

ASSIGNMENT-2(Q3,4,5)

3. Difference between == and ===?

- In JavaScript, == is used to compare two variables, while === is used to compare two variables and check the data type.

4. What does the isNaN() function?

- The isNaN() function in JavaScript returns true if the given value is NaN (Not-a-Number), otherwise false. If the parameter to the isNaN() function is not of type Number, it is first converted to a number before testing whether it is NaN or not.

For **example**, the following code will return true:

- `isNaN("hello world"); // true`

5. Difference between Client-side JavaScript and Server-side JavaScript?

Client side

- It runs on the user's web browser.
- The browser must download the script before it can be executed.
- This can make the page slower to load.
- The script can be accessed and modified by the user.
- This can be a security risk.

Server side

- It runs on a web server.
- The browser does not need to download the script before it can be executed.
- This can make the page faster to load.
- The script is not accessible to the user.
- This makes it more secure.
- It can be used to generate dynamic content.
- This can make it more interactive.
- It can be used to process user input.