



# Complete Solutions Investment Only

*terms and conditions booklet*

**This plan is provided by Irish Life Assurance plc.**

This is your Terms and Conditions booklet for your **Complete Solutions Investment Only** pension. **You should read the document carefully as it contains detailed and important information.**

Please keep it safe in your welcome pack, as you will need it in the future.

## Introduction

Trustees of self-administered pension schemes can use this plan as a way of investing funds from that scheme for the benefit of the scheme members when they retire.

It is a contract between us, Irish Life Assurance plc, and you, the trustee named on the application form. The contract includes:

- this set of terms and conditions;
- the plan schedule;
- the application forms
- the fund rules; and
- any extra rules or endorsements which we may add.

These terms and conditions may be varied by us from time to time. In the event that a material change is made, you will be notified in advance. Any conditions or extra rules (endorsements) which we add in the future will also form part of the plan and may only be added by authorised staff at our Head Office. Together these documents, and any appendices, form the terms and conditions of the plan.

We have issued this plan to you on the understanding that the information in the application form and any related correspondence is true and complete and that we have been given all relevant information. If this is not the case we will be entitled to declare the plan void. If this happens, you will lose all rights under the plan, we will not pay any claim and we may not refund any contributions. Information is relevant if it would influence the judgement of a reputable insurer when fixing the contribution or the level of benefits.

If you ask, we will pay you the fund that has built up at that date. Certain restrictions may apply and we have printed these further on in this document. The amount of this benefit depends on the contributions made, the return on the investment and the charges taken from this plan.

We will pay benefits from our Head Office in Ireland, the Irish Life Centre, Lower Abbey Street, Dublin 1. All contributions and benefits under this plan will normally be paid in the currency of Ireland.

In legal disputes Irish law will apply and the Irish courts are the only courts which are entitled to hear any disputes. The only rules, terms or conditions that are legally binding are those shown in our contract with you.

In the event of circumstances beyond our control including, without limitation, act of civil or military authority; sabotage; crime; terrorist attack; war or other government action; civil disturbance or riot; strike or other industrial dispute; an act of god; national emergency; epidemic; flood, earthquake, fire or other catastrophe; we may be directly or indirectly prevented from fulfilling our obligations under or pursuant to this plan or from doing so in a timely manner. If this happens, we will not be liable for any loss, damage or inconvenience caused.

More detailed information on all these matters is in the relevant sections of these terms and conditions.

## How does the plan work?

You have agreed to make the contributions outlined on the plan schedule on the dates described. The fund(s) you have chosen to invest your contributions in are also shown. You can choose to alter the contributions over the term of the plan. The level of benefit will depend on the contributions made and the return on investments.

## Writing to us

If you need to write to us about this plan, please address your letter to:

Irish Life Assurance plc.  
Irish Life Centre  
Lower Abbey Street  
Dublin 1.

## Cooling-off period

If, after taking out this plan, you feel that it is not suitable, you may cancel it by writing to us at the address shown above. If you do this within 30 days from the date we send you your Welcome Pack (or a copy), we will cancel your plan and refund your regular contribution. We will refund any single contribution (or contributions), subject to taking off any losses that may have been incurred as a result of falls in the value of assets relating to the investment for the period that it was in force. We strongly recommend that you contact your financial adviser before you cancel the plan.

## Can the policy be cancelled or amended by the insurer?

Irish Life can alter the plan (or issue another plan in its place) if at any time any of the following happens:

- The Revenue Commissioners remove their approval of this contract.
- It becomes impossible or impracticable to carry out any of the plan provisions because of a change in the law or other circumstances beyond our control.
- The tax treatment of Irish Life or this plan is altered or we have to pay a government levy.

If the cost of administering your **Complete Solutions — Investment Only** increases unexpectedly we may need to increase the charges on your plan. If we alter the plan (or issue another in its place), we will send a notice to your last known address explaining the change and your options.

You must provide any information or evidence which we need to administer the plan.

## Complaints

You should write to us at the address provided if you have any queries or complaints in relation to this plan.

If the member believes they have suffered a financial loss as a result of the poor administration of the scheme, or if there is a dispute of fact or law, they must contact you first. You, as a trustee, are obliged under the Pensions Ombudsman Regulations 2003 (S.I. No. 397 of 2003) to set up and follow an internal disputes resolution (IDR) procedure which you must publish and

make available to the member if they ask. You can get more information from the Pensions Ombudsman's office at:

The Office of the Pensions Ombudsman  
36 Upper Mount Street  
Dublin 2.  
Phone: 01 647 1650  
Fax: 01 676 9577  
Email: [info@pensionsombudsman.ie](mailto:info@pensionsombudsman.ie)  
Web: [www.pensionsombudsman.ie](http://www.pensionsombudsman.ie)

You must then issue a decision on the matter. The member is not bound by this decision and can take the matter to the Pensions Ombudsman. The decision of the Pensions Ombudsman can be appealed by both parties to the High Court.

All other complaints which you cannot settle (after contacting Irish Life) should be directed to the Pensions Board at Verschoyle House, 28/30 Lower Mount Street, Dublin 2. Phone: 01 613 1900, Fax: 01 631 8602.

For any help, please contact us at Irish Life.

### **Family law and pensions**

If the member is involved in a judicial separation, divorce, dissolution of a civil partnership or ending of a relationship with a qualified cohabitant, a pension adjustment order may be granted by the courts over the benefits when the member retires or dies. The member can get more information on how pension adjustment orders work from the Pensions Board or their solicitor. You can reach the Pensions Board at the following address:

The Pensions Board  
Verschoyle House  
28-30 Mount Street  
Dublin 2  
Phone: 01 613 1900  
Lo call: 1890 65 65 65  
Email: [info@pensionsboard.ie](mailto:info@pensionsboard.ie)  
Website: [www.pensionsboard.ie](http://www.pensionsboard.ie)

### **The Pensions Board**

The Government set up the Pensions Board under the Pensions Act, 1990 as amended. The role of the Pensions Board is, among other things, to ensure pension schemes are run in line with the Pensions Act, 1990 as amended. Their address is as shown above.

# Contents:

## Section 1

### Definitions

This section defines some of the words and phrases we use in the terms and conditions.

## Section 2

### Contributions

This section describes the way in which you can make contributions.

## Section 3

### Benefits

This section explains the benefits that we provide.

## Section 4

### Funds and unit prices

This section explains how the investment funds work.

## Section 5

### Charges

This section deals with the amount of the contributions that we will place in the funds on your behalf and the charges you will have to pay.

## Section 6

### Claims

This section deals with the procedure for making a claim under the plan and our requirements for assessing the claim.

## Section 7

### Tax and Approval

This section summarises this plan's approval and gives a summary of the current tax rules.

## Section 8

### Law

This section defines the law that will govern this plan.

# Section 1

## Definitions

*This section defines some of the words and phrases we use in the terms and conditions.*

Certain words and phrases used in this Terms and Conditions booklet have specific meanings, which might be different from the meaning they would have in general use. These words are shown in **bold** and listed below, together with an explanation of their meanings in relation to this plan.

### **Accumulated fund**

The plan's value at a point in time. We work this out as:

- the number of units we place into the plan;

*multiplied by*

- the unit price of the units of the funds.

We may use a market value adjuster with any part of the accumulated fund that is invested in the Capital Protection Fund (see section 4.4).

### **Annuity**

A guaranteed payment made every month, for the month, until death.

## **Application form**

The application form for this plan. It includes any extra information given to us about the plan or any other relevant information.

## **Approval**

Approval from the Revenue Commissioners.

## **At Arms Length**

The term "At Arms Length" is provided for under Section 784A of the TCA. All property investments by pension plans must be on an arms length basis. In broad terms this means that the property cannot be used for any member's or a connected person's personal use. Acquisitions, disposals and lettings must also be on an arms length basis. You or any member within the scheme:

- must be at arms-length from the property;
- cannot purchase the property at any time, this includes on retirement;
- cannot own the property;
- do not have the right to place tenants in any particular residential property.

Investments must not be a transaction that is deemed to be a pension in payment in accordance with Section 784A, TCA.

## **Connected Person**

The term “connected person” is defined in accordance with section 10 of the TCA and includes:

- Any member’s spouse or registered civil partner;
- ‘Relatives’ of any member or any member’s spouse or registered civil partner, which includes brothers, sisters, parents, grandparents, children and grandchildren;
- The spouse or registered civil partner of a ‘relative’ of any member or any member’s spouse or registered civil partner.
- The trustees of any settlement set up by any member;
- Individuals involved in a business partnership with the scheme with any member or any member’s spouse, and those business partners’ spouses or registered civil partners and relatives;
- Any company over which any member, or the member and any person connected with him, have control;
- Any person or persons with whom any member acts to secure or exercise control of, or acquire a holding in a company are connected with any member in relation to that company.

## **Consumer Price Index**

The Consumer Price Index published by the Irish Government to measure inflation. (If this is not available, we will use another appropriate index.)

## **Contribution due date**

The date on which contributions should be made to us. You will choose how often you make contributions and this will be shown on the application form and confirmed on your plan schedule.

## **Endorsement**

If the terms and conditions of the plan have been changed or are different to the standard terms, we set the new or amended terms or conditions out in a separate document which we will attach to the plan. This is called an endorsement.

## **Fund**

Any of the funds described in the panel of funds.

## **Fund link**

The fund or combination of funds in the panel of funds which the plan is linked to.

## **Head Office**

This is Irish Life Assurance plc, Irish Life Centre, Lower Abbey Street, Dublin 1. If this changes, we will let you know.

## **Investment date**

Generally the date on which we receive a contribution from you for investment.



## Market value adjuster

An adjustment to reduce the value of units of the Capital Protection Fund in certain circumstances as set out in section 4.4.

## Panel of funds

This includes the following funds and any other funds that we may add from time to time:

Active Managed Fund Series P

Capital Protection Fund Series P

Consensus Cautious Fund Series P

Consensus Equity Fund Series P

Consensus Fund Series P

Core Fund Series P

Davy Conservative Income and Growth Fund Series 2

Davy Global Alpha Fund Series P

Davy High Yield Fund Series 2

Davy Intrinsic Value Fund Series 2

Davy Logic Fund Series P

Diversified Balanced Fund Series P

Diversified Cautious Fund Series P

Diversified Growth Fund Series P

Dynamic Global Equity Fund Series P

Exempt Property Fund Series P1

Fidelity China Fund Series P

Fidelity EMEA Fund Series P

Fidelity European Opportunities Fund Series P

Fidelity Global Inflation Linked Fund Series P

Fidelity Global Property Shares Fund Series P

Fidelity Global Real Asset Securities Fund Series P

Fidelity Global Special Situations Fund Series P

Fidelity India China Fund Series P

Fidelity India Fund Series P

Fidelity Managed International Fund Series P

Fidelity Multi-Asset Strategic Defensive Fund Series P

Global Cash Fund Series P

Global Consensus FTSE World Hedged Series P

Global Consensus Fund Series P

Global Opportunities Fund Series P

Global Select Fund Series P

Indexed Banks Fund Series P

Indexed Commodities Fund Series P

Indexed Emerging Markets Equity Fund Series P

Indexed Ethical Global Equity Fund Series P

Indexed Euro Corporate Bond Fund Series P

Indexed Euro Short Dated Bonds Fund Series P

Indexed European Equity Fund Series P

Indexed European Property Shares Fund Series P

Indexed Fixed Interest Fund Series P

Indexed Inflation Linked Bond Fund Series P

Indexed Irish Equity Fund Series P  
Indexed Japanese Equity Fund Series P  
Indexed North American Equity Fund Series P  
Indexed Pacific Equity Fund Series P  
Indexed Technology Fund Series P  
Indexed UK Equity Fund Series P  
Indexed World Equities Fund Series P  
Infrastructure Equities Fund Series P  
Multi Asset Portfolio 2 Series P  
Multi Asset Portfolio 3 Series P  
Multi Asset Portfolio 4 Series P  
Multi Asset Portfolio 5 Series P  
Multi Asset Portfolio 6 Series P  
Pension Protection Fund Series P  
Property Portfolio Fund Series P1  
Protected Consensus Markets Fund Series P  
Self-Invested Fund  
Setanta Balanced Dividend Fund Series P  
Setanta Equity Dividend Fund Series P  
Setanta Global Equity Fund Series P  
Setanta Global Focus Fund Series P  
Setanta Income Opportunities Fund Series P  
Setanta Managed Fund Series P

Strategic Asset Return Fund Series P  
Tomorrows world Fund Series P  
UK Property Fund Series P1

At any stage we can change the range of fund options that are available. We reserve the right to close a fund to new contributions, or to close a fund entirely and move existing clients to other funds open at that time. If you are invested in that fund, we will give you at least one month's advance notice. It may happen however that, in order to protect client values, we have to close a fund immediately without any advance notice. In this event, we will notify you as soon as possible after the fund closes.

Details of how we work out fund prices can be found in our Fund Operating Procedures governing the funds. These are available online at [www.irishlife.ie](http://www.irishlife.ie) or from the Irish Life Head Office.

### **Pensions Act**

The Pensions Act, 1990 as amended.

### **Percentage of contribution invested**

The percentage of the contribution that we invest in the fund. This is shown in the plan schedule.

### **Regular contributions**

Any regular contribution as shown in the plan schedule or otherwise made according to the terms of this plan. It includes any increases in regular contributions (see section 2.4).

It does not include any single contributions made on a one-off basis.

### **Schedule**

The schedule that forms part of this plan.

### **Scheme**

The self-administered scheme named on the application form.

### **Self-Administered pension scheme**

The scheme named on the application form.

### **Single contribution**

A contribution which is not a regular contribution.

### **Start date of the plan**

The date shown in the plan schedule.

### **Suspension**

Where we have agreed that you can stop regular contributions for a fixed period (see section 2.7).

### **TCA**

The Taxes Consolidation Act 1997 and any amendment or re-enactment thereof.

### **Third Party**

In connection with this plan, this is a person or persons other than you or us or one of our group companies.

### **Trustee**

The person, people or organisation named in the application form and plan schedule as trustee, or any other person who we are told is a trustee of the self-administered scheme.

### **Unit**

Each fund in the panel of funds contains a number of identical units. We will work out the value of each unit by referring to the net value of the assets of the fund after deductions. We set aside a number of these units for the plan to work out its value.

### **Unit account**

The number of units set aside for the plan in each fund.

### **Unit price**

The price of a unit of a fund, which we use to work out the value of the plan for each fund. This is the price we use when buying and selling units in the fund. The unit price on any given date is the price which Irish Life has determined for that date.

### **We, us, our**

Irish Life Assurance plc.

## **Your, you**

The person named as the customer in the plan schedule.

## **Section 2**

### **Contributions**

*This section describes the way in which you can make contributions.*

- 2.1** The regular amount (if any) you have chosen to pay and how often contributions will be made are set out in the plan schedule. These are known as regular contributions.
- 2.2** We allow 30 days for each contribution to be made unless regular contributions are made in monthly instalments, in which case this period is 10 days. If no contribution is made within these periods, we will assume contributions have stopped under the plan (see section 2.8) unless the option to suspend contributions has been chosen under section 2.7.
- 2.3** Each time a contribution is made we place units from one or more of the funds into the plan according to the terms of the latest fund link and in the way described in section 5. We use the unit price of each fund to work out the number of units from each fund, which we will place in the plan.

Our current policy is to use unit prices effective on the same working day we receive your contribution. We may change this policy in the future to use unit prices effective on a different date. We advise that you check with Irish Life or your financial adviser what our policy is at the time you make a contribution.

This plan is issued on the understanding that the rules of the self-administered scheme allow for investment of the funds into this type of plan.

In certain funds there may be a maximum amount allowed to be invested.

## **2.4 Changing the contributions**

### **Non-automatic increases in regular contributions**

You may write and ask to increase the regular contribution giving at least one calendar month's notice.

Any increase must be at least as large as the minimum we allow. This minimum amount may vary depending on the particular fund. There may be restrictions on increasing the regular contribution into certain funds.

### **Automatic increases in contributions**

If you have chosen to increase contributions in line with inflation, the regular contribution will automatically increase each year on the anniversary of the start date (as shown on the plan schedule). The regular contributions will increase each year in line with the Consumer Price Index. When the Consumer Price Index is low, we may set the increase at a slightly higher minimum amount. (This is currently 5% but this percentage is a guide only. The actual percentage increase may be different when we work out the increase in contributions.) We will tell you what this increase will be.

If we do not receive the increased contribution within 10 days of the plan anniversary (30 days for annual contributions) we will assume the increase in contribution for that year has been turned down. However, we will offer a similar increase in the following

year. If you decide in the future that this option is not to be offered, you must tell us in writing.

We may use an index other than the Consumer Price Index to work out the rates that apply. We may also use a period other than one ending on an anniversary of the start date of the plan.

## **2.5 Reducing regular contributions**

You may write to our customer service team and ask us to reduce the regular contribution at any stage by giving one month's notice. The reduced regular contribution must be at least as large as the minimum we allow.

## **2.6 Option to make single contributions**

You may add single contributions to your regular contributions at any time. You can make only single contributions if you want. It is not possible to add regular contributions to a plan if you start with a single contribution. There may be restrictions on investing in certain funds. (We describe some of these in section 4.) There may also be restrictions imposed by the Revenue Commissioners. The investment terms that apply to single contributions will be those available at the time you make your single contribution. We will add units to your account for your single contribution based on the unit price of units on the day we receive your contribution at Head Office. The single contributions may not be less than the minimum amount we allow. This minimum amount may vary by fund.

## 2.7 Suspending regular contributions

You can suspend the regular contributions at any time.

The option to suspend regular contributions is available only if you give us written notice of the start date and end date of the suspension period, at least one month before the next contribution due date.

If you use this option, the following will apply:

- The plan will continue in force and any charges that apply (for example, the plan fee and fund charge) before the suspension period will continue to apply for the suspension period. If the value of the accumulated fund falls to zero, the plan will end without a value and we will not pay any benefits.
- You must continue to make the regular contribution from the end of the suspension period. If you do not do this, the plan will become paid-up (see section 2.8).

## 2.8 Paid-up plan

A plan will become a paid-up plan in the following circumstances:

- You do not make regular contributions without giving us notice and you have not chosen to suspend your contributions.
- You choose to have the plan changed to a paid-up plan.

Where you have chosen options under sections 2.7 and 2.8, we will continue to take the yearly fund charges and the plan fee.

If a plan has become a paid-up plan, the fund which has built up in the plan will stay invested in the fund (or funds) you have chosen until you decide to take benefits. If the value of the fund falls to

zero, the plan will end without a value and we will not pay any benefits.

## 2.9 Reinstating the plan

If regular contributions have been stopped under sections 2.7 or 2.8, you may ask us to reinstate the plan. You must do this in writing.

## Section 3

### Benefits

*This section explains the benefits that we provide.*

- 3.1** We will pay the accumulated fund which has built up when you ask. The payment will be the value of the accumulated fund at the date the transfer takes place less any exit charge that may apply. Please see section 5.7. We may use a market value adjuster with any part of the accumulated fund that is invested in the Capital Protection Fund (see section 4.4).

We will work out the value of units at that date using the unit price of the units for the day we receive your written request to withdraw the fund.

- 3.2** In certain circumstances, we may need to delay transfers from your plan. The circumstances in which we may delay a transfer can include the following:
- If a large number of customers want to take money out of the same fund at the same time.
  - If there are practical problems selling the assets in which the fund is invested.
  - For an externally managed fund, if the external manager who is responsible for the investment of any part of the fund imposes a delay.

Due to the high cost and time involved in selling properties, a delay of this sort is most likely to happen if you are invested in the Property Fund (or a fund with a high proportion of property or

property related assets). The length of any delay will depend on how long it takes us to sell the assets in the fund. A minimum delay of six months would be likely to apply in this situation.

Once you have given us notice that you wish to make a transfer payment you cannot change your mind during any notice period.

If a transfer is delayed, we will carry out the transfer based on unit prices at the end of the notice period.

- 3.3** You cannot transfer the benefits under this plan to anyone else except in the case of a pension adjustment order granted by the court.

### Family law and pensions

The benefits payable using the proceeds of this plan are determined by you, and are provided at your absolute discretion in accordance with the rules of the scheme. However, if a member of the scheme is involved in a judicial separation or divorce, the court may grant a pension adjustment order which directs you to pay all or part of the benefits under this plan, when the member retires, withdraws from service or dies, to people named in the pension adjustment order. A pension adjustment order issued by the court will override the terms and conditions of this plan.

## Section 4

### Funds and unit prices

*This section explains how the investment funds work.*

#### 4.1 Introduction

This plan is unit-linked. Unit-linking is simply a way of working out the value of the plan on any date. You do not own the units. The plan will be linked to units in one or more of the funds in the panel of funds as defined in section 1. The maximum number of funds the plan may be linked to is 10.

#### 4.2 Working out unit prices

We work out the unit price of units in all of the funds by using the market value of the assets of the fund and taking off the fund charge. These may go down as well as up.

When there are more customers moving out of a fund than making new investments in it, we may reduce the value of the units in the fund to reflect the percentage of the costs associated with buying and selling the assets of the fund. The reduction in the value of the affected assets will be different for each fund and is likely to be most significant for the proportion of any fund invested in property. The reduction for any part of the fund invested with external fund managers may happen at a different time to the reduction for the rest of the fund.

Some funds may be invested in other funds where the above reduction would apply. As described above, when more clients are moving out of these funds than making new investments, the

value of the units may undergo a reduction to reflect a proportion of the costs associated with buying and selling the assets. This in turn will lead to a reduction in the value of the units of the fund.

Details of how we work out fund prices can be found in our Fund Operating Procedures governing the funds. These are available online at [www.irishlife.ie](http://www.irishlife.ie) or from the Irish Life Head Office.

#### 4.3 Fund charges

We have summarised our current fund charges for each fund in the following table:

Panel of funds	Actual Fund charge each year
Active Managed Fund Series P	0.75%
Capital Protection Fund Series P	1.00%
Consensus Cautious Fund Series P	0.75%
Consensus Equity Fund Series P	0.75%
Consensus Fund Series P	0.75%
Dynamic Global Equity Fund Series P	0.75%
Exempt Property Fund Series P1	1.00%
Global Cash Fund Series P	0.75%
Global Consensus FTSE World Hedged Series P	0.75%
Global Consensus Fund Series P	0.75%
Global Opportunities Fund Series P	0.75%



Global Select Fund Series P	0.90%
Indexed Banks Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed Emerging Markets Equity Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed Ethical Global Equity Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed Euro Corporate Bond Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed European Equity Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed European Property Shares Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed Euro Short Dated Bond Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed Fixed Interest Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed Inflation Linked Bond Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed Irish Equity Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed Japanese Equity Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed North American Equity Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed Pacific Equity Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed Technology Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed UK Equity Fund Series P	0.75%
Indexed World Equities Fund Series P	0.75%
Pension Protection Fund Series P	0.75%
Protected Consensus Markets Fund Series P	1.35%
Self-Invested Fund *	0.75%
Setanta Balanced Dividend Fund Series P	0.75%
Setanta Equity Dividend Fund Series P	0.75%
Setanta Global Equity Fund Series P	0.75%

Setanta Global Focus Fund Series P	0.75%
Setanta Income Opportunities Fund Series P	0.75%
Setanta Managed Fund Series P	0.75%
Tomorrows World Fund Series P	0.90%

\* The fund charge shown above for the Self-Invested Fund is the fund charge we will deduct. Additional fund charges may be incurred within the Self-Invested Fund relation to third-party fund managers, for example if you have instructed us to invest part or all of the Self-Invested Fund in external funds or investments. Please see Self-Invested Fund Guide for more details.

In the following Complete Solutions funds, part of the fund charge can vary. It is typically the external manager's part of the fund charge that varies. The following table shows, where relevant, the fixed charge, the estimated average level of the extra charge that can vary and the total average estimated fund charge.

Panel of funds	Fixed charge	Estimated average level of variable charge	Total average estimated fund charge each year
Core Fund Series P	0.75%	0.20%	0.95%
Davy Conservative Income	1.00%	0.00%	1.00%

and Growth Fund Series 2			
Davy Global Alpha Fund Series P	0.25%	1.50%	1.75%
Davy High Yield Fund Series 2	1.00%	0.00%	1.00%
Davy Intrinsic Value Fund Series 2	1.00%	0.00%	1.00%
Davy Logic Fund Series P	0.00%	1.20%	1.20%
Diversified Balanced Fund Series P	0.75%	0.40%	1.15%
Diversified Cautious Fund Series P	0.75%	0.40%	1.15%
Diversified Growth Fund Series P	0.75%	0.40%	1.15%
Fidelity China Fund Series P	0.75%	1.15%	1.90%
Fidelity EMEA Fund Series P	0.75%	1.15%	1.90%
Fidelity European Opportunities Fund Series P	0.75%	0.95%	1.70%
Fidelity Global Inflation Linked Fund Series P	0.75%	0.60%	1.35%
Fidelity Global Property Shares Fund Series P	0.75%	1.15%	1.90%
Fidelity Global Real Asset Securities Fund Series P	0.75%	1.10%	1.85%
Fidelity Global Special Situations Fund Series P	0.75%	0.95%	1.70%
Fidelity India China Fund Series P	0.75%	1.15%	1.90%
Fidelity India Fund Series P	0.75%	1.15%	1.90%

Fidelity Managed International Fund Series P	0.75%	0.95%	1.70%
Fidelity Multi-Asset Strategic Defensive Fund Series P	0.75%	0.90%	1.65%
Indexed Commodities Fund Series P	0.75%	0.35%	1.10%
Infrastructure Equities Fund Series P	0.75%	0.60%	1.35%
Multi Asset Portfolio 2 Series P	0.75%	0.15%	0.90%
Multi Asset Portfolio 3 Series P	0.75%	0.15%	0.90%
Multi Asset Portfolio 4 Series P	0.75%	0.15%	0.90%
Multi Asset Portfolio 5 Series P	0.75%	0.15%	0.90%
Multi Asset Portfolio 6 Series P	0.75%	0.05%	0.80%
Property Portfolio Fund Series P1	0.75%	1.10%	1.85%
Strategic Asset Return Fund Series P	0.70%	0.55%	1.25%
UK Property Fund Series P1	1.00%	0.375%	1.375%

The estimated average levels of the variable charges shown above are those expected over the long-term. The actual level of charges may be higher or lower than this. The section on variable charges below explains the reasons for this.

Where the estimated average level of the variable charge is 0%, this indicates that the external managers may at some point choose to invest in assets which attract additional charges but the current expectation is that they will not.

## Variable charges

**As noted above the charge on a number of funds can vary and therefore is not fixed throughout the lifetime of your plan. The charge noted in the above table reflects our best estimate of the total charges we expect will be incurred by the fund over the long term. However, the actual charges you incur may vary for the reasons given below.**

Funds are administered at an overall level by Irish Life. For some funds, part or all of the assets are managed by companies (external managers) other than Irish Life.

There are charges taken from these funds by both Irish Life and these external fund managers.

The external fund managers take their costs and charges from the assets they manage. These charges are reflected in how the fund performs. The level of the charges, as a percentage of the overall fund, can vary for several reasons.

- The first reason is the fact that the percentage of the fund that is managed by external managers can change over time. The weighting of individual investment types may also vary over time. Where the fund invests in other funds, the overall fund charge will also vary accordingly. This split can change in the future mainly due to the availability of assets and also the amount of money coming into and out of the

fund. The actual level of the external manager charge will therefore vary depending on the weighting of these factors within the fund.

- The second reason is that the level of the charges applied by external fund managers can vary according to the fund manager we choose in the future. We may also pay the external managers an incentive fee if they achieve positive investment returns on the funds they manage.
- The third reason is that the funds managed by external fund managers may borrow to increase the amount of assets that the funds can invest in. Borrowing increases the chance of achieving improved returns if the assets perform well. However, it also increases the level of risk of the investment. The external managers' charges in relation to investments are based on the total value of the assets held including any borrowings made rather than on the funds they manage. The level of these charges as a percentage of the funds managed will depend on the amount of borrowing relative to the value of the assets held. If the level of borrowing increases by more than the value of assets, the level of charges as a percentage of funds managed would increase. For example, a significant fall in asset values could result in a significant increase in the average level of this charge as a percentage of funds managed. This is because a fall in asset values means that the amounts borrowed would represent a higher percentage of the fund value. Equally, if the level of borrowing reduces by more than the value of assets, then the level of charges as a percentage of funds managed would also reduce. For example, a

significant rise in asset values could result in a significant reduction in the average level of this charge as a percentage of the funds managed. This is because a rise in asset values means that the amounts borrowed would represent a lower percentage of the fund value.

Taking account of these factors, the estimated average level of the variable charge will reflect our best estimate of the total charges we expect will be incurred by the fund over the long term. However, the total charge may be higher or lower than this depending on the factors outlined above.

It is possible that the charge on some funds may vary in the future and therefore will not be fixed throughout the lifetime of the plan.

Some funds invest in other funds and the proportion invested in each fund may vary over time. Since fund charges vary between funds, the overall fund charge will vary depending on the weighting of individual investments in each fund. If the charges on individual funds vary, the overall fund charge will vary as a result.

## **Additional points to note**

### **Increase in charges**

We will only increase the charges given above, for one of the following reasons:

- there is an increase in the costs of dealing with the investment. If this happens, we will give you notice of the increase
- the charges vary for one of the reasons given above in the section on variable charges.

## **Funds containing property**

We take the costs of maintaining and valuing the properties in these funds and the costs of collecting rent off the fund before we take any charges.

## **Fund Guide**

Further information on the funds available on this plan is included in your separate fund guides and these guides must be read in conjunction with the terms and conditions.

## **Currency**

Certain funds contain assets which are invested outside of the eurozone. The fund managers may use currency protection against any changes in the value of those currencies against the euro. The cost of any currency protection used is charged to your fund. Where the fund manager has not used currency protection, there is a risk that your plan value will be adversely affected by changes in currency exchange rates. Your separate Fund Guide contains details on currency protection.

## **Securities lending**

If you have chosen to invest in a fund that invests in equities or bonds, the equities or bonds within that fund may be used for the purpose of securities lending in order to earn an additional return for the fund. While securities lending increases the level of risk within a fund it provides an opportunity to increase the investment return. Where an external manager engages in

securities lending, they may keep some or all of the revenue from this activity for themselves.

### **Incentive fees**

The external fund managers may deduct an incentive fee if they achieve positive investment returns on the funds they manage. Depending on the particular fund, circumstances in which an incentive fee may be deducted by the external manager include the following:

- If the investment returns exceed a certain level in any calendar quarter.
- If the investment returns exceed a certain level each year.
- If the investment returns achieved in a particular year are greater than the previous highest investment return.
- If the returns achieved by these funds exceed the performance of a benchmark fund.

If during the term of your plan an incentive fee is deducted, this will be reflected in the unit price.

### **Counterparty Risk**

It is important to note that the value of investments with any fund manager may be affected if any of the institutions with whom money is placed suffers insolvency or any other financial difficulties. Where a fund is managed by an external fund manager, the value of your units will reflect the value of the assets recovered from that manager. Irish Life will not use any of our assets to make up any shortfall.

### **External Funds**

Where a fund invests in an external fund, we will represent the key features of the external fund in our literature. However, the managers of external funds may retain discretion over the nature and choice of assets, custodians and institutions with whom they place money, and the expenses incurred, within any part of a fund they manage. Our commitment to you is to pass on the full value of the fund we receive from the external manager for your investment. We are not liable for any pricing inaccuracies related to the external providers. Our commitment is restricted to the returns we actually receive from the external manager.

Where funds are managed by external fund managers, the investments may be legally held in other countries other than Ireland. Where a fund is based will impact on how it is regulated.

## 4.4 The Capital Protection Fund

### Working out the unit price

The unit price of units in the Capital Protection Fund cannot fall. The growth each calendar year will equal at least a minimum rate we declare (upfront) each year. We work out this minimum by taking account of:

- the value of the assets of the Capital Protection Fund;
- the unit price of all the units of the fund; and
- the expected future return on these assets.

### The market value adjuster

We may reduce the value of your fund within the Capital Protection Fund by applying a market value adjuster if you choose to move your investment out of the Capital Protection Fund.

We then work out the value of the units in the Capital Protection Fund as follows.

- The number of units in the Capital Protection Fund;  
*multiplied by*
- the unit price of units in the Capital Protection Fund;  
*multiplied by*
- the market value adjuster.

If we use the market value adjuster, it will reduce your fund value to reflect any shortfall between the value of the assets in the fund and the unit price of all the units in the fund.

We will not use the market value adjuster for units of the Capital Protection Fund if:

- you choose to move the investment out of the Capital Protection Fund on the fifth anniversary of the plan or the plan anniversary every five years after this; or
- we are cashing in units to pay you a regular withdrawal; or
- you die.

**You should check with Irish Life whether a market value adjuster applies currently to this fund.**

## 4.5 The Protected Consensus Markets Fund

### How the Protected Consensus Markets Fund is invested

The Protected Consensus Markets Fund invests in the Consensus Markets Fund and the Protected Fund. The percentages invested in each of the Consensus Markets Fund and the Protected Fund will change over the term of the contract, depending mainly on the performance of the Consensus Markets Fund.

Generally, the better the Consensus Markets Fund performs, the higher the percentage of your investment in the Protected Consensus Markets Fund that will be linked to the Consensus Markets Fund (up to 100%). However when the Consensus Markets Fund performs poorly, a lower percentage of your investment will be linked to that fund. It is possible that, if the Consensus Markets Fund were to fall significantly in value, up to 100% of the Protected Consensus Markets Fund could be linked to returns from the Protected Fund. This would significantly reduce the growth potential of the Protected Consensus Markets Fund.

Deutsche Bank AG acting through its London Branch (Deutsche Bank) will calculate, on the basis of a mathematical formula, what proportion of the Protected Consensus Markets Fund performance is linked to the Consensus Markets Fund and what proportion is linked to the Protected Fund at any time, in line with a procedure agreed with us at the outset. You can ask us for details of how this procedure works.

### Working out the Unit Price

Irish Life Assurance plc (Irish Life) will calculate the value of the assets in the Protected Consensus Markets Fund each day and we will use the resulting valuation to calculate the value of each unit of the Protected Consensus Markets Fund (called the Unit Price). The Unit Price will go down as well as up over time depending on how the assets in the Protected Consensus Markets Fund perform.

### The Protected Price Pledge

We aim that the Unit Price of the Protected Consensus Markets Fund will not fall below 80% of its highest ever value. This is called the Protected Price Pledge. The Protected Price Pledge is ultimately provided by Deutsche Bank (see below for details). If the Unit Price of the Protected Consensus Markets Fund falls below 80% of its highest value, then Irish Life will call upon Deutsche Bank to make up the shortfall in the value of the Protected Consensus Markets Fund, so as to ensure that the Unit Price does not fall below 80% of its highest ever value.

**However, there are certain circumstances in which the Protected Price Pledge may not apply.** These are described further below.

The Protected Price Pledge applies to the number of units we have allocated for investment on your plan. Any charges or unit cancellations will reduce the number of units invested in your plan.

Irish Life does not provide the Protected Price Pledge on the Protected Consensus Markets Fund. **The Protected Price Pledge is provided to us by Deutsche Bank.** Your contract is with us, Irish Life. Separately, Irish Life has contracted with Deutsche Bank whereby Deutsche Bank has agreed to provide the Protected Price Pledge in relation to the Protected Consensus Markets Fund. **Irish Life's commitment to you is to pass on the full amount it receives from Deutsche Bank under the Protected Price Pledge in respect of your investment. Our commitment to you is restricted to the amount which we actually receive from Deutsche Bank.**

No other assets of Irish Life will be used to meet these commitments.

This means that if Deutsche Bank does not fulfil its obligations to us under the Protected Price Pledge, for whatever reason, or if the contract governing the provision of the Protected Price Pledge by Deutsche Bank has terminated (see below) then you may not receive the benefit of the Protected Price Pledge and the Protected Consensus Markets Fund Unit Price could fall below 80% of its highest ever value. Deutsche Bank's obligations in respect of the Protected Price Pledge are restricted to its contract with Irish Life. You do not have a contract with Deutsche Bank and in no event will you be entitled to make a claim directly against Deutsche Bank under the Protected Price Pledge or in relation to Deutsche Bank's obligation to calculate what proportion of the Protected Consensus Markets Fund's performance is linked to the Consensus Markets Fund and the Protected Fund.

In the event of the Protected Price Pledge being triggered, Deutsche Bank has 5 business days to pay us the amounts due under the Protected Price Pledge. We will delay administering any switches, income payments, withdrawals, transfers or benefit payments until after Deutsche Bank has made this payment to us. There may be circumstances when we need to delay payments for longer than 5 days.

### **Expiry of the Protected Price Pledge**

The Protected Price Pledge contract between Irish Life and Deutsche Bank applies for an initial period up to 11 September 2015. We will negotiate with Deutsche Bank to try to extend this date but there is no guarantee that we will be successful. We will write to you if this occurs. The contract may end before this date in certain circumstances.

### **Termination Events**

There are circumstances in which the Protected Price Pledge contract between Irish Life and Deutsche Bank may be reduced or even removed and thus you may not get the benefit of the Protected Price Pledge. These circumstances include but are not limited to:

- If either party commits a material breach of the contract and does not remedy it within a specified time limit, or if particular provisions of the contract are breached by either Irish Life or Deutsche Bank - for example if Deutsche Bank stops working out how much of the Protected Consensus Markets Fund is linked to the performance of the Consensus Markets Fund and the Protected Fund then Irish Life may

terminate the contract. If Irish Life fails to supply specific information on the Protected Consensus Markets Fund to Deutsche Bank necessary to perform its functions under the contract then Deutsche Bank may terminate the contract with us.

- If either of Irish Life or Deutsche Bank refuses or fails to pay to the other party the amounts due to that other party under the contract.
- If there is a material breach by Deutsche Bank of services it provides under the contract.
- If Irish Life or the asset manager or custodian appointed in connection with the contract with Deutsche Bank cease, for whatever reason, to fulfil their functions under the contract.
- If either Irish Life or Deutsche Bank becomes insolvent or, is nationalised or ceases to carry on its business as presently conducted.
- If there is a change in tax, law or the regulatory regime that negatively impacts on Deutsche Bank with regard to its duties under the contract.
- If Irish Life or Deutsche Bank's obligations under the contract become impossible to fulfil or illegal or infringe applicable laws.
- If there is a regulatory investigation of either Deutsche Bank or Irish Life with regard to their activities under the contract.



We reserve the right to replace Deutsche Bank with another protected price pledge provider at any time. We will write and tell you if this occurs.

When the Protected Consensus Markets Fund is fully or predominantly invested in the Protected Fund, the Protected Consensus Markets Fund will not be able to participate in any positive growth in the Consensus Markets Fund. If you continue to stay invested in the Protected Consensus Markets Fund after the Protected Price Pledge is triggered, the fund charges will continue to be deducted from the fund. If the fund charges are greater than the growth rate of the Protected Fund at that stage, it may reduce the Protected Price Pledge amount payable. This would mean that you could get back less than 80% of the highest ever Unit Price.

The Protected Consensus Markets Fund is not sponsored, endorsed or promoted by Deutsche Bank. Deutsche Bank makes no representation or warranty to any person, including without limitation, any potential investor and any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in the Protected Consensus Markets Fund. Deutsche Bank AG is authorised under German Banking Law (the competent authority is BaFin - the Federal Financial Supervisory Authority) and authorised and subject to limited regulation by the Financial Services Authority (FSA) in the United Kingdom.

### **Closure of the Protected Consensus Markets Fund**

**There may be circumstances where we need to close the Protected Consensus Markets Fund and we reserve the right to do so;** these circumstances include but are not limited to:

- If the Protected Price Pledge is reduced or removed.

- If we are unable to extend the contract with Deutsche Bank beyond 11 September 2015.

- If there are material difficulties in operating the fund as intended.

Should this happen, we would write to you with the option of:

- Switching to our cash fund. This switch would occur by a certain date.
- Switching to any other fund of your choice on your plan in advance of this date.

### **Closure of the Protected Consensus Markets Fund to New Contributions**

There are also circumstances in which we may need to close the Protected Consensus Markets Fund to new contributions (regular or single premiums, switches) with immediate effect, these include but are not limited to:

- If 100% of the fund is linked to the returns from the Protected Fund.
- If the Protected Consensus Markets Fund exceeds a certain size limit.
- If investment markets are disrupted.

If this occurs we will re-direct your contributions to the Global Cash Fund (or an equivalent cash fund available at that time). We will write to you to tell you this has occurred and to give you options on which fund you want to invest in, in the future.

#### 4.6 Switching between funds - future contributions

You may choose to change the funds into which we place units in this plan. We need one month's written notice to do this. We do not currently charge for this option. We may charge in the future to cover our administration costs.

Before you switch from your original fund choice or choices, please remember that the funds in the panel of funds have different levels of risk and possible returns and they may also have different yearly fund charges.

**Please ensure that you are aware of the level of risk, possible returns and the yearly fund charge for a fund before switching into it.**

At any stage, we can change the range of fund options that are available. For example, we may add new ones or close existing ones. You can only switch into a fund if it is open for switches at the time we receive your request.

#### 4.7 Switching between funds - accumulated funds

You may choose to switch the accumulated fund to another fund. We do not currently charge for this option. We may charge in the future to cover our administration costs. The unit prices we use for your switch will be determined according to our switching policy in place at the time of the switch. Our current policy is to use unit prices effective on the same working day we receive your written request unless your switch is subject to a delay period (see below). However, we reserve the right to change our switching policy in the future. We advise that you check with Irish Life or your financial adviser as to what our switching policy is at the time you switch.

Before you switch from your original fund choice or choices, please remember that the funds in the panel of funds have different levels of risk and possible returns and they may also have different yearly fund charges.

**Please ensure that you are aware of the level of risk, possible returns and the yearly fund charge for a fund before switching into it.**

At any stage, we can change the range of fund options that are available. For example, we may add new ones or close existing ones. You can only switch into a fund if it is open for switches at the time we receive your request.

If units are being switched out of the Capital Protection Fund, we take the value of units in the fund after using the market value adjuster as described in section 4.4.

After a switch has taken place we will send you a switch letter. This switch letter forms part of your contract.

In certain circumstances, we may place restrictions on switches between funds. These restrictions may include, but are not limited to:

- Requiring a minimum period of time between switches;
- Limiting the amount that may be switched between funds at any one time;
- Not accepting switch requests from an agent acting on your behalf.

## Delay Periods

In certain circumstances, we may need to delay switches. The circumstances in which we may delay a switch can include the following:

- If a large number of clients want to take money out of the same fund at the same time.
- If there are practical problems selling the assets in which the fund is invested.
- For an externally managed fund, if the external manager imposes a delay.

Due to the high cost and time involved in selling properties, a delay of this sort is most likely to happen if you are invested in a fund with a high proportion of property or property related assets. The length of any delay will depend on how long it takes us to sell the assets in the fund. A minimum delay of six months would be likely to apply in this situation.

Once you have given us notice that you wish to make a switch between funds you cannot change your mind during any notice period.

Delayed switches will be based on the value of units at the end of the period when the switch actually takes place.

## Section 5

### Charges

*This section deals with the amount of the contributions that we will place in the funds on your behalf and the charges you will have to pay.*

#### **5.1 Entry charge on your regular contributions or single contributions**

For your regular contribution (if any) the amount invested will be the regular contribution multiplied by the percentage of contribution invested for the first year and the percentage of contribution invested for other years.

For your single contribution (if any) the amount invested will be the single contribution multiplied by the percentage of contribution invested.

These percentages are shown on your plan schedule which is included in your Welcome Pack. The amount not invested is a charge.

#### **5.2 Entry charge on extra regular contributions in the future or on future single contributions**

If you increase your regular contribution at any time, the percentage of contribution invested for the increase may be different from the percentage of contribution invested for the rest of your regular contribution. The amount invested at that date will be your extra regular contribution multiplied by the percentage of contribution invested.

If you choose to make an extra single contribution at any time, the percentage of contribution invested for the extra single contribution may be different from the percentage of contribution invested for your initial single contribution. The amount invested at that date will be your extra single contribution multiplied by the percentage of contribution invested.

The percentage of contribution invested for increases in regular contributions or extra single contributions will be those available at the time you increase your regular contribution or make the extra single contribution.

The amount not invested is a charge. Before increasing your regular contribution or making a single contribution, we advise that you check with Irish Life or your financial adviser as to what the percentage of contribution invested will be for your extra regular contribution or single contribution.

### **5.3 Decreasing your regular contribution in the future**

If you decrease your regular contribution in the future, the percentage of contribution invested for your regular contribution following the decrease may be lower, we advise that you check with Irish Life or your financial adviser as to what the percentage of contribution invested will be for your regular contribution before decreasing your contributions.

### **5.4 Yearly fund charge**

This charge is taken as a percentage of your fund value. It can be different for each fund that you are investing in and whether that fund has been built up by regular contributions or single contributions. Each fund charge is shown in section 4 of this

booklet. The charge is reflected in the unit price of each of the different funds you have invested in.

### **5.5 Yearly plan charge**

If this charge applies, it will be shown on your plan schedule. This charge is taken as a percentage of your regular contribution fund value and/or your single contribution fund value (if applicable). This will apply as well as the fund charge referred to in sections 4.3 and 5.4.

We will take one twelfth of the plan charge every month by cancelling units from the unit account. We will cancel units from the unit account in the same percentage as the latest fund link for new regular contributions we have been told about.

### **5.6 Plan fee**

This charge will be deducted from your fund on a monthly basis. The fee of €4.67 a month (May 2013) will be increased each year in line with the increase in the Consumer Price Index for the previous year

### **5.7 Exit charge**

If you transfer your fund more than 5 years after the investment start date, the transfer payment or your retirement fund will be the value of the accumulated fund at that date. We may use a market value adjuster with any part of the accumulated fund that is invested in the Capital Protection Fund (see section 4.4).

If we have increased the normal percentage of contribution invested for any reason, and you take your fund out or retire before the fifth anniversary of the start of your investment or the date you pay extra regular contributions (including automatic indexation) or single contributions, the exit charge shown above may be increased by the same percentage as we increased your percentage of contribution invested. If this applies, this exit charge is shown on your plan schedule.

No exit charge applies on death.

## **5.8 Pensions Board Fee**

As a trustee, you may have to pay a fee to the Pensions Board each year in line with section 25, Pensions Act, 1990 as amended. We will not pay this fee for you.

## **5.9 Future increases in charges**

We won't increase the charges outlined above unless we need to because of an increase in the costs of dealing with the investment or vary if they as described in section 4.3.

# **Section 6**

## **Claims**

*This section deals with the procedure for making a claim under the plan and our requirements for assessing the claim.*

- 6.1** Before we will make the retirement benefits available, we must receive the following.
  - (a) A filled in claim form.
  - (b) Proof of entitlement to claim the proceeds of the plan. This would include keeping to these terms and conditions and the plan schedule.
  - (c) The Terms and Conditions booklet and the plan schedule.
  - (d) If you are cashing in units the Capital Protection Fund in circumstances where the market value adjuster should not be applied, you must send us written confirmation outlining your reason for leaving the Capital Protection Fund.
- 6.2** If the member dies before taking retirement benefits as set out in section 3, death benefits will be paid in line with your instructions and the scheme rules.

## Section 7

### Tax and Approval

*This section summarises this plan's approval and gives a summary of the current tax rules.*

#### Approval

- 7.1** The self-administered scheme which this investment is linked to must be approved by the Revenue Commissioners under Chapter 1 Part 30 of the TCA. If the scheme ends or is no longer approved by the Revenue Commissioners, you must let us know. We will pay the benefits under the plan in line with the terms and conditions. The contributions made to this plan should not be greater than those allowed by the Revenue Commissioners.
- 7.2** We will not accept extra contributions into this plan if the self-administered scheme is no longer approved by the Revenue Commissioners as an exempt approved scheme. You must let us know about any change to the approval of the scheme.

#### Tax

- 7.3** If tax laws or any other relevant laws change after the start date, we will alter the terms and conditions of the plan if this is necessary to keep the plan in line with those changes. Any taxes or levies imposed by the government will be collected by Irish Life and passed directly to the Revenue Commissioners.
- Irish Life retains absolute discretion to determine, in accordance with all relevant legislation, its application and interpretation, the tax treatment of this plan.

### 7.4 Funds containing overseas property or other overseas assets

Some funds may invest wholly or partly in property or other assets outside of Ireland. Any UK rental profit from property not held directly by Irish Life, i.e. profit from UK property companies, is subject to the basic UK rate of tax according to current United Kingdom tax law. UK tax incurred by Irish Life in respect of UK property will be deducted from the fund. Property held directly by Irish Life will not be subject to tax.

For any investments in overseas property, tax will be deducted on rental profit if this is required by the domestic tax rules of the relevant country. In some instances, depending on the domestic tax rules of the country, capital gains tax may also be payable on capital gains made within the fund.

For any investments in overseas assets, tax will be deducted on income or profits if this is required by the domestic tax rules of the relevant country. In some instances, withholding or other underlying taxes may apply, depending on the domestic tax rules of the relevant country.

Any tax due will be deducted from the fund and thus reflected in the fund performance. If tax legislation and practice changes during the term, this will be reflected in the fund value.

## **Alteration**

- 7.5** We can change the terms and conditions of this plan. We will let you know about these variations and how, if at all, the benefits under the plan may be affected.
- 7.6** Any alteration which you are permitted to make by these terms and conditions will only be accepted and acted upon by Irish Life on your written authorisation.
- 7.7** All alterations must be in line with the Revenue Commissioners approval of the Scheme and associated plans and must have the agreement of Irish Life.
- 7.8** Irish Life does not accept responsibility for any losses incurred as a result of instructions received by you.

## **Section 8**

### **Law**

*This section defines the law that will govern this plan.*

This plan is governed by the laws of Ireland and the Irish courts are the only courts which are entitled to hear disputes.

We will deal with this plan in line with current laws. If tax laws or any other relevant laws change after the start date, we will change the terms and conditions of the plan if this is necessary to keep the plan in line with those changes. We will write and tell you about any alterations in the terms and conditions.



### **Contact us**

Phone: 01 704 2000

Fax: 01 704 1900

Website: [www.irishlife.ie](http://www.irishlife.ie)

Email: [customerservice@irishlife.ie](mailto:customerservice@irishlife.ie)

Write to: Irish Life Assurance plc, Lower Abbey St, Dublin 1.

Form: C2IPNAA/C1IBNAA

In the interest of customer service we will record and monitor calls.

Irish Life Assurance plc is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland.

Irish Life Assurance plc is registered in Ireland number 152576, VAT number 9F55923G.

TC 1472 (REV 07-13)