Quantum Information

Class: IBM Quantum Learning

Mathematical Concepts

Dirac Notation(or Bra-Ket Notation)

Terminology: ket of A is $|A\rangle$ and bra of A is $\langle A|$. Example, let $\Sigma = \{A, B, C\}$ then $|A\rangle = \begin{bmatrix}1\\0\\0\end{bmatrix}$, $|B\rangle = \begin{bmatrix}0\\1\\0\end{bmatrix}$ and $\langle A| = (1,0,0)$, $\langle B| = (0,1,0)$ Note that $|\Psi\rangle$ then $\langle\Psi| = |\Psi\rangle^T$.

Cartesian product

Let $y = \{0,1\}$ and $x = \{a,b\}$. Then,
$x \times y = \{(0,a),(0,b),(1,a),(1,b)\}$
and $y \times x = \{(a,0),(a,1),(b,0),(b,1)\}$

Tensor Product of vectors

$$\begin{bmatrix}a_0\\\vdots\\a_n\end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix}b_0\\\vdots\\b_n\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}a_0 b_0\\\vdots\\a_n b_n\end{bmatrix}$$

Tensor Product Properties

1. $(|\phi_1\rangle + |\phi_2\rangle) \otimes |\psi\rangle = |\phi_1\rangle \otimes |\psi\rangle + |\phi_2\rangle \otimes |\psi\rangle$
2. $(a\,|\phi\rangle) \otimes |\psi\rangle = a(|\phi\rangle \otimes |\psi\rangle)$
3. $|a\rangle \otimes |b\rangle = |b\rangle \otimes |a\rangle$

Quantum Information Systems

Quantum State Vector

Quantum State of a sytem is represented by a complex column vector. Let the quantum state vector v be equal to $\begin{bmatrix}a_0\\\vdots\\a_n\end{bmatrix}$, where $\sum_{i=0}^{n} |a_i|^2 = 1$ The **euclidean norm** of the $||v|| = \sqrt{\sum_{i=0}^{n} |a_i|^2}$

Common Quantum States

code	*description*
Plus State	$\|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\|0\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\|1\rangle$
Minus State	$\|-\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\|0\rangle - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\|1\rangle$
Other State	$\frac{1+2i}{3}\|0\rangle - \frac{2}{3}\|1\rangle$

Measurement

Standart Basis Measurement

Unary Operations

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