

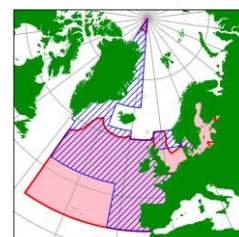
LING IN NORTHEAST ATLANTIC AND ARCTIC OCEAN

Sub-areas 3, 4, 6 - 9, 12, and 14



ADVICE FOR 2023

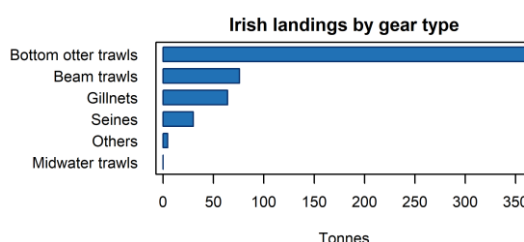
ICES advises that when the precautionary approach is applied, catches should be no more than 15,092 t in each of the years 2022 and 2023.



■ TAC/Management area
■ Assessment area

KEY POINTS

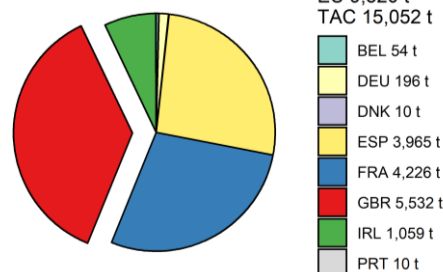
ICES Assessment Category	3 (Trend-based assessment)	
Management Plan	No	
Advice Basis	ICES PA approach	Catch \leq 15,092 t
Ranges	F _{MSY} Range Lower	Not appropriate
	F _{MSY}	Not appropriate
	F _{MSY} Range Upper	Not appropriate
Landing Obligation	From 2019	No derogations or exemptions



MANAGEMENT IN 2022

- The areas of the TACs do not correspond to the assessment area.
- EU TACs for ling in 2022 were: 144 t for EU waters of Sub-area 3, 3,217 t for Sub-area 4, and 15,052 t for Sub-areas 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12 and 14, with an Irish quota of 1,059 t.
- A TAC is negotiated for Norwegian and Faroese vessels fishing in EU waters. In 2022, the Norwegian quota for Ling in EU sub-areas 5.b, 6 and 7 was 0 t, while the Faroese quota was 0 t for divisions 6.a and 6.b.
- The EU quota for Norwegian waters of Sub-area 4 is 700 t.

2022 EU Quota Allocations



KEY STOCK CONSIDERATIONS

- The advice was given in 2021 for 2022 and 2023 and has not been updated this year.
- The average recent discard rate was 4.4% (average of 2018-2020).
- Preliminary international landings for 2021 were 12,358 t. Irish landings of ling in 2021 were 529 t.

Further information on this stock can be found in the 2021 Stock Book.