

# Consensus Fund

Information is correct as at the 30th September 2010

Volatility/Risk



## How the Fund Works

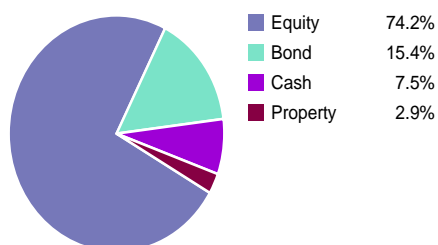
The Consensus Fund aims to provide performance that is consistently in line with the average of all funds in the market. This innovative fund is Ireland's most popular fund, currently managing over **€5.2 billion** in assets (September 2010). It is so successful because its approach is based on the combined wisdom of the main investment managers in Ireland.

### How the Fund Operates

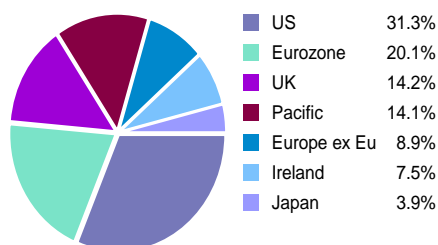
The fund matches the investments the investment managers make in shares, property, bonds and cash. By taking the average asset allocation of all of the active managers' positions, the Consensus Fund is able to avoid the risks associated with reliance on the decisions of just one fund manager.

**The return of this fund since launch (31st December 1995) is 6.18%p.a.**

## Asset Distribution



## Equity Distribution



## Performance

	Fund	Average Managed Fund
1 Year %p.a.	8.3%	8.5%
3 Year %p.a.	-7.5%	-7.3%
5 Year %p.a.	-0.9%	-1.0%
10 Year %p.a.	0.3%	0.1%

The figures quoted are before tax and after management charges. Source: Irish Life.

## Market Commentary

September 2010 was one of the best months on record for equity investors. The FTSE world traded over 7% higher, while both corporate and government bonds in Europe traded slightly lower. Despite this solid performance for equity markets, risk aversion was still evident. AAA government bond yields have remained close to historical low levels reached in August and gold, the ultimate safe haven, is now trading at record levels. Other commodity sectors such as energy, metals and agriculture also made strong gains. The Euro also regained some of the recent losses that it made against the Dollar.

European bond markets continued to dominate in September as the peripheral markets continued to sell off. The health of the Eurozone banking system contributed to volatility in the bond markets as concerns that German Banks will need to raise an additional €105bn in new capital. However news that Deutsche Bank was successful in raising €9bn eased some of these concerns. Elsewhere, the capital needs of the Irish banking system pushed the cost of borrowing for Ireland higher, as the ten year Irish government bond yield increased to 6.6% from 5.8% at the start of the month. Some of the stresses in Irish bond markets eased after the government provided clarity on the capital requirements on each of the banks.

Equity markets were boosted by a notable improvement from economic data especially in the US. Despite this, the Federal Reserve has retained its cautious tone, noting weakness in several key economic indicators such as household wealth, residential construction, employment and retail sales. Chairman Bernanke outlined that groundwork for further quantitative easing if economic conditions.

### In Stock News

**Renault** rose 17%, following early repayment of government loans and a less pessimistic outlook for the European car market post expiration of scrappage incentives.

**Warning: The value of your investment may go down as well as up. This fund may be affected by changes in currency exchange rates. Past performance is not a reliable guide to future performance.**



**Irish Life**  
Investment Managers