Kit

```
from langchain_community.agent_toolkits.gmail.toolkit import GmailToolkit
```

```
# Authenticate and get API resources  
gmail_tool = GmailToolkit()
```

```
# Carry out a search  
search = gmail_tool.get_tools()[2]  
emails = search.invoke("is:unread in:inbox 'FYA' ")
```

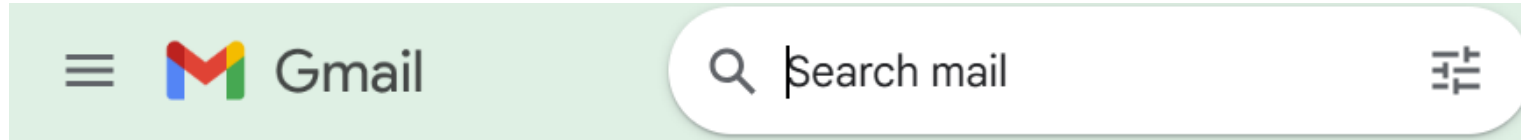
**Search tool index 2**

**Gmail Search Operators**

```
# Read the email  
id = emails[0] #first mail  
message = gmail_tool.get_tools()[3]  
message = message.run(id)
```

**Read the message at index 3**

# Gmail Search Operators



Gmail search operators are commands used to refine and filter search results within your Gmail inbox. They consist of a keyword or symbol followed by a search term or phrase, enabling precise searches.

- from:boss@hq.com
- subject:urgent
- is:unread
- after:2023/06/01

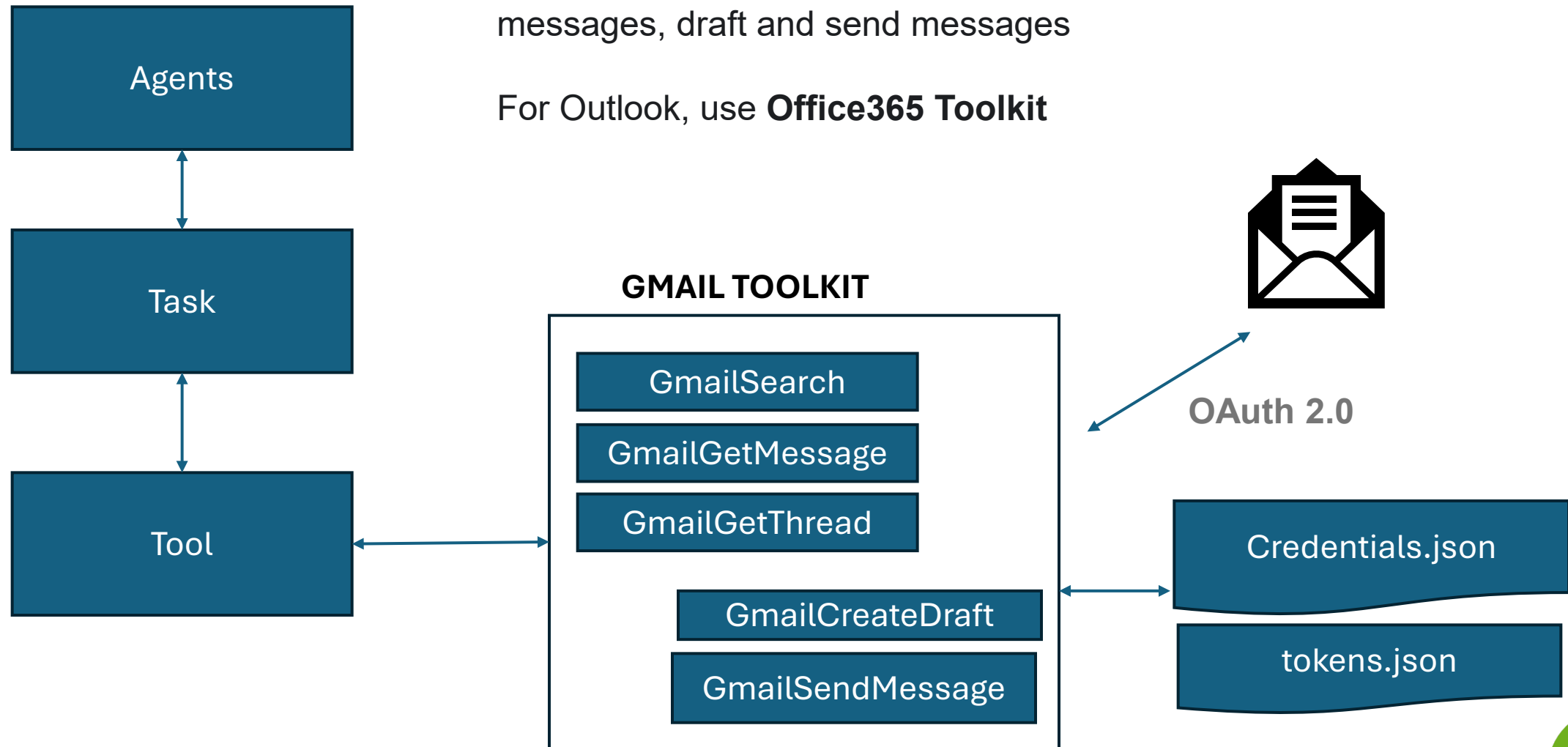
You can combine the operators using AND, NOT, OR

- from:boss@hq.com AND - is:unread

# CrewAI + Langchain Gmail Tool

**Gmail Toolkit** interacts with the GMail API to read messages, draft and send messages

For Outlook, use **Office365 Toolkit**



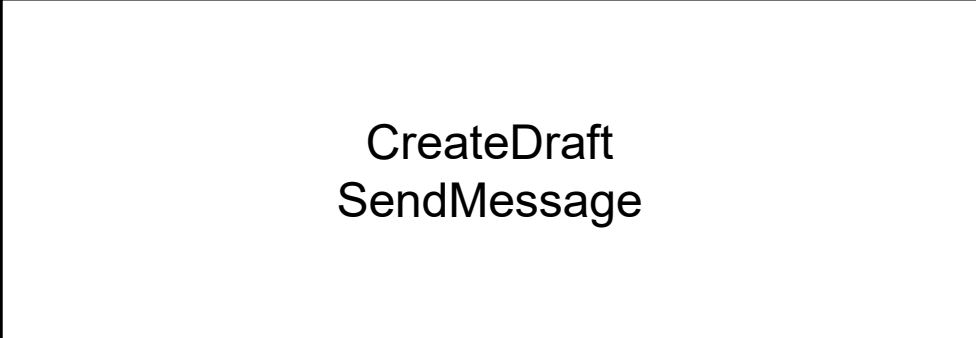
## Using the `tool` Decorator

Alternatively, you can use the tool decorator `@tool`. This approach allows you to define the tool's attributes and functionality directly within a function, offering a concise and efficient way to create specialized tools tailored to your needs.

### Code

```
from crewai.tools import tool

@tool("Tool Name")
def my_simple_tool(question: str) -> str:
    """Tool description for clarity."""
    # Tool logic here
    return "Tool output"
```



CreateDraft  
SendMessage

# CrewAI + Langchain Gmail Tool

```
@tool("search_gmail")
def search_gmail(query: str):
    """
    Useful for searching for gmails based on a search string
    The input should be a valid Gmail search string
    """
    try:
        gmail = GmailToolkit() # custom GmailToolkit
    except Exception as e:
        return f"Failed to authenticate Gmail: {e}"

    query = "Some Gmail Search Operator"
    search_tool = GmailSearch(api_resource=gmail.api_resource)
    result = search_tool.invoke(query)

    return f"\nSearch details: {result}\n"
```

Agent uses the  
docstring to  
understand how  
to use the tool

Good practice

## Subclassing BaseTool

To create a personalized tool, inherit from `BaseTool` and define the necessary attributes, including the `args_schema` for input validation, and the `_run` method.

### Code

```
from typing import Type
from crewai.tools import BaseTool
from pydantic import BaseModel, Field

class MyToolInput(BaseModel):
    """Input schema for MyCustomTool."""
    argument: str = Field(..., description="Description of the argument.")

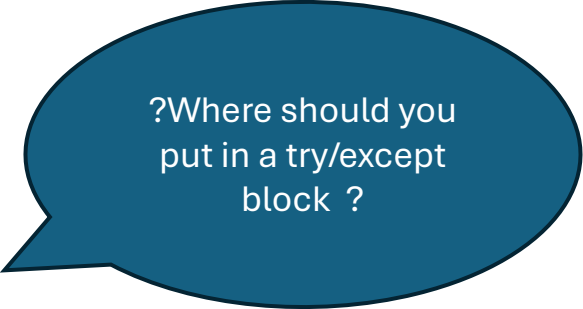
class MyCustomTool(BaseTool):
    name: str = "Name of my tool"
    description: str = "What this tool does. It's vital for effective utilization."
    args_schema: Type[BaseModel] = MyToolInput

    def _run(self, argument: str) -> str:
        # Your tool's logic here
        return "Tool's result"
```

Search  
GetMessage  
GetThread

# CrewAI + Langchain Gmail Tool

```
class CreateDraftInput(BaseModel):  
    email: str = Field(..., description="Recipient's email address")  
    subject: str = Field(..., description="subject description")  
    body: str = Field(..., description="draft email body content")  
  
class CreateDraftTool(BaseTool):  
    name: str = "create_draft"  
    description: str = "Useful to create an email draft."  
    args_schema: type[BaseModel] = CreateDraftInput  
  
    def _run(self, email: str, subject: str, body: str) -> str :  
        gmail = GmailToolkit()  
        draft_payload = {"to": [email], "subject": subject, "message": body}  
        draft = GmailCreateDraft(api_resource=gmail.api_resource)  
        result = draft.run(draft_payload)
```



?Where should you  
put in a try/except  
block ?



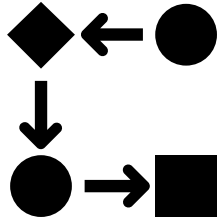
# CrewAI + Langchain Gmail Tool

```
mail_search_tool = search_gmail  
mail_draft_tool = CreateDraftTool()
```

```
mail_agent = Agent(  
    ....  
    tools= [mail_search_tool, mail_draft_tool],  
    )
```

# Activity 04

# CrewAI + Langgraph



What happened so far and how that affects what happens next.

LangGraph is a framework designed to build and orchestrate complex, stateful workflows for AI agents

- Memory, control, adaptive



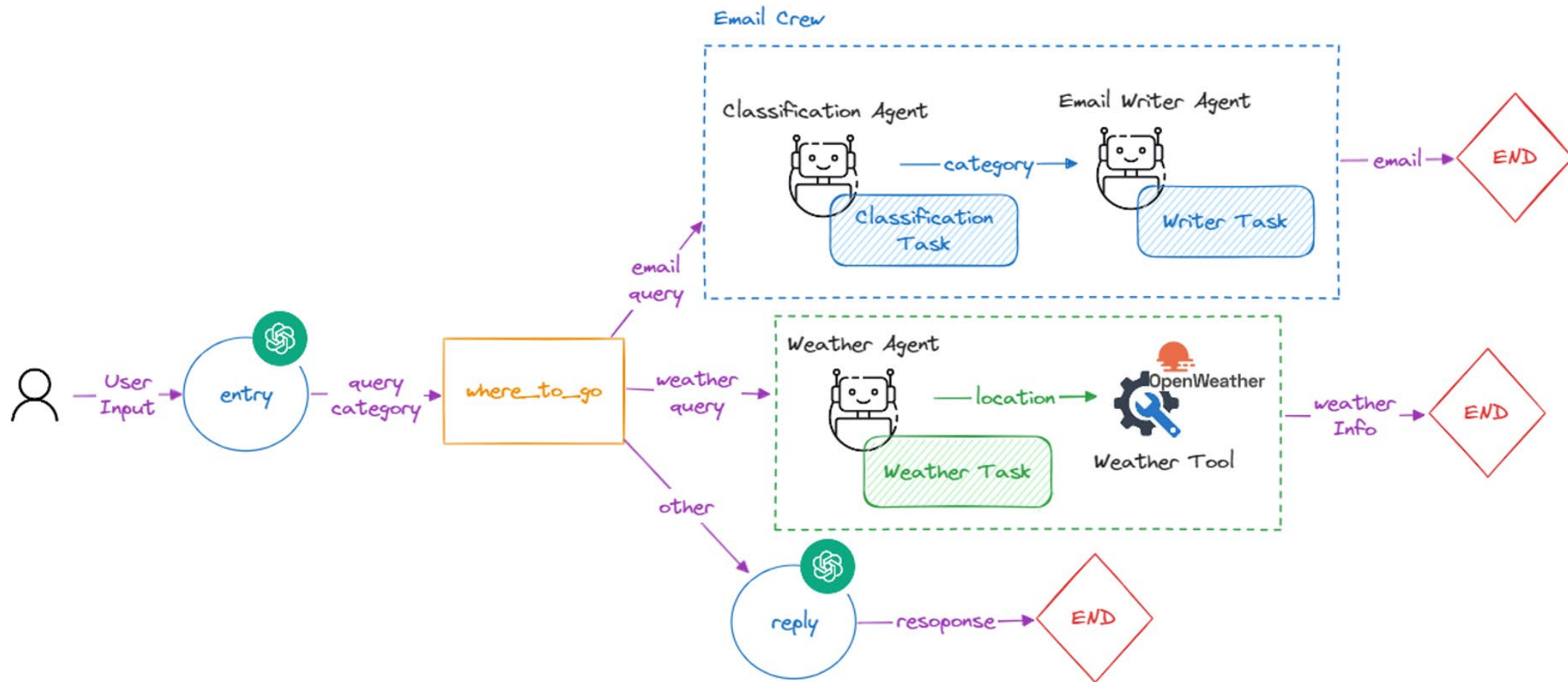
Who does what?

CrewAI focuses on orchestrating role-playing AI agents with predefined roles and goals to collaborate on tasks

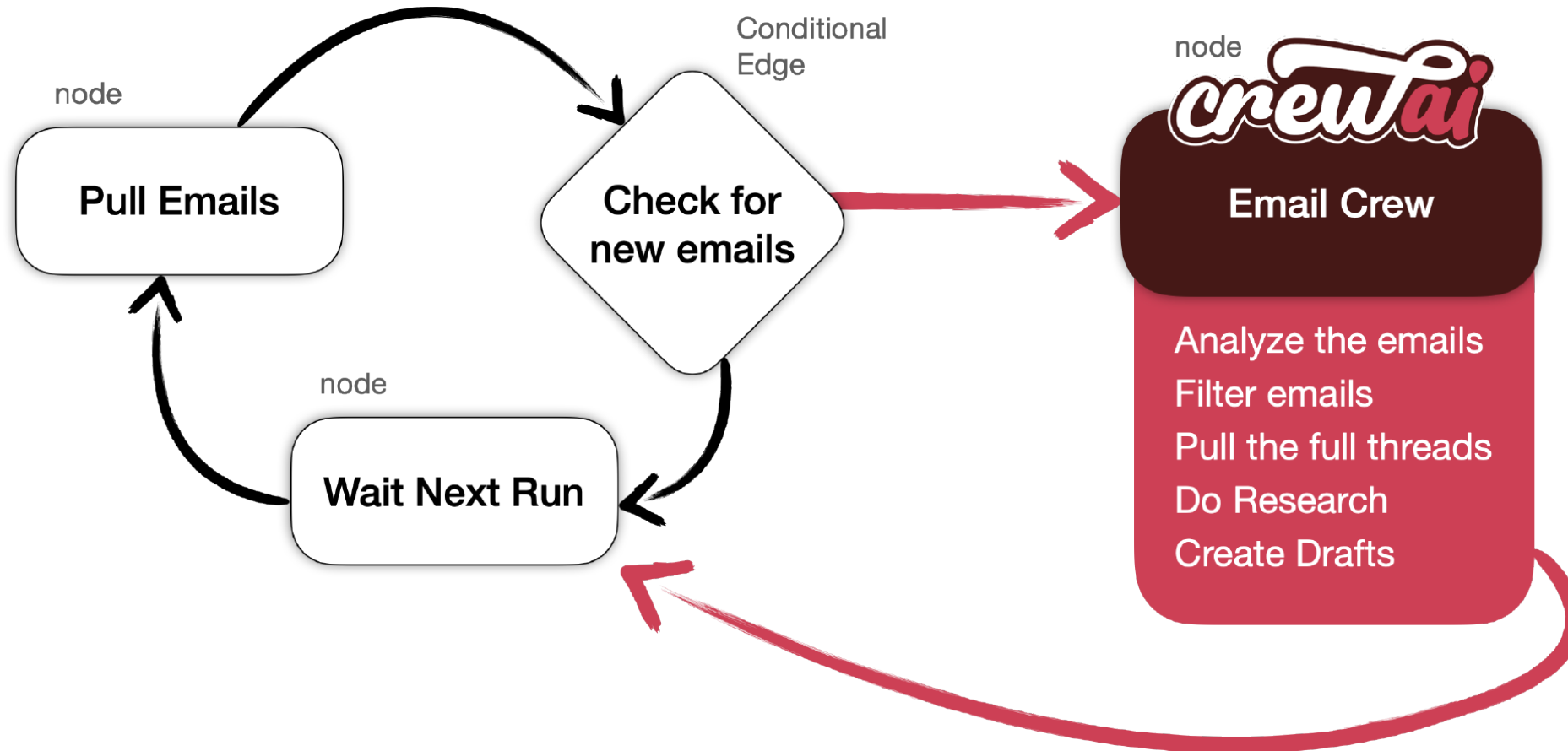
- people, collaboration

**Real-world AI systems often need memory, control *and* teamwork.**

# Example (1)



## Example (2)



# Langgraph + CrewAI (Implementation)

```
my_crew = Crew(...)

def node_1(state):
    # pretend we're doing something change state value
    return {**state}

def node_2(state):
    # pretend the crew kickoff and return state values
    my_crew.kickoff(...)
    return {**state}

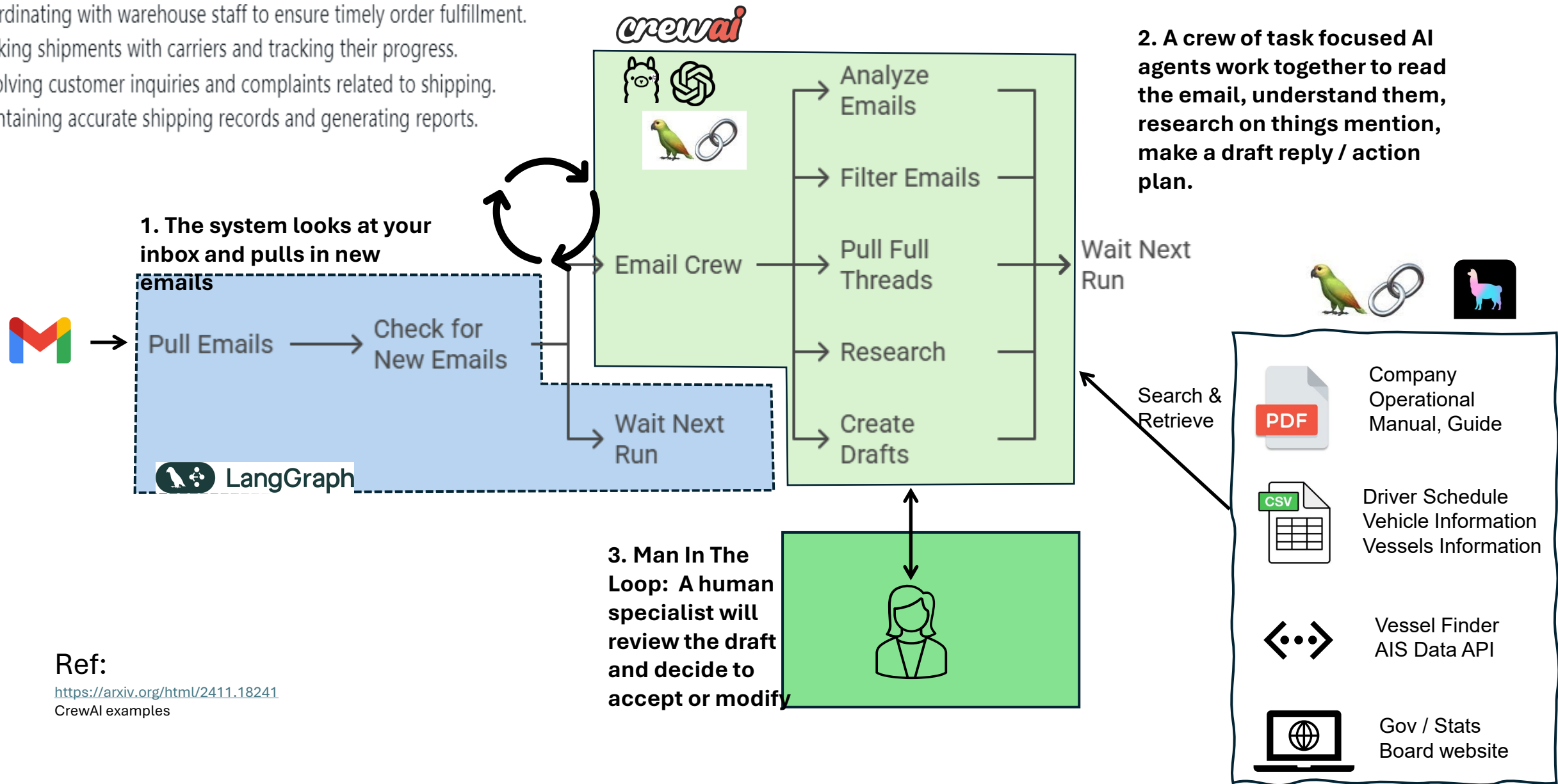
workflow = StateGraph(...)

workflow.add_node("node_1", node_1)
workflow.add_node("node_2", node_2)
. . .
```

Source: <https://github.com/crewAIInc/crewAI-examples/tree/main/CrewAI-LangGraph>

A typical day for a Shipping Coordinator might involve:

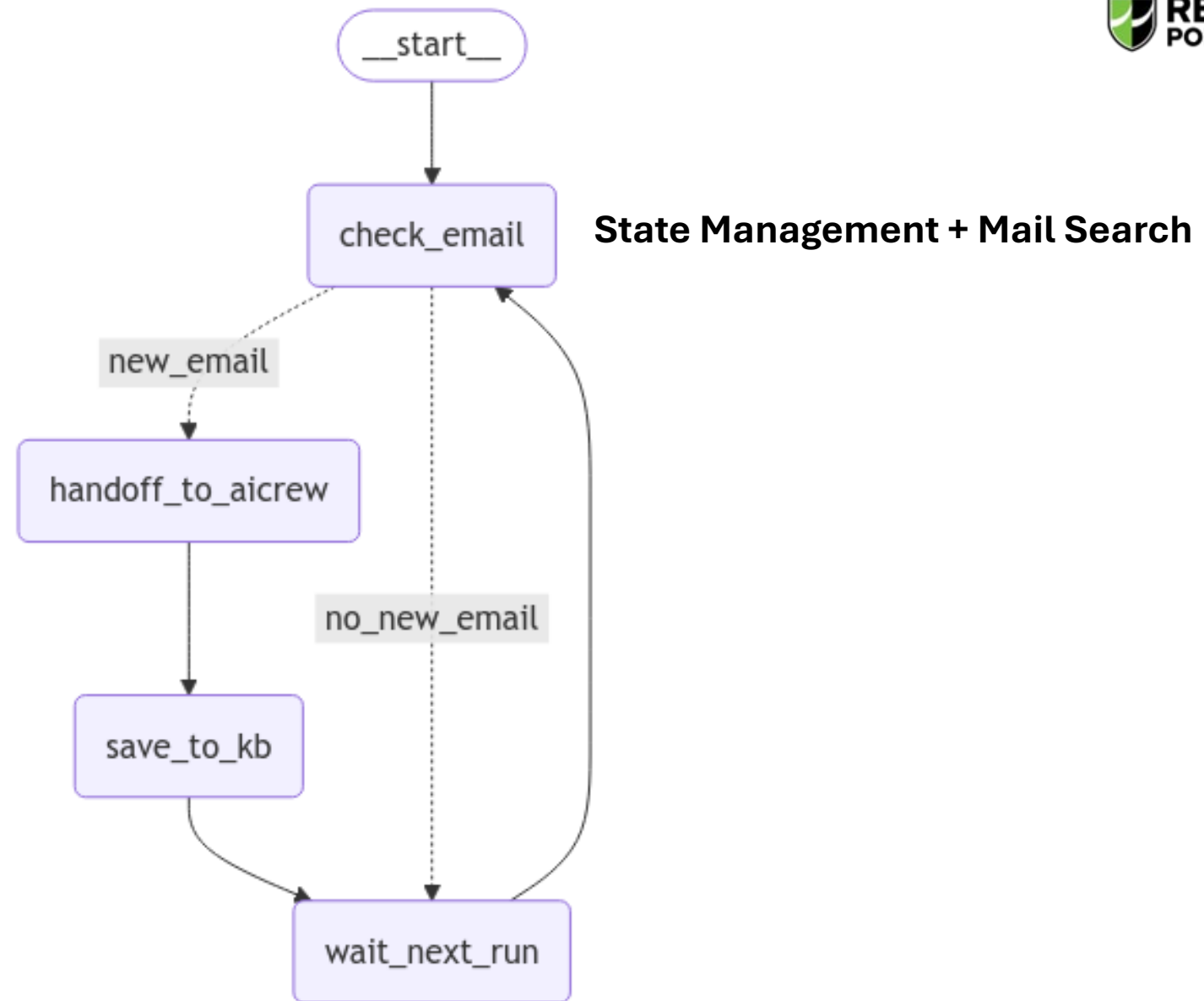
- Reviewing incoming orders and preparing shipping labels.
- Coordinating with warehouse staff to ensure timely order fulfillment.
- Booking shipments with carriers and tracking their progress.
- Resolving customer inquiries and complaints related to shipping.
- Maintaining accurate shipping records and generating reports.



# Graph

Email Extracts, Understanding  
+ Replies

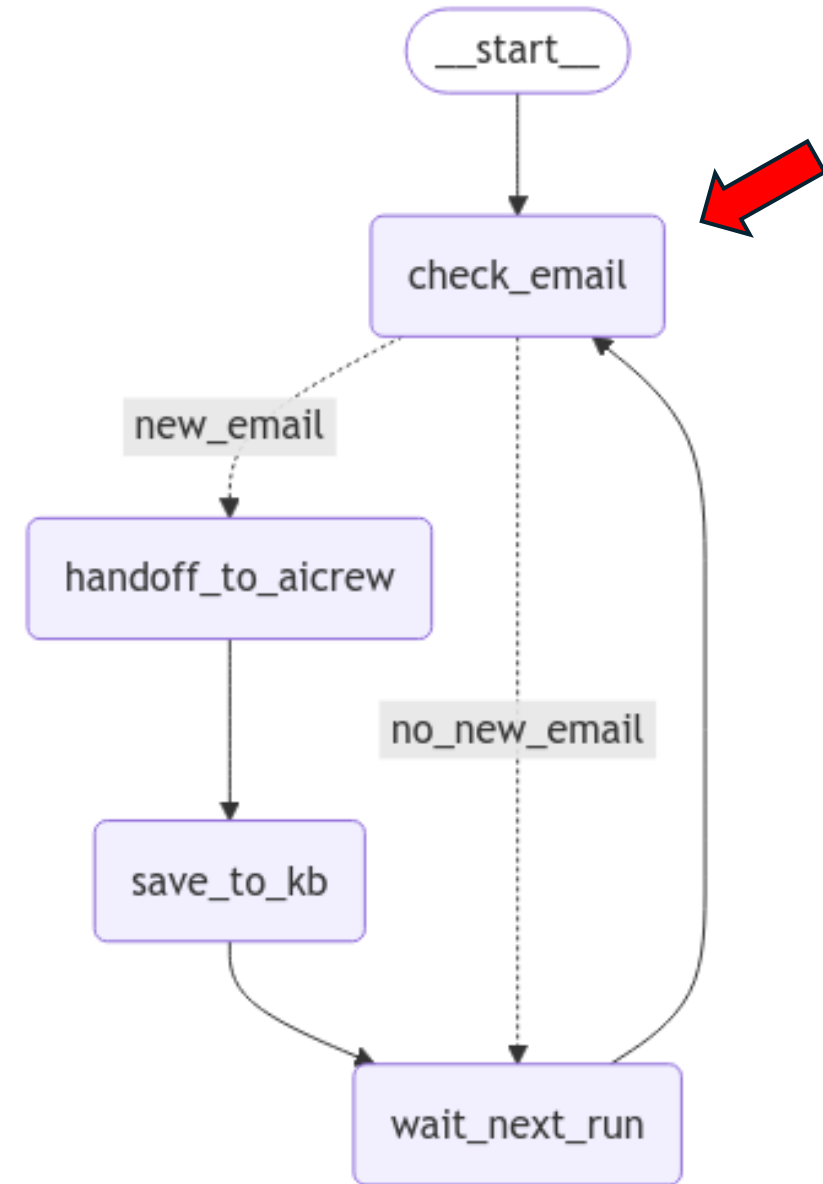
Extract, Transform, Load



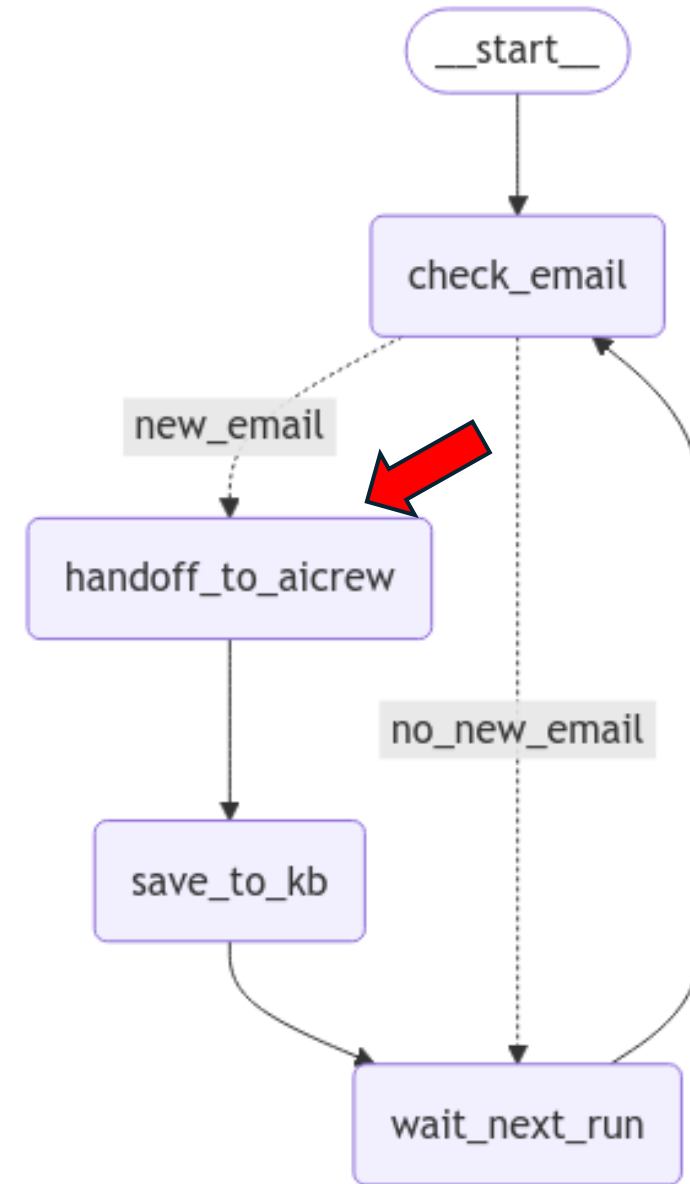
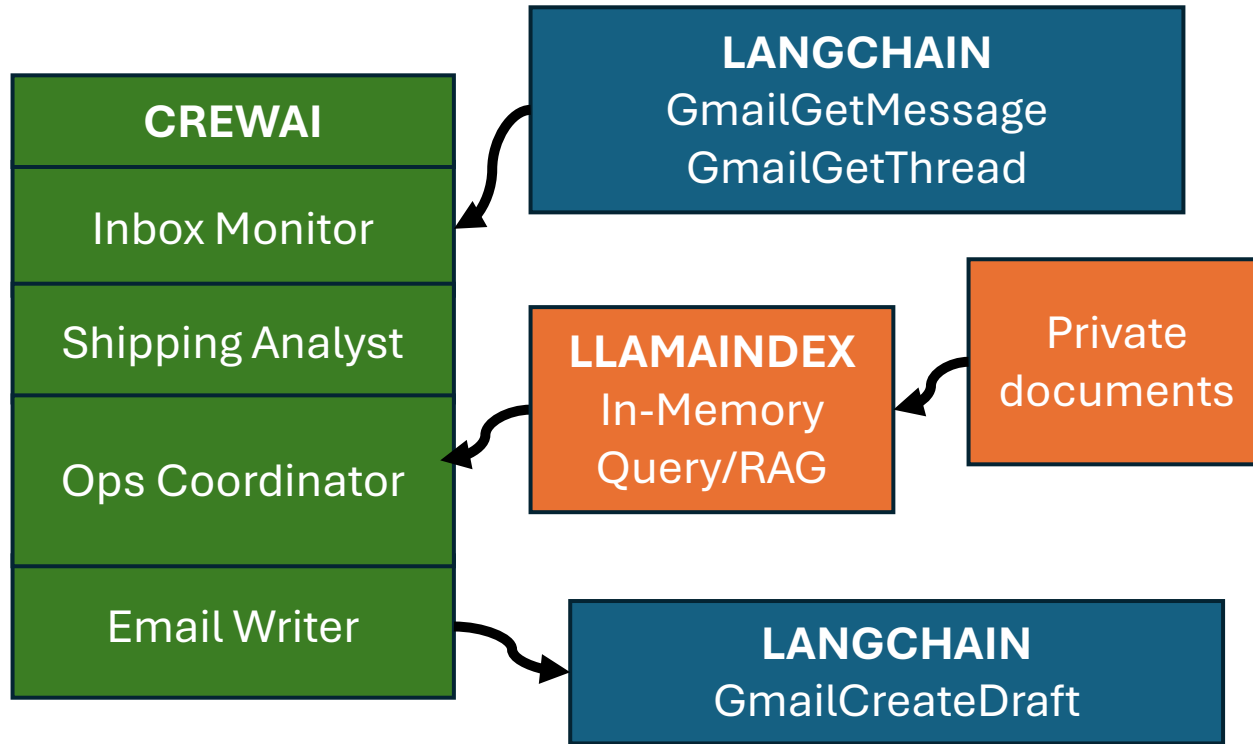


# Graph

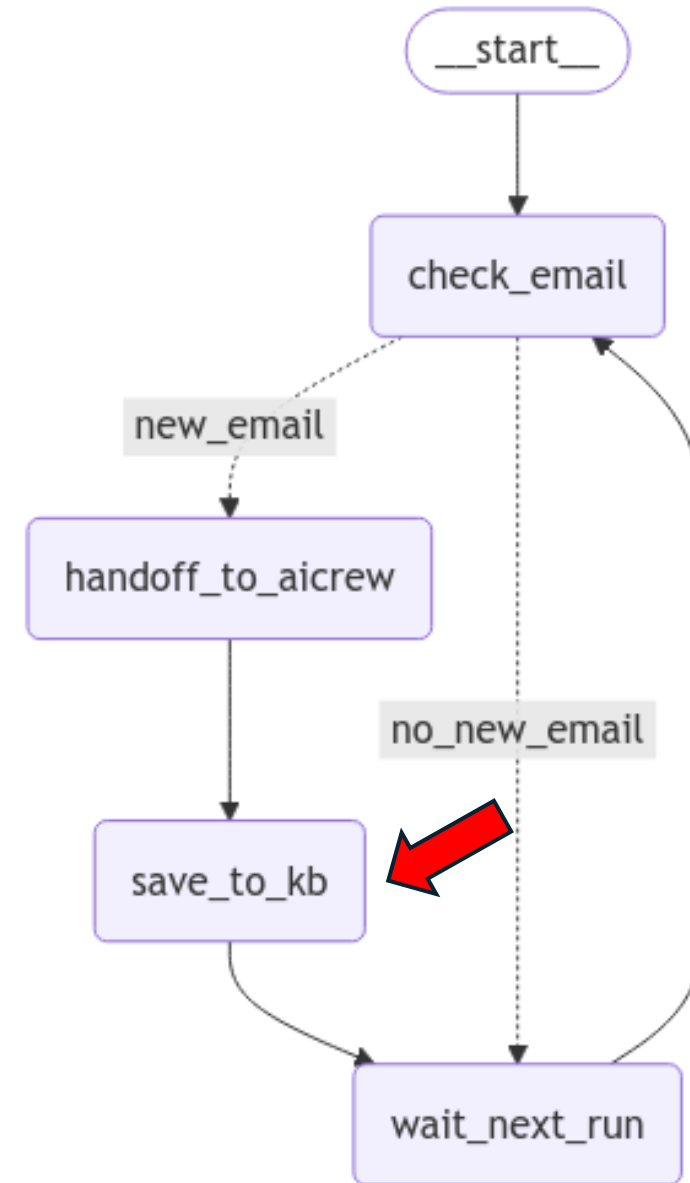
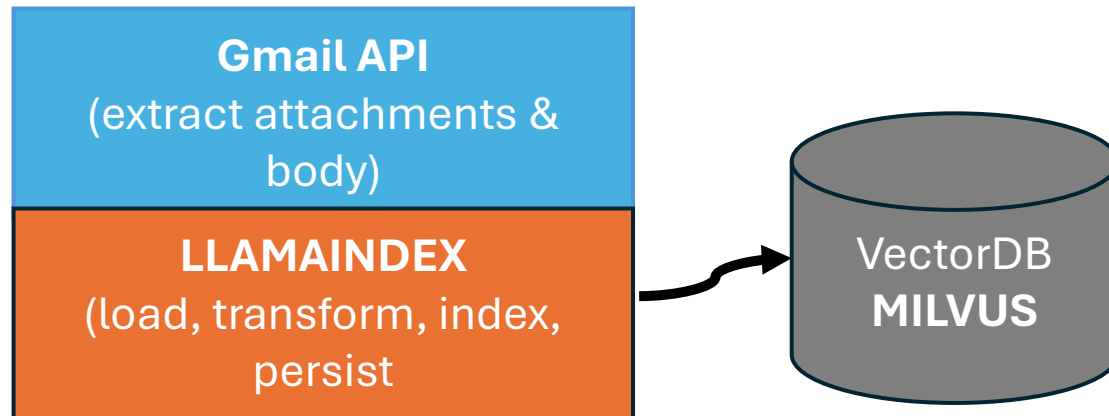
**LANGCHAIN**  
GmailSearch  
State Management



# Graph



# Graph



# MAIL SEARCH + STATE MANAGEMENT

Gmail search operator **'is:unread in:inbox'** # space implied AND

```
State:
{
  'action_required_emails': {},
  'checked_emails_ids': [],
  'emails': [],
  'graph_counter': 0,
  'max iterations': 2}
```

	Initial	Mail Search (found 2 mails)	Mail Search (found 3 mails)	Mail Search (found 3 mails)
checked_email_ids	-	Id#1, id#2	Id#1, id#2, id#3	Id#1, id#2, id#3
emails	-	Details of emails id#1 Details of emails id#2	Details of emails #id3	[ ]
graph_counter	-	1	2	3

# MAIL SEARCH + STATE MANAGEMENT

State:

```
{  'action_required_emails': {'dummy': 'dummy'},
  'checked_emails_ids': ['195d5ef833acd1b1'],
  'emails': [  {  'cc': None,
                  'from': 'Customer <msgcustomer@gmail.com>',
                  'id': '195d5ef833acd1b1',
                  'sender': 'Customer <msgcustomer@gmail.com>',
                  'snippet': 'Dear All, Here are the new pic list. thank '
                             'you On Thu, Mar 27, 2025 at 12:42 PM '
                             'ShippingCoordinator '
                             '<msgubts@gmail.com> wrote: Dear '
                             'Juliet, Thank you for reaching out regarding '
                             'the latest vessel',
                  'subject': 'Re: PT Interindo PO#2408014-10PL | ETA SIN '
                             '10/09/24 | ETA JAKARTA\r\n'
                             '13/09/24 | AN HAI',
                  'threadId': '195d51aac64f550f'}]],
  'graph_counter': 1,
  'max_iterations': 2}
```

Is passed as input to  
Crew Kickoff (next node)

graph\_counter  
increase by 1  
per each loop  
Graph exits  
when  
graph\_counter =  
max\_iteration)

# EMAIL CREW

Agent	Task
<b>Inbox Monitor</b> Track the inbox, filter out irrelevant messages, and retain important emails related to shipping and logistics.	<b>Input: State[‘emails’]</b>  <b>inbox_monitor_task</b> Monitor the inbox and filter out irrelevant messages while retaining emails related to **shipping and logistics jobs
<b>Shipping Analyst</b> Analyze shipping and logistics emails, extract key points, identify concerns, and propose actionable follow-ups.	<b>shipping_analysis_task</b> Analyze the specific emails identified by the inbox monitor, using as context its email thread. The task is to analyze emails related to shipping, extracting key points, concerns, and action items requiring follow-up.
<b>Operations Coordinator</b> Ensure all identified action items in the emails are supported with accurate, relevant information	<b>action_support_task</b> Use the email content as context, and leverage knowledge bases or external websites to find relevant, up-to-date details supporting the follow-ups.
<b>Email Writer</b> Craft clear, professional, and effective email responses based on identified action items and necessary information.	<b>email_drafting_task</b> Based on the identified action-required emails, draft responses tailored to address the specific needs and context of each email  <b>Output: Draft Email in Gmail &amp; JSONL agent_app/outputs/crew</b>

Details: agent\_app/src/email\_crew/config

# EMAIL CREW (OUTPUTS)

```
agent_app/outputs/crew
├── 20250415-120252-exported
│   ├── action_support_task.json
│   ├── email_drafting_task.jsonl
│   ├── inbox_monitor_task.txt
│   └── shipping_analysis_task.json
```

← email\_drafting\_task.jsonl is used in the subsequent node

```
{
  "messageId": "195d5ef833acd1b1",
  "threadId": "195d51aac64f550f",
  "bookingRef": "KASEJKT032248",
  "subject": "Re: PT Interindo PO#2408014-1",
  "status": "DraftCompleted"
}
```

# UPLOAD KNOWLEDGE BASE

## Step 1: Extracting

1. Use **email\_drafting\_task.jsonl** to decide what needs to be vectorized
2. Based on messageId, perform low-level Gmail API calls to extract the emails in html and its attachments.

```
agent_app/outputs/rag
├── KASEJKT032248
│   ├── 250415120320
│   │   ├── Explomo_Builders_Pte._Ltd.-TQ2_(Trucking.pdf
│   │   ├── meta.jsonl
│   │   └── Re__PT_Interindo_PO#2408014-10PL__ETA_S.html
```



# UPLOAD KNOWLEDGE BASE

## Step 2: Transforming

Use Llamaindex SimpleDirectoryReader() .load() to load and vectorise the directory contents

```
reader = SimpleDirectoryReader(input_dir=leave,  
                               required_exts=required_exts,  
                               recursive=False,  
                               file_metadata=file_metadata)  
documents = reader.load_data()  
all_documents.extend(documents)
```

# UPLOAD KNOWLEDGE BASE

## Step 3: Write to Milvus Vector Store

```
# Create Milvus vector store
vector_store = MilvusVectorStore(
    uri=self.milvus_uri,
    dim=self.dim,
    overwrite=self.overwrite,
    collection_name=self.collection
)

# Create storage context
storage_context = StorageContext.from_defaults(vector_store=vector_store)

# Create vector index and insert documents
index = VectorStoreIndex.from_documents(all_documents, storage_context=storage_context)
```

# MILVUS DATABASE



Milvus is an open-source vector database that efficiently handles complex unstructured data like images, audio, and text. '

Milvus is an open-source project under LF AI & Data Foundation distributed under the Apache 2.0 license.

Deployment mode – Milvus Lite, Milvus Standalone, Milvus Distributed. Runs efficiently across a wide range of environments, from a laptop to large-scale distributed systems.

Milvus - <https://milvus.io/docs/overview.md>

# MILVUS DATABASE



## Searching for Best Practices in Retrieval-Augmented Generation

Xiaohua Wang, Zhenghua Wang, Xuan Gao, Feiran Zhang,  
Yixin Wu, Zhibo Xu, Tianyuan Shi, Zhengyuan Wang, Shizheng Li,  
Qi Qian, Ruicheng Yin, Changze Lv, Xiaoqing Zheng,\* Xuanjing Huang  
School of Computer Science, Fudan University, Shanghai, China  
Shanghai Key Laboratory of Intelligent Information Processing  
{xiaohuawang22,zhenghuawang23}@m.fudan.edu.cn  
{zhengxq,xjhuang}@fudan.edu.cn

Database	Multiple Index Type	Billion-Scale	Hybrid Search	Cloud-Native
Weaviate	✗	✗	✓	✓
Faiss	✓	✗	✗	✗
Chroma	✗	✗	✓	✓
Qdrant	✗	✓	✓	✓
Milvus	✓	✓	✓	✓

Table 5: Comparison of Various Vector Databases

“Our evaluation indicates that Milvus stands out as the **most comprehensive solution** among the databases evaluated, meeting all the essential criteria and outperforming other open-source options.”

# KEY CONCEPTS

## DATABASE

A database serves as a logical unit for organizing and managing data.

A database can have many collections.

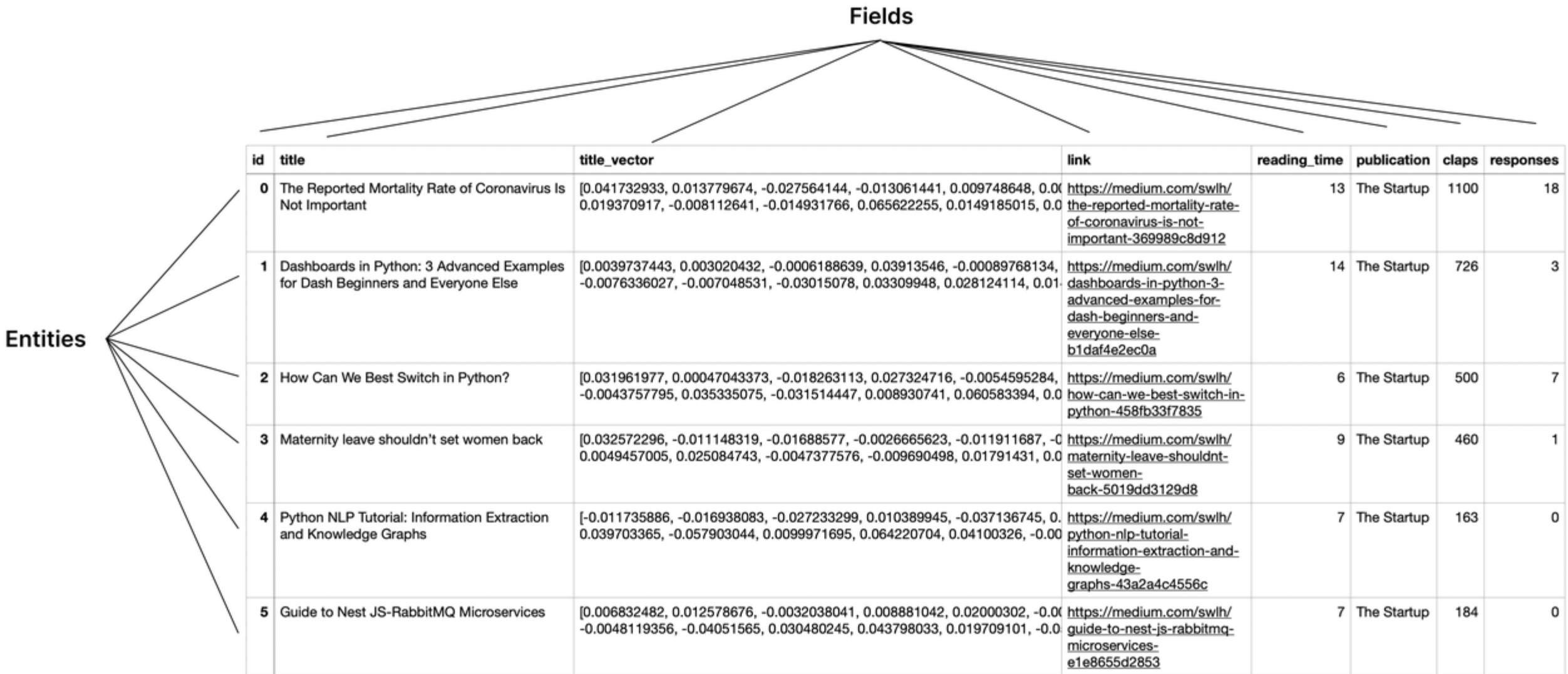
## COLLECTION

A **collection** in Milvus is like a **table** in a traditional SQL database.

Two-dimensional table with fixed columns (fields) and variant rows (entity)

## ENTITY

An **entity** is a single **row of data** in the collection



Source: Milvus website

# Attu WebUI for Milvus

Database  
default

default

\_emails\_attac... (1,222)

172.20.  
running

Schema

Vector Search

Data

Partitions

Segments

Properties

Import File

+ Insert Sample Data

Empty

Please enter your query expression, eg: id > 0

Consistency  
Bounded

Outputs  
2 Fields

Reset

<input type="checkbox"/>	embedding ⓘ	Dynamic Fields ⓘ
<input type="checkbox"/>	<div><div>[-0.010145504027605057, 0.002228335...</div><div></div></div>	<div><div>{"filename": "Re__PT_Interindo_P0#2...</div><div></div></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<div><div>[-0.016734445467591286, -0.01174684...</div><div></div></div>	<div><div>{"filename": "Re__PT_Interindo_P0#2...</div><div></div></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<div><div>[-0.0060112206265330315, -0.0051454...</div><div></div></div>	<div><div>{"filename": "Re__PT_Interindo_P0#2...</div><div></div></div>

Collection name: \_emails\_attachments  
Embedding: Vectorised data of chunks of the data  
Dynamic Fields: Meta Data derived by Llamaindex

# Hands-On Query On Milvus

Notebook: `agent_app/notebooks/query_llamaindex_milvus.ipynb`

Run the notebook on your local environment

Ensure the Milvus is running

Check that there are some entities in Milvus

Adjust the query based on the stored information



# Discussions

