Formalisation of Ground Resolution and CDCL in Isabelle/HOL

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February 3, 2016

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		$Well founded ext{-}More$
im	\mathbf{ports}	Main

begin

1 Transitions

This theory contains more facts about closure, the definition of full transformations, and well-foundedness.

1.1 More theorems about Closures

```
This is the equivalent of ?r \le ?s \Longrightarrow ?r^{**} \le ?s^{**} for tranclp
lemma tranclp-mono-explicit:
 r^{++} a b \Longrightarrow r < s \Longrightarrow s^{++} a b
   using rtranclp-mono by (auto dest!: tranclpD intro: rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
lemma tranclp-mono:
 assumes mono: r \leq s
 shows r^{++} \leq s^{++}
   using rtranclp-mono[OF mono] mono by (auto dest!: tranclpD intro: rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
lemma tranclp-idemp-rel:
  R^{++++} a b \longleftrightarrow R^{++} a b
 apply (rule iffI)
   prefer 2 apply blast
 by (induction rule: tranclp-induct) auto
Equivalent of ?r^{****} = ?r^{**}
lemma trancl-idemp: (r^+)^+ = r^+
 by simp
lemmas tranclp-idemp[simp] = trancl-idemp[to-pred]
This theorem already exists as ?r^{**} ?a ?b \equiv ?a = ?b \lor ?r^{++} ?a ?b (and sledgehammer uses
it), but it makes sense to duplicate it, because it is unclear how stable the lemmas in Nitpick
are.
lemma rtranclp-unfold: rtranclp r a b \longleftrightarrow (a = b \lor tranclp r a b)
 by (meson rtranclp.simps rtranclpD tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma tranclp-unfold-end: tranclp r \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (\exists a'. \ rtranclp \ r \ a \ a' \land r \ a' \ b)
 \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis rtranclp.rtrancl-refl rtranclp-into-tranclp1 tranclp.cases\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)}
lemma tranclp-unfold-begin: tranclp r \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ a'. \ r \ a \ a' \land r tranclp \ r \ a' \ b)
 by (meson rtranclp-into-tranclp2 tranclpD)
lemma trancl-set-tranclp: (a, b) \in \{(b,a). \ P \ a \ b\}^+ \longleftrightarrow P^{++} \ b \ a
 apply (rule iffI)
   apply (induction rule: trancl-induct; simp)
 apply (induction rule: tranclp-induct; auto simp: trancl-into-trancl2)
 done
lemma tranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rel: R^{++**} a b \longleftrightarrow R^{**} a b
 by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold)
lemma tranclp-rtranclp[simp]: R^{++**} = R^{**}
 by (fastforce simp: rtranclp-unfold)
```

```
lemma rtranclp-exists-last-with-prop:
 assumes R x z
 and R^{**} z z' and P x z
 shows \exists y \ y'. \ R^{**} \ x \ y \land R \ y \ y' \land P \ y \ y' \land (\lambda a \ b. \ R \ a \ b \land \neg P \ a \ b)^{**} \ y' \ z'
  using assms(2,1,3)
proof (induction arbitrary: )
 case base
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (step z'z'') note z = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-5)]
 show ?case
    apply (cases P z' z'')
      apply (rule exI[of - z'], rule exI[of - z''])
      using z \ assms(1) \ step.hyps(1) \ step.prems(2) \ apply \ auto[1]
    using IH z rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl by fastforce
qed
lemma rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left: (\lambda \ a \ b. \ P \ a \ b \land Q \ a \ b)^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P^{**} \ S \ T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
1.2
        Full Transitions
We define here properties to define properties after all possible transitions.
abbreviation no-step step S \equiv (\forall S'. \neg step S S')
definition full1 :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
full1 transf = (\lambda S S'. tranclp transf S S' \wedge (\forall S''. \neg transf S' S''))
definition full:: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
full transf = (\lambda S S', rtranclp transf S S' \wedge (\forall S'', \neg transf S' S'))
lemma rtranclp-full11:
  R^{**} \ a \ b \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ a \ c
 unfolding full1-def by auto
lemma tranclp-full11:
  R^{++} a b \Longrightarrow full1 R b c \Longrightarrow full1 R a c
 unfolding full1-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-fullI:
  R^{**} \ a \ b \Longrightarrow full \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full-def by auto
lemma tranclp-full-full11:
  R^{++} a b \Longrightarrow full R b c \Longrightarrow full R a c
  unfolding full-def full1-def by auto
lemma full-fullI:
  R \ a \ b \Longrightarrow full \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full 1 \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full-def full1-def by auto
lemma full-unfold:
 full\ r\ S\ S' \longleftrightarrow ((S = S' \land no\text{-step}\ r\ S') \lor full1\ r\ S\ S')
  unfolding full-def full1-def by (auto simp add: rtranclp-unfold)
```

```
lemma full1-is-full[intro]: full1 R S T \Longrightarrow full R S T
  by (simp add: full-unfold)
lemma not-full1-rtranclp-relation: \neg full1 \ R^{**} \ a \ b
 by (meson full1-def rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
lemma not-full-rtranclp-relation: \neg full\ R^{**}\ a\ b
  by (meson full-fullI not-full1-rtranclp-relation rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
lemma full1-tranclp-relation-full:
 full1 R^{++} a b \longleftrightarrow full1 R a b
 \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis converse-tranclpE full1-def reflclp-tranclp} \ \textit{rtranclp-idemp rtranclp-reflclp}
    tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma full-tranclp-relation-full:
 full R^{++} \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow full R \ a \ b
 by (metis full-unfold full1-tranclp-relation-full tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclpD)
lemma rtranclp-full1-eq-or-full1:
  (full1\ R)^{**}\ a\ b\longleftrightarrow (a=b\lor full1\ R\ a\ b)
proof -
  have \forall p \ a \ aa. \ \neg \ p^{**} \ (a::'a) \ aa \lor a = aa \lor (\exists ab. \ p^{**} \ a \ ab \land p \ ab \ aa)
    by (metis rtranclp.cases)
  then obtain aa :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a where
    f1: \forall p \ a \ ab. \neg p^{**} \ a \ ab \lor a = ab \lor p^{**} \ a \ (aa \ p \ a \ ab) \land p \ (aa \ p \ a \ ab) \ ab
    by moura
  { assume a \neq b
    { assume \neg full1 \ R \ a \ b \land a \neq b
      then have a \neq b \land a \neq b \land \neg full1 R (aa (full1 R) a b) b \lor \neg (full1 R)^{**} a b \land a \neq b
        using f1 by (metis (no-types) full1-def full1-tranclp-relation-full)
      then have ?thesis
        using f1 by blast }
    then have ?thesis
      by auto }
  then show ?thesis
    \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{fastforce}
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp	ext{-}full1	ext{-}full1	ext{:}
  (full1\ R)^{++}\ a\ b\longleftrightarrow full1\ R\ a\ b
 by (metis full1-def rtranclp-full1-eq-or-full1 tranclp-unfold-begin)
1.3
        Well-Foundedness and Full Transitions
lemma wf-exists-normal-form:
  assumes wf:wf \{(x, y). R y x\}
 shows \exists b. R^{**} \ a \ b \land no\text{-step} \ R \ b
proof (rule ccontr)
```

```
lemma wf-exists-normal-form:

assumes wf:wf {(x, y). R y x}

shows \exists b. R^{**} a b \land no-step R b

proof (rule\ ccontr)

assume \neg ?thesis

then have H: \land b. \neg R^{**} a b \lor \neg no-step R b

by blast

def F \equiv rec-nat a (\lambda i b. SOME\ c. R b c)

have [simp]: F 0 = a

unfolding F-def by auto

have [simp]: \land i. F (Suc\ i) = (SOME\ b. R (F i) b)

using F-def by simp
```

```
{ fix i
   have \forall j < i. R (F j) (F (Suc j))
     proof (induction i)
      case \theta
      then show ?case by auto
     next
      case (Suc\ i)
      then have R^{**} a (F i)
        by (induction i) auto
      then have R (F i) (SOME b. R (F i) b)
        using H by (simp add: someI-ex)
      then have \forall j < Suc \ i. \ R \ (F \ j) \ (F \ (Suc \ j))
        using H Suc by (simp add: less-Suc-eq)
      then show ?case by fast
     qed
 }
 then have \forall j. R (F j) (F (Suc j)) by blast
 then show False
   using wf unfolding wfP-def wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma wf-exists-normal-form-full:
 assumes wf:wf \{(x, y). R y x\}
 shows \exists b. full R \ a \ b
 using wf-exists-normal-form[OF assms] unfolding full-def by blast
```

1.4 More Well-Foundedness

A little list of theorems that could be useful, but are hidden:

```
• link between wf and infinite chains: wf ? r = (\neg (\exists f. \forall i. (f (Suc i), f i) \in ?r)), \llbracket wf ? r; \land k. (?f (Suc k), ?f k) \notin ?r \Longrightarrow ?thesis \rrbracket \Longrightarrow ?thesis
```

```
lemma wf-if-measure-in-wf:
  wf R \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge a \ b. \ (a, \ b) \in S \Longrightarrow (\nu \ a, \ \nu \ b) \in R) \Longrightarrow wf S
  by (metis in-inv-image wfE-min wfI-min wf-inv-image)
lemma wfP-if-measure: fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow nat
shows (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \implies f \ y < f \ x) \Longrightarrow wf \ \{(y,x). \ P \ x \land g \ x \ y\}
  apply(insert \ wf-measure[of f])
  apply(simp only: measure-def inv-image-def less-than-def less-eq)
  \mathbf{apply}(\mathit{erule}\ \mathit{wf}\text{-}\mathit{subset})
  apply auto
  done
lemma wf-if-measure-f:
assumes wf r
shows wf \{(b, a). (f b, f a) \in r\}
  using assms by (metis inv-image-def wf-inv-image)
lemma wf-wf-if-measure':
assumes wf r and H: (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow (f \ y, f \ x) \in r)
shows wf \{(y,x). P x \wedge g x y\}
proof -
  have wf \{(b, a), (f b, f a) \in r\} using assms(1) wf-if-measure-f by auto
```

```
then have wf \{(b, a). P a \land g a b \land (f b, f a) \in r\}
   using wf-subset[of - \{(b, a). P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\}] by auto
 moreover have \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} \subseteq \{(b, a). \ (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} by auto
 moreover have \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} = \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b\} using H by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis using wf-subset by simp
qed
lemma wf-lex-less: wf (lex \{(a, b). (a::nat) < b\})
proof -
 have m: \{(a, b), a < b\} = measure id by auto
 show ?thesis apply (rule wf-lex) unfolding m by auto
qed
lemma wfP-if-measure2: fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow nat
shows (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \ y \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow f \ x < f \ y) \Longrightarrow wf \ \{(x,y). \ P \ x \ y \land g \ x \ y\}
 apply(insert wf-measure[of f])
 apply(simp only: measure-def inv-image-def less-than-def less-eq)
 apply(erule wf-subset)
 apply auto
 done
lemma lexord-on-finite-set-is-wf:
 assumes
   P-finite: \bigwedge U. P U \longrightarrow U \in A and
   finite: finite A and
   wf: wf R and
   trans: trans R
 shows wf \{(T, S). (P S \wedge P T) \wedge (T, S) \in lexord R\}
proof (rule wfP-if-measure2)
 fix TS
 assume P: P S \wedge P T and
 s-le-t: (T, S) \in lexord R
 let ?f = \lambda S. \{U.(U, S) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ S\}
 have ?f T \subseteq ?f S
    using s-le-t P lexord-trans trans by auto
 moreover have T \in ?f S
   using s-le-t P by auto
 moreover have T \notin ?f T
   using s-le-t by (auto simp add: lexord-irreflexive local.wf)
  ultimately have \{U.(U, T) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ T\} \subset \{U.(U, S) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ S\}
   by auto
 moreover have finite \{U.(U, S) \in lexord\ R \land P\ U \land P\ S\}
   using finite by (metis (no-types, lifting) P-finite finite-subset mem-Collect-eq subsetI)
  ultimately show card (?f T) < card (?f S) by (simp add: psubset-card-mono)
qed
lemma wf-fst-wf-pair:
 assumes wf \{(M', M), R M' M\}
 shows wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R M' M\}
proof -
 have wf (\{(M', M). R M' M\} < *lex* > \{\})
   using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis
   by (rule wf-subset) auto
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma wf-snd-wf-pair:
  assumes wf \{(M', M), R M' M\}
 shows wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R N' N\}
proof -
  have wf: wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R M' M\}
    using assms wf-fst-wf-pair by auto
  then have wf: \bigwedge P. \ (\forall \ x. \ (\forall \ y. \ (y, \ x) \in \{((M', \ N'), \ M, \ N). \ R \ M' \ M\} \longrightarrow P \ y) \longrightarrow P \ x) \Longrightarrow All \ P
    unfolding wf-def by auto
  show ?thesis
    unfolding wf-def
    proof (intro allI impI)
      fix P :: 'c \times 'a \Rightarrow bool \text{ and } x :: 'c \times 'a
      assume H: \forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in \{((M', N'), M, y). R N' y\} \longrightarrow P y) \longrightarrow P x
      obtain a b where x: x = (a, b) by (cases x)
      have P: P \ x = (P \circ (\lambda(a, b), (b, a))) \ (b, a)
       unfolding x by auto
     show P x
        using wf[of P \ o \ (\lambda(a, b), (b, a))] apply rule
          using H apply simp
        unfolding P by blast
   \mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{qed}
lemma wf-if-measure-f-notation2:
  assumes wf r
 shows wf \{(b, h a) | b a. (f b, f (h a)) \in r\}
 apply (rule wf-subset)
 using wf-if-measure-f[OF\ assms,\ of\ f] by auto
lemma wf-wf-if-measure'-notation2:
assumes wf r and H: (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow (f \ y, f \ (h \ x)) \in r)
shows wf \{(y,h x)| y x. P x \wedge g x y\}
proof -
  have wf \{(b, ha)|b \ a. \ (fb, f(ha)) \in r\} using assms(1) \ wf-if-measure-f-notation2 by auto
  then have wf \{(b, h a) | b a. P a \wedge g a b \wedge (f b, f (h a)) \in r\}
    using wf-subset[of - \{(b, h \ a) | \ b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\}] by auto
  moreover have \{(b, h \ a)|b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\}
    \subseteq \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a. \ (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\} by auto
  moreover have \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a \ P \ a \land q \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\} = \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a \ P \ a \land q \ a \ b\}
    using H by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using wf-subset by simp
qed
end
theory List-More
imports Main
begin
```

2 Various Lemmas

Close to $(\bigwedge n. \ \forall m < n. \ ?P \ m \implies ?P \ n) \implies ?P \ ?n$, but with a separation between zero and non-zero, and case names.

```
thm nat-less-induct
lemma nat-less-induct-case[case-names 0 Suc]:
  assumes
   P \theta and
   \bigwedge n. \ (\forall m < Suc \ n. \ P \ m) \Longrightarrow P \ (Suc \ n)
  shows P n
 apply (induction rule: nat-less-induct)
 \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{case-tac}\ \mathit{n})\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{intro:}\ \mathit{assms})
Bounded function have not been defined in Isabelle.
definition bounded where
bounded f \longleftrightarrow (\exists b. \forall n. f n \leq b)
abbreviation unbounded :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b::ord) \Rightarrow bool where
unbounded\ f \equiv \neg\ bounded\ f
lemma not-bounded-nat-exists-larger:
  fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
 assumes unbound: unbounded f
 shows \exists n. f n > m \land n > n_0
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume H: \neg ?thesis
 have finite \{f \mid n \mid n. \ n \leq n_0\}
   by auto
  have \bigwedge n. f n \leq Max (\{f n | n. n \leq n_0\} \cup \{m\})
   apply (case-tac n \leq n_0)
   apply (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-ge Un-insert-right (finite \{f \mid n \mid n. n \leq n_0\})
     finite-insert insertCI mem-Collect-eq sup-bot.right-neutral)
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) H Max-less-iff Un-insert-right (finite \{f \mid n \mid n. \ n \leq n_0\})
     finite-insert insertI1 insert-not-empty leI sup-bot.right-neutral)
  then show False
   using unbound unfolding bounded-def by auto
qed
{f lemma}\ bounded	ext{-}const	ext{-}product:
 fixes k :: nat and f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
 assumes k > 0
 shows bounded f \longleftrightarrow bounded (\lambda i. \ k * f i)
  unfolding bounded-def apply (rule iffI)
  using mult-le-mono2 apply blast
  by (meson assms le-less-trans less-or-eq-imp-le nat-mult-less-cancel-disj split-div-lemma)
This lemma is not used, but here to show that a property that can be expected from bounded
holds.
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{bounded-finite-linorder}\colon
 fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a :: \{finite, linorder\}
 shows bounded f
proof -
 have \bigwedge x. f x \leq Max \{f x | x. True\}
   by (metis (mono-tags) Max-ge finite mem-Collect-eq)
  then show ?thesis
   unfolding bounded-def by blast
qed
```

3 More List

3.1 *upt*

The simplification rules are not very handy, because $[?i..<Suc ?j] = (if ?i \le ?j then [?i..<?j] @ [?j] else []) leads to a case distinction, that we do not want if the condition is not in the context.$

```
lemma upt-Suc-le-append: \neg i \leq j \Longrightarrow [i.. < Suc \ j] = [] by auto
```

 $lemmas \ upt$ -simps[simp] = upt-Suc- $append \ upt$ -Suc-le-append

declare $upt.simps(2)[simp \ del]$

lemma

```
assumes i \le n - m
shows take \ i \ [m.. < n] = [m.. < m+i]
by (metis \ Nat.le-diff-conv2 \ add.commute \ assms \ diff-is-0-eq' \ linear \ take-upt \ upt-conv-Nil)
```

The counterpart for this lemma when n-m < i is length $?xs \le ?n \Longrightarrow take ?n ?xs = ?xs$. It is close to $?i + ?m \le ?n \Longrightarrow take ?m [?i..<?n] = [?i..<?i + ?m]$, but seems more general.

```
lemma take-upt-bound-minus[simp]:
```

```
assumes i \le n - m
shows take i [m..< n] = [m ..< m+i]
using assms by (induction i) auto
```

```
lemma append-cons-eq-upt:
```

```
assumes A @ B = [m..< n]
shows A = [m ..< m+length A] and B = [m + length A..< n]
proof -
```

have take (length A) (A @ B) = A by auto

moreover

have length $A \le n - m$ using assms linear calculation by fastforce then have take (length A) [m..< n] = [m ..< m + length A] by auto ultimately show A = [m ..< m + length A] using assms by auto show B = [m + length A..< n] using assms by (metis append-eq-conv-conj drop-upt) qed

The converse of $?A @ ?B = [?m..<?n] \Longrightarrow ?A = [?m..<?m + length ?A]$ $?A @ ?B = [?m..<?n] \Longrightarrow ?B = [?m + length ?A..<?n]$ does not hold, for example if B is empty and A is [0::'a]:

lemma $A @ B = [m.. < n] \longleftrightarrow A = [m .. < m + length A] \land B = [m + length A.. < n]$

\mathbf{oops}

A more restrictive version holds:

```
lemma B \neq [] \implies A @ B = [m..< n] \longleftrightarrow A = [m ..< m + length A] \land B = [m + length A..< n] (is ?P \implies ?A = ?B)

proof

assume ?A then show ?B by (auto simp add: append-cons-eq-upt)

next

assume ?P and ?B

then show ?A using append-eq-conv-conj by fastforce
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length-i:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m..< n]
 shows A = [m .. < i]
proof -
 have A = [m ... < m + length A] using assms append-cons-eq-upt by auto
 have (A @ i \# B) ! (length A) = i by auto
 moreover have n - m = length (A @ i \# B)
   using assms length-upt by presburger
 then have [m..< n] ! (length A) = m + length A by simp
 ultimately have i = m + length A using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using \langle A = [m .. < m + length A] \rangle by auto
qed
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m..< n]
 shows length A = i - m
 using assms
{f proof}\ (induction\ A\ arbitrary:\ m)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by (metis append-Nil diff-is-0-eq list.size(3) order-reft upt-eq-Cons-conv)
next
 case (Cons\ a\ A)
 then have A: A @ i \# B = [m + 1... < n] by (metis append-Cons upt-eq-Cons-conv)
 then have m < i by (metis Cons.prems append-cons-eq-upt-length-i upt-eq-Cons-conv)
 with Cons.IH[OF A] show ?case by auto
qed
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m..< n]
 shows B = [Suc \ i ... < n]
proof -
 have B = [Suc \ m + length \ A... < n] using assms append-cons-eq-upt of A @ [i] B m n] by auto
 have (A @ i \# B) ! (length A) = i by auto
 moreover have n - m = length (A @ i \# B)
   using assms length-upt by auto
 then have [m..< n]! (length A) = m + length A by simp
 ultimately have i = m + length A using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using \langle B = [Suc \ m + length \ A... < n] \rangle by auto
qed
lemma Max-n-upt: Max (insert 0 \{ Suc \ 0... < n \} ) = n - Suc \ 0
proof (induct n)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this
 have i: insert \theta {Suc \theta...< Suc n} = insert \theta {Suc \theta...< n} \cup {n} by auto
 show ?case using IH unfolding i by auto
\mathbf{qed}
lemma upt-decomp-lt:
 assumes H: xs @ i \# ys @ j \# zs = [m .. < n]
 shows i < j
```

```
\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{proof} - \\ \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{xs:} \ \mathit{xs} = [\mathit{m} \ ..< \mathit{i}] \ \mathbf{and} \ \mathit{ys:} \ \mathit{ys} = [\mathit{Suc} \ \mathit{i} \ ..< \mathit{j}] \ \mathbf{and} \ \mathit{zs:} \ \mathit{zs} = [\mathit{Suc} \ \mathit{j} \ ..< \mathit{n}] \\ \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{H} \ \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{auto} \ \mathit{dest:} \ \mathit{append-cons-eq-upt-length-i} \ \mathit{append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end}) \\ \mathbf{show} \ ?\mathit{thesis} \\ \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis} \ \mathit{append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end} \ \mathit{assms} \ \mathit{lessI} \ \mathit{less-trans} \ \mathit{self-append-conv2} \\ \mathit{upt-eq-Cons-conv} \ \mathit{upt-rec} \ \mathit{ys}) \\ \mathbf{qed} \end{array}
```

3.2 Lexicographic ordering

We are working a lot on lexicographic ordering over pairs.

```
lemma list-length2-append-cons: [c, d] = ys @ y \# ys' \longleftrightarrow (ys = [] \land y = c \land ys' = [d]) \lor (ys = [c] \land y = d \land ys' = []) by (cases \ ys; \ cases \ ys') auto [a, b], [c, d]) \in lexn \ r \ 2 \longleftrightarrow (a, c) \in r \lor (a = c \land (b, d) \in r) unfolding lexn-conv by (auto \ simp \ add: \ list-length2-append-cons) end theory Prop\text{-}Logic imports Main begin
```

4 Logics

In this section we define the syntax of the formula and an abstraction over it to have simpler proofs. After that we define some properties like subformula and rewriting.

4.1 Definition and abstraction

The propositional logic is defined inductively. The type parameter is the type of the variables.

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{datatype} \ 'v \ propo = \\ FT \mid FF \mid FVar \ 'v \mid FNot \ 'v \ propo \mid FAnd \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \mid FOr \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \\ \mid FImp \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \mid FEq \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \end{array}
```

We do not define any notation for the formula, to distinguish properly between the formulas and Isabelle's logic.

To ease the proofs, we will write the formula on a homogeneous manner, namely a connecting argument and a list of arguments.

```
datatype 'v connective = CT \mid CF \mid CVar \mid v \mid CNot \mid CAnd \mid COr \mid CImp \mid CEq

abbreviation nullary-connective \equiv \{CF\} \cup \{CT\} \cup \{CVar \mid x \mid x. \mid True\}

definition binary-connectives \equiv \{CAnd, COr, CImp, CEq\}
```

We define our own induction principal: instead of distinguishing every constructor, we group them by arity.

```
lemma propo-induct-arity[case-names nullary unary binary]: fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
```

```
assumes nullary: (\bigwedge \varphi \ x. \ \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FVar \ x \Longrightarrow P \ \varphi)
and unary: (\bigwedge \psi. \ P \ \psi \Longrightarrow P \ (FNot \ \psi))
and binary: (\bigwedge \varphi \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2. \ P \ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow P \ \psi 2 \Longrightarrow \varphi = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
\lor \varphi = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \Longrightarrow P \ \varphi)
shows P \ \psi
apply (induct rule: propo.induct)
using assms by metis+
```

The function *conn* is the interpretation of our representation (connective and list of arguments). We define any thing that has no sense to be false

```
\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{fun} & conn :: 'v \; connective \Rightarrow 'v \; propo \; list \Rightarrow 'v \; propo \; \mathbf{where} \\ conn \; CT \; [] = FT \; | \\ conn \; CF \; [] = FF \; | \\ conn \; (CVar \; v) \; [] = FVar \; v \; | \\ conn \; CNot \; [\varphi] = FNot \; \varphi \; | \\ conn \; CAnd \; (\varphi\# \; [\psi]) = FAnd \; \varphi \; \psi \; | \\ conn \; COr \; (\varphi\# \; [\psi]) = FOr \; \varphi \; \psi \; | \\ conn \; CImp \; (\varphi\# \; [\psi]) = FImp \; \varphi \; \psi \; | \\ conn \; CEq \; (\varphi\# \; [\psi]) = FEq \; \varphi \; \psi \; | \\ conn \; - - = FF \end{array}
```

We will often use case distinction, based on the arity of the 'v connective, thus we define our own splitting principle.

```
lemma connective-cases-arity:
   assumes nullary: \bigwedge x.\ c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar\ x \Longrightarrow P
   and binary: c \in binary\text{-connectives} \Longrightarrow P
   and unary: c = CNot \Longrightarrow P
   shows P
   using assms by (case-tac c, auto simp add: binary-connectives-def)

lemma connective-cases-arity-2[case-names nullary unary binary]:
   assumes nullary: c \in nullary\text{-connective} \Longrightarrow P
   and unary: c \in CNot \Longrightarrow P
   and binary: c \in binary\text{-connectives} \Longrightarrow P
   shows P
   using assms by (case-tac c, auto simp add: binary-connectives-def)
```

Our previous definition is not necessary correct (connective and list of arguments) , so we define an inductive predicate.

```
inductive wf-conn :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo list \Rightarrow bool for c :: 'v connective where wf-conn-nullary[simp]: (c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar \ v) \Rightarrow wf-conn c [] | wf-conn-unary[simp]: c \in CNot \Rightarrow wf-conn c [\psi] | wf-conn-binary[simp]: c \in binary-connectives \Rightarrow wf-conn c (\psi \# \psi' \# []) thm wf-conn.induct lemma wf-conn-induct[consumes 1, case-names CT CF CVar CNot COr CAnd CImp CEq]: assumes wf-conn c x and (\wedge v. c = CT \Rightarrow P []) and (\wedge v. c = CF \Rightarrow P []) and (\wedge v. c = CNot \Rightarrow P [\psi]) and (\wedge \psi \psi'. c = COr \Rightarrow P [\psi, \psi']) and (\wedge \psi \psi'. c = CAnd \Rightarrow P [\psi, \psi']) and (\wedge \psi \psi'. c = CAnd \Rightarrow P [\psi, \psi']) and (\wedge \psi \psi'. c = CImp \Rightarrow P [\psi, \psi']) and
```

```
(\bigwedge \psi \ \psi'. \ c = CEq \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi'])
shows P \ x
using assms by induction (auto simp add: binary-connectives-def)
```

4.2 properties of the abstraction

First we can define simplification rules.

```
lemma wf-conn-conn[simp]:
  wf-conn CT l \Longrightarrow conn CT l = FT
  wf-conn CF \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ CF \ l = FF
  wf-conn (CVar\ x) l \Longrightarrow conn\ (<math>CVar\ x) l = FVar\ x
  apply (simp-all add: wf-conn.simps)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by simp-all
lemma wf-conn-list-decomp[simp]:
  wf-conn CT \ l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn CF l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  \textit{wf-conn} \ (\textit{CVar} \ x) \ l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn CNot (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longleftrightarrow \xi = [] \land \xi' = []
  apply (simp-all add: wf-conn.simps)
       unfolding binary-connectives-def apply simp-all
  by (metis append-Nil append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1) list.sel(3) tl-append2)
lemma wf-conn-list:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FT \longleftrightarrow (c = CT \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FF \longleftrightarrow (c = CF \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FVar \ x \longleftrightarrow (c = CVar \ x \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FAnd \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CAnd \land l = a \# b \# [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FOr \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = COr \land l = a \# b \# [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FEq \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CEq \land l = a \# b \# [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FImp \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CImp \land l = a \# b \# \parallel)
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FNot \ a \longleftrightarrow (c = CNot \land l = a \# [])
  apply (induct l rule: wf-conn.induct)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
```

In the binary connective cases, we will often decompose the list of arguments (of length 2) into two elements.

```
lemma list-length2-decomp: length l=2 \Longrightarrow (\exists \ a \ b. \ l=a \# b \# []) apply (induct l, \ auto) by (case-tac l, \ auto)
```

wf-conn for binary operators means that there are two arguments.

```
lemma wf-conn-bin-list-length:

fixes l:: 'v \ propo \ list

assumes conn: c \in binary-connectives

shows length \ l = 2 \longleftrightarrow wf-conn c \ l

proof

assume length \ l = 2

thus wf-conn c \ l using wf-conn-binary list-length2-decomp using conn \ by \ metis

next

assume wf-conn c \ l

thus length \ l = 2 \ (is \ P \ l)
```

```
proof (cases rule: wf-conn.induct)
     case wf-conn-nullary
     thus ?P [] using conn binary-connectives-def
       using connective distinct (11) connective distinct (13) connective distinct (9) by blast
   next
     \mathbf{fix} \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
     case wf-conn-unary
     thus ?P[\psi] using conn binary-connectives-def
       using connective.distinct by blast
   next
     fix \psi \psi':: 'v propo
     show ?P [\psi, \psi'] by auto
   qed
qed
lemma wf-conn-not-list-length[iff]:
 fixes l :: 'v propo list
 shows wf-conn CNot l \longleftrightarrow length \ l = 1
 apply auto
 apply (metis append-Nil connective.distinct(5,17,27) length-Cons list.size(3) wf-conn.simps
   wf-conn-list-decomp(4))
 by (simp add: length-Suc-conv wf-conn.simps)
Decomposing the Not into an element is moreover very useful.
lemma wf-conn-Not-decomp:
 fixes l :: 'v propo list and a :: 'v
 assumes corr: wf-conn CNot l
 shows \exists a. l = [a]
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-length-conv corr length-0-conv wf-conn-not-list-length)
The wf-conn remains correct if the length of list does not change. This lemma is very useful
when we do one rewriting step
lemma wf-conn-no-arity-change:
 length \ l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
proof -
  {
   fix l l'
   have length l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
     apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.induct, auto)
     by (metis wf-conn-bin-list-length)
 thus length l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l = wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l' by metis
lemma wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper:
 length (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = length (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
 by auto
The injectivity of conn is useful to prove equality of the connectives and the lists.
lemma conn-inj-not:
 assumes correct: wf-conn c l
 and conn: conn c l = FNot \psi
 shows c = CNot and l = [\psi]
 apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 using correct conn unfolding binary-connectives-def apply auto
```

```
apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.cases)
using correct conn unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
```

```
lemma conn-inj:
 fixes c ca :: 'v connective and l \psi s :: 'v propo list
 assumes corr: wf-conn ca l
 and corr': wf-conn c \psi s
 and eq: conn \ ca \ l = conn \ c \ \psi s
 shows ca = c \wedge \psi s = l
 using corr
proof (cases ca l rule: wf-conn.cases)
  case (wf\text{-}conn\text{-}nullary\ v)
 thus ca = c \wedge \psi s = l using assms
     by (metis\ conn.simps(1)\ conn.simps(2)\ conn.simps(3)\ wf-conn-list(1-3))
next
 case (wf-conn-unary \psi')
 hence *: FNot \psi' = conn \ c \ \psi s  using conn-inj-not eq assms by auto
 hence c = ca by (metis\ conn-inj-not(1)\ corr'\ wf-conn-unary(2))
 moreover have \psi s = l using * conn-inj-not(2) corr' wf-conn-unary(1) by force
 ultimately show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l by auto
 case (wf-conn-binary \psi' \psi'')
 thus ca = c \wedge \psi s = l
   using eq corr' unfolding binary-connectives-def apply (case-tac ca, auto simp add: wf-conn-list)
   using wf-conn-list(4-7) corr' by metis+
qed
```

4.3 Subformulas and properties

A characterization using sub-formulas is interesting for rewriting: we will define our relation on the sub-term level, and then lift the rewriting on the term-level. So the rewriting takes place on a subformula.

```
inductive subformula :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool (infix \leq 45) for \varphi where subformula-refl[simp]: \varphi \leq \varphi | subformula-into-subformula: \psi \in set\ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn\ c\ l \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq conn\ c\ l
```

On the *subformula-into-subformula*, we can see why we use our *conn* representation: one case is enough to express the subformulas property instead of listing all the cases.

This is an example of a property related to subformulas.

```
lemma subformula-in-subformula-not:

shows b: FNot \ \varphi \preceq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq \psi

apply (induct rule: subformula-induct)

using subformula-into-subformula wf-conn-unary subformula-refl list.set-intros(1) subformula-refl

by (fastforce intro: subformula-into-subformula)+

lemma subformula-in-binary-conn:

assumes conn: c \in binary-connectives

shows f \preceq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]

and g \preceq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]

proof —

have a: wf-conn \ c \ (f\# \ [g]) using conn \ wf-conn-binary \ binary-connectives-def by auto

moreover have b: f \preceq f using subformula-refl by auto
```

```
ultimately show f \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
    by (metis append-Nil in-set-conv-decomp subformula-into-subformula)
  have a: wf-conn c ([f] @ [g]) using conn wf-conn-binary binary-connectives-def by auto
  moreover have b: g \leq g using subformula-reft by auto
  ultimately show g \leq conn \ c \ [f, g] using subformula-into-subformula by force
qed
lemma subformula-trans:
 \psi \preceq \psi' \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq \psi'
  apply (induct \psi' rule: subformula.inducts)
  by (auto simp add: subformula-into-subformula)
lemma subformula-leaf:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes incl: \varphi \leq \psi
  and simple: \psi = FT \vee \psi = FF \vee \psi = FVar x
  shows \varphi = \psi
  using incl simple
  by (induct rule: subformula.induct, auto simp add: wf-conn-list)
lemma subfurmula-not-incl-eq:
  assumes \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l
  and wf-conn c l
  and \forall \psi. \ \psi \in set \ l \longrightarrow \neg \ \varphi \preceq \psi
  shows \varphi = conn \ c \ l
  using assms apply (induction conn c l rule: subformula.induct, auto)
  using conn-inj by blast
lemma wf-subformula-conn-cases:
  wf-conn c \ l \implies \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ c \ l \lor (\exists \psi. \ \psi \in set \ l \land \varphi \leq \psi))
  apply standard
    using subfurmula-not-incl-eq apply metis
  by (auto simp add: subformula-into-subformula)
lemma subformula-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  \varphi \leq FAnd \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FAnd \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi') \ (is \ ?P \ FAnd)
  \varphi \leq FOr \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FOr \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi')
  \varphi \leq FEq \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FEq \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi')
  \varphi \leq FImp \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FImp \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi')
proof -
  have wf-conn CAnd [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  hence \varphi \leq conn \ CAnd \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ CAnd \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \leq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  thus ?P FAnd by auto
  have wf-conn COr [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  hence \varphi \preceq conn \ COr \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ COr \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \ \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  thus ?P FOr by auto
next
  have wf-conn CEq [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  hence \varphi \preceq conn \ CEq \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ CEq \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \ \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
```

```
using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  thus ?P FEq by auto
  have wf-conn CImp [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  hence \varphi \preceq conn \ CImp \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ CImp \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \ \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  thus ?P FImp by auto
qed
lemma wf-conn-helper-facts[iff]:
  wf-conn CNot [\varphi]
  wf-conn CT []
  wf-conn CF []
  wf-conn (CVar x)
  wf-conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn COr [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn CImp [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn CEq [\varphi, \psi]
  using wf-conn.intros unfolding binary-connectives-def by fastforce+
lemma exists-c-conn: \exists c l. \varphi = conn c l \land wf\text{-}conn c l
  by (cases \varphi) force+
lemma subformula-conn-decomp[simp]:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ c \ l \lor (\exists \ \psi \in set \ l. \ \varphi \preceq \psi))
  apply auto
proof -
  {
    have \varphi \leq \xi \Longrightarrow \xi = conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow \forall x :: 'a \ propo \in set \ l. \ \neg \ \varphi \leq x \Longrightarrow \varphi = conn \ c \ l
      apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
        apply simp
      using conn-inj by blast
  }
  moreover assume wf-conn c l and \varphi \leq conn c l and \forall x::'a \ propo \in set \ l. \ \neg \ \varphi \leq x
  ultimately show \varphi = conn \ c \ l by metis
next
  \mathbf{fix} \ \psi
  assume wf-conn c l and \psi \in set\ l and \varphi \preceq \psi
  thus \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \ using \ wf-subformula-conn-cases by \ blast
qed
lemma subformula-leaf-explicit[simp]:
  \varphi \leq FT \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FT
  \varphi \preceq \mathit{FF} \longleftrightarrow \varphi = \mathit{FF}
  \varphi \leq FVar \ x \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FVar \ x
  apply auto
  using subformula-leaf by metis +
The variables inside the formula gives precisely the variables that are needed for the formula.
primrec vars-of-prop:: v propo \Rightarrow v set where
vars-of-prop\ FT = \{\}\ |
vars-of-prop\ FF = \{\} \mid
vars-of-prop\ (FVar\ x) = \{x\}\ |
```

```
vars-of-prop \ (FNot \ \varphi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi
lemma vars-of-prop-incl-conn:
  fixes \xi \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \psi :: 'v \ propo \ and \ c :: 'v \ connective
 assumes corr: wf-conn c l and incl: \psi \in set l
 shows vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l)
proof (cases c rule: connective-cases-arity-2)
  case nullary
 hence False using corr incl by auto
  thus vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn c l) by blast
  case binary note c = this
  then obtain a b where ab: l = [a, b]
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp corr by metis
  hence \psi = a \vee \psi = b using incl by auto
  thus vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l)
    using ab c unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
\mathbf{next}
  case unary note c = this
 fix \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  have l = [\psi] using corr c incl split-list by force
 thus vars-of-prop \ \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop \ (conn \ c \ l) using c by auto
qed
The set of variables is compatible with the subformula order.
lemma subformula-vars-of-prop:
  \varphi \preceq \psi \Longrightarrow \mathit{vars-of-prop} \ \varphi \subseteq \mathit{vars-of-prop} \ \psi
 apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
 apply simp
  using vars-of-prop-incl-conn by blast
        Positions
4.4
Instead of 1 or 2 we use L or R
datatype sign = L \mid R
We use nil instead of \varepsilon.
fun pos :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow sign \ list \ set \ where
pos FF = \{[]\}
pos FT = \{[]\} \mid
pos (FVar x) = \{[]\}
pos (FAnd \varphi \psi) = \{ [] \} \cup \{ L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi \} \cup \{ R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi \} \mid
pos(FOr \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \}
pos(FEq \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \}
pos (FImp \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \mid
pos (FNot \varphi) = \{ [] \} \cup \{ L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi \}
lemma finite-pos: finite (pos \varphi)
 by (induct \varphi, auto)
```

```
lemma finite-inj-comp-set:
 fixes s :: 'v \ set
 assumes finite: finite s
 and inj: inj f
 using finite
proof (induct s rule: finite-induct)
 show card \{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in \{\}\} = card \{\} by auto
next
 fix x :: 'v and s :: 'v set
 assume f: finite s and notin: x \notin s
 and IH: card \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\} = card s
 have f': finite \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} using f by auto
 have notin': f x \notin \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\} using notin inj injD by fastforce
 have \{f \mid p \mid p. \ p \in insert \ x \ s\} = insert \ (f \ x) \ \{f \mid p \mid p. \ p \in s\} by auto
 hence card \{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in insert \mid x \mid s\} = 1 + card \{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in s\}
   using finite card-insert-disjoint f' notin' by auto
 moreover have \dots = card (insert \ x \ s) using notin \ f \ IH by auto
 finally show card \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} = card \ (insert \ x \ s).
qed
lemma cons-inject:
 inj (op \# s)
 by (meson injI list.inject)
lemma finite-insert-nil-cons:
 finite s \Longrightarrow card\ (insert\ []\ \{L\ \#\ p\ | p.\ p\in s\}) = 1 + card\ \{L\ \#\ p\ | p.\ p\in s\}
using card-insert-disjoint by auto
lemma cord-not[simp]:
  card (pos (FNot \varphi)) = 1 + card (pos \varphi)
by (simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
lemma card-seperate:
 assumes finite s1 and finite s2
 shows card (\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s1\}) \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in s2\}) = card (\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s1\})
          + card(\lbrace R \# p \mid p. p \in s2 \rbrace)  (is card(?L \cup ?R) = card?L + card?R)
proof -
 have finite ?L using assms by auto
 moreover have finite ?R using assms by auto
 moreover have ?L \cap ?R = \{\} by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis using assms card-Un-disjoint by blast
qed
definition prop-size where prop-size \varphi = card (pos \varphi)
lemma prop-size-vars-of-prop:
 fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 shows card (vars-of-prop \varphi) \leq prop-size \varphi
 unfolding prop-size-def apply (induct \varphi, auto simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
```

```
proof -
  fix \varphi 1 \varphi 2 :: 'v \ propo
 assume IH1: card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1) \leq card (pos \varphi 1)
  and IH2: card (vars-of-prop \varphi 2) \leq card (pos \varphi 2)
 let ?L = \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi 1\}
 let ?R = \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi 2\}
  have card (?L \cup ?R) = card ?L + card ?R
    using card-seperate finite-pos by blast
  moreover have ... = card (pos \varphi 1) + card (pos \varphi 2)
    by (simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
  moreover have ... \geq card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1) + card (vars-of-prop \varphi 2) using IH1 IH2 by arith
  hence ... \geq card \ (vars-of-prop \ \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop \ \varphi 2) \ using \ card-Un-le \ le-trans \ by \ blast
  ultimately
    show card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop \varphi 2) \leq Suc (card (?L \cup ?R))
         card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1\ \cup\ vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L\ \cup\ ?R))
         card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1\ \cup\ vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L\ \cup\ ?R))
         card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1\ \cup\ vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L\ \cup\ ?R))
    by auto
qed
value pos (FImp\ (FAnd\ (FVar\ P)\ (FVar\ Q))\ (FOr\ (FVar\ P)\ (FVar\ Q)))
inductive path-to :: sign\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow bool\ where
path-to-refl[intro]: path-to [] \varphi \varphi
\textit{path-to-l: } c \in \textit{binary-connectives} \ \lor \ c = \textit{CNot} \Longrightarrow \textit{wf-conn} \ c \ (\varphi \# l) \Longrightarrow \textit{path-to} \ p \ \varphi \ \varphi'
  \implies path\text{-}to\ (L\#p)\ (conn\ c\ (\varphi\#l))\ \varphi'
path-to-r: c \in binary-connectives \implies wf-conn \ c \ (\psi \# \varphi \# []) \implies path-to \ p \ \varphi \ \varphi'
  \implies path-to (R\#p) (conn \ c \ (\psi\#\varphi\#[])) \ \varphi'
There is a deep link between subformulas and pathes: a (correct) path leads to a subformula
and a subformula is associated to a given path.
lemma path-to-subformula:
  path-to p \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \varphi' \preceq \varphi
 apply (induct rule: path-to.induct)
 apply simp
 apply (metis list.set-intros(1) subformula-into-subformula)
 using subformula-trans subformula-in-binary-conn(2) by metis
{f lemma}\ subformula-path-exists:
  fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
  shows \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists p. path-to p \varphi \varphi'
proof (induct rule: subformula.induct)
  case subformula-refl
  have path-to [] \varphi' \varphi' by auto
  thus \exists p. path-to p \varphi' \varphi' by metis
next
  case (subformula-into-subformula \psi l c)
  note wf = this(2) and IH = this(4) and \psi = this(1)
  then obtain p where p: path-to p \psi \varphi' by metis
  {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x :: 'v
    assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
    hence False using subformula-into-subformula by auto
```

```
hence \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
  moreover {
    assume c: c = CNot
    hence l = [\psi] using wf \psi wf-conn-Not-decomp by fastforce
    hence path-to (L \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' by (metis c wf-conn-unary p path-to-l)
   hence \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
  }
  moreover {
    assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
    obtain a b where ab: [a, b] = l using subformula-into-subformula c wf-conn-bin-list-length
      list-length2-decomp by metis
    hence a = \psi \lor b = \psi using \psi by auto
    hence path-to (L \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' \vee path-to (R \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' using c path-to-l
      path-to-r p ab by (metis wf-conn-binary)
    hence \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
 ultimately show \exists p. path-to p (conn \ c \ l) \ \varphi' using connective-cases-arity by metis
qed
fun replace-at :: sign\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo where
replace-at [] - \psi = \psi |
replace-at (L \# l) (FAnd \varphi \varphi') \psi = FAnd (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'
replace-at (R \# l) (FAnd \varphi \varphi') \psi = FAnd \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi) |
replace-at (L \# l) (FOr \varphi \varphi') \psi = FOr (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'
replace-at (R \# l) (FOr \varphi \varphi') \psi = FOr \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi)
replace-at (L \# l) (FEq \varphi \varphi') \psi = FEq (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'
replace-at (R \# l) (FEq \varphi \varphi') \psi = FEq \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi)
replace-at (L \# l) (FImp \varphi \varphi') \psi = FImp (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'
replace-at (R \# l) (FImp \varphi \varphi') \psi = FImp \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi) |
replace-at (L \# l) (FNot \varphi) \psi = FNot (replace-at l \varphi \psi)
```

5 Semantics over the syntax

Given the syntax defined above, we define a semantics, by defining an evaluation function *eval*. This function is the bridge between the logic as we define it here and the built-in logic of Isabelle.

```
fun eval :: ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ (infix \models 50) \ where
\mathcal{A} \models FT = True
\mathcal{A} \models FF = False
\mathcal{A} \models FVar\ v = (\mathcal{A}\ v)
\mathcal{A} \models FNot \ \varphi = (\neg(\mathcal{A} \models \varphi)) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models \mathit{FAnd} \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \land \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FOr \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \lor \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models \mathit{FImp} \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \longrightarrow \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \ |
\mathcal{A} \models \mathit{FEq} \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2)
definition evalf (infix \models f 50) where
evalf \varphi \ \psi = (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longrightarrow A \models \psi)
The deduction rule is in the book. And the proof looks like to the one of the book.
lemma deduction-rule:
   (\varphi \models f \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall A. (A \models FImp \varphi \psi))
proof
   assume H: \varphi \models f \psi
```

```
{
    \mathbf{fix} A
"Suppose that \varphi entails \psi (assumption \varphi \models f \psi) and let A be an arbitrary 'v-valuation. We
need to show A \models FImp \varphi \psi. "
    {
If A \varphi = (1::'b), then A \varphi = (1::'b), because \varphi entails \psi, and therefore A \models FImp \varphi \psi.
      assume A \models \varphi
      hence A \models \psi using H unfolding evalf-def by metis
      hence A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
    }
    moreover {
For otherwise, if A \varphi = (\theta ::'b), then A \models FImp \varphi \psi holds by definition, independently of the
value of A \models \psi.
      assume \neg A \models \varphi
      hence A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
In both cases A \models FImp \varphi \psi.
    ultimately have A \models FImp \varphi \psi by blast
  thus \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi by blast
next
  show \forall A. A \models FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \models f \ \psi
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume \neg \varphi \models f \psi
      then obtain A where A \models \varphi \land \neg A \models \psi using evalf-def by metis
      hence \neg A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
      moreover assume \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi
      ultimately show False by blast
    \mathbf{qed}
qed
A shorter proof:
lemma \varphi \models f \psi \longleftrightarrow (\forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi)
 by (simp add: evalf-def)
definition same-over-set:: ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v \ set \Rightarrow bool where
same-over-set\ A\ B\ S=(\forall\ c{\in}S.\ A\ c=B\ c)
If two mapping A and B have the same value over the variables, then the same formula are
satisfiable.
lemma same-over-set-eval:
 assumes same-over-set A B (vars-of-prop \varphi)
 shows A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow B \models \varphi
  using assms unfolding same-over-set-def by (induct \varphi, auto)
theory Prop-Abstract-Transformation
imports Main Prop-Logic Wellfounded-More
```

begin

This file is devoted to abstract properties of the transformations, like consistency preservation and lifting from terms to proposition.

6 Rewrite systems and properties

6.1 Lifting of rewrite rules

We can lift a rewrite relation r over a full formula: the relation r works on terms, while propo-rew-step works on formulas.

```
inductive propo-rew-step :: ('v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for r :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where global-rel: r \varphi \psi \Rightarrow propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \mid propo-rew-one-step-lift: propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \Rightarrow wf-conn c (\psi s @ \varphi \# \psi s') \Rightarrow propo-rew-step r (conn \ c (\psi s @ \varphi \# \psi s')) (conn \ c (\psi s @ \varphi' \# \psi s'))
```

Here is a more precise link between the lifting and the subformulas: if a rewriting takes place between φ and φ' , then there are two subformulas ψ in φ and ψ' in φ' , ψ' is the result of the rewriting of r on ψ .

This lemma is only a health condition:

```
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula-imp:

shows propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \psi \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi \wedge \psi' \preceq \varphi' \wedge r \psi \psi'

apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)

using subformula-simps subformula-into-subformula apply blast

using wf-conn-no-arity-change subformula-into-subformula wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper

in-set-conv-decomp by metis
```

The converse is moreover true: if there is a ψ and ψ' , then every formula φ containing ψ , can be rewritten into a formula φ' , such that it contains φ' .

```
{f lemma} propo-rew-step-subformula-rec:
  fixes \psi \ \psi' \ \varphi :: \ 'v \ propo
  shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow r \ \psi \ \psi' \Longrightarrow (\exists \varphi'. \ \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi')
proof (induct \varphi rule: subformula.induct)
  case subformula-refl
  hence propo-rew-step r \psi \psi' using propo-rew-step.intros by auto
  moreover have \psi' \prec \psi' using Prop-Logic.subformula-refl by auto
  ultimately show \exists \varphi' . \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \psi \ \varphi' by fastforce
  case (subformula-into-subformula \psi'' l c)
  note IH = this(4) and r = this(5) and \psi'' = this(1) and wf = this(2) and incl = this(3)
  then obtain \varphi' where *: \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \psi'' \ \varphi' by metis
  moreover obtain \xi \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ where
    l: l = \xi @ \psi'' \# \xi'  using List.split-list \psi'' by metis
  ultimately have propo-rew-step r (conn c l) (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using propo-rew-step.intros(2) wf by metis
  moreover have \psi' \leq conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    \mathbf{using} \ wf * wf\text{-}conn\text{-}no\text{-}arity\text{-}change \ Prop\text{-}Logic.subformula\text{-}into\text{-}subformula}
    by (metis (no-types) in-set-conv-decomp l wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
  ultimately show \exists \varphi' . \ \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ (conn \ c \ l) \ \varphi' by metis
ged
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula:
  (\exists \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi') \longleftrightarrow (\exists \varphi'. \ propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi')
```

```
{f lemma}\ consistency-decompose-into-list:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c l and wf': wf-conn c l'
 and same: \forall n. (A \models l! n \longleftrightarrow (A \models l'! n))
  shows (A \models conn \ c \ l) = (A \models conn \ c \ l')
proof (cases c rule: connective-cases-arity-2)
  case nullary
  thus (A \models conn \ c \ l) \longleftrightarrow (A \models conn \ c \ l') using wf \ wf' by auto
next
  case unary note c = this
 then obtain a where l: l = [a] using wf-conn-Not-decomp wf by metis
 obtain a' where l': l' = [a'] using wf-conn-Not-decomp wf' c by metis
 have A \models a \longleftrightarrow A \models a' using l \ l' by (metis nth-Cons-0 same)
  thus A \models conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ l'  using l \ l' \ c  by auto
next
  case binary note c = this
  then obtain a b where l: l = [a, b]
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp wf by metis
  obtain a' b' where l': l' = [a', b']
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp wf' c by metis
 have p: A \models a \longleftrightarrow A \models a' A \models b \longleftrightarrow A \models b'
    using l \ l' same by (metis diff-Suc-1 nth-Cons' nat.distinct(2))+
  show A \models conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ l'
    using wf c p unfolding binary-connectives-def l l' by auto
qed
Relation between propo-rew-step and the rewriting we have seen before: propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi'
means that we rewrite \psi inside \varphi (ie at a path p) into \psi'.
lemma propo-rew-step-rewrite:
  fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \ propo \ and \ r :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool
  assumes propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi'
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ \varphi \ \psi \land replace-at \ p \ \varphi \ \psi' = \varphi'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  \mathbf{case}(global\text{-}rel\ \varphi\ \psi)
  moreover have path-to [] \varphi \varphi by auto
 moreover have replace-at [] \varphi \psi = \psi by auto
  ultimately show ?case by metis
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi') note rel = this(1) and IH0 = this(2) and corr = this(3)
 obtain \psi \psi' p where IH: r \psi \psi' \wedge path-to p \varphi \psi \wedge replace-at p \varphi \psi' = \varphi' using IH0 by metis
  {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: 'v
    assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
     hence False using corr by auto
     hence \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \ \psi
                       \wedge \ replace-at \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \ \# \ \xi'))) \ \psi' = conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi' \ \# \ \xi'))
       by fast
  }
  moreover {
    assume c: c = CNot
     hence empty: \xi = [|\xi'=|] using corr by auto
```

```
have path-to (L\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
       using c empty IH wf-conn-unary path-to-l by fastforce
     moreover have replace-at (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi\ \#\ \xi')))\ \psi' = conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi'\ \#\ \xi'))
       using c empty IH by auto
     ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \ \# \ \xi'))) \ \psi
                               \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
     using IH by metis
  }
  moreover {
     assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
     have length (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = 2 using wf-conn-bin-list-length corr c by metis
     hence length \xi + length \xi' = 1 by auto
     hence ld: (length \xi = 1 \land length \ \xi' = 0) \lor (length \xi = 0 \land length \ \xi' = 1) by arith
     obtain a b where ab: (\xi=[] \land \xi'=[b]) \lor (\xi=[a] \land \xi'=[])
       using ld by (case-tac \xi, case-tac \xi', auto)
     {
        assume \varphi: \xi = [] \land \xi' = [b]
        have path-to (L\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
          using \varphi c IH ab corr by (simp add: path-to-l)
        moreover have replace-at (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi\ \#\ \xi')))\ \psi' = conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi'\ \#\ \xi'))
          using c IH ab \varphi unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
        ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \ \# \ \xi'))) \ \psi
          \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
          using IH by metis
     }
     moreover {
       assume \varphi: \xi = [a] \quad \xi' = []
       hence path-to (R\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
          using c IH corr path-to-r corr \varphi by (simp add: path-to-r)
        moreover have replace-at (R\#p) (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
          using c IH ab \varphi unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
        ultimately have ?case using IH by metis
     ultimately have ?case using ab by blast
 ultimately show ?case using connective-cases-arity by blast
qed
6.2
         Consistency preservation
We define preserves-un-sat: it means that a relation preserves consistency.
definition preserves-un-sat where
\textit{preserves-un-sat} \ r \longleftrightarrow (\forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi))
lemma propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit:
propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat r \Longrightarrow propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi)
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def
proof (induction rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case qlobal-rel
 thus ?case by simp
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' \in \xi \xi') note rel = this(1) and wf = this(2)
    and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)\ this(1)] and consistent = this(4)
  {
```

```
\mathbf{fix} A
   from IH have \forall n. (A \models (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') ! n) = (A \models (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') ! n)
     by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) list-update-length nth-Cons-0 nth-append-length-plus
        nth-list-update-neq)
   hence (A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) = (A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     by (meson consistency-decompose-into-list wf wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper
       wf-conn-no-arity-change)
 thus \forall A. A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') by auto
lemma propo-rew-step-preservers-val':
  assumes preserves-un-sat r
  shows preserves-un-sat (propo-rew-step r)
  using assms by (simp add: preserves-un-sat-def propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit)
lemma preserves-un-sat-OO[intro]:
preserves-un-sat f \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat g \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat (f \ OO \ g)
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by auto
{f lemma}\ star-consistency-preservation-explicit:
  assumes (propo-rew-step \ r)^* * \varphi \psi and preserves-un-sat \ r
  shows \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto simp add: propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit)
lemma star-consistency-preservation:
preserves-un-sat \ r \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat \ (propo-rew-step \ r)^**
  by (simp add: star-consistency-preservation-explicit preserves-un-sat-def)
```

6.3 Full Lifting

In the previous a relation was lifted to a formula, now we define the relation such it is applied as long as possible. The definition is thus simply: it can be derived and nothing more can be derived.

```
lemma full-ropo-rew-step-preservers-val[simp]: preserves-un-sat r \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step r)) by (metis full-def preserves-un-sat-def star-consistency-preservation) lemma full-propo-rew-step-subformula: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi' \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg (\exists \ \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi') unfolding full-def using propo-rew-step-subformula-rec by metis
```

7 Transformation testing

7.1 Definition and first properties

To prove correctness of our transformation, we create a *all-subformula-st* predicate. It tests recursively all subformulas. At each step, the actual formula is tested. The aim of this *test-symb* function is to test locally some properties of the formulas (i.e. at the level of the connective or at first level). This allows a clause description between the rewrite relation and the *test-symb*

```
definition all-subformula-st :: ('a \ propo \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \ propo \Rightarrow bool where
all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \equiv \forall \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow test-symb \ \psi
lemma test-symb-imp-all-subformula-st[simp]:
  test-symb FT \implies all-subformula-st test-symb FT
  test-symb FF \implies all-subformula-st test-symb FF
  test-symb (FVar x) \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (FVar x)
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def using subformula-leaf by metis+
\mathbf{lemma}\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}test\text{-}symb\text{-}true\text{-}phi:
  all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow test-symb \varphi
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-imp:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow (test-symb (conn \ c \ l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ all-subformula-st test-symb (\varphi)
  \implies all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l)
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
To ease the finding of proofs, we give some explicit theorem about the decomposition.
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-rec:
  all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l) \Longrightarrow wf-conn c l
    \implies (test-symb (conn c l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi))
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ l :: 'v \ propo \ list
  assumes wf-conn c l
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l)
    \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set\ l.\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \varphi))
  using assms all-subformula-st-decomp-rec all-subformula-st-decomp-imp by metis
lemma helper-fact: c \in binary-connectives \longleftrightarrow (c = COr \lor c = CAnd \lor c = CEq \lor c = CImp)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi)
      \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
 and all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (FNot\ \varphi) \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \varphi)
 and all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
 and all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
proof -
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi])
  moreover have ... \longleftrightarrow test-symb (conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi])\land(\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb
\xi)
    \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{all-subformula-st-decomp}\ \mathit{wf-conn-helper-facts}(5)\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{metis}
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
```

```
by simp
```

```
have all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn COr [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ \ldots \longleftrightarrow
    (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ COr\ [\varphi,\,\psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set\ [\varphi,\,\psi].\ all\text{-}subformula-st\ test\text{-}symb\ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(6) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \varphi \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CEq [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ...
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn CEq [\varphi, \psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(8) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CImp [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ...
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn CImp [\varphi, \psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (7) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \wedge all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \wedge all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CNot [\varphi])
  moreover have ... = (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ CNot\ [\varphi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set\ [\varphi].\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(1) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FNot \varphi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi) by simp
qed
As all-subformula-st tests recursively, the function is true on every subformula.
{f lemma}\ subformula-all-subformula-st:
  \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \varphi \Longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi
  by (induct rule: subformula.induct, auto simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp)
The following theorem no-test-symb-step-exists shows the link between the test-symb function
and the corresponding rewrite relation r: if we assume that if every time test-symb is true, then
a r can be applied, finally as long as \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi, then something can be
rewritten in \varphi.
lemma no-test-symb-step-exists:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. test-symb FF \land test-symb FT \land test-symb (FVar\ x)
  and \forall \varphi' . \varphi' \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow (\neg test\text{-symb } \varphi') \longrightarrow (\exists \psi. \ r \ \varphi' \ \psi) and
  \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows (\exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi')
  using assms
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
```

```
case (nullary \varphi x)
  thus \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi'
    using wf-conn-nullary test-symb-false-nullary by fastforce
  case (unary \varphi) note IH = this(1)[OF this(2)] and r = this(2) and nst = this(3) and subf =
this(4)
  from r IH nst have H: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land (\exists \psi'. \ r \ \psi \ \psi')
    by (metis subformula-in-subformula-not subformula-refl subformula-trans)
    assume n: \neg test-symb (FNot \varphi)
    obtain \psi where r (FNot \varphi) \psi using subformula-refl r n set by blast
    moreover have FNot \varphi \leq FNot \varphi using subformula-reft by auto
    ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi' by metis
  moreover {
    assume n: test-symb (FNot \varphi)
    hence \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
      using all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) nst subf by blast
    hence \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
      \mathbf{using}\ H\ subformula-in-subformula-not\ subformula-refl\ subformula-trans\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
  ultimately show \exists \psi \ \psi'. \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi' by blast
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1-0 = this(1)[OF\ this(4)] and IH\varphi 2-0 = this(2)[OF\ this(4)] and r = this(4)
    and \varphi = this(3) and le = this(5) and nst = this(6)
  obtain c :: 'v \ connective \ \mathbf{where}
    c: (c = CAnd \lor c = COr \lor c = CImp \lor c = CEq) \land conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] = \varphi
    using \varphi by fastforce
  hence corr: wf-conn c [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] using wf-conn.simps unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
  have inc: \varphi 1 \leq \varphi \varphi 2 \leq \varphi using binary-connectives-def c subformula-in-binary-conn by blast+
  from r \ IH \varphi 1-0 have IH \varphi 1: \neg \ all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 1 \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi 1 \ \land \ r \ \psi \ \psi'
    using inc(1) subformula-trans le by blast
  from r \ IH \varphi 2-0 have IH \varphi 2: \neg \ all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 2 \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi. \ \psi \prec \varphi 2 \land (\exists \ \psi'. \ r \ \psi \ \psi')
    using inc(2) subformula-trans le by blast
  have cases: \neg test-symb \varphi \lor \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 1 \lor \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 2
    using c nst by auto
  show \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
    using IH\varphi 1 IH\varphi 2 subformula-trans inc subformula-refl cases le by blast
qed
```

7.2 Invariant conservation

If two rewrite relation are independent (or at least independent enough), then the property characterizing the first relation *all-subformula-st test-symb* remains true. The next show the same property, with changes in the assumptions.

The assumption $\forall \varphi' \psi$. $\varphi' \preceq \Phi \longrightarrow r \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \varphi' \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi$ means that rewriting with r does not mess up the property we want to preserve locally.

The previous assumption is not enough to go from r to propo-rew-step r: we have to add the assumption that rewriting inside does not mess up the term: $\forall c \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \ \leq \ \Phi \longrightarrow$

```
propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \longrightarrow wf-conn c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test-symb (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
```

7.2.1 Invariant while lifting of the rewriting relation

The condition $\varphi \leq \Phi$ (that will by used with $\Phi = \varphi$ most of the time) is here to ensure that the recursive conditions on Φ will moreover hold for the subterm we are rewriting. For example if there is no equivalence symbol in Φ , we do not have to care about equivalence symbols in the two previous assumptions.

```
lemma propo-rew-step-inv-stay':
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi \Phi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes H: \forall \varphi' \psi. \varphi' \leq \Phi \longrightarrow r \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \varphi'
      \rightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  and H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \preceq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi'
    \longrightarrow wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test-symb \varphi'
    \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) and
    propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi and
    \varphi \leq \Phi and
    all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using assms(3-5)
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case global-rel
  thus ?case using H by simp
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
  note rel = this(1) and \varphi = this(2) and corr = this(3) and \Phi = this(4) and nst = this(5)
  have sq: \varphi \leq \Phi
    using \Phi corr subformula-into-subformula subformula-refl subformula-trans
    by (metis in-set-conv-decomp)
  from corr have \forall \ \psi. \ \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi
    using all-subformula-st-decomp nst by blast
  hence *: \forall \psi. \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi \text{ using } \varphi \text{ sq by } fastforce
  hence test-symb \varphi' using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi by auto
  moreover from corr nst have test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp by blast
  ultimately have test-symb: test-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using H' sq corr rel by blast
  have wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')
    by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper corr wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using * test-symb by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp)
The need for \varphi \leq \Phi is not always necessary, hence we moreover have a version without inclusion.
lemma propo-rew-step-inv-stay:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi' \psi. \ r \ \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi' \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi')
       \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }\varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }(conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi'\ \#\ \xi')) and
    propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi and
```

```
all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
using propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of \varphi r test-symb \varphi \psi] assms subformula-refl by metis
```

The lemmas can be lifted to $full\ (propo-rew-step\ r)$ instead of propo-rew-step

7.2.2 Invariant after all rewriting

```
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \psi. propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi
        \rightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \leq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi'
       \longrightarrow wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test-symb \varphi'
       \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \text{ and }
       \varphi \prec \Phi and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using assms unfolding full-def
proof -
  have rel: (propo-rew-step \ r)^{**} \ \varphi \ \psi
    using full unfolding full-def by auto
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using init
    proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
       case base
       then show all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi by blast
       case (step b c) note star = this(1) and IH = this(3) and one = this(2) and all = this(4)
       then have all-subformula-st test-symb b by metis
       then show all-subformula-st test-symb c using propo-rew-step-inv-stay' H H' rel one by auto
    qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay':
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \psi. propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi
        \rightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi' \longrightarrow wf-conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
        \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test-symb \varphi' \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc[of r test-symb \varphi] assms subformula-refl by metis
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi \ \mathbf{and}
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi'))
```

```
\longrightarrow test\text{-symb }\varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }(conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi'\ \#\ \xi')) and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  unfolding full-def
proof -
  have rel: (propo-rew-step \ r)^* * \varphi \ \psi
    using full unfolding full-def by auto
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using init
    proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
      {f case}\ base
      thus all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi by blast
    next
      case (step \ b \ c)
      note star = this(1) and IH = this(3) and one = this(2) and all = this(4)
      hence all-subformula-st test-symb b by metis
      thus all-subformula-st test-symb c
        using propo-rew-step-inv-stay subformula-refl H H' rel one by auto
    qed
qed
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi \ \mathbf{and}
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ l \ l'. \ wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
        \rightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l) \longleftrightarrow test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l')) and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
proof -
  have \bigwedge(c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \ \# \ \xi')
    \implies test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \implies test-symb (\varphi' \implies test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using H' by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    \mathbf{using}\ H\ \mathit{full\ init\ full\ propo-rew-step-inv-stay\ by\ \mathit{blast}}
qed
end
theory Prop-Normalisation
imports Main Prop-Logic Prop-Abstract-Transformation
begin
```

Given the previous definition about abstract rewriting and theorem about them, we now have the detailed rule making the transformation into CNF/DNF.

8 Rewrite Rules

The idea of Christoph Weidenbach's book is to remove gradually the operators: first equivalencies, then implication, after that the unused true/false and finally the reorganizing the or/and. We will prove each transformation separately.

8.1 Elimination of the equivalences

```
The first transformation consists in removing every equivalence symbol.
```

```
inductive elim-equiv :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool where elim-equiv[simp]: elim-equiv \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) \ (FAnd \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi)) (FImp \ \psi \ \varphi))

lemma elim-equiv-transformation-consistent:
A \models FEq \ \varphi \ \psi \longleftrightarrow A \models FAnd \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \ (FImp \ \psi \ \varphi)
by auto

lemma elim-equiv-explicit: elim-equiv \ \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow \forall \ A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
by (induct \ rule: elim-equiv.induct, \ auto)

lemma elim-equiv-consistent: \ preserves-un-sat \ elim-equiv
unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp \ add: \ elim-equiv-explicit)

lemma elimEquv-lifted-consistant: \ preserves-un-sat \ (full \ (propo-rew-step \ elim-equiv))
by (simp \ add: \ elim-equiv-consistent)
```

This function ensures that there is no equivalencies left in the formula tested by no-equiv-symb.

```
fun no-equiv-symb :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where} no-equiv-symb (FEq - -) = False \mid no-equiv-symb - = True
```

Given the definition of *no-equiv-symb*, it does not depend on the formula, but only on the connective used.

```
lemma no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization[simp]:

fixes c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ l :: 'v \ propo \ list

assumes wf :: wf-conn \ c \ l

shows no-equiv-symb (conn c \ l) \longleftrightarrow c \neq CEq

by (metis connective.distinct(13,25,35,43) wf no-equiv-symb.elims(3) no-equiv-symb.simps(1)

wf-conn.cases \ wf-conn-list(6))
```

definition no-equiv where no-equiv = all-subformula-st no-equiv-symb

```
lemma no\text{-}equiv\text{-}eq[simp]:
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
shows
\neg no\text{-}equiv \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi)
no\text{-}equiv \ FT
no\text{-}equiv \ FF
using no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb.simps(1) all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}test\text{-}symb\text{-}true\text{-}phi} unfolding no\text{-}equiv\text{-}def by auto
```

The following lemma helps to reconstruct no-equiv expressions: this representation is easier to use than the set definition.

```
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-no-equiv[iff]: fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo shows no-equiv \ (FNot \ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no-equiv \ \varphi \land no-equiv \ \psi \land no-equiv \ \psi
```

A theorem to show the link between the rewrite relation *elim-equiv* and the function *no-equiv-symb*. This theorem is one of the assumption we need to characterize the transformation.

```
lemma no-equiv-elim-equiv-step:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv: \neg no-equiv \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elim\text{-}equiv \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x::'v. \ no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb \ FF \land no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb \ FT \land no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb \ (FVar \ x)
    unfolding no-equiv-def by auto
  moreover {
    fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
      assume a1: elim-equiv (conn c l) \psi
      have \bigwedge p pa. \neg elim-equiv (p::'v propo) pa \lor \neg no-equiv-symb p
        using elim-equiv.cases no-equiv-symb.simps(1) by blast
      hence elim-equiv (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no-equiv-symb (conn c l) using a1 by metis
  }
  moreover have H': \forall \psi. \neg elim\text{-}equiv FT \psi \forall \psi. \neg elim\text{-}equiv FF \psi \forall \psi x. \neg elim\text{-}equiv (FVar x) \psi
    using elim-equiv.cases by auto
  moreover have \bigwedge \varphi. \neg no-equiv-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim-equiv \varphi \psi
    by (case-tac \varphi, auto simp add: elim-equiv.simps)
  hence \bigwedge \varphi'. \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb \ \varphi' \Longrightarrow \ \exists \ \psi. elim\text{-}equiv \ \varphi' \ \psi \ by \ force
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists no-equiv test-symb-false-nullary unfolding no-equiv-def by blast
qed
Given all the previous theorem and the characterization, once we have rewritten everything,
there is no equivalence symbol any more.
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}equiv\text{-}full\text{-}propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step\text{-}elim\text{-}equiv\text{:}}
 full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-equiv-elim-equiv-step by blast
8.2
         Eliminate Implication
After that, we can eliminate the implication symbols.
inductive elim-imp :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
[simp]: elim-imp (FImp \varphi \psi) (FOr (FNot \varphi) \psi)
lemma elim-imp-transformation-consistent:
  A \models FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \longleftrightarrow A \models FOr \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ \psi
 by auto
lemma elim-imp-explicit: elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
lemma elim-imp-consistent: preserves-un-sat elim-imp
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: elim-imp-explicit)
lemma elim-imp-lifted-consistant:
  preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp))
  by (simp add: elim-imp-consistent)
```

```
\mathbf{fun}\ no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ \mathbf{where}
no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \ (FImp - -) = False \ |
no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb - = True
lemma no-imp-symb-conn-characterization:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow no-imp-symb (conn \ c \ l) \longleftrightarrow c \ne CImp
  by (induction rule: wf-conn-induct) auto
definition no-imp where no-imp \equiv all-subformula-st no-imp-symb
declare no\text{-}imp\text{-}def[simp]
lemma no\text{-}imp\text{-}Imp[simp]:
  \neg no\text{-}imp \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi)
  no-imp FT
  no-imp FF
  unfolding no-imp-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-imp[simp]:
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
shows
  no\text{-}imp\ (FNot\ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}imp\ \varphi
  \textit{no-imp} \ (\textit{FAnd} \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\textit{no-imp} \ \varphi \ \land \ \textit{no-imp} \ \psi)
  no\text{-}imp\ (FOr\ \varphi\ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}imp\ \varphi \land no\text{-}imp\ \psi)
  by auto
Invariant of the elim-imp transformation
lemma elim-imp-no-equiv:
  elim-imp \ \varphi \ \psi \implies no-equiv \ \varphi \implies no-equiv \ \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
lemma elim-imp-inv:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi
  and no-equiv \varphi
  shows no-equiv \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn of elim-imp no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi assms elim-imp-no-equiv
    no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}no\text{-}imp\text{-}elim\text{-}imp\text{-}step\text{-}exists\text{:}
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv: \neg no-imp \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elim-imp \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
 have test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. no-imp-symb FF \land no-imp-symb FT \land no-imp-symb (FVar\ (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
     fix c:: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \ l:: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \psi:: 'v \ propo
     have H: elim-imp (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no-imp-symb (conn c l)
       by (auto elim: elim-imp.cases)
  }
  moreover
    have H': \forall \psi. \neg elim-imp \ FT \ \psi \ \forall \psi. \neg elim-imp \ FF \ \psi \ \forall \psi \ x. \neg elim-imp \ (FVar \ x) \ \psi
      by (auto elim: elim-imp.cases)+
  moreover have \bigwedge \varphi. \neg no-imp-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim-imp \varphi \psi
```

```
apply (case-tac \varphi) using elim-imp.simps by force+
hence (\bigwedge \varphi'. \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no-imp-symb \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim-imp \varphi' \psi) by force
ultimately show ?thesis
using no-test-symb-step-exists no-equiv test-symb-false-nullary unfolding no-imp-def by blast
qed
```

lemma no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp: full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) $\varphi \psi \Longrightarrow$ no-imp ψ using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-no-imp-elim-imp-step-exists by blast

8.3 Eliminate all the True and False in the formula

Contrary to the book, we have to give the transformation and the "commutative" transformation. The latter is implicit in the book.

```
inductive elimTB where
ElimTB1: elimTB (FAnd \varphi FT) \varphi
ElimTB1': elimTB (FAnd FT \varphi) \varphi
Elim TB2: elim TB (FAnd \varphi FF) FF
ElimTB2': elimTB (FAnd FF \varphi) FF |
ElimTB3: elimTB (FOr \varphi FT) FT |
ElimTB3': elimTB (FOr FT \varphi) FT |
Elim TB4: elim TB (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi |
Elim TB4': elim TB (FOr FF \varphi) \varphi
ElimTB5: elimTB (FNot FT) FF |
ElimTB6: elimTB (FNot FF) FT
lemma elimTB-consistent: preserves-un-sat elimTB
proof -
           fix \varphi \psi:: 'b propo
           have elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi by (induct\text{-}tac \ rule: \ elimTB.inducts) auto
     thus ?thesis using preserves-un-sat-def by auto
qed
inductive no-T-F-symb :: 'v propo <math>\Rightarrow bool where
no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}comp: c \neq CF \Longrightarrow c \neq CT \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF)
     \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (conn \ c \ l)
lemma wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff[simp]:
     wf-conn c \ \psi s \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb (conn \ c \ \psi s) \longleftrightarrow (c \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CT \ \land \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CT \ \land \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CT \ \land \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CT \ \land \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CT \ \land \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CT \ \land \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CT \ \land \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CT \ \land \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CT \ \land \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CT \ \land \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CF \ \land \ c \neq CF \ \land \ \ c \neq CT \ \land \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CF \ \land \ \ c \neq CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \psi \neq FF \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \psi \Rightarrow CT \ \land \ \ (\forall \ \psi \in set \ \psi s. \ \ )
FT
      unfolding no-T-F-symb.simps apply (cases c)
                             using wf-conn-list(1) apply fastforce
                          using wf-conn-list(2) apply fastforce
                       using wf-conn-list(3) apply fastforce
                    apply (metis (no-types, hide-lams) conn-inj connective. distinct(5,17))
                  using conn-inj apply blast+
```

done

```
lemma wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff-explicit[simp]:
no-T-F-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
no-T-F-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
no-T-F-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
\textit{no-T-F-symb} \ (\textit{FImp} \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \, \chi \in \textit{set} \ [\varphi, \, \psi]. \ \chi \neq \textit{FF} \ \land \ \chi \neq \textit{FT})
     apply (metis conn.simps(36) conn.simps(37) conn.simps(5) propo.distinct(19)
       wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
    apply (metis\ conn.simps(36)\ conn.simps(37)\ conn.simps(6)\ propo.distinct(22)
      wf-conn-helper-facts(6) wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff}\ \mathbf{apply}\ \mathit{fastforce}
  by (metis\ conn.simps(36)\ conn.simps(37)\ conn.simps(7)\ propo.distinct(23)\ wf-conn-helper-facts(7)
    wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
lemma no-T-F-symb-false[simp]:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FT :: 'v \ propo)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FF :: 'v \ propo)
    by (metis\ (no-types)\ conn.simps(1,2)\ wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff\ wf-conn-nullary)+
lemma no-T-F-symb-bool[simp]:
  fixes x :: 'v
  shows no-T-F-symb (FVar x)
  using no-T-F-symb-comp wf-conn-nullary by (metis connective distinct (3, 15) conn. simps (3)
    empty-iff\ list.set(1))
lemma no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp:
  \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi) \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume n: \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb (FNot \varphi)
 assume \neg (\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF)
 hence \forall \varphi' \in set \ [\varphi]. \ \varphi' \neq FT \land \varphi' \neq FF \ by \ auto
  moreover have wf-conn CNot [\varphi] by simp
  ultimately have no-T-F-symb (FNot \varphi)
    using no-T-F-symb.intros by (metis conn.simps(4) connective.distinct(5,17))
  thus False using n by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-symb-fnot[simp]:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\ (FNot\ \varphi)\longleftrightarrow \neg(\varphi=FT\ \lor\ \varphi=FF)
  using no-T-F-symb simps no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp by (metis conn-inj-not(2) list set-intros(1))
Actually it is not possible to remover every FT and FF: if the formula is equal to true or false,
we can not remove it.
{\bf inductive}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\ {\bf where}
no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true[simp]: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FT \mid
no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false[simp]: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel\ FF
noTrue-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel[simp]: no-T-F-symb \varphi \implies no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bool[simp]:
 fixes x :: 'v
  shows no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar x)
```

```
by simp
```

```
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom:
  \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FNot }\varphi)
 by simp
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes \varphi \neq FT and \varphi \neq FF and \psi \neq FT and \psi \neq FF
 and c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
  shows no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c [\varphi, \psi])
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) assms c conn.simps(4) list.discI noTrue-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel
    wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff no-T-F-symb-fnot set-ConsD wf-conn-binary wf-conn-helper-facts(1)
    wf-conn-list-decomp(1,2))
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}if\text{-}is\text{-}a\text{-}true\text{-}false:}
  fixes l :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
 assumes corr: wf-conn c l
 and FT \in set \ l \lor FF \in set \ l
  shows \neg no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn \ c \ l)
  by (metis assms empty-iff no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.simps wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff set-empty
    wf-conn-list(1,2))
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-example[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes \varphi = FT \lor \psi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor \psi = FF
 shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FImp <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FEq \varphi \psi)
  using assms no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false unfolding binary-connectives-def
    by (metis\ (no-types)\ conn.simps(5-8)\ insert-iff\ list.simps(14-15)\ wf-conn-helper-facts(5-8))+
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-not[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FNot <math>\varphi)
  by (simp add: assms no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.simps)
This is the local extension of no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.
definition no-T-F-except-top-level where
no-T-F-except-top-level \equiv all-subformula-st no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel
This is another property we will use. While this version might seem to be the one we want to
prove, it is not since FT can not be reduced.
definition no-T-F where
no\text{-}T\text{-}F \equiv all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb
```

lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-false:

```
fixes l :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
  assumes wf-conn c l
  and FT \in set \ l \lor FF \in set \ l
  shows \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (conn c l)
  by (simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp assms no-T-F-except-top-level-def
    no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false)
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-false-example[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \lor \psi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor \psi = FF
  shows
     \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no-T-F-except-top-level (FOr \varphi \psi)
    \neg no-T-F-except-top-level (FEq \varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FImp <math>\varphi \psi)
  by (metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi assms no-T-F-except-top-level-def
    no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-example)+
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel } \varphi \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \varphi
  by (induct rule: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.induct, auto)
The two following lemmas give the precise link between the two definitions.
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{:}
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\ \varphi \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\ \varphi
  unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def no-T-F-def apply (induct \varphi)
  using no-T-F-symb-fnot by fastforce+
lemma no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \varphi
  unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def no-T-F-def
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma\ no-T-F-except-top-level\ FF\ no-T-F-except-top-level\ FT
  unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by auto
lemma no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level'[simp]:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\ \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT \lor no\text{-}T\text{-}F\ \varphi)
  apply auto
  \textbf{using} \ \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{\ }no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\text{-}}lowed
  by blast+
lemma no-T-F-bin-decomp[simp]:
  assumes c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
  shows no-T-F (conn\ c\ [\varphi,\psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F\ \varphi \land no-T-F\ \psi)
proof -
  have wf: wf\text{-}conn\ c\ [\varphi, \psi] using c by auto
  hence no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F-symb (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \land no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
    by (simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp no-T-F-def)
  thus no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
    \mathbf{using}\ c\ wf\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}decomp\ list.discI\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}def\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}bin\text{-}decom}
       no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) wf-conn-helper-facts(2,3)
```

```
wf-conn-list(1,2) by metis
qed
lemma no-T-F-bin-decomp-expanded[simp]:
    assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \lor c = CEq \lor c = CImp
   shows no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
    using no-T-F-bin-decomp assms unfolding binary-connectives-def by blast
lemma no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit[simp]:
    fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
    shows
        no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
        no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
        no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
        no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    using assms conn.simps(5-8) no-T-F-bin-decomp-expanded by (metis (no-types))+
lemma no-T-F-comp-not[simp]:
    fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
    shows no\text{-}T\text{-}F (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi
   \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} (3) \ \textit{all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi} \ \textit{no-T-F-def} \\ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} (3) \ \textit{all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi} \ \textit{no-T-F-def} \\ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi} \ \textit{no-T-F-def} \\ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi} \ \textit{no-T-F-def} \\ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} (3) \ \textit{all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi} \ \textit{no-T-F-def} \\ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} (3) \ \textit{all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi} \ \textit{no-T-F-def} \\ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} (3) \ \textit{all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi} \ \textit{no-T-F-def} \\ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} (3) \ \textit{all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi} \ \textit{no-T-F-def} \\ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} (3) \ \textit{all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} (3) \ \textit{all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} \\ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} (3) \ \textit{all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} (3) \ \textit{all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} \\ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} (3) \ \textit{all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} (3) \ \textit{all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit} \\ \textbf{by} 
        no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp)
lemma no-T-F-decomp:
    fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   assumes \varphi: no-T-F (FAnd \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FOr \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FEq \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FImp \varphi \psi)
   shows no-T-F \psi and no-T-F \varphi
    using assms by auto
lemma no-T-F-decomp-not:
   fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
   assumes \varphi: no-T-F (FNot \varphi)
   shows no-T-F \varphi
   using assms by auto
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists:
   fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
    assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
   shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel }\psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. \ elimTB \ \psi \ \psi'
proof (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
    case (nullary \varphi'(x))
   hence False using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false by auto
    thus ?case by blast
next
    case (unary \psi)
   hence \psi = FF \lor \psi = FT using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom by blast
    thus ?case using ElimTB5 ElimTB6 by blast
next
    case (binary \varphi' \psi 1 \psi 2)
   note IH1 = this(1) and IH2 = this(2) and \varphi' = this(3) and F\varphi = this(4) and n = this(5)
        assume \varphi' = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
        hence False using n F\varphi subformula-all-subformula-st assms by (metis (no-types) no-equiv-eq(1)
            no-equiv-def no-imp-Imp(1) no-imp-def)
```

```
hence ?case by blast
  moreover {
    assume \varphi': \varphi' = \mathit{FAnd} \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = \mathit{FOr} \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
    hence \psi 1 = FT \vee \psi 2 = FT \vee \psi 1 = FF \vee \psi 2 = FF
     using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom conn.simps(5,6) n unfolding binary-connectives-def
      by fastforce+
    hence ?case using elimTB.intros \varphi' by blast
 ultimately show ?case using \varphi' by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-rew:
 fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes noTB: \neg no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi and no-imp: no-imp
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elimTB \ \psi \ \psi'
  have test-symb-false-nullary: <math>\forall x. no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FF:: 'v propo)
    \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FT \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar (x::'v)) by auto
  moreover {
     fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
     have H: elimTB (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (conn c l)
       by (case-tac (conn c l) rule: elimTB.cases, auto)
  }
 moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     have H': no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level }FT no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level }FF
       no-T-F-except-top-level (FVar x)
       by (auto simp add: no-T-F-except-top-level-def test-symb-false-nullary)
  }
 moreover {
     fix \psi
     have \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel }\psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. elimTB \psi \psi'
       {\bf using} \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}step\text{-}exists} \ no\text{-}equiv \ no\text{-}imp \ {\bf by} \ auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists noTB unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by blast
qed
lemma elimTB-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step elim TB) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi
proof -
  {
     fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
     have H: elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \psi
       by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elimTB.induct, auto)
  thus no-equiv \psi
    using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elimTB no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi]
      no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization assms unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
next
```

```
{
     fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
     have H: elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elimTB.induct, auto)
  thus no-imp \psi
    using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elimTB no-imp-symb \varphi \psi] assms
      no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def by metis
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ elim TB-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and full (propo-rew-step elimTB) \varphi \psi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-T-F-except-top-level-rew assms elimTB-inv by fastforce
8.4
        PushNeg
Push the negation inside the formula, until the litteral.
inductive pushNeg where
PushNeg1[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi)) (FOr (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
PushNeg2[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FOr \varphi \psi)) (FAnd (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
PushNeg3[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FNot \varphi)) \varphi
\mathbf{lemma}\ push Neg-transformation\text{-}consistent:
A \models FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow A \models (FOr (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
A \models FNot (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow A \models (FAnd (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
A \models FNot (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow A \models \varphi
 by auto
lemma pushNeg-explicit: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
 by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
lemma pushNeg-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushNeg
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: pushNeg-explicit)
lemma pushNeg-lifted-consistant:
preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step pushNeg))
 by (simp add: pushNeg-consistent)
fun simple where
simple FT = True
simple FF = True \mid
simple (FVar -) = True \mid
simple - = False
lemma simple-decomp:
  simple \ \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor (\exists x. \ \varphi = FVar \ x))
 by (case-tac \varphi, auto)
{\bf lemma}\ subformula\mbox{-}conn\mbox{-}decomp\mbox{-}simple:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
```

```
assumes s: simple \ \psi
 shows \varphi \leq FNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ \psi \lor \varphi = \psi)
proof -
  have \varphi \leq conn \ CNot \ [\psi] \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ CNot \ [\psi] \lor (\exists \ \psi \in set \ [\psi]. \ \varphi \leq \psi))
    using subformula-conn-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(1) by metis
  thus \varphi \leq FNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ \psi \lor \varphi = \psi) using s by (auto simp add: simple-decomp)
qed
lemma subformula-conn-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo \ {\bf and} \ x :: 'v
  shows
    \varphi \leq FNot \ FT \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ FT \lor \varphi = FT)
    \varphi \preceq FNot \ FF \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ FF \lor \varphi = FF)
    \varphi \leq FNot \ (FVar \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ (FVar \ x) \lor \varphi = FVar \ x)
 by (auto simp add: subformula-conn-decomp-simple)
fun simple-not-symb where
simple-not-symb (FNot \varphi) = (simple \varphi)
simple-not-symb -= True
definition simple-not where
simple-not = all-subformula-st\ simple-not-symb
declare simple-not-def[simp]
lemma simple-not-Not[simp]:
  \neg simple-not (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi))
  \neg simple-not (FNot (FOr \varphi \psi))
 by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-not\text{-}step\text{-}exists:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
 shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb \ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi'. \ pushNeg \ \psi \ \psi'
 apply (induct \psi, auto)
 apply (case-tac \psi, auto intro: pushNeq.intros)
  by (metis\ assms(1,2)\ no-imp-Imp(1)\ no-equiv-eq(1)\ no-imp-def\ no-equiv-def
    subformula-in-subformula-not\ subformula-all-subformula-st)+
lemma simple-not-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes noTB: \neg simple-not \varphi and no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi and no-imp: no-imp \varphi
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi'. \psi \leq \varphi \land pushNeg \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have \forall x. simple-not-symb (FF:: 'v propo) \land simple-not-symb FT \land simple-not-symb (FVar (x:: 'v))
    by auto
 moreover {
     fix c:: 'v connective and l :: 'v propo list and \psi :: 'v propo
     have H: pushNeg (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb (conn c l)
       by (case-tac (conn c l) rule: pushNeg.cases, simp-all)
  moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     have H': simple-not\ FT\ simple-not\ FF\ simple-not\ (FVar\ x)
       by simp-all
```

```
}
  moreover {
     fix \psi :: 'v \ propo
     have \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. pushNeg \psi \psi'
       using simple-not-step-exists no-equiv no-imp by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis using no-test-symb-step-exists no TB unfolding simple-not-def by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg1:
  no-T-F-except-top-level (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi)) \Longrightarrow no-T-F-except-top-level (FOr (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
 using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb no-T-F-comp-not no-T-F-decomp(1)
    no-T-F-decomp(2) no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by (metis\ no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit(2)
      propo.distinct(5,17))
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg2:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FNot (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)) \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FAnd (FNot <math>\varphi)) (FNot \psi))
  by auto
lemma no-T-F-symb-pushNeg:
  no-T-F-symb (FOr (FNot \varphi') (FNot \psi'))
  no-T-F-symb (FAnd (FNot \varphi') (FNot \psi'))
  no-T-F-symb (FNot (FNot \varphi'))
 by auto
lemma propo-rew-step-pushNeq-no-T-F-symb:
  propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \psi
 apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 apply (cases rule: pushNeg.cases)
 {\bf apply} \ simp\text{-}all
 apply (metis\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}pushNeg(1))
 apply (metis no-T-F-symb-pushNeg(2))
 apply (simp, metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def)
proof -
  fix \varphi \varphi':: 'a propo and c:: 'a connective and \xi \xi':: 'a propo list
 assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \varphi'
  and IH: no-T-F \varphi \implies no-T-F-symb \varphi \implies no-T-F-symb \varphi'
 and wf: wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
  and n: conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi') = FF\ \lor\ conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi') = FT\ \lor\ no\ T\ F\ (conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi'))
 and x: c \neq CF \land c \neq CT \land \varphi \neq FF \land \varphi \neq FT \land (\forall \psi \in set \ \xi \cup set \ \xi'. \ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT)
  hence c \neq CF \land c \neq CF \land wf\text{-}conn\ c\ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    using wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-no-arity-change by metis
  moreover have n': no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) using n by (simp add: wf wf-conn-list(1,2))
  moreover
  {
    have no-T-F \varphi
      by (metis Un-iff all-subformula-st-decomp list.set-intros(1) n' wf no-T-F-def set-append)
    moreover hence no-T-F-symb \varphi
      by (simp add: all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def)
    ultimately have \varphi' \neq FF \land \varphi' \neq FT
      using IH no-T-F-symb-false(1) no-T-F-symb-false(2) by blast
    hence \forall \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT \ using \ x \ by \ auto
  ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by (simp add: x)
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F:
   propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
   case global-rel
   thus ?case
      \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis} \ (\textit{no-types}, \ \textit{lifting}) \ \textit{no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb-ex
          no-T-F-def no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg1 no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg2
          no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level \ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit (3) \ pushNeg. simps
          simple.simps(1,2,5,6))
next
   case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
   note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
   moreover have wf': wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')
      using wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf by metis
   ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) unfolding no-T-F-def
      apply(simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp wf wf')
      using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-symb-false(1) no-T-F-symb-false(2) by blast
qed
lemma pushNeg-inv:
   fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   assumes full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi \psi
   and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
   shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
      fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
      assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi
      and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
      hence no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
          proof -
              {
                 assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
                 from rel this have False
                    apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
                        using pushNeg.cases apply blast
                    using wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) by auto
                 hence no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
             }
             moreover {
                 assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
                 hence no-T-F \varphi by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
                 hence no-T-F \psi using propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F rel by auto
                 hence no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
             ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
          qed
   }
   moreover {
        fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
        assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \zeta \zeta'
        and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
        and corr: wf-conn c (\xi @ \zeta # \xi')
```

```
and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: pushNeg.cases, auto)
        by (metis assms(4) no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-not no-T-F-except-top-level-def
          all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi subformula-in-subformula-not
          subformula-all-subformula-st\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.\ distinct(1)
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change)+
      hence \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        by (metis corr no-T-F-symb-comp wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
    qed
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc[of pushNeg no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi] assms
     subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def full-unfold by metis
next
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeq.induct, auto)
  thus no-equiv \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of pushNeg no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi]
    no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization assms unfolding no-equiv-def full-unfold by metis
next
  {
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
  thus no-imp \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of pushNeg no-imp-symb \varphi \psi] assms
     no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def full-unfold by metis
qed
lemma pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi \psi and
    no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi
  shows simple-not \ \psi
  using assms full-propo-rew-step-subformula pushNeg-inv(1,2) simple-not-rew by blast
```

8.5 Push inside

```
inductive push-conn-inside :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool
  for c c':: 'v connective where
push-conn-inside-l[simp]: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  \implies push-conn-inside c c' (conn c [conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2], \psi])
         (conn \ c' \ [conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \psi], \ conn \ c \ [\varphi 2, \psi]])
push-conn-inside-r[simp]: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  \implies push-conn-inside c c' (conn c [\psi, conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]])
    (conn \ c' \ [conn \ c \ [\psi, \varphi 1], \ conn \ c \ [\psi, \varphi 2]])
lemma push-conn-inside-explicit: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
lemma push-conn-inside-consistent: preserves-un-sat (push-conn-inside c c')
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-explicit)
lemma propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside[simp]:
 \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FT \psi \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FF \psi
 proof -
  {
      fix \varphi \psi
      have push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT\ \lor \varphi = FF \Longrightarrow False
         by (induct rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
    \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi
    have propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF \Longrightarrow False
      apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct, auto simp\ add: wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2))
      using H by blast+
  }
  thus
     \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FT \psi
     \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FF \psi by blast+
qed
inductive not-c-in-c'-symb:: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for c c' where
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}l[simp]: wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \varphi'], \ \psi] \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \varphi']
  \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi,\ \varphi'],\ \psi])\ |
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}r[simp]: wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\psi, conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \varphi']] \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \varphi']
  \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ conn\ c'\ [\varphi,\ \varphi']])
abbreviation c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi \equiv \neg not-c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
lemma c-in-c'-symb-simp:
  not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \xi \Longrightarrow \xi = FF\ \lor\ \xi = FT\ \lor\ \xi = FVar\ x\ \lor\ \xi = FNot\ FF\ \lor\ \xi = FNot\ FT
    \lor \xi = FNot \ (FVar \ x) \Longrightarrow False
  apply (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct, auto simp add: wf-conn.simps wf-conn-list(1-3))
  using conn-inj-not(2) wf-conn-binary unfolding binary-connectives-def by fastforce+
lemma c-in-c'-symb-simp'[simp]:
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ FF
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ FT
```

```
\neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ x)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ FF)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ FT)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ (FVar\ x))
  using c-in-c'-symb-simp by metis+
definition c-in-c'-only where
c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c\ c' \equiv all\text{-subformula-st }(c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c')
lemma c-in-c'-only-simp[simp]:
  c-in-c'-only c c' FF
  c-in-c'-only c c' FT
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FVar x)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot FF)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot FT)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot (FVar x))
  unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
lemma not-c-in-c'-symb-commute:
  not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \xi \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn\ c\ [\varphi,\,\psi] \Longrightarrow \xi = conn\ c\ [\varphi,\,\psi]
    \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\,\varphi])
proof (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
  case (not-c-in-c'-symb-r \varphi' \varphi'' \psi') note H = this
  hence \psi: \psi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi'', \psi'] using conn-inj by auto
  have wf-conn c [conn c' [\varphi'', \psi'], \varphi]
    using H(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change length-Cons by metis
  thus not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
    unfolding \psi using not-c-in-c'-symb.intros(1) H by auto
next
  case (not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}l\ \varphi'\ \varphi''\ \psi') note H=this
  hence \varphi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi', \varphi''] using conn-inj by auto
  moreover have wf-conn c [\psi', conn c' [\varphi', \varphi'']]
    using H(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change length-Cons by metis
  ultimately show not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
    using not-c-in-c'-symb.intros(2) conn-inj not-c-in-c'-symb-l.hyps
      not-c-in-c'-symb-l.prems(1,2) by blast
qed
lemma not-c-in-c'-symb-commute':
  wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi] \implies c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
  using not-c-in-c'-symb-commute wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis length-Cons)
lemma not-c-in-c'-comm:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
  shows c-in-c'-only c c' (conn \ c \ [\varphi, \ \psi]) \longleftrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' (conn \ c \ [\psi, \ \varphi]) (\mathbf{is} \ ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof -
  have ?A \longleftrightarrow (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ (conn \ c \ [\varphi, \psi])
                \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\varphi, \psi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by fastforce
  also have ... \longleftrightarrow (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi])
                      \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\psi, \varphi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
    using not-c-in-c'-symb-commute' wf by auto
  also
    have wf-conn c [\psi, \varphi] using wf-conn-no-arity-change wf by (metis length-Cons)
```

```
hence (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi])
              \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\psi, \varphi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
            \longleftrightarrow ?B
      using all-subformula-st-decomp unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by fastforce
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma not-c-in-c'-simp[simp]:
  fixes \varphi 1 \varphi 2 \psi :: 'v \text{ propo and } x :: 'v
  shows
  c-in-c'-symb c c' FT
  c-in-c'-symb c c' FF
  c-in-c'-symb c c' (FVar x)
  wf-conn c [conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2], \psi] \Longrightarrow wf-conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
    \implies \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\ \varphi 2],\ \psi])
  apply (simp-all add: c-in-c'-only-def)
  using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi not-c-in-c'-symb-l by blast
lemma c-in-c'-symb-not[simp]:
  fixes c c' :: 'v connective and \psi :: 'v propo
  shows c-in-c'-symb c c' (FNot \psi)
proof -
  {
    fix \xi :: 'v propo
    have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (FNot \psi) \Longrightarrow False
      apply (induct FNot \psi rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
      using conn-inj-not(2) by blast+
 thus ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma c-in-c'-symb-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists\ \psi'.\ push\text{-conn-inside }c\ c'\ \psi\ \psi'
  apply (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  apply auto[2]
proof -
  fix \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
  assume IH\psi 1: \psi 1 \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow Ex\ (push-conn\text{-}inside\ c\ c'\ \psi 1)
  and IH\psi 2: \psi 1 \leq \varphi \implies \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ \psi 1 \implies Ex \ (push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi 1)
  and \varphi': \varphi' = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \lor \ \varphi' = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \lor \ \varphi' = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \lor \ \varphi' = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
  and in\varphi: \varphi' \preceq \varphi and n\theta: \neg c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \varphi'
  hence n: not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb \ c \ c' \ \varphi' by auto
    assume \varphi': \varphi' = conn \ c \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]
    obtain a b where \psi 1 = conn \ c' [a, b] \lor \psi 2 = conn \ c' [a, b]
      using n \varphi' apply (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
      using c by force+
    hence Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi')
      unfolding \varphi' apply auto
      using push-conn-inside.intros(1) c c' apply blast
      using push-conn-inside.intros(2) c c' by blast
  }
  moreover {
```

```
assume \varphi': \varphi' \neq conn \ c \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]
     have \forall \varphi \ c \ ca. \ \exists \varphi 1 \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \psi 1' \ \psi 2' \ \varphi 2'. \ conn \ (c::'v \ connective) \ [\varphi 1, \ conn \ ca \ [\psi 1, \ \psi 2]] = \varphi
               \lor conn \ c \ [conn \ ca \ [\psi 1', \psi 2'], \varphi 2'] = \varphi \lor c -in -c' -symb \ c \ ca \ \varphi
       by (metis not-c-in-c'-symb.cases)
     hence Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi')
       by (metis (no-types) c c' n push-conn-inside-l push-conn-inside-r)
  ultimately show Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi') by blast
qed
lemma c-in-c'-symb-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}only\ c\ c'\ \varphi
  and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x. \ c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ (FF:: 'v \ propo) \land c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ FT
      \land c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb}\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ (x::\ 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
    have H': c-in-c'-symb c c' FT c-in-c'-symb c c' FF c-in-c'-symb c c' (FVar x)
  }
  moreover {
    fix \psi :: 'v \ propo
    have \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg \ c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi'. \ push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi \ \psi'
      by (auto simp add: assms(2) c' c-in-c'-symb-step-exists)
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis using noTB no-test-symb-step-exists[of c-in-c'-symb c c']
    unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by metis
qed
lemma push-conn-insidec-in-c'-symb-no-T-F:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \psi
\mathbf{proof}\ (induct\ rule:\ propo-rew-step.induct)
  case (global-rel \varphi \psi)
  thus no-T-F \psi
    by (cases rule: push-conn-inside.cases, auto)
\mathbf{next}
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
  note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
  have no-T-F \varphi
    using wf no-T-F no-T-F-def subformula-into-subformula subformula-all-subformula-st
    subformula-refl by (metis (no-types) in-set-conv-decomp)
  hence \varphi': no-T-F \varphi' using IH by blast
  have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta by (metis wf no-T-F no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp)
  hence n: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \varphi' by auto hence n': \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \zeta \neq FF \land \zeta \neq FT
    using \varphi' by (metis\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}false(1)\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}false(2)\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}def
      all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi)
```

```
have wf': wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
   using wf wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
   \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
   assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
   hence False using wf by auto
   hence no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by blast
  }
 moreover {
   assume c: c = CNot
   hence \xi = [] \xi' = [] using wf by auto
   hence no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     using c by (metis \varphi' conn.simps(4) no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-symb-fnot no-T-F-def
       all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi self-append-conv2)
 }
 moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   hence no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using wf' n' no-T-F-symb.simps by fastforce
   hence no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-imp wf' n no-T-F-def)
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using connective-cases-arity by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv:
propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow simple \varphi \Longrightarrow simple \psi
 apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 apply (case-tac \varphi, auto simp add: push-conn-inside.simps)[1]
 by (metis append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1) simple.elims(2) wf-conn-list(1-3))
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-propo-rew-step-inv-push-conn-inside-simple-not:
 fixes c\ c' :: 'v connective and \varphi\ \psi :: 'v propo
 shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case (global-rel \varphi \psi)
  thus ?case by (case-tac \varphi, auto simp add: push-conn-inside.simps)
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' ca \xi \xi')
  thus ?case
   proof (case-tac ca rule: connective-cases-arity, auto)
     fix \varphi \varphi':: 'v propo and c:: 'v connective and \xi \xi':: 'v propo list
     assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
     assume simple \varphi
     thus simple \varphi' using rel simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv by blast
   next
     fix \varphi \varphi':: 'v propo and ca :: 'v connective and \xi \xi' :: 'v propo list
     assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
     and IH: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
     and wf: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
     and simple-not: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
     and ca: ca \in binary\text{-}connectives
     obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, b]
```

```
using wf ca list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length
       by (metis (no-types) wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
     have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). simple-not \zeta
       by (metis wf all-subformula-st-decomp simple-not simple-not-def)
     hence \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). simple-not \zeta  by (simp \ add: IH)
     moreover have simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using ca
       by (metis\ ab\ conn.simps(5-8)\ helper-fact\ simple-not-symb.simps(5)\ simple-not-symb.simps(6)
         simple-not-symb.simps(7) simple-not-symb.simps(8))
     ultimately show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
       by (simp add: ab all-subformula-st-decomp ca)
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-simple-not:
  fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
  shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
   \implies simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \implies simple-not-symb \varphi'
   \implies simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
  apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  \mathbf{apply} \; (metis \; (no\text{-}types, \; lifting) \; append\text{-}eq\text{-}append\text{-}conv2 \; append\text{-}self\text{-}conv \; conn.} simps(4)
    conn-inj-not(1) global-rel simple-not-symb.elims(3) simple-not-symb.simps(1)
    simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-no-arity-change
    wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
proof (case-tac c rule: connective-cases-arity, auto)
  fix \varphi \varphi':: 'v propo and ca:: 'v connective and \chi s \chi s':: 'v propo list
  assume simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi @ conn ca (\chi s @ \varphi # \chi s') # \xi'))
 and simple-not-symb (conn ca (\chi s @ \varphi' \# \chi s'))
 and corr: wf-conn c (\xi @ conn ca (\chi s @ \varphi \# \chi s') \# \xi')
  and c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
  have corr': wf-conn c (\xi @ conn ca (\chi s @ \varphi' \# \chi s') \# \xi')
   using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
  obtain a b where \xi @ conn ca (\chi s \otimes \varphi' \# \chi s') \# \xi' = [a, b]
   using corr' c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
  thus simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi @ conn ca (\chi s @ \varphi' \# \chi s') \# \xi'))
   using c unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
  fix \varphi \varphi':: 'v propo and ca:: 'v connective and \chi s \chi s':: 'v propo list
  assume corr-ca: wf-conn ca (\chi s @ \varphi \# \chi s')
 and simple-not: simple (conn ca (\chi s @ \varphi \# \chi s'))
  hence False
   proof (case-tac ca rule: connective-cases-arity)
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     assume simple (conn ca (\chi s @ \varphi \# \chi s')) and ca = CT \lor ca = CF \lor ca = CVar x
     hence \chi s @ \varphi \# \chi s' = [] using corr-ca by auto
     thus False by auto
   next
     assume simple: simple (conn ca (\chi s @ \varphi \# \chi s'))
     and ca: ca \in binary\text{-}connectives
     obtain a b where ab: \chi s @ \varphi \# \chi s' = [a, b]
       using corr-ca ca list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length
       by (metis append-assoc length-Cons length-append length-append-singleton)
     thus False using simple ca ab conn. simps(5,6,7,8) unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
     assume simple: simple (conn ca (\chi s @ \varphi \# \chi s'))
```

```
and ca: ca = CNot
     hence empty: \chi s = [] \chi s' = [] using corr-ca by auto
     thus False using simple ca conn.simps(4) by auto
   qed
  thus simple (conn ca (\chi s @ \varphi' \# \chi s')) by blast
qed
{f lemma}\ push-conn-inside-not-true-false:
  push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow \psi \neq FT\ \land\ \psi \neq FF
  by (induct rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
lemma push-conn-inside-inv:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c')) \varphi \psi
  and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
  shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
proof -
  {
    {
       fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
       have H: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
         \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \psi
         by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
     \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \psi
     apply (induct \varphi \psi rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
     using H apply simp
     proof (case-tac ca rule: connective-cases-arity)
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } c:: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi':: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x:: 'v
       assume wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
       hence \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [] by auto
       hence False by auto
       thus all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by blast
     next
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } ca:: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi':: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x :: 'v
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
       and \varphi-\varphi': all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
       and corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and n: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
       and c: ca = CNot
       have empty: \xi = [ ] \xi' = [ ] using c corr by auto
       hence simple-not:all-subformula-st\ simple-not-symb\ (FNot\ \varphi) using corr\ c\ n by auto
       hence simple \varphi
         using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi simple-not-symb.simps(1) by blast
       hence simple \varphi'
         using rel simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv by blast
       thus all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty
         by (metis simple-not \varphi-\varphi' append-Nil conn.simps(4) all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)
```

```
simple-not-symb.simps(1))
     next
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } ca :: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x :: 'v
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
       and n\varphi: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
       and corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and n: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
       and c: ca \in binary\text{-}connectives
       have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
         using n c corr all-subformula-st-decomp by fastforce
       hence \varphi': all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi' using n\varphi by blast
       obtain a b where ab: [a, b] = (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
         using corr c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
       hence \xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi'] \lor (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi') = [\varphi', b]
         using ab by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2
           append-is-Nil-conv butlast.simps(2) butlast-append list.sel(3) tl-append2)
       moreover
          \mathbf{fix} \ \chi :: \ 'v \ propo
          have wf': wf-conn ca [a, b]
            using ab corr by presburger
          have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca [a, b])
            using ab n by presburger
          hence all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \chi \vee \chi \notin set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
            using wf' by (metis (no-types) \varphi' all-subformula-st-decomp calculation insert-iff
              list.set(2)
       hence \forall \varphi. \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ simple-not-symb \ \varphi
           by (metis\ (no\text{-}types))
       moreover have simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
         using ab conn-inj-not(1) corr wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-no-arity-change
           not	ext{-}Cons	ext{-}self2 \ self	ext{-}append	ext{-}conv2 \ simple	ext{-}not	ext{-}symb.elims(3) \ \mathbf{by} \ (metis \ (no	ext{-}types) \ c
           calculation(1) wf-conn-binary)
       moreover have wf-conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi') using c calculation(1) by auto
       ultimately show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
         by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-imp)
     \mathbf{qed}
  }
  moreover {
    fix ca :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \varphi \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
    have propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
      \implies simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \implies simple-not-symb \varphi'
      \implies simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
      by (metis append-self-conv2 conn.simps(4) conn-inj-not(1) simple-not-symb.elims(3)
        simple-not-symb.simps(1) simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv
        wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  }
  ultimately show simple-not \ \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of push-conn-inside c c' simple-not-symb] assms
   unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def simple-not-def full-unfold by metis
\mathbf{next}
  {
```

```
fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level }\varphi
     \implies no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi
       and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
       hence no-T-F \varphi \vee \varphi = FF \vee \varphi = FT
         by (metis no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
       moreover {
         assume \varphi = FF \vee \varphi = FT
         hence False using rel propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside by blast
         hence no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       moreover {
         assume no-T-F \varphi \land \varphi \neq FF \land \varphi \neq FT
         hence no-T-F \psi using rel push-conn-insidec-in-c'-symb-no-T-F by blast
         hence no-T-F-except-top-level \psi using no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by blast
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
     qed
  }
  moreover {
    fix ca :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \varphi \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
    assume corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
    hence c: ca \neq CT \land ca \neq CF by auto
    assume no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have c: ca \neq CT \land ca \neq CF using corr by auto
      have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF
        using corr no-T-F no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false by blast
      hence \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF by auto
      from rel this have \varphi' \neq FT \land \varphi' \neq FF
        apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv conn.simps(2) conn-inj list.distinct(1)
          wf-conn-helper-facts(3) wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper push-conn-inside-not-true-false)+
      hence \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF \ using \ \zeta \ by \ auto
      moreover have wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
        using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using no-T-F-symb intros c by metis
    qed
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of push-conn-inside c c' no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel]
   assms unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def full-unfold by metis
next
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \implies no-equiv \varphi \implies no-equiv \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
  thus no-equiv \psi
```

```
no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
next
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \implies no\text{-imp}\ \varphi \implies no\text{-imp}\ \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
 thus no-imp \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of push-conn-inside c c' no-imp-symb] assms
   no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def by metis
qed
lemma push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c')) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
   simple-not \varphi and
   c = \mathit{CAnd} \lor c = \mathit{COr} and
   c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 shows c-in-c'-only c c' \psi
 using c-in-c'-symb-rew assms full-propo-rew-step-subformula by blast
          Only one type of connective in the formula (+ \text{ not})
inductive only-c-inside-symb :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for c:: 'v connective where
simple-only-c-inside[simp]: simple \varphi \implies only-c-inside-symb \ c \ \varphi
simple-cnot-only-c-inside[simp]: simple \varphi \implies only-c-inside-symb \ c \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ |
only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside: wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow only-c-inside-symb \ c \ (conn \ c \ l)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-simp[simp]:
  only-c-inside-symb c FF only-c-inside-symb c FT only-c-inside-symb c (FVar x) by auto
definition only-c-inside where only-c-inside c = all-subformula-st (only-c-inside-symb c)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-decomp:
  only-c-inside-symb c \psi \longleftrightarrow (simple \psi)
                              \vee (\exists \varphi'. \psi = FNot \varphi' \wedge simple \varphi')
                              \vee (\exists l. \ \psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l))
 by (auto simp add: only-c-inside-symb.intros(3)) (induct rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-decomp-not[simp]:
 fixes c :: 'v \ connective
 assumes c: c \neq CNot
 shows only-c-inside-symb c (FNot \psi) \longleftrightarrow simple \psi
 apply (auto simp add: only-c-inside-symb.intros(3))
 by (induct FNot \psi rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto simp add: wf-conn-list(8) c)
```

using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of push-conn-inside c c' no-equiv-symb] assms

lemma only-c-inside-decomp-not[simp]:

```
assumes c: c \neq CNot
  shows only-c-inside c (FNot \psi) \longleftrightarrow simple \psi
  by (metis\ (no-types,\ hide-lams)\ all-subformula-st-def\ all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi\ c
    only-c\text{-}inside\text{-}def\ only-c\text{-}inside\text{-}symb\text{-}decomp\text{-}not\ simple\text{-}only\text{-}c\text{-}inside
    subformula-conn-decomp-simple)
{\bf lemma}\ only\hbox{-} c\hbox{-} inside\hbox{-} decomp:
  only-c-inside c \varphi \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow (simple \ \psi \lor (\exists \ \varphi'. \ \psi = FNot \ \varphi' \land simple \ \varphi')
                    \vee (\exists l. \ \psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l)))
  unfolding only-c-inside-def by (auto simp add: all-subformula-st-def only-c-inside-symb-decomp)
lemma only-c-inside-c-c'-false:
  fixes c\ c':: 'v\ connective\ {\bf and}\ l:: 'v\ propo\ list\ {\bf and}\ \varphi:: 'v\ propo
 assumes cc': c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 and only: only-c-inside c \varphi and incl: conn c' l \preceq \varphi and wf: wf-conn c' l
proof -
  let ?\psi = conn \ c' \ l
 have simple ?\psi \lor (\exists \varphi'. ?\psi = FNot \varphi' \land simple \varphi') \lor (\exists l. ?\psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l)
    using only-c-inside-decomp only incl by blast
  moreover have \neg simple ?\psi
    using wf simple-decomp by (metis c' connective.distinct(19) connective.distinct(7,9,21,29,31)
      wf-conn-list(1-3)
  moreover
    {
      fix \varphi'
      have ?\psi \neq FNot \varphi' using c' conn-inj-not(1) wf by blast
  ultimately obtain l: 'v propo list where ?\psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l by metis
 hence c = c' using conn-inj wf by metis
  thus False using cc' by auto
qed
lemma only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-symb:
  assumes \delta: c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
  apply (rule ccontr)
 apply (cases rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.cases, auto)
  by (metis \delta c c' connective.distinct(37,39) list.distinct(1) only-c-inside-c-c'-false
    subformula-in-binary-conn(1,2) wf-conn.simps)+
\mathbf{lemma}\ c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}decomp\text{-}level1:
  fixes l :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c \ c' \ ca :: 'v \ connective
  shows wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca \neq c \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l)
proof -
 have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l) \Longrightarrow wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca = c
    by (induct conn ca l rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct, auto simp add: conn-inj)
  thus wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca \neq c \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l) by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-only:
 assumes \delta: c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
```

```
shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi
  unfolding c-in-c'-only-def all-subformula-st-def
  using only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-symb
   by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1) c c' only-c-inside-def subformula-trans)
lemma c-in-c'-symb-c-implies-only-c-inside:
 assumes \delta: c = CAnd \lor c = COr c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr c \neq c' and wf: wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
 and inv: no-equiv (conn c l) no-imp (conn c l) simple-not (conn c l)
 shows wf-conn c l \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c l) \Longrightarrow (\forall \psi \in set \ l. \ only-c-inside c \psi)
using inv
proof (induct conn c l arbitrary: l rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary x)
 thus ?case by (auto simp add: wf-conn-list assms)
next
 case (unary \varphi la)
 hence c = CNot \wedge la = [\varphi] by (metis (no-types) wf-conn-list(8))
 thus ?case using assms(2) assms(1) by blast
next
  case (binary \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
 note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and \varphi = this(3) and only = this(5) and wf = this(4)
   and no-equiv = this(6) and no-imp = this(7) and simple-not = this(8)
 hence l: l = [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] by (meson \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(4-7))
 let ?\varphi = conn \ c \ l
 obtain c1 l1 c2 l2 where \varphi 1: \varphi 1 = conn \ c1 \ l1 and wf \varphi 1: wf-conn c1 l1
   and \varphi 2: \varphi 2 = conn \ c2 \ l2 and wf \varphi 2: wf-conn c2 \ l2 using exists-c-conn by metis
 hence c-in-only\varphi1: c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c1 l1) and c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c2 l2)
   using only l unfolding c-in-c'-only-def using assms(1) by auto
 have inc\varphi 1: \varphi 1 \leq ?\varphi and inc\varphi 2: \varphi 2 \leq ?\varphi
   using \varphi 1 \varphi 2 \varphi local wf by (metric conn.simps(5-8) helper-fact subformula-in-binary-conn(1,2))+
 have c1-eq: c1 \neq CEq and c2-eq: c2 \neq CEq
   unfolding no-equiv-def using inc\varphi 1 inc\varphi 2 by (metis \varphi 1 \varphi 2 wf\varphi 1 wf\varphi 2 assms(1) no-equiv
     no-equiv-eq(1) no-equiv-symb.elims(3) no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization wf-conn-list(4,5)
     no-equiv-def subformula-all-subformula-st)+
 have c1-imp: c1 \neq CImp and c2-imp: c2 \neq CImp
   using no-imp by (metis \varphi 1 \varphi 2 all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-imp(2,3) assms(1)
     conn.simps(5,6) l no-imp-Imp(1) no-imp-symb.elims(3) no-imp-symb-conn-characterization
     wf\varphi 1 \ wf\varphi 2 \ all-subformula-st-decomp \ no-imp-symb-conn-characterization) +
 have c1c: c1 \neq c'
   proof
     assume c1c: c1 = c'
     then obtain \xi 1 \ \xi 2 where l1: l1 = [\xi 1, \xi 2]
       by (metis assms(2) connective. distinct(37,39) helper-fact wf\varphi 1 wf-conn. simps
         wf-conn-list-decomp(1-3))
     have c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [conn c' l1, \varphi 2]) using c1c l only \varphi 1 by auto
     moreover have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [conn c' l1, \varphi 2])
       using l1 \varphi1 c1c l local.wf not-c-in-c'-symb-l wf\varphi1 by blast
     ultimately show False using \varphi 1 c1c l l1 local.wf not-c-in-c'-simp(4) wf\varphi 1 by blast
  qed
  hence (\varphi 1 = conn \ c \ l1 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l1) \lor (\exists \psi 1. \ \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1) \lor simple \ \varphi 1
   by (metis \ \varphi 1 \ assms(1-3) \ c1-eq c1-imp simple.elims(3) \ wf \ \varphi 1 \ wf-conn-list(4) \ wf-conn-list(5-7))
 moreover {
   assume \varphi 1 = conn \ c \ l1 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l1
```

```
hence only-c-inside c \varphi 1
   by (metis IH\varphi 1 \varphi 1 all-subformula-st-decomp-imp inc\varphi 1 no-equiv no-equiv-def no-imp no-imp-def
     c-in-only\varphi1 only-c-inside-def only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside simple-not simple-not-def
     subformula-all-subformula-st)
}
moreover {
 assume \exists \psi 1. \ \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1
 then obtain \psi 1 where \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1 by metis
 hence only-c-inside c \varphi 1
   by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1) connective distinct (37,39) inc\varphi 1
     only-c-inside-decomp-not simple-not simple-not-def simple-not-symb.simps(1)
}
moreover {
 assume simple \varphi 1
 hence only-c-inside c \varphi 1
   by (metis\ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)\ assms(1)\ connective.distinct(37,39)
     only-c-inside-decomp-not only-c-inside-def)
ultimately have only-c-inside \varphi 1: only-c-inside \varphi \varphi 1 by metis
have c-in-only \varphi 2: c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c2 l2)
 using only l \varphi 2 wf \varphi 2 assms unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
have c2c: c2 \neq c'
 proof
   assume c2c: c2 = c'
   then obtain \xi 1 \ \xi 2 where l2: l2 = [\xi 1, \xi 2]
    by (metis assms(2) wf\varphi 2 wf-conn.simps connective.distinct(7,9,19,21,29,31,37,39))
   hence c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\varphi 1, conn c' l2])
     using c2c l only \varphi2 all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
   moreover have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [<math>\varphi 1, conn c' l2])
     using assms(1) c2c l2 not-c-in-c'-symb-r wf\varphi2 wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6) by metis
   ultimately show False by auto
hence (\varphi 2 = conn \ c \ l2 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l2) \lor (\exists \psi 2. \ \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2) \lor simple \ \varphi 2
 using c2-eq by (metis\ \varphi 2\ assms(1-3)\ c2-eq c2-imp simple.elims(3)\ wf \varphi 2\ wf-conn-list(4-7))
moreover {
 assume \varphi 2 = conn \ c \ l2 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l2
 hence only-c-inside c \varphi 2
   by (metis IH\varphi 2 \varphi 2 all-subformula-st-decomp inc\varphi 2 no-equiv no-equiv-def no-imp no-imp-def
     c-in-only\varphi 2 only-c-inside-def only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside simple-not simple-not-def
     subformula-all-subformula-st)
}
moreover {
 assume \exists \psi 2. \ \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2
 then obtain \psi 2 where \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2 by metis
 hence only-c-inside c \varphi 2
   by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1-3) connective.distinct(38,40) inc\varphi 2
     only\-c-inside\-decomp-not\ simple\-not\-def\ simple\-not\-symb.simps(1))
}
moreover {
 assume simple \varphi 2
 hence only-c-inside c \varphi 2
   by (metis\ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)\ assms(1)\ connective.distinct(37,39)
     only-c-inside-decomp-not only-c-inside-def)
}
```

```
ultimately have only-c-inside \varphi 2: only-c-inside \varphi \varphi 2 by metis
 show ?case using l only-c-inside\varphi 1 only-c-inside\varphi 2 by auto
qed
8.5.2
       Push Conjunction
definition pushConj where pushConj = push-conn-inside CAnd COr
lemma pushConj-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushConj
 unfolding pushConj-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-consistent)
definition and-in-or-symb where and-in-or-symb = c-in-c'-symb CAnd COr
definition and-in-or-only where
and-in-or-only = all-subformula-st (c-in-c'-symb CAnd COr)
lemma pushConj-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushConj) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
 using push-conn-inside-inv assms unfolding pushConj-def by metis+
lemma push Conj-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushConj)\ \varphi\ \psi\ {\bf and}
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
   simple-not \varphi
 shows and-in-or-only \psi
 using assms push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step
 unfolding pushConj-def and-in-or-only-def c-in-c'-only-def by (metis (no-types))
       Push Disjunction
8.5.3
definition pushDisj where pushDisj = push-conn-inside COr CAnd
lemma pushDisj-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushDisj
 unfolding pushDisj-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-consistent)
definition or-in-and-symb where or-in-and-symb = c-in-c'-symb COr CAnd
definition or-in-and-only where
or-in-and-only = all-subformula-st (c-in-c'-symb COr CAnd)
lemma not-or-in-and-only-or-and[simp]:
 \sim or-in-and-only (FOr (FAnd \psi 1 \ \psi 2) \ \varphi')
 unfolding or-in-and-only-def
 \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi}\ \mathit{conn.simps} (5-6)\ \mathit{not-c-in-c'-symb-l}
```

lemma pushDisj-inv:

wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-helper-facts(6))

```
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
 using push-conn-inside-inv assms unfolding pushDisj-def by metis+
lemma push Disj-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushDisj)\ \varphi\ \psi\ {\bf and}
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
   simple-not \varphi
 shows or-in-and-only \psi
 using assms push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step
 unfolding pushDisj-def or-in-and-only-def c-in-c'-only-def by (metis (no-types))
```

9 The full transformations

9.1 Abstract Property characterizing that only some connective are inside the others

9.1.1 Definition

```
The normal is a super group of groups
```

```
inductive grouped-by :: 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool for c where
simple-is-grouped[simp]: simple \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by c \varphi
simple-not-is-grouped[simp]: simple \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by \ c \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ |
connected-is-group[simp]: grouped-by c \varphi \implies grouped-by c \psi \implies wf-conn \ c \ [\varphi, \psi]
  \implies grouped-by c (conn c [\varphi, \psi])
lemma simple-clause[simp]:
  grouped-by c FT
  grouped-by c FF
  grouped-by c (FVar x)
  grouped-by c (FNot FT)
  grouped-by c (FNot FF)
  grouped-by c (FNot (FVar x))
  by simp+
lemma only-c-inside-symb-c-eq-c':
  \textit{only-c-inside-symb } c \; (\textit{conn} \; c' \; [\varphi 1, \, \varphi 2]) \Longrightarrow c' = \textit{CAnd} \; \lor \; c' = \textit{COr} \Longrightarrow \textit{wf-conn} \; c' \; [\varphi 1, \, \varphi 2]
    \implies c' = c
  by (induct conn c'[\varphi 1, \varphi 2] rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto simp add: conn-inj)
lemma only-c-inside-c-eq-c':
  only-c-inside c (conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]) \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr \Longrightarrow wf\text{-conn } c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \Longrightarrow c = c'
  unfolding only-c-inside-def all-subformula-st-def using only-c-inside-symb-c-eq-c' subformula-refl
  by blast
lemma only-c-inside-imp-grouped-by:
  assumes c: c \neq CNot and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by c \varphi (is ?O \varphi \Longrightarrow ?G \varphi)
```

```
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  thus ?G \varphi by auto
next
  case (unary \psi)
  thus ?G (FNot \psi) by (auto simp add: c)
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and \varphi = this(3) and only = this(4)
  have \varphi-conn: \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] and wf: wf-conn c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2]
      obtain c'' l'' where \varphi-c'': \varphi = conn \ c'' \ l'' and wf: wf-conn \ c'' \ l''
        using exists-c-conn by metis
      hence l'': l'' = [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] using \varphi by (metis \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(4-7))
      have only-c-inside-symb c (conn c'' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2])
        using only all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi
        unfolding only-c-inside-def \varphi-c'' l'' by metis
      hence c = c''
        by (metis \varphi \varphi-c" conn-inj conn-inj-not(2) l" list.distinct(1) list.inject wf
          only-c-inside-symb.cases simple.simps(5-8))
      thus \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] and wf-conn c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] using \varphi - c'' wf l'' by auto
  have grouped-by c \varphi 1 using wf IH \varphi 1 IH \varphi 2 \varphi-conn only \varphi unfolding only-c-inside-def by auto
  moreover have grouped-by c \varphi 2
    using wf \varphi IH\varphi1 IH\varphi2 \varphi-conn only unfolding only-c-inside-def by auto
  ultimately show ?G \varphi using \varphi-conn connected-is-group local.wf by blast
qed
lemma grouped-by-false:
  grouped-by c \ (conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \psi]) \Longrightarrow c \neq c' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \psi] \Longrightarrow False
 apply (induct conn c'[\varphi, \psi] rule: grouped-by.induct)
 apply (auto simp add: simple-decomp wf-conn-list, auto simp add: conn-inj)
  by (metis\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(3)\ wf-conn-list(8))+
Then the CNF form is a conjunction of clauses: every clause is in CNF form and two formulas
in CNF form can be related by an and.
inductive super-grouped-by: 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool for c c' where
grouped-is-super-grouped[simp]: grouped-by c \varphi \Longrightarrow super-grouped-by c c' \varphi
connected-is-super-group: super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \varphi \Longrightarrow super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \psi \Longrightarrow wf-conn c\ [\varphi,\ \psi]
  \implies super-grouped-by c c' (conn c' [\varphi, \psi])
lemma simple-cnf[simp]:
  super-grouped-by c c' FT
  super-grouped-by c c' FF
  super-grouped-by \ c \ c' \ (FVar \ x)
  super-grouped-by c c' (FNot FT)
  super-grouped-by \ c \ c' \ (FNot \ FF)
  super-grouped-by \ c \ c' \ (FNot \ (FVar \ x))
  by auto
lemma c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by:
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr and cc': c \neq c'
  shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi
```

```
\implies super-grouped-by c c' \varphi
   (is ?NE \varphi \implies ?NI \varphi \implies ?SN \varphi \implies ?C \varphi \implies ?S \varphi)
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  thus ?S \varphi by auto
next
  case (unary \varphi)
 hence simple-not-symb (FNot \varphi)
   using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding simple-not-def by blast
  hence \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF \vee (\exists x. \varphi = FVar x) by (case-tac \varphi, auto)
  thus ?S (FNot \varphi) by auto
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and no-equiv = this(4) and no-imp = this(5)
   and simpleN = this(6) and c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}only = this(7) and \varphi' = this(3)
   assume \varphi = FImp \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2 \lor \varphi = FEq \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2
   hence False using no-equiv no-imp by auto
   hence ?S \varphi by auto
  moreover {
   assume \varphi: \varphi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] \land wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2]
   have c-in-c'-only: c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi1 \wedge c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi2 \wedge c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
      using c-in-c'-only \varphi' unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
   have super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \varphi 1 using \varphi\ c' no-equiv no-imp simple N\ IH\ \varphi 1 c-in-c'-only by auto
   moreover have super-grouped-by c c' \varphi 2
      using \varphi c' no-equiv no-imp simpleN IH\varphi2 c-in-c'-only by auto
   ultimately have ?S \varphi
      using super-grouped-by.intros(2) \varphi by (metis c wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6))
  }
  moreover {
   assume \varphi: \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
   hence only-c-inside c \varphi 1 \wedge only-c-inside c \varphi 2
      using c-in-c'-symb-c-implies-only-c-inside c c' c-in-c'-only list.set-intros(1)
        wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6) no-equiv no-imp simpleN last-ConsL last-ConsR last-in-set
        list.distinct(1) by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) cc')
   hence only-c-inside c (conn c [\varphi 1, \varphi 2])
      unfolding only-c-inside-def using \varphi
      by (simp add: only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside all-subformula-st-decomp)
   hence grouped-by c \varphi using \varphi only-c-inside-imp-grouped-by c by blast
   hence ?S \varphi using super-grouped-by.intros(1) by metis
  }
 ultimately show ?S \varphi by (metis \varphi' c c' cc' conn.simps(5,6) wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6))
qed
9.2
        Conjunctive Normal Form
definition is-conj-with-TF where is-conj-with-TF == super-grouped-by COr CAnd
lemma or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj:
  shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow or-in-and-only \varphi \Longrightarrow is-conj-with-TF \varphi
  using c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def or-in-and-only-def c-in-c'-only-def
  by (simp add: c-in-c'-only-def c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by)
definition is-cnf where is-cnf \varphi == is-conj-with-TF \varphi \wedge no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
```

9.2.1 Full CNF transformation

The full CNF transformation consists simply in chaining all the transformation defined before.

```
definition cnf-rew where cnf-rew =
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim-imp))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim\ TB))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushDisj))
lemma cnf-rew-consistent: preserves-un-sat cnf-rew
 by (simp add: cnf-rew-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant elimTB-consistent
   preserves-un-sat-OO pushDisj-consistent pushNeq-lifted-consistant)
lemma cnf-rew-is-cnf: cnf-rew \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is-cnf \varphi'
 apply (unfold cnf-rew-def OO-def)
 apply auto
proof -
 \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \varphi Eq \ \varphi Imp \ \varphi TB \ \varphi Neg \ \varphi Disj :: \ 'v \ propo
 assume Eq. full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \varphi Eq
 hence no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi Eq using no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv by blast
 assume Imp: full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi Eq \varphi Imp
 hence no-imp: no-imp \varphiImp using no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp by blast
 have no-imp-inv: no-equiv \varphiImp using no-equiv Imp elim-imp-inv by blast
 assume TB: full (propo-rew-step elimTB) \varphiImp \varphiTB
 hence noTB: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi TB
   using no-imp-inv no-imp elimTB-full-propo-rew-step by blast
 have no TB-inv: no-equiv \varphi TB no-imp \varphi TB using elim TB-inv TB no-imp no-imp-inv by blast+
 assume Neg: full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi TB \varphi Neg
 hence noNeq: simple-not \varphi Neq
   using noTB-inv noTB pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step by blast
 have noNeg-inv: no-equiv \varphiNeg no-imp \varphiNeg no-T-F-except-top-level \varphiNeg
   using pushNeg-inv Neg noTB noTB-inv by blast+
 assume Disj: full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi Neg \varphi Disj
 hence no-Disj: or-in-and-only \varphiDisj
   using noNeg-inv noNeg pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step by blast
  have noDisj-inv: no-equiv \varphi Disj no-imp \varphi Disj no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi Disj
   simple-not \varphi Disj
  using pushDisj-inv Disj noNeg noNeg-inv by blast+
 moreover have is-conj-with-TF \varphi Disj
   using or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj noDisj-inv no-Disj by blast
  ultimately show is-cnf \varphi Disj unfolding is-cnf-def by blast
qed
```

9.3 Disjunctive Normal Form

definition is-disj-with-TF where is-disj-with-TF \equiv super-grouped-by CAnd COr

lemma and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj:

```
shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow and-in-or-only \varphi \Longrightarrow is-disj-with-TF \varphi using c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by unfolding is-disj-with-TF-def and-in-or-only-def c-in-c'-only-def by (simp add: c-in-c'-only-def c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by)

definition is-dnf :: 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where is-dnf \varphi \longleftrightarrow is-disj-with-TF \varphi \land no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
```

9.3.1 Full DNF transform

The full DNF transformation consists simply in chaining all the transformation defined before.

```
definition dnf-rew where dnf-rew \equiv
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim-imp))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim\ TB))\ OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushNeg)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushConj))
lemma dnf-rew-consistent: preserves-un-sat dnf-rew
  \mathbf{by} \ (simp \ add: \ dnf-rew-def \ elim Equv-lifted-consistant \ elim-imp-lifted-consistant \ elim TB-consistent 
   preserves-un-sat-OO pushConj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
theorem dnf-transformation-correction:
   dnf-rew \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is-dnf \varphi'
  apply (unfold dnf-rew-def OO-def)
  by (meson and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj elimTB-full-propo-rew-step elimTB-inv(1,2)
   elim-imp-inv is-dnf-def no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv
   no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp\ pushConj-full-propo-rew-step\ pushConj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step\ pushNeg-inv(1-3))
```

10 More aggressive simplifications: Removing true and false at the beginning

10.1 Transformation

We should remove FT and FF at the beginning and not in the middle of the algorithm. To do this, we have to use more rules (one for each connective):

```
inductive elimTBFull1 (where ElimTBFull1 [simp]: elimTBFull1 (FAnd \varphi FT) \varphi \mid ElimTBFull1'[simp]: elimTBFull1 (FAnd FT \varphi) \varphi \mid ElimTBFull2'[simp]: elimTBFull1 (FAnd \varphi FF) FF \mid ElimTBFull2'[simp]: elimTBFull1 (FAnd FF \varphi) FF \mid ElimTBFull3'[simp]: elimTBFull1 (FOr \varphi FT) FT \mid ElimTBFull3'[simp]: elimTBFull1 (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi \mid ElimTBFull4'[simp]: elimTBFull1 (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi \mid ElimTBFull4'[simp]: elimTBFull1 (FOr FF \varphi) \varphi \mid ElimTBFull5'[simp]: elimTBFull1 (FNot FT) FF \mid ElimTBFull5'[simp]: elimTBFull1 (FNot FF) FT \mid ElimTBFull5'[simp]: elimTBFull1 (simp) elimTBFull2 (simp) elimTBFull3 elimTBFull3
```

```
Elim TBFull 6-l[simp]: elim TBFull (FImp FT \varphi) \varphi
ElimTBFull6-l'[simp]: elimTBFull~(FImp~FF~\varphi)~FT
ElimTBFull6-r[simp]: elimTBFull\ (FImp\ \varphi\ FT)\ FT
ElimTBFull6-r'[simp]: elimTBFull (FImp \varphi FF) (FNot \varphi)
ElimTBFull?-l[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq FT <math>\varphi) \varphi
ElimTBFull7-l'[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq FF \varphi) (FNot \varphi)
ElimTBFull7-r[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq \varphi FT) \varphi |
ElimTBFull?-r'[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq \varphi FF) (FNot \varphi)
The transformation is still consistent.
lemma elimTBFull-consistent: preserves-un-sat elimTBFull
proof -
    fix \varphi \psi:: 'b propo
    have elimTBFull \ \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
      by (induct-tac rule: elimTBFull.inducts, auto)
  thus ?thesis using preserves-un-sat-def by auto
qed
Contrary to the theorem [no\text{-}equiv ?\varphi; no\text{-}imp ?\varphi; ?\psi \preceq ?\varphi; \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel]
\{\psi\} \implies \exists \psi'. \ elim TB \ \forall \psi', \ \text{we do not need the assumption } no\text{-}equiv \ \varphi \ \text{and } no\text{-}imp \ \varphi, \ \text{since} \ 
our transformation is more general.
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}step\text{-}exists'\text{:}}
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel } \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. \ elimTBFull \ \psi \ \psi'
proof (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi')
  hence False using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false by auto
  thus Ex (elimTBFull \varphi') by blast
next
  case (unary \psi)
  hence \psi = FF \lor \psi = FT using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom by blast
  thus Ex\ (elimTBFull\ (FNot\ \psi)) using ElimTBFull5\ ElimTBFull5' by blast
  case (binary \varphi' \psi 1 \psi 2)
  hence \psi 1 = FT \vee \psi 2 = FT \vee \psi 1 = FF \vee \psi 2 = FF
    by (metis binary-connectives-def conn.simps(5-8) insertI1 insert-commute
      no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom binary.hyps(3))
  thus Ex (elimTBFull \varphi') using elimTBFull.intros binary.hyps(3) by blast
qed
The same applies here. We do not need the assumption, but the deep link between \neg no-T-F-except-top-level
\varphi and the existence of a rewriting step, still exists.
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\text{-}rew'\text{:}
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elimTBFull \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x. \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FF:: 'v \ propo)} \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel FT
      \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FVar (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
```

```
fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo have H: elimTBFull (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (conn c l)} by (case-tac (conn c l) rule: elimTBFull.cases, simp-all) } ultimately show ?thesis using no-test-symb-step-exists[of no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi elimTBFull] noTB no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists' unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis qed
```

```
lemma elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step:
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v propo
assumes full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull) \varphi \psi
shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-T-F-except-top-level-rew' assms by fastforce
```

10.2 More invariants

As the aim is to use the transformation as the first transformation, we have to show some more invariants for *elim-equiv* and *elim-imp*. For the other transformation, we have already proven it

```
lemma propo-rew-step-ElimEquiv-no-T-F: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  fix \varphi' :: 'v \ propo \ and \ \psi' :: 'v \ propo
 assume a1: no-T-F \varphi'
  assume a2: elim-equiv \varphi' \psi'
  have \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\neg \ elim-equiv \ (x1 :: 'v \ propo) \ x0 \ \lor \ (\exists \ v2 \ v3 \ v4 \ v5 \ v6 \ v7. \ x1 = FEq \ v2 \ v3
    \wedge x0 = FAnd (FImp \ v4 \ v5) (FImp \ v6 \ v7) \wedge v2 = v4 \wedge v4 = v7 \wedge v3 = v5 \wedge v3 = v6)
      = (\neg elim\text{-}equiv x1 x0 \lor (\exists v2 v3 v4 v5 v6 v7. x1 = FEq v2 v3)
     \wedge x0 = FAnd \ (FImp \ v4 \ v5) \ (FImp \ v6 \ v7) \wedge v2 = v4 \wedge v4 = v7 \wedge v3 = v5 \wedge v3 = v6)) 
    by meson
  hence \forall p \ pa. \ \neg \ elim-equiv \ (p :: 'v \ propo) \ pa \lor (\exists \ pb \ pc \ pd \ pe \ pf \ pg. \ p = FEq \ pb \ pc
    \land pa = FAnd \ (FImp \ pd \ pe) \ (FImp \ pf \ pg) \ \land \ pb = pd \ \land \ pd = pg \ \land \ pc = pe \ \land \ pc = pf)
    \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{elim-equiv.cases}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{force}
  thus no-T-F \psi' using a1 a2 by fastforce
next
  fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
 assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \varphi'
  and IH: no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi'
  and corr: wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
  and no-T-F: no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    assume c: c = CNot
    hence empty: \xi = [ ] \xi' = [ ] using corr by auto
    hence no-T-F \varphi using no-T-F c no-T-F-decomp-not by auto
    hence no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty no-T-F-comp-not IH by auto
  moreover {
    assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
    obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [a, b]
      using corr c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
    hence \varphi: \varphi = a \lor \varphi = b
      by (metis\ append.simps(1)\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(3)\ nth-Cons-0
        tl-append2)
```

```
have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta
     using no-T-F unfolding no-T-F-def using corr all-subformula-st-decomp by blast
   hence \varphi': no-T-F \varphi' using ab IH \varphi by auto
   have l': \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [\varphi', b] \lor \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi']
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) ab append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2 butlast.simps(2)
        butlast-append list.distinct(1) list.sel(3))
   hence \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \zeta \varphi' ab by fastforce
   moreover
     have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF
       using \zeta corr no-T-F no-T-F-except-top-level-false no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by blast
     hence no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
       by (metis \varphi' l' ab all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c list.distinct(1)
         list.set-intros(1,2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom
         no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-def wf-conn-binary
         wf-conn-list(1,2))
   ultimately have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     by (metis\ l'\ all-subformula-st-decomp-imp\ c\ no-T-F-def\ wf-conn-binary)
 \mathbf{moreover}\ \{
    \mathbf{fix} \ x
    assume c = CVar \ x \lor c = CF \lor c = CT
    hence False using corr by auto
    hence no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by auto
  }
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using corr wf-conn.cases by metis
qed
lemma elim-equiv-inv':
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except-top-level }\varphi
     \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \ \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi
       and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
       {
         assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
         from rel this have False
           apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct, auto simp add: wf-conn-list(1,2))
           using elim-equiv.simps by blast+
         hence no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       }
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         hence no-T-F \varphi by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
         hence no-T-F \psi using propo-rew-step-ElimEquiv-no-T-F rel by blast
         hence no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
     qed
```

```
}
 moreover {
    fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \zeta \zeta'
    and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
    and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
    and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F
        by blast
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: elim-equiv.cases, auto simp add: elim-equiv.simps)
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)+
      hence \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        by (metis corr wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper no-T-F-symb-comp)
    \mathbf{qed}
  }
 ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc of elim-equiv no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
     assms subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-ElimImp-no-T-F: propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \ \psi \implies no-T-F \varphi \implies no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case (global\text{-}rel\ \varphi'\ \psi')
 thus no-T-F \psi'
   using elim-imp. cases no-T-F-comp-not no-T-F-decomp(1,2)
   by (metis\ no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit(2))
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
 note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and corr = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
  {
   assume c: c = CNot
   hence empty: \xi = [\xi' = [using corr by auto
   hence no-T-F \varphi using no-T-F c no-T-F-decomp-not by auto
   hence no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty no-T-F-comp-not IH by auto
  }
  moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   then obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [a, b]
     using corr list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
   hence \varphi: \varphi = a \lor \varphi = b
     by (metis append-self-conv2 wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-unary list.discI list.sel(3)
       nth-Cons-0 tl-append2)
   have \zeta \colon \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using ab c propo-rew-one-step-lift.prems by auto
```

```
hence \varphi': no-T-F \varphi'
     using ab IH \varphi corr no-T-F no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit by auto
   have \chi: \xi @ \varphi' # \xi' = [\varphi', b] \lor \xi @ \varphi' # \xi' = [a, \varphi']
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) ab append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2 butlast.simps(2)
        butlast-append list.distinct(1) list.sel(3))
   hence \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \zeta \varphi' ab by fastforce
   moreover
     have no-T-F (last (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by (simp add: calculation)
     hence no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
       by (metis \chi \varphi' \zeta ab all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c last.simps list.distinct(1)
         list.set-intros(1) no-T-F-bin-decomp no-T-F-def)
   ultimately have no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using c \chi by fastforce
  moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ x
   assume c = CVar \ x \lor c = CF \lor c = CT
   hence False using corr by auto
   hence no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by auto
  ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using corr wf-conn.cases by blast
qed
lemma elim-imp-inv':
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
  {
     \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
     have H: elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
       by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi
       and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
        {
         assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
         from rel this have False
           apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
           by (cases rule: elim-imp.cases, auto simp add: wf-conn-list(1,2))
         hence no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
        }
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         hence no-T-F \varphi by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
         hence no-T-F \psi using rel propo-rew-step-ElimImp-no-T-F by blast
         hence no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
     qed
```

```
}
 moreover {
    fix c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-imp \zeta \zeta'
    and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
    and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
    and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        by (simp add: corr\ no-T-F\ no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb wf-conn-list(1,2))
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: elim-imp.cases, auto)
        using wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper
        by (metis\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1))+
      hence \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change no-T-F-symb-comp
        by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
    qed
 }
 ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc of elim-imp no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
    assms subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
         The new CNF and DNF transformation
```

10.3

The transformation is the same as before, but the order is not the same.

```
definition dnf\text{-}rew':: 'a propo \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where dnf\text{-}rew' \equiv
  (full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull)) OO
 (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
 (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushNeq)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushConj))
lemma dnf-rew'-consistent: preserves-un-sat dnf-rew'
  by (simp\ add:\ dnf-rew'-def\ elimEquv-lifted-consistant\ elim-imp-lifted-consistant
   elimTBFull-consistent preserves-un-sat-OO pushConj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
{\bf theorem}\ \textit{cnf-transformation-correction}:
   dnf-rew' \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is-dnf \varphi'
  unfolding dnf-rew'-def OO-def
 by (meson and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step elim-equiv-inv'
   elim-imp-inv elim-imp-inv' is-dnf-def no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv
   no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp\ push Conj-full-propo-rew-step\ push Conj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeq-full-propo-rew-step\ pushNeq-inv(1-3))
```

Given all the lemmas before the CNF transformation is easy to prove:

```
definition cnf\text{-}rew' :: 'a propo \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where cnf\text{-}rew' \equiv
  (full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
 (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushNeg)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushDisj))
lemma cnf-rew'-consistent: preserves-un-sat cnf-rew'
  by (simp add: cnf-rew'-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant
   elim TBFull-consistent preserves-un-sat-OO pushDisj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
theorem cnf'-transformation-correction:
  cnf\text{-}rew' \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}cnf \varphi'
 unfolding cnf-rew'-def OO-def
 by (meson elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step elim-equiv-inv' elim-imp-inv elim-imp-inv' is-cnf-def
   no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp
   or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj\ push Disj-full-propo-rew-step\ push Disj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step\ pushNeg-inv(1)\ pushNeg-inv(2)\ pushNeg-inv(3))
end
11
       Partial Clausal Logic
theory Partial-Clausal-Logic
imports ../lib/Clausal-Logic List-More
begin
11.1
         Clauses
Clauses are (finite) multisets of literals.
type-synonym 'a clause = 'a literal multiset
type-synonym 'v clauses = 'v clause set
11.2
        Partial Interpretations
type-synonym 'a interp = 'a literal set
definition true-lit :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool (infix \models l \ 50) where
 I \models l \ L \longleftrightarrow L \in I
declare true-lit-def[simp]
11.2.1 Consistency
definition consistent-interp :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow bool where
consistent-interp I = (\forall L. \neg (L \in I \land -L \in I))
lemma consistent-interp-empty[simp]:
  consistent-interp {} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-single[simp]:
  consistent-interp \{L\} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-subset:
 assumes A \subseteq B
```

```
and consistent-interp B
  shows consistent-interp A
  using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-change-insert:
  a \notin A \Longrightarrow -a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent\text{-interp (insert } (-a) \ A) \longleftrightarrow consistent\text{-interp (insert } a \ A)
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by fastforce
lemma consistent-interp-insert-pos[simp]:
  a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp\ (insert\ a\ A) \longleftrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp\ A \land -a \notin A
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-insert-not-in:
  consistent-interp A \Longrightarrow a \notin A \Longrightarrow -a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent-interp (insert a A)
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
11.2.2
            Atoms
definition atms-of-m :: 'a literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'a set where
atms-of-m \psi s = \bigcup (atms-of '\psi s)
\mathbf{lemma}\ atms\text{-}of\text{-}multiset[simp]\text{:}\ atms\text{-}of\ (mset\ a) = atm\text{-}of\ ``set\ a
 by (induct a) auto
lemma atms-of-m-mset-unfold:
  atms-of-m (mset 'b) = (\bigcup x \in b. atm-of 'set x)
  unfolding atms-of-m-def by simp
definition atms-of-s :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a set where
  atms-of-s C = atm-of ' C
lemma atms-of-m-emtpy-set[simp]:
  atms-of-m \{\} = \{\}
  unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
lemma atms-of-m-memtpy[simp]:
  atms-of-m \{\{\#\}\} = \{\}
  unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
lemma atms-of-m-mono:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ B
 unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
lemma atms-of-m-finite[simp]:
 finite \psi s \Longrightarrow finite (atms-of-m \ \psi s)
 unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
lemma atms-of-m-union[simp]:
  atms-of-m \ (\psi s \cup \chi s) = atms-of-m \ \psi s \cup atms-of-m \ \chi s
  unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
lemma atms-of-m-insert[simp]:
  atms-of-m (insert \psi s \chi s) = atms-of \psi s \cup atms-of-m \chi s
  unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
lemma atms-of-m-plus[simp]:
```

```
fixes CD:: 'a literal multiset
 shows atms-of-m \{C + D\} = atms-of-m \{C\} \cup atms-of-m \{D\}
  unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
lemma atms-of-m-singleton[simp]: atms-of-m {L} = atms-of L
  unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
lemma atms-of-atms-of-m-mono[simp]:
  A \in \psi \Longrightarrow atms\text{-}of \ A \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ \psi
 unfolding atms-of-m-def by fastforce
lemma atms-of-m-single-set-mset-atns-of [simp]:
  atms-of-m (single 'set-mset B) = atms-of B
 unfolding atms-of-m-def atms-of-def by auto
lemma atms-of-m-remove-incl:
 shows atms-of-m (Set.remove a \psi) \subseteq atms-of-m \psi
 unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
{\bf lemma}\ atms-of\text{-}m\text{-}remove\text{-}subset:
  atms-of-m (\varphi - \psi) \subseteq atms-of-m \varphi
 unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
lemma finite-atms-of-m-remove-subset[simp]:
 finite (atms-of-m A) \Longrightarrow finite (atms-of-m (A - C))
 using atms-of-m-remove-subset[of A C] finite-subset by blast
lemma atms-of-m-empty-iff:
  atms-of-m \ A = \{\} \longleftrightarrow A = \{\{\#\}\} \lor A = \{\}\}
 apply (rule iffI)
  apply (metis (no-types, lifting) atms-empty-iff-empty atms-of-atms-of-m-mono insert-absorb
   singleton-iff\ singleton-insert-inj-eq'\ subset I\ subset-empty)
 apply auto
 done
lemma in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-m:
 assumes L \in \# C and C \in N
 shows atm-of L \in atms-of-m N
 using atms-of-atms-of-m-mono[of C N] assms by (simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of subset-iff)
lemma in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-m:
 assumes C + \{\#L\#\} \in N
 shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ N
 using in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-m[of C + \{\#L\#\}] assms by auto
lemma in-m-in-literals:
 assumes \{\#A\#\} + D \in \psi s
 shows atm\text{-}of A \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ \psi s
 using assms by (auto dest: atms-of-atms-of-m-mono)
lemma atms-of-s-union[simp]:
  atms-of-s (Ia \cup Ib) = atms-of-s Ia \cup atms-of-s Ib
 unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
```

```
lemma atms-of-s-single[simp]:
  atms-of-s \{L\} = \{atm-of L\}
  unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma atms-of-s-insert[simp]:
  atms-of-s (insert L Ib) = {atm-of L} \cup atms-of-s Ib
  unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma in-atms-of-s-decomp[iff]:
  P \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}s \ I \longleftrightarrow (Pos \ P \in I \lor Neg \ P \in I) \ (\mathbf{is} \ ?P \longleftrightarrow ?Q)
proof
  assume ?P
 \textbf{then show } \textit{?Q unfolding } \textit{atms-of-s-def } \textbf{by } \textit{(metis image-iff literal.exhaust-sel)}
 assume ?Q
 then show ?P unfolding atms-of-s-def by force
lemma atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus:
  atm\text{-}of\ L'\in atm\text{-}of\ `B\Longrightarrow L'\in B\lor-L'\in B
  using atms-of-s-def by (cases L') fastforce+
11.2.3
            Totality
definition total-over-set :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow bool where
total-over-set I S = (\forall l \in S. Pos l \in I \lor Neg l \in I)
definition total-over-m :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
total-over-m \ I \ \psi s = total-over-set I \ (atms-of-m \ \psi s)
lemma total-over-set-empty[simp]:
  total-over-set I \{\}
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-empty[simp]:
  total-over-m \ I \ \{\}
  unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-single[iff]:
  total-over-set I \{L\} \longleftrightarrow (Pos \ L \in I \lor Neg \ L \in I)
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ total\text{-}over\text{-}set\text{-}insert[iff]\text{:}
  total-over-set I (insert L Ls) \longleftrightarrow ((Pos\ L \in I \lor Neg\ L \in I) \land total-over-set I Ls)
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-union[iff]:
  total-over-set I (Ls \cup Ls') \longleftrightarrow (total-over-set I Ls \wedge total-over-set I Ls')
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ B \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ A
  using atms-of-m-mono[of A] unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-sum[iff]:
  shows total-over-m I \{C + D\} \longleftrightarrow (total-over-m \ I \{C\} \land total-over-m \ I \{D\})
```

```
lemma total-over-m-union[iff]:
  total-over-m\ I\ (A\cup B)\longleftrightarrow (total-over-m\ I\ A\wedge total-over-m\ I\ B)
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-insert[iff]:
  total-over-m\ I\ (insert\ a\ A) \longleftrightarrow (total-over-set I\ (atms-of a) \land total-over-m\ I\ A)
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
lemma total-over-m-extension:
  fixes I :: 'v \ literal \ set \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes total: total-over-m I A
 shows \exists I'. total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup B)
    \land (\forall x \in I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A)
proof -
 let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of-m \ B \land v \notin atms-of-m \ A\}
 have (\forall x \in ?I'. atm\text{-}of x \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}m \ B \land atm\text{-}of x \notin atm\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A) by auto
  moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') (A \cup B)
    using total unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
{f lemma}\ total\mbox{-}over\mbox{-}m\mbox{-}consistent\mbox{-}extension:
  fixes I :: 'v \ literal \ set \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes total: total-over-m I A
 and cons: consistent-interp I
 shows \exists I'. total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup B)
    \land (\forall x \in I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A) \land consistent\text{-}interp \ (I \cup I')
proof -
 let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of-m \ B \land v \notin atms-of-m \ A \land Pos \ v \notin I \land Neg \ v \notin I\}
 have (\forall x \in ?I'. atm\text{-}of x \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}m \ B \land atm\text{-}of x \notin atm\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A) by auto
 moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') (A \cup B)
    using total unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
 moreover have consistent-interp (I \cup ?I')
    using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by (intro allI) (case-tac L, auto)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma total-over-set-atms-of[simp]:
  total-over-set Ia (atms-of-s Ia)
  unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by (metis image-iff literal.exhaust-sel)
lemma total-over-set-literal-defined:
  assumes \{\#A\#\} + D \in \psi s
  and total-over-set I (atms-of-m \psi s)
 shows A \in I \vee -A \in I
  using assms unfolding total-over-set-def by (metis (no-types) Neg-atm-of-iff in-m-in-literals
    literal.collapse(1) uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
lemma tot-over-m-remove:
  assumes total-over-m (I \cup \{L\}) \{\psi\}
 and L: \neg L \in \# \psi - L \notin \# \psi
 shows total-over-m I \{\psi\}
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
```

using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto

```
proof
  \mathbf{fix} l
 assume l: l \in atms-of-m \{\psi\}
  then have Pos \ l \in I \lor Neg \ l \in I \lor l = atm\text{-}of \ L
   using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover have atm\text{-}of L \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \{\psi\}
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have atm\text{-}of L \in atms\text{-}of \ \psi by auto
     then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ L) \in \#\ \psi \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ L) \in \#\ \psi
       using atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit by metis
     then have L \in \# \psi \lor - L \in \# \psi by (case-tac L) auto
     then show False using L by auto
  ultimately show Pos l \in I \vee Neg \ l \in I using l by metis
\mathbf{qed}
lemma total-union:
 assumes total-over-m I \psi
 shows total-over-m (I \cup I') \psi
  using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-union-2:
  assumes total-over-m\ I\ \psi
 and total-over-m I' \psi'
 shows total-over-m (I \cup I') (\psi \cup \psi')
 using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
11.2.4
          Interpretations
definition true-cls :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models 50) where
  I \models C \longleftrightarrow (\exists L \in \# C. I \models l L)
lemma true-cls-empty[iff]: \neg I \models \{\#\}
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-singleton[iff]: I \models \{\#L\#\} \longleftrightarrow I \models l L
  unfolding true-cls-def by (auto split:split-if-asm)
lemma true\text{-}cls\text{-}union[iff]: I \models C + D \longleftrightarrow I \models C \lor I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mono-set-mset: set-mset C \subseteq set-mset D \Longrightarrow I \models C \Longrightarrow I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def subset-eq Bex-mset-def by (metis mem-set-mset-iff)
lemma true-cls-mono-leD[dest]: A \subseteq \# B \Longrightarrow I \models A \Longrightarrow I \models B
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma
 assumes I \models \psi
 shows true-cls-union-increase[simp]: I \cup I' \models \psi
 and true-cls-union-increase'[simp]: I' \cup I \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mono-set-mset-l:
 assumes A \models \psi
```

```
and A \subseteq B
  shows B \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-replicate-mset [iff]: I \models replicate-mset \ n \ L \longleftrightarrow n \neq 0 \land I \models l \ L
  by (induct \ n) auto
lemma true-cls-empty-entails[iff]: <math>\neg \{\} \models N
  by (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
lemma true-cls-not-in-remove:
  assumes L \notin \# \chi
  and I \cup \{L\} \models \chi
  shows I \models \chi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
definition true\text{-}clss: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models s \ 50) where
  I \models s \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in CC. \ I \models C)
lemma true-clss-empty[simp]: I \models s \{ \}
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-singleton[iff]: I \models s \{C\} \longleftrightarrow I \models C
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-empty-entails-empty[iff]: \{\} \models s \ N \longleftrightarrow N = \{\}
  unfolding true-clss-def by (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
lemma true-cls-insert-l [simp]:
  M \models A \Longrightarrow insert \ L \ M \models A
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-union[iff]: I \models s \ CC \cup DD \longleftrightarrow I \models s \ CC \land I \models s \ DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-insert[iff]: I \models s insert C DD \longleftrightarrow I \models C \land I \models s DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-mono: DD \subseteq CC \Longrightarrow I \models s \ CC \Longrightarrow I \models s \ DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-union-increase[simp]:
assumes I \models s \psi
shows I \cup I' \models s \psi
 using assms unfolding true-clss-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ true\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}increase'[simp]:
assumes I' \models s \psi
shows I \cup I' \models s \psi
using assms by (auto simp add: true-clss-def)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true-clss-commute-l} :
  (I \cup I' \models s \psi) \longleftrightarrow (I' \cup I \models s \psi)
  by (simp add: Un-commute)
```

```
lemma model-remove[simp]: I \models s N \Longrightarrow I \models s Set.remove a N
  by (simp add: true-clss-def)
lemma model-remove-minus[simp]: I \models s N \Longrightarrow I \models s N - A
 by (simp add: true-clss-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ not in\text{-}vars\text{-}union\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{:}
  assumes \forall x \in I'. atm\text{-}of x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}m A
 and atms-of L \subseteq atms-of-m A
 and I \cup I' \models L
 shows I \models L
 using assms unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def Bex-mset-def
  by (metis Un-iff atm-of-lit-in-atms-of contra-subsetD)
lemma notin-vars-union-true-clss-true-clss:
 assumes \forall x \in I'. atm\text{-}of x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}m A
 and atms-of-m L \subseteq atms-of-m A
 and I \cup I' \models s L
 shows I \models s L
  using assms unfolding true-clss-def true-lit-def Ball-def
 by (meson atms-of-atms-of-m-mono notin-vars-union-true-cls-true-cls subset-trans)
11.2.5
           Satisfiability
definition satisfiable :: 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
  satisfiable CC \equiv \exists I. (I \models s \ CC \land consistent-interp \ I \land total-over-m \ I \ CC)
lemma satisfiable-single[simp]:
  satisfiable \{\{\#L\#\}\}
  unfolding satisfiable-def by fastforce
abbreviation unsatisfiable :: 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
  unsatisfiable\ CC \equiv \neg\ satisfiable\ CC
lemma satisfiable-decreasing:
 assumes satisfiable (\psi \cup \psi')
 shows satisfiable \psi
  using assms total-over-m-union unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
lemma satisfiable-def-min:
  satisfiable CC
   \longleftrightarrow (\exists I.\ I \models s\ CC \land consistent-interp\ I \land total-over-m\ I\ CC \land atm-of`I = atms-of-m\ CC)
   (is ?sat \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 assume ?B then show ?sat by (auto simp add: satisfiable-def)
next
  assume ?sat
  then obtain I where
   I-CC: I \models s \ CC and
   cons: consistent-interp\ I and
   tot: total-over-m I CC
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
 let ?I = \{P. P \in I \land atm\text{-}of P \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ CC\}
 have I-CC: ?I \models s CC
   using I-CC unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def true-cls-def Bex-mset-def true-lit-def
```

```
by (smt atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms-of-atms-of-m-mono mem-Collect-eq subset-eq)
  moreover have cons: consistent-interp ?I
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
  moreover have total-over-m ?I CC
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover
   have atms-CC-incl: atms-of-m CC \subseteq atm-of'I
     using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-m-def
     by (auto simp add: atms-of-def atms-of-s-def[symmetric])
   have atm\text{-}of '?I = atms\text{-}of\text{-}m CC
     using atms-CC-incl unfolding atms-of-m-def by force
 ultimately show ?B by auto
qed
11.2.6
           Entailment for Multisets of Clauses
definition true-cls-mset :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix \models m \ 50) where
  I \models m \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in \# \ CC. \ I \models C)
lemma true-cls-mset-empty[simp]: I \models m \{\#\}
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mset-singleton[iff]: I \models m \{\#C\#\} \longleftrightarrow I \models C
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by (auto split: split-if-asm)
lemma true-cls-mset-union[iff]: I \models m \ CC + DD \longleftrightarrow I \models m \ CC \land I \models m \ DD
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-mset-image-mset[iff]: I \models m image-mset f A \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in \# A. I \models f x)
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-mset-mono: set-mset DD \subseteq set-mset CC \Longrightarrow I \models m \ CC \Longrightarrow I \models m \ DD
  {\bf unfolding} \ \textit{true-cls-mset-def subset-iff} \ {\bf by} \ \textit{auto}
lemma true-clss-set-mset[iff]: I \models s set-mset CC \longleftrightarrow I \models m CC
  unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-mset-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mset-increasing-r[simp]:
  I \models m \ CC \Longrightarrow I \cup J \models m \ CC
 unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto
theorem true-cls-remove-unused:
 assumes I \models \psi
 shows \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ \psi\} \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def atms-of-def by auto
theorem true-clss-remove-unused:
  assumes I \models s \psi
 shows \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atm\text{s-}of\text{-}m \ \psi\} \models s \ \psi
  unfolding true-clss-def atms-of-def Ball-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} \ x
  assume x \in \psi
  then have I \models x
   using assms unfolding true-clss-def atms-of-def Ball-def by auto
```

```
then have \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ x\} \models x
   by (simp\ only:\ true-cls-remove-unused[of\ I])
  moreover have \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ x\} \subseteq \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ \psi\}
   using \langle x \in \psi \rangle by (auto simp add: atms-of-m-def)
  ultimately show \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ \psi\} \models x
    using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l by blast
qed
A simple application of the previous theorem:
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}decrease:
 assumes II': I \cup I' \models \psi
 and H: \forall v \in I'. atm-of v \notin atms-of \psi
 shows I \models \psi
proof -
  let ?I = \{v \in I \cup I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atm\text{s-}of \ \psi\}
 have ?I \models \psi using true-cls-remove-unused II' by blast
 moreover have ?I \subseteq I using H by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l by blast
qed
lemma multiset-not-empty:
 assumes M \neq \{\#\}
 and x \in \# M
 shows \exists A. \ x = Pos \ A \lor x = Neg \ A
  using assms literal.exhaust-sel by blast
lemma atms-of-m-empty:
  fixes \psi :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes atms-of-m \psi = \{\}
 shows \psi = \{\} \lor \psi = \{\{\#\}\}\
  using assms by (auto simp add: atms-of-m-def)
lemma consistent-interp-disjoint:
 assumes consI: consistent-interp I
and disj: atms-of-s A \cap atms-of-s I = \{\}
 and consA: consistent-interp A
shows consistent-interp (A \cup I)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 moreover have \bigwedge L. \neg (L \in A \land -L \in I)
   using disj unfolding atms-of-s-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
  ultimately show False
   using consA consI unfolding consistent-interp-def by (metis (full-types) Un-iff
     literal.exhaust-sel uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
qed
lemma total-remove-unused:
  assumes total-over-m I \psi
 shows total-over-m \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ \psi\} \ \psi
  using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
  by (metis (lifting) literal.sel(1,2) mem-Collect-eq)
lemma true-cls-remove-hd-if-notin-vars:
  assumes insert a M' \models D
```

```
and atm-of a \notin atms-of D
 shows M' \models D
  using assms by (auto simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of true-cls-def)
lemma total-over-set-atm-of:
 fixes I :: 'v interp and K :: 'v set
 shows total-over-set I K \longleftrightarrow (\forall l \in K. l \in (atm\text{-}of `I))
 unfolding total-over-set-def by (metis atms-of-s-def in-atms-of-s-decomp)
11.2.7
           Tautologies
definition tautology (\psi:: 'v \ clause) \equiv \forall I. \ total-over-set \ I \ (atms-of \ \psi) \longrightarrow I \models \psi
lemma tautology-Pos-Neg[intro]:
 assumes Pos \ p \in \# \ A and Neg \ p \in \# \ A
 shows tautology A
 using assms unfolding tautology-def total-over-set-def true-cls-def Bex-mset-def
 by (meson atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit true-lit-def)
lemma tautology-minus[simp]:
 assumes L \in \# A and -L \in \# A
 shows tautology A
 by (metis assms literal.exhaust tautology-Pos-Neg uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
lemma tautology-exists-Pos-Neg:
 assumes tautology \psi
 shows \exists p. Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg p \in \# \psi
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume p: \neg (\exists p. Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg p \in \# \psi)
 let ?I = \{-L \mid L. \ L \in \# \psi\}
 have total-over-set ?I (atms-of \psi)
   unfolding total-over-set-def using atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit by force
 \mathbf{moreover\ have}\ \neg\ ?I\models\psi
   unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def Bex-mset-def apply clarify
   using p by (case-tac L) fastforce+
 ultimately show False using assms unfolding tautology-def by auto
qed
lemma tautology-decomp:
  tautology \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ \psi \land Neg \ p \in \# \ \psi)
 using tautology-exists-Pos-Neg by auto
lemma tautology-false[simp]: \neg tautology {#}
 unfolding tautology-def by auto
lemma tautology-add-single:
  tautology (\{\#a\#\} + L) \longleftrightarrow tautology L \lor -a \in \#L
  unfolding tautology-decomp by (cases a) auto
lemma minus-interp-tautology:
 assumes \{-L \mid L. L \in \# \chi\} \models \chi
 shows tautology \chi
proof -
  obtain L where L \in \# \chi \land -L \in \# \chi
   using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
  then show ?thesis using tautology-decomp literal.exhaust uminus-Neg uminus-Pos by metis
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma remove-literal-in-model-tautology:
  assumes I \cup \{Pos \ P\} \models \varphi
  and I \cup \{Neg \ P\} \models \varphi
  shows I \models \varphi \lor tautology \varphi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma tautology-imp-tautology:
  fixes \chi \chi' :: 'v \ clause
  assumes \forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models \chi' \text{ and } tautology \ \chi
  shows tautology \chi' unfolding tautology-def
proof (intro allI HOL.impI)
  \mathbf{fix}\ I :: 'v\ literal\ set
  assume totI: total-over-set I (atms-of \chi')
  let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of \ \chi \land v \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
  have totI': total-over-m (I \cup ?I') \{\chi\} unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  then have \chi: I \cup ?I' \models \chi using assms(2) unfolding total-over-m-def tautology-def by simp
  then have I \cup (?I'-I) \models \chi' \text{ using } assms(1) \text{ } totI' \text{ by } auto
  moreover have \bigwedge L. L \in \# \chi' \Longrightarrow L \notin ?I'
    using totI unfolding total-over-set-def by (auto dest: pos-lit-in-atms-of)
  ultimately show I \models \chi' unfolding true-cls-def by auto
qed
11.2.8
              Entailment for clauses and propositions
definition true-cls-cls :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models f 49) where
\psi \models f \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total \ over \ m \ I \ (\{\psi\} \cup \{\chi\}) \longrightarrow consistent \ interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models \psi \longrightarrow I \models \chi)
definition true-cls-clss :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models fs 49) where
\psi \models fs \ \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total \ over \ m \ I \ (\{\psi\} \cup \chi) \longrightarrow consistent \ interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models \psi \longrightarrow I \models s \ \chi)
definition true-clss-cls :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models p 49) where
N \models p \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (N \cup \{\chi\}) \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models s \ N \longrightarrow I \models \chi)
definition true-clss-clss :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models ps \ 49) where
N \models ps\ N' \longleftrightarrow (\forall\ I.\ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ (N \cup N') \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp\ I \longrightarrow I \models s\ N \longrightarrow I \models s\ N')
lemma true-cls-refl[simp]:
  A \models f A
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-cls-insert-l[simp]:
  a \models f C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models p \ C
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def true-clss-def true-clss-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-clss-empty[iff]:
  N \models fs \{\}
  unfolding true-cls-clss-def by auto
lemma true-prop-true-clause[iff]:
  \{\varphi\} \models p \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \varphi \models f \ \psi
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-true-clss-cls[iff]:
  N \models ps \{\psi\} \longleftrightarrow N \models p \psi
```

```
unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-true-cls-clss[iff]:
  \{\chi\} \models ps \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \chi \models fs \ \psi
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-cls-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-empty[simp]:
  N \models ps \{\}
 unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-cls-subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow B \models p \ CC
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union by (simp add: total-over-m-subset true-clss-mono)
lemma true-clss-cs-mono-l[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models p \ CC
 by (auto intro: true-clss-cls-subset)
lemma true-clss-cs-mono-l2[simp]:
  B \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models p \ CC
 by (auto intro: true-clss-cls-subset)
lemma true-clss-cls-mono-r[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC + CC'
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union total-over-m-sum by blast
lemma true-clss-cls-mono-r'[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC' \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC + CC'
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union total-over-m-sum by blast
lemma true-clss-clss-union-l[simp]:
  A \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-clss-union-l-r[simp]:
  B \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps \ CC
 unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-cls-in[simp]:
  CC \in A \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-cls-insert-l[simp]:
  A \models p \ C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models p \ C
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def using total-over-m-union
  by (metis Un-iff insert-is-Un sup.commute)
lemma true-clss-clss-insert-l[simp]:
  A \models ps \ C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models ps \ C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-clss-union-and[iff]:
  A \models ps \ C \cup D \longleftrightarrow (A \models ps \ C \land A \models ps \ D)
proof
  {
```

```
fix A \ C \ D :: 'a \ clauses
   assume A: A \models ps \ C \cup D
   have A \models ps \ C
       unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def insert-def total-over-m-insert
      proof (intro allI impI)
       \mathbf{fix}\ I
       assume totAC: total-over-m \ I \ (A \cup C)
       and cons: consistent-interp I
       and I: I \models s A
       then have tot: total-over-m I A and tot': total-over-m I C by auto
       obtain I' where tot': total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup C \cup D)
       and cons': consistent-interp (I \cup I')
       and H: \forall x \in I'. atm\text{-}of \ x \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}m \ D \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atm\text{-}of\text{-}m \ (A \cup C)
          using total-over-m-consistent-extension [OF - cons, of A \cup C] tot tot' by blast
       moreover have I \cup I' \models s A using I by simp
       ultimately have I \cup I' \models s \ C \cup D using A unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
       then have I \cup I' \models s \ C \cup D by auto
       then show I \models s \ C using notin-vars-union-true-clss-true-clss[of I' \mid H by auto
      qed
  } note H = this
  assume A \models ps \ C \cup D
  then show A \models ps C \land A \models ps D using H[of A] Un-commute [of C D] by metis
next
  assume A \models ps C \land A \models ps D
  then show A \models ps \ C \cup D
   unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
qed
lemma true-clss-clss-insert[iff]:
  A \models ps \ insert \ L \ Ls \longleftrightarrow (A \models p \ L \land A \models ps \ Ls)
  using true-clss-clss-union-and [of A \{L\} Ls] by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow A \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow B \models ps \ CC
 by (metis subset-Un-eq true-clss-clss-union-l)
lemma union-trus-clss-clss[simp]: A \cup B \models ps B
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-remove[simp]:
  A \models ps B \Longrightarrow A \models ps B - C
  by (metis Un-Diff-Int true-clss-clss-union-and)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}subsetE:
  N \models ps \ B \Longrightarrow A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow N \models ps \ A
 by (metis sup.orderE true-clss-clss-union-and)
lemma true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls:
  assumes N \models ps \ U
 and A \in U
 shows N \models p A
  using assms mk-disjoint-insert by fastforce
lemma all-in-true-clss-clss: \forall x \in B. \ x \in A \Longrightarrow A \models ps \ B
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}left\text{-}right:
 assumes A \models ps B
 and A \cup B \models ps M
 shows A \models ps M \cup B
 using assms unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{:}
 assumes D: N \models p D + \{\#-L\#\}
 and C: N \models p C + \{\#L\#\}
 shows N \models p D + C
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} I
 assume tot: total-over-m I (N \cup \{D + C\})
 and consistent-interp I
 and I \models s N
   assume L: L \in I \vee -L \in I
   then have total-over-m I \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
     using tot by (cases L) auto
   then have I \models D + \{\#-L\#\} using D (I \models s N) tot (consistent-interp I)
     unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   moreover
     have total-over-m I \{C + \{\#L\#\}\}\
       using L tot by (cases L) auto
     then have I \models C + \{\#L\#\}
       using C \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-}interp \ I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have I \models D + C using (consistent-interp I) consistent-interp-def by fastforce
 moreover {
   assume L: L \notin I \land -L \notin I
   let ?I' = I \cup \{L\}
   have consistent-interp ?I' using L \land consistent-interp I \gt by auto
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
     using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' N using tot using total-union by blast
   moreover have ?I' \models s \ N \text{ using } (I \models s \ N) \text{ using } true-clss-union-increase by blast
   ultimately have ?I' \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
     using D unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
   then have ?I' \models D using L by auto
   moreover
     have total-over-set I (atms-of (D + C)) using tot by auto
     then have L \notin \# D \land -L \notin \# D
       using L unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-def by (cases L) force+
   ultimately have I \models D + C unfolding true-cls-def by auto
 ultimately show I \models D + C by blast
qed
lemma atms-of-union-mset[simp]:
  atms-of (A \# \cup B) = atms-of A \cup atms-of B
 unfolding atms-of-def by (auto simp: max-def split: split-if-asm)
```

```
lemma true\text{-}cls\text{-}union\text{-}mset[iff]: I \models C \# \cup D \longleftrightarrow I \models C \lor I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def by (force simp: max-def Bex-mset-def split: split-if-asm)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}union\text{-}mset\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{:}
  assumes D: N \models p D + \{\#-L\#\}
 and C: N \models p \ C + \{\#L\#\}
 shows N \models p D \# \cup C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 assume tot: total-over-m I (N \cup \{D \# \cup C\})
 and consistent-interp I
 and I \models s N
    assume L: L \in I \vee -L \in I
    then have total-over-m I \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
      using tot by (cases L) auto
    then have I \models D + \{\#-L\#\} using D \mid I \models s \mid N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-interp } I \rangle
      unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
    moreover
      have total-over-m I \{C + \{\#L\#\}\}
        using L tot by (cases L) auto
      then have I \models C + \{\#L\#\}
        using C \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-interp } I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
    ultimately have I \models D \# \cup C using \langle consistent\text{-}interp\ I \rangle unfolding consistent-interp-def
    by auto
  }
  moreover {
    assume L: L \notin I \land -L \notin I
    let ?I' = I \cup \{L\}
    have consistent-interp ?I' using L \land consistent-interp I \land by auto
    moreover have total-over-m ?I' \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}\
      using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
    moreover have total-over-m ?I' N using tot using total-union by blast
    \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ ?I' \models s \ N \ \mathbf{using} \ \ (I \models s \ N) \ \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{true-clss-union-increase} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast}
    ultimately have ?I' \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
      using D unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
    then have ?I' \models D using L by auto
    moreover
      have total-over-set I (atms-of (D + C)) using tot by auto
      then have L \notin \# D \land -L \notin \# D
        using L unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-def by (cases L) force+
    ultimately have I \models D \# \cup C unfolding true-cls-def by auto
  ultimately show I \models D \# \cup C by blast
qed
lemma satisfiable-carac[iff]:
  (\exists I. \ consistent\ interp\ I \land I \models s\ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow satisfiable\ \varphi\ (is\ (\exists I.\ ?Q\ I) \longleftrightarrow ?S)
proof
  then show \exists I. ?Q I unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
next
  assume \exists I. ?Q I
```

```
then obtain I where cons: consistent-interp I and I: I \models s \varphi by metis
  let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \notin atms-of-s \ I \land v \in atms-of-m \ \varphi\}
  have consistent-interp (I \cup ?I')
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by (intro allI) (case-tac L, auto)
  moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') \varphi
   unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover have I \cup ?I' \models s \varphi
   using I unfolding Ball-def true-cls-def by auto
  ultimately show ?S unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
qed
lemma satisfiable-carac'[simp]: consistent-interp I \Longrightarrow I \models s \varphi \Longrightarrow satisfiable \varphi
  using satisfiable-carac by metis
11.3
          Subsumptions
lemma subsumption-total-over-m:
  assumes A \subseteq \# B
 shows total-over-m I \{B\} \Longrightarrow total-over-m I \{A\}
  using assms atms-of-m-plus unfolding subset-mset-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
  by (auto simp add: mset-le-exists-conv)
lemma atm-of-eq-atm-of:
  atm\text{-}of\ L = atm\text{-}of\ L' \longleftrightarrow (L = L' \lor L = -L')
 by (cases L; cases L') auto
lemma atms-of-replicate-mset-replicate-mset-uminus[simp]:
  atms-of\ (D-replicate-mset\ (count\ D\ L)\ L-replicate-mset\ (count\ D\ (-L))\ (-L))
   = atms-of D - \{atm-of L\}
 by (auto split: split-if-asm simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of atms-of-def)
lemma subsumption-chained:
  assumes \forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{D\} \longrightarrow I \models D \longrightarrow I \models \varphi
 and C \subseteq \# D
 shows (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C\} \longrightarrow I \models C \longrightarrow I \models \varphi) \lor tautology \varphi
  using assms
proof (induct card {Pos v \mid v. v \in atms-of D \land v \notin atms-of C} arbitrary: D
   rule: nat-less-induct-case)
  case \theta note n = this(1) and H = this(2) and incl = this(3)
  then have atms-of D \subseteq atms-of C by auto
  then have \forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{D\}
   unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover have \forall I. \ I \models C \longrightarrow I \models D \text{ using } incl \ true-cls-mono-leD \text{ by } blast
  ultimately show ?case using H by auto
next
  case (Suc n D) note IH = this(1) and card = this(2) and H = this(3) and incl = this(4)
 let ?atms = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ D \land v \notin atms\text{-}of \ C\}
 have finite ?atms by auto
  then obtain L where L: L \in ?atms
   using card by (metis (no-types, lifting) Collect-empty-eq card-0-eq mem-Collect-eq
     nat.simps(3)
 let ?D' = D - replicate\text{-mset} (count D L) L - replicate\text{-mset} (count D (-L)) (-L)
 have atms-of-D: atms-of-m \{D\} \subseteq atms-of-m \{PD'\} \cup \{atm-of L\} by auto
  {
   \mathbf{fix} I
```

```
assume total-over-m I \{?D'\}
   then have tot: total-over-m (I \cup \{L\}) \{D\}
     unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def using atms-of-D by auto
   assume IDL: I \models ?D'
   then have I \cup \{L\} \models D unfolding true-cls-def by force
   then have I \cup \{L\} \models \varphi \text{ using } H \text{ tot by } auto
   moreover
     have tot': total-over-m (I \cup \{-L\}) \{D\}
       using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
     have I \cup \{-L\} \models D using IDL unfolding true-cls-def by force
     then have I \cup \{-L\} \models \varphi \text{ using } H \text{ tot' by } auto
   ultimately have I \models \varphi \lor tautology \varphi
     using L remove-literal-in-model-tautology by force
  } note H' = this
 have L \notin \# C and -L \notin \# C using L atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit by force+
  then have C-in-D': C \subseteq \# ?D' using (C \subseteq \# D) by (auto simp add: subseteq-mset-def)
 have card \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of ?D' \land v \notin atms-of C\} < v \in atms-of C\}
   card \{ Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ D \land v \notin atms\text{-}of \ C \}
   using L by (auto intro!: psubset-card-mono)
  then show ?case
   using IH C-in-D' H' unfolding card[symmetric] by blast
11.4
         Removing Duplicates
lemma tautology-remdups-mset[iff]:
  tautology \ (remdups\text{-}mset \ C) \longleftrightarrow tautology \ C
 unfolding tautology-decomp by auto
lemma atms-of-remdups-mset[simp]: atms-of (remdups-mset <math>C) = atms-of C
 unfolding atms-of-def by auto
lemma true-cls-remdups-mset[iff]: I \models remdups-mset \ C \longleftrightarrow I \models C
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
```

11.5 Set of all Simple Clauses

A simple clause contains no duplicate and is not tautology.

unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-def by auto

```
function build-all-simple-clss :: 'v :: linorder set \Rightarrow 'v clause set where build-all-simple-clss vars = (if \negfinite vars \lor vars= {} then {{#}} else let cls' = build-all-simple-clss (vars - {Min vars}) in {{#Pos (Min vars)#} + \chi |\chi . \chi \in cls'} \cup {{#Neg (Min vars)#} + \chi |\chi . \chi \in cls'} \cup cls') by auto termination by (relation measure card) (auto simp add: card-qt-0-iff)
```

lemma true-clss-cls-remdups-mset[iff]: $A \models p$ remdups-mset $C \longleftrightarrow A \models p$ C

```
To avoid infinite simplifier loops:
declare build-all-simple-clss.simps[simp del]
lemma build-all-simple-clss-simps-if[simp]:
  \neg finite\ vars \lor vars = \{\} \Longrightarrow build-all-simple-clss\ vars = \{\{\#\}\}
 by (simp add: build-all-simple-clss.simps)
\mathbf{lemma}\ build-all-simple-clss-simps-else[simp]:
 fixes vars::'v ::linorder set
 defines cls \equiv build-all-simple-clss (vars - \{Min \ vars\})
 finite\ vars \land vars \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow build-all-simple-clss\ (vars::'v::linorder\ set) =
   \{\{\#Pos\ (Min\ vars)\#\} + \chi \mid \chi.\ \chi \in cls\}
   \cup \{\{\#Neg \ (Min \ vars)\#\} + \chi \ | \chi. \ \chi \in cls\}\}
   \cup cls
 using build-all-simple-clss.simps[of vars] unfolding Let-def cls-def by metis
lemma build-all-simple-clss-finite:
 fixes atms :: 'v::linorder set
 shows finite (build-all-simple-clss atms)
proof (induct card atms arbitrary: atms rule: nat-less-induct)
 case (1 \ atms) note IH = this
   assume atms = \{\} \lor \neg finite atms
   then have finite (build-all-simple-clss atms) by auto
 moreover {
   assume atms: atms \neq \{\} and fin: finite atms
   then have Min \ atms \in atms \ using \ Min-in \ by \ auto
   then have card\ (atms - \{Min\ atms\}) < card\ atms\ using\ fin\ atms\ by\ (meson\ card-Diff1-less)
   then have finite (build-all-simple-clss (atms - {Min atms})) using IH by auto
   then have finite (build-all-simple-clss atms) by (simp add: atms fin)
  }
 ultimately show finite (build-all-simple-clss atms) by blast
qed
lemma build-all-simple-clssE:
 assumes
   x \in \mathit{build-all-simple-clss}\ \mathit{atms}\ \mathbf{and}
   finite atms
 shows atms-of x \subseteq atms \land \neg tautology x \land distinct-mset x
 using assms
proof (induct card atms arbitrary: atms x)
 case (0 \ atms)
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and card = this(2) and x = this(3) and finite = this(4)
 obtain v where v \in atms and v: v = Min atms
   using Min-in card local finite by fastforce
 let ?atms' = atms - \{v\}
 have build-all-simple-clss atms
   = \{ \{ \# Pos \ v \# \} + \chi \ | \chi. \ \chi \in build-all-simple-clss \ (?atms') \}
     \cup \{\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + \chi \mid \chi.\ \chi \in build-all-simple-clss\ (?atms')\}
     \cup build-all-simple-clss (?atms')
```

```
using build-all-simple-clss-simps-else of atms finite \langle v \in atms \rangle unfolding v
   by (metis\ emptyE)
  then consider
     (Pos) \chi \varphi where x = \{ \# \varphi \# \} + \chi and \chi \in build\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{-}clss} (?atms') and
       \varphi = Pos \ v \lor \varphi = Neg \ v
   (In) x \in build-all-simple-clss (?atms')
   using x by auto
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case In
     then show ?thesis using card finite IH[of ?atms'] \langle v \in atms \rangle by fastforce
     case Pos note x-\chi = this(1) and \chi = this(2) and \varphi = this(3)
     have
       atms-of \chi \subseteq atms - \{v\} and
       \neg tautology \chi and
       distinct-mset \chi
         using card finite IH[of?atms'\chi] \ \langle v \in atms \rangle \ x-\chi \chi \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
     moreover then have count \ \chi \ (Neg \ v) = \ \theta
       using \langle v \in atms \rangle unfolding x-\chi by (metis Diff-insert-absorb Set.set-insert
         atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit gr0I subset-iff)
     moreover have count \chi (Pos v) = 0
       using \langle atms-of \ \chi \subseteq atms - \{v\} \rangle by (meson\ Diff-iff\ atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit
         contra-subsetD insertI1 not-gr0)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using \langle v \in atms \rangle \varphi unfolding x-\chi
       \mathbf{by}\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ tautology-add-single\ distinct-mset-add-single)
   qed
qed
lemma cls-in-build-all-simple-clss:
 shows \{\#\} \in build-all-simple-clss s
 by (induct s rule: build-all-simple-clss.induct)
  (metis (no-types, lifting) UnCI build-all-simple-clss.simps insertI1)
lemma build-all-simple-clss-card:
 fixes atms :: 'v :: linorder set
 assumes finite atms
 shows card (build-all-simple-clss atms) \leq 3 (card\ atms)
 using assms
proof (induct card atms arbitrary: atms rule: nat-less-induct)
 case (1 atms) note IH = this(1) and finite = this(2)
   assume atms = \{\}
   then have card (build-all-simple-clss atms) \leq 3 (card\ atms) by auto
 moreover {
   let ?P = \{ \{\#Pos (Min \ atms) \#\} + \chi \mid \chi. \chi \in build-all-simple-clss (atms - \{Min \ atms\}) \}
   let ?N = \{\{\#Neg \ (Min \ atms)\#\} + \chi \ | \chi. \ \chi \in build-all-simple-clss \ (atms - \{Min \ atms\})\}
   let ?Z = build-all-simple-clss (atms - \{Min \ atms\})
   assume atms: atms \neq \{\}
   then have min: Min atms \in atms using Min-in finite by auto
   then have card-atms-1: card atms \geq 1 by (simp \ add: Suc-leI atms card-gt-0-iff local.finite)
   have card (build-all-simple-clss atms) = card (?P \cup ?N \cup ?Z) using atms finite by simp
   moreover
```

```
have \bigwedge M Ma. card ((M::'v \ literal \ multiset \ set) \cup Ma) \leq card \ Ma + card \ M
        by (simp add: add.commute card-Un-le)
     then have card (?P \cup ?N \cup ?Z) \leq card ?Z + (card ?P + card ?N)
       by (meson Nat.le-trans card-Un-le nat-add-left-cancel-le)
     then have card (?P \cup ?N \cup ?Z) \leq card ?P + card ?N + card ?Z
       by presburger
   also
     have PZ: card ?P \le card ?Z
      by (simp add: Setcompr-eq-image build-all-simple-clss-finite card-image-le)
     have NZ: card ?N < card ?Z
      by (simp add: Setcompr-eq-image build-all-simple-clss-finite card-image-le)
     have card ?P + card ?N + card ?Z \le card ?Z + card ?Z + card ?Z
       using PZ NZ by linarith
   finally have card (build-all-simple-clss atms) \leq card ?Z + card ?Z + card ?Z.
   moreover
     have finite': finite (atms - \{Min \ atms\}) and
       card: card (atms - \{Min \ atms\}) = card \ atms - 1
       using finite min by auto
     have card-inf: card (atms - \{Min\ atms\}) < card\ atms
     using card \langle card \ atms \geq 1 \rangle \ min \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
then have card \ ?Z \leq 3 \ \widehat{\ } \ (card \ atms - 1) \ \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{IH} \ \mathit{finite'} \ \mathit{card} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{metis}
   moreover
     have (3::nat) \widehat{} (card\ atms-1)+3 \widehat{} (card\ atms-1)+3 \widehat{} (card\ atms-1)
       = 3 * 3 ^ (card atms - 1) by simp
     then have (3::nat) \cap (card\ atms-1) + 3 \cap (card\ atms-1) + 3 \cap (card\ atms-1)
       = 3 ^ (card atms) by (metis card card-Suc-Diff1 local.finite min power-Suc)
   ultimately have card (build-all-simple-clss atms) \leq 3 \hat{} (card atms) by linarith
 ultimately show card (build-all-simple-clss atms) \leq 3 \hat{} (card atms) by metis
qed
lemma build-all-simple-clss-mono-disj:
 assumes atms \cap atms' = \{\} and finite atms and finite atms'
 shows build-all-simple-clss atms \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms \cup atms')
 using assms
proof (induct card (atms \cup atms') arbitrary: atms atms')
 case (0 atms' atms)
  then show ?case by auto
next
 case (Suc n atms atms') note IH = this(1) and c = this(2) and disj = this(3) and finite = this(4)
   and finite' = this(5)
 let ?min = Min (atms \cup atms')
 have m: ?min \in atms \lor ?min \in atms' by (metis\ Min-in\ Un-iff\ c\ card-eq-0-iff\ nat.distinct(1))
 moreover {
   assume min: ?min \in atms'
   then have min': ?min \notin atms using disj by auto
   then have atms = atms - \{?min\} by fastforce
   then have n = card (atms \cup (atms' - \{?min\}))
     using c min finite finite' by (metis Min-in Un-Diff card-Diff-singleton-if diff-Suc-1
       finite-UnI \ sup-eq-bot-iff)
   moreover have atms \cap (atms' - \{?min\}) = \{\} using disj by auto
   moreover have finite (atms' - \{?min\}) using finite' by auto
   ultimately have build-all-simple-clss atms \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms \cup (atms' - \{?min\}))
     using IH[of \ atms \ atms' - \{?min\}] finite by metis
```

```
moreover have atms \cup (atms' - \{?min\}) = (atms \cup atms') - \{?min\} using min \ min' by auto
   ultimately have ?case by (metis (no-types, lifting) build-all-simple-clss.simps c card-0-eq
    finite' finite-UnI le-supI2 local.finite nat.distinct(1))
  }
  moreover {
   let ?atms' = atms - \{Min \ atms\}
   assume min: ?min \in atms
   moreover have min': ?min \notin atms' using disj min by auto
   moreover have atms' - \{?min\} = atms'
     using \langle ?min \notin atms' \rangle by fastforce
   ultimately have n = card (atms - \{?min\} \cup atms')
     by (metis Min-in Un-Diff c card-0-eq card-Diff-singleton-if diff-Suc-1 finite' finite-Un
      finite\ nat.distinct(1))
   moreover have finite (atms - \{?min\}) using finite by auto
   moreover have (atms - \{?min\}) \cap atms' = \{\} using disj by auto
   ultimately have build-all-simple-clss (atms - \{?min\})
     \subseteq build-all-simple-clss ((atms - \{?min\}) \cup atms')
     using IH[of atms - {?min} atms'] finite' by metis
   moreover have build-all-simple-clss atms
     = \{ \{ \#Pos \ (Min \ atms) \# \} + \chi \ | \chi. \ \chi \in build-all-simple-clss \ (?atms') \} 
      \cup \{\{\#Neg \ (Min \ atms)\#\} + \chi \ | \chi. \ \chi \in build-all-simple-clss \ (?atms')\}\}
      \cup build-all-simple-clss (?atms')
     using build-all-simple-clss-simps-else [of atms] finite min by (metis emptyE)
   moreover
     let ?mcls = build-all-simple-clss (atms \cup atms' - \{?min\})
     have build-all-simple-clss (atms \cup atms')
       = \{ \{ \#Pos \ (?min) \# \} + \chi \ | \chi. \ \chi \in ?mcls \} \cup \{ \{ \#Neg \ (?min) \# \} + \chi \ | \chi. \ \chi \in ?mcls \} \cup ?mcls \}
     using build-all-simple-clss-simps-else of atms \cup atms finite min
     by (metis\ c\ card-eq-0-iff\ nat.distinct(1))
   moreover have atms \cup atms' - \{?min\} = atms - \{?min\} \cup atms'
     using min min' by (simp add: Un-Diff)
   moreover have Min atms = ?min using min min' by (simp add: Min-eqI finite' local.finite)
   ultimately have ?case by auto
 ultimately show ?case by metis
qed
lemma build-all-simple-clss-mono:
 assumes finite: finite atms' and incl: atms \subseteq atms'
 shows build-all-simple-clss atms \subseteq build-all-simple-clss atms'
 have atms' = atms \cup (atms' - atms) using incl by auto
 moreover have finite (atms' - atms) using finite by auto
 moreover have atms \cap (atms' - atms) = \{\} by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using rev-finite-subset OF assms build-all-simple-clss-mono-disj by (metis (no-types))
qed
lemma distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-build-all-simple-clss:
 assumes distinct-mset \chi and \neg tautology \chi
 shows \chi \in build-all-simple-clss (atms-of \chi)
 using assms
proof (induct card (atms-of \chi) arbitrary: \chi)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by simp
```

```
next
  case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and simp = this(3) and c = this(2) and no-dup = this(4)
 have finite: finite (atms-of \chi) by simp
  with no-dup atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit obtain L where
    L\chi: L \in \# \chi \text{ and }
   L-min: atm\text{-}of\ L = Min\ (atms\text{-}of\ \chi) and
   mL\chi: \neg -L \in \# \chi
   by (metis Min-in c card-0-eq literal.sel(1,2) nat.distinct(1) tautology-minus)
  then have \chi L: \chi = (\chi - \{\#L\#\}) + \{\#L\#\}  by auto
  have atm \chi: atms-of \chi = atms-of (\chi - \{\#L\#\}) \cup \{atm-of L\}
   using arg\text{-}cong[OF \chi L, of atms\text{-}of] by simp
  have a\chi: atms-of (\chi - \{\#L\#\}) = (atms-of \chi) - \{atm-of L\}
   proof (standard, standard)
      \mathbf{fix} \ v
      assume a: v \in atms\text{-}of (\chi - \{\#L\#\})
      then obtain l where l: v = atm\text{-}of \ l and l': l \in \# \chi - \{\#L\#\}
       unfolding atms-of-def by auto
      moreover {
       assume v = atm\text{-}of L
       then have L \in \# \chi - \{\#L\#\} \vee -L \in \# \chi - \{\#L\#\}
         using l' l by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
       moreover have L \notin \# \chi - \{\#L\#\} using (L \in \# \chi) simp unfolding distinct-mset-def by auto
       ultimately have False using mL\chi by auto
      }
      ultimately show v \in atms\text{-}of \ \chi - \{atm\text{-}of \ L\}
        by (auto dest: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of split: split-if-asm)
      show atms-of \chi - \{atm\text{-}of L\} \subseteq atms\text{-}of (\chi - \{\#L\#\}) using atm\chi by auto
   qed
 let ?s' = build-all-simple-clss (atms-of (\chi - \{\#L\#\}))
  have card (atms-of (\chi - \{\#L\#\})) = n
   using c finite a\chi by (simp add: L\chi atm-of-lit-in-atms-of)
 moreover have distinct-mset (\chi - \{\#L\#\}) using simp by auto moreover have \neg tautology (\chi - \{\#L\#\})
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{meson}\ \mathit{Multiset}.\mathit{diff-le-self}\ \mathit{mset-leD}\ \mathit{no-dup}\ \mathit{tautology-decomp})
  ultimately have \chi in: \chi - \{\#L\#\} \in build\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of (}\chi - \{\#L\#\}))
   using IH by simp
  have \chi = \{\#L\#\} + (\chi - \{\#L\#\}) \text{ using } \chi L \text{ by } (simp \ add: \ add. commute)
  then show ?case
   using \chi in L-min a\chi
   by (cases L)
       (auto simp add: build-all-simple-clss.simps[of atms-of \chi] Let-def)
qed
lemma simplified-in-build-all:
 assumes finite \psi and distinct-mset-set \psi and \forall \chi \in \psi. \neg tautology \chi
 shows \psi \subset build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m \psi)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: finite.induct)
  case emptyI
  then show ?case by simp
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case (insert I \psi \chi) note finite = this(1) and IH = this(2) and simp = this(3) and tauto = this(4)
  have distinct-mset \chi and \neg tautology \chi
   using simp tauto unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
  from distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-build-all-simple-clss[OF this]
  have \chi: \chi \in build-all-simple-clss (atms-of \chi).
  then have \psi \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m \psi) using IH simp tauto by auto
  moreover
   have atms-of-m \psi \subseteq atms-of-m (insert \chi \psi) unfolding atms-of-m-def atms-of-def by force
  ultimately
   have \psi \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m (insert \chi \psi))
     by (meson atms-of-m-finite build-all-simple-clss-mono dual-order.trans finite.insertI
       local.finite)
  moreover
   have \chi \in build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m (insert \chi \psi))
     using \chi finite build-all-simple-clss-mono of atms-of-m (insert \chi \psi) by auto
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
          Experiment: Expressing the Entailments as Locales
11.6
locale entail =
  fixes entail :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool (infix \models e \ 50)
 assumes entail-insert[simp]: I \neq \{\} \implies insert\ L\ I \models e\ x \longleftrightarrow \{L\} \models e\ x \lor I \models e\ x
  assumes entail-union[simp]: I \models e A \Longrightarrow I \cup I' \models e A
begin
definition entails :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'b set \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelses 50) where
  I \models es A \longleftrightarrow (\forall a \in A. I \models e a)
lemma entails-empty[simp]:
  I \models es \{\}
  unfolding entails-def by auto
lemma entails-single[iff]:
  I \models es \{a\} \longleftrightarrow I \models e a
  unfolding entails-def by auto
lemma entails-insert-l[simp]:
  M \models es A \Longrightarrow insert \ L \ M \models es \ A
  unfolding entails-def by (metis Un-commute entail-union insert-is-Un)
lemma entails-union[iff]: I \models es \ CC \cup DD \longleftrightarrow I \models es \ CC \land I \models es \ DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-insert[iff]: I \models es insert \ C \ DD \longleftrightarrow I \models e \ C \land I \models es \ DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-insert-mono: DD \subseteq CC \Longrightarrow I \models es CC \Longrightarrow I \models es DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-union-increase[simp]:
assumes I \models es \psi
shows I \cup I' \models es \psi
 using assms unfolding entails-def by auto
lemma true-clss-commute-l:
```

```
(I \cup I' \models es \psi) \longleftrightarrow (I' \cup I \models es \psi)
 by (simp add: Un-commute)
lemma entails-remove[simp]: I \models es N \implies I \models es Set.remove \ a \ N
 by (simp add: entails-def)
lemma entails-remove-minus[simp]: I \models es N \implies I \models es N - A
 by (simp add: entails-def)
end
interpretation true-cls: entail true-cls
 by standard (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
11.7
          Entailment to be extended
definition true-clss-ext :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset set \Rightarrow bool (infix \models sext 49)
where
I \models sext \ N \longleftrightarrow (\forall J. \ I \subseteq J \longrightarrow consistent-interp \ J \longrightarrow total-over-m \ J \ N \longrightarrow J \models s \ N)
\mathbf{lemma} \ true\text{-}clss\text{-}imp\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}ext\text{:}
  I \models s \ N \implies I \models sext \ N
  unfolding true-clss-ext-def by (metis sup.orderE true-clss-union-increase')
{f lemma}\ true{-}clss{-}ext{-}decrease{-}right{-}remove{-}r:
  assumes I \models sext N
 shows I \models sext N - \{C\}
  unfolding true-clss-ext-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} J
  assume
   I \subseteq J and
   cons: consistent-interp\ J and
   tot: total-over-m J(N - \{C\})
  let ?J = J \cup \{Pos (atm-of P) | P. P \in \# C \land atm-of P \notin atm-of `J'\}
  have I \subseteq ?J using \langle I \subseteq J \rangle by auto
  moreover have consistent-interp ?J
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def apply -
   apply (rule allI) by (case-tac L) (fastforce simp add: image-iff)+
  moreover
   have ex-or-eq: \bigwedge l\ R\ J. \exists\ P. (l=P\lor l=-P)\land P\in\#\ C\land P\notin J\land -P\notin J
      \longleftrightarrow (l \in \# C \land l \notin J \land -l \notin J) \lor (-l \in \# C \land l \notin J \land -l \notin J)
      by (metis uminus-of-uminus-id)
   have total-over-m ?J N
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-m-def
   apply (auto simp add:atms-of-def)
   apply (case-tac a \in N - \{C\})
     apply auto
   using atms-of-s-def atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set by fastforce+
  ultimately have ?J \models s N
   using assms unfolding true-clss-ext-def by blast
  then have ?J \models s N - \{C\} by auto
  have \{v \in ?J. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ (N - \{C\})\} \subseteq J
   by (smt\ UnCI\ (consistent-interp\ (J\cup \{Pos\ (atm-of\ P)\ | P.\ P\in\#\ C\land atm-of\ P\notin atm-of\ 'J\})
      atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus consistent-interp-def mem-Collect-eq subsetI tot
```

```
total-over-m-def total-over-set-atm-of)
  then show J \models s N - \{C\}
   using true-clss-remove-unused[OF \langle ?J \models s N - \{C\} \rangle] unfolding true-clss-def
   by (meson true-cls-mono-set-mset-l)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ consistent\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}ext\text{-}satisfiable:
 assumes consistent-interp I and I \models sext A
 shows satisfiable A
 by (metis Un-empty-left assms satisfiable-carac subset-Un-eq sup.left-idem
   total-over-m-consistent-extension total-over-m-empty true-clss-ext-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ not\text{-}consistent\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}ext\text{:}
 assumes \neg consistent\text{-}interp\ I
 shows I \models sext A
 by (meson assms consistent-interp-subset true-clss-ext-def)
end
theory Prop-Resolution
imports Partial-Clausal-Logic List-More Wellfounded-More
begin
12
        Resolution
         Simplification Rules
12.1
inductive simplify :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool for N :: 'v clause set where
tautology-deletion:
   (A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) \in N \Longrightarrow simplify\ N\ (N - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\})|
condensation:
   (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) \in N \Longrightarrow simplify \ N \ (N - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \ | \ A + \{\#L\#\}\}) \ |
subsumption:
   A \in N \Longrightarrow A \subset \# B \Longrightarrow B \in N \Longrightarrow simplify N (N - \{B\})
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat':
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes simplify N N'
 and total-over-m \ I \ N
 shows I \models s N' \longrightarrow I \models s N
 using assms
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
 case (tautology-deletion A P)
 then have I \models A + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ P\# \}
   by (metis total-over-m-def total-over-set-literal-defined true-cls-singleton true-cls-union
     true-lit-def uminus-Neg union-commute)
 then show ?case by (metis Un-Diff-cancel2 true-clss-singleton true-clss-union)
next
 case (condensation \ A \ P)
 then show ?case by (metis Diff-insert-absorb Set.set-insert insertE true-cls-union true-clss-def
    true-clss-singleton true-clss-union)
```

then have $I \models s N - \{B\} \Longrightarrow I \models A \text{ using } (A \in N) \text{ by } (simp add: true-clss-def)$

next

case ($subsumption \ A \ B$)

have $A \neq B$ using subsumption.hyps(2) by auto

moreover have $I \models A \Longrightarrow I \models B \text{ using } \langle A < \# B \rangle \text{ by } auto$

```
ultimately show ?case by (metis insert-Diff-single true-clss-insert)
qed
{\bf lemma}\ simplify\text{-}preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat:
    \mathbf{fixes}\ N\ N'::\ 'v\ clauses
    assumes simplify N N'
    and total-over-m I N
    shows I \models s N \longrightarrow I \models s N'
    using assms apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
    using true-clss-def by fastforce+
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat'':
    fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
    assumes simplify N N'
    and total-over-m I N'
    shows I \models s N \longrightarrow I \models s N'
    using assms apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
    using true-clss-def by fastforce+
\mathbf{lemma}\ simplify\text{-}preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat\text{-}eq:
    fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
    assumes simplify N N'
    and total-over-m I N
    \mathbf{shows}\ I \models s\ N \longleftrightarrow I \models s\ N'
    using simplify-preserves-un-sat simplify-preserves-un-sat' assms by blast
{f lemma}\ simplify\mbox{-}preserves\mbox{-}finite:
 assumes simplify \psi \psi'
  shows finite \psi \longleftrightarrow finite \psi'
  using assms by (induct rule: simplify.induct, auto simp add: remove-def)
lemma rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite:
 assumes rtranclp simplify \psi \psi'
 shows finite \psi \longleftrightarrow finite \psi'
  using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite)
lemma simplify-atms-of-m:
    assumes simplify \psi \psi'
    shows atms-of-m \psi' \subseteq atms-of-m \psi
    using assms unfolding atms-of-m-def
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
    case (tautology-deletion \ A \ P)
    then show ?case by auto
next
    case (condensation A P)
    moreover have A + \{\#P\#\} + \{\#P\#\} \in \psi \Longrightarrow \exists x \in \psi. \ atm\text{-of } P \in atm\text{-of } `set\text{-mset } x = x \in \psi. \ atm\text{-of } P \in atm\text{-of } S = x \in \psi. \ atm\text{
         by (metis Un-iff atms-of-def atms-of-plus atms-of-singleton insert-iff)
     ultimately show ?case by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
next
    case (subsumption A P)
    then show ?case by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-m:
    assumes rtranclp simplify \psi \psi'
```

```
shows atms-of-m \ \psi' \subseteq atms-of-m \ \psi
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply (fastforce intro: simplify-atms-of-m)
  using simplify-atms-of-m by blast
lemma factoring-imp-simplify:
  assumes \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in N
  shows \exists N'. simplify NN'
proof -
  have C + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} \in N \text{ using } assms \text{ by } (simp add: add.commute union-lcomm)
 from condensation[OF this] show ?thesis by blast
12.2
          Unconstrained Resolution
type-synonym 'v uncon-state = 'v clauses
inductive uncon\text{-}res :: 'v \ uncon\text{-}state \Rightarrow 'v \ uncon\text{-}state \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
resolution:
  \{\#Pos\ p\#\}\ +\ C\ \in\ N\ \Longrightarrow\ \{\#Neg\ p\#\}\ +\ D\ \in\ N\ \Longrightarrow\ (\{\#Pos\ p\#\}\ +\ C,\ \{\#Neg\ p\#\}\ +\ D)\ \notin\ A
already-used
   \implies uncon\text{-res }(N) \ (N \cup \{C + D\}) \ |
factoring: \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in N \Longrightarrow uncon\text{-res } N \ (N \cup \{C + \{\#L\#\}\})
lemma uncon-res-increasing:
  assumes uncon-res S S' and \psi \in S
 shows \psi \in S'
 using assms by (induct rule: uncon-res.induct) auto
lemma rtranclp-uncon-inference-increasing:
  assumes rtranclp\ uncon-res\ S\ S' and \psi\in S
 shows \psi \in S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: uncon-res-increasing)
12.2.1
           Subsumption
definition subsumes :: 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow bool where
subsumes \chi \chi' \longleftrightarrow
  (\forall\,I.\ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi'\}\ \longrightarrow\ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\})
 \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models \chi')
lemma subsumes-refl[simp]:
  subsumes \chi \chi
  unfolding subsumes-def by auto
lemma subsumes-subsumption:
  assumes subsumes D \chi
 and C \subset \# D and \neg tautology \chi
 shows subsumes C \chi unfolding subsumes-def
  using assms subsumption-total-over-m subsumption-chained unfolding subsumes-def
  by (blast intro!: subset-mset.less-imp-le)
lemma subsumes-tautology:
 assumes subsumes (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) \chi
 shows tautology \chi
  using assms unfolding subsumes-def by (simp add: tautology-def)
```

12.3 Inference Rule

```
type-synonym 'v state = 'v clauses \times ('v clause \times 'v clause) set
inductive inference-clause :: 'v state \Rightarrow 'v clause \times ('v clause \times 'v clause) set \Rightarrow bool
  (infix \Rightarrow_{Res} 100) where
resolution:
  \{\#Pos\ p\#\}\ +\ C\ \in\ N\ \Longrightarrow\ \{\#Neg\ p\#\}\ +\ D\ \in\ N\ \Longrightarrow\ (\{\#Pos\ p\#\}\ +\ C,\ \{\#Neg\ p\#\}\ +\ D)\ \notin\ A
already-used
  \implies inference-clause (N, already-used) (C + D, already-used \cup {({#Pos p#}} + C, {#Neg p#} +
D)\}) \mid
factoring: \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in \mathbb{N} \Longrightarrow inference-clause (N, already-used) (C + \{\#L\#\}, already-used)
inductive inference :: 'v state \Rightarrow 'v state \Rightarrow bool where
inference-step: inference-clause S (clause, already-used)
 \implies inference S (fst S \cup \{clause\}, already-used)
abbreviation already-used-inv
 :: 'a literal multiset set \times ('a literal multiset \times 'a literal multiset) set \Rightarrow bool where
already-used-inv state \equiv
  (\forall (A, B) \in snd \ state. \ \exists \ p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ A \land Neg \ p \in \# \ B \land
         ((\exists \chi \in fst \ state. \ subsumes \ \chi \ ((A - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}) + (B - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
           \vee \ tautology \ ((A - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}) + (B - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))))
\mathbf{lemma}\ in ference\text{-}clause\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv (fst S \cup \{fst S'\}, snd S'\})
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
 by fastforce+
lemma inference-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes inference S S'
 {\bf and} \ \ already\text{-}used\text{-}inv \ S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: inference.induct)
 case (inference-step S clause already-used)
 then show ?case
   using inference-clause-preserves-already-used-inv[of S (clause, already-used)] by simp
{f lemma}\ rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes rtrancly inference S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, simp)
 using inference-preserves-already-used-inv unfolding tautology-def by fast
lemma subsumes-condensation:
 assumes subsumes (C + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) D
 shows subsumes (C + \{\#L\#\}) D
  using assms unfolding subsumes-def by simp
lemma simplify-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes simplify N N'
```

```
and already-used-inv (N, already-used)
  shows already-used-inv (N', already-used)
  using assms
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
  case (condensation C L)
  then show ?case
   using subsumes-condensation by simp fast
\mathbf{next}
  {
    fix a:: 'a and A:: 'a set and P
    have (\exists x \in Set.remove \ a \ A. \ P \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \in A. \ x \neq a \land P \ x) by auto
  } note ex-member-remove = this
   fix a \ a\theta :: 'v \ clause \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses \ and \ y
   assume a \in A and a\theta \subset \# a
   then have (\exists x \in A. \ subsumes \ x \ y) \longleftrightarrow (subsumes \ a \ y \ \lor (\exists x \in A. \ x \neq a \land subsumes \ x \ y))
     by auto
  } note tt2 = this
  case (subsumption A B) note A = this(1) and AB = this(2) and B = this(3) and inv = this(4)
  show ?case
   proof (standard, standard)
     \mathbf{fix} \ x \ a \ b
     assume x: x \in snd (N - \{B\}, already-used) and [simp]: x = (a, b)
     obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# a \land Neg p \in \# b and
       q: (\exists \chi \in \mathbb{N}. \ subsumes \ \chi \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
         \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
       using inv \ x by fastforce
     consider (taut) tautology (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})) |
        (\chi) \chi \text{ where } \chi \in N \text{ subsumes } \chi \text{ } (a - \{\#Pos p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg p\#\}))
          \neg tautology\ (a - \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg\ p\#\}))
       using q by auto
     then show
       \exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ a \land Neg \ p \in \# \ b
            \land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N - \{B\}, \ already-used). \ subsumes \ \chi \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
                \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
       proof cases
         case taut
         then show ?thesis using p by auto
       next
         case \chi note H = this
         show ?thesis using p A AB B subsumes-subsumption [OF - AB H(3)] H(1,2) by auto
       qed
   qed
next
  case (tautology-deletion \ C \ P)
  then show ?case apply clarify
  proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
   assume C + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ P\# \} \in N
   assume already-used-inv (N, already-used)
   and (a, b) \in snd (N - \{C + \{\#Pos P\#\} + \{\#Neg P\#\}\}, already-used)
   then obtain p where
     Pos p \in \# a \land Neg p \in \# b \land
       ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N \cup \{C + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\}, already-used).
             subsumes \chi (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
```

```
\vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
     by fastforce
   moreover have tautology (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) by auto
   ultimately show
     \exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ a \land Neg \ p \in \# \ b
     \land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N - \{C + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\}), \ already-used).
           subsumes \chi (a - {#Pos p#} + (b - {#Neg p#})))
         \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
     by (metis (no-types) Diff-iff Un-insert-right empty-iff fst-conv insertE subsumes-tautology
       sup-bot.right-neutral)
 qed
qed
lemma
 factoring-satisfiable: I \models \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \longleftrightarrow I \models \{\#L\#\} + C and
 resolution-satisfiable:
   consistent-interp I \Longrightarrow I \models \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C \Longrightarrow I \models \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D \Longrightarrow I \models C + D and
   factoring-same-vars: atms-of (\{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C) = atms-of (\{\#L\#\} + C)
  unfolding true-cls-def consistent-interp-def by (fastforce split: split-if-asm)+
lemma inference-increasing:
 assumes inference S S' and \psi \in fst S
 shows \psi \in fst S'
 using assms by (induct rule: inference.induct, auto)
lemma rtranclp-inference-increasing:
 assumes rtrancly inference S S' and \psi \in fst S
 shows \psi \in fst S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: inference-increasing)
lemma inference-clause-already-used-increasing:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 shows snd S \subseteq snd S'
 using assms by (induct rule:inference-clause.induct, auto)
lemma inference-already-used-increasing:
 assumes inference S S
 shows snd S \subseteq snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule:inference.induct)
  using inference-clause-already-used-increasing by fastforce
lemma inference-clause-preserves-un-sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference-clause T T'
 and total-over-m I (fst T)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s \text{ fst } T \longleftrightarrow I \models s \text{ fst } T \cup \{\text{fst } T'\}
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
 unfolding consistent-interp-def true-clss-def by auto force+
lemma inference-preserves-un-sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
```

```
assumes inference T T'
 and total-over-m \ I \ (fst \ T)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s fst \ T \longleftrightarrow I \models s fst \ T'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
  using inference-clause-preserves-un-sat by fastforce
lemma inference-clause-preserves-atms-of-m:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 shows atms-of-m (fst (fst S \cup \{fst S'\}, snd S')) \subseteq atms-of-m (fst S)
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
  apply auto
    apply (metis Set.set-insert UnCI atms-of-m-insert atms-of-plus)
   apply (metis Set.set-insert UnCI atms-of-m-insert atms-of-plus)
  apply (simp add: in-m-in-literals union-assoc)
  unfolding atms-of-m-def using assms by fastforce
lemma inference-preserves-atms-of-m:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference T T'
 shows atms-of-m (fst T') \subseteq atms-of-m (fst T)
  using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
  using inference-clause-preserves-atms-of-m by fastforce
lemma inference-preserves-total:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference (N, already-used) (N', already-used')
 shows total-over-m I N \Longrightarrow total-over-m I N'
   using assms inference-preserves-atms-of-m unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
   by fastforce
lemma rtranclp-inference-preserves-total:
 assumes rtranclp inference T T'
 shows total-over-m I (fst T) \Longrightarrow total-over-m I (fst T')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: inference-preserves-total)
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-inference-preserves-un-sat:
 assumes rtranclp inference N N'
 and total-over-m I (fst N)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s fst \ N \longleftrightarrow I \models s fst \ N'
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 apply (simp add: inference-preserves-un-sat)
 {\bf using} \ inference-preserves-un-sat \ rtranclp-inference-preserves-total \ {\bf by} \ blast
lemma inference-preserves-finite:
 assumes inference \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: inference.induct, auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite)
lemma inference-clause-preserves-finite-snd:
 assumes inference-clause \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
```

```
lemma inference-preserves-finite-snd:
 assumes inference \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms inference-clause-preserves-finite-snd by (induct rule: inference.induct, fastforce)
lemma rtranclp-inference-preserves-finite:
 assumes rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite inference-preserves-finite)
\mathbf{lemma}\ consistent\text{-}interp\text{-}insert:
 assumes consistent-interp I
 and atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of 'I
 shows consistent-interp (insert P I)
proof -
 have P: insert P I = I \cup \{P\} by auto
 show ?thesis unfolding P
 apply (rule consistent-interp-disjoint)
 using assms by (auto simp add: atms-of-s-def)
qed
lemma simplify-clause-preserves-sat:
 assumes simp: simplify \psi \psi'
 and satisfiable \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi
 using assms
proof induction
 case (tautology-deletion A P) note AP = this(1) and sat = this(2)
 let ?A' = A + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ P\# \}
 let ?\psi' = \psi - \{?A'\}
 obtain I where
   I: I \models s ? \psi' and
   cons: consistent-interp\ I and
   tot: total-over-m I ? \psi'
   using sat unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
  { assume Pos \ P \in I \lor Neg \ P \in I
   then have I \models ?A' by auto
   then have I \models s \psi using I by (metis insert-Diff tautology-deletion.hyps true-clss-insert)
   then have ?case using cons tot by auto
 moreover {
   assume Pos: Pos P \notin I and Neg: Neg P \notin I
   then have consistent-interp (I \cup \{Pos\ P\}) using cons by simp
   moreover have I'A: I \cup \{Pos\ P\} \models ?A' by auto
   have \{Pos \ P\} \cup I \models s \ \psi - \{A + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\}\
     using \langle I \models s \psi - \{A + \{\#Pos P\#\}\} + \{\#Neg P\#\}\} \rangle true-clss-union-increase' by blast
   then have I \cup \{Pos \ P\} \models s \ \psi
     by (metis (no-types) Un-empty-right Un-insert-left Un-insert-right I'A insert-Diff
       sup-bot.left-neutral tautology-deletion.hyps true-clss-insert)
   ultimately have ?case using satisfiable-carac' by blast
```

```
}
    ultimately show ?case by blast
    case (condensation A L) note AL = this(1) and sat = this(2)
    have f3: simplify \psi (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\})
       using AL simplify.condensation by blast
    obtain LL :: 'a \ literal \ multiset \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ set \ where
       \textit{f4} : LL \ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) \models s \ \psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} \(A + \{\#L\#\}\} \(A + \{\#L\#\}\} \(A + \{\#L\#\}\}\(A + \{\#L\#\}\(A + \{\#L\#\}\}\(A + \{
+ \{ \#L\# \} \}
            \land consistent\text{-interp} (LL (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}))
            \wedge \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ (LL \ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\})\}
                                           \cup \; \{A + \{\#L\#\}\})) \; (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \; \cup \; \{A + \{\#L\#\}\})
       using sat by (meson satisfiable-def)
    have f5: insert (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) = \psi
       using AL by fastforce
    have atms-of (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) = atms-of (\{\#L\#\} + A)
       by simp
    then show ?case
       using f5 f4 f3 by (metis (no-types) add.commute satisfiable-def simplify-preserves-un-sat'
            total-over-m-insert total-over-m-union)
next
    case (subsumption A B) note A = this(1) and AB = this(2) and B = this(3) and sat = this(4)
   let ?\psi' = \psi - \{B\}
    obtain I where I: I \models s ?\psi' and cons: consistent-interp I and tot: total-over-m I ?\psi'
       using sat unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
    have I \models A using A I by (metis AB Diff-iff subset-mset.less-irreft singletonD true-clss-def)
    then have I \models B using AB subset-mset.less-imp-le true-cls-mono-leD by blast
    then have I \models s \psi using I by (\textit{metis insert-Diff-single true-clss-insert})
    then show ?case using cons satisfiable-carac' by blast
qed
lemma simplify-preserves-unsat:
   assumes inference \psi \psi'
   shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
    using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
    using satisfiable-decreasing by (metis fst-conv)+
lemma inference-preserves-unsat:
    assumes inference** S S'
    shows satisfiable (fst S') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst S)
    using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
    apply simp-all
    using simplify-preserves-unsat by blast
datatype 'v sem-tree = Node 'v 'v sem-tree 'v sem-tree | Leaf
fun sem-tree-size :: 'v sem-tree \Rightarrow nat where
sem-tree-size Leaf = 0
sem-tree-size (Node - ag ad) = 1 + sem-tree-size ag + sem-tree-size ad
lemma sem-tree-size[case-names bigger]:
    (\bigwedge xs:: 'v \ sem\text{-tree.} \ (\bigwedge ys:: 'v \ sem\text{-tree.} \ sem\text{-tree-size} \ ys < sem\text{-tree-size} \ xs \Longrightarrow P \ ys) \Longrightarrow P \ xs)
    \implies P xs
   by (fact Nat.measure-induct-rule)
```

```
fun partial-interps :: 'v sem-tree \Rightarrow 'v interp \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool where
partial-interps Leaf I \psi = (\exists \chi. \neg I \models \chi \land \chi \in \psi \land total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \{\chi\}) \mid
partial-interps (Node v ag ad) I \psi \longleftrightarrow
  (partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\})\ \psi \land partial-interps\ ad\ (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \psi)
\mathbf{lemma}\ simplify\text{-}preserve\text{-}partial\text{-}leaf:
  simplify \ N \ N' \Longrightarrow partial-interps \ Leaf \ I \ N \Longrightarrow partial-interps \ Leaf \ I \ N'
  apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
   using union-lcomm apply auto[1]
  apply (simp, metis atms-of-plus total-over-set-union true-cls-union)
  apply simp
  by (metis atms-of-m-singleton mset-le-exists-conv subset-mset-def true-cls-mono-leD
   total-over-m-def total-over-m-sum)
lemma simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
  assumes simplify N N'
  and partial-interps t I N
  shows partial-interps t\ I\ N'
  using assms apply (induct t arbitrary: I, simp)
  using simplify-preserve-partial-leaf by metis
lemma inference-preserve-partial-tree:
  assumes inference S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
  using assms apply (induct t arbitrary: I, simp-all)
  by (meson inference-increasing)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}inference\text{-}preserve\text{-}partial\text{-}tree:
  assumes rtrancly inference N N'
 and partial-interps t I (fst N)
  shows partial-interps t I (fst N')
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto)
  using inference-preserve-partial-tree by force
function build-sem-tree :: 'v :: linorder set \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'v sem-tree where
build-sem-tree atms \psi =
  (if \ atms = \{\} \lor \neg \ finite \ atms
  then Leaf
  else Node (Min atms) (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
    (build\text{-}sem\text{-}tree\ (Set.remove\ (Min\ atms)\ atms)\ \psi))
by auto
termination
 apply (relation measure (\lambda(A, -)). card A), simp-all)
 apply (metis Min-in card-Diff1-less remove-def)+
declare build-sem-tree.induct[case-names tree]
lemma unsatisfiable-empty[simp]:
```

```
\neg unsatisfiable \{\}
  unfolding satisfiable-def apply auto
 using consistent-interp-def unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-m-def by blast
lemma partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms-general:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder clauses and p :: 'v literal list
 assumes unsat: unsatisfiable \psi and finite \psi and consistent-interp I
 and finite atms
 and atms-of-m \psi = atms \cup atms-of-s I and atms \cap atms-of-s I = \{\}
 shows partial-interps (build-sem-tree atms \psi) I \psi
 using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: build-sem-tree.induct)
 case (1 atms \psi Ia) note IH1 = this(1) and IH2 = this(2) and unsat = this(3) and finite = this(4)
   and cons = this(5) and f = this(6) and un = this(7) and disj = this(8)
 {
   assume atms: atms = \{\}
   then have atmsIa: atms-of-m \ \psi = atms-of-s \ Ia \ using \ un \ by \ auto
   then have total-over-m Ia \psi unfolding total-over-m-def atmsIa by auto
   then have \chi: \exists \chi \in \psi. \neg Ia \models \chi
     using unsat cons unfolding true-clss-def satisfiable-def by auto
   then have build-sem-tree atms \psi = Leaf using atms by auto
   moreover
     have tot: \chi. \chi \in \psi \implies total-over-m Ia \{\chi\}
     unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-m-def atms-of-s-def
     using atmsIa atms-of-m-def by fastforce
   have partial-interps Leaf Ia \psi
     using \chi tot by (auto simp add: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-m-def)
     ultimately have ?case by metis
 }
 moreover {
   assume atms: atms \neq \{\}
   have build-sem-tree atms \psi = Node (Min atms) (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
      (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
     using build-sem-tree.simps[of atms \psi] f atms by metis
   have consistent-interp (Ia \cup \{Pos \ (Min \ atms)\}) unfolding consistent-interp-def
     by (metis Int-iff Min-in Un-iff atm-of-uninus atms cons consistent-interp-def disj empty-iff
      f in-atms-of-s-decomp insert-iff literal.distinct(1) literal.exhaust-sel literal.sel(2)
       uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
   moreover have atms-of-m \psi = Set.remove (Min atms) atms \cup atms-of-s (Ia \cup {Pos (Min atms)})
     using Min-in atms f un by fastforce
   moreover have disj': Set.remove (Min \ atms) atms \cap atms-of-s (Ia \cup \{Pos \ (Min \ atms)\}) = \{\}
     by simp (metis disj disjoint-iff-not-equal member-remove)
   moreover have finite (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) using f by (simp add: remove-def)
   ultimately have subtree1: partial-interps (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
       (Ia \cup \{Pos \ (Min \ atms)\}) \ \psi
     using IH1[of Ia \cup {Pos (Min (atms))}] atms f unsat finite by metis
   have consistent-interp (Ia \cup \{Neq (Min \ atms)\}) unfolding consistent-interp-def
     by (metis Int-iff Min-in Un-iff atm-of-uminus atms cons consistent-interp-def disj empty-iff
      f in-atms-of-s-decomp insert-iff literal distinct (1) literal exhaust-sel literal sel(2)
       uminus-Neg)
   moreover have atms-of-m \psi = Set.remove (Min atms) atms <math>\cup atms-of-s (Ia \cup \{Neg (Min atms)\})
    using \langle atms-of-m \ \psi = Set.remove \ (Min \ atms) \ atms \cup \ atms-of-s \ (Ia \cup \{Pos \ (Min \ atms)\}) \rangle by blast
```

```
moreover have disj': Set.remove (Min \ atms) atms \cap atms-of-s (Ia \cup \{Neg \ (Min \ atms)\}) = \{\}
     using disj by auto
   moreover have finite (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) using f by (simp add: remove-def)
   ultimately have subtree2: partial-interps (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
       (Ia \cup \{Neg \ (Min \ atms)\}) \ \psi
     using IH2[of\ Ia \cup \{Neg\ (Min\ (atms))\}] atms f\ unsat\ finite\ by metis
   then have ?case
     using IH1 subtree1 subtree2 f local.finite unsat atms by simp
 ultimately show ?case by metis
qed
{\bf lemma}\ partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder clauses and p :: 'v literal list
 assumes unsat: unsatisfiable \psi and finite: finite \psi
 shows partial-interps (build-sem-tree (atms-of-m \psi) \psi) {} \psi
proof -
 have consistent-interp {} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
 moreover have atms-of-m \psi = atms-of-m \psi \cup atms-of-s \{\} unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
 moreover have atms-of-m \ \psi \cap atms-of-s \ \{\} = \{\} unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
 moreover have finite (atms-of-m \psi) unfolding atms-of-m-def using finite by simp
 ultimately show partial-interps (build-sem-tree (atms-of-m \psi) \psi) {} \psi
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms-general of \psi {} atms-of-m \psi] assms by metis
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{can-decrease-count} \colon
 fixes \psi'' :: 'v clauses × ('v clause × 'v clause × 'v) set
 assumes count \chi L = n
 and L \in \# \chi and \chi \in fst \psi
 shows \exists \psi' \chi'. inference^{**} \psi \psi' \wedge \chi' \in fst \psi' \wedge (\forall L. L \in \# \chi \longleftrightarrow L \in \# \chi')
               \wedge \ count \ \chi' \ L = 1
               \land (\forall I'. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \{\chi\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \{\chi'\})
 using assms
proof (induct n arbitrary: \chi \psi)
  case \theta
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Suc n \chi)
  note IH = this(1) and count = this(2) and L = this(3) and \chi = this(4)
    assume n = 0
    then have inference^{**} \psi \psi
    and \chi \in fst \ \psi
    and \forall L. (L \in \# \chi) \longleftrightarrow (L \in \# \chi)
    and count \chi L = (1::nat)
    and \forall \varphi. \ \varphi \in fst \ \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \ \psi
      by (auto simp add: count L(\chi))
    then have ?case by metis
  }
  moreover {
```

```
assume n > 0
     then have \exists C. \chi = C + \{\#L, L\#\}
        by (metis L One-nat-def add-diff-cancel-right' count-diff count-single diff-Suc-Suc diff-zero
          local.count multi-member-split union-assoc)
     then obtain C where C: \chi = C + \{\#L, L\#\} by metis
     \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{let} \ ?\chi' = C \ + \{\#L\#\} \\ \mathbf{let} \ ?\psi' = (\mathit{fst} \ \psi \cup \{?\chi'\}, \ \mathit{snd} \ \psi) \end{array}
     have \varphi: \forall \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi. (\varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \lor \varphi \neq ?\chi') \longleftrightarrow \varphi \in \mathit{fst} ?\psi' unfolding C by \mathit{auto}
     have inf: inference \psi ?\psi'
        using C factoring \chi prod.collapse union-commute inference-step by metis
     moreover have count': count ?\chi' L = n using C count by auto
     moreover have L\chi': L:\#?\chi' by auto
     moreover have \chi'\psi': ?\chi' \in fst ?\psi' by auto
     ultimately obtain \psi'' and \chi''
     where
        inference^{**} ?\psi' \psi'' and
        \alpha: \chi'' \in fst \ \psi'' and
        \forall La. (La \in \# ?\chi') \longleftrightarrow (La \in \# \chi'') \text{ and }
        \beta: count \chi'' L = (1::nat) and
        \varphi': \forall \varphi. \varphi \in fst ? \psi' \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \psi'' and
        I\chi: I \models ?\chi' \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi'' and
        tot: \forall I'. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \{?\chi'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \{\chi''\}
        using IH[of ?\chi' ?\psi'] count' L\chi' \chi'\psi' by blast
     then have inference^{**} \psi \psi''
     and \forall La. (La \in \# \chi) \longleftrightarrow (La \in \# \chi'')
     using inf unfolding C by auto
     moreover have \forall \varphi. \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \psi'' \text{ using } \varphi \varphi' \text{ by } \mathit{metis}
     moreover have I \models \chi \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi'' using I\chi unfolding true-cls-def C by auto
     \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ \forall \ I'. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \ \{\chi\} \ \longrightarrow \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \ \{\chi''\}
        using tot unfolding C total-over-m-def by auto
     ultimately have ?case using \varphi \varphi' \alpha \beta by metis
  }
  ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma can-decrease-tree-size:
  fixes \psi :: 'v \text{ state} and tree :: 'v \text{ sem-tree}
  assumes finite (fst \psi) and already-used-inv \psi
  and partial-interps tree I (fst \psi)
  shows \exists (tree': 'v \ sem-tree) \ \psi'. \ inference^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial-interps \ tree' \ I \ (fst \ \psi')
               \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0)
  using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: sem-tree-size)
  case (bigger xs I) note IH = this(1) and finite = this(2) and a-u-i = this(3) and part = this(4)
  {
    assume sem-tree-size xs = 0
    then have ?case using part by blast
  moreover {
    assume sn\theta: sem-tree-size xs > \theta
    obtain ag \ ad \ v where xs: xs = Node \ v \ ag \ ad \ using \ sn\theta by (case\text{-}tac \ xs, \ auto)
    {
```

```
assume sem-tree-size ag = 0 and sem-tree-size ad = 0
then have ag: ag = Leaf and ad: ad = Leaf by (case-tac \ ag, \ auto) \ (case-tac \ ad, \ auto)
then obtain \chi \chi' where
  \chi: \neg I \cup \{Pos\ v\} \models \chi \text{ and }
  tot \chi: total-over-m (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) \{\chi\} and
  \chi\psi: \chi\in fst\ \psi and
  \chi': \neg I \cup \{Neg\ v\} \models \chi' and
  tot\chi': total-over-m (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \{\chi'\} and
  \chi'\psi : \chi' \in fst \ \psi
  using part unfolding xs by auto
have Posv: \neg Pos\ v \in \#\ \chi\ using\ \chi\ unfolding\ true-cls-def\ true-lit-def\ by\ auto
have Negv: \neg Neg \ v \in \# \ \chi' using \chi' unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
  assume Neg\chi: \neg Neg\ v \in \#\ \chi
 have \neg I \models \chi using \chi Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
  moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi\}
    using Posv\ Neg\chi\ atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit\ tot\chi\ unfolding\ total-over-m-def\ total-over-set-def
    by fastforce
  ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
  and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
  and inference^{**} \psi \psi
    unfolding xs by (auto simp add: \chi\psi)
moreover {
  assume Pos\chi: \neg Pos\ v \in \#\ \chi'
  then have I\chi: \neg I \models \chi' using \chi' Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
 moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi'\}
    using Negv Pos\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi'
    unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
  ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi) and
    sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs and
    inference^{**} \psi \psi
    using \chi'\psi I\chi unfolding xs by auto
}
moreover {
  assume neg: Neg v \in \# \chi and pos: Pos v \in \# \chi'
  then obtain \psi' \chi 2 where inf: rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and \chi 2incl: \chi 2 \in fst \psi'
    and \chi\chi 2-incl: \forall L. L : \# \chi \longleftrightarrow L : \# \chi 2
    and count\chi 2: count \chi 2 \ (Neg \ v) = 1
    and \varphi: \forall \varphi::'v literal multiset. \varphi \in fst \ \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \ \psi'
    and I\chi: I \models \chi \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi 2
    and tot\text{-}imp\chi: \forall I'. total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I'\{\chi\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I'\{\chi2\}
    using can-decrease-count of \chi Neg v count \chi (Neg v) \psi I \chi \psi \chi' \psi by auto
  have \chi' \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi' by (\mathit{simp add}: \chi' \psi \ \varphi)
  with pos
  obtain \psi'' \chi 2' where
  inf': inference^{**} \psi' \psi''
  and \chi 2'-incl: \chi 2' \in fst \psi''
 and \chi'\chi 2-incl: \forall L::'v \ literal. \ (L \in \# \chi') = (L \in \# \chi 2')
  and count\chi 2': count \chi 2' (Pos v) = (1::nat)
  and \varphi' : \forall \varphi : \forall v \text{ literal multiset. } \varphi \in \text{fst } \psi' \longrightarrow \varphi \in \text{fst } \psi''
  and I\chi': I \models \chi' \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi 2'
  and tot-imp\chi': \forall I'. total-over-m I' \{\chi'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m I' \{\chi 2'\}
```

```
using can-decrease-count [of \chi' Pos v count \chi' (Pos v) \psi' I] by auto
obtain C where \chi 2: \chi 2 = C + \{ \# Neq \ v \# \}  and neqC: Neq \ v \notin \# \ C and posC: Pos \ v \notin \# \ C
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Posv Suc-inject Suc-pred \chi\chi^2-incl count\chi^2
    count-diff count-single gr0I insert-DiffM insert-DiffM2 multi-member-skip
    old.nat.distinct(2))
obtain C' where
  \chi 2' : \chi 2' = C' + \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}  and
  posC': Pos \ v \notin \# \ C' and
  negC': Neg\ v \notin \#\ C'
  proof -
    assume a1: \bigwedge C'. [\![\chi 2' = C' + \{\#Pos\ v\#\};\ Pos\ v \notin \#\ C';\ Neg\ v \notin \#\ C']\!] \Longrightarrow thesis
   have f2: \Lambda n. (n::nat) - n = 0
      by simp
    have Neg \ v \notin \# \ \chi 2' - \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}
      using Negv \chi'\chi2-incl by auto
    then show ?thesis
      using f2 at by (metis add.commute count\chi 2' count-diff count-single insert-DiffM
        less-nat-zero-code zero-less-one)
  qed
have already-used-inv \psi'
  using rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv[of \psi \psi'] a-u-i inf by blast
then have a-u-i-\psi'': already-used-inv \psi''
  using rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv a-u-i inf 'unfolding tautology-def
  by simp
have totC: total-over-m \ I \ \{C\}
  using tot-impx totx tot-over-m-remove[of I Pos v C] neqC posC unfolding \chi 2
  by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg uminus-of-uminus-id)
have totC': total-over-m \ I \ \{C'\}
  using tot-imp\chi' tot\chi' total-over-m-sum tot-over-m-remove[of I Neg v C'] negC' posC'
  unfolding \chi 2' by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg)
have \neg I \models C + C'
  using \chi I \chi \chi' I \chi' unfolding \chi 2 \chi 2' true-cls-def Bex-mset-def
  by (metis add-qr-0 count-union true-cls-singleton true-cls-union-increase)
then have part-I-\psi''': partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\})
  using totC \ totC' by simp
    (metis \langle \neg I \models C + C' \rangle \ atms-of-m-singleton \ total-over-m-def \ total-over-m-sum)
  assume ({#Pos v#} + C', {#Neg v#} + C) \notin snd \psi''
  then have inf": inference \psi'' (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi'' \cup \{(\chi 2', \chi 2)\})
    using add.commute \varphi' \chi 2incl \langle \chi 2' \in fst \psi'' \rangle unfolding \chi 2 \chi 2
   by (metis prod.collapse inference-step resolution)
  have inference** \psi (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi'' \cup \{(\chi 2', \chi 2)\})
    using inf inf' inf" rtranclp-trans by auto
  moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
  ultimately have ?case using part-I-\psi''' by (metis fst-conv)
}
moreover {
  assume a: (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \in snd\ \psi''
  then have (\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi''. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
             \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C))
        \vee tautology (C' + C)
```

```
proof -
         obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# (\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') and
         n: Neg \ p \in \# (\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C) \ and
         decomp: ((\exists \chi \in fst \psi'').
                    (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{(\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}\})
                            + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\})\}
                       \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\})
                    \lor tautology ((\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\})))
           using a by (blast intro: allE[OF a-u-i-\psi''[unfolded subsumes-def Ball-def],
               of (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C)])
          { assume p \neq v
           then have Pos \ p \in \# \ C' \land Neg \ p \in \# \ C \ using \ p \ n \ by force
           then have ?thesis by (metis add-gr-0 count-union tautology-Pos-Neg)
         moreover {
           assume p = v
          then have ?thesis using decomp by (metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-left')
         ultimately show ?thesis by auto
       qed
     moreover {
       assume \exists \chi \in fst \ \psi''. (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
         \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)
       then obtain \vartheta where \vartheta: \vartheta \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi'' and
         tot-\vartheta-CC': \forall I. total-over-m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m \ I \ \{\vartheta\} and
         \vartheta-inv: \forall I. total-over-m I \{\vartheta\} \longrightarrow I \models \vartheta \longrightarrow I \models C' + C by blast
       have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi'')
         using tot - \vartheta - CC' \vartheta \vartheta - inv \ tot C \ tot C' \lor \neg I \models C + C' \lor \ total - over - m - sum \ \mathbf{by} \ fastforce
       moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
       ultimately have ?case by (metis inf inf' rtranclp-trans)
     }
     moreover {
       assume tautCC': tautology (C' + C)
       have total-over-m I \{C'+C\} using totC totC' total-over-m-sum by auto
       then have \neg tautology (C' + C)
         using \langle \neg I \models C + C' \rangle unfolding add.commute[of C C'] total-over-m-def
         unfolding tautology-def by auto
       then have False using tautCC' unfolding tautology-def by auto
     ultimately have ?case by auto
   ultimately have ?case by auto
  ultimately have ?case using part by (metis (no-types) sem-tree-size.simps(1))
moreover {
  assume size-ag: sem-tree-size ag > 0
  have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
  moreover have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
   and partad: partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
   using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
  moreover have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
```

```
\longrightarrow (partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi) \longrightarrow
       (\exists tree' \ \psi'. \ inference^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial-interps \ tree' \ (I \cup \{Pos \ v\}) \ (fst \ \psi')
         \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0)))
         using IH by auto
     ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ where
       inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi'
       and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0
       using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-reft a-u-i by blast
     have partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi')
       using rtranclp-inference-preserve-partial-tree inf partad by metis
     then have partial-interps (Node v tree' ad) I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-ag part unfolding xs by fastforce
   }
   moreover {
     assume size-ad: sem-tree-size ad > 0
     have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
     moreover have partag: partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi) and
       partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
       using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
     moreover have sem-tree-size ad \langle sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
       \longrightarrow ( partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
       \longrightarrow (\exists tree' \psi'. inference^{**} \psi \psi' \land partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg v\}) (fst \psi')
           \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0)))
       using IH by auto
     ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ \ where
       inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi'
       and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0
       using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-refl a-u-i by blast
     have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi')
       using rtranclp-inference-preserve-partial-tree inf partag by metis
     then have partial-interps (Node v ag tree') I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-ad unfolding xs by fastforce
   ultimately have ?case by auto
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma inference-completeness-inv:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
   unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \ \psi) and
   finite: finite (fst \psi) and
   a-u-v: already-used-inv <math>\psi
 shows \exists \psi'. (inference** \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
  obtain tree where partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi)
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms assms by metis
  then show ?thesis
   using unsat finite a-u-v
   proof (induct tree arbitrary: \psi rule: sem-tree-size)
```

```
case (bigger tree \psi) note H = this
     {
      fix \chi
      assume tree: tree = Leaf
       obtain \chi where \chi: \neg {} \models \chi and tot\chi: total-over-m {} {\chi} and \chi\psi: \chi \in fst \psi
        using H unfolding tree by auto
       moreover have \{\#\} = \chi
        using tot\chi unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
      moreover have inference^{**} \psi \psi by auto
       ultimately have ?case by metis
     }
     moreover {
      fix v tree1 tree2
       assume tree: tree = Node \ v \ tree1 \ tree2
       obtain
        tree' \psi' where inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi' and
        part': partial-interps tree' \{\} (fst \psi') and
        decrease: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0
        using can-decrease-tree-size of \psi H(2,4,5) unfolding tautology-def by meson
       have sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree using decrease unfolding tree by auto
       moreover have finite (fst \psi') using rtranclp-inference-preserves-finite inf H(4) by metis
       moreover have unsatisfiable (fst \psi')
        using inference-preserves-unsat inf\ bigger.prems(2) by blast
       moreover have already-used-inv \psi'
        using H(5) inf rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv[of \psi \psi'] by auto
       ultimately have ?case using inf rtranclp-trans part' H(1) by fastforce
     ultimately show ?case by (case-tac tree, auto)
  qed
qed
lemma inference-completeness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \ \psi)
 and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 and snd \psi = \{\}
 shows \exists \psi'. (rtranclp inference \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof
 have already-used-inv \psi unfolding assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using assms inference-completeness-inv by blast
qed
lemma inference-soundness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and \{\#\} \in fst \psi'
 shows unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms by (meson rtranclp-inference-preserves-un-sat satisfiable-def true-cls-empty
   true-clss-def)
lemma inference-soundness-and-completeness:
fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
assumes finite: finite (fst \psi)
and snd \ \psi = \{\}
shows (\exists \psi'. (inference^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms inference-completeness inference-soundness by metis
```

12.4 Lemma about the simplified state

```
abbreviation simplified \psi \equiv (no\text{-step simplify } \psi)
lemma simplified-count:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and \chi: \chi \in \psi
 shows count \chi L \leq 1
proof -
   let ?\chi' = \chi - \{\#L, L\#\}
   assume count \chi L \geq 2
   then have f1: count (\chi - \{\#L, L\#\} + \{\#L, L\#\}) L = count \chi L
   then have L \in \# \chi - \{\#L\#\}
     by simp
   then have \chi': ?\chi' + {\#L\#} + {\#L\#} = \chi
     using f1 by (metis (no-types) diff-diff-add diff-single-eq-union union-assoc
       union-single-eq-member)
   have \exists \psi'. simplify \psi \psi'
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) \chi \chi' add.commute factoring-imp-simplify union-assoc)
   then have False using simp by auto
 then show ?thesis by arith
qed
lemma simplified-no-both:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and \chi: \chi \in \psi
 shows \neg (L \in \# \chi \land -L \in \# \chi)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg \neg (L \in \# \chi \land - L \in \# \chi)
 then have L \in \# \chi \land - L \in \# \chi by metis
 then obtain \chi' where \chi = \chi' + \{ \#Pos (atm\text{-}of L) \# \} + \{ \#Neg (atm\text{-}of L) \# \}
   by (metis Neg-atm-of-iff Pos-atm-of-iff diff-union-swap insert-DiffM2 uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
 then show False using \chi simp tautology-deletion by fastforce
qed
lemma simplified-not-tautology:
 assumes simplified \{\psi\}
 shows \sim tautology \psi
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ∼ ?thesis
 then obtain p where Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg \ p \in \# \psi using tautology-decomp by metis
 then obtain \chi where \psi = \chi + \{ \#Pos \ p\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ p\# \}
   by (metis insert-noteq-member literal.distinct(1) multi-member-split)
 then have \sim simplified \{\psi\} by (auto intro: tautology-deletion)
 then show False using assms by auto
qed
lemma simplified-remove:
 assumes simplified \{\psi\}
 shows simplified \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ns: \neg simplified \{ \psi - \{ \#l \# \} \}
   assume \neg l \in \# \psi
   then have \psi - \{\#l\#\} = \psi by simp
```

```
then have False using ns assms by auto
 moreover {
   assume l\psi: l\in \# \psi
   have A: \Lambda A. A \in \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\} \longleftrightarrow A + \{\#l\#\} \in \{\psi\} by (auto simp add: l\psi)
   obtain l' where l': simplify \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\}\ l' using ns by metis
   then have \exists l'. simplify \{\psi\} l'
     proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
       case (tautology-deletion \ A \ P)
      have \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + (\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + (A + \{\#l\#\})) \in \{\psi\}
        by (metis (no-types) A add.commute tautology-deletion.hyps union-lcomm)
      then show ?thesis
         by (metis simplify.tautology-deletion[of A+\{\#l\#\}\ P\ \{\psi\}] add.commute)
      case (condensation A L)
      have A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#l\#\} \in \{\psi\}
        using A condensation.hyps by blast
       then have \{\#L, L\#\} + (A + \{\#l\#\}) \in \{\psi\}
        by (metis (no-types) union-assoc union-commute)
       then show ?case
        \mathbf{using}\ factoring	ext{-}imp	ext{-}simplify\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
       case (subsumption A B)
       then show ?case by blast
   then have False using assms(1) by blast
 ultimately show False by auto
lemma in-simplified-simplified:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and incl: \psi' \subseteq \psi
 shows simplified \psi'
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain \psi'' where simplify \psi' \psi'' by metis
   then have \exists l'. simplify \psi l'
     proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
       case (tautology-deletion \ A \ P)
      then show ?thesis using simplify.tautology-deletion[of A P \psi] incl by blast
     next
       case (condensation A L)
      then show ?case using simplify.condensation[of A L \psi] incl by blast
     next
       case (subsumption A B)
      then show ?case using simplify.subsumption[of A \psi B] incl by auto
 then show False using assms(1) by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma simplified-in:
 assumes simplified \psi
 and N \in \psi
 shows simplified \{N\}
```

```
using assms by (metis Set.set-insert empty-subset in-simplified-simplified insert-mono)
{f lemma}\ subsumes-imp-formula:
 assumes \psi \leq \# \varphi
 shows \{\psi\} \models p \varphi
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def apply auto
 using assms true-cls-mono-leD by blast
lemma simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi'
 shows distinct-mset-set \psi' and \forall \chi \in \psi'. \neg tautology \chi
proof -
  show \forall \chi \in \psi'. \neg tautology \chi
   using simp by (auto simp add: simplified-in simplified-not-tautology)
 show distinct-mset-set \psi'
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬?thesis
     then obtain \chi where \chi \in \psi' and \neg distinct\text{-mset}\ \chi unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
     then obtain L where count \chi L \geq 2
       unfolding distinct-mset-def by (metis gr-implies-not0 le-antisym less-one not-le simp
         simplified-count)
     then show False by (metis Suc-1 \langle \chi \in \psi' \rangle not-less-eq-eq simp simplified-count)
   qed
qed
lemma simplified-no-more-full1-simplified:
 assumes simplified \psi
 shows \neg full1 simplify \psi \psi'
 using assms unfolding full1-def by (meson tranclpD)
12.5
         Resolution and Invariants
inductive resolution :: 'v state \Rightarrow 'v state \Rightarrow bool where
full1-simp: full1 simplify N N' \Longrightarrow resolution (N, already-used) (N', already-used) |
inferring: inference (N, already-used) (N', already-used') \Longrightarrow simplified N
 \implies full simplify N'N'' \implies resolution (N, already-used) (N'', already-used')
12.5.1
          Invariants
lemma resolution-finite:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: resolution.induct)
   (auto simp add: full1-def full-def rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite
     dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp inference-preserves-finite)
lemma rtranclp-resolution-finite:
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: resolution-finite)
lemma resolution-finite-snd:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct, auto simp add: inference-preserves-finite-snd)
```

```
using inference-preserves-finite-snd snd-conv by metis
lemma rtranclp-resolution-finite-snd:
 assumes resolution** \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: resolution-finite-snd)
lemma resolution-always-simplified:
assumes resolution \psi \psi'
shows simplified (fst \psi')
using assms by (induct rule: resolution.induct)
  (auto\ simp\ add:\ full1-def\ full-def)
lemma tranclp-resolution-always-simplified:
 assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi'
 shows simplified (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct, auto simp add: resolution-always-simplified)
lemma resolution-atms-of:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows atms-of-m (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-m (fst \psi)
  using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
   apply(simp add: rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-m tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def)
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) contra-subsetD fst-conv full-def
   inference-preserves-atms-of-m rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-m subsetI)
lemma rtranclp-resolution-atms-of:
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows atms-of-m (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-m (fst \psi)
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using resolution-atms-of rtranclp-resolution-finite by blast+
lemma resolution-include:
 assumes res: resolution \psi \psi' and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 shows fst \ \psi' \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m (fst \ \psi))
proof -
 have finite': finite (fst \psi') using local finite res resolution-finite by blast
 have simplified (fst \psi') using res finite' resolution-always-simplified by blast
 then have fst \psi' \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m (fst \psi'))
   using simplified-in-build-all finite' simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto of fst \psi' by auto
 moreover have atms-of-m (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-m (fst \psi)
   using res finite resolution-atms-of of \psi \psi' by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by (meson atms-of-m-finite local.finite order.trans rev-finite-subset
   build-all-simple-clss-mono)
qed
lemma rtranclp-resolution-include:
 assumes res: trancly resolution \psi \psi' and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 shows fst \psi' \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m (fst \psi))
 using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
```

 ${\bf abbreviation}\ already-used-all-simple$

apply (simp add: resolution-include)

by (meson atms-of-m-finite build-all-simple-clss-finite build-all-simple-clss-mono finite-subset resolution-include rtranclp-resolution-atms-of set-rev-mp subsetI tranclp-into-rtranclp)

```
:: ('a \ literal \ multiset \times 'a \ literal \ multiset) \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set \Rightarrow bool \ where
already-used-all-simple already-used vars \equiv
(\forall (A, B) \in already\text{-}used. simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms\text{-}of A \subseteq vars \land atms\text{-}of B \subseteq vars)
lemma already-used-all-simple-vars-incl:
  assumes vars \subseteq vars'
 shows already-used-all-simple a vars \implies already-used-all-simple a vars'
 using assms by fast
lemma inference-clause-preserves-already-used-all-simple:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and simplified (fst S)
 and atms-of-m (fst S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd (fst S \cup \{fst S'\}, snd S')) vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
 case (factoring L C N already-used)
  then show ?case by (simp add: simplified-in factoring-imp-simplify)
  case (resolution P \ C \ N \ D \ already-used) note H = this
 show ?case apply clarify
   proof -
     \mathbf{fix} \ A \ B \ v
     assume (A, B) \in snd (fst (N, already-used))
       \cup \{fst \ (C + D, \ already\text{-}used \ \cup \ \{(\{\#Pos \ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg \ P\#\} + D)\})\},\
          snd\ (C + D,\ already-used \cup \{(\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + D)\}))
     then have (A, B) \in already\text{-}used \lor (A, B) = (\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + D) by auto
     moreover {
       assume (A, B) \in already-used
       then have simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
         using H(4) by auto
     }
     moreover {
       assume eq: (A, B) = (\{\#Pos \ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg \ P\#\} + D)
       then have simplified \{A\} using simplified-in H(1,5) by auto
       moreover have simplified \{B\} using eq simplified-in H(2,5) by auto
       moreover have atms-of A \subseteq atms-of-m N
         using eq H(1) atms-of-atms-of-m-mono[of A N] by auto
       moreover have atms-of B \subseteq atms-of-m N
         using eq H(2) atms-of-atms-of-m-mono[of B N] by auto
       ultimately have simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
         using H(6) by auto
     ultimately show simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
       by fast
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma inference-preserves-already-used-all-simple:
 assumes inference S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and simplified (fst S)
 and atms-of-m (fst S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
```

```
using assms
proof (induct rule: inference.induct)
 case (inference-step S clause already-used)
 then show ?case
   using inference-clause-preserves-already-used-all-simple of S (clause, already-used) vars
   by auto
\mathbf{qed}
lemma already-used-all-simple-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and atms-of-m (fst S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: resolution.induct)
 case (full1-simp N N')
 then show ?case by simp
 case (inferring N already-used N' already-used' N'')
 then show already-used-all-simple (snd (N'', already-used')) vars
   using inference-preserves-already-used-all-simple [of (N, already-used)] by simp
qed
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-already-used-all-simple-inv:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and atms-of-m (fst S) \subseteq vars
 and finite (fst\ S)
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 {f case}\ base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step S'S'') note infstar = this(1) and IH = this(3) and res = this(2) and
   already = this(4) and atms = this(5) and finite = this(6)
 have already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars using IH already atms finite by simp
 moreover have atms-of-m (fst S') \subseteq atms-of-m (fst S)
   by (simp add: infstar local.finite rtranclp-resolution-atms-of)
 then have atms-of-m (fst S') \subseteq vars using atms by auto
 ultimately show ?case
   using already-used-all-simple-inv[OF res] by simp
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ in ference\text{-}clause\text{-}simplified\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}subset:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct, auto)
 using factoring-imp-simplify by blast
lemma inference-simplified-already-used-subset:
 assumes inference S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
```

```
using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 by (metis inference-clause-simplified-already-used-subset snd-conv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ resolution\text{-}simplified\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}subset:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct, simp-all add: full1-def)
 apply (meson\ tranclpD)
 by (metis inference-simplified-already-used-subset fst-conv snd-conv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}simplified\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}subset:
 assumes trancly resolution S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
 using resolution-simplified-already-used-subset apply metis
  by (meson tranclp-resolution-always-simplified resolution-simplified-already-used-subset
   less-trans)
abbreviation already-used-top vars \equiv build-all-simple-clss vars \times build-all-simple-clss vars
lemma already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top:
 assumes already-used-all-simple s vars and finite vars
 shows s \subseteq already-used-top vars
proof
 \mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x-s: x \in s
 obtain A B where x: x = (A, B) by (case-tac x, auto)
 then have simplified \{A\} and atms-of A \subseteq vars using assms(1) x-s by fastforce+
  then have A: A \in build-all-simple-clss vars
   using build-all-simple-clss-mono[of vars atms-of A] <math>x assms(2)
   simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto[of {A}]
   distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-build-all-simple-clss by fast
 moreover have simplified \{B\} and atms-of B \subseteq vars using assms(1) x-s x by fast+
  then have B: B \in build-all-simple-clss vars
   using simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto[of \{B\}]
   distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-build-all-simple-clss
   build-all-simple-clss-mono[of vars atms-of B] x assms(2) by fast
  ultimately show x \in build-all-simple-clss vars \times build-all-simple-clss vars
   unfolding x by auto
qed
lemma already-used-top-finite:
 assumes finite vars
 shows finite (already-used-top vars)
 using build-all-simple-clss-finite assms by auto
lemma already-used-top-increasing:
 assumes var \subseteq var' and finite var'
 shows already-used-top var \subseteq already-used-top var'
 using assms build-all-simple-clss-mono by auto
lemma already-used-all-simple-finite:
 fixes s::('a::linorder\ literal\ multiset \times 'a\ literal\ multiset)\ set and vars::'a\ set
```

```
assumes already-used-all-simple s vars and finite vars
 shows finite s
  using assms already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF assms(1)]
  rev-finite-subset[OF already-used-top-finite[of vars]] by auto
abbreviation card-simple vars \psi \equiv card (already-used-top vars -\psi)
lemma resolution-card-simple-decreasing:
 assumes res: resolution \psi \psi'
 and a-u-s: already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) vars
 and finite-v: finite vars
 and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and finite-snd: finite (snd \psi)
 and simp: simplified (fst \psi)
 and atms-of-m (fst \psi) \subseteq vars
 shows card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi)
proof -
 let ?vars = vars
 let ?top = build-all-simple-clss ?vars \times build-all-simple-clss ?vars
 have 1: card-simple vars (snd \psi) = card ?top - card (snd \psi)
   using card-Diff-subset finite-snd already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF a-u-s]
   finite-v by metis
 have a-u-s': already-used-all-simple (snd \psi') vars
   using already-used-all-simple-inv res a-u-s assms(7) by blast
 have f: finite (snd \psi') using already-used-all-simple-finite a-u-s' finite-v by auto
 have 2: card-simple vars (snd \psi') = card ?top - card (snd \psi')
   \mathbf{using}\ card\text{-} Diff\text{-}subset[OF\ f]\ already\text{-}used\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{-}in\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}top[OF\ a\text{-}u\text{-}s'\ finite\text{-}v]}
   by auto
 have card (already-used-top vars) \geq card (snd \psi')
   using already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF a-u-s' finite-v]
   card-mono[of\ already-used-top\ vars\ snd\ \psi']\ already-used-top-finite[OF\ finite-v]\ \mathbf{by}\ metis
  then show ?thesis
   using psubset-card-mono[OF\ f\ resolution-simplified-already-used-subset[OF\ res\ simp]]
   unfolding 1 2 by linarith
qed
lemma tranclp-resolution-card-simple-decreasing:
 assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi' and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) vars
 and atms-of-m (fst \psi) \subseteq vars
 and finite-v: finite vars
 and finite-snd: finite (snd \psi)
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
 case (r\text{-}into\text{-}trancl\ \psi\ \psi')
 then show ?case by (simp add: resolution-card-simple-decreasing)
  case (trancl-into-trancl\ \psi\ \psi'\ \psi'') note res=this(1) and res'=this(3) and a\text{-}u\text{-}s=this(5) and
    atms = this(6) and f - v = this(7) and f - fst = this(4) and H = this
  then have card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi) by auto
 moreover have a-u-s': already-used-all-simple (snd \psi') vars
   using rtranclp-already-used-all-simple-inv[OF\ tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF\ res]\ a-u-s\ atms\ f-fst].
```

```
have finite (fst \psi')
   \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{meson build-all-simple-clss-finite rev-finite-subset rtranclp-resolution-include}
     trancl-into-trancl.hyps(1) trancl-into-trancl.prems(1))
 moreover have finite (snd \psi') using already-used-all-simple-finite [OF a-u-s' f-v].
 moreover have simplified (fst \psi') using res translp-resolution-always-simplified by blast
  moreover have atms-of-m (fst \psi') \subseteq vars
   by (meson atms f-fst order.trans res rtranclp-resolution-atms-of tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  ultimately show ?case
   using resolution-card-simple-decreasing [OF res' a-u-s' f-v] f-v
   less-trans[of card-simple vars (snd \psi'') card-simple vars (snd \psi')
     card-simple vars (snd \ \psi)]
   by blast
qed
lemma tranclp-resolution-card-simple-decreasing-2:
 assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi'
 and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and empty-snd: snd \psi = \{\}
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows card-simple (atms-of-m (fst \psi)) (snd \psi') < card-simple (atms-of-m (fst \psi)) (snd \psi)
proof -
 let ?vars = (atms-of-m (fst \psi))
 have already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) ?vars unfolding empty-snd by auto
 moreover have atms-of-m (fst \psi) \subseteq ?vars by auto
 moreover have finite-v: finite ?vars using finite-fst by auto
 moreover have finite-snd: finite (snd \psi) unfolding empty-snd by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using assms(1,2,4) tranclp-resolution-card-simple-decreasing of \psi \psi' by presburger
qed
12.5.2
           well-foundness if the relation
{\bf lemma}\ \textit{wf-simplified-resolution}:
 assumes f-vars: finite vars
 shows wf \{(y:: 'v:: linorder state, x). (atms-of-m (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x)\}
   \land finite (snd\ x) \land finite\ (fst\ x) \land already-used-all-simple\ (snd\ x)\ vars) \land resolution\ x\ y
proof -
   fix a b :: 'v::linorder state
   assume (b, a) \in \{(y, x). (atms-of-m (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x)\}
     \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
   then have
     atms-of-m (fst a) \subseteq vars and
     simp: simplified (fst a) and
     finite (snd a) and
     finite (fst \ a) and
     a-u-v: already-used-all-simple (snd a) vars and
     res: resolution a b by auto
   have finite (already-used-top vars) using f-vars already-used-top-finite by blast
   moreover have already-used-top vars \subseteq already-used-top vars by auto
   moreover have snd b \subseteq already-used-top vars
     using already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[of snd b vars]
     a\textit{-u-v}\ already\textit{-used-all-simple-inv}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{res}]\ \langle \mathit{finite}\ (\mathit{fst}\ a)\rangle\ \langle \mathit{atms-of-m}\ (\mathit{fst}\ a)\subseteq\mathit{vars}\rangle\ \mathit{f-vars}
     by presburger
   moreover have snd\ a \subset snd\ b using resolution-simplified-already-used-subset [OF res simp].
```

```
ultimately have finite (already-used-top vars) \land already-used-top vars \subseteq already-used-top vars
     \land snd b \subseteq already-used-top\ vars <math>\land snd a \subseteq snd\ b\ \mathbf{by}\ met is
 then show ?thesis using wf-bounded-set[of \{(y:: 'v:: linorder \ state, \ x).
   (atms-of-m (fst x) \subseteq vars)
   \land simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x)\land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars)
   \land resolution x y \land \land already-used-top vars snd \land by auto
qed
lemma wf-simplified-resolution':
 assumes f-vars: finite vars
 shows wf \{(y:: 'v:: linorder state, x). (atms-of-m (fst x) \subseteq vars \land \neg simplified (fst x) \}
   \land finite (snd\ x) \land finite\ (fst\ x) \land already-used-all-simple\ (snd\ x)\ vars) \land resolution\ x\ y
 unfolding wf-def
  apply (simp add: resolution-always-simplified)
 by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) fst-conv resolution-always-simplified)
lemma wf-resolution:
 assumes f-vars: finite vars
 shows wf (\{(y:: 'v:: linorder state, x). (atms-of-m (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x)\}
       \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
   \cup \{(y, x). (atms-of-m (fst x) \subseteq vars \land \neg simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x)\}
      \land already\text{-}used\text{-}all\text{-}simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y\}) (is wf (?R \cup ?S))
proof -
 have Domain R Int Range S = \{ \} using resolution-always-simplified by auto blast
  then show wf (?R \cup ?S)
    \textbf{using} \ \textit{wf-simplified-resolution} [\textit{OF f-vars}] \ \textit{wf-simplified-resolution'} [\textit{OF f-vars}] \ \textit{wf-Un} [\textit{of ?R ?S}] 
   by fast
qed
lemma rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes simplify** S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
 using assms apply induction
 using simplify-preserves-already-used-inv by fast+
lemma full1-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes full1 simplify S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
 using assms tranclp-into-rtranclp[of simplify S S'] rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv
 unfolding full1-def by fast
lemma full-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes full simplify S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
 using assms rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv unfolding full-def by fast
lemma resolution-already-used-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
proof induction
```

```
case (full1-simp N N' already-used)
 then show ?case using full1-simplify-already-used-inv by fast
  case (inferring N already-used N' already-used' N''') note inf = this(1) and full = this(3) and
   a-u-v = this(4)
 then show ?case
   using inference-preserves-already-used-inv[OF inf a-u-v] full-simplify-already-used-inv full
   by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms apply induction
 using resolution-already-used-inv by fast+
lemma rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat:
 assumes simplify^{**} \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \ \psi
 using assms apply induction
 using simplify-clause-preserves-sat by blast+
lemma full1-simplify-preserves-unsat:
 assumes full 1 simplify \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \psi
 using assms rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat[of \psi \psi'] tranclp-into-rtranclp
 unfolding full1-def by metis
lemma full-simplify-preserves-unsat:
 assumes full simplify \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \ \psi
 using assms rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat of \psi \psi' unfolding full-def by metis
{\bf lemma}\ resolution\hbox{-} preserves\hbox{-} unsat:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
 using full1-simplify-preserves-unsat apply (metis fst-conv)
 using full-simplify-preserves-unsat simplify-preserves-unsat by fastforce
lemma rtranclp-resolution-preserves-unsat:
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms apply induction
  using resolution-preserves-unsat by fast+
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes simplify** N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 using assms apply (induction, simp)
 using simplify-preserve-partial-tree by metis
```

 ${\bf lemma}\ full 1-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:$

```
assumes full1 simplify N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 using assms rtranclp-simplify-preserve-partial-tree[of N N' t I] tranclp-into-rtranclp
 unfolding full1-def by fast
\mathbf{lemma}\ full\text{-}simplify\text{-}preserve\text{-}partial\text{-}tree:
 assumes full simplify N N
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 \mathbf{using}\ assms\ rtranclp\text{-}simplify\text{-}preserve\text{-}partial\text{-}tree[of\ N\ N'\ t\ I]\ tranclp\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp}
 unfolding full-def by fast
lemma resolution-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
 using assms apply induction
   {\bf using} \ \mathit{full1-simplify-preserve-partial-tree} \ \mathit{fst-conv} \ {\bf apply} \ \mathit{metis}
  using full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree inference-preserve-partial-tree by fastforce
lemma rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
 using assms apply induction
 using resolution-preserve-partial-tree by fast+
 thm nat-less-induct nat.induct
lemma nat-qe-induct[case-names 0 Suc]:
 assumes P \theta
 shows P n
 using assms apply (induct rule: nat-less-induct)
 by (case-tac \ n) auto
lemma wf-always-more-step-False:
 assumes wf R
 shows (\forall x. \exists z. (z, x) \in R) \Longrightarrow False
using assms unfolding wf-def by (meson Domain.DomainI assms wfE-min)
lemma finite-finite-mset-element-of-mset[simp]:
 assumes finite\ N
 shows finite \{f \varphi L | \varphi L. \varphi \in N \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\}
 using assms
proof (induction N rule: finite-induct)
 case empty
 show ?case by auto
 case (insert x N) note finite = this(1) and IH = this(3)
 have \{f \varphi L \mid \varphi L. \ (\varphi = x \lor \varphi \in N) \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\} \subseteq \{f x L \mid L. L \in \# x \land P x L\}
   \cup \{f \varphi L | \varphi L. \varphi \in N \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\}  by auto
 moreover have finite \{f \ x \ L \mid L. \ L \in \# \ x\} by auto
 ultimately show ?case using IH finite-subset by fastforce
qed
```

```
value card
 value filter-mset
value \{\#count \ \varphi \ L \ | L \in \# \ \varphi. \ 2 \leq count \ \varphi \ L\# \}
value (\lambda \varphi. msetsum {#count \varphi L \mid L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#})
syntax
  -comprehension1'-mset :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \text{ multiset} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ multiset}
      ((\{\#\text{-/.} -: set of \text{-}\#\}))
translations
  \{\#e.\ x:\ set of\ M\#\} ==\ CONST\ set - mset\ (CONST\ image - mset\ (\%x.\ e)\ M)
value \{\# \ a. \ a : set of \ \{\#1,1,2::int\#\}\#\} = \{1,2\}
definition sum-count-qe-2 :: 'a multiset set \Rightarrow nat (\Xi) where
sum-count-ge-2 \equiv folding.F(\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#\})) 0
interpretation sum-count-ge-2:
  folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#\})) 0
rewrites
 folding.F (\lambda \varphi. op +(msetsum {#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \# \})) 0 = sum\text{-}count\text{-}qe\text{-}2
proof -
  show folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum (image-mset (count \varphi) \{ \# L : \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \# \})))
    by standard auto
  then interpret sum-count-qe-2:
    folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \#\varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#\})) 0.
  show folding. F(\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum (image-mset (count \varphi) \{ \# L : \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \# \}))) 0
    = sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2 by (auto simp add: sum-count-ge-2-def)
qed
lemma finite-incl-le-setsum:
finite (B::'a \ multiset \ set) \Longrightarrow A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow \Xi \ A \le \Xi \ B
proof (induction arbitrary: A rule: finite-induct)
  case empty
  then show ?case by simp
  case (insert a F) note finite = this(1) and aF = this(2) and IH = this(3) and AF = this(4)
  show ?case
    proof (cases a \in A)
      assume a \notin A
      then have A \subseteq F using AF by auto
      then show ?case using IH[of A] by (simp \ add: \ aF \ local.finite)
      assume aA: a \in A
      then have A - \{a\} \subseteq F using AF by auto
      then have \Xi(A - \{a\}) \leq \Xi F using IH by blast
      then show ?case
         proof -
           obtain nn :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat where
             \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\exists v2. \ x0 = x1 + v2) = (x0 = x1 + nn \ x0 \ x1)
           then have \Xi F = \Xi (A - \{a\}) + nn (\Xi F) (\Xi (A - \{a\}))
             using Nat.le-iff-add \langle \Xi (A - \{a\}) \leq \Xi F \rangle by presburger
           then show ?thesis
```

```
by (metis (no-types) Nat.le-iff-add aA aF add.assoc finite.insertI finite-subset
                            insert.prems local.finite sum-count-ge-2.insert sum-count-ge-2.remove)
                qed
       qed
qed
lemma mset-condensation 1:
    \{\# La : \# A + \{\#L\#\}. \ 2 \leq count \ (A + \{\#L\#\}) \ La\#\} = \{\# La : \# A. \ La \neq L \land \ 2 \leq count \ A\}
       \# \cup (if \ count \ A \ L \geq 1 \ then \ replicate-mset \ (count \ A \ L + 1) \ L \ else \ \{\#\})
     by (auto intro: multiset-eqI)
lemma mset-condensation 2:
   \{\# La : \# A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} . 2 \le count (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) La\#\} = \{\# La : \# A . La \ne A . L
   2 < count \ A \ La\# \} \ \# \cup \ (replicate-mset \ (count \ A \ L + 2) \ L)
     by (auto intro: multiset-eqI)
lemma msetsum-disjoint:
   assumes A \# \cap B = \{\#\}
   shows (\sum La \in \#A \# \cup B. f La) =
        (\sum La \in \#A. \ f \ La) + (\sum La \in \#B. \ f \ La)
    by (metis assms diff-zero empty-sup image-mset-union msetsum union multiset-inter-commute
       multiset-union-diff-commute sup-subset-mset-def zero-diff)
lemma msetsum-linear[simp]:
   fixes CD :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{comm-monoid-add\}
   shows (\sum x \in \#A. \ C \ x + D \ x) = (\sum x \in \#A. \ C \ x) + (\sum x \in \#A. \ D \ x)
   by (induction \ A) (auto \ simp: \ ac\text{-}simps)
lemma msetsum-if-eq[simp]: (\sum x \in \#A. if L = x then 1 else 0) = count A L
   by (induction A) auto
lemma filter-equality-in-mset:
     filter-mset (op = L) A = replicate-mset (count A L) L
   by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
lemma comprehension-mset-False[simp]:
     \{\# \ L \in \# \ A. \ False\#\} = \{\#\}
   by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
lemma simplify-finite-measure-decrease:
    simplify N N' \Longrightarrow finite N \Longrightarrow card N' + \Xi N' < card N + \Xi N
proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
   case (tautology-deletion A P) note an = this(1) and fin = this(2)
   let ?N' = N - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\}\
   have card ?N' < card N
       by (meson card-Diff1-less tautology-deletion.hyps tautology-deletion.prems)
   moreover have ?N' \subseteq N by auto
   then have sum-count-ge-2 ?N' \le sum-count-ge-2 N using finite-incl-le-setsum[OF fin] by blast
    ultimately show ?case by linarith
next
    case (condensation A L) note AN = this(1) and fin = this(2)
```

```
let ?C' = A + \{\#L\#\}
let ?C = A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}
let ?N' = N - \{?C\} \cup \{?C'\}
have card ?N' \leq card N
 using AN by (metis (no-types, lifting) Diff-subset Un-empty-right Un-insert-right card.remove
    card-insert-if card-mono fin finite-Diff order-refl)
moreover have \Xi \{?C'\} < \Xi \{?C\}
 proof -
   have mset-decomp:
     \{\# La \in \# A. (L = La \longrightarrow Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ La) \land (L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count \ A \ La)\#\}
     = \{ \# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count A La\# \} +
       \{\# La \in \# A. L = La \land Suc \ 0 \le count \ A \ L\#\}
        by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff ac-simps)
   have mset-decomp2: \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count A La\#\} =
     \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count \ A \ La\#\} + replicate-mset (count \ A \ L) \ L
     by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
   show ?thesis
     by (auto simp: mset-decomp mset-decomp2 filter-equality-in-mset ac-simps)
ged
have \Xi ?N' < \Xi N
 proof cases
   assume a1: ?C' \in N
   then show ?thesis
     proof -
       have f2: \bigwedge m\ M. insert (m:'a\ literal\ multiset)\ (M-\{m\})=M\cup\{\}\ \lor\ m\notin M
         using Un-empty-right insert-Diff by blast
       have f3: \bigwedge m\ M Ma. insert (m::'a literal multiset) M – insert m Ma = M – insert m Ma
        by simp
       then have f_4: \bigwedge M \ m. \ M - \{m: 'a \ literal \ multiset\} = M \cup \{\} \ \lor \ m \in M
         using Diff-insert-absorb Un-empty-right by fastforce
       have f5: insert (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) N = N
         using f3 f2 Un-empty-right condensation.hyps insert-iff by fastforce
       have \bigwedge m\ M. insert (m:'a\ literal\ multiset)\ M=M\cup\{\}\lor m\notin M
         using f3 f2 Un-empty-right add.right-neutral insert-iff by fastforce
       then have \Xi (N - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) < \Xi N
         using f5 f4 by (metis Un-empty-right (\Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) < \Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\})
           add.right-neutral add-diff-cancel-left' add-gr-0 diff-less fin finite.emptyI not-le
           sum-count-ge-2.empty sum-count-ge-2.insert-remove trans-le-add2)
       then show ?thesis
         using f3 f2 a1 by (metis (no-types) Un-empty-right Un-insert-right condensation.hyps
           insert-iff multi-self-add-other-not-self)
     qed
 next
   assume ?C' \notin N
   have mset-decomp:
     \{\# La \in \# A. (L = La \longrightarrow Suc \ 0 \le count \ A \ La) \land (L \ne La \longrightarrow 2 \le count \ A \ La)\#\}
     = \{ \# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count A La\# \} +
       \{\# La \in \# A. L = La \land Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ L\#\}
        by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff ac-simps)
   have mset-decomp2: \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count A La\#\} =
     \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count \ A \ La\#\} + replicate-mset (count \ A \ L) \ L
     by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
   show ?thesis
     using (\Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) < \Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) condensation.hyps fin
```

```
sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2.remove[of\text{-}A+\{\#L\#\}+\{\#L\#\}] \langle ?C'\notin N\rangle
       by (auto simp: mset-decomp mset-decomp2 filter-equality-in-mset)
   qed
  ultimately show ?case by linarith
next
 case (subsumption A B) note AN = this(1) and AB = this(2) and BN = this(3) and fin = this(4)
 have card\ (N - \{B\}) < card\ N\ using\ BN\ by\ (meson\ card-Diff1-less\ subsumption.prems)
 moreover have \Xi(N - \{B\}) \leq \Xi N
   by (simp add: Diff-subset finite-incl-le-setsum subsumption.prems)
 ultimately show ?case by linarith
qed
lemma simplify-terminates:
  wf \{(N', N). finite N \wedge simplify N N'\}
  using assms apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of finite simplify \lambda N. card N + \Xi N])
 using simplify-finite-measure-decrease by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{wf-terminates} :
  assumes wf r
  shows \exists N'.(N', N) \in r^* \land (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin r)
proof -
 let ?P = \lambda N. (\exists N'.(N', N) \in r^* \land (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin r))
 have (\forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y) \longrightarrow ?P x)
   proof clarify
     \mathbf{fix} \ x
     assume H: \forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y
     { assume \exists y. (y, x) \in r
       then obtain y where y: (y, x) \in r by blast
       then have ?P y using H by blast
       then have ?P x using y by (meson rtrancl.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
     moreover {
       assume \neg(\exists y. (y, x) \in r)
       then have P \times x by auto
     ultimately show P x by blast
   qed
  moreover have (\forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y) \longrightarrow ?P x) \longrightarrow All ?P
   using assms unfolding wf-def by (rule allE)
  ultimately have All ?P by blast
  then show ?P N by blast
qed
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}simplify\text{-}terminates:
 assumes fin: finite N
 shows \exists N'. simplify^{**} N N' \land simplified N'
proof
  have H: \{(N', N), \text{ finite } N \land \text{ simplify } N N'\} = \{(N', N), \text{ simplify } N N' \land \text{ finite } N\} \text{ by } \text{ auto}
  then have wf: wf \{(N', N). simplify N N' \land finite N\}
   using simplify-terminates by (simp add: H)
  obtain N' where N': (N', N) \in \{(b, a). \text{ simplify } a \ b \land \text{finite } a\}^* and
    more: (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin \{(b, a). \text{ simplify } a \ b \land \text{finite } a\})
   using Prop-Resolution.wf-terminates[OF wf, of N] by blast
```

```
have 1: simplify** N N'
   using N' by (induction rule: rtrancl.induct) auto
  then have finite N' using fin rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite by blast
  then have 2: \forall N''. \neg simplify N' N'' using more by auto
 show ?thesis using 1 2 by blast
qed
lemma finite-simplified-full1-simp:
 assumes finite N
 shows simplified N \vee (\exists N'. full1 \ simplify \ N \ N')
 using rtranclp-simplify-terminates[OF assms] unfolding full1-def
 by (metis Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold)
lemma finite-simplified-full-simp:
 assumes finite N
 shows \exists N'. full simplify NN'
 using rtranclp-simplify-terminates[OF assms] unfolding full-def by metis
lemma can-decrease-tree-size-resolution:
 fixes \psi :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree :: 'v \ sem-tree
 assumes finite (fst \psi) and already-used-inv \psi
 and partial-interps tree I (fst \psi)
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows \exists (tree':: 'v \ sem\text{-}tree) \ \psi'. \ resolution^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial\text{-}interps \ tree' \ I \ (fst \ \psi')
   \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0)
 using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: sem-tree-size)
 case (bigger xs I) note IH = this(1) and finite = this(2) and a-u-i = this(3) and part = this(4)
   and simp = this(5)
  { assume sem-tree-size xs = 0
   then have ?case using part by blast
  }
 moreover {
   assume sn\theta: sem-tree-size xs > \theta
   obtain ag ad v where xs: xs = Node \ v \ ag \ ad \ using \ sn\theta by (case-tac xs, auto)
   {
      assume sem-tree-size ag = 0 \land sem-tree-size ad = 0
      then have aq: aq = Leaf and ad: ad = Leaf by (case-tac aq, auto, case-tac ad, auto)
      then obtain \chi \chi' where
        \chi: \neg I \cup \{Pos\ v\} \models \chi and
        tot\chi: total-over-m (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) \{\chi\} and
        \chi\psi: \chi\in\mathit{fst}\ \psi and
        \chi': \neg I \cup \{Neg \ v\} \models \chi' \text{ and }
        tot\chi': total-over-m (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \{\chi'\} and \chi'\psi: \chi' \in fst\ \psi
        using part unfolding xs by auto
      have Posv: Pos v \notin \# \chi using \chi unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
      have Negv: Neg v \notin \# \chi' using \chi' unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
        assume Neg\chi: \neg Neg\ v \in \#\ \chi
        then have \neg I \models \chi using \chi Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
        moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi\}
```

```
using Posv Neg\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
   by fastforce
 ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
 and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
 and resolution^{**} \psi \psi
   unfolding xs by (auto simp add: \chi\psi)
moreover {
  assume Pos\chi: \neg Pos\ v \in \#\ \chi'
  then have I\chi: \neg I \models \chi' using \chi' Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
  moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi'\}
    using Negv Pos\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi'
    unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
  ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
  and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
  and resolution** \psi \psi using \chi' \psi I \chi unfolding xs by auto
}
moreover {
  assume neg: Neg v \in \# \chi and pos: Pos v \in \# \chi'
  have count \ \chi \ (Neg \ v) = 1
    using simplified-count [OF simp \chi\psi] neg by (metis One-nat-def Suc-le-mono Suc-pred eq-iff
  have count \chi'(Pos\ v) = 1
    using simplified-count[OF\ simp\ \chi'\psi]\ pos\ {\bf by}\ (metis\ One-nat-def Suc-le-mono Suc-pred
  obtain C where \chi C: \chi = C + \{\# Neg \ v\#\} and negC: Neg \ v \notin \# C and posC: Pos \ v \notin \# C
    proof -
      assume a1: \bigwedge C. [\chi = C + \{\# Neg \ v\#\}; Neg \ v \notin \# \ C; Pos \ v \notin \# \ C]] \Longrightarrow thesis
      have f2: \land n. (0::nat) + n = n
        by simp
      obtain mm :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \ multiset \ where
        f3: \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + mm\ \chi\ (Neg\ v) = \chi
        by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ (count\ \chi\ (Neg\ v)=1)\ add.commute\ multi-member-split
          zero-less-one)
      then have Pos \ v \notin \# \ mm \ \chi \ (Neg \ v)
        using f2 by (metis (no-types) Posv (count \chi (Neg v) = 1) add.right-neutral
          add-left-cancel count-single count-union less-nat-zero-code)
      then show ?thesis
        using f3 a1 by (metis (no-types) (count \chi (Neg v) = 1) add.commute
          add.right-neutral add-left-cancel count-single count-union less-nat-zero-code)
    qed
  obtain C' where
    \chi C' : \chi' = C' + \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}  and
    posC': Pos \ v \notin \# \ C' and
    negC': Neg\ v \notin \#\ C'
    by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Negv (count \chi' (Pos v) = 1) add-diff-cancel-right'
      cancel-comm-monoid-add-class. diff-cancel\ count-diff\ count-single\ less-nat-zero-code
      mset-leD mset-le-add-left multi-member-split zero-less-one)
  have totC: total-over-m \ I \ \{C\}
    using tot\chi tot-over-m-remove[of I Pos v C] negC posC unfolding \chi C
    by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg uminus-of-uminus-id)
  have totC': total-over-m \ I \ \{C'\}
    using tot\chi' total-over-m-sum tot-over-m-remove[of I Neg v C'] negC' posC'
    unfolding \chi C' by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg)
```

```
have \neg I \models C + C'
                     using \chi \chi' \chi C \chi C' by auto
                  then have part-I-\psi''': partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\})
                     using totC \ totC' \ (\neg I \models C + C') by (metis Un-insert-right insertI1
                         partial-interps.simps(1) total-over-m-sum)
                     assume (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \notin snd\ \psi
                     then have inf": inference \psi (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\})
                        by (metis \chi'\psi \chi C \chi C' \chi \psi add.commute inference-step prod.collapse resolution)
                     obtain N' where full: full simplify (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\}) N'
                         by (metis finite-simplified-full-simp fst-conv inf" inference-preserves-finite
                            local.finite)
                     have resolution \psi (N', snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\})
                         using resolution.intros(2)[OF - simp full, of snd \psi snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\}] inf"
                        by (metis surjective-pairing)
                     moreover have partial-interps Leaf I N'
                         using full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree [OF full part-I-\psi^{\prime\prime\prime}].
                     moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
                     ultimately have ?case
                         by (metis\ (no-types)\ prod.sel(1)\ rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl\ rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
                  moreover {
                     assume a: (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \in snd\ \psi
                     then have (\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total-over-m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m \ I \ \{\chi\})
                             \land (\forall I. \ total - over - m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)) \lor tautology (C' + C)
                            obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# (\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') \land Neg \ p \in \# (\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C)
                                  \land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{(\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + (
+C) -\{\#Neg\ p\#\}\}\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\}\} \land (\forall\ I.\ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\}) \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models (\{\#Pos\ p\#\})\}
v\#\} + C' - \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\}))) \lor tautology\ ((\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Neg\ p\#\}))
\{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\})))
                                using a by (blast intro: allE[OF a-u-i]unfolded subsumes-def Ball-def],
                                        of (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C)])
                             { assume p \neq v
                                then have Pos \ p \in \# \ C' \land Neg \ p \in \# \ C \ using \ p \ by force
                                then have ?thesis by (metis add-qr-0 count-union tautology-Pos-Neg)
                             moreover {
                                assume p = v
                               then have ?thesis using p by (metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-left')
                             }
                            ultimately show ?thesis by auto
                        qed
                     moreover {
                         assume \exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
                             \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)
                        then obtain \vartheta where
                            \vartheta : \vartheta \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \ \mathbf{and}
                             tot-\vartheta-CC': \forall I. total-over-m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m \ I \ \{\vartheta\} and
                            \vartheta-inv: \forall I. total-over-m I \{ \vartheta \} \longrightarrow I \models \vartheta \longrightarrow I \models C' + C by blast
                        have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
                            using tot - \vartheta - CC' \vartheta \vartheta - inv \ tot C \ tot C' \lor \neg I \models C + C' \lor \ total - over - m - sum \ \mathbf{by} \ fastforce
                        moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
                         ultimately have ?case by blast
                     }
```

```
moreover {
         assume tautCC': tautology (C' + C)
         have total-over-m I \{C'+C\} using totC totC' total-over-m-sum by auto
         then have \neg tautology (C' + C)
           using \langle \neg I \models C + C' \rangle unfolding add.commute[of C C'] total-over-m-def
           unfolding tautology-def by auto
         then have False using tautCC' unfolding tautology-def by auto
       ultimately have ?case by auto
     ultimately have ?case by auto
  ultimately have ?case using part by (metis (no-types) sem-tree-size.simps(1))
}
moreover {
 assume size-ag: sem-tree-size ag > 0
 have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
 moreover have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
 and partad: partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
   using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
 moreover
   have sem-tree-size aq < sem-tree-size xs \Longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \Longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
     \implies partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi) \implies simplified (fst\ \psi)
     \implies \exists tree' \psi'. resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Pos v\}) (fst \psi')
         \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0)
     using IH[of \ ag \ I \cup \{Pos \ v\}] by auto
 ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ where
   inf: resolution^{**} \psi \psi'
   and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
   and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size aq \lor sem-tree-size aq = 0
   using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-reft a-u-i simp by blast
 have partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi')
   using rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree inf partad by fast
 then have partial-interps (Node v tree' ad) I (fst \psi') using part by auto
 then have ?case using inf size size-ag part unfolding xs by fastforce
moreover {
 assume size-ad: sem-tree-size ad > 0
 have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
 moreover
   have
     partag: partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi) and
     partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
     using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
 moreover have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
    \longrightarrow (partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi) \longrightarrow simplified (fst \psi)
   \longrightarrow (\exists tree' \psi'. resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg v\}) (fst \psi')
         \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0)))
   using IH by blast
 ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ \ where
    inf: resolution^{**} \psi \psi'
   and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
   and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0
   using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-reft a-u-i simp by blast
```

```
have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       using rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree inf partag by fast
     then have partial-interps (Node v ag tree') I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-ad unfolding xs by fastforce
   }
    ultimately have ?case by auto
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
{f lemma}\ resolution\mbox{-}completeness\mbox{-}inv:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
   unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \psi) and
   finite: finite (fst \psi) and
   a-u-v: already-used-inv <math>\psi
 shows \exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
  obtain tree where partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi)
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms assms by metis
  then show ?thesis
   using unsat finite a-u-v
   proof (induct tree arbitrary: \psi rule: sem-tree-size)
     case (bigger tree \psi) note H = this
     {
       \mathbf{fix}\ \chi
       assume tree: tree = Leaf
       obtain \chi where \chi: \neg {} \models \chi and tot\chi: total-over-m {} {\chi} and \chi\psi: \chi \in fst \psi
         using H unfolding tree by auto
       moreover have \{\#\} = \chi
         using H atms-empty-iff-empty tot\chi
         unfolding true-cls-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
       moreover have resolution** \psi \psi by auto
       ultimately have ?case by metis
     moreover {
       fix v tree1 tree2
       assume tree: tree = Node \ v \ tree1 \ tree2
       obtain \psi_0 where \psi_0: resolution** \psi \psi_0 and simp: simplified (fst \psi_0)
         proof -
           { assume simplified (fst \ \psi)
            moreover have resolution^{**} \psi \psi by auto
            ultimately have thesis using that by blast
           moreover {
            assume \neg simplified (fst \ \psi)
            then have \exists \psi'. full 1 simplify (fst \psi) \psi'
              by (metis Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold bigger.prems(3) full1-def
                 rtranclp-simplify-terminates)
            then obtain N where full1 simplify (fst \psi) N by metis
            then have resolution \psi (N, snd \psi)
               using resolution.intros(1)[of fst \psi N snd \psi] by auto
            moreover have simplified N
              using \langle \mathit{full1}\ \mathit{simplify}\ (\mathit{fst}\ \psi)\ \mathit{N} \rangle unfolding \mathit{full1-def}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{blast}
```

```
ultimately have ?thesis using that by force
          ultimately show ?thesis by auto
        qed
      have p: partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi_0)
      and uns: unsatisfiable (fst \psi_0)
      and f: finite (fst \psi_0)
      and a-u-v: already-used-inv \psi_0
           using \psi_0 bigger.prems(1) rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree apply blast
          using \psi_0 bigger.prems(2) rtranclp-resolution-preserves-unsat apply blast
         using \psi_0 bigger.prems(3) rtranclp-resolution-finite apply blast
        using rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv[OF \psi_0 bigger.prems(4)] by blast
      obtain tree' \psi' where
        inf: resolution** \psi_0 \psi' and
        part': partial-interps tree' \{\} (fst \psi') and
        decrease: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0
        using can-decrease-tree-size-resolution [OF f a-u-v p simp] unfolding tautology-def
        by meson
      have s: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree using decrease unfolding tree by auto
      have fin: finite (fst \psi')
        using f inf rtranclp-resolution-finite by blast
      have unsat: unsatisfiable (fst \psi')
        using rtranclp-resolution-preserves-unsat inf uns by metis
      have a-u-i': already-used-inv \psi'
        using a-u-v inf rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv[of \psi_0 \psi'] by auto
      have ?case
        using inf rtranclp-trans[of resolution] H(1)[OF \ s \ part' \ unsat \ fin \ a-u-i'] \ \psi_0 by blast
     ultimately show ?case by (case-tac tree, auto)
  qed
qed
lemma resolution-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
  apply (rule full1-simplify-already-used-inv; simp)
 apply (rule full-simplify-already-used-inv, simp)
 apply (rule inference-preserves-already-used-inv, simp)
 apply blast
 done
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv\text{:}
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
  using resolution-preserves-already-used-inv by fast
```

```
lemma resolution-completeness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \ \psi)
 and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 and snd \ \psi = \{\}
 shows \exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
 have already-used-inv \psi unfolding assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using assms resolution-completeness-inv by blast
lemma rtranclp-preserves-sat:
 assumes simplify^{**} S S'
 and satisfiable S
 shows satisfiable S'
 using assms apply induction
  apply simp
 by (meson satisfiable-carac satisfiable-def simplify-preserves-un-sat-eq)
lemma resolution-preserves-sat:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and satisfiable (fst S)
 shows satisfiable (fst S')
 using assms apply (induction rule: resolution.induct)
  using rtranclp-preserves-sat tranclp-into-rtranclp unfolding full1-def apply fastforce
  by (metis fst-conv full-def inference-preserves-un-sat rtranclp-preserves-sat
   satisfiable-carac' satisfiable-def)
lemma rtranclp-resolution-preserves-sat:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and satisfiable (fst S)
 shows satisfiable (fst S')
 using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
 using resolution-preserves-sat by blast
lemma resolution-soundness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and \{\#\} \in fst \psi'
 shows unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms by (meson rtranclp-resolution-preserves-sat satisfiable-def true-cls-empty
   true-clss-def)
{\bf lemma}\ resolution\hbox{-}soundness\hbox{-}and\hbox{-}completeness:
fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
assumes finite: finite (fst \psi)
and snd: snd \psi = \{\}
shows (\exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms resolution-completeness resolution-soundness by metis
lemma simplified-falsity:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi
 and \{\#\} \in \psi
 shows \psi = \{ \{ \# \} \}
proof (rule ccontr)
```

```
assume H: \neg ?thesis
  then obtain \chi where \chi \in \psi and \chi \neq \{\#\} using assms(2) by blast
  then have \{\#\} \subset \# \chi \text{ by } (simp \ add: mset-less-empty-nonempty)
  then have simplify \psi (\psi - \{\chi\})
   using simplify.subsumption[OF\ assms(2)\ \langle \{\#\} \subset \#\ \chi\rangle\ \langle \chi \in \psi\rangle] by blast
  then show False using simp by blast
qed
lemma simplify-falsity-in-preserved:
 assumes simplify \chi s \chi s'
 and \{\#\} \in \chi s
 shows \{\#\} \in \chi s'
 using assms
 by induction auto
lemma rtranclp-simplify-falsity-in-preserved:
 assumes simplify^{**} \chi s \chi s'
 and \{\#\} \in \chi s
 shows \{\#\} \in \chi s'
  using assms
  by induction (auto intro: simplify-falsity-in-preserved)
\mathbf{lemma}\ resolution\text{-}falsity\text{-}get\text{-}falsity\text{-}alone:
  assumes finite (fst \psi)
  shows (\exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow (\exists a\text{-}u\text{-}v. resolution^{**} \psi (\{\{\#\}\}, a\text{-}u\text{-}v)))
   (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
  assume ?B
  then show ?A by auto
next
 assume ?A
  then obtain \chi s a-u-v where \chi s: resolution** \psi (\chi s, a-u-v) and F: {#} \in \chi s by auto
  { assume simplified \chi s
   then have ?B using simplified-falsity[OF - F] \chi s by blast
  moreover {
   assume \neg simplified \chi s
   then obtain \chi s' where full 1 simplify \chi s \chi s'
       by (metis \chi s assms finite-simplified-full1-simp fst-conv rtranclp-resolution-finite)
   then have \{\#\} \in \chi s'
      unfolding full1-def by (meson F rtranclp-simplify-falsity-in-preserved
       tranclp-into-rtranclp)
   then have ?B
      by (metis \chi s \langle full1 \ simplify \ \chi s \ \chi s' \rangle fst-conv full1-simp resolution-always-simplified
       rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl simplified-falsity)
  }
 ultimately show ?B by blast
qed
lemma resolution-soundness-and-completeness':
  fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
   finite: finite (fst \psi)and
   snd: snd \ \psi = \{\}
```

```
shows (\exists a\text{-}u\text{-}v. (resolution^{**} \ \psi (\{\{\#\}\}, a\text{-}u\text{-}v))) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \ \psi)
using assms resolution-completeness resolution-soundness resolution-falsity-get-falsity-alone
by metis
```

end

theory Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic imports Partial-Clausal-Logic

begin

13 Partial Clausal Logic

We here define marked literals (that will be used in both DPLL and CDCL) and the entailment corresponding to it.

13.1 Marked Literals

13.1.1 Definition

```
datatype ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) marked-lit =
 is-marked: Marked (lit-of: 'v literal) (level-of: 'lvl)
 is-proped: Propagated (lit-of: 'v literal) (mark-of: 'mark)
lemma marked-lit-list-induct[case-names nil marked proped]:
 assumes P \mid  and
 \bigwedge L \ l \ xs. \ P \ xs \Longrightarrow P \ (Marked \ L \ l \ \# \ xs) and
  \bigwedge L \ m \ xs. \ P \ xs \Longrightarrow P \ (Propagated \ L \ m \ \# \ xs)
 shows P xs
 using assms apply (induction xs, simp)
 by (case-tac a) auto
lemma is-marked-ex-Marked:
  is-marked L \Longrightarrow \exists K lvl. L = Marked K lvl
 by (cases L) auto
type-synonym ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits = ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list
definition lits-of :: ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal set where
lits-of Ls = lit-of ' (set Ls)
lemma lits-of-empty[simp]:
 lits-of [] = \{\}  unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-cons[simp]:
  lits-of (L \# Ls) = insert (lit-of L) (lits-of Ls)
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-append[simp]:
  lits-of (l @ l') = lits-of l \cup lits-of l'
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma finite-lits-of-def[simp]: finite (lits-of L)
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
```

```
lemma lits-of-rev[simp]: lits-of (rev\ M) = lits-of M
  unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma set-map-lit-of-lits-of[simp]:
  set (map \ lit-of \ T) = lits-of \ T
  unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma atms-of-m-lambda-lit-of-is-atm-of-lit-of[simp]:
  atms-of-m \ ((\lambda a. \ \{\#lit-of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ M') = atm-of \ `lits-of \ M'
  unfolding atms-of-m-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-empty-is-empty[iff]:
  lits-of M = \{\} \longleftrightarrow M = []
 by (induct M) auto
13.1.2 Entailment
definition true-annot :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models a 49) where
  I \models a C \longleftrightarrow (lits \text{-} of I) \models C
definition true-annots :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models as 49) where
  I \models as \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in CC. \ I \models a \ C)
lemma true-annot-empty-model[simp]:
  \neg[] \models a \psi
  unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by simp
lemma true-annot-empty[simp]:
  \neg I \models a \{\#\}
 unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by simp
lemma empty-true-annots-def[iff]:
  [] \models as \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \psi = \{\}
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-empty[simp]:
  I \models as \{\}
 unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-single-true-annot[iff]:
  I \models as \{C\} \longleftrightarrow I \models a C
 unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annot-insert-l[simp]:
  M \models a A \Longrightarrow L \# M \models a A
  unfolding true-annot-def by auto
lemma true-annots-insert-l [simp]:
  M \models as A \Longrightarrow L \# M \models as A
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-union[iff]:
  M \models as A \cup B \longleftrightarrow (M \models as A \land M \models as B)
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
```

lemma true-annots-insert[iff]:

```
M \models as \ insert \ a \ A \longleftrightarrow (M \models a \ a \land M \models as \ A)
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
Link between \models as and \models s:
lemma true-annots-true-cls:
  I \models as \ CC \longleftrightarrow (lits - of \ I) \models s \ CC
  unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def by auto
{f lemma} in-lit-of-true-annot:
  a \in lits\text{-}of\ M \longleftrightarrow M \models a \{\#a\#\}
  unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma true-annot-lit-of-notin-skip:
  L \# M \models a A \Longrightarrow lit\text{-}of L \notin \# A \Longrightarrow M \models a A
  unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by auto
{f lemma}\ true{-}clss{-}singleton{-}lit{-}of{-}implies{-}incl:
  I \models s \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ MLs \Longrightarrow lits\text{-}of \ MLs \subseteq I
  unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ true\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{:}
  MLs \models a \psi \Longrightarrow set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) MLs) \models p \psi
  unfolding true-annot-def true-clss-cls-def true-cls-def
  by (auto dest: true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl)
lemma true-annots-true-clss-cls:
  MLs \models as \psi \implies set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) MLs) \models ps \psi
  by (auto
    dest:\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}singleton\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}implies\text{-}incl
    simp add: true-clss-def true-annots-def true-annot-def lits-of-def true-cls-def
    true-clss-clss-def)
lemma true-annots-marked-true-cls[iff]:
  map\ (\lambda M.\ Marked\ M\ a)\ M \models as\ N \longleftrightarrow set\ M \models s\ N
proof -
  have *: lits-of (map (\lambda M. Marked M a) M) = set M unfolding lits-of-def by force
  show ?thesis by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls *)
qed
lemma true-annot-singleton[iff]: M \models a \{\#L\#\} \longleftrightarrow L \in lits-of M
  unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma} true-annots-true-clss-clss:
  A \models as \Psi \Longrightarrow (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set A \models ps \Psi
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def true-clss-def
  by (auto
    dest!: true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl
    simp add: lits-of-def true-annot-def true-cls-def)
lemma true-annot-commute:
  M @ M' \models a D \longleftrightarrow M' @ M \models a D
  unfolding true-annot-def by (simp add: Un-commute)
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}commute\text{:}$

```
M @ M' \models as D \longleftrightarrow M' @ M \models as D
  unfolding true-annots-def by (auto simp add: true-annot-commute)
lemma true-annot-mono[dest]:
  set \ I \subseteq set \ I' \Longrightarrow I \models a \ N \Longrightarrow I' \models a \ N
  using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def
 by (metis (no-types) Un-commute Un-upper1 image-Un sup.orderE)
lemma true-annots-mono:
  set \ I \subseteq set \ I' \Longrightarrow I \models as \ N \Longrightarrow I' \models as \ N
 unfolding true-annots-def by auto
            Defined and undefined literals
13.1.3
definition defined-lit :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool (|-| \in<sub>l</sub> |-| 50)
  where
defined-lit I L \longleftrightarrow (\exists l. Marked L l \in set I) \lor (\exists P. Propagated L P \in set I)
 \vee (\exists l. \ Marked \ (-L) \ l \in set \ I) \vee (\exists P. \ Propagated \ (-L) \ P \in set \ I)
abbreviation undefined-lit :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool
where undefined-lit IL \equiv \neg defined-lit IL
lemma defined-lit-rev[simp]:
  \textit{defined-lit} \; (\textit{rev} \; M) \; L \longleftrightarrow \textit{defined-lit} \; M \; L
  unfolding defined-lit-def by auto
lemma atm-imp-marked-or-proped:
  assumes x \in set I
  shows
    (\exists l. Marked (- lit - of x) l \in set I)
    \vee (\exists l. Marked (lit-of x) l \in set I)
    \vee (\exists l. \ Propagated \ (- \ lit - of \ x) \ l \in set \ I)
    \vee (\exists l. Propagated (lit-of x) l \in set I)
  using assms marked-lit.exhaust-sel by metis
lemma literal-is-lit-of-marked:
  assumes L = lit - of x
 shows (\exists l. \ x = Marked \ L \ l) \lor (\exists l'. \ x = Propagated \ L \ l')
 using assms by (case-tac \ x) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annot\text{-}iff\text{-}marked\text{-}or\text{-}true\text{-}lit:
  defined-lit I \ L \longleftrightarrow ((lits-of I) \models l \ L \lor (lits-of I) \models l \ -L)
  unfolding defined-lit-def by (auto simp add: lits-of-def rev-image-eqI
    dest!: literal-is-lit-of-marked)
lemma consistent-interp (lits-of I) \Longrightarrow I \modelsas N \Longrightarrow satisfiable N
  by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls)
lemma defined-lit-map:
  defined-lit Ls L \longleftrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ L \in (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set Ls
 unfolding defined-lit-def apply (rule iffI)
   using image-iff apply fastforce
 by (fastforce simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of dest: atm-imp-marked-or-proped)
lemma defined-lit-uminus[iff]:
```

defined-lit I $(-L) \longleftrightarrow defined$ -lit I L

```
unfolding defined-lit-def by auto
```

```
lemma Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of:
  defined-lit I \ L \longleftrightarrow (L \in lits\text{-}of \ I \lor -L \in lits\text{-}of \ I)
  unfolding lits-of-def defined-lit-def
 by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI) (case-tac x, auto)+
lemma consistent-add-undefined-lit-consistent[simp]:
 assumes
   consistent-interp (lits-of Ls) and
   undefined-lit Ls L
 shows consistent-interp (insert L (lits-of Ls))
 using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def by (auto simp: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of)
lemma decided-empty[simp]:
  \neg defined-lit [] L
 unfolding defined-lit-def by simp
13.2
         Backtracking
fun backtrack-split :: ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits
 \Rightarrow ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \times ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits where
backtrack-split [] = ([], [])
backtrack-split (Propagated L P # mlits) = apfst ((op #) (Propagated L P)) (backtrack-split mlits) |
backtrack-split (Marked L l # mlits) = ([], Marked L l # mlits)
lemma backtrack-split-fst-not-marked: a \in set (fst (backtrack-split l)) \Longrightarrow \neg is-marked a
 by (induct l rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ backtrack\text{-}split\text{-}snd\text{-}hd\text{-}marked:
  snd\ (backtrack-split\ l) \neq [] \Longrightarrow is-marked\ (hd\ (snd\ (backtrack-split\ l)))
 by (induct l rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma backtrack-split-list-eq[simp]:
 fst\ (backtrack-split\ l)\ @\ (snd\ (backtrack-split\ l)) = l
 by (induct l rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma backtrack-snd-empty-not-marked:
  backtrack-split M = (M'', []) \Longrightarrow \forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l
 by (metis append-Nil2 backtrack-split-fst-not-marked backtrack-split-list-eq snd-conv)
lemma backtrack-split-some-is-marked-then-snd-has-hd:
  \exists l \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ l \Longrightarrow \exists M' \ L' \ M''. \ backtrack\text{-split} \ M = (M'', \ L' \# \ M')
 by (metis backtrack-snd-empty-not-marked list.exhaust prod.collapse)
Another characterisation of the result of backtrack-split. This view allows some simpler proofs,
since take While and drop While are highly automated:
{\bf lemma}\ backtrack-split-take\ While-drop\ While:
  backtrack-split M = (take While (Not o is-marked) M, drop While (Not o is-marked) M)
proof (induct M)
 case Nil show ?case by simp
 case (Cons L M) thus ?case by (cases L) auto
qed
```

13.3 Decomposition with respect to the marked literals

The pattern get-all-marked-decomposition [] = [([], [])] is necessary otherwise, we can call the hd function in the other pattern.

```
fun get-all-marked-decomposition :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits
  \Rightarrow (('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \times ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits) list where
get-all-marked-decomposition (Marked L l \# Ls) =
  (Marked\ L\ l\ \#\ Ls,\ [])\ \#\ get\mbox{-all-marked-decomposition}\ Ls\ []
get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated L P# Ls) =
  (apsnd\ ((op\ \#)\ (Propagated\ L\ P))\ (hd\ (qet-all-marked-decomposition\ Ls)))
   \# tl (get-all-marked-decomposition Ls) |
get-all-marked-decomposition [] = [([], [])]
value qet-all-marked-decomposition [Propagated A5 B5, Marked C4 D4, Propagated A3 B3,
  Propagated A2 B2, Marked C1 D1, Propagated A0 B0]
lemma qet-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty[iff]:
  get-all-marked-decomposition M = [] \longleftrightarrow False
 by (induct\ M,\ simp)\ (case-tac\ a,\ auto)
lemma qet-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty-sym[iff]:
  [] = get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M \longleftrightarrow False
 using get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty [of M] by presburger
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp:
  hd (get-all-marked-decomposition S) = (a, c) \Longrightarrow S = c @ a
proof (induct\ S\ arbitrary:\ a\ c)
 case Nil
 thus ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons \ x \ A)
 thus ?case by (cases x; cases hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition A)) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split}:
  backtrack-split\ S=(M,M')\longleftrightarrow hd\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ S)=(M',M)
proof (induction S arbitrary: M M')
 case Nil
 thus ?case by auto
next
 case (Cons\ a\ S)
 thus ?case using backtrack-split-takeWhile-dropWhile by (cases a) force+
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-nil-backtrack-split-snd-nil}:
  get-all-marked-decomposition S = [([], A)] \Longrightarrow snd (backtrack-split S) = []
 by (simp add: get-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split sndI)
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-length-1-fst-empty-or-length-1}:
  assumes get-all-marked-decomposition M = (a, b) \# []
 shows a = [] \lor (length \ a = 1 \land is\text{-marked} \ (hd \ a) \land hd \ a \in set \ M)
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: a b)
 case Nil thus ?case by simp
```

```
next
 case (Cons \ m \ M)
 show ?case
   proof (cases m)
     case (Marked l mark)
     thus ?thesis using Cons by simp
   next
     case (Propagated\ l\ mark)
     thus ?thesis using Cons by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) force+
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ get-all-marked-decomposition-fst-empty-or-hd-in-M:
 assumes get-all-marked-decomposition M = (a, b) \# l
 shows a = [] \lor (is\text{-}marked (hd a) \land hd a \in set M)
 using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
 \mathbf{by} (metis UnCI backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked qet-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split
   get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp hd-in-set list.sel(1) set-append snd-conv)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-not-marked} :
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and L \in set b
 shows \neg is-marked L
 using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: marked-lit-list-induct, simp)
 by (case-tac\ get-all-marked-decomposition\ xs;\ fastforce)+
{\bf lemma}\ tl-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some:
 assumes x \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition M1))
 shows x \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ M1)))
 using assms
 by (induct M0 rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
    (auto\ simp\ add:\ list.set-sel(2))
\mathbf{lemma}\ hd\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}skip\text{-}some:}
 assumes (x, y) = hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition M1)
 shows (x, y) \in set (qet-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ Marked K i # M1))
 using assms
proof (induct M0)
 case Nil
 thus ?case by auto
next
 case (Cons\ L\ M0)
 hence xy: (x, y) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ Marked K i # M1)) by blast
 show ?case
   proof (cases L)
     case (Marked\ l\ m)
     thus ?thesis using xy by auto
     case (Propagated l m)
     thus ?thesis
      using xy Cons.prems
      by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ Marked K i \# M1))
         (auto dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp
            arg-cong[of get-all-marked-decomposition - - hd])
```

```
qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-union}:
 set \ M = \{ \} (set \ `snd \ `set \ (qet-all-marked-decomposition \ M) \} \cup \{ L \ | L. \ is-marked \ L \land L \in set \ M \}
 (is ?M M = ?U M \cup ?Ls M)
proof (induct M arbitrary:)
 case Nil
 thus ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons\ L\ M)
 show ?case
   proof (cases L)
     case (Marked a l) note L = this
     hence L \in ?Ls (L \# M) by auto
     moreover have ?U(L\#M) = ?UM unfolding L by auto
     moreover have ?MM = ?UM \cup ?LsM using Cons.hyps by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis by auto
   next
     case (Propagated \ a \ P)
     thus ?thesis using Cons.hyps by (cases (get-all-marked-decomposition M)) auto
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
{\bf lemma}\ in-get-all-marked-decomposition-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-prepend:
 (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M') \Longrightarrow
   \exists b'. (a, b' @ b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M @ M'))
 apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply (metis append-Nil)
  apply auto
 by (case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @M')) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ get-all-marked-decomposition-remove-unmarked-length:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 shows length (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ M''))
   = length (qet-all-marked-decomposition M'')
 using assms by (induct M' arbitrary: M" rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-not-is-marked-length}:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 shows 1 + length (qet-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated <math>(-L) P \# M))
   = length (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ Marked L l \# M))
using assms get-all-marked-decomposition-remove-unmarked-length by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-last-choice}:
 assumes tl \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ l \ \# \ M)) \neq []
 and \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 and hd (tl (qet-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ Marked L l \# M)) = (M0', M0)
 shows hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated (-L) P \# M)) = (M0', Propagated (-L) P \#
 using assms by (induct M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma qet-all-marked-decomposition-except-last-choice-equal:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 shows tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated (-L) P \# M))
```

```
= tl \ (tl \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ l \ \# \ M)))
  using assms by (induct M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ get-all-marked-decomposition-hd-hd:
 assumes get-all-marked-decomposition Ls = (M, C) \# (M0, M0') \# l
 shows tl\ M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-}marked\ (hd\ M)
 using assms
proof (induct Ls arbitrary: M C M0 M0'l)
 case Nil
 thus ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons a Ls M C M0 M0' l) note IH = this(1) and g = this(2)
  { fix L level
   assume a: a = Marked L level
   have Ls = M0' @ M0
     using g a by (force intro: get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp)
   hence tl M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-marked } (hd\ M) using g\ a by auto
 moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ L \ P
   assume a: a = Propagated L P
   have tl\ M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-}marked\ (hd\ M)
     using IH Cons.prems unfolding a by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition Ls) auto
 ultimately show ?case by (cases a) auto
qed
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[dest]:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows \exists c. M = c @ b @ a
 using assms apply (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply simp
  by (case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition xs;
   auto dest!: arg-cong[of get-all-marked-decomposition - - hd]
     get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp)+
lemma qet-all-marked-decomposition-incl:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows set b \subseteq set M and set a \subseteq set M
 using assms get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend by fastforce+
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend':
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 obtains c where M = c @ b @ a
 using assms apply (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[1]
 by (case-tac hd (get-all-marked-decomposition xs),
   auto\ dest!:\ get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp\ simp\ add:\ list.set-sel(2)) +
\mathbf{lemma} \ union\text{-}in\text{-}qet\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}is\text{-}subset}:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \mathbf{shows}\ set\ a\ \cup\ set\ b\ \subseteq\ set\ M
 using assms by force
```

```
definition all-decomposition-implies :: 'a literal multiset set
  \Rightarrow (('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list \times ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list) list \Rightarrow bool where
 all-decomposition-implies N S
   \longleftrightarrow (\forall (Ls, seen) \in set \ S. \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit - of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ Ls \cup N \models ps \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit - of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ seen)
lemma all-decomposition-implies-empty[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N \parallel unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-single[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N [(Ls, seen)]
    \longleftrightarrow (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set Ls \cup N \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set seen
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-append[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N (S @ S')
    \longleftrightarrow (all-decomposition-implies N S \land all-decomposition-implies N S')
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-cons-pair[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N ((Ls, seen) \# S')
    \longleftrightarrow (all-decomposition-implies N [(Ls, seen)] \land all-decomposition-implies N S')
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-cons-single[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N (l \# S') \longleftrightarrow
    ((\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set (fst l) \cup N \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set (snd l) \land
      all-decomposition-implies N S')
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied:
  assumes all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
   \models ps \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `\bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M))
using assms
proof (induct length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) arbitrary: M)
  case \theta
  thus ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and length = this(2)
  {
   assume length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) \leq 1
   then obtain a b where g: get-all-marked-decomposition M = (a, b) \# []
     by (case-tac\ get-all-marked-decomposition\ M) auto
   moreover {
      assume a = []
      hence ?case using Suc.prems g by auto
    }
   moreover {
      assume l: length a = 1 and m: is-marked (hd a) and hd: hd a \in set M
      hence (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\})\ (hd\ a) \in \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} by auto
      hence H: (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\}) \text{ '} set\ a \cup N \subseteq N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
       using l by (cases \ a) auto
      have f1: (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of m\#\}) 'set a \cup N \models ps (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of m\#\})'set b
       using Suc. prems unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def g by simp
      have ?case
```

```
unfolding g apply (rule true-clss-clss-subset) using f1 H by auto
 }
 ultimately have ?case using get-all-marked-decomposition-length-1-fst-empty-or-length-1 by blast
moreover {
 assume length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) > 1
 then obtain Ls\theta \ seen\theta \ M' where
   Ls0: get-all-marked-decomposition M = (Ls0, seen0) \# get-all-marked-decomposition M' and
   length': length (get-all-marked-decomposition M') = n and
   M'-in-M: set M' \subseteq set M
   using length apply (induct M)
     apply simp
   by (case-tac\ a,\ case-tac\ hd\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M))
      (auto simp add: subset-insertI2)
   assume n = 0
   hence get-all-marked-decomposition M' = [] using length' by auto
   hence ?case using Suc.prems unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def Ls0 by auto
 moreover {
   assume n: n > 0
   then obtain Ls1 seen1 l where Ls1: get-all-marked-decomposition M' = (Ls1, seen1) \# l
     using length' by (induct M', simp) (case-tac a, auto)
   have all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M')
     using Suc. prems unfolding Ls0 all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
   hence N: N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M'\}
       \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ ` \ \bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ M'))
     using IH length' by auto
   have l: N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M'\}
     \subseteq N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
     using M'-in-M by auto
   hence \Psi N: N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M\}
     \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `\bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ M'))
     using true-clss-clss-subset[OF l N] by auto
   have is-marked (hd Ls0) and LS: tl Ls0 = seen1 @ Ls1
     using get-all-marked-decomposition-hd-hd[of M] unfolding Ls0 Ls1 by auto
   have LSM: seen 1 @ Ls1 = M' using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of M'] Ls1 by auto
   have M': set M' = Union (set 'snd' set (get-all-marked-decomposition M'))
     \cup \{L \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in \text{set } M'\}
     using get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-union by auto
     assume Ls\theta \neq [
     hence hd\ Ls0 \in set\ M using get-all-marked-decomposition-fst-empty-or-hd-in-M Ls0 by blast
     hence N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \wedge L \in set M\} \models p (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of }a\#\}) (hd Ls\theta)
       using \langle is\text{-}marked \ (hd \ Ls\theta) \rangle by (metis \ (mono\text{-}tags, \ lifting) \ UnCI \ mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq
         true-clss-cls-in)
   } note hd-Ls\theta = this
   have l: (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \cdot (\bigcup (set \cdot snd \cdot set (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M'))
       \cup \{L \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in \text{set } M'\})
     = (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) '
```

```
\bigcup (set 'snd' set (get-all-marked-decomposition M'))
            \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M'\}
        by auto
      have N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M'\} \models ps
               (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) '(\) \( \( set 'snd 'set (get-all-marked-decomposition M') \)
                   \cup \{L \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in \text{set } M'\}\}
        unfolding l using N by (auto simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss)
      hence N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\} \mid L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M'\} \models ps\ (\lambda a.\ \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\}) \text{ '} set\ (tl\ Ls0)
        using M' unfolding LS LSM by auto
      hence t: N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M'\}
         \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set (tl Ls0)
        by (blast intro: all-in-true-clss-clss)
      hence N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
         \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ (tl \ Ls0)
        using M'-in-M true-clss-clss-subset[OF - t,
           of N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M\}\}
        by auto
      hence N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\} \mid L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} \models ps\ (\lambda a.\ \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\}) \text{ 'set\ } Ls0
        using hd-Ls\theta by (case-tac Ls\theta, auto)
      moreover have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set Ls0 \cup N \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set seen0
         using Suc. prems unfolding Ls0 all-decomposition-implies-def by simp
      moreover have \bigwedge M Ma. (M::'a \ literal \ multiset \ set) \cup Ma \models ps \ M
        by (simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss)
      ultimately have \Psi: N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M\} \models ps
           (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set seen0
        by (meson true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
      have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) '(set seen0)
            \cup (\bigcup x \in set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ M'). \ set \ (snd \ x)))
          = (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set seen 0
             \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \cdot (\bigcup x \in set (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M'). set (snd x))
        by auto
      hence ?case unfolding Ls0 using \Psi \Psi N by simp
    ultimately have ?case by auto
  ultimately show ?case by arith
qed
lemma all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied:
  assumes all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
  shows N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\} \mid L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} \models ps\ (\lambda a.\ \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\}) \text{ 'set\ } M
    (is ?I \models ps ?A)
proof -
  have ?I \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) ` \{L \mid L. is\text{-}marked } L \land L \in set M\}
    by (auto intro: all-in-true-clss-clss)
  moreover have ?I \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) ` \bigcup (set `snd `set (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M))
    using all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied assms by blast
  ultimately have N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ m\#\}\ | m.\ is\text{-}marked\ m \land m \in set\ M\}
    \models ps \ (\lambda m. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ m\#\}) \ `\bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M))
      \cup (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-of } m\#\}) ` \{m \mid m. is\text{-marked } m \land m \in set M\}
      by blast
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis (no-types) get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-union[of M] image-Un)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}insert\text{-}single\text{:}}
  all-decomposition-implies N M \Longrightarrow all-decomposition-implies (insert C N) M
 unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
         Negation of Clauses
13.4
definition CNot :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{where}
CNot \psi = \{ \{\#-L\#\} \mid L. \ L \in \# \psi \}
lemma in-CNot-uminus[iff]:
 shows \{\#L\#\} \in CNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow -L \in \# \ \psi
 using assms unfolding CNot-def by force
lemma CNot-singleton[simp]: CNot \{\#L\#\} = \{\{\#-L\#\}\}\} unfolding CNot-def by auto
lemma CNot\text{-}empty[simp]: CNot \{\#\} = \{\} unfolding CNot\text{-}def by auto
lemma CNot-plus[simp]: CNot (A + B) = CNot A \cup CNot B unfolding CNot-def by auto
lemma CNot\text{-}eq\text{-}empty[iff]:
  CNot\ D = \{\} \longleftrightarrow D = \{\#\}
 unfolding CNot-def by (auto simp add: multiset-eqI)
lemma in-CNot-implies-uminus:
 assumes L \in \# D
 and M \models as \ CNot \ D
 shows M \models a \{\#-L\#\} \text{ and } -L \in lits\text{-}of M
 using assms by (auto simp add: true-annots-def true-annot-def CNot-def)
lemma CNot-remdups-mset[simp]:
  CNot (remdups-mset A) = CNot A
 unfolding CNot-def by auto
lemma Ball-CNot-Ball-mset[simp] :
 (\forall x \in CNot \ D. \ P \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\forall L \in \# \ D. \ P \ \{\#-L\#\})
unfolding CNot-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ consistent	ext{-}CNot	ext{-}not:
 assumes consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg I \models \varphi
 using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def true-clss-def true-cls-def by auto
lemma total-not-true-cls-true-clss-CNot:
 assumes total-over-m I \{\varphi\} and \neg I \models \varphi
 shows I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi
 using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def true-clss-def true-cls-def CNot-def
   apply clarify
 by (case-tac L) (force intro: pos-lit-in-atms-of neg-lit-in-atms-of)+
lemma total-not-CNot:
 assumes total-over-m I \{\varphi\} and \neg I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi
 shows I \models \varphi
 using assms total-not-true-cls-true-clss-CNot by auto
lemma atms-of-m-CNot-atms-of[simp]:
```

atms-of-m (CNot C) = atms-of C

```
unfolding atms-of-m-def atms-of-def CNot-def by fastforce
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}contradiction\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}false:
  C \in D \Longrightarrow D \models ps \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow D \models p \ \{\#\}
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-def
  by (metis Un-commute atms-of-empty atms-of-m-CNot-atms-of atms-of-m-insert atms-of-m-union
   consistent-CNot-not insert-absorb sup-bot.left-neutral true-clss-def)
lemma true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined:
 assumes M \models as \ CNot \ T \ and \ a1: \ L \in \# \ T
  shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\ M
  by (metis\ assms\ atm-of-uninus\ image-eqI\ in-CNot-implies-uninus(1)\ true-annot-singleton)
lemma true-clss-clss-false-left-right:
  assumes \{\{\#L\#\}\}\cup B\models p \{\#\}
 shows B \models ps \ CNot \ \{\#L\#\}
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix}\ I
  assume
   tot: total-over-m I (B \cup CNot {#L#}) and
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   I: I \models s B
 have total-over-m I(\{\{\#L\#\}\} \cup B) using tot by auto
 hence \neg I \models s insert \{\#L\#\} B
   using assms cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def by simp
  thus I \models s \ CNot \ \{\#L\#\}
   using tot I by (cases L) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}def\text{-}iff\text{-}negation\text{-}in\text{-}model}:
  M \models as \ CNot \ C \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ L \in \# \ C. \ -L \in lits \text{-} of \ M)
  unfolding CNot-def true-annots-true-cls true-clss-def by auto
lemma consistent-CNot-not-tautology:
  consistent-interp M \Longrightarrow M \models s \ CNot \ D \Longrightarrow \neg tautology \ D
  by (metis atms-of-m-CNot-atms-of consistent-CNot-not satisfiable-carac' satisfiable-def
   tautology-def total-over-m-def)
lemma atms-of-m-CNot-atms-of-m: atms-of-m (CNot CC) = atms-of-m {CC}
 by simp
lemma total-over-m-CNot-toal-over-m[simp]:
  total-over-m \ I \ (CNot \ C) = total-over-set \ I \ (atms-of C)
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma uminus-lit-swap: -(a::'a \ literal) = i \longleftrightarrow a = -i
   by auto
lemma true-clss-cls-plus-CNot:
  assumes CC-L: A \models p CC + \{\#L\#\}
 and CNot\text{-}CC: A \models ps \ CNot \ CC
  shows A \models p \{\#L\#\}
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def CNot-def total-over-m-def
proof (intro allI impI)
```

```
\mathbf{fix} I
 assume tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-m (A \cup \{\{\#L\#\}\}))
 and cons: consistent-interp I
  and I: I \models s A
  let ?I = I \cup \{Pos\ P | P.\ P \in atms\text{-}of\ CC \land P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\}
  have cons': consistent-interp ?I
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def
   by (auto simp add: uminus-lit-swap atms-of-def rev-image-eqI)
  have I': ?I \models s A
   using I true-clss-union-increase by blast
  have tot-CNot: total-over-m ?I (A \cup CNot \ CC)
   using tot atms-of-s-def by (fastforce simp add: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def)
  hence tot-I-A-CC-L: total-over-m ?I (A \cup \{CC + \{\#L\#\}\})
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-atm-of by auto
  hence ?I \models CC + \{\#L\#\} \text{ using } CC\text{-}L \text{ cons' } I' \text{ unfolding } true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}def \text{ by } blast
  moreover
   have ?I \models s \ CNot \ CC \ using \ CNot-CC \ cons' \ I' \ tot-CNot \ unfolding \ true-clss-clss-def by auto
   hence \neg A \models p \ CC
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) I' atms-of-m-CNot-atms-of-m atms-of-m-union cons'
        consistent-CNot-not tot-CNot total-over-m-def true-clss-cls-def)
   hence \neg ?I \models CC using \langle ?I \models s \ CNot \ CC \rangle cons' consistent-CNot-not by blast
  ultimately have ?I \models \{\#L\#\} by blast
  thus I \models \{\#L\#\}
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) atms-of-m-union cons' consistent-CNot-not tot total-not-CNot
      total-over-m-def total-over-set-union true-clss-union-increase)
qed
lemma true-annots-CNot-lit-of-notin-skip:
  assumes LM: L \# M \models as \ CNot \ A \ and \ LA: \ lit-of \ L \notin \# A - lit-of \ L \notin \# A
 shows M \models as \ CNot \ A
  using LM unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} l
  assume H: \forall x. \ x \in \mathit{CNot}\ A \longrightarrow L \ \# \ M \models ax \ \text{and}\ l: l \in \mathit{CNot}\ A
 hence L \# M \models a l by auto
 thus M \models a l using LA l by (cases L) (auto simp add: CNot\text{-}def)
 qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}false\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}cnot:
  A \cup \{B\} \models ps \{\{\#\}\} \longleftrightarrow A \models ps \ CNot \ B
  using total-not-CNot consistent-CNot-not unfolding total-over-m-def true-clss-clss-def
  by fastforce
{f lemma} true-annot-remove-hd-if-notin-vars:
  assumes a \# M' \models a D
  and atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ a) \notin atm\text{-}of\ D
 shows M' \models a D
  using assms true-cls-remove-hd-if-notin-vars unfolding true-annot-def by auto
lemma true-annot-remove-if-notin-vars:
  assumes M @ M' \models a D
  and \forall x \in atms\text{-}of D. x \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ } its\text{-}of M
  shows M' \models a D
  using assms apply (induct M, simp)
```

```
using true-annot-remove-hd-if-notin-vars by force+
{f lemma}\ true\mbox{-}annots\mbox{-}remove\mbox{-}if\mbox{-}notin\mbox{-}vars:
  assumes M @ M' \models as D
 and \forall x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ D. \ x \notin atm\text{-}of \ ' lits\text{-}of \ M
 shows M' \models as D unfolding true-annots-def
  using assms true-annot-remove-if-notin-vars[of M M']
  {\bf unfolding} \ {\it true-annots-def} \ {\it atms-of-m-def} \ {\bf by} \ {\it force}
lemma all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot:
 assumes \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \{B\}. \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ 'its\text{-}of \ A
 and \neg A \models a B
 shows A \models as CNot B
 unfolding true-annot-def true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-lit-def
proof (clarify, rule ccontr)
  \mathbf{fix} L
 assume LB: L \in \# B and \neg lits \text{-} of A \models l - L
 hence atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits-of A
   using assms(1) by (simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of lits-of-def)
  hence L \in lits-of A \vee -L \in lits-of A
   using atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set by metis
  hence L \in lits-of A using \langle \neg lits-of A \models l - L \rangle by auto
  thus False
   using LB \ assms(2) unfolding true-annot-def true-lit-def true-cls-def Bex-mset-def
   by blast
qed
lemma CNot\text{-}union\text{-}mset[simp]:
  CNot (A \# \cup B) = CNot A \cup CNot B
 unfolding CNot-def by auto
13.5
          Other
abbreviation no-dup L \equiv distinct \ (map \ (\lambda l. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ l)) \ L)
lemma no-dup-rev[simp]:
  no\text{-}dup \ (rev \ M) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}dup \ M
 by (auto simp: rev-map[symmetric])
lemma no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of:
  assumes no-dup M
  \mathbf{shows} \ length \ M \ = \ card \ (atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M)
  using assms unfolding lits-of-def by (induct M) (auto simp add: image-image)
lemma distinct consistent-interp:
  no-dup M \Longrightarrow consistent-interp (lits-of M)
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
 show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons\ L\ M)
 hence a1: consistent-interp (lits-of M) by auto
 have a2: atm-of (lit-of L) \notin (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) 'set M using Cons.prems by auto
  have undefined-lit M (lit-of L)
   using a2 image-iff unfolding defined-lit-def by fastforce
```

thus ?case

```
using a1 by simp
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ distinct get-all-marked-decomposition-no-dup:
  assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
  and no-dup M
  shows no-dup (a @ b)
  using assms by force
lemma true-annots-lit-of-notin-skip:
 assumes L \# M \models as \ CNot \ A
 and -lit-of L \notin \# A
 and no-dup (L \# M)
  shows M \models as \ CNot \ A
proof -
 have \forall l \in \# A. -l \in lits\text{-}of (L \# M)
   using assms(1) in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
   have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \notin atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\ M
     using assms(3) lits-of-def by force
   hence - lit-of L \notin lits-of M unfolding lits-of-def
     by (metis (no-types) atm-of-uminus imageI)
  ultimately have \forall l \in \# A. -l \in lits\text{-}of M
   using assms(2) unfolding Ball-mset-def by (metis insertE lits-of-cons uminus-of-uminus-id)
  thus ?thesis by (auto simp add: true-annots-def)
qed
type-synonym 'v clauses = 'v clause multiset
abbreviation true-annots-mset (infix \models asm 50) where
I \models asm \ C \equiv I \models as \ (set\text{-}mset \ C)
abbreviation true-clss-clss-m:: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models psm \ 50) where
I \models psm \ C \equiv set\text{-}mset \ I \models ps \ (set\text{-}mset \ C)
Analog of [?N \models ps ?B; ?A \subseteq ?B] \implies ?N \models ps ?A
lemma true\text{-}clss\text{-}clssm\text{-}subsetE \colon N \models psm\ B \Longrightarrow A \subseteq \#\ B \Longrightarrow N \models psm\ A
  using set-mset-mono true-clss-clss-subsetE by blast
abbreviation true-clss-cls-m:: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models pm \ 50) where
I \models pm \ C \equiv set\text{-}mset \ I \models p \ C
abbreviation distinct-mset-mset :: 'a multiset multiset \Rightarrow bool where
distinct-mset-mset \Sigma \equiv distinct-mset-set (set-mset \Sigma)
abbreviation all-decomposition-implies-m where
all-decomposition-implies-m A B \equiv all-decomposition-implies (set-mset A) B
abbreviation atms-of-mu where
atms-of-mu U \equiv atms-of-m (set-mset U)
abbreviation true-clss-m:: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelssm 50) where
I \models sm \ C \equiv I \models s \ set\text{-}mset \ C
abbreviation true-clss-ext-m (infix \models sextm 49) where
```

```
I \models sextm \ C \equiv I \models sext \ set\text{-}mset \ C end theory CDCL\text{-}NOT imports Partial\text{-}Annotated\text{-}Clausal\text{-}Logic \ List\text{-}More \ Wellfounded\text{-}More \ Partial\text{-}Clausal\text{-}Logic \ begin}
```

14 NOT's CDCL

sledgehammer-params[verbose, prover=e spass z3 cvc4 verit remote-vampire]

 $extbf{declare}$ $set ext{-}mset ext{-}minus ext{-}replicate ext{-}mset[simp]$

14.1 Auxiliary Lemmas and Measure

```
lemma no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus:
    no-dup M \Longrightarrow - lit-of xa = lit-of x \Longrightarrow x \in set M \Longrightarrow xa \notin set M by (metis atm-of-uminus distinct-map inj-on-eq-iff uminus-not-id')

lemma true-clss-single-iff-incl:
    I \models s single 'B \longleftrightarrow B \subseteq I unfolding true-clss-def by auto

lemma atms-of-m-single-atm-of[simp]:
    atms-of-\{\#lit-of L\#\}\ | L.\ P\ L\} = atm-of '\{lit-of L\ | L.\ P\ L\} unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto

lemma atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of:
    atms-of \{\#-lit-of x.\ x\in \#\ A\#\} = atm-of '\{lit-of \ (set-mset\ A)\} unfolding atms-of-def by (auto simp add: Fun.image-comp)

lemma atms-of-m-single-image-atm-of-lit-of:
    atms-of-(\chi x.\ \{\#lit-of\ x\#\}) '(\chi x.\ \{\#lit-of\ x\#\}) unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
```

This measure can also be seen as the increasing lexicographic order: it is an order on bounded sequences, when each element is bounded. The proof involves a measure like the one defined here (the same?).

```
definition \mu_C :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow nat where \mu_C s b M \equiv (\sum i=0...< length M. <math>M!i*b^{\wedge}(s+i-length M)) lemma \mu_C-nil[simp]: \mu_C s b [] = 0 unfolding \mu_C-def by auto lemma \mu_C-single[simp]: \mu_C s b [L] = L*b^{\wedge}(s-Suc\ 0) unfolding \mu_C-def by auto lemma set-sum-atLeastLessThan-add: (\sum i=k...< k+(b::nat). f i) = (\sum i=0...< b. f (k+i)) by (induction\ b) auto lemma set-sum-atLeastLessThan-Suc: (\sum i=1...< Suc\ j.\ f\ i) = (\sum i=0...< j.\ f\ (Suc\ i))
```

```
lemma \mu_C-cons:
 \mu_C \ s \ b \ (L \# M) = L * b \ \widehat{\ } (s-1 - length M) + \mu_C \ s \ b \ M
proof -
 have \mu_C \ s \ b \ (L \# M) = (\sum i = 0.. < length \ (L \# M). \ (L \# M)! \ i * b^ \ (s + i - length \ (L \# M)))
   unfolding \mu_C-def by blast
 also have ... = (\sum i=0..<1. (L\#M)!i * b^{(s+i-length (L\#M))})
              + (\sum i=1..< length (L\#M). (L\#M)!i * b^ (s+i - length (L\#M)))
    \mathbf{by} \ (rule \ setsum\text{-}add\text{-}nat\text{-}ivl[symmetric]) \ simp\text{-}all
 finally have \mu_C \ s \ b \ (L \# M) = L * b \ \widehat{\ } (s-1 - length M)
               + (\sum i=1..< length (L\#M). (L\#M)!i * b^ (s+i - length (L\#M)))
    by auto
 moreover {
   have (\sum i=1..< length\ (L\#M).\ (L\#M)!i*b^ (s+i-length\ (L\#M)))=
         (\sum i=0... < length (M). (L\#M)!(Suc i) * b^ (s + (Suc i) - length (L\#M)))
    unfolding length-Cons set-sum-atLeastLessThan-Suc by blast
   also have ... = (\sum i=0..< length (M). M!i * b^ (s + i - length M))
   finally have (\sum i=1...< length\ (L\#M).\ (L\#M)!i*b^(s+i-length\ (L\#M))) = \mu_C\ s\ b\ M
     unfolding \mu_C-def.
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
qed
lemma \mu_C-append:
 assumes s \ge length \ (M@M')
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ (M@M') = \mu_C \ (s - length \ M') \ b \ M + \mu_C \ s \ b \ M'
 have \mu_C \ s \ b \ (M@M') = (\sum i = 0 .. < length \ (M@M') . \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
   unfolding \mu_C-def by blast
 moreover then have ... = (\sum i=0.. < length M. (M@M')!i * b^ (s+i - length (M@M')))
              + (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
   by (auto intro!: setsum-add-nat-ivl[symmetric])
 moreover
   have \forall i \in \{0.. < length M\}. (M@M')!i * b^ (s+i-length (M@M')) = M!i * b^ (s-length M')
     using \langle s \geq length \ (M@M') \rangle by (auto simp add: nth-append ac-simps)
    then have \mu_C (s - length M') b M = (\sum i=0... < length M. (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length)
(M@M'))
     unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
 ultimately have \mu_C s b (M@M') = \mu_C (s - length M') b M
               + (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
    by auto
 moreover {
   have (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s+i - length \ (M@M'))) =
         (\sum i=0..< length\ M'.\ M'!i*b^(s+i-length\ M'))
    unfolding length-append set-sum-atLeastLessThan-add by auto
   then have (\sum i=length\ M...< length\ (M@M').\ (M@M')!i*b^ (s+i-length\ (M@M'))) = \mu_C\ s\ b
     unfolding \mu_C-def.
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
qed
```

```
lemma \mu_C-cons-non-empty-inf:
 assumes M-ge-1: \forall i \in set \ M. \ i \geq 1 \ and \ M: \ M \neq []
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \ge b \ \widehat{} \ (s - length \ M)
 using assms by (cases M) (auto simp: mult-eq-if \mu_C-cons)
Duplicate of "/src/HOL/ex/NatSum.thy" (but generalized to (0::'a) \leq k)
lemma sum-of-powers: 0 \le k \Longrightarrow (k-1) * (\sum i=0... < n. \ k \hat{i}) = k \hat{n} - (1::nat)
 apply (cases k = 0)
   apply (cases n; simp)
 by (induct n) (auto simp: Nat.nat-distrib)
In the degenerated cases, we only have the large inequality holds. In the other cases, the
following strict inequality holds:
lemma \mu_C-bounded-non-degenerated:
 fixes b :: nat
 assumes
   b > \theta and
   M \neq [] and
   M-le: \forall i < length M. M!i < b and
   s \geq length M
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M < b \hat{s}
proof -
  consider (b1) b=1 | (b) b>1 using \langle b>0 \rangle by (cases b) auto
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case b1
     then have \forall i < length M. M!i = 0 using M-le by auto
     then have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M = \theta unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
     then show ?thesis using \langle b > 0 \rangle by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     case b
     have \forall i \in \{0.. < length M\}. M!i * b^ (s+i-length M) \le (b-1) * b^ (s+i-length M)
       using M-le \langle b > 1 \rangle by auto
     then have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le (\sum i=0... < length \ M. \ (b-1) * b^ (s+i-length \ M))
        using \langle M \neq [] \rangle \langle b > 0 \rangle unfolding \mu_C-def by (auto intro: setsum-mono)
      have \forall i \in \{0.. < length M\}. (b-1) * b^{(s+i-length M)} = (b-1) * b^{(i+k-length M)}
         by (metis Nat.add-diff-assoc2 add.commute assms(4) mult.assoc power-add)
       then have (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ (b-1)*b^ (s+i-length\ M))
         = (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ (b-1)*\ b^i*\ b^i(s-length\ M))
         by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
     also have ... = (\sum i=0.. < length \ M. \ b^i) * b^k = length \ M) * (b-1)
        by (simp add: setsum-left-distrib setsum-right-distrib ac-simps)
     finally have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le (\sum i=0... < length \ M. \ b^i) * (b-1) * b^i(s - length \ M)
       by (simp add: ac-simps)
     also
       have (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ b^i)*(b-1)=b^i(length\ M)-1
         using sum-of-powers[of b length M] \langle b > 1 \rangle
         by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
     finally have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le (b \ \widehat{\ } (length \ M) - 1) * b \ \widehat{\ } (s - length \ M)
       by auto
     also have ... < b \cap (length M) * b \cap (s - length M)
       using \langle b > 1 \rangle by auto
```

also have ... = $b \hat{s}$

```
by (metis assms(4) le-add-diff-inverse power-add)
     finally show ?thesis unfolding \mu_C-def by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
   qed
qed
In the degenerate case b = (\theta::'a), the list M is empty (since the list cannot contain any
element).
lemma \mu_C-bounded:
 fixes b :: nat
 assumes
   M-le: \forall i < length M. M!i < b and
   s \geq length M
   b > 0
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M < b \ \hat{\ } s
proof -
 consider (M\theta) M = [] \mid (M) b > \theta and M \neq []
   using M-le by (cases b, cases M) auto
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case M0
     then show ?thesis using M-le \langle b > 0 \rangle by auto
   next
     case M
     show ?thesis using \mu_C-bounded-non-degenerated [OF M assms(1,2)] by arith
qed
When b = 0, we cannot show that the measure is empty, since 0^0 = 1.
lemma \mu_C-base-\theta:
 assumes length M \leq s
 shows \mu_C \ s \ \theta \ M \le M! \theta
proof -
 {
   assume s = length M
   moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ n
     have (\sum i=0...< n.\ M!\ i*(0::nat)^i) \leq M!\ 0
      apply (induction n rule: nat-induct)
      by simp (case-tac n, auto)
   ultimately have ?thesis unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
 moreover
 {
   assume length M < s
   then have \mu_C \ s \ \theta \ M = \theta \ unfolding \ \mu_C - def \ by \ auto \}
 ultimately show ?thesis using assms unfolding \mu_C-def by linarith
qed
```

14.2 Initial definitions

14.2.1 The state

We define here an abstraction over operation on the state we are manipulating. $locale\ dpll$ -state =

```
fixes
      trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
      clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
      prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
       remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st
    assumes
       trail-prepend-trail[simp]:
          \bigwedge st\ L.\ undefined-lit\ (trail\ st)\ (lit-of\ L) \Longrightarrow trail\ (prepend-trail\ L\ st) = L\ \#\ trail\ st
       tl-trail[simp]: trail(tl-trail(S)) = tl(trail(S)) and
       trail-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]: \land st \ C. \ trail \ (add-cls_{NOT} \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
       trail-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]: \land st \ C. \ trail \ (remove-<math>cls_{NOT} \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
       clauses-prepend-trail[simp]:
          \bigwedgest L. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow clauses (prepend-trail L st) = clauses st
       clauses-tl-trail[simp]: \land st. clauses (tl-trail st) = clauses st and
       clauses-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]: \land st \ C. \ clauses \ (add-cls_{NOT} \ C \ st) = \{\#C\#\} + clauses \ st \ and \ clauses \ and \ clauses \ st \ and \ clauses \ clau
       clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> [simp]: \bigwedgest C. clauses (remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> C st) = remove-mset C (clauses st)
begin
function reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS =
   (if length (trail S) = length F \vee trail S = [] then S else reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S))
\mathbf{bv} fast+
termination by (relation measure (\lambda(-, S)). length (trail S))) auto
declare reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps[simp\ del]
lemma
   shows
   reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-nil[simp]: trail S = [] \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S = S and
   reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq-length[simp]: length (trail S) = length F \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S = S
   by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length-ne[simp]:
    length (trail S) \neq length F \Longrightarrow trail S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
       reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S = reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S)
   by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length-le:
   assumes length F > length (trail S)
   shows trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS) = []
    using assms by (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
    (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
thm reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-nil[simp]:
    trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} [] S) = []
   by (induction []:: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
    (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-nil:
    clauses (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} [] S) = clauses S
```

```
by (induction [:: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits S rule: reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-skip-beginning:
  assumes trail\ S = F' @ F
  shows trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS) = F
  using assms by (induction F' arbitrary: S) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-clauses[simp]:
  clauses (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S) = clauses S
  by (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp\-diff-less\ reduce\-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
abbreviation trail-weight where
trail-weight\ S \equiv map\ ((\lambda l.\ 1 + length\ l)\ o\ snd)\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
definition state\text{-}eq_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool (infix \sim 50) where
S \sim T \longleftrightarrow trail \ S = trail \ T \wedge clauses \ S = clauses \ T
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-ref[simp]:
  S \sim S
 unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}sym:
  S \sim T \longleftrightarrow T \sim S
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-trans:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow T \sim U \Longrightarrow S \sim U
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemma
  shows
    state-eq_{NOT}-trail: S \sim T \Longrightarrow trail \ S = trail \ T and
    state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}clauses: S \sim T \Longrightarrow clauses S = clauses T
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemmas state\text{-}simp_{NOT}[simp] = state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}trail\ state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}clauses
lemma trail-eq-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ T)
 apply (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis tl-trail reduce-trail-to}_{NOT} - \textit{eq-length reduce-trail-to}_{NOT} - \textit{length-ne reduce-trail-to}_{NOT} - \textit{nil}) 
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-compatible:
  assumes ST: S \sim T
  shows reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FT
  have clauses(reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ F \ S) = clauses(reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ F \ T)
    using ST by auto
  moreover have trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T)
    using trail-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq[of S T F] ST by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp del: state-simp<sub>NOT</sub> simp: state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def)
qed
```

```
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S)
  by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq) simp
\mathbf{lemma}\ reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT}\text{-}trail\text{-}tl\text{-}trail\text{-}decomp[simp]}:
  trail\ S = F' @ Marked\ K\ () \# F \Longrightarrow
     (trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ (tl-trail\ S))) = F
  \mathbf{apply} \ (\textit{rule reduce-trail-to}_{NOT}\text{-}\textit{skip-beginning}[\textit{of - tl}\ (\textit{F'} \ @ \textit{Marked}\ \textit{K}\ ()\ \#\ [])])
  by (cases F') (auto simp add:tl-append reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning)
end
14.2.2
             Definition of the operation
locale propagate-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}cond :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive propagate_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
propagate_{NOT}[intro]: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \Longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot C
    \implies undefined\text{-}lit (trail S) L
    \implies propagate-cond (Propagated L ()) S
    \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S
    \implies propagate_{NOT} S T
inductive-cases propagateE[elim]: propagate_{NOT} S T
end
locale decide-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st
inductive decide_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
decide_{NOT}[intro]: undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (clauses\ S)
  \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Marked L ()) S
  \implies decide_{NOT} \ S \ T
inductive-cases decideE[elim]: decide_{NOT} S S'
locale backjumping-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

```
add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st <math>\Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive backjump where
trail\ S = F' @ Marked\ K\ () \#\ F
   \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S)
   \implies C \in \# clauses S
   \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
   \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
   \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (trail S))
   \implies clauses \ S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
   \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
   \implies backjump\text{-}conds\ C'\ L\ S\ T
   \implies backjump \ S \ T
inductive-cases backjumpE: backjump S T
end
```

14.3 DPLL with backjumping

```
locale dpll-with-backjumping-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} +
  propagate-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds\ +
  decide-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ +
  backjumping-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ backjump-conds
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool  and
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  assumes
      bj-can-jump:
      \bigwedge S \ C \ F' \ K \ F \ L.
        inv S
        \implies trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F
        \implies C \in \# \ clauses \ S
        \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
        \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
        \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of (F' \otimes Marked K () \# F))
        \implies clauses \ S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
        \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
         \implies \neg no\text{-step backjump } S
begin
```

We cannot add a like condition atms-of $C' \subseteq atms$ -of-m N because to ensure that we can backjump even if the last decision variable has disappeared.

The part of the condition $atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of$ ' $lits\text{-}of\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F)$ is important, otherwise you are not sure that you can backtrack.

14.3.1 Definition

```
We define dpll with backjumping:
inductive dpll-bj :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
bj-decide_{NOT}: decide_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow dpll-bj S S'
\textit{bj-propagate}_{NOT} : \textit{propagate}_{NOT} \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow \textit{dpll-bj} \ S \ S' \mid
bj-backjump: backjump \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow dpll-bj \ S \ S'
lemmas dpll-bj-induct = dpll-bj.induct[split-format(complete)]
thm dpll-bj-induct[OF dpll-with-backjumping-ops-axioms]
lemma dpll-bj-all-induct[consumes\ 2, case-names\ decide_{NOT}\ propagate_{NOT}\ backjump]:
 fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
    dpll-bj S T and
   inv S
   \bigwedge L T. undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow atm\text{-of } L \in atms\text{-of-mu} (clauses S)
     \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Marked L ()) S
     \implies P S T  and
   \bigwedge C \ L \ T. \ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow undefined-lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
      \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S
     \implies P S T \text{ and}
   \bigwedge C \ F' \ K \ F \ L \ C' \ T. \ C \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow F' @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \models as \ CNot \ C
      \implies trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F
     \implies undefined\text{-}lit\ F\ L
     \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (F' \otimes Marked K () \# F))
     \implies clauses \ S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
     \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
     \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S)
     \implies P S T
  shows P S T
  apply (induct S \equiv S T rule: dpll-bj-induct[OF local.dpll-with-backjumping-ops-axioms])
    apply (rule\ assms(1))
   using assms(3) apply blast
  apply (elim propagateE) using assms(4) apply blast
  apply (elim backjumpE) using assms(5) \langle inv S \rangle by simp
14.3.2
           Basic properties
First, some better suited induction principle lemma dpll-bj-clauses:
  assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
 shows clauses S = clauses T
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
No duplicates in the trail lemma dpll-bj-no-dup:
  assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
  and no-dup (trail S)
  shows no-dup (trail\ T)
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp add: defined-lit-map reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning)
Valuations lemma dpll-bj-sat-iff:
  assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
  shows I \models sm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sm \ clauses \ T
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
```

```
Clauses lemma dpll-bj-atms-of-m-clauses-inv:
  assumes
    dpll-bj S T and
   inv S
  shows atms-of-mu (clauses S) = atms-of-mu (clauses T)
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
lemma dpll-bj-atms-in-trail:
  assumes
    dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ (clauses \ S)
  shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ (clauses\ S)
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-m reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning)
lemma dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set:
  assumes dpll-bj S T and
    inv S and
  atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
  atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S))\subseteq A
  shows atm-of '(lits-of (trail T)) \subseteq A
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-m)
\mathbf{lemma}\ dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}inv\text{:}}
  assumes
    dpll-bj S T and
   inv: inv S and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
  shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induction rule:dpll-bj-all-induct)
  case decide_{NOT}
  then show ?case using decomp by auto
next
  case (propagate_{NOT} \ C \ L \ T) note propa = this(1) and undef = this(3) and T = this(4)
 let ?M' = trail (prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S)
 let ?N = clauses S
  obtain a y l where ay: get-all-marked-decomposition ?M' = (a, y) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition ?M') fastforce+
  then have M': M' = y \otimes a using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp of M' by auto
  have M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail\ S) = (a,\ tl\ y) \# l
   using ay undef by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
  have y_0: y = (Propagated L()) \# (tl y)
   using ay undef by (auto simp add: M)
  \textbf{from} \ \textit{arg-cong}[\textit{OF this}, \textit{of set}] \ \textbf{have} \ \textit{y}[\textit{simp}] : \textit{set} \ \textit{y} = \textit{insert} \ (\textit{Propagated} \ \textit{L} \ ()) \ (\textit{set} \ (\textit{tl} \ \textit{y}))
   by simp
  have tr-S: trail <math>S = tl \ y \ @ \ a
   using arg-cong [OF M', of tl] y<sub>0</sub> M get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp by force
  have a-Un-N-M: (\lambda a. \{\#lit-of a\#\}) 'set a \cup set-mset ?N \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit-of a\#\}) 'set (tl \ y)
   using decomp ay unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (simp add: M)+
  moreover have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset\ ?N \models p \{\#L\#\} (is ?I \models p-)
   proof (rule true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
```

```
show ?I \models p \ C + \{\#L\#\}
       using propagate<sub>NOT</sub>. prems by (auto dest!: true-clss-clss-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
     have (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of m\#\}) 'set ?M' \models ps \ CNot \ C
       using \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle undef by (auto simp add: true-annots-true-clss-clss)
     have a1: (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of m\#\}) 'set a \cup (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of m\#\})'set (tl\ y) \models ps\ CNot\ C
       \mathbf{using}\ propagate_{NOT}.hyps(2)\ tr\text{-}S\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss
       by (force simp add: image-Un sup-commute)
     have a2: set-mset (clauses\ S) \cup (\lambda a.\ \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\}) 'set a
       \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ (tl \ y)
       using calculation by (auto simp add: sup-commute)
     show (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of\ m\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ S) \models ps\ CNot\ C
       proof -
         have set-mset (clauses S) \cup (\lambda m. {#lit-of m#}) 'set a \models ps
           (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of m\#\}) 'set a \cup (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of m\#\})'set (tl\ y)
           using a2 true-clss-clss-def by blast
         then show (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of m\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S) \models ps \ CNot \ C
           using a1 unfolding sup-commute by (meson true-clss-clss-left-right
             true-clss-clss-union-and true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
       qed
   \mathbf{qed}
  ultimately have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset ?N \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\})'set ?M'
   unfolding M' by (auto simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss image-Un)
  then show ?case
   using decomp T M undef unfolding ay all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: ay)
next
  case (backjump\ C\ F'\ K\ F\ L\ D\ T) note confl=this(2) and tr=this(3) and undef=this(4)
   and L = this(5) and N-C = this(6) and vars-D = this(5) and T = this(8)
  have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition F)
   using decomp unfolding tr all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) get-all-marked-decomposition.simps(1)
     get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty hd-Cons-tl insert-iff list.sel(3) list.set(2)
     tl-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some)
  moreover have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\}) 'set (fst\ (hd\ (qet\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\ F)))
     \cup set-mset (clauses S)
    \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ (snd \ (hd \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } F)))
   by (metis all-decomposition-implies-cons-single decomp get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty
     hd-Cons-tl)
  moreover
   have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of F
     using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding atms-of-def
     by (meson image-subsetI mem-set-mset-iff true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
  obtain a b li where F: get-all-marked-decomposition F = (a, b) \# li
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition F) auto
  have F = b @ a
   using qet-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of F a b] F by auto
  have a-N-b:(\lambda a. \{\#lit-of\ a\#\}) 'set a\cup set-mset\ (clauses\ S)\models ps\ (\lambda a. \{\#lit-of\ a\#\}) 'set b
   using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: F)
  have F-D:(\lambda a. {\#lit-of a\#}) 'set F \models ps CNot D
   using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by (simp add: true-annots-true-clss-clss)
```

```
then have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set a \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\})'set b \models ps \ CNot \ D
   unfolding \langle F = b \otimes a \rangle by (simp \ add: image-Un \ sup.commute)
  have a-N-CNot-D: (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of }a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-mset} (clauses S)
   \models ps \ CNot \ D \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit \text{-} of \ a\#\}) \text{ '} set \ b
   apply (rule true-clss-clss-left-right)
   using a-N-b F-D unfolding \langle F = b @ a \rangle by (auto simp add: image-Un ac-simps)
 have a-N-D-L: (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ S) \models p\ D+\{\#L\#\}
   by (simp \ add: N-C)
 have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S) \models p \{\#L\#\}
   using a-N-D-L a-N-CNot-D by (blast intro: true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
 then show ?case
   using decomp T tr undef unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: F)
qed
14.3.3
           Termination
Using a proper measure lemma length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked:
  length (get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () \# F)) =
   length (qet-all-marked-decomposition F')
   + length (get-all-marked-decomposition (Marked K () \# F))
 by (induction F' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma take-length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-marked-sandwich:
  take (length (get-all-marked-decomposition F))
     (map\ (f\ o\ snd)\ (rev\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F))))
    map\ (f\ o\ snd)\ (rev\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ F))
proof (induction F' rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (marked\ K)
 then show ?case by (simp add: length-get-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked)
  case (proped\ L\ m\ F') note IH=this(1)
 obtain a b l where F': qet-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () \# F) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (F' \otimes Marked K () \# F)) auto
 have length (get-all-marked-decomposition F) – length l = 0
   using length-get-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked [of F' K F]
   unfolding F' by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition F') auto
  then show ?case
   using IH by (simp \ add: F')
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ length\text{-} get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}length:}
 length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) \leq 1 + length M
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
{\bf lemma}\ length-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-bounded:
 assumes i:i \in set (trail-weight S)
 shows i \leq Suc \ (length \ (trail \ S))
proof -
 obtain a b where
```

```
(a, b) \in set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S)) and ib: i = Suc \ (length \ b) using i by auto then obtain c where trail \ S = c \ @ \ b \ @ \ a using get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend' by metis from arg\text{-}cong[OF \ this, \ of \ length] show ?thesis using i ib by auto qed
```

Well-foundedness The bounds are the following:

- 1 + card (atms-of-m A): card (atms-of-m A) is an upper bound on the length of the list. As get-all-marked-decomposition appends an possibly empty couple at the end, adding one is needed.
- 2 + card (atms-of-m A): card (atms-of-m A) is an upper bound on the number of elements, where adding one is necessary for the same reason as for the bound on the list, and one is needed to have a strict bound.

```
abbreviation unassigned-lit :: 'b literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat where
 unassigned-lit N M \equiv card (atms-of-m N) - length M
lemma dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop:
 fixes M :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and N :: 'v clauses
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
   NA: atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S) \subseteq atms-of-m \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   MA: atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
 shows \mu_C (1+card (atms-of-m A)) (2+card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight T)
   > \mu_C (1+card (atms-of-m A)) (2+card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight S)
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
 case (propagate_{NOT} \ C \ L) note CLN = this(1) and MC = this(2) and undef - L = this(3) and T = this(3)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of (Propagated L () # trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   using propagate_{NOT}. hyps propagate_{noT} dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set bj-propagate_{NOT}
   NA MA CLN by (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-m)
 have no-dup: no-dup (Propagated L () \# trail S)
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L by auto
 obtain a b l where M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (case-tac\ get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) auto
 have b-le-M: length b < length (trail S)
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of trail S] by (simp add: M)
 have finite (atms-of-m A) using finite by simp
 then have length (Propagated L () # trail S) \leq card (atms-of-m A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of [OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 then have latm: unassigned-lit A b = Suc (unassigned-lit A (Propagated L d \# b))
   using b-le-M by auto
 then show ?case using T undef-L by (auto simp: latm M \mu_C-cons)
next
```

```
case (decide_{NOT} L) note undef-L = this(1) and MC = this(2) and T = this(3)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of (Marked L () # (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set bj-decide_{NOT} decide_{NOT}. decide_{NOT}. decide_{NOT}. hyps] NA MA
MC
   by auto
 have no-dup: no-dup (Marked L () \# (trail S))
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L by auto
 obtain a b l where M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (case-tac\ get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) auto
 then have length (Marked L () \# (trail S)) \leq card (atms-of-m A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of [OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 then have latm: unassigned-lit A (trail S) = Suc (unassigned-lit A (Marked L lv # (trail S)))
   by force
 show ?case using T undef-L by (simp add: latm \mu_C-cons)
 case (backjump C F' K F L C' T) note undef-L = this(4) and MC = this(1) and tr-S = this(3)
and
   L = this(5) and T = this(8)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of (Propagated L () \# F) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set NA MA tr-S L by auto
 have no-dup: no-dup (Propagated L () \# F)
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L tr-S by auto
 obtain a b l where M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have b-le-M: length b \leq length (trail S)
   using qet-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of trail S] by (simp add: M)
 have fin-atms-A: finite (atms-of-m A) using finite by simp
 then have F-le-A: length (Propagated L () \# F) \leq card (atms-of-m A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of [OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 have tr-S-le-A: length (trail S) < (card (atms-of-m A))
   using n-d MA by (metis fin-atms-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of)
 obtain a b l where F: get-all-marked-decomposition F = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition F) auto
 then have F = b @ a
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of Propagated L () \# F a
    Propagated L() \# b] by simp
 then have latm: unassigned-lit A b = Suc (unassigned-lit A (Propagated L () \# b))
    using F-le-A by simp
 obtain rem where
   rem:map\ (\lambda a.\ Suc\ (length\ (snd\ a)))\ (rev\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F)))
   = map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a))) (rev (get-all-marked-decomposition F)) @ rem
   using take-length-get-all-marked-decomposition-marked-sandwich [of F \lambda a. Suc (length a) F' K]
   unfolding o-def by (metis append-take-drop-id)
 then have rem: map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a)))
    (get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () # F))
   = rev \ rem \ @ \ map \ (\lambda a. \ Suc \ (length \ (snd \ a))) \ ((get-all-marked-decomposition \ F))
   by (simp add: rev-map[symmetric] rev-swap)
 have length (rev rem @ map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a))) (get-all-marked-decomposition F))
        \leq Suc (card (atms-of-m A))
```

```
using arg-cong[OF rem, of length] tr-S-le-A
   length-get-all-marked-decomposition-length[of\ F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F]\ tr-S\ {\bf by}\ auto
  moreover
   { \mathbf{fix} \ i :: nat \ \mathbf{and} \ xs :: 'a \ list
     have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
       by auto
     then have H: i < length \ xs \implies rev \ xs \ ! \ i \in set \ xs
       using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
   \} note H = this
   have \forall i < length rem. rev rem! i < card (atms-of-m A) + 2
     using tr-S-le-A length-in-qet-all-marked-decomposition-bounded[of - S] unfolding tr-S
     by (force simp add: o-def rem dest!: H intro: length-get-all-marked-decomposition-length)
  ultimately show ?case
   using \mu_C-bounded of rev rem card (atms-of-m A)+2 unassigned-lit A l T undef-L
   by (simp add: rem \mu_C-append \mu_C-cons F tr-S)
qed
lemma dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop:
 assumes dpll: dpll-bj S T and inv: inv S and
  N-A: atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
  M-A: atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-m\ A and
 nd: no-dup (trail S) and
 fin-A: finite A
 shows (2+card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-m A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-m A)) (2+card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight T)
          < (2+card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-m A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-m A)) (2+card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight S)
proof
 let ?b = 2 + card (atms-of-m A)
 let ?s = 1 + card (atms-of-m A)
 let ?\mu = \mu_C ?s ?b
 have M'-A: atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-m\ A
   by (meson M-A N-A dpll dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set inv)
 have nd': no-dup (trail T)
   \mathbf{using} \ \langle dpll\text{-}bj \ S \ T \rangle \ dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}no\text{-}dup \ nd \ inv \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
  { fix i :: nat and xs :: 'a list
   have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
     by auto
   then have H: i < length \ xs \implies xs \ ! \ i \in set \ xs
     using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
  } note H = this
 have l-M-A: length (trail\ S) \le card\ (atms-of-m\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of nd)
  have l-M'-A: length (trail\ T) \leq card\ (atms-of-m\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M'-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of nd')
 have l-trail-weight-M: length (trail-weight T) \leq 1 + card (atms-of-m A)
    using l-M'-A length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-length[of trail T] by auto
 have bounded-M: \forall i < length (trail-weight T). (trail-weight T)! i < card (atms-of-m A) + 2
   using length-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-bounded [of - T] l-M'-A
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans One-nat-def Suc-1 add.right-neutral add-Suc-right
     le-imp-less-Suc less-eq-Suc-le nth-mem)
 from dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop[OF dpll inv N-A M-A nd fin-A]
 have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight S) < \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight T) by simp
```

```
moreover from \mu_C-bounded[OF bounded-M l-trail-weight-M]
   have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight T) \leq ?b \hat{} ?s by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
qed
lemma wf-dpll-bj:
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S). dpll-bj S T
   \land atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
  (is wf ?A)
proof (rule wf-bounded-measure[of -
       \lambda-. (2 + card (atms-of-m A))^(1 + card (atms-of-m A))
       \lambda S. \ \mu_C \ (1+card \ (atms-of-m \ A)) \ (2+card \ (atms-of-m \ A)) \ (trail-weight \ S)])
 \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b :: 'st
 \mathbf{let} ?b = 2 + card (atms-of-m A)
 let ?s = 1 + card (atms-of-m A)
 let ?\mu = \mu_C ?s ?b
 assume ab: (b, a) \in \{(T, S). dpll-bj S T
   \land atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
 have fin-A: finite (atms-of-m A)
   using fin by auto
 have
   dpll-bj: dpll-bj a b and
   N-A: atms-of-mu (clauses a) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   M-A: atm-of ' lits-of (trail a) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   nd: no-dup (trail a) and
   inv: inv a
   using ab by auto
 have M'-A: atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ b) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ A
   by (meson M-A N-A (dpll-bj a b) dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set inv)
 have nd': no-dup (trail b)
   using \(dpll-bj\) a b\\ dpll-bj\)-no\(-dup\) nd inv by blast
  { fix i :: nat and xs :: 'a list
   have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
     by auto
   then have H: i < length \ xs \implies xs \ ! \ i \in set \ xs
     using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
  } note H = this
 have l-M-A: length (trail\ a) \leq card\ (atms-of-m\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of nd)
  have l-M'-A: length (trail\ b) \le card\ (atms-of-m\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M'-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of nd')
  have l-trail-weight-M: length (trail-weight b) \le 1 + card (atms-of-m A)
    using l-M'-A length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-length of trail b by auto
  have bounded-M: \forall i < length (trail-weight b). (trail-weight b)! i < card (atms-of-m A) + 2
   using length-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-bounded[of - b] l-M'-A
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans One-nat-def Suc-1 add.right-neutral add-Suc-right
     le-imp-less-Suc less-eq-Suc-le nth-mem)
```

from dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop[OF dpll-bj inv N-A M-A nd fin]

```
have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight a) < \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) by simp moreover from \mu_C-bounded[OF bounded-M l-trail-weight-M] have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) \leq ?b \hat{} ?s by auto ultimately show ?b \hat{} ?s \leq ?b \hat{} ?s \hat{} ultimately show photon in \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) \leq ?b \hat{} ?s \hat{} (trail-weight b) \hat{} photon in \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight a) < \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) by blast qed
```

14.3.4 Normal Forms

We prove that given a normal form of DPLL, with some invariants, the either N is satisfiable and the built valuation M is a model; or N is unsatisfiable.

Idea of the proof: We have to prove tat satisfiable $N, \neg M \models as N$ and there is no remaining step is incompatible.

- 1. The decide rules tells us that every variable in N has a value.
- 2. $\neg M \models as N$ tells us that there is conflict.
- 3. There is at least one decision in the trail (otherwise, M is a model of N).
- 4. Now if we build the clause with all the decision literals of the trail, we can apply the backjump rule.

The assumption are saying that we have a finite upper bound A for the literals, that we cannot do any step no-step dpll-bj S

```
{\bf theorem}\ \textit{dpll-backjump-final-state}:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ A and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   n-s: no-step dpll-bj S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses S))
   \vee (trail S \models asm\ clauses\ S \wedge satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ S)))
proof -
 let ?N = set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)
 let ?M = trail S
 consider
     (sat) satisfiable ?N and ?M \models as ?N
     (sat') satisfiable ?N and \neg ?M \modelsas ?N
     (unsat) unsatisfiable ?N
   by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case sat' note sat = this(1) and M = this(2)
     obtain C where C \in ?N and \neg ?M \models a C using M unfolding true-annots-def by auto
     obtain I :: 'v literal set where
       I \models s ?N  and
       cons: consistent-interp\ I and
```

```
tot: total-over-m I ?N and
 atm-I-N: atm-of 'I \subseteq atms-of-m ?N
 using sat unfolding satisfiable-def-min by auto
let ?I = I \cup \{P | P. P \in lits\text{-}of ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\}
let ?O = \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M \land atm\text{-of } (lit\text{-of }L) \notin atms\text{-of-m }?N\}
have cons-I': consistent-interp ?I
 using cons using (no-dup ?M) unfolding consistent-interp-def
 by (auto simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def
    dest!: no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus)
have tot-I': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#}) ' set ?M)
 using tot atms-of-s-def unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 by fastforce
have \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I\} \models s ?O
 using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle atm-I-N by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of true-clss-def lits-of-def)
then have I'-N: ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O
 using \langle I \models s ?N \rangle true-clss-union-increase by force
have tot': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup ?O)
 using atm-I-N tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 by (force simp: image-iff lits-of-def dest!: is-marked-ex-Marked)
have atms-N-M: atms-of-m ?N \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of ?M
 proof (rule ccontr)
    assume ¬ ?thesis
    then obtain l :: 'v where
     l-N: l \in atms-of-m ?N and
     l\text{-}M: l \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of ?M
     by auto
    have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
      using l-M by (metis Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
        atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set literal.sel(1))
    from bj-decide_{NOT}[OF\ decide_{NOT}[OF\ this]] show False
      using l-N n-s by (metis\ literal.sel(1)\ state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
 qed
have ?M \models as CNot C
 by (metis atms-N-M \langle C \in ?N \rangle \langle \neg ?M \models a C \rangle all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot
    atms-of-atms-of-m-mono atms-of-m-CNot-atms-of-m-CNot-atms-of-m subset CE)
have \exists l \in set ?M. is\text{-marked } l
 proof (rule ccontr)
    let ?O = \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M \land atm\text{-of } (lit\text{-of }L) \notin atms\text{-of-m }?N\}
    have \vartheta[iff]: \Lambda I. \ total \ over-m \ I \ (?N \cup ?O \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit \ of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ ?M)
      \longleftrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ (?N \cup (\lambda a.\ \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\})\ `set\ ?M)
     unfolding total-over-set-def total-over-m-def atms-of-m-def by auto
    assume ¬ ?thesis
    then have [simp]:\{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L\wedge L\in set\ ?M\}
      = \{ \{ \# \mathit{lit-of}\ L \# \} \ | L.\ \mathit{is-marked}\ L \ \land \ L \in \mathit{set}\ ?M \ \land \ \mathit{atm-of}\ (\mathit{lit-of}\ L) \notin \mathit{atms-of-m}\ ?N \}
     by auto
    then have ?N \cup ?O \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set ?M
     using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF decomp] by auto
    then have ?I \models s (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set ?M
      using cons-I' I'-N tot-I' (?I \models s ?N \cup ?O) unfolding \vartheta true-clss-clss-def by blast
    then have lits-of ?M \subseteq ?I
      unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
    then have ?M \models as ?N
```

```
using I'-N \lor C \in ?N \lor \neg ?M \models a C \lor cons-I' atms-N-M
     by (meson \ \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle \ consistent-CNot-not \ rev-subsetD \ sup-ge1 \ true-annot-def
        true-annots-def true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def)
    then show False using M by fast
 ged
from List.split-list-first-propE[OF\ this] obtain K:: 'v\ literal\ and
  F F' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list where
 M-K: ?M = F' @ Marked K () \# F and
 nm: \forall f \in set \ F'. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ f
 unfolding is-marked-def by (metis (full-types) old.unit.exhaust)
let ?K = Marked\ K\ ()::('v,\ unit,\ unit)\ marked-lit
have ?K \in set ?M
 unfolding M-K by auto
let ?C = image\text{-}mset \ lit\text{-}of \ \{\#L \in \#mset \ ?M. \ is\text{-}marked \ L \land L \neq ?K \#\} :: 'v \ literal \ multiset
let ?C' = set\text{-mset} \ (image\text{-mset} \ (\lambda L::'v \ literal. \ \{\#L\#\}) \ (?C+\{\#lit\text{-of} \ ?K\#\}))
have N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M\} \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \cdot set M
 using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied[OF decomp].
moreover have C': ?C' = \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M\}
 unfolding M-K apply standard
    apply force
 using IntI by auto
ultimately have N-C-M: ?N \cup ?C' \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set ?M
 by auto
have N-M-False: ?N \cup (\lambda L. \{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\}) \text{ '} (set ?M) \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\
 using M \ (?M \models as \ CNot \ C) \ (C \in ?N) unfolding true-clss-def true-annots-def Ball-def
  true-annot-def by (metis consistent-CNot-not sup.orderE sup-commute true-clss-def
    true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union true-clss-union-increase)
have undefined-lit F 	ext{ } K 	ext{ using } \langle no\text{-}dup \text{ } ?M \rangle \text{ } unfolding \text{ } M\text{-}K \text{ } by \text{ } (simp \text{ } add: \text{ } defined\text{-}lit\text{-}map)
moreover
 have ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\}
    proof -
     have A: ?N \cup ?C' \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of } a\#\}) 'set ?M =
        ?N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set ?M
       unfolding M-K by auto
     show ?thesis
        using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of {{#}}] N-M-False unfolding A by auto
    qed
 have ?N \models p image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
    unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-def
    proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix}\ I
     assume
        tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-m (?N \cup {image-mset uminus ?C+ {#- K#}})) and
        cons: consistent-interp I and
        I \models s ?N
     have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
        using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def by (cases K) auto
     have tot': total-over-set I
         (atm\text{-}of 'lit\text{-}of '(set ?M \cap \{L. is\text{-}marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\}))
        using tot by (auto simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
      { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit}
       assume
          a3: lit-of x \notin I and
          a1: x \in set ?M and
```

```
a4: is-marked x and
                a5: x \neq Marked K ()
              then have Pos\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
                using a5 a4 tot' a1 unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by blast
              moreover have f6: Neg (atm-of (lit-of x)) = - Pos (atm-of (lit-of x))
               by simp
              ultimately have - lit-of x \in I
                using f6 a3 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
                 literal.sel(1)
            } note H = this
           have \neg I \models s ?C'
              \mathbf{using} \stackrel{?}{\langle ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \ \{\{\#\}\}\}} \stackrel{}{\mathit{tot}} \; cons \; \langle I \models s \; ?N \rangle
              unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
             by (simp add: atms-of-uninus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-m-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
            then show I \models image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
              unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def Bex-mset-def
             using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
             by (auto dest!: H)
      moreover have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
       using nm unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def M-K by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
      ultimately have False
       using bj-can-jump[of S F' K F C - K
         image-mset uminus (image-mset lit-of \{\# L : \# \text{ mset } ?M. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\#\}\}
          \langle C \in ?N \rangle n-s \langle ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle bj-backjump inv unfolding M-K by auto
       then show ?thesis by fast
   \mathbf{qed} auto
qed
end
locale dpll-with-backjumping =
  dpll-with-backjumping-ops trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  propagate-conds inv backjump-conds
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st and tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
   inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
 assumes dpll-bj-inv:\land S T. dpll-bj S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv:
 assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
 shows inv T
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
    (auto simp add: dpll-bj-no-dup intro: dpll-bj-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup:
  assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
```

```
and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail T)
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (auto simp add: dpll-bj-no-dup dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-m-clauses-inv:
 assumes
    dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
 shows atms-of-mu (clauses S) = atms-of-mu (clauses T)
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-atms-of-m-clauses-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail:
 assumes
   dpll-bj^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atm\text{-}of ' (lits-of (trail S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu (clauses S)
 shows atm-of '(lits-of (trail T)) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses T)
  using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail dpll-bj-atms-of-m-clauses-inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv by auto
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-iff:
  assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
 shows I \models sm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sm \ clauses \ T
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto dest!: dpll-bj-sat-iff simp: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}atms\text{-}in\text{-}trail\text{-}in\text{-}set:
  assumes
   dpll-bj^{**} S T and
   inv S
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A
 shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ T))\subseteq A
  using assms
   by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
      (auto dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv
        simp add: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-m-clauses-inv
          rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv:
 assumes
   dpll-bj^{**} S T and
   inv S
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
  shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto intro: dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv simp: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv-incl-dpll-bj-inv-trancl:
  \{(T, S), dpll-bj^{++} S T\}
   \land atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
    \subseteq \{(T, S). dpll-bj \ S \ T \land atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S) \subseteq atms-of-m \ A \}
       \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}<sup>+</sup>
```

```
(is ?A \subseteq ?B^+)
proof standard
 \mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x-A: x \in ?A
 obtain S T::'st where
   x[simp]: x = (T, S) by (cases x) auto
 have
   dpll-bj<sup>++</sup> S T and
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ A and
   no-dup (trail S) and
    inv S
   using x-A by auto
  then show x \in ?B^+ unfolding x
   proof (induction rule: tranclp-induct)
     case base
     then show ?case by auto
     case (step T U) note step = this(1) and ST = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)]
       and N-A = this(4) and M-A = this(5) and nd = this(6) and inv = this(7)
     have [simp]: atms-of-mu (clauses S) = atms-of-mu (clauses T)
       using step rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-m-clauses-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp inv by fastforce
     have no-dup (trail\ T)
       using local step nd rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup tranclp-into-rtranclp inv by fastforce
     moreover have atm\text{-}of ' (lits-of (trail T)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m A
       by (metis inv M-A N-A local.step rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set
         tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     moreover have inv T
        using inv local.step rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp by fastforce
     ultimately have (U, T) \in ?B using ST N-A M-A inv by auto
     then show ?case using IH by (rule trancl-into-trancl2)
   qed
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-dpll-bj:
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S). dpll-bj^{++} S T
   \land atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
 using wf-trancl[OF \ wf-dpll-bj[OF \ fin]] rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv-incl-dpll-bj-inv-trancl
 by (rule wf-subset)
lemma dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff:
  dpll-bj \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ T
 by (simp add: dpll-bj-clauses)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff:
  dpll-bj^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (simp-all add: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff)
theorem full-dpll-backjump-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj S T and
```

```
atms-S: atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses S))
 \vee (trail T \models asm \ clauses \ S \land satisfiable (set-mset \ (clauses \ S)))
proof -
 have st: dpll-bj^{**} S T and no-step dpll-bj T
   using full unfolding full-def by fast+
 moreover have atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   using atms-S inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-m-clauses-inv st by blast
 moreover have atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ A
    using atms-S atms-trail inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set st by auto
 moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using n-d inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup st by blast
 moreover have inv: inv T
   using inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv st by blast
 moreover
   have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
     using (inv S) decomp rtranclp-dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv st by blast
 ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ T)))
   using (finite A) dpll-backjump-final-state by force
 then show ?thesis
   by (meson (inv S) rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-iff satisfiable-carac st true-annots-true-cls)
qed
corollary full-dpll-backjump-final-state-from-init-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj S T and
   trail S = [] and
   clauses\ S=N and
   inv S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N) \vee (trail T \models asm \ N \land satisfiable (set-mset N))
 using assms full-dpll-backjump-final-state of S T set-mset N by auto
lemma tranclp-dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop:
 assumes dpll: dpll-bj<sup>++</sup> S T and inv: inv S and
 N-A: atms-of-mu (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms-of-m\ A and
 M-A: atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-m\ A and
 n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
 fin-A: finite A
 shows (2+card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-m A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-m A)) (2+card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight T)
          < (2+card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-m A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-m A)) (2+card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight S)
 using dpll
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case
   using N-A M-A n-d dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop fin-A inv by blast
next
```

```
case (step T U) note st = this(1) and dpll = this(2) and IH = this(3)
  have atms-of-mu (clauses S) = atms-of-mu (clauses T)
    using rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-m-clauses-inv by (metis dpll-bj-clauses dpll-bj-inv inv st
      tranclpD)
  then have N-A': atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-m A
     using N-A by auto
  moreover have M-A': atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-m\ A
    \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{meson}\ \mathit{M-A}\ \mathit{N-A}\ \mathit{inv}\ \mathit{rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set}\ \mathit{st}\ \mathit{dpll}
      tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp-into-rtranclp tranclp-trans)
  moreover have nd: no-dup (trail T)
    by (metis inv n-d rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup st tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  moreover have inv T
    by (meson dpll dpll-bj-inv inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv st tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  ultimately show ?case
    using IH dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop[of T U A] dpll fin-A by linarith
qed
end
14.4
           CDCL
14.4.1
            Learn and Forget
locale learn-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
    learn\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
inductive learn :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
clauses \ S \models pm \ C \Longrightarrow atms\text{-}of \ C \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ (clauses \ S) \ \cup \ atm\text{-}of \ `(lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S))
  \implies learn\text{-}cond \ C \ S
  \implies T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S
  \implies learn \ S \ T
inductive-cases learnE: learn S T
lemma learn-\mu_C-stable:
  assumes learn S T
  shows \mu_C A B (trail-weight S) = \mu_C A B (trail-weight T)
  using assms by (auto elim: learnE)
end
locale forget-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    \textit{prepend-trail} :: (\textit{'v}, \textit{unit}, \textit{unit}) \; \textit{marked-lit} \Rightarrow \textit{'st} \Rightarrow \textit{'st} \; \textbf{and} \; \textit{tl-trail} :: \textit{'st} \Rightarrow \textit{'st} \; \textbf{and}
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
```

```
forget\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive forget_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
forget_{NOT}: clauses \ S - replicate-mset \ (count \ (clauses \ S) \ C) \ C \models pm \ C
  \implies forget-cond C S
  \implies C \in \# \ clauses \ S
  \implies T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S
  \Longrightarrow forget_{NOT} \ S \ T
inductive-cases forgetE: forget_{NOT} S T
lemma forget-\mu_C-stable:
  assumes forget_{NOT} S T
  shows \mu_C \ A \ B \ (trail-weight \ S) = \mu_C \ A \ B \ (trail-weight \ T)
  using assms by (auto elim!: forgetE)
end
locale learn-and-forget_{NOT} =
  learn-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ learn-cond\ +
  forget-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ forget-cond
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond\ ::\ 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive learn-and-forget<sub>NOT</sub> :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
\textit{lf-learn: learn } S \ T \Longrightarrow \textit{learn-and-forget}_{NOT} \ S \ T \mid
lf-forget: forget_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow learn-and-forget<sub>NOT</sub> S T
end
14.4.2
             Definition of CDCL
locale \ conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops =
  dpll-with-backjumping-ops trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    propagate-conds inv backjump-conds +
  learn-and-forget_{NOT} trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} learn-cond
    forget-cond
    for
      trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
      clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
      prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
      inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
      backjump\text{-}conds:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
      learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond\ ::\ 'v\ clause\ \Rightarrow\ 'st\ \Rightarrow\ bool
begin
inductive cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
c-dpll-bj: dpll-bj S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S S'
c-learn: learn S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S S'
```

```
c-forget<sub>NOT</sub>: forget<sub>NOT</sub> S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S S'
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct[consumes 1, case-names dpll-bj learn forget_{NOT}]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and
    dpll: \bigwedge S \ T. \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ and
    learning:
     \bigwedge S \ C \ T. \ clauses \ S \models pm \ C \Longrightarrow
     \mathit{atms-of}\ C \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-mu}\ (\mathit{clauses}\ S) \ \cup \ \mathit{atm-of}\ ``(\mathit{lits-of}\ (\mathit{trail}\ S)) \Longrightarrow
      T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
     P S T and
   forgetting: \bigwedge S \ C \ T. clauses S - replicate-mset (count (clauses S) C) C \models pm \ C \Longrightarrow
     C \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
      T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
     PST
  shows P S T
  using assms(1) by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}.induct)
  (auto intro: assms(2, 3, 4) elim!: learnE forgetE)+
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S
  and no-dup (trail S)
  shows no-dup (trail T)
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct) (auto intro: dpll-bj-no-dup)
Consistency of the trail lemma cdcl_{NOT}-consistent:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S
  and no-dup (trail S)
  shows consistent-interp (lits-of (trail T))
  using cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF\ assms]\ distinct consistent-interp\ by\ fast
The subtle problem here is that tautologies can be removed, meaning that some variable can
disappear of the problem. It is also possible that some variable of the trail are not in the clauses
anymore.
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-m-clauses-decreasing:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S
  shows atms-of-mu (clauses\ T)\subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses\ S)\cup atm-of ' (lits-of\ (trail\ S))
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
    (auto dest!: dpll-bj-atms-of-m-clauses-inv set-mp simp add: atms-of-m-def Union-eq)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S
  and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ (clauses\ S)
  shows atm-of '(lits-of (trail T)) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S)
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct) (auto simp add: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S and
    atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
    atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A
  shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ T))\subseteq A
  using assms
  by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
     (simp-all add: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set dpll-bj-atms-of-m-clauses-inv)
```

```
{f lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}generalise\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss:
  A \cup C \models ps D \Longrightarrow B \models ps C \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps D
proof -
  assume a1: A \cup C \models ps D
  assume B \models ps \ C
  then have f2: \bigwedge M.\ M \cup B \models ps\ C
   by (meson\ true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
  have \bigwedge M. C \cup (M \cup A) \models ps D
   using a1 by (simp add: Un-commute sup-left-commute)
  then show ?thesis
   using f2 by (metis (no-types) Un-commute true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S and
    all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
  shows
    all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
  case dpll-bj
  then show ?case
    using dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv by blast
next
  case learn
 then show ?case by (auto simp add: all-decomposition-implies-def)
 case (forget<sub>NOT</sub> S C T) note cls-C = this(1) and C = this(2) and T = this(3) and iniv = this(4)
and
    decomp = this(5)
 show ?case
   unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def Ball-def
   proof (intro allI, clarify)
      \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
      assume (a, b) \in set (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail <math>T))
      then have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S) \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set b
       \mathbf{using}\ decomp\ T\ \mathbf{by}\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}def)
      moreover
       have C \in set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)
         by (simp \ add: \ C)
       then have set-mset (clauses T) \models ps set-mset (clauses S)
         by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ T\ clauses\text{-}remove\text{-}cls_{NOT}\ cls\text{-}C\ insert\text{-}Diff\ order\text{-}refl
            set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) state-eq_{NOT}-clauses true-clss-clss-def
            true-clss-clss-insert)
      ultimately show (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ T)
       \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set b
       using true-clss-clss-generalise-true-clss-clss by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
Extension of models lemma cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ T
```

```
using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
 case dpll-bj
 then show ?case by (simp add: dpll-bj-clauses)
next
 case (learn S \ C \ T) note T = this(3)
  \{ \text{ fix } J \}
   assume
     I \models sextm \ clauses \ S \ and
     I \subseteq J and
     tot: total-over-m J (set-mset (\{\#C\#\} + (clauses\ S))) and
     cons: consistent-interp J
   then have J \models sm \ clauses \ S \ unfolding \ true-clss-ext-def \ by \ auto
   moreover
     with \langle clauses \ S \models pm \ C \rangle have J \models C
       using tot cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have J \models sm \{\#C\#\} + clauses S by auto
  then have H: I \models sextm \ (clauses \ S) \Longrightarrow I \models sext \ insert \ C \ (set\text{-mset} \ (clauses \ S))
   unfolding true-clss-ext-def by auto
  show ?case
   apply standard
     using T apply (auto simp add: H)[]
   using T apply simp
   by (metis Diff-insert-absorb insert-subset subsetI subset-antisym
     true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r)
next
 case (forget_{NOT} \ S \ C \ T) note cls\text{-}C = this(1) and T = this(3)
 \{ \text{ fix } J 
   assume
     I \models sext \ set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S) - \{C\} \ \mathbf{and}
     I \subseteq J and
     tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ J \ (set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)) \ and
     cons:\ consistent\mbox{-}interp\ J
   then have J \models s \ set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S) - \{C\}
     unfolding true-clss-ext-def by (meson Diff-subset total-over-m-subset)
   moreover
     with cls-C have J \models C
       using tot cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def
       by (metis Un-commute forget_{NOT}.hyps(2) insert-Diff insert-is-Un mem-set-mset-iff order-refl
         set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1))
   ultimately have J \models sm \ (clauses \ S) by (metis \ insert-Diff-single \ true-clss-insert)
  then have H: I \models sext \ set\text{-mset} \ (clauses \ S) - \{C\} \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ (clauses \ S)
   unfolding true-clss-ext-def by blast
 show ?case using T by (auto simp: true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r H)
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops
14.5
         CDCL with invariant
locale conflict-driven-clause-learning =
```

conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops +

```
assumes cdcl_{NOT}-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
sublocale dpll-with-backjumping
 apply unfold-locales
 using cdcl_{NOT}.simps\ cdcl_{NOT}.inv by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of (lits\text{-}of (trail S)) \subseteq A
 shows atm-of '(lits-of (trail T)) \subseteq A \land atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq A
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-6)] and
    inv = this(4) and atms-clauses-S = this(5) and atms-trail-S = this(6)
 have inv T using inv st rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv by blast
  then have atms-of-mu (clauses\ U) \subseteq A
   using cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-m-clauses-decreasing [OF cdcl_{NOT}] IH by auto
 moreover have atm\text{-}of '(lits\text{-}of (trail U)) \subseteq A
   by (meson\ IH\ \langle inv\ T\rangle\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set)
 ultimately show ?case by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and inv S
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail T)
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies:}
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and inv S and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms by (induction) (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S Tand inv S
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ T
 using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff by (auto intro: rtrancl_{p}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
definition cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv where
cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S \longleftrightarrow (finite \ A \land inv \ S \land atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S) \subseteq atms-of-m \ A
   \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A \land no-dup (trail S))
```

```
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
 using assms unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def
 by (simp\ add:\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound)
abbreviation learn-or-forget where
learn-or-forget S T \equiv (\lambda S T. learn S T \vee forget_{NOT} S T) S T
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl}_{NOT} :
 learn-or-forget^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
 using rtranclp-mono[of learn-or-forget cdcl_{NOT}] cdcl_{NOT}.c-learn cdcl_{NOT}.c-forget_{NOT} by blast
lemma learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C:
 assumes
   l-f: learn-or-forget** S T and
   dpll: dpll-bj \ T \ U \ and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S
 shows (2+card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-m A))
     -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-m A)) (2+card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight U)
   < (2+card (atms-of-m A)) ^ (1+card (atms-of-m A))
     -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-m A)) (2+card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight S)
    (is ?\mu U < ?\mu S)
proof -
 have ?\mu S = ?\mu T
   using l-f apply (induction)
    apply simp
   using forget-\mu_C-stable learn-\mu_C-stable by presburger
 moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
    using rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv l-f inv by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop[of T U A, OF dpll] finite
   unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by linarith
qed
lemma infinite-cdcl_{NOT}-exists-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
 assumes
   \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f(Suc \ i)) and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A (f \theta)
 shows \exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i))
 using assms
proof (induction (2+card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-m A))
    -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-m A)) (2+card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight (f 0))
   arbitrary: f
   rule: nat-less-induct-case)
 case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and \mu = this(2) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(3) and inv = this(4)
  consider
     (dpll-end) \exists j. \forall i > j. learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i))
   |(dpll\text{-more}) \neg (\exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn\text{-or-forget} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)))|
   by blast
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case dpll-end
     then show ?thesis by auto
```

```
next
  case dpll-more
  then have j: \exists i. \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))
   by blast
  obtain i where
    \neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) and
    \forall k < i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
    proof -
      obtain i_0 where \neg learn (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0))
       using j by auto
      then have \{i.\ i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i))\} \neq \{\}
       by auto
      let ?I = \{i. \ i \leq i_0 \land \neg \ learn \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))\}
      let ?i = Min ?I
      have finite ?I
       by auto
      have \neg learn (f?i) (f(Suc?i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f?i) (f(Suc?i))
        using Min-in [OF \langle finite?I \rangle \langle ?I \neq \{\} \rangle] by auto
      moreover have \forall k < ?i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
        using Min.coboundedI[of \{i. i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i)\}
          (f(Suc\ i)), simplified
       by (meson \leftarrow learn\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land less-imp-le
          dual-order.trans not-le)
      ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
    qed
  \operatorname{def} g \equiv \lambda n. \ f \ (n + Suc \ i)
  have dpll-bj (f i) (g \theta)
    using \langle \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \wedge \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i)) \rangle cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.cases
    g-def by auto
   \mathbf{fix} \ j
   assume j \leq i
    then have learn-or-forget^{**} (f \ \theta) (f \ j)
     apply (induction j)
      apply simp
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-leD Suc-le-lessD rtranclp.simps
        \forall k < i. \ learn \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor forget_{NOT} \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor)
  then have learn-or-forget^{**} (f \ 0) \ (f \ i) by blast
  then have (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
       -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight (q 0))
    <(2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight (f 0))
    using learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C[of f \ 0 \ f \ i \ g \ 0 \ A] inv \langle dpll-bj \ (f \ i) \ (g \ 0) \rangle
    unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by linarith
  moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-i: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} (f \ \theta) \ (g \ \theta)
    using rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT}[of f \ 0 \ f \ i] \ \langle learn-or-forget^{**} \ (f \ 0) \ (f \ i) \rangle
    cdcl_{NOT}[of i] unfolding q-def by auto
  moreover have \bigwedge i.\ cdcl_{NOT}\ (g\ i)\ (g\ (Suc\ i))
    using cdcl_{NOT} g-def by auto
  moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A (g \theta)
    using inv cdcl_{NOT}-i rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound g-def cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv by auto
  ultimately obtain j where j: \bigwedge i. i \ge j \implies learn-or-forget (g i) (g (Suc i))
    using IH unfolding \mu[symmetric] by presburger
```

```
show ?thesis
       proof
            \mathbf{fix} \ k
            assume k \geq j + Suc i
            then have learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
              using j[of k-Suc \ i] unfolding g-def by auto
          then show \forall k \ge j + Suc \ i. \ learn-or-forget \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k))
            by auto
        qed
   qed
\mathbf{next}
  case \theta note H = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and inv = this(3)
 show ?case
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?case
      then have j: \exists i. \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))
       by blast
      obtain i where
        \neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) and
       \forall k < i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
       proof -
          obtain i_0 where \neg learn (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0))
            using j by auto
          then have \{i.\ i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i))\} \neq \{\}
            by auto
          let ?I = \{i. \ i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn (f i) \ (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} \ (f i) \ (f \ (Suc i))\}
          let ?i = Min ?I
          have finite ?I
            by auto
          have \neg learn (f?i) (f(Suc?i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f?i) (f(Suc?i))
            using Min-in [OF \langle finite ?I \rangle \langle ?I \neq \{\} \rangle] by auto
          moreover have \forall k < ?i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
            using Min.coboundedI[of \{i.\ i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)
              (f(Suc\ i)), simplified
            by (meson \leftarrow learn\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)))\ less-imp-le
              dual-order.trans not-le)
          ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
        qed
      have dpll-bj (f i) (f (Suc i))
        \mathbf{using} \ (\neg \ learn \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))) \ \land \neg \ forget_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))) \ cdcl_{NOT} \ cdcl_{NOT}.cases
       \mathbf{by} blast
       \mathbf{fix} \ j
       assume j \leq i
       then have learn-or-forget** (f \ \theta) \ (f \ j)
          apply (induction j)
          apply simp
          by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-leD Suc-le-lessD rtranclp.simps
            \forall k < i. \ learn \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor forget_{NOT} \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \rangle
      then have learn-or-forget** (f \ \theta) \ (f \ i) by blast
      then show False
```

```
using learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C[of f \ 0 \ f \ i \ f \ (Suc \ i) \ A] inv \ 0
        \langle dpll-bj \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \rangle unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by linarith
   qed
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
  assumes
    no\text{-}infinite\text{-}lf: \bigwedge f j. \neg (\forall i \geq j. learn\text{-}or\text{-}forget (f i) (f (Suc i)))
  shows wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT} \text{-NOT-all-inv } A \ S \} (is wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \}
        \land ?inv S)
 unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume ¬ ¬ (∃f. \forall i. (f (Suc i), f i) ∈ {(T, S). cdcl_{NOT} S T \land ?inv S})
  then obtain f where
   \forall i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land ?inv \ (f \ i)
   by fast
  then have \exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i))
   using infinite-cdcl_{NOT}-exists-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain of f by meson
  then show False using no-infinite-lf by blast
qed
lemma inv-and-tranclp-cdcl-_{NOT}-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{++} S T \land cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S \longleftrightarrow (\lambda S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \land cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A
S)^{++} S T
  (is ?A \land ?I \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
  assume ?A \land ?I
  then have ?A and ?I by blast+
  then show ?B
   apply induction
      apply (simp add: tranclp.r-into-trancl)
   \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis}\ (\textit{no-types},\ \textit{lifting})\ \textit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\textit{NOT-all-inv}\ \textit{tranclp.simps}\ \textit{tranclp-into-rtranclp})
 assume ?B
 then have ?A by induction auto
 moreover have ?I using \langle ?B \rangle translpD by fastforce
  ultimately show ?A \land ?I by blast
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
    no-infinite-lf: \bigwedge f j. \neg (\forall i \geq j. learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i)))
  shows wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT}^{++} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}NOT\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ A \ S\}
  using wf-trancl[OF\ wf-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain[OF\ no-infinite-lf]]
 apply (rule wf-subset)
 by (auto simp: trancl-set-tranclp inv-and-tranclp-cdcl-_{NOT}-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-final-state:
 assumes
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT} S and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses S))
    \vee (trail S \models asm\ clauses\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ S)))
proof -
```

```
have n-s': no-step dpll-bj S
   using n-s by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}.simps)
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule dpll-backjump-final-state[of S A])
   using inv decomp n-s' unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-final-state:
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ T)))
proof -
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT} T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast+
 have n\text{-}s': cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
   using cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv inv st by blast
  moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   using cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def decomp inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies st by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using cdcl_{NOT}-final-state n-s by blast
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning
14.6
         Termination
14.6.1
           Restricting learn and forget
locale\ conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnit
  conflict-driven-clause-learning trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
 propagate-conds inv backjump-conds
 \lambda C S. distinct-mset C \wedge \neg tautology C \wedge learn-restrictions <math>C S \wedge \neg tautology C
   (\exists F \ K \ d \ F' \ C' \ L. \ \textit{trail} \ S = F' \ @ \textit{Marked} \ K \ () \ \# \ F \ \land \ C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \ \land \ F \models \textit{as} \ \textit{CNot} \ C' \}
     \wedge C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses S)
  \lambda C S. \neg (\exists F' F K d L. trail S = F' @ Marked K () \# F \land F \models as CNot (C - \{\#L\#\}))
   \land forget-restrictions C S
     trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v::linorder, unit, unit) marked-lits and
     clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
```

```
begin  \begin{split} \textbf{lemma} & \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}learn\text{-}all\text{-}induct[consumes 1, case-names dpll-bj learn forget_{NOT}]:} \\ \textbf{fixes } & S & T :: \ 'st \\ \textbf{assumes } & \ cdcl_{NOT} & S & T \\ \textbf{and} \\ & \ dpll: \bigwedge S & T. & \ dpll\text{-}bj & S & T \\ \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow P & S & T \\ \textbf{and} \\ \end{split}
```

 $prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ and$

 $propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and$

 $backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and} \ learn\text{-}restrictions \ forget\text{-}restrictions :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool$

add- cls_{NOT} remove- cls_{NOT} :: 'v $clause \Rightarrow$ ' $st \Rightarrow$ 'st and

tl- $trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st$ and

 $inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool$ and

```
learning:
     \bigwedge S \ C \ F \ K \ F' \ C' \ L \ T. \ clauses \ S \models pm \ C
     \implies atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (trail S))
     \implies distinct-mset C \implies \neg tautology C \implies learn-restrictions C S
     \implies trail S = F' \otimes Marked K () \# F \implies C = C' + {\#L\#} \implies F \models as CNot C'
     \implies C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses S \implies T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} C S
     \implies P S T  and
   forgetting: \bigwedge S C T. clauses S - replicate-mset (count (clauses S) C) C \models pm C
     \implies C \in \# clauses S
     \implies \neg(\exists F' \ F \ K \ L. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \land F \models as \ CNot \ (C - \{\#L\#\}))
     \implies T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} C S
     \implies forget-restrictions C S \implies P S T
 shows P S T
 using assms(1)
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}.induct)
   apply (auto dest: assms(2) simp add: learn-ops-axioms)[]
  apply (auto elim!: learn-ops.learn.cases[OF learn-ops-axioms] dest: assms(3))[]
 apply (auto elim!: forget-ops.forget_{NOT}.cases[OF\ forget-ops-axioms]\ dest!: <math>assms(4))
 done
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv unfolding conflict-driven-clause-learning-def
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-axioms-def by blast
{f lemma}\ learn-always-simple-clauses:
 assumes
   learn: learn S T and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S)
 shows set-mset (clauses T - clauses S)
   \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S))
proof
 fix C assume C: C \in set\text{-mset} (clauses T - clauses S)
 have distinct-mset C \neg tautology C using learn C by induction auto
 then have C \in build-all-simple-clss (atms-of C)
   using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-build-all-simple-clss by blast
 moreover have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)
   using learn C by (force simp add: atms-of-m-def atms-of-def image-Un
     true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined elim!: learnE)
  moreover have finite (atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S))
    by auto
  ultimately show C \in build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S))
   using build-all-simple-clss-mono by (metis (no-types) insert-subset mk-disjoint-insert)
qed
definition conflicting-bj-clss S \equiv
  \{C+\{\#L\#\}\mid C\ L.\ C+\{\#L\#\}\in \#\ clauses\ S\ \land\ distinct\text{-mset}\ (C+\{\#L\#\})\ \land\ \neg tautology\ (C+\{\#L\#\})
    \land (\exists F' \ K \ F. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C) \}
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
  conflicting-bj-clss\ (remove-cls_{NOT}\ C\ S) = conflicting-bj-clss\ S - \{C\}
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
```

```
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq:
  T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C' S \Longrightarrow conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss \ T
   = conflicting-bj-clss S
     \cup (if \exists C L. C' = C + \{\#L\#\} \land distinct\text{-mset} (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
    \land (\exists F' \ K \ d \ F. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \ \land F \models as \ CNot \ C)
    then \{C'\} else \{\}\}
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto metis+
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}:
  conflicting-bj-clss (add-cls_{NOT} C'S)
   = conflicting-bj-clss S
     \cup (if \exists C L. C' = C + \{\#L\#\} \land distinct\text{-mset} (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
    \wedge (\exists F' \ K \ d \ F. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \ \wedge \ F \models as \ CNot \ C)
     then \{C'\} else \{\}\}
  using conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq by auto
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses:
   conflicting-bj-clss S \subseteq set-mset (clauses S)
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
lemma finite-conflicting-bj-clss[simp]:
  finite\ (conflicting-bj-clss\ S)
  using conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses[of S] rev-finite-subset by blast
lemma learn-conflicting-increasing:
  learn \ S \ T \Longrightarrow conflicting-bj-clss \ S \subseteq conflicting-bj-clss \ T
  apply (elim learnE)
 by (subst conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq[of T]) auto
abbreviation conflicting-bj-clss-yet b S \equiv
  3 \hat{b} - card (conflicting-bj-clss S)
abbreviation \mu_L :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat \times nat where
  \mu_L b S \equiv (conflicting-bj-clss-yet b S, card (set-mset (clauses S)))
{\bf lemma}\ do-not\text{-}forget\text{-}before\text{-}backtrack\text{-}rule\text{-}clause\text{-}learned\text{-}clause\text{-}untouched\text{:}}
  assumes forget_{NOT} S T
  shows conflicting-bj-clss S = conflicting-bj-clss T
  using assms apply induction
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Diff-insert-absorb Set.set-insert clauses-remove-cls_{NOT}
   diff-union-cancelR insert-iff mem-set-mset-iff order-refl set-mset-minus-replicate-mset (1)
   state-eq_{NOT}-clauses state-eq_{NOT}-trail trail-remove-cls_{NOT})
lemma forget-\mu_L-decrease:
  assumes forget_{NOT}: forget_{NOT} S T
  shows (\mu_L \ b \ T, \mu_L \ b \ S) \in less-than <*lex*> less-than
  have card (set-mset (clauses T)) < card (set-mset (clauses S))
   using forget_{NOT} apply induction
   by (metis card-Diff1-less clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> finite-set-mset mem-set-mset-iff order-refl
      set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) state-eq_{NOT}-clauses)
  then show ?thesis
   unfolding do-not-forget-before-backtrack-rule-clause-learned-clause-untouched [OF\ forget_{NOT}]
   by auto
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma set-condition-or-split:
  \{a. (a = b \lor Q \ a) \land S \ a\} = (if \ S \ b \ then \ \{b\} \ else \ \{\}) \cup \{a. \ Q \ a \land S \ a\}
 by auto
lemma set-insert-neg:
  A \neq insert \ a \ A \longleftrightarrow a \notin A
 by auto
lemma learn-\mu_L-decrease:
  assumes learnST: learn S T and
  A: atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S) \cup atm-of \ `its-of \ (trail \ S) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
  fin-A: finite A
 shows (\mu_L \ (card \ A) \ T, \mu_L \ (card \ A) \ S) \in less-than <*lex*> less-than
proof -
 have [simp]: (atms-of-mu\ (clauses\ T) \cup atm-of\ `lits-of\ (trail\ T))
   = (atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S) \cup atm-of \ `lits-of \ (trail \ S))
   using learnST by induction auto
  then have card\ (atms-of-mu\ (clauses\ T)\cup atm-of\ `lits-of\ (trail\ T))
   = card (atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S))
   by (auto intro!: card-mono)
  then have 3:(3::nat) \widehat{\ } card (atms-of-mu\ (clauses\ T)\cup atm-of\ `its-of\ (trail\ T))
   = 3 \cap card (atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S))
   by (auto intro: power-mono)
  moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \subseteq conflicting-bj-clss T
   using learnST by (simp add: learn-conflicting-increasing)
  moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \neq conflicting-bj-clss T
   using learnST
   proof induction
     case (1 \ S \ C \ T) note clss-S = this(1) and atms-C = this(2) and inv = this(3) and T = this(4)
     then obtain F K F' C' L where
       tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
       C: C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \text{ and }
       F: F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
       C\text{-}S\text{:}C' + \{\#L\#\} \not\in \# \ clauses \ S
       by blast
     moreover have distinct-mset C \neg tautology C using inv by blast+
     ultimately have C' + \{\#L\#\} \in conflicting-bj\text{-}clss\ T
       using T unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
     moreover have C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ S
       using C-S unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
     ultimately show ?case by blast
   qed
  moreover have fin-T: finite (conflicting-bj-clss T)
   using learnST by induction (auto simp add: conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT})
  ultimately have card (conflicting-bj-clss T) \geq card (conflicting-bj-clss S)
   using card-mono by blast
 moreover
   have fin': finite (atms-of-mu (clauses T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail T))
   have 1:atms-of-m (conflicting-bj-clss T) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses T)
     unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def atms-of-m-def by auto
```

```
have 2: \bigwedge x. x \in conflicting-bj\text{-}clss\ T \Longrightarrow \neg\ tautology\ x \land\ distinct\text{-}mset\ x
     unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
   have T: conflicting-bj-clss T
   \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-mu (clauses T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail T))
     by standard (meson 1 2 fin' \(\sigma\) finite (conflicting-bj-clss T)\(\rightarrow\) build-all-simple-clss-mono
       distinct-mset-set-def simplified-in-build-all subsetCE sup.coboundedI1)
  moreover
   then have \#: 3 \cap card (atms-of-mu (clauses T) \cup atm-of `lits-of (trail T))
       \geq card (conflicting-bj-clss T)
     by (meson Nat.le-trans build-all-simple-clss-card build-all-simple-clss-finite card-mono fin')
   have atms-of-mu (clauses T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail T) \subseteq A
     using learnE[OF\ learnST]\ A by simp
   then have 3 \cap (card \ A) \geq card \ (conflicting-bj-clss \ T)
     using # fin-A by (meson build-all-simple-clss-card build-all-simple-clss-finite
       build-all-simple-clss-mono calculation(2) card-mono dual-order.trans)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using psubset-card-mono[OF fin-T]
   unfolding less-than-iff lex-prod-def by clarify
     (meson \ (conflicting-bj-clss \ S \neq conflicting-bj-clss \ T)
       \langle conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ S \subseteq conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss \ T \rangle
       diff-less-mono2 le-less-trans not-le psubsetI)
qed
```

We have to assume the following:

- inv S: the invariant holds in the inital state.
- A is a (finite finite A) superset of the literals in the trail atm-of ' lits-of $(trail\ S) \subseteq atms$ -of- $m\ A$ and in the clauses atms-of- $mu\ (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms$ -of- $m\ A$. This can the the set of all the literals in the starting set of clauses.
- no-dup (trail S): no duplicate in the trail. This is invariant along the path.

```
definition \mu_{CDCL} where
\mu_{CDCL} A T \equiv ((2+card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-m A))
              -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-m A)) (2+card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight T),
           conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) T, card (set-mset (clauses T)))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S
  atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
  atm\text{-}of \text{ '} lits\text{-}of \text{ (}trail \text{ }S\text{)} \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \text{ }A \text{ } \mathbf{and}
  no-dup (trail S) and
 fin-A: finite A
 shows (\mu_{CDCL} A T, \mu_{CDCL} A S)
           \in less-than < *lex* > (less-than < *lex* > less-than)
 using assms(1-6)
{\bf proof}\ induction
 case (c-dpll-bj \ S \ T)
 from dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop[OF\ this(1-5)\ fin-A]\ show\ ?case\ unfolding\ <math>\mu_{CDCL}-def
   by (meson in-lex-prod less-than-iff)
next
  case (c-learn S T) note learn = this(1) and inv = this(2) and N-A = this(3) and M-A = this(4)
   n-d = this(5)
  then have S: trail S = trail T
```

```
by (induction rule: learn.induct) auto
 show ?case
   using learn-\mu_L-decrease OF learn - N-A M-A fin-A unfolding S \mu_{CDCL}-def by auto
next
  case (c\text{-}forget_{NOT} \ S \ T) note forget_{NOT} = this(1) and fin = this(6)
 have trail S = trail\ T using forget_{NOT} by induction auto
 then show ?case
   using forget-\mu_L-decrease[OF\ forget_{NOT}] unfolding \mu_{CDCL}-def by auto
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-restricted-learning:
 assumes finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S).
   (atms-of-mu\ (clauses\ S)\subseteq atms-of-m\ A\wedge atm-of\ (trial\ S)\subseteq atms-of-m\ A
   \land no-dup (trail S)
   \wedge inv S)
   \land cdcl_{NOT} S T \}
 by (rule wf-wf-if-measure' [of less-than <*lex*> (less-than <*lex*> less-than)])
    (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure[OF - - - - assms])
definition \mu_C' :: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_C' A T \equiv \mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight T)
definition \mu_{CDCL}' :: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{CDCL}' A T \equiv
 ((2+card\ (atms-of-m\ A)) \hat{\ } (1+card\ (atms-of-m\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T) * (1+3^card\ (atms-of-m\ A)) * 2
 + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) T * 2
 + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses T))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure':
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv S
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ A and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A: finite A
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A T < \mu_{CDCL}' A S
 using assms(1-6)
\mathbf{proof}\ (\mathit{induction}\ \mathit{rule} \colon \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{learn-all-induct})
 case (dpll-bj \ S \ T)
  then have (2+card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A T
   <(2+card\ (atms-of-m\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-m\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ S
   using dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop fin-A unfolding \mu_C'-def by blast
  then have XX: ((2+card\ (atms-of-m\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-m\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T) + 1
   \leq (2+card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A S
   by auto
 from mult-le-mono1[OF this, of <math>(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-m A))]
 have ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A T) *
     (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-m A)) + (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-m A))
   \leq ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A S)
     * (1 + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-m A))
   unfolding Nat.add-mult-distrib
   by presburger
 moreover
```

```
have cl-T-S: clauses <math>T = clauses S
     using dpll-bj.hyps dpll-bj.prems(1) dpll-bj-clauses by auto
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) S < 1+3 and (atms-of-m A)
   by simp
  ultimately have ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A T)
     *(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-m A)) + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) T
   <((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A S) *(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-m A))
A))
   by linarith
  then have ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A T)
       * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-m A))
     + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) T
   <((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C ' A S)
       * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-m A))
     + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) S
   by linarith
  then have ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A T)
     * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-m A)) * 2
   + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) T * 2
   <((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A S)
     * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-m A)) * 2
   + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) S * 2
   by linarith
  then show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def cl-T-S by presburger
next
  case (learn S \ C \ F' \ K \ F \ C' \ L \ T) note clss-S-C = this(1) and atms-C = this(2) and dist = this(3)
   and tauto = this(4) and tearn-restr = this(5) and tr-S = this(6) and C' = this(7) and
   F-C = this(8) and C-new = this(9) and T = this(10) and inv = this(11) and atms-S-A = this(12)
   and atms-tr-S-A = this(13) and n-d = this(14) and finite-S = this(15)
  have insert C (conflicting-bj-clss S) \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
   proof -
     have C \in build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
      by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Un-subset-iff atms-of-m-finite build-all-simple-clss-mono
        contra-subset D\ dist\ distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-build-all-simple-clss
        dual-order.trans fin-A atms-C atms-S-A atms-tr-S-A tauto)
     \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{conflicting-bj-clss} \ S \subseteq \mathit{build-all-simple-clss} \ (\mathit{atms-of-m} \ A)
       unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def
       proof
        \mathbf{fix} \ x :: 'v \ literal \ multiset
        assume x \in \{C + \{\#L\#\} \mid CL.\ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#\ clauses\ S\}
          \land distinct\text{-mset} (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
          \land (\exists F' \ K \ F. \ trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C) \}
        then have \exists m \ l. \ x = m + \{\#l\#\} \land m + \{\#l\#\} \in \# \ clauses \ S
          \land distinct\text{-mset} \ (m + \{\#l\#\}) \land \neg \ tautology \ (m + \{\#l\#\})
          \land (\exists ms \ l \ msa. \ trail \ S = ms @ Marked \ l \ () \# msa \land msa \models as \ CNot \ m)
          by blast
        then show x \in build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
          by (meson atms-S-A atms-of-atms-of-m-mono atms-of-m-finite build-all-simple-clss-mono
            distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-build-all-simple-clss finite-S finite-subset
            mem-set-mset-iff set-rev-mp)
       qed
     ultimately show ?thesis
       by auto
  then have card (insert C (conflicting-bj-clss S)) \leq 3 \widehat{} (card (atms-of-m A))
```

```
by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-m-finite build-all-simple-clss-card build-all-simple-clss-finite
     card-mono fin-A)
  moreover have [simp]: card (insert C (conflicting-bj-clss S))
   = Suc (card ((conflicting-bj-clss S)))
   by (metis (no-types) C' C-new card-insert-if conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses contra-subsetD
     finite-conflicting-bj-clss mem-set-mset-iff)
  moreover have [simp]: conflicting-bj-clss (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> CS) = conflicting-bj-clss S \cup \{C\}
    using dist tauto F-C by (subst conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT})
    (force simp add: ac\text{-simps } C' \text{ tr-}S)
  ultimately have [simp]: conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) S
    = Suc \ (conflicting-bj-clss-yet \ (card \ (atms-of-m \ A)) \ (add-cls_{NOT} \ C \ S))
     by simp
 have 1: clauses T = clauses (add-cls_{NOT} \ C \ S) using T by auto
 have 2: conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) T
   = conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) (add-cls_{NOT} CS)
   using T unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
 have \beta: \mu_C ' A T = \mu_C ' A (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> C S)
   using T unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
  have ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A (add-cls_{NOT} C S))
   * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-m A)) * 2
   = ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A S)
   * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-m A)) * 2
     unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
  moreover
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> CS)
     + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} CS)))
     < conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) S * 2
     + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses S))
     by (simp add: C' C-new)
 ultimately show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def 1 2 3 by presburger
next
  case (forget_{NOT} \ S \ C \ T) note T = this(4) and finite-S = this(10)
 have [simp]: \mu_C ' A (remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> C S) = \mu_C ' A S
   unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
 have forget_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule forget<sub>NOT</sub>.intros) using forget<sub>NOT</sub> by auto
  then have conflicting-bj-clss T = conflicting-bj-clss S
   using do-not-forget-before-backtrack-rule-clause-learned-clause-untouched by blast
  moreover have card (set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ T)) < card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ S))
   by (metis T card-Diff1-less clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> finite-set-mset forget<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps(2)
     mem\text{-}set\text{-}mset\text{-}iff\ order\text{-}refl\ set\text{-}mset\text{-}minus\text{-}replicate\text{-}mset(1)\ state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}clauses)
  ultimately show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def
   by (metis (no-types) T \ \langle \mu_C \ A \ (remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S) = \mu_C \ A \ S \ add\text{-}le\text{-}cancel\text{-}left
     \mu_C'-def not-le state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-trail)
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   fin-A[simp]: finite A
  shows set-mset (clauses T) \subseteq set-mset (clauses S) \cup build-all-simple-clss A
```

```
using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct)
 case dpll-bj
 then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by simp
next
 case forget_{NOT}
  then show ?case using clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> unfolding state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def by auto
\mathbf{next}
 case (learn S \ C \ F \ K \ d \ F' \ C' \ L) note atms-C = this(2) and dist = this(3) and tauto = this(4) and
  T = this(10) and atms-clss-S = this(12) and atms-trail-S = this(13)
 have atms-of C \subseteq A
   using atms-C atms-clss-S atms-trail-S by auto
  then have build-all-simple-clss (atms-of C) \subseteq build-all-simple-clss A
   by (simp add: build-all-simple-clss-mono)
 then have C \in build-all-simple-clss A
   using finite dist tauto
   by (auto dest: distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-build-all-simple-clss)
 then show ?case using T by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of (lits\text{-}of (trail S)) \subseteq A \text{ and }
   finite: finite A
 shows set-mset (clauses T) \subseteq set-mset (clauses S) \cup build-all-simple-clss A
 using assms(1-5)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)] and
   inv = this(4) and atms-clss-S = this(5) and atms-trail-S = this(6) and finite-cls-S = this(7)
 have inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv st inv by blast
 moreover have atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq A and atm-of 'lits-of (trail T) \subseteq A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound [OF st] inv atms-clss-S atms-trail-S by blast+
  ultimately have set-mset (clauses U) \subseteq set-mset (clauses T) \cup build-all-simple-clss A
   using cdcl_{NOT} finite by (simp add: cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound)
 then show ?case using IH by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   finite: finite A
  shows card (set-mset (clauses T)) \leq card (set-mset (clauses S)) + 3 \hat{} (card A)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] finite by (meson Nat.le-trans
   build-all-simple-clss-card\ build-all-simple-clss-finite\ card-Un-le\ card-mono\ finite-UnI
```

```
finite-set-mset nat-add-left-cancel-le)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-clauses-bound':
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
    inv S and
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   finite: finite A
  shows card \{C|C, C \in \# clauses T \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct-mset C)\}
    \leq card \{C | C. C \in \# clauses S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct-mset C)\} + 3 \cap (card A)
   (is card ?T \leq card ?S + -)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound[OF assms] finite
proof -
  have ?T \subseteq ?S \cup build\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{-}clss }A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound[OF assms] by force
  then have card ?T \leq card (?S \cup build-all-simple-clss A)
   using finite by (simp add: assms(5) build-all-simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson le-trans build-all-simple-clss-card card-Un-le local finite nat-add-left-cancel-le)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-simple-clauses-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
    inv S and
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   finite: finite A
  shows card (set-mset (clauses T))
  \leq card \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} + 3 \cap (card \ A)
   (is card ?T \leq card ?S + -)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] finite
proof -
  have \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ clauses \ T \Longrightarrow \neg \ tautology \ x \Longrightarrow \ distinct\text{-mset} \ x \Longrightarrow x \in build\text{-all-simple-clss} \ A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Un-iff assms(3)
     atms-of-atms-of-m-mono build-all-simple-clss-mono contra-subset D
     distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-build-all-simple-clss local finite mem-set-mset-iff
     subset-trans)
  then have set-mset (clauses T) \subseteq ?S \cup build-all-simple-clss A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by auto
  then have card(set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ T)) \leq card\ (?S \cup build\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{-}clss\ A)
   using finite by (simp add: assms(5) build-all-simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson le-trans build-all-simple-clss-card card-Un-le local.finite nat-add-left-cancel-le)
definition \mu_{CDCL}'-bound :: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S =
  ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A))) * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-m A)) * 2
     + 2*3 \cap (card (atms-of-m A))
     + card \{C. C \in \# clauses S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct-mset C)\} + 3 \cap (card (atms-of-m A))
lemma \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>[simp]:
```

 μ_{CDCL}' -bound A (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} MS) = μ_{CDCL}' -bound A S

```
unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   finite: finite (atms-of-m A) and
    U: U \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M T
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A U \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
 have ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A U)
   \leq (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
   by auto
 then have ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A U)
       * (1 + 3 \hat{\ } card (atms-of-m A)) * 2
   \leq (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) * (1 + 3 ^ card (atms-of-m A)) * 2
   using mult-le-mono1 by blast
  moreover
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-m A)) T*2 \le 2*3 ^ card (atms-of-m A)
     by linarith
 moreover have card (set-mset (clauses U))
     \leq card \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} + 3 \cap card (atms\text{-of-m} \ A)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-simple-clauses-bound [OF assms(1-5)] U by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by linarith
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   finite: finite (atms-of-m A)
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
 have \mu_{CDCL}' A (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> (trail T) T) = \mu_{CDCL}' A T
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def \mu_{C}'-def conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>[OF assms, of - trail T]
   state-eq_{NOT}-ref by fastforce
qed
lemma rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
```

atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and atm-of '(lits-of (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-m A and

shows μ_{CDCL}' -bound A $T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'$ -bound A S

have $\{C.\ C \in \#\ clauses\ T \land (tautology\ C \lor \neg\ distinct\text{-mset}\ C)\}$

 $\subseteq \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg \ distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} \ (\mathbf{is} \ ?T \subseteq ?S)$

finite[simp]: finite (atms-of-m A)

proof -

```
proof (rule Set.subsetI)
      fix C assume C \in ?T
      then have C-T: C \in \# clauses T and t-d: tautology C \vee \neg distinct-mset C
      then have C \notin build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
        by (auto dest: build-all-simple-clssE)
      then show C \in ?S
        using C-T rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound[OF assms] t-d by force
    qed
  then have card \{C.\ C \in \#\ clauses\ T \land (tautology\ C \lor \neg\ distinct\text{-mset}\ C)\} \le
    card \{C. C \in \# clauses S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset } C)\}
    by (simp add: card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnt
14.7
          CDCL with restarts
14.7.1
            Definition
locale restart-ops =
 fixes
    cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart S T
restart \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart S \ T
end
\mathbf{locale}\ conflict\text{-}driven\text{-}clause\text{-}learning\text{-}with\text{-}restarts =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  propagate-conds inv backjump-conds learn-cond forget-cond
    for
      trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
      clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
      prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
      inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
      backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
      learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond\ ::\ 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-iff-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-no-restarts:
  cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow restart ops.cdcl_{NOT} -raw-restart \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (\lambda - -. \ False) \ S \ T
  (is ?C S T \longleftrightarrow ?R S T)
proof
 \mathbf{fix} \ S \ T
 assume ?CST
  then show ?R \ S \ T by (simp \ add: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1))
next
```

14.7.2 Increasing restarts

To add restarts we needs some assumptions on the predicate (called $cdcl_{NOT}$ here):

- a function f that is strictly monotonic. The first step is actually only used as a restart to clean the state (e.g. to ensure that the trail is empty). Then we assume that $(1::'a) \leq f$ n for $(1::'a) \leq n$: it means that between two consecutive restarts, at least one step will be done. This is necessary to avoid sequence. like: full restart full ...
- a measure μ : it should decrease under the assumptions bound-inv, whenever a $cdcl_{NOT}$ or a restart is done. A parameter is given to μ : for conflict- driven clause learning, it is an upper-bound of the clauses. We are assuming that such a bound can be found after a restart whenever the invariant holds.
- we also assume that the measure decrease after any $cdcl_{NOT}$ step.
- \bullet an invariant on the states $cdcl_{NOT}$ -inv that also holds after restarts.
- it is not required that the measure decrease with respect to restarts, but the measure has to be bound by some function μ -bound taking the same parameter as μ and the initial state of the considered $cdcl_{NOT}$ chain.

```
locale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops =
  restart-ops cdcl_{NOT} restart for
    restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
     cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
    f :: nat \Rightarrow nat and
    bound-inv :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu-bound :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat
  assumes
    f: unbounded f and
    f-ge-1:\bigwedge n. n \ge 1 \implies f n \ne 0 and
    bound-inv: \bigwedge A \ S \ T. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv \ S \Longrightarrow bound-inv \ A \ S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow bound-inv \ A \ T and
     cdcl_{NOT}-measure: \bigwedge A S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow bound-inv A S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow \mu A T < \mu
     measure-bound2: \bigwedge A \ T \ U. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ T \ U
        \implies \mu \ A \ U \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T \ \text{and}
    measure-bound4: \bigwedge A \ T \ U. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ T \ U
        \implies \mu-bound A \ U \le \mu-bound A \ T and
```

```
cdcl_{NOT}-restart-inv: \bigwedge A\ U\ V.\ cdcl_{NOT}-inv U\Longrightarrow restart\ U\ V\Longrightarrow bound-inv A\ U\Longrightarrow bound-inv
A V
     and
    exists-bound: \bigwedge R S. cdcl_{NOT}-inv R \Longrightarrow restart R S \Longrightarrow \exists A. bound-inv A S and
   \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{inv} \colon \bigwedge S \ T. \ \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{inv} \ S \Longrightarrow \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{inv} \ T \ \mathbf{and}
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv-restart: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
begin
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  assumes
   (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\hspace{1em}} n) S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
  shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
  using assms by (induction n arbitrary: T) (auto intro:bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv:
  assumes
    (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\hspace{1em}} n) S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
   bound-inv A S
  shows bound-inv A T
  using assms by (induction n arbitrary: T) (auto intro:bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
  shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
  using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   bound-inv A S and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
  shows bound-inv A T
  using assms by induction (auto intro:bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le:
  assumes
   (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\ } (Suc\ n))\ S\ T and
   bound-inv A S
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
  shows \mu A T < \mu A S - n
  using assms
proof (induction n arbitrary: T)
  case \theta
  then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-measure by auto
  case (Suc\ n) note IH = this(1)[OF - this(3)\ this(4)] and S-T = this(2) and b-inv = this(3) and
  c\text{-}inv = this(4)
  obtain U: 'st where S-U: (cdcl_{NOT} \cap (Suc\ n)) S U and U-T: cdcl_{NOT} U T using S-T by auto
  then have \mu A U < \mu A S - n using IH[of U] by simp
  moreover
   have bound-inv A U
```

```
using S-U b-inv cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv c-inv by blast
   then have \mu A T < \mu A U using cdcl_{NOT}-measure [OF - - U-T] S-U c-inv cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv
 ultimately show ?case by linarith
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}:
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT} \text{-inv } S \land bound\text{-inv } A \ S\} \ (is \ wf \ ?A)
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure2[of - - \mu A])
 using cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of 0 - - A] by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-measure:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   bound-inv A S and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows \mu A T \leq \mu A S
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (step T U) note IH = this(3)[OF \ this(4) \ this(5)] and st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and
   b-inv = this(4) and c-inv = this(5)
 have bound-inv A T
   by (meson\ cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv rtranclp-imp-relpowp\ st\ step.prems)
 moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ T
   \mathbf{using} \ c\text{-}inv \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}inv \ st \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
 ultimately have \mu A U < \mu A T using cdcl_{NOT}-measure [OF - - cdcl_{NOT}] by auto
 then show ?case using IH by linarith
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-comp-bounded:
 assumes
   bound-inv A S and cdcl_{NOT}-inv S and m \ge 1 + \mu A S
 shows \neg (cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{\ } \ m) \ S \ T
 using assms cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of m-1 S T A] by fastforce
    • f n < m ensures that at least one step has been done.
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-restart where
restart-step: (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\ } m) \ S \ T \Longrightarrow m \ge f \ n \Longrightarrow restart \ T \ U
  \implies cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart\ (S,\ n)\ (U,\ Suc\ n)\ |
restart-full: full1 cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemmas cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct = cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct[split-format(complete),
  OF\ cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops-axioms]
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart** (fst S) (fst T)
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
  case (restart\text{-}step \ m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T by (meson\ relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart** S T using cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1)
   rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart] by blast
```

```
moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart T U
   using \langle restart \ T \ U \rangle \ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(2) by blast
  ultimately show ?case by auto
next
  case (restart\text{-}full\ S\ T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T unfolding full 1-def by auto
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1)
    rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart]\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   bound-inv A (fst S) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
 shows bound-inv A (fst T)
  using assms apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
   prefer 2 apply (metis rtranclp-unfold fstI full1-def rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-bound-inv)
  by (metis\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}bound\text{-}inv\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}inv\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart\text{-}inv\ fst\text{-}conv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart\ S\ T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst T)
  using assms apply induction
   apply (metis cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv-restart fst-conv)
  apply (metis fstI full-def full-unfold rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
  _{
m done}
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst T)
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{with-restart-bound-inv}:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**}\ S\ T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
   bound-inv A (fst S)
 shows bound-inv A (fst T)
  using assms apply induction
  apply (simp\ add: cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv)
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv by blast
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-increasing-number:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow snd \ T = 1 + snd \ S
 by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct) auto
end
locale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts =
  cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops restart cdcl_{NOT} f bound-inv \mu cdcl_{NOT}-inv \mu-bound
 for
```

```
trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    f :: nat \Rightarrow nat and
    restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    bound-inv :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu-bound :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat +
  assumes
    measure-bound: \bigwedge A \ T \ V \ n. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T
      \implies cdcl_{NOT}\text{-restart }(T, n) \ (V, Suc \ n) \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu\text{-bound } A \ T \ \text{and}
    cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound:
      cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
        \implies \mu-bound A \ V \leq \mu-bound A \ T
begin
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu-bound A \ V \le \mu-bound A \ T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct2)
  apply simp
  by (metis cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound dual-order.trans fst-conv
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T
  apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
     apply simp
    {\bf using} \ \textit{measure-bound relpowp-imp-rtranclp} \ {\bf apply} \ \textit{fastforce}
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{full-def}\ \mathit{full-unfold}\ \mathit{measure-bound2}\ \mathit{prod.inject})
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct2)
    apply (simp add: measure-bound2)
  by (metis dual-order.trans fst-conv measure-bound2 r-into-rtranclp rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound)
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-restart:
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-restart} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT}\text{-inv} \ (fst \ S)\}\ (is \ wf \ ?A)
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume ¬ ?thesis
  then obtain q where
    g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT}-restart (g\ i)\ (g\ (Suc\ i)) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst \ (g \ i))
    unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
  have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g \ i) = i + snd (g \ \theta)
```

```
apply (induct-tac\ i)
    apply simp
    by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add.commute add.left-commute
      cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-increasing-number g)
then have snd - g - \theta: \bigwedge i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd(g i) = i + snd(g \theta)
  by blast
have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
  using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-q
    not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.le-iff-add)
  have H: \bigwedge T Ta m. (cdcl_{NOT} \ ^{\frown} m) T Ta \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_{NOT} T \Longrightarrow m = 0
    apply (case-tac m) apply simp by (meson relpowp-E2)
  have \exists T m. (cdcl_{NOT} \cap m) (fst (g i)) T \land m \ge f (snd (g i))
    using g[of\ i] apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
     apply auto
    using g[of Suc \ i] \ f-ge-1 apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
    apply (auto simp add: full1-def full-def dest: H dest: tranclpD)
    using H Suc-leI leD by blast
} note H = this
obtain A where bound-inv A (fst (g 1))
  using g[of \ \theta] \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g[of \ \theta] apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
    apply (metis One-nat-def cdcl_{NOT}-inv exists-bound fst-conv relpowp-imp-rtrancly
      rtranclp-induct)
    using H[of 1] unfolding full1-def by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 diff-is-0-eq' diff-zero
     f-ge-1 fst-conv le-add2 relpowp-E2 snd-conv)
let ?j = \mu-bound A (fst (g 1)) + 1
obtain j where
  j: f (snd (g j)) > ?j and j > 1
  using unbounded-f-g not-bounded-nat-exists-larger by blast
   fix i j
   have cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart: j \geq i \implies cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (g \ i) \ (g \ j)
    apply (induction j)
      apply simp
     by (metis q le-Suc-eq rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
} note cdcl_{NOT}-restart = this
have cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst (g (Suc 0)))
  by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_{NOT} - inv-g)
have cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (fst (g\ 1), snd (g\ 1)) (fst (g\ j), snd (g\ j))
  using \langle j > 1 \rangle by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart)
have \mu A (fst (g j)) \leq \mu-bound A (fst (g 1))
  apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound)
  \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} \ (\mathit{fst} \ (g \ 1), \ \mathit{snd} \ (g \ 1)) \ (\mathit{fst} \ (g \ j), \ \mathit{snd} \ (g \ j)) \rangle \ \mathbf{apply} \ \mathit{blast}
     apply (simp\ add:\ cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g)
     using \langle bound\text{-}inv \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle apply simp
  done
then have \mu \ A \ (fst \ (g \ j)) \le ?j
  by auto
have inv: bound-inv A (fst (g j))
  using \langle bound\text{-}inv \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}inv \ (fst \ (g \ (Suc \ 0))) \rangle
  \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} \ (fst \ (g \ 1), \ snd \ (g \ 1)) \ (fst \ (g \ j), \ snd \ (g \ j)) \rangle
  rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv by auto
obtain T m where
  cdcl_{NOT}-m: (cdcl_{NOT} \curvearrowright m) (fst (g j)) T and
```

```
f-m: f (snd (g j)) <math>\leq m
   using H[of j] by blast
  have ?j < m
   using f-m j Nat.le-trans by linarith
  then show False
   using \langle \mu \ A \ (fst \ (g \ j)) \leq \mu \text{-bound} \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle
   cdcl_{NOT}-comp-bounded[OF inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g, of ] cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g cdcl_{NOT}-m
   \langle ?j < m \rangle by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-steps-bigger-than-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   bound-inv \ A \ (fst \ S) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
   f (snd S) > \mu-bound A (fst S)
 shows full1 cdcl_{NOT} (fst S) (fst T)
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
 case restart-full
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and f = this(2) and bound-inv = this(4) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv = this(5) and \mu = this(6)
 then obtain m' where m: m = Suc \ m' by (cases m) auto
 have \mu A S - m' = 0
   using f bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv \mu m rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound by fastforce
 then have False using cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of m' S T A] restart-step unfolding m by simp
 then show ?case by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-inv-inv-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-inv S and
   binv: bound-inv A S
 shows (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}inv \ S \land \ bound-inv \ A \ S)^{**} \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow \ cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ S \ T
   (is ?A^{**} S T \longleftrightarrow ?B^{**} S T)
 apply (rule iffI)
   using rtranclp-mono[of ?A ?B] apply blast
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   using inv binv apply simp
 by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) binv inv rtranclp.simps rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma no-step-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-no-step-cdcl_{NOT}:
 assumes
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-restart S and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
   binv: bound-inv A (fst S)
 shows no-step cdcl_{NOT} (fst S)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain T where T: cdcl_{NOT} (fst S) T
   by blast
```

```
then obtain U where U: full (\lambda S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \wedge cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \wedge bound-inv A S) T U
     using wf-exists-normal-form-full [OF wf-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>, of A T] by auto
  moreover have inv-T: cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
    using \langle cdcl_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \ T \rangle \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv by blast
  moreover have b-inv-T: bound-inv A T
    using \langle cdcl_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \ T \rangle \ binv \ bound-inv \ inv \ by \ blast
  ultimately have full cdcl_{NOT} T U
    using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-inv-inv-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub> rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv unfolding full-def by blast
  then have full cdcl_{NOT} (fst S) U
    using T full-fullI by metis
 then show False by (metis n-s prod.collapse restart-full)
qed
end
          Merging backjump and learning
14.8
locale cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops =
  dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} +
  decide-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ +
  forget-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ forget-cond\ +
  propagate-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  fixes backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive backjump-l where
backjump-l: trail S = F' \otimes Marked K () # F
  \implies no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S)
  \implies T \sim prepend-trail \ (Propagated \ L \ l) \ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ F \ (add-cls_{NOT} \ (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \ S))
  \implies C \in \# clauses S
   \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
   \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
   \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (trail S))
   \implies clauses \ S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
   \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
   \implies backjump-l\text{-}cond\ C'\ L\ T
   \implies backjump-l \ S \ T
inductive-cases backjump-lE: backjump-lS T
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT}: decide_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S'
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>: propagate_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S'
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l: backjump-l SS' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn SS'
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub>: forget_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S'
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail T)
```

apply (induction rule: $cdcl_{NOT}$ -merged-bj-learn.induct)

```
using defined-lit-map apply fastforce
    using defined-lit-map apply fastforce
   apply (auto simp: defined-lit-map elim!: backjump-lE)[]
  using forget_{NOT}.simps apply auto[1]
  done
end
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    propagate-conds forget-conds \lambda C L S. backjump-l-cond C L S \wedge distinct-mset (C + \{\#L\#\})
    \wedge \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate-conds :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    forget\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool
  assumes
     bj-can-jump:
     \bigwedge S \ C \ F' \ K \ F \ L.
       inv S
       \implies trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F
       \implies C \in \# \ clauses \ S
       \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
       \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
       \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (F' \otimes Marked K () \# F))
       \implies clauses S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}
       \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
       \implies \neg no\text{-step backjump-l } S and
     cdcl-merged-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
abbreviation backjump-conds where
backjump\text{-}conds \equiv \lambda C L - -. distinct\text{-}mset (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
sublocale dpll-with-backjumping-ops trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  propagate-conds inv backjump-conds
proof (unfold-locales, goal-cases)
  case 1
  \{ \text{ fix } S S' \}
    assume bj: backjump-l S S'
    then obtain F' K F L l C' C where
      S': S' \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L l) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S))
      tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
      C: C \in \# clauses S  and
      tr-S-C: trail S \models as CNot C and
      \mathit{undef-L} \colon \mathit{undefined-lit}\ F\ L\ \mathbf{and}
      atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) and
      cls-S-C': clauses <math>S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
      F-C': F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
```

```
dist: distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
      not-tauto: \neg tautology (C' + {\#L\#})
      by (force elim!: backjump-lE)
   have \exists S'. backjumping-ops.backjump trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail backjump-conds S S'
      apply rule
      apply (rule backjumping-ops.backjump.intros)
               apply unfold-locales
              using tr-S apply simp
             apply (rule state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
            using C apply simp
           using tr-S-C apply simp
         using undef-L apply simp
        using atm-L apply simp
       using cls-S-C' apply simp
      using F-C' apply simp
      using dist not-tauto apply simp
      done
    } note H = this(1)
  then show ?case using 1 bj-can-jump by presburger
qed
end
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
   propagate-conds forget-conds backjump-l-cond inv
 for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
   inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   forget\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
{f sublocale} conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops trail clauses prepend-trail {\it tl-trail} add-{\it cls}_{NOT}
  remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> propagate-conds inv backjump-conds \lambda C -. distinct-mset C \wedge \neg tautology C
 forget-conds
 by unfold-locales
end
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
   propagate-conds inv forget-conds backjump-l-cond
  for
   trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   propagate\text{-}conds::('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
```

```
inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   forget\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
   backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  assumes
     dpll-bj-inv: \land S T. dpll-bj S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T and
     learn-inv: \bigwedge S \ T. \ learn \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
interpretation cdcl_{NOT}:
   conflict-driven-clause-learning trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  propagate-conds inv backjump-conds \lambda C -. distinct-mset C \wedge \neg tautology C forget-conds
  apply unfold-locales
 apply (simp\ only:\ cdcl_{NOT}.simps)
  using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> cdcl-merged-inv learn-inv
  by (auto simp add: cdcl_{NOT}.simps dpll-bj-inv)
lemma backjump-l-learn-backjump:
  assumes bt: backjump-l S T and inv: inv S
  shows \exists C' L. learn S (add-cls_{NOT} (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S)
   \land backjump (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> (C' + {#L#}) S) T
   \land \ atms-of \ (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of\text{-}mu \ (clauses \ S) \ \cup \ atm\text{-}of \ `(lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S))
proof -
  obtain C F' K F L l C' where
    tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # F and
    T: T \sim prepend-trail \ (Propagated \ L \ l) \ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ F \ (add-cls_{NOT} \ (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \ S)) and
     C-cls-S: C \in \# clauses S and
    tr-S-CNot-C: trail <math>S \models as CNot C and
    undef \colon undefined\text{-}lit\ F\ L\ \mathbf{and}
     atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (trail S)) and
     clss-C: clauses S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\} and
     F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
    distinct: distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
    not-tauto: \neg tautology (C' + {\#L\#})
    using bt inv by (force elim!: backjump-lE)
   have atms-C': atms-of C' \subseteq atm-of `(lits-of F)
    proof -
      obtain ll :: 'v \Rightarrow ('v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v) \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \ set \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \ where
        \forall v f L. v \notin f `L \lor v = f (ll v f L) \land ll v f L \in L
        by moura
      then show ?thesis unfolding tr-S
        by (metis\ (no-types)\ \langle F \models as\ CNot\ C' \rangle\ atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set
          atms-of-def in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) mem-set-mset-iff subsetI)
    qed
  then have atms-of (C' + \#L\#) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses\ S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of (trail\ S))
    using atm-L tr-S by auto
   moreover have learn: learn S (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S)
    apply (rule learn.intros)
        apply (rule clss-C)
      using atms-C' atm-L apply (fastforce simp add: tr-S in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-m)[]
    apply standard
     apply (rule distinct)
     apply (rule not-tauto)
     apply simp
    done
  moreover have bj: backjump (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> (C' + \{\#L\#\}\}) S) T
```

```
apply (rule backjump.intros)
    using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle C-cls-S tr-S-CNot-C undef T distinct not-tauto
    by (auto simp: tr-S state-eq_{NOT}-def simp del: state-simp_{NOT})
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{++} S T
\mathbf{proof}\ (induction\ rule:\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn.induct)
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> S T)
  then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
   using bj-decide_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.simps by fastforce
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> S T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
   using bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> cdcl_{NOT}.simps by fastforce
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT} S T)
  then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
    using c-forget_{NOT} by blast
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l S T) note bt = this(1) and inv = this(2)
  show ?case
    using backjump-l-learn-backjump[OF bt inv]
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) bj-backjump c-dpll-bj c-learn
      tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp.trancl-into-trancl)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}** S T \land inv T
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)] and
   inv = this(4)
 have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} T U
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}[OF\ cdcl_{NOT}]\ IH
   by (blast dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S U using IH by fastforce
 moreover have inv U using IH \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} | T | U \rangle cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv by blast
 ultimately show ?case using st by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}** S T
 using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv by blast
```

```
definition \mu_C':: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_C' A T \equiv \mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight T)
definition \mu_{CDCL}'-merged :: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T \equiv
 ((2+card\ (atms-of-m\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-m\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T) * 2 + card\ (set-mset\ (clauses\ T))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure':
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   \mathit{atm}\text{-}\mathit{of} ' \mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of} ( \mathit{trail} S ) \subseteq \mathit{atms}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}\mathit{m} A and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A: finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T < \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A S
  using assms(1-5)
proof induction
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> S T)
 have clauses S = clauses T
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps by auto
  moreover have
   (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight T)
    <(2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight S)
   apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> fin-A
   by (simp-all\ add:\ bj-decide_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT}.hyps)
  ultimately show ?case
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> S T)
 have clauses S = clauses T
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}propagate}_{NOT}.hyps
   by (simp\ add:\ bj\ -propagate_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}\ -merged\ -bj\ -learn\ -propagate_{NOT}\ .prems(1)\ dpll\ -bj\ -clauses)
   (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight T)
    <(2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight S)
   apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> fin-A by (simp-all add: bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>
     cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps)
  ultimately show ?case
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT} S T)
 have card (set-mset (clauses T)) < card (set-mset (clauses S))
   using \langle forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \rangle by (metis card-Diff1-less
     cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_NOT.hyps clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} finite-set-mset forgetE
     mem-set-mset-iff order-refl set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) state-eq_{NOT}-clauses)
 moreover
   have trail\ S = trail\ T
     using \langle forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \rangle by (auto elim: forgetE)
```

```
then have
     (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight T)
     = (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight S)
     by auto
 ultimately show ?case
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
next
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l S T) note bj-l = this(1) and inv = this(2) and
   atms-clss = this(3) and atms-trail = this(4) and n-d = this(5)
 obtain C'L where
   learn: learn S (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S) and
   bj: backjump (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> (C' + \{\#L\#\}) S) T and
   atms-C: atms-of (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of (trail S))
   using bj-l inv backjump-l-learn-backjump by blast
 have card-T-S: card (set-mset (clauses T)) \leq 1 + card (set-mset (clauses S))
   using bj-l inv by (auto elim!: backjump-lE simp: card-insert-if)
 have
   ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight T))
   <((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A))
         (trail-weight\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ (C' + \{\#L\#\})\ S)))
   apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
       using bj bj-backjump apply blast
      using cdcl_{NOT}.c-learn\ cdcl_{NOT}.cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ inv\ learn\ apply\ blast
     using atms-C atms-clss atms-trail apply fastforce
     using atms-trail apply simp
    apply (simp add: n-d)
   using fin-A apply simp
   done
 then have ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight T))
   <((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-m A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight S))
   by auto
 then show ?case
   using card-T-S unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by linarith
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
 assumes
   fin-A: finite A
 shows wf \{ (T, S).
   (inv\ S \land atms-of-mu\ (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms-of-m\ A \land atm-of\ `ilts-of\ (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-m\ A
   \land no-dup (trail S))
   \land cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of - - \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A])
 using cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure' fin-A by simp
lemma tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-tranclp:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn^{++} S T and
   inv S and
```

```
atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
    atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ A and
    no-dup (trail S) and
    finite A
  shows (T, S) \in \{(T, S).
    (inv\ S \land atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ A \land atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ A
    \land no-dup (trail S))
    \land \ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T\}^+ \ (\mathbf{is} \ \text{-} \in \ ?P^+)
  using assms(1-6)
proof (induction rule: tranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-8)] and
    inv = this(4) and atms-clss = this(5) and atms-trail = this(6) and n-d = this(7) and
    fin = this(8)
  have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT})
    using st \ cdcl_{NOT} \ inv \ by \ auto
  have inv T
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
      using inv st cdcl_{NOT} by auto
  moreover have atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-m A
    \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF\ \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{}^{**}\ S\ T\rangle\ inv\ atms-clss\ atms-trail]
    by fast
  moreover have atm\text{-}of ' (lits-of (trail T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m A
    \mathbf{using} \ \ cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF\ \ \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ \ S\ \ T\rangle \ \ inv\ \ atms-clss\ \ atms-trail]
    by fast
  moreover have no-dup (trail\ T)
    using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \ (cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ S \ T) \ inv \ n-d] by fast
  ultimately have (U, T) \in P
    using cdcl_{NOT} by auto
  then show ?case using IH by (simp add: trancl-into-trancl2)
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
  assumes finite A
  shows wf \{(T, S).
    (inv\ S \land atms-of-mu\ (clauses\ S) \subseteq atms-of-m\ A \land atm-of\ `ilts-of\ (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-m\ A
    \land no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S))
    \land cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn<sup>++</sup> S T
  apply (rule wf-subset)
  apply (rule wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn])
  using assms apply simp
  using tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-tranclp[OF - - - - - \langle finite \ A \rangle] by auto
lemma backjump-no-step-backjump-l:
  backjump \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-step backjump-l } S
  apply (elim backjumpE)
  apply (rule bj-can-jump)
    apply auto[7]
  by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}final\text{-}state\text{:}}
  fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
```

```
assumes
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S and
   atms-S: atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses S))
   \vee (trail S \models asm\ clauses\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ S)))
proof -
 let ?N = set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)
 let ?M = trail S
 consider
     (sat) satisfiable ?N and ?M \models as ?N
    | (sat') \ satisfiable ?N \ \mathbf{and} \ \neg \ ?M \models as ?N
    (unsat) unsatisfiable ?N
   by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case sat' note sat = this(1) and M = this(2)
     obtain C where C \in ?N and \neg ?M \models a C using M unfolding true-annots-def by auto
     obtain I :: 'v literal set where
       I \models s ?N  and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
       tot: total-over-m I ?N and
       atm-I-N: atm-of 'I \subseteq atms-of-m ?N
       using sat unfolding satisfiable-def-min by auto
     let ?I = I \cup \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\}
     let ?O = \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M \land atm\text{-of } (lit\text{-of }L) \notin atms\text{-of-m }?N\}
     have cons-I': consistent-interp ?I
       using cons using (no-dup ?M) unfolding consistent-interp-def
       by (auto simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def
         dest!: no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus)
     have tot-I': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#}) ' set ?M)
       using tot atms-of-s-def unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
     have \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\} \models s ?O
       using \langle I \models s ?N \rangle atm-I-N by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of true-clss-def lits-of-def)
     then have I'-N: ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O
       using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle true-clss-union-increase by force
     have tot': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup ?O)
       using atm-I-N tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
       by (force simp: image-iff lits-of-def dest!: is-marked-ex-Marked)
     have atms-N-M: atms-of-m ?N \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of ?M
       proof (rule ccontr)
         assume ¬ ?thesis
         then obtain l :: 'v where
           l-N: l \in atms-of-m ?N and
          l-M: l \notin atm-of ' lits-of ?M
           by auto
         have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
           using l-M by (metis Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
             atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set literal.sel(1))
```

```
have decide_{NOT} S (prepend-trail (Marked (Pos l) ()) S)
     by (metis \ (undefined-lit \ ?M \ (Pos \ l)) \ decide_{NOT}.intros \ l-N \ literal.sel(1)
        state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
    then show False
      using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> n-s by blast
have ?M \models as CNot C
 by (metis atms-N-M \langle C \in ?N \rangle \langle \neg ?M \models a C \rangle all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot
    atms-of-atms-of-m-mono atms-of-m-CNot-atms-of-m-CNot-atms-of-m subset CE)
have \exists l \in set ?M. is\text{-}marked l
 proof (rule ccontr)
    let ?O = \{ \{ \#lit\text{-of } L \# \} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in \text{set } ?M \land \text{atm-of } (\text{lit-of } L) \notin \text{atms-of-m } ?N \} 
    have \vartheta[iff]: \Lambda I. total-over-m \ I \ (?N \cup ?O \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit-of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ ?M)
      \longleftrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (?N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \text{ '} set \ ?M)
      unfolding total-over-set-def total-over-m-def atms-of-m-def by auto
    assume ¬ ?thesis
    then have [simp]:\{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L\wedge L\in set\ ?M\}
      = \{ \{ \#lit\text{-}of \ L\# \} \mid L. \ is\text{-}marked} \ L \land L \in set \ ?M \land atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ L) \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ ?N \}
    then have ?N \cup ?O \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set ?M
      using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF decomp] by auto
    then have ?I \models s (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set ?M
      using cons-I' I'-N tot-I' \langle ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O \rangle unfolding \vartheta true-clss-clss-def by blast
    then have lits-of ?M \subseteq ?I
      unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
    then have ?M \models as ?N
      using I'-N \langle C \in ?N \rangle \langle \neg ?M \models a C \rangle cons-I' atms-N-M
      by (meson \ \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle \ consistent-CNot-not \ rev-subsetD \ sup-qe1 \ true-annot-def
        true-annots-def true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def)
    then show False using M by fast
from List.split-list-first-propE[OF\ this] obtain K:: 'v\ literal\ and\ d::\ unit\ and
  F F' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list where
 M-K: ?M = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
 nm: \forall f \in set \ F'. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ f
 unfolding is-marked-def by (metis (full-types) old.unit.exhaust)
let ?K = Marked\ K\ ()::('v,\ unit,\ unit)\ marked-lit
have ?K \in set ?M
 unfolding M-K by auto
let ?C = image\text{-}mset \ lit\text{-}of \ \{\#L \in \#mset \ ?M. \ is\text{-}marked \ L \land L \neq ?K \#\} :: 'v \ literal \ multiset
let ?C' = set\text{-mset} \ (image\text{-mset} \ (\lambda L::'v \ literal. \{\#L\#\}) \ (?C + \{\#lit\text{-of} \ ?K\#\}))
have ?N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\} \models ps\ (\lambda a.\ \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\})\ `set\ ?M
 using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied[OF decomp].
moreover have C': ?C' = \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M\}
 unfolding M-K apply standard
    apply force
 using IntI by auto
ultimately have N-C-M: ?N \cup ?C' \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set ?M
 by auto
have N-M-False: ?N \cup (\lambda L. \{\#lit\text{-}of L\#\}) \ (set ?M) \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\}
 using M \ (?M \models as \ CNot \ C) \ (C \in ?N) unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def Ball-def
 true-annot-def by (metis consistent-CNot-not sup.orderE sup-commute true-clss-def
    true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union true-clss-union-increase)
```

```
have undefined-lit F K using \langle no-dup ?M \rangle unfolding M-K by (simp\ add:\ defined-lit-map)
moreover
 have ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\}
   proof -
     have A: ?N \cup ?C' \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set ?M =
        ?N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set ?M
       unfolding M-K by auto
     show ?thesis
       using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of {{#}}] N-M-False unfolding A by auto
 have ?N \models p image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
   unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix}\ I
     assume
       tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-m (?N \cup {image-mset uminus ?C+ {#- K#}})) and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
        I \models s ?N
     have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
       using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def by (cases K) auto
     have tot': total-over-set I
        (atm\text{-}of 'lit\text{-}of '(set ?M \cap \{L. is\text{-}marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\}))
       using tot by (auto simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
      { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit}
       assume
          a3: lit-of x \notin I and
         a1: x \in set ?M and
          a4: is\text{-}marked x \text{ and }
          a5: x \neq Marked K ()
       then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
         using a5 a4 tot' a1 unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by blast
       moreover have f6: Neg (atm-of (lit-of x)) = -Pos (atm-of (lit-of x))
         by simp
       ultimately have - lit-of x \in I
          using f6 a3 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
            literal.sel(1)
      \} note H = this
     have \neg I \models s ?C'
       \mathbf{using} \, \, \langle ?N \, \cup \, ?C' \models ps \, \{ \{\#\} \} \rangle \, \, tot \, \, cons \, \, \langle I \mid \models s \, \, ?N \rangle
       unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
       by (simp add: atms-of-uninus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-m-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
      then show I \models image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
       unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def Bex-mset-def
       using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
       by (auto dest!: H)
moreover have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
 using nm unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def M-K by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
ultimately have False
 \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{bj-can-jump}[\mathit{of}\ S\ \mathit{F'}\ \mathit{K}\ \mathit{F}\ \mathit{C}\ -\mathit{K}
   image-mset uminus (image-mset lit-of \{\# L : \# \text{ mset } ?M. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\#\}\}
   \langle C \in ?N \rangle n-s \langle ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle bj-backjump inv unfolding M-K
   by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.simps)
```

```
then show ?thesis by fast
   qed auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state:
  fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
  assumes
   full: full\ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S\ T and
   atms-S: atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ T)))
proof -
  have st: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn T
    using full unfolding full-def by blast+
  then have st: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv by auto
  have atms-of-mu (clauses\ T)\subseteq atms-of-m A and atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ T)\subseteq atms-of-m A
    using cdcl_{NOT}-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF\ st\ inv\ atms-S\ atms-trail] by blast+
  moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using cdcl_{NOT}. rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup inv n-d st by blast
  moreover have inv T
   using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv st by blast
  moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   using cdcl_{NOT}. rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies inv st decomp by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state[of T A] \langle finite \ A \rangle n-s by fast
qed
end
14.8.1
           Instantiations
locale\ cdcl_{NOT}-with-backtrack-and-restarts =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnt\ trail\ clauses
   prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds\ inv\ backjump-conds
    learn-restrictions forget-restrictions
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v::linorder, unit, unit) marked-lits and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v::linorder \ clauses \ and
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
   inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
   learn-restrictions forget-restrictions :: 'v::linorder clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
  fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
  assumes
    unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1: \bigwedge n. n \geq 1 \Longrightarrow f n \geq 1 and
   inv\text{-restart:} \land S \ T. \ inv \ S \Longrightarrow \ T \sim reduce\text{-trail-to}_{NOT} \ [] \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
```

begin

```
lemma bound-inv-inv:
  assumes
    inv S and
    no-dup (trail S) and
   atms-clss-S-A: atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atms-trail-S-A:atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   finite A and
    cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT} S T
  shows
    atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m A and
   finite A
proof -
 have cdcl_{NOT} S T
   using \langle inv S \rangle cdcl_{NOT} by linarith
  then have atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)
   using \langle inv S \rangle
   by (meson\ conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-m-clauses-decreasing)
      conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops-axioms)
  then show atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   using atms-clss-S-A atms-trail-S-A by blast
  show atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-m\ A
   by (meson (inv S) atms-clss-S-A atms-trail-S-A cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set)
\mathbf{next}
  show finite A
   using \langle finite \ A \rangle by simp
qed
 sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops \lambda S T. T \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> [] S cdcl_{NOT} f
   \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S) \subseteq atms-of-m \ A \land atm-of \ `lits-of \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-m \ A \land
   \mu_{CDCL}' \lambda S. inv S \wedge no-dup (trail S)
   \mu_{CDCL} '-bound
   apply unfold-locales
           apply (simp add: unbounded)
          using f-ge-1 apply force
         using bound-inv-inv apply meson
        apply (rule cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure'; simp)
        apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound; simp)
       apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing; simp)
      apply auto[]
    apply auto[]
   using cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup apply blast
  using inv-restart apply auto[]
  done
abbreviation cdcl_{NOT}-l where
cdcl_{NOT}-l \equiv
 conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops.cdcl_{NOT} trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  propagate-conds (\lambda- - S T. backjump S T)
  (\lambda C\ S.\ distinct\text{-mset}\ C\ \land\ \neg\ tautology\ C\ \land\ learn\text{-restrictions}\ C\ S
   \land \ (\exists \, F \, K \, F' \, C' \, L. \, \mathit{trail} \, S = F' \, @ \, \mathit{Marked} \, K \, () \, \# \, F \, \land \, C = C' + \{\#L\#\}
       \land F \models as \ CNot \ C' \land C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# \ clauses \ S))
```

```
(\lambda C S. \neg (\exists F' F K L. trail S = F' @ Marked K () \# F \land F \models as CNot (C - \{\#L\#\}))
  \land forget-restrictions C(S)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
      inv T
      no-dup (trail T) and
    bound-inv:
      atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-m A
      atm\text{-}of \text{ '} lits\text{-}of \text{ (} trail \text{ } T\text{)} \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \text{ } A
      finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}' A V \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv bound-inv
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct[OF cdcl_{NOT}])
  case (1 m S T n U) note U = this(3)
  show ?case
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>[of S T])
         using \langle (cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{\ } \ m) \ S \ T \rangle apply (fastforce dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
        using 1 by auto
next
  case (2 S T n) note full = this(2)
 show ?case
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound)
    using full 2 unfolding full1-def by force+
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
    cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
      inv T
      no-dup (trail T) and
    bound-inv:
      atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-m A
      atm\text{-}of \ (trail \ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A
      finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A \ V \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A \ T
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv bound-inv
\mathbf{proof}\ (\mathit{induction}\ \mathit{rule}\colon \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{with-restart-induct}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}])
  case (1 m S T n U) note U = this(3)
 have \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
     \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{rtranclp-}\mu_{CDCL}'\text{-}\mathit{bound-}\mathit{decreasing})
                                  \hat{\ } m) S T \Rightarrow apply (fastforce dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
         using \langle (cdcl_{NOT})^{\uparrow}
        using 1 by auto
  then show ?case using U unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
  case (2 S T n) note full = this(2)
 show ?case
    \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{rtranclp-}\mu_{CDCL}'\text{-}\mathit{bound-}\mathit{decreasing})
    using full 2 unfolding full1-def by force+
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts - - - - - f
```

```
\lambda S \ T. \ T \sim reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ [] \ S
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S) \subseteq atms-of-m \ A
    \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}' \ cdcl_{NOT}
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
 apply unfold-locales
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply simp
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply simp
 done
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv (fst S)
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst S)) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst T)) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst T)))
  using assms apply (induction)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies by (auto dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp
   simp: full 1-def)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   inv (fst S) and
   no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst S)) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst T)) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst T)))
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step T u) note st = this(1) and r = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)] and inv = this(4)
   and n-d = this(5) and fin = this(6)
 have inv (fst T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d fin by blast
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies r IH by fast
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes
   st: cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv: inv (fst S)
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ T)
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case (restart-step m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
 then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff by (fastforce dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
next
 then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-bj-sat-ext-iff unfolding full1-def
 by (fastforce dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
qed
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes
   st: cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**}\ S\ T and
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   inv: inv (fst S)
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ T)
 using st
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by blast+
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff[OF r] IH by blast
theorem full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-backjump-final-state:
  fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
  assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, n) (T, m) and
   atms-S: atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite A and
   \mathit{inv} \colon \mathit{inv} \ S \ \mathbf{and}
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses S))
   \vee (lits-of (trail T) \models sextm clauses S \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses S)))
proof -
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} (S, n) (T, m) and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, m)
   using full unfolding full-def by fast+
  have binv-T: atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-m A atm-of 'lits-of (trail T) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-with-restart-bound-inv[OF st, of A] inv n-d atms-S atms-trail
   by auto
  moreover have inv-T: no-dup (trail T) inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by auto
  moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies [OF st] inv n-d
   decomp by auto
  ultimately have T: unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ T)))
   using no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>[of (T, m) A] n-s
   cdcl_{NOT}-final-state[of T A] unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by auto
 have eq-sat-S-T:\bigwedge I. I \models sextm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff[OF st] inv n-d atms-S
       atms-trail by auto
 have cons-T: consistent-interp (lits-of (trail T))
   using inv-T(1) distinct consistent-interp by blast
 consider
     (unsat) unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses T))
   |(sat)| trail T \models asm \ clauses \ T \ and \ satisfiable (set-mset \ (clauses \ T))
```

```
using T by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case unsat
     then have unsatisfiable (set\text{-}mset (clauses S))
       using eq-sat-S-T consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext
       unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by fast
   next
     case sat
     then have lits-of (trail T) \models sextm clauses S
       using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff [OF st] inv n-d atms-S
       atms-trail by (auto simp: true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext true-annots-true-cls)
     moreover then have satisfiable (set-mset (clauses S))
         using cons-T consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable by blast
     ultimately show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
end — end of cdcl_{NOT}-with-backtrack-and-restarts locale
locale most-general-cdcl_{NOT} =
   dpll-state trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} +
   propagate-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds\ +
   backjumping-ops\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ \lambda- - - - . True
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
   inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
lemma backjump-bj-can-jump:
 assumes
   tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # F and
    C: C \in \# clauses S  and
   tr-S-C: trail S \models as CNot C and
   undef: undefined-lit F L and
   \mathit{atm-L:}\ \mathit{atm-of}\ L \in \mathit{atms-of-mu}\ (\mathit{clauses}\ S) \ \cup \ \mathit{atm-of}\ `(\mathit{lits-of}\ (\mathit{F'}\ @\ \mathit{Marked}\ K\ ()\ \#\ F))\ \mathbf{and}
   cls-S-C': clauses S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
   F-C': F \models as \ CNot \ C'
  shows \neg no\text{-}step\ backjump\ S
   using backjump.intros[OF tr-S - C tr-S-C undef - cls-S-C' F-C',
     of prepend-trail (Propagated L -) (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS)] atm-L unfolding tr-S
   by (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def simp del: state-simp_{NOT})
sublocale dpll-with-backjumping-ops - - - - - inv \lambda- - - -. True
 using backjump-bj-can-jump by unfold-locales auto
The restart does only reset the trail, contrary to Weidenbach's version. But there is a forget
rule.
locale cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-with-backtrack-restarts =
```

 $cdcl_{NOT}$ -merge-bj-learn trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add- cls_{NOT} remove- cls_{NOT}

```
propagate-conds inv forget-conds
   \lambda C L S. distinct\text{-mset} (C + \{\#L\#\}) \wedge backjump\text{-l-cond} C L S
   trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v::linorder, unit, unit) marked-lits and
   clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v::linorder \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}:: 'v clause <math>\Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   forget\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
   backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
  fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
  assumes
    unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1: \bigwedge n. n \geq 1 \implies f n \geq 1 and
   inv\text{-restart:} \land S \ T. \ inv \ S \Longrightarrow \ T \sim reduce\text{-trail-to}_{NOT} \ [] \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
interpretation cdcl_{NOT}:
   conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops trail clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  propagate-conds inv backjump-conds (\lambda C -. distinct-mset C \wedge \neg tautology C) forget-conds
  by unfold-locales
interpretation cdcl_{NOT}:
   conflict-driven-clause-learning\ trail\ clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  propagate-conds inv backjump-conds (\lambda C -. distinct-mset C \wedge \neg tautology C) forget-conds
  apply unfold-locales
  using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> cdcl-merged-inv learn-inv
  by (auto simp add: cdcl_{NOT}.simps dpll-bj-inv)
definition not-simplified-cls A = \{ \#C \in \#A. \ tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct-mset \ C\# \}
lemma build-all-simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls:
  assumes atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
    x \in \# clauses S  and finite A
  shows x \in build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A) \vee x \in \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
proof -
  consider
      (simpl) \neg tautology x  and distinct-mset x
    | (n\text{-}simp) \ tautology \ x \lor \neg distinct\text{-}mset \ x
   by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
      case simpl
      then have x \in build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
       by (meson assms atms-of-atms-of-m-mono atms-of-m-finite build-all-simple-clss-mono
          distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-build-all-simple-clss finite-subset
          mem-set-mset-iff subsetCE)
      then show ?thesis by blast
   next
      case n-simp
      then have x \in \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
```

```
using \langle x \in \# \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding not-simplified-cls-def by auto
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
   inv: inv S and
   atms-clss: atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atms-trail: atm-of '(lits-of (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite\ A
  shows set-mset (clauses T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses S))
   \cup build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
  case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub>
  then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by (force dest!: build-all-simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
  case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>
 then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by (force dest!: build-all-simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
next
  case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub>
  then show ?case using clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> unfolding state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def
   by (force elim!: forgetE dest: build-all-simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l S T) note bj = this(1) and inv = this(2) and
    atms-clss = this(3) and atms-trail = this(4) and n-d = this(5)
 have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT})
   using \langle backjump-l \ S \ T \rangle inv cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.simps by blast+
  have atm\text{-}of '(lits\text{-}of (trail T)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m A
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF\ (cdcl_{NOT}^{**}\ S\ T)]\ inv\ atms-trail\ atms-clss
   by auto
 have atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   \mathbf{using} \ \ cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}.trail-clauses-bound[OF \ \ \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ \ S \ \ T \rangle \ \ inv \ \ atms-clss \ \ atms-trail]
   by fast
  moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   obtain F' K F L l C' C where
   tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # F and
    T: T \sim prepend-trail \ (Propagated \ L \ l) \ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ F \ (add-cls_{NOT} \ (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \ S)) and
    C \in \# clauses S  and
   trail S \models as CNot C  and
   undef: undefined-lit F L and
   atm\text{-}of\ L = atm\text{-}of\ K \lor atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ (clauses\ S)
     \vee atm-of L \in atm-of ' (lits-of F' \cup lits-of F) and
   clauses S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\} and
    F \models as \ CNot \ C' \ and
   dist: distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
   tauto: \neg tautology (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
   backjump-l-cond C' L T
```

```
using \langle backjump-l | S | T \rangle apply (induction rule: backjump-l.induct) by auto
  have atms-of C' \subseteq atm-of ' (lits-of F)
    using \langle F \models as\ CNot\ C' \rangle by (simp\ add:\ atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
     atms-of-def image-subset-iff in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
  then have atms-of (C'+\{\#L\#\})\subseteq atms-of-m A
    using T \land atm\text{-}of \land lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A \land tr\text{-}S \ undef \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
  then have build-all-simple-clss (atms-of (C' + \#L\#\})) \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
   apply - by (rule build-all-simple-clss-mono) (simp-all)
  then have C' + \{\#L\#\} \in build\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}m A)
   using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-build-all-simple-clss [OF dist tauto]
   by auto
  then show ?case
   using T inv atms-clss undef tr-S by (auto dest!: build-all-simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
  shows (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls\ (clauses\ T)) \subseteq \#\ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls\ (clauses\ S))
  using assms apply induction
  prefer 4
  unfolding not-simplified-cls-def apply (auto elim!: backjump-lE forgetE)[3]
  by (elim backjump-lE) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing};
  assumes cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
  shows (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls\ (clauses\ T)) \subseteq \#\ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls\ (clauses\ S))
  using assms apply induction
   apply simp
  by (drule\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}not\text{-}simplified\text{-}decreasing})\ auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
    inv S and
    atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite[simp]: finite A
  shows set-mset (clauses T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses S))
   \cup build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
  using assms(1-5)
proof induction
  case base
  then show ?case by (auto dest!: build-all-simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdel_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)] and
    inv = this(4) and atms-clss-S = this(5) and atms-trail-S = this(6) and finite-cls-S = this(7)
  have st': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv st by blast
  have inv T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv st by blast
  moreover
   have atms-of-mu (clauses T) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
```

```
atm\text{-}of \ 'lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A
     using cdcl_{NOT}-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF st'] inv atms-clss-S atms-trail-S
     by blast+
  moreover moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \land cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \land inv n-d] by fast
  ultimately have set-mset (clauses U)
    \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses T)) \cup build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
   using cdcl_{NOT} finite cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto\ intro!}:\ \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound})
  moreover have set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses T))
    \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses S))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing [OF st] by auto
  ultimately show ?case using IH inv atms-clss-S
   by (auto dest!: build-all-simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
qed
abbreviation \mu_{CDCL}'-bound where
\mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T == ((2+card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-m A))) * 2
     + card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses T)))
    + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-m A)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
    inv S and
   atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
 have set-mset (clauses T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls(clauses S))
   \cup build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound[OF assms].
  \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{card} \ (\mathit{set-mset} \ (\mathit{not-simplified-cls}(\mathit{clauses} \ S))
     \cup build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A))
    < card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses S))) + 3 \cap card (atms\text{-}of\text{-}m A)
   by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-m-finite build-all-simple-clss-card card-Un-le finite
     nat-add-left-cancel-le)
  ultimately have card (set-mset (clauses T))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses \ S))) + 3 \ \hat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A)
   by (meson build-all-simple-clss-finite card-mono dual-order.trans finite-UnI finite-set-mset)
  moreover have ((2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) - \mu_C' A T) * 2
    \leq (2 + card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-m A)) * 2
   by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def by auto
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops \lambda S T. T \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> [] S
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn f
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S) \subseteq atms-of-m \ A
    \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-m A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}'-merged
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
```

```
apply unfold-locales
            using unbounded apply simp
           using f-ge-1 apply force
           apply (blast dest!: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT} tranclp-into-rtranclp
             cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound)
          apply (simp add: cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure')
         \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card}\ \mathbf{apply}\ \mathit{blast}
         apply (drule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
         apply (auto dest!: simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
      apply simp
     apply auto
    \textbf{using} \ \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}no\text{-}dup\text{-}inv \ cdcl\text{-}merged\text{-}inv \ } \textbf{apply} \ \ blast
   apply (auto simp: inv-restart)[]
   done
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-merged-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart T V
   inv (fst T) and
   no-dup (trail (fst T)) and
   atms-of-mu (clauses (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail (fst T)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m A and
   finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A (fst V) \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst T)
 using assms
proof induction
 case (restart-full S T n)
 show ?case
   unfolding fst-conv
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card)
   using restart-full unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)+
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and inv = this(4) and
   n-d = this(5) and atms-clss = this(6) and atms-trail = this(7) and finite = this(8)
  then have st': cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (blast dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have st'': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv apply – by (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>) auto
 have inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
     using inv st' by auto
  then have inv U
   using U by (auto simp: inv-restart)
  have atms-of-mu (clauses\ T) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound [OF st'] inv atms-clss atms-trail
   by simp
  then have atms-of-mu (clauses U) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   using U by simp
 have not-simplified-cls (clauses U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses T)
   using \langle U \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \mid T \rangle by auto
  moreover have not-simplified-cls (clauses T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
   using ((cdcl_{NOT} - merged - bj - learn \ ^ m) \ S \ T) by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  ultimately have U-S: not-simplified-cls (clauses U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
   by auto
```

```
have (set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ U))
   \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses U)) \cup build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound)
        apply simp
       using \langle inv \ U \rangle apply simp
      using \langle atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ U) \subseteq atms-of-m \ A \rangle apply simp
     using U apply simp
    using U apply simp
   using finite apply simp
   done
  then have f1: card (set\text{-}mset (clauses U)) \leq card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls (clauses U))
   \cup build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A))
   by (meson build-all-simple-clss-finite card-mono finite-UnI finite-set-mset)
  moreover have set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses U)) \cup build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
    \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses S)) \cup build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)
   using U-S by auto
  then have f2:
    card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls\ (clauses\ U))\cup build\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{-}clss\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ A))
     \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses \ S)) \cup build\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A))
   by (meson build-all-simple-clss-finite card-mono finite-UnI finite-set-mset)
  moreover have card (set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses S)) \cup build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses \ S))) + card \ (build\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A))
   using card-Un-le by blast
  moreover have card (build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-m A)) \leq 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-m A)
   using atms-of-m-finite build-all-simple-clss-card local.finite by blast
  ultimately have card (set-mset (clauses U))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses \ S))) + 3 \ \widehat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A)
   by linarith
  then show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def by auto
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart T V
   inv (fst T)
   finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst V) \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst T)
  using assms
proof induction
  case (restart-full\ S\ T\ n)
  have not-simplified-cls (clauses T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
   \mathbf{apply} (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
   using \langle full1\ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S\ T\rangle unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  then show ?case by (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and inv = this(4) and
   finite = this(5)
  then have st': cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (blast dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have st'': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv apply – by (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}) auto
```

```
have inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
     using inv st' by auto
  then have inv U
   using U by (auto simp: inv-restart)
  have not-simplified-cls (clauses U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses T)
   using \langle U \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \mid \mid T \rangle by auto
  moreover have not-simplified-cls (clauses T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
   using ((cdcl_{NOT} - merged - bj - learn \ ^ m) \ S \ T) by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  ultimately have U-S: not-simplified-cls (clauses U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses S)
   by auto
  then show ?case by (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts - - - - - f \lambda S T. T \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> [] S
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S) \subseteq atms-of-m \ A
    \land \ atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A \ \land \ finite \ A
  \mu_{CDCL}'-merged cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
  \lambda A T. ((2+card (atms-of-m A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-m A))) * 2
    + card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses T)))
    + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-m A)
  apply unfold-locales
    using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-merged-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply force
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound by fastforce
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
    inv (fst S)
  shows I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ T)
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
  case (restart-full\ S\ T\ n)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def)
  then show ?case
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}bj\text{-}sat\text{-}ext\text{-}iff\ restart\text{-}full.prems(1)
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
next
  case (restart\text{-}step \ m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (auto simp: tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have I \models sextm \ clauses \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ T
   using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff restart-step.prems(1)
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
  moreover have I \models sextm \ clauses \ T \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ U
    using restart-step.hyps(3) by auto
  ultimately show ?case by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff:
 assumes
```

```
cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S))
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses \ (fst \ T)
 using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T) and no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using st inv n-d by blast+
 then have I \models sextm\ clauses\ (fst\ T) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses\ (fst\ U)
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff cdcl by blast
 then show ?case using IH by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m:
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst S))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ S)))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst T))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case (restart-full S T n) note full = this(1) and inv = this(2) and n-d = this(3) and
   decomp = this(4)
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn T
   using full unfolding full1-def by (fast dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)+
 have st': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv st by auto
 have inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv[OF\ st]\ inv\ n-d by auto
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}.rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies [OF - decomp] st' inv by auto
next
 case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and inv = this(4) and
   n-d = this(5) and decomp = this(6)
 show ?case using U by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst S))
     (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst T))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case using decomp by simp
```

```
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4-)] and
   inv = this(4) and n-d = this(5) and decomp = this(6)
 have inv (fst T) and no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using st inv n-d by blast+
  then show ?case
   using cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m[OF cdcl] IH by auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-normal-form:
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst S))
     (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S))) and
   atms-cls: atms-of-mu (clauses (fst S)) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail (fst S)) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   fin: finite A
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst S)))
   \vee lits-of (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses (fst S) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst S)))
proof -
 have inv-T: inv (fst T) and n-d-T: no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using full inv n-d unfolding full-def by blast+
 moreover have
   atms-cls-T: atms-of-mu (clauses (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-m A and
   atms-trail-T: atm-of ' lits-of (trail (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-m A
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-with-restart-bound-inv[of S T A] full atms-cls atms-trail fin inv n-d
   unfolding full-def by blast+
  ultimately have no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn (fst T)
   apply -
   apply (rule no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>[of - A])
      using full unfolding full-def apply simp
     apply simp
   using fin apply simp
   done
  moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses (fst T))
   (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst T)))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m[of S T] inv n-d decomp
   full unfolding full-def by auto
  ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst T)))
   \vee trail (fst T) \models asm clauses (fst T) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst T)))
   apply -
   apply (rule cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state)
   using atms-cls-T atms-trail-T fin n-d-T fin inv-T by blast+
  then consider
     (unsat) unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst T)))
    (sat) trail (fst T) \models asm clauses (fst T)  and satisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst T)))
  then show unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst S)))
   \vee lits-of (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses (fst S) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst S)))
   proof cases
     case unsat
     then have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst S)))
       unfolding satisfiable-def apply auto
       \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\mathit{-restart-eq-sat-iff}[\mathit{of}\ S\ T\ ]\ \mathit{full}\ \mathit{inv}\ \mathit{n-d}
```

```
consistent\hbox{-}true\hbox{-}clss\hbox{-}ext\hbox{-}satisfiable\ true\hbox{-}clss\hbox{-}imp\hbox{-}true\hbox{-}cls\hbox{-}ext
       unfolding satisfiable-def full-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by blast
   next
     case sat
     then have lits-of (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses (fst T)
       using true-cls-imp-true-cls-ext by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
     then have lits-of (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses (fst S)
       using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff [of S T] full inv n-d unfolding full-def by blast
     moreover then have satisfiable (set-mset (clauses (fst S)))
       using consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable distinct consistent-interp n-d-T by fast
     ultimately show ?thesis by fast
   qed
qed
corollary full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-normal-form-init-state:
 assumes
   init-state: trail S = [] clauses S = N and
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, \theta) T and
   inv: inv S
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
   \vee lits-of (trail (fst T)) \models sextm N \wedge satisfiable (set-mset N)
 using full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-normal-form[of (S, \theta) T] assms by auto
end
end
theory DPLL-NOT
imports CDCL-NOT
begin
15
       DPLL as an instance of NOT
15.1
         DPLL with simple backtrack
locale dpll-with-backtrack
begin
inductive backtrack :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list \times 'v clauses
  \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list \times 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool where
backtrack-split (fst S) = (M', L \# M) \Longrightarrow is-marked L \Longrightarrow D \in \# snd S
```

```
inductive backtrack :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list \times 'v clauses \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list \times 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool where backtrack-split (fst S) = (M', L # M) \Rightarrow is-marked L \Rightarrow D \in \# snd S \Rightarrow fst S \models as CNot D \Rightarrow backtrack S (Propagated (- (lit-of L)) () # M, snd S) inductive-cases backtrackE[elim]: backtrack (M, N) (M', N') lemma backtrack-is-backjump: fixes M M' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list assumes backtrack: backtrack (M, N) (M', N') and no-dup: (no-dup \circ fst) (M, N) and decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M) shows \exists C F' K F L l C'.
M = F' @ Marked K () \# F \land M' = Propagated L l \# F \land N = N' \land C \in \# N \land F' @ Marked K d \# F \models as CNot C \land undefined-lit F L \land atm-of L \in atms-of-mu N \cup atm-of `lits-of (F' @ Marked K d \# F) \land N \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as CNot C'
```

```
proof -
 let ?S = (M, N)
 let ?T = (M', N')
 obtain F F' P L D where
   b-sp: backtrack-split M = (F', L \# F) and
   is-marked L and
   D \in \# \ snd \ ?S \ and
   M \models as \ CNot \ D and
   bt: backtrack ?S (Propagated (- (lit-of L)) P \# F, N) and
   M': M' = Propagated (- (lit-of L)) P # F and
   [simp]: N' = N
  using backtrackE[OF backtrack] by (metis backtrack fstI sndI)
 let ?K = lit - of L
 let C = image\text{-mset lit-of } \{\#K \in \#mset M. is\text{-marked } K \land K \neq L\#\} :: 'v \text{ literal multiset } \}
 let ?C' = set\text{-}mset \ (image\text{-}mset \ single \ (?C+\{\#?K\#\}))
 obtain K where L: L = Marked K () using \langle is-marked L \rangle by (cases L) auto
 have M: M = F' @ Marked K () \# F
   using b-sp by (metis L backtrack-split-list-eq fst-conv snd-conv)
  moreover have F' @ Marked K () \# F \models as CNot D
   using \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M.
  moreover have undefined-lit F(-?K)
   using no-dup unfolding M L by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
  moreover have atm\text{-}of (-K) \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ N \cup atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (F' @ Marked \ K \ d \ \# \ F)
   by auto
 moreover
   have set-mset N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}
     proof -
       have A: set-mset N \cup ?C' \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of } a\#\}) 'set M =
         set-mset N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of } a\#\}) 'set M
         unfolding M L by auto
       have set-mset N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M\}
           \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ M
         using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF decomp].
       moreover have C': ?C' = \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
         unfolding M L apply standard
           apply force
         using IntI by auto
       ultimately have N-C-M: set-mset N \cup ?C' \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set M
         by auto
       have set-mset N \cup (\lambda L. \{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\}) ' (set M) \models ps \{\{\#\}\}
         unfolding true-clss-clss-def
         proof (intro allI impI, goal-cases)
           case (1 I) note tot = this(1) and cons = this(2) and I-N-M = this(3)
           have I \models D
             using I-N-M \langle D \in \# \ snd \ ?S \rangle unfolding true\text{-}clss\text{-}def by auto
           moreover have I \models s \ CNot \ D
             using \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M by (metis \ 1(3) \ \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle)
               true-annots-true-cls true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def
               true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union)
           ultimately show ?case using cons consistent-CNot-not by blast
         qed
       then show ?thesis
         using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of \{\{\#\}\}\} unfolding A by auto
     qed
```

```
have N \models pm \ image\text{-}mset \ uminus \ ?C + \{\#-?K\#\}
      unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
      proof (intro allI impI)
       \mathbf{fix} I
       assume
          tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-m (set-mset N \cup \{image-mset\ uminus\ ?C + \{\#-\ ?K\#\}\})) and
          cons: consistent-interp I and
          I \models sm N
       have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
          using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def L by (cases K) auto
       have total-over-set I (atm-of 'lit-of' (set M \cap \{L. is-marked \ L \land L \neq Marked \ K \ d\}))
          using tot by (auto simp add: L atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
       then have H: \Lambda x.
           lit\text{-}of \ x \notin I \Longrightarrow x \in set \ M \Longrightarrow is\text{-}marked \ x
           \implies x \neq Marked \ K \ d \implies -lit\text{-of} \ x \in I
          unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def
          proof -
           \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit
           assume a1: x \in set M
           assume a2: \forall l \in atm\text{-}of \text{ } it\text{-}of \text{ } (set M \cap \{L. is\text{-}marked } L \land L \neq Marked K d\}).
              Pos \ l \in I \lor Neg \ l \in I
           assume a3: lit-of x \notin I
           assume a4: is-marked x
           assume a5: x \neq Marked K d
           have f6: Neg (atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of x)) = - Pos (atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of x))
             by simp
           have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
             using a5 a4 a2 a1 by blast
           then show - lit-of x \in I
             using f6 a3 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
                literal.sel(1)
          qed
       have \neg I \models s ?C'
          using \langle set\text{-}mset\ N\cup ?C' \models ps\ \{\{\#\}\}\rangle\ tot\ cons\ \langle I \models sm\ N\rangle
          unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
          by (simp add: atms-of-uninus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-m-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
       then show I \models image\text{-}mset \ uminus \ ?C + \{\#-\ lit\text{-}of \ L\#\}
          unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def Bex-mset-def
          using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
          unfolding L by (auto dest!: H)
     qed
  moreover
   have set F' \cap \{K. \text{ is-marked } K \land K \neq L\} = \{\}
      using backtrack-split-fst-not-marked[of - M] b-sp by auto
   then have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
       unfolding M CNot-def true-annots-def by (auto simp add: L lits-of-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using M' \langle D \in \# snd ?S \rangle L by force
lemma backtrack-is-backjump':
  fixes M M' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
```

qed

```
backtrack: backtrack S T and
   no\text{-}dup: (no\text{-}dup \circ fst) \ S \ \mathbf{and}
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (snd \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (fst \ S))
   shows
       \exists C F' K F L l C'.
         fst \ S = F' \ @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land
         T = (Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F, \ snd \ S) \land C \in \# \ snd \ S \land fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
         \land undefined-lit F \ L \land atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ (snd \ S) \cup atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ (fst \ S) \land
         snd S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as CNot C'
 apply (cases S, cases T)
 using backtrack-is-backjump[of fst S snd S fst T snd T] assms by fastforce
sublocale dpll-state fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L # M, N) \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N)
 \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove-mset C N)
 by unfold-locales auto
sublocale backjumping-ops fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
 \lambda C (M, N). (M, \#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove-mset\ C\ N) \lambda- - S T. backtrack S T
 by unfold-locales
lemma backtrack-is-backjump":
 fixes M M' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
   backtrack: backtrack S T and
   no\text{-}dup: (no\text{-}dup \circ fst) \ S \text{ and }
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (snd S) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (fst S))
   shows backjump S T
proof -
 obtain C F' K F L l C' where
    1: fst S = F' @ Marked K () \# F and
   2: T = (Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F, \ snd \ S) and
   3: C \in \# snd S  and
   4: fst S \models as CNot C and
   5: undefined-lit F L and
   6: atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (snd S) \cup atm-of ' lits-of (fst S) and
   7: snd S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
   8: F \models as CNot C'
  using backtrack-is-backjump'[OF assms] by blast
 show ?thesis
   using backjump.intros[OF 1 - 3 4 5 6 7 8] 2 backtrack 1 5
   by (auto simp: state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def simp del: state-simp<sub>NOT</sub>)
qed
lemma can-do-bt-step:
  assumes
    M: fst \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ d \ \# \ F \ {\bf and}
    C \in \# \ snd \ S \ \mathbf{and}
    C: fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
  shows \neg no-step backtrack S
proof -
 obtain L G' G where
   backtrack-split (fst S) = (G', L \# G)
   unfolding M by (induction F' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
 moreover then have is-marked L
    by (metis\ backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(1)\ snd-conv)
```

```
ultimately show ?thesis
    using backtrack.intros[of\ S\ G'\ L\ G\ C]\ \langle C\in\#\ snd\ S\rangle\ C unfolding M by auto
qed
end
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq dpll-with-backjumping-ops fst snd \lambda L(M, N). (L \# M, N)
  \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove-mset C N) \lambda- -. True
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 (\lambda - S \ T. \ backtrack \ S \ T)
 by unfold-locales (metis (mono-tags, lifting) dpll-with-backtrack.backtrack-is-backjump"
  dpll-with-backtrack.can-do-bt-step prod.case-eq-if comp-apply)
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq dpll-with-backjumping fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
 \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove-mset C N) \lambda- -. True
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 (\lambda - S T. backtrack S T)
 apply unfold-locales
  using dpll-bj-no-dup dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv apply fastforce
 done
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops
 fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
 \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove-mset C N) \lambda- -. True
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 (\lambda- - S T. backtrack S T) \lambda- -. False \lambda- -. False
 by unfold-locales
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq conflict-driven-clause-learning
 fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
 \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C(M, N). (M, \#C\#\} + N) \lambda C(M, N). (M, remove-mset C N) \lambda- -. True
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 (\lambda - S \ T. \ backtrack \ S \ T) \ \lambda - -. \ False \ \lambda - -. \ False
 apply unfold-locales
 using cdcl_{NOT}.simps\ dpll-bj-inv\ forgetE\ learnE\ by blast
context dpll-with-backtrack
begin
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{wf-tranclp-dpll-inital-state}:
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{((M'::('v, unit, unit) marked-lits, N'::'v clauses), ([], N))|M' N' N.
    dpll-bj^{++} ([], N) (M', N') \wedge atms-of-mu N \subseteq atms-of-m A}
  using wf-tranclp-dpll-bj[OF\ assms(1)] by (rule\ wf-subset) auto
corollary full-dpll-final-state-conclusive:
 fixes MM':: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj ([], N) (M', N')
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N) \vee (M' \models asm N \wedge satisfiable (set-mset N))
 using assms full-dpll-backjump-final-state of ([],N) (M',N') set-mset N by auto
corollary full-dpll-normal-form-from-init-state:
 fixes M M' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj ([], N) (M', N')
```

```
shows M' \models asm \ N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable \ (set\text{-}mset \ N)
proof -
 have no-dup M'
   using rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup[of([], N)(M', N')]
   full unfolding full-def by auto
  then have M' \models asm \ N \Longrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset \ N)
   using distinct consistent-interp satisfiable-carac' true-annots-true-cls by blast
  then show ?thesis
 using full-dpll-final-state-conclusive [OF full] by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-is-dpll:
  cdcl_{NOT} S T \longleftrightarrow dpll-bj S T
 by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}.simps\ learn.simps\ forget_{NOT}.simps)
Another proof of termination:
lemma wf \{(T, S). dpll-bj S T \wedge cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S\}
 unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-is-dpll[symmetric]
 \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{wf-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain})
 (auto simp: learn.simps forget<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
end
15.2
         Adding restarts
locale dpll-with backtrack-and-restarts =
  dpll-with-backtrack +
 fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
 assumes unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1:\land n. n \ge 1 \implies f n \ge 1
  sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
   \lambda C (M, N). (M, \#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, remove-mset\ C\ N) f \lambda(-, N) S. S = ([], N)
 \lambda A\ (M,\ N).\ atms-of-mu\ N\subseteq atms-of-m\ A\ \wedge\ atm-of\ ``lits-of\ M\subseteq atms-of-m\ A\ \wedge\ finite\ A
   \land all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda A\ T.\ (2+card\ (atms-of-m\ A))\ \widehat{\ }\ (1+card\ (atms-of-m\ A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-m A)) (2+card (atms-of-m A)) (trail-weight T) dpll-bj
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda A -. (2+card\ (atms-of-m\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-m\ A))
 apply unfold-locales
        apply (rule unbounded)
        using f-ge-1 apply fastforce
       apply (smt dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set
         dpll-bj-clauses dpll-bj-no-dup prod.case-eq-if)
      apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop; auto)
     apply (case-tac \ T, simp)
    apply (case-tac U, simp)
   using dpll-bj-clauses dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv dpll-bj-no-dup by fastforce+
end
end
theory DPLL-W
imports Main Partial-Clausal-Logic Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic List-More Wellfounded-More
  DPLL-NOT
begin
```

16 DPLL

16.1 Rules

```
type-synonym 'a dpll_W-marked-lit = ('a, unit, unit) marked-lit
type-synonym 'a dpll_W-marked-lits = ('a, unit, unit) marked-lits
type-synonym 'v dpll_W-state = 'v dpll_W-marked-lits \times 'v clauses
abbreviation trail :: 'v \ dpll_W-state \Rightarrow 'v \ dpll_W-marked-lits where
trail \equiv fst
abbreviation clauses :: 'v dpll_W-state \Rightarrow 'v clauses where
clauses \equiv snd
The definition of DPLL is given in figure 2.13 page 70 of CW.
inductive dpll_W :: 'v \ dpll_W \text{-state} \Rightarrow 'v \ dpll_W \text{-state} \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
propagate: C + \#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \Longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot C \Longrightarrow undefined-lit (trail S) L
  \implies dpll_W \ S \ (Propagated \ L \ () \ \# \ trail \ S, \ clauses \ S)
decided: undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (clauses S)
  \implies dpll_W \ S \ (Marked \ L \ () \ \# \ trail \ S, \ clauses \ S) \ |
backtrack: backtrack-split (trail S) = (M', L \# M) \Longrightarrow is\text{-}marked L \Longrightarrow D \in \# clauses S
 \implies trail S \models as \ CNot \ D \implies dpll_W \ S \ (Propagated \ (- \ (lit-of \ L)) \ () \# M, \ clauses \ S)
16.2
         Invariants
lemma dpll_W-distinct-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll<sub>W</sub>.induct)
 case (decided L S)
 then show ?case using defined-lit-map by force
next
 case (propagate \ C \ L \ S)
 then show ?case using defined-lit-map by force
next
  case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D) note extracted = this(1) and no\text{-}dup = this(5)
 show ?case
   using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by auto
qed
lemma dpll_W-consistent-interp-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S))
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S'))
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
 case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D) note extracted = this(1) and marked = this(2) and D = this(4) and
   cons = this(5) and no-dup = this(6)
 have no-dup': no-dup M
   by (metis (no-types) backtrack-split-list-eq distinct.simps(2) distinct-append extracted
     list.simps(9) map-append no-dup snd-conv)
  then have insert (lit-of L) (lits-of M) \subseteq lits-of (trail S)
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by auto
  then have cons: consistent-interp (insert (lit-of L) (lits-of M))
```

```
using consistent-interp-subset cons by blast
  moreover
   have lit-of L \notin lits-of M
     using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] extracted
     unfolding lits-of-def by force
  moreover
   have atm\text{-}of\ (-lit\text{-}of\ L) \notin (\lambda m.\ atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ m)) 'set M
     using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by force
   then have -lit-of L \notin lits-of M
     unfolding lits-of-def by force
 ultimately show ?case by simp
qed (auto intro: consistent-add-undefined-lit-consistent)
lemma dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of (trail\ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu (clauses\ S)
 shows atm-of '(lits-of (trail S')) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
 case (backtrack S M' L M D)
  then have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ (clauses\ S)
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] by auto
 moreover
   have atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu (clauses\ S)
     using backtrack(5) by simp
   then have \land xb. \ xb \in set \ M \Longrightarrow atm-of \ (lit-of \ xb) \in atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S)
     using backtrack-split-list-eq[symmetric, of trail S] backtrack.hyps(1)
     unfolding lits-of-def by auto
 ultimately show ?case by (auto simp : lits-of-def)
qed (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-m)
lemma atms-of-m-lit-of-atms-of: atms-of-m ((\lambda a. \{\#lit-of\ a\#\}) \cdot c) = atm-of \cdot lit-of \cdot c
 unfolding atms-of-m-def using image-iff by force
Lemma theorem 2.8.2 page 71 of CW
lemma dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S)
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
  case (decided L S)
  then show ?case unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by simp
next
  case (propagate C L S) note inS = this(1) and cnot = this(2) and IH = this(4) and undef =
this(3) and atms-incl = this(5)
 let ?I = set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) (trail S)) \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S)
 have ?I \models p C + \{\#L\#\} by (auto simp add: inS)
 moreover have ?I \models ps\ CNot\ C using true-annots-true-clss-cls cnot by fastforce
 ultimately have ?I \models p \{\#L\#\} using true-clss-cls-plus-CNot[of ?I \ C \ L] in by blast
   assume get-all-marked-decomposition (trail\ S) = []
   then have ?case by blast
  }
```

```
moreover {
   assume n: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) \neq []
   have 1: \bigwedge a b. (a, b) \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
     \implies ((\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ 'set } a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses S)) \models ps \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ 'set } b
     using IH unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (fastforce simp add: list.set-set(2) n)
   moreover have 2: \bigwedge a c. hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, c)
     \implies ((\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ 'set } a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses S)) \models ps \ ((\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ 'set } c)
     by (metis IH all-decomposition-implies-cons-pair all-decomposition-implies-single
        list.collapse n)
   moreover have 3: \bigwedge a c. hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, c)
     \implies ((\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)) \models p \ \{\#L\#\}
     proof -
       \mathbf{fix} \ a \ c
       assume h: hd (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} (trail S)) = (a, c)
       have h': trail S = c @ a using qet-all-marked-decomposition-decomp h by blast
       have I: set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \ a) \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S)
         \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set c \models ps CNot C
         using \langle ?I \models ps \ CNot \ C \rangle unfolding h' by (simp add: Un-commute Un-left-commute)
       have
         atms-of-m (CNot C) \subseteq atms-of-m (set (map (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#}) a) \cup set-mset (clauses S))
           and
         atms-of-m ((\lambda a. \{\#lit-of a\#\}) 'set c) \subseteq atms-of-m (set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit-of a\#\}) a)
           \cup set-mset (clauses S))
           apply (metis CNot-plus Un-subset-iff atms-of-atms-of-m-mono atms-of-m-CNot-atms-of
            atms-of-m-union in S mem-set-mset-iff sup.cobounded I2)
         using in S atms-of-atms-of-m-mono atms-incl by (fastforce simp: h')
       then have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S) \models ps CNot C
         using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF - I] h 2 by auto
       then show (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S) \models p \{\#L\#\}
         by (metis (no-types) Un-insert-right in Sinsert II mk-disjoint-insert in Sinsert-met-iff
           true-clss-cls-in true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     qed
   ultimately have ?case
     by (case-tac\ hd\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)))
        (auto simp add: all-decomposition-implies-def)
  ultimately show ?case by auto
next
  case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D) note extracted = this(1) and marked = this(2) and D = this(3) and
   cnot = this(4) and cons = this(4) and IH = this(5) and atms-incl = this(6)
  have S: trail\ S = M' @ L \# M
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S] unfolding extracted by auto
  have M': \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
   using extracted backtrack-split-fst-not-marked[of - trail S] by simp
  have n: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) \neq [] by auto
  then have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) ((L \# M, M')
          \# tl (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
   by (metis (no-types) IH extracted qet-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split list.exhaust-sel)
  then have 1: (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set (L \# M) \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S) \models ps(\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set
M'
   by simp
  moreover
   have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set (L \# M) \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\})' set M' \models ps \ CNot \ D
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) S Un-commute cons image-Un set-append
```

```
true-annots-true-clss-clss)
    then have 2: (\lambda a. \# lit\text{-of } a\#)) 'set (L \# M) \cup set\text{-mset } (clauses S) \cup (\lambda a. \# lit\text{-of } a\#)) 'set
M'
       \models ps \ CNot \ D
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) Un-assoc Un-left-commute true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
  ultimately
   have set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) (L \# M)) \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S) \models ps CNot D
     using true-clss-clss-left-right by fastforce
   then have set (map\ (\lambda a.\ \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\})\ (L\ \#\ M))\cup set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ S)\models p\ \{\#\}
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) D Un-def mem-Collect-eq set-mset-def
       true-clss-clss-contradiction-true-clss-cls-false)
   then have IL: (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set M \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S) \models p \{\#-lit\text{-}of L\#\}
     using true-clss-clss-false-left-right by auto
 show ?case unfolding S all-decomposition-implies-def
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ x \ P \ level
     assume x: x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition)
       (fst (Propagated (- lit-of L) P \# M, clauses S)))
     let ?M' = Propagated (-lit-of L) P \# M
     let ?hd = hd (get-all-marked-decomposition ?M')
     let ?tl = tl \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} ?M')
     have x = ?hd \lor x \in set ?tl
       using x
       by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition ?M')
          auto
     moreover {
       assume x': x \in set ?tl
       have L': Marked (lit-of L) () = L using marked by (case-tac L, auto)
       have x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L # M))
         using x' qet-all-marked-decomposition-except-last-choice-equal [of M' lit-of L P M]
         L' by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ M'\ list.set\text{-}sel(2)\ tl\text{-}Nil)
       then have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of }a\#\}) 'set Ls \cup set-mset (clauses S)
         \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ seen
         using marked IH by (case-tac L) (auto simp add: S all-decomposition-implies-def)
     }
     moreover {
       assume x': x = ?hd
       have tl: tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L # M)) \neq []
         proof -
          have f1: \ \ \ ms. \ length \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (M' @ ms))
            = length (get-all-marked-decomposition ms)
            by (simp add: M' get-all-marked-decomposition-remove-unmarked-length)
          have Suc (length (get-all-marked-decomposition M)) \neq Suc 0
            by blast
          then show ?thesis
            using f1 marked by (metis (no-types) get-all-marked-decomposition.simps(1) length-tl
              list.sel(3) \ list.size(3) \ marked-lit.collapse(1))
         qed
       obtain M\theta' M\theta where
         L0: hd (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L \# M))) = (M0, M0')
         by (cases hd (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L \# M))))
       have x'': x = (M0, Propagated (-lit-of L) P # M0')
         unfolding x' using get-all-marked-decomposition-last-choice tl M' L0
         by (metis\ marked\ marked-lit.collapse(1))
       obtain l-get-all-marked-decomposition where
```

```
get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (L \# M, M') \# (M0, M0') \#
           l-get-all-marked-decomposition
         using qet-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split extracted by (metis (no-types) L0 S
           hd-Cons-tl \ n \ tl)
       then have M = M0' @ M0 using get-all-marked-decomposition-hd-hd by fastforce
       then have IL': (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set M0 \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S)
         \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '}set M0' \models ps \{\{\#- lit\text{-}of L\#\}\}\}
         using IL by (simp add: Un-commute Un-left-commute image-Un)
       moreover have H: (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) 'set M0 \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)
         \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ M0"
         using IH x" unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) L0 S
           list.set-sel(1) list.set-sel(2) old.prod.case tl tl-Nil)
       ultimately have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#}) 'set Ls \cup set-mset (clauses S)
         \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ seen
         using true-clss-left-right unfolding x'' by auto
     ultimately show case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow
       (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set Ls \cup set\text{-}mset (snd (?M', clauses S))
         \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) ' set seen
       unfolding snd-conv by blast
   qed
qed
Lemma theorem 2.8.3 page 72 of CW
theorem dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion-of-decided:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S)
 shows set-mset (clauses S') \cup {{#lit-of L#} |L. is-marked L \land L \in set (trail S')}
   \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `\bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ (trail \ S')))
  using all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied [OF dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion [OF assms]].
Lemma theorem 2.8.4 page 72 of CW
lemma only-propagated-vars-unsat:
 assumes marked: \forall x \in set M. \neg is\text{-marked } x
 and DN: D \in N and D: M \models as \ CNot \ D
 and inv: all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of M \subseteq atms-of-m N
 shows unsatisfiable N
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume \neg unsatisfiable N
  then obtain I where
   I: I \models s N \text{ and }
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   tot: total-over-m I N
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
  then have I-D: I \models D
   using DN unfolding true-clss-def by auto
 have l0: \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} = \{\}\ using\ marked\ by\ auto
 have atms-of-m (N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of } a\#\}) \text{ 'set } M) = atms\text{-of-m } N
   using atm-incl unfolding atms-of-m-def lits-of-def by auto
  then have total-over-m I(N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of } a\#\}) `(set M))
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
```

```
then have I \models s (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} (set M)
   \textbf{using} \ all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}propagated\text{-}lits\text{-}are\text{-}implied[OF\ inv]}\ cons\ I
   unfolding true-clss-clss-def l0 by auto
  then have IM: I \models s (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set M by auto}
   \mathbf{fix} K
   assume K \in \# D
   then have -K \in lits-of M
     by (auto split: split-if-asm
       intro: allE[OF\ D[unfolded\ true-annots-def\ Ball-def],\ of\ \{\#-K\#\}])
   then have -K \in I using IM true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl by fastforce
  }
 then have \neg I \models D using cons unfolding true-cls-def consistent-interp-def by auto
 then show False using I-D by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-same-clauses:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: dpll<sub>W</sub>.induct, auto)
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-inv:
 assumes rtranclp \ dpll_W \ S \ S'
 and inv: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S)
 and consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S))
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S') \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu (clauses\ S')
 and clauses S = clauses S'
 and consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S'))
 and no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 show
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   atm-of ' lits-of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses\ S) and
   clauses S = clauses S and
    consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S)) and
   no-dup (trail S) using assms by auto
next
  case (step S' S'') note dpll_W Star = this(1) and IH = this(3,4,5,6,7) and
   dpll_W = this(2)
 moreover
   assume
     inv: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
     atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S) and
     cons: consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S)) and
     no-dup (trail S)
  ultimately have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S')
    (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail <math>S')) and
   atm\text{-}incl': atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S') \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu (clauses\ S') and
   snd: clauses S = clauses S' and
   cons': consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S')) and
```

```
no\text{-}dup': no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S')\ \mathbf{by}\ blast+
  show clauses S = clauses S'' using dpll_W-same-clauses [OF \ dpll_W] and by metis
 show all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S'') (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S''))
   using dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion[OF dpll_W] decomp atm-incl' by auto
  show atm-of 'lits-of (trail S'') \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S'')
   using dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv[OF dpll_W] atm-incl atm-incl' by auto
 show no-dup (trail S'') using dpll_W-distinct-inv[OF dpll_W] no-dup' dpll_W by auto
 show consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S''))
   using cons' no-dup' dpll_W-consistent-interp-inv[OF dpll_W] by auto
qed
definition dpll_W-all-inv S \equiv
  (all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
 \land atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S)
 \land consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S)) \land no-dup (trail S))
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-dest[dest]:
 assumes dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu (clauses\ S)
 and consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S)) \land no-dup (trail S)
 using assms unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv:
 assumes rtrancly dpll<sub>W</sub> S S'
 and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
 using assms rtranclp-dpll_W-inv[OF\ assms(1)] unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def\ lits-of-def\ by\ blast
lemma dpll_W-all-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
 using assms rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv by blast
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-\theta:
 assumes rtranclp \ dpll_W \ S \ S'
 and inv: trail\ S = []
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
proof -
 have dpll_W-all-inv S
   using assms unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def dpllw-all-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)] by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-can-do-step:
 assumes consistent-interp (set M)
 and distinct M
 and atm\text{-}of ' (set\ M) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ N
 shows rtranclp\ dpll_W\ ([],\ N)\ (map\ (\lambda M.\ Marked\ M\ ())\ M,\ N)
 using assms
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by auto
```

```
next
  case (Cons\ L\ M)
  then have undefined-lit (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M) L
   unfolding defined-lit-def consistent-interp-def by auto
  moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ N\ using\ Cons.prems(3)\ by\ auto
  ultimately have dpll_W (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) (L \# M), N)
   using dpll_W.decided by auto
 moreover have consistent-interp (set M) and distinct M and atm-of 'set M \subseteq atms-of-mu N
   using Cons. prems unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
 ultimately show ?case using Cons.hyps by auto
qed
definition conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (S:: 'v dpll<sub>W</sub>-state) \longleftrightarrow
 (trail\ S \models asm\ clauses\ S \lor ((\forall\ L \in set\ (trail\ S).\ \neg is\text{-}marked\ L)
 \land (\exists C \in \# clauses S. trail S \models as CNot C)))
lemma dpll_W-strong-completeness:
 assumes set M \models sm N
 and consistent-interp (set M)
 and distinct M
 and atm\text{-}of ' (set\ M)\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ N
 shows dpll_{W}^{**} ([], N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N)
 and conclusive-dpll_W-state (map\ (\lambda M.\ Marked\ M\ ())\ M,\ N)
proof -
 show rtrancly dpll_W ([], N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N) using dpll_W-can-do-step assms by auto
 have map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M \models asm N using assms(1) true-annots-marked-true-cls by auto
 then show conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N)
   unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
qed
lemma dpll_W-sound:
 assumes
   rtranclp \ dpll_W \ ([], \ N) \ (M, \ N) and
   \forall S. \neg dpll_W (M, N) S
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 let ?M' = lits - of M
 assume ?A
 then have ?M' \models sm \ N by (simp \ add: true-annots-true-cls)
 moreover have consistent-interp ?M'
   using rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0[OF assms(1)] by auto
  ultimately show ?B by auto
next
 assume ?B
 show ?A
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume n: \neg ?A
     have (\exists L. \ undefined-lit \ M \ L \land \ atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ N) \lor (\exists \ D \in \#N. \ M \models as \ CNot \ D)
       proof -
         obtain D :: 'a \ clause \ \mathbf{where} \ D : D \in \# \ N \ \mathbf{and} \ \neg \ M \models a \ D
           using n unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def by auto
         then have (\exists L. undefined-lit M L \land atm-of L \in atms-of D) \lor M \models as CNot D
            unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-annot-def
```

```
using atm-of-lit-in-atms-of true-annot-iff-marked-or-true-lit true-cls-def by blast
        then show ?thesis
          using D apply auto by (meson atms-of-atms-of-m-mono mem-set-mset-iff subset-eq)
      qed
     moreover {
      assume \exists L. undefined-lit M L \land atm-of L \in atms-of-mu N
      then have False using assms(2) decided by fastforce
     moreover {
      assume \exists D \in \#N. M \models as CNot D
      then obtain D where DN: D \in \# N and MD: M \models as \ CNot \ D by auto
        assume \forall l \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked l
        moreover have dpll_W-all-inv ([], N)
          using assms unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def dpllw-all-inv-def by auto
        ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
          using only-propagated-vars-unsat[of M D set-mset N] DN MD
          rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)] by force
        then have False using \langle ?B \rangle by blast
      moreover {
        assume l: \exists l \in set M. is\text{-}marked l
        then have False
          using backtrack[of(M, N) - - D]DNMD assms(2)
           backtrack-split-some-is-marked-then-snd-has-hd[OF l]
         by (metis\ backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked\ fst-conv\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(1)\ snd-conv)
      }
      ultimately have False by blast
     ultimately show False by blast
    qed
qed
16.3
        Termination
definition dpll_W-mes M n =
 map \ (\lambda l. \ if \ is-marked \ l \ then \ 2 \ else \ (1::nat)) \ (rev \ M) \ @ \ replicate \ (n-length \ M) \ 3
lemma length-dpll_W-mes:
 assumes length M \leq n
 shows length (dpll_W - mes\ M\ n) = n
 using assms unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by auto
lemma distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length:
 assumes no-dup S
 shows card (atm-of 'lits-of S) = length S
 using assms by (induct S) (auto simp add: image-image lits-of-def)
lemma dpll_W-card-decrease:
 assumes dpll: dpll_W S S' and length (trail S') < card vars
 and length (trail S) \leq card vars
 shows (dpll_W-mes (trail\ S')\ (card\ vars),\ dpll_W-mes (trail\ S)\ (card\ vars))
   \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} (card vars)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
```

```
case (propagate \ C \ L \ S)
 have m: map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S))
      @ replicate (card vars - length (trail S)) 3
    = map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S)) @ 3
        \# replicate (card vars - Suc (length (trail S))) 3
    using propagate.prems[simplified] using Suc-diff-le by fastforce
  then show ?case
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{propagate.prems}(1)\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ \mathit{dpll}_W\text{-}\mathit{mes-def}\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{fastforce}\ \mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add:}\ \mathit{lexn-conv}\ \mathit{assms}(2))
next
  case (decided \ S \ L)
 have m: map (\lambda l. if is\text{-marked } l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S))
     @ replicate (card vars - length (trail S)) 3
   = map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S)) @ 3
     \# replicate (card vars - Suc (length (trail S))) 3
   using decided.prems[simplified] using Suc-diff-le by fastforce
  then show ?case
   using decided.prems unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by (force simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
  case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D)
 have L: is-marked L using backtrack.hyps(2) by auto
 have S: trail S = M' @ L \# M
   using backtrack.hyps(1) backtrack-split-list-eq[of\ trail\ S] by auto
 show ?case
   using backtrack.prems L unfolding dpll_W-mes-def S by (fastforce simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
Proposition theorem 2.8.7 page 73 of CW
lemma dpll_W-card-decrease':
 assumes dpll: dpll_W S S'
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S)
 and no-dup: no-dup (trail S)
 shows (dpll_W-mes (trail\ S')\ (card\ (atms-of-mu\ (clauses\ S'))),
         dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mu (clauses S)))) \in lex \{(a, b), a < b\}
proof
 have finite (atms-of-mu (clauses S)) unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
 then have 1: length (trail S) \leq card (atms-of-mu (clauses S))
   using distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length [OF no-dup] atm-incl card-mono by metis
 moreover
   have no-dup': no-dup (trail S') using dpll dpll_W-distinct-inv no-dup by blast
   have SS': clauses S' = clauses S using dpll by (auto dest!: dpll<sub>W</sub>-same-clauses)
   have atm-incl': atm-of 'lits-of (trail S') \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S')
     using atm-incl dpll dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv[OF dpll] by force
   have finite (atms-of-mu (clauses S'))
     unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
   then have 2: length (trail S') \leq card (atms-of-mu (clauses S))
     using distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length [OF no-dup'] atm-incl' card-mono SS' by metis
 ultimately have (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S))),
     dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mu (clauses S))))
   \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} (card (atms-of-mu (clauses S)))
   using dpll_W-card-decrease [OF assms(1), of atms-of-mu (clauses S)] by blast
  then have (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S))),
         dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mu (clauses S)))) \in lex \{(a, b), a < b\}
   unfolding lex-def by auto
```

```
then show (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-mu \ (clauses \ S'))),
        dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mu (clauses S)))) \in lex \{(a, b), a < b\}
   using dpll_W-same-clauses [OF assms(1)] by auto
qed
lemma wf-lexn: wf (lexn \{(a, b), (a::nat) < b\} (card (atms-of-mu (clauses S))))
 have m: \{(a, b), a < b\} = measure id by auto
 show ?thesis apply (rule wf-lexn) unfolding m by auto
lemma dpll_W-wf:
  wf \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W S S'\}
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure' OF wf-lex-less, of --
         \lambda S. \ dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mu (clauses S)))])
 using dpll_W-card-decrease' by fast
lemma dpll_W-tranclp-star-commute:
  \{(S', S).\ dpll_W - all - inv\ S \land dpll_W\ S\ S'\}^+ = \{(S', S).\ dpll_W - all - inv\ S \land tranclp\ dpll_W\ S\ S'\}
   (is ?A = ?B)
proof
  \{ \text{ fix } S S' \}
   assume (S, S') \in ?A
   then have (S, S') \in ?B
     by (induct rule: trancl.induct, auto)
 then show ?A \subseteq ?B by blast
  { fix S S'
   assume (S, S') \in ?B
   then have dpll_W^{++} S' S and dpll_W-all-inv S' by auto
   then have (S, S') \in ?A
     proof (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
       case r-into-trancl
       then show ?case by (simp-all add: r-into-trancl')
     next
       case (trancl-into-trancl S S' S'')
       then have (S', S) \in \{a. \ case \ a \ of \ (S', S) \Rightarrow dpll_W - all - inv \ S \wedge dpll_W \ S \ S'\}^+ \ by \ blast
       moreover have dpll_W-all-inv S'
         \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-dpll}_W\ \mathit{-all-inv}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{tranclp-into-rtranclp}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{trancl-into-trancl.hyps}(1)]]
         trancl-into-trancl.prems by auto
       ultimately have (S'', S') \in \{(pa, p), dpll_W - all - inv p \land dpll_W p pa\}^+
         using \langle dpll_W-all-inv S' \rangle trancl-into-trancl.hyps(3) by blast
       then show ?case
         using \langle (S', S) \in \{a. \ case \ a \ of \ (S', S) \Rightarrow dpll_W - all - inv \ S \land dpll_W \ S \ S'\}^+ \rangle by auto
 }
 then show ?B \subseteq ?A by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-wf-tranclp: wf \{(S', S). dpll_W-all-inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\}
 unfolding dpll_W-tranclp-star-commute[symmetric] by (simp add: dpll_W-wf wf-trancl)
lemma dpll_W-wf-plus:
 shows wf \{(S', ([], N)) | S'. dpll_W^{++} ([], N) S'\}  (is wf ?P)
```

```
apply (rule wf-subset[OF dpll_W-wf-tranclp, of ?P]) using assms unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
```

16.4 Final States

```
lemma dpll_W-no-more-step-is-a-conclusive-state:
  assumes \forall S'. \neg dpll_W S S'
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state S
proof -
  have vars: \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ (clauses \ S). \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)
   proof (rule ccontr)
      assume \neg (\forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ (clauses \ S). \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of \ (trail \ S))
      then obtain L where
        L-in-atms: L \in atms-of-mu (clauses S) and
       L-notin-trail: L \notin atm\text{-}of 'lits-of (trail S) by metis
      obtain L' where L': atm\text{-}of\ L' = L\ by\ (meson\ literal.sel(2))
      then have undefined-lit (trail S) L'
       unfolding Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of by (metis L-notin-trail atm-of-uninus imageI)
      then show False using dpll_W.decided assms(1) L-in-atms L' by blast
   qed
  show ?thesis
   proof (rule ccontr)
      assume not-final: ¬ ?thesis
      then have
        \neg trail S \models asm clauses S  and
       (\exists L \in set \ (trail \ S). \ is\text{-}marked \ L) \lor (\forall C \in \#clauses \ S. \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C)
       unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
      moreover {
       assume \exists L \in set \ (trail \ S). is-marked L
       then obtain L M' M where L: backtrack-split (trail S) = (M', L \# M)
         using backtrack-split-some-is-marked-then-snd-has-hd by blast
       obtain D where D \in \# clauses S and \neg trail S \models a D
         using \langle \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding true-annots-def by auto
       then have \forall s \in atms \text{-}of\text{-}m \{D\}. s \in atm\text{-}of \text{ '}lits\text{-}of \text{ (trail }S)
         using vars unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
       then have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D
         using all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot [of D] \langle \neg trail \ S \models a \ D \rangle by auto
       moreover have is-marked L
         using L by (metis backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked list.distinct(1) list.sel(1) snd-conv)
       ultimately have False
         using assms(1) dpll_W.backtrack\ L\ \langle D\in\#\ clauses\ S\rangle\ \langle trail\ S\models as\ CNot\ D\rangle\ by blast
      moreover {
       assume tr: \forall C \in \#clauses \ S. \ \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
       obtain C where C-in-cls: C \in \# clauses S and trC: \neg trail S \models a C
         using \langle \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding true-annots-def by auto
       have \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \{C\}. s \in atm\text{-}of \text{ } its\text{-}of \text{ } (trail S)
         using vars \langle C \in \# \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding atms-of-m-def by auto
       then have trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ C
         by (meson C-in-cls tr trC all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot)
       then have False using tr C-in-cls by auto
      ultimately show False by blast
    qed
qed
```

```
lemma dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct:
 assumes dpll_{W}^{**} ([], N) (M, N) and conclusive-dpll_{W}-state (M, N)
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 let ?M' = lits - of M
 assume ?A
 then have ?M' \models sm \ N by (simp \ add: true-annots-true-cls)
 moreover have consistent-interp ?M'
   using rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0[OF assms(1)] by auto
 ultimately show ?B by auto
next
 assume ?B
 show ?A
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume n: \neg ?A
     have no-mark: \forall L \in set M. \neg is-marked L \exists C \in \# N. M \models as CNot C
      using n \ assms(2) unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
     moreover obtain D where DN: D \in \# N and MD: M \models as \ CNot \ D using no-mark by auto
     ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
      using only-propagated-vars-unsat rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)]
      unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by force
     then show False using \langle ?B \rangle by blast
   qed
qed
16.5
        Link with NOT's DPLL
interpretation dpll_{W-NOT}: dpll-with-backtrack.
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-iff-eq[iff, simp]: dpll_{W-NOT}.state-eq_{NOT} S T \longleftrightarrow S = T
 unfolding dpll_{W-NOT}.state-eq_{NOT}-def by (cases S, cases T) auto
declare dpll_W-_{NOT}.state-simp_{NOT}[simp\ del]
lemma dpll_W-dpll_W-bj:
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv S and dpll: dpll_W S T
 shows dpll_W-_{NOT}.dpll-bj S T
 using dpll inv
 apply (induction rule: dpll_W.induct)
    using dpll_W-_{NOT}.dpll-bj.simps apply fastforce
   using dpll_{W-NOT}. bj-decide<sub>NOT</sub> apply fastforce
 apply (frule\ dpll_{W-NOT}.backtrack.intros[of - - - -],\ simp-all)
 apply (rule dpll_W-_{NOT}.dpll-bj.bj-backjump)
 apply (rule dpll_{W-NOT}. backtrack-is-backjump'',
   simp-all\ add:\ dpll_W-all-inv-def)
 done
lemma dpll_W-bj-dpll:
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv S and dpll: dpll_W-_{NOT}. dpll-bj S T
 shows dpll_W S T
 using dpll
 apply (induction rule: dpll_W-_{NOT}.dpll-bj.induct)
 prefer 2
 apply (auto elim!: dpll_{W-NOT}. decideE \ dpll_{W-NOT}. propagateE \ dpll_{W-NOT}. backjumpE
    intro!: dpll_W.intros) +
 apply (metis fst-conv propagate snd-conv)
```

```
apply (metis fst-conv dpll_W.intros(2) snd-conv)
 done
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-rtranclp-dpll_W-_{NOT}:
 assumes dpll_W^{**} S T and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} S T
 using assms apply (induction)
  apply simp
 by (smt \ dpll_W - dpll_W - bj \ rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl \ rtranclp-dpll_W - all-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-rtranclp-dpll_W:
 assumes dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} S T and dpll_{W}-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W^{**} S T
 using assms apply (induction)
  apply simp
 by (smt \ dpll_W - bj - dpll \ rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl \ rtranclp-dpll_W - all-inv)
lemma dpll-conclusive-state-correctness:
 assumes dpll_{W^{-}NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} ([], N) (M, N) and conclusive-dpll_{W^{-}}state (M, N)
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N)
proof -
 have dpll_W-all-inv ([], N)
   unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct)
     apply (simp\ add: \langle dpll_W - all - inv\ ([],\ N)\rangle\ assms(1)\ rtranclp-dpll-rtranclp-dpll_W)
   using assms(2) by simp
qed
end
theory CDCL-W-Level
imports Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic
begin
```

16.5.1 Level of literals and clauses

Getting the level of a variable, implies that the list has to be reversed. Here is the funtion after reversing.

```
fun get-rev-level :: 'v literal ⇒ nat ⇒ ('v, nat, 'a) marked-lits ⇒ nat where get-rev-level --[]=0 | get-rev-level L n (Marked l level \# Ls) = (if atm-of l = atm-of L then level else get-rev-level L level Ls) | get-rev-level L n (Propagated l - \# Ls) = (if atm-of l = atm-of L then n else get-rev-level L n Ls)

abbreviation get-level L M \equiv get-rev-level L 0 (rev M)

lemma get-rev-level-uminus[simp]: get-rev-level (-L) n M = get-rev-level L n M by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: get-rev-level.induct) auto

lemma atm-of-notin-get-rev-level-eq-0[simp]: assumes atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of M shows get-rev-level L n M = 0 using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: n, simp) by (case-tac a) auto
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ get\text{-}rev\text{-}level\text{-}ge\text{-}0\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}in:
  assumes get-rev-level L n M > n
 shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\ M
  using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: n, simp)
  by (case-tac a) fastforce+
In qet-rev-level (resp. qet-level), the beginning (resp. the end) can be skipped if the literal is
not in the beginning (resp. the end).
lemma get-rev-level-skip[simp]:
  assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M
 shows get-rev-level L n (M @ Marked K i \# M') = get-rev-level L i (Marked K i \# M')
  using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: n i, simp)
 by (case-tac a) auto
lemma get-rev-level-notin-end[simp]:
  assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ ' \ lits\text{-}of \ M'
 shows get-rev-level L n (M @ M') = get-rev-level L n M
  using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: n, simp)
  by (case-tac a) auto
If the literal is at the beginning, then the end can be skipped
lemma get-rev-level-skip-end[simp]:
  assumes atm\text{-}of L \in atm\text{-}of \text{ '} lits\text{-}of M
  shows get-rev-level L n (M @ M') = get-rev-level L n M
 using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: n, simp)
 by (case-tac a) auto
lemma qet-level-skip-beginning:
  assumes atm\text{-}of L' \neq atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of K)
 shows get-level L'(K \# M) = get-level L'M
  using assms by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ get\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}beginning\text{-}not\text{-}marked\text{-}rev:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lit\text{-}of \ `(set \ S)
 and \forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ s
  shows get-level L (M @ rev S) = get-level L M
  using assms by (induction S rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma qet-level-skip-beginning-not-marked[simp]:
  assumes atm-of L \notin atm-of ' lit-of ' (set S)
 and \forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ s
 shows get-level L(M@S) = get-level L(M
  using get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked-rev[of L rev S M] assms by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ get\text{-}rev\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}beginning\text{-}not\text{-}marked[simp]:}
  assumes atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lit-of '(set S)
  and \forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ s
 shows get-rev-level L \theta (rev S @ rev M) = get-level L M
  using get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked-rev[of L rev S M] assms by auto
lemma get-level-skip-in-all-not-marked:
  fixes M :: ('a, nat, 'b) marked-lit list and L :: 'a literal
 assumes \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
  and atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ `lit\text{-}of \ `(set \ M)
```

```
shows get-rev-level L n M = n
proof -
 show ?thesis
   using assms by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
qed
lemma get-level-skip-all-not-marked[simp]:
 fixes M
 defines M' \equiv rev M
 assumes \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows qet-level L M = 0
proof -
 have M: M = rev M'
   unfolding M'-def by auto
 show ?thesis
   using assms unfolding M by (induction M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
qed
abbreviation MMax\ M \equiv Max\ (set\text{-}mset\ M)
the \{\#0::'a\#\} is there to ensures that the set is not empty.
definition get-maximum-level :: 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'b) marked-lit list \Rightarrow nat
 where
get-maximum-level D M = MMax (\{\#0\#\} + image-mset (\lambda L. get-level L M) D)
\mathbf{lemma} \ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}ge\text{-}get\text{-}level\text{:}
  L \in \# D \Longrightarrow get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ D \ M \ge get\text{-}level \ L \ M
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
lemma \ get-maximum-level-empty[simp]:
  get-maximum-level \{\#\} M=0
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ \textit{get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level} :
  D \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow \exists L \in \# D. \text{ get-level } L M = \text{get-maximum-level } D M
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def
 apply (induct D)
  apply simp
 by (case-tac\ D = \{\#\})\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ max-def)
lemma get-maximum-level-empty-list[simp]:
 get-maximum-level D[] = 0
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (simp add: image-constant-conv)
lemma get-maximum-level-single[simp]:
  get-maximum-level \{\#L\#\}\ M = get-level L\ M
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by simp
lemma get-maximum-level-plus:
  get-maximum-level (D + D') M = max (get-maximum-level D M) (get-maximum-level D' M)
 by (induct D) (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-def)
```

lemma get-maximum-level-exists-lit:

```
assumes n: n > 0
 and max: get-maximum-level D M = n
 shows \exists L \in \#D. get-level L M = n
proof -
 have f: finite (insert 0 ((\lambda L. get-level L M) 'set-mset D)) by auto
 hence n \in ((\lambda L. \ get\text{-level} \ L \ M) \ `set\text{-mset} \ D)
   using n \max Max-in[OF f] unfolding get-maximum-level-def by simp
 thus \exists L \in \# D. get-level L M = n by auto
qed
lemma qet-maximum-level-skip-first[simp]:
 assumes atm-of L \notin atms-of D
 shows get-maximum-level D (Propagated L C \# M) = get-maximum-level D M
 using assms unfolding get-maximum-level-def atms-of-def
   atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
 by (smt\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}in\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}set\text{-}in\text{-}uminus\ get\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}beginning\ image\text{-}iff\ marked\text{-}lit.sel(2)}
   multiset.map-conq\theta)
lemma get-maximum-level-skip-beginning:
 assumes DH: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of H
 shows get-maximum-level D (c @ Marked Kh i \# H) = get-maximum-level D H
proof -
 have (\lambda L. get-rev-level L 0 (rev H @ Marked Kh i # rev c)) 'set-mset D
     = (\lambda L. \ get\text{-rev-level}\ L\ 0\ (rev\ H)) 'set-mset D
   using DH unfolding atms-of-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) get-rev-level-skip-end image-cong image-subset-iff lits-of-rev)+
 thus ?thesis using DH unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
qed
lemma qet-maximum-level-D-single-propagated:
 get-maximum-level D [Propagated x21 x22] = 0
proof -
 have A: insert \theta ((\lambda L. \theta) ' (set-mset D \cap \{L. atm-of x21 = atm-of L\})
     \cup (\lambda L. \ \theta) ' (set-mset D \cap \{L. \ atm\text{-of } x21 \neq atm\text{-of } L\})) = \{\theta\}
 show ?thesis unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (simp add: A)
qed
lemma get-maximum-level-skip-notin:
 assumes D: \forall L \in \#D. atm\text{-}of L \in atm\text{-}of 'lits\text{-}of M
 shows get-maximum-level D M = get-maximum-level D (Propagated x21 x22 \# M)
proof -
 have A: (\lambda L. \ get\text{-rev-level}\ L\ 0\ (rev\ M\ @\ [Propagated\ x21\ x22])) 'set-mset D
     = (\lambda L. \ get\text{-rev-level}\ L\ 0\ (rev\ M)) 'set-mset D
   using D by (auto intro!: image-cong simp add: lits-of-def)
 show ?thesis unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (auto simp add: A)
qed
lemma qet-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present:
 assumes \forall L \in \#D. atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of \ aa and
 \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows get-maximum-level D aa = get-maximum-level D (M @ aa)
 using assms apply (induction M)
  apply simp
 by (case-tac a) (auto intro!: get-maximum-level-skip-notin[of D - @ aa] simp add: image-Un)
```

```
fun get-maximum-possible-level:: ('b, nat, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow nat where
get-maximum-possible-level [] = 0
qet-maximum-possible-level (Marked K i \# l) = max i (qet-maximum-possible-level l) |
qet-maximum-possible-level (Propagated - - \# l) = qet-maximum-possible-level l
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-append[simp]:
 get-maximum-possible-level (M@M')
   = max (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}possible\text{-}level M) (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}possible\text{-}level M')
 apply (induct\ M,\ simp) by (case-tac\ a,\ auto)
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-rev[simp]:
 get-maximum-possible-level (rev\ M) = get-maximum-possible-level M
 apply (induct M, simp) by (case-tac a, auto)
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-rev-level:
 max (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}possible\text{-}level M) i \geq get\text{-}rev\text{-}level L i M
 apply (induct M arbitrary: i)
   apply simp
 by (case-tac a) (auto simp add: le-max-iff-disj)
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level[simp]:
 get-maximum-possible-level M \ge get-level L M
 using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-rev-level[of - 0 rev -] by auto
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[simp]:
 get-maximum-possible-level M \geq get-maximum-level D M
 using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level unfolding Bex-mset-def
 by (metis get-maximum-level-empty get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level le0)
fun get-all-mark-of-propagated where
get-all-mark-of-propagated [] = [] |
get-all-mark-of-propagated (Marked - - \# L) = get-all-mark-of-propagated L |
get-all-mark-of-propagated (Propagated - mark \# L) = mark \# get-all-mark-of-propagated L
lemma get-all-mark-of-propagated-append [simp]: get-all-mark-of-propagated (A @ B) = get-all-mark-of-propagated
A @ qet-all-mark-of-propagated B
 apply (induct\ A,\ simp)
 by (case-tac a) auto
16.5.2
          Properties about the levels
fun get-all-levels-of-marked :: ('b, 'a, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a list where
get-all-levels-of-marked [] = []
get-all-levels-of-marked (Marked l level \# Ls) = level \# get-all-levels-of-marked Ls |
get-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated - - # Ls) = get-all-levels-of-marked Ls
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked}:
 get-all-levels-of-marked xs = [] \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in set \ xs. \ \neg is\text{-marked} \ x)
 using assms by (induction xs rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-cons:
 get-all-levels-of-marked (a \# b) =
   (if is-marked a then [level-of a] else []) @ get-all-levels-of-marked b
 by (case-tac\ a)\ simp-all
```

```
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-append[simp]:
  get-all-levels-of-marked (a @ b) = get-all-levels-of-marked a @ get-all-levels-of-marked b
 by (induct a) (simp-all add: get-all-levels-of-marked-cons)
lemma in-get-all-levels-of-marked-iff-decomp:
  i \in set \ (qet\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked \ M) \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ c \ K \ c'. \ M = c \ @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ c') \ (\textbf{is} \ ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 assume ?B
 thus ?A by auto
next
 assume ?A
 thus ?B
   apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
     apply auto
    apply (metis append-Cons append-Nil qet-all-levels-of-marked.simps(2) set-ConsD)
   by (metis\ append-Cons\ get-all-levels-of-marked.simps(3))
qed
lemma get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked:
  get-rev-level L n M \le Max (set (n \# get-all-levels-of-marked M))
 by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: get-all-levels-of-marked.induct)
    (simp-all\ add:\ max.coboundedI2)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-rev-level-ge-min-get-all-levels-of-marked}:
 assumes atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\ M
 shows get-rev-level L n M \ge Min (set (n \# get-all-levels-of-marked <math>M))
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: get-all-levels-of-marked.induct)
   (auto simp add: min-le-iff-disj)
lemma\ get-all-levels-of-marked-rev-eq-rev-get-all-levels-of-marked [simp]:
  get-all-levels-of-marked (rev\ M) = rev\ (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 by (induct M rule: get-all-levels-of-marked.induct)
    (simp-all\ add:\ max.coboundedI2)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked}:
  get-maximum-possible-level M = Max (insert \ 0 \ (set \ (get-all-levels-of-marked M)))
 apply (induct M, simp)
 by (case-tac a) (case-tac set (get-all-levels-of-marked M) = \{\}, auto)
lemma get-rev-level-in-levels-of-marked:
  get-rev-level L n M \in \{0, n\} \cup set (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 apply (induction M arbitrary: n)
  apply auto[1]
 by (case-tac \ a)
    (force simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)+
lemma get-rev-level-in-atms-in-levels-of-marked:
  atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\ M)\Longrightarrow get\text{-}rev\text{-}level\ L\ n\ M\in\{n\}\cup set\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked\ M)
 apply (induction M arbitrary: n, simp)
 by (case-tac a)
    (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked:
  (\forall l \in set \ Ls. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ l) \longleftrightarrow get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked} \ Ls = []
```

```
by (induction Ls) (auto simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-cons)
lemma get-level-in-levels-of-marked:
  get-level L M \in \{0\} \cup set (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 using get-rev-level-in-levels-of-marked[of L 0 rev M] by auto
The zero is here to avoid empty-list issues with last:
lemma get-level-get-rev-level-get-all-levels-of-marked:
 assumes atm-of L \notin atm-of ' (lits-of M)
 shows get-level L (K @ M) = get-rev-level L (last (0 \# get-all-levels-of-marked (rev M)))
   (rev\ K)
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: K)
 case Nil
 thus ?case by auto
next
 case (Cons\ a\ M)
 hence H: \bigwedge K. get-level L (K @ M)
   = get\text{-rev-level } L \ (last \ (0 \ \# \ get\text{-all-levels-of-marked} \ (rev \ M))) \ (rev \ K)
 have get-level L ((K @ [a])@ M)
   = get\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ L \ (last \ (0 \ \# \ get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked \ (rev \ M))) \ (a \ \# \ rev \ K)
   using H[of K @ [a]] by simp
 thus ?case using Cons(2) by (case-tac\ a) auto
qed
lemma get-rev-level-can-skip-correctly-ordered:
 assumes no-dup M
 and atm\text{-}of L \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ '}(lits\text{-}of M)
 and get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc \ 0... < Suc \ (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M))]
 shows get-rev-level L 0 (rev M @ K) = get-rev-level L (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M)) K
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: K)
 case Nil
 thus ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons\ a\ M\ K)
 show ?case
   proof (case-tac \ a)
     fix L' i
     assume a: a = Marked L'i
     have i: i = Suc (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M))
     and get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc \ 0... < Suc \ (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M))]
       using Cons.prems(3) unfolding a by auto
     hence get-rev-level \ L \ 0 \ (rev \ M \ @ \ (a \ \# \ K))
       = get\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ L \ (length \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked \ M)) \ (a \# K)
       using Cons.hyps Cons.prems by auto
     thus ?case using Cons.prems(2) unfolding a i by auto
   next
     fix L'D
     assume a: a = Propagated L' D
     have get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc \ 0... < Suc \ (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked M))]
       using Cons.prems(3) unfolding a by auto
     hence qet-rev-level L 0 (rev M @ (a # K))
       = qet\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ L \ (length \ (qet\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked \ M)) \ (a \# K)
```

```
using Cons by auto
     thus ?case using Cons.prems(2) unfolding a by auto
   qed
qed
lemma get-level-skip-beginning-hd-get-all-levels-of-marked:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of \ S
 and get-all-levels-of-marked S \neq []
 shows get-level L (M@ S) = get-rev-level L (hd (get-all-levels-of-marked S)) (rev M)
 using assms
proof (induction S arbitrary: M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 thus ?case by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
next
 case (marked K m) note notin = this(2)
 thus ?case by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
 case (proped L l) note IH = this(1) and L = this(2) and neq = this(3)
 show ?case using IH[of\ M@[Propagated\ L\ l]]\ L\ neq\ by\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ atm-of-eq-atm-of)
qed
end
theory CDCL-W
imports Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic List-More CDCL-W-Level Wellfounded-More
begin
declare set-mset-minus-replicate-mset[simp]
lemma Bex-set-set-Bex-set[iff]: (\exists x \in set\text{-mset } C. P) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \in \# C. P)
 by auto
        Weidenbach's CDCL
17
sledgehammer-params[verbose, e spass cvc4 z3 verit]
declare upt.simps(2)[simp \ del]
datatype 'a conflicting-clause = C-True | C-Clause 'a
         The State
17.1
locale state_W =
 fixes
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits  and
   init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
   conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow'v clause conflicting-clause and
   cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-init-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   remove\text{-}cls :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
   update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

```
update-conflicting :: 'v clause conflicting-clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
 init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st and
 restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
assumes
 trail-cons-trail[simp]:
   \bigwedge L st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow trail (cons-trail L st) = L # trail st and
 trail-tl-trail[simp]: \land st. \ trail \ (tl-trail \ st) = tl \ (trail \ st) and
 update-trail-update-clss[simp]: \bigwedge st\ C. trail\ (add-init-cls C\ st) = trail\ st\ and
  trail-add-learned-cls[simp]: \bigwedge C \ st. \ trail \ (add-learned-cls \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
  trail-remove-cls[simp]: \bigwedge C \ st. \ trail \ (remove-cls \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
 trail-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]: \land st \ C. \ trail \ (update-backtrack-lvl \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
 trail-update-conflicting[simp]: \bigwedge C \ st. \ trail \ (update-conflicting \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
 init-clss-cons-trail[simp]:
   \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M)\Longrightarrow init-clss (cons-trail M st) = init-clss st and
 init-clss-tl-trail[simp]:
   \wedge st. \ init-clss \ (tl-trail \ st) = init-clss \ st \ and
 init-clss-update-clss[simp]:
   \bigwedge st\ C.\ init\text{-}clss\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = \{\#C\#\} + init\text{-}clss\ st\ \mathbf{and}
 init-clss-add-learned-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. init-clss (add-learned-cls C st) = init-clss st and
 init-clss-remove-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. init-clss (remove-cls C st) = remove-mset C (init-clss st) and
 init-clss-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
   \bigwedge st\ C.\ init\text{-}clss\ (update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\ C\ st) = init\text{-}clss\ st\ and
  init-clss-update-conflicting[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. init-clss (update-conflicting C st) = init-clss st and
 learned-clss-cons-trail[simp]:
   \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
     learned-clss (cons-trail M st) = learned-clss st and
 learned-clss-tl-trail[simp]: \land st. learned-clss (tl-trail st) = learned-clss st and
 learned-clss-update-clss[simp]:
   \bigwedge st\ C.\ learned\text{-}clss\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = learned\text{-}clss\ st\ and
 learned-clss-add-learned-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. learned-clss (add-learned-cls C st) = \{\# C\#\} + learned-clss st and
 learned-clss-remove-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. learned-clss (remove-cls C st) = remove-mset C (learned-clss st) and
 learned-clss-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
   \bigwedge st\ C.\ learned-clss\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ C\ st) = learned-clss\ st\ and
 learned-clss-update-conflicting[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. learned-clss (update-conflicting C st) = learned-clss st and
 backtrack-lvl-cons-trail[simp]:
   \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
      backtrack-lvl (cons-trail M st) = backtrack-lvl st and
  backtrack-lvl-tl-trail[simp]:
   \wedge st.\ backtrack-lvl\ (tl-trail\ st) = backtrack-lvl\ st\ and
 backtrack-lvl-add-init-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge st\ C.\ backtrack-lvl\ (add-init-cls\ C\ st) = backtrack-lvl\ st\  and
  backtrack-lvl-add-learned-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. backtrack-lvl (add-learned-cls C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
 backtrack-lvl-remove-cls[simp]:
   \bigwedge C st. backtrack-lvl (remove-cls C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
```

```
backtrack-lvl-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
     \bigwedge st\ k.\ backtrack-lvl\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ st) = k\ \mathbf{and}
    backtrack-lvl-update-conflicting[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. backtrack-lvl (update-conflicting C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
   conflicting-cons-trail[simp]:
     \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
       conflicting (cons-trail M st) = conflicting st  and
    conflicting-tl-trail[simp]:
     \bigwedge st. conflicting (tl-trail st) = conflicting st and
    conflicting-add-init-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge st\ C.\ conflicting\ (add-init-cls\ C\ st) = conflicting\ st\ {\bf and}
    conflicting-add-learned-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. conflicting (add-learned-cls C st) = conflicting st and
   conflicting-remove-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. conflicting (remove-cls C st) = conflicting st and
    conflicting-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
     \bigwedge st\ C.\ conflicting\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ C\ st) = conflicting\ st\ and
    conflicting-update-conflicting[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. conflicting (update-conflicting C st) = C and
    init-state-trail[simp]: \bigwedge N. trail (init-state N) = [] and
    init-state-clss[simp]: \bigwedge N. init-clss (init-state N) = N and
    init-state-learned-clss[simp]: \bigwedge N. learned-clss (init-state N) = \{\#\} and
    init-state-backtrack-lvl[simp]: \bigwedge N. backtrack-lvl (init-state N) = 0 and
   init-state-conflicting[simp]: \bigwedge N. conflicting (init-state N) = C-True and
   trail-restart-state[simp]: trail (restart-state S) = [] and
   init-clss-restart-state[simp]: init-clss (restart-state S) = init-clss S and
   learned-clss-restart-state[intro]: learned-clss (restart-state S) \subseteq \# learned-clss S and
   backtrack-lvl-restart-state[simp]: backtrack-lvl (restart-state S) = 0 and
   conflicting-restart-state[simp]: conflicting (restart-state S) = C-True
begin
definition clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{where}
clauses S = init-clss S + learned-clss S
lemma
 shows
    clauses-cons-trail[simp]:
     undefined-lit (trail S) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow clauses (cons-trail M S) = clauses S and
   clauses-tl-trail[simp]: clauses (tl-trail S) = clauses S and
   clauses-add-learned-cls-unfolded:
     clauses (add-learned-cls US) = {\#U\#} + learned-clss S + init-clss S and
   clauses-add-init-cls[simp]:
     clauses (add-init-cls NS) = \{\#N\#\} + init-clss S + learned-clss S and
    clauses-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]: clauses (update-backtrack-lvl k S) = clauses S and
   clauses-update-conflicting[simp]: clauses (update-conflicting D S) = clauses S and
   clauses-remove-cls[simp]:
     clauses (remove-cls\ C\ S) = clauses\ S - replicate-mset\ (count\ (clauses\ S)\ C)\ C and
    clauses-add-learned-cls[simp]: clauses (add-learned-cls CS) = {\#C\#} + clauses S and
    clauses-restart[simp]: clauses (restart-state S) \subseteq \# clauses S and
   clauses-init-state[simp]: \bigwedge N. clauses (init-state N) = N
   prefer 9 using clauses-def learned-clss-restart-state apply fastforce
   by (auto simp: ac-simps replicate-mset-plus clauses-def intro: multiset-eqI)
```

```
abbreviation state :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit list \times 'v clauses \times 'v clauses
  \times nat \times 'v clause conflicting-clause where
state\ S \equiv (trail\ S,\ init-clss\ S,\ learned-clss\ S,\ backtrack-lvl\ S,\ conflicting\ S)
abbreviation incr-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
incr-lvl S \equiv update-backtrack-lvl (backtrack-lvl S + 1) S
definition state-eq :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool (infix \sim 50) where
S \sim T \longleftrightarrow state \ S = state \ T
lemma state-eq-ref[simp, intro]:
  S \sim S
 unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma state-eq-sym:
  S \sim T \longleftrightarrow T \sim S
 unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma state-eq-trans:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow T \sim U \Longrightarrow S \sim U
  unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma
 shows
    state-eq-trail: S \sim T \Longrightarrow trail S = trail T and
    state-eq-init-clss: S \sim T \Longrightarrow init-clss S = init-clss T and
    state-eq-learned-clss: S \sim T \Longrightarrow learned-clss: S = learned-clss: T and
    state-eq-backtrack-lvl: S \sim T \Longrightarrow backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl T and
    state-eq-conflicting: S \sim T \Longrightarrow conflicting S = conflicting T and
    state-eq-clauses: S \sim T \Longrightarrow clauses \ S = clauses \ T and
    state-eq-undefined-lit: S \sim T \Longrightarrow undefined-lit (trail S) L = undefined-lit (trail T) L
  unfolding state-eq-def clauses-def by auto
\mathbf{lemmas}\ state\text{-}simp[simp] = state\text{-}eq\text{-}trail\ state\text{-}eq\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ state\text{-}eq\text{-}learned\text{-}clss
  state-eq-backtrack-lvl\ state-eq-conflicting\ state-eq-clauses\ state-eq-undefined-lit
lemma atms-of-m-learned-clss-restart-state-in-atms-of-m-learned-clssI[intro]:
  x \in atms-of-mu (learned-clss (restart-state S)) \Longrightarrow x \in atms-of-mu (learned-clss S)
 by (meson\ atms-of-m-mono\ learned-clss-restart-state\ set-mset-mono\ subset CE)
function reduce-trail-to :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
reduce-trail-to F S =
  (if \ length \ (trail \ S) = length \ F \lor trail \ S = [] \ then \ S \ else \ reduce-trail-to \ F \ (tl-trail \ S))
by fast+
termination
 by (relation measure (\lambda(-, S)). length (trail S))) simp-all
declare reduce-trail-to.simps[simp del]
lemma
  shows
  reduce-trail-to-nil[simp]: trail S = [] \implies reduce-trail-to F S = S and
  \mathit{reduce-trail-to-eq-length}[\mathit{simp}] \colon \mathit{length} \ (\mathit{trail} \ \mathit{S}) = \mathit{length} \ \mathit{F} \Longrightarrow \mathit{reduce-trail-to} \ \mathit{F} \ \mathit{S} = \mathit{S}
```

```
by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to.simps)
\mathbf{lemma} reduce-trail-to-length-ne:
  length (trail S) \neq length F \Longrightarrow trail S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
   reduce-trail-to F S = reduce-trail-to F (tl-trail S)
 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le:
 assumes length F > length (trail S)
 shows trail (reduce-trail-to F(S) = []
 using assms apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) length-tl less-imp-diff-less less-irrefl trail-tl-trail
   reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to-nil[simp]:
  trail (reduce-trail-to [] S) = []
 apply (induction []:: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis length-0-conv reduce-trail-to-length-ne reduce-trail-to-nil)
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to-nil:
  clauses (reduce-trail-to [] S) = clauses S
  apply (induction []:: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis clauses-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning:
 assumes trail S = F' \otimes F
 shows trail (reduce-trail-to F S) = F
 using assms by (induction F' arbitrary: S) (auto simp: reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to[simp]:
  clauses (reduce-trail-to F S) = clauses S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis clauses-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma \ conflicting-update-trial[simp]:
  conflicting (reduce-trail-to F S) = conflicting S
  apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis conflicting-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma backtrack-lvl-update-trial[simp]:
  backtrack-lvl (reduce-trail-to F S) = backtrack-lvl S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis backtrack-lvl-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma init-clss-update-trial[simp]:
  init-clss (reduce-trail-to F S) = init-clss S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis init-clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma learned-clss-update-trial[simp]:
  learned-clss (reduce-trail-to F(S) = learned-clss S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis learned-clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
```

lemma trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq:

```
trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ T)
 apply (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis trail-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to-state-eq_{NOT}-compatible:
 assumes ST: S \sim T
 shows reduce-trail-to F S \sim reduce-trail-to F T
proof
 have trail (reduce-trail-to F(S)) = trail (reduce-trail-to F(T))
   using trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq[of S T F] ST by auto
 then show ?thesis using ST by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
qed
lemma reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp[simp]:
  trail\ S = F' \ @\ Marked\ K\ d\ \#\ F \Longrightarrow (trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)) = F
 apply (rule reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning of - F' @ Marked K d # []])
 by (cases F') (auto simp add:tl-append reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning)
lemma reduce-trail-to-add-learned-cls[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (add-learned-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-add-init-cls[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (add-init-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-remove-learned-cls[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (remove-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-update-conflicting[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (update-conflicting\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}marked\text{-}or\text{-}empty:}
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows a = [] \lor (is\text{-marked } (hd \ a))
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: a b)
 case Nil then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons \ m \ M)
 show ?case
   proof (cases m)
     case (Marked l mark)
     then show ?thesis using Cons by auto
   next
     case (Propagated 1 mark)
     then show ?thesis using Cons by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) force+
   qed
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}trail\text{-}update\text{-}trail[simp]:}
 assumes H: (L \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ S)=M1
proof -
 obtain K mark where
   L: L = Marked K mark
   using H by (cases L) (auto dest!: in-qet-all-marked-decomposition-marked-or-empty)
 obtain c where
   tr-S: trail S = c @ M2 @ L # M1
   using H by auto
 show ?thesis
   by (rule reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp[of - c @ M2 K mark])
    (auto\ simp:\ tr\text{-}S\ L)
qed
fun append-trail where
append-trail [] S = S |
append-trail (L \# M) S = append-trail M (cons-trail L S)
lemma trail-append-trail[simp]:
  no\text{-}dup\ (M @ trail\ S) \Longrightarrow trail\ (append\text{-}trail\ M\ S) = rev\ M\ @ trail\ S
 by (induction M arbitrary: S) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma learned-clss-append-trail[simp]:
 no\text{-}dup \ (M @ trail \ S) \Longrightarrow learned\text{-}clss \ (append\text{-}trail \ M \ S) = learned\text{-}clss \ S
 by (induction M arbitrary: S) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma init-clss-append-trail[simp]:
 no\text{-}dup\ (M @ trail\ S) \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss\ (append\text{-}trail\ M\ S) = init\text{-}clss\ S
 by (induction M arbitrary: S) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma conflicting-append-trail[simp]:
  no\text{-}dup \ (M @ trail \ S) \Longrightarrow conflicting \ (append\text{-}trail \ M \ S) = conflicting \ S
 by (induction M arbitrary: S) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma backtrack-lvl-append-trail[simp]:
  no\text{-}dup\ (M\ @\ trail\ S) \Longrightarrow backtrack\text{-}lvl\ (append\text{-}trail\ M\ S) = backtrack\text{-}lvl\ S
 by (induction M arbitrary: S) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma clauses-append-trail[simp]:
  no\text{-}dup \ (M @ trail \ S) \Longrightarrow clauses \ (append\text{-}trail \ M \ S) = clauses \ S
 by (induction M arbitrary: S) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
This function is useful for proofs to speak of a global trail change, but is a bad for programs
and code in general.
fun delete-trail-and-rebuild where
delete-trail-and-rebuild MS = append-trail (rev M) (reduce-trail-to []S)
end
```

17.2 Special Instantiation: using Triples as State

17.3 CDCL Rules

locale

Because of the strategy we will later use, we distinguish propagate, conflict from the other rules

```
cdcl_W-ops =
   state<sub>W</sub> trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting cons-trail tl-trail add-init-cls
   add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ remove\text{-}cls\ update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\ update\text{-}conflicting\ init\text{-}state}
   restart\text{-}state
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lits \ and
    init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ conflicting-clause \ \mathbf{and}
    cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-init-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls:: 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st\ \mathbf{and}
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update-conflicting :: 'v clause conflicting-clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st and
    restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
inductive propagate :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
propagate-rule[intro]:
  state\ S = (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ C\text{-}True) \Longrightarrow\ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#\ clauses\ S \Longrightarrow M \models as\ CNot\ C
  \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
  \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\})) S
  \implies propagate S T
inductive-cases propagateE[elim]: propagate\ S\ T
thm propagateE
inductive conflict :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict-rule[intro]: state S = (M, N, U, k, C\text{-}True) \Longrightarrow D \in \# clauses S \Longrightarrow M \models as CNot D
  \implies T \sim update\text{-conflicting (C-Clause D) } S
  \implies conflict \ S \ T
inductive-cases conflictE[elim]: conflict S S'
inductive backtrack :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
backtrack-rule[intro]: state S = (M, N, U, k, C\text{-Clause}(D + \{\#L\#\}))
  \implies (Marked K (i+1) # M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
  \implies get\text{-level } L M = k
  \implies get-level L M = get-maximum-level (D+\{\#L\#\}) M
  \implies get-maximum-level D M = i
  \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+{\#L\#}))
             (reduce-trail-to M1
               (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
                 (update-backtrack-lvl i
                   (update\text{-}conflicting\ C\text{-}True\ S))))
```

```
\implies backtrack \ S \ T
inductive-cases backtrackE[elim]: backtrack S S'
{f thm}\ backtrack E
inductive decide :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
decide-rule[intro]: state S = (M, N, U, k, C-True)
\implies undefined-lit M L \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (init-clss S)
\implies T \sim cons\text{-trail (Marked L (k+1)) (incr-lvl S)}
\implies decide \ S \ T
inductive-cases decideE[elim]: decide S S'
thm decideE
inductive skip :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
skip-rule[intro]: state S = (Propagated \ L \ C' \# M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ C-Clause \ D) \Longrightarrow -L \notin \# D \Longrightarrow D \neq \{\#\}
  \implies T \sim tl\text{-trail } S
  \implies skip \ S \ T
inductive-cases skipE[elim]: skip S S'
thm skipE
get-maximum-level D (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\}) \# M) = k \vee k = 0 is equivalent to
get-maximum-level D (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\}) \# M) = k
inductive resolve :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
resolve-rule[intro]:
 state\ S = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ C\text{-}Clause\ (D + \{\#-L\#\}))
  \implies get-maximum-level D (Propagated L (C + {#L#}) # M) = k
 \implies T \sim update\text{-conflicting} (C\text{-Clause} (D \# \cup C)) (tl\text{-trail} S)
  \implies resolve \ S \ T
inductive-cases resolve E[elim]: resolve S S'
thm resolveE
inductive restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
\textit{restart: state } S = (\textit{M, N, U, k, C-True}) \Longrightarrow \neg \textit{M} \models \textit{asm clauses } S
\implies T \sim restart\text{-}state S
\implies restart \ S \ T
inductive-cases restartE[elim]: restart S T
thm restartE
We add the condition C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S, to maintain consistency even without the strategy.
inductive forget :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
forget-rule: state S = (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, k, C\text{-True})
  \implies \neg M \models asm \ clauses \ S
 \implies C \notin set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S))
  \implies C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S
 \implies C \in \# learned\text{-}clss S
  \implies T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
  \Longrightarrow forget S T
inductive-cases forgetE[elim]: forget S T
inductive cdcl_W-rf :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
restart: restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-rf S T
forget: forget S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-rf S T
inductive cdcl_W-bj :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
skip[intro]: skip \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W -bj \ S \ S'
resolve[intro]: resolve S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-bj S S'
```

```
backtrack[intro]: backtrack \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - bj \ S \ S'
inductive-cases cdcl_W-bjE: cdcl_W-bj S T
inductive cdcl_W-o:: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S:: 'st where
decide[intro]: decide S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - o S S'
bj[intro]: cdcl_W - bj \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - o \ S \ S'
inductive cdcl_W :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
propagate: propagate S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
conflict: conflict S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
other: cdcl_W-o S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
rf: cdcl_W - rf S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  propagate^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest!: propagate)+
lemma cdcl_W-all-rules-induct[consumes 1, case-names propagate conflict forget restart decide skip
    resolve backtrack]:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
    propagate: \bigwedge T. \ propagate \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ {\bf and}
    conflict: \bigwedge T. conflict S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    forget: \bigwedge T. forget S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    restart: \bigwedge T. restart S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    decide: \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    skip: \bigwedge T. \ skip \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ and
    resolve: \bigwedge T. resolve S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    \mathit{backtrack} \colon \bigwedge T.\ \mathit{backtrack}\ S\ T \Longrightarrow P\ S\ T
  shows P S S'
  using assms(1)
proof (induct S' rule: cdcl_W.induct)
  case (propagate S') note propagate = this(1)
  then show ?case using assms(2) by auto
\mathbf{next}
  case (conflict S')
  then show ?case using assms(3) by auto
next
  case (other S')
  then show ?case
    proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o.induct)
      case (decide\ U)
      then show ?case using assms(6) by auto
    next
      case (bi S')
      then show ?case using assms(7-9) by (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct) auto
    qed
next
  case (rf S')
  then show ?case
    by (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-rf.induct) (fast dest: forget restart)+
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-all-induct consumes 1, case-names propagate conflict forget restart decide skip
    resolve backtrack]:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
    propagateH: \bigwedge C L T. C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \Longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot C
      \implies undefined-lit (trail S) L \implies conflicting S = C-True
      \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (C + {\#L\#})) S
      \implies P S T and
    conflictH: \land D \ T. \ D \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow conflicting \ S = C-True \Longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D
      \implies T \sim update\text{-conflicting (C-Clause D) } S
      \implies P S T and
    forgetH: \bigwedge C \ T. \ \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S
      \implies C \notin set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S))
      \implies C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S
      \implies C \in \# learned\text{-}clss S
      \implies conflicting S = C\text{-}True
      \implies T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
      \implies P S T \text{ and}
    restartH: \bigwedge T. \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S
      \implies conflicting S = C-True
      \implies T \sim restart\text{-}state S
      \implies P S T \text{ and}
    decideH: \bigwedge L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = C\text{-True} \implies undefined\text{-lit} \ (trail \ S) \ L
      \implies atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ (init\text{-}clss \ S)
      \implies T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S)
      \implies P S T \text{ and}
    skipH: \land L \ C' \ M \ D \ T. \ trail \ S = Propagated \ L \ C' \# \ M
      \implies conflicting S = C\text{-Clause } D \Longrightarrow -L \notin \# D \Longrightarrow D \neq \{\#\}
      \implies T \sim tl\text{-}trail\ S
      \implies P S T  and
    resolveH: \land L \ C \ M \ D \ T.
      trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M
      \implies conflicting S = C\text{-Clause} (D + \{\#-L\#\})
      \implies get-maximum-level D (Propagated L ( (C + {#L#})) # M) = backtrack-lvl S
      \implies T \sim (update\text{-conflicting } (C\text{-Clause } (D \# \cup C)) \ (tl\text{-trail } S))
      \implies P S T  and
    backtrackH: \bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T.
      (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
      \implies get-level L (trail S) = backtrack-lvl S
      \implies conflicting S = C\text{-Clause} (D + \{\#L\#\})
      \implies get-maximum-level (D+\{\#L\#\}) (trail\ S)= get-level L (trail\ S)
      \implies get-maximum-level D (trail S) \equiv i
      \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+\{\#L\#\}))
                 (reduce-trail-to M1
                   (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\})
                     (update-backtrack-lvl i
                       (update\text{-}conflicting\ C\text{-}True\ S))))
      \implies P S T
  shows P S S'
  using cdcl_W
proof (induct S S' rule: cdcl_W-all-rules-induct)
  case (propagate S')
  then show ?case by (elim propagateE) (frule propagateH; simp)
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case (conflict S')
  then show ?case by (elim conflictE) (frule conflictH; simp)
  case (restart S')
 then show ?case by (elim restartE) (frule restartH; simp)
next
 case (decide\ T)
 then show ?case by (elim decideE) (frule decideH; simp)
next
 case (backtrack S')
 then show ?case by (elim backtrackE) (frule backtrackH; simp del: state-simp add: state-eq-def)
next
  case (forget S')
 then show ?case using forgetH by auto
next
 case (skip S')
 then show ?case using skipH by auto
 case (resolve S')
 then show ?case by (elim resolveE) (frule resolveH; simp)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-o-induct[consumes 1, case-names decide skip resolve backtrack]:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
   decideH: \bigwedge L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = \ C\text{-True} \Longrightarrow undefined\text{-}lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
     \implies atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
     \implies T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S)
      \implies P S T  and
   skipH: \land L \ C' \ M \ D \ T. \ trail \ S = Propagated \ L \ C' \# M
     \implies conflicting S = C\text{-Clause } D \implies -L \notin \# D \implies D \neq \{\#\}
     \implies T \sim tl\text{-trail } S
     \implies P S T  and
   resolveH: \land L \ C \ M \ D \ T.
     trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M
     \implies conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause\ (D + \{\#-L\#\})
     \implies get-maximum-level D (Propagated L (C + {#L#}) # M) = backtrack-lvl S
     \implies T \sim update\text{-conflicting} \ (C\text{-Clause}\ (D \# \cup C)) \ (tl\text{-trail}\ S)
     \implies P S T  and
   backtrackH: \bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T.
     (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (qet-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
     \implies get-level L (trail S) = backtrack-lvl S
     \implies conflicting S = C\text{-Clause} (D + \{\#L\#\})
     \implies get-level L (trail S) = get-maximum-level (D+{#L#}) (trail S)
     \implies get-maximum-level D (trail S) \equiv i
     \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+\{\#L\#\}))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                 (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\})
                  (update-backtrack-lvl i
                     (update\text{-}conflicting\ C\text{-}True\ S))))
     \implies P S T
 shows P S T
  using cdcl_W apply (induct T rule: cdcl_W-o.induct)
  using assms(2) apply auto[1]
 apply (elim \ cdcl_W - bjE \ skipE \ resolveE \ backtrackE)
```

```
apply (frule skipH; simp)
  apply (frule resolveH; simp)
  apply (frule backtrackH; simp-all del: state-simp add: state-eq-def)
  done
thm cdcl_W-o.induct
lemma cdcl_W-o-all-rules-induct[consumes 1, case-names decide backtrack skip resolve]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W-o S T and
   \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   \bigwedge T. backtrack S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   \bigwedge T. skip S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   \bigwedge T. resolve S T \Longrightarrow P S T
  shows P S T
  using assms by (induct T rule: cdcl_W-o.induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
lemma cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o-rule-cases[consumes 1, case-names decide backtrack skip resolve]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W-o S T and
    decide\ S\ T \Longrightarrow P and
   backtrack \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ {\bf and}
   skip \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ {\bf and}
   resolve S T \Longrightarrow P
  using assms by (auto simp: cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps)
```

17.4 Invariants

17.4.1 Properties of the trail

We here establish that: * the marks are exactly 1..k where k is the level * the consistency of the trail * the fact that there is no duplicate in the trail.

```
lemma backtrack-lit-skiped:
 assumes L: get-level L (trail\ S) = backtrack-lvl S
 and M1: (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
 and no-dup: no-dup (trail S)
 and bt-l: backtrack-lvl S = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))
 and order: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
   = rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))])
 shows atm-of L \notin atm-of ' lits-of M1
proof
 let ?M = trail S
 assume L-in-M1: atm-of L \in atm-of ' lits-of M1
 obtain c where Mc: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1 using M1 by blast
 \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{atm\text{-}of}\ L \not\in \mathit{atm\text{-}of}\ `\mathit{iits\text{-}of}\ \mathit{c}
   using L-in-M1 no-dup mk-disjoint-insert unfolding Mc lits-of-def by force
 have g\text{-}M\text{-}eq\text{-}g\text{-}M1: get\text{-}level\ L\ ?M=get\text{-}level\ L\ M1
   using L-in-M1 unfolding Mc by auto
 have g: get-all-levels-of-marked <math>M1 = rev [1.. < Suc \ i]
   using order unfolding Mc
   by (auto simp del: upt-simps dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i
           simp add: rev-swap[symmetric])
  then have Max (set (0 \# get-all-levels-of-marked (rev M1))) < Suc i by auto
```

```
then have get-level L M1 < Suc i
   using get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked[of L 0 rev M1] by linarith
 moreover have Suc\ i \leq backtrack-lvl\ S using bt-l by (simp\ add:\ Mc\ g)
 ultimately show False using L g-M-eq-g-M1 by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-distinctinv-1:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S))]
 shows no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-induct)
 case (backtrack\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ L\ D\ T) note decomp = this(1) and L = this(2) and T = this(6) and
   n-d = this(7)
 obtain c where Mc: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 have no-dup (M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1)
   using Mc n-d by fastforce
 moreover have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) ' set M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped[of L S K i M1 M2] L decomp backtrack.prems
   by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 ultimately show ?case using decomp T by simp
qed (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
lemma cdcl_W-consistent-inv-2:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S))]
 shows consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S'))
 using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-distinctinv-1[OF assms] distinct consistent-interp by fast
lemma cdcl_W-o-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   backtrack-lvl \ S = length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ (trail \ S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) =
     rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]) and
   no-dup (trail S)
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S'))
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct)
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and T = this(6) and level = this(8)
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 S) = M1
   using decomp by auto
 obtain c where M: trail\ S = c @ M2 @ Marked\ K\ (i+1) \# M1 using decomp by auto
 have rev (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S))
   = [1..<1+ (length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]
   using level by (auto simp: rev-swap[symmetric])
```

```
moreover have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped of L S K i M1 M2 backtrack (2,7,8,9) decomp
   by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 ultimately show ?case
   using T unfolding M by (auto dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length simp del: upt-simps)
qed (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
lemma cdcl_W-rf-bt:
 assumes cdcl_W-rf S S'
 and backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S))
 and get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) = rev [1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S)))]
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S'))
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-rf.induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   backtrack-lvl S = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
   = rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]) and
   no-dup (trail S)
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S'))
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W.induct) (auto simp add: cdcl_W-o-bt cdcl_W-rf-bt)
lemma cdcl_W-bt-level':
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   backtrack-lvl S = length (qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
     = rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]) and
   no-dup (trail S)
 shows get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S')
   = rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S')))])
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-induct)
 case (decide L T) note undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 \mathbf{let}~?k = \textit{backtrack-lvl S}
 let ?M = trail S
 let ?M' = Marked\ L\ (?k + 1) \# trail\ S
 have H: get-all-levels-of-marked ?M = rev [Suc 0..<1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)]
   using decide.prems by simp
 have k: ?k = length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)
   using decide.prems by auto
 have get-all-levels-of-marked ?M' = Suc ?k \# get-all-levels-of-marked ?M by simp
 then have get-all-levels-of-marked ?M' = Suc ?k \#
     rev [Suc \ 0..<1+length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ ?M)]
   using H by auto
 moreover have ... = rev [Suc \ 0.. < Suc \ (1 + length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M))]
   unfolding k by simp
 finally show ?case using T undef by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
next
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and confli = this(2) and T = this(6)
and
```

```
all-marked = this(8) and bt-lvl = this(7)
 have atm-of L \notin (\lambda l. \ atm-of (lit-of l)) ' set M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped[of L S K i M1 M2] backtrack(2,7,8,9) decomp
   by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 then have [simp]: trail T = Propagated\ L\ (D + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M1
   using T decomp by auto
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1 using decomp by auto
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (rev (trail S))
   = [Suc \ 0..<2 + length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ c) + (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M2)]
             + length (get-all-levels-of-marked M1))]
   using all-marked bt-lvl unfolding M by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] simp del: upt-simps)
 then show ?case
   using T by (auto simp add: rev-swap M dest!: append-cons-eq-upt(1) simp del: upt-simps)
qed auto
We write 1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) instead of backtrack-lvl S to avoid non
termination of rewriting.
definition cdcl_W-M-level-inv (S:: 'st) \longleftrightarrow
 consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S))
 \wedge no-dup (trail S)
 \land backtrack-lvl S = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S))
 \land get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
     = rev ([1..<1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))])
lemma cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp[dest]:
 assumes cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S))
 and no-dup (trail S)
 and length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) = backtrack-lvl S
 and get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) = rev ([Suc 0... < Suc \ 0+backtrack-lvl \ S])
 using assms unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by fastforce+
lemma cdcl_W-consistent-inv:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms\ cdcl_W-consistent-inv-2 cdcl_W-distinctinv-1 cdcl_W-bt cdcl_W-bt-level'
 unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by blast+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W^{**} S S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 (auto intro: cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W^{++} S S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp-induct)
```

```
(auto intro: cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-M-level-inv-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
 cdcl_W-M-level-inv (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-M-level-inv-get-level-le-backtrack-lvl:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows get-level L (trail S) \leq backtrack-lvl S
proof -
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) = rev [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl S]
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis
   using get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked[of L 0 rev (trail S)]
   by (auto simp: Max-n-upt)
qed
lemma backtrack-ex-decomp:
 assumes M-l: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 and i-S: i < backtrack-lvl S
 shows \exists K \ M1 \ M2. (Marked K \ (i+1) \ \# \ M1, \ M2) \in set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
proof -
 let ?M = trail S
 have
   g: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) = rev [Suc 0... < Suc (backtrack-lvl S)]
   using M-l unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by simp-all
 then have i+1 \in set (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))
   using i-S by auto
 then obtain c \ K \ c' where tr-S: trail \ S = c \ @ Marked \ K \ (i + 1) \# c'
   using in-get-all-levels-of-marked-iff-decomp[of i+1 trail S] by auto
 obtain M1 M2 where (Marked K (i + 1) # M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
   unfolding tr-S apply (induct c rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
     apply auto[2]
   apply (case-tac hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ Marked K (Suc i) \# c'))
   apply (case-tac qet-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ Marked K (Suc i) \# c'))
   by auto
 then show ?thesis by blast
qed
```

17.4.2 Better-Suited Induction Principle

Ew generalise the induction principle defined previously: the induction case for *backtrack* now includes the assumption that *undefined-lit M1 L*. This helps the simplifier and thus the automation.

```
\label{lemmabacktrack-induction-lev} \textbf{lemma backtrack-induction-lev} [consumes \ 1, \ case-names \ M-devel-inv \ backtrack]: \\ \textbf{assumes}
```

```
bt: backtrack S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and backtrackH: \bigwedge K i M1 M2 L D T. (Marked K (Suc i) \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) \Longrightarrow get-level L (trail S) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow conflicting S = C-Clause (D + {\#L\#}) \Longrightarrow get-level L (trail S) = get-maximum-level (D+{\#L\#}) (trail S)
```

```
\implies get-maximum-level D (trail S) \equiv i
      \implies undefined\text{-}lit\ M1\ L
      \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+\{\#L\#\}))
                (reduce-trail-to M1
                  (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
                   (update-backtrack-lvl i
                      (update\text{-}conflicting\ C\text{-}True\ S))))
      \implies P S T
 shows P S T
proof -
  obtain K i M1 M2 L D where
   decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) and
   L: get-level \ L \ (trail \ S) = backtrack-lvl \ S \ and
   confl: conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause\ (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   lev-L: get-level\ L\ (trail\ S) = get-maximum-level\ (D+\{\#L\#\})\ (trail\ S) and
   lev-D: get-maximum-level D (trail S) \equiv i and
    T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (D+{#L#}))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                  (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\})
                   (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                      (update\text{-}conflicting\ C\text{-}True\ S))))
   using bt by (elim backtrackE) metis
  have atm\text{-}of\ L \notin (\lambda l.\ atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ l)) 'set M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped[of L S K i M1 M2] L decomp bt confl lev-L lev-D inv
   unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
   by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
  then have undefined-lit M1 L
   by (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
  then show ?thesis
   using backtrackH[OF decomp L confl lev-L lev-D - T] by simp
qed
lemmas\ backtrack-induction-lev2 = backtrack-induction-lev[consumes\ 2,\ case-names backtrack]
lemma cdcl_W-all-induct-lev-full:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   propagateH: \bigwedge C\ L\ T.\ C\ +\ \{\#L\#\} \in \#\ clauses\ S \Longrightarrow trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ C
      \implies undefined-lit (trail S) L \implies conflicting S = C\text{-True}
      \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (C + {\#L\#})) S
      \implies P S T  and
   conflictH: \land D \ T. \ D \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow conflicting \ S = C-True \Longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D
      \implies T \sim update\text{-conflicting (C-Clause D) } S
      \implies P S T and
   forgetH: \bigwedge C \ T. \ \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S
      \implies C \notin set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S))
      \implies C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S
      \implies C \in \# learned\text{-}clss S
      \implies conflicting S = C\text{-True}
      \implies T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
      \implies P S T  and
    restartH: \bigwedge T. \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S
```

```
\implies conflicting S = C\text{-}True
      \implies T \sim restart\text{-}state S
      \implies P S T  and
    decideH: \land L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = C\text{-}True \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
      \implies atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
      \implies T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S)
      \implies P S T \text{ and}
   skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ D \ T. \ trail \ S = Propagated \ L \ C' \# \ M
      \implies conflicting S = C\text{-Clause } D \implies -L \notin \# D \implies D \neq \{\#\}
      \implies T \sim tl\text{-trail } S
      \implies P S T and
   resolveH: \bigwedge L \ C \ M \ D \ T.
      trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M
      \implies conflicting S = C\text{-Clause} (D + \{\#-L\#\})
      \implies get-maximum-level D (Propagated L ( (C + {#L#})) # M) = backtrack-lvl S
      \implies T \sim (update\text{-conflicting } (C\text{-Clause } (D \# \cup C)) \ (tl\text{-trail } S))
      \implies P S T  and
    backtrackH: \bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T.
      (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
      \implies get-level L (trail S) = backtrack-lvl S
      \implies conflicting S = C\text{-Clause} (D + \{\#L\#\})
      \implies get-maximum-level (D+\{\#L\#\}) (trail\ S)= get-level L (trail\ S)
      \implies get-maximum-level D (trail S) \equiv i
      \implies undefined\text{-}lit\ M1\ L
      \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+{\#L\#}))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                  (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\})
                   (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                     (update\text{-}conflicting\ C\text{-}True\ S))))
      \implies P S T
 shows P S S'
  using cdcl_W
proof (induct S' rule: cdcl_W-all-rules-induct)
  case (propagate S')
  then show ?case by (elim propagateE) (frule propagateH; simp)
next
  then show ?case by (elim conflictE) (frule conflictH; simp)
next
  case (restart S')
  then show ?case by (elim restartE) (frule restartH; simp)
next
  case (decide\ T)
  then show ?case by (elim decideE) (frule decideH; simp)
next
  case (backtrack S')
  then show ?case
   \mathbf{apply}\ (induction\ rule:\ backtrack-induction-lev)
    apply (rule inv)
   by (rule backtrackH;
      fastforce simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-def dest!: HOL.meta-eq-to-obj-eq)
  case (forget S')
  then show ?case using forgetH by auto
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case (skip S')
  then show ?case using skipH by auto
  case (resolve S')
 then show ?case by (elim resolveE) (frule resolveH; simp)
qed
lemmas cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2 = cdcl_W-all-induct-lev-full[consumes 2, case-names propagate conflict
 forget restart decide skip resolve backtrack]
lemmas\ cdcl_W-all-induct-lev = cdcl_W-all-induct-lev-full[consumes 1, case-names lev-inv propagate]
  conflict forget restart decide skip resolve backtrack]
thm cdcl_W-o-induct
lemma cdcl_W-o-induct-lev[consumes 1, case-names M-lev decide skip resolve backtrack]:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   decideH: \bigwedge L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = C\text{-}True \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
     \implies atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
     \implies T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S)
     \implies P S T  and
   skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ D \ T. \ trail \ S = Propagated \ L \ C' \# \ M
     \implies conflicting S = C\text{-Clause } D \implies -L \notin \# D \implies D \neq \{\#\}
     \implies T \sim tl\text{-}trail\ S
     \implies P S T \text{ and}
   resolveH: \land L \ C \ M \ D \ T.
     trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M
     \implies conflicting S = C\text{-Clause} (D + \{\#-L\#\})
     \implies get-maximum-level D (Propagated L (C + {#L#}) # M) = backtrack-lvl S
     \implies T \sim update\text{-conflicting} (C\text{-Clause} (D \# \cup C)) (tl\text{-trail} S)
     \implies P S T  and
   backtrackH: \bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T.
     (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1\ ,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
     \implies get-level L (trail S) = backtrack-lvl S
     \implies conflicting S = C\text{-Clause} (D + \{\#L\#\})
     \implies get-level L (trail S) = get-maximum-level (D+{#L#}) (trail S)
     \implies get-maximum-level D (trail S) \equiv i
     \implies undefined-lit M1 L
     \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+\{\#L\#\}))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                 (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\})
                  (update-backtrack-lvl i
                     (update\text{-}conflicting\ C\text{-}True\ S))))
     \implies P S T
 shows P S T
 using cdcl_W
proof (induct S T rule: cdcl_W-o-all-rules-induct)
 case (decide T)
 then show ?case by (elim decideE) (frule decideH; simp)
next
 case (backtrack S')
 then show ?case
   using inv apply (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2)
```

```
by (rule backtrackH)
     (fastforce simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-def dest!: HOL.meta-eq-to-obj-eq)+
next
 case (skip S')
 then show ?case using skipH by auto
next
 case (resolve S')
 then show ?case by (elim resolveE) (frule resolveH; simp)
lemmas cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2 = cdcl_W-o-induct-lev[consumes 2, case-names decide skip resolve
 backtrack]
          Compatibility with op \sim
17.4.3
{\bf lemma}\ propagate\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes
   propagate S T  and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows propagate S' T'
 using assms apply (elim propagateE)
 apply (rule propagate-rule)
 by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def simp del: state-simp)
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict\text{-} state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes
   conflict S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows conflict S' T'
 using assms apply (elim conflictE)
 apply (rule conflict-rule)
 by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def simp del: state-simp)
{f lemma}\ backtrack	ext{-}state	ext{-}eq	ext{-}compatible:
 assumes
   backtrack S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows backtrack S' T'
 using assms apply (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev)
   using inv apply simp
 apply (rule backtrack-rule)
       apply auto[5]
 by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def simp del: state-simp)
lemma decide-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   decide S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows decide S' T'
 using assms apply (elim\ decideE)
 apply (rule decide-rule)
```

```
by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def simp del: state-simp)
\mathbf{lemma}\ skip\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes
   skip S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows skip S' T'
 using assms apply (elim \ skipE)
 apply (rule skip-rule)
 by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def HOL.eq-sym-conv[of - # - trail -]
    simp del: state-simp dest: arg-cong[of - # trail - trail - tl])
{f lemma}\ resolve-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   resolve S T  and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows resolve S' T'
 \mathbf{using} \ assms \ \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{elim} \ \mathit{resolveE})
 apply (rule resolve-rule)
 by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def HOL.eq-sym-conv[of - \# - trail -]
    simp del: state-simp dest: arg-cong[of - # trail - trail - tl])
lemma forget-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   forget S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows forget S' T'
 using assms apply (elim forgetE)
 apply (rule forget-rule)
 by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def HOL.eq-sym-conv[of \{\#-\#\} + --]
    simp del: state-simp dest: arg-cong[of - # trail - trail - tl])
lemma cdcl_W-state-eq-compatible:
  assumes
   cdcl_W S T and \neg restart S T and
   S \sim S' and
    T \sim T' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W S' T'
  using assms by (meson assms backtrack-state-eq-compatible bj cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-bj.simps
   cdcl_W-o-rule-cases cdcl_W-rf. cases cdcl_W-rf. restart conflict-state-eq-compatible decide
   decide-state-eq-compatible forget forget-state-eq-compatible
   propagate\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ resolve\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible
   skip-state-eq-compatible)
           Conservation of some Properties
17.4.4
lemma level-of-marked-ge-1:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   \forall L \ l. \ Marked \ L \ l \in set \ (trail \ S) \longrightarrow l > 0
 shows \forall L \ l. \ Marked \ L \ l \in set \ (trail \ S') \longrightarrow l > 0
```

```
using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 by (auto dest: union-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-is-subset)
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
    cdcl_W-o S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2) auto
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
    cdcl_W-o^{++} S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  by (auto dest: cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss
   dest!: tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv dest: tranclp-mono-explicit[of <math>cdcl_W-o - - cdcl_W]
   simp: other)
 lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o** S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms unfolding rtranclp-unfold by (auto intro: tranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-init-clss:
  cdcl_W \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \Longrightarrow init-clss S = init-clss T
 by (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2) auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss:
  cdcl_{W}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{W} \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv } S \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss \ S = init\text{-}clss \ T
 by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto dest: cdcl_W-init-clss rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv)
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}init\text{-}clss:
  cdcl_W^{++} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{-}M-level-inv S \Longrightarrow init-clss S = init-clss T
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss[of S T] unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
```

17.4.5 Learned Clause

This invariant shows that:

- the learned clauses are entailed by the initial set of clauses.
- the conflicting clause is entailed by the initial set of clauses.
- the marks are entailed by the clauses. A more precise version would be to show that either these marked are learned or are in the set of clauses

```
definition cdcl_W-learned-clause (S:: 'st) \longleftrightarrow

(init\text{-}clss\ S \models psm\ learned\text{-}clss\ S}

\land (\forall\ T.\ conflicting\ S = C\text{-}Clause\ T \longrightarrow init\text{-}clss\ S \models pm\ T)

\land\ set\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}mark\text{-}of\text{-}propagated\ (trail\ S)) \subseteq set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ S))
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-learned-clause-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
  cdcl_W-learned-clause (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-learned-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   lev-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
 using assms(1) lev-inv learned
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and confl = this(3) and undef = this(6)
 and T = this(7)
 show ?case
   using decomp confl learned undef T lev-inv unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
   by (auto dest!: qet-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
     simp: clauses-def dest: true-clss-clss-left-right)
\mathbf{next}
 case (resolve L C M D) note trail = this(1) and confl = this(2) and lvl = this(3) and
   T = this(4)
 moreover
   have init-clss S \models psm \ learned-clss S
     using learned trail unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def clauses-def by auto
   then have init-clss S \models pm \ C + \{\#L\#\}
     using trail learned unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def
     by (auto dest: true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
 ultimately show ?case
   using learned
   by (auto dest: mk-disjoint-insert true-clss-clss-left-right
     simp\ add: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def
     intro: true-clss-cls-union-mset-true-clss-cls-or-not-true-clss-cls-or)
next
 case (restart T)
 then show ?case
   using learned-clss-restart-state[of T]
   by (auto dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
     simp: clauses-def \ state-eq-def \ cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
     simp del: state-simp
    dest: true-clss-clssm-subsetE)
next
 then show ?case using learned by (auto simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def)
next
 case conflict
 then show ?case using learned
   by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def clauses-def true-clss-clss-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
next
 case forget
 then show ?case
   using learned by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def clauses-def split: split-if-asm)
qed (auto simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def)
```

lemma $rtranclp-cdcl_W$ -learned-clss:

```
assumes  \begin{array}{l} cdcl_{W}^{**} S \ S' \ {\bf and} \\ cdcl_{W}\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv \ S \\ cdcl_{W}\text{-}learned\text{-}clause \ S \\ {\bf shows} \ cdcl_{W}\text{-}learned\text{-}clause \ S' \\ \\ {\bf using} \ assms \ {\bf by} \ induction \ (auto \ dest: \ cdcl_{W}\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ intro: \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{W}\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv) \\ \end{array}
```

17.4.6 No alien atom in the state

This invariant means that all the literals are in the set of clauses.

```
definition no-strange-atm S' \longleftrightarrow (
    (\forall T. conflicting S' = C\text{-}Clause T \longrightarrow atms\text{-}of T \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu (init\text{-}clss S'))
  \land (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S')
      \longrightarrow atms-of \ (mark) \subseteq atms-of-mu \ (init-clss \ S'))
  \land atms-of-mu (learned-clss S') \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S')
  \land atm-of ' (lits-of (trail S')) \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S'))
lemma no-strange-atm-decomp:
  assumes no-strange-atm S
  shows conflicting S = C-Clause T \Longrightarrow atms-of T \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S)
  and (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S)
     \longrightarrow atms\text{-}of \ (mark) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ (init\text{-}clss \ S))
 and atms-of-mu (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S)
  and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
  \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{assms} \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{no-strange-atm-def} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast} +
lemma no-strange-atm-S0 [simp]: no-strange-atm (init-state N)
  unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-explicit:
  assumes
    cdcl_W S S' and
    cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    conf: \forall T. \ conflicting \ S = C\text{-}Clause \ T \longrightarrow atms-of \ T \subseteq atms-of-mu \ (init-clss \ S) \ \mathbf{and}
    marked: \forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S)
      \longrightarrow atms-of mark \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S) and
    learned: atms-of-mu (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S) and
    trail: atm-of ' (lits-of (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S)
  shows (\forall T. conflicting S' = C\text{-}Clause T \longrightarrow atms\text{-}of T \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu (init\text{-}clss S')) \land
   (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S')
     \longrightarrow atms-of \ (mark) \subseteq atms-of-mu \ (init-clss \ S')) \land
   atms-of-mu (learned-clss S') \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S') \land
   atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S'))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ (init\text{-}clss\ S')\ (is\ ?C\ S'\land\ ?M\ S'\land\ ?U\ S'\land\ ?V\ S')
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case (propagate CLT) note C-L = this(1) and undef = this(3) and confl = this(4) and T = this(5)
 have ?C (cons-trail (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\)) S) using confl undef by auto
  moreover
    have atms-of (C + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S)
      by (metis (no-types) atms-of-atms-of-m-mono atms-of-m-union clauses-def mem-set-mset-iff
        C-L learned set-mset-union sup.orderE)
    then have ?M (cons-trail (Propagated L (C + {\#L\#})) S) using undef
      by (simp add: marked)
  moreover have ?U (cons-trail (Propagated L (C + {\#L\#})) S)
    using learned undef by auto
```

```
moreover have ?V (cons-trail (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\)) S)
   using C-L learned trail undef unfolding clauses-def
   by (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-m)
  ultimately show ?case using T by auto
next
 case (decide\ L)
  then show ?case using learned marked conf trail unfolding clauses-def by auto
next
  case (skip\ L\ C\ M\ D)
 then show ?case using learned marked conf trail by auto
next
  case (conflict D T) note T = this(4)
 have D: atm-of 'set-mset D \subseteq \bigcup (atms-of '(set-mset (clauses S)))
   using \langle D \in \# \ clauses \ S \rangle by (auto simp add: atms-of-def atms-of-m-def)
 moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ xa :: 'v \ literal
   assume a1: atm-of 'set-mset D \subseteq (\bigcup x \in set\text{-mset (init-clss S)}). atms-of x)
     \cup (| ] x \in set\text{-mset} (learned-clss S). atms-of x)
   assume a2: (\bigcup x \in set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S). \ atms-of \ x) \subseteq (\bigcup x \in set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S). \ atms-of \ x)
   assume xa \in \# D
   then have atm\text{-}of\ xa \in UNION\ (set\text{-}mset\ (init\text{-}clss\ S))\ atms\text{-}of
     using a2 a1 by (metis (no-types) Un-iff atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms-of-def subset-Un-eq)
   then have \exists m \in set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S). \ atm\text{-}of \ xa \in atms\text{-}of \ m
     by blast
   } note H = this
  ultimately show ?case using conflict.prems T learned marked conf trail
   unfolding atms-of-def atms-of-m-def clauses-def
    by (auto simp add: H)
next
 case (restart T)
 then show ?case using learned marked conf trail by auto
next
  case (forget C T) note C = this(3) and C-le = this(4) and confl = this(5) and
   T = this(6)
 have H: \bigwedge L mark. Propagated L mark \in set (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow atms-of mark \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S)
   using marked by simp
  show ?case unfolding clauses-def apply standard
   using conf T trail C unfolding clauses-def apply (auto dest!: H)[]
   apply standard
    using T trail C apply (auto dest!: H)[]
   apply standard
     using T learned C C-le atms-of-m-remove-subset [of set-mset (learned-clss S)] apply (auto)[]
   using T trail C apply (auto simp: clauses-def lits-of-def)
  done
next
 case (backtrack\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ L\ D\ T) note decomp = this(1) and confl = this(3) and undef = this(6)
   and T = this(7)
 have ?CT
   using conf T decomp undef by simp
 moreover have set M1 \subseteq set (trail S)
   using backtrack.hyps(1) by auto
  then have M: ?M T
   using marked conf undef confi T decomp by (auto simp add: image-subset-iff clauses-def)
 moreover have ?UT
   using learned decomp conf conft T undef unfolding clauses-def by auto
```

```
moreover have ?V T
   using M conf confl trail T undef decomp by force
 ultimately show ?case by blast
next
 case (resolve L C M D T) note trail-S = this(1) and confl = this(2) and T = this(4)
 let ?T = update\text{-}conflicting (C\text{-}Clause (remdups\text{-}mset (D + C))) (tl\text{-}trail S)
 have ?C ?T
   using confl trail-S conf marked by simp
 moreover have ?M ?T
   using confl trail-S conf marked by auto
 moreover have ?U?T
   using trail learned by auto
 moreover have ?V ?T
   using confl trail-S trail by auto
 ultimately show ?case using T by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W S S' and no-strange-atm S and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-strange-atm S'
 using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-explicit [OF assms(1)] assms(2,3) unfolding no-strange-atm-def by fast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W^{**} S S' and no-strange-atm S and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-strange-atm S'
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-no-strange-atm-inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv)
```

17.4.7 No duplicates all around

lemma distinct- $cdcl_W$ -state-inv:

This invariant shows that there is no duplicate (no literal appearing twice in the formula). The last part could be proven using the previous invariant moreover.

```
definition distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ (S::'st)
  \longleftrightarrow ((\forall T. conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause T \longrightarrow distinct\text{-}mset T)
    \land distinct-mset-mset (learned-clss S)
    \land distinct-mset-mset (init-clss S)
    \land (\forall L \ mark. \ (Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S) \longrightarrow distinct\text{-mset} \ (mark))))
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}decomp:
  assumes distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ (S::'st)
  shows \forall T. conflicting S = C-Clause T \longrightarrow distinct-mset T
  and distinct-mset-mset (learned-clss S)
  and distinct-mset-mset (init-clss S)
  and \forall L \ mark. \ (Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S) \longrightarrow distinct-mset \ (mark))
  using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by blast+
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}decomp\text{-}2:
  assumes distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ (S::'st)
  shows conflicting S = C-Clause T \Longrightarrow distinct-mset T
  using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by auto
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}S0\text{-}cdcl_W[simp]:
  distinct-mset-mset N \implies distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state (init-state N)
  unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by auto
```

```
assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S
 shows distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
 using assms
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -induct\ -lev2)
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D)
 then show ?case
   unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by (fastforce dest: get-all-marked-decomposition-incl)
next
  case restart
 then show ?case unfolding distinct-cdclw-state-def distinct-mset-set-def clauses-def
 using learned-clss-restart-state [of S] by auto
next
 case resolve
 then show ?case
   by (auto simp add: distinct-cdcl_W-state-def distinct-mset-set-def clauses-def
     distinct-mset-single-add
     intro!: distinct-mset-union-mset)
qed (auto simp add: distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-set-def clauses-def)
lemma rtanclp-distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{W}^{**} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S
 shows distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast+
```

17.4.8 Conflicts and co

This invariant shows that each mark contains a contradiction only related to the previously defined variable.

```
abbreviation every-mark-is-a-conflict :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
every-mark-is-a-conflict S \equiv
\forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a \ @ \ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = (trail \ S)
   \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark)
definition cdcl_W-conflicting S \equiv
  (\forall T. conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause T \longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot T)
 \land every-mark-is-a-conflict S
lemma backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1:
 fixes M1 :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
   i: qet-maximum-level D (trail S) = i and
   decomp: (Marked K (Suc i) \# M1, M2)
      \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   S-lvl: backtrack-lvl S = get-maximum-level (D + \{\#L\#\}) (trail\ S) and
   S-confl: conflicting S = C-Clause (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
    undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
```

```
T: T \sim (cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (D+\{\#L\#\}))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                   (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
                     (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                        (update-conflicting C-True S))))) and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = C-Clause T \longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot T
 shows atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of (tl (trail T))
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?k = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level (D + \{\#L\#\}) (trail S)
 have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D using confl S-confl by auto
 then have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) unfolding atms-of-def
   by (meson image-subset mem-set-mset-iff true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 have max: get-maximum-level (D + \{\#L\#\}) (trail S)
   = length (qet-all-levels-of-marked (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) # M1))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S-lvl M by simp
 assume a: \neg ?thesis
 then obtain L' where
   L': L' \in atms\text{-}of D \text{ and }
   L'-notin-M1: L' \notin atm-of 'lits-of M1 using T undef decomp by auto
 then have L'-in: L' \in atm-of 'lits-of (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [])
   using vars-of-D unfolding M by force
 then obtain L'' where
   L^{\prime\prime} \in \# D and
   L'': L' = atm\text{-}of L''
   using L'L'-notin-M1 unfolding atms-of-def by auto
 have qet-level L'' (trail\ S) = qet-rev-level L'' (Suc\ i) (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ rev\ M2\ @\ rev\ M0)
   using L'-notin-M1 L'' M by (auto simp del: get-rev-level.simps)
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+?k]
   using inv S-lvl unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have get-all-levels-of-marked (M0 @ M2)
   = rev \left[ Suc \left( Suc i \right) ... < Suc \left( get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level } \left( D + \{ \#L\# \} \right) \left( trail S \right) \right) \right]
   unfolding M by (auto simp:rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end)
 then have M: get-all-levels-of-marked M0 @ get-all-levels-of-marked M2
   = rev [Suc (Suc i)..<Suc (length (get-all-levels-of-marked (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) # M1)))]
   unfolding max unfolding M by simp
 have get-rev-level L'' (Suc i) (Marked K (Suc i) # rev (M0 @ M2))
   ≥ Min (set ((Suc i) # get-all-levels-of-marked (Marked K (Suc i) # rev (M0 @ M2))))
   using get-rev-level-ge-min-get-all-levels-of-marked[of L''
     rev (M0 @ M2 @ [Marked K (Suc i)]) Suc i] L'-in
   unfolding L'' by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
 also have Min (set ((Suc i) # get-all-levels-of-marked (Marked K (Suc i) # rev (M0 @ M2))))
   = Min (set ((Suc i) \# get-all-levels-of-marked (rev (M0 @ M2)))) by auto
 also have ... = Min (set ((Suc \ i) \# qet-all-levels-of-marked \ M0 @ qet-all-levels-of-marked \ M2))
   by (simp add: Un-commute)
 also have ... = Min (set ((Suc i) \# [Suc (Suc i)... < 2 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked M0))
   + (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M2) + length (get-all-levels-of-marked M1))]))
   unfolding M by (auto simp add: Un-commute)
 also have ... = Suc\ i by (auto\ intro:\ Min-eqI)
 finally have get-rev-level L'' (Suc i) (Marked K (Suc i) # rev (M0 @ M2)) \geq Suc i.
```

```
then have get-level L'' (trail S) \geq i + 1
   using \langle get\text{-level }L'' \ (trail \ S) = get\text{-rev-level }L'' \ (Suc \ i) \ (Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \ \# \ rev \ M2 \ @ \ rev \ M0) \rangle
   by simp
  then have get-maximum-level D (trail S) \geq i + 1
   using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level [OF \langle L'' \in \# D \rangle, of trail S by auto
  then show False using i by auto
qed
lemma distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other:
 assumes a1: no-dup (M @ M')
 and a2: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of M'
 shows\forall x \in atms\text{-}of D. x \notin atm\text{-}of 'lits\text{-}of M
proof -
  \{ \mathbf{fix} \ aa :: 'a \}
   have ff1: \bigwedge l ms. undefined-lit ms l \vee atm-of l
     \in set (map (\lambda m. atm-of (lit-of (m:('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit))) ms)
     by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
   have ff2: \bigwedge a. a \notin atms\text{-}of D \lor a \in atm\text{-}of ' lits-of M'
     using a2 by (meson subsetCE)
   have ff3: \bigwedge a. \ a \notin set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ m)) \ M')
     \vee a \notin set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ m)) \ M)
     using a1 by (metis (lifting) IntI distinct-append empty-iff map-append)
   have \forall L \ a \ f. \ \exists \ l. \ ((a::'a) \notin f \ `L \lor (l::'a \ literal) \in L) \land (a \notin f \ `L \lor f \ l = a)
     by blast
   then have aa \notin atms\text{-}of D \lor aa \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ '} lits\text{-}of M
     using ff3 ff2 ff1 by (metis (no-types) Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of) }
  then show ?thesis
   by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-propagate-is-conclusion:
 assumes
    cdcl_W S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (init-clss \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S)) and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause T \longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot T \text{ and }
    alien: no-strange-atm S
  shows all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case restart
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case forget
  then show ?case using decomp by auto
next
  case conflict
  then show ?case using decomp by auto
  case (resolve L C M D) note tr = this(1) and T = this(4)
 let ?decomp = get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M
 have M: set ?decomp = insert (hd ?decomp) (set (tl ?decomp))
   by (cases ?decomp) auto
  show ?case
```

```
using decomp tr T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M))
      (auto\ simp:\ M)
next
  case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D) note tr=this(1) and T=this(5)
 have M: set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
   =insert\ (hd\ (qet-all-marked-decomposition\ M))\ (set\ (tl\ (qet-all-marked-decomposition\ M)))
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) auto
 show ?case
   using decomp tr T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M))
      (auto simp add: M)
next
  case decide note S = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 show ?case using decomp T undef unfolding S all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
  case (propagate C L T) note propa = this(2) and undef = this(3) and T = this(5)
 obtain a y where ay: hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, y)
   by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
  then have M: trail\ S = y @ a using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp by blast
 have M': set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail\ S))
   = insert (a, y) (set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))))
   using ay by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
  have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \models ps \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) 'set y \in S
   using decomp ay unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) fastforce+
  then have a-Un-N-M: (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset (init-clss S)
   \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ (trail \ S)
   unfolding M by (auto simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss image-Un)
  have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset (init\text{-}clss S) \models p \{\#L\#\} (is ?I \models p -)
   proof (rule true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     show ?I \models p \ C + \{\#L\#\}
       using propa propagate.prems learned confl unfolding M
       by (metis Un-iff cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def mem-set-mset-iff propagate.hyps(1)
         set-mset-union true-clss-clss-in-imp-true-clss-cls true-clss-cs-mono-l2
         union-trus-clss-clss)
   next
     have (\lambda m. \{\#lit\text{-}of m\#\}) 'set (trail S) \models ps \ CNot \ C
       using \langle (trail\ S) \models as\ CNot\ C \rangle true-annots-true-clss-clss by blast
     then show ?I \models ps \ CNot \ C
       using a-Un-N-M true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-l-r by blast
   qed
  moreover have \bigwedge aa\ b.
     \forall (Ls, seen) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (y @ a)).
       (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) 'set Ls \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \models ps \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\})'set seen
   \implies (aa, b) \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition <math>(y @ a)))
   \implies (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) 'set aa \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \models ps \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) 'set b
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prod-conv qet-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty-sym
     list.collapse\ list.set-intros(2))
  ultimately show ?case
   using decomp T undef unfolding ay all-decomposition-implies-def
   using M (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset (init\text{-}clss S) \models ps (\lambda a. <math>\{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set y)
    ay by auto
```

```
next
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp' = this(1) and lev-L = this(2) and conf = this(3)
   undef = this(6) and T = this(7)
 have \forall l \in set M2. \neg is\text{-}marked l
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-not-marked backtrack.hyps(1) by blast
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # M1
   using decomp' by auto
 show ?case unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ x
     assume x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
     then have x: x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated L ((D + {\#L\#})) \# M1))
      using T decomp' undef by simp
     let ?m = qet-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated L ((D + {\#L\#})) \# M1)
     let ?hd = hd ?m
     let ?tl = tl ?m
     have x = ?hd \lor x \in set ?tl
      using x by (case-tac ?m) auto
     moreover {
      assume x \in set ?tl
      then have x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
        using tl-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some[of x] by (simp \ add: \ list.set-sel(2) \ M)
      then have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#}) 'set Ls
             \cup set-mset (init-clss (T))
             \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `set \ seen
        using decomp learned decomp confl alien inv T undef M
        unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
     }
     moreover {
      assume x = ?hd
      obtain M1' M1" where M1: hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M1) = (M1', M1")
        by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M1))
      then have x': x = (M1', Propagated L ((D + {\#L\#})) \# M1'')
        using \langle x = ?hd \rangle by auto
      have (M1', M1'') \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
        using M1[symmetric] hd-qet-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some[OF M1[symmetric],
          of M0 @ M2 - i + 1 unfolding M by fastforce
      then have 1: (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set M1' \cup set-mset (init-clss S)
        \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set M1''
        using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
      moreover
        have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D \ using \ conf \ confl \ by \ auto
        then have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)
          unfolding atms-of-def
         by (meson image-subsetI mem-set-mset-iff true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
        \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{vars-of-D}\colon \mathit{atms-of}\ D\subseteq \mathit{atm-of}\ `\mathit{lits-of}\ \mathit{M1}
          using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1[of S M1 L D i K M2 T] backtrack inv conf confl
          by auto
        have no-dup (trail S) using inv by auto
        then have vars-in-M1:
         using vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other of M0 @M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [
           M1
          unfolding M by auto
```

```
have M1 \models as \ CNot \ D
           using vars-in-M1 true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars[of M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # []
             M1 \ CNot \ D \ \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \  unfolding M \ lits - of - def \  by simp
         have M1 = M1'' @ M1' by (simp add: M1 get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp)
         have TT: (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\}) 'set M1' \cup set\text{-}mset\ (init\text{-}clss\ S) \models ps\ CNot\ D
           using true-annots-true-clss-cls[OF \langle M1 \mid = as\ CNot\ D)] true-clss-clss-left-right[OF\ 1,
             of CNot D unfolding \langle M1 = M1'' \otimes M1' \rangle by (auto simp add: inf-sup-aci(5,7))
         have init-clss S \models pm D + \{\#L\#\}
           using conf learned cdcl_W-learned-clause-def confl by blast
         then have T': (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\}) 'set M1' \cup set\text{-}mset\ (init\text{-}clss\ S) \models p\ D + \{\#L\#\} by auto
         have atms-of (D + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mu (clauses S)
           using alien conf unfolding no-strange-atm-def clauses-def by auto
         then have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set M1' \cup set\text{-}mset (init-clss S) \models p \{\#L\#\}
           using true-clss-cls-plus-CNot[OF T' TT] by auto
       ultimately
         have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#}) 'set Ls
           \cup set-mset (init-clss T)
           \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) 'set seen using T' T decomp' undef unfolding x' by simp
     }
     ultimately show case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#}) 'set Ls \cup set-mset (init-clss T)
       \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ \text{`set seen using } T \ \text{by } auto
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-propagate-is-false:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = C-Clause T \longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot T and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   mark-confl: every-mark-is-a-conflict S
 shows every-mark-is-a-conflict S'
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case (propagate CLT) note undef = this(3) and T = this(5)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = trail T
     then have (a=[] \land L=L' \land mark=C+\{\#L\#\} \land b=trail\ S)
       \vee tha @ Propagated L' mark # b = trail S
       using T undef by (cases a) fastforce+
     moreover {
       assume tl\ a\ @\ Propagated\ L'\ mark\ \#\ b=trail\ S
       then have b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# mark
         using mark-confl by auto
     }
     moreover {
       assume a=[] and L=L' and mark=C+\{\#L\#\} and b=trail\ S
       then have b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark
         using \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle by auto
     ultimately show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark \ by \ blast
```

```
qed
next
 case (decide L) note undef[simp] = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have \bigwedge a \ La \ mark \ b. a \ @ \ Propagated \ La \ mark \ \# \ b = Marked \ L \ (backtrack-lvl \ S+1) \ \# \ trail \ S
   \implies tl a @ Propagated La mark # b = trail S by (case-tac a, auto)
 then show ?case using mark-conft T unfolding decide.hyps(1) by fastforce
next
 case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D\ T) note tr=this(1) and T=this(5)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = trail T
     then have a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = M using tr T by simp
     then have (Propagated L C' # a) @ Propagated L' mark # b = Propagated L C' # M by auto
     moreover have \forall La \ mark \ a \ b. \ a @ Propagated \ La \ mark \ \# \ b = Propagated \ L \ C' \ \# \ M
       \longrightarrow b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# mark
      using mark-confl unfolding skip.hyps(1) by simp
     ultimately show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark \ by \ blast
   qed
next
 case (conflict D)
 then show ?case using mark-confl by simp
next
 case (resolve L C M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and T = this(4)
 show ?case unfolding resolve.hyps(1)
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = trail T
     then have Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M
      = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ a)\ @\ Propagated\ L'\ mark\ \#\ b
      using T tr-S by auto
     then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark
      using mark-confl unfolding resolve.hyps(1) by presburger
   qed
\mathbf{next}
 case restart
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case forget
 then show ?case using mark-confl by auto
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and conf = this(3) and undef = this(6)
and
   T = this(7)
 have \forall l \in set M2. \neg is\text{-}marked l
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-not-marked backtrack.hyps(1) by blast
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using backtrack.hyps(1) by auto
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls (D + {#L#}))
   (update-backtrack-lvl \ i \ (update-conflicting \ C-True \ S)))) = M1
   using decomp by auto
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix La mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated La mark \# b = trail T
```

```
then have (a = [ \land Propagated\ La\ mark = Propagated\ L\ (D + \{\#L\#\}) \land b = M1)
      \vee tl a @ Propagated La mark # b = M1
      using M T decomp undef by (cases a) (auto)
     moreover {
      assume A: a = [] and
        P: Propagated La mark = Propagated L ( (D + \{\#L\#\})) and
      have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D using conf confl by auto
      then have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)
        unfolding atms-of-def
        by (meson image-subset mem-set-mset-iff true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
      have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of M1
        using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1 [of S M1 L D i K M2 T] T backtrack lev confl by auto
      have no-dup (trail S) using lev by auto
      then have vars-in-M1: \forall x \in atms-of D. x \notin
        atm-of ' lits-of (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # [])
        using vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other of M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [
          M1] unfolding M by auto
      have M1 \models as \ CNot \ D
        using vars-in-M1 true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars[of M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [] M1
          then have b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# mark
        using P b by auto
     moreover {
      assume tl a @ Propagated La mark \# b = M1
      then obtain c' where c' @ Propagated La mark \# b = trail S unfolding M by auto
      then have b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark
        using mark-confl by blast
     ultimately show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark \ by \ fast
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-is-false:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   confl-inv: \forall T. \ conflicting \ S = C-Clause \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T \ and
   marked-confl: \forall L \text{ mark } a \text{ b. } a @ \text{Propagated } L \text{ mark } \# b = (\text{trail } S)
      \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark) \ \mathbf{and}
     dist: distinct-cdcl_W-state S
 shows \forall T. conflicting S' = C-Clause T \longrightarrow trail S' \models as CNot T
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D) note tr\text{-}S = this(1) and T = this(5)
 then have Propagated L C' \# M \models as CNot D using assms skip by auto
 moreover
   have L \notin \# D
     proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?thesis
      then have -L \in lits-of M
        using in-CNot-implies-uminus(2)[of D L Propagated L C' # M]
        \langle Propagated \ L \ C' \# M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ simp
      then show False
```

```
by (metis\ M-lev\ cdcl_W\ -M-level-inv-decomp(1)\ consistent-interp-def\ insert-iff
          lits-of-cons marked-lit.sel(2) skip.hyps(1))
     qed
  ultimately show ?case
   using skip.hyps(1-3) true-annots-CNot-lit-of-notin-skip T unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
    by fastforce
next
 case (resolve L C M D T) note tr = this(1) and confl = this(2) and T = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix T'
     have tl\ (trail\ S) \models as\ CNot\ C\ using\ tr\ assms(4) by fastforce
     moreover
      have distinct-mset (D + \{\#-L\#\}) using confl dist
        unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by auto
      then have -L \notin \# D unfolding distinct-mset-def by auto
      have M \models as \ CNot \ D
        proof -
          have Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M \modelsas CNot D \cup CNot \{\#-L\#\}
            using confl tr confl-inv by force
          then show ?thesis
            using M-lev \langle -L \notin \# D \rangle tr true-annots-lit-of-notin-skip by force
     moreover assume conflicting T = C-Clause T'
     ultimately
      show trail T \models as CNot T'
      using tr T by auto
   \mathbf{qed}
qed (auto simp: assms(2))
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp:
 assumes cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows \forall T. conflicting S = C-Clause T \longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot T
 and \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a \ @ \ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = (trail \ S)
    \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark)
 using assms unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp2:
 assumes cdcl_W-conflicting S and conflicting <math>S = C-Clause T
 shows trail S \models as \ CNot \ T
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp2':
 assumes
   cdcl_W-conflicting S and
   conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause D
 shows trail S \models as CNot D
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
  cdcl_W-conflicting (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
```

17.4.9 Putting all the invariants together

lemma $cdcl_W$ -all-inv:

```
assumes cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
 1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
 2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
 4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
 5: no\text{-}strange\text{-}atm \ S \ \mathbf{and}
 7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S and
 8: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
 and cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 and no-strange-atm S'
 and distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
 and cdcl_W-conflicting S'
proof -
 show S1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
   using cdcl_W-propagate-is-conclusion[OF cdcl_W 4 1 2 - 5] 8 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def
   by blast
 show S2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S' using cdcl_W-learned-clss[OF cdcl_W 2 4].
 show S_4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF cdcl_W 4].
 show S5: no-strange-atm S' using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv[OF cdcl_W 5 4].
 show S7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S' using distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv[OF\ cdcl_W\ 4\ 7].
 show S8: cdcl_W-conflicting S'
   using cdcl_W-conflicting-is-false[OF cdcl_W 4 - - 7] 8 cdcl_W-propagate-is-false[OF cdcl_W 4 2 1 -
   unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ S \ S' and
   1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   5: no-strange-atm S and
   7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S and
   8: cdcl_W-conflicting S
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S')) and
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' and
   no-strange-atm S' and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S' and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S'
  using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 \mathbf{case}\ base
   case 1 then show ?case by blast
   case 2 then show ?case by blast
   case 3 then show ?case by blast
   case 4 then show ?case by blast
   case 5 then show ?case by blast
   case 6 then show ?case by blast
next
 case (step S' S'') note H = this
   case 1 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
```

```
H by presburger
      case 2 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
             H by presburger
      case 3 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
             H by presburger
      case 4 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
             H by presburger
      case 5 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
             H by presburger
      case 6 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
             H by presburger
qed
lemma all-invariant-S0-cdcl_W:
   assumes distinct-mset-mset N
   shows all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss (init-state N))
                                                        (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (init-state\ N)))
   and cdcl_W-learned-clause (init-state N)
   and \forall T. conflicting (init-state N) = C-Clause T \longrightarrow (trail\ (init-state\ N)) \models as\ CNot\ T
   and no-strange-atm (init-state N)
   and consistent-interp (lits-of (trail (init-state N)))
   and \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a \ @ \ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = \ trail \ (init-state \ N) \longrightarrow
        (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark)
   and distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ (init\text{-}state\ N)
   using assms by auto
lemma cdcl_W-only-propagated-vars-unsat:
   assumes
      marked: \forall x \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked x \text{ and }
      DN: D \in \# \ clauses \ S \ and
      D: M \models as \ CNot \ D \ \mathbf{and}
      inv: all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M) and
      state: state S = (M, N, U, k, C) and
      learned-cl: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
      atm-incl: no-strange-atm S
   shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
proof (rule ccontr)
   assume \neg unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
   then obtain I where
      I: I \models s \ set\text{-}mset \ N \ \mathbf{and}
      cons: consistent-interp I and
      tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (set\text{-}mset \ N)
      unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
   have atms-of-mu\ N\ \cup\ atms-of-mu\ U=\ atms-of-mu\ N
      using atm-incl state unfolding total-over-m-def no-strange-atm-def
        by (auto simp add: clauses-def)
   then have total-over-m I (set-mset N) using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
   moreover have N \models psm\ U using learned-cl state unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
   ultimately have I-D: I \models D
      using I DN cons state unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def Ball-def
   \mathbf{by} \; (metis \; \mathit{Un-iff} \; \langle atms	ext{-}of	ext{-}mu \; N \; \cup \; atms	ext{-}of	ext{-}mu \; N 
angle \; 
      mem-set-mset-iff prod.inject set-mset-union total-over-m-def)
   have l0: \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} = \{\}\ using\ marked\ by\ auto
```

```
have atms-of-m (set-mset N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set M) = atms-of-mu N
   using atm-incl state unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
  then have total-over-m I (set-mset N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of } a\#\})) ' (set M))
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
  then have I \models s (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) ` (set M)
   using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF inv] cons I
   unfolding true-clss-clss-def l0 by auto
  then have IM: I \models s (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set M by auto}
  {
   \mathbf{fix}\ K
   assume K \in \# D
   then have -K \in lits\text{-}of M
     using D unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-annot-def true-cls-def true-lit-def
     Bex-mset-def by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) count-single less-not-reft mem-Collect-eq)
   then have -K \in I using IM true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl lits-of-def by fastforce
 then have \neg I \models D using consumfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def consistent-interp-def by auto
 then show False using I-D by blast
qed
We have actually a much stronger theorem, namely all-decomposition-implies ?N (get-all-marked-decomposition
?M) \implies ?N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set ?M\} \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of }a\#\}) \text{ 'set}
?M, that show that the only choices we made are marked in the formula
lemma
 assumes all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows set-mset N \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set M
proof
 have T: \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L\wedge L\in set\ M\}=\{\}\ using\ assms(2)\ by\ auto
 then show ?thesis
   using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF assms(1)] unfolding T by simp
qed
lemma conflict-with-false-implies-unsat:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   [simp]: conflicting S' = C-Clause \{\#\} and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
 using assms
proof -
 have cdcl_W-learned-clause S' using cdcl_W-learned-clss cdcl_W learned lev by auto
 then have init-clss S' \models pm \ \{\#\} using assms(3) unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
  then have init-clss S \models pm \{\#\}
   using cdcl_W-init-clss[OF\ assms(1)\ lev] by auto
 then show ?thesis unfolding satisfiable-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
qed
lemma conflict-with-false-implies-terminated:
 assumes cdcl_W S S'
 and conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause \{\#\}
 shows False
  using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct) auto
```

17.4.10 No tautology is learned

This is a simple consequence of all we have shown previously. It is not strictly necessary, but helps finding a better bound on the number of learned clauses.

```
lemma learned-clss-are-not-tautologies:
 assumes
   cdcl_W \ S \ S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
    no-tauto: \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s
  shows \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S'. \neg tautology s
  using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D) note confl = this(3)
 have consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S)) using lev by auto
  moreover
   have trail S \models as \ CNot \ (D + \{\#L\#\})
      using conflicting confl unfolding cdclw-conflicting-def by auto
   then have lits-of (trail S) \modelss CNot (D + {#L#}) using true-annots-true-cls by blast
  ultimately have \neg tautology (D + \{\#L\#\}) using consistent-CNot-not-tautology by blast
  then show ?case using backtrack no-tauto by (auto split: split-if-asm)
next
  case restart
  then show ?case using learned-clss-restart-state state-eq-learned-clss no-tauto
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) ball-msetE ball-msetI mem-set-mset-iff set-mset-mono subsetCE)
qed auto
definition final\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state (S:: 'st)
  \longleftrightarrow (trail S \models asm init-clss S
   \vee ((\forall L \in set \ (trail \ S). \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ L) \land
      (\exists C \in \# init\text{-}clss S. trail S \models as CNot C)))
definition termination-cdcl_W-state (S:: 'st)
   \longleftrightarrow (trail S \models asm init-clss S
    \lor ((\forall L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ (init\text{-}clss \ S). \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S))
       \land (\exists C \in \# init\text{-}clss \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C)))
         CDCL Strong Completeness
fun mapi :: ('a \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ list where
mapi - - [] = [] \mid
mapi f n (x \# xs) = f x n \# mapi f (n - 1) xs
lemma mark-not-in-set-mapi[simp]: L \notin set M \Longrightarrow Marked L k \notin set (mapi Marked i M)
 by (induct M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma propagated-not-in-set-mapi[simp]: L \notin set M \Longrightarrow Propagated L k \notin set (mapi Marked i M)
 by (induct M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma image-set-mapi:
  f 'set (mapi\ g\ i\ M) = set\ (mapi\ (\lambda x\ i.\ f\ (g\ x\ i))\ i\ M)
 by (induction\ M\ arbitrary:\ i)\ auto
lemma mapi-map-convert:
  \forall x \ i \ j. \ f \ x \ i = f \ x \ j \Longrightarrow mapi \ f \ i \ M = map \ (\lambda x. \ f \ x \ 0) \ M
```

```
by (induction M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma defined-lit-mapi: defined-lit (mapi Marked i M) L \longleftrightarrow atm-of L \in atm-of 'set M
 by (induction M) (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-set-mapi mapi-map-convert)
lemma cdcl_W-can-do-step:
 assumes
   consistent-interp (set M) and
   distinct M and
   atm\text{-}of `(set M) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu N
 shows \exists S. rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ (init\text{-state } N) \ S
   \wedge state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, \ N, \{\#\}, \ length \ M, \ C-True)
 using assms
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons\ L\ M) note IH=this(1)
 have consistent-interp (set M) and distinct M and atm-of 'set M \subseteq atms-of-mu N
   using Cons.prems(1-3) unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
  then obtain S where
   st: cdcl_{W}^{**} (init\text{-}state\ N)\ S \ \mathbf{and}
   S: state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, \ N, \{\#\}, \ length \ M, \ C-True)
   using IH by auto
 let S_0 = incr-lvl \ (cons-trail \ (Marked \ L \ (length \ M + 1)) \ S
 have undefined-lit (mapi Marked (length M) M) L
   using Cons.prems(1,2) unfolding defined-lit-def consistent-interp-def by fastforce
 moreover have init-clss S = N
   using S by blast
 moreover have atm-of L \in atms-of-mu N using Cons.prems(3) by auto
 moreover have undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L
   using S (distinct (L \# M)) (calculation(1)) by (auto simp: defined-lit-map) defined-lit-map)
 ultimately have cdcl_W S ?S_0
   using cdcl_W.other[OF cdcl_W-o.decide[OF decide-rule]OF S,
     of L ?S_0]]] S by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
 then show ?case
   using st S undef by (auto intro!: exI[of - ?S_0])
qed
lemma cdcl_W-strong-completeness:
 assumes
   set M \models s set\text{-}mset N \text{ and }
   consistent-interp (set M) and
   distinct M and
   atm\text{-}of \text{ '} (set M) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu N
 obtains S where
   state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, \ N, \ \{\#\}, \ length \ M, \ C-True) and
   rtranclp\ cdcl_W\ (init\text{-}state\ N)\ S\ and
   final-cdcl_W-state S
proof -
 obtain S where
   st: rtranclp\ cdcl_W\ (init\text{-}state\ N)\ S and
   S: state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, \ N, \{\#\}, \ length \ M, \ C-True)
```

using $cdcl_W$ -can-do-step[OF assms(2-4)] by auto have lits-of (mapi Marked (length M) M) = set M

```
by (induct M, auto)
then have mapi Marked (length M) M \models asm N using assms(1) true-annots-true-cls by metis
then have final\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state S
using S unfolding final\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}def by auto
then show ?thesis using that st S by blast
qed
```

17.6 Higher level strategy

The rules described previously do not lead to a conclusive state. We have to add a strategy.

17.6.1 Definition

```
lemma tranclp-conflict-iff[iff]:
 \mathit{full1}\ \mathit{conflict}\ S\ S^{\,\prime} \longleftrightarrow \mathit{conflict}\ S\ S^{\,\prime}
proof -
 have tranclp conflict S S' \Longrightarrow conflict S S'
   {\bf unfolding} \ full 1-def \ {\bf by} \ (induct \ rule: \ tranclp.induct) \ force+
 then have tranclp conflict S S' \Longrightarrow conflict S S' by (meson rtranclpD)
 then show ?thesis unfolding full1-def by (metis conflictE conflicting-clause.simps(3))
   conflicting-update-conflicting\ state-eq-conflicting\ tranclp.intros(1))
qed
inductive cdcl_W-cp :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict'[intro]: conflict S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp S S'
propagate': propagate \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S'
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps dest: cdcl_W.intros)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-cp S' T'
 using assms
 apply (induction)
   using conflict-state-eq-compatible apply auto[1]
 using propagate' propagate-state-eq-compatible by auto
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp^{++} S T and
   S \sim S' and
    T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-cp^{++} S' T'
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible by blast
next
 case (step\ U\ V)
```

```
obtain ss :: 'st where
   cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ S\ ss\ \wedge\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp^{**}\ ss\ U
   by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ step(1)\ tranclpD)
  then show ?case
   by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ rtranclp.rtrancl-into\text{-}rtrancl\ rtranclp-into\text{-}tranclp2
     state-eq-ref step(2) step(4) step(5)
qed
lemma conflicting-clause-full-cdcl_W-cp:
  conflicting S \neq C\text{-}True \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ S \ S
unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold by (auto simp add: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.simps)
{\bf lemma}\ skip\text{-}unique:
 skip \ S \ T \Longrightarrow skip \ S \ T' \Longrightarrow T \sim T'
 by (fastforce simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
lemma resolve-unique:
  resolve S \ T \Longrightarrow resolve \ S \ T' \Longrightarrow T \sim T'
 by (fastforce simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (auto elim!: conflictE propagateE)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-clauses)+
lemma no-conflict-after-conflict:
  conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \neg conflict \ T \ U
 by fastforce
lemma no-propagate-after-conflict:
  conflict S T \Longrightarrow \neg propagate T U
 by fastforce
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S U
 shows (propagate^{++} S U \land conflicting U = C-True)
   \vee (\exists T D. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U \wedge conflicting U = C-Clause D)
proof -
 have propagate^{++} S U \vee (\exists T. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U)
   using assms by induction
   (force simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps tranclp-into-rtranclp dest: no-conflict-after-conflict
      no-propagate-after-conflict)+
 moreover
   have propagate^{++} S U \Longrightarrow conflicting U = C\text{-}True
     unfolding tranclp-unfold-end by auto
```

```
moreover
   have \bigwedge T. conflict T \ U \Longrightarrow \exists D. conflicting U = C-Clause D
 ultimately show ?thesis by meson
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty[simp]: conflicting S = C-Clause D \implies \neg cdcl_W-cp S S'
proof
 assume cdcl_W-cp S S' and conflicting S = C-Clause D
 then show False by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) auto
qed
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}conflict\text{-}no\text{-}propagate}:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 shows no-step conflict S and no-step propagate S
 using assms conflict' apply blast
 by (meson assms conflict' propagate')
CDCL with the reasonable strategy: we fully propagate the conflict and propagate, then we
apply any other possible rule cdcl_W-o S S' and re-apply conflict and propagate full cdcl_W-cp
S' S''
inductive cdcl_W-stgy :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
conflict': full1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - stgy \ S \ S'
\textit{other': } \textit{cdcl}_{W}\textit{-o} \textit{ S S'} \implies \textit{no-step } \textit{cdcl}_{W}\textit{-cp } \textit{S} \implies \textit{full } \textit{cdcl}_{W}\textit{-cp } \textit{S' S''} \implies \textit{cdcl}_{W}\textit{-stgy } \textit{S S''}
17.6.2
           Invariants
These are the same invariants as before, but lifted
lemma cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) fastforce+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv)+
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'
 using assms by (simp add: rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.induct) fastforce+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-backtrack-lvl)+
lemma cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
```

```
and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-consistent-inv cdcl_W.conflict by blast
next
 case (propagate' S S')
 have cdcl_W S S'
   using propagate'.hyps(1) propagate by blast
 then show cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using propagate'.prems(1) cdcl_W-consistent-inv propagate by blast
qed
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms unfolding full1-def
proof -
 have cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S using assms unfolding full1-def by auto
 then show ?thesis by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) (blast intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-consistent-inv)+
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv:
 assumes rtranclp\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms unfolding full1-def
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (blast intro: cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv)+
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy SS'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 unfolding full-unfold by (blast intro: cdcl_W-consistent-inv full1-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv
   cdcl_W.other)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by induction (auto dest!: cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) auto
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss)
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  unfolding full-1-def full-def apply (blast dest: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss
   tranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss)
 by (metis\ cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss rtranclp-unfold tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-init-clss)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, simp)
 using cdcl_W-stqy-no-more-init-clss by (simp add: rtrancl_P-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail':
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 obtains M where trail S' = M @ trail S and (\forall l \in set M. \neg is\text{-marked } l)
 using assms by induction fastforce+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail':
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 obtains M:('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit \ list \ where
   trail \ S' = M @ trail \ S \ and \ \forall \ l \in set \ M. \ \neg is-marked \ l
 using assms by induction (fastforce dest!: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail')+
lemma cdcl_W-cp-dropWhile-trail:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows \exists M. trail S' = M @ trail S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l)
 using assms by induction fastforce+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows \exists M. trail S' = M \otimes trail S \wedge (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l)
 using assms by induction (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-drop While-trail)+
This theorem can be seen a a termination theorem for cdcl_W-cp.
lemma length-model-le-vars:
 assumes no-strange-atm S
 and no\text{-}d: no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S)
 and finite (atms-of-mu\ (init-clss\ S))
 shows length (trail S) \leq card (atms-of-mu (init-clss S))
  obtain M \ N \ U \ k \ D where S: state S = (M, N, U, k, D) by (cases state S, auto)
 have finite (atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of (trail S))
   using assms(1,3) unfolding S by (auto simp add: finite-subset)
 have length (trail\ S) = card\ (atm-of\ `lits-of\ (trail\ S))
   using no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of no-d by blast
  then show ?thesis using assms(1) unfolding no-strange-atm-def
 by (auto simp add: assms(3) card-mono)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-decreasing-measure:
 assumes cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp S T and M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
```

```
and alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mu \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
     + (if \ conflicting \ S = C\text{-True then 1 else 0})) \ S
   > (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mu \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
     + (if conflicting S = C-True then 1 else \theta)) T
 using assms
proof -
 have length (trail T) \leq card (atms-of-mu (init-clss T))
   apply (rule length-model-le-vars)
      using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv alien M-lev apply (meson cdcl_W cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-cp.cases)
     using M-lev cdcl_W cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv apply blast
     using cdcl_W by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
 with assms
 show ?thesis by induction (auto split: split-if-asm)+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-wf: wf {(b,a). (cdcl_W-M-level-inv a \land no-strange-atm a)
 \land cdcl_W - cp \ a \ b
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure' of less-than - -
     (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mu \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
       + (if \ conflicting \ S = C - True \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0))])
   apply simp
 using cdcl_W-cp-decreasing-measure unfolding less-than-iff by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-cdcl_W-cp-iff-rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows (\lambda a \ b. \ (cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a \land no - strange - atm \ a) \land cdcl_W - cp \ a \ b)^{**} \ S \ T
   \longleftrightarrow cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T
  (is ?IS T \longleftrightarrow ?CS T)
proof
 assume
    ?IST
 then show ?C S T by induction auto
next
  assume
    ?CST
 then show ?IST
   proof induction
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
   next
     case (step\ T\ U) note st=this(1) and cp=this(2) and IH=this(3)
     have cdcl_W^{**} S T
       by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty cp st
         rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not)
     then have
       cdcl_W-M-level-inv T and
       no-strange-atm T
        using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle apply (simp \ add: \ assms(1) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
       using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle alien rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv lev by blast
     then have (\lambda a \ b. \ (cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv \ a \land no\text{-}strange\text{-}atm \ a)
       \wedge \ cdcl_W - cp \ a \ b)^{**} \ T \ U
       using cp by auto
```

```
then show ?case using IH by auto
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element:
 assumes
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    no-strange-atm S
 obtains T where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ T
proof
 let ?inv = \lambda a. (cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv a \wedge no-strange-atm a)
 obtain T where T: full (\lambda a \ b. ?inv a \wedge cdcl_W-cp a \ b) S T
   using cdcl_W-cp-wf wf-exists-normal-form[of <math>\lambda a \ b. ?inv \ a \land cdcl_W-cp \ a \ b]
   unfolding full-def by blast
   then have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-cdcl_W-cp-iff-rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp assms unfolding full-def
     by blast
   moreover
     then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
     then have
       cdcl_W-M-level-inv T and
       no-strange-atm T
        using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle apply (simp \ add: \ assms(1) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
       \mathbf{using} \  \, \langle cdcl_{W}{}^{**} \  \, S \  \, T \rangle \  \, assms(2) \  \, rtranclp-cdcl_{W} - no\text{-}strange\text{-}atm\text{-}inv \  \, lev \  \, \mathbf{by} \  \, blast
     then have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
       using T unfolding full-def by auto
   ultimately show thesis using that unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma in-atms-of-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-m:
  C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#A \implies x \in atms\text{-}of \ C \implies x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ A
 by (metis add.commute atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit atms-of-atms-of-m-mono contra-subsetD
   mem-set-mset-iff multi-member-skip)
lemma propagate-no-stange-atm:
 assumes
   propagate SS' and
   no-strange-atm S
 shows no-strange-atm S'
 using assms by induction
  (auto simp add: no-strange-atm-def clauses-def in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-m
   in-atms-of-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-m)
lemma always-exists-full-cdcl_W-cp-step:
 assumes no-strange-atm S
 shows \exists S''. full cdcl_W-cp S S''
 using assms
proof (induct card (atms-of-mu (init-clss S) - atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)) arbitrary: S)
 case \theta note card = this(1) and alien = this(2)
  then have atm: atms-of-mu (init-clss S) = atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)
   unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
  { assume a: \exists S'. conflict S S'
   then obtain S' where S': conflict S S' by metis
   then have \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W - cp S' S'' by auto
```

```
then have ?case using a S' cdcl_W-cp.conflict' unfolding full-def by blast
  moreover {
   assume a: \exists S'. propagate SS'
   then obtain S' where propagate SS' by blast
   then obtain M N U k C L where S: state S = (M, N, U, k, C-True)
   and S': state S' = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ C\text{-True})
   and C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S
   and M \models as \ CNot \ C
   and undefined-lit M L
   using propagate by auto
   have atms-of-mu U \subseteq atms-of-mu N using alien S unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
     using \langle C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ clauses \ S \rangle S unfolding atms-of-m-def clauses-def by force+
   then have False using \(\cundefined\)-lit M L\(\circ\) S unfolding atm unfolding lits-of-def
     by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
  }
 ultimately show ?case by (metis cdcl_W-cp. cases full-def rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
next
  case (Suc\ n) note IH = this(1) and card = this(2) and alien = this(3)
  { assume a: \exists S'. conflict S S'
   then obtain S' where S': conflict S S' by metis
   then have \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W - cp S' S'' by auto
   then have ?case unfolding full-def Ex-def using S' cdclw-cp.conflict' by blast
  }
  moreover {
   assume a: \exists S'. propagate SS'
   then obtain S' where propagate: propagate S S' by blast
   then obtain M N U k C L where
     S: state S = (M, N, U, k, C\text{-True}) and
     S': state S' = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ C\text{-True}) and
     C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \text{ and }
     M \models as \ CNot \ C and
     undefined-lit M L
     by fastforce
   then have atm\text{-}of\ L\notin atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\ M
     unfolding lits-of-def by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
   moreover
     have no-strange-atm S' using alien propagate propagate-no-stange-atm by blast
     then have atm-of L \in atms-of-mu N using S' unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
     then have A. \{atm\text{-}of L\} \subseteq atm\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ N-A \lor atm\text{-}of \ L \in A \ \text{by force}
   moreover have Suc\ n - card\ \{atm\text{-}of\ L\} = n\ \textbf{by}\ simp
   moreover have card\ (atms-of-mu\ N\ -\ atm-of\ `lits-of\ M) = Suc\ n
    using card S S' by simp
   ultimately
     have card\ (atms-of-mu\ N\ -\ atm-of\ `insert\ L\ (lits-of\ M))=n
      by (metis (no-types) Diff-insert card-Diff-subset finite.emptyI finite.insertI image-insert)
     then have n = card (atms-of-mu (init-clss S') - atm-of 'lits-of (trail S'))
      using card S S' by simp
   then have a1: Ex (full cdcl_W-cp S') using IH (no-strange-atm S') by blast
   have ?case
     proof -
      obtain S'' :: 'st where
        ff1: cdcl_W-cp^{**} S' S'' \wedge no-step cdcl_W-cp S''
        using a1 unfolding full-def by blast
```

```
have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S''
using ff1 cdcl_W-cp.intros(2)[OF\ propagate]
by (metis\ (no-types)\ converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
then have \exists S''. cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'' \land (\forall S'''. \neg cdcl_W-cp S'' S''')
using ff1 by blast
then show ?thesis unfolding full-def
by meson
qed
}
ultimately show ?case unfolding full-def by (metis\ cdcl_W-cp.cases\ rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
qed
```

17.6.3 Literal of highest level in conflicting clauses

One important property of the $cdcl_W$ with strategy is that, whenever a conflict takes place, there is at least a literal of level k involved (except if we have derived the false clause). The reason is that we apply conflicts before a decision is taken.

```
abbreviation no-clause-is-false :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
no-clause-is-false \equiv
 \lambda S. \ (conflicting \ S = C\text{-}True \longrightarrow (\forall \ D \in \# \ clauses \ S. \ \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D))
abbreviation conflict-is-false-with-level :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict-is-false-with-level S' \equiv \forall D. conflicting S' = C-Clause D \longrightarrow D \neq \{\#\}
  \longrightarrow (\exists L \in \# D. \ get\text{-level} \ L \ (trail \ S') = backtrack\text{-lvl} \ S')
lemma not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss:
 assumes \forall S'. \neg conflict S S'
 shows no-clause-is-false S
 using assms state-eq-ref by blast
lemma full-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss:
 assumes full cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss unfolding full-def by blast
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss unfolding full1-def by blast
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stqy SS'
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 using full1-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss full-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss by metis+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and no-clause-is-false S
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and no-clause-is-false S
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
```

```
shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case propagate'
 then show ?case by auto
qed
lemma no-chained-conflict:
 assumes conflict S S'
 and conflict S' S''
 shows False
 using assms by fastforce
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W - cp^{**} S U
 shows propagate^{**} S U \lor (\exists T. propagate^{**} S T \land conflict T U)
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (step U V) note SU = this(1) and UV = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 consider (confl) T where propagate^{**} S T and conflict T U
   | (propa) propagate** S U using IH by auto
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case confl
     then have False using UV by auto
     then show ?thesis by fast
   next
     case propa
    also have conflict U \ V \ \forall \ propagate \ U \ V \ using \ UV \ by \ (auto \ simp \ add: \ cdcl_W-cp.simps)
     ultimately show ?thesis by force
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level} :
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-cp S U
 and cls-f: no-clause-is-false S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level U
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} D
 assume confl: conflicting U = C-Clause D and
   D: D \neq \{\#\}
 consider (CT) conflicting S = C-True | (SD) D' where conflicting S = C-Clause D'
   by (cases conflicting S) auto
 then show \exists L \in \#D. get-level L (trail U) = backtrack-lvl U
   proof cases
    case SD
     then have S = U
```

```
by (metis (no-types) assms(1) \ cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty full-def rtranclpD tranclpD)
then show ?thesis using assms(3) confl D by blast-
case CT
have init-clss U = init-clss S and learned-clss U = learned-clss S
 using assms(1) unfolding full-def
   apply (metis\ (no-types)\ rtranclpD\ tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss)
 by (metis\ (mono-tags,\ lifting)\ assms(1)\ full-def\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv)
obtain T where propagate^{**} S T and TU: conflict T U
 proof
   have f5: U \neq S
     using confl CT by force
   then have cdcl_W-cp^{++} S U
     by (metis full full-def rtranclpD)
   have \bigwedge p pa. \neg propagate p pa \lor conflicting pa =
     (C-True::'v literal multiset conflicting-clause)
     by auto
   then show ?thesis
     using f5 that tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[OF \langle cdcl_W-cp<sup>++</sup> S U\rangle]
     full confl CT unfolding full-def by auto
 qed
have init-clss T = init-clss S and learned-clss T = learned-clss S
 using TU \langle init\text{-}clss \ U = init\text{-}clss \ S \rangle \langle learned\text{-}clss \ U = learned\text{-}clss \ S \rangle by auto
then have D \in \# clauses S
 using TU confl by (fastforce simp: clauses-def)
then have \neg trail S \models as CNot D
 using cls-f CT by simp
moreover
 obtain M where tr-U: trail U = M @ trail S and nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is-marked m
   by (metis\ (mono-tags,\ lifting)\ assms(1)\ full-def\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail)
 have trail U \models as \ CNot \ D
   using TU confl by auto
ultimately obtain L where L \in \# D and -L \in lits-of M
 unfolding tr-U CNot-def true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by auto
moreover have inv-U: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
 by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv\ full\ full\text{-}unfold\ lev})
moreover
 have backtrack-lvl\ U = backtrack-lvl\ S
   using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-backtrack-lvl)
moreover
 have no-dup (trail\ U)
   using inv-U unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
  { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, \ nat, \ 'v \ literal \ multiset) \ marked-lit \ \mathbf{and}
     xb :: ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit
   assume a1: atm\text{-}of\ L = atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ xb)
   moreover assume a2: -L = lit - of x
   moreover assume a3: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) ' set M
     \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) \ `set \ (trail \ S) = \{\}
   moreover assume a4: x \in set M
   moreover assume a5: xb \in set (trail S)
   moreover have atm\text{-}of(-L) = atm\text{-}ofL
     by auto
   ultimately have False
```

```
by auto
       then have LS: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S)
         using \langle -L \in lits\text{-}of M \rangle \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ U) \rangle unfolding tr\text{-}U \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}def by auto
     ultimately have get-level L (trail\ U) = backtrack-lvl\ U
       proof (cases get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) \neq [], goal-cases)
         case 2 note LD = this(1) and LM = this(2) and inv - U = this(3) and US = this(4) and
           LS = this(5) and ne = this(6)
         have backtrack-lvl S = 0
           using lev ne unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
         moreover have get-rev-level L \theta (rev M) = \theta
           using nm by auto
         ultimately show ?thesis using LS ne US unfolding tr-U
           by (simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked lits-of-def)
       next
         case 1 note LD = this(1) and LM = this(2) and inv - U = this(3) and US = this(4) and
           LS = this(5) and ne = this(6)
         have hd (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) = backtrack-lvl S
           using ne unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(4)[OF lev] by auto
         moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\ '\ lits\text{-}of\ M
           using \langle -L \in lits-of M \rangle by (simp\ add:\ atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
             lits-of-def)
         ultimately show ?thesis
           using nm ne unfolding tr-U
           using qet-level-skip-beginning-hd-qet-all-levels-of-marked [OF LS, of M]
              get-level-skip-in-all-not-marked[of rev M L backtrack-lvl S]
           unfolding lits-of-def US
           by auto
         qed
     then show \exists L \in \#D. get-level L (trail U) = backtrack-lvl U
       using \langle L \in \# D \rangle by blast
   qed
qed
           Literal of highest level in marked literals
definition mark-is-false-with-level :: 'st <math>\Rightarrow bool where
mark-is-false-with-level S' \equiv
 \forall D \ M1 \ M2 \ L. \ M1 @ Propagated \ L \ D \# M2 = trail \ S' \longrightarrow D - \{\#L\#\} \neq \{\#\}
    \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# \ D \land get\text{-level } L \ (trail \ S') = get\text{-maximum-possible-level } M1)
definition no-more-propagation-to-do:: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
no-more-propagation-to-do S \equiv
 \forall D \ M \ M' \ L. \ D + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ clauses \ S \longrightarrow trail \ S = M' @ M \longrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ D

ightarrow undefined-lit M L 
ightarrow get-maximum-possible-level M < backtrack-lvl S
   \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level } L \ (trail \ S) = get\text{-maximum-possible-level } M)
lemma propagate-no-more-propagation-to-do:
 assumes propagate: propagate S S'
 and H: no-more-propagation-to-do S
 and M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
 using assms
proof -
 obtain M N U k C L where
```

```
S: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, C-True) and
   S': state S' = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ C\text{-True}) and
   C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \text{ and }
   M \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit M L
   using propagate by auto
  let ?M' = Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M
  show ?thesis unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix D M1 M2 L'
     assume D-L: D + \{\#L'\#\} \in \# clauses S'
     and trail S' = M2 @ M1
     and get-max: get-maximum-possible-level M1 < backtrack-lvl S'
     and M1 \models as \ CNot \ D
     and undef: undefined-lit M1 L'
     have the M2 @ M1 = trail S \vee (M2 = [] \wedge M1 = Propagated L ((C + {\#L\#})) \# M)
       using \langle trail \ S' = M2 @ M1 \rangle \ S' \ S by (cases M2) auto
       assume tl M2 @ M1 = trail S
      moreover have D + \{\#L'\#\} \in \# clauses S using D-L S S' unfolding clauses-def by auto
       moreover have get-maximum-possible-level M1 < backtrack-lvl S
        using get-max S S' by auto
       ultimately obtain L' where L' \in \# D and
        get-level L' (trail\ S) = get-maximum-possible-level M1
        using H \langle M1 \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle undef unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def by metis
       moreover
        { have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
            using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF - M] cdcl_W.propagate[OF propagate] by blast
          then have no-dup ?M' using S' by auto
          moreover
            have atm\text{-}of L' \in atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of M1)
              using \langle L' \in \# D \rangle \langle M1 \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by (metis atm-of-uninus image-eqI
                in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
            then have atm\text{-}of L' \in atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of M)
              using \langle tl \ M2 \ @ \ M1 = trail \ S \rangle \ S \ by \ auto
          ultimately have atm\text{-}of\ L \neq atm\text{-}of\ L' unfolding lits\text{-}of\text{-}def by auto
       ultimately have \exists L' \in \# D. get-level L' (trail S') = get-maximum-possible-level M1
        using SS' by auto
     moreover {
       assume M2 = [] and M1: M1 = Propagated L ((C + {\#L\#})) \# M
      have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
        using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF - M] cdcl_W.propagate[OF propagate] by blast
       then have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S') = rev ([Suc \theta...<(Suc \theta+k)]) using S' by auto
       then have get-maximum-possible-level M1 = backtrack-lvl S'
        using get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked of M1 S' M1
        by (auto intro: Max-eqI)
       then have False using get-max by auto
     ultimately show \exists L. L \in \# D \land get\text{-level } L \text{ (trail } S') = get\text{-maximum-possible-level } M1 \text{ by } fast
  qed
qed
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict \hbox{-} no\hbox{-}more\hbox{-}propagation\hbox{-}to\hbox{-}do:$

```
assumes conflict: conflict S S'
 and H: no-more-propagation-to-do S
 and M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
 using assms unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def conflict.simps by force
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-propagation-to-do:
 assumes conflict: cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S'
 and H: no-more-propagation-to-do S
 and M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
 using assms
 proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict' S S')
 then show ?case using conflict-no-more-propagation-to-do[of S S'] by blast
next
 case (propagate' S S') note S = this
 show 1: no-more-propagation-to-do S'
   using propagate-no-more-propagation-to-do of SS' \setminus S by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
 assumes
   o: cdcl_W-o S S' and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. \ cdcl_W-stqy SS'
proof -
 obtain S'' where full cdcl_W-cp S' S''
    \textbf{using} \ always-exists-full-cdcl_W-cp-step \ alien \ cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv \ cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss 
    o other lev by (meson\ cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
 then show ?thesis
   using assms by (metis always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.conflict' full-unfold other')
qed
lemma backtrack-no-decomp:
 assumes S: state S = (M, N, U, k, C\text{-Clause}(D + \{\#L\#\}))
 and L: get-level L M = k
 and D: get-maximum-level D M < k
 and M-L: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. cdcl_W \text{-}o S S'
proof -
 have L-D: get-level L M = get-maximum-level (D + \{\#L\#\}) M
   using L D by (simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
 let ?i = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ D\ M
 obtain K M1 M2 where K: (Marked K (?i + 1) # M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition
M
   using backtrack-ex-decomp[OF M-L, of ?i] D S by auto
 show ?thesis using backtrack-rule[OF S K L L-D] by (meson bj cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps state-eq-ref)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive:
 assumes termi: \forall S'. \neg cdcl_W \text{-stgy } S S'
 and decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S
```

```
and level-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 and alien: no-strange-atm S
  and no-dup: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S
  and confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 and confl-k: conflict-is-false-with-level S
 shows (conflicting S = C-Clause \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S)))
        \vee (conflicting S = C\text{-True} \wedge trail S \models as set\text{-mset (init-clss S))}
proof -
 let ?M = trail S
 let ?N = init\text{-}clss S
 let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
 let ?U = learned\text{-}clss S
 have conflicting S = C-Clause \{\#\}
       \vee conflicting S = C-True
       \vee (\exists D \ L. \ conflicting \ S = C\text{-}Clause \ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
   apply (case-tac conflicting S, auto)
   by (case-tac x2, auto)
  moreover {
   assume conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause \{\#\}
   then have unsatisfiable (set\text{-}mset (init\text{-}clss \ S))
     using assms(3) unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def true-clss-cls-def
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) Un-insert-right atms-of-empty satisfiable-def
       sup-bot.right-neutral total-over-m-insert total-over-set-empty true-cls-empty)
  }
  moreover {
   assume conflicting S = C-True
    { assume \neg ?M \models asm ?N
     have atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of ?M) = atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu ?N (is ?A = ?B)
       proof
         show ?A \subseteq ?B using alien unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
         show ?B \subseteq ?A
           proof (rule ccontr)
             assume \neg ?B \subseteq ?A
             then obtain l where l \in ?B and l \notin ?A by auto
             then have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
               using \langle l \notin ?A \rangle unfolding lits-of-def by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
             then have \exists S'. \ cdcl_W \text{-}o\ S\ S'
               using cdcl_W-o.decide\ decide.intros\ \langle l\in\ ?B\rangle\ no\text{-strange-atm-def}
               by (metis (conflicting S = C-True) literal.sel(1) state-eq-def)
             then show False
               using termi\ cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-step[OF - alien] level-inv by blast
           qed
         qed
       obtain D where \neg ?M \models a D \text{ and } D \in \# ?N
          using \langle \neg ?M \models asm ?N \rangle unfolding lits-of-def true-annots-def Ball-def by auto
       have atms-of D \subseteq atm-of `(lits-of ?M)
         using \langle D \in \# ?N \rangle unfolding \langle atm\text{-}of \cdot (lits\text{-}of ?M) = atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu ?N \rangle atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\text{-}def
         by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
       then have a1: atm-of 'set-mset D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of (trail S)
         by (auto simp add: atms-of-def lits-of-def)
       have total-over-m (lits-of ?M) \{D\}
         using \langle atms-of \ D \subseteq atm-of \ (lits-of ?M) \rangle atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
         by (fastforce simp: total-over-set-def)
       then have ?M \models as \ CNot \ D
         using total-not-true-cls-true-clss-CNot \langle \neg trail \ S \models a \ D \rangle true-annot-def
```

```
true-annots-true-cls by fastforce
     then have False
       proof -
        obtain S' where
          f2: full\ cdcl_W-cp S\ S'
          by (meson alien always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step level-inv)
         then have S' = S
          using cdcl_W-stgy.conflict'[of S] by (metis (no-types) full-unfold termi)
         then show ?thesis
          using f2 \langle D \in \# init\text{-}clss S \rangle \langle conflicting S = C\text{-}True \rangle \langle trail S \models as CNot D \rangle
           clauses-def full-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss by auto
       qed
 then have ?M \models asm ?N by blast
moreover {
 assume \exists D \ L. \ conflicting \ S = C\text{-}Clause \ (D + \{\#L\#\})
 obtain D L where LD: conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause\ (D + \{\#L\#\}) and get-level L ?M = ?k
   proof -
     obtain mm: 'v literal multiset and ll:: 'v literal where
       f2: conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause (mm + \{\#ll\#\})
       using (\exists D \ L. \ conflicting \ S = C\text{-}Clause \ (D + \{\#L\#\})) by force
     have \forall m. (conflicting S \neq C\text{-}Clause m \lor m = \{\#\})
       \vee (\exists l. \ l \in \# \ m \land get\text{-level} \ l \ (trail \ S) = backtrack\text{-lvl} \ S)
       using confl-k by blast
     then show ?thesis
       using f2 that by (metis (no-types) multi-member-split single-not-empty union-eq-empty)
   qed
 let ?D = D + \{\#L\#\}
 have ?D \neq \{\#\} by auto
 have ?M \models as CNot ?D using confl LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
 then have ?M \neq [] unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by force
  { have M: ?M = hd ?M \# tl ?M \text{ using } (?M \neq []) list.collapse by fastforce
   assume marked: is-marked (hd?M)
   then obtain k' where k': k' + 1 = ?k
     using level-inv M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
     by (cases hd (trail S); cases trail S) auto
   obtain L' l' where L': hd ?M = Marked L' l' using marked by (case-tac hd ?M) auto
   have get-all-levels-of-marked (hd (trail S) # tl (trail S))
     = rev [1..<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)]
     using level-inv \langle qet-level L ? M = ?k \rangle M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def M[symmetric]
     by blast
   then have l'-tl: l' \# get-all-levels-of-marked (<math>tl ? M)
     = rev [1..<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)] unfolding L' by simp
   moreover have ... = length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)
     \# rev [1..< length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)]
     using M Suc-le-mono calculation by (fastforce simp add: upt.simps(2))
   finally have
     l' = ?k and
     g-r: get-all-levels-of-marked (tl (trail S))
       = rev [1.. < length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))]
     using level-inv \langle get-level L ? M = ? k \rangle M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
   have *: \bigwedge list. \ no\text{-}dup \ list \Longrightarrow
         -L \in lits-of list \Longrightarrow atm-of L \in atm-of ' lits-of list
     by (metis atm-of-uminus imageI)
```

```
have L' = -L
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   moreover have -L \in lits-of ?M using confl LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
   ultimately have get-level L (hd (trail S) \# tl (trail S)) = get-level L (tl ?M)
     using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(1)[OF level-inv] unfolding L' consistent-interp-def
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) L' M atm-of-eq-atm-of get-level-skip-beginning insert-iff
      lits-of-cons marked-lit.sel(1))
   moreover
     have length (qet\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked\ (trail\ S)) = ?k
      using level-inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have Max (set (0 \# get\text{-all-levels-of-marked} (tl (trail S)))) = ?k - 1
      unfolding g-r by (auto simp add: Max-n-upt)
     then have get-level L(tl?M) < ?k
      using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level[of L tl ?M]
      by (metis One-nat-def add.right-neutral add-Suc-right diff-add-inverse2
        qet-maximum-possible-level-max-qet-all-levels-of-marked k' le-imp-less-Suc
        list.simps(15)
   finally show False using \langle get\text{-level }L ? M = ?k \rangle M by auto
 qed
have L: hd ?M = Marked (-L) ?k using \langle l' = ?k \rangle \langle L' = -L \rangle L' by auto
have g-a-l: get-all-levels-of-marked ?M = rev [1..<1 + ?k]
 using level-inv \langle qet-level L?M = ?k \rangle M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
have g-k: get-maximum-level D (trail S) < ?k
 using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[of D?M]
   get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked[of ?M]
 by (auto simp add: Max-n-upt q-a-l)
have get-maximum-level D (trail S) < ?k
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have get-maximum-level D (trail S) = ?k using M g-k unfolding L by auto
   then obtain L' where L' \in \# D and L-k: get-level L' ?M = ?k
     using get-maximum-level-exists-lit[of ?k \ D \ ?M] unfolding k'[symmetric] by auto
   have L \neq L' using no-dup \langle L' \in \# D \rangle
     unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def LD by (metis add.commute add-eq-self-zero
       count-single count-union less-not-refl3 distinct-mset-def union-single-eq-member)
   have L' = -L
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?thesis
      then have get-level L'?M = get-level L' (tl?M)
        using M \langle L \neq L' \rangle get-level-skip-beginning of L' hd ?M tl ?M] unfolding L
        by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
      moreover have \dots < ?k
        using level-inv g-r get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked [of L' 0
         rev (tl ?M)] L-k l'-tl calculation g-a-l
        by (auto simp add: Max-n-upt cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
      finally show False using L-k by simp
   then have taut: tautology (D + \{\#L\#\})
     using \langle L' \in \# D \rangle by (metis add.commute mset-leD mset-le-add-left multi-member-this
      tautology-minus)
   have consistent-interp (lits-of ?M) using level-inv by auto
   then have \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
```

```
using taut by (metis (no-types) \langle L' = -L \rangle \langle L' \in \# D \rangle add.commute consistent-interp-def
        in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) mset-leD mset-le-add-left multi-member-this)
     moreover have ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
      using confl no-dup LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
     ultimately show False by blast
   qed
 then have False
   using backtrack-no-decomp[OF - \langle qet\text{-}level \ L \ (trail \ S) = backtrack-lvl \ S \rangle - level-inv]
   LD alien termi by (metis cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step level-inv)
}
moreover {
 assume \neg is-marked (hd ?M)
 then obtain L' C where L'C: hd?M = Propagated L' C by (case-tac hd?M, auto)
 then have M: ?M = Propagated L' C \# tl ?M \text{ using } (?M \neq []) list.collapse by fastforce
 then obtain C' where C': C = C' + \{\#L'\#\}
   using confl unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by (metis append-Nil diff-single-eq-union)
 { assume -L' \notin \# ?D
   then have False
     using bj[OF\ cdcl_W\ -bj.skip[OF\ skip-rule]OF\ -\langle -L'\notin\#?D\rangle\ \langle?D\neq\{\#\}\rangle, of S\ C\ tl\ (trail\ S)\ -
     termi\ M\ \mathbf{by}\ (metis\ LD\ alien\ cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step state-eq-def level-inv)
 moreover {
   assume -L' \in \# ?D
   then obtain D' where D': ?D = D' + \{\#-L'\#\} by (metis insert-DiffM2)
   have q-r: qet-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated\ L'\ C\ \#\ tl\ (trail\ S))
     = rev [Suc 0..<Suc (length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]
     using level-inv M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
   have Max (insert 0 (set (get-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated L' C # tl (trail S))))) = ?k
     using level-inv M unfolding q-r by (auto simp add:Max-n-upt)
   then have get-maximum-level D' (Propagated L' C # tl ?M) \leq ?k
     using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level of D' Propagated L' C \# tl ?M
     unfolding get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked by auto
   then have get-maximum-level D' (Propagated L' C # tl ?M) = ?k
     \vee get-maximum-level D' (Propagated L' C # tl ?M) < ?k
     using le-neq-implies-less by blast
   moreover {
     assume g-D'-k: get-maximum-level D' (Propagated L' C \# tl ?M) = ?k
     have False
      proof -
        have f1: get-maximum-level D'(trail S) = backtrack-lvl S
          using M g-D'-k by auto
        have (trail S, init-clss S, learned-clss S, backtrack-lvl S, C-Clause (D + \#L\#))
          = state S
          by (metis\ (no-types)\ LD)
        then have cdcl_W-o S (update-conflicting (C-Clause (D' \#\cup C')) (tl-trail S))
          using f1 bj[OF cdcl_W-bj.resolve[OF resolve-rule] of S L' C' tl?M?N?U?k D'[]]
          C'D'M by (metis state-eq-def)
        then show ?thesis
          by (meson\ alien\ cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step termi level-inv)
      qed
   moreover {
     assume get-maximum-level D' (Propagated L' C \# tl ?M) < ?k
     then have False
```

```
proof -
            assume a1: get-maximum-level D' (Propagated L' C \# tl (trail S)) < backtrack-lvl S
            obtain mm: 'v literal multiset and ll: 'v literal where
              f2: conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause (mm + \{\#ll\#\})
                  get-level ll (trail S) = backtrack-lvl S
              using LD \langle get\text{-level } L \text{ (trail } S) = backtrack\text{-lvl } S \rangle by blast
            then have f3: get-maximum-level D' (trail S) \leq get-level ll (trail S)
              using M a1 by force
            have get-level ll\ (trail\ S) \neq get-maximum-level D'\ (trail\ S)
              using f2 \ M \ calculation(2) by presburger
            have f1: trail S = Propagated L' C \# tl (trail S)
                conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause\ (D' + \{\#-L'\#\})
              using D' LD M by force+
            have f2: conflicting S = C-Clause (mm + \{\#ll\#\})
               get-level ll (trail S) = backtrack-lvl S
              using f2 by force+
            have ll = -L'
              by (metis (no-types) D' LD (qet-level ll (trail S) \neq qet-maximum-level D' (trail S))
                conflicting-clause.inject f2 f3 get-maximum-level-ge-get-level insert-noteg-member
                le-antisym)
            then show ?thesis
              using f2 f1 M backtrack-no-decomp[of S]
              by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ a1\ alien\ cdcl_W\text{-}then\text{-}exists\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ level-inv\ termi)}
          qed
       }
       ultimately have False by blast
     ultimately have False by blast
   ultimately have False by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
  apply (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.induct)
  by (meson\ cdcl_W.conflict\ cdcl_W.propagate\ tranclp.r-into-trancl\ tranclp.trancl-into-trancl)+
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - cp^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
  apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
   apply (simp add: cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W)
   by (meson\ cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-trans)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W:
   cdcl_W-stgy S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case
  unfolding full1-def by (simp add: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
next
 case (other' S' S'')
 then have S' = S'' \vee cdcl_W - cp^{++} S' S''
   by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold full-def)
```

```
then show ?case
   using other' by (meson cdcl_W-ops. other cdcl_W-ops-axioms tranclp.r-into-trancl
     tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-trans)
qed
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
  apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  using cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W apply blast
  by (meson\ cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
  using rtranclp-unfold[of cdcl_W-stgy S S'] tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W[of S S'] by auto
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-false-with-level-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o SS' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   confl-inv: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   n-d: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S
  shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case (resolve L C M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and confl = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have -L \notin H D using n-d confl unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-def by auto
 moreover have L \notin \# D
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     moreover have Propagated L(C + \{\#L\#\}) \# M \models as \ CNot \ D
       using conflicting conflicting conflicting cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by auto
     ultimately have -L \in lits-of (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M)
       using in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
     moreover have no-dup (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M)
       using lev tr-S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     ultimately show False unfolding lits-of-def by (metis consistent-interp-def image-eqI
       list.set-intros(1) lits-of-def marked-lit.sel(2) distinct consistent-interp)
   qed
   have g-D: get-maximum-level D (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M)
     = get-maximum-level D M
   proof -
     have \forall a \ f \ L. \ ((a::'v) \in f \ `L) = (\exists \ l. \ (l::'v \ literal) \in L \land a = f \ l)
      by blast
     then show ?thesis
      using get-maximum-level-skip-first of L D (C + \#L\#) M unfolding atms-of-def
       by (metis\ (no\text{-}types) \leftarrow L \notin \# D) \land L \notin \# D) \land atm\text{-}of\text{-}eq\text{-}atm\text{-}of\ mem\text{-}set\text{-}mset\text{-}iff})
   qed
  { assume
     get-maximum-level D (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M) = backtrack-lvl S and
     backtrack-lvl S > 0
   then have D: get-maximum-level D M = backtrack-lvl S unfolding g-D by blast
   then have ?case
```

```
using tr-S (backtrack-lvl S>0) get-maximum-level-exists-lit of backtrack-lvl S D M T
     by auto
 }
 moreover {
   assume [simp]: backtrack-lvl S = 0
   have \bigwedge L. get-level L M = 0
     proof -
      \mathbf{fix} \ L
      have atm\text{-}of\ L \notin atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\ M) \Longrightarrow get\text{-}level\ L\ M = 0\ \textbf{by}\ auto
      moreover {
        assume atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\ M)
        have g-r: get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc \ 0.. < Suc \ (backtrack-lvl \ S)]
          using lev tr-S unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
        have Max (insert \ 0 \ (set \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M))) = (backtrack-lvl \ S)
          unfolding q-r by (simp \ add: Max-n-upt)
        then have get-level L M = 0
          using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level[of L M]
          unfolding qet-maximum-possible-level-max-qet-all-levels-of-marked by auto
      ultimately show get-level L M = 0 by blast
     qed
   then have ?case using qet-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[of D\#\cup CM] tr-S T
     by (auto simp: Bex-mset-def)
 ultimately show ?case using resolve.hyps(3) by blast
 case (skip L C' M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and D = this(2) and T = this(5)
 then obtain La where La \in \# D and get-level La (Propagated L C' \# M) = backtrack-lvl S
   using skip confl-inv by auto
 moreover
   have atm-of La \neq atm-of L
     proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?thesis
      then have La: La = L using \langle La \in \# D \rangle \langle -L \notin \# D \rangle by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
      have Propagated L C' \# M \models as CNot D
        using conflicting tr-S D unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
      then have -L \in lits\text{-}of M
        using \langle La \in \# D \rangle in-CNot-implies-uninus(2)[of D L Propagated L C' \# M] unfolding La
        by auto
      then show False using lev tr-S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def consistent-interp-def by auto
   then have get-level La (Propagated L C' \# M) = get-level La M by auto
 ultimately show ?case using D tr-S T by auto
qed (auto split: split-if-asm)
17.6.5
          Strong completeness
lemma cdcl_W-cp-propagate-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S T
 shows propagate^{**} S T \vee (\exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \wedge conflict S' T)
 using assms by induction blast+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-conft:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S T
 shows propagate^{**} S T \lor (\exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \land conflict S' T)
 by (simp add: assms rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl)
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness:
 assumes MN: set M \models s set-mset N and
 cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
 tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ (set \ M) \ (set\text{-}mset \ N) \ \mathbf{and}
 lits-of (trail\ S) \subseteq set\ M and
 init-clss S = N and
 propagate^{**} S S' and
 learned-clss S = {\#}
 shows length (trail S) \leq length (trail S') \wedge lits-of (trail S') \subseteq set M
 using assms(6,4,5,7)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (step \ Y \ Z)
 note st = this(1) and propa = this(2) and IH = this(3) and lits' = this(4) and NS = this(5) and
   learned = this(6)
 then have len: length (trail S) \leq length (trail Y) and LM: lits-of (trail Y) \subseteq set M
    by blast+
 obtain M'N'UkCL where
   Y: state \ Y = (M', N', U, k, C-True) and
   Z: state Z = (Propagated\ L\ (C + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M',\ N',\ U,\ k,\ C\text{-True}) and
   C: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses \ Y \ and
   M'-C: M' \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit (trail Y) L
   using propa by auto
 have init-clss S = init-clss Y
   using st by induction auto
 then have [simp]: N' = N using NS Y Z by simp
 have learned-clss Y = \{\#\}
   using st learned by induction auto
 then have [simp]: U = {\#} using Y by auto
 have set M \models s CNot C
   using M'-C LM Y unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def
   by force
 moreover
   have set M \models C + \{\#L\#\}
     using MN C learned Y unfolding true-clss-def clauses-def
     by (metis NS \(\cdot\)int-clss S = init\text{-}clss Y \(\cdot\) \(\left(learned\)-clss Y = \{\#\} \(\cdot\) add.right-neutral
      mem-set-mset-iff)
 ultimately have L \in set M by (simp \ add: cons \ consistent-CNot-not)
 then show ?case using LM len Y Z by auto
qed
lemma completeness-is-a-full1-propagation:
 fixes S :: 'st and M :: 'v literal list
 assumes MN: set M \models s set-mset N
 and cons: consistent-interp (set M)
 and tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset N)
 and alien: no-strange-atm S
 and learned: learned-clss S = \{\#\}
 and clsS[simp]: init-clss\ S = N
 and lits: lits-of (trail S) \subseteq set M
```

```
shows \exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S S'
proof -
  obtain S' where full: full cdcl_W-cp S S'
   using always-exists-full-cdcl_W-cp-step alien by blast
  then consider (propa) propagate** S S'
   \mid (confl) \exists X. propagate^{**} S X \land conflict X S'
   using rtranclp-cdclw-cp-propagate-confl unfolding full-def by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case propa then show ?thesis using full by blast
   next
     case confl
     then obtain X where
       X: propagate^{**} S X  and
       Xconf: conflict X S'
     by blast
     have clsX: init-clss\ X = init-clss\ S
       using X by induction auto
     have learnedX: learned-clss\ X = \{\#\} using X learned by induction auto
     obtain E where
       E: E \in \# init\text{-}clss \ X + learned\text{-}clss \ X \ \text{and}
       Not-E: trail\ X \models as\ CNot\ E
       using Xconf by (auto simp add: conflict.simps clauses-def)
     have lits-of (trail\ X) \subseteq set\ M
       using cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness [OF assms(1-3) lits - X learned] learned by auto
     then have MNE: set M \models s \ CNot \ E
       using Not-E
       by (fastforce simp add: true-annots-def true-annot-def true-clss-def true-cls-def)
     have \neg set M \models s set-mset N
       using E consistent-CNot-not[OF cons MNE]
        unfolding learnedX true-clss-def unfolding clsX clsS by auto
     then show ?thesis using MN by blast
   qed
qed
See also cdcl_W-cp^{**} ?S ?S' \Longrightarrow \exists M. trail ?S' = M @ trail ?S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l)
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-trail-append:
  propagate^{**} S T \Longrightarrow \exists c. trail T = c @ trail S
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}propagate\text{-}is\text{-}update\text{-}trail\text{:}}
 propagate^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \Longrightarrow T \sim delete-trail-and-rebuild (trail T) S
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case unfolding state-eq-def by auto
  case (step T U) note IH=this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 moreover have cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv \langle propagate^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \langle propagate \ T \ U \rangle
   rtranclp-mono|of|propagate|cdcl_W||cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv|propagate'|
   rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> step.prems by blast
   then have no-dup (trail U) unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 ultimately show ?case using \langle propagate\ T\ U \rangle unfolding state-eq-def by fastforce
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness-n:
 assumes
   MN: set M \models s set\text{-}mset N  and
   cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
   tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ (set \ M) \ (set\text{-}mset \ N) \ \mathbf{and}
   atm-incl: atm-of ' (set M) \subseteq atms-of-mu N and
   distM: distinct M and
   length: n \leq length M
  shows
   \exists M' k S. length M' \geq n \land
     lits-of M' \subseteq set M \land
     no-dup M' \wedge
     S \sim update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ (append-trail\ (rev\ M')\ (init-state\ N))\ \wedge
     cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state N) S
 using length
proof (induction n)
 case \theta
 have update-backtrack-lvl 0 (append-trail (rev []) (init-state N)) \sim init-state N
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
  moreover have
   0 \leq length [] and
   lits-of [] \subseteq set M and
   cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state N) (init-state N)
   and no-dup
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
  ultimately show ?case using state-eq-sym by blast
next
  case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and n = this(2)
  then obtain M' k S where
   l-M': length M' \ge n and
   M': lits-of M' \subseteq set M and
   n\text{-}d[simp]: no-dup M' and
   S: S \sim update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ (append-trail\ (rev\ M')\ (init-state\ N)) and
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state \ N) \ S
   by auto
 have
   M: cdcl_W - M - level - inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W[OF st]]
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv[OF\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W[OF\ st]]
     S unfolding state-eq-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def no-strange-atm-def by auto
  { assume no-step: \neg no-step propagate S
   obtain S' where S': propagate^{**} S S' and full: full cdcl_W-cp S S'
     using completeness-is-a-full1-propagation [OF assms(1-3), of S] alien M'S by auto
   have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
     using MS' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
   then have n-d'[simp]: no-dup (trail S')
     unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
   have length (trail\ S) \leq length\ (trail\ S') \land lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ S') \subseteq set\ M
     using S' full cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness [OF assms(1-3), of S] M' S by auto
   moreover
     have full: full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
       using full no-step no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate(2) unfolding full1-def full-def
       rtranclp-unfold by blast
```

```
then have cdcl_W-stgy S S' by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_W-stgy.conflict')
 moreover
   have propa: propagate^{++} S S' using S' full unfolding full1-def by (metis \ rtranclpD)
   have trail S = M' using S by auto
   with propa have length (trail S') > n
     using l-M' propa by (induction rule: tranclp.induct) auto
 moreover
   have stS': cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state N) S'
     using st\ cdcl_W-stgy.conflict'[OF full] by auto
   then have init-clss S' = N using stS' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss by fastforce
 moreover
   have
     [simp]: learned-clss\ S' = \{\#\} and
     [simp]: init-clss S' = init-clss S and
     [simp]: conflicting S' = C-True
     using tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF \ \langle propagate^{++} \ S \ S' \rangle] \ S
     rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail[of S S'] S M unfolding state-eq-def by simp-all
   have S-S': S' \sim update-backtrack-lvl (backtrack-lvl S')
     (append-trail\ (rev\ (trail\ S'))\ (init-state\ N))\ \mathbf{using}\ S
     by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
   have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state (init-clss S')) S'
     apply (rule rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
     using st unfolding (init-clss S' = N) apply simp
     using \langle cdcl_W \text{-} stgy \ S \ S' \rangle by simp
 ultimately have ?case
   apply -
   apply (rule exI[of - trail S'], rule exI[of - backtrack-lvl S'], rule exI[of - S'])
   using S-S' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
}
moreover {
 assume no-step: no-step propagate S
 have ?case
   proof (cases length M' \geq Suc \ n)
     case True
     then show ?thesis using l-M'M' st M alien S by fastforce
   next
     then have n': length M' = n using l-M' by auto
     have no-confl: no-step conflict S
      proof -
        \{ \mathbf{fix} D \}
          assume D \in \# N and M' \models as CNot D
          then have set M \models D using MN unfolding true-clss-def by auto
          moreover have set M \models s \ CNot \ D
           using \langle M' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ M'
           by (metis le-iff-sup true-annots-true-cls true-clss-union-increase)
          ultimately have False using cons consistent-CNot-not by blast
        then show ?thesis using S by (auto simp add: conflict.simps true-clss-def)
     have lenM: length M = card (set M) using distM by (induction M) auto
     have no-dup M' using S M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have card (lits-of M') = length M'
      by (induction M') (auto simp add: lits-of-def card-insert-if)
     then have lits-of M' \subset set M
```

```
using n M' n' lenM by auto
       then obtain m where m: m \in set M and undef-m: m \notin lits-of M' by auto
       moreover have undef: undefined-lit M' m
         using M' Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of calculation (1,2) cons
         consistent-interp-def by blast
       moreover have atm\text{-}of \ m \in atm\text{s-}of\text{-}mu \ (init\text{-}clss \ S)
         using atm-incl calculation S by auto
       ultimately
         have dec: decide S (cons-trail (Marked m (k+1)) (incr-lvl S))
          using decide.intros[of\ S\ rev\ M'\ N - k\ m
            cons-trail (Marked m (k + 1)) (incr-lvl S)] S
          by auto
      \mathbf{let} \ ?S' = \mathit{cons-trail} \ (\mathit{Marked} \ m \ (k+1)) \ (\mathit{incr-lvl} \ S)
       have lits-of (trail ?S') \subseteq set M using m M' S undef by auto
       moreover have no-strange-atm ?S'
         using alien dec\ M by (meson\ cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv decide\ other)
       ultimately obtain S'' where S'': propagate^{**} ?S' S'' and full: full cdcl_W-cp ?S' S''
         using completeness-is-a-full1-propagation [OF\ assms(1-3),\ of\ ?S']\ S\ undef\ by\ auto
       have cdcl_W-M-level-inv ?S'
         using M dec rtranclp-mono[of decide cdcl_W] by (meson cdcl_W-consistent-inv decide other)
       then have lev": cdclw-M-level-inv S"
         using S'' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
       then have n\text{-}d'': no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S'')
         unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
       have length (trail ?S') \leq length (trail S'') \wedge lits-of (trail S'') \subseteq set M
         using S'' full cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness [OF assms(1-3), of S' S''] m M' S undef
         by simp
       then have Suc n \leq length (trail S'') \wedge lits-of (trail S'') \subseteq set M
         using l-M' S undef by auto
       moreover
         have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (cons-trail (Marked\ m (Suc\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)))
          (update-backtrack-lvl (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)) S))
          using S \langle cdcl_W - M-level-inv (cons-trail (Marked m(k+1)) (incr-lvl S)) by auto
         then have S'': S'' \sim update-backtrack-lvl (backtrack-lvl <math>S'')
          (append-trail\ (rev\ (trail\ S''))\ (init-state\ N))
          \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail}[\mathit{OF}\ S'']\ \mathit{S}\ \mathit{undef}\ \mathit{n-d''}\ \mathit{lev''}
          by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
         then have cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) S''
          using cdcl_W-stgy.intros(2)[OF decide[OF \ dec] - full no-step no-confl st
          by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
       ultimately show ?thesis using S'' n-d" by blast
     qed
 }
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness:
 assumes MN: set M \models s set-mset N
 and cons: consistent-interp (set M)
 and tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset N)
 and atm-incl: atm-of '(set M) \subseteq atms-of-mu N
 and distM: distinct M
 shows
   \exists M' k S.
     lits-of M' = set M \wedge
```

```
S \sim update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ (append-trail\ (rev\ M')\ (init-state\ N))\ \wedge
     cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) S \wedge
     final-cdcl_W-state S
proof -
 from cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness-n[OF assms, of length M]
 obtain M' k T where
   l: length M \leq length M' and
   M'-M: lits-of M' \subseteq set M and
   no-dup: no-dup M' and
   T: T \sim update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ (append-trail\ (rev\ M')\ (init-state\ N)) and
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state\ N)\ T
   by auto
 have card (set M) = length M using distM by (simp add: distinct-card)
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv[OF st] T by auto
   then have card (set ((map (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) M'))) = length M'
     using distinct-card no-dup by fastforce
 moreover have card (lits-of M') = card (set ((map (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) M')))
   using no-dup unfolding lits-of-def apply (induction M') by (auto simp add: card-insert-if)
 ultimately have card (set M) \leq card (lits-of M') using l unfolding lits-of-def by auto
 then have set M = lits-of M'
   using M'-M card-seteq by blast
 moreover
   then have M' \models asm N
     using MN unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def by auto
   then have final-cdcl_W-state\ T
     using T no-dup unfolding final-cdclw-state-def by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis using st T by blast
qed
```

17.6.6 No conflict with only variables of level less than backtrack level

This invariant is stronger than the previous argument in the sense that it is a property about all possible conflicts.

```
definition no-smaller-confl (S::'st) \equiv
  (\forall M \ K \ i \ M' \ D. \ M' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ M = trail \ S \longrightarrow D \in \# \ clauses \ S
   \longrightarrow \neg M \models as \ CNot \ D)
lemma no-smaller-confl-init-sate[simp]:
  no-smaller-confl (init-state N) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   max-lev: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   smaller: no-smaller-confl S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
  using assms(1,2) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
  case (decide L T) note confl = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have [simp]: clauses T = clauses S
```

```
using T undef by auto
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix} \ M'' \ K \ i \ M' \ Da
     assume M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail T
     and D: Da \in \# local.clauses T
     then have tl M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail S
      \vee (M'' = [] \wedge Marked K i # M' = Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1) # trail S)
      using T undef by (cases M'') auto
     moreover {
      assume tl \ M'' @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ M' = trail \ S
      then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da
        using D T undef no-f confl smaller unfolding no-smaller-confl-def smaller by fastforce
     moreover {
      assume Marked K i \# M' = Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1) \# trail S
      then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ no-f \ D \ confl \ T \ by \ auto
     ultimately show \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da by fast
  qed
next
 case resolve
 then show ?case using smaller no-f max-lev unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
\mathbf{next}
 case skip
 then show ?case using smaller no-f max-lev unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and confl = this(3) and undef = this(6)
   and T = this(7)
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i+1) \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix M ia K' M' Da
     assume M' @ Marked K' ia \# M = trail T
     then have tl\ M'\ @\ Marked\ K'\ ia\ \#\ M=M1
      using T decomp undef by (cases M') auto
     assume D: Da \in \# clauses T
     moreover{
      assume Da \in \# clauses S
      then have \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ \langle tl \ M' \ @ \ Marked \ K' \ ia \ \# \ M = M1 \rangle \ M \ confl \ undef \ smaller
        unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
     }
     moreover {
      assume Da: Da = D + \{\#L\#\}
      have \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da
        proof (rule ccontr)
          assume ¬ ?thesis
          then have -L \in lits-of M unfolding Da by auto
          then have -L \in lits-of (Propagated L ((D + {#L#})) # M1)
           using UnI2 \langle tl \ M' \ @ Marked \ K' \ ia \# M = M1 \rangle
           by auto
          moreover
```

```
have backtrack S
              (cons-trail\ (Propagated\ L\ (D+\{\#L\#\}))
                (reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\ M1\ (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\})
                (update-backtrack-lvl i (update-conflicting C-True S)))))
              using backtrack.intros[of S] backtrack.hyps
              by (force simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
            then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv
              (cons-trail\ (Propagated\ L\ (D+\{\#L\#\}))
                (reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\ M1\ (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\})
                (update-backtrack-lvl \ i \ (update-conflicting \ C-True \ S)))))
              using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF - lev] other[OF bj] by auto
            then have no-dup (Propagated L ( (D + \{\#L\#\})) \# M1) using decomp undef by auto
           ultimately show False by (metis consistent-interp-def distinct consistent-interp
             insertCI\ lits-of-cons\ marked-lit.sel(2))
         qed
     }
     ultimately show \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da
       using T undef \langle Da = D + \{\#L\#\} \Longrightarrow \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da \rangle decomp by fastforce
   qed
qed
lemma conflict-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes conflict S S'
 and no-smaller-confl S
 \mathbf{shows}\ \textit{no-smaller-confl}\ S'
 using assms unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by fastforce
lemma propagate-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: propagate S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 fix M' K i M'' D
 assume M': M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail S'
 and D \in \# clauses S'
 obtain M N U k C L where
   S: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, C-True) and
   S': state S' = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ C\text{-True}) and
    C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \text{ and }
   M \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit M L
   using propagate by auto
 have tl \ M'' @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ M' = trail \ S \ using \ M' \ S \ S'
   by (metis Pair-inject list.inject list.sel(3) marked-lit.distinct(1) self-append-conv2
     tl-append2)
 then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ D
   using \langle D \in \# \ clauses \ S' \rangle \ n\text{--}l \ S \ S' \ clauses\text{--}def \ unfolding \ no\text{--}smaller\text{--}confl\text{--}def \ by \ auto
 then show \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ D by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
```

```
using assms
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict' S S')
 then show ?case using conflict-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S S'] by blast
next
 case (propagate' S S')
 then show ?case using propagate-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S S'] by fastforce
qed
lemma rtrancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step S' S'')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S' S''] by fast
qed
lemma trancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confi S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
 case (r\text{-}into\text{-}trancl\ S\ S')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
next
 case (trancl-into-trancl S S' S'')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S' S''] by fast
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes full cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding full-def
 using rtrancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S S'] by blast
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding full1-def
 using trancp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}smaller\text{-}confl\text{-}inv[of\ S\ S']} by blast
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy SS'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
```

```
using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  case (conflict' S')
  then show ?case using full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
next
  case (other' S' S'')
 have no-smaller-confl S'
    using cdcl_W-o-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(3,2,1)]
    not\text{-}conflict\text{-}not\text{-}any\text{-}negated\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ other'.hyps(2)\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
  then show ?case using full-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of\ S'\ S''] other'.hyps by blast
qed
lemma conflict-conflict-is-no-clause-is-false-test:
  assumes conflict S S'
  and (\forall D \in \# init\text{-}clss \ S + learned\text{-}clss \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D
    \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level } L \ (trail \ S) = backtrack\text{-lvl } S))
 shows \forall D \in \# init\text{-}clss \ S' + learned\text{-}clss \ S'. \ trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D
    \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level } L \ (trail \ S') = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')
  using assms by auto
lemma is-conflicting-exists-conflict:
  assumes \neg(\forall D \in \#init\text{-}clss \ S' + learned\text{-}clss \ S'. \ \neg \ trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D)
  and conflicting S' = C-True
  shows \exists S''. conflict S' S''
  using assms clauses-def not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss by fastforce
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-no-clause-is-false:
  fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
    cdcl_W-o S S' and
    lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    max-lev: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
    no	ext{-}f: no	ext{-}clause	ext{-}is	ext{-}false \ S \ \mathbf{and}
    no-l: no-smaller-confl S
  shows no-clause-is-false S'
    \vee (conflicting S' = C-True
         \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \# \ clauses \ S'. \ trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D
             \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level } L \ (trail \ S') = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')))
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
  case (decide L T) note S = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
  show ?case
    proof (rule HOL.disjI2, clarify)
      \mathbf{fix} D
      assume D: D \in \# clauses \ T \ and \ M-D: trail \ T \models as \ CNot \ D
      let ?M = trail S
      let ?M' = trail T
      let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
      have \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ D
          using no-f D S T undef by auto
      have -L \in \# D
       proof (rule ccontr)
          assume ¬ ?thesis
          have ?M \models as \ CNot \ D
```

```
unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def true-cls-def
          proof (intro allI impI)
            \mathbf{fix} \ x
            assume x: x \in \{ \{ \# - L \# \} \mid L. L \in \# D \}
            then obtain L' where L': x = \{\#-L'\#\}\ L' \in \#\ D by auto
            obtain L'' where L'' \in \# x and lits-of (Marked L (?k + 1) \# ?M) \modelsl L''
              using M-D x T undef unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def
              true-cls-def Bex-mset-def by auto
            show \exists L \in \# x. lits-of ?M \models l L unfolding Bex-mset-def
              by (metis \leftarrow L \notin \# D) \land L'' \in \# x \land L' \land lits \text{-} of (Marked } L (?k + 1) \# ?M) \models l L'' \land
                count-single insertE less-numeral-extra(3) lits-of-cons marked-lit.sel(1)
                true-lit-def uminus-of-uminus-id)
          qed
        then show False using \langle \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by auto
       qed
     have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `(lits\text{-}of ?M)
       using undef defined-lit-map unfolding lits-of-def by fastforce
     then have get-level (-L) (Marked L (?k+1) # ?M) = ?k+1 by simp
     then show \exists La. La \in \# D \land get\text{-level } La ?M'
       = backtrack-lvl T
       using \langle -L \in \# D \rangle T undef by auto
   qed
next
 case resolve
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case skip
 then show ?case by auto
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and undef = this(6) and T = this(7)
 show ?case
   proof (rule HOL.disjI2, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} \ Da
     assume Da: Da \in \# clauses T
     and M-D: trail T \models as \ CNot \ Da
     obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
       using decomp by auto
     have tr-T: trail T = Propagated\ L\ (D + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M1
       using T decomp undef by auto
     have backtrack S T
      using backtrack.intros backtrack.hyps T by (force simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     then have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
       using cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev other by blast
     then have -L \notin lits-of M1
       unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def lits-of-def
      proof -
        have consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S)) \land no-dup (trail S)
          \land backtrack-lvl S = length (qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S))
          \land get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
            = rev [1..<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))]
          using lev \ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by blast
        then show -L \notin lit\text{-}of 'set M1
          by (metis (no-types) One-nat-def add.right-neutral add-Suc-right
            atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set backtrack.hyps(2)
```

```
cdcl_W-ops.backtrack-lit-skiped cdcl_W-ops-axioms decomp lits-of-def)
       qed
     { assume Da \in \# clauses S
       then have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ no-l \ M \ unfolding \ no-smaller-confl-def \ by \ auto
     moreover {
      assume Da: Da = D + \{\#L\#\}
       have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da \ \mathbf{using} \ (-L \notin \mathit{lits-of} \ M1) \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ Da \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{simp}
     ultimately have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ Da \ T \ undef \ decomp \ by \ fastforce
     then have -L \in \# Da
       using M-D \leftarrow L \notin lits-of M1 \land in-CNot-implies-uminus(2)
          true-annots-CNot-lit-of-notin-skip T unfolding tr-T
       by (smt\ insert\text{-}iff\ lits\text{-}of\text{-}cons\ marked\text{-}lit.sel(2))
     have q-M1: qet-all-levels-of-marked M1 = rev [1..< i+1]
       using lev' T decomp undef unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     have no-dup (Propagated L ( (D + \#L\#)) \# M1) using lev' T decomp undef by auto
     then have L: atm-of L \notin atm-of ' lits-of M1 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
     have get-level (-L) (Propagated L ((D + \{\#L\#\})) \# M1) = i
       using get-level-get-rev-level-get-all-levels-of-marked [OF L,
         of [Propagated\ L\ ((D + \{\#L\#\}))]]
       by (simp add: g-M1 split: if-splits)
     then show \exists La. La \in \# Da \land get\text{-level } La \ (trail \ T) = backtrack\text{-lvl } T
       using \langle -L \in \# Da \rangle T decomp undef by auto
   qed
ged
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-decompose:
 assumes confl: \exists D \in \#clauses S. trail S \models as CNot D
 and full: full cdcl_W-cp S U
 and no-confl: conflicting S = C-True
 shows \exists T. propagate^{**} S T \land conflict T U
proof -
 consider (propa) propagate^{**} S U
       | (confl) T where propagate^{**} S T and conflict T U
  using full unfolding full-def by (blast dest: rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl)
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case confl
     then show ?thesis by blast
   next
     case propa
     then have conflicting U = C-True
       using no-confl by induction auto
     moreover have [simp]: learned-clss U = learned-clss S and
       [simp]: init-clss U = init-clss S
       using propa by induction auto
     moreover
       obtain D where D: D \in \#clauses\ U and
         trS: trail S \models as CNot D
         using confl clauses-def by auto
       obtain M where M: trail U = M @ trail S
         using full rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail unfolding full-def by meson
       have tr-U: trail\ U \models as\ CNot\ D
         apply (rule true-annots-mono)
```

```
using trS unfolding M by simp-all
     have \exists V. conflict U V
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle conflicting \ U = \textit{C-True} \rangle \ \textit{D} \ clauses-def \ not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss} \ tr\text{-}U
       by blast
     then have False using full cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.conflict' unfolding full-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by fast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-full1-decompose:
 assumes confl: \exists D \in \# clauses S. trail S \models as CNot D
 and full: full cdcl_W-cp S U
 and no-confl: conflicting S = C-True
 shows \exists T D. propagate^{**} S T \land conflict T U
   \land trail T \models as \ CNot \ D \land conflicting \ U = C-Clause \ D \land D \in \# \ clauses \ S
proof
  obtain T where propa: propagate^{**} S T and conf: conflict T U
   using full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-decompose [OF assms] by blast
 have p: learned-clss T = learned-clss S init-clss T = init-clss S
    using propa by induction auto
 have c: learned-clss U = learned-clss T init-clss U = init-clss T
    using conf by induction auto
 obtain D where trail T \models as\ CNot\ D \land conflicting\ U = C\text{-}Clause\ D \land D \in \#\ clauses\ S
   using conf p c by (fastforce simp: clauses-def)
  then show ?thesis
   using propa conf by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W-stqy SS'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 and no-clause-is-false S
 and distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S
 and cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 show no-smaller-confl S'
   using conflict'.hyps\ conflict'.prems(1)\ full1-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
\mathbf{next}
  case (other' S' S'')
 have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W-consistent-inv other other '.hyps(1) other'.prems(3) by blast
 \mathbf{show}\ \textit{no-smaller-confl}\ S^{\,\prime\prime}
   using cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF cdcl_W-stgy.other'[OF other'.hyps(1-3)]]
    other'.prems(1-3) by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy SS'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
```

```
and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 and no-clause-is-false S
 and distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S
 and cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 have no-smaller-confl S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(1) full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv by blast
 moreover have conflict-is-false-with-level S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(2-4)
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S S']
   unfolding full-def full1-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
  then show ?case by blast
next
  case (other' S' S'')
 have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W-consistent-inv other other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(3) by blast
  moreover
   have no-clause-is-false S'
     \lor (conflicting S' = C\text{-True} \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \#clauses S'. trail S' \models as CNot D)
          \rightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level } L \ (trail \ S') = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')))
     using cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-no-clause-is-false of SS' other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(1-4) by fast
 moreover {
   assume no-clause-is-false S'
   {
     assume conflicting S' = C-True
     then have conflict-is-false-with-level S' by auto
     moreover have full cdcl_W-cp S' S''
       by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ other'.hyps(3))
     ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S^{\,\prime\prime}
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S' S''] lev' (no-clause-is-false S')
       by blast
   }
   moreover
   {
     assume c: conflicting S' \neq C-True
     have conflicting S \neq C-True using other'.hyps(1) c
       by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
     then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'
       using cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-false-with-level-inv[OF other'.hyps(1)]
       other'.prems(3,5,6,2) by blast
     moreover have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S' using other'.hyps(3) unfolding full-def by auto
     then have S' = S'' using c
       by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
          (fastforce\ intro:\ conflicting-clause.exhaust) +
     ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S" by auto
   ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' by blast
 moreover {
    assume confl: conflicting S' = C-True
    and D-L: \forall D \in \# clauses S'. trail S' \models as CNot D
        \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level } L \ (trail \ S') = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')
```

```
{ assume \forall D \in \#clauses S'. \neg trail S' \models as CNot D
  then have no-clause-is-false S' using (conflicting S' = C-True) by simp
 then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' using calculation(3) by blast
moreover {
  assume \neg(\forall D \in \#clauses S'. \neg trail S' \models as CNot D)
  then obtain TD where
   propagate^{**} S' T and
    conflict\ T\ S^{\prime\prime} and
    D: D \in \# \ clauses \ S' \ and
    trail S'' \models as CNot D and
   conflicting S'' = C\text{-}Clause D
   using full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-full1-decompose[OF - - (conflicting S' = C-True)]
   other'(3) by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) ball-msetI bex-msetI conflictE state-eq-trail
     trail-update-conflicting)
  obtain M where M: trail S'' = M @ trail S' and nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is-marked m
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail other'(3) unfolding full-def by meson
  have btS: backtrack-lvl S'' = backtrack-lvl S'
   using other'.hyps(3) unfolding full-def by (metis rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-backtrack-lvl)
  have inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S''
   by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv\ full-unfold\ lev'}
     other'.hyps(3)
  then have nd: no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S'')
   by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\text{-}decomp(2))
 have conflict-is-false-with-level S''
   proof cases
     assume trail S' \models as \ CNot \ D
     moreover then obtain L where L \in \# D and get-level L (trail S') = backtrack-lvl S'
       using D-L D by blast
     moreover
       have LS': -L \in lits-of (trail S')
         using \langle trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ \langle L \in \# \ D \rangle \ in\text{-}CNot\text{-}implies\text{-}uminus(2) by } \ blast
        \{ \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, nat, 'v \ literal \ multiset) \ marked-lit \ \mathbf{and} \}
           xb :: ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit
         assume a1: x \in set (trail S') and
           a2: xb \in set M and
           a3: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set (trail \ S')
             = \{\} and
            a4: -L = lit - of x and
            a5: atm-of L = atm-of (lit-of xb)
         moreover have atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of x) = atm\text{-}of L
           using a4 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-uminus)
         ultimately have False
           using a5 a3 a2 a1 by auto
       then have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of \ M
         using nd LS' unfolding M by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
       then have qet-level L (trail S'') = qet-level L (trail S')
         unfolding M by (simp add: lits-of-def)
     ultimately show ?thesis using btS \ \langle conflicting S'' = C\text{-}Clause D \rangle by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     assume \neg trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D
     then obtain L where L \in \# D and LM: -L \in lits\text{-}of M
       using \langle trail \ S'' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle
         by (auto simp add: CNot-def true-cls-def M true-annots-def true-annot-def
```

}

```
split: split-if-asm)
         { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, \ nat, \ 'v \ literal \ multiset) \ marked-lit \ \mathbf{and}
             xb :: ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit
           assume a1: xb \in set (trail S') and
             a2: x \in set M and
             a3: atm\text{-}of\ L = atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ xb) and
             a4: -L = lit - of x and
             a5: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l))' set (trail \ S')
           moreover have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ xb) = atm\text{-}of\ (-L)
             using a\beta by simp
           ultimately have False
             by auto }
         then have LS': atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ (trail \ S')
           using nd \langle L \in \# D \rangle LM unfolding M by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
         show ?thesis
           proof cases
             assume ne: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S') = []
             have backtrack-lvl\ S^{\prime\prime}=\ \theta
               using inv ne nm unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def M
              by (simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked)
             moreover
              have a1: get-rev-level L 0 (rev M) = 0
                using nm by auto
               then have get-level L (M @ trail S') = \theta
                 by (metis LS' get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked
                   get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked lits-of-def ne)
             ultimately show ?thesis using \langle conflicting S'' = C\text{-}Clause D \rangle \langle L \in \# D \rangle unfolding M
               by auto
          next
             assume ne: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S') \neq []
             have hd (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S')) = backtrack-lvl S'
              using ne cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(4)[OF lev'] M nm
               by (simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked[symmetric])
             moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits-of M
               using \langle -L \in \mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of}\ M \rangle
                by (simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set lits-of-def)
             ultimately show ?thesis
               using nm ne \langle L \in \#D \rangle \langle conflicting S'' = C\text{-}Clause D \rangle
                 get\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}beginning\text{-}hd\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked[OF\ LS',\ of\ M]}
                 get-level-skip-in-all-not-marked[of rev M L backtrack-lvl S']
               unfolding lits-of-def btS M
               by auto
           qed
      qed
   ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' by blast
}
moreover
  assume conflicting S' \neq C-True
  have no-clause-is-false S' using \langle conflicting S' \neq C\text{-True} \rangle by auto
  then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' using calculation(3) by blast
ultimately show ?case by fast
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and
   n-l: no-smaller-confl S and
   cls-false: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S and
   dist: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows no-smaller-confl S' \wedge conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms(1)
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
  then show ?case using n-l cls-false by auto
  case (step S' S'') note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have no-smaller-confl S' and conflict-is-false-with-level S'
   using IH by blast+
 moreover have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using st lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   by (blast intro: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv)+
  moreover have no-clause-is-false S'
   using st no-f rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss by blast
 moreover have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
   using rtanclp-distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv[of\ S\ S']\ lev\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stay-rtranclp-cdcl_W[OF\ st]
   dist by auto
 moreover have cdcl_W-conflicting S'
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-inv(6)[of S S'] st alien conflicting decomp dist learned lev
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
 ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl[OF cdcl] cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level[OF cdcl] by fast
qed
          Final States are Conclusive
17.6.7
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-non-false:
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no-d: distinct-mset-mset N
 and no-empty: \forall D \in \#N. D \neq \{\#\}
 shows (conflicting S' = C-Clause \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set\text{-mset (init-clss } S')))
   \vee (conflicting S' = C\text{-True} \wedge trail S' \models asm init\text{-}clss S')
proof -
 let ?S = init\text{-}state\ N
 have
   termi: \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W \text{-}stgy S' S'' and
   step: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state N) S' using full unfolding full-def by auto
  moreover have
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
   level-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' and
   alien: no-strange-atm S' and
```

```
no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S' and
   confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S' and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
   \mathbf{using} \ \ no\text{-}d \ \ tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W[of ?S \ S']} \ \ step \ \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv(1-6)[of ?S \ S']}
   unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
  moreover
   have \forall D \in \#N. \neg [] \models as \ CNot \ D \ using \ no-empty \ by \ auto
   then have confl-k: conflict-is-false-with-level S'
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF step] no-d by auto
 show ?thesis
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-final-state-conclusive[OF termi decomp learned level-inv alien no-dup confl
     confl-k].
qed
lemma conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cp: conflict S S'
 shows full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
proof -
 have cdcl_W-cp S S' and conflicting S' \neq C-True using cp cdcl_W-cp.intros by auto
 then have cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S' by blast
 moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
   using \langle conflicting S' \neq C\text{-}True \rangle by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}conflicting\text{-}not\text{-}empty)
     conflicting-clause.exhaust)
 ultimately show full1 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp S S' unfolding full1-def by blast+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and trail S = []
 and conflicting S \neq C-True
 shows False
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-o-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes cdcl_W-o SS'
 and trail S = []
 and conflicting S \neq C-True
 shows False
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy SS'
 and trail S = []
 and conflicting S \neq C-True
 shows False
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 using tranclpD cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-fst-empty-conflicting-false unfolding full1-def apply metis
 using cdcl_W-o-fst-empty-conflicting-false by blast
thm cdcl_W-cp.induct[split-format(complete)]
lemma cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting <math>S = C-Clause \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) auto
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W - cp^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting S = C - Clause \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 apply (induction rule: tranclp.induct)
 by (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false)
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-o S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting <math>S = C-Clause \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-stgy S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting <math>S = C-Clause \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
   unfolding full1-def apply (metis (no-types) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-conflicting-not-empty tranclpD)
  unfolding full-def by (metis conflict-with-false-implies-terminated other)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-stqy** S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting <math>S = C-Clause \{\#\} \Longrightarrow S' = S
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
  using cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false by blast
lemma full-cdcl_W-init-clss-with-false-normal-form:
 assumes
   \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m  and
   E = C\text{-}Clause\ D and
   state S = (M, N, U, 0, E)
   full\ cdcl_W-stgy S\ S' and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   no-strange-atm S
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S
   cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows \exists M''. state S' = (M'', N, U, \theta, C\text{-Clause } \{\#\})
 using assms(10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1)
proof (induction M arbitrary: E D S)
 case Nil
 then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-conflicting-is-false unfolding full-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
next
 case (Cons\ L\ M) note IH=this(1) and full=this(8) and E=this(10) and inv=this(2-7) and
   S = this(9) and nm = this(11)
 obtain K p where K: L = Propagated K p
   using nm by (cases L) auto
 have every-mark-is-a-conflict S using inv unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
  then have MpK: M \models as CNot (p - \{\#K\#\}) \text{ and } Kp: K \in \# p
   using S unfolding K by fastforce+
  then have p: p = (p - \{\#K\#\}) + \{\#K\#\}
   by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
  then have K': L = Propagated K ( ((p - {\#K\#}) + {\#K\#}))
   using K by auto
 consider (D) D = \{\#\} \mid (D') \ D \neq \{\#\}  by blast
  then show ?case
```

```
proof cases
 case D
 then show ?thesis
   using full rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-conflicting-is-false S unfolding full-def E D by auto
next
 case D'
 then have no-p: no-step propagate S and no-c: no-step conflict S
   using S E by auto
 then have no-step cdcl_W-cp S by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
 have res-skip: \exists T. (resolve S \ T \land no-step skip S \land full \ cdcl_W-cp T \ T)
   \vee (skip S \ T \land no-step resolve S \land full \ cdcl_W-cp T \ T)
   proof cases
     assume -lit-of L \notin \# D
     then obtain T where sk: skip S T and res: no-step resolve S
     using S that D' K unfolding skip.simps E by fastforce
     have full cdcl_W-cp T T
      using sk by (auto simp add: conflicting-clause-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp)
     then show ?thesis
      using sk res by blast
     assume LD: \neg -lit - of L \notin \# D
     then have D: C-Clause D = C-Clause ((D - \{\#-lit\text{-of }L\#\}) + \{\#-lit\text{-of }L\#\})
      by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
     have \bigwedge L. get-level L M = 0
      by (simp add: nm)
     then have get-maximum-level (D - \{\#-K\#\})
      (Propagated\ K\ (\ (\ p - \{\#K\#\} + \{\#K\#\}))\ \#\ M) = 0
      using LD get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level
      proof
        obtain L' where get-level L' (L\#M) = get-maximum-level D (L\#M)
          using LD get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[of D L#M] by fastforce
        then show ?thesis by (metis\ (mono-tags)\ K'\ bex-msetE\ get-level-skip-all-not-marked
          qet-maximum-level-exists-lit nm not-qr0)
      qed
     then obtain T where sk: resolve S T and res: no-step skip S
      using resolve-rule[of S K p – {\#K\#} M N U 0 (D – {\#-K\#})
      update-conflicting (C-Clause (remdups-mset (D - {\#- K\#} + (p - {\#K\#})))) (tl-trail S)]
      S unfolding K' D E by fastforce
     have full cdcl_W-cp T T
      using sk by (auto simp add: conflicting-clause-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp)
     then show ?thesis
     using sk res by blast
   qed
 then have step-s: \exists T. cdcl_W-stgy S T
   using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ S \rangle\ other' by (meson\ bj\ resolve\ skip)
 have get-all-marked-decomposition (L \# M) = [([], L \# M)]
   using nm unfolding K apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct, simp)
     by (case-tac hd (get-all-marked-decomposition xs), auto)+
 then have no-b: no-step backtrack S
   using nm S by auto
 have no-d: no-step decide S
   using S E by auto
 have full-S-S: full cdcl_W-cp S
```

```
using S E by (auto simp add: conflicting-clause-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp)
     then have no-f: no-step (full1 cdcl_W-cp) S
       unfolding full-def full1-def rtranclp-unfold by (meson tranclpD)
     obtain T where
       s: cdcl_W-stgy S T and st: cdcl_W-stgy** T S'
       using full step-s full unfolding full-def by (metis rtranclp-unfold tranclpD)
     have resolve S T \vee skip S T
       using s no-b no-d res-skip full-S-S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o.simps full-unfold
       full1-def
       by (auto dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
     then obtain D' where T: state T = (M, N, U, \theta, C\text{-Clause }D')
       using S E by auto
     have st-c: cdcl_W^{**} S T
       using E T rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> s by blast
     have cdcl_W-conflicting T
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)].
     show ?thesis
       apply (rule IH[of T])
                using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
              using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(5)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
             using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(4)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
            using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(3)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
            using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(2)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
           using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(1)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
          apply (metis full-def st full)
         using T E apply blast
        apply auto
       using nm by simp
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-is-one-false:
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no\text{-}d: distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}mset\ N
 and empty: \{\#\} \in \# N
 shows conflicting S' = C-Clause \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S'))
proof -
 let ?S = init\text{-state } N
 have cdcl_W-stgy** ?S S' and no-step cdcl_W-stgy S' using full unfolding full-def by auto
  then have plus-or-eq: cdcl_W-stgy<sup>++</sup> ?S S' \vee S' = ?S unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
 \mathbf{have} \ \exists \, S^{\prime\prime}. \ conflict \ ?S \ S^{\prime\prime} \ \mathbf{using} \ empty \ not\text{-}conflict\text{-}not\text{-}any\text{-}negated\text{-}init\text{-}clss} \ \mathbf{by} \ force
  then have cdcl_W-stgy: \exists S'. cdcl_W-stgy ?S S'
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.conflict'[of ?S] conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.intros(1) by metis
 have S' \neq ?S using (no-step cdcl_W-stgy S') cdcl_W-stgy by blast
 then obtain St:: 'st where St: cdcl_W-stqy ?S St and cdcl_W-stqy** St S'
   using plus-or-eq by (metis (no-types) \langle cdcl_W \text{-stgy}^{**} ?S S' \rangle converse-rtranclpE)
 have st: cdcl_W^{**} ?S St
   by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold \langle cdcl_W-stgy ?S St\rangle cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W)
 have \exists T. conflict ?S T
   using empty not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss by force
```

```
then have fullSt: full1 \ cdcl_W-cp \ ?S \ St
   using St unfolding cdcl_W-stgy.simps by blast
  then have bt: backtrack-lvl St = (0::nat)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl unfolding full1-def
   by (fastforce dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  have cls-St: init-clss St = N
    using fullSt cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss[OF St] by auto
  have conflicting St \neq C-True
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have \exists T. conflict St T
       using empty cls-St by (fastforce simp: clauses-def)
     then show False using fullSt unfolding full1-def by blast
   qed
 have 1: \forall m \in set (trail St). \neg is-marked m
   using fullSt unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail)
  have 2: full\ cdcl_W-stgy St\ S'
    using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} \mid St \mid S' \rangle \langle no\text{-}step \mid cdcl_W \text{-}stgy \mid S' \rangle \mid bt \text{ unfolding } full\text{-}def \text{ by } auto
  have 3: all-decomposition-implies-m
     (init-clss\ St)
     (get-all-marked-decomposition
        (trail\ St)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(1)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 4: cdcl_W-learned-clause St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(2)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 5: cdcl_W-M-level-inv St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(3)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 6: no-strange-atm St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(4)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(5)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 8: cdcl_W-conflicting St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF\ st]\ no\text{-}d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have init-clss S' = init-clss St and conflicting S' = C-Clause \{\#\}
    using \langle conflicting St \neq C\text{-}True \rangle full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss-with-false-normal-form [OF 1, of - - St]
     2 3 4 5 6 7 8 St apply (metis \langle cdcl_W \text{-stgy}^{**} \text{ St } S' \rangle rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
   using \langle conflicting St \neq C\text{-}True \rangle full-cdcl_W\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}with\text{-}false\text{-}normal\text{-}form[OF 1, of - - St - -
     S' 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 by (metis bt conflicting-clause.exhaust prod.inject)
  moreover have init-clss S' = N
   using \langle cdcl_W \text{-stgy}^{**} \text{ (init-state N) } S' \rangle rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss by fastforce
  moreover have unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
   by (meson empty mem-set-mset-iff satisfiable-def true-cls-empty true-clss-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive:
  fixes S' :: 'st
  assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S' and no-d: distinct-mset-mset N
  shows (conflicting S' = C-Clause \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S')))
    \vee (conflicting S' = C\text{-True} \wedge trail S' \models asm init\text{-}clss S')
  using assms full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-is-one-false
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ full\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}final\text{-}state\text{-}conclusive\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{:}}
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no\text{-}d: distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}mset\ N
 shows (conflicting S' = C-Clause \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set\text{-}mset N))
   \lor (conflicting S' = C\text{-True} \land trail \ S' \models asm \ N \land satisfiable \ (set\text{-mset } N))
proof -
 have N: init-clss S' = N
   using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
 consider
     (confl) conflicting S' = C-Clause \{\#\} and unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S'))
     (sat) conflicting S' = C-True and trail S' \models asm init\text{-}clss S'
   using full-cdcl_W-stay-final-state-conclusive[OF\ assms] by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case confl
     then show ?thesis by (auto simp: N)
   next
     case sat
     have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (init-state N) by auto
     then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
       using full rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv unfolding full-def by blast
     then have consistent-interp (lits-of (trail S')) unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by blast
     moreover have lits-of (trail S') \models s set-mset (init-clss S')
       using sat(2) by (auto simp add: true-annots-def true-annot-def true-clss-def)
     ultimately have satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S')) by simp
     then show ?thesis using sat unfolding N by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Termination
imports CDCL-W
begin
context cdcl_W-ops
begin
```

17.7 Termination

The condition that no learned clause is a tautology is overkill (in the sense that the no-duplicate condition is enough), but we can reuse *build-all-simple-clss*.

The invariant contains all the structural invariants that holds,

```
shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
  unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
proof (intro HOL.conjI)
  show no-strange-atm S'
   using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  show cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
 show distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
 show cdcl_W-conflicting S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
 show all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ by\ fast
 show cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
 show \forall s \in \#learned\text{-}clss S'. \neg tautology s
   using assms(1)[THEN learned-clss-are-not-tautologies] assms(2)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
  using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W\textit{-}stgy\textit{-}cdcl_W\textit{-}all\textit{-}struct\textit{-}inv:
  cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\ rtranclp\text{-}unfold})
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
  cdcl_W-stgy** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv)
17.8
         No Relearning of a clause
lemma cdcl_W-o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step:
 assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
  new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S \text{ and }
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows backtrack S T \land conflicting <math>S = C\text{-}Clause D
 using cdcl_W lev learned new
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
  case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L C T) note decomp = this(1) and undef = this(6) and T = this(7)
and
   D\text{-}T = this(8) \text{ and } D\text{-}S = this(9)
 then have D = C + \{\#L\#\} using not-gr0 by fastforce
 then show ?case
   using T backtrack.hyps(1-5) backtrack.intros by auto
ged auto
lemma cdcl_W-cp-new-clause-learned-has-backtrack-step:
  assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
  new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S \text{ and }
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy S T and
```

```
lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. backtrack S S' \land cdcl_W-stgy** S' T \land conflicting S = C-Clause D
  using cdcl_W learned new
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 then show ?case
   unfolding full1-def by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv
     tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
 case (other' S' S'')
  then have D \in \# learned\text{-}clss S'
   unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv)
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step[OF - \langle D \notin \# \ learned-clss S \rangle \langle cdcl_W-o S S' \rangle]
   \langle full\ cdcl_W - cp\ S'\ S'' \rangle\ lev\ \mathbf{by}\ (metis\ cdcl_W - stgy.conflict'\ full-unfold\ r-into-rtranclp
     rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-new-clause-learned-has-backtrack-step:
 assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
  new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S \text{ and }
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S' S''. cdcl_W-stgy** S S' \land backtrack S' S'' \land conflicting S' = C-Clause D \land
   cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S^{\prime\prime} T
 using cdcl_W learned new
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by blast
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and o = this(2) and IH = this(3) and
   D\text{-}U = this(4) \text{ and } D\text{-}S = this(5)
 show ?case
   proof (cases D \in \# learned-clss T)
     {f case}\ {\it True}
     then obtain S'S'' where
       st': cdcl_W - stqy^{**} S S' and
       bt: backtrack S' S'' and
       confl: conflicting S' = C-Clause D and
       st'': cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' T
       using IH D-S by metis
     then show ?thesis using o by (meson rtranclp.simps)
   next
     case False
     have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
       using lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv st by blast
     then obtain S' where
       bt: backtrack T S' and
       st': cdcl_W - stqy^{**} S' U and
       confl: conflicting T = C-Clause D
       using cdcl_W-cp-new-clause-learned-has-backtrack-step[OF D-U False o]
       by metis
     then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
       backtrack \ T \ S' and
       conflicting T = C-Clause D and
```

```
cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' U
      using o st by auto
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
lemma propagate-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes propagate S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms by auto
lemma conflict-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes conflict S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms by auto
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 using conflict-no-more-Marked-lit propagate-no-more-Marked-lit by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Marked-lit by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-o S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and \neg decide S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail S') \longrightarrow Marked K i \in set (trail S)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case backtrack note undef = this(6) and T = this(7)
 show ?case
   using backtrack(1) T undef by auto
 case (decide\ L\ T)
 then show ?case by blast
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S' and
 lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
 trail \ S' = M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ M \ and
 trail\ S = M
 shows \exists T. decide S T \land no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp S
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy.induct)
 case (conflict' S') note st = this(1) and no\text{-}dup = this(2) and S' = this(3) and S = this(4)
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using full1-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv no-dup st by blast
 then have Marked L i \in set (trail S') and Marked L i \notin set (trail S)
   using no-dup unfolding SS' cdclw-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
 then have False
```

```
using st rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-Marked-lit[of S S']
        unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
    then show ?case by fast
next
    case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and ns = this(2) and st = this(3) and no\text{-}dup = this(4) and
        S' = this(5) and S = this(6)
    have cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
        by (metis\ (full-types)\ lev\ cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-consistent-inv\ full-def\ o
            other'.hyps(3) rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv)
    then have Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ U)\ {\bf and}\ Marked\ L\ i \notin set\ (trail\ S)
        using no-dup unfolding SS' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
    then have Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T)
        using st rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-Marked-lit unfolding full-def by blast
    then show ?case
        using cdcl_W-o-no-more-Marked-lit[OF o] (Marked L i \notin set (trail S)) ns lev by meson
qed
lemma cdcl_W-o-is-decide:
    assumes cdcl_W-o S' T and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
    trail T = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ Mand
    \neg (\exists M'. trail S' = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M)
   shows decide S' T
            using assms
proof (induction\ rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
    case (backtrack\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ L\ D)
    then obtain c where trail S' = c @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) \# M1
        by auto
    then show ?case
        using backtrack
        by (cases drop (length M_0) M') auto
next
    case decide
   show ?case using decide-rule[of S'] decide(1-4) by auto
ged auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide:
    assumes cdcl_W-stqy^{**} R U and
    trail\ U=M'\ @\ Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M\ and
    trail R = M and
    cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
    shows
        \exists S \ T \ T'. \ cdcl_W-stgy** R \ S \land \ decide \ S \ T \land \ cdcl_W-stgy** T \ U \land \ cdcl_W-stgy** S \ U \land \ cdcl_W-stgy**
            \textit{no-step cdcl}_W\textit{-cp }S \, \wedge \, \textit{trail }T = \textit{Marked L i} \, \# \, \textit{H} \, @ \, \textit{M} \, \wedge \, \textit{trail }S = \textit{H} \, @ \, \textit{M} \, \wedge \, \textit{cdcl}_W\textit{-stgy }S \, \, \textit{T'} \, \wedge \, \text{Trail }S = \textit{H} \, @ \, \textit{M} \, \wedge \, \textit{cdcl}_W\textit{-stgy }S \, \, \textit{T'} \, \wedge \, \text{Trail }S = \textit{H} \, @ \, \textit{M} \, \wedge \, \, \textit{cdcl}_W\textit{-stgy }S \, \, \text{T'} \, \wedge \, \text{Trail }S = \textit{H} \, @ \, \textit{M} \, \wedge \, \, \text{cdcl}_W\textit{-stgy }S \, \, \text{T'} \, \wedge \, \text{Trail }S = \textit{H} \, @ \, \textit{M} \, \wedge \, \, \text{cdcl}_W\textit{-stgy }S \, \, \text{T'} \, \wedge \, \text{Trail }S = \textit{H} \, @ \, \textit{M} \, \wedge \, \, \text{cdcl}_W\textit{-stgy }S \, \, \text{T'} \, \wedge \, \text{Trail }S = \textit{H} \, \text{T
            cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T' U
    using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: M H M' i rule: rtranclp-induct)
    case base
    then show ?case by auto
next
    case (step T U) note st = this(1) and IH = this(3) and s = this(2) and
         U = this(4) and S = this(5) and lev = this(6)
    show ?case
        proof (cases \exists M'. trail T = M' \otimes M arked L i \# H \otimes M)
            case False
            with s show ?thesis using U s st S
```

```
proof induction
 case (conflict' W) note cp = this(1) and nd = this(2) and W = this(3)
 then obtain M_0 where trail W = M_0 @ trail T and nmarked: \forall l \in set M_0. \neg is-marked l
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold by meson
 then have MV: M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M = M_0 @ trail T unfolding W by simp
 then have V: trail\ T = drop\ (length\ M_0)\ (M'\ @\ Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M)
 have take While (Not o is-marked) M' = M_0 @ take While (Not o is-marked) (trail T)
   using arg-cong[OF MV, of takeWhile (Not o is-marked)] nmarked
   by (simp add: takeWhile-tail)
 from arg-cong[OF this, of length] have length M_0 \leq length M'
   unfolding length-append by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans le-add1
     length-takeWhile-le)
 then have False using nd V by auto
 then show ?case by fast
next
 case (other'\ T'\ U) note o=this(1) and ns=this(2) and cp=this(3) and nd=this(4)
   and U = this(5) and st = this(6)
 obtain M_0 where trail U = M_0 @ trail T' and nmarked: \forall l \in set M_0. \neg is-marked l
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail cp unfolding full-def by meson
 then have MV: M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M = M_0 @ trail T' unfolding U by simp
 then have V: trail \ T' = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M)
   by auto
 have take While (Not o is-marked) M' = M_0 @ take While (Not o is-marked) (trail T')
   using arg-cong[OF MV, of takeWhile (Not o is-marked)] nmarked
   by (simp add: take While-tail)
 from arg-cong[OF this, of length] have length M_0 \leq length M'
   unfolding length-append by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans le-add1
     length-take While-le)
 then have tr-T': trail T' = drop (length M_0) M' @ Marked L i # H @ M using V by auto
 then have LT': Marked L i \in set (trail T') by auto
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
     using lev rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv step.hyps(1) by blast
   then have decide T T' using o nd tr-T' cdcl_W-o-is-decide by metis
 ultimately have decide\ T\ T' using cdcl_W-o-no-more-Marked-lit[OF o] by blast
 then have 1: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R T and 2: decide T T' and 3: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T' U
   using st other'.prems(4)
   by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.conflict'\ cp\ full-unfold\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp\ rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)+
 have [simp]: drop\ (length\ M_0)\ M' = []
   using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle nd tr-T'
   by (auto simp add: Cons-eq-append-conv)
 have T': drop (length M_0) M' @ Marked L i # H @ M = Marked L i # trail T
   using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle nd tr-T'
   by auto
 have trail\ T' = Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ trail\ T
   using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle \ tr\text{-}T'
 then have 5: trail T' = Marked L i \# H @ M
     using append.simps(1) list.sel(3) local.other'(5) tl-append2 by (simp add: tr-T')
 have \theta: trail T = H @ M
   by (metis (no-types) \langle trail\ T' = Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ trail\ T \rangle
     \langle trail\ T' = drop\ (length\ M_0)\ M'\ @\ Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M\rangle\ append-Nil\ list.sel(3)\ nd
     tl-append2)
 have 7: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T U using other'.prems(4) st by auto
```

```
have 8: cdcl_W-stgy T U cdcl_W-stgy** U U
           using cdcl_W-stgy.other'[OF other'(1-3)] by simp-all
         show ?case apply (rule exI[of - T], rule exI[of - T'], rule exI[of - U])
           using ns 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 by fast
       qed
   next
     case True
     then obtain M' where T: trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M by metis
     from IH[OF this S lev] obtain S' S'' S''' where
       1: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S' and
       2: decide S' S'' and
       3: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S^{"} T and
       4: no-step cdcl_W-cp S' and
       6: trail \ S'' = Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M \ and
       7: trail S' = H @ M and
       8: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' T and
       9: cdcl_W-stgy S' S''' and
       10: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S''' T
         bv blast
     have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' U using s \langle cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' T \rangle by auto
     moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' U using 8 s by auto
     moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S''' U using 10 s by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - S'], rule exI[of - S''])
       using 1 2 4 6 7 8 9 by blast
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}new\text{-}marked\text{-}at\text{-}beginning\text{-}is\text{-}decide':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R U and
  trail\ U = M' @ Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M\ and
  trail R = M  and
  cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
 shows \exists y \ y'. \ cdcl_W-stqy** R \ y \land cdcl_W-stqy y \ y' \land \neg (\exists c. \ trail \ y = c \ @ \ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ \ M)
   \wedge (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy } a \ b \ \wedge (\exists c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M))^{**} \ y' \ U
proof -
 fix T'
 obtain S' T T' where
   st: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S' and
   decide\ S'\ T and
    TU: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T U and
   no-step cdcl_W-cp S' and
   trT: trail\ T = Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M and
   trS': trail S' = H @ M and
   S'U: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} S'U and
   S'T': cdcl_W-stgy S' T' and
    T'U: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} T'U
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide [OF assms] by blast
 have n: \neg (\exists c. trail S' = c @ Marked L i \# H @ M) using trS' by auto
 show ?thesis
   using rtranclp-trans[OF\ st]\ rtranclp-exists-last-with-prop[of\ cdcl_W\ -stgy\ S'\ T'\ -
       \lambda a -. \neg (\exists c. trail \ a = c @ Marked \ L \ i \# H @ M), \ OF \ S'T' \ T'U \ n]
     by meson
qed
```

lemma beginning-not-marked-invert:

```
assumes A: M @ A = M' @ Marked K i \# H and
 nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows \exists M. A = M @ Marked K i \# H
proof -
 have A = drop \ (length \ M) \ (M' @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ H)
   using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ A,\ of\ drop\ (length\ M)] by auto
 moreover have drop\ (length\ M)\ (M'\@\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ H) = drop\ (length\ M)\ M'\@\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ H
   using nm by (metis (no-types, lifting) A drop-Cons' drop-append marked-lit.disc(1) not-gr0
     nth-append nth-append-length nth-mem zero-less-diff)
 finally show ?thesis by fast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-trail-has-new-marked-is-decide-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T
 \neg (\exists c. trail S = c @ Marked L i \# H @ M) and
 (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-stgy a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c @ Marked \ L \ i \# H @ M))^{**} \ T \ U \ and
 \exists M'. trail \ U = M' @ Marked \ L \ i \# H @ M \ and
 lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. decide S S' \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S' \ T \land no-step \ cdcl_W - cp \ S
 using assms(3,1,2,4,5)
proof induction
 case (step \ T \ U)
 then show ?case by fastforce
next
 case base
 then show ?case
   proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
     case (conflict' T) note cp = this(1) and nd = this(2) and M' = this(3) and no-dup = this(3)
     then obtain M' where M': trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M by metis
     obtain M" where M": trail T = M" @ trail S and nm: \forall m \in set M". \neg is-marked m
      using cp unfolding full1-def
      by (metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail'\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     have False
      using beginning-not-marked-invert of M'' trail S M' L i H @ M M' nm nd unfolding M''
      by fast
     then show ?case by fast
     case (other' TU') note o = this(1) and ns = this(2) and cp = this(3) and nd = this(4)
      and trU' = this(5)
     have cdcl_W-cp^{**} T U' using cp unfolding full-def by blast
     from rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail[OF this]
     have \exists M'. trail T = M' \otimes M arked L i \# H \otimes M
      using trU' beginning-not-marked-invert[of - trail T - L i H @ M] by metis
     then obtain M' where trail\ T=M' @ Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H @ M
      by auto
     with o lev nd cp ns
     show ?case
      proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
        case (decide L) note dec = this(1) and cp = this(5) and ns = this(4)
        then have decide S (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
          using decide.hyps decide.intros[of S] by force
        then show ?case using cp decide.prems by (meson decide-state-eq-compatible ns state-eq-ref
          state-eq-sym)
        case (backtrack K j M1 M2 L' D T) note decomp = this(1) and cp = this(3)
```

```
and undef = this(6) and T = this(7) and trT = this(11) and ns = this(4)
        obtain MS3 where MS3: trail\ S = MS3 @ M2 @ Marked\ K\ (Suc\ j) \# M1
          using get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[OF decomp] by metis
        have tl (M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M) = tl M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
          using trT T undef decomp by (cases M') auto
        then have M'': M1 = tl M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
          using arg-cong[OF trT[simplified], of tl] T decomp undef by simp
        have False using nd MS3 T undef decomp unfolding M'' by auto
        then show ?case by fast
      qed auto
     qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end:
 assumes (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-stqy a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M))^{**} \ T \ U and
 \exists M'. trail U = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
 shows \exists M'. trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-o-cannot-learn:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o y z and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv y and
   trM: trail\ y = c\ @ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ H\ {\bf and}
   DL: D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ y \ \text{and}
   DH: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of H  and
   LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ 'lits\text{-}of \ H \ and
   learned: \forall T. conflicting y = C-Clause T \longrightarrow trail y \models as CNot T and
   z: trail z = c' @ Marked Kh i \# H
 shows D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms(1-2) trM DL DH LH learned z
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case (backtrack\ K\ j\ M1\ M2\ L'\ D'\ T) note decomp = this(1) and confl = this(3) and levD = this(5)
   and undef = this(6) and T = this(7)
 obtain M3 where M3: trail\ y = M3 @ M2 @ Marked\ K\ (Suc\ j) \# M1
   using decomp get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend by metis
 have M: trail\ y = c @ Marked\ Kh\ i \# H using trM by simp
 have H: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail y) = rev [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl y]
   using lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 have c' \otimes Marked \ Kh \ i \# H = Propagated \ L' (D' + \{\#L'\#\}) \# trail (reduce-trail-to \ M1 \ y)
   using backtrack.prems(6) decomp undef T by force
 then obtain d where d: M1 = d @ Marked Kh i \# H
   by (metis (no-types) decomp in-get-all-marked-decomposition-trail-update-trail list.inject
     list.sel(3) marked-lit.distinct(1) self-append-conv2 tl-append2)
 have i \in set (get-all-levels-of-marked (M3 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc j) \# d @ Marked Kh i \# H))
   by auto
 then have i > 0 unfolding H[unfolded M3 d] by auto
 show ?case
   proof
     assume D + \{\#L\#\} \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
    then have DLD': D + \{\#L\#\} = D' + \{\#L'\#\} using DL T nego-conv undef decomp by fastforce
     have L-cKh: atm-of L \in atm-of 'lits-of (c \otimes [Marked \ Kh \ i])
      using LH learned M DLD'[symmetric] confl by (fastforce simp add: image-iff)
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (M3 @ M2 @ Marked K (j + 1) \# M1)
      = rev [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl y]
```

```
using lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def M3 by auto
from arg-cong OF this, of \lambda a. (Suc j) \in set a have backtrack-lvl y \geq j by auto
have DD'[simp]: D = D'
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume D \neq D'
   then have L' \in \# D using DLD' by (metis add.left-neutral count-single count-union
     diff-union-cancelR neq0-conv union-single-eq-member)
   then have get-level L' (trail y) \leq get-maximum-level D (trail y)
     using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
   moreover {
     have get-maximum-level D (trail y) = get-maximum-level D H
      using DH unfolding M by (simp add: get-maximum-level-skip-beginning)
     moreover
      have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail y) = rev [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl y]
        using lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
      then have get-all-levels-of-marked H = rev [1... < i]
        unfolding M by (auto dest: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i
          simp add: rev-swap[symmetric])
      then have get-maximum-possible-level H < i
        using get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked [of H] \langle i > 0 \rangle by auto
     ultimately have get-maximum-level D (trail y) < i
      by (metis (full-types) dual-order.strict-trans nat-neq-iff not-le
        get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level) }
   moreover
     have L \in \# D'
      by (metis DLD' \langle D \neq D' \rangle add.left-neutral count-single count-union diff-union-cancelR
        neq0-conv union-single-eq-member)
     then have get-maximum-level D' (trail y) \geq get-level L (trail y)
      using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
   moreover {
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (c @ [Marked Kh i]) = rev [i... < backtrack-lvl y+1]
      using append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end of rev (get-all-levels-of-marked H) i
        rev (get-all-levels-of-marked c) Suc 0 Suc (backtrack-lvl y)] H
      unfolding M apply (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric])
        by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Nil-is-append-conv Suc-le-eq less-Suc-eq list.sel(1)
          rev.simps(2) rev-rev-ident upt-Suc upt-rec)
     have get-level L (trail y) = get-level L (c @ [Marked Kh i])
      using L-cKh LH unfolding M by simp
     have get-level L (c @ [Marked Kh i]) <math>\geq i
      using L-cKh
        \langle get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked\ (c\ @\ [Marked\ Kh\ i]) = rev\ [i... < backtrack\text{-}lvl\ y\ +\ 1] \rangle
      backtrack.hyps(2) calculation(1,2) by auto
     then have get-level L (trail y) \geq i
      using M \langle get\text{-level } L (trail y) = get\text{-level } L (c @ [Marked Kh i]) \rangle by auto }
   moreover have get-maximum-level D' (trail y) < get-level L' (trail y)
     using \langle j \leq backtrack-lvl \ y \rangle \ backtrack.hyps(2,5) \ calculation(1-4) by linarith
   ultimately show False using backtrack.hyps(4) by linarith
 qed
then have LL': L = L' using DLD' by auto
have nd: no-dup (trail y) using lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
{ assume D: D' = \{\#\}
 then have j: j = 0 using levD by auto
 have \forall m \in set M1. \neg is\text{-}marked m
```

```
using H unfolding M3j
         by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked
           dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i)
       then have False using d by auto
     moreover {
       assume D[simp]: D' \neq \{\#\}
       have i \leq j
         using H unfolding M3 d by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric]
           dest: upt-decomp-lt)
       have j > \theta apply (rule ccontr)
         using H \langle i > \theta \rangle unfolding M3 d
         by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: upt-decomp-lt)
       obtain L^{\prime\prime} where
         L'' \in \#D' and
         L''D': get-level L'' (trail y) = get-maximum-level D' (trail y)
         using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[OF D, of trail y] by auto
       have L''M: atm\text{-}of\ L'' \in atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\ (trail\ y)
         using get-rev-level-ge-0-atm-of-in[of 0 L" rev (trail y)] \langle j>0\rangle levD L"D' by auto
       then have L'' \in lits\text{-}of \pmod{Kh} i \# d
         proof -
           {
            assume L''H: atm-of L'' \in atm-of ' lits-of H
            have get-all-levels-of-marked H = rev [1..< i]
              using H unfolding M
              by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i)
            moreover have get-level L'' (trail y) = get-level L'' H
              using L''H unfolding M by simp
            ultimately have False
              using levD \langle j > 0 \rangle qet-rev-level-in-levels-of-marked [of L'' 0 rev H] \langle i < j \rangle
              unfolding L''D'[symmetric] nd by auto
          then show ?thesis
            using DD'DH \langle L'' \in \# D' \rangle atm-of-lit-in-atms-of contra-subset D by met is
         qed
       then have False
         using DH \langle L'' \in \#D' \rangle nd unfolding M3 d
         by (auto simp add: atms-of-def image-iff image-subset-iff lits-of-def)
     ultimately show False by blast
   qed
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned:
 assumes cdcl_W-stqy y z and
  cdcl_W-M-level-inv y and
  trail\ y = c\ @\ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ H\ {\bf and}
  D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ y \ \text{and}
 DH: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of H  and
 LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ 'lits\text{-}of \ H \ and
 \forall T. conflicting y = C\text{-}Clause T \longrightarrow trail y \models as CNot T \text{ and }
  trail\ z = c' \ @\ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ H
 shows D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms
proof induction
```

```
case conflict'
  then show ?case
   unfolding full1-def using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv by auto
next
  case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and cp = this(3) and lev = this(4) and trY = this(5) and
   notin = this(6) and DH = this(7) and LH = this(8) and confl = this(9) and trU = this(10)
 obtain c' where c': trail T = c' @ Marked Kh i \# H
   using cp beginning-not-marked-invert[of - trail T c' Kh i H]
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail[of T U] unfolding trU full-def by fastforce
 show ?case
   using cdcl_W-o-cannot-learn[OF o lev trY notin DH LH confl c']
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv cp unfolding full-def by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned:
 assumes (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-stgy a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c @ Marked \ K \ i \# H @ []))^{**} \ S \ z and
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
  trail\ S = c\ @\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ H\ and
  D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ S \ and
  DH: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of H  and
  LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ 'lits\text{-}of \ H \ \mathbf{and}
 \exists c'. trail z = c' \otimes Marked K i # H
 shows D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms(1-4,7)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto[1]
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-6)]
   and lev = this(4) and trS = this(5) and DL-S = this(6) and trU = this(7)
 obtain c where c: trail T = c @ Marked K i \# H  using s by auto
 obtain c' where c': trail U = c' @ Marked K i \# H using trU by blast
 have cdcl_W^{**} S T
   proof -
     have \forall p \ pa. \ \exists s \ sa. \ \forall sb \ sc \ sd \ se. \ (\neg p^{**} \ (sb::'st) \ sc \ \lor \ p \ s \ sa \ \lor \ pa^{**} \ sb \ sc)
       \land (\neg pa \ s \ sa \lor \neg p^{**} \ sd \ se \lor pa^{**} \ sd \ se)
       by (metis (no-types) mono-rtranclp)
     then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T
       using st by blast
     then show ?thesis
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
   qed
  then have lev': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv[of S T] lev by auto
  then have confl': \forall Ta. \ conflicting \ T = C\text{-}Clause \ Ta \longrightarrow trail \ T \models as \ CNot \ Ta
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by blast
 show ?case
   apply (rule cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned[OF - - c - DH LH confl' c'])
   using s lev' IH c unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by blast+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-new-learned-clause:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   E \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S \text{ and }
```

```
E \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
 shows \exists S'. backtrack S S' \land conflicting S = C\text{-Clause } E \land full \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ S' \ T
 using assms
proof induction
 case conflict'
 then show ?case unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv)
next
 case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and cp = this(3) and not-yet = this(5) and learned = this(6)
 have E \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
   using learned cp rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv unfolding full-def by auto
 then have backtrack \ S \ T and conflicting \ S = C\text{-}Clause \ E
   using cdcl_W-o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step[OF - not-yet o] lev by blast+
 then show ?case using cp by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause:
 assumes
   invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   st': cdcl_W - stgy^{**} R S and
   bt: backtrack S T and
   confl: conflicting S = C-Clause E and
   already-learned: E \in \# clauses S and
   R: trail R = []
 shows False
proof
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
   using invR unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using M-lev assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv by blast
 with bt obtain D L M1 M2-loc K i where
    T: T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L ((D + {\#L\#})))
      (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ (add-learned-cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\}))
       (update-backtrack-lvl (get-maximum-level D (trail S)) (update-conflicting C-True S))))
     and
   decomp: (Marked K (Suc (get-maximum-level D (trail S))) \# M1, M2-loc) \in
             set (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   k: qet-level L (trail S) = backtrack-lvl S and
   level: get-level L (trail S) = get-maximum-level (D+\{\#L\#\}) (trail S) and
   confl-S: conflicting S = C-Clause (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   i: i = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ D\ (trail\ S) and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L
   by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) metis
 obtain M2 where
   M: trail \ S = M2 \ @ Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \# M1
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend [OF\ decomp]\ unfolding\ i\ by\ (metis\ append-assoc)
 have invS: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using invR rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st' by blast
 then have conf: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by blast
 then have trail S \models as\ CNot\ (D + \{\#L\#\}) unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def confl-S by auto
 then have MD: trail S \models as CNot D by auto
 have lev': cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv S using invS unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by blast
 have get-lvls-M: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S) = rev [1... < Suc (backtrack-lvl S)]
```

```
have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv R using invR unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
then have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of M1
 using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1[OF lev' undef - decomp - - - T] conft-S conf T decomp k level
  i undef unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
have no-dup (trail\ S) using lev' by auto
have vars-in-M1:
 \forall x \in atms\text{-}of \ D. \ x \notin atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (M2 \ @ [Marked \ K \ (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ D \ (trail \ S) + 1)])
   apply (rule vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other) of
   M2 @ Marked K (get-maximum-level D (trail S) + 1) # [] M1 D])
   using \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \rangle \ M \ vars\text{-}of\text{-}D \ \textbf{by} \ simp\text{-}all
have M1-D: M1 \models as CNot D
 using vars-in-M1 true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars of M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [] M1 CNot D
 \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ M \ by \ simp
have get-lvls-M: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S) = rev [1... < Suc (backtrack-lvl S)]
 using lev' unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have backtrack-lvl S > 0 unfolding M by (auto split: split-if-asm simp add: upt.simps(2))
obtain M1' K' Ls where
  M': trail S = Ls @ Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # M1' and
 Ls: \forall l \in set \ Ls. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ l \ \mathbf{and}
 set M1 \subseteq set M1'
 proof -
   let ?Ls = takeWhile (Not o is-marked) (trail S)
   have MLs: trail\ S = ?Ls @ drop\ While\ (Not\ o\ is-marked)\ (trail\ S)
     by auto
   have drop While (Not o is-marked) (trail S) \neq [] unfolding M by auto
   moreover
     from hd-dropWhile[OF this] have is-marked(hd (dropWhile (Not o is-marked) (trail S)))
       by simp
   ultimately
     obtain K' K'k where
       K'k: drop While (Not o is-marked) (trail S)
         = Marked K' K'k \# tl (drop While (Not o is-marked) (trail S))
       by (cases drop While (Not \circ is-marked) (trail S);
          cases hd (drop While (Not \circ is-marked) (trail S)))
         simp-all
   moreover have \forall l \in set ?Ls. \neg is\text{-}marked l using set\text{-}takeWhileD by force
   moreover
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
            = K'k \# get-all-levels-of-marked(tl (drop While (Not \circ is-marked) (trail S)))
       apply (subst MLs, subst K'k)
       using calculation(2) by (auto simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked)
     then have K'k = backtrack-lvl S
     using calculation(2) by (auto split: split-if-asm simp add: get-lvls-M upt.simps(2))
   moreover have set M1 \subseteq set (tl (dropWhile (Not o is-marked) (trail S)))
     unfolding M by (induction M2) auto
   ultimately show ?thesis using that MLs by metis
 qed
have get-lvls-M: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)]
  using lev' unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have backtrack-lvl S > 0 unfolding M by (auto split: split-if-asm simp add: upt.simps(2) i)
```

```
have M1'-D: M1' \models as \ CNot \ D using M1-D (set M1 \subseteq set \ M1') by (auto intro: true-annots-mono)
have -L \in lits-of (trail S) using conf confl-S unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
have lvls-M1': get-all-levels-of-marked M1' = rev [1... < backtrack-lvl S]
 using get-lvls-M Ls by (auto simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked M'
   split: split-if-asm \ simp \ add: \ upt.simps(2))
have L-notin: atm-of L \in atm-of 'lits-of Ls \vee atm-of L = atm-of K'
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of (Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # rev Ls) by simp
   then have get-level L (trail S) = get-level L M1'
     unfolding M' by auto
   then show False using get-level-in-levels-of-marked of L M1 \land characteristics S > 0
   unfolding k lvls-M1' by auto
 qed
obtain YZ where
 RY: cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} R Y \text{ and }
  YZ: cdcl_W-stqy YZ and
 nt: \neg (\exists c. trail \ Y = c \ @ Marked \ K' \ (backtrack-lvl \ S) \ \# \ M1' \ @ \ \|) and
 Z: (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy} \ a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ Marked \ K' \ (backtrack-lvl \ S) \ \# \ M1' \ @ \ []))**
 using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide'[OF st' - - lev, of Ls K'
   backtrack-lvl S M1' []]
 unfolding R M' by auto
have [simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv Y
 using RY lev rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by blast
obtain M' where trZ: trail Z = M' @ Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # M1'
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end[OF Z] M' by auto
have no-dup (trail Y) using RY lev rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by blast
then obtain Y' where
 dec: decide Y Y' and
  Y'Z: full cdcl_W-cp Y' Z and
 no-step cdcl_W-cp Y
 using cdcl_W-stgy-trail-has-new-marked-is-decide-step[OF YZ nt Z] M' by auto
have trY: trail\ Y = M1'
 proof -
   obtain M' where M: trail Z = M' @ Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # M1'
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end[OF Z] M' by auto
   obtain M'' where M'': trail Z = M'' @ trail Y' and \forall m \in set M''. \neg is-marked m
     using Y'Z rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail' unfolding full-def by blast
   obtain M''' where trail Y' = M''' @ Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # M1'
     using M'' unfolding M
     by (metis\ (no\text{-types},\ lifting)\ \forall m\in set\ M''.\ \neg\ is\text{-marked}\ m)\ beginning\text{-not-marked-invert})
   then show ?thesis using dec nt by (induction M''') auto
 qed
have Y-CT: conflicting Y = C-True using \langle decide \ Y \ Y' \rangle by auto
have cdcl_W^{**} R Y by (simp add: RY rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
then have init-clss Y = init-clss R using rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss of R Y M-lev by auto
{ assume DL: D + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses \ Y
 have atm\text{-}of L \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ '} lits\text{-}of M1
   apply (rule backtrack-lit-skiped [of - S])
   using decomp i k lev' unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have LM1: undefined-lit M1 L
   by (metis Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of atm-of-uninus image-eqI)
 have L-trY: undefined-lit (trail Y) L
```

```
using L-notin (no-dup (trail S)) unfolding defined-lit-map trY M'
     by (auto simp add: image-iff lits-of-def)
   have \exists Y'. propagate YY'
     using propagate-rule[of Y] DL M1'-D L-trY Y-CT trY DL by (metis state-eq-ref)
   then have False using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ Y\rangle propagate' by blast
  moreover {
   assume DL: D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses Y
   have lY-lZ: learned-clss Y = learned-clss Z
     using dec\ Y'Z\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv[of\ Y'\ Z]\ unfolding\ full-def
     by auto
   have invZ: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv Z
     by (meson\ RY\ YZ\ invR\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
   have D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \#learned\text{-}clss S
     apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned [OF Z invZ\ trZ])
       using DL lY-lZ unfolding clauses-def apply simp
       apply (metis (no-types, lifting) \langle set M1 \subseteq set M1' \rangle image-mono order-trans
        vars-of-D lits-of-def)
      using L-notin (no-dup (trail S)) unfolding M' by (auto simp add: image-iff lits-of-def)
   then have False
     using already-learned DL confl st' M-lev unfolding M'
     by (simp add: \langle init\text{-}clss \ Y = init\text{-}clss \ R \rangle clauses-def confl-S
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
 }
 ultimately show False by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes
   invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} R S and
   dist: distinct-mset (clauses R) and
   R: trail R = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
 using st
proof (induction)
 case base
  then show ?case using dist by simp
next
 case (step S T) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 from s show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-stgy.cases)
     case conflict'
     then show ?thesis
       using IH unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-clauses)
   next
     case (other' S') note o = this(1) and full = this(3)
     have [simp]: clauses T = clauses S'
       using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-clauses)
     show ?thesis
       using o IH
       proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-o-rule-cases)
        case backtrack
        moreover
```

```
have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
            using invR rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv st by blast
          then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
            unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
        ultimately obtain E where
          conflicting S = C-Clause E and
          cls-S': clauses <math>S' = \{\#E\#\} + clauses S
          by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) auto
        then have E \notin \# clauses S
          using cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause R invR local.backtrack st by blast
        then show ?thesis using IH by (simp add: distinct-mset-add-single cls-S')
       qed auto
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state N) S and
   no-duplicate-clause: distinct-mset N and
   no-duplicate-in-clause: distinct-mset-mset N
  shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-distinct-mset-clauses [OF - st] assms
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
17.9
         Decrease of a measure
fun cdcl_W-measure where
cdcl_W-measure S =
  [(3::nat) \cap (card (atms-of-mu (init-clss S))) - card (set-mset (learned-clss S)),
   if conflicting S = C-True then 1 else 0,
   if conflicting S = C-True then card (atms-of-mu (init-clss S)) - length (trail S)
   else length (trail S)
{\bf lemma}\ length{-model-le-vars-all-inv}:
 assumes cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows length (trail\ S) \le card\ (atms-of-mu\ (init-clss\ S))
 using assms length-model-le-vars of S unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
end
locale cdcl_W-termination =
  cdcl<sub>W</sub>-ops trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting cons-trail tl-trail
  add-init-cls
  add-learned-cls remove-cls update-backtrack-lvl update-conflicting init-state
  restart-state
 for
   trail :: 'st::equal \Rightarrow ('v::linorder, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits and
   init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
   conflicting:: 'st \Rightarrow'v clause conflicting-clause and
   cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-init-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

```
remove\text{-}cls:: 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st\ \mathbf{and}
   update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update-conflicting :: 'v clause conflicting-clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st and
    restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
lemma learned-clss-less-upper-bound:
  fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
    distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s
  shows card(set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S)) \leq 3 \cap card\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))
proof -
  have set-mset (learned-clss S) \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-mu (learned-clss S))
   apply (rule simplified-in-build-all)
   using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by auto
  then have card(set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))
    \leq card \ (build-all-simple-clss \ (atms-of-mu \ (learned-clss \ S)))
   by (simp add: build-all-simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson atms-of-m-finite build-all-simple-clss-card finite-set-mset order-trans)
qed
lemma lexn3[intro!, simp]:
  a < a' \lor (a = a' \land b < b') \lor (a = a' \land b = b' \land c < c')
   \implies ([a::nat, b, c], [a', b', c']) \in lexn \{(x, y). x < y\} \ 3
 apply auto
  unfolding lexn-conv apply fastforce
  unfolding lexn-conv apply auto
  apply (metis\ append.simps(1)\ append.simps(2))+
  done
lemma cdcl_W-measure-decreasing:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W S S' and
   no\text{-}restart:
     \neg (learned\text{-}clss\ S \subseteq \#\ learned\text{-}clss\ S' \land [] = trail\ S' \land conflicting\ S' = C\text{-}True)
    learned-clss S \subseteq \# learned-clss S' and
    no-relearn: \bigwedge S'. backtrack SS' \Longrightarrow \forall T. conflicting S = C-Clause T \longrightarrow T \notin \# learned-clss S
     and
    alien: no-strange-atm S and
    M-level: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-taut: \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss \ S. \ \neg tautology \ s \ \mathbf{and}
   no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
    confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S
  shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} 3
  using assms(1) M-level assms(2,3)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case (propagate C L) note undef = this(3) and T = this(4) and conf = this(5)
  have propa: propagate S (cons-trail (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\})) S)
   using propagate-rule[OF - propagate.hyps(1,2)] propagate.hyps by auto
```

```
then have no-dup': no-dup (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# trail S)
    by (metis\ M-level\ cdcl_W\ -M-level-inv-decomp(2)\ marked\ -lit.sel(2)\ propagate'
       r-into-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rtranc
  let ?N = init\text{-}clss S
  have no-strange-atm (cons-trail (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\})) S)
    using alien cdcl<sub>W</sub>.propagate cdcl<sub>W</sub>-no-strange-atm-inv propa M-level by blast
  then have atm-of 'lits-of (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# trail S)
     \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S)
    using undef unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
  then have card (atm-of 'lits-of (Propagated L ((C + \{\#L\#\})) \# trail S))
     \leq card (atms-of-mu (init-clss S))
    by (meson atms-of-m-finite card-mono finite-set-mset)
  then have length (Propagated L ( (C + \#L\#))) # trail S) \leq card (atms-of-mu ?N)
    using no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of no-dup' by fastforce
  then have H: card (atms-of-mu (init-clss S)) - length (trail S)
     = Suc (card (atms-of-mu (init-clss S)) - Suc (length (trail S)))
  show ?case using conf T undef by (auto simp: H)
  case (decide L) note conf = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
  moreover
    have dec: decide S (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
       using decide.intros decide.hyps by force
    then have cdcl_W:cdcl_W S (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S+1)) (incr-lvl S))
       using cdcl_W.simps by blast
  moreover
    have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
       using cdcl_W M-level cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF cdcl_W] by auto
    then have no-dup: no-dup (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1) # trail S)
       using undef unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
    have no-strange-atm (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
       using M-level alien calculation (4) cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv by blast
    then have length (Marked L ((backtrack-lvl S) + 1) # (trail S))
       \leq card (atms-of-mu (init-clss S))
       using no-dup clauses-def undef
       length-model-le-vars[of\ cons-trail\ (Marked\ L\ (backtrack-lvl\ S\ +\ 1\ ))\ (incr-lvl\ S)]
       bv fastforce
  ultimately show ?case using conf by auto
next
  case (skip L C' M D) note tr = this(1) and conf = this(2) and T = this(5)
  show ?case using conf T unfolding clauses-def by (simp add: tr)
next
  case conflict
  then show ?case by simp
next
  {f case}\ resolve
  then show ?case using finite unfolding clauses-def by simp
  case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and conf = this(3) and undef = this(6)
and
     T = this(7)
  let ?S' = T
  have bt: backtrack S ?S'
    using backtrack.hyps backtrack.intros[of S - - - - D L K i] by auto
```

```
have D + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S
   using no-relearn conf bt by auto
  then have card-T:
   card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (\{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + learned\text{-}clss\ S)) = Suc\ (card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S)))
   by (simp add:)
 have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state ?S'
   using bt M-level distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv no-dup other by blast
 moreover have \forall s \in \#learned\text{-}clss ?S'. \neg tautology s
   using learned-clss-are-not-tautologies [OF cdcl_W.other [OF cdcl_W-o.bj [OF
     cdcl_W-bj.backtrack[OF bt]]]] M-level no-taut confl by auto
  ultimately have card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) \leq 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-mu (learned-clss T))
     by (auto simp: clauses-def learned-clss-less-upper-bound)
   then have H: card (set\text{-}mset (\{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + learned\text{-}clss S)))
     \leq 3 \ \hat{} \ card \ (atms-of-mu \ (\{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + learned-clss \ S))
     using T undef decomp by auto
 moreover
   have atms-of-mu (\#D + \#L\#\}\#\} + learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S)
     using alien conf unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   then have card-f: card (atms-of-mu (\{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + learned-clss\ S))
     \leq card (atms-of-mu (init-clss S))
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{meson}\ \mathit{atms-of-m-finite}\ \mathit{card-mono}\ \mathit{finite-set-mset})
   then have (3::nat) \widehat{\ } card (atms-of-mu\ (\{\#D+\{\#L\#\}\#\}+learned-clss\ S))
     \leq 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-mu (init-clss S)) by simp
  ultimately have (3::nat) \widehat{\ } card (atms-of-mu\ (init-clss\ S))
   \geq card (set\text{-}mset (\{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + learned\text{-}clss S))
   using le-trans by blast
 then show ?case using decomp undef diff-less-mono2 card-T T by auto
next
  case restart
 then show ?case using alien by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
 case (forget C T)
 then have C \in \# learned-clss S and C \notin \# learned-clss T
 then show ?case using forget(8) by (simp add: mset-leD)
qed
lemma propagate-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes propagate S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) propagate apply blast
         using assms(1) apply (auto simp add: propagate.simps)[3]
       using assms(2) apply (auto simp \ add: \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
 done
lemma conflict-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes conflict S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
  using assms(1) conflict apply blast
          using assms(1) apply (auto simp add: propagate.simps)[3]
       using assms(2) apply (auto simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
```

done

```
lemma decide-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes decide\ S\ S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) decide other apply blast
         using assms(1) apply (auto simp add: propagate.simps)[3]
       using assms(2) apply (auto simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
 done
lemma trans-le:
 trans \{(a, (b::nat)). a < b\}
 unfolding trans-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 using assms
proof induction
 case conflict'
 then show ?case using conflict-measure-decreasing by blast
next
 case propagate'
 then show ?case using propagate-measure-decreasing by blast
qed
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case using cdclw-cp-measure-decreasing by blast
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and step = this(2) and IH = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 then have (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{a. case \ a \ of \ (a, b) \Rightarrow a < b\} 3 by blast
 moreover have (cdcl_W-measure U, cdcl_W-measure T) \in lexn \{a. case \ a \ of \ (a, \ b) \Rightarrow a < b\} 3
   using cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing [OF step] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv
   tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W[OF\ st]
   unfolding trans-def rtranclp-unfold
   by blast
 ultimately show ?case using lexn-transI[OF trans-le] unfolding trans-def by blast
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T and
 cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S
 trail R = [] and
 cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
```

```
shows (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} 3
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using assms
   by (metis rtranclp-unfold\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv tranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-tranclp-cdcl_W)
 with assms show ?thesis
   proof induction
     case (conflict' V) note cp = this(1) and inv = this(5)
     show ?case
       \mathbf{using}\ tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}measure\text{-}decreasing[OF\ HOL.conjunct1[OF\ cp[unfolded\ full1\text{-}def]]\ inv]}
   next
     case (other' T U) note st = this(1) and H = this(4,5,6,7) and cp = this(3)
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv other other '.hyps(1) other'.prems(4) by blast
     from tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing [OF - this]
     have le-or-eq: (cdcl_W-measure U, cdcl_W-measure T) \in lexn \{a. case a of (a, b) \Rightarrow a < b\} 3 \vee
      cdcl_W-measure U = cdcl_W-measure T
      using cp unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
     moreover
      have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
        using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def other'.prems(4) by blast
      with st have (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{a. case \ a \ of \ (a, b) \Rightarrow a < b\} 3
      proof (induction\ rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
        case (decide\ T)
        then show ?case using decide-measure-decreasing H by blast
      next
         case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(1) and undef = this(6) and T =
this(7)
        have bt: backtrack S T
          apply (rule backtrack-rule)
          using backtrack.hyps by auto
        then have no-relearn: \forall T. conflicting S = C-Clause T \longrightarrow T \notin \# learned-clss S
          using cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause[of R S T] H
          unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def clauses-def by auto
        have inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
          using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv S \rangle by blast
        show ?case
          apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
                using bt cdcl_W-bj.backtrack cdcl_W-o.bj other apply simp
                using bt T undef decomp apply auto[]
               using T undef decomp apply auto[]
              using bt no-relearn apply auto[]
             using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
            using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
           using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
           using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
          using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by simp
      next
        case skip
        then show ?case by force
        case resolve
        then show ?case by force
      qed
```

```
ultimately show ?case
      by (metis lexn-transI transD trans-le)
   qed
qed
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{++} R S
 trail R = [] and
 cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S, cdcl_W-measure R) \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} 3
 using assms
 apply induction
  using cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing [of R - R] apply blast
 using cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing[of - - R] tranclp-into-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-stgy R]
 lexn-transI[OF trans-le, of 3] unfolding trans-def by blast
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-S0-decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes pl: cdcl_W-stgy^{++} (init-state N) S and
 no-dup: distinct-mset-mset N
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S, cdcl_W-measure (init\text{-state }N)) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (init-state N)
   using no-dup unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using pl tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-decreasing init-state-trail by blast
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
 wf \{(S::'st, init\text{-state } N) | S N. distinct\text{-mset-mset } N \wedge cdcl_W\text{-stgy}^{++} \text{ (init\text{-state } N) } S\}
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure'-notation2[of lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} 3 - - cdcl_W-measure])
  apply (simp add: wf wf-lexn)
 using tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-S0-decreasing by blast
end
end
theory DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation
imports Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic
begin
       Simple Implementation of the DPLL and CDCL
18
        Common Rules
18.1
18.1.1
          Propagation
The following theorem holds:
lemma lits-of-unfold[iff]:
 (\forall c \in set \ C. \ -c \in lits\text{-}of \ Ms) \longleftrightarrow Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
 unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def mem-set-multiset-eq by auto
The right-hand version is written at a high-level, but only the left-hand side is executable.
```

definition is-unit-clause: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal option

where

is-unit-clause l M =

```
(case List.filter (\lambda a. atm-of a \notin atm-of 'lits-of M) l of
     a \# [] \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
   | - \Rightarrow None \rangle
definition is-unit-clause-code :: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list
  \Rightarrow 'a literal option where
 is-unit-clause-code l M =
   (case List.filter (\lambda a.\ atm\text{-}of\ a\notin atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\ M) l of
     a \# [] \Rightarrow if (\forall c \in set (remove1 \ a \ l), -c \in lits of M) then Some a else None
   | - \Rightarrow None \rangle
lemma is-unit-clause-is-unit-clause-code[code]:
  is-unit-clause l M = is-unit-clause-code l M
proof -
 have 1: \bigwedge a. (\forall c \in set \ (remove1 \ a \ l). - c \in lits of \ M) \longleftrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ l - \{\#a\#\})
    using lits-of-unfold[of remove1 - l, of - M] by simp
  thus ?thesis
    unfolding is-unit-clause-code-def is-unit-clause-def 1 by blast
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-undef:
  assumes is-unit-clause l M = Some a
  shows undefined-lit M a
proof -
  have (case [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
          |a| \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
          | a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
    using assms unfolding is-unit-clause-def.
  hence a \in set [a \leftarrow l : atm-of \ a \notin atm-of \ `lits-of \ M]
    apply (case-tac [a \leftarrow l . atm-of a \notin atm-of 'lits-of M])
      apply simp
    apply (case-tac list) by (auto split: split-if-asm)
  hence atm-of a \notin atm-of 'lits-of M by auto
  thus ?thesis
    by (simp add: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
      atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-CNot: is-unit-clause l\ M = Some\ a \Longrightarrow M \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ l - \{\#a\#\})
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def
  assume (case [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
          | [a] \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
          | a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
  thus ?thesis
    apply (case-tac [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of \ M], \ simp)
      apply simp
    apply (case-tac list) by (auto split: split-if-asm)
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-in: is-unit-clause l M = Some \ a \Longrightarrow a \in set \ l
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def
proof -
  assume (case [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
         \mid [a] \Rightarrow \textit{if } M \models \textit{as CNot (mset } l - \{\#a\#\}) \textit{ then Some a else None}
```

```
| a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
  thus a \in set l
   by (case-tac \ [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm-of \ a \notin atm-of \ `its-of \ M])
      (fastforce dest: filter-eq-ConsD split: split-if-asm split: list.splits)+
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-nil[simp]: is-unit-clause [] M = None
 unfolding is-unit-clause-def by auto
18.1.2
           Unit propagation for all clauses
Finding the first clause to propagate
fun find-first-unit-clause :: 'a literal list list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list
  \Rightarrow ('a literal \times 'a literal list) option where
find-first-unit-clause (a # l) M =
 (case is-unit-clause a M of
   None \Rightarrow find\text{-}first\text{-}unit\text{-}clause \ l \ M
  | Some L \Rightarrow Some (L, a) |
find-first-unit-clause [] - = None
lemma find-first-unit-clause-some:
 find-first-unit-clause\ l\ M = Some\ (a,\ c)
 \implies c \in set \ l \land M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ c - \{\#a\#\}) \land undefined-lit \ M \ a \land a \in set \ c
 apply (induction \ l)
   apply simp
 by (auto split: option.splits dest: is-unit-clause-some-in is-unit-clause-some-CNot
        is-unit-clause-some-undef)
\mathbf{lemma}\ propagate\text{-}is\text{-}unit\text{-}clause\text{-}not\text{-}None:
 assumes dist: distinct c and
  M: M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ c - \{\#a\#\}) \ and
  undef: undefined-lit M a and
  ac: a \in set c
 shows is-unit-clause c M \neq None
proof -
 have [a \leftarrow c : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ M] = [a]
   using assms
   proof (induction c)
     case Nil thus ?case by simp
   next
     case (Cons\ ac\ c)
     show ?case
       proof (cases \ a = ac)
         case True
         thus ?thesis using Cons
           by (auto simp del: lits-of-unfold
                simp add: lits-of-unfold[symmetric] Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
                 atm-of-eq-atm-of atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
       next
         {f case} False
         hence T: mset \ c + \{\#ac\#\} - \{\#a\#\} = mset \ c - \{\#a\#\} + \{\#ac\#\} \}
           by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
         show ?thesis using False Cons
           by (auto simp add: T atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
```

 \mathbf{qed}

```
qed
  thus ?thesis
    using M unfolding is-unit-clause-def by auto
qed
lemma find-first-unit-clause-none:
  distinct\ c \Longrightarrow c \in set\ l \Longrightarrow\ M \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ c - \{\#a\#\}) \Longrightarrow undefined-lit\ M\ a \Longrightarrow a \in set\ c
  \implies find-first-unit-clause l M \neq None
 by (induction l)
     (auto split: option.split simp add: propagate-is-unit-clause-not-None)
18.1.3
            Decide
\textbf{fun} \textit{ find-first-unused-var} :: 'a \textit{ literal list list} \Rightarrow 'a \textit{ literal set} \Rightarrow 'a \textit{ literal option} \ \textbf{where}
find-first-unused-var (a \# l) M =
  (case List.find (\lambdalit. lit \notin M \wedge -lit \notin M) a of
    None \Rightarrow find\text{-}first\text{-}unused\text{-}var\ l\ M
   Some \ a \Rightarrow Some \ a)
find-first-unused-var [] - = None
lemma find-none[iff]:
  List.find (\lambdalit. lit \notin M \land -lit \notin M) a = None \longleftrightarrow atm-of 'set a \subseteq atm-of ' M
 apply (induct a)
  using atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
    by (force simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)+
lemma find-some: List.find (\lambdalit. lit \notin M \land -lit \notin M) a = Some \ b \Longrightarrow b \in set \ a \land b \notin M \land -b \notin M
  unfolding find-Some-iff by (metis nth-mem)
lemma find-first-unused-var-None[iff]:
  find-first-unused-var\ l\ M=None\longleftrightarrow (\forall\ a\in set\ l.\ atm-of\ `set\ a\subseteq atm-of\ `M)
  by (induct l)
     (auto split: option.splits dest!: find-some
       simp add: image-subset-iff atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
lemma find-first-unused-var-Some-not-all-incl:
  assumes find-first-unused-var l M = Some c
 shows \neg(\forall a \in set \ l. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `M)
proof -
  have find-first-unused-var l M \neq None
    using assms by (cases find-first-unused-var l M) auto
  thus \neg(\forall a \in set \ l. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `M) by auto
qed
lemma find-first-unused-var-Some:
 find\text{-}first\text{-}unused\text{-}var\ l\ M = Some\ a \Longrightarrow (\exists\ m \in set\ l.\ a \in set\ m \land a \notin M \land -a \notin M)
 by (induct l) (auto split: option.splits dest: find-some)
lemma find-first-unused-var-undefined:
 find-first-unused-var l (lits-of Ms) = Some a \Longrightarrow undefined-lit Ms a
  using find-first-unused-var-Some of l lits-of Ms a Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
  by blast
end
theory DPLL-W-Implementation
```

imports DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation DPLL-W $\sim /src/HOL/Library/Code$ -Target-Numeral

18.2 Simple Implementation of DPLL

18.2.1 Combining the propagate and decide: a DPLL step

```
definition DPLL-step :: int dpll_W-marked-lits \times int literal list list
 \Rightarrow int dpll<sub>W</sub>-marked-lits \times int literal list list where
DPLL\text{-}step = (\lambda(Ms, N).
  (case find-first-unit-clause N Ms of
   Some (L, -) \Rightarrow (Propagated L () \# Ms, N)
   if \exists C \in set \ N. \ (\forall c \in set \ C. \ -c \in lits \text{-of } Ms)
     (case backtrack-split Ms of
       (-, L \# M) \Rightarrow (Propagated (- (lit-of L)) () \# M, N)
     \mid (-, -) \Rightarrow (Ms, N)
   else
   (case find-first-unused-var N (lits-of Ms) of
       Some a \Rightarrow (Marked \ a \ () \# Ms, \ N)
     | None \Rightarrow (Ms, N)))
Example of propagation:
value DPLL-step ([Marked (Neg 1) ()], [[Pos (1::int), Neg 2]])
We define the conversion function between the states as defined in Prop-DPLL (with multisets)
and here (with lists).
abbreviation toS \equiv \lambda(Ms::(int, unit, unit) marked-lit list)
                    (N:: int \ literal \ list \ list). \ (Ms, \ mset \ (map \ mset \ N))
abbreviation toS' \equiv \lambda(Ms::(int, unit, unit) marked-lit list,
                       N:: int \ literal \ list \ list). \ (Ms, \ mset \ (map \ mset \ N))
Proof of correctness of DPLL-step
lemma DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step:
 assumes step: (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 and neq: (Ms, N) \neq (Ms', N')
 shows dpll_W (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N')
proof -
 let ?S = (Ms, mset (map mset N))
  \{ \mathbf{fix} \ L \ E \}
   assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = Some (L, E)
   hence Ms'N: (Ms', N') = (Propagated L () # <math>Ms, N)
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by auto
   obtain C where
     C: C \in set \ N and
     Ms: Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C - \{\#L\#\}) \ and
     undef: undefined-lit Ms L and
     L \in set \ C \ using \ find-first-unit-clause-some[OF \ unit] \ by \ met is
   have dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
        (Propagated\ L\ ()\ \#\ fst\ (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N)),\ snd\ (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N)))
     apply (rule dpll_W.propagate)
     using Ms undef C (L \in set \ C) unfolding mem-set-multiset-eq by (auto simp add: C)
   hence ?thesis using Ms'N by auto
```

```
moreover
 \{ assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None \}
   assume exC: \exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
   then obtain C where C: C \in set \ N and Ms: Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C) by auto
   then obtain L M M' where bt: backtrack-split Ms = (M', L \# M)
     using step exC neg unfolding DPLL-step-def prod.case unit
     by (cases backtrack-split Ms, case-tac b) auto
   hence is-marked L using backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked of Ms by auto
   have 1: dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
               (Propagated (-lit-of L) () \# M, snd (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
     apply (rule dpll_W.backtrack[OF - \langle is-marked L \rangle, of ])
     using C Ms bt by auto
   moreover have (Ms', N') = (Propagated (-(lit-of L))) () \# M, N)
     using step exC unfolding DPLL-step-def bt prod.case unit by auto
   ultimately have ?thesis by auto
 moreover
 { assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None
   assume exC: \neg (\exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C))
   obtain L where unused: find-first-unused-var N (lits-of Ms) = Some L
     using step exC neq unfolding DPLL-step-def prod.case unit
     by (cases find-first-unused-var N (lits-of Ms)) auto
   have dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
            (Marked L () # fst (Ms, mset (map mset N)), snd (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
     apply (rule dpll_W.decided[of ?S L])
     using find-first-unused-var-Some[OF unused]
     by (auto simp add: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of atms-of-m-def)
   moreover have (Ms', N') = (Marked L () \# Ms, N)
     using step exC unfolding DPLL-step-def unused prod.case unit by auto
   ultimately have ?thesis by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis by (cases find-first-unit-clause N Ms) auto
qed
{f lemma} DPLL-step-stuck-final-state:
 assumes step: (Ms, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS Ms N)
proof -
 have unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None
   using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (auto split:option.splits)
 { assume n: \exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
   hence Ms: (Ms, N) = (case \ backtrack-split \ Ms \ of \ (x, \parallel) \Rightarrow (Ms, N)
                    (x, L \# M) \Rightarrow (Propagated (-lit-of L) () \# M, N))
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (simp add:unit)
 have snd (backtrack-split Ms) = []
   proof (cases backtrack-split Ms, cases snd (backtrack-split Ms))
    \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
     assume backtrack-split Ms = (a, b) and snd (backtrack-split Ms) = []
     thus snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = [] by blast
   next
     fix a b aa list
     assume
      bt: backtrack-split\ Ms=(a,\ b) and
```

```
bt': snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = aa \# list
     hence Ms: Ms = Propagated (-lit-of aa) () \# list using Ms by auto
     have is-marked as using backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked of Ms bt bt' by auto
     moreover have fst (backtrack-split Ms) @ aa \# list = Ms
      using backtrack-split-list-eq[of Ms] bt' by auto
     ultimately have False unfolding Ms by auto
     thus snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = [] by blast
   qed
   hence ?thesis
     using n backtrack-snd-empty-not-marked of Ms unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def
     by (cases backtrack-split Ms) auto
 }
 moreover {
   assume n: \neg (\exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C))
   hence find-first-unused-var N (lits-of Ms) = None
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (simp add: unit split: option.splits)
   hence a: \forall a \in set \ N. \ atm-of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm-of \ `(lits-of \ Ms) by auto
   have fst (toS Ms N) \models asm snd (toS Ms N) unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def Ball-def
     proof clarify
      \mathbf{fix} \ x
      assume x: x \in set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ (toS \ Ms \ N))
      hence \neg Ms \models as\ CNot\ x using n unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def Ball-def by auto
      moreover have total-over-m (lits-of Ms) \{x\}
        using a x image-iff in-mono atms-of-s-def
        unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def lits-of-def by fastforce
      ultimately show fst (toS Ms N) \models a x
        using total-not-CNot[of\ lits-of Ms\ x] by (simp\ add:\ true-annot-def true-annots-true-cls)
   hence ?thesis unfolding conclusive-dpllw-state-def by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
18.2.2
          Adding invariants
Invariant tested in the function function DPLL-ci :: int dpll_W-marked-lits \Rightarrow int literal list
list
 \Rightarrow int dpll<sub>W</sub>-marked-lits \times int literal list list where
DPLL-ci\ Ms\ N =
 (if \neg dpll_W - all - inv (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
 then (Ms, N)
  let (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N) in
  if (Ms', N') = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci Ms'(N)
 by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(S', S). (toS'S', toS'S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W-all-inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\})
 show wf \{(S', S).(toS' S', toS' S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\}
   using wf-if-measure-f[OF \ dpll_W-wf, of toS'] by auto
next
 fix Ms :: int \ dpll_W-marked-lits and N \ x \ xa \ y
 assume \neg \neg dpll_W - all - inv (to S Ms N)
 and step: x = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 and x: (xa, y) = x
 and (xa, y) \neq (Ms, N)
```

```
using DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step dpll<sub>W</sub>-same-clauses split-conv by fastforce
qed
No invariant tested function (domintros) DPLL-part:: int dpll_W-marked-lits \Rightarrow int literal list list
 int \ dpll_W-marked-lits \times \ int \ literal \ list \ list \ where
DPLL-part Ms N =
 (let (Ms', N') = DPLL\text{-step }(Ms, N) in
  if (Ms', N') = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-part Ms'(N)
 by fast+
lemma snd-DPLL-step[simp]:
 snd (DPLL-step (Ms, N)) = N
 unfolding DPLL-step-def by (auto split: split-if option.splits prod.splits list.splits)
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom:
 assumes dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 shows DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-part Ms N \wedge DPLL-part-dom (Ms, N)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N)
 have snd (DPLL\text{-step }(Ms, N)) = N by auto
 then obtain Ms' where Ms': DPLL-step (Ms, N) = (Ms', N) by (case\text{-}tac\ DPLL\text{-}step\ (Ms, N)) auto
 have inv': dpll_W-all-inv (toS\ Ms'\ N) by (metis\ (mono\text{-}tags)\ 1.prems\ DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}is\text{-}a\text{-}dpll_W\text{-}step\ Ms'}
   dpll_W-all-inv old.prod.inject)
 { assume (Ms', N) \neq (Ms, N)
   hence DPLL-ci~Ms'~N = DPLL-part~Ms'~N \land DPLL-part-dom~(Ms',~N) using 1(1)[of~-Ms'~N]
Ms'
     1(2) inv' by auto
   hence DPLL-part-dom (Ms, N) using DPLL-part.domintros Ms' by fastforce
   moreover have DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-part Ms N using 1.prems DPLL-part.psimps Ms'
     \langle DPLL\text{-}ci\ Ms'\ N = DPLL\text{-}part\ Ms'\ N \land DPLL\text{-}part\text{-}dom\ (Ms',\ N) \rangle \ \langle DPLL\text{-}part\text{-}dom\ (Ms,\ N) \rangle \ \mathbf{by}
auto
   ultimately have ?case by blast
 }
 moreover {
   assume (Ms', N) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using DPLL-part.domintros DPLL-part.psimps Ms' by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
lemma DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp:
 assumes DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms', N')
 shows dpll_W^{**} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N)
 using assms
proof (induct Ms N arbitrary: Ms' N' rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N Ms' N') note IH = this(1) and step = this(2)
 obtain S_1 S_2 where S:(S_1, S_2) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) by (case-tac DPLL-step (Ms, N)) auto
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   hence (Ms, N) = (Ms', N) using step by auto
   hence ?case by auto
 }
```

thus $((xa, N), Ms, N) \in \{(S', S), (toS', S', toS', S') \in \{(S', S), dpll_W - all - inv, S \land dpll_W, S, S'\}\}$

```
moreover
 { assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, S_2) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using S step by auto
 moreover
 { assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N)
   moreover obtain S_1' S_2' where DPLL-ci S_1 N = (S_1', S_2') by (case-tac DPLL-ci S_1 N) auto
   moreover have DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-ci S_1 N using DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation
     proof -
      have (case (S_1, S_2) of (ms, lss) \Rightarrow
        if (ms, lss) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci ms N = DPLL-ci Ms N
        using S DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation by presburger
      hence (if (S_1, S_2) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci S_1 N) = DPLL-ci Ms N
        by fastforce
      thus ?thesis
        using calculation(2) by presburger
   ultimately have dpll_W^{**} (to S_1'N) (to S_1'N) using IH[of(S_1, S_2) S_1 S_2] S step by simp
   moreover have dpll_W (to S Ms N) (to S S_1 N)
     by (metis DPLL-step-is-a-dpll_W-step S ((S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N)) prod.sel(2) snd-DPLL-step)
   ultimately have ?case by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) IH S (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N))
     \langle DPLL\text{-}ci \ Ms \ N = DPLL\text{-}ci \ S_1 \ N \rangle \langle dpll_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ (toS \ Ms \ N) \rangle \ converse\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp
     local.step)
 }
 ultimately show ?case by blast
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-dpll_W-tranclp-irrefl:
 assumes dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, N)
 and dpll_W^{++} (Ms, N) (Ms, N)
 shows False
proof -
 have 1: wf \{(S', S), dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\} using dpll_W - wf - tranclp by auto
 have ((Ms, N), (Ms, N)) \in \{(S', S), dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\} using assms by auto
 thus False using wf-not-reft[OF 1] by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-final-state:
 assumes step: DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms, N)
 and inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS\ Ms\ N)
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS Ms N)
proof -
 have st: dpll_W^{**} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms N) using DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp[OF step].
 have DPLL-step (Ms, N) = (Ms, N)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     obtain Ms' N' where Ms'N: (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
      by (case-tac\ DPLL-step\ (Ms,\ N))\ auto
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     hence DPLL-ci Ms' N = (Ms, N) using step inv st Ms'N[symmetric] by fastforce
     hence dpll_W^{++} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms N)
     by (metis DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step Ms'N \land DPLL-step (Ms, N) \neq (Ms, N)
N)
```

```
prod.sel(2) rtranclp-into-tranclp2 snd-DPLL-step)
    thus False using dpll_W-all-inv-dpll_W-tranclp-irreft inv by auto
 thus ?thesis using DPLL-step-stuck-final-state[of Ms N] by simp
qed
lemma DPLL-step-obtains:
 obtains Ms' where (Ms', N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 unfolding DPLL-step-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) DPLL-step-def prod.collapse snd-DPLL-step)
lemma DPLL-ci-obtains:
 obtains Ms' where (Ms', N) = DPLL-ci Ms N
proof (induct rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N) note IH = this(1) and that = this(2)
 obtain S where SN: (S, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) using DPLL-step-obtains by metis
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   hence ?case using that by auto
 moreover {
   assume n: (S, N) \neq (Ms, N)
   and inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   have \exists ms. DPLL\text{-step }(Ms, N) = (ms, N)
    by (metis \land \land thesisa. (\land S. (S, N) = DPLL\text{-step} (Ms, N) \Longrightarrow thesisa) \Longrightarrow thesisa))
   hence ?thesis
    using IH that by fastforce
 }
 moreover {
   assume n: (S, N) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using SN that by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-no-more-step:
 assumes step: DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms', N')
 shows DPLL-ci Ms' N' = (Ms', N')
 using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: Ms' N' rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 \text{ Ms } N \text{ Ms' } N') note IH = this(1) and step = this(2)
 obtain S_1 where S:(S_1, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) using DPLL-step-obtains by auto
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   hence ?case using step by auto
 }
 moreover {
   assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, N) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using S step by auto
 }
 moreover
 { assume inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS\ Ms\ N)
   assume n: (S_1, N) \neq (Ms, N)
   obtain S_1' where SS: (S_1', N) = DPLL-ci S_1 N using DPLL-ci-obtains by blast
   moreover have DPLL-ci\ Ms\ N=DPLL-ci\ S_1\ N
    proof -
```

```
have (case\ (S_1,\ N)\ of\ (ms,\ lss)\Rightarrow if\ (ms,\ lss)=(Ms,\ N)\ then\ (Ms,\ N)\ else\ DPLL-ci\ ms\ N)
       = DPLL-ci Ms N
       using S DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation inv by presburger
      hence (if (S_1, N) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci S_1 N = DPLL-ci Ms N
       by fastforce
      thus ?thesis
       using calculation n by presburger
    qed
   moreover
    ultimately have ?case using step by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-part-dpll_W-all-inv-final:
 fixes M Ms':: (int, unit, unit) marked-lit list and
   N :: int \ literal \ list \ list
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 and MsN: DPLL-part Ms N = (Ms', N)
 shows conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (toS Ms' N) \wedge dpll<sub>W</sub>** (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N)
proof -
 have 2: DPLL-ci~Ms~N = DPLL-part~Ms~N using inv~dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom~by~blast
 hence star: dpll_W^{**} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N) unfolding MsN using DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp by
 hence inv': dpllw-all-inv (toS Ms' N) using inv rtranclp-dpllw-all-inv by blast
 show ?thesis using star DPLL-ci-final-state[OF DPLL-ci-no-more-step inv] 2 unfolding MsN by
blast
qed
Embedding the invariant into the type
Defining the type typedef dpll_W-state =
   \{(M::(int, unit, unit) marked-lit list, N::int literal list list).
      dpll_W-all-inv (toS M N)}
 morphisms rough-state-of state-of
   show ([],[]) \in \{(M, N). dpll_W-all-inv (to S M N)\} by (auto simp add: dpll_W-all-inv-def)
qed
lemma
 DPLL-part-dom ([], N)
 using assms dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom[of [] N] by (simp\ add:\ dpll_W-all-inv-def)
Some type classes instantiation dpll_W-state :: equal
begin
definition equal-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state :: dpll_W-state \Rightarrow dpll_W-state \Rightarrow bool where
equal-dpll_W-state SS' = (rough-state-of S = rough-state-of S')
instance
 by standard (simp add: rough-state-of-inject equal-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state-def)
end
DPLL definition DPLL-step' :: dpll_W-state \Rightarrow dpll_W-state where
 DPLL-step' S = state-of (DPLL-step (rough-state-of S))
```

```
declare rough-state-of-inverse[simp]
```

```
lemma DPLL-step-dpll_W-conc-inv:
  DPLL-step (rough-state-of S) \in \{(M, N), dpll_W - all - inv (to SMN)\}
 by (smt DPLL-ci.simps DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp case-prodE case-prodI2 rough-state-of
   mem-Collect-eq old.prod.case\ prod.sel(2)\ rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv snd-DPLL-step)
lemma rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step[simp]:
  rough-state-of (DPLL-step' S) = DPLL-step (rough-state-of S)
 using DPLL-step-dpll_W-conc-inv DPLL-step'-def state-of-inverse by auto
function DPLL-tot:: dpll_W-state \Rightarrow dpll_W-state where
DPLL-tot S =
  (let S' = DPLL-step' S in
  if S' = S then S else DPLL-tot S'
 by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(T', T).
    (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ T',\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ T)
      \in \{(S', S). (toS' S', toS' S)\}
            \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\}\}
 show wf {(b, a).
        (rough-state-of\ b,\ rough-state-of\ a)
          \in \{(b, a). (toS'b, toS'a)\}
            \in \{(b, a). dpll_W - all - inv \ a \land dpll_W \ a \ b\}\}\}
   using wf-if-measure-f[OF wf-if-measure-f[OF dpll_W-wf, of toS'], of rough-state-of].
\mathbf{next}
 fix S x
 assume x: x = DPLL-step' S
 and x \neq S
 have dpll_W-all-inv (case rough-state-of S of (Ms, N) \Rightarrow (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prodE mem-Collect-eq old.prod.case rough-state-of)
 moreover have dpll_W (case rough-state-of S of (Ms, N) \Rightarrow (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
                   (case rough-state-of (DPLL-step' S) of (Ms, N) \Rightarrow (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
   proof -
     obtain Ms N where Ms: (Ms, N) = rough\text{-state-of } S by (cases rough\text{-state-of } S) auto
     have dpll_W-all-inv (toS'(Ms, N)) using calculation unfolding Ms by blast
     moreover obtain Ms' N' where Ms': (Ms', N') = rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (DPLL\text{-}step' S)
      by (cases rough-state-of (DPLL-step' S)) auto
     ultimately have dpll_W-all-inv (toS'(Ms', N')) unfolding Ms'
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prod-unfold mem-Collect-eq rough-state-of)
     have dpll_W (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N')
      apply (rule DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step[of Ms' N' Ms N])
      unfolding Ms Ms' using \langle x \neq S \rangle rough-state-of-inject x by fastforce+
     thus ?thesis unfolding Ms[symmetric] Ms'[symmetric] by auto
  ultimately show (x, S) \in \{(T', T), (rough-state-of T', rough-state-of T)\}
   \in \{(S', S). (toS' S', toS' S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\}\}
   by (auto simp add: x)
qed
lemma [code]:
DPLL-tot S =
```

```
(let S' = DPLL-step' S in
  if S' = S then S else DPLL-tot S') by auto
lemma DPLL-tot-DPLL-step-DPLL-tot[simp]: DPLL-tot (DPLL-step' S) = DPLL-tot S
 apply (cases DPLL-step' S = S)
 apply simp
 unfolding DPLL-tot.simps[of S] by (simp del: DPLL-tot.simps)
lemma DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot[simp]:
 DPLL-step' (DPLL-tot S) = DPLL-tot S
 by (rule DPLL-tot.induct[of \lambda S. DPLL-step' (DPLL-tot S) = DPLL-tot S[])
    (metis (full-types) DPLL-tot.simps)
\mathbf{lemma}\ DPLL\text{-}tot	ext{-}final	ext{-}state:
 assumes DPLL-tot S = S
 shows conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (toS' (rough-state-of S))
proof -
 have DPLL-step' S = S using assms[symmetric] DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot by metis
 hence DPLL-step (rough-state-of S) = (rough-state-of S)
   unfolding DPLL-step'-def using DPLL-step-dpllw-conc-inv rough-state-of-inverse
   by (metis rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step)
 thus ?thesis
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) DPLL-step-stuck-final-state old.prod.exhaust split-conv)
ged
lemma DPLL-tot-star:
 assumes rough-state-of (DPLL-tot S) = S'
 shows dpll_W^{**} (toS' (rough-state-of S)) (toS' S')
 using assms
proof (induction arbitrary: S' rule: DPLL-tot.induct)
 case (1 S S')
 let ?x = DPLL\text{-step}' S
 { assume ?x = S
   then have ?case using 1(2) by simp
 moreover {
   assume S: ?x \neq S
   have ?case
    apply (cases DPLL-step' S = S)
      using S apply blast
    by (smt 1.IH 1.prems DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step DPLL-tot.simps case-prodE2
      rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
      rtranclp-idemp split-conv)
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma rough-state-of-rough-state-of-nil[simp]:
 rough-state-of (state-of ([], N)) = ([], N)
 apply (rule DPLL-W-Implementation.dpll_W-state.state-of-inverse)
 unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
```

```
lemma DPLL-tot-correct:
   assumes rough-state-of (DPLL-tot (state\text{-}of\ (([],\ N)))) = (M,\ N')
   and (M',\ N'') = toS'\ (M,\ N')
   shows M' \models asm\ N'' \longleftrightarrow satisfiable\ (set\text{-}mset\ N'')
   proof -
   have dpll_W^{**}\ (toS'\ ([],\ N))\ (toS'\ (M,\ N'))\ using\ DPLL-tot-star[OF\ assms(1)]\ by auto\ moreover have conclusive\text{-}dpll_W-state (toS'\ (M,\ N'))
   using DPLL-tot-final-state by (metis\ (mono\text{-}tags,\ lifting)\ DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot DPLL-tot.simps\ assms(1))
   ultimately show ?thesis\ using\ dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct by (smt\ DPLL\text{-}ci.simps\ DPLL\text{-}ci.dpll_W-rtranclp assms(2)\ dpll_W-all-inv-def prod.case prod.sel(1)\ prod.sel(2)
   rtranclp-dpll_W-inv(3) rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0)
   qed
```

18.2.3 Code export

A conversion to DPLL-W-Implementation. $dpll_W$ -state definition Con :: (int, unit, unit) marked-lit $list \times int$ literal list list

```
\Rightarrow dpll_W\text{-state }\mathbf{where}
Con\ xs = state\text{-}of\ (if\ dpll_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv\ (toS\ (fst\ xs)\ (snd\ xs))\ then\ xs\ else\ ([],\ []))
\mathbf{lemma}\ [code\ abstype]\text{:}
Con\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S) = S
\mathbf{using}\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of[of\ S]\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ Con\text{-}def\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
```

declare rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step[code abstract]

```
lemma Con-DPLL-step-rough-state-of-state-of[simp]:

Con (DPLL-step (rough-state-of s)) = state-of (DPLL-step (rough-state-of s))

unfolding Con-def by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) DPLL-step-dpll<sub>W</sub>-conc-inv mem-Collect-eq

prod.case-eq-if)
```

A slightly different version of *DPLL-tot* where the returned boolean indicates the result.

```
definition DPLL-tot-rep where
```

```
DPLL\text{-}tot\text{-}rep\ S = \\ (let\ (M,\ N) = (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (DPLL\text{-}tot\ S))\ in\ (\forall\ A\in set\ N.\ (\exists\ a\in set\ A.\ a\in lits\text{-}of\ (M)),\ M))
```

One version of the generated SML code is here, but not included in the generated document. The only differences are:

- export 'a literal from the SML Module Clausal-Logic;
- export the constructor Con from DPLL-W-Implementation;
- export the *int* constructor from *Arith*.

All these allows to test on the code on some examples.

```
end theory CDCL-W-Implementation imports DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation CDCL-W-Termination begin notation image-mset (infixr '# 90) type-synonym 'a cdcl_W-mark = 'a clause type-synonym cdcl_W-marked-level = nat
```

```
type-synonym 'v cdcl_W-marked-lit = ('v, cdcl_W-marked-level, 'v cdcl_W-mark) marked-lit
type-synonym 'v cdcl_W-marked-lits = ('v, cdcl_W-marked-level, 'v cdcl_W-mark) marked-lits
type-synonym v \ cdcl_W-state =
  'v\ cdcl_W-marked-lits \times 'v\ clauses \times 'v\ clauses \times nat \times 'v\ clause\ conflicting-clause
abbreviation trail :: 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a \text{ where}
trail \equiv (\lambda(M, -). M)
abbreviation cons-trail:: 'a \Rightarrow 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e where
cons-trail \equiv (\lambda L (M, S), (L \# M, S))
abbreviation tl-trail :: 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e where
tl-trail \equiv (\lambda(M, S), (tl M, S))
abbreviation clauses :: a \times b \times c \times d \times e \Rightarrow b where
clauses \equiv \lambda(M, N, -). N
abbreviation learned-clss :: 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'c where
learned-clss \equiv \lambda(M, N, U, -). U
abbreviation backtrack-lvl :: 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'd where
backtrack-lvl \equiv \lambda(M, N, U, k, -). k
abbreviation update-backtrack-lvl :: 'd \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e
update-backtrack-lvl \equiv \lambda k \ (M, N, U, -, S). \ (M, N, U, k, S)
abbreviation conflicting :: 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'e where
conflicting \equiv \lambda(M, N, U, k, D). D
abbreviation update-conflicting:: 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e
update-conflicting \equiv \lambda S (M, N, U, k, -). (M, N, U, k, S)
abbreviation S0\text{-}cdcl_W N \equiv (([], N, \{\#\}, 0, C\text{-}True):: 'v \ cdcl_W\text{-}state)
abbreviation add-learned-cls where
add-learned-cls \equiv \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, {\#C\#} + U, S)
abbreviation remove-cls where
remove\text{-}cls \equiv \lambda C \ (M, N, U, S). \ (M, remove\text{-}mset \ C \ N, remove\text{-}mset \ C \ U, S)
interpretation cdcl_W: state_W trail clauses learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting
  \lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S)
  \lambda(M, S). (tl M, S)
  \lambda C (M, N, S). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N, S)
  \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, S)
  \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, remove\text{-mset } C N, remove\text{-mset } C U, S)
  \lambda(k::nat) \ (M, N, U, -, D). \ (M, N, U, k, D)
  \lambda D (M, N, U, k, -). (M, N, U, k, D)
  \lambda N. ([], N, \{\#\}, \theta, C\text{-True})
  \lambda(-, N, U, -). ([], N, U, 0, C-True)
```

lemma trail-conv: trail (M, N, U, k, D) = M and

by unfold-locales auto

```
clauses-conv: clauses (M, N, U, k, D) = N and
  learned-clss-conv: learned-clss (M, N, U, k, D) = U and
  conflicting-conv: conflicting (M, N, U, k, D) = D and
  backtrack-lvl-conv: backtrack-lvl (M, N, U, k, D) = k
 by auto
lemma state-conv:
 S = (trail\ S,\ clauses\ S,\ learned-clss\ S,\ backtrack-lvl\ S,\ conflicting\ S)
 by (cases S) auto
interpretation cdcl<sub>W</sub>-termination trail clauses learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting
 \lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S)
 \lambda(M, S). (tl M, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, S). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, remove-mset C N, remove-mset C U, S)
 \lambda(k::nat) \ (M, N, U, -, D). \ (M, N, U, k, D)
 \lambda D \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ -). \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ D)
 \lambda N. ([], N, \{\#\}, \theta, C\text{-True})
 \lambda(-, N, U, -). ([], N, U, \theta, C\text{-True})
 by intro-locales
lemmas cdcl_W.clauses-def[simp]
lemma cdcl_W-state-eq-equality[iff]: cdcl_W.state-eq S T \longleftrightarrow S = T
 unfolding cdcl_W.state-eq-def by (cases S, cases T) auto
declare cdcl_W.state-simp[simp\ del]
         CDCL Implementation
18.3
           Definition of the rules
18.3.1
Types lemma true-clss-remdups[simp]:
 I \models s \ (mset \circ remdups) \ `N \longleftrightarrow I \models s \ mset \ `N
 by (simp add: true-clss-def)
lemma satisfiable-mset-remdups[simp]:
  satisfiable \ ((mset \circ remdups) \ `N) \longleftrightarrow satisfiable \ (mset \ `N)
unfolding satisfiable-carac[symmetric] by simp
declare mset-map[symmetric, simp]
value backtrack-split [Marked (Pos (Suc 0)) Level]
value \exists C \in set [[Pos(Suc \theta), Neg(Suc \theta)]]. (\forall c \in set C. -c \in lits-of [Marked (Pos(Suc \theta)) Level])
```

type-synonym $cdcl_W$ -state-inv-st = (nat, nat, nat literal list) marked-lit list \times nat literal list list \times nat literal list conflicting-clause

We need some functions to convert between our abstract state $nat \ cdcl_W$ -state and the concrete state $cdcl_W$ -state-inv-st.

```
fun convert :: ('a, 'b, 'c list) marked-lit \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c multiset) marked-lit where convert (Propagated L C) = Propagated L (mset C) | convert (Marked K i) = Marked K i
```

fun $convertC :: 'a \ list \ conflicting-clause <math>\Rightarrow 'a \ multiset \ conflicting-clause \$ where

```
convertC \ (C\text{-}Clause \ C) = C\text{-}Clause \ (mset \ C) \mid
convertC\ C\text{-}True = C\text{-}True
lemma convert-CTrue[iff]:
  convertC \ e = C\text{-}True \longleftrightarrow e = C\text{-}True
 by (cases e) auto
lemma convert-Propagated[elim!]:
  convert z = Propagated \ L \ C \Longrightarrow (\exists \ C'. \ z = Propagated \ L \ C' \land C = mset \ C')
 by (cases z) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-rev-level-map-convert}\colon
  get-rev-level x n (map\ convert\ M) = get-rev-level x n M
 by (induction M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-level-map-convert[simp]:
  get-level x (map\ convert\ M) = get-level x\ M
 using get-rev-level-map-convert[of x \ 0 \ rev \ M] by (simp \ add: rev-map)
lemma get-maximum-level-map-convert[simp]:
  get-maximum-level D (map convert M) = get-maximum-level D M
 by (induction D)
    (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-map-convert[simp]:
  get-all-levels-of-marked (map convert M) = (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
Conversion function
fun toS :: cdcl_W-state-inv-st \Rightarrow nat cdcl_W-state where
toS(M, N, U, k, C) = (map\ convert\ M,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N),\ mset\ (map\ mset\ U),\ k,\ convert\ C)
Definition an abstract type
typedef cdcl_W-state-inv = \{S::cdcl_W-state-inv-st. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS\ S)\}
 morphisms rough-state-of state-of
proof
  show ([],[], [], \theta, C-True) \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (toS \ S)\}
   by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
qed
instantiation cdcl_W-state-inv :: equal
begin
definition equal\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv :: cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv \Rightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv \Rightarrow bool where
equal-cdcl_W-state-inv S S' = (rough-state-of S = rough-state-of S')
instance
 by standard (simp add: rough-state-of-inject equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-def)
end
lemma lits-of-map-convert [simp]: lits-of (map\ convert\ M) = lits-of M
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma undefined-lit-map-convert[iff]:
  undefined-lit (map\ convert\ M)\ L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit M\ L
 by (auto simp add: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of)
```

```
lemma true-annot-map-convert[simp]: map convert M \models a N \longleftrightarrow M \models a N
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (simp-all add: true-annot-def)
lemma true-annots-map-convert[simp]: map convert M \models as N \longleftrightarrow M \models as N
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemmas propagateE
lemma find-first-unit-clause-some-is-propagate:
 assumes H: find-first-unit-clause (N @ U) M = Some(L, C)
 shows propagate (toS (M, N, U, k, C-True)) (toS (Propagated L C # M, N, U, k, C-True))
 using assms
 by (auto dest!: find-first-unit-clause-some simp add: propagate.simps
   intro!: exI[of - mset C - \{\#L\#\}])
18.3.2
          Propagate
definition do-propagate-step where
do-propagate-step S =
 (case S of
   (M, N, U, k, C\text{-True}) \Rightarrow
     (case find-first-unit-clause (N @ U) M of
       Some (L, C) \Rightarrow (Propagated \ L \ C \# M, N, U, k, C-True)
     | None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, C\text{-}True))
 \mid S \Rightarrow S
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}propgate\text{-}step:
  do\text{-propagate-step } S \neq S \Longrightarrow propagate \ (toS\ S) \ (toS\ (do\text{-propagate-step } S))
 apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
 using find-first-unit-clause-some-is-propagate[of clauses S learned-clss S trail S --
   backtrack-lvl S
 by (auto simp add: do-propagate-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma do-propagate-step-conflicting-clause[simp]:
  conflicting S \neq C-True \Longrightarrow do-propagate-step S = S
 unfolding do-propagate-step-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S) auto
lemma do-propagate-step-no-step:
 assumes dist: \forall c \in set \ (clauses \ S \ @ \ learned\text{-}clss \ S). \ distinct \ c \ and
 prop-step: do-propagate-step S = S
 shows no-step propagate (toS S)
proof (standard, standard)
 \mathbf{fix} \ T
 assume propagate (toS S) T
 then obtain M N U k C L where
   toSS: toS S = (M, N, U, k, C-True) and
   T: T = (Propagated \ L \ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ C\text{-}True) and
   MC: M \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undef: undefined-lit M L and
   CL: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#N + U
   apply - by (cases to S S) auto
 let ?M = trail S
 let ?N = clauses S
 \mathbf{let} \ ?U = \mathit{learned-clss} \ S
 let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
 let ?D = C\text{-}True
```

```
have S: S = (?M, ?N, ?U, ?k, ?D)
   using toSS by (cases S, cases conflicting S) simp-all
  have S: toS S = toS (?M, ?N, ?U, ?k, ?D)
   unfolding S[symmetric] by simp
 have
   M: M = map \ convert \ ?M \ and
   N: N = mset \ (map \ mset \ ?N) and
   U: U = mset \ (map \ mset \ ?U)
   using toSS[unfolded S] by auto
 obtain D where
   DCL: mset\ D = C + \{\#L\#\} and
   D: D \in set (?N @ ?U)
   using CL unfolding N U by auto
  obtain C'L' where
   set D: set D = set (L' \# C') and
   C': mset C' = C and
   L: L = L'
   using DCL by (metis ex-mset mset.simps(2) mset-eq-setD)
 have find-first-unit-clause (?N @ ?U) ?M \neq None
   apply (rule dist find-first-unit-clause-none[of D?N @?U?M L, OF - D])
      using D \ assms(1) apply auto[1]
     using MC setD DCL M MC unfolding C'[symmetric] apply auto[1]
    using M undef apply auto[1]
   unfolding setD L by auto
 then show False using prop-step S unfolding do-propagate-step-def by (cases S) auto
qed
Conflict fun find-conflict where
find-conflict M [] = None []
find-conflict M (N \# Ns) = (if (\forall c \in set \ N. -c \in lits\text{-}of \ M) then Some \ N else find-conflict \ M \ Ns)
lemma find-conflict-Some:
 find-conflict M Ns = Some N \Longrightarrow N \in set Ns \land M \modelsas CNot (mset N)
 by (induction Ns rule: find-conflict.induct)
    (auto split: split-if-asm)
lemma find-conflict-None:
 find\text{-}conflict\ M\ Ns = None \longleftrightarrow (\forall\ N\in set\ Ns.\ \neg M\models as\ CNot\ (mset\ N))
 by (induction Ns) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{find-conflict-None-no-confl}:
 find\text{-}conflict\ M\ (N@U) = None \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}step\ conflict\ (toS\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ C\text{-}True))
 by (auto simp add: find-conflict-None conflict.simps)
definition do-conflict-step where
do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S =
  (case S of
   (M, N, U, k, C\text{-}True) \Rightarrow
     (case find-conflict M (N @ U) of
       Some a \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, C\text{-Clause } a)
     | None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, C-True) |
 \mid S \Rightarrow S
```

```
lemma do-conflict-step:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflict\ (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S))
 apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
 unfolding conflict.simps do-conflict-step-def
 by (auto dest!:find-conflict-Some split: option.splits)
lemma do-conflict-step-no-step:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ conflict\ (toS\ S)
 apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
 unfolding do-conflict-step-def
  using find-conflict-None-no-confl[of trail S clauses S learned-clss S
     backtrack-lvl S
 by (auto split: option.splits)
lemma do-conflict-step-conflicting-clause[simp]:
  conflicting S \neq C\text{-}True \Longrightarrow do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step S = S
 unfolding do-conflict-step-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S) auto
lemma do-conflict-step-conflicting[dest]:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step \ S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflicting \ (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step \ S) \neq C\text{-}True
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S) (auto split: option.splits)
definition do-cp-step where
do-cp-step <math>S =
 (do-propagate-step \ o \ do-conflict-step) \ S
lemma cp-step-is-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes H: do-cp\text{-}step \ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-cp (toS S) (toS (do-cp-step S))
proof -
 show ?thesis
 proof (cases do-conflict-step S \neq S)
   case True
   then show ?thesis
     by (auto simp add: do-conflict-step do-conflict-step-conflicting do-cp-step-def)
 next
   then have confl[simp]: do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S=S\ \text{by}\ simp
   show ?thesis
     proof (cases do-propagate-step S = S)
       case True
       then show ?thesis
       using H by (simp \ add: \ do-cp-step-def)
     next
       {f case}\ {\it False}
       let ?S = toS S
       let ?T = toS (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step S)
       let ?U = toS (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step S))
       have propa: propagate (toS S) ?T using False do-propagate-step by blast
       moreover have ns: no-step conflict (toS S) using confl do-conflict-step-no-step by blast
       ultimately show ?thesis
         using cdcl_W-cp.intros(2)[of ?S ?T] confl unfolding do-cp-step-def by auto
     qed
 qed
qed
```

```
lemma do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl:
  do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S = S \land do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S = S
 by (cases S, cases conflicting S)
    (auto simp add: do-conflict-step-def do-propagate-step-def do-cp-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma no\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}no\text{-}propagate\text{-}no\text{-}conflict}:
  no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ S\longleftrightarrow no\text{-}step\ propagate\ S\land no\text{-}step\ conflict\ S
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W - cp. simps)
lemma do-cp-step-eq-no-step:
 assumes H: do-cp-step S = S and \forall c \in set (clauses S @ learned-clss S). distinct <math>c
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp (toS S)
 unfolding no\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}no\text{-}propagate\text{-}no\text{-}conflict
 using assms apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
 using do-propagate-step-no-step[of S]
 by (auto dest!: do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl[simplified] do-conflict-step-no-step
   split: option.splits)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-st: cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
 by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-wf-all-inv: wf \{(S', S::'v::linorder\ cdcl_W-state).\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv\ S \land cdcl_W-cp\ S
S'
 (is wf ?R)
proof (rule wf-bounded-measure of - \lambda S. card (atms-of-mu (clauses S))+1
   \lambda S. length (trail S) + (if conflicting S = C-True then 0 else 1), goal-cases)
 case (1 S S')
 then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and cdcl_W-cp S S' by auto
 moreover then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-st by blast
  ultimately show ?case
   by (auto simp add:cdcl_W-cp.simps elim!: conflictE \ propagateE
     dest: length-model-le-vars-all-inv)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state[simp]: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (rough-state-of S))
 using rough-state-of by auto
lemma [simp]: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of S) = S
 by (simp add: state-of-inverse)
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step[simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)))
   apply (cases do-cp-step (rough-state-of S) = (rough-state-of S))
     apply simp
   using cp-step-is-cdcl_W-cp[of\ rough-state-of S]
     cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state of S cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-st rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 then show ?thesis by auto
qed
Skip fun do-skip-step :: cdcl_W-state-inv-st \Rightarrow cdcl_W-state-inv-st where
```

do-skip-step (Propagated L C # Ls,N,U,k, C-Clause D) =

```
(if -L \notin set \ D \land D \neq []
  then (Ls, N, U, k, C\text{-}Clause D)
  else (Propagated L C \#Ls, N, U, k, C-Clause D))
do-skip-step S = S
lemma do-skip-step:
  do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow skip\ (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S))
 apply (induction S rule: do-skip-step.induct)
 by (auto simp add: skip.simps)
lemma do-skip-step-no:
  do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ skip\ (toS\ S)
 by (induction S rule: do-skip-step.induct)
    (auto simp add: other split: split-if-asm)
lemma do-skip-step-trail-is-C-True[iff]:
  do\text{-skip-step } S = (a, b, c, d, C\text{-True}) \longleftrightarrow S = (a, b, c, d, C\text{-True})
 by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases) auto
Resolve fun maximum-level-code:: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'a literal list) marked-lit list \Rightarrow nat where
maximum-level-code [] - = 0
maximum-level-code (L \# Ls) M = max (get-level L M) (maximum-level-code Ls M)
lemma maximum-level-code-eq-qet-maximum-level[code, simp]:
  maximum-level-code D M = get-maximum-level (mset D) M
 by (induction D) (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
fun do-resolve-step :: cdcl_W-state-inv-st \Rightarrow cdcl_W-state-inv-st where
do-resolve-step (Propagated L C \# Ls, N, U, k, C-Clause D) =
  (if -L \in set \ D \land (maximum-level-code \ (remove1 \ (-L) \ D) \ (Propagated \ L \ C \# Ls) = k \lor k = 0)
  then (Ls, N, U, k, C\text{-}Clause (remdups (remove1 L C @ remove1 <math>(-L) D)))
  else (Propagated L C \# Ls, N, U, k, C-Clause D))
\textit{do-resolve-step}\ S = S
lemma distinct-mset-rempdups-union-mset:
 assumes distinct-mset A and distinct-mset B
 shows A \# \cup B = remdups\text{-}mset (A + B)
  using assms unfolding remdups-mset-def apply (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff max-def)
 apply (metis Un-iff count-mset-set(1) count-mset-set(3) distinct-mset-set-mset-ident
   finite-UnI finite-set-mset mem-set-mset-iff not-le)
 by (simp add: distinct-mset-def)
lemma do-resolve-step:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow do-resolve-step S \neq S
  \implies resolve (toS S) (toS (do-resolve-step S))
proof (induction S rule: do-resolve-step.induct)
 case (1 L C M N U k D)
 moreover
   { assume [simp]: k = 0
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated L C \# M) = []
       using I(1) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by simp
     then have H: \Lambda L'. get-level L' (Propagated L C \# M) = 0
       by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Un-insert-left empty-iff get-all-levels-of-marked.simps(3)
        get-level-in-levels-of-marked insert-iff list.set(1) sup-bot.left-neutral)
```

```
\} note H = this
  ultimately have
   -L \in set D and
   M: maximum-level-code \ (remove1 \ (-L) \ D) \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ M) = k
   by (cases mset D - \{\#-L\#\} = \{\#\},\
       auto dest!: get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[of - Propagated L C \# M]
       split: split-if-asm \ simp \ add: \ H)+
 have every-mark-is-a-conflict (toS (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, C-Clause D))
   using 1(1) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by fast
  then have L \in set \ C by fastforce
  then obtain C' where C: mset\ C = C' + \{\#L\#\}
   by (metis add.commute in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
  obtain D' where D: mset\ D = D' + \{\#-L\#\}
   using \langle -L \in set \ D \rangle by (metis add.commute in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
 have D'L: D' + \{\# - L\#\} - \{\# - L\#\} = D' by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
 have CL: mset\ C - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} = mset\ C\ using\ \langle L \in set\ C \rangle\ by\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ multiset-eq-iff)
 have
   resolve
      (map convert (Propagated L C # M), mset '# mset N, mset '# mset U, k, C-Clause (mset D))
      (map convert M, mset '# mset N, mset '# mset U, k,
        C\text{-}Clause\ (((mset\ D\ -\ \{\#-L\#\})\ \#\cup\ (mset\ C\ -\ \{\#L\#\}))))
   unfolding resolve.simps
     apply (simp \ add: \ C\ D)
   using M[simplified] unfolding maximum-level-code-eq-qet-maximum-level C[symmetric] CL
   by (metis\ D\ D'L\ convert.simps(1)\ get-maximum-level-map-convert\ list.simps(9))
  moreover have
   (map convert (Propagated L C # M), mset '# mset N, mset '# mset U, k, C-Clause (mset D))
    = toS (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, C-Clause D)
   by auto
 moreover
   have distinct-mset (mset C) and distinct-mset (mset D)
     using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (toS \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ C - Clause \ D) \rangle
     unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
   then have (mset\ C - \{\#L\#\})\ \#\cup\ (mset\ D - \{\#-L\#\}) =
     remdups-mset \ (mset \ C - \{\#L\#\} + (mset \ D - \{\#-L\#\}))
     apply -
     \mathbf{apply}\ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{distinct-mset-rempdups-union-mset})
     by auto
   then have (map convert M, mset '# mset N, mset '# mset U, k,
   C-Clause (((mset D - \{\#-L\#\}) \# \cup (mset C - \{\#L\#\}))))
   = toS (do-resolve-step (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, C-Clause D))
   using \langle -L \in set \ D \rangle \ M \ by \ (auto \ simp:ac-simps \ )
  ultimately show ?case
   by simp
ged auto
lemma do-resolve-step-no:
  do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ resolve\ (toS\ S)
 apply (cases S; cases hd (trail S); cases conflicting S)
 by (auto
   elim!: resolveE split: split-if-asm
   dest!: union-single-eq-member
   simp del: in-multiset-in-set get-maximum-level-map-convert
```

```
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-resolve[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-resolve-step S)) = do-resolve-step S
 apply (rule state-of-inverse)
 by (smt CollectI bj cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv do-resolve-step other resolve)
lemma do-resolve-step-trail-is-C-True[iff]:
  do-resolve-step S = (a, b, c, d, C\text{-True}) \longleftrightarrow S = (a, b, c, d, C\text{-True})
  by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases)
    anto
Backjumping fun find-level-decomp where
find-level-decomp M [] D k = None []
find-level-decomp M (L \# Ls) D k =
 (case (get-level L M, maximum-level-code (D @ Ls) M) of
   (i, j) \Rightarrow if \ i = k \land j < i \ then \ Some \ (L, j) \ else \ find-level-decomp \ M \ Ls \ (L\#D) \ k
lemma find-level-decomp-some:
 assumes find-level-decomp M Ls D k = Some(L, j)
 shows L \in set\ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (mset\ (remove1\ L\ (Ls\ @\ D)))\ M = j \land get\text{-}level\ L\ M = k
 using assms
 apply (induction Ls arbitrary: D)
 apply simp
 apply (auto split: split-if-asm simp add: ac-simps)
 apply (smt\ ab\text{-}semigroup\text{-}add\text{-}class.add\text{-}ac(1)\ add.commute\ diff-union\text{-}swap\ mset.simps(2))
 apply (smt add.commute add.left-commute diff-union-cancelL mset.simps(2))
 apply (smt \ add.commute \ add.left-commute \ diff-union-swap \ mset.simps(2))
 done
lemma find-level-decomp-none:
  assumes find-level-decomp M Ls E k = None and mset (L\#D) = mset (Ls @ E)
 shows \neg(L \in set \ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ (mset \ D) \ M < k \land k = get\text{-}level \ L \ M)
 using assms
proof (induction Ls arbitrary: E L D)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons L' Ls) note IH = this(1) and find-none = this(2) and LD = this(3)
 have mset D + \{\#L'\#\} = mset E + (mset Ls + \{\#L'\#\}) \implies mset D = mset E + mset Ls
   by (metis add-right-imp-eq union-assoc)
 then show ?case
   using find-none IH[of L' \# E L D] LD by (auto simp add: ac-simps split: split-if-asm)
qed
fun bt-cut where
bt-cut\ i\ (Propagated - - \#\ Ls) = bt-cut\ i\ Ls\ |
bt-cut i (Marked K k \# Ls) = (if k = Suc \ i then Some (Marked K k \# Ls) else bt-cut i \ Ls)
bt-cut i [] = None
lemma bt-cut-some-decomp:
  bt\text{-}cut\ i\ M = Some\ M' \Longrightarrow \exists\ K\ M2\ M1.\ M = M2\ @\ M' \land\ M' = Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1
 by (induction i M rule: bt-cut.induct) (auto split: split-if-asm)
```

```
lemma bt-cut-not-none: M = M2 @ Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i) \# M' \Longrightarrow bt-cut i\ M \neq None
 by (induction M2 arbitrary: M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
{\bf lemma}\ get-all-marked-decomposition-ex:
  \exists N. (Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \ \# \ M', \ N) \in set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (M2@Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \ \# M')
 apply (induction M2 rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto|2|
 by (case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ Marked K (Suc i) \# M')) auto
{f lemma}\ bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition:
  bt\text{-}cut \ i \ M = Some \ M' \Longrightarrow \exists M2. \ (M', M2) \in set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ M)
 by (auto dest!: bt-cut-some-decomp simp add: get-all-marked-decomposition-ex)
fun do-backtrack-step where
do-backtrack-step (M, N, U, k, C-Clause D) =
  (case find-level-decomp MD [] k of
   None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, C\text{-}Clause D)
  | Some (L, j) \Rightarrow
   (case bt-cut j M of
     Some (Marked - - # Ls) \Rightarrow (Propagated L D # Ls, N, D # U, j, C-True)
    - \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, C\text{-Clause } D))
 ) |
do-backtrack-step S = S
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert} :
  (get-all-marked-decomposition (map convert M)) =
   map\ (\lambda(a,\ b).\ (map\ convert\ a,\ map\ convert\ b))\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M)
 apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply simp
 by (case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition xs, auto)+
lemma do-backtrack-step:
 assumes db: do-backtrack-step S \neq S
 and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (to S S)
 shows backtrack (to S S) (to S (do-backtrack-step S))
  proof (cases S, cases conflicting S, goal-cases)
   case (1 \ M \ N \ U \ k \ E)
   then show ?case using db by auto
   case (2 M N U k E C) note S = this(1) and confl = this(2)
   have E: E = C-Clause C using S confl by auto
   obtain L j where fd: find-level-decomp M C [] k = Some (L, j)
     using db unfolding S E by (cases C) (auto split: split-if-asm option.splits)
   have L \in set \ C and get-maximum-level (mset (remove1 L \ C)) M = j and
     levL: qet-level\ L\ M=k
     using find-level-decomp-some[OF fd] by auto
   obtain C' where C: mset\ C = mset\ C' + \{\#L\#\}
     using \langle L \in set \ C \rangle by (metis add.commute ex-mset in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
   obtain M_2 where M_2: bt-cut j M = Some M_2
     using db fd unfolding S E by (auto split: option.splits)
   obtain M1 K where M1: M_2 = Marked K (Suc j) \# M1
     using bt-cut-some-decomp[OF\ M_2] by (cases\ M_2) auto
```

```
obtain c where c: M = c @ Marked K (Suc j) # M1
      using bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition[OF <math>M_2]
      unfolding M1 by fastforce
   have get-all-levels-of-marked (map\ convert\ M) = rev\ [1..< Suc\ k]
     using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S by auto
   from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this,\ of\ \lambda a.\ Suc\ j\in set\ a]\ \mathbf{have}\ j\leq k\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ c\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
   have max-l-j: maximum-level-code C'M = j
     using db fd M_2 C unfolding S E by (auto
        split: option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits
        dest!: find-level-decomp-some)[1]
   have get-maximum-level (mset C) M > k
     using \langle L \in set \ C \rangle get-maximum-level-ge-get-level levL by blast
   moreover have get-maximum-level (mset C) M \leq k
     using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[of mset CM] inv
       cdcl_W-M-level-inv-get-level-le-backtrack-lvl[of toS S]
     unfolding C \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def S
     by auto metis+
   ultimately have get-maximum-level (mset C) M = k by auto
   obtain M2 where M2: (M_2, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
     using bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition[OF <math>M_2] by metis
   have H: (cdcl_W.reduce-trail-to (map convert M1))
     (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (mset\ C' + \{\#L\#\})
       (map\ convert\ M,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N),\ mset\ (map\ mset\ U),\ j,\ C-True))) =
     (map\ convert\ M1,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N),\ \{\#mset\ C'+\{\#L\#\}\#\}+mset\ (map\ mset\ U),\ j,\ C-True)
       apply (subst state-conv[of cdcl<sub>W</sub>.reduce-trail-to - -])
     using M2 unfolding M1 by auto
   have
     backtrack
       (map convert M, mset '# mset N, mset '# mset U, k, C-Clause (mset C))
       (Propagated L (mset C) # map convert M1, mset '# mset N, mset '# mset U + \{\# mset \ C\#\},
j,
         C-True)
     apply (rule backtrack-rule)
           unfolding C apply simp
          using Set.imageI[of(M_2, M2) set(get-all-marked-decomposition M)]
                         (\lambda(a, b), (map\ convert\ a,\ map\ convert\ b))]\ M2
          apply (auto simp: get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert M1)[1]
         using max-l-j levL \langle j \leq k \rangle apply (simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
        using C \langle get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ (mset \ C) \ M = k \rangle \ levL \ apply \ auto[1]
       using max-l-j apply simp
       apply (cases cdcl<sub>W</sub>.reduce-trail-to (map convert M1)
          (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (mset\ C' + \{\#L\#\})
          (map\ convert\ M,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N),\ mset\ (map\ mset\ U),\ j,\ C\text{-}True)))
      using M2 M1 H by (auto simp: ac-simps)
   then show ?case
     using M_2 fd unfolding S E M1 by auto
   obtain M2 where (M_2, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
     using bt-cut-in-qet-all-marked-decomposition [OF M_2] by metis
qed
lemma do-backtrack-step-no:
 assumes db: do-backtrack-step S = S
 and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
 shows no-step backtrack (toS S)
```

```
\mathbf{proof} (rule ccontr, cases S, cases conflicting S, goal-cases)
 case 1
 then show ?case using db by (auto split: option.splits)
next
 case (2 M N U k E C) note bt = this(1) and S = this(2) and confl = this(3)
 obtain D L K b z M1 j where
   levL: get-level\ L\ M = get-maximum-level\ (D + \{\#L\#\})\ M and
   k: k = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level (D + \{\#L\#\}) M  and
   j: j = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ D\ M\ and
   CE: convert CE = C-Clause (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   decomp: (z \# M1, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M) and
   z: Marked\ K\ (Suc\ j) = convert\ z\ using\ bt\ unfolding\ S
     by (auto split: option.splits elim!: backtrackE
       simp: get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert)
 have z: z = Marked K (Suc j) using z by (cases z) auto
 obtain c where c: M = c @ b @ Marked K (Suc j) \# M1
   using decomp unfolding z by blast
 have qet-all-levels-of-marked (map\ convert\ M) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ k]
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S by auto
 from arg-cong[OF this, of \lambda a. Suc j \in set a] have k > j unfolding c by auto
 obtain CD' where
   E: E = C\text{-}Clause \ C \ \text{and}
   C: mset \ C = mset \ (L \# D')
   using CE apply (cases E)
     apply simp
   by (metis\ conflicting\text{-}clause.inject\ convertC.simps(1)\ ex-mset\ mset.simps(2))
 have D'D: mset D' = D
   using C CE E by auto
 have find-level-decomp M C [] k \neq None
   apply rule
   apply (drule\ find-level-decomp-none[of - - - L\ D'])
   using C (k > j) mset-eq-setD unfolding k[symmetric] D'D j[symmetric] levL by fastforce+
 then obtain L'j' where fd-some: find-level-decomp M \subset [] k = Some (L', j')
   by (cases find-level-decomp M \subset []k) auto
 have L': L' = L
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have L' \in \# D
      by (metis C D'D fd-some find-level-decomp-some in-multiset-in-set insert-iff list.simps(15))
     then have get-level L' M \leq get-maximum-level D M
      using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
     then show False using \langle k > j \rangle j find-level-decomp-some [OF fd-some] by auto
   qed
 then have j': j' = j using find-level-decomp-some [OF fd-some] j \in D'D by auto
 have btc-none: bt-cut j M \neq None
   apply (rule bt-cut-not-none[of M - @ -])
   using c by simp
 show ?case using db unfolding S E
   by (auto split: option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits
     simp\ add: fd-some\ L'\ j'\ btc-none
     dest: bt\text{-}cut\text{-}some\text{-}decomp)
qed
```

lemma rough-state-of-state-of-backtrack[simp]:

```
assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
 shows rough-state-of (state-of (do-backtrack-step S))= do-backtrack-step S
proof (rule state-of-inverse)
 have f2: backtrack (toS S) (toS (do-backtrack-step S)) \vee do-backtrack-step S = S
   using do-backtrack-step inv by blast
 have \bigwedge p. \neg cdcl_W - o(toS S) p \lor cdcl_W - all - struct - inv p
   using inv \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv other by blast
  then have do-backtrack-step S = S \lor cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (do-backtrack-step S))
   using f2 by blast
  then show do-backtrack-step S \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct-inv \ (toS \ S)\}
   using inv by fastforce
qed
Decide fun do-decide-step where
do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ C\text{-}True) =
  (case find-first-unused-var N (lits-of M) of
    None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, C\text{-}True)
  \mid Some L \Rightarrow (Marked\ L\ (Suc\ k)\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ k+1,\ C\text{-True}))\mid
do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S
lemma do-decide-step:
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow decide\ (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S))
 apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
 defer
 apply (auto split: option.splits simp add: decide.simps Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
         dest: find-first-unused-var-undefined find-first-unused-var-Some
         intro: atms-of-atms-of-m-mono)[1]
proof -
 \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b \ c \ d \ e
   fix a :: (nat, nat, nat literal list) marked-lit list and
       b:: nat literal list list and c:: nat literal list list and
       d :: nat  and x2 :: nat  literal  and m :: nat  literal  list
   assume a1: m \in set b
   assume x2 \in set m
   then have f2: atm\text{-}of \ x2 \in atm\text{-}of \ (mset \ m)
     by simp
   have \bigwedge f. (f m::nat \ literal \ multiset) \in f 'set b
     using a1 by blast
   then have \bigwedge f. (atms-of\ (f\ m)::nat\ set) \subseteq atms-of-m\ (f\ `set\ b)
    using atms-of-atms-of-m-mono by blast
   then have \bigwedge n f. (n::nat) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ (f \text{ `set b}) \lor n \notin atms\text{-}of \ (f m)
     by (meson\ contra-subset D)
   then have atm\text{-}of \ x2 \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ (mset \ `set \ b)
     using f2 by blast
  } note H = this
 assume do-decide-step S \neq S and
    S = (a, b, c, d, e) and
    conflicting S = C-True
  then show decide (toS S) (toS (do-decide-step S))
   apply (auto split: option.splits simp add: decide.simps Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
            dest!: find-first-unused-var-Some dest: H)
   by (meson\ atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus\ contra-subsetD\ rev-image-eqI)+
qed
```

```
lemma do-decide-step-no:
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ decide\ (toS\ S)
 apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
  apply (auto
     simp add: atms-of-m-mset-unfold atm-of-eq-atm-of Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of
     split: option.splits
     elim!: decideE)
  apply (meson atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus image-subset-iff)
  apply (meson atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus image-subset-iff)
  done
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-decide-step[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-decide-step S)) = do-decide-step S
 apply (subst state-of-inverse)
   apply (smt cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv decide do-decide-step mem-Collect-eq other)
 apply simp
 done
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-skip-step[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-skip-step S)) = do-skip-step S
 apply (subst state-of-inverse)
   apply (smt\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -inv\ skip\ do\ -skip\ -step\ mem\ -Collect\ -eq\ other\ bj)
 apply simp
 done
18.3.3
           Code generation
Type definition
                        There are two invariants: one while applying conflict and propagate and one
for the other rules
declare rough-state-of-inverse[simp add]
definition Con where
  Con xs = state-of (if cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (fst xs, snd xs)) then xs
  else ([], [], [], [], [], []
lemma [code abstype]:
 Con (rough-state-of S) = S
 using rough-state-of [of S] unfolding Con-def by (simp add: rough-state-of-inverse)
definition do-cp-step' where
do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S = state\text{-}of (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S))
\mathbf{typedef}\ cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state = \{S\text{::}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv\text{-}st.\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\ (toS\ S)\}
 \land cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (S0\text{-}cdcl_W (clauses (toS S))) (toS S)
 morphisms rough-state-from-init-state-of state-from-init-state-of
proof
 show ([],[], [], \theta, C-True) \in \{S. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv \ (toS\ S)
   \land cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (S0\text{-}cdcl_W (clauses (toS S))) (toS S)
   by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
qed
instantiation cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state :: equal
```

begin

```
definition equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-from-init-state :: cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow
  cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow bool where
 equal\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\ S\ S'\longleftrightarrow
   (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S=rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S')
instance
  by standard (simp add: rough-state-from-init-state-of-inject
    equal-cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state-def)
end
definition ConI where
  ConI S = state-from-init-state-of (if cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (fst S, snd S)))
   \land cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (S0 - cdcl_W (clauses (toS S))) (toS S) then S else ([], [], [], 0, C - True))
lemma [code abstype]:
  ConI (rough-state-from-init-state-of S) = S
 using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] unfolding ConI-def by (simp add: rough-state-from-init-state-of-inverse)
definition id-of-I-to:: cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow cdcl_W-state-inv where
id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\ S = state\text{-}of\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)
lemma [code abstract]:
  rough-state-of (id-of-I-to S) = rough-state-from-init-state-of S
  unfolding id-of-I-to-def using rough-state-from-init-state-of by auto
Conflict and Propagate function do-full1-cp-step :: cdcl_W-state-inv \Rightarrow cdcl_W-state-inv where
do-full1-cp-step S =
  (let S' = do-cp-step' S in
   if S = S' then S else do-full1-cp-step S')
by auto
termination
proof (relation \{(T', T). (rough\text{-state-of } T', rough\text{-state-of } T) \in \{(S', S).\}
  (toS\ S',\ toS\ S) \in \{(S',\ S).\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ S \land cdcl_W\ -cp\ S\ S'\}\}\},\ goal\ -cases)
 case 1
 show ?case
   using wf-if-measure-f[OF \ wf-if-measure-f[OF \ cdcl_W-cp-wf-all-inv, of toS], of rough-state-of].
next
  case (2 S' S)
  then show ?case
   unfolding do-cp-step'-def
   apply simp
   by (metis\ cp\text{-}step\text{-}is\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}inverse)
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}fix\text{-}point\text{-}of\text{-}do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{:}
  do-cp-step(rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S)) = (rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S))
  by (rule do-full1-cp-step.induct[of \lambda S. do-cp-step(rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
       = (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))])
   (metis (full-types) do-full1-cp-step.elims rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step do-cp-step'-def)
lemma in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct:
  c {\in} \textit{set (clauses (rough-state-of S)} \ @ \ learned\text{-}clss \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S)) \Longrightarrow \textit{distinct } c
  apply (cases rough-state-of S)
  using rough-state-of [of S] by (auto simp add: distinct-mset-set-distinct cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{do-full1-cp-step-full}:
 full\ cdcl_W-cp\ (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S))
   (toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)))
  unfolding full-def apply standard
   apply (induction S rule: do-full1-cp-step.induct)
   apply (smt\ cp\text{-}step\text{-}is\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ do\text{-}cp\text{-}step'\text{-}def\ do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step.simps})
     rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step rtranclp.rtrancl-refl rtranclp-into-tranclp2
     tranclp-into-rtranclp)
 apply (rule do-cp-step-eq-no-step[OF do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step[of S]])
 using in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct unfolding do-cp-step'-def by blast
lemma [code abstract]:
rough-state-of (do-cp-step' S) = do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)
unfolding do-cp-step'-def by auto
The other rules fun do-other-step where
do-other-step S =
  (let T = do\text{-}skip\text{-}step S in
    if T \neq S
    then T
    else
      (let \ U = do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step \ T \ in
      if U \neq T
      then U else
      (let V = do-backtrack-step U in
      if V \neq U then V else do-decide-step V)))
lemma do-other-step:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) and
  st: do\text{-}other\text{-}step \ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-o (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step\ S))
 using st inv by (auto split: split-if-asm
   simp add: Let-def
   intro: do-skip-step do-resolve-step do-backtrack-step do-decide-step)
lemma do-other-step-no:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) and
 st: do-other-step S = S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-o (toS S)
 using st inv by (auto split: split-if-asm elim: cdcl_W-bjE
   simp\ add: Let\text{-}def\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj.simps\ elim!: cdcl_W\text{-}o.cases
   dest!: do-skip-step-no do-resolve-step-no do-backtrack-step-no do-decide-step-no)
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-other-step[simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (do-other-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-other-step (rough-state-of S)
proof (cases do-other-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S)
 case True
 then show ?thesis by simp
next
 case False
 have cdcl_W-o (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (do-other-step (rough-state-of S)))
   by (metis False cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state do-other-step[of rough-state-of S])
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (do-other-step (rough-state-of S)))
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state other by blast
```

```
then show ?thesis
   by (simp add: CollectI state-of-inverse)
qed
definition do-other-step' where
do-other-step' S =
 state-of\ (do-other-step\ (rough-state-of\ S))
lemma rough-state-of-do-other-step'[code abstract]:
rough-state-of (do-other-step' S) = do-other-step (rough-state-of S)
apply (cases do-other-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S)
  unfolding do-other-step'-def apply simp
using do-other-step of rough-state-of S by (smt \ cdcl_W - all-struct-inv-inv)
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state mem-Collect-eq other state-of-inverse)
definition do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step where
do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S =
  (let T = do-full1-cp-step S in
    if T \neq S
    then T
    else
      (let \ U = (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ T)\ in
       (do-full1-cp-step\ U)))
definition do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' where
do-cdcl_W-stqy-step' S = state-from-init-state-of (rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stqy-step (id-of-I-to S)))
lemma toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq: do-full1-cp-step S \neq S \Longrightarrow
   toS (rough-state-of S) \neq toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
proof -
 assume a1: do-full1-cp-step S \neq S
 then have S \neq do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S
   by fastforce
  then show ?thesis
   by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cp\text{-}step\text{-}is\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ do\text{-}cp\text{-}step'\text{-}def\ do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}no\text{-}step})
     do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step\ in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct
     rough-state-of-inverse)
ged
do-full1-cp-step should not be unfolded anymore:
declare do-full1-cp-step.simps[simp del]
Correction of the transformation lemma do-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
 assumes do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step S)))
proof (cases do-full1-cp-step S = S)
 {f case}\ {\it False}
 then show ?thesis
   using assms do-full1-cp-step-full[of S] unfolding full-unfold do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy.intros dest: toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq)
next
 case True
 have cdcl_W-o (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)))
   by (smt\ True\ assms\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -rough\ -state\ do\ -cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -step\ -def\ do\ -other\ -step
     rough-state-of-do-other-step' rough-state-of-inverse)
```

```
moreover
   have
     np: no-step \ propagate \ (toS \ (rough-state-of \ S)) and
     nc: no-step \ conflict \ (toS \ (rough-state-of \ S))
       apply (metis True do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl
         do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step \ do-propagate-step-no-step
         in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct)
     by (metis True do-conflict-step-no-step do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl
       do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step)
   then have no-step cdcl_W-cp (toS (rough-state-of S))
     by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps)
 moreover have full\ cdcl_W-cp\ (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ S)))
   (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ S))))
   using do-full1-cp-step-full by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using assms True unfolding do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy.other' dest: toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq)
lemma length-trail-toS[simp]:
  length (trail (toS S)) = length (trail S)
 by (cases S) auto
lemma conflicting-noTrue-iff-toS[simp]:
  conflicting\ (toS\ S) \neq C\text{-}True \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S \neq C\text{-}True
 by (cases S) auto
lemma trail-toS-neq-imp-trail-neq:
  trail\ (toS\ S) \neq trail\ (toS\ S') \Longrightarrow trail\ S \neq trail\ S'
 by (cases S, cases S') auto
lemma do-skip-step-trail-changed-or-conflict:
 assumes d: do-other-step S \neq S
 and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
 shows trail S \neq trail (do-other-step S)
proof -
 have M: \bigwedge M \ K \ M1 \ c. \ M = c @ K \# M1 \Longrightarrow Suc \ (length \ M1) \le length \ M
   by auto
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (toS S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have cdcl_W-o (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do-other-step\ S)) using do-other-step[OF\ inv\ d].
  then show ?thesis
   using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv (toS S) \rangle
   \mathbf{proof} (induction to S (do-other-step S) rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
     case decide
     then show ?thesis
       by (auto simp add: trail-toS-neg-imp-trail-neg)[]
   next
   case (skip)
   then show ?case
     by (cases S; cases do-other-step S) force
   next
     case (resolve)
     then show ?case
        by (cases S, cases do-other-step S) force
```

```
next
      case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D) note decomp = this(1) and confl-S = this(3) and undef =
this(6) and
       U = this(7)
     have [simp]: cons-trail (Propagated L (D + \{\#L\#\}))
       (cdcl_W.reduce-trail-to\ M1
         (add-learned-cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
          (update-backtrack-lvl (get-maximum-level D (trail (toS S)))
            (update\text{-}conflicting\ C\text{-}True\ (toS\ S)))))
       (Propagated L (D + \{\#L\#\}\})# M1,mset (map mset (clauses S)),
         \{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} + mset (map mset (learned-clss S)),
         get-maximum-level D (trail (toS S)), C-True)
       apply (subst state-conv[of cons-trail - -])
       using decomp undef by (cases S) auto
     then show ?case
       apply auto
       apply (cases do-other-step S; auto split: split-if-asm simp: Let-def)
          apply (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases; auto split: split-if-asm)
         apply (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases; auto split: split-if-asm)
         apply (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases;
          auto split: split-if-asm option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits
          dest!: bt\text{-}cut\text{-}some\text{-}decomp)[]
       using d apply (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases; auto split: option.splits)
       done
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma do-full1-cp-step-induct:
 (\bigwedge S. (S \neq do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S) \Longrightarrow P (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S)) \Longrightarrow P S) \Longrightarrow P a0
 using do-full1-cp-step.induct by metis
lemma do-cp-step-neg-trail-increase:
 \exists c. trail (do-cp-step S) = c @ trail S \land (\forall m \in set c. \neg is-marked m)
 by (cases S, cases conflicting S)
    (auto simp add: do-cp-step-def do-conflict-step-def do-propagate-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma do-full1-cp-step-neq-trail-increase:
  \exists c. trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)) = c @ trail (rough-state-of S)
   \land (\forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ m)
 apply (induction rule: do-full1-cp-step-induct)
 apply (case-tac do-cp-step' S = S)
   apply (simp add: do-full1-cp-step.simps)
  by (smt Un-iff append-assoc do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-neq-trail-increase do-full1-cp-step.simps
   rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step set-append)
lemma do-cp-step-conflicting:
  conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq C-True \Longrightarrow do-cp-step' S = S
 unfolding do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-def by simp
lemma do-full1-cp-step-conflicting:
  conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq C-True \Longrightarrow do-full1-cp-step S = S
  unfolding do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-def
 apply (induction rule: do-full1-cp-step-induct)
```

```
by (case-tac \ S \neq do-cp-step' \ S)
    (auto simp add: rough-state-of-inverse do-full1-cp-step.simps dest: do-cp-step-conflicting)
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide\text{:}}
 assumes
   conflicting S = C-True and
   do-decide-step <math>S \neq S
 shows Suc (length (filter is-marked (trail S)))
    = length (filter is-marked (trail (do-decide-step S)))
 using assms unfolding do-other-step'-def
  by (cases S) (auto simp: Let-def split: split-if-asm option.splits
    dest!: find-first-unused-var-Some-not-all-incl)
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide\text{-}bt\text{:}}
 assumes conflicting S \neq C-True and
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S \neq S
 shows length (filter is-marked (trail S)) < length (filter is-marked (trail (do-decide-step S)))
  using assms unfolding do-other-step'-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S)
   (auto simp add: Let-def split: split-if-asm option.splits)
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}other\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide\text{-}bt\text{:}}
  assumes conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq C-True and
  conflicting (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)) = C-True  and
  do-other-step' S \neq S
 shows length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of S)))
   > length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S))))
proof (cases S, goal-cases)
 case (1 \ y) note S = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 obtain M N U k E where y: y = (M, N, U, k, C\text{-}Clause E)
   using assms(1) S inv by (cases y, cases conflicting y) auto
 have M: rough-state-of (state-of (M, N, U, k, C\text{-Clause } E)) = (M, N, U, k, C\text{-Clause } E)
   using inv y by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
 have bt: do-other-step' S = state-of (do-backtrack-step (rough-state-of S))
   using assms(1,2) apply (cases rough-state-of (do-other-step'S))
     apply(auto simp add: Let-def do-other-step'-def)
   apply (cases rough-state-of S rule: do-decide-step.cases)
   apply auto
   done
  show ?case
   using assms(2) S unfolding bt y inv
   apply simp
   by (auto simp add: M
         split: option.splits
         dest: bt-cut-some-decomp arg-cong[of - \lambda u. length (filter is-marked u)])
qed
lemma do-other-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide:
 assumes conflicting (rough-state-of S) = C-True and
  do-other-step' S \neq S
 shows 1 + length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of S)))
   = length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S))))
proof (cases S, goal-cases)
  case (1 \ y) note S = this(1) and inv = this(2)
```

```
obtain M N U k where y: y = (M, N, U, k, C-True) using assms(1) S inv by (cases y) auto
 have M: rough-state-of (state-of (M, N, U, k, C-True)) = (M, N, U, k, C-True)
   using inv y by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
  have state-of (do-decide-step (M, N, U, k, C\text{-}True)) \neq state-of (M, N, U, k, C\text{-}True)
   using assms(2) unfolding do-other-step'-def y inv S by (auto simp add: M)
  then have f_4: do-skip-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (full-types) do-skip-step.simps(4))
 have f5: do-resolve-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (no-types) do-resolve-step.simps(4))
 have f6: do-backtrack-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (no-types) do-backtrack-step.simps(2))
 have do-other-step (rough-state-of S) \neq rough-state-of S
   using assms(2) unfolding S M y do-other-step'-def by (metis\ (no-types))
 then show ?case
   using f6 f5 f4 by (simp add: assms(1) do-decide-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide
     do-other-step'-def)
qed
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-skip-step-rough-state-of[simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (do-skip-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-skip-step (rough-state-of S)
 by (smt\ do-other-step.simps\ rough-state-of-inverse\ rough-state-of-state-of-do-other-step)
lemma conflicting-do-resolve-step-iff[iff]:
  conflicting\ (do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S) = C\text{-}True \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S = C\text{-}True
 by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases)
  (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma conflicting-do-skip-step-iff[iff]:
  conflicting\ (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S) = C\text{-}True \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S = C\text{-}True
  by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases)
    (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma conflicting-do-decide-step-iff[iff]:
  conflicting\ (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S) = C\text{-}True \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S = C\text{-}True
 by (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases)
    (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma conflicting-do-backtrack-step-imp[simp]:
  do-backtrack-step S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflicting (do-backtrack-step S) = C-True
 by (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases)
    (auto simp add: Let-def split: list.splits option.splits marked-lit.splits)
lemma do-skip-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do-skip-step S = S \longleftrightarrow trail (do-skip-step S) = trail S
  by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases) auto
lemma do-decide-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow trail\ (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S) = trail\ S
 by (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases) (auto split: option.split)
lemma do-backtrack-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do-backtrack-step S = S \longleftrightarrow trail (do-backtrack-step S) = trail S
  by (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases)
    (auto split: option.split list.splits marked-lit.splits
      dest!: bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}iff\text{-}trail\text{-}eq:}
  do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow trail\ (do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S) = trail\ S
  by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases) auto
lemma do-other-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  trail\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step\ S) = trail\ S \longleftrightarrow do\text{-}other\text{-}step\ S = S
  by (auto simp add: Let-def do-skip-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric]
    do-decide-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric] do-backtrack-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric]
   do-resolve-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric])
lemma do-full1-cp-step-do-other-step'-normal-form[dest!]:
  assumes H: do-full1-cp-step (do-other-step' S) = S
  shows do-other-step' S = S \land do-full1-cp-step S = S
proof -
 let ?T = do\text{-}other\text{-}step' S
  { assume confl: conflicting (rough-state-of ?T) \neq C-True
   then have tr: trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T)) = trail (rough-state-of ?T)
     using do-full1-cp-step-conflicting by auto
   \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{trail} \ (\mathit{rough-state-of} \ (\mathit{do-full1-cp-step} \ (\mathit{do-other-step'} \ S))) = \mathit{trail} \ (\mathit{rough-state-of} \ S)
     using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ H,\ of\ \lambda S.\ trail\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)].
   then have trail\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ S)) = trail\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)
      by (auto simp add: do-full1-cp-step-conflicting confl)
   then have do-other-step' S = S
     by (simp add: do-other-step-eq-iff-trail-eq do-other-step'-def rough-state-of-inverse
       del: do-other-step.simps)
  }
  moreover {
   assume eq[simp]: do-other-step' S = S
   obtain c where c: trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)) = c @ trail (rough-state-of S)
     using do-full1-cp-step-neq-trail-increase by auto
   moreover have trail\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S)) = trail\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)
     using arg-cong[OF\ H,\ of\ \lambda S.\ trail\ (rough-state-of S)] by simp
   finally have c = [] by blast
   then have do-full1-cp-step S = S using assms by auto
    }
  moreover {
   assume confl: conflicting (rough-state-of ?T) = C-True and neg: do-other-step' S \neq S
   obtain c where
     c: trail\ (rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ ?T)) = c\ @\ trail\ (rough-state-of\ ?T) and
     nm: \forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ m
     using do-full1-cp-step-neq-trail-increase by auto
   have length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T))))
       = length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of ?T))) using nm unfolding c by force
   moreover have length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of S)))
      \neq length (filter is-marked (trail (rough-state-of ?T)))
     using do-other-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide[OF - neg]
     do-other-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide-bt[of S, OF - confl neg]
     by linarith
   finally have False unfolding H by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
```

```
lemma do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-no:
 assumes S: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S = S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-of S))
proof -
  {
   fix S'
   assume full1 cdcl_W-cp (toS (rough-state-of S)) S'
   then have False
     using do-full1-cp-step-full[of S] unfolding full-def S rtranclp-unfold full1-def
     by (smt \ assms \ do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def \ tranclpD)
 }
 moreover {
   fix S' S''
   assume cdcl_W-o (toS (rough-state-of S)) S' and
    no-step propagate (toS (rough-state-of S)) and
    no-step conflict (toS (rough-state-of S)) and
    full cdcl_W-cp S' S''
   then have False
     using assms unfolding do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\text{-}def
     \mathbf{by} \ (smt \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}rough\text{-}state \ do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\text{-}normal\text{-}}form
       do-other-step-no rough-state-of-do-other-step')
 ultimately show ?thesis using assms by (force simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
lemma toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of [simp]:
  toS (rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)))
    = toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
 using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
  using conflict apply blast
 using propagate by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
 by (fastforce dest!: cdcl_W-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  using cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W apply blast
  unfolding full-def by (fastforce\ dest!:cdcl_W.other\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-init-clss: cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \Longrightarrow clauses S = clauses T
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss cdcl_W-stqy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W by fast
lemma clauses-toS-rough-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step[simp]:
  clauses\ (toS\ (rough-state-of\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step\ (state-of\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S)))))
    = clauses (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)) (is - = clauses (toS ?S))
 apply (cases do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step (state-of ?S) = state-of ?S)
   apply simp
```

```
do-cdcl_W-stgy-step toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of)
lemma rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'[code abstract]:
rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S) =
   rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (id-of-I-to S))
proof -
 let ?S = (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of S)
 have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (S0-cdcl_W (clauses (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))))
   (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
   using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
 moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^*
                (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
                (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step))
                  (state-of\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S)))))
    using do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step[of\ state\text{-}of\ ?S]
    by (cases\ do-cdcl_W-stgy-step\ (state-of\ ?S)=state-of\ ?S)\ auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   unfolding do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-step'-def id-of-I-to-def by (auto intro!: state-from-init-state-of-inverse)
qed
All rules together function do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy where
do-all-cdcl_W-stgy S =
 (let \ T = do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ S\ in
 if T = S then S else do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy T)
by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(T, S).
   (cdcl_W-measure (toS\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of T)),
   cdcl_W-measure (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)))
     \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} \ 3\}, goal-cases)
 case 1
 show ?case by (rule wf-if-measure-f) (auto intro!: wf-lexn wf-less)
next
 case (2 S T) note T = this(1) and ST = this(2)
 let ?S = rough-state-from-init-state-of S
 have S: cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (S0\text{-}cdcl_W (clauses (toS ?S))) (toS ?S)
   using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
  moreover have cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
   (toS\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ T))
   using ST do-cdcl_W-stgy-step unfolding T
   by (smt id-of-I-to-def mem-Collect-eq rough-state-from-init-state-of
     rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' rough-state-from-init-state-of-inject
     state-of-inverse)
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
     using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (S0\text{-}cdcl_W (clauses (to S (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))))
     by (cases rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
        (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
  ultimately show ?case
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing[of - - S0-cdcl_W (clauses (toS ?S))]
     simp \ del: \ cdcl_W-measure.simps)
qed
```

by $(smt\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -def\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -rough\ -state\ cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -no\ -more\ -init\ -clss$

```
thm do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.induct
lemma do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-induct:
  (\bigwedge S. (do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow P\ (do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ S)) \Longrightarrow P\ S) \Longrightarrow P\ a0
 using do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.induct by metis
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all:
  no-step\ cdcl_W-stgy\ (toS\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy\ S)))
  \mathbf{apply} \ (induction \ S \ rule: do-all-cdcl_W \text{-}stgy\text{-}induct)
 apply (case-tac do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S \neq S)
proof -
  \mathbf{fix} \ \mathit{Sa} :: \ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{state}\text{-}\mathit{inv}\text{-}\mathit{from}\text{-}\mathit{init}\text{-}\mathit{state}
  assume a1: \neg do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' Sa \neq Sa
  { fix pp
    have (if True then Sa else do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy Sa) = do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy Sa
      using a1 by auto
    then have \neg cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy Sa))) pp
      using a1 by (metis (no-types) do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step-no id-of-I-to-def
        rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stay-step' rough-state-of-inverse) }
  then show no-step cdcl_W-stqy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stqy Sa)))
    by fastforce
next
  \mathbf{fix} \ Sa :: cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state
 assume a1: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ Sa \neq Sa
    \implies no-step cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'
Sa))))
 assume a2: do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' Sa \neq Sa
 have do-all-cdcl_W-stgy\ Sa=do-all-cdcl_W-stgy\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'\ Sa)
    by (metis\ (full-types)\ do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
  then show no-step cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy Sa)))
    using a2 a1 by presburger
qed
lemma do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  cdcl_W-stgy** (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
    (toS\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy\ S)))
  apply (induction S rule: do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-induct)
  apply (case-tac do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-step' S = S)
    apply simp
  by (smt\ converse\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp\ do\text{-}all\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.simps\ do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\text{-}def
    rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'
    toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of)
Final theorem:
lemma DPLL-tot-correct:
  assumes
    r: rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy (state-from-init-state-of
      (([], map\ remdups\ N, [], \theta, C-True)))) = S and
    S: (M', N', U', k, E) = toS S
  shows (E \neq C\text{-}Clause \{\#\} \land satisfiable (set (map mset N)))
    \lor (E = C\text{-}Clause \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set (map mset N)))
proof -
 \mathbf{let}~?N = map~remdups~N
 have inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS ([], map remdups N, [], 0, C-True))
    unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-set-def by auto
  then have S0: rough-state-of (state-of ([], map remdups N, [], 0, C-True))
```

```
= ([], map \ remdups \ N, [], \theta, C-True) \ by \ simp
 have 1: full cdcl_W-stgy (toS ([], ?N, [], 0, C-True)) (toS S)
   unfolding full-def apply rule
     using do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy[of
      state-from-init-state-of ([], map remdups N, [], 0, C-True)] inv
      no-step-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all
      by (auto simp del: do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy.simps simp: state-from-init-state-of-inverse
        r[symmetric])+
 moreover have 2: finite (set (map mset ?N)) by auto
 moreover have 3: distinct-mset-set (set (map mset ?N))
    unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
     by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}rough\text{-}state\ }r
       toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of)
   then have cons: consistent-interp (lits-of M')
     unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S[symmetric] by auto
   have clauses (toS ([], ?N, [], \theta, C-True)) = clauses (toS S)
     apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss)
     using 1 unfolding full-def by (auto simp add: rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
   then have N': mset\ (map\ mset\ ?N) = N'
     using S[symmetric] by auto
 have (E \neq C\text{-}Clause \{\#\} \land satisfiable (set (map mset ?N)))
   \vee (E = C-Clause {#} \wedge unsatisfiable (set (map mset ?N)))
   using full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-final-state-conclusive unfolding N' apply rule
      using 1 apply simp
      using 2 apply simp
     using \beta apply simp
    using S[symmetric] N' apply auto[1]
  using S[symmetric] N' cons by (fastforce simp: true-annots-true-cls)
 then show ?thesis by auto
qed
The Code The SML code is skipped in the documentation, but stays to ensure that some
version of the exported code is working
end
theory CDCL-WNOT
imports CDCL-W-Termination CDCL-NOT
```

19 Link between Weidenbach's and NOT's CDCL

19.1 Inclusion of the states

begin

```
declare upt.simps(2)[simp\ del]

sledgehammer-params[verbose]

context cdcl_W-ops

begin

lemma backtrack-levE:

backtrack\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \Longrightarrow

(\bigwedge D\ L\ K\ M1\ M2.
```

```
(Marked\ K\ (Suc\ (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ D\ (trail\ S)))\ \#\ M1,\ M2)
     \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) \Longrightarrow
   get-level L (trail\ S) = get-maximum-level (D + \{\#L\#\}) (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow
   undefined-lit M1 L \Longrightarrow
   S' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (D + {#L#}))
     (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ (add-learned-cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\})
       (update-backtrack-lvl (get-maximum-level D (trail S)) (update-conflicting C-True S)))) \Longrightarrow
   backtrack-lvl S = get-maximum-level (D + {\#L\#}) (trail S) \Longrightarrow
   conflicting S = C\text{-Clause} (D + \{\#L\#\}) \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow
 using assms by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) metis
lemma backtrack-no-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes cdcl: cdcl_W-bj T U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv V
 shows \neg backtrack\ V\ T
 using cdcl
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct) (force elim!: backtrack-levE[OF - inv])+
abbreviation skip-or-resolve :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \equiv (\lambda S \ T. \ skip \ S \ T \lor resolve \ S \ T)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-skip-or-resolve-backtrack:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows skip-or-resolve** S \ U \lor (\exists \ T. \ skip-or-resolve** S \ T \land backtrack \ T \ U)
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 consider
     (SU) S = U
   | (SUp) \ cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ S \ U
   using st unfolding rtranclp-unfold by blast
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case SUp
     have \bigwedge T. skip-or-resolve** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
       using mono-rtranclp[of skip-or-resolve cdcl_W] other by blast
     then have skip-or-resolve** S U
       using bj IH inv backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv[OF - inv] by meson
     then show ?thesis
       using bj by (metis (no-types, lifting) cdcl_W-bj.cases rtranclp.simps)
   next
     case SU
     then show ?thesis
       using bj by (metis (no-types, lifting) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.cases rtranclp.simps)
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ S \ T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto dest!: cdcl_W-bj.intros \ cdcl_W.intros \ cdcl_W-o.intros)
```

```
abbreviation backjump-l-cond :: 'v literal multiset \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
backjump-l-cond \equiv \lambda C L S. True
definition inv_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
inv_{NOT} \equiv \lambda S. \text{ no-dup (trail } S)
declare inv_{NOT}-def[simp]
end
fun convert-trail-from-W ::
  ('v, 'lvl, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit list
   \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list where
convert-trail-from-W [] = [] |
convert-trail-from-W (Propagated L - \# M) = Propagated L () \# convert-trail-from-W M |
convert-trail-from-W (Marked L - \# M) = Marked L () \# convert-trail-from-W M
lemma atm-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
  (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set (convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W \ xs) = (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set xs
 by (induction rule: marked-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma no-dup-convert-from-W[simp]:
  no-dup (convert-trail-from-WM) \longleftrightarrow no-dup M
 by (induction rule: marked-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma lits-of-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
  lits-of\ (convert-trail-from-W\ M) = lits-of\ M
 by (induction rule: marked-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma convert-trail-from-W-true-annots[simp]:
  convert-trail-from-W M \models as C \longleftrightarrow M \models as C
 by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
lemma defined-lit-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
  defined-lit (convert-trail-from-W S) L \longleftrightarrow defined-lit S L
 by (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma convert-trail-from-W-append[simp]:
  convert-trail-from-W (M @ M') = convert-trail-from-W M @ convert-trail-from-W M'
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma length-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
  length (convert-trail-from-W W) = length W
 by (induction W rule: convert-trail-from-W.induct) auto
lemma convert-trail-from-W-nil-iff[simp]: convert-trail-from-W S = [] \longleftrightarrow S = []
 by (induction S rule: convert-trail-from-W.induct) auto
The values \theta and \{\#\} do not matter.
{f fun} convert-marked-lit-from-NOT {f where}
convert-marked-lit-from-NOT (Propagated L -) = Propagated L \{\#\}
convert-marked-lit-from-NOT (Marked L -) = Marked L 0
\mathbf{fun}\ \mathit{convert-trail-from-NOT}::
  ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
   \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit list where
```

```
convert-trail-from-NOT [] = []
convert-trail-from-NOT (L \# M) = convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L \# convert-trail-from-NOT M
lemma convert-trail-from-W-from-NOT[simp]:
  convert-trail-from-W (convert-trail-from-NOT M) = M
 by (induction rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma convert-trail-from-W-cons-convert-lit-from-NOT[simp]:
  convert-trail-from-W (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L # M) = L # convert-trail-from-W M
 by (cases L) auto
lemma convert-trail-from-W-tl[simp]:
  convert-trail-from-W (tl M) = tl (convert-trail-from-W M)
 by (induction rule: convert-trail-from-W.induct) simp-all
lemma length-convert-trail-from-NOT[simp]:
  length (convert-trail-from-NOT W) = length W
 by (induction W rule: convert-trail-from-NOT.induct) auto
abbreviation trail_{NOT} where
trail_{NOT} \equiv convert-trail-from-W o fst
lemma undefined-lit-convert-trail-from-W[iff]:
  undefined-lit (convert-trail-from-W M) L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit M L
 by (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma lit-of-convert-marked-lit-from-NOT[iff]:
  lit-of (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) = lit-of L
 by (cases L) auto
sublocale state_W \subseteq dpll-state convert-trail-from-W o trail clauses
 \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail S
 \lambda \, C \, S. \, \, add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls \, \, C \, S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
 by unfold-locales auto
sublocale cdcl_W-ops \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops convert-trail-from-W o trail clauses
 \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail S
 \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
 \lambda- -. True
  \lambda- S. conflicting S = C-True \lambda C L S. backjump-l-cond C L S
   \land distinct\text{-mset} (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
 by unfold-locales
\mathbf{sublocale}\ cdcl_W	ext{-}ops\subseteq cdcl_{NOT}	ext{-}merge-bj	ext{-}learn	ext{-}proxy\ convert	ext{-}trail	ext{-}from	ext{-}W\ o\ trail\ clauses
 \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail S
 \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
 \lambda- S. conflicting S = C-True backjump-l-cond inv<sub>NOT</sub>
proof (unfold-locales, goal-cases)
 case 2
```

```
then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv by auto
next
  case (1 C' S C F' K F L)
  moreover
   let ?C' = remdups\text{-}mset \ C'
   have L \notin \# C'
      using \langle F \models as\ CNot\ C' \rangle \langle undefined\text{-}lit\ F\ L \rangle\ Marked\text{-}Propagated\text{-}in\text{-}iff\text{-}in\text{-}lits\text{-}of}
      in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
   then have distinct-mset (?C' + \{\#L\#\})
      by (metis\ count\text{-}mset\text{-}set(\beta)\ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}remdups\text{-}mset\ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}single\text{-}add
        less-irreft-nat mem-set-mset-iff remdups-mset-def)
  moreover
   have no-dup F
      using \langle inv_{NOT} S \rangle \langle (convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W \circ trail) S = F' @ Marked K () \# F \rangle
      unfolding inv_{NOT}-def
      by (smt\ comp-apply\ distinct.simps(2)\ distinct-append\ list.simps(9)\ map-append
        no-dup-convert-from-W)
   then have consistent-interp (lits-of F)
      using distinct consistent-interp by blast
   then have \neg tautology (C')
      using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle consistent-CNot-not-tautology true-annots-true-cls by blast
   then have \neg tautology (?C' + \{\#L\#\})
      using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle \langle undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L \rangle by (metis \ CNot\text{-}remdups\text{-}mset
        Marked	ext{-}Propagated	ext{-}in	ext{-}iff	ext{-}in	ext{-}lits	ext{-}of\ add.commute\ in	ext{-}CNot	ext{-}uminus\ tautology-add-single}
        tautology-remdups-mset true-annot-singleton true-annots-def)
  show ?case
   proof -
      have f2: no\text{-}dup ((convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W \circ trail) S)
       using \langle inv_{NOT} | S \rangle unfolding inv_{NOT}-def by simp
      have f3: atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (clauses S)
       \cup atm-of 'lits-of ((convert-trail-from-W o trail) S)
       using (convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W \circ trail) S = F' @ Marked K () \# F)
        \langle atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mu \ (clauses \ S) \cup atm\text{-}of \ (F' \otimes Marked \ K \ () \# F \rangle \rangle by presburger
      have f4: clauses S \models pm \ remdups\text{-mset} \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
       true-clss-cls-remdups-mset union-commute)
      have F \models as \ CNot \ (remdups-mset \ C')
       by (simp add: \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle)
      then show ?thesis
       using f4 f3 f2 \langle \neg tautology (remdups-mset C' + \{\#L\#\}) \rangle backjump-l.intros calculation(2-5,9)
        state-eq_{NOT}-ref by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
sublocale cdcl_W-ops \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 convert-trail-from-W o trail clauses
  \lambda L S. cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S \lambda- -. True inv_{NOT}
  \lambda- S. conflicting S = C-True backjump-l-cond
  by unfold-locales
sublocale cdcl_W-ops \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn convert-trail-from-W o trail clauses
  \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
```

```
\lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S \lambda- -. True inv_{NOT}
 \lambda- S. conflicting S = C-True backjump-l-cond
 apply unfold-locales
  using dpll-bj-no-dup apply simp
 using cdcl_{NOT}.simps \ cdcl_{NOT}.no-dup \ by \ auto
context cdcl_W-ops
begin
Notations are lost while proving locale inclusion:
notation state-eq<sub>NOT</sub> (infix \sim_{NOT} 50)
        More lemmas conflict-propagate and backjumping
19.2
19.2.1
          Termination
lemma cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 obtains T where full cdcl_W-cp S T
 using assms cdclw-cp-normalized-element unfolding cdclw-all-struct-inv-def by blast
\mathbf{thm} backtrackE
lemma cdcl_W-bj-measure:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj S T and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows length (trail\ S) + (if\ conflicting\ S = C-True\ then\ 0\ else\ 1)
   > length (trail T) + (if conflicting T = C-True then 0 else 1)
 using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct)
 (fastforce\ dest:arg-cong[of - - length])
   intro:\ get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
   elim!: backtrack-levE)+
lemma wf-cdcl_W-bj:
 wf \{(b,a). \ cdcl_W - bj \ a \ b \land cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a\}
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure of \lambda-. True
     - \lambda T. length (trail T) + (if conflicting T = C-True then 0 else 1), simplified)
 using cdcl_W-bj-measure by blast
lemma cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form:
 assumes lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists T. full \ cdcl_W-bj S \ T
proof
 obtain T where T: full (\lambda a b. cdcl_W-bj a b \wedge cdcl_W-M-level-inv a) S T
   using wf-exists-normal-form-full[OF wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj] by auto
 then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T
    by (auto dest: rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left simp: full-def)
 moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
     using mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] cdcl_W.simps by blast
   then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis using T unfolding full-def by auto
qed
```

 ${\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}skip\text{-}state\text{-}decomp\text{:}$

assumes $skip^{**} S T$ and no-dup (trail S)

```
shows \exists M. \ trail \ S = M \ @ \ trail \ T \land (\forall \ m \in set \ M. \ \neg is-marked \ m) and T \sim delete-trail-and-rebuild \ (trail \ T) \ S using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)+
```

19.2.2 More backjumping

Backjumping after skipping or jump directly lemma rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack:

```
assumes
   skip^{**} S T and
   backtrack T W and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows backtrack S W
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step T V) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and bt = this(4) and
   inv = this(5)
 have skip^{**} S V
   using st skip by auto
 then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
   using rtranclp-mono[of\ skip\ cdcl_W]\ assms(3)\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ mono-rtranclp
   by (auto dest!: bj other cdcl_W-bj.skip)
 then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv V
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then obtain M N k M1 M2 K D L U i where
   V: state \ V = (M, N, U, k, C-Clause (D + \{\#L\#\})) \ and
   W: state W = (Propagated\ L\ (D + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M1,\ N,\ \{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} +\ U,
     get-maximum-level D M, C-True) and
   decomp: (Marked K (Suc i) \# M1, M2)
     \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail V)) and
   k = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level (D + \{\#L\#\}) (trail V)  and
   lev-L: get-level \ L \ (trail \ V) = k \ and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
   W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (D + {#L#}))
     (reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\ M1\ (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D+\{\#L\#\})
       (update-backtrack-lvl\ (get-maximum-level\ D\ (trail\ V))\ (update-conflicting\ C-True\ V))))and
   lev-l-D: backtrack-lvl V = get-maximum-level (D + \{\#L\#\}) (trail\ V) and
   conflicting V = C\text{-}Clause\ (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   i: i = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ D\ M
   using bt by (auto elim!: backtrack-levE)
 let ?D = (D + \{\#L\#\})
 obtain L' C' where
   T: state \ T = (Propagated \ L' \ C' \# M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ C\text{-}Clause \ ?D) and
   V \sim tl-trail T and
   -L' \notin \# ?D and
   ?D \neq \{\#\}
   using skip V by force
 let ?M = Propagated L' C' \# M
 have cdcl_W^{**} S T using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W S T] other st by meson
 then have inv': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv by blast
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T using inv' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
```

```
then have n\text{-}d': no\text{-}dup ?M
      using T unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
   have k > 0
      using decomp M-lev T V unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
   then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\ M
      using lev-L get-rev-level-ge-0-atm-of-in V by fastforce
   then have L-L': atm\text{-}of L \neq atm\text{-}of L'
      using n-d' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
   have L'-M: atm-of L' \notin atm-of ' lits-of M
      using n-d' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
   have ?M \models as CNot ?D
      using inv' T unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
   then have L' \notin \# ?D
      using L-L' L'-M unfolding true-annots-def by (auto simp add: true-annot-def true-cls-def
         atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set Ball-mset-def
         split: split-if-asm)
   have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 T) = M1
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) One-nat-def Pair-inject T \langle V \sim tl-trail T \rangle decomp
         diff-less\ in-get-all-marked-decomposition-trail-update-trail\ length-greater-0-convolution and the property of the property
         length-tl\ lessI\ list.\ distinct(1)\ reduce-trail-to-length-ne\ state-eq-trail
         trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le trail-tl-trail)
   have skip^{**} S V
      using st skip by auto
   have no-dup (trail\ S)
      using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
   then have [simp]: init-clss S = N and [simp]: learned-clss S = U
      using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF \langle skip^{**} S V \rangle] V
      by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
   then have W-S: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (D + {#L#})) (reduce-trail-to M1
   (add-learned-cls\ (D + \#L\#))\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ C-True\ T))))
      using W i T undef by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
   obtain M2' where
      (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2')\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ ?M)
      using decomp V by (cases hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition M),
         cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) auto
   moreover
      from L-L' have get-level L ?M = k
         \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{lev-L} \ \lang{-L'} \not\in \# \ ?D \gt V \ \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{auto\ split:\ split-if-asm})
   moreover
      have atm\text{-}of L' \notin atms\text{-}of D
         using \langle L' \notin \# ?D \rangle \langle -L' \notin \# ?D \rangle by (simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
            atms-of-def)
      then have get-level L ?M = get-maximum-level (D+\{\#L\#\}) ?M
         using lev-l-D[symmetric] L-L' V lev-L by simp
   moreover have i = get-maximum-level D ?M
      using i \langle atm\text{-}of L' \notin atms\text{-}of D \rangle by auto
   moreover
   ultimately have backtrack T W
      using T(1) W-S by blast
   then show ?thesis using IH inv by blast
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{fst-get-all-marked-decomposition-prepend-not-marked}:
 assumes \forall m \in set MS. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows set (map\ fst\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\ }M))
   = set (map fst (get-all-marked-decomposition (MS @ M)))
   using assms apply (induction MS rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
   by (case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ M)) simp-all
See also [skip^{**} ?S ?T; backtrack ?T ?W; cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?S]] \implies backtrack ?S ?W
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}skip\text{-}backtrack\text{-}backtrack\text{-}end:
 assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S T and
   bt: backtrack S W and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows backtrack T W
 using assms
proof -
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using bt inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto elim!: backtrack-levE)
  then obtain M N k M1 M2 K i D L U where
   S: state S = (M, N, U, k, C\text{-Clause} (D + \{\#L\#\})) and
   W: state W = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M1,\ N,\ \{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\} +\ U,
      get-maximum-level D M, C-True) and
   decomp: (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (qet-all-marked-decomposition\ M) and
   lev-l: get-level L M = k and
   lev-l-D: get-level L M = get-maximum-level (D+\{\#L\#\}) M and
   i: i = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ D\ M\ and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L
   using bt by (elim backtrack-levE) auto
 let ?D = (D + \{\#L\#\})
 have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ S)
   using M-lev by auto
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W] by (smt\ bj\ cdcl_W-bj.skip inv local.skip other
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
  then have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ T)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 obtain MS\ M_T where M\colon M=MS\ @\ M_T and M_T\colon M_T=trail\ T and nm\colon \forall\ m\in set\ MS.\ \neg is-marked
m
   using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp(1)[OF skip] S M-lev by auto
 have T: state T = (M_T, N, U, k, C\text{-Clause }?D)
   using M_T rtranclp-skip-state-decomp(2)[of S T] skip S
   by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv[OF - inv])
   using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip local.skip other rtranclp-mono[of skip cdcl_W] by blast
  then have M_T \models as \ CNot \ ?D
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def using T by blast
 have \forall L \in \#?D. atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ ' lits\text{-}of \ M_T
   proof -
     have f1: \Lambda l. \neg M_T \models a \{\#-l\#\} \lor atm\text{-}of \ l \in atm\text{-}of \ 'l \ lits\text{-}of \ M_T
       by (simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set in-lit-of-true-annot
```

```
lits-of-def)
     have \bigwedge l. l \notin \# D \lor - l \in lits\text{-}of M_T
       using \langle M_T \models as\ CNot\ (D + \{\#L\#\}) \rangle multi-member-split by fastforce
     then show ?thesis
     using f1 by (meson \langle M_T \models as\ CNot\ (D + \{\#L\#\})) \ ball-msetI\ true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
   qed
  moreover have no-dup M
   using inv S unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
  ultimately have \forall L \in \#?D. atm\text{-}of L \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ } lits\text{-}of MS
   unfolding M unfolding lits-of-def by auto
  then have H: \Lambda L. L \in \#?D \Longrightarrow get\text{-level } L M = get\text{-level } L M_T
   \mathbf{unfolding}\ M\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{fastforce}\ \mathit{simp:}\ \mathit{lits-of-def})
 have [simp]: get-maximum-level ?DM = get-maximum-level ?DM_T
   by (metis \langle M_T \models as \ CNot \ (D + \{\#L\#\}) \rangle M nm ball-msetI true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined
     qet-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present)
 have lev-l': get-level L M_T = k
   using lev-l by (auto simp: H)
  have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ T) = M1
   using T decomp M nm by (smt M_T append-assoc beginning-not-marked-invert
     get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp)
  have W: W ~ cons-trail (Propagated L (D + \{\#L\#\})) (reduce-trail-to M1
   (add-learned-cls\ (D + \#L\#))\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ C-True\ T))))
   using W T i decomp undef by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
  have lev-l-D': get-level L M_T = get-maximum-level (D+\{\#L\#\}) M_T
   using lev-l-D by (auto\ simp:\ H)
 have [simp]: get-maximum-level D M = get-maximum-level D M<sub>T</sub>
   proof -
     have \bigwedge ms\ m. \neg (ms::('v, nat, 'v \ literal\ multiset)\ marked-lit\ list) \models as\ CNot\ m
         \lor (\forall l \in \#m. \ atm\text{-}of \ l \in atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of \ ms)
       by (simp\ add:\ atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set\ in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
     then have \forall l \in \#D. atm\text{-}of \ l \in atm\text{-}of \ ' \ lits\text{-}of \ M_T
       using \langle M_T \models as \ CNot \ (D + \{\#L\#\}) \rangle by auto
     then show ?thesis
       by (metis M get-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present nm)
  then have i': i = get-maximum-level D M_T
   using i by auto
 have Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1 \in set\ (map\ fst\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M))
   using Set.imageI[OF decomp, of fst] by auto
  then have Marked K (i + 1) \# M1 \in set (map fst (get-all-marked-decomposition <math>M_T))
   using fst-get-all-marked-decomposition-prepend-not-marked [OF\ nm] unfolding M by auto
 then obtain M2' where decomp':(Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2')\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition
M_T
   by auto
 then show backtrack T W
   using backtrack.intros[OF T decomp' lev-l'] lev-l-D' i' W by force
qed
lemma cdcl_W-bj-decomp-resolve-skip-and-bj:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows (skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \ S \ T
   \vee (\exists U. skip-or-resolve^{**} S U \wedge backtrack U T))
 using assms
```

```
proof induction
  case base
 then show ?case by simp
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have IH: skip-or-resolve** S T
   proof -
     { assume (\exists U. skip-or-resolve^{**} S U \land backtrack U T)
      then obtain V where
        bt: backtrack V T and
        skip-or-resolve** S V
        by blast
      have cdcl_W^{**} S V
        using \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \mid S \mid V \rangle rtranclp\text{-}skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W} by blast
      then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv V and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
        using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv inv by blast+
      with bj bt have False using backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by simp
     then show ?thesis using IH inv by blast
   qed
 show ?case
   using bj
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-bj.cases)
     case backtrack
     then show ?thesis using IH by blast
   qed (metis (no-types, lifting) IH rtranclp.simps)+
qed
lemma resolve-skip-deterministic:
 resolve \ S \ T \Longrightarrow skip \ S \ U \Longrightarrow False
 by fastforce
{f lemma}\ backtrack	ext{-}unique:
 assumes
   bt-T: backtrack S T and
   bt-U: backtrack S U and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows T \sim U
proof -
 have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  then obtain M N U' k D L i K M1 M2 where
   S: state S = (M, N, U', k, C\text{-Clause} (D + \{\#L\#\})) and
   decomp: (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M) and
   get-level L M = k and
   get-level L M = get-maximum-level (D + \{\#L\#\}) M and
   qet-maximum-level D M = i and
   T: state T = (Propagated\ L\ (\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M1\ ,\ N,\ \{\#D + \{\#L\#\}\#\}\ +\ U',\ i,\ C\text{-}True) and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L
   using bt-T by (auto\ elim:\ backtrack-levE)
  obtain D'L'i'K'M1'M2' where
   S': state S = (M, N, U', k, C\text{-Clause}(D' + \{\#L'\#\})) and
   decomp': (Marked\ K'\ (i'+1)\ \#\ M1',\ M2') \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M) and
```

```
get-level L'M = k and
   get-level L'M = get-maximum-level (D' + \{\#L'\#\})M and
   get-maximum-level D' M = i' and
   U: state \ U = (Propagated \ L'((D' + \{\#L'\#\})) \ \# \ M1', \ N, \{\#D' + \{\#L'\#\}\#\} + U', \ i', \ C-True) \ and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 ' L'
   using bt-U lev S by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) force
  obtain c where M: M = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using decomp by auto
  obtain c' where M': M = c' @ M2' @ Marked K' (i' + 1) # M1'
   using decomp' by auto
 have marked: qet-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [1..<1+k]
   using inv S unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
  then have i < k
   unfolding M
   by (force simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: arg-cong[of - - set])
 have [simp]: L = L'
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have L' \in \# D
       using S unfolding S' by (fastforce simp: multiset-eq-iff split: split-if-asm)
     then have get-maximum-level D M \geq k
       using \langle get\text{-level } L'|M=k \rangle get\text{-maximum-level-ge-get-level } by blast
     then show False using \langle get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ D\ M=i \rangle\ \langle i < k \rangle by auto
   qed
  then have [simp]: D = D'
   using S S' by auto
 have [simp]: i=i' using \langle get-maximum-level D' M=i' \langle get-maximum-level D M=i\rangle by auto
Automation in a step later...
 have H: \bigwedge a \ A \ B. insert a \ A = B \Longrightarrow a : B
   by blast
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (c@M2) = rev [i+2..<1+k] and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (c'@M2') = rev [i+2..<1+k]
   using marked unfolding M
   using marked unfolding M'
   unfolding rev-swap[symmetric] by (auto dest: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end)
  from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this(1),\ of\ set]\ arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this(2),\ of\ set]
 have
   drop While \ (\lambda L. \neg is\text{-}marked \ L \lor level\text{-}of \ L \ne Suc \ i) \ (c @ M2) = [] \ and
   drop While \ (\lambda L. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ L \lor level\text{-}of \ L \ne Suc \ i) \ (c' @ M2') = []
     unfolding drop While-eq-Nil-conv Ball-def
     by (intro allI; case-tac x; auto dest!: H simp add: in-set-conv-decomp)+
 then have M1 = M1'
   using arg-cong[OF M, of dropWhile (\lambda L. \neg is-marked L \vee level-of L \neq Suc i)]
   unfolding M' by auto
  then show ?thesis using T U by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ if\ can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve:
 assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S U and
   bt: backtrack S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
```

```
shows \neg resolve\ U\ V
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume resolve: \neg\neg resolve\ U\ V
 obtain L \ C \ M \ N \ U' \ k \ D where
   U: state \ U = (Propagated \ L \ (\ (C + \{\#L\#\})) \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U', \ k, \ C-Clause \ (D + \{\#-L\#\}))and
   get-maximum-level D (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M) = k and
   state V = (M, N, U', k, C\text{-Clause} (D \# \cup C))
   using resolve by auto
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
   using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W] by (meson bj cdcl_W-bj.skip inv local.skip other
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
 then have [iff]: no-dup (trail S) cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and [iff]: no-dup (trail U)
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast+
 then have
   S: init\text{-}clss \ S = N
      learned-clss S = U'
      backtrack-lvl S = k
      conflicting S = C\text{-}Clause\ (D + \{\#-L\#\})
   using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp(2)[OF skip] U by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 obtain M_0 where
   tr-S: trail S = M_0 @ trail U and
   nm: \forall m \in set M_0. \neg is\text{-}marked m
   using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF skip] by blast
 obtain M'D'L'iKM1M2 where
   S': state \ S = (M', N, U', k, C-Clause (D' + \{\#L'\#\})) and
   decomp: (Marked K (i+1) # M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M') and
   get-level L'M' = k and
   get-level L'M' = get-maximum-level (D' + \{\#L'\#\})M' and
   get-maximum-level D' M' = i and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L' and
   T: state T = (Propagated L'(D'+\{\#L'\#\}) \# M1, N, \{\#D' + \{\#L'\#\}\#\} + U', i, C-True)
   using bt S apply (auto elim!: backtrack-levE)
     \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ backtrack-lvl-add-learned-cls\ backtrack-lvl-cons-trail
       backtrack-lvl-update-backtrack-lvl backtrack-lvl-update-trial
       conflicting-add-learned-cls\ conflicting-cons-trail\ conflicting-update-backtrack-lvl
       conflicting-update-conflicting conflicting-update-trial
       in-get-all-marked-decomposition-trail-update-trail\ init-clss-add-learned-cls
       init\text{-}clss\text{-}cons\text{-}trail\ init\text{-}clss\text{-}update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
       init\-clss\-update\-conflicting\ init\-clss\-update\-trial\ learned\-clss\-add\-learned\-cls
       learned-clss-cons-trail learned-clss-update-backtrack-lvl learned-clss-update-conflicting
       learned-clss-update-trial marked-lit.sel(2) reduce-trail-to-add-learned-cls trail-cons-trail
       trail-update-backtrack-lvl \ trail-update-conflicting)
 obtain c where M: M' = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[OF decomp] by auto
 have marked: get-all-levels-of-marked M' = rev [1..<1+k]
   using inv S' unfolding cdclw-all-struct-inv-def cdclw-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have i < k
   unfolding M by (force simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: arg-cong[of - - set])
 have DD': D' + \{\#L'\#\} = D + \{\#-L\#\}
   using S S' by auto
 have [simp]: L' = -L
   proof (rule ccontr)
```

```
assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have -L \in \# D'
       using DD' by (metis add-diff-cancel-right' diff-single-trivial diff-union-swap
         multi-self-add-other-not-self)
     moreover
       have M': M' = M_0 @ Propagated L ((C + {\#L\#})) \# M
         using tr-S U S S' by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
       have no-dup M'
          using inv US' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
       have atm-L-notin-M: atm-of <math>L \notin atm-of ' (lits-of M)
         using \langle no\text{-}dup \ M' \rangle \ M' \ U \ S \ S' \ by \ (auto \ simp: \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}def)
       have get-all-levels-of-marked M' = rev [1..<1+k]
         using inv US' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
       then have get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [1..<1+k]
         using nm M'S' U by (simp add: qet-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked)
       then have get-lev-L:
         get-level L (Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M) = k
         using qet-level-qet-rev-level-qet-all-levels-of-marked[OF atm-L-notin-M,
           of [Propagated L ((C + \{\#L\#\}))]] by simp
       have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of \ (rev \ M_0))
         using \langle no\text{-}dup \ M' \rangle \ M' \ U \ S' by (auto \ simp: \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}def)
       then have get-level L M' = k
         using get-rev-level-notin-end[of L rev M_0 0
           rev\ M\ @\ Propagated\ L\ (\ (C\ +\ \{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ []]
         using tr-S get-lev-L M' U S' by (simp add:nm lits-of-def)
     ultimately have get-maximum-level D' M' > k
       by (metis get-maximum-level-ge-get-level get-rev-level-uminus)
     then show False
       using \langle i < k \rangle unfolding \langle get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ D'\ M' = i \rangle by auto
   qed
 have [simp]: D = D' using DD' by auto
 have cdcl_{W}^{**} S U
   using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip local.skip mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W S U] other by meson
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
   using inv \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  then have Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M \models as CNot (D' + \{\#L'\#\})
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def U by auto
  then have \forall L' \in \#D. atm-of L' \in atm-of 'lits-of (Propagated L ((C + \{\#L\#\})) \#M)
   by (metis CNot-plus CNot-singleton Un-insert-right \langle D=D' \rangle true-annots-insert ball-msetI
     atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set in-CNot-implies-uminus(2)
     sup-bot.comm-neutral)
  then have get-maximum-level D M' = k
    using tr-S nm U S'
      get-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present[of D]
        Propagated L ( (C + \{\#L\#\})) \# M M_0]
    unfolding \langle get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ D\ (Propagated\ L\ (\ (C+\{\#L\#\}))\ \#\ M)=k\rangle
    \mathbf{unfolding} \ \langle D = D' \rangle
    by simp
 show False
   using \langle qet-maximum-level D'M'=i \rangle \langle qet-maximum-level DM'=k \rangle \langle i < k \rangle by auto
qed
{f lemma}\ if-can-apply-resolve-no-more-backtrack:
 assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S U and
```

```
resolve: resolve S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows \neg backtrack\ U\ V
  using assms
 by (meson if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
   rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack)
{\bf lemma}\ if-can-apply-backtrack-skip-or-resolve-is-skip:
 assumes
   bt: backtrack S T and
   skip: skip-or-resolve^{**} S U and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows skip^{**} S U
 using assms(2,3,1)
 by induction (simp-all add: if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve)
lemma cdcl_W-bj-bj-decomp:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S W and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   (\exists T \ U \ V. \ (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \ \land \ no\text{-step backtrack} \ S)^{**} \ S \ T
       \wedge (\lambda T U. resolve T U \wedge no-step backtrack T) T U
       \wedge skip^{**} U V \wedge backtrack V W
   \vee (\exists~T~U.~(\lambda S~T.~skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve~S~T~\wedge~no\text{-}step~backtrack~S)*** <math>S~T
       \wedge (\lambda T \ U. \ resolve \ T \ U \wedge no\text{-step backtrack} \ T) \ T \ U \wedge skip^{**} \ U \ W)
   \vee (\exists T. skip^{**} S T \land backtrack T W)
   \vee skip^{**} S W (is ?RB S W \vee ?R S W \vee ?SB S W \vee ?S S W)
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step W X) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)] and inv = this(4)
 have \neg ?RB S W and \neg ?SB S W
   proof (clarify, goal-cases)
     case (1 \ T \ U \ V)
     have skip-or-resolve** S T
       using 1(1) by (auto dest!: rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left)
     then show False
       by (metis (no-types, lifting) 1(2) 1(4) 1(5) backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj
         cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-o.bj local.bj other
         resolve\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\ rtranclp\text{-}skip\text{-}backtrack\text{-}backtrack}
         rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.prems)
   next
     case 2
     then show ?case by (meson\ assms(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ backtrack-no-cdcl_W-bj
       local.bj rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack)
  then have IH: ?R S W \lor ?S S W using IH by blast
 have cdcl_W^{**} S W by (metis \ cdcl_W - o.bj \ mono-rtranclp \ other \ st)
  then have inv-W: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W by (simp add: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv
   step.prems)
 consider
     (BT) X' where backtrack W X'
```

```
(skip) no-step backtrack W and skip W X
 (resolve) no-step backtrack W and resolve W X
 using bj \ cdcl_W-bj.cases by meson
then show ?case
 proof cases
   case (BT X')
   then consider
       (bt) backtrack W X
     | (sk) \ skip \ W \ X
     using bj if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve[of W W X' X] inv-W cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.cases by fast
   then show ?thesis
     proof cases
       case bt
       then show ?thesis using IH by auto
     next
       case sk
       then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp-trans r-into-rtranclp)
     qed
 next
   case skip
   then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
   case resolve note no-bt = this(1) and res = this(2)
   consider
       (RS) T U where
         (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ T \ and
         resolve T U and
         no-step backtrack T and
         skip^{**} U W
     \mid (S) \quad skip^{**} \quad S \quad W
     using IH by auto
   then show ?thesis
     proof cases
       case (RS \ T \ U)
       have cdcl_W^{**} S T
         using RS(1) cdcl_W-bj.resolve cdcl_W-o.bj other skip
         mono-rtranclp[of (\lambda S\ T.\ skip-or-resolve\ S\ T\ \wedge\ no-step\ backtrack\ S)\ cdcl_W\ S\ T]
         by meson
       then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
         by (meson\ RS(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-bj.resolve cdcl_W-o.bj other
           rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv step.prems)
       \{ \text{ fix } U' \}
         assume skip^{**} U U' and skip^{**} U' W
         have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U'
           using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ U \rangle \langle skip^{**} \ U \ U' \rangle \ rtranclp - cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - inv
              cdcl_W-o.bj rtranclp-mono[of\ skip\ cdcl_W] other skip\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
         then have no-step backtrack U'
           \mathbf{using} \ \textit{if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve} [\textit{OF} \ \langle \textit{skip}^{**} \ \textit{U'} \ \textit{W} \rangle \ ] \ \textit{res} \ \mathbf{by} \ \textit{blast}
       }
       with \( skip^{**} U \) W\( \)
       have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ W
          proof induction
            case base
            then show ?case by simp
          next
```

```
case (step V W) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and H = this(4)
       have \bigwedge U'. skip^{**} U' V \Longrightarrow skip^{**} U' W
         using skip by auto
       then have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ V
         using IH H by blast
       moreover have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ V \ W
         by (simp add: local.skip r-into-rtranclp st step.prems)
       ultimately show ?case by simp
     qed
  then show ?thesis
    proof -
      have f1: \forall p \ pa \ pb \ pc. \neg p \ (pa) \ pb \lor \neg p^{**} \ pb \ pc \lor p^{**} \ pa \ pc
        by (meson converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
      have skip-or-resolve T U \wedge no-step backtrack T
        using RS(2) RS(3) by force
      then have (\lambda p \ pa. \ skip-or-resolve \ p \ pa \land no-step \ backtrack \ p)^{**} \ T \ W
        proof -
          have (\exists vr19 \ vr16 \ vr17 \ vr18. \ vr19 \ (vr16::'st) \ vr17 \ \land \ vr19^{**} \ vr17 \ vr18
               \land \neg vr19^{**} vr16 vr18)
            \vee \neg (skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ T\ U\ \land\ no\text{-}step\ backtrack\ T)
            \vee \neg (\lambda uu \ uua. \ skip-or-resolve \ uu \ uua \land no-step \ backtrack \ uu)^{**} \ U \ W
            \vee (\lambda uu \ uua. \ skip-or-resolve \ uu \ uua \wedge no-step \ backtrack \ uu)^{**} \ T \ W
            by force
          then show ?thesis
            by (metis (no-types) \langle (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \ \wedge \ no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ W \rangle
              (skip-or-resolve\ T\ U\ \land\ no-step\ backtrack\ T)\ f1)
        qed
      then have (\lambda p \ pa. \ skip-or-resolve \ p \ pa \land no-step \ backtrack \ p)^{**} \ S \ W
        using RS(1) by force
      then show ?thesis
        using no-bt res by blast
    qed
next
  \mathbf{case}\ S
  { fix U'
    assume skip^{**} S U' and skip^{**} U' W
    then have cdcl_W^{**} S U'
      using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W S U'] by (simp add: cdcl_W-o.bj other skip)
    then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U'
      by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) \( cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \) \( rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv \)
    then have no-step backtrack U'
      using if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve[OF \langle skip^{**} \ U' \ W \rangle] res by blast
  }
  with S
  have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ W
     proof induction
       case base
       then show ?case by simp
      case (step V W) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and H = this(4)
       have \bigwedge U'. skip^{**} U' V \Longrightarrow skip^{**} U' W
         using skip by auto
       then have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ V
         using IH H by blast
```

```
moreover have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ V \ W
              by (simp add: local.skip r-into-rtranclp st step.prems)
            ultimately show ?case by simp
           qed
        then show ?thesis using res no-bt by blast
      qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
Backjumping is confluent lemma cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible:
   cdcl_W-bj S T and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-bj S' T'
 using assms
 by induction (auto
   intro: skip-state-eq-compatible backtrack-state-eq-compatible resolve-state-eq-compatible)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-bj^{++} S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T'
 using assms
proof (induction arbitrary: S' T')
 {f case}\ base
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible by blast
next
 case (step\ T\ U) note IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-5)]
 have cdcl_W^{++} S T
   using tranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-bj\ cdcl_W] other step.hyps(1) by blast
 then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast
 then have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T'
   using \langle U \sim T' \rangle cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible[of T U] \langle cdcl_W-bj T U \rangle by auto
 then show ?case
   using IH[of T] by auto
The case distinction is needed, since T \sim V does not imply that R^{**} T V.
lemma cdcl_W-bj-strongly-confluent:
  assumes
    cdcl_W-bj^{**} S V and
    cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T and
    n-s: no-step cdcl_W-bj V and
    inv:\ cdcl_W\operatorname{-all-struct-inv}\, S
  shows T \sim V \vee cdcl_W - bj^{**} T V
  using assms(2)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by (simp \ add: assms(1))
```

```
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s\text{-}o\text{-}r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
  have cdcl_{W}^{**} S T
   using st mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] other by blast
  then have lev-T: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv[of S T]
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  consider
      (TV) T \sim V
    |(bj-TV) \ cdcl_W-bj^{**} \ T \ V
   using IH by blast
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case TV
     have no-step cdcl_W-bj T
       \mathbf{using} \  \, \langle cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv \ T \rangle \  \, n\text{-}s \  \, cdcl_W \text{-}bj\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible} [of \ T \text{-} \ V] \  \, TV \  \, \mathbf{by} \  \, auto
     then show ?thesis
       using s-o-r by auto
   next
     case bj-TV
     then obtain U' where
        T-U': cdcl_W-bj T U' and
       cdcl_W-bj^{**} U' V
       using IH n-s s-o-r by (metis rtranclp-unfold tranclpD)
     have cdcl_{W}^{**} S T
       by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) bj mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] other st)
     then have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
       by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)
     have lev-U: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
       using s-o-r cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev-T other by blast
     show ?thesis
       using s-o-r
       proof cases
         case backtrack
         then obtain V0 where skip** T V0 and backtrack V0 V
           \textbf{using} \ \textit{IH} \ \textit{if-can-apply-backtrack-skip-or-resolve-is-skip} [\textit{OF} \ \textit{backtrack} \ \textit{-} \ \textit{inv-T}]
            cdcl_W-bj-decomp-resolve-skip-and-bj
            by (meson\ bj-TV\ cdcl_W-bj.backtrack\ inv-T\ lev-T\ n-s
              rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack-end)
         then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T V0 and cdcl_W-bj V0 V
           using rtranclp-mono[of skip \ cdcl_W-bj] by blast+
         then show ?thesis
           using \langle backtrack \ V0 \ V \rangle \ \langle skip^{**} \ T \ V0 \rangle \ backtrack-unique \ inv-T \ local.backtrack
           rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack by auto
       next
         case resolve
         then have U \sim U'
           by (meson \ T-U' \ cdcl_W - bj.simps \ if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve \ inv-T
             resolve-skip-deterministic resolve-unique rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
         then show ?thesis
           using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle unfolding rtranclp-unfold
           by (meson \ T-U' \ bj \ cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev-T other state-eq-ref state-eq-sym
             tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible)
```

```
next
          case skip
          consider
              (sk) skip T U'
            | (bt) backtrack T U'
           using T-U' by (meson cdcl_W-bj.cases local.skip resolve-skip-deterministic)
          then show ?thesis
           proof cases
             case sk
             then show ?thesis
               using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle unfolding rtranclp-unfold
               \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{meson}\ T\text{-}U'\ \mathit{bj}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{all}\text{-}\mathit{inv}(3)\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{all}\text{-}\mathit{struct}\text{-}\mathit{inv}\text{-}\mathit{def}\ \mathit{inv}\text{-}\mathit{T}\ \mathit{local}.\mathit{skip}\ \mathit{other}
                  tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible skip-unique state-eq-ref)
           next
             case bt
             have skip^{++} T U
               using local.skip by blast
             then show ?thesis
               using bt by (metis \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle \ backtrack \ inv-T \ tranclp-unfold-begin
                  rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack-end tranclp-into-rtranclp)
            qed
       \mathbf{qed}
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form:
  assumes
   ST: cdcl_W - bj^{**} S T \text{ and } SU: cdcl_W - bj^{**} S U \text{ and }
   n-s-U: no-step cdcl_W-bj U and
   n-s-T: no-step cdcl_W-bj T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows T \sim U
proof -
  have T \sim U \vee cdcl_W - bj^{**} T U
   using ST SU cdcl_W-bj-strongly-confluent inv n-s-U by blast
  then show ?thesis
   by (metis (no-types) n-s-T rtranclp-unfold state-eq-ref tranclp-unfold-begin)
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form:
assumes full cdcl_W-bj S T and full cdcl_W-bj S U and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows T \sim U
  using cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form assms unfolding full-def by blast
          CDCL FW
19.3
inductive cdcl_W-merge-restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
fw-r-propagate: propagate S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S S'
fw-r-conflict: conflict S T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S U
fw-r-decide: decide\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S\ S'
fw-r-rf: cdcl_W-rf S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S S'
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W:
  assumes cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
```

```
shows cdcl_W^{**} S T
  using assms
proof induction
  case (fw-r-conflict S T U) note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2)
 have cdcl_W \ S \ T using confl by (simp \ add: cdcl_W.intros \ r-into-rtranclp)
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T U using bj unfolding full-def by auto
   then have cdcl_W^{**} T U by (metis cdcl_W-o.bj mono-rtranclp other)
  ultimately show ?case by auto
qed (simp-all \ add: \ cdcl_W-o.intros \ cdcl_W.intros \ r-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-conflicting-true-or-no-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows conflicting T = C\text{-}True \lor no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \ T
 using assms
proof induction
  case (fw\text{-}r\text{-}conflict \ S \ T \ U) note confl = this(1) and n\text{-}s = this(2)
   assume cdcl_W U V and conflicting U = C\text{-}Clause\ D
   then have False
     using n-s unfolding full-def
     by (induction rule: cdcl_W-all-rules-induct) (auto dest!: cdcl_W-bj.intros)
 then show ?case by (cases conflicting U) fastforce+
qed (auto simp \ add: \ cdcl_W-rf.simps)
inductive cdcl_W-merge :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
fw-propagate: propagate \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ S'
fw-conflict: conflict S T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T \ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ U \ |
fw\text{-}decide:\ decide\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\ S\ S'|
fw-forget: forget \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ S'
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  cdcl_W-merge S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge.cases\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart.simps\ forget)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  cdcl_W-merge** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T
 using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge\ cdcl_W-merge-restart]\ cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart\  by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ S \ T
  using cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 using rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-merge cdcl_W^{**}] cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W by auto
lemmas trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-add-cls_{NOT}-unfolded[simp] =
  trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-add-cls<sub>NOT</sub>[unfolded o-def]
lemma trail_W-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ T)
proof (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
```

```
case (1 F S T) note IH = this(1) and tr = this(2)
  then have [] = convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
   \vee length F = length (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
   \vee trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S)) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail T))
   using IH by (metis (no-types) comp-apply trail-tl-trail)
  then show trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T)
   using tr by (metis (no-types) comp-apply reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.elims)
qed
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-add-learned-cls[simp]:
trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ M\ (add-learned-cls\ D\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ M\ S)
by (rule\ trail_W - eq - reduce - trail - to_{NOT} - eq)\ simp
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-reduce-trail-convert:
 reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> C S = reduce-trail-to (convert-trail-from-NOT C) S
 apply (induction C S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 apply (subst reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps, subst reduce-trail-to.simps)
 by (auto simp: comp-def)
lemma reduce-trail-to-length:
  length M = length M' \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to MS = reduce-trail-to M'S
 apply (induction M S arbitrary: rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 apply (case-tac trail S \neq []; case-tac length (trail S) \neq length M'; simp)
 by (simp-all add: reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   cdcl_W:cdcl_W-merge S T
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
   \vee (no-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge T \wedge conflicting T \neq C-True)
  using cdcl_W inv
proof induction
  case (fw\text{-}propagate\ S\ T) note propa = this(1)
  then obtain M N U k L C where
   H: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, C-True) \ and
   CL: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \text{ and }
   M-C: M \models as CNot C and
   undef: undefined\text{-}lit \ (trail \ S) \ L \ \mathbf{and}
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (C + {#L#})) S
   using propa by auto
  have propagate_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule propagate_{NOT}.propagate_{NOT}[of - CL])
   using H CL T undef M-C by (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def state-eq-def clauses-def
     simp \ del: state-simp_{NOT} \ state-simp)
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.intros(2) by blast
  case (fw-decide S T) note dec = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 then obtain L where
   undef-L: undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L and
   atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (init-clss S) and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)))
     (update-backtrack-lvl (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)) S)
   by auto
```

```
have decide_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule decide_{NOT}.decide_{NOT})
      using undef-L apply simp
    using atm-L inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def clauses-def apply auto[]
   using T undef-L unfolding state-eq-def state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def by (auto simp: clauses-def)
  then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT} by blast
next
  case (fw-forget S T) note rf = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 then obtain M N C U k where
    S: state S = (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, k, C\text{-True}) and
    \neg M \models asm \ clauses \ S \ and
    C \notin set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S)) and
    C-init: C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S and
    C-le: C \in \# learned-clss S and
    T: T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
   by auto
 have init-clss S \models pm \ C
   using inv C-le unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
   by (meson mem-set-mset-iff true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
  then have S-C: clauses S - replicate-mset (count (clauses S) C) C \models pm \ C
   using C-init C-le unfolding clauses-def by (simp add: Un-Diff)
  moreover have H: init-clss\ S + (learned-clss\ S - replicate-mset\ (count\ (learned-clss\ S)\ C)\ C)
   = init\text{-}clss \ S + learned\text{-}clss \ S - replicate\text{-}mset \ (count \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S) \ C) \ C
   using C-le C-init by (metis clauses-def clauses-remove-cls diff-zero gr0I
     init-clss-remove-cls learned-clss-remove-cls plus-multiset.rep-eq replicate-mset-0
     semiring-normalization-rules(5))
 have forget_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule forget_{NOT}.forget_{NOT})
      using S-C apply blast
     using S apply simp
    using \langle C \in \# learned\text{-}clss S \rangle apply (simp \ add: \ clauses\text{-}def)
   using T C-le C-init by (auto
     simp: state-eq-def \ Un-Diff \ state-eq_{NOT}-def \ clauses-def \ ac-simps \ H
     simp\ del:\ state-simp\ state-simp_{NOT})
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT} by blast
next
  case (fw-conflict S T U) note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2) and inv = this(3)
 obtain C_S where
   confl-T: conflicting T = C-Clause C_S and
   C_S: C_S \in \# clauses S and
   tr-S-C_S: trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ C_S
   using confl by auto
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ confl\ inv\ by blast
  then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  then consider
     (no-bt) skip-or-resolve^{**} T U
   (bt) T' where skip-or-resolve** T T' and backtrack T' U
   using bj rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj-skip-or-resolve-backtrack unfolding full-def by meson
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case no-bt
     then have conflicting U \neq C-True
       using confl by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
```

```
moreover then have no-step cdcl_W-merge U
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge.simps)
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
next
 case bt note s-or-r = this(1) and bt = this(2)
 have cdcl_W^{**} T T'
   using s-or-r mono-rtranclp[of skip-or-resolve cdcl_W] rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   by blast
 then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T'
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv \langle cdcl_W-M-level-inv T \rangle by blast
 then obtain M1 M2 i D L K where
   confl-T': conflicting T' = C-Clause (D + \{\#L\#\}) and
   M1-M2:(Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ T')) and
   get-level L (trail\ T') = backtrack-lvl\ T' and
   get-level L (trail T') = get-maximum-level (D+\{\#L\#\}) (trail T') and
   get-maximum-level D (trail T') = i and
   undef-L: undefined-lit M1 L and
   U: U \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (D+{#L#}))
           (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (D + \{\#L\#\}))
                  (update-backtrack-lvl i
                     (update-conflicting C-True T'))))
   using bt by (auto elim: backtrack-levE)
 have [simp]: clauses S = clauses T
   using confl by auto
 have [simp]: clauses T = clauses T'
   using s-or-r
   proof (induction)
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
     case (step U V) note st = this(1) and s-o-r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
     have clauses U = clauses V
       using s-o-r by auto
     then show ?case using IH by auto
   qed
 have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps\ confl\ inv\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp\ rtranclp\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
 have cdcl_{W}^{**} T T'
   using rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W s-or-r by blast
 have inv-T': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T'
   using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid T \mid T' \rangle inv-T rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 have inv-U: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
   using cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W confl fw-r-conflict inv local.bj
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss T'
   using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid T \mid T' \rangle cdcl_W-init-clss confl cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def conflict inv
   by (metis \langle cdcl_W - M - level - inv T \rangle rtranclp - cdcl_W - init - clss)
 then have atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-mu (clauses S)
   using inv-T' confl-T' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def clauses-def
   by auto
 obtain M where tr-T: trail T = M @ trail T'
   using s-or-r by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
```

```
obtain M' where
       tr-T': trail T' = M' @ Marked K <math>(i+1) \# tl (trail U) and
       tr-U: trail\ U = Propagated\ L\ (D + {\#L\#})\ \#\ tl\ (trail\ U)
       using U M1-M2 undef-L by auto
     \mathbf{def}\ M'' \equiv M\ @\ M'
       have tr-T: trail S = M'' \otimes Marked K (i+1) \# tl (trail U)
       using tr-T tr-T' confl unfolding M"-def by auto
     have init-clss T' + learned-clss S \models pm D + \{\#L\#\}
       using inv-T' conft-T' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def
       by simp
     have reduce-trail-to (convert-trail-from-NOT (convert-trail-from-W M1)) S =
       reduce-trail-to M1 S
       by (rule reduce-trail-to-length) simp
     moreover have trail (reduce-trail-to M1 S) = M1
       \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning}[\mathit{of}\ -\ M\ @\ -\ @\ \mathit{M2}\ @\ [\mathit{Marked}\ K\ (\mathit{Suc}\ i)]])
       using confl M1-M2 \langle trail \ T = M \ @ \ trail \ T' \rangle
        apply (auto dest!: qet-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
          elim!: conflictE)
        by (rule sym) auto
     ultimately have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> (convert-trail-from-W M1) S) = M1
       using M1-M2 confl by (auto simp add: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-reduce-trail-convert)
     have every-mark-is-a-conflict U
       using inv-U unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by simp
     then have tl (trail \ U) \models as \ CNot \ D
       by (metis add-diff-cancel-left' append-self-conv2 tr-U union-commute)
     have backjump-l S U
       apply (rule\ backjump-l[of - - - - L])
               using tr-T apply simp
              using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply simp
             using UM1-M2 conft undef-LM1-M2 apply (auto elim!: simp: state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def
              simp \ del: state-simp_{NOT})[]
            using C_S apply simp
           using tr-S-C_S apply simp
          using U undef-L M1-M2 apply auto[]
         using undef-L atm-L apply simp
        using (init-clss T' + learned-clss S \models pm D + \{\#L\#\}) unfolding clauses-def apply simp
       apply (metis \langle tl \ (trail \ U) \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle convert-trail-from-W-tl
         convert-trail-from-W-true-annots)
       using inv-T' inv-U U confl-T' undef-L M1-M2 unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
       distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by simp
     then show ?thesis using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l by fast
   qed
qed
abbreviation cdcl_{NOT}-restart where
cdcl_{NOT}-restart \equiv restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart cdcl_{NOT} restart
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-restart-no-step:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S \ T \lor (no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } T \land conflicting \ T \ne C\text{-True})
proof -
  consider
```

```
(fw) \ cdcl_W-merge S \ T
    \mid (fw-r) \ restart \ S \ T
   using cdcl_W by (meson\ cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps cdcl_W-rf.cases fw-conflict fw-decide fw-forget
      fw-propagate)
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
      case fw
      then have cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T \lor (no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge} \ T \land conflicting \ T \neq C\text{-True})
       using inv\ cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn by blast
      moreover have inv_{NOT} S
       \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{inv} \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-all-struct-inv-def} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-M-level-inv-def} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{auto}
      ultimately show ?thesis
        \mathbf{using} \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}is\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT} \ rtranclp\text{-}mono[of \ cdcl_{NOT} \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart] 
        rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv
       by (blast intro: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros)
   \mathbf{next}
      case fw-r
      then show ?thesis by (blast intro: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
abbreviation \mu_{FW} :: 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{FW} S \equiv (if no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge \ S \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1 + \mu_{CDCL}'\text{-}merged \ (set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S)) \ S)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-\mu_{FW}-decreasing:
  assumes
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   fw: cdcl_W-merge S T
 shows \mu_{FW} T < \mu_{FW} S
proof -
 let ?A = init\text{-}clss S
 have atm-clauses: atms-of-mu (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-mu ?A
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def clauses-def by auto
  have atm-trail: atm-of 'lits-of (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mu ?A
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def clauses-def by auto
  have n-d: no-dup (trail S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  have [simp]: \neg no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } S
   using fw by auto
  have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss T
   using cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W [of S T] inv rtrancl_P-cdcl_W-init-clss
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge-restart.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}rf.simps\ fw)
  consider
      (merged) \ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T
    \mid (n-s) \text{ no-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } T
   using cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn inv fw by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
      case merged
      then show ?thesis
       using cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure'[OF - - atm-clauses] atm-trail n-d
       by (auto split: split-if)
   next
      case n-s
```

```
then show ?thesis by simp
   qed
qed
lemma wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge: wf \{(T, S). cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge S T\}
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of - - \mu_{FW}])
 using cdcl_W-merge-\mu_{FW}-decreasing by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv b
   cdcl_W-merge^{++} b a
 shows (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \ \wedge \ cdcl_W - merge \ S \ T)^{++} \ b \ a
 using assms(2)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case using inv by auto
  case (step c d) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv c
   using tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF\ st]\ cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   assms(1) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-mono[of \ cdcl_W-merge \ cdcl_W^{**}] by fastforce
  then have (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \land cdcl_W-merge S \ T)^{++} \ c \ d
   using fw by auto
 then show ?case using IH by auto
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge: wf \{(T, S). cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T\}
  using wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge]
 apply (rule wf-subset)
 by (auto simp: trancl-set-tranclp
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv)
lemma backtrack-is-full1-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes bt: backtrack S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows full1 cdcl_W-bj S T
proof -
 have no-step cdcl_W-bj T
   using bt inv backtrack-no-cdcl_W-bj by blast
 moreover have cdcl_W-bj^{++} S T
   using bt by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis unfolding full1-def by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtrancl\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart\text{:}
 assumes cdcl_{W}^{**} S V and inv: cdcl_{W}-M-level-inv S and conflicting S = C-True
 shows (cdcl_W-merge-restart** S \ V \land conflicting \ V = C-True)
   \vee (\exists T U. cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T \wedge conflicting V \neq C-True \wedge conflict T U \wedge cdcl_W-bj** U V)
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and cdcl_W = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
   conf[simp] = this(5) and inv = this(4)
```

```
from cdcl_W
show ?case
 proof (cases)
   case propagate
   moreover then have conflicting U = C\text{-}True
   moreover have conflicting V = C\text{-}True
     using propagate by auto
   ultimately show ?thesis using IH cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-propagate[of U V] by auto
 next
   case conflict
   moreover then have conflicting U = C-True
    by auto
   moreover have conflicting V \neq C-True
     using conflict by auto
   ultimately show ?thesis using IH by auto
 next
   case other
   then show ?thesis
    proof cases
      case decide
      moreover then have conflicting U = C\text{-}True
        by auto
      ultimately show ?thesis using IH cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart.fw-r-decide[of U V] by auto
     next
      case bi
      moreover {
        assume skip-or-resolve U V
        have f1: cdcl_W - bj^{++} U V
          by (simp add: local.bj tranclp.r-into-trancl)
        obtain T T' :: 'st where
          f2: cdcl_W-merge-restart** S \ U
           \vee \ cdcl_W-merge-restart** S \ T \land conflicting \ U \neq C-True
             \wedge conflict T T' \wedge cdcl_W-bj^{**} T' U
          using IH confl by blast
        then have ?thesis
          proof -
           have conflicting V \neq C\text{-True} \land conflicting U \neq C\text{-True}
             using \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ U\ V \rangle by auto
           then show ?thesis
             by (metis (no-types) IH f1 rtranclp-trans tranclp-into-rtranclp)
          \mathbf{qed}
      }
      moreover {
        assume backtrack\ U\ V
        then have conflicting U \neq C-True by auto
        then obtain T T' where
          cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
          conflicting U \neq C-True and
          conflict T T' and
          cdcl_W-bj^{**} T' U
          using IH confl by blast
        have invU: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
          using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv step.hyps(1) by blast
        then have conflicting V = C\text{-}True
```

```
using \langle backtrack \ U \ V \rangle by (auto elim: backtrack-levE)
          have full\ cdcl_W-bj\ T'\ V
            apply (rule rtranclp-fullI[of cdcl_W-bj T'UV])
              using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} T' U \rangle apply fast
            using \(\begin{aligned} backtrack \ U \ V \rangle \backtrack-is-full1-cdcl_W-bj \ inv U \) unfolding full1-def full-def
            by blast
           then have ?thesis
            using cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-conflict[of T T' V] \langle conflict T T' \rangle
            \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}restart^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle \langle conflicting \mid V \mid = C\text{-}True \rangle \text{ by } auto
         }
         ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps)
     qed
   \mathbf{next}
     case rf
     moreover then have conflicting U = C-True and conflicting V = C-True
       by (auto simp: cdcl_W-rf.simps)
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-rf[of U V] by auto
   qed
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart: no-step cdcl_W S \implies no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps)
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W:
 assumes
   conflicting S = C-True and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart S
 shows no-step cdcl_W S
proof -
 \{ \text{ fix } S' \}
   assume conflict S S'
   then have cdcl_W S S' using cdcl_W.conflict by auto
   then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
     using assms(2) cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast
   then obtain S'' where full cdcl_W-bj S' S''
     using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of S'] by auto
   then have False
     using \langle conflict \ S \ S' \rangle \ assms(3) \ fw-r-conflict \ by \ blast
  }
 then show ?thesis
   using assms unfolding cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps
   by fastforce
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
   conflicting S = C\text{-}True
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
 using assms
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
    (fastforce\ simp:\ cdcl_W\ -bj.simps\ cdcl_W\ -rf.simps\ cdcl_W\ -merge-restart.simps\ full-def) +
If conflicting S \neq C-True, we cannot say anything.
```

Remark that this theorem does not say anything about well-foundedness: even if you know that one relation is well-founded, it only states that the normal forms are shared.

```
lemma conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-iff-full-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes confl: conflicting S = C-True and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows full cdcl_W S V \longleftrightarrow full cdcl_W-merge-restart S V
proof
  assume full: full cdcl_W-merge-restart S V
  then have st: cdcl_{W}^{**} S V
   using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-restart\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W
   unfolding full-def by auto
 have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart V
   using full unfolding full-def by auto
 have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj conft full unfolding full-def by auto
 have \bigwedge S'. conflict V S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{cdcl}_{W}.\mathit{conflict}\ \mathit{cdcl}_{W}\text{-}\mathit{consistent}\text{-}\mathit{inv}\ \mathit{lev}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{W}\text{-}\mathit{consistent}\text{-}\mathit{inv}\ \mathit{st}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{blast}
  then have \bigwedge S'. conflict V S' \Longrightarrow False
   using n-s n-s-bj cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps by meson
  then have n-s-cdcl_W: no-step cdcl_W V
   using n-s n-s-bj by (auto simp: cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps)
  then show full cdcl_W S V using st unfolding full-def by auto
  assume full: full cdcl_W S V
 have no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart V
   using full no-step-cdcl_W-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart unfolding full-def by blast
  moreover
   consider
       (fw) cdcl_W-merge-restart** S V and conflicting V = C-True
     \mid (bi) \mid T \mid U \text{ where }
       cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
       conflicting V \neq C-True and
       conflict\ T\ U\ {\bf and}
       cdcl_W-bj^{**} U V
     using full rtrancl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-true-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart confl lev unfolding full-def
     by meson
   then have cdcl_W-merge-restart** S V
     proof cases
       case fw
       then show ?thesis by fast
     next
       case (bj \ T \ U)
       have no-step cdcl_W-bj V
         by (meson\ cdcl_W - o.bj\ full\ full-def\ other)
       then have full cdcl_W-bj U V
         using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U \ V \rangle unfolding full-def by auto
       then have cdcl_W-merge-restart T V
         using \langle conflict \ T \ U \rangle \ cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-conflict by blast
       then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T \rangle by auto
 ultimately show full\ cdcl_W-merge-restart S\ V unfolding full-def by fast
qed
lemma init-state-true-full-cdcl_W-iff-full-cdcl_W-merge:
 shows full cdcl_W (init-state N) V \longleftrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-merge-restart (init-state N) V
```

19.4 FW with strategy

19.4.1 The intermediate step

```
inductive cdcl_W-s' :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict': full1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - s' \ S \ S' \mid
decide': decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W\text{-cp} \ S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W\text{-cp} \ S' \ S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-s'} \ S \ S'' \ |
bj': full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W-cp\ S \Longrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'\ S\ S''
inductive-cases cdcl_W-s'E: cdcl_W-s' S T
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  cdcl_W - bj^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S' S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - stgy^{**} S S''
proof (induction rule: converse-rtranclp-induct)
  then show ?case by (metis cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' full-unfold rtranclp.simps)
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(2) and bj = this(1) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
  have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
   using bj by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
  consider
     (U) U = S'
   | (U') U' where cdcl_W-bj U U' and cdcl_W-bj^{**} U' S'
   using st by (metis\ converse-rtranclpE)
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     \mathbf{case}\ U
     then show ?thesis
       using \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp | T \rangle cdcl_W\text{-}o.bj | local.bj | other' | step.prems | by | (meson r-into-rtranclp)
   next
     case U' note U' = this(1)
     have no-step cdcl_W-cp U
       using U' by (fastforce\ simp:\ cdcl_W-cp.simps\ cdcl_W-bj.simps)
     then have full cdcl_W-cp U U
       by (simp add: full-unfold)
     then have cdcl_W-stgy T U
       using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ T \rangle\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.simps\ local.bj\ cdcl_W\text{-}o.bj\ \mathbf{by}\ meson
     then show ?thesis using IH by auto
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  cdcl_W-s' S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-stgy** S T
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'.induct)
   apply (auto intro: cdcl_W-stgy.intros)[]
  apply (meson decide other' r-into-rtranclp)
  by (metis\ full1-def\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W-stgy\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation:
  assumes
   full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U and
   cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T' and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   no-step cdcl_W-bj T'
```

```
shows full cdcl_W-cp T' U
   \lor (\exists~U'~U''. full cdcl_W-cp~T'~U'' \land full 1~cdcl_W-bj~U~U' \land full~cdcl_W-cp~U'~U'' \land cdcl_W-s'^{**}~U~U'')
  using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  \mathbf{case}\ base
  then show ?case by blast
next
  case (step T' T'') note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4,5)] and
   full = this(4) and inv = this(5)
  have cdcl_W^{**} T T''
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) cdcl_W-o.bj local.bj mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W T T''] other
      st rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
  then have inv-T'': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T''
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T''
   using local.bj st by auto
  have full1 cdcl_W-bj T T''
   by (metis \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ full 1-def \ step.prems(3))
  then have T = U
   proof -
      obtain Z where cdcl_W-bj T Z
          by (meson\ tranclpD\ \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++}\ T\ T''\rangle)
      { assume cdcl_W-cp^{++} T U
       then obtain Z' where cdcl_W-cp T Z'
         by (meson\ tranclpD)
       then have False
          using \langle cdcl_W - bj \mid T \mid Z \rangle by (fastforce \ simp: \ cdcl_W - bj.simps \ cdcl_W - cp.simps)
      then show ?thesis
       using full unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
  obtain U'' where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T''\ U''
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv-T'' by blast
  moreover then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} U U''
   by (metis \ \langle T = U \rangle \ \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ rtranclp-cdcl_W - bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W - stgy \ rtranclp-unfold)
  moreover have cdcl_W-s'** U~U''
   proof -
      obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
       f1: \forall x2. (\exists v3. cdcl_W - cp x2 v3) = cdcl_W - cp x2 (ss x2)
       by moura
      have \neg cdcl_W - cp \ U \ (ss \ U)
       by (meson full full-def)
      then show ?thesis
       using f1 by (metis (no-types) \langle T = U \rangle \langle full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ T'' \rangle \ bj' \ calculation(1)
          r-into-rtranclp)
   qed
  ultimately show ?case
   \mathbf{using} \ \langle \mathit{full1} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-}\mathit{bj} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ \langle \mathit{full} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-}\mathit{cp} \ T'' \ U'' \rangle \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \langle T = \ U \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation':
  assumes
   full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U and
   cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T' and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
```

```
no-step cdcl_W-bj T'
  shows full cdcl_W-cp T' U
    \vee (\exists U'. full1 cdcl_W-bj U U' \wedge (\forall U''. full cdcl_W-cp U' U'' \longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-cp T' U''
      \wedge \ cdcl_W - s'^{**} \ U \ U'')
  using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by blast
next
  case (step T' T'') note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4,5)] and
   full = this(4) and inv = this(5)
  have cdcl_W^{**} T T''
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) cdcl_W-o.bj local.bj mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W T T''] other st
      rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
  then have inv-T'': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T''
    using inv \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T''
    using local.bj st by auto
  have full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ T\ T''
    by (metis \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ full 1-def \ step.prems(3))
  then have T = U
    proof -
      obtain Z where cdcl_W-bj T Z
          by (meson\ tranclpD\ \langle cdcl_W\ -bj^{++}\ T\ T''\rangle)
      { assume cdcl_W - cp^{++} T U
        then obtain Z' where cdcl_W-cp T Z'
          by (meson\ tranclpD)
       then have False
          using \langle cdcl_W - bj \mid T \mid Z \rangle by (fastforce \ simp: \ cdcl_W - bj. simps \ cdcl_W - cp. simps)
      then show ?thesis
       using full unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
    qed
  { fix U"
    assume full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T^{\prime\prime}\ U^{\prime\prime}
    moreover then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} U U^{\prime\prime}
      moreover have cdcl_W-s'^{**} U U''
      proof -
        obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
          f1: \forall x2. (\exists v3. cdcl_W - cp x2 v3) = cdcl_W - cp x2 (ss x2)
          by moura
        have \neg cdcl_W - cp \ U \ (ss \ U)
          by (meson \ assms(1) \ full-def)
        then show ?thesis
          using f1 by (metis (no-types) \langle T = U \rangle \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle \ bj' \ calculation(1)
            r-into-rtranclp)
    ultimately have full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ U\ T^{\prime\prime} and \ cdcl_W-s^{\prime**}\ T^{\prime\prime}\ U^{\prime\prime}
      using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W-cp T'' \ U'' \rangle unfolding \langle T = U \rangle
        apply blast
      by (metis \langle full \ cdcl_W - cp \ T'' \ U'' \rangle \ cdcl_W - s'. simps \ full-unfold \ rtranclp. simps)
    }
  then show ?case
    \mathbf{using} \ \langle \mathit{full1} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \ \mathit{-bj} \ \mathit{T} \ \mathit{T''} \rangle \ \mathit{full} \ \mathit{bj'} \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \langle \mathit{T} = \mathit{U} \rangle \ \mathit{full-def} \ \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis} \ \mathit{r-into-rtranclp})
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
   \vee (\exists U'. full1 \ cdcl_W-bj \ U \ U' \land (\forall U''. full \ cdcl_W-cp \ U' \ U'' \longrightarrow cdcl_W-s' \ S \ U''))
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' T)
 then have cdcl_W-s' S T
   using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
 then show ?case
   by blast
next
 case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and n-s = this(2) and full = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 show ?case
   using o
   proof cases
     case decide
     then show ?thesis using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.simps full n-s by blast
   next
     case bj
     have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     consider
        (cp) full cdcl_W-cp T U and no-step cdcl_W-bj T
      | (fbj) T' where full cdcl_W-bj T T
      apply (cases no-step cdcl_W-bj T)
       using full apply blast
      using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of T] inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
      by (metis full-unfold)
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case cp
        then show ?thesis
          proof -
            obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
             f1: \forall s \ sa \ sb. \ (\neg full 1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ ssa \lor cdcl_W - cp \ s \ (ss \ s) \lor \neg full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sa \ sb)
               \lor \ cdcl_W - s' \ s \ sb
             using bj' by moura
            have full1 cdcl_W-bj S T
             by (simp add: cp(2) full1-def local.bj tranclp.r-into-trancl)
            then show ?thesis
              using f1 full n-s by blast
          qed
      next
        case (fbj U')
        then have full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ S\ U'
          using bj unfolding full1-def by auto
        moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S
          using n-s by blast
        moreover have T = U
          using full fbj unfolding full1-def full-def rtranclp-unfold
          by (force dest!: tranclpD simp:cdcl_W-bj.simps)
        ultimately show ?thesis using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.bj'[of S U'] using fbj by blast
```

```
qed
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
   \vee (\exists U' U''. cdcl_W-s' S U'' \wedge full1 \ cdcl_W-bj U \ U' \wedge full \ cdcl_W-cp U' \ U'')
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' T)
 then have cdcl_W-s' S T
   using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
 then show ?case
   by blast
\mathbf{next}
 case (other' TU) note o = this(1) and n-s = this(2) and full = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 show ?case
   using o
   proof cases
     case decide
     then show ?thesis using cdcl_W-s'.simps full n-s by blast
   next
     case bj
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     then obtain T' where T': full cdcl_W-bj T T'
      using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form unfolding full-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by metis
     then have full cdcl_W-bj S T'
      proof -
        have f1: cdcl_W - bj^{**} T T' \wedge no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W - bj \ T'
          by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ T'\ full\text{-}def)
        then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T'
          by (meson converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp local.bj)
        then show ?thesis
          using f1 by (simp add: full-def)
     have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T'
      using T' unfolding full-def by simp
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     then consider
        (T'U) full cdcl_W-cp T' U
      \mid (U) \ U' \ U'' where
          full cdcl_W-cp T' U'' and
          full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ U\ U' and
          full\ cdcl_W-cp\ U'\ U'' and
          cdcl_W-s'** U U''
      using cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation[OF full <math>\langle cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T' \rangle] T' unfolding full-def
     then show ?thesis by (metis T' cdcl_W-s'.simps full-fullI local.bj n-s)
   qed
qed
```

lemma $cdcl_W$ -stgy- $cdcl_W$ -s'-no-step:

```
assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and no-step cdcl_W-bj U
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
 using cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected[OF assms(1,2)] assms(3)
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) full1-def tranclpD)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-connected-to-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W - s'^{**} S U \vee (\exists T. cdcl_W - s'^{**} S T \wedge cdcl_W - bj^{++} T U \wedge conflicting U \neq C-True)
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step T V) note st = this(1) and o = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 from o show ?case
   proof cases
     case conflict'
     then have f2: cdcl_W - s' T V
      using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
     obtain ss :: 'st where
      f3: S = T \lor cdcl_W - stgy^{**} S ss \land cdcl_W - stgy ss T
      by (metis (full-types) rtranclp.simps st)
     obtain ssa :: 'st where
      cdcl_W-cp T ssa
      using conflict' by (metis (no-types) full1-def tranclpD)
     then have S = T
      using f3 by (metis (no-types) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.simps full-def full1-def)
     then show ?thesis
      using f2 by blast
   next
     case (other' U) note o = this(1) and n-s = this(2) and full = this(3)
     then show ?thesis
      using o
      proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-o-rule-cases)
        {f case}\ decide
        then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
          using IH by auto
        then show ?thesis
          by (meson decide decide' full n-s rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
      next
        case backtrack
        consider
           (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
          |(bj)| S' where cdcl_W-s'^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T and conflicting T \neq C-True
          using IH by blast
        then show ?thesis
         proof cases
           case s'
           moreover
             have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
               using inv local.step(1) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by auto
             then have full cdcl_W-bj T U
               using backtrack-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj backtrack by blast
             then have cdcl_W-s' T V
              using full bj' n-s by blast
```

```
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
     case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
     have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
      using bj-T by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps dest!: tranclpD)
     moreover
      have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
        using inv local.step(1) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by auto
      then have full cdcl_W-bj T U
        using backtrack-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj backtrack by blast
      then have full1 cdcl_W-bj S' U
        using bj-T unfolding full1-def by fastforce
     ultimately have cdcl_W-s' S' V using full by (simp add: bj')
     then show ?thesis using S-S' by auto
   qed
next
 case skip
 then have [simp]: U = V
   using full converse-rtranclpE unfolding full-def by fastforce
 consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
   |(bj)| S' where cdcl_W-s'^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T and conflicting <math>T \neq C-True
   using IH by blast
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case s'
     have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T V
      using skip by force
     moreover have conflicting V \neq C-True
      using skip by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using s' by auto
     case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
     have cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' V
      using skip bj-T by (metis \langle U = V \rangle cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.skip tranclp.simps)
     moreover have conflicting V \neq C-True
      using skip by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using S-S' by auto
   qed
next
 case resolve
 then have [simp]: U = V
   using full converse-rtranclpE unfolding full-def by fastforce
 consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
   (bj) S' where cdcl_W-s'** S S' and cdcl_W-bj<sup>++</sup> S' T and conflicting T \neq C-True
   using IH by blast
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case s'
     have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T V
      using resolve by force
     moreover have conflicting V \neq C\text{-True}
```

```
using resolve by auto
            ultimately show ?thesis using s' by auto
            case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
            have cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' V
              using resolve bj-T by (metis \langle U = V \rangle cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.resolve tranclp.simps)
            moreover have conflicting V \neq C\text{-}True
              using resolve by auto
            ultimately show ?thesis using S-S' by auto
       \mathbf{qed}
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s' S \longleftrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S \land no-step cdcl_W-o S (is ?S' S \longleftrightarrow ?C S \land ?O S)
 assume ?CS \land ?OS
 then show ?S'S
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps full1-def tranclp-unfold-begin)
next
 assume n-s: ?S' S
 have ?CS
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain S' where cdcl_W-cp S S'
      by auto
     then obtain T where full cdcl_W-cp S T
       using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv by (metis (no-types, lifting) full-unfold)
     then show False using n-s cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
   qed
 moreover have ?OS
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain S' where cdcl_W-o S S'
     then obtain T where full1\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ T
       using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv
      by (meson\ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - def\ n - s
        cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step)
     then show False using n-s by (meson \langle cdcl_W - o S S' \rangle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
       cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step inv)
 ultimately show ?C S \land ?O S by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s' S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W<sup>++</sup> S S'
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-s'.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case
   by (simp add: full1-def tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
next
 case decide'
```

```
then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-stgy.simps cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W by (meson\ cdcl_W-o.simps)
  case (bi' Sa S'a S'') note a2 = this(1) and a1 = this(2) and n-s = this(3)
  obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st where
   \forall x0 \ x1 \ x2. \ (\exists \ v3. \ x2 \ x1 \ v3 \ \land \ x2^{**} \ v3 \ x0) = (x2 \ x1 \ (ss \ x0 \ x1 \ x2) \ \land \ x2^{**} \ (ss \ x0 \ x1 \ x2) \ x0)
  then have f3: \forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ss \ sa \ s \ p) \ \land \ p^{**} \ (ss \ sa \ s \ p) \ sa
   by (metis (full-types) tranclpD)
  have cdcl_W-bj^{++} Sa S'a \wedge no-step cdcl_W-bj S'a
   using a2 by (simp add: full1-def)
  then have cdcl_W-bj Sa (ss\ S'a\ Sa\ cdcl_W-bj) \land\ cdcl_W-bj** (ss\ S'a\ Sa\ cdcl_W-bj) S'a
   using f3 by auto
  then show cdcl_W^{++} Sa S"
   using a1 n-s by (meson bj other rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
qed
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W ^{++} S S'
  apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  using cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> apply blast
  by (meson\ cdcl_W - s' - tranclp - cdcl_W\ tranclp - trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
   cdcl_W - s'^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W ^{**} S S'
  using rtranclp-unfold[of\ cdcl_W-s'\ S\ S']\ tranclp-cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl_W[of\ S\ S'] by auto
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-full-cdcl_W-s':
  assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows full cdcl_W-stgy S T \longleftrightarrow full cdcl_W-s' S T (is ?S \longleftrightarrow ?S')
proof
  assume ?S'
  then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S T] unfolding full-def by blast
  then have inv': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T
   using \langle ?S' \rangle unfolding full-def
     using cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-s' cdcl_W-stgy**] by auto
  then show ?S
   using \langle ?S' \rangle inv' cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' unfolding full-def by blast
\mathbf{next}
  assume ?S
  then have inv-T:cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   by (metis assms full-def rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
  consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
   |(st)|S' where cdcl_W-s'^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T and conflicting T \neq C-True
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-connected-to-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'[of S T] inv \langle ?S \rangle
   unfolding full-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by blast
  then show ?S'
   proof cases
```

```
case s'
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis \ \langle full \ cdcl_W \ -stgy \ S \ T \rangle \ inv \ -T \ cdcl_W \ -all \ -struct \ -inv \ -def \ cdcl_W \ -s'. simps
          cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step full-def
          n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o)
    next
      case (st S')
      have full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ T
        using conflicting-clause-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp st(3) by blast
      moreover
        have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-bj T
          by (metis \langle full\ cdcl_W \text{-stgy}\ S\ T \rangle bj inv-T cdcl_W \text{-all-struct-inv-def}
            cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step full-def)
        then have full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ S'\ T
          using st(2) unfolding full1-def by blast
      moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
        using st(2) by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps)
      ultimately have cdcl_W-s' S' T
        using cdcl_W-s'.bj'[of S' T T] by blast
      then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
        using st(1) by auto
      moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s' T
        \textbf{using} \ \textit{inv-T} \ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis} \ \textit{\langle full} \ \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-cp} \ \textit{T} \ \textit{T} \ \textit{\langle full} \ \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-stgy} \ \textit{S} \ \textit{T} \ \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-all-struct-inv-def}
          cdcl_W\textit{-}then\textit{-}exists\textit{-}cdcl_W\textit{-}stgy\textit{-}step\textit{-}full\textit{-}def\textit{ }n\textit{-}step\textit{-}cdcl_W\textit{-}stgy\textit{-}iff\textit{-}no\textit{-}step\textit{-}cdcl_W\textit{-}cl\textit{-}cdcl_W\textit{-}o)
      ultimately show ?thesis
        unfolding full-def by blast
    qed
qed
lemma conflict-step-cdcl_W-stqy-step:
 assumes
    conflict\ S\ T
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows \exists T. \ cdcl_W-stgy S \ T
proof -
  obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ U
    using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-normalized-element-all-inv assms by blast
  then have full cdcl_W-cp S U
    by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.conflict'\ assms(1)\ full-unfold)
  then show ?thesis using cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' by blast
qed
lemma decide-step-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
  assumes
    decide S T
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows \exists T. \ cdcl_W-stgy S \ T
proof -
  obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U
    using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by (meson assms(1) assms(2) cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
      cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv decide other)
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis assms cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' decide full-unfold
      other')
qed
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-C-Clause:
  cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow conflicting S = C - Clause D \Longrightarrow S = T
 using rtranclpD tranclpD by fastforce
inductive cdcl_W-merge-cp :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict'[intro]: conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj \ T \ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-cp \ S \ U \ |
propagate'[intro]: propagate^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-cp S S'
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-cases [consumes 1, case-names conflict propagate]:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-cp S U and
   \bigwedge T. conflict S \ T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ U \Longrightarrow P and
   propagate^{++} S U \Longrightarrow P
 shows P
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps by auto
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge:
  cdcl_W-merge-cp S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-cp.induct)
   using cdcl_W-merge.simps apply auto[1]
  using tranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-merge]\ fw-propagate\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 apply simp
unfolding cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps by (meson cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W fw-r-conflict
   rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-trans tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma full1-cdcl_W-bj-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 full1 cdcl_W-bj S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty conflicting-clause.exhaust full1-def
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj tranclpD)
inductive cdcl_W-s'-without-decide where
conflict'-without-decide[intro]: full1 cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S S'
bj'-without-decide[intro]: full1 cdcl_W-bj S S' \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S \Longrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-cp S' S''
     \implies cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S S''
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S \ T
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
  by (meson\ cdcl_W\ -s'.simps\ cdcl_W\ -s'-tranclp\ -cdcl_W\ cdcl_W\ -s'-without\ -decide.simps
   rtranclp-tranclp-tranclp tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
  cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'** S T
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step \ y \ z) note a2 = this(2) and a1 = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-s' y z
```

```
using a2 by (metis (no-types) bj' cdcl_W-s'.conflict' cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases)
  then show cdcl_W-s'** S z
   using a1 by (meson r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-trans)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V
   conflicting S = C\text{-}True
 shows
   (cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S V)
   \vee (\exists T. \ cdcl_W \text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide^{**} \ S \ T \land propagate^{++} \ T \ V)
   \vee (\exists T \ U. \ cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} \ S \ T \land full 1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ U \land propagate^{**} \ U \ V)
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
  case (step U V) note st = this(1) and cp = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 from cp show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-merge-restart-cases)
     case propagate
     then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp-tranclp-tranclp-into-rtranclp)
   next
     case (conflict U') note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2)
     have full1-U-U': full1 cdclw-cp U U'
      by (simp add: conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp local.conflict(1))
     consider
         (s') cdcl_W-s'-without-decide^{**} S U
        (propa) T' where cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T' and propagate^{++} T' U
       \mid (\textit{bj-prop}) \ T' \ T'' \ \text{where}
          cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T' and
          full1 cdcl_W-bj T' T'' and
          propagate^{**} T'' U
       using IH by blast
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
         case s'
         have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide U U'
         using full1-U-U' conflict'-without-decide by blast
         then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S U'
          using \langle cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S U \rangle by auto
         moreover have U' = V \vee full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ U' \ V
          using bj by (meson full-unfold)
         ultimately show ?thesis by blast
         case propa note s' = this(1) and T'-U = this(2)
         have full1 cdcl_W-cp T' U'
          using rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp]\ T'-U\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ full1-U-U'
          rtranclp-full1I[of\ cdcl_W-cp\ T'] by (metis\ (full-types)\ predicate2D\ predicate2I
            tranclp-into-rtranclp)
         have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide^{**} S U'
          using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W \ -cp \ T' \ U' \rangle conflict'-without-decide s' by force
         have full1 cdcl_W-bj U' V \vee V = U'
          by (metis (lifting) full-unfold local.bj)
```

```
then show ?thesis
          using \langle cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S U' \rangle by blast
         case bj-prop note s' = this(1) and bj-T' = this(2) and T''-U = this(3)
         have no-step cdcl_W-cp T'
          using bj-T' full1-cdcl_W-bj-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by blast
         moreover have full1 cdcl_W-cp T'' U'
          using rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp]\ T''-U\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ full1-U-U'
          rtranclp-full1I[of\ cdcl_W-cp\ T''] by blast
         ultimately have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T' U'
          using bj'-without-decide [of T' T'' U'] bj-T' by (simp add: full-unfold)
         then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** \tilde{S} U'
          using s'\ rtranclp.intros(2)[of\ -\ S\ T'\ U'] by blast
         then show ?thesis
          by (metis full-unfold local.bj rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
       qed
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S V and
   confl: conflicting S = C-True
 shows
   (cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} S V \wedge conflicting V = C - True)
   \lor (cdcl_W\text{-merge-}cp^{**}\ S\ V\ \land\ conflicting\ V \neq C\text{-True}\ \land\ no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ V\ \land\ no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj\ V)
   \vee (\exists T. cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T \wedge conflict T V)
 using assms(1)
proof (induction)
 case base
  then show ?case using confl by auto
  case (step U V) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 from s show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases)
     case conflict'-without-decide
     then have rt: cdcl_W - cp^{++} U V unfolding full1-def by fast
     then have conflicting U = C\text{-}True
       \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{tranclp-cdcl}_W \textit{-}\mathit{cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not}[\mathit{of} \ U \ V]
       conflict by (auto dest!: tranclpD simp: rtranclp-unfold)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U using IH by auto
     consider
         (propa) propagate^{++} U V
        | (confl') conflict U V
        | (propa-confl') U' where propagate<sup>++</sup> U U' conflict U' V
       using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[OF rt] unfolding rtranclp-unfold
       by fastforce
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
         case propa
         then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U V
          by auto
         moreover have conflicting V = C\text{-}True
          using propa unfolding translp-unfold-end by auto
```

```
ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U\rangle by force
      next
        case confl'
        then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U\rangle by auto
        case propa-confl' note propa = this(1) and confl' = this(2)
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U U' by auto
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U' using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U\rangle by auto
        then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U\rangle confl' by auto
      qed
   next
     case (bj'-without-decide U') note full-bj = this(1) and cp = this(3)
     then have conflicting U \neq C-True
      using full-bj unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps)
     with IH obtain T where
      S-T: cdcl_W-merge-cp** S T and T-U: conflict T U
      using full-bj unfolding full1-def by (blast dest: tranclpD)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp T U'
      using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict'[of T U U'] full-bj by (simp add: full-unfold)
     then have S-U': cdcl_W-merge-cp** S U' using S-T by auto
     consider
        (n-s) U' = V
        \mid (propa) \ propagate^{++} \ U' \ V
        (confl') conflict U' V
       \mid (propa\text{-}confl') \ U'' \text{ where } propagate^{++} \ U' \ U'' \ conflict \ U'' \ V
      using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not cp
      unfolding rtranclp-unfold full-def by metis
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case propa
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U' V by auto
        moreover have conflicting V = C\text{-}True
          using propa unfolding tranclp-unfold-end by auto
        ultimately show ?thesis using S-U' by force
      next
        case confl'
        then show ?thesis using S-U' by auto
      next
        case propa-confl' note propa = this(1) and confl = this(2)
        have cdcl_W-merge-cp U' U'' using propa by auto
        then show ?thesis using S-U' confl by (meson rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
      next
        case n-s
        then show ?thesis
          using S-U' apply (cases conflicting V = C\text{-}True)
          using full-bj apply simp
          by (metis cp full-def full-unfold full-bj)
      qed
   qed
lemma no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-no-ste-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp:
 assumes
   cdcl_W\operatorname{-all-struct-inv}\,S
   conflicting S = C-True
```

```
no-step cdcl_W-s' S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 using assms apply (auto simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps)
   using conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp apply blast
 using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv cdcl_W-cp.propagate' by (metis cdcl_W-cp.propagate'
   full-unfold tranclpD)
The no-step decide S is needed, since cdcl_W-merge-cp is cdcl_W-s' without decide.
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide}:
 assumes
   confl: conflicting S = C-True and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 then obtain T where
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S T
   by auto
 then have inv-T: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S T]
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv inv by blast
 from cdcl_W show False
   proof cases
     {f case}\ conflict'-without-decide
     have no-step propagate S
      using n-s by blast
     then have conflict S T
      using local.conflict' translp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not [of S T]
      unfolding full1-def by (metis full1-def local.conflict'-without-decide rtranclp-unfold
        tranclp-unfold-begin)
     moreover
      then obtain T' where full\ cdcl_W-bj\ T\ T'
        using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form inv-T by blast
     ultimately show False using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' n-s by meson
   next
     case (bj'-without-decide S')
     then show ?thesis
      using confl unfolding full1-def by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps dest: tranclpD)
   qed
qed
lemma\ conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain T where cdcl_W-merge-cp S T
   by auto
 then show False
   proof cases
     case (conflict' S')
     then show False using n-s conflict'-without-decide conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp by blast
```

```
next
         case propagate'
         moreover
            have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
                using inv by (meson local.propagate' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv
                   rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-into-rtranclp)
             then obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U
                using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by auto
         ultimately have full 1 \ cdcl_W-cp \ S \ U
             using tranclp-full-full1I[of cdcl_W-cp S T U] cdcl_W-cp.propagate'
             tranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp] by blast
         then show False using conflict'-without-decide n-s by blast
      qed
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
   no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge-cp } S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-M-level-inv } S \Longrightarrow no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-cp } S
   using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF cdcl_W.conflict, of S]
   by (metis\ cdcl_W - cp. cases\ cdcl_W - merge-cp. simps\ tranclp.intros(1))
lemma conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
   assumes
      conflicting S = C-True and
      cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T
   shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
   using assms(2,1) by (induction)
   (fastforce\ simp:\ cdcl_W\ -merge-cp.simps\ full-def\ tranclp-unfold-end\ cdcl_W\ -bj.simps) + (fastforce\ simp:\ cdcl_W\ -merge-cp.simps\ full-def\ tranclp-unfold-end\ cdcl_W\ -bj.simps) + (fastforce\ simp:\ cdcl_W\ -bj.simps) + (fastforce\ simps) + (fa
lemma conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode:
   assumes
      confl: conflicting S = C-True and
       inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
      full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ V\longleftrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V\ (\mathbf{is}\ ?fw\longleftrightarrow ?s')
proof
   assume ?fw
   then have st: cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V and n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
      unfolding full-def by blast+
   have inv-V: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S V] \langle ?fw \rangle unfolding full-def
      by (simp add: inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)
   consider
         (s') cdcl_W-s'-without-decide^{**} S V
         (propa) T where cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T and propagate^{++} T V
       (bj) \ T \ U \ \mathbf{where} \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S \ T \ \mathbf{and} \ full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ U \ \mathbf{and} \ propagate** U \ V
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide confl st n-s by metis
   then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S V
      proof cases
         case s'
         then show ?thesis.
      next
         case propa note s' = this(1) and propa = this(2)
         have no-step cdcl_W-cp V
             using no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp n-s inv-V
             unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
```

```
then have full1\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ V
     using propa tranclp-mono[of propagate cdcl_W-cp] cdcl_W-cp.propagate' unfolding full1-def
    then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T V
      using conflict'-without-decide by blast
    then show ?thesis using s' by auto
 next
    case bj note s' = this(1) and bj = this(2) and propa = this(3)
    have no-step cdcl_W-cp V
     using no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp n-s inv-V
     unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
    then have full cdcl_W-cp U V
     using propa rtranclp-mono of propagate cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp] cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.propagate' unfolding full-def
     by blast
    moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
     using bj unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp:cdclw-bj.simps)
    ultimately have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T V
     using bj'-without-decide[of T U V] bj by blast
    then show ?thesis using s' by auto
 qed
moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide V
 proof (cases conflicting V = C\text{-True})
    case False
    { fix ss :: 'st
     have ff1: \forall s \ sa. \ \neg \ cdcl_W - s' \ s \ sa \ \lor \ full1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \ sa
        \vee (\exists sb. \ decide \ s \ sb \land \ no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ s \land \ full \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ sb \ sa)
        \vee (\exists sb. full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ s \ sb \land no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sb \ sa)
        by (metis\ cdcl_W - s'.cases)
     have ff2: (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ full1 \ p \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor p^{++} \ s \ sa \land no\text{-step} \ p \ sa)
         \land (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ (\neg p^{++} \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor (\exists s. \ p \ sa \ s)) \lor full1 \ p \ s \ sa) 
        by (meson full1-def)
     obtain ssa :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
        ff3: \forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ssa \ p \ s \ sa) \ \land \ p^{**} \ (ssa \ p \ s \ sa) \ sa
        by (metis (no-types) tranclpD)
     then have a3: \neg cdcl_W - cp^{++} V ss
        using False by (metis conflicting-clause-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp full-def)
     have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - bj^{++} V s
        using ff3 False by (metis confl st
          conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj)
     then have \neg cdcl_W-s'-without-decide V ss
        using ff1 a3 ff2 by (metis cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases)
    then show ?thesis
     by fastforce
    next
     {f case}\ {\it True}
     then show ?thesis
        \mathbf{using}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide}\ n\text{-}s\ inv\text{-}V
        unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
 qed
ultimately show ?s' unfolding full-def by blast
assume s': ?s'
then have st: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S V and n-s: no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide V
 unfolding full-def by auto
```

```
then have cdcl_W^{**} S V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> st by blast
 then have inv-V: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv V using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 then have n-s-cp-V: no-step cdcl_W-cp V
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv[of V] full-fullI[of cdcl_W-cp V] n-s
   conflict'-without-decide conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp
   no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by presburger
 have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain W where W: cdcl_W-bj V W by blast
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W
      using W \ cdcl_W.simps \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv \ inv-V by blast
     then obtain W' where full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ V\ W'
      using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of W] full-fullI[of cdcl_W-bj V W] W
      unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
      by blast
     moreover
      then have cdcl_W^{++} V W'
        using tranclp-mono[of \ cdcl_W-bj \ cdcl_W] cdcl_W.other \ cdcl_W-o.bj unfolding full1-def by blast
      then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W'
        by (meson\ inv-V\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
      then obtain X where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ W'\ X
        using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by blast
     ultimately show False
      using bj'-without-decide n-s-cp-V n-s by blast
   qed
 from s' consider
     (cp-true) cdcl_W-merge-cp** S V and conflicting V = C-True
   |(cp\text{-}false)| cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V and conflicting V \neq C-True and no-step cdcl_W-cp V and
       no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   | (cp\text{-}confl) T \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} S T \text{ conflict } T V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp[of S V] confl
   unfolding full-def by blast
 then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V
   proof cases
     case cp-confl note S-T = this(1) and conf-V = this(2)
     have full\ cdcl_W-bj\ V\ V
      using conf-V n-s-bj unfolding full-def by fast
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
      using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' conf-V by auto
     then show ?thesis using S-T by auto
   qed fast+
 moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S V using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
     using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
   then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
     using conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp s'
     unfolding full-def by blast
 ultimately show ?fw unfolding full-def by auto
qed
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decode}:$

```
assumes
    confl: conflicting S = C-True  and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows
    full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ V\longleftrightarrow full1\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V
proof -
  have full cdcl_W-merge-cp S V = full cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S V
    \mathbf{using} \ \ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}full\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}full\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decode} \ \ inv
    by blast
  then show ?thesis unfolding full-unfold full1-def
    by (metis (mono-tags) tranclp-unfold-begin)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}imp\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decode}:
  assumes
    fw: full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp S V and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
    full1 cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S V
proof -
  \mathbf{have}\ conflicting\ S =\ C\text{-}True
    using fw unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclpD simp: cdclw-merge-cp.simps)
  then show ?thesis
    using conflicting-true-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-iff-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decode fw inv by blast
qed
inductive cdcl_W-merge-stgy where
fw\text{-}s\text{-}cp[intro]: full1\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ S\ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy\ S\ T\ |
fw-s-decide[intro]: decide S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-merge-cp T U
  \implies cdcl_W-merge-stqy S \ U
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{:}
 assumes fw: cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T
  shows cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T
proof -
  \{ \mathbf{fix} \ S \ T \}
    assume full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp S T
    then have cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T
      \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{tranclp-mono}[\mathit{of} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-merge-cp} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-merge++}] \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl}_W \mathit{-merge-cp}
      unfolding full1-def
  } note full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl_W-merge = this
  show ?thesis
    using fw
    apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.induct)
      using full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl_W-merge apply simp
    unfolding full-unfold by (auto dest!: full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge fw-decide)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge:
  assumes fw: cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T
 shows cdcl_W-merge^{**} S T
  using fw cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-merge-stgy cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup>]
  unfolding tranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp by blast
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.induct)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full1-def
   apply (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> cdcl_W-o.decide cdcl_W.other unfolding full-def
 by (meson r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
  using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy\ rtranclp-cdcl_W\ by\ auto
inductive cdcl_W-s'-w :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict': full1 cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'-w S S'
decide': decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow no-step \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide \ S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide \ S' \ S''
  \implies cdcl_W - s' - w \ S \ S''
lemma cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'-w S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-w.induct)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full1-def
   apply (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> unfolding full-def
 by (meson decide other rtranclp-into-tranclp2 tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - s' - w^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-s'-w\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W by auto
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S and conflicting <math>S = C-True and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 by (metis\ assms\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.propagate'\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart\text{-}cases\ tranclpD}
    conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide)
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart:
  assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S and conflicting <math>S = C-True
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 by (metis\ assms(1)\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.propagate'\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge-restart-cases\ tranclpD)
lemma after-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S T
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp T
 using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.induct) (auto simp: full1-def full-def)
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp}:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S
  by (simp\ add:\ conflicting\ true-no\ step\ s'\ without\ decide\ no\ step\ cdcl_W\ -merge\ -cp
   no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
lemma after-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-w S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp T
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-w.induct)
  case conflict'
```

```
then show ?case
   by (auto simp: full1-def tranclp-unfold-end after-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-cp)
  case (decide' \ S \ T \ U)
 moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S U
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W [of T U] cdcl_W.other[of S T]
     cdcl_W-o.decide unfolding full-def by auto
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
     using decide'.prems\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 ultimately show ?case
   using no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-w^{**} S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step \ T \ U)
 moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S U] assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.hyps(1) by blast
 ultimately show ?case using after-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-cp by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq:
 assumes cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 \mathbf{case}\ base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step T U)
 moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S U] assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.hyps(1)
   by (meson\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
  ultimately show ?case
   using after-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (metis\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}all\mbox{-}struct\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}def\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}merge\mbox{-}stgy.simps\ full1\mbox{-}def\ full\mbox{-}def
     no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp.intros(1) tranclp-into-rtranclp)
qed
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain T where S-T: cdcl_W-bj S T
```

```
by auto
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
    using S-T cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv other by blast
  then obtain T' where full1 \ cdcl_W-bj \ S \ T'
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj-exists-normal-form[of T] full-fullI S-T unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
   by metis
  moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S T'
     \mathbf{using} \ rtranclp-mono[of \ cdcl_W-bj \ cdcl_W] \ cdcl_W. other \ cdcl_W-o.bj \ tranclp-into-rtranclp[of \ cdcl_W-bj]
     unfolding full1-def by (metis (full-types) predicate2D predicate2I)
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T'
     using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
   then obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T'\ U
     using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by blast
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S
   using S-T by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
  ultimately show False
  using assms cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.intros(2)[of S T' U] by fast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
  assumes cdcl_W-s'-w S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
  using assms apply induction
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj unfolding full1-def
   apply (meson tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\ }rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
    no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj unfolding full-def
  by (meson\ cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl<sub>W</sub> fw-r-decide)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj-or-eq:
  assumes cdcl_W-s'-w** S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-bj } T
  using assms apply induction
   apply simp
  using \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
    cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by meson
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-no-step-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-decomp-into-cdcl_W-merge:
  assumes
    cdcl_W-s'** R V and
   conflicting R = C-True and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
  shows (cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V \land conflicting \ V = C-True)
  \lor (cdcl_W \text{-merge-stgy}^{**} \ R \ V \land conflicting \ V \neq C\text{-True} \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W \text{-bj} \ V)
  \vee (\exists S \ T \ U. \ cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ S \land no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \land decide \ S \ T
   \land cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T U \land conflict U V
  \vee (\exists S \ T. \ cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R \ S \land no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \land decide \ S \ T
    \land cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V
     \wedge conflicting V = C\text{-True}
  \lor (cdcl_W \text{-merge-}cp^{**} R \ V \land conflicting \ V = C\text{-}True)
  \vee (\exists U. \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-} cp^{**} \ R \ U \land conflict \ U \ V)
  using assms(1,2)
proof induction
```

```
case base
then show ?case by simp
case (step V W) note st = this(1) and s' = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)] and
from s'
show ?case
 proof cases
   case conflict'
   consider
     (s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
     | (dec-confl) S T U where cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp S and
        decide\ S\ T\ {\bf and}\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}merge\mbox{-}cp^{**}\ T\ U\ {\bf and}\ conflict\ U\ V
     | (dec) S T where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S and decide S T
        and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = C-True
     | (cp) \ cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ V
     | (cp\text{-}confl) U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} R U \text{ and } conflict U V
     using IH by meson
   then show ?thesis
     proof cases
     next
       case s'
       then have R = V
        by (metis full1-def inv local.conflict' tranclp-unfold-begin
          rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
       consider
          (V-W) V = W
        | (propa) propagate^{++} V W  and conflicting W = C-True
         \mid (propa\text{-}confl) \ V' where propagate^{**} \ V \ V' and conflict \ V' \ W
        using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of\ V\ W]\ conflict'
        unfolding full-unfold full1-def by blast
       then show ?thesis
        \mathbf{proof}\ \mathit{cases}
          case V-W
          then show ?thesis using \langle R = V \rangle n-s-R by simp
        next
          case propa
          then show ?thesis using \langle R = V \rangle by auto
        \mathbf{next}
          case propa-confl
          moreover
            then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V V'
             by (metis Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' r-into-rtranclp)
          ultimately show ?thesis using s' \langle R = V \rangle by blast
        qed
     next
       case dec\text{-}confl note - = this(5)
       then have False using conflict' unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclpD)
       then show ?thesis by fast
     next
       case dec note T-V = this(4)
       consider
          (propa) propagate^{++} V W  and conflicting W = C-True
        | (propa-confl) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
        using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] conflict'
```

```
unfolding full1-def by blast
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case propa
        then show ?thesis
          by (meson T-V cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' dec rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
      next
        case propa-confl
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V'
          using T-V by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp.simps)
        then show ?thesis using dec propa-confl(2) by metis
      qed
   next
     case cp
     consider
        (propa) propagate^{++} V W and conflicting W = C-True
      | (propa-confl) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
      using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] conflict'
      unfolding full1-def by blast
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case propa
        then show ?thesis by (meson\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' cp rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
      \mathbf{next}
        case propa-confl
        then show ?thesis
          using propa-confl(2) by (metis\ rtranclp-unfold\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate')
            cp rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
      qed
   next
     case cp-confl
     then show ?thesis using conflict' unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD)
   qed
next
 case (decide' V')
 then have conf-V: conflicting V = C-True
   by auto
 consider
    (s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
   | (dec-confl) S T U where cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp S and
      decide \ S \ T \ and \ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} \ T \ U \ and \ conflict \ U \ V
   \mid (dec) \mid S \mid T \text{ where } cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \mid S \mid and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \mid and decide \mid S \mid T \mid
       and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = C-True
    (cp) \ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} \ R \ V
    (cp-confl) U where cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R U and conflict U V
   using IH by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case s'
     have confl-V': conflicting V' = C-True using decide'(1) by auto
     have full: full1 cdcl_W-cp\ V'\ W\ \lor\ (V'=\ W\ \land\ no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W-cp\ W)
      using decide'(3) unfolding full-unfold by blast
     consider
        (V'-W) V' = W
      | (propa) propagate^{++} V' W  and conflicting W = C-True
```

```
| (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] decide'
   by (metis \( full1 \) cdcl_W-cp \( V' \) W \\ V' = W \\ \( no\)-step \( cdcl_W-cp \) W \\ full1-def
     tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not)
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case V'-W
     then show ?thesis
       using confl-V' local.decide'(1,2) s' conf-V
       no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart by auto
   next
     {\bf case}\ propa
     then show ?thesis using local.decide'(1,2) s' by (metis cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps conf-V
       no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart\ r-into-rtranclp)
   next
     case propa-confl
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
       by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' r-into-rtranclp)
     then show ?thesis
       using local.decide'(1,2) propa-confl(2) s' conf-V
       no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart
       by metis
   \mathbf{qed}
next
  case (dec) note s' = this(1) and dec = this(2) and cp = this(3) and ns-cp-T = this(4)
  have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
   unfolding full-def by (simp add: conf-V local.decide'(2)
     no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart ns-cp-T)
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
    by (simp\ add:\ conf-V\ local.decide'(2)\ no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart)
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
   by (metis dec)
  ultimately have cdcl_W-merge-stgy S V
   using cp by blast
  then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V using s' by auto
  consider
     (V'-W)\ V' = W
     (propa) propagate^{++} V' W and conflicting W = C\text{-}True
   | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not [of V'W] decide'
   unfolding full-unfold full1-def by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case V'-W
     moreover have conflicting V' = C-True
       using decide'(1) by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V \rangle \ decide' \langle no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V \rangle \ by blast
   next
     case propa
     moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V'W
       by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ V \rangle \ decide' \ \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V \rangle
       by (meson \ r-into-rtranclp)
```

```
next
         case propa-confl
         moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
            by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
         ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V \rangle decide'
            \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge-cp } V \rangle by (meson \ r\text{-into-rtranclp})
        qed
   next
      case cp
      have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
        using conf-V local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart by blast
      then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp R V
        unfolding full-def using cp by fast
      then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
        unfolding full-unfold by auto
      have full cdcl_W-cp V'W \lor (V' = W \land no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-cp } W)
        using decide'(3) unfolding full-unfold by blast
      consider
          (V'-W) V' = W
         (propa) \ propagate^{++} \ V' \ W \ and \ conflicting \ W = C\text{-}True
         (propa-confl)\ V^{\prime\prime}\ {\bf where}\ propagate^{**}\ V^{\prime}\ V^{\prime\prime}\ {\bf and}\ conflict\ V^{\prime\prime}\ W
        using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of\ V'\ W]\ decide'
        unfolding full-unfold full1-def by blast
      then show ?thesis
       proof cases
         case V'-W
         moreover have conflicting V' = C-True
            using decide'(1) by auto
         ultimately show ?thesis
            using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V \rangle \ decide' \ \langle no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W-merge-cp V \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
         case propa
         moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V' W
            by auto
         ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V \rangle \ decide'
            \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ V\rangle by (meson\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
        next
         case propa-confl
         moreover then have \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{merge\text{-}\mathit{cp}^{**}}\ \mathit{V'}\ \mathit{V''}
            by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
          ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V \rangle decide'
            \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ V \rangle\ \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
       qed
   next
      case (dec-confl)
      show ?thesis using conf-V dec\text{-}confl(5) by auto
    next
      case cp-confl
      then show ?thesis using decide' by fastforce
  qed
next
  case (bj' \ V')
  then have \neg no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj\ V
```

```
by (auto dest: tranclpD simp: full1-def)
then consider
  (s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and conflicting V = C-True
 | (dec-confl) S T U where cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp S and
     decide\ S\ T\ and\ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**}\ T\ U\ and\ conflict\ U\ V
 \mid (dec) \mid S \mid T \text{ where } cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R \mid S \mid and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \mid and decide \mid S \mid T \mid
     and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = C-True
   (cp) cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R V and conflicting V = C-True
 (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
 using IH by meson
then show ?thesis
 proof cases
   case s' note - = this(2)
   then have False
     using bj'(1) unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
   then show ?thesis by fast
 next
   case dec note - = this(5)
   then have False
     using bj'(1) unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
   then show ?thesis by fast
 next
   case dec-confl
   then have cdcl_W-merge-cp UV'
     using bj' cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros(1)[of U V V'] by (simp add: full-unfold)
   then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V'
     using dec\text{-}confl(4) by simp
   consider
       (V'-W) V' = W
      (propa) propagate^{++} V' W and conflicting W = C-True
     | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
     using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V'W] bj'(3)
     unfolding full-unfold full1-def by blast
   then show ?thesis
     proof cases
      case V'-W
      then have no-step cdcl_W-cp V'
        using bj'(3) unfolding full-def by auto
      then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V'
        by (metis\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate' cdcl_W-merge-cp.cases tranclpD
          no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate(1))
      then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V'
        unfolding full1-def using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U\ V' \rangle dec-confl(4) by auto
      then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V'
        by (simp add: full-unfold)
      then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy S V'
        using dec\text{-}confl(3) cdcl_W-merge-stgy.fw-s-decide (no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S) by blast
      then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V'
        using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stqy^{**} R S \rangle by auto
      show ?thesis
        proof cases
          assume conflicting W = C-True
          then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V' \rangle \langle V' = W \rangle by auto
        next
          assume conflicting W \neq C\text{-True}
```

```
then show ?thesis
         using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R\ V' \rangle\ \langle V' = W \rangle by (metis\ \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U\ V' \rangle
           conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj\ dec-confl(5)
           r-into-rtranclp conflictE)
      qed
   next
    case propa
    moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V'W
      by auto
   rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
   next
    case propa-confl
    moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
      by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
   ultimately show ?thesis by (meson \langle cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} \mid T \mid V' \rangle dec - confl(1-3) rtranclp-trans)
   qed
next
 case cp note - = this(2)
 then show ?thesis using bj'(1) \leftarrow no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}bj\ V
   conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by auto
 case cp-confl
 then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' full-unfold
   local.bj'(1)
 consider
     (V'-W) V'=W
   |(propa)| propagate^{++} V'W and conflicting W = C-True
    (propa-conft) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V' W] bj'
   unfolding full-unfold full1-def by blast
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
    case V'-W
    show ?thesis
      proof cases
        assume conflicting V' = C-True
        then show ?thesis
         using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle cp-confl(1) by force
        assume confl: conflicting V' \neq C-True
        then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V'
         by (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps full1-def full-def cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps
           dest!: tranclpD)
        have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V'
         using confl by (auto simp: full1-def full-def cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps
         dest!: tranclpD)
        moreover have cdcl_W-merge-cp U W
         using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle by blast
        ultimately have full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp R V'
         using cp\text{-}confl(1) V'-W unfolding full1-def by auto
        then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V'
         by auto
        moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V'
```

```
using confl \ \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V' \rangle by (auto simp: cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy.simps
                    full1-def dest!: tranclpD)
                ultimately have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V' by auto
                show ?thesis by (metis V'-W \land cdcl_W-merge-cp U \lor V' \land cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \lor V'
                  conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj\ cp-confl(1)
                  rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl step.prems)
              qed
           next
            case propa
            moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V'W
              by auto
            ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U \ V' \rangle cp-confl(1) by force
           next
            case propa-confl
            moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
              by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
             ultimately show ?thesis
              using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle cp-confl(1) by (metis rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl
                 rtranclp-trans)
           qed
       qed
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stqy-cases [consumes 1, case-names fw-s-cp fw-s-decide]:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy S U
   full1\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ S\ U \Longrightarrow P
   \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-merge-cp T U \Longrightarrow P
 shows P
 using assms by (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps)
lemma decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes
   dec: decide S T  and
   cdcl_W-s'** T U and
   n-s-S: no-step cdcl_W-cp S and
   no-step cdclw-cp U
 shows cdcl_W-s'^{**} S U
 using assms(2,4)
proof induction
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and s' = this(2) and IH = this(3) and n-s = this(4)
 consider
     (TU) T = U
    |(s'-st)| T' where cdcl_W-s' T T' and cdcl_W-s'^{**} T' U
   using st[unfolded\ rtranclp-unfold] by (auto dest!: tranclpD)
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case TU
     then show ?thesis
       proof -
         have \forall p \ s \ sa. \ (\neg p^{++} \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor (\exists sb. \ p^{**} \ s \ sb \land p \ sb \ sa))
           \wedge ((\forall sb. \neg p^{**} s sb \lor \neg p sb sa) \lor p^{++} s sa)
           by (metis tranclp-unfold-end)
         then obtain ss::('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
```

```
\mathit{f2} \colon \forall \ p \ s \ sa. \ (\neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p^{**} \ s \ (ss \ p \ s \ sa) \ \land \ p \ (ss \ p \ s \ sa) \ sa)
            \wedge \ ((\forall sb. \ \neg \ p^{**} \ s \ sb \ \lor \ \neg \ p \ sb \ sa) \ \lor \ p^{++} \ s \ sa)
          by moura
         have f3: cdcl_W - s' T V
          using TU s' by blast
         moreover
         { assume \neg cdcl_W - s' S T
          then have cdcl_W-s' S V
            using f3 by (metis (no-types) assms(1,3) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.cases cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.decide' full-unfold)
          then have cdcl_W-s'^{++} S V
            by blast }
         ultimately have cdcl_W-s'++ S V
          using f2 by (metis (full-types) rtranclp-unfold)
         then show ?thesis
          by simp
      qed
   next
     case (s'-st T') note s'-T' = this(1) and st = this(2)
     have cdcl_W-s'** S T'
       using s'-T'
      proof cases
         case conflict'
         then have cdcl_W-s' S T'
           using dec\ cdcl_W-s'.decide'\ n-s-S by (simp\ add:\ full-unfold)
         then show ?thesis
           using st by auto
       next
         case (decide' T'')
         then have cdcl_W-s' S T
           using dec\ cdcl_W-s'.decide'\ n-s-S by (simp\ add:\ full-unfold)
         then show ?thesis using decide' s'-T' by auto
      next
         case bj'
         then have False
          using dec unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdclw-bj.simps)
         then show ?thesis by fast
     then show ?thesis using s' st by auto
   qed
next
 case base
 then have full cdcl_W-cp T T
   by (simp add: full-unfold)
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-s'.simps dec n-s-S by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows cdcl_W-s'** R V
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 {f case}\ base
```

```
then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step S T) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st by blast
  from fw show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy-cases)
     case fw-s-cp
     then show ?thesis
       proof
         assume a1: full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ T
         obtain ss :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
           f2: \bigwedge p \ s \ sa \ pa \ sb \ sc \ sd \ pb \ se \ sf. \ (\neg full1 \ p \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor p^{++} \ s \ sa)
             \land (\neg pa \ (sb::'st) \ sc \lor \neg full1 \ pa \ sd \ sb) \land (\neg pb^{++} \ se \ sf \lor pb \ sf \ (ss \ pb \ sf)
             \vee full pb se sf)
           by (metis (no-types) full1-def)
         then have f3: cdcl_W-merge-cp^{++} S T
           using a1 by auto
         obtain ssa :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
           f_4: \bigwedge p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ssa \ p \ s \ sa)
           by (meson tranclp-unfold-begin)
         then have f5: \Lambda s. \neg full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp s S
           using f3 f2 by (metis (full-types))
         have \bigwedge s. \neg full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp s\ S
           using f4 f3 by (meson full-def)
         then have S = R
           using f5 by (metis (no-types) cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps rtranclp-unfold st
             tranclp-unfold-end)
         then show ?thesis
           using f2 a1 by (metis\ (no-types)\ \langle cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ S\rangle
             conflicting-true-full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-imp-full1-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode
             rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s' rtranclp-unfold)
       qed
   next
     case (fw-s-decide S') note dec = this(1) and n-S = this(2) and full = this(3)
     moreover then have conflicting S' = C-True
     ultimately have full cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S' T
       \textbf{by} \; (\textit{meson} \; \langle \textit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\textit{all-struct-inv} \; S \rangle \; \textit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\textit{merge-restart-cdcl}_W \; \textit{fw-r-decide}
         rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
         conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode)
     then have a1: cdcl_W-s'** S' T
       unfolding full-def by (metis (full-types)rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
     have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T
       using fw by blast
     then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
       using decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s' a1 by (metis \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \rangle dec
         n-S no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
         rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
     then show ?thesis using IH by auto
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
```

```
st: cdcl_W-merge-stgy^{**} R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses R) and
  R: trail R = []
  shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses [OF invR - dist R]
  invR st rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-s'\ cdcl_W-stqy^{**}]\ cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy
  by (auto dest!: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy:
  assumes
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and s': no-step cdcl_W-s' R
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy R
proof -
  { fix ss :: 'st
   obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
      ff1: \land s sa. \neg cdcl_W-merge-stgy s sa \lor full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp s sa \lor decide s (ssa s sa)
      using cdcl_W-merge-stgy.cases by moura
   obtain ssb :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
      ff2: \bigwedge p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ssb \ p \ s \ sa)
      by (meson tranclp-unfold-begin)
   obtain ssc :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
      ff3: \bigwedge s sa sb. (\neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv s \lor \neg cdcl_W - cp s sa \lor cdcl_W - s' s (ssc s))
       \land (\neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ s \lor \neg cdcl_W - o \ s \ sb \lor cdcl_W - s' \ s \ (ssc \ s))
      using n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o by moura
   then have ff_4: \Lambda s. \neg cdcl_W - o R s
      using s' inv by blast
   have ff5: \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - cp^{++} R s
     using ff3 ff2 s' by (metis inv)
   have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - bj^{++} R s
      using ff4 ff2 by (metis bj)
   then have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W-s'-without-decide R s
      using ff5 by (simp add: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.simps full1-def)
   then have \neg cdcl_W - s'-without-decide<sup>++</sup> R ss
      using ff2 by blast
   then have \neg cdcl_W-merge-stgy R ss
      using ff4 ff1 by (metis (full-types) decide full1-def inv
        conflicting-true-full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-imp-full1-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode)
  then show ?thesis
   by fastforce
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
  wf\{(T, S). \ cdcl_W \text{-all-struct-inv } S \land cdcl_W \text{-merge-cp } S \ T\}
  using wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge by (rule wf-subset) (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge)
lemma wf-cdcl_W-merge-stgy:
  wf\{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \land cdcl_W - merge - stgy \ S \ T\}
  using wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge by (rule wf-subset)
  (auto simp add: cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form:
  assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
  obtains S where full cdcl_W-merge-cp R S
proof -
  obtain S where full (\lambda S T. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge-cp S T) R S
```

```
using wf-exists-normal-form-full[OF wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp] by blast
   then have
      st: (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \land cdcl_W-merge-cp S \ T)^{**} \ R \ S and
      n-s: no-step (\lambda S T. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge-cp S T) S
      unfolding full-def by blast+
   have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R S
      using st by induction auto
   moreover
      have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
          using st inv
          apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
             apply simp
          by (meson\ r-into-rtranclp\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
              rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
      then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
          using n-s by auto
   ultimately show ?thesis
      using that unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl_W-s':
   assumes
       inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
      confl: conflicting R = C-True and
       n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy R
   shows no-step cdcl_W-s' R
proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain S where cdcl_W-s' R S by auto
   then show False
      proof cases
          case conflict'
          then obtain S' where full cdcl_W-merge-cp R S'
             by (metis\ (full-types)\ cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.simps\ confl
                 conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide\ full-def\ full-unfold\ inverse and the conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide\ full-def\ fu
                 cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
          then show False using n-s by blast
      next
          case (decide' R')
          then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R'
             using inv cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W.other cdcl_W-o.decide by meson
          then obtain R'' where full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp\ R'\ R''
             using cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form by blast
          moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp R
             by (simp add: conft local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart)
          ultimately show False using n-s cdcl_W-merge-stgy.intros local.decide'(1) by blast
      next
          case (bi' R')
          then show False
             using confl\ no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide}\ inv
             unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
      qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
```

```
assumes conflicting R = C\text{-}True and cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} R S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
  using assms conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
  assumes confl: conflicting R = C-True and cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
 using assms(2)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case
   using confl by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
  case (step S T) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have confl-S: conflicting S = C-True
   using fw apply cases
   by (auto simp: full1-def cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps dest!: tranclpD)
 from fw show ?case
   proof cases
     case fw-s-cp
     then show ?thesis
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj confl-S
       by (simp add: full1-def tranclp-into-rtranclp)
   \mathbf{next}
     case (fw-s-decide S')
     moreover then have conflicting S' = C-True by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj
       unfolding full-def by fast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
 assumes
    conflicting R = C-True and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows full cdcl_W-s' R V \longleftrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-merge-stay R V (is ?s' \longleftrightarrow ?fw)
proof
 assume ?s'
 then have cdcl_W - s'^{**} R V unfolding full-def by blast
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
   using \langle cdcl_W - s'^{**} \mid R \mid V \rangle inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   by blast
  then have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V
   using no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy} by (meson \langle full \ cdcl_W\text{-}s' \ R \ V \rangle \ full\text{-}def)
 have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   by (metis \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ V \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W - s' \ R \ V \rangle \ bj \ full - def
     n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o)
 have n-s-cp: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
   proof -
     { \mathbf{fix} \ ss :: 'st
       obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
         ff1: \forall s. \neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ s \lor cdcl_W - s' - without - decide \ s \ (ssa \ s)
           \vee no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp s
         using conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp by moura
```

```
have (\forall p \ s \ sa. \neg full \ p \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor p^{**} \ s \ sa \land no\text{-step} \ p \ sa) and
       (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ (\neg p^{**} \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor (\exists s. \ p \ sa \ s)) \lor full \ p \ s \ sa)
       by (meson full-def)+
     then have \neg cdcl_W-merge-cp V ss
       using ff1 by (metis\ (no-types)\ \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv\ V\rangle\ \langle full\ cdcl_W-s'\ R\ V\rangle\ cdcl_W-s'.simps
         cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases) }
   then show ?thesis
     by blast
 qed
consider
   (fw-no-conft) cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and conflicting V = C-True
  | (\mathit{fw\text{-}confl}) \; \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{merge\text{-}stgy}^{**} \; R \; V \; \mathbf{and} \; \mathit{conflicting} \; V 
eq C\text{-}\mathit{True} \; \mathbf{and} \; \mathit{no\text{-}step} \; \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{bj} \; V
  | (fw-dec-confl) S T U  where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S  and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S  and
      decide\ S\ T\ {\bf and}\ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**}\ T\ U\ {\bf and}\ conflict\ U\ V
 | (fw-dec-no-confl) S T  where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S  and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S  and
      decide S T and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = C-True
 |(cp\text{-}no\text{-}confl)| cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} R V \text{ and } conflicting V = C\text{-}True
 (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-decomp-into-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge |OF|
   \langle cdcl_W - s'^{**} R V \rangle \ assms] by auto
then show ?fw
 proof cases
   case fw-no-confl
   then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by blast
 next
   case fw-confl
   then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by blast
 next
   case fw-dec-confl
   have cdcl_W-merge-cp U V
     using n-s-bj by (metis cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps full-unfold fw-dec-confl(5))
   then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
     unfolding full1-def by (metis fw-dec-confl(4) n-s-cp tranclp-unfold-end)
   then have cdcl_W-merge-styy S V using \langle decide\ S T \rangle \langle no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp\ S \rangle by auto
   then show ?thesis using n-s \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S \rangle unfolding full-def by auto
 next
   case fw-dec-no-confl
   then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
     using n-s-cp unfolding full-def by blast
   then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy S V using \langle decide\ S\ T \rangle \langle no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W\text{-merge-cp}\ S \rangle by auto
   then show ?thesis using n-s \in cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R S) unfolding full-def by auto
 next
   case cp-no-confl
   then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp R V
     by (simp add: full-def n-s-cp)
   then have R = V \lor cdcl_W-merge-stgy<sup>++</sup> R V
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{no-types})\ \mathit{full-unfold}\ \mathit{fw-s-cp}\ \mathit{rtranclp-unfold}\ \mathit{tranclp-unfold-end})
   then show ?thesis
     by (simp add: full-def n-s rtranclp-unfold)
 \mathbf{next}
   case cp-confl
   have full\ cdcl_W-bj\ V\ V
     using n-s-bj unfolding full-def by blast
   then have full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp R V
     unfolding full1-def by (meson cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' cp-confl(1,2) n-s-cp
```

```
rtranclp-into-tranclp1)
     then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by auto
   qed
next
  assume ?fw
  then have cdcl_W^{**} R V using rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-merge-stgy cdcl_W^{**}]
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full-def by auto
  then have inv': cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv V using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 have cdcl_W-s'^{**} R V
   using \langle fw \rangle by (simp add: full-def inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
 moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s' V
   proof cases
     assume conflicting V = C\text{-}True
     then show ?thesis
       by (metis inv' \( full \) cdcl_W-merge-stay R V\\( full-def
         no-step-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl_W-s'
   next
     assume confl-V: conflicting V \neq C-True
     then have no-step cdcl_W-bj V
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by (meson \ \langle full \ cdcl_W-merge-stgy R \ V \rangle
       assms(1) full-def)
     then show ?thesis using confl-V by (fastforce simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.simps full1-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.simps
       dest!: tranclpD)
 ultimately show ?s' unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-full-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes
   conflicting R = C-True and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows full cdcl_W-stgy R V \longleftrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V
 by (simp\ add:\ assms(1)\ full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-merge-restart\ full-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'
   inv)
lemma full-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-final-state-conclusive':
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-merge-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no-d: distinct-mset-mset N
 shows (conflicting S' = C-Clause \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset N))
   \lor (conflicting S' = C\text{-True} \land trail \ S' \models asm \ N \land satisfiable (set-mset \ N))
proof
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (init-state N)
   using no-d unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 moreover have conflicting (init-state N) = C-True
   by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   by (simp add: full full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-from-init-state
     full-cdcl_W-stgy-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge no-d)
qed
end
```

19.5 Adding Restarts

 $locale \ cdcl_W$ -ops-restart =

```
cdcl<sub>W</sub>-ops trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting cons-trail tl-trail
    add-init-cls
    add-learned-cls remove-cls update-backtrack-lvl update-conflicting init-state
    restart-state
   for
       trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v::linorder, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits and
      init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
      learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
      backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
       conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow'v clause conflicting-clause and
      cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      add-init-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      add-learned-cls remove-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      update-conflicting :: 'v clause conflicting-clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
      init-state :: 'v::linorder clauses \Rightarrow 'st and
      restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
   \mathbf{fixes}\ f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
   assumes f: unbounded f
begin
The condition of the differences of cardinality has to be strict. Otherwise, you could be in
a strange state, where nothing remains to do, but a restart is done. See the proof of well-
foundedness.
inductive cdcl_W-merge-with-restart where
restart-step:
   (cdcl_W-merge-stqy^{\sim}(card\ (set-mset (learned-clss T)) - card\ (set-mset (learned-clss S)))) S T
   \implies card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) - card (set-mset (learned-clss S)) > f n
   \implies restart \ T \ U \implies cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) \ (U, Suc \ n)
restart-full: full1 cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart** (fst S) (fst T)
   by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
   (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge\ tranclp-into-rtranclp
        rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-
       fw-r-rf cdcl_W-rf.restart
      simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
   cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} (fst S) (fst T)
   by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
   (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W\ cdcl_W.rf
       cdcl_W-rf.restart tranclp-into-rtranclp simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-increasing-number:
   cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow snd T = 1 + snd S
   by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct) auto
lemma full1 cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
   using restart-full by blast
```

lemma $cdcl_W$ -all-struct-inv-learned-clss-bound:

```
assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows set-mset (learned-clss S) \subseteq build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-mu (init-clss S))
proof
 \mathbf{fix} \ C
 assume C: C \in set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S)
 have distinct-mset C
   using C inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def distinct-mset-set-def
   by auto
 moreover have \neg tautology C
   using C inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
 moreover
   have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mu (learned-clss S)
     using C by auto
   then have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mu (init-clss S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def by force
 moreover have finite (atms-of-mu\ (init-clss\ S))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  ultimately show C \in build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-mu (init-clss S))
   using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-build-all-simple-clss build-all-simple-clss-mono
   by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-init-clss:
  cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv (fst S) \Longrightarrow
  init-clss (fst S) = init-clss (fst T)
  using cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss by blast
lemma
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (fst \ S) \land cdcl_W - merge - with - restart \ S \ T\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain g where
   g: \Lambda i. \ cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (g \ i) \ (g \ (Suc \ i)) and
   inv: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst (g\ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
  \{ \text{ fix } i \}
   have init-clss (fst (q \ i)) = init-clss (fst (q \ 0))
     apply (induction i)
       apply simp
     using g inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (metis cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-init-clss)
   } note init-g = this
 let ?S = g \theta
 have finite (atms-of-mu\ (init-clss\ (fst\ ?S)))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g \ i) = i + snd (g \ \theta)
   apply (induct-tac i)
     apply simp
   by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add-Suc cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-increasing-number g)
  then have snd - g - \theta: \bigwedge i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd(g i) = i + snd(g \theta)
   by blast
 have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-g
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.le-iff-add)
```

obtain k where

```
k > card \ (build-all-simple-clss \ (atms-of-mu \ (init-clss \ (fst \ ?S))))
   using not-bounded-nat-exists-larger[OF unbounded-f-g] by blast
The following does not hold anymore with the non-strict version of cardinality in the definition.
  { fix i
   assume no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy (fst (g\ i))
   with g[of i]
   have False
     proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
      case (restart-step T S n) note H = this(1) and c = this(2) and n-s = this(4)
      obtain S' where cdcl_W-merge-stgy S S'
        using H c by (metis gr-implies-not0 relpowp-E2)
      then show False using n-s by auto
     next
      case (restart\text{-}full\ S\ T)
      then show False unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclpD)
     qed
   \} note H = this
  obtain m T where
   m: m = card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ T)) - card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ (g \ k)))) and
   m > f \ (snd \ (g \ k)) and
   restart T (fst (g(k+1))) and
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy: (cdcl_W-merge-stgy ^{\sim} m) (fst (g \ k)) T
   using g[of k] H[of Suc k] by (force simp: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.simps full1-def)
  have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** (fst (g k)) T
   using cdcl_W-merge-stgy relpowp-imp-rtranclp by metis
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using inv[of k] rtranelp-cdel_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranelp-cdel_W-merge-stgy-rtranelp-cdel_W
   by blast
  moreover have card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss \ T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ (g \ k))))
     > card (build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-mu (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     unfolding m[symmetric] using \langle m > f (snd (g k)) \rangle f-g-k by linarith
   then have card (set-mset (learned-clss T))
     > card (build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-mu (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     by linarith
 moreover
   have init-clss (fst (g k)) = init-clss T
     using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** (fst (g \ k)) T \rangle rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
   then have init-clss (fst ?S) = init-clss T
     using init-g[of k] by auto
  ultimately show False
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-learned-clss-bound by (metis Suc-leI card-mono not-less-eq-eq
     build-all-simple-clss-finite)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst R) and
  st: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses (fst R)) and
  R: trail (fst R) = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses (fst S))
 using assms(2,1,3,4)
```

f-g-k: f (snd (g k)) > card (build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-mu (init-clss (fst ?S)))) and

proof (induction)

```
case (restart\text{-}full\ S\ T)
  then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
  case (restart\text{-}step \ T \ S \ n \ U)
  then have distinct-mset (clauses T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stqy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then show ?case using \langle restart \ T \ U \rangle by (metis clauses-restart distinct-mset-union fstI
    mset-le-exists-conv restart.cases state-eq-clauses)
qed
inductive cdcl_W-with-restart where
restart-step:
  (cdcl_W\text{-stgy}^{\sim}(card\ (set\text{-mset}\ (learned\text{-}clss\ T)) - card\ (set\text{-mset}\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))))\ S\ T\Longrightarrow
    card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ T))\ -\ card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))\ >\ f\ n \Longrightarrow
    restart \ T \ U \Longrightarrow
   cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (U, Suc n)
restart-full: full1 cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ (fst \ S) \ (fst \ T)
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct)
  \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{dest}!:\ \mathit{relpowp-imp-rtranclp}\ \ \mathit{tranclp-into-rtranclp}\ \mathit{fw-r-rf}
    cdcl_W-rf.restart rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W
   simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-increasing-number:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow snd T = 1 + snd S
  by (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct) auto
lemma full1 cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
  using restart-full by blast
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-init-clss:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv (fst S) \Longrightarrow init-clss (fst S) = init-clss (fst T)
  using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss by blast
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (fst \ S) \land cdcl_W - with - restart \ S \ T\}
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain g where
   g: \Lambda i. \ cdcl_W-with-restart (g \ i) \ (g \ (Suc \ i)) and
   inv: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst (g\ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
  \{ \text{ fix } i \}
   have init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ i))=init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ 0))
     apply (induction i)
       apply simp
      using g inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (metis cdcl_W-with-restart-init-clss)
    \} note init-g = this
 let ?S = q \theta
  have finite (atms-of-mu\ (init-clss\ (fst\ ?S)))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
```

```
have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g \ i) = i + snd (g \ \theta)
   apply (induct\text{-}tac\ i)
     apply simp
   by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add-Suc cdcl_W-with-restart-increasing-number g)
  then have snd-g-\theta: \land i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd (g i) = i + snd (g \theta)
   by blast
 have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-q
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.le-iff-add)
 obtain k where
   f-g-k: f (snd (g k)) > card (build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-mu (init-clss (fst ?S)))) and
   k > card \ (build-all-simple-clss \ (atms-of-mu \ (init-clss \ (fst \ ?S))))
   using not-bounded-nat-exists-larger[OF unbounded-f-g] by blast
The following does not hold anymore with the non-strict version of cardinality in the definition.
  \{ \text{ fix } i \}
   assume no-step cdcl_W-stgy (fst (g i))
   with g[of i]
   have False
     proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct)
       case (restart-step T S n) note H = this(1) and c = this(2) and n-s = this(4)
       obtain S' where cdcl_W-stgy S S'
         using H c by (metis gr-implies-not0 relpowp-E2)
       then show False using n-s by auto
     next
       case (restart-full S T)
       then show False unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclpD)
     qed
   } note H = this
  obtain m T where
   m: m = card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss (fst (q k))))) and
   m > f (snd (g k)) and
   restart T (fst (g(k+1))) and
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy: (cdcl_W-stgy ^{\sim} m) (fst (g \ k)) T
   using g[of k] H[of Suc k] by (force simp: cdcl_W-with-restart.simps full1-def)
  have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (fst (g \ k)) T
   using cdcl_W-merge-stgy relpowp-imp-rtrancle by metis
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using inv[of k] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
 moreover have card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss \ T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ (g \ k))))
     > card \ (build-all-simple-clss \ (atms-of-mu \ (init-clss \ (fst \ ?S))))
     unfolding m[symmetric] using \langle m > f \ (snd \ (g \ k)) \rangle f-g-k by linarith
   then have card (set-mset (learned-clss T))
     > card (build-all-simple-clss (atms-of-mu (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     by linarith
  moreover
   have init-clss (fst (g k)) = init-clss T
     \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W\text{-}stgy^{**} \ (fst \ (g \ k)) \ \ T \rangle \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}init\text{-}clss
     inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
     by blast
   then have init-clss (fst ?S) = init-clss T
     using init-g[of k] by auto
  ultimately show False
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-learned-clss-bound by (metis Suc-leI card-mono not-less-eq-eq
```

```
qed
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst R) and
  st: cdcl_W-with-restart R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses (fst R)) and
  R: trail (fst R) = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses (fst S))
 using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction)
 case (restart-full S T)
 then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
 case (restart-step \ T \ S \ n \ U)
 then have distinct-mset (clauses T) using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses of S T
   unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
 then show ?case using \langle restart \ T \ U \rangle by \langle metis \ clauses-restart \ distinct-mset-union \ fstI
   mset-le-exists-conv restart.cases state-eq-clauses)
qed
end
locale luby-sequence =
 fixes ur :: nat
 assumes ur > 0
begin
lemma exists-luby-decomp:
 fixes i :: nat
 shows \exists k :: nat. (2 \ \hat{\ } (k-1) \leq i \land i < 2 \ \hat{\ } k-1) \lor i = 2 \ \hat{\ } k-1
proof (induction i)
 case \theta
 then show ?case
   by (rule\ exI[of\ -\ 0],\ simp)
next
 then obtain k where 2 \hat{k} (k-1) \leq n \wedge n < 2 \hat{k} - 1 \vee n = 2 \hat{k} - 1
   by blast
  then consider
     (st-interv) 2 \hat{k} (k-1) \leq n and n \leq 2 \hat{k} - 2
   |(end\text{-}interv) 2 \hat{k} - 1| \le n \text{ and } n = 2 \hat{k} - 2
   |(pow2) n = 2^k - 1
   by linarith
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     {\bf case}\ st\text{-}interv
     then show ?thesis apply – apply (rule exI[of - k])
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-diff-Suc Suc-lessI
         \langle 2 \cap (k-1) \leq n \wedge n < 2 \cap k-1 \vee n = 2 \cap k-1 \rangle diff-self-eq-0
         dual-order.trans le-SucI le-imp-less-Suc numeral-2-eq-2 one-le-numeral
         one-le-power zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
   next
     case end-interv
     then show ?thesis apply - apply (rule\ exI[of\ -\ k]) by auto
```

build-all-simple-clss-finite)

```
\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{next} \\ \mathbf{case} \ pow2 \\ \mathbf{then} \ \mathbf{show} \ ?thesis \ \mathbf{apply} - \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{exI}[\mathit{of} \ \textit{-} \ \textit{k+1}]) \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{auto} \\ \mathbf{qed} \\ \mathbf{qed} \end{array}
```

Luby sequences are defined by:

- $2^k 1$, if $i = (2::'a)^k (1::'a)$
- luby-sequence-core $(i-2^{k-1}+1)$, if $(2::'a)^{k-1} \le i$ and $i \le (2::'a)^k (1::'a)$

Then the sequence is then scaled by a constant unit run (called ur here), strictly positive.

```
function luby-sequence-core :: nat \Rightarrow nat where
luby-sequence-core i =
  (if \ \exists \ k. \ i = 2\hat{\ \ }k - 1
  then 2^{(SOME k. i = 2^k - 1) - 1)}
  else luby-sequence-core (i-2^{(SOME\ k.\ 2^{(k-1)} \le i \land i < 2^{k}-1)-1)+1))
termination
proof (relation less-than, goal-cases)
  case 1
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (2 i)
 let ?k = (SOME \ k. \ 2 \ \hat{\ } (k-1) \le i \land i < 2 \ \hat{\ } k-1)
  have 2 \ \widehat{\ } (?k-1) \le i \land i < 2 \ \widehat{\ }?k-1
   apply (rule some I-ex)
   using 2 exists-luby-decomp by blast
  then show ?case
   proof -
     have \forall n \ na. \ \neg (1::nat) \leq n \lor 1 \leq n \ \widehat{} \ na
       by (meson one-le-power)
     then have f1: (1::nat) \leq 2 \ \ (?k-1)
       using one-le-numeral by blast
     have f2: i - 2 \hat{\ } (?k - 1) + 2 \hat{\ } (?k - 1) = i
       using (2 \ \widehat{} (?k-1) \le i \land i < 2 \ \widehat{} ?k-1) le-add-diff-inverse2 by blast
     have f3: 2 \stackrel{?}{\circ} ?k - 1 \neq Suc \ 0
       using f1 \langle 2 \hat{\ } (?k-1) \leq i \wedge i < 2 \hat{\ } ?k-1 \rangle by linarith
     have 2 \ \widehat{\ }?k - (1::nat) \neq 0
       using \langle 2 \cap (?k-1) \leq i \wedge i < 2 \cap ?k-1 \rangle gr-implies-not0 by blast
     then have f_4: 2 \ \widehat{\ }?k \neq (1::nat)
       by linarith
     have f5: \forall n \ na. \ if \ na = 0 \ then \ (n::nat) \cap na = 1 \ else \ n \cap na = n * n \cap (na - 1)
       by (simp add: power-eq-if)
     then have ?k \neq 0
       using f4 by meson
     then have 2 \cap (?k-1) \neq Suc \ \theta
       using f5 f3 by presburger
     then have Suc \ \theta < 2 \ \widehat{\ } \ (?k-1)
       using f1 by linarith
     then show ?thesis
       using f2 less-than-iff by presburger
   qed
```

```
qed
```

```
declare luby-sequence-core.simps[simp del]
lemma two-pover-n-eq-two-power-n'-eq:
 assumes H: (2::nat) \hat{\ } (k::nat) - 1 = 2 \hat{\ } k' - 1
 shows k' = k
proof -
 have (2::nat) \hat{\ } (k::nat) = 2 \hat{\ } k'
   using H by (metis One-nat-def Suc-pred zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
 then show ?thesis by simp
qed
lemma\ luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one:
 luby-sequence-core (2\hat{k}-1)=2\hat{k}-1 (is ?L=?K)
proof -
 have decomp: \exists ka. \ 2 \ \hat{k} - 1 = 2 \ \hat{k}a - 1
 have ?L = 2^{(SOME k'. (2::nat)^k - 1 = 2^k' - 1) - 1)}
   apply (subst luby-sequence-core.simps, subst decomp)
   by simp
 moreover have (SOME \ k'. (2::nat) \hat{k} - 1 = 2\hat{k}' - 1) = k
   apply (rule some-equality)
     apply simp
     using two-pover-n-eq-two-power-n'-eq by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
qed
lemma different-luby-decomposition-false:
 assumes
   H: 2 \ \widehat{} \ (k - Suc \ \theta) \leq i \text{ and}
   k': i < 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \theta and
   k-k': k > k'
 shows False
proof -
 have 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \theta < 2 \hat{k} - Suc \theta
   using k-k' less-eq-Suc-le by auto
 then show ?thesis
   using H k' by linarith
qed
lemma luby-sequence-core-not-two-power-minus-one:
 assumes
   k-i: 2 \hat{\ } (k-1) \le i and
   i-k: i < 2^k - 1
 shows luby-sequence-core i = luby-sequence-core (i - 2 \hat{\ } (k - 1) + 1)
proof -
 have H: \neg (\exists ka. \ i = 2 \land ka - 1)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain k'::nat where k': i = 2 \hat{k}' - 1 by blast
     have (2::nat) \hat{k}' - 1 < 2 \hat{k} - 1
      using i-k unfolding k'.
     then have (2::nat) \hat{k}' < 2 \hat{k}
      by linarith
```

```
then have k' < k
       by simp
     have 2 \hat{\ } (k-1) \leq 2 \hat{\ } k' - (1::nat)
       using k-i unfolding k'.
     then have (2::nat) \hat{k} (k-1) < 2 \hat{k}'
       by (metis Suc-diff-1 not-le not-less-eq zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
     then have k-1 < k'
       by simp
     show False using \langle k' < k \rangle \langle k-1 < k' \rangle by linarith
   qed
 have \bigwedge k \ k'. 2 \ (k - Suc \ 0) \le i \Longrightarrow i < 2 \ k - Suc \ 0 \Longrightarrow 2 \ (k' - Suc \ 0) \le i \Longrightarrow
   i < 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \ 0 \Longrightarrow k = k'
   by (meson different-luby-decomposition-false linorder-neqE-nat)
  then have k: (SOME \ k. \ 2 \ \widehat{\ } (k - Suc \ \theta) \le i \land i < 2 \ \widehat{\ } k - Suc \ \theta) = k
   using k-i i-k by auto
 show ?thesis
   apply (subst luby-sequence-core.simps[of i], subst H)
   by (simp \ add: k)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma unbounded-luby-sequence-core: unbounded luby-sequence-core
  unfolding bounded-def
proof
 assume \exists b. \forall n. luby-sequence-core <math>n \leq b
 then obtain b where b: \bigwedge n. luby-sequence-core n \leq b
   by metis
 have luby-sequence-core (2^{(b+1)} - 1) = 2^{b}
   using luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one [of b+1] by simp
 moreover have (2::nat)^b > b
   by (induction b) auto
 ultimately show False using b[of 2^{(b+1)} - 1] by linarith
abbreviation luby-sequence :: nat \Rightarrow nat where
luby-sequence n \equiv ur * luby-sequence-core n
lemma bounded-luby-sequence: unbounded luby-sequence
 using bounded-const-product[of ur] luby-sequence-axioms
  luby-sequence-def unbounded-luby-sequence-core by blast
lemma luby-sequence-core-0: luby-sequence-core 0 = 1
proof -
 have \theta: (\theta :: nat) = 2 \hat{\theta} - 1
   by auto
 show ?thesis
   by (subst 0, subst luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one) simp
lemma luby-sequence-core n \geq 1
proof (induction n rule: nat-less-induct-case)
 then show ?case by (simp add: luby-sequence-core-0)
next
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this
```

```
consider
     (interv) k where 2 \hat{k} (k-1) \leq Suc \ n and Suc \ n < 2 \hat{k} - 1
   | (pow2) | k where Suc n = 2 \hat{k} - Suc \theta
   using exists-luby-decomp[of Suc n] by auto
  then show ?case
    proof cases
      case pow2
      show ?thesis
        using luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one pow2 by auto
    next
      case interv
      have n: Suc \ n - 2 \ \widehat{\ } (k - 1) + 1 < Suc \ n
        by (metis Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add.commute add-diff-cancel-left' add-less-mono1 qr0I
          interv(1) \ interv(2) \ le-add-diff-inverse2 \ less-Suc-eq \ not-le \ power-0 \ power-one-right
          power-strict-increasing-iff)
      show ?thesis
        apply (subst luby-sequence-core-not-two-power-minus-one[OF interv])
        using IH n by auto
    qed
qed
end
locale\ luby-sequence-restart =
  luby-sequence ur +
  cdcl<sub>W</sub>-ops trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting cons-trail tl-trail
   add-init-cls
   add-learned-cls remove-cls update-backtrack-lvl update-conflicting init-state
   restart\text{-}state
 for
   ur :: nat and
   trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v::linorder, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits and
   init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
   conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ conflicting-clause \ {\bf and}
   cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-init-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-learned-cls remove-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   update-conflicting :: 'v clause conflicting-clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   init-state :: 'v::linorder clauses \Rightarrow 'st and
   restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
sublocale cdcl_W-ops-restart - - - - - - - luby-sequence
 apply unfold-locales
 using bounded-luby-sequence by blast
end
```

end

```
theory CDCL-W-Incremental imports CDCL-W-Termination begin
```

20 Incremental SAT solving

```
context cdcl_W-ops
begin
This invariant holds all the invariant related to the strategy. See the structural invariant in
cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
definition cdcl_W-stgy-invariant where
cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S \longleftrightarrow
 conflict-is-false-with-level S
 \land no-clause-is-false S
 \land no-smaller-confl S
 \land no-clause-is-false S
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-invariant:
 assumes
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy S T and
  inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
  inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   cdcl_W-stqy-invariant T
 unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply standard
   apply (rule cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S])
   using assms unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply auto[7]
 apply standard
   using cdcl_W cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss apply blast
 apply standard
  apply (rule cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv)
  using assms unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply auto[4]
 using cdcl_W cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant:
 assumes
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
  inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
  inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
 using assms apply (induction)
   apply simp
 using cdcl_W-stgy-invariant rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
 rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
abbreviation decr-bt-lvl where
decr-bt-lvl S \equiv update-backtrack-lvl (backtrack-lvl S - 1) S
```

When we add a new clause, we reduce the trail until we get to the first literal included in C. Then we can mark the conflict.

```
\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{fun} \ \textit{cut-trail-wrt-clause} \ \textbf{where} \\ \textit{cut-trail-wrt-clause} \ \textit{C} \ [] \ \textit{S} = \textit{S} \ | \end{array}
```

```
cut-trail-wrt-clause C (Marked L - \# M) S =
  (if -L \in \# C then S)
   else cut-trail-wrt-clause C M (decr-bt-lvl (tl-trail S))) |
cut-trail-wrt-clause C (Propagated L - \# M) S =
  (if -L \in \# C then S)
   else cut-trail-wrt-clause C M (tl-trail S)
definition add-new-clause-and-update :: 'v literal multiset \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
add-new-clause-and-update CS =
 (if trail S \models as \ CNot \ C
 then update-conflicting (C-Clause C) (add-init-cls C (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail S) S))
  else add-init-cls CS)
thm cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct
lemma init-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
  init-clss (cut-trail-wrt-clause C M S) = init-clss S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma learned-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
  learned-clss (cut-trail-wrt-clause C M S) = learned-clss S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma \ conflicting-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
  conflicting (cut-trail-wrt-clause C M S) = conflicting S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
thm cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct
lemma trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause:
 \exists M. trail S = M \otimes trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail S) S)
proof (induction trail S arbitrary: S rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
 case (marked\ L\ l\ M) note IH=this(1)[of\ decr-bt-lvl\ (tl-trail\ S)] and M=this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case using Cons-eq-appendI by fastforce+
 case (proped L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ (tl-trail \ S)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case using Cons-eq-appendI by fastforce+
lemma cut-trail-wrt-clause-backtrack-lvl-length-marked:
 assumes
    backtrack-lvl \ T = length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ (trail \ T))
 shows
  backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T) =
    length \ (\textit{get-all-levels-of-marked} \ (\textit{trail} \ (\textit{cut-trail-wrt-clause} \ C \ (\textit{trail} \ T) \ T)))
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
 case (marked L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
  then show ?case by auto
```

```
next
 case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail\ T] and M = this(2)[symmetric] and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by auto
qed
lemma cut-trail-wrt-clause-get-all-levels-of-marked:
 assumes get-all-levels-of-marked (trail T) = rev [Suc \theta..<
   Suc\ (length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ T)))]
 shows
   get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ ((cut-trail-wrt-clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T))) = rev\ [Suc\ 0... <
   Suc (length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail ((cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))))]
 using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (marked L l M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by (cases count CL = 0) auto
  case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of tl-trail T] and M = this(2)[symmetric] and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by (cases count CL = 0) auto
qed
lemma cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail:
 assumes trail T \models as \ CNot \ C
 shows
   (trail\ ((cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T))) \models as\ CNot\ C
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
  case (marked L l M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
  then show ?case apply (cases count C(-L) = 0)
   apply (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
   by (smt CNot-def One-nat-def count-single diff-Suc-1 in-CNot-uninus less-numeral-extra(4)
    marked.prems\ marked.lit.sel(1)\ mem-Collect-eq\ true-annot-def\ true-annot-lit-of-notin-skip
    true-annots-def true-clss-def zero-less-diff)
next
  case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of tl-trail T] and M = this(2)[symmetric] and bt = this(3)
  then show ?case
   apply (cases count C (-L) = \theta)
   apply (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
   by (smt CNot-def One-nat-def count-single diff-Suc-1 in-CNot-uninus less-numeral-extra(4)
    proped.prems marked-lit.sel(2) mem-Collect-eq true-annot-def true-annot-lit-of-notin-skip
    true-annots-def true-clss-def zero-less-diff)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{cut-trail-wrt-clause-hd-trail-in-or-empty-trail}:
  ((\forall L \in \#C. -L \notin lits - of (trail T)) \land trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T) = [])
   \vee (-lit\text{-}of \ (hd \ (trail \ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T))) \in \# \ C
```

```
\land length (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)) \geq 1)
  using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case by simp force
next
 case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl\ trail\ T] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case by simp force
qed
We can fully run cdcl_W-s or add a clause. Remark that we use cdcl_W-s to avoid an explicit
skip, resolve, and backtrack normalisation to get rid of the conflict C if possible.
inductive incremental\text{-}cdcl_W :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S where
add-confl:
  trail \ S \models asm \ init-clss \ S \Longrightarrow \ distinct-mset \ C \Longrightarrow \ conflicting \ S = \ C-True \Longrightarrow
  trail S \models as CNot C \Longrightarrow
  full\ cdcl_W-stqy
    (update\text{-}conflicting\ (C\text{-}Clause\ C)\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ S)\ S)))\ T\Longrightarrow
   incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T
add-no-confl:
  trail \ S \models asm \ init-clss \ S \Longrightarrow \ distinct-mset \ C \Longrightarrow \ conflicting \ S = \ C-True \Longrightarrow
  \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow
  full\ cdcl_W-stgy (add-init-cls C S) T \implies
  incremental\text{-}cdcl_W \ S \ T
inductive add-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
add-learned-clss-nil: add-learned-clss S \{\#\} S
add-learned-clss-plus:
  add-learned-clss S A T \Longrightarrow add-learned-clss S (\{\#x\#\} + A) (add-learned-cls x T)
declare add-learned-clss.intros[intro]
lemma Ex-add-learned-clss:
 \exists T. add\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S \ A \ T
 by (induction A arbitrary: S rule: multiset-induct) (auto simp: union-commute[of - \{\#-\#\}\})
lemma add-learned-clss-learned-clss:
 assumes add-learned-clss S U T
 shows learned-clss T = U + learned-clss S
 using assms by (induction rule: add-learned-clss.induct) (simp-all add: ac-simps)
lemma add-learned-clss-trail:
 assumes add-learned-clss S\ U\ T
 shows trail\ T = trail\ S
 using assms by (induction rule: add-learned-clss.induct) (simp-all add: ac-simps)
lemma add-learned-clss-init-clss:
 assumes add-learned-clss S \ U \ T
 shows init-clss T = init-clss S
 using assms by (induction rule: add-learned-clss.induct) (simp-all add: ac-simps)
lemma add-learned-clss-conflicting:
 assumes add-learned-clss S\ U\ T
```

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shows conflicting T = conflicting S
  using assms by (induction rule: add-learned-clss.induct) (simp-all add: ac-simps)
\mathbf{lemma}\ add\textit{-}learned\textit{-}clss\textit{-}backtrack\textit{-}lvl\colon
 assumes add-learned-clss S U T
 shows backtrack-lvl\ T = backtrack-lvl\ S
 using assms by (induction rule: add-learned-clss.induct) (simp-all add: ac-simps)
lemma add-learned-clss-init-state-mempty[dest!]:
  add-learned-clss (init-state N) \{\#\} T \Longrightarrow T = init-state N
  by (cases rule: add-learned-clss.cases) (auto simp: add-learned-clss.cases)
For multiset larger that 1 element, there is no way to know in which order the clauses are added.
But contrary to a definition fold-mset, there is an element.
lemma add-learned-clss-init-state-single[dest!]:
  add-learned-clss (init-state N) \{\#C\#\}\ T \Longrightarrow T = add-learned-cls C (init-state N)
 by (induction \{\#C\#\}\ T rule: add-learned-clss.induct)
  (auto simp: add-learned-clss.cases ac-simps union-is-single split: split-if-asm)
\mathbf{thm}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}no\text{-}smaller\text{-}confl\text{-}inv\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}final\text{-}state\text{-}conclusive}
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
 assumes
   inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   tr-T-N[simp]: trail T \models asm N and
   tr-C[simp]: trail T \models as CNot C and
   [simp]: distinct-mset C
 shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (add-new-clause-and-update C T) (is cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T')
proof -
 let ?T = update\text{-}conflicting\ (C\text{-}Clause\ C)\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T))
 obtain M where
   M: trail \ T = M @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T)
     using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause[of T C] by blast
 have H[dest]: \Lambda x. \ x \in lits-of (trail\ (cut-trail-wrt-clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T)) \Longrightarrow
   x \in lits\text{-}of (trail T)
   using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of lits-of] by auto
 have H'[dest]: \bigwedge x. \ x \in set \ (trail \ (cut-trail-wrt-clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T)) \Longrightarrow x \in set \ (trail \ T)
   using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of set] by auto
 have H-proped: \bigwedge x. x \in set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T)
    T))) \Longrightarrow x \in set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail T))
  using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of get-all-mark-of-propagated] by auto
 have [simp]: no-strange-atm?T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def add-new-clause-and-update-def
   by (auto dest!: HH')
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
  then have no-dup (M @ trail (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause C (trail T) T))
   unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def unfolding M[symmetric] by auto
  then have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T))
   by auto
 have consistent-interp (lits-of (M @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
   using M-lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def unfolding M[symmetric] by auto
```

```
then have [simp]: consistent-interp (lits-of (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
 unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
have [simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv ?T
 unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply (auto dest: H H'
    simp: M-lev\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(3) cut-trail-wrt-clause-backtrack-lvl-length-marked)
 using M-lev cut-trail-wrt-clause-qet-all-levels-of-marked by (subst arg-cong[OF M]) auto
have [simp]: \land s. \ s \in \# \ learned\text{-}clss \ T \Longrightarrow \neg tautology \ s
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ T
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by auto
then have [simp]: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state ?T
 unfolding distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}def by auto
have cdcl_W-conflicting T
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
have trail ?T \models as CNot C
  by (simp add: cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail)
then have [simp]: cdcl_W-conflicting ?T
 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def apply simp
 by (metis\ M\ (cdcl_W\ -conflicting\ T)\ append\ -assoc\ cdcl_W\ -conflicting\ -decomp(2))
have decomp-T: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
have all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss ?T)
 (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail ?T))
 unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
 proof clarify
   \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
   assume (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail ?T))
   from in-get-all-marked-decomposition-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-prepend [OF this]
   obtain b' where
     (a, b' @ b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
     using M by simp metis
   then have (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ ?T)
     \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set (b @ b')
     using decomp-T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
     apply auto
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prodD set-append sup.commute true-clss-clss-insert-l)
   then show (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set a \cup set\text{-}mset (init-clss?T)
     \models ps (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} set b
     by (auto simp: image-Un)
 qed
have [simp]: cdcl_W-learned-clause ?T
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
 by (auto dest!: H-proped simp: clauses-def)
show ?thesis
 using \langle all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}m \quad (init\text{-}clss ?T)
 (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail ?T))
 unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-stgy-inv:
 assumes
    inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   tr-T-N[simp]: trail T \models asm N and
   tr-C[simp]: trail T \models as CNot C and
   [simp]: distinct-mset C
 shows cdcl_W-stgy-invariant (add-new-clause-and-update C T) (is cdcl_W-stgy-invariant ?T')
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T'
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv assms by blast
 have trail (add-new-clause-and-update C T) \models as CNot C
   by (simp add: add-new-clause-and-update-def cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail)
  obtain MT where
   MT: trail\ T = MT @ trail\ (cut-trail-wrt-clause C\ (trail\ T)\ T)
   using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause by blast
  consider
     (false) \ \forall L \in \#C. - L \notin lits-of (trail\ T) and trail\ (cut-trail-wrt-clause\ C (trail\ T)\ T) = []
    | (not\text{-}false) - lit\text{-}of (hd (trail (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause C (trail T) T)))} \in \# C and
     1 \leq length (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
   using cut-trail-wrt-clause-hd-trail-in-or-empty-trail of C T by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case false note C = this(1) and empty-tr = this(2)
     then have [simp]: C = \{\#\}
       by (simp\ add:\ in\text{-}CNot\text{-}implies\text{-}uminus(2)\ multiset\text{-}eqI)
     show ?thesis
       using empty-tr unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def no-smaller-confl-def
       cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
   next
     case not-false note C = this(1) and l = this(2)
     let ?L = -lit\text{-}of (hd (trail (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause C (trail T) T)))
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ (add-new-clause-and-update\ C\ T)) =
       rev [1...<1 + length (qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail (add-new-clause-and-update C T)))]
       using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
       by blast
     moreover
       have backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T) =
         length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (add-new-clause-and-update C T)))
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv \ ?T' \rangle \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def \ cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\text{-}def \ }
       by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
     moreover
       have no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
         using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
         by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
       then have atm-of ?L \notin atm-of 'lits-of (tl (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
         apply (cases trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
         apply (auto)
         using Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of defined-lit-map by blast
     ultimately have L: get-level (-?L) (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
       = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
       using get-level-get-rev-level-get-all-levels-of-marked [OF]
```

```
\langle atm\text{-}of ?L \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of (tl (trail (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C (trail \ T) \ T)))} \rangle
     of [hd\ (trail\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T))]]
    apply (cases trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T);
      cases hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
     using l by (auto split: split-if-asm
       simp:rev-swap[symmetric] \ add-new-clause-and-update-def)
 have L': length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
   = backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)
   using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ? T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
   by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
 have [simp]: no-smaller-confl (update\text{-}conflicting\ (C\text{-}Clause\ C)
   (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T)))
   unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
 proof (clarify, goal-cases)
   case (1 \ M \ K \ i \ M' \ D)
   then consider
       (DC) D = C
     \mid (D-T) \mid D \in \# clauses \mid T \mid
     by (auto simp: clauses-def split: split-if-asm)
   then show False
     proof cases
       case D-T
      have no-smaller-confl T
         using inv-s unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def by auto
       have (MT @ M') @ Marked K i \# M = trail T
         using MT 1(1) by auto
       thus False using D-T (no-smaller-confl T) 1(3) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by blast
     next
       case DC note -[simp] = this
       then have atm\text{-}of (-?L) \in atm\text{-}of (lits\text{-}of M)
        using I(3) C in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
        have lit-of (hd (M' @ Marked K i \# [])) = -?L
          using l\ 1(1)[symmetric] by (cases trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
          (auto dest!: arg-cong[of - \# - - hd] simp: hd-append)
        from arg-cong[OF this, of atm-of]
        have atm\text{-}of\ (-?L) \in atm\text{-}of\ (lits\text{-}of\ (M'\ @\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ []))
          by (cases (M' @ Marked K i \# [])) auto
       moreover have no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
         using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
        by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
       ultimately show False
         unfolding 1(1)[symmetric, simplified]
        apply auto
        using Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of defined-lit-map apply blast
        by (metis Intl Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of defined-lit-map empty-iff)
   qed
 qed
 show ?thesis using L L' C
   unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
qed
```

qed

```
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-inv-normal-form:
  assumes
   full: full cdcl_W-stgy S T and
   inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows conflicting T = C-Clause \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
    \lor conflicting \ T = C\text{-}True \land trail \ T \models asm \ init\text{-}clss \ S \land satisfiable (set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S))
proof
  have no-step cdcl_W-stgy T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast
  moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
   \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{ops}.\mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{stgy-rtranclp-cdcl}_W\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{ops-axioms}\ \mathit{full}\ \mathit{full-def}\ \mathit{inv}
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
   by (metis full full-def inv inv-s rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
  ultimately have conflicting T = C\text{-}Clause \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set\text{-}mset (init\text{-}clss T))
    \vee conflicting T = C\text{-True} \wedge trail T \models asm init-clss T
   using cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive[of T] full
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-stqy-invariant-def full-def by fast
  moreover have consistent-interp (lits-of (trail T))
   \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def \ cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\text{-}def
   by auto
  moreover have init-clss S = init-clss T
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss\ full\ full-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   by (metis satisfiable-carac' true-annot-def true-annots-def true-clss-def)
qed
lemma incremental - cdcl_W - inv:
 assumes
    inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
  shows
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
    cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
  using inc
proof (induction)
  case (add\text{-}confl\ C\ T)
 let ?T = (update\text{-}conflicting (C\text{-}Clause C) (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls C (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause C (trail S) S)))
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T and inv-s-T: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant ?T
   using add-confl.hyps(1,2,4) add-new-clause-and-update-def
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv inv apply auto[1]
   using add-confl.hyps(1,2,4) add-new-clause-and-update-def
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-stgy-inv inv s-inv by auto
  case 1 show ?case
    by (metis add-confl.hyps(1,2,4,5)) add-new-clause-and-update-def
       cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-full-def-inv)
  case 2 show ?case
   by (metis\ inv-s-T\ add-confl.hyps(1,2,4,5)\ add-new-clause-and-update-def
      cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv full-def inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
next
```

```
case (add-no-confl \ C \ T)
  case 1
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (add-init-cls CS)
   using inv \langle distinct\text{-}mset \ C \rangle unfolding cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def no-strange-atm-def
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
   by (auto simp: all-decomposition-implies-insert-single clauses-def)
  then show ?case
   using add-no-confl(5) unfolding full-def by (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv)
  case 2 have cdcl_W-stgy-invariant (add-init-cls CS)
   using s-inv \langle \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def no-smaller-confl-def
   eq-commute[of - trail -]
   by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model clauses-def split: split-if-asm)
  then show ?case
   by (metis \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (add - init - cls \ C \ S) \rangle add - no - confl. hyps(5) full-def
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-cdcl_W-stqy-invariant)
qed
lemma rtranclp-incremental-cdcl_W-inv:
 assumes
    inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W^{**} \ S \ T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
 shows
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   cdcl_W-stqy-invariant T
    using inc apply induction
   using inv apply simp
  using s-inv apply simp
  using incremental-cdcl_W-inv by blast+
lemma incremental-conclusive-state:
 assumes
   inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
  shows conflicting T = C\text{-}Clause \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = C\text{-}True \wedge trail \ T \models asm \ init\text{-}clss \ T \wedge satisfiable \ (set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ T))
  using inc apply induction
 apply (metis\ Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold\ add-confl\ full-cdcl_W-stgy-inv-normal-form\ full-def
   incremental-cdcl_W-inv(1) incremental-cdcl_W-inv(2) inv s-inv)
  by (metis (full-types) rtranclp-unfold add-no-confl full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-inv-normal-form
   full-def\ incremental-cdcl_W-inv(1)\ incremental-cdcl_W-inv(2)\ inv\ s-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}incremental\text{-}correct:
 assumes
    inc: incremental - cdcl_W^{++} S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stqy-invariant S
  shows conflicting T = C\text{-}Clause \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = C\text{-}True \wedge trail \ T \models asm init-clss \ T \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss \ T))
  using inc apply induction
  using assms incremental-conclusive-state apply blast
  by (meson incremental-conclusive-state inv rtranclp-incremental-cdcl_W-inv s-inv
   tranclp-into-rtranclp)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ blocked\text{-}induction\text{-}with\text{-}marked:
  assumes
    n-d: no-dup (L \# M) and
   nil: P [] and
    append: \bigwedge M \ L \ M'. \ P \ M \Longrightarrow is-marked \ L \Longrightarrow \forall \ m \in set \ M'. \ \neg is-marked \ m \Longrightarrow no-dup \ (L \ \# \ M' \ @
     P(L \# M' @ M) and
    L: is-marked \ L
 shows
    P(L \# M)
 using n-d L
proof (induction card \{L' \in set M. is-marked L'\} arbitrary: L[M]
  case \theta note n = this(1) and n-d = this(2) and L = this(3)
  then have \forall m \in set M. \neg is-marked m by auto
  then show ?case using append[of [] L M] L nil n-d by auto
  case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and n = this(2) and n-d = this(3) and L = this(4)
  have \exists L' \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ L'
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume \neg?thesis
     then have H: \{L' \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ L'\} = \{\}
       by auto
     show False using n unfolding H by auto
   qed
  then obtain L' M' M'' where
   M: M = M' @ L' \# M'' and
   L': is-marked L' and
   nm: \forall m \in set M'. \neg is\text{-}marked m
   by (auto elim!: split-list-first-propE)
  have Suc n = card \{L' \in set M. is\text{-marked } L'\}
   using n.
  moreover have \{L' \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ L'\} = \{L'\} \cup \{L' \in set \ M''. \ is\text{-marked} \ L'\}
   using nm L' n-d unfolding M by auto
  moreover have L' \notin \{L' \in set M''. is\text{-marked } L'\}
   using n-d unfolding M by auto
  ultimately have n = card \{L'' \in set M''. is\text{-marked } L''\}
   using n L' by auto
  then have P(L' \# M'') using IH L' n-d M by auto
  then show ?case using append[of L' \# M'' L M'] nm L n-d unfolding M by blast
qed
lemma trail-bloc-induction:
 assumes
   n-d: no-dup\ M and
   nil: P [] and
   append: \bigwedge M \ L \ M'. \ P \ M \Longrightarrow \textit{is-marked} \ L \Longrightarrow \forall \ m \in \textit{set} \ M'. \ \neg \textit{is-marked} \ m \Longrightarrow \textit{no-dup} \ (L \ \# \ M' \ @ \ )
     P(L \# M' @ M) and
    append-nm: \land M' M''. P M' \Longrightarrow M = M'' @ M' \Longrightarrow \forall m \in set M''. \neg is-marked m \Longrightarrow P M
 shows
    PM
proof (cases \{L' \in set M. is\text{-marked } L'\} = \{\})
  case True
  then show ?thesis using append-nm[of [] M] nil by auto
```

```
next
  case False
  then have \exists L' \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ L'
   by auto
  then obtain L' M' M'' where
   M: M = M' @ L' \# M'' and
   L': is-marked L' and
   nm: \forall m \in set M'. \neg is\text{-}marked m
   by (auto elim!: split-list-first-propE)
  have P(L' \# M'')
   apply (rule blocked-induction-with-marked)
      using n-d unfolding M apply simp
     using nil apply simp
    using append apply simp
   using L' by auto
  then show ?thesis
   using append-nm[of - M'] nm unfolding M by simp
qed
inductive Tcons :: ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lits \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lits \Rightarrow bool
  for M :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits where
Tcons\ M\ M' \Longrightarrow M = M'' @\ M' \Longrightarrow (\forall\ m \in set\ M''. \neg is-marked\ m) \Longrightarrow Tcons\ M\ (M'' @\ M') \mid
Tcons\ M\ M' \Longrightarrow is\text{-marked}\ L \Longrightarrow M = M''' @\ L \#\ M'' @\ M' \Longrightarrow (\forall\ m \in set\ M''.\ \neg is\text{-marked}\ m) \Longrightarrow
  Tcons\ M\ (L\ \#\ M^{\prime\prime}\ @\ M^{\prime})
lemma Tcons-same-end: Tcons M M' \Longrightarrow \exists M''. M = M'' @ M'
 by (induction rule: Tcons.induct) auto
end
end
theory Prop-Superposition
imports Partial-Clausal-Logic ../lib/Herbrand-Interpretation
begin
sledgehammer-params[verbose]
no-notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls (infix \models 50)
notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls (infix \models h 50)
no-notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-clss (infix \models s \ 50)
notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-clss (infix \models hs 50)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls}\colon
  S \models h \ C \longleftrightarrow \{Pos \ P | P. \ P \in S\} \cup \{Neg \ P | P. \ P \notin S\} \models C
  {\bf unfolding} \ \textit{Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls-def Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-cls-def}
  by auto
lemma herbrand-consistent-interp:
  consistent-interp (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\})
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma herbrand-total-over-set:
  total-over-set (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\}) T
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
```

```
lemma herbrand-total-over-m:
  total-over-m (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\}) T
  unfolding total-over-m-def by (auto simp add: herbrand-total-over-set)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-clss}\colon
  S \models hs \ C \longleftrightarrow \{Pos \ P|P. \ P \in S\} \cup \{Neg \ P|P. \ P \notin S\} \models s \ C
  unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls
  Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-clss-def by auto
definition clss-lt :: 'a::wellorder clauses \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses where
clss-lt N C = \{D \in N. D \# \subset \# C\}
notation (latex output)
 clss-lt (-<^bsup>-<^esup>)
locale selection =
 fixes S :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ clause
 assumes
   S-selects-subseteq: \bigwedge C. S C \leq \# C and
   S-selects-neg-lits: \bigwedge C L. L \in \# S C \Longrightarrow is-neg L
locale ground-resolution-with-selection =
  selection S for S :: ('a :: wellorder) clause \Rightarrow 'a clause
begin
context
 fixes N :: 'a \ clause \ set
begin
We do not create an equivalent of \delta, but we directly defined N_C by inlining the definition.
  production :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ interp
where
  production C =
   \{A.\ C\in N\ \land\ C\neq \{\#\}\ \land\ Max\ (set\text{-mset}\ C)=Pos\ A\ \land\ count\ C\ (Pos\ A)\leq 1
     \land \neg (\bigcup D \in \{D. \ D \# \subset \# \ C\}. \ production \ D) \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}\}
 by auto
termination by (relation \{(D, C). D \# \subset \# C\}) (auto simp: wf-less-multiset)
declare production.simps[simp del]
definition interp :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ interp \ \mathbf{where}
  interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D, D \# \subset \# C\}, production D)
lemma production-unfold:
  production C = \{A. \ C \in N \land C \neq \{\#\} \land Max \ (set\text{-mset } C) = Pos \ A \land \ count \ C \ (Pos \ A) \leq 1 \land \neg
interp C \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}\}
 unfolding interp-def by (rule production.simps)
abbreviation productive A \equiv (production \ A \neq \{\})
abbreviation produces :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
  produces\ C\ A \equiv production\ C = \{A\}
lemma producesD:
```

```
produces C A \Longrightarrow C \in N \land C \neq \{\#\} \land Pos A = Max (set\text{-mset } C) \land count C (Pos A) \leq 1 \land \neg
interp C \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
lemma produces C A \Longrightarrow Pos A \in \# C
 by (simp add: Max-in-lits producesD)
lemma interp'-def-in-set:
  interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D \in N. D \# \subset \# C\}. production D)
 unfolding interp-def apply auto
 unfolding production-unfold apply auto
 done
lemma production-iff-produces:
 produces\ D\ A\longleftrightarrow A\in production\ D
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
definition Interp :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ interp \ where
  Interp C = interp \ C \cup production \ C
lemma
 assumes produces C P
 shows Interp C \models h C
 unfolding Interp-def assms using producesD[OF assms]
 by (metis Max-in-lits Un-insert-right insertI1 pos-literal-in-imp-true-cls)
definition INTERP :: 'a interp where
INTERP = (\bigcup D \in N. \ production \ D)
lemma interp-subseteq-Interp[simp]: interp C \subseteq Interp \ C
 unfolding Interp-def by simp
lemma Interp-as-UNION: Interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D. D \# \subseteq \# C\}. production D)
 unfolding Interp-def interp-def le-multiset-def by fast
lemma productive-not-empty: productive C \Longrightarrow C \neq \{\#\}
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
lemma productive-imp-produces-Max-literal: productive C \Longrightarrow produces\ C\ (atm-of\ (Max\ (set-mset\ C)))
  unfolding production-unfold by (auto simp del: atm-of-Max-lit)
lemma productive-imp-produces-Max-atom: productive C \Longrightarrow produces \ C \ (Max \ (atms-of \ C))
  unfolding atms-of-def Max-atm-of-set-mset-commute[OF productive-not-empty]
 by (rule productive-imp-produces-Max-literal)
lemma produces-imp-Max-literal: produces C A \Longrightarrow A = atm-of (Max (set-mset C))
 by (metis Max-singleton insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-literal)
lemma produces-imp-Max-atom: produces C A \Longrightarrow A = Max (atms-of C)
 by (metis Max-singleton insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-atom)
lemma produces-imp-Pos-in-lits: produces C A \Longrightarrow Pos A \in \# C
 by (auto intro: Max-in-lits dest!: producesD)
```

```
lemma productive-in-N: productive C \Longrightarrow C \in N unfolding production-unfold by auto
```

lemma produces-imp-atms-leq: produces $C A \Longrightarrow B \in atms$ -of $C \Longrightarrow B \leq A$ **by** (metis Max-ge finite-atms-of insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-atom singleton-inject)

lemma produces-imp-neg-notin-lits: produces $CA \Longrightarrow \neg Neg \ A \in \# C$ **by** (auto intro!: pos-Max-imp-neg-notin dest: producesD simp del: not-gr0)

lemma less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp: $C \# \subseteq \# D \implies interp \ C \subseteq interp \ D$ unfolding interp-def by auto (metis multiset-order.order.strict-trans2)

lemma less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp: $C \# \subseteq \# D \implies interp C \subseteq Interp D$ unfolding Interp-def using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp by blast

lemma less-imp-production-subseteq-interp: $C \# \subset \# D \Longrightarrow production \ C \subseteq interp \ D$ unfolding interp-def by fast

lemma less-eq-imp-production-subseteq-Interp: $C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow production \ C \subseteq Interp \ D$ unfolding Interp-def using less-imp-production-subseteq-interp by (metis multiset-order.le-imp-less-or-eq le-supI1 sup-ge2)

lemma less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp: $C \# \subset \# D \Longrightarrow Interp C \subseteq interp D$ **unfolding** Interp-def **by** (auto simp: less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp less-imp-production-subseteq-interp)

lemma less-eq-imp-Interp-subseteq-Interp: $C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow Interp C \subseteq Interp D$ using less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp unfolding Interp-def by (metis multiset-order.le-imp-less-or-eq le-supI2 subset-refl sup-commute)

lemma false-Interp-to-true-interp-imp-less-multiset: $A \notin Interp\ C \Longrightarrow A \in interp\ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \#\ D$ using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast

lemma false-interp-to-true-interp-imp-less-multiset: $A \notin interp\ C \Longrightarrow A \in interp\ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \#\ D$ using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{lemma} \ \textit{false-Interp-to-true-Interp-imp-less-multiset:} \ A \notin \textit{Interp} \ C \Longrightarrow A \in \textit{Interp} \ D \Longrightarrow C \ \# \subset \# \ D \\ \textbf{using} \ \textit{less-eq-imp-Interp-subseteq-Interp} \ \textit{multiset-linorder.not-less} \ \textbf{by} \ \textit{blast} \\ \end{array}$

lemma false-interp-to-true-Interp-imp-le-multiset: $A \notin interp \ C \Longrightarrow A \in Interp \ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subseteq \# \ D$ using less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast

lemma interp-subseteq-INTERP: $interp\ C \subseteq INTERP$ unfolding interp-def INTERP-def by (auto simp: production-unfold)

lemma production-subseteq-INTERP: production $C \subseteq INTERP$ unfolding INTERP-def using production-unfold by blast

lemma Interp-subseteq-INTERP: $Interp\ C \subseteq INTERP$ unfolding Interp-def by (auto intro!: interp-subseteq-INTERP) production-subseteq-INTERP)

This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 66 of CW.

lemma produces-imp-in-interp: assumes a-in-c: Neg $A \in \# C$ and d: produces D A

```
shows A \in interp \ C
proof -
  from d have Max (set-mset D) = Pos A
   using production-unfold by blast
 hence D \# \subset \# \{ \#Neg A \# \}
   by (auto intro: Max-pos-neg-less-multiset)
 moreover have \{\#Neg\ A\#\}\ \#\subseteq\#\ C
   by (rule less-eq-imp-le-multiset) (rule mset-le-single OF a-in-c[unfolded mem-set-mset-iff]])
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using d by (blast dest: less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp less-imp-production-subseteq-interp)
qed
lemma neg-notin-Interp-not-produce: Neg A \in \# C \Longrightarrow A \notin Interp D \Longrightarrow C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow \neg produces
 by (auto dest: produces-imp-in-interp less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp)
lemma in-production-imp-produces: A \in production \ C \Longrightarrow produces \ C \ A
 by (metis insert-absorb productive-imp-produces-Max-atom singleton-insert-inj-eq')
lemma not-produces-imp-notin-production: \neg produces C A \Longrightarrow A \notin production C
 by (metis in-production-imp-produces)
lemma not-produces-imp-notin-interp: (\bigwedge D. \neg produces \ D \ A) \Longrightarrow A \notin interp \ C
  unfolding interp-def by (fast intro!: in-production-imp-produces)
The results below corresponds to Lemma 3.4.
Nitpicking: If D = D' and D is productive, I^D \subseteq I_{D'} does not hold.
{f lemma} true-Interp-imp-general:
 assumes
   c\text{-le-d}: C \# \subseteq \# D and
   d-lt-d': D \# \subset \# D' and
   c-at-d: Interp D \models h \ C and
   subs:\ interp\ D'\subseteq (\bigcup\ C\in\ CC.\ production\ C)
 shows (\bigcup C \in CC. production C) \models h C
proof (cases \exists A. Pos A \in \# C \land A \in Interp D)
  case True
  then obtain A where a-in-c: Pos A \in \# C and a-at-d: A \in Interp D
   by blast
 from a-at-d have A \in interp D'
   using d-lt-d' less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp by blast
  thus ?thesis
   using subs a-in-c by (blast dest: contra-subsetD)
next
 case False
 then obtain A where a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and A \notin Interp D
   using c-at-d unfolding true-cls-def by blast
 hence \bigwedge D''. \neg produces D'' A
   using c-le-d neg-notin-Interp-not-produce by simp
  thus ?thesis
   using a-in-c subs not-produces-imp-notin-production by auto
qed
lemma true-Interp-imp-interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies D \# \subset \# D' \implies Interp D \models h C \implies interp D' \models h C
```

using interp-def true-Interp-imp-general by simp

```
lemma true-Interp-imp-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies D \# \subset \# D' \implies Interp D \models h C \implies Interp D' \models h C
  using Interp-as-UNION interp-subseteq-Interp true-Interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-Interp-imp-INTERP: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow Interp \ D \models h \ C \Longrightarrow INTERP \models h \ C
  using INTERP-def interp-subseteq-INTERP
   true-Interp-imp-general [OF - less-multiset-right-total]
 by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-general:
 assumes
   c-le-d: C \# \subseteq \# D and
   d-lt-d': D \# \subset \# D' and
   c-at-d: interp D \models h C and
   subs: interp D' \subseteq (\bigcup C \in CC. production C)
 shows (\bigcup C \in CC. production C) \models h \ C
proof (cases \exists A. Pos A \in \# C \land A \in interp D)
  case True
  then obtain A where a-in-c: Pos A \in \# C and a-at-d: A \in interp D
   by blast
 from a-at-d have A \in interp D'
   using d-lt-d' less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp[OF multiset-order.less-imp-le] by blast
 thus ?thesis
   using subs a-in-c by (blast dest: contra-subsetD)
next
  case False
  then obtain A where a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and A \notin interp D
   using c-at-d unfolding true-cls-def by blast
 hence \bigwedge D''. \neg produces D'' A
   using c-le-d by (auto dest: produces-imp-in-interp less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp)
 thus ?thesis
   using a-in-c subs not-produces-imp-notin-production by auto
qed
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 66 of CW. Here the strict maximality is important
lemma true-interp-imp-interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies D \# \subset \# D' \implies interp D \models h C \implies interp D' \models h C
 using interp-def true-interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-Interp: C \not = \not = D \implies D \not = D' \implies interp D \not = D \cap C \implies Interp D' \not = D \cap C
  using Interp-as-UNION interp-subseteq-Interp[of D'] true-interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-INTERP: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow interp \ D \models h \ C \Longrightarrow INTERP \models h \ C
  using INTERP-def interp-subseteq-INTERP
   true-interp-imp-general [OF - less-multiset-right-total]
 bv simp
lemma productive-imp-false-interp: productive C \Longrightarrow \neg interp C \models h C
  unfolding production-unfold by auto
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 66 of CW. Here the strict maximality is important
lemma cls-qt-double-pos-no-production:
 assumes D: {\#Pos\ P, Pos\ P\#} \#\subset\#\ C
 shows \neg produces \ C \ P
proof -
 let ?D = {\#Pos \ P, \ Pos \ P\#}
 note D' = D[unfolded\ less-multiset_{HO}]
```

```
consider
   (P) \ count \ C \ (Pos \ P) \ge 2
 | (Q) Q  where Q > Pos P  and Q \in \# C
   using HOL.spec[OF HOL.conjunct2[OF D'], of Pos P] by auto
 thus ?thesis
   proof cases
     case Q
     have Q \in set\text{-}mset\ C
      using Q(2) by (auto split: split-if-asm)
     then have Max (set\text{-}mset C) > Pos P
      using Q(1) Max-gr-iff by blast
     thus ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
     case P
    thus ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   qed
qed
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 66 of CW.
 assumes D: C+\{\#Neg\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ D
 shows production D \neq \{P\}
proof -
 note D' = D[unfolded\ less-multiset_{HO}]
 consider
   (P) Neg P \in \# D
 | (Q) Q  where Q > Neg P  and count D Q > count (C + {\#Neg P\#}) Q
   using HOL.spec[OF HOL.conjunct2[OF D'], of Neg P] by fastforce
 thus ?thesis
   proof cases
     case Q
     have Q \in set\text{-}mset\ D
      using Q(2) by (auto split: split-if-asm)
     then have Max (set\text{-}mset D) > Neg P
      using Q(1) Max-gr-iff by blast
     hence Max (set-mset D) > Pos P
      using less-trans[of Pos P Neg P Max (set-mset D)] by auto
     thus ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   next
     case P
     hence Max (set\text{-}mset D) > Pos P
      by (meson Max-ge finite-set-mset le-less-trans linorder-not-le mem-set-mset-iff
        pos-less-neg)
     thus ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}interp\text{-}is\text{-}produced:
 assumes P \in INTERP
 shows \exists D. D + \{\#Pos P\#\} \in N \land produces (D + \{\#Pos P\#\}) P
 using assms unfolding INTERP-def UN-iff production-iff-produces Ball-def
```

```
by (metis ground-resolution-with-selection.produces-imp-Pos-in-lits insert-DiffM2 ground-resolution-with-selection-axioms not-produces-imp-notin-production)
```

```
end
end
abbreviation MMax\ M \equiv Max\ (set\text{-}mset\ M)
         We can now define the rules of the calculus
20.1
inductive superposition-rules :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where
factoring: superposition-rules (C + \#Pos P\#) + \#Pos P\#) B (C + \#Pos P\#)
superposition-l: superposition-rules (C_1 + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) (C_2 + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) (C_1 + C_2)
inductive superposition :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
superposition: A \in N \Longrightarrow B \in N \Longrightarrow superposition-rules A \ B \ C
 \implies superposition N (N \cup \{C\})
definition abstract-red :: 'a::wellorder clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
abstract-red C N = (clss-lt \ N \ C \models p \ C)
lemma less-multiset[iff]: M < N \longleftrightarrow M \# \subset \# N
 unfolding less-multiset-def by auto
lemma less-eq-multiset[iff]: M \leq N \longleftrightarrow M \# \subseteq \# N
 unfolding less-eq-multiset-def by auto
lemma herbrand-true-clss-true-clss-cls-herbrand-true-clss:
 assumes
    AB: A \models hs B  and
   BC: B \models p C
 shows A \models h C
proof -
 let ?I = \{Pos \ P \mid P. \ P \in A\} \cup \{Neg \ P \mid P. \ P \notin A\}
 have B: ?I \models s B \text{ using } AB
   by (auto simp add: herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-clss)
 have IH: \bigwedge I. total-over-set I (atms-of C) \Longrightarrow total-over-m I B \Longrightarrow consistent-interp I
   \implies I \models s B \implies I \models C \text{ using } BC
   by (auto simp add: true-clss-cls-def)
 show ?thesis
   unfolding herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls
   by (auto intro: IH[of ?I] simp add: herbrand-total-over-set herbrand-total-over-m
     herbrand-consistent-interp B)
qed
lemma abstract-red-subset-mset-abstract-red:
 assumes
   abstr: abstract-red C N and
   c-lt-d: C \subseteq \# D
 shows abstract-red D N
proof -
```

have $\{D \in N. \ D \# \subset \# \ C\} \subseteq \{D' \in N. \ D' \# \subset \# \ D\}$ using c-lt-d less-eq-imp-le-multiset by fastforce

thus ?thesis

```
using abstr unfolding abstract-red-def clss-lt-def
            by (metis (no-types, lifting) c-lt-d subset-mset.diff-add true-clss-cls-mono-r'
                   true-clss-cls-subset)
qed
lemma true-clss-cls-extended:
      assumes
            A \models p B  and
            tot: total-over-m I(A) and
            cons: consistent-interp I and
            I-A: I \models s A
     shows I \models B
proof -
     let ?I = I \cup \{Pos\ P | P.\ P \in atms-of\ B \land P \notin atms-of\ s\ I\}
     have consistent-interp ?I
            using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def atms-of-s-def atms-of-def
                   apply (auto 1 5 simp add: image-iff)
            by (metis\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}uminus\ literal.sel(1))
       moreover have total-over-m ?I (A \cup \{B\})
            proof -
                   obtain aa :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ where
                        f2: \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\exists v2. \ v2 \in x0 \ \land \ Pos \ v2 \notin x1 \ \land \ Neg \ v2 \notin x1)
                                   \longleftrightarrow (aa \ x0 \ x1 \in x0 \land Pos \ (aa \ x0 \ x1) \notin x1 \land Neg \ (aa \ x0 \ x1) \notin x1)
                        by moura
                   have \forall a. a \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A \lor Pos \ a \in I \lor Neg \ a \in I
                         using tot by (simp add: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def)
                   hence as (atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ A\cup atms\text{-}of\text{-}m\ \{B\})\ (I\cup \{Pos\ a\mid a.\ a\in atms\text{-}of\ B\wedge a\notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}s\ I\})
                         \notin atms-of-m \ A \cup atms-of-m \ \{B\} \lor Pos \ (aa \ (atms-of-m \ A \cup atms-of-m \ \{B\})
                               (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})) \in I
                                     \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
                               \vee Neg (aa (atms-of-m A \cup atms-of-m \{B\})
                                     (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})) \in I
                                     \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
                 hence total-over-set (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\}) (atms-of-m \ A \cup atms-of-m \ A \cup atms-of
\{B\})
                         using f2 by (meson total-over-set-def)
                   thus ?thesis
                         by (simp add: total-over-m-def)
            qed
      moreover have ?I \models s A
            using I-A by auto
       ultimately have ?I \models B
            using \langle A \models pB \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
      thus ?thesis
oops
lemma
     assumes
             CP: \neg clss-lt \ N \ (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \models p \ \{\#C\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\} \ and
               clss-lt\ N\ (\{\#C\#\}\ +\ \{\#E\#\})\ \models p\ \{\#E\#\}\ +\ \{\#Pos\ P\#\}\ \lor\ clss-lt\ N\ (\{\#C\#\}\ +\ \{\#E\#\})\ \models p\ \{\#E\#\}\ +\ \{\#E\#\})\ \models p\ \{\#E\#\}\ +\ \{\#E\#
\{\#C\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
     shows clss-lt N (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}\}) \models p \{\#E\#\} + \{\#Pos P\#\}
oops
```

```
\mathbf{locale}\ ground\text{-}ordered\text{-}resolution\text{-}with\text{-}redundancy = }
  ground-resolution-with-selection +
 fixes redundant :: 'a::wellorder clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool
 assumes
    redundant-iff-abstract: redundant \ A \ N \longleftrightarrow abstract-red A \ N
begin
definition saturated :: 'a \ clauses \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
saturated \ N \longleftrightarrow (\forall A \ B \ C. \ A \in N \longrightarrow B \in N \longrightarrow \neg redundant \ A \ N \longrightarrow \neg redundant \ B \ N
  \longrightarrow superposition-rules A \ B \ C \longrightarrow redundant \ C \ N \lor C \in N)
lemma
 assumes
    saturated: saturated N and
    finite: finite N and
    empty: \{\#\} \notin N
  shows INTERP\ N \models hs\ N
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?N_{\mathcal{I}} = INTERP N
  assume ¬ ?thesis
  hence not-empty: \{E \in \mathbb{N}. \neg ?\mathbb{N}_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E\} \neq \{\}
    unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def by auto
  \mathbf{def}\ D \equiv Min\ \{E \in \mathbb{N}.\ \neg?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h\ E\}
  have [simp]: D \in N
    unfolding D-def
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Min-in not-empty finite mem-Collect-eq rev-finite-subset subset I)
  have not-d-interp: \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h D
    unfolding D-def
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Min-in finite mem-Collect-eq not-empty rev-finite-subset subset I)
  have cls-not-D: \bigwedge E. E \in N \Longrightarrow E \neq D \Longrightarrow \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E \Longrightarrow D \leq E
    using finite D-def by (auto simp del: less-eq-multiset)
  obtain C L where D: D = C + \{\#L\#\} and LSD: L \in \#SD \lor (SD = \{\#\} \land Max (set\text{-}mset D))
    proof (cases\ S\ D = \{\#\})
      {f case}\ {\it False}
      then obtain L where L \in \#SD
        using Max-in-lits by blast
      moreover
       hence L \in \# D
          using S-selects-subseteq[of D] by auto
        hence D = (D - \{\#L\#\}) + \{\#L\#\}
          by auto
      ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
      let ?L = MMax D
      case True
      moreover
       have ?L \in \# D
          by (metis (no-types, lifting) Max-in-lits \langle D \in N \rangle empty)
       hence D = (D - \{\#?L\#\}) + \{\#?L\#\}
          by auto
      ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
    qed
  have red: \neg redundant \ D \ N
    \mathbf{proof} (rule ccontr)
```

```
assume red[simplified]: \sim \sim redundant\ D\ N
   have \forall E < D. E \in N \longrightarrow ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E
     using cls-not-D not-le by fastforce
   hence ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models hs \ clss\text{-}lt \ N \ D
     unfolding clss-lt-def true-clss-def Ball-def by blast
   thus False
     using red not-d-interp unfolding abstract-red-def redundant-iff-abstract
     using herbrand-true-clss-true-clss-cls-herbrand-true-clss by fast
 qed
consider
 (L) P where L = Pos \ P and S \ D = \{\#\} and Max \ (set\text{-}mset \ D) = Pos \ P
| (Lneg) P  where L = Neg P
 using LSD S-selects-neg-lits[of D L] by (cases L) auto
thus False
 proof cases
   case L note P = this(1) and S = this(2) and max = this(3)
   have count D L > 1
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume ~ ?thesis
       hence count: count D L = 1
         unfolding D by auto
       have \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h D
        {\bf using} \ not\text{-}d\text{-}interp \ true\text{-}interp\text{-}imp\text{-}INTERP \ ground\text{-}resolution\text{-}with\text{-}selection\text{-}axioms
          by blast
       hence produces N D P
        using not-empty empty finite \langle D \in N \rangle count L
          true-interp-imp-INTERP unfolding production-iff-produces unfolding production-unfold
        by (auto simp add: max not-empty)
       hence INTERP\ N \models h\ D
        unfolding D
        by (metis pos-literal-in-imp-true-cls produces-imp-Pos-in-lits
          production-subseteq-INTERP singletonI subsetCE)
       thus False
         using not-d-interp by blast
     qed
   then obtain C' where C':D = C' + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Pos \ P\#\}
     unfolding D by (metis P add.left-neutral add-less-cancel-right count-single count-union
       multi-member-split)
   have sup: superposition-rules D D (D - \{\#L\#\})
     unfolding C' L by (auto simp add: superposition-rules.simps)
   have C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \ \# \subset \# \ C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} 
     by auto
   moreover have \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h (D - \{\#L\#\})
     using not-d-interp unfolding C'L by auto
   ultimately have C' + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \notin N
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) C' P add-diff-cancel-right' cls-not-D less-multiset
       multi-self-add-other-not-self not-le)
   have D - \{\#L\#\} \# \subset \# D
     unfolding C'L by auto
   have c'-p-p: C' + {\#Pos\ P\#} + {\#Pos\ P\#} - {\#Pos\ P\#} = C' + {\#Pos\ P\#}
   have redundant (C' + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ N
     using saturated red sup \langle D \in N \rangle \langle C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \notin N \rangle unfolding saturated-def C' \ L \ c'-p-p
     by blast
```

```
moreover have C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \subseteq \# C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} 
   by auto
 ultimately show False
   using red unfolding C' redundant-iff-abstract by (blast dest:
     abstract-red-subset-mset-abstract-red)
next
 case Lneg note L = this(1)
 have P \in ?N_{\mathcal{I}}
   using not-d-interp unfolding D true-cls-def L by (auto split: split-if-asm)
 then obtain E where
   DPN: E + \{\#Pos P\#\} \in N \text{ and }
   prod: production N (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) = \{P\}
   using in-interp-is-produced by blast
 have sup-EC: superposition-rules (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ (C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\})\ (E + C)
   using superposition-l by fast
 hence superposition N (N \cup \{E+C\})
   using DPN \langle D \in N \rangle unfolding D L by (auto simp add: superposition.simps)
   PMax: Pos P = MMax (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) and
   count (E + {\#Pos P\#}) (Pos P) \le 1 and
   S(E + {\#Pos P\#}) = {\#} and
    \neg interp\ N\ (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) \models h\ E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}
   using prod unfolding production-unfold by auto
 have Neg\ P \notin \#\ E
   using prod produces-imp-neg-notin-lits by force
 hence \land y. \ y \in \# \ (E + \{ \# Pos \ P \# \})
   \implies count (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (Neg P) < count (C + \{\#Neg P\#\}) (Neg P)
   by (auto split: split-if-asm)
 moreover have \bigwedge y. y \in \# (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) \Longrightarrow y < Neg P
   using PMax by (metis DPN Max-less-iff empty finite-set-mset mem-set-mset-iff pos-less-neg
     set-mset-eq-empty-iff)
 moreover have E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \neq C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
   using prod produces-imp-neg-notin-lits by force
 ultimately have E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
   unfolding less-multiset<sub>HO</sub> by (metis add.left-neutral add-lessD1)
 have ce-lt-d: C + E #\subset# D
   unfolding DL
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-pos-neg-less-multiset One-nat-def PMax count-single
     less-multiset-plus-right-nonempty mult-less-trans single-not-empty union-less-mono2
     zero-less-Suc)
 have ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h \ E + \{ \#Pos \ P \# \}
   using \langle P \in ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \rangle by blast
 have ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h \ C+E \lor C+E \notin N
   using ce-lt-d cls-not-D unfolding D-def by fastforce
 have Pos P \notin \# C + E
   using D \land P \in ground-resolution-with-selection.INTERP S \mid N \rangle
     \langle count \ (E + \{\#Pos \ P\#\}) \ (Pos \ P) \leq 1 \rangle multi-member-skip not-d-interp by auto
 hence \bigwedge y. y \in \# C + E
   \implies count (C+E) (Pos P) < count (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (Pos P)
   by (auto split: split-if-asm)
 have \neg redundant (C + E) N
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume red'[simplified]: ¬ ?thesis
     have abs: clss-lt N(C + E) \models p C + E
```

```
using redundant-iff-abstract red' unfolding abstract-red-def by auto
        have clss-lt\ N\ (C+E) \models p\ E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \lor clss-lt\ N\ (C+E) \models p\ C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
          proof clarify
           assume CP: \neg clss-lt\ N\ (C+E) \models p\ C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
            { fix I
             assume
               total-over-m I (clss-lt N (C + E) \cup {E + {#Pos P#}}) and
               consistent-interp I and
               I \models s \ clss-lt \ N \ (C + E)
               hence I \models C + E
                using abs sorry
               moreover have \neg I \models C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
                using CP unfolding true-clss-cls-def
               ultimately have I \models E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} by auto
           then show clss-lt N(C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\}
             unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
          qed
        moreover have clss-lt N (C + E) \subseteq clss-lt N (C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\})
          using ce-lt-d mult-less-trans unfolding clss-lt-def D L by force
        ultimately have redundant (C + \{\#Neg P\#\}) N \vee clss-lt N (C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\}
          unfolding redundant-iff-abstract abstract-red-def using true-clss-cls-subset by blast
        show False sorry
      qed
     moreover have \neg redundant (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ N
      sorry
     ultimately have CEN: C + E \in N
      using \langle D \in N \rangle \langle E + \{ \# Pos \ P \# \} \in N \rangle saturated sup-EC red unfolding saturated-def D L
      by (metis union-commute)
     have CED: C + E \neq D
      using D ce-lt-d by auto
     have interp: \neg INTERP N \models h C + E
     sorry
     show False
        using cls-not-D[OF CEN CED interp] ce-lt-d unfolding INTERP-def less-eq-multiset-def by
auto
 qed
qed
end
lemma tautology-is-redundant:
 assumes tautology C
 shows abstract-red C N
 using assms unfolding abstract-red-def true-clss-cls-def tautology-def by auto
lemma subsumed-is-redundant:
 assumes AB: A \subset \# B
 and AN: A \in N
 shows abstract-red B N
 have A \in clss-lt \ N \ B \ using \ AN \ AB \ unfolding \ clss-lt-def
   by (auto dest: less-eq-imp-le-multiset simp add: multiset-order.dual-order.order.iff-strict)
 thus ?thesis
```

```
\textbf{using} \ AB \ \textbf{unfolding} \ abstract-red-def \ true-clss-cls-def \ Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-clss-def
    \mathbf{by} blast
qed
inductive redundant :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
subsumption : A \in N \Longrightarrow A \subset \# \ B \Longrightarrow \textit{redundant} \ B \ N
\mathbf{lemma}\ redundant\text{-}is\text{-}redundancy\text{-}criterion\text{:}
  fixes A:: 'a:: wellorder \ clause \ {\bf and} \ N:: 'a:: wellorder \ clauses
  assumes redundant A N
  shows abstract-red A N
 using assms
{f proof}\ (induction\ rule:\ redundant.induct)
  case (subsumption A B N)
  thus ?case
    using subsumed-is-redundant[of A N B] unfolding abstract-red-def clss-lt-def by auto
qed
lemma redundant-mono:
  redundant\ A\ N \Longrightarrow A \subseteq \#\ B \Longrightarrow \ redundant\ B\ N
  apply (induction rule: redundant.induct)
  by (meson subset-mset.less-le-trans subsumption)
\mathbf{locale}\ truc =
    selection S  for S :: nat clause <math>\Rightarrow nat clause
begin
end
\mathbf{end}
```