

IRIS SDK FOR WINDOWS

QuickStart Guide

Version 1.0



Iris SDK for Windows

QuickStart Guide

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INTRODUCTION

IrisControls4 is a Windows application that connects over USB to Iris Dynamics devices such as the Orca series linear motors, the Eagle, and the Super Eagle. It allows for monitoring and control of various parameters and features real time plotting. Com0Com is a windows program which installs a virtual comport on your windows machine. This virtual comport is what allows the motor to communicate with Iris Controls.

This SDK will demonstrate how to build a virtual windows device, which can both communicate with an Iris Dynamics motor, and be monitored via Iris Controls. It includes libraries to allow development of custom firmware for motor position and force control as well as creating custom GUI interfaces

Warning

Be aware that the shaft or motor will move during operation. This software will cause the motor to create forces and motion. Ensure the shaft and motor are mounted in a safe location and are not in danger of hitting people or property.

Connecting the Motor to the Windows Machine

For a basic setup, connect the motor's power and ground to an external 24-48 V power supply and attach an ethernet splitter to the ethernet cable of the Orca. Connect an RS485 USB-toethernet cable to input 1 of the splitter, and an RS422 USB-to-ethernet splitter to input 2 of the splitter. Plug both cables into USB ports of the pc.

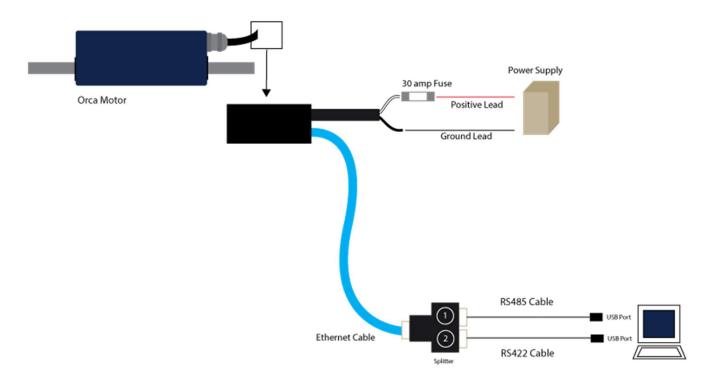


Figure 1: Connecting an Orca motor to a Windows PC



USB Connectors

In the setup above the RS485 USB-to-ethernet cable allows the motor to communicate with IrisControls4. This is useful for configuring your motor and debugging your applications. This cable will be able to power the logic of the motor even if the motor does not have an additional power supply connected. The RS422 USB-to-ethernet cable allows the motor to communicate with the virtual windows device using the MODBUS protocol. Both cables are included in the Orca Starter Kit.

Back-power

The motors in some circumstances will act like generators, this can result in current being fed backwards to power lugs. Typically, the level of back-power is low and power supplies or batteries can accommodate this. In situations where shaft or stator speeds get very high, some power supplies may go into protection.

SETTING UP THE DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT

Cloning the SDK for Windows Repository

If you do not have GIT Bash on your machine, download and install it from https://gitscm.com/downloads

Iris Dynamics' public code repositories can be found on GitHub at the following link: https://github.com/orgs/IrisDynamics/repositories?q=&type=public&language=&sort=

In the file directory on your computer where you'd like to clone a repository, right click and select 'Git Bash Here'.

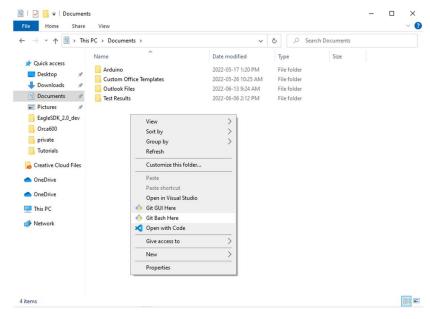


Figure 2: Accessing Git Bash

To clone this repo with all included submodules type the git bash command:

git clone https://github.com/irisdynamics/IrisSDK for Windows

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Installing Visual Studio

To compile and build the virtual windows device, the Visual Studio environment must be set up. Download and install the Community version of Visual Studio 2022:

https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/downloads/. Open the installer exe and follow the prompts.

When the installer asks which workloads you would like to install select 'Desktop Development with C++'.

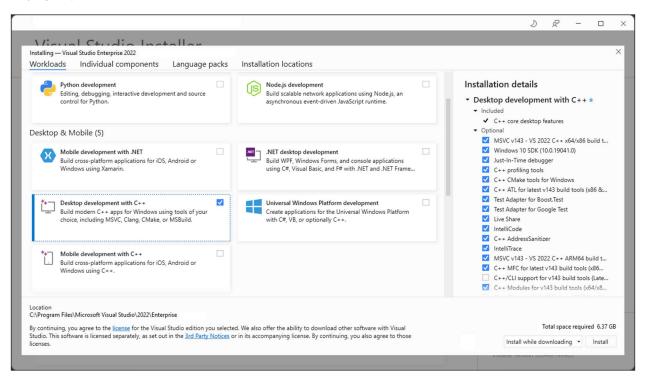


Figure 3: Visual Studio Installer

Example projects are available in the examples folder of the IrisSDK_for_Windows repo. Double click the .sln file to open the solution in Visual Studio.

Installing com0com

Com0com is Windows program which will install a pair of virtual comports on your machine. The Windows Virtual Device and IrisControls4 will communicate via this pair of comports. If you would prefer to not use com0com see the Console_Calibration example project for an example of communicating with a motor not using a GUI. Alternatively, you can build a GUI using your preferred GUI framework.

Note: These instructions require that you have administrator access on your computer.

- Locate the VirtualCOM_port_setup directory within the repo.
- Launch setup.exe from this directory.
- When prompted to choose components to install, leave the default options selected.
- If you are prompted to download .net, say Yes.
- When the installer completes, restart your computer, and navigate to the com0com install directory. Open setupg.exe from the install directory.



- When the setup application opens, click the 'Add Pair' button on the bottom left corner.
- Click into the highlighted textbox and rename the ports to 'COM51' and 'COM52'. Select 'enable buffer overrun' for each port and click 'Apply'. You can also choose another pair if

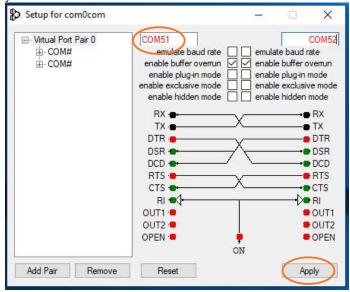


Figure 4: Renaming port pairs in com0com

Once you have applied your changes, open Device Manager. You should see a com0com listed. Open the drop down and confirm your port pair is listed.

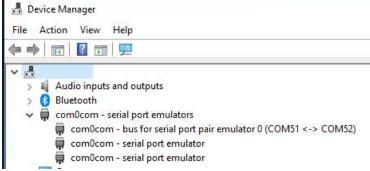


Figure 5: com0com virtual ports listed in Device Manager

Installing FTDI Drivers

It is possible you may need to install a driver to use the RS485 USB-to-ethernet cable. You can check this by plugging the USB cable into your computer, and seeing if a corresponding USB Serial Port is listed.



Figure 6: Serial Ports listed in Device Manager



If you do not see these ports listed, download the FTDI download the Windows driver from https://ftdichip.com/drivers/vcp-drivers/. Follow the prompts and install the default options. Plug your USB cable in again and confirm it is listed in Device Manager.

Comport Latency Setup

The default latency on RS422 USB-to-ethernet cables slows down communication between the virtual windows device and the Orca motor. To establish a connection, this latency must be adjusted.

NOTE: These instructions require that you have administrator access on your computer.

- With the USB end of your RS422 connected to the computer, open the Windows Device Manager in Administrator Mode.
- Right click on the comport that your motor is using. Select Properties.
- In the Properties window select Port Settings at the top, and then Advanced.
- In the Advanced window set the latency timer of the port to 1 second. Press OK twice to save these settings.

USING THE EXAMPLE PROJECT

Building the Example Project

Launch the IrisSDK_example.sln file in the repo's root directory. You may be prompted to update the Platform Toolset to v143 (v142 is VS2019 and v143 is VS2022). Follow these steps to do so:

- In the Solution Explorer, right click on WindowsSDK_example and go to Properties.
- Under Configuration Properties -> General ensure that the Platform Toolset is v143.



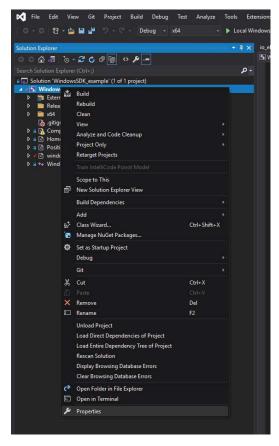


Figure 7: Opening project properties

Note: To use the SDK projects you will have to add the libraries folder to your include path. Also, make sure to the include the library_linker.h file in the main file of your project.

To adjust your include paths:

- In the Solution Explorer, right click on the project name and go to Properties.
- Under C/C++ -> General -> Additional Include Directories type in or use the wizard to select the folder you would like to include.

You should now be able to build the project. This project creates a virtual windows device which can be used to interact with an Iris Dynamics Orca Motor and monitored via Iris Controls.

Connecting to the Windows Virtual Device via IrisControls4

To connect with IrisControls4, first clone this repo: https://github.com/IrisDynamics/IrisControls4.

Navigate to where you have the repo on your computer. Pin the IrisControls4 exe to your task bar for easy access later. Open the .exe file.

Build and run the example project. A console application will build, and ask you which comport you would like to connect on. Type in the first number of one of your comport pairs set up though com0com and press enter. You should see a message saying that opening the port was



successful. If instead you receive an error, make sure you have com0com properly installed, and not have any other instances of the Windows Virtual Device running.



Figure 8: A successful connection to IrisControls4

Open IrisControls4 and in the drop down on the bottom right select the second of your comport pairs from the list. This will connect to the virtual comport that you indicated through the console арр.



Figure 9: The IrisControls4 console with comport dropdown highlighted.

Connecting to an Orca Motor via the Windows Virtual Device

When the project builds and a connection is made to IrisControls4, a GUI will be built in the IrisControls4 window. When a comport is entered and the Connect Motor button is pressed, a

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connection will be established between the Windows Virtual Device and the motor on the indicated comport.

Note: for the Comport Selector to recognize the entry, you must press enter or tab after typing in the text box. This is the case with all text fields in IrisControls4.

When a motor is connected, the graph is populated with information from the motor. The plot title will turn green when a motor is connected and has no errors. If there is no motor connected to a port, the title will be grey title, and motors which have errors will show a red plot title.

The motor's Position and Power are plotted on the graph. Under the graph there are additional values.

Voltage supplied to the motor, in Volts

Temperature of the motor, in Celsius

Power being used by the motor, in Watts

Error flags indicating the error present (see Troubleshooting section)

Frequency of communications between the Windows Virtual Device and the Orca motor

Force slider shows the amount of force being sensed by the motor, either exerted from the motor or externally applied.

This section of the GUI is the Motor Plot panel found in the irisSDK_libraries library.

CUSTOM SOFTWARE

Included Libraries

The included libraries provide many tools for your custom development.

ic4_library: IrisControls4 API, GUI elements and serial communications with IrisControls4.exe, more info here: https://wiki.irisdvnamics.com/index.php?title=IrisControlsAPI4 Overview

modbus_client: Modbus communications, contains the Actuator object (Orca API), more information can be found here: https://www.irisdvnamics.com/downloads/ in the Orca API User Guide under the user manuals section.

orca600_api: Memory map associated with the Orca motor, more information can be found here: https://www.irisdynamics.com/downloads/ in the Orca Series Motor Reference Manual under the user manuals section

irisSDK_libraries: Premade combinations of GUI elements for common feedback/functionality. More information on using these can be found in the IrisSDK for Windows Tutorial Guide. This folder also contains the library_linker.h file, which should be included in the main cpp file of all projects.



TROUBLESHOOTING

Not connecting with IrisControls

If the Windows Virtual Device is not connecting to IrisControls4 ensure the following:

- The correct version is IrisControls4 is in use(not compatible with IrisControls2). The correct version will be available in the IrisSDK_for_Windows repository in the IrisControls4 folder.
- The virtual comport pair has been properly set up in com0com.
- The correct COM port is selected for the drop-down menu. This comport should be the corresponding comport to the one chosen in the console application.

Motor not connecting

- Motor must be powered (24-48V). The motor will also connect, but not output forces if using a splitter and having the RS485 cable connected to a PC with no additional power source.
- Motor's data cable is connected to the COMPORT that the virtual windows device is trying to connect to.

Motor not outputting forces

- Motor is receiving power (24-48V), the motor's logic can be powered through the RS485 cable with the splitter, however this will not allow the motor to output force.
- Errors will prevent the motor from outputting forces see the Orca API User Manual for full details about these errors:
 - o Configuration Errors 1
 - o Force Clipping 32
 - o Temperature Exceeded 64
 - o Force Exceeded 128
 - o Power Exceeded 256
 - o Shaft Image Failed 512
 - Voltage Invalid 1024
 - o Comms Timeout 2048

If multiple error codes are present, they will be added together, error 320 would be temperature exceeded and power exceeded. If a motor's plot has the title changed to red, then the motor is connected but errors are present.

Non persisting errors can be cleared by entering sleep mode or calling clear_errors() function.

GUI elements not populating

If IrisControls4 appears to be connecting (messages in the console window, Status: Connected) but only some or no GUI elements are being populated, there may be a problem with the window sizing and/or element placement. The IrisControls4 API allows you to set the grid size and adjust element placement in the firmware code. Changing your computer/tablet display setting to change the resolution and/or scale might fix the issues (Example firmware projects have all been designed to fit 1920 x 1080 Resolution, 100% Scale). The placement of GUI elements and the grid size can also be changed. The grid numbering can be displayed by typing "guide_on" in the console and hidden by typing "quide_off".



Project not compiling

- Error message in the console "could not find file ..." Ensure that the libraries folder of the IrisSDK_for_Windows repo has been added to your include path in the project properties.
- A list of errors will appear in the Visual Studio output console. A description of the error will be provided along with a link to documentation on this kind of error.

NEXT STEPS

Now that you have set up your development environment and used an example project, you can begin the tutorials included in this repo. The Tutorial Guide is located in the Tutorials folder, and walks you through how to proceed. Alternatively, finished tutorial solutions are also included in the Tutorials folder. You can also review these files and start building your own projects right away.

If you are experiencing issues setting up your motor or have any questions related to this SDK, please contact support@irisdynamics.com.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Available for download at https://www.irisdynamics.com/downloads/

- 1. Orca QuickStart Guide
- 2. Orca Series Datasheet
- Orca Motor Reference Manual
- 4 Orca API User Guide

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REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Author	Reason
1.0.0	November 2022	KC	Initial Draft