# $CMPUT201W20B2 \ Week \ 11$

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## 1 Week11

https://github.com/abramhindle/CMPUT201W20B2-public/tree/master/week11

## 1.1 Copyright Statement

If you are in CMPUT201 at UAlberta this code is released in the public domain to you.

Otherwise it is (c) 2020 Abram Hindle, Hazel Campbell AGPL3.0+

### 1.1.1 License

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## 1.1.2 Hazel Code is licensed under AGPL3.0+

Hazel's code is also found here https://github.com/hazelybell/examples/tree/C-2020-01

Hazel code is licensed: The example code is licensed under the AGPL3+license, unless otherwise noted.

#### 1.2 Alternative version

Checkout the .txt, the .pdf, and the .html version

## 1.3 Init ORG-MODE

gramname.c

```
;; I need this for org-mode to work well
;; If we have a new org-mode use ob-shell
;; otherwise use ob-sh --- but not both!
(if (require 'ob-shell nil 'noerror)
  (progn
    (org-babel-do-load-languages 'org-babel-load-languages '((shell . t))))
  (progn
    (require 'ob-sh)
    (org-babel-do-load-languages 'org-babel-load-languages '((sh . t)))))
(org-babel-do-load-languages 'org-babel-load-languages '((C . t)))
(org-babel-do-load-languages 'org-babel-load-languages '((python . t)))
(setq org-src-fontify-natively t)
(setq org-confirm-babel-evaluate nil) ;; danger!
(custom-set-faces
 '(org-block ((t (:inherit shadow :foreground "black"))))
 '(org-code ((t (:inherit shadow :foreground "black")))))
1.3.1 Org export
(org-html-export-to-html)
(org-latex-export-to-pdf)
(org-ascii-export-to-ascii)
1.3.2 Org Template
Copy and paste this to demo C
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char**argv) {
    return 0;
}
     Remember how to compile?
gcc -std=c99 -pedantic -Wall -Wextra -ftrapy -ggdb3 -o programname pro-
```

## 1.5 Numbers!

Computers love powers of 2 because we calculate everything via bits. Bases used on computers:

Dases used on compt

- 2, 8, 10, 16
- 32 in base 16 is 2\*pow(16,1) = 0x20
- 32 in base 10 is 3\*pow(10,1) + 2\*pow(10,0) = 3\*10 + 2\*1 = 32
- 32 in base 8 is 4\*pow(8,1) = 4\*8 = 32 = 040
- 32 in base 2 is 1\*pow(2.5) = 0b100000
- 31 in base 16 is 1\*pow(16,1) + 15\*pow(16,0)
- 31 in base 10 is 3\*pow(10,1) + 1\*pow(10,0)
- 31 in base 8 is 3\*pow(8,1) + 7\*pow(8,0)
- 31 in base 2 is 1\*pow(2,4) + 1\*pow(2,3) + 1\*pow(2,2) + 1\*pow(2,1) + 1\*pow(2,0)
- $\bullet$  Notation for base 2 for 31: 0b11111 # not available in C, good in python
- Notation for base 8 for 31: 037 # available in C , good in python
- Notation for base 10 for 31: 31 # available in C , good in python
- Notation for base 16 for 31: 0x1F # available in C , good in python

### 1.5.1 Binary

Base 2: powers of 2

Digits: 0,1

- 0: 0b00000 8: 0b01000
- 1: 0b00001 9: 0b01001
- 2: 0b00010 10: 0b01010
- 3: 0b00011 11: 0b01011
- 4: 0b00100 12: 0b01100
- 5: 0b00101 13: 0b01101
- 6: 0b00110 14: 0b01110

```
7: 0b00111 15: 0b01111
           16: 0b10000
1.5.2 Octal
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  printf("%d\n", 037);
}
31
Base 8: powers of 8
3 bits
Digits: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7
0: 000 8: 010
1: 001 9: 011
2: 002 10: 012
3: 003 11: 013
4: 004 12: 014
5: 005 13: 015
6: 006 14: 016
7: 007 15: 017
       16: 020
07:
                              7 = 7
                        7*8 + 7 = 63
077:
                7*8*8 + 7*8 + 7 = 511
0777:
07777: 7*8*8*8 + 7*8*8 + 7*8 + 7 = 4095
1.5.3 Base10 Review
Base 10: power of 10
   Digits: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9
~4 bits - not a power of 2
```

```
0: 0 8: 8

1: 1 9: 9

2: 2 10: 10

3: 3 11: 11

4: 4 12: 12

5: 5 13: 13

6: 6 14: 14

7: 7 15: 15

16: 16
```

## 1.5.4 Hex Review

Base 16: power of 16

```
Digits: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,A,B,C,D,E,F
or Digits: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,a,b,c,d,e,f
0: 0x00 8: 0x08
1: 0x01 9: 0x09
2: 0x02 10: 0x0A
3: 0x03 11: 0x0B
4: 0x04 12: 0x0C
5: 0x05 13: 0x0D
6: 0x06 14: 0x0E
7: 0x07 15: 0x0F
        16: 0x10
0xF
                                         15 =
                                                 15 = 2^4 - 1
                                 15*16 + 15 =
                                                255 = 2^8 - 1
0xFF
                      15*16*16 + 15*16 + 15 = 4095 = 2^12 - 1
0xFFFF = 15*16*16*16 + 15*16*16 + 15*16 + 15 = 65535 = 2^16 - 1
```

## Digit Lookup

```
0: 0x0 0b0000 8: 0x8 0b1000

1: 0x1 0b0001 9: 0x9 0b1001

2: 0x2 0b0010 10: 0xA 0b1010

3: 0x3 0b0011 11: 0xB 0b1011

4: 0x4 0b0100 12: 0xC 0b1100

5: 0x5 0b0101 13: 0xD 0b1101
```

## 1.6 Bitwise Operators

Bitwise operators operate at the bit-level for variables such as integers.

Typically try to avoid anything signed or floating point when doing bitwise operations unless you are sure.

Also be aware that structs have padding so you might get unexpected results.

## 1.6.1 Left Shift

```
0b000001 « 1 = 0b000010 0b000001 « 2 = 0b000100 0b000001 « 3 = 0b001000 0b101011 « 3 = 0b011000
```

Integer Multiplication by 2. Shifts bits to the left. Do not use negative values.

WARNING: Shifting on signed integers is not safe or portable.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
int main() {
    uint64_t u64 = 1;
    uint32_t u32 = 1;
    uint16_t u16 = 1;
    int64_t i64 = 1;
    int32_t i32 = 1;
    int16_t i16 = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < 64; i++) {
        u64 = u64 << 1;
        i64 = i64 << 1;
        u32 = u32 << 1;
        i32 = i32 << 1;
        u16 = u16 << 1;
        i16 = i16 << 1;
        printf("64: %2011u %2011d\n", u64, i64);
        printf("32: %20lu %20ld\n",
                                      u32, i32);
        printf("16: %20hu %20hd\n",
                                      u16, i16);
    }
```

}		
64:	2	2
32:	2	2
16:	2	2
64:	4	4
32:	4	4
16:	4	4
64:	8	8
32:	8	8
16:	8	8
64:	16	16
32:	16	16
16:	16	16
64:	32	32
32:	32	32
16:	32	32
64:	64	64
32:	64	64
16:	64	64
64:	128	128
32:	128	128
16:	128	128
64:	256	256
32:	256	256
16:	256	256
64:	512	512
32:	512	512
16:	512	512
64: 32:	1024 1024	1024
16:		1024
64:	1024 2048	1024 2048
32:	2048	2048
16:	2048	2048
64:	4096	4096
32:	4096	4096
16:	4096	4096
64:	8192	8192
32:	8192	8192
·	0102	0102

16:	8192	8192
64:	16384	16384
32:	16384	16384
16:	16384	16384
64:	32768	32768
32:	32768	32768
16:	32768	-32768
64:	65536	65536
32:	65536	65536
16:	0	0
64:	131072	131072
32:	131072	131072
16:	0	0
64:	262144	262144
32:	262144	262144
16:	0	0
64:	524288	524288
32:	524288	524288
16:	0	0
64:	1048576	1048576
32:	1048576	1048576
16:	0	0
64:	2097152	2097152
32:	2097152	2097152
16:	0	0
64:	4194304	4194304
32:	4194304	4194304
16:	0	0
64:	8388608	8388608
32:	8388608	8388608
16:	0	0
64:	16777216	16777216
32:	16777216	16777216
16:	0	0
64:	33554432	33554432
32:	33554432	33554432
16:	0	0
64:	67108864	67108864
32:	67108864	67108864
16:	0	0

134217728	134217728	64:
134217728	134217728	32:
0	0	16:
268435456	268435456	64:
268435456	268435456	32:
0	0	16:
536870912	536870912	64:
536870912	536870912	32:
0	0	16:
1073741824	1073741824	64:
1073741824	1073741824	32:
0	0	16:
2147483648	2147483648	64:
2147483648	2147483648	32:
0	0	16:
4294967296	4294967296	64:
0	0	32:
0	0	16:
8589934592	8589934592	64:
0	0	32:
0	0	16:
17179869184	17179869184	64:
0	0	32:
0	0	16:
34359738368	34359738368	64:
0	0	32:
0	0	16:
68719476736	68719476736	64:
0	0	32:
0	0	16:
137438953472	137438953472	64:
0	0	32:
0	0	16:
274877906944	274877906944	64:
0	0	32:
0	0	16:
549755813888	549755813888	64:
0	0	32:
0	0	16:
1099511627776	1099511627776	64:

32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	2199023255552	2199023255552
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	4398046511104	4398046511104
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	8796093022208	8796093022208
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	17592186044416	17592186044416
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	35184372088832	35184372088832
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	70368744177664	70368744177664
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	140737488355328	140737488355328
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	281474976710656	281474976710656
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	562949953421312	562949953421312
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	1125899906842624	1125899906842624
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	2251799813685248	2251799813685248
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	4503599627370496	4503599627370496
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	9007199254740992	9007199254740992
32:	0	0

16:	0	0
64:	18014398509481984	18014398509481984
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	36028797018963968	36028797018963968
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	72057594037927936	72057594037927936
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	144115188075855872	144115188075855872
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	288230376151711744	288230376151711744
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	576460752303423488	576460752303423488
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	1152921504606846976	1152921504606846976
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	2305843009213693952	2305843009213693952
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	4611686018427387904	4611686018427387904
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	9223372036854775808	-9223372036854775808
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	0	0
32:	0	0
16:	0	0

## 1.6.2 Right Shift

Integer Division by 2. Shifts bits to the right. Do not use negative values. WARNING: Shifting on signed integers is not safe or portable.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
int main() {
    // OxF = Ob1111
    // 0x7 = 0b0111
    uint64_t u64 = 0x7FFFFFFFFFFFF;
    uint32_t u32 = 0x7FFFFFFF;
    uint16_t u16 = 0x7FFF;
    int64_t i64 = 0x7FFFFFFFFFFFF;
    int32_t i32 = 0x7FFFFFFF;
    uint16_t i16 = 0x7FFF;
    for (int i = 0; i < 64; i++) {
        u64 = u64 >> 1;
        i64 = i64 >> 1;
        u32 = u32 >> 1;
        i32 = i32 >> 1;
        u16 = u16 >> 1;
        i16 = i16 >> 1;
        printf("64: %2011u %2011d\n", u64, i64);
        printf("32: %20lu %20ld\n",
                                      u32, i32);
        printf("16: %20zu %20zd\n",
                                    u16, i16);
    }
}
64: 4611686018427387903 4611686018427387903
32:
                                   1073741823
              1073741823
16:
                   16383
                                        16383
64:
    2305843009213693951 2305843009213693951
32:
               536870911
                                    536870911
16:
                    8191
                                         8191
64: 1152921504606846975 1152921504606846975
32:
               268435455
                                    268435455
16:
                    4095
                                         4095
64:
      576460752303423487
                           576460752303423487
32:
               134217727
                                    134217727
16:
                    2047
                                         2047
64:
      288230376151711743
                           288230376151711743
32:
               67108863
                                     67108863
16:
                    1023
                                         1023
64:
      144115188075855871
                           144115188075855871
```

32:	33554431	33554431	
16:	511	511	
64:	72057594037927935	72057594037927935	
32:	16777215	16777215	
16:	255	255	
64:	36028797018963967	36028797018963967	
32:	8388607	8388607	
16:	127	127	
64:	18014398509481983	18014398509481983	
32:	4194303	4194303	
16:	63	63	
64:	9007199254740991	9007199254740991	
32:	2097151	2097151	
16:	31	31	
64:	4503599627370495	4503599627370495	
32:	1048575	1048575	
16:	15	15	
64:	2251799813685247	2251799813685247	
32:	524287	524287	
16:	7	7	
64:	1125899906842623	1125899906842623	
32:	262143	262143	
16:	3	3	
64:	562949953421311	562949953421311	
32:	131071	131071	
16:	1	1	
64:	281474976710655	281474976710655	
32:	65535	65535	
16:	0	0	
64:	140737488355327	140737488355327	
32:	32767	32767	
16:	0	0	
64:	70368744177663	70368744177663	
32:	16383	16383	
16:	0	0	
64:	35184372088831	35184372088831	
32:	8191	8191	
16:	0	0	
64:	17592186044415	17592186044415	
32:	4095	4095	

16:	0	0
64:	8796093022207	8796093022207
32:	2047	2047
16:	0	0
64:	4398046511103	4398046511103
32:	1023	1023
16:	0	0
64:	2199023255551	2199023255551
32:	511	511
16:	0	0
64:	1099511627775	1099511627775
32:	255	255
16:	0	0
64:	549755813887	549755813887
32:	127	127
16:	0	0
64:	274877906943	274877906943
32:	63	63
16:	0	0
64:	137438953471	137438953471
32:	31	31
16:	0	0
64:	68719476735	68719476735
32:	15	15
16:	0	0
64:	34359738367	34359738367
32:	7	7
16:	0	0
64:	17179869183	17179869183
32:	3	3
16:	0	0
64:	8589934591	8589934591
32:	1	1
16:	0	0
64:	4294967295	4294967295
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	2147483647	2147483647
32:	0	0
16:	0	0

64:	1073741823	1073741823
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	536870911	536870911
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	268435455	268435455
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	134217727	134217727
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	67108863	67108863
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	33554431	33554431
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	16777215	16777215
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	8388607	8388607
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	4194303	4194303
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	2097151	2097151
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	1048575	1048575
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	524287	524287
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	262143	262143
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	131071	131071

32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	65535	65535
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	32767	32767
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	16383	16383
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	8191	8191
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	4095	4095
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	2047	2047
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	1023	1023
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	511	511
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	255	255
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	127	127
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	63	63
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	31	31
32:	0	0
16:	0	0
64:	15	15
32:	0	0

```
16:
                           0
                                                     0
64:
                           7
                                                     7
32:
                           0
                                                     0
                           0
                                                     0
16:
64:
                           3
                                                     3
32:
                           0
                                                     0
                           0
                                                     0
16:
64:
                           1
                                                     1
32:
                           0
                                                     0
16:
                           0
                                                     0
64:
                           0
                                                     0
32:
                           0
                                                     0
16:
                           0
                                                     0
                                                     0
64:
                           0
32:
                                                     0
                           0
16:
                           0
                                                     0
```

## 1.6.3 Could we access the bits with shifts?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
#define BIT(x,b,y) ((x << (b-y-1)) >> (b-1))
#define BITS 32
int main() {
    // 0x7 = 0b0111
    uint32_t u32 = 0xFF770ABE;
    char str[BITS+1] = \{ '0' \};
    for (int i = 0 ; i < BITS; i++) {
        str[BITS-1-i] = (BIT(u32,BITS,i))?'1':'0';
    printf("u32: %s\n", str);
}
u32: 111111110111011100001010101111110
  1. Bitprinter.h
     #ifndef _BITPRINTER_H_
     #define _BITPRINTER_H_
     #include <inttypes.h>
```

// Warning some bad hacks here

```
#define BIT(x,b,y) ((x << (b-y-1)) >> (b-1))
#define MAXBITSTRBITS 129
static char _bitstr[MAXBITSTRBITS] = { '\0' };
static char * bitString(uint64_t value, const unsigned int bits) {
    for (unsigned int i = 0 ; i < bits; i++) {</pre>
        _bitstr[bits-1-i] = (BIT(value,bits,i))?'1':'0';
    _bitstr[bits] = '\0';
    return _bitstr;
}
static char * bitString64(uint64_t value) {
    return bitString(value,64);
static char * bitString32(uint32_t value) {
    return bitString(value,32);
static char * bitString16(uint16_t value) {
    return bitString(value,16);
static char * bitString8(uint8_t value) {
    return bitString(value,8);
}
#endif
```

#### 1.6.4 bitwise and

The & operator is bitwise complement. It means every bit of an integer is and'd.

The & operator is a binary operator.

- 0 & 0 -> 0
- $0 \& 1 \rightarrow 0$
- 1 & 0 -> 0
- 1 & 1 -> 1

```
0b011 \& 0b010 == 0b010
   0x00000001 \& 0xFFFFFFFF = 0x1
   if (0x10 & input) {
   }
#include <stdio.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
int main() {
    uint32_t pressF = 0xFFFFFFF;
    printf("Anding 1 bit\n");
    for (uint32_t i = 0 ; i < 32; i++) {
        uint32_t bit = (1 << i);
        printf("12lu & 12lu = 12lu - 0x\%08x\n",
               pressF, bit, pressF & bit, pressF & bit);
    }
    for (uint32_t i = 0 ; i < 32; i++) {
        uint32_t bit = (1 << i);
        printf("\%08x \& \%08x = \%08x\n",
               pressF, bit, pressF & bit);
    }
}
Anding 1 bit
  4294967295 &
                           1 =
                                          1 - 0x00000001
  4294967295 &
                           2 =
                                          2 - 0x00000002
  4294967295 &
                           4 =
                                          4 - 0x00000004
                                          8 - 0x00000008
  4294967295 &
                          8 =
  4294967295 &
                         16 =
                                         16 - 0x00000010
  4294967295 &
                         32 =
                                         32 - 0x00000020
                                         64 - 0x00000040
  4294967295 &
                         64 =
  4294967295 &
                         128 =
                                        128 - 0x00000080
  4294967295 &
                         256 =
                                        256 - 0x00000100
  4294967295 &
                         512 =
                                        512 - 0x00000200
                       1024 =
  4294967295 &
                                       1024 - 0x00000400
  4294967295 &
                       2048 =
                                       2048 - 0x00000800
                                       4096 - 0x00001000
  4294967295 &
                       4096 =
                       8192 =
  4294967295 &
                                       8192 - 0x00002000
  4294967295 &
                      16384 =
                                      16384 - 0x00004000
  4294967295 &
                      32768 =
                                      32768 - 0x00008000
```

```
4294967295 &
                      65536 =
                                      65536 - 0x00010000
  4294967295 &
                     131072 =
                                     131072 - 0x00020000
  4294967295 &
                     262144 =
                                     262144 - 0x00040000
  4294967295 &
                     524288 =
                                     524288 - 0x00080000
  4294967295 &
                                    1048576 - 0x00100000
                    1048576 =
                                    2097152 - 0x00200000
  4294967295 &
                    2097152 =
  4294967295 &
                    4194304 =
                                    4194304 - 0x00400000
  4294967295 &
                    8388608 =
                                    8388608 - 0x00800000
  4294967295 &
                   16777216 =
                                   16777216 - 0x01000000
  4294967295 &
                   33554432 =
                                   33554432 - 0x02000000
  4294967295 &
                   67108864 =
                                   67108864 - 0x04000000
  4294967295 &
                  134217728 =
                                  134217728 - 0x08000000
                                  268435456 - 0x10000000
  4294967295 &
                  268435456 =
  4294967295 &
                                  536870912 - 0x20000000
                  536870912 =
  4294967295 &
                 1073741824 =
                                 1073741824 - 0x40000000
  4294967295 &
                 2147483648 =
                                 2147483648 - 0x80000000
ffffffff & 00000001 = 00000001
ffffffff & 00000002 = 00000002
ffffffff & 00000004 = 00000004
ffffffff & 00000008 = 00000008
ffffffff & 00000010 = 00000010
ffffffff & 00000020 = 00000020
ffffffff & 00000040 = 00000040
ffffffff & 00000080 = 00000080
ffffffff & 00000100 = 00000100
ffffffff & 00000200 = 00000200
ffffffff & 00000400 = 00000400
ffffffff & 00000800 = 00000800
ffffffff & 00001000 = 00001000
ffffffff & 00002000 = 00002000
ffffffff & 00004000 = 00004000
ffffffff & 00008000 = 00008000
ffffffff & 00010000 = 00010000
ffffffff & 00020000 = 00020000
ffffffff & 00040000 = 00040000
ffffffff & 00080000 = 00080000
ffffffff & 00100000 = 00100000
ffffffff & 00200000 = 00200000
ffffffff & 00400000 = 00400000
ffffffff & 00800000 = 00800000
```

```
ffffffff & 01000000 = 01000000
ffffffff & 02000000 = 02000000
ffffffff & 04000000 = 04000000
ffffffff & 08000000 = 08000000
ffffffff & 10000000 = 10000000
ffffffff & 20000000 = 20000000
ffffffff & 40000000 = 40000000
ffffffff & 80000000 = 80000000
  1. Uses of &
     (a) Checking for bits
         #include <inttypes.h>
         #include <stdio.h>
         // 0x1L MUST be used 0x1 causes bugs
         #define BIT(x,y) (x & (0x1L \ll y))
         int main() {
             printf("%lu\n",sizeof(0x1L));
             printf("%lu\n",sizeof(0x1));
         }
         8
         #include <inttypes.h>
         #include <stdio.h>
         // 0x1L MUST be used 0x1 causes bugs
         #define BIT(x,y) (x & (0x1L \ll y))
         int main() {
             uint64_t interesting = 0x0123456789ABCDEF;
             puts("Lets see some bits!");
             for (size_t i = 64 ; i > 0; i--) {
                 putchar(BIT(interesting, i-1)?'1':'0');
             putchar('\n');
             for (size_t i = 0 ; i < 64; i++) {
```

```
putchar('0' + i%10);
      putchar('\n');
   }
   Lets see some bits!
   0123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123\\
(b) Bit Printing
   & is way safer than shift for bit printing.
   #include <inttypes.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   // 0x1L MUST be used 0x1 causes bugs
   #define BIT(x,y) (x & (0x1L << y))
   #define MAXBITSTRBITS 129
   static char _bitstr[MAXBITSTRBITS] = { '\0' };
   static char * bitString(uint64_t value, const unsigned int bits) {
      // iterator must be uint64_t
      for (uint64_t i = 0 ; i < bits; i++) {
           char bit = (BIT(value,i))?'1':'0';
           _bitstr[bits-1-i] = bit;
       _bitstr[bits] = '\0';
      return _bitstr;
   }
   int main() {
      uint64_t interesting[] = {
           0x7F,
           0xFF,
           OxFFF,
           OxABE4BEEF,
          0x777777777,
           OxFFFFFFFFF,
           0xABCDEF01234,
           0x7FFFFFFFFFFFF,
          Oxffffffffffff,
      };
```

```
const size_t nints = sizeof(interesting)/sizeof(uint64_t);
 printf("Interesting numbers!\n");
 for (size_t i = 0 ; i < nints; i++) {
   printf("%16lx %20llu %s\n",
     interesting[i],
     interesting[i],
     bitString(interesting[i],64)
   );
 }
 printf("Interesting[0] & Interesting[1]\n");
 for (size_t i = 0 ; i < nints; i++) {</pre>
   printf("%s\n",
     bitString(interesting[i] & interesting[(i+1)%nints],64)
   );
 }
}
Interesting numbers!
     7f
             ff
             fff
            abe4beef
  777777777
         513105426295 0000000000000000000000001110111011
  fffffffff
         11806310404660 000000000000000000010101111001101111
 abcdef01234
Interesting[0] & Interesting[1]
```

#### 1.6.5 bitwise OR

The | operator is bitwise complement. It is the or operator between bits.

The | operator is a binary operator.

```
• 0 \mid 0 -> 0
   • 0 \mid 1 -> 1
   • 1 \mid 0 -> 1
   • 1 | 1 -> 1
#include <stdio.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
int main() {
    uint32_t pressF = 0xFFFFFFF;
    printf("ORing 1 bit\n");
    for (uint32_t i = 0 ; i < 32; i++) {
        uint32_t bit = (1 << i);
        printf("0x\%08x \& 0x\%08x = 0x\%08x\n",
               pressF, bit, pressF | bit);
    }
    pressF = 0x111111111;
    for (uint32_t i = 0 ; i < 32; i++) {
        uint32_t bit = (1 << i);
        printf("0x\%08x \& 0x\%08x = 0x\%08x\n",
               pressF, bit, pressF | bit);
    }
}
ORing 1 bit
0xffffffff & 0x00000001 = 0xffffffff
Oxffffffff & Ox00000002 = Oxffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00000004 = 0xffffffff
Oxffffffff & Ox00000008 = Oxffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00000010 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00000020 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00000040 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00000080 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00000100 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00000200 = 0xffffffff
```

```
Oxffffffff & Ox00000400 = Oxffffffff
Oxffffffff & Ox00000800 = Oxffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00001000 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00002000 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00004000 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00008000 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00010000 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00020000 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00040000 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00080000 = 0xffffffff
Oxffffffff & Ox00100000 = Oxffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00200000 = 0xffffffff
Oxffffffff & Ox00400000 = Oxffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x00800000 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x01000000 = 0xffffffff
Oxffffffff & Ox02000000 = Oxffffffff
0xfffffffff & 0x04000000 = 0xfffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x08000000 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x10000000 = 0xffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x20000000 = 0xffffffff
Oxffffffff & Ox40000000 = Oxffffffff
0xffffffff & 0x80000000 = 0xffffffff
0x111111111 & 0x00000001 = 0x111111111
0x111111111 & 0x00000002 = 0x111111113
0x111111111 & 0x00000004 = 0x111111115
0x111111111 & 0x00000008 = 0x111111119
0x111111111 & 0x00000010 = 0x111111111
0x111111111 & 0x00000020 = 0x11111131
0x111111111 & 0x00000040 = 0x11111151
0x111111111 & 0x00000080 = 0x111111191
0x111111111 & 0x00000100 = 0x111111111
0x111111111 & 0x00000200 = 0x11111311
0x111111111 & 0x00000400 = 0x11111511
0x111111111 & 0x00000800 = 0x111111911
0x111111111 & 0x00001000 = 0x111111111
0x111111111 & 0x00002000 = 0x11113111
0x111111111 & 0x00004000 = 0x11115111
0x111111111 & 0x00008000 = 0x11119111
0x111111111 & 0x00010000 = 0x111111111
0x111111111 & 0x00020000 = 0x11131111
```

```
0x111111111 & 0x00040000 = 0x11151111

0x111111111 & 0x00100000 = 0x11191111

0x111111111 & 0x00100000 = 0x111111111

0x111111111 & 0x00200000 = 0x11311111

0x111111111 & 0x00400000 = 0x11511111

0x111111111 & 0x00800000 = 0x11911111

0x111111111 & 0x01000000 = 0x11911111

0x111111111 & 0x02000000 = 0x13111111

0x111111111 & 0x04000000 = 0x15111111

0x111111111 & 0x08000000 = 0x19111111

0x111111111 & 0x10000000 = 0x11111111

0x111111111 & 0x20000000 = 0x31111111

0x111111111 & 0x40000000 = 0x51111111

0x111111111 & 0x40000000 = 0x51111111
```

## 1. Uses of |

We mostly use | to combine bits together for arguments to functions.

#### 1.6.6 bitwise XOR

The ^ operator is bitwise exclusive OR. It is the XOR operator between bits. It differs from or because when both inputs bits are hot the result in 0.

The ^ operator is a binary operator.

- $0 \mid 0 -> 0$
- $0 \mid 1 -> 1$
- $1 \mid 0 -> 1$
- 1 | 1 -> 0

```
}
    pressF = 0x111111111;
    for (uint32_t i = 0 ; i < 32; i++) {
        uint32_t bit = (1 << i);
        printf("0x\%08x \& 0x\%08x = 0x\%08x\n",
               pressF, bit, pressF ^ bit);
    }
}
ORing 1 bit
Oxffffffff & Ox00000001 = Oxfffffffe
Oxffffffff & Ox00000002 = Oxfffffffd
Oxfffffffff & Ox00000004 = Oxfffffffb
Oxffffffff & Ox00000008 = Oxfffffff7
0xffffffff & 0x00000010 = 0xffffffef
0xffffffff & 0x00000020 = 0xffffffdf
0xffffffff & 0x00000040 = 0xffffffbf
0xffffffff & 0x00000080 = 0xfffffffff
Oxffffffff & Ox00000100 = Oxfffffeff
Oxffffffff & Ox00000200 = Oxfffffdff
0xffffffff & 0x00000400 = 0xfffffbff
0xffffffff & 0x00000800 = 0xfffffffff
Oxffffffff & Ox00001000 = Oxffffefff
Oxffffffff & Ox00002000 = Oxffffdfff
0xffffffff & 0x00004000 = 0xffffbfff
0xffffffff & 0x00008000 = 0xffff7fff
Oxffffffff & Ox00010000 = Oxfffeffff
0xffffffff & 0x00020000 = 0xfffdffff
0xfffffffff & 0x00040000 = 0xfffbffff
0xffffffff & 0x00080000 = 0xfff7ffff
Oxffffffff & Ox00100000 = Oxffefffff
0xffffffff & 0x00200000 = 0xffdfffff
Oxffffffff & Ox00400000 = Oxffbfffff
0xffffffff & 0x00800000 = 0xff7fffff
Oxffffffff & Ox01000000 = Oxfeffffff
0xffffffff & 0x02000000 = 0xfdffffff
0xffffffff & 0x04000000 = 0xfbffffff
0xffffffff & 0x08000000 = 0xf7ffffff
Oxffffffff & Ox10000000 = Oxefffffff
0xffffffff & 0x20000000 = 0xdfffffff
```

```
0xffffffff & 0x40000000 = 0xbfffffff
0xffffffff & 0x80000000 = 0x7fffffff
0x111111111 & 0x00000001 = 0x111111110
0x111111111 & 0x00000002 = 0x11111113
0x111111111 & 0x00000004 = 0x111111115
0x111111111 & 0x00000008 = 0x111111119
0x111111111 & 0x00000010 = 0x111111101
0x111111111 & 0x00000020 = 0x11111131
0x111111111 & 0x00000040 = 0x11111151
0x111111111 & 0x00000080 = 0x111111191
0x111111111 & 0x00000100 = 0x11111011
0x111111111 & 0x00000200 = 0x11111311
0x111111111 & 0x00000400 = 0x11111511
0x111111111 & 0x00000800 = 0x111111911
0x111111111 & 0x00001000 = 0x11110111
0x111111111 & 0x00002000 = 0x11113111
0x111111111 & 0x00004000 = 0x11115111
0x111111111 & 0x00008000 = 0x11119111
0x111111111 & 0x00010000 = 0x11101111
0x111111111 & 0x00020000 = 0x11131111
0x111111111 & 0x00040000 = 0x11151111
0x111111111 & 0x00080000 = 0x11191111
0x111111111 & 0x00100000 = 0x11011111
0x111111111 & 0x00200000 = 0x11311111
0x111111111 & 0x00400000 = 0x11511111
0x111111111 & 0x00800000 = 0x11911111
0x111111111 & 0x01000000 = 0x10111111
0x111111111 & 0x02000000 = 0x13111111
0x111111111 & 0x04000000 = 0x15111111
0x111111111 & 0x08000000 = 0x19111111
0x111111111 & 0x10000000 = 0x01111111
0x111111111 & 0x20000000 = 0x31111111
0x111111111 & 0x40000000 = 0x511111111
0x111111111 & 0x80000000 = 0x91111111
```

### 1. Uses of ^

XOR has interesting properties.

$$a \hat{b} a = b$$

So if we send a message of a<sup>b</sup> we can decode the message of (a<sup>b</sup>)<sup>b</sup>

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
void encrypt(char * output, const char * key, char * input) {
    const size_t keylen
                          = strlen(key);
    const size_t inputlen = strlen(input);
    for (size_t i = 0 ; i < inputlen; i++) {</pre>
        output[i] = input[i] ^ key[i%keylen];
    output[inputlen] = '\0';
}
int main() {
    const char * key = "EATFOOD";
    const size_t keylen = strlen(key);
    char * input = "I enjoy olive bread";
    char output [1024] = {'\0'};
    encrypt(output, key, input);
   printf("Encrypted: %s\n", output);
    encrypt(output, key, output);
   printf("Encrypted Again: %s\n", output);
}
Encrypted:
a1(\% = e.8/9*d'31'+
Encrypted Again: I enjoy olive bread
```

## 1.6.7 bitwise complement

The  $\tilde{\ }$  operator is bitwise complement. It means every bit is notted The  $\tilde{\ }$  operator is a unary operator.

- 0 -> 1
- 1 -> 0

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
int main() {
    uint8_t u8 = 0;
    for (uint32_t i = 0 ; i < 256; i+=6) {</pre>
```

```
u8 = (uint8_t)i;
        // be careful about how you deal with chars
        printf("%3hhu %3hhu\t-- %3u %3u\n",
               u8, ~u8, u8, ~u8);
    }
}
0 255 --
           0 4294967295
  6 249 --
             6 4294967289
 12 243 -- 12 4294967283
 18 237 --
            18 4294967277
 24 231 --
            24 4294967271
 30 225 --
            30 4294967265
 36 219 --
            36 4294967259
 42 213 --
            42 4294967253
 48 207 --
            48 4294967247
 54 201 --
            54 4294967241
 60 195 --
            60 4294967235
 66 189 --
            66 4294967229
 72 183 --
            72 4294967223
 78 177 --
            78 4294967217
 84 171 -- 84 4294967211
 90 165 --
            90 4294967205
 96 159 -- 96 4294967199
102 153 -- 102 4294967193
108 147 -- 108 4294967187
114 141 -- 114 4294967181
120 135 -- 120 4294967175
126 129 -- 126 4294967169
132 123 -- 132 4294967163
138 117 -- 138 4294967157
144 111 -- 144 4294967151
150 105 -- 150 4294967145
     99 -- 156 4294967139
     93 -- 162 4294967133
162
168
    87 -- 168 4294967127
174 81 -- 174 4294967121
180
    75 -- 180 4294967115
186
     69 -- 186 4294967109
192 63 -- 192 4294967103
```

```
198
   57 -- 198 4294967097
    51 -- 204 4294967091
210
    45 -- 210 4294967085
216
    39 -- 216 4294967079
222
    33 -- 222 4294967073
228
    27 -- 228 4294967067
234
    21 -- 234 4294967061
240
    15 -- 240 4294967055
246
      9 -- 246 4294967049
252
      3 -- 252 4294967043
```

### 1.6.8 Flags

In C flags are often used. Flags are parameters who's bits indicate if some option is chosen.

'man 2 open' has the open function

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
int open(const char *pathname, int flags);
```

open is part of POSIX systems like linux. open takes a file name (pathname) and takes flags:

- $\bullet$  O<sub>RDONLY</sub> Read the file
- O<sub>WRONLY</sub> Write to the file
- O<sub>RDWR</sub> Read and Write to the file
- $\bullet$   $\,{\rm O_{CREAT}}$   ${\rm CREATE}$  the file if it doesn't exist
- O<sub>APPEND</sub> append to existing file

But how do we open a file for writing that creates a new file with only 1 argument?

The bitwise | operator!

 $O_{WRONLY} \mid O_{CREAT}$  will allow us to open a file for writing that will create the file on disk if it doesn't already exist!

```
// in /usr/include/asm-generic/fcntl.h (used by fcntl.h)
// we see the definitions:
#define O_ACCMODE 00000003
#define O_RDONLY 00000000
#define O_WRONLY 0000001
#define O_RDWR 00000002
#ifndef O_CREAT
#define O_CREAT 00000100 /* not fcntl */
#ifndef O_EXCL
#define O_EXCL 00000200 /* not fcntl */
#endif
#ifndef O_NOCTTY
#define O_NOCTTY 00000400 /* not fcntl */
#endif
#ifndef O_TRUNC
#define O_TRUNC 00001000 /* not fcntl */
#endif
#ifndef O_APPEND
#define O_APPEND 00002000
#endif
open("~/.bashrc", O_RDONLY); // open ~/.bashrc for read only access
open("/tmp/map.txt", O_WRONLY | O_CREATE); // open /tmp/map.txt to write to it
open("./log.txt", O_WRONLY | O_CREATE | O_APPEND); // open ./map.txt to write to it or
// So
O_WRONLY | O_CREATE
                                == 00000101 (00000001 | 00000100)
O_WRONLY | O_CREATE | O_APPEND == 00002101 (00000001 | 00000100 | 00002000)
// Question wht number format are they using to define these flags?
   warning: open is just an example. Please use fopen if you want to read
/ write files.
   warning: flags should only be unsigned integers
   warning: flags must be not 0
  1. Expected Flag use:
     Use | to set a flag: FLAG1 | FLAG2
     Use & to check a flag: input & FLAG1
```

```
Watch out testing for truth and combining flags
To check for FLAG1 and FLAG2 being hot you should:
'if (input & FLAG1 && input & FLAG2) '
or
'if (input & (FLAG1 | FLAG2) == (FLAG1 | FLAG2))'
It's very convoluted so don't get too complicated
This is a bug: 'if (input & (FLAG1 | FLAG2))'
It actually just checks if you have either FLAG1 or FLAG2.
```

### 2. Flags Example

Hazel talks in depth about pizza

 $\bullet \ \, \texttt{https://docs.google.com/document/d/1S-I-OthHf0mgNZXnTSOvyx51SduQwsbHYMmVPLtT1} \\ \ \, \texttt{edit}\# \\$ 

```
#include <inttypes.h>
#include <stdio.h>
enum pizza_toppings {
    CHEESE
                    = 0x1,
   THINCRUST
                    = 0x2,
   THICKCRUST
                   = 0x4
                   = 0x8,
   TOMATOSAUCE
    BLACKMETALSAUCE = 0x10,
    CORN
                   = 0x20, // Hazel's favourite topping
                  = 0x40,
    ONIONS
                  = 0x80,
   MYSTERYMEAT
};
typedef uint32_t PizzaFlags;
void printPizza(PizzaFlags pizza) {
    // Don't do what doctor hindle does.
    // you should use a loop over the constants instead
   printf("A pizza of %s%s%s%s%s%s%s%s.\n",
           (pizza & CHEESE)?"cheese, ":"",
           (pizza & THINCRUST)?"thin crust, ":"",
           (pizza & THICKCRUST)?"thick crust, ":"",
```

```
(pizza & TOMATOSAUCE)?"tomato sauce, ":"",
           (pizza & BLACKMETALSAUCE)?"black metal sauce, ":"",
           (pizza & CORN)?"corn (srsly?), ":"",
           (pizza & ONIONS)?"onions, ":"",
           (pizza & MYSTERYMEAT)?"exotic meats, ":""
    );
}
void violation(PizzaFlags pizza) {
    // Not all pizzas are created equal
    if (pizza & THINCRUST && pizza & THICKCRUST) {
        printf("WARNING: Impossible to make a thin / thick crust pizza!\n");
    if (pizza & CORN) {
        printf("WARNING: Corn? REALLY?\n");
    if (pizza == (CHEESE | THINCRUST) || pizza == (CHEESE | THICKCRUST)) {
        printf("WARNING: SPAAAAAAARTA, or spartan.\n");
    }
}
int main() {
    printf("OK build some pizza using |\n\n\n");
   printPizza(CHEESE | CORN);
   printPizza(CHEESE | THINCRUST | BLACKMETALSAUCE | CORN | MYSTERYMEAT);
    printf("\n\nOK build some pizza via iteration\n\n\n");
    for (uint32_t i = 0; i < 0x8F; i++) {
        printPizza((PizzaFlags)i);
    }
    // Check the pizza
    printf("\n\nOK check some pizzas yo\n\n");
    PizzaFlags pizza = CHEESE | CORN | THINCRUST | THICKCRUST;
    printPizza(pizza);
   violation(pizza);
   pizza = CHEESE | CORN | THINCRUST;
   printPizza(pizza);
    violation(pizza);
    pizza = CHEESE | THINCRUST;
    printPizza(pizza);
    violation(pizza);
    // TOGGLE
    printf("\n\nLet's use XOR to toggle flags!\n");
```

```
pizza = CHEESE | CORN | THINCRUST | THICKCRUST;
    pizza = pizza ^ CORN; // NOPE
    pizza = pizza ^ THINCRUST; // NOPE
    printPizza(pizza);
    violation(pizza);
    pizza = pizza ^ CORN; // CORN IS BACK!
    printPizza(pizza);
    violation(pizza);
}
OK build some pizza using |
A pizza of cheese, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), exotic meats, .
OK build some pizza via iteration
A pizza of .
A pizza of cheese, .
A pizza of thin crust, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, .
A pizza of thick crust, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, .
A pizza of tomato sauce, .
A pizza of cheese, tomato sauce, .
A pizza of thin crust, tomato sauce, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, tomato sauce, .
A pizza of thick crust, tomato sauce, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, tomato sauce, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, .
A pizza of black metal sauce, .
```

```
A pizza of cheese, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of thin crust, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of thick crust, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of tomato sauce, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of cheese, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of thin crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, .
A pizza of corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of thin crust, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of thick crust, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of thin crust, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of thick crust, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of thin crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of thick crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
```

```
A pizza of cheese, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of thin crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?)
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn
A pizza of onions, .
A pizza of cheese, onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, onions, .
A pizza of thick crust, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, onions, .
A pizza of tomato sauce, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, tomato sauce, onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, tomato sauce, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, tomato sauce, onions, .
A pizza of thick crust, tomato sauce, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, tomato sauce, onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, onions, .
A pizza of black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of thick crust, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of tomato sauce, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, onion
```

A pizza of corn (srsly?), onions, .

```
A pizza of cheese, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of thick crust, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of thick crust, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, corn (srsly?), onions,
A pizza of black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of thick crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), onic
A pizza of tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of thin crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), on:
A pizza of thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), onions, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?), or
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn (srsly?)
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, black metal sauce, corn
A pizza of exotic meats, .
A pizza of cheese, exotic meats, .
A pizza of thin crust, exotic meats, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, exotic meats, .
A pizza of thick crust, exotic meats, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, exotic meats, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, exotic meats, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, exotic meats, .
A pizza of tomato sauce, exotic meats, .
```

```
A pizza of cheese, tomato sauce, exotic meats, .
A pizza of thin crust, tomato sauce, exotic meats, .
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, tomato sauce, exotic meats, .
A pizza of thick crust, tomato sauce, exotic meats, .
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, tomato sauce, exotic meats, .
A pizza of thin crust, thick crust, tomato sauce, exotic meats, .
OK check some pizzas yo
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, thick crust, corn (srsly?), .
WARNING: Impossible to make a thin / thick crust pizza!
WARNING: Corn? REALLY?
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, corn (srsly?), .
WARNING: Corn? REALLY?
A pizza of cheese, thin crust, .
WARNING: SPAAAAAAAARTA, or spartan.
Let's use XOR to toggle flags!
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, .
WARNING: SPAAAAAAAARTA, or spartan.
A pizza of cheese, thick crust, corn (srsly?), .
WARNING: Corn? REALLY?
```

#### 1.6.9 PRACTICE and More resources

- PLEASE Read Hazel's Notes on the subject
  - https://docs.google.com/document/d/1S-I-OthHf0mgNZXnTSOvyx5lSduQwsbHYMmVPLtTl edit#
  - UAlberta accounts only
- Please READ CHAPTER 20 OF THE TEXTBOOK. Then practice your binary skills!
  - http://www.free-test-online.com/binary/hex2bin.htm
  - http://www.free-test-online.com/binary/binary2hex.htm
  - http://www.free-test-online.com/binary/add\_binary.htm
  - https://web.stanford.edu/class/cs107/lab1/practice.html

#### 1.6.10 BitFields

```
struct bitfield {
    unsigned int b0: 1;
    unsigned int b1:
    unsigned int b2:
    unsigned int b3: 8;
    unsigned int b4: 16;
    unsigned int b5: 1;
    //unsigned int b6: 1;
};
int main() {
    struct bitfield b = { 0, 3, 12, 242, 65000 };
    printf("%hhu %hhu %hhu %hhu %hu\n", b.b0, b.b1, b.b2, b.b3, b.b4);
    printf("size: %lu\n", sizeof(b));
}
0 3 12 242 65000
size: 4
```

### 1. Chmod example

Let's try bitfields and unix file permissions!

- 1 execute
- 2 write
- 4 read
- 7 read | write | execute

```
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ touch what
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ ls -l what
-rw-r--r- 1 hindle1 hindle1 0 Mar 26 10:14 what
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ echo NEAT > what
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ cat what
NEAT
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ ls -l what
-rw-r--r- 1 hindle1 hindle1 5 Mar 26 10:14 what
```

```
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ chmod 000 what
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ cat what
cat: what: Permission denied
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ ls -l what
----- 1 hindle1 hindle1 5 Mar 26 10:14 what
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ chmod 444 what
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ ls -l
total 4
-r--r-- 1 hindle1 hindle1 5 Mar 26 10:14 what
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ cat what
NEAT
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ echo echo do I hear an echo > what
-bash: what: Permission denied
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ chmod 666 what
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ echo echo do I hear an echo > what
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ cat what
echo do I hear an echo
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ ./what
-bash: ./what: Permission denied
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ chmod 777 what
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ ./what
do I hear an echo
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ cat what
echo do I hear an echo
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ chmod 711 what
@piggy:/tmp/coolbears$ ls -l what
-rwx--x-x 1 hindle1 hindle1 23 Mar 26 10:15 what
Let's go to that chmod example I gave you where I set the
#include <stdio.h>
struct unixperms {
    unsigned int execute: 1;
    unsigned int write: 1;
    unsigned int read: 1;
    unsigned int: 5; // try filling up to the next storage unit see what happens
};
// these don't stack well
struct fullperms {
```

```
struct unixperms user;
   struct unixperms group;
   struct unixperms all;
};
// GCC is OK with this but clang is not so impressed
union unixpun {
    unsigned int uint;
    struct unixperms perm;
};
union fullpun {
    unsigned char bytes[sizeof(struct fullperms)];
    struct fullperms perm;
};
int main() {
    union unixpun nonePun
                                   = { .perm=(struct unixperms){0,0,0} };
    union unixpun readPun
                                   = { .perm=(struct unixperms){0,0,1} };
                                   = { .perm=(struct unixperms){0,1,1} };
    union unixpun readWritePun
    union unixpun readWriteExecPun = { .perm=(struct unixperms){1,1,1} };
    union unixpun readExecPun
                                   = { .perm=(struct unixperms){1,0,1} };
    union unixpun puns[] = { nonePun, readPun, readWritePun,
                             readWriteExecPun, readExecPun };
    char * names[] = { "nonePun", "readPun", "readWritePun",
                             "readWriteExecPun", "readExecPun" };
    size_t npuns = sizeof(puns)/sizeof(puns[0]);
    printf("sizeof(struct unixperms)=%lu\n",sizeof(struct unixperms));
    for (size_t i = 0; i < npuns; i++) {
        printf("Pun:%16s E:%hhu W:%hhu R:%hhu [%4hhu] [%08x]\n", names[i],
              puns[i].perm.execute,
              puns[i].perm.write,
              puns[i].perm.read,
              puns[i].uint, // here's the undefined behaviour
              puns[i].uint // here's the undefined behaviour
        );
    }
    struct fullperms aFile = { readExecPun.perm, readExecPun.perm, nonePun.perm }
    union fullpun fullPun = { .perm=aFile };
    printf("sizeof(fullPun)==%lu\n", sizeof(fullPun));
    for (size_t i = 0 ; i < sizeof(struct fullperms); i++) {</pre>
```

```
puts("");
   printf("^^^ well that is confusing\n");
    // Let's do this better
    struct betterunixperms {
        unsigned int ue: 1;
        unsigned int uw: 1;
        unsigned int ur: 1;
        unsigned int ge: 1;
        unsigned int gw: 1;
        unsigned int gr: 1;
        unsigned int ae: 1;
        unsigned int aw: 1;
        unsigned int ar: 1;
        unsigned int: 7; // pad
    };
    struct chmod {
        unsigned int u: 3;
        unsigned int g: 3;
        unsigned int a: 3;
        unsigned int: 7; // pad
    };
    union chmodb {
         struct chmod ch;
         struct betterunixperms bits;
         unsigned short ushort;
         unsigned int uint;
    };
    union chmodb ch = \{ .ch=\{7,1,0\} \};
    printf("sizeof(betterunixperms)==%lu\n",sizeof(struct betterunixperms));
   printf("sizeof(chmod)==%lu\n",sizeof(struct chmod));
   printf("sizeof(chmodb)==%lu\n",sizeof(union chmodb));
    printf("Better? %o %o %o %03o\n", ch.ch.u, ch.ch.g, ch.ch.a,
           ch.uint);
}
sizeof(struct unixperms)=4
```

printf("%02x", fullPun.bytes[i]);

```
nonePun E:0 W:0 R:0 [
                                      0] [00000000]
Pun:
Pun:
             readPun E:0 W:0 R:1 [
                                      4] [00000004]
        readWritePun E:0 W:1 R:1 [
Pun:
                                      6] [00000006]
Pun:readWriteExecPun E:1 W:1 R:1 [
                                      7] [00000007]
Pun:
         readExecPun E:1 W:0 R:1 [
                                      5] [00000005]
sizeof(fullPun)==12
05000000500000000000000
^^^ well that is confusing
sizeof(betterunixperms)==4
sizeof(chmod)==4
sizeof(chmodb)==4
Better? 7 1 0 017
```

# 1.7 Floating Point Numbers

### 1.7.1 Resources

Helpful resources:

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IEEE\_754
- http://steve.hollasch.net/cgindex/coding/ieeefloat.html

## 1.7.2 Single precision IEEE754 floating point numbers

- -126 to 127
- Fraction: 24 bits (only 23 used). The first bit is implied.

```
Value
Sign (1 bit)
       Exponent (8 bit)
                           Fraction (23 bit)
                                            base 2
                  b10
                      1/8 + 1/32
     0
            01111100
                   -3
                                       0.15625
     1
                      01111100
                   -3
                                       -0.15625
     0
            01111100
                      -0.15625
     0
            00000000
                      0
                                          -0
     1
            00000000
                      2^{65}
     0
            11000000
                   65
                      3.68e + 19
     1
            11111111
                    0
                      -inf
     0
                    0
                      inf
            11111111
     0
                    0
                      11111111
                                         nan
     0
                      00000000000000000000000000001
            11111111
                                         nan
```

- Neat design trick: you can sort them as signed integers (two's complement)!
- -0 is right before 0 for signed integer sorting

```
0 01111100 -3 0100000000000000000000 0.15625 1/8 + 1/32 0.15625 to floating point. Implied bit is pow(2,-3) pow(2,-3) + 0*pow(2,-4) + 1*pow(2,-5) (pow(2,5)==32, pow(2,-5) = 1/32.0)
```

## 1.7.3 Let's explore the bits of floats

```
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
// 0x1L MUST be used 0x1 causes bugs
#define BIT(x,y) (x & (0x1L \ll y))
#define MAXBITSTRBITS 129
static char _bitstr[MAXBITSTRBITS] = { '\0' };
static char * bitString(uint64_t value, const unsigned int bits) {
    // iterator must be uint64_t
    for (uint64_t i = 0 ; i < bits; i++) {
        char bit = (BIT(value,i))?'1':'0';
        _bitstr[bits-1-i] = bit;
    }
    _bitstr[bits] = '\0';
    return _bitstr;
}
```

```
// NOT PORTABLE
struct float_t {
    unsigned int mantissa:23; // LOWEST
    unsigned int exponent:8;
    unsigned int sign:1; // HIGHEST
};
// type pun for fun!
union floatint {
    float f;
    uint32_t i;
    struct float_t t;
};
int main() {
    float floats[] = {
        0.0,
       -0.0,
        INFINITY,
       -INFINITY,
        NAN,
        0.00001,
        0.0001,
        0.001,
        0.01,
        0.1,
        1.0,
        1/64.0,
        1/32.0,
        1/16.0,
        1/8.0,
        1/4.0,
        1/2.0,
        1.0,
        2.0,
        4.0,
        128.0,
        65536.0,
        0.15625,
```

```
-0.15625,
       36893488147419103232.0, // 2**65
        -36893488147419103232.0 // 2**65
   };
   size_t nfloats = sizeof(floats)/sizeof(float);
   printf("We're printing floats!\n");
   printf("sizeof(floatint) == %lu\n", sizeof(union floatint));
   printf("sizeof(float_t) == %lu\n", sizeof(struct float_t));
   for (size_t i = 0; i < nfloats; i++) {</pre>
       float f = floats[i];
       union floatint fi = {.f=f};
       printf("%12g 0x%08x 0b%s\n", f, fi.i, bitString(fi.i, 32));
       printf("%12g 0x%08x sign: %hhu exponent: %3hhu exp-127: %4d mantissa: 0x%06x\n
              f,
              fi.i,
              fi.t.sign,
              fi.t.exponent,
              (int)fi.t.exponent - (int)127,
              fi.t.mantissa
       );
        /* // We don't need bitfields
       printf("%12g %08x sign: %hhu exponent: %hhu exp-127: %4d mantissa: 0x%06x\n",
              f,
              fi.i,
              (fi.i >> 31),
              ((fi.i << 1) >> 24),
               (int)((fi.i << 1) >> 24) - (int)127,
              (fi.i & 0x007FFFFF)
       );
       */
   }
   puts("");
}
We're printing floats!
sizeof(floatint) == 4
sizeof(float_t) == 4
          0 0x00000000 sign: 0 exponent:
                                           0 exp-127: -127 mantissa: 0x000000
```

```
-0 0x80000000 sign: 1 exponent:
                           0 exp-127: -127 mantissa: 0x000000
   inf 0x7f800000 sign: 0 exponent: 255 exp-127: 128 mantissa: 0x000000
  -inf 0xff800000 sign: 1 exponent: 255 exp-127:
                                    128 mantissa: 0x000000
   nan 0x7fc00000 sign: 0 exponent: 255 exp-127:
                                    128 mantissa: 0x400000
  1e-05 0x3727c5ac 0b00110111001001111100010110101100
  1e-05 0x3727c5ac sign: 0 exponent: 110 exp-127:
                                    -17 mantissa: 0x27c5ac
 0.0001 0x38d1b717 0b00111000110100011011011100010111
 0.0001 0x38d1b717 sign: 0 exponent: 113 exp-127:
                                    -14 mantissa: 0x51b717
  0.001 0x3a83126f 0b00111010100000110001001001101111
  0.001 0x3a83126f sign: 0 exponent: 117 exp-127:
                                    -10 mantissa: 0x03126f
  0.01 0x3c23d70a 0b00111100001000111101011100001010
  0.01 0x3c23d70a sign: 0 exponent: 120 exp-127:
                                    -7 mantissa: 0x23d70a
   0.1 0x3dcccccd 0b0011110111001100110011001101
   0.1 0x3dcccccd sign: 0 exponent: 123 exp-127:
                                    -4 mantissa: 0x4cccd
    1 0x3f800000 sign: 0 exponent: 127 exp-127:
                                     0 mantissa: 0x000000
0.015625 0x3c800000 sign: 0 exponent: 121 exp-127:
                                    -6 mantissa: 0x000000
0.03125 0x3d000000 sign: 0 exponent: 122 exp-127:
                                    -5 mantissa: 0x000000
 0.0625 0x3d800000 sign: 0 exponent: 123 exp-127:
                                    -4 mantissa: 0x000000
  0.125 0x3e000000 sign: 0 exponent: 124 exp-127:
                                    -3 mantissa: 0x000000
  0.25 0x3e800000 sign: 0 exponent: 125 exp-127:
                                    -2 mantissa: 0x000000
   0.5 0x3f000000 sign: 0 exponent: 126 exp-127:
                                    -1 mantissa: 0x000000
    1 0x3f800000 sign: 0 exponent: 127 exp-127:
                                     0 mantissa: 0x000000
    2 0x40000000 sign: 0 exponent: 128 exp-127:
                                     1 mantissa: 0x000000
    4 0x40800000 sign: 0 exponent: 129 exp-127:
                                     2 mantissa: 0x000000
   128 0x43000000 sign: 0 exponent: 134 exp-127:
                                     7 mantissa: 0x000000
```

## 1.7.4 How do I avoid typepunning?

The C99 is OK with union type punning:-/

The "blessed" way that is C11 compatible is memcpy.

Bitfields are generally considered "CURSED" due to platform specific behaviour.