

CS6650 Assignment3

1. Github repo url:

<https://github.com/IreneZ723/CS6650Assignment3>

2. Server Design:

2.1 LikeServlet:

This servlet handles HTTP POST requests related to album likes or dislikes. It is mapped to the `"/review/*"` URL pattern. The servlet uses RabbitMQ to send messages indicating album likes or dislikes. Messages are sent to the "review" queue.

Methods:

- `init()`: Initializes the servlet by creating a RabbitMQ connection factory.
- `doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)`: Handles HTTP POST requests, extracting like/dislike information from the request URL, updating the likes/dislikes, and sending a message to the RabbitMQ queue.
- `performReview(String likeOrNot, String albumID)`: Implements the logic to update likes or dislikes for a given albumID.
- `sendToQueue(String msg)`: Sends a message to the RabbitMQ queue.

2.2 Consumer:

This class is responsible for consuming messages from the RabbitMQ queue and updating the database accordingly.

Methods:

- `main(String[] argv)`: Initializes the necessary components, creates a pool of threads to consume messages, and shuts down the thread pool when done.
- `consumeMessages()`: Consumes messages from the RabbitMQ queue and updates the database.

Dependencies:

`LikeDao`: Handles database operations related to album likes and dislikes.

`DBCPDataSource`: Provides a `DataSource` for obtaining database connections.

`ExecutorService`: Manages a pool of threads for message consumption.

RabbitMQ Integration:

The consumer connects to the "review" queue in RabbitMQ.

Multiple threads are used to concurrently consume messages from the queue.

Each thread processes the received message by updating the database using `LikeDao`.

2.3 Relationships:

The `LikeServlet` and `Consumer` share a common RabbitMQ queue named "review".

When a user likes or dislikes an album through the servlet, a message is sent to the RabbitMQ queue.

The consumer, running in multiple threads, listens to the RabbitMQ queue, consumes messages, and updates the database accordingly using `LikeDao`.

The database connection is managed by `DBCPDataSource`.

Both applications use the RabbitMQ Java client library for interacting with RabbitMQ.

Exception handling is implemented for potential errors during initialization, message processing, and database operations.

Threading is employed in the consumer to achieve concurrent message processing.

2.4 Data Model Design

Add Two columns like and dislike to store the number of (dis)like received for particular albumID.

This create statement as follows:

```
CREATE TABLE `albumInfo` (  
  `albumID` int NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,  
  `artist` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `title` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `year` varchar(10) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `imageSize` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `likes` int DEFAULT '0',  
  `dislikes` int DEFAULT '0',  
  PRIMARY KEY (`albumID`)  
) ;
```

3. Test result

The throughputs are 'roughly' the same as assignment 2. In all tests, production_rate \approx consumption_rate thus the queue length remains small. Also all message rate charts show an increase to a plateau like /----\ and the plateau is less than a 1000.

3.1 threadGroupSize = 10, numThreadGroups = 10, delay = 2 consumer = 10

```
[Part1 Client]Load test for Java server with ThreadGroup size of 10, numThreadGroups of 10 delaySeconds of 2  
[Start Up]: The initialization phase completed in 16814 milliseconds  
[Start UP]: Throughput 237 req/sec  
Total Request: 44000  
Failed Request: 0  
Wall time 83.0 seconds  
Throughput: 530.1204819277109/s
```

Process finished with exit code 0

Overview

Totals

Queued messages (chart: last minute) (?)



Ready 0 msg
Unacknowledged 0 msg
Total 0 msg

Message rates (chart: last ten minutes) (?)



Publish 0.00/s
Deliver (noack) 0.00/s

Global counts (?)

Connections: 2

Channels: 10

Exchanges: 8

Queues: 1

Consumers: 10

Nodes

Name	File descriptors (?)	Socket descriptors (?)	Erlang processes	Memory	Disk space	Uptime	Type
rabbit@ip-172-31-18-85	21 65535 available	3 58889 available	231 1048576 available	48MB 381MB high watermark	2.6GB 48MB low watermark	5m 58s	Disc Stats

3.2 threadGroupSize = 10, numThreadGroups = 20, delay = 2 consumer = 10

[Part I Client]Load test for Java server with ThreadGroup size of 10, numThreadGroups of 20 delaySeconds of 2

[Start Up]: The initialization phase completed in 13454 milliseconds

[Start UP]: Throughput 297 req/sec

Total Request: 84000

Failed Request: 0

Wall time 162.0 seconds

Throughput: 518.5185185185185/s

Overview

Totals

Queued messages (chart: last minute) (?)



Ready 0 msg
Unacknowledged 0 msg
Total 0 msg

Message rates (chart: last ten minutes) (?)



Publish 0.00/s
Deliver (noack) 0.00/s

Global counts (?)

Connections: 2

Channels: 10

Exchanges: 8

Queues: 1

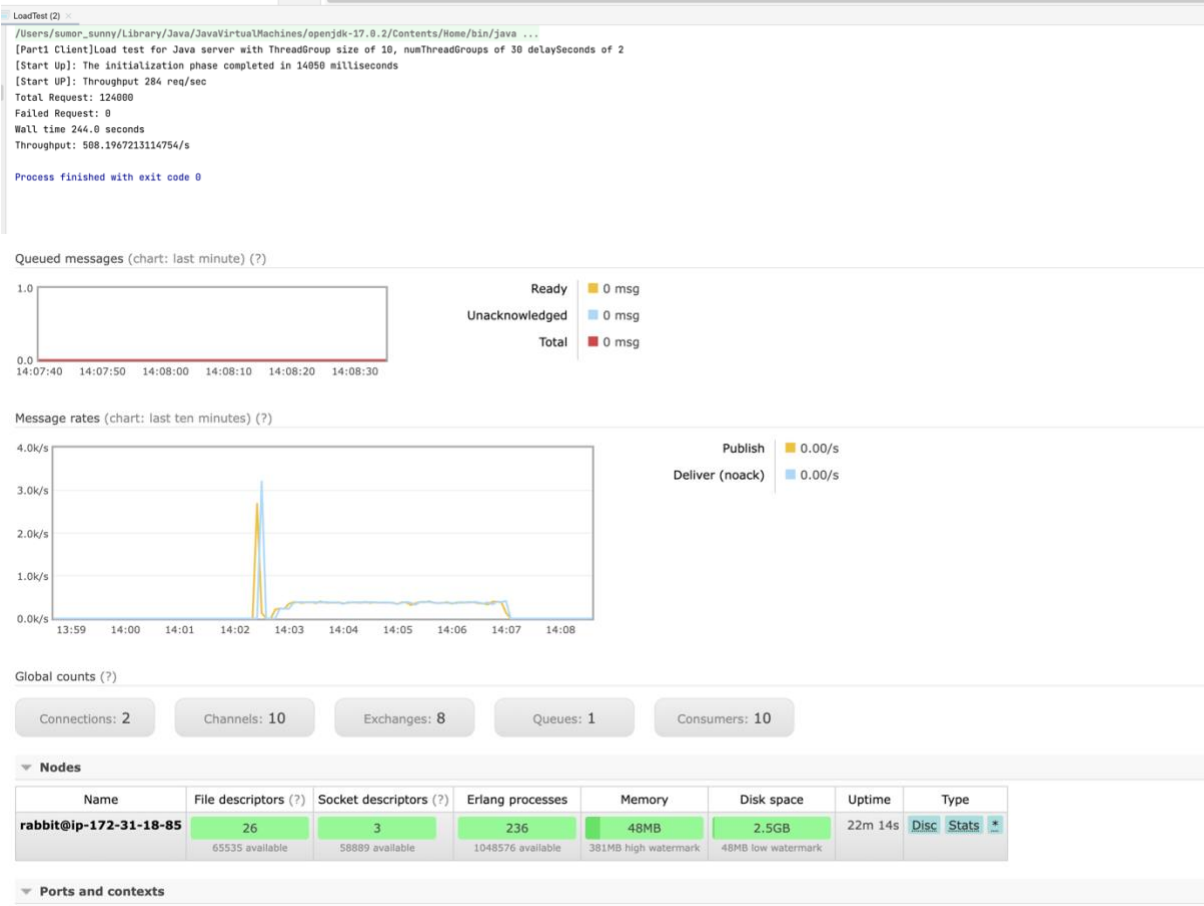
Consumers: 10

Nodes

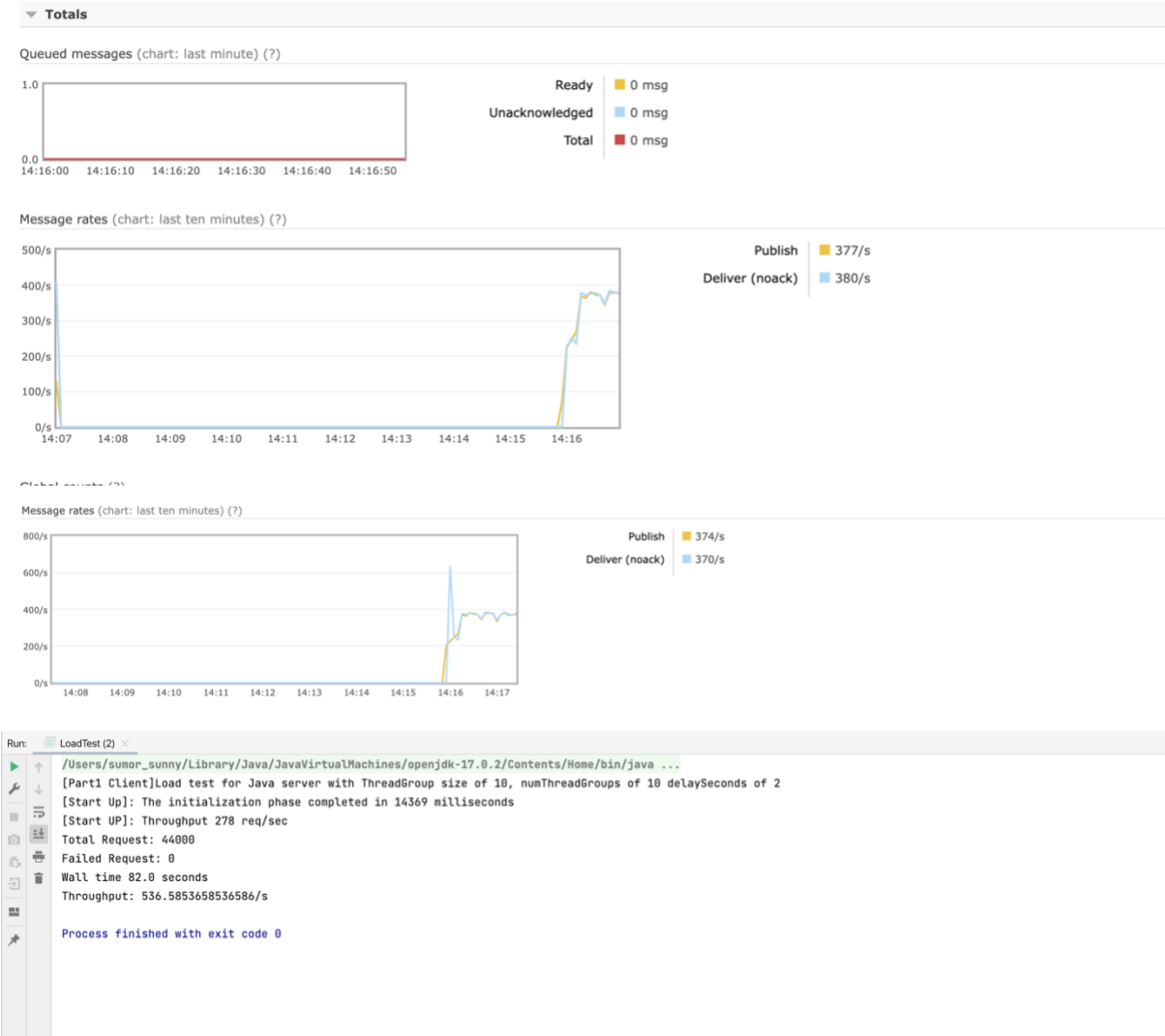
Name	File descriptors (?)	Socket descriptors (?)	Erlang processes	Memory	Disk space	Uptime	Type
rabbit@ip-172-31-18-85	28 65535 available	3 58889 available	236 1048576 available	48MB 381MB high watermark	2.6GB 48MB low watermark	11m 11s	Disc Stats

Ports and contexts

3.3 threadGroupSize = 10, numThreadGroups = 30, delay = 2 consumer = 10



3.4 threadGroupSize = 10, numThreadGroups = 10, delay = 2 consumer = 30



3.5 Database updated

3.5.1 The number of dislike and like

```
21 • drop table albumInfo;  
22 • select * from albumInfo;  
23 •
```




100% 8:22

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Edit: Export/Import:

albumID	artist	title	year	imageSize	likes	dislikes
1	yanlin	sda	2023	3475	103398	51641
2	Yanlin	dislike	1000	3475	0	0

3.5.2 the number of albums

```
22 • Select * from albumInfo;  
23 • Select count(*) from albumInfo;  
24 •
```

100%	12:23
Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text" value="Search"/> Export: 	
count(*)	
63703	

3.6 Monitoring EC2 instance

