

The Osteosinus

The safe sinus floor elevation

PRESENTATION

Consistent use of a depth stop over many years when harvesting bone surgically and the experience this provided enabled development of this technique. The technique has proved itself in a wide range of applications for more than fifteen years thanks to the rbs depth stop drills from **IMPLANTS DIFFUSION INTERNATIONAL**.

Osteotomes, trephines and drills included in the Osteosinus system have also benefited from this technology.

The Osteosinus concept facilitates sinus floor elevation and ensures that it is stress-free.

Clinical studies have indicated that an intact sinus membrane is essential for successful grafting.

A sinus bone graft can either be harvested laterally (sinus lift) or crestally.

In many cases crestal sinus floor elevation completed with the Osteosinus is a practical alternative to a sinus lift.

Osteosinus
(osteotome holder)
P/N : OST 1

Osteosinus monobloc
P/N : OSTM

surgical stand
P/N : PLS

Base plate
P/N : BIC1



OSTEOSINUS

It is used for attaching a straight or angled osteotome depending on the operating site. After assembling the osteotome, use the slide mallet to compact the bone.

Removable slide mallet.

Can be dismantled.

**RECTISINUS x6**

Straight osteotomes with a colour-coded depth stop. Insert the Rectisinus into the osteotome, position the guide in the operating site and compact the bone using the slide mallet.

LENGTH	Ø 3 MM
③	RL 33
④	RL 43
⑤	RL 53
⑥	RL 63
⑦	RL 73
⑧	RL 83

**DISKOSINUS**

Small bladed wheel, Ø 3 mm
(red ring)

P/N : D3

The wheel is used after the Forsinus drill with the same diameter. Using a circular movement the bladed wheel enlarges the bone base below the sinus and provides it which increased resilience when using the osteotome.

**TREPANOSINUS x6**

(Trephines with a colour-coded depth stop)

Use the trephine at 70 rpm without water cooling.

LENGTH	Ø 3 MM
③	TL 33
④	TL 43
⑤	TL 53
⑥	TL 63
⑦	TL 73
⑧	TL 83

**FORSINUS x6**

(Drills with a bone-harvesting channel and colour-coded depth stop).

Use the Forsinus at 150 rpm without water cooling and 650 rpm with irrigation.

LENGTH	Ø 3 MM
③	FL 33
④	FL 43
⑤	FL 53
⑥	FL 63
⑦	FL 73
⑧	FL 83

**ANGULOSINUS x6**

(angled osteotomes with a colour-coded depth stop)
Insert the Angulosinus into the osteotome, position the guide in the operating site and compact the bone using the slide mallet.

LENGTH	Ø 3 MM
③	AL 33
④	AL 43
⑤	AL 53
⑥	AL 63
⑦	AL 73
⑧	AL 83

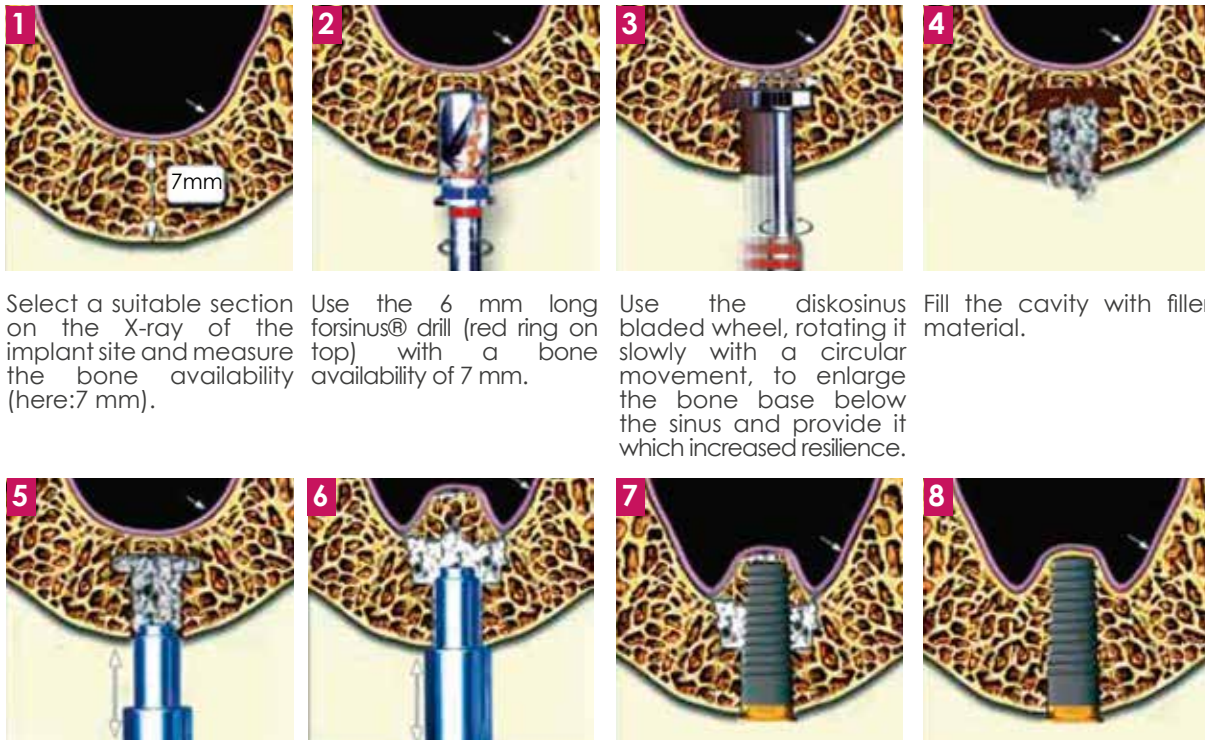


Important : the instruments Ø3mm are used for standard implants (Ø from 3, 5 to 4,4mm).

The Diskosinus



TECHNIQUE BY USING FORSINUS



Select a suitable section on the X-ray of the implant site and measure the bone availability (here: 7 mm).

Use the 6 mm long forsinus® drill (red ring on top) with a bone availability of 7 mm.

Use the diskosinus bladed wheel, rotating it slowly with a circular movement, to enlarge the bone base below the sinus and provide it which increased resilience.

Fill the cavity with filler material.

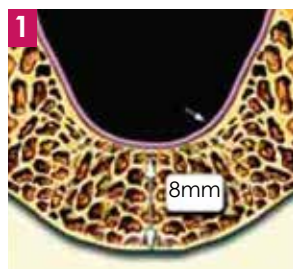
Attach a 7 mm long osteotome (red ring on top) to the Osteosinus and use the instruments to compact the bone. Sometimes in front of a very resistant bone, it is necessary to start compacting with a surgical hammer.

Repeat the procedure until 1.5 to 2 cubic centimeters of filler material has been inserted. This gently elevates the sinus membrane without tearing it.

Then place the implant.

Allow a healing period of approx 8 months during which osseointegration is completed.

TECHNIQUE BY USING THE TREPANOSINUS



Select a suitable section on the X-ray of the implant site and measure the bone availability (here: 8 mm).



Use a 7 mm long trephine Trepanosinus® (red ring on top) with a bone availability of 8 mm.



Remove the trephine.



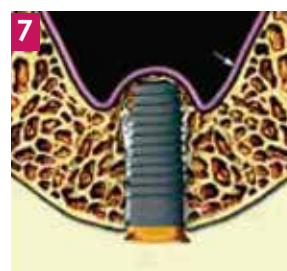
Depending on the composition of the operating site, select a straight or angled 8 mm long Osteosinus (yellow ring on top), attach it and use it to compact the bone cylinder. Sometimes because of a very resistant bone, it is necessary to start compacting with a surgical hammer.



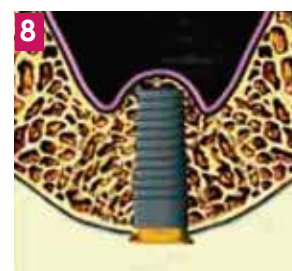
Fill the cavity with the filler material.



Continue compacting the bone. The filler material gradually elevates the sinus membrane.



Place the implant after compacting approx. 2 cubic centimeters of the filler material.



Allow a healing period of approx. 8 months during which osseointegration is completed.

NOTE:

we recommend checking osseointegration with a scanner before loading the implant.

See the full information about the **Osteosinus**, and a sinus floor elevation by crestal approach **surgery video with the Osteosinus technique** on :

www.idi-dental.com/fr/produit/osteosinus

