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## Thapar Institute of Engineering & Technology, Patiala

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

## **MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION**

B. E. (Second Year): Semester-III (2018/19)	Course Code: UCS405	
(COE)	Course Name: Discrete Mathematical	
	Structures	
September 25 <sup>th</sup> , 2018	Time: 10:30 A.M 12:30 P.M.	
Time: 2 Hours, M. Marks: 25	Name of Faculty: Dr. Manju, Dr. Smita	
	Agrawal, Mr. Ashish Girdhar, Mr.	
	Shatrughan Modi, Ms. Urvashi	

## Note: Attempt all questions in a proper sequence with justification. Assume missing data, if any, suitably.

Q1(a) List the elements of the following sets:

(3)

- i.  $P(\emptyset)$
- ii.  $P(\{\emptyset\})$
- iii.  $P(P(\emptyset))$
- iv.  $\{\emptyset\} \times P(\emptyset)$
- v.  $\emptyset \times P(\emptyset)$
- vi.  $P(\emptyset) \times P(\emptyset)$
- Q1(b) Let A, B and C are three sets such that

(3)

$$A = \{1, \dots, 10\}, B = \{3, 7, 11, 12\}, C = \{0, 1, \dots, 20\}$$

Which of the following are propositions?

- i. 1+1=3
- ii.  $(A \cup B) \subseteq C$
- iii.  $A \cap B$
- iv.  $(8+22)^3/10^2$
- v.  $(B \cap C) \in 9$
- vi. C is an infinite set
- Q2(a) Let N be the set of all positive integers, and  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  be two relations on N defined as (4) follows:
  - i. Definition of  $R_1$ : For all  $a, b \in N$ ,
    - $(a, b) \in R_1 \text{ iff } a \neq b.$
  - ii. Definition of  $R_2$ : For all  $a, b \in N$ ,
    - $(a, b) \in R_2 \text{ iff } \frac{a}{b} = 2^i \text{ for some integer } i \ge 0$

Mark the following table properly (Y/N) to indicate the properties of the relations  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  have along with the explanation:

	Irreflexive	Symmetric	Antisymmetric	Asymmetric
$\mathbf{R}_1$				
$R_2$				

- Q2(b) Using truth table find CNF and DNF for  $((A \land B \to C) \to (A \lor B \to C))$ . (3)
- Q3(a) Using Inclusion-Exclusion principle, calculate the number of integers n with  $1 \le n \le 150$  (2) which are relatively prime to 70.
- Q3(b) Prerequisites in college is a familiar partial ordering of available classes. We write A < (2+1) B if course A is a prerequisite for course B. Let C be the ordered set consisting of the mathematics courses and their prerequisites appearing in table given below:
  - i. Draw the Hasse diagram for the partial ordering C of these classes.
  - ii. Find all minimal and maximal elements of C.

Class	Prerequisites
Math 101	None
Math 201	Math 101
Math 250	Math 101
Math 251	Math 250
Math 340	Math 201
Math 341	Math 340
Math 450	Math 201, Math 250
Math 500	Math 450, Math 251

Q4(a) With  $A = \{x, y, z\}$ , let  $f, g: A \times A$  be given by  $f = \{(x, y), (y, z), (z, x)\}$  and  $g = (2) \{(x, y), (y, x), (z, z)\}$ .

Determine each of the following functions. Write your answers as a collection of ordered pairs.

i. 
$$f \circ g$$

Q4(b) Use the definition of big-O to prove that 
$$\frac{3x^4 - 2x}{5x - 1} = O(x^3)$$
. (2)

**Premises:** If Claghorn has wide support, then he'll be asked to run for the senate. If Claghorn yells "Eureka" in Iowa, he will not be asked to run for the senate. Claghorn yells "Eureka" in Iowa.

**Conclusion:** Claghorn does not have wide support.

Determine whether the conclusion follows logically from the premises. Explain by representing the statements symbolically and using rules of inference.