## **Discrete Mathematical Structures (UCS-405)**

## **Tutorial Sheet-13**

- 1. Find the minimum number of students in a class to be sure that three of them are born in the same month.
- 2. Suppose five points are chosen from the interior of a square S where each side has length two inches. Show that the distance between two of the points must be less than  $\sqrt{2}$  inches.
- 3. Find the minimum number of elements that one needs to take from the set  $S = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 9\}$  to be sure that two of the numbers add up to 10.
- 4. Suppose a department contains 13 professors, then find the minimum number of professors who were born in the same month.
- 5. Prove using mathematical induction that the sum of the first n odd numbers is  $n^2$ ; that is,  $P(n): 1+3+5+ \cdot \cdot \cdot + (2n-1) = n^2$
- 6. Find a recurrence relation and give initial conditions for the number of bit strings of length n that do not have two consecutive 0s.
- 7. Prove the following proposition (for  $n \ge 0$ ):  $P(n): 1 + 2 + 2^2 + 2^3 + \cdots + 2^n = 2^{n+1} 1$
- 8. Disprove by counterexample that for any  $a, b \in Z$ , if  $a^2 = b^2$ , then a=b.
- 9. Prove that every integer that is a perfect cube is a multiple of 9, or is 1 more than a multiple of 9, or is 1 less than a multiple of 9.
- 10. Prove:  $1 + 4 + 7 + \cdot \cdot \cdot + 3n 2 = n(3n-1)/2$