

Mathematical Statement

Statement	is any declarative sentence which is either true or false.
Atomic	if it cannot be divided into smaller statements.
Molecular	if it can be divided into smaller statements.
conjunction	$p \wedge q$ equivalent to "p and q".
disjunction	$p \vee q$ equivalent to "p or q".
	where p is the hypothesis and q the conclusion.
Implication	$p \rightarrow q$ equivalent to "if p then q ".
Biconditional	$p \leftrightarrow q$ equivalent to "if and only if p then q ".
Negation	$\neg p$ equivalent to "not p ".
Converse	
Contrapositive	

Naive Set Theory

Set Notation

Cartesian Product	$A \times B = \{(x, y) x \in A \wedge y \in B\}$
-------------------	--

Functions

Functions	A rule that assigns each input exactly one output.
Range	The set of all elements which are assigned to at least one element of the domain by the function.
Domain	The set of all input of a function.
Codomain	The set of all allowable output a function.
$f : x \rightarrow y$	a function f with a domain x and a codomain y .
Recursive f.	
Injectiue	every element of the codomain is the image of at most one element from the domain.
Surjective	every element of the codomain is the image of at least one element from the domain.
Bijection	A function that is Injective and Surjective .
Image	$f(A) = \{f(a) \in Y : a \in A\}$, where $A \subset \text{domain}$.
Inverse Image	$f^{-1}(B) = \{f(b) \in X : b \in B\}$, where $B \subset \text{codomain}$.

Counting

Additive Principle

General Definition: if event A can occur in m ways, and even B can occur in n **disjoint** (A and B can't apen at the same time.) ways, then A and B can occur in $m + n$ ways.
Set Definition: Given 2 sets A and B , if $A \cap B = \emptyset$, then $|A \cap B| = |A| + |B|$.

Multiplicative Principle

General Definition: if event A can occur m ways, and each possibility for A allows for exactly n ways for event B , then the event " A and B " can occur $m \cdot n$ ways.
Set Definition: Given 2 sets A and B , we have $|A \times B| = |A| \cdot |B|$.

Sequences

Symbolic Logic

Proofs

Graph Theory