

Jawaban

Rangkaian Seri

1. $R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$?
 $R_2 = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$
 $R_3 = 30 \text{ k}\Omega$
 $R_T = R_1 + R_2 + R_3$
 $R_T = 10 + 20 + 30$
 $R_T = 60 \text{ k}\Omega$
 $I = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{6}{60} = 0,1 \text{ A}$

2. $R_T = R_1 + R_2 + R_3$
 $R_T = 25 + 15 + 10$
 $R_T = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$
 $I = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{15}{50} = 0,3 \text{ A}$

3. $R_T = R_1 + R_2 + R_3$
 $R_T = 100 + 40 + 20$
 $R_T = 160 \text{ k}\Omega$
 $I = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{5}{160} = 0,03125 \text{ A}$

Nilai Resistansi

1. $5 - 3 - 0 = 10\%$
 $53 \times 10^3 = 530 = 53 \text{ k}\Omega$
 2. $4 - 2 - 2 = 5\%$
 $42 \times 10^3 = 4200 = 42 \text{ k}\Omega$
 3. $5 - 5 - 3 = 20\%$
 $55 \times 10^3 = 55000 = 55 \text{ k}\Omega$

4. $3 - 3 - 4 = 10\%$
 $33 \times 10^4 = 330000 = 330 \text{ k}\Omega$
 5. $8 - 0 - 2 = 5\%$
 $80 \times 10^4 = 80000 = 80 \text{ k}\Omega$

6. $7 - 5 - 0 = 20\%$
 $75 \times 10^4 = 750000 = 750 \text{ k}\Omega$
 7. $7 - 2 - 7 = 10\%$
 $72 \times 10^4 = 720000 = 720 \text{ k}\Omega$
 8. $5 - 5 - 5 = 20\%$
 $55 \times 10^5 = 5500000 = 550 \text{ k}\Omega$

9. $6 - 5 - 7 = 5\%$
 $66 \times 10^5 = 6600000 = 660 \text{ k}\Omega$
 10. $4 - 5 - 6 = 20\%$
 $45 \times 10^6 = 4500000 = 450 \text{ k}\Omega$

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Tugas fisika Dasar

Rangkaian Paralel

1. $V_{ab} = 15 \text{ V}$ $R_1 = 15 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_2 = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$
 $R_T = ?$ $R_3 = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$
 $\frac{1}{R_T} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}$
 $\frac{1}{R_T} = \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{50}$
 $\frac{1}{R_T} = \frac{100 + 150 + 300}{1500} = \frac{550}{1500}$
 $R_T = \frac{1500}{550} = 2,727 \text{ k}\Omega$

2. $\frac{1}{R_T} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}$
 $\frac{1}{R_T} = \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{150} + \frac{1}{200}$
 $\frac{1}{R_T} = \frac{150 + 100 + 75}{3000} = \frac{325}{3000}$
 $R_T = \frac{3000}{325} = 9,23 \text{ k}\Omega$

3. $V_{ab} = 5 \text{ V}$ $R_1 = 150 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_2 = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$
 $I_1 = \frac{V_{ab}}{R_1} = \frac{5}{150000} = 3,33 \text{ A}$

$I_2 = \frac{V_{ab}}{R_2} = \frac{5}{250000} = 0,002 \text{ A}$

$I_3 = \frac{V_{ab}}{R_3} = \frac{5}{100} = 0,05 \text{ A}$

Rangkaian Kombinasi

1. $R_1 = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_4 = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$
 $R_2 = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_3 = ?$
 R_2 dan R_3 Paralel
 $\frac{1}{R_P} = \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}$
 $\frac{1}{R_P} = \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{15}$
 $\frac{1}{R_P} = \frac{15 + 100}{1500} = \frac{115}{1500}$
 $R_P = \frac{1500}{115} = 13,04 \text{ k}\Omega$

$R_T = R_1 + R_P$
 $R_T = 100 + 13,04 = 113,04 \text{ k}\Omega$

2. $I = 2 \text{ A}$ $V_{bc} = ?$
 $V = I \cdot R$
 $V_{bc} = 1 \cdot R$
 $V_{bc} = 200000 \text{ V} = 200 \text{ kV}$

3. $R_1 = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_2 = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$
 $R_3 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ bila $I = 2 \text{ A}$
 $V_{ac} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $R = \frac{V}{I}$
 $R_3 = \frac{15}{2} = 7,5 \text{ k}\Omega$