

$$i_{C1} = I_S \exp\left(\frac{v_{BE1}}{V_T}\right)$$

$$i_{C2} = I_S \exp\left(\frac{v_{BE2}}{V_T}\right)$$

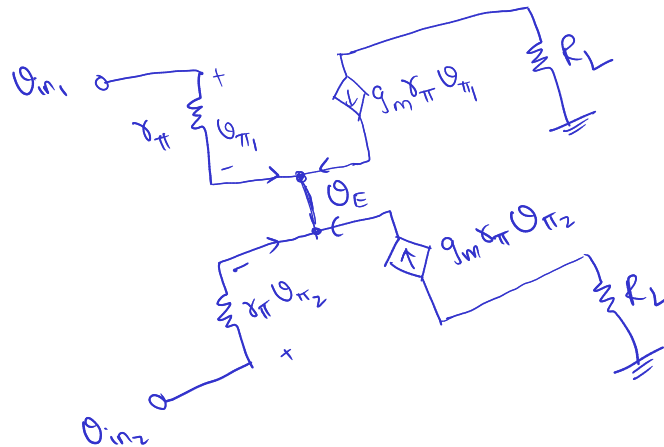
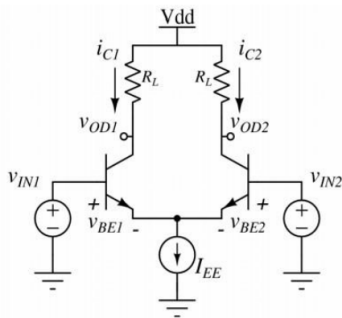
$$i_{C1} + i_{C2} = I_{EE}$$

$$\Rightarrow i_{C1} + i_{C2} = \alpha I_{EE}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_S = \frac{\alpha I_{EE}}{\exp\left(\frac{v_{BE1}}{V_T}\right) + \exp\left(\frac{v_{BE2}}{V_T}\right)}$$

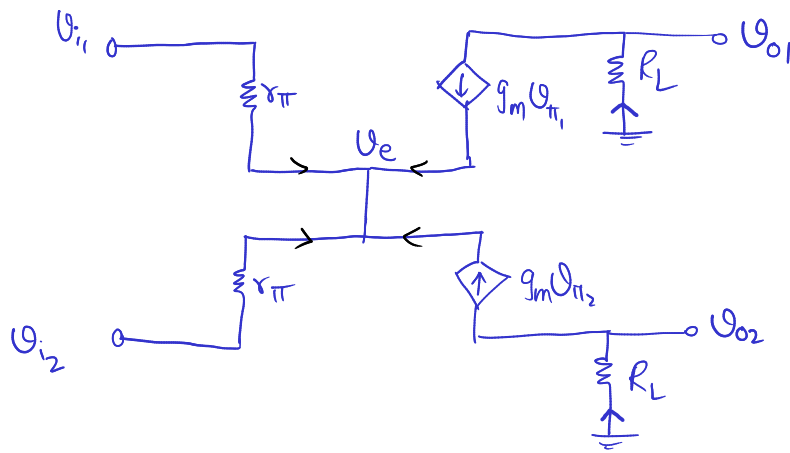
$$\Rightarrow i_{C1} = \frac{\alpha I_{EE}}{1 + \exp\left(-\frac{v_{ID}}{V_T}\right)}$$

$$i_{C2} = \frac{\alpha I_{EE}}{1 + \exp\left(\frac{v_{ID}}{V_T}\right)}$$



$$v_E = g_m v_{\pi 1} R_L = g_m v_{\pi 2} R_L$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{\pi 1} = v_{\pi 2}$$



$$V_{o1} = -R_L g_m (V_{i1} - V_e)$$

$$V_{o2} = -R_L g_m (V_{i2} - V_e)$$

$$V_{o1} - V_{o2} = -R_L g_m (V_{i1} - V_{i2})$$

\Rightarrow

$$\Rightarrow \text{differential gain} = -g_m R_L = -\frac{\alpha I_{EE} R_L}{2V_T}$$

$$\left(g_m = \frac{\alpha I_{EE}}{2V_T} \right)$$

for small signals