## General Motors is Shanghaied - Case 1.9

The effects of government regulation on companies.



Aly **AZAZI**Lam **PHAM**Muhammad Haseeb **ASLAM**Martin **ZAFIROV** 

## Summary/survey



- Shanghai General Motors (joint venture between General Motors and SAIC Motor) in 1990s. The joint venture had an investment of \$1.5 Billion
- Ability to build highest-quality cars from Shanghai plants
- BUT the production cost is high due to government regulations
- Government regulations: dictation on production and input mix regulated
- Regulated input mix:
  - 1999: the localization rate is 40% in terms of value
  - 2000: the localization rate is 60% in terms of value
- Although GM shared important technology with Chinese partner, the constraints still precluded efficient production => high cost
- High cost makes Export difficult

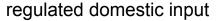
## **Economic topics - definitions**

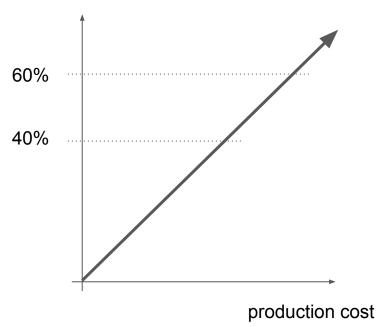


- A joint venture (Coentreprise) is a business entity created by two or more parties, generally characterized by shared ownership, shared returns and risks, and shared governance.
- Production or product costs refer to the costs incurred by a business from manufacturing a product or providing a service.
- Factors of production, resources, or inputs are what is used in the production process to produce output-that is, finished goods and services
- Input mix = the ratio of different types of inputs/factors of production, in our example domestic input to imported.

## **Modeling/Equations:**







 To calculate total manufacturing cost you add together three different cost categories:

Total manufacturing cost = Direct materials

- + Direct labour + Manufacturing overheads.
- Direct materials/domestic components is correlated to the input mix
- Direct labour and Manufacturing overheads are not impacted by the government regulations in our case.