

Fall2024 - CS6400

Team 110

Table of Contents

Default Search Page	2
User Login	2
Search Vehicle by Criteria	3
Search Vehicle by VIN	4
View Vehicle Number	5
Filter Vehicle by Sold Status	5
View Select Vehicle	6
View Purchase Price and Parts subtask	6
View Vehicle Sell and Buy History subtask	7
Update Parts Status	8
Add Vehicle	8
Search Customer	9
Add Customer	10
Sell Vehicle	11
Add Parts Order	11
Search Vendor	12
Add Vendor	12
Seller History	12
Average Time in Inventory	13
Price Per Condition	13
Parts Statistics	14
Monthly Sales	14
Monthly Sales Drill-down	15

Default Search Page

- Show *User Login*, *Search Vehicle* tabs
- Set `$user_permission_index` with default value public user
- Set an empty list named `$List of Vehicles`
- Execute **View Vehicle Number** task
- Upon:
 - Click *User Login* button - Execute the **User Login** task. Update `$user_permission_index`, upon:
 - * If `$user_permission_index` is *Inventory Clerk* or *Owner*, pop out **Add Vehicle** button
 - * If `$user_permission_index` is *Manager* or *Owner*, pop out **View reports** button and **Filtered search result** button
 - * If `$user_permission_index` is *Inventory Clerk* or *Manager* or *Owner*, execute **View Vehicle Number** task
 - * If `$user_permission_index` is *Inventory Clerk* or *Manager* or *Salespeople* or *Owner*, pop out **Search Vehicle by VIN** button
 - Click *Search Vehicle* button - Execute **Search Vehicle by Criteria** task.
 - Click *Search Vehicle by VIN* button - Execute **Search Vehicle by VIN** task.
 - Click **Add Vehicle** button - Jump to **Add Vehicle** task
 - Click **Filtered search result** button - Execute **Filtered Vehicle by Sold Status** task
 - Click **View reports** button - Pop-out buttons *Seller History*, *Average Time in Inventory*, *Price Per Condition*, *Parts Statistics*, *Monthly Sales*
 - Click *Seller History* button - Jump to **Seller History** task
 - Click *Average Time in Inventory* button - Jump to **Average Time in Inventory** task
 - Click *Price Per Condition* button - Jump to **Price Per Condition** task
 - Click *Parts Statistics* button - Jump to **Parts Statistics** task
 - Click *Monthly Sales* button - Jump to **Monthly Sales** task
 - Click any item in displayed search results - Jump to **View Select Vehicle** task

User Login

- Pop out **User Login** form
- User enters input fields with *user name* (`$username`) and *password* (`$password`)
- When **Enter** button is clicked, find the **Logged-in User** using `$username` and `$password`, and update `$user_permission_index`

```
$user_permission_index = SELECT
CASE
WHEN Logged_in_User.username IS NOT NULL AND Inventory_Clerk.username IS NOT
NULL AND Salespeople.username IS NOT NULL AND Manager.username IS NOT NULL
THEN 4 -- For Owner
WHEN Logged_in_User.username IS NOT NULL AND Inventory_Clerk.username IS NOT
NULL THEN 1 -- For Clerk
```

```

WHEN Logged_in_User.username IS NOT NULL AND Salespeople.username IS NOT NULL
THEN 2 -- For Salespeople
WHEN Logged_in_User.username IS NOT NULL AND Manager.username IS NOT NULL
THEN 3 -- For Manager
ELSE 0 -- For Other Login User
END
FROM 'Logged_in_User'
LEFT JOIN Inventory_Clerk ON Logged_in_User.username =
Inventory_Clerk.username
LEFT JOIN Salespeople ON Logged_in_User.username = Salespeople.username
LEFT JOIN Manager ON Logged_in_User.username = Manager.username
WHERE Logged_in_User.username = '$username'
AND Logged_in_User.password = '$password';

```

- If `$user_permission_index` remains null, ask for user to re-enter *user name* (`$username`) and *password* (`$password`), and jump to previous two steps.
- Otherwise, jump back to Default Search Page form

Search Vehicle by Criteria

- User select one or more input fields (include *vehicle type* (`'$VehicleType'`), *manufacturer* (`'$VehicleManufacturer'`), *year* (`'$VehicleYear'`), *fuel type* (`'$VehicleFuel'`), *color* (`'$VehicleColor'`))
 - For *vehicle type* (`'$VehicleType'`), *manufacturer* (`'$VehicleManufacturer'`), and *color* (`'$VehicleColor'`) using dropdowns

```

SELECT colors FROM 'Colors';
SELECT manufacturer_name FROM 'Manufacturer_Name';
SELECT vehicle_type FROM 'Vehicle_Type';

```

- For *year* (`'$VehicleYear'`) and *fuel type* (`'$VehicleFuel'`), User will decide what to enter
- User enter input field *keyword* (`'$Keyword'`)
- When **Search** button is clicked, scanned, filtered and sorted all **Vehicle** in the system:
- Generate **List of Vehicles** by checking any attributes in **Vehicle** completely/partially matches `$Keyword` and all other input attributes match. Sorted **List of Vehicles** using Vehicle attributes **Vehicle.VIN** in ascending order.

```

$List_Vehicle=SELECT
    VIN, vehicle_type, manufacturer_name, model_name,
    model_year, fuel_type, horsepower, sale_price,
    GROUP_CONCAT(Vehicle_color.color ORDER BY Vehicle_color.color SEPARATOR
    ',')
FROM 'Vehicle' INNER JOIN Vehicle_color on Vehicle.VIN = Vehicle_color.VIN
WHERE (Vehicle.vehicle_type='$VehicleType' or '$VehicleType' IS NULL)
AND (Vehicle.manufacture_name='$VehicleManufacturer' or
'$VehicleManufacturer' IS NULL)
AND (Vehicle.model_year='$VehicleYear' or '$VehicleYear' IS NULL)
AND (Vehicle.fuel_type='$VehicleFuel' or '$VehicleFuel' IS NULL)
AND ((' $Keyword' IS NULL)
OR Vehicle.vehicle_type LIKE CONCAT('%', '$Keyword', '%'))
OR Vehicle.manufacture_name LIKE CONCAT('%', '$Keyword', '%'))
OR Vehicle.model_year LIKE CONCAT('%', '$Keyword', '%'))
OR Vehicle.description LIKE CONCAT('%', '$Keyword', '%'))

```

```
HAVING SUM(CASE WHEN Vehicle_color.color='$VehicleColor' Then 1 Else 0 END) >
0
ORDER BY VIN ASC;
```

- If `$user_permission_index` represents *public_user* or *salespeople*, then filter sold vehicles by *buy* relationship as well as pending vehicles by *Part.status*, and display the result:

```
SELECT * FROM { --exclude vehicles that have parts not ready
SELECT $List_Vehicle.*
FROM $List_Vehicle
LEFT JOIN Part ON $List_Vehicle.VIN = Part.VIN
GROUP BY $List_Vehicle.VIN
HAVING SUM(CASE WHEN Part.status = 0 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) = 0;
}
LEFT JOIN Buy ON $List_Vehicle.VIN = Buy.VIN
WHERE Buy.VIN IS NULL; --exclude vehicles that are sold
```

- If `$user_permission_index` represents *Inventory_clerk*, then filter sold vehicles by *buy* relationship and display the result:

```
SELECT * FROM $List_Vehicle
LEFT JOIN Buy ON $List_Vehicle.VIN = Buy.VIN
WHERE Buy.VIN IS NULL; --exclude vehicles that are sold
```

- If `$user_permission_index` represents *manager* or *owner*, then display `$List_Vehicle`
- If no result is displayed, display error message: "Sorry, it looks like we don't have that in stock!"
- Select an individual result - Jump to **View Select Vehicle** task.

Search Vehicle by VIN

- If `$user_permission_index` represents neither *inventory_clerk* nor *salespeople* nor *manager* nor *owner*, then exit this task
- User enter input field *vin* (`'$VIN'`)
- Check whether all character in `$VIN` are either number or upper case english character
- When **Search** button is clicked, find the matching vehicle:

```
$List_Vehicle=SELECT
    Vehicle.VIN, Vehicle.vehicletype, Vehicle.manufacturer,
    Vehicle.model_name, Vehicle.model_year, Vehicle.fuel_type,
    Vehicle.horsepower, Vehicle.sale_price
    GROUP_CONCAT(Vehicle_color.color ORDER BY Vehicle_color.color SEPARATOR
    ',')
FROM 'Vehicle' LEFT JOIN Vehicle_color ON Vehicle.VIN = Vehicle_color.VIN
WHERE (Vehicle.VIN=$VIN)
GROUP BY Vehicle.VIN;
```

- If `$user_permission_index` represents *salespeople*, then filter sold vehicles by *buy* relationship as well as pending vehicles by *Part.status*, and display the result:

```
SELECT * FROM { --exclude vehicles that have parts not ready
SELECT $List_Vehicle.*
FROM $List_Vehicle
LEFT JOIN Part ON $List_Vehicle.VIN = Part.VIN
GROUP BY $List_Vehicle.VIN
```

```
HAVING SUM(CASE WHEN Part.status = 0 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) = 0;
}
LEFT JOIN Buy ON $List_Vehicle.VIN = Buy.VIN
WHERE Buy.VIN IS NULL; --exclude vehicles that are sold
```

- If `$user_permission_index` represents *Inventory_clerk*, then filter sold vehicles by `buy` relationship and display the result:

```
SELECT * FROM $List_Vehicle
LEFT JOIN Buy ON $List_Vehicle.VIN = Buy.VIN
WHERE Buy.VIN IS NULL; --exclude vehicles that are sold
```

- If `$user_permission_index` represents *manager* or *owner*, then display `$List_Vehicle`
- If no result is displayed, display error message: "Sorry, it looks like we don't have that in stock!"
- Select an individual result - Jump to **View Select Vehicle** task.

View Vehicle Number

- Compute and display `$Sale_Avail`, the number of vehicle that are ready to be sold, which is calculated by filtering `Vehicle` with pending parts by `Part.status`

```
$Sale_Avail = SELECT COUNT(*) FROM {
SELECT Vehicle.*
FROM Vehicle
LEFT JOIN Part ON Vehicle.VIN = Part.VIN
GROUP BY Vehicle.VIN
HAVING SUM(CASE WHEN Part.status = 0 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) = 0;
}
LEFT JOIN Buy ON Vehicle.VIN = Buy.VIN
WHERE Buy.VIN IS NULL; --exclude vehicles that are sold
```

- Check `$user_permission_index`, if represents *Inventory_clerks*, *Managers*, and *Owner*, then display `$Pend_Num=$Unsold_Num-$Sale_Avail`
 - `$Unsold_Num`, the number of vehicle that are not yet sold, which is calculated by filtering `Vehicle` with `buy` relationship

```
$Unsold_Num = SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Vehicle
LEFT JOIN Buy ON Vehicle.VIN = Buy.VIN
WHERE Buy.VIN IS NULL;
```

Filter Vehicle by Sold Status

- This task will only be available if `$user_permission_index` represents *manager* or *owner*.
- Read `$List_Vehicle`
- Pop-out three buttons, *Filtered by sold vehicles*, *Filtered by unsold vehicles*, *No filtering*
- If *Filtered by sold vehicles* button is clicked, display `$Sold_List`, the found vehicles that have been sold. Filter `Vehicle` that has `buy` relationship.

```
$Sold_List = SELECT $List_Vehicle.* FROM $List_Vehicle
INNER JOIN Buy ON $List_Vehicle.VIN = Buy.VIN;
```

- If *Filtered by unsold vehicles* button is clicked, display `$Unsold_List`, the found vehicles that haven't been sold. Filter `Vehicle` that has no `buy` relationship.

```
$Unsold_List = SELECT $List_Vehicle.* FROM $List_Vehicle
LEFT JOIN Buy ON $List_Vehicle.VIN = Buy.VIN
WHERE Buy.VIN IS NULL;
```

- If *No filtering* button is clicked, clear display `$List_Vehicle`

View Select Vehicle

- Read `$user_permission_index` and `$VIN` which should be available when user click the vehicle in results of search
- Pop up Vehicle Detail Form and display `Vehicle.VIN`, `Vehicle.type`, `Vehicle.manufacturer`, `Vehicle.model`, `Vehicle.year`, `Vehicle.fuel type`, `Vehicle.color`, `Vehicle.horsepower`, `Vehicle.sale price`, `Vehicle.description`

```
SELECT Vehicle.VIN, Vehicle.vehicle_type, Vehicle.manufacturer_name,
       Vehicle.model_name, Vehicle.model_year, Vehicle.fuel_type,
       Vehicle.horsepower, Vehicle.sale_price, Vehicle.description
       GROUP_CONCAT(Vehicle_color.color ORDER BY Vehicle_color.color
       SEPARATOR ',')
FROM Vehicle
JOIN Vehicle_color ON Vehicle.VIN= Vehicle_color.VIN
WHERE Vehicle.VIN=$VIN
GROUP BY Vehicle.VIN;
```

- If `$user_permission_index` represents *salespeople* or *Owner*:
 - Pop-out *Sell the car* button
 - If *Sell the car* button is clicked, jump to **Sell Vehicle** task
- If `$user_permission_index` represents *inventory clerks* or *Manager* or *Owner*, execute **View Purchase Price and Parts** subtask
- If `$user_permission_index` represents *Manager* or *Owner*, execute **View Vehicle Sell and Buy History** subtask

View Purchase Price and Parts subtask

- Since this task is performed in Vehicle Detail Form, the VIN of the vehicle should be available
- Extract the `$Purchase_price` from `Vehicle.purchase price` and display it:

```
$Purchase_price = SELECT purchase_price FROM Vehicle
WHERE Vehicle.VIN=$VIN
```

- Extract the `$Total_part_cost` by summing all `Parts Order.total cost` for this `Vehicle.VIN`, and display it:

```
$Total_part_cost = SELECT SUM(Parts_Order.total_cost)
FROM Parts_Order
WHERE Parts_Order.VIN = '$VIN';
```

- Collect and display all parts order that related to this vehicle
- Display `Part.vendor part number`, `Part.description`, `Part.unit price`, `Part.quantity`, `Part.status`, `Parts Order.order number`, `Vendor.name`, which is filtered by the `Vehicle.VIN ($VIN)`

```

SELECT Part.vendor_part_number, Part.description, Part.unit_price,
       Part.quantity, Part.status, Part.order_number, Parts_Order.vendor_name
FROM Part
JOIN Parts_Order ON Part.order_number = Parts_Order.order_number
WHERE Part.VIN = '$VIN';

```

- If `$user_permission_index` is inventory clerks or Owner:
 - If the status of any parts is clicked, execute **Update Parts Status** task.
 - Pop-out *Add parts order* button.
 - If *Add parts order* button is clicked, jump to **Add Parts Order** task

View Vehicle Sell and Buy History subtask

- Since this task is performed in Vehicle Detail Form, the `$VIN` of the vehicle should be available
- Find the seller from the `sell` relationship which links `Vehicle`, `Inventory Clerk`, and `Customer`
- Display the seller's contact information from `Customer`, and identify if the customer is `Individual` or `Business`, and also display the individual/business information
 - Display `Customer.address`, `Customer.phone number`, `Customer.email address`
 - Display `Individual.name`, `Business.primary contact`, `Business.business name`
 - Display `Vehicle.VIN`

```

SELECT Vehicle.VIN,
       Individual.first_name, Individual.last_name,
       Business.primary_contact_first_name,
       Business.primary_contact_last_name, Business.primary_contact_title,
       Business.business_name, Customer.address, Customer.phone_number,
       Customer.email_address
FROM Vehicle
LEFT JOIN Individual ON Vehicle.seller_customer_ID = Individual.customer_ID
LEFT JOIN Business ON Vehicle.seller_customer_ID = Business.customer_ID
LEFT JOIN Customer ON Vehicle.seller_customer_ID = Customer.customer_ID
WHERE Vehicle.VIN = $VIN;

```

- Find and display the inventory clerk's name from the `sell` relationship which links `Vehicle`, `Inventory Clerk`, and `Customer`
- Find and display the first name and last name of inventory clerk from the `Logged-in User`
 - Display `Logged-in User.name`

```

SELECT Logged_in_User.first_name, Logged_in_User.last_name
FROM Vehicle
LEFT JOIN Logged_in_User ON Vehicle.inventoryclerk_username =
Logged_in_User.username
WHERE Vehicle.VIN = $VIN

```

- If this vehicle is sold, find and display the information of buyer and salespeople
 - Find the buyer from the `buy` relationship which links `Vehicle`, `salespeople`, and `Customer`
 - Display the buyer's contact information from `Customer`, and identify if the customer is `Individual` or `Business`, and also display the individual/business information
 - * Display `Customer.address`, `Customer.phone number`, `Customer.email address`

- * Display `Individual.name`, `Business.primary contact`, `Business.business name`
- * Display `Logged-in User.name`, `buy.sale date`

```
SELECT Buy.sale_date,
       Individual.first_name, Individual.last_name,
       Business.primary_contact_first_name,
       Business.primary_contact_last_name, Business.primary_contact_title,
       Business.business_name, Customer.address, Customer.phone_number,
       Customer.email_address, Logged_in_User.first_name,
       Logged_in_User.last_name
FROM Buy
LEFT JOIN Individual ON Buy.buyer_customer_ID = Individual.customer_ID
LEFT JOIN Business ON Buy.buyer_customer_ID = Business.customer_ID
LEFT JOIN Customer ON Buy.buyer_customer_ID = Customer.customer_ID
LEFT JOIN Logged_in_User ON Buy.salespeople_username = Logged_in_User.username
WHERE Buy.VIN = $VIN;
```

Update Parts Status

- From the **Vehicle Detail Form**, information of the vehicle and related parts should be displayed for *inventory clerk, manager, or owner*
- For each part, an **Update** button will be available.
- When the user clicks the button, given the `$order_number` (`Parts Order.order number`), and `$vendor_part_number` (`Part.vendor part number`) of the part, update the status of the part (`Part.status`)
 - If the part is ordered, update it to received, if it's received, update it to installed

```
UPDATE Part
SET Part.status = CASE
    WHEN Part.status = 'ordered' AND @new_status = 'received' THEN 'received'
    WHEN Part.status = 'received' AND @new_status = 'installed' THEN
    'installed'
    ELSE Part.status -- No change if the transition is invalid
END
WHERE Part.order_number = $order_number
AND Part.vendor_part_number = $vendor_part_number;
```

- Since the sale price will be meaningful only when the parts are all ready, if in previous step the status is updated to installed, update `Vehicle.sale price` by summing 125% of `Vehicle.purchase price` and 110% of all part cost (sum of the `Parts Order.total cost`) related to this vehicle (`$VIN`)

```
UPDATE Vehicle
SET Vehicle.sale_price = 1.25 * Vehicle.purchase_price + 1.10 * (
    SELECT IFNULL(SUM(Parts_Order.total_cost), 0)
    FROM Parts_Order
    WHERE Parts_Order.VIN = $VIN
)
WHERE Vehicle.VIN = $VIN;
```

Add Vehicle

- After the user logged-in, if `$user_permission_index` represents *Inventory Clerk* or *Owner*, then the user will be provided with **Add Vehicle** button

- If **Add Vehicle** button is clicked, then the user will be directed to **Add Vehicle Form**
- Execute **Search Customer** task to acquire **\$Customer_ID**
- If **\$Customer_ID** is none, execute **Add Customer** task
- Pop-out input fields *vin* (**\$VehicleVIN**), *vehicle type* (**\$VehicleType**), *manufacturer name* (**\$VehicleManu**), *model name* (**\$VehicleModel**), *model year* (**\$VehicleYear**), *fuel type* (**\$VehicleFuel**), *color* (**\$VehicleColor**), *horsepower* (**\$VehiclePow**), *description* (**\$VehicleDes**), *purchase price* (**\$VehiclePurchasePrice**), *vehicle condition* (**\$VehicleCondition**),
- User filled in all required input fields:
 - For *vehicle type* (**\$VehicleType**), *manufacturer name* (**\$VehicleManu**) using dropdowns, with options retrieved from **Manufacturer_Name** and **Vehicle_Type**

```
SELECT manufacturer_name FROM 'Manufacturer_Name';
SELECT vehicle_type FROM 'Vehicle_Type';
```

- For *color* (**\$VehicleColor**) can be selected for mutiple times using dropdowns with options retrieved from **Colors**
- ```
SELECT colors FROM 'Colors';
```
- For *vin* (**\$VehicleVIN**), *model name* (**\$VehicleModel**), *model year* (**\$VehicleYear**), *fuel type* (**\$VehicleFuel**), *horsepower* (**\$VehiclePow**), *description* (**\$VehicleDes**), *purchase price* (**\$VehiclePurchasePrice**), and *vehicle condition* (**\$VehicleCondition**), user will manually fill-in these fields
- Automatically generate for attributes **Vehicle.sale price** (**\$VehicleSalePrice=125% \$VehiclePurchasePrice**), **Vehicle.purchase date** (**\$VehiclePurchaseDate=default of the add vehicle date**)
- Add the vehicle in **Vehicle** using the vehicle information, together with the seller ID **\$CustomerID** and the username **\$ClerkID** of the user who adds this vehicle

```
INSERT INTO Vehicle (VIN, model_name, model_year, fuel_type, horsepower,
description, sale_price, purchase_price, vehicle_condision, purchase_date,
seller_customer_ID, inventoryclerk_username, vehicle_type, manufacturer_name)
VALUES ('$VehicleVIN', '$VehicleModel', '$VehicleYear', '$VehicleFuel',
'$VehiclePow', '$VehicleDes', '$VehicleSalePrice', '$VehiclePurchasePrice',
'$VehicleCondition', '$VehiclePurchaseDate', '$CustomerID', '$ClerkID',
'$VehicleType', '$VehicleManu');
```

- For each color **\$EachColor** in **\$VehicleColor**, add it to **Vehicle.color**:

```
INSERT INTO Vehicle_color (VIN, color)
VALUES ('$VehicleVIN', '$EachColor');
```

- Jump to **View Select Vehicle** task with the input **\$VIN** (**Vehicle.VIN**)

## Search Customer

- This task will be available when *inventory clerk* or *owner* try to search customer on **Add Vehicle Form** as well as when *salespeople* or *owner* try to search customer on **Sell Vehicle Form**
- Find the customer when user input either by SSN (**\$SSN**) or taxID (**\$ITIN**)
- If the customer is individual,
  - User enter input field *ssn* (**\$SSN**)

- Find and display if any **Individual.SSN** match **\$SSN**, then update **\$Customer\_ID** and exit this task

```
$Customer_ID = SELECT customer_ID FROM 'Customer'
INNER JOIN Individual WHERE Individual.SSN = '$SSN';
```

- If the customer is business,
  - User enter input field *itin* (**\$ITIN**)
  - Find and display if any **Business.ITIN** match **\$ITIN**, then update **\$Customer\_ID** and exit this task

```
$Customer_ID = SELECT customer_ID FROM 'Customer'
INNER JOIN Business WHERE Business.ITIN = '$ITIN';
```

## Add Customer

- This task will be available when *inventory clerk* or *owner* try to add customer on **Add Vehicle Form** as well as when *salespeople* or *owner* try to add customer on **Sell Vehicle Form**
- Pop-out input fields *address* (**\$CustomerAddress**), *phone number* (**\$CustomerPhone**), *email address* (**\$CustomerEmail**), *individual or business* (**\$CustomerType**)
- User enter input fields *address*, *phone number*, *email address*, *individual or business*
- User enter input fields depending on individual/business:
  - If the customer is an individual, pop-out input fields *first name* (**\$IndFirstName**), *last name* (**\$IndLastName**), and *ssn* (**\$IndSSN**)
  - Else, pop-out *itin* (**\$BusITIN**), *business name* (**\$BusName**), *primary contact first name* (**\$BusFirstName**), *primary contact last name* (**\$BusLastName**), and *primary contact title* (**\$BusTitle**)
- Add the customer to **Customer**

```
INSERT INTO Customer (address, phone_number, email_address)
VALUES ('$CustomerAddress', '$CustomerPhone', '$CustomerEmail');
```

- Determine the **\$Customer\_ID** based on the number of items of **Customer**

```
$Customer_ID = SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Customer;
```

- Add the customer to **Individual** or **Business**

- If **Individual**, then

```
INSERT INTO Individual (SSN, first_name, last_name, customer_ID)
VALUES ('$IndSSN', '$IndFirstName', '$IndLastName', '$Customer_ID');
```

- If **Business**, then

```
INSERT INTO Business (ITIN, primary_contact_first_name,
primary_contact_last_name, primary_contact_title, business_name,
customer_ID)
VALUES ('$BusITIN', '$BusFirstName', '$BusLastName', '$BusTitle',
'$BusName', '$Customer_ID');
```

- Update **\$Customer\_ID** and send it back to the form that leads to this function, can be either **Add Vehicle Form** or **Sell Vehicle Form**

## Sell Vehicle

- This task will be performed when *salespeople* or *owner* click the ***Sell the car*** button on Vehicle Detail Form, so that **\$VehicleVIN** should be available
- The username of current user **\$UserName** should also be available
- Pop out Sell Vehicle Form, providing input fields *ssn* (**\$SSN**) and *itin* (**\$ITIN**), and ***Search Customer*** and ***Confirm the sale*** buttons
- Execute **Search Customer** task using input fields to update **\$Customer\_ID**. If **\$Customer\_ID** is none, execute **Add Customer** task
- If ***Confirm the sale*** button is clicked, collect the date of today as **\$SaleDate** (*buy.sale date*) as well as the buyer as **\$Customer\_ID**, and record the sale transaction in *buy*.

```
INSERT INTO Buy (VIN, buyer_customer_ID, salespeople_username, sale_date)
VALUES ('$VehicleVIN', '$customer_ID', '$UserName', '$SaleDate');
```

## Add Parts Order

- This task will be performed when *inventory clerks* or *owner* click the ***Add parts order*** button on Vehicle Detail Form, so **\$VehicleVIN** should be available
- Determine the **\$PartsOrderNum** of this order by checking the number of orders in *Parts Order* related to this *Vehicle.VIN*

```
$PartsOrderNum = SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Parts_Order WHERE Parts_Order.VIN = $VIN
```

- Execute **Search Vendor** task to update **\$VendorID**. If **\$VendorID** is none, execute **Add Vendor** task
- Add items into *Parts\_Order* using *Vehicle.VIN*, **\$PartsOrderNum+1**, **\$VendorID**, with default of totalcost as 0

```
INSERT INTO Parts_Order (VIN, order_number, total_cost, vendor_name)
VALUES ('$VehicleVIN', '$PartsOrderNum'+1, '0', '$VendrID');
```

- Pop-out ***Add part*** and ***Finish Parts Order*** buttons. Until ***Finish Parts Order*** button is clicked, execute the following loop:
  - Pop-out (or empty) input fields for *status* (**\$PartStatus**), *description* (**\$PartDes**), *vendor's part number* (**\$PartNum**), *unit price* (**\$PartPrice**), *quantity* (**\$PartQuantity**) for user to fill in
  - When ***Add part*** button is clicked, add the part in *Parts\_Order*,

```
INSERT INTO Part (VIN, order_number, vendor_part_number, status,
description, unit_price, quantity)
VALUES ('$VehicleVIN', '$PartsOrderNum', '$PartNum', '$PartStatus',
'$PartDes', '$PartPrice', '$PartQuantity');
```

- When ***Finish Parts Order*** button is clicked, compute the total cost of this part order and update it in *Parts\_Order*.total cost

```
UPDATE Parts_Order
SET Parts_Order.total_cost = (
 SELECT SUM(Part.unit_price * Part.quantity)
 FROM Part
 WHERE Part.order_number = Parts_Order.order_number
);
```

## Search Vendor

- This task will be available when *inventory clerk* or *owner* try to search vendor on Add Parts Order Form
- User enter input field *name* ('\$name')
- Find vendor using *Vendor.name*, update *\$Vendor\_ID* and exit

```
$Vendor_ID = SELECT name FROM 'Vendor' WHERE Vendor.name = '$name';
```

## Add Vendor

- This task will be available when *inventory clerk* or *owner* try to add vendor on Add Parts Order Form
- Pop-out input fields *address* ('\$VendorAddress'), *phone number* ('\$VendorPhone'), *vendor name* ('\$VendorName')
- User enter input fields *address*, *phone number*, *vendor name*
- Add the vendor in *Vendor* using the above information and update *\$Vendor ID=\$VendorName*

```
INSERT INTO Vendor (name, address, phone_num)
VALUES ('$VendorName', '$VendorAddress', '$VendorPhone');
```

## Seller History

- This task will be performed when *manager* or *owner* clicked on ***Seller History*** button from Default Search Page
- Find all seller in *Customer* that has sold vehicle to this system which has the *sell* relationship to the *Vehicle*
  - Find the related *Part* for each *Vehicle* by *Vehicle.VIN*
  - Group the results for each seller:
    - \* Count the total number of vehicles as *\$num\_vehicle*
    - \* Calculate average *Vehicle.purchase price* as *\$avg\_purchase*
    - \* Sum all *Part.quantity* as *\$total\_part\_quantity*
    - \* Calculate average of (*Part.quantity\*Part.unit price*) as *\$total\_part\_cost*
  - Sort the results ordered by *\$num\_vehicle* and *\$avg\_purchase* descending
  - Display *\$Individual\_name*, *\$Business\_name*, *\$num\_vehicle*, *\$avg\_purchase*, *\$total\_part\_quantity*, and *\$total\_part\_cost* on Seller History form.

```
SELECT
 CONCAT(Individual.first_name, Individual.last_name) AS
 '$Individual_name',
 Business.business_name AS '$Business_name',
 COUNT(Vehicle.VIN) AS '$num_vehicle',
 AVG(Vehicle.purchase_price) AS '$avg_purchase$',
 SUM(Part.quantity) AS '$total_part_quantity',
 AVG(Part.quantity*Part.unit_price) AS '$total_part_cost'
FROM
 Customer
JOIN
 Vehicle ON Customer.customer_ID = Vehicle.seller_customer_ID
JOIN
```

```

 Part ON Part.VIN = Vehicle.VIN
LEFT JOIN
 Individual ON Individual.customer_ID = Customer.customer_ID
LEFT JOIN
 Business ON Business.customer_ID = Customer.customer_ID
GROUP BY
 Customer.customer_ID
ORDER BY COUNT(Vehicle.VIN) DESC,
 AVG(Vehicle.purchase_price) ASC;

```

- For each seller, if  $\text{\$total\_part\_quantity}/\text{\$num\_vehicle}$  for this item is equal or larger than 5, or if  $\text{\$total\_part\_cost}/\text{\$num\_vehicle}$  is equal or larger than \$500, then show this seller with red background.

## Average Time in Inventory

- For each **Vehicle Type**, find the time average of its inventory time (**buy**.sale date-**Vehicle**.purchase date)
  - Find all **Vehicle** related to certain **Vehicle Type**.vehicle type
  - For the result, find if that **Vehicle** has **buy** relationship
  - Calculated for average (**buy**.sale date-**Vehicle**.purchase date) for that **Vehicle Type**.vehicle type
  - Display **Vehicle Type**.vehicle type and average inventory time on **Average Time in Inventory** form.
  - If no average inventory time, display **Vehicle Type**.vehicle type and N/A

```

SELECT
 Vehicle_Type.vehicle_type,
 AVG(Buy.sale_date - Vehicle.purchase_date) AS '$average_difference'
FROM
 Vehicle_Type
JOIN
 Vehicle ON Vehicle.vehicle_type = Vehicle_Type.vehicle_type
JOIN
 Buy ON Buy.VIN= Vehicle.VIN
WHERE
 Vehicle.purchase_date IS NOT NULL AND
 Buy.sale_date IS NOT NULL
GROUP BY
 Vehicle_Type.vehicle_type;

```

## Price Per Condition

- Compute the average vehicle price (**Vehicle**.purchase price) for all vehicles that has the same **Vehicle Type**.vehicle type and same **Vehicle**.condition, for all type and all conditions
  - Left Joint the **Vehicle Type** and **Vehicle** with vehicle type
  - Group the results by **Vehicle Type**.vehicle type
  - Calculate the average of **Vehicle**.purchase price for each **Vehicle**.condition
- Display **Vehicle Type**.vehicle type, average purchase price, and **Vehicle**.condition on **Price per Condition** form.

```

SELECT
 Vehicle_Type.vehicle_type,

```

```

 AVG(CASE WHEN Vehicle.vehicle_condition = 'Excellent' THEN
Vehicle.purchase_price END) AS 'Excellent',
 AVG(CASE WHEN Vehicle.vehicle_condition = 'Very Good' THEN
Vehicle.purchase_price END) AS 'Very Good',
 AVG(CASE WHEN Vehicle.vehicle_condition = 'Good' THEN
Vehicle.purchase_price END) AS 'Good',
 AVG(CASE WHEN Vehicle.vehicle_condition = 'Fair' THEN
Vehicle.purchase_price END) AS 'Fair',
FROM
 Vehicle_Type
LEFT JOIN
 Vehicle ON Vehicle_Type.vehicle_type = Vehicle.vehicle_type
GROUP BY
 Vehicle_Type.vehicle_type;

```

## Parts Statistics

- Find the associate **Part** and **Vendor** from **associate** and **include** relationship of **Parts Order**
- For each **Vendor.name**
  - Find and calculate the *total quantity* of all related parts by summing **Part.quantity**
  - Find and calculate the *total dollar amount* of all related parts by summing **Part.unit price\*Part.quantity**
- Sort the results using *total dollar amount*
- For each **Vendor**
  - Display **Vendor.name**, *total quantity* , *total dollar amount* on **Parts Statistics** form.

```

SELECT
 Parts_Order.vendor_name ,
 SUM(Part.quantity) AS total_quantity ,
 SUM(Part.quantity * Part.unit_price) AS total_dollar_amount
FROM 'Parts_Order'
INNER JOIN Part ON Parts_Order.VIN = Part.VIN
 AND Parts_Order.order_number = Part.order_number
GROUP BY Part.vendor_name
ORDER BY total_dollar_amount DESC;

```

## Monthly Sales

- Find and calculate the sum of **Parts Order**.total cost for each sold **Vehicle.VIN** as *Total expenses*
- Find the *sold record* from **buy** relationship for each sold **Vehicle.VIN**
  - Find the corresponding *Sale month* and *Sale year* using **buy.sale date**
  - Find the corresponding *Sale price* using **Vehicle.sale price**
- Group the results for each year and each month:
  - Count the total number of vehicles
  - Sum all **Vehicle.sale price** as *Gross sale income*
  - Sum all (**Vehicle.sale price-Vehicle.purchase price-Total expenses of Vehicle**) as *Total net income*
- Sort the results ordered by year and month descending

- Display *Sale year*, *Sale month*, total number of vehicles, *Gross sale income*, and *Total net income* on **Monthly Sales** form.
- If clicked on any month, jump to **Monthly Sales Drill-down** task

```
SELECT
 YEAR(Buy.sale_date) AS sale_year,
 MONTH(Buy.sale_date) AS sale_month,
 COUNT(Buy.VIN) AS total_vehicles_sold,
 SUM(Vehicle.sale_price) AS gross_sales_income,
 SUM(Vehicle.sale_price - Vehicle.purchase_price - COALESCE(p.total_expenses,
 0)) AS total_net_income
FROM
 'Buy'
INNER JOIN Vehicle ON Buy.VIN = Vehicle.VIN
LEFT JOIN (
 SELECT VIN, SUM(total_cost) AS total_expenses
 FROM Parts_Order
 GROUP BY VIN
) p ON Vehicle.VIN = p.VIN
GROUP BY
 sale_year, sale_month
ORDER BY
 sale_year DESC, sale_month DESC;
```

## Monthly Sales Drill-down

- Since the user click on certain year and month to pop-up this drill-down, we will have the input of the *\$Year* and *\$Month*
- Find the *sold record* from *buy.sale* date for each sold *Vehicle.VIN* and *Salepeople* in that *\$Year* and *\$Month*
- Group the results for each *Salepeople*:
  - Count the total number of vehicles as *vehicles sold*
  - Sum all *Vehicle.sale* price as *total sales*
- Sort the results ordered by vehicles sold and total sales descending
- Find *Logged-in User.username* by *Salepeople.username*:
  - Display *Logged-in User.name*
  - Display vehicles sold of each salespeople
  - Display total sales of each salespeople

```
SELECT
 Logged_in_User.FirstName,
 Logged_in_User.LastName,
 COUNT(Buy.VIN) AS vehicles_sold,
 SUM(Vehicle.sale_price) AS total_sales
FROM
 'Buy'
INNER JOIN Vehicle ON Buy.VIN = Vehicle.VIN
INNER JOIN Logged_in_User ON Buy.salepeople_username = Logged_in_User.username
WHERE
 YEAR(Buy.sale_date) = '$Year'
 AND MONTH(Buy.sale_date) = '$Month'
```

```
GROUP BY
 Logged_in_User.username
ORDER BY
 vehicles_sold DESC, total_sales DESC;
```