Formalisation of Ground Resolution and CDCL in Isabelle/HOL

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1 Transitions

This theory contains more facts about closure, the definition of full transformations, and well-foundedness.

1.1 More theorems about Closures

```
This is the equivalent of ?r \le ?s \Longrightarrow ?r^{**} \le ?s^{**} for tranclp
lemma tranclp-mono-explicit:
 r^{++} a b \Longrightarrow r < s \Longrightarrow s^{++} a b
   using rtranclp-mono by (auto dest!: tranclpD intro: rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
lemma tranclp-mono:
 assumes mono: r \leq s
 shows r^{++} \leq s^{++}
   using rtranclp-mono[OF mono] mono by (auto dest!: tranclpD intro: rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
lemma tranclp-idemp-rel:
  R^{++++} a b \longleftrightarrow R^{++} a b
 apply (rule iffI)
   prefer 2 apply blast
 by (induction rule: tranclp-induct) auto
Equivalent of ?r^{****} = ?r^{**}
lemma trancl-idemp: (r^+)^+ = r^+
 by simp
lemmas tranclp-idemp[simp] = trancl-idemp[to-pred]
This theorem already exists as ?r^{**} ?a ?b \equiv ?a = ?b \lor ?r^{++} ?a ?b (and sledgehammer uses
it), but it makes sense to duplicate it, because it is unclear how stable the lemmas in Nitpick
are.
lemma rtranclp-unfold: rtranclp r a b \longleftrightarrow (a = b \lor tranclp r a b)
 by (meson rtranclp.simps rtranclpD tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma tranclp-unfold-end: tranclp r \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (\exists a'. \ rtranclp \ r \ a \ a' \land r \ a' \ b)
 \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis rtranclp.rtrancl-refl rtranclp-into-tranclp1 tranclp.cases\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)}
lemma tranclp-unfold-begin: tranclp r \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ a'. \ r \ a \ a' \land r tranclp \ r \ a' \ b)
 by (meson rtranclp-into-tranclp2 tranclpD)
lemma trancl-set-tranclp: (a, b) \in \{(b,a). \ P \ a \ b\}^+ \longleftrightarrow P^{++} \ b \ a
 apply (rule iffI)
   apply (induction rule: trancl-induct; simp)
 apply (induction rule: tranclp-induct; auto simp: trancl-into-trancl2)
 done
lemma tranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rel: R^{++**} a b \longleftrightarrow R^{**} a b
 by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold)
lemma tranclp-rtranclp[simp]: R^{++**} = R^{**}
 by (fastforce simp: rtranclp-unfold)
```

```
lemma rtranclp-exists-last-with-prop:
  assumes R x z
  and R^{**} z z' and P x z
  shows \exists y \ y'. \ R^{**} \ x \ y \land R \ y \ y' \land P \ y \ y' \land (\lambda a \ b. \ R \ a \ b \land \neg P \ a \ b)^{**} \ y' \ z'
  using assms(2,1,3)
proof (induction arbitrary: )
  case base
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (step z'z'') note z = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-5)]
  show ?case
    apply (cases P z' z'')
      apply (rule exI[of - z'], rule exI[of - z''])
      using z \ assms(1) \ step.hyps(1) \ step.prems(2) \ apply \ auto[1]
    using IH z rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl by fastforce
qed
lemma rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left: (\lambda \ a \ b. \ P \ a \ b \land Q \ a \ b)^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P^{**} \ S \ T
  by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
1.2
        Full Transitions
We define here properties to define properties after all possible transitions.
abbreviation no-step step S \equiv (\forall S'. \neg step S S')
definition full1 :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
full1 transf = (\lambda S S'. tranclp transf S S' \wedge (\forall S''. \neg transf S' S''))
definition full:: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
full transf = (\lambda S S', rtranclp transf S S' \wedge (\forall S'', \neg transf S' S'))
lemma rtranclp-full11:
  R^{**} \ a \ b \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full1-def by auto
lemma tranclp-full11:
  R^{++} a b \Longrightarrow full1 R b c \Longrightarrow full1 R a c
  unfolding full1-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-fullI:
  R^{**} \ a \ b \Longrightarrow full \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full-def by auto
lemma tranclp-full-full1I:
  R^{++} a b \Longrightarrow full R b c \Longrightarrow full R a c
  unfolding full-def full1-def by auto
lemma full-fullI:
  R \ a \ b \Longrightarrow full \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full 1 \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full-def full1-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full-unfold} \colon
  full\ r\ S\ S' \longleftrightarrow ((S = S' \land no\text{-step}\ r\ S') \lor full1\ r\ S\ S')
  unfolding full-def full1-def by (auto simp add: rtranclp-unfold)
```

```
lemma full1-is-full[intro]: full1 R S T \Longrightarrow full R S T
  by (simp add: full-unfold)
lemma not-full1-rtranclp-relation: \neg full1 \ R^{**} \ a \ b
 by (meson full1-def rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
lemma not-full-rtranclp-relation: \neg full\ R^{**}\ a\ b
  by (meson full-fullI not-full1-rtranclp-relation rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
lemma full1-tranclp-relation-full:
 full1 R^{++} a b \longleftrightarrow full1 R a b
 \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis converse-tranclpE full1-def reflclp-tranclp} \ \textit{rtranclp-idemp rtranclp-reflclp}
    tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma full-tranclp-relation-full:
 full R^{++} \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow full R \ a \ b
 by (metis full-unfold full1-tranclp-relation-full tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclpD)
lemma rtranclp-full1-eq-or-full1:
  (full1\ R)^{**}\ a\ b\longleftrightarrow (a=b\lor full1\ R\ a\ b)
proof -
  have \forall p \ a \ aa. \ \neg \ p^{**} \ (a::'a) \ aa \lor a = aa \lor (\exists ab. \ p^{**} \ a \ ab \land p \ ab \ aa)
    by (metis rtranclp.cases)
  then obtain aa :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a where
    f1: \forall p \ a \ ab. \neg p^{**} \ a \ ab \lor a = ab \lor p^{**} \ a \ (aa \ p \ a \ ab) \land p \ (aa \ p \ a \ ab) \ ab
    by moura
  { assume a \neq b
    { assume \neg full1 \ R \ a \ b \land a \neq b
      then have a \neq b \land a \neq b \land \neg full1 R (aa (full1 R) a b) b \lor \neg (full1 R)^{**} a b \land a \neq b
        using f1 by (metis (no-types) full1-def full1-tranclp-relation-full)
      then have ?thesis
        using f1 by blast }
    then have ?thesis
      by auto }
  then show ?thesis
    \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{fastforce}
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp	ext{-}full1	ext{-}full1	ext{:}
  (full1\ R)^{++}\ a\ b\longleftrightarrow full1\ R\ a\ b
 by (metis full1-def rtranclp-full1-eq-or-full1 tranclp-unfold-begin)
1.3
        Well-Foundedness and Full Transitions
lemma wf-exists-normal-form:
  assumes wf:wf \{(x, y). R y x\}
 shows \exists b. R^{**} \ a \ b \land no\text{-step} \ R \ b
proof (rule ccontr)
```

```
lemma wf-exists-normal-form:

assumes wf:wf \{(x, y). R y x\}

shows \exists b. R^{**} a b \land no-step R b

proof (rule\ ccontr)

assume \neg ?thesis

then have H: \bigwedge b. \neg R^{**} a b \lor \neg no-step R b

by blast

def F \equiv rec-nat a\ (\lambda i\ b.\ SOME\ c.\ R\ b\ c)

have [simp]: F\ 0 = a

unfolding F-def by auto

have [simp]: \bigwedge i.\ F\ (Suc\ i) = (SOME\ b.\ R\ (F\ i)\ b)

using F-def by simp
```

```
{ fix i
   have \forall j < i. R (F j) (F (Suc j))
     proof (induction i)
      case \theta
      then show ?case by auto
     next
      case (Suc\ i)
      then have R^{**} a (F i)
        by (induction i) auto
      then have R (F i) (SOME b. R (F i) b)
        using H by (simp add: someI-ex)
      then have \forall j < Suc \ i. \ R \ (F \ j) \ (F \ (Suc \ j))
        using H Suc by (simp add: less-Suc-eq)
      then show ?case by fast
     qed
 }
 then have \forall j. R (F j) (F (Suc j)) by blast
 then show False
   using wf unfolding wfP-def wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma wf-exists-normal-form-full:
 assumes wf:wf \{(x, y). R y x\}
 shows \exists b. full R \ a \ b
 using wf-exists-normal-form[OF assms] unfolding full-def by blast
```

1.4 More Well-Foundedness

A little list of theorems that could be useful, but are hidden:

```
• link between wf and infinite chains: wf ? r = (\neg (\exists f. \forall i. (f (Suc i), f i) \in ?r)), \llbracket wf ? r; \land k. (?f (Suc k), ?f k) \notin ?r \Longrightarrow ?thesis \rrbracket \Longrightarrow ?thesis
```

```
lemma wf-if-measure-in-wf:
  wf R \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge a \ b. \ (a, \ b) \in S \Longrightarrow (\nu \ a, \ \nu \ b) \in R) \Longrightarrow wf S
  by (metis in-inv-image wfE-min wfI-min wf-inv-image)
lemma wfP-if-measure: fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow nat
shows (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \implies f \ y < f \ x) \Longrightarrow wf \ \{(y,x). \ P \ x \land g \ x \ y\}
  apply(insert \ wf-measure[of f])
  apply(simp only: measure-def inv-image-def less-than-def less-eq)
  \mathbf{apply}(\mathit{erule}\ \mathit{wf}\text{-}\mathit{subset})
  apply auto
  done
lemma wf-if-measure-f:
assumes wf r
shows wf \{(b, a). (f b, f a) \in r\}
  using assms by (metis inv-image-def wf-inv-image)
lemma wf-wf-if-measure':
assumes wf r and H: (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow (f \ y, f \ x) \in r)
shows wf \{(y,x). P x \wedge g x y\}
proof -
  have wf \{(b, a), (f b, f a) \in r\} using assms(1) wf-if-measure-f by auto
```

```
then have wf \{(b, a). P a \land g a b \land (f b, f a) \in r\}
   using wf-subset[of - \{(b, a). P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\}] by auto
 moreover have \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} \subseteq \{(b, a). \ (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} by auto
 moreover have \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} = \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b\} using H by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis using wf-subset by simp
qed
lemma wf-lex-less: wf (lex \{(a, b). (a::nat) < b\})
proof -
 have m: \{(a, b), a < b\} = measure id by auto
 show ?thesis apply (rule wf-lex) unfolding m by auto
qed
lemma wfP-if-measure2: fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow nat
shows (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \ y \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow f \ x < f \ y) \Longrightarrow wf \ \{(x,y). \ P \ x \ y \land g \ x \ y\}
 apply(insert wf-measure[of f])
 apply(simp only: measure-def inv-image-def less-than-def less-eq)
 apply(erule wf-subset)
 apply auto
 done
lemma lexord-on-finite-set-is-wf:
 assumes
   P-finite: \bigwedge U. P U \longrightarrow U \in A and
   finite: finite A and
   wf: wf R and
   trans: trans R
 shows wf \{(T, S). (P S \wedge P T) \wedge (T, S) \in lexord R\}
proof (rule wfP-if-measure2)
 fix TS
 assume P: P S \wedge P T and
 s-le-t: (T, S) \in lexord R
 let ?f = \lambda S. \{U.(U, S) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ S\}
 have ?f T \subseteq ?f S
    using s-le-t P lexord-trans trans by auto
 moreover have T \in ?f S
   using s-le-t P by auto
 moreover have T \notin ?f T
   using s-le-t by (auto simp add: lexord-irreflexive local.wf)
  ultimately have \{U.(U,T) \in lexord\ R \land P\ U \land P\ T\} \subset \{U.(U,S) \in lexord\ R \land P\ U \land P\ S\}
   by auto
 moreover have finite \{U.(U, S) \in lexord\ R \land P\ U \land P\ S\}
   using finite by (metis (no-types, lifting) P-finite finite-subset mem-Collect-eq subsetI)
  ultimately show card (?f T) < card (?f S) by (simp add: psubset-card-mono)
qed
lemma wf-fst-wf-pair:
 assumes wf \{(M', M), R M' M\}
 shows wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R M' M\}
proof -
 have wf (\{(M', M). R M' M\} < *lex* > \{\})
   using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis
   by (rule wf-subset) auto
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma wf-snd-wf-pair:
  assumes wf \{(M', M), R M' M\}
 shows wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R N' N\}
proof -
  have wf: wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R M' M\}
    using assms wf-fst-wf-pair by auto
  then have wf: \bigwedge P. \ (\forall \ x. \ (\forall \ y. \ (y, \ x) \in \{((M', \ N'), \ M, \ N). \ R \ M' \ M\} \longrightarrow P \ y) \longrightarrow P \ x) \Longrightarrow All \ P
    unfolding wf-def by auto
  show ?thesis
    unfolding wf-def
    proof (intro allI impI)
      fix P :: 'c \times 'a \Rightarrow bool \text{ and } x :: 'c \times 'a
      assume H: \forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in \{((M', N'), M, y). R N' y\} \longrightarrow P y) \longrightarrow P x
      obtain a b where x: x = (a, b) by (cases x)
      have P: P \ x = (P \circ (\lambda(a, b), (b, a))) \ (b, a)
       unfolding x by auto
     show P x
        using wf[of P \ o \ (\lambda(a, b), (b, a))] apply rule
          using H apply simp
        unfolding P by blast
   \mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{qed}
lemma wf-if-measure-f-notation2:
  assumes wf r
 shows wf \{(b, h a) | b a. (f b, f (h a)) \in r\}
 apply (rule wf-subset)
 using wf-if-measure-f[OF\ assms,\ of\ f] by auto
lemma wf-wf-if-measure'-notation2:
assumes wf r and H: (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow (f \ y, f \ (h \ x)) \in r)
shows wf \{(y,h x)| y x. P x \wedge g x y\}
proof -
  have wf \{(b, ha)|b \ a. \ (fb, f(ha)) \in r\} using assms(1) \ wf-if-measure-f-notation2 by auto
  then have wf \{(b, h a) | b a. P a \wedge g a b \wedge (f b, f (h a)) \in r\}
    using wf-subset[of - \{(b, h \ a) | \ b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\}] by auto
  moreover have \{(b, h \ a)|b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\}
    \subseteq \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a. \ (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\} by auto
  moreover have \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a \ P \ a \land q \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\} = \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a \ P \ a \land q \ a \ b\}
    using H by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using wf-subset by simp
qed
end
theory List-More
imports Main
begin
```

2 Various Lemmas

Close to $(\bigwedge n. \ \forall m < n. \ ?P \ m \implies ?P \ n) \implies ?P \ ?n$, but with a separation between zero and non-zero, and case names.

```
thm nat-less-induct
lemma nat-less-induct-case[case-names 0 Suc]:
 assumes
   P \theta and
   \bigwedge n. \ (\forall m < Suc \ n. \ P \ m) \Longrightarrow P \ (Suc \ n)
 shows P n
 apply (induction rule: nat-less-induct)
 by (rename-tac n, case-tac n) (auto intro: assms)
This is only proved in simple cases by auto. In assumptions, nothing happens, and {}^{\circ}P (if {}^{\circ}Q
then ?x else ?y) = (\neg (?Q \land \neg ?P ?x \lor \neg ?Q \land \neg ?P ?y)) can blow up goals (because of other
if expression).
lemma if-0-1-ge-0 [simp]:
  0 < (if P then a else (0::nat)) \longleftrightarrow P \land 0 < a
 by auto
Bounded function have not been defined in Isabelle.
definition bounded where
bounded f \longleftrightarrow (\exists b. \forall n. f n < b)
abbreviation unbounded :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b::ord) \Rightarrow bool where
unbounded\ f \equiv \neg\ bounded\ f
lemma not-bounded-nat-exists-larger:
 \mathbf{fixes}\ f::\ nat \Rightarrow nat
 {\bf assumes}\ unbound:\ unbounded\ f
 shows \exists n. f n > m \land n > n_0
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume H: \neg ?thesis
 have finite \{f \mid n \mid n \in n_0\}
   by auto
 have \bigwedge n. f n \leq Max (\{f n | n. n \leq n_0\} \cup \{m\})
   apply (case-tac n \leq n_0)
   apply (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-ge Un-insert-right (finite \{f \mid n \mid n. n \leq n_0\})
     finite-insert insertCI mem-Collect-eq sup-bot.right-neutral)
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) H Max-less-iff Un-insert-right (finite \{f \mid n \mid n. \ n \leq n_0\})
     finite-insert insertI1 insert-not-empty leI sup-bot.right-neutral)
 then show False
   using unbound unfolding bounded-def by auto
qed
lemma bounded-const-product:
 fixes k :: nat and f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
 assumes k > 0
 shows bounded f \longleftrightarrow bounded (\lambda i. \ k * f i)
 unfolding bounded-def apply (rule iffI)
  using mult-le-mono2 apply blast
 by (meson assms le-less-trans less-or-eq-imp-le nat-mult-less-cancel-disj split-div-lemma)
This lemma is not used, but here to show that a property that can be expected from bounded
holds.
lemma bounded-finite-linorder:
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a :: \{finite, linorder\}
 shows bounded f
proof -
```

```
have \bigwedge x. f x \leq Max \{f x | x. True\}
by (metis (mono-tags) Max-ge finite mem-Collect-eq)
then show ?thesis
unfolding bounded-def by blast
qed
```

3 More List

3.1 *upt*

The simplification rules are not very handy, because $[?i..<Suc ?j] = (if ?i \le ?j then [?i..<?j]$ @ [?j] else []) leads to a case distinction, that we do not want if the condition is not in the context.

```
lemma upt-Suc-le-append: \neg i \leq j \Longrightarrow [i.. < Suc \ j] = [] by auto
```

lemmas upt-simps[simp] = upt-Suc-append upt-Suc-le-append

declare $upt.simps(2)[simp\ del]$

```
lemma
```

```
assumes i \leq n-m
shows take \ i \ [m..< n] = [m..< m+i]
by (metis \ Nat.le-diff-conv2 \ add.commute \ assms \ diff-is-0-eq' \ linear \ take-upt \ upt-conv-Nil)
```

The counterpart for this lemma when n-m < i is length $?xs \le ?n \Longrightarrow take ?n ?xs = ?xs$. It is close to $?i + ?m \le ?n \Longrightarrow take ?m \ [?i..<?n] = [?i..<?i + ?m]$, but seems more general.

```
lemma take-upt-bound-minus[simp]:
assumes i \le n - m
shows take \ i \ [m..< n] = [m \ ..< m+i]
using assms by (induction \ i) auto
```

```
lemma append-cons-eq-upt: assumes A @ B = [m..< n] shows A = [m ..< m+length \ A] and B = [m+length \ A..< n] proof — have take (length \ A) (\ A @ B) = \ A \ by \ auto \ moreover have length \ A \le n - m \ using \ assms \ linear \ calculation \ by \ fastforce \ then \ have \ take \ (length \ A) \ [m..< n] = [m \ ..< m+length \ A] \ by \ auto \ ultimately \ show \ A = [m \ ..< m+length \ A] \ using \ assms \ by \ auto \ show \ B = [m + length \ A..< n] \ using \ assms \ by \ (metis \ append-eq-conv-conj \ drop-upt)
```

```
The converse of ?A @ ?B = [?m..<?n] \Longrightarrow ?A = [?m..<?m + length ?A] ?A @ ?B = [?m..<?n] \Longrightarrow ?B = [?m + length ?A..<?n] does not hold, for example if B is empty and A is [0::'a]:
```

```
lemma A @ B = [m.. < n] \longleftrightarrow A = [m .. < m + length A] \land B = [m + length A.. < n]
```

oops

A more restrictive version holds:

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ B \neq [] \Longrightarrow A @ B = [m.. < n] \longleftrightarrow A = [m\ .. < m + length\ A] \land B = [m\ + length\ A.. < n]
 (is ?P \implies ?A = ?B)
proof
 assume ?A then show ?B by (auto simp add: append-cons-eq-upt)
next
 assume ?P and ?B
 then show ?A using append-eq-conv-conj by fastforce
qed
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length-i:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m..< n]
 shows A = [m ... < i]
proof -
 have A = [m ... < m + length A] using assms append-cons-eq-upt by auto
 have (A @ i \# B) ! (length A) = i by auto
 moreover have n - m = length (A @ i \# B)
   using assms length-upt by presburger
 then have [m..< n] ! (length A) = m + length A by simp
 ultimately have i = m + length A using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using \langle A = [m ... < m + length A] \rangle by auto
qed
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m.. < n]
 shows length A = i - m
 using assms
proof (induction A arbitrary: m)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by (metis append-Nil diff-is-0-eq list.size(3) order-reft upt-eq-Cons-conv)
next
 case (Cons\ a\ A)
 then have A: A @ i \# B = [m + 1.. < n] by (metis append-Cons upt-eq-Cons-conv)
 then have m < i by (metis Cons.prems append-cons-eq-upt-length-i upt-eq-Cons-conv)
 with Cons.IH[OF A] show ?case by auto
qed
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m..< n]
 shows B = [Suc \ i \ .. < n]
proof -
 have B = [Suc \ m + length \ A... < n] using assms append-cons-eq-upt of A @ [i] B m n] by auto
 have (A @ i \# B) ! (length A) = i by auto
 moreover have n - m = length (A @ i \# B)
   using assms length-upt by auto
 then have [m..< n]! (length A) = m + length A by simp
 ultimately have i = m + length A using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using \langle B = [Suc \ m + length \ A... < n] \rangle by auto
lemma Max-n-upt: Max (insert 0 \{ Suc \ 0 ... < n \} ) = n - Suc \ 0
proof (induct n)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this
```

3.2 Lexicographic ordering

We are working a lot on lexicographic ordering over pairs.

4 Logics

In this section we define the syntax of the formula and an abstraction over it to have simpler proofs. After that we define some properties like subformula and rewriting.

4.1 Definition and abstraction

The propositional logic is defined inductively. The type parameter is the type of the variables.

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{datatype} \ 'v \ propo = \\ FT \mid FF \mid FVar \ 'v \mid FNot \ 'v \ propo \mid FAnd \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \mid FOr \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \\ \mid FImp \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \mid FEq \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \end{array}
```

We do not define any notation for the formula, to distinguish properly between the formulas and Isabelle's logic.

To ease the proofs, we will write the formula on a homogeneous manner, namely a connecting argument and a list of arguments.

```
datatype \ 'v \ connective = CT \mid CF \mid CVar \ 'v \mid CNot \mid CAnd \mid COr \mid CImp \mid CEq
```

```
abbreviation nullary-connective \equiv \{CF\} \cup \{CT\} \cup \{CVar \ x \mid x. \ True\} definition binary-connectives \equiv \{CAnd, COr, CImp, CEq\}
```

We define our own induction principal: instead of distinguishing every constructor, we group them by arity.

```
lemma propo-induct-arity[case-names nullary unary binary]: fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo assumes nullary: (\bigwedge \varphi \ x. \ \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FVar \ x \Longrightarrow P \ \varphi) and unary: (\bigwedge \psi . \ P \ \psi \Longrightarrow P \ (FNot \ \psi)) and binary: (\bigwedge \varphi \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2. \ P \ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow P \ \psi 2 \Longrightarrow \varphi = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \Longrightarrow P \ \varphi) shows P \ \psi apply (induct rule: propo.induct) using assms by metis+
```

The function *conn* is the interpretation of our representation (connective and list of arguments). We define any thing that has no sense to be false

```
fun conn :: 'v \ connective \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \ where \ conn \ CT \ [] = FT \ | \ conn \ CF \ [] = FF \ | \ conn \ (CVar \ v) \ [] = FVar \ v \ | \ conn \ CNot \ [\varphi] = FNot \ \varphi \ | \ conn \ CAnd \ (\varphi\# \ [\psi]) = FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \ conn \ COr \ (\varphi\# \ [\psi]) = FOr \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \ conn \ CImp \ (\varphi\# \ [\psi]) = FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \ conn \ CEq \ (\varphi\# \ [\psi]) = FEq \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \ conn \ - - = FF
```

We will often use case distinction, based on the arity of the v connective, thus we define our own splitting principle.

```
lemma connective-cases-arity[case-names nullary binary unary]: assumes nullary: \bigwedge x. c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x \Longrightarrow P and binary: c \in binary\text{-connectives} \Longrightarrow P and unary: c = CNot \Longrightarrow P shows P using assms by (cases c) (auto simp: binary-connectives-def)
```

```
lemma connective-cases-arity-2[case-names nullary unary binary]: assumes nullary: c \in nullary-connective \Longrightarrow P and unary: c \in CNot \Longrightarrow P and binary: c \in binary-connectives \Longrightarrow P shows P using assms by (cases c, auto simp add: binary-connectives-def)
```

Our previous definition is not necessary correct (connective and list of arguments) , so we define an inductive predicate.

```
inductive wf-conn :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo list \Rightarrow bool for c :: 'v connective where wf-conn-nullary[simp]: (c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar \ v) \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [] \ | wf-conn-unary[simp]: c = CNot \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\psi] \ | wf-conn-binary[simp]: c \in binary\text{-}connectives \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ (\psi \# \psi' \# \ []) thm wf-conn-induct lemma wf-conn-induct[consumes 1, case-names CT CF CVar CNot COr CAnd CImp CEq]:
```

```
assumes wf-conn c x and
  (\bigwedge v. \ c = CT \Longrightarrow P ]) and
  (\bigwedge v. \ c = CF \Longrightarrow P \ []) and
  (\bigwedge v. \ c = CVar \ v \Longrightarrow P \ []) and
  (\wedge \psi. \ c = CNot \Longrightarrow P[\psi]) and
  (\wedge \psi \ \psi' . \ c = COr \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi']) and
  (\bigwedge \psi \ \psi' . \ c = CAnd \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi']) and
  (\bigwedge \psi \ \psi'. \ c = CImp \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi']) and
  (\bigwedge \psi \ \psi'. \ c = CEq \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi'])
shows P x
using assms by induction (auto simp: binary-connectives-def)
```

properties of the abstraction 4.2

First we can define simplification rules.

```
lemma wf-conn-conn[simp]:
  wf-conn CT \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ CT \ l = FT
  wf-conn CF \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ CF \ l = FF
  wf-conn (CVar\ x) l \Longrightarrow conn\ (<math>CVar\ x) l = FVar\ x
 apply (simp-all add: wf-conn.simps)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by simp-all
lemma wf-conn-list-decomp[simp]:
  wf-conn CT \ l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn CF l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn (CVar x) l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn CNot (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longleftrightarrow \xi = [] \land \xi' = []
  apply (simp-all add: wf-conn.simps)
      unfolding binary-connectives-def apply simp-all
  by (metis append-Nil append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1) list.sel(3) tl-append2)
lemma wf-conn-list:
```

```
wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FT \longleftrightarrow (c = CT \land l = [])
wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FF \longleftrightarrow (c = CF \land l = [])
wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FVar \ x \longleftrightarrow (c = CVar \ x \land l = [])
wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FAnd \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CAnd \land l = a \# b \# [])
wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FOr \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = COr \land l = a \# b \# [])
wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FEq \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CEq \land l = a \# b \# \parallel)
wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FImp \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CImp \land l = a \# b \# \parallel)
wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FNot \ a \longleftrightarrow (c = CNot \land l = a \# [])
apply (induct l rule: wf-conn.induct)
unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
```

In the binary connective cases, we will often decompose the list of arguments (of length 2) into two elements.

```
lemma list-length 2-decomp: length l = 2 \Longrightarrow (\exists a b. l = a \# b \# \parallel)
  apply (induct \ l, \ auto)
 by (rename-tac l, case-tac l, auto)
```

wf-conn for binary operators means that there are two arguments.

```
lemma wf-conn-bin-list-length:
```

fixes l :: 'v propo list

```
assumes conn: c \in binary-connectives
 shows length l = 2 \longleftrightarrow wf-conn c \ l
proof
  assume length l = 2
 then show wf-conn c l using wf-conn-binary list-length2-decomp using conn by metis
next
 assume wf-conn c l
 then show length l = 2 (is ?P \ l)
   proof (cases rule: wf-conn.induct)
     case wf-conn-nullary
     then show ?P [] using conn binary-connectives-def
      using connective distinct (11) connective distinct (13) connective distinct (9) by blast
   \mathbf{next}
     fix \psi :: 'v \ propo
     case wf-conn-unary
     then show P[\psi] using conn binary-connectives-def
      using connective.distinct by blast
     fix \psi \psi':: 'v propo
     show ?P [\psi, \psi'] by auto
   qed
qed
lemma wf-conn-not-list-length[iff]:
 fixes l :: 'v \ propo \ list
 shows wf-conn CNot l \longleftrightarrow length \ l = 1
 apply auto
 apply (metis append-Nil connective.distinct(5,17,27) length-Cons list.size(3) wf-conn.simps
   wf-conn-list-decomp(4))
 by (simp add: length-Suc-conv wf-conn.simps)
Decomposing the Not into an element is moreover very useful.
lemma wf-conn-Not-decomp:
 fixes l :: 'v propo list and <math>a :: 'v
 assumes corr: wf-conn CNot l
 shows \exists a. l = [a]
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-length-conv corr length-0-conv
   wf-conn-not-list-length)
The wf-conn remains correct if the length of list does not change. This lemma is very useful
when we do one rewriting step
lemma wf-conn-no-arity-change:
  length \ l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
proof -
 {
   fix l l'
   have length l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
     apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.induct, auto)
     by (metis wf-conn-bin-list-length)
 then show length l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf-conn c \ l = wf-conn c \ l' by metis
qed
lemma wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper:
  length (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = length (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
```

by auto

The injectivity of *conn* is useful to prove equality of the connectives and the lists.

```
lemma conn-inj-not:
 assumes correct: wf-conn c l
 and conn: conn c l = FNot \psi
 shows c = CNot and l = [\psi]
 apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 using correct conn unfolding binary-connectives-def apply auto
 apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 using correct conn unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
lemma conn-inj:
 fixes c ca :: 'v connective and l \psi s :: 'v propo list
 assumes corr: wf-conn ca l
 and corr': wf-conn c \psi s
 and eq: conn \ ca \ l = conn \ c \ \psi s
 shows ca = c \wedge \psi s = l
 using corr
proof (cases ca l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 case (wf\text{-}conn\text{-}nullary\ v)
 then show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l using assms
     by (metis\ conn.simps(1)\ conn.simps(2)\ conn.simps(3)\ wf-conn-list(1-3))
next
 case (wf-conn-unary \psi')
 then have *: FNot \psi' = conn \ c \ \psi s using conn-inj-not eq assms by auto
 then have c = ca by (metis\ conn-inj-not(1)\ corr'\ wf-conn-unary(2))
 moreover have \psi s = l using * conn-inj-not(2) corr' wf-conn-unary(1) by force
 ultimately show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l by auto
next
 case (wf-conn-binary \psi' \psi'')
 then show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l
   using eq corr' unfolding binary-connectives-def apply (cases ca, auto simp add: wf-conn-list)
   using wf-conn-list(4-7) corr' by metis+
qed
```

4.3 Subformulas and properties

A characterization using sub-formulas is interesting for rewriting: we will define our relation on the sub-term level, and then lift the rewriting on the term-level. So the rewriting takes place on a subformula.

```
inductive subformula :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool (infix \leq 45) for \varphi where subformula-refl[simp]: \varphi \leq \varphi | subformula-into-subformula: \psi \in set\ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn\ c\ l \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq conn\ c\ l
```

On the *subformula-into-subformula*, we can see why we use our *conn* representation: one case is enough to express the subformulas property instead of listing all the cases.

This is an example of a property related to subformulas.

```
lemma subformula-in-subformula-not:

shows b: FNot \ \varphi \leq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq \psi

apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)

using subformula-into-subformula wf-conn-unary subformula-refl list.set-intros(1) subformula-refl
```

```
by (fastforce\ intro:\ subformula-into-subformula)+
lemma subformula-in-binary-conn:
  assumes conn: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
  shows f \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
  and g \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
proof -
  have a: wf-conn c (f \# [g]) using conn wf-conn-binary binary-connectives-def by auto
  moreover have b: f \leq f using subformula-refl by auto
  ultimately show f \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
    by (metis append-Nil in-set-conv-decomp subformula-into-subformula)
next
  have a: wf-conn c ([f] @ [g]) using conn wf-conn-binary binary-connectives-def by auto
  moreover have b: g \leq g using subformula-reft by auto
  ultimately show g \leq conn \ c \ [f, g] using subformula-into-subformula by force
qed
lemma subformula-trans:
\psi \preceq \psi' \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq \psi'
  apply (induct \psi' rule: subformula.inducts)
  by (auto simp: subformula-into-subformula)
lemma subformula-leaf:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes incl: \varphi \leq \psi
  and simple: \psi = FT \vee \psi = FF \vee \psi = FVar x
  shows \varphi = \psi
  using incl simple
  by (induct rule: subformula.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list)
lemma subfurmula-not-incl-eq:
  assumes \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l
  and wf-conn c l
  and \forall \psi. \ \psi \in set \ l \longrightarrow \neg \ \varphi \preceq \psi
  shows \varphi = conn \ c \ l
  using assms apply (induction conn c l rule: subformula.induct, auto)
  using conn-inj by blast
lemma wf-subformula-conn-cases:
  wf-conn c \ l \implies \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ c \ l \lor (\exists \psi. \ \psi \in set \ l \land \varphi \leq \psi))
  apply standard
    using subfurmula-not-incl-eq apply metis
  by (auto simp add: subformula-into-subformula)
lemma subformula-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  \varphi \leq FAnd \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FAnd \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi') \ (is \ ?P \ FAnd)
  \varphi \leq FOr \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FOr \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi')
  \varphi \preceq FEq \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FEq \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \preceq \psi \lor \varphi \preceq \psi')
  \varphi \leq FImp \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FImp \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi')
proof -
  have wf-conn CAnd [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ CAnd \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CAnd \ [\psi, \, \psi'] \lor (\exists \, \psi''. \, \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \, \psi'] \land \, \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FAnd by auto
```

```
next
  have wf-conn COr [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ COr \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ COr \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FOr by auto
next
  have wf-conn CEq [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ CEq \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CEq \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FEq by auto
next
  have wf-conn CImp [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \prec conn \ CImp \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CImp \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FImp by auto
qed
lemma wf-conn-helper-facts[iff]:
  wf-conn CNot [\varphi]
  wf-conn CT
  wf-conn CF []
  wf-conn (CVar x)
  wf-conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn COr [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn CImp [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn CEq [\varphi, \psi]
  using wf-conn.intros unfolding binary-connectives-def by fastforce+
lemma exists-c-conn: \exists c l. \varphi = conn c l \land wf\text{-}conn c l
  by (cases \varphi) force+
\mathbf{lemma}\ subformula\text{-}conn\text{-}decomp[simp]:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c l
  shows \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ c \ l \lor (\exists \ \psi \in set \ l. \ \varphi \leq \psi)) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof (rule iffI)
  {
    fix \xi
    have \varphi \leq \xi \Longrightarrow \xi = conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow \forall x :: 'a \ propo \in set \ l. \ \neg \ \varphi \leq x \Longrightarrow \varphi = conn \ c \ l
      apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
        apply simp
      using conn-inj by blast
  }
  {\bf moreover\ assume\ \it ?A}
  ultimately show ?B using wf by metis
  assume ?B
  then show \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \ using \ wf \ wf-subformula-conn-cases by \ blast
lemma subformula-leaf-explicit[simp]:
  \varphi \leq FT \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FT
  \varphi \preceq FF \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FF
```

```
\varphi \preceq FVar \ x \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FVar \ x apply auto using subformula-leaf by metis+

The variables inside the formula gives precisely the variables that are needed for the formula. 

primrec vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\text{:}\ 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ set where vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ FT = \{\} \mid vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ FF = \{\} \mid vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ (FVar\ x) = \{x\} \mid vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ (FNot\ \varphi) = vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ \varphi \mid vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ (FAnd\ \varphi\ \psi) = vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ \varphi \cup vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ \psi \mid vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ (FOr\ \varphi\ \psi) = vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ \varphi \cup vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ \psi \mid vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ (FImp\ \varphi\ \psi) = vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ \varphi \cup vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ \psi \mid vars\text{-}of\text{-}of\text{-}vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\ \psi \mid vars\text{-}of\text{-}of\text{-}vars\text{-}of\text{-}of\text{-}vars\text{-}of\text{-}of\text{-}va
```

lemma vars-of-prop-incl-conn:

```
fixes \xi \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \psi :: 'v \ propo \ and \ c :: 'v \ connective
 assumes corr: wf-conn c l and incl: \psi \in set l
 shows vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l)
proof (cases c rule: connective-cases-arity-2)
 case nullary
 then have False using corr incl by auto
 then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l) by blast
next
 case binary note c = this
 then obtain a b where ab: l = [a, b]
   using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp corr by metis
  then have \psi = a \vee \psi = b using incl by auto
  then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l)
   using ab c unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
next
 case unary note c = this
 fix \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 have l = [\psi] using corr c incl split-list by force
 then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn c l) using c by auto
```

 $vars-of-prop \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi$

The set of variables is compatible with the subformula order.

```
lemma subformula-vars-of-prop: \varphi \preceq \psi \Longrightarrow vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop \ \varphi \subseteq vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop \ \psi } apply (induct rule: subformula.induct) apply simp using vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop\text{-}incl\text{-}conn \ by \ blast}
```

4.4 Positions

```
Instead of 1 or 2 we use L or R datatype sign = L \mid R
We use nil instead of \varepsilon.

fun pos :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow sign \ list \ set \ where pos \ FF = \{[]\} \mid pos \ FT = \{[]\} \mid pos \ (FVar \ x) = \{[]\} \mid
```

```
pos (FAnd \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \mid
pos (FOr \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \}
pos (FEq \varphi \psi) = \{ [] \} \cup \{ L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi \} \cup \{ R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi \} \mid
pos (FImp \varphi \psi) = \{ [] \} \cup \{ L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi \} \cup \{ R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi \} \mid
pos (FNot \varphi) = \{ [] \} \cup \{ L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi \}
lemma finite-pos: finite (pos \varphi)
 by (induct \varphi, auto)
lemma finite-inj-comp-set:
 fixes s :: 'v set
 assumes finite: finite s
 and inj: inj f
 shows card (\{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in s\}) = card \mid s \mid
  using finite
proof (induct s rule: finite-induct)
  show card \{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in \{\}\} = card \{\}  by auto
  fix x :: 'v and s :: 'v set
 assume f: finite s and notin: x \notin s
 and IH: card \{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in s\} = card \mid s \mid
 have f': finite \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} using f by auto
  have notin': f x \notin \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\} using notin inj injD by fastforce
  have \{f \mid p \mid p. \ p \in insert \ x \ s\} = insert \ (f \ x) \ \{f \mid p \mid p. \ p \in s\} by auto
  then have card \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} = 1 + card \ \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\}
    using finite card-insert-disjoint f' notin' by auto
  moreover have \dots = card (insert \ x \ s) using notin \ f \ IH by auto
 finally show card \{f \mid p \mid p. \ p \in insert \ x \ s\} = card \ (insert \ x \ s).
lemma cons-inject:
  inj (op \# s)
  by (meson injI list.inject)
lemma finite-insert-nil-cons:
 finite s \Longrightarrow card (insert []\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s\}) = 1 + card\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s\}
  using card-insert-disjoint by auto
lemma cord-not[simp]:
  card (pos (FNot \varphi)) = 1 + card (pos \varphi)
by (simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
lemma card-seperate:
 assumes finite s1 and finite s2
 shows card (\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s1\}) \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in s2\}) = card (\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s1\})
           + card(\lbrace R \# p \mid p. p \in s2 \rbrace)  (is card(?L \cup ?R) = card?L + card?R)
proof -
 have finite ?L using assms by auto
 moreover have finite ?R using assms by auto
 moreover have ?L \cap ?R = \{\} by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis using assms card-Un-disjoint by blast
qed
definition prop-size where prop-size \varphi = card \ (pos \ \varphi)
```

```
lemma prop-size-vars-of-prop:
   fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
   shows card (vars-of-prop \varphi) \leq prop-size \varphi
    unfolding prop-size-def apply (induct \varphi, auto simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2 :: 'v \ propo
   assume IH1: card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1) \leq card (pos \varphi 1)
   and IH2: card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq card\ (pos\ \varphi 2)
   let ?L = \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi 1\}
   let ?R = \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi 2\}
   have card (?L \cup ?R) = card ?L + card ?R
       using card-seperate finite-pos by blast
    moreover have ... = card (pos \varphi 1) + card (pos \varphi 2)
       by (simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
    moreover have ... \geq card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1) + card (vars-of-prop \varphi 2) using IH1 IH2 by arith
    then have ... \geq card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop \varphi 2) using card-Un-le le-trans by blast
    ultimately
       show card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop \varphi 2) \leq Suc (card (?L \cup ?R))
                \mathit{card} \ (\mathit{vars-of-prop} \ \varphi 1 \ \cup \ \mathit{vars-of-prop} \ \varphi 2) \leq \mathit{Suc} \ (\mathit{card} \ (?L \ \cup \ ?R))
                card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1\ \cup\ vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L\ \cup\ ?R))
                card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1\ \cup\ vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L\ \cup\ ?R))
       \mathbf{by} auto
qed
value pos (FImp (FAnd (FVar P) (FVar Q)) (FOr (FVar P) (FVar Q)))
inductive path-to :: sign\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow bool\ where
path-to-refl[intro]: path-to [] \varphi \varphi
path-to-l: c \in binary-connectives \lor c = CNot \Longrightarrow wf-conn c (\varphi \# l) \Longrightarrow path-to p \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow path-to-like \varphi = vf-connectives \varphi = v
   path-to (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\varphi\#l))\ \varphi'
path-to (R\#p) (conn c (\psi\#\varphi\#[])) \varphi'
There is a deep link between subformulas and pathes: a (correct) path leads to a subformula
and a subformula is associated to a given path.
lemma path-to-subformula:
   path-to p \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \varphi' \preceq \varphi
   apply (induct rule: path-to.induct)
       apply simp
     apply (metis list.set-intros(1) subformula-into-subformula)
    using subformula-trans subformula-in-binary-conn(2) by metis
lemma subformula-path-exists:
   fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
   shows \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists p. path-to p \varphi \varphi'
proof (induct rule: subformula.induct)
   case subformula-refl
   have path-to [] \varphi' \varphi' by auto
   then show \exists p. path-to p \varphi' \varphi' by metis
next
   case (subformula-into-subformula \ \psi \ l \ c)
   note wf = this(2) and IH = this(4) and \psi = this(1)
   then obtain p where p: path-to p \psi \varphi' by metis
```

```
{
    \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
    assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
    then have False using subformula-into-subformula by auto
    then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
  moreover {
    assume c: c = CNot
    then have l = [\psi] using wf \psi wf-conn-Not-decomp by fastforce
    then have path-to (L \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' by (metis c wf-conn-unary p path-to-l)
  then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
  }
  moreover {
    assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
    obtain a b where ab: [a, b] = l using subformula-into-subformula c wf-conn-bin-list-length
      list-length2-decomp by metis
    then have a = \psi \lor b = \psi using \psi by auto
    then have path-to (L \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' \vee path-to (R \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' using c path-to-l
      path-to-r p ab by (metis wf-conn-binary)
    then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
  ultimately show \exists p. path-to p (conn \ c \ l) \ \varphi' using connective-cases-arity by metis
qed
fun replace-at :: sign\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo where
replace-at [ ] - \psi = \psi ]
replace-at (L \# l) (FAnd \varphi \varphi') \psi = FAnd (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'
replace-at (R \# l) (FAnd \varphi \varphi') \psi = FAnd \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi)
replace-at (L \# l) (FOr \varphi \varphi') \psi = FOr (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'
replace-at (R \# l) (FOr \varphi \varphi') \psi = FOr \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi)
replace-at (L \# l) (FEq \varphi \varphi') \psi = FEq (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'
replace-at (R \# l) (FEq \varphi \varphi') \psi = FEq \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi)
replace-at (L \# l) (FImp \varphi \varphi') \psi = FImp (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'
replace-at (R \# l) (FImp \varphi \varphi') \psi = FImp \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi)
replace-at (L \# l) (FNot \varphi) \psi = FNot (replace-at l \varphi \psi)
```

5 Semantics over the syntax

Given the syntax defined above, we define a semantics, by defining an evaluation function *eval*. This function is the bridge between the logic as we define it here and the built-in logic of Isabelle.

```
fun eval :: ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ (infix \models 50) \ where 
\mathcal{A} \models FT = True \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FF = False \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FVar \ v = (\mathcal{A} \ v) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FNot \ \varphi = (\neg(\mathcal{A} \models \varphi)) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FAnd \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \land \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FOr \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \lor \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FImp \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \to \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FEq \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2)

definition evalf \ (infix \models f \ 50) \ where
evalf \ \varphi \ \psi = (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longrightarrow A \models \psi)
```

The deduction rule is in the book. And the proof looks like to the one of the book.

```
lemma deduction-rule:
  (\varphi \models f \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall A. (A \models FImp \varphi \psi))
  assume H: \varphi \models f \psi
    \mathbf{fix}\ A
"Suppose that \varphi entails \psi (assumption \varphi \models f \psi) and let A be an arbitrary 'v-valuation. We
need to show A \models FImp \varphi \psi. "
    {
If A \varphi = (1::'b), then A \varphi = (1::'b), because \varphi entails \psi, and therefore A \models FImp \varphi \psi.
      assume A \models \varphi
      then have A \models \psi using H unfolding evalf-def by metis
      then have A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
    }
    moreover {
For otherwise, if A \varphi = (0::'b), then A \models FImp \varphi \psi holds by definition, independently of the
value of A \models \psi.
      assume \neg A \models \varphi
      then have A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
    }
In both cases A \models FImp \varphi \psi.
    ultimately have A \models FImp \varphi \psi by blast
  then show \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi by blast
\mathbf{next}
  show \forall A. A \models FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \models f \ \psi
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume \neg \varphi \models f \psi
      then obtain A where A \models \varphi \land \neg A \models \psi using evalf-def by metis
      then have \neg A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
      moreover assume \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi
      ultimately show False by blast
    qed
qed
A shorter proof:
lemma \varphi \models f \psi \longleftrightarrow (\forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi)
  by (simp add: evalf-def)
definition same-over-set:: ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v \ set \Rightarrow bool where
same-over-set\ A\ B\ S=(\forall\ c{\in}S.\ A\ c=B\ c)
If two mapping A and B have the same value over the variables, then the same formula are
satisfiable.
lemma same-over-set-eval:
  assumes same-over-set A B (vars-of-prop \varphi)
  shows A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow B \models \varphi
  using assms unfolding same-over-set-def by (induct \varphi, auto)
end
```

```
theory Prop-Abstract-Transformation
imports Main Prop-Logic Wellfounded-More
```

begin

This file is devoted to abstract properties of the transformations, like consistency preservation and lifting from terms to proposition.

6 Rewrite systems and properties

6.1 Lifting of rewrite rules

We can lift a rewrite relation r over a full formula: the relation r works on terms, while propo-rew-step works on formulas.

```
inductive propo-rew-step :: ('v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for r :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where global-rel: r \varphi \psi \Rightarrow propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \mid propo-rew-one-step-lift: propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \Rightarrow wf-conn c (\psi s @ \varphi \# \psi s') \Rightarrow propo-rew-step r (conn \ c (\psi s @ \varphi \# \psi s')) (conn \ c (\psi s @ \varphi' \# \psi s'))
```

Here is a more precise link between the lifting and the subformulas: if a rewriting takes place between φ and φ' , then there are two subformulas ψ in φ and ψ' in φ' , ψ' is the result of the rewriting of r on ψ .

This lemma is only a health condition:

```
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula-imp:

shows propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \psi \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi \wedge \psi' \preceq \varphi' \wedge r \psi \psi'

apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)

using subformula.simps subformula-into-subformula apply blast

using wf-conn-no-arity-change subformula-into-subformula wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper

in-set-conv-decomp by metis
```

The converse is moreover true: if there is a ψ and ψ' , then every formula φ containing ψ , can be rewritten into a formula φ' , such that it contains φ' .

```
{\bf lemma}\ propo-rew-step-subformula-rec:
  fixes \psi \ \psi' \ \varphi :: \ 'v \ propo
  shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow r \psi \psi' \Longrightarrow (\exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi')
proof (induct \varphi rule: subformula.induct)
  case subformula-refl
  hence propo-rew-step r \psi \psi' using propo-rew-step.intros by auto
 moreover have \psi' \prec \psi' using Prop-Logic.subformula-refl by auto
  ultimately show \exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \psi \ \varphi' by fastforce
next
  case (subformula-into-subformula \psi'' l c)
  note IH = this(4) and r = this(5) and \psi'' = this(1) and wf = this(2) and incl = this(3)
  then obtain \varphi' where *: \psi' \leq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \psi'' \ \varphi' by metis
  moreover obtain \xi \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ where
    l: l = \xi @ \psi'' \# \xi'  using List.split-list \psi''  by metis
  ultimately have propo-rew-step r (conn c l) (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using propo-rew-step.intros(2) wf by metis
  moreover have \psi' \leq conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    using \ wf * wf-conn-no-arity-change \ Prop-Logic.subformula-into-subformula
    by (metis (no-types) in-set-conv-decomp l wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
```

```
ultimately show \exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ (conn \ c \ l) \ \varphi' by metis
qed
{f lemma}\ propo-rew-step-subformula:
  (\exists \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi') \longleftrightarrow (\exists \varphi'. \ propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi')
  using propo-rew-step-subformula-imp propo-rew-step-subformula-rec by metis+
{f lemma}\ consistency-decompose-into-list:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c l and wf': wf-conn c l'
  and same: \forall n. (A \models l! n \longleftrightarrow (A \models l'! n))
  shows (A \models conn \ c \ l) = (A \models conn \ c \ l')
proof (cases c rule: connective-cases-arity-2)
  case nullary
  thus (A \models conn \ c \ l) \longleftrightarrow (A \models conn \ c \ l') using wf \ wf' by auto
  case unary note c = this
  then obtain a where l: l = [a] using wf-conn-Not-decomp wf by metis
  obtain a' where l': l' = [a'] using wf-conn-Not-decomp wf' c by metis
  have A \models a \longleftrightarrow A \models a' using l \ l' by (metis nth-Cons-0 same)
  thus A \models conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ l' \ using \ l \ l' \ c \ by \ auto
next
  case binary note c = this
  then obtain a b where l: l = [a, b]
    \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{wf-conn-bin-list-length}\ \mathit{list-length2-decomp}\ \mathit{wf}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{metis}
  obtain a' b' where l': l' = [a', b']
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp wf' c by metis
  have p: A \models a \longleftrightarrow A \models a' A \models b \longleftrightarrow A \models b'
    using l \ l' same by (metis diff-Suc-1 nth-Cons' nat.distinct(2))+
  show A \models conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ l'
    using wf c p unfolding binary-connectives-def l l' by auto
qed
Relation between propo-rew-step and the rewriting we have seen before: propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi'
means that we rewrite \psi inside \varphi (ie at a path p) into \psi'.
lemma propo-rew-step-rewrite:
  fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \ propo \ and \ r :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool
  assumes propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi'
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ \varphi \ \psi \land replace-at \ p \ \varphi \ \psi' = \varphi'
  using assms
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  \mathbf{case}(\mathit{global}\text{-}\mathit{rel}\ \varphi\ \psi)
  moreover have path-to [] \varphi \varphi by auto
  moreover have replace-at [ \varphi \psi = \psi \text{ by } auto ]
  ultimately show ?case by metis
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi') note rel = this(1) and IH0 = this(2) and corr = this(3)
  obtain \psi \psi' p where IH: r \psi \psi' \wedge path-to p \varphi \psi \wedge replace-at p \varphi \psi' = \varphi' using IH0 by metis
  {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
     hence False using corr by auto
     hence \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \ \psi
                        \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
```

```
by fast
  }
  moreover {
     assume c: c = CNot
     hence empty: \xi = [\xi' = [using corr by auto
     have path-to (L\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
       using c empty IH wf-conn-unary path-to-l by fastforce
     moreover have replace-at (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi\ \#\ \xi')))\ \psi' = conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi'\ \#\ \xi'))
       using c empty IH by auto
     ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \ \# \ \xi'))) \ \psi
                                \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c \ (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
     using IH by metis
  }
  moreover {
     assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
     have length (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = 2 using wf-conn-bin-list-length corr c by metis
     hence length \xi + length \xi' = 1 by auto
     hence ld: (length \xi = 1 \land length \ \xi' = 0) \lor (length \xi = 0 \land length \ \xi' = 1) by arith
     obtain a b where ab: (\xi=[] \land \xi'=[b]) \lor (\xi=[a] \land \xi'=[])
       using ld by (case-tac \xi, case-tac \xi', auto)
     {
        assume \varphi: \xi = [] \land \xi' = [b]
        have path-to (L \# p) (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
          using \varphi c IH ab corr by (simp add: path-to-l)
        moreover have replace-at (L \# p) (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
          using c IH ab \varphi unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
        ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \ \psi
          \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c \ (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
          using IH by metis
     }
     moreover {
        assume \varphi: \xi = [a] \quad \xi' = []
        hence path-to (R \# p) (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
          using c IH corr path-to-r corr \varphi by (simp add: path-to-r)
        moreover have replace-at (R \# p) (conn\ c\ (\xi @\ (\varphi \# \xi')))\ \psi' = conn\ c\ (\xi @\ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
          using c IH ab \varphi unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
        ultimately have ?case using IH by metis
     ultimately have ?case using ab by blast
 ultimately show ?case using connective-cases-arity by blast
qed
6.2
         Consistency preservation
We define preserves-un-sat: it means that a relation preserves consistency.
definition preserves-un-sat where
\textit{preserves-un-sat} \ r \longleftrightarrow (\forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi))
{f lemma}\ propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit:
\textit{propo-rew-step } r \not \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow \textit{preserves-un-sat} \ r \Longrightarrow \textit{propo-rew-step } r \ \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow (\forall \ A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi)
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def
proof (induction rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case global-rel
```

```
thus ?case by simp
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi') note rel = this(1) and wf = this(2)
   and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)\ this(1)] and consistent = this(4)
   \mathbf{fix} A
   from IH have \forall n. (A \models (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') ! n) = (A \models (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') ! n)
     by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) list-update-length nth-Cons-0 nth-append-length-plus
       nth-list-update-neq)
   hence (A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) = (A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     by (meson consistency-decompose-into-list wf wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper
       wf-conn-no-arity-change)
 thus \forall A. A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') by auto
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-preservers-val':
  assumes preserves-un-sat r
 shows preserves-un-sat (propo-rew-step r)
  using assms by (simp add: preserves-un-sat-def propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit)
lemma preserves-un-sat-OO[intro]:
preserves-un-sat f \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat g \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat (f \ OO \ g)
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by auto
{f lemma}\ star-consistency-preservation-explicit:
  assumes (propo-rew-step \ r)^* * \varphi \psi and preserves-un-sat \ r
 shows \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto simp add: propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit)
{\bf lemma}\ star-consistency-preservation:
preserves-un-sat \ r \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat \ (propo-rew-step \ r)^**
  by (simp add: star-consistency-preservation-explicit preserves-un-sat-def)
```

6.3 Full Lifting

In the previous a relation was lifted to a formula, now we define the relation such it is applied as long as possible. The definition is thus simply: it can be derived and nothing more can be derived.

```
lemma full-ropo-rew-step-preservers-val[simp]:

preserves-un-sat r \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step r))

by (metis full-def preserves-un-sat-def star-consistency-preservation)

lemma full-propo-rew-step-subformula:

full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi' \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg (\exists \ \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi')

unfolding full-def using propo-rew-step-subformula-rec by metis
```

7 Transformation testing

7.1 Definition and first properties

To prove correctness of our transformation, we create a *all-subformula-st* predicate. It tests recursively all subformulas. At each step, the actual formula is tested. The aim of this *test-symb* function is to test locally some properties of the formulas (i.e. at the level of the connective or at first level). This allows a clause description between the rewrite relation and the *test-symb*

```
definition all-subformula-st :: ('a propo \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where
all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \equiv \forall \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow test-symb \ \psi
lemma test-symb-imp-all-subformula-st[simp]:
  test-symb FT \implies all-subformula-st test-symb FT
  test-symb FF \implies all-subformula-st test-symb FF
  test-symb (FVar \ x) \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (FVar \ x)
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def using subformula-leaf by metis+
\mathbf{lemma}\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}test\text{-}symb\text{-}true\text{-}phi:
  all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow test-symb \varphi
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-imp:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow (test-symb (conn \ c \ l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ all-subformula-st test-symb (\varphi)
  \implies all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l)
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
To ease the finding of proofs, we give some explicit theorem about the decomposition.
{\bf lemma}\ all-subformula-st-decomp\text{-}rec:
  all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l) \Longrightarrow wf-conn c l
    \implies (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set\ l.\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \varphi))
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{all-subformula-st-decomp} :
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ l :: 'v \ propo \ list
  assumes wf-conn c l
 shows all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn c l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set l. all-subformula-st test-symb <math>\varphi))
  using assms all-subformula-st-decomp-rec all-subformula-st-decomp-imp by metis
lemma helper-fact: c \in binary-connectives \longleftrightarrow (c = COr \lor c = CAnd \lor c = CEq \lor c = CImp)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi)
      \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \wedge all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \wedge all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (FNot\ \varphi) \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \varphi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi)
```

 $\longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \varphi \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \psi)$

```
proof -
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi])
  moreover have ... \longleftrightarrow test-symb (conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi])\land(\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (5) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (\textit{test-symb}\ (\textit{FAnd}\ \varphi\ \psi)\ \land\ \textit{all-subformula-st}\ \textit{test-symb}\ \varphi\ \land\ \textit{all-subformula-st}\ \textit{test-symb}\ \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn COr [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  \mathbf{moreover}\ \mathbf{have}\ \ldots \longleftrightarrow
    (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ COr\ [\varphi,\psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set\ [\varphi,\psi].\ all\text{-}subformula-st\ test\text{-}symb\ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (6) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CEq [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ...
    \longleftrightarrow (\textit{test-symb} \; (\textit{conn} \; \textit{CEq} \; [\varphi, \, \psi]) \; \land \; (\forall \, \xi \in \textit{set} \; [\varphi, \, \psi]. \; \textit{all-subformula-st} \; \textit{test-symb} \; \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (8) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CImp [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ...
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn CImp [\varphi, \psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (7) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CNot [\varphi])
  moreover have ... = (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ CNot\ [\varphi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set\ [\varphi].\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(1) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi)
        \rightarrow (test\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi) \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \varphi) \ \mathbf{by} \ simp
qed
As all-subformula-st tests recursively, the function is true on every subformula.
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{subformula-all-subformula-st}\colon
  \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \varphi \Longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi
  by (induct rule: subformula.induct, auto simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp)
```

The following theorem no-test-symb-step-exists shows the link between the test-symb function and the corresponding rewrite relation r: if we assume that if every time test-symb is true, then a r can be applied, finally as long as \neg all-subformula-st test-symb φ , then something can be rewritten in φ .

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}test\text{-}symb\text{-}step\text{-}exists$:

```
fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. test-symb FF \land test-symb FT \land test-symb (FVar x)
  and \forall \varphi'. \varphi' \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow (\neg test\text{-symb } \varphi') \longrightarrow (\exists \psi. r \varphi' \psi) and
  \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows (\exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi')
  using assms
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  thus \exists \psi \ \psi'. \psi \leq \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
    using wf-conn-nullary test-symb-false-nullary by fastforce
next
   case (unary \varphi) note IH = this(1)[OF\ this(2)] and r = this(2) and nst = this(3) and subf =
this(4)
  from r IH nst have H: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. \ \psi \prec \varphi \land (\exists \psi'. \ r \ \psi \ \psi')
    by (metis subformula-in-subformula-not subformula-refl subformula-trans)
  {
    assume n: \neg test\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi)
    obtain \psi where r (FNot \varphi) \psi using subformula-refl r n nst by blast
    moreover have FNot \varphi \leq FNot \varphi using subformula-refl by auto
    ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi' by metis
  moreover {
    assume n: test-symb (FNot \varphi)
    hence \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
      using all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) nst subf by blast
    hence \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
      using H subformula-in-subformula-not subformula-refl subformula-trans by blast
  ultimately show \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \prec FNot \ \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi' by blast
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1-0 = this(1)[OF\ this(4)] and IH\varphi 2-0 = this(2)[OF\ this(4)] and r = this(4)
    and \varphi = this(3) and le = this(5) and nst = this(6)
  obtain c :: 'v \ connective \ \mathbf{where}
    c: (c = CAnd \lor c = COr \lor c = CImp \lor c = CEq) \land conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] = \varphi
    using \varphi by fastforce
  hence corr: wf-conn c [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] using wf-conn.simps unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
  have inc: \varphi 1 \preceq \varphi \varphi 2 \preceq \varphi using binary-connectives-def c subformula-in-binary-conn by blast+
  from rIH\varphi 1-0 have IH\varphi 1: \neg all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \varphi 1 \Longrightarrow \exists \psi \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi 1 \land r \psi \psi'
    using inc(1) subformula-trans le by blast
  from rIH\varphi 2-0 have IH\varphi 2: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 2 \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi 2 \land (\exists \psi'. \ r \ \psi \ \psi')
    using inc(2) subformula-trans le by blast
  have cases: \neg test-symb \varphi \lor \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 1 \lor \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 2
    using c nst by auto
  show \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \prec \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi'
    using IH\varphi 1 IH\varphi 2 subformula-trans inc subformula-refl cases le by blast
qed
```

7.2 Invariant conservation

If two rewrite relation are independent (or at least independent enough), then the property characterizing the first relation *all-subformula-st test-symb* remains true. The next show the

same property, with changes in the assumptions.

The assumption $\forall \varphi' \psi$. $\varphi' \leq \Phi \longrightarrow r \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all$ -subformula-st test-symb $\varphi' \longrightarrow all$ -subformula-st test-symb ψ means that rewriting with r does not mess up the property we want to preserve locally.

The previous assumption is not enough to go from r to propo-rew-step r: we have to add the assumption that rewriting inside does not mess up the term: $\forall c \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \ \preceq \ \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew$ -step $r \ \varphi \ \varphi' \longrightarrow wf$ -conn $c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test$ -symb $(conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi' \ \# \ \xi'))$

7.2.1 Invariant while lifting of the rewriting relation

The condition $\varphi \leq \Phi$ (that will by used with $\Phi = \varphi$ most of the time) is here to ensure that the recursive conditions on Φ will moreover hold for the subterm we are rewriting. For example if there is no equivalence symbol in Φ , we do not have to care about equivalence symbols in the two previous assumptions.

```
lemma propo-rew-step-inv-stay':
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and} \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and} \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi \Phi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes H: \forall \varphi' \psi. \varphi' \preceq \Phi \longrightarrow r \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \varphi'
    \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  and H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \preceq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi'
    \longrightarrow wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test-symb \varphi'
    \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \text{ and }
    propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi and
    \varphi \leq \Phi and
    all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using assms(3-5)
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case global-rel
  thus ?case using H by simp
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
  note rel = this(1) and \varphi = this(2) and corr = this(3) and \Phi = this(4) and nst = this(5)
  have sq: \varphi \prec \Phi
    using \Phi corr subformula-into-subformula subformula-refl subformula-trans
    \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{in\text{-}set\text{-}conv\text{-}decomp})
  from corr have \forall \psi. \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi
    using all-subformula-st-decomp nst by blast
  hence *: \forall \psi. \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi \text{ using } \varphi \text{ sq by } fastforce
  hence test-symb \varphi' using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi by auto
  moreover from corr nst have test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp by blast
  ultimately have test-symb: test-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using H' sq corr rel by blast
  have wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper corr wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using * test-symb by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp)
qed
```

The need for $\varphi \leq \Phi$ is not always necessary, hence we moreover have a version without inclusion.

```
lemma propo-rew-step-inv-stay:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi' \psi. \ r \ \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi' \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi'))
       \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }\varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }(conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi'\ \#\ \xi')) and
    \textit{propo-rew-step}\ r\ \varphi\ \psi and
    all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of \varphi r test-symb \varphi \psi] assms subformula-reft by metis
The lemmas can be lifted to full (propo-rew-step r) instead of propo-rew-step
            Invariant after all rewriting
```

7.2.2

```
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc:
  fixes r:: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and test-symb:: 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \psi. propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi
       \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \leq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi'
       \longrightarrow wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test-symb \varphi'
      \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \text{ and }
      \varphi \leq \Phi and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using assms unfolding full-def
proof -
  have rel: (propo-rew-step \ r)^{**} \ \varphi \ \psi
    using full unfolding full-def by auto
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using init
    proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
      case base
      then show all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi by blast
    next
      case (step b c) note star = this(1) and IH = this(3) and one = this(2) and all = this(4)
      then have all-subformula-st test-symb b by metis
      then show all-subformula-st test-symb c using propo-rew-step-inv-stay' H H' rel one by auto
    qed
qed
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay':
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \psi. propo-rew-step \ r \varphi \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi
       \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi' \longrightarrow wf-conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \ \# \ \xi')
       \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ \varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \ \text{and}
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
```

using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc[of r test-symb φ] assms subformula-refl by metis

```
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi'))
       \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }\varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }(conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi'\ \#\ \xi')) and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  unfolding full-def
proof -
  have rel: (propo-rew-step \ r)^* * \varphi \psi
    using full unfolding full-def by auto
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using init
    proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
      {f case}\ base
      thus all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi by blast
      case (step \ b \ c)
      note star = this(1) and IH = this(3) and one = this(2) and all = this(4)
      hence all-subformula-st test-symb b by metis
      thus all-subformula-st test-symb c
        using propo-rew-step-inv-stay subformula-refl H H' rel one by auto
    qed
qed
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi \ \mathbf{and}
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ l \ l'. \ wf-conn \ c \ l \longrightarrow wf-conn \ c \ l'
       \longrightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l) \longleftrightarrow test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l')) and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
proof -
  have \bigwedge(c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf\text{-}conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \ \# \ \xi')
    \implies test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \implies test-symb (\varphi' \implies test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using H' by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    \mathbf{using}\ H\ full\ init\ full\ propo\ rew\ step\ inv\ stay\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
qed
theory Prop-Normalisation
imports Main Prop-Logic Prop-Abstract-Transformation
begin
```

Given the previous definition about abstract rewriting and theorem about them, we now have the detailed rule making the transformation into CNF/DNF.

8 Rewrite Rules

The idea of Christoph Weidenbach's book is to remove gradually the operators: first equivalencies, then implication, after that the unused true/false and finally the reorganizing the or/and. We will prove each transformation separately.

8.1 Elimination of the equivalences

```
The first transformation consists in removing every equivalence symbol.
```

```
inductive elim-equiv :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool where elim-equiv [simp]: elim-equiv \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) \ (FAnd \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \ (FImp \ \psi \ \varphi))

lemma elim-equiv-transformation-consistent: A \models FEq \ \varphi \ \psi \longleftrightarrow A \models FAnd \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \ (FImp \ \psi \ \varphi)
by auto

lemma elim-equiv-explicit: elim-equiv \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
by (induct \ rule: \ elim-equiv.induct, auto)

lemma elim-equiv-consistent: preserves-un-sat elim-equiv unfolding \ preserves-un-sat-def by (simp \ add: \ elim-equiv-explicit)

lemma elimEquv-lifted-consistant: preserves-un-sat (full \ (propo-rew-step elim-equiv))
by (simp \ add: \ elim-equiv-consistent)

This function ensures that there is no equivalencies left in the formula tested by no-equiv-symb. fun no-equiv-symb :: v propo \Rightarrow bool where
```

```
fun no-equiv-symb :: 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where no-equiv-symb (FEq - -) = False \mid no-equiv-symb - = True
```

Given the definition of *no-equiv-symb*, it does not depend on the formula, but only on the connective used.

```
lemma no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization[simp]:

fixes c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ l :: 'v \ propo \ list

assumes wf :: wf-conn \ c \ l

shows no-equiv-symb (conn c \ l) \longleftrightarrow c \neq CEq

by (metis connective.distinct(13,25,35,43) wf no-equiv-symb.elims(3) no-equiv-symb.simps(1)

wf-conn.cases \ wf-conn-list(6))
```

definition no-equiv where no-equiv = all-subformula-st no-equiv-symb

```
lemma no-equiv-eq[simp]:
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
shows
\neg no-equiv \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi)
no-equiv FT
no-equiv FF
using no-equiv-symb.simps(1) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding no-equiv-def by auto
```

The following lemma helps to reconstruct *no-equiv* expressions: this representation is easier to use than the set definition.

lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-no-equiv[iff]:

```
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo

shows

no\text{-}equiv \ (FNot \ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \ \varphi

no\text{-}equiv \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}equiv \ \varphi \land no\text{-}equiv \ \psi)

no\text{-}equiv \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}equiv \ \varphi \land no\text{-}equiv \ \psi)

no\text{-}equiv \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}equiv \ \varphi \land no\text{-}equiv \ \psi)

by (auto \ simp: no\text{-}equiv\text{-}def)
```

A theorem to show the link between the rewrite relation *elim-equiv* and the function *no-equiv-symb*. This theorem is one of the assumption we need to characterize the transformation.

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{no-equiv-elim-equiv-step} :
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv: \neg no-equiv \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elim\text{-}equiv \ \psi \ \psi'
proof
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x::'v. \ no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb \ FF \land no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb \ FT \land no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb \ (FVar \ x)
    unfolding no-equiv-def by auto
  moreover {
    fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
      assume a1: elim-equiv (conn c l) \psi
      have \bigwedge p pa. \neg elim-equiv (p::'v \ propo) pa \lor \neg no-equiv-symb p
        using elim-equiv.cases no-equiv-symb.simps(1) by blast
      then have elim-equiv (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no-equiv-symb (conn c l) using a1 by metis
  }
  moreover have H': \forall \psi. \neg elim-equiv FT \psi \forall \psi. \neg elim-equiv FF \psi \forall \psi x. \neg elim-equiv (FVar x) \psi
    using elim-equiv.cases by auto
  moreover have \bigwedge \varphi. \neg no-equiv-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim-equiv \varphi \psi
    by (case-tac \varphi, auto simp: elim-equiv.simps)
  then have \bigwedge \varphi'. \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb \ \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim\text{-}equiv \ \varphi' \ \psi by force
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists no-equiv test-symb-false-nullary unfolding no-equiv-def by blast
qed
```

Given all the previous theorem and the characterization, once we have rewritten everything, there is no equivalence symbol any more.

```
lemma no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv:

full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \psi

using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-equiv-elim-equiv-step by blast
```

8.2 Eliminate Implication

After that, we can eliminate the implication symbols.

```
inductive elim-imp :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where [simp]: elim-imp (FImp \varphi \psi) (FOr (FNot \varphi) \psi)
```

```
lemma elim-imp-transformation-consistent: A \models FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \longleftrightarrow A \models FOr \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ \psi by auto
```

```
lemma elim-imp-explicit: elim-imp \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi by (induct \varphi \ \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
```

lemma elim-imp-consistent: preserves-un-sat elim-imp

```
unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: elim-imp-explicit)
lemma elim-imp-lifted-consistant:
  preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp))
 by (simp add: elim-imp-consistent)
fun no-imp-symb where
no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \ (FImp - -) = False \ |
no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb - = True
{f lemma} no-imp-symb-conn-characterization:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow no-imp-symb (conn \ c \ l) \longleftrightarrow c \ne CImp
 by (induction rule: wf-conn-induct) auto
definition no-imp where no-imp \equiv all-subformula-st no-imp-symb
declare no\text{-}imp\text{-}def[simp]
lemma no\text{-}imp\text{-}Imp[simp]:
  \neg no\text{-}imp \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi)
  no\text{-}imp\ FT
  no-imp FF
 unfolding no-imp-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-imp[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows
    no\text{-}imp\ (FNot\ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}imp\ \varphi
    no\text{-}imp\ (FAnd\ \varphi\ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}imp\ \varphi \land no\text{-}imp\ \psi)
    no\text{-}imp\ (FOr\ \varphi\ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}imp\ \varphi \land no\text{-}imp\ \psi)
  by auto
Invariant of the elim-imp transformation
lemma elim-imp-no-equiv:
  elim-imp \ \varphi \ \psi \implies no-equiv \ \varphi \implies no-equiv \ \psi
 by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
lemma elim-imp-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi and no-equiv \varphi
  shows no-equiv \psi
 using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elim-imp no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi] assms elim-imp-no-equiv
    no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
lemma no-no-imp-elim-imp-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes no-equiv: \neg no-imp \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land elim-imp \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
 have test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. \ no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ FF \land no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ FT \land no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ (FVar\ (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
     fix c:: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ l:: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \psi:: 'v \ propo
     have H: elim-imp (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no-imp-symb (conn c l)
       by (auto elim: elim-imp.cases)
```

}

```
moreover
have H': \forall \psi. \neg elim\text{-}imp \ FT \ \psi \ \forall \psi. \neg elim\text{-}imp \ FF \ \psi \ \forall \psi \ x. \neg elim\text{-}imp \ (FVar \ x) \ \psi
by (auto elim: elim-imp.cases)+
moreover
have \bigwedge \varphi. \neg no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \ \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. \ elim\text{-}imp \ \varphi \ \psi
by (case-tac \varphi) (force simp: elim-imp.simps)+
then have (\bigwedge \varphi'. \ \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \ \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi. \ elim\text{-}imp \ \varphi' \ \psi) by force
ultimately show ?thesis
using no-test-symb-step-exists no-equiv test-symb-false-nullary unfolding no-imp-def by blast
qed
```

lemma no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp: full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) $\varphi \psi \Longrightarrow$ no-imp ψ using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-no-imp-elim-imp-step-exists by blast

8.3 Eliminate all the True and False in the formula

Contrary to the book, we have to give the transformation and the "commutative" transformation. The latter is implicit in the book.

```
inductive elimTB where
Elim TB1: elim TB \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ FT) \ \varphi
Elim TB1': elim TB (FAnd FT \varphi) \varphi
Elim TB2: elim TB (FAnd \varphi FF) FF
Elim TB2': elim TB (FAnd FF \varphi) FF |
ElimTB3: elimTB (FOr \varphi FT) FT |
ElimTB3': elimTB (FOr FT \varphi) FT |
Elim TB4: elim TB (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi
Elim TB4 ': elim TB (FOr FF \varphi) \varphi |
ElimTB5: elimTB (FNot FT) FF |
ElimTB6: elimTB (FNot FF) FT
lemma elimTB-consistent: preserves-un-sat elimTB
proof -
    fix \varphi \psi:: 'b propo
    have elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi by (induction rule: elimTB.inducts) auto
 then show ?thesis using preserves-un-sat-def by auto
inductive no-T-F-symb :: 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where
no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}comp: c \neq CF \implies c \neq CT \implies wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \implies (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF)
  \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (conn \ c \ l)
lemma wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff[simp]:
  wf-conn c \psi s \Longrightarrow
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ \psi s)\longleftrightarrow (c\neq CF\ \land\ c\neq CT\ \land\ (\forall\ \psi\in set\ \psi s.\ \psi\neq FF\ \land\ \psi\neq FT))
  unfolding no-T-F-symb.simps apply (cases c)
          using wf-conn-list(1) apply fastforce
         using wf-conn-list(2) apply fastforce
```

```
using wf-conn-list(3) apply fastforce
      apply (metis (no-types, hide-lams) conn-inj connective.distinct(5,17))
     using conn-inj apply blast+
  done
lemma wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff-explicit[simp]:
  no-T-F-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  no-T-F-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  no-T-F-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ \chi \in set \ [\varphi, \ \psi]. \ \chi \neq FF \ \land \ \chi \neq FT)
    apply (metis\ conn.simps(36)\ conn.simps(37)\ conn.simps(5)\ propo.distinct(19)
       wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
   apply (metis\ conn.simps(36)\ conn.simps(37)\ conn.simps(6)\ propo.distinct(22)
      wf-conn-helper-facts(6) wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
  using wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff apply fastforce
  by (metis\ conn.simps(36)\ conn.simps(37)\ conn.simps(7)\ propo.distinct(23)\ wf-conn-helper-facts(7)
    wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
lemma no-T-F-symb-false[simp]:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FT :: 'v \ propo)
   \neg no-T-F-symb (FF :: 'v propo)
   by (metis\ (no-types)\ conn.simps(1,2)\ wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff\ wf-conn-nullary)+
lemma no-T-F-symb-bool[simp]:
  fixes x :: 'v
 shows no-T-F-symb (FVar x)
  using no-T-F-symb-comp wf-conn-nullary by (metis connective distinct (3, 15) conn. simps (3)
   empty-iff list.set(1))
lemma no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp:
  \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi) \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume n: \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb (FNot \varphi)
  assume \neg (\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF)
  then have \forall \varphi' \in set \ [\varphi]. \ \varphi' \neq FT \land \varphi' \neq FF \ by \ auto
  moreover have wf-conn CNot [\varphi] by simp
  ultimately have no-T-F-symb (FNot \varphi)
   using no-T-F-symb.intros by (metis conn.simps(4) connective.distinct(5,17))
  then show False using n by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-symb-fnot[simp]:
  \textit{no-T-F-symb} \ (\textit{FNot} \ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow \neg (\varphi = \textit{FT} \ \lor \ \varphi = \textit{FF})
  using no-T-F-symb.simps no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp by (metis conn-inj-not(2) list.set-intros(1))
Actually it is not possible to remover every FT and FF: if the formula is equal to true or false,
we can not remove it.
inductive no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel where
no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true[simp]: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FT
no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false [simp]: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FF
noTrue-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel[simp]: no-T-F-symb \varphi \implies no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}bool:}
  fixes x :: 'v
  shows no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar x)
  by simp
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}not\text{-}decom\text{:}}
  \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FNot }\varphi)
  by simp
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi \neq FT and \varphi \neq FF and \psi \neq FT and \psi \neq FF
  and c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
  shows no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c [\varphi, \psi])
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) assms c conn.simps(4) list.discI noTrue-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel
    wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff no-T-F-symb-fnot set-ConsD wf-conn-binary wf-conn-helper-facts(1)
    wf-conn-list-decomp(1,2))
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}if\text{-}is\text{-}a\text{-}true\text{-}false\text{:}}
  fixes l :: 'v propo list and <math>c :: 'v connective
  assumes corr: wf-conn c l
  and FT \in set \ l \lor FF \in set \ l
  shows \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (conn c l)
  by (metis assms empty-iff no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.simps wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff set-empty
    wf-conn-list(1,2))
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-example[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \lor \psi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor \psi = FF
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FImp \varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FEq <math>\varphi \psi)
  using assms no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false unfolding binary-connectives-def
    by (metis\ (no-types)\ conn.simps(5-8)\ insert-iff\ list.simps(14-15)\ wf-conn-helper-facts(5-8))+
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-not[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FNot <math>\varphi)
  by (simp add: assms no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.simps)
This is the local extension of no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.
definition no-T-F-except-top-level where
no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \equiv all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel
This is another property we will use. While this version might seem to be the one we want to
prove, it is not since FT can not be reduced.
definition no\text{-}T\text{-}F where
```

 $no\text{-}T\text{-}F \equiv all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb$

```
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-false:
   fixes l :: 'v propo list and c :: 'v connective
   assumes wf-conn c l
   and FT \in set \ l \lor FF \in set \ l
   shows \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (conn c l)
   by (simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp assms no-T-F-except-top-level-def
       no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false)
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-false-example[simp]:
   fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
   assumes \varphi = FT \lor \psi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor \psi = FF
   shows
        \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)
       \neg no-T-F-except-top-level (FOr \varphi \psi)
       \neg no-T-F-except-top-level (FEq \varphi \psi)
       \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FImp <math>\varphi \psi)
    by (metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi assms no-T-F-except-top-level-def
       no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-example)+
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb:
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel } \varphi \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \varphi
   by (induct rule: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.induct, auto)
The two following lemmas give the precise link between the two definitions.
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{:}
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\ \varphi \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\ \varphi
    unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def no-T-F-def apply (induct \varphi)
    using no-T-F-symb-fnot by fastforce+
lemma no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level:
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \varphi
   unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def no-T-F-def
   unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma\ no-T-F-except-top-level\ FF\ no-T-F-except-top-level\ FT
    unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by auto
lemma no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level'[simp]:
   no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\ \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT \lor no\text{-}T\text{-}F\ \varphi)
   \textbf{using} \ \textit{no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb} \ \textit{no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb} \ \textit{no-T-F-no-T-F-symb} \ \textit{no-T-
   by auto
lemma no-T-F-bin-decomp[simp]:
   assumes c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   shows no-T-F (conn\ c\ [\varphi,\psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F\ \varphi \land no-T-F\ \psi)
proof -
   have \textit{wf}: \textit{wf-conn}\ c\ [\varphi,\,\psi]\ \mathbf{using}\ c\ \mathbf{by}\ \textit{auto}
   then have no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F-symb (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \land no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
       by (simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp no-T-F-def)
    then show no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
       \mathbf{using}\ c\ wf\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}decomp\ list.discI\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}def\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}bin\text{-}decomp\ list.}
           no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb\ no-T-F-symb-false (1,2)\ wf-conn-helper-facts (2,3)
           wf-conn-list(1,2) by metis
qed
```

```
lemma no-T-F-bin-decomp-expanded[simp]:
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \lor c = CEq \lor c = CImp
 shows no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
  using no-T-F-bin-decomp assms unfolding binary-connectives-def by blast
lemma no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow \ (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
  using assms conn.simps(5-8) no-T-F-bin-decomp-expanded by (metis (no-types))+
lemma no-T-F-comp-not[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows no-T-F (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no-T-F \varphi
  by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def
    no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp)
lemma no-T-F-decomp:
  fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi: no-T-F (FAnd \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FOr \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FEq \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FImp \varphi \psi)
 shows no-T-F \psi and no-T-F \varphi
  using assms by auto
lemma no-T-F-decomp-not:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes \varphi: no-T-F (FNot \varphi)
 shows no-T-F \varphi
 using assms by auto
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
  shows \psi \prec \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel } \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. elimTB \ \psi \ \psi'
proof (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi'(x))
  then have False using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false by auto
  then show ?case by blast
next
  case (unary \psi)
  then have \psi = FF \lor \psi = FT using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom by blast
  then show ?case using ElimTB5 ElimTB6 by blast
  case (binary \varphi' \psi 1 \psi 2)
  note IH1 = this(1) and IH2 = this(2) and \varphi' = this(3) and F\varphi = this(4) and n = this(5)
    assume \varphi' = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
    then have False using n F\varphi subformula-all-subformula-st assms
      by (metis\ (no-types)\ no-equiv-eq(1)\ no-equiv-def\ no-imp-Imp(1)\ no-imp-def)
    then have ?case by blast
  moreover {
```

```
assume \varphi': \varphi' = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
    then have \psi 1 = FT \vee \psi 2 = FT \vee \psi 1 = FF \vee \psi 2 = FF
     using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom conn.simps(5,6) n unfolding binary-connectives-def
      by fastforce+
    then have ?case using elimTB.intros \varphi' by blast
  ultimately show ?case using \varphi' by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-rew:
 fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes noTB: \neg no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi and no-imp: no-imp
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elimTB \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary: <math>\forall x. no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FF:: 'v propo)
    \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FT \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar (x::'v)) by auto
 moreover {
     fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
     have H: elimTB (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel} (conn c l)
       by (cases (conn c l) rule: elimTB.cases, auto)
  moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: 'v
    have H': no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level FT no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level FF}
       no-T-F-except-top-level (FVar x)
       by (auto simp: no-T-F-except-top-level-def test-symb-false-nullary)
  }
 moreover {
     fix \psi
     have \psi \prec \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel }\psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. elimTB \psi \psi'
       using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists no-equiv no-imp by auto
  }
 ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists noTB unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by blast
qed
lemma elimTB-inv:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elimTB) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi
proof -
  {
     \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
     have H: elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \psi
       by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elimTB.induct, auto)
  then show no-equiv \psi
    using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elimTB no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi]
      no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization assms unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
next
     fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
     have H: elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \psi
       by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim TB.induct, auto)
```

```
}
  then show no-imp \psi
    using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elimTB no-imp-symb \varphi \psi] assms
      no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def by metis
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ elimTB-full-propo-rew-step:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and full (propo-rew-step elimTB) \varphi \psi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-T-F-except-top-level-rew assms elimTB-inv by fastforce
8.4
        PushNeg
Push the negation inside the formula, until the litteral.
inductive pushNeg where
PushNeg1[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi)) (FOr (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
PushNeg2[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FOr \varphi \psi)) (FAnd (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
PushNeg3[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FNot \varphi)) \varphi
lemma pushNeg-transformation-consistent:
A \models FNot \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow A \models (FOr \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ (FNot \ \psi))
A \models \mathit{FNot} \; (\mathit{FOr} \; \varphi \; \psi) \; \longleftrightarrow A \models (\mathit{FAnd} \; (\mathit{FNot} \; \varphi) \; (\mathit{FNot} \; \psi))
A \models FNot (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow A \models \varphi
 by auto
lemma pushNeg-explicit: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
lemma pushNeg-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushNeg
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: pushNeg-explicit)
lemma pushNeg-lifted-consistant:
preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step pushNeg))
 by (simp add: pushNeg-consistent)
fun simple where
simple FT = True
simple FF = True
simple (FVar -) = True \mid
simple \, \text{--} = \mathit{False}
lemma simple-decomp:
  simple \ \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor (\exists x. \ \varphi = FVar \ x))
 by (cases \varphi) auto
lemma subformula-conn-decomp-simple:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes s: simple \ \psi
  shows \varphi \leq FNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ \psi \lor \varphi = \psi)
proof -
  have \varphi \leq conn \ CNot \ [\psi] \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ CNot \ [\psi] \lor (\exists \ \psi \in set \ [\psi]. \ \varphi \leq \psi))
```

```
using subformula-conn-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(1) by metis
  then show \varphi \leq FNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ \psi \lor \varphi = \psi) using s by (auto simp: simple-decomp)
qed
lemma subformula-conn-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo \ {\bf and} \ x :: 'v
  shows
    \varphi \leq FNot \ FT \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ FT \lor \varphi = FT)
    \varphi \leq FNot \ FF \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ FF \lor \varphi = FF)
    \varphi \leq FNot \ (FVar \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ (FVar \ x) \lor \varphi = FVar \ x)
  by (auto simp: subformula-conn-decomp-simple)
fun simple-not-symb where
simple-not-symb (FNot \varphi) = (simple \varphi)
simple-not-symb -= True
definition simple-not where
simple-not = all-subformula-st\ simple-not-symb
declare simple-not-def[simp]
lemma simple-not-Not[simp]:
  \neg simple-not (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi))
  \neg simple-not (FNot (FOr \varphi \psi))
 by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-not-step-exists:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
  shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb \ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi'. \ pushNeg \ \psi \ \psi'
 apply (induct \psi, auto)
 apply (rename-tac \psi, case-tac \psi, auto intro: pushNeg.intros)
  by (metis\ assms(1,2)\ no-imp-Imp(1)\ no-equiv-eq(1)\ no-imp-def\ no-equiv-def
    subformula-in-subformula-not\ subformula-all-subformula-st)+
lemma simple-not-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes noTB: \neg simple-not \varphi and no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi and no-imp: no-imp \varphi
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land pushNeg \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have \forall x. \ simple-not-symb \ (FF:: 'v \ propo) \land simple-not-symb \ FT \land simple-not-symb \ (FVar \ (x:: 'v))
   by auto
 moreover {
     fix c:: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \ l:: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \psi:: 'v \ propo
     have H: pushNeg (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg simple\text{-not-symb} (conn c l)
       by (cases (conn c l) rule: pushNeg.cases) auto
  }
 moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     have H': simple-not FT simple-not FF simple-not (FVar x)
       by simp-all
 moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
     have \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. pushNeg \psi \psi'
```

```
using simple-not-step-exists no-equiv no-imp by blast
  }
 ultimately show ?thesis using no-test-symb-step-exists noTB unfolding simple-not-def by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg1:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FNot (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)) \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FOr (FNot <math>\varphi)) (FNot \psi)
 using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-no-T-F-comp-not-no-T-F-decomp(1)
    no-T-F-decomp(2) no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by (metis\ no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit(2)
      propo.distinct(5,17)
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg2:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FNot (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)) \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FAnd (FNot <math>\varphi)) (FNot \psi))
  by auto
lemma no-T-F-symb-pushNeg:
  no-T-F-symb (FOr (FNot \varphi') (FNot \psi'))
  no-T-F-symb (FAnd (FNot \varphi') (FNot \psi'))
  no-T-F-symb (FNot (FNot \varphi'))
 by auto
lemma propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F-symb:
  propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb \psi
 apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 apply (cases rule: pushNeg.cases)
 apply simp-all
  apply (metis\ no-T-F-symb-pushNeg(1))
 apply (metis\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}pushNeg(2))
 apply (simp, metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def)
proof -
 fix \varphi \varphi':: 'a propo and c:: 'a connective and \xi \xi':: 'a propo list
 assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \varphi'
 and IH: no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb \varphi'
 and wf: wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
  and n: conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = FF \lor conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = FT \lor no-T-F \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
 and x: c \neq CF \land c \neq CT \land \varphi \neq FF \land \varphi \neq FT \land (\forall \psi \in set \ \xi \cup set \ \xi'. \ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT)
  then have c \neq CF \land c \neq CF \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    using wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-no-arity-change by metis
  moreover have n': no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) using n by (simp add: wf wf-conn-list(1,2))
  moreover
  {
    have no-T-F \varphi
      \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis Un-iff all-subformula-st-decomp list.set-intros} (\textit{1}) \ \ \textit{n' wf no-T-F-def set-append})
    moreover then have no-T-F-symb \varphi
      by (simp add: all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def)
    ultimately have \varphi' \neq \mathit{FF} \land \varphi' \neq \mathit{FT}
      using IH no-T-F-symb-false(1) no-T-F-symb-false(2) by blast
    then have \forall \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT \ using \ x \ by \ auto
 ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by (simp add: x)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F:
  propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
```

```
case global-rel
  then show ?case
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb
     no-T-F-def no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg2 no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg2
     no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level \ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit (3) \ pushNeq.simps
     simple.simps(1,2,5,6))
next
 case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
 note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
 moreover have wf': wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
   using wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf by metis
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
   using \ all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi
   by (fastforce simp: no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp wf wf')
qed
lemma pushNeq-inv:
 fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
  {
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi
   and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
   then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
         assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
         from rel this have False
          apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
            using pushNeg.cases apply blast
          using wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) by auto
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         then have no-T-F \varphi
          by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
         then have no-T-F \psi
          using propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F rel by auto
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
     qed
 }
 moreover {
    fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \zeta \zeta'
    and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
    and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
    and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
```

```
have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (<math>\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: pushNeg.cases, auto)
        by (metis assms(4) no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-not no-T-F-except-top-level-def
          all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi subformula-in-subformula-not
          subformula-all-subformula-st\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1)
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change)+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        by (metis corr no-T-F-symb-comp wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
    \mathbf{qed}
  }
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc[of pushNeq no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi] assms
     subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def full-unfold by metis
next
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
  then show no-equiv \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of pushNeg no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi]
   no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization assms unfolding no-equiv-def full-unfold by metis
next
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-imp } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-imp } \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeq.induct, auto)
  then show no-imp \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of pushNeg no-imp-symb \varphi \psi] assms
     no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def full-unfold by metis
qed
lemma pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi
  shows simple-not \psi
  using assms full-propo-rew-step-subformula pushNeg-inv(1,2) simple-not-rew by blast
```

8.5 Push inside

```
inductive push-conn-inside :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool
  for c c':: 'v connective where
push-conn-inside-l[simp]: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  \implies push-conn-inside c c' (conn c [conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2], \psi])
         (conn \ c' \ [conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \psi], \ conn \ c \ [\varphi 2, \psi]])
push-conn-inside-r[simp]: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  \implies push-conn-inside c c' (conn c [\psi, conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]])
    (conn \ c' \ [conn \ c \ [\psi, \varphi 1], \ conn \ c \ [\psi, \varphi 2]])
lemma push-conn-inside-explicit: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
lemma push-conn-inside-consistent: preserves-un-sat (push-conn-inside c c')
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-explicit)
lemma propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside[simp]:
 \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FT \psi \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FF \psi
 proof -
  {
      fix \varphi \psi
      have push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT\ \lor \varphi = FF \Longrightarrow False
         by (induct rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
    \} note H = this
    \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi
    have propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \Longrightarrow False
      apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2))
      using H by blast+
  }
  then show
     \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FT \psi
     \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FF \psi by blast+
qed
inductive not-c-in-c'-symb:: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for c c' where
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}l[simp]: wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \varphi'], \ \psi] \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \varphi']
  \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi,\ \varphi'],\ \psi])\ |
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}r[simp]: wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\psi, conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \varphi']] \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \varphi']
  \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ conn\ c'\ [\varphi,\ \varphi']])
abbreviation c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi \equiv \neg not-c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
lemma c-in-c'-symb-simp:
  not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \xi \Longrightarrow \xi = FF\ \lor\ \xi = FT\ \lor\ \xi = FVar\ x\ \lor\ \xi = FNot\ FF\ \lor\ \xi = FNot\ FT
    \lor \xi = FNot \ (FVar \ x) \Longrightarrow False
  apply (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct, auto simp: wf-conn.simps wf-conn-list(1-3))
  using conn-inj-not(2) wf-conn-binary unfolding binary-connectives-def by fastforce+
lemma c-in-c'-symb-simp'[simp]:
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ FF
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ FT
```

```
\neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ x)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ FF)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ FT)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ (FVar\ x))
  using c-in-c'-symb-simp by metis+
definition c-in-c'-only where
c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c\ c' \equiv all\text{-subformula-st }(c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c')
lemma c-in-c'-only-simp[simp]:
  c-in-c'-only c c' FF
  c-in-c'-only c c' FT
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FVar x)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot FF)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot FT)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot (FVar x))
  unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
lemma not-c-in-c'-symb-commute:
  not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \xi \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn\ c\ [\varphi,\,\psi] \Longrightarrow \xi = conn\ c\ [\varphi,\,\psi]
    \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\,\varphi])
proof (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
  case (not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}r \varphi' \varphi'' \psi') note H = this
  then have \psi: \psi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi'', \psi'] using conn-inj by auto
  have wf-conn c [conn c' [\varphi'', \psi'], \varphi]
    using H(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change length-Cons by metis
  then show not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
    unfolding \psi using not-c-in-c'-symb.intros(1) H by auto
next
  case (not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}l\ \varphi'\ \varphi''\ \psi') note H=this
  then have \varphi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi', \varphi''] using conn-inj by auto
  moreover have wf-conn c [\psi', conn \ c' \ [\varphi', \varphi'']]
    using H(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change length-Cons by metis
  ultimately show not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
    using not-c-in-c'-symb.intros(2) conn-inj not-c-in-c'-symb-l.hyps
      not-c-in-c'-symb-l.prems(1,2) by blast
qed
lemma not-c-in-c'-symb-commute':
  wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi] \implies c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
  using not-c-in-c'-symb-commute wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis length-Cons)
lemma not-c-in-c'-comm:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
  shows c-in-c'-only c c' (conn \ c \ [\varphi, \ \psi]) \longleftrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' (conn \ c \ [\psi, \ \varphi]) (\mathbf{is} \ ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof -
  have ?A \longleftrightarrow (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ (conn \ c \ [\varphi, \psi])
                \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\varphi, \psi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by fastforce
  also have ... \longleftrightarrow (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi])
                      \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\psi, \varphi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
    using not-c-in-c'-symb-commute' wf by auto
  also
    have wf-conn c [\psi, \varphi] using wf-conn-no-arity-change wf by (metis length-Cons)
```

```
then have (c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\,\varphi])
              \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\psi, \varphi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
            \longleftrightarrow ?B
      using all-subformula-st-decomp unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by fastforce
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma not-c-in-c'-simp[simp]:
  fixes \varphi 1 \varphi 2 \psi :: 'v \text{ propo and } x :: 'v
  shows
  c-in-c'-symb c c' FT
  c-in-c'-symb c c' FF
  c-in-c'-symb c c' (FVar x)
  wf-conn c [conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2], \psi] \Longrightarrow wf-conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
    \implies \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\ \varphi 2],\ \psi])
  apply (simp-all add: c-in-c'-only-def)
  using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi not-c-in-c'-symb-l by blast
lemma c-in-c'-symb-not[simp]:
  fixes c c' :: 'v connective and \psi :: 'v propo
  shows c-in-c'-symb c c' (FNot \psi)
proof -
  {
    fix \xi :: 'v propo
    have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (FNot \psi) \Longrightarrow False
      apply (induct FNot \psi rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
      using conn-inj-not(2) by blast+
 then show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma c-in-c'-symb-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists\ \psi'.\ push\text{-conn-inside }c\ c'\ \psi\ \psi'
  apply (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  apply auto[2]
proof -
  fix \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
  assume IH\psi 1: \psi 1 \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow Ex\ (push-conn\text{-}inside\ c\ c'\ \psi 1)
  and IH\psi 2: \psi 1 \leq \varphi \implies \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ \psi 1 \implies Ex \ (push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi 1)
  and \varphi': \varphi' = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \lor \ \varphi' = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \lor \ \varphi' = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \lor \ \varphi' = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
  and in\varphi: \varphi' \preceq \varphi and n\theta: \neg c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \varphi'
  then have n: not-c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi' by auto
    assume \varphi': \varphi' = conn \ c \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]
    obtain a b where \psi 1 = conn \ c' [a, b] \lor \psi 2 = conn \ c' [a, b]
      using n \varphi' apply (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
      using c by force+
    then have Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi')
      unfolding \varphi' apply auto
      using push-conn-inside.intros(1) c c' apply blast
      using push-conn-inside.intros(2) c c' by blast
  }
  moreover {
```

```
assume \varphi': \varphi' \neq conn \ c \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]
     have \forall \varphi \ c \ ca. \ \exists \varphi 1 \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \psi 1' \ \psi 2' \ \varphi 2'. \ conn \ (c::'v \ connective) \ [\varphi 1, \ conn \ ca \ [\psi 1, \ \psi 2]] = \varphi
              \lor conn \ c \ [conn \ ca \ [\psi 1', \psi 2'], \varphi 2'] = \varphi \lor c -in -c' -symb \ c \ ca \ \varphi
       by (metis not-c-in-c'-symb.cases)
     then have Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi')
       by (metis (no-types) c c' n push-conn-inside-l push-conn-inside-r)
  ultimately show Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi') by blast
qed
lemma c-in-c'-symb-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}only\ c\ c'\ \varphi
  and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x. \ c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ (FF:: 'v \ propo) \land c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ FT
      \land c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb}\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ (x::\ 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
    have H': c-in-c'-symb c c' FT c-in-c'-symb c c' FF c-in-c'-symb c c' (FVar x)
  }
  moreover {
    fix \psi :: 'v \ propo
    have \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg \ c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi'. \ push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi \ \psi'
      by (auto simp: assms(2) c' c-in-c'-symb-step-exists)
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis using noTB no-test-symb-step-exists[of c-in-c'-symb c c']
    unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by metis
qed
lemma push-conn-insidec-in-c'-symb-no-T-F:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \psi
\mathbf{proof}\ (induct\ rule:\ propo-rew-step.induct)
  case (global-rel \varphi \psi)
  then show no-T-F \psi
    by (cases rule: push-conn-inside.cases, auto)
\mathbf{next}
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
  note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
  have no-T-F \varphi
    using wf no-T-F no-T-F-def subformula-into-subformula subformula-all-subformula-st
    subformula-refl by (metis (no-types) in-set-conv-decomp)
  then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi' using IH by blast
  have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta by (metis wf no-T-F no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp)
  then have n: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \zeta \ using \ \varphi' \ by \ auto
  then have n': \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FF \land \zeta \neq FT
    using \varphi' by (metis\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}false(1)\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}false(2)\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}def
      all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi)
```

```
have wf': wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
   using wf wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
   \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
   assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
   then have False using wf by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by blast
  }
 moreover {
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have \xi = [] \xi' = [] using wf by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     using c by (metis \varphi' conn.simps(4) no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-symb-fnot no-T-F-def
       all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi self-append-conv2)
 }
 moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using wf' n' no-T-F-symb.simps by fastforce
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{all-subformula-st-decomp-imp}\ \mathit{wf'}\ \mathit{n}\ \mathit{no-T-F-def})
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using connective-cases-arity by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv:
propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow simple \varphi \Longrightarrow simple \psi
 apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 apply (rename-tac \varphi, case-tac \varphi, auto simp: push-conn-inside.simps)
 by (metis append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1) simple.elims(2) wf-conn-list(1-3))
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-propo-rew-step-inv-push-conn-inside-simple-not:
 fixes c\ c':: 'v\ connective\ {\bf and}\ \varphi\ \psi:: 'v\ propo
 shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case (global-rel \varphi \psi)
  then show ?case by (cases \varphi, auto simp: push-conn-inside.simps)
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' ca \xi \xi') note rew = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3)
  and simple = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (cases ca rule: connective-cases-arity)
     case nullary
     then show ?thesis using propo-rew-one-step-lift by auto
   next
     case binary note ca = this
     obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, b]
       using wf ca list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length
       by (metis (no-types) wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
     have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). simple-not \zeta
       by (metis wf all-subformula-st-decomp simple simple-not-def)
     then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). simple-not \zeta using IH by simp
     moreover have simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using ca
```

```
by (metis\ ab\ conn.simps(5-8)\ helper-fact\ simple-not-symb.simps(5)\ simple-not-symb.simps(6)
        simple-not-symb.simps(7) simple-not-symb.simps(8))
     ultimately show ?thesis
      by (simp add: ab all-subformula-st-decomp ca)
   next
     case unary
     then show ?thesis
       using rew simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv[OF rew] IH local.wf simple by auto
   qed
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-simple-not:
 fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
 assumes
   propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi' and
   wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') and
   simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) and
   simple-not-symb \varphi'
 shows simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
 using assms
proof (induction rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
print-cases
 case (global-rel)
 then show ?case
   by (metis conn.simps(12,17) list.discI push-conn-inside.cases simple-not-symb.elims(3)
     wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-list(2) wf-conn-list(8) wf-conn-no-arity-change
     wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
next
 case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c' \chi s \chi s') note tel = this(1) and wf = this(2) and
   IH = this(3) and wf' = this(4) and simple' = this(5) and simple = this(6)
 then show ?case
   proof (cases c' rule: connective-cases-arity)
     case nullary
     then show ?thesis using wf simple simple' by auto
     case binary note c = this(1)
     have corr': wf-conn c (\xi @ conn c' (\chi s @ \varphi' # \chi s') # \xi')
      using wf wf-conn-no-arity-change
      by (metis wf' wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
     then show ?thesis
      using c propo-rew-one-step-lift wf
      by (metis conn.simps(17) connective.distinct(37) propo-rew-step-subformula-imp
        push-conn-inside.cases\ simple-not-symb.elims(3)\ wf-conn.simps\ wf-conn-list(2,8))
   next
     case unary
     then have empty: \chi s = [ | \chi s' = [ ]  using wf by auto
     then show ?thesis using simple unary simple' wf wf'
      by (metis connective.distinct(37) connective.distinct(39) propo-rew-step-subformula-imp
        push-conn-inside.cases\ simple-not-symb.elims(3)\ tel\ wf-conn-list(8)
        wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
   qed
qed
lemma push-conn-inside-not-true-false:
 push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow \psi \neq FT\ \land\ \psi \neq FF
```

```
lemma push-conn-inside-inv:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c')) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
  shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
proof -
  {
    {
       \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
       have H: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
          \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \psi
         by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
      \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \psi
      apply (induct \varphi \psi rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
      using H apply simp
      proof (rename-tac \varphi \varphi' ca \psi s \psi s', case-tac ca rule: connective-cases-arity)
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } c:: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi':: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x:: 'v
       assume wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
       then have \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [] by auto
       then have False by auto
       then show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by blast
      next
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } ca:: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi':: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x :: 'v
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
       and \varphi-\varphi': all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
       and corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and n: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
       and c: ca = CNot
       have empty: \xi = [ ] \xi' = [ ] using c corr by auto
       then have simple-not:all-subformula-st\ simple-not-symb\ (FNot\ \varphi) using corr\ c\ n by auto
       then have simple \varphi
         using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi simple-not-symb.simps(1) by blast
       then have simple \varphi'
         using rel simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv by blast
       then show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty
         by (metis simple-not \varphi-\varphi' append-Nil conn.simps(4) all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)
            simple-not-symb.simps(1))
      next
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } ca :: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x :: 'v
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
       and n\varphi: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
       and corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and n: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
       and c: ca \in binary\text{-}connectives
```

by (induct rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)

```
have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
         using n \ c \ corr \ all-subformula-st-decomp by fastforce
       then have \varphi': all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi' using n\varphi by blast
       obtain a b where ab: [a, b] = (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
         using corr c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
       then have \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi'] \lor (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') = [\varphi', b]
         using ab by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2
           append-is-Nil-conv\ butlast.simps(2)\ butlast-append\ list.sel(3)\ tl-append2)
       moreover
       {
          fix \chi :: 'v \ propo
          have wf': wf-conn ca [a, b]
            using ab corr by presburger
          have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca [a, b])
            using ab n by presburger
          then have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \chi \vee \chi \notin set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
            using wf' by (metis (no-types) \varphi' all-subformula-st-decomp calculation insert-iff
              list.set(2)
       then have \forall \varphi. \ \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st simple-not-symb} \ \varphi
           by (metis\ (no-types))
       moreover have simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
         using ab conn-inj-not(1) corr wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-no-arity-change
           not-Cons-self2 self-append-conv2 simple-not-symb.elims(3) by (metis (no-types) c
           calculation(1) wf-conn-binary)
       moreover have wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') using c calculation(1) by auto
       ultimately show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
         by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-imp)
     qed
  }
  moreover {
    fix ca :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \varphi \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
    have propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
      \implies simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \implies simple-not-symb \varphi'
      \implies simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
      \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis} \ \mathit{append-self-conv2} \ \mathit{conn.simps}(4) \ \mathit{conn-inj-not}(1) \ \mathit{simple-not-symb.elims}(3)
        simple-not-symb.simps(1) simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv
        wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  }
  ultimately show simple-not \ \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of push-conn-inside c c' simple-not-symb] assms
   unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def simple-not-def full-unfold by metis
next
  {
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
     \implies no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi
       and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
       then have no-T-F \varphi \lor \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT
         by (metis no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
       moreover {
```

```
assume \varphi = FF \vee \varphi = FT
         then have False using rel propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
        }
       moreover {
         assume no-T-F \varphi \land \varphi \neq FF \land \varphi \neq FT
         then have no-T-F \psi using rel push-conn-insidec-in-c'-symb-no-T-F by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi using no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by blast
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
      qed
  }
  moreover {
    fix ca :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \varphi \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
    assume corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
    then have c: ca \neq CT \land ca \neq CF by auto
    assume no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have c: ca \neq CT \land ca \neq CF using corr by auto
      have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF
        using corr no-T-F no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false by blast
       then have \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF by auto
       from rel this have \varphi' \neq FT \land \varphi' \neq FF
        apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv conn.simps(2) conn-inj list.distinct(1)
           wf-conn-helper-facts(3) wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change
           wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper push-conn-inside-not-true-false)+
      then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF \ using \ \zeta \ by \ auto
      moreover have wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
        using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using no-T-F-symb intros c by metis
    qed
  }
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of push-conn-inside c c' no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel]
   assms unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def full-unfold by metis
next
  {
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
  then show no-equiv \psi
    \textbf{using} \ \textit{full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn} [\textit{of} \ \textit{push-conn-inside} \ \textit{c} \ \textit{c'} \ \textit{no-equiv-symb}] \ \textit{assms} 
   no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization {f unfolding} no-equiv-def {f by} metis
next
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \implies no\text{-imp}\ \varphi \implies no\text{-imp}\ \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
  }
```

```
then show no-imp \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of push-conn-inside c c' no-imp-symb] assms
   no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def by metis
qed
lemma push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c')) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
   simple-not \varphi and
   c = CAnd \lor c = COr and
   c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 shows c-in-c'-only c c' \psi
 using c-in-c'-symb-rew assms full-propo-rew-step-subformula by blast
8.5.1
         Only one type of connective in the formula (+ \text{ not})
inductive only-c-inside-symb :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for c:: 'v connective where
simple-only-c-inside[simp]: simple \varphi \implies only-c-inside-symb \ c \ \varphi \ |
simple-cnot-only-c-inside[simp]: simple \varphi \implies only-c-inside-symb \ c \ (FNot \ \varphi)
only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside: wf-conn c \ l \implies only-c-inside-symb c \ (conn \ c \ l)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-simp[simp]:
  only-c-inside-symb c FF only-c-inside-symb c FT only-c-inside-symb c (FVar x) by auto
definition only-c-inside where only-c-inside c = all-subformula-st (only-c-inside-symb c)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-decomp:
  only-c-inside-symb c \psi \longleftrightarrow (simple \psi)
                             \vee (\exists \varphi'. \psi = FNot \varphi' \wedge simple \varphi')
                             \vee (\exists l. \ \psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l))
 by (auto simp: only-c-inside-symb.intros(3)) (induct rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-decomp-not[simp]:
 fixes c :: 'v \ connective
 assumes c: c \neq CNot
 shows only-c-inside-symb c (FNot \psi) \longleftrightarrow simple \psi
 apply (auto simp: only-c-inside-symb.intros(3))
 by (induct FNot \psi rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(8) c)
lemma only-c-inside-decomp-not[simp]:
 assumes c: c \neq CNot
 shows only-c-inside c (FNot \psi) \longleftrightarrow simple \psi
 by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) all-subformula-st-def all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c
   only\-c-inside\-def only\-c-inside\-symb\-decomp\-not simple\-only\-c-inside
   subformula-conn-decomp-simple)
lemma only-c-inside-decomp:
  only-c-inside c \varphi \longleftrightarrow
```

```
(\forall \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow (simple \ \psi \lor (\exists \ \varphi'. \ \psi = FNot \ \varphi' \land simple \ \varphi')
                   \vee (\exists l. \ \psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l)))
  unfolding only-c-inside-def by (auto simp: all-subformula-st-def only-c-inside-symb-decomp)
lemma only-c-inside-c-c'-false:
  fixes c\ c':: 'v\ connective\ {\bf and}\ l:: 'v\ propo\ list\ {\bf and}\ \varphi:: 'v\ propo
  assumes cc': c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  and only: only-c-inside c \varphi and incl: conn c' l \preceq \varphi and wf: wf-conn c' l
  shows False
proof -
  let ?\psi = conn \ c' \ l
  have simple ?\psi \lor (\exists \varphi'. ?\psi = FNot \varphi' \land simple \varphi') \lor (\exists l. ?\psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l)
   using only-c-inside-decomp only incl by blast
 moreover have \neg simple ?\psi
   using wf simple-decomp by (metis c' connective.distinct(19) connective.distinct(7,9,21,29,31)
      wf-conn-list(1-3)
  moreover
      fix \varphi'
     have ?\psi \neq FNot \varphi' using c' conn-inj-not(1) wf by blast
  ultimately obtain l: 'v propo list where ?\psi = conn \ c \ l \wedge wf-conn c \ l \ by \ metis
  then have c = c' using conn-inj wf by metis
  then show False using cc' by auto
qed
lemma only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-symb:
  assumes \delta: c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
 apply (rule ccontr)
  apply (cases rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.cases, auto)
  by (metis \delta c c' connective distinct (37,39) list distinct (1) only-c-inside-c-c'-false
   subformula-in-binary-conn(1,2) wf-conn.simps)+
lemma c-in-c'-symb-decomp-level1:
  fixes l :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c \ c' \ ca :: 'v \ connective
  shows wf-conn ca l \implies ca \neq c \implies c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l)
proof -
  have not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ ca\ l) \implies wf\text{-}conn\ ca\ l \implies ca = c
   by (induct conn ca l rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct, auto simp: conn-inj)
 then show wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca \neq c \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l) by blast
qed
lemma only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-only:
  assumes \delta: c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi
  {\bf unfolding} \quad c\hbox{-}in\hbox{-}c'\hbox{-}only\hbox{-}def \ all\hbox{-}subformula\hbox{-}st\hbox{-}def
  using only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-symb
   \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-def assms} (1)\ \textit{c}\ \textit{c'}\ \textit{only-c-inside-def subformula-trans})
lemma c-in-c'-symb-c-implies-only-c-inside:
  assumes \delta: c = CAnd \lor c = COr c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr c \neq c' and wf: wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
 and inv: no-equiv (conn c l) no-imp (conn c l) simple-not (conn c l)
```

```
shows wf-conn c l \Longrightarrow c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c c' (conn \ c \ l) \Longrightarrow (\forall \psi \in set \ l. \ only\text{-}c\text{-inside } c \ \psi)
using inv
proof (induct conn c l arbitrary: l rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary x)
  then show ?case by (auto simp: wf-conn-list assms)
next
  case (unary \varphi la)
  then have c = CNot \wedge la = [\varphi] by (metis (no-types) wf-conn-list(8))
  then show ?case using assms(2) assms(1) by blast
next
  case (binary \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
 note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and \varphi = this(3) and only = this(5) and wf = this(4)
   and no-equiv = this(6) and no-imp = this(7) and simple-not = this(8)
  then have l: l = [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] by (meson \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(4-7))
 let ?\varphi = conn \ c \ l
  obtain c1 l1 c2 l2 where \varphi 1: \varphi 1 = conn c1 l1 and wf \varphi 1: wf-conn c1 l1
   and \varphi 2: \varphi 2 = conn \ c2 \ l2 and wf \varphi 2: wf-conn \ c2 \ l2 using exists-c-conn by metis
  then have c-in-only \varphi 1: c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c1 l1) and c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c2 l2)
    using only l unfolding c-in-c'-only-def using assms(1) by auto
  have inc\varphi 1: \varphi 1 \leq ?\varphi and inc\varphi 2: \varphi 2 \leq ?\varphi
   using \varphi 1 \varphi 2 \varphi local wf by (metric conn.simps(5-8) helper-fact subformula-in-binary-conn(1,2))+
  have c1-eq: c1 \neq CEq and c2-eq: c2 \neq CEq
   unfolding no-equiv-def using inc\varphi 1 inc\varphi 2 by (metis \varphi 1 \varphi 2 wf\varphi 1 wf\varphi 2 assms(1) no-equiv
     no-equiv-eq(1) no-equiv-symb.elims(3) no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization wf-conn-list(4,5)
     no-equiv-def subformula-all-subformula-st)+
 have c1-imp: c1 \neq CImp and c2-imp: c2 \neq CImp
   using no-imp by (metis \varphi 1 \varphi 2 all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-imp(2,3) assms(1)
     conn.simps(5,6) l no-imp-Imp(1) no-imp-symb.elims(3) no-imp-symb-conn-characterization
     wf\varphi 1 \ wf\varphi 2 \ all-subformula-st-decomp \ no-imp-symb-conn-characterization) +
 have c1c: c1 \neq c'
   proof
     assume c1c: c1 = c'
     then obtain \xi 1 \ \xi 2 where l1: l1 = [\xi 1, \xi 2]
       by (metis assms(2) connective. distinct(37,39) helper-fact wf\varphi 1 wf-conn. simps
         wf-conn-list-decomp(1-3))
     have c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [conn c' l1, \varphi 2]) using c1c l only \varphi 1 by auto
     moreover have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [conn c' l1, \varphi 2])
       using l1 \varphi 1 c1c l local.wf not-c-in-c'-symb-l wf \varphi 1 by blast
     ultimately show False using \varphi 1 c1c l l1 local.wf not-c-in-c'-simp(4) wf\varphi 1 by blast
  qed
  then have (\varphi 1 = conn \ c \ l1 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l1) \lor (\exists \psi 1. \ \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1) \lor simple \ \varphi 1
   by (metis \ \varphi 1 \ assms(1-3) \ c1-eq c1-imp simple.elims(3) \ wf \varphi 1 \ wf-conn-list(4) \ wf-conn-list(5-7))
  moreover {
   assume \varphi 1 = conn \ c \ l1 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l1
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
     by (metis IH\varphi 1 \ \varphi 1 all-subformula-st-decomp-imp in c\varphi 1 no-equiv no-equiv-def no-imp no-imp-def
       c-in-only\varphi1 only-c-inside-def only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside simple-not simple-not-def
       subformula-all-subformula-st)
  moreover {}
   assume \exists \psi 1. \ \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1
   then obtain \psi 1 where \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1 by metis
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
```

```
by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1) connective. distinct (37,39) inc\varphi 1
       only\-c\-inside\-decomp\-not\ simple\-not\-def\ simple\-not\-symb\-simps(1))
  }
 moreover {
   assume simple \varphi 1
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
     by (metis\ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)\ assms(1)\ connective.distinct(37,39)
       only-c-inside-decomp-not only-c-inside-def)
  }
 ultimately have only-c-inside \varphi 1: only-c-inside \varphi \varphi 1 by metis
 have c-in-only\varphi 2: c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c2 l2)
   using only l \varphi 2 wf \varphi 2 assms unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
 have c2c: c2 \neq c'
   proof
     assume c2c: c2 = c'
     then obtain \xi 1 \ \xi 2 where l2: l2 = [\xi 1, \xi 2]
      by (metis assms(2) wf\varphi 2 wf-conn.simps connective.distinct(7,9,19,21,29,31,37,39))
     then have c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\varphi 1, conn c' l2])
       using c2c l only \varphi2 all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
     moreover have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\varphi 1, conn c' l2])
       using assms(1) c2c l2 not-c-in-c'-symb-r wf \varphi 2 wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6) by metis
     ultimately show False by auto
   qed
  then have (\varphi 2 = conn \ c \ l2 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l2) \lor (\exists \psi 2. \ \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2) \lor simple \ \varphi 2
   using c2-eq by (metis \varphi 2 assms(1-3) c2-eq c2-imp simple.elims(3) wf\varphi 2 wf-conn-list(4-7))
  moreover {
   assume \varphi 2 = conn \ c \ l2 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l2
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     by (metis IH\varphi 2 \varphi 2 all-subformula-st-decomp inc\varphi 2 no-equiv no-equiv-def no-imp no-imp-def
       c-in-only\varphi 2 only-c-inside-def only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside simple-not simple-not-def
       subformula-all-subformula-st)
  }
 moreover {
   assume \exists \psi 2. \ \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2
   then obtain \psi 2 where \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2 by metis
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1-3) connective.distinct(38,40) inc\varphi 2
       only-c-inside-decomp-not simple-not simple-not-def simple-not-symb.simps(1))
  }
 moreover {
   assume simple \varphi 2
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     by (metis\ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)\ assms(1)\ connective.distinct(37,39)
       only-c-inside-decomp-not only-c-inside-def)
 ultimately have only-c-inside \varphi 2: only-c-inside \varphi \varphi 2 by metis
 show ?case using l only-c-inside\varphi 1 only-c-inside\varphi 2 by auto
qed
8.5.2
         Push Conjunction
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{pushConj} \ \textbf{where} \ \textit{pushConj} = \textit{push-conn-inside} \ \textit{CAnd} \ \textit{COr}
lemma pushConj-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushConj
 unfolding pushConj-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-consistent)
```

```
definition and-in-or-symb where and-in-or-symb = c-in-c'-symb CAnd COr
definition and-in-or-only where
and-in-or-only = all-subformula-st (c-in-c'-symb CAnd\ COr)
lemma pushConj-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushConj) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
 {\bf using} \ push-conn-inside-inv \ assms \ {\bf unfolding} \ pushConj-def \ {\bf by} \ metis+
lemma pushConj-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step pushConj) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
   simple-not \varphi
  shows and-in-or-only \psi
 \mathbf{using}\ assms\ push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step
 unfolding pushConj-def and-in-or-only-def c-in-c'-only-def by (metis (no-types))
8.5.3 Push Disjunction
definition pushDisj where pushDisj = push-conn-inside COr CAnd
lemma pushDisj-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushDisj
 unfolding pushDisj-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-consistent)
definition or-in-and-symb where or-in-and-symb = c-in-c'-symb COr CAnd
definition or-in-and-only where
or-in-and-only = all-subformula-st (c-in-c'-symb COr\ CAnd)
lemma not-or-in-and-only-or-and[simp]:
  \sim or-in-and-only (FOr (FAnd \psi 1 \ \psi 2) \ \varphi')
 unfolding or-in-and-only-def
 by (metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi conn.simps(5-6) not-c-in-c'-symb-l
   wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-helper-facts(6))
lemma pushDisj-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
 using push-conn-inside-inv assms unfolding pushDisj-def by metis+
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step} :
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
```

```
no\text{-}imp\ arphi and full\ (propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step\ pushDisj)\ arphi\ \psi and no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\ }arphi and simple\text{-}not\ arphi shows or\text{-}in\text{-}and\text{-}only\ \psi using assms\ push\text{-}conn\text{-}inside\text{-}full\text{-}propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step} unfolding pushDisj\text{-}def\ or\text{-}in\text{-}and\text{-}only\text{-}def\ c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}only\text{-}def\ } by (metis\ (no\text{-}types))
```

9 The full transformations

9.1 Abstract Property characterizing that only some connective are inside the others

9.1.1 Definition

```
The normal is a super group of groups
```

```
inductive grouped-by :: 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool for c where
simple-is-grouped[simp]: simple \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by c \varphi
simple-not-is-grouped[simp]: simple \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by \ c \ (FNot \ \varphi)
connected-is-group[simp]: grouped-by c \varphi \implies grouped-by c \psi \implies wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
  \implies grouped-by c (conn c [\varphi, \psi])
lemma simple-clause[simp]:
  grouped-by c FT
  grouped-by c FF
  grouped-by c (FVar x)
  grouped-by c (FNot FT)
  grouped-by c (FNot FF)
  grouped-by c (FNot (FVar x))
  by simp+
lemma only-c-inside-symb-c-eq-c':
  only-c-inside-symb c (conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]) \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \vee c' = COr \Longrightarrow wf-conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
  by (induct conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto simp: conn-inj)
lemma only-c-inside-c-eq-c':
  only-c-inside c (conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]) \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr \Longrightarrow wf\text{-conn } c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \Longrightarrow c = c'
  unfolding only-c-inside-def all-subformula-st-def using only-c-inside-symb-c-eq-c' subformula-refl
  by blast
lemma only-c-inside-imp-grouped-by:
  assumes c: c \neq CNot and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by c \varphi (is ?O \varphi \Longrightarrow ?G \varphi)
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  then show ?G \varphi by auto
  case (unary \psi)
  then show ?G (FNot \psi) by (auto simp: c)
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
 note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and \varphi = this(3) and only = this(4)
```

have φ -conn: $\varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]$ and wf: wf-conn $c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]$

```
proof -
      obtain c'' l'' where \varphi-c'': \varphi = conn \ c'' l'' and wf: wf-conn \ c'' l''
        using exists-c-conn by metis
      then have l'': l'' = [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] using \varphi by (metis \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(4-7))
      have only-c-inside-symb c (conn c'' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2])
        using only all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi
        unfolding only-c-inside-def \varphi-c'' l'' by metis
      then have c = c''
        by (metis \varphi \varphi-c" conn-inj conn-inj-not(2) l" list.distinct(1) list.inject wf
          only-c-inside-symb.cases simple.simps(5-8))
      then show \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] and wf-conn c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] using \varphi-c" wf l" by auto
    qed
  have grouped-by c \varphi 1 using wf IH \varphi 1 IH \varphi 2 \varphi-conn only \varphi unfolding only-c-inside-def by auto
  moreover have grouped-by c \varphi 2
    using wf \varphi IH\varphi1 IH\varphi2 \varphi-conn only unfolding only-c-inside-def by auto
  ultimately show ?G \varphi using \varphi-conn connected-is-group local.wf by blast
qed
lemma grouped-by-false:
  grouped-by c \ (conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \psi]) \Longrightarrow c \neq c' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \psi] \Longrightarrow False
  apply (induct conn c' [\varphi, \psi] rule: grouped-by.induct)
  apply (auto simp: simple-decomp wf-conn-list, auto simp: conn-inj)
 by (metis\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(3)\ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(8))+
Then the CNF form is a conjunction of clauses: every clause is in CNF form and two formulas
in CNF form can be related by an and.
inductive super-grouped-by: 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool for c c' where
grouped-is-super-grouped[simp]: grouped-by c \varphi \Longrightarrow super-grouped-by c c' \varphi
connected-is-super-group: super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \varphi \implies super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \psi \implies wf-conn c\ [\varphi,\ \psi]
  \implies super-grouped-by c c' (conn c' [\varphi, \psi])
lemma simple-cnf[simp]:
  super-grouped-by c c' FT
  super-grouped-by c c' FF
  super-grouped-by \ c \ c' \ (FVar \ x)
  super-grouped-by c c' (FNot FT)
  super-grouped-by c c' (FNot FF)
  super-grouped-by \ c \ c' \ (FNot \ (FVar \ x))
  by auto
lemma c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by:
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr and cc': c \neq c'
 shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi
    \implies super-grouped-by c c' \varphi
    (is ?NE \varphi \Longrightarrow ?NI \varphi \Longrightarrow ?SN \varphi \Longrightarrow ?C \varphi \Longrightarrow ?S \varphi)
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  then show ?S \varphi by auto
next
  case (unary \varphi)
  then have simple-not-symb (FNot \varphi)
    using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding simple-not-def by blast
  then have \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF \vee (\exists x. \varphi = FVar x) by (cases \varphi, auto)
  then show ?S (FNot \varphi) by auto
```

```
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and no-equiv = this(4) and no-imp = this(5)
   and simpleN = this(6) and c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}only = this(7) and \varphi' = this(3)
   assume \varphi = FImp \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2 \lor \varphi = FEq \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2
   then have False using no-equiv no-imp by auto
   then have ?S \varphi by auto
  }
  moreover {
   assume \varphi: \varphi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \land wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
   have c-in-c'-only: c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi1 \wedge c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi2 \wedge c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
     using c-in-c'-only \varphi' unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
   have super-grouped-by c c' \varphi1 using \varphi c' no-equiv no-imp simpleN IH\varphi1 c-in-c'-only by auto
   moreover have super-grouped-by c c' \varphi 2
     using \varphi c' no-equiv no-imp simpleN IH\varphi2 c-in-c'-only by auto
   ultimately have ?S \varphi
     using super-grouped-by.intros(2) \varphi by (metis c wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6))
  }
  moreover {
   assume \varphi: \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1 \wedge only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     using c-in-c'-symb-c-implies-only-c-inside c c' c-in-c'-only list.set-intros(1)
       wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6) no-equiv no-imp simpleN last-ConsL last-ConsR last-in-set
       list.distinct(1) by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) cc')
   then have only-c-inside c (conn c [\varphi 1, \varphi 2])
     unfolding only-c-inside-def using \varphi
     by (simp add: only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside all-subformula-st-decomp)
   then have grouped-by c \varphi using \varphi only-c-inside-imp-grouped-by c by blast
   then have ?S \varphi using super-grouped-by.intros(1) by metis
 ultimately show ?S \varphi by (metis \varphi' c c' cc' conn.simps(5,6) wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6))
qed
9.2
        Conjunctive Normal Form
definition is-conj-with-TF where is-conj-with-TF == super-grouped-by COr CAnd
lemma or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj:
  shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow or-in-and-only \varphi \Longrightarrow is-conj-with-TF \varphi
  using c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def or-in-and-only-def c-in-c'-only-def
  by (simp add: c-in-c'-only-def c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by)
definition is-cnf where is-cnf \varphi == is-conj-with-TF \varphi \wedge no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
```

9.2.1 Full CNF transformation

The full CNF transformation consists simply in chaining all the transformation defined before.

```
definition cnf-rew where cnf-rew =
(full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
(full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
(full (propo-rew-step elimTB)) OO
(full (propo-rew-step pushNeg)) OO
(full (propo-rew-step pushDisj))
```

```
lemma cnf-rew-consistent: preserves-un-sat cnf-rew
   \mathbf{by} \ (simp \ add: \ cnf-rew-def \ elim Equv-lifted-consistant \ elim-imp-lifted-consistant \ elim TB-consistent 
   preserves-un-sat-OO pushDisj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
lemma cnf-rew-is-cnf: cnf-rew \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is-cnf \varphi'
  apply (unfold cnf-rew-def OO-def)
 apply auto
proof -
  \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \varphi Eq \ \varphi Imp \ \varphi TB \ \varphi Neg \ \varphi Disj :: \ 'v \ propo
  assume Eq: full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \varphi Eq
  then have no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi Eq using no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv by blast
  assume Imp: full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi Eq \varphi Imp
  then have no-imp: no-imp \varphiImp using no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp by blast
  have no-imp-inv: no-equiv \varphiImp using no-equiv Imp elim-imp-inv by blast
 assume TB: full (propo-rew-step elimTB) \varphiImp \varphiTB
  then have noTB: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphiTB
   using no-imp-inv no-imp elimTB-full-propo-rew-step by blast
  have no TB-inv: no-equiv \varphi TB no-imp \varphi TB using elim TB-inv TB no-imp no-imp-inv by blast+
  assume Neg: full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi TB \varphi Neg
  then have noNeg: simple-not \varphi Neg
   using noTB-inv noTB pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step by blast
  have noNeg-inv: no-equiv \varphiNeg no-imp \varphiNeg no-T-F-except-top-level \varphiNeg
   using pushNeg-inv Neg noTB noTB-inv by blast+
  assume Disj: full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphiNeg \varphiDisj
  then have no-Disj: or-in-and-only \varphi Disj
   using noNeg-inv noNeg pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step by blast
  have noDisj-inv: no-equiv \varphiDisj no-imp \varphiDisj no-T-F-except-top-level \varphiDisj
    simple-not \varphi Disj
  \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{pushDisj-inv} \ \mathit{Disj} \ \mathit{noNeg} \ \mathit{noNeg-inv} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast} +
 moreover have is-conj-with-TF \varphi Disj
   using or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj noDisj-inv no-Disj by blast
  ultimately show is-cnf \varphi Disj unfolding is-cnf-def by blast
qed
9.3
        Disjunctive Normal Form
definition is-disj-with-TF where is-disj-with-TF \equiv super-grouped-by CAnd\ COr
lemma and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj:
  shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow and-in-or-only \varphi \Longrightarrow is-disj-with-TF \varphi
  using c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by
  unfolding is-disj-with-TF-def and-in-or-only-def c-in-c'-only-def
  by (simp add: c-in-c'-only-def c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by)
definition is-dnf :: 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where
is-dnf \varphi \longleftrightarrow is-disj-with-TF \varphi \wedge no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi
```

9.3.1 Full DNF transform

The full DNF transformation consists simply in chaining all the transformation defined before.

```
definition dnf-rew where dnf-rew \equiv
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim\ TB))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushConj))
lemma dnf-rew-consistent: preserves-un-sat dnf-rew
  by (simp\ add:\ dnf-rew-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant elimTB-consistent
   preserves-un-sat-OO pushConj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
theorem dnf-transformation-correction:
   dnf\text{-}rew \ \varphi \ \varphi' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}dnf \ \varphi'
  apply (unfold dnf-rew-def OO-def)
  by (meson and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj elimTB-full-propo-rew-step elimTB-inv(1,2)
   elim-imp-inv is-dnf-def no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv
   no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp\ push Conj-full-propo-rew-step\ push Conj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step\ pushNeg-inv(1-3))
```

10 More aggressive simplifications: Removing true and false at the beginning

10.1 Transformation

We should remove FT and FF at the beginning and not in the middle of the algorithm. To do this, we have to use more rules (one for each connective):

```
inductive elimTBFull where
Elim TBFull1 [simp]: elim TBFull (FAnd \varphi FT) \varphi
Elim TBFull1 '[simp]: elim TBFull (FAnd FT \varphi) \varphi
ElimTBFull2[simp]: elimTBFull (FAnd \varphi FF) FF
ElimTBFull2'[simp]: elimTBFull (FAnd FF \varphi) FF
ElimTBFull3[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr \varphi FT) FT
ElimTBFull3'[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr FT \varphi) FT
ElimTBFull4[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi
ElimTBFull4'[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr FF \varphi) \varphi
ElimTBFull5[simp]: elimTBFull (FNot FT) FF |
ElimTBFull5'[simp]: elimTBFull (FNot FF) FT |
ElimTBFull6-l[simp]: elimTBFull\ (FImp\ FT\ \varphi)\ \varphi
ElimTBFull6-l'[simp]: elimTBFull (FImp FF \varphi) FT
ElimTBFull6-r[simp]: elimTBFull\ (FImp\ \varphi\ FT)\ FT
ElimTBFull6-r'[simp]: elimTBFull (FImp \varphi FF) (FNot \varphi)
ElimTBFull?-l[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq FT <math>\varphi) \varphi
Elim TBFull7-l'[simp]: elim TBFull (FEq FF \varphi) (FNot \varphi)
Elim TBFull 7-r[simp]: elim TBFull (FEq \varphi FT) \varphi |
ElimTBFull?-r'[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq \varphi FF) (FNot \varphi)
```

The transformation is still consistent.

```
{f lemma}\ elim TBFull-consistent:\ preserves-un-sat\ elim TBFull
proof -
  {
    fix \varphi \psi:: 'b propo
    have elimTBFull \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
      by (induct-tac rule: elimTBFull.inducts, auto)
 then show ?thesis using preserves-un-sat-def by auto
Contrary to the theorem [no\text{-}equiv ?\varphi; no\text{-}imp ?\varphi; ?\psi \preceq ?\varphi; \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel]
?\psi \parallel \implies \exists \psi'. elimTB ?\psi \psi', we do not need the assumption no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi, since
our transformation is more general.
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists':
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel }\psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. \ elimTBFull \ \psi \ \psi'
proof (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi')
  then have False using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false by auto
  then show Ex (elimTBFull \varphi') by blast
\mathbf{next}
  case (unary \psi)
  then have \psi = FF \lor \psi = FT using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom by blast
 then show Ex (elimTBFull (FNot \psi)) using ElimTBFull5 ElimTBFull5 by blast
  case (binary \varphi' \psi 1 \psi 2)
  then have \psi 1 = FT \vee \psi 2 = FT \vee \psi 1 = FF \vee \psi 2 = FF
    \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{binary-connectives-def}\ \mathit{conn.simps}(5-8)\ \mathit{insertI1}\ \mathit{insert-commute}
      no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom\ binary.hyps(3))
  then show Ex (elimTBFull \varphi') using elimTBFull.intros\ binary.hyps(3) by blast
qed
The same applies here. We do not need the assumption, but the deep link between \neg no-T-F-except-top-level
\varphi and the existence of a rewriting step, still exists.
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-rew':
 fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes noTB: \neg no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land elimTBFull \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x. \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FF:: 'v \ propo)} \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel FT
      \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
```

fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and ψ :: 'v propo

 $\mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{cases}\ (\mathit{conn}\ \mathit{c}\ \mathit{l})\ \mathit{rule} \colon \mathit{elimTBFull.cases})\ \mathit{auto}$

ultimately show ?thesis

qed

have H: $elimTBFull\ (conn\ c\ l)\ \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\ (conn\ c\ l)}$

using no-test-symb-step-exists[of no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel φ elimTBFull] noTB no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists' unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis

```
lemma elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step: fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo assumes full (propo-rew-step \ elimTBFull) \ \varphi \ \psi shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-T-F-except-top-level-rew' assms by fastforce
```

10.2 More invariants

As the aim is to use the transformation as the first transformation, we have to show some more invariants for *elim-equiv* and *elim-imp*. For the other transformation, we have already proven it.

```
lemma propo-rew-step-ElimEquiv-no-T-F: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 fix \varphi' :: 'v \ propo \ and \ \psi' :: 'v \ propo
 assume a1: no-T-F \varphi'
 assume a2: elim-equiv \varphi' \psi'
  have \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\neg \ elim-equiv \ (x1 :: 'v \ propo) \ x0 \lor (\exists v2 \ v3 \ v4 \ v5 \ v6 \ v7. \ x1 = FEq \ v2 \ v3
    \wedge x0 = FAnd (FImp v4 v5) (FImp v6 v7) <math>\wedge v2 = v4 \wedge v4 = v7 \wedge v3 = v5 \wedge v3 = v6)
      = (\neg elim - equiv \ x1 \ x0 \ \lor \ (\exists v2 \ v3 \ v4 \ v5 \ v6 \ v7. \ x1 = FEq \ v2 \ v3
    \land x0 = FAnd \ (FImp \ v4 \ v5) \ (FImp \ v6 \ v7) \land v2 = v4 \land v4 = v7 \land v3 = v5 \land v3 = v6))
    by meson
  then have \forall p \ pa. \ \neg \ elim-equiv \ (p :: 'v \ propo) \ pa \ \lor \ (\exists \ pb \ pc \ pd \ pe \ pf \ pg. \ p = FEq \ pb \ pc
    \land pa = FAnd \ (FImp \ pd \ pe) \ (FImp \ pf \ pq) \ \land \ pb = pd \ \land \ pd = pq \ \land \ pc = pe \ \land \ pc = pf)
    using elim-equiv.cases by force
  then show no-T-F \psi' using a1 a2 by fastforce
next
  fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
 assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \varphi'
  and IH: no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi'
 and corr: wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
 and no-T-F: no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    \mathbf{assume}\ c{:}\ c = \mathit{CNot}
    then have empty: \xi = [ ] \xi' = [ ] using corr by auto
    then have no-T-F \varphi using no-T-F c no-T-F-decomp-not by auto
    then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty no-T-F-comp-not IH by auto
  }
  moreover {
    assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
    obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [a, b]
      using corr c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
    then have \varphi: \varphi = a \lor \varphi = b
      by (metis append.simps(1) append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1) list.sel(3) nth-Cons-0
        tl-append2)
    have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta
      using no-T-F unfolding no-T-F-def using corr all-subformula-st-decomp by blast
    then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi' using ab IH \varphi by auto
    have l': \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [\varphi', b] \lor \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi']
      by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) ab append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2 butlast.simps(2)
        butlast-append list.distinct(1) list.sel(3))
    then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \zeta \varphi' ab by fastforce
    moreover
```

```
have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF
       using \zeta corr no-T-F no-T-F-except-top-level-false no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by blast
     then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
       by (metis \varphi' l' ab all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c list.distinct(1)
         list.set	ext{-}intros(1,2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom
         no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-def wf-conn-binary
         wf-conn-list(1,2))
   ultimately have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     by (metis l' all-subformula-st-decomp-imp c no-T-F-def wf-conn-binary)
  }
 moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x
    assume c = CVar \ x \lor c = CF \lor c = CT
    then have False using corr by auto
    then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by auto
  }
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using corr wf-conn.cases by metis
qed
lemma elim-equiv-inv':
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
  shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level }\varphi
     \implies no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi
       and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
         assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
         from rel this have False
           apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1,2))
           using elim-equiv.simps by blast+
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       }
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         then have no-T-F \varphi
           by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
         then have no-T-F \psi using propo-rew-step-ElimEquiv-no-T-F rel by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
     qed
  }
  moreover {
    fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \zeta \zeta'
    and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
    and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
    and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
```

```
have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (<math>\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: elim-equiv.cases, auto simp: elim-equiv.simps)
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        by (metis corr wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper no-T-F-symb-comp)
    qed
  }
 ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc of elim-equiv no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
     assms subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-ElimImp-no-T-F: propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case (global-rel \varphi' \psi')
 then show no-T-F \psi'
   using elim-imp. cases no-T-F-comp-not no-T-F-decomp(1,2)
   by (metis\ no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit(2))
 case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
 note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and corr = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
  {
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have empty: \xi = [ ] \xi' = [ ] using corr by auto
   then have no-T-F \varphi using no-T-F c no-T-F-decomp-not by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty no-T-F-comp-not IH by auto
  }
  moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   then obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [a, b]
     using corr list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
   then have \varphi: \varphi = a \lor \varphi = b
     by (metis append-self-conv2 wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-unary list.discI list.sel(3)
       nth-Cons-0 tl-append2)
   have \zeta \colon \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using ab c propo-rew-one-step-lift.prems by auto
   then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi'
     using ab IH \varphi corr no-T-F no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit by auto
   have \chi: \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [\varphi', b] \lor \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi']
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) ab append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2 butlast.simps(2)
       butlast-append list.distinct(1) list.sel(3))
   then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \zeta \varphi' ab by fastforce
   moreover
```

```
have no-T-F (last (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by (simp add: calculation)
      then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
       by (metis \chi \varphi' \zeta ab all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c last.simps list.distinct(1)
          list.set-intros(1) no-T-F-bin-decomp no-T-F-def)
    ultimately have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c \chi by fastforce
  moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x
    assume c = CVar \ x \lor c = CF \lor c = CT
    then have False using corr by auto
    then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by auto
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using corr wf-conn.cases by blast
lemma elim-imp-inv':
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
  {
      \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
     have H: elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \psi
        by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
    fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
    have propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \psi
      proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi
       and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
          assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
          from rel this have False
            apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
           by (cases rule: elim-imp.cases, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1,2))
          then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
        }
        moreover {
          assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
          then have no-T-F \varphi
           by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
          then have no-T-F \psi
           using rel propo-rew-step-ElimImp-no-T-F by blast
          then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
        ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
      qed
  }
  moreover {
     fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
     assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-imp \zeta \zeta
     and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
     and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
```

```
have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (<math>\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        by (simp add: corr\ no-T-F\ no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb wf-conn-list(1,2))
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: elim-imp.cases, auto)
        using wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper
        by (metis\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1))+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change no-T-F-symb-comp
        by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
    \mathbf{qed}
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc of elim-imp no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
   assms subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
10.3
         The new CNF and DNF transformation
The transformation is the same as before, but the order is not the same.
definition dnf\text{-}rew' :: 'a \ propo \Rightarrow 'a \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \textbf{where}
dnf-rew' =
  (full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim-imp))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushConj))
lemma dnf-rew'-consistent: preserves-un-sat dnf-rew'
 by (simp add: dnf-rew'-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant
   elimTBFull-consistent preserves-un-sat-OO pushConj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
theorem cnf-transformation-correction:
   dnf\text{-}rew' \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}dnf \varphi'
 unfolding dnf-rew'-def OO-def
  \mathbf{by} (meson and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj elim TBFull-full-propo-rew-step elim-equiv-inv'
   elim-imp-inv elim-imp-inv' is-dnf-def no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv
   no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp\ push\ Conj-full-propo-rew-step\ push\ Conj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step pushNeg-inv(1-3))
Given all the lemmas before the CNF transformation is easy to prove:
definition cnf\text{-}rew':: 'a \ propo \Rightarrow 'a \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \textbf{where}
cnf-rew' =
  (full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
```

and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c ($\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'$))

and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel ζ'

```
(full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushDisj))
lemma cnf-rew'-consistent: preserves-un-sat cnf-rew'
 by (simp add: cnf-rew'-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant
    elimTBFull-consistent preserves-un-sat-OO pushDisj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
theorem cnf'-transformation-correction:
  cnf\text{-}rew' \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}cnf \varphi'
 unfolding cnf-rew'-def OO-def
  by (meson elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step elim-equiv-inv' elim-imp-inv elim-imp-inv' is-cnf-def
   no\text{-}equiv\text{-}full\text{-}propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step\text{-}elim\text{-}equiv\ no\text{-}imp\text{-}full\text{-}propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step\text{-}elim\text{-}imp}
   or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj\ pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step\ pushDisj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step\ pushNeg-inv(1)\ pushNeg-inv(2)\ pushNeg-inv(3))
end
11
        Partial Clausal Logic
theory Partial-Clausal-Logic
imports ../lib/Clausal-Logic List-More
begin
11.1
         Clauses
Clauses are (finite) multisets of literals.
type-synonym 'a clause = 'a literal multiset
type-synonym 'v \ clauses = 'v \ clause \ set
         Partial Interpretations
11.2
type-synonym 'a interp = 'a literal set
definition true-lit :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool (infix \models l \ 50) where
 I \models l L \longleftrightarrow L \in I
declare true-lit-def[simp]
11.2.1
          Consistency
definition consistent-interp :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow bool where
consistent-interp I = (\forall L. \neg (L \in I \land -L \in I))
lemma consistent-interp-empty[simp]:
  consistent-interp {} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-single[simp]:
  consistent-interp \{L\} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-subset:
 assumes
   A \subseteq B and
   consistent-interp B
```

shows consistent-interp A

using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ consistent\text{-}interp\text{-}change\text{-}insert\text{:}
  a \notin A \Longrightarrow -a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent\text{-interp (insert } (-a) \ A) \longleftrightarrow consistent\text{-interp (insert } a \ A)
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by fastforce
lemma consistent-interp-insert-pos[simp]:
  a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp\ (insert\ a\ A) \longleftrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp\ A \land -a \notin A
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-insert-not-in:
  consistent-interp A \Longrightarrow a \notin A \Longrightarrow -a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent-interp (insert a A)
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
11.2.2
           Atoms
definition atms-of-ms :: 'a literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'a set where
atms-of-ms \psi s = \bigcup (atms-of '\psi s)
lemma atms-of-msultiset[simp]:
  atms-of (mset \ a) = atm-of 'set a
  by (induct a) auto
lemma atms-of-ms-mset-unfold:
  atms-of-ms (mset 'b) = (\bigcup x \in b. atm-of 'set x)
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by simp
definition atms-of-s :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a set where
  atms-of-s C = atm-of ' C
lemma atms-of-ms-emtpy-set[simp]:
  atms-of-ms \{\} = \{\}
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-memtpy[simp]:
  atms-of-ms \{\{\#\}\} = \{\}
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ atms	ext{-}of	ext{-}ms	ext{-}mono:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-finite[simp]:
 finite \psi s \Longrightarrow finite (atms-of-ms \ \psi s)
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-union[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (\psi s \cup \chi s) = atms-of-ms \psi s \cup atms-of-ms \chi s
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-insert[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (insert \psi s \chi s) = atms-of \psi s \cup atms-of-ms \chi s
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-singleton[simp]: atms-of-ms \{L\} = atms-of L
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
```

```
lemma atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[simp]:
  A \in \psi \Longrightarrow atms\text{-}of A \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by fastforce
lemma atms-of-ms-single-set-mset-atns-of[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (single 'set-mset B) = atms-of B
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def atms-of-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-remove-incl:
 shows atms-of-ms (Set.remove a \psi) \subseteq atms-of-ms \psi
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-remove-subset:
  atms-of-ms (\varphi - \psi) \subseteq atms-of-ms \varphi
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma finite-atms-of-ms-remove-subset[simp]:
 finite (atms-of-ms A) \Longrightarrow finite (atms-of-ms (A - C))
 using atms-of-ms-remove-subset[of A C] finite-subset by blast
lemma atms-of-ms-empty-iff:
  atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A=\{\}\longleftrightarrow A=\{\{\#\}\}\ \lor\ A=\{\}
 apply (rule iffI)
  apply (metis (no-types, lifting) atms-empty-iff-empty atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono insert-absorb
   singleton-iff singleton-insert-inj-eq' subsetI subset-empty)
 apply auto
 done
lemma in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms:
 assumes L \in \# C and C \in N
 shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ N
 using atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[of C N] assms by (simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of subset-iff)
lemma in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms:
 assumes C+\{\#L\#\}\in N
 shows atm-of L \in atms-of-ms N
 using in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms[of C + \{\#L\#\}\] assms by auto
lemma in-m-in-literals:
 assumes \{\#A\#\} + D \in \psi s
 shows atm\text{-}of A \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi s
 using assms by (auto dest: atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono)
lemma atms-of-s-union[simp]:
  atms-of-s (Ia \cup Ib) = atms-of-s Ia \cup atms-of-s Ib
 unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma atms-of-s-single[simp]:
  atms-of-s \{L\} = \{atm-of L\}
 unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma atms-of-s-insert[simp]:
  atms-of-s (insert\ L\ Ib) = \{atm-of\ L\} \cup\ atms-of-s\ Ib
 unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
```

```
lemma in-atms-of-s-decomp[iff]:
  P \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}s\ I \longleftrightarrow (Pos\ P \in I \lor Neg\ P \in I)\ (\mathbf{is}\ ?P \longleftrightarrow ?Q)
proof
  assume ?P
  then show ?Q unfolding atms-of-s-def by (metis image-iff literal.exhaust-sel)
next
  assume ?Q
  then show ?P unfolding atms-of-s-def by force
qed
lemma atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus:
  atm\text{-}of\ L'\in atm\text{-}of\ `B\Longrightarrow L'\in B\lor-L'\in B
 using atms-of-s-def by (cases L') fastforce+
11.2.3
            Totality
definition total-over-set :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow bool where
total-over-set I S = (\forall l \in S. Pos l \in I \lor Neg l \in I)
definition total-over-m :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
total-over-m \ I \ \psi s = total-over-set I \ (atms-of-ms \ \psi s)
lemma total-over-set-empty[simp]:
  total-over-set I \{ \}
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-empty[simp]:
  total-over-m \ I \ \{\}
  unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-single[iff]:
  total-over-set I \{L\} \longleftrightarrow (Pos \ L \in I \lor Neg \ L \in I)
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-insert[iff]:
  total-over-set I (insert L Ls) \longleftrightarrow ((Pos L \in I \lor Neg L \in I) \land total-over-set I Ls)
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-union[iff]:
  total-over-set I (Ls \cup Ls') \longleftrightarrow (total-over-set I Ls \wedge total-over-set I Ls')
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ B \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ A
  using atms-of-ms-mono[of A] unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-sum[iff]:
  shows total-over-m I \{C + D\} \longleftrightarrow (total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \{C\} \land total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \{D\})
  using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-union[iff]:
  total-over-m\ I\ (A\cup B)\longleftrightarrow (total-over-m\ I\ A\wedge total-over-m\ I\ B)
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-insert[iff]:
  total-over-m\ I\ (insert\ a\ A) \longleftrightarrow (total-over-set I\ (atms-of\ a)\ \land\ total-over-m\ I\ A)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\text{-}extension:
  fixes I :: 'v \ literal \ set \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses
  assumes total: total-over-m I A
  shows \exists I'. total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup B)
    \land (\forall x \in I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
proof -
  let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of-ms \ B \land v \notin atms-of-ms \ A\}
  have (\forall x \in ?I'. atm\text{-}of x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms B \land atm\text{-}of x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A) by auto
  moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') (A \cup B)
    using total unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma total-over-m-consistent-extension:
  fixes I :: 'v \ literal \ set \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses
  assumes total: total-over-m I A
  and cons: consistent-interp I
  shows \exists I'. total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup B)
    \land \ (\forall \, x{\in}I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \ \land \ atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A) \ \land \ consistent\text{-}interp \ (I \cup I')
  let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of-ms \ B \land v \notin atms-of-ms \ A \land Pos \ v \notin I \land Neg \ v \notin I\}
  have (\forall x \in ?I'. atm\text{-}of \ x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A) by auto
  moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') (A \cup B)
    using total unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover have consistent-interp (I \cup ?I')
    using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by (intro allI) (rename-tac L, case-tac L, auto)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma total-over-set-atms-of[simp]:
  total-over-set Ia (atms-of-s Ia)
  unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by (metis image-iff literal.exhaust-sel)
lemma total-over-set-literal-defined:
  assumes \{\#A\#\} + D \in \psi s
  and total-over-set I (atms-of-ms \psi s)
  shows A \in I \vee -A \in I
  \textbf{using} \ \textit{assms} \ \textbf{unfolding} \ \textit{total-over-set-def} \ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis} \ (\textit{no-types}) \ \textit{Neg-atm-of-iff} \ \textit{in-m-in-literals}
    literal.collapse(1) uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
lemma tot-over-m-remove:
  assumes total-over-m (I \cup \{L\}) \{\psi\}
  and L: \neg L \in \# \psi - L \notin \# \psi
  shows total-over-m I \{ \psi \}
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
proof
  \mathbf{fix} l
  assume l: l \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{\psi\}
  then have Pos \ l \in I \lor Neg \ l \in I \lor l = atm\text{-}of \ L
    using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover have atm-of L \notin atms-of-ms \{\psi\}
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?thesis
```

```
then have atm\text{-}of L \in atms\text{-}of \psi by auto
      then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ L) \in \#\ \psi \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ L) \in \#\ \psi
       using atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit by metis
      then have L \in \# \psi \lor - L \in \# \psi by (cases L) auto
      then show False using L by auto
   qed
  ultimately show Pos l \in I \vee Neg \ l \in I using l by metis
qed
lemma total-union:
 assumes total-over-m I \psi
 shows total-over-m (I \cup I') \psi
 using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-union-2:
 assumes total-over-m I \psi
 and total-over-m I' \psi'
 shows total-over-m (I \cup I') (\psi \cup \psi')
  using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
11.2.4
            Interpretations
definition true-cls :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models 50) where
  I \models C \longleftrightarrow (\exists L \in \# C. I \models l L)
lemma true-cls-empty[iff]: \neg I \models \{\#\}
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-singleton[iff]: I \models \{\#L\#\} \longleftrightarrow I \models l L
  unfolding true-cls-def by (auto split:split-if-asm)
lemma true\text{-}cls\text{-}union[iff]: I \models C + D \longleftrightarrow I \models C \lor I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mono-set-mset: set-mset C \subseteq set-mset D \Longrightarrow I \models C \Longrightarrow I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def subset-eq Bex-mset-def by (metis mem-set-mset-iff)
lemma true-cls-mono-leD[dest]: A <math>\subseteq \# B \Longrightarrow I \models A \Longrightarrow I \models B
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma
 assumes I \models \psi
 shows true-cls-union-increase[simp]: I \cup I' \models \psi
 and true-cls-union-increase'[simp]: I' \cup I \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mono-set-mset-l:
  assumes A \models \psi
 and A \subseteq B
 shows B \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-replicate-mset [iff]: I \models replicate-mset \ n \ L \longleftrightarrow n \neq 0 \land I \models l \ L
  by (induct \ n) auto
lemma true-cls-empty-entails[iff]: \neg {} \models N
```

```
by (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
{f lemma} true-cls-not-in-remove:
  assumes L \notin \# \chi
  and I \cup \{L\} \models \chi
  shows I \models \chi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
definition true\text{-}clss: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models s \ 50) where
  I \models s \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in CC. \ I \models C)
lemma true-clss-empty[simp]: I \models s \{ \}
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-singleton[iff]: I \models s \{C\} \longleftrightarrow I \models C
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-empty-entails-empty[iff]: \{\} \models s \ N \longleftrightarrow N = \{\}
  unfolding true-clss-def by (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
lemma true-cls-insert-l [simp]:
  M \models A \Longrightarrow insert \ L \ M \models A
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-union[iff]: I \models s \ CC \cup DD \longleftrightarrow I \models s \ CC \land I \models s \ DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-insert[iff]: I \models s insert C DD \longleftrightarrow I \models C \land I \models s DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true\text{-}clss\text{-}mono: DD \subseteq CC \Longrightarrow I \models s CC \Longrightarrow I \models s DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-union-increase[simp]:
assumes I \models s \psi
shows I \cup I' \models s \psi
 using assms unfolding true-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-union-increase'[simp]:
assumes I' \models s \psi
 shows I \cup I' \models s \psi
 using assms by (auto simp add: true-clss-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}commute\text{-}l\text{:}
  (I \cup I' \models s \psi) \longleftrightarrow (I' \cup I \models s \psi)
  by (simp add: Un-commute)
lemma model-remove[simp]: I \models s N \Longrightarrow I \models s Set.remove a N
  by (simp add: true-clss-def)
lemma model-remove-minus[simp]: I \models s N \Longrightarrow I \models s N - A
  by (simp add: true-clss-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ not in\text{-}vars\text{-}union\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{:}
  assumes \forall x \in I'. atm\text{-}of x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A
```

```
and atms-of L \subseteq atms-of-ms A
 and I \cup I' \models L
 shows I \models L
 using assms unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def Bex-mset-def
 by (metis Un-iff atm-of-lit-in-atms-of contra-subsetD)
{f lemma}\ notin-vars-union-true-clss-true-clss:
 assumes \forall x \in I'. atm\text{-}of x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A
 and atms-of-ms L \subseteq atms-of-ms A
 and I \cup I' \models s L
 shows I \models s L
 using assms unfolding true-clss-def true-lit-def Ball-def
 by (meson atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono notin-vars-union-true-cls-true-cls subset-trans)
11.2.5
           Satisfiability
definition satisfiable :: 'a clause set <math>\Rightarrow bool where
 satisfiable CC \equiv \exists I. (I \models s \ CC \land consistent-interp \ I \land total-over-m \ I \ CC)
lemma satisfiable-single[simp]:
  satisfiable \{ \{ \#L\# \} \}
 unfolding satisfiable-def by fastforce
abbreviation unsatisfiable :: 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
  unsatisfiable\ CC \equiv \neg\ satisfiable\ CC
lemma satisfiable-decreasing:
 assumes satisfiable (\psi \cup \psi')
 shows satisfiable \psi
 using assms total-over-m-union unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
lemma satisfiable-def-min:
 satisfiable CC
   \longleftrightarrow (\exists I.\ I \models s\ CC \land consistent\_interp\ I \land total\_over\_m\ I\ CC \land atm\_of`I = atms\_of\_ms\ CC)
   (is ?sat \longleftrightarrow ?B)
 assume ?B then show ?sat by (auto simp add: satisfiable-def)
next
 assume ?sat
 then obtain I where
   I\text{-}CC: I \models s \ CC \ \mathbf{and}
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   tot: total-over-m I CC
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
 let ?I = \{P. P \in I \land atm\text{-}of P \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ CC\}
 have I-CC: ?I \models s \ CC
   using I-CC in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def true-cls-def
   Bex-mset-def true-lit-def
   by blast
  moreover have cons: consistent-interp ?I
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
  moreover have total-over-m ?I CC
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
 moreover
```

```
have atms-CC-incl: atms-of-ms CC \subseteq atm-of'I
      using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def
      by (auto simp add: atms-of-def atms-of-s-def[symmetric])
    have atm\text{-}of '?I = atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms CC
      using atms-CC-incl unfolding atms-of-ms-def by force
  ultimately show ?B by auto
qed
11.2.6
            Entailment for Multisets of Clauses
definition true-cls-mset :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix \models m \ 50) where
  I \models_{} m \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in \# \ CC. \ I \models C)
lemma true-cls-mset-empty[simp]: I \models m \{\#\}
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mset-singleton[iff]: I \models m \{ \# C \# \} \longleftrightarrow I \models C
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by (auto split: split-if-asm)
lemma true\text{-}cls\text{-}mset\text{-}union[iff]: I \models m CC + DD \longleftrightarrow I \models m CC \land I \models m DD
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-mset-image-mset [iff]: I \models m image-mset f A \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in \# A. I \models f x)
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-mset-mono: set-mset DD \subseteq set-mset CC \Longrightarrow I \models m \ CC \Longrightarrow I \models m \ DD
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def subset-iff by auto
lemma true-clss-set-mset[iff]: I \models s set-mset CC \longleftrightarrow I \models m CC
  unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-mset-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mset-increasing-r[simp]:
  I \models m \ CC \Longrightarrow I \cup J \models m \ CC
  \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{true\text{-}\mathit{cls}\text{-}\mathit{mset}\text{-}\mathit{def}} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{auto}
\textbf{theorem} \ \textit{true-cls-remove-unused} :
  assumes I \models \psi
  shows \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ \psi\} \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def atms-of-def by auto
theorem true-clss-remove-unused:
  assumes I \models s \psi
  shows \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\} \models s \ \psi
  unfolding true-clss-def atms-of-def Ball-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} \ x
  assume x \in \psi
  then have I \models x
    using assms unfolding true-clss-def atms-of-def Ball-def by auto
  then have \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ x\} \models x
    by (simp\ only:\ true-cls-remove-unused[of\ I])
  moreover have \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ x\} \subseteq \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\}
    using \langle x \in \psi \rangle by (auto simp add: atms-of-ms-def)
  ultimately show \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\} \models x
    using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l by blast
```

qed A simple application of the previous theorem: $\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}decrease:$ assumes II': $I \cup I' \models \psi$ and $H: \forall v \in I'$. $atm\text{-}of \ v \notin atms\text{-}of \ \psi$ shows $I \models \psi$ proof let $?I = \{v \in I \cup I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ \psi\}$ have $?I \models \psi$ using true-cls-remove-unused II' by blast moreover have $?I \subseteq I$ using H by autoultimately show ?thesis using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l by blast qed **lemma** *multiset-not-empty*: assumes $M \neq \{\#\}$ and $x \in \# M$ shows $\exists A. \ x = Pos \ A \lor x = Neg \ A$ using assms literal.exhaust-sel by blast **lemma** atms-of-ms-empty: fixes $\psi :: 'v \ clauses$ assumes atms-of-ms $\psi = \{\}$ **shows** $\psi = \{\} \lor \psi = \{\{\#\}\}\$ using assms by (auto simp add: atms-of-ms-def) **lemma** consistent-interp-disjoint: assumes consI: consistent-interp I and disj: atms-of-s $A \cap atms$ -of-s $I = \{\}$ and consA: consistent-interp A **shows** consistent-interp $(A \cup I)$ **proof** (rule ccontr) assume ¬ ?thesis moreover have $\bigwedge L$. $\neg (L \in A \land -L \in I)$ using disj unfolding atms-of-s-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI) ultimately show False using consA consI unfolding consistent-interp-def by (metis (full-types) Un-iff literal.exhaust-sel uminus-Neg uminus-Pos) qed lemma total-remove-unused: assumes total-over- $m\ I\ \psi$ **shows** total-over-m $\{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\} \ \psi$ using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by (metis (lifting) literal.sel(1,2) mem-Collect-eq)**lemma** true-cls-remove-hd-if-notin-vars:

```
assumes insert a M' \models D
  and atm-of a \notin atms-of D
  shows M' \models D
  using assms by (auto simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of true-cls-def)
lemma total-over-set-atm-of:
 fixes I :: 'v interp and K :: 'v set
  shows total-over-set I \ K \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ l \in K. \ l \in (atm\text{-}of \ `I))
```

11.2.7 Tautologies

```
definition tautology (\psi:: 'v \ clause) \equiv \forall I. \ total-over-set \ I \ (atms-of \ \psi) \longrightarrow I \models \psi
lemma tautology-Pos-Neg[intro]:
 assumes Pos \ p \in \# \ A and Neg \ p \in \# \ A
 shows tautology A
 using assms unfolding tautology-def total-over-set-def true-cls-def Bex-mset-def
 by (meson atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit true-lit-def)
lemma tautology-minus[simp]:
 assumes L \in \# A and -L \in \# A
 shows tautology A
 by (metis assms literal.exhaust tautology-Pos-Neg uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
lemma tautology-exists-Pos-Neg:
 assumes tautology \psi
 shows \exists p. Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg p \in \# \psi
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume p: \neg (\exists p. Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg p \in \# \psi)
 let ?I = \{-L \mid L. \ L \in \# \psi\}
 have total-over-set ?I (atms-of \psi)
   unfolding total-over-set-def using atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit by force
 moreover have \neg ?I \models \psi
   unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def Bex-mset-def apply clarify
   using p by (rename-tac x L, case-tac L) fastforce+
 ultimately show False using assms unfolding tautology-def by auto
qed
lemma tautology-decomp:
  tautology \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ \psi \land Neg \ p \in \# \ \psi)
 using tautology-exists-Pos-Neg by auto
lemma tautology-false[simp]: \neg tautology {#}
 unfolding tautology-def by auto
lemma tautology-add-single:
  tautology (\{\#a\#\} + L) \longleftrightarrow tautology L \lor -a \in \#L
 unfolding tautology-decomp by (cases a) auto
lemma minus-interp-tautology:
 assumes \{-L \mid L. L \in \# \chi\} \models \chi
 shows tautology \chi
proof -
 obtain L where L \in \# \chi \land -L \in \# \chi
   using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using tautology-decomp literal.exhaust uminus-Neq uminus-Pos by metis
qed
lemma remove-literal-in-model-tautology:
 assumes I \cup \{Pos \ P\} \models \varphi
 and I \cup \{Neg P\} \models \varphi
 shows I \models \varphi \lor tautology \varphi
 using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ tautology\text{-}imp\text{-}tautology\text{:}
  fixes \chi \chi' :: 'v \ clause
  assumes \forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models \chi' \ \text{and} \ tautology \ \chi
  shows tautology \chi' unfolding tautology-def
proof (intro allI HOL.impI)
  fix I :: 'v \ literal \ set
  assume totI: total-over-set I (atms-of \chi')
  let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of \ \chi \land v \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
  have totI': total-over-m (I \cup ?I') \{\chi\} unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  then have \chi: I \cup \mathcal{I}' \models \chi using assms(2) unfolding total-over-m-def tautology-def by simp
  then have I \cup (?I'-I) \models \chi' \text{ using } assms(1) \text{ } totI' \text{ by } auto
  moreover have \bigwedge L. L \in \# \chi' \Longrightarrow L \notin ?I'
    using totI unfolding total-over-set-def by (auto dest: pos-lit-in-atms-of)
  ultimately show I \models \chi' unfolding true-cls-def by auto
qed
11.2.8
              Entailment for clauses and propositions
definition true-cls-cls :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models f 49) where
\psi \models f \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (\{\psi\} \cup \{\chi\}) \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models \psi \longrightarrow I \models \chi)
definition true-cls-clss :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models fs 49) where
\psi \models fs \ \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total \ over \ m \ I \ (\{\psi\} \cup \chi) \longrightarrow consistent \ interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models \psi \longrightarrow I \models s \ \chi)
definition true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls:: 'a\ clauses \Rightarrow 'a\ clause \Rightarrow bool\ (infix \models p\ 49)\ where
N \models p \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (N \cup \{\chi\}) \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models s \ N \longrightarrow I \models \chi)
definition true-clss-clss: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models ps \ 49) where
N \models ps \ N' \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (N \cup N') \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models s \ N \longrightarrow I \models s \ N')
lemma true-cls-refl[simp]:
  A \models f A
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-cls-insert-l[simp]:
  a \models f C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models p \ C
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def true-clss-def true-clss-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-clss-empty[iff]:
  N \models fs \{\}
  unfolding true-cls-clss-def by auto
lemma true-prop-true-clause[iff]:
  \{\varphi\} \models p \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \varphi \models f \ \psi
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-true-clss-cls[iff]:
  N \models ps \{\psi\} \longleftrightarrow N \models p \psi
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-true-cls-clss[iff]:
  \{\chi\} \models ps \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \chi \models fs \ \psi
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-cls-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-empty[simp]:
```

```
N \models ps \{\}
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
{f lemma} true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow B \models p \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union by (simp add: total-over-m-subset true-clss-mono)
lemma true-clss-cs-mono-l[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models p \ CC
 by (auto intro: true-clss-cls-subset)
lemma true-clss-cs-mono-l2[simp]:
  B \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models p \ CC
  by (auto intro: true-clss-cls-subset)
lemma true-clss-cls-mono-r[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC + CC'
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union total-over-m-sum by blast
lemma true-clss-cls-mono-r'[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC' \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC + CC'
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union total-over-m-sum by blast
lemma true-clss-clss-union-l[simp]:
  A \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-clss-union-l-r[simp]:
  B \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-cls-in[simp]:
  CC \in A \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-cls-insert-l[simp]:
  A \models p C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models p \ C
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def using total-over-m-union
 by (metis Un-iff insert-is-Un sup.commute)
lemma true-clss-clss-insert-l[simp]:
  A \models ps \ C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models ps \ C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-def true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-clss-union-and[iff]:
  A \models ps \ C \cup D \longleftrightarrow (A \models ps \ C \land A \models ps \ D)
proof
   fix A \ C \ D :: 'a \ clauses
   assume A: A \models ps \ C \cup D
   have A \models ps C
       unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def insert-def total-over-m-insert
      proof (intro allI impI)
       assume totAC: total-over-m\ I\ (A\cup\ C)
```

```
and cons: consistent-interp I
       and I: I \models s A
       then have tot: total-over-m I A and tot': total-over-m I C by auto
       obtain I' where tot': total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup C \cup D)
       and cons': consistent-interp (I \cup I')
       and H: \forall x \in I'. atm\text{-}of \ x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ D \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (A \cup C)
          using total-over-m-consistent-extension [OF - cons, of A \cup C] tot tot' by blast
        moreover have I \cup I' \models s A using I by simp
       ultimately have I \cup I' \models s \ C \cup D \ \text{using} \ A \ \text{unfolding} \ \textit{true-clss-clss-def} \ \ \text{by} \ \textit{auto}
       then have I \cup I' \models s \ C \cup D by auto
       then show I \models s \ C using notin-vars-union-true-clss-true-clss[of I' \mid H by auto
      qed
  } note H = this
  assume A \models ps \ C \cup D
  then show A \models ps C \land A \models ps D using H[of A] Un-commute [of C D] by metis
  assume A \models ps \ C \land A \models ps \ D
  then show A \models ps \ C \cup D
    unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
qed
lemma true-clss-clss-insert[iff]:
  A \models ps \ insert \ L \ Ls \longleftrightarrow (A \models p \ L \land A \models ps \ Ls)
 using true-clss-clss-union-and[of\ A\ \{L\}\ Ls] by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow A \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow B \models ps \ CC
 by (metis subset-Un-eq true-clss-clss-union-l)
lemma union-trus-clss-clss[simp]: A \cup B \models ps B
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-remove[simp]:
  A \models ps \ B \Longrightarrow A \models ps \ B - C
 by (metis Un-Diff-Int true-clss-clss-union-and)
lemma true-clss-clss-subsetE:
  N \models ps \ B \Longrightarrow A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow N \models ps \ A
 by (metis sup.orderE true-clss-clss-union-and)
lemma true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls:
  assumes N \models ps \ U
 and A \in U
 shows N \models p A
  using assms mk-disjoint-insert by fastforce
lemma all-in-true-clss-clss: \forall x \in B. \ x \in A \Longrightarrow A \models ps \ B
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-left-right:
  assumes A \models ps B
  and A \cup B \models ps M
  shows A \models ps M \cup B
  using assms unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
```

```
{f lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}generalise\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss:
  A \cup C \models ps D \Longrightarrow B \models ps C \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps D
proof -
  assume a1: A \cup C \models ps D
 assume B \models ps \ C
  then have f2: \land M. \ M \cup B \models ps \ C
   by (meson true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
 have \bigwedge M. C \cup (M \cup A) \models ps D
   using a1 by (simp add: Un-commute sup-left-commute)
  then show ?thesis
   using f2 by (metis (no-types) Un-commute true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{:}
  assumes D: N \models p D + \{\#-L\#\}
 and C: N \models p C + \{\#L\#\}
 shows N \models p D + C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  assume tot: total-over-m I (N \cup \{D + C\})
  and consistent-interp I
  and I \models s N
  {
   assume L: L \in I \vee -L \in I
   then have total-over-m I \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}\
     using tot by (cases L) auto
   then have I \models D + \{\#-L\#\} using D (I \models s N) tot (consistent-interp I)
     unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   moreover
     have total-over-m I \{C + \{\#L\#\}\}\
       using L tot by (cases L) auto
     then have I \models C + \{\#L\#\}
       using C \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-}interp I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have I \models D + C using \langle consistent\text{-}interp\ I \rangle consistent-interp-def by fastforce
  moreover {
   assume L: L \notin I \land -L \notin I
   let ?I' = I \cup \{L\}
   have consistent-interp ?I' using L \land consistent-interp I \land by auto
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}\
     using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' N using tot using total-union by blast
   moreover have ?I' \models s \ N \text{ using } (I \models s \ N) \text{ using } true-clss-union-increase by blast
   ultimately have ?I' \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
     using D unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
   then have ?I' \models D using L by auto
   moreover
     have total-over-set I (atms-of (D + C)) using tot by auto
     then have L \notin \# D \land -L \notin \# D
       using L unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-def by (cases L) force+
    ultimately have I \models D + C unfolding true-cls-def by auto
  ultimately show I \models D + C by blast
qed
```

```
lemma true-cls-union-mset[iff]: I \models C \# \cup D \longleftrightarrow I \models C \lor I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def by force
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}union\text{-}mset\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{:}
  assumes D: N \models p D + \{\#-L\#\}
 and C: N \models p C + \{\#L\#\}
 shows N \models p D \# \cup C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} I
 assume
   tot: total-over-m I (N \cup \{D \# \cup C\}) and
   consistent-interp I and
   I \models s N
  {
   assume L: L \in I \vee -L \in I
   then have total-over-m I \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
      using tot by (cases L) auto
   then have I \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
      using D \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-interp } I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   moreover
      have total-over-m I \{C + \{\#L\#\}\}
       using L tot by (cases L) auto
      then have I \models C + \{\#L\#\}
       using C \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-interp } I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have I \models D \# \cup C using \langle consistent\text{-}interp \ I \rangle unfolding consistent-interp-def
   by auto
  }
  moreover {
   assume L: L \notin I \land -L \notin I
   let ?I' = I \cup \{L\}
   have consistent-interp ?I' using L \land consistent-interp I > by auto
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}\
      using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' N using tot using total-union by blast
   moreover have ?I' \models s \ N \ using \ \langle I \models s \ N \rangle using true-clss-union-increase by blast
   ultimately have ?I' \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
      using D unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
   then have ?I' \models D using L by auto
   moreover
      have total-over-set I (atms-of (D + C)) using tot by auto
      then have L \notin \# D \land -L \notin \# D
       using L unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-def by (cases L) force+
   ultimately have I \models D \# \cup C unfolding true-cls-def by auto
 ultimately show I \models D \# \cup C by blast
qed
lemma satisfiable-carac[iff]:
  (\exists I. \ consistent\ interp\ I \land I \models s\ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow satisfiable\ \varphi\ (is\ (\exists I.\ ?Q\ I) \longleftrightarrow ?S)
proof
 assume ?S
  then show \exists I. ?Q I unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
\mathbf{next}
```

```
assume \exists I. ?Q I
  then obtain I where cons: consistent-interp I and I: I \models s \varphi by metis
  let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \notin atms-of-s \ I \land v \in atms-of-ms \ \varphi\}
  have consistent-interp (I \cup ?I')
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by (intro allI) (rename-tac L, case-tac L, auto)
  moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') \varphi
    unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover have I \cup ?I' \models s \varphi
   using I unfolding Ball-def true-clss-def true-cls-def by auto
  ultimately show ?S unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
qed
lemma satisfiable-carac'[simp]: consistent-interp I \Longrightarrow I \models s \varphi \Longrightarrow satisfiable \varphi
  using satisfiable-carac by metis
11.3
          Subsumptions
{f lemma}\ subsumption\mbox{-}total\mbox{-}over\mbox{-}m:
 assumes A \subseteq \# B
 shows total-over-m I \{B\} \Longrightarrow total-over-m I \{A\}
  using assms unfolding subset-mset-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
  by (auto simp add: mset-le-exists-conv)
lemma atms-of-replicate-mset-replicate-mset-uminus[simp]:
  atms-of\ (D-replicate-mset\ (count\ D\ L)\ L-replicate-mset\ (count\ D\ (-L))\ (-L))
    = atms-of D - \{atm-of L\}
  by (auto split: split-if-asm simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of atms-of-def)
lemma subsumption-chained:
  assumes
   \forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{D\} \longrightarrow I \models \mathcal{D} \longrightarrow I \models \varphi \ \text{and}
    C \subseteq \# D
 shows (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C\} \longrightarrow I \models C \longrightarrow I \models \varphi) \lor tautology \varphi
  using assms
proof (induct card {Pos v \mid v. v \in atms-of D \land v \notin atms-of C}) arbitrary: D
    rule: nat-less-induct-case)
  case \theta note n = this(1) and H = this(2) and incl = this(3)
  then have atms-of D \subseteq atms-of C by auto
  then have \forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{D\}
    unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover have \forall I. \ I \models C \longrightarrow I \models D \text{ using } incl \ true\text{-}cls\text{-}mono\text{-}leD \text{ by } blast
  ultimately show ?case using H by auto
  case (Suc n D) note IH = this(1) and card = this(2) and H = this(3) and incl = this(4)
 let ?atms = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of \ D \land v \notin atms-of \ C\}
 have finite ?atms by auto
  then obtain L where L: L \in ?atms
   using card by (metis (no-types, lifting) Collect-empty-eq card-0-eq mem-Collect-eq
     nat.simps(3)
 let ?D' = D - replicate\text{-mset} (count D L) L - replicate\text{-mset} (count D (-L)) (-L)
 have atms-of-D: atms-of-ms \{D\} \subseteq atms-of-ms \{PD'\} \cup \{atm-of L\} by auto
   \mathbf{fix} I
   assume total-over-m I \{?D'\}
   then have tot: total-over-m (I \cup \{L\}) \{D\}
```

```
unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def using atms-of-D by auto
   assume IDL: I \models ?D'
   then have I \cup \{L\} \models D unfolding true-cls-def by force
   then have I \cup \{L\} \models \varphi \text{ using } H \text{ tot by } auto
   moreover
     have tot': total-over-m (I \cup \{-L\}) \{D\}
       using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
     have I \cup \{-L\} \models D using IDL unfolding true-cls-def by force
     then have I \cup \{-L\} \models \varphi \text{ using } H \text{ tot' by } auto
   ultimately have I \models \varphi \lor tautology \varphi
     using L remove-literal-in-model-tautology by force
  } note H' = this
 have L \notin \# C and -L \notin \# C using L atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit by force+
 then have C-in-D': C \subseteq \# ?D' using (C \subseteq \# D) by (auto simp add: subseteq-mset-def)
 have card \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of \ ?D' \land v \notin atms-of \ C\} < v \in atms-of \ C
   card \{ Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ D \land v \notin atms\text{-}of \ C \}
   using L by (auto intro!: psubset-card-mono)
  then show ?case
   using IH C-in-D' H' unfolding card[symmetric] by blast
qed
         Removing Duplicates
11.4
lemma tautology-remdups-mset[iff]:
  tautology (remdups-mset C) \longleftrightarrow tautology C
 unfolding tautology-decomp by auto
lemma atms-of-remdups-mset[simp]: atms-of (remdups-mset <math>C) = atms-of C
 unfolding atms-of-def by auto
lemma true-cls-remdups-mset [iff]: I \models remdups-mset C \longleftrightarrow I \models C
 unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-cls-remdups-mset[iff]: A \models p remdups-mset C \longleftrightarrow A \models p C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-def by auto
         Set of all Simple Clauses
11.5
definition simple-clss :: 'v \ set \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ set \ where
simple-clss \ atms = \{C. \ atms-of \ C \subseteq atms \land \neg tautology \ C \land distinct-mset \ C\}
lemma simple-clss-empty[simp]:
 simple-clss \{\} = \{\{\#\}\}
 unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
lemma simple-clss-insert:
 assumes l \notin atms
 shows simple-clss (insert\ l\ atms) =
```

 $(op + \{\#Pos \ l\#\})$ ' $(simple\text{-}clss \ atms)$ $\cup (op + \{\#Neg \ l\#\})$ ' $(simple\text{-}clss \ atms)$

 $\cup simple\text{-}clss atms(\mathbf{is} ?I = ?U)$

proof (standard; standard)

 $\mathbf{fix} \ C$

```
assume C \in ?I
  then have
   atms: atms-of C \subseteq insert\ l\ atms and
   taut: \neg tautology \ C and
   dist: distinct\text{-}mset \ C
   unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
  have H: \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ C \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ x \in insert \ l \ atms
   using atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms by blast
  consider
     (Add) L where L \in \# C and L = Neg \ l \lor L = Pos \ l
   | (No) Pos l \notin \# C Neg l \notin \# C
   by auto
  then show C \in ?U
   proof cases
     case Add
     then have L \notin \# C - \{\#L\#\}
       using dist unfolding distinct-mset-def by auto
     moreover have -L \notin \# C
       using taut Add by auto
     ultimately have atms-of (C - \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms
       using atms Add by (auto simp: atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit split: split-if-asm dest!: H)
     moreover have \neg tautology (C - \{\#L\#\})
       using taut by (metis\ Add(1)\ insert\text{-}DiffM\ tautology\text{-}add\text{-}single)
     moreover have distinct-mset (C - \{\#L\#\})
      using dist by auto
     ultimately have (C - \{\#L\#\}) \in simple\text{-}clss\ atms
      using Add unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
     moreover have C = \{\#L\#\} + (C - \{\#L\#\})
       using Add by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
     ultimately show ?thesis using Add by auto
   next
     case No
     then have C \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms
       using taut atms dist unfolding simple-clss-def
      by (auto simp: atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit split: split-if-asm dest!: H)
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
next
 \mathbf{fix} \ C
 assume C \in ?U
 then consider
     (Add) L C' where C = \{\#L\#\} + C' \text{ and } C' \in simple-clss atms and \}
       L = Pos \ l \lor L = Neg \ l
   | (No) C \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms
   by auto
 then show C \in ?I
   proof cases
     case No
     then show ?thesis unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
     case (Add \ L \ C') note C' = this(1) and C = this(2) and L = this(3)
     then have
       atms: atms-of C' \subseteq atms and
       taut: \neg tautology C' and
```

```
dist: distinct-mset C'
       unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
     have atms-of C \subseteq insert\ l\ atms
       using atms C'L by auto
     moreover have \neg tautology C
       \mathbf{using} \ taut \ C' \ L \ \mathbf{by} \ (metis \ assms \ atm-of-lit-in-atms-of \ atms \ literal.sel(1,2) \ subset-eq
         tautology-add-single uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
     moreover have distinct-mset C
       using dist C' L
       by (metis assms atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms contra-subsetD distinct-mset-add-single
         literal.sel(1,2)
     ultimately show ?thesis unfolding simple-clss-def by blast
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple\text{-}clss\text{-}finite:
 fixes atms :: 'v set
 assumes finite atms
 shows finite (simple-clss atms)
 using assms by (induction rule: finite-induct) (auto simp: simple-clss-insert)
lemma simple-clssE:
 assumes
   x \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms
 shows atms-of x \subseteq atms \land \neg tautology x \land distinct-mset x
 using assms unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
lemma cls-in-simple-clss:
 shows \{\#\} \in simple\text{-}clss\ s
 unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
lemma simple-clss-card:
 fixes atms :: 'v \ set
 assumes finite atms
 shows card (simple-clss\ atms) \le (3::nat) \cap (card\ atms)
 using assms
proof (induct atms rule: finite-induct)
 case empty
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (insert l C) note fin = this(1) and l = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have notin:
   \bigwedge C'. \{\#Pos\ l\#\} + C' \notin simple\text{-}clss\ C
   \bigwedge C'. \{\# Neg \ l\#\} + C' \notin simple\text{-}clss \ C
   using l unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
 have H: \bigwedge C' D. \{\#Pos \ l\#\} + C' = \{\#Neg \ l\#\} + D \Longrightarrow D \in simple-clss \ C \Longrightarrow False
   proof -
     \mathbf{fix} \ C' \ D
     assume C'D: \{\#Pos\ l\#\} + C' = \{\#Neg\ l\#\} + D and D: D \in simple\text{-}clss\ C
     then have Pos l \in \# D by (metis insert-noteg-member literal.distinct(1) union-commute)
     then have l \in atms-of D
       by (simp add: atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit)
     then show False using D l unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
 let ?P = (op + \{\#Pos \ l\#\}) ' (simple-clss \ C)
```

```
let ?N = (op + \{\#Neg \ l\#\}) ' (simple-clss \ C)
 let ?O = simple - clss C
  have card (?P \cup ?N \cup ?O) = card (?P \cup ?N) + card ?O
   apply (subst card-Un-disjoint)
   using l fin by (auto simp: simple-clss-finite notin)
  moreover have card (?P \cup ?N) = card ?P + card ?N
   apply (subst card-Un-disjoint)
   using l fin H by (auto simp: simple-clss-finite notin)
  moreover
   have card ?P = card ?O
      using inj-on-iff-eq-card [of ?O op + \{ \#Pos \ l\# \} ]
      by (auto simp: fin simple-clss-finite inj-on-def)
  moreover have card ?N = card ?O
      using inj-on-iff-eq-card[of ?O op + \{\#Neg \ l\#\}]
      by (auto simp: fin simple-clss-finite inj-on-def)
 moreover have (3::nat) ^{\circ} card (insert\ l\ C) = 3 ^{\circ} (card\ C) + 3 ^{\circ} (card\ C) + 3 ^{\circ} (card\ C)
   using l by (simp add: fin mult-2-right numeral-3-eq-3)
  ultimately show ?case using IH l by (auto simp: simple-clss-insert)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple\text{-}clss\text{-}mono:
  assumes incl: atms \subseteq atms'
 shows simple-clss\ atms \subseteq simple-clss\ atms'
  using assms unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}not\text{-}tautology\text{-}implies\text{-}in\text{-}simple\text{-}clss\text{:}}
  assumes distinct-mset \chi and \neg tautology \chi
 shows \chi \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of \chi)
  using assms unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
{f lemma}\ simplified\mbox{-}in\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}clss:
 assumes distinct-mset-set \psi and \forall \chi \in \psi. \neg tautology \chi
 shows \psi \subseteq simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi)
  using assms unfolding simple-clss-def
  by (auto simp: distinct-mset-set-def atms-of-ms-def)
11.6
          Experiment: Expressing the Entailments as Locales
locale entail =
  fixes entail :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool (infix \models e \ 50)
  assumes entail-insert[simp]: I \neq \{\} \implies insert \ L \ I \models e \ x \longleftrightarrow \{L\} \models e \ x \lor I \models e \ x
 assumes entail-union[simp]: I \models e A \Longrightarrow I \cup I' \models e A
begin
definition entails :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'b set \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelses 50) where
  I \models es A \longleftrightarrow (\forall a \in A. I \models e a)
lemma entails-empty[simp]:
  I \models es \{\}
  unfolding entails-def by auto
lemma entails-single[iff]:
  I \models es \{a\} \longleftrightarrow I \models e a
 unfolding entails-def by auto
lemma entails-insert-l[simp]:
```

```
M \models es A \Longrightarrow insert \ L \ M \models es \ A
  unfolding entails-def by (metis Un-commute entail-union insert-is-Un)
lemma entails-union[iff]: I \models es \ CC \cup DD \longleftrightarrow I \models es \ CC \land I \models es \ DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-insert[iff]: I \models es insert C DD \longleftrightarrow I \models es C \land I \models es DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-insert-mono: DD \subseteq CC \Longrightarrow I \models es CC \Longrightarrow I \models es DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-union-increase[simp]:
 assumes I \models es \psi
 shows I \cup I' \models es \psi
 using assms unfolding entails-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}commute\text{-}l:
  (I \cup I' \models es \psi) \longleftrightarrow (I' \cup I \models es \psi)
 \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add\colon\ Un\text{-}commute)
lemma entails-remove[simp]: I \models es N \Longrightarrow I \models es Set.remove \ a \ N
 by (simp add: entails-def)
lemma entails-remove-minus[simp]: I \models es N \implies I \models es N - A
  by (simp add: entails-def)
end
interpretation true-cls: entail true-cls
 by standard (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
           Entailment to be extended
definition true-clss-ext :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset set \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelssext 49)
I \models sext \ N \longleftrightarrow (\forall J. \ I \subseteq J \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp \ J \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ J \ N \longrightarrow J \models s \ N)
lemma true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext:
  I \models s \ N \implies I \models sext \ N
 unfolding true-clss-ext-def by (metis sup.orderE true-clss-union-increase')
lemma true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r:
  assumes I \models sext N
 shows I \models sext N - \{C\}
 unfolding true-clss-ext-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} J
 assume
    I \subseteq J and
    cons: consistent-interp J and
    tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ J \ (N - \{C\})
 let ?J = J \cup \{Pos (atm-of P) | P. P \in \# C \land atm-of P \notin atm-of `J'\}
  have I \subseteq ?J using \langle I \subseteq J \rangle by auto
  moreover have consistent-interp ?J
    using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def apply (intro allI)
```

```
by (rename-tac L, case-tac L) (fastforce simp add: image-iff)+
   moreover have total-over-m ?J N
      using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def
      apply clarify
      apply (rename-tac l a, case-tac a \in N - \{C\})
          apply auto[]
      using atms-of-s-def atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
      by (fastforce simp: atms-of-def)
   ultimately have ?J \models s N
      using assms unfolding true-clss-ext-def by blast
   then have ?J \models s N - \{C\} by auto
   have \{v \in ?J. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (N - \{C\})\} \subseteq J
      using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
      by (auto intro!: rev-image-eqI)
   then show J \models s N - \{C\}
      using true-clss-remove-unused [OF \langle ?J \models s N - \{C\} \rangle] unfolding true-clss-def
      by (meson true-cls-mono-set-mset-l)
qed
lemma consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable:
   assumes consistent-interp I and I \models sext A
   shows satisfiable A
   by (metis Un-empty-left assms satisfiable-carac subset-Un-eq sup.left-idem
      total-over-m-consistent-extension total-over-m-empty true-clss-ext-def)
lemma not-consistent-true-clss-ext:
   assumes \neg consistent\text{-}interp\ I
   shows I \models sext A
   by (meson assms consistent-interp-subset true-clss-ext-def)
end
theory Prop-Resolution
imports Partial-Clausal-Logic List-More Wellfounded-More
begin
12
               Resolution
                  Simplification Rules
inductive simplify :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool for N :: 'v clause set where
tautology-deletion:
      (A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) \in N \implies simplify\ N\ (N - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\})|
condensation:\\
      (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) \in N \Longrightarrow simplify \ N \ (N - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) \mid A + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}
subsumption:
      A \in N \Longrightarrow A \subset \# B \Longrightarrow B \in N \Longrightarrow simplify N (N - \{B\})
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat':
   fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
   assumes simplify N N'
   and total-over-m I N
   shows I \models s N' \longrightarrow I \models s N
   using assms
```

proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
 case (tautology-deletion A P)

```
then have I \models A + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ P\# \}
   by (metis total-over-m-def total-over-set-literal-defined true-cls-singleton true-cls-union
     true-lit-def uminus-Neg union-commute)
 then show ?case by (metis Un-Diff-cancel2 true-clss-singleton true-clss-union)
next
 case (condensation A P)
 then show ?case by (metis Diff-insert-absorb Set.set-insert insertE true-cls-union true-clss-def
    true-clss-singleton true-clss-union)
next
 case (subsumption A B)
 have A \neq B using subsumption.hyps(2) by auto
 then have I \models s N - \{B\} \Longrightarrow I \models A \text{ using } (A \in N) \text{ by } (simp add: true-clss-def)
 moreover have I \models A \Longrightarrow I \models B using \langle A < \# B \rangle by auto
 ultimately show ?case by (metis insert-Diff-single true-clss-insert)
qed
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes simplify N N'
 and total-over-m \ I \ N
 shows I \models s N \longrightarrow I \models s N'
  using assms apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
 using true-clss-def by fastforce+
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat":
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes simplify N N'
 and total-over-m\ I\ N'
 \mathbf{shows}\ I \models s\ N \longrightarrow I \models s\ N'
 using assms apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
 using true-clss-def by fastforce+
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat-eq:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes simplify N N'
 and total-over-m I N
 shows I \models s N \longleftrightarrow I \models s N'
 using simplify-preserves-un-sat simplify-preserves-un-sat' assms by blast
lemma simplify-preserves-finite:
assumes simplify \psi \psi'
shows finite \psi \longleftrightarrow finite \psi'
using assms by (induct rule: simplify.induct, auto simp add: remove-def)
lemma rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite:
assumes rtranclp simplify \psi \psi'
shows finite \psi \longleftrightarrow finite \psi'
using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite)
lemma simplify-atms-of-ms:
 assumes simplify \psi \psi'
 shows atms-of-ms \psi' \subseteq atms-of-ms \psi
 using assms unfolding atms-of-ms-def
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
  case (tautology-deletion \ A \ P)
```

```
then show ?case by auto
next
    case (condensation A P)
    moreover have A + \{\#P\#\} + \{\#P\#\} \in \psi \Longrightarrow \exists x \in \psi. \ atm\text{-of } P \in atm\text{-of } `set\text{-mset } x = x \in \psi. \ atm\text{-of } P \in atm\text{-of } S = x \in \psi. \ atm\text{
        by (metis Un-iff atms-of-def atms-of-plus atms-of-singleton insert-iff)
     ultimately show ?case by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
next
    case (subsumption A P)
    then show ?case by auto
{f lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}simplify\text{-}atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms:
    assumes rtranclp simplify \psi \psi'
    shows atms-of-ms \psi' \subseteq atms-of-ms \psi
    using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
     apply (fastforce intro: simplify-atms-of-ms)
    using simplify-atms-of-ms by blast
lemma factoring-imp-simplify:
    assumes \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in N
    shows \exists N'. simplify NN'
proof -
    have C + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} \in N \text{ using } assms \text{ by } (simp add: add.commute union-lcomm)
    from condensation[OF this] show ?thesis by blast
12.2
                      Unconstrained Resolution
type-synonym 'v uncon-state = 'v clauses
inductive uncon\text{-}res :: 'v \ uncon\text{-}state \Rightarrow 'v \ uncon\text{-}state \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
resolution:
      \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C \in N \Longrightarrow \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D \in N \Longrightarrow (\{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C, \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D) \notin A
already-used
        \implies uncon\text{-res }(N) \ (N \cup \{C+D\}) \ |
factoring: \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in N \Longrightarrow uncon\text{-res } N \ (N \cup \{C + \{\#L\#\}\})
lemma uncon-res-increasing:
    assumes uncon\text{-}res\ S\ S' and \psi\in S
    shows \psi \in S'
    using assms by (induct rule: uncon-res.induct) auto
lemma rtranclp-uncon-inference-increasing:
    assumes rtrancly uncon-res S S' and \psi \in S
    shows \psi \in S'
    using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: uncon-res-increasing)
12.2.1
                          Subsumption
definition subsumes :: 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow bool where
subsumes \ \chi \ \chi' \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
    \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models \chi')
lemma subsumes-refl[simp]:
     subsumes \chi \chi
    unfolding subsumes-def by auto
```

```
{f lemma}\ subsumes-subsumption:
 assumes subsumes D \chi
 and C \subset \# D and \neg tautology \chi
 shows subsumes C \chi unfolding subsumes-def
 using assms subsumption-total-over-m subsumption-chained unfolding subsumes-def
 by (blast intro!: subset-mset.less-imp-le)
lemma subsumes-tautology:
 assumes subsumes (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) \chi
 shows tautology \chi
 using assms unfolding subsumes-def by (simp add: tautology-def)
12.3
         Inference Rule
type-synonym 'v state = 'v clauses \times ('v clause \times 'v clause) set
inductive inference-clause :: 'v state \Rightarrow 'v clause \times ('v clause \times 'v clause) set \Rightarrow bool
  (infix \Rightarrow_{Res} 100) where
resolution:
  \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C \in N \Longrightarrow \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D \in N \Longrightarrow (\{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C, \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D) \notin A
already-used
  \implies inference-clause (N, already-used) (C + D, already-used \cup {({#Pos p#} + C, {#Neg p#} +
factoring: \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in \mathbb{N} \Longrightarrow inference\text{-}clause\ (N,\ already\text{-}used)\ (C + \{\#L\#\},\ already\text{-}used)
inductive inference :: v state \Rightarrow v state \Rightarrow bool where
inference-step: inference-clause S (clause, already-used)
  \implies inference S (fst S \cup \{clause\}, already-used)
abbreviation already-used-inv
  :: 'a \ literal \ multiset \ set \times ('a \ literal \ multiset \times 'a \ literal \ multiset) \ set \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
already-used-inv state \equiv
  (\forall (A, B) \in snd \ state. \ \exists \ p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ A \land Neg \ p \in \# \ B \land
         ((\exists \chi \in fst \ state. \ subsumes \ \chi \ ((A - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}) + (B - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
           \vee \ tautology \ ((A - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}) + (B - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))))
lemma inference-clause-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv (fst S \cup \{fst S'\}, snd S'\}
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
 by fastforce+
lemma inference-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes inference S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: inference.induct)
 case (inference-step S clause already-used)
 then show ?case
   using inference-clause-preserves-already-used-inv[of S (clause, already-used)] by simp
qed
```

```
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes rtranclp inference S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, simp)
 using inference-preserves-already-used-inv unfolding tautology-def by fast
{f lemma}\ subsumes{-condensation}:
 assumes subsumes (C + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) D
 shows subsumes (C + \{\#L\#\}) D
 using assms unfolding subsumes-def by simp
{\bf lemma}\ simplify\mbox{-}preserves\mbox{-}already\mbox{-}used\mbox{-}inv:
 assumes simplify N N'
 and already-used-inv (N, already-used)
 shows already-used-inv (N', already-used)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
 case (condensation C L)
 then show ?case
   using subsumes-condensation by simp fast
next
  {
    fix a:: 'a and A:: 'a set and P
    have (\exists x \in Set.remove \ a \ A. \ P \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \in A. \ x \neq a \land P \ x) by auto
  } note ex-member-remove = this
   fix a \ a\theta :: 'v \ clause \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses \ and \ y
   assume a \in A and a\theta \subset \# a
   then have (\exists x \in A. \ subsumes \ x \ y) \longleftrightarrow (subsumes \ a \ y \ \lor (\exists x \in A. \ x \neq a \land subsumes \ x \ y))
     by auto
  \} note tt2 = this
 case (subsumption A B) note A = this(1) and AB = this(2) and B = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (standard, standard)
     \mathbf{fix} \ x \ a \ b
     assume x: x \in snd (N - \{B\}, already-used) and [simp]: x = (a, b)
     obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# a \land Neg p \in \# b and
       q: (\exists \chi \in \mathbb{N}. \ subsumes \ \chi \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
         \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
       using inv x by fastforce
     consider (taut) tautology (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
       (\chi) \chi \text{ where } \chi \in N \text{ subsumes } \chi (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
         \neg tautology (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
       using q by auto
     then show
       \exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ a \land Neg \ p \in \# \ b
            \land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N - \{B\}, \ already-used). \ subsumes \ \chi \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
                \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
       proof cases
         case taut
         then show ?thesis using p by auto
       next
         case \chi note H = this
         show ?thesis using p A AB B subsumes-subsumption [OF - AB H(3)] H(1,2) by auto
```

```
qed
   qed
next
  case (tautology-deletion \ C \ P)
 then show ?case apply clarify
 proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
   assume C + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ P\# \} \in N
   assume already-used-inv (N, already-used)
   and (a, b) \in snd (N - \{C + \{\#Pos P\#\} + \{\#Neg P\#\}\}, already-used)
   then obtain p where
     Pos\ p\in \#\ a\ \land\ Neg\ p\in \#\ b\ \land
       ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N \cup \{C + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\}, \ already-used).
             subsumes \chi (a - {#Pos p#} + (b - {#Neg p#})))
         \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
     by fastforce
   moreover have tautology (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) by auto
   ultimately show
     \exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ a \land Neg \ p \in \# \ b
     \land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N - \{C + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\}), \ already-used).
           subsumes \chi (a - {#Pos p#} + (b - {#Neg p#})))
         \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
     by (metis (no-types) Diff-iff Un-insert-right empty-iff fst-conv insertE subsumes-tautology
       sup-bot.right-neutral)
 qed
qed
lemma
 factoring-satisfiable: I \models \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \longleftrightarrow I \models \{\#L\#\} + C and
 resolution-satisfiable:
   consistent-interp I \Longrightarrow I \models \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C \Longrightarrow I \models \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D \Longrightarrow I \models C + D and
   factoring-same-vars: atms-of (\{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C) = atms-of (\{\#L\#\} + C)
 unfolding true-cls-def consistent-interp-def by (fastforce split: split-if-asm)+
lemma inference-increasing:
 assumes inference S S' and \psi \in fst S
 shows \psi \in fst S'
 using assms by (induct rule: inference.induct, auto)
lemma rtranclp-inference-increasing:
 assumes rtrancly inference S S' and \psi \in fst S
 shows \psi \in fst S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: inference-increasing)
{\bf lemma}\ in ference-clause-already-used-increasing:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 shows snd S \subseteq snd S'
 using assms by (induct rule:inference-clause.induct, auto)
lemma inference-already-used-increasing:
 assumes inference S S
 shows snd S \subseteq snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule:inference.induct)
```

```
{f lemma}\ inference-clause-preserves-un-sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference-clause T T'
 and total-over-m I (fst T)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s \text{ fst } T \longleftrightarrow I \models s \text{ fst } T \cup \{\text{fst } T'\}
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
 unfolding consistent-interp-def true-clss-def by auto force+
lemma inference-preserves-un-sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference T T'
 and total-over-m \ I \ (fst \ T)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s \text{ fst } T \longleftrightarrow I \models s \text{ fst } T'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 using inference-clause-preserves-un-sat by fastforce
lemma inference-clause-preserves-atms-of-ms:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 shows atms-of-ms (fst (fst S \cup \{fst \ S'\}, snd \ S'\}) \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \ S)
  using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
  apply auto
    apply (metis Set.set-insert UnCI atms-of-ms-insert atms-of-plus)
   apply (metis Set.set-insert UnCI atms-of-ms-insert atms-of-plus)
  apply (simp add: in-m-in-literals union-assoc)
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def using assms by fastforce
lemma inference-preserves-atms-of-ms:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference T T'
 shows atms-of-ms (fst T') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst T)
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 using inference-clause-preserves-atms-of-ms by fastforce
lemma inference-preserves-total:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference (N, already-used) (N', already-used')
 shows total-over-m I N \Longrightarrow total-over-m I N'
   using assms inference-preserves-atms-of-ms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
   by fastforce
{f lemma}\ rtranclp-inference-preserves-total:
 assumes rtrancly inference T T'
 shows total-over-m I (fst T) \Longrightarrow total-over-m I (fst T')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: inference-preserves-total)
lemma rtranclp-inference-preserves-un-sat:
 assumes rtranclp inference N N'
 and total-over-m \ I \ (fst \ N)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
```

```
shows I \models s fst \ N \longleftrightarrow I \models s fst \ N'
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 apply (simp add: inference-preserves-un-sat)
 using inference-preserves-un-sat rtranclp-inference-preserves-total by blast
lemma inference-preserves-finite:
 assumes inference \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: inference.induct, auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite)
lemma inference-clause-preserves-finite-snd:
 assumes inference-clause \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: inference-clause.induct, auto)
lemma inference-preserves-finite-snd:
 assumes inference \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms inference-clause-preserves-finite-snd by (induct rule: inference.induct, fastforce)
lemma rtranclp-inference-preserves-finite:
 assumes rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite inference-preserves-finite)
lemma consistent-interp-insert:
 assumes consistent-interp I
 and atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of ' I
 shows consistent-interp (insert P I)
proof -
 have P: insert P I = I \cup \{P\} by auto
 show ?thesis unfolding P
 apply (rule consistent-interp-disjoint)
 using assms by (auto simp add: atms-of-s-def)
qed
lemma simplify-clause-preserves-sat:
 assumes simp: simplify \psi \psi'
 and satisfiable \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi
 using assms
proof induction
 case (tautology-deletion A P) note AP = this(1) and sat = this(2)
 let ?A' = A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
 let ?\psi' = \psi - \{?A'\}
 obtain I where
   I: I \models s ? \psi' and
   cons: consistent-interp\ I and
   tot: total-over-m I ? \psi'
   using sat unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
  { assume Pos \ P \in I \lor Neg \ P \in I
```

```
then have I \models ?A' by auto
        then have I \models s \psi using I by (metis insert-Diff tautology-deletion.hyps true-clss-insert)
        then have ?case using cons tot by auto
    moreover {
        assume Pos: Pos P \notin I and Neg: Neg P \notin I
        then have consistent-interp (I \cup \{Pos\ P\}) using cons by simp
        moreover have I'A: I \cup \{Pos\ P\} \models ?A' by auto
        have \{Pos\ P\} \cup I \models s \psi - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\}\
            using \langle I \models s \ \psi - \{A + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\} \rangle true-clss-union-increase' by blast
        then have I \cup \{Pos \ P\} \models s \ \psi
            by (metis (no-types) Un-empty-right Un-insert-left Un-insert-right I'A insert-Diff
                sup-bot.left-neutral tautology-deletion.hyps true-clss-insert)
        ultimately have ?case using satisfiable-carac' by blast
    ultimately show ?case by blast
next
    case (condensation A L) note AL = this(1) and sat = this(2)
    have f3: simplify \psi (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}\) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\)
        using AL simplify.condensation by blast
    obtain LL :: 'a \ literal \ multiset \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ set \ where
        \textit{f4} : LL \ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) \models s \ \psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A\}\} \cup \{A\} \cup \{
+ \{ \#L\# \} \}
            \land consistent-interp\ (LL\ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}))
            \wedge total\text{-}over\text{-}m (LL (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}))
                                            \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\})) \ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\})
        using sat by (meson satisfiable-def)
    have f5: insert (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) = \psi
        using AL by fastforce
    have atms-of (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) = atms-of (\{\#L\#\} + A)
        by simp
    then show ?case
        using f5 f4 f3 by (metis (no-types) add.commute satisfiable-def simplify-preserves-un-sat'
            total-over-m-insert total-over-m-union)
next
    case (subsumption A B) note A = this(1) and AB = this(2) and B = this(3) and sat = this(4)
   let ?\psi' = \psi - \{B\}
    obtain I where I: I \models s ?\psi' and cons: consistent-interp I and tot: total-over-m I ?\psi'
        using sat unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
    have I \models A using A I by (metis AB Diff-iff subset-mset.less-irreft singletonD true-clss-def)
    then have I \models B using AB subset-mset.less-imp-le true-cls-mono-leD by blast
    then have I \models s \psi using I by (metis insert-Diff-single true-clss-insert)
    then show ?case using cons satisfiable-carac' by blast
qed
{\bf lemma}\ simplify\text{-}preserves\text{-}unsat:
   assumes inference \psi \psi'
   shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
    using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
    using satisfiable-decreasing by (metis fst-conv)+
lemma inference-preserves-unsat:
    assumes inference** S S'
    shows satisfiable (fst S') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst S)
    using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
```

```
apply simp-all
  using simplify-preserves-unsat by blast
datatype 'v sem-tree = Node 'v 'v sem-tree 'v sem-tree | Leaf
fun sem-tree-size :: 'v sem-tree \Rightarrow nat where
sem-tree-size Leaf = 0
sem-tree-size (Node - ag ad) = 1 + sem-tree-size ag + sem-tree-size ad
lemma sem-tree-size[case-names bigger]:
  (\bigwedge xs: \ 'v \ sem\text{-tree.} \ (\bigwedge ys: \ 'v \ sem\text{-tree.} \ sem\text{-tree-size} \ ys < sem\text{-tree-size} \ xs \Longrightarrow P \ ys) \Longrightarrow P \ xs)
  \implies P xs
 by (fact Nat.measure-induct-rule)
fun partial-interps :: 'v sem-tree \Rightarrow 'v interp \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool where
partial-interps Leaf I \psi = (\exists \chi. \neg I \models \chi \land \chi \in \psi \land total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \{\chi\})
partial-interps (Node v ag ad) I \psi \longleftrightarrow
  (partial-interps\ ag\ (I \cup \{Pos\ v\})\ \psi \land partial-interps\ ad\ (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \psi)
lemma simplify-preserve-partial-leaf:
  simplify \ N \ N' \Longrightarrow partial-interps \ Leaf \ I \ N \Longrightarrow partial-interps \ Leaf \ I \ N'
  apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
   using union-lcomm apply auto[1]
  apply (simp, metis atms-of-plus total-over-set-union true-cls-union)
  apply simp
  by (metis atms-of-ms-singleton mset-le-exists-conv subset-mset-def true-cls-mono-leD
   total-over-m-def total-over-m-sum)
lemma simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes simplify N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
  using assms apply (induct t arbitrary: I, simp)
  using simplify-preserve-partial-leaf by metis
lemma inference-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes inference S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
  using assms apply (induct t arbitrary: I, simp-all)
  by (meson inference-increasing)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}inference\text{-}preserve\text{-}partial\text{-}tree:
 assumes rtrancly inference N N'
 and partial-interps t I (fst N)
  shows partial-interps t\ I\ (fst\ N')
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto)
  using inference-preserve-partial-tree by force
```

```
function build-sem-tree :: v :: 
build-sem-tree atms \psi =
   (if \ atms = \{\} \lor \neg \ finite \ atms
  then Leaf
   else Node (Min atms) (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
      (build\text{-}sem\text{-}tree\ (Set.remove\ (Min\ atms)\ atms)\ \psi))
by auto
termination
  apply (relation measure (\lambda(A, -), card A), simp-all)
  apply (metis Min-in card-Diff1-less remove-def)+
declare build-sem-tree.induct[case-names tree]
lemma unsatisfiable-empty[simp]:
   \neg unsatisfiable \{\}
   unfolding satisfiable-def apply auto
   using consistent-interp-def unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def by blast
lemma partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms-general:
  fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder clauses and p :: 'v literal list
  assumes unsat: unsatisfiable \psi and finite \psi and consistent-interp I
  and finite atms
  and atms-of-ms \psi = atms \cup atms-of-s I and atms \cap atms-of-s I = \{\}
  shows partial-interps (build-sem-tree atms \psi) I \psi
  using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: build-sem-tree.induct)
  case (1 atms \psi Ia) note IH1 = this(1) and IH2 = this(2) and unsat = this(3) and finite = this(4)
     and cons = this(5) and f = this(6) and un = this(7) and disj = this(8)
     assume atms: atms = \{\}
     then have atmsIa: atms-of-ms \ \psi = atms-of-s \ Ia \ using \ un \ by \ auto
     then have total-over-m Ia \psi unfolding total-over-m-def atmsIa by auto
     then have \chi: \exists \chi \in \psi. \neg Ia \models \chi
        using unsat cons unfolding true-clss-def satisfiable-def by auto
     then have build-sem-tree atms \psi = Leaf using atms by auto
     moreover
        have tot: \bigwedge \chi. \chi \in \psi \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ Ia \ \{\chi\}
        unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def atms-of-s-def
        {f using}\ atmsIa\ atms-of-ms-def\ {f by}\ fastforce
     have partial-interps Leaf Ia \psi
        using \chi tot by (auto simp add: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def)
        ultimately have ?case by metis
   }
  moreover {
     assume atms: atms \neq \{\}
     have build-sem-tree atms \psi = Node (Min atms) (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
         (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
        using build-sem-tree.simps of atms \psi f atms by metis
     have consistent-interp (Ia \cup \{Pos (Min \ atms)\}) unfolding consistent-interp-def
        by (metis Int-iff Min-in Un-iff atm-of-uninus atms cons consistent-interp-def disj empty-iff
          f in-atms-of-s-decomp insert-iff literal distinct (1) literal exhaust-sel literal sel(2)
           uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
    moreover have atms-of-ms \psi = Set.remove (Min atms) atms \cup atms-of-s (Ia \cup {Pos (Min atms)})
```

```
using Min-in atms f un by fastforce
   moreover have disj': Set.remove (Min\ atms)\ atms \cap atms-of-s (Ia \cup \{Pos\ (Min\ atms)\}) = \{\}
     by simp (metis disj disjoint-iff-not-equal member-remove)
   moreover have finite (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) using f by (simp add: remove-def)
   ultimately have subtree1: partial-interps (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
       (Ia \cup \{Pos (Min \ atms)\}) \psi
     using IH1[of Ia \cup {Pos (Min (atms))}] atms f unsat finite by metis
   have consistent-interp (Ia \cup \{Neg (Min \ atms)\}) unfolding consistent-interp-def
     by (metis Int-iff Min-in Un-iff atm-of-uninus atms cons consistent-interp-def disj empty-iff
       f in-atms-of-s-decomp insert-iff literal.distinct(1) literal.exhaust-sel literal.sel(2)
       uminus-Neg)
  moreover have atms-of-ms \psi = Set.remove (Min atms) atms \cup atms-of-s (Ia \cup {Neg (Min atms)})
      using \langle atms-of-ms \ \psi = Set.remove \ (Min \ atms) \ atms \cup \ atms-of-s \ (Ia \cup \{Pos \ (Min \ atms)\}) \rangle by
blast
   moreover have disj': Set.remove (Min \ atms) atms \cap atms-of-s (Ia \cup \{Neg \ (Min \ atms)\}) = \{\}
     using disj by auto
   moreover have finite (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) using f by (simp add: remove-def)
   ultimately have subtree2: partial-interps (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min~atms) atms) \psi)
       (Ia \cup \{Neg \ (Min \ atms)\}) \ \psi
     using IH2[of\ Ia \cup \{Neg\ (Min\ (atms))\}] atms f\ unsat\ finite\ by metis
   then have ?case
     using IH1 subtree1 subtree2 f local.finite unsat atms by simp
 ultimately show ?case by metis
qed
lemma partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder \ clauses \ and \ p :: 'v \ literal \ list
 assumes unsat: unsatisfiable \psi and finite: finite \psi
 shows partial-interps (build-sem-tree (atms-of-ms \psi) \psi) {} \psi
proof -
 have consistent-interp {} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
 moreover have atms-of-ms \psi = atms-of-ms \psi \cup atms-of-s {} unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
 moreover have atms-of-ms \psi \cap atms-of-s \{\} = \{\} unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
 moreover have finite (atms-of-ms \psi) unfolding atms-of-ms-def using finite by simp
  ultimately show partial-interps (build-sem-tree (atms-of-ms \psi) \psi) {} \psi
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms-general of \psi {} atms-of-ms \psi] assms by metis
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{can-decrease-count} \colon
 fixes \psi'' :: 'v \ clauses \times ('v \ clause \times 'v \ clause \times 'v) \ set
 assumes count \chi L = n
 and L \in \# \chi and \chi \in fst \psi
 shows \exists \psi' \chi'. inference** \psi \psi' \wedge \chi' \in fst \psi' \wedge (\forall L. \ L \in \# \chi \longleftrightarrow L \in \# \chi')
              \wedge count \chi' L = 1
              using assms
proof (induct n arbitrary: \chi \psi)
  case \theta
```

```
then show ?case by simp
next
   case (Suc n \chi)
   note IH = this(1) and count = this(2) and L = this(3) and \chi = this(4)
      assume n = 0
      then have inference^{**} \psi \psi
      and \chi \in fst \ \psi
      and \forall L. (L \in \# \chi) \longleftrightarrow (L \in \# \chi)
      and count \chi L = (1::nat)
      and \forall \varphi. \ \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi
        by (auto simp add: count L \chi)
      then have ?case by metis
   }
   moreover {
     assume n > \theta
      then have \exists C. \chi = C + \{\#L, L\#\}
        by (metis L One-nat-def add-diff-cancel-right' count-diff count-single diff-Suc-Suc diff-zero
           local.count multi-member-split union-assoc)
      then obtain C where C: \chi = C + \{\#L, L\#\} by metis
     \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{let} \ ?\chi' = C \ + \{\#L\#\} \\ \mathbf{let} \ ?\psi' = (\mathit{fst} \ \psi \ \cup \ \{?\chi'\}, \ \mathit{snd} \ \psi) \end{array}
      have \varphi \colon \forall \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \colon (\varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \lor \varphi \neq ?\chi') \longleftrightarrow \varphi \in \mathit{fst} ?\psi' \text{ unfolding } C \text{ by } \mathit{auto}
      have inf: inference \psi ?\psi'
        using C factoring \chi prod.collapse union-commute inference-step by metis
      moreover have count': count ?\chi' L = n using C count by auto
      moreover have L\chi': L:\#~?\chi' by auto
      moreover have \chi'\psi': ?\chi' \in fst ?\psi' by auto
      ultimately obtain \psi^{\prime\prime} and \chi^{\prime\prime}
      where
        inference^{**} ?\psi' \psi'' and
        \alpha: \chi'' \in fst \ \psi'' and
        \forall La. (La \in \# ?\chi') \longleftrightarrow (La \in \# \chi'') \text{ and }
        \beta: count \chi'' L = (1::nat) and
        \varphi': \forall \varphi. \varphi \in fst ? \psi' \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \psi'' and
        I\chi: I \models ?\chi' \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi'' and
        tot \colon \forall \ I'. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \ \{?\chi'\} \ \longrightarrow \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \ \{\chi''\}
        using IH[of ?\chi' ?\psi'] count' L\chi' \chi'\psi' by blast
      then have inference^{**} \psi \psi^{\prime\prime}
      and \forall La. (La \in \# \chi) \longleftrightarrow (La \in \# \chi'')
      using inf unfolding C by auto
      moreover have \forall \varphi. \varphi \in fst \ \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \ \psi'' \text{ using } \varphi \ \varphi' \text{ by } met is
      moreover have I \models \chi \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi'' using I\chi unfolding true-cls-def C by auto
      \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ \forall \ I'. \ \mathit{total-over-m} \ I' \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow \mathit{total-over-m} \ I' \ \{\chi''\}
        using tot unfolding C total-over-m-def by auto
      ultimately have ?case using \varphi \varphi' \alpha \beta by metis
  ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma can-decrease-tree-size:
  fixes \psi :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree :: 'v \ sem-tree
  assumes finite (fst \psi) and already-used-inv \psi
  and partial-interps tree I (fst \psi)
```

```
shows \exists (tree':: 'v sem-tree) \psi'. inference** \psi \psi' \wedge partial-interps tree' I (fst \psi')
            \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0)
  using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: sem-tree-size)
  case (bigger xs I) note IH = this(1) and finite = this(2) and a-u-i = this(3) and part = this(4)
  {
   assume sem-tree-size xs = 0
   then have ?case using part by blast
 moreover {
   assume sn\theta: sem-tree-size xs > \theta
   obtain ag ad v where xs: xs = Node \ v \ ag \ ad \ using \ sn\theta \ by \ (cases \ xs, \ auto)
     assume sem-tree-size ag = 0 and sem-tree-size ad = 0
     then have ag: ag = Leaf and ad: ad = Leaf by (cases ag, auto) (cases ad, auto)
     then obtain \chi \chi' where
       \chi: \neg I \cup \{Pos\ v\} \models \chi and
       tot \chi: total-over-m (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) \{\chi\} and
       \chi\psi: \chi\in fst\ \psi and
       \chi': \neg I \cup \{Neg\ v\} \models \chi' and
       tot\chi': total-over-m (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \{\chi'\} and
       \chi'\psi : \chi' \in fst \ \psi
       using part unfolding xs by auto
     have Posv: \neg Pos\ v \in \#\ \chi\ \mathbf{using}\ \chi\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ true\text{-}cls\text{-}def\ true\text{-}lit\text{-}def\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
     have Negv: \neg Neg \ v \in \# \ \chi' using \chi' unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
       assume Neg \chi: \neg Neg \ v \in \# \ \chi
       have \neg I \models \chi using \chi Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
       moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi\}
         using Posv Neg\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
         by fastforce
       ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
       and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
       and inference^{**} \psi \psi
         unfolding xs by (auto simp add: \chi\psi)
     moreover {
       assume Pos\chi: \neg Pos\ v \in \#\ \chi'
       then have I\chi: \neg I \models \chi' using \chi' Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
       moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi'\}
         using Negv Pos\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi'
         unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
       ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi) and
         sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs and
         inference^{**} \psi \psi
         using \chi'\psi I\chi unfolding xs by auto
     }
     moreover {
       assume neg: Neg v \in \# \chi and pos: Pos v \in \# \chi'
       then obtain \psi' \chi 2 where inf: rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and \chi 2incl: \chi 2 \in fst \psi'
         and \chi\chi 2-incl: \forall L. L : \# \chi \longleftrightarrow L : \# \chi 2
         and count\chi 2: count \chi 2 \ (Neg \ v) = 1
```

```
and \varphi: \forall \varphi: \forall v \text{ literal multiset. } \varphi \in fst \ \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \ \psi'
  and I\chi: I \models \chi \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi 2
  and tot-imp\chi: \forall I'. total-over-m I'\{\chi\} \longrightarrow total-over-m I'\{\chi 2\}
  using can-decrease-count of \chi Neg v count \chi (Neg v) \psi I \chi \psi \chi' \psi by auto
have \chi' \in fst \ \psi' by (simp \ add: \chi'\psi \ \varphi)
with pos
obtain \psi'' \chi 2' where
inf': inference^{**} \psi' \psi''
and \chi 2'-incl: \chi 2' \in fst \psi''
and \chi'\chi 2-incl: \forall L::'v \ literal. \ (L \in \# \chi') = (L \in \# \chi 2')
and count\chi 2': count \chi 2' (Pos v) = (1::nat)
and \varphi': \forall \varphi::'v literal multiset. \varphi \in fst \ \psi' \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \ \psi''
and I\chi': I \models \chi' \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi 2'
and tot-imp\chi': \forall I'. total-over-m I'\{\chi'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m I'\{\chi 2'\}
using can-decrease-count of \chi' Pos v count \chi' (Pos v) \psi' I by auto
obtain C where \chi 2: \chi 2 = C + \{\#Neg \ v\#\} and negC: Neg \ v \notin \# \ C and posC: Pos \ v \notin \# \ C
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Posv Suc-inject Suc-pred \chi\chi^2-incl count\chi^2
    count-diff\ count-single\ gr0I\ insert-DiffM\ insert-DiffM2\ multi-member-skip
    old.nat.distinct(2))
obtain C' where
  \chi 2': \chi 2' = C' + \{ \# Pos \ v \# \} and
  posC': Pos \ v \notin \# \ C' and
  negC': Neg\ v \notin \#\ C'
  proof -
    assume a1: \bigwedge C'. [\chi 2' = C' + \{\# Pos \ v\#\}; Pos \ v \notin \# C'; Neg \ v \notin \# C'] \implies thesis
   have f2: \Lambda n. (n::nat) - n = 0
      by simp
    have Neg \ v \notin \# \ \chi 2' - \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}
      using Negv \chi'\chi2-incl by auto
    then show ?thesis
      using f2 at by (metis add.commute count\chi 2' count-diff count-single insert-DiffM
        less-nat-zero-code zero-less-one)
  qed
have already-used-inv \psi'
  using rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv[of \psi \psi'] a-u-i inf by blast
then have a-u-i-\psi'': already-used-inv \psi''
  using rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv a-u-i inf' unfolding tautology-def
  by simp
have totC: total-over-m \ I \ \{C\}
  using tot-imp\chi tot\chi tot-over-m-remove[of\ I\ Pos\ v\ C]\ neq C\ pos C\ unfolding\ \chi2
  by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg uminus-of-uminus-id)
have totC': total-over-m \ I \ \{C'\}
  using tot-imp\chi' tot\chi' total-over-m-sum tot-over-m-remove[of I Neg v <math>C'] negC' posC'
  unfolding \chi 2' by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg)
have \neg I \models C + C'
  using \chi I \chi \chi' I \chi' unfolding \chi 2 \chi 2' true-cls-def Bex-mset-def
  by (metis add-gr-0 count-union true-cls-singleton true-cls-union-increase)
then have part-I-\psi''': partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\})
  using totC \ totC' by simp
    (metis \leftarrow I \models C + C') atms-of-ms-singleton total-over-m-def total-over-m-sum)
```

```
{
  assume (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \notin snd\ \psi''
  then have inf": inference \psi'' (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi'' \cup \{(\chi 2', \chi 2)\})
    using add.commute \varphi' \chi 2incl \langle \chi 2' \in fst \psi'' \rangle unfolding \chi 2 \chi 2'
   by (metis prod.collapse inference-step resolution)
  have inference** \psi (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi'' \cup \{(\chi 2', \chi 2)\})
    using inf inf' inf" rtranclp-trans by auto
  moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
  ultimately have ?case using part-I-\psi''' by (metis fst-conv)
}
moreover {
  assume a: (\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C) \in snd \ \psi''
  then have (\exists \chi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi''. \ (\forall I. \ \mathit{total-over-m} \ I \ \{\mathit{C+C'}\} \longrightarrow \mathit{total-over-m} \ I \ \{\chi\})
             \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C))
         \vee tautology (C' + C)
   proof -
      obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# (\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') and
      n: Neg \ p \in \# (\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C) \ and
      decomp: ((\exists \chi \in fst \psi'').
                 (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{(\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}\})
                          + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\})\}
                     \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\})
                 \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi
                   \lor tautology ((\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\})))
        using a by (blast intro: allE[OF a-u-i-\psi''] unfolded subsumes-def Ball-def],
            of (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C)])
      { assume p \neq v
        then have Pos \ p \in \# \ C' \land Neg \ p \in \# \ C \ using \ p \ n \ by force
        then have ?thesis by (metis add-gr-0 count-union tautology-Pos-Neg)
      ł
      moreover {
        assume p = v
       then have ?thesis using decomp by (metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-left')
      ultimately show ?thesis by auto
    qed
  moreover {
    assume \exists \chi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi''. (\forall I. \ \mathit{total-over-m} \ I \ \{\mathit{C+C'}\} \longrightarrow \mathit{total-over-m} \ I \ \{\chi\})
      \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)
    then obtain \vartheta where \vartheta: \vartheta \in fst \psi'' and
      tot-\vartheta-CC': \forall I. total-over-m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m \ I \ \{\vartheta\} and
      \vartheta-inv: \forall I. total-over-m I \{\vartheta\} \longrightarrow I \models \vartheta \longrightarrow I \models C' + C by blast
    have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi'')
      using tot - \vartheta - CC' \vartheta \vartheta - inv \ tot C \ tot C' \lor \neg I \models C + C' \lor \ total - over - m - sum \ \mathbf{by} \ fastforce
    moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
    ultimately have ?case by (metis inf inf' rtranclp-trans)
  moreover {
    assume tautCC': tautology (C' + C)
    have total-over-m I \{C'+C\} using totC totC' total-over-m-sum by auto
    then have \neg tautology (C' + C)
      using \langle \neg I \models C + C' \rangle unfolding add.commute[of C C'] total-over-m-def
      unfolding tautology-def by auto
```

```
then have False using tautCC' unfolding tautology-def by auto
       ultimately have ?case by auto
     ultimately have ?case by auto
   ultimately have ?case using part by (metis (no-types) sem-tree-size.simps(1))
 }
 moreover {
   assume size-ag: sem-tree-size ag > 0
   have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
   moreover have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
     and partad: partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
     using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
   moreover have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
     \longrightarrow (partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi) \longrightarrow
     (\exists tree' \ \psi'. \ inference^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial-interps \ tree' \ (I \cup \{Pos \ v\}) \ (fst \ \psi')
       \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0)))
       using IH by auto
   ultimately obtain \psi':: 'v state and tree':: 'v sem-tree where
     inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi'
     and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi')
     and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0
     using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-refl a-u-i by blast
   have partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi')
     using rtranclp-inference-preserve-partial-tree inf partad by metis
   then have partial-interps (Node v tree' ad) I (fst \psi') using part by auto
   then have ?case using inf size size-ag part unfolding xs by fastforce
 }
 moreover {
   assume size-ad: sem-tree-size ad > 0
   have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
   moreover have partag: partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi) and
     partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
     using part\ partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
   moreover have sem-tree-size ad \langle sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
     \longrightarrow ( partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
     \longrightarrow (\exists tree' \ \psi'. \ inference^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial-interps \ tree' \ (I \cup \{Neg \ v\}) \ (fst \ \psi')
         \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0)))
     using IH by auto
   ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ \ where
     inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi'
     and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
     and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0
     using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-refl a-u-i by blast
   have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi')
     using rtranclp-inference-preserve-partial-tree inf partag by metis
   then have partial-interps (Node v ag tree') I (fst \psi') using part by auto
   then have ?case using inf size size-ad unfolding xs by fastforce
 ultimately have ?case by auto
ultimately show ?case by auto
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma inference-completeness-inv:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
   unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \psi) and
   finite: finite (fst \psi) and
   a-u-v: already-used-inv <math>\psi
 shows \exists \psi'. (inference** \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof
 obtain tree where partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi)
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms assms by metis
  then show ?thesis
   using unsat finite a-u-v
   proof (induct tree arbitrary: \psi rule: sem-tree-size)
     case (bigger tree \psi) note H = this
      fix \chi
      assume tree: tree = Leaf
       obtain \chi where \chi: \neg {} \models \chi and tot\chi: total-over-m {} {\chi} and \chi\psi: \chi \in fst \psi
        using H unfolding tree by auto
       moreover have \{\#\} = \chi
        using tot\chi unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
      moreover have inference^{**} \psi \psi by auto
       ultimately have ?case by metis
     }
     moreover {
      fix v tree1 tree2
       assume tree: tree = Node \ v \ tree1 \ tree2
       obtain
        tree' \psi' where inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi' and
        part': partial-interps tree' {} (fst \ \psi') and
        decrease: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0
        using can-decrease-tree-size of \psi H(2,4,5) unfolding tautology-def by meson
      have sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree using decrease unfolding tree by auto
      moreover have finite (fst \psi') using rtranclp-inference-preserves-finite inf H(4) by metis
       moreover have unsatisfiable (fst \psi')
        using inference-preserves-unsat inf bigger.prems(2) by blast
       moreover have already-used-inv \psi'
        using H(5) inf rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv[of \psi \psi'] by auto
       ultimately have ?case using inf rtranclp-trans part' H(1) by fastforce
     ultimately show ?case by (cases tree, auto)
  qed
qed
lemma inference-completeness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \psi)
 and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 and snd \psi = \{\}
 shows \exists \psi'. (rtrancly inference \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
 have already-used-inv \psi unfolding assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using assms inference-completeness-inv by blast
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma inference-soundness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and \{\#\} \in fst \psi'
 shows unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms by (meson rtranclp-inference-preserves-un-sat satisfiable-def true-cls-empty
   true-clss-def)
lemma inference-soundness-and-completeness:
fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
assumes finite: finite (fst \psi)
and snd \psi = \{\}
shows (\exists \psi'. (inference^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms inference-completeness inference-soundness by metis
12.4
         Lemma about the simplified state
abbreviation simplified \psi \equiv (no\text{-step simplify } \psi)
lemma simplified-count:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and \chi: \chi \in \psi
 shows count \chi L \leq 1
proof -
 {
   let ?\chi' = \chi - \{\#L, L\#\}
   assume count \chi L \geq 2
   then have f1: count (\chi - \{\#L, L\#\} + \{\#L, L\#\}) L = count \chi L
     by simp
   then have L \in \# \chi - \{\#L\#\}
     by simp
   then have \chi': ?\chi' + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} = \chi
     using f1 by (metis (no-types) diff-diff-add diff-single-eq-union union-assoc
       union-single-eq-member)
   have \exists \psi'. simplify \psi \psi'
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) \chi \chi' add.commute factoring-imp-simplify union-assoc)
   then have False using simp by auto
 then show ?thesis by arith
qed
lemma simplified-no-both:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and \chi: \chi \in \psi
 shows \neg (L \in \# \chi \land -L \in \# \chi)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg \neg (L \in \# \chi \land - L \in \# \chi)
 then have L \in \# \chi \land - L \in \# \chi by metis
 then obtain \chi' where \chi = \chi' + \{ \#Pos (atm\text{-}of L) \# \} + \{ \#Neg (atm\text{-}of L) \# \}
   by (metis Neg-atm-of-iff Pos-atm-of-iff diff-union-swap insert-DiffM2 uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
 then show False using \chi simp tautology-deletion by fastforce
qed
lemma simplified-not-tautology:
 assumes simplified \{\psi\}
 shows \sim tautology \psi
proof (rule ccontr)
```

```
assume ∼ ?thesis
 then obtain p where Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg \ p \in \# \psi using tautology-decomp by metis
  then obtain \chi where \psi = \chi + \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + \{\#Neg \ p\#\}
   by (metis insert-noteq-member literal.distinct(1) multi-member-split)
 then have \sim simplified \{\psi\} by (auto intro: tautology-deletion)
 then show False using assms by auto
qed
lemma simplified-remove:
 assumes simplified \{\psi\}
 shows simplified \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ns: \neg simplified \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\}
   assume \neg l \in \# \psi
   then have \psi - \{\#l\#\} = \psi by simp
   then have False using ns assms by auto
  moreover {
   assume l\psi: l\in \# \psi
   have A: \Lambda A. A \in \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\} \longleftrightarrow A + \{\#l\#\} \in \{\psi\} by (auto simp add: l\psi)
   obtain l' where l': simplify \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\}\ l' using ns by metis
   then have \exists l'. simplify \{\psi\} l'
     proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
       case (tautology-deletion \ A \ P)
      have \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + (\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + (A + \{\#l\#\})) \in \{\psi\}
        by (metis (no-types) A add.commute tautology-deletion.hyps union-lcomm)
      then show ?thesis
         by (metis simplify.tautology-deletion[of A+\{\#l\#\}\ P\ \{\psi\}] add.commute)
     next
       case (condensation A L)
      have A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#l\#\} \in \{\psi\}
        using A condensation.hyps by blast
       then have \{\#L, L\#\} + (A + \{\#l\#\}) \in \{\psi\}
        by (metis (no-types) union-assoc union-commute)
       then show ?case
        using factoring-imp-simplify by blast
     next
       case (subsumption A B)
      then show ?case by blast
   then have False using assms(1) by blast
 ultimately show False by auto
qed
lemma in-simplified-simplified:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and incl: \psi' \subseteq \psi
 shows simplified \psi'
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain \psi'' where simplify \psi' \psi'' by metis
   then have \exists l'. simplify \psi l'
     proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
```

```
case (tautology-deletion \ A \ P)
       then show ?thesis using simplify.tautology-deletion[of A P \psi] incl by blast
       case (condensation A L)
       then show ?case using simplify.condensation[of A L \psi] incl by blast
       case (subsumption A B)
       then show ?case using simplify.subsumption[of A \psi B] incl by auto
     qed
 then show False using assms(1) by blast
qed
lemma simplified-in:
 assumes simplified \psi
 and N \in \psi
 shows simplified \{N\}
 using assms by (metis Set.set-insert empty-subset in-simplified-simplified insert-mono)
lemma subsumes-imp-formula:
 assumes \psi \leq \# \varphi
 shows \{\psi\} \models p \varphi
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def apply auto
 using assms true-cls-mono-leD by blast
lemma simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi'
 shows distinct-mset-set \psi' and \forall \chi \in \psi'. \neg tautology \chi
proof -
 show \forall \chi \in \psi'. \neg tautology \chi
   using simp by (auto simp add: simplified-in simplified-not-tautology)
 show distinct-mset-set \psi'
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬?thesis
     then obtain \chi where \chi \in \psi' and \neg distinct\text{-mset} \chi unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
     then obtain L where count \chi L > 2
       unfolding distinct-mset-def by (metis qr-implies-not0 le-antisym less-one not-le simp
        simplified-count)
     then show False by (metis Suc-1 \langle \chi \in \psi' \rangle not-less-eq-eq simp simplified-count)
   qed
qed
lemma simplified-no-more-full1-simplified:
 assumes simplified \psi
 shows \neg full1 simplify \psi \psi'
 using assms unfolding full1-def by (meson tranclpD)
         Resolution and Invariants
inductive resolution :: 'v state \Rightarrow 'v state \Rightarrow bool where
full1-simp: full1 simplify NN' \Longrightarrow resolution (N, already-used) (N', already-used)
inferring: inference (N, already-used) (N', already-used') \Longrightarrow simplified N
 \implies full simplify N'N'' \implies resolution (N, already-used) (N'', already-used')
```

12.5.1 Invariants

```
lemma resolution-finite:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: resolution.induct)
   (auto simp add: full1-def full-def rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite
     dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp inference-preserves-finite)
lemma rtranclp-resolution-finite:
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: resolution-finite)
lemma resolution-finite-snd:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct, auto simp add: inference-preserves-finite-snd)
 using inference-preserves-finite-snd snd-conv by metis
lemma rtranclp-resolution-finite-snd:
 assumes resolution** \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: resolution-finite-snd)
lemma resolution-always-simplified:
assumes resolution \psi \psi'
shows simplified (fst \psi')
using assms by (induct rule: resolution.induct)
  (auto simp add: full1-def full-def)
lemma tranclp-resolution-always-simplified:
 assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi'
 shows simplified (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct, auto simp add: resolution-always-simplified)
lemma resolution-atms-of:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
   apply(simp add: rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-ms tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def)
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) contra-subsetD fst-conv full-def
   inference-preserves-atms-of-ms rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-ms subsetI)
lemma rtranclp-resolution-atms-of:
 assumes resolution** \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using resolution-atms-of rtranclp-resolution-finite by blast+
lemma resolution-include:
  assumes res: resolution \psi \psi' and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 shows fst \psi' \subseteq simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms (fst \psi))
 have finite': finite (fst \psi') using local finite res resolution-finite by blast
 have simplified (fst \psi') using res finite' resolution-always-simplified by blast
```

```
then have fst \ \psi' \subseteq simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (fst \ \psi'))
   using simplified-in-simple-clss finite' simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto of fst \psi' by auto
  moreover have atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
    using res finite resolution-atms-of of \psi \psi' by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by (meson atms-of-ms-finite local.finite order.trans rev-finite-subset
    simple-clss-mono)
qed
lemma rtranclp-resolution-include:
 assumes res: trancly resolution \psi \psi' and finite: finite (fst \psi)
  shows fst \psi' \subseteq simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms (fst \ \psi))
  using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
   apply (simp add: resolution-include)
  by (meson simple-clss-mono order-class.le-trans resolution-include
   rtranclp-resolution-atms-of rtranclp-resolution-finite tranclp-into-rtranclp)
abbreviation already-used-all-simple
  :: ('a \ literal \ multiset \times 'a \ literal \ multiset) \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set \Rightarrow bool \ where
already-used-all-simple already-used vars \equiv
(\forall (A, B) \in already\text{-}used. simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms\text{-}of A \subseteq vars \land atms\text{-}of B \subseteq vars)
lemma already-used-all-simple-vars-incl:
  assumes vars \subseteq vars'
  shows already-used-all-simple a vars \implies already-used-all-simple a vars'
  using assms by fast
\mathbf{lemma}\ in ference\text{-}clause\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{:}
  assumes inference-clause S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and simplified (fst S)
  and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd (fst S \cup \{fst \ S'\}, snd \ S')) vars
proof (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
  case (factoring\ L\ C\ N\ already-used)
  then show ?case by (simp add: simplified-in factoring-imp-simplify)
  case (resolution P \ C \ N \ D \ already-used) note H = this
  show ?case apply clarify
   proof -
     \mathbf{fix} \ A \ B \ v
     assume (A, B) \in snd (fst (N, already-used)
       \cup \{fst \ (C + D, \ already\text{-}used \ \cup \ \{(\{\#Pos \ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg \ P\#\} + D)\})\},\
          snd\ (C + D,\ already-used \cup \{(\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + C,\ \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + D)\}))
     then have (A, B) \in already\text{-}used \lor (A, B) = (\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + D) by auto
     moreover {
       assume (A, B) \in already\text{-}used
       then have simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
         using H(4) by auto
     }
     moreover {
       assume eq: (A, B) = (\{\#Pos \ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg \ P\#\} + D)
       then have simplified \{A\} using simplified-in H(1,5) by auto
       moreover have simplified \{B\} using eq simplified-in H(2,5) by auto
       moreover have atms-of A \subseteq atms-of-ms N
```

```
using eq H(1) atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[of A N] by auto
      moreover have atms-of B \subseteq atms-of-ms N
        using eq H(2) atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[of B N] by auto
      ultimately have simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
        using H(6) by auto
     ultimately show simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
   qed
qed
lemma inference-preserves-already-used-all-simple:
 assumes inference S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and simplified (fst S)
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: inference.induct)
 case (inference-step S clause already-used)
 then show ?case
   using inference-clause-preserves-already-used-all-simple of S (clause, already-used) vars
   by auto
qed
lemma already-used-all-simple-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: resolution.induct)
 case (full1-simp NN')
 then show ?case by simp
 case (inferring N already-used N' already-used' N'')
 then show already-used-all-simple (snd (N", already-used')) vars
   using inference-preserves-already-used-all-simple[of (N, already-used)] by simp
qed
lemma rtranclp-already-used-all-simple-inv:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 and finite (fst\ S)
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step S' S'') note infstar = this(1) and IH = this(3) and res = this(2) and
   already = this(4) and atms = this(5) and finite = this(6)
 have already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars using IH already atms finite by simp
 moreover have atms-of-ms (fst S') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst S)
```

```
by (simp add: infstar local.finite rtranclp-resolution-atms-of)
  then have atms-of-ms (fst S') \subseteq vars using atms by auto
  ultimately show ?case
   using already-used-all-simple-inv[OF res] by simp
qed
lemma inference-clause-simplified-already-used-subset:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct, auto)
 using factoring-imp-simplify by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ inference\text{-}simplified\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}subset:
 assumes inference S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 by (metis inference-clause-simplified-already-used-subset snd-conv)
lemma resolution-simplified-already-used-subset:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct, simp-all add: full1-def)
 apply (meson tranclpD)
 by (metis inference-simplified-already-used-subset fst-conv snd-conv)
lemma tranclp-resolution-simplified-already-used-subset:
 assumes trancly resolution S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
 using resolution-simplified-already-used-subset apply metis
 \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ tranclp-resolution-always-simplified\ resolution-simplified-already-used-subset
   less-trans)
abbreviation already-used-top vars \equiv simple-clss vars \times simple-clss vars
lemma already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top:
 assumes already-used-all-simple s vars and finite vars
 shows s \subseteq already-used-top vars
proof
 \mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x-s: x \in s
 obtain A B where x: x = (A, B) by (cases x, auto)
 then have simplified \{A\} and atms-of A \subseteq vars using assms(1) x-s by fastforce+
  then have A: A \in simple\text{-}clss \ vars
   using simple-clss-mono[of atms-of A vars] \times assms(2)
   simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto[of {A}]
   distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss by fast
  moreover have simplified \{B\} and atms-of B \subseteq vars using assms(1) x-s x by fast+
  then have B: B \in simple\text{-}clss \ vars
   using simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto[of {B}]
   distinct\hbox{-}mset\hbox{-}not\hbox{-}tautology\hbox{-}implies\hbox{-}in\hbox{-}simple\hbox{-}clss
```

```
simple-clss-mono[of \ atms-of \ B \ vars] \ x \ assms(2) \ \mathbf{by} \ fast
  ultimately show x \in simple\text{-}clss \ vars \times simple\text{-}clss \ vars
   unfolding x by auto
qed
lemma already-used-top-finite:
 assumes finite vars
 shows finite (already-used-top vars)
 using simple-clss-finite assms by auto
lemma already-used-top-increasing:
 assumes var \subseteq var' and finite var'
 shows already-used-top var \subseteq already-used-top var'
 using assms simple-clss-mono by auto
lemma already-used-all-simple-finite:
 fixes s :: ('a literal multiset \times 'a literal multiset) set and vars :: 'a set
 assumes already-used-all-simple s vars and finite vars
 shows finite s
 using assms already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF assms(1)]
 rev-finite-subset[OF already-used-top-finite[of vars]] by auto
abbreviation card-simple vars \psi \equiv card (already-used-top vars -\psi)
lemma resolution-card-simple-decreasing:
 assumes res: resolution \psi \psi'
 and a-u-s: already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) vars
 and finite-v: finite vars
 and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and finite-snd: finite (snd \psi)
 and simp: simplified (fst \psi)
 and atms-of-ms (fst \psi) \subseteq vars
 shows card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi)
proof -
 let ?vars = vars
 let ?top = simple-clss ?vars × simple-clss ?vars
 have 1: card-simple vars (snd \psi) = card ?top - card (snd \psi)
   using card-Diff-subset finite-snd already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF a-u-s]
   finite-v by metis
 have a-u-s': already-used-all-simple (snd \psi') vars
   using already-used-all-simple-inv res a-u-s assms(7) by blast
 have f: finite (snd \psi') using already-used-all-simple-finite a-u-s' finite-v by auto
 have 2: card-simple vars (snd \psi') = card ?top - card (snd \psi')
   \textbf{using} \ \textit{card-Diff-subset}[\textit{OF}\ f] \ \textit{already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top}[\textit{OF}\ a-u-s'\ finite-v]
   by auto
 have card (already-used-top vars) \geq card (snd \psi')
   \mathbf{using}\ already\text{-}used\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{-}in\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}top[\mathit{OF}\ a\text{-}u\text{-}s'\ finite\text{-}v]}
   card-mono[of already-used-top vars snd <math>\psi'] already-used-top-finite[OF finite-v] by metis
  then show ?thesis
   \mathbf{using}\ psubset-card-mono[OF\ f\ resolution-simplified-already-used-subset[OF\ res\ simp]]
   unfolding 1 2 by linarith
qed
```

 ${\bf lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}card\text{-}simple\text{-}decreasing:}$

```
assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi' and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) vars
 and atms-of-ms (fst \ \psi) \subseteq vars
 and finite-v: finite vars
 and finite-snd: finite (snd \psi)
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: tranclp-induct)
 case (base \psi')
 then show ?case by (simp add: resolution-card-simple-decreasing)
next
  case (step \psi' \psi'') note res = this(1) and res' = this(2) and a-u-s = this(5) and
   atms = this(6) and f-v = this(7) and f-fst = this(4) and H = this
 then have card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi) by auto
 moreover have a-u-s': already-used-all-simple (snd \psi') vars
   using rtranclp-already-used-all-simple-inv[OF tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF res] a-u-s atms f-fst].
 have finite (fst \psi')
   by (meson finite-fst res rtranclp-resolution-finite tranclp-into-rtranclp)
 moreover have finite (snd \psi') using already-used-all-simple-finite[OF a-u-s' f-v].
  moreover have simplified (fst \psi') using res tranclp-resolution-always-simplified by blast
  moreover have atms-of-ms (fst \ \psi') \subseteq vars
   by (meson atms f-fst order.trans res rtranclp-resolution-atms-of tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  ultimately show ?case
   using resolution-card-simple-decreasing [OF res' a-u-s' f-v] f-v
   less-trans[of card-simple vars (snd \psi'') card-simple vars (snd \psi')
     card-simple vars (snd \ \psi)
   by blast
qed
lemma tranclp-resolution-card-simple-decreasing-2:
 assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi'
 and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and empty-snd: snd \psi = \{\}
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows card-simple (atms-of-ms (fst \psi)) (snd \psi') < card-simple (atms-of-ms (fst \psi)) (snd \psi)
proof -
 let ?vars = (atms-of-ms (fst \psi))
 have already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) ?vars unfolding empty-snd by auto
 moreover have atms-of-ms (fst \psi) \subseteq ?vars by auto
 moreover have finite-v: finite ?vars using finite-fst by auto
 moreover have finite-snd: finite (snd \psi) unfolding empty-snd by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using assms(1,2,4) translp-resolution-card-simple-decreasing of \psi \psi' by presburger
qed
12.5.2
          well-foundness if the relation
lemma wf-simplified-resolution:
 assumes f-vars: finite vars
 shows wf \{(y:: 'v:: linorder state, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x)\}
   \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
proof -
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b :: 'v:: linorder \ state
```

```
assume (b, a) \in \{(y, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x)\}
     \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
   then have
     atms-of-ms (fst a) \subseteq vars and
     simp: simplified (fst a) and
     finite (snd a) and
     finite (fst a) and
     a-u-v: already-used-all-simple (snd a) vars and
     res: resolution a b by auto
   have finite (already-used-top vars) using f-vars already-used-top-finite by blast
   moreover have already-used-top vars \subseteq already-used-top vars by auto
   moreover have snd b \subseteq already-used-top vars
     using already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[of snd b vars]
     a-u-v already-used-all-simple-inv[OF res] <math>\langle finite\ (fst\ a) \rangle\ \langle atms-of-ms\ (fst\ a) \subseteq vars \rangle\ f-vars
     by presburger
   moreover have snd\ a \subset snd\ b using resolution-simplified-already-used-subset [OF\ res\ simp].
   ultimately have finite (already-used-top vars) \land already-used-top vars \subseteq already-used-top vars
     \land snd b \subseteq already-used-top\ vars <math>\land snd a \subseteq snd\ b\ \mathbf{by}\ met is
 then show ?thesis using wf-bounded-set[of \{(y:: 'v:: linorder \ state, \ x).
   (atms-of-ms\ (fst\ x)\subseteq vars
   \land simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x)\land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars)
   \land resolution x y} \lambda-. already-used-top vars snd] by auto
qed
lemma wf-simplified-resolution':
 assumes f-vars: finite vars
 shows wf \{(y:: 'v:: linorder state, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land \neg simplified (fst x)\}
   \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
 unfolding wf-def
  apply (simp add: resolution-always-simplified)
 by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) fst-conv resolution-always-simplified)
lemma wf-resolution:
 assumes f-vars: finite vars
 shows wf (\{(y:: 'v:: linorder state, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x)\}
       \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
   \cup \{(y, x). (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land \neg simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x)\}
      \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}) (is wf (?R \cup ?S))
proof -
 have Domain ?R Int Range ?S = \{\} using resolution-always-simplified by auto blast
 then show wf (?R \cup ?S)
   using wf-simplified-resolution [OF f-vars] wf-simplified-resolution [OF f-vars] wf-Un[of ?R ?S]
   by fast
qed
lemma rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes simplify** S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
 using assms apply induction
 using simplify-preserves-already-used-inv by fast+
lemma full1-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes full1 simplify S S'
```

```
and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
  using assms tranclp-into-rtranclp[of simplify S[S'] rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv
  unfolding full1-def by fast
lemma full-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes full simplify S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
 using assms rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv unfolding full-def by fast
lemma resolution-already-used-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
proof induction
 case (full1-simp N N' already-used)
 then show ?case using full1-simplify-already-used-inv by fast
next
  case (inferring N already-used N' already-used' N''') note inf = this(1) and full = this(3) and
   a-u-v = this(4)
 then show ?case
   using inference-preserves-already-used-inv[OF inf a-u-v] full-simplify-already-used-inv full
   by fast
qed
{f lemma}\ rtranclp{\it -resolution-already-used-inv}:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms apply induction
 using resolution-already-used-inv by fast+
lemma rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat:
 assumes simplify^{**} \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \ \psi
 using assms apply induction
 \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{simplify-clause-preserves-sat} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast} +
lemma full1-simplify-preserves-unsat:
 assumes full 1 simplify \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \psi
 using assms rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat[of \psi \psi'] tranclp-into-rtranclp
 unfolding full1-def by metis
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full-simplify-preserves-unsat}\colon
 assumes full simplify \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \psi
 using assms rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat of \psi \psi' unfolding full-def by metis
lemma resolution-preserves-unsat:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
  using full1-simplify-preserves-unsat apply (metis fst-conv)
```

```
using full-simplify-preserves-unsat simplify-preserves-unsat by fastforce
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserves\text{-}unsat:
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms apply induction
 using resolution-preserves-unsat by fast+
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes simplify** N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 using assms apply (induction, simp)
 using simplify-preserve-partial-tree by metis
lemma\ full 1-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes full1 simplify N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 using assms rtranclp-simplify-preserve-partial-tree[of N N' t I] tranclp-into-rtranclp
 unfolding full1-def by fast
lemma full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes full simplify N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 \mathbf{using}\ assms\ rtranclp\text{-}simplify\text{-}preserve\text{-}partial\text{-}tree[of\ N\ N'\ t\ I]\ tranclp\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp}
 unfolding full-def by fast
lemma resolution-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
 using assms apply induction
   {\bf using} \ \mathit{full1-simplify-preserve-partial-tree} \ \mathit{fst-conv} \ {\bf apply} \ \mathit{metis}
  using full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree inference-preserve-partial-tree by fastforce
lemma rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
 using assms apply induction
 using resolution-preserve-partial-tree by fast+
 thm nat-less-induct nat.induct
lemma nat-ge-induct[case-names 0 Suc]:
 assumes P \theta
 shows P n
 using assms apply (induct rule: nat-less-induct)
 by (rename-tac n, case-tac n) auto
lemma wf-always-more-step-False:
 assumes wf R
 shows (\forall x. \exists z. (z, x) \in R) \Longrightarrow False
```

```
lemma finite-finite-mset-element-of-mset[simp]:
  assumes finite\ N
  shows finite \{f \varphi L | \varphi L. \varphi \in N \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\}
  using assms
proof (induction N rule: finite-induct)
  case empty
  show ?case by auto
next
  case (insert x N) note finite = this(1) and IH = this(3)
  \mathbf{have}\ \{f\ \varphi\ L\ | \varphi\ L.\ (\varphi = x \lor \varphi \in N) \land L \in \#\ \varphi \land P\ \varphi\ L\} \subseteq \{f\ x\ L\ |\ L.\ L \in \#\ x \land P\ x\ L\}
    \cup \{f \varphi L | \varphi L. \varphi \in N \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\} by auto
  moreover have finite \{f \ x \ L \mid L. \ L \in \# \ x\} by auto
  ultimately show ?case using IH finite-subset by fastforce
qed
 value card
value filter-mset
value \{\#count \ \varphi \ L \ | L \in \# \ \varphi. \ 2 \leq count \ \varphi \ L\#\}
value (\lambda \varphi. msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#\})
syntax
  -comprehension1'-mset :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \text{ multiset} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ multiset}
      ((\{\#-/. - : set of -\#\}))
translations
  \{\#e.\ x:\ set of\ M\#\} == CONST\ set-mset\ (CONST\ image-mset\ (\%x.\ e)\ M)
value \{\# \ a. \ a : set of \ \{\#1,1,2::int\#\}\#\} = \{1,2\}
definition sum-count-ge-2 :: 'a multiset set \Rightarrow nat (\Xi) where
sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2 \equiv folding.F \ (\lambda \varphi. \ op + (msetsum \ \{\#count \ \varphi \ L \ | L \in \# \ \varphi. \ 2 \leq count \ \varphi \ L\#\})) \ 0
interpretation sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2:
  folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#\})) 0
rewrites
  folding.F (\lambda \varphi. op +(msetsum {#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \# \})) 0 = sum\text{-}count\text{-}qe\text{-}2
proof -
  show folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \ (image-mset \ (count \ \varphi) \ \{\# \ L : \# \ \varphi. \ 2 \leq count \ \varphi \ L\#\})))
    by standard auto
  then interpret sum-count-ge-2:
    folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#\})) 0.
  show folding. F(\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum (image-mset (count \varphi) \{ \# L : \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \# \}))) 0
    = sum-count-ge-2 by (auto simp add: sum-count-ge-2-def)
qed
lemma finite-incl-le-setsum:
finite (B::'a multiset set) \Longrightarrow A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow \Xi A < \Xi B
proof (induction arbitrary: A rule: finite-induct)
  case empty
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (insert a F) note finite = this(1) and aF = this(2) and IH = this(3) and AF = this(4)
  show ?case
```

using assms unfolding wf-def by (meson Domain.DomainI assms wfE-min)

```
proof (cases \ a \in A)
     assume a \notin A
     then have A \subseteq F using AF by auto
     then show ?case using IH[of A] by (simp add: aF local.finite)
     assume aA: a \in A
     then have A - \{a\} \subseteq F using AF by auto
     then have \Xi(A - \{a\}) \leq \Xi F using IH by blast
     then show ?case
        proof -
         obtain nn :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat where
           \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\exists v2. \ x0 = x1 + v2) = (x0 = x1 + nn \ x0 \ x1)
           by moura
          then have \Xi F = \Xi (A - \{a\}) + nn (\Xi F) (\Xi (A - \{a\}))
           using Nat.le-iff-add \langle \Xi (A - \{a\}) \leq \Xi F \rangle by presburger
          then show ?thesis
           by (metis (no-types) Nat.le-iff-add aA aF add.assoc finite.insertI finite-subset
             insert.prems local.finite sum-count-qe-2.insert sum-count-qe-2.remove)
        qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
{\bf lemma}\ simplify\mbox{-}finite\mbox{-}measure\mbox{-}decrease:
  simplify N N' \Longrightarrow finite N \Longrightarrow card N' + \Xi N' < card N + \Xi N
proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
 case (tautology-deletion A P) note an = this(1) and fin = this(2)
 let ?N' = N - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\}\
 have card ?N' < card N
   by (meson card-Diff1-less tautology-deletion.hyps tautology-deletion.prems)
 moreover have ?N' \subseteq N by auto
 then have sum-count-ge-2 ?N' \le sum-count-ge-2 N using finite-incl-le-setsum[OF fin] by blast
 ultimately show ?case by linarith
  case (condensation A L) note AN = this(1) and fin = this(2)
 let ?C' = A + \{\#L\#\}
 let ?C = A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}
 let ?N' = N - \{?C\} \cup \{?C'\}
have card\ ?N' \le card\ N
   using AN by (metis (no-types, lifting) Diff-subset Un-empty-right Un-insert-right card.remove
     card-insert-if card-mono fin finite-Diff order-refl)
 moreover have \Xi \{?C'\} < \Xi \{?C\}
   proof -
     have mset-decomp:
       \{\# La \in \# A. (L = La \longrightarrow Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ La) \land (L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count \ A \ La)\#\}
       = \{ \# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count A La\# \} +
         \{ \# La \in \# A. L = La \land Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ L\# \}
         by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff ac-simps)
     have mset-decomp2: \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count A La\#\} =
       \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count \ A \ La\#\} + replicate-mset (count \ A \ L) \ L
       by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
     show ?thesis
       by (auto simp: mset-decomp mset-decomp2 filter-mset-eq ac-simps)
 have \Xi ?N' < \Xi N
   proof cases
```

```
assume a1: ?C' \in N
     then show ?thesis
      proof -
        have f2: \bigwedge m\ M. insert (m::'a\ literal\ multiset)\ (M-\{m\})=M\cup\{\}\vee m\notin M
          using Un-empty-right insert-Diff by blast
        have f3: \bigwedge m\ M\ Ma. insert (m:'a\ literal\ multiset)\ M\ -\ insert\ m\ Ma\ =\ M\ -\ insert\ m\ Ma
        then have f_4: \bigwedge M \ m. \ M - \{m::'a \ literal \ multiset\} = M \cup \{\} \lor m \in M
          using Diff-insert-absorb Un-empty-right by fastforce
        have f5: insert (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) N = N
          using f3 f2 Un-empty-right condensation.hyps insert-iff by fastforce
        have \bigwedge m\ M. insert (m:'a\ literal\ multiset)\ M=M\cup \{\} \lor m\notin M
          using f3 f2 Un-empty-right add.right-neutral insert-iff by fastforce
        then have \Xi (N - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) < \Xi N
          using f5 f4 by (metis Un-empty-right (\Xi \{A + \#L\#\}\}) < \Xi \{A + \#L\#\} + \#L\#\})
            add.right-neutral add-diff-cancel-left' add-gr-0 diff-less fin finite.emptyI not-le
            sum-count-ge-2.empty sum-count-ge-2.insert-remove trans-le-add2)
        then show ?thesis
          using f3 f2 a1 by (metis (no-types) Un-empty-right Un-insert-right condensation.hyps
            insert-iff multi-self-add-other-not-self)
       qed
   next
     assume ?C' \notin N
     have mset-decomp:
       \{\# La \in \# A. (L = La \longrightarrow Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ La) \land (L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count \ A \ La)\#\}
       = \{ \# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count A La\# \} +
        \{ \# La \in \# A. L = La \land Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ L\# \}
         by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff ac-simps)
     have mset-decomp2: \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count A La\#\} =
       \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count A La\#\} + replicate-mset (count A L) L
      by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
     show ?thesis
       using (\Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) < \Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) condensation.hyps fin
       sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2.remove[of\text{-}A+\{\#L\#\}+\{\#L\#\}] \langle ?C' \notin N \rangle
       by (auto simp: mset-decomp mset-decomp2 filter-mset-eq)
  ultimately show ?case by linarith
 case (subsumption A B) note AN = this(1) and AB = this(2) and BN = this(3) and fin = this(4)
 have card (N - \{B\}) < card N  using BN by (meson card-Diff1-less subsumption.prems)
 moreover have \Xi(N - \{B\}) \leq \Xi N
   by (simp add: Diff-subset finite-incl-le-setsum subsumption.prems)
  ultimately show ?case by linarith
qed
lemma simplify-terminates:
  wf \{(N', N). finite N \wedge simplify N N'\}
 using assms apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of finite simplify \lambda N. card N + \Xi N])
 using simplify-finite-measure-decrease by blast
lemma wf-terminates:
 assumes wf r
```

```
shows \exists N'.(N', N) \in r^* \land (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin r)
proof -
  let ?P = \lambda N. (\exists N'.(N', N) \in r^* \land (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin r))
 have (\forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y) \longrightarrow ?P x)
   proof clarify
     \mathbf{fix} \ x
     assume H: \forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y
     { assume \exists y. (y, x) \in r
       then obtain y where y: (y, x) \in r by blast
       then have P y using H by blast
       then have ?P x using y by (meson rtrancl.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
     }
     moreover {
       assume \neg(\exists y. (y, x) \in r)
       then have ?P x by auto
     ultimately show P x by blast
  moreover have (\forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y) \longrightarrow ?P x) \longrightarrow All ?P
   using assms unfolding wf-def by (rule allE)
  ultimately have All ?P by blast
  then show ?P N by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-simplify-terminates:
  assumes fin: finite N
 shows \exists N'. simplify^{**} N N' \land simplified N'
proof -
  have H: \{(N', N), \text{ finite } N \land \text{ simplify } N N'\} = \{(N', N), \text{ simplify } N N' \land \text{ finite } N\} \text{ by } \text{ auto}
  then have wf: wf \{(N', N). simplify N N' \land finite N\}
   using simplify-terminates by (simp add: H)
  obtain N' where N': (N', N) \in \{(b, a). \text{ simplify } a \ b \land \text{finite } a\}^* and
   more: (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin \{(b, a). \text{ simplify } a \ b \land \text{finite } a\})
   using Prop-Resolution.wf-terminates[OF wf, of N] by blast
  have 1: simplify** N N'
   using N' by (induction rule: rtrancl.induct) auto
  then have finite N' using fin rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite by blast
  then have 2: \forall N''. \neg simplify N' N'' using more by auto
 show ?thesis using 1 2 by blast
qed
lemma finite-simplified-full1-simp:
 assumes finite N
  shows simplified N \vee (\exists N'. full1 \ simplify \ N \ N')
  using rtranclp-simplify-terminates[OF assms] unfolding full1-def
 by (metis Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold)
lemma finite-simplified-full-simp:
  assumes finite N
 shows \exists N'. full simplify NN'
  using rtranclp-simplify-terminates [OF assms] unfolding full-def by metis
lemma can-decrease-tree-size-resolution:
  fixes \psi :: 'v \text{ state and tree} :: 'v \text{ sem-tree}
```

```
assumes finite (fst \psi) and already-used-inv \psi
 and partial-interps tree I (fst \psi)
  and simplified (fst \psi)
  shows \exists (tree':: 'v \ sem\text{-}tree) \ \psi'. \ resolution^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial\text{-}interps \ tree' \ I \ (fst \ \psi')
   \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0)
  using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: sem-tree-size)
  case (bigger xs I) note IH = this(1) and finite = this(2) and a-u-i = this(3) and part = this(4)
   and simp = this(5)
  { assume sem-tree-size xs = 0
   then have ?case using part by blast
  moreover {
   assume sn\theta: sem-tree-size xs > \theta
   obtain ag \ ad \ v where xs: xs = Node \ v \ ag \ ad \ using \ sn\theta by (cases \ xs, \ auto)
      assume sem-tree-size ag = 0 \land sem-tree-size ad = 0
      then have ag: ag = Leaf and ad: ad = Leaf by (cases ag, auto, cases ad, auto)
      then obtain \chi \chi' where
        \chi: \neg I \cup \{Pos\ v\} \models \chi and
        tot\chi: total-over-m (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) \{\chi\} and
        \chi \psi : \chi \in fst \ \psi \ and
        \chi': \neg I \cup \{Neg \ v\} \models \chi' \ \text{and}
        tot\chi': total-over-m (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \{\chi'\} and \chi'\psi: \chi' \in \mathit{fst}\ \psi
        using part unfolding xs by auto
      have Posv: Pos v \notin \# \chi using \chi unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
      have Negv: Neg v \notin \# \chi' using \chi' unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
        assume Neg\chi: \neg Neg\ v \in \#\ \chi
        then have \neg I \models \chi using \chi Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
        moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi\}
          \mathbf{using} \ \textit{Posv} \ \textit{Neg} \chi \ \textit{atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit} \ \textit{tot} \chi \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \textit{total-over-m-def} \ \textit{total-over-set-def}
          by fastforce
        ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
        and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
        and resolution^{**} \psi \psi
          unfolding xs by (auto\ simp\ add:\ \chi\psi)
       }
      moreover {
         assume Pos\chi: \neg Pos\ v \in \#\ \chi'
         then have I\chi: \neg I \models \chi' using \chi' Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
         moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi'\}
           using Negv Pos\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi'
           unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
         ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
         and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
         and resolution^{**} \psi \psi using \chi' \psi I \chi unfolding xs by auto
      moreover {
         assume neg: Neg v \in \# \chi and pos: Pos v \in \# \chi'
         have count \chi (Neg v) = 1
           using simplified-count [OF simp \chi\psi] neg by (metis One-nat-def Suc-le-mono Suc-pred eq-iff
```

```
le0)
have count \chi'(Pos v) = 1
 using simplified-count [OF simp \chi'\psi] pos by (metis One-nat-def Suc-le-mono Suc-pred
obtain C where \chi C: \chi = C + \{ \# Neg \ v \# \} and negC: Neg \ v \notin \# \ C and posC: Pos \ v \notin \# \ C
   assume a1: \bigwedge C. [\chi = C + \{\# Neg \ v\#\}; Neg \ v \notin \# \ C; Pos \ v \notin \# \ C]] \Longrightarrow thesis
   have f2: \land n. (0::nat) + n = n
     by simp
   obtain mm :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \ multiset \ where
     f3: \{ \# Neg \ v \# \} + mm \ \chi \ (Neg \ v) = \chi
     by (metis (no-types) (count \chi (Neg v) = 1) add.commute multi-member-split
       zero-less-one)
   then have Pos \ v \notin \# \ mm \ \chi \ (Neg \ v)
     using f2 by (metis (no-types) Posv (count \chi (Neg v) = 1) add.right-neutral
       add-left-cancel count-single count-union less-nat-zero-code)
   then show ?thesis
     using f3 a1 by (metis (no-types) (count \chi (Neq v) = 1) add.commute
       add.right-neutral add-left-cancel count-single count-union less-nat-zero-code)
 qed
obtain C' where
 \chi C' : \chi' = C' + \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}  and
 posC': Pos \ v \notin \# \ C' and
 negC': Neg v \notin \# C'
 by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Negv (count \chi' (Pos v) = 1) add-diff-cancel-right'
   cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel\ count-diff\ count-single\ less-nat-zero-code
   mset-leD mset-le-add-left multi-member-split zero-less-one)
have totC: total-over-m \ I \ \{C\}
 using toty tot-over-m-remove of I Pos v C negC posC unfolding \chi C
 by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg uminus-of-uminus-id)
have totC': total-over-m \ I \ \{C'\}
 using tot\chi' total-over-m-sum tot-over-m-remove[of I Neg v C'] negC' posC'
 unfolding \chi C' by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg)
have \neg I \models C + C'
 using \chi \chi' \chi C \chi C' by auto
then have part-I-\psi''': partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\})
 using totC \ totC' \ (\neg I \models C + C') by (metis Un-insert-right insertI1
   partial-interps.simps(1) total-over-m-sum)
 assume (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \notin snd\ \psi
 then have inf": inference \psi (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\})
   by (metis \chi'\psi \chi C \chi C' \chi \psi add.commute inference-step prod.collapse resolution)
 obtain N' where full: full simplify (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\}) N'
   by (metis finite-simplified-full-simp fst-conv inf" inference-preserves-finite
     local.finite)
 have resolution \psi (N', snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\}\)
   using resolution.intros(2)[OF - simp full, of snd \psi snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\}] inf"
   by (metis surjective-pairing)
 moreover have partial-interps Leaf I N'
   using full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree [OF full part-I-\psi'''].
 moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
 ultimately have ?case
   by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ prod.sel(1)\ rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl\ rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
```

```
moreover {
                      assume a: (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \in snd\ \psi
                      then have (\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
                              \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)) \lor tautology \ (C' + C)
                         proof -
                             obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# (\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') \land Neg \ p \in \# (\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C)
                                   \land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total-over-m \ I \ \{(\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) 
+ C) - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\}) \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models (\{\#Pos \ p\#\})\}
v\#\} + C' - \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\}))) \lor tautology\ ((\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos\ p\#\}))
\{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\}))
                                 using a by (blast intro: allE[OF a-u-i]unfolded subsumes-def Ball-def],
                                         of (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C)])
                              { assume p \neq v
                                 then have Pos \ p \in \# \ C' \land Neg \ p \in \# \ C \ using \ p \ by force
                                 then have ?thesis by (metis add-qr-0 count-union tautology-Pos-Neg)
                             moreover {
                                 assume p = v
                               then have ?thesis using p by (metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-left')
                             ultimately show ?thesis by auto
                         qed
                      moreover {
                         assume \exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
                              \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)
                          then obtain \vartheta where
                             \vartheta \colon \vartheta \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \ \mathbf{and}
                              tot-\vartheta-CC': \forall I. total-over-m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m \ I \ \{\vartheta\} and
                             \vartheta-inv: \forall I. total-over-m I \{\vartheta\} \longrightarrow I \models \vartheta \longrightarrow I \models C' + C by blast
                         have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
                             using tot - \vartheta - CC' \vartheta \vartheta - inv \ tot C \ tot C' \lor \neg I \models C + C' \lor \ total - over - m - sum \ by \ fastforce
                         moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
                          ultimately have ?case by blast
                      }
                      moreover {
                         assume tautCC': tautology (C' + C)
                         have total-over-m I \{C'+C\} using totC totC' total-over-m-sum by auto
                         then have \neg tautology (C' + C)
                             using \langle \neg I \models C + C' \rangle unfolding add.commute[of C C'] total-over-m-def
                             unfolding tautology-def by auto
                          then have False using tautCC' unfolding tautology-def by auto
                      ultimately have ?case by auto
                  ultimately have ?case by auto
            ultimately have ?case using part by (metis (no-types) sem-tree-size.simps(1))
       }
       moreover {
           assume size-ag: sem-tree-size ag > 0
           have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
           moreover have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
           and partad: partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
              using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
           moreover
```

```
have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs \Longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \Longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
         \implies partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi) \implies simplified (fst\ \psi)
         \implies \exists tree' \ \psi'. \ resolution^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial-interps \ tree' \ (I \cup \{Pos \ v\}) \ (fst \ \psi')
             \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0)
         using IH[of \ ag \ I \cup \{Pos \ v\}] by auto
     ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ where
        inf: resolution** \psi \psi'
       and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0
       using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-reft a-u-i simp by blast
     have partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       using rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree inf partad by fast
     then have partial-interps (Node v tree' ad) I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-aq part unfolding xs by fastforce
   moreover {
     assume size-ad: sem-tree-size ad > 0
     have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
     moreover
       have
         partag: partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi) and
         partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
         using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
     moreover have sem-tree-size ad \langle sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
        \longrightarrow (partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi) \longrightarrow simplified (fst \psi)
       \longrightarrow (\exists tree' \psi'. resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg v\}) (fst \psi')
             \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0)))
       using IH by blast
     ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ where
       inf: resolution** \psi \psi'
       and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0
       using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-reft a-u-i simp by blast
     have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi')
       using rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree inf partag by fast
     then have partial-interps (Node v ag tree') I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-ad unfolding xs by fastforce
   }
     ultimately have ?case by auto
  }
 ultimately show ?case by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ resolution\text{-}completeness\text{-}inv:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
    unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \psi) and
   finite: finite (fst \psi) and
   a-u-v: already-used-inv <math>\psi
  shows \exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
  obtain tree where partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi)
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms assms by metis
```

```
then show ?thesis
 using unsat finite a-u-v
 proof (induct tree arbitrary: \psi rule: sem-tree-size)
   case (bigger tree \psi) note H = this
     fix \chi
    assume tree: tree = Leaf
    obtain \chi where \chi: \neg {} \models \chi and tot\chi: total-over-m {} {\chi} and \chi\psi: \chi \in fst \psi
       \mathbf{using}\ H\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ \mathit{tree}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{auto}
     moreover have \{\#\} = \chi
       using H atms-empty-iff-empty tot\chi
       unfolding true-cls-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
     moreover have resolution^{**} \psi \psi by auto
     ultimately have ?case by metis
   moreover {
    fix v tree1 tree2
    assume tree: tree = Node \ v \ tree1 \ tree2
    obtain \psi_0 where \psi_0: resolution** \psi \psi_0 and simp: simplified (fst \psi_0)
       proof -
        { assume simplified (fst \psi)
          moreover have resolution^{**} \psi \psi by auto
          ultimately have thesis using that by blast
        }
        moreover {
          assume \neg simplified (fst \ \psi)
          then have \exists \psi'. full simplify (fst \psi) \psi'
            by (metis Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold bigger.prems(3) full1-def
              rtranclp-simplify-terminates)
          then obtain N where full 1 simplify (fst \psi) N by metis
          then have resolution \psi (N, snd \psi)
            using resolution.intros(1)[of fst \psi N snd \psi] by auto
          moreover have simplified N
            using \langle full1 \ simplify \ (fst \ \psi) \ N \rangle unfolding full1-def by blast
          ultimately have ?thesis using that by force
        ultimately show ?thesis by auto
       qed
    have p: partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi_0)
    and uns: unsatisfiable (fst \psi_0)
    and f: finite (fst \psi_0)
    and a-u-v: already-used-inv \psi_0
         using \psi_0 bigger.prems(1) rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree apply blast
        using \psi_0 bigger.prems(2) rtranclp-resolution-preserves-unsat apply blast
       using \psi_0 bigger.prems(3) rtranclp-resolution-finite apply blast
       using rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv[OF \psi_0 bigger.prems(4)] by blast
     obtain tree' \psi' where
       inf: resolution** \psi_0 \psi' and
       part': partial-interps tree' \{\} (fst \psi') and
       decrease: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0
       using can-decrease-tree-size-resolution[OF f a-u-v p simp] unfolding tautology-def
       by meson
     have s: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree using decrease unfolding tree by auto
```

```
have fin: finite (fst \psi')
         using f inf rtranclp-resolution-finite by blast
       have unsat: unsatisfiable (fst \psi')
         using rtranclp-resolution-preserves-unsat inf uns by metis
       have a-u-i': already-used-inv \psi'
         using a-u-v inf rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv[of \psi_0 \psi'] by auto
       have ?case
         using inf rtranclp-trans[of resolution] H(1)[OF \ s \ part' \ unsat \ fin \ a-u-i'] \ \psi_0 by blast
     ultimately show ?case by (cases tree, auto)
  qed
qed
lemma resolution-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
  apply (rule full1-simplify-already-used-inv; simp)
 apply (rule full-simplify-already-used-inv, simp)
 apply (rule inference-preserves-already-used-inv, simp)
 apply blast
 done
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 {\bf shows}\ already\hbox{-}used\hbox{-}inv\ S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
 using resolution-preserves-already-used-inv by fast
\mathbf{lemma}\ resolution\text{-}completeness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \psi)
 and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 and snd \ \psi = \{\}
 shows \exists \psi'. (resolution** \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
 have already-used-inv \psi unfolding assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using assms resolution-completeness-inv by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}preserves\text{-}sat:
 assumes simplify** S S'
 and satisfiable\ S
 shows satisfiable S'
 using assms apply induction
  apply simp
 by (meson satisfiable-carac satisfiable-def simplify-preserves-un-sat-eq)
lemma resolution-preserves-sat:
 assumes resolution S S'
```

```
and satisfiable (fst S)
 shows satisfiable (fst S')
  using assms apply (induction rule: resolution.induct)
  using rtranclp-preserves-sat tranclp-into-rtranclp unfolding full1-def apply fastforce
 by (metis fst-conv full-def inference-preserves-un-sat rtranclp-preserves-sat
   satisfiable-carac' satisfiable-def)
lemma rtranclp-resolution-preserves-sat:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and satisfiable (fst S)
 shows satisfiable (fst S')
 using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
 using resolution-preserves-sat by blast
lemma resolution-soundness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and \{\#\} \in fst \psi'
 shows unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms by (meson rtranclp-resolution-preserves-sat satisfiable-def true-cls-empty
   true-clss-def)
lemma resolution-soundness-and-completeness:
fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
assumes finite: finite (fst \psi)
and snd: snd \psi = \{\}
shows (\exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms resolution-completeness resolution-soundness by metis
lemma simplified-falsity:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi
 and \{\#\} \in \psi
 shows \psi = \{\{\#\}\}\
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume H: \neg ?thesis
 then obtain \chi where \chi \in \psi and \chi \neq \{\#\} using assms(2) by blast
 then have \{\#\} \subset \# \chi by (simp add: mset-less-empty-nonempty)
 then have simplify \psi (\psi - \{\chi\})
   using simplify.subsumption[OF\ assms(2)\ \langle \{\#\} \subset \#\ \chi\rangle\ \langle \chi \in \psi\rangle] by blast
 then show False using simp by blast
qed
lemma simplify-falsity-in-preserved:
 assumes simplify \chi s \chi s'
 and \{\#\} \in \chi s
 shows \{\#\} \in \chi s'
 using assms
 by induction auto
lemma rtranclp-simplify-falsity-in-preserved:
 assumes simplify^{**} \chi s \chi s'
 and \{\#\} \in \chi s
 shows \{\#\} \in \chi s'
 \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{assms}
```

```
by induction (auto intro: simplify-falsity-in-preserved)
\mathbf{lemma}\ resolution\text{-}falsity\text{-}get\text{-}falsity\text{-}alone:
  assumes finite (fst \psi)
 shows (\exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow (\exists a\text{-}u\text{-}v. resolution^{**} \psi (\{\{\#\}\}, a\text{-}u\text{-}v))
    (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
  assume ?B
  then show ?A by auto
next
 assume ?A
  then obtain \chi s a-u-v where \chi s: resolution** \psi (\chi s, a-u-v) and F: {#} \in \chi s by auto
  { assume simplified \chi s
    then have ?B using simplified-falsity[OF - F] \chi s by blast
  moreover {
    assume \neg simplified \chi s
    then obtain \chi s' where full 1 simplify \chi s \chi s'
       by (metis \chi s assms finite-simplified-full1-simp fst-conv rtranclp-resolution-finite)
    then have \{\#\} \in \chi s'
      unfolding full1-def by (meson F rtranclp-simplify-falsity-in-preserved
        tranclp-into-rtranclp)
    then have ?B
      by (metis \chi s \langle full1 | simplify | \chi s | \chi s' \rangle fst-conv full1-simp resolution-always-simplified
        rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl simplified-falsity)
 ultimately show ?B by blast
qed
lemma resolution-soundness-and-completeness':
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
    finite: finite (fst \psi)and
    snd: snd \ \psi = \{\}
  shows (\exists a \text{-}u \text{-}v. (resolution^{**} \ \psi \ (\{\{\#\}\}, a \text{-}u \text{-}v))) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable \ (fst \ \psi)
    using assms resolution-completeness resolution-soundness resolution-falsity-get-falsity-alone
    by metis
end
theory Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic
imports Partial-Clausal-Logic
```

13 Partial Clausal Logic

We here define marked literals (that will be used in both DPLL and CDCL) and the entailment corresponding to it.

13.1 Marked Literals

13.1.1 Definition

begin

```
datatype ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) marked-lit =
```

```
is-marked: Marked (lit-of: 'v literal) (level-of: 'lvl) |
  is-proped: Propagated (lit-of: 'v literal) (mark-of: 'mark)
lemma marked-lit-list-induct[case-names nil marked proped]:
 assumes P \mid  and
 \bigwedge L \ l \ xs. \ P \ xs \Longrightarrow P \ (Marked \ L \ l \ \# \ xs) and
 \bigwedge L \ m \ xs. \ P \ xs \Longrightarrow P \ (Propagated \ L \ m \ \# \ xs)
 shows P xs
 using assms apply (induction xs, simp)
 by (rename-tac a xs, case-tac a) auto
lemma is-marked-ex-Marked:
  is-marked L \Longrightarrow \exists K lvl. L = Marked K lvl
 by (cases L) auto
type-synonym ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits = ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list
definition lits-of :: ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal set where
lits-of Ls = lit-of ' (set Ls)
lemma lits-of-empty[simp]:
 lits-of [] = \{\}  unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-cons[simp]:
  lits-of (L \# Ls) = insert (lit-of L) (lits-of Ls)
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-append[simp]:
  lits-of (l @ l') = lits-of l \cup lits-of l'
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma finite-lits-of-def[simp]: finite (lits-of L)
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-rev[simp]: lits-of (rev M) = lits-of M
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma set-map-lit-of-lits-of[simp]:
  set (map \ lit-of \ T) = lits-of \ T
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
abbreviation unmark where
unmark M \equiv (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set M
lemma atms-of-ms-lambda-lit-of-is-atm-of-lit-of[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (unmark\ M') = atm-of ' lits-of M
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-empty-is-empty[iff]:
 lits\text{-}of\ M=\{\}\longleftrightarrow M=[]
 by (induct M) auto
13.1.2
           Entailment
definition true-annot :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models a 49) where
```

definition true-annot :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (**infix** \models a 49) **where** $I \models a \ C \longleftrightarrow (lits\text{-}of\ I) \models C$

```
definition true-annots :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models as 49) where
  I \models as \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in CC. \ I \models a \ C)
lemma true-annot-empty-model[simp]:
  \neg [] \models a \psi
  unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by simp
lemma true-annot-empty[simp]:
  \neg I \models a \{\#\}
 unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by simp
lemma empty-true-annots-def[iff]:
  [] \models as \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \psi = \{\}
 unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-empty[simp]:
  I \models as \{\}
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-single-true-annot[iff]:
  I \models as \{C\} \longleftrightarrow I \models a C
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annot-insert-l[simp]:
  M \models a A \Longrightarrow L \# M \models a A
  unfolding true-annot-def by auto
lemma true-annots-insert-l [simp]:
  M \models as A \Longrightarrow L \# M \models as A
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-union[iff]:
  M \models as A \cup B \longleftrightarrow (M \models as A \land M \models as B)
 unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-insert[iff]:
  M \models as \ insert \ a \ A \longleftrightarrow (M \models a \ a \land M \models as \ A)
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
Link between \models as and \models s:
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{:}
  I \models as \ CC \longleftrightarrow (lits - of \ I) \models s \ CC
  unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def by auto
lemma in-lit-of-true-annot:
  a \in lits\text{-}of\ M \longleftrightarrow M \models a \{\#a\#\}
  unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma true-annot-lit-of-notin-skip:
  L \# M \models a A \Longrightarrow lit\text{-}of L \notin \# A \Longrightarrow M \models a A
  unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl:
```

```
I \models s \ unmark \ MLs \Longrightarrow lits \text{-} of \ MLs \subseteq I
  unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{:}
  MLs \models a \psi \Longrightarrow set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) MLs) \models p \psi
  unfolding true-annot-def true-clss-cls-def true-cls-def
 by (auto dest: true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl)
lemma true-annots-true-clss-cls:
  MLs \models as \ \psi \implies set \ (map \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ MLs) \models ps \ \psi
  by (auto
    dest: true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl
    simp add: true-clss-def true-annots-def true-annot-def lits-of-def true-cls-def
    true-clss-clss-def)
lemma true-annots-marked-true-cls[iff]:
  map\ (\lambda M.\ Marked\ M\ a)\ M \models as\ N \longleftrightarrow set\ M \models s\ N
 have *: lits-of (map (\lambda M. Marked M a) M) = set M unfolding lits-of-def by force
 show ?thesis by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls *)
qed
lemma true-annot-singleton[iff]: M \models a \{\#L\#\} \longleftrightarrow L \in lits-of M
  unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma} true-annots-true-clss-clss:
  A \models as \Psi \Longrightarrow unmark A \models ps \Psi
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def true-clss-def
  by (auto
    dest!: true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl
    simp add: lits-of-def true-annot-def true-cls-def)
lemma true-annot-commute:
  M @ M' \models a D \longleftrightarrow M' @ M \models a D
  unfolding true-annot-def by (simp add: Un-commute)
lemma true-annots-commute:
  M @ M' \models as D \longleftrightarrow M' @ M \models as D
  unfolding true-annots-def by (auto simp add: true-annot-commute)
lemma true-annot-mono[dest]:
  set \ I \subseteq set \ I' \Longrightarrow I \models a \ N \Longrightarrow I' \models a \ N
  using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def
  by (metis (no-types) Un-commute Un-upper1 image-Un sup.orderE)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}mono:
  set\ I\subseteq set\ I'\Longrightarrow I\models as\ N\Longrightarrow I'\models as\ N
 unfolding true-annots-def by auto
13.1.3 Defined and undefined literals
definition defined-lit :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool
  where
defined-lit I L \longleftrightarrow (\exists l. Marked L l \in set I) \lor (\exists P. Propagated L P \in set I)
```

 $\vee (\exists l. \ Marked \ (-L) \ l \in set \ I) \ \vee (\exists P. \ Propagated \ (-L) \ P \in set \ I)$

```
abbreviation undefined-lit :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool
where undefined-lit IL \equiv \neg defined-lit IL
lemma defined-lit-rev[simp]:
  defined-lit (rev\ M)\ L \longleftrightarrow defined-lit M\ L
  unfolding defined-lit-def by auto
lemma atm-imp-marked-or-proped:
  assumes x \in set I
 shows
   (\exists l. Marked (- lit - of x) l \in set I)
   \vee (\exists l. Marked (lit-of x) l \in set I)
   \vee (\exists l. \ Propagated (- \ lit of \ x) \ l \in set \ I)
   \vee (\exists l. \ Propagated \ (lit of \ x) \ l \in set \ I)
  using assms marked-lit.exhaust-sel by metis
lemma literal-is-lit-of-marked:
 assumes L = lit - of x
 shows (\exists l. \ x = Marked \ L \ l) \lor (\exists l'. \ x = Propagated \ L \ l')
  using assms by (cases x) auto
lemma true-annot-iff-marked-or-true-lit:
  defined-lit I \ L \longleftrightarrow ((lits\text{-}of \ I) \models l \ L \lor (lits\text{-}of \ I) \models l \ -L)
  unfolding defined-lit-def by (auto simp add: lits-of-def rev-image-eqI
    dest!: literal-is-lit-of-marked)
lemma consistent-interp (lits-of I) \Longrightarrow I \modelsas N \Longrightarrow satisfiable N
  by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls)
lemma defined-lit-map:
  defined-lit Ls L \longleftrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ L \in (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set Ls
 unfolding defined-lit-def apply (rule iffI)
  using image-iff apply fastforce
 by (fastforce simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of dest: atm-imp-marked-or-proped)
lemma defined-lit-uminus[iff]:
  defined-lit I (-L) \longleftrightarrow defined-lit I L
  unfolding defined-lit-def by auto
{\bf lemma}\ {\it Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of}:
  defined-lit I \ L \longleftrightarrow (L \in lits-of I \lor -L \in lits-of I)
  unfolding lits-of-def defined-lit-def
  by (auto simp: rev-image-eqI) (rename-tac x, case-tac x, auto)+
lemma consistent-add-undefined-lit-consistent[simp]:
  assumes
    consistent-interp (lits-of Ls) and
   undefined-lit Ls L
  shows consistent-interp (insert L (lits-of Ls))
  using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def by (auto simp: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of)
lemma decided-empty[simp]:
  \neg defined-lit [] L
  unfolding defined-lit-def by simp
```

13.2 Backtracking

```
fun backtrack-split :: ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits
  \Rightarrow ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \times ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits where
backtrack-split [] = ([], []) []
backtrack-split (Propagated L P # mlits) = apfst ((op #) (Propagated L P)) (backtrack-split mlits) |
backtrack-split (Marked L l \# mlits) = ([], Marked L l \# mlits)
lemma backtrack-split-fst-not-marked: a \in set (fst (backtrack-split l)) \Longrightarrow \neg is-marked a
 by (induct l rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked:
  snd\ (backtrack-split\ l) \neq [] \implies is-marked\ (hd\ (snd\ (backtrack-split\ l)))
 by (induct l rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma backtrack-split-list-eq[simp]:
 fst\ (backtrack-split\ l)\ @\ (snd\ (backtrack-split\ l)) = l
 by (induct l rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma backtrack-snd-empty-not-marked:
  backtrack\text{-}split\ M = (M'',\ []) \Longrightarrow \forall\ l \in set\ M.\ \neg\ is\text{-}marked\ l
 by (metis append-Nil2 backtrack-split-fst-not-marked backtrack-split-list-eq snd-conv)
lemma backtrack-split-some-is-marked-then-snd-has-hd:
  \exists l \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ l \Longrightarrow \exists M' \ L' \ M''. \ backtrack\text{-split} \ M = (M'', \ L' \# M')
 by (metis backtrack-snd-empty-not-marked list.exhaust prod.collapse)
Another characterisation of the result of backtrack-split. This view allows some simpler proofs,
since take While and drop While are highly automated:
lemma backtrack-split-takeWhile-dropWhile:
  backtrack-split M = (takeWhile (Not o is-marked) M, dropWhile (Not o is-marked) M)
proof (induct M)
 case Nil show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons L M) thus ?case by (cases L) auto
qed
```

13.3 Decomposition with respect to the marked literals

The pattern get-all-marked-decomposition [] = [([], [])] is necessary otherwise, we can call the hd function in the other pattern.

```
fun get-all-marked-decomposition :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits
    ⇒ (('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits × ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits) list where
get-all-marked-decomposition (Marked L l # Ls) =
    (Marked L l # Ls, []) # get-all-marked-decomposition Ls |
get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated L P# Ls) =
    (apsnd ((op #) (Propagated L P)) (hd (get-all-marked-decomposition Ls)))
    # tl (get-all-marked-decomposition Ls) |
get-all-marked-decomposition [] = [([], [])]
value get-all-marked-decomposition [Propagated A5 B5, Marked C4 D4, Propagated A3 B3,
Propagated A2 B2, Marked C1 D1, Propagated A0 B0]
```

 $\mathbf{lemma} \ get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty[iff]:$

```
get-all-marked-decomposition M = [] \longleftrightarrow False
   by (induct M, simp) (rename-tac a xs, case-tac a, auto)
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty-sym[iff]:
   [] = get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M \longleftrightarrow False
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty[of M] by presburger
{f lemma}\ get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp:
   hd (get-all-marked-decomposition S) = (a, c) \Longrightarrow S = c @ a
proof (induct S arbitrary: a c)
   case Nil
   thus ?case by simp
next
   case (Cons \ x \ A)
   thus ?case by (cases x; cases hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition A)) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ qet-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split:
   backtrack-split\ S=(M,\ M')\longleftrightarrow hd\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ S)=(M',\ M)
proof (induction S arbitrary: M M')
   case Nil
   thus ?case by auto
next
   case (Cons\ a\ S)
   thus ?case using backtrack-split-takeWhile-dropWhile by (cases a) force+
ged
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-nil-backtrack-split-snd-nil}:
   get-all-marked-decomposition S = [([], A)] \Longrightarrow snd (backtrack-split S) = []
   by (simp add: get-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split sndI)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-length-1-fst-empty-or-length-1}:
   assumes get-all-marked-decomposition M = (a, b) \# []
   shows a = [] \lor (length \ a = 1 \land is\text{-marked} \ (hd \ a) \land hd \ a \in set \ M)
   using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: a b)
   case Nil thus ?case by simp
next
   case (Cons \ m \ M)
   show ?case
      proof (cases m)
          case (Marked l mark)
          thus ?thesis using Cons by simp
          case (Propagated 1 mark)
          thus ?thesis using Cons by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) force+
      qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ get-all-marked-decomposition-fst-empty-or-hd-in-M:
   assumes get-all-marked-decomposition M = (a, b) \# l
   shows a = [] \lor (is\text{-}marked (hd a) \land hd a \in set M)
   using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
      apply auto[2]
    \mathbf{by} \ (metis \ UnCI \ backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked \ get-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split \ neg \ properties \ (metis \ UnCI \ backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked \ get-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split \ neg \ properties \ neg \ neg \ properties \ neg \ neg \ properties \ neg \ pro
```

```
get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp hd-in-set list.sel(1) set-append snd-conv)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-not-marked} :
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and L \in set b
 shows \neg is-marked L
 using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: marked-lit-list-induct, simp)
 by (rename-tac L' l xs a b, case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition xs; fastforce)+
lemma tl-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some:
 assumes x \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition M1))
 shows x \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ M1)))
 using assms
 by (induct M0 rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
    (auto\ simp\ add:\ list.set-sel(2))
\mathbf{lemma}\ hd-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some:
 assumes (x, y) = hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M1)
 shows (x, y) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ Marked K i # M1))
 using assms
proof (induct M\theta)
 case Nil
 thus ?case by auto
next
 case (Cons\ L\ M0)
 hence xy: (x, y) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ Marked K i # M1)) by blast
 show ?case
   proof (cases L)
     case (Marked \ l \ m)
     thus ?thesis using xy by auto
   next
     case (Propagated l m)
     thus ?thesis
      using xy Cons.prems
      by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ Marked K i \# M1))
         (auto dest!: qet-all-marked-decomposition-decomp
           arg-cong[of get-all-marked-decomposition - - hd])
   qed
qed
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-union:
 set \ M = \bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ M)) \ \cup \ \{L \ | L. \ is\text{-}marked} \ L \ \land \ L \in set \ M\}
 (is ?M M = ?U M \cup ?Ls M)
proof (induct M arbitrary:)
 case Nil
 thus ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons\ L\ M)
 show ?case
```

proof (cases L)

case (Marked a l) note L = thishence $L \in ?Ls$ (L # M) by auto

ultimately show ?thesis by auto

moreover have ?U(L#M) = ?UM unfolding L by auto

moreover have $?M M = ?U M \cup ?Ls M$ using Cons.hyps by auto

```
next
     case (Propagated a P)
     thus ?thesis using Cons.hyps by (cases (get-all-marked-decomposition M)) auto
   qed
qed
{\bf lemma}\ in-get-all-marked-decomposition-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-prepend:
  (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M') \Longrightarrow
   \exists b'. (a, b' @ b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M @ M'))
 apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply (metis append-Nil)
  apply auto
 by (rename-tac L' m xs, case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ M')) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ qet	ext{-}all	ext{-}marked	ext{-}decomposition	ext{-}remove	ext{-}unmarked	ext{-}length:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 shows length (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ M''))
   = length (qet-all-marked-decomposition M'')
  using assms by (induct M' arbitrary: M" rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-not-is-marked-length}:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 shows 1 + length (get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated <math>(-L) P \# M))
   = length (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ Marked L l \# M))
using assms get-all-marked-decomposition-remove-unmarked-length by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-last-choice}:
 assumes tl \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ l \ \# \ M)) \neq []
 and \forall l \in set M'. \neg is\text{-}marked l
 and hd (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ Marked L l \# M))) = (M0', M0)
 shows hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated (-L) P \# M)) = (M0', Propagated (-L) P \#
M0)
 using assms by (induct M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-except-last-choice-equal}:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 shows tl (qet-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated (-L) P \# M))
   = tl (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ Marked L l # M)))
 using assms by (induct M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-hd-hd:
 assumes get-all-marked-decomposition Ls = (M, C) \# (M0, M0') \# l
 shows tl M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-}marked (hd M)
 using assms
proof (induct Ls arbitrary: M C M0 M0'l)
 case Nil
 thus ?case by simp
 case (Cons a Ls M C M0 M0' l) note IH = this(1) and q = this(2)
  { fix L level
   assume a: a = Marked \ L \ level
   have Ls = M0' @ M0
     using g a by (force intro: get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp)
   hence tl\ M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-marked } (hd\ M) using g\ a by auto
  }
```

```
moreover {
          fix LP
          assume a: a = Propagated L P
          have tl\ M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-}marked\ (hd\ M)
               using IH Cons.prems unfolding a by (cases qet-all-marked-decomposition Ls) auto
     ultimately show ?case by (cases a) auto
qed
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[dest]:
    assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
    shows \exists c. M = c @ b @ a
     using assms apply (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
          apply simp
     by (rename-tac L' m xs, case-tac qet-all-marked-decomposition xs;
          auto dest!: arg-cong[of get-all-marked-decomposition - - hd]
               get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp)+
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-incl:
     assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
    shows set b \subseteq set M and set a \subseteq set M
     using assms get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend by fastforce+
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend':
     assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
     obtains c where M = c @ b @ a
     using assms apply (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
          apply auto[1]
     by (rename-tac L' m xs, case-tac hd (get-all-marked-decomposition xs),
          auto dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp simp add: <math>list.set-sel(2))+
\mathbf{lemma} \ union\text{-}in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}is\text{-}subset}:
    assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
    shows set \ a \cup set \ b \subseteq set \ M
     using assms by force
definition all-decomposition-implies :: 'a literal multiset set
     \Rightarrow (('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list \times ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list) list \Rightarrow bool where
  all-decomposition-implies N S
       \longleftrightarrow (\forall (Ls, seen) \in set \ S. \ unmark \ Ls \cup N \models ps \ unmark \ seen)
lemma all-decomposition-implies-empty [iff]:
     all-decomposition-implies N \mid \mathbf{unfolding} \mid \mathbf{unfolding} \mid \mathbf{ull-decomposition-implies-def} \mid \mathbf{by} \mid \mathbf{uufolding} \mid \mathbf{by} 
lemma all-decomposition-implies-single[iff]:
     all-decomposition-implies N [(Ls, seen)]
          \longleftrightarrow unmark\ Ls \cup N \models ps\ unmark\ seen
     unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-append[iff]:
     all-decomposition-implies N (S @ S')
           \longleftrightarrow (all-decomposition-implies N S \land all-decomposition-implies N S')
     unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
```

```
lemma all-decomposition-implies-cons-pair[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N ((Ls, seen) \# S')
   \longleftrightarrow (all-decomposition-implies N [(Ls, seen)] \land all-decomposition-implies N S')
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-cons-single[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N (l \# S') \longleftrightarrow
   (unmark\ (fst\ l) \cup N \models ps\ unmark\ (snd\ l) \land
     all-decomposition-implies NS')
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied:
 assumes all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
   \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `\bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M))
using assms
\mathbf{proof} (induct length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) arbitrary: M)
 case \theta
 thus ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc\ n) note IH = this(1) and length = this(2)
  {
   assume length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) \leq 1
   then obtain a b where g: get-all-marked-decomposition M = (a, b) \# []
     by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) auto
   moreover {
     assume a = \lceil
     hence ?case using Suc.prems g by auto
   moreover {
     assume l: length a = 1 and m: is-marked (hd a) and hd: hd a \in set M
     hence (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) (hd a) \in \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} | L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M\} \text{ by } auto
     hence H: unmark \ a \cup N \subseteq N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\} \mid L. \ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
       using l by (cases a) auto
     have f1: (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ m\#\}) 'set a \cup N \models ps \ (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ m\#\})'set b
       using Suc. prems unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def q by simp
     have ?case
       unfolding g apply (rule true-clss-clss-subset) using f1 H by auto
   ultimately have ?case using get-all-marked-decomposition-length-1-fst-empty-or-length-1 by blast
  }
  moreover {
   assume length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) > 1
   then obtain Ls0 seen 0 M' where
     Ls0: get-all-marked-decomposition M = (Ls0, seen0) \# get-all-marked-decomposition M' and
     length': length (get-all-marked-decomposition M') = n  and
     M'-in-M: set M' \subseteq set M
     using length apply (induct M)
      apply simp
     by (rename-tac a M, case-tac a, case-tac hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M))
        (auto simp add: subset-insertI2)
     assume n = 0
     hence get-all-marked-decomposition M' = [] using length' by auto
     hence ?case using Suc.prems unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def Ls0 by auto
```

```
}
moreover {
  assume n: n > 0
  then obtain Ls1 seen1 l where Ls1: qet-all-marked-decomposition M' = (Ls1, seen1) \# l
    using length' by (induct M', simp) (rename-tac a xs, case-tac a, auto)
  have all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M')
    using Suc. prems unfolding Ls0 all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
  hence N: N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M'\}
      \models ps\ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\})\ `\bigcup (set\ `snd\ `set\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\ }M'))
    using IH length' by auto
  have l: N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M'\}
    \subseteq N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
    using M'-in-M by auto
  hence \Psi N: N \cup \{\{\# lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M\}
    \models ps\ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\})\ `\bigcup (set\ `snd\ `set\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\ }M'))
    using true-clss-clss-subset[OF l N] by auto
  have is-marked (hd Ls0) and LS: tl Ls0 = seen1 @ Ls1
    using get-all-marked-decomposition-hd-hd[of M] unfolding Ls0 Ls1 by auto
  have LSM: seen 1 @ Ls1 = M' using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp of M' Ls1 by auto
  have M': set M' = Union (set 'snd' set (get-all-marked-decomposition M'))
    \cup \{L \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in \text{set } M'\}
    using get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-union by auto
  {
    assume Ls\theta \neq []
    hence hd\ Ls0 \in set\ M using get-all-marked-decomposition-fst-empty-or-hd-in-M Ls0 by blast
    hence N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \wedge L \in set M\} \models p (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of }a\#\}) (hd Ls\theta)
      using \langle is\text{-}marked \ (hd \ Ls\theta) \rangle by (metis \ (mono\text{-}tags, \ lifting) \ UnCI \ mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq
        true-clss-cls-in)
  } note hd-Ls\theta = this
  have l: (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \ `(\bigcup (set `snd `set (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M'))
      \cup \{L \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in \text{set } M'\})
    = (\lambda a. \{ \#lit - of a \# \}) '
       \bigcup (set 'snd 'set (get-all-marked-decomposition M'))
       \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M'\}
    by auto
  have N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M'\} \models ps
          (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \cdot (\bigcup (set \cdot snd \cdot set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M'))
              \cup \{L \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in \text{set } M'\})
    unfolding l using N by (auto simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss)
  hence N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M'\} \models ps\ unmark\ (tl\ Ls0)
    using M' unfolding LS LSM by auto
  hence t: N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in \text{set } M'\}
    \models ps \ unmark \ (tl \ Ls0)
    by (blast intro: all-in-true-clss-clss)
  hence N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
    \models ps \ unmark \ (tl \ Ls\theta)
    using M'-in-M true-clss-clss-subset[OF - t,
      of N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}\}
  hence N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} \models ps\ unmark\ Ls0
```

```
using hd-Ls\theta by (cases Ls\theta, auto)
      moreover have unmark \ Ls\theta \cup N \models ps \ unmark \ seen\theta
        using Suc. prems unfolding Ls0 all-decomposition-implies-def by simp
      moreover have \bigwedge M Ma. (M::'a literal multiset set) <math>\cup Ma \models ps M
        by (simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss)
      ultimately have \Psi: N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} \models ps
          unmark seen0
        by (meson true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
      have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) '(set seen0
           \cup (\bigcup x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M'). set (snd x)))
         = unmark seen 0
           \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \cdot (\bigcup x \in set (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M'). set (snd x))
        by auto
      hence ?case unfolding Ls\theta using \Psi \Psi N by simp
    ultimately have ?case by auto
  ultimately show ?case by arith
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}propagated\text{-}lits\text{-}are\text{-}implied\text{:}}
  assumes all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M\} \models ps \ unmark \ M
    (is ?I \models ps ?A)
proof
  have ?I \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) ` \{L \mid L. is\text{-}marked } L \land L \in set M\}
    by (auto intro: all-in-true-clss-clss)
 moreover have ?I \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) ` \bigcup (set `snd `set (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M))
    using all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied assms by blast
  ultimately have N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ m\#\}\ | m.\ is\text{-}marked\ m \land m \in set\ M\}
    \models ps \ (\lambda m. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ m\#\}) \ ` \bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M))
      \cup (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-of } m\#\}) ` \{m \mid m. is\text{-marked } m \land m \in set M\}
      by blast
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis (no-types) qet-all-marked-decomposition-snd-union[of M] image-Un)
qed
lemma all-decomposition-implies-insert-single:
  all-decomposition-implies N M \Longrightarrow all-decomposition-implies (insert C N) M
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
          Negation of Clauses
13.4
definition CNot :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{where}
CNot \psi = \{ \{\#-L\#\} \mid L. \ L \in \# \psi \}
lemma in-CNot-uminus[iff]:
 shows \{\#L\#\} \in CNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow -L \in \# \ \psi
  using assms unfolding CNot-def by force
lemma CNot\text{-}singleton[simp]: CNot \{\#L\#\} = \{\{\#-L\#\}\}\} unfolding CNot\text{-}def by auto
lemma CNot\text{-}empty[simp]: CNot \{\#\} = \{\} unfolding CNot\text{-}def by auto
lemma CNot-plus[simp]: CNot (A + B) = CNot A \cup CNot B unfolding CNot-def by auto
```

```
lemma CNot-eq-empty[iff]:
  CNot\ D = \{\} \longleftrightarrow D = \{\#\}
  unfolding CNot-def by (auto simp add: multiset-eqI)
lemma in-CNot-implies-uminus:
  assumes L \in \# D
 and M \models as \ CNot \ D
 shows M \models a \{\#-L\#\} \text{ and } -L \in lits\text{-}of M
  using assms by (auto simp add: true-annots-def true-annot-def CNot-def)
lemma CNot\text{-}remdups\text{-}mset[simp]:
  CNot (remdups-mset A) = CNot A
  unfolding CNot-def by auto
lemma Ball-CNot-Ball-mset[simp]:
  (\forall x \in CNot \ D. \ P \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\forall L \in \# \ D. \ P \ \{\#-L\#\})
 unfolding CNot-def by auto
lemma consistent-CNot-not:
  assumes consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg I \models \varphi
  using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def true-clss-def true-cls-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ total\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}CNot:
  assumes total-over-m I \{\varphi\} and \neg I \models \varphi
  shows I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi
  using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def true-clss-def true-cls-def CNot-def
   apply clarify
  by (rename-tac\ x\ L,\ case-tac\ L) (force\ intro:\ pos-lit-in-atms-of\ neg-lit-in-atms-of)+
lemma total-not-CNot:
 assumes total-over-m I \{\varphi\} and \neg I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi
 shows I \models \varphi
  using assms total-not-true-cls-true-clss-CNot by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (CNot \ C) = atms-of C
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def atms-of-def CNot-def by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}contradiction\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}false:
  C \in D \Longrightarrow D \models ps \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow D \models p \ \{\#\}
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-def
  by (metis Un-commute atms-of-empty atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of atms-of-ms-insert atms-of-ms-union
   consistent-CNot-not insert-absorb sup-bot.left-neutral true-clss-def)
{\bf lemma}\ true\hbox{-} annots\hbox{-} CNot\hbox{-} all\hbox{-} atms\hbox{-} defined:
 assumes M \models as \ CNot \ T \ and \ a1: \ L \in \# \ T
 shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\ M
  by (metis assms atm-of-uminus image-eqI in-CNot-implies-uminus(1) true-annot-singleton)
lemma true-clss-clss-false-left-right:
  assumes \{\{\#L\#\}\}\cup B\models p \{\#\}
  shows B \models ps \ CNot \ \{\#L\#\}
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
```

```
\mathbf{fix} I
 assume
   tot: total-over-m I (B \cup CNot \{\#L\#\}) and
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   I:I\models s B
 have total-over-m I(\{\{\#L\#\}\}\cup B) using tot by auto
 hence \neg I \models s insert \{\#L\#\} B
   using assms cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def by simp
 thus I \models s \ CNot \ \{\#L\#\}
   using tot I by (cases L) auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma} \ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}def\text{-}iff\text{-}negation\text{-}in\text{-}model}:
  M \models as \ CNot \ C \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ L \in \# \ C. \ -L \in lits \text{-} of \ M)
 unfolding CNot-def true-annots-true-cls true-clss-def by auto
lemma consistent-CNot-not-tautology:
  consistent-interp M \Longrightarrow M \models s \ CNot \ D \Longrightarrow \neg tautology \ D
 by (metis atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of consistent-CNot-not satisfiable-carac' satisfiable-def
   tautology-def total-over-m-def)
lemma atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of-ms: atms-of-ms (CNot\ CC) = atms-of-ms {CC}
 by simp
lemma total-over-m-CNot-toal-over-m[simp]:
  total-over-m \ I \ (CNot \ C) = total-over-set I \ (atms-of C)
 unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma uminus-lit-swap: -(a::'a \ literal) = i \longleftrightarrow a = -i
 by auto
lemma true-clss-cls-plus-CNot:
 assumes CC-L: A \models p CC + \{\#L\#\}
 and CNot\text{-}CC: A \models ps \ CNot \ CC
 shows A \models p \{\#L\#\}
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def CNot-def total-over-m-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 fix 1
 assume tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (A \cup \{\{\#L\#\}\}))
 and cons: consistent-interp I
 and I: I \models s A
 let ?I = I \cup \{Pos \ P | P. \ P \in atms-of \ CC \land P \notin atm-of `I'\}
 have cons': consistent-interp ?I
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def
   by (auto simp add: uminus-lit-swap atms-of-def rev-image-eqI)
 have I': ?I \models s A
   using I true-clss-union-increase by blast
 have tot-CNot: total-over-m ?I (A \cup CNot CC)
   using tot atms-of-s-def by (fastforce simp add: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def)
 hence tot-I-A-CC-L: total-over-m ?I (A \cup \{CC + \{\#L\#\}\})
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-atm-of by auto
 hence ?I \models CC + \#L\#  using CC-L cons' I' unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
 moreover
   have ?I \models s \ CNot \ CC \ using \ CNot \cdot CC \ cons' \ I' \ tot \cdot CNot \ unfolding \ true \cdot clss \cdot def \ by \ auto
```

```
hence \neg A \models p \ CC
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) I' atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of-ms atms-of-ms-union cons'
        consistent-CNot-not tot-CNot total-over-m-def true-clss-cls-def)
    hence \neg ?I \models CC using \langle ?I \models s \ CNot \ CC \rangle \ cons' \ consistent - CNot - not \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
  ultimately have ?I \models \{\#L\#\} by blast
  thus I \models \{\#L\#\}
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) atms-of-ms-union cons' consistent-CNot-not tot total-not-CNot
      total-over-m-def total-over-set-union true-clss-union-increase)
qed
lemma true-annots-CNot-lit-of-notin-skip:
 assumes LM: L \# M \models as \ CNot \ A \ and \ LA: \ lit-of \ L \notin \# A \ -lit-of \ L \notin \# A
 shows M \models as \ CNot \ A
 using LM unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} l
 assume H: \forall x. \ x \in \mathit{CNot}\ A \longrightarrow L \# M \models ax and l: l \in \mathit{CNot}\ A
 hence L \# M \models a l by auto
  thus M \models a l using LA l by (cases L) (auto simp add: CNot-def)
 qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}false\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}cnot:
  A \cup \{B\} \models ps \{\{\#\}\} \longleftrightarrow A \models ps \ CNot \ B
  using total-not-CNot consistent-CNot-not unfolding total-over-m-def true-clss-clss-def
  by fastforce
{f lemma} true-annot-remove-hd-if-notin-vars:
  assumes a \# M' \models a D
 and atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ a) \notin atm\text{-}of\ D
  shows M' \models a D
  using assms true-cls-remove-hd-if-notin-vars unfolding true-annot-def by auto
lemma true-annot-remove-if-notin-vars:
  assumes M @ M' \models a D
  and \forall x \in atms\text{-}of D. x \notin atm\text{-}of 'lits\text{-}of M
 shows M' \models a D
  using assms apply (induct M, simp)
  using true-annot-remove-hd-if-notin-vars by force+
lemma true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars:
  assumes M @ M' \models as D
 and \forall x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ D. \ x \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M
 shows M' \models as D unfolding true-annots-def
  using assms true-annot-remove-if-notin-vars[of M M']
  unfolding true-annots-def atms-of-ms-def by force
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot}:
 assumes \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{B\}. s \in atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of A
 and \neg A \models a B
 shows A \models as \ CNot \ B
  unfolding true-annot-def true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-lit-def
proof (clarify, rule ccontr)
  \mathbf{fix} \ L
  assume LB: L \in \# B and \neg lits - of A \models l - L
 hence atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\ A
```

```
using assms(1) by (simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of lits-of-def)
 hence L \in lits-of A \vee -L \in lits-of A
   using atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set by metis
 hence L \in lits-of A using \langle \neg lits-of A \models l - L \rangle by auto
 thus False
   using LB assms(2) unfolding true-annot-def true-lit-def true-cls-def Bex-mset-def
   by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma CNot-union-mset[simp]:
  CNot (A \# \cup B) = CNot A \cup CNot B
 unfolding CNot-def by auto
13.5
         Other
abbreviation no-dup L \equiv distinct \ (map \ (\lambda l. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ l)) \ L)
lemma no-dup-rev[simp]:
 no\text{-}dup \ (rev \ M) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}dup \ M
 by (auto simp: rev-map[symmetric])
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}dup\text{-}length\text{-}eq\text{-}card\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{:}
 assumes no-dup M
 shows length M = card (atm\text{-}of 'lits\text{-}of M)
 using assms unfolding lits-of-def by (induct M) (auto simp add: image-image)
{f lemma}\ distinct consistent-interp:
 no-dup M \Longrightarrow consistent-interp (lits-of M)
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
 show ?case by auto
next
 case (Cons\ L\ M)
 hence a1: consistent-interp (lits-of M) by auto
 have a2: atm-of (lit-of L) \notin (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) 'set M using Cons.prems by auto
 have undefined-lit M (lit-of L)
   using a2 image-iff unfolding defined-lit-def by fastforce
 thus ?case
   using a1 by simp
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ distinct\text{-} get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}no\text{-}dup:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and no-dup M
 shows no-dup (a @ b)
 using assms by force
lemma true-annots-lit-of-notin-skip:
 assumes L \# M \models as CNot A
 and -lit-of L \notin \# A
 and no-dup (L \# M)
 shows M \models as \ CNot \ A
proof -
 have \forall l \in \# A. -l \in lits\text{-}of (L \# M)
   using assms(1) in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
 moreover
```

```
have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \notin atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\ M
      using assms(3) unfolding lits-of-def by force
   hence - lit-of L \notin lits-of M unfolding lits-of-def
      by (metis (no-types) atm-of-uminus imageI)
  ultimately have \forall l \in \# A. -l \in lits\text{-}of M
   using assms(2) unfolding Ball-mset-def by (metis insertE lits-of-cons uminus-of-uminus-id)
  thus ?thesis by (auto simp add: true-annots-def)
qed
type-synonym 'v \ clauses = 'v \ clause \ multiset
abbreviation true-annots-mset (infix \models asm 50) where
I \models asm \ C \equiv I \models as \ (set\text{-}mset \ C)
abbreviation true-clss-clss-m:: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models psm \ 50) where
I \models psm \ C \equiv set\text{-}mset \ I \models ps \ (set\text{-}mset \ C)
Analog of [?N \models ps ?B; ?A \subseteq ?B] \implies ?N \models ps ?A
lemma true-clss-clssm-subset
E: N |=psm B \Longrightarrow A \subseteq \# B
 \Longrightarrow N |=psm A
 using set-mset-mono true-clss-clss-subsetE by blast
abbreviation true-clss-cls-m:: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models pm \ 50) where
I \models pm \ C \equiv set\text{-}mset \ I \models p \ C
abbreviation distinct-mset-mset :: 'a multiset multiset \Rightarrow bool where
\textit{distinct-mset-mset} \ \Sigma \equiv \ \textit{distinct-mset-set} \ (\textit{set-mset} \ \Sigma)
abbreviation all-decomposition-implies-m where
all-decomposition-implies-m A B \equiv all-decomposition-implies (set-mset A) B
abbreviation atms-of-msu where
atms-of-msu U \equiv atms-of-ms (set-mset U)
abbreviation true-clss-m:: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelssm 50) where
I \models sm \ C \equiv I \models s \ set\text{-}mset \ C
abbreviation true-clss-ext-m (infix \models sextm 49) where
I \models sextm \ C \equiv I \models sext \ set\text{-mset} \ C
end
theory CDCL-NOT
imports Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic List-More Wellfounded-More Partial-Clausal-Logic
begin
```

14 NOT's CDCL

sledgehammer-params[verbose, prover=e spass z3 cvc4 verit remote-vampire]

declare set-mset-minus-replicate-mset[simp]

14.1 Auxiliary Lemmas and Measure

```
lemma no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus:
no-dup M \Longrightarrow - lit-of xa = lit-of x \Longrightarrow x \in set M \Longrightarrow xa \notin set M
by (metis atm-of-uminus distinct-map inj-on-eq-iff uminus-not-id')
```

```
lemma true-clss-single-iff-incl:
  I \models s \ single \ `B \longleftrightarrow B \subseteq I
  unfolding true-clss-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-single-atm-of[simp]:
  atms-of-ms \{\{\#lit-of L\#\} \mid L. P L\} = atm-of '\{lit-of L \mid L. P L\}
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of:
  atms-of \{\#- lit-of x. x \in \# A\#\} = atm-of `(lit-of `(set-mset A))
  unfolding atms-of-def by (auto simp add: Fun.image-comp)
lemma atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of:
  atms-of-ms ((\lambda x. \{\#lit\text{-of } x\#\}) `A) = atm-of (lit\text{-of } A)
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
This measure can also be seen as the increasing lexicographic order: it is an order on bounded
sequences, when each element is bounded. The proof involves a measure like the one defined
here (the same?).
definition \mu_C :: nat \Rightarrow nat \ sin t \Rightarrow nat \ list \Rightarrow nat \ where
\mu_{C} s b M \equiv (\sum i=0..< length M. M!i * b^ (s +i - length M))
lemma \mu_C-nil[simp]:
 \mu_C s b [] = 0
 unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
lemma \mu_C-single[simp]:
 \mu_C \ s \ b \ [L] = L * b \ \widehat{\ } (s - Suc \ \theta)
 unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ set\text{-}sum\text{-}atLeastLessThan\text{-}add:
  (\sum i=k..< k+(b::nat). \ f \ i) = (\sum i=0..< b. \ f \ (k+i))
 by (induction b) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ set\text{-}sum\text{-}atLeastLessThan\text{-}Suc:
  (\sum i=1..<Suc\ j.\ f\ i) = (\sum i=0..<j.\ f\ (Suc\ i))
  using set-sum-atLeastLessThan-add[of - 1 j] by force
lemma \mu_C-cons:
 \mu_C \ s \ b \ (L \# M) = L * b \ (s - 1 - length M) + \mu_C \ s \ b \ M
proof -
 have \mu_C \ s \ b \ (L \# M) = (\sum i = 0... < length \ (L \# M). \ (L \# M)!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (L \# M)))
   unfolding \mu_C-def by blast
 also have ... = (\sum i=0..<1. (L\#M)!i*b^(s+i-length (L\#M)))
               + (\sum i=1.. < length (L\#M). (L\#M)!i * b^ (s+i - length (L\#M)))
    by (rule setsum-add-nat-ivl[symmetric]) simp-all
 finally have \mu_C \ s \ b \ (L \# M) = L * b \ (s - 1 - length M)
                + (\sum_{i=1}^{n} i=1... < length (L\#M). (L\#M)!i * b^ (s+i-length (L\#M)))
    by auto
  moreover {
   have (\sum i=1..< length\ (L\#M).\ (L\#M)!i*b^ (s+i-length\ (L\#M)))=
          (\sum i=0... < length (M). (L\#M)!(Suc i) * b^ (s + (Suc i) - length (L\#M)))
    {\bf unfolding} \ length-Cons \ set-sum-at Least Less Than-Suc \ {\bf by} \ blast
   also have ... = (\sum i=0.. < length(M). M!i * b^(s+i-length(M)))
     by auto
```

```
finally have (\sum i=1...< length\ (L\#M).\ (L\#M)!i*b^(s+i-length\ (L\#M))) = \mu_C\ s\ b\ M
     unfolding \mu_C-def.
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
qed
lemma \mu_C-append:
 assumes s \ge length \ (M@M')
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ (M@M') = \mu_C \ (s - length \ M') \ b \ M + \mu_C \ s \ b \ M'
proof
 have \mu_C \ s \ b \ (M@M') = (\sum i = 0 .. < length \ (M@M') . \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
   unfolding \mu_C-def by blast
 moreover then have ... = (\sum i=0.. < length M. (M@M')!i * b^ (s+i - length (M@M')))
              + (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
   by (auto intro!: setsum-add-nat-ivl[symmetric])
 moreover
   have \forall i \in \{0.. < length M\}. (M@M')!i * b^ (s+i-length (M@M')) = M!i * b^ (s-length M')
     +i-length M
     using \langle s \geq length \ (M@M') \rangle by (auto simp add: nth-append ac-simps)
    then have \mu_C (s - length M') b M = (\sum i=0.. < length M. (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length)
(M@M')))
     unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
 ultimately have \mu_C s b (M@M') = \mu_C (s - length M') b M
               + (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
    by auto
 moreover {
   have (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M'))) =
         (\sum i=0..< length\ M'.\ M'!i*b^(s+i-length\ M'))
    unfolding length-append set-sum-atLeastLessThan-add by auto
   then have (\sum i = length \ M... < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M'))) = \mu_C \ s \ b
M'
     unfolding \mu_C-def.
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
qed
lemma \mu_C-cons-non-empty-inf:
 assumes M-ge-1: \forall i \in set M. i \geq 1 and M: M \neq []
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \ge b \ \widehat{} \ (s - length \ M)
 using assms by (cases M) (auto simp: mult-eq-if \mu_C-cons)
Duplicate of "/src/HOL/ex/NatSum.thy" (but generalized to (0::'a) \le k)
lemma sum-of-powers: 0 \le k \Longrightarrow (k-1) * (\sum_{i=0}^{n} i=0... < n. \ k^i) = k^n - (1::nat)
 apply (cases k = 0)
   apply (cases n; simp)
 by (induct n) (auto simp: Nat.nat-distrib)
In the degenerated cases, we only have the large inequality holds. In the other cases, the
following strict inequality holds:
lemma \mu_C-bounded-non-degenerated:
 fixes b :: nat
 assumes
   b > \theta and
   M \neq [] and
   M-le: \forall i < length M. M!i < b and
```

```
s \ge length M
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M < b \hat{s}
proof -
  consider (b1) b=1 \mid (b) \ b>1 \ \mathbf{using} \ \langle b>0 \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ (cases \ b) \ auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case b1
     then have \forall i < length M. M!i = 0 using M-le by auto
     then have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M = 0 unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
     then show ?thesis using \langle b > 0 \rangle by auto
   next
     case b
     have \forall i \in \{0.. < length M\}. M!i * b^(s+i-length M) \leq (b-1) * b^(s+i-length M)
       using M-le \langle b > 1 \rangle by auto
     then have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le (\sum i=0... < length \ M. \ (b-1) * b^ (s+i-length \ M))
        using \langle M \neq [] \rangle \langle b > 0 \rangle unfolding \mu_C-def by (auto intro: setsum-mono)
       have \forall i \in \{0... < length M\}. (b-1) * b^{(s+i-length M)} = (b-1) * b^{(i)} * b^{(s-length M)}
         by (metis Nat.add-diff-assoc2 add.commute assms(4) mult.assoc power-add)
       then have (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ (b-1)*b^ (s+i-length\ M))
         = (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ (b-1)*\ b^i*\ b^i*\ b^i - length\ M))
         by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
     also have ... = (\sum i=0.. < length \ M. \ b^i) * b^k = length \ M) * (b-1)
        \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ setsum-left-distrib\ setsum-right-distrib\ ac\text{-}simps)
     finally have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \leq (\sum i=0... < length \ M. \ b^i) * (b-1) * b^i(s - length \ M)
       by (simp add: ac-simps)
       have (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ b^i)*(b-1)=b^i(length\ M)-1
         using sum-of-powers[of b length M] \langle b > 1 \rangle
         by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
     finally have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le (b \ \widehat{\ } (length \ M) - 1) * b \ \widehat{\ } (s - length \ M)
     also have ... < b \cap (length M) * b \cap (s - length M)
       using \langle b > 1 \rangle by auto
     also have \dots = b \hat{s}
       by (metis assms(4) le-add-diff-inverse power-add)
     finally show ?thesis unfolding \mu_C-def by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
   qed
qed
In the degenerate case b = (\theta::'a), the list M is empty (since the list cannot contain any
element).
lemma \mu_C-bounded:
 fixes b :: nat
 assumes
   M-le: \forall i < length M. M!i < b and
   s \ge length M
   b > 0
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M < b \ \hat{s}
proof -
  consider (M\theta) M = [] \mid (M) b > \theta and M \neq []
   using M-le by (cases b, cases M) auto
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
```

```
then show ?thesis using M-le \langle b > 0 \rangle by auto
     case M
     show ?thesis using \mu_C-bounded-non-degenerated [OF M assms(1,2)] by arith
   qed
qed
When b = 0, we cannot show that the measure is empty, since \theta^0 = 1.
lemma \mu_C-base-\theta:
 assumes length M \leq s
 shows \mu_C \ s \ \theta \ M \leq M!\theta
proof -
   assume s = length M
   moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ n
     have (\sum i=\theta...< n.\ M ! i*(\theta::nat) \hat{i}) \leq M ! \theta
       apply (induction n rule: nat-induct)
      by simp (rename-tac n, case-tac n, auto)
   }
   ultimately have ?thesis unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
 moreover
  {
   assume length M < s
   then have \mu_C \ s \ \theta \ M = \theta \ unfolding \ \mu_C \text{-}def \ by \ auto}
 ultimately show ?thesis using assms unfolding \mu_C-def by linarith
qed
```

14.2 Initial definitions

14.2.1 The state

case M0

We define here an abstraction over operation on the state we are manipulating.

```
locale dpll-state =
  fixes
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st
  assumes
    trail-prepend-trail[simp]:
      \bigwedgest L. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow trail (prepend-trail L st) = L # trail st
    tl-trail[simp]: trail(tl-trail(S)) = tl(trail(S)) and
    trail-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]: \land st \ C. \ no-dup \ (trail \ st) \Longrightarrow trail \ (add-cls_{NOT} \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
    trail-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]: \bigwedge st\ C. trail\ (remove-cls_{NOT}\ C\ st) = trail\ st\ and
    clauses-prepend-trail[simp]:
      \wedge st\ L.\ undefined-lit\ (trail\ st)\ (lit-of\ L) \Longrightarrow clauses\ (prepend-trail\ L\ st) = clauses\ st
      and
    clauses-tl-trail[simp]: \bigwedge st. clauses (tl-trail st) = clauses st and
```

```
clauses-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
      \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow clauses\ (add\text{-}cls_{NOT}\ C\ st) = \{\#C\#\} + clauses\ st\ and
    clauses-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]: \bigwedge st C. clauses (remove-cls_{NOT} \ C \ st) = remove-mset \ C \ (clauses \ st)
begin
function reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS =
  (if \ length \ (trail \ S) = length \ F \lor trail \ S = [] \ then \ S \ else \ reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ F \ (tl-trail \ S))
by fast+
termination by (relation measure (\lambda(-, S)). length (trail S))) auto
declare reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps[simp\ del]
lemma
  shows
  reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-nil[simp]: trail\ S = [] \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F\ S = S and
  reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq-length[simp]: length (trail S) = length F \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S = S
 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{reduce-trail-to}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{length-ne}[\mathit{simp}] \colon
  length (trail S) \neq length F \Longrightarrow trail S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
   reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S = reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S)
  by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length-le:
  assumes length F > length (trail S)
  shows trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS) = []
  using assms by (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-nil[simp]:
  trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} [] S) = []
  by (induction [] S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-nil:
  clauses (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> [] S) = clauses S
  by (induction [] S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-drop:
  trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S) =
   (if \ length \ (trail \ S) \ge length \ F
   then drop (length (trail S) – length F) (trail S)
  apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  apply (rename-tac F S, case-tac trail S)
  apply auto
  apply (rename-tac list, case-tac Suc (length list) > length F)
  prefer 2 apply simp
  apply (subgoal-tac Suc (length list) – length F = Suc (length list – length F))
  apply simp
  apply simp
  done
```

```
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning:
  assumes trail S = F' @ F
  shows trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS) = F
  using assms by (auto simp: trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-drop)
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-clauses[simp]:
  clauses (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S) = clauses S
  by (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
abbreviation trail-weight where
trail-weight S \equiv map((\lambda l. 1 + length l) o snd) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail <math>S))
definition state-eq_{NOT}:: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool (infix \sim 50) where
S \sim T \longleftrightarrow trail \ S = trail \ T \wedge clauses \ S = clauses \ T
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-ref[simp]:
  S \sim S
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-sym:
  S \sim T \longleftrightarrow T \sim S
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-trans:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow T \sim U \Longrightarrow S \sim U
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemma
 shows
   state-eq_{NOT}-trail: S \sim T \Longrightarrow trail \ S = trail \ T and
   state-eq_{NOT}-clauses: S \sim T \Longrightarrow clauses S = clauses T
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
\mathbf{lemmas} \ state\text{-}simp_{NOT}[simp] = \ state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}trail \ state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}clauses
lemma trail-eq-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ T)
  apply (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 by (metis tl-trail reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq-length reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length-ne reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-nil)
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-state-eq_{NOT}-compatible:
  assumes ST: S \sim T
 shows reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T
proof -
 have clauses (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = clauses (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T)
   using ST by auto
 moreover have trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T)
   using trail-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq[of S T F] ST by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp del: state-simp<sub>NOT</sub> simp: state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def)
qed
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{trail-reduce-trail-to}_{NOT}\text{-}add\text{-}cls_{NOT}[simp] :
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
    trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S)
```

```
by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq) simp
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-trail-tl-trail-decomp[simp]:
  trail\ S = F' \ @\ Marked\ K\ () \ \#\ F \Longrightarrow
     trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (tl-trail S)) = F
  apply (rule reduce-trail-to NOT-skip-beginning [of - tl (F' @ Marked K () # [])])
 by (cases F') (auto simp add:tl-append reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning)
end
14.2.2
            Definition of the operation
locale propagate-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}cond :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive propagate_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
propagate_{NOT}[intro]: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \Longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot C
    \implies undefined\text{-}lit (trail S) L
    \implies propagate\text{-}cond \ (Propagated \ L \ ()) \ S
    \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S
    \implies propagate_{NOT} \ S \ T
inductive-cases propagateE[elim]: propagate_{NOT} S T
end
locale decide-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st
inductive decide_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
decide_{NOT}[intro]: undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow atm-of L \in atm-of-msu (clauses\ S)
  \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Marked L ()) S
  \implies decide_{NOT} \ S \ T
inductive-cases decideE[elim]: decide_{NOT} S S'
end
locale backjumping-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
```

fixes

```
backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive \ backjump \ where
trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \# \ F
\implies T \sim prepend\text{-}trail \ (Propagated \ L \ ()) \ (reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \ F \ S)
\implies C \in \# \ clauses \ S
\implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
\implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
\implies atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (clauses \ S) \cup atm\text{-}of \ `(lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S))
\implies clauses \ S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
\implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
\implies backjump\text{-}conds \ C \ C' \ L \ S \ T
\implies backjump \ S \ T
inductive\text{-}cases \ backjumpE: \ backjump \ S \ T
end
```

14.3 DPLL with backjumping

```
locale dpll-with-backjumping-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} +
  propagate-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds\ +
  decide-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ +
  backjumping-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ backjump-conds
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  assumes
       bj-can-jump:
       \bigwedge S \ C \ F' \ K \ F \ L.
         inv S \Longrightarrow
         no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
         trail\ S = F' @ Marked\ K\ () \# F \Longrightarrow
         C \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
         trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow
         undefined-lit F L \Longrightarrow
         atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ S)\ \cup\ atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F))\Longrightarrow
         clauses S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\} \Longrightarrow
         F \models as \ CNot \ C' \Longrightarrow
         \neg no\text{-step backjump } S
begin
```

We cannot add a like condition atms-of $C' \subseteq atms$ -of-ms N because to ensure that we can backjump even if the last decision variable has disappeared.

The part of the condition $atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\ (F'@Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F)$ is important, otherwise you are not sure that you can backtrack.

14.3.1 Definition

We define dpll with backjumping:

```
inductive dpll-bj :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
bj\text{-}decide_{NOT}: decide_{NOT} \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow dpll\text{-}bj \ S \ S'
bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>: propagate_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow dpll-bj S S'
bj-backjump: backjump \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow dpll-bj \ S \ S'
lemmas dpll-bj-induct = dpll-bj.induct[split-format(complete)]
thm dpll-bj-induct[OF dpll-with-backjumping-ops-axioms]
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{dpll-bj-all-induct}[\mathit{consumes} \ 2, \ \mathit{case-names} \ \mathit{decide}_{NOT} \ \mathit{propagate}_{NOT} \ \mathit{backjump}] :
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
    dpll-bj S T and
   inv S
   \bigwedge L T. undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ S)
      \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Marked L ()) S
      \implies P S T and
   \bigwedge C \ L \ T. \ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow undefined-lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
      \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S
      \implies P S T  and
    \bigwedge C \ F' \ K \ F \ L \ C' \ T. \ C \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow F' @ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \models as \ CNot \ C
      \implies trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F
      \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
      \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of (F' \otimes Marked K \otimes F))
      \implies clauses \ S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
      \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
      \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S)
      \implies P S T
  shows P S T
  \mathbf{apply} \ (induct \ T \ rule: \ dpll-bj-induct[OF \ local.dpll-with-backjumping-ops-axioms])
    apply (rule\ assms(1))
   using assms(3) apply blast
  apply (elim propagateE) using assms(4) apply blast
  apply (elim backjumpE) using assms(5) \langle inv S \rangle by simp
14.3.2
            Basic properties
First, some better suited induction principle lemma dpll-bj-clauses:
  assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
 shows clauses S = clauses T
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
No duplicates in the trail lemma dpll-bj-no-dup:
  assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
 and no-dup (trail S)
  shows no-dup (trail T)
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp add: defined-lit-map reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning)
Valuations lemma dpll-bj-sat-iff:
  assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
  shows I \models sm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sm \ clauses \ T
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
Clauses lemma dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv:
  assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
```

```
inv S
 shows atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) = atms-of-msu (clauses\ T)
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
lemma dpll-bj-atms-in-trail:
  assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (clauses \ S)
 shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ S)
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-skip-beginning)
lemma dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set:
 assumes dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
  atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
  atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A
 shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ T))\subseteq A
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
lemma dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv:
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induction rule:dpll-bj-all-induct)
 case decide_{NOT}
  then show ?case using decomp by auto
  case (propagate_{NOT} \ C \ L \ T) note propa = this(1) and undef = this(3) and T = this(4)
 let ?M' = trail (prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S)
 let ?N = clauses S
 obtain a y l where ay: get-all-marked-decomposition ?M' = (a, y) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition ?M') fastforce+
 then have M': ?M' = y @ a using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of ?M'] by auto
 have M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, tl y) \# l
   using ay undef by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
  have y_0: y = (Propagated L()) \# (tl y)
   using ay undef by (auto simp add: M)
  from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this,\ of\ set] have y[simp]:\ set\ y=insert\ (Propagated\ L\ ())\ (set\ (tl\ y))
   by simp
 have tr-S: trail S = tl y @ a
   using arg-cong[OF M', of tl] y<sub>0</sub> M get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp by force
 have a-Un-N-M: unmark a \cup set-mset ?N \models ps \ unmark \ (tl \ y)
   using decomp ay unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (simp add: M)+
 moreover have unmark a \cup set\text{-mset } ?N \models p \{\#L\#\} \text{ (is } ?I \models p \text{-})
   proof (rule true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     show ?I \models p C + \{\#L\#\}
       \mathbf{using} \ propa \ propagate_{NOT}.prems \ \mathbf{by} \ (auto \ dest!: \ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}in\text{-}imp\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls)
   next
```

```
have (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of m\#\}) 'set ?M' \models ps \ CNot \ C
       using \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle undef by (auto simp add: true-annots-true-clss-clss)
     have a1: (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-of }m\#\}) 'set a \cup (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-of }m\#\})' set (tl\ y) \models ps\ CNot\ C
       using propagate_{NOT}.hyps(2) tr-S true-annots-true-clss-clss
       by (force simp add: image-Un sup-commute)
     have a2: set-mset (clauses S)\cup unmark a
       \models ps \ unmark \ (tl \ y)
       using calculation by (auto simp add: sup-commute)
     show (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ m\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S) \models ps \ CNot \ C
       proof -
         have set-mset (clauses S) \cup (\lambda m. {#lit-of m#}) 'set a \models ps
           (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ m\#\}) 'set a \cup (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ m\#\})'set (tl \ y)
          using a2 true-clss-clss-def by blast
         then show (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of m\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S) \models ps \ CNot \ C
           using a1 unfolding sup-commute by (meson true-clss-clss-left-right
            true-clss-clss-union-and true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
       qed
   qed
  ultimately have unmark \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ ?N \models ps \ unmark \ ?M'
   unfolding M' by (auto simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss image-Un)
  then show ?case
   using decomp T M undef unfolding ay all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: ay)
next
  case (backjump C F' K F L D T) note confl = this(2) and tr = this(3) and undef = this(4)
   and L = this(5) and N-C = this(6) and vars-D = this(5) and T = this(8)
 have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition F)
   using decomp unfolding tr all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) get-all-marked-decomposition.simps(1)
     get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty hd-Cons-tl insert-iff list.sel(3) list.set(2)
     tl-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some)
 moreover have unmark (fst (hd (get-all-marked-decomposition F)))
     \cup set-mset (clauses S)
    \models ps \ unmark \ (snd \ (hd \ (qet-all-marked-decomposition \ F)))
   by (metis all-decomposition-implies-cons-single decomp qet-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty
     hd-Cons-tl)
 moreover
   have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of F
     using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding atms-of-def
     by (meson image-subsetI mem-set-mset-iff true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
 obtain a b li where F: get-all-marked-decomposition F = (a, b) \# li
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition F) auto
 have F = b @ a
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of F a b] F by auto
 have a-N-b:unmark a \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models ps \ unmark \ b
   using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: F)
 have F-D:unmark <math>F \models ps \ CNot \ D
   using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by (simp \ add: true-annots-true-clss-clss)
  then have unmark \ a \cup unmark \ b \models ps \ CNot \ D
   unfolding \langle F = b \otimes a \rangle by (simp add: image-Un sup.commute)
 have a-N-CNot-D: unmark a \cup set-mset (clauses S)
```

```
\models ps \ CNot \ D \cup unmark \ b
   apply (rule true-clss-clss-left-right)
   using a-N-b F-D unfolding \langle F = b @ a \rangle by (auto simp add: image-Un ac-simps)
 have a-N-D-L: unmark a \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models p D + \{\#L\#\}
   by (simp \ add: N-C)
 have unmark\ a \cup set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ S) \models p\ \{\#L\#\}
   using a-N-D-L a-N-CNot-D by (blast intro: true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
 then show ?case
   using decomp T tr undef unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: F)
qed
14.3.3
          Termination
Using a proper measure lemma length-get-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked:
 length (get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () \# F)) =
   length (qet-all-marked-decomposition F')
   + length (get-all-marked-decomposition (Marked K () \# F))
    _ 1
 by (induction F' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ take\text{-}length\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}marked\text{-}sandwich\text{:}}
  take (length (get-all-marked-decomposition F))
     (map\ (f\ o\ snd)\ (rev\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F))))
    map\ (f\ o\ snd)\ (rev\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ F))
proof (induction F' rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (marked\ K)
 then show ?case by (simp add: length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked)
  case (proped L \ m \ F') note IH = this(1)
 obtain a b l where F': get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () \# F) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () \# F)) auto
 have length (get-all-marked-decomposition F) – length l = 0
   \mathbf{using}\ length-get-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked[of\ F'\ K\ F]
   unfolding F' by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition F') auto
 then show ?case
   using IH by (simp add: F')
qed
lemma length-get-all-marked-decomposition-length:
 length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) \leq 1 + length M
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ length-in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}bounded:}
 assumes i:i \in set (trail-weight S)
 shows i \leq Suc \ (length \ (trail \ S))
proof -
  obtain a b where
   (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   ib: i = Suc (length b)
   using i by auto
```

```
then obtain c where trail\ S=c\ @\ b\ @\ a using get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend' by metis from arg-cong[OF\ this,\ of\ length] show ?thesis\ using\ i\ ib\ by\ auto\ qed
```

Well-foundedness The bounds are the following:

- 1 + card (atms-of-ms A): card (atms-of-ms A) is an upper bound on the length of the list. As get-all-marked-decomposition appends an possibly empty couple at the end, adding one is needed.
- 2 + card (atms-of-ms A): card (atms-of-ms A) is an upper bound on the number of elements, where adding one is necessary for the same reason as for the bound on the list, and one is needed to have a strict bound.

```
abbreviation unassigned-lit :: 'b literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat where
  unassigned-lit N M \equiv card (atms-of-ms N) - length M
lemma dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop:
 fixes M :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and N :: 'v clauses
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
   NA: atms-of-msu \ (clauses \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   MA: atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of (trail S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A  and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
 shows \mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
   > \mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
 case (propagate_{NOT} \ C \ L) note CLN = this(1) and MC = this(2) and undef - L = this(3) and T = this(3)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of (Propagated L () # trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \mathbf{using}\ propagate_{NOT}.hyps\ propagate_{-OPS.propagate_{NOT}}\ dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set bj-propagate_{NOT}
   NA MA CLN by (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
 have no-dup: no-dup (Propagated L () \# trail S)
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L by auto
  obtain a b l where M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have b-le-M: length b < length (trail S)
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of trail S] by (simp add: M)
 have finite (atms-of-ms A) using finite by simp
  then have length (Propagated L () # trail S) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of [OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
  then have latm: unassigned-lit A b = Suc (unassigned-lit A (Propagated L d \# b))
   using b-le-M by auto
  then show ?case using T undef-L by (auto simp: latm M \mu_C-cons)
  case (decide_{NOT} L) note undef L = this(1) and MC = this(2) and T = this(3)
 \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{incl:} \ \mathit{atm-of} \ \lq \ \mathit{lits-of} \ (\mathit{Marked} \ \mathit{L} \ () \ \# \ (\mathit{trail} \ \mathit{S})) \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-ms} \ \mathit{A}
   using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set bj-decide_{NOT} decide_{NOT}. decide_{NOT}. decide_{NOT}. hyps] NA MA
MC
```

```
by auto
```

```
have no-dup: no-dup (Marked L () \# (trail S))
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L by auto
 obtain a b l where M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 then have length (Marked L () # (trail S)) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of [OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 then have latm: unassigned-lit A (trail S) = Suc (unassigned-lit A (Marked L lv # (trail S)))
   by force
 show ?case using T undef-L by (simp add: latm \mu_C-cons)
 case (backjump C F' K F L C' T) note undef-L = this(4) and MC = this(1) and tr-S = this(3)
and
   L = this(5) and T = this(8)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of (Propagated L () \# F) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set NA MA tr-S L by auto
 have no-dup: no-dup (Propagated L () \# F)
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L tr-S by auto
 obtain a b l where M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have b-le-M: length b \leq length (trail S)
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of trail S] by (simp add: M)
 have fin-atms-A: finite (atms-of-ms A) using finite by simp
 then have F-le-A: length (Propagated L () \# F) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of [OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 have tr-S-le-A: length (trail\ S) \le (card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))
   using n-d MA by (metis fin-atms-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of)
 obtain a b l where F: get-all-marked-decomposition F = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition F) auto
 then have F = b @ a
   using qet-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of Propagated L () \# F a
     Propagated L() \# b] by simp
 then have latm: unassigned-lit A b = Suc (unassigned-lit A (Propagated L () \# b))
    using F-le-A by simp
 obtain rem where
   rem:map\ (\lambda a.\ Suc\ (length\ (snd\ a)))\ (rev\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F)))
   = map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a))) (rev (get-all-marked-decomposition F)) @ rem
   using take-length-get-all-marked-decomposition-marked-sandwich of F \lambda a. Suc (length a) F' K
   unfolding o-def by (metis append-take-drop-id)
 then have rem: map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a)))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () # F))
   = rev \ rem \ @ \ map \ (\lambda a. \ Suc \ (length \ (snd \ a))) \ ((get-all-marked-decomposition \ F))
   by (simp add: rev-map[symmetric] rev-swap)
 have length (rev rem @ map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a))) (get-all-marked-decomposition F))
        \leq Suc (card (atms-of-ms A))
   using arg-cong[OF rem, of length] tr-S-le-A
   length-get-all-marked-decomposition-length[of F' @ Marked K () \# F] tr-S by auto
 moreover
   { \mathbf{fix} \ i :: nat \ \mathbf{and} \ xs :: 'a \ list
```

```
have i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow length \ xs - Suc \ i < length \ xs
      by auto
     then have H: i < length \ xs \implies rev \ xs \ ! \ i \in set \ xs
       using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
   } note H = this
   have \forall i < length rem. rev rem! i < card (atms-of-ms A) + 2
     using tr-S-le-A length-in-qet-all-marked-decomposition-bounded of - S unfolding tr-S
     by (force simp add: o-def rem dest!: H intro: length-get-all-marked-decomposition-length)
  ultimately show ?case
   using \mu_C-bounded of rev rem card (atms-of-ms A)+2 unassigned-lit A l] T undef-L
   by (simp add: rem \mu_C-append \mu_C-cons F tr-S)
qed
lemma dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop:
 assumes dpll: dpll-bj S T and inv: inv S and
  N-A: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
  M-A: atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
 nd: no-dup (trail S) and
 fin-A: finite A
 shows (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
          <(2+card\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A))\ \widehat{\ }\ (1+card\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
proof -
 let ?b = 2 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?s = 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?\mu = \mu_C ?s ?b
 have M'-A: atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
   by (meson M-A N-A dpll dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set inv)
 have nd': no-dup (trail T)
   using \langle dpll-bj \mid S \mid T \rangle \mid dpll-bj-no-dup \mid nd \mid inv \mid by \mid blast
  { fix i :: nat and xs :: 'a list
   have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
     by auto
   then have H: i < length \ xs \implies xs \mid i \in set \ xs
     using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
  } note H = this
 have l-M-A: length (trail\ S) \leq card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of nd)
  have l-M'-A: length (trail\ T) \leq card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M'-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of nd')
 have l-trail-weight-M: length (trail-weight T) \leq 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
    using l-M'-A length-get-all-marked-decomposition-length [of trail T] by auto
  have bounded-M: \forall i < length (trail-weight T). (trail-weight T)! i < card (atms-of-ms A) + 2
   using length-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-bounded [of - T] l-M'-A
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans One-nat-def Suc-1 add.right-neutral add-Suc-right
     le-imp-less-Suc less-eq-Suc-le nth-mem)
 from dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop[OF dpll inv N-A M-A nd fin-A]
 have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight S) < \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight T) by simp
 moreover from \mu_C-bounded[OF bounded-M l-trail-weight-M]
   have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight T) \leq ?b ^ ?s by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
qed
```

```
lemma wf-dpll-bj:
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{ (T, S), dpll-bj S T \}
   \land atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
  (is wf ?A)
proof (rule wf-bounded-measure[of -
       \lambda-. (2 + card (atms-of-ms A))^{(1 + card (atms-of-ms A))}
       \lambda S. \ \mu_C \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (trail-weight \ S)])
 \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b :: 'st
 let ?b = 2 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?s = 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?\mu = \mu_C ?s ?b
 assume ab: (b, a) \in \{(T, S). dpll-bj \ S \ T \}
   \land atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
 have fin-A: finite (atms-of-ms A)
   using fin by auto
  have
   dpll-bj: dpll-bj a b and
   N-A: atms-of-msu (clauses a) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   M-A: atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ a) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
   nd: no-dup (trail a) and
   inv: inv a
   using ab by auto
 have M'-A: atm\text{-}of 'lits-of (trail b) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A
   by (meson M-A N-A (dpll-bj a b) dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set inv)
  have nd': no-dup (trail b)
   using \langle dpll-bj \ a \ b \rangle \ dpll-bj-no-dup \ nd \ inv \ by \ blast
  { fix i :: nat \text{ and } xs :: 'a \text{ list}
   have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
   then have H: i < length \ xs \implies xs \mid i \in set \ xs
     using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
  } note H = this
 have l-M-A: length (trail\ a) \leq card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of nd)
  have l-M'-A: length (trail\ b) \le card (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M'-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of nd')
  have l-trail-weight-M: length (trail-weight b) \leq 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
    using l-M'-A length-get-all-marked-decomposition-length[of trail b] by auto
  have bounded-M: \forall i < length (trail-weight b). (trail-weight b)! i < card (atms-of-ms A) + 2
   using length-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-bounded[of - b] l-M'-A
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans One-nat-def Suc-1 add.right-neutral add-Suc-right
     le-imp-less-Suc less-eq-Suc-le nth-mem)
 from dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop[OF dpll-bj inv N-A M-A nd fin]
 have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight a) < \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) by simp
  moreover from \mu_C-bounded[OF bounded-M l-trail-weight-M]
   have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) \leq ?b ^ ?s by auto
  ultimately show ?b \cap ?s \leq ?b \cap ?s \wedge
```

14.3.4 Normal Forms

We prove that given a normal form of DPLL, with some invariants, the either N is satisfiable and the built valuation M is a model; or N is unsatisfiable.

Idea of the proof: We have to prove tat satisfiable $N, \neg M \models as N$ and there is no remaining step is incompatible.

- 1. The decide rules tells us that every variable in N has a value.
- 2. $\neg M \models as N$ tells us that there is conflict.
- 3. There is at least one decision in the trail (otherwise, M is a model of N).
- 4. Now if we build the clause with all the decision literals of the trail, we can apply the backjump rule.

The assumption are saying that we have a finite upper bound A for the literals, that we cannot do any step no-step dpll-bj S

```
\textbf{theorem} \ \textit{dpll-backjump-final-state}:
  fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ {\bf and} \ S \ T :: 'st
  assumes
    atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   n-s: no-step dpll-bj S and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses <math>S))
   \vee (trail S \models asm\ clauses\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ S)))
proof -
  let ?N = set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)
 let ?M = trail S
  consider
     (sat) satisfiable ?N and ?M \models as ?N
   |(sat')| satisfiable ?N and \neg ?M \models as ?N
   | (unsat) unsatisfiable ?N
   by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case sat' note sat = this(1) and M = this(2)
     obtain C where C \in ?N and \neg ?M \models a C using M unfolding true-annots-def by auto
     obtain I :: 'v literal set where
       I \models s ?N  and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
       tot: total-over-m I ?N and
       atm-I-N: atm-of 'I \subseteq atms-of-ms ?N
       using sat unfolding satisfiable-def-min by auto
     let ?I = I \cup \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\}
```

```
let ?O = \{ \# lit\text{-of } L \# \} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M \land atm\text{-of } (lit\text{-of } L) \notin atms\text{-of-ms } ?N \}
have cons-I': consistent-interp ?I
 using cons using (no-dup ?M) unfolding consistent-interp-def
 by (auto simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def
    dest!: no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus)
have tot-I': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup unmark ?M)
 using tot atms-of-s-def unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 \mathbf{by} fastforce
have \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\} \models s ?O
 using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle atm-I-N by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of true-clss-def lits-of-def)
then have I'-N: ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O
 using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle true-clss-union-increase by force
have tot': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup ?O)
 using atm-I-N tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 by (force simp: image-iff lits-of-def dest!: is-marked-ex-Marked)
have atms-N-M: atms-of-ms ?N \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of ?M
 proof (rule ccontr)
    assume ¬ ?thesis
    then obtain l :: 'v where
     l-N: l \in atms-of-ms ?N and
     l\text{-}M: l \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of ?M
     by auto
    have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
      using l-M by (metis Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
        atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set literal.sel(1))
    from bj-decide_{NOT}[OF\ decide_{NOT}[OF\ this]] show False
     using l-N n-s by (metis\ literal.sel(1)\ state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
 qed
have ?M \models as CNot C
 by (metis \ C \in set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ S)) \ (\neg\ trail\ S \models a\ C)\ all\text{-}variables\text{-}defined\text{-}not\text{-}imply\text{-}cnot
 atms-N-M\ atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono\ atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of\ atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of-ms
  subset-eq)
have \exists l \in set ?M. is\text{-}marked l
 proof (rule ccontr)
    let ?O = \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M \land atm\text{-of } (lit\text{-of }L) \notin atms\text{-of-ms }?N\}
    have \vartheta[iff]: \Lambda I. \ total-over-m \ I \ (?N \cup ?O \cup unmark ?M)
      \longleftrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (?N \cup unmark \ ?M)
      unfolding total-over-set-def total-over-m-def atms-of-ms-def by auto
    assume ¬ ?thesis
    then have [simp]:\{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\}
      =\{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\}\mid L. \text{ is-marked }L \land L \in set ?M \land atm\text{-of }(lit\text{-of }L) \notin atms\text{-of-ms }?N\}
     by auto
    then have ?N \cup ?O \models ps \ unmark \ ?M
      using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF decomp] by auto
    then have ?I \models s \ unmark \ ?M
     using cons I' I' - N \ tot I' \ (?I \models s \ ?N \cup ?O) unfolding \vartheta \ true \ clss \ - def by blast
    then have lits-of ?M \subseteq ?I
      unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
    then have ?M \models as ?N
      using I'-N \langle C \in ?N \rangle \langle \neg ?M \models a C \rangle cons-I' atms-N-M
     by (meson \ \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle \ consistent-CNot-not \ rev-subsetD \ sup-ge1 \ true-annot-def
        true-annots-def true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def)
```

```
then show False using M by fast
 qed
from List.split-list-first-propE[OF\ this] obtain K:: 'v\ literal\ and
  F F' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list where
 M-K: ?M = F' @ Marked K () \# F and
 nm: \forall f \in set \ F'. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ f
 unfolding is-marked-def by (metis (full-types) old.unit.exhaust)
let ?K = Marked\ K\ ()::('v,\ unit,\ unit)\ marked-lit
have ?K \in set ?M
 unfolding M-K by auto
let ?C = image\text{-}mset \ lit\text{-}of \ \{\#L \in \#mset \ ?M. \ is\text{-}marked \ L \land L \neq ?K \#\} :: 'v \ literal \ multiset
let ?C' = set\text{-mset} \ (image\text{-mset} \ (\lambda L::'v \ literal. \{\#L\#\}) \ (?C + \{\#lit\text{-of} ?K\#\}))
have ?N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M\} \models ps \text{ unmark }?M
 using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied[OF decomp].
moreover have C': ?C' = \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M\}
 unfolding M-K apply standard
   apply force
 using IntI by auto
ultimately have N-C-M: ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \ unmark \ ?M
have N-M-False: ?N \cup (\lambda L. \{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\}) \cdot (set ?M) \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\}
 using M \ (?M \models as \ CNot \ C) \ (C \in ?N) unfolding true-clss-def true-annots-def Ball-def
 true-annot-def by (metis consistent-CNot-not sup.orderE sup-commute true-clss-def
   true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl\ true-clss-union\ true-clss-union-increase)
have undefined-lit F K using \langle no\text{-}dup ?M \rangle unfolding M\text{-}K by (simp \ add: \ defined\text{-}lit\text{-}map)
moreover
 have ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\}
   proof -
     have A: ?N \cup ?C' \cup unmark ?M =
        ?N \cup unmark ?M
       unfolding M-K by auto
     show ?thesis
       using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of {{#}}] N-M-False unfolding A by auto
 have ?N \models p \ image\text{-}mset \ uminus \ ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
   unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix}\ I
     assume
       tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (?N \cup {image-mset uminus ?C+ {#- K#}})) and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
       I \models s ?N
     have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
       using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def by (cases K) auto
     have tot': total-over-set I
        (atm\text{-}of 'lit\text{-}of '(set ?M \cap \{L. is\text{-}marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\}))
       using tot by (auto simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
     { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit}
       assume
         a3: lit-of x \notin I and
         a1: x \in set ?M and
         a4: is\text{-}marked x  and
         a5: x \neq Marked K ()
       then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
```

```
using a5 a4 tot' a1 unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by blast
              moreover have f6: Neg (atm-of (lit-of x)) = - Pos (atm-of (lit-of x))
               by simp
              ultimately have - lit-of x \in I
                using f6 a3 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
                  literal.sel(1)
            } note H = this
           have \neg I \models s ?C'
             using \langle ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{ \{ \# \} \} \rangle tot cons \langle I \models s ?N \rangle
             unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
             by (simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
            then show I \models image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
              unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def Bex-mset-def
              using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
             by (auto dest!: H)
          qed
      moreover have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
       using nm unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def M-K by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
      ultimately have False
       \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{bj-can-jump}[\mathit{of}\ S\ \mathit{F'}\ \mathit{K}\ \mathit{F}\ \mathit{C}\ -\mathit{K}
         image-mset uminus (image-mset lit-of \{ \# L : \# \text{ mset } ?M. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\# \} \}
          \langle C \in ?N \rangle n-s \langle ?M \models as\ CNot\ C \rangle bj-backjump inv \langle no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S) \rangle unfolding M-K by auto
       then show ?thesis by fast
   qed auto
ged
end
locale dpll-with-backjumping =
  dpll-with-backjumping-ops trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  propagate-conds inv backjump-conds
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st and tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
   inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   backjump\text{-}conds:: 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'v\ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
 assumes dpll-bj-inv:\bigwedge S T. dpll-bj S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv:
  assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
  shows inv T
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto simp add: dpll-bj-no-dup intro: dpll-bj-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup:
  assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail T)
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
```

```
(auto simp add: dpll-bj-no-dup dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv:
  assumes
    dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
  shows atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) = atms-of-msu (clauses\ T)
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
    (auto dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail:
  assumes
    dpll-bj^{**} S T and
    inv\ S and
    atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (clauses \ S)
  shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ T)
  using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv by auto
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-iff:
  assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
  shows I \models sm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sm \ clauses \ T
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
    (auto dest!: dpll-bj-sat-iff simp: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}atms\text{-}in\text{-}trail\text{-}in\text{-}set:
  assumes
    dpll-bj^{**} S T and
    inv S
    atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
    atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A
  shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ T))\subseteq A
  using assms
    by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
       (auto dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv
         simp\ add:\ dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set\ rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv
           rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
{f lemma}\ rtranclp-dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv:
  assumes
    dpll-bj^{**} S T and
    inv S
    all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
  shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
    (auto intro: dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv simp: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}inv\text{-}incl\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}inv\text{-}trancl\text{:}}
  \{(T, S), dpll-bj^{++} S T\}
    \land atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
     \subseteq \{(T, S). \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \land atms-of-msu \ (clauses \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
        \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}<sup>+</sup>
    (is ?A \subseteq ?B^+)
proof standard
 \mathbf{fix} \ x
```

```
assume x-A: x \in ?A
  obtain S T::'st where
   x[simp]: x = (T, S) by (cases x) auto
 have
   dpll-bj^{++} S T and
   atms-of-msu (clauses\ S)\subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   no-dup (trail S) and
    inv S
   using x-A by auto
  then show x \in ?B^+ unfolding x
   proof (induction rule: tranclp-induct)
     case base
     then show ?case by auto
   next
     case (step T U) note step = this(1) and ST = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4-7)]
      and N-A = this(4) and M-A = this(5) and nd = this(6) and inv = this(7)
     have [simp]: atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) = atms-of-msu (clauses\ T)
       using step rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp inv by fastforce
     have no-dup (trail\ T)
       using local.step nd rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup tranclp-into-rtranclp inv by fastforce
     moreover have atm-of ' (lits-of (trail\ T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
      by (metis inv M-A N-A local.step rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set
         tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     moreover have inv T
        using inv local.step rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp by fastforce
     ultimately have (U, T) \in ?B using ST N-A M-A inv by auto
     then show ?case using IH by (rule trancl-into-trancl2)
   qed
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-dpll-bj:
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S). dpll-bj^{++} S T
   \land atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
  using wf-trancl[OF wf-dpll-bj[OF fin]] rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv-incl-dpll-bj-inv-trancl
 by (rule wf-subset)
lemma dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff:
  dpll-bj \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ T
 by (simp add: dpll-bj-clauses)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff:
  dpll-bj^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (simp-all add: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff)
theorem full-dpll-backjump-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj S T and
   atms-S: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
```

```
finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses S))
  \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ S)))
proof -
 have st: dpll-bj^{**} S T and no-step dpll-bj T
   using full unfolding full-def by fast+
 moreover have atms-of-msu (clauses\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using atms-S inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv st by blast
 moreover have atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
    using atms-S atms-trail inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set st by auto
 moreover have no-dup (trail\ T)
   using n-d inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup st by blast
 moreover have inv: inv T
   using inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv st by blast
 moreover
   have decomps: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
     using (inv S) decomp rtranclp-dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv st by blast
  ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ T)))
   using \langle finite \ A \rangle dpll-backjump-final-state by force
  then show ?thesis
   \textbf{by} \ (\textit{meson} \ \langle \textit{inv} \ S \rangle \ \textit{rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-iff} \ \textit{satisfiable-carac} \ \textit{st} \ \textit{true-annots-true-cls})
qed
{\bf corollary}\ full-dpll-backjump-final-state-from-init-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj S T and
   trail S = [] and
   clauses\ S=N and
   inv S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N) \vee (trail T \models asm \ N \land satisfiable (set-mset N))
 using assms full-dpll-backjump-final-state [of S T set-mset N] by auto
lemma tranclp-dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop:
 assumes dpll: dpll-bj<sup>++</sup> S T and inv: inv S and
  N-A: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
  M-A: atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A and
  n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
 fin-A: finite A
 shows (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
              - \mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
           <(2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))
              -\mu_C \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (trail-weight \ S)
 using dpll
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case
   using N-A M-A n-d dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop fin-A inv by blast
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and dpll = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) = atms-of-msu (clauses\ T)
   using rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv by (metis dpll-bj-clauses dpll-bj-inv inv st
```

```
tranclpD)
  then have N-A': atms-of-msu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
     using N-A by auto
  moreover have M-A': atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
   by (meson M-A N-A inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set st dpll
      tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp-into-rtranclp tranclp-trans)
  moreover have nd: no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ T)
   by (metis inv n-d rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup st tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  moreover have inv T
   by (meson dpll dpll-bj-inv inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv st tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  ultimately show ?case
   using IH dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop[of T U A] dpll fin-A by linarith
qed
end
          CDCL
14.4
           Learn and Forget
14.4.1
locale learn-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub>
  for
   trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st and tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
   learn\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive learn :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
clauses\ S \models pm\ C \Longrightarrow atms-of\ C \subseteq atms-of-msu\ (clauses\ S) \cup atm-of\ `(lits-of\ (trail\ S))
  \implies learn\text{-}cond\ C\ S
 \implies T \sim \mathit{add\text{-}\mathit{cls}}_{NOT} \ \mathit{C} \ \mathit{S}
  \implies learn\ S\ T
inductive-cases learnE: learn S T
lemma learn-\mu_C-stable:
 assumes learn S T and no-dup (trail S)
 shows \mu_C A B (trail-weight S) = \mu_C A B (trail-weight T)
 using assms by (auto elim: learnE)
end
locale forget-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st and tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st <math>\Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
   forget\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive forget_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
forget_{NOT}: clauses \ S - replicate-mset \ (count \ (clauses \ S) \ C) \ C \models pm \ C
```

```
\implies forget-cond C S
  \implies C \in \# clauses S
  \implies T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S
  \Longrightarrow forget_{NOT} \ S \ T
inductive-cases forgetE: forget_{NOT} S T
lemma forget-\mu_C-stable:
  assumes forget_{NOT} S T
  shows \mu_C A B (trail-weight S) = \mu_C A B (trail-weight T)
  using assms by (auto elim!: forgetE)
end
locale learn-and-forget_{NOT} =
  learn-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ learn-cond\ +
  forget-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ forget-cond
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    \textit{tl-trail} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond\ ::\ 'v\ clause\ \Rightarrow\ 'st\ \Rightarrow\ bool
begin
inductive learn-and-forget_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
where
lf-learn: learn S T \Longrightarrow learn-and-forget_{NOT} S T
lf-forget: forget_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow learn-and-forget<sub>NOT</sub> S T
end
             Definition of CDCL
14.4.2
locale conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops =
  dpll-with-backjumping-ops trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    propagate\text{-}conds\ inv\ backjump\text{-}conds\ +
  learn-and-forget<sub>NOT</sub> trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} learn-cond
    forget-cond
    for
      trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
      clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
      prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      \mathit{add\text{-}\mathit{cls}_{NOT}} \mathit{remove\text{-}\mathit{cls}_{NOT}}:: 'v\ \mathit{clause} \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      propagate\text{-}conds :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
      inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
      backjump\text{-}conds:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
      learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond\ ::\ 'v\ clause\ \Rightarrow\ 'st\ \Rightarrow\ bool
begin
inductive cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
c-dpll-bj: dpll-bj S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S S'
c-learn: learn \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ S'
c-forget<sub>NOT</sub>: forget<sub>NOT</sub> S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S S'
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct[consumes 1, case-names dpll-bj learn forget_{NOT}]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and
```

```
dpll: \bigwedge T. \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ and
   learning:
     \bigwedge C T. clauses S \models pm \ C \Longrightarrow
     atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (trail S)) \Longrightarrow
     T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
     PST and
   forgetting: \bigwedge C T. clauses S - replicate-mset (count (clauses S) C) C \models pm \ C \Longrightarrow
     C \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
      T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
     PST
 shows P S T
 using assms(1) by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}.induct)
  (auto intro: assms(2, 3, 4) elim!: learnE forgetE)+
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv S and
   no-dup (trail S)
  shows no-dup (trail T)
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct) (auto intro: dpll-bj-no-dup)
Consistency of the trail lemma cdcl_{NOT}-consistent:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv S and
    no-dup (trail S)
 shows consistent-interp (lits-of (trail T))
 using cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF\ assms]\ distinct consistent-interp\ by\ fast
The subtle problem here is that tautologies can be removed, meaning that some variable can
disappear of the problem. It is also possible that some variable of the trail are not in the clauses
anymore.
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-ms-clauses-decreasing:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S and no-dup (trail S)
 shows atms-of-msu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (trail S))
 using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
   (auto dest!: dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv set-mp simp add: atms-of-ms-def Union-eq)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S and no-dup (trail S)
 and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ S)
 shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ S)
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct) (auto simp add: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}atms\text{-}in\text{-}trail\text{-}in\text{-}set:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S and no-dup (trail S) and
   atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A
 shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ T))\subseteq A
 using assms
 by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
    (simp-all add: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv)
```

```
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S and n-d[simp]: no-dup (trail S) and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
 using assms(1,2,4)
\mathbf{proof}\ (induction\ rule:\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}all\text{-}induct)
 case dpll-bj
 then show ?case
    using dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv n-d by blast
next
 {f case}\ learn
 then show ?case by (auto simp add: all-decomposition-implies-def)
  case (forget<sub>NOT</sub> C T) note cls-C = this(1) and C = this(2) and T = this(3) and iniv = this(4)
and
   decomp = this(5)
 show ?case
   unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def Ball-def
   proof (intro allI, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
     assume (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
     then have unmark \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S) \models ps \ unmark \ b
       using decomp T by (auto simp add: all-decomposition-implies-def)
     moreover
       have C \in set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)
        by (simp \ add: \ C)
      then have set-mset (clauses T) \models ps set-mset (clauses S)
        by (metis (no-types) T clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> cls-C insert-Diff order-refl
          set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) state-eq_{NOT}-clauses true-clss-clss-def
          true-clss-clss-insert)
     ultimately show unmark a \cup set-mset (clauses T)
       \models ps \ unmark \ b
       using true-clss-clss-generalise-true-clss-clss by blast
   qed
qed
Extension of models lemma cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S and n-d: no-dup (trail S)
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
 case dpll-bj
 then show ?case by (simp add: dpll-bj-clauses)
 case (learn C T) note T = this(3)
  \{ \text{ fix } J \}
   assume
     I \models sextm \ clauses \ S \ and
     I \subseteq J and
     tot: total-over-m J (set-mset (\{\#C\#\} + (clauses\ S))) and
     cons: consistent-interp J
   then have J \models sm \ clauses \ S \ unfolding \ true-clss-ext-def \ by \ auto
   moreover
```

```
with \langle clauses \ S \models pm \ C \rangle have J \models C
       using tot cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have J \models sm \{\#C\#\} + clauses S by auto
  then have H: I \models sextm \ (clauses \ S) \Longrightarrow I \models sext \ insert \ C \ (set\text{-mset} \ (clauses \ S))
   unfolding true-clss-ext-def by auto
  show ?case
   apply standard
     using T n-d apply (auto\ simp\ add:\ H)[]
   using T n-d apply simp
   by (metis Diff-insert-absorb insert-subset subsetI subset-antisym
     true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r)
\mathbf{next}
 case (forget_{NOT} \ C \ T) note cls\text{-}C = this(1) and T = this(3)
  \{ \text{ fix } J \}
   assume
     I \models sext \ set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S) - \{C\} \ \mathbf{and}
     I \subseteq J and
     tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ J \ (set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)) \ \mathbf{and}
     cons: consistent-interp J
   then have J \models s \text{ set-mset } (clauses S) - \{C\}
     unfolding true-clss-ext-def by (meson Diff-subset total-over-m-subset)
   moreover
     with cls-C have J \models C
       using tot cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def
       by (metis Un-commute forget_{NOT}.hyps(2) insert-Diff insert-is-Un mem-set-mset-iff order-refl
         set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1))
   ultimately have J \models sm \ (clauses \ S) by (metis \ insert-Diff-single \ true-clss-insert)
 then have H: I \models sext \ set\text{-mset} \ (clauses \ S) - \{C\} \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ (clauses \ S)
   unfolding true-clss-ext-def by blast
 show ?case using T by (auto simp: true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r H)
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops
         CDCL with invariant
14.5
locale conflict-driven-clause-learning =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops +
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
{f sublocale}\ dpll	ext{-}with	ext{-}backjumping
 apply unfold-locales
 using cdcl_{NOT}.simps\ cdcl_{NOT}.inv by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and inv S
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail\ T)
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound:
 assumes
    cdcl: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv: inv S and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   atms-clauses-S: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
   atms-trail-S: atm-of '(lits-of (trail S)) \subseteq A
 shows atm-of '(lits-of (trail\ T)) \subseteq A \land atms-of-msu\ (clauses\ T) \subseteq A
 using cdcl
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case using atms-clauses-S atms-trail-S by simp
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv T using inv st rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv by blast
 have no-dup (trail T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[of S T] st cdcl_{NOT} inv n-d by blast
  then have atms-of-msu (clauses\ U) \subseteq A
   using cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-ms-clauses-decreasing [OF cdcl_{NOT}] IH n-d \langle inv T \rangle by auto
  moreover
   have atm\text{-}of '(lits\text{-}of (trail U)) \subseteq A
     using cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set[OF cdcl_{NOT}, of A] \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ T) \rangle
     by (meson atms-trail-S atms-clauses-S IH \langle inv \ T \rangle \ cdcl_{NOT})
 ultimately show ?case by fast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies:}
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and inv S and no-dup (trail S) and
    all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms by (induction)
  (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S Tand inv S and no-dup (trail S)
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ T
  using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  using cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff by (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup)
definition cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv where
cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S \longleftrightarrow (finite A \land inv S \land atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \land atm\text{-}of \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \land no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
 using assms unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def
 by (simp\ add:\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound)
abbreviation learn-or-forget where
learn-or-forget S T \equiv (\lambda S T. learn S T \vee forget_{NOT} S T) S T
```

```
lemma rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT}:
  learn\text{-}or\text{-}forget^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ S \ T
  using rtranclp-mono[of learn-or-forget cdcl_{NOT}] cdcl_{NOT}.c-learn cdcl_{NOT}.c-forget_{NOT} by blast
lemma learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C:
  assumes
   l-f: learn-or-forget** S T and
    dpll: dpll-bj \ T \ U \ {\bf and}
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S
 shows (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
      -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight U)
    < (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
       - \mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
     (is ?\mu U < ?\mu S)
proof -
 have ?\mu S = ?\mu T
   using l-f
   proof (induction)
      case base
      then show ?case by simp
   next
      case (step \ T \ U)
      moreover then have no-dup (trail\ T)
       \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{no-dup}[\mathit{of}\ S\ T]\ \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{NOT-all-inv-def}\ \mathit{inv}
        rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
      ultimately show ?case
       using forget-\mu_C-stable learn-\mu_C-stable inv unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by presburger
   qed
  moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
     \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl}_{NOT} \ \ \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT} - NOT\text{-}\mathit{all-inv} \ \ \mathit{l-finv} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast}
  ultimately show ?thesis
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop}[\mathit{of}\ T\ U\ A,\ \mathit{OF}\ \mathit{dpll}]\ \mathit{finite}
   unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by linarith
qed
lemma infinite-cdcl_{NOT}-exists-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
    \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f(Suc \ i)) and
    inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A (f \theta)
  shows \exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i))
proof (induction (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
    -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight (f 0))
   arbitrary: f
    rule: nat-less-induct-case)
  case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and \mu = this(2) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(3) and inv = this(4)
  consider
      (dpll-end) \exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn-or-forget \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))
    |(dpll\text{-more}) \neg (\exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn\text{-or-forget} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)))|
   bv blast
  then show ?case
   proof cases
      case dpll-end
      then show ?thesis by auto
   next
```

```
case dpll-more
then have j: \exists i. \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))
 by blast
obtain i where
  \neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) and
 \forall k < i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
 proof -
   obtain i_0 where \neg learn (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0))
      using j by auto
   then have \{i.\ i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i))\} \neq \{\}
     by auto
   let ?I = \{i. \ i \leq i_0 \land \neg \ learn \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))\}
   let ?i = Min ?I
   have finite ?I
     by auto
   have \neg learn (f?i) (f(Suc?i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f?i) (f(Suc?i))
     using Min-in [OF \langle finite?I \rangle \langle ?I \neq \{\} \rangle] by auto
   moreover have \forall k < ?i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
      using Min.coboundedI[of \{i. i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i)\}
        (f(Suc\ i)), simplified
     by (meson \leftarrow learn\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)))\ less-imp-le
        dual-order.trans not-le)
   ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
 qed
\operatorname{def} g \equiv \lambda n. \ f \ (n + Suc \ i)
have dpll-bj (f i) (g \theta)
 using \langle \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \wedge \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i)) \rangle cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.cases
 g-def by auto
 fix j
 assume j \leq i
 then have learn-or-forget^{**} (f \ \theta) (f \ j)
   apply (induction j)
    apply simp
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-leD Suc-le-lessD rtranclp.simps
      \forall k < i. \ learn \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor forget_{NOT} \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor)
then have learn-or-forget^{**} (f \ 0) \ (f \ i) by blast
then have (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight (g 0))
  <(2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
    -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight (f 0))
 using learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C[of f \ 0 \ f \ i \ g \ 0 \ A] \ inv \langle dpll-bj \ (f \ i) \ (g \ 0) \rangle
 unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by linarith
moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-i: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} (f \theta) (g \theta)
 using rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT}[of \ f \ 0 \ f \ i] \ \langle learn-or-forget** (f \ 0) \ (f \ i) \rangle
  cdcl_{NOT}[of\ i] unfolding g-def by auto
moreover have \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (g \ i) \ (g \ (Suc \ i))
 using cdcl_{NOT} g-def by auto
moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A (g \theta)
  using inv cdcl_{NOT}-i rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound g-def cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv by auto
ultimately obtain j where j: \bigwedge i. i \ge j \implies learn-or-forget (g i) (g (Suc i))
  using IH unfolding \mu[symmetric] by presburger
show ?thesis
```

```
proof
            \mathbf{fix} \ k
            assume k \ge j + Suc i
            then have learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
              using j[of k-Suc \ i] unfolding g-def by auto
          then show \forall k \ge j + Suc \ i. \ learn-or-forget \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k))
            by auto
        qed
    qed
next
  case \theta note H = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and inv = this(3)
  show ?case
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?case
      then have j: \exists i. \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))
      obtain i where
        \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i)) and
        \forall k < i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
          obtain i_0 where \neg learn (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0))
            using j by auto
          then have \{i. \ i \leq i_0 \land \neg \ learn \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))\} \neq \{\}
            by auto
          let ?I = \{i. \ i \leq i_0 \land \neg \ learn \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))\}
          let ?i = Min ?I
          have finite ?I
            by auto
          have \neg learn (f?i) (f(Suc?i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f?i) (f(Suc?i))
            using Min-in[OF \langle finite ?I \rangle \langle ?I \neq \{\} \rangle] by auto
          moreover have \forall k < ?i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
            using Min.coboundedI[of \{i.\ i \leq i_0 \land \neg \ learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)
              (f(Suc\ i)), simplified]
            by (meson \leftarrow learn\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)))\ less-imp-le
              dual-order.trans not-le)
          ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
        qed
      have dpll-bj (f i) (f (Suc i))
        using \langle \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \wedge \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i)) \rangle cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.cases
        by blast
        \mathbf{fix} \ j
        assume j \leq i
        then have learn-or-forget** (f \ \theta) \ (f \ j)
          apply (induction j)
          apply simp
          by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-leD Suc-le-lessD rtranclp.simps
            \forall k < i. \ learn \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor forget_{NOT} \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor)
      then have learn-or-forget^{**} (f \ \theta) (f \ i) by blast
      then show False
        using learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C[off\ 0\ f\ i\ f\ (Suc\ i)\ A]\ inv\ 0
```

```
\langle dpll-bj \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \rangle unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by linarith
   qed
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
  assumes
    no\text{-}infinite\text{-}lf: \bigwedge f j. \neg (\forall i \geq j. learn\text{-}or\text{-}forget (f i) (f (Suc i)))
 shows wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S\} (is wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \ A \ Cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \ A \ S\})
       \land ?inv S)
  unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume \neg \neg (\exists f. \forall i. (f (Suc i), f i) \in \{(T, S). cdcl_{NOT} S T \land ?inv S\})
  then obtain f where
   \forall i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land ?inv \ (f \ i)
   by fast
  then have \exists j. \forall i \geq j. learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i))
   using infinite-cdcl_{NOT}-exists-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain[of f] by meson
  then show False using no-infinite-lf by blast
qed
lemma inv-and-tranclp-cdcl-_{NOT}-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{++} S T \land cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S \longleftrightarrow (\lambda S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \land cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A
S)^{++} S T
  (is ?A \land ?I \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 assume ?A \land ?I
  then have ?A and ?I by blast+
  then show ?B
   apply induction
     apply (simp add: tranclp.r-into-trancl)
   by (metis\ (no-types,\ lifting)\ cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv\ tranclp.simps\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
  assume ?B
 then have ?A by induction auto
 moreover have ?I using (?B) tranclpD by fastforce
 ultimately show ?A \land ?I by blast
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
 assumes
   no-infinite-lf: \bigwedge f j. \neg (\forall i \geq j. learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i)))
  shows wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT}^{++} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}NOT\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ A \ S\}
  using wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain[OF no-infinite-lf]]
 apply (rule wf-subset)
  by (auto simp: trancl-set-tranclp inv-and-tranclp-cdcl-_{NOT}-tranclp-cdcl__{NOT}-and-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-final-state:
 assumes
    n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT} S and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses S))
    \vee (trail S \models asm\ clauses\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ S)))
proof -
 have n-s': no-step dpll-bj S
```

```
using n-s by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}.simps)
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule dpll-backjump-final-state[of S A])
   using inv decomp n-s' unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{final-state} :
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ T)))
proof -
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT} T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast+
 have n-s': cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
   using cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv inv st by blast
  moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   using cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def decomp inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies st by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using cdcl_{NOT}-final-state n-s by blast
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning
14.6
         Termination
14.6.1
           Restricting learn and forget
locale\ conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnit
  conflict-driven-clause-learning trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
 propagate-conds inv backjump-conds
 \lambda C S. distinct-mset C \wedge \neg tautology C \wedge learn-restrictions <math>C S \wedge \neg tautology C
   (\exists F \ K \ d \ F' \ C' \ L. \ trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \land C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as \ CNot \ C' \}
     \wedge C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses S)
  \lambda C S. \neg (\exists F' \ F \ K \ d \ L. \ trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land F \models as \ CNot \ (C - \{\#L\#\}))
```

```
\land forget-restrictions C S
    for
      trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
      clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
      prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
      inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool  and
      backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
      learn-restrictions forget-restrictions :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct[consumes 1, case-names dpll-bj learn forget<sub>NOT</sub>]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and
     dpll: \bigwedge T. \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ and
    learning:
```

```
\bigwedge C \ F \ K \ F' \ C' \ L \ T. \ clauses \ S \models pm \ C
     \implies atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (trail S))
     \implies distinct-mset C \implies \neg tautology C \implies learn-restrictions C S
     \implies trail S = F' \otimes Marked K () # F <math>\implies C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
     \implies C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses S \implies T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} C S
     \implies P S T \text{ and}
   forgetting: \bigwedge C T. clauses S - replicate-mset (count (clauses S) C) C \models pm \ C
     \implies C \in \# \ clauses \ S
     \implies \neg(\exists F' \ F \ K \ L. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \land F \models as \ CNot \ (C - \{\#L\#\}))
     \implies T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S
     \Longrightarrow forget-restrictions C S \Longrightarrow P S T
 shows P S T
 using assms(1)
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}.induct)
   apply (auto dest: assms(2) simp add: learn-ops-axioms)[]
  apply (auto elim!: learn-ops.learn.cases[OF learn-ops-axioms] dest: assms(3))[]
  apply (auto elim!: forget-ops.forget_{NOT}.cases[OF\ forget-ops-axioms]\ dest!: <math>assms(4))
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv unfolding conflict-driven-clause-learning-def
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-axioms-def by blast
lemma learn-always-simple-clauses:
 assumes
   learn: learn S T and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S)
 shows set-mset (clauses T – clauses S)
   \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S))
 fix C assume C: C \in set\text{-mset} (clauses T - clauses S)
 have distinct-mset C \neg tautology C using learn C n-d by (elim learnE; auto)+
  then have C \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of C)
   using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss by blast
 moreover have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)
   using learn C n-d by (elim learnE) (auto simp: atms-of-ms-def atms-of-def image-Un
     true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
 moreover have finite (atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S))
    by auto
  ultimately show C \in simple-clss (atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S))
   using simple-clss-mono by (metis (no-types) insert-subset mk-disjoint-insert)
qed
definition conflicting-bj-clss S \equiv
  \{C+\#L\#\}\mid C\ L.\ C+\#L\#\}\in \#\ clauses\ S\ \land\ distinct-mset\ (C+\#L\#\})\ \land\ \neg tautology\ (C+\#L\#\})
    \land (\exists F' \ K \ F. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C) \}
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ conflicting-bj-clss-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp] :
  conflicting-bj-clss\ (remove-cls_{NOT}\ C\ S) = conflicting-bj-clss\ S - \{C\}
 unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq:
```

```
T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C' \ S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss \ T
    = conflicting-bj-clss S
     \cup (if \exists C L. C' = C + \{\#L\#\} \land distinct\text{-mset} (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
     \land (\exists F' \ K \ d \ F. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \ \land F \models as \ CNot \ C)
     then \{C'\} else \{\}\}
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto metis+
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}:
   no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
  conflicting-bj-clss (add-cls_{NOT} C'S)
    = conflicting-bj-clss S
      \cup \ (\textit{if} \ \exists \ \textit{C} \ \textit{L}. \ \textit{C'} = \ \textit{C} \ + \{\#L\#\} \land \ \textit{distinct-mset} \ (\textit{C} + \{\#L\#\}) \ \land \ \neg tautology \ (\textit{C} + \{\#L\#\})
     \wedge (\exists F' \ K \ d \ F. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \ \wedge \ F \models as \ CNot \ C)
     then \{C'\} else \{\}\}
  using conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq by auto
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses:
   conflicting-bj-clss S \subseteq set-mset (clauses S)
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
lemma finite-conflicting-bj-clss[simp]:
  finite\ (conflicting-bj-clss\ S)
  using conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses[of S] rev-finite-subset by blast
lemma learn-conflicting-increasing:
  no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow learn\ S\ T \Longrightarrow conflicting\text{-}bi\text{-}clss\ S \subseteq conflicting\text{-}bi\text{-}clss\ T
  apply (elim learnE)
 by (subst conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq[of T]) auto
abbreviation conflicting-bj-clss-yet b S \equiv
  3 \hat{b} - card (conflicting-bj-clss S)
abbreviation \mu_L :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat \times nat where
  \mu_L b S \equiv (conflicting-bj-clss-yet b S, card (set-mset (clauses S)))
{\bf lemma}\ do-not\text{-}forget\text{-}before\text{-}backtrack\text{-}rule\text{-}clause\text{-}learned\text{-}clause\text{-}untouched\text{:}}
  assumes forget_{NOT} S T
  shows conflicting-bj-clss S = conflicting-bj-clss T
  using assms apply induction
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Diff-insert-absorb Set.set-insert clauses-remove-cls_{NOT}
    diff-union-cancelR insert-iff mem-set-mset-iff order-refl set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1)
    state-eq_{NOT}-clauses state-eq_{NOT}-trail trail-remove-cls_{NOT})
lemma forget-\mu_L-decrease:
  assumes forget_{NOT}: forget_{NOT} S T
  shows (\mu_L \ b \ T, \mu_L \ b \ S) \in less-than <*lex*> less-than
  have card (set-mset (clauses T)) < card (set-mset (clauses S))
    using forget_{NOT} apply induction
    by (metis card-Diff1-less clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} finite-set-mset mem-set-mset-iff order-refl
      set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) state-eq_{NOT}-clauses)
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding do-not-forget-before-backtrack-rule-clause-learned-clause-untouched [OF\ forget_{NOT}]
    by auto
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma set-condition-or-split:
  \{a. (a = b \lor Q \ a) \land S \ a\} = (if \ S \ b \ then \ \{b\} \ else \ \{\}) \cup \{a. \ Q \ a \land S \ a\}
 by auto
lemma set-insert-neg:
  A \neq insert \ a \ A \longleftrightarrow a \notin A
 by auto
lemma learn-\mu_L-decrease:
  assumes learnST: learn S T and n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
  A: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq A and
  fin-A: finite A
 shows (\mu_L \ (card \ A) \ T, \mu_L \ (card \ A) \ S) \in less-than <*lex*> less-than
proof -
 have [simp]: (atms-of-msu\ (clauses\ T) \cup atm-of\ `lits-of\ (trail\ T))
   = (atms-of-msu \ (clauses \ S) \cup atm-of \ `lits-of \ (trail \ S))
   using learnST n-d by (elim learnE) auto
  then have card\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ T)\cup atm\text{-}of\ `its\text{-}of\ (trail\ T))
   = card (atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S))
   by (auto intro!: card-mono)
  then have 3: (3::nat) \widehat{\ } card (atms-of-msu\ (clauses\ T)\cup atm-of\ (lits-of\ (trail\ T))
   = 3 \ \hat{} \ card \ (atms-of-msu \ (clauses \ S) \cup atm-of \ (trail \ S))
   by (auto intro: power-mono)
  moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \subseteq conflicting-bj-clss T
   using learnST n-d by (simp add: learn-conflicting-increasing)
  moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \neq conflicting-bj-clss T
   using learnST
   proof (elim learnE, goal-cases)
     case (1 C) note clss-S = this(1) and atms-C = this(2) and inv = this(3) and T = this(4)
     then obtain F K F' C' L where
       tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
       C: C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \text{ and }
       F: F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
       C\text{-}S:C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses S
      by blast
     moreover have distinct-mset C \neg tautology C using inv by blast+
     ultimately have C' + \{\#L\#\} \in conflicting-bj-clss\ T
       using T n-d unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
     moreover have C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ S
       using C-S unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
     ultimately show ?case by blast
   qed
  moreover have fin-T: finite (conflicting-bj-clss T)
   using learnST by induction (auto simp add: conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT})
  ultimately have card (conflicting-bj-clss T) \geq card (conflicting-bj-clss S)
   using card-mono by blast
 moreover
   have fin': finite (atms-of-msu (clauses T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail T))
   have 1:atms-of-ms (conflicting-bj-clss T) \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses T)
     unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def atms-of-ms-def by auto
```

```
have 2: \bigwedge x. x \in conflicting-bj\text{-}clss\ T \Longrightarrow \neg\ tautology\ x \land\ distinct\text{-}mset\ x
     unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
   have T: conflicting-bj-clss T
   \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-msu (clauses T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail T))
     by standard (meson 1 2 fin' (finite (conflicting-bj-clss T)) simple-clss-mono
       distinct-mset-set-def simplified-in-simple-clss subsetCE sup.coboundedI1)
  moreover
   then have \#: 3 \cap card (atms-of-msu (clauses T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail T))
       \geq card (conflicting-bj-clss T)
     by (meson Nat.le-trans simple-clss-card simple-clss-finite card-mono fin')
   have atms-of-msu (clauses\ T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail\ T) \subseteq A
     using learnE[OF\ learnST]\ A by simp
   then have 3 \cap (card \ A) \geq card \ (conflicting-bj-clss \ T)
     using # fin-A by (meson simple-clss-card simple-clss-finite
       simple-clss-mono calculation(2) card-mono dual-order.trans)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using psubset-card-mono[OF fin-T]
   unfolding less-than-iff lex-prod-def by clarify
     (meson \ \langle conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ S \neq conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ T \rangle
       \langle conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ S \subseteq conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss \ T \rangle
       diff-less-mono2 le-less-trans not-le psubsetI)
qed
```

We have to assume the following:

- inv S: the invariant holds in the inital state.
- A is a (finite finite A) superset of the literals in the trail atm-of ' lits-of $(trail\ S) \subseteq atms$ -of- $ms\ A$ and in the clauses atms-of- $msu\ (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms$ -of- $ms\ A$. This can the the set of all the literals in the starting set of clauses.
- no-dup (trail S): no duplicate in the trail. This is invariant along the path.

```
definition \mu_{CDCL} where
\mu_{CDCL} A T \equiv ((2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
              -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T),
           conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T, card (set-mset (clauses T)))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT} S T and
    inv: inv S  and
   atm-clss: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm-lits: atm-of ' lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A: finite A
 shows (\mu_{CDCL} \ A \ T, \mu_{CDCL} \ A \ S)
           \in less-than < *lex* > (less-than < *lex* > less-than)
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 case (c-dpll-bj\ T)
 \mathbf{from} \ dpll-bj\text{-}trail\text{-}mes\text{-}decreasing\text{-}prop[OF\ this(1)\ inv\ atm\text{-}clss\ atm\text{-}lits\ n\text{-}d\ fin\text{-}A]}
 show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}-def
   by (meson in-lex-prod less-than-iff)
\mathbf{next}
  case (c\text{-}learn\ T) note learn = this(1)
```

```
then have S: trail S = trail T
   using inv atm-clss atm-lits n-d fin-A
   by (elim learnE) auto
 show ?case
   using learn-\mu_L-decrease [OF learn - ] atm-clss atm-lits fin-A n-d unfolding S \mu_{CDCL}-def by auto
 case (c\text{-}forget_{NOT} \ T) note forget_{NOT} = this(1)
 have trail\ S = trail\ T using forget_{NOT} by induction\ auto
 then show ?case
   using forget-\mu_L-decrease[OF\ forget_{NOT}] unfolding \mu_{CDCL}-def by auto
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-restricted-learning:
 assumes finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S).
   (atms-of-msu\ (clauses\ S)\subseteq atms-of-ms\ A\wedge atm-of\ `lits-of\ (trail\ S)\subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
   \wedge no-dup (trail S)
   \wedge inv S)
   \land \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \ \}
 by (rule wf-wf-if-measure' [of less-than <*lex*> (less-than <*lex*> less-than)])
    (auto\ intro:\ cdcl_{NOT} - decreasing - measure[OF - - - - assms])
definition \mu_C' :: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_C' A T \equiv \mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
definition \mu_{CDCL}':: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{CDCL}' A T \equiv
 ((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ \widehat{\ }\ (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ -\ \mu_C\ '\ A\ T)\ *\ (1+\ 3\widehat{\ } card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ *
 + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T * 2
 + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses T))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure':
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv: inv S and
   atms-clss: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A: finite A
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A T < \mu_{CDCL}' A S
 using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct)
 case (dpll-bj\ T)
  then have (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T
   <(2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ S
   using dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop fin-A inv n-d atms-clss atms-trail
   unfolding \mu_C'-def by blast
  then have XX: ((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T) + 1
   \leq (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S
   by auto
  from mult-le-mono1[OF this, of <math>(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))]
 have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T) *
     (1 + 3 \widehat{card} (atms-of-ms A)) + (1 + 3 \widehat{card} (atms-of-ms A))
   \leq ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
```

```
* (1 + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A))
    unfolding Nat.add-mult-distrib
    by presburger
  moreover
    have cl-T-S: clauses <math>T = clauses S
       using dpll-bj.hyps inv dpll-bj-clauses by auto
    have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S < 1+3 and (atms-of-ms A)
    by simp
  ultimately have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T)
       *(1 + 3 \hat{card} (atms-of-ms A)) + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T
    <((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ \widehat{\ }(1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))-\mu_C'\ A\ S)*(1+3\ \widehat{\ }card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))
A))
    by linarith
  then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T)
         * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))
       + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T
     <((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
         * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))
       + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S
    by linarith
  then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T)
       * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
    + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T * 2
     <((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
       * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
    + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S * 2
    by linarith
  then show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def cl-T-S by presburger
  case (learn C F' K F C' L T) note clss-S-C = this(1) and atms-C = this(2) and dist = this(3)
    and tauto = this(4) and tauto = this(5) and tr-S = this(6) and tr-S = this(6)
     F-C = this(8) and C-new = this(9) and T = this(10)
  have insert C (conflicting-bj-clss S) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
    proof -
       have C \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
         by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Un-subset-iff atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-mono
            contra-subsetD dist distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss
            dual-order.trans fin-A atms-C atms-clss atms-trail tauto)
       moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
         unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def
         proof
            \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v \ literal \ multiset
            assume x \in \{C + \{\#L\#\} \mid CL.\ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#\ clauses\ S\}
              \land distinct\text{-}mset \ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg \ tautology \ (C + \{\#L\#\})
              \land (\exists F' \ K \ F. \ trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C) \}
            then have \exists m \ l. \ x = m + \{\#l\#\} \land m + \{\#l\#\} \in \# \ clauses \ S
              \land distinct\text{-mset} \ (m + \{\#l\#\}) \land \neg \ tautology \ (m + \{\#l\#\})
              \land (\exists ms \ l \ msa. \ trail \ S = ms @ Marked \ l () \# \ msa \land msa \models as \ CNot \ m)
              by blast
            then show x \in simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
              by (meson atms-clss atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-mono
                 distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss fin-A finite-subset
                 mem-set-mset-iff set-rev-mp)
         qed
       ultimately show ?thesis
```

```
by auto
   qed
  then have card (insert C (conflicting-bj-clss S)) \leq 3 \widehat{} (card (atms-of-ms A))
   by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card simple-clss-finite
     card-mono fin-A)
  moreover have [simp]: card (insert C (conflicting-bj-clss S))
   = Suc (card ((conflicting-bj-clss S)))
   by (metis (no-types) C' C-new card-insert-if conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses contra-subsetD
     finite-conflicting-bj-clss mem-set-mset-iff)
 moreover have [simp]: conflicting-bj-clss (add-cls_{NOT} CS) = conflicting-bj-clss S \cup \{C\}
    using dist tauto F-C n-d by (subst conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT})
    (force simp add: ac-simps C' tr-S)+
  ultimately have [simp]: conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S
   = Suc\ (conflicting-bj-clss-yet\ (card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ C\ S))
     by simp
 have 1: clauses T = clauses (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> CS) using T by auto
 have 2: conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T
   = conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) (add-cls_{NOT} C S)
   using T unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
  have \beta: \mu_C' A T = \mu_C' A (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} C S)
   using T unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
  have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A (add-cls_{NOT} C S))
   *(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   = ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
   * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
     using n-d unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
 moreover
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> CS)
       * 2
     + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} CS)))
     < conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S * 2
     + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses S))
     by (simp \ add: C' \ C\text{-}new \ n\text{-}d)
 ultimately show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def 1 2 3 by presburger
  case (forget_{NOT} \ C \ T) note T = this(4)
 have [simp]: \mu_C' A (remove-cls_{NOT} C S) = \mu_C' A S
   unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
 have forget_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule forget_{NOT}.intros) using forget_{NOT} by auto
  then have conflicting-bj-clss T = conflicting-bj-clss S
   using do-not-forget-before-backtrack-rule-clause-learned-clause-untouched by blast
 moreover have card (set-mset (clauses T)) < card (set-mset (clauses S))
   by (metis T card-Diff1-less clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} finite-set-mset forget<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps(2)
     mem\text{-}set\text{-}mset\text{-}iff\ order\text{-}refl\ set\text{-}mset\text{-}minus\text{-}replicate\text{-}mset(1)\ state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}clauses)
  ultimately show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def
   by (metis (no-types) T \ (\mu_C' \ A \ (remove-cls_{NOT} \ C \ S) = \mu_C' \ A \ S) add-le-cancel-left
     \mu_C'-def not-le state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-trail)
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound:
  assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) \subseteq A and
```

```
atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite\ A
 shows set-mset (clauses T) \subseteq set-mset (clauses S) \cup simple-clss A
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct)
 case dpll-bj
  then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by simp
next
 case forget_{NOT}
 then show ?case using clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> unfolding state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def by auto
  case (learn C F K d F' C' L) note atms-C = this(2) and dist = this(3) and tauto = this(4) and
  T = this(10) and atms-clss-S = this(12) and atms-trail-S = this(13)
 have atms-of C \subseteq A
   using atms-C atms-clss-S atms-trail-S by auto
  then have simple-clss\ (atms-of\ C)\subseteq simple-clss\ A
   by (simp add: simple-clss-mono)
  then have C \in simple\text{-}clss A
   using finite dist tauto
   by (auto dest: distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss)
 then show ?case using T n-d by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
 shows set-mset (clauses T) \subseteq set-mset (clauses S) \cup simple-clss A
 using assms(1-5)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdel_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)] and
   inv = this(4) and atms-clss-S = this(5) and atms-trail-S = this(6) and finite-cls-S = this(7)
 have inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv st inv by blast
 moreover have atms-of-msu (clauses T) \subseteq A and atm-of 'lits-of (trail T) \subseteq A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound [OF st] inv atms-clss-S atms-trail-S n-d by blast+
 moreover have no-dup (trail T)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF\ st\ \langle inv\ S 
angle\ n-d] by simp
 ultimately have set-mset (clauses U) \subseteq set-mset (clauses T) \cup simple-clss A
   using cdcl_{NOT} finite n-d by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound)
 then show ?case using IH by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
```

```
inv S and
   atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of (lits\text{-}of (trail S)) \subseteq A \text{ and }
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows card (set-mset (clauses T)) \leq card (set-mset (clauses S)) + 3 ^ (card A)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound[OF assms] finite by (meson Nat.le-trans
   simple-clss-card simple-clss-finite card-Un-le card-mono finite-UnI
   finite-set-mset nat-add-left-cancel-le)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-clauses-bound':
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows card \{C|C, C \in \# clauses T \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct-mset C)\}
   \leq card \{C | C. C \in \# clauses S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset } C)\} + 3 \cap (card A)
   (is card ?T \leq card ?S + -)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound[OF assms] finite
proof -
 have ?T \subseteq ?S \cup simple\text{-}clss A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by force
  then have card ?T \leq card (?S \cup simple-clss A)
   using finite by (simp add: assms(5) simple-clss-finite card-mono)
 then show ?thesis
   by (meson le-trans simple-clss-card card-Un-le local.finite nat-add-left-cancel-le)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-simple-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of (lits\text{-}of (trail S)) \subseteq A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows card (set-mset (clauses T))
  \leq card \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} + 3 \cap (card \ A)
   (is card ?T \leq card ?S + -)
 using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] finite
proof -
 have \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ clauses \ T \Longrightarrow \neg \ tautology \ x \Longrightarrow \ distinct\text{-mset} \ x \Longrightarrow x \in simple\text{-}clss \ A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Un-iff assms(3)
     atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono simple-clss-mono contra-subset D
     distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss local finite mem-set-mset-iff
     subset-trans)
  then have set-mset (clauses T) \subseteq ?S \cup simple-clss A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by auto
  then have card(set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ T)) \leq card\ (?S \cup simple\text{-}clss\ A)
   using finite by (simp add: assms(5) simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson le-trans simple-clss-card card-Un-le local.finite nat-add-left-cancel-le)
```

```
definition \mu_{CDCL}'-bound :: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S =
  ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))) * (1 + 3 ^ card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
    + 2*3 \cap (card (atms-of-ms A))
    + \ card \ \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct-mset \ C)\} + 3 \cap (card \ (atms-of-ms \ A))
lemma \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>[simp]:
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M S) = \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
  unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}:
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
    inv S and
   atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite (atms-of-ms A) and
    U: U \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} M T
  shows \mu_{CDCL}' A U \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
  have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A U)
    \leq (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
   by auto
  then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A U)
       *(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
    \leq (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   using mult-le-mono1 by blast
  moreover
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T*2 \le 2*3 and (atms-of-ms A)
     by linarith
  moreover have card (set-mset (clauses U))
     \leq card \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} + 3 \cap card \ (atms\text{-of-ms} \ A)
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{card-simple-clauses-bound}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{assms}(\mathit{1-6})]\ \mathit{U}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{auto}
  ultimately show ?thesis
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by linarith
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite (atms-of-ms A)
  shows \mu_{CDCL}' A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
  have \mu_{CDCL}' A (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> (trail T) T) = \mu_{CDCL}' A T
    unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def \mu_{C}'-def conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}[OF assms, of - trail T]
    state-eq_{NOT}-ref by fastforce
qed
```

```
lemma rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
    inv S and
    atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    atm\text{-}of \text{ }`(lits\text{-}of \text{ }(trail \text{ }S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \text{ }A \text{ } and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
    finite[simp]: finite\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
 shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
  have \{C.\ C \in \#\ clauses\ T \land (tautology\ C \lor \neg\ distinct\text{-mset}\ C)\}
    \subseteq \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg \ distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} \ (\textbf{is} \ ?T \subseteq ?S)
    proof (rule Set.subsetI)
      fix C assume C \in ?T
      then have C-T: C \in \# clauses T and t-d: tautology C \vee \neg distinct-mset C
       by auto
      then have C \notin simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
        by (auto dest: simple-clssE)
      then show C \in ?S
        using C-T rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound[OF assms] t-d by force
  then have card \{C.\ C \in \#\ clauses\ T \land (tautology\ C \lor \neg\ distinct\text{-mset}\ C)\} \le
    card \{C. C \in \# clauses S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct\text{-}mset C)\}
    by (simp add: card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnt
14.7
          CDCL with restarts
14.7.1
           Definition
locale restart-ops =
 fixes
    cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart S T
restart \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart S \ T
end
locale\ conflict-driven-clause-learning-with-restarts =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  propagate-conds inv backjump-conds learn-cond forget-cond
    for
      trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
      clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
      prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      add\text{-}cls_{NOT} remove\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
```

```
inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
      backjump\text{-}conds:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
      learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond\ ::\ 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-iff-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-no-restarts:
  cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow restart ops.cdcl_{NOT} -raw-restart \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (\lambda - -. \ False) \ S \ T
  (is ?C S T \longleftrightarrow ?R S T)
proof
  fix S T
  assume ?CST
  then show ?R \ S \ T by (simp \ add: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1))
next
  \mathbf{fix} \ S \ T
  assume ?R S T
  then show ?CST
    apply (cases rule: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.cases)
    using \langle ?R \ S \ T \rangle by fast+
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart:
  cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart cdcl_{NOT} restart S \ T
  by (simp add: restart-ops.cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-raw-restart.intros(1))
end
```

14.7.2 Increasing restarts

To add restarts we needs some assumptions on the predicate (called $cdcl_{NOT}$ here):

- a function f that is strictly monotonic. The first step is actually only used as a restart to clean the state (e.g. to ensure that the trail is empty). Then we assume that $(1::'a) \leq f$ n for $(1::'a) \leq n$: it means that between two consecutive restarts, at least one step will be done. This is necessary to avoid sequence. like: full restart full ...
- a measure μ : it should decrease under the assumptions bound-inv, whenever a $cdcl_{NOT}$ or a restart is done. A parameter is given to μ : for conflict- driven clause learning, it is an upper-bound of the clauses. We are assuming that such a bound can be found after a restart whenever the invariant holds.
- we also assume that the measure decrease after any $cdcl_{NOT}$ step.
- \bullet an invariant on the states $cdcl_{NOT}$ -inv that also holds after restarts.
- it is not required that the measure decrease with respect to restarts, but the measure has to be bound by some function μ -bound taking the same parameter as μ and the initial state of the considered $cdcl_{NOT}$ chain.

```
locale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops = restart-ops cdcl_{NOT} restart for restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool + fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat and bound-inv :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
```

```
\mu :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu-bound :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat
  assumes
    f: unbounded f and
    f-ge-1: <math>\bigwedge n. n \ge 1 \implies f n \ne 0 and
    bound-inv: \bigwedge A \ S \ T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-measure: \bigwedge A S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow bound-inv A S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow \mu A T < \mu
A S  and
    measure-bound2: \bigwedge A \ T \ U. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ T \ U
       \implies \mu \ A \ U \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T \ \text{and}
    measure-bound4: \bigwedge A \ T \ U. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ T \ U
       \implies \mu-bound A \ U \le \mu-bound A \ T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart-inv: \bigwedge A\ U\ V. cdcl_{NOT}-inv U\Longrightarrow restart\ U\ V\Longrightarrow bound-inv A\ U\Longrightarrow bound-inv
A V
      and
    exists-bound: \bigwedge R S. cdcl_{NOT}-inv R \Longrightarrow restart R S \Longrightarrow \exists A. bound-inv A S and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv-restart: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
begin
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  assumes
    (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\hspace{1em}} n) S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
  shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
  using assms by (induction n arbitrary: T) (auto intro:bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv:
  assumes
    (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\hspace{1em}} n) S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
    bound-inv \ A \ S
  shows bound-inv A T
  using assms by (induction n arbitrary: T) (auto intro:bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
  shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
  using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
    bound\text{-}inv\ A\ S\ \mathbf{and}
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
  shows bound-inv A T
  using assms by induction (auto intro:bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le:
  assumes
    (cdcl_{NOT} \curvearrowright (Suc \ n)) \ S \ T \ and
    bound-inv A S
```

```
cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows \mu A T < \mu A S - n
 using assms
proof (induction \ n \ arbitrary: \ T)
 case \theta
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-measure by auto
next
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this(1)[OF - this(3)\ this(4)] and S-T = this(2) and b-inv = this(3) and
 c\text{-}inv = this(4)
 obtain U: 'st where S-U: (cdcl_{NOT} \cap (Suc\ n)) S U and U-T: cdcl_{NOT} U T using S-T by auto
 then have \mu A U < \mu A S - n using IH[of U] by simp
 moreover
   have bound-inv A U
     using S-U b-inv cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv c-inv by blast
   then have \mu A T < \mu A U using cdcl_{NOT}-measure [OF - - U - T] S-U c-inv cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv
by auto
 ultimately show ?case by linarith
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}:
 wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT} \text{-inv } S \land bound\text{-inv } A \ S\} \ (is \ wf \ ?A)
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure2[of - - \mu A])
 using cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of \theta - - A] by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-measure:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   bound-inv A S and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows \mu A T \leq \mu A S
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
 case (step T U) note IH = this(3)[OF \ this(4) \ this(5)] and st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and
   b-inv = this(4) and c-inv = this(5)
 have bound-inv A T
   by (meson\ cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv rtrancl_{p}-imp-relpowp\ st\ step.prems)
 moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
   using c-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv st by blast
 ultimately have \mu A U < \mu A T using cdcl_{NOT}-measure [OF - - cdcl_{NOT}] by auto
 then show ?case using IH by linarith
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-comp-bounded:
 assumes
   bound-inv A S and cdcl_{NOT}-inv S and m \geq 1 + \mu A S
 shows \neg (cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T
 using assms cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of m-1 S T A] by fastforce
   • f n < m ensures that at least one step has been done.
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-restart where
```

restart-step: $(cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T \Longrightarrow m \ge f \ n \Longrightarrow restart \ T \ U$

```
\implies cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart\ (S,\ n)\ (U,\ Suc\ n)\ |
restart-full: full1 cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemmas cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct = cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct[split-format(complete),
  OF\ cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops-axioms]
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart** (fst S) (fst T)
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
 case (restart\text{-}step \ m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
 then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T by (meson\ relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
 then have cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart** S T using cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1)
   rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart] by blast
 moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart T U
   using \langle restart \ T \ U \rangle \ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(2) by blast
 ultimately show ?case by auto
next
  case (restart\text{-}full\ S\ T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T unfolding full1-def by auto
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1)
   rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart]\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   bound-inv A (fst S) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
 shows bound-inv A (fst T)
  using assms apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
   prefer 2 apply (metis rtranclp-unfold fstI full1-def rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-bound-inv)
  by (metis\ cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv\ cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ cdcl_{NOT}-restart-inv\ fst-conv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst \ T)
  using assms apply induction
   apply (metis cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv-restart fst-conv)
  apply (metis fstI full-def full-unfold rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
  done
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst T)
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv:
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
   bound-inv A (fst S)
```

```
shows bound-inv A (fst T)
  using assms apply induction
  apply (simp\ add: cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv)
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv by blast
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-increasing-number:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow snd \ T = 1 + snd \ S
  by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct) auto
end
locale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts =
  cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops restart cdcl_{NOT} f bound-inv \mu cdcl_{NOT}-inv \mu-bound
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   f :: nat \Rightarrow nat and
   restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   bound-inv :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   \mu :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat and
   cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   \mu-bound :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat +
  assumes
    measure-bound: \bigwedge A \ T \ V \ n. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T
      \implies cdcl_{NOT}\text{-restart }(T, n) \ (V, Suc \ n) \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu\text{-bound } A \ T \ \text{and}
    cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound:
      cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
        \implies \mu-bound A \ V \le \mu-bound A \ T
begin
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu-bound A \ V \leq \mu-bound A \ T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct2)
  apply simp
  by (metis cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound dual-order.trans fst-conv
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
   \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T
 apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
    apply simp
   using measure-bound relpowp-imp-rtrancly apply fastforce
  by (metis full-def full-unfold measure-bound2 prod.inject)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct2)
   apply (simp add: measure-bound2)
  by (metis dual-order.trans fst-conv measure-bound2 r-into-rtranclp rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
```

```
rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound)
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-restart:
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-restart} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT}\text{-inv} \ (fst \ S)\}\ (\textbf{is} \ wf \ ?A)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain g where
   g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT}-restart (g\ i)\ (g\ (Suc\ i)) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst \ (g \ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
 have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g i) = i + snd (g 0)
   apply (induct-tac i)
     apply simp
     by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add.commute add.left-commute
       cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-increasing-number g)
  then have snd - g - \theta: \bigwedge i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd(g i) = i + snd(g \theta)
   by blast
 have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-g
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.le-iff-add)
  \{ \text{ fix } i \}
   have H: \bigwedge T Ta m. (cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{} \ m) T Ta \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_{NOT} T \Longrightarrow m = 0
     apply (case-tac m) by simp (meson relpowp-E2)
   have \exists T m. (cdcl_{NOT} \curvearrowright m) (fst (g i)) T \land m \geq f (snd (g i))
     using g[of\ i] apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
       apply auto
     using g[of Suc \ i] \ f-ge-1 apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
     apply (auto simp add: full1-def full-def dest: H dest: tranclpD)
     using H Suc-leI leD by blast
  \} note H = this
 obtain A where bound-inv A (fst (g 1))
   using g[of \ \theta] \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g[of \ \theta] apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
     apply (metis One-nat-def cdcl_{NOT}-inv exists-bound fst-conv relpowp-imp-rtrancly
       rtranclp-induct)
     using H[of 1] unfolding full1-def by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 diff-is-0-eq' diff-zero
       f-ge-1 fst-conv le-add2 relpowp-E2 snd-conv)
 let ?j = \mu-bound A (fst (g 1)) + 1
 obtain j where
   j: f (snd (g j)) > ?j  and j > 1
   using unbounded-f-g not-bounded-nat-exists-larger by blast
    fix i j
    have cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart: j \ge i \implies cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (g\ i)\ (g\ j)
      apply (induction j)
        apply simp
      by (metis q le-Suc-eq rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
  } note cdcl_{NOT}-restart = this
 have cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst (g (Suc \theta)))
   by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g)
 have cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (fst (g\ 1), snd\ (g\ 1)) (fst (g\ j), snd\ (g\ j))
   using \langle j > 1 \rangle by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart)
 have \mu A (fst (g \ j)) \leq \mu-bound A (fst (g \ 1))
```

 $rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}$ -with-restart-bound-inv $rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}$ -with-restart- $cdcl_{NOT}$ -inv

```
apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound)
   using \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} (fst (g\ 1),\ snd\ (g\ 1)) (fst (g\ j),\ snd\ (g\ j)) apply blast
       apply (simp\ add:\ cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g)
       using \langle bound\text{-}inv \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle apply simp
   done
  then have \mu \ A \ (fst \ (g \ j)) \le ?j
   by auto
  have inv: bound-inv A (fst (g j))
   using \langle bound\text{-}inv \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}inv \ (fst \ (g \ (Suc \ 0))) \rangle
   \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} \ (fst \ (g \ 1), \ snd \ (g \ 1)) \ (fst \ (g \ j), \ snd \ (g \ j)) \rangle
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv by auto
  obtain T m where
    cdcl_{NOT}-m: (cdcl_{NOT} \curvearrowright m) (fst (g j)) T and
   f-m: f (snd (g j)) <math>\leq m
   using H[of j] by blast
  have ?j < m
   using f-m j Nat.le-trans by linarith
  then show False
   using \langle \mu \ A \ (fst \ (g \ j)) \leq \mu \text{-bound} \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle
    cdcl_{NOT}-comp-bounded[OF inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g, of ] cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g cdcl_{NOT}-m
    \langle ?j < m \rangle by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-steps-bigger-than-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   bound-inv \ A \ (fst \ S) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
   f (snd S) > \mu-bound A (fst S)
  shows full1 cdcl_{NOT} (fst S) (fst T)
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
  case restart-full
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and f = this(2) and bound-inv = this(4) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv = this(5) and \mu = this(6)
  then obtain m' where m: m = Suc m' by (cases m) auto
  have \mu A S - m' = 0
   using f bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv \mu m rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound by fastforce
  then have False using cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of m' S T A] restart-step unfolding m by simp
  then show ?case by fast
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}with\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{:}
 assumes
    inv: cdcl_{NOT}-inv S and
    binv: bound-inv A S
  shows (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}inv \ S \land \ bound-inv \ A \ S)^{**} \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow \ cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ S \ T
   (is ?A^{**} S T \longleftrightarrow ?B^{**} S T)
  apply (rule iffI)
   using rtranclp-mono[of ?A ?B] apply blast
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   using inv binv apply simp
```

```
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) binv inv rtranclp.simps rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}:
  assumes
    n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-restart S and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
    binv: bound-inv A (fst S)
  shows no-step cdcl_{NOT} (fst S)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
  then obtain T where T: cdcl_{NOT} (fst S) T
   by blast
  then obtain U where U: full (\lambda S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \wedge cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \wedge bound-inv A S) T U
     using wf-exists-normal-form-full [OF wf-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>, of A T] by auto
  moreover have inv-T: cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
   using \langle cdcl_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \ T \rangle \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv by blast
  moreover have b-inv-T: bound-inv A T
    using \langle cdcl_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \ T \rangle \ binv \ bound-inv \ inv \ by \ blast
  ultimately have full cdcl_{NOT} T U
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-inv-inv-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub> rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv unfolding full-def by blast
  then have full1 \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \ U
    using T full-fullI by metis
  then show False by (metis n-s prod.collapse restart-full)
qed
end
14.8
          Merging backjump and learning
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} +
  decide-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ +
 forget-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ forget-cond\ +
 propagate-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
   forget\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  fixes backjump-l-cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive backjump-l where
backjump-l: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # F
   \implies no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S)
   \implies T \sim prepend-trail\ (Propagated\ L\ ())\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ (C'+\{\#L\#\})\ S))
   \implies C \in \# clauses S
   \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
   \implies undefined\text{-}lit\ F\ L
   \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (trail S))
   \implies clauses \ S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
```

 $\implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'$

```
\implies backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond\ C\ C'\ L\ T
   \implies backjump-l \ S \ T
inductive-cases backjump-lE: backjump-lS T
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub>: decide_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S'
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>: propagate_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S' \mid
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l: backjump-l S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S'
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT}: forget_{NOT} \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ S'
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail \ T)
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
      using defined-lit-map apply fastforce
    using defined-lit-map apply fastforce
  apply (force simp: defined-lit-map elim!: backjump-lE)[]
  using forget_{NOT}.simps apply auto[1]
end
locale\ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    propagate-conds forget-conds \lambda C C' L' S. backjump-l-cond C C' L' S
    \land distinct\text{-mset} (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C' + \{\#L'\#\})
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    forget\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool
  assumes
     bj-can-jump:
     \bigwedge S \ C \ F' \ K \ F \ L.
       \implies trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F
       \implies C \in \# clauses S
       \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
       \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
       \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (F' \otimes Marked K () \# F))
       \implies clauses \ S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
       \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
       \implies \neg no\text{-step backjump-l } S and
     cdcl-merged-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
abbreviation backjump-conds where
backjump\text{-}conds \equiv \lambda\text{-} C L \text{-} \cdot \cdot \cdot distinct\text{-}mset (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
sublocale dpll-with-backjumping-ops trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  propagate-conds inv backjump-conds
proof (unfold-locales, goal-cases)
```

```
case 1
  { fix S S'
   assume bj: backjump-l S S' and no-dup (trail S)
   then obtain F' K F L C' C where
     S': S' \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F
       (tl-trail(add-cls_{NOT} (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S)))
     \textit{tr-S}: \textit{trail } S = \textit{F'} @ \textit{Marked } K \ () \ \# \ \textit{F} \ \textbf{and}
     C: C \in \# clauses S  and
     tr-S-C: trail S \models as CNot C and
     undef-L: undefined-lit F L and
     atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) and
     cls-S-C': clauses <math>S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
     F-C': F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
     dist: distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
     not-tauto: \neg tautology (C' + {\#L\#})
     by (elim backjump-lE) simp
   have \exists S'. backjumping-ops.backjump trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail backjump-conds SS'
     apply rule
     apply (rule backjumping-ops.backjump.intros)
               apply unfold-locales
              using tr-S apply simp
             apply (rule state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
            using C apply simp
           using tr-S-C apply simp
         using undef-L apply simp
        using atm-L apply simp
       using cls-S-C' apply simp
      using F-C' apply simp
     using dist not-tauto apply simp
     done
   } note H = this(1)
 then show ?case using 1 bj-can-jump by meson
qed
end
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
   propagate-conds forget-conds backjump-l-cond inv
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
   inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   forget\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
   backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
```

sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} propagate-conds inv backjump-conds λC -. distinct-mset $C \wedge \neg tautology$ C

```
forget-conds
 by unfold-locales
end
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    propagate-conds inv forget-conds backjump-l-cond
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    forget\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
     dpll-bj-inv: \land S T. dpll-bj S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T and
     learn-inv: \bigwedge S \ T. \ learn \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
interpretation cdcl_{NOT}:
   conflict-driven-clause-learning\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
   propagate-conds inv backjump-conds \lambda C -. distinct-mset C \wedge \neg tautology C forget-conds
 apply unfold-locales
  apply (simp\ only:\ cdcl_{NOT}.simps)
  using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> cdcl-merged-inv learn-inv
  by (auto simp add: cdcl_{NOT}.simps dpll-bj-inv)
lemma backjump-l-learn-backjump:
 assumes bt: backjump-l S T and inv: inv S and n-d: no-dup (trail S)
  shows \exists C' L. learn S (add-cls_{NOT} (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S)
    \land backjump \ (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \ S) \ T
    \land atms-of (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of (trail S))
proof -
   obtain C F' K F L l C' where
     tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
     T: T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L l) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S)) and
     C-cls-S: C \in \# clauses S and
     tr-S-CNot-C: trail S \models as CNot C  and
     undef: undefined-lit F L and
     atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (trail S)) and
     clss-C: clauses S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\} and
     F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
     distinct: distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
     not-tauto: \neg tautology (C' + {\#L\#})
     using bt inv by (elim backjump-lE) simp
   have atms-C': atms-of C' \subseteq atm-of `(lits-of F)
       obtain ll: 'v \Rightarrow ('v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v) \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \ set \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \ where
         \forall v f L. v \notin f `L \lor v = f (ll v f L) \land ll v f L \in L
         by moura
       then show ?thesis unfolding tr-S
         \textbf{by} \; (\textit{metis} \; (\textit{no-types}) \; \lor F \; \models \textit{as} \; \textit{CNot} \; \textit{C'} \lor \; \textit{atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set}
```

```
atms-of-def in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) mem-set-mset-iff subsetI)
    qed
  then have atms-of (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of\ (trail\ S))
    using atm-L tr-S by auto
  moreover have learn: learn S (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S)
    apply (rule learn.intros)
        apply (rule clss-C)
      using atms-C' atm-L apply (fastforce simp add: tr-S in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
    apply standard
     apply (rule distinct)
     apply (rule not-tauto)
     apply simp
    done
  moreover have bj: backjump (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S) T
    apply (rule backjump.intros)
    using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle C-cls-S tr-S-CNot-C undef T distinct not-tauto n-d
    by (auto simp: tr-S state-eq_{NOT}-def simp del: state-simp_{NOT})
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{++} S T
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
   using bj-decide_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.simps by fastforce
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
   using bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> cdcl_{NOT}.simps by fastforce
  then show ?case by auto
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> T)
  then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
    using c-forget_{NOT} by blast
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l T) note bt = this(1) and inv = this(2) and
    n-d = this(3)
  obtain C' :: 'v \ literal \ multiset and L :: 'v \ literal \ where
    f3: learn S (add-cls_{NOT} (C' + {#L#}) S) \wedge
      backjump \ (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \ S) \ T \ \land
      atms-of (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail\ S)
    using n-d backjump-l-learn-backjump[OF bt inv] by blast
  then have f_4: cdcl_{NOT} S (add-cls_{NOT} (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S)
    using n-d c-learn by blast
  have cdcl_{NOT} (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S) T
    using f3 n-d bj-backjump c-dpll-bj by blast
  then show ?case
    using f4 by (meson tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp.trancl-into-trancl)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}is\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}and\text{-}inv\text{:}}
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S \rightarrow inv S \implies no-dup (trail S) \implies cdcl_{NOT}** S \rightarrow inv T
```

```
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
   inv = this(4) and n-d = this(5)
 have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} T U
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}[OF\ cdcl_{NOT}]\ IH
   cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup inv n-d by auto
  then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S U using IH by fastforce
 moreover have inv U using n-d IH \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} | T U \rangle cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv by blast
 ultimately show ?case using st by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}** S T
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow inv T
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv by blast
definition \mu_C' :: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_C' A T \equiv \mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
definition \mu_{CDCL}'-merged :: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T \equiv
 ((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T) * 2 + card\ (set-mset\ (clauses\ T))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure':
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
   inv: inv S and
   atm-clss: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm-trail: atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ S)\subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A: finite A
 shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T < \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A S
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT} T)
  have clauses S = clauses T
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps by auto
  moreover have
   (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
    < (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
   apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> fin-A atm-clss atm-trail n-d inv
   \mathbf{by}\ (simp-all\ add:\ bj-decide_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT}.hyps)
  ultimately show ?case
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> T)
```

```
have clauses S = clauses T
 using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps
 by (simp\ add:\ bj\text{-}propagate_{NOT}\ inv\ dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}clauses)
moreover have
 (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
    -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
  < (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
    -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
 apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
 using inv n-d atm-clss atm-trail fin-A by (simp-all add: bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps)
ultimately show ?case
 unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> T)
have card (set-mset (clauses T)) < card (set-mset (clauses S))
 using \langle forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \rangle by (metis \ card\text{-}Diff1\text{-}less
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} finite-set-mset forgetE
   mem-set-mset-iff order-refl set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) state-eq_{NOT}-clauses)
moreover
 have trail\ S = trail\ T
   using \langle forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \rangle by (auto elim: forgetE)
 then have
   (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
    = (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
    by auto
ultimately show ?case
 unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l T) note bj-l = this(1)
obtain C'L where
 learn: learn S (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S) and
 bj: backjump (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S) T and
 atms-C: atms-of (C' + \#L\#) \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (trail\ S))
 using bj-l inv backjump-l-learn-backjump n-d atm-clss atm-trail by blast
have card-T-S: card (set-mset (clauses T)) \leq 1 + card (set-mset (clauses S))
 using bj-l inv by (force elim!: backjump-lE simp: card-insert-if)
have
 ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
   -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T))
 <((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
    -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A))
       (trail-weight\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ (C' + \{\#L\#\})\ S)))
 apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
     using bj bj-backjump apply blast
     using cdcl_{NOT}.c-learn cdcl_{NOT}.cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv learn apply blast
    using atms-C atm-clss atm-trail n-d clauses-add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> apply simp apply fast
   using atm-trail n-d apply simp
  apply (simp \ add: n-d)
 using fin-A apply simp
 done
then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
   -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T))
```

```
< ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S))
   using n-d by auto
  then show ?case
   using card-T-S unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by linarith
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
 assumes
   fin-A: finite\ A
 shows wf \{(T, S).
   (inv\ S \land atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A \land atm\text{-}of\ (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
   \land no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S))
   \land cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
  apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of - - \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A])
  using cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure' fin-A by simp
lemma tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-tranclp:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn<sup>++</sup> S T and
    inv: inv S and
   atm-clss: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm-trail: atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite A
  shows (T, S) \in \{(T, S).
   (inv\ S \land atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A \land atm\text{-}of\ (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
   \land no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S))
   \land cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T}<sup>+</sup> (is - \in ?P^+)
  using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: tranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case using n-d atm-clss atm-trail inv by auto
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT})
   using st cdcl_{NOT} inv n-d atm-clss atm-trail inv by auto
  have inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
     using inv st cdcl<sub>NOT</sub> n-d atm-clss atm-trail inv by auto
  moreover have atms-of-msu (clauses\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF\ (cdcl_{NOT}^{**}\ S\ T)\ inv\ n\text{--}d\ atm\text{--}clss\ atm\text{--}trail]
   by fast
  moreover have atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF\ \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**}\ S\ T\rangle\ inv\ n\text{-}d\ atm\text{-}clss\ atm\text{-}trail]
   by fast
  moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \rangle inv n-d] by fast
  ultimately have (U, T) \in P
   using cdcl_{NOT} by auto
  then show ?case using IH by (simp add: trancl-into-trancl2)
qed
```

lemma wf-tranclp- $cdcl_{NOT}$ -merged-bj-learn:

```
assumes finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S).
   (inv\ S \land atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A \land atm\text{-}of\ (trial\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
   \land no-dup (trail S))
   \land cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn<sup>++</sup> S T
  apply (rule wf-subset)
  apply (rule wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn])
  using assms apply simp
  using tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-tranclp[OF - - - - - \langle finite A \rangle] by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{backjump-no-step-backjump-l}:
  backjump \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-step backjump-l } S
 apply (elim \ backjumpE)
 apply (rule bj-can-jump)
   apply auto[7]
 by blast
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S and
   atms-S: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses S))
   \vee (trail S \models asm\ clauses\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ S)))
proof -
 let ?N = set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)
 let ?M = trail S
 consider
     (sat) satisfiable ?N and ?M \models as ?N
   \mid (sat') \ satisfiable ?N \ and \neg ?M \models as ?N
   (unsat) unsatisfiable ?N
   by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case sat' note sat = this(1) and M = this(2)
     obtain C where C \in ?N and \neg ?M \models a C using M unfolding true-annots-def by auto
     obtain I :: 'v literal set where
       I \models s ?N  and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
       tot: total-over-m I ?N and
       atm-I-N: atm-of 'I \subseteq atms-of-ms ?N
       using sat unfolding satisfiable-def-min by auto
     let ?I = I \cup \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\}
     let ?O = \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M \land atm\text{-of } (lit\text{-of }L) \notin atms\text{-of-ms }?N\}
     have cons-I': consistent-interp ?I
       using cons using (no-dup ?M) unfolding consistent-interp-def
       by (auto simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def
         dest!: no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus)
     have tot-I': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup unmark ?M)
       using tot atms-of-s-def unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
```

```
by fastforce
have \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I\} \models s ?O
 using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle atm-I-N by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of true-clss-def lits-of-def)
then have I'-N: ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O
 using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle true-clss-union-increase by force
have tot': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup ?O)
 using atm-I-N tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 by (force simp: image-iff lits-of-def dest!: is-marked-ex-Marked)
have atms-N-M: atms-of-ms ?N \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of ?M
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain l :: 'v where
      l-N: l \in atms-of-ms ?N and
     l\text{-}M: l \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of ?M
     by auto
   have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
      using l-M by (metis Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
        atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set literal.sel(1))
   have decide_{NOT} S (prepend-trail (Marked (Pos l) ()) S)
     by (metis \ (undefined-lit \ ?M \ (Pos \ l)) \ decide_{NOT}.intros \ l-N \ literal.sel(1)
        state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
   then show False
      using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> n-s by blast
have ?M \models as \ CNot \ C
 by (metis atms-N-M \langle C \in ?N \rangle \langle \neg ?M \models a C \rangle all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot
   atms-of-atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of-ms subset CE
have \exists l \in set ?M. is\text{-}marked l
 proof (rule ccontr)
   let ?O = \{ \{ \#lit\text{-of } L \# \} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M \land atm\text{-of } (lit\text{-of } L) \notin atms\text{-of-ms } ?N \} 
   have \vartheta[iff]: \Lambda I. total-over-m I (?N \cup ?O \cup unmark ?M)
      \longleftrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (?N \cup unmark \ ?M)
     unfolding total-over-set-def total-over-m-def atms-of-ms-def by auto
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have [simp]:\{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L\wedge L\in set\ ?M\}
      = \{ \{\# \mathit{lit-of}\ L\#\}\ | L.\ \mathit{is-marked}\ L\ \land\ L \in \mathit{set}\ ?M\ \land\ \mathit{atm-of}\ (\mathit{lit-of}\ L) \notin \mathit{atms-of-ms}\ ?N \}
     bv auto
   then have ?N \cup ?O \models ps \ unmark \ ?M
     using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF decomp] by auto
   then have ?I \models s \ unmark \ ?M
      using cons-I' I'-N tot-I' \langle ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O \rangle unfolding \vartheta true-clss-clss-def by blast
   then have lits-of ?M \subseteq ?I
      unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
   then have ?M \models as ?N
     using I'-N \ \langle C \in ?N \rangle \ \langle \neg ?M \models a \ C \rangle \ cons-I' \ atms-N-M
     by (meson \ \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle \ consistent-CNot-not \ rev-subsetD \ sup-qe1 \ true-annot-def
        true-annots-def true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def)
   then show False using M by fast
from List.split-list-first-propE[OF\ this] obtain K:: 'v\ literal\ and\ d::\ unit\ and
  F F' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list where
 M-K: ?M = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
```

```
nm: \forall f \in set \ F'. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ f
 unfolding is-marked-def by (metis (full-types) old.unit.exhaust)
let ?K = Marked\ K\ ()::('v,\ unit,\ unit)\ marked-lit
have ?K \in set ?M
 unfolding M-K by auto
let ?C = image\text{-}mset \ lit\text{-}of \ \{\#L \in \#mset \ ?M. \ is\text{-}marked \ L \land L \neq ?K \#\} :: 'v \ literal \ multiset
let ?C' = set\text{-}mset \ (image\text{-}mset \ (\lambda L::'v \ literal. \ \{\#L\#\}) \ (?C+\{\#lit\text{-}of \ ?K\#\}))
have ?N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M\} \models ps \ unmark ?M
 using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied[OF decomp].
moreover have C': ?C' = \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M\}
 unfolding M-K apply standard
   apply force
 using IntI by auto
ultimately have N-C-M: ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \ unmark \ ?M
 by auto
have N-M-False: ?N \cup (\lambda L. \{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\}) \text{ '} (set ?M) \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\}
 using M \triangleleft ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \triangleleft \ \langle C \in ?N \rangle unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def Ball-def
 true-annot-def by (metis consistent-CNot-not sup.orderE sup-commute true-clss-def
   true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union true-clss-union-increase)
have undefined-lit F \ K \ using \langle no\text{-}dup \ ?M \rangle \ unfolding \ M\text{-}K \ by \ (simp \ add: defined-lit-map)
moreover
 have ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\}
   proof -
     have A: ?N \cup ?C' \cup unmark ?M =
        ?N \cup unmark ?M
       unfolding M-K by auto
     show ?thesis
       using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of {{#}}] N-M-False unfolding A by auto
   qed
 have ?N \models p image-mset uminus ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
   unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix}\ I
     assume
        tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (?N \cup {image-mset uminus ?C+ {#- K#}})) and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
        I \models s ?N
     have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
       using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def by (cases K) auto
      have tot': total-over-set I
        (\textit{atm-of'ilt-of'}(\textit{set ?M} \cap \{\textit{L. is-marked } \textit{L} \land \textit{L} \neq \textit{Marked } \textit{K} ()\}))
       using tot by (auto simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
      { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit}
       assume
         a3: lit-of x \notin I and
         a1: x \in set ?M and
         a4: is\text{-}marked x \text{ and }
         a5: x \neq Marked K ()
       then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
         using a5 a4 tot' a1 unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by blast
       moreover have f6: Neg (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) = -Pos\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x))
         by simp
       ultimately have - lit-of x \in I
         using f6 a3 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
```

```
literal.sel(1)
           } note H = this
          have \neg I \models s ?C'
            using \langle ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{ \{\#\} \} \rangle \ tot \ cons \langle I \models s ?N \rangle
            unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
            by (simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
           then show I \models image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
            unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def Bex-mset-def
            using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
            by (auto dest!: H)
         qed
     moreover have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
       using nm unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def M-K by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
     ultimately have False
       using bj-can-jump[of S F' K F C - K
        image-mset uminus (image-mset lit-of \{\# L : \# \text{ mset } ?M. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\#\}\}
         \langle C \in ?N \rangle n-s \langle ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle bj-backjump inv unfolding M-K
         by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.simps)
       then show ?thesis by fast
   qed auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
   atms-S: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ T)))
proof -
 have st: cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn** S T and n-s: no-step cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast+
  then have st: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv n-d by auto
 have atms-of-msu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and atm-of 'lits-of (trail T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using cdcl_{NOT}-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF st inv n-d atms-S atms-trail] by blast+
  moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using cdcl_{NOT}. rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup inv n-d st by blast
  moreover have inv T
   using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv st by blast
 moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies inv st decomp n-d by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state[of T A] \langle finite \ A \rangle n-s by fast
qed
```

 \mathbf{end}

14.8.1 Instantiations

```
locale\ cdcl_{NOT}-with-backtrack-and-restarts =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnt trail clauses
    prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds\ inv\ backjump-conds
    learn-restrictions forget-restrictions
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}conds::('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    learn-restrictions forget-restrictions :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
  fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
  assumes
    unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1: \bigwedge n. n \geq 1 \implies f n \geq 1 and
    inv\text{-restart:} \land S \ T. \ inv \ S \Longrightarrow T \sim reduce\text{-trail-to}_{NOT} \ ([]::'a \ list) \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
lemma bound-inv-inv:
  assumes
    inv S and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
    atms-clss-S-A: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    atms-trail-S-A:atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    finite A and
    cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT} S T
  \mathbf{shows}
    atms-of-msu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A and
    finite A
proof -
  have cdcl_{NOT} S T
    using \langle inv S \rangle cdcl_{NOT} by linarith
  then have atms-of-msu (clauses\ T)\subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses\ S)\cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail\ S)
    using \langle inv S \rangle
    by (meson conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-ms-clauses-decreasing
      conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops-axioms n-d)
  then show atms-of-msu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    using atms-clss-S-A atms-trail-S-A by blast
  show atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A
    by (meson (inv S) atms-clss-S-A atms-trail-S-A cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set n-d)
  show finite A
    using \langle finite \ A \rangle by simp
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops \lambda S T. T \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> ([]::'a list) S cdcl_{NOT} f
 \lambda A S. atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \wedge atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \wedge
 finite A
 \mu_{CDCL}' \lambda S. inv S \wedge no-dup (trail S)
```

```
\mu_{CDCL}'-bound
  apply unfold-locales
          apply (simp add: unbounded)
         using f-ge-1 apply force
        using bound-inv-inv apply meson
       apply (rule cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure'; simp)
       apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound; simp)
      apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing; simp)
     apply auto[]
   apply auto[]
  \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}inv\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}no\text{-}dup\ \mathbf{apply}\ blast
  using inv-restart apply auto[]
  done
abbreviation cdcl_{NOT}-l where
cdcl_{NOT}-l \equiv
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops.cdcl_{NOT} trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}
  remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> propagate-conds (\lambda- - - S T. backjump S T)
  (\lambda C S. \ distinct\text{-mset} \ C \land \neg \ tautology \ C \land learn\text{-restrictions} \ C \ S
   \land (\exists F \ K \ F' \ C' \ L. \ trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land C = C' + \{\#L\#\}\}
      \land F \models as \ CNot \ C' \land C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# \ clauses \ S))
  (\lambda C S. \neg (\exists F' F K L. trail S = F' @ Marked K () \# F \land F \models as CNot (C - \{\#L\#\}))
  \land forget-restrictions C(S)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
    cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
     inv T
     no-dup (trail T) and
   bound-inv:
     atms-of-msu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
     atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
     finite A
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A V \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv bound-inv
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct[OF cdcl_{NOT}])
  case (1 m S T n U) note U = this(3)
  show ?case
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>[of S T])
        using \langle (cdcl_{NOT} \stackrel{\frown}{\frown} m) \ S \ T \rangle apply (fastforce dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
       using 1 by auto
next
  case (2 S T n) note full = this(2)
 show ?case
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound)
   using full 2 unfolding full1-def by force+
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
     inv T
     no-dup (trail T) and
```

```
bound-inv:
     atms-of-msu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
     atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
     finite A
 shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A \ V \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A \ T
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv bound-inv
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct[OF cdcl_{NOT}])
 case (1 m S T n U) note U = this(3)
 have \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
    apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing)
        using \langle (cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T \rangle apply (fastforce dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
       using 1 by auto
 then show ?case using U unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
 case (2 S T n) note full = this(2)
 show ?case
   apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing)
   using full 2 unfolding full1-def by force+
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts - - - - - f
   \lambda S \ T. \ T \sim reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ ([]::'a \ list) \ S
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-msu \ (clauses \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
    \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}' \ cdcl_{NOT}
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
 apply unfold-locales
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply simp
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply simp
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv (fst S) and
   no-dup (trail (fst S))
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst S)) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst T)) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst T)))
  using assms apply (induction)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies by (auto dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp
   simp: full1-def)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   decomp:
     all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst S)) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst T)) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst T)))
 using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case using decomp by simp
```

```
next
  case (step \ T \ u) note st = this(1) and r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by blast
  moreover have no-dup (trail\ (fst\ T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by blast
 ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies r IH n-d by fast
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes
   st: cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   inv: inv (fst S)
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ T)
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case (restart-step m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
 then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff n-d by (fastforce dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
next
 case restart-full
 then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff unfolding full1-def
 by (fastforce dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes
   st: cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} \ S \ T \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   inv: inv (fst S)
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ T)
 using st
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by blast+
 moreover have no-dup (trail\ (fst\ T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup st inv n-d by blast
  ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff [OF \ r] IH by blast
qed
theorem full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-backjump-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, n) (T, m) and
   atms-S: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite A and
```

```
inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses S))
   \vee (lits-of (trail T) \models sextm clauses S \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses S)))
proof -
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} (S, n) (T, m) and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, m)
   using full unfolding full-def by fast+
 \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{binv-T:}\ \mathit{atms-of-msu}\ (\mathit{clauses}\ \mathit{T}) \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-ms}\ \mathit{A}\ \mathit{atm-of}\ \lq\ \mathit{lits-of}\ (\mathit{trail}\ \mathit{T}) \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-ms}\ \mathit{A}
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-with-restart-bound-inv[OF st, of A] inv n-d atms-S atms-trail
   by auto
 moreover have inv-T: no-dup (trail\ T) inv\ T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by auto
 moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies [OF st] inv n-d
   decomp by auto
  ultimately have T: unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ T)))
   using no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>[of (T, m) A] n-s
   cdcl_{NOT}-final-state[of T A] unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by auto
  have eq-sat-S-T:\bigwedge I. I \models sextm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff[OF st] inv n-d atms-S
       atms-trail by auto
  have cons-T: consistent-interp (lits-of (trail\ T))
   using inv-T(1) distinct consistent-interp by blast
  consider
     (unsat) unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses T))
   |(sat)| trail T \models asm \ clauses \ T \ and \ satisfiable (set-mset \ (clauses \ T))
   using T by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case unsat
     then have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses S))
       using eq-sat-S-T consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext
       unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by fast
   next
     case sat
     then have lits-of (trail T) \models sextm clauses S
       using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff[OF st] inv n-d atms-S
       atms-trail by (auto simp: true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext true-annots-true-cls)
     moreover then have satisfiable (set-mset (clauses S))
         using cons-T consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable by blast
     ultimately show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
end — end of cdcl_{NOT}-with-backtrack-and-restarts locale
locale most-general-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub> =
   dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} +
   propagate-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds\ +
    backjumping-ops trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} \lambda- - - - - . True
   trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
```

```
prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
lemma backjump-bj-can-jump:
  assumes
    tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # F and
    C: C \in \# clauses S  and
    tr-S-C: trail S \models as CNot C and
    undef: undefined-lit F L and
    atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-msu (clauses S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of (F' @ Marked K () \# F)) and
    \mathit{cls}\text{-}S\text{-}C': \mathit{clauses}\ S\models pm\ C'+\{\#L\#\}\ \mathbf{and}
    F-C': F \models as \ CNot \ C'
  shows \neg no\text{-}step\ backjump\ S
    using backjump.intros[OF tr-S - C tr-S-C undef - cls-S-C' F-C',
      of prepend-trail (Propagated L -) (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S)] atm-L unfolding tr-S
    by (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def simp del: state-simp_{NOT})
sublocale dpll-with-backjumping-ops----inv \lambda----. True
  using backjump-bj-can-jump by unfold-locales auto
end
The restart does only reset the trail, contrary to Weidenbach's version. But there is a forget
rule.
locale\ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-with-backtrack-restarts =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    propagate-conds inv forget-conds
    \lambda C C' L' S. distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \wedge backjump-l-cond C C' L' S
    for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    \mathit{add\text{-}\mathit{cls}_{NOT}} \mathit{remove\text{-}\mathit{cls}_{NOT}}:: \mathit{'v\ clause} \Rightarrow \mathit{'st} \Rightarrow \mathit{'st} and
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    forget\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
  fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
  assumes
    unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1: \bigwedge n. n \geq 1 \Longrightarrow f n \geq 1 and
    inv\text{-}restart: \bigwedge S \ T. \ inv \ S \Longrightarrow \ T \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \ [] \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
interpretation cdcl_{NOT}:
   conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
   propagate-conds inv backjump-conds (\lambda C -. distinct-mset C \wedge \neg tautology C) forget-conds
  by unfold-locales
```

interpretation $cdcl_{NOT}$:

```
conflict-driven-clause-learning\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  propagate-conds inv backjump-conds (\lambda C -. distinct-mset C \wedge \neg tautology C) forget-conds
 apply unfold-locales
  using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> cdcl-merged-inv learn-inv
 by (auto simp add: cdcl_{NOT}.simps dpll-bj-inv)
definition not-simplified-cls A = \{ \#C \in \# A. \ tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct-mset \ C \# \}
lemma simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls:
 assumes atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   x \in \# clauses S \text{ and } finite A
 shows x \in simple-clss (atms-of-ms A) \vee x \in \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
proof -
 consider
     (simpl) \neg tautology x  and distinct-mset x
    | (n\text{-}simp) \ tautology \ x \lor \neg distinct\text{-}mset \ x
   by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case simpl
     then have x \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
       by (meson assms atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-mono
         distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss finite-subset
         mem-set-mset-iff subsetCE)
     then show ?thesis by blast
   next
     case n-simp
     then have x \in \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
       using \langle x \in \# \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding not-simplified-cls-def by auto
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound:
  assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
   inv: inv S and
   atms-clss: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of '(lits-of (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite A
 shows set-mset (clauses T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses S))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
  using assms
\mathbf{proof} (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
 case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT}
 then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by (force dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
  case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>
 then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by (force dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
next
 case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub>
 then show ?case using clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def
   by (force elim!: forgetE dest: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l T) note bj = this(1) and inv = this(2) and
   atms-clss = this(3) and atms-trail = this(4) and n-d = this(5)
 have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT})
   using \langle backjump-l \ S \ T \rangle inv cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.simps n-d by blast+
  have atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ T)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF\ (cdcl_{NOT}^{**}\ S\ T)]\ inv\ atms-trail\ atms-clss
   n-d by auto
  have atms-of-msu (clauses\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
  using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \rangle inv n-d atms-clss atms-trail]
   by fast
 moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \rangle inv n-d] by fast
  obtain F' K F L l C' C where
   tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # F and
    T: T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L l) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S)) and
    C \in \# clauses S  and
   trail S \models as CNot C  and
   undef: undefined-lit F L and
   atm\text{-}of\ L = atm\text{-}of\ K \lor atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ S)
     \vee atm-of L \in atm-of ' (lits-of F' \cup lits-of F) and
   clauses S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\} and
    F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
   dist: distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
   tauto: \neg tautology (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
   backjump-l-cond C C' L T
   using \langle backjump-l | S | T \rangle apply (induction rule: backjump-l.induct) by auto
 have atms-of C' \subseteq atm-of ' (lits-of F)
   using \langle F \models as\ CNot\ C' \rangle by (simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
     atms-of-def image-subset-iff in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
  then have atms-of (C'+\{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using T \land atm\text{-}of \land lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \lor tr\text{-}S \ undef \ n\text{-}d \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
  then have simple-clss (atms-of (C' + \{\#L\#\})) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   apply - by (rule simple-clss-mono) (simp-all)
  then have C' + \{\#L\#\} \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
   using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss[OF dist tauto]
   by auto
  then show ?case
   using T inv atms-clss undef tr-S n-d
   by (force dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
 shows (not-simplified-cls (clauses T)) \subseteq \# (not-simplified-cls (clauses S))
 using assms apply induction
 prefer 4
 unfolding not-simplified-cls-def apply (auto elim!: backjump-lE forgetE)[3]
 by (elim backjump-lE) auto
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing:
```

assumes $cdcl_{NOT}$ -merged-bj-learn** S T

```
shows (not-simplified-cls (clauses T)) \subseteq \# (not-simplified-cls (clauses S))
  using assms apply induction
   apply simp
  by (drule\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}not\text{-}simplified\text{-}decreasing})\ auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite[simp]: finite A
  shows set-mset (clauses T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses S))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
 using assms(1-5)
proof induction
 case base
  then show ?case by (auto dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)] and
    inv = this(4) and atms-clss-S = this(5) and atms-trail-S = this(6) and finite-cls-S = this(7)
 have st': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv st n-d by blast
 have inv T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv st n-d by blast
 moreover
   have atms-of-msu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
     atm\text{-}of \ (trail \ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A
     using cdcl_{NOT}-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF st'] inv atms-clss-S atms-trail-S n-d
     by blast+
 moreover moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \rangle inv n-d] by fast
  ultimately have set-mset (clauses U)
   \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses T)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   using cdcl_{NOT} finite cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound)
  moreover have set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses T))
   \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses S))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing [OF\ st] by auto
  ultimately show ?case using IH inv atms-clss-S
   by (auto dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
qed
abbreviation \mu_{CDCL}'-bound where
\mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T == ((2+card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1+card (atms-of-ms A))) * 2
    + card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses } T)))
    + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-msu (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
```

```
n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
 shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
 have set-mset (clauses T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls(clauses S))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound[OF assms] .
 moreover have card (set-mset (not-simplified-cls(clauses S))
     \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
   \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses \ S))) + 3 \ \widehat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
   by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card card-Un-le finite
     nat-add-left-cancel-le)
  ultimately have card (set-mset (clauses T))
   by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-finite card-mono
     finite-UnI finite-set-mset local.finite)
  moreover have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T) * 2
   \leq (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def by auto
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops \lambda S T. T \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> ([::'a list) S
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn f
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-msu \ (clauses \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
    \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}'-merged
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
  apply unfold-locales
            using unbounded apply simp
           using f-ge-1 apply force
          apply (blast dest!: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub> tranclp-into-rtranclp
            cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound)
         apply (simp\ add:\ cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure')
        using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card apply blast
        apply (drule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
        apply (auto dest!: simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
      apply simp
     apply auto[]
    using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv cdcl-merged-inv apply blast
   apply (auto simp: inv-restart)[]
   done
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-merged-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart T V
   inv (fst T) and
   no-dup (trail (fst T)) and
   atms-of-msu (clauses (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail (fst T)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A and
 shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A (fst V) \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst T)
 using assms
proof induction
```

```
case (restart-full\ S\ T\ n)
 show ?case
   unfolding fst-conv
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card)
   using restart-full unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)+
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and inv = this(4) and
    n-d = this(5) and atms-clss = this(6) and atms-trail = this(7) and finite = this(8)
  then have st': cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (blast dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have st'': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv n-d apply - by (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}) auto
 have inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
     using inv st' n-d by auto
  then have inv U
   using U by (auto simp: inv-restart)
  have atms-of-msu (clauses\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[\mathit{OF}\ st'']\ inv\ atms-clss\ atms-trail\ n-d
  then have atms-of-msu (clauses\ U) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using U by simp
 have not-simplified-cls (clauses U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses T)
   using \langle U \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \ [] \ T \rangle by auto
  moreover have not-simplified-cls (clauses T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
   using \langle (cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T \rangle by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  ultimately have U-S: not-simplified-cls (clauses U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
   by auto
 have (set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ U))
   \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses U)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound)
        apply simp
       using \langle inv \ U \rangle apply simp
      using \langle atms-of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ U)\subseteq atms-of\text{-}ms\ A\rangle apply simp
     using U apply simp
    using U apply simp
   using finite apply simp
   done
  then have f1: card (set\text{-}mset (clauses U)) \leq card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls (clauses U))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
   by (simp add: simple-clss-finite card-mono local.finite)
  moreover have set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses U)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
    \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses S)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   using U-S by auto
  then have f2:
   card (set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses U)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
     < card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls (clauses S)) \cup simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A))
   by (simp add: simple-clss-finite card-mono local.finite)
 moreover have card (set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses S))
     \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
   \leq card (set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses S))) + card (simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
```

```
using card-Un-le by blast
  moreover have card (simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)) \leq 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A)
   using atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card local.finite by blast
  ultimately have card (set-mset (clauses U))
   \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses \ S))) + 3 \ \widehat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
   by linarith
  then show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart T V and
   no-dup (trail (fst T)) and
   inv (fst T) and
   fin: finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst V) \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst T)
  using assms(1-3)
proof induction
 case (restart-full S T n)
 have not-simplified-cls (clauses T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
   using \langle full1 \ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T \rangle unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  then show ?case by (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and n-d = this(4) and inv = this(3)
this(5)
 then have st': cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (blast dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have st'': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv n-d apply - by (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}) auto
 have inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
     using inv st' n-d by auto
 then have inv U
   using U by (auto simp: inv-restart)
 have not-simplified-cls (clauses U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses T)
   using \langle U \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \mid T \rangle by auto
 moreover have not-simplified-cls (clauses T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
   using \langle (cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T \rangle by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  ultimately have U-S: not-simplified-cls (clauses U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
   by auto
 then show ?case by (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts - - - - - - f \lambda S T. T \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> ([]::'a list) S
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-msu \ (clauses \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
    \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}'-merged cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
  \lambda A T. ((2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))) * 2
    + card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses T)))
    + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A)
```

```
apply unfold-locales
    using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-merged-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply force
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound by fastforce
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
    no-dup (trail (fst S))
    inv (fst S)
  shows I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ T)
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
  case (restart-full\ S\ T\ n)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def)
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff restart-full.prems(1,2)
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
next
  case (restart\text{-}step \ m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (auto simp: tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have I \models sextm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ T
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}bj\text{-}sat\text{-}ext\text{-}iff\ restart\text{-}step.prems}(1,2)
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
  moreover have I \models sextm \ clauses \ T \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ U
   using restart-step.hyps(3) by auto
  ultimately show ?case by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart\text{-}eq\text{-}sat\text{-}iff\text{:}
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
    inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S))
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ T)
  using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
  have inv (fst T) and no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using st inv n-d by blast+
  then have I \models sextm\ clauses\ (fst\ T) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses\ (fst\ U)
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff cdcl by blast
  then show ?case using IH by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
    inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst S))
      (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ S)))
  shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst T))
```

```
(get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case (restart-full S T n) note full = this(1) and inv = this(2) and n-d = this(3) and
   decomp = this(4)
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn T
   using full unfolding full1-def by (fast dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)+
 have st': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-and-inv st n-d by auto
 have inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv[OF\ st]\ inv\ n-d\ by\ auto
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies [OF - - n-d decomp] st' inv by auto
next
 case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and inv = this(4) and
   n-d = this(5) and decomp = this(6)
 show ?case using U by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst S))
     (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst T))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case using decomp by simp
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
   inv = this(4) and n-d = this(5) and decomp = this(6)
 have inv (fst T) and no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using st inv n-d by blast+
 then show ?case
   using cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m[OF cdcl] IH by auto
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-normal-form:
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst S))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S))) and
   atms-cls: atms-of-msu (clauses (fst S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail (fst S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   fin: finite A
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst S)))
   \vee lits-of (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses (fst S) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst S)))
proof -
 have inv-T: inv (fst T) and n-d-T: no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using full inv n-d unfolding full-def by blast+
```

```
moreover have
   atms-cls-T: atms-of-msu (clauses (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail-T: atm-of 'lits-of (trail (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-with-restart-bound-inv[of S T A] full atms-cls atms-trail fin inv n-d
   unfolding full-def by blast+
  ultimately have no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn (fst T)
   apply -
   apply (rule no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>[of - A])
      using full unfolding full-def apply simp
     apply simp
   using fin apply simp
   done
 moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst T))
   (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m[of S T] inv n-d decomp
   full unfolding full-def by auto
  ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst T)))
   \vee trail (fst T) \models asm clauses (fst T) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst T)))
   apply -
   apply (rule cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state)
   using atms-cls-T atms-trail-T fin n-d-T fin inv-T by blast+
  then consider
     (unsat) unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst T)))
   |(sat)| trail (fst T) \models as clauses (fst T) and satisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst T)))
   by auto
  then show unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst S)))
   \vee lits-of (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses (fst S) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst S)))
   proof cases
     case unsat
     then have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst S)))
       unfolding satisfiable-def apply auto
       using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff[of S T ] full inv n-d
       consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext
       unfolding satisfiable-def full-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by blast
   next
     case sat
     then have lits-of (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses (fst T)
       using true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
     then have lits-of (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses (fst S)
       using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-eq-sat-iff[of S T] full inv n-d unfolding full-def by blast
     moreover then have satisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst S)))
       {\bf using} \ \ consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable \ \ distinct consistent-interp \ \ n\text{-}d\text{-}T \ \ {\bf by} \ \ fast
     ultimately show ?thesis by fast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
corollary full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-normal-form-init-state:
 assumes
   init-state: trail S = [] clauses S = N  and
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, \theta) T and
   inv: inv S
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
   \lor lits-of (trail (fst T)) \models sextm N \land satisfiable (set-mset N)
  using full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-normal-form[of (S, \theta) T] assms by auto
```

```
end
```

```
end theory DPLL-NOT imports CDCL-NOT begin
```

15 DPLL as an instance of NOT

15.1 DPLL with simple backtrack

```
locale dpll-with-backtrack
begin
inductive backtrack :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list \times 'v clauses
  \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list \times 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool where
backtrack\text{-split }(fst\ S)\ =\ (M',\ L\ \#\ M) \Longrightarrow is\text{-marked }L\Longrightarrow D\in\#\ snd\ S
 \implies fst S \models as \ CNot \ D \implies backtrack \ S \ (Propagated \ (- \ (lit-of \ L)) \ () \# M, \ snd \ S)
inductive-cases backtrackE[elim]: backtrack (M, N) (M', N')
lemma backtrack-is-backjump:
 fixes MM' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
   backtrack: backtrack (M, N) (M', N') and
   no-dup: (no-dup \circ fst) (M, N) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ N \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ M)
   shows
      \exists C F' K F L l C'.
         M = F' \otimes Marked K () \# F \wedge
         M' = Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F \land N = N' \land C \in \# \ N \land F' @ Marked \ K \ d \ \# \ F \models as \ CNot \ C \land M \land F' 
         undefined-lit F \perp \land atm-of \perp \in atm-of-msu N \cup atm-of ' lits-of (F' \otimes Marked \ K \ d \# F) \land
         N \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as \ CNot \ C'
proof -
 let ?S = (M, N)
 let ?T = (M', N')
 obtain F F' P L D where
   b-sp: backtrack-split M = (F', L \# F) and
   is-marked L and
   D \in \# \ snd \ ?S \ and
   M \models as \ CNot \ D \ and
   bt: backtrack ?S (Propagated (- (lit-of L)) P \# F, N) and
   M': M' = Propagated (- (lit-of L)) P \# F and
   [simp]: N' = N
  using backtrackE[OF backtrack] by (metis backtrack fstI sndI)
 let ?K = lit \text{-} of L
 let ?C = image\text{-mset lit-of } \{\#K \in \#mset M. is\text{-marked } K \land K \neq L\#\} :: 'v literal multiset
 let ?C' = set\text{-}mset \ (image\text{-}mset \ single \ (?C+\{\#?K\#\}))
 obtain K where L: L = Marked K () using (is-marked L) by (cases L) auto
 have M: M = F' @ Marked K () \# F
   using b-sp by (metis L backtrack-split-list-eq fst-conv snd-conv)
  moreover have F' @ Marked K () \# F \models as CNot D
   using \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M.
 moreover have undefined-lit F(-?K)
   using no-dup unfolding M L by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
```

```
moreover have atm-of (-K) \in atms-of-msu N \cup atm-of 'lits-of (F' @ Marked K d \# F)
 by auto
moreover
 have set-mset N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}
   proof -
     have A: set-mset N \cup ?C' \cup unmark M =
       set-mset N \cup unmark M
       unfolding ML by auto
     have set-mset N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M\}
         \models ps \ unmark \ M
       using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF decomp].
     moreover have C': ?C' = \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
       unfolding ML apply standard
         apply force
       using IntI by auto
     ultimately have N-C-M: set-mset N \cup ?C' \models ps \ unmark \ M
       by auto
     have set-mset N \cup (\lambda L. \{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\}) ' (set M) \models ps \{\{\#\}\}
       unfolding true-clss-clss-def
       proof (intro allI impI, goal-cases)
         case (1 I) note tot = this(1) and cons = this(2) and I-N-M = this(3)
         have I \models D
           using I-N-M \langle D \in \# \ snd \ ?S \rangle unfolding true-clss-def by auto
         moreover have I \models s CNot D
           using \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M by (metis \ 1(3) \ \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle)
             true-annots-true-cls true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def
             true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union)
         ultimately show ?case using cons consistent-CNot-not by blast
       qed
     then show ?thesis
       using true-clss-clss-left-right [OF N-C-M, of \{\{\#\}\}\}] unfolding A by auto
   qed
 have N \models pm \ image-mset \ uminus \ ?C + \{\#-?K\#\}
   unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix}\ I
     assume
      tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (set-mset N \cup \{image-mset\ uminus\ ?C + \{\#-\ ?K\#\}\})) and
       cons: consistent-interp\ I and
       I \models sm N
     have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
       using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def L by (cases K) auto
     have tI: total-over-set I (atm-of 'it-of '(set\ M\cap\{L.\ is-marked L\land L\ne Marked\ K\ d\}))
       using tot by (auto simp add: L atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
     then have H: \bigwedge x.
         lit\text{-}of\ x \notin I \Longrightarrow x \in set\ M \Longrightarrow is\text{-}marked\ x
         \implies x \neq Marked \ K \ d \implies -lit \text{-} of \ x \in I
       proof -
         \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit
         assume a1: x \neq Marked K d
         assume a2: is-marked x
         assume a3: x \in set M
         assume a4: lit-of x \notin I
         have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)\in atm\text{-}of\ `lit\text{-}of\ `
```

```
(set\ M\cap \{m.\ is\text{-}marked\ m\land m\neq Marked\ K\ d\})
             using a3 a2 a1 by blast
           then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
             using tI unfolding total-over-set-def by blast
           then show - lit-of x \in I
             using a4 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
               literal.sel(1,2)
         qed
       have \neg I \models s ?C'
         using \langle set\text{-}mset\ N\cup ?C' \models ps\ \{\{\#\}\}\rangle\ tot\ cons\ \langle I \models sm\ N\rangle
         unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
         by (simp add: atms-of-uninus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
       then show I \models image\text{-}mset\ uminus\ ?C + \{\#-\ lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}
         unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def Bex-mset-def
         using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
         unfolding L by (auto dest!: H)
     qed
 moreover
   have set F' \cap \{K. \text{ is-marked } K \land K \neq L\} = \{\}
     using backtrack-split-fst-not-marked[of - M] b-sp by auto
   then have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
      unfolding M CNot-def true-annots-def by (auto simp add: L lits-of-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using M' \langle D \in \# snd ?S \rangle L by force
qed
lemma backtrack-is-backjump':
 fixes MM' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
  assumes
    backtrack: backtrack S T and
   no\text{-}dup: (no\text{-}dup \circ fst) \ S \ \text{and}
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (snd S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (fst S))
       \exists C F' K F L l C'.
         fst \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land
         T = (Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F, \ snd \ S) \land C \in \# \ snd \ S \land fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
         \land undefined-lit F \ L \land atm-of L \in atm-of-msu (snd \ S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (fst \ S) \land
         snd S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as CNot C'
  apply (cases S, cases T)
  using backtrack-is-backjump[of fst S snd S fst T snd T] assms by fastforce
sublocale dpll-state fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
  \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove\text{-mset } C N)
  by unfold-locales auto
sublocale backjumping-ops fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
  \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove-mset\ C\ N) \lambda- - - S\ T. backtrack S\ T
 by unfold-locales
lemma backtrack-is-backjump":
  fixes MM' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
  assumes
   backtrack: backtrack S T and
   no\text{-}dup: (no\text{-}dup \circ fst) \ S \ \text{and}
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (snd S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (fst S))
```

```
shows backjump S T
proof -
  obtain C F' K F L l C' where
    1: fst S = F' @ Marked K () \# F and
   2: T = (Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F, \ snd \ S) and
   3 \colon C \in \# \ snd \ S \ \mathbf{and}
   4: fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \ and
   5: undefined-lit F L and
   6: atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (snd\ S)\cup atm\text{-}of\ (fst\ S) and
    7: snd S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
   8: F \models as \ CNot \ C'
 using backtrack-is-backjump'[OF assms] by blast
 show ?thesis
   using backjump.intros[OF 1 - 3 4 5 6 7 8] 2 backtrack 1 5
   by (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def simp del: state-simp_{NOT})
qed
lemma can-do-bt-step:
  assumes
    M: fst \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ d \ \# \ F \ and
    C \in \# snd S and
    C: fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
  shows \neg no-step backtrack S
proof -
 obtain L G' G where
   backtrack-split (fst S) = (G', L \# G)
   unfolding M by (induction F' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
 moreover then have is-marked L
    \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked}\ \mathit{list.distinct}(1)\ \mathit{list.sel}(1)\ \mathit{snd-conv})
 ultimately show ?thesis
    using backtrack.intros[of S G' L G C] \langle C \in \# \text{ snd } S \rangle C unfolding M by auto
qed
end
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq dpll-with-backjumping-ops fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
 \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove-mset C N) \lambda- -. True
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 by unfold-locales (metis (mono-tags, lifting) dpll-with-backtrack.backtrack-is-backjump"
  dpll-with-backtrack.can-do-bt-step prod.case-eq-if comp-apply)
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq dpll-with-backjumping fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
 \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove-mset C N) \lambda- -. True
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 {\bf apply} \ {\it unfold-locales}
 using dpll-bj-no-dup dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv apply fastforce
 done
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops
 fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
 \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, {#C#} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove-mset C N) \lambda- -. True
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T \lambda- -. False \lambda- -. False
```

fixes $f :: nat \Rightarrow nat$

```
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq conflict-driven-clause-learning
 fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
 \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove-mset C N) \lambda- -. True
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T \lambda- -. False \lambda- -. False
 apply unfold-locales
 using cdcl_{NOT}. simps dpll-bj-inv forgetE learnE by blast
context dpll-with-backtrack
begin
{f lemma} wf-tranclp-dpll-inital-state:
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{((M'::('v, unit, unit) marked-lits, N'::'v clauses), ([], N))|M'N'N.
   dpll-bj^{++} ([], N) (M', N') \wedge atms-of-msu N \subseteq atms-of-ms A}
  using wf-tranclp-dpll-bj[OF assms(1)] by (rule wf-subset) auto
corollary full-dpll-final-state-conclusive:
 fixes MM' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj ([], N) (M', N')
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N) \vee (M' \modelsasm N \wedge satisfiable (set-mset N))
 using assms full-dpll-backjump-final-state of ([],N) (M',N') set-mset N by auto
corollary full-dpll-normal-form-from-init-state:
 fixes MM':: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj ([], N) (M', N')
 shows M' \models asm \ N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset \ N)
proof -
 have no-dup M'
   using rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup[of([], N)(M', N')]
   full unfolding full-def by auto
 then have M' \models asm N \implies satisfiable (set-mset N)
   using distinct consistent-interp satisfiable-carac' true-annots-true-cls by blast
 then show ?thesis
  using full-dpll-final-state-conclusive[OF full] by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-is-dpll:
  cdcl_{NOT} S T \longleftrightarrow dpll-bj S T
 by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}.simps\ learn.simps\ forget_{NOT}.simps)
Another proof of termination:
lemma wf \{(T, S). dpll-bj S T \land cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S\}
 unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-is-dpll[symmetric]
 \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{wf-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain})
 (auto simp: learn.simps forget<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
end
15.2
         Adding restarts
locale dpll-with backtrack-and-restarts =
  dpll-with-backtrack +
```

```
assumes unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1:\land n. n \ge 1 \implies f n \ge 1
begin
  sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
   \lambda C (M, N). (M, \#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove\text{-mset } C N) f \lambda(-, N) S. S = ([], N)
  \lambda A \ (M,\ N). \ atms-of-msu \ N \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \wedge atm-of \ `its-of \ M \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \wedge finite \ A
   \land all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
  \lambda A \ T. \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ \widehat{\ } \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A))
              -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T) dpll-bj
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda A -. (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
 apply unfold-locales
         apply (rule unbounded)
        using f-ge-1 apply fastforce
       apply (smt dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set
         dpll-bj-clauses dpll-bj-no-dup prod.case-eq-if)
      apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop; auto)
     apply (rename-tac A T U, case-tac T, simp)
    apply (rename-tac A T U, case-tac U, simp)
   using dpll-bj-clauses dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv dpll-bj-no-dup by fastforce+
end
end
theory DPLL-W
imports Main Partial-Clausal-Logic Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic List-More Wellfounded-More
  DPLL-NOT
begin
16
        DPLL
16.1
         Rules
type-synonym 'a dpll_W-marked-lit = ('a, unit, unit) marked-lit
type-synonym 'a dpll_W-marked-lits = ('a, unit, unit) marked-lits
type-synonym 'v dpll_W-state = 'v dpll_W-marked-lits \times 'v clauses
abbreviation trail :: 'v \ dpll_W-state \Rightarrow 'v \ dpll_W-marked-lits where
trail \equiv fst
abbreviation clauses :: 'v dpll_W-state \Rightarrow 'v clauses where
clauses \equiv snd
The definition of DPLL is given in figure 2.13 page 70 of CW.
inductive dpll_W :: 'v \ dpll_W \text{-state} \Rightarrow 'v \ dpll_W \text{-state} \Rightarrow bool \text{ where}
propagate: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \Longrightarrow trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ C \Longrightarrow undefined-lit\ (trail\ S)\ L
  \implies dpll_W \ S \ (Propagated \ L \ () \ \# \ trail \ S, \ clauses \ S)
decided: undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (clauses \ S)
  \implies dpll_W \ S \ (Marked \ L \ () \ \# \ trail \ S, \ clauses \ S) \ |
backtrack: backtrack-split (trail S) = (M', L \# M) \Longrightarrow is-marked L \Longrightarrow D \in \# clauses S
  \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \implies dpll_W \ S \ (Propagated \ (- \ (lit-of \ L)) \ () \ \# \ M, \ clauses \ S)
16.2
         Invariants
lemma dpll_W-distinct-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and no-dup (trail S)
```

shows no-dup (trail S')

```
using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
 case (decided L S)
 then show ?case using defined-lit-map by force
next
 case (propagate \ C \ L \ S)
  then show ?case using defined-lit-map by force
next
 case (backtrack S M' L M D) note extracted = this(1) and no-dup = this(5)
 show ?case
   using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by auto
qed
lemma dpll_W-consistent-interp-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 \mathbf{and}\ consistent\text{-}interp\ (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S))
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S'))
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
 case (backtrack S M' L M D) note extracted = this(1) and marked = this(2) and D = this(4) and
    cons = this(5) and no\text{-}dup = this(6)
 have no-dup': no-dup M
   by (metis (no-types) backtrack-split-list-eq distinct.simps(2) distinct-append extracted
     list.simps(9) map-append no-dup snd-conv)
  then have insert (lit-of L) (lits-of M) \subseteq lits-of (trail S)
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by auto
  then have cons: consistent-interp (insert (lit-of L) (lits-of M))
   using consistent-interp-subset cons by blast
 moreover
   have lit-of L \notin lits-of M
     using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] extracted
     unfolding lits-of-def by force
 moreover
   have atm\text{-}of\ (-lit\text{-}of\ L) \notin (\lambda m.\ atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ m)) 'set M
     using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by force
   then have -lit-of L \notin lits-of M
     unfolding lits-of-def by force
 ultimately show ?case by simp
qed (auto intro: consistent-add-undefined-lit-consistent)
lemma dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ S)
 shows atm-of '(lits-of (trail S')) \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
  case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D)
  then have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ S)
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] by auto
 moreover
   have atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu (clauses\ S)
     using backtrack(5) by simp
   then have \bigwedge xb. \ xb \in set \ M \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ xb) \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (clauses \ S)
     using backtrack-split-list-eq[symmetric, of trail S] backtrack.hyps(1)
```

```
unfolding lits-of-def by auto
  ultimately show ?case by (auto simp : lits-of-def)
qed (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
\mathbf{lemma}\ atms-of\text{-}ms\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}atms\text{-}of\text{:}\ atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ ((\lambda a.\ \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\})\ `\ c)=\ atm\text{-}of\ `\ lit\text{-}of\ `\ c
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def using image-iff by force
Lemma theorem 2.8.2 page 71 of CW
lemma dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu (clauses\ S)
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
 case (decided L S)
  then show ?case unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by simp
next
  case (propagate C L S) note inS = this(1) and cnot = this(2) and IH = this(4) and undef =
this(3) and atms-incl = this(5)
 let ?I = set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) (trail S)) \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S)
 have ?I \models p C + \{\#L\#\} by (auto simp add: inS)
 moreover have ?I \models ps\ CNot\ C using true-annots-true-clss-cls cnot by fastforce
 ultimately have ?I \models p \{\#L\#\} using true-clss-cls-plus-CNot[of ?I \ C \ L] in by blast
   assume get-all-marked-decomposition (trail\ S) = []
   then have ?case by blast
  moreover {
   assume n: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) \neq []
   have 1: \bigwedge a b. (a, b) \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
     \implies (unmark a \cup set\text{-mset} (clauses S)) \models ps unmark b
     using IH unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (fastforce simp add: list.set-set(2) n)
   moreover have 2: \bigwedge a c. hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, c)
     \implies (unmark a \cup set\text{-mset} (clauses S)) \models ps (unmark c)
     by (metis IH all-decomposition-implies-cons-pair all-decomposition-implies-single
       list.collapse n
   moreover have 3: \bigwedge a c. hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, c)
     \implies (unmark \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)) \models p \ \{\#L\#\}
     proof -
       \mathbf{fix} \ a \ c
       assume h: hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, c)
       have h': trail S = c @ a using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp h by blast
       have I: set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \ a) \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S)
         \cup unmark c \models ps \ CNot \ C
         using \langle I | = ps \ CNot \ C \rangle unfolding h' by (simp add: Un-commute Un-left-commute)
         atms-of-ms (CNot C) \subseteq atms-of-ms (set (map (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#}) a) \cup set-mset (clauses S))
          and
         atms-of-ms (unmark c) \subseteq atms-of-ms (set (map (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#})) a)
          \cup set-mset (clauses S))
          apply (metis CNot-plus Un-subset-iff atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of
            atms-of-ms-union in S mem-set-mset-iff sup.cobounded I2)
         using in S atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-incl by (fastforce simp: h')
```

```
then have unmark a \cup set\text{-mset} (clauses S) \models ps CNot C
        using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF - I] h 2 by <math>auto
       then show unmark a \cup set\text{-mset} (clauses S) \models p \{ \#L\# \}
        by (metis (no-types) Un-insert-right in Sinsert I1 mk-disjoint-insert in Sinsert-met-iff
          true-clss-cls-in true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     qed
   ultimately have ?case
     by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
       (auto simp: all-decomposition-implies-def)
  }
 ultimately show ?case by auto
next
 case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D) note extracted = this(1) and marked = this(2) and D = this(3) and
   cnot = this(4) and cons = this(4) and IH = this(5) and atms-incl = this(6)
 have S: trail\ S = M' @ L \# M
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S] unfolding extracted by auto
 have M': \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
   using extracted backtrack-split-fst-not-marked of - trail S by simp
  have n: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) \neq [] by auto
  then have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) ((L \# M, M')
         \# tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
   by (metis (no-types) IH extracted qet-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split list.exhaust-sel)
  then have 1: unmark\ (L \# M) \cup set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ S) \models ps(\lambda a.\{\#lit\text{-of}\ a\#\}) 'set M'
   by simp
  moreover
   have unmark\ (L \# M) \cup unmark\ M' \models ps\ CNot\ D
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) S Un-commute cons image-Un set-append
       true-annots-true-clss-clss)
   then have 2: unmark\ (L \# M) \cup set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ S) \cup unmark\ M'
       \models ps \ CNot \ D
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) Un-assoc Un-left-commute true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
  ultimately
   have set (map \ (\lambda a. \ \# lit - of \ a\# \}) \ (L \# M)) \cup set - mset \ (clauses \ S) \models ps \ CNot \ D
     using true-clss-clss-left-right by fastforce
   then have set (map\ (\lambda a.\ \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\})\ (L\ \#\ M))\cup set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ S)\models p\ \{\#\}
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) D Un-def mem-Collect-eg set-mset-def
       true-clss-cls-contradiction-true-clss-cls-false)
   then have IL: unmark M \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models p \{\#-lit\text{-of }L\#\}
     using true-clss-clss-false-left-right by auto
  show ?case unfolding S all-decomposition-implies-def
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ x \ P \ level
     assume x: x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition
       (fst (Propagated (- lit-of L) P \# M, clauses S)))
     let ?M' = Propagated (-lit-of L) P \# M
     let ?hd = hd (get-all-marked-decomposition ?M')
     let ?tl = tl \ (get-all-marked-decomposition ?M')
     have x = ?hd \lor x \in set ?tl
       using x
      by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition ?M')
         anto
     moreover {
       assume x': x \in set ?tl
      have L': Marked (lit-of L) () = L using marked by (cases L, auto)
      have x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L # M))
```

```
using x' get-all-marked-decomposition-except-last-choice-equal of M' lit-of L P M
        L' by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ M'\ list.set\text{-}sel(2)\ tl\text{-}Nil)
       then have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark Ls \cup set\text{-mset} (clauses S)
        \models ps \ unmark \ seen
        using marked IH by (cases L) (auto simp add: S all-decomposition-implies-def)
     moreover {
       assume x': x = ?hd
      have tl: tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L \# M)) \neq []
        proof -
          have f1: \ \ ms. \ length \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (M' @ ms))
            = length (get-all-marked-decomposition ms)
            by (simp add: M' get-all-marked-decomposition-remove-unmarked-length)
          have Suc (length (get-all-marked-decomposition M)) \neq Suc 0
            by blast
          then show ?thesis
            using f1 marked by (metis (no-types) get-all-marked-decomposition.simps(1) length-tl
              list.sel(3) \ list.size(3) \ marked-lit.collapse(1))
        qed
       obtain M\theta' M\theta where
        L0: hd (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' \otimes L \# M))) = (M0, M0')
        by (cases hd (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L \# M))))
       have x'': x = (M0, Propagated (-lit-of L) P # M0')
        unfolding x' using get-all-marked-decomposition-last-choice tl M' L0
        by (metis\ marked\ marked-lit.collapse(1))
       obtain l-get-all-marked-decomposition where
        get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (L \# M, M') \# (M0, M0') \#
          l-get-all-marked-decomposition
        using get-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split extracted by (metis (no-types) L0 S
          hd-Cons-tl \ n \ tl)
       then have M = M0' @ M0 using get-all-marked-decomposition-hd-hd by fastforce
       then have IL': unmark M0 \cup set-mset (clauses S)
        \cup unmark M0' \models ps \{\{\#- lit\text{-}of L\#\}\}
        using IL by (simp add: Un-commute Un-left-commute image-Un)
       moreover have H: unmark \ M0 \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)
        ⊨ps unmark M0′
        using IH x" unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) L0 S
          list.set-sel(1) list.set-sel(2) old.prod.case tl tl-Nil)
       ultimately have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark Ls \cup set-mset (clauses S)
        \models ps \ unmark \ seen
        using true-clss-left-right unfolding x'' by auto
     }
     ultimately show case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow
       unmark\ Ls \cup set\text{-}mset\ (snd\ (?M',\ clauses\ S))
        \models ps \ unmark \ seen
       unfolding snd-conv by blast
   qed
qed
Lemma theorem 2.8.3 page 72 of CW
theorem dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion-of-decided:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 \mathbf{and}\ \mathit{all-decomposition-implies-m}\ (\mathit{clauses}\ S)\ (\mathit{get-all-marked-decomposition}\ (\mathit{trail}\ S))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu (clauses\ S)
 shows set-mset (clauses S') \cup {{#lit-of L#} |L. is-marked L \land L \in set (trail S')}
```

```
using all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied [OF\ dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion [OF\ assms]].
Lemma theorem 2.8.4 page 72 of CW
lemma only-propagated-vars-unsat:
 assumes marked: \forall x \in set M. \neg is\text{-marked } x
 and DN: D \in N and D: M \models as CNot D
 and inv: all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of M \subseteq atms-of-ms N
 {f shows} unsatisfiable N
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume \neg unsatisfiable N
  then obtain I where
   I: I \models s N \text{ and }
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   tot: total-over-m I N
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
  then have I-D: I \models D
   using DN unfolding true-clss-def by auto
 have l0: \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} = \{\}\ using\ marked\ by\ auto
 have atms-of-ms (N \cup unmark M) = atms-of-ms N
   using atm-incl unfolding atms-of-ms-def lits-of-def by auto
  then have total-over-m I(N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of } a\#\}) `(set M))
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
  then have I \models s (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) ` (set M)
   using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF inv] cons I
   unfolding true-clss-clss-def l0 by auto
  then have IM: I \models s \ unmark \ M \ by \ auto
  {
   \mathbf{fix} K
   assume K \in \# D
   then have -K \in lits\text{-}of M
     by (auto split: split-if-asm
       intro: allE[OF D[unfolded true-annots-def Ball-def], of \{\#-K\#\}])
   then have -K \in I using IM true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl by fastforce
 then have \neg I \models D using cons unfolding true-cls-def consistent-interp-def by auto
 then show False using I-D by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-same-clauses:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: dpll_W.induct, auto)
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-inv:
 assumes rtranclp \ dpll_W \ S \ S'
 and inv: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S)
 and consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S))
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
 and atm-of 'lits-of (trail S') \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S')
```

 $\models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `\bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ (trail \ S')))$

```
and clauses S = clauses S'
 and consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S'))
 and no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 show
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-msu\ (clauses\ S) and
   clauses S = clauses S and
   consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S)) and
   no-dup (trail S) using assms by auto
next
  case (step S' S'') note dpll_W Star = this(1) and IH = this(3,4,5,6,7) and
   dpll_W = this(2)
 moreover
   assume
     inv: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
     atm-incl: atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ S)\subseteq atms-of-msu\ (clauses\ S) and
     cons: consistent-interp \ (lits-of \ (trail \ S)) and
     no-dup (trail S)
  ultimately have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S')
   (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail <math>S')) and
   atm-incl': atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ S') \subseteq atms-of-msu\ (clauses\ S') and
   snd: clauses S = clauses S' and
   cons': consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S')) and
   no-dup': no-dup (trail S') by blast+
  show clauses S = clauses S'' using dpll_W-same-clauses [OF dpll_W] and by metis
 show all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S'') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S''))
   using dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion [OF dpll_W] decomp atm-incl' by auto
  show atm-of 'lits-of (trail S'') \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S'')
   using dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv[OF dpll_W] atm-incl atm-incl' by auto
 show no-dup (trail S'') using dpll_W-distinct-inv[OF dpll_W] no-dup' dpll_W by auto
 show consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S''))
   using cons' no-dup' dpll_W-consistent-interp-inv[OF dpll_W] by auto
qed
definition dpll_W-all-inv S \equiv
  (all-decomposition-implies-m\ (clauses\ S)\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
 \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S)
 \land consistent\text{-}interp\ (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S))
 \land no-dup (trail S))
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-dest[dest]:
  assumes dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu (clauses\ S)
 and consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S)) \land no-dup (trail S)
 using assms unfolding dpllw-all-inv-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv:
 assumes rtranclp \ dpll_W \ S \ S
 and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
```

```
using assms rtranclp-dpll_W-inv[OF\ assms(1)]\ unfolding\ dpll_W-all-inv-def\ lits-of-def\ by\ blast
```

```
lemma dpll_W-all-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
 using assms rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv by blast
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-\theta:
 assumes rtranclp \ dpll_W \ S \ S'
 and inv: trail\ S = []
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
proof -
 have dpll_W-all-inv S
   using assms unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def dpllw-all-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-can-do-step:
 assumes consistent-interp (set M)
 and distinct M
 and atm\text{-}of ' (set\ M)\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ N
 shows rtranclp dpll_W ([], N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N)
 using assms
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons\ L\ M)
  then have undefined-lit (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M) L
   unfolding defined-lit-def consistent-interp-def by auto
 moreover have atm-of L \in atms-of-msu N using Cons.prems(3) by auto
  ultimately have dpll_W (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) (L \# M), N)
   using dpll_W.decided by auto
 moreover have consistent-interp (set M) and distinct M and atm-of 'set M \subseteq atms-of-msu N
   using Cons. prems unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
 ultimately show ?case using Cons.hyps by auto
qed
definition conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (S:: 'v dpll<sub>W</sub>-state) \longleftrightarrow
 (trail\ S \models asm\ clauses\ S \lor ((\forall\ L \in set\ (trail\ S).\ \neg is\text{-}marked\ L)
 \land (\exists C \in \# clauses S. trail S \models as CNot C)))
lemma dpll_W-strong-completeness:
 assumes set M \models sm N
 and consistent-interp (set M)
 and distinct M
 and atm\text{-}of ' (set M) \subseteq atms-of-msu N
 shows dpll_{W}^{**} ([], N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N)
 and conclusive-dpll_W-state (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N)
 show rtrancly dpll_W ([], N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N) using dpll_W-can-do-step assms by auto
 have map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M \models asm N using assms(1) true-annots-marked-true-cls by auto
 then show conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N)
```

```
unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
qed
lemma dpll_W-sound:
 assumes
   \mathit{rtranclp}\ \mathit{dpll}_W\ ([],\ \mathit{N})\ (\mathit{M},\ \mathit{N}) and
   \forall S. \neg dpll_W (M, N) S
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 let ?M' = lits - of M
 assume ?A
 then have ?M' \models sm \ N by (simp \ add: true-annots-true-cls)
 moreover have consistent-interp ?M'
   using rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0[OF assms(1)] by auto
 ultimately show ?B by auto
next
 assume ?B
 show ?A
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume n: \neg ?A
     have (\exists L. \ undefined-lit \ M \ L \land \ atm-of \ L \in \ atms-of-msu \ N) \lor (\exists D \in \#N. \ M \models as \ CNot \ D)
       proof -
         obtain D :: 'a \ clause \ \mathbf{where} \ D : D \in \# \ N \ \mathbf{and} \ \neg \ M \models a \ D
          using n unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def by auto
         then have (\exists L. undefined-lit M L \land atm-of L \in atms-of D) \lor M \models as CNot D
           unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-annot-def
           using atm-of-lit-in-atms-of true-annot-iff-marked-or-true-lit true-cls-def by blast
         then show ?thesis
           by (metis Bex-mset-def D atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono mem-set-mset-iff rev-subsetD)
       qed
     moreover {
       assume \exists L. undefined-lit M L \land atm\text{-}of L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu N
       then have False using assms(2) decided by fastforce
     moreover {
       assume \exists D \in \#N. M \models as CNot D
       then obtain D where DN: D \in \# N and MD: M \models as \ CNot \ D by auto
         assume \forall l \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked l
         moreover have dpll_W-all-inv ([], N)
          using assms unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def dpllw-all-inv-def by auto
         ultimately have unsatisfiable (set\text{-}mset \ N)
           using only-propagated-vars-unsat[of M D set-mset N] DN MD
           rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)] by force
         then have False using \langle ?B \rangle by blast
       }
       moreover {
         assume l: \exists l \in set M. is\text{-}marked l
         then have False
          using backtrack[of(M, N) - - D]DNMD assms(2)
             backtrack-split-some-is-marked-then-snd-has-hd[OF l]
          by (metis\ backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked\ fst-conv\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(1)\ snd-conv)
```

ultimately have False by blast

```
}
     ultimately show False by blast
    qed
qed
16.3
        Termination
definition dpll_W-mes M n =
 map \ (\lambda l. \ if \ is-marked \ l \ then \ 2 \ else \ (1::nat)) \ (rev \ M) \ @ \ replicate \ (n-length \ M) \ 3
lemma length-dpll_W-mes:
 assumes length M \leq n
 shows length (dpll_W - mes\ M\ n) = n
 using assms unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by auto
lemma distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length:
 assumes no-dup S
 shows card (atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of S) = length S
 using assms by (induct S) (auto simp add: image-image lits-of-def)
lemma dpll_W-card-decrease:
 assumes dpll: dpll_W S S' and length (trail S') \leq card vars
 and length (trail S) \leq card vars
 shows (dpll_W-mes (trail\ S')\ (card\ vars),\ dpll_W-mes (trail\ S)\ (card\ vars))
   \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} (card vars)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
 case (propagate \ C \ L \ S)
 have m: map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S))
     @ replicate (card vars - length (trail S)) 3
    = map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S)) @ 3
       \# replicate (card vars - Suc (length (trail S))) 3
    using propagate.prems[simplified] using Suc-diff-le by fastforce
 then show ?case
   using propagate.prems(1) unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by (fastforce simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
next
 case (decided \ S \ L)
 have m: map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S))
     @ replicate (card vars - length (trail S)) 3
   = map(\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S)) @ 3
     \# replicate (card vars - Suc (length (trail S))) 3
   using decided.prems[simplified] using Suc-diff-le by fastforce
 then show ?case
   using decided prems unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by (force simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
next
 case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D)
 have L: is-marked L using backtrack.hyps(2) by auto
 have S: trail\ S = M' @ L \# M
   using backtrack.hyps(1) backtrack-split-list-eq[of\ trail\ S] by auto
   using backtrack.prems L unfolding dpll_W-mes-def S by (fastforce simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
Proposition theorem 2.8.7 page 73 of CW
lemma dpll_W-card-decrease':
 assumes dpll: dpll_W S S'
```

```
and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S)
 and no-dup: no-dup (trail S)
 shows (dpll_W-mes (trail\ S')\ (card\ (atms-of-msu\ (clauses\ S'))),
        dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-msu (clauses S)))) \in lex \{(a, b), a < b\}
proof -
 have finite (atms-of-msu (clauses S)) unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
  then have 1: length (trail S) \leq card (atms-of-msu (clauses S))
   using distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length [OF no-dup] atm-incl card-mono by metis
 moreover
   have no-dup': no-dup (trail S') using dpll dpll<sub>W</sub>-distinct-inv no-dup by blast
   have SS': clauses S' = clauses S using dpll by (auto dest!: dpll<sub>W</sub>-same-clauses)
   have atm-incl': atm-of 'lits-of (trail S') \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S')
     using atm-incl dpll dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv[OF dpll] by force
   have finite (atms-of-msu (clauses S'))
     unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
   then have 2: length (trail S') \leq card (atms-of-msu (clauses S))
     using distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length [OF no-dup'] atm-incl' card-mono SS' by metis
  ultimately have (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-msu \ (clauses \ S))),
     dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-msu (clauses S))))
   \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} (card (atms-of-msu (clauses S)))
   using dpll_W-card-decrease [OF assms(1), of atms-of-msu (clauses S)] by blast
  then have (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-msu \ (clauses \ S))),
         dpll_W-mes (trail\ S)\ (card\ (atms-of-msu\ (clauses\ S)))) \in lex\ \{(a,\ b).\ a< b\}
   unfolding lex-def by auto
  then show (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-msu \ (clauses \ S'))),
        dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-msu (clauses S)))) \in lex \{(a, b), a < b\}
   using dpll_W-same-clauses [OF assms(1)] by auto
qed
lemma wf-lexn: wf (lexn \{(a, b), (a::nat) < b\} (card (atms-of-msu (clauses S))))
 have m: \{(a, b), a < b\} = measure id by auto
 show ?thesis apply (rule wf-lexn) unfolding m by auto
qed
lemma dpll_W-wf:
  wf \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W S S'\}
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure' OF wf-lex-less, of --
        \lambda S. \ dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-msu (clauses S)))])
 using dpll_W-card-decrease' by fast
lemma dpll_W-tranclp-star-commute:
  \{(S', S).\ dpll_W - all - inv\ S \land dpll_W\ S\ S'\}^+ = \{(S', S).\ dpll_W - all - inv\ S \land tranclp\ dpll_W\ S\ S'\}
   (is ?A = ?B)
proof
  { fix S S'
   assume (S, S') \in ?A
   then have (S, S') \in ?B
     by (induct rule: trancl.induct, auto)
 then show ?A \subseteq ?B by blast
  { fix S S'
```

```
assume (S, S') \in ?B
   then have dpll_W^{++} S' S and dpll_W-all-inv S' by auto
   then have (S, S') \in ?A
     proof (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
       case r-into-trancl
       then show ?case by (simp-all add: r-into-trancl')
     next
       case (trancl-into-trancl S S' S'')
       then have (S', S) \in \{a. \ case \ a \ of \ (S', S) \Rightarrow dpll_W - all - inv \ S \land dpll_W \ S \ S'\}^+ \ by \ blast
       moreover have dpll_W-all-inv S'
         \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF\ trancl-into-trancl.hyps(1)]]
         trancl-into-trancl.prems by auto
       ultimately have (S'', S') \in \{(pa, p). dpll_W - all - inv p \land dpll_W p pa\}^+
         using \langle dpll_W-all-inv S' \rangle trancl-into-trancl.hyps(3) by blast
       then show ?case
         using \langle (S', S) \in \{a. \ case \ a \ of \ (S', S) \Rightarrow dpll_W - all - inv \ S \land dpll_W \ S \ S'\}^+ \rangle by auto
 }
 then show ?B \subseteq ?A by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-wf-tranclp: wf \{(S', S). dpll_W-all-inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\}
  unfolding dpll_W-tranclp-star-commute[symmetric] by (simp add: dpll_W-wf wf-trancl)
lemma dpll_W-wf-plus:
 shows wf \{(S', ([], N)) | S' . dpll_W^{++} ([], N) S' \} (is wf?P)
 apply (rule wf-subset[OF dpll_W-wf-tranclp, of ?P])
 using assms unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
         Final States
16.4
lemma dpll_W-no-more-step-is-a-conclusive-state:
 assumes \forall S'. \neg dpll_W S S'
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state S
proof -
 have vars: \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (clauses \ S). \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume \neg (\forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (clauses \ S). \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ (trail \ S))
     then obtain L where
       L-in-atms: L \in atms-of-msu (clauses S) and
       obtain L' where L': atm\text{-}of\ L' = L\ by\ (meson\ literal.sel(2))
     then have undefined-lit (trail S) L'
       unfolding Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of by (metis L-notin-trail atm-of-uninus imageI)
     then show False using dpll_W.decided \ assms(1) \ L-in-atms \ L' by blast
   qed
 show ?thesis
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume not-final: \neg ?thesis
     then have
       \neg trail S \models asm clauses S  and
       (\exists L \in set \ (trail \ S). \ is\text{-}marked \ L) \lor (\forall C \in \#clauses \ S. \ \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C)
       unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
     moreover {
       assume \exists L \in set \ (trail \ S). is-marked L
       then obtain L M' M where L: backtrack-split (trail S) = (M', L \# M)
```

```
using backtrack-split-some-is-marked-then-snd-has-hd by blast
       obtain D where D \in \# clauses S and \neg trail S \models a D
         using \langle \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding true-annots-def by auto
       then have \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{D\}. \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)
         using vars unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
       then have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D
         using all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot [of D] \langle \neg trail \ S \models a \ D \rangle by auto
       moreover have is-marked L
         using L by (metis backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked list.distinct(1) list.sel(1) snd-conv)
       ultimately have False
         using assms(1) dpll_W.backtrack\ L\ \langle D\in\#\ clauses\ S\rangle\ \langle trail\ S\models as\ CNot\ D\rangle\ by\ blast
     }
     moreover {
       assume tr: \forall C \in \#clauses \ S. \ \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
       obtain C where C-in-cls: C \in \# clauses S and trC: \neg trail S \models a C
         using \langle \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding true-annots-def by auto
       have \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{C\}. s \in atm\text{-}of \text{ } its\text{-}of \text{ } (trail S)
         using vars \langle C \in \# clauses S \rangle unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
       then have trail S \models as \ CNot \ C
         by (meson C-in-cls tr trC all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot)
       then have False using tr C-in-cls by auto
     ultimately show False by blast
   qed
qed
lemma dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct:
 assumes dpll_{W}^{**} ([], N) (M, N) and conclusive-dpll_{W}-state (M, N)
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 let ?M' = lits - of M
 assume ?A
 then have ?M' \models sm \ N by (simp \ add: true-annots-true-cls)
 moreover have consistent-interp ?M'
   using rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0[OF\ assms(1)] by auto
 ultimately show ?B by auto
next
 assume ?B
 show ?A
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume n: \neg ?A
     have no-mark: \forall L \in set M. \neg is-marked L \exists C \in \# N. M \models as CNot C
       using n \ assms(2) unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
     moreover obtain D where DN: D \in \# N and MD: M \models as CNot D using no-mark by auto
     ultimately have unsatisfiable (set\text{-}mset N)
       using only-propagated-vars-unsat rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)]
       unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by force
     then show False using \langle ?B \rangle by blast
   qed
qed
16.5
         Link with NOT's DPLL
interpretation dpll_{W-NOT}: dpll-with-backtrack.
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-iff-eq[iff, simp]: dpll_{W-NOT}.state-eq_{NOT} S T \longleftrightarrow S = T
```

```
unfolding dpll_{W-NOT}. state-eq_{NOT}-def by (cases S, cases T) auto
declare dpll_W-_{NOT}.state-simp_{NOT}[simp\ del]
lemma dpll_W-dpll_W-bj:
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv S and dpll: dpll_W S T
 shows dpll_W-_{NOT}.dpll-bj S T
 using dpll inv
 apply (induction rule: dpll_W.induct)
    using dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj.simps apply fastforce
   using dpll_{W-NOT}. bj-decide<sub>NOT</sub> apply fastforce
 apply (frule dpll_{W-NOT}.backtrack.intros[of - - - -], simp-all)
 apply (rule dpll_W-_{NOT}.dpll-bj.bj-backjump)
 apply (rule dpll_W-_{NOT}. backtrack-is-backjump'',
   simp-all\ add:\ dpll_W-all-inv-def)
 done
lemma dpll_W-bj-dpll:
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv S and dpll: dpll_W-NOT. dpll-bj S T
 shows dpll_W S T
 using dpll
 apply (induction rule: dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj.induct)
   apply (elim\ dpll_{W-NOT}.decideE,\ cases\ S)
   using decided apply fastforce
  apply (elim dpll_{W-NOT}.propagateE, cases S)
  using dpll_W.simps apply fastforce
 apply (elim \ dpll_{W-NOT}.backjumpE, \ cases \ S)
 by (simp add: dpll_W.simps\ dpll-with-backtrack.backtrack.simps)
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-rtranclp-dpll_W-NOT:
 assumes dpll_W^{**} S T and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} S T
 using assms apply (induction)
  apply simp
 by (auto intro: rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv\ dpll_W-dpll_W-bj\ rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-rtranclp-dpll_W:
 assumes dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} S T and dpll_{W}-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W^{**} S T
 using assms apply (induction)
  apply simp
 by (auto intro: dpll_W-bj-dpll rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv)
{f lemma}\ dpll-conclusive-state-correctness:
 assumes dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} ([], N) (M, N) and conclusive-dpll_{W}-state (M, N)
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N)
proof -
 have dpll_W-all-inv ([], N)
   unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct)
     apply (simp add: \langle dpll_W - all - inv ([], N) \rangle assms(1) rtranclp-dpll-rtranclp-dpll<sub>W</sub>)
   using assms(2) by simp
qed
```

```
end
theory CDCL-W-Level
imports Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic
begin
```

16.5.1Level of literals and clauses

Getting the level of a variable, implies that the list has to be reversed. Here is the funtion after

```
reversing.
fun get-rev-level :: ('v, nat, 'a) marked-lits \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow nat where
get-rev-level [] - - = 0 |
get-rev-level (Marked l level \# Ls) n L =
 (if atm\text{-}of \ l = atm\text{-}of \ L \ then \ level \ else \ get\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ Ls \ level \ L)
get-rev-level (Propagated l - \# Ls) n L =
  (if atm - of l = atm - of L then n else get-rev-level Ls n L)
abbreviation get-level M L \equiv get-rev-level (rev M) 0 L
lemma get-rev-level-uminus[simp]: get-rev-level M n(-L) = get-rev-level M n L
 by (induct arbitrary: n rule: get-rev-level.induct) auto
lemma atm-of-notin-get-rev-level-eq-0[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of \ M
 shows get-rev-level M n L = 0
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-rev-level-ge-0-atm-of-in:
 assumes qet-rev-level M \ n \ L > n
 shows atm\text{-}of L \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of M
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) fastforce+
In get-rev-level (resp. get-level), the beginning (resp. the end) can be skipped if the literal is
not in the beginning (resp. the end).
lemma get-rev-level-skip[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M
 shows get-rev-level (M @ Marked K i \# M') n L = get-rev-level (Marked K i \# M') i L
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n i rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-rev-level-notin-end[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of L \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ } lits\text{-}of M'
 shows get-rev-level (M @ M') n L = get-rev-level M n L
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
If the literal is at the beginning, then the end can be skipped
lemma get-rev-level-skip-end[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of L \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of M
 shows get-rev-level (M @ M') n L = get-rev-level M n L
 using assms by (induct arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma qet-level-skip-beginning:
 assumes atm\text{-}of L' \neq atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of K)
 shows get-level (K \# M) L' = get-level M L'
 using assms by auto
```

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ get\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}beginning\text{-}not\text{-}marked\text{-}rev:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lit\text{-}of \ `(set \ S)
 and \forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ s
  shows get-level (M @ rev S) L = get-level M L
  using assms by (induction S rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked[simp]:
  assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `it\text{-}of \ `(set \ S)
 and \forall s \in set S. \neg is\text{-}marked s
 shows get-level (M @ S) L = get-level M L
  using get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked-rev[of L rev S M] assms by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ get\text{-}rev\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}beginning\text{-}not\text{-}marked[simp]:}
  assumes atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lit-of '(set S)
  and \forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ s
 shows get-rev-level (rev\ S\ @\ rev\ M)\ 0\ L=get-level M\ L
  using get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked-rev[of L rev S M] assms by auto
lemma get-level-skip-in-all-not-marked:
  fixes M :: ('a, nat, 'b) marked-lit list and L :: 'a literal
  assumes \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
  and atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ `lit\text{-}of \ `(set \ M)
 shows get-rev-level M n L = n
  using assms by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-level-skip-all-not-marked[simp]:
 fixes M
  defines M' \equiv rev M
 assumes \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
  shows qet-level ML = 0
proof -
 have M: M = rev M'
   unfolding M'-def by auto
 show ?thesis
   using assms unfolding M by (induction M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
qed
abbreviation MMax\ M \equiv Max\ (set\text{-}mset\ M)
the \{\#\theta::'a\#\} is there to ensures that the set is not empty.
definition get-maximum-level :: ('a, nat, 'b) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow nat
  where
get-maximum-level M D = MMax (\{\#0\#\} + image-mset (get-level M) D)
lemma get-maximum-level-ge-get-level:
  L \in \# D \Longrightarrow get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ D \ge get\text{-}level\ M\ L
  unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
lemma get-maximum-level-empty[simp]:
  get-maximum-level M \{\#\} = 0
  unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ \textit{get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level} :
  D \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow \exists L \in \# D. \text{ get-level } M L = \text{get-maximum-level } M D
  unfolding qet-maximum-level-def
```

```
apply (induct D)
  apply simp
 by (rename-tac D x, case-tac D = \{\#\}) (auto simp add: max-def)
lemma get-maximum-level-empty-list[simp]:
  get-maximum-level [] <math>D = 0
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (simp add: image-constant-conv)
lemma get-maximum-level-single[simp]:
  get-maximum-level M \{ \#L\# \} = get-level M L
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by simp
lemma get-maximum-level-plus:
  qet-maximum-level M(D + D') = max (qet-maximum-level M(D)) (qet-maximum-level M(D'))
 by (induct D) (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-def)
lemma qet-maximum-level-exists-lit:
 assumes n: n > 0
 and max: get-maximum-level MD = n
 shows \exists L \in \#D. get-level M L = n
 have f: finite (insert 0 ((\lambda L. get-level M L) 'set-mset D)) by auto
 then have n \in ((\lambda L. \ get\text{-}level \ M \ L) \ `set\text{-}mset \ D)
   using n \max Max-in[OF f] unfolding get-maximum-level-def by simp
 then show \exists L \in \# D. get-level ML = n by auto
qed
lemma get-maximum-level-skip-first[simp]:
 assumes atm-of L \notin atms-of D
 shows get-maximum-level (Propagated L C \# M) D = get-maximum-level M D
 using assms unfolding get-maximum-level-def atms-of-def
   atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
 by (smt\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}in\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}set\text{-}in\text{-}uminus\ get\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}beginning\ image\text{-}iff\ marked\text{-}lit.sel(2)}
   multiset.map-cong\theta)
lemma qet-maximum-level-skip-beqinning:
 assumes DH: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of H
 shows get-maximum-level (c @ Marked Kh i \# H) D = get-maximum-level H D
proof -
 have (get\text{-}rev\text{-}level\ (rev\ H\ @\ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ rev\ c)\ 0) 'set-mset D
     = (get\text{-}rev\text{-}level (rev H) 0) \cdot set\text{-}mset D
   using DH unfolding atms-of-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) get-rev-level-skip-end image-cong image-subset-iff lits-of-rev)+
 then show ?thesis using DH unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
qed
lemma qet-maximum-level-D-single-propagated:
 qet-maximum-level [Propagated x21 x22] D = 0
 have A: insert \theta ((\lambda L. \theta) ' (set-mset D \cap \{L. atm-of x21 = atm-of L\})
     \cup (\lambda L. \ \theta) \ \ (set\text{-mset} \ D \cap \{L. \ atm\text{-of} \ x21 \neq atm\text{-of} \ L\})) = \{\theta\}
   by auto
 show ?thesis unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (simp add: A)
qed
```

```
lemma get-maximum-level-skip-notin:
 assumes D: \forall L \in \#D. atm\text{-}of L \in atm\text{-}of 'lits\text{-}of M
 shows get-maximum-level M D = get-maximum-level (Propagated x21 x22 \# M) D
proof -
 have A: (get\text{-}rev\text{-}level (rev\ M\ @\ [Propagated\ x21\ x22])\ 0) 'set-mset D
     = (get\text{-}rev\text{-}level (rev M) 0) \text{ '} set\text{-}mset D
   \mathbf{using}\ D\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto\ intro!:\ image-cong\ simp\ add:\ lits-of-def})
 show ?thesis unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (auto simp: A)
qed
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present}:
 assumes \forall L \in \#D. atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of \ aa and
 \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows get-maximum-level aa D = get-maximum-level (M @ aa) D
 using assms by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
  (auto intro!: get-maximum-level-skip-notin[of D - @ aa] simp add: image-Un)
fun get-maximum-possible-level:: ('b, nat, 'c) marked-lit list <math>\Rightarrow nat where
get-maximum-possible-level [] = 0
get-maximum-possible-level (Marked K i \# l) = max \ i \ (get-maximum-possible-level l) |
get-maximum-possible-level (Propagated - - \# l) = get-maximum-possible-level l
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-append[simp]:
  get-maximum-possible-level (M@M')
   = max (qet-maximum-possible-level M) (get-maximum-possible-level M')
 by (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-rev[simp]:
  qet-maximum-possible-level (rev M) = qet-maximum-possible-level M
 by (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-rev-level:
 max (qet\text{-}maximum\text{-}possible\text{-}level M) i > qet\text{-}rev\text{-}level M i L
 by (induct M arbitrary: i rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp add: le-max-iff-disj)
lemma qet-maximum-possible-level-qe-qet-level[simp]:
  get-maximum-possible-level M \ge get-level M L
 using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-rev-level[of rev - \theta] by auto
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[simp]:
  get-maximum-possible-level M \geq get-maximum-level M D
 using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level unfolding Bex-mset-def
 by (metis get-maximum-level-empty get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level le0)
fun get-all-mark-of-propagated where
get-all-mark-of-propagated [] = []
get-all-mark-of-propagated (Marked - - \# L) = get-all-mark-of-propagated L |
qet-all-mark-of-propagated (Propagated - mark # L) = mark # qet-all-mark-of-propagated L
lemma get-all-mark-of-propagated-append[simp]:
  get-all-mark-of-propagated (A @ B) = get-all-mark-of-propagated A @ get-all-mark-of-propagated B
 by (induct A rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
```

16.5.2 Properties about the levels

```
fun qet-all-levels-of-marked :: ('b, 'a, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \ \mathbf{where}
get-all-levels-of-marked [] = []
get-all-levels-of-marked \ (Marked \ l \ level \ \# \ Ls) = level \ \# \ get-all-levels-of-marked \ Ls \ |
get-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated - - # Ls) = get-all-levels-of-marked Ls
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked}:
 get-all-levels-of-marked xs = [] \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in set \ xs. \ \neg is\text{-marked} \ x)
 using assms by (induction xs rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-cons:
  get-all-levels-of-marked (a \# b) =
   (\textit{if is-marked a then [level-of a] else []}) @ \textit{get-all-levels-of-marked b}
 by (cases a) simp-all
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-append[simp]:
  qet-all-levels-of-marked (a @ b) = qet-all-levels-of-marked a @ qet-all-levels-of-marked b
 by (induct a) (simp-all add: get-all-levels-of-marked-cons)
lemma in-get-all-levels-of-marked-iff-decomp:
 i \in set \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M) \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ c \ K \ c'. \ M = c \ @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ c') \ (is \ ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 assume ?B
 then show ?A by auto
 assume ?A
 then show ?B
   apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
     apply auto[]
    apply (metis append-Cons append-Nil get-all-levels-of-marked.simps(2) set-ConsD)
   by (metis\ append\text{-}Cons\ get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked.simps}(3))
lemma get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked:
  get-rev-level M n L \leq Max (set (n \# get-all-levels-of-marked M))
 by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: get-all-levels-of-marked.induct)
    (simp-all\ add:\ max.coboundedI2)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-rev-level-ge-min-get-all-levels-of-marked}:
 assumes atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\ M
 shows get-rev-level M n L > Min (set (n \# get-all-levels-of-marked M))
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: get-all-levels-of-marked.induct)
   (auto simp add: min-le-iff-disj)
lemma\ get-all-levels-of-marked-rev-eq-rev-get-all-levels-of-marked[simp]:
  get-all-levels-of-marked (rev\ M) = rev\ (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 by (induct M rule: get-all-levels-of-marked.induct)
    (simp-all add: max.coboundedI2)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked}:
  qet-maximum-possible-level M = Max (insert \ 0 \ (set \ (qet-all-levels-of-marked M)))
  by (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp: insert-commute)
lemma get-rev-level-in-levels-of-marked:
  get-rev-level M n L \in \{0, n\} \cup set (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
```

```
by (induction M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (force simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)+
lemma get-rev-level-in-atms-in-levels-of-marked:
  atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\ M)\Longrightarrow qet\text{-}rev\text{-}level\ M\ n\ L\in\{n\}\cup set\ (qet\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked\ M)
  by (induction M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked:}
  (\forall l \in set \ Ls. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ l) \longleftrightarrow get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked} \ Ls = []
  by (induction Ls) (auto simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-cons)
lemma get-level-in-levels-of-marked:
  get-level M L \in \{0\} \cup set (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
  using get-rev-level-in-levels-of-marked[of rev M 0 L] by auto
The zero is here to avoid empty-list issues with last:
lemma qet-level-qet-rev-level-qet-all-levels-of-marked:
  assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ M)
 shows get-level (K @ M) L = get-rev-level (rev K) (last (0 \# get-all-levels-of-marked (rev M)))
    L
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: K)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons\ a\ M)
  then have H: \bigwedge K. get-level (K @ M) L
   = get\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ (rev\ K) \ (last\ (0\ \#\ get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked \ (rev\ M)))\ L
   by auto
  have get-level ((K @ [a]) @ M) L
   = get\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ (a \# rev \ K) \ (last \ (0 \# get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked \ (rev \ M))) \ L
   using H[of K @ [a]] by simp
  then show ?case using Cons(2) by (cases a) auto
qed
lemma qet-rev-level-can-skip-correctly-ordered:
 assumes
   no-dup M and
   atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ M) and
    get-all-levels-of-marked\ M=rev\ [Suc\ 0..< Suc\ (length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ M))]
  shows get-rev-level (rev M @ K) 0 L = get-rev-level K (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M)) L
  using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: K rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
  case nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (marked L' i M K)
  then have
   i: i = Suc \ (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked\ M=rev\ [Suc\ 0... < Suc\ (length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ M))]
  then have get-rev-level (rev M @ (Marked L' i \# K)) 0 L
    = get\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ (Marked \ L' \ i \ \# \ K) \ (length \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked \ M)) \ L
   using marked by auto
  then show ?case using marked unfolding i by auto
```

```
next
 case (proped L' D M K)
 then have get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc \ 0... < Suc \ (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M))]
   by auto
  then have get-rev-level (rev M @ (Propagated L' D \# K)) 0 L
   = get-rev-level (Propagated L' D \# K) (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M)) L
   using proped by auto
 then show ?case using proped by auto
qed
lemma get-level-skip-beginning-hd-get-all-levels-of-marked:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of \ S
 and get-all-levels-of-marked S \neq []
 shows get-level (M@S) L = get-rev-level (rev M) (hd (get-all-levels-of-marked S)) L
 using assms
\mathbf{proof} (induction S arbitrary: M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
next
 case (marked\ K\ m) note notin = this(2)
 then show ?case by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
 case (proped\ L\ l) note IH=this(1) and L=this(2) and neq=this(3)
 show ?case using IH[of\ M@[Propagated\ L\ l]]\ L\ neq\ by\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ atm-of-eq-atm-of)
qed
end
theory CDCL-W
imports Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic List-More CDCL-W-Level Wellfounded-More
begin
\mathbf{declare} set-mset-minus-replicate-mset[simp]
lemma Bex-set-set-Bex-set[iff]: (\exists x \in set\text{-mset } C. P) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \in \# C. P)
 by auto
        Weidenbach's CDCL
17
sledgehammer-params[verbose, e spass cvc4 z3 verit]
declare upt.simps(2)[simp\ del]
17.1
         The State
locale state_W =
 fixes
   trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits and
   init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
   conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ option \ {\bf and}
   cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-init-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

```
remove\text{-}cls :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
 update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
 update-conflicting :: 'v clause option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
 init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st and
 restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
assumes
 trail-cons-trail[simp]:
   \bigwedge L st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow trail (cons-trail L st) = L # trail st and
  trail-tl-trail[simp]: \land st. trail (tl-trail st) = tl (trail st) and
 trail-add-init-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow trail\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = trail\ st\ \mathbf{and}
  trail-add-learned-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow trail (add-learned-cls C st) = trail st and
 trail-remove-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. trail (remove-cls C st) = trail st and
 trail-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]: \land st \ C. \ trail \ (update-backtrack-lvl \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
 trail-update-conflicting[simp]: \bigwedge C st. trail (update-conflicting C st) = trail st and
  init-clss-cons-trail[simp]:
   \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M)\Longrightarrow init-clss (cons-trail M st) = init-clss st
   and
 init-clss-tl-trail[simp]:
   \bigwedge st. \ init\text{-}clss \ (tl\text{-}trail \ st) = init\text{-}clss \ st \ and
 init-clss-add-init-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedgest C. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow init-clss (add-init-cls C st) = {#C#} + init-clss st and
  init-clss-add-learned-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow init-clss (add-learned-cls C st) = init-clss st and
  init-clss-remove-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. init-clss (remove-cls C st) = remove-mset C (init-clss st) and
 init-clss-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
   \bigwedge st\ C.\ init\text{-}clss\ (update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\ C\ st) = init\text{-}clss\ st\ and
  init-clss-update-conflicting[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. init-clss (update-conflicting C st) = init-clss st and
 learned-clss-cons-trail[simp]:
   \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
     learned-clss (cons-trail M st) = learned-clss st and
 learned-clss-tl-trail[simp]:
   \wedge st.\ learned-clss (tl-trail st) = learned-clss st and
 learned-clss-add-init-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow learned\text{-}clss\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = learned\text{-}clss\ st\ and
 learned-cls-add-learned-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow learned-clss (add-learned-cls C st) = \{\#C\#\} + learned-clss st
   and
 learned-clss-remove-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. learned-clss (remove-cls C st) = remove-mset C (learned-clss st) and
 learned-clss-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
   \wedge st\ C.\ learned-clss (update-backtrack-lvl C\ st) = learned-clss st and
 learned-clss-update-conflicting[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. learned-clss (update-conflicting C st) = learned-clss st and
 backtrack-lvl-cons-trail[simp]:
   \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
      backtrack-lvl (cons-trail M st) = backtrack-lvl st and
```

```
backtrack-lvl-tl-trail[simp]:
     \bigwedge st.\ backtrack-lvl\ (tl-trail\ st) = backtrack-lvl\ st\ and
    backtrack-lvl-add-init-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge st\ C.\ no-dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow backtrack-lvl\ (add-init-cls\ C\ st) = backtrack-lvl\ st\ and
    backtrack-lvl-add-learned-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow backtrack-lvl (add-learned-cls C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
    backtrack-lvl-remove-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. backtrack-lvl (remove-cls C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
    backtrack-lvl-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
     \bigwedge st\ k.\ backtrack-lvl\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ st)=k\ {\bf and}
    backtrack-lvl-update-conflicting[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. backtrack-lvl (update-conflicting C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
    conflicting-cons-trail[simp]:
      \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
       conflicting (cons-trail M st) = conflicting st  and
    conflicting-tl-trail[simp]:
     \wedge st. conflicting (tl-trail st) = conflicting st and
    conflicting-add-init-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow conflicting\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = conflicting\ st\ and
    conflicting-add-learned-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow conflicting (add-learned-cls C st) = conflicting st and
    conflicting-remove-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. conflicting (remove-cls C st) = conflicting st and
    conflicting-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
     \bigwedge st\ C.\ conflicting\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ C\ st) = conflicting\ st\ and
    conflicting-update-conflicting[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. conflicting (update-conflicting C st) = C and
    init-state-trail[simp]: \bigwedge N. trail (init-state N) = [] and
    init-state-clss[simp]: \bigwedge N. init-clss (init-state N) = N and
    init-state-learned-clss[simp]: \bigwedge N. learned-clss (init-state N) = \{\#\} and
    init-state-backtrack-lvl[simp]: \bigwedge N. backtrack-lvl (init-state N) = 0 and
    init-state-conflicting[simp]: \bigwedge N. conflicting (init-state N) = None and
    trail-restart-state[simp]: trail (restart-state S) = [] and
    init-clss-restart-state[simp]: init-clss (restart-state S) = init-clss S and
   learned-clss-restart-state[intro]: learned-clss (restart-state S) \subseteq \# learned-clss S and
   backtrack-lvl-restart-state[simp]: backtrack-lvl (restart-state S) = 0 and
    conflicting-restart-state[simp]: conflicting (restart-state S) = None
begin
definition clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses where
clauses S = init-clss S + learned-clss S
lemma
 shows
    clauses-cons-trail[simp]:
     undefined-lit (trail S) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow clauses (cons-trail M S) = clauses S and
    clss-tl-trail[simp]: clauses (tl-trail S) = clauses S and
    clauses-add-learned-cls-unfolded:
     no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \implies clauses \ (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls \ U \ S) = \{\# \ U\#\} + learned\text{-}clss \ S + init\text{-}clss \ S
     and
    clauses-add-init-cls[simp]:
```

```
no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow clauses \ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls \ N \ S) = \{\#N\#\} + init\text{-}clss \ S + learned\text{-}clss \ S \ and
    clauses-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]: clauses (update-backtrack-lvl k S) = clauses S and
    clauses-update-conflicting [simp]: clauses (update-conflicting D(S)) = clauses(S) and
    clauses-remove-cls[simp]:
      clauses (remove-cls\ C\ S) = clauses\ S - replicate-mset\ (count\ (clauses\ S)\ C)\ C and
    clauses-add-learned-cls[simp]:
      no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow clauses\ (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ C\ S) = \{\#C\#\} + clauses\ S\ and\ S
    clauses-restart[simp]: clauses (restart-state S) \subseteq \# clauses S and
    clauses-init-state[simp]: \bigwedge N. clauses (init-state N) = N
    prefer 9 using clauses-def learned-clss-restart-state apply fastforce
    by (auto simp: ac-simps replicate-mset-plus clauses-def intro: multiset-eqI)
abbreviation state :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit \ list \times 'v \ clauses \times 'v \ clauses
  \times nat \times 'v clause option where
state\ S \equiv (trail\ S,\ init-clss\ S,\ learned-clss\ S,\ backtrack-lvl\ S,\ conflicting\ S)
abbreviation incr-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
incr-lvl\ S \equiv update-backtrack-lvl\ (backtrack-lvl\ S + 1)\ S
definition state\text{-}eq :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool (infix \sim 50) where
S \sim T \longleftrightarrow state \ S = state \ T
lemma state-eq-ref[simp, intro]:
  S \sim S
  unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma state-eq-sym:
  S \sim T \longleftrightarrow T \sim S
  unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma state-eq-trans:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow T \sim U \Longrightarrow S \sim U
 unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma
  shows
    state-eq-trail: S \sim T \Longrightarrow trail S = trail T and
    state-eq-init-clss: S \sim T \Longrightarrow init-clss S = init-clss T and
    state-eq-learned-clss: S \sim T \Longrightarrow learned-clss S = learned-clss T and
    state-eq-backtrack-lvl: S \sim T \Longrightarrow backtrack-lvl: S = backtrack-lvl: T and
    state-eq-conflicting: S \sim T \Longrightarrow conflicting S = conflicting T and
    state-eq-clauses: S \sim T \Longrightarrow clauses \ S = clauses \ T and
    state-eq-undefined-lit: S \sim T \Longrightarrow undefined-lit (trail S) L = undefined-lit (trail T) L
  unfolding state-eq-def clauses-def by auto
lemmas state-simp[simp] = state-eq-trail state-eq-init-clss state-eq-learned-clss
  state-eq-backtrack-lvl\ state-eq-conflicting\ state-eq-clauses\ state-eq-undefined-lit
lemma atms-of-ms-learned-clss-restart-state-in-atms-of-ms-learned-clss [intro]:
  x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (learned\text{-}clss \ (restart\text{-}state \ S)) \Longrightarrow x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S)
 by (meson\ atms-of-ms-mono\ learned-clss-restart-state\ set-mset-mono\ subset CE)
function reduce-trail-to :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
reduce-trail-to F S =
  (if \ length \ (trail \ S) = length \ F \lor trail \ S = [] \ then \ S \ else \ reduce-trail-to \ F \ (tl-trail \ S))
```

```
by fast+
termination
 by (relation measure (\lambda(\cdot, S)). length (trail S))) simp-all
declare reduce-trail-to.simps[simp del]
lemma
 shows
 reduce-trail-to-nil[simp]: trail S = [] \implies reduce-trail-to F S = S and
 reduce-trail-to-eq-length[simp]: length (trail S) = length F \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to F S = S
 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to-length-ne:
  length (trail S) \neq length F \Longrightarrow trail S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
   reduce-trail-to F S = reduce-trail-to F (tl-trail S)
 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le:
 assumes length F > length (trail S)
 shows trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)=[]
 \mathbf{using}\ assms\ \mathbf{apply}\ (induction\ F\ S\ rule:\ reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to.induct)
 by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) length-tl less-imp-diff-less less-irreft trail-tl-trail
   reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to-nil[simp]:
  trail (reduce-trail-to [] S) = []
 apply (induction []:: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis length-0-conv reduce-trail-to-length-ne reduce-trail-to-nil)
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to-nil:
  clauses (reduce-trail-to [] S) = clauses S
\mathbf{proof}\ (induction\ []\ S\ rule:\ reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to.induct)
 case (1 Sa)
  then have clauses (reduce-trail-to ([::'a \ list) \ (tl-trail Sa)) = clauses (tl-trail Sa)
   \vee trail Sa = []
   by fastforce
 then show clauses (reduce-trail-to ([]::'a list) Sa) = clauses Sa
   by (metis (no-types) length-0-conv reduce-trail-to-eq-length clss-tl-trail
     reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
qed
lemma reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning:
 assumes trail\ S = F' @ F
 shows trail (reduce-trail-to F S) = F
 using assms by (induction F' arbitrary: S) (auto simp: reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to[simp]:
  clauses (reduce-trail-to F S) = clauses S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma conflicting-update-trial[simp]:
  conflicting (reduce-trail-to F S) = conflicting S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis conflicting-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ backtrack\text{-}lvl\text{-}update\text{-}trial[simp]:
  backtrack-lvl \ (reduce-trail-to \ F \ S) = backtrack-lvl \ S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis backtrack-lvl-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma init-clss-update-trial[simp]:
  init-clss (reduce-trail-to F(S) = init-clss S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis init-clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma learned-clss-update-trial[simp]:
  learned-clss (reduce-trail-to F(S) = learned-clss S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis learned-clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ T)
 apply (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis trail-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{reduce-trail-to-state-eq}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{compatible} :
 assumes ST: S \sim T
 shows reduce-trail-to F S \sim reduce-trail-to F T
proof
 have trail (reduce-trail-to F(S)) = trail (reduce-trail-to F(T))
   using trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq[of S T F] ST by auto
 then show ?thesis using ST by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
lemma reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp[simp]:
  trail\ S = F' \otimes Marked\ K\ d\ \#\ F \Longrightarrow (trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)) = F
 apply (rule reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning of - F' @ Marked K d # []])
 by (cases F') (auto simp add:tl-append reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning)
lemma reduce-trail-to-add-learned-cls[simp]:
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
    trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (add-learned-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-add-init-cls[simp]:
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
   trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (add-init-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\text{-}remove\text{-}learned\text{-}cls[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (remove-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-update-conflicting[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (update-conflicting\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
```

```
by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma in-get-all-marked-decomposition-marked-or-empty:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows a = [] \lor (is\text{-}marked (hd a))
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: a b)
 case Nil then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons \ m \ M)
 show ?case
   proof (cases m)
     case (Marked l mark)
     then show ?thesis using Cons by auto
   next
     case (Propagated 1 mark)
     then show ?thesis using Cons by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) force+
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}trail\text{-}update\text{-}trail[simp]}:
 assumes H: (L \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows trail (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ S) = M1
proof -
 obtain K mark where
   L: L = Marked K mark
   using H by (cases L) (auto dest!: in-qet-all-marked-decomposition-marked-or-empty)
 obtain c where
   tr\text{-}S: trail\ S=c\ @\ M2\ @\ L\ \#\ M1
   using H by auto
 show ?thesis
   by (rule reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp[of - c @ M2 K mark])
    (auto simp: tr-SL)
qed
fun append-trail where
append-trail [] S = S |
append-trail (L \# M) S = append-trail M (cons-trail L S)
lemma trail-append-trail:
 no\text{-}dup\ (M @ trail\ S) \Longrightarrow trail\ (append\text{-}trail\ M\ S) = rev\ M\ @ trail\ S
 by (induction M arbitrary: S) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
\mathbf{lemma}\ init\text{-}clss\text{-}append\text{-}trail\text{:}
 no-dup (M @ trail S) \Longrightarrow init-clss (append-trail M S) = init-clss S
 by (induction M arbitrary: S) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma learned-clss-append-trail:
 no\text{-}dup \ (M @ trail \ S) \Longrightarrow learned\text{-}clss \ (append\text{-}trail \ M \ S) = learned\text{-}clss \ S
 by (induction M arbitrary: S) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma conflicting-append-trail:
 no\text{-}dup \ (M @ trail \ S) \Longrightarrow conflicting \ (append\text{-}trail \ M \ S) = conflicting \ S
 by (induction M arbitrary: S) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
```

```
lemma backtrack-lvl-append-trail:

no\text{-}dup\ (M\ @\ trail\ S) \Longrightarrow backtrack-lvl\ (append-trail\ M\ S) = backtrack-lvl\ S

by (induction\ M\ arbitrary:\ S)\ (auto\ simp:\ defined-lit-map)
```

lemma clauses-append-trail:

```
no-dup (M @ trail S) \Longrightarrow clauses (append-trail M S) = clauses S 
 by <math>(induction \ M \ arbitrary: \ S) \ (auto \ simp: \ defined-lit-map)
```

 $\mathbf{lemmas}\ state\text{-}access\text{-}simp =$

 $trail-append-trail\ init-clss-append-trail\ learned-clss-append-trail\ backtrack-lvl-append-trail\ clauses-append-trail\ conflicting-append-trail$

This function is useful for proofs to speak of a global trail change, but is a bad for programs and code in general.

```
\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{fun} \ delete\text{-}trail\text{-}and\text{-}rebuild} \ \textbf{where} \\ delete\text{-}trail\text{-}and\text{-}rebuild} \ M \ S = append\text{-}trail \ (rev \ M) \ (reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to \ ([]:: 'v \ list) \ S) \end{array}
```

end

17.2 Special Instantiation: using Triples as State

 $\mathbf{inductive\text{-}cases}\ \mathit{propagateE[\mathit{elim}]:\ propagate\ S\ T}$

17.3 CDCL Rules

Because of the strategy we will later use, we distinguish propagate, conflict from the other rules

```
locale
```

```
cdcl_W =
   state<sub>W</sub> trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting cons-trail tl-trail add-init-cls
   add-learned-cls remove-cls update-backtrack-lvl update-conflicting init-state
   restart-state
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits and
    init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow'v clause option and
    cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-init-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update\text{-}conflicting :: 'v \ clause \ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st and
    restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
inductive propagate :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
propagate-rule[intro]:
  state\ S = (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None) \Longrightarrow\ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#\ clauses\ S \Longrightarrow M \models as\ CNot\ C
  \implies undefined-lit (trail S) L
  \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (C + {\#L\#})) S
  \implies propagate \ S \ T
```

thm propagateE

```
inductive conflict :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict-rule[intro]: state S = (M, N, U, k, None) \Longrightarrow D \in \# clauses S \Longrightarrow M \models as CNot D
  \implies T \sim update\text{-}conflicting (Some D) S
 \implies conflict S T
inductive-cases conflictE[elim]: conflict S S'
inductive backtrack :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
backtrack-rule[intro]: state S = (M, N, U, k, Some (D + \{\#L\#\}))
  \implies (Marked K (i+1) # M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
  \implies get\text{-}level\ M\ L = k
  \implies get-level M L = get-maximum-level M (D+\{\#L\#\})
  \implies qet-maximum-level MD = i
  \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+{\#L\#}))
           (reduce-trail-to M1
             (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
               (update-backtrack-lvl i
                 (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
  \implies backtrack \ S \ T
inductive-cases backtrackE[elim]: backtrack S S'
thm backtrackE
inductive decide :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
decide-rule[intro]: state S = (M, N, U, k, None)
\implies undefined-lit M L \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-msu (init-clss S)
\implies T \sim cons\text{-trail (Marked L (k+1)) (incr-lvl S)}
\implies decide \ S \ T
inductive-cases decideE[elim]: decide S S'
thm decideE
inductive skip :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
skip-rule[intro]: state S = (Propagated L C' \# M, N, U, k, Some D) \Longrightarrow -L \notin \# D \Longrightarrow D \neq \{\#\}
 \implies T \sim tl\text{-trail } S
  \implies skip \ S \ T
inductive-cases skipE[elim]: skip S S'
thm skipE
get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\) # M) D = k \lor k = 0 is equivalent to
get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\}) \# M) D = k
inductive resolve :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
resolve-rule[intro]:
  state S = (Propagated \ L \ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ Some \ (D + \{\#-L\#\}))
  \implies get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + {#L#}) # M) D = k
 \implies T \sim \textit{update-conflicting (Some (D \# \cup \textit{C})) (tl-trail \textit{S})}
  \implies resolve \ S \ T
inductive-cases resolveE[elim]: resolve S S'
thm resolveE
inductive restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
restart: state S = (M, N, U, k, None) \Longrightarrow \neg M \models asm clauses S
\implies T \sim restart\text{-}state S
\implies restart \ S \ T
inductive-cases restartE[elim]: restart S T
```

thm restartE

We add the condition $C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S$, to maintain consistency even without the strategy.

```
inductive forget :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
forget-rule: state S = (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, k, None)
  \implies \neg M \models asm \ clauses \ S
  \implies C \notin set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S))
  \implies C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S
  \implies C \in \# learned\text{-}clss S
  \implies T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
  \implies forget S T
inductive-cases forgetE[elim]: forget S T
inductive cdcl_W-rf :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
restart: restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-rf S T
forget: forget S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-rf S T
inductive cdcl_W-bj :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
skip[intro]: skip S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - bj S S'
resolve[intro]: resolve S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-bj S S'
backtrack[intro]: backtrack \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - bj \ S \ S'
\mathbf{inductive\text{-}cases} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{bj}E \colon \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{bj} \ S \ T
inductive cdcl_W-o:: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S:: 'st where
decide[intro]: decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-}o \ S \ S' \mid
bj[intro]: cdcl_W - bj \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - o \ S \ S'
inductive cdcl_W :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
propagate: propagate S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
conflict: conflict S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
other: cdcl_W-o S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
rf: cdcl_W - rf S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  propagate^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{W}^{**} S S'
  by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest!: propagate)+
lemma cdcl_W-all-rules-induct consumes 1, case-names propagate conflict forget restart decide skip
    resolve backtrack]:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
    propagate: \bigwedge T. propagate S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    conflict: \bigwedge T. conflict S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    forget: \bigwedge T. forget S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T and
    restart: \bigwedge T. restart S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T and
    decide: \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    skip: \bigwedge T. \ skip \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ and
    resolve: \bigwedge T. resolve S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T and
    backtrack: \bigwedge T. backtrack S T \Longrightarrow P S T
  shows P S S'
  using assms(1)
proof (induct S' rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>.induct)
  case (propagate S') note propagate = this(1)
```

```
then show ?case using assms(2) by auto
next
  case (conflict S')
  then show ?case using assms(3) by auto
  case (other S')
  then show ?case
    proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-o.induct)
      case (decide\ U)
      then show ?case using assms(6) by auto
    next
      case (bj S')
      then show ?case using assms(7-9) by (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct) auto
next
  case (rf S')
  then show ?case
    by (induct rule: cdcl_W-rf.induct) (fast dest: forget restart)+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-all-induct[consumes 1, case-names propagate conflict forget restart decide skip
    resolve backtrack]:
  fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
    propagateH: \bigwedge C L T. C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \Longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot C
      \implies undefined-lit (trail S) L \implies conflicting S = None
      \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (C + {\#L\#})) S
       \Rightarrow P S T and
    conflictH: \bigwedge D \ T. \ D \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D
      \implies T \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some D) } S
      \implies P S T  and
    forgetH: \bigwedge C \ T. \ \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S
      \implies C \not\in set \ (\textit{get-all-mark-of-propagated} \ (\textit{trail} \ S))
      \implies C \not\in \# \textit{ init-clss } S
      \implies C \in \#\ learned\text{-}clss\ S
      \implies conflicting S = None
      \implies T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
      \implies P S T  and
    restartH: \bigwedge T. \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S
      \implies conflicting S = None
      \implies T \sim \textit{restart-state } S
      \implies P S T  and
    decideH: \bigwedge L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \implies undefined-lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
      \implies atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (init\text{-}clss \ S)
      \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S)
      \implies P S T and
    skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ D \ T. \ trail \ S = Propagated \ L \ C' \# \ M
      \implies conflicting S = Some \ D \implies -L \notin \# \ D \implies D \neq \{\#\}
      \implies T \sim tl\text{-}trail\ S
      \implies P S T \text{ and}
    resolveH: \land L \ C \ M \ D \ T.
      trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M
      \implies conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#-L\#\})
      \implies get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + {#L#}) # M) D = backtrack-lvl S
```

```
\implies T \sim (update\text{-conflicting } (Some \ (D \# \cup C)) \ (tl\text{-trail} \ S))
     \implies P S T  and
   backtrackH: \bigwedge K i M1 M2 L D T.
     (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
     \implies get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S
     \implies conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#L\#\})
     \implies get-maximum-level (trail S) (D+{\#L\#}) = get-level (trail S) L
     \implies get-maximum-level (trail S) D \equiv i
     \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+\{\#L\#\}))
              (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
                  (update-backtrack-lvl i
                    (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
     \implies P S T
 shows P S S'
 using cdcl_W
proof (induct S S' rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-rules-induct)
 case (propagate S')
  then show ?case by (elim propagateE) (frule propagateH; simp)
next
 case (conflict S')
 then show ?case by (elim conflictE) (frule conflictH; simp)
next
 case (restart S')
 then show ?case by (elim restartE) (frule restartH; simp)
next
 case (decide T)
 then show ?case by (elim decideE) (frule decideH; simp)
 case (backtrack S')
 then show ?case by (elim backtrackE) (frule backtrackH; simp del: state-simp add: state-eq-def)
next
 case (forget S')
 then show ?case using forgetH by auto
  case (skip S')
 then show ?case using skipH by auto
next
 case (resolve S')
 then show ?case by (elim resolveE) (frule resolveH; simp)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-o-induct[consumes 1, case-names decide skip resolve backtrack]:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
   decideH: \bigwedge L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow undefined-lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
     \implies atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (init\text{-}clss \ S)
     \implies T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S)
     \implies P S T and
   skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ D \ T. \ trail \ S = Propagated \ L \ C' \# \ M
     \implies conflicting S = Some \ D \implies -L \notin \# \ D \implies D \neq \{ \# \}
     \implies T \sim tl\text{-trail } S
     \implies P S T and
   resolveH: \land L \ C \ M \ D \ T.
     trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M
```

```
\implies conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#-L\#\})
     \implies get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + {#L#}) # M) D = backtrack-lvl S
     \implies T \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some } (D \# \cup C)) \text{ (tl-trail } S)
     \implies P S T  and
    backtrackH: \bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T.
     (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
     \implies get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S
     \implies conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#L\#\})
     \implies get\text{-level (trail S) } L = get\text{-maximum-level (trail S) } (D + \{\#L\#\})
     \implies get-maximum-level (trail S) D \equiv i
     \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+\{\#L\#\}))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                 (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\})
                   (update-backtrack-lvl i
                     (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))
     \implies P S T
  shows P S T
  using cdcl_W apply (induct T rule: cdcl_W-o.induct)
  using assms(2) apply auto[1]
  \mathbf{apply} \ (elim \ cdcl_W - bjE \ skipE \ resolveE \ backtrackE)
   apply (frule skipH; simp)
  apply (frule resolveH; simp)
  apply (frule backtrackH; simp-all del: state-simp add: state-eq-def)
  done
thm cdcl_W-o.induct
lemma cdcl_W-o-all-rules-induct[consumes 1, case-names decide backtrack skip resolve]:
 fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
   cdcl_W-o S T and
   \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   \bigwedge T. backtrack S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   \bigwedge T. skip S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   \bigwedge T. resolve S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T
  shows P S T
  using assms by (induct T rule: cdcl_W-o.induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
lemma cdcl_W-o-rule-cases [consumes 1, case-names decide backtrack skip resolve]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W-o S T and
    decide\ S\ T \Longrightarrow P and
   backtrack \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ {\bf and}
   skip S T \Longrightarrow P and
   resolve S T \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
  using assms by (auto simp: cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps)
```

17.4 Invariants

17.4.1 Properties of the trail

We here establish that: * the marks are exactly 1..k where k is the level * the consistency of the trail * the fact that there is no duplicate in the trail.

lemma backtrack-lit-skiped:

```
assumes L: get-level (trail\ S)\ L = backtrack-lvl S
 and M1: (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
 and no-dup: no-dup (trail S)
 and bt-l: backtrack-lvl S = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))
 and order: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
   = rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))])
 shows atm-of L \notin atm-of ' lits-of M1
proof
 let ?M = trail S
 assume L-in-M1: atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\ M1
 obtain c where Mc: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1 using M1 by blast
 have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of \ c
   using L-in-M1 no-dup mk-disjoint-insert unfolding Mc lits-of-def by force
 have g\text{-}M\text{-}eq\text{-}g\text{-}M1: get\text{-}level\ ?M\ L=get\text{-}level\ M1\ L
   using L-in-M1 unfolding Mc by auto
 have g: get-all-levels-of-marked <math>M1 = rev [1.. < Suc \ i]
   using order unfolding Mc
   by (auto simp del: upt-simps dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i
           simp add: rev-swap[symmetric])
 then have Max (set (0 \# get-all-levels-of-marked (rev M1))) < Suc i by auto
 then have get-level M1 L < Suc i
   using get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked of rev M1 0 L by linarith
 moreover have Suc \ i \leq backtrack-lvl \ S using bt-l by (simp \ add: Mc \ g)
 ultimately show False using L g-M-eq-g-M1 by auto
lemma cdcl_W-distinctinv-1:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S))]
 shows no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-all-induct)
 case (backtrack\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ L\ D\ T) note decomp = this(1) and L = this(2) and T = this(6) and
 obtain c where Mc: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 have no-dup (M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1)
   using Mc n-d by fastforce
 moreover have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped[of S L K i M1 M2] L decomp backtrack.prems
   by (fastforce simp: lits-of-def)
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 ultimately show ?case using decomp T n-d by simp
qed (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma cdcl_W-consistent-inv-2:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S))]
```

```
shows consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S'))
 using cdcl_W-distinctinv-1 [OF assms] distinctionsistent-interp by fast
lemma cdcl_W-o-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) =
     rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]) and
   n-d[simp]: no-dup (trail S)
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S'))
 using assms
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-o-induct)
 case (backtrack\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ L\ D\ T) note decomp = this(1) and T = this(6) and level = this(8)
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 S) = M1
   using decomp by auto
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1 using decomp by auto
 have rev (qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))
   = [1..<1+ (length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]
   using level by (auto simp: rev-swap[symmetric])
 moreover have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped of S L K i M1 M2 backtrack (2,7,8,9) decomp
   by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 moreover then have no-dup (trail T)
   using T decomp n-d by (auto simp: defined-lit-map M)
 ultimately show ?case
   using T n-d unfolding M by (auto dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length simp del: upt-simps)
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-rf-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-rf S S' and
   backtrack-lvl S = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) and
   qet-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<(1+length\ (qet-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)))]
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S'))
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-rf.induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   backtrack-lvl S = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
   = rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]) and
   no-dup (trail S)
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S'))
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W.induct) (auto simp add: cdcl_W-o-bt cdcl_W-rf-bt)
lemma cdcl_W-bt-level':
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
     = rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]) and
```

```
n-d: no-dup (trail S)
 shows get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S')
   = rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S')))])
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-induct)
 case (decide L T) note undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
 let ?M = trail S
 let ?M' = Marked\ L\ (?k + 1) \# trail\ S
 have H: get-all-levels-of-marked ?M = rev [Suc \ 0...<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked <math>?M)]
   using decide.prems by simp
 have k: ?k = length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)
   using decide.prems by auto
 have get-all-levels-of-marked ?M' = Suc ?k \# get-all-levels-of-marked ?M by simp
 then have get-all-levels-of-marked ?M' = Suc ?k \#
     rev [Suc \ 0..<1+length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ ?M)]
   using H by auto
 moreover have ... = rev [Suc \ 0.. < Suc \ (1 + length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M))]
   unfolding k by simp
 finally show ?case using T undef by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
next
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and confli = this(2) and T = this(6)
and
   all-marked = this(8) and bt-lvl = this(7)
 have atm-of L \notin (\lambda l. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ l)) ' set M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped[of S L K i M1 M2] backtrack(2,7,8,9) decomp
   by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 then have [simp]: trail T = Propagated\ L\ (D + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M1
   using T decomp n-d by auto
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1 using decomp by auto
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (rev (trail S))
   = [Suc \ 0..<2 + length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ c) + (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M2)]
             + length (get-all-levels-of-marked M1))]
   using all-marked bt-lvl unfolding M by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] simp del: upt-simps)
 then show ?case
   using T by (auto simp add: rev-swap M dest!: append-cons-eq-upt(1) simp del: upt-simps)
\mathbf{qed}\ \mathit{auto}
We write 1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) instead of backtrack-lvl S to avoid non
termination of rewriting.
definition cdcl_W-M-level-inv (S:: 'st) \longleftrightarrow
 consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S))
 \land no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S)
 \land \ \textit{backtrack-lvl} \ S = \textit{length} \ (\textit{get-all-levels-of-marked} \ (\textit{trail} \ S))
 \land get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
     = rev ([1..<1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))])
lemma cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp:
 assumes cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S))
 and no-dup (trail S)
 using assms unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by fastforce+
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-consistent-inv:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv-2 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-distinctinv-1 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bt cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bt-level'
 unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by meson+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W^{**} S S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 (auto intro: cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv:
 assumes cdcl_W^{++} SS'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp-induct)
 (auto intro: cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-M-level-inv-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
 cdcl_W-M-level-inv (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-M-level-inv-get-level-le-backtrack-lvl:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows get-level (trail S) L \leq backtrack-lvl S
proof -
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl\ S]
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis
   using get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked [of rev (trail S) 0 L]
   by (auto simp: Max-n-upt)
qed
lemma backtrack-ex-decomp:
 assumes M-l: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 and i-S: i < backtrack-lvl S
 shows \exists K \ M1 \ M2. (Marked K \ (i+1) \ \# \ M1, \ M2) \in set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
proof -
 let ?M = trail S
 have
   g: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) = rev [Suc 0... < Suc (backtrack-lvl S)]
   using M-l unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by simp-all
 then have i+1 \in set (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))
   using i-S by auto
 then obtain c \ K \ c' where tr-S: trail \ S = c \ @ Marked \ K \ (i + 1) \# c'
   using in-get-all-levels-of-marked-iff-decomp[of i+1 trail S] by auto
 obtain M1 M2 where (Marked K (i + 1) # M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
   unfolding tr-S apply (induct c rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
```

```
apply auto[2]
apply (rename-tac L m xs,
case-tac hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ Marked K (Suc i) \# c')))
apply (case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ Marked K (Suc i) \# c'))
by auto
then show ?thesis by blast
qed
```

17.4.2 Better-Suited Induction Principle

qed

We generalise the induction principle defined previously: the induction case for *backtrack* now includes the assumption that *undefined-lit M1 L*. This helps the simplifier and thus the automation.

lemma backtrack-induction-lev[consumes 1, case-names M-devel-inv backtrack]: assumes

bt: backtrack S T and

inv: $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv S and

backtrackH: $\bigwedge K$ i M1 M2 L D T.

(Marked K (Suc i) # M1 M2) \in set (aet-all-marked-decomposition (trail)

```
(Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
      \implies get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S
      \implies conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#L\#\})
      \implies get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D+\{\#L\#\})
      \implies get-maximum-level (trail S) D \equiv i
      \implies undefined\text{-}lit\ M1\ L
      \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+{\#L\#}))
                (reduce-trail-to M1
                  (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\})
                    (update-backtrack-lvl i
                      (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
      \implies P S T
 shows P S T
proof -
  obtain K i M1 M2 L D where
    decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) and
    L: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
    confl: conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
    lev-L: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D+\{\#L\#\}) and
    lev-D: get-maximum-level (trail S) D \equiv i and
    T: T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+\{\#L\#\}))
                (reduce-trail-to M1
                  (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
                    (update-backtrack-lvl i
                      (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
    using bt by (elim backtrackE) metis
  have atm\text{-}of\ L \notin (\lambda l.\ atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ l)) 'set M1
    \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{backtrack-lit-skiped}[\mathit{of}\ \mathit{S}\ \mathit{L}\ \mathit{K}\ \mathit{i}\ \mathit{M1}\ \mathit{M2}]\ \mathit{L}\ \mathit{decomp}\ \mathit{bt}\ \mathit{confl}\ \mathit{lev-L}\ \mathit{lev-D}\ \mathit{inv}
    unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
    by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
  then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
  then show ?thesis
    using backtrackH[OF\ decomp\ L\ confl\ lev-L\ lev-D\ -\ T] by simp
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-all-induct-lev-full:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
    inv[simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    propagateH: \land C \ L \ T. \ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
      \implies undefined-lit (trail S) L \implies conflicting S = None
      \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\})) S
      \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
      \implies P S T and
    conflictH: \bigwedge D \ T. \ D \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D
      \implies T \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some D) } S
      \implies P S T  and
    forgetH: \bigwedge C \ T. \ \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S
      \implies C \notin set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S))
      \implies C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S
      \implies C \in \# learned\text{-}clss S
      \implies conflicting S = None
      \implies T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
      \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
      \implies P S T and
    restartH: \bigwedge T. \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S
      \implies conflicting S = None
      \implies T \sim restart\text{-}state S
      \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
      \implies P S T  and
    decideH: \bigwedge L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow \ undefined-lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
      \implies atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (init\text{-}clss \ S)
      \implies T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S)
      \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
      \implies P S T  and
    skipH: \land L \ C' \ M \ D \ T. \ trail \ S = Propagated \ L \ C' \# M
      \implies conflicting S = Some \ D \Longrightarrow -L \notin \# \ D \Longrightarrow D \neq \{\#\}
      \implies T \sim tl\text{-trail } S
      \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
      \implies P S T \text{ and}
    resolveH: \bigwedge L \ C \ M \ D \ T.
      trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M
      \implies conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#-L\#\})
      \implies get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + {#L#}) # M) D = backtrack-lvl S
      \implies T \sim (\textit{update-conflicting} \; (\textit{Some} \; (D \; \# \cup \; C)) \; (\textit{tl-trail} \; S))
      \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
      \implies P S T \text{ and}
    backtrackH: \bigwedge K i M1 M2 L D T.
      (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
      \implies get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S
      \implies conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#L\#\})
      \implies get-maximum-level (trail S) (D+{#L#}) = get-level (trail S) L
      \implies get-maximum-level (trail S) D \equiv i
      \implies undefined\text{-}lit\ M1\ L
      \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+\{\#L\#\}))
                 (reduce-trail-to M1
                   (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
```

```
(update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                   (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
     \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
     \implies P S T
 shows PSS'
 using cdcl_W
proof (induct S' rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-rules-induct)
 case (propagate S')
 then show ?case by (elim propagateE) (frule propagateH; simp)
next
 case (conflict S')
 then show ?case by (elim conflictE) (frule conflictH; simp)
next
 case (restart S')
 then show ?case by (elim restartE) (frule restartH; simp)
  case (decide\ T)
 then show ?case by (elim decideE) (frule decideH; simp)
next
 case (backtrack S')
 then show ?case
   apply (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev)
    apply (rule inv)
   by (rule\ backtrackH;
     fastforce simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-def dest!: HOL.meta-eq-to-obj-eq)
next
 case (forget S')
 then show ?case using forgetH by auto
 case (skip S')
 then show ?case using skipH by auto
next
 case (resolve S')
 then show ?case by (elim resolveE) (frule resolveH; simp)
qed
lemmas cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2 = cdcl_W-all-induct-lev-full[consumes 2, case-names propagate conflict
 forget restart decide skip resolve backtrack
lemmas cdcl_W-all-induct-lev = cdcl_W-all-induct-lev-full[consumes 1, case-names lev-inv propagate
  conflict forget restart decide skip resolve backtrack]
thm cdcl_W-o-induct
lemma cdcl_W-o-induct-lev[consumes 1, case-names M-lev decide skip resolve backtrack]:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
   inv[simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   decideH: \land L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \implies undefined-lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
     \implies atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (init\text{-}clss \ S)
     \implies T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S)
     \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
     \implies P S T and
   skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ D \ T. \ trail \ S = Propagated \ L \ C' \# \ M
     \implies conflicting \ S = Some \ D \Longrightarrow -L \notin \# \ D \Longrightarrow D \neq \{\#\}
```

```
\implies T \sim tl\text{-trail } S
           \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
           \implies P S T  and
       resolveH: \land L \ C \ M \ D \ T.
           trail \ S = Propagated \ L \ ( \ (C \ + \ \{\#L\#\})) \ \# \ M
           \implies conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#-L\#\})
           \implies get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + {#L#}) # M) D = backtrack-lvl S
           \implies T \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some } (D \# \cup C)) \text{ (tl-trail } S)
           \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
           \implies P S T  and
       backtrackH: \bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T.
           (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
              \Rightarrow get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S
           \implies conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#L\#\})
           \implies get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D+\{\#L\#\})
           \Longrightarrow get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (trail\ S)\ D\equiv i
           \implies undefined\text{-}lit\ M1\ L
           \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+\{\#L\#\}))
                              (reduce-trail-to M1
                                 (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\})
                                     (update-backtrack-lvl i
                                         (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))
           \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
           \implies P S T
   shows P S T
   using cdcl_W
proof (induct S T rule: cdcl_W-o-all-rules-induct)
   case (decide\ T)
   then show ?case by (elim decideE) (frule decideH; simp)
next
   case (backtrack S')
   then show ?case
       using inv apply (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2)
       by (rule backtrackH)
           (fast force\ simp\ del:\ state-simp\ simp\ add:\ state-eq-def\ dest!:\ HOL.meta-eq-to-obj-eq) + (fast force\ simp\ del:\ state-simp\ simp\ add:\ state-eq-def\ dest!:\ HOL.meta-eq-to-obj-eq) + (fast force\ simp\ del:\ state-simp\ simp\ add:\ state-eq-def\ dest!:\ HOL.meta-eq-to-obj-eq) + (fast force\ simp\ del:\ state-simp\ simp\ add:\ state-eq-def\ dest!:\ HOL.meta-eq-to-obj-eq) + (fast force\ simp\ del:\ state-simp\ simp\ add:\ state-eq-def\ dest!:\ HOL.meta-eq-to-obj-eq) + (fast force\ simp\ sim
next
   then show ?case using skipH by auto
next
   case (resolve S')
   then show ?case by (elim resolveE) (frule resolveH; simp)
lemmas cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2 = cdcl_W-o-induct-lev[consumes 2, case-names decide skip resolve
    backtrack
17.4.3
                       Compatibility with op \sim
lemma propagate-state-eq-compatible:
   assumes
       propagate S T and
       S \sim S' and
        T \sim T'
   shows propagate S' T'
   using assms apply (elim \ propagateE)
   apply (rule propagate-rule)
```

```
by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def simp del: state-simp)
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict\text{-} state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes
   conflict S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows conflict S' T'
 using assms apply (elim conflictE)
 apply (rule conflict-rule)
 by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def simp del: state-simp)
{\bf lemma}\ backtrack\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes
   backtrack S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows backtrack S' T'
 using assms apply (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev)
   using inv apply simp
 apply (rule backtrack-rule)
       apply auto[5]
 by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def simp del: state-simp)
{f lemma}\ decide-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   decide S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows decide S' T'
 using assms apply (elim\ decideE)
 apply (rule decide-rule)
 by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def simp del: state-simp)
{f lemma}\ skip\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible:
 assumes
   skip S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows skip S' T'
 using assms apply (elim \ skipE)
 apply (rule skip-rule)
 by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def HOL.eq-sym-conv[of - # - trail -]
    simp del: state-simp dest: arg-cong[of - # trail - trail - tl])
\mathbf{lemma}\ resolve\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes
   resolve S T  and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows resolve S' T'
 using assms apply (elim resolveE)
 apply (rule resolve-rule)
 by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def HOL.eq-sym-conv[of - # - trail -]
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ forget\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes
   forget S T  and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows forget S' T'
 using assms apply (elim forgetE)
 apply (rule forget-rule)
 by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def HOL.eq-sym-conv[of \{\#-\#\} + --]
    simp del: state-simp dest: arg-cong[of - # trail - trail - tl])
lemma cdcl_W-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S T and \neg restart S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
  shows cdcl_W S' T'
  using assms by (meson assms backtrack-state-eq-compatible bj cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-bj.simps
   cdcl_W-o-rule-cases cdcl_W-rf. cases cdcl_W-rf. restart conflict-state-eq-compatible decide
   decide-state-eq-compatible forget forget-state-eq-compatible
   propagate\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ resolve\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible
   skip-state-eq-compatible)
lemma cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-bj S T and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-bj S' T'
 using assms
 by induction (auto
   intro: skip-state-eq-compatible \ backtrack-state-eq-compatible \ resolve-state-eq-compatible)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-bj^{++} S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T'
 using assms
proof (induction arbitrary: S' T')
 case base
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible by blast
 case (step T U) note IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-5)]
 have cdcl_W^{++} S T
   using tranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] other step.hyps(1) by blast
  then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast
  then have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T'
   using \langle U \sim T' \rangle cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible[of T U] \langle cdcl_W-bj T U \rangle by auto
```

simp del: state-simp dest: arg-cong[of - # trail - trail - tl])

```
then show ?case using IH[of T] by auto qed
```

17.4.4 Conservation of some Properties

```
lemma level-of-marked-qe-1:
 assumes
    cdcl_W S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   \forall L \ l. \ Marked \ L \ l \in set \ (trail \ S) \longrightarrow l > 0
 shows \forall L \ l. \ Marked \ L \ l \in set \ (trail \ S') \longrightarrow l > 0
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 by (auto dest: union-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-is-subset simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o SS' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
  using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2) (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o^{++} S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  by (auto dest: cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss
   dest!: tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv dest: tranclp-mono-explicit[of <math>cdcl_W-o - - cdcl_W]
   simp: other)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o** S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
  using assms unfolding rtranclp-unfold by (auto intro: tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o-no-more-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-init-clss:
  cdcl_W \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \Longrightarrow init-clss S = init-clss T
 by (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2) (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss:
  cdcl_{W}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{W} \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv } S \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss \ S = init\text{-}clss \ T
 by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv)
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}init\text{-}clss:
  cdcl_W^{++} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \Longrightarrow init-clss S = init-clss T
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss[of S T] unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
```

17.4.5 Learned Clause

This invariant shows that:

• the learned clauses are entailed by the initial set of clauses.

- the conflicting clause is entailed by the initial set of clauses.
- the marks are entailed by the clauses. A more precise version would be to show that either these marked are learned or are in the set of clauses

```
definition cdcl_W-learned-clause (S:: 'st) \longleftrightarrow
  (init\text{-}clss\ S \models psm\ learned\text{-}clss\ S
 \land (\forall T. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ T \longrightarrow init-clss \ S \models pm \ T)
 \land set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S)) \subseteq set-mset (clauses S))
lemma cdcl_W-learned-clause-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
   cdcl_W-learned-clause (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-learned-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   lev-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
  using assms(1) lev-inv learned
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and confl = this(3) and undef = this(6)
 and T = this(7)
 show ?case
   using decomp confl learned undef T lev-inv unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
   by (auto dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
     simp: clauses-def \ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp dest: true-clss-clss-left-right)
next
  case (resolve L C M D) note trail = this(1) and confl = this(2) and lvl = this(3) and
   T = this(4)
 moreover
   have init-clss S \models psm \ learned-clss S
     using learned trail unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def clauses-def by auto
   then have init-clss S \models pm \ C + \{\#L\#\}
     using trail\ learned\ unfolding\ cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def
     by (auto dest: true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
  ultimately show ?case
   using learned
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{dest}\colon \mathit{mk-disjoint-insert}\ \mathit{true-clss-clss-left-right}
     simp add: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def clauses-def
     intro: true-clss-cls-union-mset-true-clss-cls-or-not-true-clss-cls-or)
next
 case (restart T)
 then show ?case
   using learned-clss-restart-state[of T]
   by (auto dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
     simp: clauses-def state-eq-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
      simp del: state-simp
    dest: true-clss-clssm-subsetE)
next
 case propagate
 then show ?case using learned by (auto simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def)
next
```

```
case conflict
  then show ?case using learned
   by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def clauses-def true-clss-clss-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
next
  case forget
  then show ?case
   using learned by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def clauses-def split: split-if-asm)
\mathbf{qed} (auto simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-learned-clss:
  assumes
    cdcl_{W}^{**} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
    cdcl_W-learned-clause S
  shows cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
  using assms by induction (auto dest: cdcl_W-learned-clss intro: rtrancl_P-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
            No alien atom in the state
This invariant means that all the literals are in the set of clauses.
definition no-strange-atm S' \longleftrightarrow (
   (\forall T. conflicting S' = Some T \longrightarrow atms-of T \subseteq atms-of-msu (init-clss S'))
  \land (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S')
      \longrightarrow atms-of \ (mark) \subseteq atms-of-msu \ (init-clss \ S'))
  \land atms-of-msu (learned-clss S') \subseteq atms-of-msu (init-clss S')
  \land atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S')) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (init\text{-}clss \ S'))
lemma no-strange-atm-decomp:
  assumes no-strange-atm S
  shows conflicting S = Some \ T \Longrightarrow atms-of \ T \subseteq atms-of-msu \ (init-clss \ S)
 and (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S))
      \rightarrow atms\text{-}of \ (mark) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (init\text{-}clss \ S))
 and atms-of-msu (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-msu (init-clss S)
  and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
  using assms unfolding no-strange-atm-def by blast+
lemma no-strange-atm-S0 [simp]: no-strange-atm (init-state N)
  unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-explicit:
  assumes
    cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   conf: \forall T. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ T \longrightarrow atms-of \ T \subseteq atms-of-msu \ (init-clss \ S) \ {\bf and}
   marked: \forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S)
       \rightarrow atms-of mark \subseteq atms-of-msu \ (init-clss \ S) and
   learned: atms-of-msu (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-msu (init-clss S) and
   trail: atm-of `(lits-of (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-msu (init-clss S)
  shows (\forall T. conflicting S' = Some T \longrightarrow atms-of T \subseteq atms-of-msu (init-clss S')) \land
   (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S')
      \rightarrow atms-of (mark) \subseteq atms-of-msu (init-clss S')) \land
   atms-of-msu (learned-clss S') \subseteq atms-of-msu (init-clss S') \land
  atm-of '(lits-of (trail\ S')) \subseteq atms-of-msu (init-clss\ S') (is ?C\ S' \land ?M\ S' \land ?U\ S' \land ?V\ S')
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
```

```
case (propagate C L T) note C-L = this(1) and undef = this(3) and confl = this(4) and T = this(5)
 have C (cons-trail (Propagated L (C + {#L#})) S) using confl undef by auto
  moreover
   have atms-of (C + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-msu (init-clss S)
     by (metis (no-types) atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-union clauses-def mem-set-mset-iff
       C-L learned set-mset-union sup.orderE)
   then have ?M (cons-trail (Propagated L (C + {\#L\#})) S) using undef
     by (simp add: marked)
 moreover have ?U (cons-trail (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\)) S)
   using learned undef by auto
 moreover have ?V (cons-trail (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\)) S)
   using C-L learned trail undef unfolding clauses-def
   by (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
 ultimately show ?case using T by auto
next
 case (decide\ L)
 then show ?case using learned marked conf trail unfolding clauses-def by auto
  case (skip\ L\ C\ M\ D)
 then show ?case using learned marked conf trail by auto
next
  case (conflict D T) note T = this(4)
 have D: atm\text{-}of 'set-mset D \subseteq \bigcup (atms\text{-}of \text{ '}(set\text{-}mset (clauses S)))
   using \langle D \in \# \ clauses \ S \rangle by (auto simp add: atms-of-def atms-of-ms-def)
  moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ xa :: 'v \ literal
   assume a1: atm-of 'set-mset D \subseteq (\bigcup x \in set\text{-mset (init-clss S)}). atms-of x)
     \cup (| ] x \in set\text{-}mset (learned-clss S). atms\text{-}of x)
   assume a2: (\bigcup x \in set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S). \ atms\text{-}of \ x) \subseteq (\bigcup x \in set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S). \ atms\text{-}of \ x)
   assume xa \in \# D
   then have atm\text{-}of\ xa \in UNION\ (set\text{-}mset\ (init\text{-}clss\ S))\ atms\text{-}of
     using a2 a1 by (metis (no-types) Un-iff atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms-of-def subset-Un-eq)
   then have \exists m \in set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S). atm\text{-}of \ xa \in atms\text{-}of \ m
     by blast
   } note H = this
  ultimately show ?case using conflict.prems T learned marked conf trail
   unfolding atms-of-def atms-of-ms-def clauses-def
    by (auto simp add: H)
next
  case (restart \ T)
 then show ?case using learned marked conf trail by auto
next
  case (forget C T) note C = this(3) and C-le = this(4) and confl = this(5) and
   T = this(6)
 have H: \bigwedge L mark. Propagated L mark \in set (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow atms-of\ mark \subseteq atms-of-msu\ (init-clss\ S)
   using marked by simp
 show ?case unfolding clauses-def apply standard
   using conf T trail C unfolding clauses-def apply (auto dest!: H)[]
   apply standard
    using T trail C apply (auto dest!: H)[]
   apply standard
     using T learned C C-le atms-of-ms-remove-subset [of set-mset (learned-clss S)] apply (auto)[]
   using T trail C apply (auto simp: clauses-def lits-of-def)[]
  _{
m done}
next
```

```
case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and confl = this(3) and undef = this(6)
   and T = this(7)
 have ?C T
   using conf T decomp undef lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover have set M1 \subseteq set (trail S)
   using backtrack.hyps(1) by auto
 then have M: ?M T
   using marked conf undef confl T decomp lev
   by (auto simp: image-subset-iff clauses-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover have ?UT
   using learned decomp conf confl T undef lev unfolding clauses-def
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover have ?V T
   using M conf confl trail T undef decomp lev by (force simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 ultimately show ?case by blast
next
 case (resolve L C M D T) note trail-S = this(1) and confl = this(2) and T = this(4)
 let ?T = update\text{-conflicting} (Some (remdups\text{-mset} (D + C))) (tl\text{-trail} S)
 have ?C?T
   using confl trail-S conf marked by simp
 moreover have ?M ?T
   using confl trail-S conf marked by auto
 moreover have ?U?T
   using trail learned by auto
 moreover have ?V ?T
   using confl trail-S trail by auto
 ultimately show ?case using T by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W S S' and no-strange-atm S and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-strange-atm S'
 using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-explicit [OF assms(1)] assms(2,3) unfolding no-strange-atm-def by fast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W^{**} S S' and no-strange-atm S and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-strange-atm S'
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-no-strange-atm-inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv)
```

17.4.7 No duplicates all around

This invariant shows that there is no duplicate (no literal appearing twice in the formula). The last part could be proven using the previous invariant moreover.

```
definition distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state (S::'st)

\longleftrightarrow ((∀ T. conflicting S = Some\ T \longrightarrow distinct-mset T)

\land distinct-mset-mset (learned-clss S)

\land distinct-mset-mset (init-clss S)

\land (∀ L mark. (Propagated L mark \in set (trail S) \longrightarrow distinct-mset (mark))))

lemma distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-decomp:

assumes distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state (S::'st)

shows ∀ T. conflicting S = Some\ T \longrightarrow distinct-mset T

and distinct-mset-mset (learned-clss S)

and distinct-mset-mset (init-clss S)

and \forall L mark. (Propagated L mark \in set (trail S) \longrightarrow distinct-mset (mark))
```

```
using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by blast+
lemma distinct-cdcl_W-state-decomp-2:
  assumes distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ (S::'st)
  shows conflicting S = Some \ T \Longrightarrow distinct\text{-mset } T
  using assms unfolding distinct-cdclw-state-def by auto
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}S0\text{-}cdcl_W[simp]:
  distinct-mset-mset N \implies distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state (init-state N)
  unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by auto
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_W S S' and
    cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    distinct-cdcl_W-state S
  shows distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
  using assms
\mathbf{proof}\ (\mathit{induct}\ \mathit{rule} \colon \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{all}\text{-}\mathit{induct}\text{-}\mathit{lev2})
  case (backtrack \ K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D)
  then show ?case
   unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
   by (fastforce dest: get-all-marked-decomposition-incl simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
  case restart
  then show ?case unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-set-def clauses-def
  using learned-clss-restart-state[of S] by auto
next
  case resolve
  then show ?case
   by (auto simp add: distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-set-def clauses-def
      distinct-mset-single-add
      intro!: distinct-mset-union-mset)
qed (auto simp add: distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-set-def clauses-def)
lemma rtanclp-distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_{W}^{**} S S' and
    cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    distinct-cdcl_W-state S
  shows distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
```

17.4.8 Conflicts and co

This invariant shows that each mark contains a contradiction only related to the previously defined variable.

```
abbreviation every-mark-is-a-conflict :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where every-mark-is-a-conflict S \equiv \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a @ \ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = (trail \ S) \\ \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark)
definition cdcl_W-conflicting S \equiv (\forall T. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T)
```

using distinct- $cdcl_W$ -state-inv rtranclp- $cdcl_W$ -consistent-inv by blast+

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1:
 fixes M1 :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits
 assumes
    inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
   i: get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level (trail S) D = i \text{ and }
   decomp: (Marked K (Suc i) \# M1, M2)
      \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   S-lvl: backtrack-lvl S = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   S-confl: conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
    T: T \sim (cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+\{\#L\#\}))
                (reduce-trail-to M1
                    (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
                      (update-backtrack-lvl i
                         (update-conflicting None S))))) and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T
 shows atms-of D \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of (tl (trail T))
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?k = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level (trail S) (D + {\#L\#})
 have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D \ using \ confl \ S-confl by auto
  then have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) unfolding atms-of-def
   by (meson image-subset mem-set-mset-iff true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
 obtain M0 where M: trail\ S = M0\ @\ M2\ @\ Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1
   using decomp by auto
 have max: get-maximum-level (trail S) (D + \{\#L\#\})
   = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) \# M1))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S-lvl M by simp
  assume a: \neg ?thesis
  then obtain L' where
   L': L' \in atms\text{-}of D \text{ and }
   L'-notin-M1: L' \notin atm-of 'lits-of M1
   using T undef decomp inv by (auto simp: cdclw-M-level-inv-decomp)
  then have L'-in: L' \in atm-of 'lits-of (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # [])
   using vars-of-D unfolding M by force
  then obtain L'' where
    L'' \in \# D and
   L'': L' = atm\text{-}of L''
   using L'L'-notin-M1 unfolding atms-of-def by auto
 have lev-L'':
   qet-level (trail S) L'' = qet-rev-level (Marked K (Suc i) # rev M2 @ rev M0) (Suc i) L''
   using L'-notin-M1 L'' M by (auto simp del: get-rev-level.simps)
  have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+?k]
   using inv S-lvl unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
  then have get-all-levels-of-marked (M0 @ M2)
   = rev \left[ Suc \left( Suc i \right) ... < Suc \left( get-maximum-level \left( trail S \right) \left( D + \left\{ \#L\# \right\} \right) \right) \right]
   unfolding M by (auto simp:rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end)
  then have M: get-all-levels-of-marked M0 @ get-all-levels-of-marked M2
   = rev \left[ Suc \left( Suc \ i \right) ... < Suc \left( length \left( get-all-levels-of-marked \left( M0 \ @ M2 \ @ Marked K \left( Suc \ i \right) \ \# \ M1 \right) \right) \right] \right]
   unfolding max unfolding M by simp
```

```
have get-rev-level (Marked K (Suc i) \# rev (M0 @ M2)) (Suc i) L''
   ≥ Min (set ((Suc i) # get-all-levels-of-marked (Marked K (Suc i) # rev (M0 @ M2))))
   using get-rev-level-ge-min-get-all-levels-of-marked[of L'']
     rev (M0 @ M2 @ [Marked K (Suc i)]) Suc i] L'-in
   unfolding L'' by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
  also have Min (set ((Suc i) # get-all-levels-of-marked (Marked K (Suc i) # rev (M0 @ M2))))
   = Min (set ((Suc i) \# get-all-levels-of-marked (rev (M0 @ M2))))) by auto
 also have ... = Min (set ((Suc i) # get-all-levels-of-marked M0 @ get-all-levels-of-marked M2))
   by (simp add: Un-commute)
 also have ... = Min (set ((Suc i) \# [Suc (Suc i)... < 2 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked M0))
   + (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M2) + length (get-all-levels-of-marked M1))]))
   unfolding M by (auto simp add: Un-commute)
  also have ... = Suc\ i by (auto\ intro:\ Min-eqI)
 finally have get-rev-level (Marked K (Suc i) # rev (M0 @ M2)) (Suc i) L'' > Suc i.
  then have get-level (trail S) L'' > i + 1
   using lev-L'' by simp
  then have get-maximum-level (trail S) D > i + 1
   using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level [OF \langle L'' \in \# D \rangle, of trail S by auto
  then show False using i by auto
qed
lemma distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other:
 assumes
   a1: no-dup (M @ M') and a2:
   atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of M'
 shows \forall x \in atms\text{-}of D. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of M
proof -
  { fix aa :: 'a
   have ff1: \bigwedge l ms. undefined-lit ms l \vee atm-of l
     \in set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ (m:('a, 'b, 'c) \ marked-lit))) \ ms)
     by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
   have ff2: \bigwedge a. a \notin atms-of D \lor a \in atm-of ' lits-of M'
     using a2 by (meson subsetCE)
   have ff3: \bigwedge a. \ a \notin set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ m)) \ M')
     \vee a \notin set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ m)) \ M)
     using at by (metis (lifting) IntI distinct-append empty-iff map-append)
   have \forall L \ a \ f. \ \exists \ l. \ ((a::'a) \notin f \ `L \lor (l::'a \ literal) \in L) \land (a \notin f \ `L \lor f \ l = a)
     by blast
   then have aa \notin atms\text{-}of D \lor aa \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ '} lits\text{-}of M
     using ff3 ff2 ff1 by (metis (no-types) Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of) }
  then show ?thesis
   by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-propagate-is-conclusion:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
  shows all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
  using assms(1,2)
```

```
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case restart
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case forget
 then show ?case using decomp by auto
next
 case conflict
 then show ?case using decomp by auto
next
 case (resolve L C M D) note tr = this(1) and T = this(4)
 let ?decomp = get-all-marked-decomposition M
 have M: set ?decomp = insert (hd ?decomp) (set (tl ?decomp))
   by (cases ?decomp) auto
 show ?case
   using decomp tr T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M))
      (auto\ simp:\ M)
next
  case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D) note tr=this(1) and T=this(5)
 have M: set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
   =insert\ (hd\ (qet-all-marked-decomposition\ M))\ (set\ (tl\ (qet-all-marked-decomposition\ M)))
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) auto
 show ?case
   using decomp tr T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M))
      (auto simp add: M)
next
  case decide note S = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 show ?case using decomp T undef unfolding S all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
 case (propagate C L T) note propa = this(2) and undef = this(3) and T = this(5)
 obtain a y where ay: hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, y)
   by (cases hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
 then have M: trail\ S = y @ a using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp by blast
 have M': set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
   = insert(a, y) (set(tl(qet-all-marked-decomposition(trail S))))
   using ay by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have unmark \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \models ps \ unmark \ y
   using decomp ay unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) fastforce+
  then have a-Un-N-M: unmark a \cup set-mset (init-clss S)
   \models ps \ unmark \ (trail \ S)
   unfolding M by (auto simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss image-Un)
  have unmark a \cup set\text{-mset} (init-clss S) \models p \{\#L\#\} (is ?I \models p-)
   proof (rule true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     show ?I \models p \ C + \{\#L\#\}
      using propa propagate.prems learned confl unfolding M
      by (metis Un-iff cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def mem-set-mset-iff propagate.hyps(1)
        set\text{-}mset\text{-}union\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}in\text{-}imp\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}cs\text{-}mono\text{-}l2
        union-trus-clss-clss)
   next
     have (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of m\#\}) 'set (trail S) \models ps \ CNot \ C
      using \langle (trail\ S) \models as\ CNot\ C \rangle true-annots-true-clss-clss by blast
```

```
then show ?I \models ps \ CNot \ C
      using a-Un-N-M true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-l-r by blast
   qed
 moreover have \bigwedge aa\ b.
     \forall (Ls, seen) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (y @ a)).
       unmark\ Ls \cup set\text{-}mset\ (init\text{-}clss\ S) \models ps\ unmark\ seen
   \implies (aa, b) \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition <math>(y @ a)))
   \implies unmark \ aa \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \models ps \ unmark \ b
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prod-conv get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty-sym
     list.collapse\ list.set-intros(2))
 ultimately show ?case
   using decomp T undef unfolding ay all-decomposition-implies-def
   using M \ (unmark \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \models ps \ unmark \ y)
    ay by auto
next
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp' = this(1) and lev-L = this(2) and conf = this(3)
   undef = this(6) and T = this(7)
 have \forall l \in set M2. \neg is\text{-}marked l
   using qet-all-marked-decomposition-snd-not-marked backtrack.hyps(1) by blast
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using decomp' by auto
 show ?case unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ x
     assume x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
     then have x: x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated L ((D + {\#L\#})) \# M1))
      using T decomp' undef inv by (simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     let ?m = get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated L ((D + {\#L\#})) \#M1)
     let ?hd = hd ?m
     let ?tl = tl ?m
     have x = ?hd \lor x \in set ?tl
      using x by (cases ?m) auto
     moreover {
      assume x \in set ?tl
      then have x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
        using tl-qet-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some[of x] by (simp \ add: \ list.set-sel(2) \ M)
      then have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark Ls
             \cup set-mset (init-clss (T))
             \models ps \ unmark \ seen
        using decomp learned decomp confl alien inv T undef M
        unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
        by auto
     }
     moreover {
      assume x = ?hd
      obtain M1' M1'' where M1: hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M1) = (M1', M1'')
        by (cases hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition M1))
      then have x': x = (M1', Propagated L ((D + {\#L\#})) \# M1'')
        using \langle x = ?hd \rangle by auto
      have (M1', M1'') \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
        using M1[symmetric] hd-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some[OF M1[symmetric],
          of M0 @ M2 - i + 1 unfolding M by fastforce
      then have 1: unmark M1' \cup set-mset (init-clss S)
```

```
\models ps \ unmark \ M1''
         using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
         have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D using conf confl by auto
         then have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)
          unfolding atms-of-def
          by (meson image-subset mem-set-mset-iff true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
         have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of M1
          using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1[of S M1 L D i K M2 T] backtrack inv conf confl
          by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
         have no-dup (trail S) using inv by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
         then have vars-in-M1:
          \forall x \in atms\text{-}of \ D. \ x \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ (M0 @ M2 @ Marked \ K \ (i+1) \# [])
          using vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other of M0 @M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [
            M1
          unfolding M by auto
         have M1 \models as \ CNot \ D
          using vars-in-M1 true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars of M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# []
            M1 \ CNot \ D \ \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \  unfolding M \ lits - of - def \  by simp
         have M1 = M1'' @ M1' by (simp add: M1 get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp)
         have TT: unmark M1' \cup set\text{-}mset (init\text{-}clss S) \models ps CNot D
          using true-annots-true-clss-cls[OF \langle M1 \models as\ CNot\ D \rangle] true-clss-clss-left-right[OF\ 1,
             of CNot D unfolding \langle M1 = M1'' \otimes M1' \rangle by (auto simp add: inf-sup-aci(5,7))
         have init-clss S \models pm D + \{\#L\#\}
          using conf learned cdcl_W-learned-clause-def confl by blast
         then have T': unmark M1' \cup set-mset (init-clss S) \models p D + \{\#L\#\} by auto
         have atms-of (D + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-msu (clauses S)
          using alien conf unfolding no-strange-atm-def clauses-def by auto
         then have unmark M1' \cup set-mset (init-clss S) \models p \{\#L\#\}
          using true-clss-cls-plus-CNot[OF T' TT] by auto
       ultimately
         have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark Ls
          \cup set-mset (init-clss T)
          \models ps \ unmark \ seen \ using \ T' \ T \ decomp' \ undef \ inv \ unfolding \ x'
          by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_W - M - level - inv - decomp)
     ultimately show case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark Ls \cup set-mset (init-clss T)
       \models ps \ unmark \ seen \ using \ T \ by \ auto
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-propagate-is-false:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   mark-confl: every-mark-is-a-conflict S
  shows every-mark-is-a-conflict S'
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-induct-lev2)
  case (propagate CLT) note undef = this(3) and T = this(5)
 show ?case
```

```
proof (intro allI impI)
     fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark # b = trail T
     then have (a=[] \land L = L' \land mark = C + \{\#L\#\} \land b = trail S)
      \vee tl a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = trail S
      using T undef by (cases a) fastforce+
     moreover {
      assume tl\ a\ @\ Propagated\ L'\ mark\ \#\ b=trail\ S
      then have b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark
        using mark-confl by auto
     }
     moreover {
      assume a=[] and L=L' and mark=C+\{\#L\#\} and b=trail\ S
      then have b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# mark
        using \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle by auto
     ultimately show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark \ by \ blast
   qed
next
  case (decide\ L) note undef[simp] = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have \bigwedge a\ La\ mark\ b. a\ @\ Propagated\ La\ mark\ \#\ b = Marked\ L\ (backtrack-lvl\ S+1)\ \#\ trail\ S
   \implies tl\ a\ @\ Propagated\ La\ mark\ \#\ b=trail\ S\ {\bf by}\ (case-tac\ a,\ auto)
  then show ?case using mark-conft T unfolding decide.hyps(1) by fastforce
next
 case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D\ T) note tr=this(1) and T=this(5)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix} \ L' \ mark \ a \ b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = trail T
     then have a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = M using tr T by simp
     then have (Propagated L C' # a) @ Propagated L' mark # b = Propagated L C' # M by auto
     moreover have \forall La \ mark \ a \ b. \ a \ @ \ Propagated \ La \ mark \ \# \ b = Propagated \ L \ C' \ \# \ M
       \longrightarrow b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# mark
      using mark-confl unfolding skip.hyps(1) by simp
     ultimately show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark \ by \ blast
   qed
 case (conflict D)
 then show ?case using mark-confl by simp
next
 case (resolve L C M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and T = this(4)
 show ?case unfolding resolve.hyps(1)
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = trail T
     then have Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M
      = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ a)\ @\ Propagated\ L'\ mark\ \#\ b
      using T tr-S by auto
     then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark
       using mark-confl unfolding resolve.hyps(1) by presburger
   qed
next
 case restart
 then show ?case by auto
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case forget
 then show ?case using mark-confl by auto
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and conf = this(3) and undef = this(6)
and
   T = this(7)
 have \forall l \in set M2. \neg is\text{-}marked l
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-not-marked backtrack.hyps(1) by blast
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # M1
   using backtrack.hyps(1) by auto
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls (D + \{\#L\#\}))
   (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))=M1
   using decomp lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
    fix La mark a b
    assume a @ Propagated La mark \# b = trail T
    then have (a = [] \land Propagated\ La\ mark = Propagated\ L\ (D + \{\#L\#\}) \land b = M1)
      \lor tl a @ Propagated La mark \# b = M1
      using M T decomp undef by (cases a) (auto)
    moreover {
      assume A: a = [] and
        P: Propagated La mark = Propagated L ( (D + \{\#L\#\})) and
        b: b = M1
      have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D using conf confl by auto
      then have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)
        unfolding atms-of-def
        by (meson image-subset mem-set-mset-iff true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
      have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of M1
        using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1 of S M1 L D i K M2 T T backtrack lev conft by auto
      have no-dup (trail S) using lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
      then have vars-in-M1: \forall x \in atms-of D. x \notin
        atm-of ' lits-of (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # [])
        using vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other of M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [
         M1] unfolding M by auto
      have M1 \models as \ CNot \ D
        using vars-in-M1 true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars of M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [] M1
         then have b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# mark
        using P b by auto
    }
    moreover {
      assume tl\ a\ @\ Propagated\ La\ mark\ \#\ b=M1
      then obtain c' where c' @ Propagated La mark \# b = trail S unfolding M by auto
      then have b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark
        using mark-confl by blast
    ultimately show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark \ by \ fast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-is-false:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
```

```
confl-inv: \forall T. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T \ and
   marked-confl: \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a @ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = (trail \ S)
      \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark) \ \mathbf{and}
     dist: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S
 shows \forall T. conflicting S' = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ T
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D) note tr\text{-}S = this(1) and T = this(5)
  then have Propagated L C' \# M \models as CNot D using assms skip by auto
 moreover
   have L \notin \# D
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume ¬ ?thesis
       then have -L \in lits-of M
         using in-CNot-implies-uminus(2)[of D L Propagated L C' # M]
         \langle Propagated \ L \ C' \# \ M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ simp
       then show False
         by (metis\ M-lev\ cdcl_W\ -M-level-inv-decomp(1)\ consistent-interp-def\ insert-iff
           lits-of-cons marked-lit.sel(2) skip.hyps(1))
     qed
  ultimately show ?case
   using skip.hyps(1-3) true-annots-CNot-lit-of-notin-skip T unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
    by fastforce
next
 case (resolve L C M D T) note tr = this(1) and confl = this(2) and T = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix T'
     have tl\ (trail\ S) \models as\ CNot\ C\ using\ tr\ assms(4)\ by\ fastforce
     moreover
       have distinct-mset (D + \{\#-L\#\}) using confl dist
         unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by auto
       then have -L \notin \# D unfolding distinct-mset-def by auto
       have M \models as \ CNot \ D
         proof -
           have Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M \models as CNot D \cup CNot \{\#-L\#\}
             using confl tr confl-inv by force
           then show ?thesis
            using M-lev \langle -L \notin \# D \rangle tr true-annots-lit-of-notin-skip
             unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by force
         qed
     moreover assume conflicting T = Some T'
     ultimately
       show trail T \models as CNot T'
       using tr T by auto
qed (auto simp: assms(2) \ cdcl_W - M - level - inv - decomp)
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp:
 assumes cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows \forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot T
 and \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a @ Propagated L \ mark \# b = (trail \ S)
    \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark)
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by blast+
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp2:
 assumes cdcl_W-conflicting S and conflicting <math>S = Some \ T
 shows trail S \models as CNot T
 using assms unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp2':
 assumes
   cdcl_W-conflicting S and
   conflicting S = Some D
 shows trail S \models as \ CNot \ D
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
 cdcl_W-conflicting (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
17.4.9
          Putting all the invariants together
lemma cdcl_W-all-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
 1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
 2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
 4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
 5: no-strange-atm S and
 7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S and
 8: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
 and cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 and no-strange-atm S'
 and distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
 and cdcl_W-conflicting S'
proof -
 show S1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
   using cdcl_W-propagate-is-conclusion[OF cdcl_W 4 1 2 - 5] 8 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def
   by blast
 show S2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S' using cdcl_W-learned-clss[OF \ cdcl_W \ 2 \ 4].
 show S4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF cdcl_W 4].
 show S5: no-strange-atm S' using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv[OF cdcl_W 5 4].
 show S7: distinct-cdcl_W-state S' using distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv[OF cdcl_W 4 7].
 show S8: cdcl_W-conflicting S'
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-is-false[OF cdcl<sub>W</sub> 4 - - 7] 8 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-propagate-is-false[OF cdcl<sub>W</sub> 4 2 1 -
   unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ S \ S' and
   1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   5: no-strange-atm S and
   7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S and
   8: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows
```

```
all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S')) and
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' and
   no-strange-atm S' and
   distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S' and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S'
  using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
   case 1 then show ?case by blast
   case 2 then show ?case by blast
   case 3 then show ?case by blast
   case 4 then show ?case by blast
   case 5 then show ?case by blast
   case 6 then show ?case by blast
next
 case (step \ S' \ S'') note H = this
   case 1 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 2 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 3 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
      H by presburger
   case 4 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
      H by presburger
   case 5 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
      H by presburger
   case 6 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
      H by presburger
qed
lemma all-invariant-S0-cdcl<sub>W</sub>:
 assumes distinct-mset-mset N
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss (init-state N))
                             (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (init-state\ N)))
 and cdcl_W-learned-clause (init-state N)
 and \forall T. conflicting (init-state N) = Some T \longrightarrow (trail\ (init-state\ N)) \models as\ CNot\ T
 and no-strange-atm (init-state N)
 and consistent-interp (lits-of (trail (init-state N)))
 and \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a @ Propagated L \ mark \# b = trail \ (init-state \ N) \longrightarrow
    (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark)
 and distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ (init\text{-}state\ N)
 using assms by auto
lemma cdcl_W-only-propagated-vars-unsat:
 assumes
   marked: \forall x \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked x \text{ and }
   DN: D \in \# clauses S  and
   D: M \models as \ CNot \ D and
   inv: all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M) and
   state: state S = (M, N, U, k, C) and
   learned-cl: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   atm-incl: no-strange-atm S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
```

```
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume \neg unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
  then obtain I where
   I: I \models s \ set\text{-}mset \ N \ \mathbf{and}
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (set\text{-}mset \ N)
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
 have atms-of-msu N \cup atms-of-msu U = atms-of-msu N
   using atm-incl state unfolding total-over-m-def no-strange-atm-def
    by (auto simp add: clauses-def)
  then have total-over-m I (set-mset N) using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
 moreover have N \models psm \ U using learned-cl state unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
  ultimately have I-D: I \models D
   using I DN cons state unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def Ball-def
  by (metis Un-iff \langle atms-of-msu N \cup atms-of-msu U = atms-of-msu N \rangle atms-of-ms-union clauses-def
   mem-set-mset-iff prod.inject set-mset-union total-over-m-def)
 have l0: \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} = \{\}\ using\ marked\ by\ auto
  have atms-of-ms (set-mset N \cup unmark M) = atms-of-msu N
   using atm-incl state unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
  then have total-over-m I (set-mset N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of } a\#\})) ' (set M))
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
  then have I \models s (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} (set M)
   using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF inv] cons I
   unfolding true-clss-clss-def l0 by auto
  then have IM: I \models s \ unmark \ M \ by \ auto
   \mathbf{fix}\ K
   assume K \in \# D
   then have -K \in lits\text{-}of M
     using D unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-annot-def true-cls-def true-lit-def
     Bex-mset-def by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) count-single less-not-refl mem-Collect-eq)
   then have -K \in I using IM true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl lits-of-def by fastforce
 then have \neg I \models D using cons unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def consistent-interp-def by auto
 then show False using I-D by blast
qed
We have actually a much stronger theorem, namely all-decomposition-implies ?N (get-all-marked-decomposition
?M) \implies ?N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M\} \models ps \text{ unmark } ?M, \text{ that show that } \}
the only choices we made are marked in the formula
 assumes all-decomposition-implies-m N (qet-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows set-mset N \models ps \ unmark \ M
proof -
 have T: \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\} \mid L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} = \{\} \text{ using } assms(2) \text{ by } auto
  then show ?thesis
   using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF assms(1)] unfolding T by simp
qed
lemma conflict-with-false-implies-unsat:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
```

```
lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   [simp]: conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
 using assms
proof -
 have cdcl_W-learned-clause S' using cdcl_W-learned-clss cdcl_W learned lev by auto
 then have init-clss S' \models pm \ \{\#\} using assms(3) unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
 then have init-clss S \models pm \{\#\}
   using cdcl_W-init-clss[OF\ assms(1)\ lev] by auto
 then show ?thesis unfolding satisfiable-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
qed
lemma conflict-with-false-implies-terminated:
 assumes cdcl_W S S'
 and conflicting S = Some \{ \# \}
 shows False
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-induct) auto
```

17.4.10 No tautology is learned

This is a simple consequence of all we have shown previously. It is not strictly necessary, but helps finding a better bound on the number of learned clauses.

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{learned-clss-are-not-tautologies}:
```

```
assumes
    cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
    no-tauto: \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s
  shows \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S'. \neg tautology s
  using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D) note confl = this(3)
  have consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S)) using lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
  moreover
   have trail S \models as \ CNot \ (D + \{\#L\#\})
     using conflicting confl unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by auto
   then have lits-of (trail S) \modelss CNot (D + {#L#}) using true-annots-true-cls by blast
  ultimately have \neg tautology (D + \{\#L\#\}) using consistent-CNot-not-tautology by blast
  then show ?case using backtrack no-tauto
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp split: split-if-asm)
next
  case restart
  then show ?case using learned-clss-restart-state state-eq-learned-clss no-tauto
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) ball-msetE ball-msetI mem-set-mset-iff set-mset-mono subsetCE)
qed auto
definition final\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state (S:: 'st)
  \longleftrightarrow (trail S \models asm init-clss S
   \vee ((\forall L \in set \ (trail \ S). \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ L) \land 
      (\exists C \in \# init\text{-}clss S. trail S \models as CNot C)))
definition termination-cdcl_W-state (S:: 'st)
   \longleftrightarrow (trail S \models asm init-clss S
    \vee ((\forall L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ (init\text{-}clss \ S). \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ (its\text{-}of \ (trail \ S))
```

17.5 CDCL Strong Completeness

```
fun mapi :: ('a \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ list where
mapi - - [] = [] |
mapi f n (x \# xs) = f x n \# mapi f (n - 1) xs
lemma mark-not-in-set-mapi[simp]: L \notin set M \Longrightarrow Marked L k \notin set (mapi Marked i M)
 by (induct M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma propagated-not-in-set-mapi[simp]: L \notin set M \Longrightarrow Propagated L k \notin set (mapi Marked i M)
 by (induct M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma image-set-mapi:
 f 'set (mapi\ g\ i\ M) = set\ (mapi\ (\lambda x\ i.\ f\ (g\ x\ i))\ i\ M)
 by (induction M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma mapi-map-convert:
 \forall x \ i \ j. \ f \ x \ i = f \ x \ j \Longrightarrow mapi \ f \ i \ M = map \ (\lambda x. \ f \ x \ 0) \ M
 by (induction M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma defined-lit-mapi: defined-lit (mapi Marked i M) L \longleftrightarrow atm-of L \in atm-of 'set M
 by (induction M) (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-set-mapi mapi-map-convert)
lemma cdcl_W-can-do-step:
 assumes
   consistent-interp (set M) and
   distinct M and
   atm\text{-}of \text{ '} (set M) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu N
 shows \exists S. rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ (init\text{-state } N) \ S
   \land state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, \ N, \{\#\}, \ length \ M, \ None)
 using assms
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons\ L\ M) note IH = this(1)
 have consistent-interp (set M) and distinct M and atm-of 'set M \subseteq atms-of-msu N
   using Cons.prems(1-3) unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
  then obtain S where
   st: cdcl_{W}^{**} (init\text{-}state\ N)\ S \ \mathbf{and}
   S: state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, \ N, \ \{\#\}, \ length \ M, \ None)
   using IH by auto
 let ?S_0 = incr-lvl \ (cons-trail \ (Marked \ L \ (length \ M + 1)) \ S)
 have undefined-lit (mapi Marked (length M) M) L
   using Cons. prems(1,2) unfolding defined-lit-def consistent-interp-def by fastforce
 moreover have init-clss S = N
   using S by blast
 moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ N\ using\ Cons.prems(3)\ by\ auto
 moreover have undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L
   using S (distinct (L\#M)) (calculation(1)) by (auto simp: defined-lit-map) defined-lit-map)
 ultimately have cdcl_W S ?S_0
   using cdcl_W.other[OF\ cdcl_W-o.decide[OF\ decide-rule]OF\ S,
     of L ?S_0]] S by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
  then show ?case
```

```
using st S undef by (auto intro!: exI[of - ?S_0])
qed
lemma cdcl_W-strong-completeness:
 assumes
   set M \models s set\text{-}mset N \text{ and }
   consistent-interp (set M) and
   distinct\ M and
   atm\text{-}of \text{ '} (set M) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu N
 obtains S where
   state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, \ N, \ \{\#\}, \ length \ M, \ None) and
   rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ (init\text{-}state \ N) \ S \ and
   final-cdcl_W-state S
proof -
 obtain S where
   st: rtranclp\ cdcl_W\ (init\text{-}state\ N)\ S and
   S: state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, \ N, \{\#\}, \ length \ M, \ None)
   using cdcl_W-can-do-step[OF assms(2-4)] by auto
  have lits-of (mapi Marked (length M) M) = set M
   by (induct\ M,\ auto)
  then have map Marked (length M) M \models asm N using assms(1) true-annots-true-cls by met is
  then have final-cdcl_W-state S
   using S unfolding final-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using that st S by blast
qed
```

17.6 Higher level strategy

The rules described previously do not lead to a conclusive state. We have to add a strategy.

17.6.1 Definition

```
lemma tranclp-conflict-iff[iff]:
 full1 conflict S S' \longleftrightarrow conflict S S'
proof -
 have trancly conflict S S' \Longrightarrow conflict S S'
   unfolding full1-def by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) force+
 then have tranclp conflict S S' \Longrightarrow conflict S S' by (meson rtranclpD)
 then show ?thesis unfolding full1-def by (metis conflictE option.simps(3)
    conflicting-update-conflicting state-eq-conflicting tranclp.intros(1))
qed
inductive cdcl_W-cp :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict'[intro]: conflict S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp S S' \mid
propagate': propagate \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S'
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps dest: cdcl_W.intros)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
```

```
shows cdcl_W-cp S' T'
 using assms
 apply (induction)
   using conflict-state-eq-compatible apply auto[1]
  using propagate' propagate-state-eq-compatible by auto
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp^{++} S T and
   S \sim S' and
    T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-cp^{++} S' T'
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible by blast
 case (step \ U \ V)
 obtain ss :: 'st where
   cdcl_W-cp \ S \ ss \ \land \ cdcl_W-cp^{**} \ ss \ U
   by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ step(1)\ tranclpD)
 then show ?case
    \mathbf{by} \ (meson \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible \ rtranclp.rtrancl-into\text{-}rtrancl \ rtranclp-into\text{-}tranclp2
     state-eq-ref step(2) step(4) step(5)
ged
lemma option-full-cdcl_W-cp:
  conflicting S \neq None \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S
unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold by (auto simp add: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.simps)
lemma skip-unique:
 \mathit{skip}\ S\ T \Longrightarrow \mathit{skip}\ S\ T' \Longrightarrow\ T \sim\ T'
 by (fastforce simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
lemma resolve-unique:
  resolve S \ T \Longrightarrow resolve \ S \ T' \Longrightarrow T \sim T'
 by (fastforce simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (auto elim!: conflictE propagateE)
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}more\text{-}clauses:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-clauses)+
lemma no-conflict-after-conflict:
```

```
conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \neg conflict \ T \ U
 by fastforce
lemma no-propagate-after-conflict:
  conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \neg propagate \ T \ U
 by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{tranclp-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not}:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S U
 shows (propagate^{++} S U \land conflicting U = None)
   \vee (\exists T D. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U \wedge conflicting U = Some D)
proof -
 have propagate^{++} S U \vee (\exists T. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U)
   using assms by induction
   (force simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.simps tranclp-into-rtranclp dest: no-conflict-after-conflict
      no-propagate-after-conflict)+
 moreover
   have propagate^{++} S U \Longrightarrow conflicting U = None
     unfolding translp-unfold-end by auto
   have \bigwedge T. conflict T \ U \Longrightarrow \exists D. conflicting U = Some \ D
 ultimately show ?thesis by meson
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty[simp]: conflicting S = Some \ D \implies \neg cdcl_W-cp S \ S'
proof
 assume cdcl_W-cp \ S \ S' and conflicting \ S = Some \ D
 then show False by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) auto
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 shows no-step conflict S and no-step propagate S
 using assms conflict' apply blast
 by (meson assms conflict' propagate')
CDCL with the reasonable strategy: we fully propagate the conflict and propagate, then we
apply any other possible rule cdcl_W-o S S' and re-apply conflict and propagate full cdcl_W-cp
S'S''
inductive cdcl_W-stgy :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
conflict': full1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - stay \ S \ S'
other': cdcl_W - o \ S \ S' \implies no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \implies full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S' \ S'' \implies cdcl_W - stay \ S \ S''
17.6.2
           Invariants
These are the same invariants as before, but lifted
lemma cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) fastforce+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'
```

```
using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv)+
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'
 using assms by (simp add: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.induct) fastforce+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-backtrack-lvl)+
lemma cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-consistent-inv cdcl_W.conflict by blast
next
 case (propagate' S S')
 have cdcl_W S S'
   using propagate'.hyps(1) propagate by blast
 then show cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using propagate'.prems(1) cdcl_W-consistent-inv propagate by blast
qed
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv:
 assumes full1\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms unfolding full1-def
proof -
 have cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S using assms unfolding full1-def by auto
 then show ?thesis by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) (blast intro: cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv)+
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv:
 assumes rtranclp\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms unfolding full1-def
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (blast intro: cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv)+
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy SS'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
```

```
cdcl_W.other)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by induction (auto dest!: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) auto
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 unfolding full-1-def full-def apply (blast dest: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss
   tranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss)
 by (metis\ cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss rtranclp-unfold tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, simp)
 using cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss by (simp add: rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-dropWhile-trail':
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 obtains M where trail S' = M @ trail S and (\forall l \in set M. \neg is\text{-marked } l)
 using assms by induction fastforce+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail':
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 obtains M:('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit \ list \ where
   trail \ S' = M @ trail \ S \ and \ \forall \ l \in set \ M. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ l
 using assms by induction (fastforce dest!: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail')+
lemma cdcl_W-cp-dropWhile-trail:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows \exists M. trail S' = M @ trail S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l)
 using assms by induction fastforce+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows \exists M. trail S' = M @ trail S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l)
 using assms by induction (fastforce dest: cdcl_W-cp-dropWhile-trail)+
```

unfolding full-unfold by (blast intro: $cdcl_W$ -consistent-inv full1- $cdcl_W$ -cp-consistent-inv

This theorem can be seen a a termination theorem for $cdcl_W$ -cp.

```
lemma length-model-le-vars:
 assumes
   no\text{-}strange\text{-}atm\ S\ \mathbf{and}
   no-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite\ (atms-of-msu\ (init-clss\ S))
 shows length (trail\ S) \le card\ (atms-of-msu\ (init-clss\ S))
proof -
  obtain M \ N \ U \ k \ D where S: state S = (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ D) by (cases state S, auto)
 have finite (atm-of 'lits-of (trail S))
   using assms(1,3) unfolding S by (auto simp add: finite-subset)
 have length (trail\ S) = card\ (atm-of\ `lits-of\ (trail\ S))
   using no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of no-d by blast
 then show ?thesis using assms(1) unfolding no-strange-atm-def
 by (auto simp add: assms(3) card-mono)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-decreasing-measure:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp S T and
   M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-msu \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
     + (if \ conflicting \ S = None \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)) \ S
   > (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-msu \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
     + (if \ conflicting \ S = None \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)) \ T
 using assms
proof -
 have length (trail T) \leq card (atms-of-msu (init-clss T))
   apply (rule length-model-le-vars)
      using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv alien M-lev apply (meson cdcl_W cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-cp.cases)
     using M-lev cdcl_W cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply blast
     using cdcl_W by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
 with assms
 show ?thesis by induction (auto split: split-if-asm)+
lemma cdcl_W-cp-wf: wf {(b,a). (cdcl_W-M-level-inv a \land no-strange-atm a)
 \land cdcl_W - cp \ a \ b
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure' of less-than - -
     (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-msu \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
       + (if \ conflicting \ S = None \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0))))
   apply simp
  using cdcl_W-cp-decreasing-measure unfolding less-than-iff by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-cdcl_W-cp-iff-rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows (\lambda a \ b. \ (cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a \land no - strange - atm \ a) \land cdcl_W - cp \ a \ b)^{**} \ S \ T
   \longleftrightarrow cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T
  (is ?IS T \longleftrightarrow ?CS T)
proof
 assume
   ?IST
```

```
then show ?C S T by induction auto
next
 assume
    ?CST
  then show ?IST
   proof induction
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
   next
     case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cp = this(2) and IH = this(3)
     have cdcl_{W}^{**} S T
       by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty cp st
         rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not)
     then have
       cdcl_W-M-level-inv T and
       no-strange-atm T
        using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle apply (simp \ add: \ assms(1) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
       using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle alien rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv lev by blast
     then have (\lambda a \ b. \ (cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a \land no - strange - atm \ a)
       \wedge \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ a\ b)^{**}\ T\ U
       using cp by auto
     then show ?case using IH by auto
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element:
 assumes
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-strange-atm S
 obtains T where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ T
proof -
 let ?inv = \lambda a. (cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv a \wedge no-strange-atm a)
 obtain T where T: full (\lambda a \ b. ?inv a \wedge cdcl_W-cp a \ b) S T
   using cdcl_W-cp-wf wf-exists-normal-form[of \lambda a b. ?inv a \wedge cdcl_W-cp a b]
   \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{full-def} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast}
   then have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S T
     using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-iff-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp assms unfolding full-def
     by blast
   moreover
     then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
     then have
       cdcl_W-M-level-inv T and
       no-strange-atm T
        using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle apply (simp \ add: \ assms(1) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
       using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv lev by blast
     then have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
       using T unfolding full-def by auto
   ultimately show thesis using that unfolding full-def by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma in-atms-of-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms:
  C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#A \implies x \in atms\text{-}of\ C \implies x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ A
  \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis add.commute atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono contra-subset} D \\
   mem-set-mset-iff multi-member-skip)
```

```
lemma propagate-no-stange-atm:
 assumes
   propagate S S' and
   no-strange-atm S
 shows no-strange-atm S'
 using assms by induction
 (auto simp add: no-strange-atm-def clauses-def in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms
   in-atms-of-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
lemma always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step:
 assumes no-strange-atm S
 shows \exists S''. full cdcl_W-cp S S''
 using assms
proof (induct card (atms-of-msu (init-clss S) – atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)) arbitrary: S)
 case \theta note card = this(1) and alien = this(2)
 then have atm: atms-of-msu (init-clss S) = atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)
   unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
 { assume a: \exists S'. conflict S S'
   then obtain S' where S': conflict S S' by metis
   then have \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W - cp S' S'' by auto
   then have ?case using a S' cdcl_W-cp.conflict' unfolding full-def by blast
 }
 moreover {
   assume a: \exists S'. propagate SS'
   then obtain S' where propagate SS' by blast
   then obtain M N U k C L where S: state S = (M, N, U, k, None)
   and S': state S' = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None)
   and C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S
   and M \models as \ CNot \ C
   and undefined-lit M L
   using propagate by auto
   have atms-of-msu U \subseteq atms-of-msu N using alien S unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
     using \langle C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \text{ clauses } S \rangle S unfolding atms-of-ms-def clauses-def by force+
   then have False using \(\cundefined\)-lit M L\(\circ\) S unfolding atm unfolding lits-of-def
     by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
 ultimately show ?case by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.cases full-def rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
next
 case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and card = this(2) and alien = this(3)
 { assume a: \exists S'. conflict S S'
   then obtain S' where S': conflict S S' by metis
   then have \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W - cp S' S'' by auto
   then have ?case unfolding full-def Ex-def using S' cdclw-cp.conflict' by blast
 moreover {
   assume a: \exists S'. propagate SS'
   then obtain S' where propagate: propagate S S' by blast
   then obtain M N U k C L where
     S: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, None) and
     S': state S' = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None) and
     C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \text{ and }
     M \models as \ CNot \ C \ and
     undefined-lit M L
```

```
by fastforce
   then have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of \ M
     unfolding lits-of-def by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
   moreover
     have no-strange-atm S' using alien propagate propagate-no-stange-atm by blast
     then have atm-of L \in atms-of-msu N using S' unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
     then have \bigwedge A. \{atm\text{-}of\ L\} \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ N-A \lor atm\text{-}of\ L \in A \ by\ force
   moreover have Suc\ n - card\ \{atm\text{-}of\ L\} = n\ \text{by } simp
   moreover have card (atms-of-msu\ N-atm-of\ `lits-of\ M)=Suc\ n
    using card S S' by simp
   ultimately
     have card\ (atms-of-msu\ N\ -\ atm-of\ `insert\ L\ (lits-of\ M))=n
       by (metis (no-types) Diff-insert card-Diff-subset finite.emptyI finite.insertI image-insert)
     then have n = card (atms-of-msu (init-clss S') - atm-of 'lits-of (trail S'))
       using card S S' by simp
   then have a1: Ex (full cdcl_W-cp S') using IH (no-strange-atm S') by blast
   have ?case
     proof -
       obtain S'' :: 'st where
        ff1: cdcl_W-cp^{**} S' S'' \wedge no-step cdcl_W-cp S''
        using a1 unfolding full-def by blast
       have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S''
        using ff1 cdcl_W-cp.intros(2)[OF\ propagate]
        by (metis (no-types) converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
       then have \exists S''. cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'' \land (\forall S'''. \neg cdcl_W-cp S'' S''')
        using ff1 by blast
       then show ?thesis unfolding full-def
        \mathbf{by}\ meson
     qed
 ultimately show ?case unfolding full-def by (metis cdcl_W-cp.cases rtrancl_p.rtrancl_refl)
qed
```

17.6.3 Literal of highest level in conflicting clauses

One important property of the $local.cdcl_W$ with strategy is that, whenever a conflict takes place, there is at least a literal of level k involved (except if we have derived the false clause). The reason is that we apply conflicts before a decision is taken.

```
abbreviation no-clause-is-false :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where no-clause-is-false \equiv \lambda S. (conflicting S = None \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \# \ clauses \ S. \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D))
abbreviation conflict-is-false-with-level :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where conflict-is-false-with-level S \equiv \forall D. conflicting S = Some \ D \longrightarrow D \neq \{\#\} \longrightarrow (\exists L \in \# \ D. \ get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S)
lemma not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss: assumes \forall S'. \neg conflict \ S \ S' shows no-clause-is-false S using assms state-eq-ref by blast
lemma full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss: assumes full cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp S \ S' shows no-clause-is-false S' using assms not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss unfolding full-def by blast
```

```
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss unfolding full1-def by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W\textit{-}stgy\textit{-}not\textit{-}non\textit{-}negated\textit{-}init\textit{-}clss\text{:}
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S'
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 using full1-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss full-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss by metis+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and no-clause-is-false S
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-stqy-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and no-clause-is-false S
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case propagate'
 then show ?case by auto
qed
lemma no-chained-conflict:
 assumes conflict S S'
 and conflict S' S''
 {f shows}\ \mathit{False}
 using assms by fastforce
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S U
 shows propagate^{**} S U \vee (\exists T. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U)
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (step U V) note SU = this(1) and UV = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 consider (confl) T where propagate^{**} S T and conflict T U
   | (propa) propagate** S U using IH by auto
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case confl
     then have False using UV by auto
     then show ?thesis by fast
   next
     case propa
```

```
also have conflict U \ V \ v propagate U \ V using UV by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
     ultimately show ?thesis by force
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-cp S U
 and cls-f: no-clause-is-false S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level U
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} D
 assume confl: conflicting U = Some D and
   D: D \neq \{\#\}
  consider (CT) conflicting S = None \mid (SD) D' where conflicting S = Some D'
   by (cases conflicting S) auto
  then show \exists L \in \#D. get-level (trail U) L = backtrack-lvl U
   proof cases
     case SD
     then have S = U
      by (metis (no-types) assms(1) \ cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty full-def rtranclpD tranclpD)
     then show ?thesis using assms(3) confl D by blast-
   next
     case CT
     have init-clss U = init-clss S and learned-clss U = learned-clss S
      using assms(1) unfolding full-def
        apply (metis (no-types) rtranclpD tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss)
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) assms(1) full-def rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv)
     obtain T where propagate^{**} S T and TU: conflict T U
      proof -
        have f5: U \neq S
          using confl CT by force
        then have cdcl_W-cp^{++} S U
          by (metis full full-def rtranclpD)
        have \bigwedge p pa. \neg propagate p pa \lor conflicting pa =
          (None::'v literal multiset option)
          by auto
        then show ?thesis
          using f5 that tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[OF (cdcl_W-cp<sup>++</sup> SU)]
          full confl CT unfolding full-def by auto
      qed
     have init-clss T = init-clss S and learned-clss T = learned-clss S
      \mathbf{using} \ TU \ \langle init\text{-}clss \ U = init\text{-}clss \ S \rangle \ \langle learned\text{-}clss \ U = learned\text{-}clss \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
     then have D \in \# clauses S
      using TU confl by (fastforce simp: clauses-def)
     then have \neg trail S \models as CNot D
      using cls-f CT by simp
     moreover
      obtain M where tr-U: trail U = M @ trail S and nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is-marked m
        by (metis\ (mono-tags,\ lifting)\ assms(1)\ full-def\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail)
      have trail U \models as \ CNot \ D
        using TU confl by auto
     ultimately obtain L where L \in \# D and -L \in lits-of M
      unfolding tr-U CNot-def true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by auto
```

```
moreover have inv-U: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv\ full\ full\text{-}unfold\ lev})
 moreover
   have backtrack-lvl\ U = backtrack-lvl\ S
     using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-backtrack-lvl)
 moreover
   have no-dup (trail\ U)
     using inv-U unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
    \{ \text{ fix } x :: ('v, nat, 'v \ literal \ multiset) \ marked-lit \ \text{and} \}
       xb :: ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit
     assume a1: atm\text{-}of\ L = atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ xb)
     moreover assume a2: -L = lit - of x
     moreover assume a3: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) ' set M
       \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) \ `set \ (trail \ S) = \{\}
     moreover assume a \not= x \in set M
     moreover assume a5: xb \in set (trail S)
     moreover have atm\text{-}of (-L) = atm\text{-}of L
       by auto
     ultimately have False
       by auto
   then have LS: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ ' lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)
     using \langle -L \in lits\text{-}of M \rangle \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ U) \rangle unfolding tr\text{-}U \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}def by auto
 ultimately have get-level (trail U) L = backtrack-lvl U
   proof (cases get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) \neq [], goal-cases)
     case 2 note LD = this(1) and LM = this(2) and inv - U = this(3) and US = this(4) and
       LS = this(5) and ne = this(6)
     have backtrack-lvl\ S = 0
       using lev ne unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     moreover have get-rev-level (rev M) 0 L = 0
       using nm by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using LS ne US unfolding tr-U
       by (simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked lits-of-def)
   next
     case 1 note LD = this(1) and LM = this(2) and inv - U = this(3) and US = this(4) and
       LS = this(5) and ne = this(6)
     have hd (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) = backtrack-lvl S
       using ne lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
       by (cases get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) auto
     moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\ M
       using \langle -L \in lits-of M \rangle by (simp\ add:\ atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
         lits-of-def)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using nm ne unfolding tr-U
       using get-level-skip-beginning-hd-get-all-levels-of-marked[OF LS, of M]
          qet-level-skip-in-all-not-marked[of rev M L backtrack-lvl S]
       unfolding lits-of-def US
       by auto
 then show \exists L \in \#D. get-level (trail U) L = backtrack-lvl U
   using \langle L \in \# D \rangle by blast
qed
```

17.6.4 Literal of highest level in marked literals

```
definition mark-is-false-with-level :: 'st <math>\Rightarrow bool where
mark-is-false-with-level S' \equiv
 \forall D \ M1 \ M2 \ L. \ M1 \ @ \ Propagated \ L \ D \# \ M2 = trail \ S' \longrightarrow D - \{\#L\#\} \neq \{\#\}
    \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# \ D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = get\text{-maximum-possible-level } M1)
definition no-more-propagation-to-do:: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
no-more-propagation-to-do S \equiv
 \forall D \ M \ M' \ L. \ D + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ clauses \ S \longrightarrow trail \ S = M' @ M \longrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ D
    \longrightarrow undefined-lit M \ L \longrightarrow get-maximum-possible-level M < backtrack-lvl S
   \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# \ D \land get\text{-level (trail S)} \ L = get\text{-maximum-possible-level M)}
{f lemma}\ propagate-no-more-propagation-to-do:
 assumes propagate: propagate S S'
 and H: no-more-propagation-to-do S
 and M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
 using assms
proof -
  obtain M N U k C L where
   S: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, None) and
   S': state S' = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None) and
    C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \text{ and }
   M \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit ML
   using propagate by auto
 let ?M' = Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M
 show ?thesis unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix D M1 M2 L'
     assume D-L: D + \{\#L'\#\} \in \# clauses S'
     and trail S' = M2 @ M1
     and get-max: get-maximum-possible-level M1 < backtrack-lvl S'
     and M1 \models as \ CNot \ D
     and undef: undefined-lit M1 L'
     have the M2 @ M1 = trail S \vee (M2 = [] \wedge M1 = Propagated L ((C + {\#L\#})) \# M)
       using \langle trail \ S' = M2 \ @ M1 \rangle \ S' \ S by (cases M2) auto
     moreover {
       assume tl M2 @ M1 = trail S
       moreover have D + \{\#L'\#\} \in \# clauses S using D-L S S' unfolding clauses-def by auto
       moreover have get-maximum-possible-level M1 < backtrack-lvl S
         using get-max S S' by auto
       ultimately obtain L' where L' \in \# D and
         get-level (trail S) L' = get-maximum-possible-level M1
         using H (M1 \models as \ CNot \ D) undef unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def by metis
       moreover
         { have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
            using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF - M] cdcl_W.propagate[OF propagate] by blast
           then have no-dup ?M' using S' unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
          moreover
            have atm\text{-}of L' \in atm\text{-}of ' (lits-of M1)
              using \langle L' \in \# D \rangle \langle M1 \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by (metis atm-of-uninus image-eqI
                in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
```

```
then have atm\text{-}of\ L'\in\ atm\text{-}of\ `(\ lits\text{-}of\ M)
             using \langle tl \ M2 \ @ \ M1 = trail \ S \rangle \ S \ by \ auto
          ultimately have atm\text{-}of L \neq atm\text{-}of L' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
      ultimately have \exists L' \in \# D. get-level (trail S') L' = get-maximum-possible-level M1
        using S S' by auto
     moreover {
      assume M2 = [] and M1: M1 = Propagated L ((C + {\#L\#})) \# M
      have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
        using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF - M] cdcl_W.propagate[OF propagate] by blast
      then have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S') = rev ([Suc 0..<(Suc \ 0+k)])
        using S' unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
      then have get-maximum-possible-level M1 = backtrack-lvl S'
        using qet-maximum-possible-level-max-qet-all-levels-of-marked[of M1] S' M1
        by (auto intro: Max-eqI)
      then have False using get-max by auto
     ultimately show \exists L. L \in \# D \land get-level (trail S') L = get-maximum-possible-level M1 by fast
  qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict-no-more-propagation-to-do:
 assumes conflict: conflict S S'
 and H: no-more-propagation-to-do S
 and M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
 using assms unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def conflict.simps by force
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-propagation-to-do:
 assumes conflict: cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and H: no-more-propagation-to-do S
 and M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
 using assms
 proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict' S S')
 then show ?case using conflict-no-more-propagation-to-do[of S S'] by blast
next
 case (propagate' S S') note S = this
 show 1: no-more-propagation-to-do S'
   using propagate-no-more-propagation-to-do[of SS'] S by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
 assumes
   o: cdcl_W-o S S' and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. \ cdcl_W-stgy SS'
proof -
 obtain S'' where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ S''
    \textbf{using} \ always-exists-full-cdcl_W-cp-step \ alien \ cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv \ cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss 
    o other lev by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv)
 then show ?thesis
```

```
using assms by (metis always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.conflict' full-unfold other')
qed
lemma backtrack-no-decomp:
 assumes S: state S = (M, N, U, k, Some (D + \{\#L\#\}))
 and L: get-level M L = k
 and D: get-maximum-level M D < k
 and M-L: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. \ cdcl_W \text{-}o \ S \ S'
proof
 have L-D: get-level M L = get-maximum-level M (D + \{\#L\#\})
   using L D by (simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
 let ?i = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ D
 obtain K M1 M2 where K: (Marked\ K\ (?i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition
M
   using backtrack-ex-decomp[OF M-L, of ?i] D S by auto
 show ?thesis using backtrack-rule[OF S K L L-D] by (meson bj cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps state-eq-ref)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive:
 assumes termi: \forall S'. \neg cdcl_W \text{-stgy } S S'
 and decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S
 and level-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 and alien: no-strange-atm S
 and no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S
 and confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 and confl-k: conflict-is-false-with-level S
 shows (conflicting S = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S)))
       \vee (conflicting S = None \wedge trail S \models as set\text{-mset} (init\text{-}clss S))
proof -
 let ?M = trail S
 let ?N = init\text{-}clss S
 let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
 let ?U = learned\text{-}clss S
 have conflicting S = Some \{\#\}
       \vee conflicting S = None
       \vee (\exists D \ L. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
   apply (cases conflicting S, auto)
   by (rename-tac C, case-tac C, auto)
  moreover {
   assume conflicting S = Some \{ \# \}
   then have unsatisfiable (set\text{-}mset (init\text{-}clss S))
     using assms(3) unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def true-clss-cls-def
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) Un-insert-right atms-of-empty satisfiable-def
       sup-bot.right-neutral total-over-m-insert total-over-set-empty true-cls-empty)
  }
 moreover {
   assume conflicting S = None
   { assume \neg ?M \models asm ?N
     have atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ ?M) = atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ ?N (is ?A = ?B)
        show ?A \subseteq ?B using alien unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
        show ?B \subseteq ?A
          proof (rule ccontr)
```

```
assume \neg ?B \subseteq ?A
           then obtain l where l \in ?B and l \notin ?A by auto
           then have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
             using \langle l \notin ?A \rangle unfolding lits-of-def by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
           then have \exists S'. \ cdcl_W \text{-}o \ S \ S'
             using cdcl_W-o.decide\ decide.intros\ (l \in ?B)\ no-strange-atm-def
             by (metis \langle conflicting S = None \rangle \ literal.sel(1) \ state-eq-def)
           then show False
             using termi\ cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step[OF - alien] level-inv by blast
       qed
     obtain D where \neg ?M \models a D \text{ and } D \in \# ?N
        using \langle \neg ?M \models asm ?N \rangle unfolding lits-of-def true-annots-def Ball-def by auto
     have atms-of D \subseteq atm-of ' (lits-of ?M)
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle D \in \# \ ?N \rangle \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \langle atm\text{-}of \ `(lits\text{-}of \ ?M) = atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu \ ?N \rangle \ atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\text{-}def
       by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
     then have a1: atm-of 'set-mset D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)
       by (auto simp add: atms-of-def lits-of-def)
     have total-over-m (lits-of ?M) \{D\}
       using \langle atms-of\ D\subseteq atm-of\ `(lits-of\ ?M)\rangle atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
       by (fastforce simp: total-over-set-def)
     then have ?M \models as \ CNot \ D
       \mathbf{using} \ total\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}CNot \ } \ (\neg \ trail \ S \models a \ D) \ true\text{-}annot\text{-}def
       true-annots-true-cls by fastforce
     then have False
       proof -
         obtain S' where
           f2: full\ cdcl_W-cp S\ S'
           by (meson alien always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step level-inv)
         then have S' = S
           using cdcl_W-stgy.conflict'[of S] by (metis (no-types) full-unfold termi)
         then show ?thesis
           using f2 \langle D \in \# init\text{-}clss S \rangle \langle conflicting S = None \rangle \langle trail S \models as CNot D \rangle
           clauses-def full-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss by auto
       qed
 then have ?M \models asm ?N by blast
moreover {
 assume \exists D \ L. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ (D + \{\#L\#\})
 then obtain D L where LD: conflicting S = Some (D + \#L\#) and lev-L: get-level ?M L = R
    by (metis (mono-tags) bex-msetE confl-k insert-DiffM2 multi-self-add-other-not-self
      union-eq-empty)
 let ?D = D + \{\#L\#\}
 have ?D \neq \{\#\} by auto
 have ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D \ using \ confl \ LD \ unfolding \ cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
 then have ?M \neq [] unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by force
  { have M: ?M = hd ?M \# tl ?M using (?M \neq []) list.collapse by fastforce}
   assume marked: is-marked (hd?M)
   then obtain k' where k': k' + 1 = ?k
     using level-inv M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
     by (cases hd (trail S); cases trail S) auto
   obtain L' l' where L': hd ?M = Marked L' l' using marked by (cases hd ?M) auto
   have marked-hd-tl: get-all-levels-of-marked (hd (trail S) # tl (trail S))
     = rev [1..<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)]
```

```
using level-inv lev-L M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def M[symmetric]
 by blast
then have l'-tl: l' \# get-all-levels-of-marked (<math>tl ? M)
 = rev [1..<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)] unfolding L' by simp
moreover have ... = length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)
 \# rev [1..< length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)]
 using M Suc-le-mono calculation by (fastforce simp add: upt.simps(2))
finally have
 l' = ?k and
 g-r: get-all-levels-of-marked (tl (trail S))
   = rev [1..< length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))]
 using level-inv lev-L M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
have *: \bigwedge list. no-dup list \Longrightarrow
     -L \in \mathit{lits}	ext{-}\mathit{of}\;\mathit{list} \Longrightarrow \mathit{atm}	ext{-}\mathit{of}\;L \in \mathit{atm}	ext{-}\mathit{of}\; ' \mathit{lits}	ext{-}\mathit{of}\;\mathit{list}
 by (metis atm-of-uminus imageI)
have L' = -L
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   moreover have -L \in lits-of ?M using confl LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
   ultimately have get-level (hd (trail S) # tl (trail S)) L = get-level (tl ?M) L
     using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(1)[OF level-inv] unfolding L' consistent-interp-def
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) L' M atm-of-eq-atm-of get-level-skip-beginning insert-iff
       lits-of-cons marked-lit.sel(1))
   moreover
     have length (qet\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked\ (trail\ S)) = ?k
       using level-inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have Max (set (0 \# get\text{-all-levels-of-marked} (tl (trail S)))) = ?k - 1
       unfolding g-r by (auto simp add: Max-n-upt)
     then have get-level (tl ?M) L < ?k
      using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level[of tl ?M L]
      by (metis One-nat-def add.right-neutral add-Suc-right diff-add-inverse2
        get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked k' le-imp-less-Suc
        list.simps(15)
   finally show False using lev-L M by auto
 qed
have L: hd ?M = Marked (-L) ?k using \langle l' = ?k \rangle \langle L' = -L \rangle L' by auto
have g-a-l: get-all-levels-of-marked ?M = rev [1..<1 + ?k]
 using level-inv lev-L M unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
have g-k: get-maximum-level (trail S) D \leq ?k
 using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[of ?M]
   get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked [of ?M]
 by (auto simp add: Max-n-upt g-a-l)
have get-maximum-level (trail S) D < ?k
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have get-maximum-level (trail S) D = ?k using M g-k unfolding L by auto
   then obtain L' where L' \in \# D and L-k: get-level ?M L' = ?k
     using get-maximum-level-exists-lit [of ?k ?M D] unfolding k'[symmetric] by auto
   have L \neq L' using no-dup \langle L' \in \# D \rangle
     unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def LD by (metis add.commute add-eq-self-zero
       count-single count-union less-not-refl3 distinct-mset-def union-single-eq-member)
   have L' = -L
     proof (rule ccontr)
```

```
\mathbf{assume} \ \neg \ ?thesis
         then have get-level ?M L' = get-level (tl ?M) L'
          using M \langle L \neq L' \rangle get-level-skip-beginning[of L' hd? M tl? M] unfolding L
          by (auto simp: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
         moreover have \dots < ?k
          proof -
            { assume a1: get-level (tl (trail S)) L' = backtrack-lvl S
              assume a2: rev (get-all-levels-of-marked (tl (trail S))) =
                [Suc \ 0..< backtrack-lvl \ S]
              have k' + Suc \ \theta = backtrack-lvl \ S
                using k' by presburger
              then have False
                using a2 a1 by (metis (no-types) Max-n-upt Zero-neq-Suc add-diff-cancel-left'
                  add-diff-cancel-right' diff-is-0-eq
                  qet-all-levels-of-marked-rev-eq-rev-qet-all-levels-of-marked
                  get\text{-}rev\text{-}level\text{-}less\text{-}max\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked\ list.set(2)\ set\text{-}upt)
            then show ?thesis
              using g-r get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked[of rev (tl?M) 0 L]
              l'-tl calculation[symmetric] g-a-l L-k
              by (auto simp: Max-n-upt cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def rev-swap[symmetric])
           qed
        finally show False using L-k by simp
     then have taut: tautology (D + \{\#L\#\})
       using \langle L' \in \# D \rangle by (metis add.commute mset-leD mset-le-add-left multi-member-this
         tautology-minus)
     have consistent-interp (lits-of ?M)
       using level-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
       using taut by (metis (no-types) \langle L' = -L \rangle \langle L' \in \# D \rangle add.commute consistent-interp-def
         in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) mset-leD mset-le-add-left multi-member-this)
     moreover have ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
       using confl no-dup LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
     ultimately show False by blast
   qed
 then have False
   using backtrack-no-decomp[OF - \langle qet\text{-}level \ (trail \ S) \ L = backtrack-lvl \ S \rangle - level\text{-}inv]
   LD alien termi by (metis cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step level-inv)
}
moreover {
 assume \neg is-marked (hd ?M)
 then obtain L' C where L'C: hd ?M = Propagated L' C by (cases hd ?M, auto)
 then have M: ?M = Propagated L' C \# tl ?M \text{ using } (?M \neq []) list.collapse by fastforce
 then obtain C' where C': C = C' + \{\#L'\#\}
   using confl unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by (metis append-Nil diff-single-eq-union)
  { assume -L' \notin \# ?D
   then have False
     using bi|OF \ cdcl_W - bj.skip|OF \ skip-rule|OF - \langle -L' \notin \# ?D \rangle \ (?D \neq \{\#\}), \ of \ S \ C \ tl \ (trail \ S) -
     termi\ M\ \mathbf{by}\ (metis\ LD\ alien\ cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step state-eq-def level-inv)
 moreover {
   assume -L' \in \# ?D
   then obtain D' where D': ?D = D' + \{\#-L'\#\} by (metis insert-DiffM2)
```

```
have g-r: get-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated L' C \# tl \ (trail \ S))
 = rev [Suc \ 0.. < Suc \ (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ (trail \ S)))]
 using level-inv M unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
have Max (insert 0 (set (get-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated L' C \# tl (trail S))))) = ?k
 using level-inv M unfolding g-r cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def set-rev
 by (auto simp add:Max-n-upt)
then have get-maximum-level (Propagated L' C # tl ?M) D' \leq ?k
 using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[of Propagated L' C \# tl ?M]
 unfolding get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked by auto
then have get-maximum-level (Propagated L' C # tl ?M) D' = ?k
 \vee get-maximum-level (Propagated L' C # tl ?M) D' < ?k
 using le-neq-implies-less by blast
moreover {
 assume g-D'-k: get-maximum-level (Propagated L' C # tl ?M) D' = ?k
 have False
   proof -
     have f1: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' = backtrack-lvl S
      using M q-D'-k by auto
     have (trail S, init-clss S, learned-clss S, backtrack-lvl S, Some (D + \{\#L\#\}))
       = state S
      by (metis (no-types) LD)
     then have cdcl_W-o S (update-conflicting (Some (D' \#\cup C')) (tl-trail S))
       using f1 bj[OF cdcl_W-bj.resolve[OF resolve-rule] of S L' C' tl?M?N?U?k D'[]]
       C'D'M by (metis\ state-eq-def)
     then show ?thesis
      by (meson\ alien\ cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step termi\ level-inv)
   qed
}
moreover {
 assume get-maximum-level (Propagated L' C # tl ?M) D' < ?k
 then have False
   proof -
     assume a1: get-maximum-level (Propagated L' C \# tl (trail S)) D' < backtrack-lvl S
     obtain mm :: 'v literal multiset and ll :: 'v literal where
      f2: conflicting S = Some (mm + {\#ll\#})
          qet-level (trail S) ll = backtrack-lvl S
      using LD \langle qet\text{-}level \ (trail \ S) \ L = backtrack\text{-}lvl \ S \rangle by blast
     then have f3: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' \leq \text{get-level} (trail S) ll
       using M a1 by force
     have lev-neq: get-level (trail S) ll \neq get-maximum-level (trail S) D'
      using f2 \ M \ calculation(2) by presburger
     have f1: trail S = Propagated L' C \# tl (trail S)
        conflicting S = Some (D' + \{\#-L'\#\})
       using D' LD M by force+
     have f2: conflicting S = Some \ (mm + \{\#ll\#\})
        get-level (trail S) ll = backtrack-lvl S
      using f2 by force+
     have ll = -L'
      by (metis (no-types) D' LD lev-neg option.inject f2 f3 le-antisym
        get-maximum-level-ge-get-level insert-noteq-member)
     then show ?thesis
       using f2 f1 M backtrack-no-decomp[of S]
       by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ a1\ alien\ cdcl_W\text{-}then\text{-}exists\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ level-inv\ termi)}
   \mathbf{qed}
}
```

```
ultimately have False by blast
     ultimately have False by blast
   ultimately have False by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
  apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
  \textbf{by} \ (meson \ cdcl_W. conflict \ cdcl_W. propagate \ tranclp. r-into-trancl \ tranclp. trancl-into-trancl) +
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - cp^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
  apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
   apply (simp add: cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W)
   by (meson\ cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-trans)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case
  unfolding full1-def by (simp add: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
next
 case (other' S' S'')
 then have S' = S'' \vee cdcl_W - cp^{++} S' S''
   by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold full-def)
 then show ?case
   using other' by (meson\ cdcl_W.other\ cdcl_W-axioms\ tranclp.r-into-trancl
     tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-trans)
qed
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stqy^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
  apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  using cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W apply blast
  by (meson\ cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
  using rtranclp-unfold[of\ cdcl_W\ -stgy\ S\ S']\ tranclp-cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -tranclp-cdcl_W[of\ S\ S']\ by auto
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-false-with-level-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   confl-inv: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   n-d: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
```

```
case (resolve L C M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and confl = this(2) and T = this(4)
have -L \notin H D using n-d confl unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-def by auto
moreover have L \notin \# D
   proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?thesis
      moreover have Propagated L(C + \{\#L\#\}) \# M \models as \ CNot \ D
         using conflicting conflicting
      ultimately have -L \in lits-of (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M)
         using in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
      moreover have no-dup (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M)
         using lev tr-S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
      ultimately show False unfolding lits-of-def by (metis consistent-interp-def image-eqI
         list.set-intros(1)\ lits-of-def\ marked-lit.sel(2)\ distinct consistent-interp)
   qed
ultimately
   have g-D: get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}) \# M) D
      = qet-maximum-level M D
   proof -
      have \forall a \ f \ L. \ ((a::'v) \in f \ `L) = (\exists \ l. \ (l::'v \ literal) \in L \land a = f \ l)
         by blast
      then show ?thesis
         using get-maximum-level-skip-first [of L D (C + \#L\#) M] unfolding atms-of-def
         by (metis\ (no\text{-}types) \leftarrow L \notin \# D) \land L \notin \# D) \land atm\text{-}of\text{-}eq\text{-}atm\text{-}of\ mem\text{-}set\text{-}mset\text{-}iff})
   qed
{ assume
      get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\}) \# M) D = backtrack-lvl S and
      backtrack-lvl S > 0
   then have D: qet-maximum-level MD = backtrack-lvl S unfolding q-D by blast
   then have ?case
      using tr-S (backtrack-lvl S > 0) get-maximum-level-exists-lit[of backtrack-lvl S M D] T
      by auto
}
moreover {
   \mathbf{assume}\ [\mathit{simp}] \colon \mathit{backtrack-lvl}\ S = \ \theta
   have \bigwedge L. get-level M L = 0
      proof -
         \mathbf{fix} \ L
         have atm\text{-}of\ L \notin atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\ M) \Longrightarrow get\text{-}level\ M\ L = 0 by auto
         moreover {
            assume atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\ M)
            have g-r: get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc \ 0.. < Suc \ (backtrack-lvl \ S)]
               using lev tr-S unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
            have Max (insert \ 0 \ (set \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M))) = (backtrack-lvl \ S)
               unfolding g-r by (simp \ add: Max-n-upt)
            then have get-level ML = 0
               using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level[of M L]
               unfolding qet-maximum-possible-level-max-qet-all-levels-of-marked by auto
         }
         ultimately show get-level ML = 0 by blast
      qed
   then have ?case using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[of D\#\cup CM] tr-S T
      by (auto simp: Bex-mset-def)
ultimately show ?case using resolve.hyps(3) by blast
```

```
next
  case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D\ T) note tr\text{-}S = this(1) and D = this(2) and T = this(5)
  then obtain La where La \in \# D and get-level (Propagated L C' \# M) La = backtrack-lvl S
   using skip confl-inv by auto
  moreover
   have atm-of La \neq atm-of L
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume \neg ?thesis
      then have La: La = L \text{ using } \langle La \in \# D \rangle \langle -L \notin \# D \rangle \text{ by } (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
      have Propagated L C' \# M \modelsas CNot D
        using conflicting tr-S D unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
       then have -L \in lits-of M
        using \langle La \in \# D \rangle in-CNot-implies-uninus(2)[of D L Propagated L C' \# M] unfolding La
        by auto
       then show False using lev tr-S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def consistent-interp-def by auto
     qed
   then have get-level (Propagated L C' \# M) La = get-level M La by auto
 ultimately show ?case using D tr-S T by auto
qed (auto split: split-if-asm simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
17.6.5
          Strong completeness
lemma cdcl_W-cp-propagate-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S T
 shows propagate^{**} S T \lor (\exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \land conflict S' T)
 using assms by induction blast+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S T
 shows propagate^{**} S T \lor (\exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \land conflict S' T)
 by (simp add: assms rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness:
 assumes MN: set M \models s set-mset N and
  cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
  tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ (set \ M) \ (set\text{-}mset \ N) \ \mathbf{and}
  lits-of (trail\ S) \subseteq set\ M and
  init-clss S = N and
 propagate** S S' and
 learned-clss S = {\#}
 shows length (trail S) \leq length (trail S') \wedge lits-of (trail S') \subseteq set M
 using assms(6,4,5,7)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (step \ Y \ Z)
 note st = this(1) and propa = this(2) and IH = this(3) and lits' = this(4) and NS = this(5) and
   learned = this(6)
  then have len: length (trail S) \leq length (trail Y) and LM: lits-of (trail Y) \subseteq set M
    by blast+
 obtain M'N'UkCL where
   Y: state \ Y = (M', N', U, k, None) and
   Z: state Z = (Propagated \ L \ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \ \# \ M', \ N', \ U, \ k, \ None) and
   C: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses \ Y \ and
```

```
M'-C: M' \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit (trail\ Y)\ L
   using propa by auto
 have init-clss S = init-clss Y
   using st by induction auto
 then have [simp]: N' = N using NS Y Z by simp
 have learned-clss Y = \{\#\}
   using st learned by induction auto
 then have [simp]: U = {\#} using Y by auto
 have set M \models s \ CNot \ C
   using M'-C LM Y unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def true-cls-def
   by force
 moreover
   have set M \models C + \{\#L\#\}
     using MN C learned Y unfolding true-clss-def clauses-def
     by (metis NS (init-clss S = init-clss Y) (learned-clss Y = \{\#\}) add.right-neutral
      mem-set-mset-iff)
 ultimately have L \in set M by (simp \ add: cons \ consistent-CNot-not)
 then show ?case using LM len Y Z by auto
qed
lemma completeness-is-a-full1-propagation:
 fixes S :: 'st and M :: 'v literal list
 assumes MN: set M \models s set-mset N
 and cons: consistent-interp (set M)
 and tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset N)
 and alien: no-strange-atm S
 and learned: learned-clss S = \{\#\}
 and clsS[simp]: init-clss\ S = N
 and lits: lits-of (trail S) \subseteq set M
 shows \exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \wedge full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S S'
proof -
 obtain S' where full: full cdcl_W-cp S S'
   using always-exists-full-cdcl_W-cp-step alien by blast
 then consider (propa) propagate** S S'
   \mid (confl) \exists X. propagate^{**} S X \land conflict X S'
   using rtranclp-cdclw-cp-propagate-confl unfolding full-def by blast
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case propa then show ?thesis using full by blast
   next
     case confl
     then obtain X where
      X: propagate^{**} S X  and
      Xconf: conflict X S'
     by blast
     have clsX: init-clss\ X = init-clss\ S
      using X by induction auto
     have learnedX: learned-clss X = \{\#\} using X learned by induction auto
     obtain E where
      E: E \in \# init\text{-}clss \ X + learned\text{-}clss \ X \ \mathbf{and}
      Not-E: trail\ X \models as\ CNot\ E
      using Xconf by (auto simp add: conflict.simps clauses-def)
     have lits-of (trail X) \subseteq set M
      using cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness [OF assms(1-3) lits - X learned] learned by auto
```

```
then have MNE: set M \models s \ CNot \ E
       using Not-E
       by (fastforce simp add: true-annots-def true-annot-def true-clss-def true-cls-def)
     have \neg set M \models s set-mset N
        using E consistent-CNot-not[OF cons MNE]
        unfolding learnedX true-clss-def unfolding clsX clsS by auto
     then show ?thesis using MN by blast
   \mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{qed}
See also cdcl_W - cp^{**} ?S ?S' \Longrightarrow \exists M. trail ?S' = M @ trail ?S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l)
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-trail-append:
 propagate^{**} S T \Longrightarrow \exists c. trail T = c @ trail S
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail:
  propagate^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \Longrightarrow T \sim delete-trail-and-rebuild (trail T) S
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 {f case}\ base
 then show ?case unfolding state-eq-def by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp state-access-simp)
next
 case (step\ T\ U) note IH=this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 moreover have cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv \langle propagate^{**} S T \rangle \langle propagate T U \rangle
   rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W]\ cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv\ propagate'
   rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.prems by blast
   then have no-dup (trail U) unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
  ultimately show ?case using \langle propagate \ T \ U \rangle unfolding state\text{-}eq\text{-}def
   by (fastforce simp: state-access-simp)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness-n:
 assumes
   MN: set M \models s set\text{-}mset N  and
   cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
   tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset N) and
   atm-incl: atm-of ' (set M) \subseteq atms-of-msu N and
   \mathit{distM} \colon \mathit{distinct}\ \mathit{M}\ \mathbf{and}
   length: n \leq length M
 shows
   \exists M' \ k \ S. \ length \ M' \geq n \ \land
     lits-of M' \subseteq set M \land
     no-dup M' \land
     S \sim update-backtrack-lvl \ k \ (append-trail \ (rev \ M') \ (init-state \ N)) \ \land
     cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) S
 using length
proof (induction n)
 have update-backtrack-lvl 0 (append-trail (rev []) (init-state N)) \sim init-state N
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
  moreover have
   0 \leq length [] and
   lits-of [] \subseteq set M and
   cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) (init-state N)
   and no-dup
```

```
by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
ultimately show ?case using state-eq-sym by blast
case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and n = this(2)
then obtain M' k S where
 l-M': length <math>M' \geq n and
 M': lits-of M' \subseteq set M and
 n\text{-}d[simp]: no-dup M' and
 S: S \sim update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ (append-trail\ (rev\ M')\ (init-state\ N)) and
 st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state\ N)\ S
 by auto
have
  M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
 alien: no-strange-atm S
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W[OF st]]
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv[OF\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W[OF\ st]]
   S unfolding state-eq-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def no-strange-atm-def by auto
{ assume no-step: \neg no-step propagate S
 obtain S' where S': propagate^{**} S S' and full: full cdcl_W-cp S S'
   \mathbf{using}\ completeness\text{-}is\text{-}a\text{-}full1\text{-}propagation[OF\ assms(1-3),\ of\ S]\ alien\ M'\ S
   by (auto simp: state-access-simp)
 have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using MS' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
 then have n-d'[simp]: no-dup (trail S')
   unfolding cdclw-M-level-inv-def by auto
 have length (trail\ S) \leq length\ (trail\ S') \wedge lits-of (trail\ S') \subseteq set\ M
   using S' full cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness [OF assms(1-3), of S] M' S
   by (auto simp: state-access-simp)
 moreover
   have full: full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
     using full no-step no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate(2) unfolding full1-def full-def
     rtranclp-unfold by blast
   then have cdcl_W-stgy S S' by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_W-stgy.conflict')
 moreover
   have propa: propagate^{++} S S' using S' full unfolding full1-def by (metis rtranclpD tranclpD)
   have trail S = M' using S by (auto simp: state-access-simp)
   with propa have length (trail S') > n
     using l-M' propa by (induction rule: tranclp.induct) auto
 moreover
   have stS': cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state N) S'
     using st\ cdcl_W-stgy.conflict'[OF\ full] by auto
   then have init-clss S' = N using stS' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss by fastforce
 moreover
   have
     [simp]: learned-clss\ S' = \{\#\} and
     [simp]: init-clss S' = init-clss S and
     [simp]: conflicting S' = None
     using tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF \langle propagate^{++} S S' \rangle] S
     rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail[of S S'] S M unfolding state-eq-def
     by (auto simp: state-access-simp)
   have S-S': S' \sim update-backtrack-lvl \ (backtrack-lvl \ S')
     (append-trail\ (rev\ (trail\ S'))\ (init-state\ N))\ \mathbf{using}\ S
     by (auto simp: state-eq-def state-access-simp simp del: state-simp)
   have cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state (init-clss S')) S'
```

```
apply (rule rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
    using st unfolding (init-clss S' = N) apply simp
    using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}stgy \ S \ S' \rangle by simp
 ultimately have ?case
   apply -
   apply (rule exI[of - trail S'], rule exI[of - backtrack-lvl S'], rule exI[of - S'])
   using S-S' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
}
moreover {
 assume no-step: no-step propagate S
 have ?case
   proof (cases length M' \geq Suc \ n)
    case True
    then show ?thesis using l-M'M' st M alien S by fastforce
   next
    {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
    then have n': length M' = n using l-M' by auto
    have no-confl: no-step conflict S
      proof -
        { fix D
         assume D \in \# N and M' \models as \ CNot \ D
         then have set M \models D using MN unfolding true-clss-def by auto
         moreover have set M \models s \ CNot \ D
           using \langle M' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ M'
           by (metis le-iff-sup true-annots-true-cls true-clss-union-increase)
         ultimately have False using cons consistent-CNot-not by blast
        then show ?thesis using S by (auto simp: conflict.simps true-clss-def state-access-simp)
    have lenM: length M = card (set M) using distM by (induction M) auto
    have no-dup M' using S M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
    then have card (lits-of M') = length M'
      by (induction M') (auto simp add: lits-of-def card-insert-if)
    then have lits-of M' \subset set M
      using n M' n' len M by auto
    then obtain m where m: m \in set M and undef-m: m \notin lits-of M' by auto
    moreover have undef: undefined-lit M' m
      using M' Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of calculation (1,2) cons
      consistent-interp-def by blast
    moreover have atm-of m \in atms-of-msu (init-clss S)
      using atm-incl calculation S by (auto simp: state-access-simp)
    ultimately
      have dec: decide S (cons-trail (Marked m (k+1)) (incr-lvl S))
        using decide.intros[of\ S\ rev\ M'\ N\ -\ k\ m]
          cons-trail (Marked m (k + 1)) (incr-lvl S)] S
        by (auto simp: state-access-simp)
    let S' = cons-trail (Marked m(k+1)) (incr-lvl S)
    have lits-of (trail ?S') \subseteq set M using m M' S undef by (auto simp: state-access-simp)
    moreover have no-strange-atm ?S'
      using alien dec M by (meson cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv decide other)
    ultimately obtain S'' where S'': propagate^{**} ?S' S'' and full: full cdcl_W-cp ?S' S''
      using completeness-is-a-full1-propagation [OF assms(1-3), of ?S'] S undef
      by (auto simp: state-access-simp)
    have cdcl_W-M-level-inv ?S'
      using M dec rtranclp-mono[of\ decide\ cdcl_W] by (meson\ cdcl_W-consistent-inv\ decide\ other)
```

```
then have lev'': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S''
         using S'' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
       then have n-d'': no-dup (trail S'')
         unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
       have length (trail ?S') \leq length (trail S'') \wedge lits-of (trail S'') \subseteq set M
         using S'' full cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness [OF assms(1-3), of S' S'] m M'S undef
         by (simp add: state-access-simp)
       then have Suc n \leq length (trail S'') \wedge lits-of (trail S'') \subseteq set M
         using l-M' S undef by (auto simp: state-access-simp)
       moreover
         have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (cons-trail (Marked m (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)))
           (update-backtrack-lvl (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)) S))
          using S (cdcl_W - M - level - inv (cons-trail (Marked m (k + 1)) (incr-lvl S))) by auto
         then have S'': S'' \sim update-backtrack-lvl (backtrack-lvl <math>S'')
           (append-trail\ (rev\ (trail\ S''))\ (init-state\ N))
          using rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail[OF S''] S undef n-d'' lev''
          by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def state-access-simp)
         then have cdcl_W-stqy** (init-state N) S''
           using cdcl_W-stgy.intros(2)[OF decide[OF dec] - full] no-step no-confl st
          by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
       ultimately show ?thesis using S'' n-d'' by blast
     qed
  }
 ultimately show ?case by blast
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness:
 assumes MN: set M \models s set-mset N
 and cons: consistent-interp (set M)
 and tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset N)
 and atm-incl: atm-of '(set M) \subseteq atms-of-msu N
 and distM: distinct M
 shows
   \exists M' k S.
     lits-of M' = set M \wedge
     S \sim update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ (append-trail\ (rev\ M')\ (init-state\ N))\ \wedge
     cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state N) S \wedge
     final\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S
proof -
  from cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness-n[OF assms, of length M]
  obtain M' k T where
   l: length M \leq length M' and
   M'-M: lits-of M' \subseteq set M and
   no-dup: no-dup M' and
    T: T \sim update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ (append-trail\ (rev\ M')\ (init-state\ N)) and
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state \ N) \ T
   by auto
 have card (set M) = length M using distM by (simp add: distinct-card)
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv[OF st] T by auto
   then have card (set ((map (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) M'))) = length M'
     using distinct-card no-dup by fastforce
 \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{card} \ (\mathit{lits-of} \ \mathit{M}') = \mathit{card} \ (\mathit{set} \ ((\mathit{map} \ (\lambda \mathit{l.} \ \mathit{atm-of} \ (\mathit{lit-of} \ \mathit{l})) \ \mathit{M}')))
   using no-dup unfolding lits-of-def apply (induction M') by (auto simp add: card-insert-if)
```

```
ultimately have card (set M) \leq card (lits-of M') using l unfolding lits-of-def by auto then have set M = lits-of M' using M'-M card-seteq by blast moreover then have M' \models asm N using MN unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def by auto then have final-cdcl_W-state T using T no-dup unfolding final-cdcl_W-state-def by (auto simp: state-access-simp) ultimately show ?thesis using st T by blast qed
```

17.6.6 No conflict with only variables of level less than backtrack level

This invariant is stronger than the previous argument in the sense that it is a property about all possible conflicts.

```
definition no-smaller-confl (S::'st) \equiv
  (\forall M \ K \ i \ M' \ D. \ M' \ @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ M = trail \ S \longrightarrow D \in \# \ clauses \ S
   \longrightarrow \neg M \models as \ CNot \ D)
lemma no-smaller-confl-init-sate[simp]:
  no-smaller-confl (init-state N) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   max-lev: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   smaller: no-smaller-confl S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms(1,2) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
  case (decide L T) note confl = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have [simp]: clauses T = clauses S
   using T undef by auto
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix M'' K i M' Da
     assume M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail T
     and D: Da \in \# local.clauses T
     then have tl M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail S
      \vee (M'' = [] \wedge Marked \ K \ i \# M' = Marked \ L \ (backtrack-lvl \ S + 1) \# trail \ S)
      using T undef by (cases M'') auto
     moreover {
      assume tl M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail S
      then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da
        using D T undef no-f confl smaller unfolding no-smaller-confl-def smaller by fastforce
     moreover {
      assume Marked K i \# M' = Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1) \# trail S
      then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ no-f \ D \ confl \ T \ by \ auto
     ultimately show \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da by fast
  qed
```

```
next
 then show ?case using smaller no-f max-lev unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
next
  case skip
 then show ?case using smaller no-f max-lev unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
next
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and confl = this(3) and undef = this(6)
   and T = this(7)
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i+1) \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix} \ M \ ia \ K' \ M' \ Da
     assume M' @ Marked K' ia \# M = trail T
     then have tl M' @ Marked K' ia \# M = M1
       using T decomp undef lev by (cases M') (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     assume D: Da \in \# clauses T
     moreover{
       assume Da \in \# clauses S
      then have \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ \langle tl \ M' \ @ \ Marked \ K' \ ia \ \# \ M = M1 \rangle \ M \ confl \ undef \ smaller
        unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
     moreover {
      assume Da: Da = D + \{\#L\#\}
      have \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da
        proof (rule ccontr)
          assume ¬ ?thesis
          then have -L \in lits-of M unfolding Da by auto
          then have -L \in lits-of (Propagated L ((D + {\#L\#})) \# M1)
            using UnI2 \langle tl \ M' \ @ Marked \ K' \ ia \# M = M1 \rangle
            by auto
          moreover
            have backtrack S
              (cons-trail\ (Propagated\ L\ (D+\{\#L\#\}))
                (reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\ M1\ (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\})
                (update-backtrack-lvl \ i \ (update-conflicting \ None \ S)))))
              using backtrack.intros[of S] backtrack.hyps
              by (force simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
            then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv
              (cons-trail\ (Propagated\ L\ (D+\{\#L\#\}))
                (reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\ M1\ (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\}))
                (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ None\ S)))))
              using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF - lev] other[OF bj] by auto
            then have no-dup (Propagated L (D + \{\#L\#\}) \# M1)
              using decomp undef lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
          ultimately show False by (metis consistent-interp-def distinct consistent-interp
            insertCI\ lits-of-cons\ marked-lit.sel(2))
        qed
     ultimately show \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da
       using T undef \langle Da = D + \{\#L\#\} \Longrightarrow \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da \rangle \ decomp \ lev
       unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by fastforce
   qed
```

```
lemma conflict-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes conflict S S'
 and no-smaller-confl S
 \mathbf{shows}\ \textit{no-smaller-confl}\ S'
 using assms unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by fastforce
lemma propagate-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: propagate S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 fix M' K i M'' D
 assume M': M'' @ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ M' = trail\ S'
 and D \in \# clauses S'
 obtain M N U k C L where
   S: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, None) and
   S': state S' = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None) and
   C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ clauses \ S \ {f and}
   M \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit M L
   using propagate by auto
 have tl M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail S using M' S S'
   by (metis Pair-inject list.inject list.sel(3) marked-lit.distinct(1) self-append-conv2
     tl-append2)
 then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ D
   using \langle D \in \# \ clauses \ S' \ n-l \ S \ S' \ clauses-def \ unfolding \ no-smaller-confl-def \ by \ auto
 then show \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ D by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict' S S')
 then show ?case using conflict-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
next
 case (propagate' S S')
 then show ?case using propagate-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S S'] by fastforce
lemma rtrancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step S' S'')
```

```
qed
lemma trancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confi S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
 case (r\text{-}into\text{-}trancl\ S\ S')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
next
  case (trancl-into-trancl S S' S'')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S' S''] by fast
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes full cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confi S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding full-def
 using rtrancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S S'] by blast
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding full1-def
 using trancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy SS'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confit S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
  then show ?case using full1-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
next
 case (other' S' S'')
 have no-smaller-confl S'
   using cdcl_W-o-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(3,2,1)]
   not\text{-}conflict\text{-}not\text{-}any\text{-}negated\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ other'.hyps(2)\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
  then show ?case using full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S' S''] other'.hyps by blast
qed
lemma conflict-conflict-is-no-clause-is-false-test:
 assumes conflict S S'
 and (\forall D \in \# init\text{-}clss \ S + learned\text{-}clss \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D
    \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail S)} \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl S)})
 shows \forall D \in \# init\text{-}clss \ S' + learned\text{-}clss \ S'. \ trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D
    \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')
```

then show ?case using $cdcl_W$ -cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S' S''] by fast

```
using assms by auto
```

```
lemma is-conflicting-exists-conflict:
  assumes \neg(\forall D \in \#init\text{-}clss\ S' + learned\text{-}clss\ S'.\ \neg\ trail\ S' \models as\ CNot\ D)
 and conflicting S' = None
 shows \exists S''. conflict S' S''
 using assms clauses-def not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss by fastforce
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-no-clause-is-false:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   max-lev: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S and
   no-l: no-smaller-confl S
  shows no-clause-is-false S'
   \vee (conflicting S' = None
        \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \# clauses S'. trail S' \models as CNot D
            \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')))
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case (decide L T) note S = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (rule HOL.disjI2, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} D
     assume D: D \in \# clauses T and M-D: trail T \models as CNot D
     let ?M = trail S
     let ?M' = trail T
     let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
     have \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ D
         using no-f D S T undef by auto
     have -L \in \# D
       proof (rule ccontr)
         assume ¬ ?thesis
         have ?M \models as CNot D
           unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def true-cls-def
           proof (intro allI impI)
            \mathbf{fix} \ x
            assume x: x \in \{ \{ \# - L \# \} \mid L. L \in \# D \}
            then obtain L' where L': x = \{\#-L'\#\}\ L' \in \#\ D by auto
            obtain L'' where L'' \in \# x and lits-of (Marked L (?k + 1) \# ?M) \models l L''
               using M-D x T undef unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def
               true-cls-def Bex-mset-def by auto
            show \exists L \in \# x. \ lits of ?M \models l L \ unfolding \ Bex-mset-def
              by (metis \leftarrow L \notin \# D) \land L'' \in \# x \land L' \land lits\text{-}of (Marked L (?k + 1) \# ?M) \models l L'' \land
                 count-single insertE less-numeral-extra(3) lits-of-cons marked-lit.sel(1)
                 true-lit-def uminus-of-uminus-id)
           aed
         then show False using \langle \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by auto
     have atm\text{-}of L \notin atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of ?M)
       using undef defined-lit-map unfolding lits-of-def by fastforce
     then have get-level (Marked L (?k + 1) # ?M) (-L) = ?k + 1 by simp
```

```
then show \exists La. La \in \# D \land get\text{-level }?M'La = backtrack\text{-lvl } T
       using \langle -L \in \# D \rangle T undef by auto
   qed
next
  \mathbf{case} \ resolve
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case skip
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and undef = this(6) and T = this(7)
 show ?case
   proof (rule HOL.disjI2, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} \ Da
     assume Da: Da \in \# clauses T
     and M-D: trail\ T \models as\ CNot\ Da
     obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
       using decomp by auto
     have tr-T: trail T = Propagated\ L\ (D + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M1
       using T decomp undef lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     have backtrack S T
      using backtrack.intros backtrack.hyps T by (force simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     then have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
       using cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev other by blast
     then have -L \notin lits-of M1
       unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def lits-of-def
      proof
         have consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S)) \land no-dup (trail S)
          \land backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S))
          \land qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
            = rev [1..<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))]
          using lev \ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by blast
         then show -L \notin lit\text{-}of 'set M1
          by (metis (no-types) One-nat-def add.right-neutral add-Suc-right
            atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set backtrack.hyps(2)
             cdcl_W.backtrack-lit-skiped cdcl_W-axioms decomp lits-of-def)
     { assume Da \in \# clauses S
       then have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ no-l \ M \ unfolding \ no-smaller-confl-def \ by \ auto
     moreover {
      assume Da: Da = D + \{\#L\#\}
      have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da \ \mathbf{using} \ (-L \notin \mathit{lits-of} \ M1) \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ Da \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{simp}
     ultimately have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da
       using Da T undef decomp lev by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     then have -L \in \# Da
       using M-D \leftarrow L \notin lits-of M1 \rightarrow in-CNot-implies-uminus(2)
          true-annots-CNot-lit-of-notin-skip T unfolding tr-T
       by (smt\ insert\text{-}iff\ lits\text{-}of\text{-}cons\ marked\text{-}lit.sel(2))
     have g-M1: get-all-levels-of-marked M1 = rev [1..< i+1]
       using lev lev' T decomp undef unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     have no-dup (Propagated L (D + \{\#L\#\}) \# M1)
       using lev lev' T decomp undef unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have L: atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of M1 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
```

```
have get-level (Propagated L ((D + {\#L\#})) \# M1) (-L) = i
       using get-level-get-rev-level-get-all-levels-of-marked [OF L,
        of [Propagated\ L\ ((D + \{\#L\#\}))]]
       by (simp add: g-M1 split: if-splits)
     then show \exists La. La \in \# Da \land get\text{-level (trail } T) La = backtrack\text{-lvl } T
       using \langle -L \in \# Da \rangle T decomp undef lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
   qed
qed
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-decompose:
 assumes confl: \exists D \in \# clauses S. trail S \models as CNot D
 and full: full cdcl_W-cp S U
 and no-confl: conflicting S = None
 shows \exists T. propagate^{**} S T \land conflict T U
proof -
 consider (propa) propagate^{**} S U
       | (confl) T where propagate^{**} S T and conflict T U
  using full unfolding full-def by (blast dest:rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-propa-or-propa-conft)
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case confl
     then show ?thesis by blast
   next
     case propa
     then have conflicting U = None
      using no-confl by induction auto
     moreover have [simp]: learned-clss U = learned-clss S and
       [simp]: init-clss\ U = init-clss\ S
       using propa by induction auto
     moreover
       obtain D where D: D \in \#clauses\ U and
        trS: trail S \models as CNot D
        using confl clauses-def by auto
       obtain M where M: trail U = M @ trail S
        using full rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail unfolding full-def by meson
       have tr-U: trail\ U \models as\ CNot\ D
        apply (rule true-annots-mono)
        using trS unfolding M by simp-all
     have \exists V. conflict U V
       using \langle conflicting \ U = None \rangle \ D \ clauses-def \ not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss \ tr-U
     then have False using full cdcl_W-cp.conflict' unfolding full-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by fast
   qed
qed
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-full1-decompose:
 assumes confl: \exists D \in \# clauses S. trail S \models as CNot D
 and full: full cdcl_W-cp S U
 and no-confl: conflicting S = None
 shows \exists T D. propagate^{**} S T \land conflict T U
   \land trail T \models as \ CNot \ D \land conflicting \ U = Some \ D \land D \in \# \ clauses \ S
proof -
 obtain T where propa: propagate^{**} S T and conf: conflict T U
   using full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-decompose [OF assms] by blast
```

```
have p: learned-clss T = learned-clss S init-clss T = init-clss S
    using propa by induction auto
 have c: learned-clss U = learned-clss T init-clss U = init-clss T
    using conf by induction auto
 obtain D where trail T \models as \ CNot \ D \land conflicting \ U = Some \ D \land D \in \# \ clauses \ S
   using conf p \ c \ by \ (fastforce \ simp: \ clauses-def)
 then show ?thesis
   using propa conf by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 and no-clause-is-false S
 and distinct-cdcl_W-state S
 and cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 show no-smaller-confl S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(1) full1-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv by blast
next
 case (other' S' S'')
 have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W-consistent-inv other other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(3) by blast
 show no-smaller-confl S''
   using cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF cdcl_W-stgy.other'[OF other'.hyps(1-3)]]
   other'.prems(1-3) by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 and no-clause-is-false S
 and distinct-cdcl_W-state S
 and cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 have no-smaller-confl S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(1) full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv by blast
 moreover have conflict-is-false-with-level S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(2-4)
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S S']
   unfolding full-def full1-def rtranclp-unfold by presburger
 then show ?case by blast
next
 case (other' S' S'')
 have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv <math>S'
```

```
using cdcl_W-consistent-inv other other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(3) by blast
moreover
 have no-clause-is-false S'
   \lor (conflicting S' = None \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \#clauses S'. trail S' \models as CNot D
       \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')))
   using cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-no-clause-is-false[of S S'] other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(1-4) by fast
moreover {
 assume no-clause-is-false S'
 {
   assume conflicting S' = None
   then have conflict-is-false-with-level S' by auto
   moreover have full cdcl_W-cp S' S''
     by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ other'.hyps(3))
   ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S^{\,\prime\prime}
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S' S''] lev' \langle no\text{-}clause\text{-}is\text{-}false \ S' \rangle
 }
 moreover
   assume c: conflicting S' \neq None
   have conflicting S \neq None using other'.hyps(1) c
     by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
   then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'
     using cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-false-with-level-inv[OF other'.hyps(1)]
     other'.prems(3,5,6,2) by blast
   moreover have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S' using other'.hyps(3) unfolding full-def by auto
   then have S' = S'' using c
     by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
        (fastforce\ intro:\ option.exhaust)+
   ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' by auto
 ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S" by blast
moreover {
  assume
    confl: conflicting S' = None and
    D\text{-}L: \forall D \in \# \ clauses \ S'. \ trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D
      \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')
  { assume \forall D \in \#clauses S'. \neg trail S' \models as CNot D
    then have no-clause-is-false S' using confl by simp
    then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' using calculation (3) by presburger
  }
  moreover {
    assume \neg(\forall D \in \#clauses \ S'. \ \neg \ trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D)
    then obtain TD where
      propagate^{**} S' T and
      conflict \ T S'' and
      D: D \in \# \ clauses \ S' and
      trail S'' \models as CNot D and
      conflicting S'' = Some D
      using full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-full1-decompose[OF - - confl]
      other'(3) by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) ball-msetI bex-msetI conflictE state-eq-trail
        trail-update-conflicting)
    obtain M where M: trail S'' = M @ trail S' and nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is-marked m
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-dropWhile-trail\ other'(3) unfolding full-def by meson
```

```
have btS: backtrack-lvl S'' = backtrack-lvl S'
 using other'.hyps(3) unfolding full-def by (metis rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-backtrack-lvl)
have inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S''
 by (metis (no-types) cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv full-unfold lev'
    other'.hyps(3)
then have nd: no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S'')
  by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\text{-}decomp(2))
have conflict-is-false-with-level S''
 proof cases
   assume trail\ S' \models as\ CNot\ D
   moreover then obtain L where
      L \in \# D and
     lev-L: get-level (trail S') L = backtrack-lvl S'
     using D-L D by blast
    moreover
     have LS': -L \in lits-of (trail S')
        using \langle trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ \langle L \in \# \ D \rangle \ in\text{-}CNot\text{-}implies\text{-}uminus(2) by } \ blast
      { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, nat, 'v \ literal \ multiset) \ marked-lit \ \mathbf{and}
          xb :: ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit
        assume a1: x \in set (trail S') and
          a2: xb \in set M and
          a3: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set (trail \ S')
           = \{\} and
          a4: -L = lit - of x and
          a5: atm-of L = atm-of (lit-of xb)
        moreover have atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of x) = atm\text{-}of L
          using a4 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-uminus)
        ultimately have False
          using a5 a3 a2 a1 by auto
     then have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of \ M
        using nd LS' unfolding M by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
     then have get-level (trail S'') L = get-level (trail S') L
        unfolding M by (simp add: lits-of-def)
    ultimately show ?thesis using btS \ (conflicting S'' = Some D) by auto
 next
    assume \neg trail\ S' \models as\ CNot\ D
    then obtain L where L \in \# D and LM: -L \in lits\text{-}of M
     using \langle trail \ S'' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle
        by (auto simp add: CNot-def true-cls-def M true-annots-def true-annot-def
             split: split-if-asm)
    { fix x :: ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit and}
        xb :: ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit
     assume a1: xb \in set (trail S') and
        a2: x \in set M and
        a3: atm-of L = atm-of (lit-of xb) and
        a4: -L = lit - of x and
        a5: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set (trail \ S')
     moreover have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ xb) = atm\text{-}of\ (-L)
        using a3 by simp
     ultimately have False
        by auto }
    then have LS': atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of (trail S')
     using nd \langle L \in \# D \rangle LM unfolding M by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
```

```
show ?thesis
           proof cases
             assume ne: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S') = []
             have backtrack-lvl\ S^{\prime\prime}=\ \theta
               using inv ne nm unfolding cdclw-M-level-inv-def M
               by (simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked)
             moreover
               have a1: get-level ML = 0
                 using nm by auto
               then have get-level (M @ trail S') L = 0
                 by (metis LS' get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked
                   get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked lits-of-def ne)
             ultimately show ?thesis using \langle conflicting S'' = Some D \rangle \langle L \in \# D \rangle unfolding M
               by auto
           next
             assume ne: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S') \neq []
             have hd (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S')) = backtrack-lvl S'
               using ne lev' M nm unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def
               by (cases get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S'))
               (simp-all\ add:\ get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked[symmetric])
             moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\ M
                using \langle -L \in lits\text{-}of M \rangle
                \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \mathit{atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set}\ \mathit{lits-of-def})
             ultimately show ?thesis
               using nm ne \langle L \in \#D \rangle \langle conflicting S'' = Some D \rangle
                 get-level-skip-beginning-hd-get-all-levels-of-marked [OF LS', of M]
                 get-level-skip-in-all-not-marked[of rev M L backtrack-lvl S']
               unfolding lits-of-def btS M
               by auto
           \mathbf{qed}
        \mathbf{qed}
    ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' by blast
  }
 moreover
  {
   assume conflicting S' \neq None
   have no-clause-is-false S' using \langle conflicting S' \neq None \rangle by auto
   then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' using calculation(3) by presburger
 ultimately show ?case by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and
   n-l: no-smaller-confl S and
   cls-false: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S and
   dist: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
```

```
shows no-smaller-confl S' \wedge conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms(1)
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case using n-l cls-false by auto
next
 case (step S' S'') note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have no-smaller-confl S' and conflict-is-false-with-level S'
   using IH by blast+
 moreover have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using st lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   by (blast intro: rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)+
 moreover have no-clause-is-false S'
   using st no-f rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss by presburger
 moreover have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
   using rtanclp-distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv[of\ S\ S']\ lev\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stay-rtranclp-cdcl_W[OF\ st]
   dist by auto
 moreover have cdcl_W-conflicting S'
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[of\ S\ S'] st alien conflicting decomp dist learned lev
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
 ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-no-smaller-conft[OF cdcl] cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-ex-lit-of-max-level[OF cdcl] by fast
qed
```

17.6.7 Final States are Conclusive

```
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-non-false:
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no-d: distinct-mset-mset N
 and no-empty: \forall D \in \#N. D \neq \{\#\}
 shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S')))
   \vee (conflicting S' = None \wedge trail S' \models asm init-clss S')
proof -
 let ?S = init\text{-state } N
 have
   termi: \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W \text{-stgy } S' S'' \text{ and }
   step: cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) S' using full unfolding full-def by auto
  moreover have
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
   level-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv: S' and
   alien: no-strange-atm S' and
   no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S' and
   confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S' and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
   using no-d translp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-translp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>[of ?S S] step rtranslp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-inv(1-6)[of ?S S]
   unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
  moreover
   have \forall D \in \#N. \neg [] \models as \ CNot \ D \ using \ no-empty \ by \ auto
   then have confl-k: conflict-is-false-with-level S'
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF step] no-d by auto
 show ?thesis
   using cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive [OF termi decomp learned level-inv alien no-dup confl
     confl-k].
qed
```

```
lemma conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cp: conflict S S'
 shows full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
proof -
 have cdcl_W-cp S S' and conflicting S' \neq None using cp cdcl_W-cp.intros by auto
  then have cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S' by blast
 moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
   using \langle conflicting S' \neq None \rangle by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}conflicting\text{-}not\text{-}empty)
     option.exhaust)
 ultimately show full1 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp S S' unfolding full1-def by blast+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and trail S = []
 and conflicting S \neq None
 shows False
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-o-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
  assumes cdcl_W-o SS'
 and trail S = []
 and conflicting S \neq None
 shows False
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S'
 and trail S = []
 and conflicting S \neq None
 shows False
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 using tranclpD cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-fst-empty-conflicting-false unfolding full1-def apply metis
 using cdcl_W-o-fst-empty-conflicting-false by blast
thm cdcl_W-cp.induct[split-format(complete)]
lemma cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-cp \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow conflicting \ S = Some \ \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W - cp^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting S = Some \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 apply (induction rule: tranclp.induct)
 by (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false)
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-o S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting <math>S = Some \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-stgy S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting <math>S = Some \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
   unfolding full1-def apply (metis (no-types) cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty tranclpD)
```

```
unfolding full-def by (metis conflict-with-false-implies-terminated other)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false:
 cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting S = Some \{\#\} \Longrightarrow S' = S
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
 using cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false by blast
lemma full-cdcl_W-init-clss-with-false-normal-form:
 assumes
   \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m \text{ and }
   E = Some D and
   state S = (M, N, U, \theta, E)
   full cdcl_W-stgy SS' and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   no-strange-atm S
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S
   cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows \exists M''. state S' = (M'', N, U, 0, Some {\#})
 using assms(10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1)
proof (induction M arbitrary: E D S)
 case Nil
 then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-conflicting-is-false unfolding full-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
next
 case (Cons\ L\ M) note IH=this(1) and full=this(8) and E=this(10) and inv=this(2-7) and
   S = this(9) and nm = this(11)
 obtain K p where K: L = Propagated K p
   using nm by (cases L) auto
 have every-mark-is-a-conflict S using inv unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
 then have MpK: M \models as\ CNot\ (p - \{\#K\#\}) \text{ and } Kp: K \in \# p
   using S unfolding K by fastforce+
 then have p: p = (p - \{\#K\#\}) + \{\#K\#\}
   by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
 then have K': L = Propagated K (((p - \{\#K\#\}) + \{\#K\#\}))
   using K by auto
 consider (D) D = \{\#\} \mid (D') \ D \neq \{\#\}  by blast
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case D
     then show ?thesis
      using full rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false S unfolding full-def E D by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     case D
     then have no-p: no-step propagate S and no-c: no-step conflict S
      using S E by auto
     then have no-step cdcl_W-cp S by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
     have res-skip: \exists T. (resolve S \ T \land no-step skip S \land full \ cdcl_W-cp T \ T)
      \vee (skip S \ T \land no-step resolve S \land full \ cdcl_W-cp T \ T)
      proof cases
        assume -lit-of L \notin \# D
        then obtain T where sk: skip S T and res: no-step resolve S
```

```
using S that D' K unfolding skip.simps E by fastforce
        have full cdcl_W-cp T T
          using sk by (auto simp add: option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp)
        then show ?thesis
          using sk res by blast
        assume LD: \neg -lit - of L \notin \# D
        then have D: Some D = Some ((D - \{\#-lit\text{-}of L\#\}) + \{\#-lit\text{-}of L\#\})
          by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
        have \bigwedge L. get-level M L = 0
          by (simp add: nm)
          then have get-maximum-level (Propagated K (p - \{\#K\#\} + \{\#K\#\}) \# M) (D - \{\#-\})
K\#\}) = 0
          using LD qet-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level
          proof -
           obtain L' where get-level (L\#M) L' = get-maximum-level (L\#M) D
             using LD qet-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[of D L#M] by fastforce
           then show ?thesis by (metis (mono-tags) K' bex-msetE qet-level-skip-all-not-marked
             get-maximum-level-exists-lit nm not-gr0)
          \mathbf{qed}
        then obtain T where sk: resolve S T and res: no-step skip S
          using resolve-rule [of S K p - \{\#K\#\} M N U \theta (D - \{\#-K\#\})]
          update\text{-}conflicting (Some (remdups\text{-}mset (D - \{\#-K\#\} + (p - \{\#K\#\})))) (tl\text{-}trail S)]
          S unfolding K'DE by fastforce
        have full cdcl_W-cp T T
          using sk by (auto simp add: option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp)
        then show ?thesis
         using sk res by blast
      qed
     then have step-s: \exists T. cdcl_W-stgy S T
      using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ S \rangle\ other' by (meson\ bj\ resolve\ skip)
     have get-all-marked-decomposition (L \# M) = [([], L \# M)]
      using nm unfolding K apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct, simp)
        by (rename-tac L l xs, case-tac hd (get-all-marked-decomposition xs), auto)+
     then have no-b: no-step backtrack S
      using nm S by auto
     have no-d: no-step decide S
      using S E by auto
     have full-S-S: full cdcl_W-cp S
      using S E by (auto simp add: option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp)
     then have no-f: no-step (full1 cdcl_W-cp) S
      unfolding full-def full1-def rtranclp-unfold by (meson tranclpD)
     obtain T where
      s: cdcl_W-stgy S T and st: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T S'
      using full step-s full unfolding full-def by (metis rtranclp-unfold tranclpD)
     have resolve S T \vee skip S T
      using s no-b no-d res-skip full-S-S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o.simps full-unfold
      by (auto dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
     then obtain D' where T: state T = (M, N, U, 0, Some D')
      using S E by auto
     have st-c: cdcl_W^{**} S T
```

```
using E \ T \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W s by blast
     have cdcl_W-conflicting T
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)].
     show ?thesis
       apply (rule IH[of T])
                 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
               using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(5)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
              using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(4)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
             using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(3)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
            using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(2)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
           using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(1)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
          apply (metis full-def st full)
         using T E apply blast
        apply auto[]
       using nm by simp
   qed
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-is-one-false:
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no\text{-}d: distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}mset\ N
 and empty: \{\#\} \in \# N
 shows conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S'))
proof -
 let ?S = init\text{-state } N
 have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} ?S S' and no-step cdcl_W-stgy S' using full unfolding full-def by auto
 then have plus-or-eq: cdcl_W-stgy<sup>++</sup> ?S S' \vee S' = ?S unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
 \mathbf{have} \ \exists \, S^{\prime\prime}. \ conflict \ ?S \ S^{\prime\prime} \ \mathbf{using} \ empty \ not\text{-}conflict\text{-}not\text{-}any\text{-}negated\text{-}init\text{-}clss} \ \mathbf{by} \ force
  then have cdcl_W-stgy: \exists S'. \ cdcl_W-stgy ?S S'
   using cdcl_W-cp.conflict'[of ?S] conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp cdcl_W-stgy.intros(1) by metis
 have S' \neq ?S using \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-stgy } S' \rangle cdcl_W\text{-stgy } \mathbf{by} blast
  then obtain St:: 'st where St: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy ?S St and cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy** St S'
   using plus-or-eq by (metis (no-types) \langle cdcl_W \text{-stgy}^{**} ?S S' \rangle converse-rtranclpE)
  have st: cdcl_{W}^{**} ?S St
   by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold \langle cdcl_W - stgy ?S St \rangle \ cdcl_W - stgy - tranclp-cdcl_W)
 have \exists T. conflict ?S T
   using empty not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss by force
  then have fullSt: full1 \ cdcl_W-cp ?S St
   using St unfolding cdcl_W-stgy.simps by blast
  then have bt: backtrack-lvl St = (0::nat)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl unfolding full1-def
   by (fastforce dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
 have cls-St: init-clss St = N
   using fullSt cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss[OFSt] by auto
 have conflicting St \neq None
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have \exists T. conflict St T
       using empty cls-St[] conflict-rule[of St trail St N learned-clss St backtrack-lvl St
       by (auto simp: clauses-def)
```

```
qed
 have 1: \forall m \in set (trail St). \neg is-marked m
   using fullSt unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail)
  have 2: full\ cdcl_W-stgy St\ S'
   using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} \mid St \mid S' \rangle \langle no\text{-}step \mid cdcl_W \text{-}stgy \mid S' \rangle \text{ bt unfolding full-def by auto}
 have 3: all-decomposition-implies-m
     (init\text{-}clss\ St)
     (get-all-marked-decomposition
        (trail\ St))
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(1)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 4: cdcl_W-learned-clause St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(2)[OF\ st] no-d bt by simp
 have 5: cdcl_W-M-level-inv St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(3)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 6: no-strange-atm St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(4)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
 have 7: distinct-cdcl_W-state St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(5)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 8: cdcl_W-conflicting St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
 have init-clss S' = init-clss St and conflicting S' = Some \{\#\}
    using \langle conflicting St \neq None \rangle full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss-with-false-normal-form [OF 1, of - - St]
    2 3 4 5 6 7 8 St apply (metis \( cdcl_W \)-stqy\( ** St S' \) rtranclp-cdcl_W \)-stqy-no-more-init-clss)
   using (conflicting St \neq None) full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss-with-false-normal-form [OF 1, of - - St - -
     S' \mid 2 \mid 3 \mid 4 \mid 5 \mid 6 \mid 7 \mid 8  by (metis bt option.exhaust prod.inject)
 moreover have init-clss S' = N
   using \langle cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) S'\rangle rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss by fastforce
 moreover have unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
   by (meson empty mem-set-mset-iff satisfiable-def true-cls-empty true-clss-def)
 ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive:
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S' and no-d: distinct-mset-mset N
 shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S')))
   \vee (conflicting S' = None \wedge trail S' \models asm init-clss S')
  using assms full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-is-one-false
 full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-non-false by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ full\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}final\text{-}state\text{-}conclusive\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state:}
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no-d: distinct-mset-mset N
 shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset N))
   \lor (conflicting S' = None \land trail S' \models asm N \land satisfiable (set-mset N))
proof -
 have N: init-clss S' = N
   using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
  consider
```

then show False using fullSt unfolding full1-def by blast

```
(confl) conflicting S' = Some \{ \# \} and unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S'))
   | (sat) \ conflicting \ S' = None \ and \ trail \ S' \models asm \ init-clss \ S'
   using full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive[OF\ assms] by auto
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case confl
     then show ?thesis by (auto simp: N)
   next
     case sat
     have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (init-state N) by auto
     then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
      using full rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv unfolding full-def by blast
     then have consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S')) unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by blast
     moreover have lits-of (trail S') \models s set-mset (init-clss S')
      using sat(2) by (auto simp add: true-annots-def true-annot-def true-clss-def)
     ultimately have satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S')) by simp
     then show ?thesis using sat unfolding N by blast
   qed
qed
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Termination
imports CDCL-W
begin
context cdcl_W
begin
```

17.7 Termination

The condition that no learned clause is a tautology is overkill (in the sense that the no-duplicate condition is enough), but we can reuse *simple-clss*.

The invariant contains all the structural invariants that holds,

```
definition cdcl_W-all-struct-inv where
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S =
   (no\text{-}strange\text{-}atm\ S\ \land\ cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\ S
   \land (\forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s)
   \land distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state S \land cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting S
   \land all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
   \land cdcl_W-learned-clause S)
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv:
  assumes cdcl_W S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
  unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
proof (intro HOL.conjI)
  show no-strange-atm S'
   using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  show cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ by\ fast
  show distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
 show cdcl_W-conflicting S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
 show all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
```

```
using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ by fast
 show cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
 show \forall s \in \#learned\text{-}clss S'. \neg tautology s
   using assms(1)[THEN\ learned-clss-are-not-tautologies]\ assms(2)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
  cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 by (meson\ cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -tranclp\ -cdcl_W\ -tranclp\ -cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -inv\ rtranclp\ -unfold)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv)
17.8
         No Relearning of a clause
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{cdcl}_{\mathit{W}}\text{-}\mathit{o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step};
 assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
 new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S  and
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows backtrack S T \land conflicting <math>S = Some \ D
 using cdcl_W lev learned new
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
  case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L C T) note decomp = this(1) and undef = this(6) and T = this(7)
and
   D-T = this(9) and D-S = this(10)
  then have D = C + \{ \#L\# \}
   using not-gr0 lev by (auto\ simp:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
  then show ?case
   using T backtrack.hyps(1-5) backtrack.intros by auto
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-cp-new-clause-learned-has-backtrack-step:
 assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
 new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S  and
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. backtrack S S' \land cdcl_W-stgy** S' T \land conflicting S = Some D
 using cdcl_W learned new
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  case (conflict' S')
 then show ?case
   unfolding full1-def by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv
     tranclp-into-rtranclp)
 case (other' S' S'')
 then have D \in \# learned\text{-}clss S'
```

```
unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv)
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step[OF - \langle D \notin \# \ learned-clss S \rangle \langle cdcl_W-o S S' \rangle]
   \langle full\ cdcl_W-cp S'\ S'' \rangle lev by (metis cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' full-unfold r-into-rtranclp
     rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}new\text{-}clause\text{-}learned\text{-}has\text{-}backtrack\text{-}step\text{:}
 assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
 new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S and
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S' S''. cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' \land backtrack S' S'' \land conflicting S' = Some D \land
   cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S^{\prime\prime} T
 using cdcl_W learned new
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by blast
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and o = this(2) and IH = this(3) and
   D\text{-}U = this(4) and D\text{-}S = this(5)
 show ?case
   proof (cases D \in \# learned-clss T)
     case True
     then obtain S' S'' where
       st': cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and
       bt: backtrack\ S'\ S'' and
       confl: conflicting S' = Some D and
       st^{\prime\prime}\!\!:\;cdcl_W\text{-}stgy^{**}\;S^{\prime\prime}\;T
       using IH D-S by metis
     then show ?thesis using o by (meson rtranclp.simps)
   next
     case False
     have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
       using lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv st by blast
     then obtain S' where
       bt: backtrack TS' and
       st': cdcl_W - stgy^{**} S' U and
       confl: conflicting T = Some D
       using cdcl_W-cp-new-clause-learned-has-backtrack-step[OF D-U False o]
        by metis
     then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
       backtrack T S' and
       conflicting T = Some D  and
       cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' U
       using o st by auto
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
lemma propagate-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes propagate S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms by auto
```

```
lemma conflict-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes conflict S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms by auto
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 using conflict-no-more-Marked-lit propagate-no-more-Marked-lit by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Marked-lit:
  assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Marked-lit by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-o S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and \neg decide S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S') \longrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S)
 using assms
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case backtrack note decomp = this(1) and undef = this(6) and T = this(7) and lev = this(8)
 then show ?case
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
  case (decide\ L\ T)
 then show ?case by blast
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S' and
 lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
  trail \ S' = M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ M \ and
 trail\ S = M
 shows \exists T. decide S T \land no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp S
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S') note st = this(1) and no\text{-}dup = this(2) and S' = this(3) and S = this(4)
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using full1-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv no-dup st by blast
  then have Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ S') and Marked\ L\ i \notin set\ (trail\ S)
   using no-dup unfolding S S' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
  then have False
   using st rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-Marked-lit[of S S']
   unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
 then show ?case by fast
  case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and ns = this(2) and st = this(3) and no\text{-}dup = this(4) and
   S' = this(5) and S = this(6)
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   by (metis (full-types) lev cdcl<sub>W</sub>.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv full-def o
     other'.hyps(3) rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv)
  then have Marked L i \in set (trail U) and Marked L i \notin set (trail S)
   using no-dup unfolding S S' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
```

```
then have Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T)
       using st rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-Marked-lit unfolding full-def by blast
    then show ?case
       using cdcl_W-o-no-more-Marked-lit[OF o] (Marked L i \notin set (trail S)) ns lev by meson
qed
lemma cdcl_W-o-is-decide:
   assumes cdcl_W-o S' T and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   trail T = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H @ Mand
    \neg (\exists M'. trail S' = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M)
   shows decide S' T
          using assms
proof (induction\ rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
   case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D)
   then obtain c where trail S' = c @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) \# M1
       by auto
    then show ?case
       using backtrack by (cases drop (length M_0) M') (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
next
   case decide
   show ?case using decide-rule[of S'] decide(1-4) by auto
qed auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}new\text{-}marked\text{-}at\text{-}beginning\text{-}is\text{-}decide}:
   assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R U and
    trail\ U = M' @ Marked\ L\ i \ \#\ H\ @\ M\ and
    trail R = M and
    cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
   shows
       \exists S \ T \ T'. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy**} \ R \ S \land \ decide \ S \ T \land \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy**} \ T \ U \land \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy**} \ S \ U \land 
          no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-cp } S \wedge trail \ T = Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ \ M \wedge trail \ S = H \ @ \ M \wedge cdcl_W\text{-stgy} \ S \ T' \wedge step \ T' \wedge ste
          cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T' U
   using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: M H M' i rule: rtranclp-induct)
   case base
   then show ?case by auto
    case (step T U) note st = this(1) and IH = this(3) and s = this(2) and
       U = this(4) and S = this(5) and lev = this(6)
   show ?case
       proof (cases \exists M'. trail T = M' \otimes M arked L i \# H \otimes M)
          case False
          with s show ?thesis using U s st S
              proof induction
                  case (conflict' W) note cp = this(1) and nd = this(2) and W = this(3)
                  then obtain M_0 where trail W = M_0 @ trail T and nmarked: \forall l \in set M_0. \neg is-marked l
                     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold by meson
                  then have MV: M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M = M_0 @ trail T unfolding W by simp
                  then have V: trail T = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M)
                  have take While (Not o is-marked) M' = M_0 @ take While (Not o is-marked) (trail T)
                     using arg-cong[OF MV, of takeWhile (Not o is-marked)] nmarked
                     by (simp add: take While-tail)
                  from arg-cong[OF this, of length] have length M_0 \leq length M'
                     unfolding length-append by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans le-add1
```

```
length-take While-le)
     then have False using nd V by auto
     then show ?case by fast
   next
     case (other'\ T'\ U) note o=this(1) and ns=this(2) and cp=this(3) and nd=this(4)
       and U = this(5) and st = this(6)
     obtain M_0 where trail\ U = M_0\ @\ trail\ T' and nmarked:\ \forall\ l \in set\ M_0.\ \neg\ is-marked\ l
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail cp unfolding full-def by meson
     then have MV: M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M = M_0 @ trail T' unfolding U by simp
     then have V: trail T' = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M)
       by auto
     have take While (Not o is-marked) M' = M_0 @ take While (Not o is-marked) (trail T')
       using arg-cong[OF MV, of takeWhile (Not o is-marked)] nmarked
       by (simp add: takeWhile-tail)
     from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this,\ of\ length]\ have length\ M_0 \leq length\ M'
       unfolding length-append by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans le-add1
         length-takeWhile-le)
     then have tr-T': trail T' = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H @ M \ using \ V \ by \ auto
     then have LT': Marked L i \in set (trail T') by auto
     moreover
       have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
         using lev rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv step.hyps(1) by blast
       then have decide T T' using o nd tr-T' cdclw-o-is-decide by metis
     ultimately have decide T T' using cdclw-o-no-more-Marked-lit[OF o] by blast
     then have 1: cdcl_W-stqy^{**} R T and 2: decide T T' and 3: cdcl_W-stqy^{**} T' U
       using st other'.prems(\mathcal{A})
       by (metis\ cdcl_W\ -stgy.conflict'\ cp\ full-unfold\ r\ -into\ -rtranclp\ rtranclp.rtrancl-refl) +
     have [simp]: drop\ (length\ M_0)\ M' = []
       using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle \ nd\ tr-T'
       by (auto simp add: Cons-eq-append-conv)
     have T': drop (length M_0) M' @ Marked L i # H @ M = Marked L i # trail T
       using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle \ nd\ tr\ T'
       by auto
     have trail T' = Marked L i \# trail T
       using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle \ tr\text{-}T'
       by auto
     then have 5: trail T' = Marked L i \# H @ M
         using append.simps(1) list.sel(3) local.other'(5) tl-append2 by (simp add: tr-T')
     have \theta: trail\ T = H @ M
       \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis} \ (\mathit{no-types}) \ \langle \mathit{trail} \ \mathit{T'} = \mathit{Marked} \ \mathit{L} \ \mathit{i} \ \# \ \mathit{trail} \ \mathit{T} \rangle
         \langle trail\ T' = drop\ (length\ M_0)\ M'\ @\ Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M \rangle\ append-Nil\ list.sel(3)\ nd
         tl-append2)
     have 7: cdcl_W-stgy** T U using other'.prems(4) st by auto
     have 8: cdcl_W-stgy T U cdcl_W-stgy** U U
       using cdcl_W-stgy.other'[OF other'(1-3)] by simp-all
     show ?case apply (rule exI[of - T], rule exI[of - T'], rule exI[of - U])
       using ns 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 by fast
   qed
next
 case True
 then obtain M' where T: trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M by metis
 from \mathit{IH}[\mathit{OF}\ this\ S\ \mathit{lev}] obtain S'\ S''\ S''' where
    1: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S' and
   2: decide S' S'' and
   \beta: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' T and
```

```
4: no-step cdcl_W-cp S' and
       6: trail\ S'' = Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M and
       7: trail S' = H @ M and
       8: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' T and
       9: cdcl_W-stqy S' S''' and
       10: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S''' T
        \mathbf{bv} blast
     have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' U using s \langle cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' T \rangle by auto
     moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' U using 8 s by auto
     moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S''' U using 10 s by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - S'], rule exI[of - S'])
      using 1 2 4 6 7 8 9 by blast
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R U and
  trail U = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M and
  trail R = M and
  cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
 shows \exists y \ y'. \ cdcl_W-stgy** R \ y \land cdcl_W-stgy y \ y' \land \neg \ (\exists c. \ trail \ y = c \ @ \ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ \ M)
   \wedge (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy} \ a \ b \ \wedge (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M))^{**} \ y' \ U
proof -
 fix T'
 obtain S' T T' where
   st: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S' and
   decide\ S'\ T and
   TU: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T U and
   no-step cdcl_W-cp S' and
   trT: trail\ T = Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M and
   trS': trail S' = H @ M and
   S'U: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} S'U and
   S'T': cdcl_W-stgy S' T' and
   T'U: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} T'U
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide[OF assms] by blast
 have n: \neg (\exists c. trail S' = c @ Marked L i \# H @ M) using trS' by auto
   \lambda a -. \neg (\exists c. trail \ a = c @ Marked \ L \ i \# H @ M), \ OF \ S'T' \ T'U \ n]
     by meson
qed
lemma beginning-not-marked-invert:
 assumes A: M @ A = M' @ Marked K i \# H and
 nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows \exists M. A = M @ Marked K i \# H
proof -
 have A = drop \ (length \ M) \ (M' @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ H)
   using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ A,\ of\ drop\ (length\ M)] by auto
 moreover have drop\ (length\ M)\ (M'\@\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ H) = drop\ (length\ M)\ M'\@\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ H
   using nm by (metis (no-types, lifting) A drop-Cons' drop-append marked-lit.disc(1) not-gr0
     nth-append nth-append-length nth-mem zero-less-diff)
 finally show ?thesis by fast
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-trail-has-new-marked-is-decide-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T
 \neg (\exists c. trail S = c @ Marked L i \# H @ M) and
 (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W \text{-stqy} \ a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ \ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ \ M))^{**} \ T \ U \ \textbf{and}
 \exists M'. trail U = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M  and
 lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. decide S S' \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S' \ T \land no-step \ cdcl_W - cp \ S
 using assms(3,1,2,4,5)
proof induction
 case (step \ T \ U)
 then show ?case by fastforce
next
 case base
 then show ?case
   proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stqy.induct)
     case (conflict' T) note cp = this(1) and nd = this(2) and M' = this(3) and no-dup = this(3)
     then obtain M' where M': trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M by metis
     obtain M'' where M'': trail T = M'' @ trail S and nm: \forall m \in set M''. \neg is-marked m
      using cp unfolding full1-def
      by (metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail'\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     have False
      using beginning-not-marked-invert of M'' trail S M' L i H @ M M' nm nd unfolding M''
      by fast
     then show ?case by fast
   next
     case (other' TU') note o = this(1) and ns = this(2) and cp = this(3) and nd = this(4)
      and trU' = this(5)
     have cdcl_W-cp^{**} T U' using cp unfolding full-def by blast
     from rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail[OF this]
     have \exists M'. trail T = M' \otimes M arked L i \# H \otimes M
      using trU' beginning-not-marked-invert [of - trail T - L i H @ M] by metis
     then obtain M' where M': trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
      by auto
     with o lev nd cp ns
     show ?case
      proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
        case (decide L) note dec = this(1) and cp = this(5) and ns = this(4)
        then have decide S (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
          using decide.hyps decide.intros[of S] by force
        then show ?case using cp decide.prems by (meson decide-state-eq-compatible ns state-eq-ref
          state-eq-sym)
      next
        case (backtrack K j M1 M2 L' D T) note decomp = this(1) and cp = this(3)
          and undef = this(6) and T = this(7) and trT = this(12) and ns = this(4)
        obtain MS3 where MS3: trail S = MS3 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc j) \# M1
          using get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[OF decomp] by metis
        have tl (M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M) = tl M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
          using lev trT T lev undef decomp by (cases M') (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
        then have M'': M1 = tl M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
         using arg-cong[OF trT[simplified], of tl] T decomp undef lev
         by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
        have False using nd MS3 T undef decomp unfolding M'' by auto
        then show ?case by fast
      qed auto
     qed
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end:
 assumes (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-stqy a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ \ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ \ M))^{**} \ T \ U and
 \exists M'. trail U = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
 shows \exists M'. trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-o-cannot-learn:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o y z and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv y and
   trM: trail\ y = c\ @ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ H\ {\bf and}
   DL: D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ y \ \text{and}
   DH: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of H  and
   LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ 'lits\text{-}of \ H \ and
   learned: \forall T. conflicting y = Some T \longrightarrow trail y \models as CNot T and
   z: trail z = c' \otimes Marked Kh i \# H
 shows D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms(1-2) trM DL DH LH learned z
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case (backtrack\ K\ j\ M1\ M2\ L'\ D'\ T) note decomp = this(1) and confl = this(3) and levD = this(5)
   and undef = this(6) and T = this(7)
 obtain M3 where M3: trail\ y = M3 @ M2 @ Marked\ K\ (Suc\ j) \# M1
   using decomp get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend by metis
 have M: trail y = c @ Marked Kh i \# H  using trM  by simp
 have H: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail y) = rev [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl y]
   using lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 have c' \otimes Marked Kh i \# H = Propagated L' (D' + {\#L'\#}) \# trail (reduce-trail-to M1 y)
   using backtrack.prems(6) decomp undef T lev by (force simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def)
 then obtain d where d: M1 = d @ Marked Kh i \# H
   by (metis (no-types) decomp in-get-all-marked-decomposition-trail-update-trail list inject
     list.sel(3) marked-lit.distinct(1) self-append-conv2 tl-append2)
 have i \in set (get-all-levels-of-marked (M3 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc j) \# d @ Marked Kh i \# H))
 then have i > 0 unfolding H[unfolded M3 d] by auto
 show ?case
   proof
     assume D + \{\#L\#\} \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
     then have DLD': D + \{\#L\#\} = D' + \{\#L'\#\}
      using DL T neg0-conv undef decomp lev by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
     have L-cKh: atm-of L \in atm-of 'lits-of (c @ [Marked Kh i])
      using LH learned M DLD'[symmetric] confl by (fastforce simp add: image-iff)
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (M3 @ M2 @ Marked K (j + 1) \# M1)
       = rev [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl y]
      using lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def M3 by auto
     from arg-cong OF this, of \lambda a. (Suc j) \in set a have backtrack-lvl y \geq j by auto
     have DD'[simp]: D = D'
      proof (rule ccontr)
        assume D \neq D'
        then have L' \in \# D using DLD' by (metis add.left-neutral count-single count-union
          diff-union-cancelR neq0-conv union-single-eq-member)
        then have get-level (trail y) L' \leq get-maximum-level (trail y) D
          using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
```

```
moreover {
    have get-maximum-level (trail\ y)\ D=get-maximum-level H\ D
      using DH unfolding M by (simp add: get-maximum-level-skip-beginning)
     moreover
      have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ y) = rev\ [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl\ y]
        using lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
      then have get-all-levels-of-marked H = rev [1... < i]
        unfolding M by (auto dest: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i
          simp add: rev-swap[symmetric])
      then have get-maximum-possible-level H < i
        using get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked of H \langle i > 0 \rangle by auto
     ultimately have get-maximum-level (trail y) D < i
      by (metis (full-types) dual-order.strict-trans nat-neq-iff not-le
        get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level) }
   moreover
    have L \in \# D'
      by (metis DLD' \langle D \neq D' \rangle add.left-neutral count-single count-union diff-union-cancelR
        neg0-conv union-single-eq-member)
     then have get-maximum-level (trail y) D' \geq \text{get-level} (trail y) L
      using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
   moreover {
     have qet-all-levels-of-marked (c \otimes [Marked Kh \ i]) = rev [i.. < backtrack-lvl \ y+1]
      using append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end[of rev (get-all-levels-of-marked H) i
        rev (get-all-levels-of-marked c) Suc 0 Suc (backtrack-lvl y)] H
      unfolding M apply (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric])
        by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Nil-is-append-conv Suc-le-eq less-Suc-eq list.sel(1)
          rev.simps(2) rev-rev-ident upt-Suc upt-rec)
    have get-level (trail y) L = get-level (c @ [Marked Kh i]) L
      using L-cKh LH unfolding M by simp
    have get-level (c @ [Marked Kh i]) L \geq i
      using L-cKh
        \langle get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked\ (c\ @\ [Marked\ Kh\ i]) = rev\ [i... < backtrack\text{-}lvl\ y\ +\ 1] \rangle
       backtrack.hyps(2) calculation(1,2) by auto
     then have get-level (trail y) L \geq i
      using M \ (get\text{-level } (trail \ y) \ L = get\text{-level } (c \ @ [Marked \ Kh \ i]) \ L \ by \ auto \ \}
   moreover have get-maximum-level (trail\ y)\ D' < get-level (trail\ y)\ L
     using \langle i \rangle = backtrack-lvl \ y \rangle \ backtrack.hyps(2.5) \ calculation(1-4) \ by \ linarith
   ultimately show False using backtrack.hyps(4) by linarith
 qed
then have LL': L = L' using DLD' by auto
have nd: no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ y) using lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
{ assume D: D' = \{\#\}
 then have j: j = 0 using levD by auto
 have \forall m \in set M1. \neg is\text{-}marked m
   using H unfolding M3j
   by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked
     dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i)
 then have False using d by auto
moreover {
 assume D[simp]: D' \neq \{\#\}
 have i \leq j
   using H unfolding M3 d by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric]
     dest: upt-decomp-lt)
```

```
have j > \theta apply (rule ccontr)
         using H \langle i > \theta \rangle unfolding M3 d
         by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: upt-decomp-lt)
       obtain L^{\prime\prime} where
         L'' \in \#D' and
         L''D': get-level (trail y) L'' = get-maximum-level (trail y) D'
         using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level [OF D, of trail y] by auto
       have L''M: atm\text{-}of\ L'' \in atm\text{-}of 'lits-of (trail y)
         using get-rev-level-ge-0-atm-of-in[of 0 rev (trail y) L''|\langle j>0\rangle levD L''D' by auto
       then have L'' \in lits\text{-}of \pmod{Kh} i \# d
         proof -
           {
            assume L''H: atm\text{-}of\ L'' \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\ H
            have get-all-levels-of-marked H = rev [1..< i]
              using H unfolding M
              by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i)
            moreover have get-level (trail\ y)\ L'' = get-level H\ L''
              using L''H unfolding M by simp
            ultimately have False
              using levD \langle j > 0 \rangle get-rev-level-in-levels-of-marked [of rev H 0 L''] \langle i \leq j \rangle
              unfolding L''D'[symmetric] nd by auto
           then show ?thesis
            using DD'DH \langle L'' \in \# D' \rangle atm-of-lit-in-atms-of contra-subsetD by metis
       then have False
         using DH \langle L'' \in \#D' \rangle nd unfolding M3 d
         by (auto simp add: atms-of-def image-iff image-subset-iff lits-of-def)
     ultimately show False by blast
   qed
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned:
  assumes cdcl_W-stgy y z and
  cdcl_W-M-level-inv y and
  trail\ y = c\ @\ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ H\ and
  D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ y \ \text{and}
  DH: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of H  and
  LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ 'lits\text{-}of \ H \ and
 \forall T. \ conflicting \ y = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ y \models as \ CNot \ T \ and
  trail\ z = c' \ @\ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ H
 shows D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms
proof induction
 case conflict'
 then show ?case
   unfolding full1-def using tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv by auto
next
  case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and cp = this(3) and lev = this(4) and trY = this(5) and
   notin = this(6) and DH = this(7) and LH = this(8) and confl = this(9) and trU = this(10)
 obtain c' where c': trail T = c' @ Marked Kh i # H
   using cp beginning-not-marked-invert[of - trail T c' Kh i H]
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail[of T U] unfolding trU full-def by fastforce
 show ?case
```

```
rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv cp unfolding full-def by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned:
  assumes (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-stqy a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ H \ @ \parallel))** S z \ and
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
  trail\ S = c\ @\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ H\ {f and}
  D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ S \ and
  DH: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of H  and
  LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ 'lits\text{-}of \ H \ \mathbf{and}
 \exists c'. trail z = c' @ Marked K i # H
 shows D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms(1-4,7)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto[1]
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-6)]
   and lev = this(4) and trS = this(5) and DL-S = this(6) and trU = this(7)
  obtain c where c: trail T = c @ Marked K i \# H  using s by auto
 obtain c' where c': trail U = c' @ Marked K i \# H using trU by blast
 have cdcl_W^{**} S T
   proof -
     have \forall p \ pa. \ \exists s \ sa. \ \forall sb \ sc \ sd \ se. \ (\neg \ p^{**} \ (sb::'st) \ sc \ \lor \ p \ s \ sa \ \lor \ pa^{**} \ sb \ sc)
       \land (\neg pa \ s \ sa \lor \neg p^{**} \ sd \ se \lor pa^{**} \ sd \ se)
       {f bv}\ (metis\ (no	ext{-}types)\ mono	ext{-}rtranclp)
     then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T
       using st by blast
     then show ?thesis
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
   qed
  then have lev': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv[of S T] lev by auto
  then have confl': \forall Ta. \ conflicting \ T = Some \ Ta \longrightarrow trail \ T \models as \ CNot \ Ta
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by blast
  \mathbf{show} ? case
   apply (rule cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned[OF - - c - DH LH confl' c'])
   using s lev' IH c unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by blast+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-new-learned-clause:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   E \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S and
   E \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
 shows \exists S'. backtrack S S' \land conflicting S = Some E \land full cdcl_W - cp S' T
 using assms
proof induction
 case conflict'
 then show ?case unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv)
 case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and cp = this(3) and not-yet = this(5) and learned = this(6)
 have E \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
   using learned cp rtranclp-cdclw-cp-learned-clause-inv unfolding full-def by auto
```

using $cdcl_W$ -o-cannot-learn[OF o lev trY notin DH LH confl c']

```
then have backtrack \ S \ T and conflicting \ S = Some \ E
   using cdcl_W-o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step[OF - not-yet o] lev by blast+
  then show ?case using cp by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause:
 assumes
   invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   st': cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} R S and
   bt: backtrack S T and
   confl: conflicting S = Some E and
   already-learned: E \in \# clauses S and
   R: trail R = []
 shows False
proof -
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
   using invR unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using M-lev assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-consistent-inv by blast
  with bt obtain D L M1 M2-loc K i where
    T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L ((D + {\#L\#})))
      (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ (add-learned-cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\})
        (update-backtrack-lvl (get-maximum-level (trail S) D) (update-conflicting None S))))
     and
   decomp: (Marked K (Suc (get-maximum-level (trail S) D)) \# M1, M2-loc) \in
              set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   k: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   level: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D+\{\#L\#\}) and
   confl-S: conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   i: i = qet-maximum-level (trail S) D and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L
   by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) metis
  obtain M2 where
   M: trail S = M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) \# M1
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[OF decomp] unfolding i by (metis\ append-assoc)
  have invS: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using invR rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st' by blast
  then have conf: cdcl_W-conflicting S unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
  then have trail S \models as\ CNot\ (D + \{\#L\#\}) unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def confl-S by auto
  then have MD: trail S \models as \ CNot \ D by auto
 have lev': cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv S using invS unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by blast
 have get-lvls-M: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)]
   using lev' unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv R using invR unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
  then have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of M1
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{lev'}\ \mathit{undef}\ \textit{-}\ \mathit{decomp}\ \textit{-}\ \textit{-}\ \textit{-}\ T]\ \mathit{confl-S}\ \mathit{conf}\ T\ \mathit{decomp}\ \mathit{k}\ \mathit{level}
   lev' i undef unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
 have no-dup (trail S) using lev' by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 have vars-in-M1:
   \forall x \in atms\text{-}of \ D. \ x \notin atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (M2 \ @ [Marked \ K \ (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ (trail \ S) \ D + 1)])
     apply (rule vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other of
```

```
M2 @ Marked K (get-maximum-level (trail S) D + 1) \# [] M1 D])
   using \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \rangle \ M \ vars\text{-}of\text{-}D \ \textbf{by} \ simp\text{-}all
have M1-D: M1 \models as CNot D
 using vars-in-M1 true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars of M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [M1 \ CNot \ D]
 \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ M \ \mathbf{by} \ simp
have get-lvls-M: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)]
 using lev' unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have backtrack-lvl S > 0 unfolding M by (auto split: split-if-asm simp add: upt.simps(2))
obtain M1' K' Ls where
 M': trail S = Ls @ Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # M1' and
 Ls: \forall l \in set \ Ls. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ l \ \mathbf{and}
 set M1 \subseteq set M1'
 proof -
   let ?Ls = takeWhile (Not o is-marked) (trail S)
   have MLs: trail\ S = ?Ls \ @\ drop\ While\ (Not\ o\ is-marked)\ (trail\ S)
   have drop While (Not o is-marked) (trail S) \neq [] unfolding M by auto
   moreover
     from hd-dropWhile[OF this] have is-marked(hd (dropWhile (Not o is-marked) (trail S)))
       by simp
   ultimately
     obtain K' K'k where
       K'k: drop While (Not o is-marked) (trail S)
         = Marked K' K'k \# tl (drop While (Not o is-marked) (trail S))
       by (cases drop While (Not \circ is-marked) (trail S);
           cases hd (drop While (Not \circ is-marked) (trail S)))
         simp-all
   moreover have \forall l \in set ?Ls. \neg is\text{-}marked l using set\text{-}takeWhileD by force
   moreover
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
            = K'k \# get-all-levels-of-marked(tl (drop While (Not \circ is-marked) (trail S)))
       apply (subst MLs, subst K'k)
       using calculation(2) by (auto simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked)
     then have K'k = backtrack-lvl S
     using calculation(2) by (auto split: split-if-asm simp add: qet-lvls-M upt.simps(2))
   moreover have set M1 \subseteq set (tl (dropWhile (Not o is-marked) (trail S)))
     unfolding M by (induction M2) auto
   ultimately show ?thesis using that MLs by metis
 qed
have get-lvls-M: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)]
 using lev' unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have backtrack-lvl S > 0 unfolding M by (auto split: split-if-asm simp add: upt.simps(2) i)
have M1'-D: M1' \models as\ CNot\ D using M1-D \land set\ M1 \subseteq set\ M1' \triangleright by (auto intro: true-annots-mono)
have -L \in lits-of (trail S) using conf confl-S unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
have lvls-M1': qet-all-levels-of-marked\ M1' = rev\ [1... < backtrack-lvl\ S]
 using qet-lvls-M Ls by (auto simp add: qet-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked M'
   split: split-if-asm \ simp \ add: \ upt.simps(2))
have L-notin: atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\ 'lits\text{-}of\ Ls\lor atm\text{-}of\ L=atm\text{-}of\ K'
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of (Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # rev Ls) by simp
```

```
then have get-level (trail S) L = get-level M1' L
     unfolding M' by auto
   then show False using get-level-in-levels-of-marked [of M1' L] \langle backtrack-lvl S \rangle 0 \rangle
   unfolding k lvls-M1' by auto
 qed
obtain YZ where
  RY: cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} R Y \text{ and }
  YZ: cdcl_W-stgy YZ and
 nt: \neg (\exists c. trail \ Y = c @ Marked \ K' (backtrack-lvl \ S) \# M1' @ []) and
 Z: (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy} \ a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ \ Marked \ K' \ (backtrack-lvl \ S) \ \# \ M1' \ @ \ []))^{**}
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide'[OF st' - - lev, of Ls K']
   backtrack-lvl S M1' []]
 unfolding R M' by auto
have [simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv Y
 using RY lev rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by blast
obtain M' where trZ: trail\ Z=M'\ @\ Marked\ K'\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)\ \#\ M1'
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end[OF Z] M' by auto
have no-dup (trail\ Y)
 using RY lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by blast
then obtain Y' where
  dec: decide Y Y' and
  Y'Z: full cdcl_W-cp Y' Z and
 no-step cdcl_W-cp Y
 using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-trail-has-new-marked-is-decide-step[OF YZ nt Z] M' by auto
have trY: trail\ Y = M1'
 proof -
   obtain M' where M: trail\ Z=M'\ @\ Marked\ K'\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)\ \#\ M1'
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end[OF Z] M' by auto
   obtain M'' where M'': trail Z = M'' @ trail Y' and \forall m \in set M''. \neg is-marked m
     using Y'Z rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-drop While-trail' unfolding full-def by blast
   obtain M''' where trail Y' = M''' @ Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # M1'
     using M'' unfolding M
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) \forall m \in set M''. \neg is-marked m \land beginning-not-marked-invert)
   then show ?thesis using dec nt by (induction M''') auto
 qed
have Y-CT: conflicting Y = None using \langle decide\ Y\ Y' \rangle by auto
have cdcl_W^{**} R Y by (simp \ add: RY \ rtranclp-cdcl_W - stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
then have init-clss Y = init-clss R using rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss [of R \ Y] M-lev by auto
{ assume DL: D + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses \ Y
 have atm\text{-}of L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits-of M1
   apply (rule backtrack-lit-skiped[of S])
   using decomp i k lev' unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have LM1: undefined-lit M1 L
   by (metis Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of atm-of-uminus image-eqI)
 have L-trY: undefined-lit (trail Y) L
   \mathbf{using} \ \textit{L-notin} \ (\textit{no-dup} \ (\textit{trail} \ S)) \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \textit{defined-lit-map} \ trY \ M'
   by (auto simp add: image-iff lits-of-def)
 have \exists Y'. propagate YY'
   using propagate-rule[of Y] DL M1'-D L-trY Y-CT trY DL by (metis state-eq-ref)
 then have False using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ Y\rangle\ propagate' by blast
moreover {
 assume DL: D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses Y
 have lY-lZ: learned-clss Y = learned-clss Z
```

```
using dec Y'Z rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv[of Y' Z] unfolding full-def
     by auto
   have invZ: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv Z
     by (meson RY YZ invR r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
   have D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \#learned\text{-}clss S
     apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned [OF Z invZ trZ])
       using DL lY-lZ unfolding clauses-def apply simp
      apply (metis (no-types, lifting) \langle set \ M1 \subseteq set \ M1' \rangle image-mono order-trans
        vars-of-D lits-of-def)
     using L-notin (no-dup (trail S)) unfolding M' by (auto simp add: image-iff lits-of-def)
   then have False
     using already-learned DL confl. st' M-lev unfolding M'
     by (simp add: \langle init\text{-}clss \ Y = init\text{-}clss \ R \rangle clauses-def confl-S
      rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
 }
 ultimately show False by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes
   invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} R S and
   dist: distinct-mset (clauses R) and
   R: trail R = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
 using st
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case using dist by simp
next
 case (step S T) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 from s show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-stgy.cases)
     case conflict'
     then show ?thesis
      using IH unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses)
   next
     case (other' S') note o = this(1) and full = this(3)
     have [simp]: clauses T = clauses S'
      using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses)
     show ?thesis
      using o IH
      proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-o-rule-cases)
        {f case}\ backtrack
        moreover
          have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
            using invR rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv st by blast
          then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
            unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
        ultimately obtain E where
          conflicting S = Some E  and
          cls-S': clauses S' = {\#E\#} + clauses S
          using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv S \rangle
          by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
```

```
then have E \notin \# clauses S
           using cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause R invR local.backtrack st by blast
         then show ?thesis using IH by (simp add: distinct-mset-add-single cls-S')
       qed auto
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state\ N)\ S and
   no-duplicate-clause: distinct-mset N and
   no-duplicate-in-clause: distinct-mset-mset N
 shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[OF - st] assms
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
17.9
         Decrease of a measure
fun cdcl_W-measure where
cdcl_W-measure S =
  [(3::nat) \cap (card (atms-of-msu (init-clss S))) - card (set-mset (learned-clss S)),
    if conflicting S = None then 1 else 0,
   if conflicting S = None then card (atms-of-msu (init-clss S)) - length (trail S)
   else length (trail S)
{\bf lemma}\ length{-model-le-vars-all-inv}:
 assumes cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows length (trail\ S) \le card\ (atms-of\text{-}msu\ (init\text{-}clss\ S))
 using assms length-model-le-vars [of S] unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
end
context cdcl_W
begin
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{learned-clss-less-upper-bound}\colon
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
    distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s
 shows card(set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S)) \leq 3 \ \widehat{}\ card\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))
 \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{set-mset}\ (\mathit{learned-clss}\ S) \subseteq \mathit{simple-clss}\ (\mathit{atms-of-msu}\ (\mathit{learned-clss}\ S))
   apply (rule simplified-in-simple-clss)
   using assms unfolding distinct-cdclw-state-def by auto
 then have card(set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))
   \leq card \ (simple-clss \ (atms-of-msu \ (learned-clss \ S)))
   by (simp add: simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card finite-set-mset order-trans)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma lexn3[intro!, simp]:
  a < a' \lor (a = a' \land b < b') \lor (a = a' \land b = b' \land c < c')
   \implies ([a::nat, b, c], [a', b', c']) \in lexn \{(x, y). x < y\} \ 3
```

```
apply auto
 unfolding lexn-conv apply fastforce
 unfolding lexn-conv apply auto
 apply (metis\ append.simps(1)\ append.simps(2))+
 done
lemma cdcl_W-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-restart:
     \neg (learned\text{-}clss\ S \subseteq \#\ learned\text{-}clss\ S' \land [] = trail\ S' \land conflicting\ S' = None)
   learned-clss S \subseteq \# learned-clss S' and
   no-relearn: \land S'. backtrack SS' \Longrightarrow \forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow T \notin \# learned-clss S
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   M-level: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-taut: \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s  and
   no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 using assms(1) M-level assms(2,3)
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case (propagate C L) note undef = this(3) and T = this(4) and conf = this(5)
 have propa: propagate S (cons-trail (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\})) S)
   using propagate-rule[OF - propagate.hyps(1,2)] propagate.hyps by auto
 then have no-dup': no-dup (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# trail S)
   by (metis\ M-level\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(2)\ marked-lit.sel(2)\ propagate'
     let ?N = init\text{-}clss S
 have no-strange-atm (cons-trail (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\)) S)
   using alien cdcl_W.propagate cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv propa M-level by blast
 then have atm-of 'lits-of (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# trail S)
   \subseteq atms-of-msu \ (init-clss \ S)
   using undef unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
 then have card (atm-of 'lits-of (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# trail S))
   \leq card (atms-of-msu (init-clss S))
   by (meson atms-of-ms-finite card-mono finite-set-mset)
 then have length (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# trail S) \leq card (atms-of-msu ?N)
   using no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of no-dup' by fastforce
 then have H: card (atms-of-msu (init-clss S)) - length (trail S)
   = Suc (card (atms-of-msu (init-clss S)) - Suc (length (trail S)))
   by simp
 show ?case using conf T undef by (auto simp: H)
next
 case (decide L) note conf = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 moreover
   have dec: decide S (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
     using decide.intros decide.hyps by force
   then have cdcl_W:cdcl_W S (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S+1)) (incr-lvl S))
     using cdcl_W.simps by blast
 moreover
   have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
```

```
using cdcl_W M-level cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF cdcl_W] by auto
   then have no-dup: no-dup (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1) # trail S)
     using undef unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
   have no-strange-atm (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
     using M-level alien calculation (4) cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv by blast
   then have length (Marked L ((backtrack-lvl S) + 1) # (trail S))
     \leq card (atms-of-msu (init-clss S))
     using no-dup clauses-def undef
     length-model-le-vars[of\ cons-trail\ (Marked\ L\ (backtrack-lvl\ S\ +\ 1))\ (incr-lvl\ S)]
     by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case using conf by auto
next
  case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D) note tr=this(1) and conf=this(2) and T=this(5)
 show ?case using conf T unfolding clauses-def by (simp add: tr)
next
 case conflict
 then show ?case by simp
  case resolve
 then show ?case using finite unfolding clauses-def by simp
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and conf = this(3) and undef = this(6)
and
   T = this(7) and lev = this(8)
 let ?S' = T
 have bt: backtrack S ?S'
   \mathbf{using}\ backtrack.hyps\ backtrack.intros[of\ S\ -\ -\ -\ D\ L\ K\ i]\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
 have D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S
   using no-relearn conf bt by auto
  then have card-T:
   card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (\{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + learned\text{-}clss\ S)) = Suc\ (card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S)))
   by (simp \ add:)
  have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state ?S'
   using bt M-level distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv no-dup other by blast
 moreover have \forall s \in \#learned\text{-}clss ?S'. \neg tautology s
   using learned-clss-are-not-tautologies[OF <math>cdcl_W.other[OF \ cdcl_W-o.bj]OF
     cdcl_W-bj.backtrack[OF bt]]]] M-level no-taut confl by auto
  ultimately have card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) \leq 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-msu (learned-clss T))
     by (auto simp: clauses-def learned-clss-less-upper-bound)
   then have H: card (set-mset (\{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + learned\text{-}clss\ S))
     \leq 3 \hat{card} (atms-of-msu (\{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + learned-clss S))
     using T undef decomp lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover
   have atms-of-msu (\#D + \#L\#\}\#\} + learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-msu (init-clss S)
     using alien conf unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   then have card-f: card (atms-of-msu (\{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + learned-clss\ S))
     \leq card (atms-of-msu (init-clss S))
     by (meson atms-of-ms-finite card-mono finite-set-mset)
   then have (3::nat) ^{\circ} card (atms-of-msu\ (\#D + \#L\#\#\} + learned-clss\ S))
     < 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-msu (init-clss S)) by simp
  ultimately have (3::nat) ^{\circ} card (atms-of-msu\ (init-clss\ S))
   \geq card (set\text{-}mset (\{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + learned\text{-}clss S))
   using le-trans by blast
  then show ?case using decomp undef diff-less-mono2 card-T T lev
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
```

```
next
 case restart
 then show ?case using alien by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
next
 case (forget C T)
 then have C \in \# learned-clss S and C \notin \# learned-clss T
 then show ?case using forget(9) by (simp \ add: \ mset-leD)
qed
{\bf lemma}\ propagate{-}measure{-}decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes propagate S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) propagate apply blast
         using assms(1) apply (auto simp\ add: propagate.simps)[3]
      using assms(2) apply (auto simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
 done
lemma conflict-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes conflict S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) conflict apply blast
         using assms(1) apply (auto simp add: propagate.simps)[3]
       using assms(2) apply (auto simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
 done
lemma decide-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes decide\ S\ S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) decide other apply blast
         using assms(1) apply (auto simp\ add: propagate.simps)[3]
       using assms(2) apply (auto simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
 done
lemma trans-le:
 trans \{(a, (b::nat)). a < b\}
 unfolding trans-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 using assms
proof induction
 case conflict'
 then show ?case using conflict-measure-decreasing by blast
next
 case propagate'
 then show ?case using propagate-measure-decreasing by blast
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}measure\text{-}decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing by blast
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and step = this(2) and IH = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 then have (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{a. case \ a \ of \ (a, b) \Rightarrow a < b\} 3 by blast
 moreover have (cdcl_W-measure U, cdcl_W-measure T) \in lexn \{a. case \ a \ of \ (a, \ b) \Rightarrow a < b\} 3
   using cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing [OF step] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv
   tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W[OF\ st]
   unfolding trans-def rtranclp-unfold
   by blast
 ultimately show ?case using lexn-transI[OF trans-le] unfolding trans-def by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-stqy S T and
 cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S
 trail R = [] and
 cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using assms
   by (metis rtranclp-unfold rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
 with assms show ?thesis
   proof induction
     case (conflict' V) note cp = this(1) and inv = this(5)
       using tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-measure-decreasing[OF HOL.conjunct1[OF cp[unfolded full1-def]] inv
   next
     case (other' T U) note st = this(1) and H = this(4,5,6,7) and cp = this(3)
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv other other '.hyps(1) other'.prems(4) by blast
     from tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing [OF - this]
     have le-or-eq: (cdcl_W-measure U, cdcl_W-measure T) \in lexn \{a. case \ a \ of \ (a, b) \Rightarrow a < b\} 3 \vee
       cdcl_W-measure U = cdcl_W-measure T
      using cp unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
     moreover
      have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
        using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def other'.prems(4) by blast
      with st have (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{a. case \ a \ of \ (a, b) \Rightarrow a < b\} 3
      proof (induction rule:cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
        case (decide\ T)
        then show ?case using decide-measure-decreasing H by blast
      next
```

```
case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and undef = this(6) and T =
this(7)
        have bt: backtrack S T
         apply (rule backtrack-rule)
         using backtrack.hyps by auto
        then have no-relearn: \forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow T \notin \# learned-clss S
          using cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause[of R S T] H
          unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def clauses-def by auto
        have inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
          using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv S \rangle by blast
        show ?case
          apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
                using bt cdcl_W-bj.backtrack cdcl_W-o.bj other apply simp
               using bt T undef decomp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
               cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply auto
              using bt T undef decomp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
               cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply auto[]
              using bt no-relearn apply auto[]
             using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
            using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply simp
           using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
          using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
          using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by simp
      next
        case skip
        then show ?case by force
      next
        case resolve
        then show ?case by force
      qed
     ultimately show ?case
      by (metis lexn-transI transD trans-le)
   qed
qed
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{++} R S
 trail R = [] and
 cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S, cdcl_W-measure R) \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} 3
 using assms
 apply induction
  using cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing [of R - R] apply blast
 using cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing[of - - R] tranclp-into-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-stgy R]
 lexn-transI[OF trans-le, of 3] unfolding trans-def by blast
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-S0-decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes pl: cdcl_W-stgy^{++} (init-state N) S and
 no-dup: distinct-mset-mset N
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S, cdcl_W-measure (init-state N)) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (init-state N)
   using no-dup unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
```

```
then show ?thesis using pl tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-decreasing init-state-trail by blast
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  wf \{(S::'st, init\text{-state } N) | S N. distinct\text{-mset-mset } N \land cdcl_W\text{-stqy}^{++} \text{ (init\text{-state } N) } S\}
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure'-notation2 [of lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3 - - cdcl_W-measure])
  apply (simp add: wf wf-lexn)
 using tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-S0-decreasing by blast
end
end
theory DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation
imports Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic
begin
        Simple Implementation of the DPLL and CDCL
18
18.1
         Common Rules
18.1.1
          Propagation
The following theorem holds:
lemma lits-of-unfold[iff]:
  (\forall c \in set \ C. \ -c \in lits\text{-}of \ Ms) \longleftrightarrow Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
 unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def mem-set-multiset-eq by auto
The right-hand version is written at a high-level, but only the left-hand side is executable.
definition is-unit-clause :: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal option
where
is-unit-clause l M =
  (case List.filter (\lambda a. atm-of a \notin atm-of 'lits-of M) l of
    a \# [] \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
  | - \Rightarrow None \rangle
definition is-unit-clause-code :: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list
  \Rightarrow 'a literal option where
is-unit-clause-code l M =
  (case List.filter (\lambda a. atm-of a \notin atm-of 'lits-of M) l of
    a \# [] \Rightarrow if (\forall c \in set (remove1 \ a \ l). \ -c \in lits of M) then Some a else None
  | - \Rightarrow None \rangle
lemma is-unit-clause-is-unit-clause-code[code]:
 is-unit-clause l M = is-unit-clause-code l M
proof -
 have 1: \bigwedge a. (\forall c \in set \ (remove1 \ a \ l). - c \in lits of \ M) \longleftrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ l - \{\#a\#\})
   using lits-of-unfold[of remove1 - l, of - M] by simp
 thus ?thesis
   unfolding is-unit-clause-code-def is-unit-clause-def 1 by blast
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-undef:
 assumes is-unit-clause l M = Some a
```

have (case $[a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None$

shows undefined-lit M a

proof -

```
|a| \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
          | a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
    using assms unfolding is-unit-clause-def.
  hence a \in set \ [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of \ M]
    apply (cases [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M])
      apply simp
    apply (rename-tac aa list; case-tac list) by (auto split: split-if-asm)
  hence atm-of a \notin atm-of 'lits-of M by auto
  thus ?thesis
    by (simp add: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
      atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-CNot: is-unit-clause l M = Some \ a \Longrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ l - \{\#a\#\})
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def
proof -
 assume (case [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
          |a| \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
          | a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
  thus ?thesis
    apply (cases [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M], \ simp)
      apply simp
    apply (rename-tac aa list, case-tac list) by (auto split: split-if-asm)
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-in: is-unit-clause l\ M=Some\ a\Longrightarrow a\in set\ l
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def
proof -
 assume (case [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
         |[a] \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
        | a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
  thus a \in set l
    by (cases [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm-of \ a \notin atm-of \ `lits-of \ M])
       (fastforce dest: filter-eq-ConsD split: split-if-asm split: list.splits)+
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-nil[simp]: is-unit-clause [] M = None
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def by auto
18.1.2
            Unit propagation for all clauses
Finding the first clause to propagate
fun find-first-unit-clause :: 'a literal list list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list
  \Rightarrow ('a literal \times 'a literal list) option where
find-first-unit-clause (a # l) M =
  (case is-unit-clause a M of
    None \Rightarrow find\text{-}first\text{-}unit\text{-}clause \ l \ M
  | Some L \Rightarrow Some (L, a)) |
find-first-unit-clause [] - = None
lemma find-first-unit-clause-some:
 find-first-unit-clause\ l\ M = Some\ (a,\ c)
  \implies c \in set \ l \land M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ c - \{\#a\#\}) \land undefined-lit \ M \ a \land a \in set \ c
 apply (induction \ l)
    apply simp
```

```
is-unit-clause-some-undef)
lemma propagate-is-unit-clause-not-None:
 assumes dist: distinct c and
  M: M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ c - \{\#a\#\}) \ and
  undef: undefined-lit M a and
  ac: a \in set c
 shows is-unit-clause c M \neq None
proof
 have [a \leftarrow c : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M] = [a]
   using assms
   proof (induction c)
     case Nil thus ?case by simp
   next
     case (Cons\ ac\ c)
     show ?case
       proof (cases \ a = ac)
         case True
         thus ?thesis using Cons
           by (auto simp del: lits-of-unfold
                simp add: lits-of-unfold[symmetric] Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
                 atm-of-eq-atm-of atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
       next
         {f case} False
         hence T: mset \ c + \{\#ac\#\} - \{\#a\#\} = mset \ c - \{\#a\#\} + \{\#ac\#\} \}
           by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
         show ?thesis using False Cons
           by (auto simp add: T atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
       qed
   qed
 thus ?thesis
   using M unfolding is-unit-clause-def by auto
qed
lemma find-first-unit-clause-none:
  distinct\ c \Longrightarrow c \in set\ l \Longrightarrow\ M \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ c - \{\#a\#\}) \Longrightarrow undefined-lit\ M\ a \Longrightarrow a \in set\ c
  \implies find-first-unit-clause l M \neq None
 by (induction l)
    (auto split: option.split simp add: propagate-is-unit-clause-not-None)
18.1.3
           Decide
fun find-first-unused-var :: 'a literal list list \Rightarrow 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a literal option where
find-first-unused-var (a # l) M =
 (case List.find (\lambdalit. lit \notin M \wedge -lit \notin M) a of
   None \Rightarrow find\text{-}first\text{-}unused\text{-}var\ l\ M
   Some \ a \Rightarrow Some \ a)
find-first-unused-var [] - = None
lemma find-none[iff]:
  List.find (\lambdalit. lit \notin M \land -lit \notin M) a = None \longleftrightarrow atm-of 'set a \subseteq atm-of ' M
 apply (induct a)
  using atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
   by (force simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set)+
```

by (auto split: option.splits dest: is-unit-clause-some-in is-unit-clause-some-CNot

```
lemma find-some: List.find (\lambdalit. lit \notin M \land -lit \notin M) a = Some \ b \Longrightarrow b \in set \ a \land b \notin M \land -b \notin M
  unfolding find-Some-iff by (metis nth-mem)
lemma find-first-unused-var-None[iff]:
  find-first-unused-var\ l\ M=None\longleftrightarrow (\forall\ a\in set\ l.\ atm-of\ `set\ a\subseteq atm-of\ `M)
  by (induct \ l)
    (auto split: option.splits dest!: find-some
      simp add: image-subset-iff atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
lemma find-first-unused-var-Some-not-all-incl:
 assumes find-first-unused-var\ l\ M = Some\ c
 shows \neg(\forall a \in set \ l. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `M)
proof -
  have find-first-unused-var l M \neq None
   using assms by (cases find-first-unused-var l M) auto
  thus \neg(\forall a \in set \ l. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `M) by auto
qed
lemma find-first-unused-var-Some:
  find\text{-}first\text{-}unused\text{-}var\ l\ M = Some\ a \Longrightarrow (\exists\ m\in set\ l.\ a\in set\ m\land a\notin M\land -a\notin M)
 by (induct l) (auto split: option.splits dest: find-some)
lemma find-first-unused-var-undefined:
 find-first-unused-var l (lits-of Ms) = Some a \Longrightarrow undefined-lit Ms a
 using find-first-unused-var-Some of l lits-of Ms a Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
  by blast
end
theory DPLL-W-Implementation
imports DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation <math>DPLL-W \sim \sim /src/HOL/Library/Code-Target-Numeral
begin
18.2
          Simple Implementation of DPLL
           Combining the propagate and decide: a DPLL step
definition DPLL-step :: int dpll_W-marked-lits \times int literal list list
 \Rightarrow int dpll<sub>W</sub>-marked-lits \times int literal list list where
DPLL\text{-}step = (\lambda(Ms, N).
  (case find-first-unit-clause N Ms of
   Some (L, -) \Rightarrow (Propagated L () \# Ms, N)
   if \exists C \in set \ N. \ (\forall c \in set \ C. \ -c \in lits \text{-of } Ms)
   then
     (case backtrack-split Ms of
       (-, L \# M) \Rightarrow (Propagated (- (lit-of L)) () \# M, N)
     \mid (-, -) \Rightarrow (Ms, N)
   else
   (case find-first-unused-var N (lits-of Ms) of
       Some a \Rightarrow (Marked \ a \ () \# Ms, \ N)
      | None \Rightarrow (Ms, N)))
Example of propagation:
```

value DPLL-step ([Marked (Neg 1) ()], [[Pos (1::int), Neg 2]])

```
and here (with lists).
abbreviation toS \equiv \lambda(Ms::(int, unit, unit) marked-lit list)
                  (N:: int\ literal\ list\ list).\ (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N))
abbreviation toS' \equiv \lambda(Ms::(int, unit, unit) marked-lit list,
                     N:: int\ literal\ list\ list). (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N))
Proof of correctness of DPLL-step
lemma DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step:
 assumes step: (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 and neq: (Ms, N) \neq (Ms', N')
 shows dpll_W (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N')
proof -
 let ?S = (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 { fix L E
   assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = Some (L, E)
   hence Ms'N: (Ms', N') = (Propagated L() \# Ms, N)
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by auto
   obtain C where
     C: C \in set \ N \ and
     Ms: Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C - \{\#L\#\}) and
     undef: undefined-lit Ms L and
     L \in set \ C \ using \ find-first-unit-clause-some[OF \ unit] \ by \ metis
   have dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
       (Propagated L () # fst (Ms, mset (map mset N)), snd (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
     apply (rule dpll_W.propagate)
     using Ms undef C (L \in set \ C) unfolding mem-set-multiset-eq by (auto simp add: C)
   hence ?thesis using Ms'N by auto
 }
 moreover
 \{ assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None \}
   assume exC: \exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
   then obtain C where C: C \in set \ N and Ms: Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C) by auto
   then obtain L M M' where bt: backtrack-split Ms = (M', L \# M)
     using step exC neq unfolding DPLL-step-def prod.case unit
     by (cases backtrack-split Ms, rename-tac b, case-tac b) auto
   hence is-marked L using backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked of Ms by auto
   have 1: dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
               (Propagated (-lit-of L) () \# M, snd (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
     apply (rule dpll_W.backtrack[OF - \langle is-marked L \rangle, of ])
     using C Ms bt by auto
   moreover have (Ms', N') = (Propagated (- (lit-of L)) () \# M, N)
     using step exC unfolding DPLL-step-def bt prod.case unit by auto
   ultimately have ?thesis by auto
 moreover
 \{ assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None \}
   assume exC: \neg (\exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C))
   obtain L where unused: find-first-unused-var N (lits-of Ms) = Some L
     using step exC neq unfolding DPLL-step-def prod.case unit
     by (cases find-first-unused-var N (lits-of Ms)) auto
   have dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
            (Marked\ L\ ()\ \#\ fst\ (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N)),\ snd\ (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N)))
     apply (rule dpll_W.decided[of ?S L])
     using find-first-unused-var-Some[OF unused]
```

We define the conversion function between the states as defined in *Prop-DPLL* (with multisets)

```
by (auto simp add: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of atms-of-ms-def)
   moreover have (Ms', N') = (Marked L () \# Ms, N)
     using step exC unfolding DPLL-step-def unused prod.case unit by auto
   ultimately have ?thesis by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis by (cases find-first-unit-clause N Ms) auto
qed
lemma DPLL-step-stuck-final-state:
 assumes step: (Ms, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS Ms N)
proof -
 have unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None
   using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (auto split:option.splits)
  { assume n: \exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
   hence Ms: (Ms, N) = (case \ backtrack-split \ Ms \ of \ (x, \parallel) \Rightarrow (Ms, N)
                     (x, L \# M) \Rightarrow (Propagated (-lit-of L) () \# M, N))
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (simp add:unit)
 have snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = []
   proof (cases backtrack-split Ms, cases snd (backtrack-split Ms))
     \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
     assume backtrack-split\ Ms = (a, b) and snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = []
     thus snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = [] by blast
   next
     fix a b aa list
     assume
       bt: backtrack-split\ Ms=(a,\ b) and
       bt': snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = aa\ \#\ list
     hence Ms: Ms = Propagated (-lit-of aa) () \# list using Ms by auto
     have is-marked aa using backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked of Ms bt bt by auto
     moreover have fst (backtrack-split Ms) @ aa \# list = Ms
      using backtrack-split-list-eq[of Ms] bt' by auto
     ultimately have False unfolding Ms by auto
     thus snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = [] by blast
   qed
   hence ?thesis
     using n backtrack-snd-empty-not-marked [of Ms] unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def
     by (cases backtrack-split Ms) auto
  }
 moreover {
   assume n: \neg (\exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C))
   hence find-first-unused-var\ N\ (lits-of\ Ms) = None
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (simp add: unit split: option.splits)
   hence a: \forall a \in set \ N. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `(lits\text{-}of \ Ms) \ by \ auto
   have fst (toS\ Ms\ N) \models asm\ snd\ (toS\ Ms\ N) unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def Ball-def
     proof clarify
      \mathbf{fix} \ x
      assume x: x \in set\text{-}mset (clauses (toS Ms N))
      hence \neg Ms \models as \ CNot \ x \ using \ n \ unfolding \ true-annots-def \ CNot-def \ Ball-def \ by \ auto
      moreover have total-over-m (lits-of Ms) \{x\}
        using a x image-iff in-mono atms-of-s-def
        unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def lits-of-def by fastforce
```

```
ultimately show fst (toS Ms N) \models a x
         using total-not-CNot[of lits-of Ms x] by (simp add: true-annot-def true-annots-true-cls)
   hence ?thesis unfolding conclusive-dpllw-state-def by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
18.2.2
           Adding invariants
Invariant tested in the function function DPLL-ci :: int dpll_W-marked-lits \Rightarrow int literal list
list
  \Rightarrow int dpll<sub>W</sub>-marked-lits \times int literal list list where
DPLL-ci Ms N =
  (if \neg dpll_W - all - inv (Ms, mset (map mset N))
  then (Ms, N)
  let (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N) in
  if (Ms', N') = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci Ms'(N)
 by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(S', S). (toS'S', toS'S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W-all-inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\})
 show wf \{(S', S).(toS' S', toS' S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\}
   \mathbf{using} \ \textit{wf-if-measure-f}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{dpll}_W\text{-}\mathit{wf},\ \mathit{of}\ \mathit{toS'}]\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{auto}
next
 fix Ms :: int \ dpll_W-marked-lits and N \ x \ xa \ y
 assume \neg \neg dpll_W - all - inv (to S Ms N)
 and step: x = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 and x: (xa, y) = x
 and (xa, y) \neq (Ms, N)
 thus ((xa, N), Ms, N) \in \{(S', S), (toS'S', toS'S) \in \{(S', S), dpll_W-all-inv S \land dpll_W SS'\}\}
   using DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step dpll_W-same-clauses split-conv by fastforce
qed
No invariant tested function (domintros) DPLL-part:: int dpll_W-marked-lits \Rightarrow int literal list list
 int \ dpll_W-marked-lits \times int \ literal \ list \ list \ where
DPLL-part Ms N =
  (let (Ms', N') = DPLL\text{-step} (Ms, N) in
  if (Ms', N') = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-part Ms'(N)
 by fast+
lemma snd-DPLL-step[simp]:
  snd\ (DPLL\text{-}step\ (Ms,\ N)) = N
 unfolding DPLL-step-def by (auto split: split-if option.splits prod.splits list.splits)
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom:
 assumes dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 shows DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-part Ms N \wedge DPLL-part-dom (Ms, N)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
  case (1 Ms N)
 have snd (DPLL\text{-step }(Ms, N)) = N by auto
 then obtain Ms' where Ms': DPLL-step (Ms, N) = (Ms', N) by (cases DPLL-step (Ms, N)) auto
 have inv': dpll_W-all-inv (toS\ Ms'\ N) by (metis\ (mono\text{-}tags)\ 1.prems\ DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}is\text{-}a\text{-}dpll_W\text{-}step)
```

 $Ms' dpll_W$ -all-inv old.prod.inject)

```
{ assume (Ms', N) \neq (Ms, N)
   hence DPLL-ci~Ms'~N = DPLL-part~Ms'~N \land DPLL-part-dom~(Ms',~N) using 1(1)[of~-Ms'~N]
Ms'
     1(2) inv' by auto
   hence DPLL-part-dom (Ms, N) using DPLL-part.domintros Ms' by fastforce
   moreover have DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-part Ms N using 1.prems DPLL-part.psimps Ms'
     \langle DPLL\text{-}ci\ Ms'\ N = DPLL\text{-}part\ Ms'\ N \land DPLL\text{-}part\text{-}dom\ (Ms',\ N) \rangle \ \langle DPLL\text{-}part\text{-}dom\ (Ms,\ N) \rangle \ \mathbf{by}
auto
   ultimately have ?case by blast
 }
 moreover {
   assume (Ms', N) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using DPLL-part.domintros DPLL-part.psimps Ms' by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp:
 assumes DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms', N')
 shows dpll_W^{**} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N)
 using assms
proof (induct Ms N arbitrary: Ms' N' rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N Ms' N') note IH = this(1) and step = this(2)
 obtain S_1 S_2 where S:(S_1, S_2) = DPLL\text{-step }(Ms, N) by (cases\ DPLL\text{-step }(Ms, N)) auto
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   hence (Ms, N) = (Ms', N) using step by auto
   hence ?case by auto
 moreover
 { assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, S_2) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using S step by auto
 }
 moreover
 { assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N)
   moreover obtain S_1' S_2' where DPLL-ci S_1 N = (S_1', S_2') by (cases DPLL-ci S_1 N) auto
   moreover have DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-ci S_1 N using DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation
     proof -
      have (case (S_1, S_2) of (ms, lss) \Rightarrow
        if (ms, lss) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci ms N = DPLL-ci Ms N
        using S DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation by presburger
      hence (if (S_1, S_2) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci S_1 N) = DPLL-ci Ms N
        by fastforce
      thus ?thesis
        using calculation(2) by presburger
   ultimately have dpll_W^{**} (to S_1'N) (to S_1'N) using IH[of(S_1, S_2) S_1 S_2] S step by simp
   moreover have dpll_W (toS Ms N) (toS S_1 N)
     by (metis DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step S(S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N)) prod.sel(2) snd-DPLL-step)
   ultimately have ?case by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) IH S (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N))
     \langle DPLL\text{-}ci \ Ms \ N = DPLL\text{-}ci \ S_1 \ N \rangle \langle dpll_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ (toS \ Ms \ N) \rangle \ converse\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp
     local.step)
```

```
}
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-dpll_W-tranclp-irrefl:
 assumes dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, N)
 and dpll_W^{++} (Ms, N) (Ms, N)
 shows False
proof -
 have 1: wf \{(S', S), dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\} using dpll_W - wf - tranclp by auto
 have ((Ms, N), (Ms, N)) \in \{(S', S), dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\} using assms by auto
 thus False using wf-not-refl[OF 1] by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-final-state:
 assumes step: DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms, N)
 and inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS Ms N)
proof -
 have st: dpll_W^{**} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms N) using DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp[OF step].
 have DPLL-step (Ms, N) = (Ms, N)
   proof (rule ccontr)
    obtain Ms' N' where Ms'N: (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
      by (cases DPLL-step (Ms, N)) auto
    assume ¬ ?thesis
    hence DPLL-ci Ms' N = (Ms, N) using step inv st Ms'N[symmetric] by fastforce
    hence dpll_W^{++} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms N)
     by (metis DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step Ms'N \land DPLL-step (Ms, N) \neq (Ms, N)
N)
        prod.sel(2) rtranclp-into-tranclp2 snd-DPLL-step)
    thus False using dpll_W-all-inv-dpll_W-tranclp-irreft inv by auto
 thus ?thesis using DPLL-step-stuck-final-state[of Ms N] by simp
qed
lemma DPLL-step-obtains:
 obtains Ms' where (Ms', N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 unfolding DPLL-step-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) DPLL-step-def prod.collapse snd-DPLL-step)
lemma DPLL-ci-obtains:
 obtains Ms' where (Ms', N) = DPLL-ci Ms N
proof (induct rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N) note IH = this(1) and that = this(2)
 obtain S where SN: (S, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) using DPLL-step-obtains by metis
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   hence ?case using that by auto
 }
 moreover {
   assume n: (S, N) \neq (Ms, N)
   and inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   have \exists ms. DPLL\text{-step }(Ms, N) = (ms, N)
    by (metis \land \land thesisa. (\land S. (S, N) = DPLL\text{-step} (Ms, N) \Longrightarrow thesisa) \Longrightarrow thesisa)
   hence ?thesis
    using IH that by fastforce
 }
```

```
moreover {
   assume n: (S, N) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using SN that by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-no-more-step:
 assumes step: DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms', N')
 shows DPLL-ci Ms' N' = (Ms', N')
 using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: Ms' N' rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 \text{ Ms } N \text{ Ms' } N') note IH = this(1) and step = this(2)
 obtain S_1 where S:(S_1, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) using DPLL-step-obtains by auto
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   hence ?case using step by auto
 }
 moreover {
   assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, N) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using S step by auto
 }
 moreover
 { assume inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   assume n: (S_1, N) \neq (Ms, N)
   obtain S_1' where SS: (S_1', N) = DPLL-ci S_1 N using DPLL-ci-obtains by blast
   moreover have DPLL-ci\ Ms\ N=DPLL-ci\ S_1\ N
    proof -
      have (case\ (S_1,\ N)\ of\ (ms,\ lss)\Rightarrow if\ (ms,\ lss)=(Ms,\ N)\ then\ (Ms,\ N)\ else\ DPLL-ci\ ms\ N)
       = DPLL-ci Ms N
       using S DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation inv by presburger
      hence (if (S_1, N) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci S_1 N = DPLL-ci Ms N
       by fastforce
     thus ?thesis
       using calculation n by presburger
    qed
   moreover
    ultimately have ?case using step by fastforce
 }
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-part-dpll_W-all-inv-final:
 fixes M Ms':: (int, unit, unit) marked-lit list and
   N :: int \ literal \ list \ list
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 and MsN: DPLL-part Ms N = (Ms', N)
 shows conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (toS Ms' N) \wedge dpll<sub>W</sub>** (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N)
 have 2: DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-part Ms N using inv dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom by blast
 hence star: dpll_W^{**} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N) unfolding MsN using DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp by
blast
```

```
hence inv': dpll_W-all-inv (to S Ms' N) using inv rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv by blast show ?thesis using star DPLL-ci-final-state[OF DPLL-ci-no-more-step inv'] 2 unfolding MsN by blast qed
```

Embedding the invariant into the type

```
Defining the type typedef dpll_W-state =
   \{(M::(int, unit, unit) \ marked-lit \ list, \ N::int \ literal \ list \ list).
       dpll_W-all-inv (toS M N)}
 morphisms rough-state-of state-of
proof
   show ([],[]) \in \{(M,N), dpll_W-all-inv (toS M N)\} by (auto simp add: dpll_W-all-inv-def)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma
  DPLL-part-dom ([], N)
 using assms dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom[of [] N] by (simp add: dpll_W-all-inv-def)
Some type classes instantiation dpll_W-state :: equal
begin
definition equal-dpll_W-state :: dpll_W-state \Rightarrow dpll_W-state \Rightarrow bool where
equal-dpll_W-state S S' = (rough\text{-state-of } S = rough\text{-state-of } S')
instance
 by standard (simp add: rough-state-of-inject equal-dpllw-state-def)
end
DPLL definition DPLL-step' :: dpll_W-state \Rightarrow dpll_W-state where
  DPLL-step' S = state-of (DPLL-step (rough-state-of S))
declare rough-state-of-inverse[simp]
lemma DPLL-step-dpll_W-conc-inv:
  DPLL-step (rough-state-of S) \in \{(M, N), dpll_W-all-inv (toS M N)\}
 by (smt DPLL-ci.simps DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp case-prodE case-prodI2 rough-state-of
   mem-Collect-eq old.prod.case\ prod.sel(2)\ rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv snd-DPLL-step)
lemma rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step[simp]:
  rough-state-of (DPLL-step' S) = DPLL-step (rough-state-of S)
 using DPLL-step-dpll_W-conc-inv DPLL-step'-def state-of-inverse by auto
function DPLL-tot:: dpll_W-state \Rightarrow dpll_W-state where
DPLL-tot S =
  (let S' = DPLL-step' S in
  if S' = S then S else DPLL-tot S')
 by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(T', T).
    (rough-state-of\ T',\ rough-state-of\ T)
      \in \{(S', S), (toS'S', toS'S)\}
            \in \{(S', S). \ dpll_W - all - inv \ S \land dpll_W \ S \ S'\}\}\}
 show wf \{(b, a).
        (rough-state-of b, rough-state-of a)
          \in \{(b, a). (toS'b, toS'a)\}
            \in \{(b, a). dpll_W - all - inv \ a \land dpll_W \ a \ b\}\}\}
```

```
using wf-if-measure-f[OF wf-if-measure-f[OF dpll_W-wf, of toS'], of rough-state-of].
next
 \mathbf{fix} \ S \ x
 assume x: x = DPLL\text{-}step' S
 and x \neq S
 have dpll_W-all-inv (case rough-state-of S of (Ms, N) \Rightarrow (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prodE mem-Collect-eq old.prod.case rough-state-of)
 moreover have dpll_W (case rough-state-of S of (Ms, N) \Rightarrow (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
                  (case\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (DPLL\text{-}step'\ S)\ of\ (Ms,\ N) \Rightarrow (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N)))
   proof -
     obtain Ms N where Ms: (Ms, N) = rough\text{-state-of } S by (cases rough\text{-state-of } S) auto
     have dpll_W-all-inv (toS'(Ms, N)) using calculation unfolding Ms by blast
     moreover obtain Ms' N' where Ms': (Ms', N') = rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (DPLL\text{-}step' S)
      by (cases rough-state-of (DPLL-step' S)) auto
     ultimately have dpll_W-all-inv (toS'(Ms', N')) unfolding Ms'
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prod-unfold mem-Collect-eq rough-state-of)
     have dpll_W (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N')
      apply (rule DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step[of Ms' N' Ms N])
      unfolding Ms Ms' using \langle x \neq S \rangle rough-state-of-inject x by fastforce+
     thus ?thesis unfolding Ms[symmetric] Ms'[symmetric] by auto
 ultimately show (x, S) \in \{(T', T). (rough-state-of T', rough-state-of T)\}
   \in \{(S', S). (toS'S', toS'S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - invS \land dpll_W SS'\}\}\}
   by (auto simp add: x)
ged
lemma [code]:
DPLL-tot S =
 (let S' = DPLL-step' S in
  if S' = S then S else DPLL-tot S') by auto
lemma DPLL-tot-DPLL-step-DPLL-tot (simp]: DPLL-tot (DPLL-step' S) = DPLL-tot S
 apply (cases DPLL-step' S = S)
 apply simp
 unfolding DPLL-tot.simps[of S] by (simp del: DPLL-tot.simps)
lemma DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot[simp]:
 DPLL-step' (DPLL-tot S) = DPLL-tot S
 by (rule DPLL-tot.induct[of \lambda S. DPLL-step' (DPLL-tot S) = DPLL-tot S S|)
    (metis (full-types) DPLL-tot.simps)
{f lemma} DPLL-tot-final-state:
 assumes DPLL-tot S = S
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS'(rough-state-of S))
 have DPLL-step' S = S using assms[symmetric] DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot by metis
 hence DPLL-step (rough-state-of S) = (rough-state-of S)
   unfolding DPLL-step'-def using DPLL-step-dpllw-conc-inv rough-state-of-inverse
   by (metis rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step)
 thus ?thesis
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) DPLL-step-stuck-final-state old.prod.exhaust split-conv)
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ DPLL\text{-}tot\text{-}star:
 assumes rough-state-of (DPLL-tot S) = S'
 shows dpll_W^{**} (toS' (rough-state-of S)) (toS' S')
 using assms
proof (induction arbitrary: S' rule: DPLL-tot.induct)
 case (1 S S')
 let ?x = DPLL\text{-step}' S
  { assume ?x = S
   then have ?case using 1(2) by simp
  }
 moreover {
   assume S: ?x \neq S
   have ?case
     apply (cases DPLL-step' S = S)
       using S apply blast
     by (smt 1.IH 1.prems DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step DPLL-tot.simps case-prodE2
       rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
       rtranclp-idemp split-conv)
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma rough-state-of-rough-state-of-nil[simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of ([], N)) = ([], N)
 apply (rule DPLL-W-Implementation.dpll_W-state.state-of-inverse)
 unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
Theorem of correctness
{f lemma} DPLL-tot-correct:
 assumes rough-state-of (DPLL-tot\ (state-of\ (([],\ N)))) = (M,\ N')
 and (M', N'') = toS'(M, N')
 shows M' \models asm N'' \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N'')
proof -
 have dpll_{W}^{**} (toS' ([], N)) (toS' (M, N')) using DPLL-tot-star[OF assms(1)] by auto
 moreover have conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS'(M, N'))
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{DPLL-tot-final-state}\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{mono-tags},\ \mathit{lifting})\ \mathit{DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot}\ \mathit{DPLL-tot.simps}
     assms(1)
 ultimately show ?thesis using dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct by (smt DPLL-ci.simps
   DPLL\text{-}ci\text{-}dpll_W\text{-}rtranclp\ assms(2)\ dpll_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv\text{-}def\ prod.case\ prod.sel(1)\ prod.sel(2)
   rtranclp-dpll_W-inv(3) rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0)
qed
18.2.3
           Code export
A conversion to DPLL-W-Implementation.dpll_W-state definition Con :: (int, unit, unit) marked-lit
list \times int \ literal \ list \ list
                  \Rightarrow dpll_W-state where
  Con xs = state-of (if dpll_W-all-inv (toS (fst xs) (snd xs)) then xs else ([], []))
lemma [code abstype]:
  Con\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S) = S
  using rough-state-of [of S] unfolding Con-def by auto
 declare rough-state-of-DPLL-step[code abstract]
lemma Con\text{-}DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{[}simp\text{]}:
```

```
Con\ (DPLL\text{-}step\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ s)) = state\text{-}of\ (DPLL\text{-}step\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ s))

unfolding Con\text{-}def by (metis\ (mono\text{-}tags,\ lifting)\ DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}dpll_W\text{-}conc\text{-}inv\ mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq}

prod.case\text{-}eq\text{-}if)
```

A slightly different version of *DPLL-tot* where the returned boolean indicates the result.

```
definition DPLL-tot-rep where
```

```
DPLL-tot-rep S = (let (M, N) = (rough-state-of (DPLL-tot S)) in (\forall A \in set N. (\exists a \in set A. a \in lits-of (M)), M))
```

One version of the generated SML code is here, but not included in the generated document. The only differences are:

- export 'a literal from the SML Module Clausal-Logic;
- export the constructor Con from DPLL-W-Implementation;
- export the *int* constructor from *Arith*.

 All these allows to test on the code on some examples.

```
end
```

```
{\bf theory}\ CDCL\text{-}W\text{-}Implementation\\ {\bf imports}\ DPLL\text{-}CDCL\text{-}W\text{-}Implementation\ CDCL\text{-}W\text{-}Termination\\ {\bf begin}
```

notation image-mset (infixr '# 90)

```
type-synonym 'a \ cdcl_W-mark = 'a \ clause type-synonym cdcl_W-marked-level = nat
```

```
 \begin{array}{lll} \textbf{type-synonym} & \textit{v} & \textit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\textit{marked-lit} = (\textit{'v}, \; \textit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\textit{marked-level}, \; \textit{'v} \; \textit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\textit{mark}) \; \textit{marked-lit} \\ \textbf{type-synonym} & \textit{'v} \; \textit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\textit{marked-lits} = (\textit{'v}, \; \textit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\textit{marked-level}, \; \textit{'v} \; \textit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\textit{mark}) \; \textit{marked-lits} \\ \textbf{type-synonym} & \textit{'v} \; \textit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\textit{state} = \\ \end{array}
```

 $'v\ cdcl_W$ -marked-lits $\times\ 'v\ clauses \times\ 'v\ clauses \times\ nat \times\ 'v\ clause\ option$

```
abbreviation trail :: 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a where trail \equiv (\lambda(M, \cdot), M)
```

abbreviation cons-trail :: $'a \Rightarrow 'a \ list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a \ list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e$ where

```
cons-trail \equiv (\lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S))
```

abbreviation tl-trail :: 'a $list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a$ $list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e$ where tl- $trail \equiv (\lambda(M, S), (tl M, S))$

```
abbreviation clss: 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'b where clss \equiv \lambda(M, N, -). N
```

abbreviation learned-clss :: $'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'c$ where learned-clss $\equiv \lambda(M, N, U, \cdot)$. U

```
abbreviation backtrack-lvl :: 'a × 'b × 'c × 'd × 'e \Rightarrow 'd where backtrack-lvl \equiv \lambda(M, N, U, k, -). k
```

abbreviation update-backtrack-lvl :: 'd \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e where

```
update-backtrack-lvl \equiv \lambda k \ (M, N, U, -, S). \ (M, N, U, k, S)
abbreviation conflicting :: 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'e where
conflicting \equiv \lambda(M, N, U, k, D). D
abbreviation update-conflicting:: 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e
update\text{-}conflicting \equiv \lambda S \ (M, N, U, k, \text{-}). \ (M, N, U, k, S)
abbreviation S0\text{-}cdcl_W N \equiv (([], N, \{\#\}, 0, None):: 'v \ cdcl_W\text{-}state)
abbreviation add-learned-cls where
add-learned-cls \equiv \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, {\#C\#} + U, S)
abbreviation remove-cls where
remove-cls \equiv \lambda C \ (M, N, U, S). \ (M, remove-mset \ C \ N, remove-mset \ C \ U, S)
lemma trail-conv: trail (M, N, U, k, D) = M and
  clauses-conv: clss (M, N, U, k, D) = N and
  learned-clss-conv: learned-clss (M, N, U, k, D) = U and
  conflicting-conv: conflicting (M, N, U, k, D) = D and
  backtrack-lvl-conv: backtrack-lvl (M, N, U, k, D) = k
  by auto
lemma state-conv:
  S = (trail S, clss S, learned-clss S, backtrack-lvl S, conflicting S)
 by (cases S) auto
interpretation state<sub>W</sub> trail clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting
  \lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S)
 \lambda(M, S). (tl M, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, S). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, remove\text{-mset } C N, remove\text{-mset } C U, S)
  \lambda(k::nat) \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ -, \ D). \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ D)
  \lambda D \ (M, N, U, k, -). \ (M, N, U, k, D)
 \lambda N. ([], N, \{\#\}, \theta, None)
  \lambda(-, N, U, -). ([], N, U, \theta, None)
 by unfold-locales auto
interpretation cdcl_W trail clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting
  \lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S)
  \lambda(M, S). (tl M, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, S). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, remove\text{-mset } C N, remove\text{-mset } C U, S)
 \lambda(k::nat) \ (M, N, U, -, D). \ (M, N, U, k, D)
 \lambda D (M, N, U, k, -). (M, N, U, k, D)
 \lambda N. ([], N, \{\#\}, \theta, None)
  \lambda(\text{-},\,N,\,\,U,\,\text{-}).\,\,([],\,N,\,\,U,\,\,\theta,\,\,None)
  by unfold-locales auto
```

declare clauses-def[simp]

```
lemma cdcl_W-state-eq-equality[iff]: state-eq S T \longleftrightarrow S = T unfolding state-eq-def by (cases S, cases T) auto declare state-simp[simp del]
```

18.3 CDCL Implementation

18.3.1 Definition of the rules

```
Types lemma true-clss-remdups[simp]:
 I \models s \ (mset \circ remdups) \ `N \longleftrightarrow I \models s \ mset \ `N
 by (simp add: true-clss-def)
lemma satisfiable-mset-remdups[simp]:
  satisfiable \ ((mset \circ remdups) \ `N) \longleftrightarrow satisfiable \ (mset \ `N)
unfolding satisfiable-carac[symmetric] by simp
value backtrack-split [Marked (Pos (Suc 0)) ()]
value \exists C \in set \ [[Pos \ (Suc \ \theta), \ Neg \ (Suc \ \theta)]]. \ (\forall c \in set \ C. -c \in lits of \ [Marked \ (Pos \ (Suc \ \theta)) \ ()])
type-synonym cdcl_W-state-inv-st = (nat, nat, nat literal list) marked-lit list \times
  nat\ literal\ list\ list\ 	imes\ nat\ literal\ list\ list\ 	imes\ nat\ literal\ list\ option
We need some functions to convert between our abstract state nat\ cdcl_W-state and the concrete
state cdcl_W-state-inv-st.
fun convert :: ('a, 'b, 'c \ list) marked-lit \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c \ multiset) marked-lit where
convert (Propagated \ L \ C) = Propagated \ L \ (mset \ C)
convert (Marked K i) = Marked K i
abbreviation convertC :: 'a \ list \ option \Rightarrow 'a \ multiset \ option \ \ \mathbf{where}
convertC \equiv map\text{-}option \ mset
lemma convert-Propagated[elim!]:
  convert z = Propagated \ L \ C \Longrightarrow (\exists \ C'. \ z = Propagated \ L \ C' \land C = mset \ C')
 by (cases z) auto
lemma qet-rev-level-map-convert:
  qet-rev-level (map\ convert\ M)\ n\ x = qet-rev-level M\ n\ x
 by (induction M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-level-map-convert[simp]:
  get-level (map\ convert\ M) = get-level M
 using get-rev-level-map-convert[of rev M] by (simp add: rev-map)
lemma get-maximum-level-map-convert[simp]:
  get-maximum-level (map convert M) D = get-maximum-level M D
 by (induction D)
    (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
lemma qet-all-levels-of-marked-map-convert[simp]:
  qet-all-levels-of-marked (map convert M) = (qet-all-levels-of-marked M)
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
Conversion function
fun toS :: cdcl_W-state-inv-st \Rightarrow nat cdcl_W-state where
toS(M, N, U, k, C) = (map\ convert\ M,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N),\ mset\ (map\ mset\ U),\ k,\ convert C\ C)
```

```
Definition an abstract type
typedef cdcl_W-state-inv = \{S::cdcl_W-state-inv-st. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS\ S)\}
 morphisms rough-state-of state-of
proof
 show ([],[],[], 0, None) \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (toS \ S)\}
   by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
qed
instantiation cdcl_W-state-inv :: equal
definition equal\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv :: cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv \Rightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv \Rightarrow bool where
equal-cdcl_W-state-inv S S' = (rough-state-of S = rough-state-of S')
instance
 by standard (simp add: rough-state-of-inject equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-def)
end
lemma lits-of-map-convert [simp]: lits-of (map\ convert\ M) = lits-of M
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma undefined-lit-map-convert[iff]:
  undefined-lit (map\ convert\ M)\ L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit M\ L
 by (auto simp add: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of)
lemma true-annot-map-convert[simp]: map convert M \models a N \longleftrightarrow M \models a N
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (simp-all add: true-annot-def)
lemma true-annots-map-convert[simp]: map convert M \models as N \longleftrightarrow M \models as N
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemmas propagateE
lemma find-first-unit-clause-some-is-propagate:
 assumes H: find-first-unit-clause (N @ U) M = Some(L, C)
 shows propagate (toS (M, N, U, k, None)) (toS (Propagated L C # M, N, U, k, None))
 using assms
 by (auto dest!: find-first-unit-clause-some simp add: propagate.simps
   intro!: exI[of - mset C - \{\#L\#\}])
18.3.2
           The Transitions
Propagate definition do-propagate-step where
do-propagate-step S =
 (case S of
   (M, N, U, k, None) \Rightarrow
     (case find-first-unit-clause (N @ U) M of
       Some (L, C) \Rightarrow (Propagated \ L \ C \# M, N, U, k, None)
     | None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, None) \rangle
 \mid S \Rightarrow S
lemma do-propgate-step:
  do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow propagate\ (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S))
 apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
 {\bf using} \ find-first-unit-clause-some-is-propagate [of \ clss \ S \ learned-clss \ S \ trail \ S - -
   backtrack-lvl S
```

by (auto simp add: do-propagate-step-def split: option.splits)

```
lemma do-propagate-step-option[simp]:
 conflicting S \neq None \Longrightarrow do\text{-propagate-step } S = S
 unfolding do-propagate-step-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S) auto
lemma do-propagate-step-no-step:
 assumes dist: \forall c \in set \ (clss \ S \ @ \ learned\text{-}clss \ S). distinct c and
 prop-step: do-propagate-step S = S
 shows no-step propagate (toS S)
proof (standard, standard)
 \mathbf{fix} \ T
 assume propagate (toS S) T
 then obtain M N U k C L where
   toSS: toS S = (M, N, U, k, None) and
   T: T = (Propagated \ L \ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ None) \ and
   MC: M \models as CNot C and
   undef: undefined-lit ML and
   CL: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#N + U
   apply - by (cases to S S) auto
 let ?M = trail S
 let ?N = clss S
 let ?U = learned\text{-}clss S
 let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
 let ?D = None
 have S: S = (?M, ?N, ?U, ?k, ?D)
   using toSS by (cases S, cases conflicting S) simp-all
 have S: toS S = toS (?M, ?N, ?U, ?k, ?D)
   unfolding S[symmetric] by simp
 have
   M: M = map \ convert \ ?M \ and
   N: N = mset \ (map \ mset \ ?N) and
   U: U = mset \ (map \ mset \ ?U)
   using toSS[unfolded S] by auto
 obtain D where
   DCL: mset\ D = C + \{\#L\#\} and
   D: D \in set (?N @ ?U)
   using CL unfolding N U by auto
 obtain C'L' where
   set D: set D = set (L' \# C') and
   C': mset C' = C and
   L: L = L'
   using DCL by (metis\ ex-mset\ mset.simps(2)\ mset-eq-setD)
 have find-first-unit-clause (?N @ ?U) ?M \neq None
   apply (rule dist find-first-unit-clause-none[of D?N @?U?M L, OF - D])
     using D \ assms(1) apply auto[1]
     using MC setD DCL M MC unfolding C'[symmetric] apply auto[1]
    using M undef apply auto[1]
   unfolding setD L by auto
 then show False using prop-step S unfolding do-propagate-step-def by (cases S) auto
qed
Conflict fun find-conflict where
find\text{-}conflict\ M\ [] = None\ []
find-conflict M (N \# Ns) = (if (\forall c \in set \ N. -c \in lits-of \ M) then Some \ N else find-conflict \ M \ Ns)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{find}\text{-}\mathit{conflict}\text{-}\mathit{Some}\text{:}
 find\text{-}conflict\ M\ Ns = Some\ N \Longrightarrow N \in set\ Ns \land M \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ N)
 by (induction Ns rule: find-conflict.induct)
     (auto split: split-if-asm)
lemma find-conflict-None:
  find\text{-}conflict\ M\ Ns = None \longleftrightarrow (\forall\ N\in set\ Ns.\ \neg M\models as\ CNot\ (mset\ N))
 by (induction Ns) auto
lemma find-conflict-None-no-confl:
 find\text{-}conflict\ M\ (N@U) = None \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}step\ conflict\ (toS\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None))
 by (auto simp add: find-conflict-None conflict.simps)
definition do-conflict-step where
do-conflict-step S =
  (case S of
    (M, N, U, k, None) \Rightarrow
      (case find-conflict M (N @ U) of
        Some a \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, Some a)
      | None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, None))
  \mid S \Rightarrow S)
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflict\ (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S))
  apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
  unfolding conflict.simps do-conflict-step-def
  by (auto dest!:find-conflict-Some split: option.splits)
lemma do-conflict-step-no-step:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ conflict\ (toS\ S)
 apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def
  using find-conflict-None-no-confl[of trail S clss S learned-clss S
      backtrack-lvl S
 by (auto split: option.splits)
lemma do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\text{-}option[simp]:
  conflicting S \neq None \Longrightarrow do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step S = S
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S) auto
lemma do-conflict-step-conflicting[dest]:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflicting\ (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S) \neq None
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S) (auto split: option.splits)
definition do-cp-step where
do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S =
  (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ o\ do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step)\ S
lemma cp-step-is-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes H: do\text{-}cp\text{-}step \ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-cp (toS S) (toS (do-cp-step S))
proof -
  show ?thesis
 proof (cases do-conflict-step S \neq S)
```

```
case True
   then show ?thesis
     by (auto simp add: do-conflict-step do-conflict-step-conflicting do-cp-step-def)
  next
   case False
   then have confl[simp]: do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S = S\ by\ simp\ 
   show ?thesis
     proof (cases do-propagate-step S = S)
       case True
       then show ?thesis
       using H by (simp add: do-cp-step-def)
     next
       {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
       let ?S = toS S
       let ?T = toS (do\text{-propagate-step } S)
       let ?U = toS (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step S))
       have propase (to S) ? T using False do-propate-step by blast
       moreover have ns: no-step conflict (toSS) using confl do-conflict-step-no-step by blast
       ultimately show ?thesis
         using cdcl_W-cp.intros(2)[of ?S ?T] confl unfolding do-cp-step-def by auto
     qed
 qed
qed
lemma do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl:
  do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S = S \land do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S = S
 by (cases S, cases conflicting S)
   (auto simp add: do-conflict-step-def do-propagate-step-def do-cp-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma no\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}no\text{-}propagate\text{-}no\text{-}conflict:}
 no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ S\longleftrightarrow no\text{-}step\ propagate\ S\land no\text{-}step\ conflict\ S
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
lemma do-cp-step-eq-no-step:
 assumes H: do-cp-step S = S and \forall c \in set (clss S @ learned-clss S). distinct c
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp (toS S)
 unfolding no-cdclw-cp-iff-no-propagate-no-conflict
  using assms apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
 using do-propagate-step-no-step[of S]
 by (auto dest!: do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl[simplified] do-conflict-step-no-step
   split: option.splits)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-st: cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
 by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-wf-all-inv:
  wf \{(S', S::'v::linorder\ cdcl_W\text{-state}).\ cdcl_W\text{-all-struct-inv}\ S \land cdcl_W\text{-cp}\ S\ S'\}
  (is wf ?R)
proof (rule wf-bounded-measure of - \lambda S. card (atms-of-msu (clss S))+1
   \lambda S. length (trail S) + (if conflicting S = None then 0 else 1), goal-cases)
 case (1 S S')
 then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and cdcl_W-cp S S' by auto
 moreover then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-st by blast
  ultimately show ?case
```

```
by (auto simp:cdcl_W-cp.simps elim!: conflictE propagateE
     dest: length-model-le-vars-all-inv)
qed
lemma\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state[simp]: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (rough-state-of S))
  using rough-state-of by auto
lemma [simp]: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS\ S) \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of S) = S
 by (simp add: state-of-inverse)
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step[simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)))
   apply (cases do-cp-step (rough-state-of S) = (rough-state-of S))
     apply simp
   using cp-step-is-cdcl_W-cp[of\ rough-state-of\ S]\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state[of\ S]
   cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-st rtrancl_P-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed
Skip fun do-skip-step :: cdcl_W-state-inv-st \Rightarrow cdcl_W-state-inv-st where
do-skip-step (Propagated L C \# Ls,N,U,k, Some D) =
 (if -L \notin set D \land D \neq []
 then (Ls, N, U, k, Some D)
  else (Propagated L C \#Ls, N, U, k, Some D))
do-skip-step <math>S = S
lemma do-skip-step:
  do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow skip\ (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S))
 apply (induction S rule: do-skip-step.induct)
 by (auto simp add: skip.simps)
lemma do-skip-step-no:
  do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ skip\ (toS\ S)
 by (induction S rule: do-skip-step.induct)
    (auto simp add: other split: split-if-asm)
lemma do-skip-step-trail-is-None[iff]:
  do-skip-step S = (a, b, c, d, None) \longleftrightarrow S = (a, b, c, d, None)
 by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases) auto
Resolve
           fun maximum-level-code:: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'a literal list) marked-lit list \Rightarrow nat
maximum-level-code [] - = 0 |
maximum-level-code (L \# Ls) M = max (get-level M L) (maximum-level-code Ls M)
lemma maximum-level-code-eq-get-maximum-level[code, simp]:
 maximum-level-code D M = get-maximum-level M (mset D)
 by (induction D) (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
fun do-resolve-step :: cdcl_W-state-inv-st \Rightarrow cdcl_W-state-inv-st where
do-resolve-step (Propagated L C \# Ls, N, U, k, Some D) =
  (if -L \in set \ D \land maximum-level-code \ (remove1 \ (-L) \ D) \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ Ls) = k
  then (Ls, N, U, k, Some (remdups (remove1 L C @ remove1 (-L) D)))
```

```
else (Propagated L C \# Ls, N, U, k, Some D))
do-resolve-step S = S
lemma do-resolve-step:
 cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow do-resolve-step S \neq S
 \implies resolve \ (toS\ S) \ (toS\ (do-resolve-step\ S))
proof (induction S rule: do-resolve-step.induct)
 case (1 L C M N U k D)
 then have
   -L \in set D and
   M: maximum-level-code \ (remove1 \ (-L) \ D) \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ M) = k
   by (cases\ mset\ D - \{\#-L\#\} = \{\#\},\
      auto dest!: get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[of - Propagated L C \# M]
      split: split-if-asm)+
 have every-mark-is-a-conflict (toS (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, Some D))
   using 1(1) unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by fast
 then have L \in set \ C by fastforce
 then obtain C' where C: mset\ C = C' + \{\#L\#\}\
   by (metis add.commute in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
 obtain D' where D: mset\ D = D' + \{\#-L\#\}
   using (-L \in set D) by (metis add.commute in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
 have D'L: D' + \{\# - L\#\} - \{\# - L\#\} = D' by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
 have CL: mset\ C - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} = mset\ C\ using\ (L \in set\ C)\ by\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ multiset-eq-iff)
 have get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C' + \{\#L\#\}\}) # map convert M) D' = k
   \textbf{using} \ M[simplified] \ \textbf{unfolding} \ maximum-level-code-eq-get-maximum-level} \ C[symmetric] \ CL
   by (metis\ D\ D'L\ convert.simps(1)\ get-maximum-level-map-convert\ list.simps(9))
 then have
   resolve
      (map convert (Propagated L C # M), mset '# mset N, mset '# mset U, k, Some (mset D))
      (map convert M, mset '\# mset N, mset '\# mset U, k,
       Some (((mset\ D - \{\#-L\#\})\ \#\cup\ (mset\ C - \{\#L\#\}))))
   unfolding resolve.simps
     by (simp \ add: \ C\ D)
 moreover have
   (map\ convert\ (Propagated\ L\ C\ \#\ M),\ mset\ '\#\ mset\ N,\ mset\ '\#\ mset\ U,\ k,\ Some\ (mset\ D))
    = toS (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, Some D)
   by (auto simp: mset-map)
 moreover
   have distinct-mset (mset C) and distinct-mset (mset D)
     using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (Propagated L C # M, N, U, k, Some D))
     unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
     by auto
   then have (mset\ C - \{\#L\#\})\ \#\cup\ (mset\ D - \{\#-L\#\}) =
     remdups-mset (mset C - \{\#L\#\} + (mset D - \{\#-L\#\}))
     by (auto simp: distinct-mset-rempdups-union-mset)
   then have (map convert M, mset '\# mset N, mset '\# mset U, k,
   Some ((mset \ D - \{\#-L\#\}) \ \# \cup (mset \ C - \{\#L\#\})))
   = toS (do-resolve-step (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, Some D))
   using \langle -L \in set \ D \rangle \ M by (auto simp:ac-simps mset-map)
 ultimately show ?case
   by simp
ged auto
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\text{-}no$:

```
\textit{do-resolve-step } S = S \Longrightarrow \textit{no-step resolve } (\textit{toS } S)
 apply (cases S; cases hd (trail S); cases conflicting S)
  by (auto
   elim!: resolveE split: split-if-asm
   dest!: union-single-eq-member
   simp del: in-multiset-in-set get-maximum-level-map-convert
   simp: in-multiset-in-set[symmetric] qet-maximum-level-map-convert[symmetric])
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-resolve[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-resolve-step S)) = do-resolve-step S
 apply (rule state-of-inverse)
 apply (cases do-resolve-step S = S)
  apply simp
 by (blast dest: other resolve by do-resolve-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)
lemma do-resolve-step-trail-is-None[iff]:
  do-resolve-step S = (a, b, c, d, None) \longleftrightarrow S = (a, b, c, d, None)
 by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases) auto
Backjumping fun find-level-decomp where
find-level-decomp M [] D k = None []
find-level-decomp M (L \# Ls) D k =
  (case (get-level M L, maximum-level-code (D @ Ls) M) of
   (i, j) \Rightarrow if \ i = k \land j < i \ then \ Some \ (L, j) \ else \ find-level-decomp \ M \ Ls \ (L\#D) \ k
lemma find-level-decomp-some:
 assumes find-level-decomp M Ls D k = Some(L, j)
 shows L \in set\ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ (remove1\ L\ (Ls\ @\ D))) = j \land get\text{-}level\ M\ L = k
 using assms
proof (induction Ls arbitrary: D)
 case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons L' Ls) note IH = this(1) and H = this(2)
 \operatorname{def} find \equiv (if \ qet\text{-level} \ M \ L' \neq k \lor \neg \ qet\text{-maximum-level} \ M \ (mset \ D + mset \ Ls) < qet\text{-level} \ M \ L'
   then find-level-decomp M Ls (L' \# D) k
   else Some (L', get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ D\ +\ mset\ Ls)))
 have a1: \bigwedge D. find-level-decomp M Ls D k = Some(L, j) \Longrightarrow
    L \in set\ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ Ls + mset\ D - \{\#L\#\}) = j \land get\text{-}level\ M\ L = k
   using IH by simp
 have a2: find = Some(L, j)
   using H unfolding find-def by (auto split: split-if-asm)
  { assume Some (L', get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ D+mset\ Ls)) \neq find}
   then have f3: L \in set\ Ls and get-maximum-level M\ (mset\ Ls + mset\ (L'\ \#\ D) - \{\#L\#\}) = j
     using a1 IH a2 unfolding find-def by meson+
   moreover then have mset\ Ls + mset\ D - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\} = \{\#L'\#\} + mset\ D + (mset\ Ls
-\{\#L\#\}
     by (auto simp: ac-simps multiset-eq-iff Suc-leI)
   ultimately have f_4: get-maximum-level M (mset Ls + mset D - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\}\} = j
     by (metis\ (no-types)\ diff-union-single-conv\ mem-set-multiset-eq\ mset.simps(2)\ union-commute)
  } note f_4 = this
 have \{\#L'\#\} + (mset\ Ls + mset\ D) = mset\ Ls + (mset\ D + \{\#L'\#\})
```

```
\mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{simp} \colon \mathit{ac\text{-}simps})
  then have
   (L = L' \longrightarrow get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ Ls + mset\ D) = j \land get\text{-}level\ M\ L' = k) and
   (L \neq L' \longrightarrow L \in set \ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ (mset \ Ls + mset \ D - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\}) = j \land
     get-level M L = k)
   using f4 a2 a1 [of L' \# D] unfolding find-def by (metis (no-types) add-diff-cancel-left'
     mset.simps(2) option.inject prod.inject union-commute)+
 then show ?case by simp
qed
lemma find-level-decomp-none:
 assumes find-level-decomp M Ls E k = None and mset (L\#D) = mset (Ls @ E)
 shows \neg(L \in set\ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ D) < k \land k = get\text{-}level\ M\ L)
 using assms
proof (induction Ls arbitrary: E L D)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
  case (Cons L' Ls) note IH = this(1) and find-none = this(2) and LD = this(3)
 have mset\ D + \{\#L'\#\} = mset\ E + (mset\ Ls + \{\#L'\#\}) \implies mset\ D = mset\ E + mset\ Ls
   by (metis add-right-imp-eq union-assoc)
 then show ?case
   using find-none IH[of L' \# E L D] LD by (auto simp add: ac-simps split: split-if-asm)
qed
fun bt-cut where
bt-cut i (Propagated - - \# Ls) = bt-cut i Ls
bt-cut i (Marked K k \# Ls) = (if k = Suc i then Some (Marked K k \# Ls) else bt-cut i Ls)
bt-cut i [] = None
lemma bt-cut-some-decomp:
 bt-cut i M = Some M' \Longrightarrow \exists K M2 M1. M = M2 @ M' \land M' = Marked K <math>(i+1) \# M1
 by (induction i M rule: bt-cut.induct) (auto split: split-if-asm)
lemma bt-cut-not-none: M = M2 @ Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i) \# M' \Longrightarrow bt-cut i\ M \neq None
 by (induction M2 arbitrary: M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma qet-all-marked-decomposition-ex:
  \exists N. (Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \ \# \ M', \ N) \in set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (M2@Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \ \# M')
M'))
 apply (induction M2 rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
 by (rename-tac L m xs, case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ Marked K (Suc i) # M'))
  auto
{f lemma}\ bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition:
 bt-cut i M = Some M' \Longrightarrow \exists M2. (M', M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 by (auto dest!: bt-cut-some-decomp simp add: get-all-marked-decomposition-ex)
fun do-backtrack-step where
do-backtrack-step (M, N, U, k, Some D) =
  (case find-level-decomp MD \mid k of
   None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, Some D)
  | Some (L, j) \Rightarrow
   (case bt-cut j M of
```

```
Some (Marked - - # Ls) \Rightarrow (Propagated L D # Ls, N, D # U, j, None)
       - \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, Some D)
do-backtrack-step S = S
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert:
   (get-all-marked-decomposition (map convert M)) =
      map\ (\lambda(a,\ b).\ (map\ convert\ a,\ map\ convert\ b))\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M)
  apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
     apply simp
   by (rename-tac L l xs, case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition xs; auto)+
lemma do-backtrack-step:
   assumes
      db: do-backtrack-step S \neq S and
      inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
   shows backtrack (toS S) (toS (do-backtrack-step S))
   proof (cases S, cases conflicting S, goal-cases)
     case (1 \ M \ N \ U \ k \ E)
     then show ?case using db by auto
   next
     case (2 M N U k E C) note S = this(1) and confl = this(2)
     have E: E = Some \ C using S confl by auto
     obtain L j where fd: find-level-decomp M C [] k = Some (L, j)
        using db unfolding S E by (cases C) (auto split: split-if-asm option.splits)
     have L \in set \ C and get-maximum-level M (mset (remove1 L C)) = j and
        levL: get-level M L = k
        using find-level-decomp-some[OF fd] by auto
     obtain C' where C: mset\ C = mset\ C' + \{\#L\#\}
        using \langle L \in set \ C \rangle by (metis add.commute ex-mset in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
     obtain M_2 where M_2: bt-cut j M = Some M_2
        using db fd unfolding S E by (auto split: option.splits)
     obtain M1 K where M1: M_2 = Marked K (Suc j) \# M1
        using bt-cut-some-decomp[OF\ M_2] by (cases\ M_2) auto
     obtain c where c: M = c @ Marked K (Suc j) # M1
          using bt-cut-in-qet-all-marked-decomposition[OF <math>M_2]
          unfolding M1 by fastforce
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (map convert M) = rev [1..<Suc\ k]
        using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S by auto
     from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this,\ of\ \lambda a.\ Suc\ j\in set\ a]\ \mathbf{have}\ j\leq k\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ c\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
     have max-l-j: maximum-level-code C'M = j
        using db fd M_2 C unfolding S E by (auto
              split: option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits
              dest!: find-level-decomp-some)[1]
     have get-maximum-level M (mset C) \geq k
        using \langle L \in set \ C \rangle get-maximum-level-ge-get-level levL by blast
     moreover have get-maximum-level M (mset C) \leq k
        using qet-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[of mset C M] inv
            cdcl_W-M-level-inv-get-level-le-backtrack-lvl[of toS S]
        unfolding C \ cdcl_W \ -all \ -struct \ -inv \ -def \ S \ by (auto dest: sym[of \ get \ -evel 
     ultimately have get-maximum-level M (mset C) = k by auto
     obtain M2 where M2: (M_2, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
        using bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition [OF M_2] by metis
```

```
have H: (reduce-trail-to (map convert M1)
     (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (mset\ C' + \{\#L\#\})
       (map\ convert\ M,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N),\ mset\ (map\ mset\ U),\ j,\ None))) =
      (map\ convert\ M1,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N),\ \{\#mset\ C'+\{\#L\#\}\#\}+mset\ (map\ mset\ U),\ j,\ None)
      apply (subst state-conv[of reduce-trail-to - -])
     using M2 unfolding M1 by auto
   have
     backtrack
      (map convert M, mset '# mset N, mset '# mset U, k, Some (mset C))
      (Propagated L (mset C) # map convert M1, mset '# mset N, mset '# mset U + \{\# mset \ C\# \},
j,
        None
     apply (rule backtrack-rule)
           unfolding C apply simp
          using Set.imageI[of(M_2, M2) set(get-all-marked-decomposition M)]
                        (\lambda(a, b), (map\ convert\ a,\ map\ convert\ b))]\ M2
          apply (auto simp: get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert M1)[1]
         using max-l-j levL \langle j \leq k \rangle apply (simp add: qet-maximum-level-plus)
        using C \setminus get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ C) = k \setminus levL\ apply\ auto[1]
       using max-l-j apply simp
      apply (cases reduce-trail-to (map convert M1)
          (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (mset\ C' + \{\#L\#\})
          (map\ convert\ M,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N),\ mset\ (map\ mset\ U),\ j,\ None)))
      using M2 M1 H by (auto simp: ac-simps mset-map)
   then show ?case
     using M_2 fd unfolding S E M1 by (auto simp: mset-map)
   obtain M2 where (M_2, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
     using bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition [OF M_2] by metis
qed
lemma do-backtrack-step-no:
 assumes db: do-backtrack-step S = S
 and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
 shows no-step backtrack (toS S)
\mathbf{proof} (rule ccontr, cases S, cases conflicting S, goal-cases)
  case 1
  then show ?case using db by (auto split: option.splits)
next
  case (2 M N U k E C) note bt = this(1) and S = this(2) and confl = this(3)
 obtain D L K b z M1 j where
   levL: get-level \ M \ L = get-maximum-level \ M \ (D + \{\#L\#\}) \ and
   k: k = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   j: j = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ D\ and
   CE: convertC E = Some (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   decomp: (z \# M1, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M) and
   z: Marked K (Suc j) = convert z using bt unfolding S
     by (auto split: option.splits elim!: backtrackE
       simp: qet-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert)
 have z: z = Marked K (Suc j) using z by (cases z) auto
 obtain c where c: M = c @ b @ Marked K (Suc j) # M1
   using decomp unfolding z by blast
  have get-all-levels-of-marked (map\ convert\ M) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ k]
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S by auto
  from arg-cong[OF this, of <math>\lambda a. \ Suc \ j \in set \ a] have k > j unfolding c by auto
  obtain CD' where
```

```
E: E = Some \ C and
   C: mset \ C = mset \ (L \# D')
   using CE apply (cases E)
     apply simp
   by (metis\ ex-mset\ mset.simps(2)\ option.inject\ option.simps(9))
 have D'D: mset D' = D
   using C CE E by auto
 have find-level-decomp M C [] k \neq None
   apply rule
   apply (drule\ find-level-decomp-none[of - - - L\ D'])
   using C (k > j) mset-eq-setD unfolding k[symmetric] D'D j[symmetric] levL by fastforce+
 then obtain L'j' where fd-some: find-level-decomp M C [] k = Some (L', j')
   by (cases find-level-decomp M C [] k) auto
 have L': L' = L
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have L' \in \# D
      by (metis C D'D fd-some find-level-decomp-some in-multiset-in-set insert-iff list.simps(15))
     then have get-level M L' \leq get-maximum-level M D
      using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
     then show False using \langle k > j \rangle j find-level-decomp-some[OF fd-some] by auto
 then have j': j' = j using find-level-decomp-some [OF fd-some] j \in D'D by auto
 have btc-none: bt-cut j M \neq None
   apply (rule bt-cut-not-none[of M - @ -])
   using c by simp
 show ?case using db unfolding S E
   by (auto split: option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits
     simp\ add: fd-some\ L'\ j'\ btc-none
     dest: bt-cut-some-decomp)
qed
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-backtrack[simp]:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS\ S)
 shows rough-state-of (state-of (do-backtrack-step S))= do-backtrack-step S
proof (rule state-of-inverse)
 have f2: backtrack \ (toS\ S) \ (toS\ (do-backtrack-step\ S)) \ \lor \ do-backtrack-step\ S = S
   using do-backtrack-step inv by blast
 have \bigwedge p. \neg cdcl_W-o (toS\ S)\ p \lor cdcl_W-all-struct-inv p
   using inv \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv other by blast
 then have do-backtrack-step S = S \vee cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (do-backtrack-step S))
   using f2 by blast
 then show do-backtrack-step S \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (toS \ S)\}
   using inv by fastforce
qed
Decide fun do-decide-step where
do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None) =
 (case find-first-unused-var N (lits-of M) of
   None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, None)
 | Some L \Rightarrow (Marked L (Suc k) \# M, N, U, k+1, None)) |
do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S=S
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}decide\text{-}step:
```

```
do\text{-}decide\text{-}step \ S \neq S \Longrightarrow decide \ (toS\ S) \ (toS\ (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S))
  apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
  defer
  apply (auto split: option.splits simp add: decide.simps Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
         dest: find-first-unused-var-undefined find-first-unused-var-Some
         intro: atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono)[1]
proof -
  fix a :: (nat, nat, nat literal list) marked-lit list and
       b:: nat literal list list and c:: nat literal list list and
       d :: nat  and e :: nat  literal  list  option
   fix a :: (nat, nat, nat literal list) marked-lit list and
       b:: nat \ literal \ list \ list \ and \ c:: nat \ literal \ list \ list \ and
       d :: nat \text{ and } x2 :: nat \text{ literal and } m :: nat \text{ literal list}
   assume a1: m \in set b
   assume x2 \in set m
   then have f2: atm\text{-}of \ x2 \in atm\text{-}of \ (mset \ m)
   have \bigwedge f. (f m::nat \ literal \ multiset) \in f 'set b
     using a1 by blast
   then have \bigwedge f. (atms-of\ (f\ m)::nat\ set) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ (f\ `set\ b)
    using atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono by blast
   then have \bigwedge n f. (n::nat) \in atms-of-ms (f `set b) \lor n \notin atms-of (f m)
     by (meson\ contra-subset D)
   then have atm-of x2 \in atms-of-ms (mset 'set b)
     using f2 by blast
  } note H = this
   fix m :: nat \ literal \ list \ and \ x2
   have m \in set \ b \Longrightarrow x2 \in set \ m \Longrightarrow x2 \notin lits \text{-} of \ a \Longrightarrow -x2 \notin lits \text{-} of \ a \Longrightarrow
     \exists aa \in set \ b. \ \neg \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ aa \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ a
     by (meson atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus contra-subsetD rev-image-eqI)
  } note H' = this
  assume do-decide-step S \neq S and
    S = (a, b, c, d, e) and
     conflicting S = None
  then show decide (toS S) (toS (do-decide-step S))
   using HH' by (auto split: option.splits simp: decide.simps Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
      dest!: find-first-unused-var-Some)
qed
lemma do-decide-step-no:
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ decide\ (toS\ S)
  by (cases S, cases conflicting S)
   (fastforce simp: atms-of-ms-mset-unfold atm-of-eq-atm-of Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
     split: option.splits)+
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-decide-step[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-decide-step S)) = do-decide-step S
proof (subst state-of-inverse, goal-cases)
  case 1
  then show ?case
   by (cases do-decide-step S = S)
     (auto dest: do-decide-step decide other intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)
```

```
\mathbf{qed} \ simp
```

```
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-skip-step[simp]: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-skip-step S)) = do-skip-step S apply (subst state-of-inverse, cases do-skip-step S = S) apply simp by (blast dest: other skip bj do-skip-step cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)+
```

18.3.3 Code generation

Type definition There are two invariants: one while applying conflict and propagate and one for the other rules

```
declare rough-state-of-inverse[simp add]
definition Con where
  Con xs = state-of (if cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (fst xs, snd xs)) then xs
  else ([], [], [], \theta, None))
lemma [code abstype]:
 Con (rough-state-of S) = S
 using rough-state-of[of S] unfolding Con-def by simp
definition do-cp-step' where
do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S = state\text{-}of (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S))
\mathbf{typedef}\ cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state = \{S::cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv\text{-}st.\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\ (toS\ S)\}
  \land \ cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} \ (S0\text{-}cdcl_W \ (clss \ (toS\ S))) \ (toS\ S) \}
 morphisms rough-state-from-init-state-of state-from-init-state-of
proof
  show ([],[],[], 0, None) \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (toS\ S)\}
    \land cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (S0\text{-}cdcl_W (clss (toS S))) (toS S)
    by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
qed
instantiation cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state :: equal
begin
definition equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-from-init-state :: cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow
  cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow bool where
 \mathit{equal-cdcl}_W\mathit{-state-inv-from-init-state}\ S\ S'\longleftrightarrow
   (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S=rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S')
instance
  by standard (simp add: rough-state-from-init-state-of-inject
    equal-cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state-def)
end
definition ConI where
  ConI S = state-from-init-state-of (if cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (fst S, snd S)))
    \land cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (S0\text{-}cdcl_W (clss (toS S))) (toS S) then S else ([], [], [], 0, None))
lemma [code abstype]:
  ConI (rough-state-from-init-state-of S) = S
  using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] unfolding ConI-def
  by (simp add: rough-state-from-init-state-of-inverse)
definition id-of-I-to:: cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow cdcl_W-state-inv where
id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\ S = state\text{-}of\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)
```

```
lemma [code abstract]:
  rough-state-of (id-of-I-to S) = rough-state-from-init-state-of S
  unfolding id-of-I-to-def using rough-state-from-init-state-of by auto
Conflict and Propagate function do-full1-cp-step :: cdcl_W-state-inv \Rightarrow cdcl_W-state-inv where
do-full1-cp-step S =
  (let S' = do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S in
   if S = S' then S else do-full1-cp-step S')
by auto
termination
proof (relation \{(T', T). (rough\text{-state-of } T', rough\text{-state-of } T) \in \{(S', S).\}
  (toS\ S',\ toS\ S) \in \{(S',\ S).\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ S \land cdcl_W\ -cp\ S\ S'\}\}\},\ goal\ -cases)
  case 1
  show ?case
   using wf-if-measure-f[OF \ wf-if-measure-f[OF \ cdcl_W-cp-wf-all-inv, of toS], of rough-state-of].
next
  case (2 S' S)
  then show ?case
   unfolding do-cp-step'-def
   apply simp
   by (metis\ cp\text{-}step\text{-}is\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}inverse})
lemma do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step:
  do-cp-step(rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S)) = (rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S))
  by (rule do-full1-cp-step.induct[of \lambda S. do-cp-step(rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
       = (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step S))])
   (metis (full-types) do-full1-cp-step.elims rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step do-cp-step'-def)
lemma in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct:
  c \in set\ (clss\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)\ @\ learned\text{-}clss\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)) \Longrightarrow distinct\ c
  apply (cases rough-state-of S)
  using rough-state-of of S by (auto simp add: distinct-mset-set-distinct cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
    distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
lemma do-full1-cp-step-full:
  full\ cdcl_W-cp (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S))
   (toS\ (rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S)))
  unfolding full-def
proof (rule conjI, induction S rule: do-full1-cp-step.induct)
  case (1 S)
  then have f1:
     cdcl_W - cp^{**} (toS (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S))) (
       toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step (state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S))))))
     \vee state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) = S
   using do-cp-step'-def rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step by fastforce
  have f2: \land c. (if c = state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of c))
       then c else do-full1-cp-step (state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of c))))
     = do-full 1-cp-step c
   by (metis (full-types) do-cp-step'-def do-full1-cp-step.simps)
  have f3: \neg cdcl_W - cp \ (toS \ (rough-state-of \ S)) \ (toS \ (do-cp-step \ (rough-state-of \ S)))
   \vee state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) = S
   \vee \ cdcl_W - cp^{++} \ (toS \ (rough-state-of \ S))
       (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ (state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S))))))
```

```
using f1 by (meson rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
  { assume do-full1-cp-step S \neq S
   then have do-cp-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
       \longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp^{**} \ (toS \ (rough-state-of \ S)) \ (toS \ (rough-state-of \ (do-full1-cp-step \ S)))
     \lor do\text{-}cp\text{-}step \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S) \neq rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S
       \land state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) \neq S
     using f2 f1 by (metis (no-types))
   then have do-cp-step (rough-state-of S) \neq rough-state-of S
       \land state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) \neq S
     \lor cdcl_W - cp^{**} (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)))
     by (metis rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step)
   then have cdcl_W - cp^{**} (to S (rough-state-of S)) (to S (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)))
     using f3 f2 by (metis (no-types) cp-step-is-cdcl_W-cp tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  then show ?case
   by fastforce
\mathbf{next}
 show no-step cdcl_W-cp (toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)))
   apply (rule do-cp-step-eq-no-step[OF do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step[of S]])
   using in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct unfolding do-cp-step'-def by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma [code abstract]:
rough-state-of (do-cp-step' S) = do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)
unfolding do-cp-step'-def by auto
The other rules fun do-other-step where
do-other-step S =
  (let T = do\text{-}skip\text{-}step S in
    if T \neq S
    then T
    else
      (let \ U = do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step \ T \ in
      if U \neq T
      then\ U\ else
      (let \ V = do\text{-}backtrack\text{-}step \ U \ in
      if V \neq U then V else do-decide-step V)))
lemma do-other-step:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) and
 st: do-other-step S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-o (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step\ S))
 using st inv by (auto split: split-if-asm
   simp add: Let-def
   intro: do-skip-step do-resolve-step do-backtrack-step do-decide-step)
lemma do-other-step-no:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) and
  st: do-other-step S = S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-o (toS S)
  using st inv by (auto split: split-if-asm elim: cdcl_W-bjE
   simp\ add: Let\text{-}def\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj.simps\ elim!: cdcl_W\text{-}o.cases
   dest!: do-skip-step-no do-resolve-step-no do-backtrack-step-no do-decide-step-no)
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-other-step[simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (do-other-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-other-step (rough-state-of S)
```

```
proof (cases do-other-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S)
  case True
 then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False
 have cdcl_W-o (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (do-other-step (rough-state-of S)))
   by (metis False cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state do-other-step[of rough-state-of S])
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (do-other-step (rough-state-of S)))
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state other by blast
 then show ?thesis
   by (simp add: CollectI state-of-inverse)
qed
definition do-other-step' where
do-other-step' S =
 state-of\ (do-other-step\ (rough-state-of\ S))
lemma rough-state-of-do-other-step'[code abstract]:
rough-state-of (do-other-step' S) = do-other-step (rough-state-of S)
apply (cases do-other-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S)
  unfolding do-other-step'-def apply simp
using do-other-step[of rough-state-of S] by (auto intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state other state-of-inverse)
definition do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step where
do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S =
  (let \ T = do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S\ in
    if T \neq S
    then T
    else
      (let \ U = (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ T)\ in
       (do-full1-cp-step\ U)))
definition do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' where
do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' S = state-from-init-state-of (rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (id-of-I-to S)))
lemma toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq: do-full1-cp-step S \neq S \Longrightarrow
    toS (rough-state-of S) \neq toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
proof -
 assume a1: do-full1-cp-step S \neq S
 then have S \neq do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S
   by fastforce
 then show ?thesis
   by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cp\text{-}step\text{-}is\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ do\text{-}cp\text{-}step'\text{-}def\ do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}no\text{-}step})
     do-full 1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full 1-cp-step\ in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct
     rough-state-of-inverse)
qed
do-full1-cp-step should not be unfolded anymore:
declare do-full1-cp-step.<math>simps[simp\ del]
Correction of the transformation lemma do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stqy\text{-}step:
 assumes do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stqy\text{-}step\ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step S)))
proof (cases do-full1-cp-step S = S)
```

```
case False
  then show ?thesis
   using assms do-full1-cp-step-full[of S] unfolding full-unfold do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def
   by (auto intro!: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.intros dest: toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq)
next
  case True
 have cdcl_W-o (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)))
   by (smt\ True\ assms\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -rough\ -state\ do\ -cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -step\ -def\ do\ -other\ -step
     rough-state-of-do-other-step' rough-state-of-inverse)
 moreover
   have
     np: no-step \ propagate \ (toS \ (rough-state-of \ S)) and
     nc: no-step \ conflict \ (toS \ (rough-state-of \ S))
       apply (metis True do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl
         do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step do-propagate-step-no-step
         in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct)
     by (metis True do-conflict-step-no-step do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl
       do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step)
   then have no-step cdcl_W-cp (toS (rough-state-of S))
     by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_W - cp.simps)
  moreover have full\ cdcl_W-cp\ (toS\ (rough-state-of\ (do-other-step'\ S)))
    (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ S))))
   using do-full1-cp-step-full by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using assms True unfolding do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step-def
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy.other' dest: toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq)
qed
lemma length-trail-toS[simp]:
  length (trail (toS S)) = length (trail S)
 by (cases\ S) auto
lemma conflicting-noTrue-iff-toS[simp]:
  conflicting\ (toS\ S) \neq None \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S \neq None
 by (cases S) auto
lemma trail-toS-neg-imp-trail-neg:
  trail\ (toS\ S) \neq trail\ (toS\ S') \Longrightarrow trail\ S \neq trail\ S'
 by (cases S, cases S') auto
lemma do-skip-step-trail-changed-or-conflict:
 assumes d: do-other-step S \neq S
 and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
 shows trail S \neq trail (do-other-step S)
proof -
 have M: \bigwedge M \ K \ M1 \ c. \ M = c @ K \# M1 \Longrightarrow Suc (length M1) \leq length M
   by auto
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (toS S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have cdcl_W-o (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do-other-step\ S)) using do-other-step[OF\ inv\ d].
  then show ?thesis
   using \langle cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ (toS \ S) \rangle
   proof (induction to S (do-other-step S) rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
     case decide
     then show ?thesis
```

```
by (auto simp add: trail-toS-neq-imp-trail-neq)[]
   next
   case (skip)
   then show ?case
     by (cases S; cases do-other-step S) force
   next
     case (resolve)
     then show ?case
       by (cases S, cases do-other-step S) force
      case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D) note decomp = this(1) and confl-S = this(3) and undef =
this(6)
       and U = this(7)
     have [simp]: cons-trail (Propagated\ L\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
       (reduce-trail-to M1
        (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
          (update-backtrack-lvl (get-maximum-level (trail (to S S)) D)
            (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ (toS\ S)))))
       (Propagated L (D + \{\#L\#\})\# M1,mset (map mset (clss S)),
        \{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + mset (map mset (learned-clss S)),
        get-maximum-level (trail (toS S)) D, None)
      apply (subst state-conv[of cons-trail - -])
       using decomp undef by (cases S) auto
     then show ?case
       apply (cases do-other-step S)
      apply (auto split: split-if-asm simp: Let-def)
          apply (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases; auto split: split-if-asm)
         apply (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases; auto split: split-if-asm)
        apply (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases;
          auto split: split-if-asm option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits
            dest!: bt-cut-some-decomp simp: Let-def)
       using d apply (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases; auto split: option.splits)[]
       done
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ do-full1-cp-step-induct:
  (\bigwedge S. \ (S \neq do\text{-}cp\text{-}step'\ S \Longrightarrow P\ (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step'\ S)) \Longrightarrow P\ S) \Longrightarrow P\ a0
 using do-full1-cp-step.induct by metis
lemma do-cp-step-neq-trail-increase:
 \exists c. trail (do-cp-step S) = c @ trail S \land (\forall m \in set c. \neg is-marked m)
 by (cases S, cases conflicting S)
    (auto simp add: do-cp-step-def do-conflict-step-def do-propagate-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma do-full 1-cp-step-neq-trail-increase:
 \exists c. trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)) = c @ trail (rough-state-of S)
   \land (\forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ m)
 apply (induction rule: do-full1-cp-step-induct)
 apply (rename-tac S, case-tac do-cp-step' S = S)
   apply (simp add: do-full1-cp-step.simps)
 by (smt Un-iff append-assoc do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-neq-trail-increase do-full1-cp-step.simps
   rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step set-append)
```

```
lemma do-cp-step-conflicting:
  conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq None \Longrightarrow do-cp-step' S = S
  unfolding do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-def by simp
lemma do-full1-cp-step-conflicting:
  conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq None \Longrightarrow do-full 1-cp-step S = S
  unfolding do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-def
 apply (induction rule: do-full1-cp-step-induct)
 by (rename-tac S, case-tac S \neq do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S)
  (auto simp add: do-full1-cp-step.simps do-cp-step-conflicting)
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide\text{:}}
  assumes
   conflicting S = None  and
   do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S \neq S
 shows Suc (length (filter is-marked (trail S)))
   = length (filter is-marked (trail (do-decide-step S)))
  using assms unfolding do-other-step'-def
 by (cases S) (auto simp: Let-def split: split-if-asm option.splits
    dest!: find\text{-}first\text{-}unused\text{-}var\text{-}Some\text{-}not\text{-}all\text{-}incl)
lemma do-decide-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide-bt:
 assumes conflicting S \neq None and
  do-decide-step S \neq S
 shows length (filter is-marked (trail S)) < length (filter is-marked (trail (do-decide-step S)))
  using assms unfolding do-other-step'-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S)
   (auto simp add: Let-def split: split-if-asm option.splits)
lemma do-other-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide-bt:
 assumes
   conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq None and
   conflicting (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)) = None  and
   do-other-step' S \neq S
 shows length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of S)))
   > length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S))))
proof (cases S, goal-cases)
  case (1 \ y) note S = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 obtain M N U k E where y: y = (M, N, U, k, Some E)
   using assms(1) S inv by (cases y, cases conflicting y) <math>auto
 have M: rough-state-of (state-of (M, N, U, k, Some E)) = (M, N, U, k, Some E)
   using inv y by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
 have bt: do-other-step' S = state-of (do-backtrack-step (rough-state-of S))
   proof (cases rough-state-of S rule: do-decide-step.cases)
     case 1
     then show ?thesis
       using assms(1,2) by auto[]
     case (2 \ v \ vb \ vd \ vf \ vh)
     have f3: \bigwedge c. (if do-skip-step (rough-state-of c) \neq rough-state-of c
       then do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)
       else if do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)) \neq do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)
            then do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c))
           else if do-backtrack-step (do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)))
             \neq do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c))
```

```
then\ do-backtrack-step\ (do-resolve-step\ (do-skip-step\ (rough-state-of\ c)))
           else do-decide-step (do-backtrack-step (do-resolve-step
            (do-skip-step\ (rough-state-of\ c)))))
      = rough-state-of (do-other-step'c)
      by (simp add: rough-state-of-do-other-step')
     have (trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)), clss (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)),
        learned-clss (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S)),
        backtrack-lvl (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)), None)
      = rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)
      using assms(2) by (metis\ (no-types)\ state-conv)
     then show ?thesis
      using f3\ 2 by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ do\text{-}decide\text{-}step.simps(2)\ do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\text{-}trail\text{-}is\text{-}None}
        do-skip-step-trail-is-None rough-state-of-inverse)
   qed
 show ?case
   using assms(2) S unfolding bt y inv
   apply simp
   by (auto simp add: M bt-cut-not-none
        split: option.splits
        dest!: bt\text{-}cut\text{-}some\text{-}decomp)
qed
lemma do-other-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide:
 assumes conflicting (rough-state-of S) = None and
 do-other-step' S \neq S
 shows 1 + length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of S)))
   = length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S))))
proof (cases S, goal-cases)
 case (1 \ y) note S = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 obtain M N U k where y: y = (M, N, U, k, None) using assms(1) S inv by (cases y) auto
 have M: rough-state-of (state-of (M, N, U, k, None)) = (M, N, U, k, None)
   using inv y by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
 have state-of (do-decide-step (M, N, U, k, None)) \neq state-of (M, N, U, k, None)
   using assms(2) unfolding do-other-step'-def y inv S by (auto simp add: M)
 then have f_4: do-skip-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (full-types) do-skip-step.simps(4))
 have f5: do-resolve-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (no-types) do-resolve-step.simps(4))
 have f6: do-backtrack-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis\ (no-types)\ do-backtrack-step.simps(2))
 have do-other-step (rough-state-of S) \neq rough-state-of S
   using assms(2) unfolding S M y do-other-step'-def by (metis\ (no-types))
 then show ?case
   using f6 f5 f4 by (simp add: assms(1) do-decide-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide
     do-other-step'-def)
qed
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-skip-step-rough-state-of[simp]:
 rough-state-of (state-of (do-skip-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-skip-step (rough-state-of S)
 by (smt do-other-step.simps rough-state-of-inverse rough-state-of-state-of-do-other-step)
lemma conflicting-do-resolve-step-iff[iff]:
 conflicting\ (do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S = None
 by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases)
  (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
```

```
lemma conflicting-do-skip-step-iff[iff]:
  conflicting\ (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S = None
  by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases)
     (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma conflicting-do-decide-step-iff[iff]:
  conflicting\ (do-decide-step\ S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S = None
  by (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases)
     (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma conflicting-do-backtrack-step-imp[simp]:
  do-backtrack-step S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflicting (do-backtrack-step S) = None
  by (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases)
     (auto simp add: Let-def split: list.splits option.splits marked-lit.splits)
lemma do-skip-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do-skip-step S = S \longleftrightarrow trail (do-skip-step S) = trail S
  by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases) auto
lemma do-decide-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow trail\ (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S) = trail\ S
  by (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases) (auto split: option.split)
lemma do-backtrack-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do-backtrack-step S = S \longleftrightarrow trail (do-backtrack-step S) = trail S
  by (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases)
     (auto split: option.split list.splits marked-lit.splits
       dest!: bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition)
lemma do-resolve-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow trail\ (do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S) = trail\ S
  by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}other\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}iff\text{-}trail\text{-}eq\text{:}
  trail\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step\ S) = trail\ S \longleftrightarrow do\text{-}other\text{-}step\ S = S
  by (auto simp add: Let-def do-skip-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric]
    do-decide-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric] do-backtrack-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric]
    do-resolve-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric])
lemma do-full1-cp-step-do-other-step'-normal-form[dest!]:
  assumes H: do-full1-cp-step (do-other-step' S) = S
 shows do-other-step' S = S \land do-full1-cp-step S = S
proof -
 let ?T = do\text{-}other\text{-}step' S
  { assume confl: conflicting (rough-state-of ?T) \neq None
    then have tr: trail\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ ?T)) = trail\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ ?T)
      using do-full1-cp-step-conflicting by auto
    \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{trail} \ (\mathit{rough-state-of} \ (\mathit{do-full1-cp-step} \ (\mathit{do-other-step'} \ S))) = \mathit{trail} \ (\mathit{rough-state-of} \ S)
      using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ H,\ of\ \lambda S.\ trail\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)].
    then have trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)) = trail (rough-state-of S)
       by (auto simp add: do-full1-cp-step-conflicting confl)
    then have do-other-step' S = S
      \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \mathit{do\text{-}other\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}iff\text{-}trail\text{-}eq}\ \mathit{do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\text{-}def}
```

```
del: do-other-step.simps)
 }
 moreover {
   assume eq[simp]: do-other-step' S = S
   obtain c where c: trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)) = c \otimes trail (rough-state-of S)
     using do-full1-cp-step-neq-trail-increase by auto
   moreover have trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)) = trail (rough-state-of S)
     using arg-cong[OF H, of \lambda S. trail (rough-state-of S)] by simp
   finally have c = [] by blast
   then have do-full1-cp-step S = S using assms by auto
   }
 moreover {}
   assume confl: conflicting (rough-state-of ?T) = None and neq: do-other-step' S \neq S
   obtain c where
     c: trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T)) = c @ trail (rough-state-of ?T) and
     nm: \forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ m
     using do-full1-cp-step-neq-trail-increase by auto
   have length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T))))
      = length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of ?T))) using nm unfolding c by force
   moreover have length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of S)))
      \neq length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of ?T)))
     using do-other-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide [OF - neq]
     do\text{-}other\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide\text{-}bt[of\ S,\ OF\ -\ confl\ neq]}
     by linarith
   finally have False unfolding H by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
lemma do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-no:
 assumes S: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S = S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-of S))
proof -
   fix S'
   assume full1 cdcl_W-cp (toS (rough-state-of S)) S'
   then have False
     using do-full1-cp-step-full[of S] unfolding full-def S rtranclp-unfold full1-def
     by (smt \ assms \ do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def \ tranclpD)
 }
 moreover {
   fix S' S''
   assume cdcl_W-o (toS (rough-state-of S)) S' and
    no-step propagate (toS (rough-state-of S)) and
    no-step conflict (toS (rough-state-of S)) and
    full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ S''
   then have False
     using assms unfolding do-cdclw-stqy-step-def
     by (smt\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state\ do-full1-cp-step-do-other-step'-normal-form
       do-other-step-no rough-state-of-do-other-step')
 ultimately show ?thesis using assms by (force simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ to S-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of[simp]:
  toS (rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)))
    = toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
  using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-is-rtrancl_p-cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
  using conflict apply blast
  using propagate by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
    apply simp
  by (fastforce dest!: cdcl_W-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>:
  cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-stqy.induct)
  using cdcl_W-stqy.conflict' rtrancl_P-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-rtrancl_P-cdcl<sub>W</sub> apply blast
  unfolding full-def by (fastforce dest!:other rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
lemma cdcl_W-stqy-init-clss: cdcl_W-stqy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \Longrightarrow clss S = clss T
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W by fast
lemma clauses-toS-rough-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step[simp]:
  clss\ (toS\ (rough-state-of\ (do-cdcl_W-stqy-step\ (state-of\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S)))))
    = clss (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)) (is - = clss (toS ?S))
  apply (cases do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step (state-of ?S) = state-of ?S)
    apply simp
  by (smt\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -def\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -rough\ -state\ cdcl_W\ -stqy\ -no\ -more\ -init\ -clss
    do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ toS\text{-}rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of)
lemma rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'[code\ abstract]:
 rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S) =
   rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (id-of-I-to S))
proof -
 let ?S = (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
  \mathbf{have} \ cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} \ (S0\text{-}cdcl_W \ (clss \ (toS \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S))))
    (toS\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S))
    using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
  moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**}
                  (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
                  (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step))
                    (state-of\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S)))))
     using do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step[of\ state\text{-}of\ ?S]
     by (cases do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step (state-of ?S) = state-of ?S) auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
    unfolding do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\text{-}def id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\text{-}def
    by (auto intro!: state-from-init-state-of-inverse)
\mathbf{qed}
All rules together function do-all-cdcl_W-stgy where
do-all-cdcl_W-stgy S =
  (let \ T = do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ S\ in
  if T = S then S else do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy T)
```

```
by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(T, S).
   (cdcl_W-measure (toS\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of T)),
    cdcl_W-measure (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)))
      \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3\}, goal-cases)
  case 1
  show ?case by (rule wf-if-measure-f) (auto intro!: wf-lexn wf-less)
next
  case (2 S T) note T = this(1) and ST = this(2)
  let ?S = rough-state-from-init-state-of S
  have S: cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (S0\text{-}cdcl_W (clss (toS ?S))) (toS ?S)
   using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
  moreover have cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
    (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of T))
   proof -
      have \bigwedge c. rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of c)) =
        rough-state-from-init-state-of c
       using rough-state-from-init-state-of by force
      then have do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step (state\text{-}of (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of S))
        \neq state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
       using ST T by (metis (no-types) id-of-I-to-def rough-state-from-init-state-of-inject
         rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step')
      then show ?thesis
       using do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-step id-of-I-to-def rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-step' T
       by fastforce
   qed
  moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
      using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (S0\text{-}cdcl_W (clss (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))))
      by (cases rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
         (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
  ultimately show ?case
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing[of - - S0-cdcl<sub>W</sub> (clss (toS ?S))]
      simp \ del: \ cdcl_W-measure.simps)
qed
thm do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.induct
lemma do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-induct:
  (\bigwedge S. (do-cdcl_W-stqy-step' S \neq S \Longrightarrow P (do-cdcl_W-stqy-step' S)) \Longrightarrow P S) \Longrightarrow P a\theta
 using do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.induct by metis
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all:
  no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}all\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ S)))}
  apply (induction S rule: do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-induct)
  apply (rename-tac S, case-tac do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S \neq S)
  \mathbf{fix} \ Sa :: cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state
  assume a1: \neg do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' Sa \neq Sa
  \{ \mathbf{fix} \ pp \}
   have (if True then Sa else do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy Sa) = do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy Sa
      using a1 by auto
   then have \neg cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy Sa))) pp
      using at by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\text{-}no\ id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\text{-}def
```

```
rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' rough-state-of-inverse) }
  then show no-step cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy Sa)))
   by fastforce
next
  \mathbf{fix}\ Sa::\ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state
 assume a1: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' Sa \neq Sa
   \implies no-step cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of
     (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'Sa))))
 assume a2: do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' Sa \neq Sa
 have do\text{-}all\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ Sa = do\text{-}all\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ (do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ Sa)}
   by (metis (full-types) do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
 then show no-step cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy Sa)))
   using a2 a1 by presburger
qed
lemma do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  cdcl_W-stgy** (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
   (toS\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ (do-all-cdcl_W-stay\ S)))
proof (induction S rule: do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-induct)
  case (1 S) note IH = this(1)
 show ?case
   proof (cases do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S = S)
     case True
     then show ?thesis by simp
   next
     case False
     have f2: do-cdcl_W-stgy-step \ (id-of-I-to \ S) = id-of-I-to \ S \longrightarrow
       rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S)
       = rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
       using id-of-I-to-def rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stay-step' by presburger
     have f3: do-all-cdcl_W-stgy \ S = do-all-cdcl_W-stgy \ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' \ S)
       by (metis\ (full-types)\ do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
     have cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
         (toS\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'\ S)))
       = cdcl_W - stgy (toS (rough-state-of (id-of-I-to S)))
         (toS (rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stqy-step (id-of-I-to S))))
       using id-of-I-to-def rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdclw-stqy-step'
       toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of by presburger
     then show ?thesis
       using f3 f2 IH do-cdcl_W-stgy-step by fastforce
   qed
qed
Final theorem:
lemma DPLL-tot-correct:
 assumes
   r: rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy (state-from-init-state-of
     (([], map\ remdups\ N, [], \theta, None)))) = S and
   S: (M', N', U', k, E) = toS S
 shows (E \neq Some \{\#\} \land satisfiable (set (map mset N)))
   \vee (E = Some {#} \wedge unsatisfiable (set (map mset N)))
proof -
 \mathbf{let}~?N = map~remdups~N
 have inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS ([], map remdups N, [], 0, None))
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-set-def by auto
```

```
then have S0: rough-state-of (state-of ([], map remdups N, [], 0, None))
   = ([], map \ remdups \ N, [], \theta, None) \ by \ simp
 have 1: full cdcl_W-stgy (toS ([], ?N, [], 0, None)) (toS S)
   unfolding full-def apply rule
     using do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy[of
      state-from-init-state-of ([], map remdups N, [], \theta, None)] inv
      no-step-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all
      by (auto simp del: do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.simps simp: state-from-init-state-of-inverse
        r[symmetric])+
 moreover have 2: finite (set (map mset ?N)) by auto
 moreover have 3: distinct-mset-set (set (map mset ?N))
    unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
     by (metis\ (no-types)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state\ r
       toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of)
   then have cons: consistent-interp (lits-of M')
     unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S[symmetric] by auto
 moreover
   have clss\ (toS\ ([],\ ?N,\ [],\ \theta,\ None)) = clss\ (toS\ S)
     apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss)
     using 1 unfolding full-def by (auto simp add: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
   then have N': mset\ (map\ mset\ ?N) = N'
     using S[symmetric] by auto
 have (E \neq Some \{\#\} \land satisfiable (set (map mset ?N)))
   \vee (E = Some {#} \wedge unsatisfiable (set (map mset ?N)))
   using full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive unfolding N' apply rule
      using 1 apply simp
      using 2 apply simp
     using 3 apply simp
    using S[symmetric] N' apply auto[1]
  using S[symmetric] N' cons by (fastforce simp: true-annots-true-cls)
 then show ?thesis by auto
qed
```

The Code The SML code is skipped in the documentation, but stays to ensure that some version of the exported code is working. The only difference between the generated code and the one used here is the export of the constructor ConI.

```
end theory CDCL\text{-}WNOT imports CDCL\text{-}W\text{-}Termination CDCL\text{-}NOT begin
```

19 Link between Weidenbach's and NOT's CDCL

19.1 Inclusion of the states

```
declare upt.simps(2)[simp\ del]
sledgehammer-params[verbose]
context cdcl_W
begin
```

lemma backtrack-levE:

```
backtrack \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv \ S \Longrightarrow
  (\bigwedge D \ L \ K \ M1 \ M2.
    (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (trail\ S)\ D))\ \#\ M1,\ M2)
     \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) \Longrightarrow
    get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D + \{\#L\#\}) \implies
    undefined-lit M1 L \Longrightarrow
   S' \sim \textit{cons-trail} \; (\textit{Propagated} \; L \; (D + \{\#L\#\}))
     (reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\ M1\ (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\})
       (update-backtrack-lvl (get-maximum-level (trail S) D) (update-conflicting None S)))) \Longrightarrow
   backtrack-lvl\ S = get-maximum-level\ (trail\ S)\ (D + \{\#L\#\}) \Longrightarrow
   conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#L\#\}) \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow
  using assms by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) metis
lemma backtrack-no-cdcl_W-bj:
  assumes cdcl: cdcl_W-bj T U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv V
 shows \neg backtrack\ V\ T
  using cdcl inv
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct)
   apply (elim\ skipE, force\ elim!: backtrack-levE[OF\ -\ inv]\ simp:\ cdcl_W\ -M-level-inv-def)
  apply (elim\ resolveE, force\ elim!: backtrack-levE[OF\ -\ inv]\ simp:\ cdcl_W\ -M-level-inv\ -def)
  apply standard
  apply (elim backtrack-levE[OF - inv], elim backtrackE)
 apply (force simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-conflicting cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
  done
abbreviation skip-or-resolve :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
skip-or-resolve \equiv (\lambda S \ T. \ skip \ S \ T \lor resolve \ S \ T)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-skip-or-resolve-backtrack:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows skip-or-resolve** S \ U \lor (\exists \ T. \ skip-or-resolve** S \ T \land backtrack \ T \ U)
  using assms
proof (induction)
  case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step U V) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
  consider
     (SU) S = U
   | (SUp) \ cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ S \ U
   using st unfolding rtranclp-unfold by blast
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case SUp
     have \bigwedge T. skip-or-resolve** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
       using mono-rtranclp[of skip-or-resolve cdcl_W] other by blast
     then have skip-or-resolve** S U
       using bj IH inv backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv[OF - inv] by meson
     then show ?thesis
       using bj by (metis (no-types, lifting) cdcl_W-bj.cases rtranclp.simps)
   next
     case SU
     then show ?thesis
```

```
using bj by (metis (no-types, lifting) cdcl_W-bj.cases rtranclp.simps)
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ S \ T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto dest!: cdcl_W-bj.intros \ cdcl_W.intros \ cdcl_W-o.intros)
definition backjump-l-cond :: 'v \ clause <math>\Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
backjump-l-cond \equiv \lambda C C' L' S. True
definition inv_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
inv_{NOT} \equiv \lambda S. \text{ no-dup (trail } S)
declare inv_{NOT}-def[simp]
end
fun convert-marked-lit-from-W where
convert-marked-lit-from-W (Propagated L -) = Propagated L ()
convert-marked-lit-from-W (Marked L -) = Marked L ()
abbreviation convert-trail-from-W ::
  ('v, 'lvl, 'a) marked-lit list
   \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list where
convert-trail-from-W \equiv map \ convert-marked-lit-from-W
lemma lits-of-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
  lits-of\ (convert-trail-from-W\ M) = lits-of\ M
 by (induction rule: marked-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma lit-of-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
  lit-of (convert-marked-lit-from-WL) = lit-of L
 by (cases L) auto
{\bf lemma}\ no\hbox{-}dup\hbox{-}convert\hbox{-}from\hbox{-}W[simp]:
  no-dup (convert-trail-from-WM) \longleftrightarrow no-dup M
 by (auto simp: comp-def)
lemma convert-trail-from-W-true-annots[simp]:
  convert-trail-from-WM \models as C \longleftrightarrow M \models as C
 by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
lemma defined-lit-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
  defined-lit (convert-trail-from-W S) L \longleftrightarrow defined-lit S L
 by (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-comp)
The values \theta and \{\#\} are dummy values.
{f fun}\ convert	ext{-}marked	ext{-}lit	ext{-}from	ext{-}NOT
 :: ('a, 'e, 'b) \ marked-lit \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'a \ literal \ multiset) \ marked-lit \ \mathbf{where}
convert-marked-lit-from-NOT (Propagated L -) = Propagated L \{\#\}
convert-marked-lit-from-NOT (Marked L -) = Marked L 0
abbreviation convert-trail-from-NOT where
convert-trail-from-NOT \equiv map\ convert-marked-lit-from-NOT
```

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ undefined\text{-}lit\text{-}convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}NOT[simp]:
  undefined-lit (convert-trail-from-NOT F) L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit F L
 by (induction F rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma\ lits-of-convert-trail-from-NOT:
  lits-of\ (convert-trail-from-NOT\ F)=lits-of\ F
 by (induction F rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma convert-trail-from-W-from-NOT[simp]:
  convert-trail-from-W (convert-trail-from-NOT M) = M
 by (induction rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma convert-trail-from-W-convert-lit-from-NOT[simp]:
  convert-marked-lit-from-W (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) = L
 by (cases L) auto
abbreviation trail_{NOT} where
trail_{NOT} S \equiv convert-trail-from-W (fst S)
lemma undefined-lit-convert-trail-from-W[iff]:
  undefined-lit (convert-trail-from-W M) L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit M L
 by (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-comp)
lemma lit-of-convert-marked-lit-from-NOT[iff]:
  lit-of (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) = lit-of L
 by (cases L) auto
sublocale state_W \subseteq dpll\text{-}state
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  clauses
 \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail S
 \lambda C S. \ add-learned-cls C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
 by unfold-locales (auto simp: map-tl o-def)
context state_W
begin
declare state-simp_{NOT}[simp\ del]
end
sublocale cdcl_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops
 \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  clauses
 \lambda L S. cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail S
 \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
 \lambda- -. True
  \lambda- S. conflicting S = None
 \lambda C \ C' \ L' \ S. backjump-l-cond C \ C' \ L' \ S \ \wedge \ distinct\text{-mset} \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \ \wedge \ \neg tautology \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\})
 by unfold-locales
sublocale cdcl_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy
```

 $\lambda S.$ convert-trail-from-W (trail S)

```
clauses
  \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  \lambda- -. True
  \lambda- S. conflicting S = None \ backjump-l-cond \ inv_{NOT}
{\bf proof} \ ({\it unfold-locales}, \ {\it goal-cases})
  case 2
  then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv by (auto simp: comp-def)
next
  case (1 C' S C F' K F L)
  moreover
   let ?C' = remdups\text{-}mset C'
   have L \notin \# C'
     \mathbf{using} \ \langle F \models as \ \mathit{CNot} \ \mathit{C'} \rangle \ \langle \mathit{undefined-lit} \ \mathit{F} \ \mathit{L} \rangle \ \mathit{Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of}
     in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
   then have distinct-mset (?C' + \{\#L\#\})
     by (metis count-mset-set(3) distinct-mset-remdups-mset distinct-mset-single-add
       less-irrefl-nat mem-set-mset-iff remdups-mset-def)
  moreover
   have no-dup F
     using \langle inv_{NOT} S \rangle \langle convert\text{-trail-from-}W \text{ (trail } S) = F' @ Marked K \text{ () } \# F \rangle
     unfolding inv_{NOT}-def
     by (smt\ comp-apply\ distinct.simps(2)\ distinct-append\ list.simps(9)\ map-append
       no-dup-convert-from-W)
   then have consistent-interp (lits-of F)
     using distinct consistent-interp by blast
   then have \neg tautology (C')
     using \langle F \models as\ CNot\ C' \rangle consistent-CNot-not-tautology true-annots-true-cls by blast
   then have \neg tautology (?C' + {\#L\#})
     using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle \ \langle undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L \rangle \ by \ (metis \ CNot\text{-}remdups\text{-}mset
       Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of add.commute in-CNot-uminus tautology-add-single
        tautology-remdups-mset true-annot-singleton true-annots-def)
  show ?case
   proof -
     have f2: no\text{-}dup \ (convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W \ (trail \ S))
       using \langle inv_{NOT} | S \rangle unfolding inv_{NOT}-def by (simp \ add: \ o\text{-def})
     have f3: atm-of L \in atms-of-msu (clauses S)
       \cup atm-of 'lits-of (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
       using \langle convert\text{-trail-from-}W \text{ (trail } S) = F' @ Marked K \text{ () } \# F \rangle
       \langle atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\text{-}msu\ (clauses\ S)\cup atm\text{-}of\ (f'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F)\rangle by auto
     have f_4: clauses S \models pm \ remdups\text{-mset} \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
       true-clss-cls-remdups-mset union-commute)
     have F \models as \ CNot \ (remdups\text{-}mset \ C')
       by (simp\ add: \langle F \models as\ CNot\ C' \rangle)
     then show ?thesis
       using f_4 f_3 f_2 \leftarrow tautology (remdups-mset <math>C' + \{\#L\#\}))
       backjump-l.intros[OF - f2] \ calculation(2-5,9)
        state-eq_{NOT}-ref unfolding backjump-l-cond-def by blast
   qed
qed
sublocale cdcl_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2
```

```
\lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  clauses
  \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S \lambda- -. True inv_{NOT}
  \lambda- S. conflicting S = None \ backjump-l-cond
  by unfold-locales
sublocale cdcl_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  clauses
  \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S \lambda- -. True inv_{NOT}
  \lambda- S. conflicting S = None \ backjump-l-cond
 apply unfold-locales
  using dpll-bj-no-dup apply (simp add: comp-def)
  using cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup by (auto simp add: comp-def cdcl_{NOT}.simps)
context cdcl_W
begin
Notations are lost while proving locale inclusion:
notation state-eq<sub>NOT</sub> (infix \sim_{NOT} 50)
19.2
          Additional Lemmas between NOT and W states
lemma trail_W-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ T)
proof (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  case (1 F S T) note IH = this(1) and tr = this(2)
  then have [] = convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
   \vee length F = length (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
   \vee trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S)) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail T))
   using IH by (metis (no-types) trail-tl-trail)
  then show trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T)
    using tr by (metis (no-types) reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.elims)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ trail\text{-}reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT}\text{-}add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\text{:}
no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ M\ (add-learned-cls\ D\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ M\ S)
 by (rule\ trail_W - eq - reduce - trail - to_{NOT} - eq)\ simp
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{reduce-trail-to}_{NOT}\mathit{-reduce-trail-convert}\colon
  reduce-trail-to_{NOT} C S = reduce-trail-to (convert-trail-from-NOT C) S
  apply (induction C S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  apply (subst reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps, subst reduce-trail-to.simps)
 by auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-length:
  length M = length M' \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to MS = reduce-trail-to M'S
  apply (induction M S arbitrary: rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 apply (rename-tac F S; case-tac trail S \neq []; case-tac length (trail S) \neq length M')
```

19.3 More lemmas conflict-propagate and backjumping

19.3.1 Termination

```
lemma cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 obtains T where full cdcl_W-cp S T
 using assms cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-normalized-element unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by blast
thm backtrackE
lemma cdcl_W-bj-measure:
  assumes cdcl_W-bj S T and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows length (trail\ S) + (if\ conflicting\ S = None\ then\ 0\ else\ 1)
   > length (trail T) + (if conflicting T = None then 0 else 1)
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct)
  (force\ dest:arg-cong[of - - length])
   intro:\ get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
   elim!: backtrack-levE
   simp: cdcl_W - M - level - inv - def) +
lemma wf-cdcl_W-bj:
  wf \{(b,a). \ cdcl_W - bj \ a \ b \land cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a\}
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure of \lambda-. True
     - \lambda T. length (trail T) + (if conflicting T = None then 0 else 1), simplified)
 using cdcl_W-bj-measure by blast
lemma cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form:
 assumes lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists T. full \ cdcl_W-bj S T
proof -
 obtain T where T: full (\lambda a b. cdcl_W-bj a b \wedge cdcl_W-M-level-inv a) S T
   using wf-exists-normal-form-full [OF \ wf\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj] by auto
  then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T
    by (auto dest: rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left simp: full-def)
 moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
     using mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] cdcl_W.simps by blast
   then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis using T unfolding full-def by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-skip-state-decomp:
 assumes skip^{**} S T and no-dup (trail S)
 shows
   \exists M. \ trail \ S = M @ \ trail \ T \land (\forall m \in set \ M. \neg is\text{-}marked \ m) \ \mathbf{and}
   T \sim delete-trail-and-rebuild (trail T) S
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def state-access-simp)
```

19.3.2 More backjumping

Backjumping after skipping or jump directly lemma rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack: assumes

```
skip^{**} S T and
   backtrack T W and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows backtrack S W
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step T V) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and bt = this(4) and
   inv = this(5)
 have skip^{**} S V
   using st skip by auto
 then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
   using rtranclp-mono[of\ skip\ cdcl_W]\ assms(3)\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ mono-rtranclp
   by (auto dest!: bj other cdcl_W-bj.skip)
 then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv V
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then obtain N k M1 M2 K D L U i where
   V: state V = (trail\ V,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ Some\ (D + \{\#L\#\})) and
   W: state W = (Propagated\ L\ (D + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M1,\ N, \{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + U,
     get-maximum-level (trail V) D, None) and
   decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1\ ,\ M2)
     \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail V)) and
   k = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level (trail V) (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   lev-L: get-level (trail V) L = k and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
   W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (D + {#L#}))
     (reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\ M1\ (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\})
       (update-backtrack-lvl (get-maximum-level (trail V) D) (update-conflicting None V))))and
   lev-l-D: backtrack-lvl V = get-maximum-level (trail V) (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   conflicting V = Some (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   i: i = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level (trail V) D
   using bt by (elim backtrack-levE)
   (auto\ simp:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp\ state-eq-def\ simp\ del:\ state-simp)+
 let ?D = (D + {\#L\#})
 obtain L'C' where
   T: state \ T = (Propagated \ L' \ C' \# trail \ V, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ Some \ ?D) and
   V \sim tl-trail T and
   -L' \notin \# ?D and
   ?D \neq \{\#\}
   using skip V by force
 let ?M = Propagated L' C' \# trail V
 have cdcl_W^{**} S T using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W S T] other st by meson
 then have inv': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv by blast
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T using inv' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then have n-d': no-dup ?M
   using T unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 have k > 0
   using decomp M-lev T V unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have atm\text{-}of\ L \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ V)
   using lev-L get-rev-level-ge-0-atm-of-in V by fastforce
```

```
then have L-L': atm-of L \neq atm-of L'
   using n-d' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
  have L'-M: atm-of L' \notin atm-of 'lits-of (trail V)
   using n-d' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
  have ?M \models as CNot ?D
   using inv' T unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  then have L' \notin \# ?D
   using L-L' L'-M unfolding true-annots-def by (auto simp add: true-annot-def true-cls-def
     atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set Ball-mset-def
     split: split-if-asm)
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 T) = M1
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) One-nat-def Pair-inject T \land V \sim tl-trail T \land decomp
     diff-less in-get-all-marked-decomposition-trail-update-trail length-greater-0-conv
     length-tl\ lessI\ list.\ distinct(1)\ reduce-trail-to-length-ne\ state-eq-trail
     trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le trail-tl-trail)
 have skip^{**} S V
   using st skip by auto
  have no-dup (trail\ S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
  then have [simp]: init-clss S = N and [simp]: learned-clss S = U
   using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF \langle skip^{**} S V \rangle] V
   by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def state-access-simp)
  then have W-S: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (D + {#L#})) (reduce-trail-to M1
  (add-learned-cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\})\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ None\ T))))
   using W i T undef M-lev by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def)
 obtain M2' where
   (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2')\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ ?M)
   using decomp V by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail V)),
     cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail V)) auto
 moreover
   from L-L' have get-level ?M L = k
     using lev-L \langle -L' \notin \# ?D \rangle V by (auto split: split-if-asm)
 moreover
   have atm\text{-}of L' \notin atms\text{-}of D
     using \langle L' \notin \# ?D \rangle \langle -L' \notin \# ?D \rangle by (simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set
   then have get-level ?M L = get-maximum-level ?M (D+\{\#L\#\})
     using lev-l-D[symmetric] L-L' V lev-L by simp
  moreover have i = get-maximum-level ?M D
   using i \langle atm\text{-}of L' \notin atms\text{-}of D \rangle by auto
  moreover
  ultimately have backtrack T W
   using T(1) W-S by blast
  then show ?thesis using IH inv by blast
qed
lemma fst-qet-all-marked-decomposition-prepend-not-marked:
 assumes \forall m \in set MS. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows set (map\ fst\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M))
   = set (map fst (get-all-marked-decomposition (MS @ M)))
   using assms apply (induction MS rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
   by (rename-tac L m xs; case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ M)) simp-all
```

```
See also [skip^{**}?S?T; backtrack?T?W; cdcl_W-all-struct-inv?S] \implies backtrack?S?W
lemma rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack-end:
 assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S T and
   bt: backtrack S W and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows backtrack T W
  using assms
proof -
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using bt inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto elim!: backtrack-levE)
  then obtain k M M1 M2 K i D L N U where
   S: state S = (M, N, U, k, Some (D + \{\#L\#\})) and
   W: state W = (Propagated\ L\ (D + \#L\#))\ \#\ M1,\ N,\ \#D + \#L\#\#\} +\ U,\ get-maximum-level
MD,
     None) and
   decomp: (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1\ ,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M) and
   lev-l: get-level ML = k and
   lev-l-D: get-level M L = get-maximum-level M (D+\{\#L\#\}) and
   i: i = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ D\ and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L
   using bt by (elim backtrack-levE)
   (simp-all\ add:\ cdcl_W\ -M\ -level\ -inv\ -decomp\ state\ -eq\ -def\ del:\ state\ -simp)
 let ?D = (D + \{\#L\#\})
 have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ S)
   using M-lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W] by (smt\ bj\ cdcl_W-bj.skip inv local.skip other
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
 then have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ T)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 obtain MS\ M_T where M\colon M=MS\ @\ M_T and M_T\colon M_T=trail\ T and nm\colon \forall\ m\in set\ MS.\ \neg is-marked
   using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp(1)[OF skip] S M-lev by auto
 have T: state T = (M_T, N, U, k, Some ?D)
   using M_T rtranclp-skip-state-decomp(2)[of S T] skip S
   by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def state-access-simp)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv[OF - inv])
   using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip local.skip other rtranclp-mono[of skip cdcl_W] by blast
  then have M_T \models as \ CNot \ ?D
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def using T by blast
 have \forall L \in \#?D. atm-of L \in atm-of 'lits-of M_T
   proof -
     have f1: \Lambda l. \neg M_T \models a \{\#-l\#\} \lor atm\text{-}of \ l \in atm\text{-}of \ 'l \ lits\text{-}of \ M_T
      by (simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set in-lit-of-true-annot
        lits-of-def)
     have \bigwedge l. l \notin \# D \lor - l \in lits\text{-}of M_T
      using \langle M_T \models as\ CNot\ (D + \{\#L\#\}) \rangle multi-member-split by fastforce
     then show ?thesis
     using f1 by (meson \ (M_T \models as \ CNot \ (D + \{\#L\#\})) \ ball-msetI \ true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
   qed
```

```
moreover have no-dup M
   using inv S unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
  ultimately have \forall L \in \#?D. atm\text{-}of L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of MS
   unfolding M unfolding lits-of-def by auto
  then have H: \Lambda L. L \in \#?D \Longrightarrow get\text{-level } M L = get\text{-level } M_T L
   unfolding M by (fastforce simp: lits-of-def)
  have [simp]: get-maximum-level M ?D = get-maximum-level M_T ?D
   by (metis \ (M_T \models as \ CNot \ (D + \#L\#))) M nm ball-msetI true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined
     get-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present)
 have lev-l': get-level M_T L = k
   using lev-l by (auto simp: H)
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 T) = M1
   using T decomp M nm by (smt M_T append-assoc beginning-not-marked-invert
     qet-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp)
 have W: W ~ cons-trail (Propagated L (D + \{\#L\#\}\)) (reduce-trail-to M1
   (add-learned-cls\ (D + \#L\#)\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ None\ T))))
   using W T i decomp undef by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
  have lev-l-D': get-level M_T L = get-maximum-level M_T (D+\{\#L\#\})
   using lev-l-D by (auto\ simp:\ H)
  have [simp]: get-maximum-level MD = get-maximum-level M_TD
   proof -
     have \bigwedge ms \ m. \ \neg \ (ms::('v, \ nat, \ 'v \ literal \ multiset) \ marked-lit \ list) \models as \ CNot \ m
        \lor (\forall l \in \#m. \ atm\text{-}of \ l \in atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ ms)
      by (simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set in-CNot-implies-uninus(2))
     then have \forall l \in \#D. atm\text{-}of \ l \in atm\text{-}of \ ' \ lits\text{-}of \ M_T
      using \langle M_T \models as \ CNot \ (D + \{\#L\#\}) \rangle by auto
     then show ?thesis
      by (metis M get-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present nm)
   qed
  then have i': i = get-maximum-level M_T D
   using i by auto
 have Marked K (i + 1) \# M1 \in set (map fst (get-all-marked-decomposition M))
   using Set.imageI[OF decomp, of fst] by auto
  then have Marked K(i + 1) \# M1 \in set (map fst (get-all-marked-decomposition M_T))
   using fst-qet-all-marked-decomposition-prepend-not-marked [OF nm] unfolding M by auto
 then obtain M2' where decomp':(Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2')\in set\ (qet-all-marked-decomposition
M_T
   by auto
 then show backtrack T W
   using backtrack.intros[OF T decomp' lev-l'] lev-l-D' i' W by force
qed
lemma cdcl_W-bj-decomp-resolve-skip-and-bj:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 \mathbf{shows}\ (\mathit{skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve}^{**}\ S\ T
   \vee (\exists U. skip-or-resolve^{**} S U \wedge backtrack U T))
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step\ T\ U) note st=this(1) and bj=this(2) and IH=this(3)
 have IH: skip-or-resolve** S T
```

```
proof -
     { assume (\exists U. skip-or-resolve^{**} S U \land backtrack U T)
      then obtain V where
        bt: backtrack V T and
        skip-or-resolve** S V
        by blast
      have cdcl_{W}^{**} S V
        using \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \mid S \mid V \rangle rtranclp\text{-}skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W} by blast
      then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv V and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
        using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv inv by blast+
      with bj bt have False using backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by simp
     then show ?thesis using IH inv by blast
   qed
 show ?case
   using bj
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-bj.cases)
     case backtrack
     then show ?thesis using IH by blast
   qed (metis (no-types, lifting) IH rtranclp.simps)+
qed
lemma resolve-skip-deterministic:
  resolve \ S \ T \Longrightarrow skip \ S \ U \Longrightarrow False
 by fastforce
lemma backtrack-unique:
 assumes
   bt-T: backtrack S T and
   bt-U: backtrack S U and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows T \sim U
proof -
 have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  then obtain M N U' k D L i K M1 M2 where
   S: state S = (M, N, U', k, Some (D + {\#L\#})) and
   decomp: (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M) and
   get-level ML = k and
   get-level ML = get-maximum-level M(D+\{\#L\#\}) and
   get-maximum-level MD = i and
   T: state T = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M1\ ,\ N,\ \{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} +\ U',\ i,\ None) and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L
   using bt-T by (elim\ backtrack-levE)
   (force\ simp:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def\ state-eq-def\ simp\ del:\ state-simp)+
  obtain D'L'i'K'M1'M2' where
   S': state S = (M, N, U', k, Some (D' + \{\#L'\#\})) and
   decomp': (Marked\ K'\ (i'+1)\ \#\ M1',\ M2')\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M) and
   qet-level ML' = k and
   get-level ML' = get-maximum-level M(D' + \{\#L'\#\}) and
   get-maximum-level M D' = i' and
   U: state \ U = (Propagated \ L' \ (D' + \{\#L'\#\}) \ \# \ M1', \ N, \ \{\#D' + \{\#L'\#\}\#\} \ + U', \ i', \ None) \ {\bf and} \ 
   undef: undefined-lit M1' L'
   using bt-U lev S by (elim\ backtrack-levE)
```

```
(force\ simp:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def\ state-eq-def\ simp\ del:\ state-simp)+
  obtain c where M: M = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # M1
   using decomp by auto
  obtain c' where M': M = c' @ M2' @ Marked K' (i' + 1) # M1'
   using decomp' by auto
  have marked: get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [1..<1+k]
   using inv S unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
  then have i < k
   unfolding M
   by (force simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: arg-cong[of - - set])
 have [simp]: L = L'
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have L' \in \# D
       using S unfolding S' by (fastforce simp: multiset-eq-iff split: split-if-asm)
     then have get-maximum-level M D \ge k
       using \langle qet\text{-}level \ M \ L' = k \rangle qet\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}}qe\text{-}qet\text{-}level by blast
     then show False using \langle get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ D=i \rangle\ \langle i < k \rangle by auto
   qed
  then have [simp]: D = D'
   using SS' by auto
 have [simp]: i=i' using \langle qet-maximum-level M D'=i' \rangle \langle qet-maximum-level M D=i \rangle by auto
Automation in a step later...
 have H: \bigwedge a \ A \ B. insert a \ A = B \Longrightarrow a : B
   by blast
  have get-all-levels-of-marked (c@M2) = rev [i+2..<1+k] and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (c'@M2') = rev [i+2..<1+k]
   using marked unfolding M
   using marked unfolding M'
   unfolding rev-swap[symmetric] by (auto dest: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end)
 from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this(1),\ of\ set]\ arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this(2),\ of\ set]
 have
   drop While \ (\lambda L. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ L \lor level\text{-}of \ L \ne Suc \ i) \ (c @ M2) = [] \ \mathbf{and}
   drop While (\lambda L. \neg is\text{-}marked L \lor level-of L \neq Suc i) (c' @ M2') = []
     unfolding dropWhile-eq-Nil-conv Ball-def
     by (intro allI; rename-tac x; case-tac x; auto dest!: H simp add: in-set-conv-decomp)+
  then have M1 = M1'
   using arg-cong[OF M, of drop While (\lambda L. \neg is-marked L \vee level-of L \neq Suc i)]
   unfolding M' by auto
  then show ?thesis using T U by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ if\ can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve:
 assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S U and
   bt: backtrack S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows \neg resolve\ U\ V
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume resolve: \neg\neg resolve\ U\ V
 obtain L C M N U' k D where
```

```
U: state \ U = (Propagated \ L \ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\})) \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U', \ k, \ Some \ (D + \{\#-L\#\}))and
 get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\}) \# M) D = k and
 state V = (M, N, U', k, Some (D \# \cup C))
 using resolve by auto
have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
 using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W] by (meson bj cdcl_W-bj.skip inv local.skip other
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
then have [iff]: no-dup (trail S) cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and [iff]: no-dup (trail U)
 using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by blast+
then have
 S: init-clss \ S = N
    learned-clss S = U'
    backtrack\text{-}lvl\ S = k
    conflicting S = Some (D + \{\#-L\#\})
 using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp(2)[OF skip] U
 by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def state-access-simp)
obtain M_0 where
 tr-S: trail S = M_0 @ trail U and
 nm: \forall m \in set M_0. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF skip] by blast
obtain M'D'L'iKM1M2 where
 S': state \ S = (M', N, U', k, Some (D' + \{\#L'\#\})) and
 decomp: (Marked K (i+1) # M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M') and
 get-level M'L' = k and
 get-level M'L' = get-maximum-level M'(D' + \{\#L'\#\}) and
 get-maximum-level M'D'=i and
 undef: undefined-lit M1 L' and
 T: state T = (Propagated \ L'(D' + \#L'\#)) \# M1, \ N, \#D' + \#L'\# + U', \ i, \ None)
 using bt by (elim backtrack-levE) (fastforce simp: S state-eq-def simp del:state-simp)+
obtain c where M: M' = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
 using get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[OF decomp] by auto
have marked: get-all-levels-of-marked M' = rev [1..<1+k]
 using inv S' unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have i < k
 unfolding M by (force simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: arq-conq[of - - set])
have DD': D' + \{\#L'\#\} = D + \{\#-L\#\}
 using S S' by auto
have [simp]: L' = -L
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have -L \in \# D'
     \mathbf{using}\ DD'\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{add-diff-cancel-right'}\ \mathit{diff-single-trivial}\ \mathit{diff-union-swap}
      multi-self-add-other-not-self)
   moreover
    have M': M' = M_0 @ Propagated L ((C + {\#L\#})) \# M
      using tr-S U S S' by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
    have no-dup M'
       using inv US' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
    have atm-L-notin-M: atm-of L \notin atm-of ' (lits-of M)
      using \langle no\text{-}dup \ M' \rangle \ M' \ U \ S \ S' \ \text{by} \ (auto \ simp: \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}def)
     have get-all-levels-of-marked M' = rev [1..<1+k]
      using inv US' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [1..<1+k]
```

```
using nm\ M'\ S'\ U by (simp\ add:\ get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked\text{-}no\text{-}marked})
       then have get-lev-L:
         get-level(Propagated L (C + {\#L\#}) \# M) L = k
         using get-level-get-rev-level-get-all-levels-of-marked[OF atm-L-notin-M,
           of [Propagated\ L\ ((C+\{\#L\#\}))]] by simp
       have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ (\textit{lits-}of \ (\textit{rev} \ M_0))
         using \langle no\text{-}dup \ M' \rangle \ M' \ U \ S' by (auto \ simp: \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}def)
       then have get-level M'L = k
         using get-rev-level-notin-end[of L rev M_0
           rev M @ Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}) \# [] \theta]
         using tr-S get-lev-L M' U S' by (simp add:nm lits-of-def)
     ultimately have get-maximum-level M' D' \geq k
       by (metis get-maximum-level-ge-get-level get-rev-level-uminus)
     then show False
       using \langle i < k \rangle unfolding \langle qet-maximum-level M'D' = i \rangle by auto
   qed
  have [simp]: D = D' using DD' by auto
 have cdcl_{W}^{**} S U
   using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip local.skip mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W S U] other by meson
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
   using inv \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  then have Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M \models as CNot (D' + \{\#L'\#\})
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def U by auto
  then have \forall L' \in \#D. atm-of L' \in atm-of 'lits-of (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M)
   by (metis CNot-plus CNot-singleton Un-insert-right \langle D=D' \rangle true-annots-insert ball-msetI
     atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set in-CNot-implies-uminus(2)
     sup-bot.comm-neutral)
 then have get-maximum-level M'D = k
    using tr-S nm U S'
      get-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present[of D
        Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}) \# M M_0
    unfolding \langle get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ (Propagated \ L \ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \ \# \ M) \ D = k \rangle
    unfolding \langle D = D' \rangle
    by simp
 then show False
   using \langle qet-maximum-level M'D' = i \rangle \langle i < k \rangle by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{if-can-apply-resolve-no-more-backtrack}:
 assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S U and
   resolve: resolve S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows \neg backtrack\ U\ V
 using assms
 \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ if\ can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve\ rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
   rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack)
lemma if-can-apply-backtrack-skip-or-resolve-is-skip:
  assumes
   bt: backtrack S T and
   skip: skip-or-resolve^{**} S U and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows skip^{**} S U
 using assms(2,3,1)
```

```
\mathbf{by}\ induction\ (simp-all\ add:\ if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve)
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-bj-bj-decomp:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S W and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   (\exists T \ U \ V. \ (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ T
       \wedge (\lambda T U. resolve T U \wedge no-step backtrack T) T U
       \wedge \ skip^{**} \ U \ V \ \wedge \ backtrack \ V \ W)
   \vee (\exists T \ U. \ (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ T
       \wedge (\lambda T \ U. \ resolve \ T \ U \ \wedge \ no\text{-step backtrack} \ T) \ T \ U \ \wedge \ skip^{**} \ U \ W)
   \vee (\exists T. skip^{**} S T \wedge backtrack T W)
   \vee skip^{**} S W  (is ?RB S W \vee ?R S W \vee ?SB S W \vee ?S S W)
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step W X) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)] and inv = this(4)
 have \neg ?RB S W and \neg ?SB S W
   proof (clarify, goal-cases)
     case (1 \ T \ U \ V)
     have skip-or-resolve** S T
       using 1(1) by (auto dest!: rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left)
     then show False
       by (metis (no-types, lifting) 1(2) 1(4) 1(5) backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj
         cdcl_W\textit{-}all\textit{-}struct\textit{-}inv\textit{-}def\ cdcl_W\textit{-}all\textit{-}struct\textit{-}inv\text{-}inv\ cdcl_W\textit{-}o.bj\ local.bj\ other
         resolve\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack
         rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.prems)
   next
     case 2
     then show ?case by (meson\ assms(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj
       local.bj rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack)
   qed
  then have IH: ?R S W \lor ?S S W using IH by blast
 have cdcl_{W}^{**} S W by (metis \ cdcl_{W} - o.bj \ mono-rtranclp \ other \ st)
  then have inv-W: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W by (simp add: rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   step.prems)
  consider
     (BT) X' where backtrack W X'
    (skip) no-step backtrack W and skip W X
   (resolve) no-step backtrack W and resolve W X
   using bj \ cdcl_W-bj.cases by meson
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case (BT X')
     then consider
         (bt) backtrack W X
       |(sk)| skip W X
       using bj if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve [of WWX'X] inv-Wcdcl_W-bj.cases by fast
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
         case bt
         then show ?thesis using IH by auto
```

```
next
     case sk
     then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp-trans r-into-rtranclp)
   qed
next
  case skip
  then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
  case resolve note no-bt = this(1) and res = this(2)
  consider
     (RS) T U where
        (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ T \ and
        resolve \ T \ U \ {\bf and}
        no-step backtrack T and
        skip^{**} U W
   | (S) \ skip^{**} \ S \ W
   using IH by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case (RS \ T \ U)
     have cdcl_W^{**} S T
       using RS(1) cdcl_W-bj.resolve cdcl_W-o.bj other skip
        mono-rtranclp[of\ (\lambda S\ T.\ skip-or-resolve\ S\ T\ \land\ no\text{-}step\ backtrack\ S)\ cdcl_W\ S\ T]
       by meson
     then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
       by (meson\ RS(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-bj.resolve cdcl_W-o.bj other
         rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{ }step.prems)
     { fix U'
       assume skip^{**} U U' and skip^{**} U' W
       have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U'
         using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ U \rangle \langle skip^{**} \ U \ U' \rangle \ rtranclp - cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - inv
             cdcl_W-o.bj rtranclp-mono[of skip cdcl_W] other skip by blast
       then have no-step backtrack U'
         using if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve [OF \langle skip^{**} \ U' \ W \rangle ] res by blast
     with \langle skip^{**} \ U \ W \rangle
     have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ W
        proof induction
          case base
          then show ?case by simp
         case (step VW) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and H = this(4)
          have \bigwedge U'. skip^{**} U' V \Longrightarrow skip^{**} U' W
            using skip by auto
          then have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ V
            using IH H by blast
          moreover have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ V \ W
            by (simp add: local.skip r-into-rtranclp st step.prems)
          ultimately show ?case by simp
        qed
     then show ?thesis
       proof -
         have f1: \forall p \ pa \ pb \ pc. \neg p \ (pa) \ pb \lor \neg p^{**} \ pb \ pc \lor p^{**} \ pa \ pc
           by (meson converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
```

```
using RS(2) RS(3) by force
              then have (\lambda p \ pa. \ skip-or-resolve \ p \ pa \land no-step \ backtrack \ p)^{**} \ T \ W
                proof -
                  have (\exists vr19 \ vr16 \ vr17 \ vr18. \ vr19 \ (vr16::'st) \ vr17 \land vr19^{**} \ vr17 \ vr18
                       \wedge \neg vr19^{**} vr16 vr18
                    \vee \neg (skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ T\ U\ \land\ no\text{-}step\ backtrack\ T)
                    \vee \neg (\lambda uu \ uua. \ skip-or-resolve \ uu \ uua \land no-step \ backtrack \ uu)^{**} \ U \ W
                    \vee (\lambda uu \ uua. \ skip-or-resolve \ uu \ uua \wedge no-step \ backtrack \ uu)^{**} \ T \ W
                    by force
                  then show ?thesis
                    by (metis (no-types) \langle (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ W \rangle
                      \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ T\ U\ \land\ no\text{-}step\ backtrack\ T \rangle\ f1)
                qed
              then have (\lambda p \ pa. \ skip-or-resolve \ p \ pa \land no-step \ backtrack \ p)^{**} \ S \ W
                using RS(1) by force
              then show ?thesis
                using no-bt res by blast
            qed
        next
          case S
          \{ \text{ fix } U' \}
            assume skip^{**} S U' and skip^{**} U' W
            then have cdcl_W^{**} S U'
              using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W S U'] by (simp add: cdcl_W-o.bj other skip)
            then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U'
              \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis} \ (\textit{no-types}, \ \textit{hide-lams}) \ \langle \textit{cdcl}_W \text{-} \textit{all-struct-inv} \ S \rangle
                rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
            then have no-step backtrack U'
              using if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve[OF \langle skip^{**} \ U' \ W \rangle] res by blast
          }
          with S
          have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ W
             proof induction
               case base
               then show ?case by simp
              case (step V W) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and H = this(4)
               have \bigwedge U'. skip^{**} U' V \Longrightarrow skip^{**} U' W
                 using skip by auto
               then have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ V
                 using IH H by blast
               moreover have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ V \ W
                 by (simp add: local.skip r-into-rtranclp st step.prems)
               ultimately show ?case by simp
             qed
          then show ?thesis using res no-bt by blast
        qed
    qed
qed
The case distinction is needed, since T \sim V does not imply that R^{**} T V.
lemma cdcl_W-bj-strongly-confluent:
  assumes
```

have skip-or-resolve T $U \wedge no$ -step backtrack T

```
cdcl_W-bj^{**} S V and
    cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T and
    n-s: no-step cdcl_W-bj V and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows T \sim V \vee cdcl_W - bj^{**} T V
  using assms(2)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by (simp \ add: assms(1))
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s\text{-}o\text{-}r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_{W}^{**} S T
   using st mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] other by blast
 then have lev-T: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv[of S T]
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 consider
      (TV) T \sim V
    | (bj-TV) \ cdcl_W-bj^{**} \ T \ V
   using IH by blast
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case TV
     have no-step cdcl_W-bj T
       using \langle cdcl_W - M-level-inv T \rangle n-s cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible [of T - V] TV by auto
     then show ?thesis
       using s-o-r by auto
   next
     case bi-TV
     then obtain U' where
       T-U': cdcl_W-bj T U' and
       cdcl_W-bj^{**} U' V
       using IH n-s s-o-r by (metis rtranclp-unfold tranclpD)
     have cdcl_W^{**} S T
       by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) bj mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] other st)
     then have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
       \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis} \ (\mathit{no-types}, \ \mathit{hide-lams}) \ \mathit{inv} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W \textit{-all-struct-inv-inv})
     have lev-U: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
       using s-o-r cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev-T other by blast
     show ?thesis
       using s-o-r
       proof cases
         case backtrack
         then obtain V0 where skip^{**} T V0 and backtrack V0 V
           using IH if-can-apply-backtrack-skip-or-resolve-is-skip[OF backtrack - inv-T]
            cdcl_W-bj-decomp-resolve-skip-and-bj
            by (meson\ bj\text{-}TV\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj\text{-}backtrack\ inv\text{-}T\ lev\text{-}T\ n\text{-}s}
             rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack-end)
         then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T V\theta and cdcl_W-bj V\theta V
           using rtranclp-mono[of skip cdcl_W-bj] by blast+
         then show ?thesis
           \mathbf{using} \ \langle backtrack \ V0 \ V\rangle \ \langle skip^{**} \ T \ V0\rangle \ backtrack-unique \ inv\text{-}T \ local.backtrack
           rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack by auto
```

```
next
         case resolve
         then have U \sim U'
           by (meson T-U' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve inv-T
             resolve-skip-deterministic resolve-unique rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
         then show ?thesis
           using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle unfolding rtranclp-unfold
           \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{meson}\ \mathit{T-U'}\ \mathit{bj}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{consistent-inv}\ \mathit{lev-T}\ \mathit{other}\ \mathit{state-eq-ref}\ \mathit{state-eq-sym}
             tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible)
       next
         case skip
         consider
             (sk) skip T U'
             (bt) backtrack T U'
           using T-U' by (meson\ cdcl_W-bj.cases\ local.skip\ resolve-skip-deterministic)
         then show ?thesis
           proof cases
             case sk
             then show ?thesis
               using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle unfolding rtranclp-unfold
               by (meson\ T\text{-}U'\ bj\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv(3)\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def\ inv\text{-}T\ local.skip\ other)
                 tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible skip-unique state-eq-ref)
           next
             case bt
             have skip^{++} T U
               using local.skip by blast
             then show ?thesis
               using bt by (metis \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle \ backtrack \ inv-T \ tranclp-unfold-begin
                 rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack-end tranclp-into-rtranclp)
           qed
       \mathbf{qed}
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form:
  assumes
    ST: cdcl_W - bj^{**} S T and SU: cdcl_W - bj^{**} S U and
   n-s-U: no-step cdcl_W-bj U and
   n-s-T: no-step cdcl_W-bj T and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows T \sim U
proof -
  have T \sim U \vee cdcl_W - bj^{**} T U
   using ST SU \ cdcl_W \ -bj-strongly-confluent inv n-s-U by blast
  then show ?thesis
   by (metis (no-types) n-s-T rtranclp-unfold state-eq-ref tranclp-unfold-begin)
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form:
assumes full cdcl_W-bj S T and full cdcl_W-bj S U and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows T \sim U
  using cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form assms unfolding full-def by blast
```

19.4 CDCL FW

```
inductive cdcl_W-merge-restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
fw-r-propagate: propagate S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S S'
fw-r-conflict: conflict S T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T \ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S \ U \mid
fw-r-decide: decide\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S\ S'
fw-r-rf: cdcl_W-rf S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S S'
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W:
 assumes cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows cdcl_W^{**} S T
 using assms
proof induction
  case (fw-r-conflict S T U) note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2)
 have cdcl_W S T using confl by (simp add: cdcl_W.intros r-into-rtranclp)
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T U using bj unfolding full-def by auto
   then have cdcl_W^{**} T U by (metis\ cdcl_W - o.bj\ mono-rtranclp\ other)
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed (simp-all \ add: \ cdcl_W-o.intros \ cdcl_W.intros \ r-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-conflicting-true-or-no-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows conflicting T = None \lor no\text{-step } cdcl_W T
 using assms
proof induction
 case (fw-r-conflict S T U) note confl = this(1) and n-s = this(2)
  { fix D V
   assume cdcl_W U V and conflicting U = Some D
   then have False
     using n-s unfolding full-def
     by (induction rule: cdcl_W-all-rules-induct) (auto dest!: cdcl_W-bj.intros)
 then show ?case by (cases conflicting U) fastforce+
qed (auto simp \ add: \ cdcl_W - rf. simps)
inductive cdcl_W-merge :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
fw-propagate: propagate \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ S'
fw-conflict: conflict S T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T \ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ U \ |
fw-decide: decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ S'
fw-forget: forget \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ S'
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  cdcl_W-merge S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 by (meson\ cdcl_W-merge.cases cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps forget)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  cdcl_W-merge** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T
 using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge\ cdcl_W-merge-restart]\ cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart\ by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
  using cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   cdcl_W:cdcl_W-merge S T
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
   \vee (no-step cdcl_W-merge T \wedge conflicting <math>T \neq None)
 using cdcl_W inv
proof induction
 case (fw-propagate S T) note propa = this(1)
 then obtain M N U k L C where
   H: state\ S = (M, N, U, k, None) and
   CL: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \text{ and }
   M-C: M \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (C + {#L#})) S
   using propa by auto
 have propagate_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule propagate_{NOT}. propagate_{NOT}[of - CL])
   using H CL T undef M-C by (auto simp: state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def state-eq-def clauses-def
     simp \ del: state-simp)
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.intros(2) by blast
next
 case (fw-decide S T) note dec = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 then obtain L where
   undef-L: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-msu (init-clss S) and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)))
     (update-backtrack-lvl (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)) S)
   by auto
 have decide_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule decide_{NOT}.decide_{NOT})
      using undef-L apply simp
    using atm-L inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def clauses-def apply auto[]
   using T undef-L unfolding state-eq-def state-eqNOT-def by (auto simp: clauses-def)
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT} by blast
next
 case (fw-forget S T) note rf = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 then obtain M N C U k where
    S: state S = (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, k, None) and
    \neg M \models asm \ clauses \ S \ and
    C \notin set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S)) and
    C-init: C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S and
    C-le: C \in \# learned-clss S and
    T: T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
   by auto
 have init-clss S \models pm \ C
   using inv C-le unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def
   by (meson mem-set-mset-iff true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
 then have S-C: clauses S - replicate-mset (count (clauses S) C) C \models pm \ C
   using C-init C-le unfolding clauses-def by (simp add: Un-Diff)
 moreover have H: init-clss\ S + (learned-clss\ S - replicate-mset\ (count\ (learned-clss\ S)\ C)\ C)
   = init\text{-}clss \ S + learned\text{-}clss \ S - replicate\text{-}mset \ (count \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S) \ C) \ C
```

```
using C-le C-init by (metis clauses-def clauses-remove-cls diff-zero gr0I
   init\text{-}clss\text{-}remove\text{-}cls\ learned\text{-}clss\text{-}remove\text{-}cls\ plus\text{-}multiset.rep\text{-}eq\ replicate\text{-}mset\text{-}0
   semiring-normalization-rules(5))
have forget_{NOT} S T
 apply (rule forget_{NOT}.forget_{NOT})
    using S-C apply blast
   using S apply simp
  using \langle C \in \# learned\text{-}clss S \rangle apply (simp \ add: \ clauses\text{-}def)
 using T C-le C-init by (auto
   simp: state-eq-def \ Un-Diff \ state-eq_{NOT}-def \ clauses-def \ ac-simps \ H
   simp del: state-simp)
then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> by blast
case (fw-conflict S T U) note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2) and inv = this(3)
obtain C_S where
  confl-T: conflicting T = Some C_S and
  C_S: C_S \in \# clauses S and
 tr-S-C_S: trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ C_S
 using confl by auto
have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
  using cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ confl\ inv\ by blast
then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
  unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
then consider
   (no\text{-}bt) skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} T U
 | (bt) T' where skip-or-resolve** T T' and backtrack T' U
 using bj rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj-skip-or-resolve-backtrack unfolding full-def by meson
then show ?case
 \mathbf{proof}\ \mathit{cases}
   case no-bt
   then have conflicting U \neq None
     using confl by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
   moreover then have no-step cdcl_W-merge U
     by (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge.simps)
   ultimately show ?thesis by blast
 next
   case bt note s-or-r = this(1) and bt = this(2)
   have cdcl_W^{**} T T'
     using s-or-r mono-rtranclp[of skip-or-resolve cdcl_W] rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W
     by blast
   then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T'
     \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{consistent-inv} \ \langle \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{M-level-inv} \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast}
   then obtain M1 M2 i D L K where
     confl-T': conflicting T' = Some (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
     M1-M2:(Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ T')) and
     get-level (trail T') L = backtrack-lvl T' and
     get-level (trail T') L = get-maximum-level (trail T') (D+\{\#L\#\}) and
     qet-maximum-level (trail T') D = i and
     undef-L: undefined-lit M1 L and
      U: U \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (D+{#L#}))
              (reduce-trail-to M1
                  (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\})
                     (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                        (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ T'))))
     using bt by (auto elim: backtrack-levE)
```

```
have [simp]: clauses S = clauses T
 using confl by auto
have [simp]: clauses T = clauses T'
 using s-or-r
 proof (induction)
   case base
   then show ?case by simp
 next
   case (step U V) note st = this(1) and s-o-r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
   have clauses U = clauses V
     using s-o-r by auto
   then show ?case using IH by auto
 qed
have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps\ confl\ inv\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
have cdcl_W^{**} T T'
 using rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W s-or-r by blast
have inv-T': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T'
 using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid T \mid T' \rangle inv-T rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
have inv-U: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
 using cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W confl fw-r-conflict inv local.bj
 rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss T'
 using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid T \mid T' \rangle cdcl_W-init-clss confl cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def conflict inv
 \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis} \ \langle \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{M-level-inv} \ \mathit{T} \rangle \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{init-clss})
then have atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-msu \ (clauses \ S)
 using inv-T' confl-T' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def clauses-def
 by auto
obtain M where tr-T: trail T = M @ trail T'
 using s-or-r by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
obtain M' where
 tr-T': trail T' = M' @ Marked K <math>(i+1) \# tl (trail U) and
 tr-U: trail\ U = Propagated\ L\ (D + {\#L\#})\ \#\ tl\ (trail\ U)
 using U M1-M2 undef-L inv-T' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
 by fastforce
\mathbf{def}\ M^{\prime\prime} \equiv M \ @\ M^{\prime}
 have tr-T: trail S = M'' \otimes Marked K (i+1) \# tl (trail U)
 using tr-T tr-T' confl unfolding M''-def by auto
have init-clss T' + learned-clss S \models pm D + \{\#L\#\}
 using inv-T' conft-T' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def
 by simp
have reduce-trail-to (convert-trail-from-NOT (convert-trail-from-W M1)) S =
 reduce-trail-to M1 S
 by (rule reduce-trail-to-length) simp
moreover have trail (reduce-trail-to M1 S) = M1
 apply (rule reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning[of - M @ - @ M2 @ [Marked K (Suc i)]])
 using confl M1-M2 \langle trail \ T = M @ trail \ T' \rangle
   apply (auto dest!: qet-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
     elim!: conflictE)
   by (rule sym) auto
ultimately have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> (convert-trail-from-W M1) S) = M1
 using M1-M2 confl by (auto simp add: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-reduce-trail-convert)
have every-mark-is-a-conflict U
```

```
using inv-U unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by simp
     then have tl\ (trail\ U) \models as\ CNot\ D
       by (metis add-diff-cancel-left' append-self-conv2 tr-U union-commute)
     have backjump-l S U
       \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{backjump-l}[\mathit{of} \ \text{----} \ \mathit{L}])
               using tr-T apply simp
              using inv unfolding cdclw-all-struct-inv-def cdclw-M-level-inv-def
              apply (simp add: comp-def)
             using U M1-M2 confl undef-L M1-M2 inv-T' inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
             cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def
               trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-add-learned-cls)
            using C_S apply simp
           using tr-S-C_S apply simp
          using U undef-L M1-M2 inv-T' inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
          cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply auto[]
          using undef-L atm-L apply (simp add: trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-add-learned-cls)
         using \langle init\text{-}clss \ T' + learned\text{-}clss \ S \models pm \ D + \{\#L\#\} \rangle unfolding clauses-def apply simp
       apply (metis \langle tl (trail U) \models as CNot D \rangle convert-trail-from-W-true-annots)
       using inv-T' inv-U U conft-T' undef-L M1-M2 unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
       distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp backjump-l-cond-def)
     then show ?thesis using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l by fast
   qed
qed
abbreviation cdcl_{NOT}-restart where
cdcl_{NOT}-restart \equiv restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart cdcl_{NOT} restart
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-restart-no-step:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S \ T \lor (no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } T \land conflicting \ T \ne None)
proof -
  consider
     (fw) \ cdcl_W-merge S \ T
    (fw-r) restart S T
   using cdcl_W by (meson\ cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps cdcl_W-rf.cases fw-conflict fw-decide fw-forget
     fw-propagate)
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case fw
     then have IH: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \vee (no-step \ cdcl_W-merge T \wedge conflicting \ T \neq None)
       using inv cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn by blast
     have invS: inv_{NOT} S
       using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     have ff2: cdcl_{NOT}^{++} S T \longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
         by (meson tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     have ff3: no-dup (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
       using invS by (simp add: comp-def)
     have cdcl_{NOT} \leq cdcl_{NOT}-restart
       by (auto simp: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.simps)
     then show ?thesis
       using ff3 ff2 IH cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}
       rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-restart]\ invS\ predicate2D\ {f by}\ blast
```

```
next
     then show ?thesis by (blast intro: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros)
   qed
qed
abbreviation \mu_{FW} :: 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{FW} S \equiv (if no-step \ cdcl_W-merge \ S \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1+\mu_{CDCL}'-merged \ (set-mset \ (init-clss \ S)) \ S)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-\mu_{FW}-decreasing:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   fw: cdcl_W-merge S T
 shows \mu_{FW} T < \mu_{FW} S
proof -
 let ?A = init\text{-}clss S
 have atm-clauses: atms-of-msu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-msu ?A
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def clauses-def by auto
 have atm-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-msu ?A
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def clauses-def by auto
 have n-d: no-dup (trail S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 have [simp]: \neg no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } S
   using fw by auto
 have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss T
   using cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W [of S T] inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge-restart.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}rf.simps\ fw)
  consider
     (merged) \ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T
   (n-s) no-step cdcl_W-merge T
   using cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn inv fw by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case merged
     then show ?thesis
       using cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-decreasing-measure'[OF - - atm-clauses] atm-trail n-d
      by (auto split: split-if simp: comp-def)
   next
     case n-s
     then show ?thesis by simp
   qed
qed
lemma wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge: wf \{(T, S). cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge S T\}
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of - - \mu_{FW}])
 using cdcl_W-merge-\mu_{FW}-decreasing by blast
lemma\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv b
   cdcl_W-merge^{++} b a
 shows (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \land \ cdcl_W-merge S \ T)^{++} \ b \ a
 using assms(2)
proof induction
```

```
case base
 then show ?case using inv by auto
 case (step c d) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv c
   using tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF\ st]\ cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   assms(1) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-mono[of \ cdcl_W-merge \ cdcl_W^{**}] by fastforce
 then have (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge S \ T)^{++} \ c \ d
   using fw by auto
 then show ?case using IH by auto
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge: wf \{(T, S). cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T\}
 using wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl_W-merge]
 apply (rule wf-subset)
 by (auto simp: trancl-set-tranclp
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv)
lemma backtrack-is-full1-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes bt: backtrack S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows full1 cdcl_W-bj S T
proof -
 have no-step cdcl_W-bj T
   using bt inv backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by blast
 moreover have cdcl_W-bj^{++} S T
   using bt by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis unfolding full1-def by blast
qed
lemma rtrancl-cdcl_W-conflicting-true-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
 assumes cdcl_{W}^{**} S V and inv: cdcl_{W}-M-level-inv S and conflicting S = None
 shows (cdcl_W-merge-restart** S \ V \land conflicting \ V = None)
   \vee (\exists T U. cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T \wedge conflicting V \neq None \wedge conflict T U \wedge cdcl_W-bj** U V)
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and cdcl_W = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
   conf[simp] = this(5) and inv = this(4)
 from cdcl_W
 show ?case
   proof (cases)
     case propagate
     moreover then have conflicting\ U = None
      by auto
     moreover have conflicting V = None
      using propagate by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-propagate[of U V] by auto
   next
     case conflict
     moreover then have conflicting\ U=None
      by auto
     moreover have conflicting V \neq None
      using conflict by auto
```

```
ultimately show ?thesis using IH by auto
next
 case other
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case decide
     moreover then have conflicting U = None
       by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-decide[of U V] by auto
   next
     case bj
     moreover {
       assume skip-or-resolve U V
       have f1: cdcl_W - bj^{++} U V
         by (simp add: local.bj tranclp.r-into-trancl)
       obtain T T' :: 'st where
         f2: cdcl_W-merge-restart** S U
           \lor cdcl_W-merge-restart** S \ T \land conflicting \ U \neq None
            \wedge conflict T T' \wedge cdcl_W-bj^{**} T' U
         using IH confl by blast
       then have ?thesis
         proof -
           have conflicting V \neq None \land conflicting U \neq None
            using \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ U\ V \rangle by auto
           then show ?thesis
            by (metis (no-types) IH f1 rtranclp-trans tranclp-into-rtranclp)
         qed
     }
     moreover {
       assume backtrack U V
       then have conflicting U \neq None by auto
       then obtain T T' where
         cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
         conflicting U \neq None and
         conflict\ T\ T' and
         cdcl_W-bj^{**} T' U
         using IH confl by meson
       have invU: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
         using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv step.hyps(1) by blast
       then have conflicting V = None
         using \langle backtrack\ U\ V\rangle\ inv\ by\ (auto\ elim:\ backtrack-levE
           simp: cdcl_W - M - level - inv - decomp)
       have full cdcl_W-bj T' V
         apply (rule rtranclp-fullI[of cdcl_W-bj T'UV])
           using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} T' U \rangle apply fast
         \mathbf{using} \ \langle backtrack \ U \ V \rangle \ backtrack-is\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj \ inv} U \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ full1\text{-}def \ full-def
         by blast
       then have ?thesis
         using cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-conflict[of T T' V] \langle conflict T T' \rangle
         \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}restart^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle \langle conflicting \mid V \mid = None \rangle \text{ by } auto
     ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
 qed
next
 case rf
```

```
moreover then have conflicting U = None and conflicting V = None
      by (auto simp: cdcl_W-rf.simps)
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart.fw-r-rf[of U V] by auto
   qed
qed
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart: }no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \ S \implies no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps)
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W:
 assumes
   conflicting S = None  and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart S
 shows no-step cdcl_W S
proof -
 { fix S'
   assume conflict S S'
   then have cdcl_W S S' using cdcl_W.conflict by auto
   then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
     using assms(2) cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast
   then obtain S'' where full\ cdcl_W-bj\ S'\ S''
     using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of S'] by auto
   then have False
     using \langle conflict \ S \ S' \rangle \ assms(3) \ fw-r-conflict \ by \ blast
 then show ?thesis
   using assms unfolding cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps
   by fastforce
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
   conflicting S = None
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
 using assms
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-rf.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps full-def)
 apply (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-rf.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps full-def)
 done
If conflicting S \neq None, we cannot say anything.
Remark that this theorem does not say anything about well-foundedness: even if you know that
one relation is well-founded, it only states that the normal forms are shared.
lemma conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-iff-full-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes confl: conflicting S = None and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows full cdcl_W S V \longleftrightarrow full cdcl_W-merge-restart S V
 assume full: full cdcl_W-merge-restart S V
 then have st: cdcl_W^{**} S V
   using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-restart\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W
   unfolding full-def by auto
```

```
have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart V
   using full unfolding full-def by auto
 have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj conft full unfolding full-def by auto
  have \bigwedge S'. conflict V S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W.conflict cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv st by blast
  then have \bigwedge S'. conflict V S' \Longrightarrow False
   using n-s n-s-bj cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps by meson
  then have n-s-cdcl_W: no-step cdcl_W V
   using n-s n-s-bj by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart.simps)
 then show full cdcl_W S V using st unfolding full-def by auto
next
 assume full: full cdcl_W S V
 have no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart V
   using full no-step-cdcl_W-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart unfolding full-def by blast
  moreover
   consider
       (fw) cdcl_W-merge-restart** S V and conflicting V = None
     \mid (bj) \ T \ U \ \mathbf{where}
       cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
       conflicting V \neq None and
       conflict T U and
       cdcl_W-bj^{**} U V
     using full rtrancl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-true-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart confl lev unfolding full-def
     by meson
   then have cdcl_W-merge-restart** S V
     proof cases
       case fw
       then show ?thesis by fast
     next
       case (bj \ T \ U)
      have no-step cdcl_W-bj V
         using full unfolding full-def by (meson cdcl_W-o.bj other)
       then have full cdcl_W-bj U V
         using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} U V \rangle unfolding full-def by auto
       then have cdcl_W-merge-restart T V
         using \langle conflict \ T \ U \rangle \ cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-conflict by blast
       then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T \rangle by auto
     qed
 ultimately show full cdcl_W-merge-restart S V unfolding full-def by fast
qed
lemma init-state-true-full-cdcl_W-iff-full-cdcl_W-merge:
 shows full cdcl_W (init-state N) V \longleftrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-merge-restart (init-state N) V
 by (rule conflicting-true-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-iff-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge) auto
```

19.5 FW with strategy

19.5.1 The intermediate step

```
inductive cdcl_W - s' :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where conflict': full1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - s' \ S \ S' \mid decide': decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow no-step \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S' \ S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - s' \ S \ S'' \mid bj': full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow no-step \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S' \ S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - s' \ S \ S''
```

```
inductive-cases cdcl_W-s'E: cdcl_W-s' S T
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  cdcl_W-bj^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-cp S' S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S''
proof (induction rule: converse-rtranclp-induct)
 case base
  then show ?case by (metis cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' full-unfold rtranclp.simps)
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(2) and bj = this(1) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
   using bj by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
 consider
     (U) U = S'
    | (U') U' where cdcl_W-bj U U' and cdcl_W-bj** U' S'
   using st by (metis converse-rtranclpE)
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case U
     then show ?thesis
       using \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp | T \rangle cdcl_W\text{-}o.bj | local.bj | other' | step.prems | by | (meson r-into-rtranclp)
   next
     case U' note U' = this(1)
     have no-step cdcl_W-cp U
       using U' by (fastforce\ simp:\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj.simps)
     then have full cdcl_W-cp U U
       by (simp add: full-unfold)
     then have cdcl_W-stgy T U
       using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ T \rangle\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.simps\ local.bj\ cdcl_W\text{-}o.bj\ \mathbf{by}\ meson
     then show ?thesis using IH by auto
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy:
  cdcl_W-s' S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-stgy** S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'.induct)
   apply (auto intro: cdcl_W-stgy.intros)[]
  apply (meson decide other' r-into-rtranclp)
 by (metis\ full1-def\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W-stqy\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation:
 assumes
   full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U and
   cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T' and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   no-step cdcl_W-bj T'
  shows full cdcl_W-cp T' U
   \vee (\exists U' U''. full \ cdcl_W - cp \ T' \ U'' \land full \ cdcl_W - bj \ U \ U' \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ U' \ U'' \land \ cdcl_W - s'^** \ U \ U'')
 using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by blast
 case (step T' T'') note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4,5)] and
```

full = this(4) and inv = this(5)

have $cdcl_W^{**}$ T T''

```
by (metis (no-types, lifting) cdcl_W-o.bj local.bj mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W T T''] other
      st rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
  then have inv-T'': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T''
    using inv \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T''
    using local.bj st by auto
  have full1 cdcl_W-bj T T''
    by (metis \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ full 1-def \ step.prems(3))
  then have T = U
    proof
      obtain Z where cdcl_W-bj T Z
          by (meson\ tranclpD\ \langle cdcl_W\ -bj^{++}\ T\ T''\rangle)
      { assume cdcl_W - cp^{++} T U
        then obtain Z' where cdcl_W-cp T Z'
          by (meson\ tranclpD)
       then have False
          using \langle cdcl_W - bj \mid T \mid Z \rangle by (fastforce \ simp: \ cdcl_W - bj.simps \ cdcl_W - cp.simps)
      then show ?thesis
        using full unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
  obtain U'' where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T''\ U''
    using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv-T'' by blast
  moreover then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} U U''
    by (metis \ \langle T = U \rangle \ \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ rtranclp-cdcl_W - bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W - stqy \ rtranclp-unfold)
  moreover have cdcl_W-s'** U U''
    proof -
      obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
       f1: \forall x2. (\exists v3. cdcl_W - cp x2 v3) = cdcl_W - cp x2 (ss x2)
       by moura
      have \neg cdcl_W - cp \ U \ (ss \ U)
       by (meson full full-def)
      then show ?thesis
        using f1 by (metis (no-types) \langle T = U \rangle \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle \ bj' \ calculation(1)
          r-into-rtranclp)
    qed
  ultimately show ?case
    using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ T'' \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W - cp \ T'' \ U'' \rangle unfolding \langle T = U \rangle by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation':
  assumes
    full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U and
    cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T' and
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
    no-step cdcl_W-bj T'
  shows full cdcl_W-cp T' U
    \lor \ (\exists \ U'. \ \mathit{full1} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-bj} \ U \ U' \land \ (\forall \ U''. \ \mathit{full} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-cp} \ U' \ U'' \longrightarrow \mathit{full} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-cp} \ T' \ U''
      \wedge \ cdcl_W - s'^{**} \ U \ U'')
  using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by blast
next
  case (step T' T'') note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4,5)] and
```

```
full = this(4) and inv = this(5)
  have cdcl_W^{**} T T''
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) cdcl_W-o.bj local.bj mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W T T''] other st
      rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
  then have inv-T'': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T''
    using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T''
    using local.bj st by auto
  have full1 cdcl_W-bj T T''
    by (metis \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ full 1-def \ step.prems(3))
  then have T = U
    proof -
      obtain Z where cdcl_W-bj T Z
        by (meson\ tranclpD\ \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++}\ T\ T''\rangle)
      { assume cdcl_W-cp^{++} T U
        then obtain Z' where cdcl_W-cp T Z'
          by (meson\ tranclpD)
        then have False
          using \langle cdcl_W - bj \mid T \mid Z \rangle by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W - bj.simps \mid cdcl_W - cp.simps)
      then show ?thesis
        using full unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
    qed
  \{ \text{ fix } U'' \}
    assume full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T^{\prime\prime}\ U^{\prime\prime}
    moreover then have cdcl_W-stqu^{**} U U^{\prime\prime}
      \textbf{by} \; (\textit{metis} \; \langle T = \textit{U} \rangle \; \langle \textit{cdcl}_W \; \textit{-bj} \; \overset{\leftarrow}{\textbf{+}} \; T \; T'' \rangle \; \textit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W \; \textit{-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl}_W \; \textit{-stgy} \; \textit{rtranclp-unfold})
    moreover have cdcl_W-s^{\prime**} U U^{\prime\prime}
      proof -
        obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
          f1: \forall x2. (\exists v3. cdcl_W - cp x2 v3) = cdcl_W - cp x2 (ss x2)
          by moura
        have \neg cdcl_W-cp U (ss U)
          by (meson \ assms(1) \ full-def)
        then show ?thesis
          using f1 by (metis (no-types) \langle T = U \rangle \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle \ bj' \ calculation(1)
            r-into-rtranclp)
      ged
    ultimately have full cdcl_W-bj U T'' and cdcl_W-s'^{**} T'' U''
      using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W-cp T'' \ U'' \rangle unfolding \langle T = U \rangle
      by (metis \langle full \ cdcl_W \ -cp \ T'' \ U'' \rangle \ cdcl_W \ -s'. simps \ full-unfold \ rtranclp. simps)
    }
  then show ?case
    using \langle full1\ cdcl_W-bj T\ T''\rangle full bj' unfolding \langle T=U\rangle full-def by (metis r-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected:
 assumes cdcl_W-stqy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
    \vee (\exists U'. full1 \ cdcl_W-bj \ U \ U' \land (\forall U''. full \ cdcl_W-cp \ U' \ U'' \longrightarrow cdcl_W-s' \ S \ U''))
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  case (conflict' T)
  then have cdcl_W-s' S T
```

```
using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
  then show ?case
   by blast
next
  case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and n-s = this(2) and full = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 show ?case
   using o
   proof cases
     case decide
     then show ?thesis using cdcl_W-s'.simps full n-s by blast
   next
     case bj
     have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     consider
        (cp) full cdcl_W-cp T U and no-step cdcl_W-bj T
      | (fbj) T' where full cdcl_W-bj TT'
      apply (cases no-step cdcl_W-bj T)
       using full apply blast
      using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of T] inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
      by (metis full-unfold)
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case cp
        then show ?thesis
          proof
            obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
             f1: \forall s \ sa \ sb. \ (\neg full 1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ ssa \lor cdcl_W - cp \ s \ (ss \ s) \lor \neg full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sa \ sb)
               \vee \ cdcl_W \text{-}s' \ s \ sb
             using bj' by moura
            have full1 cdcl_W-bj S T
             by (simp\ add:\ cp(2)\ full1-def\ local.bj\ tranclp.r-into-trancl)
            then show ?thesis
              using f1 full n-s by blast
          qed
      next
        case (fbj U')
        then have full1 cdcl_W-bj S U'
          using bj unfolding full1-def by auto
        moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S
          using n-s by blast
        moreover have T = U
          using full fbj unfolding full1-def full-def rtranclp-unfold
          by (force dest!: tranclpD \ simp: cdcl_W - bj. simps)
        ultimately show ?thesis using cdcl_W-s'.bj'[of S U'] using fbj by blast
      qed
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected':
 assumes cdcl_W\operatorname{-stgy} S\ U and cdcl_W\operatorname{-all-struct-inv} S
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
   \vee (\exists U' U''. cdcl_W - s' S U'' \wedge full cdcl_W - bj U U' \wedge full cdcl_W - cp U' U'')
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
```

```
case (conflict' T)
 then have cdcl_W-s' S T
   using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
 then show ?case
   by blast
next
 case (other' TU) note o = this(1) and n-s = this(2) and full = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 show ?case
   using o
   proof cases
     case decide
     then show ?thesis using cdcl_W-s'.simps full n-s by blast
   \mathbf{next}
     case bj
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     then obtain T' where T': full cdcl_W-bj T T'
      using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form unfolding full-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by metis
     then have full cdcl_W-bj S T'
      proof -
        have f1: cdcl_W - bj^{**} T T' \wedge no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W - bj \ T'
          by (metis (no-types) T' full-def)
        then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T'
          by (meson converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp local.bj)
        then show ?thesis
          using f1 by (simp add: full-def)
      qed
     have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T'
      using T' unfolding full-def by simp
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     then consider
        (T'U) full cdcl_W-cp T' U
      \mid (U) \ U' \ U''  where
          full cdcl_W-cp T' U'' and
          full1 cdcl_W-bj U U' and
          full cdcl_W-cp U' U'' and
          cdcl_W-s'** U U''
      using cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation[OF full <math>\langle cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T'\rangle] T' unfolding full-def
      by blast
     then show ?thesis by (metis T' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.simps full-fullI local.bj n-s)
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-no-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and no-step cdcl_W-bj U
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
 using cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected[OF assms(1,2)] assms(3)
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) full1-def tranclpD)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-connected-to-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W - s'^{**} S U \vee (\exists T. cdcl_W - s'^{**} S T \wedge cdcl_W - bj^{++} T U \wedge conflicting U \neq None)
 using assms(1)
proof induction
```

```
case base
then show ?case by simp
case (step T V) note st = this(1) and o = this(2) and IH = this(3)
from o show ?case
 proof cases
   case conflict'
   then have f2: cdcl_W - s' T V
    using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
   obtain ss :: 'st where
    f3: S = T \lor cdcl_W - stgy^{**} S ss \land cdcl_W - stgy ss T
    by (metis (full-types) rtranclp.simps st)
   obtain ssa :: 'st where
     cdcl_W-cp T ssa
    using conflict' by (metis (no-types) full1-def tranclpD)
   then have S = T
    using f3 by (metis (no-types) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.simps full-def full1-def)
   then show ?thesis
    using f2 by blast
 next
   case (other'\ U) note o=this(1) and n\text{-}s=this(2) and full=this(3)
   then show ?thesis
    using o
    proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-o-rule-cases)
      case decide
      then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
        using IH by auto
      then show ?thesis
       by (meson decide decide' full n-s rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
    next
      case backtrack
      consider
         (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
        |(bj)| S' where cdcl_W-s'^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T and conflicting T \neq None
       using IH by blast
      then show ?thesis
        proof cases
         case s'
         moreover
           have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
             using inv local.step(1) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by auto
           then have full cdcl_W-bj T U
             using backtrack-is-full1-cdcl_W-bj backtrack by blast
           then have cdcl_W-s' T V
            using full bj' n-s by blast
         ultimately show ?thesis by auto
        next
         case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
         have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
           using bj-T by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps dest!: tranclpD)
         moreover
           have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
             using inv local.step(1) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by auto
           then have full cdcl_W-bj T U
             using backtrack-is-full1-cdcl_W-bj backtrack by blast
```

```
then have full1\ cdcl_W-bj S'\ U
        using bj-T unfolding full1-def by fastforce
     ultimately have cdcl_W-s' S' V using full by (simp add: bj')
     then show ?thesis using S-S' by auto
   qed
next
 case skip
 then have [simp]: U = V
   using full converse-rtranclpE unfolding full-def by fastforce
 consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
   |(bj)| S' where cdcl_W-s'^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T and conflicting T \neq None
   using IH by blast
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case s'
     have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T V
      using skip by force
     moreover have conflicting V \neq None
      using skip by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using s' by auto
   next
     case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
     have cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' V
      using skip bj-T by (metis \langle U = V \rangle cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.skip tranclp.simps)
     moreover have conflicting V \neq None
      using skip by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using S-S' by auto
   qed
\mathbf{next}
 case resolve
 then have [simp]: U = V
   using full converse-rtranclpE unfolding full-def by fastforce
 consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
   (bj) S' where cdcl_W-s'** S S' and cdcl_W-bj<sup>++</sup> S' T and conflicting T \neq None
   using IH by blast
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case s'
     have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T V
      using resolve by force
     moreover have conflicting V \neq None
      using resolve by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using s' by auto
     case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
     have cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' V
      using resolve bj-T by (metis \langle U = V \rangle cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.resolve tranclp.simps)
     moreover have conflicting V \neq None
      using resolve by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using S-S' by auto
   qed
```

```
qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma n-step-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl_W-cl-cdcl_W-o:
  assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s' S \longleftrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S \land no-step cdcl_W-o S (is ?S' S \longleftrightarrow ?C S \land ?O S)
proof
  assume ?CS \land ?OS
 then show ?S'S
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps full1-def tranclp-unfold-begin)
next
  assume n-s: ?S' S
 have ?CS
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain S' where cdcl_W-cp S S'
     then obtain T where full1 \ cdcl_W-cp \ S \ T
       using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv by (metis (no-types, lifting) full-unfold)
     then show False using n-s cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
   qed
  moreover have ?OS
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain S' where cdcl_W-o S S'
       by auto
     then obtain T where full cdcl_W-cp S' T
       using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv
       by (meson\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ n-s
         cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step)
     then show False using n-s by (meson \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}o \ S \ S' \rangle \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def
        cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step inv)
   qed
 ultimately show ?C S \land ?O S by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl_W:
   cdcl_W-s' S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-s'.induct)
 case conflict'
  then show ?case
   by (simp add: full1-def tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
next
  case decide'
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-stgy.simps cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W by (meson cdcl_W-o.simps)
  case (bj' Sa S'a S'') note a2 = this(1) and a1 = this(2) and n-s = this(3)
  obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st where
   \forall x0 \ x1 \ x2. \ (\exists \ v3. \ x2 \ x1 \ v3 \ \land \ x2^{**} \ v3 \ x0) = (x2 \ x1 \ (ss \ x0 \ x1 \ x2) \ \land \ x2^{**} \ (ss \ x0 \ x1 \ x2) \ x0)
  then have f3: \forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ss \ sa \ s \ p) \ \land \ p^{**} \ (ss \ sa \ s \ p) \ sa
   by (metis (full-types) tranclpD)
  have cdcl_W-bj^{++} Sa S'a \wedge no-step cdcl_W-bj S'a
```

```
using a2 by (simp add: full1-def)
  then have cdcl_W-bj Sa (ss\ S'a\ Sa\ cdcl_W-bj) \land\ cdcl_W-bj** (ss\ S'a\ Sa\ cdcl_W-bj) S'a
   using f3 by auto
  then show cdcl_W^{++} Sa S"
   using a1 n-s by (meson bj other rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy
      rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
qed
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W<sup>++</sup> S S'
  apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  using cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> apply blast
  by (meson\ cdcl_W - s' - tranclp - cdcl_W\ tranclp - trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
   cdcl_W-s'^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
  using rtranclp-unfold[of\ cdcl_W-s'\ S\ S']\ tranclp-cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl_W[of\ S\ S'] by auto
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-full-cdcl_W-s':
  assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows full cdcl_W-stgy S T \longleftrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-s' S T (is ?S \longleftrightarrow ?S')
proof
  assume ?S'
  then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of\ S\ T] unfolding full-def by blast
  then have inv': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T
   using \langle ?S' \rangle unfolding full-def
     using cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-s' cdcl_W-stgy**] by auto
  then show ?S
   using \langle ?S' \rangle inv' cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' unfolding full-def by blast
  assume ?S
  then have inv-T:cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   by (metis assms full-def rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
  consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
   |(st)|S' where cdcl_W-s'^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T and conflicting T \neq None
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-connected-to-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'[of S T] inv \langle ?S \rangle
   unfolding full-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by blast
  then show ?S'
   proof cases
     case s'
     then show ?thesis
       by (metis \ \langle full \ cdcl_W \ -stgy \ S \ T \rangle \ inv \ -T \ cdcl_W \ -all \ -struct \ -inv \ -def \ cdcl_W \ -s'. simps
         cdcl_W-stqy.conflict' cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stqy-step full-def
         n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o)
   next
     case (st S')
     have full cdcl_W-cp T T
       using option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp st(3) by blast
     moreover
```

```
have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-bj T
         by (metis \langle full \ cdcl_W \text{-}stgy \ S \ T \rangle \ bj \ inv\text{-}T \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def
           cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step full-def)
       then have full1\ cdcl_W-bj S' T
         using st(2) unfolding full1-def by blast
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
        using st(2) by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps)
     ultimately have cdcl_W-s' S' T
       using cdcl_W-s'.bj'[of S' T T] by blast
     then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
       using st(1) by auto
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s' T
       \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{inv-T} \ \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis} \ \langle \mathit{full} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-cp} \ T \ T \rangle \ \langle \mathit{full} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-stgy} \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-all-struct-inv-def}
         cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step full-def n-step-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl_W-cl-cdcl_W-o)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       unfolding full-def by blast
   qed
qed
lemma conflict-step-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
  assumes
    conflict S T
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows \exists T. cdcl_W-stgy S T
proof -
  obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ U
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv assms by blast
  then have full cdcl_W-cp S U
   by (metis\ cdcl_W-cp. conflict'\ assms(1)\ full-unfold)
  then show ?thesis using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.conflict' by blast
qed
lemma decide-step-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
 assumes
    decide S T
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows \exists T. cdcl_W-stqy S T
proof -
  obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by (meson\ assms(1)\ assms(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
     cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv decide other)
  then show ?thesis
   by (metis assms cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' decide full-unfold
      other')
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-Some:
  cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow S = T
  using rtranclpD tranclpD by fastforce
inductive cdcl_W-merge-cp :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict'[intro]: conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj \ T \ U \ \Longrightarrow \ cdcl_W-merge-cp \ S \ U \ |
propagate'[intro]: propagate^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-merge-cp } S S'
```

```
assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-cp S U and
   \bigwedge T. conflict S \ T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T \ U \Longrightarrow P and
   propagate^{++} S U \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps by auto
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge:
  cdcl_W-merge-cp S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-cp.induct)
   using cdcl_W-merge.simps apply auto[1]
  using tranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-merge]\ fw-propagate\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 apply simp
unfolding cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps by (meson cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl<sub>W</sub> fw-r-conflict
  rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-trans tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma full1-cdcl_W-bj-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 full1 cdcl_W-bj S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty option.exhaust full1-def
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj tranclpD)
inductive cdcl_W-s'-without-decide where
conflict'-without-decide[intro]: full1 cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S S'
bj'-without-decide[intro]: full1 cdcl_W-bj S S' \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-cp S' S''
     \implies cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S S''
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S \ T
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
 by (meson\ cdcl_W - s'.simps\ cdcl_W - s'-tranclp-cdcl_W\ cdcl_W - s'-without-decide.simps
   rtranclp-tranclp-tranclp tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
  cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'** S \ T
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step y z) note a2 = this(2) and a1 = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-s' y z
   using a2 by (metis (no-types) bj' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.conflict' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide.cases)
 then show cdcl_W-s'** S z
   using a1 by (meson r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-trans)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide:
   cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V
   conflicting S = None
 shows
```

```
(cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S V)
   \vee (\exists T. \ cdcl_W \text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide^{**} \ S \ T \land propagate^{++} \ T \ V)
   \vee (\exists T \ U. \ cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} \ S \ T \land full 1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ U \land propagate^{**} \ U \ V)
  using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and cp = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 from cp show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-merge-restart-cases)
     case propagate
     then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp-tranclp-tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     case (conflict U') note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2)
     have full1-U-U': full1 cdclw-cp U U'
       by (simp add: conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp local.conflict(1))
         (s') cdcl_W-s'-without-decide^{**} S U
        (propa) T' where cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T' and propagate^{++} T' U
       \mid (\mathit{bj-prop}) \ \mathit{T'} \ \mathit{T''} \ \mathbf{where}
           cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T' and
          full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ T'\ T'' and
          propagate^{**} T'' U
       using IH by blast
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
         case s'
         have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide U U'
         using full1-U-U' conflict'-without-decide by blast
         then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S U'
          using \langle cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S U \rangle by auto
         moreover have U' = V \vee full1 \ cdcl_W-bj U' \ V
           using bj by (meson full-unfold)
         ultimately show ?thesis by blast
       next
         case propa note s' = this(1) and T'-U = this(2)
         have full1 cdcl_W-cp T' U'
           using rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp]\ T'-U\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ full1-U-U'
           rtranclp-full1I[of\ cdcl_W-cp\ T'] by (metis\ (full-types)\ predicate2D\ predicate2I
            tranclp-into-rtranclp)
         have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S U'
          using \langle full1\ cdcl_W-cp T'\ U' \rangle conflict'-without-decide s' by force
         have full1 cdcl_W-bj U' V \vee V = U'
          by (metis (lifting) full-unfold local.bj)
         then show ?thesis
          using \langle cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S U' \rangle by blast
         case bj-prop note s' = this(1) and bj-T' = this(2) and T''-U = this(3)
         have no-step cdcl_W-cp T'
           using bj-T' full1-cdcl_W-bj-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by blast
         moreover have full1\ cdcl_W-cp\ T^{\prime\prime}\ U^{\prime}
           using rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp]\ T''-U\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ full1-U-U'
           rtranclp-full1I[of\ cdcl_W-cp\ T''] by blast
         ultimately have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T' U'
```

```
using bj'-without-decide[of T' T'' U'] bj-T' by (simp add: full-unfold)
        then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S U'
          using s' rtranclp.intros(2)[of - S T' U'] by blast
        then show ?thesis
          by (metis full-unfold local.bj rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
       qed
   \mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{qed}
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-s'-without-decide^{**} S V and
   confl: conflicting S = None
 shows
   (cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} S V \land conflicting V = None)
   \lor (cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ S \ V \land conflicting \ V \neq None \land no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}cp \ V \land no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}bj \ V)
   \vee (\exists T. \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-} cp^{**} \ S \ T \land conflict \ T \ V)
  using assms(1)
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case using confl by auto
next
  case (step\ U\ V) note st=this(1) and s=this(2) and IH=this(3)
 from s show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases)
     case conflict'-without-decide
     then have rt: cdcl_W-cp^{++} U V unfolding full1-def by fast
     then have conflicting U = None
       using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of U V]
       conflict by (auto dest!: tranclpD simp: rtranclp-unfold)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U using IH by auto
     consider
        (propa) propagate^{++} U V
        \mid (confl') \ conflict \ U \ V
        (propa-confl') U' where propagate<sup>++</sup> U U' conflict U' V
       using tranclp-cdclw-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[OF rt] unfolding rtranclp-unfold
       by fastforce
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
        case propa
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp UV
          by auto
        moreover have conflicting V = None
          using propa unfolding translp-unfold-end by auto
        ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U \rangle by force
      next
        case confl'
        then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U by auto
        case propa-confl' note propa = this(1) and confl' = this(2)
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp UU' by auto
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U' using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U \rangle by auto
        then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W \text{-merge-}cp^{**} \mid S \mid U \rangle confl' by auto
       qed
```

```
next
     case (bj'-without-decide U') note full-bj = this(1) and cp = this(3)
     then have conflicting U \neq None
      using full-bj unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdclw-bj.simps)
     with IH obtain T where
      S-T: cdcl_W-merge-cp** S T and T-U: conflict T U
      using full-bj unfolding full1-def by (blast dest: tranclpD)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp T U'
      using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict'[of T U U'] full-bj by (simp add: full-unfold)
     then have S-U': cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U' using S-T by auto
     consider
        (n-s) U' = V
       \mid (propa) \ propagate^{++} \ U' \ V
        (confl') conflict U' V
       (propa-confl') U'' where propagate<sup>++</sup> U' U'' conflict U'' V
      \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{tranclp-cdcl}_W \textit{-}\mathit{cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not} \ \mathit{cp}
      unfolding rtranclp-unfold full-def by metis
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case propa
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U' V by auto
        moreover have conflicting V = None
          using propa unfolding tranclp-unfold-end by auto
        ultimately show ?thesis using S-U' by force
      next
        case confl'
        then show ?thesis using S-U' by auto
      next
        case propa-confl' note propa = this(1) and confl = this(2)
        have cdcl_W-merge-cp U' U'' using propa by auto
        then show ?thesis using S-U' confl by (meson rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
      next
        case n-s
        then show ?thesis
         using S-U' apply (cases conflicting V = None)
          using full-bj apply simp
          by (metis cp full-def full-unfold full-bj)
      qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-s'-no-ste-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   conflicting S = None
   no-step cdcl_W-s' S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 using assms apply (auto simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps)
   using conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp apply blast
 using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv cdcl_W-cp.propagate' by (metis cdcl_W-cp.propagate'
   full-unfold tranclpD)
The no-step decide S is needed, since cdcl_W-merge-cp is cdcl_W-s' without decide.
lemma conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide:
 assumes
```

```
confl: conflicting S = None and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 then obtain T where
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S T
   by auto
 then have inv-T: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S T]
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv inv by blast
 from cdcl_W show False
   proof cases
     case conflict'-without-decide
     have no-step propagate S
      using n-s by blast
     then have conflict S T
      \mathbf{using}\ local.conflict'\ tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of\ S\ T]
      unfolding full1-def by (metis full1-def local.conflict'-without-decide rtranclp-unfold
        tranclp-unfold-begin)
     moreover
      then obtain T' where full\ cdcl_W-bj\ T\ T'
        using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form inv-T by blast
     ultimately show False using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' n-s by meson
   next
     case (bj'-without-decide S')
     then show ?thesis
      using confl unfolding full1-def by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps dest: tranclpD)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma\ conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain T where cdcl_W-merge-cp S T
   by auto
 then show False
   proof cases
     case (conflict' S')
     then show False using n-s conflict'-without-decide conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp by blast
   next
     case propagate'
     moreover
      have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
        using inv by (meson local.propagate' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv
          rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-into-rtranclp)
      then obtain U where full cdcl_W-cp T U
        using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by auto
     ultimately have full 1 \ cdcl_W-cp \ S \ U
      using tranclp-full-full1I[of cdcl_W-cp S T U] cdcl_W-cp.propagate'
```

```
tranclp-mono[of propagate cdcl_W-cp] by blast
     then show False using conflict'-without-decide n-s by blast
   qed
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
 no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv \ S \Longrightarrow no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ S
 using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF cdcl_W.conflict, of S]
 by (metis\ cdcl_W - cp. cases\ cdcl_W - merge-cp. simps\ tranclp.intros(1))
lemma conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes
   conflicting S = None  and
   cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
 using assms(2,1) by (induction)
 (fast force\ simp:\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps full-def tranclp-unfold-end cdcl_W-bj.simps)+
lemma conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode:
 assumes
   confl: conflicting S = None and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ V\longleftrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V\ (\mathbf{is}\ ?fw\longleftrightarrow ?s')
proof
 assume ?fw
 then have st: cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V and n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
   unfolding full-def by blast+
 have inv-V: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S V] \langle ?fw \rangle unfolding full-def
   by (simp add: inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)
 consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'-without-decide^{**} S V
   | (propa) T  where cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T  and propagate^{++} T V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide confl st n-s by metis
 then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S V
   proof cases
     case s'
     then show ?thesis.
     case propa note s' = this(1) and propa = this(2)
     have no-step cdcl_W-cp V
      using no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp n-s inv-V
      unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
     then have full1\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ V
      using propa translp-mono of propagate cdcl_W-cp] cdcl_W-cp.propagate' unfolding full1-def
      by blast
     then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T V
      using conflict'-without-decide by blast
     then show ?thesis using s' by auto
     case by note s' = this(1) and bj = this(2) and propa = this(3)
     have no-step cdcl_W-cp V
      using no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp n-s inv-V
```

```
unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
      then have full cdcl_W-cp U V
       using propa rtranclp-mono of propagate cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp] cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.propagate' unfolding full-def
       by blast
      moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
        using bj unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp:cdclw-bj.simps)
      ultimately have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T V
        using bj'-without-decide[of T U V] bj by blast
      then show ?thesis using s' by auto
   qed
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide V
   proof (cases conflicting V = None)
      {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
      { fix ss :: 'st
       have ff1: \forall s \ sa. \ \neg \ cdcl_W - s' \ s \ sa \ \lor \ full1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \ sa
         \vee (\exists sb. \ decide \ s \ sb \land no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ sb \ sa)
         \vee (\exists sb. full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ s \ sb \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sb \ sa)
         by (metis\ cdcl_W - s'.cases)
       have ff2: (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ full1 \ p \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor p^{++} \ s \ sa \land no\text{-step} \ p \ sa)
         \land (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ (\neg p^{++} \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor (\exists s. \ p \ sa \ s)) \lor full1 \ p \ sa)
         by (meson full1-def)
       obtain ssa :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
         ff3: \forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ssa \ p \ s \ sa) \ \land \ p^{**} \ (ssa \ p \ s \ sa) \ sa
         by (metis (no-types) tranclpD)
       then have a3: \neg cdcl_W - cp^{++} V ss
         using False by (metis option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp full-def)
       have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - bj^{++} V s
         using ff3 False by (metis confl st
            conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj)
       then have \neg cdcl_W-s'-without-decide V ss
         using ff1 a3 ff2 by (metis cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases)
      then show ?thesis
       by fastforce
     \mathbf{next}
       \mathbf{case} \ \mathit{True}
       then show ?thesis
         using conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide n-s inv-V
         unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
   qed
  ultimately show ?s' unfolding full-def by blast
next
  assume s': ?s'
  then have st: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S V and n-s: no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide V
   unfolding full-def by auto
  then have cdcl_W^{**} S V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> st by blast
  then have inv-V: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv V using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  then have n-s-cp-V: no-step cdcl_W-cp V
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv[of V] full-fullI[of cdcl_W-cp V] n-s
   conflict'-without-decide conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp
   no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by presburger
  have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   proof (rule ccontr)
```

```
assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain W where W: cdcl_W-bj V W by blast
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W
      using W \ cdcl_W.simps \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv \ inv-V \ by \ blast
     then obtain W' where full cdcl_W-bj V W'
      using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of W] full-fullI[of cdcl_W-bj V W] W
      unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
      by blast
     moreover
      then have cdcl_W^{++} V W'
        using tranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-bj\ cdcl_W]\ cdcl_W.other\ cdcl_W-o.bj\ unfolding\ full1-def\ by\ blast
      then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W'
        by (meson\ inv-V\ rtranclp-cdcl_W\ -all-struct-inv-inv\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
      then obtain X where full cdcl_W-cp W'X
        using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by blast
     ultimately show False
      using bj'-without-decide n-s-cp-V n-s by blast
   qed
  from s' consider
     (cp-true) cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V and conflicting V = None
   |(cp\text{-}false)| cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V and conflicting V \neq None and no-step cdcl_W-cp V and
        no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   | (cp\text{-}confl) \ T \ \text{where} \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ S \ T \ conflict \ T \ V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp[of\ S\ V]\ confl
   unfolding full-def by meson
  then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V
   proof cases
     case cp\text{-}confl note S\text{-}T = this(1) and conf\text{-}V = this(2)
     have full cdcl_W-bj V
      using conf-V n-s-bj unfolding full-def by fast
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
      using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' conf-V by auto
     then show ?thesis using S-T by auto
   qed fast+
  moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S V using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
     using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
   then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
     using conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp s'
     unfolding full-def by blast
 ultimately show ?fw unfolding full-def by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decode}:
 assumes
   confl: conflicting S = None and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ V\longleftrightarrow full1\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V
proof -
 have full cdcl_W-merge-cp S V = full cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S V
   using conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode inv
   by blast
  then show ?thesis unfolding full-unfold full1-def
```

```
by (metis (mono-tags) tranclp-unfold-begin)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}imp\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decode}:
 assumes
   fw: full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp S V and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   full1 cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S V
proof
 have conflicting S = None
   using fw unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclpD simp: cdclw-merge-cp.simps)
 then show ?thesis
   using conflicting-true-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-iff-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decode fw inv by blast
qed
inductive cdcl_W-merge-stgy where
fw-s-cp[intro]: full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-stgy S\ T |
fw-s-decide[intro]: decide S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-merge-cp T U
 \implies cdcl_W-merge-stgy S \ U
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge:
  assumes fw: cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T
 shows cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T
proof -
 \{  fix S T
   assume full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp \ S \ T
   then have cdcl_W-merge^{++} S T
     using tranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-cp\ cdcl_W-merge^{++}]\ cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge
     unfolding full1-def
     by auto
  } note full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl_W-merge = this
 show ?thesis
   using fw
   apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.induct)
     using full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl_W-merge apply simp
   unfolding full-unfold by (auto dest!: full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge fw-decide)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes fw: cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T
 shows cdcl_W-merge** S T
 using fw cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-merge-stgy cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup>]
  unfolding tranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.induct)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full1-def
   apply (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\ cdcl_W\text{-}o.decide\ cdcl_W.other\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ full\text{-}def
 by (meson r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stgy-cases[consumes 1, case-names fw-s-cp fw-s-decide]:
  assumes
    cdcl_W-merge-stgy S U
   full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ U \Longrightarrow P
   \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-merge-cp T U \Longrightarrow P
 shows P
 using assms by (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps)
inductive cdcl_W-s'-w :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict': full1\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'-w S\ S'
decide': decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow no-step \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide \ S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide \ S' \ S''
  \implies cdcl_W - s' - w \ S \ S''
lemma cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'-w S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-w.induct)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full1-def
   apply (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full-def
 by (meson decide other rtranclp-into-tranclp2 tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'-w** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
  using rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-s'-w cdcl_W^{**}] cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W by auto
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide:
  assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S and conflicting <math>S = None and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 by (metis\ assms\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.propagate'\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart\text{-}cases\ tranclpD}
   conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide)
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart:
  assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S and conflicting <math>S = None
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
  by (metis\ assms(1)\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.propagate'\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge-restart-cases\ tranclpD)
lemma after-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S T
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp T
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.induct) (auto simp: full1-def full-def)
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp}:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S
  by (simp\ add:\ conflicting\ -true-no\ -step\ -s'\ -without\ -decide\ -no\ -step\ -cdcl_W\ -merge\ -cp
   no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
lemma after-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-w S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-w.induct)
 case conflict'
  then show ?case
   by (auto simp: full1-def tranclp-unfold-end after-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-cp)
```

using $rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W\$ by auto

```
next
 case (decide' \ S \ T \ U)
 moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S U
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W [of T U] cdcl_W.other[of S T]
     cdcl_W-o. decide unfolding full-def by auto
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
     using decide'.prems\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ by blast
 ultimately show ?case
   using no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-w^{**} S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step \ T \ U)
 moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S U] assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.hyps(1) by blast
  ultimately show ?case using after-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-w-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq:
 assumes cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step \ T \ U)
 moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W [of S U] assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.hyps(1)
   by (meson\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
  ultimately show ?case
   using after-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (metis\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -def\ cdcl_W\ -merge\ -stgy. simps\ full1\ -def\ full\ -def
     no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp.intros(1) tranclp-into-rtranclp)
qed
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
  then obtain T where S-T: cdcl_W-bj S T
   by auto
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
```

```
using S-T cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv other by blast
    then obtain T' where full1 \ cdcl_W-bj \ S \ T'
       using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of T] full-fullI S-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
       by metis
    moreover
       then have cdcl_W^{**} S T'
            using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-bj\ cdcl_W]\ cdcl_W.other\ cdcl_W-o.bj\ tranclp-into-rtranclp[of\ cdcl_W-bj]
            {f unfolding}\ full 1-def {f by}\ (metis\ (full-types) predicate 2D\ predicate 2I)
       then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T'
            using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
       then obtain U where full cdcl_W-cp T' U
            using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by blast
    moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S
       using S-T by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
    ultimately show False
    using assms cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.intros(2)[of S T' U] by fast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
    assumes cdcl_W-s'-w S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
    shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
    using assms apply induction
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
       no-step-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-bj unfolding full1-def
       apply (meson tranclp-into-rtranclp)
    using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
        no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj} unfolding full-def
    by (meson\ cdcl_W - merge-restart - cdcl_W\ fw-r-decide)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj-or-eq:
    assumes cdcl_W-s'-w** S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
    shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-bj } T
    using assms apply induction
       apply simp
    \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}w\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
        cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by meson
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-no-step-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-decomp-into-cdcl_W-merge:
    assumes
        cdcl_W-s'** R V and
        conflicting R = None  and
       inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
    shows (cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V \land conflicting \ V = None)
    \lor (cdcl_W \text{-merge-stgy}^{**} R \ V \land conflicting \ V \neq None \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W \text{-bj} \ V)
    \vee (\exists S \ T \ U. \ cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ S \land no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \land decide \ S \ T
       \land cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T U \land conflict U V)
    \vee (\exists S \ T. \ cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ S \ \land \ no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \ \land \ decide \ S \ T
        \land \ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} \ T \ V
            \land conflicting V = None)
    \lor (cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ V \land conflicting \ V = None)
    \vee (\exists U. \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-} cp^{**} \ R \ U \land conflict \ U \ V)
    using assms(1,2)
proof induction
    case base
    then show ?case by simp
```

```
next
    case (step V W) note st = this(1) and s' = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)] and
    from s'
    show ?case
        proof cases
            case conflict'
            consider
                    (s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
                \mid (dec\text{-}confl) \mid S \mid T \mid U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \mid R \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}st
                         decide\ S\ T\ and\ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**}\ T\ U\ and\ conflict\ U\ V
                | (dec) S T where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S and decide S T
                        and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
                    (cp) \ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} \ R \ V
                 | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
                using IH by meson
            then show ?thesis
                proof cases
                next
                    case s'
                    then have R = V
                        by (metis full1-def inv local.conflict' translp-unfold-begin
                             rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
                    consider
                             (V-W) V = W
                         | (propa) propagate^{++} V W  and conflicting W = None
                         | (propa-confl) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
                        using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] conflict'
                        unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
                    then show ?thesis
                        proof cases
                            case V-W
                            then show ?thesis using \langle R = V \rangle n-s-R by simp
                        next
                            case propa
                            then show ?thesis using \langle R = V \rangle by auto
                        next
                            case propa-confl
                            moreover
                                 then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V V'
                                     by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' r-into-rtranclp)
                             ultimately show ?thesis using s' \langle R = V \rangle by blast
                        qed
                next
                    case dec\text{-}confl note - = this(5)
                    then have False using conflict' unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclpD)
                    then show ?thesis by fast
                next
                    case dec note T-V = this(4)
                    consider
                              (propa) propagate^{++} V W and conflicting W = None
                         (propa-confl) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
                        using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of\ V\ W]\ conflict'
                         unfolding full1-def by meson
                    then show ?thesis
```

```
proof cases
                   case propa
                   then show ?thesis
                        by (meson T-V cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' dec rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
                next
                   case propa-confl
                   then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V'
                        using T-V by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp.simps)
                   then show ?thesis using dec propa-confl(2) by metis
               qed
       next
            case cp
            consider
                    (propa) \ propagate^{++} \ V \ W \ and \ conflicting \ W = None
                | (propa-conft) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
               using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] conflict'
                unfolding full1-def by meson
            then show ?thesis
                proof cases
                    case propa
                    then show ?thesis by (meson\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' cp rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
                next
                   case propa-confl
                   then show ?thesis
                        using propa-confl(2) by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate'
                            cp rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
               qed
       \mathbf{next}
            case cp-confl
            then show ?thesis using conflict' unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD)
        qed
next
    case (decide' \ V')
    then have conf-V: conflicting V = None
       by auto
    consider
          (s') cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R V
        \mid (dec\text{-}confl) \mid S \mid T \mid U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stqy^{**} \mid R \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}st
                decide\ S\ T\ {\bf and}\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}merge\mbox{-}cp^{**}\ T\ U\ {\bf and}\ conflict\ U\ V
       (dec) S T where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S and decide S T
                  and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
        |(cp)| cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R V
        | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
        using IH by meson
    then show ?thesis
        proof cases
            case s'
            have confl-V': conflicting V' = None using decide'(1) by auto
            have full: full1 cdcl_W-cp\ V'\ W \lor (V' = W \land no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W-cp\ W)
                using decide'(3) unfolding full-unfold by blast
            consider
                    (V'-W) V'=W
                   (propa) propagate^{++} V' W and conflicting W = None
                | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
                using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] decide'
```

```
by (metis \( full1 \) cdcl_W-cp \( V' \) W \\ V' = W \\ \( no\)-step \( cdcl_W-cp \) W \\ full1-def
    tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not)
then show ?thesis
 proof cases
   case V'-W
   then show ?thesis
     using confl-V' local.decide'(1,2) s' conf-V
     no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart[of\ V]\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
 next
   case propa
   then show ?thesis using local.decide'(1,2) s' by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.simps conf-V
     no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart r-into-rtranclp)
 next
   case propa-confl
   then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
     by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' r-into-rtranclp)
   then show ?thesis
     using local.decide'(1,2) propa-confl(2) s' conf-V
     no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart
     by metis
 qed
case (dec) note s' = this(1) and dec = this(2) and cp = this(3) and ns-cp-T = this(4)
have full cdcl_W-merge-cp \ T \ V
  unfolding full-def by (simp add: conf-V local.decide'(2)
   no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart\ ns\text{-}cp\text{-}T)
moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
  by (simp add: conf-V local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart)
moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 by (metis dec)
ultimately have cdcl_W-merge-stgy S V
  using cp by blast
then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V using s' by auto
consider
    (V'-W) V'=W
  | (propa) propagate^{++} V' W  and conflicting W = None
   (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
  using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V'W] decide'
  {f unfolding}\ full-unfold\ full 1-def {f by}\ meson
then show ?thesis
 proof cases
   case V'-W
   moreover have conflicting V' = None
     using decide'(1) by auto
   ultimately show ?thesis
     \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ V \rangle \ decide' \ \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
 next
   case propa
   moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V'W
     by auto
   ultimately show ?thesis
     using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ V \rangle \ decide' \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V \rangle
     by (meson \ r-into-rtranclp)
 next
   case propa-confl
```

```
moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
            by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
          ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V \rangle decide'
             \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ V \rangle\ \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
        qed
   next
      case cp
      have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
        using conf-V local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart by blast
      then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp R V
        unfolding full-def using cp by fast
      then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
        unfolding full-unfold by auto
      have full cdcl_W-cp V'W \lor (V' = W \land no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-cp } W)
        using decide'(3) unfolding full-unfold by blast
      consider
          (V'-W) V'=W
        |(propa)| propagate^{++} V' W  and conflicting W = None
        |\ (\textit{propa-confl})\ V^{\prime\prime}\ \textbf{where}\ \textit{propagate}^{**}\ V^{\prime}\ V^{\prime\prime}\ \textbf{and}\ \textit{conflict}\ V^{\prime\prime}\ W
        using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not [of V'W] decide'
        unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
      then show ?thesis
        proof cases
          case V'-W
          moreover have conflicting V' = None
            using decide'(1) by auto
          ultimately show ?thesis
            \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ V \rangle \ decide' \ \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
        next
          case propa
          moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V'W
            by auto
          ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V \rangle \ decide'
            \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ V \rangle by (meson\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
        next
          case propa-confl
          moreover then have \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{merge\text{-}\mathit{cp}^{**}}\ \mathit{V'}\ \mathit{V''}
            \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{merge-cp.propagate'} \ \mathit{rtranclp-unfold} \ \mathit{tranclp-unfold-end})
          ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V \rangle decide'
            \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ V \rangle\ \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
        qed
    next
      case (dec-confl)
      show ?thesis using conf-V dec-confl(5) by auto
   next
      case cp-confl
      then show ?thesis using decide' apply - by (intro HOL.disjI2) fastforce
  qed
next
  case (bj' \ V')
  then have \neg no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj\ V
    by (auto dest: tranclpD simp: full1-def)
  then consider
```

```
(s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and conflicting V = None
 | (dec-confl) S T U where cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp S and
     decide\ S\ T\ and\ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**}\ T\ U\ and\ conflict\ U\ V
 \mid (dec) \mid S \mid T  where cdcl_W-merge-stqy^{**} \mid R \mid S and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp \mid S and decide \mid S \mid T
     and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
   (cp) cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R V and conflicting V = None
  | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
 using IH by meson
then show ?thesis
 proof cases
   case s' note - = this(2)
   then have False
     using bj'(1) unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
   then show ?thesis by fast
 next
   case dec note - = this(5)
   then have False
     using bj'(1) unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
   then show ?thesis by fast
 next
   case dec-confl
   then have cdcl_W-merge-cp UV'
     using bj' cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros(1)[of U \ V \ V'] by (simp add: full-unfold)
   then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V'
     using dec\text{-}confl(4) by simp
   consider
       (V'-W) V'=W
     | (propa) propagate^{++} V' W  and conflicting W = None
     | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
     using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V'W] bj'(3)
     unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
   then show ?thesis
     proof cases
      case V'-W
      then have no-step cdcl_W-cp V'
        using bi'(3) unfolding full-def by auto
       then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V'
        by (metis cdcl_W-cp.propagate' cdcl_W-merge-cp.cases tranclpD
          no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate(1)
       then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V'
        unfolding full1-def using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle dec-confl(4) by auto
       then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V'
        by (simp add: full-unfold)
       then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy S V'
        using dec\text{-}confl(3) cdcl_W-merge-stgy.fw-s-decide \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W-merge-cp S \rangle by blast
       then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
        using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} R S \rangle by auto
       show ?thesis
        proof cases
          assume conflicting W = None
          then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R\ V' \rangle \langle V' = W \rangle by auto
          assume conflicting W \neq None
          then show ?thesis
            using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R\ V' \rangle\ \langle V' = W \rangle by (metis\ \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U\ V' \rangle
```

```
conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj\ dec-confl(5)
           r-into-rtranclp conflictE)
      qed
   next
     case propa
     moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V'W
      by auto
   rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
   next
     case propa-confl
     moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
      by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
   ultimately show ?thesis by (meson \langle cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} \mid T \mid V' \rangle dec - confl(1-3) rtranclp-trans)
   \mathbf{qed}
next
 case cp note - = this(2)
 then show ?thesis using bj'(1) \langle \neg no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}bj V \rangle
   conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by auto
\mathbf{next}
 case cp-confl
 then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' by (simp add: cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' full-unfold
   local.bj'(1)
 consider
     (V'-W) \ V' = W
   (propa) propagate^{++} V' W and conflicting W = None
   | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not [of V'W] by
   unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case V'-W
     show ?thesis
      proof cases
        assume conflicting V' = None
        then show ?thesis
          using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle cp-confl(1) by force
      next
        assume confl: conflicting V' \neq None
        then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V'
          by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps full1-def full-def
           cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps dest!: tranclpD)
        have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V'
          using confl by (auto simp: full1-def full-def cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps
          dest!: tranclpD)
        moreover have cdcl_W-merge-cp U W
          using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle by blast
        ultimately have full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp R V'
          using cp\text{-}confl(1) V'\text{-}W unfolding full 1\text{-}def by auto
        then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V'
        moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V'
          using confl \ (no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V') by (auto \ simp: \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy.simps
           full1-def dest!: tranclpD)
```

```
ultimately have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V' by auto
               show ?thesis by (metis V'-W \land cdcl_W-merge-cp U \land V' \land cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \land V' \land
                conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj\ cp-confl(1)
                rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl step.prems)
             qed
         next
           case propa
           moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V' W
             by auto
           ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U \ V' \rangle cp-confl(1) by force
          next
           case propa-confl
           moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
             by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
           ultimately show ?thesis
             using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U|V'\rangle cp-confl(1) by (metis rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl
               rtranclp-trans)
          qed
      qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes
   dec: decide S T and
   cdcl_W-s'** T U and
   n-s-S: no-step cdcl_W-cp S and
   no-step cdcl_W-cp U
 shows cdcl_W-s'^{**} S U
 using assms(2,4)
proof induction
 case (step U(V)) note st = this(1) and s' = this(2) and IH = this(3) and n-s = this(4)
 consider
     (TU) T = U
   | (s'-st) T' where cdcl_W-s' T T' and cdcl_W-s'^{**} T' U
   using st[unfolded rtranclp-unfold] by (auto dest!: tranclpD)
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case TU
     then show ?thesis
      proof -
        assume a1: T = U
        then have f2: cdcl_W - s' T V
          using s' by force
        obtain ss :: 'st where
          cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T \lor cdcl_W-cp T ss
          using a1 step.IH by blast
        then show ?thesis
          using f2 by (metis (full-types) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.decide' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'E dec full1-is-full n-s-S
           rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
      qed
     case (s'-st T') note s'-T' = this(1) and st = this(2)
     have cdcl_W-s'** S T'
      using s'-T'
```

```
proof cases
         case conflict'
         then have cdcl_W-s' S T'
            using dec cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.decide' n-s-S by (simp add: full-unfold)
         then show ?thesis
            using st by auto
       next
         case (decide' T'')
         then have cdcl_W-s' S T
            using dec\ cdcl_W-s'.decide'\ n-s-S by (simp\ add:\ full-unfold)
         then show ?thesis using decide' s'-T' by auto
       next
         case bj'
         then have False
           using dec unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps)
         then show ?thesis by fast
     then show ?thesis using s' st by auto
   qed
\mathbf{next}
  case base
 then have full cdcl_W-cp T T
   by (simp add: full-unfold)
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-s'.simps dec n-s-S by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows cdcl_W-s'** R V
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 \mathbf{case}\ base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step S T) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-styy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st by blast
  from fw show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy-cases)
     case fw-s-cp
     then show ?thesis
       proof
         assume a1: full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ T
         obtain ss :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
           f2: \bigwedge p \ s \ sa \ pa \ sb \ sc \ sd \ pb \ se \ sf. \ (\neg full 1 \ p \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor p^{++} \ s \ sa)
             \land (\neg pa \ (sb::'st) \ sc \lor \neg full1 \ pa \ sd \ sb) \land (\neg pb^{++} \ se \ sf \lor pb \ sf \ (ss \ pb \ sf)
             \vee full1 pb se sf)
           by (metis (no-types) full1-def)
         then have f3: cdcl_W-merge-cp^{++} S T
           using a1 by auto
         obtain ssa :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
           f_4: \bigwedge p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ssa \ p \ s \ sa)
```

```
by (meson tranclp-unfold-begin)
         then have f5: \Lambda s. \neg full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp s S
           using f3 f2 by (metis (full-types))
         have \bigwedge s. \neg full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp s\ S
           using f4 f3 by (meson full-def)
         then have S = R
           using f5 by (metis (no-types) cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps rtranclp-unfold st
             tranclp-unfold-end)
         then show ?thesis
           using f2 a1 by (metis\ (no-types)\ \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv\ S \rangle
             conflicting-true-full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-imp-full1-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode
             rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s' rtranclp-unfold)
       qed
   next
     case (fw-s-decide S') note dec = this(1) and n-S = this(2) and full = this(3)
     moreover then have conflicting S' = None
       by auto
     ultimately have full cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S' T
       by (meson \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv \ S \rangle \ cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}restart\text{-}cdcl_W \ fw\text{-}r\text{-}decide}
         rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
         conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode)
     then have a1: cdcl_W - s'^{**} S' T
       unfolding full-def by (metis (full-types)rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s')
     have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T
       using fw by blast
     then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
       using decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s' a1 by (metis \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \rangle dec
         n-S no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
         rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
     then show ?thesis using IH by auto
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
  assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
  st: cdcl_W-merge-stgy^{**} R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses R) and
  R: trail R = []
  shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[OF invR - dist R]
  invR st rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-s'\ cdcl_W-stqy^{**}]\ cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy
  by (auto dest!: cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s')
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy:
  assumes
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and s': no-step cdcl_W-s' R
  \mathbf{shows}\ no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy\ R
proof -
  { fix ss :: 'st
   obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
     ff1: \land s sa. \neg cdcl_W-merge-stgy s sa \lor full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp s sa \lor decide s (ssa s sa)
     using cdcl_W-merge-stgy.cases by moura
   obtain ssb :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
     ff2: \bigwedge p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \lor p \ s \ (ssb \ p \ s \ sa)
     \mathbf{by} \ (meson \ tranclp	ext{-}unfold	ext{-}begin)
```

```
obtain ssc :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
     ff3: \bigwedge s sa sb. (\neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv <math>s \lor \neg cdcl_W - cp \ s \ sa \lor cdcl_W - s' \ s \ (ssc \ s))
       \land (\neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ s \lor \neg cdcl_W - o \ s \ sb \lor cdcl_W - s' \ s \ (ssc \ s))
     using n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o by moura
   then have ff_4: \Lambda s. \neg cdcl_W - o R s
     using s' inv by blast
   have ff5: \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - cp^{++} R s
     using ff3 ff2 s' by (metis inv)
   have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - bj^{++} R s
     using ff4 ff2 by (metis \ bj)
   then have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W-s'-without-decide R s
     using ff5 by (simp add: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.simps full1-def)
   then have \neg cdcl_W-s'-without-decide<sup>++</sup> R ss
     using ff2 by blast
   then have \neg cdcl_W-merge-stgy R ss
     using ff4 ff1 by (metis (full-types) decide full1-def inv
       conflicting-true-full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-imp-full1-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode) }
  then show ?thesis
   by fastforce
\mathbf{qed}
lemma wf-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
  wf\{(T, S). \ cdcl_W \text{-all-struct-inv } S \land cdcl_W \text{-merge-cp } S \ T\}
 using wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge by (rule wf-subset) (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge)
lemma wf-cdcl_W-merge-stgy:
  wf\{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \land cdcl_W - merge - stgy \ S \ T\}
 using wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge by (rule wf-subset)
  (auto simp add: cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 obtains S where full cdcl_W-merge-cp R S
proof
  obtain S where full (\lambda S T. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge-cp S T) R S
   using wf-exists-normal-form-full[OF wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp] by blast
 then have
   st: (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \land cdcl_W-merge-cp S \ T)^{**} \ R \ S and
   n-s: no-step (\lambda S T. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge-cp S T) S
   unfolding full-def by blast+
  have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R S
   using st by induction auto
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
     using st inv
     apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
       apply simp
     by (meson\ r-into-rtranclp\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
   then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
     using n-s by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using that unfolding full-def by blast
qed
```

```
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   confl: conflicting R = None and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy R
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s' R
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain S where cdcl_W-s' R S by auto
 then show False
   proof cases
     case conflict'
     then obtain S' where full cdcl_W-merge-cp R S'
      by (metis\ (full-types)\ cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.simps\ confl
        conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide full-def full-unfold inv
        cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
     then show False using n-s by blast
     case (decide' R')
     then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R'
      using inv cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W.other cdcl_W-o.decide by meson
     then obtain R'' where full cdcl_W-merge-cp R' R''
      using cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form by blast
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp R
      by (simp add: conft local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart)
     ultimately show False using n-s cdcl_W-merge-stqy.intros local.decide'(1) by blast
   next
     case (bj' R')
     then show False
      using confl no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide inv
      unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes conflicting R = None and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
 using assms conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes confl: conflicting R = None and cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
 using assms(2)
proof induction
 \mathbf{case}\ base
 then show ?case
   using confl by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
 case (step S T) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have confl-S: conflicting S = None
   using fw apply cases
   by (auto simp: full1-def cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps dest!: tranclpD)
 from fw show ?case
   proof cases
     case fw-s-cp
```

```
then show ?thesis
         using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj confl-S
         by (simp add: full1-def tranclp-into-rtranclp)
    next
       case (fw-s-decide S')
       moreover then have conflicting S' = None by auto
       ultimately show ?thesis
         using conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj
         unfolding full-def by meson
    qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  assumes
    conflicting R = None  and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
  shows full cdcl_W-s' R V \longleftrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V (is ?s' \longleftrightarrow ?fw)
  assume ?s'
  then have cdcl_W-s'** R V unfolding full-def by blast
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
    \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}s'^{**} \ R \ V \rangle \ inv \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}s'\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W}
    by blast
  then have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V
    using no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'-no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W-merge\text{-}stqy by (meson \land full \ cdcl_W\text{-}s' \ R \ V) \ full\text{-}def)
  have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
    by (metis \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ V \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W - s' \ R \ V \rangle \ bj \ full - def
       n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o)
  have n-s-cp: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
    proof -
       { fix ss :: 'st
         obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
           ff1: \forall s. \neg cdcl_W-all-struct-inv s \lor cdcl_W-s'-without-decide s (ssa s)
              \vee no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp s
           using conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp by moura
         have (\forall p \ s \ sa. \neg full \ p \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor p^{**} \ s \ sa \land no\text{-step} \ p \ sa) and
           (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ (\neg p^{**} \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor (\exists s. \ p \ sa \ s)) \lor full \ p \ s \ sa)
           by (meson full-def)+
         then have \neg cdcl_W-merge-cp V ss
           \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{ff1} \ \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis} \ (\mathit{no-types}) \ \land \mathit{cdcl}_W - \mathit{all-struct-inv} \ V \land \ \mathit{full} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W - \mathit{s'} \ \mathit{R} \ V \land \ \mathit{cdcl}_W - \mathit{s'}. \mathit{simps}
              cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases) }
       then show ?thesis
         \mathbf{by} blast
    qed
  consider
       (fw-no-confl) cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and conflicting V = None
      (fw\text{-}confl) \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ V \ \mathbf{and} \ conflicting \ V \neq None \ \mathbf{and} \ no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}bj \ V
    | \ (\mathit{fw-dec-conft}) \ \mathit{S} \ \mathit{T} \ \mathit{U} \ \mathbf{where} \ \mathit{cdcl}_{\mathit{W}}\text{-}\mathit{merge-stgy}^{**} \ \mathit{R} \ \mathit{S} \ \mathbf{and} \ \mathit{no-step} \ \mathit{cdcl}_{\mathit{W}}\text{-}\mathit{merge-cp} \ \mathit{S} \ \mathbf{and}
         decide \ S \ T \ and \ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} \ T \ U \ and \ conflict \ U \ V
    | (fw-dec-no-confl) S T where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S and
         decide S T and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
    |(cp\text{-}no\text{-}confl)| cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} R V \text{ and } conflicting V = None
    | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
    using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-decomp-into-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge |OF|
       \langle cdcl_W - s'^{**} R \ V \rangle \ assms] by auto
```

```
then show ?fw
   proof cases
     case fw-no-confl
     then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by blast
     case fw-confl
     then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by blast
   next
     case fw-dec-confl
     have cdcl_W-merge-cp U V
       using n-s-bj by (metis cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps full-unfold fw-dec-confl(5))
     then have full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
       unfolding full1-def by (metis fw-dec-confl(4) n-s-cp tranclp-unfold-end)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-stay S V using \langle decide\ S T \rangle \langle no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp\ S \rangle by auto
     then show ?thesis using n-s \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S \rangle unfolding full-def by auto
   next
     case fw-dec-no-confl
     then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
       using n-s-cp unfolding full-def by blast
     then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy S V using \langle decide\ S T \rangle \langle no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp\ S \rangle by auto
     then show ?thesis using n\text{-}s \langle cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} R S \rangle unfolding full-def by auto
   next
     case cp-no-confl
     then have full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp R\ V
      by (simp add: full-def n-s-cp)
     then have R = V \vee cdcl_W-merge-stqy<sup>++</sup> R V
      by (metis (no-types) full-unfold fw-s-cp rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
     then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: full-def n-s rtranclp-unfold)
   next
     case cp-confl
     have full cdcl_W-bj V
       using n-s-bj unfolding full-def by blast
     then have full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp R V
       unfolding full1-def by (meson cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' cp-confl(1,2) n-s-cp
        rtranclp-into-tranclp1)
     then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by auto
   qed
\mathbf{next}
 assume ?fw
  then have cdcl_W^{**} R V using rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-merge-stqy cdcl_W^{**}]
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full-def by auto
  then have inv': cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv V using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 have cdcl_W-s'** R V
   using \langle fw \rangle by (simp add: full-def inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s' V
   proof cases
     assume conflicting V = None
     then show ?thesis
       by (metis inv' \langle full\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy R\ V \rangle full-def
        no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
     assume confl-V: conflicting V \neq None
     then have no-step cdcl_W-bj V
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by (meson \land full \ cdcl_W-merge-stgy R \ V \land V
```

```
assms(1) full-def
           then show ?thesis using confl-V by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps full1-def cdcl_W-cp.simps
               dest!: tranclpD)
       qed
   ultimately show ?s' unfolding full-def by blast
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-full-cdcl_W-merge:
   assumes
       conflicting R = None and
       inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
   \mathbf{shows} \ \mathit{full} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-stgy} \ R \ V \longleftrightarrow \mathit{full} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-merge-stgy} \ R \ V
    \mathbf{by} \ (simp \ add: \ assms(1) \ full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-merge-restart \ full-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_
       inv)
lemma full-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-final-state-conclusive':
   fixes S' :: 'st
   assumes full: full cdcl_W-merge-stgy (init-state N) S'
   and no-d: distinct-mset-mset N
   shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset N))
       \lor (conflicting S' = None \land trail S' \models asm N \land satisfiable (set-mset N))
proof -
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (init-state N)
       using no-d unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
   moreover have conflicting (init-state N) = None
       by auto
   ultimately show ?thesis
       by (simp add: full full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-from-init-state
           full-cdcl_W-stgy-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge no-d)
qed
end
                   Adding Restarts
19.6
locale \ cdcl_W-restart =
    cdcl<sub>W</sub> trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting cons-trail tl-trail
     add-init-cls
     add-learned-cls remove-cls update-backtrack-lvl update-conflicting init-state
     restart-state
        trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits  and
       init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
       learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
       backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
       conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow'v clause option and
       cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
       tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
       add-init-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
       add-learned-cls remove-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
       update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
       update\text{-}conflicting:: 'v\ clause\ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st\ \mathbf{and}
       init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st and
       restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
```

```
fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
assumes f : unbounded f
begin
```

The condition of the differences of cardinality has to be strict. Otherwise, you could be in a strange state, where nothing remains to do, but a restart is done. See the proof of well-foundedness.

```
inductive cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-with-restart where
restart-step:
   (cdcl_W-merge-stqy^{\sim}(card\ (set-mset\ (learned-clss\ T)) - card\ (set-mset\ (learned-clss\ S)))) S T
   \implies card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) - card (set-mset (learned-clss S)) > f n
   \implies restart \ T \ U \implies cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) \ (U, Suc \ n)
restart-full: full1 cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart** (fst S) (fst T)
   by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
   (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge\ tranclp-into-rtranclp
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-trancl
       fw-r-rf cdcl_W-rf.restart
      simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
   cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} (fst S) (fst T)
   by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
   (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W\ cdcl_W.rf
      cdcl_W-rf.restart tranclp-into-rtranclp simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-increasing-number:
   cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow snd T = 1 + snd S
   by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct) auto
lemma full cdcl_W-merge-stay S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
   using restart-full by blast
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-learned-clss-bound:
   assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   shows set-mset (learned-clss S) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-msu (init-clss S))
proof
  \mathbf{fix} \ C
   assume C: C \in set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S)
   have distinct-mset C
     using C inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def distinct-mset-set-def
     by auto
   moreover have \neg tautology C
     using C inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def by auto
   moreover
     have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-msu (learned-clss S)
        using C by auto
     then have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-msu (init-clss S)
     using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def by force
   moreover have finite\ (atms-of-msu\ (init-clss\ S))
     using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
   ultimately show C \in simple-clss (atms-of-msu (init-clss S))
     using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss simple-clss-mono
     by blast
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-init-clss:
  cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv (fst S) \Longrightarrow
  init\text{-}clss\ (fst\ S)=init\text{-}clss\ (fst\ T)
 using cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss by blast
lemma
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (fst \ S) \land cdcl_W - merge - with - restart \ S \ T\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain g where
   g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (g \ i) \ (g \ (Suc \ i)) and
   inv: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst (g\ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
  { fix i
   have init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ i))=init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ 0))
     apply (induction i)
      apply simp
     using g inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (metis cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-init-clss)
   } note init-g = this
 let ?S = q \theta
 have finite (atms-of-msu\ (init-clss\ (fst\ ?S)))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g i) = i + snd (g 0)
   apply (induct-tac i)
     apply simp
   by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add-Suc cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-increasing-number g)
  then have snd-g-\theta: \bigwedge i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd (g i) = i + snd (g \theta)
   by blast
 have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-g
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.le-iff-add)
 obtain k where
   f-g-k: f (snd (g k)) > card (simple-clss (atms-of-msu (init-clss (fst ?S)))) and
   k > card (simple-clss (atms-of-msu (init-clss (fst ?S))))
   using not-bounded-nat-exists-larger[OF unbounded-f-g] by blast
The following does not hold anymore with the non-strict version of cardinality in the definition.
  \{ \text{ fix } i \}
   assume no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy (fst (g\ i))
   with q[of i]
   have False
     proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
       case (\textit{restart-step }T \; S \; n) note H = \textit{this}(1) and c = \textit{this}(2) and n\text{-}s = \textit{this}(4)
       obtain S' where cdcl_W-merge-stay SS'
         using H c by (metis gr-implies-not0 relpowp-E2)
       then show False using n-s by auto
     next
       case (restart-full S T)
       then show False unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclpD)
   } note H = this
  obtain m T where
```

```
m: m = card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ T)) - card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ (g \ k)))) and
   m > f \ (snd \ (g \ k)) and
   restart T (fst (g(k+1))) and
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy: (cdcl_W-merge-stgy \ ^{\frown} m) (fst\ (g\ k)) T
   using g[of k] H[of Suc k] by (force simp: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.simps full1-def)
  have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** (fst (g k)) T
    using cdcl_W-merge-stgy relpowp-imp-rtranclp by metis
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using inv[of k] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   by blast
  moreover have card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss \ T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ (g \ k))))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-msu (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     unfolding m[symmetric] using \langle m > f \ (snd \ (g \ k)) \rangle f-g-k by linarith
   then have card (set-mset (learned-clss T))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-msu (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     by linarith
  moreover
   have init-clss (fst (g k)) = init-clss T
     \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ (fst \ (g \ k)) \ T \rangle \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
   then have init-clss (fst ?S) = init-clss T
     using init-g[of k] by auto
  ultimately show False
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-learned-clss-bound
   by (simp add: \langle finite\ (atms-of-msu\ (init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ 0)))) \rangle simple-clss-finite
      card-mono\ leD)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-distinct-mset-clauses:
  assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst R) and
  st: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart R S and
  dist: distinct\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ (fst \ R)) and
  R: trail (fst R) = []
  shows distinct-mset (clauses (fst S))
  using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction)
  case (restart-full S T)
  then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
  case (restart\text{-}step\ T\ S\ n\ U)
  then have distinct-mset (clauses T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then show ?case using \langle restart \ T \ U \rangle by (metis clauses-restart distinct-mset-union fstI
    mset-le-exists-conv restart.cases state-eq-clauses)
qed
inductive cdcl<sub>W</sub>-with-restart where
restart-step:
  (cdcl_W\text{-stgy}^{\sim}(card\ (set\text{-mset}\ (learned\text{-}clss\ T)) - card\ (set\text{-mset}\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))))\ S\ T\Longrightarrow
     card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss S)) > f n \Longrightarrow
     restart \ T \ U \Longrightarrow
   cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (U, Suc n)
restart-full: full1 cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ (fst \ S) \ (fst \ T)
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct)
 by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp tranclp-into-rtranclp fw-r-rf
    cdcl_W-rf.restart rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W
   simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-increasing-number:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow snd T = 1 + snd S
  by (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct) auto
lemma full1 cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
  using restart-full by blast
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-init-clss:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S T \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv (fst S) \implies init-clss (fst S) = init-clss (fst T)
 using cdcl_W-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss by blast
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (fst \ S) \land cdcl_W - with - restart \ S \ T\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain g where
   g: \Lambda i. \ cdcl_W-with-restart (g \ i) \ (g \ (Suc \ i)) and
   inv: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst (g\ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
  { fix i
   have init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ i))=init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ 0))
     apply (induction i)
       apply simp
     using g inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (metis cdcl_W-with-restart-init-clss)
   \} note init-g = this
 let ?S = g \theta
 have finite (atms-of-msu (init-clss (fst ?S)))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g \ i) = i + snd (g \ \theta)
   apply (induct-tac\ i)
     apply simp
   by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add-Suc cdcl<sub>W</sub>-with-restart-increasing-number q)
  then have snd - g - \theta: \bigwedge i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd(g i) = i + snd(g \theta)
   by blast
 have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-g
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.le-iff-add)
 obtain k where
   f-g-k: f (snd (g k)) > card (simple-clss (atms-of-msu (init-clss (fst ?S)))) and
   k > card (simple-clss (atms-of-msu (init-clss (fst ?S))))
   using not-bounded-nat-exists-larger[OF unbounded-f-g] by blast
The following does not hold anymore with the non-strict version of cardinality in the definition.
  { fix i
   assume no-step cdcl_W-stgy (fst (g i))
   with g[of i]
```

```
have False
     proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct)
       case (restart-step T S n) note H = this(1) and c = this(2) and n-s = this(4)
       obtain S' where cdcl_W-stgy S S'
         using H c by (metis gr-implies-not0 relpowp-E2)
       then show False using n-s by auto
     next
       \mathbf{case}\ (\mathit{restart-full}\ S\ T)
       then show False unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclpD)
     qed
   } note H = this
 obtain m T where
   m: m = card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss (fst <math>(g \ k))))) and
   m > f (snd (g k)) and
   restart T (fst (g(k+1))) and
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy: (cdcl_W-stgy ^{\sim} m) (fst (g \ k)) T
   using g[of k] H[of Suc k] by (force simp: cdcl_W-with-restart.simps full1-def)
  have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (fst (g \ k)) T
   using cdcl_W-merge-stgy relpowp-imp-rtrancly by metis
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using inv[of k] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
  moreover have card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) - card (set-mset (learned-clss (fst (g \ k))))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-msu (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     unfolding m[symmetric] using \langle m > f \ (snd \ (g \ k)) \rangle f-g-k by linarith
   then have card (set-mset (learned-clss T))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-msu (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     by linarith
 moreover
   have init-clss (fst (g k)) = init-clss T
     \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} \ (\textit{fst} \ (\textit{g} \ \textit{k})) \ \textit{T} \rangle \ \textit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W \text{-}stgy \text{-}rtranclp-cdcl}_W \ \textit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W \text{-}init\text{-}clss
     inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
     by blast
   then have init-clss (fst ?S) = init-clss T
     using init-g[of k] by auto
  ultimately show False
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-learned-clss-bound
   by (simp\ add: \langle finite\ (atms-of-msu\ (init-clss\ (fst\ (q\ \theta))))\rangle\ simple-clss-finite
     card-mono\ leD)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst R) and
  st: cdcl_W-with-restart R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses (fst R)) and
  R: trail (fst R) = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses (fst S))
 using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction)
 case (restart-full S T)
 then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
 case (restart-step T S n U)
 then have distinct-mset (clauses T) using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses of S T
   unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
```

```
then show ?case using \langle restart \ T \ U \rangle by (metis\ clauses-restart\ distinct-mset-union\ fstI
   mset-le-exists-conv restart.cases state-eq-clauses)
qed
end
locale luby-sequence =
 fixes ur :: nat
 assumes ur > 0
begin
lemma exists-luby-decomp:
 fixes i :: nat
 shows \exists k :: nat. (2 \hat{k} - 1) \le i \land i < 2 \hat{k} - 1) \lor i = 2 \hat{k} - 1
proof (induction i)
 case \theta
 then show ?case
   by (rule\ exI[of\ -\ 0],\ simp)
  case (Suc\ n)
 then obtain k where 2 \hat{k} (k-1) \leq n \wedge n < 2 \hat{k} - 1 \vee n = 2 \hat{k} - 1
   \mathbf{by} blast
  then consider
     (st\text{-}interv) \ 2 \ \widehat{} \ (k-1) \le n \ \text{and} \ n \le 2 \ \widehat{} \ k-2
   | (end\text{-}interv) 2 \hat{\ } (k-1) \leq n \text{ and } n=2 \hat{\ } k-2
   |(pow2) n = 2^k - 1
   by linarith
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case st-interv
     then show ?thesis apply - apply (rule\ exI[of\ -\ k])
       by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-diff-Suc Suc-lessI
         \langle 2 \cap (k-1) \leq n \wedge n < 2 \cap k-1 \vee n = 2 \cap k-1 \rangle diff-self-eq-0
         dual-order.trans le-SucI le-imp-less-Suc numeral-2-eq-2 one-le-numeral
         one-le-power\ zero-less-numeral\ zero-less-power)
   next
     case end-interv
     then show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - k]) by auto
   next
     then show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - k+1]) by auto
   qed
qed
Luby sequences are defined by:
   • 2^k - 1, if i = (2::'a)^k - (1::'a)
    • luby-sequence-core (i-2^{k-1}+1), if (2::'a)^{k-1} < i and i < (2::'a)^k - (1::'a)
Then the sequence is then scaled by a constant unit run (called ur here), strictly positive.
```

```
function luby-sequence-core :: nat \Rightarrow nat where
luby-sequence-core i =
  (if \exists k. \ i = 2\hat{k} - 1
  then 2^{(SOME k. i = 2^k - 1) - 1)}
  else luby-sequence-core (i-2\widehat{(SOME\ k.\ 2\widehat{(k-1)} \leq i \land i < 2\widehat{(k-1)} - 1) + 1))
```

```
by auto
termination
proof (relation less-than, goal-cases)
 case 1
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (2 i)
 let ?k = (SOME \ k. \ 2 \ \widehat{\ } (k-1) \le i \land i < 2 \ \widehat{\ } k-1)
have 2 \ \widehat{\ } (?k-1) \le i \land i < 2 \ \widehat{\ } ?k-1
   apply (rule some I-ex)
   using 2 exists-luby-decomp by blast
  then show ?case
   proof -
     have \forall n \ na. \ \neg (1::nat) \leq n \lor 1 \leq n \ \widehat{\ } na
       by (meson one-le-power)
     then have f1: (1::nat) \le 2 \ (?k-1)
       using one-le-numeral by blast
     have f2: i - 2 \ (?k - 1) + 2 \ (?k - 1) = i
       using \langle 2 \cap (?k-1) \leq i \wedge i < 2 \cap ?k-1 \rangle le-add-diff-inverse2 by blast
     have f3: 2 \hat{\ }?k - 1 \neq Suc \ 0
       using f1 (2 \ \widehat{\ } (?k-1) \le i \land i < 2 \ \widehat{\ }?k-1) by linarith
     have 2 \hat{\ } ?k - (1::nat) \neq 0
       using \langle 2 \cap (?k-1) \leq i \wedge i < 2 \cap ?k-1 \rangle gr-implies-not0 by blast
     then have f_4: 2 \ \widehat{\ }?k \neq (1::nat)
       by linarith
     have f5: \forall n \ na. \ if \ na = 0 \ then \ (n::nat) \cap na = 1 \ else \ n \cap na = n * n \cap (na - 1)
       by (simp add: power-eq-if)
     then have ?k \neq 0
       using f4 by meson
     then have 2 \cap (?k-1) \neq Suc \ \theta
       \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{f5}\ \mathit{f3}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{presburger}
     then have Suc \ \theta < 2 \ \widehat{\ } (?k-1)
       using f1 by linarith
     then show ?thesis
       using f2 less-than-iff by presburger
   qed
qed
declare luby-sequence-core.simps[simp del]
lemma two-pover-n-eq-two-power-n'-eq:
 assumes H: (2::nat) \hat{\ } (k::nat) - 1 = 2 \hat{\ } k' - 1
 shows k' = k
proof -
 have (2::nat) \hat{\ } (k::nat) = 2 \hat{\ } k'
   using H by (metis One-nat-def Suc-pred zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
  then show ?thesis by simp
qed
lemma\ luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one:
  luby-sequence-core (2\hat{k}-1)=2\hat{k}-1 (is ?L=?K)
proof -
 have decomp: \exists ka. \ 2 \ \hat{k} - 1 = 2 \ \hat{k}a - 1
   by auto
```

```
have ?L = 2^{(SOME k'. (2::nat)^k - 1 = 2^k' - 1) - 1)}
   apply (subst luby-sequence-core.simps, subst decomp)
   by simp
 moreover have (SOME k'. (2::nat) k - 1 = 2k' - 1 = k
   apply (rule some-equality)
     apply simp
     using two-pover-n-eq-two-power-n'-eq by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
qed
lemma different-luby-decomposition-false:
 assumes
   H: 2 \cap (k - Suc \ \theta) \leq i \text{ and }
   k': i < 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \theta and
   k-k': k > k'
 shows False
proof -
 have 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \theta < 2 \hat{k} - Suc \theta
   using k-k' less-eq-Suc-le by auto
 then show ?thesis
   using H k' by linarith
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{luby-sequence-core-not-two-power-minus-one}:
 assumes
   k-i: 2 \cap (k-1) \leq i and
   i-k: i < 2^k - 1
 shows luby-sequence-core i = luby-sequence-core (i - 2 \ (k - 1) + 1)
proof -
 have H: \neg (\exists ka. \ i = 2 \land ka - 1)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain k'::nat where k': i = 2 \hat{k}' - 1 by blast
     have (2::nat) \hat{k}' - 1 < 2 \hat{k} - 1
      using i-k unfolding k'.
     then have (2::nat) \hat{k}' < 2 \hat{k}
      by linarith
     then have k' < k
      by simp
     have 2 \hat{\ } (k-1) \leq 2 \hat{\ } k' - (1::nat)
      using k-i unfolding k'.
     then have (2::nat) \hat{k} (k-1) < 2 \hat{k}'
      by (metis Suc-diff-1 not-le not-less-eq zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
     then have k-1 < k'
      by simp
     show False using \langle k' < k \rangle \langle k-1 < k' \rangle by linarith
 have \bigwedge k \ k'. 2 \ (k - Suc \ 0) \le i \Longrightarrow i < 2 \ k - Suc \ 0 \Longrightarrow 2 \ (k' - Suc \ 0) \le i \Longrightarrow
   i < 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow k = k'
   by (meson different-luby-decomposition-false linorder-neqE-nat)
  then have k: (SOME \ k. \ 2 \ (k - Suc \ \theta) \le i \land i < 2 \ k - Suc \ \theta) = k
   using k-i i-k by auto
 show ?thesis
   apply (subst luby-sequence-core.simps[of i], subst H)
```

```
by (simp \ add: k)
qed
lemma unbounded-luby-sequence-core: unbounded luby-sequence-core
 unfolding bounded-def
proof
 assume \exists b. \forall n. luby-sequence-core n \leq b
 then obtain b where b: \bigwedge n. luby-sequence-core n \leq b
   by metis
 have luby-sequence-core (2^{(b+1)} - 1) = 2^{b}
   using luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one [of b+1] by simp
 moreover have (2::nat)^b > b
   by (induction b) auto
 ultimately show False using b[of 2^{(b+1)} - 1] by linarith
qed
abbreviation luby-sequence :: nat \Rightarrow nat where
luby-sequence n \equiv ur * luby-sequence-core n
lemma bounded-luby-sequence: unbounded luby-sequence
 using bounded-const-product[of ur] luby-sequence-axioms
 luby-sequence-def unbounded-luby-sequence-core by blast
lemma luby-sequence-core 0: luby-sequence-core 0 = 1
proof -
 have \theta: (\theta :: nat) = 2 \hat{\theta} - 1
   by auto
 show ?thesis
   by (subst 0, subst luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one) simp
qed
lemma luby-sequence-core n \geq 1
proof (induction n rule: nat-less-induct-case)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by (simp add: luby-sequence-core-0)
next
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this
 consider
     (interv) k where 2 \ \widehat{} \ (k-1) \le Suc \ n and Suc \ n < 2 \ \widehat{} \ k-1
   |(pow2)| k where Suc n = 2 \hat{k} - Suc \theta
   using exists-luby-decomp[of Suc \ n] by auto
 then show ?case
    proof cases
     case pow2
     show ?thesis
       using luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one pow2 by auto
    next
     {\bf case}\ interv
     have n: Suc \ n - 2 \ \hat{\ } (k - 1) + 1 < Suc \ n
       by (metis Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add.commute add-diff-cancel-left' add-less-mono1 gr0I
         interv(1) interv(2) le-add-diff-inverse2 less-Suc-eq not-le power-0 power-one-right
         power-strict-increasing-iff)
     show ?thesis
```

```
apply (subst luby-sequence-core-not-two-power-minus-one[OF interv])
        using IH n by auto
    qed
qed
end
locale \ luby-sequence-restart =
  luby-sequence ur +
  cdcl<sub>W</sub> trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting cons-trail tl-trail
   add-init-cls
   add-learned-cls remove-cls update-backtrack-lvl update-conflicting init-state
   restart\text{-}state
  for
    ur :: nat  and
   trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lits \ and
   init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
   conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ option \ and
   cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-init-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-learned-cls remove-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   update\text{-}conflicting :: 'v \ clause \ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
   init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st and
   restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
sublocale cdcl_W-restart - - - - - - - luby-sequence
 apply unfold-locales
 using bounded-luby-sequence by blast
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Incremental
imports CDCL-W-Termination
begin
20
        Incremental SAT solving
context cdcl_W
begin
This invariant holds all the invariant related to the strategy. See the structural invariant in
cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
definition cdcl_W-stgy-invariant where
cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S \longleftrightarrow
  conflict-is-false-with-level S
  \land no-clause-is-false S
  \land no-smaller-confl S
```

 \land no-clause-is-false S

```
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-invariant:
 assumes
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy S T and
  inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
  inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   cdcl_W-stqy-invariant T
 unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply standard
   apply (rule cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S])
   using assms unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply auto[7]
 apply standard
   using cdcl_W cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss apply blast
 apply standard
  apply (rule cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv)
  using assms unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply auto[4]
 using cdcl_W cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant:
 assumes
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
  inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
  inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
 using assms apply (induction)
   apply simp
 using cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
 rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
abbreviation decr-bt-lvl where
decr-bt-lvl\ S \equiv update-backtrack-lvl\ (backtrack-lvl\ S - 1)\ S
When we add a new clause, we reduce the trail until we get to the first literal included in C.
Then we can mark the conflict.
fun cut-trail-wrt-clause where
cut-trail-wrt-clause C [] S = S
cut-trail-wrt-clause C (Marked L - \# M) S =
 (if -L \in \# C then S)
   else cut-trail-wrt-clause C\ M\ (decr-bt-lvl\ (tl-trail\ S)))
cut-trail-wrt-clause C (Propagated L - \# M) S =
 (if -L \in \# C \text{ then } S
   else cut-trail-wrt-clause C M (tl-trail S))
definition add-new-clause-and-update :: 'v literal multiset \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
add-new-clause-and-update CS =
 (if trail S \models as \ CNot \ C
 then update-conflicting (Some C) (add-init-cls C (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail S) S))
 else add-init-cls CS)
{f thm} cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct
lemma init-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
 init-clss (cut-trail-wrt-clause C M S) = init-clss S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma learned-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
```

```
learned-clss (cut-trail-wrt-clause C M S) = learned-clss S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma conflicting-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
 conflicting\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ M\ S) = conflicting\ S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause:
 \exists M. \ trail \ S = M @ trail \ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ S) \ S)
proof (induction trail S arbitrary: S rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ S)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case using Cons-eq-appendI by fastforce+
next
 case (proped L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ tl-trail \ S] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case using Cons-eq-appendI by fastforce+
qed
lemma n-dup-no-dup-trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
 assumes n-d: no-dup (trail\ T)
 shows no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
proof -
 obtain M where
   M: trail T = M @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)
   using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause[of\ T\ C] by auto
 show ?thesis
   using n-d unfolding arg-cong[OF M, of no-dup] by auto
qed
lemma cut-trail-wrt-clause-backtrack-lvl-length-marked:
 assumes
    backtrack-lvl T = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail T))
 shows
 backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T) =
    length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
 using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail\ T] and M = this(2)[symmetric] and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by auto
qed
lemma cut-trail-wrt-clause-get-all-levels-of-marked:
 assumes get-all-levels-of-marked (trail T) = rev [Suc 0..<
   Suc\ (length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ T)))]
 shows
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail ((cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))) = rev [Suc \theta...
```

```
Suc\ (length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ ((cut-trail-wrt-clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T)))))]
  using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by (cases count CL = 0) auto
next
 case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail\ T] and M = this(2)[symmetric] and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by (cases count CL = 0) auto
qed
lemma cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail:
 assumes trail\ T \models as\ CNot\ C
 shows
   (trail\ ((cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T))) \models as\ CNot\ C
 using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked\ L\ l\ M) note IH=this(1)[of\ decr-bt-lvl\ (tl-trail\ T)] and M=this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
 show ?case
   proof (cases count C (-L) = \theta)
     case False
     then show ?thesis
       using IH M bt by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
   \mathbf{next}
     {\bf case}\ {\it True}
     obtain mma :: 'v literal multiset where
       f6\colon (mma\in\{\{\#-l\#\}\mid l.\ l\in\#\ C\}\longrightarrow M\models a\ mma)\longrightarrow M\models as\ \{\{\#-l\#\}\mid l.\ l\in\#\ C\}
       using true-annots-def by moura
     have mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\} \longrightarrow trail\ T \models a\ mma
       using CNot-def M bt by (metis (no-types) true-annots-def)
     then have M \models as \{ \{ \# - l \# \} \mid l. \ l \in \# \ C \}
       using f6 True M bt by force
     then show ?thesis
       using IH true-annots-true-cls M by (auto simp: CNot-def)
   qed
next
 case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail\ T] and M = this(2)[symmetric] and bt = this(3)
 show ?case
   proof (cases count C (-L) = \theta)
     case False
     then show ?thesis
       using IH M bt by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
   next
     {f case}\ {\it True}
     obtain mma :: 'v literal multiset where
       f6: (mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\} \longrightarrow M \models a\ mma) \longrightarrow M \models as \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\}
       using true-annots-def by moura
     have mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\} \longrightarrow trail\ T \models a\ mma
```

```
using CNot-def M bt by (metis (no-types) true-annots-def)
      then have M \models as \{ \{ \# - l \# \} \mid l. \ l \in \# \ C \}
       using f6 True M bt by force
      then show ?thesis
       using IH true-annots-true-cls M by (auto simp: CNot-def)
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{cut-trail-wrt-clause-hd-trail-in-or-empty-trail}:
  ((\forall L \in \#C. -L \notin lits - of (trail T)) \land trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T) = [])
    \vee (-lit\text{-}of \ (hd \ (trail \ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T))) \in \# \ C
      \land length (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)) \geq 1)
 using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
  then show ?case by simp
  case (marked\ L\ l\ M) note IH=this(1)[of\ decr-bt-lvl\ (tl-trail\ T)] and M=this(2)[symmetric]
  then show ?case by simp force
  case (proped L\ l\ M) note IH=this(1)[of\ tl\text{-}trail\ T] and M=this(2)[symmetric]
  then show ?case by simp force
qed
We can fully run cdcl_W-s or add a clause. Remark that we use cdcl_W-s to avoid an explicit
skip, resolve, and backtrack normalisation to get rid of the conflict C if possible.
inductive incremental-cdcl<sub>W</sub> :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S where
add-confl:
  trail \ S \models asm \ init\text{-}clss \ S \Longrightarrow distinct\text{-}mset \ C \Longrightarrow conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
  trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow
  full\ cdcl_W-stgy
    (update\text{-}conflicting\ (Some\ C)\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ S)\ S)))\ T\Longrightarrow
   incremental\text{-}cdcl_W \ S \ T \ |
add-no-confl:
  trail \ S \models asm \ init-clss \ S \Longrightarrow \ distinct-mset \ C \Longrightarrow \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
   \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow
  full\ cdcl_W-stgy (add-init-cls C\ S) T \implies
  incremental-cdcl_W S T
inductive add-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
add-learned-clss-nil: add-learned-clss S \{\#\} S
add-learned-clss-plus:
  add-learned-clss S A T \Longrightarrow add-learned-clss S (\{\#x\#\} + A) (add-learned-cls x T)
declare add-learned-clss.intros[intro]
lemma Ex-add-learned-clss:
  \exists T. add\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S \ A \ T
 by (induction A arbitrary: S rule: multiset-induct) (auto simp: union-commute[of - \{\#-\#\}])
lemma add-learned-clss-trail:
  assumes add-learned-clss S U T and no-dup (trail S)
  shows trail\ T = trail\ S
  using assms by (induction rule: add-learned-clss.induct) (simp-all add: ac-simps)
lemma add-learned-clss-learned-clss:
```

```
assumes add-learned-clss S \ U \ T and no-dup (trail \ S)
 shows learned-clss T = U + learned-clss S
  using assms by (induction rule: add-learned-clss.induct)
  (auto simp: ac-simps dest: add-learned-clss-trail)
lemma add-learned-clss-init-clss:
 assumes add-learned-clss S \ U \ T and no-dup (trail \ S)
 shows init-clss T = init-clss S
 using assms by (induction rule: add-learned-clss.induct)
  (auto simp: ac-simps dest: add-learned-clss-trail)
lemma add-learned-clss-conflicting:
 assumes add-learned-clss S U T and no-dup (trail S)
 shows conflicting T = conflicting S
 using assms by (induction rule: add-learned-clss.induct)
  (auto simp: ac-simps dest: add-learned-clss-trail)
lemma add-learned-clss-backtrack-lvl:
 assumes add-learned-clss S \ U \ T and no-dup (trail \ S)
 shows backtrack-lvl T = backtrack-lvl S
 using assms by (induction rule: add-learned-clss.induct)
  (auto simp: ac-simps dest: add-learned-clss-trail)
lemma add-learned-clss-init-state-mempty[dest!]:
  add-learned-clss (init-state N) {#} T \Longrightarrow T = init-state N
  by (cases rule: add-learned-clss.cases) (auto simp: add-learned-clss.cases)
For multiset larger that 1 element, there is no way to know in which order the clauses are added.
But contrary to a definition fold-mset, there is an element.
lemma add-learned-clss-init-state-single[dest!]:
  add-learned-clss (init-state N) {#C#} T \Longrightarrow T = add-learned-cls C (init-state N)
 by (induction \{\#C\#\}\ T rule: add-learned-clss.induct)
  (auto simp: add-learned-clss.cases ac-simps union-is-single split: split-if-asm)
\mathbf{thm}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}no\text{-}smaller\text{-}confl\text{-}inv\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}final\text{-}state\text{-}conclusive}
lemma\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
 assumes
   inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   tr-T-N[simp]: trail T \models asm N and
   tr-C[simp]: trail\ T \models as\ CNot\ C and
   [simp]: distinct-mset C
 shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (add-new-clause-and-update C T) (is cdcl_W-all-struct-inv?T')
proof -
 \textbf{let} ? T = update\text{-}conflicting (Some \ C) (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls \ C (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C (trail \ T) \ T))
 obtain M where
   M: trail \ T = M \ @ trail \ (cut-trail-wrt-clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T)
     using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause[of T C] by blast
 have H[dest]: \Lambda x. \ x \in lits-of (trail\ (cut-trail-wrt-clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T)) \Longrightarrow
   x \in lits\text{-}of (trail T)
   using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of lits-of] by auto
 have H'[dest]: \bigwedge x. \ x \in set \ (trail \ (cut-trail-wrt-clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T)) \Longrightarrow x \in set \ (trail \ T)
   using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of set] by auto
 have H-proped: \bigwedge x. x \in set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T)
    T))) \Longrightarrow x \in set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail T))
```

```
have [simp]: no-strange-atm ?T
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def add-new-clause-and-update-def
 cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
 by (auto dest!: H H')
have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
then have no-dup (M @ trail (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T))
 unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def unfolding M[symmetric] by auto
then have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T))
 by auto
have consistent-interp (lits-of (M @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
 using M-lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def unfolding M[symmetric] by auto
then have [simp]: consistent-interp (lits-of (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
 unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
have [simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv ?T
 using M-lev cut-trail-wrt-clause-get-all-levels-of-marked [of T C]
 unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto dest: H H'
   simp: M-lev\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def\ cut-trail-wrt-clause-backtrack-lvl-length-marked)
have [simp]: \land s. \ s \in \# \ learned\text{-}clss \ T \Longrightarrow \neg tautology \ s
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ T
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
then have [simp]: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state ?T
 unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by auto
have cdcl_W-conflicting T
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
have trail ?T \models as CNot C
  by (simp add: cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail)
then have [simp]: cdcl_W-conflicting ?T
 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def apply simp
 by (metis\ M\ (cdcl_W\mbox{-}conflicting\ T)\ append\mbox{-}assoc\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}conflicting\mbox{-}decomp(2))
have
  decomp-T: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (init-clss \ T) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ T))
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
have all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss ?T)
  (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail ?T))
 unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
 proof clarify
   \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
   assume (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail ?T))
   from in-get-all-marked-decomposition-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-prepend[OF this, of M]
   obtain b' where
     (a, b' \otimes b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
     using M by auto
   then have unmark\ a \cup set\text{-}mset\ (init\text{-}clss\ T) \models ps\ unmark\ (b' @ b)
```

using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of get-all-mark-of-propagated] by auto

```
using decomp-T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by fastforce
     then have unmark \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ ?T)
           \models ps \ unmark \ (b @ b')
       by (simp add: Un-commute)
     then show unmark a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ ?T)
       \models ps \ unmark \ b
       by (auto simp: image-Un)
   \mathbf{qed}
 have [simp]: cdcl_W-learned-clause ?T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{dest}!{:}\ \mathit{H-proped}\ \mathit{simp}{:}\ \mathit{clauses-def})
 show ?thesis
   using \langle all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}m \ (init\text{-}clss\ ?T)
   (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail ?T))
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-stgy-inv:
  assumes
    inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   tr-T-N[simp]: trail T \models asm N and
   tr-C[simp]: trail T \models as CNot C and
   [simp]: distinct-mset C
 shows cdcl_W-stqy-invariant (add-new-clause-and-update C T) (is cdcl_W-stqy-invariant ?T')
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T'
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\ -\mathit{all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl}_W\ -\mathit{all-struct-inv}\ \mathit{assms}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{blast}
  then have
   no-dup-cut-T[simp]: no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)) and
   n-d[simp]: no-dup (trail T)
   using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(2) cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def inv
   n-dup-no-dup-trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause by blast+
  then have trail (add-new-clause-and-update C T) \models as CNot C
   by (simp add: add-new-clause-and-update-def cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail
     cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
 obtain MT where
    MT: trail T = MT @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)
   using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause by blast
  consider
     (false) \ \forall L \in \#C. - L \notin lits-of (trail\ T) and trail\ (cut-trail-wrt-clause\ C (trail\ T)\ T) = []
   | (not\text{-}false) - lit\text{-}of (hd (trail (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause C (trail T) T)))} \in \# C \text{ and }
      1 \leq length (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
   using cut-trail-wrt-clause-hd-trail-in-or-empty-trail[of C T] by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case false note C = this(1) and empty-tr = this(2)
     then have [simp]: C = \{\#\}
       by (simp\ add:\ in\text{-}CNot\text{-}implies\text{-}uminus(2)\ multiset\text{-}eqI)
     show ?thesis
       using empty-tr unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def no-smaller-confl-def
       cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
   next
     case not-false note C = this(1) and l = this(2)
```

```
let ?L = -lit\text{-of} (hd (trail (cut\text{-trail-wrt-clause } C (trail T) T)))
have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (add-new-clause-and-update C(T)) =
 rev [1..<1 + length (qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail (add-new-clause-and-update C T)))]
 using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ? T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
 by blast
moreover
 have backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T) =
   length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (add-new-clause-and-update C T)))
   using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ? T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
   by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
moreover
 have no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
   using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
   by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
 then have atm-of ?L \notin atm-of 'lits-of (tl (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
   apply (cases trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
   apply (auto)
   using Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of defined-lit-map by blast
ultimately have L: get-level (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)) (-?L)
  = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
 using get-level-get-rev-level-get-all-levels-of-marked[OF]
   \langle atm\text{-}of ?L \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of (tl (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))} \rangle
   of [hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))]]
   apply (cases trail (add-init-cls C (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T));
    cases hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
   using l by (auto split: split-if-asm
     simp:rev-swap[symmetric] \ add-new-clause-and-update-def)
have L': length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
 = backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)
 using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T'\rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
 by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
have [simp]: no-smaller-confl (update-conflicting (Some C)
  (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T)))
 unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
proof (clarify, goal-cases)
 case (1 \ M \ K \ i \ M' \ D)
 then consider
     (DC) D = C
   \mid (D\text{-}T)\ D\in \#\ clauses\ T
   by (auto simp: clauses-def split: split-if-asm)
 then show False
   proof cases
     case D-T
     have no-smaller-confl T
      using inv-s unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-invariant-def by auto
     have (MT @ M') @ Marked K i \# M = trail T
       using MT 1(1) by auto
     thus False using D-T (no-smaller-confl T) 1(3) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by blast
   next
     case DC note -[simp] = this
     then have atm\text{-}of (-?L) \in atm\text{-}of (lits\text{-}of M)
```

```
using 1(3) C in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
           moreover
            have lit-of (hd (M' @ Marked K i \# [])) = -?L
               using l 1(1)[symmetric] inv
              by (cases trail (add-init-cls C (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
               (auto dest!: arg\text{-}cong[of\text{-}\#\text{-}\text{-}hd] simp: hd\text{-}append cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def
                 cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
            from arg-cong[OF this, of atm-of]
            have atm\text{-}of\ (-?L) \in atm\text{-}of\ (lits\text{-}of\ (M'\ @\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ []))
               by (cases (M' @ Marked K i \# [])) auto
           moreover have no-dup (trail\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T))
             using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
             cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
           ultimately show False
             unfolding 1(1)[symmetric, simplified]
            apply auto
            using Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of defined-lit-map apply blast
             by (metis IntI Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of defined-lit-map empty-iff)
       ged
     qed
     show ?thesis using L L' C
       unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def
       unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
   qed
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-inv-normal-form:
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_W-stgy S T and
   inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail \ T \models asm init-clss \ S \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss \ S))
proof
 have no-step cdcl_W-stgy T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast
 moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and inv-s: cdcl_W-stqy-invariant T
   apply (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>.rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> cdcl<sub>W</sub>-axioms full full-def inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
   by (metis full full-def inv inv-s rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
  ultimately have conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail T \models asm init-clss T
   using cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive[of T] full
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def full-def by fast
  moreover have consistent-interp (lits-of (trail T))
   \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def \ cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\text{-}def
   by auto
  moreover have init-clss S = init-clss T
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss\ full\ full-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   by (metis satisfiable-carac' true-annot-def true-annots-def true-clss-def)
qed
```

lemma $incremental\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}inv$:

```
assumes
   inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
  shows
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   cdcl_W-stqy-invariant T
  using inc
proof (induction)
 case (add\text{-}confl\ C\ T)
 let ?T = (update\text{-}conflicting (Some C) (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls C (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause C (trail S) S)))
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T and inv-s-T: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant ?T
   using add-confl.hyps(1,2,4) add-new-clause-and-update-def
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv inv apply auto[1]
   using add-confl.hyps(1,2,4) add-new-clause-and-update-def
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-stgy-inv inv s-inv by auto
  case 1 show ?case
    by (metis add-confl.hyps(1,2,4,5)) add-new-clause-and-update-def
      cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
      rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W full-def inv)
 case 2 show ?case
   by (metis inv-s-T add-confl.hyps(1,2,4,5)) add-new-clause-and-update-def
     cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv full-def inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
next
  case (add-no-confl\ C\ T)
 case 1
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (add-init-cls CS)
   using inv \ (distinct\text{-}mset \ C) \ unfolding \ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def \ no\text{-}strange\text{-}atm\text{-}def
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
   by (auto simp: all-decomposition-implies-insert-single clauses-def)
  then show ?case
   using add-no-confl(5) unfolding full-def by (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv)
  case 2 have cdcl_W-stgy-invariant (add-init-cls CS)
   using s-inv \langle \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle inv unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def no-smaller-confl-def
   eq-commute[of - trail -] cdclw-M-level-inv-def cdclw-all-struct-inv-def
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{simp}:\ \mathit{true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model}\ \mathit{clauses-def}\ \mathit{split}:\ \mathit{split-if-asm})
  then show ?case
   by (metis \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (add - init - cls \ C \ S) \rangle add -no-confl. hyps(5) full-def
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
qed
lemma rtranclp-incremental-cdcl_W-inv:
 assumes
   inc: incremental - cdcl_W^{**} S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
  shows
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
    using inc apply induction
   using inv apply simp
  using s-inv apply simp
  using incremental\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}inv by blast+
```

```
lemma incremental-conclusive-state:
 assumes
   inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
  shows conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail \ T \models asm \ init-clss \ T \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss \ T))
  using inc apply induction
 apply (metis Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold add-confl full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-inv-normal-form full-def
   incremental-cdcl_W-inv(1) incremental-cdcl_W-inv(2) inv s-inv)
 by (metis\ (full-types)\ rtranclp-unfold\ add-no-confl\ full-cdcl_W-stgy-inv-normal-form
   full-def\ incremental-cdcl_W-inv(1)\ incremental-cdcl_W-inv(2)\ inv\ s-inv)
lemma tranclp-incremental-correct:
 assumes
   inc: incremental - cdcl_W^{++} S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
  shows conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail \ T \models asm \ init-clss \ T \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss \ T))
  using inc apply induction
  using assms incremental-conclusive-state apply blast
 by (meson incremental-conclusive-state inv rtranclp-incremental-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-inv s-inv
   tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma blocked-induction-with-marked:
  assumes
   n-d: no-dup (L \# M) and
   nil: P \mid  and
   append: \bigwedge M \ L \ M'. \ P \ M \Longrightarrow is-marked \ L \Longrightarrow \forall \ m \in set \ M'. \ \neg is-marked \ m \Longrightarrow no-dup \ (L \ \# \ M' \ @
     P(L \# M' @ M) and
   L: is-marked L
 shows
   P(L \# M)
 using n\text{-}d L
proof (induction card \{L' \in set M. is\text{-marked } L'\} arbitrary: L[M]
  case \theta note n = this(1) and n-d = this(2) and L = this(3)
 then have \forall m \in set M. \neg is-marked m by auto
  then show ?case using append[of []LM]L nil n-d by auto
next
  case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and n = this(2) and n-d = this(3) and L = this(4)
 have \exists L' \in set M. is\text{-}marked L'
   proof (rule ccontr)
     \mathbf{assume} \ \neg ?thesis
     then have H: \{L' \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ L'\} = \{\}
     show False using n unfolding H by auto
   qed
  then obtain L' M' M'' where
   M: M = M' @ L' \# M'' and
   L': is-marked L' and
   nm: \forall m \in set M'. \neg is\text{-}marked m
```

```
by (auto elim!: split-list-first-propE)
  have Suc n = card \{L' \in set M. is\text{-marked } L'\}
  moreover have \{L' \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ L'\} = \{L'\} \cup \{L' \in set \ M''. \ is\text{-marked} \ L'\}
   using nm L' n-d unfolding M by auto
  moreover have L' \notin \{L' \in set M''. is\text{-marked } L'\}
   using n-d unfolding M by auto
  ultimately have n = card \{L'' \in set M''. is\text{-marked } L''\}
   using n L' by auto
  then have P(L' \# M'') using IH L' n-d M by auto
  then show ?case using append[of L' \# M'' L M'] nm L n-d unfolding M by blast
qed
lemma trail-bloc-induction:
 assumes
   n\text{-}d: no\text{-}dup\ M and
   nil: P [] and
   append: \bigwedge M \ L \ M'. \ P \ M \Longrightarrow is-marked \ L \Longrightarrow \forall \ m \in set \ M'. \ \neg is-marked \ m \Longrightarrow no-dup \ (L \ \# \ M' \ @
M) \Longrightarrow
     P(L \# M' @ M) and
    append-nm: \land M' M''. P M' \Longrightarrow M = M'' @ M' \Longrightarrow \forall m \in set M''. \neg is-marked m \Longrightarrow P M
 shows
    PM
proof (cases \{L' \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ L'\} = \{\})
  case True
  then show ?thesis using append-nm[of [] M] nil by auto
next
  case False
  then have \exists L' \in set M. is\text{-}marked L'
   by auto
  then obtain L'M'M'' where
   M: M = M' @ L' \# M'' and
   L': is-marked L' and
   nm: \forall m \in set M'. \neg is\text{-}marked m
   by (auto elim!: split-list-first-propE)
  have P(L' \# M'')
   apply (rule blocked-induction-with-marked)
      using n-d unfolding M apply simp
     using nil apply simp
    using append apply simp
   using L' by auto
  then show ?thesis
   using append-nm[of - M'] nm unfolding M by simp
inductive Tcons :: ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lits \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lits \Rightarrow bool
 for M:: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits where
Tcons M [] |
Tcons\ M\ M' \Longrightarrow M = M'' @\ M' \Longrightarrow (\forall\ m \in set\ M''. \neg is-marked\ m) \Longrightarrow Tcons\ M\ (M'' @\ M')
Tcons\ M\ M' \Longrightarrow is\text{-marked}\ L \Longrightarrow M = M''' @\ L \#\ M'' @\ M' \Longrightarrow (\forall\ m \in set\ M''. \neg is\text{-marked}\ m) \Longrightarrow
  Tcons M (L \# M'' @ M')
lemma Tcons-same-end: Tcons M M' \Longrightarrow \exists M''. M = M'' @ M'
  by (induction rule: Tcons.induct) auto
```

end

end

21 2-Watched-Literal

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{theory} \ \ CDCL\text{-}Two\text{-}Watched\text{-}Literals\\ \textbf{imports} \ \ CDCL\text{-}WNOT\\ \textbf{begin} \end{array}$

21.1 Datastructure and Access Functions

Only the 2-watched literals have to be verified here: the backtrack level and the trail that appear in the state are not related to the 2-watched algoritm.

```
datatype 'v twl-clause =
  TWL-Clause (watched: 'v) (unwatched: 'v)
abbreviation raw-clause :: 'v clause twl-clause \Rightarrow 'v clause where
  raw-clause C \equiv watched C + unwatched C
datatype ('a, 'b, 'c, 'd) twl-state =
  TWL-State (trail: 'a list) (init-clss: 'b)
   (learned-clss: 'b) (backtrack-lvl: 'c)
   (conflicting: 'd option)
type-synonym ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) twl-state-abs =
  (('v, 'lvl, 'mark) marked-lit, 'v clause twl-clause multiset, 'lvl, 'v clause) twl-state
abbreviation raw-init-clss where
 raw-init-clss S \equiv image-mset raw-clause (init-clss S)
abbreviation raw-learned-clss where
  raw-learned-clss S \equiv image-mset raw-clause (learned-clss S)
abbreviation clauses where
  clauses S \equiv init\text{-}clss S + learned\text{-}clss S
abbreviation raw-clauses where
 raw-clauses S \equiv image-mset raw-clause (clauses S)
definition
  candidates-propagate :: ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) twl-state-abs \Rightarrow ('v literal \times 'v clause) set
where
  candidates-propagate S =
  \{(L, raw\text{-}clause\ C) \mid L\ C.
    C \in \# clauses \ S \land watched \ C - mset-set \ (uminus \ `lits-of \ (trail \ S)) = \{ \#L\# \} \land 
   undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L
definition candidates-conflict :: ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) twl-state-abs \Rightarrow 'v clause set where
  candidates-conflict S =
  \{raw\text{-}clause\ C\mid C.\ C\in\#\ clauses\ S\land watched\ C\subseteq\#\ mset\text{-}set\ (uminus\ `lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S))\}
primrec (nonexhaustive) index :: 'a list \Rightarrow'a \Rightarrow nat where
index (a \# l) c = (if a = c then 0 else 1 + index l c)
```

```
lemma index-nth:

a \in set \ l \Longrightarrow l \ ! \ (index \ l \ a) = a

by (induction l) auto
```

21.2 Invariants

We need the following property about updates: if there is a literal L with -L in the trail, and L is not watched, then it stays unwatched; i.e., while updating with rewatch it does not get swap with a watched literal L' such that -L' is in the trail.

```
\mathbf{primrec} \ \ watched\text{-}decided\text{-}most\text{-}recently :: ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) \ marked\text{-}lit \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ twl\text{-}clause
  \Rightarrow bool
  where
watched-decided-most-recently M (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow
  (\forall L' \in \#W. \ \forall L \in \#UW.
    -L' \in lits \text{-of } M \longrightarrow -L \in lits \text{-of } M \longrightarrow L \notin W \longrightarrow
      index \ (map \ lit-of \ M) \ (-L') \leq index \ (map \ lit-of \ M) \ (-L))
Here are the invariant strictly related to the 2-WL data structure.
primrec wf-twl-cls:: ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'v clause twl-clause \Rightarrow bool where
  wf-twl-cls M (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow
   distinct\text{-}mset\ W\ \land\ size\ W\ \le\ 2\ \land\ (size\ W\ <\ 2\ \longrightarrow\ set\text{-}mset\ UW\ \subseteq\ set\text{-}mset\ W)\ \land
   (\forall L \in \# W. -L \in \mathit{lits-of} \ M \longrightarrow (\forall L' \in \# \ \mathit{UW}. \ L' \notin \# \ W \longrightarrow -L' \in \mathit{lits-of} \ M)) \ \land
   watched-decided-most-recently M (TWL-Clause W UW)
lemma -L \in lits-of M \Longrightarrow \{i. map \ lit-of M!i = -L\} \neq \{\}
  unfolding set-map-lit-of-lits-of[symmetric] set-conv-nth
  by (smt Collect-empty-eq mem-Collect-eq)
lemma size-mset-2: size x1 = 2 \longleftrightarrow (\exists a \ b. \ x1 = \{\#a, b\#\})
  by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Suc-eq-plus1 one-add-one size-1-singleton-mset
  size-Diff-singleton\ size-Suc-Diff1\ size-eq-Suc-imp-eq-union\ size-single\ union-single-eq-diff
  union-single-eq-member)
lemma distinct-mset-size-2: distinct-mset \{\#a, b\#\} \longleftrightarrow a \neq b
  unfolding distinct-mset-def by auto
lemma wf-twl-cls-annotation-indepnedant:
  assumes M: map lit-of M = map \ lit-of \ M'
  shows wf-twl-cls M (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow wf-twl-cls M' (TWL-Clause W UW)
proof -
  have lits-of M = lits-of M'
    using arg-cong[OF M, of set] by (simp add: lits-of-def)
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: lits-of-def M)
qed
lemma wf-twl-cls-wf-twl-cls-tl:
 assumes wf: wf-twl-cls M C and n-d: no-dup M
  shows wf-twl-cls (tl M) C
proof (cases M)
  case Nil
  then show ?thesis using wf
    by (cases C) (simp add: wf-twl-cls.simps[of tl -])
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case (Cons l M') note M = this(1)
  obtain W \ UW where C: C = TWL-Clause W \ UW
   by (cases C)
  \{ \text{ fix } L L' \}
   assume
     LW: L \in \# W and
     LM: -L \in lits-of M' and
     L'UW: L' \in \# UW and
     count\ W\ L'=\ \theta
   then have
     L'M: -L' \in lits-of M
     using wf by (auto simp: C M)
   have watched-decided-most-recently M C
     using wf by (auto simp: C)
   then have
     index \ (map \ lit of \ M) \ (-L) \leq index \ (map \ lit of \ M) \ (-L')
     using LM L'M L'UW LW \langle count W L' = 0 \rangle
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) C M bspec-mset insert-iff less-not-refl2 lits-of-cons
       watched-decided-most-recently.simps)
   then have -L' \in lits-of M'
     using \langle count \ W \ L' = 0 \rangle \ LW \ L'M by (auto simp: C M split: split-if-asm)
 moreover
   {
     \mathbf{fix} \ L' \ L
     assume
       L' \in \# W and
       L \in \# UW and
       L'M: -L' \in \mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of}\; M' and
       -L \in lits-of M' and
       L \notin \# W
     moreover
      have lit-of l \neq -L'
      using n-d unfolding M
        by (metis (no-types) L'M M Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of defined-lit-map
          distinct.simps(2) \ list.simps(9) \ set-map)
     moreover have watched-decided-most-recently M C
       using wf by (auto simp: C)
     ultimately have index (map lit-of M') (-L') \leq index (map lit-of M') (-L)
       by (fastforce simp: M C split: split-if-asm)
   }
 moreover have distinct-mset W and size W \leq 2 and (size W < 2 \longrightarrow set-mset UW \subseteq set-mset
W)
   using wf by (auto simp: CM)
 ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp add: M C)
definition wf-twl-state :: ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) twl-state-abs \Rightarrow bool where
  wf-twl-state <math>S \longleftrightarrow (\forall C \in \# \ clauses \ S. \ wf-twl-cls \ (trail \ S) \ C) \land no-dup \ (trail \ S)
lemma wf-candidates-propagate-sound:
 assumes wf: wf-twl-state S and
   cand: (L, C) \in candidates-propagate S
 shows trail S \models as CNot (mset-set (set-mset C - \{L\})) \land undefined-lit (trail S) L
proof
```

```
\mathbf{def}\ M \equiv trail\ S
\operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \operatorname{init-clss} S
\operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \operatorname{\mathit{learned-clss}}\ S
note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
obtain Cw where cw:
  C = raw-clause Cw
  Cw \in \# N + U
  watched\ Cw-mset\text{-}set\ (uminus\ `lits\text{-}of\ M)=\{\#L\#\}
  undefined-lit M L
  using cand unfolding candidates-propagate-def MNU-defs by blast
obtain W \ UW where cw-eq: Cw = TWL-Clause W \ UW
  by (cases Cw, blast)
have l\text{-}w: L \in \# W
  by (metis Multiset.diff-le-self cw(3) cw-eq mset-leD multi-member-last twl-clause.sel(1))
have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M Cw
  using wf \langle Cw \in \# N + U \rangle unfolding wf-twl-state-def by simp
have w-nw:
  distinct-mset\ W
  size \ W < 2 \Longrightarrow set\text{-}mset \ UW \subseteq set\text{-}mset \ W
  \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in \# \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in \mathit{lits-of} \ M \Longrightarrow L' \in \# \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin \# \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in \mathit{lits-of} \ M
 using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by auto
have \forall L' \in set\text{-mset } C - \{L\}. -L' \in lits\text{-of } M
proof (cases size W < 2)
  \mathbf{case} \ \mathit{True}
  moreover have size W \neq 0
    using cw(3) cw-eq by auto
  ultimately have size W = 1
    by linarith
  then have w: W = \{ \#L\# \}
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) Multiset.diff-le-self cw(3) cw-eq single-not-empty
      size-1-singleton-mset subset-mset.add-diff-inverse union-is-single twl-clause.sel(1))
  from True have set-mset UW \subseteq set-mset W
    using w-nw(2) by blast
  then show ?thesis
    using w cw(1) cw-eq by auto
\mathbf{next}
  \mathbf{case}\ \mathit{sz2} \colon \mathit{False}
  show ?thesis
  proof
    fix L'
    assume l': L' \in set\text{-}mset\ C - \{L\}
    have ex-la: \exists La. La \neq L \land La \in \# W
    proof (cases W)
     case empty
     thus ?thesis
        using l-w by auto
    next
      case lb: (add W' Lb)
```

```
show ?thesis
       proof (cases W')
         case empty
         thus ?thesis
           using lb sz2 by simp
         case lc: (add W'' Lc)
         thus ?thesis
          by (metis add-gr-0 count-union distinct-mset-single-add lb union-single-eq-member
       qed
     qed
     then obtain La where la: La \neq L La \in \# W
     then have La \in \# mset-set (uminus 'lits-of M)
       using cw(3)[unfolded\ cw\text{-}eq,\ simplified,\ folded\ M\text{-}def]
       by (metis count-diff count-single diff-zero not-gr0)
     then have nla: -La \in lits\text{-}of M
       by auto
     then show -L' \in lits-of M
     proof -
       have f1: L' \in set\text{-}mset\ C
         using l' by blast
       have f2: L' \notin \{L\}
         using l' by fastforce
       have \bigwedge l \ L. - (l::'a \ literal) \in L \lor l \notin uminus `L
         by force
       then have \bigwedge l. - l \in lits\text{-}of\ M \lor count\ \{\#L\#\}\ l = count\ (C - UW)\ l
         by (metis (no-types) add-diff-cancel-right' count-diff count-mset-set(3) cw(1) cw(3)
              cw-eq diff-zero twl-clause.sel(2))
       then show ?thesis
         by (smt comm-monoid-add-class.add-0 cw(1) cw-eq diff-union-cancelR ex-la f1 f2 insertCI
           less-numeral-extra(3) mem-set-mset-iff plus-multiset.rep-eq single.rep-eq
           twl-clause.sel(1) twl-clause.sel(2) w-nw(3))
     qed
   qed
 qed
 then show trail S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-set} \ (set\text{-mset} \ C - \{L\}))
   unfolding true-annots-def by auto
 show undefined-lit (trail S) L
   using cw(4) M-def by blast
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{wf-candidates-propagate-complete} :
 assumes wf: wf-twl-state S and
   c\text{-}mem: C \in \# raw\text{-}clauses S and
   l-mem: L \in \# C and
   unsat: trail S \models as CNot (mset\text{-}set (set\text{-}mset C - \{L\})) and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L
 shows (L, C) \in candidates-propagate S
proof -
 \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv trail\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \operatorname{init-clss} S
```

```
\operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \operatorname{\mathit{learned-clss}}\ S
{f note}\,\,\mathit{MNU-defs}\,\,[\mathit{simp}] = \mathit{M-def}\,\,\mathit{N-def}\,\,\mathit{U-def}
obtain Cw where cw: C = raw-clause Cw Cw \in \# N + U
  using c-mem by force
obtain W UW where cw-eq: Cw = TWL-Clause W UW
  by (cases Cw, blast)
have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M Cw
  using wf cw(2) unfolding wf-twl-state-def by simp
have w-nw:
  distinct-mset W
  size \ W < 2 \Longrightarrow set\text{-}mset \ UW \subseteq set\text{-}mset \ W
  \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in \# \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in \mathit{lits-of} \ M \Longrightarrow L' \in \# \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin \# \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in \mathit{lits-of} \ M
 using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by auto
have unit-set: set-mset (W - mset\text{-set } (uminus \ `lits\text{-of } M)) = \{L\}
proof
  show set-mset (W - mset\text{-set } (uminus ' lits\text{-of } M)) \subseteq \{L\}
  proof
    \mathbf{fix} \ L'
    assume l': L' \in set\text{-}mset \ (W - mset\text{-}set \ (uminus \ `lits\text{-}of \ M))
    hence l'-mem-w: L' \in set-mset W
     by auto
    have L' \notin uminus ' lits-of M
     using distinct-mem-diff-mset[OF\ w-nw(1) l'] by simp
    then have \neg M \models a \{\#-L'\#\}
     using image-iff by fastforce
    moreover have L' \in \# C
      using cw(1) cw-eq l'-mem-w by auto
    ultimately have L' = L
      unfolding M-def by (metis unsat[unfolded CNot-def true-annots-def, simplified])
    then show L' \in \{L\}
      by simp
  qed
\mathbf{next}
  show \{L\} \subseteq set\text{-}mset \ (W - mset\text{-}set \ (uminus \ `lits\text{-}of \ M))
  proof clarify
    have L \in \# W
    proof (cases W)
      case empty
     thus ?thesis
        using w-nw(2) cw(1) cw-eq l-mem by auto
    \mathbf{next}
      case (add W' La)
     thus ?thesis
     proof (cases La = L)
        {f case}\ {\it True}
        thus ?thesis
          using add by simp
     next
        {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
```

```
have -La \in lits\text{-}of M
            using False add cw(1) cw-eq unsat[unfolded\ CNot-def true-annots-def, simplified]
            by fastforce
          then show ?thesis
            by (metis M-def Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of add add.left-neutral count-union
               cw(1) cw-eq gr0I l-mem twl-clause.sel(1) twl-clause.sel(2) undef union-single-eq-member
               w-nw(3)
        qed
      qed
      moreover have L \notin \# mset-set (uminus ' lits-of M)
        using Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of undef by auto
      ultimately show L \in set-mset (W - mset-set (uminus 'lits-of M))
        by auto
    qed
  qed
  have unit: W - mset\text{-set} \ (uminus \ 'lits\text{-of} \ M) = \{\#L\#\}
    \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{distinct}\text{-}\mathit{mset}\text{-}\mathit{minus}\ \mathit{distinct}\text{-}\mathit{mset}\text{-}\mathit{siet}\mathit{-}\mathit{mset}\text{-}\mathit{ident}\ \mathit{distinct}\text{-}\mathit{mset}\text{-}\mathit{singleton}
      set-mset-single unit-set w-nw(1)
  show ?thesis
    unfolding candidates-propagate-def using unit undef cw cw-eq by fastforce
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{wf-candidates-conflict-sound} :
  assumes wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S and
    cand: C \in candidates\text{-}conflict S
  shows trail S \models as \ CNot \ C \land C \in \# \ image\text{-mset raw-clause} \ (clauses \ S)
proof
  \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv trail\ S
  \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \operatorname{init-clss} S
  \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \operatorname{\mathit{learned-clss}}\ S
  note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
  obtain Cw where cw:
    C = raw\text{-}clause \ Cw
    Cw \in \# N + U
    watched Cw \subseteq \# mset\text{-set (uminus 'lits-of (trail S))}
    using cand[unfolded candidates-conflict-def, simplified] by auto
  obtain W UW where cw-eq: Cw = TWL-Clause W UW
    by (cases Cw, blast)
  have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M Cw
    using wf cw(2) unfolding wf-twl-state-def by simp
  have w-nw:
    distinct-mset W
    size \ W < 2 \Longrightarrow set\text{-}mset \ UW \subseteq set\text{-}mset \ W
    \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in \# \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in \mathit{lits-of} \ M \Longrightarrow L' \in \# \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin \# \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in \mathit{lits-of} \ M
   using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by auto
  have \forall L \in \# C. -L \in lits\text{-}of M
  proof (cases\ W = \{\#\})
    case True
```

```
then have C = \{\#\}
     using cw(1) cw-eq w-nw(2) by auto
   then show ?thesis
     by simp
  next
   case False
   then obtain La where la: La \in \#W
     using multiset-eq-iff by force
   \mathbf{show}~? the sis
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ L
     assume l: L \in \# C
     \mathbf{show}\ -L \in \mathit{lits-of}\ M
     proof (cases L \in \# W)
       case True
       thus ?thesis
         using cw(3) cw-eq by fastforce
       case False
       thus ?thesis
         by (smt\ M\text{-}def\ l\ add\text{-}diff\text{-}cancel\text{-}left'\ count\text{-}diff\ cw(1)\ cw(3)\ la\ cw\text{-}eq
           diff-zero elem-mset-set finite-imageI finite-lits-of-def gr0I imageE mset-leD
           uminus-of-uminus-id\ twl-clause.sel(1)\ twl-clause.sel(2)\ w-nw(3))
     qed
   qed
  qed
  then show trail S \models as \ CNot \ C
   unfolding CNot-def true-annots-def by auto
 show C \in \# image-mset raw-clause (clauses S)
   using cw by auto
qed
lemma wf-candidates-conflict-complete:
  assumes wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S and
    c\text{-}mem:\ C\in\#\ raw\text{-}clauses\ S\ \mathbf{and}
   unsat: trail S \models as CNot C
  shows C \in candidates-conflict S
proof -
  \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv trail\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \operatorname{init-clss} S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \operatorname{\mathit{learned-clss}}\ S
 note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
  obtain Cw where cw: C = raw-clause Cw Cw \in \# N + U
   using c-mem by force
  obtain W \ UW where cw-eq: Cw = TWL-Clause W \ UW
   by (cases Cw, blast)
 have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M Cw
   using wf cw(2) unfolding wf-twl-state-def by simp
 have w-nw:
```

```
distinct-mset W
   size W < 2 \Longrightarrow set\text{-}mset UW \subseteq set\text{-}mset W
   \bigwedge L\ L'.\ L\in \#\ W \Longrightarrow -L\in \mathit{lits-of}\ M\Longrightarrow L'\in \#\ UW\Longrightarrow L'\notin \#\ W\Longrightarrow -L'\in \mathit{lits-of}\ M
  using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by auto
 have \bigwedge L. L \in \# C \Longrightarrow -L \in lits-of M
   unfolding M-def using unsat unfolded CNot-def true-annots-def, simplified by blast
  then have set-mset C \subseteq uminus ' lits-of M
   by (metis imageI mem-set-mset-iff subsetI uminus-of-uminus-id)
  then have set-mset W \subseteq uminus ' lits-of M
   using cw(1) cw-eq by auto
 then have subset: W \subseteq \# mset-set (uminus 'lits-of M)
   by (simp \ add: w-nw(1))
 have W = watched Cw
   using cw-eq twl-clause.sel(1) by simp
  then show ?thesis
   using MNU-defs cw(1) cw(2) subset candidates-conflict-def by blast
qed
typedef 'v wf-twl = {S::('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ twl-state-abs. \ wf-twl-state \ S}
morphisms rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state
proof -
 have TWL-State ([]::('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits)
   \{\#\}\ \{\#\}\ 0\ None \in \{S:: ('v, nat, 'v clause)\ twl-state-abs.\ wf-twl-state\ S\}
   by (auto simp: wf-twl-state-def)
 then show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma [code abstype]:
  twl-of-rough-state (rough-state-of-twl S) = S
 by (fact CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals.wf-twl.rough-state-of-twl-inverse)
lemma wf-twl-state-rough-state-of-twl[simp]: wf-twl-state (rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl by auto
abbreviation candidates-conflict-twl :: 'v wf-twl \Rightarrow 'v literal multiset set where
candidates-conflict-twl S \equiv candidates-conflict (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation candidates-propagate-twl :: 'v wf-twl \Rightarrow ('v literal \times 'v clause) set where
candidates-propagate-twl S \equiv candidates-propagate (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation trail-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'a literal multiset) marked-lit list where
trail-twl\ S \equiv trail\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
abbreviation clauses-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset multiset where
clauses-twl S \equiv raw-clauses (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation init-clss-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset multiset where
init-clss-twl S \equiv raw-init-clss (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation learned-clss-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset multiset where
learned-clss-twl S \equiv raw-learned-clss (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation backtrack-lvl-twl where
```

```
backtrack-lvl-twl\ S \equiv backtrack-lvl\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
abbreviation conflicting-twl where
conflicting-twl\ S \equiv conflicting\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
lemma wf-candidates-twl-conflict-complete:
 assumes
   c\text{-}mem:\ C\in\#\ clauses\text{-}twl\ S\ \mathbf{and}
   unsat: trail-twl S \models as CNot C
 shows C \in candidates-conflict-twl S
 using c-mem unsat wf-candidates-conflict-complete wf-twl-state-rough-state-of-twl by blast
abbreviation update-backtrack-lvl where
  update-backtrack-lvl k S \equiv
   TWL-State (trail S) (init-clss S) (learned-clss S) k (conflicting S)
abbreviation update-conflicting where
  update-conflicting CS \equiv TWL-State (trail S) (init-clss S) (learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S) C
21.3
         Abstract 2-WL
definition tl-trail where
  tl-trail S =
   TWL-State (tl (trail S)) (init-clss S) (learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S) (conflicting S)
locale \ abstract-twl =
 fixes
   watch :: (v, nat, v clause) twl-state-abs \Rightarrow v clause \Rightarrow v clause twl-clause and
   rewatch :: (v, nat, v \ literal \ multiset) \ marked-lit \Rightarrow (v, nat, v \ clause) \ twl-state-abs \Rightarrow
     'v clause twl-clause \Rightarrow 'v clause twl-clause and
   linearize :: 'v \ clauses \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ list \ {\bf and}
    restart-learned :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) twl-state-abs \Rightarrow 'v clause twl-clause multiset
    clause-watch: no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow raw-clause (watch S C) = C and
   wf-watch: no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow wf-twl-cls (trail S) (watch S C) and
   clause-rewatch: raw-clause (rewatch L S C') = raw-clause C' and
     no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow undefined\text{-}lit\ (trail\ S)\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls\ (trail\ S)\ C' \Longrightarrow
       wf-twl-cls (L \# trail S) (rewatch L S C')
     and
   linearize: mset (linearize N) = N and
   restart-learned: restart-learned S \subseteq \# learned-clss S
begin
lemma linearize-mempty[simp]: linearize {#} = []
 using linearize mset-zero-iff by blast
definition
  cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) twl-state-abs \Rightarrow
   ('v, nat, 'v clause) twl-state-abs
where
  cons-trail L S =
  TWL-State (L \# trail S) (image-mset (rewatch L S) (init-clss S))
    (image-mset (rewatch \ L \ S) (learned-clss \ S)) (backtrack-lvl \ S) (conflicting \ S)
```

definition

```
add-init-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) twl-state-abs \Rightarrow
   ('v, nat, 'v clause) twl-state-abs
where
  add-init-cls C S =
   TWL	ext{-}State \ (trail \ S) \ (\{\#watch \ S \ C\#\} \ + \ init	ext{-}clss \ S) \ (backtrack	ext{-}lvl \ S)
    (conflicting S)
definition
  add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) twl-state-abs \Rightarrow
   ('v, nat, 'v clause) twl-state-abs
where
  add-learned-cls C S =
   TWL-State (trail S) (init-clss S) (\{\#watch\ S\ C\#\} + learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S)
definition
  remove\text{-}cls :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow ('v, \ nat, \ 'v \ clause) \ twl\text{-}state\text{-}abs \Rightarrow
   ('v, nat, 'v clause) twl-state-abs
where
  remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S =
   TWL	ext{-}State (trail S) (filter	ext{-}mset ($\lambda D$. raw-clause $D \neq C$) (init-clss S))
    (filter-mset (\lambda D. raw-clause D \neq C) (learned-clss S)) (backtrack-lvl S)
    (conflicting S)
definition init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) twl-state-abs where
  init-state N = fold \ add-init-cls (linearize \ N) (TWL-State [] {#} {#} 0 \ None)
lemma unchanged-fold-add-init-cls:
  trail\ (fold\ add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ Cs\ (TWL\text{-}State\ M\ N\ U\ k\ C)) = M
  learned-clss (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) = U
  backtrack-lvl \ (fold \ add-init-cls \ Cs \ (TWL-State \ M \ N \ U \ k \ C)) = k
  conflicting (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) = C
  by (induct Cs arbitrary: N) (auto simp: add-init-cls-def)
lemma unchanged-init-state[simp]:
  trail\ (init\text{-state}\ N) = []
  learned-clss (init-state N) = {#}
  backtrack-lvl (init-state N) = 0
  conflicting\ (init\text{-}state\ N) = None
  unfolding init-state-def by (rule unchanged-fold-add-init-cls)+
lemma clauses-init-fold-add-init:
  no-dup M \Longrightarrow
  image-mset\ raw-clause\ (init-clss\ (fold\ add-init-cls\ Cs\ (TWL-State\ M\ N\ U\ k\ C)))=
  mset \ Cs + image-mset \ raw-clause \ N
 by (induct Cs arbitrary: N) (auto simp: add.assoc add-init-cls-def clause-watch)
lemma init-clss-init-state[simp]: image-mset raw-clause (init-clss (init-state N)) = N
 unfolding init-state-def by (simp add: clauses-init-fold-add-init linearize)
definition restart' where
  restart' S = TWL\text{-}State \ [] \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \ (restart\text{-}learned \ S) \ 0 \ None
end
```

21.4 Instanciation of the previous locale

```
definition watch-nat :: (nat, nat, nat clause) twl-state-abs \Rightarrow nat clause \Rightarrow
  nat clause twl-clause where
  watch-nat S C =
  (let
      C' = remdups (sorted-list-of-set (set-mset C));
      negation-not-assigned = filter (\lambda L. -L \notin lits-of (trail S)) C';
      negation-assigned-sorted-by-trail = filter (\lambda L. L \in \# C) (map (\lambda L. -lit-of L) (trail S));
      W = take \ 2 \ (negation-not-assigned \ @ negation-assigned-sorted-by-trail);
      UW = sorted-list-of-multiset (C - mset W)
    in TWL-Clause (mset W) (mset UW))
lemma list-cases2:
  fixes l :: 'a \ list
 assumes
    l = [] \Longrightarrow P and
    \bigwedge x. \ l = [x] \Longrightarrow P and
    \bigwedge x \ y \ xs. \ l = x \# y \# xs \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
 by (metis assms list.collapse)
lemma filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD:
 assumes [L \leftarrow P : Q L] = l
 shows \forall x \in set \ l. \ x \in set \ P \land Q \ x
  using assms by auto
lemma no-dup-filter-diff:
  assumes n-d: no-dup M and H: [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit\text{-}of \ L) \ M. \ L \in \# \ C] = l
  shows distinct l
  unfolding H[symmetric]
 apply (rule distinct-filter)
  using n-d by (induction M) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ watch-nat\text{-}lists\text{-}disjointD:
  assumes
    l: [L \leftarrow remdups (sorted-list-of-set (set-mset C)) . - L \notin lits-of (trail S)] = l and
    l': [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (trail \ S) \ . \ L \in \# \ C] = l'
  shows \forall x \in set \ l. \ \forall y \in set \ l'. \ x \neq y
 by (auto simp: l[symmetric] l'[symmetric] lits-of-def)
lemma watch-nat-list-cases-witness[consumes 2, case-names nil-nil nil-single nil-other
  single-nil single-other other]:
    C :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ {\bf and}
    C' :: 'v \ literal \ list \ \mathbf{and}
    S :: (('v, 'b, 'c) marked-lit, 'd, 'e, 'f) twl-state
    xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ C'. - L \notin lits \text{-} of \ (trail \ S)] and
    ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (trail \ S) \ . \ L \in \# \ C]
  assumes
    n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
    C': set C' = set-mset C and
    nil-nil: xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P and
    nil-single:
```

```
\bigwedge a. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [a] \Longrightarrow \ a \in \# \ C \Longrightarrow P \ \text{and}
    nil\text{-}other: \land a \ b \ ys'. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = a \ \# \ b \ \# \ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P \ \text{and}
    single-nil: \land a. \ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P \ \mathbf{and}
    single-other: \bigwedge a\ b\ ys'.\ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = b\ \#\ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P and
    other: \bigwedge a\ b\ xs'. xs = a \# b \# xs' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
proof -
  note xs-def[simp] and ys-def[simp]
  have dist: distinct [L \leftarrow remdups \ C' \ . \ - \ L \notin lits \text{-} of \ (trail \ S)]
  then have H: \Lambda a \ xs. \ [L \leftarrow remdups \ C' \ . \ - \ L \notin lits \text{-} of \ (trail \ S)]
    \neq a \# a \# xs
    by force
  show ?thesis
  apply (cases [L \leftarrow remdups C'. - L \notin lits - of (trail S)]
         rule: list-cases2;
      cases [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (trail \ S) \ . \ L \in \# \ C] \ rule: \ list-cases2)
           using nil-nil apply simp
          using nil-single apply (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
        using nil-other
        apply (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD watch-nat-lists-disjointD
           no-dup-filter-diff[OF n-d] simp: H)[]
       using single-nil apply simp
      using single-other C' xs-def ys-def apply (smt imageE image-eqI list.set-intros(1) lits-of-def
         mem-Collect-eq set-filter set-map uminus-of-uminus-id)
     using single-other C' unfolding xs-def ys-def apply (smt imageE image-eqI list.set-intros(1)
       lits-of-def mem-Collect-eq set-filter set-map uminus-of-uminus-id)
    using other xs-def ys-def by (metis\ H)+
qed
lemma watch-nat-list-cases [consumes 1, case-names nil-nil nil-single nil-other single-nil
  single-other other]:
  fixes
    C:: 'v::linorder\ literal\ multiset\ {\bf and}
    S :: (('v, 'b, 'c) marked-lit, 'd, 'e, 'f) twl-state
  defines
    xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ (sorted-list-of-set \ (set-mset \ C)) \ . - L \notin lits-of \ (trail \ S)] and
    ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of L) \ (trail S) \ . \ L \in \# C]
  assumes
    n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
    nil-nil: xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P and
    nil-single:
      \bigwedge a. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [a] \Longrightarrow \ a \in \# \ C \Longrightarrow P \ \text{and}
    nil\text{-}other: \land a \ b \ ys'. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = a \# b \# ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P \text{ and }
    single-nil: \land a. \ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P \ \mathbf{and}
    single-other: \land a \ b \ ys'. \ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = b \ \# \ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P \ {\bf and}
    other: \bigwedge a\ b\ xs'.\ xs = a\ \#\ b\ \#\ xs' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P
  using watch-nat-list-cases-witness OF n-d, of sorted-list-of-set (set-mset C) CP
  nil-nil nil-single nil-other single-nil single-other other
  unfolding xs-def[symmetric] ys-def[symmetric] by auto
lemma watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness:
  fixes
    C :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ {\bf and}
```

```
C' :: 'v \ literal \ list \ \mathbf{and}
    S :: (('v, 'b, 'c) marked-lit, 'd, 'e, 'f) twl-state
    xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ C'. - L \notin lits \text{-} of \ (trail \ S)] and
    ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of L) \ (trail S) \ . \ L \in \# C]
  assumes n-d: no-dup (trail S) and C': set C' = set-mset C
  shows set-mset C = set xs \cup set ys
  using n-d C' uminus-lit-swap unfolding xs-def ys-def by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
lemma watch-nat-lists-set-union:
    C :: 'v::linorder\ literal\ multiset\ {\bf and}
    S :: (('v, 'b, 'c) marked-lit, 'd, 'e, 'f) twl-state
  defines
    xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ (sorted-list-of-set \ (set-mset \ C)). - L \notin lits-of \ (trail \ S)] and
    ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (trail \ S) \ . \ L \in \# \ C]
  assumes n-d: no-dup (trail S)
  shows set-mset C = set \ xs \cup set \ ys
  using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S (sorted-list-of-set (set-mset C)) C, OF n-d]
  sorted-list-of-set xs-def ys-def by blast
lemma mset-intersection-inclusion: A + (B - A) = B \longleftrightarrow A \subseteq \# B
  apply (rule iffI)
  apply (metis mset-le-add-left)
  by (auto simp: ac-simps multiset-eq-iff subseteq-mset-def)
lemma clause-watch-nat:
  assumes no-dup (trail S)
 shows raw-clause (watch-nat S(C) = C
  using assms
  apply (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases [OF\ assms(1),\ of\ C])
  by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD simp: watch-nat-def Let-def
    mset-intersection-inclusion subseteq-mset-def)
{\bf lemma}\ set\text{-}mset\text{-}is\text{-}single\text{-}in\text{-}mset\text{-}is\text{-}single\text{:}}
  set\text{-}mset\ C = \{a\} \Longrightarrow x \in \#\ C \Longrightarrow x = a
  by fastforce
lemma index-uminus-index-map-uminus:
  -a \in set \ L \Longrightarrow index \ L \ (-a) = index \ (map \ uminus \ L) \ (a::'a \ literal)
 by (induction L) auto
lemma index-filter:
  a \in set \ L \Longrightarrow b \in set \ L \Longrightarrow P \ a \Longrightarrow P \ b \Longrightarrow
  index\ L\ a \leq index\ L\ b \longleftrightarrow index\ (filter\ P\ L)\ a \leq index\ (filter\ P\ L)\ b
 by (induction L) auto
lemma wf-watch-witness:
  fixes C :: 'a \ literal \ multiset and C' :: 'a \ literal \ list and
     S :: (('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit, 'd, 'e, 'f) twl-state
     ass: negation-not-assigned \equiv filter (\lambda L. -L \notin lits-of (trail S)) (remdups C') and
     tr: negation-assigned-sorted-by-trail \equiv filter (\lambda L. L \in \# C) (map (\lambda L. -lit-of L) (trail S))
   defines
```

```
W: W \equiv take \ 2 \ (negation-not-assigned @ negation-assigned-sorted-by-trail)
 assumes
   n\text{-}d[simp]: no-dup (trail S) and
   C': set C' = set-mset C
 shows wf-twl-cls (trail S) (TWL-Clause (mset W) (C - mset W))
 unfolding wf-twl-cls.simps
proof (intro conjI, goal-cases)
 case 1
 then show ?case using n\text{--}d C' W unfolding ass tr
   by (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C' C])
   (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
     simp: distinct-mset-add-single)
\mathbf{next}
 case 2
 then show ?case unfolding W by simp
next
 case 3
 then show ?case using n-d C'
   proof (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C' C])
     case nil-nil
     then have set-mset C = set [] \cup set []
      using C' watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness n-d by metis
     then show ?thesis
      by simp
   next
     case (nil-single a)
     then show ?thesis
      using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C' C] C' 3
      by (auto dest!: arg-cong[of - [] set] simp: W ass tr)
   next
     case nil-other
     then show ?thesis
     using 3 by (auto dest!: arg-cong[of - [] set] simp: W ass tr)
   next
     case single-nil
     show ?thesis
      using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C' C] C' 3 mset-leD
      by (auto simp: W ass tr single-nil)
   next
     case single-other
     then show ?thesis
      using 3 by (auto dest!: arg-cong[of - [] set] simp: W ass tr)
   next
     case other
     then show ?thesis
      using 3 by (auto dest!: arg-cong[of - [] set] simp: W ass tr)
   qed
next
 case 4 note -[simp] = this
   fix a :: 'a \ literal \ and \ ys' :: 'a \ literal \ list \ and \ L :: 'a \ literal \ and
     L' :: 'a \ literal
   assume a1: [L \leftarrow remdups \ C'. - L \notin lits \text{-} of \ (trail \ S)] = [a]
   assume a2: set-mset C = insert \ L \ (insert \ a \ (set \ ys'))
   assume a3: L' \in \# C
```

```
assume a4: a \neq L'
   have set (L \# a \# ys') = set\text{-mset } C
     using a2 by auto
   then have L' \notin set \ [l \leftarrow remdups \ C'. - l \notin lits \text{-} of \ (trail \ S)]
     using a4 a1 by (metis list.set(1) list.set(2) singleton-iff)
   then have -L' \in lits\text{-}of (trail S)
     using a3 C' by simp
     } note H = this
 show ?case
   using n-d C' apply (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C' C])
     apply (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
      simp: W ass tr lits-of-def C' filter-empty-conv)[4]
   using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C' C] C'
   by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD H simp: W ass tr)
next
 case 5
 from n-d C' show ?case
   proof (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C' C])
     case nil-nil
     then show ?thesis by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   next
     case nil-single
     then show ?thesis
      using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness of S C' C by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   next
     case nil-other
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding watched-decided-most-recently.simps Ball-mset-def
      apply (intro\ allI\ impI)
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-uminus-index-map-uminus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-filter[of - - \lambda L. L \in \# C])
      by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
        simp: uminus-lit-swap lits-of-def o-def W ass tr)
   next
     case single-nil
     then show ?thesis
       using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C' C] C' by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   next
     case single-other
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding watched-decided-most-recently.simps Ball-mset-def
      apply (clarify)
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-filter[of - - - \lambda L. L \in \# C])
      by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
        simp: W ass tr uminus-lit-swap lits-of-def o-def)
   next
```

```
case other
                 then show ?thesis
                       unfolding watched-decided-most-recently.simps
                      apply clarify
                      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
                             simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)[1]
                      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
                             simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)[1]
                      apply (subst index-filter[of - - - \lambda L. L \in \# C])
                       by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
                             simp: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def uminus-lit-swap
                                 W \ ass \ tr)
           qed
qed
lemma wf-watch-nat: no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow wf-twl-cls (trail S) (watch-nat S C)
      using wf-watch-witness[of S sorted-list-of-set (set-mset C) C]
      by (metis List.finite-set mset-sorted-list-of-multiset set-sorted-list-of-multiset
           sorted-list-of-set watch-nat-def)
definition
      rewatch-nat ::
      (nat, nat, nat \ literal \ multiset) \ marked-lit \Rightarrow (nat, nat, nat \ clause) \ twl-state-abs \Rightarrow
            nat\ clause\ twl\text{-}clause \Rightarrow\ nat\ clause\ twl\text{-}clause
where
      rewatch-nat\ L\ S\ C =
       (if - lit\text{-}of L \in \# watched C then
                 case filter (\lambda L'. L' \notin \# watched C \land -L' \notin lits-of (L \# trail S))
                             (sorted-list-of-multiset (unwatched C)) of
                       [] \Rightarrow C
                 \mid L' \# - \Rightarrow
                       TWL	ext{-}Clause \ (watched \ C - \{\#-\ lit\mbox{-}of\ L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\}) \ (unwatched\ C - \{\#L'\#\} + \{\#-\ lit\mbox{-}of\ L\#\} + \{\#-\ lit\mbo\ L\#\} + \{\#-\ lit\mbox{-}of\ L\#\} + \{\#-\ lit\mbox{-}of\ L\#\} + \{\#-\ 
L\#\})
            else
                 C
lemma clause-rewatch-witness:
      fixes UW :: 'a literal list and
           S :: (('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit, 'd, 'e, 'f) twl-state and
           L:: ('a, 'b, 'c)  marked-lit and C:: 'a literal multiset twl-clause
      defines C' \equiv (if - lit \text{-} of L \in \# watched C then
                 case filter (\lambda L'. L' \notin \# watched C \wedge - L' \notin lits-of (L \# trail S)) UW of
                       [] \Rightarrow C
                 \mid L' \# - \Rightarrow
                        TWL	ext{-}Clause \ (watched \ C - \{\#-\ lit\mbox{-}of\ L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\}) \ (unwatched\ C - \{\#L'\#\} + \{\#-\ lit\mbox{-}of\ L\#\} + \{\#-\ lit\mbo\ L\#\} + \{\#-\ lit\mbox{-}of\ L\#\} + \{\#-\ lit\mbox{-}of\ L\#\} + \{\#-\ 
L\#\})
           else
                 C
      assumes
            UW: set \ UW = set\text{-}mset \ (unwatched \ C)
      shows raw-clause C' = raw-clause C
      using UW unfolding C'-def by (auto simp: subset-mset.add-diff-assoc2 multiset-eq-iff
            split: list.split dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ clause\text{-}rewatch\text{-}nat\text{: }raw\text{-}clause\ (rewatch\text{-}nat\ L\ S\ C)=raw\text{-}clause\ C
    using clause-rewatch-witness[of sorted-list-of-multiset (unwatched C) C - S]
    by (auto simp: rewatch-nat-def Let-def split: list.split split-if-asm)
lemma filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-Nil:
    [x \leftarrow sorted\text{-}list\text{-}of\text{-}multiset\ M.\ p\ x] = [] \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in \#\ M.\ \neg\ p\ x)
    by auto (metis empty-iff filter-set list.set(1) mem-set-mset-iff member-filter
       set-sorted-list-of-multiset)
lemma filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-ConsD:
    [x \leftarrow sorted\text{-}list\text{-}of\text{-}multiset M. p x] = x \# xs \Longrightarrow p x
    by (metis filter-set insert-iff list.set(2) member-filter)
lemma mset-minus-single-eq-mempty:
    a - \{\#b\#\} = \{\#\} \longleftrightarrow a = \{\#b\#\} \lor a = \{\#\}\}
   by (metis Multiset.diff-cancel add.right-neutral diff-single-eq-union
       diff-single-trivial zero-diff)
lemma size-mset-le-2-cases:
    assumes size W \leq 2
    shows W = \{\#\} \lor (\exists a. \ W = \{\#a\#\}) \lor (\exists a \ b. \ W = \{\#a,b\#\})
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1-left assms linorder-not-less nat-less-le
       not-less-eq-eq\ ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.le-iff-add\ size-1-singleton-mset
       size-eq-0-iff-empty size-mset-2)
lemma filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-eqD:
    assumes [x \leftarrow sorted\text{-}list\text{-}of\text{-}multiset A. p x] = x \# xs (is ?comp = -)
   \mathbf{shows}\ x\in \#\ A
proof -
    have x \in set ?comp
       using assms by simp
    then have x \in set (sorted-list-of-multiset A)
       by simp
    then show x \in \# A
       \mathbf{by} \ simp
qed
lemma clause-rewatch-witness':
    fixes UWC :: 'a literal list and
       S :: (('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit, 'd, 'e, 'f) twl-state and
       L::('a,\ 'b,\ 'c) marked-lit and C:: 'a literal multiset twl-clause
    defines C' \equiv (if - lit \text{-} of L \in \# watched C then
           case filter (\lambda L'. L' \notin \# watched C \land -L' \notin lits-of (L \# trail S)) UWC of
               [] \Rightarrow C
           \mid L' \# - \Rightarrow
                TWL	ext{-}Clause \ (watched \ C - \{\#-\ lit\mbox{-}of\ L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\}) \ (unwatched\ C - \{\#L'\#\} + \{\#-\ lit\mbox{-}of\ L\#\} + \{\#-\ lit\mbo\ L\#\} + \{\#-\ lit\mbox{-}of\ L\#\} + \{\#-\ lit\mbox{-}of\ L\#\} + \{\#-\ 
L\#\})
       else
           C
    assumes
        UWC: set\ UWC = set\text{-}mset\ (unwatched\ C) and
        wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ (trail \ S) \ C \ \mathbf{and}
        n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
        undef: undefined-lit (trail S) (lit-of L)
    shows wf-twl-cls (L \# trail S) C'
```

```
proof (cases - lit\text{-}of L \in \# watched C)
 case False
 then have wf-twl-cls (L \# trail S) C
   apply (cases C)
   using wf n-d undef apply (clarify)
   unfolding wf-twl-cls.simps
   apply (intro conjI)
       apply blast
      apply blast
     apply blast
    apply (smt ball-mset-cong bspec-mset insert-iff lits-of-cons nat-neq-iff twl-clause.sel(1)
      uminus-of-uminus-id)
    apply (auto simp: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of)
   done
 then show ?thesis
   using False C'-def by simp
next
 case falsified: True
 let ?unwatched-nonfalsified =
   [L' \leftarrow UWC. \ L' \notin \# \ watched \ C \land - L' \notin lits\text{-}of \ (L \# \ trail \ S)]
 obtain W \ UW where C: C = TWL-Clause W \ UW
   by (cases C)
 show ?thesis
 proof (cases ?unwatched-nonfalsified)
   case Nil
   show ?thesis
     using falsified Nil
     apply (simp only: wf-twl-cls.simps if-True list.cases C C'-def)
     apply (intro\ conjI)
     proof goal-cases
      case 1
      then show ?case using wf C by simp
     next
      case 2
      then show ?case using wf C by simp
     next
      case \beta
      then show ?case using wf C by simp
     next
      case 4
      have \bigwedge p l. filter p UWC \neq [] \lor l \notin set\text{-mset } UW \lor \neg p \ l
        using UWC unfolding C by (metis\ (no-types)\ filter-empty-conv\ twl-clause.sel(2))
      then show ?case
        using 4(2) unfolding Ball-mset-def by (metis (lifting) mem-set-mset-iff twl-clause.sel(1))
     next
      case 5
      then show ?case
        using C apply simp
        using wf by (smt ball-msetI bspec-mset not-gr0 uminus-of-uminus-id
          watched-decided-most-recently.simps wf-twl-cls.simps)
     \mathbf{qed}
 next
```

```
case (Cons\ L'\ Ls)
show ?thesis
 unfolding rewatch-nat-def C'-def
 using falsified Cons
 apply (simp only: wf-twl-cls.simps if-True list.cases C)
 apply (intro\ conjI)
 proof goal-cases
   case 1
   have distinct-mset (watched (TWL-Clause W UW))
     using wf unfolding C by auto
   moreover have L' \notin \# watched (TWL\text{-}Clause\ W\ UW) - \{\#-\ lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}
     using 1(2) not-gr0 by (fastforce dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
   ultimately show ?case
     by (auto simp: distinct-mset-single-add)
 next
   case 2
   then show ?case using wf C by (metis insert-DiffM2 size-single size-union twl-clause.sel(1)
     wf-twl-cls.simps)
 next
   case 3
   then show ?case
     using wf C UWC by (force simp: mset-minus-single-eq-mempty dest: subset-singletonD)
 next
   case 4
   have H: \forall L \in \#W. - L \in lits\text{-}of (trail S) \longrightarrow
     (\forall L' \in \#UW. \ count \ W \ L' = 0 \longrightarrow -L' \in lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S))
     using wf by (auto simp: C)
   have W: size W \leq 2 and W-UW: size W < 2 \longrightarrow set-mset UW \subseteq set-mset W
     using wf by (auto simp: C)
   have distinct: distinct-mset W
     using wf by (auto simp: C)
   show ?case
     using 4
     {\bf unfolding} \ \ C \ watched-decided-most-recently. simps \ Ball-mset-def \ twl-clause. sel
     apply (intro allI impI)
     apply (rename-tac \ xW \ xUW)
     apply (case-tac - lit-of L = xW; case-tac xW = xUW; case-tac L' = xW)
            apply (auto\ simp:\ uminus-lit-swap)[2]
          apply (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
         using H size-mset-le-2-cases [OF \ W]
         using distinct apply (fastforce split: split-if-asm simp: distinct-mset-size-2)
        using distinct apply (fastforce split: split-if-asm simp: distinct-mset-size-2)
       using distinct apply (fastforce split: split-if-asm simp: distinct-mset-size-2)
      apply (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
     using size-mset-le-2-cases[OF W] H by (fastforce simp: uminus-lit-swap
       dest: filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-ConsD filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-eqD)
 next
   case 5
   have H: \forall x. \ x \in \# \ W \longrightarrow -x \in lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S) \longrightarrow (\forall x. \ x \in \# \ UW \longrightarrow count \ W \ x = 0)
     \longrightarrow -x \in lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S))
     using wf by (auto simp: C)
   show ?case
```

```
using 5 unfolding C watched-decided-most-recently.simps Ball-mset-def
        apply (intro allI impI conjI)
        apply (rename-tac \ xW \ x)
        apply (case-tac - lit-of L = xW; case-tac xW = x)
           apply (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)[3]
        apply (case-tac - lit-of L = x)
         using H UWC C apply (force dest!: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
        apply (clarsimp)
        using H C UWC by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
          list.set-intros(1) mem-Collect-eq set-mset-def twl-clause.sel(2))
     qed
 qed
qed
lemma wf-rewatch-nat':
 assumes
   wf: wf-twl-cls (trail S) C and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) (lit-of L)
 shows wf-twl-cls (L \# trail S) (rewatch-nat L S C)
 using clause-rewatch-witness'[of sorted-list-of-multiset (unwatched C) C S L]
 assms by (auto simp: rewatch-nat-def)
interpretation twl: abstract-twl watch-nat rewatch-nat sorted-list-of-multiset learned-clss
 apply unfold-locales
 apply (rule clause-watch-nat; simp)
 apply (rule wf-watch-nat; simp)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-nat)
 apply (rule wf-rewatch-nat'; simp)
 apply (rule mset-sorted-list-of-multiset)
 apply (rule subset-mset.order-refl)
 done
21.5
        Interpretation for cdcl_W.cdcl_W
{f context} abstract-twl
begin
21.5.1
          Direct Interpretation
interpretation rough-cdcl: state<sub>W</sub> trail raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting
 cons\text{-}trail\ tl\text{-}trail\ add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ remove\text{-}cls\ update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
 update-conflicting init-state restart'
 apply unfold-locales
 apply (simp-all add: add-init-cls-def add-learned-cls-def clause-rewatch clause-watch
   cons-trail-def remove-cls-def restart'-def tl-trail-def)
 apply (rule image-mset-subseteq-mono[OF restart-learned])
 done
interpretation rough-cdcl: cdcl_W trail raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting
 cons-trail tl-trail add-init-cls add-learned-cls remove-cls update-backtrack-lvl
 update-conflicting init-state restart'
 by unfold-locales
```

```
interpretation cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  rough-cdcl.clauses
 \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail S
 \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
 \lambda L S. \ lit-of \ L \in fst \ `candidates-propagate \ S
 \lambda- S. conflicting S = None
 \lambda C \ C' \ L' \ S. \ C \in candidates\text{-}conflict \ S \land distinct\text{-}mset \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \land \neg tautology \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\})
 by unfold-locales
           Opaque Type with Invariant
21.5.2
declare rough-cdcl.state-simp[simp del]
definition cons-trail-twl :: ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'v wf-twl \Rightarrow 'v wf-twl
 where
cons-trail-twl L S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (cons-trail L (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-state-cons-trail:
  undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ (lit-of\ L) \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state\ S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state\ (cons-trail\ L\ S)
 unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: cons-trail-def wf-rewatch defined-lit-map)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail:
  undefined-lit (trail-twl S) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
    rough-state-of-twl (cons-trail-twl L(S) = cons-trail L(congh-state-of-twl S)
  using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-cons-trail
  unfolding cons-trail-twl-def by blast
abbreviation add-init-cls-twl where
add-init-cls-twl CS \equiv twl-of-rough-state (add-init-cls C (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-add-init-cls: wf-twl-state S \implies wf-twl-state (add-init-cls L S)
 unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: wf-watch add-init-cls-def split: split-if-asm)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-add-init-cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (add-init-cls-twl L S) = add-init-cls L (rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-add-init-cls by blast
abbreviation add-learned-cls-twl where
add-learned-cls-twl CS \equiv twl-of-rough-state (add-learned-cls C (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-add-learned-cls: wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (add-learned-cls L S)
  unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: wf-watch add-learned-cls-def split: split-if-asm)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-add-learned-cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (add-learned-cls-twl L S) = add-learned-cls L (rough-state-of-twl S)
  using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-add-learned-cls by blast
abbreviation remove-cls-twl where
remove\text{-}cls\text{-}twl\ C\ S \equiv twl\text{-}of\text{-}rough\text{-}state\ (remove\text{-}cls\ C\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\ S))
lemma wf-twl-remove-cls: wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (remove-cls L S)
  unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: wf-watch remove-cls-def split: split-if-asm)
```

```
lemma rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (remove-cls-twl L(S)) = remove-cls L(rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-remove-cls by blast
abbreviation init-state-twl where
init-state-twl N \equiv twl-of-rough-state (init-state N)
{\bf lemma}\ \textit{wf-twl-state-wf-twl-state-fold-add-init-cls}:
 assumes wf-twl-state S
 shows wf-twl-state (fold add-init-cls N S)
 using assms apply (induction N arbitrary: S)
  apply (auto simp: wf-twl-state-def)[]
 by (simp add: wf-twl-add-init-cls)
lemma wf-twl-state-epsilon-state[simp]:
  wf-twl-state (TWL-State [] {#} {#} <math>0 None)
 by (auto simp: wf-twl-state-def)
lemma wf-twl-init-state: wf-twl-state (init-state N)
  unfolding init-state-def by (auto intro!: wf-twl-state-wf-twl-state-fold-add-init-cls)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-init-state:
  rough-state-of-twl (init-state-twl N) = init-state N
 by (simp add: twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-init-state)
abbreviation tl-trail-twl where
tl-trail-twl S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (tl-trail (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-state-tl-trail: wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (tl-trail S)
 by (simp add: twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-init-state wf-twl-cls-wf-twl-cls-tl
   tl-trail-def wf-twl-state-def distinct-tl map-tl)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail:
  rough-state-of-twl (tl-trail-twl S) = tl-trail (rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-tl-trail by blast
abbreviation update-backtrack-lvl-twl where
update-backtrack-lvl-twl\ k\ S \equiv twl-of-rough-state\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S))
lemma wf-twl-state-update-backtrack-lvl:
  wf-twl-state <math>S \implies wf-twl-state (update-backtrack-lvl k S)
 unfolding wf-twl-state-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\text{-}update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\text{:}}
  rough-state-of-twl (update-backtrack-lvl-twl k S) = update-backtrack-lvl k
   (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-update-backtrack-lvl by fast
abbreviation update-conflicting-twl where
update-conflicting-twl\ k\ S \equiv twl-of-rough-state\ (update-conflicting\ k\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S))
lemma wf-twl-state-update-conflicting:
  wf-twl-state <math>S \implies wf-twl-state (update-conflicting <math>k S)
 unfolding wf-twl-state-def by auto
```

```
lemma rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting:
  rough-state-of-twl (update-conflicting-twl k S) = update-conflicting k
   (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-update-conflicting by fast
abbreviation raw-clauses-twl where
raw-clauses-twl S \equiv raw-clauses (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation restart-twl where
restart-twl S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (restart' (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-wf-restart': wf-twl-state S \implies wf-twl-state (restart' S)
  unfolding restart'-def wf-twl-state-def apply standard
  apply clarify
  apply (rename-tac \ x)
  apply (subgoal-tac wf-twl-cls (trail S) x)
   apply (case-tac \ x)
 using restart-learned by fastforce+
\mathbf{lemma}\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}twl\text{:}
  rough-state-of-twl (restart-twl S) = restart' (rough-state-of-twl S)
 by (simp add: twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-wf-restart')
interpretation cdcl_W-twl-NOT: dpll-state
 \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail-twl S)
 raw-clauses-twl
 \lambda L\ S.\ cons-trail-twl (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail-twl S
 \lambda C S. \ add-learned-cls-twl C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls-twl C S
 apply unfold-locales
        apply (simp add: rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail)
       apply (metis rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail rough-cdcl.tl-trail)
      apply (metis rough-state-of-twl-add-learned-cls rough-cdcl.trail-add-cls_{NOT})
     apply (metis rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls rough-cdcl.trail-remove-cls)
    apply (simp add: rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail)
   apply (simp add: twl.rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail)
  \mathbf{using}\ rough\text{-}cdcl. clauses\text{-}add\text{-}cls_{NOT}\ rough\text{-}cdcl. clauses\text{-}def\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\text{-}add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls
  apply auto[1]
  using rough-cdcl.clauses-def rough-cdcl.clauses-remove-cls rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls by auto
interpretation cdcl_W-twl: state_W
  trail-twl
  init-clss-twl
  learned-clss-twl
  backtrack-lvl-twl
  conflicting-twl
  cons-trail-twl
  tl-trail-twl
  add-init-cls-twl
  add-learned-cls-twl
  remove-cls-twl
  update-backtrack-lvl-twl
  update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl
```

```
init-state-twl
    restart-twl
   apply unfold-locales
    by (simp-all add: rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail
        rough-state-of-twl-add-init-cls\ rough-state-of-twl-add-learned-cls\ rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls\ rough-state-of-twl-add-init-cls\ rough-state-of-twl-add-learned-cls\ rough-state-of-twl-add-init-cls\ rough-state-of-twl-add-init
        rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting
        rough-state-of-twl-init-state rough-state-of-twl-restart-twl
        rough-cdcl.learned-clss-restart-state)
interpretation cdcl_W-twl: cdcl_W
    trail-twl
    init-clss-twl
    learned-clss-twl
    backtrack-lvl-twl
    conflicting-twl
    cons-trail-twl
    tl-trail-twl
    add-init-cls-twl
    add-learned-cls-twl
    remove\text{-}cls\text{-}twl
    update-backtrack-lvl-twl
    update-conflicting-twl
    init\text{-}state\text{-}twl
    restart\text{-}twl
   by unfold-locales
sublocale cdcl_W
    trail-twl
    init-clss-twl
    learned-clss-twl
    backtrack-lvl-twl
    conflicting-twl
    cons-trail-twl
    tl-trail-twl
    add-init-cls-twl
    add-learned-cls-twl
    remove-cls-twl
    update-backtrack-lvl-twl
    update	ext{-}conflicting	ext{-}twl
    init-state-twl
    restart-twl
   apply (rule\ cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W-axioms)
oops
abbreviation state\text{-}eq\text{-}twl \text{ (infix } \sim TWL 51) \text{ where}
state-eq-twl\ S\ S' \equiv rough-cdcl.state-eq\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S)\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S')
notation cdcl_W-twl.state-eq (infix \sim 51)
declare cdcl_W-twl.state-simp[simp\ del]
    cdcl_W-twl-NOT.state-simp_{NOT}[simp\ del]
To avoid ambiguities:
no-notation CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals.twl.state-eq-twl (infix \sim TWL 51)
definition propagate-twl where
propagate-twl\ S\ S'\longleftrightarrow
```

```
(\exists L \ C. \ (L, \ C) \in candidates\text{-}propagate\text{-}twl\ S
 \land S' \sim TWL \ cons-trail-twl (Propagated L C) S
 \land conflicting-twl\ S = None
lemma propagate-twl-iff-propagate:
  assumes inv: cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-twl.propagate S T \longleftrightarrow propagate-twl S T (is ?P \longleftrightarrow ?T)
proof
 assume ?P
 then obtain CL where
   conflicting (rough-state-of-twl S) = None  and
   CL-Clauses: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ cdcl_W-twl.clauses S and
   tr-CNot: trail-twl S \models as CNot C and
   undef-lot: undefined-lit (trail-twl S) L and
   T \sim cons-trail-twl (Propagated L (C + {#L#})) S
   unfolding cdcl_W-twl.propagate.simps by blast
  have distinct-mset (C + \{\#L\#\})
   using inv CL-Clauses unfolding cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   cdcl_W-twl.distinct-cdcl_W-state-def cdcl_W-twl.clauses-def distinct-mset-set-def
   \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis}\ (\textit{no-types},\ \textit{lifting})\ \textit{add-gr-0}\ \ \textit{mem-set-mset-iff}\ \textit{plus-multiset.rep-eq})
  then have C-L-L: mset\text{-set}\ (set\text{-}mset\ (C+\{\#L\#\})-\{L\})=C
   by (metis Un-insert-right add-diff-cancel-left' add-diff-cancel-right'
     distinct-mset-set-mset-ident finite-set-mset insert-absorb2 mset-set.insert-remove
     set-mset-single set-mset-union)
 have (L, C+\{\#L\#\}) \in candidates-propagate-twl S
   apply (rule wf-candidates-propagate-complete)
        using rough-state-of-twl apply auto[]
       using CL-Clauses unfolding cdcl_W-twl.clauses-def apply auto[]
      apply simp
     using C-L-L tr-CNot apply simp
    using undef-lot apply blast
    done
  show ?T unfolding propagate-twl-def
   apply (rule exI[of - L], rule exI[of - C + \{\#L\#\}])
   apply (auto simp: \langle (L, C + \{\#L\#\}) \in candidates\text{-}propagate\text{-}twl S \rangle
     \langle conflicting (rough-state-of-twl S) = None \rangle
   using \langle T \sim cons-trail-twl (Propagated L (C + {#L#})) S \sim cdcl_W-twl.state-eq-backtrack-lvl
   cdcl_W-twl.state-eq-conflicting cdcl_W-twl.state-eq-init-clss
   cdcl_W-twl.state-eq-learned-clss cdcl_W-twl.state-eq-trail rough-cdcl.state-eq-def by blast
next
 assume ?T
 then obtain L C where
   LC: (L, C) \in candidates-propagate-twl S and
   T: T \sim TWL \ cons-trail-twl \ (Propagated \ L \ C) \ S \ {\bf and}
   confl: conflicting (rough-state-of-twl S) = None
   unfolding propagate-twl-def by auto
 have [simp]: C - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} = C
   using LC unfolding candidates-propagate-def
   by clarify (metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-right' count-diff insert-DiffM
     multi-member-last not-gr0 zero-diff)
 have C \in \# raw\text{-}clauses\text{-}twl\ S
   using LC unfolding candidates-propagate-def rough-cdcl.clauses-def by auto
  then have distinct-mset C
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-twl.distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
   cdcl_W-twl.clauses-def distinct-mset-set-def rough-cdcl.clauses-def by auto
```

```
then have C-L-L: mset-set (set-mset C - \{L\}) = C - \{\#L\#\}
   by (metis \ C - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} = C) add-left-imp-eq diff-single-trivial
     distinct-mset-set-mset-ident finite-set-mset mem-set-mset-iff mset-set.remove
     multi-self-add-other-not-self union-commute)
 show ?P
   apply (rule cdcl_W-twl.propagate.intros[of - trail-twl S init-clss-twl S
     learned-clss-twl S backtrack-lvl-twl S C-\{\#L\#\} L])
       using confl apply auto[]
      using LC unfolding candidates-propagate-def apply (auto simp: cdcl_W-twl.clauses-def)[]
     using wf-candidates-propagate-sound OF - LC rough-state-of-twl apply (simp add: C-L-L)
    using wf-candidates-propagate-sound[OF - LC] rough-state-of-twl apply simp
   using T unfolding cdcl_W-twl.state-eq-def rough-cdcl.state-eq-def by auto
qed
term local.state-eq-twl
\mathbf{term}\ CDCL\text{-}Two\text{-}Watched\text{-}Literals.twl.state\text{-}eg\text{-}twl
definition conflict-twl where
conflict-twl S S' \longleftrightarrow
  (\exists C. C \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl\ S
 \land S' \sim TWL \ update\text{-conflicting-twl} \ (Some \ C) \ S
 \land conflicting-twl\ S = None
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{conflict-twl-iff-conflict} \colon
 shows cdcl_W-twl.conflict S T \longleftrightarrow conflict-twl S T (is ?C \longleftrightarrow ?T)
proof
 assume ?C
 then obtain M N U k C where
   S: rough-cdcl.state (rough-state-of-twl S) = (M, N, U, k, None) and
   C: C \in \# cdcl_W \text{-}twl.clauses S \text{ and }
   M-C: M \models as CNot C and
   T: T \sim update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some C) S
   by auto
 have C \in candidates-conflict-twl S
   apply (rule wf-candidates-conflict-complete)
      apply simp
     using C apply (auto simp: cdcl_W-twl.clauses-def)
   using M-C S by auto
  moreover have T \sim TWL \ twl-of-rough-state \ (update-conflicting \ (Some \ C) \ (rough-state-of-twl \ S))
   using T unfolding rough-cdcl.state-eq-def cdcl_W-twl.state-eq-def by auto
  ultimately show ?T
   using S unfolding conflict-twl-def by auto
\mathbf{next}
  assume ?T
  then obtain C where
   C: C \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl\ S\ and
   T: T \sim TWL \ update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl \ (Some \ C) \ S \ \mathbf{and}
   confl: conflicting-twl S = None
   unfolding conflict-twl-def by auto
 have C \in \# cdcl_W \text{-}twl.clauses S
   using C unfolding candidates-conflict-def cdcl_W-twl.clauses-def by auto
moreover have trail-twl S \models as \ CNot \ C
   using wf-candidates-conflict-sound [OF - C] by auto
ultimately show ?C apply -
  apply (rule cdcl_W-twl.conflict.conflict-rule[of - - - - C])
```

```
using conft T unfolding rough-cdcl.state-eq-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-twl.state-eq-def by auto
qed
inductive cdcl_W-twl :: 'v \ wf-twl \Rightarrow 'v \ wf-twl \Rightarrow bool \ {\bf for} \ S :: 'v \ wf-twl \ {\bf where}
propagate: propagate-twl S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-twl S S'
conflict: conflict-twl S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-twl S S'
other: cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W-o S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-twl S S'
rf: cdcl_W \text{-}twl.cdcl_W \text{-}rf \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-}twl \ S \ S'
lemma cdcl_W-twl-iff-cdcl_W:
 assumes cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-twl S T \longleftrightarrow cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W S T
 by (simp add: assms cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-twl.simps conflict-twl-iff-conflict
   propagate-twl-iff-propagate)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-twl-all-struct-inv-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-twl^{**} S T and cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (simp-all\ add:\ cdcl_W-twl-iff-cdcl_W\ cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-twl-iff-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
 assumes cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-twl^{**} S T \longleftrightarrow cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W^{**} S T (is ?T \longleftrightarrow ?W)
proof
 assume ?W
 then show ?T
   proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
   next
     case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
     have cdcl_W-twl T U
       using assms st cdcl cdcl_W-twl.rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-twl-iff-cdcl_W
       by blast
     then show ?case using IH by auto
   qed
next
 assume ?T
 then show ?W
   proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
   next
     case (step\ T\ U) note st=this(1) and cdcl=this(2) and IH=this(3)
     have cdcl_W-twl.cdcl_W T U
       using assms st cdcl rtranclp-cdcl_W-twl-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-twl-iff-cdcl_W
       by blast
     then show ?case using IH by auto
   qed
qed
interpretation cdcl_{NOT}-twl: backjumping-ops
  \lambda S. \ convert-trail-from-W \ (trail-twl \ S)
  abstract\hbox{-}twl.raw\hbox{-}clauses\hbox{-}twl
```

```
\lambda L (S:: 'v wf-twl).
   cons-trail-twl
     (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) (S:: 'v wf-twl)
  tl-trail-twl
  add-learned-cls-twl
  remove-cls-twl
  \lambda C - - (S:: 'v \text{ wf-twl}) -. C \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl S
 by unfold-locales
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning-twl:
 assumes trail-twl\ S = convert-trail-from-NOT\ (F' @ F)
 shows trail-twl\ (cdcl_W-twl.reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S) = convert-trail-from-NOT\ F
 using assms by (induction F' arbitrary: S) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-trail-tl-trail-twl-decomp[simp]:
  trail-twl\ S = convert-trail-from-NOT\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F) \Longrightarrow
    trail-twl\ (cdcl_W-twl.reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ (tl-trail-twl\ S)) = convert-trail-from-NOT\ F
 apply (rule reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning-twl[of - tl (F' \otimes Marked K () # [])])
 by (cases F') (auto simp add:tl-append rough-cdcl.reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning)
lemma trail-twl-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-drop:
  trail-twl \ (cdcl_W-twl.reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ F \ S) =
   (if \ length \ (trail-twl \ S) \ge length \ F
   then drop (length (trail-twl S) – length F) (trail-twl S)
   else [])
 apply (induction F S rule: cdcl_W-twl.reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 apply (rename-tac \ F \ S)
 apply (case-tac trail-twl S)
  apply auto
 apply (rename-tac list)
 apply (case-tac Suc (length list) > length F)
  prefer 2 apply simp
 apply (subgoal-tac Suc (length list) – length F = Suc (length list – length F))
  apply simp
 apply \ simp
 done
interpretation cdcl_{NOT}-twl: dpll-with-backjumping-ops
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail-twl S)
  abstract-twl.raw-clauses-twl
 \lambda L S.
   cons-trail-twl
     (convert\text{-}marked\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}NOT\ L)\ S
  tl-trail-twl
  add-learned-cls-twl
  remove-cls-twl
 \lambda L \ S. \ lit-of \ L \in fst \ `candidates-propagate-twl \ S
 \lambda S. no-dup (trail-twl S)
 \lambda C - - S -. C \in candidates-conflict-twl S
proof (unfold-locales, goal-cases)
  case (1 \ C' \ S \ C \ F' \ K \ F \ L) note n\text{-}d = this(1) and n\text{-}d' = this(2) and undef = this(6)
 let ?T' = (cons-trail\ (Propagated\ L\ \{\#\})\ (rough-state-of-twl\ (cdcl_W-twl.reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S)))
 let ?T = (cons\text{-}trail\text{-}twl \ (Propagated \ L \ \{\#\}) \ (cdcl_W\text{-}twl.reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \ F \ S))
 have tr-F-S: map\ lit-of\ (trail-twl\ (cdcl_W-twl.reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S)) =
   map lit-of (convert-trail-from-NOT F)
```

```
apply (subst trail-twl-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-drop[of F[S])
   using 1(1) arg-cong[OF 1(3), of length] arg-cong[OF 1(3), of map lit-of]
   by (auto simp: o-def drop-map[symmetric])
  have no-dup (trail-twl S)
   using 1(1) by blast
  have wf-twl-state (rough-state-of-twl (cdcl_W-twl.reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S))
   \mathbf{using}\ \textit{wf-twl-state-rough-state-of-twl}\ \mathbf{by}\ \textit{blast}
  moreover have undef': undefined-lit (trail-twl (cdcl_W-twl.reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S)) L
   using undef arg-cong [OF tr-F-S, of map atm-of] unfolding defined-lit-map image-set
   by (simp \ add: \ o\text{-}def)
  ultimately have wf-twl-state ?T'
   by (simp-all add: wf-twl-state-cons-trail)
  then have init-clss-twl ?T = init-clss-twl (cdcl_W - twl. reduce - trail - to_{NOT} FS)
     using 1(6) by (simp add: undef')
  then have [simp]: init-clss-twl ?T = init-clss-twl S
    by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-twl.reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-reduce-trail-convert)
  have learned-clss-twl ?T = learned-clss-twl (cdcl_W-twl.reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S)
   by (smt\ 1(3)\ 1(6)\ append-assoc\ cdcl_W-twl.learned-clss-cons-trail
      cdcl_W-twl-NOT.reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq-length cdcl_W-twl-NOT.reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-nil
      cdcl_W-twl-NOT.reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-skip-beginning comp-apply defined-lit-convert-trail-from-W
     list.sel(3) \ marked-lit.sel(2) \ rev.simps(2) \ rev-append \ rev-eq-Cons-iff
     cons-trail-twl-def)
  moreover have learned-clss-twl (cdcl_W-twl.reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S)
    = learned-clss-twl S
   by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W\ -twl.reduce\ -trail\ -to_{NOT}\ -reduce\ -trail\ -convert)
  ultimately have [simp]: learned-clss-twl ?T = learned-clss-twl S
   by simp
  have tr-L-F-S: map\ lit-of\ (trail-twl\ ?T)
    = map \ lit-of \ (Propagated \ L \ \{\#\} \ \# \ convert-trail-from-NOT \ F)
   using undef' tr-F-S by (simp add: o-def)
  have C-confl-cand: C \in candidates-conflict-twl S
   apply(rule\ wf\ -candidates\ -twl\ -conflict\ -complete)
    using 1(1,4) apply (simp add: rough-cdcl.clauses-def)
   using 1(5) by (simp add: tr-L-F-S true-annots-true-cls lits-of-convert-trail-from-NOT)
  have cdcl_{NOT}-twl.backjump S
   (cons-trail-twl\ (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT\ (Propagated\ L\ ()))
     (cdcl_W - twl. reduce - trail - to_{NOT} F S))
   \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{twl}.\mathit{backjump}.\mathit{intros}[\mathit{of} \ \mathit{S} \ \mathit{F'} \ \mathit{K} \ \mathit{F} \ \mathit{-} \ \mathit{L} \ \mathit{C}, \ \mathit{OF} \ \mathit{1}(3) \ \mathit{-} \ \mathit{1}(4-6) \ \mathit{-} \ \mathit{1}(8-9)])
     unfolding cdcl_W-twl-NOT.state-eq_{NOT}-def apply (metis\ convert-marked-lit-from-NOT.simps(1))
    using 1(7) 1(3) apply presburger
   using C-confl-cand by simp
  then show ?case
   \mathbf{by} blast
qed
interpretation cdcl_{NOT}-twl: dpll-with-backjumping
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail-twl S)
  abstract\hbox{-}twl.raw\hbox{-}clauses\hbox{-}twl
  \lambda L \ (S:: 'v \ wf\text{-}twl).
    cons-trail-twl
     (convert\text{-}marked\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}NOT\ L)\ (S:: 'v\ wf\text{-}twl)
  tl-trail-twl
```

```
add-learned-cls-twl
  remove-cls-twl
  \lambda L \ S. \ lit-of \ L \in fst \ `candidates-propagate-twl \ S
  \lambda S. no-dup (trail-twl S)
  \lambda C - - (S:: 'v wf-twl) -. C \in candidates-conflict-twl S
 apply unfold-locales
  using cdcl_{NOT}-twl.dpll-bj-no-dup by (simp\ add:\ o-def)
end
end
theory Prop-Superposition
imports Partial-Clausal-Logic .../lib/Herbrand-Interpretation
begin
sledgehammer-params[verbose]
no-notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls (infix \models 50)
notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls (infix \models h 50)
no-notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-clss (infix \models s 50)
notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-clss (infix \models hs 50)
lemma herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls:
  S \models h \ C \longleftrightarrow \{Pos \ P \mid P. \ P \in S\} \cup \{Neg \ P \mid P. \ P \notin S\} \models C
  unfolding Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls-def Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-cls-def
 by auto
lemma herbrand-consistent-interp:
  consistent-interp (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\})
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma herbrand-total-over-set:
  total\text{-}over\text{-}set\ (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\})\ T
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma herbrand-total-over-m:
  total-over-m (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\}) T
  unfolding total-over-m-def by (auto simp add: herbrand-total-over-set)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-clss}\colon
  S \models hs \ C \longleftrightarrow \{Pos \ P|P. \ P \in S\} \cup \{Neg \ P|P. \ P \notin S\} \models s \ C
  unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls
  Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-clss-def by auto
definition clss-lt :: 'a::wellorder clauses \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses where
clss-lt N C = \{D \in N. D \# \subset \# C\}
notation (latex output)
 clss-lt (-<^bsup>-<^esup>)
locale selection =
  fixes S :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ clause
  assumes
    S-selects-subseteq: \bigwedge C. S C \leq \# C and
   S-selects-neg-lits: \bigwedge C L. L \in \# S C \Longrightarrow is-neg L
```

 ${f locale}\ ground{\it -resolution-with-selection} =$

```
selection S for S :: ('a :: wellorder) clause \Rightarrow 'a clause
begin
context
 fixes N :: 'a \ clause \ set
begin
We do not create an equivalent of \delta, but we directly defined N_C by inlining the definition.
 production :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ interp
where
 production C =
  \{A.\ C\in N\land C\neq \{\#\}\land Max\ (set\text{-mset}\ C)=Pos\ A\land count\ C\ (Pos\ A)\leq 1\}
    \land \neg (\bigcup D \in \{D. \ D \ \# \subset \# \ C\}. \ production \ D) \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}\}
 by auto
termination by (relation \{(D, C). D \# \subset \# C\}) (auto simp: wf-less-multiset)
declare production.simps[simp del]
definition interp :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a interp where
  interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D. D \# \subset \# C\}. production D)
lemma production-unfold:
  production C = \{A. \ C \in N \land C \neq \{\#\} \land Max \ (set\text{-mset } C) = Pos \ A \land \ count \ C \ (Pos \ A) \leq 1 \land \neg
interp C \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}\}
 unfolding interp-def by (rule production.simps)
abbreviation productive A \equiv (production \ A \neq \{\})
abbreviation produces :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
  produces\ C\ A \equiv production\ C = \{A\}
lemma producesD:
  produces \ C \ A \implies C \in N \ \land \ C \neq \{\#\} \ \land \ Pos \ A = \mathit{Max} \ (\mathit{set-mset} \ C) \ \land \ \mathit{count} \ C \ (\mathit{Pos} \ A) \leq 1 \land \ \lnot
interp C \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
lemma produces C A \Longrightarrow Pos A \in \# C
  by (simp add: Max-in-lits producesD)
lemma interp'-def-in-set:
  interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D \in N. D \# \subset \# C\}. production D)
  unfolding interp-def apply auto
  unfolding production-unfold apply auto
  done
lemma production-iff-produces:
  produces\ D\ A\longleftrightarrow A\in production\ D
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
definition Interp :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a interp where
  Interp C = interp C \cup production C
lemma
```

assumes produces CP

```
shows Interp C \models h C
  unfolding Interp-def assms using producesD[OF assms]
  by (metis Max-in-lits Un-insert-right insertI1 pos-literal-in-imp-true-cls)
definition INTERP :: 'a interp where
INTERP = (\bigcup D \in N. \ production \ D)
lemma interp-subseteq-Interp[simp]: interp C \subseteq Interp \ C
  unfolding Interp-def by simp
lemma Interp-as-UNION: Interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D. D \# \subseteq \# C\}. production D)
  unfolding Interp-def interp-def le-multiset-def by fast
lemma productive-not-empty: productive C \Longrightarrow C \neq \{\#\}
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
lemma productive-imp-produces-Max-literal: productive C \Longrightarrow produces C \ (atm-of \ (Max \ (set-mset \ C)))
  unfolding production-unfold by (auto simp del: atm-of-Max-lit)
lemma productive-imp-produces-Max-atom: productive C \Longrightarrow produces \ C \ (Max \ (atms-of \ C))
  unfolding atms-of-def Max-atm-of-set-mset-commute[OF productive-not-empty]
 by (rule productive-imp-produces-Max-literal)
lemma produces-imp-Max-literal: produces C A \Longrightarrow A = atm\text{-}of (Max (set\text{-}mset C))
 by (metis Max-singleton insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-literal)
lemma produces-imp-Max-atom: produces C A \Longrightarrow A = Max \ (atms-of \ C)
 by (metis Max-singleton insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-atom)
lemma produces-imp-Pos-in-lits: produces C A \Longrightarrow Pos A \in \# C
 by (auto intro: Max-in-lits dest!: producesD)
lemma productive-in-N: productive C \Longrightarrow C \in N
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
lemma produces-imp-atms-leg: produces C A \Longrightarrow B \in atms-of C \Longrightarrow B < A
 by (metis Max-qe finite-atms-of insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-atom
   singleton-inject)
lemma produces-imp-neg-notin-lits: produces C A \Longrightarrow \neg Neg A \in \# C
 by (auto intro!: pos-Max-imp-neg-notin dest: producesD simp del: not-gr0)
lemma less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies interp C \subseteq interp D
  unfolding interp-def by auto (metis multiset-order.order.strict-trans2)
lemma less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow interp C \subseteq Interp D
 unfolding Interp-def using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp by blast
lemma less-imp-production-subseteq-interp: C \# \subset \# D \Longrightarrow production C \subseteq interp D
  unfolding interp-def by fast
lemma less-eq-imp-production-subseteq-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies production C \subseteq Interp D
  unfolding Interp-def using less-imp-production-subseteq-interp
 by (metis multiset-order.le-imp-less-or-eq le-supI1 sup-ge2)
```

```
lemma less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp: C \# \subset \# D \Longrightarrow Interp C \subseteq interp D
  unfolding Interp-def
 by (auto simp: less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp less-imp-production-subseteq-interp)
lemma less-eq-imp-Interp-subseteq-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow Interp \ C \subseteq Interp \ D
  using less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp
  unfolding Interp-def by (metis multiset-order.le-imp-less-or-eq le-supI2 subset-refl sup-commute)
lemma false-Interp-to-true-interp-imp-less-multiset: A \notin Interp\ C \Longrightarrow A \in interp\ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \#
 using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma false-interp-to-true-interp-imp-less-multiset: A \notin interp \ C \Longrightarrow A \in interp \ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \# \ D
  using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma false-Interp-to-true-Interp-imp-less-multiset: A \notin Interp\ C \Longrightarrow A \in Interp\ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \#
  using less-eq-imp-Interp-subseteq-Interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma false-interp-to-true-Interp-imp-le-multiset: A \notin interp \ C \Longrightarrow A \in Interp \ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subseteq \# \ D
  using less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma interp-subseteq-INTERP: interp C \subseteq INTERP
  unfolding interp-def INTERP-def by (auto simp: production-unfold)
lemma production-subseteq-INTERP: production C \subseteq INTERP
  unfolding INTERP-def using production-unfold by blast
lemma Interp-subseteq-INTERP: Interp C \subseteq INTERP
  unfolding Interp-def by (auto intro!: interp-subseteq-INTERP production-subseteq-INTERP)
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 66 of CW.
lemma produces-imp-in-interp:
 assumes a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and d: produces D A
 shows A \in interp \ C
proof -
 from d have Max (set\text{-}mset D) = Pos A
   using production-unfold by blast
 hence D \# \subset \# \{ \#Neg A \# \}
   by (auto intro: Max-pos-neg-less-multiset)
 moreover have \{\#Neg\ A\#\}\ \#\subseteq\#\ C
   \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{less-eq-imp-le-multiset}) \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{mset-le-single}[\mathit{OF} \ \mathit{a-in-c}[\mathit{unfolded} \ \mathit{mem-set-mset-iff}]])
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using d by (blast dest: less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp less-imp-production-subseteq-interp)
ged
lemma neg-notin-Interp-not-produce: Neg A \in \# C \Longrightarrow A \notin Interp D \Longrightarrow C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow \neg produces
 by (auto dest: produces-imp-in-interp less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp)
lemma in-production-imp-produces: A \in production \ C \Longrightarrow produces \ C \ A
 by (metis insert-absorb productive-imp-produces-Max-atom singleton-insert-inj-eq')
lemma not-produces-imp-notin-production: \neg produces C A \Longrightarrow A \notin production C
 by (metis in-production-imp-produces)
```

```
unfolding interp-def by (fast intro!: in-production-imp-produces)
The results below corresponds to Lemma 3.4.
Nitpicking: If D = D' and D is productive, I^D \subseteq I_{D'} does not hold.
lemma true-Interp-imp-general:
 assumes
   c\text{-le-}d: C \# \subseteq \# D and
   d-lt-d': D \# \subset \# D' and
   c-at-d: Interp D \models h \ C and
   subs: interp D' \subseteq (\bigcup C \in CC. production C)
 shows (\bigcup C \in CC. production C) \models h C
proof (cases \exists A. Pos A \in \# C \land A \in Interp D)
  case True
 then obtain A where a-in-c: Pos A \in \# C and a-at-d: A \in Interp D
   by blast
 from a-at-d have A \in interp D'
   using d-lt-d' less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp by blast
 thus ?thesis
   using subs a-in-c by (blast dest: contra-subsetD)
next
  case False
 then obtain A where a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and A \notin Interp D
   using c-at-d unfolding true-cls-def by blast
 hence \bigwedge D''. \neg produces D'' A
   using c-le-d neg-notin-Interp-not-produce by simp
 thus ?thesis
   using a-in-c subs not-produces-imp-notin-production by auto
qed
lemma true-Interp-imp-interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies D \# \subset \# D' \implies Interp D \models h C \implies interp D' \models h C
 using interp-def true-Interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-Interp-imp-Interp: C \#\subseteq \# D \implies D \#\subset \# D' \implies Interp D \models h C \implies Interp D' \models h C
  using Interp-as-UNION interp-subseteq-Interp true-Interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-Interp-imp-INTERP: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies Interp D \models h C \implies INTERP \models h C
 using INTERP-def interp-subseteq-INTERP
   true-Interp-imp-general[OF - less-multiset-right-total]
 by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-general:
 assumes
   c\text{-le-d}: C #\subseteq# D and
   d-lt-d': D \# \subset \# D' and
   c-at-d: interp D \models h \ C and
   subs:\ interp\ D'\subseteq (\bigcup\ C\in\ CC.\ production\ C)
 shows (\bigcup C \in CC. production C) \models h C
proof (cases \exists A. Pos A \in \# C \land A \in interp D)
 case True
  then obtain A where a-in-c: Pos A \in \# C and a-at-d: A \in interp D
   by blast
  from a-at-d have A \in interp\ D'
   using d-lt-d' less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp[OF multiset-order.less-imp-le] by blast
  thus ?thesis
```

lemma not-produces-imp-notin-interp: $(\bigwedge D. \neg produces D A) \Longrightarrow A \notin interp C$

```
using subs a-in-c by (blast dest: contra-subsetD)
next
 case False
 then obtain A where a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and A \notin interp D
   using c-at-d unfolding true-cls-def by blast
 hence \bigwedge D''. \neg produces D'' A
   using c-le-d by (auto dest: produces-imp-in-interp less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp)
 thus ?thesis
   using a-in-c subs not-produces-imp-notin-production by auto
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 66 of CW. Here the strict maximality is important
lemma true-interp-imp-interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies D \# \subseteq \# D' \implies interp D \models h C \implies interp D' \models h C
 using interp-def true-interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-Interp: C \not = \not = D \implies D \not = D' \implies interp D \not = D \implies Interp D' \not = D
 using Interp-as-UNION interp-subseteq-Interp[of D'] true-interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-INTERP: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies interp D \models h C \implies INTERP \models h C
 using INTERP-def interp-subseteq-INTERP
   true-interp-imp-general[OF-less-multiset-right-total]
 by simp
lemma productive-imp-false-interp: productive C \Longrightarrow \neg interp C \models h C
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 66 of CW. Here the strict maximality is important
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{cls-gt-double-pos-no-production} :
 assumes D: \{\#Pos\ P,\ Pos\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ C
 shows \neg produces \ C \ P
proof -
 let ?D = {\#Pos \ P, \ Pos \ P\#}
 note D' = D[unfolded\ less-multiset_{HO}]
 consider
   (P) \ count \ C \ (Pos \ P) \ge 2
 | (Q) Q  where Q > Pos P  and Q \in \# C
   using HOL.spec[OF\ HOL.conjunct2[OF\ D'],\ of\ Pos\ P] by auto
 thus ?thesis
   proof cases
     case Q
     have Q \in set\text{-}mset\ C
      using Q(2) by (auto split: split-if-asm)
     then have Max (set\text{-}mset C) > Pos P
      using Q(1) Max-gr-iff by blast
     thus ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   next
     case P
     thus ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   qed
qed
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 66 of CW.
```

lemma

```
assumes D: C+\{\#Neg\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ D
 shows production D \neq \{P\}
proof -
 note D' = D[unfolded\ less-multiset_{HO}]
 consider
   (P) Neg P \in \# D
  | (Q) Q \text{ where } Q > Neg P \text{ and } count D Q > count (C + {\#Neg P\#}) Q
   using HOL.spec[OF HOL.conjunct2[OF D'], of Neg P] by fastforce
  thus ?thesis
   proof cases
     case Q
     have Q \in set\text{-}mset\ D
       using Q(2) by (auto split: split-if-asm)
     then have Max (set\text{-}mset D) > Neg P
       using Q(1) Max-gr-iff by blast
     hence Max (set\text{-}mset D) > Pos P
       using less-trans[of Pos P Neg P Max (set-mset D)] by auto
     thus ?thesis
       unfolding production-unfold by auto
   next
     case P
     hence Max (set-mset D) > Pos P
      by (meson Max-ge finite-set-mset le-less-trans linorder-not-le mem-set-mset-iff
        pos-less-neg)
     thus ?thesis
       unfolding production-unfold by auto
   qed
qed
lemma in-interp-is-produced:
 assumes P \in INTERP
 shows \exists D. D + \{\#Pos P\#\} \in N \land produces (D + \{\#Pos P\#\}) P
 using assms unfolding INTERP-def UN-iff production-iff-produces Ball-def
 by (metis ground-resolution-with-selection.produces-imp-Pos-in-lits insert-DiffM2
   ground-resolution-with-selection-axioms\ not\text{-}produces\text{-}imp\text{-}notin\text{-}production)
end
end
abbreviation MMax M \equiv Max (set\text{-}mset M)
21.6
         We can now define the rules of the calculus
inductive superposition-rules :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where
factoring: superposition-rules (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) B\ (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})
superposition-l: superposition-rules (C_1 + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (C_2 + \{\#Neg P\#\}) (C_1 + C_2)
inductive superposition :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
superposition: A \in N \Longrightarrow B \in N \Longrightarrow superposition-rules A B C
 \implies superposition N (N \cup \{C\})
definition abstract-red :: 'a::wellorder clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
abstract-red C N = (clss-lt \ N \ C \models p \ C)
lemma less-multiset[iff]: M < N \longleftrightarrow M \# \subset \# N
```

```
unfolding less-multiset-def by auto
lemma less-eq-multiset[iff]: M \leq N \longleftrightarrow M \# \subseteq \# N
  unfolding less-eq-multiset-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{herbrand-true-clss-true-clss-cls-herbrand-true-clss}:
  assumes
   AB: A \models hs B  and
   BC: B \models p C
 shows A \models h C
proof -
 let ?I = \{Pos \ P \mid P. \ P \in A\} \cup \{Neg \ P \mid P. \ P \notin A\}
 have B: ?I \models s B  using AB
   by (auto simp add: herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-clss)
 have IH: \Lambda I. total-over-set I (atms-of C) \Longrightarrow total-over-m I B \Longrightarrow consistent-interp I
   \implies I \models s B \implies I \models C \text{ using } BC
   by (auto simp add: true-clss-cls-def)
  show ?thesis
   {\bf unfolding} \ \textit{herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls}
   by (auto intro: IH[of ?I] simp add: herbrand-total-over-set herbrand-total-over-m
      herbrand-consistent-interp B)
qed
lemma abstract-red-subset-mset-abstract-red:
 assumes
   abstr: abstract-red C N and
   c-lt-d: C \subseteq \# D
 shows abstract-red D N
proof -
 \mathbf{have}\ \{D\in \mathit{N}.\ D\ \#{\subset}\#\ \mathit{C}\}\subseteq \{\mathit{D'}\in \mathit{N}.\ \mathit{D'}\ \#{\subset}\#\ \mathit{D}\}
   using c-lt-d less-eq-imp-le-multiset by fastforce
   using abstr unfolding abstract-red-def clss-lt-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) c-lt-d subset-mset.diff-add true-clss-cls-mono-r'
      true-clss-cls-subset)
qed
{f lemma} true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}extended:
 assumes
   A \models p B  and
   tot: total-over-m I(A) and
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   I-A: I \models s A
  shows I \models B
proof -
 let ?I = I \cup \{Pos \ P | P. \ P \in atms-of \ B \land P \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
 have consistent-interp ?I
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def atms-of-s-def atms-of-def
      apply (auto 1 5 simp add: image-iff)
   by (metis\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}uminus\ literal.sel(1))
  moreover have total-over-m ?I (A \cup \{B\})
   proof -
```

obtain $aa :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ where$

```
f2: \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\exists v2. \ v2 \in x0 \ \land \ Pos \ v2 \notin x1 \ \land \ Neg \ v2 \notin x1)
                         \longleftrightarrow (aa \ x0 \ x1 \in x0 \ \land \ Pos \ (aa \ x0 \ x1) \notin x1 \ \land \ Neg \ (aa \ x0 \ x1) \notin x1)
                  by moura
             have \forall a. a \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \lor Pos \ a \in I \lor Neg \ a \in I
                  using tot by (simp add: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def)
             hence aa (atms-of-ms\ A\cup atms-of-ms\ \{B\})\ (I\cup \{Pos\ a\ | a.\ a\in atms-of\ B\wedge a\notin atms-of-s\ I\})
                  \notin atms-of-ms \ A \cup atms-of-ms \ \{B\} \lor Pos \ (aa \ (atms-of-ms \ A \cup atms-of-ms \ \{B\})
                      (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})) \in I
                           \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
                      \vee Neg (aa (atms-of-ms A \cup atms-of-ms \{B\})
                           (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})) \in I
                          \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
                 by auto
          hence total-over-set (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a.\ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\}) (atms-of-ms A \cup atms-of-ms
\{B\})
                  using f2 by (meson total-over-set-def)
             thus ?thesis
                  by (simp add: total-over-m-def)
         ged
    moreover have ?I \models s A
         using I-A by auto
    ultimately have ?I \models B
         using \langle A \models pB \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
    thus ?thesis
oops
lemma
    assumes
         CP: \neg clss-lt\ N\ (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \models p\ \{\#C\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}  and
           clss-lt\ N\ (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \models p\ \{\#E\#\} + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \lor clss-lt\ N\ (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \models p\ \{\#E\#\} + \{\#E\#\}
\{\#C\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
    shows clss-lt N (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \models p \{\#E\#\} + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}
oops
locale\ ground-ordered-resolution-with-redundancy =
     ground-resolution-with-selection +
    fixes redundant :: 'a::wellorder clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool
    assumes
         redundant-iff-abstract: redundant \ A \ N \longleftrightarrow abstract-red A \ N
begin
definition saturated :: 'a \ clauses \Rightarrow bool \ where
saturated N \longleftrightarrow (\forall A \ B \ C. \ A \in N \longrightarrow B \in N \longrightarrow \neg redundant \ A \ N \longrightarrow \neg redundant \ B \ N
      \longrightarrow superposition-rules A \ B \ C \longrightarrow redundant \ C \ N \lor C \in N
lemma
    assumes
         saturated: saturated N and
         finite: finite N and
         empty: \{\#\} \notin N
    shows INTERP\ N \models hs\ N
proof (rule ccontr)
    let ?N_{\mathcal{I}} = INTERP N
    assume \neg ?thesis
    hence not-empty: \{E \in \mathbb{N}. \neg ?\mathbb{N}_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E\} \neq \{\}
         unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def by auto
```

```
\mathbf{def}\ D \equiv Min\ \{E \in \mathbb{N}.\ \neg?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h\ E\}
 have [simp]: D \in N
   unfolding D-def
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Min-in not-empty finite mem-Collect-eq rev-finite-subset subset I)
 have not-d-interp: \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h D
   unfolding D-def
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Min-in finite mem-Collect-eq not-empty rev-finite-subset subset I)
 have cls-not-D: \bigwedge E. E \in N \Longrightarrow E \neq D \Longrightarrow \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E \Longrightarrow D \leq E
   using finite D-def by (auto simp del: less-eq-multiset)
 obtain C L where D: D = C + \{\#L\#\} and LSD: L \in \#SD \lor (SD = \{\#\} \land Max (set\text{-}mset D))
= L
   proof (cases\ S\ D = \{\#\})
     {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
     then obtain L where L \in \#SD
       using Max-in-lits by blast
     moreover
       hence L \in \# D
         using S-selects-subseteq[of D] by auto
       hence D = (D - \{\#L\#\}) + \{\#L\#\}
     ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
   next
     let ?L = MMax D
     case True
     moreover
       have ?L \in \# D
         by (metis (no-types, lifting) Max-in-lits \langle D \in N \rangle empty)
       hence D = (D - \{\#?L\#\}) + \{\#?L\#\}
         by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
   qed
 have red: \neg redundant D N
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume red[simplified]: \sim redundant D N
     have \forall E < D. E \in N \longrightarrow ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E
       using cls-not-D not-le by fastforce
     hence ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models hs \ clss\text{-}lt \ N \ D
       unfolding clss-lt-def true-clss-def Ball-def by blast
     thus False
       using red not-d-interp unfolding abstract-red-def redundant-iff-abstract
       using herbrand-true-clss-true-clss-cls-herbrand-true-clss by fast
   qed
 consider
   (L) P where L = Pos \ P and S \ D = \{\#\} and Max \ (set\text{-}mset \ D) = Pos \ P
  | (Lneg) P  where L = Neg P
   using LSD S-selects-neg-lits[of D L] by (cases L) auto
  thus False
   proof cases
     case L note P = this(1) and S = this(2) and max = this(3)
     have count D L > 1
       proof (rule ccontr)
         assume <sup>∼</sup> ?thesis
         hence count: count D L = 1
           unfolding D by auto
```

```
have \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h D
       {\bf using} \ \ not\text{-}d\text{-}interp \ true\text{-}interp\text{-}imp\text{-}INTERP \ ground\text{-}resolution\text{-}with\text{-}selection\text{-}axioms
     hence produces NDP
       using not-empty empty finite \langle D \in N \rangle count L
         true-interp-imp-INTERP unfolding production-iff-produces unfolding production-unfold
       by (auto simp add: max not-empty)
     hence INTERP N \models h D
       unfolding D
       by (metis pos-literal-in-imp-true-cls produces-imp-Pos-in-lits
         production-subseteq-INTERP singletonI subsetCE)
     thus False
       using not-d-interp by blast
   qed
 then obtain C' where C':D = C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} 
   unfolding D by (metis P add.left-neutral add-less-cancel-right count-single count-union
     multi-member-split)
 have sup: superposition-rules D D (D - \{\#L\#\})
   unfolding C' L by (auto simp add: superposition-rules.simps)
 have C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \ \# \subset \# \ C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} 
   by auto
 moreover have \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h (D - \{\#L\#\})
using not-d-interp unfolding C'L by auto
 ultimately have C' + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \notin N
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) C' P add-diff-cancel-right' cls-not-D less-multiset
     multi-self-add-other-not-self not-le)
 have D - \{\#L\#\} \# \subset \# D
   unfolding C'L by auto
 have c'-p-p: C' + {\#Pos\ P\#} + {\#Pos\ P\#} - {\#Pos\ P\#} = C' + {\#Pos\ P\#}
 have redundant (C' + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ N
   using saturated red sup \langle D \in N \rangle \langle C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \notin N \rangle unfolding saturated-def C' \ L \ c'-p-p
 moreover have C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \subseteq \# C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \}
   by auto
 ultimately show False
   using red unfolding C' redundant-iff-abstract by (blast dest:
     abstract-red-subset-mset-abstract-red)
next
 case Lneg note L = this(1)
 have P \in ?N_{\mathcal{I}}
   using not-d-interp unfolding D true-cls-def L by (auto split: split-if-asm)
 then obtain E where
   DPN: E + \{\#Pos P\#\} \in N \text{ and }
   prod: production N(E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) = \{P\}
   using in-interp-is-produced by blast
 have sup-EC: superposition-rules (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) (C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) (E + C)
   using superposition-l by fast
 hence superposition N (N \cup \{E+C\})
   using DPN \langle D \in N \rangle unfolding DL by (auto simp add: superposition.simps)
 have
    PMax: Pos P = MMax (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) and
   count (E + {\#Pos P\#}) (Pos P) \le 1 and
   S(E + {\#Pos P\#}) = {\#} and
    \neg interp\ N\ (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) \models h\ E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}
```

```
using prod unfolding production-unfold by auto
have Neg\ P \notin \#\ E
 using prod produces-imp-neg-notin-lits by force
hence \land y. \ y \in \# \ (E + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \})
 \implies count (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) (Neg\ P) < count\ (C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) (Neg\ P)
 by (auto split: split-if-asm)
moreover have \bigwedge y. y \in \# (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) \Longrightarrow y < Neg P
 using PMax by (metis DPN Max-less-iff empty finite-set-mset mem-set-mset-iff pos-less-neg
   set-mset-eq-empty-iff)
moreover have E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \neq C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
 using prod produces-imp-neg-notin-lits by force
ultimately have E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
 unfolding less-multiset<sub>HO</sub> by (metis add.left-neutral add-lessD1)
have ce-lt-d: C + E \# \subset \# D
 unfolding DL
 by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-pos-neg-less-multiset One-nat-def PMax count-single
   less-multiset-plus-right-nonempty mult-less-trans single-not-empty union-less-mono2
   zero-less-Suc)
have ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h \ E + \{ \#Pos \ P \# \}
 using \langle P \in ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \rangle by blast
have ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h \ C+E \lor C+E \notin N
 using ce-lt-d cls-not-D unfolding D-def by fastforce
have Pos P \notin \# C + E
 using D \land P \in ground-resolution-with-selection.INTERP S \mid N \rangle
   (count (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (Pos P) \leq 1) multi-member-skip not-d-interp by auto
hence \bigwedge y. y \in \# C + E
 \implies count (C+E) (Pos P) < count (E + {\#Pos P\#}) (Pos P)
 by (auto split: split-if-asm)
have \neg redundant (C + E) N
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume red'[simplified]: ¬ ?thesis
   have abs: clss-lt N(C + E) \models p C + E
     using redundant-iff-abstract red' unfolding abstract-red-def by auto
   have clss-lt N (C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\} \lor clss-lt N (C + E) \models p C + \{\#Neg P\#\}
     proof clarify
      assume CP: \neg clss-lt\ N\ (C+E) \models p\ C+\{\#Neq\ P\#\}
       \{ \text{ fix } I
        assume
          total-over-m I (clss-lt N (C + E) \cup {E + {#Pos P#}}) and
          consistent-interp I and
          I \models s \ clss\text{-}lt \ N \ (C + E)
          hence I \models C + E
            using abs sorry
          moreover have \neg I \models C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
            using CP unfolding true-clss-cls-def
            sorry
          ultimately have I \models E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} by auto
      then show clss-lt N(C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\}
        unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   moreover have clss-lt N (C + E) \subseteq clss-lt N (C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\})
     using ce-lt-d mult-less-trans unfolding clss-lt-def D L by force
   ultimately have redundant (C + \{\#Neg P\#\}) N \vee clss-lt N (C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\}
```

```
unfolding redundant-iff-abstract abstract-red-def using true-clss-cls-subset by blast
         show False sorry
       qed
     moreover have \neg redundant (E + \{\#Pos \ P\#\}) \ N
       sorry
     ultimately have CEN: C + E \in N
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle D \in N \rangle \ \langle E + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} \in N \rangle \ saturated \ sup\text{-}EC \ red \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ saturated\text{-}def \ D \ L
       by (metis union-commute)
     have CED: C + E \neq D
       using D ce-lt-d by auto
     have interp: \neg INTERP N \models h C + E
     sorry
     show False
        using cls-not-D[OF CEN CED interp] ce-lt-d unfolding INTERP-def less-eq-multiset-def by
auto
 qed
qed
end
\mathbf{lemma}\ tautology\text{-}is\text{-}redundant:
 assumes tautology C
 shows abstract-red C N
 using assms unfolding abstract-red-def true-clss-cls-def tautology-def by auto
lemma subsumed-is-redundant:
 assumes AB: A \subset \# B
 and AN: A \in N
 shows abstract-red B N
proof -
 have A \in clss-lt \ N \ B \ using \ AN \ AB \ unfolding \ clss-lt-def
   by (auto dest: less-eq-imp-le-multiset simp add: multiset-order.dual-order.order.iff-strict)
   using AB unfolding abstract-red-def true-clss-cls-def Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-clss-def
   by blast
qed
inductive redundant :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
subsumption: A \in N \Longrightarrow A \subset \# B \Longrightarrow redundant B N
lemma redundant-is-redundancy-criterion:
 fixes A :: 'a :: wellorder clause and N :: 'a :: wellorder clauses
 assumes redundant A N
 shows abstract-red A N
 using assms
proof (induction rule: redundant.induct)
 case (subsumption A B N)
 thus ?case
   using subsumed-is-redundant [of A N B] unfolding abstract-red-def clss-lt-def by auto
\mathbf{qed}
lemma redundant-mono:
 redundant \ A \ N \Longrightarrow A \subseteq \# \ B \Longrightarrow \ redundant \ B \ N
 apply (induction rule: redundant.induct)
 \mathbf{by} \ (meson \ subset-mset.less-le-trans \ subsumption)
```

```
locale truc= selection\ S for S::nat\ clause \Rightarrow nat\ clause begin end end theory Prop\text{-}Logic imports Main begin
```

22 Logics

In this section we define the syntax of the formula and an abstraction over it to have simpler proofs. After that we define some properties like subformula and rewriting.

22.1 Definition and abstraction

The propositional logic is defined inductively. The type parameter is the type of the variables.

We do not define any notation for the formula, to distinguish properly between the formulas and Isabelle's logic.

To ease the proofs, we will write the formula on a homogeneous manner, namely a connecting argument and a list of arguments.

```
datatype 'v connective = CT \mid CF \mid CVar \mid v \mid CNot \mid CAnd \mid COr \mid CImp \mid CEq

abbreviation nullary-connective \equiv \{CF\} \cup \{CT\} \cup \{CVar \mid x \mid x. \mid True\}

definition binary-connectives \equiv \{CAnd, COr, CImp, CEq\}
```

We define our own induction principal: instead of distinguishing every constructor, we group them by arity.

```
lemma propo-induct-arity[case-names nullary unary binary]: fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo assumes nullary: (\bigwedge \varphi \ x. \ \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FVar \ x \Longrightarrow P \ \varphi) and unary: (\bigwedge \psi . \ P \ \psi \Longrightarrow P \ (FNot \ \psi)) and binary: (\bigwedge \varphi \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2. \ P \ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow P \ \psi 2 \Longrightarrow \varphi = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \Longrightarrow P \ \varphi) shows P \ \psi apply (induct rule: propo.induct) using assms by metis+
```

The function *conn* is the interpretation of our representation (connective and list of arguments). We define any thing that has no sense to be false

```
fun conn :: 'v \ connective \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \ \mathbf{where}
```

```
\begin{array}{l} conn \ CT \ [] = FT \ | \\ conn \ CF \ [] = FF \ | \\ conn \ (CVar \ v) \ [] = FVar \ v \ | \\ conn \ CNot \ [\varphi] = FNot \ \varphi \ | \\ conn \ CAnd \ (\varphi\# \ [\psi]) = FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \\ conn \ COr \ (\varphi\# \ [\psi]) = FOr \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \\ conn \ CImp \ (\varphi\# \ [\psi]) = FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \\ conn \ CEq \ (\varphi\# \ [\psi]) = FEq \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \\ conn \ - - = FF \end{array}
```

We will often use case distinction, based on the arity of the v connective, thus we define our own splitting principle.

```
assumes nullary: \bigwedge x. c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x \Longrightarrow P
 and binary: c \in binary\text{-}connectives \Longrightarrow P
 and unary: c = CNot \implies P
 shows P
 using assms by (cases c) (auto simp: binary-connectives-def)
lemma connective-cases-arity-2 [case-names nullary unary binary]:
 assumes nullary: c \in nullary-connective \Longrightarrow P
 and unary: c = CNot \implies P
 and binary: c \in binary\text{-}connectives \Longrightarrow P
 shows P
 using assms by (cases c, auto simp add: binary-connectives-def)
Our previous definition is not necessary correct (connective and list of arguments), so we define
an inductive predicate.
inductive wf-conn :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo list \Rightarrow bool for c :: 'v connective where
wf-conn-nullary[simp]: (c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar v) \Longrightarrow wf\text{-conn } c \parallel \downarrow
wf-conn-unary[simp]: c = CNot \Longrightarrow wf-conn c [\psi]
wf-conn-binary[simp]: c \in binary-connectives \implies wf-conn c (\psi \# \psi' \# [])
\mathbf{thm} wf-conn.induct
```

lemma wf-conn-induct[consumes 1, case-names CT CF CVar CNot COr CAnd CImp CEq]:

lemma connective-cases-arity[case-names nullary binary unary]:

 $(\land \psi \ \psi'. \ c = CEq \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi'])$ shows $P \ x$

assumes wf-conn c x and $(\bigwedge v. \ c = CT \Longrightarrow P \])$ and $(\bigwedge v. \ c = CF \Longrightarrow P \])$ and

using assms by induction (auto simp: binary-connectives-def)

22.2 properties of the abstraction

First we can define simplification rules.

```
lemma wf-conn-conn[simp]:

wf-conn CT l \Longrightarrow conn CT l = FT

wf-conn CF l \Longrightarrow conn CF l = FF

wf-conn (CVar x) l \Longrightarrow conn (CVar x) l = FVar x
```

```
apply (simp-all add: wf-conn.simps)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by simp-all
lemma wf-conn-list-decomp[simp]:
  wf-conn CT \ l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn CF l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn (CVar\ x) l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn CNot (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longleftrightarrow \xi = [] \land \xi' = []
  apply (simp-all add: wf-conn.simps)
       unfolding binary-connectives-def apply simp-all
  by (metis append-Nil append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1) list.sel(3) tl-append2)
lemma wf-conn-list:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FT \longleftrightarrow (c = CT \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FF \longleftrightarrow (c = CF \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FVar \ x \longleftrightarrow (c = CVar \ x \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FAnd \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CAnd \land l = a \# b \# [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FOr \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = COr \land l = a \# b \# [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FEq \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CEq \land l = a \# b \# \parallel)
  \textit{wf-conn} \ c \ l \Longrightarrow \textit{conn} \ c \ l = \textit{FImp} \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = \textit{CImp} \land l = a \ \# \ b \ \# \ [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FNot \ a \longleftrightarrow (c = CNot \land l = a \# [])
  apply (induct l rule: wf-conn.induct)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
In the binary connective cases, we will often decompose the list of arguments (of length 2) into
two elements.
lemma list-length2-decomp: length l = 2 \Longrightarrow (\exists a b. l = a \# b \# \parallel)
  apply (induct l, auto)
 by (rename-tac l, case-tac l, auto)
wf-conn for binary operators means that there are two arguments.
lemma wf-conn-bin-list-length:
  fixes l :: 'v \ propo \ list
 assumes conn: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
  shows length l = 2 \longleftrightarrow wf-conn c \ l
proof
  assume length l = 2
  then show wf-conn c l using wf-conn-binary list-length2-decomp using conn by metis
next
  assume wf-conn c l
  then show length l = 2 (is ?P \ l)
    proof (cases rule: wf-conn.induct)
      case wf-conn-nullary
      then show ?P [] using conn binary-connectives-def
        using connective. distinct(11) connective. distinct(13) connective. distinct(9) by blast
    next
      \mathbf{fix} \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
      case wf-conn-unary
      then show P[\psi] using conn binary-connectives-def
        using connective.distinct by blast
   \mathbf{next}
      fix \psi \ \psi' :: \ 'v \ propo
      show ?P [\psi, \psi'] by auto
```

```
\mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma wf-conn-not-list-length[iff]:
 fixes l :: 'v propo list
 shows wf-conn CNot l \longleftrightarrow length \ l = 1
 apply auto
 apply (metis append-Nil connective.distinct(5,17,27) length-Cons list.size(3) wf-conn.simps
   wf-conn-list-decomp(4))
 by (simp add: length-Suc-conv wf-conn.simps)
Decomposing the Not into an element is moreover very useful.
lemma wf-conn-Not-decomp:
 fixes l :: 'v propo list and <math>a :: 'v
 assumes corr: wf-conn CNot l
 shows \exists a. l = [a]
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-length-conv corr length-0-conv
   wf-conn-not-list-length)
The wf-conn remains correct if the length of list does not change. This lemma is very useful
when we do one rewriting step
lemma wf-conn-no-arity-change:
  length \ l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
proof -
 fix l l'
   have length l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
     apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.induct, auto)
     by (metis wf-conn-bin-list-length)
 }
 then show length l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf-conn c \ l = wf-conn c \ l' by metis
lemma wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper:
 length (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = length (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
 by auto
The injectivity of conn is useful to prove equality of the connectives and the lists.
lemma conn-inj-not:
 assumes correct: wf-conn c l
 and conn: conn c l = FNot \psi
 shows c = CNot and l = [\psi]
 apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 using correct conn unfolding binary-connectives-def apply auto
 apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 using correct conn unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
lemma conn-inj:
 fixes c ca :: 'v connective and l \psi s :: 'v propo list
 assumes corr: wf-conn ca l
 and corr': wf-conn c \psi s
 and eq: conn \ ca \ l = conn \ c \ \psi s
 shows ca = c \wedge \psi s = l
 using corr
```

```
proof (cases ca l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 case (wf\text{-}conn\text{-}nullary\ v)
 then show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l using assms
     by (metis\ conn.simps(1)\ conn.simps(2)\ conn.simps(3)\ wf-conn-list(1-3))
next
 case (wf-conn-unary \psi')
 then have *: FNot \psi' = conn \ c \ \psi s using conn-inj-not eq assms by auto
 then have c = ca by (metis\ conn-inj-not(1)\ corr'\ wf-conn-unary(2))
 moreover have \psi s = l using * conn-inj-not(2) corr' wf-conn-unary(1) by force
 ultimately show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l by auto
next
 case (wf-conn-binary \psi' \psi'')
 then show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l
   using eq corr' unfolding binary-connectives-def apply (cases ca, auto simp add: wf-conn-list)
   using wf-conn-list(4-7) corr' by metis+
qed
```

22.3 Subformulas and properties

A characterization using sub-formulas is interesting for rewriting: we will define our relation on the sub-term level, and then lift the rewriting on the term-level. So the rewriting takes place on a subformula.

```
inductive subformula :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool (infix \leq 45) for \varphi where subformula-refl[simp]: \varphi \leq \varphi | subformula-into-subformula: \psi \in set \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l
```

On the *subformula-into-subformula*, we can see why we use our *conn* representation: one case is enough to express the subformulas property instead of listing all the cases.

This is an example of a property related to subformulas.

```
{\bf lemma}\ subformula-in\text{-}subformula-not:}
shows b: FNot \varphi \leq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq \psi
 apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
 using subformula-into-subformula wf-conn-unary subformula-refl list.set-intros(1) subformula-refl
   by (fastforce intro: subformula-into-subformula)+
lemma subformula-in-binary-conn:
 assumes conn: c \in binary-connectives
 shows f \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
 and g \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
proof -
 have a: wf-conn c (f\# [g]) using conn wf-conn-binary binary-connectives-def by auto
 moreover have b: f \leq f using subformula-reft by auto
  ultimately show f \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
   by (metis append-Nil in-set-conv-decomp subformula-into-subformula)
next
 have a: wf-conn c ([f] @ [g]) using conn wf-conn-binary binary-connectives-def by auto
 moreover have b: g \leq g using subformula-refl by auto
 ultimately show g \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g] using subformula-into-subformula by force
qed
lemma subformula-trans:
\psi \preceq \psi' \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq \psi'
 apply (induct \psi' rule: subformula.inducts)
 by (auto simp: subformula-into-subformula)
```

```
lemma subformula-leaf:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes incl: \varphi \leq \psi
  and simple: \psi = FT \lor \psi = FF \lor \psi = FVar x
  shows \varphi = \psi
  using incl simple
  by (induct rule: subformula.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list)
lemma subfurmula-not-incl-eq:
  assumes \varphi \prec conn \ c \ l
  and wf-conn c l
  and \forall \psi. \ \psi \in set \ l \longrightarrow \neg \ \varphi \leq \psi
  shows \varphi = conn \ c \ l
  using assms apply (induction conn c l rule: subformula.induct, auto)
  using conn-inj by blast
lemma wf-subformula-conn-cases:
  wf-conn c \ l \implies \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ c \ l \lor (\exists \psi. \ \psi \in set \ l \land \varphi \leq \psi))
  apply standard
    using subfurmula-not-incl-eq apply metis
  by (auto simp add: subformula-into-subformula)
lemma subformula-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  \varphi \leq FAnd \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FAnd \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi') \ (is \ ?P \ FAnd)
  \varphi \leq FOr \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FOr \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi')
  \varphi \leq FEq \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FEq \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi')
  \varphi \preceq FImp \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FImp \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \preceq \psi \lor \varphi \preceq \psi')
proof -
  have wf-conn CAnd [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ CAnd \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CAnd \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \ \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FAnd by auto
  have wf-conn COr [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ COr \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ COr \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \ \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FOr by auto
  have wf-conn CEq [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ CEq \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CEq \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FEq by auto
next
  have wf-conn CImp [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \prec conn \ CImp \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CImp \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FImp by auto
qed
lemma wf-conn-helper-facts[iff]:
```

```
wf-conn CNot [\varphi]
  wf-conn CT
  wf-conn CF []
  wf-conn (CVar x)
  wf-conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn COr [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn CImp [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn CEq [\varphi, \psi]
  using wf-conn.intros unfolding binary-connectives-def by fastforce+
lemma exists-c-conn: \exists c l. \varphi = conn c l \land wf\text{-}conn c l
  by (cases \varphi) force+
lemma subformula-conn-decomp[simp]:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c l
  shows \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ c \ l \lor (\exists \ \psi \in set \ l. \ \varphi \leq \psi)) \ (is \ ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof (rule iffI)
    fix \xi
    have \varphi \leq \xi \Longrightarrow \xi = conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow \forall x :: 'a \ propo \in set \ l. \ \neg \ \varphi \leq x \Longrightarrow \varphi = conn \ c \ l
      apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
        apply simp
      using conn-inj by blast
  }
  moreover assume ?A
  ultimately show ?B using wf by metis
next
  assume ?B
  then show \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \ using \ wf \ wf-subformula-conn-cases \ by \ blast
qed
lemma subformula-leaf-explicit[simp]:
  \varphi \leq FT \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FT
  \varphi \preceq \mathit{FF} \longleftrightarrow \varphi = \mathit{FF}
  \varphi \preceq FVar \ x \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FVar \ x
  apply auto
  using subformula-leaf by metis +
The variables inside the formula gives precisely the variables that are needed for the formula.
primrec vars-of-prop:: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v set where
vars-of-prop\ FT = \{\}\ |
vars-of-prop FF = \{\}
vars-of-prop\ (FVar\ x) = \{x\}\ |
vars-of-prop \ (FNot \ \varphi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi
vars-of-prop \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \ \cup \ vars-of-prop \ \psi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi
vars-of-prop \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi
lemma vars-of-prop-incl-conn:
  fixes \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } \psi :: 'v \text{ propo and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
  assumes corr: wf-conn c l and incl: \psi \in set l
  shows vars-of-prop \ \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop \ (conn \ c \ l)
proof (cases c rule: connective-cases-arity-2)
  case nullary
```

```
then have False using corr incl by auto
  then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l) by blast
  case binary note c = this
  then obtain a b where ab: l = [a, b]
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp corr by metis
  then have \psi = a \vee \psi = b using incl by auto
  then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l)
    using ab c unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
next
  case unary note c = this
 fix \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 have l = [\psi] using corr c incl split-list by force
 then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn c l) using c by auto
qed
The set of variables is compatible with the subformula order.
lemma subformula-vars-of-prop:
  \varphi \leq \psi \Longrightarrow vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop \ \varphi \subseteq vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop \ \psi
 apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
 apply simp
 using vars-of-prop-incl-conn by blast
22.4
          Positions
Instead of 1 or 2 we use L or R
datatype sign = L \mid R
We use nil instead of \varepsilon.
fun pos :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow sign \ list \ set \ where
pos FF = \{[]\}
pos FT = \{[]\} \mid
pos(FVar x) = \{[]\}
pos (FAnd \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \mid
pos \; (FOr \; \varphi \; \psi) = \{[]\} \; \cup \; \{ \; L \; \# \; p \; | \; p. \; p \in pos \; \varphi \} \; \cup \; \{ \; R \; \# \; p \; | \; p. \; p \in pos \; \psi \} \; | \;
pos(FEq \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \}
pos (FImp \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \mid
pos (FNot \varphi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\}
lemma finite-pos: finite (pos \varphi)
 by (induct \varphi, auto)
lemma finite-inj-comp-set:
  fixes s :: 'v \ set
 assumes finite: finite s
 and inj: inj f
 shows card (\{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\}) = card s
  using finite
proof (induct s rule: finite-induct)
  show card \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in \{\}\} = card \{\} by auto
next
  fix x :: 'v and s :: 'v set
 assume f: finite s and notin: x \notin s
 and IH: card \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\} = card s
 have f': finite \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} using f by auto
```

```
have notin': f x \notin \{f \mid p \mid p \in s\} using notin inj injD by fastforce
  have \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} = insert \ (f \ x) \ \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\} by auto
  then have card \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} = 1 + card \ \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\}
   using finite card-insert-disjoint f' notin' by auto
  moreover have ... = card (insert x s) using notin f IH by auto
  finally show card \{f \mid p \mid p. \ p \in insert \ x \ s\} = card \ (insert \ x \ s).
qed
lemma cons-inject:
  inj (op \# s)
  by (meson injI list.inject)
lemma finite-insert-nil-cons:
 finite s \Longrightarrow card (insert []\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s\}) = 1 + card\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s\}
  using card-insert-disjoint by auto
lemma cord-not[simp]:
  card (pos (FNot \varphi)) = 1 + card (pos \varphi)
by (simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
lemma card-seperate:
  assumes finite s1 and finite s2
 shows card (\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s1\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in s2\}) = card (\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s1\})
           + card(\lbrace R \# p \mid p. p \in s2 \rbrace)  (is card(?L \cup ?R) = card?L + card?R)
proof -
  have finite ?L using assms by auto
 moreover have finite ?R using assms by auto
 moreover have ?L \cap ?R = \{\} by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis using assms card-Un-disjoint by blast
definition prop-size where prop-size \varphi = card (pos \varphi)
lemma prop-size-vars-of-prop:
 fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  shows card (vars-of-prop \varphi) < prop-size \varphi
  unfolding prop-size-def apply (induct \varphi, auto simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
proof -
  \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2 :: \ 'v \ propo
  assume IH1: card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1) \leq card (pos \varphi 1)
 and IH2: card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq card\ (pos\ \varphi 2)
 let ?L = \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi 1\}
  let ?R = \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi 2\}
  have card (?L \cup ?R) = card ?L + card ?R
   using card-seperate finite-pos by blast
  moreover have ... = card (pos \varphi 1) + card (pos \varphi 2)
   by (simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
  moreover have ... \geq card \ (vars-of-prop \ \varphi 1) + card \ (vars-of-prop \ \varphi 2) using IH1 IH2 by arith
  then have ... \geq card \ (vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop \ \varphi 1 \cup vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop \ \varphi 2) \ using \ card\text{-}Un\text{-}le \ le\text{-}trans \ by \ blast
  ultimately
   show card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop \varphi 2) \leq Suc (card (?L \cup ?R))
         card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1\ \cup\ vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L\ \cup\ ?R))
         card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L \cup\ ?R))
```

```
card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1\ \cup\ vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L\ \cup\ ?R))
       by auto
qed
value pos (FImp (FAnd (FVar P) (FVar Q)) (FOr (FVar P) (FVar Q)))
inductive path-to :: sign\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow bool\ where
path-to-reft[intro]: path-to [] \varphi \varphi |
path-to-l: c \in binary-connectives \lor c = CNot \Longrightarrow wf-conn c (\varphi \# l) \Longrightarrow path-to p \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow path-to-like \varphi = vf-connectives \varphi = v
   path-to (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\varphi\#l))\ \varphi'
path-to (R\#p) (conn c (\psi\#\varphi\#[])) \varphi'
There is a deep link between subformulas and pathes: a (correct) path leads to a subformula
and a subformula is associated to a given path.
{\bf lemma}\ path\hbox{-}to\hbox{-}subformula:
   path-to p \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \varphi' \preceq \varphi
   apply (induct rule: path-to.induct)
       apply simp
    apply (metis list.set-intros(1) subformula-into-subformula)
    using subformula-trans subformula-in-binary-conn(2) by metis
{f lemma}\ subformula-path-exists:
   fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
   shows \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists p. path-to p \varphi \varphi'
proof (induct rule: subformula.induct)
   case subformula-refl
   have path-to [] \varphi' \varphi' by auto
   then show \exists p. path-to p \varphi' \varphi' by metis
next
   case (subformula-into-subformula \psi l c)
   note wf = this(2) and IH = this(4) and \psi = this(1)
   then obtain p where p: path-to p \psi \varphi' by metis
    {
       \mathbf{fix} \ x :: 'v
       assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
       then have False using subformula-into-subformula by auto
       then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
    }
   moreover {
       assume c: c = CNot
       then have l = [\psi] using wf \psi wf-conn-Not-decomp by fastforce
       then have path-to (L \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' by (metis c wf-conn-unary p path-to-l)
     then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
    }
    moreover {
       assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
       obtain a b where ab: [a, b] = l using subformula-into-subformula c wf-conn-bin-list-length
           list-length2-decomp by metis
       then have a = \psi \lor b = \psi using \psi by auto
       then have path-to (L \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' \vee path-to (R \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' using c path-to-l
           path-to-r p ab by (metis wf-conn-binary)
       then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
   ultimately show \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' using connective-cases-arity by metis
```

```
fun replace-at :: sign list \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo where replace-at [] - \psi = \psi |
replace-at [] - \psi | \psi | FAnd [] - \psi | \psi |
replace-at [] - \psi | \psi | FOR [] - \psi | \psi |
replace-at [] - \psi | \psi | FOR [] - \psi | \psi |
replace-at [] - \psi | \psi | FOR [] - \psi | \psi |
replace-at [] - \psi | \psi |
```

fun $eval :: ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ (infix \models 50) \ where$

23 Semantics over the syntax

moreover {

value of $A \models \psi$.

assume $\neg A \models \varphi$

Given the syntax defined above, we define a semantics, by defining an evaluation function *eval*. This function is the bridge between the logic as we define it here and the built-in logic of Isabelle.

```
\mathcal{A} \models FT = True
\mathcal{A} \models FF = False
\mathcal{A} \models FVar\ v = (\mathcal{A}\ v) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FNot \ \varphi = (\neg(\mathcal{A} \models \varphi)) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models \mathit{FAnd} \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \land \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FOr \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \lor \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FImp \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \longrightarrow \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \ |
\mathcal{A} \models FEq \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2)
definition evalf (infix \models f 50) where
evalf \varphi \ \psi = (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longrightarrow A \models \psi)
The deduction rule is in the book. And the proof looks like to the one of the book.
lemma deduction-rule:
  (\varphi \models f \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall A. (A \models FImp \varphi \psi))
  assume H: \varphi \models f \psi
     \mathbf{fix} A
"Suppose that \varphi entails \psi (assumption \varphi \models f \psi) and let A be an arbitrary 'v-valuation. We
need to show A \models FImp \varphi \psi. "
If A \varphi = (1::'b), then A \varphi = (1::'b), because \varphi entails \psi, and therefore A \models FImp \varphi \psi.
        assume A \models \varphi
        then have A \models \psi using H unfolding evalf-def by metis
        then have A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
     }
```

For otherwise, if $A \varphi = (\theta ::'b)$, then $A \models FImp \varphi \psi$ holds by definition, independently of the

```
then have A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
    }
In both cases A \models FImp \varphi \psi.
    ultimately have A \models FImp \varphi \psi by blast
 then show \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi by blast
next
 show \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \models f \psi
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume \neg \varphi \models f \psi
      then obtain A where A \models \varphi \land \neg A \models \psi using evalf-def by metis
      then have \neg A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
      moreover assume \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi
      ultimately show False by blast
    qed
qed
A shorter proof:
lemma \varphi \models f \psi \longleftrightarrow (\forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi)
 by (simp add: evalf-def)
definition same-over-set:: ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v \ set \Rightarrow bool where
same-over-set\ A\ B\ S=(\forall\ c{\in}S.\ A\ c=B\ c)
If two mapping A and B have the same value over the variables, then the same formula are
satisfiable.
lemma same-over-set-eval:
 assumes same-over-set A B (vars-of-prop \varphi)
 shows A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow B \models \varphi
 using assms unfolding same-over-set-def by (induct \varphi, auto)
end
theory Prop-Abstract-Transformation
```

begin

This file is devoted to abstract properties of the transformations, like consistency preservation and lifting from terms to proposition.

24 Rewrite systems and properties

24.1 Lifting of rewrite rules

imports Main Prop-Logic Wellfounded-More

We can lift a rewrite relation r over a full formula: the relation r works on terms, while propo-rew-step works on formulas.

```
inductive propo-rew-step :: ('v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for r :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where global-rel: r \varphi \psi \Rightarrow propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \mid propo-rew-one-step-lift: propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \Rightarrow wf-conn c (\psi s @ \varphi \# \psi s') \Rightarrow propo-rew-step r (conn c (\psi s @ \varphi \# \psi s')) (conn c (\psi s @ \varphi' \# \psi s'))
```

Here is a more precise link between the lifting and the subformulas: if a rewriting takes place between φ and φ' , then there are two subformulas ψ in φ and ψ' in φ' , ψ' is the result of the rewriting of r on ψ .

This lemma is only a health condition:

```
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula-imp:

shows propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \psi \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi \wedge \psi' \preceq \varphi' \wedge r \psi \psi'

apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)

using subformula-simps subformula-into-subformula apply blast

using wf-conn-no-arity-change subformula-into-subformula wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper

in-set-conv-decomp by metis
```

The converse is moreover true: if there is a ψ and ψ' , then every formula φ containing ψ , can be rewritten into a formula φ' , such that it contains φ' .

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ propo-rew-step-subformula-rec:
  fixes \psi \ \psi' \ \varphi :: \ 'v \ propo
  shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow r \psi \psi' \Longrightarrow (\exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi')
proof (induct \varphi rule: subformula.induct)
  case subformula-refl
  hence propo-rew-step r \psi \psi' using propo-rew-step.intros by auto
  moreover have \psi' \leq \psi' using Prop-Logic.subformula-refl by auto
  ultimately show \exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \psi \ \varphi' by fastforce
next
  case (subformula-into-subformula \psi'' l c)
  note IH = this(4) and r = this(5) and \psi'' = this(1) and wf = this(2) and incl = this(3)
  then obtain \varphi' where *: \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \psi'' \ \varphi' by metis
  moreover obtain \xi \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ where
    l: l = \xi \otimes \psi'' \# \xi'  using List.split-list \psi'' by metis
  ultimately have propo-rew-step r (conn c l) (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using propo-rew-step.intros(2) wf by metis
  moreover have \psi' \leq conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    \mathbf{using} \ wf * wf\text{-}conn\text{-}no\text{-}arity\text{-}change \ Prop\text{-}Logic.subformula\text{-}into\text{-}subformula}
    by (metis (no-types) in-set-conv-decomp l wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
  ultimately show \exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ (conn \ c \ l) \ \varphi' by metis
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula:
  (\exists \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi') \longleftrightarrow (\exists \varphi'. \ propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi')
  using propo-rew-step-subformula-imp propo-rew-step-subformula-rec by metis+
lemma consistency-decompose-into-list:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c l and wf': wf-conn c l'
  and same: \forall n. (A \models l! n \longleftrightarrow (A \models l'! n))
  shows (A \models conn \ c \ l) = (A \models conn \ c \ l')
proof (cases c rule: connective-cases-arity-2)
  case nullary
  thus (A \models conn \ c \ l) \longleftrightarrow (A \models conn \ c \ l') using wf wf' by auto
next
  case unary note c = this
  then obtain a where l: l = [a] using wf-conn-Not-decomp wf by metis
  obtain a' where l': l' = [a'] using wf-conn-Not-decomp wf' c by metis
  have A \models a \longleftrightarrow A \models a' using l \ l' by (metis \ nth\text{-}Cons\text{-}0 \ same)
  thus A \models conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ l' \ using \ l \ l' \ c \ by \ auto
next
  case binary note c = this
```

```
then obtain a b where l: l = [a, b]
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp wf by metis
  obtain a' b' where l': l' = [a', b']
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp wf' c by metis
 have p: A \models a \longleftrightarrow A \models a' A \models b \longleftrightarrow A \models b'
    using l l' same by (metis diff-Suc-1 nth-Cons' nat.distinct(2))+
  \mathbf{show}\ A \models conn\ c\ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn\ c\ l'
    using wf c p unfolding binary-connectives-def l l' by auto
Relation between propo-rew-step and the rewriting we have seen before: propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi'
means that we rewrite \psi inside \varphi (ie at a path p) into \psi'.
lemma propo-rew-step-rewrite:
  fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \ propo \ and \ r :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool
  assumes propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi'
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ \varphi \ \psi \land replace-at \ p \ \varphi' = \varphi'
  using assms
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  \mathbf{case}(global\text{-}rel\ \varphi\ \psi)
 moreover have path-to [] \varphi \varphi by auto
 moreover have replace-at [] \varphi \psi = \psi by auto
  ultimately show ?case by metis
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi') note rel = this(1) and IH0 = this(2) and corr = this(3)
 obtain \psi \psi' p where IH: r \psi \psi' \wedge path-to p \varphi \psi \wedge replace-at p \varphi \psi' = \varphi' using IH0 by metis
  {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
     hence False using corr by auto
     hence \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \ \psi
                       \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
       by fast
  }
 moreover {
     assume c: c = CNot
     hence empty: \xi = [] \xi' = [] using corr by auto
     have path-to (L\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
       using c empty IH wf-conn-unary path-to-l by fastforce
     moreover have replace-at (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi\ \#\ \xi')))\ \psi' = conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi'\ \#\ \xi'))
       using c empty IH by auto
     ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \ \# \ \xi'))) \ \psi
                                \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c \ (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
     using IH by metis
  }
  moreover {
     assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
     have length (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = 2 using wf-conn-bin-list-length corr c by metis
     hence length \xi + length \xi' = 1 by auto
     hence ld: (length \xi = 1 \land length \ \xi' = 0) \lor (length \xi = 0 \land length \ \xi' = 1) by arith
     obtain a b where ab: (\xi=[] \land \xi'=[b]) \lor (\xi=[a] \land \xi'=[])
       using ld by (case-tac \xi, case-tac \xi', auto)
     {
        assume \varphi: \xi = [] \land \xi' = [b]
```

```
have path-to (L \# p) (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
          using \varphi c IH ab corr by (simp add: path-to-l)
        moreover have replace-at (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi\ \#\ \xi')))\ \psi' = conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi'\ \#\ \xi'))
          using c IH ab \varphi unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
        ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \ \psi
          \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c \ (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
          using IH by metis
     }
    moreover {
       assume \varphi: \xi = [a] \quad \xi' = []
       hence path-to (R\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
          using c IH corr path-to-r corr \varphi by (simp add: path-to-r)
        moreover have replace-at (R\#p) (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
          using c IH ab \varphi unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
        ultimately have ?case using IH by metis
     ultimately have ?case using ab by blast
  }
 ultimately show ?case using connective-cases-arity by blast
qed
24.2
          Consistency preservation
We define preserves-un-sat: it means that a relation preserves consistency.
definition preserves-un-sat where
preserves-un-sat r \longleftrightarrow (\forall \varphi \psi. \ r \ \varphi \psi \longrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi))
lemma propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit:
propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat r \Longrightarrow propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi)
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def
proof (induction rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case global-rel
  thus ?case by simp
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi') note rel = this(1) and wf = this(2)
    and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)\ this(1)] and consistent = this(4)
    \mathbf{fix} A
    from IH have \forall n. (A \models (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') ! n) = (A \models (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') ! n)
      by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) list-update-length nth-Cons-0 nth-append-length-plus
        nth-list-update-neg)
    hence (A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) = (A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
      by (meson consistency-decompose-into-list wf wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper
        wf-conn-no-arity-change)
 thus \forall A. A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') by auto
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-preservers-val':
 assumes preserves-un-sat r
  shows preserves-un-sat (propo-rew-step r)
  using assms by (simp add: preserves-un-sat-def propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit)
```

```
lemma preserves-un-sat-OO[intro]:
preserves-un-sat f ⇒ preserves-un-sat g ⇒ preserves-un-sat (f OO g)
unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by auto
lemma star-consistency-preservation-explicit:
assumes (propo-rew-step r)^*** φ ψ and preserves-un-sat r
shows ∀ A. A ⊨ φ ← A ⊨ ψ
using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
(auto simp add: propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit)
lemma star-consistency-preservation:
preserves-un-sat r ⇒ preserves-un-sat (propo-rew-step r)^**
by (simp add: star-consistency-preservation-explicit preserves-un-sat-def)
```

24.3 Full Lifting

In the previous a relation was lifted to a formula, now we define the relation such it is applied as long as possible. The definition is thus simply: it can be derived and nothing more can be derived.

```
lemma full-ropo-rew-step-preservers-val[simp]: preserves-un-sat r \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step r)) by (metis full-def preserves-un-sat-def star-consistency-preservation) lemma full-propo-rew-step-subformula: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi' \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg (\exists \ \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi') unfolding full-def using propo-rew-step-subformula-rec by metis
```

25 Transformation testing

25.1 Definition and first properties

To prove correctness of our transformation, we create a *all-subformula-st* predicate. It tests recursively all subformulas. At each step, the actual formula is tested. The aim of this *test-symb* function is to test locally some properties of the formulas (i.e. at the level of the connective or at first level). This allows a clause description between the rewrite relation and the *test-symb*

```
definition all-subformula-st :: ('a propo \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \equiv \forall \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow \text{test-symb } \psi
```

```
lemma test-symb-imp-all-subformula-st[simp]: test-symb FT \implies all-subformula-st test-symb FF test-symb FF \implies all-subformula-st test-symb (FVar\ x) \implies all-subformula-st test-symb (FVar\ x) test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-test-
```

```
wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow (test-symb (conn \ c \ l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ all-subformula-st test-symb (\varphi)
  \implies all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l)
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
To ease the finding of proofs, we give some explicit theorem about the decomposition.
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-rec:
  all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l) \Longrightarrow wf-conn c l
      \Rightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set\ l.\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \varphi))
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
{f lemma}\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}decomp:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ l :: 'v \ propo \ list
  assumes wf-conn c l
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn c l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set l. all-subformula-st test-symb <math>\varphi))
  using assms all-subformula-st-decomp-rec all-subformula-st-decomp-imp by metis
lemma helper-fact: c \in binary-connectives \longleftrightarrow (c = COr \lor c = CAnd \lor c = CEq \lor c = CImp)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi)
       \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (FNot\ \varphi) \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \varphi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) \land \ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \varphi \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \varphi \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \psi)
proof -
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ... \longleftrightarrow test-symb (conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi])\land(\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb
\xi
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (5) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \varphi \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn COr [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have \ldots \longleftrightarrow
    (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ COr\ [\varphi,\psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set\ [\varphi,\psi].\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(6) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    \mathbf{by} \ simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CEq [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ...
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn CEq [\varphi, \psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(8) by metis
```

```
finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CImp [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ...
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn CImp [\varphi, \psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (\gamma) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CNot [\varphi])
    by auto
  moreover have ... = (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ CNot\ [\varphi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set\ [\varphi].\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(1) by metis
 finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FNot \varphi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi) by simp
qed
As all-subformula-st tests recursively, the function is true on every subformula.
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{subformula-all-subformula-st}\colon
  \psi \prec \varphi \Longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \varphi \Longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi
 by (induct rule: subformula.induct, auto simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp)
The following theorem no-test-symb-step-exists shows the link between the test-symb function
and the corresponding rewrite relation r: if we assume that if every time test-symb is true, then
a r can be applied, finally as long as \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi, then something can be
rewritten in \varphi.
lemma no-test-symb-step-exists:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. test-symb FF \land test-symb FT \land test-symb (FVar x)
  and \forall \varphi' : \varphi' \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow (\neg test\text{-symb } \varphi') \longrightarrow (\exists \psi : r \varphi' \psi) and
  \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows (\exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi')
  using assms
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  thus \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
    using wf-conn-nullary test-symb-false-nullary by fastforce
  case (unary \varphi) note IH = this(1)[OF \ this(2)] and r = this(2) and nst = this(3) and subf =
  from r IH nst have H: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land (\exists \psi'. \ r \ \psi \ \psi')
    by (metis subformula-in-subformula-not subformula-refl subformula-trans)
  {
    assume n: \neg test\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi)
    obtain \psi where r (FNot \varphi) \psi using subformula-refl r n nst by blast
    moreover have FNot \varphi \leq FNot \varphi using subformula-reft by auto
    ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi' by metis
  moreover {
    assume n: test-symb (FNot \varphi)
```

```
using all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) nst subf by blast
    hence \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
      using H subformula-in-subformula-not subformula-refl subformula-trans by blast
  ultimately show \exists \psi \ \psi'. \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi' by blast
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1-\theta = this(1)[OF\ this(4)] and IH\varphi 2-\theta = this(2)[OF\ this(4)] and r = this(4)
    and \varphi = this(3) and le = this(5) and nst = this(6)
  obtain c :: 'v \ connective \ \mathbf{where}
    c: (c = CAnd \lor c = COr \lor c = CImp \lor c = CEq) \land conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] = \varphi
    using \varphi by fastforce
  hence corr: wf-conn c [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] using wf-conn.simps unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
  have inc: \varphi 1 \preceq \varphi \varphi 2 \preceq \varphi using binary-connectives-def c subformula-in-binary-conn by blast+
  from r IH\varphi1-0 have IH\varphi1: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi1 \Longrightarrow \exists \psi \psi' . \psi \prec \varphi1 \land r \psi \psi'
    using inc(1) subformula-trans le by blast
  from r \ IH\varphi 2-0 have IH\varphi 2: \neg \ all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi 2 \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi 2 \ \land \ (\exists \ \psi'. \ r \ \psi \ \psi')
    using inc(2) subformula-trans le by blast
  have cases: \neg test-symb \varphi \lor \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 1 \lor \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 2
    using c nst by auto
  show \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
    using IH\varphi 1 IH\varphi 2 subformula-trans inc subformula-refl cases le by blast
ged
```

25.2 Invariant conservation

hence $\neg all$ -subformula-st test-symb φ

If two rewrite relation are independent (or at least independent enough), then the property characterizing the first relation *all-subformula-st test-symb* remains true. The next show the same property, with changes in the assumptions.

The assumption $\forall \varphi' \psi$. $\varphi' \leq \Phi \longrightarrow r \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \varphi' \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi$ means that rewriting with r does not mess up the property we want to preserve locally.

The previous assumption is not enough to go from r to propo-rew-step r: we have to add the assumption that rewriting inside does not mess up the term: $\forall c \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \ \leq \ \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew$ -step $r \ \varphi \ \varphi' \longrightarrow wf$ -conn $c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test$ -symb $(conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi' \ \# \ \xi')) \longrightarrow test$ -symb $(conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi' \ \# \ \xi'))$

25.2.1 Invariant while lifting of the rewriting relation

The condition $\varphi \leq \Phi$ (that will by used with $\Phi = \varphi$ most of the time) is here to ensure that the recursive conditions on Φ will moreover hold for the subterm we are rewriting. For example if there is no equivalence symbol in Φ , we do not have to care about equivalence symbols in the two previous assumptions.

```
lemma propo-rew-step-inv-stay': fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v \ and \ \varphi \ \psi \ \Phi:: 'v \ propo \ assumes \ H: \ \forall \varphi' \ \psi. \ \varphi' \preceq \Phi \longrightarrow r \ \varphi' \ \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi' \ \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \psi
```

```
and H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \leq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi'
    \longrightarrow wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test-symb \varphi'
    \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \text{ and }
    propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi and
    \varphi \leq \Phi and
    all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using assms(3-5)
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case global-rel
  thus ?case using H by simp
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
  note rel = this(1) and \varphi = this(2) and corr = this(3) and \Phi = this(4) and nst = this(5)
  have sq: \varphi \prec \Phi
    using \Phi corr subformula-into-subformula subformula-refl subformula-trans
    by (metis in-set-conv-decomp)
  from corr have \forall \psi. \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi
    using all-subformula-st-decomp nst by blast
  hence *: \forall \psi. \ \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi \text{ using } \varphi \text{ sq by } fastforce
  hence test-symb \varphi' using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi by auto
  moreover from corr nst have test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp by blast
  ultimately have test-symb: test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using H' sq corr rel by blast
  have wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')
    by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper corr wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using * test-symb by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp)
qed
The need for \varphi \leq \Phi is not always necessary, hence we moreover have a version without inclusion.
lemma propo-rew-step-inv-stay:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi' \psi. \ r \ \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi' \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
        \longrightarrow test\text{-symb } \varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb } (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \text{ and }
    propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi and
    all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of \varphi r test-symb \varphi \psi] assms subformula-reft by metis
The lemmas can be lifted to full (propo-rew-step r) instead of propo-rew-step
25.2.2
            Invariant after all rewriting
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \psi. propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi
        \rightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \leq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi'
```

```
\longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi') \longrightarrow test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi')) \longrightarrow test\text{-}symb\ \varphi'
      \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \text{ and }
      \varphi \leq \Phi and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using assms unfolding full-def
proof -
  have rel: (propo-rew-step\ r)^{**}\ \varphi\ \psi
    using full unfolding full-def by auto
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using init
    proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
      case base
      then show all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi by blast
    next
      case (step b c) note star = this(1) and IH = this(3) and one = this(2) and all = this(4)
      then have all-subformula-st test-symb b by metis
      then show all-subformula-st test-symb c using propo-rew-step-inv-stay' H H' rel one by auto
    qed
qed
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay':
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \psi. propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi
        \rightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi' \longrightarrow wf-conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \ \# \ \xi')
        \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ \varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \ \text{and}
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc[of r test-symb \varphi] assms subformula-refl by metis
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay:
  fixes r:: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and test-symb:: 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi'))
       \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }\varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }(conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi'\ \#\ \xi')) and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  unfolding full-def
proof -
  have rel: (propo-rew-step \ r)^* * \varphi \psi
    using full unfolding full-def by auto
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using init
    proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
      case base
      thus all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi by blast
    next
```

```
case (step \ b \ c)
      note star = this(1) and IH = this(3) and one = this(2) and all = this(4)
      hence all-subformula-st test-symb b by metis
      thus all-subformula-st test-symb c
        using propo-rew-step-inv-stay subformula-refl H H' rel one by auto
    qed
qed
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
 and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ l \ l'. \ wf-conn \ c \ l \longrightarrow wf-conn \ c \ l'
        \rightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l) \longleftrightarrow test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l')) and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
proof -
  have \bigwedge(c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \ \# \ \xi')
    \implies test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \implies test-symb (\varphi' \implies test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using H' by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using H full init full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay by blast
qed
end
theory Prop-Normalisation
imports Main Prop-Logic Prop-Abstract-Transformation
begin
```

Given the previous definition about abstract rewriting and theorem about them, we now have the detailed rule making the transformation into CNF/DNF.

26 Rewrite Rules

The idea of Christoph Weidenbach's book is to remove gradually the operators: first equivalencies, then implication, after that the unused true/false and finally the reorganizing the or/and. We will prove each transformation separately.

26.1 Elimination of the equivalences

The first transformation consists in removing every equivalence symbol.

```
inductive elim-equiv :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where elim-equiv[simp]: elim-equiv (FEq \varphi \psi) (FAnd (FImp \varphi \psi) (FImp \psi \varphi))

lemma elim-equiv-transformation-consistent: A \models FEq \varphi \psi \longleftrightarrow A \models FAnd (FImp \varphi \psi) (FImp \psi \varphi)
by auto

lemma elim-equiv-explicit: elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
by (induct\ rule:\ elim-equiv.induct, auto)
```

```
lemma elim-equiv-consistent: preserves-un-sat elim-equiv
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: elim-equiv-explicit)
lemma elimEquv-lifted-consistant:
  preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv))
by (simp add: elim-equiv-consistent)
```

This function ensures that there is no equivalencies left in the formula tested by no-equiv-symb.

```
fun no-equiv-symb :: 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where no-equiv-symb (FEq - -) = False \mid no-equiv-symb - = True
```

Given the definition of *no-equiv-symb*, it does not depend on the formula, but only on the connective used.

```
lemma no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization[simp]:

fixes c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ l :: 'v \ propo \ list

assumes wf :: wf-conn \ c \ l

shows no-equiv-symb (conn c \ l) \longleftrightarrow c \neq CEq

by (metis connective.distinct(13,25,35,43) wf no-equiv-symb.elims(3) no-equiv-symb.simps(1)

wf-conn.cases \ wf-conn-list(6))
```

definition no-equiv where no-equiv = all-subformula-st no-equiv-symb

```
lemma no-equiv-eq[simp]:
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
shows
\neg no-equiv \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi)
no-equiv \ FT
no-equiv \ FF
using no-equiv-symb.simps(1) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding no-equiv-def by auto
```

The following lemma helps to reconstruct no-equiv expressions: this representation is easier to use than the set definition.

```
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-no-equiv[iff]: fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v propo shows no-equiv (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no-equiv \varphi no-equiv (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no-equiv \varphi \wedge no-equiv \psi) no-equiv (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no-equiv \varphi \wedge no-equiv \psi) no-equiv (FImp \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no-equiv \varphi \wedge no-equiv \psi) by (auto simp: no-equiv-def)
```

A theorem to show the link between the rewrite relation elim-equiv and the function no-equiv-symb. This theorem is one of the assumption we need to characterize the transformation.

```
lemma no-equiv-elim-equiv-step:

fixes \varphi :: 'v propo

assumes no-equiv: \neg no-equiv \varphi

shows \exists \psi \ \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi \land elim-equiv \psi \ \psi'

proof -

have test-symb-false-nullary:

\forall x::'v. no-equiv-symb FF \land no-equiv-symb FT \land no-equiv-symb (FVar x)

unfolding no-equiv-def by auto

moreover {
```

```
fix c:: 'v connective and l :: 'v propo list and \psi :: 'v propo
      assume a1: elim-equiv (conn c l) \psi
      have \bigwedge p pa. \neg elim-equiv (p::'v propo) pa \lor \neg no-equiv-symb p
       using elim-equiv.cases no-equiv-symb.simps(1) by blast
      then have elim-equiv (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no-equiv-symb (conn c l) using a1 by metis
  moreover have H': \forall \psi. \neg elim-equiv FT \psi \forall \psi. \neg elim-equiv FF \psi \forall \psi x. \neg elim-equiv (FVar x) \psi
   using elim-equiv.cases by auto
  moreover have \bigwedge \varphi. \neg no-equiv-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim-equiv \varphi \psi
   by (case-tac \varphi, auto simp: elim-equiv.simps)
  then have \bigwedge \varphi'. \varphi' \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb \ \varphi' \Longrightarrow \ \exists \psi. \ elim\text{-}equiv \ \varphi' \ \psi \ by \ force
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using no-test-symb-step-exists no-equiv test-symb-false-nullary unfolding no-equiv-def by blast
qed
Given all the previous theorem and the characterization, once we have rewritten everything,
there is no equivalence symbol any more.
lemma no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv:
```

```
26.2
          Eliminate Implication
After that, we can eliminate the implication symbols.
inductive elim-imp :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where
[simp]: elim-imp (FImp \varphi \psi) (FOr (FNot \varphi) \psi)
lemma elim-imp-transformation-consistent:
  A \models FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \longleftrightarrow A \models FOr \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ \psi
 by auto
lemma elim-imp-explicit: elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
lemma elim-imp-consistent: preserves-un-sat elim-imp
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: elim-imp-explicit)
lemma elim-imp-lifted-consistant:
  preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp))
 by (simp add: elim-imp-consistent)
fun no-imp-symb where
no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \ (FImp - -) = False \ |
no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb - = True
lemma no-imp-symb-conn-characterization:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow no-imp-symb (conn \ c \ l) \longleftrightarrow c \ne CImp
  by (induction rule: wf-conn-induct) auto
definition no-imp where no-imp \equiv all-subformula-st no-imp-symb
declare no\text{-}imp\text{-}def[simp]
```

lemma no-imp-Imp[simp]: $\neg no\text{-}imp \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi)$

no-imp FT

full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) $\varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no$ -equiv ψ

using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-equiv-elim-equiv-step by blast

```
no-imp FF
  unfolding no-imp-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-imp[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows
    no\text{-}imp\ (FNot\ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}imp\ \varphi
    no\text{-}imp\ (FAnd\ \varphi\ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}imp\ \varphi \land no\text{-}imp\ \psi)
    no\text{-}imp\ (FOr\ \varphi\ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}imp\ \varphi \land no\text{-}imp\ \psi)
  by auto
Invariant of the elim-imp transformation
lemma elim-imp-no-equiv:
  elim-imp \ \varphi \ \psi \implies no-equiv \ \varphi \implies no-equiv \ \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
lemma elim-imp-inv:
  fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi and no-equiv \varphi
  shows no-equiv \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elim-imp no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi] assms elim-imp-no-equiv
    no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
\mathbf{lemma} no-no-imp-elim-imp-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv: \neg no-imp \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land \textit{elim-imp } \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. \ no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ FF \land no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ FT \land no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ (FVar\ (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
     fix c:: 'v connective and l :: 'v propo list and \psi :: 'v propo
     have H: elim-imp (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no-imp-symb (conn c l)
       by (auto elim: elim-imp.cases)
    }
  moreover
    have H': \forall \psi. \neg elim-imp\ FT\ \psi\ \forall \psi. \neg elim-imp\ FF\ \psi\ \forall \psi\ x. \neg elim-imp\ (FVar\ x)\ \psi
      by (auto elim: elim-imp.cases)+
  moreover
    have \bigwedge \varphi. \neg no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \ \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim\text{-}imp \ \varphi \ \psi
      by (case-tac \varphi) (force simp: elim-imp.simps)+
    then have (\bigwedge \varphi' . \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim\text{-}imp \varphi' \psi) by force
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists no-equiv test-symb-false-nullary unfolding no-imp-def by blast
qed
lemma no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp: full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi \implies no-imp \psi
```

26.3 Eliminate all the True and False in the formula

using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-no-imp-elim-imp-step-exists by blast

Contrary to the book, we have to give the transformation and the "commutative" transformation. The latter is implicit in the book.

```
inductive elimTB where

ElimTB1: elimTB (FAnd \varphi FT) \varphi
```

```
Elim TB1': elim TB (FAnd FT \varphi) \varphi
ElimTB2: elimTB (FAnd \varphi FF) FF
Elim TB2': elim TB (FAnd FF \varphi) FF |
ElimTB3: elimTB (FOr \varphi FT) FT |
ElimTB3': elimTB (FOr FT \varphi) FT
ElimTB4: elimTB (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi
Elim TB4': elim TB (FOr FF \varphi) \varphi
ElimTB5: elimTB (FNot FT) FF |
ElimTB6: elimTB (FNot FF) FT
lemma elimTB-consistent: preserves-un-sat elimTB
proof -
    fix \varphi \psi:: 'b propo
    have elimTB \ \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi \ \text{by} \ (induction \ rule: \ elimTB.inducts) \ auto
  then show ?thesis using preserves-un-sat-def by auto
qed
inductive no-T-F-symb :: 'v propo <math>\Rightarrow bool where
no-T-F-symb-comp: c \neq CF \Longrightarrow c \neq CT \Longrightarrow \text{wf-conn } c \mid l \Longrightarrow (\forall \varphi \in set \mid l. \mid \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF)
  \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (conn \ c \ l)
lemma wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff[simp]:
  wf-conn c \ \psi s \Longrightarrow
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ \psi s) \longleftrightarrow (c \neq CF \land c \neq CT \land (\forall \psi \in set\ \psi s.\ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT))
  unfolding no-T-F-symb.simps apply (cases c)
          using wf-conn-list(1) apply fastforce
         using wf-conn-list(2) apply fastforce
        using wf-conn-list(3) apply fastforce
       apply (metis (no-types, hide-lams) conn-inj connective.distinct(5,17))
      using conn-inj apply blast+
  done
lemma wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff-explicit[simp]:
  no-T-F-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\ (FOr\ \varphi\ \psi)\longleftrightarrow (\forall\ \chi\in set\ [\varphi,\ \psi].\ \chi\neq FF\ \land\ \chi\neq FT)
  no-T-F-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  no-T-F-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
     apply (metis\ conn.simps(36)\ conn.simps(37)\ conn.simps(5)\ propo.distinct(19)
       wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
    \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{metis} \ \mathit{conn.simps}(36) \ \mathit{conn.simps}(37) \ \mathit{conn.simps}(6) \ \mathit{propo.distinct}(22)
      wf-conn-helper-facts(6) wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
   using wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff apply fastforce
  by (metis conn.simps(36) conn.simps(37) conn.simps(7) propo.distinct(23) wf-conn-helper-facts(7)
    wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
```

lemma no-T-F-symb-false[simp]:

```
fixes c :: 'v \ connective
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FT :: 'v \ propo)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FF :: 'v \ propo)
   by (metis\ (no-types)\ conn.simps(1,2)\ wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff\ wf-conn-nullary)+
lemma no-T-F-symb-bool[simp]:
  fixes x :: 'v
  shows no-T-F-symb (FVar x)
  using no-T-F-symb-comp wf-conn-nullary by (metis connective.distinct(3, 15) conn.simps(3)
   empty-iff list.set(1)
lemma no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp:
  \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi) \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume n: \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb (FNot \varphi)
  assume \neg (\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF)
  then have \forall \varphi' \in set \ [\varphi]. \ \varphi' \neq FT \land \varphi' \neq FF \ by \ auto
  moreover have wf-conn CNot [\varphi] by simp
  ultimately have no-T-F-symb (FNot \varphi)
   using no-T-F-symb.intros by (metis conn.simps(4) connective.distinct(5,17))
  then show False using n by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-symb-fnot[simp]:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow \neg(\varphi = FT \ \lor \ \varphi = FF)
 using no-T-F-symb.simps no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp by (metis conn-inj-not(2) list.set-intros(1))
Actually it is not possible to remover every FT and FF: if the formula is equal to true or false,
we can not remove it.
inductive no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel where
no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true[simp]: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FT |
no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false[simp]: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FF
noTrue-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel[simp]: no-T-F-symb \varphi \implies no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bool:
 fixes x :: 'v
 shows no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar x)
 by simp
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom:
  \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FNot }\varphi)
 by simp
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes \varphi \neq FT and \varphi \neq FF and \psi \neq FT and \psi \neq FF
 and c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
  shows no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c [\varphi, \psi])
  by (metis\ (no\text{-}types,\ lifting)\ assms\ c\ conn.simps(4)\ list.discI\ no\ True\text{-}no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel}
    wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff no-T-F-symb-fnot set-ConsD wf-conn-binary wf-conn-helper-facts(1)
   wf-conn-list-decomp(1,2))
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}if\text{-}is\text{-}a\text{-}true\text{-}false\text{:}}$

```
fixes l :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
  assumes corr: wf-conn c l
  and FT \in set \ l \lor FF \in set \ l
  shows \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (conn c l)
  by (metis assms empty-iff no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.simps wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff set-empty
    wf-conn-list(1,2))
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-example[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \lor \psi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor \psi = FF
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FImp <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FEq \varphi \psi)
  using assms no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false unfolding binary-connectives-def
    by (metis\ (no-types)\ conn.simps(5-8)\ insert-iff\ list.simps(14-15)\ wf-conn-helper-facts(5-8))+
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-not[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FNot <math>\varphi)
  by (simp add: assms no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.simps)
This is the local extension of no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.
definition no-T-F-except-top-level where
no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \equiv all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel}
This is another property we will use. While this version might seem to be the one we want to
prove, it is not since FT can not be reduced.
definition no-T-F where
no\text{-}T\text{-}F \equiv all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-false:
  fixes l :: 'v propo list and <math>c :: 'v connective
  assumes wf-conn c l
  and FT \in set \ l \lor FF \in set \ l
  shows \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (conn c l)
  by (simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp assms no-T-F-except-top-level-def
    no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false)
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-false-example[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \lor \psi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor \psi = FF
  shows
     \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no-T-F-except-top-level (FEq \varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FImp <math>\varphi \psi)
  \mathbf{by}\ (metis\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}test\text{-}symb\text{-}true\text{-}phi\ assms\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\text{-}}def
    no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-example)+
```

```
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb:
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel \ \varphi \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ \varphi
   by (induct rule: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.induct, auto)
The two following lemmas give the precise link between the two definitions.
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb:
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\ }\varphi \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\ \varphi
   unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def no-T-F-def apply (induct \varphi)
    using no-T-F-symb-fnot by fastforce+
lemma no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level:
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \varphi
    unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def no-T-F-def
   unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma\ no-T-F-except-top-level-simp[simp]:\ no-T-F-except-top-level\ FF\ no-T-F-except-top-level\ FT
   unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by auto
lemma no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level'[simp]:
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\ \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT \lor no\text{-}T\text{-}F\ \varphi)
   \textbf{using} \ \textit{no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb} \ \textit{no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb} \ \textit{no-T-F-no-T-F-symb} \ \textit{no-T-
   by auto
lemma no-T-F-bin-decomp[simp]:
   assumes c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   shows no-T-F (conn\ c\ [\varphi,\psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F\ \varphi \land no-T-F\ \psi)
proof -
   have wf: wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi] using c by auto
    then have no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F-symb (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \land no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
       by (simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp no-T-F-def)
    then show no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
       \textbf{using} \ c \ \textit{wf all-subformula-st-decomp list.discI} \ \textit{no-T-F-def no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom}
           no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) wf-conn-helper-facts(2,3)
           wf-conn-list(1,2) by metis
qed
lemma no-T-F-bin-decomp-expanded[simp]:
   assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \lor c = CEq \lor c = CImp
   shows no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
   using no-T-F-bin-decomp assms unfolding binary-connectives-def by blast
lemma no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit[simp]:
   fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
        no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
       no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \ \wedge \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
       no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
       \textit{no-T-F} \ (\textit{FImp} \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\textit{no-T-F} \ \varphi \ \land \ \textit{no-T-F} \ \psi)
    using assms conn.simps(5-8) no-T-F-bin-decomp-expanded by (metis\ (no-types))+
lemma no-T-F-comp-not[simp]:
   fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   shows no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FNot \ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi
   by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def
       no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp)
```

```
lemma no-T-F-decomp:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi: no-T-F (FAnd \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FOr \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FEq \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FImp \varphi \psi)
 shows no-T-F \psi and no-T-F \varphi
 using assms by auto
lemma no-T-F-decomp-not:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes \varphi: no-T-F (FNot \varphi)
 shows no-T-F \varphi
  using assms by auto
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
 shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel} \ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi'. \ elimTB \ \psi \ \psi'
proof (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi'(x))
  then have False using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false by auto
  then show ?case by blast
next
  case (unary \psi)
  then have \psi = FF \lor \psi = FT using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom by blast
  then show ?case using ElimTB5 ElimTB6 by blast
next
  case (binary \varphi' \psi 1 \psi 2)
 note IH1 = this(1) and IH2 = this(2) and \varphi' = this(3) and F\varphi = this(4) and n = this(5)
   assume \varphi' = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
   then have False using n F\varphi subformula-all-subformula-st assms
      by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ no\text{-}equiv\text{-}eq(1)\ no\text{-}equiv\text{-}def\ no\text{-}imp\text{-}Imp(1)\ no\text{-}imp\text{-}def)
   then have ?case by blast
  }
  moreover {
   assume \varphi': \varphi' = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
   then have \psi 1 = FT \vee \psi 2 = FT \vee \psi 1 = FF \vee \psi 2 = FF
     using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom conn.simps(5,6) n unfolding binary-connectives-def
      by fastforce+
   then have ?case using elimTB.intros \varphi' by blast
  }
 ultimately show ?case using \varphi' by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes noTB: \neg no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi and no-imp: no-imp
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elimTB \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FF:: 'v propo)
   \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FT \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar (x::'v)) by auto
  moreover {
    fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
    have H: elimTB (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (conn c l)
      by (cases (conn c l) rule: elimTB.cases, auto)
```

```
}
  moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     have H': no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level }FT no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level }FF
       no-T-F-except-top-level (FVar x)
      by (auto simp: no-T-F-except-top-level-def test-symb-false-nullary)
 moreover {
    fix \psi
     have \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel }\psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. elimTB \psi \psi'
      using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists no-equiv no-imp by auto
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists noTB unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by blast
qed
lemma elimTB-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step elim TB) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi
proof -
  {
     \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
     have H: elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elimTB.induct, auto)
  then show no-equiv \psi
    using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elimTB no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi]
      no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization assms unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
next
     fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
    have H: elimTB \ \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \ \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \ \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elimTB.induct, auto)
  then show no-imp \psi
    using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elimTB no-imp-symb \varphi \psi] assms
      no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def by metis
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ elimTB-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and full (propo-rew-step elim TB) \varphi \psi
  shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-T-F-except-top-level-rew assms elimTB-inv by fastforce
26.4
          PushNeg
Push the negation inside the formula, until the litteral.
inductive pushNeg where
PushNeg1[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi)) (FOr (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
PushNeg2[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FOr \varphi \psi)) (FAnd (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
```

 $PushNeg3[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FNot \varphi)) \varphi$

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ push Neg-transformation\text{-}consistent:
A \models FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow A \models (FOr (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
A \models FNot (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow A \models (FAnd (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
A \models FNot (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow A \models \varphi
  by auto
lemma pushNeg-explicit: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
{\bf lemma}\ pushNeg-consistent:\ preserves-un-sat\ pushNeg
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: pushNeg-explicit)
\mathbf{lemma}\ push Neg-lifted\text{-}consistant:
preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step pushNeg))
  by (simp add: pushNeq-consistent)
fun simple where
simple FT = True \mid
simple FF = True
simple (FVar -) = True \mid
simple - = False
lemma simple-decomp:
  simple \ \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor (\exists x. \ \varphi = FVar \ x))
  by (cases \varphi) auto
{\bf lemma}\ subformula\mbox{-}conn\mbox{-}decomp\mbox{-}simple:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes s: simple \ \psi
  shows \varphi \leq FNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ \psi \lor \varphi = \psi)
proof -
  have \varphi \leq conn \ CNot \ [\psi] \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ CNot \ [\psi] \lor (\exists \ \psi \in set \ [\psi]. \ \varphi \leq \psi))
    using subformula-conn-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(1) by metis
  then show \varphi \leq FNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ \psi \lor \varphi = \psi) using s by (auto simp: simple-decomp)
qed
lemma subformula-conn-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo \ {\bf and} \ x :: 'v
  shows
    \varphi \leq FNot \ FT \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ FT \lor \varphi = FT)
    \varphi \leq FNot \ FF \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ FF \lor \varphi = FF)
    \varphi \leq FNot \ (FVar \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ (FVar \ x) \lor \varphi = FVar \ x)
  by (auto simp: subformula-conn-decomp-simple)
fun simple-not-symb where
simple-not-symb (FNot \varphi) = (simple \varphi)
simple-not-symb -= True
definition simple-not where
simple-not = all-subformula-st\ simple-not-symb
declare simple-not-def[simp]
```

```
lemma simple-not-Not[simp]:
  \neg simple-not (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi))
  \neg simple-not (FNot (FOr \varphi \psi))
  by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-not-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
  shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb \ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi'. \ pushNeg \ \psi \ \psi'
  apply (induct \psi, auto)
  apply (rename-tac \psi, case-tac \psi, auto intro: pushNeg.intros)
  by (metis\ assms(1,2)\ no-imp-Imp(1)\ no-equiv-eq(1)\ no-imp-def\ no-equiv-def
    subformula-in-subformula-not\ subformula-all-subformula-st)+
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-not-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg simple-not \varphi and no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi and no-imp: no-imp \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land pushNeg \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have \forall x. simple-not-symb (FF:: 'v propo) \land simple-not-symb FT \land simple-not-symb (FVar (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
     fix c:: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \ l:: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \psi:: 'v \ propo
     have H: pushNeg (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb (conn c l)
       by (cases (conn c l) rule: pushNeg.cases) auto
  }
  moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     have H': simple-not FT simple-not FF simple-not (FVar x)
       by simp-all
  }
  moreover {
     fix \psi :: 'v \ propo
     have \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. pushNeg \psi \psi'
       using simple-not-step-exists no-equiv no-imp by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis using no-test-symb-step-exists no TB unfolding simple-not-def by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg1:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FNot (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)) \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FOr (FNot <math>\varphi))
  \textbf{using } \textit{no-}T\text{-}F\text{-}\textit{symb-except-tople} \textit{vel-all-subformula-st-no-}T\text{-}F\text{-}\textit{symb } \textit{no-}T\text{-}F\text{-}\textit{comp-not } \textit{no-}T\text{-}F\text{-}\textit{decomp}(1) 
    no-T-F-decomp(2) no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by (metis\ no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit(2))
      propo.distinct(5,17))
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeq2:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FNot (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)) \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FAnd (FNot <math>\varphi) (FNot \psi))
  by auto
lemma no-T-F-symb-pushNeg:
  no-T-F-symb (FOr (FNot \varphi') (FNot \psi'))
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FAnd \ (FNot \ \varphi') \ (FNot \ \psi'))
  no-T-F-symb (FNot (FNot \varphi'))
  by auto
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F-symb:
   propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \psi
   apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
   apply (cases rule: pushNeg.cases)
   apply simp-all
   apply (metis\ no-T-F-symb-pushNeg(1))
   apply (metis no-T-F-symb-pushNeg(2))
   apply (simp, metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def)
proof -
   fix \varphi \varphi':: 'a propo and c:: 'a connective and \xi \xi':: 'a propo list
   assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \varphi'
   and IH: no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb \varphi'
   and wf: wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
   and n: conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi') = FF\ \lor\ conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi') = FT\ \lor\ no\ T-F\ (conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi'))
   and x: c \neq CF \land c \neq CT \land \varphi \neq FF \land \varphi \neq FT \land (\forall \psi \in set \ \xi \cup set \ \xi'. \ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT)
   then have c \neq CF \land c \neq CF \land wf\text{-}conn\ c\ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
      using wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-no-arity-change by metis
   moreover have n': no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi # \xi')) using n by (simp add: wf wf-conn-list(1,2))
   moreover
   {
      have no-T-F \varphi
          by (metis Un-iff all-subformula-st-decomp list.set-intros(1) n' wf no-T-F-def set-append)
      moreover then have no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \varphi
          by (simp add: all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def)
      ultimately have \varphi' \neq FF \land \varphi' \neq FT
          using IH no-T-F-symb-false(1) no-T-F-symb-false(2) by blast
      then have \forall \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT \ using \ x \ by \ auto
   ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by (simp add: x)
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F:
   propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
   case qlobal-rel
   then show ?case
      \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis} \ (\textit{no-types}, \ \textit{lifting}) \ \textit{no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-ex
          no-T-F-def\ no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg1\ no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg2
          no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level \ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) \ pushNeg.simps
          simple.simps(1,2,5,6))
next
   case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
   note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3) and no\text{-}T\text{-}F = this(4)
   moreover have wf': wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
      using wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf by metis
   ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
      using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi
      by (fastforce simp: no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp wf wf')
qed
lemma pushNeq-inv:
   fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   assumes full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi \psi
```

```
and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi
   and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
   then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
        {
         assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
         from rel this have False
           apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
             using pushNeg.cases apply blast
           using wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) by auto
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         then have no-T-F \varphi
           by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
         then have no-T-F \psi
           using propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F rel by auto
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       }
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
     qed
  }
  moreover {
    fix c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \zeta \zeta'
    and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
    and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
    and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (<math>\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'))
        \mathbf{using}\ corr\ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(1)\ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(2)\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F
        by blast
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: pushNeg.cases, auto)
        by (metis assms(4) no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-not no-T-F-except-top-level-def
          all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi subformula-in-subformula-not
          subformula-all-subformula-st\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.\ distinct(1)
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change)+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        by (metis corr no-T-F-symb-comp wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
    \mathbf{qed}
  }
```

```
ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
    using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc[of pushNeg no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi] assms
      subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def full-unfold by metis
next
    fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
    have H: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
  then show no-equiv \psi
    using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of pushNeg no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi]
    no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization assms unfolding no-equiv-def full-unfold by metis
next
  {
    fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
    have H: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-imp } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-imp } \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
  then show no-imp \psi
    using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of pushNeg no-imp-symb \varphi \psi] assms
      no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def full-unfold by metis
qed
lemma pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    no-equiv \varphi and
    no-imp \varphi and
    full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg)\ \varphi\ \psi\ {\bf and}
    no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi
  shows simple-not \psi
  using assms full-propo-rew-step-subformula pushNeg-inv(1,2) simple-not-rew by blast
26.5
           Push inside
inductive \ \textit{push-conn-inside} :: \textit{'v} \ \textit{connective} \Rightarrow \textit{'v} \ \textit{connective} \Rightarrow \textit{'v} \ \textit{propo} \Rightarrow \textit{'v} \ \textit{propo} \Rightarrow \textit{bool}
  for c c':: 'v connective where
push-conn-inside-l[simp]: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  \implies push\text{-}conn\text{-}inside\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\ \varphi 2],\ \psi])
        (conn\ c'\ [conn\ c\ [\varphi 1,\ \psi],\ conn\ c\ [\varphi 2,\ \psi]])\ |
\textit{push-conn-inside-r[simp]: } c = \textit{CAnd} \, \vee \, c = \textit{COr} \Longrightarrow c' = \textit{CAnd} \, \vee \, c' = \textit{COr}
  \implies push\text{-}conn\text{-}inside\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ conn\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\ \varphi 2]])
    (conn\ c'\ [conn\ c\ [\psi, \varphi 1],\ conn\ c\ [\psi, \varphi 2]])
lemma push-conn-inside-explicit: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
lemma push-conn-inside-consistent: preserves-un-sat (push-conn-inside c c')
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-explicit)
lemma propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside[simp]:
 \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FT \psi \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FF \psi
 proof -
  {
```

```
{
       fix \varphi \psi
       have push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT\ \lor \varphi = FF \Longrightarrow False
         by (induct rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
     } note H = this
    fix \varphi
    have propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \Longrightarrow False
       apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2))
       using H by blast+
  }
  then show
     \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FT \psi
     \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FF \psi by blast+
qed
inductive not-c-in-c'-symb:: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for c c' where
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}l[simp]: wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \varphi'], \ \psi] \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \varphi']
  \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi,\ \varphi'],\ \psi])\ |
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}r[simp]: wf\text{-}conn \ c\ [\psi, \ conn \ c'\ [\varphi, \ \varphi']] \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c'\ [\varphi, \ \varphi']
  \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ conn\ c'\ [\varphi,\ \varphi']])
abbreviation c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi \equiv \neg not-c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
lemma c-in-c'-symb-simp:
  not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \xi \Longrightarrow \xi = FF \lor \xi = FT \lor \xi = FVar\ x \lor \xi = FNot\ FF \lor \xi = FNot\ FT
    \vee \xi = FNot \ (FVar \ x) \Longrightarrow False
  apply (induct rule: not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb.induct, auto simp: wf\text{-}conn.simps wf\text{-}conn-list(1-3))
  using conn-inj-not(2) wf-conn-binary unfolding binary-connectives-def by fastforce+
lemma c-in-c'-symb-simp'[simp]:
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ FF
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ FT
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ x)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ FF)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ FT)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ (FVar\ x))
  using c-in-c'-symb-simp by metis+
definition c-in-c'-only where
c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c\ c' \equiv all\text{-subformula-st }(c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c')
lemma c-in-c'-only-simp[simp]:
  c-in-c'-only c c' FF
  c-in-c'-only c c' FT
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FVar x)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot FF)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot FT)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot (FVar x))
  unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
lemma not-c-in-c'-symb-commute:
  not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \xi \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn\ c\ [\varphi,\ \psi] \Longrightarrow \xi = conn\ c\ [\varphi,\ \psi]
```

```
\implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\,\varphi])
proof (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
  case (not-c-in-c'-symb-r \varphi' \varphi'' \psi') note H = this
  then have \psi: \psi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi'', \psi'] using conn-inj by auto
  have wf-conn c [conn c' [\varphi'', \psi'], \varphi]
    using H(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change length-Cons by metis
  then show not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
    unfolding \psi using not-c-in-c'-symb.intros(1) H by auto
next
  case (not-c-in-c'-symb-l \varphi' \varphi'' \psi') note H = this
  then have \varphi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi', \varphi''] using conn-inj by auto
  moreover have wf-conn c [\psi', conn \ c' \ [\varphi', \varphi'']]
    using H(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change length-Cons by metis
  ultimately show not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
    using not-c-in-c'-symb.intros(2) conn-inj not-c-in-c'-symb-l.hyps
      not-c-in-c'-symb-l.prems(1,2) by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}commute'\text{:}
  wf-conn c \ [\varphi, \psi] \implies c-in-c'-symb c \ c' \ (conn \ c \ [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c \ c' \ (conn \ c \ [\psi, \varphi])
  \mathbf{using}\ not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}commute\ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}no\text{-}arity\text{-}change\ \mathbf{by}\ (metis\ length\text{-}Cons)
lemma not-c-in-c'-comm:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
  shows c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi]) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof -
  have ?A \longleftrightarrow (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\varphi,\psi])
                \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\varphi, \psi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by fastforce
  also have ... \longleftrightarrow (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi])
                      \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\psi, \varphi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
    using not-c-in-c'-symb-commute' wf by auto
    have wf-conn c [\psi, \varphi] using wf-conn-no-arity-change wf by (metis length-Cons)
    then have (c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi])
              \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\psi, \varphi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
      using all-subformula-st-decomp unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by fastforce
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma not-c-in-c'-simp[simp]:
  fixes \varphi 1 \varphi 2 \psi :: 'v \text{ propo and } x :: 'v
  shows
  c-in-c'-symb c c' FT
  c-in-c'-symb c c' FF
  c-in-c'-symb c c' (FVar x)
  wf-conn c [conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2], \psi] \Longrightarrow wf-conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
    \implies \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\ \varphi 2],\ \psi])
  apply (simp-all add: c-in-c'-only-def)
  using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi not-c-in-c'-symb-l by blast
lemma c-in-c'-symb-not[simp]:
  fixes c\ c':: 'v\ connective\ {\bf and}\ \psi:: 'v\ propo
  shows c-in-c'-symb c c' (FNot \psi)
```

```
proof -
    fix \xi :: 'v propo
    have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (FNot \psi) \Longrightarrow False
      apply (induct FNot \psi rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
      using conn-inj-not(2) by blast+
then show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma c-in-c'-symb-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists\ \psi'.\ push\text{-conn-inside }c\ c'\ \psi\ \psi'
  apply (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  apply auto[2]
proof -
  fix \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
  assume IH\psi 1: \psi 1 \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow Ex \ (push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi 1)
  and IH\psi 2: \psi 1 \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow Ex \ (push\text{-conn-inside } c \ c' \ \psi 1)
  and \varphi': \varphi' = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
  and in\varphi: \varphi' \preceq \varphi and n\theta: \neg c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \varphi'
  then have n: not-c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi' by auto
    assume \varphi': \varphi' = conn \ c \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]
    obtain a b where \psi 1 = conn \ c' [a, b] \lor \psi 2 = conn \ c' [a, b]
      using n \varphi' apply (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
      using c by force+
    then have Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi')
      unfolding \varphi' apply auto
      using push-conn-inside.intros(1) c c' apply blast
      using push-conn-inside.intros(2) c c' by blast
  }
  moreover {
     assume \varphi': \varphi' \neq conn \ c \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]
     have \forall \varphi \ c \ ca. \ \exists \varphi 1 \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \psi 1' \ \psi 2' \ \varphi 2'. \ conn \ (c::'v \ connective) \ [\varphi 1, \ conn \ ca \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]] = \varphi
              \vee conn c [conn ca [\psi 1', \psi 2'], \varphi 2'] = \varphi \vee c-in-c'-symb c ca \varphi
       by (metis not-c-in-c'-symb.cases)
     then have Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi')
       by (metis (no-types) c c' n push-conn-inside-l push-conn-inside-r)
  ultimately show Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi') by blast
qed
lemma c-in-c'-symb-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg c-in-c'-only c c' <math>\varphi
  and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x. \ c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ (FF:: 'v \ propo) \land c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ FT
      \land c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb}\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ (x::\ 'v))
    by auto
```

```
moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
   have H': c-in-c'-symb c c' FT c-in-c'-symb c c' FF c-in-c'-symb c c' (FVar x)
     by simp+
  moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c \ c' \ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi'. \ push\text{-conn-inside }c \ c' \ \psi \ \psi'
     by (auto simp: assms(2) \ c' \ c-in-c'-symb-step-exists)
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis using noTB no-test-symb-step-exists[of c-in-c'-symb c c']
   unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by metis
qed
lemma push-conn-insidec-in-c'-symb-no-T-F:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case (global-rel \varphi \psi)
  then show no-T-F \psi
   by (cases rule: push-conn-inside.cases, auto)
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
 note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3) and no\text{-}T\text{-}F = this(4)
 have no-T-F \varphi
   using wf no-T-F no-T-F-def subformula-into-subformula subformula-all-subformula-st
   subformula-refl by (metis (no-types) in-set-conv-decomp)
  then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi' using IH by blast
 have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta by (metis wf no-T-F no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp)
  then have n: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ no-T-F \ \zeta \ using \ \varphi' \ by \ auto
  then have n': \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FF \land \zeta \neq FT
   using \varphi' by (metis\ no-T-F-symb-false(1)\ no-T-F-symb-false(2)\ no-T-F-def
     all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi)
 have wf': wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
   using wf wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ x :: 'v
   assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
   then have False using wf by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by blast
  }
  moreover {
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have \xi = [] \xi' = [] using wf by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     using c by (metis\ \varphi'\ conn.simps(4)\ no-T-F-symb-false(1,2)\ no-T-F-symb-fnot\ no-T-F-def
       all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi self-append-conv2)
  }
  moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using wf' n' no-T-F-symb.simps by fastforce
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-imp wf' n no-T-F-def)
```

```
}
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using connective-cases-arity by auto
qed
lemma simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv:
propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \implies simple \varphi \implies simple \psi
 apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 apply (rename-tac \varphi, case-tac \varphi, auto simp: push-conn-inside.simps)[]
 by (metis\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1)\ simple.elims(2)\ wf-conn-list(1-3))
{\bf lemma}\ simple-propo-rew-step-inv-push-conn-inside-simple-not:
 fixes c c' :: 'v connective and \varphi \psi :: 'v propo
 shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case (global-rel \varphi \psi)
 then show ?case by (cases \varphi, auto simp: push-conn-inside.simps)
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' ca \xi \xi') note rew = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3)
  and simple = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (cases ca rule: connective-cases-arity)
     case nullary
     then show ?thesis using propo-rew-one-step-lift by auto
   next
     case binary note ca = this
     obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, b]
       using wf ca list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length
       by (metis (no-types) wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
     have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). simple-not \zeta
       by (metis wf all-subformula-st-decomp simple simple-not-def)
     then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). simple-not \zeta using IH by simp
     moreover have simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using ca
     by (metis\ ab\ conn.simps(5-8)\ helper-fact\ simple-not-symb.simps(5)\ simple-not-symb.simps(6)
         simple-not-symb.simps(7) simple-not-symb.simps(8))
     ultimately show ?thesis
       by (simp add: ab all-subformula-st-decomp ca)
   next
     case unary
     then show ?thesis
        using rew simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv[OF rew] IH local.wf simple by auto
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-simple-not:
 fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
 assumes
   propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi' and
   wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') and
   simple-not-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) and
   simple-not-symb \varphi'
 shows simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
 using assms
proof (induction rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
```

```
print-cases
  case (global-rel)
  then show ?case
   by (metis conn.simps(12,17) list.discI push-conn-inside.cases simple-not-symb.elims(3)
     wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-list(2) wf-conn-list(8) wf-conn-no-arity-change
     wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c' \chi s \chi s') note tel = this(1) and wf = this(2) and
   IH = this(3) and wf' = this(4) and simple' = this(5) and simple = this(6)
  then show ?case
   proof (cases c' rule: connective-cases-arity)
     case nullary
     then show ?thesis using wf simple simple' by auto
     case binary note c = this(1)
     have corr': wf-conn c (\xi @ conn c' (\chi s @ \varphi' # \chi s') # \xi')
       using wf wf-conn-no-arity-change
       by (metis wf' wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
     then show ?thesis
       using c propo-rew-one-step-lift wf
      by (metis conn.simps(17) connective.distinct(37) propo-rew-step-subformula-imp
         push-conn-inside.cases\ simple-not-symb.elims(3)\ wf-conn.simps\ wf-conn-list(2,8))
   next
     case unary
     then have empty: \chi s = [] \chi s' = [] using wf by auto
     then show ?thesis using simple unary simple' wf wf'
      by (metis connective.distinct(37) connective.distinct(39) propo-rew-step-subformula-imp
         push-conn-inside.cases\ simple-not-symb.elims(3)\ tel\ wf-conn-list(8)
         wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma push-conn-inside-not-true-false:
 push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow \psi \neq FT \land \psi \neq FF
 by (induct rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
lemma push-conn-inside-inv:
 fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c')) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
proof -
  {
    {
       fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
      have H: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
         \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \psi
         by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
     \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \psi
     apply (induct \varphi \psi rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
     using H apply simp
```

```
proof (rename-tac \varphi \varphi' ca \psi s \psi s', case-tac ca rule: connective-cases-arity)
 fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } c:: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi':: 'v \text{ propo list}
 and x:: 'v
 assume wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
 and c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
 then have \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [] by auto
 then have False by auto
 then show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by blast
next
 fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } ca:: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi':: 'v \text{ propo list}
 and x :: 'v
 assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
 and \varphi-\varphi': all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
 and corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
 and n: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
 and c: ca = CNot
 have empty: \xi = [] \xi' = [] using c corr by auto
 then have simple-not:all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (FNot \varphi) using corr c n by auto
 then have simple \varphi
   using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi simple-not-symb.simps(1) by blast
 then have simple \varphi'
   using rel simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv by blast
 then show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty
   by (metis simple-not \varphi-\varphi' append-Nil conn.simps(4) all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)
     simple-not-symb.simps(1)
next
 fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } ca :: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list}
 and x :: 'v
 assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
 and n\varphi: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
 and corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
 and n: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
 and c: ca \in binary\text{-}connectives
 have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
   using n c corr all-subformula-st-decomp by fastforce
 then have \varphi': all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi' using n\varphi by blast
 obtain a b where ab: [a, b] = (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
   using corr c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
 then have \xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi'] \lor (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi') = [\varphi', b]
   using ab by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2
     append-is-Nil-conv butlast.simps(2) butlast-append list.sel(3) tl-append2)
 moreover
  {
    fix \chi :: 'v \ propo
    have wf': wf-conn ca [a, b]
      using ab corr by presburger
    have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca [a, b])
      using ab n by presburger
    then have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \chi \vee \chi \notin set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
      using wf' by (metis (no-types) \varphi' all-subformula-st-decomp calculation insert-iff
        list.set(2)
 then have \forall \varphi. \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st simple-not-symb } \varphi
```

```
by (metis\ (no\text{-}types))
       moreover have simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
         using ab conn-inj-not(1) corr wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-no-arity-change
           not-Cons-self2 self-append-conv2 simple-not-symb.elims(3) by (metis (no-types) c
           calculation(1) wf-conn-binary)
       moreover have wf-conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi') using c calculation(1) by auto
       ultimately show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
         by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-imp)
     qed
 }
 moreover {
    fix ca :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \varphi \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
    have propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
      \implies simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \implies simple-not-symb \varphi'
      \implies simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
      by (metis append-self-conv2 conn.simps(4) conn-inj-not(1) simple-not-symb.elims(3)
        simple-not-symb.simps(1) simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv
        wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  ultimately show simple-not \ \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of push-conn-inside c c' simple-not-symb] assms
   unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def simple-not-def full-unfold by metis
\mathbf{next}
  {
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
     \implies no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi
       and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
       then have no-T-F \varphi \vee \varphi = FF \vee \varphi = FT
         by (metis no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
       moreover {
         assume \varphi = FF \vee \varphi = FT
         then have False using rel propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       }
       moreover {
         assume no-T-F \varphi \land \varphi \neq FF \land \varphi \neq FT
         then have no-T-F \psi using rel push-conn-insidec-in-c'-symb-no-T-F by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi using no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by blast
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
     qed
 }
 moreover {
    fix ca :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \varphi \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
    assume corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
    then have c: ca \neq CT \land ca \neq CF by auto
    assume no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have c: ca \neq CT \land ca \neq CF using corr by auto
```

```
have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF
        using corr no-T-F no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false by blast
      then have \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF by auto
      from rel this have \varphi' \neq FT \land \varphi' \neq FF
        apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv conn.simps(2) conn-inj list.distinct(1)
          wf-conn-helper-facts(3) wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper push-conn-inside-not-true-false)+
      then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF \ using \ \zeta \ by \ auto
      moreover have wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
        using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using no-T-F-symb intros c by metis
    qed
  }
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of push-conn-inside c c' no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel]
   assms unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def full-unfold by metis
next
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \implies no-equiv \varphi \implies no-equiv \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
  then show no-equiv \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of push-conn-inside c c' no-equiv-symb] assms
   no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
next
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \implies no\text{-imp}\ \varphi \implies no\text{-imp}\ \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
 then show no-imp \psi
    \textbf{using} \ \textit{full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn} [\textit{of} \ \textit{push-conn-inside} \ \textit{c} \ \textit{c'} \ \textit{no-imp-symb}] \ \textit{assms} 
    no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def by metis
qed
lemma push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c')) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
   simple-not \varphi and
   c = CAnd \lor c = COr and
   c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows c-in-c'-only c c' \psi
  using c-in-c'-symb-rew assms full-propo-rew-step-subformula by blast
```

26.5.1 Only one type of connective in the formula (+ not)

inductive only-c-inside-symb :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for c:: 'v connective where

```
simple-only-c-inside[simp]: simple \varphi \implies only-c-inside-symb \ c \ \varphi \ |
simple-cnot-only-c-inside[simp]: simple \varphi \implies only-c-inside-symb \ c \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ |
only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside: wf-conn c \ l \implies only-c-inside-symb c \ (conn \ c \ l)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-simp[simp]:
  only-c-inside-symb c FF only-c-inside-symb c FT only-c-inside-symb c (FVar x) by auto
definition only-c-inside where only-c-inside c = all-subformula-st (only-c-inside-symb c)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-decomp:
  only-c-inside-symb c \psi \longleftrightarrow (simple \psi)
                               \vee (\exists \varphi'. \psi = FNot \varphi' \wedge simple \varphi')
                               \vee (\exists l. \ \psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l))
  by (auto simp: only-c-inside-symb.intros(3)) (induct rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-decomp-not[simp]:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective
  assumes c: c \neq CNot
 shows only-c-inside-symb c (FNot \psi) \longleftrightarrow simple \psi
  apply (auto simp: only-c-inside-symb.intros(3))
 by (induct FNot \psi rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(8) c)
lemma only-c-inside-decomp-not[simp]:
  assumes c: c \neq CNot
  shows only-c-inside c (FNot \psi) \longleftrightarrow simple \psi
  by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) all-subformula-st-def all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c
   only\-c-inside\-def only\-c-inside\-symb\-decomp\-not simple\-only\-c-inside
   subformula-conn-decomp-simple)
lemma only-c-inside-decomp:
  only-c-inside c \varphi \longleftrightarrow
   (\forall \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow (simple \ \psi \lor (\exists \ \varphi'. \ \psi = FNot \ \varphi' \land simple \ \varphi')
                   \vee (\exists l. \ \psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l)))
  unfolding only-c-inside-def by (auto simp: all-subformula-st-def only-c-inside-symb-decomp)
lemma only-c-inside-c-c'-false:
  fixes c c' :: 'v connective and l :: 'v propo list and \varphi :: 'v propo
  assumes cc': c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 and only: only-c-inside c \varphi and incl: conn c' l \preceq \varphi and wf: wf-conn c' l
 shows False
proof -
 let ?\psi = conn \ c' \ l
 have simple ?\psi \lor (\exists \varphi'. ?\psi = FNot \varphi' \land simple \varphi') \lor (\exists l. ?\psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l)
   using only-c-inside-decomp only incl by blast
  moreover have \neg simple ?\psi
   using wf simple-decomp by (metis c' connective distinct (19) connective distinct (7,9,21,29,31)
     wf-conn-list(1-3)
  moreover
    {
     fix \varphi'
     have ?\psi \neq FNot \varphi' using c' conn-inj-not(1) wf by blast
```

```
ultimately obtain l: 'v propo list where ?\psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l by metis
 then have c = c' using conn-inj wf by metis
 then show False using cc' by auto
qed
lemma only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-symb:
 assumes \delta: c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
 apply (rule ccontr)
 apply (cases rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.cases, auto)
  by (metis \delta c c' connective distinct (37,39) list distinct (1) only-c-inside-c-c'-false
   subformula-in-binary-conn(1,2) wf-conn.simps)+
lemma c-in-c'-symb-decomp-level1:
 fixes l :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c \ c' \ ca :: 'v \ connective
 shows wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca \neq c \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l)
proof -
 have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l) \implies wf-conn ca l \implies ca = c
   by (induct conn ca l rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct, auto simp: conn-inj)
 then show wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca \neq c \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l) by blast
qed
lemma only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-only:
 assumes \delta: c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi
 unfolding c-in-c'-only-def all-subformula-st-def
 using only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-symb
   by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1) c c' only-c-inside-def subformula-trans)
lemma c-in-c'-symb-c-implies-only-c-inside:
 assumes \delta: c = CAnd \lor c = COr c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr c \neq c' and wf: wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
 and inv: no-equiv (conn c l) no-imp (conn c l) simple-not (conn c l)
 shows wf-conn c \ l \implies c-in-c'-only c \ c' \ (conn \ c \ l) \implies (\forall \ \psi \in set \ l. \ only-c-inside c \ \psi)
using inv
proof (induct conn c l arbitrary: l rule: propo-induct-arity)
 case (nullary x)
 then show ?case by (auto simp: wf-conn-list assms)
next
 case (unary \varphi la)
 then have c = CNot \land la = [\varphi] by (metis\ (no-types)\ wf-conn-list(8))
 then show ?case using assms(2) assms(1) by blast
next
 case (binary \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
 note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and \varphi = this(3) and only = this(5) and wf = this(4)
   and no-equiv = this(6) and no-imp = this(7) and simple-not = this(8)
  then have l: l = [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] by (meson \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(4-7))
 let ?\varphi = conn \ c \ l
 obtain c1 l1 c2 l2 where \varphi 1: \varphi 1 = conn c1 l1 and wf \varphi 1: wf-conn c1 l1
   and \varphi 2: \varphi 2 = conn \ c2 \ l2 and wf \varphi 2: wf-conn \ c2 \ l2 using exists-c-conn by metis
  then have c-in-only \varphi 1: c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c1 l1) and c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c2 l2)
   using only l unfolding c-in-c'-only-def using assms(1) by auto
 have inc\varphi 1: \varphi 1 \leq ?\varphi and inc\varphi 2: \varphi 2 \leq ?\varphi
```

```
using \varphi 1 \varphi 2 \varphi local wf by (metric conn.simps(5-8) helper-fact subformula-in-binary-conn(1,2))+
have c1-eq: c1 \neq CEq and c2-eq: c2 \neq CEq
 unfolding no-equiv-def using inc\varphi 1 inc\varphi 2 by (metis \varphi 1 \varphi 2 wf\varphi 1 wf\varphi 2 assms(1) no-equiv
   no-equiv-eq(1) no-equiv-symb.elims(3) no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization wf-conn-list(4,5)
   no-equiv-def subformula-all-subformula-st)+
have c1-imp: c1 \neq CImp and c2-imp: c2 \neq CImp
 using no-imp by (metis \varphi 1 \varphi 2 all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-imp(2,3) assms(1)
   conn.simps(5,6) l no-imp-Imp(1) no-imp-symb.elims(3) no-imp-symb-conn-characterization
   wf\varphi 1 \ wf\varphi 2 \ all-subformula-st-decomp \ no-imp-symb-conn-characterization)+
have c1c: c1 \neq c'
 proof
   assume c1c: c1 = c'
   then obtain \xi 1 \ \xi 2 where l1: l1 = [\xi 1, \xi 2]
     by (metis assms(2) connective.distinct(37,39) helper-fact wf \varphi1 wf-conn.simps
       wf-conn-list-decomp(1-3))
   have c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [conn c' l1, \varphi 2]) using c1c l only \varphi 1 by auto
   moreover have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [conn c' l1, \varphi 2])
     using l1 \varphi 1 c1c l local.wf not-c-in-c'-symb-l wf \varphi 1 by blast
   ultimately show False using \varphi 1 c1c l l1 local.wf not-c-in-c'-simp(4) wf \varphi 1 by blast
qed
then have (\varphi 1 = conn \ c \ l1 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l1) \lor (\exists \psi 1. \ \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1) \lor simple \ \varphi 1
 by (metis\ \varphi 1\ assms(1-3)\ c1-eq c1-imp simple.elims(3)\ wf \varphi 1\ wf-conn-list(4)\ wf-conn-list(5-7))
moreover {
 assume \varphi 1 = conn \ c \ l1 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l1
 then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
   by (metis IH\varphi 1 \varphi 1 all-subformula-st-decomp-imp inc\varphi 1 no-equiv no-equiv-def no-imp no-imp-def
     c-in-only\varphi1 only-c-inside-def only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside simple-not simple-not-def
     subformula-all-subformula-st)
}
moreover {
 assume \exists \psi 1. \ \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1
 then obtain \psi 1 where \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1 by metis
 then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
   by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1) connective.distinct(37,39) inc\varphi 1
     only-c-inside-decomp-not simple-not simple-not-def simple-not-symb.simps(1))
moreover {
 assume simple \varphi 1
 then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
   by (metis\ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)\ assms(1)\ connective.\ distinct(37,39)
     only-c-inside-decomp-not only-c-inside-def)
}
ultimately have only-c-inside \varphi 1: only-c-inside c \varphi 1 by metis
have c-in-only \varphi 2: c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c2 l2)
 using only l \varphi 2 wf \varphi 2 assms unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
have c2c: c2 \neq c'
 proof
   assume c2c: c2 = c'
   then obtain \xi 1 \ \xi 2 where l2: l2 = [\xi 1, \xi 2]
    by (metis assms(2) wf\varphi 2 wf-conn.simps connective.distinct(7,9,19,21,29,31,37,39))
   then have c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [<math>\varphi 1, conn c' l2])
     using c2c\ l\ only\ \varphi2\ all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
   moreover have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [<math>\varphi 1, conn c' l2])
```

```
using assms(1) c2c l2 not-c-in-c'-symb-r wf\varphi2 wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6) by metis
     ultimately show False by auto
   qed
  then have (\varphi 2 = conn \ c \ l2 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l2) \lor (\exists \psi 2. \ \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2) \lor simple \ \varphi 2
   using c2-eq by (metis \varphi 2 assms(1-3) c2-eq c2-imp simple.elims(3) wf\varphi 2 wf-conn-list(4-7))
  moreover {
   assume \varphi 2 = conn \ c \ l2 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l2
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     by (metis IH\varphi 2 \varphi 2 all-subformula-st-decomp inc\varphi 2 no-equiv no-equiv-def no-imp no-imp-def
       c-in-only\varphi 2 only-c-inside-def only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside simple-not simple-not-def
       subformula-all-subformula-st)
 }
 moreover {
   assume \exists \psi 2. \ \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2
   then obtain \psi 2 where \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2 by metis
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1-3) connective.distinct(38,40) inc\varphi 2
       only\-c-inside\-decomp-not\ simple\-not\-def\ simple\-not\-symb.simps(1))
  }
 moreover {
   assume simple \varphi 2
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     by (metis\ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)\ assms(1)\ connective.distinct(37,39)
       only-c-inside-decomp-not only-c-inside-def)
  }
 ultimately have only-c-inside \varphi 2: only-c-inside \varphi \varphi 2 by metis
 show ?case using l only-c-inside\varphi 1 only-c-inside\varphi 2 by auto
qed
26.5.2
          Push Conjunction
definition pushConj where pushConj = push-conn-inside CAnd COr
lemma pushConj-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushConj
 unfolding pushConj-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-consistent)
definition and-in-or-symb where and-in-or-symb = c-in-c'-symb CAnd COr
definition and-in-or-only where
and-in-or-only = all-subformula-st (c-in-c'-symb CAnd COr)
lemma push Conj-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushConj) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
 using push-conn-inside-inv assms unfolding pushConj-def by metis+
lemma pushConj-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step pushConj) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and
```

```
simple-not \varphi
 shows and-in-or-only \psi
 using assms push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step
 unfolding pushConj-def and-in-or-only-def c-in-c'-only-def by (metis (no-types))
26.5.3
         Push Disjunction
definition pushDisj where pushDisj = push-conn-inside COr CAnd
lemma pushDisj-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushDisj
 unfolding pushDisj-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-consistent)
definition or-in-and-symb where or-in-and-symb = c-in-c'-symb COr\ CAnd
definition or-in-and-only where
or-in-and-only = all-subformula-st (c-in-c'-symb COr CAnd)
lemma not-or-in-and-only-or-and[simp]:
 \sim or-in-and-only (FOr (FAnd \psi 1 \ \psi 2) \ \varphi')
 unfolding or-in-and-only-def
 by (metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi conn.simps(5-6) not-c-in-c'-symb-l
   wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-helper-facts(6))
lemma pushDisj-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
 using push-conn-inside-inv assms unfolding pushDisj-def by metis+
lemma pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no\text{-}imp\ \varphi\ \mathbf{and}
   full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
   simple-not \varphi
 shows or-in-and-only \psi
 using assms push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step
 unfolding pushDisj-def or-in-and-only-def c-in-c'-only-def by (metis (no-types))
```

27 The full transformations

27.1 Abstract Property characterizing that only some connective are inside the others

27.1.1 Definition

The normal is a super group of groups

```
inductive grouped-by:: 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool for c where simple-is-grouped[simp]: simple \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by \ c \ \varphi \mid simple-not-is-grouped[simp]: simple \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by \ c \ (FNot \ \varphi) \mid connected-is-group[simp]: grouped-by \ c \ \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by \ c \ \psi \Longrightarrow wf-conn \ c \ [\varphi, \ \psi]
```

```
\implies grouped-by c (conn c [\varphi, \psi])
lemma simple-clause[simp]:
  grouped-by c FT
  grouped-by c FF
  grouped-by c (FVar x)
  grouped-by c (FNot FT)
  grouped-by c (FNot FF)
  grouped-by c (FNot (FVar x))
  by simp+
lemma only-c-inside-symb-c-eq-c':
  only-c-inside-symb c (conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]) \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \vee c' = COr \Longrightarrow wf-conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
    \implies c' = c
 by (induct conn c'[\varphi 1, \varphi 2] rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto simp: conn-inj)
lemma only-c-inside-c-eq-c':
  only-c-inside c (conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]) \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr \Longrightarrow wf\text{-conn } c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \Longrightarrow c = c'
  unfolding only-c-inside-def all-subformula-st-def using only-c-inside-symb-c-eq-c' subformula-refl
 by blast
lemma only-c-inside-imp-grouped-by:
  assumes c: c \neq CNot and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by c \varphi (is ?O \varphi \Longrightarrow ?G \varphi)
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
 then show ?G \varphi by auto
next
 case (unary \psi)
  then show ?G (FNot \psi) by (auto simp: c)
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and \varphi = this(3) and only = this(4)
  have \varphi-conn: \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] and wf: wf-conn c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2]
    proof -
      obtain c'' l'' where \varphi-c'': \varphi = conn \ c'' \ l'' and wf: wf-conn \ c'' \ l''
        using exists-c-conn by metis
      then have l'': l'' = [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] using \varphi by (metis \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(4-7))
      have only-c-inside-symb c (conn c'' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2])
        {f using} \ only \ all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi
        unfolding only-c-inside-def \varphi-c'' l'' by metis
      then have c = c''
       by (metis \varphi \varphi-c" conn-inj conn-inj-not(2) l" list.distinct(1) list.inject wf
          only-c-inside-symb.cases simple.simps(5-8))
      then show \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] and wf-conn c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] using \varphi-c'' wf l'' by auto
    qed
  have grouped-by c \varphi 1 using wf IH \varphi 1 IH \varphi 2 \varphi-conn only \varphi unfolding only-c-inside-def by auto
  moreover have grouped-by c \varphi 2
    using wf \varphi IH\varphi1 IH\varphi2 \varphi-conn only unfolding only-c-inside-def by auto
  ultimately show ?G \varphi using \varphi-conn connected-is-group local.wf by blast
qed
```

lemma grouped-by-false:

```
grouped-by c (conn c' [\varphi, \psi]) \Longrightarrow c \neq c' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-conn } c' [\varphi, \psi] \Longrightarrow False
  apply (induct conn c' [\varphi, \psi] rule: grouped-by.induct)
  apply (auto simp: simple-decomp wf-conn-list, auto simp: conn-inj)
  by (metis\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(3)\ wf-conn-list(8))+
Then the CNF form is a conjunction of clauses: every clause is in CNF form and two formulas
in CNF form can be related by an and.
inductive super-grouped-by:: 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool for c c' where
grouped-is-super-grouped[simp]: grouped-by c \varphi \Longrightarrow super-grouped-by c c' \varphi
connected-is-super-group: super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \varphi \Longrightarrow super-grouped-by\ c\ c'\ \psi \Longrightarrow wf-conn\ c\ [\varphi,\ \psi]
  \implies super-grouped-by c c' (conn c' [\varphi, \psi])
lemma simple-cnf[simp]:
  super-grouped-by \ c \ c' \ FT
  super-grouped-by c c' FF
  super-grouped-by \ c \ c' \ (FVar \ x)
  super-grouped-by c c' (FNot FT)
  super-grouped-by c c' (FNot FF)
  super-grouped-by\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ (FVar\ x))
  by auto
lemma c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by:
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr and cc': c \neq c'
 shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi
    \implies super-grouped-by c c' \varphi
    (is ?NE \varphi \Longrightarrow ?NI \varphi \Longrightarrow ?SN \varphi \Longrightarrow ?C \varphi \Longrightarrow ?S \varphi)
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  then show ?S \varphi by auto
next
  case (unary \varphi)
  then have simple-not-symb (FNot \varphi)
    using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding simple-not-def by blast
  then have \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF \vee (\exists x. \varphi = FVar x) by (cases \varphi, auto)
  then show ?S (FNot \varphi) by auto
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and no-equiv = this(4) and no-imp = this(5)
    and simple N = this(6) and c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}only = this(7) and \varphi' = this(3)
    assume \varphi = FImp \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2 \lor \varphi = FEq \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2
    then have False using no-equiv no-imp by auto
    then have ?S \varphi by auto
  moreover {
    \mathbf{assume}\ \varphi\text{:}\ \varphi=\mathit{conn}\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\,\varphi 2]\ \land\ \mathit{wf\text{-}conn}\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\,\varphi 2]
    have c-in-c'-only: c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi1 \wedge c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi2 \wedge c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
      using c-in-c'-only \varphi' unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
    have super-grouped-by c c' \varphi 1 using \varphi c' no-equiv no-imp simpleN IH\varphi 1 c-in-c'-only by auto
    moreover have super-grouped-by c c' \varphi 2
      using \varphi c' no-equiv no-imp simpleN IH\varphi2 c-in-c'-only by auto
    ultimately have ?S \varphi
      using super-grouped-by.intros(2) \varphi by (metis c wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6))
```

moreover {

```
assume \varphi: \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1 \wedge only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     using c-in-c'-symb-c-implies-only-c-inside c c' c-in-c'-only list.set-intros(1)
       wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6) no-equiv no-imp simpleN last-ConsL last-ConsR last-in-set
       list.distinct(1) by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) cc')
   then have only-c-inside c (conn c [\varphi 1, \varphi 2])
     unfolding only-c-inside-def using \varphi
     by (simp add: only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside all-subformula-st-decomp)
   then have grouped-by c \varphi using \varphi only-c-inside-imp-grouped-by c by blast
   then have ?S \varphi using super-grouped-by.intros(1) by metis
  }
 ultimately show ?S \varphi by (metis \varphi' c c' cc' conn.simps(5,6) wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6))
qed
         Conjunctive Normal Form
27.2
definition is-conj-with-TF where is-conj-with-TF == super-grouped-by COr CAnd
lemma or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj:
 shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow or-in-and-only \varphi \Longrightarrow is-conj-with-TF \varphi
 using c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by
 unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def or-in-and-only-def c-in-c'-only-def
 by (simp add: c-in-c'-only-def c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by)
definition is-cnf where is-cnf \varphi == is-conj-with-TF \varphi \wedge no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
27.2.1
           Full CNF transformation
The full CNF transformation consists simply in chaining all the transformation defined before.
definition cnf-rew where cnf-rew =
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim-imp))\ OO
 (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim\ TB))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushDisj))
lemma cnf-rew-consistent: preserves-un-sat cnf-rew
  \mathbf{by} \ (simp \ add: \ cnf-rew-def \ elim Equv-lifted-consistant \ elim-imp-lifted-consistant \ elim TB-consistent 
   preserves-un-sat-OO pushDisj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
lemma cnf-rew-is-cnf: cnf-rew \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is-cnf \varphi'
 apply (unfold cnf-rew-def OO-def)
 apply auto
proof -
 \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \varphi Eq \ \varphi Imp \ \varphi TB \ \varphi Neg \ \varphi Disj :: \ 'v \ propo
 assume Eq: full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \varphi Eq
  then have no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi Eq using no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv by blast
 assume Imp: full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi Eq \varphi Imp
 then have no-imp: no-imp \varphiImp using no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp by blast
 have no-imp-inv: no-equiv \varphiImp using no-equiv Imp elim-imp-inv by blast
 assume TB: full (propo-rew-step elimTB) \varphiImp \varphiTB
 then have no TB: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi TB
```

```
using no-imp-inv no-imp elimTB-full-propo-rew-step by blast
  have no TB-inv: no-equiv \varphi TB no-imp \varphi TB using elim TB-inv TB no-imp no-imp-inv by blast+
 assume Neg: full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi TB \varphi Neg
  then have noNeg: simple-not \varphi Neg
   using noTB-inv noTB pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step by blast
  have noNeg-inv: no-equiv \varphi Neq no-imp \varphi Neq no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi Neq
   using pushNeg-inv Neg noTB noTB-inv by blast+
 assume Disj: full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi Neg \varphi Disj
  then have no-Disj: or-in-and-only \varphi Disj
   using noNeg-inv noNeg pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step by blast
 have noDisj-inv: no-equiv \varphiDisj no-imp \varphiDisj no-T-F-except-top-level \varphiDisj
   simple-not \varphi Disj
 using pushDisj-inv Disj noNeq noNeq-inv by blast+
 moreover have is-conj-with-TF \varphi Disj
   using or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj noDisj-inv no-Disj by blast
 ultimately show is-cnf \varphi Disj unfolding is-cnf-def by blast
qed
         Disjunctive Normal Form
27.3
definition is-disj-with-TF where is-disj-with-TF \equiv super-grouped-by CAnd COr
lemma and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj:
 shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow and-in-or-only \varphi \Longrightarrow is-disj-with-TF \varphi
 using c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by
 unfolding is-disj-with-TF-def and-in-or-only-def c-in-c'-only-def
 by (simp add: c-in-c'-only-def c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by)
definition is-dnf :: 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where
is\text{-}dnf \ \varphi \longleftrightarrow is\text{-}disj\text{-}with\text{-}TF \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \ \varphi
          Full DNF transform
27.3.1
The full DNF transformation consists simply in chaining all the transformation defined before.
definition dnf-rew where dnf-rew \equiv
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
 (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim\ TB))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushConj))
lemma dnf-rew-consistent: preserves-un-sat dnf-rew
  \mathbf{by} (simp add: dnf-rew-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant elimTB-consistent
   preserves-un-sat-OO pushConj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
theorem dnf-transformation-correction:
   dnf-rew \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is-dnf \varphi'
 apply (unfold dnf-rew-def OO-def)
  by (meson and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj elimTB-full-propo-rew-step elimTB-inv(1,2)
   elim-imp-inv is-dnf-def no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv
   no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp\ push Conj-full-propo-rew-step\ push Conj-inv(1-4)
```

pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step pushNeg-inv(1-3))

28 More aggressive simplifications: Removing true and false at the beginning

28.1 Transformation

We should remove FT and FF at the beginning and not in the middle of the algorithm. To do this, we have to use more rules (one for each connective):

```
inductive elimTBFull where
ElimTBFull1[simp]: elimTBFull (FAnd \varphi FT) \varphi
Elim TBFull1 '[simp]: elim TBFull (FAnd FT \varphi) \varphi
ElimTBFull2[simp]: elimTBFull (FAnd \varphi FF) FF
ElimTBFull2'[simp]: elimTBFull (FAnd FF \varphi) FF
ElimTBFull3[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr \varphi FT) FT
ElimTBFull3'[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr FT \varphi) FT
ElimTBFull4[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi
Elim TBFull4 '[simp]: elim TBFull (FOr FF \varphi) \varphi
ElimTBFull5[simp]: elimTBFull (FNot FT) FF
Elim TBFull5 '[simp]: elim TBFull (FNot FF) FT |
ElimTBFull6-l[simp]: elimTBFull\ (FImp\ FT\ \varphi)\ \varphi
ElimTBFull6-l'[simp]: elimTBFull (FImp FF \varphi) FT
ElimTBFull6-r[simp]: elimTBFull\ (FImp\ \varphi\ FT)\ FT
ElimTBFull6-r'[simp]: elimTBFull (FImp \varphi FF) (FNot \varphi)
Elim TBFull7-l[simp]: elim TBFull (FEq FT \varphi) \varphi
Elim TBFull7-l'[simp]: elim TBFull (FEq FF \varphi) (FNot \varphi) |
ElimTBFull7-r[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq \varphi FT) \varphi
ElimTBFull?-r'[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq \varphi FF) (FNot \varphi)
The transformation is still consistent.
lemma elimTBFull-consistent: preserves-un-sat elimTBFull
proof -
  {
   fix \varphi \psi:: 'b propo
   have elimTBFull \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
     by (induct-tac rule: elimTBFull.inducts, auto)
 then show ?thesis using preserves-un-sat-def by auto
Contrary to the theorem [no\text{-}equiv ?\varphi; no\text{-}imp ?\varphi; ?\psi \preceq ?\varphi; \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel]
?\psi \parallel \implies \exists \psi'. elimTB ?\psi \psi', we do not need the assumption no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi, since
our transformation is more general.
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists':
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel } \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. \ elimTBFull \ \psi \ \psi'
proof (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi')
  then have False using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false by auto
  then show Ex (elimTBFull \varphi') by blast
```

```
next case (unary\ \psi) then have \psi = FF \lor \psi = FT using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom by blast then show Ex\ (elimTBFull\ (FNot\ \psi)) using ElimTBFull5\ ElimTBFull5' by blast next case (binary\ \varphi'\ \psi 1\ \psi 2) then have \psi 1 = FT\ \lor \psi 2 = FT\ \lor \psi 1 = FF\ \lor \psi 2 = FF by (metis\ binary\ connectives\ -def\ conn.simps(5-8)\ insertI1\ insert\ commute\ no\ -T\ -F\ -symb\ -except\ -toplevel\ -bin\ -decom\ binary\ .hyps(3)) then show Ex\ (elimTBFull\ \varphi') using elimTBFull\ .intros\ binary\ .hyps(3) by blast qed
```

The same applies here. We do not need the assumption, but the deep link between \neg no-T-F-except-top-level φ and the existence of a rewriting step, still exists.

```
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-rew':
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes noTB: \neg no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elimTBFull \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
   \forall x. \ no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FF:: 'v propo) \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FT
     \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FVar (x:: 'v))
   by auto
  moreover {
   fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
   have H: elimTBFull (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel} (conn c l)
     by (cases (conn c l) rule: elimTBFull.cases) auto
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using no-test-symb-step-exists of no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi elimTBFull noTB
    no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists' unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull) \varphi \psi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-T-F-except-top-level-rew' assms by fastforce
```

28.2 More invariants

As the aim is to use the transformation as the first transformation, we have to show some more invariants for *elim-equiv* and *elim-imp*. For the other transformation, we have already proven it.

```
lemma propo-rew-step-ElimEquiv-no-T-F: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct) fix \varphi':: 'v propo and \psi':: 'v propo assume a1: no-T-F \varphi' assume a2: elim-equiv \varphi' \ \psi' have \forall x0 \ x1. (\neg elim-equiv (x1 :: 'v propo) x0 \lor (\exists \ v2 \ v3 \ v4 \ v5 \ v6 \ v7. x1 = FEq \ v2 \ v3 \land x0 = FAnd \ (FImp \ v4 \ v5) \ (FImp \ v6 \ v7) \land v2 = v4 \land v4 = v7 \land v3 = v5 \land v3 = v6)) = (\neg elim-equiv x1 \ x0 \lor (\exists \ v2 \ v3 \ v4 \ v5 \ v6 \ v7. x1 = FEq \ v2 \ v3
```

```
\land x0 = FAnd \ (FImp \ v4 \ v5) \ (FImp \ v6 \ v7) \land v2 = v4 \land v4 = v7 \land v3 = v5 \land v3 = v6))
   by meson
  then have \forall p \ pa. \ \neg \ elim-equiv \ (p :: 'v \ propo) \ pa \ \lor \ (\exists \ pb \ pc \ pd \ pe \ pf \ pg. \ p = FEq \ pb \ pc
   \land pa = FAnd \ (FImp \ pd \ pe) \ (FImp \ pf \ pg) \ \land \ pb = pd \ \land \ pd = pg \ \land \ pc = pe \ \land \ pc = pf)
   using elim-equiv.cases by force
  then show no-T-F \psi' using a1 a2 by fastforce
next
  fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
 assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \varphi'
 and IH: no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi'
 and corr: wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
  and no-T-F: no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have empty: \xi = [] \xi' = [] using corr by auto
   then have no-T-F \varphi using no-T-F c no-T-F-decomp-not by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty no-T-F-comp-not IH by auto
  moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [a, b]
     using corr c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
   then have \varphi: \varphi = a \lor \varphi = b
     by (metis append.simps(1) append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1) list.sel(3) nth-Cons-0
       tl-append2)
   have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta
     using no-T-F unfolding no-T-F-def using corr all-subformula-st-decomp by blast
   then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi' using ab IH \varphi by auto
   have l': \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [\varphi', b] \lor \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi']
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) ab append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2 butlast.simps(2)
        butlast-append list.distinct(1) list.sel(3))
   then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \zeta \varphi' ab by fastforce
   moreover
     have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF
       using \zeta corr no-T-F no-T-F-except-top-level-false no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by blast
     then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
       by (metis \varphi' l' ab all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c list.distinct(1)
         list.set-intros(1,2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom
         no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-def wf-conn-binary
         wf-conn-list(1,2))
   ultimately have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     by (metis\ l'\ all-subformula-st-decomp-imp\ c\ no-T-F-def\ wf-conn-binary)
  moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x
    assume c = CVar \ x \lor c = CF \lor c = CT
    then have False using corr by auto
    then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by auto
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using corr wf-conn.cases by metis
lemma elim-equiv-inv':
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
```

```
assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level }\varphi
     \implies no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi
       and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
         assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
         from rel this have False
           apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1,2))
           using elim-equiv.simps by blast+
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         then have no-T-F \varphi
           \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis no no-}T\text{-}\textit{F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-}T\text{-}\textit{F-symb})
         then have no-T-F \psi using propo-rew-step-ElimEquiv-no-T-F rel by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
     qed
  }
 moreover {
    fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \zeta \zeta'
    and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
    and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
    and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F
        by blast
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: elim-equiv.cases, auto simp: elim-equiv.simps)
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        by (metis corr wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper no-T-F-symb-comp)
    qed
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc of elim-equiv no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
     assms subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
```

```
lemma propo-rew-step-ElimImp-no-T-F: propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case (global-rel \varphi' \psi')
 then show no-T-F \psi'
   using elim-imp.cases no-T-F-comp-not no-T-F-decomp(1,2)
   by (metis\ no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit(2))
next
 case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
 note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and corr = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have empty: \xi = [] \xi' = [] using corr by auto
   then have no-T-F \varphi using no-T-F c no-T-F-decomp-not by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty no-T-F-comp-not IH by auto
 moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   then obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [a, b]
     using corr list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
   then have \varphi: \varphi = a \lor \varphi = b
     by (metis append-self-conv2 wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-unary list.discI list.sel(3)
       nth-Cons-0 tl-append2)
   have \zeta \colon \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using ab c propo-rew-one-step-lift.prems by auto
   then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi'
     using ab IH \varphi corr no-T-F no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit by auto
   have \chi: \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [\varphi', b] \lor \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi']
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) ab append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2 butlast.simps(2)
       butlast-append list.distinct(1) list.sel(3))
   then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \zeta \varphi' ab by fastforce
   moreover
     have no-T-F (last (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by (simp add: calculation)
     then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
       by (metis \chi \varphi' \zeta ab all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c last.simps list.distinct(1)
         list.set-intros(1) no-T-F-bin-decomp no-T-F-def)
   ultimately have no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using c \chi by fastforce
  }
 moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ x
   assume c = CVar x \lor c = CF \lor c = CT
   then have False using corr by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by auto
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using corr wf-conn.cases by blast
qed
lemma elim-imp-inv':
 fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
```

```
{
     \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
     have H: elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \psi
       by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
   } note H = this
  fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  have propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \psi
    proof -
      assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi
      and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
         assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
         from rel this have False
           apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
           by (cases rule: elim-imp.cases, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1,2))
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         then have no-T-F \varphi
           by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
         then have no-T-F \psi
           using rel propo-rew-step-ElimImp-no-T-F by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       }
      ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
     qed
}
moreover {
   fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
   assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-imp \zeta \zeta'
   and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
   and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
   and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'))
   and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
   have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
   proof
     have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (<math>\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'))
       by (simp\ add:\ corr\ no-T-F\ no-T-F\ symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F\ symb\ wf\ conn-list(1,2))
     have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
       using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
       apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
       apply (cases rule: elim-imp.cases, auto)
       \textbf{using} \ \textit{wf-conn-list}(1,2) \ \textit{wf-conn-no-arity-change} \ \textit{wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper}
       by (metis\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1))+
     then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
     moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
     ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change no-T-F-symb-comp
       by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
   \mathbf{qed}
}
```

```
ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc of elim-imp no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
   assms subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
```

28.3 The new CNF and DNF transformation

```
The transformation is the same as before, but the order is not the same.
definition dnf\text{-}rew' :: 'a \ propo \Rightarrow 'a \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \textbf{where}
dnf-rew' =
  (full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim-imp))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushConj))
lemma dnf-rew'-consistent: preserves-un-sat dnf-rew'
  by (simp\ add:\ dnf-rew'-def\ elim Equv-lifted-consistant\ elim-imp-lifted-consistant
   elimTBFull-consistent preserves-un-sat-OO pushConj-consistent pushNeq-lifted-consistant)
{f theorem} cnf-transformation-correction:
   dnf\text{-}rew' \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}dnf \varphi'
  unfolding dnf-rew'-def OO-def
  \mathbf{by} (meson and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj elim TBFull-full-propo-rew-step elim-equiv-inv'
   elim-imp-inv elim-imp-inv' is-dnf-def no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv
   no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp\ push\ Conj-full-propo-rew-step\ push\ Conj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step pushNeg-inv(1-3))
Given all the lemmas before the CNF transformation is easy to prove:
definition cnf\text{-}rew':: 'a \ propo \Rightarrow 'a \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \textbf{where}
cnf-rew' =
 (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elimTBFull))\ OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
 (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushDisj))
lemma cnf-rew'-consistent: preserves-un-sat cnf-rew'
 by (simp add: cnf-rew'-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant
   elim TBFull-consistent preserves-un-sat-OO pushDisj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
theorem cnf'-transformation-correction:
  cnf\text{-}rew' \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}cnf \varphi'
  unfolding cnf-rew'-def OO-def
  by (meson elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step elim-equiv-inv' elim-imp-inv elim-imp-inv' is-cnf-def
   no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp
   or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj\ pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step\ pushDisj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeq-inv(1) pushNeq-inv(2) pushNeq-inv(3)
end
theory Weidenbach-Book
imports
  Prop-Normalisation
  Prop-Resolution
```

 $CDCL-NOT\ DPLL-NOT\ DPLL-W-Implementation\ CDCL-W-Implementation\ CDCL-W-Incremental\ CDCL-WNOT\ CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals$

begin

end

29 Implementation for 2 Watched-Literals

```
{\bf theory}\ \ CDCL\text{-}Two\text{-}Watched\text{-}Literals\text{-}Implementation
imports CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation
begin
type-synonym \ conc-twl-state =
 ((nat, nat, nat literal list) marked-lit, nat literal list twl-clause list, nat, nat literal list)
   twl-state
fun convert :: ('a, 'b, 'c \ list) marked-lit \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c \ multiset) marked-lit where
convert (Propagated \ L \ C) = Propagated \ L \ (mset \ C)
convert (Marked K i) = Marked K i
abbreviation convert-tr :: ('a, 'b, 'c \ list) marked-lits \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c \ multiset) marked-lits
 where
convert-tr \equiv map \ convert
abbreviation convert C :: 'a \ literal \ list \ option \Rightarrow 'a \ clause \ option \  where
convertC \equiv map\text{-}option \ mset
fun raw-clause-l :: 'v list twl-clause \Rightarrow 'v multiset twl-clause where
  raw-clause-l (TWL-Clause UW W) = TWL-Clause (mset W) (mset UW)
abbreviation convert-clss: 'v literal list twl-clause list \Rightarrow 'v clause twl-clause multiset
convert-clss S \equiv mset (map raw-clause-l S)
fun raw-state-of-conc :: conc-twl-state \Rightarrow (nat, nat, nat, clause) twl-state-abs where
raw-state-of-conc (TWL-State M N U k C) =
  TWL-State (convert-tr M) (convert-clss N) (convert-clss U) k (map-option mset C)
lemma
  raw-state-of-conc (tl-trail S) = tl-trail (raw-state-of-conc S)
 unfolding tl-trail-def by (induction S) (auto simp: map-tl)
definition watch-nat :: conc-twl-state \Rightarrow nat literal list \Rightarrow nat literal list twl-clause where
  watch-nat S C =
  (let
     C' = remdups C;
     negation-not-assigned = filter (\lambda L. -L \notin lits-of (trail S)) C';
     negation-assigned-sorted-by-trail = filter (\lambda L. L \in set C) (map (\lambda L. -lit-of L) (trail S));
     W = take\ 2\ (negation-not-assigned\ @\ negation-assigned-sorted-by-trail);
     UW = foldl (\lambda a \ l. \ remove1 \ l \ a) \ C \ W
   in TWL-Clause W UW)
```

```
definition
  rewatch-nat::
  (nat, nat, nat \ literal \ list) \ marked-lit \Rightarrow conc-twl-state \Rightarrow
    nat\ literal\ list\ twl\mbox{-}clause \Rightarrow nat\ literal\ list\ twl\mbox{-}clause
where
  rewatch\text{-}nat\ L\ S\ C =
  (if - lit\text{-}of L \in set (watched C) then
      case filter (\lambda L'. L' \notin set \ (watched \ C) \land -L' \notin lits-of \ (L \# trail \ S))
          (unwatched C) of
        [] \Rightarrow C
      \mid L' \# - \Rightarrow
        TWL-Clause (L' \# remove1 (- lit\text{-}of L) (watched C))
          (-lit\text{-}of\ L\ \#\ remove1\ L'\ (unwatched\ C))
    else
      C
definition raw-candidates-conflict:: conc-twl-state \Rightarrow nat literal list list where
  raw-candidates-conflict S =
    map~(\lambda T.~case~T~of~TWL\text{-}Clause~W~UW \Rightarrow~W~@~UW)
       (filter (\lambda C. set (watched C) \subseteq (uminus 'lits-of (trail S)))
```

```
(init-clss S @ learned-clss S))

definition do-conflict-step :: conc-twl-state \Rightarrow conc-twl-state option where do-conflict-step S = (case conflicting S of Some - \Rightarrow None | None \Rightarrow (case raw-candidates-conflict S of [] \Rightarrow None | a \# - \Rightarrow Some (update-conflicting (Some a) S)))
```

end