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Tugas 4

Merge Sort

```
/*
    Nama      : Irfan Satrio Nugroho
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    Nama Program : Mengurutkan elemen menggunakan merge sort
*/

#include <iostream>
#include <chrono>
using namespace std;

void satu(int* in, int p, int q,int r){
    int n1 = q-p+1;
    int n2 = r-q;
    int L[n1+1];
    int R[n2+1];
    for (int i=1; i<=n1; i++){
        L[i-1] = in[(p-1)+i-1];
    }

    for (int j=1; j<=n2; j++){
        R[j-1] = in[(q-1)+j];
    }

    int i=0;
    int j=0;
    L[n1]=2147483647;
    R[n2]=2147483647;

    for (int k=(p-1); k<r; k++){
        if(L[i]<=R[j]){
            in[k]=L[i];
            i = i+1;
        }
        else{
            in[k]=R[j];
            j = j+1;
        }
    }
}

void msort(int* in, int p, int r){
    int q;
    if(p<r){
        q = (p+r)/2;
        msort(in, p, q);
```

```

        msort(in, q+1, r);

        satu(in, p, q, r);
    }
}

void input(int* a, int& n){
    cout << "Input banyak data: "; cin >> n;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++){
        cout << "Input angka: "; cin >> a[i];
    }
}

int main(){
    int in[100];
    int n;
    input(in,n);
    auto start = chrono::steady_clock::now();
    msort(in,1,n);
    auto end = chrono::steady_clock::now();
    cout << "Hasil: ";
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
        cout << in[i] << " ";
    }

    cout<<endl;
    cout << "Elapsed time in nanoseconds : "
        << chrono::duration_cast<chrono::nanoseconds>(end -
start).count()
        << " ns" << endl;

    return 0;
}

```

Kompleksitas Algoritma merge sort adalah $O(n \lg n)$. Cari tahu kecepatan komputer Anda dalam memproses program. Hitung berapa running time yang dibutuhkan apabila input untuk merge sort-nya adalah 20?

Untuk di program hasilnya : 2369 ns
 Tapi jika sesuai dengan $O \rightarrow T(20 \log_{10} 20) = 26$

Selection Sort

```

for i ← n downto 2 do {pass sebanyak n-1 kali}
    imaks ← 1
    for j ← 2 to i do
        if  $x_j > x_{imaks}$  then
            imaks ← j
        endif
    endfor
    {pertukarkan  $x_{imaks}$  dengan  $x_i$ }
    temp ←  $x_i$ 
     $x_i$  ←  $x_{imaks}$ 
     $x_{imaks}$  ← temp
endfor

```

Subproblem = 1

Masalah setiap subproblem = $n-1$

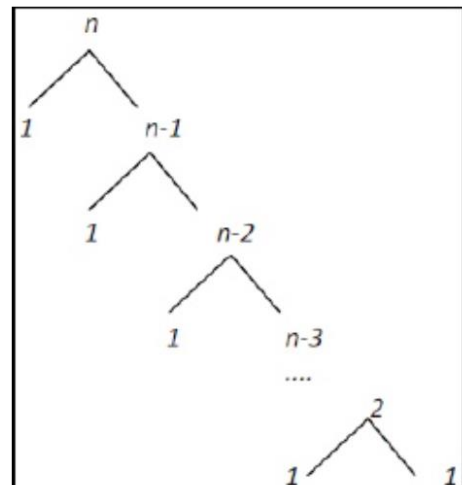
Waktu proses pembagian = n

Waktu proses penggabungan = $nT(n) = \{\theta(1) T(n-1) + \theta(n)\}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(n) &= cn + cn - c + cn - 2c + \dots + 2c + cn \\
 &= c((n-1)(n-2)/2) + cn \\
 &= c((n^2 - 3n + 2)/2) + cn \\
 &= c(n^2/2) - (3n/2) + 1 + cn \\
 &= O(n^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(n) &= cn + cn - c + cn - 2c + \dots + 2c + cn \\
 &= c((n-1)(n-2)/2) + cn \\
 &= c((n^2 - 3n + 2)/2) + cn \\
 &= c(n^2/2) - (3n/2) + 1 + cn \\
 &= \Omega(n^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(n) &= cn^2 \\
 &= \Theta(n^2)
 \end{aligned}$$



Source Code :

```

/*
    Nama      : Irfan Satrio Nugroho
    Kelas     : A
    NPM       : 140810180003
    Nama Program : Selection Sort
*/
#include <iostream>
#include<conio.h>

using namespace std;

int data[100],data2[100];
int n;

void tukar(int a, int b)
{
    int t;
    t = data[b];
    data[b] = data[a];
    data[a] = t;
}

```

```

}
void selection_sort()
{
    int pos,i,j;
    for(i=1;i<=n-1;i++)
    {
        pos = i;
        for(j = i+1;j<=n;j++)
        {
            if(data[j] < data[pos]) pos = j;
        }
        if(pos != i) tukar(pos,i);
    }
}

int main()
{
    cout << "\n===== ";
    cout<<"\nMasukkan Jumlah Data : ";cin>>n;
    cout << "\n-----" << endl;
    for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
        cout<<"Masukkan data ke- "<<i<<" : ";
        cin>>data[i];
        data2[i]=data[i];
    }

    selection_sort();
    cout << "\n-----" << endl;
    cout<<"Data Setelah di Sort : "<<endl;
    for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
    {
        cout<<" "<<data[i];
    }

    cout << "\n===== \n";
    getch();
}

```

Insertion Sort

Algoritma

```

for i ← 2 to n do
    insert ← xi
    j ← i
    while (j < i) and (x[j-i] > insert) do
        x[j] ← x[j-1]
        j ← j-1
    endwhile
    x[j] = insert
endfor

```

Subproblem = 1

Masalah setiap subproblem = n-1

Waktu proses penggabungan = n

Waktu proses pembagian = n

$$T(n) = \{\theta(1) T(n-1) + \theta(n)\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= cn + cn - c + cn - 2c + \dots + 2c + cn \leq 2cn^2 + cn^2 \\ &= c((n-1)(n-2)/2) + cn \leq 2cn^2 + cn^2 \\ &= c((n^2 - 3n + 2)/2) + cn \leq 2cn^2 + cn^2 \\ &= c(n^2/2) - c(3n/2) + c + cn \leq 2cn^2 + cn^2 \\ &= O(n^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= cn \leq cn \\ &= \Omega(n) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= (cn + cn^2)/n \\ &= \Theta(n) \end{aligned}$$

Source Code :

```
/*
    Nama      : Irfan Satrio Nugroho
    Kelas     : A
    NPM       : 140810180003
    Nama Program : Insertion sort
*/

#include <iostream>
#include <conio.h>

using namespace std;

int data[100], data2[100], n;

void insertion_sort()
{
    int temp, i, j;
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++){
        temp = data[i];
        j = i - 1;
        while(data[j]>temp && j>=0){
            data[j+1] = data[j];
            j--;
        }
        data[j+1] = temp;
    }
}

int main()
{
    cout << "\n===== "<< endl;
    cout<<"Masukkan Jumlah Data : "; cin>>n;
    cout<<endl;
    cout << "\n-----" << endl;
    for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
    {
        cout<<"Masukkan data ke "<<i<<" : ";
        cin>>data[i];
    }
}
```

```

        data2[i]=data[i];
    }
    cout << "\n-----" << endl;
    insertion_sort();
    cout<<"\nHasil Sort "<<endl;
    for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
    {
        cout<<data[i]<<" ";
    }
    cout << "\n===== "<<endl;
    getch();
}

```

Bubble Sort

Subproblem = 1

Masalah setiap subproblem = n-1

Waktu proses pembagian = n

Waktu proses penggabungan = n

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(n) &= cn + cn - c + cn - 2c + \dots + 2c + c \leq 2cn^2 + cn^2 \\
 &= c((n-1)(n-2)/2) + c \leq 2cn^2 + cn^2 \\
 &= c((n^2 - 3n + 2)/2) + c \leq 2cn^2 + cn^2 \\
 &= c(n^2/2) - c(3n/2) + 2c \leq 2cn^2 + cn^2 \\
 &= O(n^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(n) &= cn + cn - c + cn - 2c + \dots + 2c + c \leq 2cn^2 + cn^2 \\
 &= c((n-1)(n-2)/2) + c \leq 2cn^2 + cn^2 \\
 &= c((n^2 - 3n + 2)/2) + c \leq 2cn^2 + cn^2 \\
 &= c(n^2/2) - c(3n/2) + 2c \leq 2cn^2 + cn^2 \\
 &= \Omega(n^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(n) &= cn^2 + cn^2 \\
 &= \Theta(n^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Source Code :

```

/*
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    NPM       : 140810180003
    Nama Program : Bubble Sort
*/

#include <iostream>
#include <conio.h>

using namespace std;

int main(){
    int arr[100],n,temp;
    cout
    "\n===== "<<endl;

```

<<

```

    cout<<"Masukkan banyak elemen : ";cin>>n;
    cout << "\n-----" <<
endl;

    for(int i=0;i<n;++i){
        cout<<"Masukkan Elemen ke "<<i+1<<" : ";cin>>arr[i];
    }

    for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<(n-1);j++){
            if(arr[j]>arr[j+1]){
                temp=arr[j];
                arr[j]=arr[j+1];
                arr[j+1]=temp;
            }
        }
    }
    cout << "-----" <<
endl;
    cout<<"\nHasil : "<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        cout<<" "<<arr[i];
    }
    cout
"\n===== "<<endl;
}

```