# DI-A1.6: Prueba matemática con WinForms

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#### 2° DAM

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### URL de GitHub:

https://github.com/IrisCampusFP/desarrollo\_de\_interfaces/tree/main/Actividades/DI-A1.6-PruebaMatematicaWinForms-IrisPerez/MathQuizy

### Código Form1.cs:

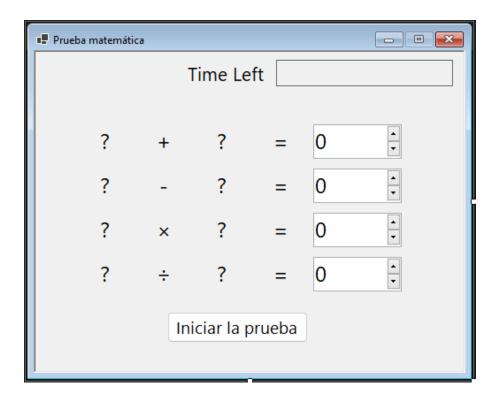
```
public partial class Form1 : Form
    // Create a Random object called randomizer
    // to generate random numbers.
    Random randomizer = new Random();
    // These integer variables store the numbers
    // for the addition problem.
    int addend1;
    int addend2;
    // These integer variables store the numbers
    // for the subtraction problem.
    int minuend;
    int subtrahend;
    // These integer variables store the numbers
    // for the multiplication problem.
    int multiplicand;
    int multiplier;
    // These integer variables store the numbers
    // for the division problem.
    int dividend;
    int divisor;
    // This integer variable keeps track of the
    // remaining time.
    int timeLeft;
    public Form1()
        InitializeComponent();
```

```
/// <summary>
       /// Start the quiz by filling in all of the problems
       /// and starting the timer.
       /// </summary>
       public void StartTheQuiz()
            // Fill in the addition problem.
            // Generate two random numbers to add.
            // Store the values in the variables 'addend1' and
'addend2'.
            addend1 = randomizer.Next(51);
            addend2 = randomizer.Next(51);
            // Convert the two randomly generated numbers
            // into strings so that they can be displayed
// in the label controls.
            plusLeftLabel.Text = addend1.ToString();
            plusRightLabel.Text = addend2.ToString();
            // 'sum' is the name of the NumericUpDown control.
            // This step makes sure its value is zero before
// adding any values to it.
            sumar.Value = 0;
            // Fill in the subtraction problem.
            minuend = randomizer.Next(1, 101);
            subtrahend = randomizer.Next(1, minuend);
            minusLeftLabel.Text = minuend.ToString();
            minusRightLabel.Text = subtrahend.ToString();
            difference. Value = ∅;
            // Fill in the multiplication problem.
            multiplicand = randomizer.Next(2, 11);
            multiplier = randomizer.Next(2, 11);
            timesLeftLabel.Text = multiplicand.ToString();
            timesRightLabel.Text = multiplier.ToString();
            product.Value = 0;
            // Fill in the division problem.
            divisor = randomizer.Next(2, 11);
            int temporaryQuotient = randomizer.Next(2, 11);
            dividend = divisor * temporaryQuotient;
            dividedLeftLabel.Text = dividend.ToString();
            dividedRightLabel.Text = divisor.ToString();
            quotient. Value = ∅;
            // Start the timer.
            timeLeft = 30;
            timeLabel.Text = "30 seconds";
            timer1.Start();
       private void startButton_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
```

```
StartTheQuiz();
            startButton.Enabled = false:
        /// <summary>
        /// Check the answers to see if the user got everything right.
        /// </summary>
        /// <returns>True if the answer's correct, false
otherwise.</returns>
        private bool CheckTheAnswer()
            if ((addend1 + addend2 == sumar.Value)
                && (minuend - subtrahend == difference.Value)
                && (multiplicand * multiplier == product.Value)
                && (dividend / divisor == quotient.Value))
            else
                return false;
        private void timer1_Tick(object sender, EventArgs e)
            if (CheckTheAnswer())
                // If CheckTheAnswer() returns true, then the user
                // got the answer right. Stop the timer
                // and show a MessageBox.
                timer1.Stop();
                MessageBox.Show("You got all the answers right!",
                                 "Congratulations!");
                startButton.Enabled = true;
            else if (timeLeft > 0)
                // If CheckTheAnswer() returns false, keep counting
                // down. Decrease the time left by one second and
                // display the new time left by updating the
                // Time Left label.
                timeLeft = timeLeft - 1;
                timeLabel.Text = timeLeft + " seconds";
                // Cambiar a rojo si solo quedan 5 segundos
                if (timeLeft <= 5)</pre>
                    timeLabel.BackColor = Color.Red;
                else
                    timeLabel.BackColor = DefaultBackColor; // Si no
quedan 5segs, color original
            else
                // If the user ran out of time, stop the timer, show
```

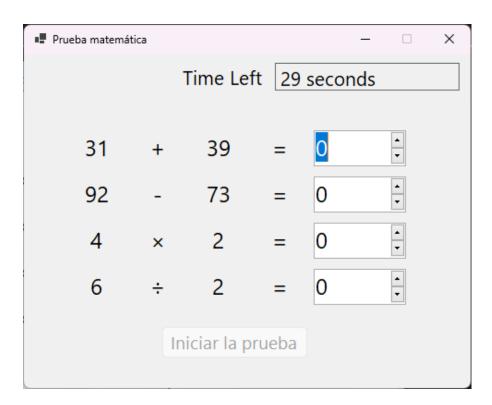
```
// a MessageBox, and fill in the answers.
                 timer1.Stop();
                 timeLabel.Text = "Time's up!";
                 MessageBox.Show("You didn't finish in time.", "Sorry!");
                 sumar.Value = addend1 + addend2;
                 difference.Value = minuend - subtrahend;
product.Value = multiplicand * multiplier;
                 quotient.Value = dividend / divisor;
                 timeLabel.BackColor = DefaultBackColor; // Restablecer
color
                 startButton.Enabled = true;
        private void answer_Enter(object sender, EventArgs e)
            // Select the whole answer in the NumericUpDown control.
            NumericUpDown answerBox = sender as NumericUpDown;
            if (answerBox != null)
                 int lengthOfAnswer = answerBox.Value.ToString().Length;
                 answerBox.Select(0, lengthOfAnswer);
```

## DISEÑO FINAL

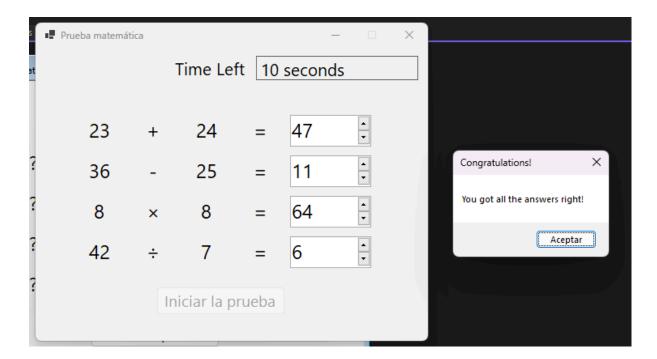


## **EJECUCIÓN**

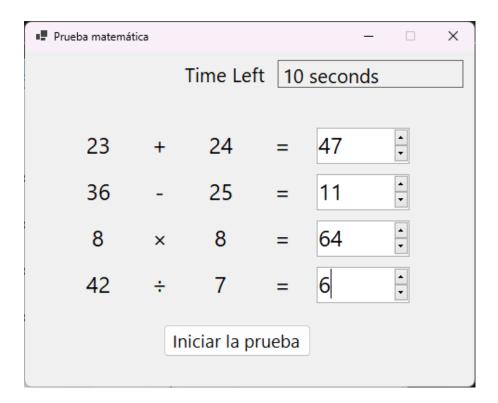
Pulso el botón 'Iniciar la prueba': (Se inica el contador, se apaga el botón y aparecen operaciones aleatorias)



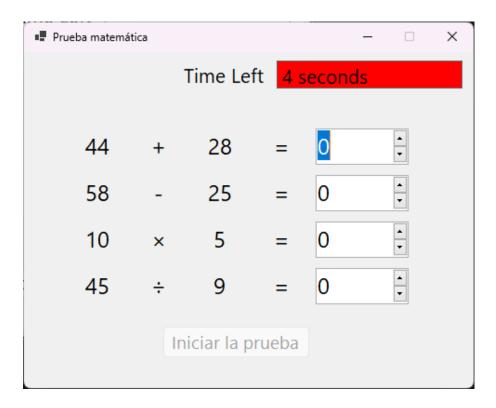
Introduzco correctamente los resultados de todas las operaciones antes de que se acabe el tiempo:



Se termina la prueba, pulso 'Aceptar' y me permite volver a iniciarla.



Inicio de nuevo la prueba, cuando quedan 5 segundos el fondo del label del contador se pone de color rojo:



Si se termina el tiempo se muestra 'Times's up!' y se acaba la prueba:

