



Bahria University, Islamabad

Department of Software Engineering

Artificial Intelligence Lab

(Fall-2021)

Teacher: Engr. M Waleed Khan

Student : M Iqrar Ijaz Malik

Enrollment : 01-131182-021

Lab Journal: Open Ended

Date: 13-12-2021

Task No:	Task Wise Marks		Documentation Marks		Total Marks (20)
	Assigned	Obtained	Assigned	Obtained	
1					

Comments:

Signature

Open Ended

Tools Used

Tool used to perform this task is **PyCharm Community Addition**

Code:

```
Refactor Run Tools VCS Window Help OpenEnded - main.py

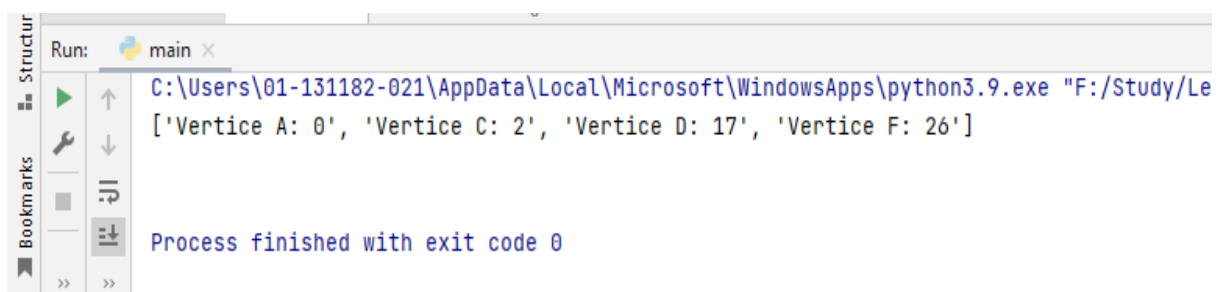
main.py x
1
2 class Graph:
3     # Initialize the class
4     def __init__(self, graph_dict=None, directed=True):
5         self.graph_dict = graph_dict or {}
6         self.directed = directed
7         if not directed:
8             self.make_undirected()
9
10    # Create an undirected graph by adding symmetric edges
11    def make_undirected(self):
12        for a in list(self.graph_dict.keys()):
13            for (b, dist) in self.graph_dict[a].items():
14                self.graph_dict.setdefault(b, {})[a] = dist
15
16    def connect(self, A, B, distance=1):
17        self.graph_dict.setdefault(A, {})[B] = distance
18        if not self.directed:
19            self.graph_dict.setdefault(B, {})[A] = distance
20
21    def get(self, a, b=None):
22        links = self.graph_dict.setdefault(a, {})
23        if b is None:
24            return links
25        else:
26            return links.get(b)
```

```
main.py x
22     links = self.graph_dict.setdefault(a, {})
23     if b is None:
24         return links
25     else:
26         return links.get(b)
27
28     # Return a list of nodes in the graph
29     def nodes(self):
30         s1 = set([k for k in self.graph_dict.keys()])
31
32         s2 = set([k2 for v in self.graph_dict.values() for k2, v2 in v.items()
33                 ])
34         nodes = s1.union(s2)
35         return list(nodes)
36
37
38 class Node:
39     def __init__(self, name: str, parent: str):
40         self.name = name
41         self.parent = parent
42         self.g = 0 # Distance to start node
43         self.h = 0 # Distance to goal node
44         self.f = 0 # Total cost
45
46
47
48
49
50     # Sort nodes
51     def __lt__(self, other):
52         return self.f < other.f
53
54     # Print node
55     def __repr__(self):
56         return '({0},{1})'.format(self.name, self.f)
57
58
59 def astar_search(graph, heuristics, start, end):
60     # Create lists for open nodes and closed nodes
61     open = []
62     closed = []
63     # Create a start node and an goal node
64     start_node = Node(start, None)
65     goal_node = Node(end, None)
66     # Add the start node
67     open.append(start_node)
68
```

```
68
69     # Loop until the open list is empty
70     while len(open) > 0:
71         open.sort()
72         # Get the node with the lowest cost
73         current_node = open.pop(0)
74         # Add the current node to the closed list
75         closed.append(current_node)
76         if current_node == goal_node:
77             path = []
78             while current_node != start_node:
79                 path.append(current_node.name + ': ' + str(current_node.g))
80                 current_node = current_node.parent
81             path.append(start_node.name + ': ' + str(start_node.g))
82             # Return reversed path
83             return path[::-1]
84         # Get neighbours
85         neighbors = graph.get(current_node.name)
86         # Loop neighbors
87         for key, value in neighbors.items():
88             # Create a neighbor node
89             neighbor = Node(key, current_node)
90             # Check if the neighbor is in the closed list
91             if (neighbor in closed):
92                 continue
93
94             # Calculate full path cost
95             neighbor.g = current_node.g + graph.get(current_node.name, neighbor.name)
96             neighbor.h = heuristics.get(neighbor.name)
97             neighbor.f = neighbor.g + neighbor.h
98             # Check if neighbor is in open list and if it has a lower f value
99             if (add_to_open(open, neighbor) == True):
100                 open.append(neighbor)
101
102             # Everything is green, add neighbor to open list
103         # Return None, no path is found
104
105 def add_to_open(open, neighbor):
106     for node in open:
107         if (neighbor == node and neighbor.f > node.f):
108             return False
109     return True
110
111 def main():
112     # Create a graph
113     graph = Graph()
114
115     # Create graph connections (Actual distance)
116
```

```
117 graph.connect('Vertex A', 'Vertex B', 2)
118 graph.connect('Vertex A', 'Vertex C', 2)
119 graph.connect('Vertex B', 'Vertex C', 10)
120 graph.connect('Vertex C', 'Vertex D', 15)
121 graph.connect('Vertex D', 'Vertex F', 9)
122 # Make graph undirected, create symmetric connections
123
124
125 graph.make_undirected()
126 # Create heuristics (straight-line distance, air-travel distance)
127
128 heuristics = {}
129 heuristics['Vertex A'] = 100
130 heuristics['Vertex B'] = 200
131 heuristics['Vertex C'] = 300
132 heuristics['Vertex D'] = 400
133 heuristics['Vertex E'] = 500
134 heuristics['Vertex F'] = 600
135
136 # Run the search algorithm
137 path = astar_search(graph, heuristics, 'Vertex A', 'Vertex F')
138 print(path)
139 print()
140 if __name__ == "__main__": main()
141
```

output:



```
Run: main x
C:\Users\01-131182-021\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.9.exe "F:/Study/Le
['Vertex A: 0', 'Vertex C: 2', 'Vertex D: 17', 'Vertex F: 26']

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Conclusion

I completed the tasks given to us and pasted the output above.