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## **General Reminders**

Class: CSCI 1300

#include "myfile.h" Include file. Random int, #include<cstdlib>. rand() int(var) Convert a data type var to int. Convert a data type var to float. float(var) double(var) Convert a data type var to double. static\_cast<t>(var) Convert var to the type t. read only fonction. void myF() const inline the whole code of the inline function is inserted or substituted at the point of its call during the compilation. constexpt that specify that an expression must be evaluated at compile time. return the number of bytes used by the sizeof(var) variable. sizeof runs at compile-time. condition? ifTrue: ifFalse ternary Opearator

## Strings

str[i] Get or set the char at the index i. str.length() Return the number of characters. Returns the substring from a to b. str.substr(a,b) Retrun the start index of the substring str.find(subStr) str.replace(i,l,str) Replace substring from i to 1 with str stoi(str) Convert a string to int, #include<string>. to\_string(var) Convert var to a string, #include<string>.

# Arrays

### Vectors

#include<vector> Include vector library. vector<type> V; Instantiate a vector. Instantiate a vector from Array obj. vector<type> V(size); Instantiate a vector from Array. vector<type>  $V{6,3,3}$ ; V=vector<type>(); Re-instantiate V. Returns the element at index i. V.at(i) V.size() Return the number of elements. V.push\_back(Value) Add the new element at the end. V.pop\_back() Remove the last element. V.clear() Empty the vector.

Insert Value at i.

## Structures

V.insert(i, Value)

myStruct Obj; instantiate structure object.
Obj.param1 Access param1 of Obj.

### Streams

#include<fstream> Include stream library. Include string stream library. #include<sstream> ifstream fin; Instantiate a input stream. ofstream fout; Instantiate a output stream. stringstream s(str); Instantiate a string stream. Open txt file whith the stream. myS.open("file.txt") myS.close() Close the stream file. getline(fin, line) Get the next line from fin. fout<<"hello" Output in stream "helloWorld". fin>>var Input from stream to var. Set decimal points, #include<iomanip>. <<setprecision(n)<< <<setw(n)<< Establishes a print field of n spaces. Display floating point numbers in fixed. <<fired<< point notation. Enables or disables the unconditional <<showpoint<< <<noshowpoint<< inclusion of the decimal point character in floating-point output. <<left<< output the string on the left. <<ri>tight<< output the string on the right.

#### clear buffer

The buffer must be cleared after after getting an input from a stream if you input and output in the same file at the same time.

```
if(cin.fail() == true) {
   cout << "cin failed state";
   cin.clear();
   cin.ignore(1000, '\n');
}</pre>
```

#### cmath

## **Error Handling**

```
try {
    // risky operation
} catch (exceptions) {
    // runs if an exception of type Ex is thrown
}
```

#include<cassert>
#include<stdexcept>
throw myException
exception::what()
catch (const auto& e)
catch(...)
exception

Include assert library.
Common standard exceptions.
Throw an error of type myException.
Retrieve diagnostic message.
Catch exceptions by const reference.
Fallback handler; rethrow if unsure.
Parent of all exceptions class.

# Object Oriented Programing(OOP)

myClasses myObj(3,5);
myClasses myObj;
protected:

Instantiate an myClasses type obj. Call the default constructor. similar to private, but it can also be accessed in the inherited class.

### OOP With header file

If you use a header the file wich contain the main function must include the header file.

### Header file(myHeader.h)

```
#ifndef MYCLASS_H //if no def for MyClass
#define MYCLASS_H //else

using namespace std;

class MyClass{
   public:
      MyClass(); //default constructor
      MyClass(p1, p2); //parameterized constructor
      int publicAtribute;
      void myFunction() const;
   private:
      int privAtribute;
};
#endif
```

### Class file(.cpp)

```
#include <iostream>
#include "myHeader.h"

MyClass::MyClass(){
    publicAtribute = 0;
    privAtribute = 0;
}

MyClass::MyClass(int p1, int p2){
    publicAtribute = p1;
```

```
privAtribute = p2;
}

void MyClass::myFunction() const{
    // my code
}
```

### Switch case

```
switch (x){
   case 0:
      /*Code in case 0*/
   break;
:
   case n:
      /*Code in case n*/
   break;
   default:
      /*Code if no case match*/
}
```

### Pointer & References

int\* myInt;
 new
 delete
 NULL
 \*var
 Get war value, where var is a pointer.
 \*var
 void\* var
 \*var
 \*pinter with no associated data type.

# Lambda Expression

```
... = [captureClause] (parameters) -> returnType {
// definition
}
```

 $\begin{array}{ll} [\&] & \text{capture all external variables by reference.} \\ [=] & \text{capture all external variables by value.} \\ [a,\&b] & \text{capture 'a' by value and 'b' by reference.} \end{array}$ 

# Low Level Data Types

### signed fixed width integer types

```
int8_t
               int16_t
                               int32_t
                                               int64_t
 int_fast8_t
               int_fast16_t
                               int_fast32_t
                                               int_fast64_t
 int_least8_t int_least16_t int_least32_t
                                              int_least64_t
signed fixed width integer types
                                 uint32_t
                                                  uint64_t
 uint8_t
                uint16_t
 uint_fast8_t
                uint_fast16_t
                                                  uint_fast64
                                 uint_fast32_t
 uint_least8_t uint_least16_t uint_least32_t
                                                  uint_least6
other integer types
 intmax_t & uintmax_t
                        Maximum-width integer type.
                        Integer type capable of holding a pointer
 intptr_t & uintptr_t
```

An unsigned integer data type to represen

.

 $size_t$