

# Global Indexed Fund

Information is correct as at the 30th September 2010

Volatility/Risk



## How the Fund Works

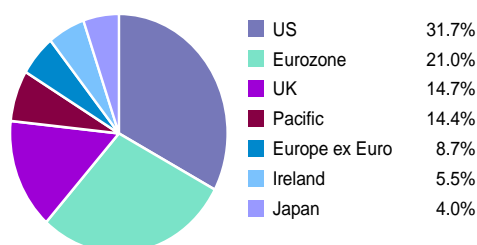
The Indexed Global Equity Fund is completely invested in global shares. The split between countries is based on the average weighting of shares within Irish managed pension funds, with a limit on Irish shares. The fund invests in shares in an index so that we replicate the amount of each share in the relevant market index.

### Investment Objective

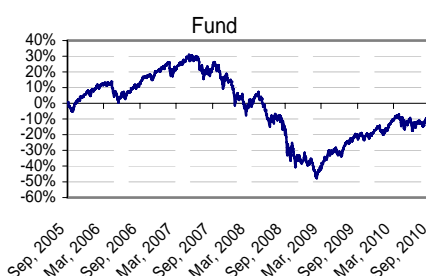
This fund is designed to achieve average equity fund returns on a consistent basis. The objective is to eliminate manager selection risk, which is the risk of being with an investment manager who under performs. This fund is suitable for members with a number of years to retirement who want to pursue an aggressive investment strategy.

**The return of this fund since launch (26th February 2004) is 1.57%p.a.**

## Country Distribution



## Performance



Period	Return
YTD	5.62%
1 Year	10.25% p.a.
3 Year	-10.34% p.a.
5 Year	-2.55% p.a.

The figures quoted are before tax and after management charges. Source: Irish Life.

## Market Commentary

September 2010 was one of the best months on record for equity investors. The FTSE world traded over 7% higher, while both corporate and government bonds in Europe traded slightly lower. Despite this solid performance for equity markets, risk aversion was still evident. AAA government bond yields have remained close to historical low levels reached in August and gold, the ultimate safe haven, is now trading at record levels. Other commodity sectors such as energy, metals and agriculture also made strong gains. The Euro also regained some of the recent losses that it made against the Dollar.

European bond markets continued to dominate in September as the peripheral markets continued to sell off. The health of the Eurozone banking system contributed to volatility in the bond markets as concerns that German Banks will need to raise an additional €105bn in new capital. However news that Deutsche Bank was successful in raising €9bn eased some of these concerns. Elsewhere, the capital needs of the Irish banking system pushed the cost of borrowing for Ireland higher, as the ten year Irish government bond yield increased to 6.6% from 5.8% at the start of the month. Some of the stresses in Irish bond markets eased after the government provided clarity on the capital requirements on each of the banks.

Equity markets were boosted by a notable improvement from economic data especially in the US. Despite this, the Federal Reserve has retained its cautious tone, noting weakness in several key economic indicators such as household wealth, residential construction, employment and retail sales. Chairman Bernanke outlined that groundwork for further quantitative easing if economic conditions.

### In Stock News

**Transocean**, the US driller, rallied 26% during the month as the market believed that the potential liability from the Gulf of Mexico oil spill has been over discounted into the price of Transocean.

**Warning: The value of your investment may go down as well as up. This fund may be affected by changes in currency exchange rates. Past performance is not a reliable guide to future performance.**



**Irish Life**  
Investment Managers