SAMPLE FINANCIAL BROKERS BUSINESS PROTECTION FACTFIND

This document has been prepared to assist independent Financial Brokers in gathering the relevant information needed to help them recommend a Business Protection arrangement for their clients.

It does not constitute financial advice and has not been prepared based on the financial needs or objectives of any particular person, and does not take account of the specific needs or circumstances of any person.

In ALL cases we would recommend that business owners obtain professional legal and tax advice to ensure any arrangement they put in place is appropriate to their personal and corporate circumstances.

General Business Details					
Business Name:					
Company Registration Number:					
Nature of Business:			Busines	ss Year End:	
Address:					
Contact Name:			Mobile Number:		
Phone Number:			Fax Number:		
Type of business: Limited cor	mpany	Partn	ership	Self Employed	
Number of employees:		Numb	per of years trading	g:	
Is there a company website?	Yes	No			
If so please give web address					
Explanatory note:					
'Nature of Business' and "Type of	Business'	are both importa	nt in order to ensu	re that any prop	oosed arrangements are
structured correctly from a legal ar					oood anangomeme are
'Number of years trading': This is for a number of years will be looke					npany trading successfully
Tot a number of years will be looke	tu at more	Tavourably, triair	a start-up compan	у.	
Pusiness Oumership					
Business Ownership Shareholder / Partner	%	Period of	Date of Birth	Smoker	Marital Status
	Share	Ownership		Status	

Additional questions in t	he case of a Limited Com	pany		
Are all shareholders reside	ent and ordinarily resident in	Ireland for tax purposes?	Yes	No 🗌
If no, give details				
Are any of the shareholder	s related to one another?		Yes	No
If yes, give details				
Explanatory note:				
	ere the Corporate Share Bu Ireland to ensure the arrang	uy / Back option is being propos gement is tax efficient.	sed all shareholde	rs must be resident
Buy / Back arrangement a		establish if that particular share al Gains Tax treatment on the seriod of 3 years.		
Buy / Back arrangement a	as they may not satisfy the I	mited company they may not be rules for Capital Gains Tax treat e equity of the company after the	tment. (The vendo	
Shareholder / Partne	rship Protection			
Explanatory note:				
a spouse or dependant ar		s to consider this key area. In mousiness partners that they couless.		
In many cases there will be	be no arrangement in place	and the need will be underlined		angement in place
it may need to be reviewe	ed depending on how the ex	isting arrangement was structu	red.	
On the death of the shareh	older / partner what is to ha	ppen their share in the busines	s?	
		rviving shareholders / partners of kin in order to retain control		chase a share of the
What is your business we exposure, the business val		er / partners share of the busine	ess and establish	any potential
Estimated total value of the	e business / company €			
Fixed assets held by the co	ompany / business	€		
		ent property and machinery		
	Last year	Previous year	Previo	ous year to that
Turnover	€	€	€	
Gross Profit	€	€	€	
Net Profit	€			
		€	€	
Bank Account Balances	€	€	€	
Bank Account Balances Company Investments			€	

Forward contracts	€	
Existing business cover	€	

Explanatory Note:

Most companies are valued on the basis of a multiple of Gross or Net Profit or Turnover.

Traditionally companies in the service industry e.g. Pubs/Hotels, are valued on the basis of a multiple of turnover.

The vast majority of established sales/manufacturing/distributions companies are valued based on a multiple of profit. The market value of a private company is essentially what someone is willing to pay for it! However as private companies are not sold very often, and the sale would tend to be private the market can be difficult to estimate, unless a similar company of about the same size, operating in the same markets etc. had been sold recently.

The person buying or investing in a private company is essentially looking at making a reasonable return on their money. This is why profit tends to be used as a guide because in most companies it represents the return available to the owners. We would therefore normally look at Net Profit before tax – i.e. profit after expenses, but before tax.

The company's fixed assets and any company investments and bank balances should also be included.

Keyperson Cover

Do you have any Key Employees? The loss of a key employee can devastate a business....critical contracts lost, irreplaceable knowledge /skills etc. You can now plan to cover some of the potential loss

	Key Employee	Key Employee	Key Employee	Key Employee
Name				
Date of Birth				
Smoker Status				
Salary/bonus this year	€	€	€	€
Salary/bonus last year	€	€	€	€
Salary year before	€	€	€	€
Service	years	years	years	years
Job Title				
Existing Cover	€	€	€	€
Cover required	€	€	€	€
Is specified illness cover required?				

Explanatory note:

In determining the appropriate amount of keyperson insurance cover an insurable value must be put on the potential financial loss that the company would suffer on the death or serious illness of the "key" individual.

In assessing the amount of cover the main factors tend to be:

- Loan Repayment any loans personally guaranteed by the keyperson or any loans made by him / her to the company.
- Loss of profits cover the death of the keyperson could jeopardise the trading position and profitability of the company. Plus The costs of replacing the keyperson.

Other than in the case of loan cover, estimating the financial loss can be extremely difficult. The level of cover should normally be related to either the individual's salary or to the company's profitability. Typical maximum cover levels should not exceed 10 times salary, or if the calculation is in relation to profit then the keypersons % contribution to profit, to a maximum of twice gross profit or five times net profit. (I.e. profit after expenses but before tax).

Reason for cover is important to establish the tax treatment of the proceeds of the plan in the company's hands