### JSON

Author

#### What is JSON?

JavaScript Object Notation

Serialized JavaScript Objects

Stricter rules

No functions

http://json.org/

# Why use JSON?

JSON is native to JavaScript

Supported in most languages

AJAX requests & responses

Storing data

value in localStorage key/value pair

in backend database

### АЈАХ?

Originally

Asynchronous JavaScript and XML

But now (mostly)

Asynchronous JavaScript and JSON

Because

JSON is easier to parse than XML

### XML Attributes

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8">
<my-object
  xmlns="urn:example:my-object"
  name="my object"
  is_mine="true"
  current_age="1" />
```

### XML Elements

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8">
<my-object xmlns="urn:example:my-object">
        <name>my object</name>
        <is_mine>true</is_mine>
        <current_age>1</current_age>
</my-object>
```

#### XML Problems

Can use without schema...

But hard to understand structure:

Are multiple name elements allowed?

What is the type of current\_age?

Namespaces

## JS Object Literal

```
var myObject = {
 name: "my object",
 is_mine: true,
 current_age: 1,
 age: function () {
  this.current_age++;
```

#### JSON

```
> JSON.stringify(myObject);
'{"name":"my object",
"is_mine":true,"current_age":1}'
> JSON.stringify(myObject, null, 2);
'{\n "name": "my object",\n
"is_mine": true,\n "current_age":
1\n}'
```

## Strings

```
> var foo = JSON.parse('"Hi!"')
undefined
> foo
'Hi!'
> typeof foo
'string'
```

#### Numbers

```
> var foo = JSON.parse('3.14')
undefined
> foo
```

> typeof foo
'number'

3.14

#### Booleans

> var foo = JSON.parse('true') undefined > foo true > typeof foo 'boolean' > typeof JSON.parse('"true'") 'string'

## Arrays

```
> var foo =
JSON.parse('["statler","waldorf"]');
undefined
> foo
[ 'statler', 'waldorf']
> typeof foo
'object'
> typeof foo[0]
'string'
```

## Objects

```
> var foo = JSON.parse('{"pi":
3.14}')
undefined
> foo
{ pi: 3.14 }
> typeof foo
'object'
> typeof foo.pi
'number'
```

### Eunctions

```
> var foo = JSON.stringify(
{"1":function(){return 1;}})
undefined
> foo
'{}'
```

# RegExps

```
> var foo = JSON.stringify(
{re:/abc/})
undefined
> foo
'{"re":{}}'
```

# Modifying Stringify

```
> var re = { re: /abc/,
... toJSON: function () {
... return { re: this.re.source } } },
... foo = JSON.stringify(re);
undefined
> foo
'{"re":"abc"}'
> typeof JSON.parse(foo).re
'string'
```

# Pretty Stringify

```
> var pi = { pi: 3.14, kansas: 4.0 },
... json = JSON.stringify(pi),
... pretty = JSON.stringify(pi, null, 4)
> console.log(json)
{"pi":3.14, "kansas":4}
> console.log(pretty)
    "pi": 3.14,
    "kansas": 4
```

# Partial Stringify

```
> var o = { a: 1, b: 2, c: 3},
... gt1 = function(k, v) {
     return (
      typeof v === 'number'
      \&\& V < 2
   ) ? undefined : v; }
> JSON.stringify(o, gt1)
'{"b":2,"c":3}'
```

## JSON Object Keys

Must be enclosed in double quotes

Can contain (almost) any characters

Sometimes not easily supported in other languages

Yeah, Java, I'm looking at you

## Dynamic Languages

```
JavaScript
```

JSON.stringify, JSON.parse

**PHP** 

json\_encode, json\_decode

Ruby

require 'json'

json.generate, json.parse

#### PHP

```
$myobject = array(
  "name"
                => "my object",
  "current_age" => 1,
  "is mine" => true
echo json_encode($myobject);
{"name":"my object","current_age":
1, "is_mine": true}
```

## Ruby

```
require 'json'
print JSON.generate({
  "name"
                => "my_object",
  "current_age" => 1,
  "is mine" => true
})
{"name":"my_object","current_age":
1, "is_mine": true}
```

# Python

```
import json
print json.dumps({
  'name':
                'my_object',
  'current_age': 2,
  'is mine': True
})
{"current_age": 2, "name":
"my_object", "is_mine": true}
```

### JSON & Java

Extra Libraries

e.g. Jackson JSON Library

Can parse into Objects or Maps

Maps can be safer

arbitrary object keys ("foo!bar-baz")

"less native"

http://github.com/scottylogan/jackson-json-odd-properties