

Iqra Fauzan Akbar

FIG123020

Aljabar Linear

ke-

1. a. determinan matriks $\begin{bmatrix} 20+1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 20 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 20-1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\det = 21 \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 2 \\ 1 & 19 \end{bmatrix} - 2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 19 \end{bmatrix} + 1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 20 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 21(378) - 2(15) + (-39)$$

$$= 7869$$

b. apakah ~~matriks~~ nilai k menyebabkan matriks B singular

$$\text{determinan } B = 7869 \neq 0$$

Jadi, nilai k tidak menyebabkan matriks B singular

2. $\begin{bmatrix} 20 & 2 \\ 1 & 20+1 \end{bmatrix}$

a. $\det(B) = 20(21) - 2 = 418$

b. $B^{-1} = \frac{1}{418} \begin{bmatrix} 21 & -2 \\ -1 & 20 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{21}{418} & -\frac{2}{418} \\ -\frac{1}{418} & \frac{20}{418} \end{bmatrix}$

c. $B \cdot B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 2 \\ 1 & 21 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{418} \begin{bmatrix} 21 & -2 \\ -1 & 20 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Jadi, $B \cdot B^{-1} = I$

3. $21x + y + z = 3$

$x + 22y + z = 4$

$x + 2y + 23z = 5$

a. Bentuk matriks $= \begin{bmatrix} 21 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 22 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 23 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{b. det} &= 21 (22 \cdot 23 - 1) - 1 (23 - 1) + 1 (1 - 22) \\
 &= 10605 - 43 \\
 &= 10562 \neq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4.) C = \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 1 \\ 1 & 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

a.) Polinom karakteristik

$$\begin{aligned}
 \det (C - \lambda I) &= \begin{vmatrix} 20 - \lambda & 1 \\ 1 & 20 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} \\
 &= (20 - \lambda)^2 - 1 \\
 &\lambda^2 - 40\lambda + 399 = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

b.) Hitung eigen value

$$\begin{aligned}
 20 - \lambda &= \pm 1 \\
 \lambda_1 &= 21, \quad \lambda_2 = 19
 \end{aligned}$$

c.) Tentukan eigenvector

$$\bullet \lambda_1 = 21$$

$$(C - 21I)v = 0 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} v = 0$$

$$v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet \lambda_2 = 19$$

$$(C - 19I)v = 0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} v = 0$$

$$v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$