

CMP9132M, Advanced Artificial Intelligence  
Workshop Week 5: Markov Models

**Task**

Consider the “weather” example mentioned during the lecture. In this case though, the random variable  $w_t$  can assume, with same probability, any of the following four values: Sunny (S), Rainy (R), Foggy (F), Windy (W). For simplicity, only one of these weather states can occur at any given time  $t$  (e.g. it cannot be both Rainy and Windy). In addition, we assume the weather changes can be represented by a Markov Model with the transition probabilities specified in the table below.

- 1) Formalize, using appropriate mathematical notation, the following problem statement:

What is the probability of having two particular weather states  $w_{t+1}$  and  $w_t$ , given the known weather states  $w_{t-1}$  and  $w_{t-2}$  ?

- 2) What is the probability (i.e. numerical value) of having  $w_{t+1}$  = Sunny and  $w_t$  = Rainy, given that  $w_{t-1}$  = Foggy and  $w_{t-2}$  = Windy?
- 3) What is the probability of having two consecutive days with the same weather,  $w_{t+1} = w_t$ , given  $w_{t-1}$  = Rainy and  $w_{t-2}$  = Sunny?
- 4) Using a programming language of your choice, write a simple program that solves the problem stated in 1) for each possible value of  $w_{t+1}$ ,  $w_t$ ,  $w_{t-1}$ ,  $w_{t-2}$ , where these are four inputs given by the user.

**Transition Probabilities**

$P(w_t   w_{t-1})$	Sunny	Rainy	Foggy	Windy
Sunny	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.2
Rainy	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.2
Foggy	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.1
Windy	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.6