CELTIC SEA AND BAY OF BISCAY MEGRIM

Divisions 7b-k and 8.a,b,d



ADVICE FOR 2023

ICES advises that when the MSY approach is applied, catches in 2023 should be no more than 23,596 t.

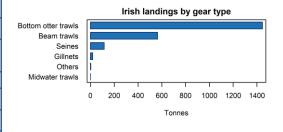
ICES notes the existence of a precautionary management plan, developed and adopted by one of the relevant management authorities for this stock.

Management of catches of the two megrim species, L. whiffiagonis and L. boscii, under a combined species TAC prevents effective control of the single-species exploitation rates, and could lead to the overexploitation of either species.



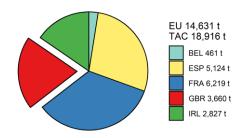
KEY POINTS

ICES Assessment Category	I(Quantitative Assessment)	
Management Plan	WWMAP (target)	
Advice Basis	ICES MSY approach	Catch=23,596 t
F _{MSY} Ranges	F _{MSY} Range Lower	Catch=15,101 t
	F _{MSY}	Catch=23,596 t
	F _{MSY} Range Upper	Catch=38,191 t
Landing Obligation	From 2019	Area and gear specific de minimis exemption*



MANAGEMENT IN 2022

- There are two TAC areas covering the assessment area. Ireland only has quota for the TAC in area 7. Up to 5% of the area 7 TAC may be fished in 8.a,b,d,e, there is currently no flexibility from 8.a,b,d,e to 7.
- The TACs cover two megrim species (megrim L. whiffiagonis and four-spot megrim L. boscii). There is no catch advice for four-spot megrim. This species normally constitutes less than 5% of total landings.



2022 Quota Allocation Area 7

KEY STOCK CONSIDERATIONS

- Most Irish landings are taken as a by-catch in mixed fisheries and are landed with anglerfish, Nephrops, haddock, whiting, hake and other species. A small number of trips appear to specifically target megrim.
- The advice implies an Irish quota for 2023 of approximately 2,994 t. (assuming the same approach to four-spot megrim catches and the same allocation between area 7 and 8.a,b,d,e as recent years).
- The landings are usually lower than the TAC, mainly due to low uptake by France and Spain. In some years, the quota for Ireland has been restrictive.

^{*} EU 2020/2015.