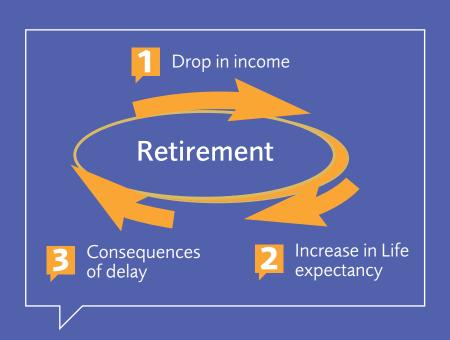


The Pensions Timebomb

How are you going to provide for your retirement?

It is very important to consider your retirement options as early as possible. The longer you wait to start your pension, the more of your income you will have to invest to achieve your retirement goals. To the right are some of the major considerations.





Drop in income

How much will your income drop when you retire?

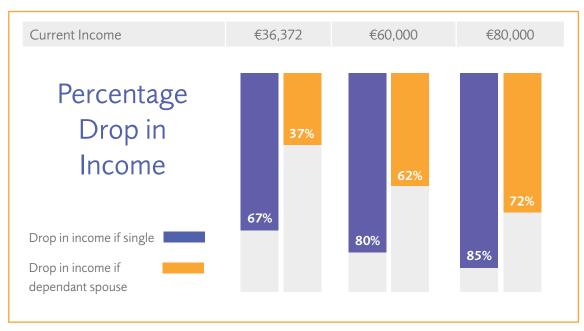
State Pension (Contributory) 2011

Personal Rate	€230.30 (€11,976 pa)
Personal + Adult dependent (over 66)	€436.60 (€22,703.20 pa)
Average Industrial Wage 2010 (CSO 2010)	€699.46 (€36,372 pa)

Warning: If you invest in this product you may lose some or all of the money you invest.

Warning: If you invest in this product you will not have access to your money until age 60 and/or you retire.

Drop in income if relying solely on State Pension (Contributory) if you retired today



The average retirement age in Ireland for state pension purposes is in the process of increasing to:

- i
- Age 66 in 2014
- Age 67 in 2021
- Age 68 in 2028

Currently, for every 1 retired person, there are 6 people in employment.
By 2050, there is expected to be less than 2 people in employment for every retired person*.



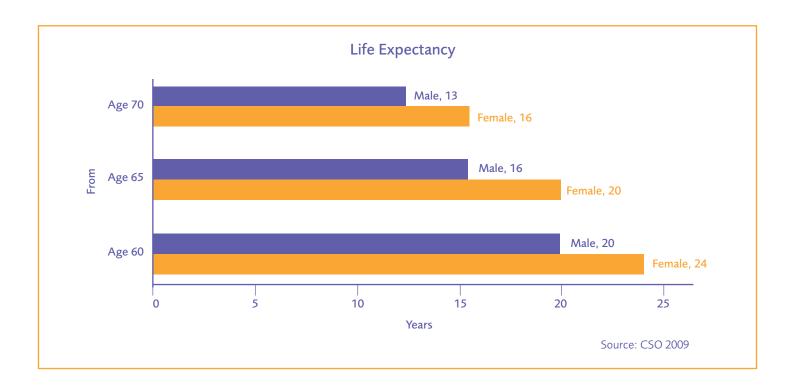
The population of Ireland is expected to increase by 1 million by 2020*.

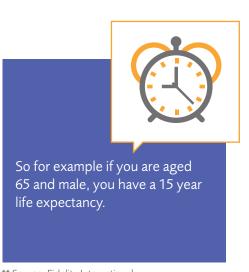


Increase in life expectancy

How long will your pension fund need to last in retirement?

With improvements in health care and lifestyle, people are living much longer and leading more active lives in retirement.







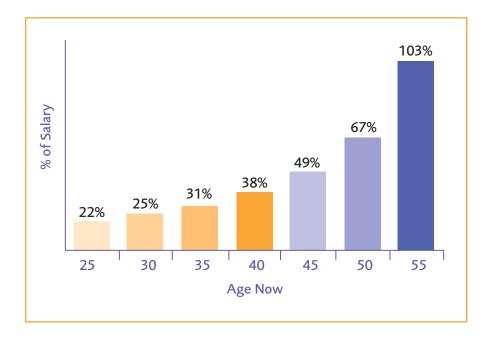
^{**} Source: Fidelity International



Consequences of delay

What is the cost of delay?

The graph below shows how much of your salary you would need to pay into your pension each year to target a pension annuity of half of your final salary at age 65. As you can see, the earlier you start, the easier it is to provide this level of pension.



The maximum retirement benefits that Revenue will approve are:

- A Pension of two thirds your final salary;
- A matching pension for your spouse (or dependants), payable on your death; and
- Increases in line with the consumer price index each year, on any pensions in payment.

Pension income in retirement is subject to income tax at your highest rate on withdrawal, Universal Social Charge, PRSI (if applicable) and any other charges or "tax" applicable at that time.

Warning: These figures are estimates only. They are not a reliable guide to the future performance of this investment.

Warning: The value of your investment may go down as well as up.

Source: Irish Life easy quotes using Complete Solutions 1, invested in the Consensus Fund, August 2011. Figures are in today's terms and assume a growth rate of 6% gross investment return each year; 3% salary inflation every year to retirement age; annuity rates based at post-retirement interest rate of 4%; males retiring at 65; pension annuity increase of 2% each year; and pension contribution increase of 3% each year.



