

Contents

1	Mo	re Standard Theorems	7									
	1.1	More about Multisets	7									
		1.1.1 Basic Setup	7									
		1.1.2 Lemmas about intersections	7									
		1.1.3 Lemmas about size	8									
		1.1.4 Multiset Extension of Multiset Ordering	9									
		1.1.5 Remove	0									
		1.1.6 Replicate	1									
		1.1.7 Multiset and set conversion	1									
		1.1.8 Removing duplicates	2									
		1.1.9 Filter	6									
		1.1.10 Sums	7									
		1.1.11 Order	7									
	1.2	Transitions	7									
		1.2.1 More theorems about Closures	8									
		1.2.2 Full Transitions	9									
		1.2.3 Well-Foundedness and Full Transitions	0									
		1.2.4 More Well-Foundedness	1									
	1.3	Various Lemmas	3									
	1.4	More List	5									
		$1.4.1 upt \dots \dots$	5									
		1.4.2 Lexicographic Ordering	8									
		1.4.3 Remove	8									
2	Def	Definition of Entailment 3										
	2.1	Clausal Logic	1									
		2.1.1 Literals	1									
		2.1.2 Clauses	4									
	2.2	Herbrand Interretation	6									
		2.2.1 Herbrand Interpretations	6									
	2.3	Partial Clausal Logic	8									
		2.3.1 Clauses	8									
		2.3.2 Partial Interpretations	8									
		2.3.3 Subsumptions	4									
		2.3.4 Removing Duplicates	5									
		2.3.5 Set of all Simple Clauses	5									
		2.3.6 Experiment: Expressing the Entailments as Locales 5	9									
		2.3.7 Entailment to be extended	9									

3 1	Nor	malisation 6
3	3.1	Logics
		3.1.1 Definition and abstraction
		3.1.2 properties of the abstraction
		3.1.3 Subformulas and properties
		3.1.4 Positions
9	3.2	Semantics over the syntax
9	3.3	Rewrite systems and properties
		3.3.1 Lifting of rewrite rules
		3.3.2 Consistency preservation
		3.3.3 Full Lifting
5	3.4	Transformation testing
		3.4.1 Definition and first properties
		3.4.2 Invariant conservation
5	3.5	Rewrite Rules
		3.5.1 Elimination of the equivalences
		3.5.2 Eliminate Implication
		3.5.3 Eliminate all the True and False in the formula
		3.5.4 PushNeg
		3.5.5 Push inside
5	3.6	The full transformations
	,. 0	3.6.1 Abstract Property characterizing that only some connective are inside the
		others
		3.6.2 Conjunctive Normal Form
		3.6.3 Disjunctive Normal Form
9	3.7	More aggressive simplifications: Removing true and false at the beginning 11
٠). I	3.7.1 Transformation
		3.7.2 More invariants
		3.7.3 The new CNF and DNF transformation
ę	3.8	Link with Multiset Version
٠	J. .0	3.8.1 Transformation to Multiset
		3.8.2 Equisatisfiability of the two Version
		5.5.2 Equisatishability of the two version
		olution-based techniques 12
4	4.1	Resolution
		4.1.1 Simplification Rules
		4.1.2 Unconstrained Resolution
		4.1.3 Inference Rule
		4.1.4 Lemma about the simplified state
		4.1.5 Resolution and Invariants
4	4.2	Superposition
		4.2.1 We can now define the rules of the calculus
4	4.3	Partial Clausal Logic
		4.3.1 Decided Literals
		4.3.2 Backtracking
		4.3.3 Decomposition with respect to the First Decided Literals 18
		4.3.4 Negation of Clauses
		110.1 1108001011 01 010101000
		4.3.5 Other

5	NO	T's CD	CL and DPLL	199
	5.1	Measure	e	. 199
	5.2	NOT's	CDCL	. 203
		5.2.1	Auxiliary Lemmas and Measure	. 203
		5.2.2	Initial definitions	. 204
			DPLL with backjumping	
			CDCL	
			CDCL with restarts	
			Merging backjump and learning	
			Instantiations	
	5.3		as an instance of NOT	
	0.0		DPLL with simple backtrack	
			Adding restarts	
	5.4		bach's DPLL	
	0.4		Rules	
			Invariants	
			Termination	
			Final States	
		5.4.5	Link with NOT's DPLL	. 298
6	Wei	idenhacl	h's CDCL	305
Ü	6.1		bach's CDCL with Multisets	
	0.1		The State	
			CDCL Rules	
			Structural Invariants	
			CDCL Strong Completeness	
			Higher level strategy	
	<i>c</i> o		Termination	
	6.2		g backjump rules	
			Inclusion of the states	
			More lemmas conflict—propagate and backjumping	
			CDCL with Merging	
			CDCL with Merge and Strategy	
	6.3		etween Weidenbach's and NOT's CDCL	
			Inclusion of the states	
			Additional Lemmas between NOT and W states	
		6.3.3	Inclusion of Weidenbach's CDCL in NOT's CDCL	. 474
			Correctness of $cdcl_W$ -merge-stgy	
		6.3.5	Adding Restarts	. 481
	6.4	Increme	ental SAT solving	. 491
	_	_		
7	_		ation of DPLL and CDCL	503
	7.1		List-Based Implementation of the DPLL and CDCL	
			Common Rules	
			CDCL specific functions	
		7.1.3	Simple Implementation of DPLL	. 508
		7.1.4	List-based CDCL Implementation	. 518
		7.1.5	CDCL Implementation	. 521
		7.1.6	Abstract Clause Representation	. 547
	7.2	Weiden	bach's CDCL with Abstract Clause Representation	. 548

	7.2.1	Instantiation of the Multiset Version
	7.2.2	Abstract Relation and Relation Theorems
	7.2.3	The State
	7.2.4	CDCL Rules
	7.2.5	Higher level strategy
7.3	2-Wat	ched-Literal
	7.3.1	Essence of 2-WL
	7.3.2	Two Watched-Literals with invariant

Chapter 1

More Standard Theorems

This chapter contains additional lemmas built on top of HOL. end

```
theory Multiset-More imports ^{\sim\sim}/src/HOL/Library/Multiset-Order begin
```

1.1 More about Multisets

Isabelle's theory of finite multisets is not as developed as other areas, such as lists and sets. The present theory introduces some missing concepts and lemmas. Some of it is expected to move to Isabelle's library.

1.1.1 Basic Setup

```
declare
```

```
\begin{array}{l} \textit{diff-single-trivial [simp]} \\ \textit{in-image-mset [iff]} \\ \textit{image-mset.compositionality [simp]} \\ \\ \textit{mset-leD[dest, intro?]} \\ \textit{Multiset.in-multiset-in-set[simp]} \\ \\ \textbf{lemma } \textit{image-mset-cong2[cong]:} \\ (\bigwedge x. \ x \in \# M \Longrightarrow f \ x = g \ x) \Longrightarrow M = N \Longrightarrow \textit{image-mset } f \ M = \textit{image-mset } g \ N \\ \textbf{by } (\textit{hypsubst, rule image-mset-cong)} \\ \\ \textbf{lemma } \textit{subset-msetE [elim!]:} \\ [|A \subset \# B; \ |A \subseteq \# B; \ \sim \ (B \subseteq \# A)|] ==> R \\ \textbf{unfolding } \textit{subseteq-mset-def subset-mset-def } \textbf{by } (\textit{meson mset-less-eqI subset-mset.eq-iff}) \\ \end{array}
```

1.1.2 Lemmas about intersections

 ${f lemma}$ mset-inter-single:

```
x \in \# \Sigma \Longrightarrow \Sigma \# \cap \{\#x\#\} = \{\#x\#\}
x \notin \# \Sigma \Longrightarrow \Sigma \# \cap \{\#x\#\} = \{\#\}
  apply (simp add: mset-le-single subset-mset.inf-absorb2)
by (simp add: multiset-inter-def)
```

1.1.3 Lemmas about size

```
This sections adds various lemmas about size. Most lemmas have a finite set equivalent.
\textbf{lemma} \textit{ size-mset-SucE: size } A = \textit{Suc } n \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge a \textit{ B. } A = \{\#a\#\} + B \Longrightarrow \textit{size } B = n \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow P
 by (cases A) (auto simp add: ac-simps)
lemma size-Suc-Diff1:
 x \in \# \Sigma \Longrightarrow Suc \ (size \ (\Sigma - \{\#x\#\})) = size \ \Sigma
 using arg-cong[OF insert-DiffM, of - - size] by simp
lemma size-Diff-singleton: x \in \# \Sigma \implies size (\Sigma - \{\#x\#\}) = size \Sigma - 1
 by (simp add: size-Suc-Diff1 [symmetric])
lemma size-Diff-singleton-if: size (A - \#x\#) = (if x \in \# A \text{ then size } A - 1 \text{ else size } A)
 by (simp add: size-Diff-singleton)
lemma size-Un-Int:
 size\ A + size\ B = size\ (A \# \cup B) + size\ (A \# \cap B)
proof -
 have *: A + B = B + (A - B + (A - (A - B)))
   by (simp add: subset-mset.add-diff-inverse union-commute)
 have size\ B + size\ (A - B) = size\ A + size\ (B - A)
   unfolding size-union[symmetric] subset-mset.sup-commute sup-subset-mset-def[symmetric]
  then show ?thesis unfolding multiset-inter-def size-union[symmetric] *
   by (auto simp add: sup-subset-mset-def)
qed
lemma size-Un-disjoint:
 assumes A \# \cap B = \{\#\}
 shows size (A \# \cup B) = size A + size B
 using assms size-Un-Int [of A B] by simp
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{size-Diff-subset-Int}:
 shows size (\Sigma - \Sigma') = size \Sigma - size (\Sigma \# \cap \Sigma')
 have *: \Sigma - \Sigma' = \Sigma - \Sigma \# \cap \Sigma' by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
 show ?thesis unfolding * using size-Diff-submset subset-mset.inf.cobounded1 by blast
lemma diff-size-le-size-Diff: size (\Sigma:: - multiset) - size \Sigma' < size (\Sigma - \Sigma')
proof-
 have size \Sigma - size \Sigma' \leq size \Sigma - size (\Sigma \# \cap \Sigma')
   using size-mset-mono diff-le-mono2 subset-mset.inf-le2 by blast
 also have ... = size(\Sigma - \Sigma') using assms by (simp \ add: size-Diff-subset-Int)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma size-Diff1-less: x \in \# \Sigma \implies size \ (\Sigma - \{\#x\#\}) < size \ \Sigma
 apply (rule Suc-less-SucD)
```

```
by (simp add: size-Suc-Diff1)
lemma size-Diff2-less: x \in \# \Sigma \implies y \in \# \Sigma \implies size (\Sigma - \{\#x\#\} - \{\#y\#\}) < size \Sigma
  using nonempty-has-size by (fastforce intro!: diff-Suc-less simp add: size-Diff1-less
    size	ext{-}Diff	ext{-}subset	ext{-}Int\ mset	ext{-}inter	ext{-}single)
lemma size-Diff1-le: size (\Sigma - \{\#x\#\}) \leq size \Sigma
  by (cases x \in \# \Sigma) (simp-all add: size-Diff1-less less-imp-le)
lemma size-psubset: (\Sigma:: - multiset) \leq \# \Sigma' \Longrightarrow size \Sigma < size \Sigma' \Longrightarrow \Sigma < \# \Sigma'
  using less-irrefl subset-mset-def by blast
           Multiset Extension of Multiset Ordering
1.1.4
```

The $op \# \subset \#\#$ and $op \# \subseteq \#\#$ operators are introduced as the multiset extension of the multiset orderings of $op \# \subset \#$ and $op \# \subseteq \#$.

```
definition less-mset-mset :: ('a :: order) multiset multiset \Rightarrow 'a multiset multiset \Rightarrow bool
  (infix #<## 50)
where
  M' \# < \# \# M \longleftrightarrow (M', M) \in mult \{(x', x). x' \# < \# x\}
definition le-mset-mset :: ('a :: order) multiset multiset \Rightarrow 'a multiset multiset \Rightarrow bool
  (infix # < = ## 50)
where
  M' \# <= \# \# M \longleftrightarrow M' \# < \# \# M \lor M' = M
notation less-mset-mset (infix \# \subset \# \# 50)
notation le-mset-mset (infix \#\subseteq\#\# 50)
```

lemmas $less-mset-mset_{DM} = order.mult_{DM}[OF\ order-multiset,\ folded\ less-mset-mset-def]$ **lemmas** $less-mset-mset_{HO} = order.mult_{HO}[OF order-multiset, folded less-mset-mset-def]$

interpretation multiset-multiset-order: order

le-mset-mset: ('a:: linorder) multiset $multiset <math>\Rightarrow$ ('a:: linorder) multiset multiset \Rightarrow bool $less-mset-mset :: ('a :: linorder) multiset multiset <math>\Rightarrow ('a:: linorder) multiset multiset \Rightarrow bool$ unfolding less-mset-mset-def[abs-def] le-mset-mset-def[abs-def] less-multiset-def[abs-def] **by** (rule order.order-mult)+ standard

interpretation multiset-multiset-linorder: linorder

 $le\text{-mset-mset} :: ('a :: linorder) \ multiset \ multiset \ \Rightarrow ('a :: linorder) \ multiset \ \Rightarrow bool$ $less-mset-mset :: ('a :: linorder) \ multiset \ multiset \Rightarrow ('a:: linorder) \ multiset \ multiset \ \Rightarrow bool$ **unfolding** less-mset-mset-def[abs-def] le-mset-mset-def[abs-def] **by** (rule linorder.linorder-mult[OF linorder-multiset])

lemma wf-less-mset-mset: wf $\{(\Sigma :: ('a :: wellorder) multiset multiset, T). \Sigma \# \subset \# \# T\}$ **unfolding** less-mset-mset-def by (auto intro: wf-mult wf-less-multiset)

interpretation multiset-multiset-wellorder: wellorder

 $le\text{-}mset\text{-}mset::('a::wellorder) multiset multiset <math>\Rightarrow ('a::wellorder) multiset multiset \Rightarrow bool$ $less-mset-mset :: ('a::wellorder) multiset multiset <math>\Rightarrow ('a::wellorder) multiset multiset \Rightarrow bool$ by unfold-locales (blast intro: wf-less-mset-mset[unfolded wf-def, rule-format])

lemma union-less-mset-mset-mono2: $B \# \subset \#\# D \implies C + B \# \subset \#\# C + (D::'a::order multiset$ multiset)

apply (unfold less-mset-mset-def mult-def)

```
apply (erule trancl-induct)
apply (blast intro: mult1-union)
apply (blast intro: mult1-union trancl-trans)
done
lemma union-less-mset-mset-diff-plus:
  U \leq \# \Sigma \Longrightarrow T \# \subset \# \# U \Longrightarrow \Sigma - U + T \# \subset \# \# \Sigma
 apply (drule subset-mset.diff-add[symmetric])
 using union-less-mset-mset-mono2[of T U \Sigma – U] by simp
lemma ex-gt-imp-less-mset-mset:
  (\exists y :: 'a :: linorder multiset \in \# T. (\forall x. x \in \# \Sigma \longrightarrow x \# \subset \# y)) \Longrightarrow \Sigma \# \subset \# \# T
  using less-mset-mset<sub>HO</sub> by (metis\ count-greater-zero-iff\ count-inI\ less-nat-zero-code
    multiset-linorder.not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
1.1.5
          Remove
lemma set-mset-minus-replicate-mset[simp]:
  n \ge count \ A \ a \Longrightarrow set\text{-mset} \ (A - replicate\text{-mset} \ n \ a) = set\text{-mset} \ A - \{a\}
  n < count \ A \ a \Longrightarrow set\text{-mset} \ (A - replicate\text{-mset} \ n \ a) = set\text{-mset} \ A
 unfolding set-mset-def by (auto split: if-split simp: not-in-iff)
abbreviation removeAll-mset :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ multiset} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ multiset} where
removeAll\text{-}mset\ C\ M\equiv M\ -\ replicate\text{-}mset\ (count\ M\ C)\ C
lemma mset-removeAll[simp, code]:
  removeAll\text{-}mset\ C\ (mset\ L) = mset\ (removeAll\ C\ L)
 by (induction L) (auto simp: ac-simps multiset-eq-iff split: if-split-asm)
lemma removeAll-mset-filter-mset:
  removeAll\text{-}mset\ C\ M=filter\text{-}mset\ (op \neq C)\ M
  by (induction \ M) (auto \ simp: \ ac\text{-}simps \ multiset\text{-}eq\text{-}iff)
abbreviation remove1-mset :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ multiset} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ multiset} where
remove1-mset CM \equiv M - \{\#C\#\}
lemma remove1-mset-remove1 [code]:
  remove1-mset\ C\ (mset\ L) = mset\ (remove1\ C\ L)
 by auto
lemma in-remove1-mset-neq:
  assumes ab: a \neq b
  shows a \in \# remove1-mset b \in C \longleftrightarrow a \in \# C
proof -
 have count \{\#b\#\} a=0
   using ab by simp
  then show ?thesis
   by (metis (no-types) count-diff diff-zero mem-Collect-eq set-mset-def)
qed
lemma size-mset-removeAll-mset-le-iff:
  size \ (removeAll\text{-}mset \ x \ M) < size \ M \longleftrightarrow x \in \# \ M
 apply (rule iffI)
   apply (force intro: count-inI)
  apply (rule mset-less-size)
 apply (auto simp: subset-mset-def multiset-eq-iff)
```

```
done
```

```
lemma size-mset-remove1-mset-le-iff:
  size \ (remove1\text{-}mset \ x \ M) < size \ M \longleftrightarrow x \in \# M
 apply (rule iffI)
   using less-irrefl apply fastforce
 apply (rule mset-less-size)
 by (auto elim: in-countE simp: subset-mset-def multiset-eq-iff)
lemma set-mset-remove1-mset[simp]:
  set-mset (remove1-mset L (mset W)) = set (remove1 L W)
  by (metis mset-remove1 set-mset-mset)
1.1.6
          Replicate
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{replicate-mset-plus: replicate-mset} \ (a + b) \ C = \textit{replicate-mset a} \ C + \textit{replicate-mset b} \ C
 by (induct a) (auto simp: ac-simps)
lemma mset-replicate-replicate-mset:
  mset (replicate \ n \ L) = replicate-mset \ n \ L
 by (induction \ n) auto
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{set-mset-single-iff-replicate-mset} \colon
  set-mset U = \{a\} \longleftrightarrow (\exists n > 0. \ U = replicate-mset \ n \ a) \ (is ?S \longleftrightarrow ?R)
proof
  assume ?R
  then show ?S by auto
next
  assume ?S
 show ?R
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume \neg ?R
     have \forall n. \ U \neq replicate\text{-mset } n \ a
       using \langle ?S \rangle \leftarrow ?R \rangle by (metis gr-zeroI insert-not-empty set-mset-replicate-mset-subset)
     then obtain b where b \in \# U and b \neq a
       by (metis count-replicate-mset mem-Collect-eq multiset-eqI neq0-conv set-mset-def)
     then show False
       using \langle ?S \rangle by auto
   qed
qed
1.1.7
          Multiset and set conversion
lemma count-mset-set-if:
  count (mset-set A) a = (if \ a \in A \land finite \ A \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)
  by auto
lemma mset\text{-}set\text{-}set\text{-}mset\text{-}empty\text{-}mempty[iff]:
  mset\text{-}set\ (set\text{-}mset\ D) = \{\#\} \longleftrightarrow D = \{\#\}
 by (auto dest: arg-cong[of - - set-mset])
lemma size-mset-set-card:
 finite S \Longrightarrow size (mset\text{-}set S) = card S
 by (induction S rule: finite-induct) auto
lemma count-mset-set-le-one: count (mset-set A) x \leq 1
```

```
by (metis\ count\text{-}mset\text{-}set(1)\ count\text{-}mset\text{-}set(2)\ count\text{-}mset\text{-}set(3)\ eq\text{-}iff\ le\text{-}numeral\text{-}extra(1))
lemma mset\text{-}set\text{-}subseteq\text{-}mset\text{-}set[iff]:
 assumes finite A finite B
 shows mset\text{-}set\ A\subseteq\#\ mset\text{-}set\ B\longleftrightarrow A\subseteq B
 by (metis assms contra-subsetD count-mset-set(1,3) count-mset-set-le-one finite-set-mset-mset-set
   less-eq-nat.simps(1) mset-less-eqI set-mset-mono)
lemma mset\text{-}set\text{-}mset\text{-}subseteq[simp]: mset\text{-}set (set\text{-}mset A) \subseteq \# A
 by (metis\ count-mset-set(1,3)\ finite-set-mset\ less-eq-nat.simps(1)\ less-one
   mem-Collect-eq mset-less-eqI not-less set-mset-def)
lemma mset-sorted-list-of-set[simp]:
 mset (sorted-list-of-set A) = mset-set A
 by (metis mset-sorted-list-of-multiset sorted-list-of-mset-set)
lemma mset-take-subseteq: mset (take n xs) \subseteq \# mset xs
 apply (induct xs arbitrary: n)
  apply simp
 by (case-tac \ n) \ simp-all
1.1.8
          Removing duplicates
definition remdups-mset :: 'v multiset <math>\Rightarrow 'v multiset where
remdups-mset\ S = mset-set\ (set-mset\ S)
lemma remdups-mset-in[iff]: a \in \# remdups-mset A \longleftrightarrow a \in \# A
 unfolding remdups-mset-def by auto
lemma count-remdups-mset-eq-1: a \in \# remdups-mset A \longleftrightarrow count (remdups-mset A) a = 1
 unfolding remdups-mset-def by (auto simp: count-eq-zero-iff intro: count-inI)
lemma remdups-mset-empty[simp]:
  remdups-mset \{\#\} = \{\#\}
 unfolding remdups-mset-def by auto
lemma remdups-mset-singleton[simp]:
  remdups\text{-}mset \ \{\#a\#\} = \{\#a\#\}
 unfolding remdups-mset-def by auto
lemma set-mset-remdups[simp]: set-mset (remdups-mset C) = set-mset C
 by auto
lemma remdups-mset-eq-empty[iff]:
 remdups-mset D = \{\#\} \longleftrightarrow D = \{\#\}
 unfolding remdups-mset-def by blast
lemma remdups-mset-singleton-sum[simp]:
  remdups-mset\ (\{\#a\#\} + A) = (if\ a \in \#\ A\ then\ remdups-mset\ A\ else\ \{\#a\#\} + remdups-mset\ A)
  remdups-mset\ (A+\{\#a\#\})=(if\ a\in\#\ A\ then\ remdups-mset\ A\ else\ \{\#a\#\}\ +\ remdups-mset\ A)
 unfolding remdups-mset-def by (simp-all add: insert-absorb)
lemma mset-remdups-remdups-mset[simp]:
  mset (remdups D) = remdups-mset (mset D)
 by (induction D) (auto simp add: ac-simps)
```

```
definition distinct\text{-}mset :: 'a \ multiset \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
distinct\text{-mset } S \longleftrightarrow (\forall a. \ a \in \# S \longrightarrow count \ S \ a = 1)
lemma distinct-mset-empty[simp]: distinct-mset {#}
  unfolding distinct-mset-def by auto
lemma distinct-mset-singleton[simp]: distinct-mset {#a#}
  unfolding distinct-mset-def by auto
definition distinct-mset-set :: 'a multiset set \Rightarrow bool where
distinct-mset-set \Sigma \longleftrightarrow (\forall S \in \Sigma. \ distinct-mset S)
lemma distinct-mset-set-empty[simp]:
  distinct-mset-set {}
  unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}set\text{-}singleton[iff]:
  distinct-mset-set \{A\} \longleftrightarrow distinct-mset A
  unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
lemma distinct-mset-set-insert[iff]:
  distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}set \ (insert \ S \ \Sigma) \longleftrightarrow (distinct\text{-}mset \ S \ \wedge \ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}set \ \Sigma)
  unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
lemma distinct-mset-set-union[iff]:
  distinct-mset-set (\Sigma \cup \Sigma') \longleftrightarrow (distinct-mset-set \Sigma \wedge distinct-mset-set \Sigma')
  unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
lemma distinct-mset-union:
  assumes dist: distinct-mset (A + B)
 shows distinct-mset A
proof -
  obtain aa :: 'a multiset \Rightarrow 'a where
    f2: \forall m. \neg distinct\text{-mset } m \lor (\forall a. (a::'a) \notin \# m \lor count \ m \ a = 1)
     \forall m. \ aa \ m \in \# \ m \land \ count \ m \ (aa \ m) \neq 1 \ \lor \ distinct\text{-mset} \ m
    \mathbf{by}\ (metis\ (full-types)\ distinct-mset-def)
  then have count (A + B) (aa A) = 1 \lor distinct\text{-mset } A
    using dist by (meson mset-leD mset-le-add-left)
  then show ?thesis
    using f2 by (metis (no-types) One-nat-def add-is-1 count-union mem-Collect-eq order-less-irrefl
      set-mset-def)
qed
lemma distinct-mset-minus[simp]:
  distinct-mset A \Longrightarrow distinct-mset (A - B)
  by (metis Multiset.diff-le-self mset-le-exists-conv distinct-mset-union)
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}set\text{-}distinct\text{-}mset:
  a \in \Sigma \Longrightarrow distinct\text{-mset-set } \Sigma \Longrightarrow distinct\text{-mset } a
  unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
lemma distinct-mset-remdups-mset[simp]: distinct-mset (remdups-mset S)
  using count-remdups-mset-eq-1 unfolding distinct-mset-def by metis
lemma distinct-mset-distinct[simp]:
  distinct-mset (mset x) = distinct x
```

```
unfolding distinct-mset-def by (auto simp: distinct-count-atmost-1 not-in-iff[symmetric])
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{distinct-mset-mset-set}\colon
  distinct-mset (mset-set A)
  unfolding distinct-mset-def count-mset-set-if by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
{\bf lemma}\ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}rempdups\text{-}union\text{-}mset:
  assumes distinct-mset\ A and distinct-mset\ B
  shows A \# \cup B = remdups\text{-}mset (A + B)
  using assms nat-le-linear unfolding remdups-mset-def
  by (force simp add: multiset-eq-iff max-def count-mset-set-if distinct-mset-def not-in-iff)
\mathbf{lemma}\ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}set\text{-}distinct\text{:}
  distinct-mset-set (mset 'set Cs) \longleftrightarrow (\forall c \in set Cs. \ distinct \ c)
  unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
lemma distinct-mset-add-single:
  distinct\text{-}mset\ (\{\#a\#\} + L) \longleftrightarrow distinct\text{-}mset\ L \land a \notin \# L
  unfolding distinct-mset-def
  apply (rule iffI)
   prefer 2 apply (auto simp: not-in-iff)[]
  apply standard
   apply (intro allI)
   apply (rename-tac\ aa,\ case-tac\ a=aa)
   by (auto split: if-split-asm)
\mathbf{lemma}\ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}single\text{-}add:
  distinct\text{-}mset\ (L + \{\#a\#\}) \longleftrightarrow distinct\text{-}mset\ L \land a \notin \#L
  unfolding add.commute[of L \{\#a\#\}] distinct-mset-add-single by fast
lemma distinct-mset-size-eq-card:
  distinct-mset C \Longrightarrow size C = card (set-mset C)
  by (induction C) (auto simp: distinct-mset-single-add)
Another characterisation of distinct-mset
lemma distinct-mset-count-less-1:
  distinct-mset S \longleftrightarrow (\forall a. count S a \leq 1)
  using eq-iff nat-le-linear unfolding distinct-mset-def by fastforce
lemma distinct-mset-add:
  distinct\text{-}mset\ (L+L')\longleftrightarrow distinct\text{-}mset\ L\wedge distinct\text{-}mset\ L'\wedge L\ \#\cap\ L'=\{\#\}\ (is\ ?A\longleftrightarrow?B)
proof (rule iffI)
 assume ?A
 \mathbf{have}\ L{:}\ distinct{-}mset\ L
   using \langle distinct\text{-}mset\ (L+L') \rangle\ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}union\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
  moreover have L': distinct-mset L'
   using \langle distinct\text{-}mset\ (L+L') \rangle distinct-mset-union unfolding add.commute[of L L'] by blast
  moreover have L \# \cap L' = \{\#\}
   using L L' \langle ?A \rangle unfolding multiset-inter-def multiset-eq-iff distinct-mset-count-less-1
   by (metis Nat.diff-le-self add-diff-cancel-left' count-diff count-empty diff-is-0-eq eq-iff
     le-neq-implies-less less-one)
  ultimately show ?B by fast
next
 assume ?B
 show ?A
   unfolding distinct-mset-count-less-1
```

```
proof (intro allI)
     \mathbf{fix} \ a
     have count (L + L') a \le count L a + count L' a
      by auto
     moreover have count L a + count L' a \le 1
      using (?B) by (metis One-nat-def add.commute add-decreasing2 count-diff diff-add-zero
        distinct-mset-count-less-1 le-SucE multiset-inter-count plus-multiset.rep-eq
        subset-mset.inf.idem)
     ultimately show count (L + L') a \le 1
      by arith
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma distinct-mset-set-mset-ident[simp]: distinct-mset M \Longrightarrow mset\text{-set} (set-mset M) = M
 apply (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
 apply (rename-tac x)
 apply (case-tac count M x = 0)
  apply (simp add: not-in-iff[symmetric])
 apply (case-tac count M x = 1)
  apply (simp add: count-inI)
 unfolding distinct-mset-count-less-1 by (meson le-neq-implies-less less-one)
lemma distinct-finite-set-mset-subseteq-iff[iff]:
 assumes dist: distinct-mset M and fin: finite N
 shows set-mset M \subseteq N \longleftrightarrow M \subseteq \# mset-set N
proof
 assume set-mset M \subseteq N
 then show M \subseteq \# mset\text{-}set N
   by (metis dist distinct-mset-set-mset-ident fin finite-subset mset-set-subseteq-mset-set)
next
 assume M \subseteq \# mset\text{-}set N
 then show set-mset M \subseteq N
   by (metis contra-subsetD empty-iff finite-set-mset-mset-set infinite-set-mset-mset-set
     set-mset-mono subsetI)
qed
lemma distinct-mem-diff-mset:
 assumes dist: distinct-mset M and mem: x \in set-mset (M - N)
 shows x \notin set\text{-}mset N
proof -
 have count M x = 1
   using dist mem by (meson distinct-mset-def in-diffD)
 then show ?thesis
   using mem by (metis count-greater-eq-one-iff in-diff-count not-less)
qed
lemma distinct-set-mset-eq:
 assumes
   dist-m: distinct-mset M and
   dist-n: distinct-mset N and
   set-eq: set-mset M = set-mset N
 shows M = N
proof -
 have mset\text{-}set (set\text{-}mset M) = mset\text{-}set (set\text{-}mset N)
   using set-eq by simp
 thus ?thesis
```

```
using dist-m dist-n by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}union\text{-}mset:
  assumes
    distinct-mset D and
    distinct-mset C
  shows distinct-mset (D \# \cup C)
  using assms unfolding distinct-mset-count-less-1 by force
lemma distinct-mset-inter-mset:
  assumes
    distinct-mset D and
    distinct-mset C
  shows distinct-mset (D \# \cap C)
  {\bf using} \ assms \ {\bf unfolding} \ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}count\text{-}less\text{-}1
  by (meson dual-order.trans subset-mset.inf-le2 subseteq-mset-def)
lemma distinct-mset-remove1-All:
  distinct-mset\ C \Longrightarrow remove1-mset\ L\ C = removeAll-mset\ L\ C
  by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff distinct-mset-count-less-1)
lemma distinct-mset-size-2: distinct-mset \{\#a, b\#\} \longleftrightarrow a \neq b
  unfolding distinct-mset-def by auto
1.1.9
          Filter
lemma mset-filter-compl: mset (filter p xs) + mset (filter (Not \circ p) xs) = mset xs
 apply (induct xs)
  by simp
   (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ add\text{-}diff\text{-}cancel\text{-}left'\ comp\text{-}apply\ filter.simps(2)\ mset.simps(2)
       mset-compl-union)
\mathbf{lemma}\ image\text{-}mset\text{-}subseteq\text{-}mono\text{:}\ A\subseteq \#\ B \Longrightarrow image\text{-}mset\ f\ A\subseteq \#\ image\text{-}mset\ f\ B
  by (metis image-mset-union subset-mset.le-iff-add)
lemma image-filter-ne-mset[simp]:
  image-mset\ f\ \{\#x\in\#M.\ f\ x\neq y\#\} = removeAll-mset\ y\ (image-mset\ f\ M)
 by (induct M, auto, meson count-le-replicate-mset-le order-refl subset-mset.add-diff-assoc2)
lemma comprehension-mset-False[simp]:
  \{\# \ L \in \# \ A. \ False\#\} = \{\#\}
  by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
Near duplicate of filter-eq-replicate-mset: \{\#\ y \in \#\ ?D.\ y = ?x\#\} = replicate-mset\ (count\ ?D
lemma filter-mset-eq:
  filter-mset (op = L) A = replicate-mset (count A L) L
  by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
lemma filter-mset-union-mset:
 filter\text{-}mset\ P\ (A\ \#\cup\ B) = filter\text{-}mset\ P\ A\ \#\cup\ filter\text{-}mset\ P\ B
 by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
lemma filter-mset-mset-set:
 finite A \Longrightarrow \text{filter-mset } P \text{ (mset-set } A) = \text{mset-set } \{a \in A. P a\}
```

```
by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff count-mset-set-if)
See filter-cong for the set version. Mark as [fundef-cong] too?
lemma filter-mset-cong:
 assumes [simp]: M = M' and [simp]: \bigwedge a. \ a \in \# M \Longrightarrow P \ a = Q \ a
 shows filter-mset P M = filter-mset Q M
proof -
 have M – filter-mset Q M = filter-mset (\lambda a. \neg Q \ a) M
   by (subst multiset-partition[of - Q]) simp
 then show ?thesis
   by (auto simp: filter-mset-eq-conv)
qed
1.1.10
           Sums
lemma msetsum-distrib[simp]:
 fixes CD :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{comm-monoid-add\}
 shows (\sum x \in \#A. \ C \ x + D \ x) = (\sum x \in \#A. \ C \ x) + (\sum x \in \#A. \ D \ x)
 by (induction A) (auto simp: ac-simps)
{f lemma}\ msetsum-union-disjoint:
 assumes A \# \cap B = \{\#\}
 shows (\sum La \in \#A \# \cup B. f La) = (\sum La \in \#A. f La) + (\sum La \in \#B. f La)
 by (metis assms diff-zero empty-sup image-mset-union msetsum.union multiset-inter-commute
   multiset-union-diff-commute sup-subset-mset-def zero-diff)
1.1.11
           Order
Instantiating multiset order as a linear order.
TODO: remove when multiset is of sort ord again
instantiation multiset :: (linorder) linorder
begin
definition less-multiset :: 'a::linorder multiset \Rightarrow 'a multiset \Rightarrow bool where
  M' < M \longleftrightarrow M' \# \subset \# M
definition less-eq-multiset :: 'a multiset \Rightarrow 'a multiset \Rightarrowbool where
  (M'::'a\ multiset) \leq M \longleftrightarrow M' \# \subseteq \# M
instance
 by standard (auto simp add: less-eq-multiset-def less-multiset-def multiset-order.less-le-not-le
   add.commute multiset-order.add-right-mono)
```

1.2 Transitions

This theory contains some facts about closure, the definition of full transformations, and well-foundedness.

```
theory Wellfounded-More imports Main
```

begin

end end

1.2.1 More theorems about Closures

```
This is the equivalent of the theorem rtranclp-mono for tranclp
lemma tranclp-mono-explicit:
 r^{++} a b \Longrightarrow r \le s \Longrightarrow s^{++} a b
   using rtranclp-mono by (auto dest!: tranclpD intro: rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
lemma tranclp-mono:
 assumes mono: r \leq s
 shows r^{++} < s^{++}
   using rtranclp-mono[OF mono] mono by (auto dest!: tranclpD intro: rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
lemma tranclp-idemp-rel:
  R^{++++} a b \longleftrightarrow R^{++} a b
 apply (rule iffI)
   \mathbf{prefer}\ 2\ \mathbf{apply}\ \mathit{blast}
 by (induction rule: tranclp-induct) auto
Equivalent of the theorem rtranclp-idemp
lemma trancl-idemp: (r^+)^+ = r^+
 by simp
lemmas tranclp-idemp[simp] = trancl-idemp[to-pred]
This theorem already exists as theroem Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold (and sledgehammer uses it), but
it makes sense to duplicate it, because it is unclear how stable the lemmas in the ~~/src/HOL/
Nitpick.thy theory are.
lemma rtranclp-unfold: rtranclp r a b \longleftrightarrow (a = b \lor tranclp r a b)
 by (meson rtranclp.simps rtranclpD tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma tranclp-unfold-end: tranclp r \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (\exists a'. \ rtranclp \ r \ a \ a' \land r \ a' \ b)
 by (metis rtranclp.rtrancl-reft rtranclp-into-tranclp1 tranclp.cases tranclp-into-rtranclp)
Near duplicate of theorem tranclpD:
lemma tranclp-unfold-begin: tranclp r \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ a'. \ r \ a \ a' \land r tranclp \ r \ a' \ b)
 by (meson rtranclp-into-tranclp2 tranclpD)
lemma trancl-set-tranclp: (a, b) \in \{(b,a). \ P \ a \ b\}^+ \longleftrightarrow P^{++} \ b \ a
 apply (rule\ iffI)
   apply (induction rule: trancl-induct; simp)
 apply (induction rule: tranclp-induct; auto simp: trancl-into-trancl2)
lemma tranclp-rtranclp-rteal: R^{++**} a b \longleftrightarrow R^{**} a b
 by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold)
lemma tranclp-rtranclp[simp]: R^{++**} = R^{**}
 by (fastforce simp: rtranclp-unfold)
lemma rtranclp-exists-last-with-prop:
 assumes R x z and R^{**} z z' and P x z
 shows \exists y \ y'. R^{**} \ x \ y \land R \ y \ y' \land P \ y \ y' \land (\lambda a \ b. \ R \ a \ b \land \neg P \ a \ b)^{**} \ y' \ z'
 using assms(2,1,3)
proof (induction)
```

```
case base
  then show ?case by auto
  case (step z'z'') note z = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-5)]
 show ?case
    apply (cases P z' z'')
      apply (rule exI[of - z'], rule exI[of - z''])
      using z \ assms(1) \ step.hyps(1) \ step.prems(2) \ apply \ auto[1]
    using IH z rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl by fastforce
lemma rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left: (\lambda \ a \ b. \ P \ a \ b \land Q \ a \ b)^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P^{**} \ S \ T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
1.2.2
           Full Transitions
We define here properties to define properties after all possible transitions.
abbreviation no-step step S \equiv (\forall S'. \neg step S S')
definition full1 :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
full1 transf = (\lambda S S'. tranclp transf S S' \land (\forall S''. \neg transf S' S''))
definition full:: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
full transf = (\lambda S S'. rtranclp transf S S' \wedge (\forall S''. \neg transf S' S''))
We define output notations only for printing:
notation (output) full1 (-+\downarrow)
notation (output) full (-^{\downarrow})
lemma rtranclp-full11:
  R^{**} a b \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full1-def by auto
lemma tranclp-full11:
  R^{++} a b \Longrightarrow full1 R b c \Longrightarrow full1 R a c
  unfolding full1-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-fullI:
  R^{**} \ a \ b \Longrightarrow full \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full-def by auto
lemma tranclp-full-full1I:
  R^{++} a b \Longrightarrow full R b c \Longrightarrow full R a c
  unfolding full-def full1-def by auto
lemma full-fullI:
  R \ a \ b \Longrightarrow full \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full 1 \ R \ a \ c
 unfolding full-def full1-def by auto
lemma full-unfold:
 full\ r\ S\ S' \longleftrightarrow ((S = S' \land no\text{-step}\ r\ S') \lor full1\ r\ S\ S')
 unfolding full-def full1-def by (auto simp add: rtranclp-unfold)
lemma full1-is-full[intro]: full1 R S T \Longrightarrow full R S T
 by (simp add: full-unfold)
```

```
lemma not-full1-rtranclp-relation: \neg full1 \ R^{**} \ a \ b
  by (meson full1-def rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
lemma not-full-rtranclp-relation: \neg full\ R^{**}\ a\ b
  by (meson full-fullI not-full1-rtranclp-relation rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full1-tranclp-relation-full}:
 full1 R^{++} a b \longleftrightarrow full1 R a b
 by (metis converse-tranclpE full1-def reflclp-tranclp rtranclpD rtranclp-idemp rtranclp-reflclp
    tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp-into-rtranclp)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full-tranclp-relation-full}\colon
 full R^{++} \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow full R \ a \ b
 by (metis full-unfold full1-tranclp-relation-full tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclpD)
lemma rtranclp-full1-eq-or-full1:
  (full1\ R)^{**}\ a\ b\longleftrightarrow (a=b\lor full1\ R\ a\ b)
proof -
  have \forall p \ a \ aa. \ \neg \ p^{**} \ (a::'a) \ aa \lor a = aa \lor (\exists ab. \ p^{**} \ a \ ab \land p \ ab \ aa)
    by (metis rtranclp.cases)
  then obtain aa :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a where
    f1: \forall p \ a \ ab. \ \neg \ p^{**} \ a \ ab \lor \ a = ab \lor \ p^{**} \ a \ (aa \ p \ a \ ab) \land p \ (aa \ p \ a \ ab) \ ab
    \mathbf{by} \ moura
  { assume a \neq b
    { assume \neg full1 \ R \ a \ b \land a \neq b
      then have a \neq b \land a \neq b \land \neg full1 R (aa (full1 R) a b) b \lor \neg (full1 R)^{**} a b \land a \neq b
        using f1 by (metis (no-types) full1-def full1-tranclp-relation-full)
      then have ?thesis
        using f1 by blast }
    then have ?thesis
      by auto }
  then show ?thesis
    by fastforce
qed
lemma tranclp-full1-full1:
  (full1\ R)^{++}\ a\ b\longleftrightarrow full1\ R\ a\ b
 by (metis full1-def rtranclp-full1-eq-or-full1 tranclp-unfold-begin)
1.2.3
            Well-Foundedness and Full Transitions
```

```
lemma wf-exists-normal-form:

assumes wf:wf {(x, y). R y x}

shows \exists b. R^{**} a b \land no-step R b

proof (rule ccontr)

assume \neg ?thesis

then have H: \land b. \neg R^{**} a b \lor \neg no-step R b

by blast

def F \equiv rec-nat a (\land i b. SOME c. R b c)

have [simp]: F \theta = a

unfolding F-def by auto

have [simp]: \land i. F (Suc i) = (SOME b. R (F i) b)

using F-def by simp

{ fix i

have \forall j<i. R (F j) (F (Suc j))
```

```
proof (induction i)
      case \theta
      then show ?case by auto
     next
      case (Suc\ i)
      then have R^{**} a (F i)
        by (induction i) auto
      then have R (F i) (SOME b. R (F i) b)
        using H by (simp add: someI-ex)
      then have \forall j < Suc \ i. \ R \ (F \ j) \ (F \ (Suc \ j))
        using H Suc by (simp add: less-Suc-eq)
      then show ?case by fast
     qed
 }
 then have \forall j. R (F j) (F (Suc j)) by blast
 then show False
   using wf unfolding wfP-def wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by blast
lemma wf-exists-normal-form-full:
 assumes wf: wf \{(x, y). R y x\}
 shows \exists b. full R \ a \ b
 using wf-exists-normal-form[OF assms] unfolding full-def by blast
```

1.2.4 More Well-Foundedness

A little list of theorems that could be useful, but are hidden:

ullet link between $\it wf$ and infinite chains: theorems $\it wf$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it wf$ - $\it no$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it infinite$ - $\it infinite$ - $\it down$ - $\it chain$ and $\it infinite$ - $\it inf$

```
lemma wf-if-measure-in-wf:
  wf R \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge a \ b. \ (a, \ b) \in S \Longrightarrow (\nu \ a, \ \nu \ b) \in R) \Longrightarrow wf S
 by (metis in-inv-image wfE-min wfI-min wf-inv-image)
lemma wfP-if-measure: fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow nat
  shows (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow f \ y < f \ x) \Longrightarrow wf \ \{(y,x). \ P \ x \land g \ x \ y\}
  apply(insert \ wf-measure[of \ f])
 apply(simp only: measure-def inv-image-def less-than-def less-eq)
 apply(erule wf-subset)
 apply auto
  done
lemma wf-if-measure-f:
 assumes wf r
  shows wf \{(b, a), (f b, f a) \in r\}
  using assms by (metis inv-image-def wf-inv-image)
lemma wf-wf-if-measure':
  assumes wf r and H: \bigwedge x \ y. P x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow (f \ y, f \ x) \in r
  shows wf \{(y,x). P x \wedge g x y\}
proof -
  have wf \{(b, a). (f b, f a) \in r\} using assms(1) wf-if-measure-f by auto
  then have wf \{(b, a). P a \wedge g a b \wedge (f b, f a) \in r\}
    using wf-subset[of - \{(b, a). P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\}] by auto
  moreover have \{(b, a). P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} \subseteq \{(b, a). \ (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} by auto
```

```
moreover have \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} = \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b\} using H by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using wf-subset by simp
qed
lemma wf-lex-less: wf (lex \{(a, b), (a::nat) < b\})
proof -
 have m: \{(a, b), a < b\} = measure id by auto
 show ?thesis apply (rule wf-lex) unfolding m by auto
qed
lemma wfP-if-measure2: fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow nat
 shows (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \ y \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow f \ x < f \ y) \Longrightarrow wf \ \{(x,y). \ P \ x \ y \land g \ x \ y\}
 apply(insert\ wf-measure[of\ f])
 apply(simp only: measure-def inv-image-def less-than-def less-eq)
 apply(erule wf-subset)
 apply auto
  done
lemma lexord-on-finite-set-is-wf:
  assumes
    P-finite: \bigwedge U. P U \longrightarrow U \in A and
   finite: finite A and
   wf: wf R and
   trans: trans R
 shows wf \{(T, S), (P S \land P T) \land (T, S) \in lexord R\}
proof (rule wfP-if-measure2)
  \mathbf{fix} \ T S
 assume P: P S \wedge P T and
  s-le-t: (T, S) \in lexord R
 let ?f = \lambda S. \{U.(U, S) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ S\}
 have ?f T \subseteq ?f S
    using s-le-t P lexord-trans trans by auto
 moreover have T \in ?f S
   using s-le-t P by auto
 moreover have T \notin ?f T
   using s-le-t by (auto simp add: lexord-irreflexive local.wf)
  ultimately have \{U.\ (U,\ T)\in lexord\ R\land P\ U\land P\ T\}\subset \{U.\ (U,\ S)\in lexord\ R\land P\ U\land P\ S\}
   by auto
 moreover have finite \{U. (U, S) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ S\}
   \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{finite} \ \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis} \ (\mathit{no-types}, \ \mathit{lifting}) \ \mathit{P-finite} \ \mathit{finite-subset} \ \mathit{mem-Collect-eq} \ \mathit{subset} \mathit{I})
  ultimately show card (?f T) < card (?f S) by (simp add: psubset-card-mono)
qed
lemma wf-fst-wf-pair:
  assumes wf \{(M', M). R M' M\}
 shows wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R M' M\}
proof -
 have wf (\{(M', M). R M' M\} < *lex*> \{\})
   using assms by auto
  then show ?thesis
   by (rule wf-subset) auto
qed
lemma wf-snd-wf-pair:
 assumes wf \{(M', M). R M' M\}
```

```
shows wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R N' N\}
proof -
  have wf: wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R M' M\}
   using assms wf-fst-wf-pair by auto
  then have wf: \bigwedge P. \ (\forall x. \ (\forall y. \ (y, x) \in \{((M', N'), M, N). \ R \ M' \ M\} \longrightarrow P \ y) \longrightarrow P \ x) \Longrightarrow All \ P
   unfolding wf-def by auto
  show ?thesis
   unfolding wf-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
      fix P :: 'c \times 'a \Rightarrow bool \text{ and } x :: 'c \times 'a
      assume H: \forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in \{((M', N'), M, y). R N'y\} \longrightarrow P y) \longrightarrow P x
      obtain a b where x: x = (a, b) by (cases x)
      have P: P \ x = (P \circ (\lambda(a, b), (b, a))) \ (b, a)
       unfolding x by auto
      show P x
       using wf[of P \ o \ (\lambda(a, b), (b, a))] apply rule
          using H apply simp
       unfolding P by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma wf-if-measure-f-notation2:
  assumes wf r
 shows wf \{(b, h a) | b a. (f b, f (h a)) \in r\}
 apply (rule wf-subset)
  using wf-if-measure-f[OF\ assms,\ of\ f] by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{wf-wf-if-measure'-notation2}\colon
  assumes wf r and H: \bigwedge x y. P x \Longrightarrow g x y \Longrightarrow (f y, f (h x)) \in r
  shows wf \{(y,h x)| y x. P x \wedge g x y\}
proof -
 have wf \{(b, h a) | b \ a. \ (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\} using assms(1) wf-if-measure-f-notation2 by auto
  then have wf \{(b, h a)|b a. P a \wedge g a b \wedge (f b, f (h a)) \in r\}
   using wf-subset[of - \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\}] by auto
  moreover have \{(b, h \ a)|b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\}
    \subseteq \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a. \ (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\} by auto
 moreover have \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\} = \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b\}
   using H by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using wf-subset by simp
qed
end
theory List-More
imports Main ../lib/Multiset-More
begin
Sledgehammer parameters
sledgehammer-params[debug]
```

1.3 Various Lemmas

Close to the theorem nat-less-induct $((n. \forall m < n. ?P m \implies ?P n) \implies ?P ?n)$, but with a separation between the zero and non-zero case.

 ${f thm}$ nat-less-induct

```
lemma nat-less-induct-case[case-names 0 Suc]: assumes

P \ 0 and

\bigwedge n. \ (\forall \ m < Suc \ n. \ P \ m) \Longrightarrow P \ (Suc \ n) shows P \ n apply (induction rule: nat-less-induct)
by (rename-tac n, case-tac n) (auto intro: assms)
```

This is only proved in simple cases by auto. In assumptions, nothing happens, and the theorem *if-split-asm* can blow up goals (because of other if-expressions either in the context or as simplification rules).

```
lemma if-0-1-ge-0[simp]: 0 < (if \ P \ then \ a \ else \ (0::nat)) \longleftrightarrow P \land 0 < a by auto
```

Bounded function have not yet been defined in Isabelle.

```
definition bounded where
bounded f \longleftrightarrow (\exists b. \forall n. f n \leq b)
abbreviation unbounded :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b::ord) \Rightarrow bool where
unbounded f \equiv \neg bounded f
lemma not-bounded-nat-exists-larger:
  fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
 assumes unbound: unbounded f
 shows \exists n. f n > m \land n > n_0
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume H: \neg ?thesis
  have finite \{f \mid n \mid n. \ n \leq n_0\}
   by auto
  have \bigwedge n. f n \leq Max (\{f n | n. n \leq n_0\} \cup \{m\})
   apply (case-tac n \leq n_0)
   apply (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-ge Un-insert-right (finite \{f \mid n \mid n. n \leq n_0\})
     finite-insert insertCI mem-Collect-eq sup-bot.right-neutral)
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) H Max-less-iff Un-insert-right (finite \{f \mid n \mid n. n \leq n_0\})
     finite-insert insertI1 insert-not-empty leI sup-bot.right-neutral)
  then show False
   using unbound unfolding bounded-def by auto
```

A function is bounded iff its product with a non-zero constant is bounded. The non-zero condition is needed only for the reverse implication (see for example k = 0 and $f = (\lambda i. i)$ for a counter-example).

```
lemma bounded-const-product:

fixes k :: nat and f :: nat \Rightarrow nat

assumes k > 0

shows bounded f \longleftrightarrow bounded (\lambda i. \ k * f \ i)

unfolding bounded-def apply (rule iffI)

using mult-le-mono2 apply blast

by (meson assms le-less-trans less-or-eq-imp-le nat-mult-less-cancel-disj split-div-lemma)
```

This lemma is not used, but here to show that property that can be expected from *bounded* holds.

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{bounded-finite-linorder}\colon$

```
fixes f: 'a \Rightarrow 'a :: \{finite, linorder\}

shows bounded f

proof —

have \bigwedge x. f x \leq Max \{f x | x. True\}

by (metis (mono-tags) Max-ge finite mem-Collect-eq)

then show ?thesis

unfolding bounded-def by blast

qed
```

1.4 More List

1.4.1 *upt*

The simplification rules are not very handy, because theorem upt.simps (2) (i.e. $[?i...<Suc ?j] = (if ?i \le ?j then [?i...<?j] @ [?j] else []))$ leads to a case distinction, that we do not want if the condition is not in the context.

```
lemma upt-Suc-le-append: \neg i \leq j \Longrightarrow [i.. < Suc \ j] = [] by auto
```

 $\mathbf{lemmas}\ upt\text{-}simps[simp] = upt\text{-}Suc\text{-}append\ upt\text{-}Suc\text{-}le\text{-}append$

declare $upt.simps(2)[simp \ del]$

The counterpart for this lemma when n - m < i is theorem take-all. It is close to theorem ? $i + ?m \le ?n \Longrightarrow take ?m [?i..<?n] = [?i..<?i + ?m]$, but seems more general.

```
\textbf{lemma} \ take-upt-bound-minus[simp]:
```

```
assumes i \le n - m
shows take \ i \ [m... < n] = [m \ ... < m+i]
using assms by (induction \ i) auto
```

```
lemma append-cons-eq-upt:
```

```
assumes A @ B = [m..< n]
shows A = [m ..< m+length A] and B = [m + length A..< n]
proof -
```

have take (length A) (A @ B) = A by auto

moreover

have length $A \le n - m$ using assms linear calculation by fastforce

then have take (length A) [m..< n] = [m ..< m+length A] by auto ultimately show A = [m ..< m+length A] using assms by auto

show B = [m + length A... < n] using assms by (metis append-eq-conv-conj drop-upt) qed

The converse of theorem append-cons-eq-upt does not hold, for example if @ term "B:: nat list" is empty and A is [0::'a]:

```
lemma A @ B = [m.. < n] \longleftrightarrow A = [m .. < m + length A] \land B = [m + length A.. < n]
```

oops

A more restrictive version holds:

```
lemma B \neq [] \Longrightarrow A @ B = [m.. < n] \longleftrightarrow A = [m .. < m + length A] \land B = [m + length A.. < n] (is ?P \Longrightarrow ?A = ?B) proof
```

assume ?A then show ?B by (auto simp add: append-cons-eq-upt)

```
next
 assume ?P and ?B
 then show ?A using append-eq-conv-conj by fastforce
qed
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length-i:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m.. < n]
 shows A = [m ... < i]
proof -
 have A = [m ... < m + length A] using assms append-cons-eq-upt by auto
 have (A @ i \# B) ! (length A) = i by auto
 moreover have n - m = length (A @ i \# B)
   using assms length-upt by presburger
 then have [m..< n] ! (length A) = m + length A by simp
 ultimately have i = m + length A using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using \langle A = [m ... < m + length A] \rangle by auto
qed
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m.. < n]
 shows length A = i - m
 using assms
proof (induction A arbitrary: m)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by (metis append-Nil diff-is-0-eq list.size(3) order-reft upt-eq-Cons-conv)
next
 case (Cons\ a\ A)
 then have A: A @ i \# B = [m + 1... < n] by (metis append-Cons upt-eq-Cons-conv)
 then have m < i by (metis Cons.prems append-cons-eq-upt-length-i upt-eq-Cons-conv)
 with Cons.IH[OF A] show ?case by auto
qed
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m.. < n]
 shows B = [Suc \ i ... < n]
proof -
 have B = [Suc \ m + length \ A... < n] using assms append-cons-eq-upt of A @ [i] \ B \ m \ n] by auto
 have (A @ i \# B) ! (length A) = i by auto
 moreover have n - m = length (A @ i \# B)
   using assms length-upt by auto
 then have [m.. < n]! (length A) = m + length A by simp
 ultimately have i = m + length A using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using \langle B = [Suc \ m + length \ A... < n] \rangle by auto
lemma Max-n-upt: Max (insert \theta {Suc \theta ... < n}) = n - Suc \theta
proof (induct n)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this
 have i: insert 0 \{ Suc \ 0 ... < Suc \ n \} = insert \ 0 \{ Suc \ 0 ... < n \} \cup \{ n \} by auto
 show ?case using IH unfolding i by auto
qed
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ upt\text{-}decomp\text{-}lt$:

```
assumes H: xs @ i \# ys @ j \# zs = [m .. < n]
 shows i < j
proof -
 have xs: xs = [m ... < i] and ys: ys = [Suc \ i ... < j] and zs: zs = [Suc \ j ... < n]
   \mathbf{using}\ H\ \mathbf{by}\ (auto\ dest:\ append-cons-eq-upt-length-i\ append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end)
 show ?thesis
   by (metis append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end assms lessI less-trans self-append-conv2
     upt-eq-Cons-conv upt-rec ys)
qed
The following two lemmas are useful as simp rules for case-distinction. The case length l=0
is already simplified by default.
lemma length-list-Suc-0:
 length W = Suc \ \theta \longleftrightarrow (\exists L. \ W = [L])
 apply (cases W)
   apply simp
 apply (rename-tac a W', case-tac W')
 apply auto
 done
lemma length-list-2: length S = 2 \longleftrightarrow (\exists a \ b. \ S = [a, b])
 apply (cases S)
  apply simp
 apply (rename-tac \ a \ S')
 apply (case-tac S')
 by simp-all
lemma finite-bounded-list:
 fixes b :: nat
 shows finite \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \mid i < b)\} (is finite (?S \ s))
proof (induction s)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (Suc s) note IH = this(1)
 have H: ?S (Suc s) \subseteq ?S s \cup \{x \# xs | x xs. x < b \land length xs < s \land (\forall i < length xs. xs! i < b)\}
   \cup {[]}
   (is - \subseteq - \cup ?C \cup -)
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ xs
     assume xs \in ?S (Suc s)
     then have B: \forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \mid i < b \ and \ len: \ length \ xs < Suc \ s
       by auto
     consider
       (st) length xs < s
       (s) length xs = 0 and s = 0
       (s') s' where length xs = Suc s'
       using len by (cases s) (auto simp add: Nat.less-Suc-eq)
     then show xs \in ?S \ s \cup ?C \cup \{[]\}
       proof cases
         case st
         then show ?thesis using B by auto
       next
         then show ?thesis using B by auto
       next
```

```
case s' note len\text{-}xs = this(1)
then obtain x xs' where xs: xs = x \# xs' by (cases\ xs) auto
then show ?thesis using len\text{-}xs\ B len\ s' unfolding xs by auto
qed
have ?C \subseteq (case\text{-}prod\ Cons) '(\{x.\ x < b\} \times ?S\ s)
by auto
moreover have finite\ (\{x.\ x < b\} \times ?S\ s)
using IH by (auto\ simp:\ finite\text{-}cartesian\text{-}product\text{-}iff)
ultimately have finite\ ?C by (simp\ add:\ finite\text{-}surj)
then have finite\ (?S\ s \cup ?C\ \cup\ \{[]\})
using IH by auto
then show ?case\ using\ H by (auto\ intro:\ finite\text{-}subset)
ed
```

1.4.2 Lexicographic Ordering

```
lemma lexn-Suc:
```

```
(x \# xs, y \# ys) \in lexn \ r \ (Suc \ n) \longleftrightarrow (length \ xs = n \land length \ ys = n) \land ((x, y) \in r \lor (x = y \land (xs, ys) \in lexn \ r \ n))
by (auto simp: map-prod-def image-iff lex-prod-def)

lemma lexn-n:
n > 0 \Longrightarrow (x \# xs, y \# ys) \in lexn \ r \ n \longleftrightarrow (length \ xs = n-1 \land length \ ys = n-1) \land ((x, y) \in r \lor (x = y \land (xs, ys) \in lexn \ r \ (n-1)))
apply (cases n)
apply simp
by (auto simp: map-prod-def image-iff lex-prod-def)
```

There is some subtle point in the proof here. 1 is converted to $Suc\ \theta$, but 2 is not: meaning that 1 is automatically simplified by default using the default simplification rule lexn.simps. However, the latter needs additional simplification rule (see the proof of the theorem above).

```
lemma lexn2-conv:
```

```
by (auto simp: lexn-n simp del: lexn.simps(2))

lemma lexn3-conv:

([a, b, c], [a', b', c']) \in lexn r 3 \longleftrightarrow

(a, a') \in r \lor (a = a' \land (b, b') \in r) \lor (a = a' \land b = b' \land (c, c') \in r)

by (auto simp: lexn-n simp del: lexn.simps(2))
```

 $([a, b], [c, d]) \in lexn \ r \ 2 \longleftrightarrow (a, c) \in r \lor (a = c \land (b, d) \in r)$

1.4.3 Remove

More lemmas about remove

```
lemma remove1-Nil: remove1 (- L) W = [] \longleftrightarrow (W = [] \lor W = [-L]) by (cases W) auto

lemma remove1-mset-single-add: a \neq b \Longrightarrow remove1-mset a \ (\{\#b\#\} + C) = \{\#b\#\} + remove1-mset a \ (\{\#a\#\} + C) = C by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
```

Remove under condition

end

This function removes the first element such that the condition f holds. It generalises remove1.

```
fun remove1-cond where
remove1-cond f [] = [] |
remove1-cond f(C' \# L) = (iff C' then L else C' \# remove1-cond f L)
lemma remove1 x xs = remove1-cond ((op =) x) xs
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma mset-map-mset-remove1-cond:
  mset\ (map\ mset\ (remove1\text{-}cond\ (\lambda L.\ mset\ L=mset\ a)\ C)) =
   remove1-mset (mset a) (mset (map mset C))
 by (induction C) (auto simp: ac-simps remove1-mset-single-add)
We can also generalise removeAll, which is close to filter:
\mathbf{fun}\ \mathit{removeAll\text{-}cond}\ \mathbf{where}
removeAll-cond\ f\ []=[]\ |
removeAll\text{-}cond f (C' \# L) =
 (if \ f \ C' \ then \ removeAll-cond \ f \ L \ else \ C' \ \# \ removeAll-cond \ f \ L)
lemma removeAll \ x \ xs = removeAll-cond \ ((op =) \ x) \ xs
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma removeAll-cond P xs = filter (\lambda x. \neg P x) xs
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma mset-map-mset-removeAll-cond:
 mset\ (map\ mset\ (removeAll\text{-}cond\ (\lambda b.\ mset\ b=mset\ a)\ C))
= removeAll-mset (mset a) (mset (map mset C))
 by (induction C) (auto simp: ac-simps mset-less-eqI multiset-diff-union-assoc)
The definition and the correctness theorem are from the multiset theory ~~/src/HOL/Library/
Multiset.thy, but a name is necessary to refer to them:
abbreviation union-mset-list where
union-mset-list xs ys \equiv case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x \# zs)) xs (ys, \|)
lemma union-mset-list:
 mset \ xs \ \# \cup \ mset \ ys = \ mset \ (union-mset-list \ xs \ ys)
proof -
 have \bigwedge zs. mset (case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x # zs)) xs (ys, zs))) =
     (mset \ xs \ \# \cup \ mset \ ys) + \ mset \ zs
   by (induct xs arbitrary: ys) (simp-all add: multiset-eq-iff)
 then show ?thesis by simp
qed
Filter
lemma distinct-filter-eq-if:
  distinct C \Longrightarrow length (filter (op = L) C) = (if L \in set C then 1 else 0)
 by (induction C) auto
```

Chapter 2

Definition of Entailment

This chapter defines various form of entailment.

2.1 Clausal Logic

end

```
theory Clausal-Logic imports ../lib/Multiset-More begin
```

Resolution operates of clauses, which are disjunctions of literals. The material formalized here corresponds roughly to Sections 2.1 ("Formulas and Clauses") of Bachmair and Ganzinger, excluding the formula and term syntax.

2.1.1 Literals

```
Literals consist of a polarity (positive or negative) and an atom, of type 'a.
datatype 'a literal =
 is-pos: Pos (atm-of: 'a)
| Neg (atm-of: 'a) |
abbreviation is-neg :: 'a literal \Rightarrow bool where is-neg L \equiv \neg is-pos L
lemma Pos-atm-of-iff[simp]: Pos (atm-of L) = L \longleftrightarrow is-pos L
 by auto (metis\ literal.disc(1))
lemma Neg-atm-of-iff[simp]: Neg (atm-of L) = L \longleftrightarrow is-neg L
 by auto (metis literal.disc(2))
lemma ex-lit-cases: (\exists L. P L) \longleftrightarrow (\exists A. P (Pos A) \lor P (Neg A))
 by (metis literal.exhaust)
instantiation literal :: (type) \ uminus
begin
definition uminus-literal :: 'a literal \Rightarrow 'a literal where
 uminus\ L = (if\ is\text{-}pos\ L\ then\ Neg\ else\ Pos)\ (atm\text{-}of\ L)
instance ..
```

end

```
lemma
  uminus-Pos[simp]: - Pos A = Neg A and
  uminus-Neg[simp]: - Neg A = Pos A
  unfolding uminus-literal-def by simp-all
lemma atm-of-uminus[simp]:
  atm\text{-}of\ (-L) = atm\text{-}of\ L
  by (case-tac\ L,\ auto)
lemma uminus-of-uminus-id[simp]:
  -(-(x:: 'v \ literal)) = x
 by (simp add: uminus-literal-def)
lemma uminus-not-id[simp]:
  x \neq -(x:: 'v \ literal)
 by (case-tac \ x, \ auto)
lemma uminus-not-id'[simp]:
  -x \neq (x:: 'v \ literal)
 by (case-tac \ x, \ auto)
lemma uminus-eq-inj[iff]:
  -(a::'v \ literal) = -b \longleftrightarrow a = b
 by (case-tac a; case-tac b) auto+
lemma uminus-lit-swap:
  (a::'a\ literal) = -b \longleftrightarrow -a = b
 by auto
instantiation literal :: (preorder) preorder
begin
definition less-literal :: 'a literal \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool where
  less-literal L M \longleftrightarrow atm-of L < atm-of M \lor atm-of L \le atm-of M \land is-neg L < is-neg M
definition less-eq-literal :: 'a literal \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool where
  less-eq\mbox{-}literal\ L\ M \longleftrightarrow atm\mbox{-}of\ L < atm\mbox{-}of\ M\ \lor\ atm\mbox{-}of\ L \le atm\mbox{-}of\ M\ \land\ is\mbox{-}neg\ L \le is\mbox{-}neg\ M
instance
 apply intro-classes
  unfolding less-literal-def less-eq-literal-def by (auto intro: order-trans simp: less-le-not-le)
end
instantiation literal :: (order) order
begin
instance
 apply intro-classes
 unfolding less-eq-literal-def by (auto intro: literal.expand)
end
lemma pos-less-neg[simp]: Pos A < Neg A
```

```
unfolding less-literal-def by simp
lemma pos-less-pos-iff[simp]: Pos A < Pos \ B \longleftrightarrow A < B
  unfolding less-literal-def by simp
lemma pos-less-neg-iff[simp]: Pos A < Neg B \longleftrightarrow A \leq B
  unfolding less-literal-def by (auto simp: less-le-not-le)
lemma neg-less-pos-iff[simp]: Neg A < Pos \ B \longleftrightarrow A < B
  unfolding less-literal-def by simp
lemma neg-less-neg-iff[simp]: Neg A < Neg B \longleftrightarrow A < B
  unfolding less-literal-def by simp
lemma pos-le-neg[simp]: Pos A \leq Neg A
  unfolding less-eq-literal-def by simp
lemma pos-le-pos-iff[simp]: Pos A < Pos \ B \longleftrightarrow A < B
  unfolding less-eq-literal-def by (auto simp: less-le-not-le)
lemma pos-le-neg-iff[simp]: Pos A \leq Neg \ B \longleftrightarrow A \leq B
  unfolding less-eq-literal-def by (auto simp: less-imp-le)
lemma neg-le-pos-iff[simp]: Neg A \leq Pos \ B \longleftrightarrow A < B
  unfolding less-eq-literal-def by simp
lemma neg-le-neg-iff[simp]: Neg A \leq Neg \ B \longleftrightarrow A \leq B
  unfolding less-eq-literal-def by (auto simp: less-imp-le)
lemma leq-imp-less-eq-atm-of: L \leq M \Longrightarrow atm-of L \leq atm-of M
 by (metis less-eq-literal-def less-le-not-le)
instantiation literal :: (linorder) linorder
begin
instance
  apply intro-classes
 unfolding less-eq-literal-def less-literal-def by auto
end
instantiation literal :: (wellorder) wellorder
begin
instance
proof intro-classes
 fix P :: 'a \ literal \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and} \ L :: 'a \ literal
 assume ih: \bigwedge L. (\bigwedge M. M < L \Longrightarrow PM) \Longrightarrow PL
 have \bigwedge x. \ (\bigwedge y. \ y < x \Longrightarrow P \ (Pos \ y) \land P \ (Neg \ y)) \Longrightarrow P \ (Pos \ x) \land P \ (Neg \ x)
   by (rule conjI[OF ih ih])
     (auto simp: less-literal-def atm-of-def split: literal.splits intro: ih)
  hence \bigwedge A. P(Pos A) \wedge P(Neg A)
   by (rule less-induct) blast
  thus PL
   by (cases L) simp+
```

qed

2.1.2 Clauses

```
Clauses are (finite) multisets of literals.
type-synonym 'a clause = 'a literal multiset
abbreviation poss: 'a multiset \Rightarrow 'a clause where poss AA \equiv \{ \#Pos \ A. \ A \in \# \ AA\# \}
abbreviation negs: 'a multiset \Rightarrow 'a clause where negs AA \equiv \{\#Neg \ A. \ A \in \#AA\#\}
lemma image-replicate-mset [simp]: \{\#f A. A \in \# replicate-mset \ n \ A\#\} = replicate-mset \ n \ (f \ A)
 by (induct \ n) (simp, subst replicate-mset-Suc, simp)
lemma Max-in-lits: C \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow Max \ (set\text{-mset} \ C) \in \# \ C
 by (rule Max-in[OF finite-set-mset, unfolded set-mset-eq-empty-iff])
lemma Max-atm-of-set-mset-commute: C \neq \{\#\} \implies Max \ (atm\text{-of `set-mset } C) = atm\text{-of } (Max)
(set\text{-}mset\ C))
 by (rule mono-Max-commute[symmetric])
   (auto simp: mono-def atm-of-def less-eq-literal-def less-literal-def)
lemma Max-pos-neq-less-multiset:
 assumes max: Max (set-mset C) = Pos A and neg: Neg A \in \# D
 shows C \# \subset \# D
proof -
 have Max (set\text{-}mset C) < Neg A
   using max by simp
 thus ?thesis
   using neg by (metis (no-types) ex-gt-imp-less-multiset Max-less-iff[OF finite-set-mset]
     all-not-in-conv)
qed
lemma pos-Max-imp-neg-notin: Max (set-mset C) = Pos A \Longrightarrow Neg A \notin H
 using Max-pos-neq-less-multiset[unfolded multiset-linorder.not-le[symmetric]] by blast
lemma less-eq-Max-lit: C \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow Max (set\text{-mset } C) \leq Max (set\text{-mset } D)
proof (unfold le-multiset_{HO})
 assume ne: C \neq \{\#\} and ex-gt: \forall x. count D x < count C x \longrightarrow (\exists y > x. count C y < count D y)
 from ne have Max (set\text{-}mset \ C) \in \# \ C
   by (fast intro: Max-in-lits)
 hence \exists l. l \in \# D \land \neg l < Max (set-mset C)
   using ex-gt by (metis count-greater-zero-iff count-inI less-not-sym)
 hence \neg Max (set-mset D) < Max (set-mset C)
   by (metis Max.coboundedI[OF finite-set-mset] le-less-trans)
 thus ?thesis
   by simp
qed
definition atms-of :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a set where
  atms-of C = atm-of 'set-mset C
lemma atms-of-empty[simp]: atms-of \{\#\} = \{\}
  unfolding atms-of-def by simp
```

```
lemma atms-of-singleton[simp]: atms-of \{\#L\#\} = \{atm-of L\}
  unfolding atms-of-def by auto
lemma atms-of-union-mset[simp]:
  atms-of (A \# \cup B) = atms-of A \cup atms-of B
  unfolding atms-of-def by (auto simp: max-def split: if-split-asm)
lemma finite-atms-of[iff]: finite (atms-of C)
 unfolding atms-of-def by simp
lemma atm-of-lit-in-atms-of: L \in \# C \Longrightarrow atm-of L \in atms-of C
  unfolding atms-of-def by simp
lemma atms-of-plus[simp]: atms-of (C + D) = atms-of C \cup atms-of D
 unfolding atms-of-def image-def by auto
lemma pos-lit-in-atms-of: Pos A \in \# C \Longrightarrow A \in atms-of C
 unfolding atms-of-def by (metis image-iff literal.sel(1))
lemma neg-lit-in-atms-of: Neg A \in \# C \Longrightarrow A \in atms-of C
  unfolding atms-of-def by (metis image-iff literal.sel(2))
lemma atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit: A \in atms-of C \Longrightarrow Pos \ A \in \# \ C \lor Neg \ A \in \# \ C
  unfolding atms-of-def image-def mem-Collect-eq
 by (metis Neg-atm-of-iff Pos-atm-of-iff)
lemma atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit: A \in atms-of L \longleftrightarrow Pos \ A \in \# \ L \lor Neg \ A \in \# \ L
 by (auto intro: pos-lit-in-atms-of neg-lit-in-atms-of dest: atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit)
lemma atm-of-eq-atm-of:
  atm\text{-}of\ L=atm\text{-}of\ L'\longleftrightarrow (L=L'\lor\ L=-L')
 by (cases L; cases L') auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}in\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}set\text{-}iff\text{-}in\text{-}set\text{-}or\text{-}uminus\text{-}in\text{-}set:}
  atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\ `I\longleftrightarrow (L\in I\lor -L\in I)
 by (auto intro: rev-image-eqI simp: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
lemma lits-subseteq-imp-atms-subseteq: set-mset C \subseteq set-mset D \Longrightarrow atms-of C \subseteq atms-of D \subseteq
 unfolding atms-of-def by blast
lemma atms-empty-iff-empty[iff]: atms-of C = \{\} \longleftrightarrow C = \{\#\}
 unfolding atms-of-def image-def Collect-empty-eq
 by (metis all-not-in-conv set-mset-eq-empty-iff)
lemma
  atms-of-poss[simp]: atms-of (poss\ AA) = set-mset\ AA and
  atms-of-negg[simp]: atms-of (negs AA) = set-mset AA
  unfolding atms-of-def image-def by auto
lemma less-eq-Max-atms-of: C \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow Max (atms-of C) \leq Max (atms-of D)
 unfolding atms-of-def
 by (metis Max-atm-of-set-mset-commute le-multiset-empty-right leq-imp-less-eq-atm-of
   less-eq-Max-lit)
lemma le-multiset-Max-in-imp-Max:
  Max\ (atms\text{-}of\ D) = A \Longrightarrow C \ \# \subseteq \#\ D \Longrightarrow A \in atms\text{-}of\ C \Longrightarrow Max\ (atms\text{-}of\ C) = A
```

```
by (metis Max.coboundedI[OF finite-atms-of] atms-of-def empty-iff eq-iff image-subsetI less-eq-Max-atms-of set-mset-empty subset-Compl-self-eq)
```

lemma atm-of-Max-lit[simp]: $C \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow atm$ -of (Max (set-mset C)) = Max (atms-of C) unfolding atms-of-def Max-atm-of-set-mset-commute ..

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{Max-lit-eq-pos-or-neg-Max-atm}:$

 $C \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow Max \ (set\text{-}mset \ C) = Pos \ (Max \ (atms\text{-}of \ C)) \lor Max \ (set\text{-}mset \ C) = Neg \ (Max \ (atms\text{-}of \ C))$

by (metis Neg-atm-of-iff Pos-atm-of-iff atm-of-Max-lit)

lemma atms-less-imp-lit-less-pos: $(\bigwedge B.\ B \in atms\text{-of } C \Longrightarrow B < A) \Longrightarrow L \in \#\ C \Longrightarrow L < Pos\ A$ unfolding atms-of-def less-literal-def by force

lemma atms-less-eq-imp-lit-less-eq-neg: $(\bigwedge B.\ B \in atms\text{-}of\ C \Longrightarrow B \le A) \Longrightarrow L \in \#\ C \Longrightarrow L \le Neg\ A$ unfolding less-eq-literal-def by $(simp\ add:\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}lit\text{-}in\text{-}atms\text{-}of)$

end

2.2 Herbrand Interretation

theory Herbrand-Interpretation imports Clausal-Logic begin

Resolution operates of clauses, which are disjunctions of literals. The material formalized here corresponds roughly to Sections 2.2 ("Herbrand Interpretations") of Bachmair and Ganzinger, excluding the formula and term syntax.

2.2.1 Herbrand Interpretations

A Herbrand interpretation is a set of ground atoms that are to be considered true.

type-synonym 'a interp = 'a set

```
definition true-lit :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool (infix \models l \ 50) where I \models l \ L \longleftrightarrow (if \ is\text{-pos}\ L \ then\ (\lambda P.\ P) \ else\ Not)\ (atm\text{-of}\ L \in I)
```

lemma true-lit-simps[simp]:

$$I \models l \ Pos \ A \longleftrightarrow A \in I$$

 $I \models l \ Neg \ A \longleftrightarrow A \notin I$
unfolding $true$ -lit-def by $auto$

lemma true-lit-iff[iff]:
$$I \models l \ L \longleftrightarrow (\exists A. \ L = Pos \ A \land A \in I \lor L = Neg \ A \land A \notin I)$$
 by $(cases \ L) \ simp+$

definition true-cls :: 'a interp
$$\Rightarrow$$
 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix $\models 5\theta$) where $I \models C \longleftrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# \ C \land I \models l \ L)$

```
lemma true-cls-empty[iff]: \neg I \models \{\#\} unfolding true-cls-def by simp
```

lemma true-cls-singleton[iff]: $I \models \{\#L\#\} \longleftrightarrow I \models l \ L$ unfolding true-cls-def by simp

```
lemma true-cls-union[iff]: I \models C + D \longleftrightarrow I \models C \lor I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mono: set-mset C \subseteq set-mset D \Longrightarrow I \models C \Longrightarrow I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def subset-eq by metis
lemma
  assumes I \subseteq J
  shows
    false-to-true-imp-ex-pos: \neg I \models C \Longrightarrow J \models C \Longrightarrow \exists A \in J. \ Pos \ A \in \# \ C and
    true-to-false-imp-ex-neg: I \models C \Longrightarrow \neg J \models C \Longrightarrow \exists A \in J. Neg A \in \# C
  using assms unfolding subset-iff true-cls-def
  by (metis literal.collapse true-lit-simps)+
lemma true-cls-replicate-mset[iff]: I \models replicate-mset \ n \ L \longleftrightarrow n \neq 0 \land I \models l \ L
  by (induct \ n) auto
lemma pos-literal-in-imp-true-cls[intro]: Pos A \in \mathcal{H} C \Longrightarrow A \in I \Longrightarrow I \models C
  by (metis\ true-cls-def\ true-lit-simps(1))
lemma neg-literal-notin-imp-true-cls[intro]: Neg A \in \# C \Longrightarrow A \notin I \Longrightarrow I \models C
  by (metis\ true\text{-}cls\text{-}def\ true\text{-}lit\text{-}simps(2))
lemma pos-neg-in-imp-true: Pos A \in \# C \Longrightarrow Neg A \in \# C \Longrightarrow I \models C
  unfolding true-cls-def by (metis true-lit-simps)
definition true-clss :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelss 50) where
  I \models s \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in CC. \ I \models C)
lemma true-clss-empty[iff]: I \models s \{ \}
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-singleton[iff]: I \models s \{C\} \longleftrightarrow I \models C
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-union[iff]: I \models s \ CC \cup DD \longleftrightarrow I \models s \ CC \land I \models s \ DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-mono: DD \subseteq CC \Longrightarrow I \models s \ CC \Longrightarrow I \models s \ DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
abbreviation satisfiable :: 'a \ clause \ set \Rightarrow bool \ where
  satisfiable CC \equiv \exists I. \ I \models s \ CC
definition true-cls-mset :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix \models m \ 50) where
  I \models m \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C. \ C \in \# \ CC \longrightarrow I \models C)
lemma true-cls-mset-empty[iff]: I \models m \{\#\}
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto
lemma true\text{-}cls\text{-}mset\text{-}singleton[iff]: I \models m \{\#C\#\} \longleftrightarrow I \models C
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mset-union[iff]: I \models m \ CC + DD \longleftrightarrow I \models m \ CC \land I \models m \ DD
```

unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto

```
lemma true-cls-mset-image-mset[iff]: I \models m image-mset f A \longleftrightarrow (\forall x : x \in \# A \longrightarrow I \models f x)
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto
```

lemma true-cls-mset-mono: set-mset $DD \subseteq set$ -mset $CC \Longrightarrow I \models m \ CC \Longrightarrow I \models m \ DD$ unfolding true-cls-mset-def subset-iff by auto

lemma true-clss-set-mset[iff]: $I \models s$ set-mset $CC \longleftrightarrow I \models m$ CCunfolding true-clss-def true-cls-mset-def by auto

end

2.3 Partial Clausal Logic

theory Partial-Clausal-Logic imports ../lib/Clausal-Logic List-More begin

We define here entailment by a set of literals. This is not an Herbrand interpretation and has different properties. One key difference is that such a set can be inconsistent (i.e. containing both L and -L).

Satisfiability is defined by the existence of a total and consistent model.

2.3.1 Clauses

```
Clauses are (finite) multisets of literals.
type-synonym 'a clause = 'a literal multiset
type-synonym 'v \ clauses = 'v \ clause \ set
```

2.3.2Partial Interpretations

```
type-synonym 'a interp = 'a literal set
definition true-lit :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelsl 50) where
  I \models l \ L \longleftrightarrow L \in I
declare true-lit-def[simp]
```

Consistency

```
definition consistent-interp :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow bool where
consistent-interp I = (\forall L. \neg (L \in I \land -L \in I))
lemma consistent-interp-empty[simp]:
  consistent-interp {} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-single[simp]:
  consistent-interp \{L\} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-subset:
 assumes
   A \subseteq B and
   consistent-interp B
 shows consistent-interp A
```

using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ consistent\text{-}interp\text{-}change\text{-}insert\text{:}
  a \notin A \Longrightarrow -a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent\text{-interp (insert } (-a) \ A) \longleftrightarrow consistent\text{-interp (insert } a \ A)
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by fastforce
lemma consistent-interp-insert-pos[simp]:
  a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp\ (insert\ a\ A) \longleftrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp\ A \land -a \notin A
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-insert-not-in:
  consistent-interp A \Longrightarrow a \notin A \Longrightarrow -a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent-interp (insert a A)
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
Atoms
We define here various lifting of atm-of (applied to a single literal) to set and multisets of
literals.
definition atms-of-ms :: 'a literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'a set where
atms-of-ms \ \psi s = \bigcup (atms-of '\psi s)
lemma atms-of-mmltiset[simp]:
  atms-of (mset \ a) = atm-of 'set a
  by (induct a) auto
lemma atms-of-ms-mset-unfold:
  atms-of-ms (mset 'b) = (\bigcup x \in b. atm-of 'set x)
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by simp
definition atms-of-s :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a set where
  atms-of-s C = atm-of ' C
lemma atms-of-ms-emtpy-set[simp]:
  atms-of-ms \{\} = \{\}
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-memtpy[simp]:
  atms-of-ms \{\{\#\}\} = \{\}
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-mono:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-finite[simp]:
 finite \psi s \Longrightarrow finite (atms-of-ms \psi s)
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-union[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (\psi s \cup \chi s) = atms-of-ms \psi s \cup atms-of-ms \chi s
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-insert[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (insert \psi s \chi s) = atms-of \psi s \cup atms-of-ms \chi s
```

unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto

```
lemma atms-of-ms-singleton[simp]: atms-of-ms \{L\} = atms-of L
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[simp]:
  A \in \psi \Longrightarrow atms\text{-}of A \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by fastforce
lemma atms-of-ms-single-set-mset-atns-of[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (single 'set-mset B) = atms-of B
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def atms-of-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-remove-incl:
 shows atms-of-ms (Set.remove a \psi) \subseteq atms-of-ms \psi
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\text{-}remove\text{-}subset:
  atms-of-ms (\varphi - \psi) \subseteq atms-of-ms \varphi
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma finite-atms-of-ms-remove-subset[simp]:
 finite (atms-of-ms A) \Longrightarrow finite (atms-of-ms (A - C))
 using atms-of-ms-remove-subset of A C finite-subset by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{atms-of-ms-empty-iff}\colon
  atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A=\{\}\longleftrightarrow A=\{\{\#\}\}\ \lor\ A=\{\}
 apply (rule iffI)
  {\bf apply} \ (\textit{metis} \ (\textit{no-types}, \ \textit{lifting}) \ \textit{atms-empty-iff-empty} \ \textit{atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono} \ \textit{insert-absorb}
   singleton-iff\ singleton-insert-inj-eq'\ subsetI\ subset-empty)
 apply auto[]
 done
lemma in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms:
 assumes L \in \# C and C \in N
 shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ N
 using atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[of C N] assms by (simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of subset-iff)
lemma in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms:
 assumes C + \{\#L\#\} \in N
 shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ N
 using in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms[of - C +{\#L\#}] assms by auto
lemma in-m-in-literals:
 assumes \{\#A\#\} + D \in \psi s
 shows atm-of A \in atms-of-ms \psi s
 using assms by (auto dest: atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono)
lemma atms-of-s-union[simp]:
  atms-of-s (Ia \cup Ib) = atms-of-s Ia \cup atms-of-s Ib
 unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma atms-of-s-single[simp]:
  atms-of-s \{L\} = \{atm-of L\}
 unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma atms-of-s-insert[simp]:
  atms-of-s (insert\ L\ Ib) = \{atm-of\ L\} \cup\ atms-of-s\ Ib
```

```
unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma in-atms-of-s-decomp[iff]:
  P \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}s \ I \longleftrightarrow (Pos \ P \in I \lor Neg \ P \in I) \ (\mathbf{is} \ ?P \longleftrightarrow ?Q)
proof
  assume ?P
  then show ?Q unfolding atms-of-s-def by (metis image-iff literal.exhaust-sel)
next
  assume ?Q
 then show ?P unfolding atms-of-s-def by force
qed
lemma atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus:
  atm\text{-}of\ L'\in atm\text{-}of\ `B\Longrightarrow L'\in B\lor-L'\in B
  using atms-of-s-def by (cases L') fastforce+
Totality
definition total-over-set :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow bool where
total-over-set I S = (\forall l \in S. Pos l \in I \lor Neg l \in I)
definition total-over-m :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
total-over-m \ I \ \psi s = total-over-set I \ (atms-of-ms \ \psi s)
lemma total-over-set-empty[simp]:
  total-over-set I \{ \}
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-empty[simp]:
  total-over-m \ I \ \{\}
  unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-single[iff]:
  total-over-set I \{L\} \longleftrightarrow (Pos \ L \in I \lor Neg \ L \in I)
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-insert[iff]:
  total\text{-}over\text{-}set\ I\ (insert\ L\ Ls) \longleftrightarrow ((Pos\ L \in I\ \lor\ Neg\ L \in I)\ \land\ total\text{-}over\text{-}set\ I\ Ls)
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-union[iff]:
  total-over-set I (Ls \cup Ls') \longleftrightarrow (total-over-set I Ls \land total-over-set I Ls')
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ B \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ A
 using atms-of-ms-mono[of A] unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-sum[iff]:
  shows total-over-m I \{C + D\} \longleftrightarrow (total-over-m \ I \{C\} \land total-over-m \ I \{D\})
  using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-union[iff]:
  total-over-m \ I \ (A \cup B) \longleftrightarrow (total-over-m \ I \ A \land total-over-m \ I \ B)
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
```

```
lemma total-over-m-insert[iff]:
  total-over-m\ I\ (insert\ a\ A) \longleftrightarrow (total-over-set I\ (atms-of a) \land total-over-m\ I\ A)
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\text{-}extension:
  fixes I :: 'v \ literal \ set \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses
  assumes total: total-over-m I A
 shows \exists I'. total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup B)
    \land (\forall x \in I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
proof -
 let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of-ms \ B \land v \notin atms-of-ms \ A\}
 have \forall x \in ?I'. atm\text{-}of \ x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ by \ auto
 moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') (A \cup B)
    using total unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma total-over-m-consistent-extension:
  fixes I :: 'v \ literal \ set \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses
  assumes
    total: total-over-m I A and
    cons: consistent-interp I
 shows \exists I'. total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup B)
    \land (\forall x \in I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A) \land consistent\text{-}interp \ (I \cup I')
proof -
 let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land v \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \land Pos \ v \notin I \land Neq \ v \notin I\}
 have \forall x \in ?I'. atm-of x \in atms-of-ms B \land atm-of x \notin atms-of-ms A by auto
 moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') (A \cup B)
    using total unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
 moreover have consistent-interp (I \cup ?I')
    using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by (intro allI) (rename-tac L, case-tac L, auto)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma total-over-set-atms-of-m[simp]:
  total-over-set Ia (atms-of-s Ia)
  unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by (metis image-iff literal.exhaust-sel)
lemma total-over-set-literal-defined:
  assumes \{\#A\#\} + D \in \psi s
 and total-over-set I (atms-of-ms \psi s)
  shows A \in I \vee -A \in I
  using assms unfolding total-over-set-def by (metis (no-types) Neg-atm-of-iff in-m-in-literals
    literal.collapse(1) uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
lemma tot-over-m-remove:
  assumes total-over-m (I \cup \{L\}) \{\psi\}
 and L: L \notin \# \psi - L \notin \# \psi
  shows total-over-m I \{ \psi \}
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
proof
  \mathbf{fix} \ l
 assume l: l \in atms-of-ms \{\psi\}
  then have Pos \ l \in I \lor Neg \ l \in I \lor l = atm\text{-}of \ L
    using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover have atm-of L \notin atms-of-ms \{\psi\}
```

```
proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?thesis
      then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\ \psi by auto
      then have Pos (atm-of L) \in \# \psi \vee Neg (atm-of L) \in \# \psi
       using atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit by metis
      then have L \in \# \psi \lor - L \in \# \psi by (cases L) auto
      then show False using L by auto
   qed
  ultimately show Pos \ l \in I \lor Neg \ l \in I  using l by metis
lemma total-union:
 assumes total-over-m \ I \ \psi
 shows total-over-m (I \cup I') \psi
 using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-union-2:
 assumes total-over-m I \psi
 and total-over-m I' \psi'
 shows total-over-m (I \cup I') (\psi \cup \psi')
 using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
Interpretations
definition true-cls :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models 50) where
  I \models C \longleftrightarrow (\exists L \in \# C. I \models l L)
lemma true-cls-empty[iff]: \neg I \models \{\#\}
 unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-singleton[iff]: I \models \{\#L\#\} \longleftrightarrow I \models l L
  unfolding true-cls-def by (auto split:if-split-asm)
lemma true-cls-union[iff]: I \models C + D \longleftrightarrow I \models C \lor I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mono-set-m<br/>set: set-mset C\subseteq set\text{-mset }D\Longrightarrow I\models C\Longrightarrow I\models D
  unfolding true-cls-def subset-eq Bex-def by metis
lemma true-cls-mono-leD[dest]: A \subseteq \# B \Longrightarrow I \models A \Longrightarrow I \models B
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma
 assumes I \models \psi
 shows
   true-cls-union-increase[simp]: I \cup I' \models \psi and
   true-cls-union-increase'[simp]: I' \cup I \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}cls\text{-}mono\text{-}set\text{-}mset\text{-}l:
  assumes A \models \psi
 and A \subseteq B
 shows B \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-replicate-mset[iff]: I \models replicate-mset \ n \ L \longleftrightarrow n \neq 0 \land I \models l \ L
```

```
by (induct \ n) auto
lemma true-cls-empty-entails[iff]: \neg {} \models N
  by (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
lemma true-cls-not-in-remove:
  assumes L \notin \# \chi and I \cup \{L\} \models \chi
 shows I \models \chi
 using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
definition true-clss :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelss 50) where
  I \models s \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in CC. \ I \models C)
lemma true-clss-empty[simp]: I \models s \{ \}
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-singleton[iff]: I \models s \{C\} \longleftrightarrow I \models C
 unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-empty-entails-empty[iff]: \{\} \models s \ N \longleftrightarrow N = \{\}
  unfolding true-clss-def by (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
lemma true-cls-insert-l [simp]:
  M \models A \Longrightarrow insert \ L \ M \models A
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-union[iff]: I \models s CC \cup DD \longleftrightarrow I \models s CC \land I \models s DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-insert [iff]: I \models s insert C DD \longleftrightarrow I \models C \land I \models s DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-mono: DD \subseteq CC \Longrightarrow I \models s \ CC \Longrightarrow I \models s \ DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-union-increase[simp]:
assumes I \models s \psi
 shows I \cup I' \models s \psi
 using assms unfolding true-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-union-increase'[simp]:
assumes I' \models s \psi
shows I \cup I' \models s \psi
 using assms by (auto simp add: true-clss-def)
\mathbf{lemma} \ true\text{-}clss\text{-}commute\text{-}l:
  (I \cup I' \models s \psi) \longleftrightarrow (I' \cup I \models s \psi)
 by (simp add: Un-commute)
lemma model-remove[simp]: I \models s N \Longrightarrow I \models s Set.remove a N
 by (simp add: true-clss-def)
lemma model-remove-minus[simp]: I \models s N \Longrightarrow I \models s N - A
 by (simp add: true-clss-def)
```

lemma notin-vars-union-true-cls-true-cls:

```
assumes \forall x \in I'. atm\text{-}of x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A
 and atms-of L \subseteq atms-of-ms A
 and I \cup I' \models L
  shows I \models L
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def Bex-def
  by (metis Un-iff atm-of-lit-in-atms-of contra-subsetD)
\mathbf{lemma}\ not in\text{-}vars\text{-}union\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{:}
  assumes \forall x \in I'. atm\text{-}of x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A
 and atms-of-ms L \subseteq atms-of-ms A
 and I \cup I' \models s L
 shows I \models s L
 using assms unfolding true-clss-def true-lit-def Ball-def
 by (meson atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono notin-vars-union-true-cls-true-cls subset-trans)
Satisfiability
definition satisfiable :: 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
  satisfiable CC \equiv \exists I. (I \models s \ CC \land consistent\text{-interp } I \land total\text{-over-} m \ I \ CC)
lemma \ satisfiable-single[simp]:
  satisfiable \{\{\#L\#\}\}
  unfolding satisfiable-def by fastforce
abbreviation unsatisfiable :: 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
  unsatisfiable\ CC \equiv \neg\ satisfiable\ CC
lemma satisfiable-decreasing:
 assumes satisfiable (\psi \cup \psi')
 shows satisfiable \psi
  using assms total-over-m-union unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
lemma satisfiable-def-min:
  satisfiable CC
   \longleftrightarrow (\exists I.\ I \models s\ CC \land consistent-interp\ I \land total-over-m\ I\ CC \land atm-of`I = atms-of-ms\ CC)
   (is ?sat \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 assume ?B then show ?sat by (auto simp add: satisfiable-def)
next
  assume ?sat
  then obtain I where
    I\text{-}CC: I \models s \ CC \text{ and }
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   tot: total-over-m I CC
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
 let ?I = \{P. P \in I \land atm\text{-}of P \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ CC\}
  have I-CC: ?I \models s CC
   using I-CC in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def true-cls-def
    Bex-def true-lit-def
   by blast
  moreover have cons: consistent-interp ?I
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
  moreover have total-over-m ?I CC
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
```

```
moreover
   have atms-CC-incl: atms-of-ms CC \subseteq atm-of'I
      using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def
      by (auto simp add: atms-of-def atms-of-s-def[symmetric])
   have atm\text{-}of ' ?I = atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms CC
      using atms-CC-incl unfolding atms-of-ms-def by force
  ultimately show ?B by auto
qed
lemma satisfiable-carac[iff]:
  (\exists I. \ consistent\ interp\ I \land I \models s\ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow satisfiable\ \varphi\ (is\ (\exists I.\ ?Q\ I) \longleftrightarrow ?S)
proof
  assume ?S
 then show \exists I. ?Q I unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
next
  assume \exists I. ?Q I
  then obtain I where cons: consistent-interp I and I: I \models s \varphi by metis
 let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \notin atms-of-s \ I \land v \in atms-of-ms \ \varphi\}
  have consistent-interp (I \cup ?I')
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by (intro allI) (rename-tac L, case-tac L, auto)
  moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') \varphi
   unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover have I \cup ?I' \models s \varphi
   using I unfolding Ball-def true-clss-def true-cls-def by auto
  ultimately show ?S unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
qed
lemma satisfiable-carac'[simp]: consistent-interp I \Longrightarrow I \models s \varphi \Longrightarrow satisfiable \varphi
  using satisfiable-carac by metis
Entailment for Multisets of Clauses
definition true-cls-mset :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix \models m 50) where
  I \models m \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in \# \ CC. \ I \models C)
lemma true-cls-mset-empty[simp]: I \models m \{\#\}
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mset-singleton[iff]: I \models m \{\#C\#\} \longleftrightarrow I \models C
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by (auto split: if-split-asm)
lemma true-cls-mset-union[iff]: I \models m \ CC + DD \longleftrightarrow I \models m \ CC \land I \models m \ DD
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by fastforce
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{true-cls-mset-image-mset} [\textit{iff}] \text{:} \ I \models m \ \textit{image-mset} \ f \ A \longleftrightarrow (\forall \, x \in \# \ A. \ I \models f \ x)
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-mset-mono: set-mset DD \subseteq set-mset CC \Longrightarrow I \models m \ CC \Longrightarrow I \models m \ DD
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def subset-iff by auto
lemma true-clss-set-mset[iff]: I \models s set-mset CC \longleftrightarrow I \models m CC
  unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-mset-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mset-increasing-r[simp]:
  I \models m \ CC \Longrightarrow I \cup J \models m \ CC
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto
```

```
theorem true-cls-remove-unused:
 assumes I \models \psi
 shows \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atm\text{s-}of \ \psi\} \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def atms-of-def by auto
theorem true-clss-remove-unused:
  assumes I \models s \psi
 shows \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\} \models s \ \psi
  unfolding true-clss-def atms-of-def Ball-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x \in \psi
 then have I \models x
    using assms unfolding true-clss-def atms-of-def Ball-def by auto
  then have \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ x\} \models x
    by (simp only: true-cls-remove-unused[of I])
  moreover have \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ x\} \subseteq \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\}
    using \langle x \in \psi \rangle by (auto simp add: atms-of-ms-def)
  ultimately show \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\} \models x
    using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l by blast
qed
A simple application of the previous theorem:
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}decrease:
 assumes II': I \cup I' \models \psi
 and H: \forall v \in I'. atm\text{-}of \ v \notin atms\text{-}of \ \psi
 shows I \models \psi
proof -
 let ?I = \{v \in I \cup I'. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atm\text{s-}of \ \psi\}
 have ?I \models \psi using true-cls-remove-unused II' by blast
 moreover have ?I \subseteq I using H by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l by blast
qed
lemma multiset-not-empty:
 assumes M \neq \{\#\}
 \mathbf{and}\ x\in \#\ M
 shows \exists A. \ x = Pos \ A \lor x = Neg \ A
  using assms literal.exhaust-sel by blast
lemma atms-of-ms-empty:
 \mathbf{fixes}\ \psi :: \ 'v\ clauses
 assumes atms-of-ms \psi = \{\}
 shows \psi = \{\} \lor \psi = \{\{\#\}\}\
  using assms by (auto simp add: atms-of-ms-def)
lemma consistent-interp-disjoint:
 assumes consI: consistent-interp I
 and disj: atms-of-s A \cap atms-of-s I = \{\}
 and consA: consistent-interp A
shows consistent-interp (A \cup I)
proof (rule ccontr)
  \mathbf{assume} \ \neg \ ?thesis
 moreover have \bigwedge L. \neg (L \in A \land -L \in I)
```

```
using disj unfolding atms-of-s-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
  ultimately show False
   using consA consI unfolding consistent-interp-def by (metis (full-types) Un-iff
     literal.exhaust-sel uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
qed
lemma total-remove-unused:
 assumes total-over-m I \psi
 shows total-over-m \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\} \ \psi
 using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 by (metis\ (lifting)\ literal.sel(1,2)\ mem-Collect-eq)
{f lemma}\ true\text{-}cls\text{-}remove\text{-}hd\text{-}if\text{-}notin\text{-}vars:
 assumes insert a M' \models D
 and atm-of a \notin atms-of D
 shows M' \models D
 using assms by (auto simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of true-cls-def)
lemma total-over-set-atm-of:
 fixes I :: 'v interp and K :: 'v set
 shows total-over-set I K \longleftrightarrow (\forall l \in K. \ l \in (atm\text{-}of \ `I))
 unfolding total-over-set-def by (metis atms-of-s-def in-atms-of-s-decomp)
Tautologies
We define tautologies as clauses entailed by every total model and show later that is equivalent
to containing a literal and its negation.
definition tautology (\psi:: 'v \ clause) \equiv \forall I. \ total-over-set \ I \ (atms-of \ \psi) \longrightarrow I \models \psi
lemma tautology-Pos-Neg[intro]:
 assumes Pos \ p \in \# \ A and Neg \ p \in \# \ A
 shows tautology A
 using assms unfolding tautology-def total-over-set-def true-cls-def Bex-def
 by (meson atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit true-lit-def)
lemma tautology-minus[simp]:
 assumes L \in \# A and -L \in \# A
 shows tautology A
 by (metis assms literal.exhaust tautology-Pos-Neg uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
lemma tautology-exists-Pos-Neg:
 assumes tautology \psi
 shows \exists p. Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg p \in \# \psi
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume p: \neg (\exists p. Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neq p \in \# \psi)
 let ?I = \{-L \mid L. \ L \in \# \ \psi\}
 have total-over-set ?I (atms-of \psi)
   unfolding total-over-set-def using atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit by force
 moreover have \neg ?I \models \psi
   unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def Bex-def apply clarify
   using p by (rename-tac x L, case-tac L) fastforce+
```

lemma tautology-decomp:

qed

ultimately show False using assms unfolding tautology-def by auto

```
tautology \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ \psi \land Neg \ p \in \# \ \psi)
  using tautology-exists-Pos-Neg by auto
lemma tautology-false[simp]: \neg tautology {#}
  unfolding tautology-def by auto
lemma tautology-add-single:
  tautology \ (\{\#a\#\} + L) \longleftrightarrow tautology \ L \lor -a \in \#L
  unfolding tautology-decomp by (cases a) auto
lemma minus-interp-tautology:
  assumes \{-L \mid L. L \in \# \chi\} \models \chi
  shows tautology \chi
proof -
  obtain L where L \in \# \chi \land -L \in \# \chi
    using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
  then show ?thesis using tautology-decomp literal.exhaust uminus-Neg uminus-Pos by metis
lemma remove-literal-in-model-tautology:
  assumes I \cup \{Pos\ P\} \models \varphi
  and I \cup \{Neg\ P\} \models \varphi
  shows I \models \varphi \lor tautology \varphi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma tautology-imp-tautology:
  fixes \chi \chi' :: 'v \ clause
  assumes \forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models \chi' \text{ and } tautology \ \chi
  shows tautology \chi' unfolding tautology-def
proof (intro allI HOL.impI)
  fix I :: 'v \ literal \ set
  assume totI: total-over-set I (atms-of \chi')
  \mathbf{let} \ ?I' = \{ Pos \ v \ | v. \ v \in \mathit{atms-of} \ \chi \ \land \ v \not\in \mathit{atms-of-s} \ I \}
  have totI': total-over-m (I \cup ?I') \{\chi\} unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  then have \chi: I \cup ?I' \models \chi \text{ using } assms(2) \text{ unfolding } total-over-m-def tautology-def by } simp
  then have I \cup (?I'-I) \models \chi' \text{ using } assms(1) \text{ } totI' \text{ by } auto
  moreover have \bigwedge L. L \in \# \chi' \Longrightarrow L \notin ?I'
    using totI unfolding total-over-set-def by (auto dest: pos-lit-in-atms-of)
  ultimately show I \models \chi' unfolding true-cls-def by auto
qed
Entailment for clauses and propositions
We also need entailment of clauses by other clauses.
definition true-cls-cls :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models f 49) where
\psi \models f \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total \ over \ m \ I \ (\{\psi\} \cup \{\chi\}) \longrightarrow consistent \ interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models \psi \longrightarrow I \models \chi)
definition true-cls-clss :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models fs 49) where
\psi \models fs \ \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total \ over \ m \ I \ (\{\psi\} \cup \chi) \longrightarrow consistent \ interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models \psi \longrightarrow I \models s \ \chi)
definition true-clss-cls :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models p 49) where
N \models p \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total \ over \ m \ I \ (N \cup \{\chi\}) \longrightarrow consistent \ interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models s \ N \longrightarrow I \models \chi)
definition true-clss-clss :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models ps 49) where
N \models ps \ N' \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (N \cup N') \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models s \ N \longrightarrow I \models s \ N')
```

```
lemma true-cls-refl[simp]:
  A \models f A
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-cls-insert-l[simp]:
  a \models f C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models p \ C
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def true-clss-def true-clss-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-empty[iff]:
  N \models fs \{\}
  unfolding true-cls-clss-def by auto
lemma true-prop-true-clause[iff]:
  \{\varphi\} \models p \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \varphi \models f \ \psi
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-true-clss-cls[iff]:
  N \models ps \{\psi\} \longleftrightarrow N \models p \psi
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-true-cls-clss[iff]:
  \{\chi\} \models ps \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \chi \models fs \ \psi
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-cls-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-empty[simp]:
  N \models ps \{\}
 unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-cls-subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow B \models p \ CC
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union by (simp add: total-over-m-subset true-clss-mono)
lemma true-clss-cs-mono-l[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models p \ CC
 by (auto intro: true-clss-cls-subset)
lemma true-clss-cs-mono-l2[simp]:
  B \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models p \ CC
 by (auto intro: true-clss-cls-subset)
lemma true-clss-cls-mono-r[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC + CC'
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union total-over-m-sum by blast
lemma true-clss-cls-mono-r'[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC' \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC + CC'
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union total-over-m-sum by blast
lemma true-clss-clss-union-l[simp]:
  A \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-clss-union-l-r[simp]:
  B \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
```

```
lemma true-clss-cls-in[simp]:
  CC \in A \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-cls-insert-l[simp]:
  A \models p C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models p \ C
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def using total-over-m-union
 by (metis Un-iff insert-is-Un sup.commute)
lemma true-clss-clss-insert-l[simp]:
  A \models ps \ C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models ps \ C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-def true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-clss-union-and[iff]:
  A \models ps \ C \cup D \longleftrightarrow (A \models ps \ C \land A \models ps \ D)
proof
    fix A \ C \ D :: 'a \ clauses
    assume A: A \models ps \ C \cup D
    have A \models ps \ C
        unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def insert-def total-over-m-insert
      proof (intro allI impI)
        \mathbf{fix} I
       assume
          totAC: total-over-m \ I \ (A \cup C) and
          cons: consistent-interp\ I and
          I: I \models s A
        then have tot: total-over-m I A and tot': total-over-m I C by auto
        obtain I' where
          tot': total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup C \cup D) and
          cons': consistent-interp (I \cup I') and
          H: \forall x \in I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ D \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (A \cup C)
          using total-over-m-consistent-extension [OF - cons, of A \cup C] tot tot' by blast
       moreover have I \cup I' \models s A using I by simp
        ultimately have I \cup I' \models s \ C \cup D using A unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
       then have I \cup I' \models s \ C \cup D by auto
        then show I \models s C using notin-vars-union-true-clss-true-clss[of I \cap H by auto
      qed
  \} note H = this
  assume A \models ps \ C \cup D
  then show A \models ps \ C \land A \models ps \ D using H[of \ A] Un-commute [of \ C \ D] by metis
next
  assume A \models ps \ C \land A \models ps \ D
  then show A \models ps \ C \cup D
    unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
qed
lemma true-clss-clss-insert[iff]:
  A \models ps \ insert \ L \ Ls \longleftrightarrow (A \models p \ L \land A \models ps \ Ls)
  using true-clss-clss-union-and[of\ A\ \{L\}\ Ls] by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow A \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow B \models ps \ CC
 by (metis subset-Un-eq true-clss-clss-union-l)
```

```
lemma union-trus-clss-clss[simp]: A \cup B \models ps B
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-remove[simp]:
  A \models ps B \Longrightarrow A \models ps B - C
  by (metis Un-Diff-Int true-clss-clss-union-and)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}subsetE:
  N \models ps \ B \Longrightarrow A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow N \models ps \ A
  by (metis sup.orderE true-clss-clss-union-and)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}in\text{-}imp\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls:
  assumes N \models ps U
  and A \in U
  shows N \models p A
  using assms mk-disjoint-insert by fastforce
lemma all-in-true-clss-clss: \forall x \in B. \ x \in A \Longrightarrow A \models ps \ B
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-left-right:
  assumes A \models ps B
  and A \cup B \models ps M
  shows A \models ps M \cup B
  using assms unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
{f lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}generalise\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss:
  A \cup C \models ps D \Longrightarrow B \models ps C \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps D
proof -
  assume a1: A \cup C \models ps D
  assume B \models ps \ C
  then have f2: \bigwedge M.\ M \cup B \models ps\ C
    by (meson\ true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
  have \bigwedge M. C \cup (M \cup A) \models ps D
    using a1 by (simp add: Un-commute sup-left-commute)
  then show ?thesis
    using f2 by (metis (no-types) Un-commute true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{:}
  assumes D: N \models p D + \{\#-L\#\}
  and C: N \models p C + \{\#L\#\}
  shows N \models p D + C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} I
  assume
    tot: total-over-m I (N \cup \{D + C\}) and
    consistent-interp I and
    I \models s N
    assume L: L \in I \vee -L \in I
    then have total-over-m I \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
      using tot by (cases L) auto
    then have I \models D + \{\#-L\#\} using D \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-interp } I \rangle
      unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
```

```
moreover
      have total-over-m I \{C + \{\#L\#\}\}
       using L tot by (cases L) auto
      then have I \models C + \{\#L\#\}
       using C \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-}interp I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have I \models D + C using (consistent-interp I) consistent-interp-def by fastforce
  moreover {
   assume L: L \notin I \land -L \notin I
   let ?I' = I \cup \{L\}
   have consistent-interp ?I' using L (consistent-interp I) by auto
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
      using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' N using tot using total-union by blast
   moreover have ?I' \models s \ N \text{ using } (I \models s \ N) \text{ using } true\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}increase by } blast
   ultimately have ?I' \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
      using D unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
   then have ?I' \models D using L by auto
   moreover
      have total-over-set I (atms-of (D + C)) using tot by auto
      then have L \notin \# D \land -L \notin \# D
        using L unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-def by (cases L) force+
   ultimately have I \models D + C unfolding true-cls-def by auto
 ultimately show I \models D + C by blast
qed
lemma true-cls-union-mset[iff]: I \models C \# \cup D \longleftrightarrow I \models C \lor I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def by force
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}union\text{-}mset\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{:}
 assumes
    D: N \models p D + \{\#-L\#\} \text{ and }
    C: N \models p C + \{\#L\#\}
 shows N \models_{\mathcal{D}} \mathcal{D} \# \cup \mathcal{C}
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  fix I
  assume
   tot: total-over-m I (N \cup \{D \# \cup C\}) and
   consistent-interp I and
    I \models s N
  {
   assume L: L \in I \vee -L \in I
   then have total-over-m I \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
      using tot by (cases L) auto
   then have I \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
      using D \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-interp } I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   moreover
      have total-over-m I \{C + \{\#L\#\}\}
       using L tot by (cases L) auto
      then have I \models C + \{\#L\#\}
        using C \langle I \models s \ N \rangle tot \langle consistent-interp \ I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have I \models D \# \cup C using \langle consistent\text{-}interp \ I \rangle unfolding consistent-interp-def
   by auto
  }
```

```
moreover {
   assume L: L \notin I \land -L \notin I
   let ?I' = I \cup \{L\}
   have consistent-interp ?I' using L \land consistent-interp I \land by auto
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
     using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' N using tot using total-union by blast
   moreover have ?I' \models s \ N \text{ using } (I \models s \ N) \text{ using } true-clss-union-increase by blast
   ultimately have ?I' \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
     using D unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
   then have ?I' \models D using L by auto
   moreover
     have total-over-set I (atms-of (D + C)) using tot by auto
     then have L \notin \# D \land -L \notin \# D
       using L unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-def by (cases L) force+
   ultimately have I \models D \# \cup C unfolding true-cls-def by auto
 ultimately show I \models D \# \cup C by blast
qed
2.3.3
          Subsumptions
{f lemma}\ subsumption\mbox{-}total\mbox{-}over\mbox{-}m:
  assumes A \subseteq \# B
 shows total-over-m I \{B\} \Longrightarrow total-over-m I \{A\}
  using assms unfolding subset-mset-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
  by (auto simp add: mset-le-exists-conv)
lemma atms-of-replicate-mset-replicate-mset-uminus[simp]:
  atms-of (D - replicate-mset (count \ D \ L) \ L - replicate-mset (count \ D \ (-L)) \ (-L)
 = atms-of D - \{atm-of L\}
 by (fastforce simp: atm-of-eq-atm-of atms-of-def)
lemma subsumption-chained:
  assumes
   \forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{D\} \longrightarrow I \models \mathcal{D} \longrightarrow I \models \varphi \ \text{and}
  shows (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C\} \longrightarrow I \models C \longrightarrow I \models \varphi) \lor tautology \varphi
  using assms
proof (induct card {Pos v \mid v. v \in atms-of D \land v \notin atms-of C}) arbitrary: D
    rule: nat-less-induct-case)
  case \theta note n = this(1) and H = this(2) and incl = this(3)
  then have atms-of D \subseteq atms-of C by auto
  then have \forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{D\}
   unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover have \forall I. \ I \models C \longrightarrow I \models D \text{ using } incl \text{ } true\text{-}cls\text{-}mono\text{-}leD \text{ } by \text{ } blast
  ultimately show ?case using H by auto
  case (Suc n D) note IH = this(1) and card = this(2) and H = this(3) and incl = this(4)
 let ?atms = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ D \land v \notin atms\text{-}of \ C\}
  have finite ?atms by auto
  then obtain L where L: L \in ?atms
   using card by (metis (no-types, lifting) Collect-empty-eq card-0-eq mem-Collect-eq
     nat.simps(3))
 let ?D' = D - replicate-mset (count D L) L - replicate-mset (count D (-L)) (-L)
  have atms-of-D: atms-of-ms \{D\} \subseteq atms-of-ms \{PD'\} \cup \{atm-of L\} by auto
```

```
{
   \mathbf{fix} I
   assume total-over-m \ I \ \{?D'\}
   then have tot: total-over-m (I \cup \{L\}) \{D\}
     unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def using atms-of-D by auto
   assume IDL: I \models ?D'
   then have I \cup \{L\} \models D unfolding true-cls-def by force
   then have I \cup \{L\} \models \varphi \text{ using } H \text{ tot by } auto
   moreover
     have tot': total-over-m (I \cup \{-L\}) \{D\}
       using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
     have I \cup \{-L\} \models D using IDL unfolding true-cls-def by force
     then have I \cup \{-L\} \models \varphi \text{ using } H \text{ tot' by } auto
   ultimately have I \models \varphi \lor tautology \varphi
     using L remove-literal-in-model-tautology by force
  } note H' = this
 have L \notin \# C and -L \notin \# C using L atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit by force+
  then have C-in-D': C \subseteq \# ?D' using (C \subseteq \# D) by (auto simp: subseteq-mset-def not-in-iff)
  have card \{Pos\ v\ | v.\ v \in atms-of\ ?D' \land v \notin atms-of\ C\} <
    card \{ Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ D \land v \notin atms\text{-}of \ C \}
   using L by (auto intro!: psubset-card-mono)
  then show ?case
   using IH C-in-D' H' unfolding card[symmetric] by blast
qed
```

2.3.4 Removing Duplicates

```
lemma tautology-remdups-mset[iff]:
  tautology (remdups-mset C) ←→ tautology C
  unfolding tautology-decomp by auto

lemma atms-of-remdups-mset[simp]: atms-of (remdups-mset C) = atms-of C
  unfolding atms-of-def by auto

lemma true-cls-remdups-mset[iff]: I ⊨ remdups-mset C ←→ I ⊨ C
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto

lemma true-cls-cls-remdups-mset[iff]: A ⊨ p remdups-mset C ←→ A ⊨ p C
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def total-over-m-def by auto
```

2.3.5 Set of all Simple Clauses

A simple clause with respect to a set of atoms is such that

- 1. its atoms are included in the considered set of atoms;
- 2. it is not a tautology;
- 3. it does not contains duplicate literals.

It corresponds to the clauses that cannot be simplified away in a calculus without considering the other clauses.

```
definition simple-clss :: 'v set \Rightarrow 'v clause set where
simple-clss\ atms = \{C.\ atms-of\ C \subseteq atms \land \neg tautology\ C \land distinct-mset\ C\}
lemma simple-clss-empty[simp]:
  simple-clss \{\} = \{\{\#\}\}
  unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
lemma simple-clss-insert:
  assumes l \notin atms
 shows simple-clss (insert\ l\ atms) =
   (op + \{\#Pos \ l\#\}) ' (simple-clss \ atms)
   \cup (op + \{\#Neg \ l\#\}) ' (simple-clss \ atms)
   \cup simple\text{-}clss atms(is ?I = ?U)
proof (standard; standard)
 \mathbf{fix} \ C
 assume C \in ?I
  then have
   atms: atms-of C \subseteq insert\ l\ atms and
   taut: \neg tautology \ C and
   dist: distinct\text{-}mset \ C
   unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
  have H: \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ C \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ x \in insert \ l \ atms
    using atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms by blast
  consider
     (Add) L where L \in \# C and L = Neg \ l \lor L = Pos \ l
   | (No) Pos l \notin \# C Neg l \notin \# C
   by auto
  then show C \in ?U
   proof cases
     case Add
     then have LCL: L \notin \# C - \{\#L\#\}
       using dist unfolding distinct-mset-def by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
     have LC: -L \notin \# C
       using taut Add by auto
     obtain aa :: 'a where
       f_4: (aa \in atms\text{-}of\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ C) \longrightarrow aa \in atms) \longrightarrow atms\text{-}of\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ C) \subseteq atms
       by (meson subset-iff)
     obtain ll :: 'a literal where
       aa \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ '} set\text{-}mset \text{ (} remove1\text{-}mset \text{ } L \text{ } C\text{)} \vee aa = atm\text{-}of \text{ } ll \wedge ll \in \# \text{ } remove1\text{-}mset \text{ } L \text{ } C
       by blast
     then have atms-of (C - \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms
       using f4 Add LCL LC H unfolding atms-of-def by (metis H in-diffD insertE
         literal.exhaust-sel uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
     moreover have \neg tautology (C - \{\#L\#\})
       using taut by (metis Add(1) insert-DiffM tautology-add-single)
     moreover have distinct-mset (C - \{\#L\#\})
       using dist by auto
     ultimately have (C - \{\#L\#\}) \in simple\text{-}clss\ atms
       using Add unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
     moreover have C = \{\#L\#\} + (C - \{\#L\#\})
       using Add by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
     ultimately show ?thesis using Add by auto
   next
     case No
     then have C \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms
       using taut atms dist unfolding simple-clss-def
```

```
by (auto simp: atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit split: if-split-asm dest!: H)
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
next
 \mathbf{fix} \ C
 assume C \in ?U
 then consider
     (Add) L C' where C = \{\#L\#\} + C' and C' \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms and
      L = Pos \ l \lor L = Neg \ l
   (No) C \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms
   by auto
 then show C \in ?I
   proof cases
     case No
     then show ?thesis unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
     case (Add\ L\ C') note C'=this(1) and C=this(2) and L=this(3)
     then have
      atms: atms-of C' \subseteq atms and
      taut: \neg tautology C' and
      dist: distinct-mset C'
      unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
     have atms-of C \subseteq insert\ l\ atms
      using atms C'L by auto
     moreover have \neg tautology C
      using taut C'L by (metis assms atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms literal.sel(1,2) subset-eq
        tautology-add-single uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
     moreover have distinct-mset C
      using dist C'L
      by (metis assms atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms contra-subsetD distinct-mset-add-single
        literal.sel(1,2)
     ultimately show ?thesis unfolding simple-clss-def by blast
   qed
qed
lemma simple-clss-finite:
 fixes atms :: 'v set
 assumes finite atms
 shows finite (simple-clss atms)
 using assms by (induction rule: finite-induct) (auto simp: simple-clss-insert)
lemma simple-clssE:
 assumes
   x \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms
 shows atms-of x \subseteq atms \land \neg tautology x \land distinct-mset x
 using assms unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
lemma cls-in-simple-clss:
 shows \{\#\} \in simple\text{-}clss\ s
 unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple\text{-}clss\text{-}card:
 fixes atms :: 'v set
 assumes finite atms
 shows card (simple-clss\ atms) \le (3::nat) ^ (card\ atms)
 using assms
```

```
proof (induct atms rule: finite-induct)
  case empty
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (insert l C) note fin = this(1) and l = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have notin:
   \bigwedge C'. \{\#Pos\ l\#\} + C' \notin simple\text{-}clss\ C
   \bigwedge C'. \{\# Neg \ l\#\} + C' \notin simple\text{-}clss \ C
   using l unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
 have H: \bigwedge C' D. \{\#Pos \ l\#\} + C' = \{\#Neg \ l\#\} + D \Longrightarrow D \in simple-clss \ C \Longrightarrow False
   proof -
     \mathbf{fix} \ C' \ D
     assume C'D: \{\#Pos\ l\#\} + C' = \{\#Neg\ l\#\} + D and D: D \in simple\text{-}clss\ C
     then have Pos l \in \# D by (metis insert-noteg-member literal distinct(1) union-commute)
     then have l \in atms-of D
       by (simp add: atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit)
     then show False using D l unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
 let ?P = (op + \{\#Pos \ l\#\}) ' (simple-clss \ C)
 let ?N = (op + \{\#Neg \ l\#\}) ' (simple-clss \ C)
 let ?O = simple - clss C
 have card (?P \cup ?N \cup ?O) = card (?P \cup ?N) + card ?O
   apply (subst card-Un-disjoint)
   using l fin by (auto simp: simple-clss-finite notin)
  moreover have card (?P \cup ?N) = card ?P + card ?N
   apply (subst card-Un-disjoint)
   using l fin H by (auto simp: simple-clss-finite notin)
 moreover
   have card ?P = card ?O
     using inj-on-iff-eq-card[of ?O op + {\#Pos\ l\#}]
     by (auto simp: fin simple-clss-finite inj-on-def)
 moreover have card ?N = card ?O
     using inj-on-iff-eq-card [of ?O op + \{\#Neg \ l\#\}]
     by (auto simp: fin simple-clss-finite inj-on-def)
 moreover have (3::nat) \widehat{} card (insert\ l\ C) = 3 \widehat{} (card\ C) + 3 \widehat{} (card\ C) + 3 \widehat{} (card\ C)
   using l by (simp add: fin mult-2-right numeral-3-eq-3)
 ultimately show ?case using IH l by (auto simp: simple-clss-insert)
qed
lemma simple-clss-mono:
 assumes incl: atms \subseteq atms'
 shows simple-clss atms \subseteq simple-clss atms'
 using assms unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}not\text{-}tautology\text{-}implies\text{-}in\text{-}simple\text{-}clss\text{:}}
 assumes distinct-mset \chi and \neg tautology \chi
 shows \chi \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of \chi)
 using assms unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
{f lemma}\ simplified\mbox{-}in\mbox{-}simple\mbox{-}clss:
 assumes distinct-mset-set \psi and \forall \chi \in \psi. \neg tautology \chi
 shows \psi \subseteq simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi)
 using assms unfolding simple-clss-def
 by (auto simp: distinct-mset-set-def atms-of-ms-def)
```

2.3.6 Experiment: Expressing the Entailments as Locales

```
locale entail =
  fixes entail :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool (infix \models e \ 50)
  assumes entail-insert[simp]: I \neq \{\} \implies insert \ L \ I \models e \ x \longleftrightarrow \{L\} \models e \ x \lor I \models e \ x
  assumes entail-union[simp]: I \models e A \Longrightarrow I \cup I' \models e A
begin
definition entails :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'b set \Rightarrow bool (infix \models es 50) where
  I \models es A \longleftrightarrow (\forall a \in A. I \models e a)
lemma entails-empty[simp]:
  I \models es \{\}
  unfolding entails-def by auto
lemma entails-single[iff]:
  I \models es \{a\} \longleftrightarrow I \models e a
  unfolding entails-def by auto
lemma entails-insert-l[simp]:
  M \models es A \Longrightarrow insert \ L \ M \models es \ A
  unfolding entails-def by (metis Un-commute entail-union insert-is-Un)
lemma entails-union[iff]: I \models es \ CC \cup DD \longleftrightarrow I \models es \ CC \land I \models es \ DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-insert[iff]: I \models es insert \ C \ DD \longleftrightarrow I \models e \ C \land I \models es \ DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-insert-mono: DD \subseteq CC \Longrightarrow I \models es CC \Longrightarrow I \models es DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-union-increase[simp]:
assumes I \models es \psi
shows I \cup I' \models es \psi
 using assms unfolding entails-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}commute\text{-}l:
  I \cup I' \models es \ \psi \longleftrightarrow I' \cup I \models es \ \psi
  by (simp add: Un-commute)
lemma entails-remove[simp]: I \models es N \implies I \models es Set.remove \ a \ N
  by (simp add: entails-def)
lemma entails-remove-minus[simp]: I \models es N \Longrightarrow I \models es N - A
  by (simp add: entails-def)
end
interpretation true-cls: entail true-cls
  by standard (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
```

2.3.7 Entailment to be extended

In some cases we want a more general version of entailment to have for example $\{\} \models \{\#L, -L\#\}$. This is useful when the model we are building might not be total (the literal L might

have been definitely removed from the set of clauses), but we still want to have a property of entailment considering that theses removed literals are not important.

We can given a model I consider all the natural extensions: C is entailed by an extended I, if for all total extension of I, this model entails C.

```
definition true-clss-ext :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset set \Rightarrow bool (infix \models sext 49)
where
I \models sext \ N \longleftrightarrow (\forall J. \ I \subseteq J \longrightarrow consistent-interp \ J \longrightarrow total-over-m \ J \ N \longrightarrow J \models s \ N)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}imp\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}ext:
  I \models s \ N \implies I \models sext \ N
 unfolding true-clss-ext-def by (metis sup.orderE true-clss-union-increase')
lemma true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r:
  assumes I \models sext N
 shows I \models sext N - \{C\}
  unfolding true-clss-ext-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} J
  assume
   I \subseteq J and
   cons: consistent-interp\ J and
   tot: total-over-m J(N - \{C\})
 let ?J = J \cup \{Pos (atm-of P) | P. P \in \# C \land atm-of P \notin atm-of `J'\}
 have I \subseteq ?J using \langle I \subseteq J \rangle by auto
  moreover have consistent-interp ?J
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def apply (intro allI)
   by (rename-tac L, case-tac L) (fastforce simp add: image-iff)+
  moreover have total-over-m ?J N
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def
   apply clarify
   apply (rename-tac l a, case-tac a \in N - \{C\})
     apply auto[]
   using atms-of-s-def atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
   by (fastforce simp: atms-of-def)
  ultimately have ?J \models s N
   using assms unfolding true-clss-ext-def by blast
  then have ?J \models s N - \{C\} by auto
  have \{v \in ?J. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (N - \{C\})\} \subseteq J
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
   by (auto intro!: rev-image-eqI)
  then show J \models s N - \{C\}
   using true-clss-remove-unused[OF \langle ?J \models s N - \{C\} \rangle] unfolding true-clss-def
   by (meson true-cls-mono-set-mset-l)
qed
lemma consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable:
  assumes consistent-interp I and I \models sext A
  shows satisfiable A
  by (metis Un-empty-left assms satisfiable-carac subset-Un-eq sup.left-idem
   total-over-m-consistent-extension total-over-m-empty true-clss-ext-def)
lemma not-consistent-true-clss-ext:
 assumes \neg consistent\text{-}interp\ I
 shows I \models sext A
  by (meson assms consistent-interp-subset true-clss-ext-def)
```

end theory *Prop-Logic* imports *Main* begin

Chapter 3

Normalisation

We define here the normalisation from formula towards conjunctive and disjunctive normal form, including normalisation towards multiset of multisets to represent CNF.

3.1 Logics

In this section we define the syntax of the formula and an abstraction over it to have simpler proofs. After that we define some properties like subformula and rewriting.

3.1.1 Definition and abstraction

The propositional logic is defined inductively. The type parameter is the type of the variables.

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{datatype} \ 'v \ propo = \\ FT \mid FF \mid FVar \ 'v \mid FNot \ 'v \ propo \mid FAnd \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \mid FOr \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \\ \mid FImp \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \mid FEq \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \end{array}
```

We do not define any notation for the formula, to distinguish properly between the formulas and Isabelle's logic.

To ease the proofs, we will write the formula on a homogeneous manner, namely a connecting argument and a list of arguments.

```
datatype 'v connective = CT \mid CF \mid CVar \mid v \mid CNot \mid CAnd \mid COr \mid CImp \mid CEq

abbreviation nullary-connective \equiv \{CF\} \cup \{CT\} \cup \{CVar \mid x \mid x. \mid True\}

definition binary-connectives \equiv \{CAnd, COr, CImp, CEq\}
```

We define our own induction principal: instead of distinguishing every constructor, we group them by arity.

```
lemma propo-induct-arity[case-names nullary unary binary]: fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo assumes nullary: \bigwedge \varphi \ x. \ \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FVar \ x \Longrightarrow P \ \varphi and unary: \bigwedge \psi . P \ \psi \Longrightarrow P \ (FNot \ \psi) and binary: \bigwedge \varphi \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2. \ P \ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow P \ \psi 2 \Longrightarrow \varphi = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FImp \ \psi 1 \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \Longrightarrow P \ \varphi shows P \ \psi apply (induct rule: propo.induct) using assms by metis+
```

The function *conn* is the interpretation of our representation (connective and list of arguments). We define any thing that has no sense to be false

```
\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{fun} \ conn \ :: \ 'v \ connective \Rightarrow \ 'v \ propo \ list \Rightarrow \ 'v \ propo \ \mathbf{where} \\ conn \ CT \ [] = FT \ | \\ conn \ CF \ [] = FF \ | \\ conn \ (CVar \ v) \ [] = FVar \ v \ | \\ conn \ CNot \ [\varphi] = FNot \ \varphi \ | \\ conn \ CAnd \ (\varphi \ \# \ [\psi]) = FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \\ conn \ COr \ (\varphi \ \# \ [\psi]) = FOr \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \\ conn \ CImp \ (\varphi \ \# \ [\psi]) = FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \\ conn \ CEq \ (\varphi \ \# \ [\psi]) = FEq \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \\ conn \ - - = FF \end{array}
```

We will often use case distinction, based on the arity of the 'v connective, thus we define our own splitting principle.

```
lemma connective-cases-arity[case-names nullary binary unary]:
assumes nullary: \bigwedge x. c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x \Longrightarrow P
and binary: c \in binary-connectives \Longrightarrow P
and unary: c = CNot \Longrightarrow P
shows P
using assms by (cases\ c) (auto\ simp:\ binary-connectives-def)

lemma connective-cases-arity-2[case-names nullary unary binary]:
assumes nullary: c \in nullary-connective \Longrightarrow P
and unary: c \in CNot \Longrightarrow P
and binary: c \in binary-connectives \Longrightarrow P
shows P
using assms by (cases\ c,\ auto\ simp\ add:\ binary-connectives-def)
```

Our previous definition is not necessary correct (connective and list of arguments) , so we define an inductive predicate.

```
inductive wf-conn :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo list \Rightarrow bool for c :: 'v connective where
wf-conn-nullary[simp]: (c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar \ v) \Longrightarrow wf-conn c \ [] \ []
wf-conn-unary[simp]: c = CNot \Longrightarrow wf-conn c [\psi]
wf-conn-binary[simp]: c \in binary-connectives \implies wf-conn c (\psi \# \psi' \# [])
thm wf-conn.induct
lemma wf-conn-induct[consumes 1, case-names CT CF CVar CNot COr CAnd CImp CEq]:
  assumes wf-conn c x and
    \bigwedge v. \ c = CT \Longrightarrow P [] and
    \bigwedge v. \ c = CF \Longrightarrow P \mid  and
    \bigwedge v. \ c = CVar \ v \Longrightarrow P \ [] and
    \wedge \psi \psi'. c = COr \Longrightarrow P [\psi, \psi'] and
    \wedge \psi \psi'. c = CAnd \Longrightarrow P[\psi, \psi'] and
    \wedge \psi \psi'. c = CImp \Longrightarrow P [\psi, \psi'] and
    \wedge \psi \psi'. c = CEq \Longrightarrow P [\psi, \psi']
  shows P x
 using assms by induction (auto simp: binary-connectives-def)
```

3.1.2 properties of the abstraction

First we can define simplification rules.

lemma wf-conn-conn[simp]:

```
wf-conn CT \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ CT \ l = FT
  wf-conn CF \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ CF \ l = FF
  wf-conn (CVar\ x) l \Longrightarrow conn\ (<math>CVar\ x) l = FVar\ x
  apply (simp-all add: wf-conn.simps)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by simp-all
lemma wf-conn-list-decomp[simp]:
  wf-conn \ CT \ l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn CF l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn (CVar x) l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn CNot (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longleftrightarrow \xi = [] \land \xi' = []
  apply (simp-all add: wf-conn.simps)
      unfolding binary-connectives-def apply simp-all
  by (metis append-Nil append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1) list.sel(3) tl-append2)
lemma wf-conn-list:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FT \longleftrightarrow (c = CT \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FF \longleftrightarrow (c = CF \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FVar \ x \longleftrightarrow (c = CVar \ x \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FAnd \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CAnd \land l = a \# b \# [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FOr \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = COr \land l = a \# b \# [])
  \textit{wf-conn } c \ l \Longrightarrow \textit{conn } c \ l = \textit{FEq } a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = \textit{CEq} \land l = a \ \# \ b \ \# \ [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FImp \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CImp \land l = a \# b \# \parallel)
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FNot \ a \longleftrightarrow (c = CNot \land l = a \# [])
  apply (induct l rule: wf-conn.induct)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
In the binary connective cases, we will often decompose the list of arguments (of length 2) into
two elements.
lemma list-length2-decomp: length l = 2 \Longrightarrow (\exists a \ b. \ l = a \# b \# \parallel)
 apply (induct l, auto)
  by (rename-tac l, case-tac l, auto)
wf-conn for binary operators means that there are two arguments.
lemma wf-conn-bin-list-length:
  fixes l :: 'v \ propo \ list
  assumes conn: c \in binary-connectives
 shows length l = 2 \longleftrightarrow wf-conn c \ l
  assume length l=2
  then show wf-conn c l using wf-conn-binary list-length2-decomp using conn by metis
next
  assume wf-conn c l
  then show length l = 2 (is ?P l)
    proof (cases rule: wf-conn.induct)
      case wf-conn-nullary
      then show ?P [] using conn binary-connectives-def
        using connective distinct (11) connective distinct (13) connective distinct (9) by blast
    next
      fix \psi :: 'v \ propo
      case wf-conn-unary
      then show P[\psi] using conn binary-connectives-def
        using connective.distinct by blast
```

```
next
     fix \psi \ \psi' :: \ 'v \ propo
     show ?P [\psi, \psi'] by auto
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma wf-conn-not-list-length[iff]:
 fixes l :: 'v propo list
 shows wf-conn CNot l \longleftrightarrow length \ l = 1
 apply auto
 apply (metis append-Nil connective.distinct(5,17,27) length-Cons list.size(3) wf-conn.simps
   wf-conn-list-decomp(4))
 by (simp add: length-Suc-conv wf-conn.simps)
Decomposing the Not into an element is moreover very useful.
lemma wf-conn-Not-decomp:
  fixes l :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ a :: 'v
 assumes corr: wf-conn CNot l
 shows \exists a. l = [a]
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-length-conv corr length-0-conv
   wf-conn-not-list-length)
The wf-conn remains correct if the length of list does not change. This lemma is very useful
when we do one rewriting step
lemma wf-conn-no-arity-change:
  length \ l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
proof -
 {
   fix l l'
   have length l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
     apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.induct, auto)
     by (metis wf-conn-bin-list-length)
 then show length l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l = wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l' by metis
qed
lemma wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper:
  length (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = length (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
 by auto
The injectivity of conn is useful to prove equality of the connectives and the lists.
lemma conn-inj-not:
 assumes correct: wf-conn c l
 and conn: conn c l = FNot \psi
 shows c = CNot and l = [\psi]
 apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 using correct conn unfolding binary-connectives-def apply auto
 apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 using correct conn unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
lemma conn-inj:
 fixes c ca :: 'v connective and l \psi s :: 'v propo list
 assumes corr: wf-conn ca l
 and corr': wf-conn c \psi s
```

```
and eq: conn \ ca \ l = conn \ c \ \psi s
 shows ca = c \wedge \psi s = l
 using corr
proof (cases ca l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 case (wf\text{-}conn\text{-}nullary\ v)
 then show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l using assms
     by (metis\ conn.simps(1)\ conn.simps(2)\ conn.simps(3)\ wf-conn-list(1-3))
next
 case (wf-conn-unary \psi')
 then have *: FNot \psi' = conn \ c \ \psi s \ using \ conn-inj-not \ eq \ assms \ by \ auto
 then have c = ca by (metis\ conn-inj-not(1)\ corr'\ wf-conn-unary(2))
 moreover have \psi s = l using * conn-inj-not(2) corr' wf-conn-unary(1) by force
 ultimately show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l by auto
next
 case (wf-conn-binary \psi' \psi'')
 then show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l
   using eq corr' unfolding binary-connectives-def apply (cases ca, auto simp add: wf-conn-list)
   using wf-conn-list(4-7) corr' by metis+
qed
```

3.1.3 Subformulas and properties

A characterization using sub-formulas is interesting for rewriting: we will define our relation on the sub-term level, and then lift the rewriting on the term-level. So the rewriting takes place on a subformula.

```
inductive subformula :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool (infix \leq 45) for \varphi where subformula-refl[simp]: \varphi \leq \varphi | subformula-into-subformula: \psi \in set\ l \Longrightarrow wf-conn c\ l \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq conn\ c\ l
```

On the *subformula-into-subformula*, we can see why we use our *conn* representation: one case is enough to express the subformulas property instead of listing all the cases.

This is an example of a property related to subformulas.

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ subformula-in-subformula-not:
shows b: FNot \varphi \leq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq \psi
 apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
 using subformula-into-subformula wf-conn-unary subformula-refl list.set-intros(1) subformula-refl
   by (fastforce intro: subformula-into-subformula)+
lemma subformula-in-binary-conn:
 assumes conn: c \in binary-connectives
 shows f \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
 and g \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
proof -
 have a: wf-conn c (f\# [g]) using conn wf-conn-binary binary-connectives-def by auto
 moreover have b: f \leq f using subformula-reft by auto
 ultimately show f \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
   by (metis append-Nil in-set-conv-decomp subformula-into-subformula)
 have a: wf-conn c ([f] @ [g]) using conn wf-conn-binary binary-connectives-def by auto
 moreover have b: g \leq g using subformula-refl by auto
 ultimately show g \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g] using subformula-into-subformula by force
qed
```

lemma subformula-trans:

```
\psi \preceq \psi' \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq \psi'
  apply (induct \psi' rule: subformula.inducts)
  by (auto simp: subformula-into-subformula)
lemma subformula-leaf:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes incl: \varphi \preceq \psi
  and simple: \psi = FT \lor \psi = FF \lor \psi = FVar x
  shows \varphi = \psi
  using incl simple
  by (induct rule: subformula.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list)
lemma subfurmula-not-incl-eq:
  assumes \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l
  and wf-conn c l
  and \forall \psi. \ \psi \in set \ l \longrightarrow \neg \ \varphi \preceq \psi
  shows \varphi = conn \ c \ l
  using assms apply (induction conn c l rule: subformula.induct, auto)
  using conn-inj by blast
{\bf lemma}\ \textit{wf-subformula-conn-cases}:
  wf-conn c \ l \implies \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ c \ l \lor (\exists \psi. \ \psi \in set \ l \land \varphi \leq \psi))
  apply standard
    using subfurmula-not-incl-eq apply metis
  by (auto simp add: subformula-into-subformula)
lemma subformula-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  \varphi \leq FAnd \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FAnd \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi') \ (is \ ?P \ FAnd)
  \varphi \preceq FOr \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FOr \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \preceq \psi \lor \varphi \preceq \psi')
  \varphi \preceq FEq \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FEq \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \preceq \psi \lor \varphi \preceq \psi')
  \varphi \leq FImp \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FImp \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi')
proof -
  have wf-conn CAnd [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ CAnd \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CAnd \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FAnd by auto
next
  have wf-conn COr [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ COr \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ COr \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FOr by auto
next
  have wf-conn CEq [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ CEq \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CEq \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FEq by auto
  have wf-conn CImp [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ CImp \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CImp \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FImp by auto
qed
```

```
lemma wf-conn-helper-facts[iff]:
  wf-conn CNot [\varphi]
  wf-conn CT []
  wf-conn CF []
  wf-conn (CVar x)
  wf-conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn COr [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn CImp [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn CEq [\varphi, \psi]
  using wf-conn.intros unfolding binary-connectives-def by fastforce+
lemma exists-c-conn: \exists c l. \varphi = conn c l \land wf\text{-}conn c l
  by (cases \varphi) force+
lemma subformula-conn-decomp[simp]:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c l
  shows \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ c \ l \lor (\exists \ \psi \in set \ l. \ \varphi \leq \psi)) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof (rule iffI)
    fix \xi
    have \varphi \leq \xi \Longrightarrow \xi = conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow \forall x :: 'a \ propo \in set \ l. \ \neg \ \varphi \leq x \Longrightarrow \varphi = conn \ c \ l
      apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
        apply simp
      using conn-inj by blast
  }
  moreover assume ?A
  ultimately show ?B using wf by metis
next
  assume ?B
  then show \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \ using \ wf \ wf-subformula-conn-cases by \ blast
qed
lemma subformula-leaf-explicit[simp]:
  \varphi \leq FT \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FT
  \varphi \preceq \mathit{FF} \longleftrightarrow \varphi = \mathit{FF}
  \varphi \prec FVar \ x \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FVar \ x
  apply auto
  using subformula-leaf by metis +
The variables inside the formula gives precisely the variables that are needed for the formula.
primrec vars-of-prop:: v propo \Rightarrow v set where
vars-of-prop\ FT = \{\}\ |
vars-of-prop FF = \{\} \mid
vars-of-prop (FVar x) = \{x\} \mid
vars-of-prop \ (FNot \ \varphi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi
vars-of-prop \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi
lemma vars-of-prop-incl-conn:
  fixes \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } \psi :: 'v \text{ propo and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
  assumes corr: wf-conn c l and incl: \psi \in set l
  shows vars-of-prop \ \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop \ (conn \ c \ l)
proof (cases c rule: connective-cases-arity-2)
```

```
case nullary
  then have False using corr incl by auto
  then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l) by blast
next
  case binary note c = this
  then obtain a b where ab: l = [a, b]
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp corr by metis
  then have \psi = a \vee \psi = b using incl by auto
  then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l)
    using ab c unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
next
  case unary note c = this
 fix \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 have l = [\psi] using corr c incl split-list by force
 then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn c l) using c by auto
The set of variables is compatible with the subformula order.
lemma subformula-vars-of-prop:
  \varphi \preceq \psi \Longrightarrow vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop \ \varphi \subseteq vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop \ \psi
 apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
 apply simp
 using vars-of-prop-incl-conn by blast
          Positions
3.1.4
Instead of 1 or 2 we use L or R
datatype sign = L \mid R
We use nil instead of \varepsilon.
\mathbf{fun} \ pos :: \ 'v \ propo \Rightarrow sign \ list \ set \ \mathbf{where}
pos FF = \{[]\} \mid
pos \ FT = \{[]\} \mid
pos (FVar x) = \{[]\}
pos (FAnd \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \mid
pos(FOr \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \}
pos (FEq \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \mid
pos (FImp \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \mid
pos (FNot \varphi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\}
lemma finite-pos: finite (pos \varphi)
 by (induct \varphi, auto)
lemma finite-inj-comp-set:
 fixes s :: 'v \ set
 assumes finite: finite s
 and inj: inj f
 shows card (\{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in s\}) = card \mid s \mid
  using finite
proof (induct s rule: finite-induct)
  show card \{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in \{\}\} = card \{\}  by auto
next
  fix x :: 'v and s :: 'v set
 assume f: finite s and notin: x \notin s
 and IH: card \{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in s\} = card \mid s
```

```
have f': finite \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} using f by auto
  have notin': f x \notin \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\} using notin inj injD by fastforce
  have \{f \mid p \mid p. \ p \in insert \ x \ s\} = insert \ (f \ x) \ \{f \mid p \mid p. \ p \in s\} by auto
  then have card \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} = 1 + card \ \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\}
   using finite card-insert-disjoint f' notin' by auto
  moreover have ... = card (insert x s) using notin f IH by auto
  finally show card \{f \mid p \mid p. \ p \in insert \ x \ s\} = card \ (insert \ x \ s).
qed
lemma cons-inject:
  inj (op \# s)
  by (meson injI list.inject)
lemma finite-insert-nil-cons:
 finite s \Longrightarrow card\ (insert\ []\ \{L\ \#\ p\ | p.\ p\in s\}) = 1 + card\ \{L\ \#\ p\ | p.\ p\in s\}
 using card-insert-disjoint by auto
lemma cord-not[simp]:
  card (pos (FNot \varphi)) = 1 + card (pos \varphi)
by (simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
lemma card-seperate:
  assumes finite s1 and finite s2
 shows card (\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s1\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in s2\}) = card (\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s1\})
          + card(\lbrace R \# p \mid p. p \in s2 \rbrace)  (is card(?L \cup ?R) = card?L + card?R)
proof -
 have finite ?L using assms by auto
 moreover have finite ?R using assms by auto
 moreover have ?L \cap ?R = \{\} by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis using assms card-Un-disjoint by blast
qed
definition prop-size where prop-size \varphi = card (pos \varphi)
lemma prop-size-vars-of-prop:
 fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  shows card (vars-of-prop \varphi) \leq prop-size \varphi
  unfolding prop-size-def apply (induct \varphi, auto simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
proof -
  \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2 :: 'v \ propo
  assume IH1: card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1) \leq card (pos \varphi 1)
 and IH2: card (vars-of-prop \varphi 2) \leq card (pos \varphi 2)
 let ?L = \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi 1\}
 let ?R = \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi 2\}
 have card (?L \cup ?R) = card ?L + card ?R
   using card-seperate finite-pos by blast
  moreover have ... = card (pos \varphi 1) + card (pos \varphi 2)
   by (simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
  moreover have ... \geq card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1) + card (vars-of-prop \varphi 2) using IH1 IH2 by arith
  then have ... \geq card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop \varphi 2) using card-Un-le le-trans by blast
  ultimately
   show card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop \varphi 2) \leq Suc (card (?L \cup ?R))
        card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1\ \cup\ vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L\ \cup\ ?R))
        card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L \cup ?R))
```

```
card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1\ \cup\ vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L\ \cup\ ?R))
       by auto
qed
value pos (FImp (FAnd (FVar P) (FVar Q)) (FOr (FVar P) (FVar Q)))
inductive path-to :: sign\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow bool\ where
path-to-reft[intro]: path-to [] \varphi \varphi |
path-to-l: c \in binary-connectives \lor c = CNot \Longrightarrow wf-conn c (\varphi \# l) \Longrightarrow path-to p \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow path-to-like \varphi = vf-connectives \varphi = v
   path-to (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\varphi\#l))\ \varphi'
path-to-r: c \in binary-connectives \implies wf-conn c (\psi \# \varphi \# []) \implies path-to p \varphi \varphi' \implies
   path-to (R\#p) (conn c (\psi\#\varphi\#[])) \varphi'
There is a deep link between subformulas and pathes: a (correct) path leads to a subformula
and a subformula is associated to a given path.
lemma path-to-subformula:
   path-to p \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \varphi' \preceq \varphi
   \mathbf{apply}\ (\mathit{induct\ rule:\ path-to.induct})
       apply simp
     apply (metis list.set-intros(1) subformula-into-subformula)
   using subformula-trans\ subformula-in-binary-conn(2) by metis
{f lemma}\ subformula-path-exists:
   fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
   shows \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists p. path-to p \varphi \varphi'
proof (induct rule: subformula.induct)
   case subformula-refl
   have path-to [] \varphi' \varphi' by auto
   then show \exists p. path-to p \varphi' \varphi' by metis
   case (subformula-into-subformula \psi l c)
   note wf = this(2) and IH = this(4) and \psi = this(1)
   then obtain p where p: path-to p \psi \varphi' by metis
    {
       \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
       assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
       then have False using subformula-into-subformula by auto
       then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
    }
   moreover {
       assume c: c = CNot
       then have l = [\psi] using wf \psi wf-conn-Not-decomp by fastforce
       then have path-to (L \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' by (metis c wf-conn-unary p path-to-l)
     then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
    }
   moreover {
       assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
       obtain a b where ab: [a, b] = l using subformula-into-subformula c wf-conn-bin-list-length
           list-length2-decomp by metis
       then have a = \psi \lor b = \psi using \psi by auto
       then have path-to (L \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' \vee path-to (R \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' using c path-to-l
           path-to-r p ab by (metis wf-conn-binary)
       then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
   ultimately show \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' using connective-cases-arity by metis
qed
```

```
fun replace-at :: sign list \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo where replace-at [] - \psi = \psi | replace-at (L \# l) (FAnd \varphi \varphi') \psi = FAnd (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi' | replace-at (R \# l) (FAnd \varphi \varphi') \psi = FAnd \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi) | replace-at (L \# l) (FOr \varphi \varphi') \psi = FOr (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi' | replace-at (R \# l) (FOr \varphi \varphi') \psi = FOr \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi) | replace-at (L \# l) (FEq \varphi \varphi') \psi = FEq (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi' | replace-at (L \# l) (FImp \varphi \varphi') \psi = FImp (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi' | replace-at (R \# l) (FImp \varphi \varphi') \psi = FImp \varphi (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi' | replace-at (R \# l) (FImp \varphi \varphi') \psi = FImp \varphi (replace-at l \varphi \psi) | replace-at (R \# l) (FImp \varphi \varphi') \psi = FImp \varphi (replace-at l \varphi \psi) | replace-at (R \# l) (FNot \varphi) \psi = FNot (replace-at l \varphi \psi)
```

3.2 Semantics over the syntax

Given the syntax defined above, we define a semantics, by defining an evaluation function *eval*. This function is the bridge between the logic as we define it here and the built-in logic of Isabelle.

```
fun eval :: ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ (infix \models 50) where \mathcal{A} \models FT = True \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FF = False \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FVar \ v = (\mathcal{A} \ v) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FNot \ \varphi = (\neg(\mathcal{A} \models \varphi)) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FAnd \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \land \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FOr \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \lor \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FImp \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \to \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FEq \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2)
definition evalf \ (infix \models f \ 50) \ where
evalf \ \varphi \ \psi = (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longrightarrow A \models \psi)
```

The deduction rule is in the book. And the proof looks like to the one of the book.

```
theorem deduction-theorem: \varphi \models f \psi \longleftrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models FImp \ \varphi \ \psi)
```

```
proof
  assume H: \varphi \models f \psi
  {
    \mathbf{fix} A
    have A \models FImp \varphi \psi
      proof (cases A \models \varphi)
        case True
        then have A \models \psi using H unfolding evalf-def by metis
        then show A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
      next
        case False
        then show A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
      qed
  then show \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi by blast
  assume A: \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi
  show \varphi \models f \psi
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume \neg \varphi \models f \psi
      then obtain A where A \models \varphi and \neg A \models \psi using evalf-def by metis
```

```
then have \neg A \models FImp \ \varphi \ \psi by auto then show False using A by blast qed qed

A shorter proof:

lemma \varphi \models f \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) by (simp \ add: \ evalf-def)

definition same-over-set:: ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v \ set \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
same-over-set \ A \ B \ S = (\forall \ c \in S. \ A \ c = B \ c)
```

If two mapping A and B have the same value over the variables, then the same formula are satisfiable.

```
lemma same-over-set-eval:
   assumes same-over-set A B (vars-of-prop \varphi)
   shows A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow B \models \varphi
   using assms unfolding same-over-set-def by (induct \varphi, auto)
end
theory Prop\text{-}Abstract\text{-}Transformation
imports Main\ Prop\text{-}Logic\ Wellfounded\text{-}More
```

begin

This file is devoted to abstract properties of the transformations, like consistency preservation and lifting from terms to proposition.

3.3 Rewrite systems and properties

3.3.1 Lifting of rewrite rules

We can lift a rewrite relation r over a full formula: the relation r works on terms, while propo-rew-step works on formulas.

```
inductive propo-rew-step :: ('v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for r :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where global-rel: r \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \text{propo-rew-step } r \varphi \psi \mid propo-rew-one-step-lift: propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \text{wf-conn } c \ (\psi s @ \varphi \# \psi s') \Longrightarrow \text{propo-rew-step } r \ (conn \ c \ (\psi s @ \varphi \# \psi s')) \ (conn \ c \ (\psi s @ \varphi' \# \psi s'))
```

Here is a more precise link between the lifting and the subformulas: if a rewriting takes place between φ and φ' , then there are two subformulas ψ in φ and ψ' in φ' , ψ' is the result of the rewriting of r on ψ .

This lemma is only a health condition:

```
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula-imp:

shows propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \psi \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi \wedge \psi' \preceq \varphi' \wedge r \psi \psi'

apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)

using subformula.simps subformula-into-subformula apply blast

using wf-conn-no-arity-change subformula-into-subformula wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper

in-set-conv-decomp by metis
```

The converse is moreover true: if there is a ψ and ψ' , then every formula φ containing ψ , can be rewritten into a formula φ' , such that it contains φ' .

```
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula-rec:
  fixes \psi \ \psi' \ \varphi :: \ 'v \ propo
  shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow r \psi \psi' \Longrightarrow (\exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \varphi \varphi')
proof (induct \varphi rule: subformula.induct)
  case subformula-refl
  then have propo-rew-step r \psi \psi' using propo-rew-step.intros by auto
  moreover have \psi' \leq \psi' using Prop-Logic.subformula-refl by auto
  ultimately show \exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \psi \ \varphi' by fastforce
next
  case (subformula-into-subformula \psi'' l c)
  note IH = this(4) and r = this(5) and \psi'' = this(1) and wf = this(2) and incl = this(3)
  then obtain \varphi' where *: \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \psi'' \ \varphi' by metis
  moreover obtain \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list } \mathbf{where}
    l: l = \xi \otimes \psi'' \# \xi'  using List.split-list \psi''  by metis
  ultimately have propo-rew-step r (conn c l) (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using propo-rew-step.intros(2) wf by metis
  moreover have \psi' \leq conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    using wf * wf-conn-no-arity-change Prop-Logic.subformula-into-subformula
    by (metis (no-types) in-set-conv-decomp l wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
  ultimately show \exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ (conn \ c \ l) \ \varphi' by metis
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula:
  (\exists \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi') \longleftrightarrow (\exists \varphi'. \ propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi')
  using propo-rew-step-subformula-imp propo-rew-step-subformula-rec by metis+
{f lemma}\ consistency-decompose-into-list:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c l and wf': wf-conn c l'
 and same: \forall n. A \models l! n \longleftrightarrow (A \models l'! n)
  shows A \models conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ l'
proof (cases c rule: connective-cases-arity-2)
  case nullary
  then show (A \models conn \ c \ l) \longleftrightarrow (A \models conn \ c \ l') using wf \ wf' by auto
next
  case unary note c = this
 then obtain a where l: l = [a] using wf-conn-Not-decomp wf by metis
 obtain a' where l': l' = [a'] using wf-conn-Not-decomp wf' c by metis
  have A \models a \longleftrightarrow A \models a' using l \ l' by (metis nth-Cons-0 same)
  then show A \models conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ l'  using l \ l' \ c  by auto
next
  case binary note c = this
  then obtain a b where l: l = [a, b]
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp wf by metis
  obtain a' b' where l': l' = [a', b']
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp wf' c by metis
 have p: A \models a \longleftrightarrow A \models a' A \models b \longleftrightarrow A \models b'
    using l l' same by (metis diff-Suc-1 nth-Cons' nat.distinct(2))+
  show A \models conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ l'
    using wf c p unfolding binary-connectives-def l l' by auto
qed
Relation between propo-rew-step and the rewriting we have seen before: propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi'
means that we rewrite \psi inside \varphi (ie at a path p) into \psi'.
lemma propo-rew-step-rewrite:
 fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \ propo \ and \ r :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool
```

```
assumes propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi'
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ \varphi \ \psi \land replace-at \ p \ \varphi \ \psi' = \varphi'
  using assms
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  \mathbf{case}(global\text{-}rel\ \varphi\ \psi)
  moreover have path-to [] \varphi \varphi by auto
  moreover have replace-at [ \varphi \psi = \psi \text{ by } auto ]
  ultimately show ?case by metis
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi') note rel = this(1) and IH0 = this(2) and corr = this(3)
 obtain \psi \psi' p where IH: r \psi \psi' \wedge path-to p \varphi \psi \wedge replace-at p \varphi \psi' = \varphi' using IH0 by metis
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
     then have False using corr by auto
     then have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \ \psi
                        \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
       by fast
  }
  moreover {
     assume c: c = CNot
     then have empty: \xi = [] \xi' = [] using corr by auto
     have path-to (L\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
       using c empty IH wf-conn-unary path-to-l by fastforce
     moreover have replace-at (L \# p) (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
       using c empty IH by auto
     ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \ \# \ \xi'))) \ \psi
                                \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c \ (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
     using IH by metis
  }
  moreover {
     assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
     have length (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = 2 using wf-conn-bin-list-length corr c by metis
     then have length \xi + length \ \xi' = 1 by auto
     then have ld: (length \xi = 1 \land length \ \xi' = 0) \lor (length \xi = 0 \land length \ \xi' = 1) by arith
     obtain a b where ab: (\xi=[] \land \xi'=[b]) \lor (\xi=[a] \land \xi'=[])
       using ld by (case-tac \xi, case-tac \xi', auto)
     {
        assume \varphi: \xi = [] \land \xi' = [b]
        have path-to (L\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
          using \varphi c IH ab corr by (simp add: path-to-l)
        moreover have replace-at (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi\ \#\ \xi')))\ \psi' = conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi'\ \#\ \xi'))
          using c IH ab \varphi unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
        ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \ \# \ \xi'))) \ \psi
          \land \ \textit{replace-at p (conn c ($\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) } \ \psi' = \textit{conn c ($\xi@ (\varphi' \# \xi'))}
          using IH by metis
     moreover {
        assume \varphi: \xi = [a] \quad \xi' = []
        then have path-to (R\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
          using c IH corr path-to-r corr \varphi by (simp add: path-to-r)
        moreover have replace-at (R\#p) (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
          using c IH ab \varphi unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
        ultimately have ?case using IH by metis
     }
```

```
ultimately have ?case using ab by blast }
ultimately show ?case using connective-cases-arity by blast
qed
```

3.3.2 Consistency preservation

```
We define preserves-un-sat: it means that a relation preserves consistency.
definition preserves-un-sat where
preserves-un-sat r \longleftrightarrow (\forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi))
lemma propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit:
propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat r \Longrightarrow propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi)
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def
proof (induction rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case global-rel
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi') note rel = this(1) and wf = this(2)
   and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)\ this(1)] and consistent = this(4)
  {
   \mathbf{fix} A
   from IH have \forall n. (A \models (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') ! n) = (A \models (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') ! n)
      by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) list-update-length nth-Cons-0 nth-append-length-plus
       nth-list-update-neq)
   then have (A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) = (A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
      by (meson consistency-decompose-into-list wf wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper
        wf-conn-no-arity-change)
 then show \forall A. A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') by auto
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-preservers-val':
 assumes preserves-un-sat r
 shows preserves-un-sat (propo-rew-step r)
  using assms by (simp add: preserves-un-sat-def propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit)
lemma preserves-un-sat-OO[intro]:
preserves-un-sat f \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat g \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat (f \ OO \ g)
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by auto
{f lemma}\ star-consistency-preservation-explicit:
  assumes (propo-rew-step \ r)^* * \varphi \psi and preserves-un-sat \ r
  shows \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto simp add: propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit)
lemma star-consistency-preservation:
preserves-un-sat r \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat (propo-rew-step r) **
  by (simp add: star-consistency-preservation-explicit preserves-un-sat-def)
```

3.3.3 Full Lifting

In the previous a relation was lifted to a formula, now we define the relation such it is applied as long as possible. The definition is thus simply: it can be derived and nothing more can be derived.

```
lemma full-ropo-rew-step-preservers-val[simp]: preserves-un-sat r \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step r)) by (metis full-def preserves-un-sat-def star-consistency-preservation) lemma full-propo-rew-step-subformula: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi' \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg (\exists \ \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi') unfolding full-def using propo-rew-step-subformula-rec by metis
```

3.4 Transformation testing

3.4.1 Definition and first properties

To prove correctness of our transformation, we create a *all-subformula-st* predicate. It tests recursively all subformulas. At each step, the actual formula is tested. The aim of this *test-symb* function is to test locally some properties of the formulas (i.e. at the level of the connective or at first level). This allows a clause description between the rewrite relation and the *test-symb*

```
definition all-subformula-st :: ('a propo \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \equiv \forall \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow \text{test-symb } \psi
```

```
lemma test-symb-imp-all-subformula-st[simp]:
  test-symb FT \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb FT
  test-symb FF \implies all-subformula-st test-symb FF
  test-symb (FVar \ x) \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (FVar \ x)
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def using subformula-leaf by metis+
\mathbf{lemma}\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}test\text{-}symb\text{-}true\text{-}phi:
  all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow test-symb \varphi
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}decomp\text{-}imp:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow (test-symb (conn \ c \ l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ all-subformula-st test-symb (\varphi)
  \implies all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l)
 unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
To ease the finding of proofs, we give some explicit theorem about the decomposition.
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-rec:
  all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l) \Longrightarrow wf-conn c l
    \implies (test-symb (conn c l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi))
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ l :: 'v \ propo \ list
  assumes wf-conn c l
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l)
   \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn c l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi))
  using assms all-subformula-st-decomp-rec all-subformula-st-decomp-imp by metis
```

```
lemma helper-fact: c \in binary-connectives \longleftrightarrow (c = COr \lor c = CAnd \lor c = CEq \lor c = CImp)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi)
      \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (FNot\ \varphi) \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \varphi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) \land \ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ } \varphi \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ } \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi)
        \rightarrow (test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
proof -
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ... \longleftrightarrow test-symb (conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi])\land(\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb
\xi
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (5) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn COr [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  \mathbf{moreover}\ \mathbf{have}\ \ldots \longleftrightarrow
    (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ COr\ [\varphi,\psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set\ [\varphi,\psi].\ all\text{-}subformula-st\ test\text{-}symb\ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (6) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CEq [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ...
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn CEq [\varphi, \psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(8) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \varphi \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \ test\text{-}symb \ \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CImp [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ...
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn CImp [\varphi, \psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(7) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CNot [\varphi])
  moreover have ... = (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ CNot\ [\varphi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set\ [\varphi].\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(1) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi)
```

```
\longleftrightarrow (\textit{test-symb}\ (\textit{FNot}\ \varphi) \ \land \ \textit{all-subformula-st}\ \textit{test-symb}\ \varphi)\ \mathbf{by}\ \textit{simp} \mathbf{qed}
```

As all-subformula-st tests recursively, the function is true on every subformula.

```
lemma subformula-all-subformula-st: \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi by (induct rule: subformula.induct, auto simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp)
```

The following theorem no-test-symb-step-exists shows the link between the test-symb function and the corresponding rewrite relation r: if we assume that if every time test-symb is true, then a r can be applied, finally as long as \neg all-subformula-st test-symb φ , then something can be rewritten in φ .

```
lemma no-test-symb-step-exists:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. \ test-symb FF \land test-symb FT \land test-symb (FVar \ x) and
    \forall \varphi'. \varphi' \leq \varphi \longrightarrow (\neg test\text{-symb } \varphi') \longrightarrow (\exists \psi. r \varphi' \psi) \text{ and }
    \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
  using assms
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  then show \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
    using wf-conn-nullary test-symb-false-nullary by fastforce
  case (unary \varphi) note IH = this(1)[OF this(2)] and r = this(2) and nst = this(3) and subf =
this(4)
  from r IH nst have H: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land (\exists \psi'. \ r \ \psi \ \psi')
    \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis subformula-in-subformula-not subformula-refl subformula-trans})
    assume n: \neg test\text{-symb} (FNot \varphi)
    obtain \psi where r (FNot \varphi) \psi using subformula-refl r n nst by blast
    moreover have FNot \varphi \leq FNot \varphi using subformula-refl by auto
    ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi'. \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi' by metis
  }
  moreover {
    assume n: test-symb (FNot \varphi)
    then have \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
      using all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) nst subf by blast
    then have \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
      using H subformula-in-subformula-not subformula-refl subformula-trans by blast
  }
  ultimately show \exists \psi \ \psi'. \psi \prec FNot \ \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi' by blast
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1-\theta = this(1)[OF\ this(4)] and IH\varphi 2-\theta = this(2)[OF\ this(4)] and r = this(4)
    and \varphi = this(3) and le = this(5) and nst = this(6)
  obtain c :: 'v \ connective \ \mathbf{where}
    c: (c = CAnd \lor c = COr \lor c = CImp \lor c = CEq) \land conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] = \varphi
    using \varphi by fastforce
```

then have corr: wf-conn c $[\varphi 1, \varphi 2]$ using wf-conn.simps unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto have inc: $\varphi 1 \preceq \varphi \varphi 2 \preceq \varphi$ using binary-connectives-def c subformula-in-binary-conn by blast+

```
from r IH\varphi 1-0 have IH\varphi 1: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 1 \Longrightarrow \exists \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi 1 \land r \ \psi \ \psi' using inc(1) subformula-trans le by blast from r IH\varphi 2-0 have IH\varphi 2: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 2 \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi 2 \land (\exists \psi'. \ r \ \psi \ \psi') using inc(2) subformula-trans le by blast have cases: \neg test-symb \varphi \lor \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 1 \lor \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 2 using c nst by auto show \exists \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi' using IH\varphi 1 IH\varphi 2 subformula-trans inc subformula-refl cases le by blast qed
```

3.4.2 Invariant conservation

If two rewrite relation are independent (or at least independent enough), then the property characterizing the first relation *all-subformula-st test-symb* remains true. The next show the same property, with changes in the assumptions.

The assumption $\forall \varphi' \psi$. $\varphi' \leq \Phi \longrightarrow r \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all$ -subformula-st test-symb $\varphi' \longrightarrow all$ -subformula-st test-symb ψ means that rewriting with r does not mess up the property we want to preserve locally.

The previous assumption is not enough to go from r to $propo-rew-step\ r$: we have to add the assumption that rewriting inside does not mess up the term: $\forall\ c\ \xi\ \varphi\ \xi'\ \varphi'.\ \varphi \leq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step\ r\ \varphi\ \varphi' \longrightarrow wf-conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb\ (conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi')) \longrightarrow test-symb\ (conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi'\ \#\ \xi'))$

Invariant while lifting of the rewriting relation

The condition $\varphi \leq \Phi$ (that will by used with $\Phi = \varphi$ most of the time) is here to ensure that the recursive conditions on Φ will moreover hold for the subterm we are rewriting. For example if there is no equivalence symbol in Φ , we do not have to care about equivalence symbols in the two previous assumptions.

```
lemma propo-rew-step-inv-stay':
  fixes r:: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and test-symb:: 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi \Phi :: 'v propo
  assumes H: \forall \varphi' \psi. \varphi' \preceq \Phi \longrightarrow r \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \varphi'
      \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  and H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \leq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi'
     \longrightarrow wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test-symb \varphi'
    \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \text{ and }
    propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi and
    \varphi \leq \Phi and
    all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using assms(3-5)
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case global-rel
  then show ?case using H by simp
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
  note rel = this(1) and \varphi = this(2) and corr = this(3) and \Phi = this(4) and nst = this(5)
  have sq: \varphi \leq \Phi
    \mathbf{using}\ \Phi\ corr\ subformula-into-subformula\ subformula-refl\ subformula-trans
    by (metis in-set-conv-decomp)
  from corr have \forall \psi. \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi
```

```
using all-subformula-st-decomp nst by blast
  then have *: \forall \psi. \ \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi \text{ using } \varphi \text{ sq by } fastforce
  then have test-symb \varphi' using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi by auto
  moreover from corr nst have test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp by blast
  ultimately have test-symb: test-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using H' sq corr rel by blast
  have wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper corr wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  then show all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using * test-symb by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp)
qed
The need for \varphi \leq \Phi is not always necessary, hence we moreover have a version without inclusion.
lemma propo-rew-step-inv-stay:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi' \psi. \ r \ \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi' \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi'))
      \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }\varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }(conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi'\ \#\ \xi')) and
    propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi and
    all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of \varphi r test-symb \varphi \psi] assms subformula-reft by metis
The lemmas can be lifted to propo-rew-step r^{\downarrow} instead of propo-rew-step
```

Invariant after all rewriting

```
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \psi. propo-rew-step \ r \varphi \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi
       \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \leq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi'
      \longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi') \longrightarrow test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi')) \longrightarrow test\text{-}symb\ \varphi'
      \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \text{ and }
      \varphi \leq \Phi and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using assms unfolding full-def
proof -
  have rel: (propo-rew-step \ r)^{**} \ \varphi \ \psi
    using full unfolding full-def by auto
  then show all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using init
    proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
      {f case}\ base
      then show all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi by blast
    next
      case (step b c) note star = this(1) and IH = this(3) and one = this(2) and all = this(4)
      then have all-subformula-st test-symb b by metis
      then show all-subformula-st test-symb c using propo-rew-step-inv-stay' H H' rel one by auto
```

```
qed
qed
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay':
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \psi. propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi
       \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi' \longrightarrow wf-conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi')
       \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ \varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \ \text{and}
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc[of r test-symb \varphi] assms subformula-refl by metis
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay:
  fixes r:: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and test-symb:: 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi \ \mathbf{and}
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi')
       \longrightarrow test\text{-symb } \varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb } (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \text{ and }
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  unfolding full-def
proof -
  have rel: (propo-rew-step \ r)^* * \varphi \psi
    using full unfolding full-def by auto
  then show all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using init
    proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
       case base
       then show all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi by blast
    next
       note star = this(1) and IH = this(3) and one = this(2) and all = this(4)
       then have all-subformula-st test-symb b by metis
       then show all-subformula-st test-symb c
         using propo-rew-step-inv-stay subformula-refl H H' rel one by auto
    qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ l \ l'. \ wf-conn \ c \ l \longrightarrow wf-conn \ c \ l'
       \longrightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l) \longleftrightarrow test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l')) and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
proof -
```

```
have \bigwedge(c:: 'v\ connective)\ \xi\ \varphi\ \xi'\ \varphi'.\ wf\text{-}conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi')
\implies test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi'\ \#\ \xi'))
\implies test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi'\ \#\ \xi'))
using H' by (metis\ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}no\text{-}arity\text{-}change\text{-}helper\ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}no\text{-}arity\text{-}change})
then show all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \psi}
using H full init full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay by blast
qed
end
theory Prop\text{-}Normalisation
imports Main\ Prop\text{-}Logic\ Prop\text{-}Abstract\text{-}Transformation\ ../lib/Multiset\text{-}More
begin
```

Given the previous definition about abstract rewriting and theorem about them, we now have the detailed rule making the transformation into CNF/DNF.

3.5 Rewrite Rules

The idea of Christoph Weidenbach's book is to remove gradually the operators: first equivalencies, then implication, after that the unused true/false and finally the reorganizing the or/and. We will prove each transformation separately.

3.5.1 Elimination of the equivalences

The first transformation consists in removing every equivalence symbol.

```
inductive elim-equiv :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where elim-equiv[simp]: elim-equiv (FEq\ \varphi\ \psi) (FAnd\ (FImp\ \varphi\ \psi)) (FImp\ \psi\ \varphi))

lemma elim-equiv-transformation-consistent: A \models FEq\ \varphi\ \psi \longleftrightarrow A \models FAnd\ (FImp\ \varphi\ \psi) (FImp\ \psi\ \varphi) by auto

lemma elim-equiv-explicit: elim-equiv \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow \forall\ A.\ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi by (induct\ rule:\ elim-equiv.induct, auto)

lemma elim-equiv-consistent: preserves-un-sat elim-equiv unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp\ add:\ elim-equiv-explicit)

lemma elimEquv-lifted-consistant: preserves-un-sat (full\ (propo-rew-step elim-equiv))

by (simp\ add:\ elim-equiv-consistent)
```

This function ensures that there is no equivalencies left in the formula tested by no-equiv-symb.

```
fun no-equiv-symb :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ where no-equiv-symb (FEq - -) = False \mid no-equiv-symb - = True
```

Given the definition of *no-equiv-symb*, it does not depend on the formula, but only on the connective used.

```
lemma no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization[simp]: fixes c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ l :: 'v \ propo \ list assumes wf : \ wf-conn c \ l shows no-equiv-symb (conn c \ l) \longleftrightarrow c \neq CEq
```

```
by (metis connective.distinct(13,25,35,43) wf no-equiv-symb.elims(3) no-equiv-symb.simps(1) wf-conn.cases wf-conn-list(6))
```

definition no-equiv where no-equiv = all-subformula-st no-equiv-symb

```
lemma no-equiv-eq[simp]:
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
shows
\neg no-equiv \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi)
no-equiv \ FT
no-equiv \ FF
using no-equiv-symb.simps(1) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding no-equiv-def by auto
```

The following lemma helps to reconstruct no-equiv expressions: this representation is easier to use than the set definition.

```
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-no-equiv[iff]: fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo shows no-equiv \ (FNot \ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no-equiv \ \varphi \land no-equiv \ \psi) no-equiv \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no-equiv \ \varphi \land no-equiv \ \psi) no-equiv \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no-equiv \ \varphi \land no-equiv \ \psi) no-equiv \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no-equiv \ \varphi \land no-equiv \ \psi) by (auto \ simp: no-equiv-def)
```

A theorem to show the link between the rewrite relation *elim-equiv* and the function *no-equiv-symb*. This theorem is one of the assumption we need to characterize the transformation.

```
lemma no-equiv-elim-equiv-step:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv: \neg no-equiv \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elim\text{-}equiv \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x::'v. \ no-equiv-symb FF \land no-equiv-symb FT \land no-equiv-symb (FVar \ x)
    unfolding no-equiv-def by auto
  moreover {
    fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
      assume a1: elim-equiv (conn c l) \psi
      have \bigwedge p pa. \neg elim-equiv (p::'v propo) pa \lor \neg no-equiv-symb p
        using elim-equiv.cases no-equiv-symb.simps(1) by blast
      then have elim-equiv (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no-equiv-symb (conn c l) using a1 by metis
  }
  moreover have H': \forall \psi. \neg elim\text{-}equiv \ FT \ \psi \ \forall \psi. \neg elim\text{-}equiv \ FF \ \psi \ \forall \psi \ x. \neg elim\text{-}equiv \ (FVar \ x) \ \psi
    using elim-equiv.cases by auto
  moreover have \bigwedge \varphi. \neg no-equiv-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim-equiv \varphi \psi
    by (case-tac \varphi, auto simp: elim-equiv.simps)
  then have \bigwedge \varphi'. \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb \ \varphi' \Longrightarrow \ \exists \ \psi. elim\text{-}equiv \ \varphi' \ \psi \ by \ force
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists no-equiv test-symb-false-nullary unfolding no-equiv-def by blast
qed
```

Given all the previous theorem and the characterization, once we have rewritten everything, there is no equivalence symbol any more.

```
lemma no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv:

full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \psi

using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-equiv-elim-equiv-step by blast
```

3.5.2 Eliminate Implication

```
After that, we can eliminate the implication symbols.
inductive elim-imp :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
[simp]: elim-imp (FImp \varphi \psi) (FOr (FNot \varphi) \psi)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{elim-imp-transformation-consistent} :
  A \models FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \longleftrightarrow A \models FOr \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ \psi
  by auto
lemma elim-imp-explicit: elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
lemma elim-imp-consistent: preserves-un-sat elim-imp
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: elim-imp-explicit)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{elim-imp-lifted-consistant} \colon
  preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp))
  by (simp add: elim-imp-consistent)
fun no-imp-symb where
no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \ (FImp - -) = False \ |
no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb - = True
lemma no-imp-symb-conn-characterization:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow no-imp-symb (conn \ c \ l) \longleftrightarrow c \ne CImp
  by (induction rule: wf-conn-induct) auto
definition no-imp where no-imp \equiv all-subformula-st no-imp-symb
declare no\text{-}imp\text{-}def[simp]
lemma no\text{-}imp\text{-}Imp[simp]:
  \neg no\text{-}imp \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi)
  no\text{-}imp\ FT
  no-imp FF
  unfolding no-imp-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}decomp\text{-}explicit\text{-}imp[simp]:}
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows
    no\text{-}imp\ (FNot\ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}imp\ \varphi
    no\text{-}imp\ (FAnd\ \varphi\ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}imp\ \varphi \land no\text{-}imp\ \psi)
    no\text{-}imp\ (FOr\ \varphi\ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}imp\ \varphi \land no\text{-}imp\ \psi)
  by auto
Invariant of the elim-imp transformation
lemma elim-imp-no-equiv:
  elim-imp \ \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \ \varphi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \ \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
lemma elim-imp-inv:
  fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi and no-equiv \varphi
  shows no-equiv \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elim-imp no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi] assms elim-imp-no-equiv
```

```
lemma no-no-imp-elim-imp-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv: \neg no-imp \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elim\text{-}imp \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. \ no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ FF \land no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ FT \land no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ (FVar\ (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
     fix c:: 'v connective and l :: 'v propo list and \psi :: 'v propo
     have H: elim-imp (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no-imp-symb (conn c l)
       by (auto elim: elim-imp.cases)
    }
  moreover
    have H': \forall \psi. \neg elim-imp \ FT \ \psi \ \forall \psi. \neg elim-imp \ FF \ \psi \ \forall \psi \ x. \neg elim-imp \ (FVar \ x) \ \psi
      by (auto elim: elim-imp.cases)+
    have \bigwedge \varphi. \neg no-imp-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim-imp \varphi \psi
      by (case\text{-}tac \varphi) (force simp: elim\text{-}imp.simps)+
    then have \bigwedge \varphi'. \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \ \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi. elim-imp \ \varphi' \ \psi by force
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists no-equiv test-symb-false-nullary unfolding no-imp-def by blast
qed
lemma no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp: full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-imp \psi
```

3.5.3 Eliminate all the True and False in the formula

using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-no-imp-elim-imp-step-exists by blast

Contrary to the book, we have to give the transformation and the "commutative" transformation. The latter is implicit in the book.

```
inductive elimTB where
ElimTB1: elimTB (FAnd \varphi FT) \varphi
ElimTB1': elimTB (FAnd FT \varphi) \varphi
ElimTB2: elimTB (FAnd \varphi FF) FF |
ElimTB2': elimTB (FAnd FF \varphi) FF |
ElimTB3: elimTB (FOr \varphi FT) FT |
Elim TB3': elim TB (FOr FT \varphi) FT |
ElimTB4: elimTB (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi |
Elim TB4': elim TB (FOr FF \varphi) \varphi
ElimTB5: elimTB (FNot FT) FF
ElimTB6: elimTB (FNot FF) FT
lemma elimTB-consistent: preserves-un-sat elimTB
proof -
  {
   fix \varphi \psi:: 'b propo
   have elimTB \ \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi \ \text{by} \ (induction \ rule: \ elimTB.inducts) \ auto
  }
```

```
then show ?thesis using preserves-un-sat-def by auto
qed
inductive no-T-F-symb :: 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where
no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}comp: c \neq CF \Longrightarrow c \neq CT \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF)
  \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (conn \ c \ l)
lemma wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff[simp]:
  wf-conn c \ \psi s \Longrightarrow
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ \psi s) \longleftrightarrow (c \neq CF \land c \neq CT \land (\forall\ \psi \in set\ \psi s.\ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT))
  unfolding no-T-F-symb.simps apply (cases c)
          using wf-conn-list(1) apply fastforce
         using wf-conn-list(2) apply fastforce
        using wf-conn-list(3) apply fastforce
       apply (metis (no-types, hide-lams) conn-inj connective. distinct(5,17))
      using conn-inj apply blast+
  done
lemma wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff-explicit[simp]:
  no-T-F-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  \textit{no-T-F-symb } (\textit{FOr } \varphi \; \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \, \chi \in \textit{set } [\varphi, \, \psi]. \; \chi \neq \textit{FF} \; \land \; \chi \neq \textit{FT})
  no-T-F-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  no-T-F-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
     apply (metis\ conn.simps(36)\ conn.simps(37)\ conn.simps(5)\ propo.distinct(19)
       wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
    apply (metis conn.simps(36) conn.simps(37) conn.simps(6) propo.distinct(22)
      wf-conn-helper-facts(6) wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
   using wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff apply fastforce
  by (metis\ conn.simps(36)\ conn.simps(37)\ conn.simps(7)\ propo.distinct(23)\ wf-conn-helper-facts(7)
    wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
lemma no-T-F-symb-false[simp]:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FT :: 'v \ propo)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FF :: 'v \ propo)
    by (metis\ (no-types)\ conn.simps(1,2)\ wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff\ wf-conn-nullary)+
lemma no-T-F-symb-bool[simp]:
  fixes x :: 'v
  shows no-T-F-symb (FVar x)
  using no-T-F-symb-comp wf-conn-nullary by (metis connective distinct (3, 15) conn. simps (3)
    empty-iff\ list.set(1))
lemma no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp:
  \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi) \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume n: \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb (FNot \varphi)
  assume \neg (\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF)
  then have \forall \varphi' \in set \ [\varphi]. \ \varphi' \neq FT \land \varphi' \neq FF \ by \ auto
  moreover have wf-conn CNot [\varphi] by simp
  ultimately have no-T-F-symb (FNot \varphi)
    using no-T-F-symb.intros by (metis conn.simps(4) connective.distinct(5,17))
```

```
then show False using n by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-symb-fnot[simp]:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\ (FNot\ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow \neg(\varphi = FT\ \lor\ \varphi = FF)
  using no-T-F-symb.simps no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp by (metis conn-inj-not(2) list.set-intros(1))
Actually it is not possible to remover every FT and FF: if the formula is equal to true or false,
we can not remove it.
inductive no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel where
no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true[simp]: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FT
no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false[simp]: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel\ FF
noTrue-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel[simp]: no-T-F-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bool:
  fixes x :: 'v
 shows no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar x)
 by simp
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom:
  \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FNot }\varphi)
 by simp
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes \varphi \neq FT and \varphi \neq FF and \psi \neq FT and \psi \neq FF
 and c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
 shows no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c [\varphi, \psi])
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) assms c conn.simps(4) list.discI noTrue-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel
    wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff no-T-F-symb-fnot set-ConsD wf-conn-binary wf-conn-helper-facts(1)
    wf-conn-list-decomp(1,2))
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}if\text{-}is\text{-}a\text{-}true\text{-}false\text{:}}
  fixes l :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ c :: 'v \ connective
  assumes corr: wf-conn c l
  and FT \in set \ l \lor FF \in set \ l
  shows \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (conn c l)
  by (metis assms empty-iff no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.simps wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff set-empty
    wf-conn-list(1,2))
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-example[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \lor \psi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor \psi = FF
 shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FImp <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FEq <math>\varphi \psi)
  using assms no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false unfolding binary-connectives-def
    by (metis\ (no-types)\ conn.simps(5-8)\ insert-iff\ list.simps(14-15)\ wf-conn-helper-facts(5-8))+
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-not[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
```

shows

```
\neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FNot <math>\varphi)
by (simp add: assms no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.simps)
```

This is the local extension of no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.

```
definition no-T-F-except-top-level where
no-T-F-except-top-level \equiv all-subformula-st no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel
```

This is another property we will use. While this version might seem to be the one we want to

```
prove, it is not since FT can not be reduced.
definition no-T-F where
no\text{-}T\text{-}F \equiv all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-false:
  fixes l :: 'v propo list and <math>c :: 'v connective
  assumes wf-conn c l
  and FT \in set \ l \lor FF \in set \ l
  shows \neg no-T-F-except-top-level (conn c l)
  by (simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp assms no-T-F-except-top-level-def
    no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-false-example[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \lor \psi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor \psi = FF
  shows
     \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no-T-F-except-top-level (FOr \varphi \psi)
    \neg no-T-F-except-top-level (FEq \varphi \psi)
     \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FImp <math>\varphi \psi)
  by (metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi assms no-T-F-except-top-level-def
     no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-example)+
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel } \varphi \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \varphi
  by (induct rule: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.induct, auto)
The two following lemmas give the precise link between the two definitions.
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \ \varphi \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi
  unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def no-T-F-def apply (induct \varphi)
  using no-T-F-symb-fnot by fastforce+
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\text{:}}
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \varphi
  unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def no-T-F-def
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma\ no-T-F-except-top-level-simp[simp]:\ no-T-F-except-top-level\ FF\ no-T-F-except-top-level\ FT
  unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by auto
lemma no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level'[simp]:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\ }\varphi\longleftrightarrow (\varphi=FF\lor\varphi=FT\lor no\text{-}T\text{-}F\ \varphi)
  \textbf{using} \ \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{\ }no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\text{-}}lowed
  by auto
```

```
lemma no-T-F-bin-decomp[simp]:
  assumes c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
  shows no-T-F (conn\ c\ [\varphi,\psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F\ \varphi \land no-T-F\ \psi)
proof -
  have wf: wf\text{-}conn\ c\ [\varphi, \psi] using c by auto
  then have no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F-symb (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \land no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
    by (simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp no-T-F-def)
  then show no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
    \textbf{using} \ c \ \textit{wf all-subformula-st-decomp list.discI} \ \textit{no-T-F-def no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom}
      no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb\ no-T-F-symb-false (1,2)\ wf-conn-helper-facts (2,3)
      wf-conn-list(1,2) by metis
qed
lemma no-T-F-bin-decomp-expanded[simp]:
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \lor c = CEq \lor c = CImp
  shows no-T-F (conn\ c\ [\varphi,\psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F\ \varphi \land no-T-F\ \psi)
  using no-T-F-bin-decomp assms unfolding binary-connectives-def by blast
lemma no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
  using assms conn.simps(5-8) no-T-F-bin-decomp-expanded by (metis (no-types))+
lemma no-T-F-comp-not[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows no-T-F (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no-T-F \varphi
  by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def
    no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp)
lemma no-T-F-decomp:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi: no-T-F (FAnd \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FOr \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FEq \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FImp \varphi \psi)
  shows no-T-F \psi and no-T-F \varphi
  using assms by auto
lemma no-T-F-decomp-not:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi: no-T-F (FNot \varphi)
  shows no-T-F \varphi
  using assms by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}step\text{-}exists\text{:}}
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
  shows \psi \prec \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel } \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. elimTB \ \psi \ \psi'
proof (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi'(x))
  then have False using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false by auto
  then show ?case by blast
next
  case (unary \psi)
  then have \psi = FF \lor \psi = FT using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom by blast
```

```
then show ?case using ElimTB5 ElimTB6 by blast
next
  case (binary \varphi' \psi 1 \psi 2)
  note IH1 = this(1) and IH2 = this(2) and \varphi' = this(3) and F\varphi = this(4) and n = this(5)
    assume \varphi' = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
    then have False using n F\varphi subformula-all-subformula-st assms
      by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ no\text{-}equiv\text{-}eq(1)\ no\text{-}equiv\text{-}def\ no\text{-}imp\text{-}Imp(1)\ no\text{-}imp\text{-}def)
    then have ?case by blast
  }
  moreover {
    assume \varphi': \varphi' = \mathit{FAnd} \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = \mathit{FOr} \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
    then have \psi 1 = FT \vee \psi 2 = FT \vee \psi 1 = FF \vee \psi 2 = FF
     using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom conn. simps(5,6) n unfolding binary-connectives-def
      by fastforce+
    then have ?case using elimTB.intros \varphi' by blast
 ultimately show ?case using \varphi' by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi and no-imp: no-imp \varphi
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land elimTB \ \psi \ \psi'
proof
  have test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FF:: 'v propo)
    \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar (x:: 'v)) by auto
 moreover {
     fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
     have H: elimTB (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (conn c l)
       by (cases conn c l rule: elimTB.cases, auto)
  }
 moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
    have H': no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level }FT no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level }FF
       no-T-F-except-top-level (FVar x)
       by (auto simp: no-T-F-except-top-level-def test-symb-false-nullary)
  }
 moreover {
     fix \psi
     have \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel }\psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. elimTB \psi \psi'
       using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists no-equiv no-imp by auto
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists noTB unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by blast
qed
lemma elimTB-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step elim TB) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi
proof -
  {
     fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
     have H: elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \psi
```

```
by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elimTB.induct, auto)
  }
  then show no-equiv \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elimTB no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi]
     no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization assms unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
next
  {
    \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
    have H: elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elimTB.induct, auto)
 then show no-imp \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elimTB no-imp-symb \varphi \psi] assms
     no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def by metis
qed
lemma elimTB-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and full (propo-rew-step elim TB) \varphi \psi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-T-F-except-top-level-rew assms elimTB-inv by fastforce
3.5.4
         PushNeg
Push the negation inside the formula, until the litteral.
inductive pushNeg where
PushNeg1[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi)) (FOr (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
PushNeg2[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FOr \varphi \psi)) (FAnd (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
PushNeg3[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FNot \varphi)) \varphi
{\bf lemma}\ push Neg-transformation\text{-}consistent:
A \models FNot \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow A \models (FOr \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ (FNot \ \psi))
A \models FNot \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow A \models (FAnd \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ (FNot \ \psi))
A \models FNot (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow A \models \varphi
 by auto
lemma pushNeg-explicit: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
lemma pushNeg-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushNeg
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: pushNeg-explicit)
lemma pushNeg-lifted-consistant:
preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step pushNeg))
 by (simp add: pushNeg-consistent)
fun simple where
simple FT = True \mid
simple FF = True \mid
simple (FVar -) = True \mid
simple - = False
```

```
lemma simple-decomp:
  simple \ \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor (\exists x. \ \varphi = FVar \ x))
  by (cases \varphi) auto
{f lemma}\ subformula\mbox{-}conn\mbox{-}decomp\mbox{-}simple:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes s: simple \psi
  shows \varphi \leq FNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ \psi \lor \varphi = \psi)
proof -
  have \varphi \leq conn \ CNot \ [\psi] \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ CNot \ [\psi] \lor (\exists \ \psi \in set \ [\psi]. \ \varphi \leq \psi))
    using subformula-conn-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(1) by metis
  then show \varphi \leq FNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ \psi \lor \varphi = \psi) using s by (auto simp: simple-decomp)
qed
lemma subformula-conn-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo \ {\bf and} \ x :: 'v
  shows
    \varphi \leq FNot \ FT \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ FT \lor \varphi = FT)
    \varphi \leq FNot \ FF \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ FF \lor \varphi = FF)
    \varphi \leq FNot \ (FVar \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ (FVar \ x) \lor \varphi = FVar \ x)
  by (auto simp: subformula-conn-decomp-simple)
{f fun} \ simple-not-symb \ {f where}
simple-not-symb (FNot \varphi) = (simple \varphi)
simple-not-symb -= True
definition simple-not where
simple-not = all-subformula-st\ simple-not-symb
declare simple-not-def[simp]
lemma simple-not-Not[simp]:
  \neg simple-not (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi))
  \neg simple-not (FNot (FOr \varphi \psi))
  by auto
lemma simple-not-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
  shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb \ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi'. \ pushNeg \ \psi \ \psi'
  apply (induct \psi, auto)
  apply (rename-tac \psi, case-tac \psi, auto intro: pushNeg.intros)
  by (metis\ assms(1,2)\ no-imp-Imp(1)\ no-equiv-eq(1)\ no-imp-def\ no-equiv-def
    subformula-in-subformula-not\ subformula-all-subformula-st)+
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-not-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg simple-not \varphi and no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi and no-imp: no-imp \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land pushNeg \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have \forall x. \ simple-not-symb \ (FF:: 'v \ propo) \land simple-not-symb \ FT \land simple-not-symb \ (FVar \ (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
     fix c:: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \ l:: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \psi:: 'v \ propo
     have H: pushNeg (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb (conn c l)
       by (cases conn c l rule: pushNeg.cases) auto
```

```
}
  moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     have H': simple-not\ FT\ simple-not\ FF\ simple-not\ (FVar\ x)
       by simp-all
  moreover {
     fix \psi :: 'v \ propo
     have \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. pushNeg \psi \psi'
       using simple-not-step-exists no-equiv no-imp by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis using no-test-symb-step-exists no TB unfolding simple-not-def by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeq1:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FNot (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)) \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FOr (FNot <math>\varphi)) (FNot \psi))
 using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb no-T-F-comp-not no-T-F-decomp(1)
    no-T-F-decomp(2) no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by (metis no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit(2))
      propo.distinct(5,17)
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg2:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FNot (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)) \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FAnd (FNot <math>\varphi)) (FNot \psi))
  by auto
lemma no-T-F-symb-pushNeg:
  no-T-F-symb (FOr (FNot \varphi') (FNot \psi'))
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FAnd \ (FNot \ \varphi') \ (FNot \ \psi'))
  no-T-F-symb (FNot (FNot \varphi'))
  by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F-symb:
  propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \psi
 apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 apply (cases rule: pushNeg.cases)
  apply simp-all
 apply (metis no-T-F-symb-pushNeq(1))
 apply (metis no-T-F-symb-pushNeq(2))
  apply (simp, metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def)
proof -
  fix \varphi \varphi':: 'a propo and c:: 'a connective and \xi \xi':: 'a propo list
  assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \varphi'
 and IH: no-T-F \varphi \implies no-T-F-symb \varphi \implies no-T-F-symb \varphi'
 and wf: wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
 and n: conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = FF \lor conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = FT \lor no-T-F \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
  and x: c \neq CF \land c \neq CT \land \varphi \neq FF \land \varphi \neq FT \land (\forall \psi \in set \ \xi \cup set \ \xi'. \ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT)
  then have c \neq CF \land c \neq CF \land wf\text{-}conn\ c\ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    using wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-no-arity-change by metis
  moreover have n': no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) using n by (simp add: wf wf-conn-list(1,2))
 moreover
    have no-T-F \varphi
      by (metis Un-iff all-subformula-st-decomp list.set-intros(1) n' wf no-T-F-def set-append)
    moreover then have no-T-F-symb \varphi
      by (simp add: all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def)
    ultimately have \varphi' \neq \mathit{FF} \wedge \varphi' \neq \mathit{FT}
      using IH no-T-F-symb-false(1) no-T-F-symb-false(2) by blast
```

```
then have \forall \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT \ using \ x \ by \ auto
 ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by (simp add: x)
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F:
  propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case global-rel
 then show ?case
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb
     no-T-F-def no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg1 no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg2
     no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level \ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit (3) \ pushNeg.simps
     simple.simps(1,2,5,6))
next
 case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
 note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
 moreover have wf': wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')
   \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{wf-conn-no-arity-change} \ \mathit{wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper} \ \mathit{wf} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{metis}
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
   \mathbf{using} \ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}test\text{-}symb\text{-}true\text{-}phi
   by (fastforce simp: no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp wf wf')
\mathbf{qed}
lemma pushNeg-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi
   and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
   then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
       {
         assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
         from rel this have False
           apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
             using pushNeg.cases apply blast
           using wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) by auto
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       }
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         then have no-T-F \varphi
           by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
         then have no-T-F \psi
           using propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F rel by auto
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
     qed
 }
```

```
moreover {
     fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
     assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \zeta \zeta'
     and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
     and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
     and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
     and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
     have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
     proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F
        by blast
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
       from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: pushNeg.cases, auto)
        by (metis assms(4) no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-not no-T-F-except-top-level-def
           all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi subformula-in-subformula-not
           subformula-all-subformula-st\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1)
           wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change)+
       then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
       moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        by (metis corr no-T-F-symb-comp wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
     qed
  }
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc[of pushNeg no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi] assms
      subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def full-unfold by metis
next
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
  then show no-equiv \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of pushNeg no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi]
    no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb\text{-}conn\text{-}characterization assms } \textbf{unfolding } no\text{-}equiv\text{-}def \textit{ full-unfold } \textbf{by } \textit{metis}
next
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-imp } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-imp } \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
  then show no-imp \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of pushNeg no-imp-symb \varphi \psi] assms
      no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def full-unfold by metis
qed
lemma pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
```

```
full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi \psi and
    no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
  shows simple-not \psi
  using assms full-propo-rew-step-subformula pushNeq-inv(1,2) simple-not-rew by blast
3.5.5
            Push inside
inductive push-conn-inside:: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool
  for c c':: 'v connective where
push-conn-inside-l[simp]: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  \implies push-conn-inside c c' (conn c [conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2], \psi])
         (conn \ c' [conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \psi], conn \ c \ [\varphi 2, \psi]]) \mid
\textit{push-conn-inside-r[simp]: } c = \textit{CAnd} \ \lor \ c = \textit{COr} \Longrightarrow c' = \textit{CAnd} \ \lor \ c' = \textit{COr}
  \implies push-conn-inside c c' (conn c [\psi, conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]])
    (conn\ c'\ [conn\ c\ [\psi,\,\varphi 1],\ conn\ c\ [\psi,\,\varphi 2]])
lemma push-conn-inside-explicit: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
lemma push-conn-inside-consistent: preserves-un-sat (push-conn-inside c c')
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-explicit)
lemma propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside[simp]:
 \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FT \psi \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FF \psi
 proof -
  {
      fix \varphi \psi
      have push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT\ \lor \varphi = FF \Longrightarrow False
         by (induct rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
    fix \varphi
    have propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF \Longrightarrow False
      apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2))
      using H by blast+
  }
  then show
     \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FT \psi
     \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FF \psi by blast+
qed
inductive not-c-in-c'-symb:: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for c c' where
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}l[simp]: wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \varphi'], \ \psi] \implies wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \varphi']
  \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi,\ \varphi'],\ \psi])\ |
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}r[simp]: wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\psi, conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \varphi']] \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \varphi']
  \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ conn\ c'\ [\varphi,\ \varphi']])
abbreviation c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi \equiv \neg not-c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
lemma c-in-c'-symb-simp:
  not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \xi \Longrightarrow \xi = FF \lor \xi = FT \lor \xi = FVar\ x \lor \xi = FNot\ FF \lor \xi = FNot\ FT
    \vee \xi = FNot \ (FVar \ x) \Longrightarrow False
```

apply (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct, auto simp: wf-conn.simps wf-conn-list(1-3))

```
lemma c-in-c'-symb-simp'[simp]:
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ FF
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ FT
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ x)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ FF)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ FT)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ (FVar\ x))
  using c-in-c'-symb-simp by metis+
definition c-in-c'-only where
c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c\ c' \equiv all\text{-subformula-st }(c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c')
lemma c-in-c'-only-simp[simp]:
  c-in-c'-only c c' FF
  c-in-c'-only c c' FT
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FVar x)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot FF)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot FT)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot (FVar x))
  unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
lemma not-c-in-c'-symb-commute:
  not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \xi \implies wf\text{-}conn\ c\ [\varphi,\,\psi] \implies \xi = conn\ c\ [\varphi,\,\psi]
    \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\,\varphi])
proof (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
  case (not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}r\ \varphi'\ \varphi''\ \psi') note H=this
  then have \psi: \psi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi'', \psi'] using conn-inj by auto have wf-conn \ c' \ [\varphi'', \psi'], \ \varphi]
    using H(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change length-Cons by metis
  then show not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
    unfolding \psi using not-c-in-c'-symb.intros(1) H by auto
  case (not-c-in-c'-symb-l \varphi' \varphi'' \psi') note H = this
  then have \varphi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi', \ \varphi''] using conn-inj by auto
  moreover have wf-conn c [\psi', conn c' [\varphi', \varphi'']]
    using H(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change length-Cons by metis
  ultimately show not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
    using not-c-in-c'-symb.intros(2) conn-inj not-c-in-c'-symb-l.hyps
      not-c-in-c'-symb-l.prems(1,2) by blast
qed
lemma not-c-in-c'-symb-commute':
  wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi] \implies c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
  using not-c-in-c'-symb-commute wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis length-Cons)
lemma not-c-in-c'-comm:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
  shows c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi]) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
  have ?A \longleftrightarrow (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ (conn \ c \ [\varphi, \psi])
                 \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\varphi, \psi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by fastforce
  also have ... \longleftrightarrow (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi])
```

```
\land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\psi, \varphi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
    using not-c-in-c'-symb-commute' wf by auto
    have wf-conn c [\psi, \varphi] using wf-conn-no-arity-change wf by (metis length-Cons)
    then have (c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi])
              \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\psi, \varphi]. \ all-subformula-st \ (c-in-c'-symb \ c \ c') \ \xi))
      using all-subformula-st-decomp unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by fastforce
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma not-c-in-c'-simp[simp]:
  fixes \varphi 1 \varphi 2 \psi :: 'v \text{ propo} \text{ and } x :: 'v
  shows
  c-in-c'-symb c c' FT
  c-in-c'-symb c c' FF
  c-in-c'-symb c c' (FVar x)
  wf-conn c [conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2], \psi] \Longrightarrow wf-conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
    \implies \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\ \varphi 2],\ \psi])
  apply (simp-all add: c-in-c'-only-def)
  using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi not-c-in-c'-symb-l by blast
lemma c-in-c'-symb-not[simp]:
  fixes c c' :: 'v connective and \psi :: 'v propo
  shows c-in-c'-symb c c' (FNot \psi)
proof -
  {
    fix \xi :: 'v propo
    have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (FNot \psi) \Longrightarrow False
      apply (induct FNot \psi rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
      using conn-inj-not(2) by blast+
then show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma c-in-c'-symb-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists\ \psi'.\ push\text{-conn-inside }c\ c'\ \psi\ \psi'
  apply (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  apply auto[2]
proof -
  fix \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
  assume IH\psi 1: \psi 1 \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow Ex\ (push-conn-inside\ c\ c'\ \psi 1)
  and IH\psi 2: \psi 1 \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow Ex \ (push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi 1)
  and \varphi': \varphi' = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
  and in\varphi: \varphi' \preceq \varphi and n\theta: \neg c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \varphi'
  then have n: not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb \ c \ c' \ \varphi' by auto
    assume \varphi': \varphi' = conn \ c \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]
    obtain a b where \psi 1 = conn \ c' [a, b] \lor \psi 2 = conn \ c' [a, b]
      using n \varphi' apply (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
      using c by force+
    then have Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi')
      unfolding \varphi' apply auto
      using push-conn-inside.intros(1) c c' apply blast
```

```
using push-conn-inside.intros(2) c c' by blast
  }
  moreover {
     assume \varphi': \varphi' \neq conn \ c \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]
     have \forall \varphi \ c \ ca. \ \exists \varphi 1 \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \psi 1' \ \psi 2' \ \varphi 2'. \ conn \ (c::'v \ connective) \ [\varphi 1, \ conn \ ca \ [\psi 1, \ \psi 2]] = \varphi
              \vee conn \ c \ [conn \ ca \ [\psi 1', \psi 2'], \varphi 2'] = \varphi \vee c - in - c' - symb \ c \ ca \ \varphi
       by (metis not-c-in-c'-symb.cases)
     then have Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi')
       by (metis (no-types) c c' n push-conn-inside-l push-conn-inside-r)
  }
  ultimately show Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi') by blast
qed
lemma c-in-c'-symb-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg c-in-c'-only c c' <math>\varphi
  and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x. \ c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ (FF:: \ 'v \ propo) \land c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ FT
      \land c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb}\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ (x::\ 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
    have H': c-in-c'-symb c c' FT c-in-c'-symb c c' FF c-in-c'-symb c c' (FVar x)
      by simp+
  }
  moreover {
    fix \psi :: 'v \ propo
    have \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'.\ push-conn\text{-inside }c\ c'\ \psi\ \psi'
      by (auto simp: assms(2) c' c-in-c'-symb-step-exists)
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis using noTB no-test-symb-step-exists[of c-in-c'-symb c c']
    unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by metis
qed
lemma push-conn-insidec-in-c'-symb-no-T-F:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case (global-rel \varphi \psi)
  then show no-T-F \psi
    by (cases rule: push-conn-inside.cases, auto)
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
  note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
  have no-T-F \varphi
    using wf no-T-F no-T-F-def subformula-into-subformula subformula-all-subformula-st
    subformula-refl by (metis (no-types) in-set-conv-decomp)
  then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi' using IH by blast
  have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta by (metis wf no-T-F no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp)
  then have n: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \zeta \ using \ \varphi' \ by \ auto
  then have n': \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FF \land \zeta \neq FT
```

```
using \varphi' by (metis\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}false(1)\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}false(2)\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}def
     all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi)
 have wf': wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
   using wf wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ x :: 'v
   assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
   then have False using wf by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by blast
  }
 moreover {
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have \xi = [ ] \xi' = [ ] using wf by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     using c by (metis \varphi' conn.simps(4) no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-symb-fnot no-T-F-def
       all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi self-append-conv2)
  }
 moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using wf' n' no-T-F-symb.simps by fastforce
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-imp wf' n no-T-F-def)
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using connective-cases-arity by auto
qed
lemma simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv:
propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \implies simple \varphi \implies simple \psi
 apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 apply (rename-tac \varphi, case-tac \varphi, auto simp: push-conn-inside.simps)]]
 by (metis\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1)\ simple.elims(2)\ wf-conn-list(1-3))
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-propo-rew-step-inv-push-conn-inside-simple-not:
 fixes c\ c':: 'v\ connective\ {\bf and}\ \varphi\ \psi:: 'v\ propo
 shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case (global-rel \varphi \psi)
 then show ?case by (cases \varphi, auto simp: push-conn-inside.simps)
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' ca \xi \xi') note rew = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3)
  and simple = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (cases ca rule: connective-cases-arity)
     case nullary
     then show ?thesis using propo-rew-one-step-lift by auto
   next
     case binary note ca = this
     obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, b]
       using wf ca list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length
       by (metis (no-types) wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
     have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). simple-not \zeta
       by (metis wf all-subformula-st-decomp simple simple-not-def)
     then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). simple-not \zeta  using IH by simp
```

```
moreover have simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using ca
     by (metis\ ab\ conn.simps(5-8)\ helper-fact\ simple-not-symb.simps(5)\ simple-not-symb.simps(6)
        simple-not-symb.simps(7) simple-not-symb.simps(8))
     ultimately show ?thesis
      by (simp add: ab all-subformula-st-decomp ca)
   next
     case unary
     then show ?thesis
       using rew simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv[OF rew] IH local.wf simple by auto
\mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{lemma}\ propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-simple-not:
 fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
 assumes
   propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi' and
   wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi \# \xi') and
   simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) and
   simple-not-symb \varphi'
 shows simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
 using assms
proof (induction rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
print-cases
 case (global-rel)
 then show ?case
   by (metis conn.simps(12.17) list.discI push-conn-inside.cases simple-not-symb.elims(3)
     wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-list(2) wf-conn-list(8) wf-conn-no-arity-change
     wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
next
 case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c' \chi s \chi s') note tel = this(1) and wf = this(2) and
   IH = this(3) and wf' = this(4) and simple' = this(5) and simple = this(6)
  then show ?case
   proof (cases c' rule: connective-cases-arity)
     case nullary
     then show ?thesis using wf simple simple' by auto
   next
     case binary note c = this(1)
     have corr': wf-conn c (\xi @ conn c' (\chi s @ \varphi' # \chi s') # \xi')
       \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{wf-wf-conn-no-arity-change}
       by (metis wf' wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
     then show ?thesis
       using c propo-rew-one-step-lift wf
      by (metis conn.simps(17) connective.distinct(37) propo-rew-step-subformula-imp
        push-conn-inside.cases\ simple-not-symb.elims(3)\ wf-conn.simps\ wf-conn-list(2,8))
   next
     case unary
     then have empty: \chi s = [] \chi s' = [] using wf by auto
     then show ?thesis using simple unary simple' wf wf'
      by (metis connective.distinct(37) connective.distinct(39) propo-rew-step-subformula-imp
        push-conn-inside.cases\ simple-not-symb.elims(3)\ tel\ wf-conn-list(8)
        wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ push-conn-inside-not-true-false:
 push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \psi \neq FT \land \psi \neq FF
```

```
lemma push-conn-inside-inv:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c')) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
  shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
proof -
  {
    {
       \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
       have H: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
          \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \psi
         by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
      \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \psi
      apply (induct \varphi \psi rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
      using H apply simp
      proof (rename-tac \varphi \varphi' ca \psi s \psi s', case-tac ca rule: connective-cases-arity)
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } c:: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi':: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x:: 'v
       assume wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
       then have \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [] by auto
       then have False by auto
       then show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by blast
      next
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } ca:: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi':: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x :: 'v
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
       and \varphi-\varphi': all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
       and corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and n: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
       and c: ca = CNot
       have empty: \xi = [ ] \xi' = [ ] using c corr by auto
       then have simple-not:all-subformula-st\ simple-not-symb\ (FNot\ \varphi) using corr\ c\ n by auto
       then have simple \varphi
         using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi simple-not-symb.simps(1) by blast
       then have simple \varphi'
         using rel simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv by blast
       then show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty
         by (metis simple-not \varphi-\varphi' append-Nil conn.simps(4) all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)
            simple-not-symb.simps(1))
      next
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } ca :: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x :: 'v
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
       and n\varphi: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
       and corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and n: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
       and c: ca \in binary\text{-}connectives
```

by (induct rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)

```
have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
         using n \ c \ corr \ all-subformula-st-decomp by fastforce
       then have \varphi': all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi' using n\varphi by blast
       obtain a b where ab: [a, b] = (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
         using corr c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
       then have \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi'] \lor (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') = [\varphi', b]
         using ab by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2
           append-is-Nil-conv\ butlast.simps(2)\ butlast-append\ list.sel(3)\ tl-append2)
       moreover
       {
          fix \chi :: 'v \ propo
          have wf': wf-conn ca [a, b]
            using ab corr by presburger
          have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca [a, b])
            using ab n by presburger
          then have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \chi \vee \chi \notin set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
            using wf' by (metis (no-types) \varphi' all-subformula-st-decomp calculation insert-iff
       then have \forall \varphi. \ \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st simple-not-symb} \ \varphi
           by (metis (no-types))
       moreover have simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
         using ab conn-inj-not(1) corr wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-no-arity-change
           not-Cons-self2 self-append-conv2 simple-not-symb.elims(3) by (metis (no-types) c
           calculation(1) wf-conn-binary)
       moreover have wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') using c calculation(1) by auto
       ultimately show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
         by (metis\ all-subformula-st-decomp-imp)
     qed
  }
 moreover {
    fix ca :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \varphi \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
    have propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
      \implies simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \implies simple-not-symb \varphi'
      \implies simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
      by (metis append-self-conv2 conn.simps(4) conn-inj-not(1) simple-not-symb.elims(3)
        simple-not-symb.simps(1) simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv
        \textit{wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-list-decomp}(\textit{4}) \textit{ wf-conn-no-arity-change})
  }
  ultimately show simple-not \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of push-conn-inside c c' simple-not-symb] assms
   unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def simple-not-def full-unfold by metis
next
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level }\varphi
     \implies no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi
       and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
       then have no-T-F \varphi \lor \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT
         by (metis no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
       \mathbf{moreover}\ \{
         assume \varphi = FF \vee \varphi = FT
         then have False using rel propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside by blast
```

```
then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       moreover {
         assume no-T-F \varphi \land \varphi \neq FF \land \varphi \neq FT
         then have no-T-F \psi using rel push-conn-insidec-in-c'-symb-no-T-F by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi using no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by blast
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
     qed
  }
  moreover {
    fix ca :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \varphi \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
    assume corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
    then have c: ca \neq CT \land ca \neq CF by auto
    assume no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
      have c: ca \neq CT \land ca \neq CF using corr by auto
      have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF
        \mathbf{using}\ corr\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}if\text{-}is\text{-}a\text{-}true\text{-}false\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
      then have \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF by auto
      from rel this have \varphi' \neq FT \land \varphi' \neq FF
        apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv conn.simps(2) conn-inj list.distinct(1)
          wf-conn-helper-facts(3) wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper push-conn-inside-not-true-false)+
      then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF \ using \ \zeta \ by \ auto
      moreover have wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
        using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using no-T-F-symb intros c by metis
    qed
  }
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of push-conn-inside c c' no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel]
    assms unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def full-unfold by metis
next
  {
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \implies no-equiv \varphi \implies no-equiv \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
  then show no-equiv \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of push-conn-inside c c' no-equiv-symb] assms
   no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
next
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \implies no\text{-imp } \varphi \implies no\text{-imp } \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
  then show no-imp \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of push-conn-inside c c' no-imp-symb] assms
   no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def by metis
```

```
lemma push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    no-equiv \varphi and
    no-imp \varphi and
    full (propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c')) \varphi \psi and
    no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
    simple-not \varphi and
    c = CAnd \lor c = COr and
    c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows c-in-c'-only c c' \psi
  using c-in-c'-symb-rew assms full-propo-rew-step-subformula by blast
Only one type of connective in the formula (+ \text{ not})
inductive only-c-inside-symb :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for c :: 'v connective where
simple-only-c-inside[simp]: simple \varphi \implies only-c-inside-symb \ c \ \varphi \ |
simple-cnot-only-c-inside[simp]: simple \varphi \implies only-c-inside-symb \ c \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ |
only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside: wf-conn c \ l \implies only-c-inside-symb c \ (conn \ c \ l)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-simp[simp]:
  only-c-inside-symb c FF only-c-inside-symb c FT only-c-inside-symb c (FVar x) by auto
definition only-c-inside where only-c-inside c = all-subformula-st (only-c-inside-symb c)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-decomp:
  only-c-inside-symb c \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (simple \ \psi)
                                \vee (\exists \varphi'. \psi = FNot \varphi' \wedge simple \varphi')
                                \vee (\exists l. \ \psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l))
  by (auto simp: only-c-inside-symb.intros(3)) (induct rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-decomp-not[simp]:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective
  assumes c: c \neq CNot
 shows only-c-inside-symb c (FNot \psi) \longleftrightarrow simple \psi
 apply (auto simp: only-c-inside-symb.intros(3))
  by (induct FNot \psi rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(8) c)
\mathbf{lemma} \ only\text{-}c\text{-}inside\text{-}decomp\text{-}not[simp]:
  assumes c: c \neq CNot
  shows only-c-inside c (FNot \psi) \longleftrightarrow simple \psi
  by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) all-subformula-st-def all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c
    only\text{-}c\text{-}inside\text{-}def \ only\text{-}c\text{-}inside\text{-}symb\text{-}decomp\text{-}not \ simple\text{-}only\text{-}c\text{-}inside}
    subformula-conn-decomp-simple
lemma only-c-inside-decomp:
  only-c-inside c \varphi \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow (simple \ \psi \lor (\exists \ \varphi'. \ \psi = FNot \ \varphi' \land simple \ \varphi')
                    \vee (\exists l. \ \psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l)))
  unfolding only-c-inside-def by (auto simp: all-subformula-st-def only-c-inside-symb-decomp)
```

```
lemma only-c-inside-c-c'-false:
  fixes c\ c':: 'v\ connective\ {\bf and}\ l:: 'v\ propo\ list\ {\bf and}\ \varphi:: 'v\ propo
  assumes cc': c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 and only: only-c-inside c \varphi and incl: conn c' l \preceq \varphi and wf: wf-conn c' l
 shows False
proof -
 let ?\psi = conn \ c' \ l
 have simple ?\psi \lor (\exists \varphi'. ?\psi = FNot \varphi' \land simple \varphi') \lor (\exists l. ?\psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l)
   using only-c-inside-decomp only incl by blast
  moreover have \neg simple ?\psi
   using wf simple-decomp by (metis c' connective.distinct(19) connective.distinct(7,9,21,29,31)
     wf-conn-list(1-3)
 moreover
    {
     fix \varphi'
     have ?\psi \neq FNot \varphi' using c' conn-inj-not(1) wf by blast
  ultimately obtain l: 'v propo list where ?\psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l by metis
  then have c = c' using conn-inj wf by metis
  then show False using cc' by auto
qed
lemma only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-symb:
  assumes \delta: c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
  apply (rule ccontr)
 apply (cases rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.cases, auto)
  by (metis \delta c c' connective distinct (37,39) list distinct (1) only-c-inside-c-c'-false
   subformula-in-binary-conn(1,2) wf-conn.simps)+
lemma c-in-c'-symb-decomp-level1:
  fixes l :: 'v \text{ propo list } and c \text{ } c' \text{ } ca :: 'v \text{ } connective 
  shows wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca \neq c \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l)
proof -
  have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l) \Longrightarrow wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca = c
   by (induct conn ca l rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct, auto simp: conn-inj)
  then show wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca \neq c \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l) by blast
qed
lemma only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-only:
  assumes \delta: c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi
  unfolding c-in-c'-only-def all-subformula-st-def
  using only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-symb
   \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-def assms} (1)\ \textit{c}\ \textit{c'}\ \textit{only-c-inside-def subformula-trans})
lemma c-in-c'-symb-c-implies-only-c-inside:
  assumes \delta: c = CAnd \lor c = COr c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr c \neq c' and wf: wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
 and inv: no-equiv (conn c l) no-imp (conn c l) simple-not (conn c l)
  shows wf-conn c l \Longrightarrow c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c c' (conn \ c \ l) \Longrightarrow (\forall \psi \in set \ l. \ only\text{-}c\text{-inside }c \ \psi)
using inv
proof (induct conn c l arbitrary: l rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary x)
```

```
then show ?case by (auto simp: wf-conn-list assms)
next
  case (unary \varphi la)
 then have c = \mathit{CNot} \wedge \mathit{la} = [\varphi] by (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{no-types})\ \mathit{wf-conn-list}(8))
 then show ?case using assms(2) assms(1) by blast
next
 case (binary \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
 note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and \varphi = this(3) and only = this(5) and wf = this(4)
   and no-equiv = this(6) and no-imp = this(7) and simple-not = this(8)
 then have l: l = [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] by (meson \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(4-7))
 let ?\varphi = conn \ c \ l
 obtain c1 l1 c2 l2 where \varphi 1: \varphi 1 = conn c1 l1 and wf \varphi 1: wf-conn c1 l1
   and \varphi 2: \varphi 2 = conn \ c2 \ l2 and wf \varphi 2: wf-conn c2 \ l2 using exists-c-conn by metis
  then have c-in-only \varphi1: c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c1 l1) and c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c2 l2)
   using only l unfolding c-in-c'-only-def using assms(1) by auto
 have inc\varphi 1: \varphi 1 \leq \varphi and inc\varphi 2: \varphi 2 \leq \varphi
   using \varphi 1 \varphi 2 \varphi local wf by (metric conn.simps(5-8) helper-fact subformula-in-binary-conn(1,2))+
 have c1-eq: c1 \neq CEq and c2-eq: c2 \neq CEq
   unfolding no-equiv-def using inc\varphi 1 inc\varphi 2 by (metis \varphi 1 \varphi 2 wf\varphi 1 wf\varphi 2 assms(1) no-equiv
     no-equiv-eq(1) no-equiv-symb.elims(3) no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization wf-conn-list(4,5)
     no-equiv-def subformula-all-subformula-st)+
 have c1-imp: c1 \neq CImp and c2-imp: c2 \neq CImp
   using no-imp by (metis \varphi 1 \varphi 2 all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-imp(2,3) assms(1)
     conn.simps(5,6) l no-imp-Imp(1) no-imp-symb.elims(3) no-imp-symb-conn-characterization
     wf\varphi 1 \ wf\varphi 2 \ all-subformula-st-decomp \ no-imp-symb-conn-characterization)+
 have c1c: c1 \neq c'
   proof
     assume c1c: c1 = c'
     then obtain \xi 1 \ \xi 2 where l1: l1 = [\xi 1, \xi 2]
       by (metis assms(2) connective.distinct(37,39) helper-fact wf \varphi1 wf-conn.simps
         wf-conn-list-decomp(1-3))
     have c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [conn c' l1, \varphi 2]) using c1c l only \varphi 1 by auto
     moreover have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [conn c' l1, \varphi 2])
       using l1 \varphi1 c1c l local.wf not-c-in-c'-symb-l wf\varphi1 by blast
     ultimately show False using \varphi 1 c1c l l1 local.wf not-c-in-c'-simp(4) wf\varphi 1 by blast
  qed
  then have (\varphi 1 = conn \ c \ l1 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l1) \lor (\exists \psi 1. \ \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1) \lor simple \ \varphi 1
   by (metis \ \varphi 1 \ assms(1-3) \ c1-eq c1-imp simple.elims(3) \ wf \varphi 1 \ wf-conn-list(4) \ wf-conn-list(5-7))
  moreover {
   assume \varphi 1 = conn \ c \ l1 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l1
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
     by (metis IH\varphi 1 \ \varphi 1 all-subformula-st-decomp-imp in c\varphi 1 no-equiv no-equiv-def no-imp no-imp-def
       c-in-only\varphi 1 only-c-inside-def only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside simple-not simple-not-def
       subformula-all-subformula-st)
  }
 moreover {
   assume \exists \psi 1. \varphi 1 = FNot \psi 1
   then obtain \psi 1 where \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1 by metis
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
     by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1) connective.distinct(37,39) inc\varphi 1
       only\-c-inside\-decomp-not\ simple\-not\-def\ simple\-not\-symb.simps(1))
  }
 moreover {
   assume simple \varphi 1
```

```
then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
     by (metis\ all\text{-subformula-st-decomp-explicit}(3)\ assms(1)\ connective.distinct(37,39)
       only\-c\-inside\-decomp\-not\ only\-c\-inside\-def)
 ultimately have only-c-inside \varphi 1: only-c-inside c \varphi 1 by metis
 have c-in-only \varphi 2: c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c2 l2)
   using only l \varphi 2 wf \varphi 2 assms unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
 have c2c: c2 \neq c'
   proof
     assume c2c: c2 = c'
     then obtain \xi 1 \ \xi 2 where l2: l2 = [\xi 1, \xi 2]
      by (metis assms(2) wf\varphi 2 wf-conn.simps connective.distinct(7,9,19,21,29,31,37,39))
     then have c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\varphi 1, conn c' l2])
       using c2c\ l\ only\ \varphi 2\ all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi\ unfolding\ c-in-c'-only-def\ by\ auto
     moreover have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [<math>\varphi 1, conn c' l2])
       using assms(1) c2c l2 not-c-in-c'-symb-r wf\varphi 2 wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6) by metis
     ultimately show False by auto
   qed
  then have (\varphi 2 = conn \ c \ l2 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l2) \lor (\exists \psi 2. \ \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2) \lor simple \ \varphi 2
   using c2-eq by (metis\ \varphi 2\ assms(1-3)\ c2-eq c2-imp simple.elims(3)\ wf\varphi 2\ wf-conn-list(4-7))
  moreover {
   assume \varphi 2 = conn \ c \ l2 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l2
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     by (metis IH\varphi 2 \varphi 2 all-subformula-st-decomp inc\varphi 2 no-equiv no-equiv-def no-imp no-imp-def
       c-in-only\varphi 2 only-c-inside-def only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside simple-not-def
       subformula-all-subformula-st)
  }
 moreover {
   assume \exists \psi 2. \ \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2
   then obtain \psi 2 where \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2 by metis
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1-3) connective distinct (38,40) inc\varphi 2
       only-c-inside-decomp-not simple-not-def simple-not-symb.simps(1))
  }
 moreover {
   assume simple \varphi 2
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     by (metis\ all\text{-subformula-st-decomp-explicit}(3)\ assms(1)\ connective.distinct(37,39)
       only-c-inside-decomp-not only-c-inside-def)
  }
 ultimately have only-c-inside \varphi 2: only-c-inside \varphi \varphi 2 by metis
 show ?case using l only-c-inside\varphi 1 only-c-inside\varphi 2 by auto
Push Conjunction
definition pushConj where pushConj = push-conn-inside CAnd COr
lemma pushConj-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushConj
  unfolding pushConj-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-consistent)
definition and-in-or-symb where and-in-or-symb = c-in-c'-symb CAnd COr
definition and-in-or-only where
and-in-or-only = all-subformula-st (c-in-c'-symb CAnd COr)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ pushConj-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushConj) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
  using push-conn-inside-inv assms unfolding pushConj-def by metis+
lemma push Conj-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no\text{-}imp\ \varphi\ \mathbf{and}
   full (propo-rew-step pushConj) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
   simple-not \varphi
  shows and-in-or-only \psi
  using assms push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step
 unfolding pushConj-def and-in-or-only-def c-in-c'-only-def by (metis (no-types))
Push Disjunction
definition pushDisj where pushDisj = push-conn-inside COr CAnd
{\bf lemma}\ pushDisj\text{-}consistent:\ preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat\ pushDisj}
 unfolding pushDisj-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-consistent)
definition or-in-and-symb where or-in-and-symb = c-in-c'-symb COr CAnd
definition or-in-and-only where
or	ext{-}in	ext{-}and	ext{-}only = all	ext{-}subformula-st} \ (c	ext{-}in	ext{-}c'	ext{-}symb \ COr \ CAnd)
lemma not-or-in-and-only-or-and[simp]:
  \sim or-in-and-only (FOr (FAnd \psi1 \psi2) \varphi')
 unfolding or-in-and-only-def
 by (metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi conn.simps(5-6) not-c-in-c'-symb-l
   \textit{wf-conn-helper-facts}(5) \ \textit{wf-conn-helper-facts}(6))
lemma pushDisj-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
 using push-conn-inside-inv assms unfolding pushDisj-def by metis+
\mathbf{lemma}\ pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and
   simple\text{-}not\ \varphi
 shows or-in-and-only \psi
```

3.6 The full transformations

3.6.1 Abstract Property characterizing that only some connective are inside the others

Definition

```
The normal is a super group of groups
inductive grouped-by :: 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool for c where
simple\text{-}is\text{-}grouped[simp]\text{: }simple\ \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped\text{-}by\ c\ \varphi\ |
simple-not-is-grouped[simp]: simple \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by \ c \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ |
connected-is-group[simp]: grouped-by c \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by c \psi \Longrightarrow wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
  \implies grouped-by c (conn c [\varphi, \psi])
lemma simple-clause[simp]:
  grouped-by c FT
  grouped-by c FF
  grouped-by c (FVar x)
  grouped-by c (FNot FT)
  grouped-by c (FNot FF)
  grouped-by c (FNot (FVar x))
  by simp+
lemma only-c-inside-symb-c-eq-c':
  \textit{only-c-inside-symb } c \; (\textit{conn} \; c' \; [\varphi 1, \, \varphi 2]) \Longrightarrow c' = \textit{CAnd} \; \lor \; c' = \textit{COr} \Longrightarrow \textit{wf-conn} \; c' \; [\varphi 1, \, \varphi 2]
    \implies c' = c
  by (induct conn c'[\varphi 1, \varphi 2] rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto simp: conn-inj)
lemma only-c-inside-c-eq-c':
  only-c-inside c (conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]) \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr \Longrightarrow wf\text{-conn } c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \Longrightarrow c = c'
  unfolding only-c-inside-def all-subformula-st-def using only-c-inside-symb-c-eq-c' subformula-refl
  by blast
lemma only-c-inside-imp-grouped-by:
  assumes c: c \neq CNot and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by c \varphi (is ?O \varphi \Longrightarrow ?G \varphi)
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  then show ?G \varphi by auto
next
  case (unary \psi)
  then show ?G (FNot \psi) by (auto simp: c)
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and \varphi = this(3) and only = this(4)
  have \varphi-conn: \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] and wf: wf-conn c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2]
    proof -
      obtain c'' l'' where \varphi-c'': \varphi = conn \ c'' \ l'' and wf: wf-conn \ c'' \ l''
        using exists-c-conn by metis
      then have l'': l'' = [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] using \varphi by (metis \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(4-7))
      have only-c-inside-symb c (conn c'' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2])
```

```
\mathbf{using} \ only \ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}test\text{-}symb\text{-}true\text{-}phi
        unfolding only-c-inside-def \varphi-c'' l'' by metis
      then have c = c''
        by (metis \varphi \varphi-c" conn-inj conn-inj-not(2) l" list.distinct(1) list.inject wf
          only-c-inside-symb.cases simple.simps(5-8))
      then show \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] and wf-conn c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] using \varphi-c" wf l" by auto
    ged
  have grouped-by c \varphi 1 using wf IH \varphi 1 IH \varphi 2 \varphi-conn only \varphi unfolding only-c-inside-def by auto
  moreover have grouped-by c \varphi 2
    using wf \varphi IH\varphi1 IH\varphi2 \varphi-conn only unfolding only-c-inside-def by auto
  ultimately show ?G \varphi using \varphi-conn connected-is-group local.wf by blast
qed
lemma grouped-by-false:
  grouped-by c (conn c'[\varphi, \psi]) \Longrightarrow c \neq c' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-conn } c'[\varphi, \psi] \Longrightarrow False
 apply (induct conn c' [\varphi, \psi] rule: grouped-by.induct)
 apply (auto simp: simple-decomp wf-conn-list, auto simp: conn-inj)
 by (metis\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(3)\ wf-conn-list(8))+
Then the CNF form is a conjunction of clauses: every clause is in CNF form and two formulas
in CNF form can be related by an and.
inductive super-grouped-by:: 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool for c c' where
grouped-is-super-grouped[simp]: grouped-by c \varphi \Longrightarrow super-grouped-by c c' \varphi
connected-is-super-group: super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \varphi \implies super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \psi \implies wf-conn c\ [\varphi,\ \psi]
  \implies super-grouped-by c c' (conn c' [\varphi, \psi])
lemma simple-cnf[simp]:
  super-grouped-by c c' FT
  super-grouped-by c c' FF
  super-grouped-by\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ x)
  super-grouped-by \ c \ c' \ (FNot \ FT)
  super-grouped-by c c' (FNot FF)
  super-grouped-by\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ (FVar\ x))
 by auto
lemma c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by:
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr and cc': c \neq c'
 shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi
    \implies super-grouped-by c c' \varphi
    (is ?NE \varphi \Longrightarrow ?NI \varphi \Longrightarrow ?SN \varphi \Longrightarrow ?C \varphi \Longrightarrow ?S \varphi)
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
 case (nullary \varphi x)
  then show ?S \varphi by auto
next
  case (unary \varphi)
  then have simple-not-symb (FNot \varphi)
    using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding simple-not-def by blast
  then have \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF \vee (\exists x. \varphi = FVar x) by (cases \varphi, auto)
  then show ?S (FNot \varphi) by auto
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and no-equiv = this(4) and no-imp = this(5)
    and simple N = this(6) and c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}only = this(7) and \varphi' = this(3)
    assume \varphi = FImp \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2 \lor \varphi = FEq \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2
```

```
then have False using no-equiv no-imp by auto
   then have ?S \varphi by auto
  moreover {
   assume \varphi: \varphi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \land wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
   have c-in-c'-only: c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi1 \wedge c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi2 \wedge c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
     using c-in-c'-only \varphi' unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
   have super-grouped-by c c' \varphi 1 using \varphi c' no-equiv no-imp simpleN IH\varphi 1 c-in-c'-only by auto
   moreover have super-grouped-by c c' \varphi 2
     using \varphi c' no-equiv no-imp simple N IH \varphi2 c-in-c'-only by auto
   ultimately have ?S \varphi
     using super-grouped-by.intros(2) \varphi by (metis c wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6))
  moreover {
   assume \varphi: \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1 \wedge only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     using c-in-c'-symb-c-implies-only-c-inside c c' c-in-c'-only list.set-intros(1)
       wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6) no-equiv no-imp simpleN last-ConsL last-ConsR last-in-set
       list.distinct(1) by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) cc')
   then have only-c-inside c (conn c [\varphi 1, \varphi 2])
     unfolding only-c-inside-def using \varphi
     by (simp add: only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside all-subformula-st-decomp)
   then have grouped-by c \varphi using \varphi only-c-inside-imp-grouped-by c by blast
   then have S \varphi using super-grouped-by.intros(1) by metis
  }
 ultimately show ?S \varphi by (metis \varphi' c c' cc' conn.simps(5,6) wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6))
qed
3.6.2
           Conjunctive Normal Form
definition is-conj-with-TF where is-conj-with-TF == super-grouped-by COr CAnd
lemma or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj:
  shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow or-in-and-only \varphi \Longrightarrow is-conj-with-TF \varphi
  using c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def or-in-and-only-def c-in-c'-only-def
 by (simp add: c-in-c'-only-def c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by)
definition is-cnf where
is\text{-}cnf \ \varphi \equiv is\text{-}conj\text{-}with\text{-}TF \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \ \varphi
Full CNF transformation
```

The full CNF transformation consists simply in chaining all the transformation defined before.

```
definition cnf-rew where cnf-rew =
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim\ TB))\ OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushNeq)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushDisj))
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{cnf-rew-consistent: preserves-un-sat cnf-rew}
  \mathbf{by} (simp add: cnf-rew-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant elimTB-consistent
   preserves-un-sat-OO pushDisj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
```

```
lemma cnf-rew-is-cnf: cnf-rew \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is-cnf \varphi'
 apply (unfold cnf-rew-def OO-def)
 apply auto
proof -
 \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \varphi Eq \ \varphi Imp \ \varphi TB \ \varphi Neq \ \varphi Disj :: \ 'v \ propo
 assume Eq. full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \varphi Eq
 then have no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi Eq using no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv by blast
 assume Imp: full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi Eq \varphi Imp
  then have no-imp: no-imp \varphiImp using no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp by blast
 have no-imp-inv: no-equiv \varphiImp using no-equiv Imp elim-imp-inv by blast
 assume TB: full (propo-rew-step elimTB) \varphiImp \varphiTB
  then have no TB: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi TB
   using no-imp-inv no-imp elimTB-full-propo-rew-step by blast
 have no TB-inv: no-equiv \varphi TB no-imp \varphi TB using elim TB-inv TB no-imp no-imp-inv by blast+
 assume Neg: full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi TB \varphi Neg
  then have noNeg: simple-not \varphiNeg
   using noTB-inv noTB pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step by blast
  have noNeg-inv: no-equiv \varphi Neq no-imp \varphi Neq no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi Neq
   using pushNeg-inv Neg noTB noTB-inv by blast+
 assume Disj: full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi Neg \varphi Disj
  then have no-Disj: or-in-and-only \varphi Disj
   using noNeg-inv noNeg pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step by blast
 have noDisj-inv: no-equiv \varphiDisj no-imp \varphiDisj no-T-F-except-top-level \varphiDisj
   simple-not \varphi Disj
 using pushDisj-inv Disj noNeq noNeq-inv by blast+
 moreover have is-conj-with-TF \varphi Disj
   using or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj noDisj-inv no-Disj by blast
 ultimately show is-cnf \varphi Disj unfolding is-cnf-def by blast
qed
3.6.3
          Disjunctive Normal Form
definition is-disj-with-TF where is-disj-with-TF \equiv super-grouped-by CAnd COr
lemma and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj:
 shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow and-in-or-only \varphi \Longrightarrow is-disj-with-TF \varphi
 using c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by
 unfolding is-disj-with-TF-def and-in-or-only-def c-in-c'-only-def
 by (simp add: c-in-c'-only-def c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by)
```

Full DNF transform

The full DNF transformation consists simply in chaining all the transformation defined before.

```
definition dnf-rew where dnf-rew \equiv (full\ (propo-rew-step elim-equiv))\ OO (full\ (propo-rew-step elim-imp))\ OO
```

definition is-dnf :: 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where

 $is\text{-}dnf \ \varphi \longleftrightarrow is\text{-}disj\text{-}with\text{-}TF \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \ \varphi$

3.7 More aggressive simplifications: Removing true and false at the beginning

3.7.1 Transformation

inductive elimTBFull where

 $ElimTBFull1[simp]: elimTBFull (FAnd \varphi FT) \varphi$

We should remove FT and FF at the beginning and not in the middle of the algorithm. To do this, we have to use more rules (one for each connective):

```
ElimTBFull1'[simp]: elimTBFull (FAnd FT \varphi) \varphi
ElimTBFull2[simp]: elimTBFull (FAnd \varphi FF) FF
ElimTBFull2'[simp]: elimTBFull (FAnd FF \varphi) FF
ElimTBFull3[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr \varphi FT) FT
ElimTBFull3'[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr FT \varphi) FT
ElimTBFull4[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi
Elim TBFull4 '[simp]: elim TBFull (FOr FF \varphi) \varphi |
ElimTBFull5[simp]: elimTBFull (FNot FT) FF |
ElimTBFull5 '[simp]: elimTBFull (FNot FF) FT |
ElimTBFull6-l[simp]: elimTBFull (FImp FT \varphi) \varphi
ElimTBFull6-l'[simp]: elimTBFull (FImp FF \varphi) FT
ElimTBFull6-r[simp]: elimTBFull\ (FImp\ \varphi\ FT)\ FT
ElimTBFull6-r'[simp]: elimTBFull (FImp \varphi FF) (FNot \varphi)
Elim TBFull7-l[simp]: elim TBFull (FEq FT \varphi) \varphi
ElimTBFull7-l'[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq FF \varphi) (FNot \varphi)
ElimTBFull7-r[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq \varphi FT) \varphi \mid
Elim TBFull7-r'[simp]: elim TBFull (FEq \varphi FF) (FNot \varphi)
The transformation is still consistent.
lemma elimTBFull-consistent: preserves-un-sat elimTBFull
proof -
 {
   fix \varphi \psi:: 'b propo
```

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{have} \ elimTBFull} \ \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow \forall \ A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi \\ \textbf{by} \ (induct\text{-}tac \ rule: \ elimTBFull.inducts, \ auto)} \\ \textbf{} \\ \textbf{} \\ \textbf{then show} \ ?thesis \ \textbf{using} \ preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat\text{-}def \ \textbf{by} \ auto} \\ \textbf{qed} \end{array}
```

Contrary to the theorem no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists, we do not need the assumption no- $equiv <math>\varphi$ and no- $imp <math>\varphi$, since our transformation is more general.

```
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists':
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel }\psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. elimTBFull \; \psi \; \psi'
proof (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi')
  \textbf{then have} \textit{ False using } \textit{no-}T\text{-}F\text{-}\textit{symb-except-toplevel-true } \textit{no-}T\text{-}F\text{-}\textit{symb-except-toplevel-false } \textbf{by } \textit{auto } \\
  then show Ex (elimTBFull \varphi') by blast
next
  case (unary \psi)
  then have \psi = FF \lor \psi = FT using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom by blast
 then show Ex (elimTBFull (FNot \psi)) using ElimTBFull5 ElimTBFull5' by blast
  case (binary \varphi' \psi 1 \psi 2)
  then have \psi 1 = FT \vee \psi 2 = FT \vee \psi 1 = FF \vee \psi 2 = FF
    by (metis binary-connectives-def conn.simps(5-8) insertI1 insert-commute
      no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom\ binary.hyps(3))
  then show Ex (elimTBFull \varphi') using elimTBFull.intros\ binary.hyps(3) by blast
qed
```

The same applies here. We do not need the assumption, but the deep link between \neg no-T-F-except-top-level φ and the existence of a rewriting step, still exists.

```
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-rew':
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elimTBFull \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x. \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FF:: 'v propo) \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel FT
       \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FVar (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ \mathit{c} \colon \ 'v \ \mathit{connective} \ \mathbf{and} \ \ \mathit{l} \ \colon \ 'v \ \mathit{propo} \ \mathit{list} \ \mathbf{and} \ \ \psi \ \colon \ 'v \ \mathit{propo}
    have H: elimTBFull (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel} (conn c l)
       by (cases conn c l rule: elimTBFull.cases) auto
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists of no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi elimTBFull noTB
    no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists' unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
lemma elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step:
```

```
emma elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step:

fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo

assumes full \ (propo-rew-step \ elimTBFull) \ \varphi \ \psi

shows no-T-F-except-top-level \ \psi

using full-propo-rew-step-subformula \ no-T-F-except-top-level-rew' assms by fastforce
```

3.7.2 More invariants

As the aim is to use the transformation as the first transformation, we have to show some more invariants for *elim-equiv* and *elim-imp*. For the other transformation, we have already proven it.

```
lemma propo-rew-step-ElimEquiv-no-T-F: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  fix \varphi' :: 'v \ propo \ {\bf and} \ \psi' :: 'v \ propo
 assume a1: no-T-F \varphi'
  assume a2: elim-equiv \varphi' \psi'
  have \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\neg \ elim-equiv \ (x1 :: 'v \ propo) \ x0 \ \lor \ (\exists \ v2 \ v3 \ v4 \ v5 \ v6 \ v7. \ x1 = FEq \ v2 \ v3
   \wedge x0 = FAnd \ (FImp \ v4 \ v5) \ (FImp \ v6 \ v7) \wedge v2 = v4 \wedge v4 = v7 \wedge v3 = v5 \wedge v3 = v6))
 = (\neg elim-equiv x1 x0 \lor (\exists v2 v3 v4 v5 v6 v7. x1 = FEq v2 v3)
    \land x0 = FAnd \ (FImp \ v4 \ v5) \ (FImp \ v6 \ v7) \ \land \ v2 = v4 \ \land \ v4 = v7 \ \land \ v3 = v5 \ \land \ v3 = v6)) 
  then have \forall p \ pa. \ \neg \ elim-equiv \ (p :: 'v \ propo) \ pa \ \lor \ (\exists \ pb \ pc \ pd \ pe \ pf \ pg. \ p = FEq \ pb \ pc
   \land pa = FAnd \ (FImp \ pd \ pe) \ (FImp \ pf \ pg) \land pb = pd \land pd = pg \land pc = pe \land pc = pf)
   using elim-equiv.cases by force
  then show no-T-F \psi' using a1 a2 by fastforce
next
  fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
  assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \varphi'
  and IH: no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi'
  and corr: wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
  and no-T-F: no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have empty: \xi = [] \xi' = [] using corr by auto
   then have no-T-F \varphi using no-T-F c no-T-F-decomp-not by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty no-T-F-comp-not IH by auto
  moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [a, b]
      using corr c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
   then have \varphi: \varphi = a \lor \varphi = b
      by (metis append.simps(1) append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1) list.sel(3) nth-Cons-0
        tl-append2)
   have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta
      using no-T-F unfolding no-T-F-def using corr all-subformula-st-decomp by blast
   then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi' using ab IH \varphi by auto
   have l': \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [\varphi', b] \lor \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi']
      by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) ab append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2 butlast.simps(2)
        butlast-append list.distinct(1) list.sel(3))
   then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \zeta \varphi' ab by fastforce
      have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF
        using \zeta corr no-T-F no-T-F-except-top-level-false no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by blast
      then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
       by (metis \varphi' l' ab all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c list.distinct(1)
          list.set-intros(1,2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom
          no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-def wf-conn-binary
          wf-conn-list(1,2))
   ultimately have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
```

```
by (metis\ l'\ all-subformula-st-decomp-imp\ c\ no-T-F-def\ wf-conn-binary)
  }
 moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x
    assume c = CVar \ x \lor c = CF \lor c = CT
    then have False using corr by auto
    then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by auto
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using corr wf-conn.cases by metis
lemma elim-equiv-inv':
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \varphi
     \implies no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi
       and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
         assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
         from rel this have False
           apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1,2))
           using elim-equiv.simps by blast+
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       }
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         then have no-T-F \varphi
           by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
         then have no-T-F \psi using propo-rew-step-ElimEquiv-no-T-F rel by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
     qed
  }
    fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \zeta \zeta'
    and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
    and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
    and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
```

```
apply (cases rule: elim-equiv.cases, auto simp: elim-equiv.simps)
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct wf-conn-list (1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        by (metis corr wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper no-T-F-symb-comp)
    qed
 }
 ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc of elim-equiv no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
     assms subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-ElimImp-no-T-F: propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case (global-rel \varphi' \psi')
 then show no-T-F \psi'
   using elim-imp.cases no-T-F-comp-not no-T-F-decomp(1,2)
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit}(2))
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
 note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and corr = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
  {
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have empty: \xi = [\xi' = [using corr by auto
   then have no-T-F \varphi using no-T-F c no-T-F-decomp-not by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty no-T-F-comp-not IH by auto
  }
 moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   then obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [a, b]
     using corr list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
   then have \varphi: \varphi = a \lor \varphi = b
     by (metis append-self-conv2 wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-unary list.discI list.sel(3)
       nth-Cons-0 tl-append2)
   have \zeta \colon \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using ab c propo-rew-one-step-lift.prems by auto
   then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi'
     using ab IH \varphi corr no-T-F no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit by auto
   have \chi: \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [\varphi', b] \lor \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi']
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) ab append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2 butlast.simps(2)
       butlast-append list.distinct(1) list.sel(3))
   then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \zeta \varphi' ab by fastforce
   moreover
     have no-T-F (last (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by (simp add: calculation)
     then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
       by (metis \chi \varphi' \zeta ab all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c last.simps list.distinct(1)
         list.set-intros(1) no-T-F-bin-decomp no-T-F-def)
   ultimately have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c \chi by fastforce
 moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ x
   assume c = CVar \ x \lor c = CF \lor c = CT
   then have False using corr by auto
```

```
then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by auto
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using corr wf-conn.cases by blast
qed
lemma elim-imp-inv':
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
  {
      \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
      have H: elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \psi
        by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
    \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
    have propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \psi
      proof -
        assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi
        and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
        {
          assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
          from rel this have False
            apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
            by (cases rule: elim-imp.cases, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1,2))
          then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
        moreover {
          assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
          then have no-T-F \varphi
            by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
          then have no-T-F \psi
            using rel propo-rew-step-ElimImp-no-T-F by blast
          then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
        ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
      qed
  }
     fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
     assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-imp \zeta \zeta'
     and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
     and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
     and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
     and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
     have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'))
     proof
       have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
         by (simp add: corr\ no-T-F\ no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb wf-conn-list(1,2))
       have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
       from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
         apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
```

```
apply (cases rule: elim-imp.cases, auto)
        using wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1))+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change no-T-F-symb-comp
        by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
    qed
 }
 ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc of elim-imp no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
   assms subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
3.7.3
          The new CNF and DNF transformation
The transformation is the same as before, but the order is not the same.
definition dnf-rew' :: 'a propo \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where
dnf-rew' =
  (full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim-imp))\ OO
 (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
 (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushConj))
lemma dnf-rew'-consistent: preserves-un-sat dnf-rew'
  by (simp\ add:\ dnf-rew'-def\ elimEquv-lifted-consistant\ elim-imp-lifted-consistant
   elimTBFull-consistent preserves-un-sat-OO pushConj-consistent pushNeq-lifted-consistant)
theorem cnf-transformation-correction:
   dnf\text{-}rew' \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}dnf \varphi'
  unfolding dnf-rew'-def OO-def
  \textbf{by} \ (meson \ and \textit{-}in\text{-}or\text{-}only\text{-}conjunction\text{-}in\text{-}disj \ elimTBFull\text{-}full\text{-}propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step \ elim\text{-}equiv\text{-}inv'}
    elim-imp-inv elim-imp-inv' is-dnf-def no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv
   no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp\ push Conj-full-propo-rew-step\ push Conj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step\ pushNeg-inv(1-3))
Given all the lemmas before the CNF transformation is easy to prove:
definition cnf\text{-}rew':: 'a \ propo \Rightarrow 'a \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \textbf{where}
cnf-rew' =
  (full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushNeq)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushDisj))
lemma cnf-rew'-consistent: preserves-un-sat cnf-rew'
  by (simp add: cnf-rew'-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant
   elim TBFull-consistent\ preserves-un-sat-OO\ pushDisj-consistent\ pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
theorem cnf'-transformation-correction:
  cnf\text{-}rew' \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}cnf \varphi'
 unfolding cnf-rew'-def OO-def
```

by (meson elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step elim-equiv-inv' elim-imp-inv elim-imp-inv' is-cnf-def

```
no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv\ no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp\ or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj\ pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step\ pushDisj-inv(1-4)\ pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step\ pushNeg-inv(1)\ pushNeg-inv(2)\ pushNeg-inv(3)) end theory Prop-Logic-Multiset imports .../lib/Multiset-More Prop-Normalisation\ Partial-Clausal-Logic
```

3.8 Link with Multiset Version

3.8.1 Transformation to Multiset

begin

```
fun mset-of-conj :: 'a propo \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset where mset-of-conj (FOr \varphi \psi) = mset-of-conj \varphi + mset-of-conj (FVar v) = {\# Pos v #} | mset-of-conj (FNot (FVar v)) = {\# Neg v #} | mset-of-conj FF = {\#}

fun mset-of-formula :: 'a propo \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset set where mset-of-formula (FAnd \varphi \psi) = mset-of-formula \varphi \cup mset-of-formula (FOr \varphi \psi) = {mset-of-conj (FOr \varphi \psi)} | mset-of-formula (FVar \psi) = {mset-of-conj (FVar \psi)} | mset-of-formula (FNot \psi) = {mset-of-conj (FNot \psi)} | mset-of-formula FF = {{\#}} | mset-of-formula FF = {\#}
```

3.8.2 Equisatisfiability of the two Version

```
lemma is-conj-with-TF-FNot:
  is-conj-with-TF (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\exists v. \varphi = FVar \ v \lor \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT)
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def apply (rule iffI)
 apply (induction FNot \varphi rule: super-grouped-by.induct)
 apply (induction FNot \varphi rule: grouped-by.induct)
     apply simp
    apply (cases \varphi; simp)
 apply auto
 done
\mathbf{lemma}\ grouped\text{-}by\text{-}COr\text{-}FNot:
  grouped-by COr (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\exists v. \varphi = FVar \ v \lor \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT)
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def apply (rule iffI)
 apply (induction FNot \varphi rule: grouped-by.induct)
    apply simp
    apply (cases \varphi; simp)
 apply auto
  done
lemma
  shows no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}FF[simp]: \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F FF and
    no-T-F-FT[simp]: \neg no-T-FFT
  unfolding no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma grouped-by-CAnd-FAnd:
  grouped-by CAnd (FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2) \longleftrightarrow grouped-by CAnd \varphi 1 \land grouped-by CAnd \varphi 2
 apply (rule iffI)
```

```
apply (induction FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: grouped-by.induct)
  using connected-is-group of CAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2 by auto
lemma grouped-by-COr-FOr:
  grouped-by COr (FOr \varphi 1 \varphi 2) \longleftrightarrow grouped-by COr \varphi 1 \land grouped-by COr \varphi 2
  apply (rule iffI)
 apply (induction FOr \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: grouped-by.induct)
  using connected-is-group[of COr \varphi1 \varphi2] by auto
lemma grouped-by-COr-FAnd[simp]: \neg grouped-by COr (FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  apply clarify
  apply (induction FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: grouped-by.induct)
  apply auto
  done
lemma grouped-by-COr-FEq[simp]: \neg grouped-by COr (FEq \varphi1 \varphi2)
  apply clarify
  apply (induction FEq \varphi1 \varphi2 rule: grouped-by.induct)
  apply auto
  done
lemma [simp]: \neg grouped-by COr (FImp \varphi \psi)
  apply clarify
 by (induction FImp \varphi \psi rule: grouped-by.induct) simp-all
lemma [simp]: \neg is-conj-with-TF (FImp \varphi \psi)
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def apply clarify
  by (induction FImp \varphi \psi rule: super-grouped-by.induct) simp-all
lemma [simp]: \neg grouped-by COr (FEq \varphi \psi)
 apply clarify
 by (induction FEq \varphi \psi rule: grouped-by.induct) simp-all
lemma [simp]: \neg is-conj-with-TF (FEq \varphi \psi)
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def apply clarify
 by (induction FEq \varphi \psi rule: super-grouped-by.induct) simp-all
lemma is-conj-with-TF-Fand:
  is\text{-}conj\text{-}with\text{-}TF \ (FAnd \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2) \implies is\text{-}conj\text{-}with\text{-}TF \ \varphi 1 \ \land \ is\text{-}conj\text{-}with\text{-}TF \ \varphi 2
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def
  apply (induction FAnd \varphi1 \varphi2 rule: super-grouped-by.induct)
  apply (auto simp: grouped-by-CAnd-FAnd intro: grouped-is-super-grouped)
  apply auto[]
  done
lemma is-conj-with-TF-FOr:
  is-conj-with-TF (FOr \varphi 1 \varphi 2) \Longrightarrow grouped-by COr \varphi 1 \land grouped-by COr \varphi 2
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def
  apply (induction FOr \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: super-grouped-by.induct)
  apply (auto simp: grouped-by-COr-FOr)[]
  apply auto[]
  done
lemma grouped-by-COr-mset-of-formula:
  grouped-by COr \varphi \Longrightarrow mset-of-formula \varphi = (if \ \varphi = FT \ then \ \{\} \ else \ \{mset-of-conj \varphi\})
```

```
by (induction \varphi) (auto simp add: grouped-by-COr-FNot)
```

When a formula is in CNF form, then there is equisatisfiability between the multiset version and the CNF form. Remark that the definition for the entailment are slightly different: $op \models$ uses a function assigning True or False, while $op \models s$ uses a set where being in the list means entailment of a literal.

```
theorem
 fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes is-cnf \varphi
 shows eval A \varphi \longleftrightarrow Partial\text{-}Clausal\text{-}Logic.true\text{-}clss} (\{Pos \ v | v. \ A \ v\} \cup \{Neg \ v | v. \ \neg A \ v\})
   (mset-of-formula \varphi)
 using assms
proof (induction \varphi)
 case FF
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case FT
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (FVar\ v)
 then show ?case by auto
 case (FAnd \varphi \psi)
 then show ?case
 unfolding is-cnf-def by (auto simp: is-conj-with-TF-FNot dest: is-conj-with-TF-Fand
   dest!:is-conj-with-TF-FOr)
\mathbf{next}
 case (FOr \varphi \psi)
 then have [simp]: mset-of-formula \varphi = \{mset-of-conj \varphi\} mset-of-formula \psi = \{mset-of-conj \psi\}
   unfolding is-cnf-def by (auto dest!:is-conj-with-TF-FOr simp: grouped-by-COr-mset-of-formula
     split: if\text{-}splits)
 have is-conj-with-TF \varphi is-conj-with-TF \psi
   using FOr(3) unfolding is-cnf-def no-T-F-def
   by (metis grouped-is-super-grouped is-conj-with-TF-FOr is-conj-with-TF-def)+
  then show ?case using FOr
   unfolding is-cnf-def by simp
next
  case (FImp \varphi \psi)
 then show ?case
   unfolding is-cnf-def by auto
next
 case (FEq \varphi \psi)
 then show ?case
   unfolding is-cnf-def by auto
next
 case (FNot \varphi)
 then show ?case
   unfolding is-cnf-def by (auto simp: is-conj-with-TF-FNot)
qed
end
theory Prop-Resolution
imports Partial-Clausal-Logic List-More Wellfounded-More
```

begin

Chapter 4

Resolution-based techniques

This chapter contains the formalisation of resolution and superposition.

4.1 Resolution

4.1.1 Simplification Rules

```
inductive simplify :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool for N :: 'v clause set where
tautology-deletion:
  A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\} \in N \Longrightarrow simplify\ N\ (N - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\})\}
condensation:
  A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} \in N \Longrightarrow simplify \ N \ (N - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) \mid A + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\}
subsumption:
  A \in N \Longrightarrow A \subset \# B \Longrightarrow B \in N \Longrightarrow simplify N (N - \{B\})
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat':
  fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
  assumes simplify N N'
 and total-over-m I N
 shows I \models s N' \longrightarrow I \models s N
  using assms
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
  case (tautology-deletion A P)
  then have I \models A + \{ \# Pos \ P \# \} + \{ \# Neg \ P \# \}
   by (metis total-over-m-def total-over-set-literal-defined true-cls-singleton true-cls-union
      true-lit-def uminus-Neg union-commute)
  then show ?case by (metis Un-Diff-cancel2 true-clss-singleton true-clss-union)
next
  case (condensation A P)
  then show ?case by (metis Diff-insert-absorb Set.set-insert insertE true-cls-union true-clss-def
    true-clss-singleton true-clss-union)
next
  case (subsumption \ A \ B)
 have A \neq B using subsumption.hyps(2) by auto
  then have I \models s N - \{B\} \Longrightarrow I \models A \text{ using } (A \in N) \text{ by } (simp add: true-clss-def)
  moreover have I \models A \Longrightarrow I \models B using \langle A < \# B \rangle by auto
  ultimately show ?case by (metis insert-Diff-single true-clss-insert)
\mathbf{lemma}\ simplify\text{-}preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
```

```
assumes simplify N N'
    and total-over-m \ I \ N
    shows I \models s N \longrightarrow I \models s N'
    using assms apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
    using true-clss-def by fastforce+
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat":
    fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
    assumes simplify N N'
    and total-over-m I N'
    shows I \models s N \longrightarrow I \models s N'
    using assms apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
    using true-clss-def by fastforce+
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat-eq:
    fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
    assumes simplify N N'
    and total-over-m I N
    shows I \models s N \longleftrightarrow I \models s N'
    using simplify-preserves-un-sat simplify-preserves-un-sat' assms by blast
lemma simplify-preserves-finite:
  assumes simplify \psi \psi'
  shows finite \psi \longleftrightarrow finite \psi'
  using assms by (induct rule: simplify.induct, auto simp add: remove-def)
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\hbox{-}simplify\hbox{-}preserves\hbox{-}finite:
 assumes rtranclp simplify \psi \psi'
  shows finite \psi \longleftrightarrow finite \psi'
  using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite)
lemma simplify-atms-of-ms:
    assumes simplify \psi \psi'
    shows atms-of-ms \psi' \subseteq atms-of-ms \psi
    using assms unfolding atms-of-ms-def
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
    case (tautology-deletion A P)
     then show ?case by auto
next
    case (condensation A P)
    moreover have A + \{\#P\#\} + \{\#P\#\} \in \psi \Longrightarrow \exists x \in \psi. \ atm\text{-of } P \in atm\text{-of } `set\text{-mset } x = x \in \psi. \ atm\text{-of } P \in atm\text{-of } S = x \in \psi. \ atm\text{
        by (metis Un-iff atms-of-def atms-of-plus atms-of-singleton insert-iff)
    ultimately show ?case by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
next
    case (subsumption A P)
    then show ?case by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-ms:
    assumes rtranclp simplify \psi \psi'
    shows atms-of-ms \psi' \subseteq atms-of-ms \psi
    using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
      apply (fastforce intro: simplify-atms-of-ms)
    using simplify-atms-of-ms by blast
```

lemma factoring-imp-simplify:

```
assumes \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in N
 shows \exists N'. simplify NN'
proof -
  have C + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} \in N \text{ using } assms \text{ by } (simp \text{ add: } add.commute union-lcomm)
  from condensation[OF this] show ?thesis by blast
qed
4.1.2
           Unconstrained Resolution
type-synonym 'v \ uncon\text{-}state = 'v \ clauses
inductive uncon\text{-}res :: 'v \ uncon\text{-}state \Rightarrow 'v \ uncon\text{-}state \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
resolution:
  \{\#Pos\ p\#\}\ +\ C\in N\implies \{\#Neg\ p\#\}\ +\ D\in N\implies (\{\#Pos\ p\#\}\ +\ C,\ \{\#Neg\ p\#\}\ +\ D)\notin A
already-used
   \implies uncon\text{-res }(N) \ (N \cup \{C+D\}) \ |
factoring: \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in N \Longrightarrow uncon\text{-res } N \ (N \cup \{C + \{\#L\#\}\})
lemma uncon-res-increasing:
 assumes uncon\text{-}res\ S\ S' and \psi\in S
 shows \psi \in S'
  using assms by (induct rule: uncon-res.induct) auto
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-uncon-inference-increasing:
  assumes rtrancly uncon-res S S' and \psi \in S
 shows \psi \in S'
  using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: uncon-res-increasing)
Subsumption
definition subsumes :: 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow bool where
subsumes \ \chi \ \chi' \longleftrightarrow
  (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
 \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models \chi')
lemma subsumes-refl[simp]:
  subsumes \chi \chi
  unfolding subsumes-def by auto
lemma subsumes-subsumption:
  assumes subsumes D \chi
 and C \subset \# D and \neg tautology \chi
 shows subsumes C \chi unfolding subsumes-def
  using assms subsumption-total-over-m subsumption-chained unfolding subsumes-def
 by (blast intro!: subset-mset.less-imp-le)
lemma subsumes-tautology:
  assumes subsumes (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) \chi
 shows tautology \chi
  using assms unfolding subsumes-def by (simp add: tautology-def)
```

4.1.3 Inference Rule

```
type-synonym 'v state = 'v clauses \times ('v clause \times 'v clause) set
inductive inference-clause :: 'v state \Rightarrow 'v clause \times ('v clause \times 'v clause) set \Rightarrow bool
  (infix \Rightarrow_{Res} 100) where
```

```
resolution:
  \{\#Pos\ p\#\}\ +\ C\ \in\ N\ \Longrightarrow\ \{\#Neg\ p\#\}\ +\ D\ \in\ N\ \Longrightarrow\ (\{\#Pos\ p\#\}\ +\ C,\ \{\#Neg\ p\#\}\ +\ D)\ \notin\ A
  \implies inference-clause (N, already-used) (C + D, already-used) \{(\#Pos \ p\#\} + C, \#Neg \ p\#\} + C\}
D)\}) \mid
factoring: \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in \mathbb{N} \Longrightarrow inference-clause\ (N,\ already-used)\ (C + \{\#L\#\},\ already-used)
inductive inference :: 'v \ state \Rightarrow 'v \ state \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
inference-step: inference-clause S (clause, already-used)
 \implies inference S (fst S \cup \{clause\}, already-used)
abbreviation already-used-inv
 :: 'a literal multiset set \times ('a literal multiset \times 'a literal multiset) set \Rightarrow bool where
already-used-inv state \equiv
 (\forall (A, B) \in snd \ state. \ \exists \ p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ A \land Neg \ p \in \# \ B \land
         ((\exists \chi \in fst \ state. \ subsumes \ \chi \ ((A - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}) + (B - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
           \vee \ tautology \ ((A - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}) + (B - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))))
{\bf lemma}\ in ference-clause-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv (fst S \cup \{fst S'\}, snd S'\}
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
 by fastforce+
lemma inference-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes inference S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: inference.induct)
 case (inference-step S clause already-used)
 then show ?case
   using inference-clause-preserves-already-used-inv[of S (clause, already-used)] by simp
qed
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes rtrancly inference S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, simp)
 using inference-preserves-already-used-inv unfolding tautology-def by fast
{f lemma}\ subsumes{-condensation}:
 assumes subsumes (C + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) D
 shows subsumes (C + \{\#L\#\}) D
 using assms unfolding subsumes-def by simp
lemma simplify-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes simplify N N'
 and already-used-inv (N, already-used)
 shows already-used-inv (N', already-used)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
  case (condensation C L)
```

```
then show ?case
    using subsumes-condensation by simp fast
next
     fix a:: 'a and A:: 'a set and P
     have (\exists x \in Set.remove \ a \ A. \ P \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \in A. \ x \neq a \land P \ x) by auto
  } note ex-member-remove = this
    fix a \ a\theta :: 'v \ clause \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses \ and \ y
    assume a \in A and a\theta \subset \# a
    then have (\exists x \in A. \ subsumes \ x \ y) \longleftrightarrow (subsumes \ a \ y \ \lor (\exists x \in A. \ x \neq a \land subsumes \ x \ y))
      by auto
  } note tt2 = this
  case (subsumption A B) note A = this(1) and AB = this(2) and B = this(3) and inv = this(4)
  show ?case
    proof (standard, standard)
      \mathbf{fix} \ x \ a \ b
      assume x: x \in snd (N - \{B\}, already-used) and [simp]: x = (a, b)
      obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# a \land Neg p \in \# b and
        q: (\exists \chi \in \mathbb{N}. \ subsumes \ \chi \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
          \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
        using inv \ x by fastforce
      \mathbf{consider}\ (\mathit{taut})\ \mathit{tautology}\ (\mathit{a} - \{\#\mathit{Pos}\ \mathit{p\#}\} + (\mathit{b} - \{\#\mathit{Neg}\ \mathit{p\#}\}))\ |
        (\chi) \chi \text{ where } \chi \in N \text{ subsumes } \chi \text{ } (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
          \neg tautology\ (a - \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg\ p\#\}))
        using q by auto
      then show
        \exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ a \land Neg \ p \in \# \ b
              \land ((\exists \chi \in \mathit{fst} \ (N - \{B\}, \ \mathit{already-used}). \ \mathit{subsumes} \ \chi \ (a - \{\#\mathit{Pos} \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#\mathit{Neg} \ p\#\}))) 
                 \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
        proof cases
          case taut
          then show ?thesis using p by auto
        next
          case \chi note H = this
          show ?thesis using p A AB B subsumes-subsumption [OF - AB H(3)] H(1,2) by auto
        qed
    qed
next
  case (tautology-deletion CP)
  then show ?case apply clarify
  proof -
    \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
    assume C + \{ \# Pos \ P \# \} + \{ \# Neg \ P \# \} \in N
    assume already-used-inv (N, already-used)
    and (a, b) \in snd (N - \{C + \{\#Pos P\#\} + \{\#Neg P\#\}\}, already-used)
    then obtain p where
      Pos\ p\in \#\ a\ \land\ Neg\ p\in \#\ b\ \land
        ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N \cup \{C + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\}, already-used)).
              subsumes \chi (a - {#Pos p#} + (b - {#Neg p#})))
          \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
      by fastforce
    moreover have tautology (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) by auto
    ultimately show
      \exists \ p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ a \ \land \ Neg \ p \in \# \ b
      \land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N - \{C + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\}), \ already-used).
```

```
subsumes \ \chi \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
         \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
     by (metis (no-types) Diff-iff Un-insert-right empty-iff fst-conv insertE subsumes-tautology
       sup-bot.right-neutral)
 qed
qed
lemma
 factoring-satisfiable: I \models \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \longleftrightarrow I \models \{\#L\#\} + C and
 resolution-satisfiable:
   consistent-interp I \Longrightarrow I \models \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C \Longrightarrow I \models \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D \Longrightarrow I \models C + D and
   factoring\text{-}same\text{-}vars: atms\text{-}of (\{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C) = atms\text{-}of (\{\#L\#\} + C)
  unfolding true-cls-def consistent-interp-def by (fastforce split: if-split-asm)+
lemma inference-increasing:
 assumes inference S S' and \psi \in fst S
 shows \psi \in fst S'
 using assms by (induct rule: inference.induct, auto)
lemma rtranclp-inference-increasing:
 assumes rtrancly inference S S' and \psi \in fst S
 shows \psi \in fst \ S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: inference-increasing)
lemma inference-clause-already-used-increasing:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 shows snd S \subseteq snd S'
 using assms by (induct rule:inference-clause.induct, auto)
lemma inference-already-used-increasing:
 assumes inference S S'
 shows snd S \subseteq snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule:inference.induct)
 using inference-clause-already-used-increasing by fastforce
lemma inference-clause-preserves-un-sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference-clause T T'
 and total-over-m \ I \ (fst \ T)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s \text{ fst } T \longleftrightarrow I \models s \text{ fst } T \cup \{\text{fst } T'\}
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
  unfolding consistent-interp-def true-clss-def by auto force+
lemma inference-preserves-un-sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference T T'
 and total-over-m \ I \ (fst \ T)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s fst \ T \longleftrightarrow I \models s fst \ T'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 using inference-clause-preserves-un-sat by fastforce
```

```
lemma inference-clause-preserves-atms-of-ms:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 shows atms-of-ms (fst (fst S \cup \{fst \ S'\}, snd \ S'\}) \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \ S)
  using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
  apply auto
    apply (metis Set.set-insert UnCI atms-of-ms-insert atms-of-plus)
   apply (metis Set.set-insert UnCI atms-of-ms-insert atms-of-plus)
  apply (simp add: in-m-in-literals union-assoc)
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def using assms by fastforce
lemma inference-preserves-atms-of-ms:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference\ T\ T'
 shows atms-of-ms (fst T') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst T)
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 using inference-clause-preserves-atms-of-ms by fastforce
lemma inference-preserves-total:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference (N, already-used) (N', already-used')
 shows total-over-m I N \Longrightarrow total-over-m I N'
   using assms inference-preserves-atms-of-ms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
   by fastforce
lemma rtranclp-inference-preserves-total:
 assumes rtrancly inference T T'
 shows total-over-m I (fst T) \Longrightarrow total-over-m I (fst T')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: inference-preserves-total)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}inference\text{-}preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat:
 assumes rtranclp inference N N'
 and total-over-m I (fst N)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s fst \ N \longleftrightarrow I \models s fst \ N'
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 apply (simp add: inference-preserves-un-sat)
 using inference-preserves-un-sat rtranclp-inference-preserves-total by blast
lemma inference-preserves-finite:
 assumes inference \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: inference.induct, auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite)
\mathbf{lemma}\ in ference\text{-}clause\text{-}preserves\text{-}finite\text{-}snd:
 assumes inference-clause \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: inference-clause.induct, auto)
lemma inference-preserves-finite-snd:
 assumes inference \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms inference-clause-preserves-finite-snd by (induct rule: inference.induct, fastforce)
```

```
lemma rtranclp-inference-preserves-finite:
    assumes rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
    shows finite (fst \psi')
    using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
         (auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite inference-preserves-finite)
lemma consistent-interp-insert:
    assumes consistent-interp I
    and atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of ' I
    shows consistent-interp (insert P I)
proof -
    have P: insert P I = I \cup \{P\} by auto
    show ?thesis unfolding P
    apply (rule consistent-interp-disjoint)
    using assms by (auto simp: image-iff)
qed
lemma simplify-clause-preserves-sat:
    assumes simp: simplify \psi \psi'
    and satisfiable \psi^{\,\prime}
    shows satisfiable \psi
    using assms
proof induction
     case (tautology-deletion A P) note AP = this(1) and sat = this(2)
    let ?A' = A + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ P\# \}
    let ?\psi' = \psi - \{?A'\}
    obtain I where
         I: I \models s ? \psi' and
         cons: consistent-interp I and
         tot: total-over-m I ? \psi'
         using sat unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
     { assume Pos \ P \in I \lor Neg \ P \in I
         then have I \models ?A' by auto
         then have I \models s \psi using I by (metis insert-Diff tautology-deletion.hyps true-clss-insert)
         then have ?case using cons tot by auto
     moreover {
         assume Pos: Pos P \notin I and Neg: Neg P \notin I
         then have consistent-interp (I \cup \{Pos \ P\}) using cons by simp
         moreover have I'A: I \cup \{Pos\ P\} \models ?A' by auto
         have \{Pos \ P\} \cup I \models s \ \psi - \{A + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\}\
              using \langle I \models s \psi - \{A + \{\#Pos P\#\}\} + \{\#Neg P\#\}\} \rangle true-clss-union-increase' by blast
         then have I \cup \{Pos \ P\} \models s \ \psi
              by (metis (no-types) Un-empty-right Un-insert-left Un-insert-right I'A insert-Diff
                   sup\mbox{-}bot.left\mbox{-}neutral\ tautology\mbox{-}deletion.hyps\ true\mbox{-}clss\mbox{-}insert)
         ultimately have ?case using satisfiable-carac' by blast
    ultimately show ?case by blast
     case (condensation A L) note AL = this(1) and sat = this(2)
    have f3: simplify \psi (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\})
         using AL simplify.condensation by blast
    obtain LL :: 'a \ literal \ multiset \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ set \ where
         \textit{f4} : LL \; (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) \models s \; \psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A\}\} \cup \{A\} \cup \{
+ \{ \#L\# \} \}
```

```
\land consistent\text{-interp} \ (LL \ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}))
     \wedge \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ (LL \ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\})\}
                    \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\})) \ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\})
   using sat by (meson satisfiable-def)
  have f5: insert (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) = \psi
   using AL by fastforce
  have atms-of (A + {\#L\#} + {\#L\#}) = atms-of ({\#L\#} + A)
   by simp
  then show ?case
   using f5 f4 f3 by (metis (no-types) add.commute satisfiable-def simplify-preserves-un-sat'
     total-over-m-insert total-over-m-union)
next
  case (subsumption A B) note A = this(1) and AB = this(2) and B = this(3) and sat = this(4)
 let ?\psi' = \psi - \{B\}
 obtain I where I: I \models s ?\psi' and cons: consistent-interp I and tot: total-over-m I ?\psi'
   using sat unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
  have I \models A using A I by (metis AB Diff-iff subset-mset.less-irrefl singletonD true-clss-def)
  then have I \models B using AB subset-mset.less-imp-le true-cls-mono-leD by blast
  then have I \models s \psi using I by (metis insert-Diff-single true-clss-insert)
  then show ?case using cons satisfiable-carac' by blast
qed
lemma simplify-preserves-unsat:
  assumes inference \psi \psi'
  shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
  using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
  using satisfiable-decreasing by (metis fst-conv)+
lemma inference-preserves-unsat:
  assumes inference** S S'
 shows satisfiable (fst S') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst S)
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 apply simp-all
  using simplify-preserves-unsat by blast
datatype 'v sem-tree = Node 'v 'v sem-tree 'v sem-tree | Leaf
fun sem-tree-size :: 'v sem-tree \Rightarrow nat where
sem-tree-size Leaf = 0
sem-tree-size (Node - ag ad) = 1 + sem-tree-size ag + sem-tree-size ad
lemma sem-tree-size[case-names bigger]:
  (\bigwedge xs:: 'v \ sem\text{-tree}. \ (\bigwedge ys:: 'v \ sem\text{-tree}. \ sem\text{-tree-size} \ ys < sem\text{-tree-size} \ xs \Longrightarrow P \ ys) \Longrightarrow P \ xs)
  \implies P xs
 by (fact Nat.measure-induct-rule)
fun partial-interps :: 'v sem-tree \Rightarrow 'v interp \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool where
partial-interps Leaf I \psi = (\exists \chi. \neg I \models \chi \land \chi \in \psi \land total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \{\chi\}) \mid
partial-interps (Node v ag ad) I \psi \longleftrightarrow
  (partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\})\ \psi \land partial-interps\ ad\ (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \psi)
{\bf lemma}\ simplify\mbox{-}preserve\mbox{-}partial\mbox{-}leaf:
  simplify N N' \Longrightarrow partial-interps Leaf I N \Longrightarrow partial-interps Leaf I N'
  apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
```

```
using union-lcomm apply auto[1]
  apply (simp, metis atms-of-plus total-over-set-union true-cls-union)
 apply simp
 by (metis atms-of-ms-singleton mset-le-exists-conv subset-mset-def true-cls-mono-leD
   total-over-m-def total-over-m-sum)
lemma simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes simplify N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 using assms apply (induct t arbitrary: I, simp)
 using simplify-preserve-partial-leaf by metis
lemma inference-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes inference S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
 using assms apply (induct t arbitrary: I, simp-all)
 by (meson inference-increasing)
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-inference-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes rtrancly inference N N'
 and partial-interps t I (fst N)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst N')
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto)
 using inference-preserve-partial-tree by force
function build-sem-tree :: 'v :: linorder set \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'v sem-tree where
build-sem-tree atms \psi =
 (if \ atms = \{\} \lor \neg \ finite \ atms
 then\ Leaf
 else Node (Min atms) (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
    (build\text{-}sem\text{-}tree\ (Set.remove\ (Min\ atms)\ atms)\ \psi))
by auto
termination
 apply (relation measure (\lambda(A, -), card A), simp-all)
 apply (metis Min-in card-Diff1-less remove-def)+
declare build-sem-tree.induct[case-names tree]
lemma unsatisfiable-empty[simp]:
 \neg unsatisfiable \{\}
  unfolding satisfiable-def apply auto
 using consistent-interp-def unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def by blast
lemma partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms-general:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder \ clauses \ and \ p :: 'v \ literal \ list
 assumes unsat: unsatisfiable \psi and finite \psi and consistent-interp I
 and finite atms
 and atms-of-ms \ \psi = atms \cup atms-of-s \ I \ and \ atms \cap atms-of-s \ I = \{\}
 shows partial-interps (build-sem-tree atms \psi) I \psi
 using assms
```

```
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: build-sem-tree.induct)
 case (1 atms \psi Ia) note IH1 = this(1) and IH2 = this(2) and unsat = this(3) and finite = this(4)
   and cons = this(5) and f = this(6) and un = this(7) and disj = this(8)
   assume atms: atms = \{\}
   then have atmsIa: atms-of-ms \ \psi = atms-of-s \ Ia \ using \ un \ by \ auto
   then have total-over-m Ia \psi unfolding total-over-m-def atmsIa by auto
   then have \chi: \exists \chi \in \psi. \neg Ia \models \chi
     using unsat cons unfolding true-clss-def satisfiable-def by auto
   then have build-sem-tree atms \psi = Leaf using atms by auto
   moreover
     have tot: \bigwedge \chi. \chi \in \psi \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ Ia \ \{\chi\}
     unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def atms-of-s-def
     using atmsIa atms-of-ms-def by fastforce
   have partial-interps Leaf Ia \psi
     using \chi tot by (auto simp add: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def)
     ultimately have ?case by metis
 }
 moreover {
   assume atms: atms \neq \{\}
   have build-sem-tree atms \psi = Node (Min atms) (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
      (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
     using build-sem-tree.simps[of atms \psi] f atms by metis
   have consistent-interp (Ia \cup \{Pos \ (Min \ atms)\}) unfolding consistent-interp-def
     by (metis Int-iff Min-in Un-iff atm-of-uninus atms cons consistent-interp-def disj empty-iff
      f in-atms-of-s-decomp insert-iff literal.distinct(1) literal.exhaust-sel literal.sel(2)
       uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
   moreover have atms-of-ms \psi = Set.remove (Min atms) atms \cup atms-of-s (Ia \cup \{Pos (Min atms)\})
     using Min-in atms f un by fastforce
   moreover have disj': Set.remove (Min\ atms)\ atms \cap atms-of-s (Ia \cup \{Pos\ (Min\ atms)\}) = \{\}
     by simp (metis disj disjoint-iff-not-equal member-remove)
   moreover have finite (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) using f by (simp add: remove-def)
   ultimately have subtree1: partial-interps (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
       (Ia \cup \{Pos (Min \ atms)\}) \psi
     using IH1[of\ Ia \cup \{Pos\ (Min\ (atms))\}] atms f unsat finite by metis
   have consistent-interp (Ia \cup \{Neg \ (Min \ atms)\}) unfolding consistent-interp-def
     by (metis Int-iff Min-in Un-iff atm-of-uninus atms cons consistent-interp-def disj empty-iff
      f in-atms-of-s-decomp insert-iff literal.distinct(1) literal.exhaust-sel literal.sel(2)
      uminus-Neg)
   moreover have atms-of-ms \psi = Set.remove (Min atms) atms \cup atms-of-s (Ia \cup {Neg (Min atms)})
      using \langle atms-of-ms \ \psi = Set.remove \ (Min \ atms) \ atms \cup \ atms-of-s \ (Ia \cup \{Pos \ (Min \ atms)\}) \rangle by
blast
   moreover have disj': Set.remove (Min\ atms)\ atms \cap atms-of-s (Ia \cup \{Neq\ (Min\ atms)\}) = \{\}
     using disj by auto
   moreover have finite (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) using f by (simp add: remove-def)
   ultimately have subtree2: partial-interps (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) ψ)
       (Ia \cup \{Neg \ (Min \ atms)\}) \ \psi
     using IH2[of\ Ia \cup \{Neg\ (Min\ (atms))\}] atms f\ unsat\ finite\ by metis
   then have ?case
     using IH1 subtree1 subtree2 f local.finite unsat atms by simp
 }
```

```
ultimately show ?case by metis qed
```

```
{\bf lemma}\ partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms:
  fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder clauses and p :: 'v literal list
  assumes unsat: unsatisfiable \psi and finite: finite \psi
  shows partial-interps (build-sem-tree (atms-of-ms \psi) \psi) {} \psi
proof -
  have consistent-interp {} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
  moreover have atms-of-ms \psi = atms-of-ms \psi \cup atms-of-s \{\} unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
 moreover have atms-of-ms \psi \cap atms-of-s \{\} = \{\} unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
 moreover have finite (atms-of-ms \psi) unfolding atms-of-ms-def using finite by simp
  ultimately show partial-interps (build-sem-tree (atms-of-ms \psi) \psi) {} \psi
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms-general of \psi {} atms-of-ms \psi] assms by metis
qed
lemma can-decrease-count:
  fixes \psi'' :: 'v \ clauses \times ('v \ clause \times 'v \ clause \times 'v) \ set
  assumes count \chi L = n
 and L \in \# \chi and \chi \in fst \psi
 shows \exists \psi' \chi'. inference** \psi \psi' \wedge \chi' \in fst \ \psi' \wedge (\forall L. \ L \in \# \chi \longleftrightarrow L \in \# \chi')
                \wedge \ count \ \chi' \ L = 1
                using assms
proof (induct n arbitrary: \chi \psi)
  case \theta
  then show ?case by (simp add: not-in-iff[symmetric])
  case (Suc n \chi)
  note IH = this(1) and count = this(2) and L = this(3) and \chi = this(4)
    assume n = 0
    then have inference^{**} \psi \psi
    and \chi \in fst \ \psi
    and \forall L. (L \in \# \chi) \longleftrightarrow (L \in \# \chi)
    and count \chi L = (1::nat)
    and \forall \varphi. \ \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi
      by (auto simp add: count L \chi)
    then have ?case by metis
   }
   moreover {
    assume n > 0
    then have \exists C. \chi = C + \{\#L, L\#\}
       by (smt L Suc-eq-plus1-left add.left-commute add-diff-cancel-left' add-diff-cancel-right'
         count-greater-zero-iff count-single local.count multi-member-split plus-multiset.rep-eq)
    then obtain C where C: \chi = C + \{\#L, L\#\} by metis
    let ?\chi' = C + \{\#L\#\}
    let ?\psi' = (fst \ \psi \cup \{?\chi'\}, \ snd \ \psi)
    have \varphi \colon \forall \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \colon (\varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \lor \varphi \neq ?\chi') \longleftrightarrow \varphi \in \mathit{fst} ?\psi' unfolding C by \mathit{auto}
    have inf: inference \psi ?\psi'
      using C factoring \chi prod.collapse union-commute inference-step by metis
    moreover have count': count ?\chi' L = n using C count by auto
    moreover have L\chi': L \in \# ?\chi' by auto
```

```
moreover have \chi'\psi': ?\chi' \in fst ?\psi' by auto
     ultimately obtain \psi'' and \chi''
     where
       inference^{**} ?\psi' \psi'' and
       \alpha: \chi'' \in fst \ \psi'' and
       \forall La. \ (La \in \# \ ?\chi') \longleftrightarrow (La \in \# \ \chi'') \ {\bf and}
       \beta: count \chi'' L = (1::nat) and
       \varphi': \forall \varphi. \varphi \in fst ? \psi' \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \psi'' and I\chi: I \models ?\chi' \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi'' and
        tot: \forall I'. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \{?\chi'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \{\chi''\}
       using IH[of ?\chi' ?\psi'] count' L\chi' \chi'\psi' by blast
     then have inference^{**} \psi \psi''
     and \forall La. (La \in \# \chi) \longleftrightarrow (La \in \# \chi'')
     using inf unfolding C by auto
     moreover have \forall \varphi. \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \psi'' \text{ using } \varphi \varphi' \text{ by } \mathit{metis}
     moreover have I \models \chi \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi'' using I\chi unfolding true-cls-def C by auto
     moreover have \forall I'. total-over-m I' \{\chi\} \longrightarrow total-over-m I' \{\chi''\}
       using tot unfolding C total-over-m-def by auto
     ultimately have ?case using \varphi \varphi' \alpha \beta by metis
  ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
{f lemma} can-decrease-tree-size:
  fixes \psi :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree :: 'v \ sem-tree
  assumes finite (fst \psi) and already-used-inv \psi
  and partial-interps tree I (fst \psi)
  shows \exists (tree':: 'v \ sem\text{-}tree) \ \psi'. \ inference^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial\text{-}interps \ tree' \ I \ (fst \ \psi')
              \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0)
  using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: sem-tree-size)
  case (bigger xs I) note IH = this(1) and finite = this(2) and a-u-i = this(3) and part = this(4)
    assume sem-tree-size xs = 0
    then have ?case using part by blast
  moreover {
    assume sn\theta: sem-tree-size xs > \theta
    obtain ag ad v where xs: xs = Node \ v \ ag \ ad \ using \ sn\theta \ by \ (cases \ xs, \ auto)
      assume sem-tree-size ag = 0 and sem-tree-size ad = 0
      then have ag: ag = Leaf and ad: ad = Leaf by (cases ag, auto) (cases ad, auto)
      then obtain \chi \chi' where
        \chi: \neg I \cup \{Pos\ v\} \models \chi and
        tot\chi: total-over-m (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) \{\chi\} and
        \chi \psi : \chi \in fst \ \psi \ and
        \chi': \neg I \cup \{Neg\ v\} \models \chi' and
        tot\chi': total-over-m (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \{\chi'\} and
        \chi'\psi \colon \chi' \in fst \ \psi
        using part unfolding xs by auto
      have Posv: Pos v \notin \# \chi using \chi unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
      have Negv: Neg v \notin \# \chi' using \chi' unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
```

```
{
  assume Neg\chi: Neg \ v \notin \# \ \chi
  have \neg I \models \chi using \chi Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
  moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi\}
    \mathbf{using} \ \textit{Posv} \ \textit{Neg} \chi \ \textit{atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit} \ \textit{tot} \chi \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \textit{total-over-m-def} \ \textit{total-over-set-def}
    bv fastforce
  ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
  and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
 and inference^{**} \psi \psi
    unfolding xs by (auto simp add: \chi\psi)
}
moreover {
  assume Pos\chi: Pos \ v \notin \# \ \chi'
  then have I\chi: \neg I \models \chi' using \chi' Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
  moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi'\}
    using Negv Pos\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi'
    unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
  ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi) and
    sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs and
    inference^{**} \psi \psi
    using \chi'\psi I\chi unfolding xs by auto
}
moreover {
  assume neg: Neg v \in \# \chi and pos: Pos v \in \# \chi'
  then obtain \psi' \chi 2 where inf: rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and \chi 2incl: \chi 2 \in fst \psi'
    and \chi\chi 2-incl: \forall L. L \in \# \chi \longleftrightarrow L \in \# \chi 2
    and count \chi 2: count \chi 2 (Neg v) = 1
    and \varphi: \forall \varphi: \forall v \text{ literal multiset. } \varphi \in \text{fst } \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in \text{fst } \psi'
    and I\chi: I \models \chi \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi 2
    and tot\text{-}imp\chi: \forall I'. total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I'\{\chi\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I'\{\chi2\}
    using can-decrease-count[of \chi Neg v count \chi (Neg v) \psi I] \chi \psi \chi' \psi by auto
  have \chi' \in fst \ \psi' by (simp \ add: \chi'\psi \ \varphi)
  with pos
  obtain \psi^{\prime\prime} \chi 2^{\prime} where
  inf': inference** ψ' ψ"
  and \chi 2'-incl: \chi 2' \in fst \psi''
  and \chi'\chi 2-incl: \forall L::'v \ literal. \ (L \in \# \chi') = (L \in \# \chi 2')
  and count \chi 2': count \chi 2' (Pos v) = (1::nat)
  and \varphi': \forall \varphi::'v literal multiset. \varphi \in fst \ \psi' \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \ \psi''
  and I\chi': I \models \chi' \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi 2'
  and tot\text{-}imp\chi': \forall I'. total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I'\ \{\chi'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I'\ \{\chi2'\}
  using can-decrease-count of \chi' Pos v count \chi' (Pos v) \psi' I by auto
  obtain C where \chi 2: \chi 2 = C + \{ \# Neg \ v \# \} and negC: Neg \ v \notin \# \ C and posC: Pos \ v \notin \# \ C
    proof -
      have \bigwedge m. Suc 0 - count \ m \ (Neg \ v) = count \ (\chi 2 - m) \ (Neg \ v)
        by (simp add: count\chi 2)
      then show ?thesis
        using that by (metis (no-types) One-nat-def Posv Suc-inject Suc-pred \chi\chi 2-incl
           count-diff count-single insert-DiffM2 mem-Collect-eq multi-member-skip neg
           not-gr0 set-mset-def union-commute)
    qed
  obtain C' where
    \chi 2': \chi 2' = C' + \{ \# Pos \ v \# \} and
```

```
posC': Pos \ v \notin \# \ C' and
  negC': Neg v \notin \# C'
  proof -
    assume a1: \bigwedge C'. [\chi 2' = C' + \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}; Pos \ v \notin \# C'; Neg \ v \notin \# C'] \implies thesis
    have f2: \Lambda n. (n::nat) - n = 0
      by simp
    have Neg v \notin \# \chi 2' - \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}
      using Negv \chi'\chi 2-incl by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
    have count \{\#Pos\ v\#\}\ (Pos\ v) = 1
      by simp
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis \chi'\chi 2-incl (Neg v \notin \# \chi 2' - \{\#Pos \ v\#\}) a1 count\chi 2' count-diff f2
        insert-DiffM2 less-numeral-extra(3) mem-Collect-eq pos set-mset-def)
  qed
have already-used-inv \psi'
  using rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv[of \psi \psi'] a-u-i inf by blast
then have a-u-i-\psi'': already-used-inv \psi''
  using rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv a-u-i inf' unfolding tautology-def
  by simp
have totC: total-over-m \ I \ \{C\}
  using tot-imp\chi tot\chi tot-over-m-remove[of I Pos v C] negC posC unfolding \chi 2
  by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg uminus-of-uminus-id)
have totC': total-over-m \ I \ \{C'\}
  using tot-imp\chi' tot\chi' total-over-m-sum tot-over-m-remove[of I Neg v C'] negC' posC'
  unfolding \chi 2' by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg)
have \neg I \models C + C'
  using \chi I \chi \chi' I \chi' unfolding \chi 2 \chi 2' true-cls-def by auto
then have part-I-\psi''': partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\})
  using totC \ totC' by simp
    (metis \leftarrow I \models C + C') atms-of-ms-singleton total-over-m-def total-over-m-sum)
  assume ({#Pos v#} + C', {#Neg v#} + C) \notin snd \psi''
  then have inf": inference \psi'' (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi'' \cup \{(\chi 2', \chi 2)\})
    using add.commute \varphi' \chi 2incl \langle \chi 2' \in fst \psi'' \rangle unfolding \chi 2 \chi 2'
    by (metis prod.collapse inference-step resolution)
  have inference** \psi (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi'' \cup \{(\chi 2', \chi 2)\})
    using inf inf' inf" rtranclp-trans by auto
  moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
  ultimately have ?case using part-I-\psi''' by (metis fst-conv)
}
moreover {
  assume a: (\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C) \in snd \ \psi''
  then have (\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi''. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
             \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C))
         \vee tautology (C' + C)
    proof -
      obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# (\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') and
      n: Neg \ p \in \# (\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C) \ and
      decomp: ((\exists \chi \in fst \psi'').
                 (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{(\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}\})
                         + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\})\}
                    \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\})
                 \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi
                  \longrightarrow I \models (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\}))
```

```
\lor tautology ((\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
            using a by (blast intro: allE[OF a-u-i-\psi''] unfolded subsumes-def Ball-def],
               of (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C)])
          { assume p \neq v
            then have Pos \ p \in \# \ C' \land Neg \ p \in \# \ C \ using \ p \ n \ by force
            then have ?thesis unfolding Bex-def by auto
         }
         moreover {
           assume p = v
          then have ?thesis using decomp by (metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-left')
         ultimately show ?thesis by auto
        qed
      moreover {
        assume \exists \chi \in fst \ \psi''. (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
         \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C'+C)
       then obtain \vartheta where \vartheta: \vartheta \in fst \psi'' and
         tot-\vartheta-CC': \forall I. total-over-m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m \ I \ \{\vartheta\} and
         \vartheta-inv: \forall I. total-over-m I \{\vartheta\} \longrightarrow I \models \vartheta \longrightarrow I \models C' + C by blast
       have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi'')
         using tot - \vartheta - CC' \vartheta \vartheta - inv totC totC' \lor \neg I \models C + C' \lor total - over - m - sum by fastforce
        moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
        ultimately have ?case by (metis inf inf' rtranclp-trans)
      moreover {
        assume tautCC': tautology (C' + C)
       have total-over-m I \{C'+C\} using totC totC' total-over-m-sum by auto
       then have \neg tautology (C' + C)
         using \langle \neg I \models C + C' \rangle unfolding add.commute[of C C'] total-over-m-def
         unfolding tautology-def by auto
       then have False using tautCC' unfolding tautology-def by auto
      ultimately have ?case by auto
   ultimately have ?case by auto
  ultimately have ?case using part by (metis (no-types) sem-tree-size.simps(1))
moreover {
  assume size-ag: sem-tree-size ag > 0
  have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
  moreover have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
   and partad: partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
   using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
  moreover have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
    \longrightarrow (partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi) \longrightarrow
   (\exists tree' \ \psi'. inference^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Pos \ v\}) \ (fst \ \psi')
      \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size aq \lor sem-tree-size aq = 0)))
      using IH by auto
  ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ \ where
    inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi'
   and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi')
   and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0
   using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-refl a-u-i by blast
```

}

```
have partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi')
       using rtranclp-inference-preserve-partial-tree inf partad by metis
     then have partial-interps (Node v tree' ad) I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-ag part unfolding xs by fastforce
   moreover {
     assume size-ad: sem-tree-size ad > 0
     have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
     moreover have partag: partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi) and
       partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
       using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
     moreover have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
         \rightarrow ( partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
       \longrightarrow (\exists tree' \psi'. inference^{**} \psi \psi' \land partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg v\}) (fst \psi')
           \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0)))
       using IH by auto
     ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ where
       inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi'
       and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0
       using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-refl a-u-i by blast
     have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi')
       using rtranclp-inference-preserve-partial-tree inf partag by metis
     then have partial-interps (Node v ag tree') I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-ad unfolding xs by fastforce
   ultimately have ?case by auto
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma inference-completeness-inv:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
   unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \psi) and
   finite: finite (fst \psi) and
   a-u-v: already-used-inv <math>\psi
 shows \exists \psi'. (inference** \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
  obtain tree where partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi)
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms assms by metis
 then show ?thesis
   using unsat finite a-u-v
   proof (induct tree arbitrary: \psi rule: sem-tree-size)
     case (bigger tree \psi) note H = this
     {
       fix \chi
       assume tree: tree = Leaf
       obtain \chi where \chi: \neg {} \models \chi and tot\chi: total-over-m {} {\chi} and \chi\psi: \chi \in fst \psi
         using H unfolding tree by auto
       moreover have \{\#\} = \chi
         using tot\chi unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
       moreover have inference^{**} \psi \psi by auto
       ultimately have ?case by metis
     }
```

```
moreover {
       fix v tree1 tree2
       assume tree: tree = Node \ v \ tree1 \ tree2
       obtain
         tree' \psi' where inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi' and
         part': partial-interps tree' {} (fst \ \psi') and
         decrease: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0
         using can-decrease-tree-size[of \psi] H(2,4,5) unfolding tautology-def by meson
       have sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree using decrease unfolding tree by auto
       moreover have finite (fst \psi) using rtranclp-inference-preserves-finite inf H(4) by metis
       moreover have unsatisfiable (fst \psi')
         using inference-preserves-unsat inf bigger.prems(2) by blast
       moreover have already-used-inv \psi'
         using H(5) inf rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv[of \psi \psi'] by auto
       ultimately have ?case using inf rtranclp-trans part' H(1) by fastforce
     ultimately show ?case by (cases tree, auto)
  qed
qed
lemma inference-completeness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \ \psi)
 and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 and snd \psi = \{\}
 shows \exists \psi'. (rtrancly inference \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
 have already-used-inv \psi unfolding assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using assms inference-completeness-inv by blast
qed
lemma inference-soundness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and \{\#\} \in fst \psi'
 shows unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms by (meson rtranclp-inference-preserves-un-sat satisfiable-def true-cls-empty
   true-clss-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ in ference\text{-}soundness\text{-}and\text{-}completeness\text{:}
fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
assumes finite: finite (fst \psi)
and snd \psi = \{\}
shows (\exists \psi'. (inference^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
  using assms inference-completeness inference-soundness by metis
         Lemma about the simplified state
abbreviation simplified \psi \equiv (no\text{-step simplify } \psi)
lemma simplified-count:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and \chi: \chi \in \psi
 shows count \chi L \leq 1
proof -
   let ?\chi' = \chi - \{\#L, L\#\}
   assume count \chi L \geq 2
```

```
then have f1: count (\chi - \{\#L, L\#\} + \{\#L, L\#\}) L = count \chi L
     by simp
   then have L \in \# \chi - \{\#L\#\}
     by (metis (no-types) add.left-neutral add-diff-cancel-left' count-union diff-diff-add
       diff-single-trivial insert-DiffM mem-Collect-eq multi-member-this not-gr0 set-mset-def)
   then have \chi': ?\chi' + {#L#} + {#L#} = \chi
     using f1 by (metis diff-diff-add diff-single-eq-union in-diffD)
   have \exists \psi'. simplify \psi \psi'
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) \chi \chi' add.commute factoring-imp-simplify union-assoc)
   then have False using simp by auto
 then show ?thesis by arith
qed
lemma simplified-no-both:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and \chi: \chi \in \psi
 shows \neg (L \in \# \chi \land -L \in \# \chi)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg \neg (L \in \# \chi \land - L \in \# \chi)
 then have L \in \# \chi \land - L \in \# \chi by metis then obtain \chi' where \chi = \chi' + \{\# Pos \ (atm\text{-}of \ L)\#\} + \{\# Neg \ (atm\text{-}of \ L)\#\}
   by (metis Neg-atm-of-iff Pos-atm-of-iff diff-union-swap insert-DiffM2 uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
 then show False using \chi simp tautology-deletion by fastforce
qed
lemma simplified-not-tautology:
 assumes simplified \{\psi\}
 shows \sim tautology \psi
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ~ ?thesis
 then obtain p where Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg \ p \in \# \psi using tautology-decomp by metis
  then obtain \chi where \psi = \chi + \{ \#Pos \ p\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ p\# \}
   by (metis insert-noteq-member literal.distinct(1) multi-member-split)
 then have \sim simplified \{\psi\} by (auto intro: tautology-deletion)
 then show False using assms by auto
qed
lemma simplified-remove:
 assumes simplified \{\psi\}
 shows simplified \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ns: \neg simplified \{ \psi - \{ \#l \# \} \}
   assume l \notin \# \psi
   then have \psi - \{\#l\#\} = \psi by simp
   then have False using ns assms by auto
 moreover {
   assume l\psi: l\in\#\psi
   have A: \Lambda A. A \in \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\} \longleftrightarrow A + \{\#l\#\} \in \{\psi\} by (auto simp add: l\psi)
   obtain l' where l': simplify { \psi - {\#l\#} } l' using ns by metis
   then have \exists l'. simplify \{\psi\} l'
     proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
       case (tautology\text{-}deletion\ A\ P)
       have \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + (\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + (A + \{\#l\#\})) \in \{\psi\}
```

```
by (metis (no-types) A add.commute tautology-deletion.hyps union-lcomm)
      then show ?thesis
         by (metis simplify.tautology-deletion[of A+\{\#l\#\}\ P\ \{\psi\}] add.commute)
     next
      case (condensation A L)
      have A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#l\#\} \in \{\psi\}
        using A condensation.hyps by blast
      then have \{\#L, L\#\} + (A + \{\#l\#\}) \in \{\psi\}
        by (metis (no-types) union-assoc union-commute)
      then show ?case
        using factoring-imp-simplify by blast
     next
      case (subsumption \ A \ B)
      then show ?case by blast
     qed
   then have False using assms(1) by blast
 ultimately show False by auto
qed
lemma in-simplified-simplified:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and incl: \psi' \subseteq \psi
 shows simplified \psi'
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain \psi'' where simplify \psi' \psi'' by metis
   then have \exists l'. simplify \psi l'
     proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
      case (tautology-deletion A P)
      then show ?thesis using simplify.tautology-deletion[of A P \psi] incl by blast
     next
      case (condensation A L)
      then show ?case using simplify.condensation[of A L \psi] incl by blast
      case (subsumption A B)
      then show ?case using simplify.subsumption[of A \psi B] incl by auto
     ged
 then show False using assms(1) by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ simplified\text{-}in:
 assumes simplified \psi
 and N \in \psi
 shows simplified \{N\}
 using assms by (metis Set.set-insert empty-subset I in-simplified-simplified insert-mono)
lemma subsumes-imp-formula:
 assumes \psi \leq \# \varphi
 shows \{\psi\} \models p \varphi
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def apply auto
 using assms true-cls-mono-leD by blast
{\bf lemma}\ simplified\mbox{-}imp\mbox{-}distinct\mbox{-}mset\mbox{-}tauto:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi'
 shows distinct-mset-set \psi' and \forall \chi \in \psi'. \neg tautology \chi
```

```
proof -
 show \forall \chi \in \psi'. \neg tautology \chi
   using simp by (auto simp add: simplified-in simplified-not-tautology)
 show distinct-mset-set \psi'
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬?thesis
     then obtain \chi where \chi \in \psi' and \neg distinct\text{-mset} \chi unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
     then obtain L where count \chi L \geq 2
       unfolding distinct-mset-def
       by (meson count-greater-eq-one-iff le-antisym simp simplified-count)
     then show False by (metis Suc-1 \langle \chi \in \psi' \rangle not-less-eq-eq simp simplified-count)
   qed
qed
lemma simplified-no-more-full1-simplified:
 assumes simplified \psi
 shows \neg full1 simplify \psi \psi'
 using assms unfolding full1-def by (meson tranclpD)
4.1.5
          Resolution and Invariants
inductive resolution :: 'v state \Rightarrow 'v state \Rightarrow bool where
full1-simp: full1 simplify N N' \Longrightarrow resolution (N, already-used) (N', already-used)
inferring: inference (N, already-used) (N', already-used') \Longrightarrow simplified N
 \implies full simplify N'N'' \implies resolution (N, already-used) (N'', already-used')
Invariants
lemma resolution-finite:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: resolution.induct)
   (auto simp add: full1-def full-def rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite
     dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp inference-preserves-finite)
lemma rtranclp-resolution-finite:
 assumes resolution** \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: resolution-finite)
lemma resolution-finite-snd:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct, auto simp add: inference-preserves-finite-snd)
 using inference-preserves-finite-snd snd-conv by metis
lemma rtranclp-resolution-finite-snd:
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: resolution-finite-snd)
lemma resolution-always-simplified:
assumes resolution \psi \psi'
shows simplified (fst \psi')
using assms by (induct rule: resolution.induct)
```

```
(auto simp add: full1-def full-def)
lemma tranclp-resolution-always-simplified:
  assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi'
  shows simplified (fst \psi')
  using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct, auto simp add: resolution-always-simplified)
lemma resolution-atms-of:
  assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
  using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
   {\bf apply}(simp~add:~rtranclp\text{-}simplify\text{-}atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms~tranclp\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp~full1\text{-}}def~)
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) contra-subsetD fst-conv full-def
   inference-preserves-atms-of-ms rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-ms subsetI)
lemma rtranclp-resolution-atms-of:
  assumes resolution** \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
  shows atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  {\bf using} \ resolution-atms-of \ rtranclp-resolution-finite \ {\bf by} \ blast+
lemma resolution-include:
  assumes res: resolution \psi \psi' and finite: finite (fst \psi)
  shows fst \ \psi' \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms (fst \ \psi))
proof -
  have finite': finite (fst \psi') using local finite res resolution-finite by blast
 have simplified (fst \psi') using res finite' resolution-always-simplified by blast
  then have fst \ \psi' \subseteq simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (fst \ \psi'))
   using simplified-in-simple-clss finite' simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto of fst \psi' by auto
  moreover have atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
   using res finite resolution-atms-of of \psi \psi' by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by (meson atms-of-ms-finite local finite order trans rev-finite-subset
    simple-clss-mono)
qed
lemma rtranclp-resolution-include:
  assumes res: trancly resolution \psi \psi' and finite: finite (fst \psi)
  shows fst \ \psi' \subseteq simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (fst \ \psi))
  using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
   apply (simp add: resolution-include)
  by (meson simple-clss-mono order-class.le-trans resolution-include
   rtranclp-resolution-atms-of rtranclp-resolution-finite tranclp-into-rtranclp)
abbreviation already-used-all-simple
  :: ('a \ literal \ multiset \times 'a \ literal \ multiset) \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set \Rightarrow bool \ where
already-used-all-simple already-used vars \equiv
(\forall (A, B) \in already\text{-}used. simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms\text{-}of A \subseteq vars \land atms\text{-}of B \subseteq vars)
lemma already-used-all-simple-vars-incl:
  assumes vars \subseteq vars'
 shows already-used-all-simple a vars \implies already-used-all-simple a vars'
  using assms by fast
{\bf lemma}\ in ference-clause-preserves-already-used-all-simple:
  assumes inference-clause S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
```

```
and simplified (fst S)
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd (fst S \cup \{fst S'\}, snd S')) vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
 case (factoring\ L\ C\ N\ already-used)
  then show ?case by (simp add: simplified-in factoring-imp-simplify)
next
 case (resolution P \ C \ N \ D \ already-used) note H = this
 show ?case apply clarify
   proof -
     \mathbf{fix} \ A \ B \ v
     assume (A, B) \in snd (fst (N, already-used))
       \cup \{fst \ (C + D, \ already\text{-}used \ \cup \ \{(\{\#Pos \ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg \ P\#\} + D)\})\},\
          snd\ (C + D,\ already-used\ \cup\ \{(\{\#Pos\ P\#\}\ +\ C,\ \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\ +\ D)\}))
     then have (A, B) \in already-used \vee (A, B) = (\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + D) by auto
     moreover {
       assume (A, B) \in already-used
       then have simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
         using H(4) by auto
     moreover {
       assume eq: (A, B) = (\{\#Pos \ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg \ P\#\} + D)
       then have simplified \{A\} using simplified-in H(1,5) by auto
       moreover have simplified \{B\} using eq simplified-in H(2,5) by auto
       moreover have atms-of A \subseteq atms-of-ms N
         using eq H(1)
         using atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[of A N] by auto
       moreover have atms-of B \subseteq atms-of-ms N
         using eq H(2) atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[of B N] by auto
       ultimately have simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
         using H(6) by auto
     ultimately show simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
       \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{fast}
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ in ference\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{:}
 assumes inference S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and simplified (fst S)
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
  using assms
proof (induct rule: inference.induct)
 case (inference-step S clause already-used)
 then show ?case
   using inference-clause-preserves-already-used-all-simple of S (clause, already-used) vars
   by auto
qed
lemma already-used-all-simple-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
```

```
shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: resolution.induct)
 case (full1-simp N N')
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (inferring N already-used N' already-used' N'')
 then show already-used-all-simple (snd (N'', already-used')) vars
   using inference-preserves-already-used-all-simple of (N, already-used) by simp
qed
{f lemma}\ rtranclp-already-used-all-simple-inv:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 and finite (fst\ S)
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 {f case}\ base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step S' S'') note infstar = this(1) and IH = this(3) and res = this(2) and
   already = this(4) and atms = this(5) and finite = this(6)
 have already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars using IH already atms finite by simp
 moreover have atms-of-ms (fst S') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst S)
   by (simp add: infstar local.finite rtranclp-resolution-atms-of)
 then have atms-of-ms (fst S') \subseteq vars using atms by auto
 ultimately show ?case
   using already-used-all-simple-inv[OF res] by simp
qed
lemma inference-clause-simplified-already-used-subset:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct, auto)
 using factoring-imp-simplify by blast
lemma inference-simplified-already-used-subset:
 assumes inference S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 by (metis inference-clause-simplified-already-used-subset snd-conv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ resolution\text{-}simplified\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}subset:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct, simp-all add: full1-def)
 apply (meson tranclpD)
 by (metis inference-simplified-already-used-subset fst-conv snd-conv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}simplified\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}subset:
 assumes tranclp resolution S S'
```

```
and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
  using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  using resolution-simplified-already-used-subset apply metis
 by (meson tranclp-resolution-always-simplified resolution-simplified-already-used-subset
   less-trans)
abbreviation already-used-top vars \equiv simple-clss vars \times simple-clss vars
lemma already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top:
 assumes already-used-all-simple s vars and finite vars
 shows s \subseteq already-used-top vars
proof
 \mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x-s: x \in s
 obtain A B where x: x = (A, B) by (cases x, auto)
 then have simplified \{A\} and atms-of A \subseteq vars using assms(1) x-s by fastforce+
  then have A: A \in simple\text{-}clss \ vars
   using simple-clss-mono[of atms-of A vars] \ x \ assms(2)
   simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto[of {A}]
   distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss by fast
 moreover have simplified \{B\} and atms-of B \subseteq vars using assms(1) x-s x by fast+
  then have B: B \in simple\text{-}clss \ vars
   using simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto[of \{B\}]
   distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss
   simple-clss-mono[of atms-of B vars] \ x \ assms(2) \ by \ fast
  ultimately show x \in simple\text{-}clss\ vars \times simple\text{-}clss\ vars
   unfolding x by auto
lemma already-used-top-finite:
 assumes finite vars
 shows finite (already-used-top vars)
 using simple-clss-finite assms by auto
lemma already-used-top-increasing:
 assumes var \subseteq var' and finite var'
 shows already-used-top var \subseteq already-used-top var'
 using assms simple-clss-mono by auto
lemma already-used-all-simple-finite:
 fixes s :: ('a \ literal \ multiset \times 'a \ literal \ multiset) \ set \ and \ vars :: 'a \ set
 assumes already-used-all-simple s vars and finite vars
 shows finite s
 using assms already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF assms(1)]
 rev-finite-subset[OF already-used-top-finite[of vars]] by auto
abbreviation card-simple vars \psi \equiv card (already-used-top vars -\psi)
lemma resolution-card-simple-decreasing:
 assumes res: resolution \psi \psi'
 and a-u-s: already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) vars
 and finite-v: finite vars
 and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and finite-snd: finite (snd \psi)
 and simp: simplified (fst \psi)
```

```
and atms-of-ms (fst \psi) \subseteq vars
 shows card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi)
proof -
 let ?vars = vars
 let ?top = simple-clss ?vars × simple-clss ?vars
 have 1: card-simple vars (snd \psi) = card ?top - card (snd \psi)
   using card-Diff-subset finite-snd already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF a-u-s]
   finite-v by metis
 have a-u-s': already-used-all-simple (snd \psi') vars
   using already-used-all-simple-inv res a-u-s assms(7) by blast
 have f: finite (snd \psi') using already-used-all-simple-finite a-u-s' finite-v by auto
 have 2: card-simple vars (snd \psi') = card ?top - card (snd \psi')
   \textbf{using} \ \textit{card-Diff-subset}[\textit{OF} \ f] \ \textit{already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top}[\textit{OF} \ a-u-s' \ finite-v]
   by auto
 have card (already-used-top vars) \geq card (snd \psi')
   using already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF a-u-s' finite-v]
   card-mono[of already-used-top vars snd <math>\psi'] already-used-top-finite[OF finite-v] by metis
  then show ?thesis
   using psubset-card-mono [OF f resolution-simplified-already-used-subset [OF res simp]]
   unfolding 1 2 by linarith
qed
{\bf lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}card\text{-}simple\text{-}decreasing:}
 assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi' and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) vars
 and atms-of-ms (fst \psi) \subseteq vars
 and finite-v: finite vars
 and finite-snd: finite (snd \psi)
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: tranclp-induct)
 case (base \psi')
 then show ?case by (simp add: resolution-card-simple-decreasing)
next
 case (step \psi' \psi'') note res = this(1) and res' = this(2) and a-u-s = this(5) and
   atms = this(6) and f - v = this(7) and f - fst = this(4) and H = this
 then have card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi) by auto
 moreover have a-u-s': already-used-all-simple (snd \psi') vars
   using rtranclp-already-used-all-simple-inv[OF\ tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF\ res]\ a-u-s\ atms\ f-fst].
 have finite (fst \psi')
   by (meson finite-fst res rtranclp-resolution-finite tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  moreover have finite (snd \psi') using already-used-all-simple-finite [OF a-u-s' f-v].
 moreover have simplified (fst \psi') using res translp-resolution-always-simplified by blast
  moreover have atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq vars
   by (meson atms f-fst order.trans res rtranclp-resolution-atms-of tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  ultimately show ?case
   using resolution-card-simple-decreasing [OF res' a-u-s' f-v] f-v
   less-trans[of card-simple vars (snd \psi'') card-simple vars (snd \psi')
     card-simple vars (snd \ \psi)
   by blast
qed
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}card\text{-}simple\text{-}decreasing\text{-}2\text{:}$

```
assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi'
 and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and empty-snd: snd \psi = \{\}
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows card-simple (atms-of-ms (fst \psi)) (snd \psi') < card-simple (atms-of-ms (fst \psi)) (snd \psi)
proof -
 let ?vars = atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
 have already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) ?vars unfolding empty-snd by auto
 moreover have atms-of-ms (fst \psi) \subseteq ?vars by auto
 moreover have finite-v: finite ?vars using finite-fst by auto
 moreover have finite-snd: finite (snd \psi) unfolding empty-snd by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using assms(1,2,4) tranclp-resolution-card-simple-decreasing of \psi \psi' by presburger
qed
well-foundness if the relation
lemma wf-simplified-resolution:
 assumes f-vars: finite vars
 shows wf \{(y:: 'v:: linorder state, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x)\}
   \land finite (snd\ x) \land finite\ (fst\ x) \land already-used-all-simple\ (snd\ x)\ vars) \land resolution\ x\ y
proof -
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b :: 'v:: linorder \ state
   assume (b, a) \in \{(y, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x)\}
     \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
   then have
     atms-of-ms (fst a) \subseteq vars and
     simp: simplified (fst a) and
     finite (snd a) and
     finite (fst a) and
     a-u-v: already-used-all-simple (snd a) vars and
     res: resolution a b by auto
   have finite (already-used-top vars) using f-vars already-used-top-finite by blast
   moreover have already-used-top vars \subseteq already-used-top vars by auto
   moreover have snd b \subseteq already-used-top vars
     using already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[of snd b vars]
     a-u-v already-used-all-simple-inv[OF res] <math>\langle finite\ (fst\ a) \rangle\ \langle atms-of-ms\ (fst\ a) \subseteq vars \rangle\ f-vars
     by presburger
   moreover have snd\ a \subset snd\ b using resolution-simplified-already-used-subset [OF res\ simp].
   ultimately have finite (already-used-top vars) \land already-used-top vars \subseteq already-used-top vars
     \land snd b \subseteq already-used-top vars <math>\land snd a \subseteq snd b by metis
 then show ?thesis using wf-bounded-set[of \{(y:: 'v:: linorder \ state, \ x).
   (atms-of-ms\ (fst\ x) \subseteq vars
   \land simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x)\land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars)
   \land resolution x y \land \land already-used-top vars snd \mid by auto
qed
lemma wf-simplified-resolution':
 assumes f-vars: finite vars
 shows wf \{(y:: 'v:: linorder \ state, \ x). \ (atms-of-ms \ (fst \ x) \subseteq vars \land \neg simplified \ (fst \ x)\}
   \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
  unfolding wf-def
  apply (simp add: resolution-always-simplified)
  by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) fst-conv resolution-always-simplified)
```

```
lemma wf-resolution:
 assumes f-vars: finite vars
 shows wf (\{(y:: 'v:: linorder state, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x)\}
       \land finite (snd\ x) \land finite\ (fst\ x) \land already-used-all-simple\ (snd\ x)\ vars) \land resolution\ x\ y
   \cup \{(y, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land \neg simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x)\}
      \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}) (is wf (?R \cup ?S))
proof -
 have Domain ?R Int Range ?S = \{\} using resolution-always-simplified by auto blast
 then show wf (?R \cup ?S)
   using wf-simplified-resolution [OF f-vars] wf-simplified-resolution [OF f-vars] wf-Un[of ?R ?S]
   by fast
qed
lemma rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes simplify^{**} S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
 using assms apply induction
 using simplify-preserves-already-used-inv by fast+
lemma full1-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes full1 simplify S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
 using assms tranclp-into-rtranclp of simplify SS' rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv
 unfolding full1-def by fast
lemma full-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes full simplify S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
 using assms rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv unfolding full-def by fast
lemma resolution-already-used-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
proof induction
  case (full1-simp N N' already-used)
 then show ?case using full1-simplify-already-used-inv by fast
next
  case (inferring N already-used N' already-used' N''') note inf = this(1) and full = this(3) and
   a-u-v = this(4)
 then show ?case
   \mathbf{using}\ inference\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv[\textit{OF}\ inf\ a\text{-}u\text{-}v]\ full\text{-}simplify\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv\ full}
   by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms apply induction
 using resolution-already-used-inv by fast+
```

```
lemma rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat:
 assumes simplify^{**} \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \ \psi
 using assms apply induction
 using simplify-clause-preserves-sat by blast+
lemma full1-simplify-preserves-unsat:
 assumes full1 simplify \psi \ \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \ \psi
 using assms rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat[of \psi \psi'] tranclp-into-rtranclp
 unfolding full1-def by metis
{\bf lemma}\ full\text{-}simplify\text{-}preserves\text{-}unsat:
 assumes full simplify \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \ \psi
 using assms rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat[of \psi \psi'] unfolding full-def by metis
lemma resolution-preserves-unsat:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
  using full1-simplify-preserves-unsat apply (metis fst-conv)
 using full-simplify-preserves-unsat simplify-preserves-unsat by fastforce
lemma rtranclp-resolution-preserves-unsat:
 assumes resolution** \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms apply induction
 using resolution-preserves-unsat by fast+
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}simplify\text{-}preserve\text{-}partial\text{-}tree\text{:}
 assumes simplify** N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 using assms apply (induction, simp)
 using simplify-preserve-partial-tree by metis
lemma full1-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes full1 simplify N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 using assms rtranclp-simplify-preserve-partial-tree[of N N' t I] tranclp-into-rtranclp
 unfolding full1-def by fast
lemma full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes full simplify N N
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t\ I\ N'
 using assms rtranclp-simplify-preserve-partial-tree[of N N' t I] tranclp-into-rtranclp
 unfolding full-def by fast
lemma resolution-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
 using assms apply induction
```

```
using full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree inference-preserve-partial-tree by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserve\text{-}partial\text{-}tree:}
  assumes resolution** S S'
  and partial-interps t I (fst S)
  shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
  using assms apply induction
  using resolution-preserve-partial-tree by fast+
  thm nat-less-induct nat.induct
lemma nat-ge-induct[case-names 0 Suc]:
  assumes P \theta
  and \bigwedge n. (\bigwedge m. \ m < Suc \ n \Longrightarrow P \ m) \Longrightarrow P \ (Suc \ n)
  shows P n
  using assms apply (induct rule: nat-less-induct)
  by (rename-tac \ n, \ case-tac \ n) auto
lemma wf-always-more-step-False:
  assumes wf R
  shows (\forall x. \exists z. (z, x) \in R) \Longrightarrow False
 using assms unfolding wf-def by (meson Domain.DomainI assms wfE-min)
lemma finite-finite-mset-element-of-mset[simp]:
  assumes finite N
  shows finite \{f \varphi L | \varphi L. \varphi \in N \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\}
  using assms
\mathbf{proof}\ (\mathit{induction}\ \mathit{N}\ \mathit{rule} \text{:}\ \mathit{finite-induct})
  case empty
  show ?case by auto
next
  case (insert x N) note finite = this(1) and IH = this(3)
  have \{f \varphi L \mid \varphi L. \ (\varphi = x \lor \varphi \in N) \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\} \subseteq \{f x L \mid L. \ L \in \# x \land P x L\}
    \cup \{f \varphi L | \varphi L. \varphi \in N \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\}  by auto
  moreover have finite \{f \ x \ L \mid L. \ L \in \# \ x\} by auto
  ultimately show ?case using IH finite-subset by fastforce
qed
definition sum-count-ge-2 :: 'a multiset set \Rightarrow nat (\Xi) where
sum-count-qe-2 \equiv folding.F (\lambda \varphi. op +(msetsum {#count \varphi L \mid L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#})) \theta
interpretation sum-count-ge-2:
  folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#\})) 0
rewrites
  folding.F (\lambda \varphi. op +(msetsum {#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \# \})) 0 = sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2
proof -
  show folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum (image-mset (count \varphi) \{ \# L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \# \})))
    by standard auto
  then interpret sum-count-ge-2:
    folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#\})) 0.
  show folding. F(\lambda \varphi, op + (msetsum (image-mset (count \varphi) \{ \# L \in \# \varphi, 2 \leq count \varphi L \# \})))
    = sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2 by (auto simp\ add: sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2\text{-}def)
qed
```

using full1-simplify-preserve-partial-tree fst-conv apply metis

```
lemma finite-incl-le-setsum:
finite (B::'a multiset set) \Longrightarrow A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow \Xi A \leq \Xi B
proof (induction arbitrary: A rule: finite-induct)
 case empty
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (insert a F) note finite = this(1) and aF = this(2) and IH = this(3) and AF = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (cases \ a \in A)
     assume a \notin A
     then have A \subseteq F using AF by auto
     then show ?case using IH[of A] by (simp add: aF local.finite)
   next
     assume aA: a \in A
     then have A - \{a\} \subseteq F using AF by auto
     then have \Xi(A - \{a\}) \leq \Xi F using IH by blast
     then show ?case
        proof -
          obtain nn :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat where
           \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\exists v2. \ x0 = x1 + v2) = (x0 = x1 + nn \ x0 \ x1)
           by moura
          then have \Xi F = \Xi (A - \{a\}) + nn (\Xi F) (\Xi (A - \{a\}))
           \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{meson} \ \lang{\Xi} \ (A - \{a\}) \le \Xi \ \mathit{F} \char``le-\mathit{iff-add})
          then show ?thesis
           by (metis (no-types) le-iff-add aA aF add.assoc finite.insertI finite-subset
             insert.prems local.finite sum-count-ge-2.insert sum-count-ge-2.remove)
        qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
{\bf lemma}\ simplify\mbox{-}finite\mbox{-}measure\mbox{-}decrease:
  simplify N N' \Longrightarrow finite N \Longrightarrow card N' + \Xi N' < card N + \Xi N
proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
 case (tautology-deletion A P) note an = this(1) and fin = this(2)
 let ?N' = N - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\}\
 have card ?N' < card N
   by (meson card-Diff1-less tautology-deletion.hyps tautology-deletion.prems)
 moreover have ?N' \subseteq N by auto
  then have sum-count-ge-2 ?N' \le sum-count-ge-2 N using finite-incl-le-setsum[OF fin] by blast
  ultimately show ?case by linarith
next
 case (condensation A L) note AN = this(1) and fin = this(2)
 let ?C' = A + \{\#L\#\}
 let ?C = A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}
 let ?N' = N - \{?C\} \cup \{?C'\}
 have card ?N' \leq card N
   using AN by (metis (no-types, lifting) Diff-subset Un-empty-right Un-insert-right card.remove
     card-insert-if card-mono fin finite-Diff order-refl)
 moreover have \Xi \{?C'\} < \Xi \{?C\}
   proof -
     have mset-decomp:
       \{\# La \in \# A. (L = La \longrightarrow La \in \# A) \land (L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count A La)\#\}
       = \{ \# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count A La\# \} +
         \{\# La \in \# A. L = La \land Suc \ 0 \le count \ A \ L\#\}
         by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff ac-simps)
     have mset-decomp2: \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count A La\#\} =
```

```
\{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count \ A \ La\#\} + replicate-mset (count \ A \ L) \ L
       by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
     show ?thesis
       by (auto simp: mset-decomp mset-decomp2 filter-mset-eq ac-simps)
  ged
 have \Xi ?N' < \Xi N
   proof cases
     assume a1: ?C' \in N
     then show ?thesis
       proof
         have f2: \bigwedge m\ M. insert (m::'a\ literal\ multiset)\ (M - \{m\}) = M \cup \{\} \lor m \notin M
          using Un-empty-right insert-Diff by blast
         have f3: \bigwedge m\ M\ Ma. insert (m:'a\ literal\ multiset)\ M-insert\ m\ Ma=M-insert\ m\ Ma
          by simp
         then have f_4: \bigwedge M \ m. \ M - \{m::'a \ literal \ multiset\} = M \cup \{\} \lor m \in M
          using Diff-insert-absorb Un-empty-right by fastforce
         have f5: insert (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) N = N
          using f3 f2 Un-empty-right condensation.hyps insert-iff by fastforce
         have \bigwedge m\ M. insert (m:'a\ literal\ multiset)\ M=M\cup \{\} \lor m\notin M
          using f3 f2 Un-empty-right add.right-neutral insert-iff by fastforce
         then have \Xi (N - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) < \Xi N
          using f5 f4 by (metis Un-empty-right (\Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) < \Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} + \{\#L\#\}\})
            add.right-neutral add-diff-cancel-left' add-gr-0 diff-less fin finite.emptyI not-le
            sum-count-ge-2.empty sum-count-ge-2.insert-remove trans-le-add2)
         then show ?thesis
          using f3 f2 a1 by (metis (no-types) Un-empty-right Un-insert-right condensation.hyps
            insert-iff multi-self-add-other-not-self)
       qed
   next
     assume ?C' \notin N
     have mset-decomp:
       \{\# La \in \# A. (L = La \longrightarrow Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ La) \land (L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count \ A \ La)\#\}
       = \{ \# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count A La \# \} +
         \{\# La \in \# A. L = La \land Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ L\#\}
         by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff ac-simps)
     have mset-decomp2: {# La \in \# A. L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count A La\#} =
       \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 < count A La\#\} + replicate-mset (count A L) L
       by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
     show ?thesis
       using \langle \Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} \rangle \subset \Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} \rangle = \{\#L\#\}\} \rangle condensation.hyps fin
       sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2.remove[of\text{-}A+\{\#L\#\}+\{\#L\#\}] \langle ?C'\notin N \rangle
       by (auto simp: mset-decomp mset-decomp2 filter-mset-eq)
   qed
  ultimately show ?case by linarith
next
 case (subsumption A B) note AN = this(1) and AB = this(2) and BN = this(3) and fin = this(4)
 have card\ (N - \{B\}) < card\ N\ using\ BN\ by\ (meson\ card-Diff1-less\ subsumption.prems)
 moreover have \Xi(N - \{B\}) \leq \Xi N
   by (simp add: Diff-subset finite-incl-le-setsum subsumption.prems)
 ultimately show ?case by linarith
qed
lemma simplify-terminates:
  wf \{(N', N). finite N \wedge simplify N N'\}
  using assms apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of finite simplify \lambda N. card N + \Xi N])
```

```
lemma wf-terminates:
 assumes wf r
 shows \exists N'.(N', N) \in r^* \land (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin r)
proof -
 let ?P = \lambda N. (\exists N'.(N', N) \in r^* \land (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin r))
 have (\forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y) \longrightarrow ?P x)
   proof clarify
     \mathbf{fix} \ x
     assume H: \forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y
     { assume \exists y. (y, x) \in r
       then obtain y where y:(y, x) \in r by blast
       then have ?P y using H by blast
       then have P x using y by (meson rtrancl.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
     moreover {
       assume \neg(\exists y. (y, x) \in r)
       then have ?P x by auto
     ultimately show P x by blast
   qed
  moreover have (\forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y) \longrightarrow ?P x) \longrightarrow All ?P
   using assms unfolding wf-def by (rule allE)
 ultimately have All ?P by blast
 then show ?P N by blast
lemma rtranclp-simplify-terminates:
 assumes fin: finite\ N
 shows \exists N'. simplify^{**} N N' \land simplified N'
proof -
 have H: \{(N', N). \text{ finite } N \land \text{ simplify } N N'\} = \{(N', N). \text{ simplify } N N' \land \text{ finite } N\}  by auto
 then have wf: wf \{(N', N). simplify N N' \land finite N\}
   using simplify-terminates by (simp add: H)
 obtain N' where N': (N', N) \in \{(b, a) \text{. simplify } a \ b \land finite \ a\}^* and
   more: (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin \{(b, a). \text{ simplify } a \ b \land \text{finite } a\})
   using Prop-Resolution.wf-terminates[OF wf, of N] by blast
 have 1: simplify^{**} N N'
   using N' by (induction rule: rtrancl.induct) auto
 then have finite N' using fin rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite by blast
 then have 2: \forall N''. \neg simplify N' N'' using more by auto
 show ?thesis using 1 2 by blast
qed
lemma finite-simplified-full1-simp:
 assumes finite N
 shows simplified N \vee (\exists N'. full1 simplify N N')
 using rtranclp-simplify-terminates[OF assms] unfolding full1-def
 by (metis Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold)
lemma finite-simplified-full-simp:
 assumes finite N
```

```
shows \exists N'. full simplify NN'
  using rtranclp-simplify-terminates[OF assms] unfolding full-def by metis
{f lemma} can-decrease-tree-size-resolution:
 fixes \psi :: 'v \text{ state} and tree :: 'v \text{ sem-tree}
 assumes finite (fst \psi) and already-used-inv \psi
 and partial-interps tree I (fst \psi)
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows \exists (tree':: 'v \ sem\text{-}tree) \ \psi'. \ resolution^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial\text{-}interps \ tree' \ I \ (fst \ \psi')
   \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0)
 using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: sem-tree-size)
  case (bigger xs I) note IH = this(1) and finite = this(2) and a-u-i = this(3) and part = this(4)
   and simp = this(5)
  { assume sem-tree-size xs = 0
   then have ?case using part by blast
  }
 moreover {
   assume sn\theta: sem-tree-size xs > \theta
   obtain aq ad v where xs: xs = Node \ v \ aq \ ad \ using \ sn\theta by (cases xs, auto)
   {
      assume sem-tree-size ag = 0 \land sem-tree-size ad = 0
      then have aq: aq = Leaf and ad: ad = Leaf by (cases aq, auto, cases ad, auto)
      then obtain \chi \chi' where
        \chi: \neg I \cup \{Pos\ v\} \models \chi \text{ and }
        tot\chi: total-over-m (I \cup \{Pos\ v\})\ \{\chi\} and
        \chi\psi: \chi\in\mathit{fst}\;\psi and
        \chi': \neg I \cup \{Neg\ v\} \models \chi' and
        tot\chi': total-over-m (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \{\chi'\} and \chi'\psi: \chi' \in fst\ \psi
        using part unfolding xs by auto
      have Posv: Pos v \notin \# \chi using \chi unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
      have Negv: Neg v \notin \# \chi' using \chi' unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
      {
        assume Neg\chi: Neg\ v \notin \# \chi
        then have \neg I \models \chi using \chi Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
        moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi\}
          using Posv Neg\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
          by fastforce
        ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
          and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
          and resolution^{**} \psi \psi
          unfolding xs by (auto simp add: \chi \psi)
      }
      moreover {
         assume Pos\chi: Pos\ v\notin \#\chi'
         then have I_{\chi}: \neg I \models \chi' using \chi' Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
         moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi'\}
           using Negv Pos\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi'
           unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
         ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
           and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
           and resolution^{**} \psi \psi
           using \chi'\psi I\chi unfolding xs by auto
```

```
moreover {
   assume neg: Neg v \in \# \chi and pos: Pos v \in \# \chi'
   have count \ \chi \ (Neg \ v) = 1
     using simplified-count[OF simp \chi\psi] neg
     by (simp add: dual-order.antisym)
   have count \chi'(Pos\ v) = 1
     using simplified-count [OF simp \chi'\psi] pos
    by (simp add: dual-order.antisym)
   obtain C where \chi C: \chi = C + \{\# Neg \ v\#\} and negC: Neg \ v \notin \# C and posC: Pos \ v \notin \# C
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Posv Suc-eq-plus1-left (count \chi (Neg v) = 1)
       add-diff-cancel-left' count-diff count-greater-eq-one-iff count-single insert-DiffM
      insert-DiffM2 less-numeral-extra(3) multi-member-skip not-le not-less-eq-eq)
   obtain C' where
     \chi C': \chi' = C' + \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}  and
    posC': Pos \ v \notin \# \ C' and
     negC': Neg v \notin \# C'
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Negv Suc-eq-plus1-left (count \chi' (Pos v) = 1)
       add\text{-}diff\text{-}cancel\text{-}left'\ count\text{-}diff\ count\text{-}greater\text{-}eq\text{-}one\text{-}iff\ count\text{-}single\ insert\text{-}DiffM
      insert-DiffM2 less-numeral-extra(3) multi-member-skip not-le not-less-eq-eq)
   have totC: total-over-m \ I \ \{C\}
     using tot\chi tot-over-m-remove[of I Pos v C] negC posC unfolding \chi C
    by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg uminus-of-uminus-id)
   have totC': total-over-m \ I \ \{C'\}
     using tot\chi' total-over-m-sum tot-over-m-remove[of I Neg v C'] negC' posC'
    unfolding \chi C' by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg)
   have \neg I \models C + C'
     using \chi \chi' \chi C \chi C' by auto
   then have part-I-\psi''': partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\})
     using totC \ totC' \ (\neg I \models C + C') by (metis Un-insert-right insertI1)
      partial-interps.simps(1) total-over-m-sum)
     assume ({#Pos v#} + C', {#Neg v#} + C) \notin snd \psi
     then have inf": inference \psi (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\})
      by (metis \chi'\psi \chi C \chi C' \chi \psi add.commute inference-step prod.collapse resolution)
    obtain N' where full: full simplify (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\}) N'
      by (metis finite-simplified-full-simp fst-conv inf" inference-preserves-finite
        local.finite)
    have resolution \psi (N', snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\})
      using resolution.intros(2)[OF - simp full, of snd \psi snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\}] inf''
      by (metis surjective-pairing)
     moreover have partial-interps Leaf I N'
      using full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree [OF full part-I-\psi'''].
     moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
     ultimately have ?case
      by (metis (no-types) prod.sel(1) rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
   }
   moreover {
     assume a: (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \in snd\ \psi
    then have (\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
        \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)) \lor tautology \ (C' + C)
      proof -
        obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# (\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') \land Neg \ p \in \# (\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C)
```

}

```
\land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{(\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + (
+C) -\{\#Neg\ p\#\}\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\}\} \land (\forall\ I.\ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models (\{\#Pos\ p\})\}
v\#\} + C' - \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\}))) \lor tautology\ ((\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos\ p\#\}))
\{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\})))
                                using a by (blast intro: allE[OF a-u-i[unfolded subsumes-def Ball-def],
                                        of (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C)])
                             { assume p \neq v
                                then have Pos \ p \in \# \ C' \land Neg \ p \in \# \ C \ using \ p \ by force
                                then have ?thesis by auto
                             }
                             moreover {
                                assume p = v
                              then have ?thesis using p by (metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-left')
                             ultimately show ?thesis by auto
                         qed
                      moreover {
                         assume \exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
                             \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)
                         then obtain \vartheta where
                             \vartheta: \vartheta \in fst \ \psi and
                             tot - \vartheta - CC' : \forall I. \ total - over - m \ I \ \{C + C'\} \longrightarrow total - over - m \ I \ \{\vartheta\} and
                             \vartheta-inv: \forall I. total-over-m I \{\vartheta\} \longrightarrow I \models \vartheta \longrightarrow I \models C' + C by blast
                         have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
                             using tot - \vartheta - CC' \vartheta \vartheta - inv \ tot C \ tot C' \lor \neg I \models C + C' \lor total - over - m - sum \ by \ fastforce
                         moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
                         ultimately have ?case by blast
                      }
                     moreover {
                         assume tautCC': tautology (C' + C)
                         have total-over-m I \{C'+C\} using totC totC' total-over-m-sum by auto
                         then have \neg tautology (C' + C)
                             using \langle \neg I \models C + C' \rangle unfolding add.commute[of C C'] total-over-m-def
                             unfolding tautology-def by auto
                         then have False using tautCC' unfolding tautology-def by auto
                     ultimately have ?case by auto
                  ultimately have ?case by auto
            ultimately have ?case using part by (metis (no-types) sem-tree-size.simps(1))
       }
       moreover {
           assume size-ag: sem-tree-size ag > 0
           have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
           moreover have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
           and partad: partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
              using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
           moreover
              have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs \Longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \Longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
                  \implies partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi) \implies simplified (fst\ \psi)
                  \implies \exists tree' \ \psi'. \ resolution^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial-interps \ tree' \ (I \cup \{Pos \ v\}) \ (fst \ \psi')
                         \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0)
                  using IH[of \ ag \ I \cup \{Pos \ v\}] by auto
           ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ \ where
              inf: resolution** \psi \psi'
```

```
and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0
       using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-refl a-u-i simp by blast
     have partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi')
       using rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree inf partad by fast
     then have partial-interps (Node v tree' ad) I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-ag part unfolding xs by fastforce
   }
   moreover {
     assume size-ad: sem-tree-size ad > 0
     have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
     moreover
       have
         partag: partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi) and
         partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
         using part partial-interps. simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
     moreover have sem-tree-size ad \langle sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
       \longrightarrow (partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi) \longrightarrow simplified (fst \psi)
       \longrightarrow (\exists tree' \psi'. resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg v\}) (fst \psi')
             \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0)))
       using IH by blast
     ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ \ where
       inf: resolution^{**} \psi \psi'
       and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0
       using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-reft a-u-i simp by blast
     have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi')
       using rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree inf partag by fast
     then have partial-interps (Node v ag tree') I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-ad unfolding xs by fastforce
    ultimately have ?case by auto
 ultimately show ?case by auto
{\bf lemma}\ resolution\hbox{-} completeness\hbox{-} inv:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
   unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \psi) and
   finite: finite (fst \psi) and
   a-u-v: already-used-inv <math>\psi
 shows \exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
  obtain tree where partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi)
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms assms by metis
  then show ?thesis
   using unsat finite a-u-v
   proof (induct tree arbitrary: \psi rule: sem-tree-size)
     case (bigger tree \psi) note H = this
     {
       fix \chi
       assume tree: tree = Leaf
       obtain \chi where \chi: \neg {} \models \chi and tot\chi: total-over-m {} {\chi} and \chi\psi: \chi \in fst \psi
```

```
using H unfolding tree by auto
 moreover have \{\#\} = \chi
   using H atms-empty-iff-empty tot \chi
   unfolding true-cls-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
 moreover have resolution^{**} \psi \psi by auto
 ultimately have ?case by metis
moreover {
 fix v tree1 tree2
 assume tree: tree = Node \ v \ tree1 \ tree2
 obtain \psi_0 where \psi_0: resolution** \psi \psi_0 and simp: simplified (fst \psi_0)
   proof -
     { assume simplified (fst \psi)
      moreover have resolution^{**} \psi \psi by auto
       ultimately have thesis using that by blast
     moreover {
      assume \neg simplified (fst \psi)
       then have \exists \psi'. full 1 simplify (fst \psi) \psi'
        by (metis Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold bigger.prems(3) full1-def
          rtranclp-simplify-terminates)
       then obtain N where full 1 simplify (fst \psi) N by metis
      then have resolution \psi (N, snd \psi)
        using resolution.intros(1)[of fst \psi N snd \psi] by auto
      moreover have simplified N
        using \langle full1 \ simplify \ (fst \ \psi) \ N \rangle unfolding full1-def by blast
       ultimately have ?thesis using that by force
     ultimately show ?thesis by auto
   qed
 have p: partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi_0)
 and uns: unsatisfiable (fst \psi_0)
 and f: finite (fst \psi_0)
 and a-u-v: already-used-inv \psi_0
      using \psi_0 bigger.prems(1) rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree apply blast
     using \psi_0 bigger.prems(2) rtranclp-resolution-preserves-unsat apply blast
    using \psi_0 bigger.prems(3) rtranclp-resolution-finite apply blast
   using rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv[OF \psi_0 bigger.prems(4)] by blast
 obtain tree' \psi' where
   inf: resolution** \psi_0 \psi' and
   part': partial-interps tree' {} (fst \ \psi') and
   decrease: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0
   using can-decrease-tree-size-resolution [OF f a-u-v p simp] unfolding tautology-def
   by meson
 have s: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree using decrease unfolding tree by auto
 have fin: finite (fst \psi')
   using f inf rtranclp-resolution-finite by blast
 have unsat: unsatisfiable (fst \psi')
   using rtranclp-resolution-preserves-unsat inf uns by metis
 have a-u-i': already-used-inv \psi'
   using a-u-v inf rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv[of \psi_0 \psi'] by auto
 have ?case
   using inf rtranclp-trans[of resolution] H(1)[OF \ s \ part' \ unsat \ fin \ a-u-i'] \ \psi_0 by blast
}
```

```
ultimately show ?case by (cases tree, auto)
  qed
qed
lemma resolution-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
  apply (rule full1-simplify-already-used-inv; simp)
 apply (rule full-simplify-already-used-inv, simp)
 \mathbf{apply}\ (\mathit{rule\ inference-preserves-already-used-inv},\ \mathit{simp})
 apply blast
 done
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv\text{:}
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
 using resolution-preserves-already-used-inv by fast
lemma resolution-completeness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \ \psi)
 and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 and snd \psi = \{\}
 shows \exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
 have already-used-inv \psi unfolding assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using assms resolution-completeness-inv by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-preserves-sat:
 assumes simplify^{**} S S'
 and satisfiable S
 shows satisfiable S'
 using assms apply induction
  apply simp
 by (meson satisfiable-carac satisfiable-def simplify-preserves-un-sat-eq)
lemma resolution-preserves-sat:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and satisfiable (fst S)
 shows satisfiable (fst S')
 using assms apply (induction rule: resolution.induct)
  using rtranclp-preserves-sat tranclp-into-rtranclp unfolding full1-def apply fastforce
 by (metis fst-conv full-def inference-preserves-un-sat rtranclp-preserves-sat
   satisfiable-carac' satisfiable-def)
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserves\text{-}sat:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and satisfiable (fst S)
```

```
shows satisfiable (fst S')
  using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
  using resolution-preserves-sat by blast
lemma resolution-soundness:
  fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
  assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and \{\#\} \in fst \psi'
 shows unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
  using assms by (meson rtranclp-resolution-preserves-sat satisfiable-def true-cls-empty
   true-clss-def)
{\bf lemma}\ resolution\hbox{-}soundness\hbox{-}and\hbox{-}completeness\hbox{:}
fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
assumes finite: finite (fst \psi)
and snd: snd \psi = \{\}
shows (\exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms resolution-completeness resolution-soundness by metis
lemma simplified-falsity:
  assumes simp: simplified \psi
 and \{\#\} \in \psi
 shows \psi = \{\{\#\}\}\
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume H: \neg ?thesis
  then obtain \chi where \chi \in \psi and \chi \neq \{\#\} using assms(2) by blast
  then have \{\#\} \subset \# \chi by (simp add: mset-less-empty-nonempty)
  then have simplify \psi (\psi - \{\chi\})
   using simplify.subsumption[OF\ assms(2)\ \langle \{\#\} \subset \#\ \chi\rangle\ \langle \chi \in \psi\rangle] by blast
  then show False using simp by blast
qed
lemma simplify-falsity-in-preserved:
  assumes simplify \chi s \chi s'
 and \{\#\} \in \chi s
 shows \{\#\} \in \chi s'
  using assms
 by induction auto
lemma rtranclp-simplify-falsity-in-preserved:
  assumes simplify^{**} \chi s \chi s'
 and \{\#\} \in \chi s
 shows \{\#\} \in \chi s'
  using assms
  by induction (auto intro: simplify-falsity-in-preserved)
lemma resolution-falsity-get-falsity-alone:
 assumes finite (fst \psi)
 shows (\exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow (\exists a\text{-}u\text{-}v. resolution^{**} \psi (\{\{\#\}\}, a\text{-}u\text{-}v))
   (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 assume ?B
  then show ?A by auto
next
 assume ?A
```

```
then obtain \chi s a-u-v where \chi s: resolution** \psi (\chi s, a-u-v) and F: {#} \in \chi s by auto
  { assume simplified \chi s
   then have ?B using simplified-falsity[OF - F] \chi s by blast
  moreover {
   assume \neg simplified \chi s
   then obtain \chi s' where full 1 simplify \chi s \chi s'
       by (metis \chi s assms finite-simplified-full1-simp fst-conv rtranclp-resolution-finite)
   then have \{\#\} \in \chi s'
     unfolding full1-def by (meson F rtranclp-simplify-falsity-in-preserved
       tranclp-into-rtranclp)
   then have ?B
     by (metis \chi s \langle full1 \ simplify \ \chi s \ \chi s' \rangle fst-conv full1-simp resolution-always-simplified
        rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl simplified-falsity)
 ultimately show ?B by blast
qed
lemma resolution-soundness-and-completeness':
  fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
   finite: finite (fst \psi)and
   snd: snd \ \psi = \{\}
  \mathbf{shows}\ (\exists\ a\textit{-}u\textit{-}v.\ (\mathit{resolution}^{**}\ \psi\ (\{\{\#\}\},\ a\textit{-}u\textit{-}v))) \longleftrightarrow \mathit{unsatisfiable}\ (\mathit{fst}\ \psi)
   using assms resolution-completeness resolution-soundness resolution-falsity-qet-falsity-alone
   by metis
end
theory Prop-Superposition
imports Partial-Clausal-Logic ../lib/Herbrand-Interpretation
begin
4.2
          Superposition
no-notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls (infix \models 50)
notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls (infix \models h 50)
no-notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-clss (infix \models s \ 50)
notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-clss (infix \models hs 50)
lemma herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls:
  S \models h \ C \longleftrightarrow \{Pos \ P | P. \ P \in S\} \cup \{Neg \ P | P. \ P \notin S\} \models C
 {\bf unfolding} \ \textit{Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls-def Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-cls-def}
 by auto
lemma herbrand-consistent-interp:
  consistent-interp (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\})
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma herbrand-total-over-set:
  total\text{-}over\text{-}set\ (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\})\ T
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ herbrand\text{-}total\text{-}over\text{-}m:
  total-over-m (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\}) T
```

```
unfolding total-over-m-def by (auto simp add: herbrand-total-over-set)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-clss}\colon
     S \models hs \ C \longleftrightarrow \{Pos \ P|P. \ P \in S\} \cup \{Neg \ P|P. \ P \notin S\} \models s \ C
    unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls
     Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-clss-def by auto
definition clss-lt :: 'a::wellorder clauses \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses where
clss-lt N C = \{D \in N. D \# \subset \# C\}
notation (latex output)
  clss-lt (-<^bsup>-<^esup>)
locale selection =
    fixes S :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ clause
    assumes
         S-selects-subseteq: \bigwedge C. S C \leq \# C and
         S-selects-neg-lits: \bigwedge C L. L \in \# S C \Longrightarrow is-neg L
{\bf locale}\ ground\text{-}resolution\text{-}with\text{-}selection =
     selection S for S :: ('a :: wellorder) clause \Rightarrow 'a clause
begin
context
    fixes N :: 'a \ clause \ set
begin
We do not create an equivalent of \delta, but we directly defined N_C by inlining the definition.
function
    production :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ interp
where
    production C =
      \{A.\ C\in N\ \land\ C\neq \{\#\}\ \land\ Max\ (set\text{-mset}\ C)=Pos\ A\ \land\ count\ C\ (Pos\ A)\leq 1
           \land \neg (\bigcup D \in \{D. \ D \# \subset \# \ C\}. \ production \ D) \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}\}
termination by (relation \{(D, C), D \# \subset \# C\}) (auto simp: wf-less-multiset)
declare production.simps[simp del]
definition interp :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ interp \ \mathbf{where}
     interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D. \ D \# \subset \# \ C\}. \ production \ D)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{production}\text{-}\mathit{unfold}\text{:}
     production C = \{A. \ C \in N \land C \neq \{\#\} \land Max \ (set\text{-mset} \ C) = Pos \ A \land \ count \ C \ (Pos \ A) \leq 1 \land \neg
interp C \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}\}
    unfolding interp-def by (rule production.simps)
abbreviation productive A \equiv (production \ A \neq \{\})
abbreviation produces :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
    produces\ C\ A \equiv production\ C = \{A\}
lemma producesD:
     produces\ C\ A \Longrightarrow C \in N \land C \neq \{\#\} \land Pos\ A = Max\ (set\text{-}mset\ C) \land count\ C\ (Pos\ A) \leq 1 \land (
         \neg interp \ C \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}
     unfolding production-unfold by auto
```

```
lemma produces C A \Longrightarrow Pos A \in \# C
 by (simp add: Max-in-lits producesD)
lemma interp'-def-in-set:
  interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D \in N. D \# \subset \# C\}), production D
  unfolding interp-def apply auto
  unfolding production-unfold apply auto
  done
lemma production-iff-produces:
  produces\ D\ A\longleftrightarrow A\in production\ D
  unfolding production-unfold by auto
definition Interp :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a interp where
  Interp C = interp \ C \cup production \ C
lemma
  assumes produces CP
 shows Interp C \models h C
  unfolding Interp-def assms using producesD[OF assms]
  by (metis Max-in-lits Un-insert-right insertI1 pos-literal-in-imp-true-cls)
definition INTERP :: 'a interp where
INTERP = (\bigcup D \in \mathbb{N}. \ production \ D)
lemma interp-subseteq-Interp[simp]: interp C \subseteq Interp \ C
  unfolding Interp-def by simp
lemma Interp-as-UNION: Interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D. D \# \subseteq \# C\}. production D)
  unfolding Interp-def interp-def le-multiset-def by fast
lemma productive-not-empty: productive C \Longrightarrow C \neq \{\#\}
  unfolding production-unfold by auto
lemma productive-imp-produces-Max-literal: productive C \Longrightarrow produces C (atm-of (Max (set-mset C)))
  unfolding production-unfold by (auto simp del: atm-of-Max-lit)
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{productive-imp-produces-Max-atom: productive} \ C \Longrightarrow \textit{produces} \ C \ (\textit{Max} \ (\textit{atms-of} \ C))
  unfolding atms-of-def Max-atm-of-set-mset-commute[OF productive-not-empty]
  by (rule productive-imp-produces-Max-literal)
lemma produces-imp-Max-literal: produces C A \Longrightarrow A = atm-of (Max (set-mset C))
  by (metis Max-singleton insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-literal)
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{produces-imp-Max-atom: produces} \ \textit{C} \ \textit{A} \Longrightarrow \textit{A} = \textit{Max} \ (\textit{atms-of} \ \textit{C})
  by (metis Max-singleton insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-atom)
lemma produces-imp-Pos-in-lits: produces C A \Longrightarrow Pos A \in \# C
  by (auto intro: Max-in-lits dest!: producesD)
lemma productive-in-N: productive C \Longrightarrow C \in N
  unfolding production-unfold by auto
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{produces-imp-atms-leq: produces} \ \textit{C} \ \textit{A} \Longrightarrow \textit{B} \in \textit{atms-of} \ \textit{C} \Longrightarrow \textit{B} \leq \textit{A}
```

```
lemma produces-imp-neg-notin-lits: produces C A \Longrightarrow Neg A \notin \# C
 by (rule pos-Max-imp-neg-notin) (auto dest: producesD)
lemma less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow interp \ C \subseteq interp \ D
  unfolding interp-def by auto (metis multiset-order.order.strict-trans2)
lemma less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies interp C \subseteq Interp D
 unfolding Interp-def using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp by blast
lemma less-imp-production-subseteq-interp: C \# \subset \# D \Longrightarrow production C \subseteq interp D
 unfolding interp-def by fast
lemma less-eq-imp-production-subseteq-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow production C \subseteq Interp D
  unfolding Interp-def using less-imp-production-subseteq-interp
 by (metis multiset-order.le-imp-less-or-eq le-supI1 sup-qe2)
lemma less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp: C \# \subset \# D \Longrightarrow Interp C \subseteq interp D
  unfolding Interp-def
 by (auto simp: less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp less-imp-production-subseteq-interp)
lemma less-eq-imp-Interp-subseteq-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow Interp C \subseteq Interp D
  using less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp
  unfolding Interp-def by (metis multiset-order.le-imp-less-or-eq le-supI2 subset-reft sup-commute)
lemma false-Interp-to-true-interp-imp-less-multiset: A \notin Interp\ C \Longrightarrow A \in interp\ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \#
  using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma false-interp-to-true-interp-imp-less-multiset: A \notin interp \ C \Longrightarrow A \in interp \ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \# \ D
 using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma false-Interp-to-true-Interp-imp-less-multiset: A \notin Interp\ C \Longrightarrow A \in Interp\ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \#
  using less-eq-imp-Interp-subseteq-Interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma false-interp-to-true-Interp-imp-le-multiset: A \notin interp \ C \Longrightarrow A \in Interp \ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \# \ D
  using less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma interp-subseteq-INTERP: interp C \subseteq INTERP
  unfolding interp-def INTERP-def by (auto simp: production-unfold)
lemma production-subseteq-INTERP: production C \subseteq INTERP
  unfolding INTERP-def using production-unfold by blast
lemma Interp-subseteq-INTERP: Interp\ C\subseteq INTERP
 unfolding Interp-def by (auto intro!: interp-subseteq-INTERP production-subseteq-INTERP)
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 67 of Weidenbach's book.
lemma produces-imp-in-interp:
 assumes a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and d: produces D A
 shows A \in interp \ C
proof -
  from d have Max (set-mset D) = Pos A
   using production-unfold by blast
  then have D \# \subset \# \{ \#Neg \ A\# \}
```

by (metis Max-ge finite-atms-of insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-atom

singleton-inject)

```
by (auto intro: Max-pos-neg-less-multiset)
  moreover have \{\#Neg\ A\#\}\ \#\subseteq\#\ C
   by (rule less-eq-imp-le-multiset) (rule mset-le-single[OF a-in-c])
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using d by (blast dest: less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp less-imp-production-subseteq-interp)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{neg-notin-Interp-not-produce}\colon \textit{Neg}\ \textit{A}\in \#\ \textit{C} \Longrightarrow \textit{A}\notin \textit{Interp}\ \textit{D}\Longrightarrow \textit{C}\ \#\subseteq \#\ \textit{D}\Longrightarrow \neg\ \textit{produces}
 by (auto dest: produces-imp-in-interp less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp)
lemma in-production-imp-produces: A \in production \ C \Longrightarrow produces \ C \ A
  by (metis insert-absorb productive-imp-produces-Max-atom singleton-insert-inj-eq')
lemma not-produces-imp-notin-production: \neg produces C A \Longrightarrow A \notin production C
  by (metis in-production-imp-produces)
lemma not-produces-imp-notin-interp: (\bigwedge D. \neg produces D A) \Longrightarrow A \notin interp C
  unfolding interp-def by (fast intro!: in-production-imp-produces)
The results below corresponds to Lemma 3.4.
Nitpicking: If D = D' and D is productive, I^D \subseteq I_{D'} does not hold.
lemma true-Interp-imp-general:
  assumes
    c\text{-}le\text{-}d: C \# \subseteq \# D and
   d-lt-d': D \# \subset \# D' and
   c-at-d: Interp D \models h \ C and
   subs: interp D' \subseteq (\bigcup C \in \mathit{CC}.\ \mathit{production}\ C)
  shows (\bigcup C \in CC. production C) \models h C
proof (cases \exists A. Pos A \in \# C \land A \in Interp D)
  case True
  then obtain A where a-in-c: Pos A \in \# C and a-at-d: A \in Interp D
   by blast
  from a-at-d have A \in interp D'
   using d-lt-d' less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp by blast
  then show ?thesis
   using subs a-in-c by (blast dest: contra-subsetD)
next
  case False
  then obtain A where a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and A \notin Interp D
   using c-at-d unfolding true-cls-def by blast
  then have \bigwedge D''. \neg produces D'' A
   using c-le-d neg-notin-Interp-not-produce by simp
  then show ?thesis
   using a-in-c subs not-produces-imp-notin-production by auto
qed
lemma true-Interp-imp-interp: C \not = \not = D \implies D \not = D' \implies Interp D \models h C \implies interp D' \models h C
  using interp-def true-Interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-Interp-imp-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies D \# \subset \# D' \implies Interp D \models h C \implies Interp D' \models h C
  using Interp-as-UNION interp-subseteq-Interp true-Interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-Interp-imp-INTERP: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow Interp D \models h C \Longrightarrow INTERP \models h C
```

using INTERP-def interp-subseteq-INTERP

```
true-Interp-imp-general[OF - less-multiset-right-total]
 by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-general:
 assumes
   c\text{-}le\text{-}d: C \# \subseteq \# D and
   d-lt-d': D \# \subset \# D' and
   c-at-d: interp D \models h C and
   subs: interp D' \subseteq (\bigcup C \in \mathit{CC}.\ \mathit{production}\ C)
 shows (\bigcup C \in CC. production C) \models h C
proof (cases \exists A. Pos A \in \# C \land A \in interp D)
 case True
 then obtain A where a-in-c: Pos A \in \# C and a-at-d: A \in interp D
   by blast
 from a-at-d have A \in interp D'
   using d-lt-d' less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp[OF multiset-order.less-imp-le] by blast
  then show ?thesis
   using subs a-in-c by (blast dest: contra-subsetD)
next
  case False
 then obtain A where a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and A \notin interp D
   using c-at-d unfolding true-cls-def by blast
  then have \bigwedge D''. \neg produces D'' A
   using c-le-d by (auto dest: produces-imp-in-interp less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp)
  then show ?thesis
   using a-in-c subs not-produces-imp-notin-production by auto
qed
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 67 of Weidenbach's book. Here the strict maxi-
mality is important
lemma true-interp-imp-interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies D \# \subset \# D' \implies interp D \models h C \implies interp D' \models h C
 using interp-def true-interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-Interp: C \not = \not = D \implies D \not = D' \implies interp D \not = D \cap C \implies Interp D' \not = D \cap C
  using Interp-as-UNION interp-subseteq-Interp[of D'] true-interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-INTERP: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow interp D \models h C \Longrightarrow INTERP \models h C
 using INTERP-def interp-subseteq-INTERP
   true-interp-imp-general[OF - less-multiset-right-total]
 by simp
lemma productive-imp-false-interp: productive C \Longrightarrow \neg interp C \models h \ C
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 67 of Weidenbach's book. Here the strict maxi-
mality is important
\mathbf{lemma}\ cls-gt-double-pos-no-production:
 assumes D: \{\#Pos\ P,\ Pos\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ C
 shows \neg produces \ C \ P
proof -
 let ?D = \{ \#Pos \ P, \ Pos \ P\# \}
 note D' = D[unfolded\ less-multiset_{HO}]
 consider
   (P) \ count \ C \ (Pos \ P) \ge 2
 \mid (Q) \ Q \text{ where } Q > Pos \ P \text{ and } Q \in \# \ C
```

```
using HOL.spec[OF HOL.conjunct2[OF D'], of Pos P] by (auto split: if-split-asm)
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case Q
     have Q \in set\text{-}mset\ C
      using Q(2) by (auto split: if-split-asm)
     then have Max (set\text{-}mset C) > Pos P
      using Q(1) Max-gr-iff by blast
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   next
     case P
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 67 of Weidenbach's book.
lemma
 assumes D: C+\{\#Neg\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ D
 shows production D \neq \{P\}
proof -
 note D' = D[unfolded\ less-multiset_{HO}]
 consider
   (P) Neg P \in \# D
 | (Q) Q  where Q > Neg P  and count D Q > count (C + {\#Neg P\#}) Q
   using HOL.spec[OF\ HOL.conjunct2[OF\ D'],\ of\ Neg\ P]\ count-greater-zero-iff\ by\ fastforce
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case Q
     have Q \in set\text{-}mset\ D
      using Q(2) gr-implies-not0 by fastforce
     then have Max (set\text{-}mset D) > Neg P
      using Q(1) Max-gr-iff by blast
     then have Max (set\text{-}mset D) > Pos P
      using less-trans[of Pos P Neg P Max (set-mset D)] by auto
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   next
     case P
     then have Max (set\text{-}mset D) > Pos P
      by (meson Max-ge finite-set-mset le-less-trans linorder-not-le pos-less-neg)
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}interp\text{-}is\text{-}produced:
 assumes P \in INTERP
 shows \exists D. D + \{\#Pos P\#\} \in N \land produces (D + \{\#Pos P\#\}) P
 using assms unfolding INTERP-def UN-iff production-iff-produces Ball-def
  \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis ground-resolution-with-selection.produces-imp-Pos-in-lits insert-DiffM2} \\
   ground-resolution-with-selection-axioms not-produces-imp-notin-production)
```

end

abbreviation $MMax\ M \equiv Max\ (set\text{-}mset\ M)$

4.2.1 We can now define the rules of the calculus

```
inductive superposition-rules :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where
factoring: superposition-rules (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) \mid B\ (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) \mid
superposition-l: superposition-rules (C_1 + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) (C_2 + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) (C_1 + C_2)
inductive superposition :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
superposition: A \in N \Longrightarrow B \in N \Longrightarrow superposition-rules A \ B \ C
  \implies superposition N (N \cup \{C\})
definition abstract-red :: 'a::wellorder clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
abstract-red C N = (clss-lt \ N \ C \models p \ C)
lemma less-multiset[iff]: M < N \longleftrightarrow M \# \subset \# N
  unfolding less-multiset-def by auto
lemma less-eq-multiset[iff]: M \leq N \longleftrightarrow M \# \subseteq \# N
  unfolding less-eq-multiset-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{herbrand-true-clss-true-clss-cls-herbrand-true-clss}:
  assumes
    AB: A \models hs B  and
    BC: B \models p C
 shows A \models h C
proof -
 let ?I = \{Pos \ P \mid P. \ P \in A\} \cup \{Neg \ P \mid P. \ P \notin A\}
 have B: ?I \models s B \text{ using } AB
   by (auto simp add: herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-clss)
 have IH: \Lambda I. total-over-set I (atms-of C) \Longrightarrow total-over-m IB \Longrightarrow consistent-interp I
   \implies I \models s B \implies I \models C \text{ using } BC
   by (auto simp add: true-clss-cls-def)
  show ?thesis
   unfolding herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls
   by (auto intro: IH[of ?I] simp add: herbrand-total-over-set herbrand-total-over-m
     herbrand-consistent-interp B)
qed
lemma abstract-red-subset-mset-abstract-red:
 assumes
   abstr: abstract-red C N and
   c-lt-d: C \subseteq \# D
 {f shows} abstract-red D N
  have \{D \in N. \ D \# \subset \# \ C\} \subseteq \{D' \in N. \ D' \# \subset \# \ D\}
   using c-lt-d less-eq-imp-le-multiset by fastforce
  then show ?thesis
   using abstr unfolding abstract-red-def clss-lt-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) c-lt-d subset-mset.diff-add true-clss-cls-mono-r'
     true-clss-cls-subset)
qed
```

```
lemma true-clss-cls-extended:
    assumes
         A \models p B  and
        tot: total-over-m I A and
        cons: consistent-interp I and
        I-A: I \models s A
    shows I \models B
proof -
    let ?I = I \cup \{Pos\ P | P.\ P \in atms-of\ B \land P \notin atms-of-s\ I\}
    have consistent-interp ?I
        using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def atms-of-s-def atms-of-def
            apply (auto 1 5 simp add: image-iff)
        by (metis\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}uminus\ literal.sel(1))
    moreover have total-over-m ?I (A \cup \{B\})
        proof -
             obtain aa :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ \mathbf{where}
                 f2: \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\exists v2. \ v2 \in x0 \ \land \ Pos \ v2 \notin x1 \ \land \ Neq \ v2 \notin x1)
                        \longleftrightarrow (\mathit{aa}\ \mathit{x0}\ \mathit{x1}\ \in \mathit{x0}\ \land\ \mathit{Pos}\ (\mathit{aa}\ \mathit{x0}\ \mathit{x1}) \notin \mathit{x1}\ \land\ \mathit{Neg}\ (\mathit{aa}\ \mathit{x0}\ \mathit{x1}) \notin \mathit{x1})
                 by moura
             have \forall a. a \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \lor Pos \ a \in I \lor Neg \ a \in I
                 using tot by (simp add: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def)
             then have as (atms-of-ms\ A\cup atms-of-ms\ \{B\}) (I\cup \{Pos\ a\ | a.\ a\in atms-of\ B\land\ a\notin atms-of-s
I
                 \notin atms-of-ms A \cup atms-of-ms \{B\} \vee Pos \ (aa \ (atms-of-ms A \cup atms-of-ms \{B\})
                      (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})) \in I
                         \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
                      \vee Neg (aa (atms-of-ms A \cup atms-of-ms \{B\})
                          (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})) \in I
                         \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
                 by auto
             then have total-over-set (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})
                 (atms-of-ms\ A\cup atms-of-ms\ \{B\})
                 using f2 by (meson total-over-set-def)
             then show ?thesis
                 by (simp add: total-over-m-def)
    moreover have ?I \models s A
        using I-A by auto
     ultimately have ?I \models B
        using \langle A \models pB \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
    then show ?thesis
oops
lemma
    assumes
         CP: \neg clss-lt\ N\ (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \models p\ \{\#C\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\} \text{ and }
           clss-lt\ N\ (\{\#C\#\}\ +\ \{\#E\#\})\ \models p\ \{\#E\#\}\ +\ \{\#Pos\ P\#\}\ \lor\ clss-lt\ N\ (\{\#C\#\}\ +\ \{\#E\#\})\ \models p\ \{\#E\#\}\ +\ \{\#E\#\})\ \models p\ \{\#E\#\}\ +\ \{\#E\#
\{\#C\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
    shows clss-lt N (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \models p \{\#E\#\} + \{\#Pos P\#\}
oops
locale ground-ordered-resolution-with-redundancy =
     ground-resolution-with-selection +
    fixes redundant :: 'a::wellorder clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool
    assumes
```

```
redundant-iff-abstract: redundant \ A \ N \longleftrightarrow abstract-red A \ N
begin
definition saturated :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
saturated N \longleftrightarrow (\forall A \ B \ C. \ A \in N \longrightarrow B \in N \longrightarrow \neg redundant \ A \ N \longrightarrow \neg redundant \ B \ N
  \longrightarrow superposition-rules A \ B \ C \longrightarrow redundant \ C \ N \lor C \in N
lemma
 assumes
   saturated: saturated N and
   finite: finite N and
   empty: \{\#\} \notin N
 shows INTERP\ N \models hs\ N
proof (rule ccontr)
  let ?N_{\mathcal{I}} = INTERP N
  assume ¬ ?thesis
  then have not-empty: \{E \in \mathbb{N}. \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E\} \neq \{\}
   unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def by auto
  \mathbf{def}\ D \equiv Min\ \{E \in \mathbb{N}.\ \neg?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h\ E\}
  have [simp]: D \in N
   unfolding D-def
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Min-in not-empty finite mem-Collect-eq rev-finite-subset subset I)
  have not-d-interp: \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h D
   unfolding D-def
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Min-in finite mem-Collect-eq not-empty rev-finite-subset subset I)
  have cls-not-D: \bigwedge E. E \in N \Longrightarrow E \neq D \Longrightarrow \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E \Longrightarrow D \leq E
   using finite D-def by (auto simp del: less-eq-multiset)
  obtain CL where D: D = C + \{\#L\#\} and LSD: L \in \#SD \lor (SD = \{\#\} \land Max (set\text{-mset } D)
= L
   proof (cases\ S\ D = \{\#\})
      case False
      then obtain L where L \in \#SD
       using Max-in-lits by blast
      moreover
       then have L \in \# D
         using S-selects-subseteq[of D] by auto
       then have D = (D - \{\#L\#\}) + \{\#L\#\}
      ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
   next
      let ?L = MMax D
      case True
      moreover
       have ?L \in \# D
         by (metis (no-types, lifting) Max-in-lits \langle D \in N \rangle empty)
       then have D = (D - \{\#?L\#\}) + \{\#?L\#\}
      ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
   qed
  have red: \neg redundant D N
   proof (rule ccontr)
      assume red[simplified]: \sim redundant D N
      have \forall E < D. E \in N \longrightarrow ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E
       using cls-not-D not-le by fastforce
      then have ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models hs \ clss\text{-}lt \ N \ D
       unfolding clss-lt-def true-clss-def Ball-def by blast
      then show False
```

```
using red not-d-interp unfolding abstract-red-def redundant-iff-abstract
    using herbrand-true-clss-true-clss-cls-herbrand-true-clss by fast
 qed
consider
 (L) P where L = Pos P and SD = \{\#\} and Max (set\text{-}mset D) = Pos P
| (Lneg) P  where L = Neg P
 using LSD S-selects-neg-lits[of L D] by (cases L) auto
then show False
 proof cases
   case L note P = this(1) and S = this(2) and max = this(3)
   have count D L > 1
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume <sup>∼</sup> ?thesis
      then have count: count D L = 1
        unfolding D by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
      have \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h D
        using not-d-interp true-interp-imp-INTERP ground-resolution-with-selection-axioms
         by blast
      then have produces N D P
        using not-empty empty finite \langle D \in N \rangle count L
          true-interp-imp-INTERP unfolding production-iff-produces unfolding production-unfold
        by (auto simp add: max not-empty)
      then have INTERP N \models h D
        unfolding D
        by (metis pos-literal-in-imp-true-cls produces-imp-Pos-in-lits
         production-subseteq-INTERP singletonI subsetCE)
      then show False
        using not-d-interp by blast
    qed
   then have Pos P \in \# C
    by (simp \ add: P \ D)
   then obtain C' where C':D = C' + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}
    unfolding D by (metis (full-types) P insert-DiffM2)
   have sup: superposition-rules D D (D - \{\#L\#\})
    unfolding C' L by (auto simp add: superposition-rules.simps)
   have C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \ \# \subset \# \ C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} 
    by auto
   moreover have \neg?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h (D - \{\#L\#\})
    using not-d-interp unfolding C'L by auto
   ultimately have C' + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \notin N
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) C' P add-diff-cancel-right' cls-not-D less-multiset
      multi-self-add-other-not-self not-le)
   have D - \{\#L\#\} \# \subset \# D
    unfolding C' L by auto
   have c'-p-p: C' + {\#Pos\ P\#} + {\#Pos\ P\#} - {\#Pos\ P\#} = C' + {\#Pos\ P\#}
    by auto
   have redundant (C' + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ N
    using saturated red sup \langle D \in N \rangle \langle C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \notin N \rangle unfolding saturated-def C' L c'-p-p
   moreover have C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \subseteq \# C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \}
    by auto
   ultimately show False
    using red unfolding C' redundant-iff-abstract by (blast dest:
      abstract-red-subset-mset-abstract-red)
 next
```

```
case Lneg note L = this(1)
have P \in ?N_{\mathcal{I}}
 using not-d-interp unfolding D true-cls-def L by (auto split: if-split-asm)
then obtain E where
 DPN: E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \in N and
 prod: production N(E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) = \{P\}
 using in-interp-is-produced by blast
have sup-EC: superposition-rules (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ (C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\})\ (E + C)
 using superposition-l by fast
then have superposition N (N \cup \{E+C\})
 using DPN \langle D \in N \rangle unfolding D L by (auto simp add: superposition.simps)
have
 PMax: Pos P = MMax (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) and
 count (E + {\#Pos P\#}) (Pos P) \le 1 and
 S(E + {\#Pos P\#}) = {\#} and
  \neg interp\ N\ (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) \models h\ E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}
 using prod unfolding production-unfold by auto
have Neq P \notin \# E
 using prod produces-imp-neg-notin-lits by force
then have \bigwedge y. y \in \# (E + \{ \#Pos P \# \})
 \implies count (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (Neg P) < count (C + \{\#Neg P\#\}) (Neg P)
 using count-greater-zero-iff by fastforce
moreover have \bigwedge y. y \in \# (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) \Longrightarrow y < Neg P
 using PMax by (metis DPN Max-less-iff empty finite-set-mset pos-less-neg
   set-mset-eq-empty-iff)
moreover have E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \neq C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
 using prod produces-imp-neg-notin-lits by force
ultimately have E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
 unfolding less-multiset<sub>HO</sub> by (metis count-greater-zero-iff less-iff-Suc-add zero-less-Suc)
have ce-lt-d: C + E #\subset# D
unfolding D L by (simp \ add: \langle \bigwedge y. \ y \in \#E + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} \Longrightarrow y < Neg \ P \rangle \ ex-gt-imp-less-multiset)
have ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E + \{\#Pos P\#\}
 using \langle P \in ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \rangle by blast
have ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h \ C+E \lor C+E \notin N
 using ce-lt-d cls-not-D unfolding D-def by fastforce
have Pos P \notin \# C+E
 using D \triangleleft P \in qround-resolution-with-selection.INTERP S \mid N \rangle
   (count (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (Pos P) \leq 1) multi-member-skip not-d-interp
   by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
then have \bigwedge y. y \in \# C + E
  \implies count (C+E) (Pos P) < count (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (Pos P)
 using set-mset-def by fastforce
have \neg redundant (C + E) N
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume red'[simplified]: ¬ ?thesis
   have abs: clss-lt N(C + E) \models p C + E
     using redundant-iff-abstract red' unfolding abstract-red-def by auto
   have clss-lt N(C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\} \lor clss-lt N(C + E) \models p C + \{\#Neg P\#\}
     proof clarify
       assume CP: \neg clss-lt\ N\ (C+E) \models p\ C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
       \{ \text{ fix } I \}
        assume
           total-over-m I (clss-lt N (C + E) \cup {E + {#Pos P#}}) and
           consistent-interp I and
          I \models s \ clss\text{-}lt \ N \ (C + E)
```

```
then have I \models C + E
                 using abs sorry
               moreover have \neg I \models C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
                 using CP unfolding true-clss-cls-def
               ultimately have I \models E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} by auto
            then show clss-lt N(C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\}
             unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
        moreover have clss-lt N (C + E) \subseteq clss-lt N (C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\})
          using ce-lt-d mult-less-trans unfolding clss-lt-def D L by force
        ultimately have redundant (C + \{\#Neg P\#\}) N \vee clss\text{-}lt N (C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\}
          unfolding redundant-iff-abstract abstract-red-def using true-clss-cls-subset by blast
        show False sorry
      qed
     moreover have \neg redundant (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) N
      sorry
     ultimately have CEN: C + E \in N
      using \langle D \in N \rangle \langle E + \{ \#Pos \ P \# \} \in N \rangle saturated sup-EC red unfolding saturated-def D L
      by (metis union-commute)
     have CED: C + E \neq D
      using D ce-lt-d by auto
     have interp: \neg INTERP N \models h C + E
     sorry
        using cls-not-D[OF CEN CED interp] ce-lt-d unfolding INTERP-def less-eq-multiset-def by
auto
 qed
qed
end
lemma tautology-is-redundant:
 assumes tautology C
 shows abstract-red C N
 using assms unfolding abstract-red-def true-clss-cls-def tautology-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{subsumed-is-redundant}\colon
 assumes AB: A \subset \# B
 and AN: A \in N
 shows abstract\text{-}red\ B\ N
proof -
 have A \in clss-lt \ N \ B \ using \ AN \ AB \ unfolding \ clss-lt-def
   by (auto dest: less-eq-imp-le-multiset simp add: multiset-order.dual-order.order-iff-strict)
 then show ?thesis
   using AB unfolding abstract-red-def true-clss-cls-def Partial-Clausal-Loqic.true-clss-def
   by blast
qed
inductive redundant :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
subsumption: A \in N \Longrightarrow A \subset \# B \Longrightarrow redundant B N
lemma redundant-is-redundancy-criterion:
 fixes A :: 'a :: wellorder clause and N :: 'a :: wellorder clauses
 assumes redundant A N
```

```
shows abstract-red A N
 using assms
proof (induction rule: redundant.induct)
 case (subsumption A B N)
 then show ?case
   using subsumed-is-redundant [of A N B] unfolding abstract-red-def clss-lt-def by auto
qed
lemma redundant-mono:
 redundant \ A \ N \Longrightarrow A \subseteq \# \ B \Longrightarrow \ redundant \ B \ N
 apply (induction rule: redundant.induct)
 by (meson subset-mset.less-le-trans subsumption)
locale truc =
   selection S  for S :: nat clause <math>\Rightarrow nat clause
begin
end
end
```

4.3 Partial Clausal Logic

We here define decided literals (that will be used in both DPLL and CDCL) and the entailment corresponding to it.

```
theory Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic imports Partial-Clausal-Logic
```

begin

4.3.1 Decided Literals

Definition

```
datatype ('v, 'mark) ann-lit =
  is-decided: Decided (lit-of: 'v literal)
  is-proped: Propagated (lit-of: 'v literal) (mark-of: 'mark)
lemma ann-lit-list-induct[case-names Nil Decided Propagated]:
 assumes P \mid  and
  \bigwedge L \ xs. \ P \ xs \Longrightarrow P \ (Decided \ L \ \# \ xs) \ {\bf and}
  \bigwedge L \ m \ xs. \ P \ xs \Longrightarrow P \ (Propagated \ L \ m \ \# \ xs)
 shows P xs
 using assms apply (induction xs, simp)
  by (rename-tac a xs, case-tac a) auto
lemma is-decided-ex-Decided:
  is-decided L \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge K. \ L = Decided \ K \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow P
 by (cases L) auto
type-synonym ('v, 'm) ann-lits = ('v, 'm) ann-lit list
definition lits-of :: ('a, 'b) ann-lit set \Rightarrow 'a literal set where
lits-of Ls = lit-of ' Ls
```

```
abbreviation lits-of-l :: ('a, 'b) ann-lits \Rightarrow 'a literal set where
lits-of-l Ls \equiv lits-of (set Ls)
lemma lits-of-l-empty[simp]:
 lits-of \{\} = \{\}
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-insert[simp]:
  lits-of (insert\ L\ Ls) = insert\ (lit-of L)\ (lits-of Ls)
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-l-Un[simp]:
  lits-of (l \cup l') = lits-of l \cup lits-of l'
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma finite-lits-of-def[simp]:
 finite (lits-of-l L)
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
abbreviation unmark where
unmark \equiv (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\})
abbreviation unmark-s where
unmark-s \ M \equiv unmark \ `M
abbreviation unmark-l where
unmark-l\ M \equiv unmark-s\ (set\ M)
lemma atms-of-ms-lambda-lit-of-is-atm-of-lit-of [simp]:
  atms-of-ms (unmark-lM') = atm-of ' lits-of-lM'
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-l-empty-is-empty[iff]:
 lits-of-lM = \{\} \longleftrightarrow M = []
 by (induct \ M) (auto \ simp: \ lits-of-def)
Entailment
definition true-annot :: ('a, 'm) ann-lits \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models a 49) where
 I \models a C \longleftrightarrow (lits - of - l I) \models C
definition true-annots :: ('a, 'm) ann-lits \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models as 49) where
 I \models as \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in CC. \ I \models a \ C)
lemma true-annot-empty-model[simp]:
 unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by simp
lemma true-annot-empty[simp]:
  \neg I \models a \{\#\}
 unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by simp
lemma empty-true-annots-def[iff]:
  [] \models as \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \psi = \{\}
 unfolding true-annots-def by auto
```

```
lemma true-annots-empty[simp]:
  I \models as \{\}
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-single-true-annot[iff]:
  I \models as \{C\} \longleftrightarrow I \models a C
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annot-insert-l[simp]:
  M \models a A \Longrightarrow L \# M \models a A
 unfolding true-annot-def by auto
lemma true-annots-insert-l [simp]:
  M \models as A \Longrightarrow L \# M \models as A
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-union[iff]:
  M \models as A \cup B \longleftrightarrow (M \models as A \land M \models as B)
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-insert[iff]:
  M \models as \ insert \ a \ A \longleftrightarrow (M \models a \ a \land M \models as \ A)
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
Link between \models as and \models s:
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}cls:
  I \models as \ CC \longleftrightarrow lits \text{-} of \text{-} l \ I \models s \ CC
  unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def by auto
lemma in-lit-of-true-annot:
  a \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \longleftrightarrow M \models a \{\#a\#\}
  unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma true-annot-lit-of-notin-skip:
  L \# M \models a A \Longrightarrow lit\text{-}of L \notin \# A \Longrightarrow M \models a A
  unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl:
  I \models s \ unmark-l \ MLs \Longrightarrow lits-of-l \ MLs \subseteq I
  unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma true-annot-true-clss-cls:
  MLs \models a \psi \Longrightarrow set (map \ unmark \ MLs) \models p \psi
  unfolding true-annot-def true-clss-cls-def true-cls-def
  by (auto dest: true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl)
{f lemma}\ true-annots-true-clss-cls:
  MLs \models as \psi \implies set (map \ unmark \ MLs) \models ps \ \psi
  by (auto
    dest:\ true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl
    simp add: true-clss-def true-annots-def true-annot-def lits-of-def true-cls-def
    true-clss-clss-def)
lemma true-annots-decided-true-cls[iff]:
```

 $map\ Decided\ M \models as\ N \longleftrightarrow set\ M \models s\ N$

```
proof -
 have *: lit-of ' Decided ' set M = set M unfolding lits-of-def by force
 show ?thesis by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls * lits-of-def)
qed
lemma true-annot-singleton[iff]: M \models a \{\#L\#\} \longleftrightarrow L \in lits-of-l M
  unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{:}
  A \models as \Psi \Longrightarrow unmark-l \ A \models ps \ \Psi
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def true-clss-def
  by (auto dest!: true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl
    simp: lits-of-def true-annot-def true-cls-def)
\mathbf{lemma} true-annot-commute:
  M @ M' \models a D \longleftrightarrow M' @ M \models a D
  unfolding true-annot-def by (simp add: Un-commute)
lemma true-annots-commute:
  M @ M' \models as D \longleftrightarrow M' @ M \models as D
  unfolding true-annots-def by (auto simp: true-annot-commute)
lemma true-annot-mono[dest]:
  set \ I \subseteq set \ I' \Longrightarrow I \models a \ N \Longrightarrow I' \models a \ N
  using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def
  by (metis (no-types) Un-commute Un-upper1 image-Un sup.orderE)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}mono:
  set \ I \subseteq set \ I' \Longrightarrow I \models as \ N \Longrightarrow I' \models as \ N
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
```

Defined and undefined literals

We introduce the functions *defined-lit* and *undefined-lit* to know whether a literal is defined with respect to a list of decided literals (aka a trail in most cases).

Remark that *undefined* already exists and is a completely different Isabelle function.

```
definition defined-lit :: ('a, 'm) ann-lits \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool
  where
defined-lit I \ L \longleftrightarrow (Decided \ L \in set \ I) \lor (\exists \ P. \ Propagated \ L \ P \in set \ I)
  \vee (Decided (-L) \in set \ I) \vee (\exists \ P. \ Propagated (-L) \ P \in set \ I)
abbreviation undefined-lit :: ('a, 'm) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \Rightarrow bool
where undefined-lit I L \equiv \neg defined-lit I L
lemma defined-lit-rev[simp]:
  defined-lit (rev\ M)\ L \longleftrightarrow defined-lit M\ L
  unfolding defined-lit-def by auto
lemma atm-imp-decided-or-proped:
  assumes x \in set I
  shows
    (Decided\ (-\ lit\text{-}of\ x)\in set\ I)
    \vee (Decided (lit-of x) \in set I)
    \vee (\exists l. \ Propagated (- \ lit of \ x) \ l \in set \ I)
    \vee (\exists l. Propagated (lit-of x) l \in set I)
```

```
using assms ann-lit.exhaust-sel by metis
lemma literal-is-lit-of-decided:
  assumes L = lit\text{-}of x
  shows (x = Decided L) \lor (\exists l'. x = Propagated L l')
  using assms by (cases x) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true-annot-iff-decided-or-true-lit}:
  defined-lit I \ L \longleftrightarrow (lits-of-l I \models l \ L \lor lits-of-l I \models l \ -L)
  unfolding defined-lit-def by (auto simp add: lits-of-def rev-image-eqI
   dest!: literal-is-lit-of-decided)
\mathbf{lemma}\ consistent \textit{-} inter\textit{-} true\textit{-} annots \textit{-} satisfiable :
  consistent-interp (lits-of-l I) \Longrightarrow I \models as N \Longrightarrow satisfiable N
  by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls)
lemma defined-lit-map:
  defined-lit Ls L \longleftrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ L \in (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set Ls
 \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{defined-lit-def} \ \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{iffI})
   using image-iff apply fastforce
 by (fastforce simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of dest: atm-imp-decided-or-proped)
lemma defined-lit-uminus[iff]:
  defined-lit I (-L) \longleftrightarrow defined-lit I L
  unfolding defined-lit-def by auto
lemma Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l:
  defined-lit I \ L \longleftrightarrow (L \in lits-of-l I \lor -L \in lits-of-l I)
  unfolding lits-of-def by (metis lits-of-def true-annot-iff-decided-or-true-lit true-lit-def)
lemma consistent-add-undefined-lit-consistent[simp]:
 assumes
   consistent-interp (lits-of-l Ls) and
   undefined-lit Ls L
  shows consistent-interp (insert L (lits-of-l Ls))
  using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def by (auto simp: Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l)
lemma decided-empty[simp]:
  \neg defined-lit [] L
  unfolding defined-lit-def by simp
4.3.2
          Backtracking
fun backtrack-split :: ('v, 'm) ann-lits
  \Rightarrow ('v, 'm) ann-lits \times ('v, 'm) ann-lits where
backtrack-split [] = ([], []) ]
backtrack-split (Propagated L P # mlits) = apfst ((op #) (Propagated L P)) (backtrack-split mlits) |
backtrack-split (Decided L # mlits) = ([], Decided L # mlits)
lemma backtrack-split-fst-not-decided: a \in set (fst (backtrack-split l)) \Longrightarrow \neg is-decided a
 by (induct l rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma backtrack-split-snd-hd-decided:
  snd\ (backtrack-split\ l) \neq [] \implies is\text{-}decided\ (hd\ (snd\ (backtrack-split\ l)))}
  by (induct l rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
```

```
lemma backtrack-split-list-eq[simp]:
  fst (backtrack-split l) @ (snd (backtrack-split l)) = l
  by (induct l rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto

lemma backtrack-snd-empty-not-decided:
  backtrack-split M = (M'', []) \Longrightarrow \forall l \in set M. \neg is-decided l
  by (metis append-Nil2 backtrack-split-fst-not-decided backtrack-split-list-eq snd-conv)

lemma backtrack-split-some-is-decided-then-snd-has-hd:
  \exists l \in set M. is-decided l \Longrightarrow \exists M' L' M''. backtrack-split M = (M'', L' \# M')
  by (metis backtrack-snd-empty-not-decided list.exhaust prod.collapse)
```

Another characterisation of the result of *backtrack-split*. This view allows some simpler proofs, since *takeWhile* and *dropWhile* are highly automated:

```
lemma backtrack-split-takeWhile-dropWhile:
backtrack-split M = (takeWhile (Not \ o \ is-decided) \ M, \ dropWhile (Not \ o \ is-decided) \ M)
by (induction M rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
```

4.3.3 Decomposition with respect to the First Decided Literals

In this section we define a function that returns a decomposition with the first decided literal. This function is useful to define the backtracking of DPLL.

Definition

next

The pattern get-all-ann-decomposition [] = [([], [])] is necessary otherwise, we can call the hd function in the other pattern.

```
fun get-all-ann-decomposition :: ('a, 'm) ann-lits
  \Rightarrow (('a, 'm) ann-lits \times ('a, 'm) ann-lits) list where
get-all-ann-decomposition (Decided L # Ls) =
  (Decided L \# Ls, []) \# get-all-ann-decomposition Ls
get-all-ann-decomposition (Propagated L P# Ls) =
  (apsnd\ ((op\ \#)\ (Propagated\ L\ P))\ (hd\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ Ls)))
   \# tl (get-all-ann-decomposition Ls)
get-all-ann-decomposition [] = [([], [])]
value qet-all-ann-decomposition [Propagated A5 B5, Decided C4, Propagated A3 B3,
  Propagated A2 B2, Decided C1, Propagated A0 B0]
Now we can prove several simple properties about the function.
lemma get-all-ann-decomposition-never-empty[iff]:
  get-all-ann-decomposition M = [] \longleftrightarrow False
 by (induct M, simp) (rename-tac a xs, case-tac a, auto)
lemma qet-all-ann-decomposition-never-empty-sym[iff]:
  [] = get\text{-}all\text{-}ann\text{-}decomposition } M \longleftrightarrow False
 using get-all-ann-decomposition-never-empty [of M] by presburger
lemma get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp:
  hd\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}ann\text{-}decomposition\ }S)=(a,\ c)\Longrightarrow S=c\ @\ a
proof (induct S arbitrary: a c)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
```

```
case (Cons\ x\ A)
 then show ?case by (cases x; cases hd (get-all-ann-decomposition A)) auto
{f lemma}\ get-all-ann-decomposition-backtrack-split:
 backtrack-split S = (M, M') \longleftrightarrow hd (get-all-ann-decomposition S) = (M', M)
proof (induction S arbitrary: M M')
 case Nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (Cons\ a\ S)
 then show ?case using backtrack-split-takeWhile-dropWhile by (cases a) force+
qed
lemma qet-all-ann-decomposition-Nil-backtrack-split-snd-Nil:
 get-all-ann-decomposition S = [([], A)] \Longrightarrow snd (backtrack-split S) = []
 by (simp add: get-all-ann-decomposition-backtrack-split sndI)
This functions says that the first element is either empty or starts with a decided element of
the list.
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-ann-decomposition-length-1-fst-empty-or-length-1}:
 assumes get-all-ann-decomposition M = (a, b) \# [
 shows a = [] \lor (length \ a = 1 \land is\text{-}decided \ (hd \ a) \land hd \ a \in set \ M)
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
 case Nil then show ?case by simp
 case (Decided\ L\ mark)
 then show ?case by simp
 case (Propagated L mark M)
 then show ?case by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition M) force+
qed
lemma qet-all-ann-decomposition-fst-empty-or-hd-in-M:
 assumes get-all-ann-decomposition M = (a, b) \# l
 shows a = [] \lor (is\text{-}decided (hd a) \land hd a \in set M)
 using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
  \mathbf{by} \ (metis \ UnCI \ backtrack-split-snd-hd-decided \ get-all-ann-decomposition-backtrack-split) 
   get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp\ hd-in-set\ list.sel(1)\ set-append\ snd-conv)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ \textit{get-all-ann-decomposition-snd-not-decided} :
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 and L \in set b
 shows \neg is-decided L
 using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: ann-lit-list-induct, simp)
 by (rename-tac L' xs a b, case-tac get-all-ann-decomposition xs; fastforce)+
lemma tl-qet-all-ann-decomposition-skip-some:
 assumes x \in set (tl (get-all-ann-decomposition M1))
 shows x \in set (tl (get-all-ann-decomposition (M0 @ M1)))
 using assms
 by (induct M0 rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
    (auto\ simp\ add:\ list.set-sel(2))
```

```
{\bf lemma}\ hd-get-all-ann-decomposition-skip-some:
 assumes (x, y) = hd (get-all-ann-decomposition M1)
 shows (x, y) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (M0 @ Decided K # M1))
 using assms
proof (induction M0 rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
 case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
next
 case (Decided L M0)
 then show ?case by auto
  case (Propagated L C M0) note xy = this(1)[OF\ this(2-)] and hd = this(2)
 then show ?case
   by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition (M0 @ Decided K \# M1))
      (auto dest!: qet-all-ann-decomposition-decomp
        arg-cong[of get-all-ann-decomposition - - hd])
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}ann\text{-}decomposition\text{-}in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}ann\text{-}decomposition\text{-}prepend:}
  (a, b) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition M') \Longrightarrow
   \exists b'. (a, b' @ b) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (M @ M'))
 apply (induction M rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
   apply (metis append-Nil)
  apply auto[]
  by (rename-tac L' m xs, case-tac get-all-ann-decomposition (xs @ M')) auto
lemma in-get-all-ann-decomposition-decided-or-empty:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 shows a = [] \lor (is\text{-}decided (hd a))
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
 case Nil then show ?case by simp
 case (Decided\ l\ M)
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (Propagated 1 mark M)
 then show ?case by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition M) force+
qed
lemma get-all-ann-decomposition-remove-undecided-length:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is\text{-}decided l
 \mathbf{shows}\ \mathit{length}\ (\mathit{get-all-ann-decomposition}\ (\mathit{M'}\ @\ \mathit{M''})) = \mathit{length}\ (\mathit{get-all-ann-decomposition}\ \mathit{M''})
 using assms by (induct M' arbitrary: M" rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ \textit{get-all-ann-decomposition-not-is-decided-length}:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is\text{-}decided l
 shows 1 + length (get-all-ann-decomposition (Propagated <math>(-L) P \# M))
= length (get-all-ann-decomposition (M' @ Decided L \# M))
using assms qet-all-ann-decomposition-remove-undecided-length by fastforce
lemma get-all-ann-decomposition-last-choice:
 assumes tl (get-all-ann-decomposition (M' @ Decided L \# M)) \neq []
 and \forall l \in set M'. \neg is\text{-}decided l
 and hd (tl (get-all-ann-decomposition (M' @ Decided L \# M))) = (M0', M0)
 shows hd (get-all-ann-decomposition (Propagated (-L) P \# M)) = (M0', Propagated (-L) P \# M0)
```

```
using assms by (induct M' rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
{\bf lemma}~get-all-ann-decomposition-except-last-choice-equal:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is\text{-}decided l
 shows tl (get-all-ann-decomposition (Propagated (-L) P \# M))
= tl \ (tl \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ (M' @ Decided \ L \# M)))
 using assms by (induct M' rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-all-ann-decomposition-hd-hd:
 assumes get-all-ann-decomposition Ls = (M, C) \# (M0, M0') \# l
 shows tl M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-}decided (hd M)
 using assms
proof (induct Ls arbitrary: M C M0 M0'l)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons\ a\ Ls\ M\ C\ M0\ M0\ '\ l) note IH=this(1) and g=this(2)
   assume a: a = Decided L
   have Ls = M0' @ M0
     using g a by (force intro: get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp)
   then have tl\ M = M0' \ @\ M0 \land is\text{-}decided\ (hd\ M) using g\ a by auto
 }
 moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ L \ P
   assume a: a = Propagated L P
   have tl\ M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-}decided\ (hd\ M)
     using IH Cons.prems unfolding a by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition Ls) auto
 ultimately show ?case by (cases a) auto
qed
lemma get-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend[dest]:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 \mathbf{shows} \; \exists \, c. \; M = c \; @ \; b \; @ \; a
 using assms apply (induct M rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
   apply simp
 by (rename-tac L' xs, case-tac get-all-ann-decomposition xs;
   auto dest!: arg-cong[of get-all-ann-decomposition - - hd]
     get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp)+
lemma get-all-ann-decomposition-incl:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 shows set b \subseteq set M and set a \subseteq set M
 using assms get-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend by fastforce+
lemma get-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend':
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 obtains c where M = c @ b @ a
 using assms apply (induct M rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[1]
 by (rename-tac L' xs, case-tac hd (get-all-ann-decomposition xs),
   auto dest!: get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp simp add: <math>list.set-sel(2))+
\mathbf{lemma}\ union\text{-}in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}ann\text{-}decomposition\text{-}is\text{-}subset:}
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
```

```
shows set a \cup set b \subseteq set M
 using assms by force
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{Decided-cons-in-get-all-ann-decomposition-append-Decided-cons}:
 \exists M1\ M2.\ (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (qet-all-ann-decomposition\ (c\ @\ Decided\ K\ \#\ c'))
 apply (induction c rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
 apply (rename-tac L xs,
     case-tac hd (get-all-ann-decomposition (xs @ Decided K \# c')))
 apply (case-tac get-all-ann-decomposition (xs @ Decided K \# c'))
 by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{fst-get-all-ann-decomposition-prepend-not-decided}:
  assumes \forall m \in set MS. \neg is\text{-}decided m
 shows set (map\ fst\ (qet\text{-}all\text{-}ann\text{-}decomposition\ }M))
   = set (map fst (get-all-ann-decomposition (MS @ M)))
   using assms apply (induction MS rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
   by (rename-tac L m xs; case-tac get-all-ann-decomposition (xs @ M)) simp-all
Entailment of the Propagated by the Decided Literal
\mathbf{lemma}\ get-all-ann-decomposition-snd-union:
  set M = \{ | (set 'snd 'set (qet-all-ann-decomposition M)) \cup \{L | L. is-decided L \land L \in set M \} \}
 (is ?MM = ?UM \cup ?LsM)
proof (induct M rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
\mathbf{next}
 case (Decided L M) note IH = this(1)
 then have Decided L \in ?Ls (Decided L \# M) by auto
 moreover have ?U (Decided L \# M) = ?U M by auto
 moreover have ?MM = ?UM \cup ?LsM using IH by auto
 ultimately show ?case by auto
next
 case (Propagated L \ m \ M)
 then show ?case by (cases (get-all-ann-decomposition M)) auto
definition all-decomposition-implies :: 'a literal multiset set
 \Rightarrow (('a, 'm) ann-lits \times ('a, 'm) ann-lits) list \Rightarrow bool where
all-decomposition-implies N S \longleftrightarrow (\forall (Ls, seen) \in set S. unmark-l Ls \cup N \models ps unmark-l seen)
lemma all-decomposition-implies-empty[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N \parallel \mathbf{unfolding}  all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-single[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N [(Ls, seen)] \longleftrightarrow unmark-l Ls \cup N \models ps unmark-l seen
 unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-append[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N (S @ S')
   \longleftrightarrow (all-decomposition-implies N S \land all-decomposition-implies N S')
 unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
```

lemma all-decomposition-implies-cons-pair[iff]:

```
all-decomposition-implies N ((Ls, seen) \# S')
   \longleftrightarrow (all-decomposition-implies N [(Ls, seen)] \land all-decomposition-implies N S')
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-cons-single[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N (l \# S') \longleftrightarrow
   (unmark-l (fst l) \cup N \models ps unmark-l (snd l) \land
     all-decomposition-implies NS')
 unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied:
 assumes all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 shows N \cup \{unmark \ L \mid L. \ is\text{-}decided \ L \land L \in set \ M\}
   \models ps\ unmark\ `(\bigcup(set\ `snd\ `set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ M))
using assms
proof (induct length (get-all-ann-decomposition M) arbitrary: M)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this(1) and length = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
 consider
     (le1) length (get-all-ann-decomposition M) \leq 1
    (gt1) length (get-all-ann-decomposition M) > 1
   by arith
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case le1
     then obtain a b where g: get-all-ann-decomposition M = (a, b) \# []
       by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition M) auto
     moreover {
      assume a = []
       then have ?thesis using Suc.prems g by auto
     moreover {
      assume l: length a = 1 and m: is-decided (hd a) and hd: hd a \in set M
       then have unmark\ (hd\ a) \in \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-}decided\ L \land L \in set\ M\} by auto
       then have H: unmark-l a \cup N \subseteq N \cup \{unmark \ L \ | L. \ is-decided \ L \land L \in set \ M\}
         using l by (cases a) auto
      \mathbf{have}\;\mathit{f1}\colon \mathit{unmark-l}\;a\,\cup\,N\,\models\!\mathit{ps}\;\mathit{unmark-l}\;b
         using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def g by simp
       have ?thesis
         apply (rule true-clss-clss-subset) using f1 H g by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using get-all-ann-decomposition-length-1-fst-empty-or-length-1 by blast
   next
     case gt1
     then obtain Ls\theta seen\theta M' where
       Ls0: qet-all-ann-decomposition M = (Ls0, seen0) \# qet-all-ann-decomposition M' and
       length': length (get-all-ann-decomposition M') = n and
       M'-in-M: set M' \subseteq set M
       using length by (induct M rule: ann-lit-list-induct) (auto simp: subset-insertI2)
     let ?d = \bigcup (set 'snd 'set (get-all-ann-decomposition M'))
     let ?unM = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-}decided\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
     let ?unM' = \{unmark \ L \mid L. \ is\text{-}decided \ L \land L \in set \ M'\}
     {
```

```
assume n = 0
 then have get-all-ann-decomposition M' = [] using length' by auto
 then have ?thesis using Suc.prems unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def Ls0 by auto
moreover {
 assume n: n > 0
 then obtain Ls1 seen1 l where
   Ls1: get-all-ann-decomposition M' = (Ls1, seen1) \# l
   using length' by (induct M' rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
 have all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-ann-decomposition M')
   using decomp unfolding Ls\theta by auto
 then have N: N \cup ?unM' \models ps \ unmark-s ?d
   using IH length' by auto
 have l: N \cup ?unM' \subseteq N \cup ?unM
   using M'-in-M by auto
 from true-clss-clss-subset[OF this N]
 have \Psi N: N \cup ?unM \models ps \ unmark-s ?d by auto
 have is-decided (hd Ls0) and LS: tl Ls0 = seen1 @ Ls1
   using get-all-ann-decomposition-hd-hd[of M] unfolding Ls0 Ls1 by auto
 have LSM: seen 1 @ Ls1 = M' using get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp[of M'] Ls1 by auto
 have M': set M' = ?d \cup \{L \mid L. \text{ is-decided } L \land L \in \text{set } M'\}
   using get-all-ann-decomposition-snd-union by auto
   assume Ls\theta \neq [
   then have hd Ls\theta \in set M
     using get-all-ann-decomposition-fst-empty-or-hd-in-M Ls0 by blast
   then have N \cup ?unM \models p \ unmark \ (hd \ Ls\theta)
     using \langle is\text{-}decided \ (hd \ Ls\theta) \rangle by (metis \ (mono\text{-}tags, \ lifting) \ UnCI \ mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq
       true-clss-cls-in)
  \} note hd-Ls\theta = this
 have l: unmark ' (?d \cup {L | L. is-decided L \wedge L \in set M'}) = unmark-s ?d \cup ?unM'
   by auto
 have N \cup ?unM' \models ps \ unmark \ (?d \cup \{L \mid L. \ is-decided \ L \land L \in set \ M'\})
   unfolding l using N by (auto simp: all-in-true-clss-clss)
 then have t: N \cup ?unM' \models ps \ unmark-l \ (tl \ Ls\theta)
   using M' unfolding LS LSM by auto
 then have N \cup ?unM \models ps \ unmark-l \ (tl \ Ls\theta)
   using M'-in-M true-clss-clss-subset [OF - t, of N \cup ?unM] by auto
 then have N \cup ?unM \models ps \ unmark-l \ Ls0
   using hd-Ls\theta by (cases Ls\theta) auto
 moreover have unmark-l Ls\theta \cup N \models ps unmark-l seen\theta
   using decomp unfolding Ls\theta by simp
 moreover have \bigwedge M Ma. (M::'a \ literal \ multiset \ set) \cup Ma \models ps \ M
   by (simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss)
 ultimately have \Psi: N \cup ?unM \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen0
   by (meson true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
 moreover have unmark ' (set seen0 \cup ?d) = unmark-l seen0 \cup unmark-s ?d
 ultimately have ?thesis using \Psi N unfolding Ls0 by simp
```

```
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
   qed
qed
lemma all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied:
 assumes all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 shows N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-}decided\ L \land L \in set\ M\} \models ps\ unmark\text{-}l\ M
   (is ?I \models ps ?A)
proof -
 have ?I \models ps \ unmark-s \{L \mid L. \ is-decided \ L \land L \in set \ M\}
   by (auto intro: all-in-true-clss-clss)
 moreover have ?I \models ps \ unmark \ ` \bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ M))
   using all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied assms by blast
 ultimately have N \cup \{unmark \ m \mid m. \ is\text{-}decided \ m \land m \in set \ M\}
   \models ps\ unmark\ `\bigcup (set\ `snd\ `set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ M))
     \cup unmark '\{m \mid m. \text{ is-decided } m \land m \in \text{set } M\}
     by blast
 then show ?thesis
   by (metis (no-types) get-all-ann-decomposition-snd-union[of M] image-Un)
qed
lemma all-decomposition-implies-insert-single:
  all-decomposition-implies N M \Longrightarrow all-decomposition-implies (insert C N) M
 unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
```

4.3.4 Negation of Clauses

We define the negation of a 'a Partial-Clausal-Logic.clause: it converts it from the a single clause to a set of clauses, wherein each clause is a single negated literal.

```
definition CNot :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clauses where
CNot \psi = \{ \{\#-L\#\} \mid L. \ L \in \# \ \psi \} \}
lemma in-CNot-uminus[iff]:
  shows \{\#L\#\} \in CNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow -L \in \# \ \psi
 unfolding CNot-def by force
lemma
 shows
    CNot\text{-}singleton[simp]: CNot \{\#L\#\} = \{\{\#-L\#\}\} \text{ and }
    CNot\text{-}empty[simp]: CNot \{\#\} = \{\}  and
    CNot\text{-}plus[simp]: CNot (A + B) = CNot A \cup CNot B
 unfolding CNot-def by auto
lemma CNot-eq-empty[iff]:
  CNot\ D = \{\} \longleftrightarrow D = \{\#\}
 unfolding CNot-def by (auto simp add: multiset-eqI)
lemma in-CNot-implies-uminus:
 assumes L \in \# D and M \models as CNot D
 shows M \models a \{\#-L\#\} \text{ and } -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
 using assms by (auto simp: true-annots-def true-annot-def CNot-def)
lemma CNot\text{-}remdups\text{-}mset[simp]:
  CNot (remdups-mset A) = CNot A
  unfolding CNot-def by auto
```

```
lemma Ball-CNot-Ball-mset[simp]:
  (\forall x \in CNot \ D. \ P \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\forall L \in \# \ D. \ P \ \{\#-L\#\})
 unfolding CNot-def by auto
lemma consistent-CNot-not:
  assumes consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s \ \mathit{CNot} \ \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg I \models \varphi
  using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def true-clss-def true-cls-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ total-not-true-cls-true-clss-CNot:
  assumes total-over-m I \{\varphi\} and \neg I \models \varphi
 shows I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi
  using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def true-clss-def true-cls-def CNot-def
   apply clarify
  by (rename-tac x L, case-tac L) (force intro: pos-lit-in-atms-of neg-lit-in-atms-of)+
lemma total-not-CNot:
  assumes total-over-m I \{\varphi\} and \neg I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi
  shows I \models \varphi
  using assms total-not-true-cls-true-clss-CNot by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (CNot C) = atms-of C
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def atms-of-def CNot-def by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}contradiction\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}false:
  C \in D \Longrightarrow D \models ps \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow D \models p \ \{\#\}
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-def
  by (metis Un-commute atms-of-empty atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of atms-of-ms-insert atms-of-ms-union
   consistent-CNot-not insert-absorb sup-bot.left-neutral true-clss-def)
lemma true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined:
 assumes M \models as \ CNot \ T and a1: L \in \# \ T
 \mathbf{shows}\ \mathit{atm\text{-}of}\ L \in \mathit{atm\text{-}of}\ \textit{``lits\text{-}of\text{-}l}\ \mathit{M}
 by (metis assms atm-of-uminus image-eqI in-CNot-implies-uminus(1) true-annot-singleton)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}CNot\text{-}all\text{-}uminus\text{-}atms\text{-}defined:
  assumes M \models as \ CNot \ T \ and \ a1: -L \in \# \ T
  shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
  by (metis assms atm-of-uminus image-eqI in-CNot-implies-uminus(1) true-annot-singleton)
lemma true-clss-clss-false-left-right:
  assumes \{\{\#L\#\}\}\cup B \models p \{\#\}
  shows B \models ps \ CNot \ \{\#L\#\}
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix}\ I
 assume
   tot: total-over-m I (B \cup CNot \{\#L\#\}) and
   cons: consistent-interp I and
    I: I \models s B
  have total-over-m I ({{\#L\#}} \cup B) using tot by auto
  then have \neg I \models s insert \{\#L\#\} B
   using assms cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def by simp
  then show I \models s \ CNot \ \{\#L\#\}
```

```
using tot I by (cases L) auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma} \ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}def\text{-}iff\text{-}negation\text{-}in\text{-}model}:
  M \models as \ CNot \ C \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ L \in \# \ C. \ -L \in lits \text{-}of \text{-}l \ M)
 unfolding CNot-def true-annots-true-cls true-clss-def by auto
lemma true-annot-CNot-diff:
  I \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow I \models as \ CNot \ (C - C')
 by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model dest: in-diffD)
lemma CNot-mset-replicate[simp]:
  CNot (mset\ (replicate\ n\ L)) = (if\ n = 0\ then\ \{\}\ else\ \{\{\#-L\#\}\}\})
 by (induction n) auto
lemma consistent-CNot-not-tautology:
  consistent-interp M \Longrightarrow M \models s \ CNot \ D \Longrightarrow \neg tautology \ D
 by (metis atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of consistent-CNot-not satisfiable-carac' satisfiable-def
   tautology-def total-over-m-def)
lemma atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of-ms: atms-of-ms (CNot\ CC) = atms-of-ms {CC}
 by simp
lemma total-over-m-CNot-toal-over-m[simp]:
  total-over-m \ I \ (CNot \ C) = total-over-set I \ (atms-of C)
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
The following lemma is very useful when in the goal appears an axioms like -L=K: this
lemma allows the simplifier to rewrite L.
lemma uminus-lit-swap: -(a::'a \ literal) = i \longleftrightarrow a = -i
 by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true-clss-cls-plus-CNot} \colon
 assumes
    CC-L: A \models p CC + \{\#L\#\} and
    CNot\text{-}CC: A \models ps \ CNot \ CC
 shows A \models p \{\#L\#\}
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def CNot-def total-over-m-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix}\ I
 assume
   tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (A \cup \{\{\#L\#\}\})) and
   cons: consistent-interp\ I and
   I: I \models s A
 let ?I = I \cup \{Pos\ P | P.\ P \in atms-of\ CC \land P \notin atm-of `I'\}
 have cons': consistent-interp ?I
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def
   by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap atms-of-def rev-image-eqI)
 have I': ?I \models s A
   using I true-clss-union-increase by blast
 have tot-CNot: total-over-m ?I (A \cup CNot CC)
   using tot atms-of-s-def by (fastforce simp: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def)
  then have tot-I-A-CC-L: total-over-m ?I (A \cup \{CC + \{\#L\#\}\})
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-atm-of by auto
```

```
then have ?I \models CC + \#L\# using CC-L cons' I' unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
  moreover
    have ?I \models s \ CNot \ CC \ using \ CNot \cdot CC \ cons' \ I' \ tot \cdot CNot \ unfolding \ true \cdot clss \cdot def \ by \ auto
    then have \neg A \models p \ CC
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) I' atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of-ms atms-of-ms-union cons'
        consistent-CNot-not tot-CNot total-over-m-def true-clss-cls-def)
    then have \neg ?I \models CC using \langle ?I \models s \ CNot \ CC \rangle cons' consistent-CNot-not by blast
  ultimately have ?I \models \{\#L\#\} by blast
  then show I \models \{\#L\#\}
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) atms-of-ms-union cons' consistent-CNot-not tot total-not-CNot
      total-over-m-def total-over-set-union true-clss-union-increase)
qed
lemma true-annots-CNot-lit-of-notin-skip:
  assumes LM: L \# M \models as CNot A \text{ and } LA: lit-of L \notin \# A - lit-of L \notin \# A
 shows M \models as \ CNot \ A
  using LM unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} \ l
  assume H: \forall x. \ x \in \mathit{CNot}\ A \longrightarrow L \# M \models ax \ \text{and}\ l: l \in \mathit{CNot}\ A
  then have L \# M \models a l \text{ by } auto
 then show M \models a l \text{ using } LA l \text{ by } (cases L) (auto simp: CNot-def)
 qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}false\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}cnot\text{:}
  A \cup \{B\} \models ps \{\{\#\}\} \longleftrightarrow A \models ps \ CNot \ B
  using total-not-CNot consistent-CNot-not unfolding total-over-m-def true-clss-clss-def
 by fastforce
lemma true-annot-remove-hd-if-notin-vars:
  assumes a \# M' \models a D and atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of a) \notin atms\text{-}of D
 shows M' \models a D
  using assms true-cls-remove-hd-if-notin-vars unfolding true-annot-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true-annot-remove-if-notin-vars} :
  assumes M @ M' \models a D and \forall x \in atms\text{-}of D. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
  shows M' \models a D
  using assms by (induct M) (auto dest: true-annot-remove-hd-if-notin-vars)
lemma true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars:
  assumes M @ M' \models as D and \forall x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms D. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
  shows M' \models as D unfolding true-annots-def
  using assms unfolding true-annots-def atms-of-ms-def
  by (force dest: true-annot-remove-if-notin-vars)
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot}:
 assumes
    \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{B\}. \ s \in atm\text{-}of \text{ `lits-}of\text{-}l \ A \text{ and }
    \neg A \models a B
 shows A \models as \ CNot \ B
  unfolding true-annot-def true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-lit-def
proof (clarify, rule ccontr)
  \mathbf{fix} \ L
  assume LB: L \in \# B and \neg lits-of-l A \models l - L
  then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ A
    using assms(1) by (simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of lits-of-def)
```

```
then have L \in lits-of-l A \lor -L \in lits-of-l A
   using atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set by metis
  then have L \in lits-of-l A using \langle \neg lits-of-l A \models l - L \rangle by auto
  then show False
   using LB assms(2) unfolding true-annot-def true-lit-def true-cls-def Bex-def
   by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma CNot-union-mset[simp]:
  CNot (A \# \cup B) = CNot A \cup CNot B
  unfolding CNot-def by auto
4.3.5
           Other
abbreviation no-dup L \equiv distinct \ (map \ (\lambda l. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ l)) \ L)
lemma no-dup-rev[simp]:
  no\text{-}dup \ (rev \ M) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}dup \ M
 by (auto simp: rev-map[symmetric])
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}dup\text{-}length\text{-}eq\text{-}card\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}l:
  assumes no-dup M
 shows length M = card (atm-of 'lits-of-l M)
 using assms unfolding lits-of-def by (induct M) (auto simp add: image-image)
lemma distinct-consistent-interp:
  no-dup M \Longrightarrow consistent-interp (lits-of-l M)
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
 show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons\ L\ M)
  then have a1: consistent-interp (lits-of-l M) by auto
 have a2: atm-of (lit-of L) \notin (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) 'set M using Cons.prems by auto
  have undefined-lit M (lit-of L)
   using a2 unfolding defined-lit-map by fastforce
  then show ?case
   using a1 by simp
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ distinct\text{-} get\text{-}all\text{-}ann\text{-}decomposition\text{-}no\text{-}dup:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 and no-dup M
 shows no-dup (a @ b)
 using assms by force
lemma true-annots-lit-of-notin-skip:
  assumes L \# M \models as CNot A
 and -lit-of L \notin \# A
 and no-dup (L \# M)
 shows M \models as \ CNot \ A
proof
  have \forall l \in \# A. -l \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (L \# M)
   using assms(1) in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
  moreover
   \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{atm-of}\ (\mathit{lit-of}\ L) \not\in \mathit{atm-of}\ \text{`}\ \mathit{lits-of-l}\ \mathit{M}
```

```
using assms(3) unfolding lits-of-def by force then have - lit-of L \notin lits-of-l M unfolding lits-of-def by (metis \ (no-types) atm-of-uminus imageI) ultimately have \forall \ l \in \# \ A. \ -l \in lits-of-l M using assms(2) by (metis \ insert-iff list.simps(15) lits-of-insert uminus-of-uminus-id) then show ?thesis by (auto \ simp \ add: true-annots-def) qed
```

4.3.6 Extending Entailments to multisets

We have defined previous entailment with respect to sets, but we also need a multiset version depending on the context. The conversion is simple using the function *set-mset* (in this direction, there is no loss of information).

```
abbreviation true-annots-mset (infix \models asm 50) where
I \models asm \ C \equiv I \models as \ (set\text{-}mset \ C)
abbreviation true-clss-clss-m:: 'v clause multiset \Rightarrow 'v clause multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix \models psm 50)
I \models psm \ C \equiv set\text{-}mset \ I \models ps \ (set\text{-}mset \ C)
Analog of theorem true-clss-clss-subsetE
lemma true\text{-}clss\text{-}clssm\text{-}subsetE \colon N \models psm\ B \Longrightarrow A \subseteq \#\ B \Longrightarrow N \models psm\ A
  using set-mset-mono true-clss-clss-subsetE by blast
abbreviation true-clss-cls-m:: 'a clause multiset \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models pm \ 50) where
I \models pm \ C \equiv set\text{-}mset \ I \models p \ C
abbreviation distinct-mset-mset :: 'a multiset multiset \Rightarrow bool where
distinct-mset-mset \Sigma \equiv distinct-mset-set (set-mset \Sigma)
abbreviation all-decomposition-implies-m where
all-decomposition-implies-m A B \equiv all-decomposition-implies (set-mset A) B
abbreviation atms-of-mm :: 'a literal multiset multiset \Rightarrow 'a set where
atms-of-mm U \equiv atms-of-ms (set-mset U)
Other definition using Union-mset
lemma atms-of-mm U \equiv set\text{-mset} (\bigcup \# image\text{-mset} (image\text{-mset} atm\text{-}of) U)
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by (auto simp: atms-of-def)
abbreviation true-clss-m: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelssm 50) where
I \models sm \ C \equiv I \models s \ set\text{-}mset \ C
abbreviation true-clss-ext-m (infix \models sextm \ 49) where
I \models sextm \ C \equiv I \models sext \ set\text{-mset} \ C
type-synonym 'v clauses = 'v clause multiset
end
```

Chapter 5

NOT's CDCL and DPLL

theory CDCL-WNOT-Measure imports Main List-More begin

The organisation of the development is the following:

- CDCL_WNOT_Measure.thy contains the measure used to show the termination the core of CDCL.
- CDCL_NOT. thy contains the specification of the rules: the rules are defined, and we proof the correctness and termination for some strategies CDCL.
- DPLL_NOT.thy contains the DPLL calculus based on the CDCL version.
- DPLL_W.thy contains Weidenbach's version of DPLL and the proof of equivalence between the two DPLL versions.

5.1 Measure

This measure show the termination of the core of CDCL: each step improves the number of literals we know for sure.

This measure can also be seen as the increasing lexicographic order: it is an order on bounded sequences, when each element is bounded. The proof involves a measure like the one defined here (the same?).

```
definition \mu_C :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \ list \Rightarrow nat \ \text{where}
\mu_C \ s \ b \ M \equiv (\sum i=0... < length \ M. \ M!i * b \ (s+i-length \ M))
\begin{array}{l} \text{lemma} \ \mu_C \text{-}Nil[simp]: \\ \mu_C \ s \ b \ [] = 0 \\ \text{unfolding} \ \mu_C \text{-}def \ \text{by} \ auto \\ \\ \text{lemma} \ \mu_C \text{-}single[simp]: \\ \mu_C \ s \ b \ [L] = L * b \ \ (s-Suc \ 0) \\ \text{unfolding} \ \mu_C \text{-}def \ \text{by} \ auto} \\ \\ \text{lemma} \ set\text{-}sum\text{-}atLeastLessThan\text{-}add:} \\ (\sum i=k... < k+(b::nat). \ f \ i) = (\sum i=0... < b. \ f \ (k+i)) \\ \text{by} \ (induction \ b) \ auto} \end{array}
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ set\text{-}sum\text{-}atLeastLessThan\text{-}Suc:
 (\sum i=1...<Suc\ j.\ f\ i)=(\sum i=0...<j.\ f\ (Suc\ i))
 using set-sum-atLeastLessThan-add[of - 1 j] by force
lemma \mu_C-cons:
 \mu_C \ s \ b \ (L \# M) = L * b \ \widehat{\ } (s-1 - length M) + \mu_C \ s \ b \ M
proof
 have \mu_C \ s \ b \ (L \# M) = (\sum i = 0... < length \ (L \# M). \ (L \# M)! \ i * b^ (s + i - length \ (L \# M)))
   unfolding \mu_C-def by blast
 also have ... = (\sum i=0..<1. (L\#M)!i * b^{(s+i-length (L\#M))})
              + (\sum i=1..< length\ (L\#M).\ (L\#M)!i*b^(s+i-length\ (L\#M)))
    by (rule setsum-add-nat-ivl[symmetric]) simp-all
 finally have \mu_C s b (L \# M) = L * b ^ (s - 1 - length M)
               + (\sum_{i=1}^{i=1} .. < length(L\#M). (L\#M)!i * b^(s+i - length(L\#M)))
    by auto
 moreover {
   have (\sum i=1...< length (L\#M). (L\#M)!i * b^ (s+i - length (L\#M))) =
         (\sum i=0... < length (M). (L\#M)!(Suc i) * b^ (s + (Suc i) - length (L\#M)))
    {\bf unfolding} \ \mathit{length-Cons} \ \mathit{set-sum-atLeastLessThan-Suc} \ {\bf by} \ \mathit{blast}
   also have ... = (\sum i=0..< length (M). M!i * b^ (s + i - length M))
   finally have (\sum i=1...< length\ (L\#M).\ (L\#M)!i*b^(s+i-length\ (L\#M)))=\mu_C\ s\ b\ M
     unfolding \mu_C-def.
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
qed
lemma \mu_C-append:
 assumes s > length (M@M')
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ (M@M') = \mu_C \ (s - length \ M') \ b \ M + \mu_C \ s \ b \ M'
proof -
 have \mu_C \ s \ b \ (M@M') = (\sum i = 0... < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
   unfolding \mu_C-def by blast
 moreover then have ... = (\sum i=\theta.. < length M. (M@M')!i * b^ (s+i - length (M@M')))
               + (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
   by (auto intro!: setsum-add-nat-ivl[symmetric])
 moreover
   have \forall i \in \{0.. < length M\}. (M@M')!i * b^{(s+i-length (M@M'))} = M!i * b^{(s-length M')}
     +i-length M)
     using \langle s \geq length \ (M@M') \rangle by (auto simp add: nth-append ac-simps)
    then have \mu_C (s - length M') b M = (\sum i=0.. < length M. (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length)
(M@M'))
     unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
 ultimately have \mu_C s b (M@M') = \mu_C (s - length M') b M
               + (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s+i-length \ (M@M')))
    by auto
 moreover {
   have (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M'))) =
         (\sum i=0..< length\ M'.\ M'!i*b^{(s+i-length\ M')})
    unfolding length-append set-sum-atLeastLessThan-add by auto
   then have (\sum_i = length \ M... < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s+i-length \ (M@M'))) = \mu_C \ s \ b
M'
     unfolding \mu_C-def.
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
```

```
lemma \mu_C-cons-non-empty-inf:
 assumes M-ge-1: \forall i \in set M. i \geq 1 and M: M \neq []
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \ge b \ \widehat{\ } (s - length \ M)
 using assms by (cases M) (auto simp: mult-eq-if \mu_C-cons)
Copy of ~~/src/HOL/ex/NatSum.thy (but generalized to 0 \le k)
lemma sum-of-powers: 0 \le k \Longrightarrow (k-1) * (\sum_{i=0}^{n} i=0... < n. \ k^i) = k^n - (1::nat)
 apply (cases k = 0)
   apply (cases n; simp)
 by (induct n) (auto simp: Nat.nat-distrib)
In the degenerated cases, we only have the large inequality holds. In the other cases, the
following strict inequality holds:
lemma \mu_C-bounded-non-degenerated:
 fixes b :: nat
 assumes
   b > \theta and
   M \neq [] and
   M-le: \forall i < length M. M!i < b and
   s \geq length M
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M < b \hat{s}
proof -
 consider (b1) b=1 | (b) b>1 using \langle b>0 \rangle by (cases b) auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case b1
     then have \forall i < length M. M!i = 0 using M-le by auto
     then have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M = \theta unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
     then show ?thesis using \langle b > 0 \rangle by auto
   next
     case b
     have \forall i \in \{0..< length M\}. M!i * b^(s+i-length M) \leq (b-1) * b^(s+i-length M)
       using M-le \langle b > 1 \rangle by auto
     then have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le (\sum i=0... < length \ M. \ (b-1) * b \ (s+i-length \ M))
        using \langle M \neq | \rangle \langle b > 0 \rangle unfolding \mu_C-def by (auto intro: setsum-mono)
     also
      have \forall i \in \{0.. < length M\}. (b-1) * b^{(s+i-length M)} = (b-1) * b^{(i+k-length M)}
         by (metis Nat.add-diff-assoc2 add.commute assms(4) mult.assoc power-add)
       then have (\sum i=0...< length\ M.\ (b-1)*b^ (s+i-length\ M))
         = (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ (b-1)*\ b^i*\ b^i*\ b^i+\ length\ M))
         by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
     also have ... = (\sum i=0.. < length \ M. \ b^i) * b^k (s - length \ M) * (b-1)
       by (simp add: setsum-left-distrib setsum-right-distrib ac-simps)
     finally have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le (\sum i=0... < length \ M. \ b^i) * (b-1) * b^i(s - length \ M)
      by (simp add: ac-simps)
       have (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ b^i)*(b-1) = b^i(length\ M) - 1
         using sum-of-powers[of b length M] \langle b > 1 \rangle
         by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
     finally have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le (b \ \widehat{\ } (length \ M) - 1) * b \ \widehat{\ } (s - length \ M)
      by auto
     also have ... < b \cap (length M) * b \cap (s - length M)
```

```
using \langle b > 1 \rangle by auto
     also have ... = b \hat{s}
      by (metis assms(4) le-add-diff-inverse power-add)
     finally show ?thesis unfolding \mu_C-def by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
   qed
qed
In the degenerate case b = (\theta::'a), the list M is empty (since the list cannot contain any
element).
lemma \mu_C-bounded:
 fixes b :: nat
 assumes
   M-le: \forall i < length M. M!i < b and
   s \geq length M
   b > 0
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M < b \ s
proof -
 consider (M\theta) M = [ | (M) b > \theta and M \neq [ ]
   using M-le by (cases b, cases M) auto
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case M0
     then show ?thesis using M-le \langle b > 0 \rangle by auto
   next
     case M
     show ?thesis using \mu_C-bounded-non-degenerated [OF M assms(1,2)] by arith
   qed
qed
When b = 0, we cannot show that the measure is empty, since \theta^0 = 1.
lemma \mu_C-base-\theta:
 assumes length M \leq s
 shows \mu_C \ s \ \theta \ M \leq M!\theta
proof -
 {
   assume s = length M
   moreover {
     have (\sum i=\theta...< n.\ M!\ i*(\theta::nat)^i) \leq M!\ \theta
      apply (induction n rule: nat-induct)
      by simp (rename-tac n, case-tac n, auto)
   ultimately have ?thesis unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
 moreover
   assume length M < s
   then have \mu_C \ s \ \theta \ M = \theta \ unfolding \ \mu_C - def \ by \ auto \}
 ultimately show ?thesis using assms unfolding \mu_C-def by linarith
qed
lemma finite-bounded-pair-list:
 fixes b :: nat
 (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b) \land (\forall i < length \ ys. \ ys \ ! \ i < b) \}
```

```
proof -
  have H: \{(ys, xs). \ length \ xs < s \land \ length \ ys < s \land \}
    (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b) \land (\forall i < length \ ys. \ ys \ ! \ i < b) \}
    \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times 
    \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs ! \ i < b)\}
  moreover have finite \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \mid i < b)\}
    by (rule finite-bounded-list)
  ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp: finite-subset)
qed
definition \nu NOT :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow (nat \ list \times nat \ list) \ set \ \mathbf{where}
\nu NOT \ s \ base = \{(ys, xs). \ length \ xs < s \land length \ ys < s \land \}
  (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \mid i < base) \land (\forall i < length \ ys. \ ys \mid i < base) \land
  (ys, xs) \in lenlex less-than
lemma finite-\nu NOT[simp]:
 finite (\nu NOT \ s \ base)
proof -
  have \nu NOT \ s \ base \subseteq \{(ys, xs). \ length \ xs < s \land length \ ys < s \land \}
    (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \mid i < base) \land (\forall i < length \ ys. \ ys \mid i < base) \}
    by (auto simp: \nu NOT-def)
  moreover have finite \{(ys, xs). length xs < s \land length ys < s \land
    (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \mid i < base) \land (\forall i < length \ ys. \ ys \mid i < base) \}
      by (rule finite-bounded-pair-list)
 ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp: finite-subset)
qed
lemma acyclic-\nu NOT: acyclic (\nu NOT s base)
  apply (rule acyclic-subset[of lenlex less-than \nu NOT\ s\ base])
    apply (rule wf-acyclic)
  by (auto simp: \nu NOT-def)
lemma wf-\nu NOT: wf (\nu NOT \ s \ base)
  by (rule finite-acyclic-wf) (auto simp: acyclic-\nu NOT)
end
theory CDCL-NOT
imports List-More Wellfounded-More CDCL-WNOT-Measure Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic
begin
```

5.2 NOT's CDCL

5.2.1 Auxiliary Lemmas and Measure

We define here some more simplification rules, or rules that have been useful as help for some tactic

```
lemma no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus:

no-dup M \Longrightarrow - lit-of x = lit-of x \Longrightarrow x \in set \ M \Longrightarrow xa \notin set \ M

by (metis atm-of-uminus distinct-map inj-on-eq-iff uminus-not-id')

lemma atms-of-ms-single-atm-of[simp]:

atms-of-ms {unmark L \mid L. \mid P \mid L} = atm-of '{lit-of L \mid L. \mid P \mid L}

unfolding atms-of-ms-def by force
```

```
lemma atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of: atms-of \{\#-lit\text{-}of\ x.\ x\in\#A\#\}=atm\text{-}of\ `(lit\text{-}of\ `(set\text{-}mset\ A)) unfolding atms-of-def by (auto simp add: Fun.image-comp) lemma atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of: atms-of-ms (unmark-s A) = atm-of `(lit-of `A) unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
```

5.2.2 Initial definitions

The state

We define here an abstraction over operation on the state we are manipulating.

```
locale dpll-state-ops =
fixes

trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits and

clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and

prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ and

tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ and

add-cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ and

remove-cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st

begin

abbreviation state_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lit list \times 'v \ clauses \ where

state_{NOT} \ S \equiv (trail \ S, \ clauses_{NOT} \ S)

end
```

NOT's state is basically a pair composed of the trail (i.e. the candidate model) and the set of clauses. We abstract this state to convert this state to other states. like Weidenbach's five-tuple.

```
locale dpll-state =
  dpll-state-ops
    trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT} — related to the state
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  assumes
    prepend-trail_{NOT}:
      state_{NOT} (prepend-trail L st) = (L # trail st, clauses_{NOT} st) and
    tl-trail_{NOT}:
      state_{NOT} (tl-trail st) = (tl (trail st), clauses_{NOT} st) and
    add-cls_{NOT}:
      state_{NOT} (add-cls_{NOT} C st) = (trail st, \{\#C\#\} + clauses_{NOT} st) and
      state_{NOT} (remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> C st) = (trail st, removeAll-mset C (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> st))
begin
lemma
  trail-prepend-trail[simp]:
    trail\ (prepend-trail\ L\ st) = L\ \#\ trail\ st
  trail-trail_{NOT}[simp]: trail(tl-trail(st) = tl(trail(st)) and
  trail-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]: trail\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ C\ st)=trail\ st\ {\bf and}
```

```
trail-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]: trail (remove-cls_{NOT} C st) = trail st and
  clauses-prepend-trail[simp]:
    clauses_{NOT} (prepend-trail L st) = clauses_{NOT} st
  clauses-tl-trail[simp]: clauses_{NOT} (tl-trail st) = clauses_{NOT} st and
  clauses-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
    clauses_{NOT} (add-cls_{NOT} \ C \ st) = \{ \# C \# \} + clauses_{NOT} \ st \ and
  clauses-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
    clauses_{NOT} (remove-cls_{NOT} C st) = removeAll-mset C (clauses_{NOT} st)
  using prepend-trail_{NOT}[of\ L\ st]\ tl-trail_{NOT}[of\ st]\ add-cls_{NOT}[of\ C\ st]\ remove-cls_{NOT}[of\ C\ st]
  by (cases\ state_{NOT}\ st;\ auto)+
We define the following function doing the backtrack in the trail:
function reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS =
  (if length (trail S) = length F \vee trail S = [] then S else reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S))
by fast+
termination by (relation measure (\lambda(-, S)). length (trail S))) auto
declare reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps[simp\ del]
Then we need several lemmas about the reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.
lemma
 shows
  reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-Nil[simp]: trail\ S = [] \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F\ S = S and
  reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq-length[simp]: length (trail S) = length F \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S = S
  by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length-ne[simp]:
  length (trail S) \neq length F \Longrightarrow trail S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
    reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S = reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S)
  by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length-le:
  assumes length F > length (trail S)
  shows trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S) = []
  using assms by (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-Nil[simp]:
  trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} || S) = ||
  by (induction [] S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-Nil:
  clauses_{NOT} (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> [] S) = clauses_{NOT} S
  by (induction [] S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-drop:
  trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S) =
   (if \ length \ (trail \ S) \ge length \ F
    then drop (length (trail S) – length F) (trail S)
  apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  apply (rename-tac F S, case-tac trail S)
```

```
apply auto
 apply (rename-tac list, case-tac Suc (length list) > length F)
  prefer 2 apply simp
  apply (subgoal-tac Suc (length list) - length F = Suc (length list - length F))
  apply simp
 apply simp
 done
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning:
 assumes trail S = F' @ F
 shows trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S)=F
 using assms by (auto simp: trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-drop)
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-clauses[simp]:
  clauses_{NOT} (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S) = clauses_{NOT} S
 by (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma trail-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ T)
 apply (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 by (metis trail-tl-trail_{NOT} reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq-length reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length-ne
   reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-Nil)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
   trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq) simp
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-trail-tl-trail-decomp[simp]:
  trail\ S = F' @ Decided\ K \# F \Longrightarrow
    trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ (tl-trail\ S)) = F
 apply (rule reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning[of - tl (F' \otimes Decided K \# [])])
 by (cases F') (auto simp add:tl-append reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning)
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-length:
  length M = length M' \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to_{NOT} M S = reduce-trail-to_{NOT} M' S
 apply (induction M S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 by (simp\ add: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
abbreviation trail-weight where
trail-weight\ S \equiv map\ ((\lambda l.\ 1 + length\ l)\ o\ snd)\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
As we are defining abstract states, the Isabelle equality about them is too strong: we want the
weaker equivalence stating that two states are equal if they cannot be distinguished, i.e. given
the getter trail and clauses_{NOT} do not distinguish them.
definition state\text{-}eq_{NOT}:: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool (infix \sim 50) where
S \sim T \longleftrightarrow trail \ S = trail \ T \wedge clauses_{NOT} \ S = clauses_{NOT} \ T
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-ref[simp]:
  S \sim S
 unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-sym:
 S \sim T \longleftrightarrow T \sim S
```

```
unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemma state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}trans:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow T \sim U \Longrightarrow S \sim U
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemma
 shows
    state-eq_{NOT}-trail: S \sim T \Longrightarrow trail S = trail T and
    state-eq_{NOT}-clauses: S \sim T \Longrightarrow clauses_{NOT} S = clauses_{NOT} T
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemmas \ state-simp_{NOT}[simp] = state-eq_{NOT}-trail \ state-eq_{NOT}-clauses
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-compatible:
 assumes ST: S \sim T
 shows reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T
  have clauses_{NOT} (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = clauses_{NOT} (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T)
    using ST by auto
  moreover have trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T)
    using trail-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq[of S T F] ST by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp del: state-simp<sub>NOT</sub> simp: state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def)
qed
end
Definition of the operation
Each possible is in its own locale.
\mathbf{locale}\ propagate - ops =
  dpll-state trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
    propagate\text{-}cond :: ('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive propagate_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
propagate_{NOT}[intro]: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \Longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot C
    \implies undefined-lit (trail S) L
    \implies propagate-cond (Propagated L ()) S
    \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S
    \implies propagate_{NOT} S T
inductive-cases propagate_{NOT}E[elim]: propagate_{NOT} S T
end
locale decide-ops =
  dpll-state trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
```

for

```
trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    \mathit{add\text{-}\mathit{cls}_{NOT}} :: 'v \; \mathit{clause} \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \; \mathbf{and} \;
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st
inductive decide_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
decide_{NOT}[intro]: undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S)
  \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Decided L) S
  \implies decide_{NOT} \ S \ T
inductive-cases decide_{NOT}E[elim]: decide_{NOT} S S'
locale backjumping-ops =
  dpll-state trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive backjump where
trail\ S = F' @ Decided\ K \# F
   \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S)
   \implies C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S
   \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
   \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
   \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S))
   \implies clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}
   \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
   \implies backjump\text{-}conds \ C\ C'\ L\ S\ T
   \implies backjump \ S \ T
inductive-cases backjumpE: backjump S T
The condition atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)\ \cup\ atm\text{-}of\ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S)\ is not
implied by the the condition clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}  (no negation).
end
            DPLL with backjumping
5.2.3
locale dpll-with-backjumping-ops =
  propagate-ops\ trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds\ +
  decide-ops\ trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ +
  backjumping-ops\ trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ backjump-conds
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ \mathbf{and}
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
```

 $prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}$

tl- $trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st$ and

```
add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \textbf{and}
     remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
     inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
     backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
     propagate\text{-}conds :: ('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
   assumes
       bj-can-jump:
       \bigwedge S \ C \ F' \ K \ F \ L.
          inv S \Longrightarrow
          no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
          trail\ S = F' @ Decided\ K \# F \Longrightarrow
          C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \Longrightarrow
          trail S \models as CNot C \Longrightarrow
          undefined-lit F L \Longrightarrow
          atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of-l(F' @ Decided K \# F)) \Longrightarrow
          clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\} \Longrightarrow
          F \models as \ CNot \ C' \Longrightarrow
          \neg no-step backjump S
begin
```

We cannot add a like condition atms-of $C' \subseteq atms-of-ms$ N to ensure that we can backjump even if the last decision variable has disappeared from the set of clauses.

The part of the condition $atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of$ ' lits-of-l (F' @ Decided K # F) is important, otherwise you are not sure that you can backtrack.

Definition

We define dpll with backjumping:

```
inductive dpll-bj :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
bj-decide_{NOT}: decide_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow dpll-bj S S'
\textit{bj-propagate}_{NOT} : \textit{propagate}_{NOT} \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow \textit{dpll-bj} \ S \ S' \mid
bj-backjump: backjump \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow dpll-bj \ S \ S'
lemmas dpll-bj-induct = dpll-bj.induct[split-format(complete)]
thm dpll-bj-induct[OF dpll-with-backjumping-ops-axioms]
lemma dpll-bj-all-induct[consumes\ 2, case-names\ decide_{NOT}\ propagate_{NOT}\ backjump]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
    dpll-bj S T and
    inv S
    \bigwedge L T. undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
      \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Decided L) S
      \implies P S T and
    \bigwedge C \ L \ T. \ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \Longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow undefined-lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
      \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S
      \implies P S T  and
    \bigwedge C \ F' \ K \ F \ L \ C' \ T. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \Longrightarrow F' @ \ Decided \ K \ \# \ F \models as \ CNot \ C
      \implies trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Decided \ K \ \# \ F
      \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
      \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l (F' @ Decided K \# F))
      \implies clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}
      \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
      \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S)
      \implies P S T
```

```
shows P S T
 apply (induct T rule: dpll-bj-induct[OF local.dpll-with-backjumping-ops-axioms])
    apply (rule\ assms(1))
   using assms(3) apply blast
  apply (elim\ propagate_{NOT}E) using assms(4) apply blast
 apply (elim backjumpE) using assms(5) \langle inv S \rangle by simp
Basic properties
First, some better suited induction principle lemma dpll-bj-clauses:
 assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
 shows clauses_{NOT} S = clauses_{NOT} T
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
No duplicates in the trail lemma dpll-bj-no-dup:
 assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail\ T)
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp add: defined-lit-map reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning)
Valuations lemma dpll-bj-sat-iff:
 assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
 shows I \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
Clauses lemma dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv:
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
 shows atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) = atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T)
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
lemma dpll-bj-atms-in-trail:
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)
 shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning)
lemma dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set:
 assumes dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
  atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
  atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S)) \subseteq A
 shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq A
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
lemma dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv:
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv: inv S and
```

```
decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail T))
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induction rule:dpll-bj-all-induct)
 case decide_{NOT}
 then show ?case using decomp by auto
next
 case (propagate_{NOT} \ C \ L \ T) note propa = this(1) and undef = this(3) and T = this(4)
 let ?M' = trail (prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S)
 let ?N = clauses_{NOT} S
 obtain a y l where ay: get-all-ann-decomposition ?M' = (a, y) \# l
   by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition ?M') fastforce+
 then have M': M' = y \otimes a using get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp[of M'] by auto
 have M: get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S) = (a, tl y) \# l
   using ay undef by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have y_0: y = (Propagated L()) \# (tl y)
   using ay undef by (auto simp add: M)
 from arg\text{-}cong[OF this, of set] have y[simp]: set y = insert (Propagated L ()) (set (tl y))
   by simp
 have tr-S: trail S = tl y @ a
   using arg-cong[OF M', of tl] y_0 M get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp by force
 have a-Un-N-M: unmark-l a \cup set-mset ?N \models ps unmark-l (tl \ y)
   using decomp ay unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (simp add: M)+
 moreover have unmark-l a \cup set-mset ?N \models p \{\#L\#\}  (is ?I \models p-)
   proof (rule true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     show ?I \models p C + \{\#L\#\}
      using propagate<sub>NOT</sub>. prems by (auto dest!: true-clss-clss-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
   next
     have unmark-l ?M' \models ps \ CNot \ C
      using \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle undef by (auto simp add: true-annots-true-clss-clss)
     have a1: unmark-l \ a \cup unmark-l \ (tl \ y) \models ps \ CNot \ C
      using propagate_{NOT}.hyps(2) tr-S true-annots-true-clss-clss
      by (force simp add: image-Un sup-commute)
     then have unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \models ps \ unmark-l \ a \cup unmark-l \ (tl \ y)
      using a-Un-N-M true-clss-clss-def by blast
     then show unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models ps CNot C
      using a1 by (meson true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and
        true-clss-union-l-r)
   qed
 ultimately have unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ ?N \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M'
   unfolding M' by (auto simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss image-Un)
 then show ?case
   using decomp T M undef unfolding ay all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: ay)
next
 case (backjump\ C\ F'\ K\ F\ L\ D\ T) note confl=this(2) and tr=this(3) and undef=this(4) and
   L = this(5) and N-C = this(6) and vars-D = this(5) and T = this(8)
 have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-ann-decomposition F)
   using decomp unfolding tr all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) get-all-ann-decomposition.simps(1)
     get-all-ann-decomposition-never-empty hd-Cons-tl insert-iff list.sel(3) list.set(2)
     tl-get-all-ann-decomposition-skip-some)
 obtain a b li where F: get-all-ann-decomposition F = (a, b) \# li
   by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition F) auto
 have F = b @ a
```

```
using get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp[of F a b] F by auto
 have a-N-b:unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S) \models ps unmark-l b
   using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: F)
 have F-D: unmark-l F \models ps \ CNot \ D
   using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by (simp add: true-annots-true-clss-clss)
 then have unmark-l \ a \cup unmark-l \ b \models ps \ CNot \ D
   unfolding \langle F = b \otimes a \rangle by (simp add: image-Un sup.commute)
 have a-N-CNot-D: unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S) \models ps \ CNot \ D \cup unmark-l b
   apply (rule true-clss-clss-left-right)
   using a-N-b F-D unfolding \langle F = b \otimes a \rangle by (auto simp add: image-Un ac-simps)
 have a-N-D-L: unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S) \models p D + \{\#L\#\}
   by (simp \ add: N-C)
 have unmark-l a \cup set\text{-mset} (clauses_{NOT} S) \models p \{\#L\#\}
   using a-N-D-L a-N-CNot-D by (blast intro: true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
 then show ?case
   using decomp T tr undef unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: F)
qed
Termination
Using a proper measure lemma length-get-all-ann-decomposition-append-Decided:
 length (qet-all-ann-decomposition (F' @ Decided K \# F)) =
   length (get-all-ann-decomposition F')
   + length (get-all-ann-decomposition (Decided K \# F))
 by (induction F' rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma take-length-get-all-ann-decomposition-decided-sandwich:
 take (length (get-all-ann-decomposition F))
     (map\ (f\ o\ snd)\ (rev\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (F'\ @\ Decided\ K\ \#\ F))))
    map\ (f\ o\ snd)\ (rev\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ F))
\mathbf{proof} (induction F' rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (Decided K)
 then show ?case by (simp add: length-get-all-ann-decomposition-append-Decided)
 case (Propagated L m F') note IH = this(1)
 obtain a b l where F': get-all-ann-decomposition (F' @ Decided K # F) = (a, b) # l
   by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition (F' @ Decided K \# F)) auto
 have length (get-all-ann-decomposition F) - length l = 0
   using length-qet-all-ann-decomposition-append-Decided of F' K F
   unfolding F' by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition F') auto
 then show ?case
   using IH by (simp \ add: F')
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ length\text{-} get\text{-}all\text{-}ann\text{-}decomposition\text{-}length:}
 length (get-all-ann-decomposition M) \leq 1 + length M
 by (induction M rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
```

```
lemma length-in-get-all-ann-decomposition-bounded: assumes i:i \in set (trail-weight S) shows i \leq Suc (length (trail S)) proof — obtain a b where (a, b) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and ib: i = Suc (length b) using i by auto then obtain c where trail \ S = c \ @ b \ @ a using get-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend' by metis from arg-cong[OF\ this,\ of\ length] show ?thesis using i ib by auto qed
```

Well-foundedness The bounds are the following:

- 1 + card (atms-of-ms A): card (atms-of-ms A) is an upper bound on the length of the list. As get-all-ann-decomposition appends an possibly empty couple at the end, adding one is needed.
- 2 + card (atms-of-ms A): card (atms-of-ms A) is an upper bound on the number of elements, where adding one is necessary for the same reason as for the bound on the list, and one is needed to have a strict bound.

```
abbreviation unassigned-lit :: 'b literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat where
  unassigned-lit N M \equiv card (atms-of-ms N) - length M
lemma dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop:
 fixes M :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and \ N :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
   NA: atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ and
   MA: atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A  and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows \mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
   > \mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
 case (propagate_{NOT} \ C \ L) note CLN = this(1) and MC = this(2) and undef - L = this(3) and T = this(3)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (Propagated L () # trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using propagate_{NOT} dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> NA MA CLN
   by (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
 have no-dup: no-dup (Propagated L () \# trail S)
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L by auto
  obtain a b l where M: get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have b-le-M: length b \leq length (trail S)
   \mathbf{using} \ \textit{get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp} [\textit{of trail } S] \ \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{simp add: } M)
 have finite (atms-of-ms A) using finite by simp
  then have length (Propagated L () \# trail S) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l[OF no-dup]
```

```
by (simp add: card-mono)
 then have latm: unassigned-lit A b = Suc (unassigned-lit A (Propagated L d \# b))
   using b-le-M by auto
 then show ?case using T undef-L by (auto simp: latm M \mu_C-cons)
 case (decide_{NOT} L) note undef-L = this(1) and MC = this(2) and T = this(3)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (Decided L # (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set bj-decide_{NOT} decide_{NOT}. decide_{NOT}. decide_{NOT}. hyps] NA MA
MC
   by auto
 have no-dup: no-dup (Decided L \# (trail S))
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L by auto
 obtain a b l where M: get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 then have length (Decided L # (trail S)) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l[OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 show ?case using T undef-L by (simp add: \mu_C-cons)
next
 case (backjump C F' K F L C' T) note undef-L = this(4) and MC = this(1) and tr-S = this(3)
and
   L = this(5) and T = this(8)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (Propagated L () \# F) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set NA MA L by (auto simp: tr-S)
 have no-dup: no-dup (Propagated L () \# F)
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L tr-S by auto
 obtain a b l where M: qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have b-le-M: length b \leq length (trail S)
   using get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp[of trail S] by (simp add: M)
 have fin-atms-A: finite (atms-of-ms A) using finite by simp
 then have F-le-A: length (Propagated L () \# F) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l[OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 have tr-S-le-A: length (trail\ S) \le card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   using n-d MA by (metis fin-atms-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l)
 obtain a b l where F: get-all-ann-decomposition F = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition F) auto
 then have F = b @ a
   using get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp[of Propagated L () \# F a
     Propagated L() \# b] by simp
 then have latm: unassigned-lit A b = Suc (unassigned-lit A (Propagated L () \# b))
    using F-le-A by simp
 obtain rem where
   rem:map\ (\lambda a.\ Suc\ (length\ (snd\ a)))\ (rev\ (qet-all-ann-decomposition\ (F'\ @\ Decided\ K\ \#\ F)))
   = map \ (\lambda a. \ Suc \ (length \ (snd \ a))) \ (rev \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ F)) \ @ rem
   using take-length-get-all-ann-decomposition-decided-sandwich of F \lambda a. Suc (length a) F' K
   unfolding o-def by (metis append-take-drop-id)
 then have rem: map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a)))
     (get-all-ann-decomposition (F' @ Decided K \# F))
   = \mathit{rev} \ \mathit{rem} \ @ \ \mathit{map} \ (\lambda \mathit{a}. \ \mathit{Suc} \ (\mathit{length} \ (\mathit{snd} \ \mathit{a}))) \ ((\mathit{get-all-ann-decomposition} \ \mathit{F}))
   by (simp add: rev-map[symmetric] rev-swap)
```

```
have length (rev rem @ map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a))) (get-all-ann-decomposition F))
        \leq Suc (card (atms-of-ms A))
   using arg-cong[OF rem, of length] tr-S-le-A
   length-get-all-ann-decomposition-length[of F' @ Decided K # F] tr-S by auto
  moreover
   { fix i :: nat and xs :: 'a list
     have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
      by auto
     then have H: i < length \ xs \implies rev \ xs \ ! \ i \in set \ xs
      using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
   } note H = this
   have \forall i < length \ rem. \ rev \ rem! \ i < card (atms-of-ms \ A) + 2
     using tr-S-le-A length-in-get-all-ann-decomposition-bounded[of - S] unfolding tr-S
     by (force simp add: o-def rem dest!: H intro: length-get-all-ann-decomposition-length)
 ultimately show ?case
   using \mu_C-bounded of rev rem card (atms-of-ms A)+2 unassigned-lit A l T undef-L
   by (simp add: rem \mu_C-append \mu_C-cons F tr-S)
lemma dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop:
 assumes dpll: dpll-bj S T and inv: inv S and
  N-A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
  M-A: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
 nd: no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \ \mathbf{and}
 fin-A: finite A
 shows (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
          < (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (trail-weight \ S)
proof -
 let ?b = 2 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?s = 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?\mu = \mu_C ?s ?b
 have M'-A: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
   by (meson M-A N-A dpll dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set inv)
 have nd': no-dup (trail T)
   using \langle dpll-bj \mid S \mid T \rangle \mid dpll-bj-no-dup \mid nd \mid inv \mid by \mid blast
  { fix i :: nat and xs :: 'a list
   have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
     by auto
   then have H: i < length \ xs \implies xs \mid i \in set \ xs
     using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
  \} note H = this
  have l-M-A: length (trail\ S) \le card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l nd)
  have l-M'-A: length (trail\ T) \leq card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M'-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l nd')
 have l-trail-weight-M: length (trail-weight T) \leq 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
    using l-M'-A length-qet-all-ann-decomposition-length[of trail T] by auto
 have bounded-M: \forall i < length (trail-weight T). (trail-weight T)! i < card (atms-of-ms A) + 2
   using length-in-get-all-ann-decomposition-bounded [of - T] l-M'-A
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) H Nat.le-trans add-2-eq-Suc' not-le not-less-eq-eq)
 from dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop[OF dpll inv N-A M-A nd fin-A]
 have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight S) < \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight T) by simp
```

```
moreover from \mu_C-bounded[OF bounded-M l-trail-weight-M]
   have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight T) \leq ?b \hat{} ?s by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
qed
lemma wf-dpll-bj:
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S). dpll-bj S T
   \land atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
  (is wf ?A)
proof (rule wf-bounded-measure[of -
       \lambda-. (2 + card (atms-of-ms A))^(1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
       \lambda S. \ \mu_C \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (trail-weight \ S)])
 \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b :: 'st
 \mathbf{let} ?b = 2 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?s = 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?\mu = \mu_C ?s ?b
 assume ab: (b, a) \in ?A
 have fin-A: finite\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   using fin by auto
 have
   dpll-bj: dpll-bj a b and
   N-A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ a) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   M-A: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ a) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
   nd: no-dup (trail a) and
   inv: inv a
   using ab by auto
  have M'-A: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ b) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
   by (meson M-A N-A (dpll-bj a b) dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set inv)
  have nd': no-dup (trail b)
   using \langle dpll-bj \ a \ b \rangle \ dpll-bj-no-dup \ nd \ inv by blast
  { fix i :: nat and xs :: 'a list
   have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
   then have H: i < length xs \implies xs \mid i \in set xs
     using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
  } note H = this
 have l-M-A: length (trail\ a) \leq card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l nd)
  have l-M'-A: length (trail\ b) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M'-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l nd')
  have l-trail-weight-M: length (trail-weight b) <math>\leq 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
    using l-M'-A length-get-all-ann-decomposition-length of trail b by auto
  have bounded-M: \forall i < length (trail-weight b). (trail-weight b)! i < card (atms-of-ms A) + 2
   using length-in-qet-all-ann-decomposition-bounded of - b l-M'-A
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans One-nat-def Suc-1 add.right-neutral add-Suc-right
     le-imp-less-Suc less-eq-Suc-le nth-mem)
 from dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop[OF dpll-bj inv N-A M-A nd fin]
 have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight a) < \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) by simp
  moreover from \mu_C-bounded[OF bounded-M l-trail-weight-M]
   have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) \leq ?b \hat{} ?s by auto
```

```
ultimately show ?b \ ^?s \le ?b \ ^?s \land \mu_C \ ?s \ ?b \ (trail\text{-}weight \ b) \le ?b \ ^?s \land \mu_C \ ?s \ ?b \ (trail\text{-}weight \ a) < \mu_C \ ?s \ ?b \ (trail\text{-}weight \ b) by blast qed
```

Normal Forms

We prove that given a normal form of DPLL, with some structural invariants, then either N is satisfiable and the built valuation M is a model; or N is unsatisfiable.

Idea of the proof: We have to prove tat satisfiable $N, \neg M \models as N$ and there is no remaining step is incompatible.

- 1. The decide rule tells us that every variable in N has a value.
- 2. The assumption $\neg M \models as N$ implies that there is conflict.
- 3. There is at least one decision in the trail (otherwise, M would be a model of the set of clauses N).
- 4. Now if we build the clause with all the decision literals of the trail, we can apply the backjump rule.

The assumption are saying that we have a finite upper bound A for the literals, that we cannot do any step no-step dpll-bj S

```
theorem dpll-backjump-final-state:
  fixes A :: 'v \ clause \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
  assumes
    atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   n-s: no-step dpll-bj S and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \vee (trail S \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)))
proof -
  let ?N = set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} S)
 let ?M = trail S
  consider
     (sat) satisfiable ?N and ?M \models as ?N
    \mid (sat') \ satisfiable ?N \ and \neg ?M \models as ?N
   | (unsat) unsatisfiable ?N
   by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case sat' note sat = this(1) and M = this(2)
     obtain C where C \in ?N and \neg ?M \models a C using M unfolding true-annots-def by auto
     obtain I :: 'v \ literal \ set \ where
       I \models s ?N  and
       cons: consistent-interp\ I and
       tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ ?N \ \mathbf{and}
       atm-I-N: atm-of 'I \subseteq atms-of-ms ?N
```

```
using sat unfolding satisfiable-def-min by auto
let ?I = I \cup \{P | P. P \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\}
let ?O = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-decided\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
have cons-I': consistent-interp ?I
 using cons using \langle no\text{-}dup ?M \rangle unfolding consistent-interp-def
 by (auto simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def
    dest!: no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus)
have tot-I': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup unmark-l ?M)
 using tot atm-I-N unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 by (fastforce simp: image-iff lits-of-def)
have \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ? M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I\} \models s ? O
 using \langle I \models s ?N \rangle atm-I-N by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of true-clss-def lits-of-def)
then have I'-N: ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O
 using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle true-clss-union-increase by force
have tot': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup ?O)
 using atm-I-N tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 by (force simp: lits-of-def elim!: is-decided-ex-Decided)
have atms-N-M: atms-of-ms ?N \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of-l ?M
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain l :: 'v where
      l-N: l \in atms-of-ms ?N and
     l\text{-}M: l \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ?M
     by auto
   have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
      using l-M by (metis Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
       atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set literal.sel(1))
   from bj-decide_{NOT}[OF\ decide_{NOT}[OF\ this]] show False
      using l-N n-s by (metis\ literal.sel(1)\ state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
 qed
have ?M \models as \ CNot \ C
 apply (rule all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot)
 using \langle C \in set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \rangle \langle \neg \ trail \ S \models a \ C \rangle
    atms-N-M by (auto dest: atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono)
have \exists l \in set ?M. is\text{-}decided l
 proof (rule ccontr)
   let ?O = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-decided\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
   have \vartheta[iff]: \bigwedge I. total-over-m I (?N \cup ?O \cup unmark-l ?M)
      \longleftrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ (?N \cup unmark\text{-}l\ ?M)
     unfolding total-over-set-def total-over-m-def atms-of-ms-def by blast
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have [simp]: \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-}decided\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\}
      = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-decided\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
     by auto
   then have ?N \cup ?O \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M
     using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF decomp] by auto
   then have ?I \models s \ unmark-l \ ?M
      using cons-I' I'-N tot-I' \langle ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O \rangle unfolding \vartheta true-clss-clss-def by blast
   then have lits-of-l ?M \subseteq ?I
      unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
   then have ?M \models as ?N
      using I'-N \langle C \in ?N \rangle \langle \neg ?M \models a C \rangle cons-I' atms-N-M
     by (meson \ \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle \ consistent-CNot-not \ rev-subsetD \ sup-ge1 \ true-annot-def
        true-annots-def true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def)
```

```
then show False using M by fast
 qed
from List.split-list-first-propE[OF\ this] obtain K:: 'v\ literal\ and
  F F' :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ \mathbf{where}
 M-K: ?M = F' @ Decided K # F and
 nm: \forall f \in set \ F'. \ \neg is\text{-}decided \ f
 unfolding is-decided-def by metis
let ?K = Decided K :: ('v, unit) ann-lit
have ?K \in set ?M
 unfolding M-K by auto
let C = image-mset\ lit-of\ \{\#L \in \#mset\ M.\ is-decided\ L \land L \neq R \} :: 'v\ clause
let ?C' = set\text{-mset} \ (image\text{-mset} \ (\lambda L::'v \ literal. \{\#L\#\}) \ (?C + unmark \ ?K))
have ?N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-}decided\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\} \models ps\ unmark\text{-}l\ ?M
 using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied[OF decomp].
moreover have C': ?C' = \{unmark \ L \ | L. \ is\text{-}decided \ L \land L \in set \ ?M\}
 unfolding M-K by standard force+
ultimately have N-C-M: ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M
have N-M-False: ?N \cup (\lambda L. \ unmark \ L) ' (set \ ?M) \models ps \ \{\{\#\}\}\}
 using M \triangleleft ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \triangleright \triangleleft C \in ?N \rangle unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def Ball-def
 true\text{-}annot\text{-}def \ \ \mathbf{by} \ \ (met is \ consistent\text{-}CNot\text{-}not \ sup.order E \ sup\text{-}commute \ true\text{-}clss\text{-}def
   true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union true-clss-union-increase)
have undefined-lit F K using (no-dup ?M) unfolding M-K by (simp\ add:\ defined-lit-map)
moreover
 have ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\}
   proof -
     have A: ?N \cup ?C' \cup unmark-l ?M = ?N \cup unmark-l ?M
       unfolding M-K by auto
     show ?thesis
       using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of {{#}}] N-M-False unfolding A by auto
   qed
 have ?N \models p \ image\text{-}mset \ uminus \ ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
   unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix}\ I
     assume
       tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (?N \cup {image-mset uminus ?C+ {#- K#}})) and
       cons: consistent-interp\ I and
       I \models s ?N
     have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
       using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def by (cases K) auto
     have \{a \in set \ (trail \ S). \ is\text{-}decided \ a \land a \neq Decided \ K\} =
       set (trail\ S) \cap \{L.\ is\text{-decided}\ L \land L \neq Decided\ K\}
      by auto
     then have tot': total-over-set I
        (atm\text{-}of 'lit\text{-}of '(set ?M \cap \{L. is\text{-}decided } L \land L \neq Decided K\}))
       using tot by (auto simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
     { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lit}
       assume
         a3: lit-of x \notin I and
         a1: x \in set ?M and
         a4: is\text{-}decided \ x \ \mathbf{and}
         a5: x \neq Decided K
       then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
         using a5 a4 tot' a1 unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by blast
```

```
moreover have f6: Neg (atm-of (lit-of x)) = - Pos (atm-of (lit-of x))
               by simp
             ultimately have - lit-of x \in I
               using f6 a3 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
                  literal.sel(1)
            } note H = this
           have \neg I \models s ?C'
             using \langle ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\} \rangle \ tot \ cons \langle I \models s ?N \rangle
             unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
             by (simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
           then show I \models image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
             unfolding true-cls-def true-cls-def using (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
             by (auto dest!: H)
         qed
      moreover have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
       using nm unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def M-K by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
      ultimately have False
       using bj-can-jump[of S F' K F C - K
         image-mset\ uminus\ (image-mset\ lit-of\ \{\#\ L:\#\ mset\ ?M.\ is-decided\ L\land L\ne Decided\ K\#\}\}
         \langle C \in ?N \rangle n-s \langle ?M \models as\ CNot\ C \rangle bj-backjump inv \langle no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S) \rangle unfolding M-K by auto
       then show ?thesis by fast
   qed auto
qed
end — End of dpll-with-backjumping-ops
locale dpll-with-backjumping =
  dpll-with-backjumping-ops trail clauses_{NOT} prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} inv
    backjump-conds propagate-conds
   trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and
   clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \textbf{and}
   remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
   inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
   propagate\text{-}conds :: ('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
 assumes dpll-bj-inv: \land S T. dpll-bj: S T \Longrightarrow inv: S \Longrightarrow inv: T
begin
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv:
  assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
  shows inv T
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto simp add: dpll-bj-no-dup intro: dpll-bj-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup:
  assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail\ T)
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (auto simp add: dpll-bj-no-dup dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-inv)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\text{-}clauses\text{-}inv:
    dpll-bj^{**} S T  and inv S
  shows atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) = atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T)
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail:
  assumes
    dpll-bj^{**} S T and
    inv S and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)
  shows atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail\ T)) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT}\ T)
  using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv by auto
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-iff:
  assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
  shows I \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto dest!: dpll-bj-sat-iff simp: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set}:
  assumes
    dpll-bj^{**} S T and
   inv S
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of ' (lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq A
  shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq A
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (auto dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv
   simp: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}inv\text{:}}
  assumes
    dpll-bj^{**} S T and
    inv S
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
  shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto intro: dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv simp: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv-incl-dpll-bj-inv-trancl:
  \{(T, S), dpll-bj^{++} S T\}
   \land atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
     \subseteq \{(T, S). \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \land atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
       \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}<sup>+</sup>
    (is ?A \subset ?B^+)
proof standard
  \mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x-A: x \in ?A
  obtain S T::'st where
    x[simp]: x = (T, S) by (cases x) auto
  have
```

```
dpll-bj<sup>++</sup> S T and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A and
    no-dup (trail S) and
    inv S
   using x-A by auto
  then show x \in ?B^+ unfolding x
   proof (induction rule: tranclp-induct)
      case base
      then show ?case by auto
   next
      case (step T U) note step = this(1) and ST = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4-7)]
       and N-A = this(4) and M-A = this(5) and nd = this(6) and inv = this(7)
      have [simp]: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) = atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T)
       \textbf{using} \ \textit{step rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp inv } \textbf{by} \ \textit{fastforce}
      have no-dup (trail T)
       using local.step nd rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup tranclp-into-rtranclp inv by fastforce
      moreover have atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
       \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis inv M-A N-A local.step rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set}
         tranclp-into-rtranclp)
      moreover have inv T
        using inv local.step rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp by fastforce
      ultimately have (U, T) \in ?B using ST N-A M-A inv by auto
      then show ?case using IH by (rule trancl-into-trancl2)
   ged
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-dpll-bj:
  assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S). dpll-bj^{++} S T
   \land atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
  using wf-trancl[OF \ wf-dpll-bj[OF \ fin]] rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv-incl-dpll-bj-inv-trancl
  by (rule wf-subset)
lemma dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff:
  dpll-bj \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T
  by (simp add: dpll-bj-clauses)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff:
  dpll-bj^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} T
  by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (simp-all add: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff)
theorem full-dpll-backjump-final-state:
  fixes A :: 'v \ clause \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
  assumes
   full: full dpll-bj S T and
   atms-S: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   \mathit{atms-trail} \colon \mathit{atm-of} \mathrel{`} \mathit{lits-of-l} \mathrel{(trail\ S)} \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-ms}\ \mathit{A} \ \mathbf{and}
   n\text{-}d: no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S))
  \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)))
```

```
proof -
 have st: dpll-bj^{**} S T and no\text{-}step dpll-bj T
   using full unfolding full-def by fast+
  moreover have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using atms-S inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv st by blast
  moreover have atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
    using atms-S atms-trail inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set st by auto
 moreover have no-dup (trail\ T)
   using n-d inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup st by blast
  moreover have inv: inv T
   using inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv st by blast
 moreover
   have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses_{NOT} T) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail T))
     using \langle inv S \rangle decomp rtranclp-dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv st by blast
  ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)))
   using \langle finite \ A \rangle \ dpll-backjump-final-state \ by force
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson (inv S) rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-iff satisfiable-carac st true-annots-true-cls)
qed
corollary full-dpll-backjump-final-state-from-init-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ clause \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj S T and
   trail S = [] and
   clauses_{NOT} S = N and
   inv S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N) \vee (trail T \models asm N \land satisfiable (set-mset N))
 using assms full-dpll-backjump-final-state of S T set-mset N by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}trail\text{-}mes\text{-}decreasing\text{-}prop:
 assumes dpll: dpll-bj<sup>++</sup> S T and inv: inv S and
  N-A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
  M-A: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
  n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
 fin-A: finite A
 shows (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
          < (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
 using dpll
proof (induction)
  case base
  then show ?case
   using N-A M-A n-d dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop fin-A inv by blast
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and dpll = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) = atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
   using rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv by (metis dpll-bj-clauses dpll-bj-inv inv st
     tranclpD)
  then have N-A': atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    using N-A by auto
 moreover have M-A': atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   by (meson M-A N-A inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set st dpll
     tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp-into-rtranclp tranclp-trans)
```

```
moreover have nd: no-dup (trail T)
by (metis inv n-d rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup st tranclp-into-rtranclp)
moreover have inv T
by (meson dpll dpll-bj-inv inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv st tranclp-into-rtranclp)
ultimately show ?case
using IH dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop[of T U A] dpll fin-A by linarith
qed
end — End of dpll-with-backjumping
```

5.2.4 CDCL

In this section we will now define the conflict driven clause learning above DPLL: we first introduce the rules learn and forget, and the add these rules to the DPLL calculus.

Learn and Forget

Learning adds a new clause where all the literals are already included in the clauses.

```
locale learn-ops =
  dpll-state trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
    learn\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive learn :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
learn_{NOT}-rule: clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C \Longrightarrow
  atms-of\ C\subseteq atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)\cup atm-of\ `(lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
  learn\text{-}cond\ C\ S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
  learn S T
inductive-cases learn_{NOT}E: learn S T
lemma learn-\mu_C-stable:
  assumes learn S T and no-dup (trail S)
  shows \mu_C A B (trail-weight S) = \mu_C A B (trail-weight T)
  using assms by (auto elim: learn_{NOT}E)
end
```

Forget removes an information that can be deduced from the context (e.g. redundant clauses, tautologies)

```
locale forget\text{-}ops = dpll\text{-}state\ trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend\text{-}trail\ tl\text{-}trail\ add\text{-}cls_{NOT}\ remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} for trail:: 'st \Rightarrow ('v,\ unit)\ ann\text{-}lits\ \textbf{and} clauses_{NOT}:: 'st \Rightarrow 'v\ clauses\ \textbf{and} prepend\text{-}trail:: ('v,\ unit)\ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st\ \textbf{and} tl\text{-}trail:: 'st \Rightarrow 'st\ \textbf{and} add\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st\ \textbf{and}
```

```
remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive forget_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
forget_{NOT}:
  removeAll\text{-}mset\ C(clauses_{NOT}\ S) \models pm\ C \Longrightarrow
  forget\text{-}cond\ C\ S \Longrightarrow
  C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
  forget_{NOT} S T
inductive-cases forget_{NOT}E: forget_{NOT} S T
lemma forget-\mu_C-stable:
  assumes forget_{NOT} S T
  shows \mu_C A B (trail-weight S) = \mu_C A B (trail-weight T)
  using assms by (auto elim!: forget_{NOT}E)
\mathbf{locale}\ \mathit{learn-and-forget}_{\mathit{NOT}} =
  learn-ops\ trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ learn-cond\ +
  forget-ops\ trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ forget-cond
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ \mathbf{and}
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
    learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond\ ::\ 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive learn-and-forget<sub>NOT</sub> :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
where
lf-learn: learn \ S \ T \Longrightarrow learn-and-forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \mid
lf-forget: forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow learn-and-forget_{NOT} \ S \ T
end
Definition of CDCL
locale \ conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops =
  dpll-with-backjumping-ops trail clauses_{NOT} prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    inv\ backjump\text{-}conds\ propagate\text{-}conds\ +
  learn-and-forget_{NOT} trail clauses_{NOT} prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} learn-cond
    forget-cond
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond :: 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
```

```
inductive cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
c-dpll-bj: dpll-bj S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S S'
c-learn: learn \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ S'
\textit{c-forget}_{NOT} : \textit{forget}_{NOT} \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow \textit{cdcl}_{NOT} \ S \ S'
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct[consumes 1, case-names dpll-bj learn forget_{NOT}]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and
    dpll: \bigwedge T. \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ and
   learning:
     \bigwedge C \ T. \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \models pm \ C \Longrightarrow
     atms-of\ C\subseteq atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)\cup atm-of\ `(lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
      T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
     P S T and
   forgetting: \bigwedge C T. removeAll-mset C (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models pm C \Longrightarrow
      C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \Longrightarrow
      T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
     PST
  shows P S T
  using assms(1) by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}.induct)
  (auto intro: assms(2, 3, 4) elim!: learn_{NOT}E forget<sub>NOT</sub>E)+
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT} S T and
    inv S and
   no-dup (trail S)
  shows no-dup (trail T)
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct) (auto intro: dpll-bj-no-dup)
Consistency of the trail lemma \ cdcl_{NOT}-consistent:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT} S T and
    inv S and
   no-dup (trail S)
  shows consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail T))
  using cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF\ assms]\ distinct-consistent-interp by fast
The subtle problem here is that tautologies can be removed, meaning that some variable can
disappear of the problem. It is also means that some variable of the trail might not be present
in the clauses anymore.
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-ms-clauses-decreasing:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S and no-dup (trail\ S)
  shows atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S))
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
   (auto dest!: dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv set-mp simp add: atms-of-ms-def Union-eq)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S and no-dup (trail\ S)
  and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
  shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct) (auto simp add: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set:
```

```
assumes
    cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S and no-dup (trail S) and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of ' (lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq A
  shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq A
  using assms
 by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
    (simp-all add: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S and n\text{-}d[simp]: no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms(1,2,4)
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
 case dpll-bj
 then show ?case
    using dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv n-d by blast
\mathbf{next}
  case learn
 then show ?case by (auto simp add: all-decomposition-implies-def)
next
  case (forget<sub>NOT</sub> C T) note cls-C = this(1) and C = this(2) and T = this(3) and iniv = this(4)
and
    decomp = this(5)
 show ?case
   unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def Ball-def
   proof (intro allI, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
     assume (a, b) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail T))
     then have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models ps unmark-l b
       using decomp T by (auto simp add: all-decomposition-implies-def)
     moreover
       have a1:C \in set\text{-}mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
         using C by blast
       have clauses_{NOT} T = clauses_{NOT} (remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> CS)
        using T state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-clauses by blast
       then have set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \models ps set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
         using a1 by (metis (no-types) clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> cls-C insert-Diff order-refl
         set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) true-clss-clss-def true-clss-clss-insert)
     ultimately show unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
       \models ps \ unmark-l \ b
       using true-clss-clss-generalise-true-clss-clss by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
Extension of models lemma cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S and n-d: no-dup (trail S)
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
  case dpll-bj
 then show ?case by (simp add: dpll-bj-clauses)
next
  case (learn C T) note T = this(3)
```

```
\{ \text{ fix } J \}
   assume
     I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S and
     I \subseteq J and
     tot: total-over-m J (set-mset (\{\#C\#\} + clauses_{NOT} S)) and
     cons: consistent-interp J
   then have J \models sm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S unfolding true-clss-ext-def by auto
   moreover
     with \langle clauses_{NOT} S \models pm \ C \rangle have J \models C
       using tot cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have J \models sm \{\#C\#\} + clauses_{NOT} S by auto
  then have H: I \models sextm (clauses_{NOT} S) \Longrightarrow I \models sext insert C (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S))
   unfolding true-clss-ext-def by auto
  show ?case
   apply standard
     using T n-d apply (auto\ simp\ add:\ H)[]
   using T n-d apply simp
   by (metis Diff-insert-absorb insert-subset subsetI subset-antisym
     true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r)
next
 case (forget_{NOT} \ C \ T) note cls\text{-}C = this(1) and T = this(3)
 \{ \text{ fix } J \}
   assume
     I \models sext \ set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) - \{C\} \ and
     I \subseteq J and
     tot: total-over-m J (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S)) and
     cons: consistent-interp J
   then have J \models s \ set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) - \{C\}
     unfolding true-clss-ext-def by (meson Diff-subset total-over-m-subset)
   moreover
     with cls-C have J \models C
       using tot cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def
       by (metis Un-commute forget_{NOT}.hyps(2) insert-Diff insert-is-Un order-reft
         set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1))
   ultimately have J \models sm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) by (metis \ insert-Diff-single \ true-clss-insert)
  then have H: I \models sext \ set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) - \{C\} \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)
   unfolding true-clss-ext-def by blast
 show ?case using T by (auto simp: true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r H)
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops
CDCL with invariant
locale conflict-driven-clause-learning =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops +
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
sublocale dpll-with-backjumping
 apply unfold-locales
 using cdcl_{NOT}.simps\ cdcl_{NOT}.inv by auto
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
  by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp\ add:\ cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and inv S
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail\ T)
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound:
 assumes
    cdcl: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T  and
   inv: inv S and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   atms-clauses-S: atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \subseteq A and
   atms-trail-S: atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq A
 shows atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail T)) \subseteq A \land atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq A
  using cdcl
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case using atms-clauses-S atms-trail-S by simp
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv T using inv st rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv by blast
  have no-dup (trail\ T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[of S T] st cdcl_{NOT} inv n-d by blast
  then have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ U) \subseteq A
   using cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-ms-clauses-decreasing [OF cdcl_{NOT}] IH n-d \langle inv T \rangle by fast
 moreover
   have atm\text{-}of '(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail U)) \subseteq A
     using cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set[OF cdcl_{NOT}, of A] \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ T) \rangle
     by (meson atms-trail-S atms-clauses-S IH \langle inv T \rangle cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>)
 ultimately show ?case by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and inv S and no-dup (trail S) and
    all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms by (induction)
  (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}bj\text{-}sat\text{-}ext\text{-}iff\text{:}
  assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S Tand inv S and no-dup (trail S)
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T
 using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff by (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup)
definition cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv where
cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S \longleftrightarrow (finite A \land inv S \land atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land no-dup (trail S))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S
```

```
shows cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
  using assms unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def
  by (simp add: rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound)
abbreviation learn-or-forget where
learn-or-forget S T \equiv learn S T \lor forget_{NOT} S T
lemma rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT}:
  learn-or-forget^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
 using rtranclp-mono[of\ learn-or-forget\ cdcl_{NOT}] by (blast intro: cdcl_{NOT}.c-learn cdcl_{NOT}.c-forget cdcl_{NOT})
lemma learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C:
 assumes
   l-f: learn-or-forget** S T and
   dpll: dpll-bj \ T \ U \ {\bf and}
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S
 shows (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight U)
   <(2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))
      -\mu_C \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (trail-weight \ S)
    (is ?\mu U < ?\mu S)
proof -
 have ?\mu S = ?\mu T
   using l-f
   proof (induction)
     {f case}\ base
     then show ?case by simp
   next
     case (step \ T \ U)
     moreover then have no-dup (trail T)
       \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{no-dup}[\mathit{of}\ S\ T]\ \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{NOT-all-inv-def}\ \mathit{inv}
       rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
     ultimately show ?case
       using forget-\mu_C-stable learn-\mu_C-stable inv unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by presburger
   qed
 moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
    using rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv l-f inv by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop}[\mathit{of}\ T\ U\ A,\ \mathit{OF}\ \mathit{dpll}]\ \mathit{finite}
   unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by presburger
qed
lemma infinite-cdcl_{NOT}-exists-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
 assumes
    \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f(Suc \ i)) \ and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ (f \ \theta)
 shows \exists j. \forall i \geq j. learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i))
 using assms
proof (induction (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
    -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight (f 0))
   arbitrary: f
   rule: nat-less-induct-case)
 case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and \mu = this(2) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 consider
     (dpll-end) \exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn-or-forget \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))
```

```
|(dpll\text{-more}) \neg (\exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn\text{-or-forget} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)))|
 by blast
then show ?case
 proof cases
   case dpll-end
   then show ?thesis by auto
 next
   case dpll-more
   then have j: \exists i. \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))
     by blast
   obtain i where
      \neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) and
     \forall k < i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
     proof -
        obtain i_0 where \neg learn (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0))
         using j by auto
        then have \{i.\ i \leq i_0 \land \neg\ learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i))\} \neq \{\}
        let ?I = \{i. \ i \leq i_0 \land \neg \ learn \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))\}
        let ?i = Min ?I
        have finite ?I
         by auto
        have \neg learn (f ?i) (f (Suc ?i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f ?i) (f (Suc ?i))
          using Min-in[OF \langle finite ?I \rangle \langle ?I \neq \{\} \rangle] by auto
        moreover have \forall k < ?i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
         using Min.coboundedI[of \{i. i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i)\}
            (f(Suc\ i)), simplified
         by (meson \leftarrow learn\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land less-imp-le
            dual-order.trans not-le)
        ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
     qed
   \operatorname{def} g \equiv \lambda n. f (n + Suc i)
   have dpll-bj (f i) (g \theta)
     using \langle \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \wedge \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i)) \rangle cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.cases
     g-def by auto
     \mathbf{fix} \ j
     assume j \leq i
     then have learn-or-forget** (f \ \theta) \ (f \ j)
       apply (induction j)
        apply simp
        by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-leD Suc-le-lessD rtranclp.simps
          \forall k < i. \ learn \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor forget_{NOT} \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \rangle
   then have learn-or-forget^{**} (f \ 0) (f \ i) by blast
   then have (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
         -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight (g 0))
      <(2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
        -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight (f 0))
     using learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C[of f \ 0 \ f \ i \ g \ 0 \ A] inv \langle dpll-bj \ (f \ i) \ (g \ 0) \rangle
     unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by linarith
   moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-i: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} (f \theta) (g \theta)
     using rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT}[of f \ 0 \ f \ i] \ \langle learn-or-forget^{**} \ (f \ 0) \ (f \ i) \rangle
      cdcl_{NOT}[of i] unfolding g-def by auto
   moreover have \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (g \ i) \ (g \ (Suc \ i))
```

```
using cdcl_{NOT} g-def by auto
      moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A (g \theta)
        using inv cdcl_{NOT}-i rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound g-def cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv by auto
      ultimately obtain j where j: \bigwedge i. i \ge j \implies learn-or-forget (g i) (g (Suc i))
        using IH unfolding \mu[symmetric] by presburger
      show ?thesis
        proof
          {
            \mathbf{fix} \ k
            assume k \ge j + Suc i
            then have learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
              using j[of k-Suc \ i] unfolding g-def by auto
          then show \forall k \ge j + Suc \ i. \ learn-or-forget \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k))
            by auto
        qed
    qed
next
  case \theta note H = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and inv = this(3)
 show ?case
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume \neg ?case
      then have j: \exists i. \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))
        by blast
      obtain i where
        \neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) and
       \forall k < i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
       proof -
          obtain i_0 where \neg learn (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0))
            using j by auto
          then have \{i.\ i \leq i_0 \land \neg\ learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i))\} \neq \{\}
            by auto
          let ?I = \{i. \ i \leq i_0 \land \neg \ learn \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))\}
          let ?i = Min ?I
          have finite ?I
            by auto
          have \neg learn (f?i) (f(Suc?i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f?i) (f(Suc?i))
            using Min-in[OF \langle finite?I \rangle \langle ?I \neq \{\} \rangle] by auto
          moreover have \forall k < ?i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
            using Min.coboundedI[of \{i. i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i)\}
              (f(Suc\ i)), simplified
            by (meson \leftarrow learn\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land\ less-imp-le
              dual-order.trans not-le)
          ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
        qed
      have dpll-bj (f i) (f (Suc i))
        using \langle \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i)) \rangle cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.cases
        by blast
       \mathbf{fix}\ j
        assume j \leq i
        then have learn-or-forget^{**} (f \ \theta) (f \ j)
          apply (induction j)
          apply simp
          \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{no-types},\ \mathit{lifting})\ \mathit{Suc-leD}\ \mathit{Suc-le-lessD}\ \mathit{rtranclp.simps}
            \forall k < i. \ learn \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor forget_{NOT} \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \rangle
```

```
then have learn-or-forget^{**} (f \ 0) (f \ i) by blast
      then show False
       using learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C[of f \ 0 \ f \ i \ f \ (Suc \ i) \ A] inv \ 0
        \langle dpll-bj \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \rangle unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by linarith
   qed
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
  assumes
    no-infinite-lf: \bigwedge f j. \neg (\forall i \geq j. learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i)))
  shows wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}NOT\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ A \ S\}
   (is wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land ?inv \ S\})
  \mathbf{unfolding} \ \textit{wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain}
\mathbf{proof}\ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{ccontr})
  assume ¬ ¬ (∃f. \forall i. (f (Suc i), f i) ∈ {(T, S). cdcl_{NOT} S T \land ?inv S})
  then obtain f where
   \forall i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land ?inv \ (f \ i)
   by fast
  then have \exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i))
    using infinite-cdcl_{NOT}-exists-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain[of f] by meson
  then show False using no-infinite-lf by blast
qed
lemma inv-and-tranclp-cdcl-_{NOT}-tranclp-cdcl__{NOT}-and-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{++} S T \land cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S \longleftrightarrow (\lambda S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \land cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A
S)^{++} S T
  (is ?A \land ?I \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
  assume ?A \land ?I
  then have ?A and ?I by blast+
  then show ?B
   apply induction
      apply (simp add: tranclp.r-into-trancl)
   by (subst tranclp.simps) (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
 assume ?B
 then have ?A by induction auto
  moreover have ?I using \(\cap ?B \) tranclpD by fastforce
  ultimately show ?A \land ?I by blast
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
  assumes
    no-infinite-lf: \bigwedge f j. \neg (\forall i \geq j. learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i)))
  shows wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT}^{++} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT}^{-} NOT \text{-} all \text{-} inv \ A \ S\}
  \mathbf{using} \ \textit{wf-trancl}[OF \ \textit{wf-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\textit{no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain}[OF \ \textit{no-infinite-lf}]]
 apply (rule wf-subset)
  by (auto simp: trancl-set-tranclp inv-and-tranclp-cdcl-_{NOT}-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-final-state:
  assumes
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT} S and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
```

```
shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \vee (trail \ S \models asm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land satisfiable \ (set\text{-mset} \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)))
proof -
  have n-s': no-step dpll-bj S
   using n-s by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}.simps)
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule dpll-backjump-final-state[of S A])
   using inv \ decomp \ n\text{-}s' unfolding cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}NOT\text{-}all\text{-}inv\text{-}def by auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-final-state:
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)))
proof -
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT} T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast+
  have n\text{-}s': cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
   using cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv inv st by blast
  moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail T))
   using cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def decomp inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-all-decomposition-implies st by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using cdcl_{NOT}-final-state n-s by blast
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning
```

Termination

To prove termination we need to restrict learn and forget. Otherwise we could forget and relearn the exact same clause over and over. A first idea is to forbid removing clauses that can be used to backjump. This does not change the rules of the calculus. A second idea is to "merge" backjump and learn: that way, though closer to implementation, needs a change of the rules, since the backjump-rule learns the clause used to backjump.

Restricting learn and forget

```
locale conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnt = dpll-state trail clauses_{NOT} prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} + conflict-driven-clause-learning trail clauses_{NOT} prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} inv backjump-conds propagate-conds \lambda C S. distinct-mset C \land \neg tautology C \land learn-restrictions C S \land (\exists F \ K \ d \ F' \ C' \ L trail S = F' @ Decided K \ \# \ F \land C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as CNot C' \land C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses_{NOT} S) \lambda C S. \neg (\exists F' \ F \ K \ d \ L trail S = F' @ Decided K \ \# \ F \land F \models as CNot (remove1-mset L C)) \land forget-restrictions C S for trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) ann-lits and clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

```
add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool  and
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds :: ('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    learn-restrictions forget-restrictions :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct[consumes 1, case-names dpll-bj learn forget_{NOT}]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and
    dpll: \bigwedge T. \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ \mathbf{and}
    learning:
      \bigwedge C \ F \ K \ F' \ C' \ L \ T. \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \models pm \ C \Longrightarrow
        atms-of\ C\subseteq atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)\cup atm-of\ `(lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
        distinct-mset C \Longrightarrow
         \neg tautology C \Longrightarrow
        learn-restrictions C S \Longrightarrow
         trail\ S = F' @ Decided\ K \# F \Longrightarrow
         C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \Longrightarrow
         F \models as \ CNot \ C' \Longrightarrow
         C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses_{NOT} S \Longrightarrow
         T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
         P S T and
    forgetting: \bigwedge C T. removeAll-mset C (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models pm C \Longrightarrow
      C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \Longrightarrow
      \neg (\exists F' \ F \ K \ L. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Decided \ K \ \# \ F \land F \models as \ CNot \ (C - \{\#L\#\})) \Longrightarrow
      T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
      forget-restrictions C S \Longrightarrow
      PST
    shows P S T
  using assms(1)
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}.induct)
    apply (auto dest: assms(2) simp add: learn-ops-axioms)[]
   apply (auto elim!: learn-ops.learn.cases[OF learn-ops-axioms] dest: assms(3))[]
  apply (auto elim!: forget-ops.forget_{NOT}.cases[OF\ forget-ops-axioms]\ dest!:\ assms(4))
  done
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv unfolding conflict-driven-clause-learning-def
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-axioms-def by blast
lemma learn-always-simple-clauses:
  assumes
    learn: learn S T and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S)
  shows set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T - clauses_{NOT} S)
    \subseteq simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S))
  fix C assume C: C \in set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ T - clauses_{NOT} \ S)
  have distinct-mset C ¬tautology C using learn C n-d by (elim learn_{NOT}E; auto)+
  then have C \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of C)
    using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss by blast
```

```
moreover have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)
   using learn C n-d by (elim learn NOTE) (auto simp: atms-of-ms-def atms-of-def image-Un
     true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
  moreover have finite (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S))
  ultimately show C \in simple-clss (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S))
    using simple-clss-mono by (metis (no-types) insert-subset mk-disjoint-insert)
qed
definition conflicting-bj-clss S \equiv
   \{C+\{\#L\#\}\mid C\ L.\ C+\{\#L\#\}\in\#\ clauses_{NOT}\ S\ \land\ distinct\text{-mset}\ (C+\{\#L\#\})\}
  \wedge \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
    \land (\exists F' \ K \ F. \ trail \ S = F' @ Decided \ K \ \# \ F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C) \}
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
  conflicting-bj-clss\ (remove-cls_{NOT}\ C\ S) = conflicting-bj-clss\ S - \{C\}
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-remove-cls_{NOT} '[simp]:
  T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S \Longrightarrow conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss \ T = conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss \ S - \{C\}
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq:
  assumes
    T: T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} C' S and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S)
  shows conflicting-bj-clss\ T
   = conflicting-bj-clss S
     \cup (if \exists CL. C' = C + \{\#L\#\} \land distinct\text{-mset} (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
    \land (\exists F' \ K \ d \ F. \ trail \ S = F' @ Decided \ K \# F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C)
    then \{C'\} else \{\}\}
proof -
  \mathbf{def}\ P \equiv \lambda C\ L\ T.\ distinct\text{-mset}\ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg\ tautology\ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg
   (\exists F' \ K \ F. \ trail \ T = F' \ @ \ Decided \ K \ \# \ F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C)
 have conf: \bigwedge T. conflicting-bj-clss T = \{C + \{\#L\#\} \mid CL.\ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land P\ C\}
L T
   unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def P-def by auto
  have P-S-T: \bigwedge C L. P C L T = P C L S
   using T n-d unfolding P-def by auto
 have P: conflicting-bj-clss T = \{C + \{\#L\#\} \mid C L. C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \land P C L T\} \cup A
    \{C + \{\#L\#\} \mid C L. C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \{\#C'\#\} \land P C L T\}
   using T n-d unfolding conf by auto
 moreover have \{C + \{\#L\#\} \mid CL.\ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \land P\ CL\ T\} = conflicting-bj-clss
   using T n-d unfolding P-def conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
  moreover have \{C + \#L\#\} \mid CL. C + \#L\#\} \in \#\#C'\#\} \land PCLT\} =
   (if \exists C L. C' = C + \{\#L\#\} \land P C L S then \{C'\} else \{\})
   using n-d T by (force simp: P-S-T)
 ultimately show ?thesis unfolding P-def by presburger
qed
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}:
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
  conflicting-bj-clss (add-cls_{NOT} C'S)
   = conflicting-bj-clss S
     \cup (if \exists C L. C' = C + \{\#L\#\} \land distinct\text{-mset} (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
```

```
\wedge (\exists F' \ K \ d \ F. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Decided \ K \ \# \ F \ \wedge F \models as \ CNot \ C)
    then \{C'\} else \{\}\}
  using conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq by auto
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses:
   conflicting-bj-clss\ S \subseteq set-mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
lemma finite-conflicting-bj-clss[simp]:
 finite\ (conflicting-bj-clss\ S)
 using conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses[of S] rev-finite-subset by blast
lemma learn-conflicting-increasing:
  no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow learn\ S\ T \Longrightarrow conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss\ S \subseteq conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss\ T
  apply (elim\ learn_{NOT}E)
  by (subst conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq[of T]) auto
abbreviation conflicting-bj-clss-yet b S \equiv
  3 \hat{b} - card (conflicting-bj-clss S)
abbreviation \mu_L :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat \times nat where
 \mu_L \ b \ S \equiv (conflicting-bj-clss-yet \ b \ S, \ card \ (set-mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)))
lemma remove1-mset-single-add-if:
  remove1-mset L(C + \{\#L'\#\}) = (if L = L' then C else remove1-mset L C + \{\#L'\#\})
  by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}not\text{-}forget\text{-}before\text{-}backtrack\text{-}rule\text{-}clause\text{-}learned\text{-}clause\text{-}untouched\text{:}}
  assumes forget_{NOT} S T
  shows conflicting-bj-clss S = conflicting-bj-clss T
  using assms apply (elim\ forget_{NOT}E)
 apply rule
  apply (subst conflicting-bj-clss-remove-cls_{NOT} [of T], simp)
  apply (fastforce simp: conflicting-bj-clss-def remove1-mset-single-add-if split: if-splits)
  apply fastforce
  done
lemma forget-\mu_L-decrease:
  assumes forget_{NOT}: forget_{NOT} S T
  shows (\mu_L \ b \ T, \mu_L \ b \ S) \in less-than < lex > less-than
proof -
  have card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} S)) > 0
   using forget_{NOT} by (elim\ forget_{NOT}E) (auto simp: size-mset-removeAll-mset-le-iff card-gt-0-iff)
  then have card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) < card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   using forget_{NOT} by (elim\ forget_{NOT}E) (auto simp: size-mset-removeAll-mset-le-iff)
  then show ?thesis
   unfolding do-not-forget-before-backtrack-rule-clause-learned-clause-untouched [OF\ forget_{NOT}]
   by auto
qed
lemma set-condition-or-split:
   \{a. (a = b \lor Q \ a) \land S \ a\} = (if \ S \ b \ then \ \{b\} \ else \ \{\}) \cup \{a. \ Q \ a \land S \ a\}
  by auto
lemma set-insert-neq:
  A \neq insert \ a \ A \longleftrightarrow a \notin A
```

```
lemma learn-\mu_L-decrease:
  assumes learnST: learn S T and n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
  A: atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup atm-of \ `lits-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
  fin-A: finite A
 shows (\mu_L \ (card \ A) \ T, \mu_L \ (card \ A) \ S) \in less-than <*lex*> less-than
proof -
 have [simp]: (atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T) \cup atm-of\ `lits-of-l\ (trail\ T))
   = (atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup atm-of \ `lits-of-l \ (trail \ S))
   using learnST n-d by (elim\ learn_{NOT}E) auto
  then have card\ (atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T) \cup atm-of\ `its-of-l\ (trail\ T))
   = card (atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S))
   by (auto intro!: card-mono)
  then have 3: (3::nat) \hat{} card (atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T) \cup atm-of\ '\ lits-of-l\ (trail\ T))
   = 3 \ \widehat{} \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup atm-of \ (trail \ S))
   by (auto intro: power-mono)
  moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \subseteq conflicting-bj-clss T
   using learnST n-d by (simp add: learn-conflicting-increasing)
  moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \neq conflicting-bj-clss T
   using learnST
   proof (elim\ learn_{NOT}E,\ goal\text{-}cases)
     case (1 C) note clss-S = this(1) and atms-C = this(2) and inv = this(3) and T = this(4)
     then obtain F K F' C' L where
       tr-S: trail S = F' @ Decided K # F and
       C: C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \text{ and }
       F: F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
       C\text{-}S\text{:}C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses_{NOT} S
       by blast
     moreover have distinct-mset C \neg tautology C using inv by blast+
     ultimately have C' + \{\#L\#\} \in conflicting-bj-clss\ T
       using T n-d unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
     moreover have C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ S
       using C-S unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
     ultimately show ?case by blast
  moreover have fin-T: finite (conflicting-bj-clss T)
   using learnST by induction (auto simp add: conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT})
  ultimately have card (conflicting-bj-clss T) \geq card (conflicting-bj-clss S)
   using card-mono by blast
  moreover
   have fin': finite (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T))
     by auto
   have 1:atms-of-ms (conflicting-bj-clss T) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T)
     unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def atms-of-ms-def by auto
   have 2: \bigwedge x. \ x \in conflicting-bj-clss \ T \Longrightarrow \neg \ tautology \ x \wedge \ distinct-mset \ x
     unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
   have T: conflicting-bj-clss T
   \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T))
     by standard (meson 1 2 fin' (finite (conflicting-bj-clss T)) simple-clss-mono
       distinct-mset-set-def simplified-in-simple-clss subsetCE sup.coboundedI1)
 moreover
   then have \#: 3 \cap card (atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \cup atm-of `lits-of-l (trail T))
       \geq card (conflicting-bj-clss T)
```

```
by (meson\ Nat.le-trans\ simple-clss-card\ simple-clss-finite\ card-mono\ fin') have atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)\cup atm-of\ `lits-of-l\ (trail\ T)\subseteq A using learn_{NOT}E[OF\ learnST]\ A by simp then have 3\ \widehat{\ }(card\ A)\geq card\ (conflicting-bj-clss\ T) using \#\ fin-A by (meson\ simple-clss-card\ simple-clss-finite\ simple-clss-mono\ calculation(2)\ card-mono\ dual-order.trans) ultimately show ?thesis using psubset-card-mono[OF\ fin-T\ ] unfolding less-than-iff\ lex-prod-def\ by clarify\ (meson\ (conflicting-bj-clss\ S\neq conflicting-bj-clss\ T) (conflicting-bj-clss\ S\subseteq conflicting-bj-clss\ T)
```

We have to assume the following:

- *inv S*: the invariant holds in the inital state.
- A is a (finite finite A) superset of the literals in the trail atm-of ' lits-of-l ($trail\ S$) \subseteq $atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A$ and in the clauses atms-of-mm ($clauses_{NOT}\ S$) \subseteq $atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A$. This can the set of all the literals in the starting set of clauses.
- no-dup (trail S): no duplicate in the trail. This is invariant along the path.

```
definition \mu_{CDCL} where
\mu_{CDCL} A T \equiv ((2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (trail-weight \ T),
          conflicting-bj-clss-yet\ (card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ T,\ card\ (set-mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv: inv S and
   atm-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm-lits: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A: finite A
 shows (\mu_{CDCL} A T, \mu_{CDCL} A S)
          \in less-than < *lex* > (less-than < *lex* > less-than)
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 case (c-dpll-bj\ T)
 from dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop[OF this(1) inv atm-clss atm-lits n-d fin-A]
 show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}-def
   by (meson in-lex-prod less-than-iff)
  case (c\text{-}learn\ T) note learn = this(1)
 then have S: trail S = trail T
   using inv atm-clss atm-lits n-d fin-A
   by (elim\ learn_{NOT}E) auto
 show ?case
   using learn-\mu_L-decrease OF learn n-d, of atms-of-ms A atm-clss atm-lits fin-A n-d
   unfolding S \mu_{CDCL}-def by auto
next
  case (c\text{-}forget_{NOT} \ T) note forget_{NOT} = this(1)
 have trail S = trail\ T using forget_{NOT} by induction auto
```

```
then show ?case
   using forget-\mu_L-decrease[OF\ forget_{NOT}] unfolding \mu_{CDCL}-def by auto
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-restricted-learning:
 assumes finite A
 shows wf \{ (T, S).
   (atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)\subseteq atms-of-ms\ A\wedge atm-of\ `flits-of-l\ (trail\ S)\subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
   \wedge no-dup (trail S)
   \wedge inv S)
   \land cdcl_{NOT} S T \}
 by (rule\ wf\text{-}wf\text{-}if\text{-}measure'[of\ less\text{-}than <*lex*> (less\text{-}than <*lex*> less\text{-}than)])
    (auto\ intro:\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}decreasing\text{-}measure[OF\text{-----}\ assms])
definition \mu_C':: 'v clause set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_C' A T \equiv \mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
definition \mu_{CDCL}' :: 'v \ clause \ set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat \ where
\mu_{CDCL}' A T \equiv
 ((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T) * (1+3 \cap (atms-of-ms\ A)) *
 + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T*2
 + \ card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ T))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure':
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv: inv S and
   atms-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A: finite A
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A T < \mu_{CDCL}' A S
  using assms(1)
\mathbf{proof} (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct)
 case (dpll-bj\ T)
 then have (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T
   <(2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ S
   using dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop fin-A inv n-d atms-clss atms-trail
   unfolding \mu_C'-def by blast
  then have XX: ((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C' A\ T) + 1
   \leq (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S
   \mathbf{by} auto
  from mult-le-mono1[OF this, of <math>1 + 3 arcapta (atms-of-ms A)]
  have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T) *
     (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) + (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))
   \leq ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
     * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))
   unfolding Nat.add-mult-distrib
   by presburger
 moreover
   have cl-T-S: clauses_{NOT} T = clauses_{NOT} S
     using dpll-bj.hyps inv dpll-bj-clauses by auto
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S < 1 + 3 and (atms-of-ms A)
   by simp
  ultimately have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T)
```

```
* (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T
    <((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))^{(1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))} - \mu_C'\ A\ S)*(1+3^{card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)})
A))
     by linarith
  then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T)
          * (1 + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A))
       + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T
     <((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
          * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))
       + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S
     by linarith
  then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T)
       *(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
     + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T * 2
     <((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
       *(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
     + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S * 2
     by linarith
  then show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def cl-T-S by presburger
  case (learn C F' K F C' L T) note clss-S-C = this(1) and atms-C = this(2) and dist = this(3)
     and tauto = this(4) and tauto = this(5) and tr-S = this(6) and tr-S = this(6)
     F-C = this(8) and C-new = this(9) and T = this(10)
  have insert C (conflicting-bj-clss S) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
     proof
       have C \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
          using C'
          by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Un-subset-iff simple-clss-mono
            contra-subset D dist distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss
            dual-order.trans atms-C atms-clss atms-trail tauto)
       moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
          proof
            fix x :: 'v \ clause
            assume x \in conflicting-bj-clss S
            then have x \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \wedge distinct\text{-}mset \ x \wedge \neg \ tautology \ x
               unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by blast
            then show x \in simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
               by (meson atms-clss atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-mono
                  distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss fin-A finite-subset
                  set-rev-mp)
          qed
       ultimately show ?thesis
          by auto
  then have card (insert C (conflicting-bj-clss S)) \leq 3 \widehat{} (card (atms-of-ms A))
     \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ Nat.le-trans\ atms-of-ms-finite\ simple-clss-card\ simple-clss-finite
       card-mono fin-A)
  moreover have [simp]: card (insert C (conflicting-bj-clss S))
     = Suc (card ((conflicting-bj-clss S)))
     by (metis (no-types) C' C-new card-insert-if conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses contra-subsetD
       finite-conflicting-bj-clss)
  moreover have [simp]: conflicting-bj-clss (add-cls_{NOT} \ C \ S) = conflicting-bj-clss \ S \cup \{C\}
     using dist tauto F-C by (subst conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls<sub>NOT</sub>[OF n-d]) (force simp: C' tr-S n-d)
  ultimately have [simp]: conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S
     = Suc\ (conflicting-bj-clss-yet\ (card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ C\ S))
       by simp
```

```
have 1: clauses_{NOT} T = clauses_{NOT} (add-cls_{NOT} CS) using T by auto
 have 2: conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T
   = conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) (add-cls_{NOT} C S)
   using T unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
  have 3: \mu_C' A T = \mu_C' A (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> C S)
   using T unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
  have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A (add-cls_{NOT} C S))
   * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   = ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
   * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
     using n-d unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
 moreover
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> CS)
       * 2
     + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} CS)))
     < conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S * 2
     + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} S))
     by (simp\ add:\ C'\ C\text{-}new\ n\text{-}d)
  ultimately show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def 1 2 3 by presburger
  case (forget_{NOT} \ C \ T) note T = this(4)
 have [simp]: \mu_C ' A (remove-cls_{NOT} \ C \ S) = \mu_C ' A \ S
   unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
 have forget_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule forget_{NOT}.intros) using forget_{NOT} by auto
  then have conflicting-bj-clss\ T = conflicting-bj-clss\ S
   using do-not-forget-before-backtrack-rule-clause-learned-clause-untouched by blast
 moreover have card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) < card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   by (metis T card-Diff1-less clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> finite-set-mset forget<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps(2)
     order-refl set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-clauses)
 ultimately show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def
   using T \langle \mu_C' A \text{ (remove-cls}_{NOT} C S \rangle = \mu_C' A S \rangle by (metis (no-types) add-le-cancel-left
     \mu_C'-def not-le state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-trail)
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound:
  assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite\ A
  shows set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup simple-clss A
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct)
 case dpll-bj
 then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by simp
next
  case forget_{NOT}
 then show ?case using clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
  case (learn C F K d F' C' L) note atms-C = this(2) and dist = this(3) and tauto = this(4) and
  T = this(10) and atms-clss-S = this(12) and atms-trail-S = this(13)
 have atms-of C \subseteq A
   using atms-C atms-clss-S atms-trail-S by fast
```

```
then have simple-clss\ (atms-of\ C)\subseteq simple-clss\ A
   by (simp add: simple-clss-mono)
  then have C \in simple\text{-}clss A
   using finite dist tauto by (auto dest: distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss)
  then show ?case using T n-d by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup simple-clss A
 using assms(1-5)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)] and
    inv = this(4) and atms-clss-S = this(5) and atms-trail-S = this(6) and finite-cls-S = this(7)
 have inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv st inv by blast
 moreover have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq A and atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T) \subseteq A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound [OF st] inv atms-clss-S atms-trail-S n-d by auto
 moreover have no-dup (trail T)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF\ st\ \langle inv\ S\rangle\ n-d] by simp
  ultimately have set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \cup simple-clss A
   using cdcl_{NOT} finite n-d by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound)
  then show ?case using IH by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-clauses-bound:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
 shows card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) \leq card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)) + 3 \hat{} (card A)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] finite by (meson Nat.le-trans
   simple-clss-card\ simple-clss-finite\ card-Un-le\ card-mono\ finite-UnI
   finite-set-mset nat-add-left-cancel-le)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-clauses-bound':
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows card \{C|C, C \in \# clauses_{NOT} T \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct-mset C)\}
```

```
\leq card \{C | C. C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset } C)\} + 3 \cap (card A)
   (is card ?T \leq card ?S + -)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound[OF assms] finite
proof -
  have ?T \subseteq ?S \cup simple\text{-}clss A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by force
  then have card ?T \leq card (?S \cup simple-clss A)
    using finite by (simp add: assms(5) simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson le-trans simple-clss-card card-Un-le local.finite nat-add-left-cancel-le)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}card\text{-}simple\text{-}clauses\text{-}bound:
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
    inv S and
   NA: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   MA: atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S)) \subseteq A \text{ and }
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} T))
  \leq card \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} + 3 \cap (card \ A)
    (is card ?T \leq card ?S + -)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] finite
proof -
  have \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ T \Longrightarrow \neg \ tautology \ x \Longrightarrow distinct-mset \ x \Longrightarrow x \in simple-clss \ A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Un-iff NA
     atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono simple-clss-mono contra-subsetD subset-trans
     distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss)
  then have set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq ?S \cup simple-clss \ A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by auto
  then have card(set\text{-}mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)) \leq card\ (?S \cup simple\text{-}clss\ A)
   using finite by (simp add: assms(5) simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson le-trans simple-clss-card card-Un-le local.finite nat-add-left-cancel-le)
qed
definition \mu_{CDCL}'-bound :: 'v clause set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S =
  ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))) * (1 + 3 ^ card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
    + 2*3 \cap (card (atms-of-ms A))
    + card \{C. C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct\text{-}mset C)\} + 3 \land (card (atms-of\text{-}ms A))
lemma \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>[simp]:
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M S) = \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
  unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
    inv S and
    atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite (atms-of-ms A) and
    U: U \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M T
```

```
shows \mu_{CDCL}' A U \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
 have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A U)
   \leq (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
   by auto
  then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A U)
       * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   \leq (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   using mult-le-mono1 by blast
 moreover
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T*2 \le 2*3 and (atms-of-ms A)
     by linarith
 moreover have card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} U))
     \leq card \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct-mset \ C)\} + 3 \cap card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-simple-clauses-bound[OF assms(1-6)] U by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by linarith
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite (atms-of-ms A)
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
 have \mu_{CDCL}' A (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> (trail T) T) = \mu_{CDCL}' A T
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def \mu_{C}'-def conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>[OF assms, of - trail T]
    state-eq_{NOT}-ref by fastforce
qed
lemma rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite[simp]: finite\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
 shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
 have \{C.\ C \in \#\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land (tautology\ C \lor \neg\ distinct\text{-mset}\ C)\}
   \subseteq \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg \ distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} \ (is \ ?T \subseteq ?S)
   proof (rule Set.subsetI)
     fix C assume C \in ?T
     then have C-T: C \in \# clauses_{NOT} T and t-d: tautology C \vee \neg distinct\text{-mset } C
     then have C \notin simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
       by (auto dest: simple-clssE)
     then show C \in ?S
       using C-T rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-clauses-bound[OF assms] t-d by force
   qed
```

```
then have card \{C.\ C \in \#\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land (tautology\ C \lor \neg\ distinct\text{-mset}\ C)\} \le
    card \{C. C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset } C)\}
    by (simp add: card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
qed
{f end} — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnt
            CDCL with restarts
5.2.5
Definition
locale restart-ops =
  fixes
    cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart :: st \Rightarrow st \Rightarrow bool where
cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart S T
restart \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart S \ T
end
{f locale}\ conflict\mbox{-}driven\mbox{-}clause\mbox{-}learning\mbox{-}with\mbox{-}restarts =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning\ trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    inv backjump-conds propagate-conds learn-cond forget-cond
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \textit{backjump-conds} :: 'v \ \textit{clause} \Rightarrow 'v \ \textit{clause} \Rightarrow 'v \ \textit{literal} \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow \textit{bool} \ \textbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds::('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond :: 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-iff-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-no-restarts:
  cdcl_{NOT} S T \longleftrightarrow restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (\lambda- -. False) S T
  (is ?C S T \longleftrightarrow ?R S T)
proof
  \mathbf{fix} \ S \ T
  assume ?CST
  then show ?R S T by (simp add: restart-ops.cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-raw-restart.intros(1))
next
  \mathbf{fix} \ S \ T
  assume ?R \ S \ T
  then show ?CST
    apply (cases rule: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.cases)
    using \langle ?R \ S \ T \rangle by fast+
qed
```

lemma $cdcl_{NOT}$ - $cdcl_{NOT}$ -raw-restart:

```
cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart \ cdcl_{NOT} \ restart \ S \ T
by (simp \ add: \ restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1))
```

Increasing restarts

To add restarts we needs some assumptions on the predicate (called $cdcl_{NOT}$ here):

- a function f that is strictly monotonic. The first step is actually only used as a restart to clean the state (e.g. to ensure that the trail is empty). Then we assume that $(1::'a) \leq f$ n for $(1::'a) \leq n$: it means that between two consecutive restarts, at least one step will be done. This is necessary to avoid sequence. like: full restart full ...
- a measure μ : it should decrease under the assumptions bound-inv, whenever a $cdcl_{NOT}$ or a restart is done. A parameter is given to μ : for conflict- driven clause learning, it is an upper-bound of the clauses. We are assuming that such a bound can be found after a restart whenever the invariant holds.
- we also assume that the measure decrease after any $cdcl_{NOT}$ step.
- an invariant on the states $cdcl_{NOT}$ -inv that also holds after restarts.
- it is not required that the measure decrease with respect to restarts, but the measure has to be bound by some function μ -bound taking the same parameter as μ and the initial state of the considered $cdcl_{NOT}$ chain.

```
locale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops =
  restart-ops cdcl_{NOT} restart for
    restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  fixes
    f :: nat \Rightarrow nat  and
    bound-inv :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu-bound :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat
  assumes
    f: unbounded f and
    f-ge-1:\bigwedge n. n \ge 1 \implies f n \ne 0 and
    bound-inv: \bigwedge A \ S \ T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T and
     cdcl_{NOT}-measure: \bigwedge A \ S \ T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \mu \ A \ T < \mu
A S  and
    measure-bound2: \bigwedge A \ T \ U. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ T \ U
        \implies \mu \ A \ U \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T \ \text{and}
     measure-bound4: \bigwedge A T U. cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} T U
        \implies \mu-bound A \ U \leq \mu-bound A \ T and
     cdcl_{NOT}-restart-inv: \bigwedge A\ U\ V.\ cdcl_{NOT}-inv U\Longrightarrow restart\ U\ V\Longrightarrow bound-inv A\ U\Longrightarrow bound-inv
A V
     exists-bound: \bigwedge R S. cdcl_{NOT}-inv R \Longrightarrow restart R S \Longrightarrow \exists A. bound-inv A S and
     cdcl_{NOT}-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T and
     cdcl_{NOT}-inv-restart: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
begin
```

lemma $cdcl_{NOT}$ - $cdcl_{NOT}$ -inv:

```
assumes
   (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\hspace{1em}} n) S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
 using assms by (induction n arbitrary: T) (auto intro:bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv:
 assumes
   (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\hspace{1em}} n) S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
   bound-inv A S
 shows bound-inv A T
 using assms by (induction n arbitrary: T) (auto intro:bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   bound-inv A S and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows bound-inv A T
 using assms by induction (auto intro:bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le:
 assumes
   (cdcl_{NOT} \cap (Suc \ n)) \ S \ T \ and
   bound-inv A S
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows \mu A T < \mu A S - n
 using assms
proof (induction n arbitrary: T)
 case \theta
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-measure by auto
next
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this(1)[OF - this(3)\ this(4)] and S-T = this(2) and b-inv = this(3) and
  c\text{-}inv = this(4)
 obtain U: 'st where S-U: (cdcl_{NOT} \cap (Suc\ n)) S U and U-T: cdcl_{NOT} U T using S-T by auto
 then have \mu A U < \mu A S - n using IH[of U] by simp
 moreover
   have bound-inv A U
     using S-U b-inv cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv c-inv by blast
   then have \mu A T < \mu A U using cdcl_{NOT}-measure [OF - U-T] S-U c-inv cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv
 ultimately show ?case by linarith
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}:
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT} \text{-inv } S \land bound\text{-inv } A \ S\} \ (is \ wf \ ?A)
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure2[of - - \mu A])
 using cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of \theta - - A] by auto
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-measure:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   bound-inv A S and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows \mu A T \leq \mu A S
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (step T U) note IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)\ this(5)] and st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2)
   b-inv = this(4) and c-inv = this(5)
 have bound-inv A T
   by (meson\ cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv rtranclp-imp-relpowp\ st\ step.prems)
 moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
   using c-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv st by blast
  ultimately have \mu A U < \mu A T using cdcl_{NOT}-measure [OF - - cdcl_{NOT}] by auto
  then show ?case using IH by linarith
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-comp-bounded:
 assumes
   bound-inv A S and cdcl_{NOT}-inv S and m \geq 1 + \mu A S
 shows \neg (cdcl_{NOT} \curvearrowright m) \ S \ T
 using assms cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of m-1 S T A] by fastforce
    • f n < m ensures that at least one step has been done.
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-restart where
restart-step: (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\ } m) \ S \ T \Longrightarrow m \ge f \ n \Longrightarrow restart \ T \ U
  \implies cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart\ (S,\ n)\ (U,\ Suc\ n)\ |
restart-full: full1 cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemmas cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct = cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct[split-format(complete),
  OF\ cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops-axioms]
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart** (fst S) (fst T)
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
 case (restart\text{-}step \ m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T by (meson relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart** S T using cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1)
   rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart] by blast
 moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart T U
   using \langle restart \ T \ U \rangle \ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(2) by blast
 ultimately show ?case by auto
next
 case (restart-full\ S\ T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T unfolding full1-def by auto
  then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1)
   rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart]\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   bound-inv A (fst S) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
  shows bound-inv A (fst T)
  using assms apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
   \mathbf{prefer} \ \mathcal{Z} \ \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{metis} \ \mathit{rtranclp-unfold} \ \mathit{fstI} \ \mathit{full1-def} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{bound-inv})
  by (metis\ cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv cdcl_{NOT}-restart-inv fst-conv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
  shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst T)
  using assms apply induction
   apply (metis cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv-restart fst-conv)
  apply (metis fstI full-def full-unfold rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
  done
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
  shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst T)
  using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
    bound-inv A (fst S)
  shows bound-inv A (fst T)
  using assms apply induction
  apply (simp\ add:\ cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv)
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv by blast
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-increasing-number:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow snd \ T = 1 + snd \ S
  by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct) auto
end
locale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts =
  cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops restart cdcl_{NOT} f bound-inv \mu cdcl_{NOT}-inv \mu-bound +
  dpll-state trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
   trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and
   clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
   remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   f :: nat \Rightarrow nat  and
    restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   bound-inv :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
```

```
\mu :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat and
   cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   \mu-bound :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat +
  assumes
    measure-bound: \bigwedge A \ T \ V \ n. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T
      \implies cdcl_{NOT}\text{-restart }(T, n) \ (V, Suc \ n) \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu\text{-bound } A \ T \ \mathbf{and}
    cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}raw\text{-}restart\text{-}\mu\text{-}bound:
      cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
         \Rightarrow \mu-bound A \ V \leq \mu-bound A \ T
begin
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu-bound A \ V \le \mu-bound A \ T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct2)
  apply simp
  by (metis cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound dual-order.trans fst-conv
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T
  apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
    apply simp
   using measure-bound relpowp-imp-rtrancly apply fastforce
  by (metis full-def full-unfold measure-bound2 prod.inject)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct2)
   apply (simp add: measure-bound2)
  by (metis dual-order.trans fst-conv measure-bound2 r-into-rtranclp rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound)
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-restart:
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-restart} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT}\text{-inv} \ (fst \ S)\}\ (is \ wf \ ?A)
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume ¬ ?thesis
  then obtain g where
    g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT}-restart (g \ i) \ (g \ (Suc \ i)) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst \ (g \ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
 have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g \ i) = i + snd (g \ \theta)
   apply (induct-tac i)
      apply simp
      by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add.commute add.left-commute
        cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-increasing-number g)
  then have snd-g-\theta: \bigwedge i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd (g i) = i + snd (g \theta)
   by blast
  have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-g
      not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le le-iff-add)
```

```
{ fix i
    have H: \bigwedge T Ta m. (cdcl_{NOT} \curvearrowright m) T Ta \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_{NOT} T \Longrightarrow m = 0
      apply (case-tac m) by simp (meson relpowp-E2)
    have \exists T m. (cdcl_{NOT} \curvearrowright m) (fst (g i)) T \land m \geq f (snd (g i))
      using g[of\ i] apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
        apply auto[]
      using g[of Suc \ i] \ f-ge-1 apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
      apply (auto simp add: full1-def full-def dest: H dest: tranclpD)
      using H Suc-leI leD by blast
  \} note H = this
 obtain A where bound-inv A (fst (g 1))
    using g[of \ \theta] \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g[of \ \theta] apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
      apply (metis One-nat-def cdcl_{NOT}-inv exists-bound fst-conv relpowp-imp-rtrancly
        rtranclp-induct)
      using H[of 1] unfolding full1-def by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 diff-is-0-eq' diff-zero
        f-ge-1 fst-conv le-add2 relpowp-E2 snd-conv)
 let ?j = \mu-bound A (fst (g 1)) + 1
  obtain j where
    j: f (snd (g j)) > ?j  and j > 1
    using unbounded-f-g not-bounded-nat-exists-larger by blast
     fix i j
     have cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart: j \ge i \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (g \ i) \ (g \ j)
       apply (induction j)
         apply simp
       by (metis g le-Suc-eq rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
  } note cdcl_{NOT}-restart = this
  have cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst (g (Suc \theta)))
    by (simp add: cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g)
  have cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (fst (g\ 1), snd (g\ 1)) (fst (g\ j), snd (g\ j))
    using \langle j > 1 \rangle by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart)
  have \mu \ A \ (fst \ (g \ j)) \leq \mu \text{-bound} \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1))
    \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{raw-restart-measure-bound})
    using \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} \ (fst \ (g \ 1), \ snd \ (g \ 1)) \ (fst \ (g \ j), \ snd \ (g \ j)) \rangle apply blast
        apply (simp\ add:\ cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g)
       using \langle bound\text{-}inv \ A \ (fst \ (q \ 1)) \rangle apply simp
    done
  then have \mu \ A \ (fst \ (g \ j)) \le ?j
    by auto
  have inv: bound-inv A (fst (g \ j))
    using \langle bound\text{-}inv \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}inv \ (fst \ (g \ (Suc \ \theta))) \rangle
    \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} \ (fst \ (g \ 1), \ snd \ (g \ 1)) \ (fst \ (g \ j), \ snd \ (g \ j)) \rangle
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv by auto
  obtain T m where
    cdcl_{NOT}-m: (cdcl_{NOT} \stackrel{\frown}{\frown} m) (fst (g \ j)) T and
    f-m: f (snd (g j)) <math>\leq m
    using H[of j] by blast
  have ?j < m
    using f-m j Nat.le-trans by linarith
  then show False
    using \langle \mu \ A \ (\textit{fst} \ (\textit{g} \ \textit{j})) \leq \mu\text{-bound} \ A \ (\textit{fst} \ (\textit{g} \ \textit{1})) \rangle
    cdcl_{NOT}-comp-bounded[OF inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g, of ] cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g cdcl_{NOT}-m
    \langle ?j < m \rangle by auto
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-steps-bigger-than-bound:
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   bound-inv A (fst S) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
   f (snd S) > \mu-bound A (fst S)
 shows full1 cdcl_{NOT} (fst S) (fst T)
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
 case restart-full
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and f = this(2) and bound-inv = this(4) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv = this(5) and \mu = this(6)
 then obtain m' where m: m = Suc m' by (cases m) auto
 have \mu A S - m' = 0
   using f bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv \mu m rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound by fastforce
  then have False using cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of m' S T A] restart-step unfolding m by simp
 then show ?case by fast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{with-inv-inv-rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-inv S and
   binv: bound-inv A S
 shows (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{--inv} \ S \land \ bound-inv} \ A \ S)^{**} \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ S \ T
   (is ?A^{**} S T \longleftrightarrow ?B^{**} S T)
 apply (rule iffI)
   using rtranclp-mono[of ?A ?B] apply blast
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   using inv binv apply simp
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) binv inv rtranclp.simps rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma no-step-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-no-step-cdcl_{NOT}:
 assumes
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-restart S and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
   binv: bound-inv A (fst S)
 shows no-step cdcl_{NOT} (fst S)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
  then obtain T where T: cdcl_{NOT} (fst S) T
   by blast
  then obtain U where U: full (\lambda S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \wedge cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \wedge bound-inv A S) T U
    using wf-exists-normal-form-full [OF wf-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>, of A T] by auto
  moreover have inv-T: cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
   using \langle cdcl_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \ T \rangle \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv by blast
  moreover have b-inv-T: bound-inv A T
   using \langle cdcl_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \ T \rangle binv bound-inv inv by blast
  ultimately have full cdcl_{NOT} T U
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-inv-inv-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub> rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv unfolding full-def by blast
  then have full1\ cdcl_{NOT}\ (fst\ S)\ U
   using T full-fullI by metis
```

```
then show False by (metis n-s prod.collapse restart-full) \operatorname{\mathbf{qed}}
```

end

```
5.2.6
           Merging backjump and learning
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops =
  decide-ops\ trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ +
 forget-ops\ trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ forget-cond\ +
  propagate-ops\ trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \textbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  fixes backjump-l-cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
We have a new backjump that combines the backjumping on the trail and the learning of the
used clause (called C'' below)
inductive backjump-l where
\textit{backjump-l: trail } S = \textit{F'} @ \textit{Decided } K \ \# \ \textit{F}
   \implies no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S)
   \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} C'' S))
   \implies C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S
   \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
   \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
   \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S))
   \implies clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}
   \implies C'' = C' + \{\#L\#\}
   \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
   \implies backjump-l\text{-}cond \ C\ C'\ L\ S\ T
   \implies backjump-l \ S \ T
Avoid (meaningless) simplification in the theorem generated by inductive-cases:
declare reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length-ne[simp\ del]\ Set.Un-iff[simp\ del]\ Set.insert-iff[simp\ del]
inductive-cases backjump-lE: backjump-lS T
thm backjump-lE
\operatorname{declare}\ reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-length-ne[simp] Set.Un-iff[simp] Set.insert-iff[simp]
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub>: decide_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S' \mid
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>: propagate_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S'
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l: backjump-l S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S'
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT}: forget_{NOT} \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ S'
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail \ T)
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
      using defined-lit-map apply fastforce
```

```
using defined-lit-map apply fastforce
   apply (force simp: defined-lit-map elim!: backjump-lE)[]
  using forget_{NOT}.simps apply auto[1]
  done
end
{\bf locale}\ cdcl_{NOT}\hbox{-}merge-bj-learn-proxy=
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops trail clauses_{NOT} prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    propagate-conds forget-cond
    \lambda \ C \ C' \ L' \ S \ T. \ backjump-l-cond \ C \ C' \ L' \ S \ T
    \land distinct\text{-mset} (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C' + \{\#L'\#\})
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ \mathbf{and}
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool
  assumes
     bj-merge-can-jump:
     \bigwedge S \ C \ F' \ K \ F \ L.
       inv S
       \implies trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Decided \ K \ \# \ F
       \implies C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S
       \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
       \implies undefined-lit F L
       \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of-l (F' @ Decided K # F))
       \implies clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}
       \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
       \implies \neg no\text{-step backjump-l } S and
     cdcl-merged-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
abbreviation backjump-conds :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
backjump\text{-}conds \equiv \lambda C \ C' \ L' \ S \ T. \ distinct\text{-}mset \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \land \neg tautology \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\})
Without additional knowledge on backjump-l-cond, it is impossible to have the same invariant.
{\bf sublocale}\ dpll-with-backjumping-ops\ trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  inv backjump-conds propagate-conds
proof (unfold-locales, goal-cases)
  case 1
  \{ \text{ fix } S S' \}
    assume bj: backjump-l S S' and no-dup (trail S)
    then obtain F' K F L C' C D where
      S': S' \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} D S))
        and
      tr-S: trail S = F' @ Decided K # F and
      C: C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S and
      tr-S-C: trail S \models as CNot C and
      undef-L: undefined-lit F L and
```

```
atm-L:
       atm\text{-}of\ L \in insert\ (atm\text{-}of\ K)\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ F') \cup lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ F))
      cls-S-C': clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
      F-C': F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
      dist: distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and not-tauto: \neg tautology (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
      cond: backjump-l-cond \ C \ C' \ L \ S \ S'
      D = C' + \{\#L\#\}
      by (elim backjump-lE) metis
    \mathbf{interpret}\ \mathit{backjumping-ops}\ \mathit{trail}\ \mathit{clauses}_{NOT}\ \mathit{prepend-trail}\ \mathit{tl-trail}\ \mathit{add-cls}_{NOT}\ \mathit{remove-cls}_{NOT}
    backjump\text{-}conds
      by unfold-locales
    have \exists T. backjump S T
      apply rule
      apply (rule backjump.intros)
                using tr-S apply simp
               apply (rule state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
              using C apply simp
             using tr-S-C apply simp
           using undef-L apply simp
         using atm-L tr-S apply simp
        using cls-S-C' apply simp
       using F-C' apply simp
      using dist not-tauto cond apply simp
      done
    }
  then show ?case using 1 bj-merge-can-jump by meson
qed
end
locale cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy trail clauses_{NOT} prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    propagate\text{-}conds\ forget\text{-}cond\ backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond\ inv
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds :: ('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops trail clauses _{NOT} prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}
  remove-cls_{NOT} inv backjump-conds propagate-conds
  \lambda C -. distinct-mset C \wedge \neg tautology C
  forget-cond
  by unfold-locales
end
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn =
```

```
cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 trail clauses_{NOT} prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
   propagate-conds forget-cond backjump-l-cond inv
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ and
   clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow'st and
   add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
   remove\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st\ \mathbf{and}
   backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
   forget\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
   inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  assumes
   dpll-merge-bj-inv: \bigwedge S T. dpll-bj S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T and
   learn-inv: \land S \ T. \ learn \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
sublocale
   conflict-driven-clause-learning\ trail\ clauses_{NOT}\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    inv\ backjump\text{-}conds\ propagate\text{-}conds
    \lambda C -. distinct-mset C \wedge \neg tautology C
    forget-cond
  apply unfold-locales
  using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> cdcl-merged-inv learn-inv
  by (auto simp add: cdcl_{NOT}.simps dpll-merge-bj-inv)
lemma backjump-l-learn-backjump:
  assumes bt: backjump-l S T and inv: inv S and n-d: no-dup (trail S)
  shows \exists C' L D. learn S (add-cls_{NOT} D S)
   \wedge D = (C' + \{\#L\#\})
   \land backjump (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> D S) T
   \land atms-of (C' + \#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of (lits-of-(trail S))
proof -
  obtain C F' K F L l C' D where
    tr-S: trail S = F' @ Decided K # F and
     T: T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L l) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} D S)) and
     C-cls-S: C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S and
    tr-S-CNot-C: trail S \models as CNot C  and
    undef: undefined-lit F L and
    atm-L: atm-of L \in atm-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
    clss-C: clauses_{NOT} S \models pm D  and
     D: D = C' + \{\#L\#\}
     F \models as \ CNot \ C' \ and
     distinct: distinct-mset D and
    not-tauto: \neg tautology D
    using bt inv by (elim backjump-lE) simp
   have atms-C': atms-of C' \subseteq atm-of ' (lits-of-l F)
    by (metis\ D(2)\ atms-of-def\ image-subsetI\ true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
  then have atms-of (C' + \#L\#) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S))
    using atm-L tr-S by auto
   moreover have learn: learn S (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> D S)
    apply (rule learn.intros)
        apply (rule clss-C)
       using atms-C' atm-L D apply (fastforce simp add: tr-S in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
    apply standard
```

```
apply (rule distinct)
     apply (rule not-tauto)
     apply simp
    done
  moreover have bj: backjump (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> D S) T
    apply (rule backjump.intros)
    using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle C-cls-S tr-S-CNot-C undef T distinct not-tauto n-d D
    by (auto simp: tr-S state-eq_{NOT}-def simp del: state-simp_{NOT})
  ultimately show ?thesis using D by blast
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{++} \ S \ T
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
   using bj-decide_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.simps by fastforce
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
   using bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> cdcl_{NOT}.simps by fastforce
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT} T)
  then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
    using c-forget_{NOT} by blast
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l T) note bt = this(1) and inv = this(2) and
    n-d = this(3)
  obtain C':: 'v clause and L:: 'v literal and D:: 'v clause where
    f3: learn \ S \ (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ D \ S) \ \land
      backjump \ (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ D \ S) \ T \ \land
      atms-of\ (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm-of\ `lits-of-l\ (trail\ S)\ and
    D: D = C' + \{\#L\#\}
    using n-d backjump-l-learn-backjump[OF bt inv] by blast
  then have f_4: cdcl_{NOT} S (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} D S)
    using n-d c-learn by blast
  have cdcl_{NOT} (add-cls_{NOT} D S) T
    using f3 n-d bj-backjump c-dpll-bj by blast
  then show ?case
    using f4 by (meson tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp.trancl-into-trancl)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}is\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}and\text{-}inv}.
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}** S T \land inv \ T
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
    inv = this(4) and n-d = this(5)
 have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} T U
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}[OF\ cdcl_{NOT}]\ IH
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup inv n-d by auto
```

```
then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S U using IH by fastforce
 moreover have inv U using n-d IH \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \mid T \mid U \rangle rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv by blast
 ultimately show ?case using st by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}** S T
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow inv T
 using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv by blast
definition \mu_C' :: 'v \ clause \ set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat \ where
\mu_C' A T \equiv \mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
definition \mu_{CDCL}'-merged :: 'v clause set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T \equiv
 ((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T)*2 + card\ (set-mset\ (clauses_{NOT})
T))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure':
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
   inv: inv S and
   atm-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A: finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T < \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A S
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> T)
 have clauses_{NOT} S = clauses_{NOT} T
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps by auto
  moreover have
   (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
    <(2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
   apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> fin-A atm-clss atm-trail n-d inv
   by (simp-all\ add:\ bj-decide_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT}.hyps)
  ultimately show ?case
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> T)
 have clauses_{NOT} S = clauses_{NOT} T
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps
   by (simp\ add:\ bj\text{-}propagate_{NOT}\ inv\ dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}clauses)
  moreover have
   (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
    <(2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
   apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
```

```
using inv n-d atm-clss atm-trail fin-A by (simp-all add: bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>
     cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps)
 ultimately show ?case
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
next
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT} T)
 have card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T)) < card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S))
   using \langle forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \rangle by (metis card-Diff1-less clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} finite-set-mset
     forget_{NOT}.cases\ linear\ set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1)\ state-eq_{NOT}.def)
 moreover
   have trail\ S = trail\ T
     using \langle forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \rangle by (auto\ elim: forget_{NOT} E)
   then have
     (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
       -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
= (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
     by auto
 ultimately show ?case
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
next
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l T) note bj-l = this(1)
 obtain C' L D where
   learn: learn \ S \ (add-cls_{NOT} \ D \ S) and
   bj: backjump (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> D S) T and
   atms-C: atms-of (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
   D: D = C' + \{\#L\#\}
   using bj-l inv backjump-l-learn-backjump [of S] n-d atm-clss atm-trail by blast
 have card-T-S: card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T)) <math>\leq 1 + card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S))
   using bj-l inv by (force elim!: backjump-lE simp: card-insert-if)
 have
   ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T))
   < ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A))
         (trail-weight\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ D\ S)))
   apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
       using bj bj-backjump apply blast
      using cdcl_{NOT}. c-learn cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv learn apply blast
      using atms-C atm-clss atm-trail D apply (simp add: n-d) apply fast
     using atm-trail n-d apply simp
    apply (simp \ add: n-d)
   using fin-A apply simp
   done
 then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T))
   < ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S))
   using n-d by auto
 then show ?case
   using card-T-S unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by linarith
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
 assumes
   fin-A: finite A
```

```
shows wf \{(T, S).
    (inv\ S \land atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A \land atm-of\ `itis-of-l\ (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
    \land no-dup (trail S))
    \land cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
  apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of - - \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A])
  using cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure' fin-A by simp
lemma tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-tranclp:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn^{++} S T and
    inv: inv S and
    atm\text{-}clss: atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
    atm-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
    fin-A[simp]: finite\ A
  shows (T, S) \in \{(T, S).
    (inv\ S \land atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A \land atm\text{-}of\ `itis\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
    \land no-dup (trail S))
    \land \ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T\}^+ \ (\mathbf{is} \ \text{-} \in \ ?P^+)
  using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: tranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case using n-d atm-clss atm-trail inv by auto
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)
  have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
    \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT})
    using st cdcl_{NOT} inv n-d atm-clss atm-trail inv by auto
  have inv T
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
      using inv st cdcl_{NOT} n-d atm-clss atm-trail inv by auto
  moreover have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{***} S T \rangle inv n-d atm-clss atm-trail]
    by fast
  moreover have atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
    \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}trail\text{-}clauses\text{-}bound[OF\ \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{***}\ S\ T\rangle\ inv\ n\text{-}d\ atm\text{-}clss\ atm\text{-}trail]
  moreover have no-dup (trail T)
    using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \rangle inv n-d] by fast
  ultimately have (U, T) \in P
    using cdcl_{NOT} by auto
  then show ?case using IH by (simp add: trancl-into-trancl2)
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
  assumes finite A
  shows wf \{(T, S).
    (inv\ S \land atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A \land atm\text{-}of\ `itis\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
    \land no-dup (trail S))
    \land cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn<sup>++</sup> S T}
  apply (rule wf-subset)
   apply (rule wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn])
   using assms apply simp
  using tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-tranclp[OF - - - - - \langle finite A \rangle] by auto
```

lemma backjump-no-step-backjump-l:

```
backjump \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-step backjump-l } S
 apply (elim \ backjumpE)
 apply (rule bj-merge-can-jump)
   apply auto[7]
 by blast
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ clause \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S and
   atms-S: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses_{NOT} S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \vee (trail S \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)))
proof -
 let ?N = set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} S)
 let ?M = trail S
 consider
     (sat) satisfiable ?N and ?M \models as ?N
   \mid (sat') \ satisfiable ?N \ \mathbf{and} \ \neg \ ?M \models as \ ?N
   | (unsat) unsatisfiable ?N
   by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case sat' note sat = this(1) and M = this(2)
     obtain C where C \in ?N and \neg ?M \models a C using M unfolding true-annots-def by auto
     obtain I :: 'v literal set where
       I \models s ?N  and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
       tot: total-over-m I ?N and
       atm-I-N: atm-of 'I \subseteq atms-of-ms ?N
       using sat unfolding satisfiable-def-min by auto
     let ?I = I \cup \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\}
     let ?O = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-}decided\ L\ \land\ L\in set\ ?M\ \land\ atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ L)\notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ ?N\}
     have cons-I': consistent-interp ?I
       using cons using (no-dup ?M) unfolding consistent-interp-def
       by (auto simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def
         dest!: no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus)
     have tot-I': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup unmark-l ?M)
       using tot atms-of-s-def unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
       by (fastforce simp: image-iff)
     have \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ? M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I\} \models s ? O
       using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle atm-I-N by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of true-clss-def lits-of-def)
     then have I'-N: ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O
       using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle true-clss-union-increase by force
     have tot': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup ?O)
       using atm-I-N tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
       by (force simp: lits-of-def elim!: is-decided-ex-Decided)
     have atms-N-M: atms-of-ms ?N \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of-l ?M
       proof (rule ccontr)
         assume ¬ ?thesis
```

```
then obtain l :: 'v where
        l-N: l \in atms-of-ms ?N and
        l\text{-}M: l \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ?M
        by auto
       have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
         using l-M by (metis Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
           atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set literal.sel(1))
       \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{decide}_{NOT}\ S\ (\mathit{prepend-trail}\ (\mathit{Decided}\ (\mathit{Pos}\ l))\ S)
        by (metis \ (undefined-lit \ ?M \ (Pos \ l)) \ decide_{NOT}.intros \ l-N \ literal.sel(1)
           state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
       then show False
         using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> n-s by blast
    qed
  have ?M \models as CNot C
  apply (rule all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot)
    using atms-N-M \ \langle C \in ?N \rangle \ \langle \neg ?M \models a \ C \rangle \ atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[OF \ \langle C \in ?N \rangle]
    by (auto dest: atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono)
  have \exists l \in set ?M. is\text{-}decided l
    proof (rule ccontr)
       let ?O = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-decided\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
       have \vartheta[iff]: \Lambda I. \ total-over-m \ I \ (?N \cup ?O \cup unmark-l ?M)
         \longleftrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ (?N\ \cup unmark\text{-}l\ ?M)
         unfolding total-over-set-def total-over-m-def atms-of-ms-def by blast
       assume ¬ ?thesis
       then have [simp]: \{unmark \ L \mid L. \ is\text{-}decided \ L \land L \in set \ ?M\}
= \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-}decided\ L\ \land\ L \in set\ ?M\ \land\ atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ ?N\}
        by auto
       then have ?N \cup ?O \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M
         using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied[OF decomp] by auto
       then have ?I \models s \ unmark-l \ ?M
         using cons-I' I'-N tot-I' (?I \models s ?N \cup ?O) unfolding \vartheta true-clss-clss-def by blast
       then have lits-of-l?M \subseteq ?I
         unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
       then have ?M \models as ?N
         using I'-N \lor C \in ?N \lor \neg ?M \models a C \lor cons-I' atms-N-M
        by (meson \ \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle \ consistent-CNot-not \ rev-subsetD \ sup-qe1 \ true-annot-def
           true-annots-def true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def)
       then show False using M by fast
    qed
  from List.split-list-first-propE[OF\ this] obtain K:: 'v\ literal\ and\ d::\ unit\ and
     F F' :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ \mathbf{where}
     M-K: ?M = F' @ Decided K # F and
     nm: \forall f \in set \ F'. \ \neg is\text{-}decided \ f
    unfolding is-decided-def by (metis (full-types) old.unit.exhaust)
  let ?K = Decided K::('v, unit) ann-lit
  have ?K \in set ?M
    unfolding M-K by auto
  let ?C = image\text{-}mset\ lit\text{-}of\ \{\#L \in \#mset\ ?M.\ is\text{-}decided\ L \land L \neq ?K\#\} :: 'v\ clause
  let ?C' = set\text{-mset} \ (image\text{-mset} \ (\lambda L::'v \ literal. \{\#L\#\}) \ (?C + unmark \ ?K))
  have ?N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-}decided\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\} \models ps\ unmark\text{-}l\ ?M
     using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied[OF decomp].
  moreover have C': ?C' = \{unmark \ L \mid L. \ is\text{-}decided \ L \land L \in set \ ?M\}
    unfolding M-K apply standard
       apply force
```

```
by auto
ultimately have N-C-M: ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M
have N-M-False: ?N \cup (\lambda L. \ unmark \ L) ' (set \ ?M) \models ps \ \{\{\#\}\}\}
 using M \triangleleft ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \triangleleft \ \langle C \in ?N \rangle unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def Ball-def
 true-annot-def by (metis consistent-CNot-not sup.orderE sup-commute true-clss-def
   true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union true-clss-union-increase)
have undefined-lit F \ K \ using \langle no\text{-}dup \ ?M \rangle \ unfolding \ M\text{-}K \ by \ (simp \ add: defined-lit-map)
moreover
 have ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\}
   proof -
     have A: ?N \cup ?C' \cup unmark-l ?M = ?N \cup unmark-l ?M
       unfolding M-K by auto
     show ?thesis
       using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of {{#}}] N-M-False unfolding A by auto
   qed
 have ?N \models p \ image\text{-}mset \ uminus \ ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
   unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix}\ I
     assume
       tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (?N \cup {image-mset uminus ?C+ {#- K#}})) and
       cons: consistent-interp\ I and
       I \models s ?N
     have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
       using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def by (cases K) auto
     have \{a \in set \ (trail \ S). \ is\text{-}decided \ a \land a \neq Decided \ K\} =
      set\ (trail\ S)\cap \{L.\ is\ decided\ L\wedge L\neq Decided\ K\}
      by auto
     then have tot': total-over-set I
        (atm\text{-}of 'lit\text{-}of '(set ?M \cap \{L. is\text{-}decided L \land L \neq Decided K\}))
       using tot by (auto simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
     { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lit}
       assume
         a3: lit-of x \notin I and
         a1: x \in set ?M and
         a4: is\text{-}decided \ x \ \mathbf{and}
         a5: x \neq Decided K
       then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
         using a5 a4 tot' a1 unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by blast
       moreover have f6: Neg (atm-of (lit-of x)) = - Pos (atm-of (lit-of x))
         by simp
       ultimately have - lit-of x \in I
         using f6 a3 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
           literal.sel(1)
     } note H = this
     have \neg I \models s ?C'
       using \langle ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{ \{ \# \} \} \rangle tot cons \langle I \models s ?N \rangle
       unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
       by (simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
     then show I \models image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
       unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def Bex-def
       using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
       by (auto dest!: H)
```

```
qed
     moreover have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
       using nm unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def M-K by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
     ultimately have False
       using bj-merge-can-jump[of S F' K F C - K
        image-mset\ uminus\ (image-mset\ lit-of\ \{\#\ L:\#\ mset\ ?M.\ is-decided\ L\land L\ne Decided\ K\#\}\}
        \langle C \in ?N \rangle n-s \langle ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle bj-backjump inv unfolding M-K
        by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.simps)
       then show ?thesis by fast
   qed auto
\mathbf{qed}
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ clause \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
   atms-S: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \lor (trail \ T \models asm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T \land satisfiable (set-mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ T)))
proof -
  have st: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast+
  then have st: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv n-d by auto
 have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-trail-clauses-bound[OF st inv n-d atms-S atms-trail] by blast+
 moreover have no-dup (trail\ T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup inv n-d st by blast
 moreover have inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv st by blast
  moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies inv st decomp n-d by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state[of T A] \langle finite \ A \rangle n-s by fast
qed
```

 \mathbf{end}

5.2.7 Instantiations

In this section, we instantiate the previous locales to ensure that the assumption are not contradictory.

```
locale cdcl_{NOT}-with-backtrack-and-restarts = conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnt trail clauses_{NOT} prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} inv backjump-conds propagate-conds learn-restrictions forget-restrictions for trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits and clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

```
tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
        add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
        remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
        inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool  and
        backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
        propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
        learn-restrictions forget-restrictions :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
        +
    fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
    assumes
        unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1: \bigwedge n. n \geq 1 \Longrightarrow f n \geq 1 and
        inv\text{-restart:} \land S \ T. \ inv \ S \Longrightarrow \ T \sim reduce\text{-trail-to}_{NOT} \ ([]::'a \ list) \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
lemma bound-inv-inv:
   assumes
        inv S and
        n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
        atms-clss-S-A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
        atms-trail-S-A:atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
        finite A and
        cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT} S T
    shows
        atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
        atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A and
        finite A
proof -
    have cdcl_{NOT} S T
        using \langle inv S \rangle cdcl_{NOT} by linarith
    then have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT}\ T) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail\ S)
        using \langle inv S \rangle
        by (meson conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-ms-clauses-decreasing
            conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops-axioms n-d)
    then show atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
        using atms-clss-S-A atms-trail-S-A by blast
next
    show atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
        by (meson (inv S) atms-clss-S-A atms-trail-S-A cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set n-d)
next
    show finite A
        using \langle finite \ A \rangle by simp
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops \lambda S T. T \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> ([]::'a list) S cdcl_{NOT} f
   \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of \ `its-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ atm-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atm-of-l \ (trail
   finite A
   \mu_{CDCL}' \lambda S. inv S \wedge no-dup (trail S)
   \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
   apply unfold-locales
                      apply (simp add: unbounded)
                    using f-ge-1 apply force
                  using bound-inv-inv apply meson
               apply (rule cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure'; simp)
                apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound; simp)
              apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing; simp)
            apply auto[]
```

```
apply auto[]
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup apply blast
  using inv-restart apply auto[]
  done
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
    cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
     inv T
     no-dup (trail T) and
   bound-inv:
     atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
     atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
     finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}' A V \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv bound-inv
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct[OF cdcl_{NOT}])
  case (1 m S T n U) note U = this(3)
  show ?case
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>[of S T])
        using \langle (cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T \rangle apply (fastforce dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
       using 1 by auto
next
  case (2 S T n) note full = this(2)
 show ?case
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound)
   using full 2 unfolding full1-def by force+
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
     inv T
     no-dup (trail T) and
     atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
     atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
     finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A \ V \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A \ T
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv bound-inv
\mathbf{proof}\ (\mathit{induction}\ \mathit{rule}\colon \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{with-restart-induct}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}])
  case (1 m S T n U) note U = this(3)
 have \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
    apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing)
        using \langle (cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T \rangle apply (fastforce dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
       using 1 by auto
  then show ?case using U unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
  case (2 S T n) note full = this(2)
 show ?case
   apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing)
   using full 2 unfolding full1-def by force+
qed
```

```
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts - - - - -
   \lambda S \ T. \ T \sim reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ ([]::'a \ list) \ S
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
    \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}' \ cdcl_{NOT}
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
 apply unfold-locales
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply simp
 using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply simp
 done
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv (fst S) and
   no-dup (trail (fst S))
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows
    all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail (fst T)))
  using assms apply (induction)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies by (auto dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp
   simp: full1-def)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   decomp:
     all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows
   all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}m\ (clauses_{NOT}\ (\textit{fst}\ T))\ (\textit{get-all-ann-decomposition}\ (\textit{trail}\ (\textit{fst}\ T)))
 using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 {f case}\ base
 then show ?case using decomp by simp
 case (step T u) note st = this(1) and r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by blast
 moreover have no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by blast
  ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies r IH n-d by fast
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes
   st: cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   inv: inv (fst S)
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ T)
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case (restart-step m S T n U)
  then show ?case
```

```
using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff n-d by (fastforce dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
next
  case restart-full
 then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff unfolding full1-def
 by (fastforce dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff:
 fixes S T :: 'st \times nat
 assumes
   st: cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} \ S \ T \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   inv: inv (fst S)
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ T)
 using st
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by blast+
 moreover have no-dup (trail\ (fst\ T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup st inv n-d by blast
  ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff[OF r] IH by blast
qed
theorem full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-backjump-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ clause \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, n) (T, m) and
   atms-S: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
    \lor (lits - of - l \ (trail \ T) \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land satisfiable \ (set-mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)))
proof -
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} (S, n) (T, m) and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, m)
   using full unfolding full-def by fast+
 have binv-T: atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv[OF st, of A] inv n-d atms-S atms-trail
 moreover have inv-T: no-dup (trail\ T) inv\ T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by auto
  moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies [OF st] inv n-d
   decomp by auto
  ultimately have T: unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)))
   using no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>[of (T, m) A] n-s
```

```
cdcl_{NOT}-final-state[of T A] unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by auto
  have eq-sat-S-T:\bigwedge I. I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T
    using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff [OF st] inv n-d atms-S
        atms-trail by auto
  have cons-T: consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail T))
    using inv-T(1) distinct-consistent-interp by blast
  consider
      (unsat) unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T))
    (sat) trail T \models asm clauses_{NOT} T  and satisfiable (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T))
    using T by blast
  then show ?thesis
    proof cases
      case unsat
      then have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
        using eq-sat-S-T consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext
        unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
      then show ?thesis by fast
    next
      case sat
      then have lits-of-l (trail T) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S
        using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff[OF st] inv n-d atms-S
        atms-trail by (auto simp: true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext true-annots-true-cls)
      moreover then have satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
          using cons-T consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable by blast
      ultimately show ?thesis by blast
    ged
qed
end — end of cdcl_{NOT}-with-backtrack-and-restarts locale
The restart does only reset the trail, contrary to Weidenbach's version where forget and restart
are always combined. But there is a forget rule.
{\bf locale}\ cdcl_{NOT}\hbox{-}merge-bj\hbox{-}learn\hbox{-}with\hbox{-}backtrack\hbox{-}restarts=
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn trail clauses_{NOT} prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    \lambda C C' L' S T. distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \wedge backjump-l-cond C C' L' S T
    propagate-conds forget-conds inv
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit) \ ann-lits \ \mathbf{and}
    clauses_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    forget\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
    +
  fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
  assumes
    unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1: \bigwedge n. n \geq 1 \Longrightarrow f n \geq 1 and
    inv\text{-}restart: \bigwedge S \ T. \ inv \ S \Longrightarrow \ T \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \ [] \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
definition not-simplified-cls: 'b literal multiset multiset \Rightarrow 'b literal multiset multiset
not-simplified-cls A \equiv \{ \#C \in \# A. \ C \notin simple-clss \ (atms-of-mm \ A) \# \}
```

```
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{not-simplified-cls-tautology-distinct-mset}:
  not-simplified-cls A = \{ \# C \in \# A. \ tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct-mset \ C \# \}
 unfolding not-simplified-cls-def by (rule filter-mset-conq) (auto simp: simple-clss-def)
lemma simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls:
 assumes atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   x \in \# clauses_{NOT} S and finite A
 shows x \in simple-clss (atms-of-ms A) \vee x \in \# not-simplified-cls (clauses_{NOT} S)
proof -
 consider
     (simpl) \neg tautology \ x \ \mathbf{and} \ distinct\text{-}mset \ x
   | (n\text{-}simp) \ tautology \ x \lor \neg distinct\text{-}mset \ x
   by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case simpl
     then have x \in simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
       by (meson assms atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-mono
         distinct\hbox{-}mset\hbox{-}not\hbox{-}tautology\hbox{-}implies\hbox{-}in\hbox{-}simple\hbox{-}clss\ finite\hbox{-}subset
         subsetCE)
     then show ?thesis by blast
   next
     case n-simp
     then have x \in \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
       using \langle x \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \rangle unfolding not-simplified-cls-tautology-distinct-mset by auto
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
   inv: inv S and
   atms-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite A
 shows set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
  case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT}
 then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by (force dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
 case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>
 then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by (force dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
 \mathbf{case}\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}forget_{NOT}
 then show ?case using clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def
   by (force elim!: forget_{NOT}E dest: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l T) note bj = this(1) and inv = this(2) and
   atms-clss = this(3) and atms-trail = this(4) and n-d = this(5)
 have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
```

```
apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT})
    using bj inv cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.simps n-d by blast+
  have atm\text{-}of '(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail T)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A
    \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\mathit{-trail-clauses-bound}[\mathit{OF}\ \langle \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}^{**}\ S\ \mathit{T}\rangle]\ \mathit{inv}\ \mathit{atms-trail}\ \mathit{atms-clss}
    n-d by auto
  have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{trail-clauses-bound}[\mathit{OF} \ \langle \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}^{**} \ S \ \mathit{T} \rangle \ \mathit{inv} \ \mathit{n-d} \ \mathit{atms-clss} \ \mathit{atms-trail}]
    by fast
  moreover have no-dup (trail T)
    using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \rangle inv n-d] by fast
  obtain F' K F L l C' C D where
    tr-S: trail S = F' @ Decided K # F and
    T: T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L l) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} D S)) and
    C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S and
    trail S \models as CNot C  and
    undef: undefined-lit F L and
    clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
    F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
    D: D = C' + \{\#L\#\} \text{ and }
    dist: distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
    tauto: \neg tautology (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
    backjump-l-cond C C' L S T
    using \langle backjump-l | S | T \rangle apply (elim \ backjump-lE) by auto
  have atms-of C' \subseteq atm-of '(lits-of-l F)
    using \langle F \models as\ CNot\ C' \rangle by (simp\ add:\ atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set
      atms-of-def image-subset-iff in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
  then have atms-of (C'+\{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    using T \land atm\text{-}of \land lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \land tr\text{-}S \ undef \ n\text{-}d \ by \ auto
  then have simple-clss\ (atms-of\ (C' + \{\#L\#\})) \subseteq simple-clss\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
    apply - by (rule simple-clss-mono) (simp-all)
  then have C' + \{\#L\#\} \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
    using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss[OF dist tauto]
    by auto
  then show ?case
    using T inv atms-clss undef tr-S n-d D by (force dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
  shows not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
  using assms apply induction
  prefer 4
  unfolding not-simplified-cls-tautology-distinct-mset apply (auto elim!: backjump-lE forget<sub>NOT</sub>E)[3]
  by (elim backjump-lE) auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
  shows not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
  using assms apply induction
  by (drule\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}not\text{-}simplified\text{-}decreasing})\ auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}clauses\text{-}bound:
```

assumes

```
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
    inv S and
    atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite[simp]: finite A
  shows set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses_{NOT} \ S))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
  using assms(1-5)
proof induction
  case base
  then show ?case by (auto dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdel_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)] and
    inv = this(4) and atms-clss-S = this(5) and atms-trail-S = this(6) and finite-cls-S = this(7)
  have st': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv st n-d by blast
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn-inv st n-d by blast
  moreover
   have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
     atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
     \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\mathit{-trail-clauses-bound}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{st'}]\ \mathit{inv}\ \mathit{atms-clss-S}\ \mathit{atms-trail-S}\ \mathit{n-d}
     by blast+
  moreover moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \rangle inv n-d] by fast
  ultimately have set-mset (clauses_{NOT} U)
   \subseteq set\text{-}mset\ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T))\ \cup\ simple\text{-}clss\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A)
   using cdcl_{NOT} finite cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound)
  moreover have set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing [OF\ st] by auto
  ultimately show ?case using IH inv atms-clss-S
   by (auto dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
qed
abbreviation \mu_{CDCL}'-bound where
\mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T \equiv ((2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))) * 2
     + card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses_{NOT} T)))
    + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
    inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
  have set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls(clauses_{NOT} S))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   using rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}clauses\text{-}bound[OF\ assms]} .
  moreover have card (set-mset (not-simplified-cls(clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
```

```
\cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses_{NOT} \ S))) + 3 \ \widehat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
   by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card card-Un-le finite
     nat-add-left-cancel-le)
  ultimately have card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T))
   \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses_{NOT} \ S))) + 3 \ \hat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
   by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-finite card-mono
     finite-UnI finite-set-mset local.finite)
 moreover have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T) * 2
   \leq (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def by auto
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops \lambda S T. T \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> ([]::'a list) S
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn f
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
    \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}'-merged
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
  apply unfold-locales
            using unbounded apply simp
           using f-ge-1 apply force
           apply (blast dest!: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub> tranclp-into-rtranclp
            rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound)
         apply (simp\ add: cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure')
         using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card apply blast
         apply (drule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
         apply (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)[]
      apply simp
     apply auto||
    using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv cdcl-merged-inv apply blast
   apply (auto simp: inv-restart)[]
   done
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-merged-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart T V
   inv (fst T) and
   no-dup (trail (fst T)) and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail (fst T)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A and
   finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A (fst V) \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst T)
  using assms
proof induction
 case (restart-full S T n)
 show ?case
   unfolding fst-conv
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card)
   using restart-full unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)+
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and inv = this(4) and
    n-d = this(5) and atms-clss = this(6) and atms-trail = this(7) and finite = this(8)
  then have st': cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
```

```
by (blast dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have st'': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
    using inv n-d apply - by (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}) auto
  have inv T
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
      using inv st' n-d by auto
  then have inv U
    using U by (auto simp: inv-restart)
  have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound [OF st''] inv atms-clss atms-trail n-d
    by simp
  then have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ U) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    using U by simp
  have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
    using \langle U \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \ [] \ T \rangle by auto
  moreover have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
    using \langle (cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merqed\text{-}bj\text{-}learn \ \widehat{} \ \rangle \  by (auto\ dest!:\ relpowp\text{-}imp\text{-}rtranclp)
  ultimately have U-S: not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
    by auto
  have (set\text{-}mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ U))
    \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound)
        apply simp
        using \langle inv \ U \rangle apply simp
      using \langle atms-of\text{-}mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ U) \subseteq atms-of\text{-}ms \ A \rangle apply simp
      using U apply simp
     using U apply simp
    using finite apply simp
    done
  then have f1: card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U)) \leq card (set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U))
    \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
    by (simp add: simple-clss-finite card-mono local.finite)
  moreover have set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
    \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
    using U-S by auto
  then have f2:
    card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls\ (clauses_{NOT}\ U)) \cup simple\text{-}clss\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A))
      \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)) \cup simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A))
    by (simp add: simple-clss-finite card-mono local.finite)
  moreover have card (set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
     \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S))) + card \ (simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A))
    using card-Un-le by blast
  moreover have card (simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)) \leq 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A)
    using atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card local finite by blast
  ultimately have card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} U))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S))) + 3 \ \widehat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
    by linarith
  then show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def by auto
qed
```

lemma $cdcl_{NOT}$ -restart- μ_{CDCL} '-bound-le- μ_{CDCL} '-bound:

```
assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart T V and
   no-dup (trail (fst T)) and
   inv (fst T) and
   fin: finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst V) \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst T)
  using assms(1-3)
proof induction
  case (restart-full\ S\ T\ n)
  have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
   using \langle full1\ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S\ T\rangle unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  then show ?case by (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and n-d = this(4) and
    inv = this(5)
  then have st': cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (blast dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have st'': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv n-d apply - by (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}) auto
  have inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
     using inv st' n-d by auto
  then have inv U
   using U by (auto simp: inv-restart)
  have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
   \mathbf{using} \ \langle U \sim \mathit{reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to}_{NOT} \ [] \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{auto}
  moreover have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
   using \langle (cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T \rangle by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  ultimately have U-S: not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
  then show ?case by (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts - - - - - f
  \lambda S \ T. \ T \sim reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ ([]::'a \ list) \ S
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
     \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}'-merged cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S)
  \lambda A T. ((2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))) * 2
    + \ card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses_{NOT} \ T)))
    + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A)
  apply unfold-locales
    using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-merged-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply force
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound by fastforce
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
    no-dup (trail (fst S))
    inv (fst S)
  shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ T)
```

```
using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
  case (restart-full\ S\ T\ n)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def)
  then show ?case
   \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}bj\text{-}sat\text{-}ext\text{-}iff\ restart\text{-}full.prems}(1,2)
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
next
  case (restart\text{-}step \ m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (auto simp: tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff restart-step.prems(1,2)
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
 moreover have I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ U
   using restart-step.hyps(3) by auto
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart\text{-}eq\text{-}sat\text{-}iff:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
    inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S))
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \longleftrightarrow I \ \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ (fst \ T)
 using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T) and no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using st inv n-d by blast+
  then have I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ T) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ U)
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff cdcl by blast
 then show ?case using IH by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S))
     (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ S)))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T))
     (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
 using assms
proof induction
  case (restart-full S T n) note full = this(1) and inv = this(2) and n-d = this(3) and
    decomp = this(4)
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn T
   using full unfolding full1-def by (fast dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)+
 have st': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv st n-d by auto
 have inv T
```

```
using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv[OF\ st]\ inv\ n-d\ by\ auto
  then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies [OF - - n-d decomp] st' inv by auto
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and inv = this(4) and
   n-d = this(5) and decomp = this(6)
 show ?case using U by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S))
     (qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T))
     (qet-all-ann-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
  then show ?case using decomp by simp
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
   inv = this(4) and n-d = this(5) and decomp = this(6)
 have inv (fst T) and no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using st inv n-d by blast+
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m[OF cdcl] IH by auto
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-normal-form:
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses_{NOT} (fst S))
     (qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail (fst S))) and
   atms-cls: atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail (fst S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   fin: finite A
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
   \vee lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S) \wedge
      satisfiable (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} (fst S)))
proof
 have inv-T: inv (fst T) and n-d-T: no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using full inv n-d unfolding full-def by blast+
  moreover have
   atms-cls-T: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail-T: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-with-restart-bound-inv[of S T A] full atms-cls atms-trail fin inv n-d
   unfolding full-def by blast+
  ultimately have no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn (fst T)
   apply (rule no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>[of - A])
      using full unfolding full-def apply simp
     apply simp
   using fin apply simp
```

```
done
  moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T))
   (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m[of S T] inv n-d decomp
   full unfolding full-def by auto
  ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)))
   \vee trail (fst T) \models asm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)))
   apply -
   \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merged-bj-learn-final-state})
   using atms-cls-T atms-trail-T fin n-d-T fin inv-T by blast+
  then consider
     (unsat) unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} (fst T)))
    \mid (sat) \ trail \ (fst \ T) \models asm \ clauses_{NOT} \ (fst \ T) \ and \ satisfiable \ (set-mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ (fst \ T)))
  then show unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
   \vee lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S) \wedge
      satisfiable (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} (fst S)))
   proof cases
     case unsat
     then have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
       unfolding satisfiable-def apply auto
       using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff [of S T ] full inv n-d
       consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable\ true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext
       unfolding satisfiable-def full-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by blast
   next
     case sat
     then have lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)
       using true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
     then have lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)
       using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff [of S T] full inv n-d unfolding full-def by blast
     moreover then have satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
       using consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable distinct-consistent-interp n-d-T by fast
     ultimately show ?thesis by fast
   qed
qed
corollary full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-normal-form-init-state:
   init-state: trail\ S = []\ clauses_{NOT}\ S = N and
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, \theta) T and
   inv: inv S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
   \vee lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm N \wedge satisfiable (set-mset N)
 using full-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-normal-form[of (S, \theta) T] assms by auto
end
end
theory DPLL-NOT
imports CDCL-NOT
begin
```

5.3 DPLL as an instance of NOT

5.3.1 DPLL with simple backtrack

We are using a concrete couple instead of an abstract state.

```
locale dpll-with-backtrack
begin
inductive backtrack :: ('v, unit) ann-lits \times 'v clauses
  \Rightarrow ('v, unit) ann-lits \times 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool where
backtrack\text{-}split\ (fst\ S) = (M',\ L\ \#\ M) \Longrightarrow is\text{-}decided\ L \Longrightarrow D \in \#\ snd\ S
  \implies fst S \models as \ CNot \ D \implies backtrack \ S \ (Propagated \ (- (lit-of \ L)) \ () \# M, \ snd \ S)
inductive-cases backtrackE[elim]: backtrack (M, N) (M', N')
lemma backtrack-is-backjump:
 fixes M M' :: ('v, unit) ann-lits
 assumes
   backtrack: backtrack (M, N) (M', N') and
   no-dup: (no-dup \circ fst) (M, N) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ N \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ M)
   shows
      \exists C F' K F L l C'.
         M = F' @ Decided K \# F \land
         M' = Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F \land N = N' \land C \in \# \ N \land F' \ @ \ Decided \ K \ \# \ F \models as \ CNot \ C \land
         undefined-lit\ F\ L\ \land\ atm-of\ L\ \in\ atms-of-mm\ N\ \cup\ atm-of\ `lits-of-l\ (F'\ @\ Decided\ K\ \#\ F)\ \land
         N \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as \ CNot \ C'
proof -
 let ?S = (M, N)
 let ?T = (M', N')
 obtain F F' P L D where
   b-sp: backtrack-split M = (F', L \# F) and
   is-decided L and
   D \in \# \ snd \ ?S \ {\bf and}
   M \models as \ CNot \ D \ and
   bt: backtrack ?S (Propagated (- (lit-of L)) P \# F, N) and
   M': M' = Propagated (- (lit-of L)) P # F and
   [simp]: N' = N
  using backtrackE[OF backtrack] by (metis backtrack fstI sndI)
 let ?K = lit \text{-} of L
 let ?C = image\text{-}mset\ lit\text{-}of\ \{\#K \in \#mset\ M.\ is\text{-}decided\ K \land K \neq L\#\} :: 'v\ clause
 let ?C' = set\text{-}mset \ (image\text{-}mset \ single \ (?C+\{\#?K\#\}))
 obtain K where L: L = Decided K using (is-decided L) by (cases L) auto
 have M: M = F' @ Decided K \# F
   using b-sp by (metis L backtrack-split-list-eq fst-conv snd-conv)
 moreover have F' @ Decided K \# F \models as CNot D
   using \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M.
 moreover have undefined-lit F(-?K)
   using no-dup unfolding M L by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 moreover have atm-of (-K) \in atm-of-mm \ N \cup atm-of ' lits-of-l \ (F' @ Decided \ K \# F)
   by auto
 moreover
   have set-mset N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\
       have A: set-mset N \cup ?C' \cup unmark-l M =
         set-mset N \cup unmark-l M
```

```
unfolding M L by auto
   have set-mset N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-decided } L \land L \in set M\}
        \models ps \ unmark-l \ M
      using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF decomp].
    \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ C' \!\!: \ ?C' = \{ \{ \#\mathit{lit-of} \ L\# \} \ | L. \ \mathit{is-decided} \ L \ \land \ L \in \mathit{set} \ M \}
      unfolding M L apply standard
        apply force
      using IntI by auto
    ultimately have N-C-M: set-mset N \cup ?C' \models ps \ unmark-l \ M
    have set-mset N \cup (\lambda L. \{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\}) ' (set M) \models ps \{\{\#\}\}
      unfolding true-clss-clss-def
      proof (intro allI impI, goal-cases)
        case (1 I) note tot = this(1) and cons = this(2) and I-N-M = this(3)
       have I \models D
          using I-N-M \langle D \in \# snd ?S \rangle unfolding true-clss-def by auto
       moreover have I \models s \ CNot \ D
          using \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M by (metis \ 1(3) \ \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle)
            true-annots-true-cls true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def
            true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl\ true-clss-union)
        ultimately show ?case using cons consistent-CNot-not by blast
      qed
    then show ?thesis
      using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of \{\{\#\}\}\}] unfolding A by auto
have N \models pm \ image-mset \ uminus \ ?C + \{\#-?K\#\}
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
  proof (intro allI impI)
   \mathbf{fix}\ I
    assume
     tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (set-mset N \cup \{image-mset\ uminus\ ?C + \{\#-\ ?K\#\}\})) and
      cons: consistent-interp I and
      I \models sm N
    have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
      using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def L by (cases K) auto
    have \{a \in set \ M. \ is\text{-}decided \ a \land a \neq Decided \ K\} =
      set M \cap \{L. \text{ is-decided } L \land L \neq Decided K\}
      by auto
    then have
      tI: total\text{-}over\text{-}set\ I\ (atm\text{-}of\ `lit\text{-}of\ `(set\ M\ \cap\ \{L.\ is\text{-}decided\ L\ \land\ L\neq Decided\ K\}))
      using tot by (auto simp add: L atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
    then have H: \bigwedge x.
        lit\text{-}of \ x \notin I \Longrightarrow x \in set \ M \Longrightarrow is\text{-}decided \ x
        \implies x \neq Decided \ K \implies -lit \text{-} of \ x \in I
      proof -
       \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit) \ ann\text{-}lit
       assume a1: x \neq Decided K
       assume a2: is-decided x
        assume a3: x \in set M
        assume a4: lit-of x \notin I
        have atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of x) \in atm\text{-}of ' lit\text{-}of '
          (set\ M\cap \{m.\ is\ decided\ m\land m\neq Decided\ K\})
          using a3 \ a2 \ a1 by blast
        then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
          using tI unfolding total-over-set-def by blast
```

```
then show - lit-of x \in I
             using a4 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
               literal.sel(1,2)
         qed
       have \neg I \models s ?C'
         using \langle set\text{-}mset\ N\cup ?C' \models ps\ \{\{\#\}\}\rangle\ tot\ cons\ \langle I\models sm\ N\rangle
         unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
         by (simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
       then show I \models image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#- \text{ lit-of } L\#\}
         unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def
         using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
         unfolding L by (auto dest!: H)
     qed
 moreover
   have set F' \cap \{K. \text{ is-decided } K \land K \neq L\} = \{\}
     using backtrack-split-fst-not-decided[of - M] b-sp by auto
   then have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
      unfolding M CNot-def true-annots-def by (auto simp add: L lits-of-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using M' \langle D \in \# snd ?S \rangle L by force
qed
lemma backtrack-is-backjump':
 fixes M M' :: ('v, unit) ann-lits
 assumes
   backtrack: backtrack S T and
   no-dup: (no-dup \circ fst) S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (snd S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (fst S))
   shows
       \exists C F' K F L l C'.
         fst S = F' @ Decided K \# F \land
         T = (Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F, \ snd \ S) \land C \in \# \ snd \ S \land fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
         \land undefined-lit FL \land atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (snd\ S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (fst\ S) \land
         snd S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as CNot C'
 apply (cases S, cases T)
 using backtrack-is-backjump[of fst S and S fst T and T] assms by fastforce
sublocale dpll-state
 fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
 \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 by unfold-locales (auto simp: ac-simps)
sublocale backjumping-ops
 fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
 \lambda C (M, N). (M, \#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset\ C\ N) \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 by unfold-locales
thm reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-clauses
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}:
  reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS =
   (if \ length \ (fst \ S) \ge length \ F
   then drop (length (fst S) – length F) (fst S)
   else[],
   snd S) (is ?R = ?C)
proof -
 have ?R = (fst ?R, snd ?R)
```

```
by (cases reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS) auto
  also have (fst ?R, snd ?R) = ?C
   by (auto simp: trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-drop)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma backtrack-is-backjump":
  fixes M M' :: ('v, unit) ann-lits
 assumes
   backtrack: backtrack S T and
   no-dup: (no-dup \circ fst) S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (snd \ S) \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ (fst \ S))
   shows backjump S T
proof -
  obtain C F' K F L l C' where
    1: fst S = F' @ Decided K \# F and
   2: T = (Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F, \ snd \ S) and
   3: C \in \# snd S and
    4: fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \ and
   5: undefined-lit F L and
   6: atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (snd\ S)\cup atm\text{-}of\ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (fst\ S)\ and
    7: snd S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
   8: F \models as \ CNot \ C'
  using backtrack-is-backjump'[OF assms] by force
  show ?thesis
   apply (cases S)
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{backjump.intros}[\mathit{OF}\ 1\ -\ -\ 4\ 5\ -\ -\ 8,\ \mathit{of}\ T]\ \ \mathit{2}\ \mathit{backtrack}\ 1\ 5\ 3\ 6\ 7
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{simp}:\ \mathit{state-eq}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{def}\ \mathit{trail-reduce-trail-to}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{drop}
     reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> simp\ del: state-simp_{NOT})
qed
lemma can-do-bt-step:
  assumes
    M: fst \ S = F' \ @ \ Decided \ K \ \# \ F \ and
     C \in \# \ snd \ S \ \mathbf{and}
     C: fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
  shows \neg no-step backtrack S
proof -
  obtain L G' G where
   backtrack-split (fst S) = (G', L \# G)
   unfolding M by (induction F' rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
  moreover then have is-decided L
    by (metis\ backtrack-split-snd-hd-decided\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(1)\ snd-conv)
  ultimately show ?thesis
     using backtrack.intros[of S G' L G C] \langle C \in \# \text{ snd } S \rangle C unfolding M by auto
qed
end
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq dpll-with-backjumping-ops
   fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
  \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, {#C#} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
  \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
  \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
  \lambda- -. True
 apply unfold-locales
```

```
dpll-with-backtrack.can-do-bt-step)
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq dpll-with-backjumping
   fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
  \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (qet-all-ann-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 \lambda- -. True
 {\bf apply} \ {\it unfold-locales}
 using dpll-bj-no-dup dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv apply fastforce
 done
context dpll-with-backtrack
begin
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{wf-tranclp-dpll-inital-state} :
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{((M'::('v, unit) \ ann-lits, N'::'v \ clauses), ([], N))|M' \ N' \ N.
    dpll-bj^{++} ([], N) (M', N') \wedge atms-of-mm N \subseteq atms-of-ms A}
  using wf-tranclp-dpll-bj[OF\ assms(1)] by (rule\ wf-subset) auto
corollary full-dpll-final-state-conclusive:
 fixes M M' :: ('v, unit) \ ann-lits
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj ([], N) (M', N')
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N) \vee (M' \models asm N \wedge satisfiable (set-mset N))
 using assms full-dpll-backjump-final-state of ([],N) (M',N') set-mset N by auto
{\bf corollary}\ \mathit{full-dpll-normal-form-from-init-state}:
 fixes M M' :: ('v, unit) ann-lits
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj ([], N) (M', N')
 shows M' \models asm \ N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable \ (set\text{-}mset \ N)
proof -
 have no-dup M'
   using rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup[of([], N)(M', N')]
   full unfolding full-def by auto
  then have M' \models asm \ N \implies satisfiable \ (set\text{-}mset \ N)
   using distinct-consistent-interp satisfiable-carac' true-annots-true-cls by blast
  then show ?thesis
 using full-dpll-final-state-conclusive [OF full] by auto
qed
interpretation conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops
   fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
  \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, {#C#} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 \lambda- -. True \lambda- -. False \lambda- -. False
 by unfold-locales
interpretation conflict-driven-clause-learning
   fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
 \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, {#C#} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
```

by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) case-prod-beta comp-def dpll-with-backtrack.backtrack-is-backjump''

```
\lambda- -. True \lambda- -. False \lambda- -. False apply unfold-locales using cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup by fastforce lemma cdcl_{NOT}-is-dpll: cdcl_{NOT} S T \longleftrightarrow dpll-bj S T by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}.simps learn.simps forget_{NOT}.simps)

Another proof of termination: lemma wf \{(T, S). dpll-bj S T \land cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S} unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-is-dpll[symmetric] by (rule wf-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain) (auto simp: learn.simps forget_{NOT}.simps) end
```

5.3.2 Adding restarts

This was mainly a test whether it was possible to instantiate the assumption of the locale.

```
locale dpll-with backtrack-and-restarts =
  dpll-with-backtrack +
 fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
 assumes unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1:\land n. n \ge 1 \implies f n \ge 1
begin
 sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts
 fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
   \lambda C (M, N). (M, \#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset\ C\ N) f \lambda (-, N) S. S = ([], N)
  \lambda A \ (M,\ N). \ atms-of-mm \ N \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \wedge atm-of \ `lits-of-l \ M \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \wedge finite \ A
   \land all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
  \lambda A \ T. \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ \widehat{\ } \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T) dpll-bj
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 \lambda A -. (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
 apply unfold-locales
        apply (rule unbounded)
       using f-ge-1 apply fastforce
       apply (smt dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set
         dpll-bj-clauses id-apply prod.case-eq-if)
      apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop; auto)
     apply (rename-tac A T U, case-tac T, simp)
    apply (rename-tac A T U, case-tac U, simp)
   using dpll-bj-clauses dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv dpll-bj-no-dup by fastforce+
end
end
theory DPLL-W
imports Main Partial-Clausal-Logic Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic List-More Wellfounded-More
  DPLL-NOT
begin
```

5.4 Weidenbach's DPLL

5.4.1 Rules

```
type-synonym 'a dpll_W-ann-lit = ('a, unit) ann-lit type-synonym 'a dpll_W-ann-lits = ('a, unit) ann-lits
```

```
type-synonym 'v dpll_W-state = 'v dpll_W-ann-lits \times 'v clauses
abbreviation trail :: 'v \ dpll_W \text{-} state \Rightarrow 'v \ dpll_W \text{-} ann\text{-} lits \ \mathbf{where}
trail \equiv fst
abbreviation clauses :: 'v dpll_W-state \Rightarrow 'v clauses where
clauses \equiv snd
inductive dpll_W :: 'v \ dpll_W \text{-state} \Rightarrow 'v \ dpll_W \text{-state} \Rightarrow bool \text{ where}
propagate: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \Longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot C \Longrightarrow undefined-lit (trail S) L
  \implies dpll_W \ S \ (Propagated \ L \ () \ \# \ trail \ S, \ clauses \ S) \ |
decided: undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S)
  \implies dpll_W \ S \ (Decided \ L \ \# \ trail \ S, \ clauses \ S) \ |
backtrack: backtrack-split (trail S) = (M', L \# M) \Longrightarrow is\text{-}decided L \Longrightarrow D \in \# clauses S
  \implies trail S \models as \ CNot \ D \implies dpll_W \ S \ (Propagated \ (- \ (lit-of \ L)) \ () \# M, \ clauses \ S)
5.4.2
          Invariants
lemma dpll_W-distinct-inv:
  assumes dpll_W S S'
  and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail S')
  using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
  case (decided L S)
 then show ?case using defined-lit-map by force
next
  case (propagate C L S)
  then show ?case using defined-lit-map by force
  case (backtrack S M' L M D) note extracted = this(1) and no-dup = this(5)
 show ?case
    using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by auto
qed
lemma dpll_W-consistent-interp-inv:
  assumes dpll_W S S'
 and consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S))
  and no-dup (trail S)
  shows consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S'))
  using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
  case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D) note extracted = this(1) and decided = this(2) and D = this(4) and
   cons = this(5) and no-dup = this(6)
 have no-dup': no-dup M
   by (metis (no-types) backtrack-split-list-eq distinct.simps(2) distinct-append extracted
     list.simps(9) map-append no-dup snd-conv)
  then have insert (lit-of L) (lits-of-l M) \subseteq lits-of-l (trail S)
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by auto
  then have cons: consistent-interp (insert (lit-of L) (lits-of-l M))
   using consistent-interp-subset cons by blast
  moreover
   have lit\text{-}of L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
     using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] extracted
     unfolding lits-of-def by force
  moreover
   have atm\text{-}of\ (-lit\text{-}of\ L) \notin (\lambda m.\ atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ m)) 'set M
```

```
using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by force
   then have -lit-of L \notin lits-of-lM
     unfolding lits-of-def by force
 ultimately show ?case by simp
qed (auto intro: consistent-add-undefined-lit-consistent)
lemma dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses\ S)
 shows atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S')) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
  case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D)
 then have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses\ S)
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] by auto
 moreover
   have atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (clauses\ S)
     using backtrack(5) by simp
   then have \bigwedge xb. \ xb \in set \ M \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ xb) \in atm\text{s-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S)
     \mathbf{using}\ backtrack-split-list-eq[symmetric,\ of\ trail\ S]\ backtrack.hyps(1)
     unfolding lits-of-def by auto
  ultimately show ?case by (auto simp : lits-of-def)
qed (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
lemma atms-of-ms-lit-of-atms-of: atms-of-ms ((\lambda a. \{\#lit-of \ a\#\}) \ 'c) = atm-of \ 'lit-of \ 'c
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def using image-iff by force
theorem 2.8.2 page 73 of Weidenbach's book
lemma dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S') (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S'))
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll<sub>W</sub>.induct)
 case (decided L S)
  then show ?case unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by simp
next
  case (propagate C L S) note inS = this(1) and cnot = this(2) and IH = this(4) and undef =
this(3) and atms-incl = this(5)
 let ?I = set \ (map \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ (trail \ S)) \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)
 have ?I \models p C + \{\#L\#\} by (auto simp add: inS)
 moreover have ?I \models ps \ CNot \ C \ using \ true-annots-true-clss-cls \ cnot \ by \ fastforce
 ultimately have ?I \models p \{\#L\#\} using true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}plus\text{-}CNot[of ?I C L] inS by blast
   assume qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail\ S) = []
   then have ?case by blast
 moreover {
   assume n: qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail S) \neq []
   have 1: \bigwedge a b. (a, b) \in set (tl (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)))
     \implies (unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-mset} \ (clauses \ S)) \models ps \ unmark-l \ b
     using IH unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (fastforce simp add: list.set-set(2) n)
   moreover have 2: \bigwedge a c. hd (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, c)
     \implies (unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-mset} \ (clauses \ S)) \models ps \ (unmark-l \ c)
     by (metis IH all-decomposition-implies-cons-pair all-decomposition-implies-single
```

```
list.collapse n)
   moreover have 3: \bigwedge a c. hd (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, c)
     \implies (unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses S)) \models p \{ \#L\# \}
     proof -
       \mathbf{fix} \ a \ c
       assume h: hd (get\text{-}all\text{-}ann\text{-}decomposition } (trail S)) = (a, c)
       have h': trail S = c @ a using get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp h by blast
      have I: set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \ a) \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S)
         \cup unmark-l \ c \models ps \ CNot \ C
         using \langle I | = ps \ CNot \ C \rangle unfolding h' by (simp add: Un-commute Un-left-commute)
       have
         atms-of-ms (CNot C) \subseteq atms-of-ms (set (map (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#}) a) \cup set-mset (clauses S))
          and
         atms-of-ms (unmark-l c) \subseteq atms-of-ms (set (map (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#}) a)
          \cup set-mset (clauses S))
          apply (metis CNot-plus Un-subset-iff atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of
           atms-of-ms-union in S sup. cobounded I2)
         using in S atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-incl by (fastforce simp: h')
       then have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models ps \ CNot \ C
         using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF - I] h 2 by <math>auto
       then show unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models p \{\#L\#\}
         by (metis (no-types) Un-insert-right in Sinsert II mk-disjoint-insert in S
          true-clss-cls-in true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     ged
   ultimately have ?case
     by (cases hd (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)))
        (auto simp: all-decomposition-implies-def)
 ultimately show ?case by auto
next
 case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D) note extracted = this(1) and decided = this(2) and D = this(3) and
   cnot = this(4) and cons = this(4) and IH = this(5) and atms-incl = this(6)
 have S: trail\ S = M' @ L \# M
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S] unfolding extracted by auto
 have M': \forall l \in set M'. \neg is\text{-}decided l
   using extracted backtrack-split-fst-not-decided of - trail S by simp
 have n: get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S) \neq [] by auto
  then have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) ((L \# M, M')
          \# tl (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)))
   by (metis (no-types) IH extracted get-all-ann-decomposition-backtrack-split list.exhaust-sel)
  then have 1: unmark-1 (L \# M) \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models ps(\lambda a. \{\#lit - of a\#\}) 'set M'
   by simp
  moreover
   have unmark-l\ (L\ \#\ M)\cup unmark-l\ M'\models ps\ CNot\ D
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) S Un-commute cons image-Un set-append
       true-annots-true-clss-clss)
   then have 2: unmark-l (L \# M) \cup set-mset (clauses S) \cup unmark-l M'
       \models ps \ CNot \ D
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) Un-assoc Un-left-commute true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
  ultimately
   have set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) (L \# M)) \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S) \models ps CNot D
     using true-clss-clss-left-right by fastforce
   then have set (map\ (\lambda a.\ \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\})\ (L\ \#\ M))\cup set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ S)\models p\ \{\#\}
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) D Un-def mem-Collect-eq
       true-clss-clss-contradiction-true-clss-cls-false)
```

```
then have IL: unmark-l M \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models p \{\#-lit\text{-of }L\#\}
   using true-clss-clss-false-left-right by auto
show ?case unfolding S all-decomposition-implies-def
 proof
   \mathbf{fix} \ x \ P \ level
   assume x: x \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition)
    (fst (Propagated (- lit-of L) P \# M, clauses S)))
   let ?M' = Propagated (-lit-of L) P \# M
   let ?hd = hd (get-all-ann-decomposition ?M')
   let ?tl = tl \ (get-all-ann-decomposition ?M')
   have x = ?hd \lor x \in set ?tl
    using x
    by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition ?M')
   moreover {
    assume x': x \in set ?tl
    have L': Decided (lit-of L) = L using decided by (cases L, auto)
    have x \in set (qet-all-ann-decomposition (M' @ L # M))
      using x' get-all-ann-decomposition-except-last-choice-equal [of M' lit-of L P M]
      L' by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ M'\ list.set\text{-}sel(2)\ tl\text{-}Nil)
    then have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark-l Ls \cup set-mset (clauses S)
      \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen
      using decided IH by (cases L) (auto simp add: S all-decomposition-implies-def)
   moreover {
    assume x': x = ?hd
    have tl: tl (get-all-ann-decomposition (M' @ L \# M)) \neq []
      proof -
        = length (qet-all-ann-decomposition ms)
         by (simp add: M' get-all-ann-decomposition-remove-undecided-length)
       have Suc (length (get-all-ann-decomposition M)) \neq Suc 0
         by blast
        then show ?thesis
         using f1 decided by (metis (no-types) get-all-ann-decomposition.simps(1) length-tl
           list.sel(3) \ list.size(3) \ ann-lit.collapse(1))
    obtain M0'M0 where
      L0: hd (tl (get-all-ann-decomposition (M' @ L \# M))) = (M0, M0')
      by (cases hd (tl (get-all-ann-decomposition (M' @ L \# M))))
    have x'': x = (M0, Propagated (-lit-of L) P # M0')
      unfolding x' using get-all-ann-decomposition-last-choice tl M' L0
      by (metis\ decided\ ann-lit.collapse(1))
    obtain l-get-all-ann-decomposition where
      get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S) = (L \# M, M') \# (M0, M0') \#
        l-get-all-ann-decomposition
      using qet-all-ann-decomposition-backtrack-split extracted by (metis (no-types) L0 S
        hd-Cons-tl n tl)
    then have M = M0' @ M0 using qet-all-ann-decomposition-hd-hd by fastforce
    then have IL': unmark-l\ M0 \cup set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ S)
      \cup unmark-l M0' \models ps \{\{\#- lit-of L\#\}\}
      using IL by (simp add: Un-commute Un-left-commute image-Un)
    moreover have H: unmark-l M0 \cup set-mset (clauses S)
      ⊨ps unmark-l M0'
      using IH x" unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) L0 S
        list.set-sel(1) list.set-sel(2) old.prod.case tl tl-Nil)
```

```
ultimately have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark-l Ls \cup set\text{-mset} (clauses S)
         \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen
         using true-clss-clss-left-right unfolding x'' by auto
     ultimately show case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow
       unmark-l Ls \cup set-mset (snd (?M', clauses S))
         \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen
       unfolding snd-conv by blast
   qed
qed
theorem 2.8.3 page 73 of Weidenbach's book
theorem dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion-of-decided:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (clauses\ S)
 shows set-mset (clauses S') \cup {{#lit-of L#} |L. is-decided L \land L \in set (trail S')}
    \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ ` \bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}ann\text{-}decomposition} \ (trail \ S')))
 using all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied [OF dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion [OF assms]].
theorem 2.8.4 page 73 of Weidenbach's book
lemma only-propagated-vars-unsat:
 assumes decided: \forall x \in set M. \neg is\text{-decided } x
 and DN: D \in N and D: M \models as CNot D
 and inv: all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of-lM \subseteq atms-of-ms N
 shows unsatisfiable N
proof (rule ccontr)
 \mathbf{assume} \, \neg \, \mathit{unsatisfiable} \, \, N
  then obtain I where
   I: I \models s N \text{ and }
   cons: consistent-interp\ I and
   tot:\ total	ext{-}over	ext{-}m\ I\ N
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
  then have I-D: I \models D
   using DN unfolding true-clss-def by auto
 have l0: \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-decided }L \land L \in set M\} = \{\} \text{ using decided by } auto
  have atms-of-ms (N \cup unmark-l M) = atms-of-ms N
   using atm-incl unfolding atms-of-ms-def lits-of-def by auto
  then have total-over-m I (N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of } a\#\}) ` (set M))
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
  then have I \models s (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \text{ '} (set M)
   using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF inv] cons I
   unfolding true-clss-clss-def l0 by auto
  then have IM: I \models s \ unmark-l \ M \ by \ auto
   \mathbf{fix}\ K
   assume K \in \# D
   then have -K \in lits-of-l M
     by (auto split: if-split-asm
       intro: allE[OF\ D[unfolded\ true-annots-def\ Ball-def],\ of\ \{\#-K\#\}])
   then have -K \in I using IM true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl by fastforce
 then have \neg I \models D using cons unfolding true-cls-def consistent-interp-def by auto
```

```
then show False using I-D by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-same-clauses:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: dpll<sub>W</sub>.induct, auto)
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-inv:
 assumes rtranclp \ dpll_W \ S \ S'
 and inv: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 and consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S))
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S') (qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail S'))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S') \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (clauses\ S')
 and clauses S = clauses S'
 and consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S'))
 and no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
{f proof}\ (induct\ rule:\ rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 show
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
   atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S) and
   clauses S = clauses S and
   consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
   no-dup (trail S) using assms by auto
 case (step S' S'') note dpll_W Star = this(1) and IH = this(3,4,5,6,7) and
   dpll_W = this(2)
 moreover
   assume
     inv: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
     atm-incl: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S) and
     cons: consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
     no-dup (trail S)
 ultimately have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S')
   (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail <math>S')) and
   atm-incl': atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S') \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S') and
   snd: clauses S = clauses S' and
   cons': consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S')) and
   no-dup': no-dup (trail S') by blast+
 show clauses S = clauses S'' using dpll_W-same-clauses [OF \ dpll_W] and by metis
 show all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S'') (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S''))
   using dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion[OF dpll_W] decomp atm-incl' by auto
 show atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S'') \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S'')
   using dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv[OF dpll_W] atm-incl atm-incl' by auto
 show no-dup (trail S'') using dpll_W-distinct-inv[OF dpll_W] no-dup' dpll_W by auto
 show consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S''))
   using cons' no-dup' dpll_W-consistent-interp-inv[OF dpll_W] by auto
qed
definition dpll_W-all-inv S \equiv
 (all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
```

```
\land atm\text{-}of \text{ '} lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \text{ (trail } S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \text{ (clauses } S)
 \land consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S))
 \land no-dup (trail S))
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-dest[dest]:
  assumes dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (clauses\ S)
 and consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) \land no-dup (trail S)
 using assms unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv:
 assumes rtranclp \ dpll_W \ S \ S'
 and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
 using assms rtranclp-dpll_W-inv[OF\ assms(1)] unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def\ lits-of-def\ by\ blast
lemma dpll_W-all-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
 using assms rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv by blast
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-\theta:
 assumes rtranclp \ dpll_W \ S \ S'
 and inv: trail\ S = []
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
proof -
 have dpll_W-all-inv S
   using assms unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def dpllw-all-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)] by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-can-do-step:
 assumes consistent-interp (set M)
 and distinct M
 and atm\text{-}of ' (set M) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm N
 shows rtranclp\ dpll_W\ ([],\ N)\ (map\ Decided\ M,\ N)
 using assms
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons\ L\ M)
  then have undefined-lit (map Decided M) L
   unfolding defined-lit-def consistent-interp-def by auto
 moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ N\ using\ Cons.prems(3)\ by\ auto
 ultimately have dpll_W (map Decided M, N) (map Decided (L # M), N)
   using dpll_W.decided by auto
 moreover have consistent-interp (set M) and distinct M and atm-of 'set M \subseteq atms-of-mm N
   using Cons.prems unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
  ultimately show ?case using Cons.hyps by auto
qed
definition conclusive-dpll_W-state (S:: 'v dpll_W-state) \longleftrightarrow
  (trail\ S \models asm\ clauses\ S \lor ((\forall\ L \in set\ (trail\ S).\ \neg is\text{-}decided\ L)
```

```
\land (\exists C \in \# clauses \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C)))
theorem 2.8.6 page 74 of Weidenbach's book
lemma dpll_W-strong-completeness:
 assumes set M \models sm N
 and consistent-interp (set M)
 and distinct M
 and \mathit{atm}\text{-}\mathit{of} ' (\mathit{set}\ M) \subseteq \mathit{atms}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}\mathit{mm}\ N
 shows dpll_{W}^{**} ([], N) (map Decided M, N)
 and conclusive-dpll_W-state (map\ Decided\ M,\ N)
proof -
 show rtrancly dpll_W ([], N) (map Decided M, N) using dpll_W-can-do-step assms by auto
 have map Decided M \models asm \ N  using assms(1) true-annots-decided-true-cls by auto
 then show conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (map Decided M, N)
   unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
theorem 2.8.5 page 73 of Weidenbach's book
lemma dpll_W-sound:
 assumes
   rtranclp \ dpll_W \ ([], \ N) \ (M, \ N) and
   \forall S. \neg dpll_W (M, N) S
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 let ?M' = lits - of - lM
 assume ?A
 then have ?M' \models sm \ N by (simp \ add: true-annots-true-cls)
 moreover have consistent-interp ?M'
   using rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0[OF assms(1)] by auto
  ultimately show ?B by auto
next
 assume ?B
 show ?A
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume n: \neg ?A
     have (\exists L. \ undefined-lit \ M \ L \land \ atm-of \ L \in \ atms-of-mm \ N) \lor (\exists \ D \in \#N. \ M \models as \ CNot \ D)
       proof -
         obtain D: 'a clause where D: D \in \# N and \neg M \models a D
          using n unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def by auto
         then have (\exists L. undefined-lit M L \land atm-of L \in atms-of D) \lor M \models as CNot D
           unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-annot-def
           using atm-of-lit-in-atms-of true-annot-iff-decided-or-true-lit true-cls-def by blast
         then show ?thesis
           by (metis Bex-def D atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono rev-subsetD)
       qed
       assume \exists L. undefined-lit M L \land atm\text{-}of L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm N
       then have False using assms(2) decided by fastforce
     moreover {
       assume \exists D \in \#N. M \models as CNot D
       then obtain D where DN: D \in \# N and MD: M \models as \ CNot \ D by auto
         assume \forall l \in set M. \neg is\text{-}decided l
         moreover have dpll_W-all-inv ([], N)
           using assms unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def dpllw-all-inv-def by auto
```

```
ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
          using only-propagated-vars-unsat[of M D set-mset N] DN MD
          rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)] by force
        then have False using \langle ?B \rangle by blast
      moreover {
        assume l: \exists l \in set M. is\text{-}decided l
        then have False
          using backtrack[of(M, N) - - D]DNMD assms(2)
            backtrack-split-some-is-decided-then-snd-has-hd[OF l]
          by (metis\ backtrack-split-snd-hd-decided\ fst-conv\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(1)\ snd-conv)
      }
      ultimately have False by blast
     ultimately show False by blast
    qed
qed
5.4.3
         Termination
definition dpll_W-mes\ M\ n =
  map (\lambda l. if is-decided l then 2 else (1::nat)) (rev M) @ replicate (n - length M) 3
lemma length-dpll_W-mes:
 assumes length M \leq n
 shows length (dpll_W-mes M n) = n
 using assms unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by auto
lemma distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length:
 assumes no-dup S
 shows card (atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l S) = length S
 using assms by (induct S) (auto simp add: image-image lits-of-def)
lemma dpll_W-card-decrease:
 assumes dpll: dpll_W S S' and length (trail S') \leq card vars
 and length (trail S) \leq card \ vars
 shows (dpll_W-mes (trail\ S')\ (card\ vars),\ dpll_W-mes (trail\ S)\ (card\ vars))
   \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} (card vars)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
  case (propagate \ C \ L \ S)
 have m: map (\lambda l. if is\text{-}decided \ l then \ 2 \ else \ 1) \ (rev \ (trail \ S))
      @ replicate (card vars - length (trail S)) 3
    = map (\lambda l. if is\text{-}decided l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S)) @ 3
        \# replicate (card vars - Suc (length (trail S))) 3
    using propagate.prems[simplified] using Suc-diff-le by fastforce
 then show ?case
   using propagate.prems(1) unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by (fastforce simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
next
 case (decided \ S \ L)
 have m: map (\lambda l. if is\text{-}decided \ l then \ 2 \ else \ 1) \ (rev \ (trail \ S))
     @ replicate (card vars - length (trail S)) 3
   = map (\lambda l. if is\text{-}decided l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S)) @ 3
     \# replicate (card vars - Suc (length (trail S))) 3
   using decided.prems[simplified] using Suc-diff-le by fastforce
  then show ?case
```

```
using decided.prems unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by (force simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
next
 case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D)
 have L: is-decided L using backtrack.hyps(2) by auto
 have S: trail S = M' @ L \# M
   using backtrack.hyps(1) backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S] by auto
   using backtrack.prems L unfolding dpll_W-mes-def S by (fastforce simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
qed
theorem 2.8.7 page 74 of Weidenbach's book
lemma dpll_W-card-decrease':
 assumes dpll: dpll_W S S'
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 and no-dup: no-dup (trail S)
 shows (dpll_W-mes (trail\ S')\ (card\ (atms-of-mm\ (clauses\ S'))),
        dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S)))) \in lex \{(a, b), a < b\}
proof -
 have finite (atms-of-mm (clauses S)) unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
 then have 1: length (trail S) \leq card (atms-of-mm (clauses S))
   using distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length [OF no-dup] atm-incl card-mono by metis
 moreover
   have no-dup': no-dup (trail S') using dpll dpllw-distinct-inv no-dup by blast
   have SS': clauses S' = clauses S using dpll by (auto dest!: dpll<sub>W</sub>-same-clauses)
   have atm-incl': atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S') \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S')
     using atm-incl dpll dpll<sub>W</sub>-vars-in-snd-inv[OF dpll] by force
   have finite (atms-of-mm (clauses S'))
     unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
   then have 2: length (trail S') \leq card (atms-of-mm (clauses S))
     using distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length [OF no-dup'] atm-incl' card-mono SS' by metis
 ultimately have (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-mm \ (clauses \ S))),
     dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S))))
   \in lexn \{(a, b). \ a < b\} \ (card \ (atms-of-mm \ (clauses \ S)))
   using dpll_W-card-decrease [OF assms(1), of atms-of-mm (clauses S)] by blast
 then have (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-mm \ (clauses \ S))),
        dpll_W-mes (trail\ S)\ (card\ (atms-of-mm\ (clauses\ S)))) \in lex\ \{(a,\ b).\ a< b\}
   unfolding lex-def by auto
 then show (dpll_W-mes (trail\ S')\ (card\ (atms-of-mm\ (clauses\ S'))),
       dpll_W-mes (trail\ S)\ (card\ (atms-of-mm\ (clauses\ S)))) \in lex\ \{(a,\ b).\ a< b\}
   using dpll_W-same-clauses [OF assms(1)] by auto
qed
lemma wf-lexn: wf (lexn \{(a, b), (a::nat) < b\} (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S))))
 have m: \{(a, b). \ a < b\} = measure \ id by auto
 show ?thesis apply (rule wf-lexn) unfolding m by auto
qed
lemma dpll_W-wf:
 wf \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W S S'\}
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure'[OF wf-lex-less, of - -
        \lambda S. \ dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S)))])
 using dpll_W-card-decrease' by fast
```

```
lemma dpll_W-tranclp-star-commute:
  \{(S', S).\ dpll_W - all - inv\ S \land dpll_W\ S\ S'\}^+ = \{(S', S).\ dpll_W - all - inv\ S \land tranclp\ dpll_W\ S\ S'\}
   (is ?A = ?B)
proof
  \{ \text{ fix } S S' \}
   assume (S, S') \in ?A
   then have (S, S') \in ?B
     by (induct rule: trancl.induct, auto)
 then show ?A \subseteq ?B by blast
  { fix S S'
   assume (S, S') \in ?B
   then have dpll_W^{++} S' S and dpll_W-all-inv S' by auto
   then have (S, S') \in ?A
     proof (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
       case r-into-trancl
       then show ?case by (simp-all add: r-into-trancl')
     next
       case (trancl-into-trancl S S' S'')
       then have (S', S) \in \{a. \ case \ a \ of \ (S', S) \Rightarrow dpll_W - all - inv \ S \wedge dpll_W \ S \ S'\}^+ \ by \ blast
       moreover have dpll_W-all-inv S'
         using rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF\ trancl-into-trancl.hyps(1)]]
         trancl\text{-}into\text{-}trancl.prems \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
       ultimately have (S'', S') \in \{(pa, p), dpll_W - all - inv p \land dpll_W p pa\}^+
         using \langle dpll_W - all - inv S' \rangle trancl-into-trancl.hyps(3) by blast
       then show ?case
         using (S', S) \in \{a. \ case \ a \ of \ (S', S) \Rightarrow dpll_W - all - inv \ S \land dpll_W \ S \ S'\}^+ \} by auto
 }
 then show ?B \subseteq ?A by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-wf-tranclp: wf \{(S', S). dpll_W-all-inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\}
 unfolding dpll_W-tranclp-star-commute[symmetric] by (simp add: dpll_W-wf wf-trancl)
lemma dpll_W-wf-plus:
 shows wf \{(S', ([], N)) | S'. dpll_W^{++} ([], N) S'\} (is wf ?P)
 apply (rule wf-subset[OF dpll_W-wf-tranclp, of ?P])
 using assms unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
5.4.4
         Final States
Proposition 2.8.1: final states are the normal forms of dpll_W
lemma dpll_W-no-more-step-is-a-conclusive-state:
 assumes \forall S'. \neg dpll_W S S'
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state S
proof -
 have vars: \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S). \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume \neg (\forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S). \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S))
     then obtain L where
       L-in-atms: L \in atms-of-mm (clauses S) and
       L-notin-trail: L \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) by metis
     obtain L' where L': atm\text{-}of\ L' = L\ by\ (meson\ literal.sel(2))
```

```
then have undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L'
       unfolding Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l by (metis L-notin-trail atm-of-uninus imageI)
     then show False using dpll_W.decided \ assms(1) \ L-in-atms \ L' by blast
   qed
  show ?thesis
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume not-final: ¬ ?thesis
     then have
        \neg trail S \models asm clauses S  and
       (\exists L \in set \ (trail \ S). \ is\text{-}decided \ L) \lor (\forall C \in \#clauses \ S. \ \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C)
       unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
     moreover {
       assume \exists L \in set \ (trail \ S). is-decided L
       then obtain L M' M where L: backtrack-split (trail S) = (M', L \# M)
         using backtrack-split-some-is-decided-then-snd-has-hd by blast
       obtain D where D \in \# clauses S and \neg trail S \models a D
         using \langle \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding true-annots-def by auto
       then have \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{D\}. s \in atm\text{-}of \text{ '}lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S)
         using vars unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
       then have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D
         using all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot [of D] \langle \neg trail \ S \models a \ D \rangle by auto
       moreover have is-decided L
         using L by (metis backtrack-split-snd-hd-decided list.distinct(1) list.sel(1) snd-conv)
       ultimately have False
         using assms(1) dpll_W.backtrack\ L\ \langle D\in\#\ clauses\ S\rangle\ \langle trail\ S\models as\ CNot\ D\rangle\ by blast
     }
     moreover {
       assume tr: \forall C \in \#clauses \ S. \ \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
       obtain C where C-in-cls: C \in \# clauses S and trC: \neg trail S \models a C
         using \langle \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding true-annots-def by auto
       have \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{C\}. s \in atm\text{-}of \text{ '} lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S)
         using vars \langle C \in \# clauses S \rangle unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
       then have trail S \models as \ CNot \ C
         by (meson C-in-cls tr trC all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot)
       then have False using tr C-in-cls by auto
     ultimately show False by blast
   qed
qed
lemma dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct:
 assumes dpll_W^{**} ([], N) (M, N) and conclusive\text{-}dpll_W\text{-}state (M, N)
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 let ?M' = lits - of - lM
  assume ?A
 then have ?M' \models sm \ N by (simp \ add: true-annots-true-cls)
  moreover have consistent-interp ?M'
   using rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0[OF assms(1)] by auto
  ultimately show ?B by auto
next
  assume ?B
 show ?A
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume n: \neg ?A
     have no-mark: \forall L \in set \ M. \ \neg \ is\text{-}decided \ L \ \exists \ C \in \# \ N. \ M \models as \ CNot \ C
```

```
using n assms(2) unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto moreover obtain D where DN: D \in \# N and MD: M \models as CNot D using no-mark by auto ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset N) using only-propagated-vars-unsat rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF \ assms(1)] unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by force then show False using (?B) by blast qed qed
```

5.4.5 Link with NOT's DPLL

interpretation $dpll_{W-NOT}$: dpll-with-backtrack.

```
declare dpll_W-_{NOT}.state-simp_{NOT}[simp\ del]
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-iff-eq[iff, simp]: dpll_{W-NOT}.state-eq_{NOT} S T \longleftrightarrow S = T
  unfolding dpll_{W-NOT}.state-eq_{NOT}-def by (cases S, cases T) auto
lemma dpll_W-dpll_W-bj:
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv S and dpll: dpll_W S T
 shows dpll_W-_{NOT}.dpll-bj S T
 using dpll inv
 apply (induction rule: dpll_W.induct)
   apply (rule dpll_W-_{NOT}.bj-propagate_{NOT})
   apply (rule dpll_{W-NOT}.propagate<sub>NOT</sub>.propagate<sub>NOT</sub>; simp?)
   {\bf apply} \ \textit{fastforce}
  apply (rule dpll_W-_{NOT}.bj-decide_{NOT})
  apply (rule dpll_{W-NOT}.decide_{NOT}.decide_{NOT}; simp?)
  apply fastforce
 apply (frule dpll_{W-NOT}.backtrack.intros[of - - - -], simp-all)
 apply (rule dpll_W-_{NOT}.dpll-bj.bj-backjump)
 apply (rule dpll_{W-NOT}. backtrack-is-backjump",
   simp-all\ add:\ dpll_W-all-inv-def)
 done
lemma dpll_W-bj-dpll:
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv S and dpll: dpll_W-NOT. dpll-bj S T
 shows dpll_W S T
 using dpll
 apply (induction rule: dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj.induct)
   apply (elim \ dpll_{W-NOT}.decide_{NOT}E, \ cases \ S)
   apply (frule decided; simp)
  apply (elim dpll_W-_{NOT}.propagate_{NOT}E, cases S)
  apply (auto intro!: propagate[of - - (-, -), simplified])[]
 apply (elim \ dpll_W-_{NOT}.backjumpE, cases \ S)
 by (simp\ add:\ dpll_W.simps\ dpll-with-backtrack.backtrack.simps)
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-rtranclp-dpll_W-NOT:
 assumes dpll_W^{**} S T and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} S T
 using assms apply (induction)
  apply simp
 by (auto intro: rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv\ dpll_W-dpll_W-bj\ rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-rtranclp-dpll_W:
 assumes dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} S T and dpll_{W}-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W^{**} S T
```

```
using assms apply (induction)
  apply simp
 by (auto intro: dpll_W-bj-dpll rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv)
lemma dpll-conclusive-state-correctness:
 assumes dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} ([], N) (M, N) and conclusive-dpll_{W}-state (M, N)
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N)
proof -
 have dpll_W-all-inv ([], N)
   unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct)
     apply (simp\ add: \langle dpll_W - all - inv\ ([],\ N)\rangle\ assms(1)\ rtranclp - dpll - rtranclp - dpll_W)
   using assms(2) by simp
qed
end
theory CDCL-W-Level
imports Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic
begin
```

Level of literals and clauses

Getting the level of a variable, implies that the list has to be reversed. Here is the function after reversing.

```
abbreviation count-decided :: ('v, 'm) ann-lits \Rightarrow nat where
count-decided l \equiv length (filter is-decided l)
abbreviation get-level :: ('v, 'm) ann-lits \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow nat where
get-level S L \equiv length (filter is-decided (dropWhile (\lambda S. atm-of (lit-of S) \neq atm-of L) S))
lemma get-level-uminus: get-level M(-L) = \text{get-level } ML
 by auto
lemma atm-of-notin-qet-rev-level-eq-0[simp]:
 assumes atm-of L \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l M
 shows get-level ML = 0
 using assms by (induct M rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-level-ge-0-atm-of-in:
 assumes get-level M L > n
 \mathbf{shows}\ atm\text{-}of\ L\in\ atm\text{-}of\ `\ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: ann-lit-list-induct) fastforce+
In get-level (resp. get-level), the beginning (resp. the end) can be skipped if the literal is not
in the beginning (resp. the end).
lemma get-rev-level-skip[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
 shows qet-level (M @ M') L = qet-level M' L
 using assms by (induct M rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
```

If the literal is at the beginning, then the end can be skipped

lemma *get-rev-level-skip-end*[*simp*]:

assumes $atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of$ ' $lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M$

```
shows get-level (M @ M') L = get-level M L + length (filter is-decided M')
  using assms by (induct M' rule: ann-lit-list-induct) (auto simp: lits-of-def)
lemma get-level-skip-beginning:
 assumes atm-of L' \neq atm-of (lit-of K)
 shows get-level (K \# M) L' = get-level M L'
 using assms by auto
lemma get-level-skip-beginning-not-decided[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ ' \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ S
 and \forall s \in set S. \neg is \cdot decided s
 shows get-level (M @ S) L = get-level M L
 using assms apply (induction S rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
 apply (case-tac atm-of L \in atm-of 'lits-of-l M)
 apply (auto simp: image-iff lits-of-def filter-empty-conv dest: set-dropWhileD)
 done
lemma get-level-skip-in-all-not-decided:
 fixes M :: ('a, 'b) ann-lits and L :: 'a \ literal
 assumes \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}decided m
 and atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
 shows get-level M L = 0
 using assms by (induction M rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-level-skip-all-not-decided[simp]:
 fixes M
 assumes \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}decided m
 shows get-level M L = 0
 using assms by (auto simp: filter-empty-conv dest: set-dropWhileD)
abbreviation MMax\ M \equiv Max\ (set\text{-}mset\ M)
the \{\#\theta::'a\#\} is there to ensures that the set is not empty.
definition get-maximum-level :: ('a, 'b) ann-lits \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow nat
 where
get-maximum-level M D = MMax (\{\#0\#\} + image-mset (get-level M) D)
lemma get-maximum-level-ge-get-level:
  L \in \# D \Longrightarrow get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ D \ge get\text{-}level\ M\ L
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-maximum-level-empty}[\textit{simp}] :
 get-maximum-level M \{\#\} = 0
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
lemma qet-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level:
  D \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow \exists L \in \# D. \text{ get-level } M L = \text{get-maximum-level } M D
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def
 apply (induct D)
  apply simp
 by (rename-tac D x, case-tac D = \{\#\}) (auto simp add: max-def)
lemma get-maximum-level-empty-list[simp]:
  get-maximum-level []D = 0
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (simp add: image-constant-conv)
```

```
lemma \ get-maximum-level-single[simp]:
  get-maximum-level M \{ \#L\# \} = get-level M L
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by simp
lemma get-maximum-level-plus:
  qet-maximum-level M (D + D') = max (qet-maximum-level M D) (qet-maximum-level M D')
 by (induct D) (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-def)
lemma get-maximum-level-exists-lit:
 assumes n: n > 0
 and max: get-maximum-level MD = n
 shows \exists L \in \#D. get-level M L = n
proof -
 have f: finite (insert 0 ((\lambda L. qet-level M L) 'set-mset D)) by auto
 then have n \in ((\lambda L. \ get\text{-level} \ M \ L) \ `set\text{-mset} \ D)
   using n \max Max-in[OF f] unfolding get-maximum-level-def by simp
 then show \exists L \in \# D. get-level ML = n by auto
qed
lemma get-maximum-level-skip-first[simp]:
 assumes atm-of L \notin atms-of D
 shows get-maximum-level (Propagated L C \# M) D = get-maximum-level M D
 using assms unfolding get-maximum-level-def atms-of-def
   atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
  by (smt\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}in\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}set\text{-}in\text{-}uminus}\ get\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}beginning}\ image\text{-}iff\ ann\text{-}lit.sel(2)
   multiset.map-cong\theta)
lemma get-maximum-level-skip-beginning:
 assumes DH: \forall x \in atms\text{-}of D. \ x \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ } lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ c
 shows get-maximum-level (c @ H) D = get-maximum-level H D
proof -
 have (get\text{-}level\ (c\ @\ H)) 'set-mset D=(get\text{-}level\ H)' set-mset D
   apply (rule image-cong)
    apply simp
   using DH unfolding atms-of-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using DH unfolding qet-maximum-level-def by auto
qed
lemma get-maximum-level-D-single-propagated:
  get-maximum-level [Propagated x21 x22] D = 0
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (simp add: image-constant-conv)
\mathbf{lemma} \ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}un\text{-}decided\text{-}not\text{-}present:
 assumes
   \forall L \in \#D. \ atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M \ and }
   \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}decided m
 shows qet-maximum-level (M @ aa) D = qet-maximum-level aa D
 using assms unfolding get-maximum-level-def by simp
lemma get-maximum-level-union-mset:
  get-maximum-level M (A \# \cup B) = get-maximum-level M (A + B)
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (auto simp: image-Un)
lemma count-decided-rev[simp]:
  count-decided (rev M) = count-decided M
```

```
by (auto simp: rev-filter[symmetric])
lemma count-decided-ge-get-level[simp]:
 count-decided M \ge get-level M L
 by (induct M rule: ann-lit-list-induct) (auto simp add: le-max-iff-disj)
lemma count-decided-ge-get-maximum-level:
 count-decided M \ge get-maximum-level M D
 using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level unfolding Bex-def
 by (metis get-maximum-level-empty count-decided-ge-get-level le0)
fun get-all-mark-of-propagated where
get-all-mark-of-propagated [] = []
get-all-mark-of-propagated (Decided - \# L) = get-all-mark-of-propagated L
get-all-mark-of-propagated (Propagated - mark \# L) = mark \# get-all-mark-of-propagated L
lemma get-all-mark-of-propagated-append[simp]:
 get-all-mark-of-propagated \ (A @ B) = get-all-mark-of-propagated \ A @ get-all-mark-of-propagated \ B
 by (induct A rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
Properties about the levels
lemma atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l:
 (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set xs = atm\text{-}of 'lits-of-l xs
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma le-count-decided-decomp:
 assumes no-dup M
 shows i < count\text{-}decided\ M \longleftrightarrow (\exists\ c\ K\ c'.\ M = c\ @\ Decided\ K\ \#\ c' \land\ get\text{-}level\ M\ K = Suc\ i)
   (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 assume ?B
 then obtain c \ K \ c' where
   M = c @ Decided K \# c'  and get-level M K = Suc i
 then show ?A using count-decided-ge-get-level[of K M] by auto
next
 assume ?A
 then show ?B
   using \langle no\text{-}dup \ M \rangle
   proof (induction M rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
     case Nil
     then show ?case by simp
   next
     case (Decided L M) note IH = this(1) and i = this(2) and n-d = this(3)
     then have n-d-M: no-dup M by simp
     show ?case
      proof (cases i < count\text{-}decided M)
        case True
        then obtain c K c' where
          M: M = c @ Decided K \# c'  and lev-K: get-level M K = Suc i
          using IH n-d-M by blast
        show ?thesis
          apply (rule exI[of - Decided L \# c])
          apply (rule\ exI[of\ -\ K])
         apply (rule\ exI[of\ -\ c'])
```

```
using lev-K n-d unfolding M by auto
      \mathbf{next}
        {f case}\ {\it False}
        show ?thesis
          apply (rule exI[of - []])
          apply (rule\ exI[of\ -\ L])
          apply (rule\ exI[of\ -\ M])
          using False i by auto
      \mathbf{qed}
     next
      case (Propagated L mark' M) note i = this(2) and n-d = this(3) and IH = this(1)
      then obtain c \ K \ c' where
        M: M = c @ Decided K \# c'  and lev-K: get-level M K = Suc i
        by auto
      show ?case
        apply (rule exI[of - Propagated L mark' # c])
        apply (rule\ exI[of\ -\ K])
        apply (rule exI[of - c'])
        using lev-K n-d unfolding M by (auto simp: atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l)
     qed
qed
\mathbf{end}
{\bf theory}\ \mathit{CDCL}\text{-}\mathit{W}
imports List-More CDCL-W-Level Wellfounded-More Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic
begin
```

Chapter 6

Weidenbach's CDCL

The organisation of the development is the following:

- CDCL_W.thy contains the specification of the rules: the rules and the strategy are defined, and we proof the correctness of CDCL.
- CDCL_W_Termination.thy contains the proof of termination.
- CDCL_W_Merge.thy contains a variant of the calculus: some rules of the raw calculus are always applied together (like the rules analysing the conflict and then backtracking). We define an equivalent version of the calculus where these rules are applied together. This is useful for implementations.
- CDCL_WNOT.thy proves the inclusion of Weidenbach's version of CDCL in NOT's version. We use here the version defined in CDCL_W_Merge.thy. We need this, because NOT's backjump corresponds to multiple applications of three rules in Weidenbach's calculus. We show also the termination of the calculus without strategy.

We have some variants build on the top of Weidenbach's CDCL calculus:

- CDCL_W_Incremental.thy adds incrementality on the top of CDCL_W.thy. The way we are doing it is not compatible with CDCL_W_Merge.thy, because we add conflicts and the CDCL_W_Merge.thy cannot analyse conflicts added externally, because the conflict and analyse are merged.
- CDCL_W_Restart.thy adds restart. It is built on the top of CDCL_W_Merge.thy.

6.1 Weidenbach's CDCL with Multisets

declare $upt.simps(2)[simp \ del]$

6.1.1 The State

We will abstract the representation of clause and clauses via two locales. We here use multisets, contrary to CDCL_W_Abstract_State.thy where we assume only the existence of a conversion to the state.

 $locale state_W-ops =$

```
fixes
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \ and
    init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clause option and
    cons-trail :: ('v, 'v clause) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \text{and}
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update\text{-}conflicting :: 'v \ clause \ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st
begin
abbreviation hd-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lit where
hd-trail S \equiv hd (trail S)
definition clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ where
clauses S = init-clss S + learned-clss S
abbreviation resolve-cls where
resolve\text{-}cls\ L\ D'\ E \equiv remove1\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ D'\ \#\cup\ remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ E
abbreviation state :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v clause) ann-lits \times 'v clauses \times 'v clauses
  \times nat \times 'v clause option where
state\ S \equiv (trail\ S,\ init-clss\ S,\ learned-clss\ S,\ backtrack-lvl\ S,\ conflicting\ S)
```

We are using an abstract state to abstract away the detail of the implementation: we do not need to know how the clauses are represented internally, we just need to know that they can be converted to multisets.

Weidenbach state is a five-tuple composed of:

- 1. the trail is a list of decided literals;
- 2. the initial set of clauses (that is not changed during the whole calculus);
- 3. the learned clauses (clauses can be added or remove);
- 4. the maximum level of the trail;
- 5. the conflicting clause (if any has been found so far).

There are two different clause representation: one for the conflicting clause ('v Partial-Clausal-Logic.clause, standing for conflicting clause) and one for the initial and learned clauses ('v Partial-Clausal-Logic.clause, standing for clause). The representation of the clauses annotating literals in the trail is slightly different: being able to convert it to 'v Partial-Clausal-Logic.clause is enough (needed for function hd-trail below).

There are several axioms to state the independence of the different fields of the state: for example, adding a clause to the learned clauses does not change the trail.

locale $state_W =$

```
state_W-ops
```

```
— functions about the state:
      — getter:
    trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting
    cons\text{-}trail\ tl\text{-}trail\ add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ remove\text{-}cls\ update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
    update	ext{-}conflicting
      — Some specific states:
    init\text{-}state
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \ \mathbf{and}
    init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ option \ and
    cons-trail :: ('v, 'v clause) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update\text{-}conflicting :: 'v \ clause \ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st +
  assumes
    cons-trail:
      \bigwedge S'. state st = (M, S') \Longrightarrow
        state\ (cons-trail\ L\ st)=(L\ \#\ M,\ S') and
    tl-trail:
      \bigwedge S'. state st = (M, S') \Longrightarrow state (tl-trail st) = (tl M, S') and
    remove-cls:
      \bigwedge S'. state st = (M, N, U, S') \Longrightarrow
        state\ (remove-cls\ C\ st) =
           (M, removeAll\text{-}mset\ C\ N, removeAll\text{-}mset\ C\ U,\ S') and
    add-learned-cls:
      \bigwedge S'. state st = (M, N, U, S') \Longrightarrow
        state (add-learned-cls C st) = (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, S') and
    update-backtrack-lvl:
      \bigwedge S'. state st = (M, N, U, k, S') \Longrightarrow
        state\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ k'\ st)=(M,\ N,\ U,\ k',\ S') and
    update-conflicting:
      state \ st = (M, N, U, k, D) \Longrightarrow
        state\ (update\text{-}conflicting\ E\ st) = (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ E)\ \mathbf{and}
      state\ (init\text{-}state\ N) = ([],\ N,\ \{\#\},\ \theta,\ None)
begin
  lemma
    trail-cons-trail[simp]:
```

```
trail\ (cons-trail\ L\ st) = L\ \#\ trail\ st\ {\bf and}
trail-tl-trail[simp]: trail (tl-trail st) = tl (trail st) and
trail-add-learned-cls[simp]:
 trail\ (add-learned-cls\ C\ st)=trail\ st\ {\bf and}
trail-remove-cls[simp]:
 trail\ (remove-cls\ C\ st) = trail\ st\ and
trail-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]: trail (update-backtrack-lvl k st) = trail st and
trail-update-conflicting[simp]: trail (update-conflicting E st) = trail st and
init-clss-cons-trail[simp]:
 init-clss (cons-trail M st) = init-clss st
 and
init-clss-tl-trail[simp]:
 init-clss (tl-trail st) = init-clss st and
init-clss-add-learned-cls[simp]:
 init-clss (add-learned-cls C st) = init-clss st and
init-clss-remove-cls[simp]:
 init-clss (remove-cls C st) = removeAll-mset C (init-clss st) and
init-clss-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
 init-clss (update-backtrack-lvl k st) = init-clss st and
init-clss-update-conflicting [simp]:
 init-clss (update-conflicting E st) = init-clss st and
learned-clss-cons-trail[simp]:
 learned-clss (cons-trail M st) = learned-clss st and
learned-clss-tl-trail[simp]:
 learned-clss (tl-trail st) = learned-clss st and
learned-clss-add-learned-cls[simp]:
 learned-clss\ (add-learned-cls\ C\ st) = \{\#C\#\} + learned-clss\ st\ and
learned-clss-remove-cls[simp]:
 learned-clss (remove-cls C st) = removeAll-mset C (learned-clss st) and
learned-clss-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
 learned-clss (update-backtrack-lvl k st) = learned-clss st and
learned-clss-update-conflicting[simp]:
 learned-clss (update-conflicting E st) = learned-clss st and
backtrack-lvl-cons-trail[simp]:
 backtrack-lvl (cons-trail M st) = backtrack-lvl st and
backtrack-lvl-tl-trail[simp]:
 backtrack-lvl (tl-trail st) = backtrack-lvl st  and
backtrack-lvl-add-learned-cls[simp]:
 backtrack-lvl \ (add-learned-cls \ C \ st) = backtrack-lvl \ st \ and
backtrack-lvl-remove-cls[simp]:
 backtrack-lvl (remove-cls \ C \ st) = backtrack-lvl \ st \ and
backtrack-lvl-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
  backtrack-lvl (update-backtrack-lvl k st) = k and
backtrack-lvl-update-conflicting[simp]:
 backtrack-lvl (update-conflicting E st) = backtrack-lvl st and
conflicting-cons-trail[simp]:
 conflicting (cons-trail M st) = conflicting st  and
conflicting-tl-trail[simp]:
  conflicting (tl-trail st) = conflicting st  and
conflicting-add-learned-cls[simp]:
  conflicting (add-learned-cls \ C \ st) = conflicting \ st
 and
```

```
conflicting-remove-cls[simp]:
     conflicting (remove-cls \ C \ st) = conflicting \ st \ and
   conflicting-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
     conflicting (update-backtrack-lvl \ k \ st) = conflicting \ st \ and
    conflicting-update-conflicting[simp]:
     conflicting (update-conflicting E st) = E and
   init-state-trail[simp]: trail (init-state N) = [] and
   init-state-clss[simp]: init-clss(init-state N) = N and
   init-state-learned-clss[simp]: learned-clss(init-state N) = \{\#\} and
   init-state-backtrack-lvl[simp]: backtrack-lvl (init-state N) = 0 and
   init-state-conflicting [simp]: conflicting (init-state N) = None
  using cons-trail[of st] tl-trail[of st] add-learned-cls[of st - - - - C]
  update-backtrack-lvl[of\ st\ -\ -\ -\ k]\ update-conflicting[of\ st\ -\ -\ -\ E]
  remove-cls[of st - - - C]
  init-state[of N]
 by (cases state st; auto simp:)+
lemma
 shows
   clauses-cons-trail[simp]:
     clauses (cons-trail M S) = clauses S  and
   clss-tl-trail[simp]: clauses (tl-trail S) = clauses S and
   clauses-add-learned-cls-unfolded:
     clauses \; (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls \; U \; S) = \{\#\, U\#\} \; + \; learned\text{-}clss \; S \; + \; init\text{-}clss \; S \;
     and
    clauses-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]: clauses (update-backtrack-lvl k S) = clauses S and
   clauses-update-conflicting[simp]: clauses (update-conflicting D S) = clauses S and
   clauses-remove-cls[simp]:
     clauses (remove-cls \ C \ S) = removeAll-mset \ C \ (clauses \ S) and
    clauses-add-learned-cls[simp]:
      clauses (add-learned-cls C S) = {\# C \#} + clauses S and
   clauses-init-state[simp]: clauses (init-state N) = N
   by (auto simp: ac-simps replicate-mset-plus clauses-def intro: multiset-eqI)
abbreviation incr-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
incr-lvl\ S \equiv update-backtrack-lvl\ (backtrack-lvl\ S + 1)\ S
definition state-eq :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool (infix \sim 50) where
S \sim T \longleftrightarrow state \ S = state \ T
lemma state-eq-ref[simp, intro]:
 S \sim S
 unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma state-eq-sym:
 S \sim T \longleftrightarrow T \sim S
 unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma state-eq-trans:
 S \sim T \Longrightarrow T \sim U \Longrightarrow S \sim U
 unfolding state-eq-def by auto
```

lemma

```
shows
   state-eq-trail: S \sim T \Longrightarrow trail \ S = trail \ T and
   state-eq-init-clss: S \sim T \Longrightarrow init-clss S = init-clss T and
   state-eq-learned-clss: S \sim T \Longrightarrow learned-clss S = learned-clss T and
   state-eq-backtrack-lvl: S \sim T \Longrightarrow backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl T and
   state-eq-conflicting: S \sim T \Longrightarrow conflicting S = conflicting T and
   state-eq-clauses: S \sim T \Longrightarrow clauses S = clauses T and
    state-eq-undefined-lit: S \sim T \Longrightarrow undefined-lit (trail S) L = undefined-lit (trail T) L
  unfolding state-eq-def clauses-def by auto
lemma state-eq-conflicting-None:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow conflicting \ T = None \Longrightarrow conflicting \ S = None
 unfolding state-eq-def clauses-def by auto
We combine all simplification rules about op \sim in a single list of theorems. While they are
handy as simplification rule as long as we are working on the state, they also cause a huge
slow-down in all other cases.
lemmas state-simp[simp] = state-eq-trail state-eq-init-clss state-eq-learned-clss
  state-eq-backtrack-lvl\ state-eq-conflicting\ state-eq-clauses\ state-eq-undefined-lit
 state\text{-}eq\text{-}conflicting\text{-}None
function reduce-trail-to :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
reduce-trail-to F S =
 (if length (trail S) = length F \lor trail S = [] then S else reduce-trail-to F (tl-trail S))
by fast+
termination
 by (relation measure (\lambda(-, S)). length (trail S))) simp-all
declare reduce-trail-to.simps[simp del]
lemma
 shows
    reduce-trail-to-Nil[simp]: trail S = [] \implies reduce-trail-to F S = S and
    reduce-trail-to-eq-length[simp]: length (trail S) = length F \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to F S = S
 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to-length-ne:
  length (trail S) \neq length F \Longrightarrow trail S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
   reduce-trail-to F S = reduce-trail-to F (tl-trail S)
 \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{simp}:\ \mathit{reduce-trail-to.simps})
\mathbf{lemma}\ trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le:
 assumes length F > length (trail S)
 shows trail (reduce-trail-to F(S) = []
 using assms apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) length-tl less-imp-diff-less less-irrefl trail-tl-trail
   reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to-Nil[simp]:
  trail (reduce-trail-to [] S) = []
```

```
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to-Nil:
clauses (reduce-trail-to []S) = clauses S
```

apply (induction []::('v, 'v clause) ann-lits S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct) **by** (metis length-0-conv reduce-trail-to-length-ne reduce-trail-to-Nil)

```
\mathbf{proof} (induction [] S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
  case (1 Sa)
  then have clauses (reduce-trail-to ([::'a\ list)\ (tl-trail Sa)) = clauses (tl-trail Sa)
   \vee trail Sa = []
   by fastforce
  then show clauses (reduce-trail-to ([]::'a list) Sa) = clauses Sa
   by (metis (no-types) length-0-conv reduce-trail-to-eq-length clss-tl-trail
     reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
qed
lemma reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning:
 assumes trail\ S = F' @ F
 \mathbf{shows}\ \mathit{trail}\ (\mathit{reduce-trail-to}\ F\ S) = F
 using assms by (induction F' arbitrary: S) (auto simp: reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to[simp]:
  clauses (reduce-trail-to F S) = clauses S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma conflicting-update-trail[simp]:
  conflicting (reduce-trail-to F(S) = conflicting(S)
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis conflicting-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma backtrack-lvl-update-trail[simp]:
  backtrack-lvl \ (reduce-trail-to \ F \ S) = backtrack-lvl \ S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis backtrack-lvl-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma init-clss-update-trail[simp]:
  init-clss (reduce-trail-to F(S) = init-clss S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis init-clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma learned-clss-update-trail[simp]:
  learned-clss (reduce-trail-to F(S) = learned-clss S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis learned-clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma conflicting-reduce-trail-to [simp]:
  conflicting (reduce-trail-to F(S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting(S) = None
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis conflicting-update-trail map-option-is-None)
lemma trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ T)
 apply (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis trail-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to-state-eq_{NOT}-compatible:
 assumes ST: S \sim T
 shows reduce-trail-to F S \sim reduce-trail-to F T
proof -
 have trail (reduce-trail-to F(S) = trail (reduce-trail-to F(T))
   using trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq[of S T F] ST by auto
```

```
qed
lemma reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp[simp]:
  trail\ S = F' \ @\ Decided\ K \ \#\ F \Longrightarrow (trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)) = F
 apply (rule reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning of - F' @ Decided K \# []])
 by (cases F') (auto simp add:tl-append reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning)
lemma reduce-trail-to-add-learned-cls[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (add-learned-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-remove-learned-cls[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (remove-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}conflicting[simp]:}
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (update-conflicting\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-length:
  length M = length M' \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to M S = reduce-trail-to M' S
 apply (induction M S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (simp add: reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to-drop:
  trail (reduce-trail-to F S) =
   (if length (trail S) \ge length F
   then drop (length (trail S) – length F) (trail S)
   else [])
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 apply (rename-tac F S, case-tac trail S)
  apply auto
 apply (rename-tac list, case-tac Suc (length list) > length F)
  \mathbf{prefer} \ 2 \ \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{metis \ diff-is-0-eq \ drop-Cons' \ length-Cons \ nat-le-linear \ nat-less-le}
    reduce-trail-to-eq-length trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le)
 apply (subgoal-tac Suc (length list) - length F = Suc (length list - length F)
 by (auto simp add: reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}ann\text{-}decomposition\text{-}trail\text{-}update\text{-}trail[simp]:}
 assumes H: (L \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
 shows trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ S)=M1
proof -
 obtain K where
   L: L = Decided K
   using H by (cases L) (auto dest!: in-get-all-ann-decomposition-decided-or-empty)
  obtain c where
   tr-S: trail S = c @ M2 @ L # M1
   using H by auto
 show ?thesis
   by (rule\ reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp[of - c @ M2 K])
    (auto simp: tr-SL)
```

then show ?thesis using ST by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)

```
lemma conflicting-cons-trail-conflicting[simp]:
   assumes undefined-lit (trail S) (lit-of L)
   shows
   conflicting (cons-trail L S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting S = None
   using assms conflicting-cons-trail[of L S] map-option-is-None by fastforce+

lemma conflicting-add-learned-cls-conflicting[simp]:
   conflicting (add-learned-cls C S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting S = None
   by fastforce+

lemma conflicting-update-backtracl-lvl[simp]:
   conflicting (update-backtrack-lvl k S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting S = None
   using map-option-is-None conflicting-update-backtrack-lvl[of k S] by fastforce+

end — end of S = None
```

6.1.2 CDCL Rules

Because of the strategy we will later use, we distinguish propagate, conflict from the other rules

```
locale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W =
  state_W
     — functions for the state:
       — access functions:
    trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting
       — changing state:
     cons\text{-}trail\ tl\text{-}trail\ add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ remove\text{-}cls\ update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
     update-conflicting
       — get state:
    init\text{-}state
  for
     trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \ \mathbf{and}
     init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clause option and
     cons-trail :: ('v, 'v clause) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     remove\text{-}cls:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     update\text{-}conflicting :: 'v \ clause \ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
     init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st
begin
inductive propagate :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
propagate-rule: conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  E \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
  L \in \# E \Longrightarrow
  trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (E - \{\#L\#\}) \Longrightarrow
  undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
```

```
T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S \Longrightarrow
  propagate S T
inductive-cases propagateE: propagateS T
inductive conflict :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
conflict\hbox{-} rule:
  conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  D \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
  trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \Longrightarrow
  T \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some D) } S \Longrightarrow
  conflict S T
inductive-cases conflictE: conflict S T
inductive backtrack :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
backtrack-rule:
  conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
  L \in \# D \Longrightarrow
  (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) \Longrightarrow
  get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
  get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) D \Longrightarrow
  get-maximum-level (trail\ S)\ (D-\{\#L\#\}) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
  get-level (trail S) K = i + 1 \Longrightarrow
  T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L D)
        (reduce-trail-to M1
          (add-learned-cls D
             (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
               (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
  backtrack S T
inductive-cases backtrackE: backtrack\ S\ T
thm backtrackE
inductive decide :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
decide-rule:
  conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
  atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S) \Longrightarrow
  T \sim cons-trail (Decided L) (incr-lvl S) \Longrightarrow
  decide S T
inductive-cases decideE: decide S T
inductive skip :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
skip-rule:
  trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
  conflicting S = Some E \Longrightarrow
   -L \notin \# E \Longrightarrow
   E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
   T \sim tl-trail S \Longrightarrow
   skip\ S\ T
inductive-cases skipE: skip S T
get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\}) \# M) D = k \vee k = 0 (that was in a previous
```

```
version of the book) is equivalent to get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\}) \# M) D = k, when the structural invariants holds.
```

```
inductive resolve :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
resolve-rule: trail S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
  hd-trail S = Propagated L E \Longrightarrow
  L \in \# E \Longrightarrow
  conflicting S = Some D' \Longrightarrow
  -L \in \# D' \Longrightarrow
  get-maximum-level (trail S) ((remove1-mset (-L) D')) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim update\text{-}conflicting (Some (resolve\text{-}cls L D' E))
    (tl\text{-}trail\ S) \Longrightarrow
  resolve S T
inductive-cases resolveE: resolve S T
inductive restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
restart: state S = (M, N, U, k, None) \Longrightarrow
  \neg M \models asm \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
  U' \subseteq \# U \Longrightarrow
  state T = ([], N, U', 0, None) \Longrightarrow
  restart\ S\ T
inductive-cases restartE: restart S T
We add the condition C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S, to maintain consistency even without the strategy.
inductive forget :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
forget-rule:
  conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  C \in \# learned\text{-}clss S \Longrightarrow
  \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S \Longrightarrow
  C \notin set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S)) \Longrightarrow
  C \notin \# init\text{-}clss \ S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
  forget S T
inductive-cases forgetE: forget S T
inductive cdcl_W-rf :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
restart: restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-rf S T
forget: forget S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-rf S T
inductive cdcl_W-bj :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
skip: skip \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - bj \ S \ S'
resolve: resolve S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-bj S S'
backtrack: backtrack \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-}bj \ S \ S'
inductive-cases cdcl_W-bjE: cdcl_W-bj S T
inductive cdcl_W-o :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
decide: decide S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-}o S S'
bj: cdcl_W-bj S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-o S S'
```

inductive $cdcl_W :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}$

propagate: propagate $S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S' \mid$ conflict: conflict $S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S' \mid$

```
other: cdcl_W-o S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
rf: cdcl_W - rf S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  propagate^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
 apply (frule propagate)
 using rtranclp-trans[of cdcl_W] by blast
lemma cdcl_W-all-rules-induct[consumes 1, case-names propagate conflict forget restart decide skip
    resolve backtrack]:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
   propagate: \bigwedge T. propagate S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T and
   conflict: \bigwedge T. conflict S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   forget: \bigwedge T. forget S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   restart: \bigwedge T. restart S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   decide: \bigwedge T. \ decide \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ and
   \mathit{skip} \colon \bigwedge T. \ \mathit{skip} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ \mathbf{and}
   resolve: \bigwedge T. resolve S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    backtrack: \bigwedge T.\ backtrack\ S\ T \Longrightarrow P\ S\ T
  shows P S S
  using assms(1)
proof (induct S' rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>.induct)
  case (propagate S') note propagate = this(1)
 then show ?case using assms(2) by auto
next
  case (conflict S')
  then show ?case using assms(3) by auto
next
  case (other S')
  then show ?case
   proof (induct \ rule: \ cdcl_W-o.induct)
      case (decide\ U)
      then show ?case using assms(6) by auto
   next
      case (bj S')
      then show ?case using assms(7-9) by (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct) auto
   qed
next
  case (rf S')
  then show ?case
   by (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-rf.induct) (fast dest: forget restart)+
lemma cdcl_W-all-induct consumes 1, case-names propagate conflict forget restart decide skip
   resolve backtrack]:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
   propagateH: \bigwedge C \ L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
       C \in \# clauses S \Longrightarrow
       L \in \# C \Longrightarrow
       trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ C) \Longrightarrow
```

```
undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
      T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L C) S \Longrightarrow
      PST and
  conflictH: \land D \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
      D \in \# \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
      trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \Longrightarrow
      T \sim update\text{-}conflicting (Some D) S \Longrightarrow
      P S T and
  forgetH: \bigwedge C \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
     C \in \# learned\text{-}clss S \Longrightarrow
     \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S \Longrightarrow
     C \notin set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S)) \Longrightarrow
     C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S \Longrightarrow
     T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
     PST and
  restartH: \bigwedge T \ U. \ \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
     conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
     state T = ([], init\text{-}clss S, U, 0, None) \Longrightarrow
     U \subseteq \# learned\text{-}clss S \Longrightarrow
     PST and
   decideH: \bigwedge L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
     undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow
     atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \Longrightarrow
     T \sim cons-trail (Decided L) (incr-lvl S) \Longrightarrow
     PST and
  skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ E \ T.
     trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
     conflicting S = Some E \Longrightarrow
     -L \notin \# E \Longrightarrow E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
     T \sim tl\text{-}trail \ S \Longrightarrow
     PST and
  resolveH: \bigwedge L \ E \ M \ D \ T.
     trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ E\ \#\ M \Longrightarrow
     L \in \# E \Longrightarrow
     hd\text{-}trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ E \Longrightarrow
     conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
     -L \in \# D \Longrightarrow
     get-maximum-level (trail S) ((remove1-mset (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
     T \sim update\text{-}conflicting
       (Some\ (resolve-cls\ L\ D\ E))\ (tl-trail\ S) \Longrightarrow
     P S T and
  backtrack H \colon \bigwedge L\ D\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ T.
     conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
     L \in \# D \Longrightarrow
     (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) \Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) D \Longrightarrow
     get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L D) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
     qet-level (trail S) K = i+1 \Longrightarrow
     T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L D)
            (reduce-trail-to M1
              (add-learned-cls D
                 (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                   (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
      PST
shows P S S'
```

```
using cdcl_W
proof (induct S S' rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-rules-induct)
  case (propagate S')
  then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: propagateE intro!: propagateH)
next
  case (conflict S')
  then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: conflictE intro!: conflictH)
next
 case (restart S')
 then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: restartE intro!: restartH)
  case (decide T)
 then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: decideE intro!: decideH)
  case (backtrack S')
 then show ?case by (auto elim!: backtrackE intro!: backtrackH
   simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-def)
next
  case (forget S')
  then show ?case by (auto elim!: forgetE intro!: forgetH)
next
  case (skip S')
 then show ?case by (auto elim!: skipE intro!: skipH)
next
  case (resolve S')
  then show ?case
   by (cases trail S) (auto elim!: resolveE intro!: resolveH)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-o-induct[consumes 1, case-names decide skip resolve backtrack]:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
    decideH: \land L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow undefined-lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
     \implies atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S)
     \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Decided L) (incr-lvl S)
     \implies P S T  and
   skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ E \ T.
     trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
     conflicting S = Some E \Longrightarrow
      -L \notin \# E \Longrightarrow E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
      T \sim tl\text{-}trail \ S \Longrightarrow
     PST and
   resolveH: \land L \ E \ M \ D \ T.
     trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ E\ \#\ M \Longrightarrow
     L \in \# E \Longrightarrow
     hd-trail S = Propagated L E \Longrightarrow
     conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
     -L \in \# D \Longrightarrow
     get-maximum-level (trail S) ((remove1-mset (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
      T \sim update\text{-}conflicting
       (Some\ (resolve-cls\ L\ D\ E))\ (tl-trail\ S) \Longrightarrow
     P S T and
```

```
backtrackH: \bigwedge L D K i M1 M2 T.
     conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
     L \in \# D \Longrightarrow
     (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) \Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) D \Longrightarrow
     get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L D) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) K = i + 1 \Longrightarrow
      T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L D)
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                 (add-learned-cls D
                   (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                     (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
      PST
  shows P S T
  using cdcl_W apply (induct T rule: cdcl_W-o.induct)
  using assms(2) apply (auto elim: decideE)[1]
  apply (elim\ cdcl_W-bjE\ skipE\ resolveE\ backtrackE)
   apply (frule skipH; simp)
   apply (cases trail S; auto elim!: resolveE intro!: resolveH)
  apply (frule backtrackH; simp)
  done
\mathbf{thm}\ cdcl_W-o.induct
lemma cdcl_W-o-all-rules-induct[consumes 1, case-names decide backtrack skip resolve]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W-o S T and
   \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   \bigwedge T. backtrack S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   \bigwedge T. skip S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   \bigwedge T. resolve S T \Longrightarrow P S T
  shows P S T
  using assms by (induct T rule: cdcl_W-o.induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
lemma cdcl_W-o-rule-cases consumes 1, case-names decide backtrack skip resolve]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
   cdcl_W-o S T and
   decide\ S\ T \Longrightarrow P and
   backtrack \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ \mathbf{and}
   skip S T \Longrightarrow P and
   resolve S T \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
  using assms by (auto simp: cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps)
```

6.1.3 Structural Invariants

Properties of the trail

We here establish that:

- the consistency of the trail;
- the fact that there is no duplicate in the trail.

```
lemma backtrack-lit-skiped:
 assumes
   L: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   M1: (Decided \ K \ \# \ M1, \ M2) \in set \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ (trail \ S)) and
   no-dup: no-dup (trail S) and
   bt-l: backtrack-lvl S = length (filter is-decided (trail S)) and
   lev-K: get-level (trail S) K = i + 1
 shows atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ } its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M1
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?M = trail S
 assume L-in-M1: \neg atm-of L \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l M1
 obtain c where
   Mc: trail S = c @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1
   using M1 by blast
 have atm\text{-}of\ L\notin atm\text{-}of\ ``lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ c\ and\ atm\text{-}of\ L\notin atm\text{-}of\ ``lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M2\ and\ }
   atm\text{-}of\ L \neq atm\text{-}of\ K and Kc:\ atm\text{-}of\ K \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits-of-l c and
   KM2: atm-of K \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l M2
   using L-in-M1 no-dup unfolding Mc lits-of-def by force+
  then have g\text{-}M\text{-}eq\text{-}g\text{-}M1: get\text{-}level\ ?M\ L=get\text{-}level\ M1\ L
   using L-in-M1 unfolding Mc by auto
  then have get-level M1 L < Suc i
   using count-decided-ge-get-level[of L M1] KM2 lev-K Kc unfolding Mc
   by (auto simp del: count-decided-ge-get-level)
 moreover have Suc\ i \leq backtrack-lvl\ S using bt-l\ KM2\ lev-K\ Kc unfolding Mc by (simp\ add:\ Mc)
 ultimately show False using L g-M-eq-g-M1 by auto
ged
lemma cdcl_W-distinctinv-1:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   bt-lev: backtrack-lvl S = count-decided (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-all-induct)
  case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note decomp = this(3) and L = this(4) and lev-K = this(7)
   T = this(8) and n-d = this(9)
 obtain c where Mc: trail S = c @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 have no-dup (M2 @ Decided K \# M1)
   using Mc n-d by fastforce
 moreover have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped of L S K M1 M2 i L decomp lev-K n-d bt-lev by fast
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (simp add: defined-lit-map lits-of-def image-image)
 ultimately show ?case using decomp T n-d by (simp add: lits-of-def image-image)
qed (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
Item 1 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-consistent-inv-2:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   backtrack-lvl S = count-decided (trail S)
 shows consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S'))
```

```
using cdcl_W-distinctinv-1 [OF assms] distinct-consistent-interp by fast
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-o-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   backtrack-lvl S = count-decided (trail S) and
   n-d[simp]: no-dup (trail S)
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = count\text{-}decided (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct)
  case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note decomp = this(3) and levK = this(7) and T = this(8)
and
  level = this(9)
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 S) = M1
   using decomp by auto
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1 using decomp by auto
 moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped of L S K M1 M2 i backtrack (4,8,9) levK decomp
   by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
  moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (simp add: defined-lit-map lits-of-def image-image)
 moreover
   \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{atm-of}\ K \not\in \mathit{atm-of}\ `\mathit{iits-of-l}\ \mathit{M1}\ \mathbf{and}\ \mathit{atm-of}\ K \not\in \mathit{atm-of}\ `\mathit{iits-of-l}\ \mathit{c}
     and atm\text{-}of\ K \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M2
     using T n-d levK unfolding M by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
 ultimately show ?case
   using T levK unfolding M by (auto dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length)
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-rf-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-rf S S' and
   backtrack-lvl S = count-decided (trail S)
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = count\text{-}decided (trail S')
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-rf.induct) (auto elim: restartE forgetE)
Item 7 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   backtrack-lvl S = count-decided (trail S) and
   no-dup (trail S)
  shows backtrack-lvl S' = count-decided (trail S')
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W.induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-o-bt cdcl_W-rf-bt
   elim: conflictE propagateE)
We write 1 + count\text{-}decided (trail S) instead of backtrack-lvl S to avoid non termination of
rewriting.
definition cdcl_W-M-level-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \longleftrightarrow
  consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S))
 \land no-dup (trail S)
 \land backtrack-lvl S = count\text{-}decided (trail S)
```

lemma $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv-decomp:

```
assumes cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows
   consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
   no-dup (trail S)
 using assms unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by fastforce+
lemma cdcl_W-consistent-inv:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms cdcl_W-consistent-inv-2 cdcl_W-distinctinv-1 cdcl_W-bt
 unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by meson+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{W}^{**} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W^{++} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-M-level-inv-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
 cdcl_W-M-level-inv (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-M-level-inv-get-level-le-backtrack-lvl:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows get-level (trail S) L \leq backtrack-lvl S
 using inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
 by simp
lemma backtrack-ex-decomp:
 assumes
   M-l: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   i-S: i < backtrack-lvl S
 shows \exists K \ M1 \ M2. (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) \land
   get-level (trail S) K = Suc i
proof -
 let ?M = trail S
 have i < count\text{-}decided (trail S)
   using i-S M-l by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
 then obtain c \ K \ c' where tr-S: trail \ S = c \ @ \ Decided \ K \ \# \ c' and
   lev-K: get-level (trail S) K = Suc i
   using le-count-decided-decomp[of trail S i] M-l by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def)
 obtain M1 M2 where (Decided K # M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
   using Decided-cons-in-get-all-ann-decomposition-append-Decided-cons unfolding tr-S by fast
 then show ?thesis using lev-K by blast
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{backtrack-lvl-backtrack-decrease} :
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and bt: backtrack S T
 shows backtrack-lvl T < backtrack-lvl S
 using inv bt le-count-decided-decomp[of trail S backtrack-lvl T]
 unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
 by (fastforce elim!: backtrackE dest!: get-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend
   simp: append-assoc[of - - -# -, symmetric] simp del: append-assoc)
Compatibility with op \sim
lemma propagate-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   propa: propagate S T and
   SS': S \sim S' and
   TT': T \sim T'
 shows propagate S' T'
proof -
 obtain CL where
   conf: conflicting S = None  and
   C: C \in \# clauses S  and
   L: L \in \# C and
   tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (remove1-mset \ L \ C) and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L C) S
 using propa by (elim propagateE) auto
 have C': C \in \# clauses S'
   using SS' C
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def simp del: state-simp)
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule propagate-rule[of - C])
   \mathbf{using} \ state\text{-}eq\text{-}sym[of \ S \ S'] \ SS' \ conf \ C' \ L \ tr \ undef \ TT' \ T
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
lemma conflict-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   confl: conflict S T  and
   TT': T \sim T' and
   SS': S \sim S'
 shows conflict S' T'
proof -
 obtain D where
   conf: conflicting S = None  and
   D: D \in \# clauses S  and
   tr: trail S \models as CNot D and
   T: T \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some D) } S
 using confl by (elim conflictE) auto
 have D': D \in \# clauses S'
   using D SS' by fastforce
 show ?thesis
```

apply (rule conflict-rule[of - D])

```
\mathbf{using}\ state\text{-}eq\text{-}sym[of\ S\ S']\ SS'\ conf\ D'\ tr\ TT'\ T
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
{f lemma}\ backtrack	ext{-}state	ext{-}eq	ext{-}compatible:
 assumes
   bt: backtrack S T and
   SS': S \sim S' and
    TT': T \sim T' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows backtrack S' T'
proof -
  obtain D L K i M1 M2 where
   conf: conflicting S = Some D  and
   L: L \in \# D and
   decomp: (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
   lev: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   max: qet-level (trail S) L = qet-maximum-level (trail S) D and
   max-D: get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L D) \equiv i and
   lev-K: get-level (trail S) K = Suc i and
    T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L D)
              (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add-learned-cls D
                  (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                    (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
 using bt inv by (elim backtrackE) metis
 have D': conflicting S' = Some D
   using SS' conf by (cases conflicting S') auto
 have T': T' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L D)
    (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls D
    (update-backtrack-lvl \ i \ (update-conflicting \ None \ S'))))
   using TT' unfolding state-eq-def
   using decomp D' inv SS' T by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule backtrack-rule[of - D])
       apply (rule D')
      using state-eq-sym[of \ S \ S'] \ TT' \ SS' \ D' \ conf \ L \ decomp \ lev \ max \ max-D \ T
      apply (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[]
     using decomp SS' lev SS' max-D max T' lev-K by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
{\bf lemma}\ decide\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes
   decide S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows decide S' T'
 using assms apply (elim decideE)
 by (rule decide-rule) (auto simp: state-eq-def clauses-def simp del: state-simp)
{f lemma}\ skip\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible:
 assumes
   \mathit{skip} \colon \mathit{skip} \ \mathit{S} \ \mathit{T} \ \mathbf{and}
   SS': S \sim S' and
```

```
TT': T \sim T'
 shows skip S' T'
proof -
 obtain L C' M E where
   tr: trail S = Propagated L C' \# M and
   raw: conflicting S = Some E and
   L: -L \notin \# E and
   E: E \neq \{\#\} and
   T: T \sim tl\text{-}trail S
 using skip by (elim \ skipE) \ simp
 obtain E' where E': conflicting S' = Some E'
   using SS' raw by (cases conflicting S') (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule skip-rule)
     using tr raw L E T SS' apply (auto simp: simp del: )[]
     using E' apply simp
    using E'SS' L raw E apply (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[2]
   using T TT' SS' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
{\bf lemma}\ resolve\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes
   res: resolve S T  and
   TT': T \sim T' and
   SS': S \sim S'
 shows resolve S' T'
proof -
 obtain EDL where
   tr: trail S \neq [] and
   hd: hd\text{-}trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ E\ and
   L: L \in \# E and
   raw: conflicting S = Some D and
   LD: -L \in \# D and
   i: get-maximum-level (trail S) ((remove1-mset (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl S and
   T: T \sim update\text{-}conflicting (Some (resolve\text{-}cls L D E)) (tl\text{-}trail S)
 using assms by (elim resolveE) simp
 obtain D' where
   D': conflicting S' = Some D'
   \mathbf{using}\ SS'\ raw\ \mathbf{by}\ fastforce
 have [simp]: D = D'
   using D'SS' raw state-simp(5) by fastforce
 have T'T: T' \sim T
   using TT' state-eq-sym by auto
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule resolve-rule)
         using tr SS' apply simp
        using hd SS' apply simp
       using L apply simp
      using D' apply simp
     using D'SS' raw LD apply (auto simp add: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[]
     using D'SS' raw LD apply (auto simp add: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
    using raw SS' i apply (auto simp add: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[]
   using T T'T SS' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
```

```
lemma forget-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   forget: forget S T and
   SS': S \sim S' and
    TT': T \sim T'
 shows forget S' T'
proof -
 obtain C where
   conf: conflicting S = None  and
    C: C \in \# learned\text{-}clss \ S \text{ and }
   tr: \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S and
    C1: C \notin set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S)) and
    C2: C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S and
    T: T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
   using forget by (elim forgetE) simp
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule forget-rule)
        using SS' conf apply simp
       using CSS' apply simp
      using SS' tr apply simp
     using SS' C1 apply simp
    using SS' C2 apply simp
   using T TT' SS' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
lemma cdcl_W-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S T and \neg restart S T and
   S \sim S'
   T \sim T' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W S' T'
  using assms by (meson backtrack backtrack-state-eq-compatible bj cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-o-rule-cases
   cdcl_W\textit{-rf.} cases\ conflict\textit{-state-eq-compatible}\ decide\ decide\textit{-state-eq-compatible}\ forget
   forget\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ propagate\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ resolve\ resolve\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ propagate\text{-}}
   skip skip-state-eq-compatible state-eq-ref)
lemma cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-bj S T and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
    T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-bj S T'
 using assms by (meson backtrack backtrack-state-eq-compatible cdcl_W-bjE resolve
   resolve-state-eq-compatible skip skip-state-eq-compatible state-eq-ref)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-bj^{++} S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   S \sim S' and
    T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T'
 using assms
proof (induction arbitrary: S' T')
 \mathbf{case}\ base
 then show ?case
```

```
unfolding transler-unfold-end by (meson backtrack-state-eq-compatible cdcl_W-bj.simps
     resolve-state-eq-compatible rtranclp-unfold skip-state-eq-compatible)
next
  case (step T U) note IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-5)]
 have cdcl_W^{++}S T
   using tranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-bj\ cdcl_W] step.hyps(1)\ cdcl_W.other\ cdcl_W-o.bj\ by\ blast
  then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast
  then have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T'
   using \langle U \sim T' \rangle cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj-state-eq-compatible[of T U] \langle cdcl_W-bj T U\rangle by auto
 then show ?case
   using IH[of T] by auto
qed
Conservation of some Properties
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) (auto simp: inv cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
  assumes
   cdcl_W-o^{++} S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  by (auto dest: cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss
   dest!: tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv dest: tranclp-mono-explicit[of <math>cdcl_W-o - - cdcl_W]
   simp: other)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o^{**} S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms unfolding rtranclp-unfold by (auto intro: tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o-no-more-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss T
 using assms by (induction rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-induct)
  (auto simp: inv\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp not-in-iff)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss:
  cdcl_{W}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{W} \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv } S \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss } S = init\text{-}clss } T
 by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto dest: cdcl_W-init-clss rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}init\text{-}clss:
  cdcl_W^{++} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \Longrightarrow init-clss S = init-clss T
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss[of S T] unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
```

Learned Clause

This invariant shows that:

- the learned clauses are entailed by the initial set of clauses.
- the conflicting clause is entailed by the initial set of clauses.
- the marks are entailed by the clauses.

```
definition cdcl_W-learned-clause (S :: 'st) \longleftrightarrow
 (init\text{-}clss\ S \models psm\ learned\text{-}clss\ S)
 \land (\forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow init-clss S \models pm T)
 \land set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S)) \subseteq set-mset (clauses S))
of Weidenbach's book for the inital state and some additional structural properties about the
trail.
lemma cdcl_W-learned-clause-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
  cdcl_W-learned-clause (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
Item 4 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-learned-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   lev-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
 using assms(1) lev-inv learned
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-induct)
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(3) and confl = this(1) and lev-K = this
(7) and
   undef = this(8) and T = this(9)
 show ?case
   using decomp confl learned undef T lev-K unfolding cdclw-learned-clause-def
   by (auto dest!: get-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend
     simp: clauses-def lev-inv cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp dest: true-clss-clss-left-right)
next
 case (resolve L \ C \ M \ D) note trail = this(1) and CL = this(2) and confl = this(4) and DL = this(5)
   and lvl = this(6) and T = this(7)
 moreover
   have init-clss S \models psm \ learned-clss S
     using learned trail unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def by auto
   then have init-clss S \models pm \ C + \{\#L\#\}
     using trail learned unfolding cdclw-learned-clause-def clauses-def
     by (auto dest: true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
 moreover have remove1-mset (-L) D + \{\#-L\#\} = D
   using DL by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
 moreover have remove1-mset L C + \{\#L\#\} = C
   using CL by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
 ultimately show ?case
   using learned T
   by (auto dest: mk-disjoint-insert
     simp\ add: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def
     introl: true-clss-cls-union-mset-true-clss-cls-or-not-true-clss-cls-or[of - - L])
```

```
next
 case (restart \ T)
 then show ?case
   using learned
   by (auto
     simp: clauses-def \ state-eq-def \ cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
     simp del: state-simp
     dest: true-clss-clssm-subsetE)
next
 case propagate
 then show ?case using learned by (auto simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def)
next
 case conflict
 then show ?case using learned
   by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def
     true-clss-clss-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
next
 case (forget U)
 then show ?case using learned
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def split: if-split-asm)
\mathbf{qed} (auto simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def clauses-def)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-learned-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_{W}^{**} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S
 shows cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
 using assms by induction (auto dest: cdcl_W-learned-clss intro: rtrancl_P-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
```

No alien atom in the state

This invariant means that all the literals are in the set of clauses. These properties are implicit in Weidenbach's book.

```
definition no-strange-atm S' \longleftrightarrow (
    (\forall T. conflicting S' = Some T \longrightarrow atms-of T \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S'))
  \land (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S')
       \longrightarrow atms-of\ mark \subseteq atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S'))
  \land atms-of-mm (learned-clss S') \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S')
  \land atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S')) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S'))
lemma no-strange-atm-decomp:
  assumes no-strange-atm S
  shows conflicting S = Some \ T \Longrightarrow atms-of \ T \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S)
  and (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S))
     \longrightarrow atms-of\ mark \subseteq atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S))
  and atms-of-mm (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
  and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
  using assms unfolding no-strange-atm-def by blast+
lemma no-strange-atm-S0 [simp]: no-strange-atm (init-state N)
  unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}atms\text{-}of\text{-}implies\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}on\text{-}atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\text{:}
  C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#A \implies x \in atms\text{-}of \ C \implies x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ A
```

```
lemma propagate-no-strange-atm-inv:
  assumes
   propagate S T and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
  shows no-strange-atm T
  using assms(1)
proof (induction)
  case (propagate-rule CLT) note confl = this(1) and C = this(2) and C-L = this(3) and
   tr = this(4) and undef = this(5) and T = this(6)
 have atm-CL: atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
   using C alien unfolding no-strange-atm-def
   by (auto simp: clauses-def atms-of-ms-def)
  show ?case
   unfolding no-strange-atm-def
   proof (intro conjI allI impI, goal-cases)
     then show ?case
       \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{confl} \ \mathit{T} \ \mathit{undef} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{auto}
   next
     case (2 L' mark')
     then show ?case
       using C-L T alien undef atm-CL unfolding no-strange-atm-def clauses-def by (auto 5 5)
   next
     show ?case using T alien undef unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     case (4)
     show ?case
       using T alien undef C-L atm-CL unfolding no-strange-atm-def by (auto simp: atms-of-def)
   qed
qed
lemma in-atms-of-remove1-mset-in-atms-of:
  x \in atms\text{-}of \ (remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ C) \Longrightarrow x \in atms\text{-}of \ C
 using in-diffD unfolding atms-of-def by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ atms-of\text{-}ms\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}restart\text{-}state\text{-}in\text{-}atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\text{-}learned\text{-}clssI\text{:}}
  atms-of-mm (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S) \Longrightarrow
  x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (learned\text{-}clss \ T) \Longrightarrow
  learned\text{-}clss \ T \subseteq \# \ learned\text{-}clss \ S \Longrightarrow
  x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S)
  by (meson atms-of-ms-mono contra-subsetD set-mset-mono)
lemma cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-explicit:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   conf: \forall T. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ T \longrightarrow atms-of \ T \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S) and
   decided: \forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S)
      \longrightarrow atms-of mark \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (init-clss S) and
   learned: atms-of-mm (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S) and
   trail: atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
  shows
   (\forall T. conflicting S' = Some T \longrightarrow atms-of T \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S')) \land
```

```
(\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S')
      \longrightarrow atms-of mark \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (init-clss S')) \land
   atms-of-mm (learned-clss S') \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S') \land
   \mathit{atm-of} \,\, (\,\mathit{lits-of-l} \,\, (\mathit{trail} \,\, S')) \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-mm} \,\, (\mathit{init-clss} \,\, S')
   (is ?C S' \land ?M S' \land ?U S' \land ?V S')
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct)
  case (propagate C L T) note confl = this(1) and C-L = this(2) and tr = this(3) and undef =
this(4)
 and T = this(5)
 show ?case
   \mathbf{using}\ propagate-rule[OF\ propagate.hyps(1-3)\ -\ propagate.hyps(5,6),\ simplified]
   propagate.hyps(4) propagate-no-strange-atm-inv[of S T]
   conf decided learned trail unfolding no-strange-atm-def by presburger
next
 case (decide\ L)
 then show ?case using learned decided conf trail unfolding clauses-def by auto
  case (skip\ L\ C\ M\ D)
 then show ?case using learned decided conf trail by auto
next
  case (conflict D T) note D-S = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have D: atm\text{-}of 'set-mset D \subseteq \bigcup (atms\text{-}of \text{ '}(set\text{-}mset (clauses S)))
   using D-S by (auto simp add: atms-of-def atms-of-ms-def)
  moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ xa :: 'v \ literal
   assume a1: atm-of 'set-mset D \subseteq (\bigcup x \in set\text{-mset (init-clss S)}). atms-of x)
     \cup (\bigcup x \in set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S). \ atms\text{-}of \ x)
   assume a2:
     ([] x \in set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S). \ atms\text{-}of \ x) \subseteq ([] x \in set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S). \ atms\text{-}of \ x)
   assume xa \in \# D
   then have atm\text{-}of\ xa \in UNION\ (set\text{-}mset\ (init\text{-}clss\ S))\ atms\text{-}of
     using a2 a1 by (metis (no-types) Un-iff atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms-of-def subset-Un-eq)
   then have \exists m \in set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S). \ atm\text{-}of \ xa \in atms\text{-}of \ m
     by blast
   } note H = this
  ultimately show ?case using conflict.prems T learned decided conf trail
   unfolding atms-of-def atms-of-ms-def clauses-def
   by (auto simp add: H)
next
 case (restart T)
 then show ?case using learned decided conf trail
   by (auto intro: atms-of-ms-learned-clss-restart-state-in-atms-of-ms-learned-clssI)
 case (forget C T) note confl = this(1) and C = this(4) and C-le = this(5) and
    T = this(6)
 have H: \bigwedge L mark. Propagated L mark \in set (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow atms-of\ mark \subseteq atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S)
   using decided by simp
 show ?case unfolding clauses-def apply (intro conjI)
      using conf confl T trail C unfolding clauses-def apply (auto dest!: H)[]
     using T trail C C-le apply (auto dest!: H)[]
    using T learned C-le atms-of-ms-remove-subset[of set-mset (learned-clss S)] apply auto[]
  using T trail C-le apply (auto simp: clauses-def lits-of-def)
  done
next
  case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note confl = this(1) and LD = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
```

```
and
   lev-K = this(7) and T = this(8)
 have ?CT
   using conf T decomp lev lev-K by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover have set M1 \subseteq set (trail S)
   using decomp by auto
 then have M: ?M T
   using decided conf confl T decomp lev lev-K
   \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{auto} \ \mathit{simp} \colon \mathit{image-subset-iff} \ \mathit{clauses-def} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-} \mathit{M-level-inv-decomp})
 moreover have ?UT
   using learned decomp conf confl T lev lev-K unfolding clauses-def
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover have ?VT
   using M conf confl trail T decomp lev LD lev-K
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp atms-of-def
     dest!: qet-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend)
 ultimately show ?case by blast
 case (resolve L C M D T) note trail-S = this(1) and confl = this(4) and T = this(7)
 let ?T = update\text{-}conflicting (Some (resolve\text{-}cls L D C)) (tl\text{-}trail S)
 have ?C?T
   using confl trail-S conf decided by (auto dest!: in-atms-of-remove1-mset-in-atms-of)
 moreover have ?M ?T
   using confl trail-S conf decided by auto
 moreover have ?U ?T
   using trail learned by auto
 moreover have ?V?T
   using confl trail-S trail by auto
 ultimately show ?case using T by simp
qed
lemma cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W S S' and no-strange-atm S and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-strange-atm S'
 using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-explicit[OF assms(1)] assms(2,3) unfolding no-strange-atm-def by fast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W^{**} S S' and no-strange-atm S and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-strange-atm S'
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
```

No Duplicates all Around

This invariant shows that there is no duplicate (no literal appearing twice in the formula). The last part could be proven using the previous invariant also. Remark that we will show later that there cannot be duplicate *clause*.

```
definition distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state (S ::'st)

←→ ((∀ T. conflicting S = Some T → distinct-mset T)

∧ distinct-mset-mset (learned-clss S)

∧ distinct-mset-mset (init-clss S)

∧ (∀ L mark. (Propagated L mark ∈ set (trail S) → distinct-mset mark)))

lemma distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-decomp:

assumes distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state (S ::'st)

shows
```

```
\forall T. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ T \longrightarrow distinct\text{-mset } T \ \mathbf{and}
   distinct-mset-mset (learned-clss S) and
   distinct-mset-mset (init-clss S) and
   \forall L \ mark. \ (Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S) \longrightarrow distinct-mset \ mark)
  using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by blast+
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}decomp\text{-}2:
  assumes distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state (S :: 'st) and conflicting S = Some \ T
  shows distinct-mset T
  using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by auto
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}S0\text{-}cdcl_W[simp]:
  distinct-mset-mset N \Longrightarrow distinct-cdcl_W-state (init-state N)
  unfolding distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}def by auto
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_W S S' and
   \mathit{lev-inv} \colon \mathit{cdcl}_W\operatorname{-}\!\mathit{M-level-inv}\ S and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S
  shows distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
  using assms(1,2,2,3)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct)
  case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2)
  then show ?case
   using lev-inv unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
   by (auto dest: get-all-ann-decomposition-incl simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
  case restart
  then show ?case
   unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-set-def clauses-def by auto
next
  case resolve
  then show ?case
   by (auto simp add: distinct-cdcl_W-state-def distinct-mset-set-def clauses-def
     distinct-mset-single-add
     intro!: distinct-mset-union-mset)
qed (auto simp: distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-set-def clauses-def
  dest!: in-diffD)
lemma rtanclp-distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_W^{**} S S' and
    cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    distinct-cdcl_W-state S
  shows distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  using distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast+
```

Conflicts and Annotations

This invariant shows that each mark contains a contradiction only related to the previously defined variable.

```
abbreviation every-mark-is-a-conflict :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where every-mark-is-a-conflict S \equiv
```

```
\forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a @ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = (trail \ S)
  \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark)
definition cdcl_W-conflicting S \longleftrightarrow
  (\forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot T)
 \land every-mark-is-a-conflict S
{f lemma}\ backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1:
 fixes M1 :: ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   i: get-maximum-level (trail S) ((remove1-mset L D)) \equiv i and
   decomp: (Decided K \# M1, M2)
      \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
   S-lvl: backtrack-lvl S = get-maximum-level (trail S) D and
   S-confl: conflicting S = Some D and
   lev-K: qet-level (trail S) K = Suc i  and
    T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L D)
              (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add-learned-cls D)
                  (update-backtrack-lvl i
                    (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T
 shows atms-of ((remove1-mset\ L\ D)) \subseteq atm-of\ `its-of-l\ (tl\ (trail\ T))
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?k = qet-maximum-level (trail S) D
 let ?D' = remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D
 have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D using confl S-confl by auto
  then have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) unfolding atms-of-def
   by (meson image-subset true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 have max: ?k = count\text{-}decided \ (M0 @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1)
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def S-lvl M by simp
  assume a: \neg ?thesis
  then obtain L' where
   L': L' \in atms\text{-}of ?D' and
   L'-notin-M1: L' \notin atm-of 'lits-of-lM1
   using T decomp inv by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
  then have L'-in: L' \in atm-of 'lits-of-l (M0 @ M2 @ Decided K # [])
   \textbf{using} \ \textit{vars-of-D} \ \textbf{unfolding} \ \textit{M} \ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{auto} \ \textit{dest: in-atms-of-remove1-mset-in-atms-of})
  then obtain L'' where
   L'' \in \# ?D' and
   L'': L' = atm\text{-}of L''
   using L'L'-notin-M1 unfolding atms-of-def by auto
  have atm\text{-}of \ K \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (M0 @ M2)
   using inv by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def M lits-of-def)
  then have count-decided M1 = i
   using lev-K unfolding M by (auto\ simp:\ image-Un)
  then have lev-L'':
   get-level (trail S) L'' = get-level (M0 @ M2 @ Decided K # []) L'' + i
   using L'-notin-M1 L'' get-rev-level-skip-end[OF L'-in[unfolded L''], of M1] M by auto
  moreover
   consider
```

```
(M0) L' \in atm\text{-}of 'lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M0
     (M2) L' \in atm\text{-}of 'lits\text{-}of\text{-}lM2
     (K) L' = atm\text{-}of K
     using inv L'-in unfolding L'' by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
   then have get-level (M0 @ M2 @ Decided K # []) L'' \geq Suc \ 0
     proof cases
       case M0
       then have L' \neq atm\text{-}of K
         using inv \langle atm\text{-}of \ K \notin atm\text{-}of \ ' \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (M0 @ M2) \rangle unfolding L'' by auto
       then show ?thesis using M0 unfolding L'' by auto
     next
       case M2
       then have L' \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits-of-l (M0 @ Decided K # [])
         using inv \langle atm\text{-}of \ K \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (M0 @ M2) \rangle unfolding L''
         by (auto simp: M cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l)
       then show ?thesis using M2 unfolding L'' by (auto simp: image-Un)
     next
       case K
       then have L' \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (M0 @ M2)
         using inv unfolding L'' by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l M)
       then show ?thesis using K unfolding L'' by (auto simp: image-Un)
     qed
  ultimately have get-level (trail S) L'' \ge i + 1
   using lev-L'' unfolding M by simp
  then have get-maximum-level (trail S) ?D' \ge i + 1
   using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level[OF \langle L'' \in \# ?D' \rangle, of trail S| by auto
  then show False using i by auto
qed
lemma distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other:
 assumes
   a1: no-dup (M @ M') and
   a2: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of-lM' and
   a3: x \in atms-of D
 shows x \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
proof -
  have ff1: \bigwedge l ms. undefined-lit ms l \vee atm-of l
   \in set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ (m :: ('a, 'b) \ ann-lit))) \ ms)
   by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
  have ff2: \bigwedge a. \ a \notin atms\text{-}of \ D \lor a \in atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M'
   using a2 by (meson subsetCE)
  have ff3: \bigwedge a. \ a \notin set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ m)) \ M')
   \vee a \notin set (map (\lambda m. atm-of (lit-of m)) M)
   using a1 by (metis (lifting) IntI distinct-append empty-iff map-append)
  have \forall L \ a \ f \ \exists \ l \ ((a::'a) \notin f \ `L \lor (l ::'a \ literal) \in L) \land (a \notin f \ `L \lor f \ l = a)
   by blast
  then show x \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
   using ff3 ff2 ff1 a3 by (metis (no-types) Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l)
qed
Item 5 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-propagate-is-conclusion:
  assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
```

```
learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S'))
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct)
 case restart
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case forget
 then show ?case using decomp by auto
next
 case conflict
 then show ?case using decomp by auto
 case (resolve L C M D) note tr = this(1) and T = this(7)
 let ?decomp = qet-all-ann-decomposition M
 have M: set ?decomp = insert (hd ?decomp) (set (tl ?decomp))
   by (cases ?decomp) auto
 show ?case
   using decomp tr T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases hd (get-all-ann-decomposition M))
      (auto\ simp:\ M)
next
 case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D) note tr=this(1) and T=this(5)
 have M: set (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
   =insert\ (hd\ (qet-all-ann-decomposition\ M))\ (set\ (tl\ (qet-all-ann-decomposition\ M)))
   by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition M) auto
 show ?case
   using decomp tr T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases hd (get-all-ann-decomposition M))
      (auto simp add: M)
 case decide note S = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 show ?case using decomp T undef unfolding S all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
next
 case (propagate C L T) note propa = this(2) and L = this(3) and undef = this(5) and T = this(6)
 obtain a y where ay: hd (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, y)
   by (cases hd (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)))
 then have M: trail\ S = y\ @\ a\ using\ get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp\ by\ blast
 have M': set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
   =insert\ (a,\ y)\ (set\ (tl\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (trail\ S))))
   using ay by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \models ps \ unmark-l \ y
   using decomp ay unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) fastforce+
 then have a-Un-N-M: unmark-l a \cup set-mset (init-clss S)
   \models ps \ unmark-l \ (trail \ S)
   unfolding M by (auto simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss image-Un)
 have unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \models p \ \{\#L\#\} \ (is \ ?I \models p \ -)
   proof (rule true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     show ?I \models p \ remove 1 - mset \ L \ C + \{\#L\#\}
      {\bf apply} \ (\textit{rule true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls}[\textit{of --}
          set-mset (init-clss S) \cup set-mset (learned-clss S)])
      using learned propa L by (auto simp: clauses-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
```

```
true-annot-CNot-diff)
   next
     have unmark-l (trail\ S) \models ps\ CNot\ (remove1-mset\ L\ C)
      using \langle (trail\ S) \models as\ CNot\ (remove1-mset\ L\ C) \rangle true-annots-true-clss-clss
     then show ?I \models ps \ CNot \ (remove 1-mset \ L \ C)
       using a-Un-N-M true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-l-r by blast
   qed
 moreover have \bigwedge aa\ b.
    \forall (Ls, seen) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (y @ a)).
       unmark-l Ls \cup set-mset (init-clss S) <math>\models ps unmark-l seen \Longrightarrow
      (aa, b) \in set (tl (get-all-ann-decomposition (y @ a))) \Longrightarrow
       unmark-l aa \cup set-mset (init-clss S) <math>\models ps unmark-l b
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prod-conv get-all-ann-decomposition-never-empty-sym
     list.collapse\ list.set-intros(2))
 ultimately show ?case
   using decomp T undef unfolding ay all-decomposition-implies-def
   ay by auto
next
  case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note conf = this(1) and LD = this(2) and decomp' = this(3)
and
   lev-L = this(4) and lev-K = this(7) and undef = this(8) and T = this(9)
 let ?D' = remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D
 have \forall l \in set M2. \neg is\text{-}decided l
   using get-all-ann-decomposition-snd-not-decided decomp' by blast
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1
   using decomp' by auto
 show ?case unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ x
     assume x \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail T))
     then have x: x \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (Propagated L D # M1))
      using T decomp' undef inv by (simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     let ?m = qet-all-ann-decomposition (Propagated L D # M1)
     let ?hd = hd ?m
     let ?tl = tl ?m
     consider
        (hd) x = ?hd
      |(tl)| x \in set ?tl
      using x by (cases ?m) auto
     then show case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark-l Ls \cup set\text{-mset } (init\text{-}clss T) \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen
      proof cases
        case tl
        then have x \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
          \textbf{using} \ \textit{tl-get-all-ann-decomposition-skip-some} [\textit{of} \ x] \ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{simp add: list.set-sel}(\textit{2}) \ \textit{M})
        then show ?thesis
          using decomp learned decomp confl alien inv T undef M
          unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def
          by auto
      next
        case hd
        obtain M1' M1'' where M1: hd (get-all-ann-decomposition M1) = (M1', M1'')
          by (cases hd (get-all-ann-decomposition M1))
        then have x': x = (M1', Propagated L D \# M1'')
```

```
using \langle x = ?hd \rangle by auto
        have (M1', M1'') \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
          using M1[symmetric] hd-qet-all-ann-decomposition-skip-some[OF M1[symmetric],
            of M0 @ M2] unfolding M by fastforce
        then have 1: unmark-l M1' \cup set-mset (init-clss S) \models ps unmark-l M1"
          using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
        moreover
          have vars-of-D: atms-of ?D' \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l M1
            using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1 [of S D L i K M1 M2 T] backtrack.hyps inv conf confl
            by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
          have no-dup (trail S) using inv by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
          then have vars-in-M1:
            \forall x \in atms\text{-}of ?D'. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (M0 @ M2 @ Decided } K \# [])
            using vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other of
              M0 @ M2 @ Decided K \# [] M1] unfolding M by auto
          have trail S \models as \ CNot \ (remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D)
            using conf confl LD unfolding M true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model
            by (auto dest!: Multiset.in-diffD)
          then have M1 \models as \ CNot \ ?D'
            using vars-in-M1 true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars of M0 @ M2 @ Decided K # []
              M1 CNot ?D' conf confl unfolding M lits-of-def by simp
          have M1 = M1'' @ M1' by (simp \ add: M1 \ get-all-ann-decomposition-decomp)
          have TT: unmark-l\ M1' \cup set\text{-}mset\ (init\text{-}clss\ S) \models ps\ CNot\ ?D'
            using true-annots-true-clss-cls[OF \land M1 \models as\ CNot\ ?D'\rangle] true-clss-clss-left-right[OF\ 1]
            unfolding \langle M1 = M1'' \otimes M1' \rangle by (auto simp add: inf-sup-aci(5,7))
          have init-clss S \models pm ?D' + \{\#L\#\}
            using conf learned confl LD unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def by auto
          then have T': unmark-l M1' \cup set-mset (init-clss S) \models p ?D' + \{\#L\#\} by auto
          have atms-of (?D' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S)
            using alien conf LD unfolding no-strange-atm-def clauses-def by auto
          then have unmark-l\ M1' \cup set\text{-}mset\ (init\text{-}clss\ S) \models p\ \{\#L\#\}
            using true-clss-cls-plus-CNot[OF T' TT] by auto
        ultimately show ?thesis
            using T' T decomp' undef inv unfolding x' by (simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
       qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-propagate-is-false:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
   confl: \forall T. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T \ and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   mark-confl: every-mark-is-a-conflict S
 shows every-mark-is-a-conflict S'
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct)
  case (propagate C L T) note LC = this(3) and confl = this(4) and undef = this(5) and T = this(5)
this(6)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
```

```
fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = trail T
     then consider
        (hd) a = [] and L = L' and mark = C and b = trail S
      | (tl) tl a @ Propagated L' mark # b = trail S
      using T undef by (cases a) fastforce+
     then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark
      using mark-confl confl LC by cases auto
   qed
next
 case (decide L) note undef[simp] = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have \bigwedge a La mark b. a @ Propagated La mark \# b = Decided L \# trail S
   \implies tl a @ Propagated La mark # b = trail S by (case-tac a) auto
 then show ?case using mark-conft T unfolding decide.hyps(1) by fastforce
 case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D\ T) note tr=this(1) and T=this(5)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark # b = trail T
     then have a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = M using tr T by simp
     then have (Propagated L C' \# a) @ Propagated L' mark \# b = Propagated L C' \# M by auto
     moreover have \forall La \ mark \ a \ b. \ a @ Propagated \ La \ mark \ \# \ b = Propagated \ L \ C' \ \# \ M
      \longrightarrow b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark
      using mark-confl unfolding skip.hyps(1) by simp
     ultimately show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark \ by \ blast
   qed
next
 case (conflict D)
 then show ?case using mark-confl by simp
 case (resolve L C M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and T = this(7)
 show ?case unfolding resolve.hyps(1)
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated\ L'\ mark\ \#\ b=trail\ T
     then have (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\) # a) @ Propagated L' mark # b
      = Propagated \ L \ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \ \# \ M
      using T tr-S by auto
     then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark
      using mark-confl unfolding tr-S by (metis\ Cons-eq-appendI\ list.sel(3))
   qed
\mathbf{next}
 case restart
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case forget
 then show ?case using mark-confl by auto
 case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note conf = this(1) and LD = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
and
   lev-K = this(7) and T = this(8)
 have \forall l \in set M2. \neg is\text{-}decided l
   using get-all-ann-decomposition-snd-not-decided decomp by blast
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1
   using decomp by auto
```

```
have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls D)
   (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))=M1
   using decomp lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 let ?D' = remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix La:: 'v literal and mark:: 'v clause and
       a \ b :: ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits
     assume a @ Propagated La mark \# b = trail T
     then consider
         (hd-tr) a = [] and
          (Propagated\ La\ mark:: ('v, 'v\ clause)\ ann-lit) = Propagated\ L\ D\ and
          b = M1
       | (tl-tr) tl \ a @ Propagated La mark \# b = M1
       using M T decomp lev by (cases a) (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
     then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark
       proof cases
         case hd-tr note A = this(1) and P = this(2) and b = this(3)
         have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D using conf confl by auto
         then have vars-of-D: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)
          unfolding atms-of-def
          by (meson image-subset true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
         have vars-of-D: atms-of ?D' \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l M1
          using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1 [of S D L i K M1 M2 T] T backtrack lev confl
          by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
         have no-dup (trail S) using lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
         then have \forall x \in atms\text{-}of ?D'. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (M0 @ M2 @ Decided } K \# [])
          using vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other of
            M0 @ M2 @ Decided K \# [] M1] unfolding M by auto
         then have M1 \models as \ CNot \ ?D'
          using true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars[of M0 @ M2 @ Decided K # []
            M1 CNot ?D' (trail S \models as \ CNot \ D) unfolding M lits-of-def
          by (simp add: true-annot-CNot-diff)
         then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark
          using P LD b by auto
      next
         case tl-tr
         then obtain c' where c' @ Propagated La mark \# b = trail S
          unfolding M by auto
         then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark
          using mark-confl by auto
       qed
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-is-false:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   confl-inv: \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T and
   decided-confl: \forall L \text{ mark } a \text{ b. } a @ Propagated L \text{ mark } \# b = (trail S)
     \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark) \ \mathbf{and}
   dist: distinct-cdcl_W-state S
 shows \forall T. conflicting S' = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ T
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct)
```

```
case (skip L C' M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and confl = this(2) and L-D = this(3) and T =
this(5)
 have D: Propagated L C' \# M \modelsas CNot D using assms skip by auto
 moreover
   have L \notin \# D
     proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?thesis
      then have -L \in lits-of-l M
        using in-CNot-implies-uminus(2)[of L D Propagated L C' \# M]
        \langle Propagated \ L \ C' \# M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ by \ simp
       then show False
        by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) M-lev cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp(1) consistent-interp-def
          image-insert\ insert-iff\ list.set(2)\ lits-of-def\ ann-lit.sel(2)\ tr-S)
     qed
 ultimately show ?case
   using tr-S confl L-D T unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
   by (auto intro: true-annots-CNot-lit-of-notin-skip)
  case (resolve L C M D T) note tr = this(1) and LC = this(2) and confl = this(4) and LD = this(4)
this(5)
 and T = this(7)
 let ?C = remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ C
 let ?D = remove1\text{-}mset (-L) D
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix T'
     have the trail S = as \ CNot \ ?C \ using \ tr \ decided-confl \ by \ fastforce
     moreover
       have distinct-mset (?D + \{\#-L\#\}) using confl dist LD
        unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by auto
       then have -L \notin \# ?D unfolding distinct-mset-def
        by (meson \ (distinct\text{-}mset \ (?D + \{\#-L\#\})) \ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}single\text{-}add)
       have M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
        proof -
          have Propagated L (?C + \{\#L\#\}) \# M \modelsas CNot ?D \cup CNot \{\#-L\#\}
            using confl tr confl-inv LC by (metis CNot-plus LD insert-DiffM2)
          then show ?thesis
            using M-lev \langle -L \notin \#?D \rangle tr true-annots-lit-of-notin-skip
            unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by force
     moreover assume conflicting T = Some T'
     ultimately
      show trail T \models as CNot T'
       using tr T by auto
   qed
\mathbf{qed} (auto simp: M-lev cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp:
 assumes cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows \forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot T
 and \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a @ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = (trail \ S)
    \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark)
 using assms unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp2:
 assumes cdcl_W-conflicting S and conflicting <math>S = Some \ T
```

```
shows trail S \models as CNot T
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
 cdcl_W-conflicting (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
Putting all the invariants together
lemma cdcl_W-all-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
   1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
   2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   5: no-strange-atm S and
   7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S and
   8: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S')) and
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv\ S' and
   no-strange-atm S' and
   distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S' and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S'
proof -
 show S1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S'))
   using cdcl_W-propagate-is-conclusion[OF cdcl_W 4 1 2 - 5] 8 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def
   by blast
 show S2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S' using cdcl_W-learned-clss[OF cdcl_W 2 4].
 show S4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF cdcl_W 4].
 show S5: no-strange-atm S' using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv[OF cdcl_W 5 4].
 show S7: distinct-cdcl_W-state S' using distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv[OF cdcl_W 47].
 show S8: cdcl_W-conflicting S'
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-is-false[OF cdcl<sub>W</sub> 4 - - 7] 8 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-propagate-is-false[OF cdcl<sub>W</sub> 4 2 1 -
   unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ S \ S' and
   1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
   2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   4: cdcl_W - M - level - inv S and
   5: no-strange-atm S and
   7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S and
   8: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 \mathbf{shows}
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S')) and
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' and
   no-strange-atm S' and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S' and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S'
  using assms
```

```
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
   case 1 then show ?case by blast
   case 2 then show ?case by blast
   case 3 then show ?case by blast
   case 4 then show ?case by blast
   case 5 then show ?case by blast
   case 6 then show ?case by blast
next
  case (step \ S' \ S'') note H = this
   case 1 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 2 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 3 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 4 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 5 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 6 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
qed
lemma all-invariant-S0-cdcl_W:
 assumes distinct-mset-mset N
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss (init-state N))
                              (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail (init-state N))) and
   cdcl_W-learned-clause (init-state N) and
   \forall T. \ conflicting \ (init\text{-state } N) = Some \ T \longrightarrow (trail \ (init\text{-state } N)) \models as \ CNot \ T \ and
   no-strange-atm (init-state N) and
   consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail (init-state N))) and
   \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a \ @ \ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = trail \ (init\text{-state } N) \longrightarrow
    (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark) \ \mathbf{and}
    distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state \ (init\text{-}state \ N)
 using assms by auto
Item 6 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-only-propagated-vars-unsat:
 assumes
   decided: \forall x \in set M. \neg is\text{-}decided x \text{ and }
   DN: D \in \# \ clauses \ S \ and
   D: M \models as \ CNot \ D and
   inv: all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-ann-decomposition M) and
   state: state S = (M, N, U, k, C) and
   learned-cl: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   atm-incl: no-strange-atm S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume \neg unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
  then obtain I where
   I: I \models s \ set\text{-}mset \ N \ \mathbf{and}
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (set\text{-}mset \ N)
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
```

```
have atms-of-mm N \cup atms-of-mm U = atms-of-mm N
   using atm-incl state unfolding total-over-m-def no-strange-atm-def
   by (auto simp add: clauses-def)
 then have total-over-m I (set-mset N) using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
 moreover then have total-over-m I (set-mset (learned-clss S))
   using atm-incl state unfolding no-strange-atm-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 moreover have N \models psm\ U using learned-cl state unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
 ultimately have I-D: I \models D
   using I DN cons state unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def Ball-def
   by (auto simp add: clauses-def)
 have l0: \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-}decided\ L \land L \in set\ M\} = \{\}\ using\ decided\ by\ auto
 have atms-of-ms (set-mset N \cup unmark-l M) = atms-of-mm N
   using atm-incl state unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
 then have total-over-m I (set-mset N \cup unmark-l M)
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
 then have I \models s \ unmark-l \ M
   using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF inv] cons I
   unfolding true-clss-clss-def l0 by auto
 then have IM: I \models s \ unmark-l \ M \ by \ auto
 {
   \mathbf{fix} K
   assume K \in \# D
   then have -K \in lits-of-l M
     using D unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-annot-def true-cls-def true-lit-def
     Bex-def by force
   then have -K \in I using IM true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl lits-of-def by fastforce \}
 then have \neg I \models D using cons unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def consistent-interp-def by auto
 then show False using I-D by blast
qed
Item 5 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
We have actually a much stronger theorem, namely all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied,
that show that the only choices we made are decided in the formula
 assumes all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 and \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}decided m
 shows set-mset N \models ps \ unmark-l \ M
proof
 have T: \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-}decided\ L\land L\in set\ M\}=\{\}\ using\ assms(2)\ by\ auto
 then show ?thesis
   using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF assms(1)] unfolding T by simp
qed
Item 7 page 81 of Weidenbach's book (part 1)
lemma conflict-with-false-implies-unsat:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   [simp]: conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
 using assms
proof -
```

```
have cdcl_W-learned-clause S' using cdcl_W-learned-clss cdcl_W learned lev by auto then have init-clss S' \models pm \ \{\#\} using assms(3) unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto then have init-clss S \models pm \ \{\#\} using cdcl_W-init-clss [OF \ assms(1) \ lev] by auto then show ?thesis unfolding satisfiable-def true-clss-cls-def by auto qed

Item 7 page 81 of Weidenbach's book (part 2)

lemma conflict-with-false-implies-terminated: assumes cdcl_W \ S \ S' and conflicting \ S = Some \ \{\#\} shows False using assms by (induct \ rule: \ cdcl_W-all-induct) auto
```

No tautology is learned

This is a simple consequence of all we have shown previously. It is not strictly necessary, but helps finding a better bound on the number of learned clauses.

```
{f lemma}\ learned\text{-}clss\text{-}are\text{-}not\text{-}tautologies:
  assumes
    cdcl_W S S' and
    lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
    no-tauto: \forall s \in \# learned-clss S. \neg tautology s
  shows \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S'. \neg tautology s
  using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-induct)
  case (backtrack\ L\ D\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ T) note confl=this(1)
  have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) using lev by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
  moreover
    have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D
      using conflicting confl unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by auto
    then have lits-of-l (trail S) \modelss CNot D
      using true-annots-true-cls by blast
  ultimately have \neg tautology D using consistent-CNot-not-tautology by blast
  then show ?case using backtrack no-tauto lev
    by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp split: if-split-asm)
next
  case restart
 then show ?case using state-eq-learned-clss no-tauto
    by (auto intro: atms-of-ms-learned-clss-restart-state-in-atms-of-ms-learned-clssI)
qed (auto dest!: in-diffD)
definition final-cdcl_W-state (S :: 'st)
  \longleftrightarrow (trail S \models asm init-clss S
    \vee ((\forall L \in set \ (trail \ S). \ \neg is-decided \ L) <math>\wedge
       (\exists C \in \# init\text{-}clss \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C)))
definition termination-cdcl_W-state (S :: 'st)
   \longleftrightarrow (trail S \models asm init-clss S
     \lor ((\forall L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S). \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S))
        \land (\exists C \in \# init\text{-}clss \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C)))
```

6.1.4 CDCL Strong Completeness

```
lemma cdcl_W-can-do-step:
 assumes
   consistent-interp (set M) and
   distinct M and
   atm\text{-}of \text{ '} (set M) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm N
 shows \exists S. rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ (init\text{-state } N) \ S
   \wedge state S = (map (\lambda L. Decided L) M, N, {\#}, length M, None)
 using assms
proof (induct M)
  case Nil
  then show ?case apply - by (rule exI[of - init-state N]) auto
next
  case (Cons\ L\ M) note IH = this(1)
 have consistent-interp (set M) and distinct M and atm-of 'set M \subseteq atms-of-mm N
   using Cons.prems(1-3) unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
  then obtain S where
   st: cdcl_{W}^{**} (init\text{-}state\ N)\ S \ \mathbf{and}
   S: state S = (map (\lambda L. Decided L) M, N, \{\#\}, length M, None)
   using IH by blast
 let ?S_0 = incr-lvl \ (cons-trail \ (Decided \ L) \ S)
 have undefined-lit (map (\lambda L. Decided L) M) L
   using Cons. prems(1,2) unfolding defined-lit-def consistent-interp-def by fastforce
 moreover have init-clss S = N
   using S by blast
 moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ N\ using\ Cons.prems(3)\ by\ auto
  moreover have undef: undefined-lit (trail\ S) L
   using S (distinct (L \# M)) (calculation(1)) by (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
  ultimately have cdcl_W S ?S_0
   using cdcl_W.other[OF cdcl_W-o.decide[OF decide-rule[of S L ?S<sub>0</sub>]]] S
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
  then have cdcl_W^{**} (init-state N) ?S_0
   using st by auto
  then show ?case
   using S undef by (auto intro!: exI[of - ?S_0] del: simp del:)
theorem 2.9.11 page 84 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-strong-completeness:
 assumes
   MN: set M \models sm N  and
   cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
   dist: distinct M and
   atm: atm\text{-}of `(set M) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm N
  obtains S where
   state S = (map (\lambda L. Decided L) M, N, \{\#\}, length M, None) and
   rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ (init\text{-}state \ N) \ S \ and
   final-cdcl_W-state S
proof -
 obtain S where
   st: rtranclp\ cdcl_W\ (init\text{-state}\ N)\ S and
   S: state S = (map (\lambda L. Decided L) M, N, \{\#\}, length M, None)
   using cdcl_W-can-do-step[OF cons dist atm] by auto
 have lits-of-l (map (\lambda L. Decided L) M) = set M
   by (induct\ M,\ auto)
```

```
then have map\ (\lambda L.\ Decided\ L)\ M \models asm\ N\ using\ MN\ true-annots-true-cls\ by\ metis then have final\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S} using S unfolding final\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}def\ by\ auto} then show ?thesis\ using\ that\ st\ S\ by\ blast qed
```

6.1.5 Higher level strategy

The rules described previously do not lead to a conclusive state. We have to add a strategy.

Definition

```
lemma tranclp-conflict:
  tranclp\ conflict\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow conflict\ S\ S'
 apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  apply simp
 by (metis\ conflictE\ conflicting-update-conflicting\ option.distinct(1)\ state-eq-conflicting)
lemma tranclp-conflict-iff[iff]:
 full1 conflict S S' \longleftrightarrow conflict S S'
proof -
 have tranclp conflict S S' \Longrightarrow conflict S S' by (meson tranclp-conflict rtranclpD)
 then show ?thesis unfolding full1-def
 by (metis conflict.simps conflicting-update-conflicting option.distinct(1)
   state-eq-conflicting tranclp.intros(1))
qed
inductive cdcl_W-cp :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict'[intro]: conflict S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp S S'
propagate': propagate \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S'
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps dest: cdcl_W.intros)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-cp S' T'
 using assms
 apply (induction)
   using conflict-state-eq-compatible apply auto[1]
 using propagate' propagate-state-eq-compatible by auto
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible:
  assumes
   cdcl_W-cp^{++} S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-cp^{++} S' T'
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
```

```
then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible by blast
  case (step \ U \ V)
  obtain ss :: 'st where
    cdcl_W-cp S ss and cdcl_W-cp^{**} ss U
   by (metis\ (no-types)\ step(1)\ tranclpD)
  then show ?case
   by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ rtranclp.rtrancl-into\text{-}rtrancl\ rtranclp-into\text{-}tranclp2
     state-eq-ref step(2) step(4) step(5)
qed
lemma option-full-cdcl_W-cp:
  conflicting S \neq None \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S
  unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold
  by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-cp.simps elim: conflictE propagateE)
lemma skip-unique:
  skip \ S \ T \Longrightarrow skip \ S \ T' \Longrightarrow T \sim T'
  by (fastforce simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim: skipE)
lemma resolve-unique:
  resolve S \ T \Longrightarrow resolve \ S \ T' \Longrightarrow \ T \sim \ T'
  by (fastforce simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim: resolveE)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
  assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
  shows clauses S = clauses S'
  using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (auto elim!: conflictE propagateE)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
  using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
  assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
  shows clauses S = clauses S'
  using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-clauses)+
lemma no-conflict-after-conflict:
  conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \neg conflict \ T \ U
  by (metis conflictE conflicting-update-conflicting option.distinct(1) state-simp(5))
lemma no-propagate-after-conflict:
  conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \neg propagate \ T \ U
  \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{conflictE}\ \mathit{conflicting-update-conflicting}\ \mathit{option.distinct}(1)\ \mathit{propagate.cases}
   state-eq-conflicting)
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}propagate\text{-}with\text{-}conflict\text{-}or\text{-}not:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S U
 shows (propagate^{++} S U \land conflicting U = None)
   \vee (\exists T D. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U \wedge conflicting U = Some D)
proof -
  have propagate^{++} S U \vee (\exists T. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U)
   using assms by induction
```

```
(force\ simp:\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps\ tranclp-into-rtranclp\ dest:\ no-conflict-after-conflict
      no-propagate-after-conflict)+
  moreover
   have propagate^{++} S U \Longrightarrow conflicting U = None
     unfolding tranclp-unfold-end by (auto elim!: propagateE)
  moreover
   have \bigwedge T. conflict T \ U \Longrightarrow \exists D. conflicting U = Some \ D
     by (auto elim!: conflictE simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
 ultimately show ?thesis by meson
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty[simp]: conflicting S = Some \ D \Longrightarrow \neg cdcl_W-cp S \ S'
 assume cdcl_W-cp \ S \ S' and conflicting \ S = Some \ D
 then show False by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 (auto elim: conflictE propagateE simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 shows no-step conflict S and no-step propagate S
 using assms conflict' apply blast
 by (meson assms conflict' propagate')
CDCL with the reasonable strategy: we fully propagate the conflict and propagate, then we
apply any other possible rule cdcl_W-o S S' and re-apply conflict and propagate cdcl_W-cp^{\downarrow} S'
S''
inductive cdcl_W-stgy :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
conflict': full1\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ S\ S'
other': cdcl_W - o \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S' \ S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - stgy \ S \ S''
Invariants
These are the same invariants as before, but lifted
lemma cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (fastforce elim: conflictE propagateE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv)+
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'
 using assms by (simp add: rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (fastforce elim: conflictE propagateE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl:
```

```
assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl)+
lemma cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-consistent-inv cdcl_W.conflict by blast
next
 case (propagate' S S')
 have cdcl_W S S'
   using propagate'.hyps(1) propagate by blast
 then show cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using propagate'.prems(1) cdcl_W-consistent-inv propagate by blast
qed
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms unfolding full1-def
 by (metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W\ rtranclp-unfold\ tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv:
 assumes rtranclp cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp S S' and cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms unfolding full1-def
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (blast intro: cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv)+
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 unfolding full-unfold by (blast intro: cdcl_W-consistent-inv full1-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv
   cdcl_{W}.other)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by induction (auto dest!: cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (auto elim: conflictE propagateE)
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}more\text{-}init\text{-}clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
```

```
using assms
 apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 unfolding full1-def full-def apply (blast dest: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss
   tranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss)
 by (metis\ cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss rtranclp-unfold tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, simp)
 using cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss by (simp add: rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-dropWhile-trail':
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 obtains M where trail S' = M @ trail S and (\forall l \in set M. \neg is\text{-}decided l)
 using assms by induction (fastforce elim: conflictE propagateE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail':
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 obtains M :: ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \ where
   trail \ S' = M @ trail \ S \ and \ \forall \ l \in set \ M. \ \neg is\text{-}decided \ l
 using assms by induction (fastforce dest!: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail')+
lemma cdcl_W-cp-dropWhile-trail:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows \exists M. trail S' = M @ trail S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-decided l)
 using assms by induction (fastforce elim: conflictE propagateE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows \exists M. trail S' = M @ trail S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-decided l)
 using assms by induction (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail)+
This theorem can be seen a a termination theorem for cdcl_W-cp.
{f lemma}\ length{\it -model-le-vars}:
 assumes
   no-strange-atm S and
   no-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S))
 shows length (trail\ S) \le card\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S))
proof -
 obtain M N U k D where S: state S = (M, N, U, k, D) by (cases state S, auto)
 have finite (atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S))
   using assms(1,3) unfolding S by (auto simp add: finite-subset)
 have length (trail\ S) = card\ (atm-of\ `lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))
   using no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l no-d by blast
 then show ?thesis using assms(1) unfolding no-strange-atm-def
 by (auto simp add: assms(3) card-mono)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-decreasing-measure:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp S T and
   M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
```

```
shows (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
     + (if \ conflicting \ S = None \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)) \ S
   > (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
     + (if \ conflicting \ S = None \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)) \ T
  using assms
proof -
  have length (trail T) \leq card (atms-of-mm (init-clss T))
   apply (rule length-model-le-vars)
      using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv alien M-lev apply (meson cdcl_W cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-cp.cases)
     using M-lev cdcl_W cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply blast
     using cdcl_W by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
 with assms
 show ?thesis by induction (auto elim!: conflictE propagateE
    simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-wf: wf {(b, a). (cdcl_W-M-level-inv a \land no-strange-atm a) \land cdcl_W-cp a b}
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure' of less-than - -
     (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
        + (if \ conflicting \ S = None \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0))])
   apply simp
  using cdcl_W-cp-decreasing-measure unfolding less-than-iff by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{:}}
  assumes
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
  shows (\lambda a \ b. \ (cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a \land no - strange - atm \ a) \land cdcl_W - cp \ a \ b)^{**} \ S \ T
   \,\longleftrightarrow\, cdcl_W\text{-}cp^{**}\ S\ T
  (is ?IS T \longleftrightarrow ?CS T)
proof
 assume
    ?IST
  then show ?C S T by induction auto
next
  assume
    ?CST
  then show ?IST
   proof induction
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
   next
     case (step\ T\ U) note st=this(1) and cp=this(2) and IH=this(3)
     have cdcl_W^{**} S T
       by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty cp st
         rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not)
     then have
       cdcl_W-M-level-inv T and
       no-strange-atm T
        using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle apply (simp \ add: \ assms(1) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_{W}^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \ alien \ rtranclp-cdcl_{W}-no-strange-atm-inv lev \mathbf{by} \ blast
     then have (\lambda a\ b.\ (cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\ a\ \land\ no\text{-}strange\text{-}atm\ a)\ \land\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ a\ b)^{**}\ T\ U
       using cp by auto
     then show ?case using IH by auto
   qed
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element:
 assumes
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-strange-atm S
 obtains T where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ T
proof -
 let ?inv = \lambda a. (cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv a \wedge no-strange-atm a)
 obtain T where T: full (\lambda a \ b. ?inv a \wedge cdcl_W-cp a \ b) S T
   using cdcl_W-cp-wf wf-exists-normal-form of \lambda a b. ?inv a \wedge cdcl_W-cp a b
   unfolding full-def by blast
   then have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-cdcl_W-cp-iff-rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp assms unfolding full-def
     by blast
   moreover
     then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
       cdcl_W-M-level-inv T and
       no-strange-atm T
       using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle apply (simp \ add: \ assms(1) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \ assms(2) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv lev by blast
     then have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
       using T unfolding full-def by auto
   ultimately show thesis using that unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma always-exists-full-cdcl_W-cp-step:
 assumes no-strange-atm S
 shows \exists S''. full cdcl_W-cp S S''
 using assms
proof (induct card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S) – atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)) arbitrary: S)
  case \theta note card = this(1) and alien = this(2)
  then have atm: atms-of-mm (init-clss S) = atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)
   unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
  { assume a: \exists S'. conflict S S'
   then obtain S' where S': conflict S S' by metis
   then have \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W-cp S'S''
     by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps elim!: conflictE propagateE
       simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
   then have ?case using a S' cdcl_W-cp.conflict' unfolding full-def by blast
  }
 moreover {
   assume a: \exists S'. propagate SS'
   then obtain S' where propagate SS' by blast
   then obtain EL where
     S: conflicting S = None  and
     E: E \in \# \ clauses \ S \ \mathbf{and}
     LE: L \in \# E \text{ and }
     tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (E - \{\#L\#\}) \ \mathbf{and}
     undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
     S': S' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S
     by (elim propagateE) simp
   have atms-of-mm (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
     using alien S unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
```

```
using E LE S undef unfolding clauses-def by (force simp: in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
     then have False using undef S unfolding atm unfolding lits-of-def
        by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
   ultimately show ?case unfolding full-def by (metis cdcl_W-cp.cases rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl
next
   case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and card = this(2) and alien = this(3)
   { assume a: \exists S'. conflict S S'
     then obtain S' where S': conflict S S' by metis
     then have \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W - cp S' S''
        by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps elim!: conflictE propagateE
           simp \ del: state-simp \ simp: state-eq-def)
     then have ?case unfolding full-def Ex-def using S' cdclw-cp.conflict' by blast
   moreover {
     assume a: \exists S'. propagate SS'
     then obtain S' where propagate: propagate S S' by blast
     then obtain EL where
        S: conflicting S = None  and
        E: E \in \# \ clauses \ S \ \mathbf{and}
        LE: L \in \# E \text{ and }
        tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (E - \{\#L\#\}) \ and
        undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
        S': S' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S
        by (elim propagateE) simp
     then have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)
        unfolding lits-of-def by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
     moreover
        have no-strange-atm S' using alien propagate propagate-no-strange-atm-inv by blast
        then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
           using S' LE E undef unfolding no-strange-atm-def
           by (auto simp: clauses-def in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
        then have A. \{atm\text{-}of\ L\}\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)-A\lor atm\text{-}of\ L\in A\ by\ force
     moreover have Suc\ n - card\ \{atm\text{-}of\ L\} = n\ \textbf{by}\ simp
     moreover have card\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S)\ -\ atm-of\ `ilits-of-l\ (trail\ S))\ =\ Suc\ n
       using card S S' by simp
     ultimately
        have card\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S) - atm-of\ `insert\ L\ (lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))) = n
           by (metis (no-types) Diff-insert card-Diff-subset finite.emptyI finite.insertI image-insert)
        then have n = card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S') - atm-of `lits-of-l (trail S'))
           using card S S' undef by simp
     then have a1: Ex (full cdcl_W-cp S') using IH (no-strange-atm S') by blast
     have ?case
        proof -
           obtain S'' :: 'st where
              ff1: cdcl_W-cp^{**} S' S'' \wedge no-step cdcl_W-cp S''
              using a1 unfolding full-def by blast
           have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S''
              using ff1 cdcl_W-cp.intros(2)[OF\ propagate]
              by (metis (no-types) converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
           then have \exists S''. \ cdcl_W - cp^{**} \ S \ S'' \land (\forall S'''. \neg \ cdcl_W - cp \ S'' \ S''')
              using ff1 by blast
           then show ?thesis unfolding full-def
              by meson
        qed
     }
```

ultimately show ?case unfolding full-def by (metis $cdcl_W$ -cp.cases rtranclp.rtrancl-reft) qed

Literal of highest level in conflicting clauses

One important property of the $cdcl_W$ with strategy is that, whenever a conflict takes place, there is at least a literal of level k involved (except if we have derived the false clause). The reason is that we apply conflicts before a decision is taken.

```
abbreviation no-clause-is-false :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
no-clause-is-false \equiv
 \lambda S. \ (conflicting \ S = None \longrightarrow (\forall \ D \in \# \ clauses \ S. \ \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D))
abbreviation conflict-is-false-with-level :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict-is-false-with-level S \equiv \forall D. conflicting S = Some D \longrightarrow D \neq \{\#\}
  \longrightarrow (\exists L \in \# D. \ get\text{-level (trail S)} \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl S})
lemma not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss:
 assumes \forall S'. \neg conflict S S'
 shows no-clause-is-false S
proof (clarify)
 \mathbf{fix} D
 assume D \in \# local clauses S and conflicting S = None and trail S \models as CNot D
 then show False
   using conflict-rule[of S D update-conflicting (Some D) S] assms
   by auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss:
 assumes full cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss unfolding full-def by auto
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{assms} \ \mathit{not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss} \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{full1-def} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{auto}
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy SS'
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 using full1-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss full-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss by metis+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stqy^{**} S S' and no-clause-is-false S
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp\ S\ S' and
   no-clause-is-false S and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
  using assms
```

```
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case by (auto elim: conflictE)
next
 case propagate'
 then show ?case by (auto elim: propagateE)
qed
lemma no-chained-conflict:
 assumes conflict \ S \ ' and conflict \ S' \ S''
 shows False
 using assms unfolding conflict.simps
 by (metis conflicting-update-conflicting option.distinct(1) state-eq-conflicting)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S U
 shows propagate^{**} S U \vee (\exists T. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U)
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
 case (step U V) note SU = this(1) and UV = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 consider (confl) T where propagate^{**} S T and conflict T U
   | (propa) propagate** S U using IH by auto
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case confl
     then have False using UV by (auto elim: conflictE)
     then show ?thesis by fast
   next
     case propa
     also have conflict U \ V \ \vee \ propagate \ U \ V \ using \ UV \ by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
     ultimately show ?thesis by force
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-cp S U
 and cls-f: no-clause-is-false S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level U
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} D
 assume
   confl: conflicting U = Some D and
   D: D \neq \{\#\}
 consider (CT) conflicting S = None \mid (SD) \mid D' where conflicting S = Some \mid D'
   by (cases conflicting S) auto
 then show \exists L \in \#D. get-level (trail U) L = backtrack-lvl U
   proof cases
     case SD
     then have S = U
      by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ assms(1)\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}conflicting\text{-}not\text{-}empty\ full\text{-}}def\ rtranclpD)
     then show ?thesis using assms(3) confl D by blast-
```

```
next
 case CT
 have init-clss U = init-clss S and learned-clss U = learned-clss S
   using full unfolding full-def
     apply (metis (no-types) rtranclpD tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-init-clss)
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) full full-def rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv)
 obtain T where propagate^{**} S T and TU: conflict T U
   proof -
     have f5: U \neq S
       using confl CT by force
     then have cdcl_W-cp^{++} S U
       by (metis full full-def rtranclpD)
     have \bigwedge p pa. \neg propagate p pa \lor conflicting pa =
       (None :: 'v clause option)
       by (auto elim: propagateE)
     then show ?thesis
       using f5 that translp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[OF \langle cdcl_W - cp^{++} | S | U \rangle]
       full confl CT unfolding full-def by auto
   ged
 obtain D' where
   conflicting T = None  and
   D': D' \in \# \ clauses \ T \ \mathbf{and}
   tr: trail \ T \models as \ CNot \ (D') \ and
    U: U \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some (D'))} T
   using TU by (auto elim!: conflictE)
 have init-clss T = init-clss S and learned-clss T = learned-clss S
   using U \ \langle init\text{-}clss \ U = init\text{-}clss \ S \rangle \ \langle learned\text{-}clss \ U = learned\text{-}clss \ S \rangle by auto
 then have D \in \# clauses S
   using confl\ U\ D' by (auto simp: clauses-def)
 then have \neg trail S \models as CNot D
   using cls-f CT by simp
 moreover
   obtain M where tr-U: trail U = M @ trail S and nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is-decided m
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) assms(1) full-def rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-dropWhile-trail)
   have trail U \models as \ CNot \ D
     using tr confl U by (auto elim!: conflictE)
 ultimately obtain L where L \in \# D and -L \in lits-of-l M
   unfolding tr-U CNot-def true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by force
 moreover have inv-U: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   by (metis\ cdcl_W - stgy. conflict'\ cdcl_W - stgy-consistent-inv\ full\ full-unfold\ lev)
 moreover
   have backtrack-lvl\ U = backtrack-lvl\ S
     using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl)
 moreover
   have no-dup (trail U)
     using inv-U unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
    { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann	ext{-}lit \ \mathbf{and}
       xb :: ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lit
     assume a1: atm\text{-}of\ L = atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ xb)
     moreover assume a2: -L = lit - of x
     moreover assume a3: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) ' set M
       \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) \ `set \ (trail \ S) = \{\}
     moreover assume a4: x \in set M
```

```
moreover assume a5: xb \in set (trail S)
         moreover have atm\text{-}of (-L) = atm\text{-}of L
           by auto
         ultimately have False
           by auto
       then have LS: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)
         using \langle -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M \rangle \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ U) \rangle unfolding tr\text{-}U \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}def by auto
     ultimately have get-level (trail U) L = backtrack-lvl U
       proof (cases count-decided (trail S) \neq 0, goal-cases)
         case 2 note LD = this(1) and LM = this(2) and inv - U = this(3) and US = this(4) and
           LS = this(5) and ne = this(6)
         have backtrack-lvl\ S=0
           using lev ne unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
         moreover have get-level ML = 0
           using nm by auto
         ultimately show ?thesis using LS ne US unfolding tr-U
           by (simp add: lits-of-def filter-empty-conv)
         case 1 note LD = this(1) and LM = this(2) and inv - U = this(3) and US = this(4) and
           LS = this(5) and ne = this(6)
         have count-decided (trail S) = backtrack-lvl S
           using ne lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
         moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
           using \langle -L \in lits-of-l M \rangle by (simp \ add: \ atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set
             lits-of-def)
         ultimately show ?thesis
           using nm ne get-level-skip-in-all-not-decided[of M L] unfolding lits-of-def US tr-U
           by auto
         qed
     then show \exists L \in \#D. get-level (trail U) L = backtrack-lvl U
       using \langle L \in \# D \rangle by blast
   qed
qed
Literal of highest level in decided literals
definition mark-is-false-with-level :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
mark-is-false-with-level S' \equiv
 \forall D \ M1 \ M2 \ L. \ M1 \ @ \ Propagated \ L \ D \# \ M2 = trail \ S' \longrightarrow D - \{\#L\#\} \neq \{\#\}
    \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = count\text{-decided } M1)
definition no-more-propagation-to-do :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
no-more-propagation-to-do S \equiv
 \forall D \ M \ M' \ L. \ D + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ clauses \ S \longrightarrow trail \ S = M' @ M \longrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ D
    \longrightarrow undefined-lit M L \longrightarrow count-decided M < backtrack-lvl S
    \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# \ D \land get\text{-level (trail S)} \ L = count\text{-decided } M)
lemma propagate-no-more-propagation-to-do:
  assumes propagate: propagate S S'
 and H: no-more-propagation-to-do S
 and lev-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
  shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
  using assms
proof -
```

```
obtain EL where
 S: conflicting S = None  and
 E: E \in \# \ clauses \ S \ {\bf and}
 LE: L \in \# E \text{ and }
 tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (E - \{\#L\#\}) \ and
 undefL: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
 S': S' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S
 using propagate by (elim propagateE) simp
let ?M' = Propagated \ L \ E \ \# \ trail \ S
show ?thesis unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def
 proof (intro allI impI)
   fix D M1 M2 L'
   assume
     D\text{-}L: D + \{\#L'\#\} \in \# \ clauses \ S' \ and
     trail S' = M2 @ M1 and
     get-max: count-decided M1 < backtrack-lvl S' and
     M1 \models as \ CNot \ D and
     undef: undefined-lit M1 L'
   have the M2 @ M1 = trail S \vee (M2 = [] \wedge M1 = Propagated L E \# trail S)
     using \langle trail \ S' = M2 @ M1 \rangle \ S' \ S \ undefL \ lev-inv
     by (cases M2) (auto simp:cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
   moreover {
     assume tl \ M2 \ @ \ M1 = trail \ S
     moreover have D + \{\#L'\#\} \in \# clauses S
       using D-L S S' undefL unfolding clauses-def by auto
     moreover have count-decided M1 < backtrack-lvl S
       using get-max S S' undefL by auto
     ultimately obtain L' where L' \in \# D and
       get-level (trail S) L' = count-decided M1
       using H \langle M1 \models as\ CNot\ D \rangle undef unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def by metis
     moreover
       { have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
          using cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev-inv cdcl_W.propagate OF propagate by blast
         then have no-dup ?M' using S' undefL unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
          have atm\text{-}of\ L' \in atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M1)
            using \langle L' \in \# D \rangle \langle M1 \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by (metis atm-of-uninus image-eqI
              in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
          then have atm\text{-}of\ L' \in atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S))
            using \langle tl \ M2 \ @ \ M1 = trail \ S \rangle [symmetric] \ S \ undefL \ by \ auto
        ultimately have atm-of L \neq atm-of L' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
     }
     ultimately have \exists L' \in \# D. get-level (trail S') L' = count\text{-}decided M1
       using S S' undefL by auto
   }
   moreover {
     assume M2 = [] and M1: M1 = Propagated L E \# trail S
     have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
       using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF - lev-inv] cdcl_W.propagate[OF propagate] by blast
     then have count-decided M1 = backtrack-lvl S'
       using S' M1 undefL unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto intro: Max-eqI)
     then have False using get-max by auto
   ultimately show \exists L. \ L \in \# \ D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = count\text{-decided } M1
     by fast
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict \hbox{-} no\hbox{-}more\hbox{-}propagation\hbox{-}to\hbox{-}do:
 assumes
   conflict: conflict S S' and
   H: no\text{-}more\text{-}propagation\text{-}to\text{-}do\ S\ and
   M: cdcl_W - M - level - inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
 using assms unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def by (force elim!: conflictE)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-propagation-to-do:
 assumes
   conflict: cdcl_W-cp S S' and
   H: no-more-propagation-to-do\ S\ and
   M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
 using assms
 proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.induct)
 case (conflict' S S')
 then show ?case using conflict-no-more-propagation-to-do[of S S'] by blast
next
 case (propagate' S S') note S = this
 show 1: no-more-propagation-to-do S'
   using propagate-no-more-propagation-to-do[of S S'] S by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
 assumes
   o: cdcl_W-o S S' and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy } S S'
proof -
 obtain S'' where full cdcl_W-cp S' S''
   \mathbf{using}\ \ always-exists-full-cdcl_W-cp-step\ \ alien\ \ cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv\ \ cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss
    o other lev by (meson\ cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
 then show ?thesis
   using assms by (metis always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy.conflict' full-unfold other')
qed
lemma backtrack-no-decomp:
 assumes
   S: conflicting S = Some E  and
   LE: L \in \# E \text{ and }
   L: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   D: get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L E) < backtrack-lvl S and
   bt: backtrack-lvl\ S = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (trail\ S)\ E and
   M-L: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. \ cdcl_W \text{-}o \ S \ S'
proof -
 have L-D: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) E
   using L D bt by (simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
 let ?i = get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L E)
 obtain KM1M2 where
   K: (Decided \ K \ \# \ M1, \ M2) \in set \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ (trail \ S)) and
   lev-K: get-level (trail S) K = Suc ?i
```

```
using backtrack-ex-decomp[OF M-L, of ?i] D S by auto
 show ?thesis using backtrack-rule[OF S LE K L, of ?i] bt L lev-K bj by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive:
  assumes
   termi: \forall S'. \neg cdcl_W \text{-stgy } S S' \text{ and }
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   level-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv: S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
   confl-k: conflict-is-false-with-level S
 shows (conflicting S = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S)))
       \vee (conflicting S = None \wedge trail S \models as set-mset (init-clss S))
proof -
 let ?M = trail S
 let ?N = init\text{-}clss S
 let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
 let ?U = learned\text{-}clss S
 consider
     (None) conflicting S = None
   | (Some-Empty) \ E \ \mathbf{where} \ conflicting \ S = Some \ E \ \mathbf{and} \ E = \{\#\}
   | (Some) E'  where conflicting S = Some E' and
     conflicting S = Some (E') and E' \neq \{\#\}
   by (cases conflicting S, simp) auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case (Some\text{-}Empty\ E)
     then have conflicting S = Some \{\#\} by auto
     then have unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
       using assms(3) unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def true-clss-cls-def
       by (metis (no-types, lifting) Un-insert-right atms-of-empty satisfiable-def
        sup-bot.right-neutral total-over-m-insert total-over-set-empty true-cls-empty)
     then show ?thesis using Some-Empty by auto
   next
     case None
     { assume \neg ?M \models asm ?N
       have atm-of '(lits-of-l?M) = atms-of-mm?N (is ?A = ?B)
          show ?A \subseteq ?B using alien unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
          show ?B \subseteq ?A
            proof (rule ccontr)
              assume \neg ?B \subseteq ?A
              then obtain l where l \in ?B and l \notin ?A by auto
              then have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
               using \langle l \notin ?A \rangle unfolding lits-of-def by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
              moreover have conflicting S = None
               using None by auto
              ultimately have \exists S'. \ cdcl_W \text{-}o \ S \ S'
               using cdcl_W-o.decide\ decide-rule \langle l \in ?B \rangle no-strange-atm-def
               by (metis\ literal.sel(1)\ state-eq-def)
              then show False
               using termi\ cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step[OF - alien] level-inv by blast
            qed
```

```
qed
   obtain D where \neg ?M \models a D \text{ and } D \in \# ?N
      using \langle \neg ?M \models asm ?N \rangle unfolding lits-of-def true-annots-def Ball-def by auto
   have atms-of D \subseteq atm-of ' (lits-of-l?M)
     using \langle D \in \#?N \rangle unfolding \langle atm\text{-}of \cdot (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l?M) = atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm?N \rangle atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\text{-}def
     by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
   then have a1: atm-of 'set-mset D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)
     by (auto simp add: atms-of-def lits-of-def)
   have total-over-m (lits-of-l ?M) \{D\}
     using \langle atms\text{-}of \ D \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ ?M) \rangle
     atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set by (fastforce simp: total-over-set-def)
   then have ?M \models as \ CNot \ D
     using total-not-true-cls-true-clss-CNot \langle \neg trail \ S \models a \ D \rangle true-annot-def
     true-annots-true-cls by fastforce
   then have False
     proof -
       obtain S' where
         f2: full\ cdcl_W-cp S\ S'
         by (meson alien always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step level-inv)
       then have S' = S
         using cdcl_W-stgy.conflict'[of S] by (metis (no-types) full-unfold termi)
       then show ?thesis
         using f2 \langle D \in \# init\text{-}clss S \rangle None \langle trail S \models as CNot D \rangle
         clauses-def full-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss by auto
     qed
 }
 then have ?M \models asm ?N by blast
 then show ?thesis
   using None by auto
next
 case (Some E') note conf = this(1) and LD = this(2) and nempty = this(3)
 then obtain L D where
   E'[simp]: E' = D + \{\#L\#\} \text{ and }
   lev-L: qet-level ?M L = ?k
   by (metis (mono-tags) confl-k insert-DiffM2)
 let ?D = D + \{\#L\#\}
 have ?D \neq \{\#\} by auto
 have ?M \models as CNot ?D using confl LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
 then have ?M \neq [] unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by force
 have M: ?M = hd ?M \# tl ?M using \langle ?M \neq [] \rangle list.collapse by fastforce
 have g-k: get-maximum-level (trail S) D \leq ?k
   using count-decided-ge-get-maximum-level[of ?M] level-inv
   unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
   by auto
   assume decided: is-decided (hd?M)
   then obtain k' where k': k' + 1 = ?k
     using level-inv M unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def
     by (cases hd (trail S); cases trail S) auto
   obtain L' where L': hd ?M = Decided L' using decided by (cases hd ?M) auto
   have *: \bigwedge list. no-dup list \Longrightarrow
         -L \in lits-of-l list \Longrightarrow atm-of L \in atm-of ' lits-of-l list
     by (metis\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}uminus\ imageI)
   have L'-L: L' = -L
     proof (rule ccontr)
```

```
assume ¬ ?thesis
   moreover have -L \in lits-of-l ?M using confl LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
   ultimately have get-level (hd (trail S) \# tl (trail S)) L = get-level (tl ?M) L
     using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(1)[OF level-inv] unfolding consistent-interp-def
     by (subst (asm) (2) M) (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of L')
   moreover
     have count-decided (trail S) = ?k
       using level-inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have count: count-decided (tl (trail S)) = ?k - 1
      using level-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
      by (subst\ (asm)\ M)\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ L')
     then have get-level (tl ?M) L < ?k
      using count-decided-ge-get-level[of L tl ?M] unfolding count k'[symmetric]
      by auto
   finally show False using lev-L M by auto
 qed
have L: hd ?M = Decided (-L) using L'-L L' by auto
have get-maximum-level (trail S) D < ?k
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have get-maximum-level (trail S) D = \frac{9}{2}k using M g-k unfolding L by auto
   then obtain L'' where L'' \in \# D and L-k: get-level ?M L'' = ?k
     using get-maximum-level-exists-lit[of ?k ?M D] unfolding k'[symmetric] by auto
   have L \neq L'' using no-dup \langle L'' \in \# D \rangle
     unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def LD
     by (metis E' add.right-neutral add-diff-cancel-right'
       distinct-mem-diff-mset union-commute union-single-eq-member)
   have L^{\prime\prime} = -L
     proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?thesis
       then have get-level ?M L'' = get-level (tl ?M) L''
        using M \langle L \neq L'' \rangle get-level-skip-beginning[of L'' hd? M tl? M] unfolding L
        by (auto simp: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
      moreover
        have d: drop While (\lambda S. atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of S) \neq atm\text{-}of L) (tl (trail S)) = []
          using level-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply (subst (asm)(2) M)
          by (auto simp: image-iff L'L'-L)
        have get-level (tl (trail S)) L = 0
          by (auto simp: filter-empty-conv d)
       moreover
        have get-level (tl (trail S)) L'' \leq count\text{-}decided (tl (trail S))
          by auto
        then have get-level (tl (trail S)) L'' < backtrack-lvl S
          using level-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply (subst (asm)(5) M)
          by (auto simp: image-iff L'L'-L simp del: count-decided-ge-get-level)
       ultimately show False
        apply -
        apply (subst (asm) M, subst (asm)(3) M, subst (asm) L')
        using L-k
        apply (auto simp: L' L'-L split: if-splits)
        apply (subst (asm)(3) M, subst (asm) L')
        using \langle L'' \neq -L \rangle by (auto simp: L' L'-L split: if-splits)
   then have taut: tautology (D + \{\#L\#\})
     using \langle L'' \in \# D \rangle by (metis add.commute mset-leD mset-le-add-left multi-member-this
```

```
tautology-minus)
    have consistent-interp (lits-of-l ?M)
      using level-inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
      using taut by (metis \langle L'' = -L \rangle \langle L'' \in \# D \rangle add.commute consistent-interp-def
        diff-union-cancelR in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) in-diffD multi-member-this)
     moreover have ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
      using confl no-dup LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
     ultimately show False by blast
   qed note H = this
 have get-maximum-level (trail S) D < get-maximum-level (trail S) (D + \{\#L\#\})
   using H by (auto simp: get-maximum-level-plus lev-L max-def)
 moreover have backtrack-lvl S = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D + \{\#L\#\})
   using H by (auto simp: get-maximum-level-plus lev-L max-def)
 ultimately have False
   using backtrack-no-decomp[OF conf - lev-L] level-inv termi
   cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step[of S] alien unfolding E'
   by (auto simp add: lev-L max-def)
\} note not-is-decided = this
moreover {
 let ?D = D + \{\#L\#\}
 have ?D \neq \{\#\} by auto
 have ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D \ using \ confl \ LD \ unfolding \ cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
 then have ?M \neq [] unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by force
 assume nm: \neg is\text{-}decided (hd ?M)
 then obtain L' C where L'C: hd-trail S = Propagated L' C using \langle trail S \neq [] \rangle
   by (cases hd-trail S) auto
 then have hd ?M = Propagated L' C
   using \langle trail \ S \neq [] \rangle by fastforce
 then have M: ?M = Propagated L' C \# tl ?M
   using \langle ?M \neq [] \rangle list.collapse by fastforce
 then obtain C' where C': C = C' + \{\#L'\#\}
   using confl unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by (metis append-Nil diff-single-eq-union)
 { assume -L' \notin \# ?D
   then have Ex (skip S)
     using skip-rule [OF M conf] unfolding E' by auto
   then have False
     using cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step[of S] alien level-inv termi
    by (auto dest: cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros)
 }
 moreover {
   assume L'D: -L' \in \# ?D
   then obtain D' where D': ?D = D' + \{\#-L'\#\} by (metis insert-DiffM2)
   then have get-maximum-level (trail S) D' \leq ?k
     using count-decided-ge-get-maximum-level[of Propagated L' C # tl ?M] M
     level-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
   then have get-maximum-level (trail S) D' = ?k
     \vee get-maximum-level (trail S) D' < ?k
    using le-neq-implies-less by blast
   moreover {
     assume g-D'-k: get-maximum-level (trail\ S)\ D' = ?k
     then have f1: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' = backtrack-lvl S
      using M by auto
     then have Ex\ (cdcl_W - o\ S)
      using f1 resolve-rule[of S L' C, OF \(\text{trail } S \neq [] \) - - conf] conf g-D'-k
```

```
L'C L'D unfolding C' D' E'
           by (fastforce simp add: D' intro: cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros)
          then have False
           by (meson alien cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step termi level-inv)
        moreover {
         assume a1: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' < ?k
         then have f3: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' < \text{get-level (trail S) } (-L')
           using a lev-L by (metis D' get-maximum-level-ge-get-level insert-noteq-member
             not-less)
          moreover have backtrack-lvl S = get-level (trail S) L'
           apply (subst\ M)
           using level-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
           by (subst\ (asm)(3)\ M)\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)[]
          moreover
           then have get-level (trail S) L' = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D' + \{\#-L'\#\})
             using a1 by (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-plus max-def)
          ultimately have False
           using M backtrack-no-decomp[of S - L', OF conf]
            cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step L'D level-inv termi alien
           unfolding D' E' by auto
        ultimately have False by blast
      ultimately have False by blast
     ultimately show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W:
 cdcl_W-cp \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} \ S \ S'
 apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
  by \ (meson \ cdcl_W.conflict \ cdcl_W.propagate \ tranclp.r-into-trancl \ tranclp.trancl-into-trancl) +
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W:
 cdcl_W - cp^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
 apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  apply (simp add: cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W)
 by (meson\ cdcl_W - cp - tranclp - cdcl_W\ tranclp - trans)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case
  unfolding full1-def by (simp add: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
 case (other' S' S'')
 then have S' = S'' \vee cdcl_W - cp^{++} S' S''
   by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold full-def)
 then show ?case
   using other' by (meson cdcl_W.other tranclp.r-into-trancl
     tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-trans)
qed
```

```
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
 apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  using cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W apply blast
 by (meson\ cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
 using rtranclp-unfold[of\ cdcl_W\ -stgy\ S\ S\ ]\ tranclp-cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -tranclp-cdcl_W[of\ S\ S\ ]\ by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ not\text{-}empty\text{-}get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}exists\text{-}lit\text{:}}
 assumes n: D \neq \{\#\}
 and max: get-maximum-level MD = n
 shows \exists L \in \#D. get-level M L = n
proof -
 have f: finite (insert 0 ((\lambda L. get-level M L) 'set-mset D)) by auto
 then have n \in ((\lambda L. \ get\text{-level} \ M \ L) \ `set\text{-mset} \ D)
   using n max qet-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level image-iff
   unfolding get-maximum-level-def by force
 then show \exists L \in \# D. get-level ML = n by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-false-with-level-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   confl-inv: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   n-d: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S
  shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct)
  case (resolve L C M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and confl = this(4) and LD = this(5) and T = this(4)
this(7)
 have uL-not-D: -L \notin \# remove1-mset (-L) D
   using n-d confl unfolding distinct-cdclw-state-def distinct-mset-def
   by (metis distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mem-diff-mset multi-member-last n-d)
  moreover have L-not-D: L \notin \# remove1\text{-}mset (-L) D
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have L \in \# D
      by (auto simp: in-remove1-mset-neg)
     moreover have Propagated L C \# M \modelsas CNot D
       using conflicting conflicting conflicting cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by auto
     ultimately have -L \in lits-of-l (Propagated L C \# M)
       using in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
     moreover have no-dup (Propagated L C \# M)
       using lev tr-S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     ultimately show False unfolding lits-of-def by (metis consistent-interp-def image-eqI
       list.set-intros(1) lits-of-def ann-lit.sel(2) distinct-consistent-interp)
   qed
  ultimately
   have g-D: get-maximum-level (Propagated L C \# M) (remove1-mset (-L) D)
     = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ D)
     using get-maximum-level-skip-first[of\ L\ remove 1-mset (-L)\ D\ C\ M]
```

```
by (simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set atms-of-def)
 have lev-L[simp]: get-level\ M\ L=0
   apply (rule atm-of-notin-get-rev-level-eq-0)
   using lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def tr-S by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
 have D: get-maximum-level M (remove1-mset (-L) D) = backtrack-lvl S
   using resolve.hyps(6) LD unfolding tr-S by (auto simp: get-maximum-level-plus max-def q-D)
 have get-maximum-level M (remove1-mset L C) \leq backtrack-lvl S
   using count-decided-ge-get-maximum-level[of M] lev unfolding tr-S cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have
   get-maximum-level M (remove1-mset (-L) D \# \cup remove1-mset L C) =
     backtrack-lvl S
   by (auto simp: get-maximum-level-union-mset get-maximum-level-plus max-def D)
 then show ?case
   using tr-S not-empty-qet-maximum-level-exists-lit[of
     remove1-mset (-L) D \# \cup remove1-mset L C M T
   by auto
 case (skip L C' M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and D = this(2) and T = this(5)
 then obtain La where
   La \in \# D \text{ and }
   get-level (Propagated L C' \# M) La = backtrack-lvl S
   using skip confl-inv by auto
 moreover
   have atm-of La \neq atm-of L
     proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?thesis
      then have La: La = L using \langle La \in \# D \rangle \langle -L \notin \# D \rangle
        by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
      have Propagated L C' \# M \modelsas CNot D
        using conflicting tr-S D unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
      then have -L \in lits-of-l M
        using \langle La \in \# D \rangle in-CNot-implies-uninus(2)[of L D Propagated L C' \# M] unfolding La
        by auto
      then show False using lev tr-S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def consistent-interp-def by auto
     qed
   then have get-level (Propagated L C' \# M) La = get-level M La by auto
 ultimately show ?case using D tr-S T by auto
next
 case backtrack
 then show ?case
   by (auto split: if-split-asm simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp lev)
qed auto
Strong completeness
lemma cdcl_W-cp-propagate-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S T
 shows propagate^{**} S T \lor (\exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \land conflict S' T)
 using assms by induction blast+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-conft:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S T
 shows propagate^{**} S T \vee (\exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \wedge conflict S' T)
 by (simp add: assms rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl)
```

```
lemma propagate-high-levelE:
 assumes propagate S T
 obtains M'N'UkLC where
   state S = (M', N', U, k, None) and
   state T = (Propagated\ L\ (C + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M',\ N',\ U,\ k,\ None) and
   C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# local.clauses S  and
   M' \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L
proof -
 obtain EL where
   conf: conflicting S = None  and
   E: E \in \# \ clauses \ S \ \mathbf{and}
   LE: L \in \# E \text{ and }
   tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (E - \{\#L\#\}) \ and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S
   using assms by (elim propagateE) simp
 obtain M N U k where
   S: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, None)
   using conf by auto
 \mathbf{show} \ thesis
   using that [of M N U k L remove1-mset L E] S T LE E tr undef
   by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness:
 assumes MN: set M \models s set-mset N and
 cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
 tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ (set \ M) \ (set\text{-}mset \ N) \ \mathbf{and}
 lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq set M and
 init-clss\ S=N and
 propagate^{**} S S' and
 learned-clss S = {\#}
 shows length (trail S) \leq length (trail S') \wedge lits-of-l (trail S') \subseteq set M
 using assms(6,4,5,7)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (step\ Y\ Z)
 note st = this(1) and propa = this(2) and IH = this(3) and lits' = this(4) and NS = this(5) and
   learned = this(6)
 then have len: length (trail S) \leq length (trail Y) and LM: lits-of-l (trail Y) \subseteq set M
    by blast+
 obtain M'N'UkCL where
   Y: state \ Y = (M', N', U, k, None) and
   Z: state Z = (Propagated\ L\ (C + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M',\ N',\ U,\ k,\ None) and
   C: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses \ Y \ and
   M'-C: M' \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit (trail Y) L
   using propa by (auto elim: propagate-high-levelE)
 have init-clss\ S = init-clss\ Y
   using st by induction (auto elim: propagateE)
 then have [simp]: N' = N using NS Y Z by simp
 have learned-clss Y = \{\#\}
```

```
using st learned by induction (auto elim: propagateE)
  then have [simp]: U = \{\#\} using Y by auto
  have set M \models s \ CNot \ C
   using M'-C LM Y unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def true-cls-def
   by force
 moreover
   have set M \models C + \{\#L\#\}
     using MN C learned Y NS (init-clss S = init-clss Y) (learned-clss Y = \{\#\})
     unfolding true-clss-def clauses-def by fastforce
 ultimately have L \in set M by (simp \ add: cons \ consistent-CNot-not)
 then show ?case using LM len Y Z by auto
qed
lemma
 assumes propagate^{**} S X
 shows
   rtranclp-propagate-init-clss: init-clss X = init-clss S and
   rtranclp-propagate-learned-clss: learned-clss X = learned-clss S
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto elim: propagateE)
lemma completeness-is-a-full1-propagation:
 fixes S :: 'st and M :: 'v literal list
 assumes MN: set M \models s set-mset N
 and cons: consistent-interp (set M)
 and tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset N)
 and alien: no-strange-atm S
 and learned: learned-clss S = \{\#\}
 and clsS[simp]: init-clss\ S = N
 \mathbf{and}\ \mathit{lits}\text{:}\ \mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}\mathit{l}\ (\mathit{trail}\ S)\subseteq\mathit{set}\ \mathit{M}
 shows \exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S S'
proof -
  obtain S' where full: full cdcl_W-cp S S'
   using always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step alien by blast
  then consider (propa) propagate** S S'
   \mid (confl) \exists X. \ propagate^{**} \ S \ X \land conflict \ X \ S'
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-confl unfolding full-def by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case propa then show ?thesis using full by blast
   next
     case confl
     then obtain X where
       X: propagate^{**} S X  and
       Xconf: conflict X S'
     by blast
     have clsX: init-clss\ X = init-clss\ S
       using X by (blast dest: rtranclp-propagate-init-clss)
     have learnedX: learned-clss\ X = \{\#\}
       using X learned by (auto dest: rtranclp-propagate-learned-clss)
     obtain E where
       E: E \in \# init\text{-}clss \ X + learned\text{-}clss \ X \ \mathbf{and}
       Not-E: trail\ X \models as\ CNot\ E
       using Xconf by (auto simp add: clauses-def elim!: conflictE)
     have lits-of-l (trail\ X) \subseteq set\ M
       using cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness [OF assms(1-3) lits - X learned] learned by auto
     then have MNE: set M \models s \ CNot \ E
```

```
using Not-E
       by (fastforce simp add: true-annots-def true-annot-def true-clss-def true-cls-def)
     have \neg set M \models s set-mset N
        \mathbf{using}\ E\ consistent\text{-}CNot\text{-}not[OF\ cons\ MNE]
        unfolding learnedX true-clss-def unfolding clsX clsS by auto
     then show ?thesis using MN by blast
   qed
qed
See also rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-trail-append:
 propagate^{**} S T \Longrightarrow \exists c. trail T = c @ trail S
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto elim: propagateE)
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail:
 propagate^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv S \Longrightarrow
   init\text{-}clss\ S = init\text{-}clss\ T\ \land\ learned\text{-}clss\ S = learned\text{-}clss\ T\ \land\ backtrack\text{-}lvl\ S = backtrack\text{-}lvl\ T
   \wedge conflicting S = conflicting T
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case unfolding state-eq-def by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
 case (step\ T\ U) note IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 moreover have cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv \langle propagate^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \langle propagate \ T \ U \rangle
   rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W]\ cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv propagate'
   rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.prems by blast
   then have no-dup (trail U) unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
  ultimately show ?case using \(\rho propagate T U \rangle \) unfolding state-eq-def
   by (fastforce simp: elim: propagateE)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness-n:
 assumes
   MN: set M \models s set-mset N and
   cons: consistent-interp\ (set\ M) and
   tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset N) and
   atm-incl: atm-of '(set M) \subseteq atms-of-mm N and
   distM: distinct M and
   length: n \leq length M
  \mathbf{shows}
   \exists M' \ k \ S. \ length \ M' \geq n \land
     lits-of-lM' \subseteq setM \land
     no-dup M' \land
     state S = (M', N, \{\#\}, k, None) \land
     cdcl_W-stqy** (init-state N) S
 using length
proof (induction n)
 case \theta
 have state (init-state N) = ([], N, {\#}, 0, None)
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
 moreover have
   0 \leq length [] and
   lits-of-l [] \subseteq set M and
   cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) (init-state N)
   and no-dup
```

```
by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
ultimately show ?case using state-eq-sym by blast
case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and n = this(2)
then obtain M' k S where
 l-M': length <math>M' \geq n and
 M': lits-of-l M' \subseteq set M and
 n\text{-}d[simp]: no\text{-}dup\ M' and
 S: state S = (M', N, \{\#\}, k, None) and
 st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state\ N)\ S
 by auto
have
 M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
 alien: no-strange-atm S
   using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-S0-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-consistent-inv st apply blast
 using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-S0-cdcl_W no-strange-atm-S0 rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv
 rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st by blast
{ assume no-step: \neg no-step propagate S
 obtain S' where S': propagate^{**} S S' and full: full cdcl_W-cp S S'
   using completeness-is-a-full1-propagation [OF assms(1-3), of S] alien M'S
   by (auto simp: comp-def)
 have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using MS' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
 then have n-d'[simp]: no-dup (trail S')
   unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 have length (trail\ S) \leq length\ (trail\ S') \wedge lits-of-l\ (trail\ S') \subseteq set\ M
   using S' full cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness [OF\ assms(1-3),\ of\ S]\ M'\ S
   by (auto simp: comp-def)
 moreover
   have full: full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
     using full no-step no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate(2) unfolding full1-def full-def
     rtranclp-unfold by blast
   then have cdcl_W-stgy S S' by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_W-stgy.conflict')
 moreover
   have propa: propagate^{++} S S' using S' full unfolding full1-def by (metis rtranclpD tranclpD)
   have trail\ S = M'
     using S by (auto simp: comp-def rev-map)
   with propa have length (trail S') > n
     using l-M' propa by (induction rule: tranclp.induct) (auto elim: propagateE)
 moreover
   have stS': cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state N) S'
     using st\ cdcl_W-stgy.conflict'[OF\ full] by auto
   then have init-clss S' = N
     using stS' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss by fastforce
 moreover
   have
     [simp]: learned-clss\ S' = \{\#\} and
     [simp]: init-clss S' = init-clss S and
     [simp]: conflicting S' = None
     using tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF \langle propagate^{++} S S' \rangle] S
     rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail[of S S'] S M unfolding state-eq-def
     by (auto simp: comp-def)
   have S-S': state S' = (trail\ S',\ N,\ \{\#\},\ backtrack-lvl\ S',\ None)
     using S by auto
   have cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) S'
```

```
apply (rule rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
     using st apply simp
     using \langle cdcl_W \text{-} stgy \ S \ S' \rangle by simp
 ultimately have ?case
   apply -
   apply (rule exI[of - trail S'], rule exI[of - backtrack-lvl S'], rule exI[of - S'])
   using S-S' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
}
moreover {
 assume no-step: no-step propagate S
 have ?case
   proof (cases length M' \geq Suc \ n)
     case True
     then show ?thesis using l-M' M' st M alien S n-d by blast
   next
     {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
    then have n': length M' = n using l-M' by auto
    have no-confl: no-step conflict S
      proof -
        { fix D
          assume D \in \# N and M' \models as \ CNot \ D
          then have set M \models D using MN unfolding true-clss-def by auto
          moreover have set M \models s \ CNot \ D
           using \langle M' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ M'
           by (metis le-iff-sup true-annots-true-cls true-clss-union-increase)
          ultimately have False using cons consistent-CNot-not by blast
        then show ?thesis
          using S by (auto simp: true-clss-def comp-def rev-map
            clauses-def elim!: conflictE)
      qed
    have lenM: length M = card (set M) using distM by (induction M) auto
    have no-dup M' using S M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have card (lits-of-l M') = length M'
      by (induction M') (auto simp add: lits-of-def card-insert-if)
     then have lits-of-l M' \subset set M
      using n M' n' lenM by auto
     then obtain L where L: L \in set\ M and undef-m: L \notin lits-of-l M' by auto
     moreover have undef: undefined-lit M' L
      using M' Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l calculation (1,2) cons
      consistent-interp-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) subset-eq)
     moreover have atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
      using atm-incl calculation S by auto
     ultimately
      have dec: decide S (cons-trail (Decided L) (incr-lvl S))
        using decide-rule[of\ S\ -\ cons-trail\ (Decided\ L)\ (incr-lvl\ S)]\ S
        by auto
    let ?S' = cons\text{-trail} (Decided L) (incr-lvl S)
    have lits-of-l (trail ?S') \subseteq set M using L M'S undef by auto
    moreover have no-strange-atm ?S'
      using alien dec\ M by (meson\ cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv decide\ other)
     ultimately obtain S'' where S'': propagate^{**} ?S' S'' and full: full cdcl_W-cp ?S' S''
      using completeness-is-a-full1-propagation [OF assms(1-3), of ?S'] S undef
      by auto
     have cdcl_W-M-level-inv ?S'
      using M dec rtranclp-mono[of decide cdcl_W] by (meson cdcl_W-consistent-inv decide other)
```

```
then have lev'': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S''
         using S'' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
       then have n-d'': no-dup (trail S'')
         unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
       have length (trail ?S') \leq length (trail S'') \wedge lits-of-l (trail S'') \subseteq set M
         using S'' full cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-propagate-completeness[OF assms(1-3), of ?S' S''] L M' S undef
       then have Suc \ n \leq length \ (trail \ S'') \land lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S'') \subseteq set \ M
         using l-M' S undef by auto
       moreover
         have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (cons-trail (Decided L)
           (update-backtrack-lvl (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)) S))
          using S \langle cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ (cons-trail \ (Decided \ L) \ (incr-lvl \ S)) \rangle by auto
         then have S'':
           state S'' = (trail S'', N, \{\#\}, backtrack-lvl S'', None)
          using rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail[OF S''] S undef n-d" lev"
          by auto
         then have cdcl_W-stqy** (init-state N) S''
           using cdcl_W-stgy.intros(2)[OF decide[OF dec] - full] no-step no-confl st
          by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
       ultimately show ?thesis using S'' n-d'' by blast
     qed
  }
 ultimately show ?case by blast
theorem 2.9.11 page 84 of Weidenbach's book (with strategy)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness:
 assumes
   MN: set M \models s set\text{-}mset N \text{ and }
   cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
   tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ (set \ M) \ (set\text{-}mset \ N) \ \mathbf{and}
   atm	ext{-incl: } atm	ext{-of '} (set M) \subseteq atms	ext{-of-mm } N  and
   distM: distinct M
 shows
   \exists M' k S.
     lits-of-lM' = set M \wedge
     state S = (M', N, \{\#\}, k, None) \land
     cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state N) S \wedge
     final-cdcl_W-state S
proof -
 from cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness-n[OF assms, of length M]
 obtain M' k T where
   l: length M \leq length M' and
   M'-M: lits-of-l M' \subseteq set M and
   no-dup: no-dup: M' and
    T: state \ T = (M', N, \{\#\}, k, None) \ and
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state \ N) \ T
   by auto
 have card (set M) = length M using distM by (simp add: distinct-card)
  moreover
   have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv[OF st] T by auto
   then have card (set ((map (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) M'))) = length M'
     using distinct-card no-dup by fastforce
 moreover have card (lits-of-lM') = card (set ((map (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) M')))
```

```
using no-dup unfolding lits-of-def apply (induction M') by (auto simp add: card-insert-if) ultimately have card (set M) \leq card (lits-of-l M') using l unfolding lits-of-def by auto then have set M = lits-of-l M' using M'-M card-seteq by blast moreover then have M' \models asm N using MN unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def by auto then have final-cdcl_W-state T using T no-dup unfolding final-cdcl_W-state-def by auto ultimately show ?thesis using st T by blast qed
```

No conflict with only variables of level less than backtrack level

This invariant is stronger than the previous argument in the sense that it is a property about all possible conflicts.

```
definition no-smaller-confl (S :: 'st) \equiv
  (\forall M \ K \ M' \ D. \ M' \ @ \ Decided \ K \ \# \ M = trail \ S \longrightarrow D \in \# \ clauses \ S
   \longrightarrow \neg M \models as \ CNot \ D)
lemma no-smaller-confl-init-sate[simp]:
  no-smaller-confl (init-state N) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o SS' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   max-lev: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   smaller: no-smaller-confl S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
  using assms(1,2) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o-induct)
  case (decide L T) note confl = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have [simp]: clauses T = clauses S
   using T undef by auto
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix} \ M'' \ K \ M' \ Da
     assume M'' @ Decided K \# M' = trail\ T
     and D: Da \in \# local.clauses T
     then have tl\ M^{\prime\prime} @ Decided\ K\ \#\ M^\prime = trail\ S
       \vee (M'' = [] \wedge Decided \ K \# M' = Decided \ L \# trail \ S)
      using T undef by (cases M'') auto
     moreover {
       assume tlM'' @ Decided K \# M' = trail S
       then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da
         using D T undef no-f confl smaller unfolding no-smaller-confl-def smaller by fastforce
     moreover {
       assume Decided\ K\ \#\ M'=Decided\ L\ \#\ trail\ S
       then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ no-f \ D \ confl \ T \ by \ auto
     ultimately show \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da by fast
```

```
qed
next
 case resolve
 then show ?case using smaller no-f max-lev unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
next
 case skip
 then show ?case using smaller no-f max-lev unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
next
 case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note confl = this(1) and LD = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
and
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix} \ M \ ia \ K' \ M' \ Da
     assume M' @ Decided K' \# M = trail T
     then have tl\ M'\ @\ Decided\ K'\ \#\ M=M1
      using T decomp lev by (cases M') (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     \mathbf{let} \ ?S' = (\mathit{cons-trail} \ (\mathit{Propagated} \ L \ D)
               (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls D
               (update-backtrack-lvl \ i \ (update-conflicting \ None \ S)))))
     assume D: Da \in \# clauses T
     moreover{
      assume Da \in \# clauses S
      then have \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ \langle tl \ M' @ \ Decided \ K' \# M = M1 \rangle \ M \ conft \ smaller
        unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
     moreover {
      assume Da: Da = D
      have \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da
        proof (rule ccontr)
          assume ¬ ?thesis
          then have -L \in \mathit{lits-of-l}\ M
            using LD unfolding Da by (simp\ add: in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
          then have -L \in lits-of-l (Propagated L D \# M1)
            using UnI2 \langle tl \ M' \ @ \ Decided \ K' \# \ M = M1 \rangle
           by auto
          moreover
           have backtrack S ?S'
             using backtrack-rule[of S] backtrack.hyps
             by (force simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
            then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv ?S'
             using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF - lev] other[OF bj] by (auto intro: cdcl_W-bj.intros)
            then have no-dup (Propagated L D \# M1)
             using decomp lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
          ultimately show False
            using Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l defined-lit-map by auto
        \mathbf{qed}
     ultimately show \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da
      using T decomp lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by fastforce
   qed
qed
```

```
lemma conflict-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes conflict S S'
 and no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by (fastforce elim: conflictE)
\mathbf{lemma}\ propagate \textit{-}no\textit{-}smaller\textit{-}confl\textit{-}inv:
 assumes propagate: propagate S S
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 fix M' K M'' D
 assume M': M'' @ Decided\ K\ \#\ M' = trail\ S'
 and D \in \# clauses S'
 obtain M N U k C L where
   S: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, None) and
   S': state S' = (Propagated \ L \ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ None) and
   C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \text{ and }
   M \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit M L
   using propagate by (auto elim: propagate-high-levelE)
 have tl \ M'' @ Decided \ K \# M' = trail \ S \ using \ M' \ S \ S'
   by (metis Pair-inject list.inject list.sel(3) ann-lit.distinct(1) self-append-conv2
     tl-append2)
  then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ D
   using \langle D \in \# \ clauses \ S' \ n-l \ S \ S' \ clauses-def \ unfolding \ no-smaller-confl-def \ by \ auto
 then show \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ D by auto
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confit S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict' S S')
  then show ?case using conflict-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
next
  case (propagate' S S')
 then show ?case using propagate-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S S'] by fastforce
lemma rtrancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step S' S'')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S' S''] by fast
```

```
lemma trancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
 case (r-into-trancl S S')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
next
 case (trancl-into-trancl\ S\ S'\ S'')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S' S''] by fast
lemma full-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding full-def
 using rtrancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S S'] by blast
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding full1-def
 using trancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy SS'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct \ rule: \ cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  case (conflict' S')
 then show ?case using full1-cdclw-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S S'] by blast
next
 case (other' S' S'')
 have no-smaller-confl S'
   using cdcl_W-o-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(3,2,1)]
   not\text{-}conflict\text{-}not\text{-}any\text{-}negated\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ other'.hyps(2)\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
 then show ?case using full-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S' S'] other'.hyps by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{is-conflicting-exists-conflict}:
 assumes \neg(\forall D \in \#init\text{-}clss\ S' + learned\text{-}clss\ S'.\ \neg\ trail\ S' \models as\ CNot\ D)
 and conflicting S' = None
 shows \exists S''. conflict S' S''
 using assms clauses-def not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss by fastforce
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-no-clause-is-false:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o SS' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
```

```
max-lev: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S and
   no-l: no-smaller-confi S
  shows no-clause-is-false S'
   \lor (conflicting S' = None
        \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \# \ clauses \ S'. \ trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D
            \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')))
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct)
  case (decide L T) note S = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
  show ?case
   proof (rule HOL.disjI2, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} D
     assume D: D \in \# clauses T and M-D: trail T \models as CNot D
     let ?M = trail S
     let ?M' = trail T
     let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
     have \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ D
         using no-f D S T undef by auto
     have -L \in \# D
       proof (rule ccontr)
         assume ¬ ?thesis
         have ?M \models as \ CNot \ D
           unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def true-cls-def
           proof (intro allI impI)
             \mathbf{fix} \ x
             assume x: x \in \{ \{ \# - L \# \} \mid L. L \in \# D \}
             then obtain L' where L': x = \{\#-L'\#\}\ L' \in \#\ D by auto
             obtain L'' where L'' \in \# x and L'': lits-of-l (Decided L \# ?M) \models l L''
               using M-D x T undef unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def
               true-cls-def Bex-def by auto
             show \exists L \in \# x. lits-of-l? M \models l L unfolding Bex-def
               using L'(1) L'(2) \leftarrow L \notin \!\!\!\!/ \!\!\!/ D \land L'' \in \!\!\!\!\!/ \!\!\!\!/ x \rangle
               \langle lits-of-l (Decided L \# trail S) \models l L'' \rangle by auto
           qed
         then show False using \langle \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by auto
       qed
     have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ ?M)
       using undef defined-lit-map unfolding lits-of-def by fastforce
     then have get-level (Decided L # ?M) (-L) = ?k + 1
       using lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have -L \in \# D \land get\text{-level }?M'(-L) = backtrack\text{-lvl } T
       using \langle -L \in \# D \rangle T undef by auto
     then show \exists La. La \in \# D \land get\text{-level }?M'La = backtrack\text{-lvl } T
       \mathbf{by} blast
   \mathbf{qed}
next
  {f case}\ resolve
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case skip
  then show ?case by auto
  case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note decomp = this(3) and lev-K = this(7) and T = this(8)
  show ?case
```

```
proof (rule HOL.disjI2, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} \ Da
     assume Da: Da \in \# \ clauses \ T \ and \ M-D: \ trail \ T \models as \ CNot \ Da
     obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1
       using decomp by auto
     have tr-T: trail T = Propagated L D # M1
       using T decomp lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     have backtrack S T
       using backtrack-rule[of S] backtrack.hyps T
       by (force simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     then have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
       using cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev other cdcl_W-bj.backtrack cdcl_W-o.bj by blast
     then have -L \notin lits-of-l M1
       using lev cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def tr-T unfolding consistent-interp-def by (metis insert-iff
         list.simps(15) lits-of-insert ann-lit.sel(2))
     { assume Da \in \# clauses S
       then have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ no-l \ M \ unfolding \ no-smaller-confl-def \ by \ auto
     moreover {
       assume Da: Da = D
       have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \leftarrow L \notin lits \text{-} of \text{-} l \ M1 \rangle \ unfolding \ Da
         using backtrack.hyps(2) in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by auto
     ultimately have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da
       using Da T decomp lev by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     then have -L \in \# Da
       using M-D \leftarrow L \notin lits-of-l M1 \rightarrow T unfolding tr-T true-annots-true-cls true-cls-def
       by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)
     have no-dup (Propagated L D \# M1)
       using lev lev' T decomp unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have L: atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l M1 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
     have get-level (Propagated L D # M1) (-L) = i
       using lev-K lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
       by (simp add: M image-Un atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l)
     then have -L \in \# Da \land get\text{-level (trail } T) \ (-L) = backtrack\text{-lvl } T
       using \langle -L \in \# Da \rangle T decomp lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
     then show \exists La. La \in \# Da \land get\text{-level (trail } T) La = backtrack\text{-lvl } T
       by blast
   qed
qed
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-decompose:
 assumes
   confl: \exists D \in \#clauses \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \ and
   full: full cdcl_W-cp S U and
   no\text{-}confl: conflicting } S = None \text{ and }
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists T. propagate^{**} S T \land conflict T U
proof -
  consider (propa) propagate^{**} S U
       \mid (confl) \ T \ \mathbf{where} \ propagate^{**} \ S \ T \ \mathbf{and} \ conflict \ T \ U
  using full unfolding full-def by (blast dest: rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl)
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case confl
```

```
then show ?thesis by blast
   next
     case propa
     then have conflicting U = None and
       [simp]: learned-clss\ U = learned-clss\ S and
       [simp]: init-clss U = init-clss S
      using no-confl rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail lev by auto
     moreover
      obtain D where D: D \in \#clauses\ U and
        trS: trail S \models as CNot D
        using confl clauses-def by auto
      obtain M where M: trail U = M @ trail S
        using full rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\,While-trail unfolding full-def by meson
      have tr-U: trail\ U \models as\ CNot\ D
        apply (rule true-annots-mono)
        using trS unfolding M by simp-all
     have \exists V. conflict U V
      using \langle conflicting | U = None \rangle D clauses-def not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss tr-U
      by meson
     then have False using full cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.conflict' unfolding full-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by fast
   qed
qed
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-full1-decompose:
 assumes
   confl: \exists D \in \#clauses \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \ and
   full: full cdcl_W-cp S U and
   no-confl: conflicting S = Noneand
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists T D. propagate^{**} S T \land conflict T U
   \land trail T \models as \ CNot \ D \land conflicting \ U = Some \ D \land D \in \# \ clauses \ S
 obtain T where propa: propagate^{**} S T and conf: conflict T U
   using full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-decompose [OF assms] by blast
 have p: learned-clss T = learned-clss S init-clss T = init-clss S
    using propa lev rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail by auto
 have c: learned-clss U = learned-clss T init-clss U = init-clss T
    using conf by (auto elim: conflictE)
 obtain D where trail T \models as \ CNot \ D \land conflicting \ U = Some \ D \land D \in \# \ clauses \ S
   using conf p c by (fastforce simp: clauses-def elim!: conflictE)
 then show ?thesis
   using propa conf by blast
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-stgy S S' and
   n-l: no-smaller-confl S and
   conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-clause-is-false S and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
```

```
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 show no-smaller-confl S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(1) full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv by blast
next
 case (other' S' S'')
 have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W-consistent-inv other other '.hyps(1) other'.prems(3) by blast
 show no-smaller-confl S''
   using cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF cdcl_W-stgy.other'[OF other'.hyps(1-3)]]
   other'.prems(1-3) by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-stgy S S' and
   n-l: no-smaller-confl S and
   conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-clause-is-false S and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 have no-smaller-confl S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(1) full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv by blast
 moreover have conflict-is-false-with-level S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(2-4)
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S S']
   unfolding full-def full1-def rtranclp-unfold by presburger
 then show ?case by blast
next
 case (other' S' S'')
 have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W-consistent-inv other other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(3) by blast
 moreover
   have no-clause-is-false S'
     \lor (conflicting S' = None \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \#clauses S'. trail S' \models as CNot D
         \rightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')))
     using cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-no-clause-is-false of S[S'] other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(1-4) by fast
 moreover {
   assume no-clause-is-false S'
     assume conflicting S' = None
     then have conflict-is-false-with-level S' by auto
     moreover have full cdcl_W-cp S' S''
      by (metis\ (no-types)\ other'.hyps(3))
     ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S"
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S' S''] lev' (no-clause-is-false S')
      by blast
   moreover
   {
     assume c: conflicting S' \neq None
```

```
have conflicting S \neq None using other'.hyps(1) c
     by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
   then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'
     using cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-false-with-level-inv[OF other'.hyps(1)]
     other'.prems(3,5,6,2) by blast
   moreover have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S' S'' using other'.hyps(3) unfolding full-def by auto
   then have S' = S'' using c
     by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
        (fastforce\ intro:\ option.exhaust)+
   ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S" by auto
 }
 ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S" by blast
moreover {
  assume
    confl: conflicting S' = None and
    D-L: \forall D \in \# clauses S'. trail S' \models as CNot D
      \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')
  { assume \forall D \in \#clauses S'. \neg trail S' \models as CNot D
    then have no-clause-is-false S' using confl by simp
    then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' using calculation(3) by presburger
  moreover {
    assume \neg(\forall D \in \#clauses \ S'. \ \neg \ trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D)
    then obtain TD where
      propagate** S' T and
      conflict T S'' and
      D: D \in \# \ clauses \ S' and
      trail S'' \models as CNot D and
      conflicting S'' = Some D
      using full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-full1-decompose[OF - - confl]
      other'(3) lev' by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) conflictE state-eq-trail
        trail-update-conflicting)
    obtain M where M: trail S'' = M @ trail S' and nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is-decided m
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail other'(3) unfolding full-def by meson
    have btS: backtrack-lvl S'' = backtrack-lvl S'
      using other'.hyps(3) unfolding full-def by (metis rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl)
    have inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S''
      by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv\ full-unfold\ lev'}
        other'.hyps(3)
    then have nd: no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S'')
      by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\text{-}decomp(2))
    have conflict-is-false-with-level S''
      proof cases
        assume trail S' \models as \ CNot \ D
        moreover then obtain L where
          L \in \# D and
          lev-L: qet-level (trail S') L = backtrack-lvl S'
          using D-L D by blast
        moreover
          have LS': -L \in lits-of-l (trail S')
            using \langle trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ \langle L \in \# \ D \rangle \ in\text{-}CNot\text{-}implies\text{-}uminus(2) \ by \ blast
          { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lit \ \mathbf{and}
              xb :: ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lit
            assume a1: x \in set \ (trail \ S') and
              a2: xb \in set M and
```

```
a3: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set (trail \ S')
                 = \{\} and
                a4: -L = lit - of x and
                a5: atm-of L = atm-of (lit-of xb)
             moreover have atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of x) = atm\text{-}of L
               using a4 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-uminus)
             ultimately have False
               using a5 a3 a2 a1 by auto
           then have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
             using nd LS' unfolding M by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
           then have get-level (trail S'') L = get-level (trail S') L
             unfolding M by (simp add: lits-of-def)
         ultimately show ?thesis using btS \ (conflicting S'' = Some D) by auto
       next
         assume \neg trail\ S' \models as\ CNot\ D
         then obtain L where L \in \# D and LM: -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
           using \langle trail \ S'' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M
             by (auto simp add: true-cls-def M true-annots-def true-annot-def
                   split: if-split-asm)
         { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lit \ \mathbf{and}
             xb :: ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lit
           assume a1: xb \in set \ (trail \ S') and
             a2: x \in set M and
             a3: atm-of L = atm-of (lit-of xb) and
             a4: -L = lit - of x and
             a5: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set (trail \ S')
           \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{atm-of} \ (\mathit{lit-of} \ \mathit{xb}) = \mathit{atm-of} \ (-\ \mathit{L})
             using a3 by simp
           ultimately have False
             by auto }
         then have LS': atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ ' \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S')
           using nd \langle L \in \# D \rangle LM unfolding M by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
         show ?thesis
           proof -
             have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
               using \langle -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M \rangle
               by (simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def)
             then have get-level (M @ trail S') L = backtrack-lvl S'
               using lev' LS' nm unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
             then show ?thesis
               using nm \langle L \in \#D \rangle \langle conflicting S'' = Some D \rangle
               unfolding lits-of-def btS M
               by auto
           \mathbf{qed}
       qed
   ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' by blast
}
moreover
  assume conflicting S' \neq None
  have no-clause-is-false S' using (conflicting S' \neq None) by auto
  then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' using calculation(3) by presburger
}
```

```
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes
    cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and
   n-l: no-smaller-confl S and
   cls-false: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S and
   dist: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
  shows no-smaller-confl S' \wedge conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms(1)
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case using n-l cls-false by auto
next
  case (step S' S'') note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have no-smaller-confl S' and conflict-is-false-with-level S'
   using IH by blast+
 moreover have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using st lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   by (blast intro: rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)+
 moreover have no-clause-is-false S'
   using st no-f rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss by presburger
 moreover have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
   using rtanclp-distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv[of\ S\ S']\ lev\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stay-rtranclp-cdcl_W[OF\ st]
    dist by auto
 moreover have cdcl_W-conflicting S'
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W\mathit{-all-inv}(6)[\mathit{of}\ \mathit{S}\ \mathit{S'}]\ \mathit{st}\ \mathit{alien}\ \mathit{conflicting}\ \mathit{decomp}\ \mathit{dist}\ \mathit{learned}\ \mathit{lev}
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
  ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_W-stqy-no-smaller-conf[OF cdcl] cdcl_W-stqy-ex-lit-of-max-level[OF cdcl] by fast
qed
Final States are Conclusive
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-non-false:
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no-d: distinct-mset-mset N
 and no-empty: \forall D \in \#N. D \neq \{\#\}
 shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S')))
   \lor (conflicting S' = None \land trail S' \models asm init-clss S')
proof
 let ?S = init\text{-state } N
 have
   termi: \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W \text{-stgy } S' S'' \text{ and }
   step: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} ?S S' using full unfolding full-def by auto
  moreover have
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
```

level-inv: $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv S' and

```
alien: no-strange-atm S' and
   no-dup: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S' and
   confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S' and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (init-clss \ S') \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ (trail \ S'))
   using no-d translp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-translp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>[of ?S S'] step rtranslp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-inv(1-6)[of ?S S']
   unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
  moreover
   have \forall D \in \#N. \neg [] \models as \ CNot \ D \ using \ no-empty \ by \ auto
   then have confl-k: conflict-is-false-with-level S'
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF step] no-d by auto
 show ?thesis
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-final-state-conclusive[OF termi decomp learned level-inv alien no-dup confl
     confl-k].
qed
lemma conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cp: conflict S S'
 shows full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
proof -
 have cdcl_W-cp \ S \ S' and conflicting \ S' \neq None
   using cp \ cdcl_W-cp.intros \ by \ (auto \ elim!: \ conflictE \ simp: \ state-eq-def \ simp \ del: \ state-simp)
  then have cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S' by blast
 moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
   using \langle conflicting S' \neq None \rangle by (metis\ cdcl_W - cp\text{-}conflicting\text{-}not\text{-}empty)
     option.exhaust)
 ultimately show full1 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp S S' unfolding full1-def by blast+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp\ S\ S' and
   trail S = [] and
   conflicting S \neq None
 shows False
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.induct) (auto elim: propagateE conflictE)
lemma cdcl_W-o-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes cdcl_W-o SS'
 and trail S = [
 and conflicting S \neq None
 shows False
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S'
 and trail\ S = []
 and conflicting S \neq None
 shows False
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 using tranclpD cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-fst-empty-conflicting-false unfolding full1-def apply metis
 using cdcl_W-o-fst-empty-conflicting-false by blast
thm cdcl_W-cp.induct[split-format(complete)]
lemma cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-cp\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow conflicting\ S = Some\ \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
```

```
by (induction rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (auto elim: propagateE conflictE)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W - cp^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting S = Some \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 apply (induction rule: tranclp.induct)
 by (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false)
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-o S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting <math>S = Some \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-stgy S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting <math>S = Some \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
   unfolding full1-def apply (metis (no-types) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-conflicting-not-empty tranclpD)
  unfolding full-def by (metis conflict-with-false-implies-terminated other)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-stgy** S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting <math>S = Some \{\#\} \Longrightarrow S' = S
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
 using cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false by blast
lemma full-cdcl_W-init-clss-with-false-normal-form:
 assumes
   \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}decided m \text{ and }
   E = Some D and
   state S = (M, N, U, \theta, E)
   full\ cdcl_W-stgy S\ S' and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail S))
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   no-strange-atm S
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S
   cdcl_W-conflicting S
  shows \exists M''. state S' = (M'', N, U, 0, Some {\#})
 using assms(10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1)
proof (induction M arbitrary: E D S)
 case Nil
 then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-conflicting-is-false unfolding full-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def
   by fastforce
\mathbf{next}
 case (Cons\ L\ M) note IH=this(1) and full=this(8) and E=this(10) and inv=this(2-7) and
   S = this(9) and nm = this(11)
 obtain K p where K: L = Propagated K p
   using nm by (cases L) auto
 have every-mark-is-a-conflict S using inv unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
  then have MpK: M \models as \ CNot \ (p - \{\#K\#\}) \ and \ Kp: K \in \# \ p
   using S unfolding K by fastforce+
  then have p: p = (p - \{\#K\#\}) + \{\#K\#\}
   by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
  then have K': L = Propagated K ((p - \{\#K\#\}) + \{\#K\#\})
   using K by auto
  obtain p' where
   p': hd-trail S = Propagated K <math>p' and
```

```
pp': p' = p
   using S K by (cases hd-trail S) auto
 have conflicting S = Some D
   using S E by (cases conflicting S) auto
 then have DD: D = D
   using S E by auto
 consider (D) D = \{\#\} \mid (D') \ D \neq \{\#\}  by blast
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case D
     then show ?thesis
      using full rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false S unfolding full-def E D by auto
   next
     case D
     then have no-p: no-step propagate S and no-c: no-step conflict S
      using S E by (auto elim: propagateE conflictE)
     then have no-step cdcl_W-cp S by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
     have res-skip: \exists T. (resolve S \ T \land no-step skip S \land full \ cdcl_W-cp T \ T)
      \vee (skip S \ T \land no-step resolve S \land full \ cdcl_W-cp T \ T)
      proof cases
        assume -lit-of L \notin \# D
        then obtain T where sk: skip S T
          using SD'K skip-rule unfolding E by fastforce
        then have res: no-step resolve S
          using \langle -lit\text{-}of \ L \notin \# \ D \rangle \ S \ D' \ K \ unfolding \ E
          by (auto elim!: skipE resolveE)
        have full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ T
          using sk by (auto intro!: option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp elim: skipE)
        then show ?thesis
          using sk res by blast
      next
        assume LD: \neg -lit - of L \notin \# D
        then have D: Some D = Some ((D - \{\#-lit\text{-of }L\#\}) + \{\#-lit\text{-of }L\#\})
          by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
        have \bigwedge L. get-level M L = 0
          by (simp add: nm)
          then have get-maximum-level (Propagated K (p - \{\#K\#\} + \{\#K\#\}) \# M) (D - \{\#-\})
K\#\}) = 0
          using LD get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level
           obtain L' where get-level (L\#M) L' = get-maximum-level (L\#M) D
             using LD get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level of D L#M by fastforce
            then show ?thesis by (metis (mono-tags) K' get-level-skip-all-not-decided
             get-maximum-level-exists-lit nm not-gr0)
          qed
        then obtain T where sk: resolve S T
          using resolve-rule [of S \ K \ p' \ D] S \ p' \ \langle K \in \# \ p \rangle \ D \ LD
          unfolding K' D E pp' by auto
        then have res: no-step skip S
          using LD S D' K unfolding E
          by (auto elim!: skipE resolveE)
        have full cdcl_W-cp T T
          using sk by (auto simp: option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp elim: resolveE)
        then show ?thesis
         using sk res by blast
```

```
qed
     then have step-s: \exists T. <math>cdcl_W-stgy S T
      using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ S\rangle other' by (meson\ bj\ resolve\ skip)
     have get-all-ann-decomposition (L \# M) = [([], L \# M)]
      using nm unfolding K apply (induction M rule: ann-lit-list-induct, simp)
        by (rename-tac L xs, case-tac hd (get-all-ann-decomposition xs), auto)+
     then have no-b: no-step backtrack S
      using nm S by (auto elim: backtrackE)
     have no-d: no-step decide S
      using S E by (auto elim: decideE)
     have full-S-S: full cdcl_W-cp S
      using S E by (auto simp add: option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp)
     then have no-f: no-step (full1 cdcl_W-cp) S
      unfolding full-def full1-def rtranclp-unfold by (meson tranclpD)
     obtain T where
      s: cdcl_W-stgy S T and st: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T S'
      using full step-s full unfolding full-def by (metis rtranclp-unfold tranclpD)
     have resolve S T \vee skip S T
      using s no-b no-d res-skip full-S-S cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible resolve-unique
      skip-unique unfolding cdcl_W-stgy.simps cdcl_W-o.simps full-unfold
      full1-def by (blast dest!: tranclpD elim!: cdcl_W-bj.cases)+
     then obtain D' where T: state T = (M, N, U, 0, Some D')
      using S E by (auto elim!: skipE resolveE simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
     have st-c: cdcl_W** S T
      using E \ T \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W s by blast
     have cdcl_W-conflicting T
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)].
     show ?thesis
      apply (rule IH[of T])
               using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
             using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(5)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
            using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(4)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
           using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(3)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
           using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(2)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
          using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(1)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
         apply (metis full-def st full)
        using T E apply blast
       apply auto[]
      using nm by simp
   qed
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-is-one-false:
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no\text{-}d: distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}mset\ N
 and empty: \{\#\} \in \# N
 shows conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S'))
proof -
 let ?S = init\text{-state } N
 have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} ?S S' and no-step cdcl_W-stgy S' using full unfolding full-def by auto
 then have plus-or-eq: cdcl_W-stgy<sup>++</sup> ?S S' \vee S' = ?S unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
 have \exists S''. conflict ?S S''
   using empty not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss[of init-state N] by auto
```

```
then have cdcl_W-stgy: \exists S'. cdcl_W-stgy ?S S'
 using cdcl_W-cp.conflict'[of ?S] conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp cdcl_W-stqy.intros(1) by metis
have S' \neq ?S using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ S' \rangle\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
then obtain St :: 'st where St : cdcl_W - stgy ?S St and cdcl_W - stgy^{**} St S'
 using plus-or-eq by (metis (no-types) \langle cdcl_W \text{-stgy}^{**} ?S S' \rangle converse-rtranclpE)
have st: cdcl_{W}^{**} ?S St
 by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold \langle cdcl_W - stgy ?S St \rangle \ cdcl_W - stgy - tranclp-cdcl_W)
have \exists T. conflict ?S T
 using empty not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss[of ?S] by force
then have fullSt: full1 \ cdcl_W-cp \ ?S \ St
 using St unfolding cdcl_W-stqy.simps by blast
then have bt: backtrack-lvl St = (0::nat)
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl unfolding full1-def
 by (fastforce dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
have cls-St: init-clss St = N
 using fullSt\ cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss[OF\ St] by auto
have conflicting St \neq None
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume conf: \neg ?thesis
   obtain E where
     ES: E \in \# init\text{-}clss \ St \ \mathbf{and}
     E: E = \{\#\}
     using empty cls-St by metis
   then have \exists T. conflict St T
     using empty cls-St conflict-rule[of St E] ES conf unfolding E
     by (auto simp: clauses-def dest:)
   then show False using fullSt unfolding full1-def by blast
 qed
have 1: \forall m \in set (trail St). \neg is\text{-}decided m
 using fullSt unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail)
have 2: full cdcl_W-stqy St S'
  using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}stqy^{**} \ St \ S' \rangle \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}stqy \ S' \rangle bt unfolding full-def by auto
have 3: all-decomposition-implies-m
   (init-clss\ St)
   (get-all-ann-decomposition
      (trail\ St)
using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(1)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
have 4: cdcl_W-learned-clause St
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(2)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
have 5: cdcl_W-M-level-inv St
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(3)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
have 6: no-strange-atm St
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(4)[OF st] no-d bt by simp
have 7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ St
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(5)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
have 8: cdcl_W-conflicting St
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
have init-clss S' = init-clss St and conflicting S' = Some \{\#\}
  using \langle conflicting St \neq None \rangle full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss-with-false-normal-form [OF 1, of - St]
  2 3 4 5 6 7 8 St apply (metis \( cdcl_W\)-stgy** St S'\( rtranclp\)-cdcl_W\-stgy\-no\-more\-init\-clss\( )
```

```
using (conflicting St \neq None) full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss-with-false-normal-form [OF 1, of - - St - -
     S' 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 by (metis bt option.exhaust prod.inject)
 moreover have init-clss S' = N
   using \langle cdcl_W - stqy^{**}  (init-state N) S' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-no-more-init-clss by fastforce
  moreover have unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
   by (meson empty satisfiable-def true-cls-empty true-clss-def)
 ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
theorem 2.9.9 page 83 of Weidenbach's book
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive:
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stqy (init-state N) S' and no-d: distinct-mset-mset N
 shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S')))
   \lor (conflicting S' = None \land trail S' \models asm init-clss S')
 using assms full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-final-state-conclusive-is-one-false
 full-cdcl_W-stqy-final-state-conclusive-non-false by blast
theorem 2.9.9 page 83 of Weidenbach's book
\mathbf{lemma}\ full\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}final\text{-}state\text{-}conclusive\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state:}
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no-d: distinct-mset-mset N
 shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset N))
  \lor (conflicting S' = None \land trail S' \models asm N \land satisfiable (set-mset N))
proof -
 have N: init-clss S' = N
   using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
  consider
     (confl) conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} and unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S'))
   |(sat)| conflicting S' = None and trail S' \models asm init-clss S'
   using full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive[OF\ assms] by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case confl
     then show ?thesis by (auto simp: N)
   next
     case sat
     have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (init-state N) by auto
     then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
       using full\ rtranclp\ cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -consistent\ -inv unfolding full\ -def by blast
     then have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S')) unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by blast
     moreover have lits-of-l (trail S') \models s set-mset (init-clss S')
      using sat(2) by (auto simp add: true-annots-def true-annot-def true-clss-def)
     ultimately have satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S')) by simp
     then show ?thesis using sat unfolding N by blast
   qed
qed
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Termination
imports CDCL-W
begin
```

6.1.6 Termination

The condition that no learned clause is a tautology is overkill (in the sense that the no-duplicate condition is enough), but we can reuse *simple-clss*.

The invariant contains all the structural invariants that holds,

```
definition cdcl_W-all-struct-inv where
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \longleftrightarrow
   no-strange-atm S \wedge
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \wedge
   (\forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s) \land
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S \land
   cdcl_W-conflicting S \wedge
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) \land
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
 unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
proof (intro HOL.conjI)
  show no-strange-atm S'
   using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  show cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
  show distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
  show cdcl_W-conflicting S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
  show all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail S'))
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ by\ fast
 show cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
 show \forall s \in \#learned\text{-}clss S'. \neg tautology s
   using assms(1)[THEN\ learned-clss-are-not-tautologies]\ assms(2)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
  cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 by (meson\ cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -tranclp\ -cdcl_W\ -tranclp\ -cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -inv\ rtranclp\ -unfold)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
  by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv)
```

No Relearning of a clause

```
lemma cdcl_W-o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step:
  assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
  new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S  and
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows backtrack S T \land conflicting <math>S = Some \ D
 using cdcl_W lev learned new
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct)
  case (backtrack L C K i M1 M2 T) note decomp = this(3) and undef = this(6) and T = this(8)
    D\text{-}T = this(10) \text{ and } D\text{-}S = this(11)
  then have D = C
   using not-gr0 lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
  then show ?case
   using T backtrack.hyps(1-5) backtrack.intros[OF\ backtrack.hyps(1,2)] backtrack.hyps(3-7)
   by auto
qed auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}new\text{-}clause\text{-}learned\text{-}has\text{-}backtrack\text{-}step\text{:}}
 assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
 new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S  and
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. backtrack S S' \land cdcl_W-stgy** S' T \land conflicting S = Some D
  using cdcl_W learned new
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  case (conflict' S')
  then show ?case
   unfolding full1-def by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv
     tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
  case (other' S' S'')
  then have D \in \# learned\text{-}clss S'
   unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv)
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step[OF - \langle D \notin \# | learned-clss S \rangle \langle cdcl_W-o S S' \rangle]
   \langle full\ cdcl_W-cp S'\ S'' \rangle lev by (metis\ cdcl_W-stqy.conflict'\ full-unfold\ r-into-rtranclp
     rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-new-clause-learned-has-backtrack-step:
 assumes learned: D \in \# learned\text{-}clss T and
 new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S  and
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stqy^{**} S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S' S''. cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' \land backtrack S' S'' \land conflicting S' = Some D \land
   cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S^{\prime\prime} T
 using cdcl_W learned new
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by blast
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and o = this(2) and IH = this(3) and
   D\text{-}U = this(4) and D\text{-}S = this(5)
```

```
show ?case
   proof (cases D \in \# learned-clss T)
     case True
     then obtain S'S'' where
      st': cdcl_W - stqy^{**} S S' and
      bt: backtrack S' S'' and
      confl: conflicting S' = Some D and
      st'': cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' T
      using IH D-S by metis
     have cdcl_W-stgy^{++} S'' U
      using st'' o by force
     then show ?thesis
      by (meson bt confl rtranclp-unfold st')
     case False
     have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
      using lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv st by blast
     then obtain S' where
      bt: backtrack T S' and
      st': cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} S' U and
      confl: conflicting T = Some D
      using cdcl_W-cp-new-clause-learned-has-backtrack-step[OF D-U False o]
       by metis
     then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
      backtrack T S' and
      conflicting T = Some D and
      cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' U
      using o st by auto
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
lemma propagate-no-more-Decided-lit:
 assumes propagate S S'
 shows Decided K \in set (trail S) \longleftrightarrow Decided K \in set (trail S')
 using assms by (auto elim: propagateE)
lemma conflict-no-more-Decided-lit:
 assumes conflict S S'
 shows Decided K \in set (trail S) \longleftrightarrow Decided K \in set (trail S')
 using assms by (auto elim: conflictE)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Decided-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows Decided K \in set (trail S) \longleftrightarrow Decided K \in set (trail S')
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 using conflict-no-more-Decided-lit propagate-no-more-Decided-lit by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Decided-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows Decided K \in set (trail S) \longleftrightarrow Decided K \in set (trail S')
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Decided-lit by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-more-Decided-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-o S S' and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and \neg decide S S'
```

```
shows Decided K \in set (trail S') \longrightarrow Decided K \in set (trail S)
  using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o-induct)
 case backtrack note decomp = this(3) and undef = this(8) and T = this(9)
 then show ?case using lev by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
 case (decide\ L\ T)
 then show ?case using decide-rule[OF decide.hyps] by blast
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-new-decided-at-beginning-is-decide:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S' and
 lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
  trail \ S' = M' @ Decided \ L \# M \ and
  trail\ S = M
 shows \exists T. decide S T \land no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy.induct)
 case (conflict' S') note st = this(1) and no\text{-}dup = this(2) and S' = this(3) and S = this(4)
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using full1-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv no-dup st by blast
  then have Decided L \in set \ (trail \ S') \ and \ Decided \ L \notin set \ (trail \ S)
   using no-dup unfolding SS' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
  then have False
   using st rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-Decided-lit[of SS']
   unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
 then show ?case by fast
next
  case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and ns = this(2) and st = this(3) and no\text{-}dup = this(4) and
   S' = this(5) and S = this(6)
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   by (metis (full-types) lev cdcl<sub>W</sub>.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv full-def o
     other'.hyps(3) rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv)
  then have Decided L \in set (trail \ U) and Decided L \notin set (trail \ S)
   using no-dup unfolding S S' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
  then have Decided L \in set (trail T)
   using st rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-Decided-lit unfolding full-def by blast
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-o-no-more-Decided-lit[OF o] \langle Decided \ L \notin set \ (trail \ S) \rangle ns lev by meson
qed
lemma cdcl_W-o-is-decide:
 assumes cdcl_W-o S T and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
  trail T = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ M' @ Decided \ L \# H @ Mand
  \neg (\exists M'. trail S = M' @ Decided L \# H @ M)
 shows decide S T
 using assms
proof (induction\ rule: cdcl_W-o-induct)
 case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T)
  then obtain c where trail S = c @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1
   by auto
  show ?case
   using backtrack lev
   apply (cases drop (length M_0) M')
    apply (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
   using \langle trail \ S = c @ M2 @ Decided \ K \# M1 \rangle
```

```
by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
 case decide
 show ?case using decide-rule[of S] decide(1-4) by auto
qed auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W\mathit{-new-decided-at-beginning-is-decide}:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R U and
 trail\ U=M'\ @\ Decided\ L\ \#\ H\ @\ M\ {\bf and}
 trail R = M and
 cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
 shows
   \exists S \ T \ T'. \ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ S \ \land \ decide \ S \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy^{**} \ T \ U \ \land \ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy^{**} \ S \ U \ \land
    cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T' U
 using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: M H M' i rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and IH = this(3) and s = this(2) and
   U = this(4) and S = this(5) and lev = this(6)
 show ?case
   proof (cases \exists M'. trail T = M' @ Decided L \# H @ M)
    case False
    with s show ?thesis using U s st S
      proof induction
        case (conflict' W) note cp = this(1) and nd = this(2) and W = this(3)
        then obtain M_0 where trail W = M_0 @ trail T and ndecided: \forall l \in set M_0. \neg is-decided l
         using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold by meson
        then have MV: M' @ Decided L \# H @ M = M_0 @ trail T unfolding W by <math>simp
        then have V: trail T = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ (M' @ Decided \ L \# H @ M)
        have take While (Not o is-decided) M' = M_0 @ take While (Not o is-decided) (trail T)
         using arg-cong[OF MV, of takeWhile (Not o is-decided)] ndecided
         by (simp add: takeWhile-tail)
        from arg-cong[OF this, of length] have length M_0 < \text{length } M'
         unfolding length-append by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans le-add1
           length-takeWhile-le)
        then have False using nd V by auto
        then show ?case by fast
      next
        case (other'\ T'\ U) note o=this(1) and ns=this(2) and cp=this(3) and nd=this(4)
         and U = this(5) and st = this(6)
        obtain M_0 where trail U = M_0 @ trail T' and ndecided: \forall l \in set M_0. \neg is-decided l
         using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail cp unfolding full-def by meson
        then have MV: M' @ Decided L \# H @ M = M_0 @ trail T' unfolding U by simp
        then have V: trail T' = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ (M' @ Decided \ L \# H @ M)
         by auto
        have take While (Not o is-decided) M' = M_0 @ take While (Not \circ is-decided) (trail T')
         using arg-cong[OF MV, of takeWhile (Not o is-decided)] ndecided
         by (simp add: take While-tail)
        from arg-cong[OF this, of length] have length M_0 \leq length M'
         unfolding length-append by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans le-add1
           length-takeWhile-le)
        then have tr-T': trail T' = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ M' @ Decided \ L \# H @ M \ using \ V \ by \ auto
```

```
then have LT': Decided L \in set (trail T') by auto
         moreover
          have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
            using lev rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv step.hyps(1) by blast
          then have decide T T' using o nd tr-T' cdclw-o-is-decide by metis
         ultimately have decide T T' using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o-no-more-Decided-lit[OF o] by blast
         then have 1: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R T and 2: decide\ T\ T' and 3: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T' U
           using st other'.prems(4)
          by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.conflict' cp full-unfold r-into-rtranclp rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)+
         have [simp]: drop\ (length\ M_0)\ M' = []
          using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Decided\ L \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle \ nd\ tr-T'
          by (auto simp add: Cons-eq-append-conv elim: decideE)
         have T': drop (length M_0) M' @ Decided L # H @ M = Decided L # trail T
           using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Decided\ L \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle\ nd\ tr\text{-}T'
          by (auto elim: decideE)
         have trail T' = Decided L \# trail T
           using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Decided\ L \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle\ tr\text{-}T'
          by (auto elim: decideE)
         then have 5: trail T' = Decided L \# H @ M
            using append.simps(1) list.sel(3) local.other'(5) tl-append2 by (simp add: tr-T')
         have \theta: trail\ T = H @ M
          by (metis (no-types) \langle trail\ T' = Decided\ L \# trail\ T \rangle
            \langle trail\ T' = drop\ (length\ M_0)\ M'\ @\ Decided\ L\ \#\ H\ @\ M 
angle\ append-Nil\ list.sel(3)\ nd
            tl-append2)
         have 7: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T U using other'.prems(4) st by auto
         have 8: cdcl_W-stgy T U cdcl_W-stgy** U U
           using cdcl_W-stgy.other'[OF other'(1-3)] by simp-all
         show ?case apply (rule exI[of - T], rule exI[of - T'], rule exI[of - U])
           using ns 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 by fast
       qed
   next
     case True
     then obtain M' where T: trail T = M' @ Decided L \# H @ M by metis
     from IH[OF this S lev] obtain S' S'' S''' where
       1: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S' and
       2: decide S'S'' and
       3: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S^{"} T and
       4: no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ S' and
       6: trail S'' = Decided L \# H @ M and
       7: trail S' = H @ M and
       8: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' T and
       9: cdcl_W-stqy S'S''' and
       10: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S''' T
         by blast
     have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' U using s \langle cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' T \rangle by auto
     moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' U using 8 s by auto
     moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S''' U using 10 s by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - S'], rule exI[of - S''])
       using 1 2 4 6 7 8 9 by blast
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}new\text{-}decided\text{-}at\text{-}beginning\text{-}is\text{-}decide':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R U and
  trail\ U = M' @ Decided\ L \# H @ M and
  trail R = M  and
```

```
cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
  shows \exists y \ y'. \ cdcl_W - stgy^{**} \ R \ y \land cdcl_W - stgy \ y' \land \neg \ (\exists \ c. \ trail \ y = c \ @ \ Decided \ L \ \# \ H \ @ \ M)
    \wedge (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy } a \ b \ \wedge (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ \ Decided \ L \ \# \ H \ @ \ M))^{**} \ y' \ U
proof -
  fix T'
  obtain S' T T' where
    st: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S' and
    decide S' T and
    TU: cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ U \text{ and }
    no-step cdcl_W-cp S' and
    trT: trail\ T = Decided\ L \ \# \ H \ @\ M and
    trS': trail S' = H @ M and
    S'U: cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} S'U and
    S'T': cdcl_W-stgy S' T' and
    T'U: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} T'U
    using rtranclp-cdcl_W-new-decided-at-beginning-is-decide[OF assms] by blast
  have n: \neg (\exists c. trail S' = c @ Decided L \# H @ M) using trS' by auto
    using rtranclp-trans[OF st] rtranclp-exists-last-with-prop[of cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy S' T' -
        \lambda a -. \neg (\exists c. trail \ a = c @ Decided \ L \# H @ M), OF S'T' T'U \ n]
    by meson
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ beginning\text{-}not\text{-}decided\text{-}invert:
  assumes A: M @ A = M' @ Decided K \# H and
  nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}decided m
 shows \exists M. A = M @ Decided K \# H
proof -
  \mathbf{have}\ A = \mathit{drop}\ (\mathit{length}\ M)\ (\mathit{M'}\ @\ \mathit{Decided}\ K\ \#\ H)
    using arg-cong[OF A, of drop (length M)] by auto
 \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{drop} \ (\mathit{length} \ \mathit{M}) \ (\mathit{M'} \ @ \ \mathit{Decided} \ \mathit{K} \ \# \ \mathit{H}) = \mathit{drop} \ (\mathit{length} \ \mathit{M}) \ \mathit{M'} \ @ \ \mathit{Decided} \ \mathit{K} \ \# \ \mathit{H}
    using nm by (metis (no-types, lifting) A drop-Cons' drop-append ann-lit.disc(1) not-gr0
      nth-append nth-append-length nth-mem zero-less-diff)
 finally show ?thesis by fast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stqy-trail-has-new-decided-is-decide-step:
  assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T
  \neg (\exists c. trail S = c @ Decided L \# H @ M) and
  (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-stgy a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c @ Decided \ L \# H @ M))^{**} \ T \ U \ \mathbf{and}
  \exists M'. trail U = M' \otimes Decided L \# H \otimes M and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
  shows \exists S'. decide S S' \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S' \ T \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W - cp \ S
  using assms(3,1,2,4,5)
proof induction
  case (step \ T \ U)
  then show ?case by fastforce
next
  case base
  then show ?case
    proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
      case (conflict' T) note cp = this(1) and nd = this(2) and M' = this(3) and no\text{-}dup = this(3)
      then obtain M' where M': trail T = M' @ Decided L \# H @ M by metis
      obtain M'' where M'': trail T = M'' @ trail S and nm: \forall m \in set M''. \neg is-decided m
        using cp unfolding full1-def
        by (metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail'\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
```

```
have False
      using beginning-not-decided-invert of M'' trail S M' L H @ M M' nm nd unfolding M''
     then show ?case by fast
   next
     case (other' TU') note o = this(1) and ns = this(2) and cp = this(3) and nd = this(4)
      and trU' = this(5)
     have cdcl_W-cp^{**} T U' using cp unfolding full-def by blast
     from rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail[OF this]
     have \exists M'. trail T = M' @ Decided L \# H @ M
      using trU' beginning-not-decided-invert of - trail T - L H @ M by metis
     then obtain M' where M': trail\ T=M' @ Decided\ L\ \#\ H @ M
      by auto
     with o lev nd cp ns
     show ?case
      proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct)
        case (decide\ L) note dec = this(1) and cp = this(5) and ns = this(4)
        then have decide\ S\ (cons-trail\ (Decided\ L)\ (incr-lvl\ S))
          using decide.hyps decide.intros[of S] by force
        then show ?case using cp decide.prems by (meson decide-state-eq-compatible ns state-eq-ref
          state-eq-sym)
        case (backtrack L' D K j M1 M2 T) note decomp = this(3) and undef = this(8) and
          T = this(9) and trT = this(13)
        obtain MS3 where MS3: trail\ S = MS3\ @\ M2\ @\ Decided\ K\ \#\ M1
         using get-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend[OF decomp] by metis
        have tl (M' @ Decided L \# H @ M) = tl M' @ Decided L \# H @ M
         using lev trT T lev undef decomp by (cases M') (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
        then have M'': M1 = tl M' @ Decided L \# H @ M
          using arg-cong[OF trT[simplified], of tl] T decomp undef lev
         by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
        have False using nd MS3 T undef decomp unfolding M'' by auto
        then show ?case by fast
      ged auto
     qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end:
 assumes (\lambda a\ b.\ cdcl_W\text{-stgy}\ a\ b\ \wedge\ (\exists\ c.\ trail\ a=c\ @\ Decided\ L\ \#\ H\ @\ M))^{**}\ T\ U and
 \exists M'. trail U = M' @ Decided L \# H @ M
 shows \exists M'. trail T = M' @ Decided L \# H @ M
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
lemma remove1-mset-eq-remove1-mset-same:
 remove1-mset\ L\ D = remove1-mset\ L'\ D \Longrightarrow L \in \#\ D \Longrightarrow L = L'
 by (metis diff-single-trivial insert-DiffM multi-drop-mem-not-eq single-eq-single
   union-right-cancel)
lemma cdcl_W-o-cannot-learn:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o y z and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv y and
   M: trail y = c @ Decided Kh # H and
   DL: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ y \ \mathbf{and}
   LD: L \in \# D and
   DH: atms-of \ (remove1-mset \ L \ D) \subseteq atm-of \ `lits-of-l \ H \ and
```

```
LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ H \ \mathbf{and}
   learned: \forall T. conflicting y = Some T \longrightarrow trail y \models as CNot T and
   z: trail z = c' @ Decided Kh # H
 shows D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
  using assms(1-2) M DL DH LH learned z
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct)
 case (backtrack L' D' K j M1 M2 T) note confl = this(1) and LD' = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
   and levL = this(4) and levD = this(5) and j = this(6) and lev-K = this(7) and T = this(8) and
   z = this(15)
 \mathbf{def}\ i \equiv get\text{-}level\ (trail\ T)\ Kh
 have lev T: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using backtrack-rule[OF confl LD' decomp levL levD - - T] lev-K j lev
   by (metis Suc\text{-}eq\text{-}plus1\ cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv\ cdcl_W\text{-}o.simps)
  obtain M3 where M3: trail y = M3 @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1
   using decomp get-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend by metis
  have c' @ Decided Kh # H = Propagated L' D' # trail (reduce-trail-to M1 y)
   using z decomp T lev by (force simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
  then obtain d where d: M1 = d @ Decided Kh \# H
   by (metis (no-types) decomp in-get-all-ann-decomposition-trail-update-trail list.inject
     list.sel(3) ann-lit.distinct(1) self-append-conv2 tl-append2)
  have atm\text{-}of\ Kh \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ c'
   using levT unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def z
   by (auto simp: atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l)
  then have count-H: count-decided H = i - 1 i > 0
   unfolding z i-def by auto
  have n-d-y: no-dup (trail y) and bt-y: backtrack-lvl y = count-decided (trail y)
   using lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 have tr-T: trail\ T = Propagated\ L'\ D' \#\ M1
   using decomp \ T \ n-d-y by auto
 show ?case
   proof
     assume D \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
     then have DLD': D = D'
      using DL T neg0-conv decomp n-d-y by fastforce
     have L-cKh: atm-of L \in atm-of 'lits-of-l (c \otimes [Decided Kh])
      using LH learned M DLD'[symmetric] confl LD' LD
      apply (auto simp add: image-iff dest!: in-CNot-implies-uminus)
      apply (metis atm-of-uminus)+ done
     then consider (Lc) atm-of L \in atm-of 'lits-of-l c and atm-of L \neq atm-of Kh
      (LKh) atm-of L = atm-of Kh and atm-of L \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l c
      using n-d-y M by (auto simp: atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l)
     then have lev-L-c-Kh: get-level (c @ [Decided Kh]) L \geq 1
      by cases auto
     have get-level (trail y) L = get-level (c @ [Decided Kh]) L + count-decided H
      using get-rev-level-skip-end[OF L-cKh, of H] unfolding M by simp
     then have get-level (trail y) L > i
      using count-H lev-L-c-Kh by linarith
     then have i-le-bt-y: i \leq backtrack-lvl y
       using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-get-level-le-backtrack-lvl[OF lev, of L] by linarith
     have DD'[simp]: remove1-mset L D = D' - \{\#L'\#\}
      proof (rule ccontr)
        assume DD': \neg ?thesis
        then have L' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ D \text{ using } DLD' \ LD \text{ by } (metis \ LD' \ in-remove1\text{-}mset-neq)
```

```
then have get-level (trail y) L' \leq get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L D)
     using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
   moreover
   have \forall x \in atms-of (remove1-mset L D). x \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l (c @ Decided Kh # [])
     using DH n-d-y unfolding M by (auto simp: atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l)
   from get-maximum-level-skip-beginning[OF this, of H]
     have get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L D) =
     get-maximum-level H (remove1-mset L D)
     unfolding M by (simp add: get-maximum-level-skip-beginning)
   moreover
     have atm\text{-}of\ Kh \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ c'
      using levT unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def z
      by (auto simp: atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l)
     then have count-decided H < i
      unfolding i-def z by auto
     then have 0 < i - count\text{-}decided H
      by presburger
   ultimately have get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L(D) < i
     by (metis (no-types) count-decided-ge-get-maximum-level diff-is-0-eq diff-le-mono2
      not-le)
   moreover
     have L \in \# remove1\text{-}mset L' D'
      using DLD'[symmetric] DD' LD by (metis in-remove1-mset-neq)
     then have get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L'D') \geq
      get-level (trail\ y)\ L
      using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
   moreover
    have get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L'D')
       < qet-level (trail y) L
      using \langle get\text{-level }(trail\ y)\ L' \leq get\text{-maximum-level }(trail\ y)\ (remove1\text{-mset}\ L\ D) \rangle
       calculation(1) i-le-bt-y levL by linarith
   ultimately show False using backtrack.hyps(4) by linarith
 qed
then have LL': L = L'
 using LD LD' remove1-mset-eq-remove1-mset-same unfolding DLD'[symmetric] by fast
have [simp]: atm-of K \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l M2 and
 [simp]: atm-of K \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l M3
 using lev unfolding M3 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp: atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l)
{ assume D: remove1-mset L D' = \{\#\}
 then have j\theta: j = \theta using levD \ j by (simp \ add: LL')
 have \forall m \in set M1. \neg is\text{-}decided m
   using lev-K unfolding j0 M3 by (auto simp: atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l image-Un
     filter-empty-conv)
 then have False using d by auto
moreover {
 assume D[simp]: remove1-mset L D' \neq \{\#\}
 have i < j
   using lev count-H lev-K unfolding M3 d cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp add:
     atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l)
 have j > \theta apply (rule ccontr)
   using \langle i > 0 \rangle lev-K unfolding M3 d
   by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: upt-decomp-lt)
 obtain L'' where
   L'' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ D' and
```

```
L''D': get-level (trail y) L'' = get-maximum-level (trail y)
            (remove1-mset\ L\ D')
          using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level [OF D, of trail y] by auto
        have L''M: atm\text{-}of\ L'' \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ y)
          using get-level-ge-0-atm-of-in[of 0 L'' trail <math>y \mid \langle j > 0 \rangle levD L''D'
          i-le-bt-y levL by (simp add: LL' j)
        then have L'' \in lits-of-l (Decided Kh \# d)
          proof -
            {
              assume L''H: atm-of L'' \in atm-of ' lits-of-l H
              then have atm\text{-}of L'' \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ '} lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (c @ [Decided Kh])
                using n-d-y unfolding M by (auto simp: lits-of-def atm-of-eq-atm-of)
              then have get-level (trail y) L'' = get-level H L''
                using L''H unfolding M by auto
              moreover have get-level HL'' \leq count-decided H
                by auto
              ultimately have False
                using \langle j > 0 \rangle \langle i \leq j \rangle L"D' LL' (get-level H L" \leq count-decided H) count-H(1) j
                unfolding count-H by presburger
            }
            moreover
              have atm\text{-}of L'' \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l H
                using DD'DH \langle L'' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D' \rangle \ atm\text{-}of\text{-}lit\text{-}in\text{-}atms\text{-}of\ LL'\ LD
                LD' by fastforce
            ultimately show ?thesis
              using DD'DH \lor L'' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D' \land atm\text{-}of\text{-}lit\text{-}in\text{-}atms\text{-}of
          qed
        moreover
          have atm\text{-}of\ L'' \in atms\text{-}of\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D')
            using \langle L'' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ D' \rangle by (auto simp: atms-of-def)
          then have atm\text{-}of\ L^{\prime\prime}\in\ atm\text{-}of\ ``lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ H
            using DH unfolding DD' unfolding LL' by blast
        ultimately have False
          using n-d-y unfolding M3 d LL' by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
      ultimately show False by blast
    qed
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned:
  assumes
    cdcl_W-stgy y z and
    cdcl_W-M-level-inv y and
    trail\ y = c\ @\ Decided\ Kh\ \#\ H\ {\bf and}
    D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ y \ \mathbf{and}
    LD: L \in \# D and
    DH: atms-of (remove1-mset L D) \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of-l H and
    LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ H \ \mathbf{and}
    \forall T. conflicting y = Some T \longrightarrow trail y \models as CNot T and
    trail\ z = c'\ @\ Decided\ Kh\ \#\ H
  shows D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
  using assms
proof induction
  case conflict'
```

```
then show ?case
   unfolding full1-def using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv by auto
  case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and cp = this(3) and lev = this(4) and trY = this(5) and
   notin = this(6) and LD = this(7) and DH = this(8) and LH = this(9) and confl = this(10) and
   trU = this(11)
 obtain c' where c': trail T = c' @ Decided Kh # H
   using cp beginning-not-decided-invert[of - trail T c' Kh H]
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail[of T U] unfolding trU full-def by fastforce
 show ?case
   using cdcl_W-o-cannot-learn[OF o lev trY notin LD DH LH confl c']
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv cp unfolding full-def by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned:
 assumes
   (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W\text{-stgy} \ a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ \ Decided \ K \# \ H \ @ \ []))^{**} \ S \ z \ and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   trail\ S = c\ @\ Decided\ K\ \#\ H\ and
   D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S and
   LD: L \in \# D and
   DH: atms-of (remove1-mset L D) \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l H and
   LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ H \ and
   \exists c'. trail z = c' @ Decided K # H
 shows D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms(1-4.8)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto[1]
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4-6)]
   and lev = this(4) and trS = this(5) and DL-S = this(6) and trU = this(7)
 obtain c where c: trail T = c @ Decided K \# H  using s by auto
 obtain c' where c': trail U = c' @ Decided K \# H using trU by blast
 have cdcl_W^{**} S T
   proof -
     have \forall p \ pa. \ \exists s \ sa. \ \forall sb \ sc \ sd \ se. \ (\neg \ p^{**} \ (sb::'st) \ sc \ \lor \ p \ s \ sa \ \lor \ pa^{**} \ sb \ sc)
       \land (\neg pa \ s \ sa \lor \neg p^{**} \ sd \ se \lor pa^{**} \ sd \ se)
       by (metis (no-types) mono-rtranclp)
     then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T
       using st by blast
     then show ?thesis
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
  then have lev': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv[of S T] lev by auto
  then have confl': \forall Ta. conflicting T = Some Ta \longrightarrow trail T \models as CNot Ta
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by blast
 show ?case
   apply (rule cdcl_W-stqy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned [OF - - c - LD DH LH confl' c'])
   using s lev' IH c unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by blast+
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W\textit{-}stgy\textit{-}new\textit{-}learned\textit{-}clause:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T and
```

 $lev: cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv S and

```
E \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ S and
   E \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
 shows \exists S'. backtrack S S' \land conflicting S = Some E \land full cdcl_W - cp S' T
 using assms
proof induction
 case conflict'
 then show ?case unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclp-cdclw-cp-learned-clause-inv)
next
 case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and cp = this(3) and not-yet = this(5) and learned = this(6)
 have E \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
   using learned cp rtranclp-cdclw-cp-learned-clause-inv unfolding full-def by auto
 then have backtrack S T and conflicting S = Some E
   using cdcl_W-o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step[OF - not-yet o] lev by blast+
 then show ?case using cp by blast
qed
theorem 2.9.7 page 83 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause:
 assumes
   invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   st': cdcl_W - stgy^{**} R S and
   bt: backtrack S T and
   confl: conflicting S = Some E and
   already-learned: E \in \# clauses S and
   R: trail R = []
 shows False
proof -
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
   using invR unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using M-lev assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-consistent-inv by blast
 with bt obtain L K :: 'v literal and M1 M2-loc :: ('v, 'v clause) ann-lits
   and i :: nat where
    T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E)
     (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls E
       (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))
    and
   decomp: (Decided K # M1, M2-loc) \in
             set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
   LD: L \in \# E  and
   k: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   level: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) E and
   confl-S: conflicting S = Some E and
   i: i = get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L E) and
   lev-K: qet-level (trail S) K = Suc i
   using confl apply (induction rule: backtrack.induct)
     apply (simp del: state-simp)
     by blast
 obtain M2 where
   M: trail S = M2 @ Decided K \# M1
   using get-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend [OF\ decomp] unfolding i by (metis\ append-assoc)
 let ?E' = remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ E
 have invS: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using invR rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st' by blast
 then have conf: cdcl_W-conflicting S unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
 then have trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ E\ unfolding\ cdcl_W-conflicting-def confl-S by auto
```

```
then have MD: trail S \models as CNot E by auto
then have MD': trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ ?E' using true\text{-}annot\text{-}CNot\text{-}diff by blast
have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S using invS unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv R using invR unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
then have vars-of-D: atms-of ?E' \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l M1
  using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1[OF lev' - decomp - - -, of E - i T] conft-S conf T decomp k
  level\ lev'\ lev-K\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ i\ cdcl_W-conflicting-def \mathbf{by}\ (auto\ simp:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
have no-dup (trail S) using lev' by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
have vars-in-M1:
  \forall x \in atms\text{-}of ?E'. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (M2 @ [Decided K])
  unfolding Set.Ball-def apply (intro impI allI)
   apply (rule vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other) of
   M2 @ Decided K \# [] M1 ?E'])
   using \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \rangle \ M \ vars\text{-}of\text{-}D \ by \ simp\text{-}all
have M1-D: M1 \models as CNot ?E'
  using vars-in-M1 true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars[of M2 @ Decided K # [] M1 CNot ?E']
  MD' M by simp
have backtrack-lvl S > 0 using lev' unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def M by auto
obtain M1'K'Ls where
  M': trail S = Ls @ Decided K' # M1' and
  Ls: \forall l \in set \ Ls. \ \neg \ is\text{-}decided \ l \ \mathbf{and}
  set M1 \subseteq set M1'
  proof -
   let ?Ls = takeWhile (Not o is-decided) (trail S)
   have MLs: trail\ S = ?Ls \ @\ drop\ While\ (Not\ o\ is\ decided)\ (trail\ S)
   have drop While (Not o is-decided) (trail S) \neq [] unfolding M by auto
   moreover
     from hd-dropWhile[OF this] have is-decided(hd (dropWhile (Not o is-decided) (trail S)))
       by simp
   ultimately
     obtain K' where
       K'k: drop While (Not o is-decided) (trail S)
         = Decided K' \# tl (drop While (Not o is-decided) (trail S))
       by (cases drop While (Not \circ is-decided) (trail S);
           cases hd (drop While (Not \circ is\text{-}decided) (trail S)))
         simp-all
   moreover have \forall l \in set ?Ls. \neg is\text{-}decided l using set\text{-}takeWhileD by force
   moreover have set M1 \subseteq set (tl (dropWhile (Not o is-decided) (trail S)))
     unfolding M by (induction M2) auto
   ultimately show ?thesis using that of take While (Not \circ is-decided) (trail S)
     K' tl (drop While (Not o is-decided) (trail S))] MLs by simp
  qed
have M1'-D: M1' \models as\ CNot\ ?E' using M1-D\ (set\ M1 \subseteq set\ M1') by (auto intro: true-annots-mono)
have -L \in lits-of-l (trail S) using conf confl-S LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def
  by (auto simp: in-CNot-implies-uminus)
have L-notin: atm-of L \in atm-of ' lits-of-l Ls \vee atm-of L = atm-of K'
  proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l (Decided K' # rev Ls) by simp
   then have get-level (trail S) L = get-level M1' L
     unfolding M' by auto
```

```
moreover
     have get-level M1' L \leq count-decided M1'
     then have get-level M1' L < backtrack-lvl S
       using lev' unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def M'
       by (auto simp del: count-decided-ge-get-level)
   ultimately show False using k by linarith
 qed
obtain YZ where
 RY: cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} R Y \text{ and }
  YZ: cdcl_W-stgy YZ and
 nt: \neg (\exists c. trail \ Y = c @ Decided \ K' \# M1' @ []) and
 Z: (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy} \ a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ \ Decided \ K' \# M1' \ @ \ []))^{**} \ Z \ S
 using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-new-decided-at-beginning-is-decide'[OF st' - - lev, of Ls K'
   M1'[]] unfolding RM' by auto
have [simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv Y
 using RY lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv by blast
obtain M' where trZ: trail\ Z = M' @ Decided\ K' \# M1'
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end[OF Z] M' by auto
have no-dup (trail\ Y)
 using RY lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by blast
then obtain Y' where
  dec: decide \ Y \ Y' \ and
  Y'Z: full cdcl_W-cp Y' Z and
 no-step cdcl_W-cp Y
 using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-trail-has-new-decided-is-decide-step[OF YZ nt Z] M' by auto
have trY: trail\ Y = M1'
 proof -
   obtain M' where M: trail\ Z = M'\ @\ Decided\ K'\ \#\ M1'
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end[OF Z] M' by auto
   obtain M'' where M'': trail Z = M'' @ trail Y' and \forall m \in set M''. \neg is-decided m
     using Y'Z rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-drop While-trail' unfolding full-def by blast
   obtain M''' where trail Y' = M''' @ Decided K' \# M1'
     using M'' unfolding M
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) \forall m \in set M''. \neg is-decided m \land beginning-not-decided-invert)
   then show ?thesis using dec nt by (induction M''') (auto elim: decideE)
have Y-CT: conflicting Y = None using (decide Y Y') by (auto elim: decideE)
have cdcl_W^{**} R Y by (simp add: RY rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
then have init-clss Y = init-clss R using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss [of R Y] M-lev by auto
{ assume DL: E \in \# clauses Y
 have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M1
   apply (rule backtrack-lit-skiped[of - S])
   using decomp i k lev' lev-K unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have LM1: undefined-lit M1 L
   by (metis Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l atm-of-uminus image-eqI)
 have L-trY: undefined-lit (trail Y) L
   using L-notin (no-dup (trail S)) unfolding defined-lit-map trY\ M'
   by (auto simp add: image-iff lits-of-def)
 have Ex (propagate Y)
   using propagate-rule[of Y E L] DL M1'-D L-trY Y-CT trY LD by auto
 then have False using \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ Y \rangle \ propagate' by blast
moreover {
 assume DL: E \notin \# clauses Y
 have lY-lZ: learned-clss Y = learned-clss Z
```

```
using dec Y'Z rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv[of Y' Z] unfolding full-def
     by (auto \ elim: \ decideE)
   have invZ: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv Z
     by (meson RY YZ invR r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
   have n: E \notin \# learned\text{-}clss Z
      using DL lY-lZ YZ unfolding clauses-def by auto
   have E \notin \#learned\text{-}clss\ S
     \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W \, \text{-} \mathit{stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{Z}\ \mathit{invZ}\ \mathit{trZ}])
        apply (simp \ add: \ n)
       using LD apply simp
      apply (metis (no-types, lifting) (set M1 \subseteq set M1') image-mono order-trans
        vars-of-D lits-of-def)
      using L-notin (no-dup (trail S)) unfolding M' by (auto simp add: image-iff lits-of-def)
   then have False
     using already-learned DL confl st' M-lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-no-more-init-clss[of R S]
     unfolding M'
     by (simp add: (init-clss Y = init-clss R) clauses-def confl-S
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
 ultimately show False by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes
   invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} R S and
   dist: distinct-mset (clauses R) and
   R: trail R = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
 using st
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case using dist by simp
  case (step S T) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 from s show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-stgy.cases)
     case conflict'
     then show ?thesis
      using IH unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses)
   next
     case (other' S') note o = this(1) and full = this(3)
     have [simp]: clauses T = clauses S'
      using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses)
     show ?thesis
      using o IH
      proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-o-rule-cases)
        case backtrack
        moreover
          have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
            using invR rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv st by blast
          then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
            unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
        ultimately obtain E where
          conflicting S = Some E  and
```

```
cls-S': clauses <math>S' = \{\#E\#\} + clauses S
          using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv S \rangle
          by (induction rule: backtrack.induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
         then have E \notin \# clauses S
          using cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause R invR local.backtrack st by blast
         then show ?thesis using IH by (simp add: distinct-mset-add-single cls-S')
       qed (auto elim: decideE skipE resolveE)
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state \ N) \ S \ {\bf and}
   no-duplicate-clause: distinct-mset N and
   no-duplicate-in-clause: distinct-mset-mset N
 shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[OF - st] assms
  by (auto simp: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
Decrease of a Measure
fun cdcl_W-measure where
cdcl_W-measure S =
  [(3::nat) \cap (card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))) - card (set-mset (learned-clss S)),
   if conflicting S = None then 1 else 0,
   if conflicting S = None then card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S)) – length (trail S)
   else length (trail S)
lemma length-model-le-vars-all-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows length (trail\ S) \le card\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S))
 using assms length-model-le-vars [of S] unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
end
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
lemma learned-clss-less-upper-bound:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s
 shows card(set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S)) \leq 3 \cap card\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))
 have set-mset (learned-clss S) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-mm (learned-clss S))
   apply (rule simplified-in-simple-clss)
   using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by auto
  then have card(set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))
   \leq card \ (simple-clss \ (atms-of-mm \ (learned-clss \ S)))
   by (simp add: simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card finite-set-mset order-trans)
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-restart:
     \neg (learned\text{-}clss\ S \subseteq \#\ learned\text{-}clss\ S' \land [] = trail\ S' \land conflicting\ S' = None)
    and
   no\text{-}forget:\ learned\text{-}clss\ S\subseteq\#\ learned\text{-}clss\ S' and
   no-relearn: \land S'. backtrack SS' \Longrightarrow \forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow T \notin \# learned-clss S
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   M-level: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-taut: \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s  and
   no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S
  shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
  using assms(1) M-level assms(2,3)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct)
  case (propagate CL) note conf = this(1) and undef = this(5) and T = this(6)
 have propa: propagate S (cons-trail (Propagated L C) S)
   using propagate-rule [OF\ propagate.hyps(1,2)]\ propagate.hyps\ by\ auto
  then have no-dup': no-dup (Propagated L C \# trail S)
   using M-level cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(2) undef defined-lit-map by auto
 let ?N = init\text{-}clss S
 have no-strange-atm (cons-trail (Propagated L(C)(S))
   using alien cdcl_W.propagate cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv propa M-level by blast
  then have atm-of 'lits-of-l (Propagated L C \# trail S)
   \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
   using undef unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
  then have card (atm-of 'lits-of-l (Propagated L C \# trail S))
   \leq card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
   by (meson atms-of-ms-finite card-mono finite-set-mset)
  then have length (Propagated L C # trail S) \leq card (atms-of-mm ?N)
   using no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l no-dup' by fastforce
  then have H: card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S)) - length (trail S)
   = Suc (card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S)) - Suc (length (trail S)))
   by simp
 show ?case using conf T undef by (auto simp: H lexn3-conv)
 case (decide L) note conf = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 moreover
   have dec: decide S (cons-trail (Decided L) (incr-lvl S))
     using decide-rule decide.hyps by force
   then have cdcl_W:cdcl_W \ S \ (cons-trail \ (Decided \ L) \ (incr-lvl \ S))
     using cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-o.intros by blast
  moreover
   have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv (cons-trail (Decided L) (incr-lvl S))
     using cdcl_W M-level cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF cdcl_W] by auto
   then have no-dup: no-dup (Decided L \# trail S)
     using undef unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
   \mathbf{have}\ no\text{-}strange\text{-}atm\ (cons\text{-}trail\ (Decided\ L)\ (incr\text{-}lvl\ S))
     using M-level alien calculation (4) cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv by blast
   then have length (Decided L \# (trail S))
     \leq card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
```

```
using no-dup undef
     length-model-le-vars[of\ cons-trail\ (Decided\ L)\ (incr-lvl\ S)]
     by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case using conf by (simp add: lexn3-conv)
 case (skip L C' M D) note tr = this(1) and conf = this(2) and T = this(5)
 show ?case using conf T by (simp add: tr lexn3-conv)
\mathbf{next}
 {f case} conflict
 then show ?case by (simp add: lexn3-conv)
next
  case resolve
 then show ?case using finite by (simp add: lexn3-conv)
 case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note conf = this(1) and decomp = this(3) and T = this(8) and
 lev = this(9)
 have bt: backtrack S T
   using backtrack-rule[OF backtrack.hyps] by auto
  have D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S
   using no-relearn conf bt by auto
  then have card-T:
   card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (\{\#D\#\} + learned\text{-}clss\ S)) = Suc\ (card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S)))
   by simp
 have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ T
   using bt M-level distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv no-dup other cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros by blast
  moreover have \forall s \in \#learned\text{-}clss \ T. \neg \ tautology \ s
   using learned-clss-are-not-tautologies [OF cdcl_W.other [OF cdcl_W-o.bj [OF
     cdcl_W-bj.backtrack[OF bt]]]] M-level no-taut confl by auto
  ultimately have card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) \leq 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-mm (learned-clss T))
     by (auto simp: learned-clss-less-upper-bound)
   then have H: card (set-mset (\{\#D\#\}\ + \ learned\text{-}clss\ S))
     \leq 3 \, \hat{} \, card \, (atms-of-mm \, (\{\#D\#\} + learned-clss \, S))
     using T decomp M-level by (simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover
   have atms-of-mm (\{\#D\#\} + learned\text{-}clss\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
     using alien conf unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   then have card-f: card (atms-of-mm (\{\#D\#\}\ + \ learned\text{-}clss\ S))
     \leq card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{meson}\ \mathit{atms-of-ms-finite}\ \mathit{card-mono}\ \mathit{finite-set-mset})
   then have (3::nat) \widehat{\ } card (atms-of-mm\ (\{\#D\#\} + learned-clss\ S))
     \leq 3 \, \hat{} \, card \, (atms-of-mm \, (init-clss \, S)) by simp
  ultimately have (3::nat) \widehat{\ } card (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S))
   \geq card (set\text{-}mset (\{\#D\#\} + learned\text{-}clss S))
   using le-trans by blast
  then show ?case using decomp diff-less-mono2 card-T T M-level
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp lexn3-conv)
next
  case restart
 then show ?case using alien by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
  case (forget C T) note no-forget = this(9)
  then have C \in \# learned-clss S and C \notin \# learned-clss T
   using forget.hyps by auto
  then have \neg learned-clss S \subseteq \# learned-clss T
    by (auto simp add: mset-leD)
  then show ?case using no-forget by blast
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma propagate-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes propagate S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) propagate apply blast
        using assms(1) apply (auto simp add: propagate.simps)[3]
      using assms(2) apply (auto simp\ add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
 done
lemma conflict-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes conflict S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) conflict apply blast
         using assms(1) apply (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim!: conflictE)[3]
       using assms(2) apply (auto simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def elim:\ conflictE)
 done
lemma decide-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes decide\ S\ S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \ less-than 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) decide other apply blast
         using assms(1) apply (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim!: <math>decideE)[3]
       using assms(2) apply (auto simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def elim:\ decideE)
 done
lemma cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
 using assms
proof induction
 case conflict'
 then show ?case using conflict-measure-decreasing by blast
next
 case propagate'
 then show ?case using propagate-measure-decreasing by blast
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing by blast
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and step = this(2) and IH = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 then have (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn less-than 3 by blast
```

```
moreover have (cdcl_W-measure U, cdcl_W-measure T) \in lexn\ less-than 3
   using cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing [OF step] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv
   tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W[OF\ st]
   unfolding trans-def rtranclp-unfold
   by blast
 ultimately show ?case using lexn-transI[OF trans-less-than] unfolding trans-def by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T and
 cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S
 trail R = [] and
 cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using assms
   by (metis rtranclp-unfold rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
 with assms show ?thesis
   proof induction
     case (conflict' V) note cp = this(1) and inv = this(5)
     show ?case
       using tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-measure-decreasing[OF HOL.conjunct1[OF cp[unfolded full1-def]] inv
   next
     case (other' T U) note st = this(1) and H = this(4,5,6,7) and cp = this(3)
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv other other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(4) by blast
     from tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing [OF - this]
     have le-or-eq: (cdcl_W-measure U, cdcl_W-measure T) \in lexn\ less-than\ 3\ \lor
      cdcl_W-measure U = cdcl_W-measure T
      using cp unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
     moreover
      have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
        using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def other'.prems(4) by blast
      with st have (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
      proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct)
        case (decide\ T)
        then show ?case using decide-measure-decreasing H decide.intros[OF decide.hyps] by blast
      next
        case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note conf = this(1) and decomp = this(3) and
          undef = this(8) and T = this(9)
        have bt: backtrack S T
          apply (rule backtrack-rule)
          using backtrack.hyps by auto
        then have no-relearn: \forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow T \notin \# learned-clss S
          using cdcl_W-stqy-no-relearned-clause of R S T H conf
          unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def clauses-def by auto
        have inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
          using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv S \rangle by blast
        show ?case
          apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
                using bt cdcl_W-bj.backtrack cdcl_W-o.bj other apply simp
               using bt T undef decomp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
```

```
cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply auto[]
               using bt T undef decomp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
                cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply auto[]
              using bt no-relearn apply auto[]
             using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
            using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply simp
           using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
          using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
          using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by simp
      next
        case skip
        then show ?case by (auto simp: lexn3-conv)
      next
        case resolve
        then show ?case by (auto simp: lexn3-conv)
      qed
     ultimately show ?case
      by (metis (full-types) lexn-transI transD trans-less-than)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
Roughly corresponds to theorem 2.9.15 page 86 of Weidenbach's book (using a different bound)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{++} R S
 trail R = [] and
 cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S, cdcl_W-measure R) \in lexn\ less-than 3
 using assms
 apply induction
  using cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing [of R - R] apply blast
 using cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing[of - - R] tranclp-into-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-stgy R]
 lexn-transI[OF trans-less-than, of 3] unfolding trans-def by blast
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-S0-decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes
   pl: cdcl_W-stgy^{++} (init-state N) S and
   no-dup: distinct-mset-mset N
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S, cdcl_W-measure (init-state N)) \in lexn\ less-than 3
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (init-state N)
   using no-dup unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using pl tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-decreasing init-state-trail by blast
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-stqy:
 wf \{(S::'st, init\text{-}state\ N)|
    S N. distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}mset N \wedge cdcl_W\text{-}stgy^{++} (init\text{-}state N) S
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure'-notation2[of lexn less-than 3 - - cdcl_W-measure])
  apply (simp add: wf wf-lexn)
 using tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-S0-decreasing by blast
lemma cdcl_W-cp-wf-all-inv:
 wf \{(S', S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \land cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S'\}
 (is wf ?R)
```

```
 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{proof} \ (\textit{rule wf-bounded-measure}[\textit{of} - \\ \lambda \textit{S. card} \ (\textit{atms-of-mm} \ (\textit{init-clss} \ \textit{S})) + 1 \\ \lambda \textit{S. length} \ (\textit{trail} \ \textit{S}) + (\textit{if conflicting} \ \textit{S} = \textit{None then 0 else 1})], \ \textit{goal-cases}) \\ \textbf{case} \ (\textit{1 S S'}) \\ \textbf{then have} \ \textit{cdcl}_W \text{-} \textit{all-struct-inv S} \ \textbf{and} \ \textit{cdcl}_W \text{-} \textit{cp S S'} \ \textbf{by} \ \textit{auto} \\ \textbf{moreover then have} \ \textit{cdcl}_W \text{-} \textit{all-struct-inv S'} \\ \textbf{using} \ \textit{cdcl}_W \text{-} \textit{cp.simps} \ \textit{cdcl}_W \text{-} \textit{all-struct-inv-inv} \ \textit{conflict cdcl}_W . \textit{intros} \ \textit{cdcl}_W \text{-} \textit{all-struct-inv-inv} \ \textbf{by} \ \textit{blast} + \\ \textbf{ultimately show} \ \textit{?case} \\ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{auto simp:cdcl}_W \text{-} \textit{cp.simps} \ \textit{state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim!: conflictE propagateE} \\ \textit{dest: length-model-le-vars-all-inv}) \\ \textbf{qed} \\ \textbf{end} \\ \textbf{end} \\ \\ \textbf{end} \\ \end{aligned}
```

6.2 Merging backjump rules

```
theory CDCL-W-Merge
imports CDCL-W-Termination
begin
```

Before showing that Weidenbach's CDCL is included in NOT's CDCL, we need to work on a variant of Weidenbach's calculus: NOT's backjump assumes the existence of a clause that is suitable to backjump. This clause is obtained in W's CDCL by applying:

- 1. conflict-driven-clause-learning_W.conflict to find the conflict
- 2. the conflict is analysed by repetitive application of conflict-driven-clause-learning_W. resolve and conflict-driven-clause-learning_W. skip,
- 3. finally conflict-driven-clause-learning_W. backtrack is used to backtrack.

We show that this new calculus has the same final states than Weidenbach's CDCL if the calculus starts in a state such that the invariant holds and no conflict has been found yet. The latter condition holds for initial states.

6.2.1 Inclusion of the states

```
context conflict-driven-clause-learning_W
begin
declare cdcl_W.intros[intro] cdcl_W-bj.intros[intro] cdcl_W-o.intros[intro]

lemma backtrack-no-cdcl_W-bj:
assumes cdcl: cdcl_W-bj T U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv V
shows \neg backtrack V T
using cdcl inv
apply (induction\ rule:\ cdcl_W-bj.induct)
apply (elim\ skipE,\ force\ elim!:\ backtrackE\ simp:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
apply (elim\ resolveE,\ force\ elim!:\ backtrackE\ simp:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
apply (elim\ backtrackE)
apply (force\ simp\ del:\ state-simp\ simp\ add:\ state-eq-def\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
```

skip-or-resolve corresponds to the analyze function in the code of MiniSAT.

```
inductive skip-or-resolve :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
s-or-r-skip[intro]: skip S T \Longrightarrow skip-or-resolve S T
s-or-r-resolve[intro]: resolve S T \Longrightarrow skip-or-resolve S T
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-skip-or-resolve-backtrack:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows skip-or-resolve^{**} S U \lor (\exists T. skip-or-resolve^{**} S T \land backtrack T U)
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 consider
     (SU) S = U
   \mid (SUp) \ cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ S \ U
   using st unfolding rtranclp-unfold by blast
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case SUp
     have \bigwedge T. skip-or-resolve** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
       using mono-rtranclp[of skip-or-resolve cdcl_W]
       by (blast intro: skip-or-resolve.cases)
     then have skip-or-resolve** S U
       using bj IH inv backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv[OF - inv] by meson
     then show ?thesis
       using bj by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps dest!: skip-or-resolve.intros)
   next
     case SU
     then show ?thesis
       using bj by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps dest!: skip-or-resolve.intros)
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
 skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ S \ T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 (auto dest!: cdcl_W-bj.intros cdcl_W.intros cdcl_W-o.intros simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
definition backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
backjump-l-cond \equiv \lambda C C' L' S T. True
definition inv_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
inv_{NOT} \equiv \lambda S. \text{ no-dup (trail } S)
declare inv_{NOT}-def[simp]
end
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
begin
```

6.2.2 More lemmas conflict-propagate and backjumping

Termination

```
lemma cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 obtains T where full cdcl_W-cp S T
 using assms cdclw-cp-normalized-element unfolding cdclw-all-struct-inv-def by blast
thm backtrackE
lemma cdcl_W-bj-measure:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj S T and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows length (trail\ S) + (if\ conflicting\ S = None\ then\ 0\ else\ 1)
   > length (trail T) + (if conflicting T = None then 0 else 1)
 using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct)
  (force dest: arg-cong[of - - length]
   intro:\ get-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend
   elim!: backtrackE skipE resolveE
   simp: cdcl_W - M - level - inv - def) +
lemma wf-cdcl_W-bj:
  wf \{(b,a). \ cdcl_W - bj \ a \ b \land cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a\}
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure of \lambda-. True
     - \lambda T. length (trail T) + (if conflicting T = None then 0 else 1), simplified])
  using cdcl_W-bj-measure by simp
lemma cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form:
 assumes lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists T. full \ cdcl_W-bj S T
proof -
  obtain T where T: full (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-bj a \ b \land \ cdcl_W-M-level-inv a) S T
   using wf-exists-normal-form-full[OF wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj] by auto
  then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T
    by (auto dest: rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left simp: full-def)
 moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
     using mono-rtranclp[of\ cdcl_W-bj\ cdcl_W] by blast
   then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis using T unfolding full-def by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-skip-state-decomp:
 assumes skip^{**} S T and no-dup (trail S)
 shows
   \exists M. \ trail \ S = M \ @ \ trail \ T \land (\forall m \in set \ M. \neg is\text{-}decided \ m)
   init-clss S = init-clss T
   learned-clss S = learned-clss T
   backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl T
   conflicting S = conflicting T
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def elim!: skipE)
```

More backjumping

```
Backjumping after skipping or jump directly lemma rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack: assumes
```

```
skip^{**} S T and
```

```
backtrack T W and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows backtrack S W
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step T V) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and bt = this(4) and
   inv = this(5)
 have skip^{**} S V
   using st skip by auto
 then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
   using rtranclp-mono[of\ skip\ cdcl_W]\ assms(3)\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ mono-rtranclp
   by (auto dest!: bj other cdcl_W-bj.skip)
 then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv V
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then obtain K i M1 M2 L D where
   conf: conflicting V = Some D  and
   LD: L \in \# D and
   decomp: (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail V)) and
   lev-L: get-level (trail V) L = backtrack-lvl V and
   max: get-level (trail\ V)\ L = get-maximum-level (trail\ V)\ D and
   max-D: get-maximum-level (trail V) (remove1-mset L D) \equiv i and
   lev-k: get-level (trail V) K = Suc \ i and
   W: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L D)
            (reduce-trail-to M1
              (add-learned-cls D
                (update-backtrack-lvl i
                 (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ V))))
 using bt inv by (elim backtrackE) metis+
 obtain L' C' M E where
   tr: trail \ T = Propagated \ L' \ C' \# M \ and
   raw: conflicting T = Some E and
   LE: -L' \notin \# E and
   E: E \neq \{\#\} and
   V:~V\sim~tl	ext{-}trail~T
   using skip by (elim skipE) metis
 let ?M = Propagated L' C' \# trail V
 have tr-M: trail T = ?M
   using tr \ V by auto
 have MT: M = tl (trail T) and MV: M = trail V
   using tr V by auto
 have DE[simp]: D = E
   using V conf raw by (auto simp add: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
 have cdcl_W^{**} S T using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W S T] other st by meson
 then have inv': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv by blast
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T using inv' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then have n-d': no-dup ?M
   using tr-M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 let ?k = backtrack-lvl T
 have [simp]:
   backtrack-lvl V = ?k
   using V by simp
 have ?k > 0
```

```
using decomp M-lev V tr unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have atm-of L \in atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail V)
 using lev-L get-level-ge-0-atm-of-in[of 0 L trail V] by auto
then have L-L': atm-of L \neq atm-of L'
 using n-d' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
have L'-M: atm-of L' \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail V)
 using n-d' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
have ?M \models as CNot D
 using inv' raw unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def tr-M by auto
then have L' \notin \# (remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D)
 using L-L' L'-M \langle Propagated L' C' \# trail V \models as CNot D \rangle
 unfolding true-annots-true-cls true-clss-def
 by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set dest!: in-diffD)
have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ T) = M1
 using decomp tr W V by auto
have skip^{**} S V
 using st skip by auto
have no-dup (trail\ S)
 using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss V and [simp]: learned-clss S = learned-clss V
 using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF (skip^{**} S V)] V
 by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
then have
  W-S: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) (reduce-trail-to M1
  (add-learned-cls E (update-backtrack-lvl i (update-conflicting None T))))
 using W V M-lev decomp tr
 by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
obtain M2' where
 decomp': (Decided K \# M1, M2') \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail T))
 using decomp V unfolding tr-M by (cases hd (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail V)),
   cases get-all-ann-decomposition (trail V)) auto
moreover
 from L-L' have get-level ?M L = ?k
   using lev-L V by (auto split: if-split-asm)
moreover
 have atm\text{-}of L' \notin atms\text{-}of D
   by (metis DE LE L-L' \langle L' \notin \# \text{ (remove 1-mset } L D) \rangle in-remove 1-mset-neg
     atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set atms-of-def)
 then have get-level ?M L = get-maximum-level ?M D
   using calculation(2) lev-L max by auto
moreover
 have atm\text{-}of\ L' \notin atms\text{-}of\ ((remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D))
   by (metis DE LE \langle L' \notin \# (remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D) \rangle
     atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set atms-of-def in-remove1-mset-neg
     in-atms-of-remove1-mset-in-atms-of)
 have i = get-maximum-level ?M ((remove1-mset L D))
   using max-D \langle atm\text{-}of L' \notin atms\text{-}of ((remove1\text{-}mset L D)) \rangle by auto
moreover have atm\text{-}of L' \neq atm\text{-}of K
 using inv' qet-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend[OF decomp]
 unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def tr MV by auto
ultimately have backtrack T W
 apply -
 apply (rule backtrack-rule[of T - L K M1 M2' i W, OF raw])
 unfolding tr-M[symmetric]
      using LD apply simp
```

```
apply simp
      apply simp
     apply simp
     apply auto[]
    using W-S lev-k tr MV apply auto
   using W-S lev-k apply auto[]
 then show ?thesis using IH inv by blast
See also theorem rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}skip\text{-}backtrack\text{-}backtrack\text{-}end:}
 assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S T and
   bt: backtrack S W and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows backtrack T W
 using assms
proof -
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using bt inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by (auto elim!: backtrackE)
 then obtain K i M1 M2 L D where
   S: conflicting S = Some D  and
   LD: L \in \# D and
   decomp: (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
   lev-l: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   lev-l-D: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) D and
   i: get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L D) \equiv i and
   lev-K: get-level (trail S) K = Suc i  and
   W: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L D)
             (reduce-trail-to M1
               (add-learned-cls D
                (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                  (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))
   using bt by (elim backtrackE)
   (simp-all\ add:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp\ state-eq-def\ del:\ state-simp)
 let ?D = remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D
 have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ S)
   using M-lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using mono-rtranclp of skip cdcl_W by (smt\ bj\ cdcl_W-bj.skip inv local.skip other
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
 then have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ T)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
  obtain MS M_T where M: trail S = MS @ M_T and M_T: M_T = trail T and nm: \forall m \in set MS.
\neg is-decided m
   using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp(1)[OF skip] S M-lev by auto
 have T: state T = (M_T, init\text{-}clss S, learned\text{-}clss S, backtrack\text{-}lvl S, Some D)
   using M_T rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[of S T] skip S
   by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv[OF - inv])
   using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip local.skip other rtranclp-mono[of skip cdcl_W] by blast
```

```
then have M_T \models as \ CNot \ D
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def using T by blast
  then have \forall L \in \#D. atm\text{-}of L \in atm\text{-}of 'lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M_T
   by (meson atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
     true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model)
  moreover have no-dup (trail S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
  ultimately have \forall L \in \#D. atm\text{-}of L \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ } its\text{-}of\text{-}l MS
   unfolding M unfolding lits-of-def by auto
  then have H: \Lambda L. L \in \#D \Longrightarrow get\text{-level (trail S)} L = get\text{-level } M_T L
   unfolding M by (fastforce simp: lits-of-def)
 have [simp]: get-maximum-level (trail S) D = get-maximum-level M_T D
   using \langle M_T \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ M \ nm \ \langle \forall \ L \in \#D. \ atm-of \ L \notin atm-of \ `lits-of-l \ MS \rangle
   by (auto simp: get-maximum-level-skip-un-decided-not-present)
 have lev-l': get-level M_T L = backtrack-lvl S
   using lev-l LD by (auto simp: H)
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 T) = M1
   using T decomp M nm by (smt M_T append-assoc beginning-not-decided-invert
     get-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp)
 have W: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L D) (reduce-trail-to M1
   (add-learned-cls\ D\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ None\ T))))
   using W T i decomp by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 have lev-l-D': get-level M_T L = get-maximum-level M_T D
   using lev-l-D LD by (auto simp: H)
 have [simp]: get-maximum-level (trail S) ?D = get-maximum-level M_T ?D
   by (smt H get-maximum-level-exists-lit get-maximum-level-ge-get-level in-diffD le-antisym
     not-gr0 not-less)
  then have i': i = get-maximum-level M_T?
   using i by auto
  have Decided K \# M1 \in set \ (map \ fst \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ (trail \ S)))
   using Set.imageI[OF decomp, of fst] by auto
  then have Decided K \# M1 \in set \ (map \ fst \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ M_T))
   using fst-get-all-ann-decomposition-prepend-not-decided [OF nm] unfolding M by auto
  then obtain M2' where decomp':(Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2')\in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ M_T)
   by auto
 moreover
   have atm\text{-}of\ K \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ MS
     using \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \rangle \ decomp' \ unfolding \ M \ M_T
     by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
   then have get-level (trail T) K = get-level (trail S) K
     unfolding M M_T by auto
  ultimately show backtrack T W
   apply -
   apply (rule backtrack.intros[of T D])
     using T lev-l' lev-l-D' i' W LD lev-K i apply auto[7]
   using T W unfolding i'[symmetric]
   by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-bj-decomp-resolve-skip-and-bj:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows (skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \ S \ T
   \vee (\exists U. skip-or-resolve^{**} S U \wedge backtrack U T))
 using assms
proof induction
```

```
case base
 then show ?case by simp
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have IH: skip-or-resolve** S T
   proof -
     { assume \exists U. skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} S U \land backtrack U T
       then obtain V where
        bt: backtrack V T and
        skip-or-resolve** S V
        by blast
       have cdcl_W^{**} S V
        \mathbf{using} \ \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \ S \ V \rangle \ rtranclp\text{-}skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W} \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
       then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv V and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
        using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv inv by blast+
       with bj bt have False using backtrack-no-cdclw-bj by simp
     then show ?thesis using IH inv by blast
   ged
  show ?case
   using bj
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-bj.cases)
     case backtrack
     then show ?thesis using IH by blast
   qed (metis (no-types, lifting) IH rtranclp.simps skip-or-resolve.simps)+
ged
{f lemma}\ resolve	ext{-}skip	ext{-}deterministic:
 \mathit{resolve}\ S\ T \Longrightarrow \mathit{skip}\ S\ U \Longrightarrow \mathit{False}
 by (auto elim!: skipE resolveE)
lemma list-same-level-decomp-is-same-decomp:
 assumes M-K: M=M1 @ Decided K \# M2 and M-K': M=M1' @ Decided K' \# M2' and
 lev-KK': get-level\ M\ K=get-level\ M\ K' and
 n-d: no-dup M
 shows K = K' and M1 = M1' and M2 = M2'
proof -
 {
   \mathbf{fix}\ j\ j'\ K\ K'\ M1\ M1'\ M2\ M2'
   assume
     M-K: M=M1 @ Decided\ K\ \#\ M2 and
     M-K': M = M1' @ Decided K' # <math>M2' and
     levKK': get-level\ M\ K = get-level\ M\ K' and
     j: M ! j = Decided K  and j-M: j < length M  and
     j': M ! j' = Decided K' and j'-M: j' < length M and
     jj: j' > j
   have j \ge length M1
     proof (rule ccontr)
      assume \neg length M1 < j
      then have j < length M1
        by auto
       then have Decided K \in set M1
        using j unfolding M-K
        by (auto simp: nth-append in-set-conv-nth split: if-splits)
       from Set.imageI[OF\ this,\ of\ \lambda L.\ atm-of\ (lit-of\ L)]
       show False using n-d unfolding M-K by auto
```

```
qed
 moreover then have j' - Suc (length M1) < length M2
   using j'-M jj M-K unfolding M-K' by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 add.left-commute
     le-less-trans length-append less-diff-conv2 list.size(4) not-less not-less-eq)
 ultimately have dec: Decided K' \in set M2
   using jj j j' j'-M unfolding M-K by (auto simp: nth-append in-set-conv-nth List.nth-Cons')
 obtain xs ys where
   M2: M2 = xs @ Decided K' \# ys
   using List.split-list[OF dec] by auto
 have [simp]: atm\text{-}of\ K \neq atm\text{-}of\ K'
   using n-d unfolding M-K M2 by auto
 have atm\text{-}of\ K \notin atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M1\ and\ }atm\text{-}of\ K' \notin atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M1\ and\ }
 atm\text{-}of\ K'\notin\ atm\text{-}of\ ``lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ xs
   using n-d Set.imageI[OF dec, of \lambda L. atm-of (lit-of L)] unfolding M-K
   using n-d unfolding M-K M2
   by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
 then have False
   using M2 levKK' unfolding M-K by (auto simp: split: if-splits)
\} note H = this
have Decided K \in set M and Decided K' \in set M
  using M-K apply simp
  using M-K' by simp
then obtain j j' where
 j: M ! j = Decided K  and j-M: j < length M  and
 j': M ! j' = Decided K'  and j'-M: j' < length M
   using in-set-conv-nth by metis
have [simp]: j = j' using H[OF\ M\text{-}K\ M\text{-}K' - j\ j\text{-}M\ j'\ j'\text{-}M]
  H[OF\ M\text{-}K'\ M\text{-}K\ -\ j'\ j'\text{-}M\ j\ j\text{-}M]\ lev\text{-}KK'\ \mathbf{by}\ presburger
then show KK': K = K' using j j' by auto
have j-M1: j = length M1
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume j \neq length M1
   moreover then have j - Suc (length M1) < length M2 \lor j < length M1
     using j-M M-K unfolding M-K' by force
   ultimately have Decided K \in set (M1 @ M2)
     using j unfolding M-K by (auto simp: nth-append in-set-conv-nth split: if-splits)
   from Set.imageI[OF this, of \lambda L. atm-of (lit-of L)]
   show False using n-d unfolding M-K by auto
 qed
have j-M2: j' = length M1'
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume j' \neq length M1'
   moreover then have j' - Suc (length M1') < length M2' \vee j' < length M1'
     using j'-M M-K' unfolding M-K by force
   ultimately have Decided K' \in set (M1' @ M2')
     using j' unfolding M-K' by (auto simp: nth-append in-set-conv-nth split: if-splits)
   from Set.imageI[OF this, of \lambda L. atm-of (lit-of L)]
   show False using n-d unfolding M-K' by auto
 qed
show M1 = M1' M2 = M2'
 using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ M\text{-}K,\ of\ take\ j]\ j\text{-}M1\ arg\text{-}cong[OF\ M\text{-}K',\ of\ take\ j']\ j\text{-}M2
 using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ M\text{-}K,\ of\ drop\ (j+1)]\ j\text{-}M1\ arg\text{-}cong[OF\ M\text{-}K',\ of\ drop\ (j'+1)]\ j\text{-}M2
 by auto
```

```
{f lemma}\ backtrack	ext{-}unique:
 assumes
   bt-T: backtrack S T and
   bt-U: backtrack S U and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows T \sim U
proof -
 have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then obtain K i M1 M2 L D where
   S: conflicting S = Some D  and
   LD: L \in \# D and
   decomp: (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
   lev-l: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   lev-l-D: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) D and
   i: qet-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L D) \equiv i and
   lev-K: get-level (trail S) K = Suc i and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L D)
             (reduce-trail-to M1
               (add-learned-cls D
                (update-backtrack-lvl i
                  (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
   using bt-T by (elim backtrackE) (force simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)+
 obtain K' i' M1' M2' L' D' where
   S': conflicting S = Some D' and
   LD': L' \in \# D' and
   decomp': (Decided K' # M1', M2') \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
   lev-l: get-level (trail S) L' = backtrack-lvl S and
   lev-l-D: get-level (trail S) L' = get-maximum-level (trail S) D' and
   i': get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L'D') \equiv i' and
   lev-K': get-level (trail S) K' = Suc i' and
   U: U \sim cons-trail (Propagated L' D')
             (reduce-trail-to M1'
               (add-learned-cls D'
                (update-backtrack-lvl\ i'
                  (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
   using bt-U lev by (elim backtrackE) (force simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)+
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 obtain c' where M': trail S = c' @ M2' @ Decided K' # M1'
   using decomp' by auto
 have n-d: no-dup (trail S) and bt: backtrack-lvl S = count-decided (trail S)
   using lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have atm\text{-}of \ K \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (c @ M2)
   by (auto simp: lits-of-def M)
 then have i < backtrack-lvl S
   using lev-K unfolding M bt by (auto simp add: image-Un)
 have [simp]: L' = L
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have L' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ D
      using S S' LD LD' by (simp \ add: in-remove1-mset-neq)
```

```
then have get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L D) \geq backtrack-lvl S
       using \langle get\text{-}level \ (trail \ S) \ L' = backtrack\text{-}lvl \ S \rangle \ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}ge\text{-}get\text{-}level}
     then show False using i' i < backtrack-lvl S  by auto
   qed
  then have [simp]: D' = D
   using SS' by auto
 have [simp]: i' = i
   using i i' by auto
 have [simp]: K = K' and [simp]: M1 = M1'
    apply (rule list-same-level-decomp-is-same-decomp[of trail S c @ M2 K M1
        c' @ M2' K' M1')
    using lev-K lev-K' M M' n-d apply (auto)[4]
   apply (rule list-same-level-decomp-is-same-decomp[of trail S c @ M2 K M1
       c' @ M2' K' M1')
   using lev-K lev-K' M M' n-d apply (auto)[4]
   done
 show ?thesis using T U inv decomp by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve}:
 assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S U and
   bt: backtrack S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows \neg resolve\ U\ V
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume resolve: \neg\neg resolve\ U\ V
 obtain L E D where
   U: trail \ U \neq [] and
   tr-U: hd-trail\ U = Propagated\ L\ E\ and
   LE: L \in \# E  and
   confl-U: conflicting U = Some D and
   LD: -L \in \# D and
   qet-maximum-level (trail\ U)\ ((remove1-mset (-L)\ D)) = backtrack-lvl U and
   V: V \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some (resolve-cls L D E)) (tl\text{-trail } U)}
   using resolve by (auto elim!: resolveE)
  have inv-U: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
   using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W] by (meson bj cdcl_W-bj.skip inv local.skip other
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
  then have [iff]: no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \ cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv \ S \ and } [iff]: no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ U)
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by blast+
 have inv-V: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
   using mono-rtranclp[of\ resolve\ cdcl_W]\ inv-U\ resolve\ cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   cdcl_W-bj.resolve cdcl_W-o.simps by blast
   S: init\text{-}clss \ U = init\text{-}clss \ S
      learned-clss U = learned-clss S
      backtrack\text{-}lvl\ U = backtrack\text{-}lvl\ S
      backtrack-lvl V = backtrack-lvl S
      conflicting S = Some D
   using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF skip] U confl-U V
   by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
  obtain M_0 where
```

```
tr-S: trail <math>S = M_0 @ trail U and
 nm: \forall m \in set M_0. \neg is\text{-}decided m
 using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF skip] by blast
obtain K'i'M1'M2'L'D' where
 S': conflicting S = Some D' and
 LD': L' \in \# D' and
 decomp': (Decided K' \# M1', M2') \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
 lev-l: get-level (trail S) L' = backtrack-lvl S and
 lev-l-D: get-level (trail S) L' = get-maximum-level (trail S) D' and
 i': get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L'D') \equiv i' and
 lev-K': get-level (trail S) K' = Suc i' and
 R: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L' D')
            (reduce-trail-to M1'
             (add-learned-cls D'
               (update-backtrack-lvl i'
                 (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
 using bt by (elim backtrackE) metis
obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2' @ Decided K' \# M1'
 using get-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend[OF decomp'] by auto
have i' < backtrack-lvl S
 using count-decided-ge-get-level [of K' trail S] inv
 unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def lev-K'
 by linarith
have U: trail U = Propagated L E \# trail V
using tr-S U S V tr-U \langle trail U \neq [] \rangle by (cases trail U) (auto simp: lits-of-def)
have DD'[simp]: D' = D
 using US'S by auto
have [simp]: L' = -L
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have -L \in \# remove1\text{-}mset \ L' \ D'
     using DD' LD' LD by (simp add: in-remove1-mset-neq)
     have M': trail\ S = M_0 \ @\ Propagated\ L\ E\ \#\ trail\ V
       using tr-S unfolding U by auto
     have no-dup (trail S)
        using inv U unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have atm-L-notin-M: atm-of L \notin atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail V))
       using M' U S by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
     have get-lev-L:
       get-level(Propagated L E # trail V) L = backtrack-lvl V
       using inv-V unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (rev \ M_0))
       using \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \rangle \ M' \ \text{by} \ (auto \ simp: \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}def)
     then have get-level (trail\ S)\ L = backtrack-lvl S
       using get-lev-L S unfolding M' by auto
   ultimately
     have get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L'D') \geq backtrack-lvl S
       by (metis get-maximum-level-ge-get-level get-level-uminus)
   then show False
     using \langle i' < backtrack-lvl S \rangle i' by auto
 qed
have cdcl_W^{**} S U
 using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip local.skip mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W S U] other by meson
```

```
then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
   using inv \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  then have Propagated L E # trail V \models as \ CNot \ D'
    using U confl-U unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
  then have \forall L' \in \# (remove1\text{-}mset L' D').
    atm\text{-}of\ L' \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (Propagated L E # trail U)
   using U atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set in-CNot-implies-uminus(2)
   by (fastforce dest: in-diffD)
  then have \forall L' \in \# (remove1\text{-}mset L' D').
    atm\text{-}of \ L' \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M_0
   using (no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S)) unfolding tr\text{-}S\ U by (fastforce\ simp:\ lits\text{-}of\text{-}def\ image\text{-}image)
  then have get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L'D') = backtrack-lvl S
    using get-maximum-level-skip-un-decided-not-present[of remove1-mset L' D'
         M_0 trail U | tr-S nm U
      (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (trail\ U)\ ((remove1\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ D)) = backtrack\text{-}lvl\ U)
    by (auto simp: S)
  then show False
   using i' \langle i' < backtrack-lvl S \rangle by auto
qed
{f lemma}\ if-can-apply-resolve-no-more-backtrack:
  assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S U and
   resolve: resolve S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows \neg backtrack\ U\ V
  using assms
  by (meson if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
   rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack)
\mathbf{lemma}\ if\text{-}can\text{-}apply\text{-}backtrack\text{-}skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\text{-}is\text{-}skip\text{:}}
 assumes
   bt: backtrack S T and
   skip: skip-or-resolve^{**} S U and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows skip^{**} S U
  using assms(2,3,1)
  by induction (simp-all add: if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve skip-or-resolve.simps)
lemma cdcl_W-bj-decomp:
  assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S W and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows
   (\exists T \ U \ V. \ (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ T
       \wedge (\lambda T U. resolve T U \wedge no-step backtrack T) T U
       \wedge skip^{**} U V \wedge backtrack V W
   \vee (\exists T \ U. \ (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \ \land \ no-step \ backtrack \ S)** \ S \ T
       \wedge (\lambda T \ U. \ resolve \ T \ U \wedge no\text{-step backtrack} \ T) \ T \ U \wedge skip^{**} \ U \ W)
   \vee (\exists T. skip^{**} S T \wedge backtrack T W)
   \vee skip^{**} S W (is ?RB S W \vee ?R S W \vee ?SB S W \vee ?S S W)
  using assms
proof induction
  case base
  then show ?case by simp
 case (step W X) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)] and inv = this(4)
```

```
have \neg ?RB S W and \neg ?SB S W
   proof (clarify, goal-cases)
       case (1 \ T \ U \ V)
       have skip-or-resolve** S T
          using 1(1) by (auto dest!: rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left)
       then show False
          by (metis (no-types, lifting) 1(2) 1(4) 1(5) backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj
              cdcl_W\textit{-}all\textit{-}struct\textit{-}inv\textit{-}def\ cdcl_W\textit{-}all\textit{-}struct\textit{-}inv\text{-}inv\ cdcl_W\textit{-}o.bj\ local.bj\ otherwise and the control of the co
              resolve\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack
              rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.prems)
   next
       case 2
       then show ?case by (meson\ assms(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ backtrack-no-cdcl_W-bj
           local.bj rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack)
   qed
then have IH: ?R S W \lor ?S S W using IH by blast
have cdcl_{W}^{**} S W using mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_{W}-bj cdcl_{W}] st by blast
then have inv-W: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W by (simp\ add: rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
    step.prems)
consider
       (BT) X' where backtrack W X'
      (skip) no-step backtrack W and skip W X
   (resolve) no-step backtrack W and resolve W X
   using bj \ cdcl_W-bj.cases by meson
then show ?case
   proof cases
       case (BT X')
       then consider
              (bt) backtrack W X
          |(sk)| skip W X
          using bj if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve [of WWX'X] inv-Wcdcl_W-bj.cases by fast
       then show ?thesis
          proof cases
              case bt
              then show ?thesis using IH by auto
              case sk
              then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp-trans r-into-rtranclp)
          qed
   next
       case skip
       then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
       case resolve note no-bt = this(1) and res = this(2)
       consider
              (RS) T U where
                  (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ T \ and
                  resolve T U and
                  no-step backtrack T and
                  skip^{**} U W
          | (S) skip^{**} S W
          using IH by auto
       then show ?thesis
          proof cases
              case (RS \ T \ U)
```

```
have cdcl_{W}^{**} S T
    using RS(1) cdcl_W-bj.resolve cdcl_W-o.bj other skip
    mono-rtranclp[of (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S) \ cdcl_W \ S \ T]
    by (meson skip-or-resolve.cases)
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
    by (meson\ RS(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ cdcl_W-bj.resolve\ cdcl_W-o.bj\ other
      rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv step.prems)
  { fix U'
    assume skip^{**} U U' and skip^{**} U' W
    have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U'
      using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ U \rangle \langle skip^{**} \ U \ U' \rangle \ rtranclp - cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - inv
         cdcl_W-o.bj rtranclp-mono[of skip cdcl_W] other skip by blast
    then have no-step backtrack U'
      using if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve[OF \langle skip^{**} \ U' \ W \rangle] res by blast
  with \langle skip^{**} \ U \ W \rangle
  have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ W
     proof induction
       case base
       then show ?case by simp
      case (step V W) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and H = this(4)
       have \bigwedge U'. skip^{**} U' V \Longrightarrow skip^{**} U' W
         using skip by auto
       then have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ V
         using IH H by blast
       moreover have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ V \ W
         by (simp add: local.skip r-into-rtranclp st step.prems skip-or-resolve.intros)
       ultimately show ?case by simp
     qed
  then show ?thesis
    proof -
      have f1: \forall p \ pa \ pb \ pc. \neg p \ (pa) \ pb \lor \neg p^{**} \ pb \ pc \lor p^{**} \ pa \ pc
        by (meson converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
      have skip-or-resolve T U \wedge no-step backtrack T
        using RS(2) RS(3) by force
      then have (\lambda p \ pa. \ skip-or-resolve \ p \ pa \land no-step \ backtrack \ p)^{**} \ T \ W
        proof -
          have (\exists vr19 \ vr16 \ vr17 \ vr18. \ vr19 \ (vr16::'st) \ vr17 \ \land \ vr19^{**} \ vr17 \ vr18
               \wedge \neg vr19^{**} vr16 vr18
            \vee \neg (skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ T\ U\ \land\ no\text{-}step\ backtrack\ T)
            \vee \neg (\lambda uu \ uua. \ skip-or-resolve \ uu \ uua \land no-step \ backtrack \ uu)^{**} \ U \ W
            \vee (\lambda uu \ uua. \ skip-or-resolve \ uu \ uua \wedge no-step \ backtrack \ uu)^{**} \ T \ W
            by force
          then show ?thesis
            by (metis (no-types) \langle (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \ \land \ no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ W \rangle
               \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ T\ U\ \land\ no\text{-}step\ backtrack\ T\rangle\ f1)
        qed
      then have (\lambda p \ pa. \ skip-or-resolve \ p \ pa \land no-step \ backtrack \ p)^{**} \ S \ W
        using RS(1) by force
      then show ?thesis
        using no-bt res by blast
    qed
next
  case S
```

```
{ fix U'
          assume skip^{**} S U' and skip^{**} U' W
           then have cdcl_W^{**} S U'
            using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W \ S \ U'] by (simp add: cdcl_W-o.bj other skip)
           then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U'
            by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv S \rangle
              rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
           then have no-step backtrack U'
            using if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve[OF \langle skip^{**} \ U' \ W \rangle] res by blast
         }
         with S
         have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ W
           proof induction
             \mathbf{case}\ base
             then show ?case by simp
           next
            case (step V W) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and H = this(4)
             have \bigwedge U'. skip^{**} U' V \Longrightarrow skip^{**} U' W
               using skip by auto
             then have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ V
               using IH H by blast
             moreover have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ V \ W
               by (simp add: local.skip r-into-rtranclp st step.prems skip-or-resolve.intros)
             ultimately show ?case by simp
           ged
         then show ?thesis using res no-bt by blast
       qed
   qed
qed
The case distinction is needed, since T \sim V does not imply that R^{**} T V.
lemma cdcl_W-bj-strongly-confluent:
  assumes
    cdcl_W-bj^{**} S V and
    cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T and
    n-s: no-step cdcl_W-bj V and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows T \sim V \vee cdcl_W - bj^{**} T V
  using assms(2)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by (simp \ add: assms(1))
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s-o-r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_W^{**} S T
   using st mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] other by blast
  then have lev-T: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv[of S T]
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 consider
      (TV) T \sim V
    |(bj-TV) \ cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ T \ V
   using IH by blast
  then show ?case
```

```
proof cases
 case TV
 have no-step cdcl_W-bj T
   using \langle cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ T \rangle n-s cdcl_W - bj-state-eq-compatible [of T - V] TV
   by (meson\ backtrack\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ cdcl}_W\text{-}bj.simps\ resolve\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ }
     skip-state-eq-compatible state-eq-ref)
 then show ?thesis
   using s-o-r by auto
next
 case bj-TV
 then obtain U' where
    T-U': cdcl_W-bj T U' and
   cdcl_W-bj^{**} U' V
   using IH n-s s-o-r by (metis rtranclp-unfold tranclpD)
 have cdcl_W^{**} S T
   by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) bj mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] other st)
 then have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)
 have lev-U: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   using s-o-r cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev-T other by blast
 show ?thesis
   using s-o-r
   proof cases
     case backtrack
     then obtain V0 where skip** T V0 and backtrack V0 V
       \mathbf{using}\ IH\ if\text{-}can\text{-}apply\text{-}backtrack\text{-}skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\text{-}is\text{-}skip[OF\ backtrack\ -\ inv\text{-}T]}
        cdcl_W-bj-decomp-resolve-skip-and-bj
        by (meson\ bj-TV\ cdcl_W-bj.backtrack\ inv-T\ lev-T\ n-s
          rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack-end)
     then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T V\theta and cdcl_W-bj V\theta V
       using rtranclp-mono[of skip cdcl_W-bj] by blast+
     then show ?thesis
       using \langle backtrack \ V0 \ V \rangle \ \langle skip^{**} \ T \ V0 \rangle \ backtrack-unique \ inv-T \ local.backtrack
       rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack by auto
   next
     case resolve
     then have U \sim U'
       by (meson \ T-U' \ cdcl_W-bj.simps \ if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve \ inv-T
         resolve-skip-deterministic resolve-unique rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
     then show ?thesis
       using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle unfolding rtranclp-unfold
       by (meson T-U' bj cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev-T other state-eq-ref state-eq-sym
         tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible)
   next
     case skip
     consider
         (sk) skip T U'
       | (bt) backtrack T U'
       using T-U' by (meson\ cdcl_W-bj.cases\ local.skip\ resolve-skip-deterministic)
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
         case sk
         then show ?thesis
           using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle unfolding rtranclp-unfold
           by (meson \ T-U' \ bj \ cdcl_W-all-inv(3) \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def \ inv-T \ local.skip \ other
```

```
tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible skip-unique state-eq-ref)
           next
            case bt
            have skip^{++} T U
              using local.skip by blast
            have cdcl_W-bj U U'
              by (meson \langle skip^{++} \mid T \mid U \rangle backtrack bt inv-T rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack-end
                tranclp-into-rtranclp)
            then have cdcl_W-bj^{++} U V
              using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle by auto
            then show ?thesis
              \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ tranclp\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
           qed
       qed
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form:
 assumes
   ST: cdcl_W - bj^{**} S T  and SU: cdcl_W - bj^{**} S U  and
   n-s-U: no-step cdcl_W-bj U and
   n-s-T: no-step cdcl_W-bj T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows T \sim U
proof -
 have T \sim U \vee cdcl_W - bj^{**} T U
   using ST SU \ cdcl_W-bj-strongly-confluent inv n-s-U by blast
 then show ?thesis
   by (metis (no-types) n-s-T rtranclp-unfold state-eq-ref tranclp-unfold-begin)
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form:
assumes full cdcl_W-bj S T and full cdcl_W-bj S U and
  inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
shows T \sim U
  using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj-unique-normal-form assms unfolding full-def by blast
6.2.3
          CDCL with Merging
inductive cdcl_W-merge-restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
fw-r-propagate: propagate S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S S'
fw-r-conflict: conflict S T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T \ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S \ U \mid
fw-r-decide: decide\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S\ S'
fw-r-rf: cdcl_W-rf S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S S'
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - bj^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 using mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W:
 assumes cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows cdcl_{W}^{**} S T
 using assms
proof induction
 case (fw-r-conflict S T U) note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2)
```

```
have cdcl_W \ S \ T using confl by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_W.intros \ r-into-rtranclp)
  moreover
   have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T U using bj unfolding full-def by auto
   then have cdcl_W^{**} T U using rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
  ultimately show ?case by auto
qed (simp-all \ add: \ cdcl_W-o.intros \ cdcl_W.intros \ r-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-conflicting-true-or-no-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows conflicting T = None \lor no\text{-step } cdcl_W T
 using assms
proof induction
  case (fw\text{-}r\text{-}conflict \ S \ T \ U) note confl = this(1) and n\text{-}s = this(2)
   assume cdcl_W U V and conflicting U = Some D
   then have False
     using n-s unfolding full-def
     by (induction rule: cdcl_W-all-rules-induct)
       (auto dest!: cdcl_W-bj.intros elim: decideE propagateE conflictE forgetE restartE)
 then show ?case by (cases conflicting U) fastforce+
qed (auto simp add: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-rf.simps elim: propagateE decideE restartE forgetE)
inductive cdcl_W-merge :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
fw-propagate: propagate S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S S'
fw-conflict: conflict S T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T \ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ U \ |
fw-decide: decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ S'
fw-forget: forget \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ S'
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  cdcl_W-merge S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge.cases\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge-restart.simps\ forget)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  cdcl_W-merge** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T
 using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge\ cdcl_W-merge-restart]\ cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart\ by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
  using cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
  using rtranclp-mono of cdcl_W-merge cdcl_W^{**} cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W by auto
lemmas rulesE =
  skipE\ resolveE\ backtrackE\ propagateE\ conflictE\ decideE\ restartE\ forgetE
lemma\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv b
   cdcl_W-merge^{++} b a
 shows (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \ \wedge \ cdcl_W - merge \ S \ T)^{++} \ b \ a
 using assms(2)
proof induction
  case base
```

```
then show ?case using inv by auto
next
 case (step\ c\ d) note st=this(1) and fw=this(2) and IH=this(3)
 \mathbf{have}\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\ c
   using tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF\ st]\ cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   assms(1) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-mono[of cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge cdcl<sub>W</sub>**] by fastforce
 then have (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \wedge cdcl_W - merge \ S \ T)^{++} \ c \ d
   using fw by auto
 then show ?case using IH by auto
qed
lemma backtrack-is-full1-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes bt: backtrack S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows full1 cdcl_W-bj S T
  using bt inv backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj unfolding full1-def by blast
lemma rtrancl-cdcl_W-conflicting-true-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
 assumes cdcl_{W}^{**} S V and inv: cdcl_{W}-M-level-inv S and conflicting S = None
 shows (cdcl_W-merge-restart** S \ V \land conflicting \ V = None)
   \vee (\exists T U. cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T \wedge conflicting V \neq None \wedge conflict T U \wedge cdcl_W-bj** U V)
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and cdcl_W = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
   conf[simp] = this(5) and inv = this(4)
 from cdcl_W
 show ?case
   proof (cases)
     case propagate
     moreover then have conflicting U = None and conflicting V = None
      by (auto elim: propagateE)
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-propagate[of U V] by auto
   next
     case conflict
     moreover then have conflicting U = None and conflicting V \neq None
      by (auto elim!: conflictE simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH by auto
   next
     case other
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case decide
        then show ?thesis using IH cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-decide[of U V] by (auto elim: decideE)
      next
        case bj
        moreover {
          assume skip-or-resolve U V
          have f1: cdcl_W - bj^{++} U V
           by (simp add: local.bj tranclp.r-into-trancl)
          obtain T T' :: 'st where
           f2: cdcl_W-merge-restart** S U
             \lor cdcl_W-merge-restart** S \ T \land conflicting \ U \neq None
               \wedge \ conflict \ T \ T' \wedge \ cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ T' \ U
           using IH confl by blast
```

```
have conflicting V \neq None \land conflicting U \neq None
             using \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ U\ V \rangle
            by (auto simp: skip-or-resolve.simps state-eq-def elim!: skipE resolveE
              simp del: state-simp)
           then have ?thesis
             by (metis (full-types) IH f1 rtranclp-trans tranclp-into-rtranclp)
         moreover {
          assume backtrack\ U\ V
           then have conflicting U \neq None by (auto elim: backtrackE)
           then obtain T T' where
             cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
             conflicting U \neq None and
             conflict \ T \ T' and
             cdcl_W-bj^{**} T' U
            \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{IH}\ \mathit{confl}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{meson}
           have invU: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
             using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv step.hyps(1) by blast
           then have conflicting V = None
             using \langle backtrack\ U\ V \rangle inv by (auto elim: backtrackE
              simp: cdcl_W - M - level - inv - decomp)
           have full cdcl_W-bj T' V
            apply (rule rtranclp-fullI[of cdcl_W-bj T'UV])
              using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} T' U \rangle apply fast
             using \(\delta backtrack \ U \ V \rangle \) backtrack-is-full1-cdcl_W-bj invU unfolding full1-def full-def
            by blast
           then have ?thesis
            using cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-conflict[of T T' V] \langle conflict T T' \rangle
             \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}restart^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle \langle conflicting \mid V \mid = None \rangle \text{ by } auto
         ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps)
     qed
   \mathbf{next}
     case rf
     moreover then have conflicting U = None and conflicting V = None
       by (auto simp: cdcl_W-rf.simps elim: restartE forgetE)
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart.fw-r-rf[of U V] by auto
   qed
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart: no-step cdcl_W S \implies no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps)
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W:
 assumes
   conflicting S = None  and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart S
 shows no-step cdcl_W S
proof -
 \{ \text{ fix } S' \}
   assume conflict S S'
   then have cdcl_W S S' using cdcl_W.conflict by auto
   then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
     using assms(2) cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast
```

```
then obtain S'' where full\ cdcl_W-bj\ S'\ S''
     using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of S'] by auto
   then have False
     using \langle conflict \ S \ S' \rangle \ assms(3) \ fw-r-conflict \ by \ blast
 then show ?thesis
   using assms unfolding cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps
   by (auto elim: skipE resolveE backtrackE conflictE decideE restartE)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
 using assms
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-restart.induct)
  (force simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-rf.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps full-def
    elim!: rulesE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
   conflicting S = None
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
 using assms unfolding rtranclp-unfold
 apply (elim \ disjE)
  apply (force simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-rf.simps elim!: rulesE)
 by (auto simp: tranclp-unfold-end simp: cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj)
If conflicting S \neq None, we cannot say anything.
Remark that this theorem does not say anything about well-foundedness: even if you know that
one relation is well-founded, it only states that the normal forms are shared.
lemma conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-iff-full-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes confl: conflicting S = None and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows full cdcl_W S V \longleftrightarrow full cdcl_W-merge-restart S V
proof
 assume full: full cdcl_W-merge-restart S V
 then have st: cdcl_W^{**} S V
   using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-restart\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W
   unfolding full-def by auto
 have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart V
   using full unfolding full-def by auto
 have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj confl full unfolding full-def by auto
 have \bigwedge S'. conflict V S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W.conflict cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv st by blast
 then have \bigwedge S'. conflict V S' \Longrightarrow False
   using n-s n-s-bj cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps by meson
 then have n-s-cdcl_W: no-step cdcl_W V
   using n-s n-s-bj by (auto simp: cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps)
 then show full cdcl_W S V using st unfolding full-def by auto
next
 assume full: full cdcl_W S V
 have no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart V
```

```
using full no-step-cdcl_W-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart unfolding full-def by blast
  moreover
    consider
        (fw) cdcl_W-merge-restart** S V and conflicting V = None
      | (bj) T U  where
        cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
        conflicting V \neq None and
        conflict \ T \ U \ {\bf and}
        cdcl_W-bj^{**} U V
      using full rtrancl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-true-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart confl lev unfolding full-def
      by meson
    then have cdcl_W-merge-restart** S V
      proof cases
        case fw
        then show ?thesis by fast
      next
        case (bj \ T \ U)
       have no-step cdcl_W-bj V
          using full unfolding full-def by (meson cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o.bj other)
        then have full cdcl_W-bj U V
          using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} U V \rangle unfolding full-def by auto
        then have cdcl_W-merge-restart T V
          using \langle conflict \ T \ U \rangle \ cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-conflict by blast
        then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T \rangle by auto
 ultimately show full cdcl_W-merge-restart S V unfolding full-def by fast
qed
lemma init-state-true-full-cdcl_W-iff-full-cdcl_W-merge:
  shows full cdcl_W (init-state N) V \longleftrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-merge-restart (init-state N) V
 by (rule conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-iff-full-cdcl_W-merge) auto
           CDCL with Merge and Strategy
The intermediate step
inductive cdcl_W-s' :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict': full1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - s' \ S \ S' \mid
\mathit{decide'} \colon \mathit{decide} \mathrel{SS'} \Longrightarrow \mathit{no\text{-}step} \mathrel{\mathit{cdcl}}_W \text{-}\mathit{cp} \mathrel{S} \Longrightarrow \mathit{full} \mathrel{\mathit{cdcl}}_W \text{-}\mathit{cp} \mathrel{S'} \mathrel{S''} \Longrightarrow \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{s'} \mathrel{SS''} \mid
bj': full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp\ S \Longrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'\ S\ S''
inductive-cases cdcl_W-s'E: cdcl_W-s' S T
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{stgy} \text{:}
  cdcl_W-bj^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-cp S' S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S''
proof (induction rule: converse-rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by (metis cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' full-unfold rtranclp.simps)
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(2) and bj = this(1) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
  have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
    using bj by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-cp.simps elim!: rulesE)
  consider
    | (U') U'  where cdcl_W-bj U U'  and cdcl_W-bj^{**} U' S'
    using st by (metis\ converse-rtranclpE)
```

```
then show ?case
   proof cases
     case U
     then show ?thesis
       using \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp | T \rangle cdcl_W\text{-}o.bj | local.bj | other' | step.prems | by | (meson r-into-rtranclp)
     case U' note U' = this(1)
     have no-step cdcl_W-cp U
       using U' by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps elim: rulesE)
     then have full cdcl_W-cp U U
       by (simp add: full-unfold)
     then have cdcl_W-stgy T U
       using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ T \rangle\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.simps\ local.bj\ cdcl_W\text{-}o.bj\ \mathbf{by}\ meson
     then show ?thesis using IH by auto
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma cdcl_W-s'-is-rtrancl_P-cdcl_W-stqy:
  cdcl_W-s' S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'.induct)
   apply (auto intro: cdcl_W-stgy.intros)[]
  apply (meson decide other' r-into-rtranclp)
 by (metis\ full1-def\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W-stgy\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation:
 assumes
   full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U and
   cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T' and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   no-step cdcl_W-bj T'
 shows full cdcl_W-cp T' U
   \vee (\exists U' U''. full cdcl_W-cp T' U'' \wedge full cdcl_W-bj U U' \wedge full cdcl_W-cp U' U''
     \land \ cdcl_W - s'^{**} \ U \ U'')
 using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
 then show ?case by blast
next
 case (step T' T'') note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4,5)] and
   full = this(4) and inv = this(5)
 have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T''
   using local.bj st by auto
  then have cdcl_W^{**} T T''
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
  then have inv-T'': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T''
   using inv \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T''
   using local.bj st by auto
 have full1 cdcl_W-bj T T''
   by (metis \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ full 1-def \ step.prems(3))
  then have T = U
   proof -
     obtain Z where cdcl_W-bj T Z
       using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle by (blast dest: tranclpD)
     { assume cdcl_W - cp^{++} T U
       then obtain Z' where cdcl_W-cp T Z'
```

```
by (meson\ tranclpD)
        then have False
          using \langle cdcl_W - bj \mid T \mid Z \rangle by (fastforce \ simp: \ cdcl_W - bj.simps \ cdcl_W - cp.simps
            elim: rulesE)
      then show ?thesis
        using full unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
    qed
  obtain U'' where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T''\ U''
    using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv-T'' by blast
  moreover then have cdcl_W-stqy^{**} U U''
    \textbf{by} \; (\textit{metis} \; \langle T = U \rangle \; \langle \textit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\textit{bj}^{++} \; T \; T^{\prime\prime} \rangle \; \textit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W \text{-}\textit{bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl}_W \text{-}\textit{stgy} \; \textit{rtranclp-unfold})
  moreover have cdcl_W-s'** U~U''
    proof -
      obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
       f1: \forall x2. (\exists v3. cdcl_W - cp x2 v3) = cdcl_W - cp x2 (ss x2)
       by moura
      have \neg cdcl_W - cp \ U \ (ss \ U)
        by (meson full full-def)
      then show ?thesis
        using f1 by (metis (no-types) \langle T = U \rangle \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle \ bj' \ calculation(1)
          r-into-rtranclp)
    qed
  ultimately show ?case
    using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ T'' \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W - cp \ T'' \ U'' \rangle unfolding \langle T = U \rangle by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation':
  assumes
    full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U and
    cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T' and
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
    no-step cdcl_W-bj T'
  shows full cdcl_W-cp T' U
    \vee (\exists U'. full1 cdcl_W-bj U U' \wedge (\forall U''. full cdcl_W-cp U' U'' \longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-cp T' U''
      \wedge \ cdcl_W - s'^{**} \ U \ U'')
  using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by blast
  case (step T' T'') note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4,5)] and
   full = this(4) and inv = this(5)
  have cdcl_W^{**} T T''
    by (metis local.bj rtranclp.simps rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> st)
  then have inv-T'': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T''
    using inv \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T''
    using local.bj st by auto
  have full1\ cdcl_W-bj T\ T''
    by (metis \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ full 1-def \ step.prems(3))
  then have T = U
    proof -
      obtain Z where cdcl_W-bj T Z
        using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} T T'' \rangle by (blast dest: tranclpD)
      { assume cdcl_W-cp^{++} T U
```

```
then obtain Z' where cdcl_W-cp T Z'
         by (meson\ tranclpD)
       then have False
         using \langle cdcl_W-bj TZ \rangle by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-cp.simps elim: rulesE)
     then show ?thesis
       using full unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
   qed
  { fix U''
   assume full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T^{\prime\prime}\ U^{\prime\prime}
   moreover then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} U U''
     by (metis \ \langle T = U \rangle \ \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ rtranclp-cdcl_W - bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W - stgy \ rtranclp-unfold)
   moreover have cdcl_W-s'** U~U''
     proof -
       obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
         f1: \forall x2. (\exists v3. cdcl_W - cp x2 v3) = cdcl_W - cp x2 (ss x2)
         by moura
       have \neg cdcl_W - cp \ U \ (ss \ U)
         by (meson \ assms(1) \ full-def)
       then show ?thesis
         using f1 by (metis (no-types) \langle T = U \rangle \langle full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ T'' \rangle \ bj' \ calculation(1)
           r-into-rtranclp)
     qed
   ultimately have full1 cdcl_W-bj U T'' and cdcl_W-s'^{**} T'' U''
     using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W-cp T'' \ U'' \rangle unfolding \langle T = U \rangle
     by (metis \( full \) cdcl_W-cp T'' U''\\ cdcl_W-s'.simps full-unfold rtranclp.simps \)
   }
  then show ?case
   using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle full \ bj' unfolding \langle T = U \rangle full-def by (metis r-into-rtranclp)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
   \vee (\exists U'. \text{ full 1 } cdcl_W - bj \ U \ U' \land (\forall U''. \text{ full } cdcl_W - cp \ U' \ U'' \longrightarrow cdcl_W - s' \ S \ U''))
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' T)
 then have cdcl_W-s' S T
   using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
 then show ?case
   by blast
next
 case (other'\ T\ U) note o=this(1) and n-s=this(2) and full=this(3) and inv=this(4)
 show ?case
   using o
   proof cases
     case decide
     then show ?thesis using cdcl_W-s'.simps full n-s by blast
   next
     have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
       using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     consider
         (cp) full cdcl_W-cp T U and no-step cdcl_W-bj T
```

```
| (fbj) T' where full cdcl_W-bj TT'
       apply (cases no-step cdcl_W-bj T)
        using full apply blast
       \mathbf{using} \ \ cdcl_W\text{-}bj\text{-}exists\text{-}normal\text{-}form[of\ T]\ \ inv\text{-}T\ \ \mathbf{unfolding}\ \ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def
       by (metis full-unfold)
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
         case cp
         then show ?thesis
          proof -
            obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
              f1: \forall s \ sa \ sb. \ (\neg full1 \ cdcl_W-bj \ s \ sa \ \lor \ cdcl_W-cp \ s \ (ss \ s) \ \lor \neg full \ cdcl_W-cp \ sa \ sb)
                \lor \ cdcl_W - s' \ s \ sb
              using bj' by moura
            have full1 \ cdcl_W-bj \ S \ T
              by (simp add: cp(2) full1-def local.bj tranclp.r-into-trancl)
            then show ?thesis
              using f1 full n-s by blast
          qed
       next
         case (fbj\ U')
         then have full1 cdcl_W-bj S U'
           using bj unfolding full1-def by auto
         moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S
          using n-s by blast
         moreover have T = U
           using full fbj unfolding full1-def full-def rtranclp-unfold
          by (force dest!: tranclpD \ simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps \ elim: \ rulesE)
         ultimately show ?thesis using cdcl_W-s'.bj'[of S U'] using fbj by blast
       qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
   \vee (\exists U' U''. \ cdcl_W - s' \ S \ U'' \land full \ cdcl_W - bj \ U \ U' \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ U' \ U'')
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' T)
 then have cdcl_W-s' S T
   using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
 then show ?case
   by blast
next
 case (other'\ T\ U) note o=this(1) and n-s=this(2) and full=this(3) and inv=this(4)
 show ?case
   using o
   proof cases
     case decide
     then show ?thesis using cdcl_W-s'.simps full n-s by blast
   next
     case bi
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
       using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other' prems by blast
     then obtain T' where T': full cdcl_W-bj T T'
```

```
using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form unfolding full-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by metis
     then have full\ cdcl_W-bj\ S\ T'
      proof -
        have f1: cdcl_W - bj^{**} T T' \wedge no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W - bj \ T'
          \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis} \ (\textit{no-types}) \ \textit{T'full-def})
        then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T'
          by (meson converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp local.bj)
        then show ?thesis
          using f1 by (simp add: full-def)
       qed
     have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T'
      using T' unfolding full-def by simp
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
       using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     then consider
        (T'U) full cdcl_W-cp T' U
       | (U) U' U'' where
          full cdcl_W-cp T' U'' and
          full1 cdcl_W-bj U U' and
          full\ cdcl_W-cp\ U'\ U'' and
          cdcl_W-s'** U~U''
       using cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation[OF full <math>\langle cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T' \rangle] T' unfolding full-def
      by blast
     then show ?thesis by (metis T' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.simps full-fullI local.bj n-s)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-no-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and no-step cdcl_W-bj U
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
 using cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-connected[OF assms(1,2)] assms(3)
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) full1-def tranclpD)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-connected-to-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W - s'^{**} S U \vee (\exists T. cdcl_W - s'^{**} S T \wedge cdcl_W - bj^{++} T U \wedge conflicting U \neq None)
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step T V) note st = this(1) and o = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 from o show ?case
   proof cases
     case conflict'
     then have f2: cdcl_W - s' T V
       using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
     obtain ss :: 'st where
      f3: S = T \lor cdcl_W - stqy^{**} S ss \land cdcl_W - stqy ss T
      by (metis (full-types) rtranclp.simps st)
     obtain ssa :: 'st where
       ssa: cdcl_W-cp T ssa
       using conflict' by (metis (no-types) full1-def tranclpD)
     have \forall s. \neg full \ cdcl_W \text{-}cp \ s \ T
       by (meson ssa full-def)
     then have S = T
```

```
by (metis\ (full-types)\ f3\ ssa\ cdcl_W-stgy.cases full1-def)
 then show ?thesis
   using f2 by blast
next
 case (other' U) note o = this(1) and n-s = this(2) and full = this(3)
 then show ?thesis
   using o
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-o-rule-cases)
     case decide
     then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
      using IH by (auto elim: rulesE)
     then show ?thesis
      by (meson decide decide' full n-s rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
     case backtrack
     consider
        (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
      (bj) S' where cdcl_W-s'** S S' and cdcl_W-bj<sup>++</sup> S' T and conflicting T \neq None
      using IH by blast
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case s'
        moreover
         have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
           using inv local.step(1) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by auto
          then have full cdcl_W-bj T U
           using backtrack-is-full1-cdcl_W-bj backtrack by blast
         then have cdcl_W-s' T V
          using full bj' n-s by blast
        ultimately show ?thesis by auto
        case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
        have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
         using bj-T by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps dest!: tranclpD
           elim: rulesE)
        moreover
         have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
           using inv local.step(1) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by auto
         then have full1 cdcl_W-bj T U
           using backtrack-is-full1-cdcl_W-bj backtrack by blast
          then have full cdcl_W-bj S' U
           using bj-T unfolding full1-def by fastforce
        ultimately have cdcl_W-s' S' V using full by (simp \ add: \ bj')
        then show ?thesis using S-S' by auto
      qed
   next
     case skip
     then have [simp]: U = V
      using full converse-rtranclpE unfolding full-def by (fastforce elim: rulesE)
     then have confl-V: conflicting V \neq None
      using skip by (auto elim!: rulesE simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     consider
        (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
      (bj) S' where cdcl_W-s'** S S' and cdcl_W-bj<sup>++</sup> S' T and conflicting T \neq None
      using IH by blast
     then show ?thesis
```

```
proof cases
            case s'
            show ?thesis using s' confl-V skip by force
            case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
            have cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' V
              using skip bj-T by (metis \langle U = V \rangle cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.skip tranclp.simps)
            then show ?thesis using S-S' confl-V by auto
          qed
      next
        case resolve
        then have [simp]: U = V
          \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{full} \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{full-def} \ \mathit{rtranclp-unfold}
          by (auto elim!: rulesE dest!: tranclpD
            simp\ del:\ state-simp\ simp:\ state-eq-def\ cdcl_W-cp.simps)
        have confl-V: conflicting V \neq None
          using resolve by (auto elim!: rulesE simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
        consider
            (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
          | (bj) S' where cdcl_W-s'** S S' and cdcl_W-bj<sup>++</sup> S' T and conflicting T \neq None
          using IH by blast
        then show ?thesis
          proof cases
            case s'
            have cdcl_W - bj^{++} T V
              using resolve by force
            then show ?thesis using s' confl-V by auto
          next
            case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
            have cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' V
              using resolve bj-T by (metis \langle U = V \rangle cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.resolve tranclp.simps)
            then show ?thesis using confl-V S-S' by auto
          qed
       \mathbf{qed}
   \mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{qed}
lemma n-step-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl_W-cl-cdcl_W-o:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s' S \longleftrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S \land no-step cdcl_W-o S (is ?S' S \longleftrightarrow ?C S \land ?O S)
proof
 assume ?CS \land ?OS
 then show ?S'S
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps full1-def tranclp-unfold-begin)
next
 assume n-s: ?S' S
 have ?CS
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain S' where cdcl_W-cp S S'
     then obtain T where full cdcl_W-cp S T
       using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv by (metis (no-types, lifting) full-unfold)
     then show False using n-s cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
   qed
```

```
moreover have ?OS
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain S' where cdcl_W-o S S'
       by auto
     then obtain T where full cdcl_W-cp S' T
       using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv
       by (meson\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ n-s
         cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step)
     then show False using n-s by (meson \langle cdcl_W - o S S' \rangle cdcl_W - all-struct-inv-def
        cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step inv)
  ultimately show ?C S \land ?O S by auto
lemma cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl_W:
   cdcl_W-s' S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W<sup>++</sup> S S'
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-s'.induct)
  case conflict'
  then show ?case
   by (simp add: full1-def tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
next
  case decide'
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-stgy.simps cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W by (meson cdcl_W-o.simps)
  case (bj' Sa S'a S'') note a2 = this(1) and a1 = this(2) and n-s = this(3)
  obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st where
   \forall x0 \ x1 \ x2. \ (\exists \ v3. \ x2 \ x1 \ v3 \ \land \ x2^{**} \ v3 \ x0) = (x2 \ x1 \ (ss \ x0 \ x1 \ x2) \ \land \ x2^{**} \ (ss \ x0 \ x1 \ x2) \ x0)
   by moura
  then have f3: \forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ss \ sa \ s \ p) \ \land \ p^{**} \ (ss \ sa \ s \ p) \ sa
   by (metis (full-types) tranclpD)
  have cdcl_W-bj^{++} Sa S'a \wedge no-step cdcl_W-bj S'a
   using a2 by (simp add: full1-def)
  then have cdcl_W-bj Sa (ss S'a Sa cdcl_W-bj) \wedge cdcl_W-bj** (ss S'a Sa cdcl_W-bj) S'a
   using f3 by auto
  then show cdcl_W^{++} Sa S"
   using a1 n-s by (meson bj other rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
qed
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - s'^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W + S S'
  apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  using cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> apply blast
  by (meson\ cdcl_W - s' - tranclp - cdcl_W\ tranclp - trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
   cdcl_W - s'^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W ^{**} S S'
  using rtranclp-unfold[of cdcl_W-s' S S'] tranclp-cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl_W[of S S'] by auto
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-full-cdcl_W-s':
  assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows full cdcl_W-stgy S T \longleftrightarrow full cdcl_W-s' S T (is ?S \longleftrightarrow ?S')
proof
  assume ?S'
```

```
then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of\ S\ T] unfolding full-def by blast
  then have inv': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T
   using \langle ?S' \rangle unfolding full-def
     using cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-s' cdcl_W-stgy**] by auto
  then show ?S
   using \langle ?S' \rangle inv' cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' unfolding full-def by blast
\mathbf{next}
 assume ?S
  then have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
    by \ (met is \ assms \ full-def \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W) 
  consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
   (st) S' where cdcl_W-s'** S S' and cdcl_W-bj<sup>++</sup> S' T and conflicting T \neq None
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-connected-to-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'[of S T] inv \langle ?S \rangle
   unfolding full-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by blast
  then show ?S'
   proof cases
     case s'
     have no-step cdcl_W-s' T
       using \langle full\ cdcl_W-stgy S\ T \rangle unfolding full-def
       by (meson\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ cdcl_W-s'E\ cdcl_W-stgy.conflict'
         cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step inv-T n-step-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl_W-cl-cdcl_W-o)
     then show ?thesis
       using s' unfolding full-def by blast
   next
     case (st S')
     have full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ T
       using option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp st(3) by blast
     moreover
       have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-bj T
         \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis} \ \langle \textit{full} \ \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-stgy} \ S \ T \rangle \ \textit{bj} \ \textit{inv-} T \ \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-all-struct-inv-def}
           cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step full-def)
       then have full cdcl_W-bj S' T
         using st(2) unfolding full1-def by blast
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
       using st(2) by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps
         elim: rulesE)
     ultimately have cdcl_W-s' S' T
       using cdcl_W-s'.bj'[of S' T T] by blast
     then have cdcl_W-s<sup>i**</sup> S T
       using st(1) by auto
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s' T
       using inv-T \land full \ cdcl_W-cp \ T \ T \land full \ cdcl_W-stgy \ S \ T \land  unfolding full-def
       by (metis\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -def\ cdcl_W\ -then\ -exists\ -cdcl_W\ -stqy\ -step)
         n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       unfolding full-def by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
```

lemma conflict-step- $cdcl_W$ -stgy-step:

```
assumes
   conflict \ S \ T
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows \exists T. cdcl_W-stgy S T
proof -
 obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ U
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv assms by blast
  then have full1\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ U
   by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.conflict'\ assms(1)\ full-unfold)
 then show ?thesis using cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' by blast
qed
lemma decide-step-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
 assumes
   decide S T
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows \exists T. \ cdcl_W-stgy S \ T
proof -
 obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by (meson\ assms(1)\ assms(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
     cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv decide other)
  then show ?thesis
   by (metis assms cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' decide full-unfold
     other'
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{cp-conflicting-Some} :
  cdcl_W-cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow conflicting <math>S = Some \ D \Longrightarrow S = T
 using rtranclpD tranclpD by fastforce
inductive cdcl_W-merge-cp: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S: 'st where
conflict': conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - merge-cp \ S \ U \ |
propagate': propagate^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-cp S S'
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-cases[consumes 1, case-names conflict propagate]:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-cp S U and
   \bigwedge T. conflict S T \Longrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-bj T U \Longrightarrow P and
   propagate^{++} S U \Longrightarrow P
 shows P
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps by auto
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge:
  cdcl_W-merge-cp S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-cp.induct)
   using cdcl_W-merge.simps apply auto[1]
 using tranclp-mono of propagate\ cdcl_W-merge fw-propagate by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 apply simp
unfolding cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps by (meson cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W fw-r-conflict
  rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{W}\ rtranclp-trans\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
```

lemma full1- $cdcl_W$ -bj-no-step- $cdcl_W$ -bj:

```
full1 cdcl_W-bj S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S unfolding full1-def by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty option.exhaust rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj tranclpD)
```

Full Transformation

```
inductive cdcl_W-s'-without-decide where
conflict'-without-decide[intro]: full1\ cdcl_W-cp S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ S'
bj'-without-decide[intro]: full1 cdcl_W-bj S S' \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-cp S' S''
     \implies cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S S''
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S \ T
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
 by (meson\ cdcl_W - s'.simps\ cdcl_W - s'-tranclp-cdcl_W\ cdcl_W - s'-without-decide.simps
   rtranclp-tranclp-tranclp tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
  cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'** S T
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step y z) note a2 = this(2) and a1 = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-s' y z
   using a2 by (metis (no-types) bj' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.conflict' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide.cases)
 then show cdcl_W-s'** S z
   using a1 by (meson r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-trans)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}is\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide}:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V
   conflicting S = None
 shows
   (cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S V)
   \vee (\exists T. \ cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} \ S \ T \land propagate^{++} \ T \ V)
   \vee (\exists T U. cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T \wedge full1 cdcl_W-bj T U \wedge propagate^{**} U V)
 using assms
{f proof}\ (induction\ rule:\ rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step U V) note st = this(1) and cp = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 from cp show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-merge-restart-cases)
     case propagate
     then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp-tranclp-tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     case (conflict U') note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2)
     have full1-U-U': full1 \ cdcl_W-cp \ U \ U'
       by (simp add: conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp local.conflict(1))
     consider
         (s') cdcl_W-s'-without-decide^{**} S U
       | (propa) T' where cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T' and propagate^{++} T' U
```

```
\mid (\mathit{bj-prop}) \ \mathit{T'} \ \mathit{T''} \ \mathbf{where}
           cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T' and
          full1 cdcl_W-bj T' T'' and
          propagate^{**} T^{\prime\prime} U
       using IH by blast
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
         case s'
         have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide U U'
         using full1-U-U' conflict'-without-decide by blast
         then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S U'
          using \langle cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S U \rangle by auto
         moreover have U' = V \vee full1 \ cdcl_W-bj U' \ V
          using bj by (meson full-unfold)
         ultimately show ?thesis by blast
       next
         case propa note s' = this(1) and T'-U = this(2)
         have full1 cdcl_W-cp T' U'
           using rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp]\ T'-U\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ full1-U-U'
           rtranclp-full1I[of\ cdcl_W-cp\ T']\ by (metis\ (full-types)\ predicate2D\ predicate2I
            tranclp-into-rtranclp)
         have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S U'
           using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W \text{-}cp \ T' \ U' \rangle \ conflict'\text{-}without\text{-}decide \ s' \ by \ force
         have full cdcl_W-bj U' V \vee V = U' using bj unfolding full-unfold by blast
         then show ?thesis
          using \langle cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S U' \rangle by blast
       next
         case bj-prop note s' = this(1) and bj-T' = this(2) and T''-U = this(3)
         have no-step cdcl_W-cp T'
           using bj-T' full1-cdcl_W-bj-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by blast
         moreover have full1 cdcl_W-cp T'' U'
           using rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp]\ T''-U\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ full1-U-U'
           rtranclp-full1I[of\ cdcl_W-cp\ T''] by blast
         ultimately have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T' U'
           using bj'-without-decide[of T' T'' U'] bj-T' by (simp add: full-unfold)
         then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** \tilde{S} U'
           using s' rtranclp.intros(2)[of - S T' U'] by blast
         then show ?thesis
           using local.bj unfolding full-unfold by blast
       qed
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S V and
   confl: conflicting S = None
   (cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} S V \wedge conflicting V = None)
   \lor (cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} S \ V \land conflicting \ V \neq None \land no - step \ cdcl_W - cp \ V \land no - step \ cdcl_W - bj \ V)
   \vee (\exists T. cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T \wedge conflict T V)
 using assms(1)
proof (induction)
 {f case}\ base
 then show ?case using confl by auto
next
```

```
case (step U V) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)
from s show ?case
 proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases)
   case conflict'-without-decide
   then have rt: cdcl_W-cp^{++} U V unfolding full1-def by fast
   then have conflicting U = None
    using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not [of UV]
     conflict by (auto dest!: tranclpD simp: rtranclp-unfold elim: rulesE)
   then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U using IH by (auto elim: rulesE
     simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
   consider
      (propa)\ propagate^{++}\ U\ V
      | (confl') conflict U V
      | (propa-confl') U' where propagate<sup>++</sup> U U' conflict U' V
    using tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[OF rt] unfolding rtranclp-unfold
    by fastforce
   then show ?thesis
    proof cases
      case propa
      then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U V
        by (auto intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
      moreover have conflicting V = None
        using propa unfolding translp-unfold-end by (auto elim: rulesE)
      ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U\rangle by (auto elim!: rulesE
        simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
    next
      case confl'
      then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U\rangle by auto
      case propa-confl' note propa = this(1) and confl' = this(2)
      then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U U' by (auto intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
      then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U' using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U \rangle by auto
      then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp** S U \rangle confl' by auto
    qed
 next
   case (bj'-without-decide U') note full-bj = this(1) and cp = this(3)
   then have conflicting U \neq None
    using full-bj unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps
      elim: rulesE)
   with IH obtain T where
     S-T: cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T and T-U: conflict T U
    using full-bj unfolding full1-def by (blast dest: tranclpD)
   then have cdcl_W-merge-cp T U'
    using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict'[of T U U'] full-bj by (simp add: full-unfold)
   then have S\text{-}U': cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} S U' using S\text{-}T by auto
   consider
      (n-s) U' = V
     \mid (propa) \ propagate^{++} \ U' \ V
      | (confl') conflict U' V
     | (propa-confl') U''  where propagate^{++} U' U''  conflict U'' V
    using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not cp
    unfolding rtranclp-unfold full-def by metis
   then show ?thesis
    proof cases
      case propa
      then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U' V by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
```

```
moreover have conflicting V = None
         using propa unfolding translp-unfold-end by (auto elim: rulesE)
        ultimately show ?thesis using S-U' by (auto elim: rulesE
         simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
      next
        case confl'
        then show ?thesis using S-U' by auto
      next
        case propa-confl' note propa = this(1) and confl = this(2)
        have cdcl_W-merge-cp U' U'' using propa by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
        then show ?thesis using S-U' confl by (meson rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
      next
        case n-s
        then show ?thesis
         using S-U' apply (cases conflicting V = None)
          using full-bj apply simp
         by (metis cp full-def full-unfold full-bj)
      qed
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-s'-no-ste-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   conflicting S = None
   no-step cdcl_W-s' S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 using assms apply (auto simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps)
   using conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp apply blast
 using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv cdcl_W-cp.propagate' by (metis cdcl_W-cp.propagate'
   full-unfold tranclpD)
The no-step decide S is needed, since cdcl_W-merge-cp is cdcl_W-s' without decide.
lemma\ conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide:
 assumes
   confl: conflicting S = None and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 then obtain T where
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S T
   by auto
 then have inv-T: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S T]
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv inv by blast
 from cdcl_W show False
   proof cases
    case conflict'-without-decide
    have no-step propagate S
      using n-s by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
    then have conflict S T
      using local.conflict' tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of S T]
      local.conflict'-without-decide unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold
      by (metis tranclp-unfold-begin)
```

```
moreover
        then obtain T' where full\ cdcl_W-bj\ T\ T'
          using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form inv-T by blast
      ultimately show False using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' n-s by meson
      case (bj'-without-decide S')
      then show ?thesis
        using confl unfolding full1-def by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps dest: tranclpD
          elim: rulesE)
    qed
\mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp};
  assumes
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
    n-s: no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
  shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume ¬ ?thesis
  then obtain T where cdcl_W-merge-cp S T
    by auto
  then show False
    proof cases
      case (conflict' S')
      then show False using n-s conflict'-without-decide conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp by blast
    next
      case propagate'
      moreover
       have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
          using inv by (meson local.propagate' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv
            rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-into-rtranclp)
        then obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U
          using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by auto
      ultimately have full 1 \ cdcl_W-cp \ S \ U
        using tranclp-full-full1I[of\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ T\ U]\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'
        tranclp{-}mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W{-}cp]\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
      then show False using conflict'-without-decide n-s by blast
    qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
  no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv \ S \Longrightarrow no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ S
  using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF\ cdcl_W.conflict,\ of\ S]
  by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.cases\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp.simps\ tranclp.intros(1))
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflicting\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj\text{:}}
  assumes
    conflicting S = None  and
    cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T
  shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
  using assms(2,1) by (induction)
  (fast force\ simp:\ cdcl_W\ -merge-cp.simps\ full-def\ tranclp-unfold-end\ cdcl_W\ -bj.simps
    elim: rulesE)+
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}full\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}full\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decode}:
```

assumes

```
confl: conflicting S = None and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ V\longleftrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V\ (\mathbf{is}\ ?fw\longleftrightarrow ?s')
proof
 assume ?fw
  then have st: cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V and n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
   unfolding full-def by blast+
 have inv-V: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S V] \langle ?fw \rangle unfolding full-def
   by (simp add: inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)
  consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'-without-decide^{**} S V
     (propa) T where cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T and propagate<sup>++</sup> T V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide confl st n-s by metis
  then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S V
   proof cases
     case s'
     then show ?thesis.
   next
     case propa note s' = this(1) and propa = this(2)
     have no-step cdcl_W-cp V
       using no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp n-s inv-V
       unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
     then have full cdcl_W-cp T V
       using propa tranclp-mono[of propagate cdcl_W-cp] cdcl_W-cp.propagate' unfolding full1-def
       by blast
     then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T V
       using conflict'-without-decide by blast
     then show ?thesis using s' by auto
   next
     case by note s' = this(1) and bj = this(2) and propa = this(3)
     have no-step cdcl_W-cp V
       using no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp n-s inv-V
       unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
     then have full cdcl_W-cp U V
       using propa rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp]\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ unfolding\ full-def
       by blast
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
       using by unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD \ simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps \ elim: \ rulesE)
     ultimately have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T V
       using bj'-without-decide[of T U V] bj by blast
     then show ?thesis using s' by auto
   qed
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide V
   proof (cases conflicting V = None)
     case False
     { fix ss :: 'st
      have ff1: \forall s \ sa. \neg cdcl_W - s' \ s \ sa \lor full1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \ sa
         \vee (\exists sb. \ decide \ s \ sb \land no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ sb \ sa)
         \vee (\exists sb. full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ s \ sb \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sb \ sa)
         by (metis\ cdcl_W - s'.cases)
       \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{ff2}\colon (\forall\ p\ s\ sa.\ \neg\ \mathit{full1}\ p\ (s{::}'st)\ sa\ \lor\ p^{++}\ s\ sa\ \land\ \mathit{no-step}\ p\ sa)
         \land (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ (\neg p^{++} \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor (\exists s. \ p \ sa \ s)) \lor full1 \ p \ sa)
         by (meson full1-def)
```

```
obtain ssa :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
          ff3: \forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ssa \ p \ s \ sa) \ \land \ p^{**} \ (ssa \ p \ s \ sa) \ sa
          by (metis (no-types) tranclpD)
       then have a3: \neg cdcl_W - cp^{++} V ss
          using False by (metis option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp full-def)
       have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - bj^{++} V s
          using ff3 False by (metis confl st
            conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj)
       then have \neg cdcl_W-s'-without-decide V ss
          using ff1 a3 ff2 by (metis cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases)
      then show ?thesis
       by fastforce
      next
       case True
       then show ?thesis
          \mathbf{using}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide}\ n\text{-}s\ inv\text{-}V
          unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by simp
   qed
  ultimately show ?s' unfolding full-def by blast
next
  assume s': ?s'
  then have st: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S V and n-s: no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide V
   unfolding full-def by auto
  then have cdcl_W^{**} S V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> st by blast
  then have inv-V: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv V using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  then have n-s-cp-V: no-step cdcl_W-cp V
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv[of V] full-fullI[of cdcl_W-cp V] n-s
   conflict'-without-decide conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp
   no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by presburger
  have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?thesis
      then obtain W where W: cdcl_W-bj V W by blast
      have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W
        using W \ cdcl_W.simps \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv \ inv-V \ by \ blast
      then obtain W' where full cdcl_W-bj V W'
       \mathbf{using} \ \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-}\mathit{bj-exists-normal-form}[\mathit{of} \ \ \mathit{W}] \ \ \mathit{full-fullI}[\mathit{of} \ \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-}\mathit{bj} \ \ \mathit{V} \ \ \mathit{W}] \ \ \mathit{W}
       unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
       by blast
      moreover
       then have cdcl_W^{++} V W'
          using tranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-bj\ cdcl_W]\ cdcl_W.other\ cdcl_W-o.bj\ unfolding\ full1-def\ by\ blast
       then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W'
          by (meson\ inv-V\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
       then obtain X where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ W'\ X
          using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by blast
      ultimately show False
        using bj'-without-decide n-s-cp-V n-s by blast
  from s' consider
      (cp\text{-}true)\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**}\ S\ V\ and\ conflicting\ V=None
   |(cp\text{-}false)| cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V and conflicting V \neq None and no-step cdcl_W-cp V and
        no-step cdcl_W-bj V
```

```
| (cp\text{-}confl) \ T \ \text{where} \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ S \ T \ conflict \ T \ V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp[of\ S\ V]\ confl
   unfolding full-def by meson
  then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V
   proof cases
     case cp-confl note S-T = this(1) and conf-V = this(2)
     have full cdcl_W-bj V
       using conf-V n-s-bj unfolding full-def by fast
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
       using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' conf-V by auto
     then show ?thesis using S-T by auto
   qed fast+
  moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S V using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
     using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
   then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
     using conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp s'
     unfolding full-def by blast
 ultimately show ?fw unfolding full-def by auto
qed
lemma conflicting-true-full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full1-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode:
 assumes
   confl: conflicting S = None  and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ V\longleftrightarrow full1\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V
proof -
 have full cdcl_W-merge-cp S V = full \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S V
   using conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode inv
   by simp
 then show ?thesis unfolding full-unfold full1-def tranclp-unfold-begin by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}imp\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decode}:
   fw: full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp S V and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   full1 cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S V
proof -
 have conflicting S = None
   using fw unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclpD simp: cdclw-merge-cp.simps elim: rulesE)
 then show ?thesis
   using conflicting-true-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-iff-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decode fw inv by simp
qed
inductive cdcl_W-merge-stay for S:: 'st where
fw-s-cp[intro]: full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp\ S\ T \implies cdcl_W-merge-stgy\ S\ T\ |
fw-s-decide[intro]: decide S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \Longrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp T U
  \implies cdcl_W-merge-stgy S \ U
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge:
 assumes fw: cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T
 shows cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T
```

```
proof -
  \{ \mathbf{fix} \ S \ T \}
   assume full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp \ S \ T
   then have cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T
     using tranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-cp\ cdcl_W-merge^{++}]\ cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge
     unfolding full1-def
     by auto
  } note full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl_W-merge = this
 show ?thesis
   using fw
   apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.induct)
     using full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl_W-merge apply simp
   unfolding full-unfold by (auto dest!: full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge fw-decide)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes fw: cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T
 shows cdcl_W-merge** S T
  using fw cdcl_W-merge-stqy-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-merge-stqy cdcl_W-merge+^+]
  unfolding tranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>:
  cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.induct)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> unfolding full1-def
   apply (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\ cdcl_W\text{-}o.decide\ cdcl_W.other\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ full\text{-}def
 by (meson r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
  using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by auto
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stgy-cases[consumes 1, case-names fw-s-cp fw-s-decide]:
  assumes
    cdcl_W-merge-stgy S U
   full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ U \Longrightarrow P
   \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge-cp } S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W\text{-merge-cp } T U \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
 using assms by (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps)
inductive cdcl_W-s'-w :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict': full1\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'-w\ S\ S'
decide': decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow no-step \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide \ S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide \ S' \ S''
  \implies cdcl_W - s' - w \ S \ S''
lemma cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - s' - w \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ S \ T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-w.induct)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full1-def
   apply (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> unfolding full-def
 by (meson decide other rtranclp-into-tranclp2 tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'-w** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
```

```
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide:
  assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S and conflicting <math>S = None and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 by (metis\ assms\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.propagate'\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart\text{-}cases\ tranclpD}
   conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide)
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S and conflicting <math>S = None
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 by (metis\ assms(1)\ cdcl_W-cp.conflict'\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ cdcl_W-merge-restart-cases tranclpD)
lemma after-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
  assumes cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S T
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp T
 using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.induct) (auto simp: full1-def full-def)
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 by (simp\ add: conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp
   no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ }cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def)
lemma after-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-w S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-w.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case
   by (auto simp: full1-def tranclp-unfold-end after-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-cp)
next
 case (decide' \ S \ T \ U)
 moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S U
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of\ T\ U]\ cdcl_W.other[of\ S\ T]
     cdcl_W-o. decide unfolding full-def by auto
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
     using decide'.prems\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ by\ blast
  ultimately show ?case
   using no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp} unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-w^{**} S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step \ T \ U)
 moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S U] assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.hyps(1) by blast
  ultimately show ?case using after-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-cp by fast
qed
```

using $rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-s'-w\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W$ by auto

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq:
  assumes cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp T
  using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step \ T \ U)
  moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W [of S U] assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.hyps(1)
   by (meson\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
  ultimately show ?case
   using after-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (metis\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -def\ cdcl_W\ -merge\ -stgy. simps\ full\ 1-def\ full\ -def
     no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp.intros(1) tranclp-into-rtranclp)
qed
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj:
  assumes no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume ¬ ?thesis
  then obtain T where S-T: cdcl_W-bj S T
   by auto
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using S-T cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv other by blast
  then obtain T' where full1 \ cdcl_W-bj \ S \ T'
   using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of T] full-full S-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by metis
  moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S T'
     \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{rtranclp-mono}[\mathit{of} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-}\mathit{bj} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W.\mathit{other} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-}\mathit{o.bj} \ \mathit{tranclp-into-rtranclp}[\mathit{of} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-}\mathit{bj}]
     unfolding full1-def by blast
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T'
     using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
   then obtain U where full cdcl_W-cp T' U
     using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by blast
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S
   using S-T by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps elim: rulesE)
  ultimately show False
  using assms cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.intros(2)[of S T' U] by fast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-w S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
  using assms apply induction
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj unfolding full1-def
   apply (meson tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\ }rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
    no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj unfolding full-def
```

```
by (meson\ cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl<sub>W</sub> fw-r-decide)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj-or-eq:
    assumes cdcl_W-s'-w** S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
    shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-bj } T
    using assms apply induction
        apply simp
    using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
        cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by meson
\mathbf{lemma} \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}decomp\text{-}into\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge:}
    assumes
        cdcl_W-s'** R V and
        conflicting R = None  and
        inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
    shows (cdcl_W - merge - stgy^{**} R \ V \land conflicting \ V = None)
    \lor (cdcl_W \text{-merge-stgy}^{**} R \ V \land conflicting \ V \neq None \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W \text{-bj} \ V)
    \vee (\exists S \ T \ U. \ cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R \ S \land no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \land decide \ S \ T
        \land cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T U \land conflict U V)
    \vee (\exists S \ T. \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-stgy}^{**} \ R \ S \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-cp} \ S \land decide \ S \ T
        \land \ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} \ T \ V
            \land conflicting V = None
    \lor (cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ V \land conflicting \ V = None)
    \vee (\exists U. \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-} cp^{**} \ R \ U \land conflict \ U \ V)
    using assms(1,2)
proof induction
    case base
   then show ?case by simp
    case (step V W) note st = this(1) and s' = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)] and
        n-s-R = this(4)
    from s'
    show ?case
        proof cases
            case conflict'
            consider
                    (s') cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R V
                \mid (dec\text{-}confl) \mid S \mid T \mid U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stqy^{**} \mid R \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}st
                        decide\ S\ T\ {\bf and}\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}merge\mbox{-}cp^{**}\ T\ U\ {\bf and}\ conflict\ U\ V
               (dec) S T where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S and decide S T
                        and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
                   (cp) \ cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} \ R \ V
                 | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
                using IH by meson
            then show ?thesis
                proof cases
                    case s'
                    then have R = V using inv local.conflict' unfolding full1-def
                        by (metis tranclp-unfold-begin
                            rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
                    consider
                            (V-W) V = W
                           (propa) propagate^{++} V W and conflicting W = None
                        | (propa-confl) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
                        using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] conflict'
                        unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
```

```
then show ?thesis
   proof cases
    case V-W
    then show ?thesis using \langle R = V \rangle n-s-R by simp
    case propa
    then show ?thesis using \langle R = V \rangle by (auto intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
   next
    case propa-confl
    moreover
      then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V V'
        by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' r-into-rtranclp)
    ultimately show ?thesis using s' (R = V) by blast
   qed
next
 case dec\text{-}confl note - = this(5)
 then have False using conflict' unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
 then show ?thesis by fast
next
 case dec note T-V = this(4)
 consider
     (propa) propagate^{++} V W  and conflicting W = None
   | (propa-confl) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] conflict'
   unfolding full1-def by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
    case propa
    then show ?thesis
      by (meson T-V cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' dec rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
    case propa-confl
    then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V'
      using T-V by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp.simps)
    then show ?thesis using dec propa-confl(2) by metis
   qed
next
 case cp
 consider
     (propa) propagate^{++} V W and conflicting W = None
   | (propa-confl) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] conflict'
   unfolding full1-def by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
    case propa
    then show ?thesis by (meson cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' cp
      rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
   next
    case propa-confl
    then show ?thesis
      using propa-confl(2) cp
      by (metis\ (full-types)\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl
        rtranclp-unfold)
   qed
next
```

```
case cp-confl
            then show ?thesis using conflict' unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD
                elim!: rulesE)
        qed
next
    case (decide' V')
    then have conf-V: conflicting V = None
        by (auto elim: rulesE)
    consider
          (s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
        \mid (dec\text{-}confl) \mid S \mid T \mid U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \mid R \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}st
                decide\ S\ T\ and\ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**}\ T\ U\ and\ conflict\ U\ V
        and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
          (cp) \ cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} \ R \ V
        | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
        using IH by meson
    then show ?thesis
        proof cases
            case s'
            have confl-V': conflicting V' = None using decide'(1) by (auto elim: rulesE)
            have full: full1 cdcl_W-cp\ V'\ W\ \lor\ (V'=\ W\ \land\ no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ W)
                using decide'(3) unfolding full-unfold by blast
            consider
                   (V'-W) \ V' = W
                (propa) propagate^{++} V' W and conflicting W = None
                | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
               using tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}propagate\text{-}with\text{-}conflict\text{-}or\text{-}not[of\ V\ W]\ decide'}
                  \langle full1\ cdcl_W - cp\ V'\ W\ \lor\ V' = W\ \land\ no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W - cp\ W\rangle unfolding full1-def
               by (metis\ tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not)
            then show ?thesis
               proof cases
                   case V'-W
                   then show ?thesis
                       using confl-V' local.decide'(1,2) s' conf-V
                       no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart[of\ V]
                       by auto
               next
                   case propa
                   then show ?thesis using local.decide'(1,2) s' by (metis cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps conf-V
                       no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart\ r-into-rtranclp)
                next
                   case propa-confl
                   then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
                       by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' r-into-rtranclp)
                   then show ?thesis
                       using local.decide'(1,2) propa-confl(2) s' conf-V
                       no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart
                       by metis
               qed
       next
            case (dec) note s' = this(1) and dec = this(2) and cp = this(3) and ns-cp-T = this(4)
            have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
               unfolding full-def by (simp add: conf-V local.decide'(2)
                    no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart \ ns-cp-T)
            moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
```

```
by (simp add: conf-V local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart)
 moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
   by (metis dec)
 ultimately have cdcl_W-merge-stgy S V
   using cp by blast
 then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V using s' by auto
 consider
     (V'-W) V' = W
   | (propa) propagate^{++} V' W  and conflicting W = None
   | (propa-conft) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V'W] decide'
   unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case V'-W
     moreover have conflicting V' = None
       using decide'(1) by (auto elim: rulesE)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} R V \rangle decide' \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V \rangle  by blast
   \mathbf{next}
     case propa
     moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V' W by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ V \rangle \ decide' \ \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V \rangle
       by (meson \ r-into-rtranclp)
   next
     case propa-confl
     moreover then have \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{merge\text{-}\mathit{cp}^{**}}\ \mathit{V'}\ \mathit{V''}
       by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
     ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V \rangle decide'
       \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ V \rangle by (meson\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
   qed
next
 case cp
 have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
   using conf-V local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart by auto
 then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp R V
   unfolding full-def using cp by fast
 then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
   unfolding full-unfold by auto
 have full1 cdcl_W-cp\ V'\ W\ \lor\ (V'=W\ \land\ no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W-cp\ W)
   using decide'(3) unfolding full-unfold by blast
 consider
     (V'-W) V' = W
     (propa) \ propagate^{++} \ V' \ W \ and \ conflicting \ W = None
    | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}propagate\text{-}with\text{-}conflict\text{-}or\text{-}not[of\ V'\ W]\ decide'}
   unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case V'-W
     moreover have conflicting V' = None
       using decide'(1) by (auto elim: rulesE)
     ultimately show ?thesis
```

```
using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V\rangle decide' \langle no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V\rangle by blast
       next
         case propa
         moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V'W
           by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
         ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W \text{-merge-stgy}^{**} R V \rangle decide'
           \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ V \rangle\ \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
       next
         case propa-confl
         moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
           by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
         ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V \rangle decide'
           (no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ V)\ \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
       qed
   next
     case (dec-confl)
     show ?thesis using conf-V dec-confl(5) by (auto elim!: rulesE
       simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
   next
     case cp-confl
     then show ?thesis using decide' apply - by (intro HOL.disjI2) (fastforce elim: rulesE
       simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 qed
next
 case (bj' \ V')
 then have \neg no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj\ V
   by (auto dest: tranclpD simp: full1-def)
 then consider
    (s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and conflicting V = None
   | (dec-confl) S T U where cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp S and
       decide\ S\ T\ {\bf and}\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}merge\mbox{-}cp^{**}\ T\ U\ {\bf and}\ conflict\ U\ V
   |(dec) S T where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S and decide S T
       and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
   (cp) \ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} \ R \ V \ and \ conflicting \ V = None
   | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
   using IH by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case s' note - = this(2)
     then have False
       using bj'(1) unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps
         elim: rulesE)
     then show ?thesis by fast
   next
     case dec note - = this(5)
     then have False
       using bj'(1) unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps
         elim: rulesE)
     then show ?thesis by fast
   next
     case dec-confl
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp UV'
       using bj' \ cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros(1)[of U \ V \ V'] by (simp add: full-unfold)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V'
       using dec\text{-}confl(4) by simp
     consider
```

```
(V'-W) \ V' = W
   |(propa)| propagate^{++} V' W  and conflicting W = None
   | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V'W] bj'(3)
   unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case V'-W
     then have no-step cdcl_W-cp V'
      using bj'(3) unfolding full-def by auto
     then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V'
      by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.propagate'\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp.cases\ tranclpD
        no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate(1)
     then have full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp T\ V'
      unfolding full1-def using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle dec-confl(4) by auto
     then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V'
      by (simp add: full-unfold)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-stay S V'
      using dec\text{-}confl(3) cdcl_W-merge-stgy.fw-s-decide \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W-merge-cp S \rangle by blast
     then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R\ V'
      using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S \rangle by auto
     show ?thesis
      proof cases
        assume conflicting\ W = None
        then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R\ V' \rangle\ \langle V' =\ W \rangle by auto
      next
        assume conflicting W \neq None
        then show ?thesis
          using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R\ V' \rangle\ \langle V' = W \rangle by (metis\ \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U\ V' \rangle
            conflictE\ conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj
            dec\text{-}confl(5) r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
      qed
   next
     case propa
     moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V' W by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
   rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
   next
     case propa-confl
     moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
      by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
   ultimately show ?thesis by (meson \langle cdcl_W - merge-cp^{**} \ T \ V' \rangle \ dec\text{-}confl(1-3) \ rtranclp-trans)
   qed
next
 case cp note - = this(2)
 then show ?thesis using bj'(1) \langle \neg no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}bj \ V \rangle
   conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by auto
 case cp-confl
 then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' by (simp add: cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' full-unfold
   local.bj'(1)
 consider
     (V'-W) V'=W
   | (propa) \ propagate^{++} \ V' \ W \ and \ conflicting \ W = None
   | (propa-conft) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V' W] bj'
```

```
unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
         then show ?thesis
          proof cases
            case V'-W
            show ?thesis
              proof cases
                assume conflicting V' = None
                then show ?thesis
                 using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle cp-confl(1) by force
              next
                assume confl: conflicting V' \neq None
                then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V'
                 by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps full1-def full-def
                   cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
                have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V'
                 using confl by (auto simp: full1-def full-def cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps
                 dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
                moreover have cdcl_W-merge-cp U W
                 using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp \ U \ V' \rangle by blast
                ultimately have full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp R V'
                 using cp\text{-}confl(1) V'-W unfolding full1-def by auto
                then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V'
                 by auto
                moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V'
                 using confl \ \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V' \rangle by (auto simp: cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stqy.simps
                   full1-def dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
                ultimately have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R\ V' by auto
                { fix ss :: 'st
                 have cdcl_W-merge-cp U W
                   using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp \ U \ V' \rangle by blast
                 then have \neg cdcl_W-bj W ss
                   by (meson\ conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj
                     cp-confl(1) rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl step.prems)
                 then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R W \wedge conflicting W = None \vee
                   cdcl_W-merge-stgy^{**} R W \land \neg cdcl_W-bj W ss
                   using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V' \rangle by presburger }
                then show ?thesis
                 by presburger
             qed
          next
            case propa
            moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V'W
              by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
            ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U|V'\rangle cp-confl(1) by force
          next
            case propa-confl
            moreover then have \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{merge\text{-}\mathit{cp}^{**}}\ \mathit{V'}\ \mathit{V''}
              by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
            ultimately show ?thesis
              using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U|V'\rangle cp-confl(1) by (metis rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl
                rtranclp-trans)
          qed
      \mathbf{qed}
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
```

```
lemma decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
  assumes
    dec: decide S T  and
   cdcl_W-s'** T U and
   n-s-S: no-step cdcl_W-cp S and
    no-step cdcl_W-cp U
  shows cdcl_W-s'^{**} S U
  using assms(2,4)
proof induction
  case (step U(V)) note st = this(1) and s' = this(2) and IH = this(3) and n-s = this(4)
  consider
     (TU) T = U
    (s'-st) T' where cdcl_W-s' T T' and cdcl_W-s'^{**} T' U
   using st[unfolded rtranclp-unfold] by (auto dest!: tranclpD)
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case TU
     then show ?thesis
       proof -
         assume a1: T = U
         then have f2: cdcl_W - s' T V
           using s' by force
         obtain ss :: 'st where
           ss: cdcl_W-s'** S T \lor cdcl_W-cp T ss
           using a1 step.IH by blast-
         obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
           f3: \forall s \ sa \ sb. \ (\neg \ decide \ s \ sa \ \lor \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \ (ssa \ s) \ \lor \ \neg \ full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sa \ sb)
             \vee \ cdcl_W \text{-}s' \ s \ sb
           using cdcl_W-s'.decide' by moura
         have \forall s \ sa. \ \neg \ cdcl_W \ \neg s' \ s \ sa \ \lor \ full1 \ cdcl_W \ \neg cp \ s \ sa \ \lor
           (\exists sb. \ decide \ s \ sb \land no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ sb \ sa) \lor
           (\exists sb. full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ s \ sb \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sb \ sa)
           by (metis\ cdcl_W - s'E)
         then have \exists s. \ cdcl_W - s'^{**} \ S \ s \land \ cdcl_W - s' \ s \ V
           using f3 ss f2 by (metis dec full1-is-full n-s-S rtranclp-unfold)
         then show ?thesis
           by force
       \mathbf{qed}
   next
     case (s'-st T') note s'-T' = this(1) and st = this(2)
     have cdcl_W-s'** S T'
       using s'-T'
       proof cases
         case conflict'
         then have cdcl_W-s' S T'
            using dec\ cdcl_W-s'.decide'\ n-s-S by (simp\ add:\ full-unfold)
         then show ?thesis
            using st by auto
       next
         case (decide' T'')
         then have cdcl_W-s' S T
            using dec cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.decide' n-s-S by (simp add: full-unfold)
         then show ?thesis using decide' s'-T' by auto
       next
         case bj'
```

```
then have False
           using dec unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps
            elim: rulesE)
         then show ?thesis by fast
       ged
     then show ?thesis using s' st by auto
   qed
next
 {f case}\ base
 then have full cdcl_W-cp T T
   by (simp add: full-unfold)
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-s'.simps dec n-s-S by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R V and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows cdcl_W-s'^{**} R V
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step S T) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-styy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st by blast
 from fw show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy-cases)
     case fw-s-cp
     have \bigwedge s. \neg full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp s\ S
       using fw-s-cp unfolding full-def full1-def by (metis tranclp-unfold-begin)
     then have S = R
       using fw-s-cp unfolding full1-def by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.conflict' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.propagate'
         cdcl_W-merge-cp. cases tranclp-unfold-begin inv st
         rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
     then have full cdcl_W-s'-without-decide R T
       using inv local.fw-s-cp
       by (blast intro: conflicting-true-full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-imp-full1-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode)
     then show ?thesis unfolding full1-def
       \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis} \ (\textit{no-types}) \ \textit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W - \textit{s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl}_W - \textit{s'} \ \textit{rtranclp-unfold})
   next
     case (fw-s-decide S') note dec = this(1) and n-S = this(2) and full = this(3)
     moreover then have conflicting S' = None
       by (auto elim: rulesE)
     ultimately have full\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S' T
       by (meson \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all \text{-}struct \text{-}inv \ S \rangle \ cdcl_W \text{-}merge \text{-}restart \text{-}cdcl_W \ fw \text{-}r \text{-}decide}
         rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
         conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode)
     then have a1: cdcl_W-s'** S' T
       unfolding full-def by (metis (full-types) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
     have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T
       using fw by blast
     then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
       using decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s' a1 by (metis \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \rangle dec
```

```
n-S no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
         rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
      then show ?thesis using IH by auto
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
  assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
  st: cdcl_W-merge-stgy^{**} R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses R) and
  R: trail R = []
  shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses [OF invR - dist R]
  invR st rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-s'\ cdcl_W-stgy^{**}]\ cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy
  by (auto dest!: cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy:
  assumes
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and s': no-step cdcl_W-s' R
  shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy R
proof -
  { fix ss :: 'st
   obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
      ff1: \land s sa. \neg cdcl_W-merge-stgy s sa \lor full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp s sa \lor decide s (ssa s sa)
      using cdcl_W-merge-stgy.cases by moura
   obtain ssb :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
      ff2: \bigwedge p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \lor p \ s \ (ssb \ p \ s \ sa)
      by (meson tranclp-unfold-begin)
   obtain ssc :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
      ff3: \bigwedge s sa sb. (\neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv s \lor \neg cdcl_W - cp s sa \lor cdcl_W - s' s (ssc s))
       \land (\neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ s \lor \neg cdcl_W - o \ s \ sb \lor cdcl_W - s' \ s \ (ssc \ s))
      using n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o by moura
   then have ff_4: \Lambda s. \neg cdcl_W - o R s
      using s' inv by blast
   have ff5: \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - cp^{++} R s
      using ff3 ff2 s' by (metis inv)
   have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - bj^{++} R s
      using ff4 ff2 by (metis bj)
   then have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W-s'-without-decide R s
      using ff5 by (simp add: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.simps full1-def)
   then have \neg cdcl_W - s'-without-decide<sup>++</sup> R ss
      using ff2 by blast
   then have \neg full1\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide R ss
      by (simp add: full1-def)
   then have \neg cdcl_W-merge-stgy R ss
      using ff4 ff1 conflicting-true-full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-imp-full1-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode inv
      by blast }
  then show ?thesis
   by fastforce
qed
end
```

Termination and full Equivalence

We will discharge the assumption later using NOT's proof of termination.

```
locale\ conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>-termination =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning_W +
 assumes wf-cdcl_W-merge-inv: wf {(T, S). cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \land cdcl_W-merge S T}
begin
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge: wf \{(T, S). cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T\}
  using wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-inv]
 apply (rule wf-subset)
 by (auto simp: trancl-set-tranclp
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv)
lemma wf-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
  wf\{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \land cdcl_W - merge - cp \ S \ T\}
 using wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge by (rule wf-subset) (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge)
lemma wf-cdcl_W-merge-stgy:
  wf\{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \land cdcl_W - merge - stgy \ S \ T\}
 using wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge by (rule wf-subset)
  (auto simp add: cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 obtains S where full cdcl_W-merge-cp R S
proof -
  obtain S where full (\lambda S T. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge-cp S T) R S
   using wf-exists-normal-form-full[OF wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp] by blast
  then have
   st: (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \land cdcl_W-merge-cp S \ T)^{**} \ R \ S and
   n-s: no-step (\lambda S T. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge-cp S T) S
   unfolding full-def by blast+
 have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R S
   using st by induction auto
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
     \mathbf{using}\ st\ inv
     apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
      apply simp
     by (meson\ r-into-rtranclp\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
   then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
     using n-s by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using that unfolding full-def by blast
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   confl: conflicting R = None and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy R
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s' R
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain S where cdcl_W-s' R S by auto
  then show False
   proof cases
```

```
case conflict'
     then obtain S' where full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp R\ S'
      proof -
        obtain R' where
          cdcl_W-merge-cp R R'
          using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (meson confl
            cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.simps conflict'
            conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide)
        then show ?thesis
          using that by (metis cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form full-unfold inv)
      qed
     then show False using n-s by blast
   next
     case (decide' R')
     then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R'
      using inv cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W.other cdcl_W-o.decide by meson
     then obtain R'' where full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp R'\ R''
      using cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form by blast
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp R
      by (simp add: confl local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart)
     ultimately show False using n-s cdcl_W-merge-stgy.intros local.decide'(1) by blast
   next
     case (bj' R')
     then show False
      using confl\ no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide}\ inv
      unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes conflicting R = None and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
 using assms conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes confl: conflicting R = None and cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
 using assms(2)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case
   using confl by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps elim: rulesE)
next
 case (step S T) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have confl-S: conflicting S = None
   using fw apply cases
   by (auto simp: full1-def cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
 from fw show ?case
   proof cases
     case fw-s-cp
     then show ?thesis
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj confl-S
      by (simp add: full1-def tranclp-into-rtranclp)
   \mathbf{next}
     case (fw-s-decide S')
     moreover then have conflicting S' = None by (auto elim: rulesE)
```

```
ultimately show ?thesis
using conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdclw-merge-cp-no-step-cdclw-bj
unfolding full-def by meson
qed
qed
end
end
theory CDCL-WNOT
imports CDCL-NOT CDCL-W-Termination CDCL-W-Merge
begin
```

6.3 Link between Weidenbach's and NOT's CDCL

6.3.1 Inclusion of the states

```
declare upt.simps(2)[simp \ del]
fun convert-ann-lit-from-W where
convert-ann-lit-from-W (Propagated L -) = Propagated L () |
convert-ann-lit-from-W (Decided L) = Decided L
abbreviation convert-trail-from-W ::
  ('v, 'mark) ann-lits
   \Rightarrow ('v, unit) ann-lits where
convert-trail-from-W \equiv map \ convert-ann-lit-from-W
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{lits-of-l-convert-trail-from-W} [\textit{simp}] :
  lits-of-l (convert-trail-from-W M) = lits-of-l M
 by (induction rule: ann-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma lit-of-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
  lit-of\ (convert-ann-lit-from-W\ L) = lit-of\ L
 by (cases L) auto
lemma no-dup-convert-from-W[simp]:
  no-dup (convert-trail-from-WM) \longleftrightarrow no-dup M
 by (auto simp: comp-def)
lemma convert-trail-from-W-true-annots[simp]:
  convert-trail-from-WM \models as C \longleftrightarrow M \models as C
 by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls image-image lits-of-def)
lemma defined-lit-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
  defined-lit (convert-trail-from-W S) L \longleftrightarrow defined-lit S L
 by (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-comp)
The values \theta and \{\#\} are dummy values.
consts dummy-cls :: 'cls
\mathbf{fun}\ convert\text{-}ann\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}NOT
 :: ('v, 'mark) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow ('v, 'cls) \ ann-lit \ where
convert-ann-lit-from-NOT (Propagated L -) = Propagated L dummy-cls
convert-ann-lit-from-NOT (Decided L) = Decided L
```

```
abbreviation convert-trail-from-NOT where
convert-trail-from-NOT \equiv map convert-ann-lit-from-NOT
lemma undefined-lit-convert-trail-from-NOT[simp]:
  undefined-lit (convert-trail-from-NOT F) L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit F L
 by (induction F rule: ann-lit-list-induct) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
{f lemma}\ lits-of-l-convert-trail-from-NOT:
  lits-of-l (convert-trail-from-NOT F) = lits-of-l F
 by (induction F rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W\text{-}from\text{-}NOT[simp]:
  convert-trail-from-W (convert-trail-from-NOT M) = M
 by (induction rule: ann-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W\text{-}convert\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}NOT[simp]:
  convert-ann-lit-from-W (convert-ann-lit-from-NOT L) = L
 by (cases L) auto
abbreviation trail_{NOT} where
trail_{NOT} S \equiv convert-trail-from-W (fst S)
lemma undefined-lit-convert-trail-from-W[iff]:
  undefined-lit (convert-trail-from-W M) L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit M L
 by (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-comp)
lemma lit-of-convert-ann-lit-from-NOT[iff]:
  lit-of\ (convert-ann-lit-from-NOT\ L) = lit-of\ L
 by (cases L) auto
sublocale state_W \subseteq dpll\text{-}state\text{-}ops
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  clauses
  \lambda L S. \ cons-trail (convert-ann-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  by unfold-locales
sublocale state_W \subseteq dpll-state
  \lambda S. \ convert-trail-from-W \ (trail \ S)
  clauses
  \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-ann-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
 by unfold-locales (auto simp: map-tl o-def)
context state_W
begin
declare state-simp_{NOT}[simp\ del]
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops
 \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
```

clauses

```
\lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-ann-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  \lambda- -. True
  \lambda- S. conflicting S = None
  \lambda C C' L' S T. backjump-l-cond C C' L' S T
    \land distinct\text{-mset} (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C' + \{\#L'\#\})
 by unfold-locales
thm cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy.axioms
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  clauses
  \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-ann-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail S
 \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  \lambda- -. True
  \lambda- S. conflicting S = None
  backjump-l-cond
  inv_{NOT}
proof (unfold-locales, goal-cases)
  then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv by (auto simp: comp-def)
next
  case (1 C' S C F' K F L)
  moreover
    let ?C' = remdups\text{-}mset C'
    have L \notin \# C'
      \mathbf{using} \ \langle F \models as \ \mathit{CNot} \ \mathit{C'} \rangle \ \langle \mathit{undefined-lit} \ \mathit{F} \ \mathit{L} \rangle \ \mathit{Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l}
      in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by fast
    then have distinct-mset (?C' + \{\#L\#\})
      \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ distinct	ext{-}mset	ext{-}single	ext{-}add)
  moreover
    have no-dup F
      \mathbf{using} \ \langle inv_{NOT} \ S \rangle \ \langle convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W \ (trail \ S) = F' \ @ \ Decided \ K \ \# \ F \rangle
      unfolding inv_{NOT}-def
      by (smt\ comp-apply\ distinct.simps(2)\ distinct-append\ list.simps(9)\ map-append
        no-dup-convert-from-W)
    then have consistent-interp (lits-of-l F)
      using distinct-consistent-interp by blast
    then have \neg tautology C'
      using \langle F \models as\ CNot\ C' \rangle consistent-CNot-not-tautology true-annots-true-cls by blast
    then have \neg tautology (?C' + {\#L\#})
      using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle \langle undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L \rangle by (metis \ CNot\text{-}remdups\text{-}mset
        Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l add.commute in-CNot-uminus tautology-add-single
        tautology-remdups-mset true-annot-singleton true-annots-def)
  show ?case
   proof -
      have f2: no-dup (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
        using \langle inv_{NOT} \rangle unfolding inv_{NOT}-def by (simp \ add: \ o\text{-}def)
      have f3: atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses S)
        \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
        using \langle convert\text{-trail-from-}W \ (trail \ S) = F' @ Decided \ K \ \# \ F \rangle
```

```
\langle atm\text{-}of\ L \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses\ S) \cup atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (F'\ @\ Decided\ K\ \#\ F) \rangle by auto
     have f_4: clauses S \models pm \ remdups\text{-mset} \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
       by (metis\ (no\text{-types})\ \langle L\notin\#\ C'\rangle\ \langle clauses\ S\models pm\ C'+\{\#L\#\}\rangle\ remdups-mset-singleton-sum(2)
         true-clss-cls-remdups-mset union-commute)
     have F \models as \ CNot \ (remdups-mset \ C')
       by (simp\ add: \langle F \models as\ CNot\ C' \rangle)
     have Ex\ (backjump-l\ S)
       apply standard
       apply (rule backjump-l.intros[OF - f2, of - - -])
       calculation(2-5,9) \langle F \models as \ CNot \ (remdups-mset \ C') \rangle
       state-eq_{NOT}-ref unfolding backjump-l-cond-def by blast+
     then show ?thesis
       by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2
  \lambda S. \ convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  clauses
 \lambda L\ S.\ cons-trail (convert-ann-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail S
 \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
 \lambda- -. True
 \lambda- S. conflicting S = None \ backjump-l-cond \ inv_{NOT}
 by unfold-locales
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn
 \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  clauses
 \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-ann-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail S
 \lambda C S. \ add-learned-cls C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  backjump-l-cond
 \lambda- -. True
 \lambda- S. conflicting S = None \ inv_{NOT}
 apply unfold-locales
  using dpll-bj-no-dup apply (simp add: comp-def)
 using cdcl_{NOT}.simps cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup no-dup-convert-from-W unfolding inv_{NOT}-def by blast
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
begin
Notations are lost while proving locale inclusion:
notation state-eq<sub>NOT</sub> (infix \sim_{NOT} 50)
6.3.2
          Additional Lemmas between NOT and W states
lemma trail_W-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ T)
\mathbf{proof} (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 case (1 F S T) note IH = this(1) and tr = this(2)
 then have [] = convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
   \vee length F = length (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
```

```
\vee trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S)) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail T))
   using IH by (metis (no-types) trail-tl-trail)
  then show trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FT)
   using tr by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT}.elims)
qed
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-add-learned-cls:
no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
 trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ M\ (add-learned-cls\ D\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ M\ S)
by (rule\ trail_W-eq-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq)\ simp
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-reduce-trail-convert:
  reduce-trail-to_{NOT} C S = reduce-trail-to (convert-trail-from-NOT C) S
 apply (induction C S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 apply (subst reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps, subst reduce-trail-to.simps)
 by auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-map[simp]:
 reduce-trail-to (map\ f\ M)\ S = reduce-trail-to M\ S
 by (rule reduce-trail-to-length) simp
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-map[simp]:
  reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> (map\ f\ M)\ S = reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M\ S
 by (rule reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-length) simp
{\bf lemma}\ skip-or-resolve-state-change:
 assumes skip-or-resolve** S T
 shows
   \exists M. \ trail \ S = M @ \ trail \ T \land (\forall m \in set \ M. \neg is\text{-}decided \ m)
   clauses S = clauses T
   backtrack-lvl \ S = backtrack-lvl \ T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 case 1 show ?case by simp
 case 2 show ?case by simp
 case 3 show ?case by simp
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s-o-r = this(2) and IH = this(3) and IH' = this(3-5)
 case 2 show ?case using IH' s-o-r by (auto elim!: rulesE simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
 case 3 show ?case using IH' s-o-r by (auto elim!: rulesE simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
 case 1 show ?case
   using s-o-r
   proof cases
     case s-or-r-skip
     then show ?thesis using IH by (auto elim!: rulesE simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
     case s-or-r-resolve
     then show ?thesis
       using IH by (cases trail T) (auto elim!: rulesE simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
   qed
qed
```

6.3.3 Inclusion of Weidenbach's CDCL in NOT's CDCL

This lemma shows the inclusion of Weidenbach's CDCL $cdcl_W$ -merge (with merging) in NOT's $cdcl_{NOT}$ -merged-bj-learn.

```
lemma cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-merge S T
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
   \vee (no-step cdcl_W-merge T \wedge conflicting <math>T \neq None)
 using cdcl_W inv
proof induction
 case (fw\text{-}propagate\ S\ T) note propa = this(1)
 then obtain M N U k L C where
   H: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, None) \ and
   CL: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \text{ and }
   M-C: M \models as CNot C and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   T: state \ T = (Propagated \ L \ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ None)
   by (auto elim: propagate-high-levelE)
 have propagate_{NOT} S T
   using H CL T undef M-C by (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def state-eq-def clauses-def
     simp del: state-simp)
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.intros(2) by blast
 case (fw-decide S T) note dec = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 then obtain L where
   undef-L: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (init-clss S) and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Decided L)
     (update-backtrack-lvl (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)) S)
   by (auto elim: decideE)
 have decide_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule\ decide_{NOT}.decide_{NOT})
      using undef-L apply simp
    using atm-L inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def clauses-def
     apply auto[]
   using T undef-L unfolding state-eq-def state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def by (auto simp: clauses-def)
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT} by blast
 case (fw-forget S T) note rf = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 then obtain C where
    S: conflicting S = None and
    C-le: C \in \# learned-clss S and
    \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S\ and
    C \notin set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S)) and
    C-init: C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S and
    T: T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
   by (auto elim: forgetE)
 have init-clss S \models pm \ C
   using inv C-le unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def clauses-def
   by (meson true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
 then have S-C: removeAll-mset C (clauses S) \models pm \ C
   using C-init C-le unfolding clauses-def by (auto simp add: Un-Diff ac-simps)
```

```
have forget_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule forget_{NOT}.forget_{NOT})
     using S-C apply blast
     using S apply simp
    using C-init C-le apply (simp add: clauses-def)
   using T C-le C-init by (auto
     simp: state-eq-def \ Un-Diff \ state-eq_{NOT}-def \ clauses-def \ ac-simps
     simp del: state-simp)
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> by blast
next
 case (fw-conflict S T U) note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2) and inv = this(3)
 obtain C_S CT where
   confl-T: conflicting T = Some CT and
   CT: CT = C_S and
   C_S: C_S \in \# clauses S and
   tr-S-C_S: trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ C_S
   using confl by (elim conflictE) (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ confl\ inv\ by blast
 then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then consider
     (no\text{-}bt) skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} T U
   \mid (bt) \ T' where skip-or-resolve** T \ T' and backtrack \ T' \ U
   using bj rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-skip-or-resolve-backtrack unfolding full-def by meson
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case no-bt
     then have conflicting U \neq None
      using confl by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
      (auto simp del: state-simp simp: skip-or-resolve.simps state-eq-def elim!: rulesE)
     moreover then have no-step cdcl_W-merge U
      by (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge.simps elim: rulesE)
     ultimately show ?thesis by blast
     case bt note s-or-r = this(1) and bt = this(2)
     have cdcl_W^{**} T T'
      using s-or-r mono-rtranclp[of skip-or-resolve cdcl_W] rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W
      by blast
     then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T'
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv \langle cdcl_W-M-level-inv T \rangle by blast
     then obtain M1 M2 i D L K where
      confl-T': conflicting T' = Some D and
      LD: L \in \# D and
      M1-M2:(Decided\ K\ \#\ M1\ ,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (trail\ T')) and
      get-level (trail T') K = i+1
      get-level (trail T') L = backtrack-lvl T' and
      get-level (trail T') L = get-maximum-level (trail T') D and
      get-maximum-level (trail T') (remove1-mset L(D) = i and
       U: U \sim cons-trail (Propagated L D)
              (reduce-trail-to M1
                  (add-learned-cls D
                     (update-backtrack-lvl i
                       (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ T'))))
      using bt by (auto elim: backtrackE)
     have [simp]: clauses S = clauses T
```

```
using confl by (auto elim: rulesE)
have [simp]: clauses T = clauses T'
  using s-or-r
  proof (induction)
      {f case}\ base
      then show ?case by simp
  next
      case (step U V) note st = this(1) and s\text{-}o\text{-}r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
      have clauses U = clauses V
         using s-o-r by (auto simp: skip-or-resolve.simps elim: rulesE)
      then show ?case using IH by auto
  qed
have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
  by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps\ confl\ inv\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
      rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
have cdcl_W^{**} T T'
  using rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W s-or-r by blast
have inv-T': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T'
   using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid T \mid T' \rangle inv-T rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
have inv-U: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
  using cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W confl fw-r-conflict inv local.bj
  rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss T'
  using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid T \mid T' \rangle cdcl_W-init-clss confl cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def conflict inv
  by (metis \( cdcl_W \cdot M \cdcl_W \cdot M \cdcl_W \cdot T \) rtranclp-cdcl_W \( \cdot init \cds \) clss \( \cdot M \cdot M
then have atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses S)
  using inv-T' confl-T' LD unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def
   clauses-def
  by (simp add: atms-of-def image-subset-iff)
obtain M where tr-T: trail T = M @ trail T'
  using s-or-r skip-or-resolve-state-change by meson
obtain M' where
  tr-T': trail T' = M' @ Decided K # <math>tl (trail U) and
  tr-U: trail U = Propagated L D # <math>tl (trail U)
  using U M1-M2 inv-T' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
  by fastforce
\mathbf{def}\ M^{\prime\prime} \equiv M \ @\ M^{\prime}
have tr-T: trail S = M'' @ Decided K \# tl (trail U)
  using tr-T tr-T' confl unfolding M"-def by (auto elim: rulesE)
have init-clss T' + learned-clss S \models pm D
  using inv-T' confl-T' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
  clauses-def by simp
have reduce-trail-to (convert-trail-from-NOT (convert-trail-from-W M1)) S =
   reduce-trail-to M1 S
  by (rule reduce-trail-to-length) simp
moreover have trail (reduce-trail-to M1 S) = M1
  apply (rule \ reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning[of - M @ - @ M2 @ [Decided K]])
  using confl M1-M2 \langle trail \ T = M @ trail \ T' \rangle
      apply (auto dest!: qet-all-ann-decomposition-exists-prepend
         elim!: conflictE)
      by (rule sym) auto
ultimately have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M1 S) = M1
  using M1-M2 confl by (subst reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-reduce-trail-convert)
   (auto simp: comp-def elim: rulesE)
have every-mark-is-a-conflict U
```

```
using inv-U unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by simp
     then have U-D: tl\ (trail\ U) \models as\ CNot\ (remove1-mset\ L\ D)
       by (metis append-self-conv2 tr-U)
     have undef-L: undefined-lit (tl (trail U)) <math>L
       using U M1-M2 inv-U unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def
       by (auto simp: lits-of-def defined-lit-map)
     have backjump-l S U
       apply (rule backjump-l[of - - - - L D - remove1-mset L D])
              using tr-T apply simp
              using inv unfolding cdclw-all-struct-inv-def cdclw-M-level-inv-def
              apply (simp add: comp-def)
             using UM1-M2 confl M1-M2 inv-T' inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
             cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def
               trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-add-learned-cls)[]
            using C_S apply auto[]
           using tr-S-C_S apply simp
          using undef-L apply auto[]
         using atm-L apply (simp add: trail-reduce-trail-to_NOT-add-learned-cls)
        using \langle init\text{-}clss \ T' + learned\text{-}clss \ S \models pm \ D \rangle \ LD unfolding clauses\text{-}def
        apply simp
       using LD apply simp
       apply (metis U-D convert-trail-from-W-true-annots)
       using inv-T' inv-U U confl-T' undef-L M1-M2 LD unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
       distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp\ backjump-l-cond-def)
     then show ?thesis using cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l by fast
   qed
qed
abbreviation cdcl_{NOT}-restart where
cdcl_{NOT}-restart \equiv restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart cdcl_{NOT} restart
lemma\ cdcl_W-merge-restart-is-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn-restart-no-step:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T \vee (no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } T \wedge conflicting T \neq None)
proof -
  consider
     (fw) \ cdcl_W-merge S \ T
   \mid (fw-r) \ restart \ S \ T
   using cdcl_W by (meson\ cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps cdcl_W-rf.cases fw-conflict fw-decide fw-forget
     fw-propagate)
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case fw
     then have IH: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \vee (no-step \ cdcl_W-merge T \wedge conflicting \ T \neq None)
       using inv cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn by blast
     have invS: inv_{NOT} S
       using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     have ff2: cdcl_{NOT}^{++} S T \longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
        by (meson\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     have ff3: no-dup (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
       using invS by (simp add: comp-def)
     have cdcl_{NOT} \leq cdcl_{NOT}-restart
       by (auto simp: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.simps)
```

```
then show ?thesis
       using ff3 ff2 IH cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}
       rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-restart]\ invS\ predicate2D\ {f by}\ blast
   next
     \mathbf{case}\ \mathit{fw-r}
     then show ?thesis by (blast intro: restart-ops.cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-raw-restart.intros)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
abbreviation \mu_{FW} :: 'st \Rightarrow nat \text{ where }
\mu_{FW} S \equiv (if no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } S \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } 1 + \mu_{CDCL}'\text{-merged } (\text{set-mset } (init\text{-clss } S)) S)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-\mu_{FW}-decreasing:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   fw: cdcl_W-merge S T
 shows \mu_{FW} T < \mu_{FW} S
proof -
 let ?A = init\text{-}clss S
 have atm-clauses: atms-of-mm (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-mm ?A
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def clauses-def by auto
 have atm-trail: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm ?A
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def clauses-def by auto
 have n-d: no-dup (trail S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 have [simp]: \neg no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } S
   using fw by auto
 have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss T
   using cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W [of S T] inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge-restart.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}rf.simps\ fw)
  consider
     (merged) \ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T
   \mid (n-s) \text{ no-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } T
   using cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn inv fw by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case merged
     then show ?thesis
       using cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure'[OF - - atm-clauses, of T] atm-trail n-d
       by (auto split: if-split simp: comp-def image-image lits-of-def)
   next
     case n-s
     then show ?thesis by simp
   qed
qed
lemma wf\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge: wf {(T, S). cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv S \land cdcl_W\text{-}merge S T}
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of - - \mu_{FW}])
 using cdcl_W-merge-\mu_{FW}-decreasing by blast
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>-termination
 by unfold-locales (simp add: wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge)
```

6.3.4 Correctness of $cdcl_W$ -merge-stgy

```
lemma full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  assumes
    conflicting R = None  and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
  shows full cdcl_W-s' R V \longleftrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V (is ?s' \longleftrightarrow ?fw)
proof
  assume ?s'
  then have cdcl_W-s'** R V unfolding full-def by blast
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
    \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}s'^{**} \ R \ V \rangle \ inv \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}s'\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W}
    by blast
  then have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V
    using no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'-no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W-merge\text{-}stqy by (meson \land full \ cdcl_W\text{-}s' \ R \ V) \ full\text{-}def)
  have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
    by (metis \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ V \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W - s' \ R \ V \rangle \ bj \ full - def
      n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o)
  have n-s-cp: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
    proof -
      { fix ss :: 'st
        obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
           ff1: \forall s. \neg cdcl_W-all-struct-inv s \lor cdcl_W-s'-without-decide s (ssa s)
             \vee no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp s
           using conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp by moura
        have \forall p \ s \ sa. \neg full \ p \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor p^{**} \ s \ sa \land no\text{-step} \ p \ sa \ \text{and}
           \forall p \ s \ sa. \ (\neg p^{**} \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor (\exists s. \ p \ sa \ s)) \lor full \ p \ s \ sa
           by (meson full-def)+
        then have \neg cdcl_W-merge-cp V ss
           using ff1 by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ (cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\ V)\ (full\ cdcl_W\text{-}s'\ R\ V)\ cdcl_W\text{-}s'.simps
             cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases) }
      then show ?thesis
        \mathbf{by} blast
    qed
  consider
      (fw-no-confl) cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and conflicting V = None
      (fw\text{-}confl) \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ V \ \mathbf{and} \ conflicting \ V \neq None \ \mathbf{and} \ no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}bj \ V
    | (fw-dec-confl) S T U  where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S  and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S  and
         decide \ S \ T \ and \ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} \ T \ U \ and \ conflict \ U \ V
    \mid (fw\text{-}dec\text{-}no\text{-}confl) \ S \ T \ \text{where} \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ S \ \text{and} \ no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ S \ \text{and}
         decide S T and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
    | (cp\text{-}no\text{-}confl) \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ V \ \mathbf{and} \ conflicting \ V = None
    | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
    using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-decomp-into-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge | OF
      \langle cd\bar{c}l_W-s'** R\ V \rangle\ assms] by auto
  then show ?fw
    proof cases
      case fw-no-confl
      then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by blast
    next
      case fw-confl
      then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by blast
      case fw-dec-confl
      have cdcl_W-merge-cp U V
        using n-s-bj by (metis cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps full-unfold fw-dec-confl(5))
```

```
then have full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
       unfolding full1-def by (metis fw-dec-confl(4) n-s-cp tranclp-unfold-end)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-stqy S V using \langle decide\ S\ T \rangle \langle no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp\ S \rangle by auto
     then show ?thesis using n-s < cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R > S unfolding full-def by auto
     case fw-dec-no-confl
     then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
       using n-s-cp unfolding full-def by blast
     then have cdcl_W-merge-styy S V using \langle decide\ S\ T \rangle \langle no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp\ S \rangle by auto
     then show ?thesis using n-s \in cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S unfolding full-def by auto
   next
     case cp-no-confl
     then have full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp R\ V
       by (simp add: full-def n-s-cp)
     then have R = V \vee cdcl_W-merge-stgy<sup>++</sup> R V
       using fw-s-cp unfolding full-unfold fw-s-cp
      by (metis (no-types) rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
     then show ?thesis
       by (simp add: full-def n-s rtranclp-unfold)
   \mathbf{next}
     case cp-confl
     have full cdcl_W-bj V
       using n-s-bj unfolding full-def by blast
     then have full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp R\ V
       unfolding full1-def by (meson cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' cp-confl(1,2) n-s-cp
         rtranclp-into-tranclp1)
     then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by auto
   qed
next
 assume ?fw
 then have cdcl_W^{**} R V using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy\ cdcl_W^{**}]
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full-def by auto
  then have inv': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-s'** R V
   using \langle ?fw \rangle by (simp\ add:\ full-def\ inv\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s')
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s' V
   proof cases
     assume conflicting V = None
     then show ?thesis
       \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis} \ \mathit{inv'} \ \langle \mathit{full} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-} \mathit{merge-stgy} \ \mathit{R} \ \mathit{V} \rangle \ \mathit{full-def}
         no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
   next
     assume confl-V: conflicting V \neq None
     then have no-step cdcl_W-bj V
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by (meson \ \ full \ cdcl_W-merge-stgy R \ \ V)
       assms(1) full-def)
     then show ?thesis using confl-V by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps full1-def cdcl_W-cp.simps
       dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
   qed
 ultimately show ?s' unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-full-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes
   conflicting R = None  and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
```

```
shows full cdcl_W-stgy R V \longleftrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V
  by (simp\ add:\ assms\ full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-merge-restart\ full-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-full-cdcl_W-s')
lemma full-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-final-state-conclusive':
  fixes S' :: 'st
  assumes
   full: full cdcl_W-merge-stgy (init-state N) S' and
   no-d: distinct-mset-mset N
  shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset N))
    \vee (conflicting S' = None \wedge trail S' \models asm N \wedge satisfiable (set-mset N))
proof -
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (init-state N)
   using no-d unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 moreover have conflicting (init-state N) = None
   by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using full full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-from-init-state
   full-cdcl_W-stgy-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge no-d by presburger
qed
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Restart
imports CDCL-W-Merge
begin
6.3.5
           Adding Restarts
locale cdcl_W-restart =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning_W
    — functions for the state:
      — access functions:
   trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting
       — changing state:
    cons\text{-}trail\ tl\text{-}trail\ add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ remove\text{-}cls\ update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
    update-conflicting
      — get state:
   init-state
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \ {\bf and}
   init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
   backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
   conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clause option and
   cons-trail :: ('v, 'v clause) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ and
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update\text{-}conflicting :: 'v \ clause \ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
   init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
  assumes f: unbounded f
```

begin

The condition of the differences of cardinality has to be strict. Otherwise, you could be in a strange state, where nothing remains to do, but a restart is done. See the proof of well-foundedness.

```
inductive cdcl_W-merge-with-restart where
restart-step:
   (cdcl_W-merge-stgy ^{\sim}(card\ (set-mset\ (learned-clss\ T)) - card\ (set-mset\ (learned-clss\ S)))) S T
   \implies card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) - card (set-mset (learned-clss S)) > f n
   \implies restart \ T \ U \implies cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) \ (U, Suc \ n)
restart-full: full1 cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart** (fst S) (fst T)
   by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
   (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge tranclp-into-rtranclp
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-
       fw-r-rf cdcl_W-rf.restart
      simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
   cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ (fst \ S) \ (fst \ T)
   by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
   (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W\ cdcl_W.rf
      cdcl_W-rf.restart tranclp-into-rtranclp simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-increasing-number:
   cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow snd T = 1 + snd S
   by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct) auto
lemma full cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
   using restart-full by blast
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-learned-clss-bound:
   assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   shows set-mset (learned-clss S) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
proof
   \mathbf{fix} \ C
  assume C: C \in set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S)
  have distinct-mset C
     using C inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def distinct-mset-set-def
   moreover have \neg tautology C
     using C inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
   moreover
     have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mm (learned-clss S)
        using C by auto
     then have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
     using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def by force
   moreover have finite (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
     using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
   ultimately show C \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (init\text{-}clss S))
     {\bf using} \ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}not\text{-}tautology\text{-}implies\text{-}in\text{-}simple\text{-}clss\text{-}simple\text{-}clss\text{-}mono
     by blast
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-init-clss:
  cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv (fst S) \Longrightarrow
  init-clss (fst S) = init-clss (fst T)
  using cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss by blast
lemma
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (fst \ S) \land cdcl_W - merge - with - restart \ S \ T\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain g where
   g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (g\ i)\ (g\ (Suc\ i)) and
   inv: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst (g\ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
  { fix i
   have init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ i))=init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ 0))
     apply (induction i)
      apply simp
     using q inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (metis cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-init-clss)
   } note init-g = this
 let ?S = g \theta
 have finite (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ (fst \ ?S)))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g \ i) = i + snd (g \ \theta)
   apply (induct-tac i)
     apply simp
   by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add-Suc cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-increasing-number q)
  then have snd-g-\theta: \bigwedge i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd(g i) = i + snd(g \theta)
   by blast
 have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-g
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le le-iff-add)
 obtain k where
   f-g-k: f (snd (g k)) > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S)))) and
   k > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
   using not-bounded-nat-exists-larger[OF unbounded-f-g] by blast
The following does not hold anymore with the non-strict version of cardinality in the definition.
   assume no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy (fst (g\ i))
   with g[of i]
   have False
     proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
       case (restart-step T S n) note H = this(1) and c = this(2) and n-s = this(4)
       obtain S' where cdcl_W-merge-stqy SS'
        using H c by (metis qr-implies-not0 relpowp-E2)
       then show False using n-s by auto
       case (restart\text{-}full\ S\ T)
       then show False unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclpD)
     qed
   \} note H = this
  obtain m T where
   m: m = card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ T)) - card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ (g \ k)))) and
   m > f (snd (g k)) and
   restart T (fst (g(k+1))) and
```

```
using g[of k] H[of Suc k] by (force simp: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.simps full1-def)
  have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** (fst (g k)) T
   using cdcl_W-merge-stgy relpowp-imp-rtranclp by metis
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using inv[of k] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   by blast
 moreover have card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) – card (set-mset (learned-clss (fst (g \ k))))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     unfolding m[symmetric] using \langle m \rangle f (snd (g k))\rangle f-g-k by linarith
   then have card (set-mset (learned-clss T))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     by linarith
 moreover
   have init\text{-}clss\ (fst\ (g\ k)) = init\text{-}clss\ T
     \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ (fst \ (g \ k)) \ T \rangle \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W
     rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by blast
   then have init-clss (fst ?S) = init-clss T
     using init-g[of k] by auto
  ultimately show False
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-learned-clss-bound
   by (simp add: \langle finite\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ (fst\ (q\ \theta)))) \rangle simple-clss-finite
     card-mono leD)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst R) and
  st: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses (fst R)) and
  R: trail (fst R) = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses (fst S))
 using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction)
 case (restart-full S T)
 then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses [of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
 case (restart-step T S n U)
 then have distinct-mset (clauses T)
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W\mathit{-merge-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses}[\mathit{of}\ S\ T]\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ \mathit{full1-def}
   by (auto dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then show ?case using \langle restart\ T\ U \rangle unfolding clauses-def
   by (metis distinct-mset-union fstI restartE subset-mset.le-iff-add union-assoc)
qed
inductive cdcl_W-with-restart where
restart-step:
 (cdcl_W - stqy \frown (card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) - card (set-mset (learned-clss S)))) S T \Longrightarrow
    card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss S)) > f n \Longrightarrow
    restart T U \Longrightarrow
  cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (U, Suc n)
restart-full: full1 cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ (fst \ S) \ (fst \ T)
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct)
```

```
by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp tranclp-into-rtranclp fw-r-rf
    cdcl_W-rf.restart rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W
   simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-increasing-number:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow snd T = 1 + snd S
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct) auto
lemma full1 cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
  using restart-full by blast
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-init-clss:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv (fst S) \Longrightarrow init-clss (fst S) = init-clss (fst T)
  using cdcl_W-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss by blast
lemma
  wf \{ (T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (fst S) \land cdcl_W - with - restart \ S \ T \}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain g where
   g: \Lambda i. \ cdcl_W-with-restart (g \ i) \ (g \ (Suc \ i)) and
   inv: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst (g\ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
  { fix i
   have init-clss (fst (g\ i)) = init-clss (fst (g\ 0))
     apply (induction i)
      apply simp
     using g inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (metis cdcl_W-with-restart-init-clss)
   \} note init-g = this
 let ?S = q \theta
 have finite (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ (fst \ ?S)))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g i) = i + snd (g 0)
   apply (induct-tac i)
     apply simp
   by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add-Suc cdcl_W-with-restart-increasing-number g)
  then have snd-q-\theta: \land i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd(q i) = i + snd(q \theta)
   by blast
 have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-g
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le le-iff-add)
 obtain k where
   f-g-k: f (snd (g k)) > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst <math>?S)))) and
   k > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
   using not-bounded-nat-exists-larger[OF unbounded-f-g] by blast
The following does not hold anymore with the non-strict version of cardinality in the definition.
  { fix i
   assume no-step cdcl_W-stgy (fst (g i))
   with g[of i]
   have False
     proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct)
       case (restart-step T S n) note H = this(1) and c = this(2) and n-s = this(4)
       obtain S' where cdcl_W-stgy S S'
        using H c by (metis gr-implies-not0 relpowp-E2)
```

```
then show False using n-s by auto
     next
       case (restart-full S T)
       then show False unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclpD)
     qed
   } note H = this
  obtain m T where
   m: m = card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss (fst (g k))))) and
   m > f \ (snd \ (g \ k)) and
   restart T (fst (g(k+1))) and
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy: (cdcl_W-stgy ^{\frown} m) (fst (g \ k)) T
   using g[of k] H[of Suc k] by (force simp: cdcl_W-with-restart.simps full1-def)
  have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (fst (g \ k)) T
   using cdcl_W-merge-stgy relpowp-imp-rtranclp by metis
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using inv[of k] rtranelp-cdel_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranelp-cdel_W-stgy-rtranelp-cdel_W by blast
  moreover have card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) – card (set-mset (learned-clss (fst (g \ k))))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     unfolding m[symmetric] using \langle m > f \ (snd \ (g \ k)) \rangle f-g-k by linarith
   then have card (set-mset (learned-clss T))
     > card \ (simple-clss \ (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ (fst \ ?S))))
     by linarith
 moreover
   have init\text{-}clss\ (fst\ (g\ k)) = init\text{-}clss\ T
     using \langle cdcl_W - stqy^{**} \rangle (fst (q k)) T > rtranclp-cdcl_W - stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W - rtranclp-cdcl_W - init-clss
     inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
     by blast
   then have init-clss (fst ?S) = init-clss T
     using init-g[of k] by auto
 ultimately show False
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}bound
   by (simp add: \langle finite\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ 0)))) \rangle simple-clss-finite
     card-mono leD)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst R) and
  st: cdcl_W-with-restart R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses (fst R)) and
  R: trail (fst R) = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses (fst S))
 using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction)
 case (restart\text{-}full\ S\ T)
 then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
  case (restart-step \ T \ S \ n \ U)
 then have distinct-mset (clauses T) using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-distinct-mset-clauses [of S T]
   unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
 then show ?case using \langle restart\ T\ U \rangle unfolding clauses-def
   by (metis distinct-mset-union fstI restartE subset-mset.le-iff-add union-assoc)
qed
end
locale luby-sequence =
```

```
fixes ur :: nat
 assumes ur > 0
begin
lemma exists-luby-decomp:
 fixes i :: nat
 shows \exists k :: nat. (2 \ \widehat{\ } (k-1) \le i \land i < 2 \ \widehat{\ } k-1) \lor i = 2 \ \widehat{\ } k-1
proof (induction i)
 case \theta
 then show ?case
   by (rule\ exI[of\ -\ 0],\ simp)
next
 case (Suc\ n)
 then obtain k where 2 \hat{k} (k-1) \leq n \wedge n < 2 \hat{k} - 1 \vee n = 2 \hat{k} - 1
   by blast
 then consider
     (st-interv) 2 \ \widehat{} (k-1) \le n \text{ and } n \le 2 \ \widehat{} k-2
   | (end\text{-}interv) 2 \hat{\ } (k-1) \leq n \text{ and } n=2 \hat{\ } k-2
    (pow2) \ n = 2 \ \hat{k} - 1
   by linarith
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case st-interv
     then show ?thesis apply - apply (rule\ ext[of\ -\ k])
       by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-diff-Suc Suc-lessI
         \langle 2 \cap (k-1) \langle n \wedge n \langle 2 \cap k-1 \rangle \rangle = 2 \cap k-1 \rangle diff-self-eq-0
         dual-order.trans le-SucI le-imp-less-Suc numeral-2-eq-2 one-le-numeral
         one-le-power zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
   next
     case end-interv
     then show ?thesis apply – apply (rule\ ext[of\ -k]) by auto
   next
     then show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - k+1]) by auto
   qed
qed
```

Luby sequences are defined by:

- $2^k 1$, if $i = (2::'a)^k (1::'a)$
- luby-sequence-core $(i-2^{k-1}+1)$, if $(2::'a)^{k-1} \leq i$ and $i \leq (2::'a)^k (1::'a)$

Then the sequence is then scaled by a constant unit run (called ur here), strictly positive.

```
function luby-sequence-core :: nat \Rightarrow nat where luby-sequence-core i = (if \exists k. \ i = 2 \hat{\ }k - 1 \ then \ 2 \hat{\ }((SOME \ k. \ i = 2 \hat{\ }k - 1) - 1) \ else luby-sequence-core (i - 2 \hat{\ }((SOME \ k. \ 2 \hat{\ }(k-1) \leq i \land i < 2 \hat{\ }k - 1) - 1) + 1)) by auto termination proof (relation less-than, goal-cases) case 1 then show ?case by auto next
```

```
case (2 i)
 let ?k = SOME \ k. 2 \ \hat{\ } (k-1) \le i \land i < 2 \ \hat{\ } k-1
 have 2^{(k-1)} \le i \land i < 2^{(k-1)}
   apply (rule some I-ex)
   using 2 exists-luby-decomp by blast
  then show ?case
   proof -
     have \forall n \ na. \ \neg (1::nat) \leq n \lor 1 \leq n \ \widehat{} \ na
       by (meson one-le-power)
     then have f1: (1::nat) \le 2 \ (?k-1)
       using one-le-numeral by blast
     have f2: i - 2 \ (?k - 1) + 2 \ (?k - 1) = i
       using \langle 2 \ \widehat{\ } (?k-1) \leq i \land i < 2 \ \widehat{\ }?k-1 \rangle le-add-diff-inverse2 by blast
     have f3: 2 \stackrel{\frown}{?}k - 1 \neq Suc \ 0
       using f1 \langle 2 \ \widehat{} \ (?k-1) \leq i \wedge i < 2 \ \widehat{} \ ?k-1 \rangle by linarith
     have 2 \ \widehat{\ }?k - (1::nat) \neq 0
       using \langle 2 \cap (?k-1) \leq i \wedge i < 2 \cap ?k-1 \rangle gr-implies-not0 by blast
     then have f_4: 2 \ \widehat{\ }?k \neq (1::nat)
       by linarith
     have f5: \forall n \ na. \ if \ na = 0 \ then \ (n::nat) \cap na = 1 \ else \ n \cap na = n * n \cap (na - 1)
       by (simp add: power-eq-if)
     then have ?k \neq 0
       using f_4 by meson
     then have 2 \cap (?k-1) \neq Suc \ \theta
       using f5 f3 by presburger
     then have Suc \ \theta < 2 \ \widehat{\ } (?k-1)
       using f1 by linarith
     then show ?thesis
       using f2 less-than-iff by presburger
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
function natlog2 :: nat \Rightarrow nat where
natlog2 \ n = (if \ n = 0 \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1 + natlog2 \ (n \ div \ 2))
 using not0-implies-Suc by auto
termination by (relation measure (\lambda n. n)) auto
declare natlog2.simps[simp del]
declare luby-sequence-core.simps[simp del]
lemma two-pover-n-eq-two-power-n'-eq:
 assumes H: (2::nat) ^ (k::nat) - 1 = 2 ^ k' - 1
 shows k' = k
proof -
 have (2::nat) \hat{\ } (k::nat) = 2 \hat{\ } k'
   using H by (metis One-nat-def Suc-pred zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
 then show ?thesis by simp
qed
lemma luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one:
 luby-sequence-core (2\hat{k}-1)=2\hat{k}-1 (is ?L=?K)
proof -
 have decomp: \exists ka. \ 2 \ \hat{k} - 1 = 2 \ \hat{k}a - 1
   by auto
```

```
have ?L = 2^{(SOME k'. (2::nat)^k - 1 = 2^k' - 1) - 1)}
   apply (subst luby-sequence-core.simps, subst decomp)
   by simp
 moreover have (SOME k'. (2::nat) k - 1 = 2k' - 1 = k
   apply (rule some-equality)
     apply simp
     using two-pover-n-eq-two-power-n'-eq by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
qed
lemma different-luby-decomposition-false:
 assumes
   H: 2 \cap (k - Suc \ \theta) \leq i \text{ and }
   k': i < 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \theta and
   k-k': k > k'
 shows False
proof -
 have 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \theta < 2 \hat{k} - Suc \theta
   using k-k' less-eq-Suc-le by auto
 then show ?thesis
   using H k' by linarith
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{luby-sequence-core-not-two-power-minus-one}:
 assumes
   k-i: 2 \cap (k-1) \leq i and
   i-k: i < 2^k - 1
 shows luby-sequence-core i = luby-sequence-core (i - 2 \ (k - 1) + 1)
proof -
 have H: \neg (\exists ka. \ i = 2 \land ka - 1)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain k'::nat where k': i = 2 \hat{k}' - 1 by blast
     have (2::nat) \hat{k}' - 1 < 2 \hat{k} - 1
      using i-k unfolding k'.
     then have (2::nat) \hat{k}' < 2 \hat{k}
      by linarith
     then have k' < k
      by simp
     have 2 \hat{\ } (k-1) \leq 2 \hat{\ } k' - (1::nat)
      using k-i unfolding k'.
     then have (2::nat) \hat{k} (k-1) < 2 \hat{k}'
      by (metis Suc-diff-1 not-le not-less-eq zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
     then have k-1 < k'
      by simp
     show False using \langle k' < k \rangle \langle k-1 < k' \rangle by linarith
 have \bigwedge k \ k'. 2 \ (k - Suc \ 0) \le i \Longrightarrow i < 2 \ k - Suc \ 0 \Longrightarrow 2 \ (k' - Suc \ 0) \le i \Longrightarrow
   i < 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow k = k'
   by (meson different-luby-decomposition-false linorder-neqE-nat)
  then have k: (SOME \ k. \ 2 \ (k - Suc \ \theta) \le i \land i < 2 \ k - Suc \ \theta) = k
   using k-i i-k by auto
 show ?thesis
   apply (subst luby-sequence-core.simps[of i], subst H)
   by (simp \ add: k)
```

```
{\bf lemma}\ unbounded{\it -luby-sequence-core}:\ unbounded\ luby{\it -sequence-core}
 unfolding bounded-def
proof
 assume \exists b. \forall n. luby-sequence-core n \leq b
 then obtain b where b: \bigwedge n. luby-sequence-core n \leq b
   by metis
 have luby-sequence-core (2^{(b+1)} - 1) = 2^{b}
   using luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one [of b+1] by simp
 moreover have (2::nat)^b > b
   by (induction b) auto
 ultimately show False using b[of 2^{\hat{}}(b+1) - 1] by linarith
abbreviation luby-sequence :: nat \Rightarrow nat where
luby-sequence n \equiv ur * luby-sequence-core n
lemma bounded-luby-sequence: unbounded luby-sequence
 using bounded-const-product[of ur] luby-sequence-axioms
 luby-sequence-def unbounded-luby-sequence-core by blast
lemma luby-sequence-core 0: luby-sequence-core 0 = 1
proof -
 have \theta: (\theta :: nat) = 2 \theta - 1
   by auto
 show ?thesis
   by (subst 0, subst luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one) simp
lemma luby-sequence-core n \geq 1
proof (induction n rule: nat-less-induct-case)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by (simp add: luby-sequence-core-0)
next
 case (Suc \ n) note IH = this
 consider
     (interv) k where 2 \ \widehat{} \ (k-1) \le Suc \ n and Suc \ n < 2 \ \widehat{} \ k-1
   |(pow2)| k where Suc n = 2 \hat{k} - Suc \theta
   using exists-luby-decomp[of Suc n] by auto
 then show ?case
    proof cases
     case pow2
     show ?thesis
       using luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one pow2 by auto
    next
     case interv
     have n: Suc \ n - 2 \ \widehat{\ } (k - 1) + 1 < Suc \ n
       by (metis Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add.commute add-diff-cancel-left' add-less-mono1 gr0I
         interv(1) interv(2) le-add-diff-inverse2 less-Suc-eq not-le power-0 power-one-right
         power-strict-increasing-iff)
     show ?thesis
       apply (subst luby-sequence-core-not-two-power-minus-one[OF interv])
       using IH n by auto
```

```
qed
\mathbf{qed}
end
{\bf locale}\ \mathit{luby-sequence-restart} =
  luby-sequence ur +
  conflict-driven-clause-learning_W
    — functions for the state:
       — access functions:
    trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting
        - changing state:
    cons\text{-}trail\ tl\text{-}trail\ add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ remove\text{-}cls\ update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
    update	ext{-}conflicting
        — get state:
    init-state
  for
    ur :: nat  and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \ and
    hd\text{-}trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann\text{-}lit \ \mathbf{and}
    init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ option \ {\bf and}
    \mathit{cons-trail} :: ('v, 'v \ \mathit{clause}) \ \mathit{ann-lit} \Rightarrow '\mathit{st} \Rightarrow '\mathit{st} \ \mathbf{and}
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls:: 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st\ \mathbf{and}
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update\text{-}conflicting :: 'v \ clause \ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st
begin
sublocale cdcl_W-restart - - - - - - - luby-sequence
  apply unfold-locales
  using bounded-luby-sequence by blast
end
theory CDCL-W-Incremental
\mathbf{imports}\ \mathit{CDCL}\text{-}\mathit{W}\text{-}\mathit{Termination}
begin
```

6.4 Incremental SAT solving

```
\begin{aligned} & \textbf{locale} \ \ \textit{state}_W \text{-} \textit{adding-init-clause} = \\ & \textit{state}_W \\ & - \text{functions about the state:} \\ & - \text{getter:} \\ & \textit{trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting} \\ & - \text{setter:} \\ & \textit{cons-trail tl-trail add-learned-cls remove-cls update-backtrack-lvl update-conflicting} \end{aligned}
```

```
— Some specific states:
    in it\text{-}state
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \ \mathbf{and}
    init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{and}
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ option \ \mathbf{and}
    cons-trail :: ('v, 'v clause) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update\text{-}conflicting :: 'v \ clause \ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
    add-init-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st
  assumes
    add-init-cls:
      state \ st = (M, N, U, S') \Longrightarrow
        state (add-init-cls C st) = (M, \{\#C\#\} + N, U, S')
begin
lemma
  trail-add-init-cls[simp]:
    trail\ (add-init-cls\ C\ st)=trail\ st\ and
  init-clss-add-init-cls[simp]:
    init\text{-}clss\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = \{\#C\#\} + init\text{-}clss\ st
    and
  learned-clss-add-init-cls[simp]:
    learned-clss (add-init-cls C st) = learned-clss st and
  backtrack-lvl-add-init-cls[simp]:
    backtrack-lvl (add-init-cls C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
  conflicting-add-init-cls[simp]:
    conflicting (add-init-cls \ C \ st) = conflicting \ st
  using add-init-cls[of\ st\ -\ -\ -\ C] by (cases\ state\ st;\ auto)+
lemma clauses-add-init-cls[simp]:
   clauses (add-init-cls NS) = \{\#N\#\} + init-clss S + learned-clss S
   unfolding clauses-def by auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-add-init-cls[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (add-init-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
  by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma conflicting-add-init-cls-iff-conflicting[simp]:
  conflicting (add-init-cls CS) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting S = None
  by fastforce+
end
locale\ conflict-driven-clause-learning-with-adding-init-clause_W =
  state_W-adding-init-clause
```

```
— functions for the state:
      — access functions:
   trail init-clss learned-clss backtrack-lvl conflicting
      — changing state:
    cons\text{-}trail\ tl\text{-}trail\ add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ remove\text{-}cls\ update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
    update-conflicting
      — get state:
    init-state
       — Adding a clause:
   add-init-cls
  for
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \ \mathbf{and}
   hd\text{-}trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann\text{-}lit \ \mathbf{and}
    init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
   backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clause option and
    cons-trail :: ('v, 'v clause) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-learned-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update-conflicting :: 'v clause option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    init-state :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-init-cls :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W
 by unfold-locales
This invariant holds all the invariant related to the strategy. See the structural invariant in
cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
definition cdcl_W-stgy-invariant where
cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S \longleftrightarrow
  conflict-is-false-with-level S
  \land no-clause-is-false S
 \land no-smaller-confl S
  \land no-clause-is-false S
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-invariant:
  assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy S T and
   inv-s: cdcl_W-stqy-invariant S and
  inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows
    cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
  unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply (intro conjI)
   apply (rule cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S])
   using assms unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply auto[7]
   using cdcl_W cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss apply simp
  apply (rule cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv)
  using assms unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply auto[4]
  using cdcl_W cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss by auto
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant:
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
  inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
  inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
  using assms apply (induction)
   apply simp
 using cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
 rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
abbreviation decr-bt-lvl where
decr-bt-lvl \ S \equiv update-backtrack-lvl \ (backtrack-lvl \ S - 1) \ S
When we add a new clause, we reduce the trail until we get to the first literal included in C.
Then we can mark the conflict.
fun cut-trail-wrt-clause where
cut-trail-wrt-clause C [] S = S
cut-trail-wrt-clause C (Decided L \# M) S =
 (if -L \in \# C \text{ then } S
   else cut-trail-wrt-clause C M (decr-bt-lvl (tl-trail S))) |
cut-trail-wrt-clause C (Propagated L - \# M) S =
 (if -L \in \# C \text{ then } S
   else cut-trail-wrt-clause C M (tl-trail S)
definition add-new-clause-and-update :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
add-new-clause-and-update CS =
  (if trail S \models as \ CNot \ C
  then update-conflicting (Some C) (add-init-cls C
   (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ S)\ S))
  else add-init-cls CS)
thm cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct
lemma init-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
  init-clss (cut-trail-wrt-clause C M S) = init-clss S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma learned-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
  learned-clss (cut-trail-wrt-clause C M S) = learned-clss S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma conflicting-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
  conflicting\ (cut-trail-wrt-clause\ C\ M\ S) = conflicting\ S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause:
 \exists M. \ trail \ S = M @ trail \ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ S) \ S)
proof (induction trail S arbitrary: S rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Decided L M) note IH = this(1)[of decr-bt-lvl (tl-trail S)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case using Cons-eq-appendI by fastforce+
next
```

```
case (Propagated L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail\ S] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case using Cons-eq-appendI by fastforce+
qed
lemma n-dup-no-dup-trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
 assumes n-d: no-dup (trail\ T)
 shows no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
proof
 obtain M where
   M: trail \ T = M \ @ trail \ (cut-trail-wrt-clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T)
   using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause [of T C] by auto
 show ?thesis
   using n-d unfolding arg-cong[OF M, of no-dup] by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{cut-trail-wrt-clause-backtrack-lvl-length-decided}\colon
 assumes
    backtrack-lvl T = count-decided (trail T)
 shows
   backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T) =
     count-decided (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Decided L M) note IH = this(1)[of decr-bt-lvl (tl-trail T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by auto
 case (Propagated L | M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail T | and M = this(2)[symmetric] and bt =
this(3)
 then show ?case by auto
qed
lemma cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail:
 assumes trail T \models as \ CNot \ C
 shows
   (trail\ ((cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T))) \models as\ CNot\ C
 using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Decided L M) note IH = this(1)[of decr-bt-lvl (tl-trail T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
 show ?case
   proof (cases count C (-L) = \theta)
     case False
     then show ?thesis
      using IH M bt by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
     case True
     obtain mma :: 'v clause where
      f6: (mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\} \longrightarrow M \models a\ mma) \longrightarrow M \models as \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\}
      using true-annots-def by blast
```

```
have mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\} \longrightarrow trail\ T \models a\ mma
       using CNot-def M bt by (metis (no-types) true-annots-def)
     then have M \models as \{ \{ \# - l \# \} \mid l. \ l \in \# \ C \}
       using f6 True M bt by (force simp: count-eq-zero-iff)
     then show ?thesis
        using IH true-annots-true-cls M by (auto simp: CNot-def)
   qed
next
  case (Propagated L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail T] and M = this(2)[symmetric] and bt =
this(3)
 show ?case
   proof (cases count C (-L) = \theta)
     case False
     then show ?thesis
       using IH M bt by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
   next
     case True
     obtain mma :: 'v clause where
       f6\colon (mma\in\{\{\#-l\#\}\mid l.\ l\in\#\ C\}\longrightarrow M\models a\ mma)\longrightarrow M\models as\ \{\{\#-l\#\}\mid l.\ l\in\#\ C\}
       \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{true\text{-}annots\text{-}} \mathit{def} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast}
     have mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\} \longrightarrow trail\ T \models a\ mma
        using CNot-def M bt by (metis (no-types) true-annots-def)
     then have M \models as \{ \{ \# - l \# \} \mid l. \ l \in \# \ C \}
       using f6 True M bt by (force simp: count-eq-zero-iff)
     then show ?thesis
       using IH true-annots-true-cls M by (auto simp: CNot-def)
   qed
qed
lemma cut-trail-wrt-clause-hd-trail-in-or-empty-trail:
  ((\forall L \in \#C. -L \notin lits - of -l (trail T)) \land trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T) = [])
    \vee (-lit\text{-}of \ (hd \ (trail \ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T))) \in \# \ C
       \land length (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)) \geq 1)
  using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Decided L M) note IH = this(1)[of decr-bt-lvl (tl-trail T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
  then show ?case by simp force
  case (Propagated L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail T] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case by simp force
We can fully run cdcl_W-s or add a clause. Remark that we use cdcl_W-s to avoid an explicit
skip, resolve, and backtrack normalisation to get rid of the conflict C if possible.
inductive incremental-cdcl<sub>W</sub> :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S where
add-confl:
  trail \ S \models asm \ init-clss \ S \Longrightarrow distinct-mset \ C \Longrightarrow conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
   trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow
  full\ cdcl_W-stgy
    (update\text{-}conflicting\ (Some\ C))
       (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ S)\ S)))\ T \Longrightarrow
   incremental\text{-}cdcl_W \ S \ T \ |
add-no-confl:
```

```
trail \ S \models asm \ init\text{-}clss \ S \Longrightarrow distinct\text{-}mset \ C \Longrightarrow conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
   \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow
  full\ cdcl_W-stgy (add-init-cls C\ S) T\implies
  incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}add\text{-}new\text{-}clause\text{-}and\text{-}update\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{:}}
  assumes
    inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   tr-T-N[simp]: trail T \models asm N and
    tr-C[simp]: trail T \models as CNot C and
   [simp]: distinct-mset C
 shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (add-new-clause-and-update C T) (is cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T')
proof -
  let ?T = update\text{-}conflicting (Some C)
    (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T))
  obtain M where
   M: trail \ T = M @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T)
      using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause of T C by blast
  have H[dest]: \Lambda x. \ x \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T)) \Longrightarrow
   x \in \mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}\mathit{l}\ (\mathit{trail}\ T)
   using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of lits-of-l] by auto
  have H'[dest]: \bigwedge x. \ x \in set \ (trail \ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T)) \Longrightarrow
   x \in set (trail T)
   using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of set] by auto
  have H-proped: \Lambda x. x \in set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C
  (trail\ T)\ T))) \Longrightarrow x \in set\ (get-all-mark-of-propagated\ (trail\ T))
  using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of get-all-mark-of-propagated] by auto
 have [simp]: no-strange-atm?T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def add-new-clause-and-update-def
    cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto 20 1)
  have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
  then have no-dup (M @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
    unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def unfolding M[symmetric] by auto
  then have [simp]: no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
   by auto
  have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (M \otimes trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
   using M-lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def unfolding M[symmetric] by auto
  then have [simp]: consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C
   (trail\ T)\ T)))
   unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
  have [simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv ?T
   using M-lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto dest: H H'
      simp: M-lev\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def\ cut-trail-wrt-clause-backtrack-lvl-length-decided)
  have [simp]: \land s. \ s \in \# \ learned\text{-}clss \ T \Longrightarrow \neg tautology \ s
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ T
    using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  then have [simp]: distinct-cdcl_W-state ?T
   unfolding distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}def by auto
```

```
have cdcl_W-conflicting T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have trail ?T \models as CNot C
    by (simp add: cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail)
 then have [simp]: cdcl_W-conflicting ?T
   unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def apply simp
   by (metis M \langle cdcl_W-conflicting T \rangle append-assoc cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp(2))
 have
   decomp-T: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (init-clss \ T) \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ (trail \ T))
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss ?T)
   (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail ?T))
   unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   proof clarify
     \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
     assume (a, b) \in set (qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail ?T))
     from in-get-all-ann-decomposition-in-get-all-ann-decomposition-prepend[OF this, of M]
     obtain b' where
      (a, b' \otimes b) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail T))
      using M by auto
     then have unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ T) \models ps \ unmark-l \ (b' @ b)
      using decomp-T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by fastforce
     then have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (init-clss ?T) \models ps unmark-l (b \otimes b')
      by (simp add: Un-commute)
     then show unmark-l a \cup set-mset (init-clss ?T) \models ps unmark-l b
      by (auto \ simp: image-Un)
   qed
 have [simp]: cdcl_W-learned-clause ?T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
   by (auto dest!: H-proped simp: clauses-def)
 show ?thesis
   using \langle all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}m \ (init\text{-}clss\ ?T)
   (qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail ?T))
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-stgy-inv:
 assumes
   inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   tr-T-N[simp]: trail T \models asm N and
   tr-C[simp]: trail T \models as CNot C and
   [simp]: distinct-mset C
 shows cdcl_W-stgy-invariant (add-new-clause-and-update C T)
   (is cdcl_W-stgy-invariant ?T')
proof
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T'
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv assms by blast
 then have
   no-dup-cut-T[simp]: no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)) and
   n-d[simp]: no-dup (trail T)
   using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(2) cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def inv
   n-dup-no-dup-trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause by blast+
```

```
then have trail\ (add\text{-}new\text{-}clause\text{-}and\text{-}update\ C\ T) \models as\ CNot\ C
 by (simp add: add-new-clause-and-update-def cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
obtain MT where
  MT: trail T = MT @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)
 using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause by blast
consider
   (false) \ \forall L \in \#C. - L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ T) \ \mathbf{and}
     trail\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T) = []
 (not-false)
    - lit-of (hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))) \in \# C and
   1 \leq length (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
 using cut-trail-wrt-clause-hd-trail-in-or-empty-trail [of\ C\ T] by auto
then show ?thesis
 proof cases
   case false note C = this(1) and empty-tr = this(2)
   then have [simp]: C = \{\#\}
     by (simp add: in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) multiset-eqI)
   show ?thesis
     using empty-tr unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def no-smaller-confl-def
     cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
   case not-false note C = this(1) and l = this(2)
   let ?L = -lit\text{-}of (hd (trail (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause C (trail T) T)))
   have L: get-level (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)) (-?L)
     = count\text{-}decided (trail (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause C (trail T) T))
     apply (cases trail (add-init-cls C
         (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T));
      cases hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
     using l by (auto split: if-split-asm
       simp:rev-swap[symmetric] \ add-new-clause-and-update-def)
   have L': count-decided(trail\ (cut-trail-wrt-clause\ C
     (trail\ T)\ T)
     = backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)
     \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv \ ?T' \rangle \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def \ cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\text{-}def \ }
     by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
   have [simp]: no-smaller-confl (update-conflicting (Some C)
     (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T)))
     unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
   proof (clarify, goal-cases)
     case (1 M K M' D)
     then consider
         (DC) D = C
        (D-T) D \in \# clauses T
       \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{simp} \colon \mathit{clauses-def}\ \mathit{split} \colon \mathit{if-split-asm})
     then show False
       proof cases
         case D-T
         have no-smaller-confl T
           using inv-s unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def by auto
         have (MT @ M') @ Decided K \# M = trail T
           using MT 1(1) by auto
         then show False
           using D-T (no-smaller-confl T) 1(3) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by blast
```

```
next
           case DC note -[simp] = this
           then have atm\text{-}of (-?L) \in atm\text{-}of (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M)
             using 1(3) C in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
           moreover
             have lit-of (hd (M' @ Decided K # [])) = -?L
               using l 1(1)[symmetric] inv
               by (cases M', cases trail (add-init-cls C
                   (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T)))
               (auto dest!: arg\text{-}cong[of - \# - - hd] simp: hd\text{-}append\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def
                 cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
             from arg-cong[OF this, of atm-of]
             have atm\text{-}of\ (-?L) \in atm\text{-}of\ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (M'\ @\ Decided\ K\ \#\ []))
               by (cases (M' @ Decided K \# [])) auto
           moreover have no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
             using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv ?T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - def
             cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
           ultimately show False
             unfolding 1(1)[symmetric, simplified] by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
       qed
     qed
     show ?thesis using L L' C
       unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
       by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def intro: rev-bexI)
   qed
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-inv-normal-form:
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_W-stqy S T and
   inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail \ T \models asm \ init-clss \ S \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss \ S))
proof -
 have no-step cdcl_W-stgy T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast
  moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
   apply (metis rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> full full-def inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
   by (metis full full-def inv inv-s rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
  ultimately have conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail T \models asm init-clss T
   using cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive[of T] full
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-stqy-invariant-def full-def by fast
  moreover have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail T))
   \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all \text{-}struct \text{-}inv \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ cdcl_W \text{-}all \text{-}struct \text{-}inv \text{-}def \ cdcl_W \text{-}M \text{-}level \text{-}inv \text{-}def
   by auto
 moreover have init-clss S = init-clss T
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss\ full\ full-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   by (metis satisfiable-carac' true-annot-def true-annots-def true-clss-def)
qed
```

lemma $incremental-cdcl_W$ -inv:

```
assumes
   inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
  shows
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   cdcl_W-stqy-invariant T
  using inc
proof (induction)
 case (add\text{-}confl\ C\ T)
 let ?T = (update\text{-}conflicting (Some C) (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls C)
   (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ S)\ S)))
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T and inv-s-T: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant ?T
   using add-confl.hyps(1,2,4) add-new-clause-and-update-def
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv inv apply auto[1]
   using add-confl.hyps(1,2,4) add-new-clause-and-update-def
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-stgy-inv inv s-inv by auto
  case 1 show ?case
    \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{add-confl.hyps}(1,2,4,5)\ \mathit{add-new-clause-and-update-def}
      cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - add - new - clause - and - update - cdcl_W - all - struct - inv
      rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W full-def inv)
 case 2 show ?case
   by (metis\ inv-s-T\ add-confl.hyps(1,2,4,5)\ add-new-clause-and-update-def
     cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv full-def inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
next
 case (add-no-confl\ C\ T)
 case 1
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (add-init-cls CS)
   using inv \langle distinct\text{-}mset \ C \rangle unfolding cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def no-strange-atm-def
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
   by (auto 9 1 simp: all-decomposition-implies-insert-single clauses-def)
  then show ?case
   using add-no-confl(5) unfolding full-def by (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv)
  have nc: \forall M. (\exists K \ i \ M'. \ trail \ S = M' @ Decided \ K \# M) \longrightarrow \neg M \models as \ CNot \ C
   using \langle \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle
   by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model)
  have cdcl_W-stgy-invariant (add-init-cls CS)
   using s-inv \langle \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle inv unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def
   no-smaller-confl-def\ eq-commute[of-trail-]\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (auto simp: clauses-def nc)
  then show ?case
   by (metis \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (add - init - cls \ C \ S) \rangle add -no - confl. hyps(5) full-def
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
qed
lemma rtranclp-incremental-cdcl_W-inv:
   inc: incremental - cdcl_W^{**} S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
  shows
```

```
cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
    cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
    using inc apply induction
   using inv apply simp
  using s-inv apply simp
  using incremental-cdcl_W-inv by blast+
{f lemma}\ incremental\mbox{-}conclusive\mbox{-}state:
 assumes
   inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
 shows conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail \ T \models asm \ init-clss \ T \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss \ T))
 using inc
proof induction
 print-cases
 case (add-confl C T) note tr = this(1) and dist = this(2) and conf = this(3) and C = this(4) and
 full = this(5)
 have full cdcl_W-stgy T T
   using full unfolding full-def by auto
  then show ?case
   using full\ C\ conf\ dist\ tr
   by (metis\ full-cdcl_W\ -stqy\ -inv-normal\ -form\ incremental\ -cdcl_W\ .simps\ incremental\ -cdcl_W\ -inv(1)
     incremental - cdcl_W - inv(2) inv s - inv)
next
  case (add-no-conft C T) note tr = this(1) and dist = this(2) and conf = this(3) and C = this(4)
   and full = this(5)
 have full\ cdcl_W-stgy T T
   using full unfolding full-def by auto
  then show ?case
    by (meson\ C\ conf\ dist\ full\ full\ -cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -inv\ -normal\ -form\ incremental\ -cdcl_W\ .add\ -no\ -confl
      incremental\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}inv(1) incremental\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}inv(2) inv s\text{-}inv tr)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}incremental\text{-}correct:
 assumes
   inc: incremental - cdcl_W^{++} S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
 \mathbf{shows}\ conflicting\ T = Some\ \{\#\}\ \land\ unsatisfiable\ (set\text{-}mset\ (init\text{-}clss\ T))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail \ T \models asm \ init-clss \ T \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss \ T))
  using inc apply induction
  using assms incremental-conclusive-state apply blast
 by (meson\ incremental\text{-}conclusive\text{-}state\ inv\ rtranclp\text{-}incremental\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}inv\ s\text{-}inv}
   tranclp-into-rtranclp)
end
theory DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation
imports Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic CDCL-W-Level
begin
```

Chapter 7

Implementation of DPLL and CDCL

We then reuse all the theorems to go towards an implementation using 2-watched literals:

• CDCL_W_Abstract_State.thy defines a better-suited state: the operation operating on it are more constrained, allowing simpler proofs and less edge cases later.

7.1 Simple List-Based Implementation of the DPLL and CDCL

The idea of the list-based implementation is to test the stack: the theories about the calculi, adapting the theorems to a simple implementation and the code exportation. The implementation are very simple and simply iterate over-and-over on lists.

7.1.1 Common Rules

Propagation

```
The following theorem holds:
```

```
lemma lits-of-l-unfold[iff]: (\forall c \in set \ C. -c \in lits-of-l \ Ms) \longleftrightarrow Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C) unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def by auto
```

The right-hand version is written at a high-level, but only the left-hand side is executable.

```
definition is-unit-clause :: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b) ann-lits \Rightarrow 'a literal option where is-unit-clause l M = (case List.filter (\lambda a. atm-of a \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l M) l of a \# [] \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None |-\Rightarrow None)

definition is-unit-clause-code :: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b) ann-lits \Rightarrow 'a literal option where is-unit-clause-code l M = (case List.filter (\lambda a. atm-of a \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l M) l of a \# [] \Rightarrow if (\forall c \in set (remove 1 a l). -c \in lits-of-l M) then Some a else None |-\Rightarrow None)
```

```
lemma is-unit-clause-is-unit-clause-code [code]: is-unit-clause l\ M= is-unit-clause-code l\ M
```

```
proof -
  have 1: \bigwedge a. (\forall c \in set \ (remove1 \ a \ l). - c \in lits of - l \ M) \longleftrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ l - \{\#a\#\})
    using lits-of-l-unfold[of remove1 - l, of - M] by simp
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding is-unit-clause-code-def is-unit-clause-def 1 by blast
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-undef:
 assumes is-unit-clause l M = Some a
 shows undefined-lit M a
proof -
  have (case [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
           [a] \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
          | a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
    using assms unfolding is-unit-clause-def.
  then have a \in set \ [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M]
    apply (cases [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M])
      apply simp
    apply (rename-tac aa list; case-tac list) by (auto split: if-split-asm)
  then have atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M by auto
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
      atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-CNot: is-unit-clause l M = Some \ a \Longrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ l - \{\#a\#\})
 unfolding is-unit-clause-def
proof -
 assume (case [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
          |[a] \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
          | a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
  then show ?thesis
    apply (cases [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M], \ simp)
      apply simp
    apply (rename-tac aa list, case-tac list) by (auto split: if-split-asm)
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-in: is-unit-clause l\ M=Some\ a\Longrightarrow a\in set\ l
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def
proof -
  assume (case [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
         | [a] \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
         | a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
  then show a \in set l
    by (cases [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M])
       (fastforce dest: filter-eq-ConsD split: if-split-asm split: list.splits)+
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-Nil[simp]: is-unit-clause [] M = None
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def by auto
Unit propagation for all clauses
```

Finding the first clause to propagate

fun find-first-unit-clause :: 'a literal list list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b) ann-lits

```
\Rightarrow ('a literal \times 'a literal list) option where
find-first-unit-clause (a # l) M =
  (case is-unit-clause a M of
   None \Rightarrow find\text{-}first\text{-}unit\text{-}clause \ l \ M
  | Some L \Rightarrow Some (L, a) |
find-first-unit-clause [] - = None
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{find-first-unit-clause-some} :
 find-first-unit-clause\ l\ M = Some\ (a,\ c)
  \implies c \in set \ l \land M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ c - \{\#a\#\}) \land undefined-lit \ M \ a \land a \in set \ c
 apply (induction \ l)
   apply simp
  by (auto split: option.splits dest: is-unit-clause-some-in is-unit-clause-some-CNot
         is-unit-clause-some-undef)
lemma propagate-is-unit-clause-not-None:
 assumes dist: distinct c and
  M: M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ c - \{\#a\#\}) \ and
  undef: undefined-lit M a and
  ac: a \in set c
  shows is-unit-clause c M \neq None
proof -
  have [a \leftarrow c : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M] = [a]
   using assms
   proof (induction c)
      case Nil then show ?case by simp
   next
      case (Cons\ ac\ c)
      show ?case
       proof (cases \ a = ac)
          case True
          then show ?thesis using Cons
           by (auto simp del: lits-of-l-unfold
                 simp add: lits-of-l-unfold[symmetric] Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
                   atm\text{-}of\text{-}eq\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}in\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}set\text{-}iff\text{-}in\text{-}set\text{-}or\text{-}uminus\text{-}in\text{-}set)
       next
          then have T: mset \ c + \{\#ac\#\} - \{\#a\#\} = mset \ c - \{\#a\#\} + \{\#ac\#\}\}
           by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
          show ?thesis using False Cons
           by (auto simp add: T atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
       qed
   \mathbf{qed}
  then show ?thesis
   using M unfolding is-unit-clause-def by auto
qed
lemma find-first-unit-clause-none:
  distinct \ c \Longrightarrow c \in set \ l \Longrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ c - \{\#a\#\}) \Longrightarrow undefined-lit \ M \ a \Longrightarrow a \in set \ c
  \implies find-first-unit-clause l M \neq None
 by (induction \ l)
     (auto split: option.split simp add: propagate-is-unit-clause-not-None)
```

Decide

fun find-first-unused-var :: 'a literal list list \Rightarrow 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a literal option where

```
find-first-unused-var (a # l) <math>M =
  (case List.find (\lambdalit. lit \notin M \wedge -lit \notin M) a of
    None \Rightarrow find\text{-}first\text{-}unused\text{-}var\ l\ M
  \mid Some \ a \Rightarrow Some \ a) \mid
find-first-unused-var [] - = None
lemma find-none[iff]:
  \textit{List.find } (\lambda \textit{lit. lit} \notin M \land -\textit{lit} \notin M) \ a = \textit{None} \longleftrightarrow \ a\textit{tm-of `set a} \subseteq \textit{atm-of `} M
 apply (induct a)
  using atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
    by (force simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)+
\textbf{lemma} \textit{ find-some: List.find } (\lambda \textit{lit. lit} \notin M \ \land \ -\textit{lit} \notin M) \ a = \textit{Some } b \Longrightarrow b \in \textit{set } a \ \land \ b \notin M \ \land \ -b \notin M
  unfolding find-Some-iff by (metis nth-mem)
lemma find-first-unused-var-None[iff]:
 \mathit{find-first-unused-var}\ l\ M = \mathit{None} \longleftrightarrow (\forall\ a \in \mathit{set}\ l.\ \mathit{atm-of}\ ``\mathit{set}\ a \subseteq \mathit{atm-of}\ ``\ M)
 by (induct\ l)
     (auto split: option.splits dest!: find-some
       simp\ add:\ image-subset-iff\ atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set)
lemma find-first-unused-var-Some-not-all-incl:
  assumes find-first-unused-var\ l\ M = Some\ c
  shows \neg(\forall a \in set \ l. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `M)
proof -
  have find-first-unused-var l M \neq None
    using assms by (cases find-first-unused-var l M) auto
 then show \neg(\forall a \in set \ l. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `M) by auto
{\bf lemma}\ find\mbox{-} first\mbox{-} unused\mbox{-} var\mbox{-} Some:
 find\mbox{-}first\mbox{-}unused\mbox{-}var\ l\ M = Some\ a \Longrightarrow (\exists\ m\in set\ l.\ a\in set\ m\ \land\ a\notin M\ \land -a\notin M)
 by (induct l) (auto split: option.splits dest: find-some)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{find-first-unused-var-undefined}\colon
 find-first-unused-var l (lits-of-l Ms) = Some a \Longrightarrow undefined-lit Ms a
  using find-first-unused-var-Some[of l lits-of-l Ms a] Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
 \mathbf{by} blast
7.1.2
            CDCL specific functions
Level
fun maximum-level-code:: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b) ann-lits \Rightarrow nat
 where
maximum-level-code [] - = 0 |
maximum-level-code (L \# Ls) M = max (get-level M L) (maximum-level-code Ls M)
lemma maximum-level-code-eq-get-maximum-level[simp]:
  maximum-level-code D M = get-maximum-level M (mset D)
  by (induction D) (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
lemma [code]:
  fixes M :: ('a, 'b) \ ann-lits
  shows get-maximum-level M (mset D) = maximum-level-code D M
```

by simp

Backjumping

```
fun find-level-decomp where
find-level-decomp M \mid D \mid k = None \mid
find-level-decomp M (L \# Ls) D k =
   (case (get-level M L, maximum-level-code (D @ Ls) M) of
      (i,j) \Rightarrow if \ i = k \land j < i \ then \ Some \ (L,j) \ else \ find-level-decomp \ M \ Ls \ (L\#D) \ k
lemma find-level-decomp-some:
   assumes find-level-decomp M Ls D k = Some(L, j)
   shows L \in set\ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ (remove1\ L\ (Ls\ @\ D))) = j \land get\text{-}level\ M\ L = k
   using assms
proof (induction Ls arbitrary: D)
   case Nil
   then show ?case by simp
next
   case (Cons L' Ls) note IH = this(1) and H = this(2)
   \mathbf{def} \ find \equiv (if \ get\text{-}level \ M \ L' \neq k \lor \neg \ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ (mset \ D + mset \ Ls) < get\text{-}level \ M \ L'
       then find-level-decomp M Ls (L' \# D) k
       else Some (L', get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ D\ +\ mset\ Ls)))
   have a1: \bigwedge D. find-level-decomp M Ls D k = Some(L, j) \Longrightarrow
        L \in set \ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ (mset \ Ls + mset \ D - \{\#L\#\}) = j \land get\text{-}level \ M \ L = k
      using IH by simp
   have a2: find = Some(L, j)
      using H unfolding find-def by (auto split: if-split-asm)
   { assume Some (L', get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ D\ +\ mset\ Ls)) \neq find}
      then have f3: L \in set\ Ls and get-maximum-level M (mset Ls + mset\ (L' \# D) - \{\#L\#\} = j
          using a1 IH a2 unfolding find-def by meson+
       moreover then have mset\ Ls + mset\ D - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\} = \{\#L'\#\} + mset\ D + (mset\ Ls
- \{ \#L\# \} )
          by (auto simp: ac-simps multiset-eq-iff Suc-leI)
      ultimately have f4: get-maximum-level M (mset Ls + mset D - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\}) = j
          by (metis add.commute diff-union-single-conv in-multiset-in-set mset.simps(2))
   } note f_4 = this
   have \{\#L'\#\} + (mset\ Ls + mset\ D) = mset\ Ls + (mset\ D + \{\#L'\#\})
          by (auto simp: ac-simps)
   then have
      L = L' \longrightarrow get-maximum-level M (mset Ls + mset D) = j \land get-level M L' = k and
      L \neq L' \longrightarrow L \in \textit{set Ls} \, \land \, \textit{get-maximum-level} \, \, \textit{M} \, \, (\textit{mset Ls} \, + \, \textit{mset} \, \, \textit{D} \, - \, \{\#L\#\} \, + \, \{\#L'\#\}) = j \, \land \, \, (\#L\#) + (\#L\#
          get-level M L = k
          using a2 a1 [of L' \# D] unfolding find-def apply (metis add-diff-cancel-left' mset.simps(2)
              option.inject prod.inject union-commute)
      using f_4 a2 a1 [of L' \# D] unfolding find-def by (metis option inject prod.inject)
   then show ?case by simp
qed
lemma find-level-decomp-none:
   assumes find-level-decomp M Ls E k = None and mset (L \# D) = mset (Ls @ E)
   shows \neg(L \in set \ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ (mset \ D) < k \land k = get\text{-}level \ M \ L)
   using assms
proof (induction Ls arbitrary: E L D)
   case Nil
   then show ?case by simp
next
```

```
case (Cons\ L'\ Ls) note IH=this(1) and find-none = this(2) and LD=this(3)
 have mset\ D + \{\#L'\#\} = mset\ E + (mset\ Ls + \{\#L'\#\}) \implies mset\ D = mset\ E + mset\ Ls
   by (metis add-right-imp-eq union-assoc)
 then show ?case
   using find-none IH[of L' \# E L D] LD by (auto simp add: ac-simps split: if-split-asm)
qed
fun bt-cut where
bt-cut\ i\ (Propagated - - \#\ Ls) = bt-cut\ i\ Ls\ |
bt-cut i (Decided K \# Ls) = (if count-decided Ls = i then Some (Decided K \# Ls) else bt-cut i Ls)
bt-cut i [] = None
lemma bt-cut-some-decomp:
 assumes no-dup M and bt-cut i M = Some M'
 shows \exists K M2 M1. M = M2 @ M' \land M' = Decided K \# M1 \land qet-level M K = (i+1)
 using assms by (induction i M rule: bt-cut.induct) (auto split: if-split-asm)
lemma bt-cut-not-none:
 assumes no-dup M and M = M2 @ Decided K # M' and get-level M K = (i+1)
 shows bt-cut i M \neq None
 using assms by (induction M2 arbitrary: M rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
 (auto simp: atm-lit-of-set-lits-of-l)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-ann-decomposition-ex}:
 \exists N. (Decided \ K \# M', N) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (M2@Decided \ K \# M'))
 apply (induction M2 rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
 by (rename-tac L m xs, case-tac get-all-ann-decomposition (xs @ Decided K \# M'))
 auto
{f lemma}\ bt-cut-in-get-all-ann-decomposition:
 assumes no-dup M and bt-cut i M = Some M'
 shows \exists M2. (M', M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
 using bt-cut-some-decomp[OF assms] by (auto simp add: get-all-ann-decomposition-ex)
fun do-backtrack-step where
do-backtrack-step (M, N, U, k, Some D) =
 (case find-level-decomp MD [] k of
   None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, Some D)
 | Some (L, j) \Rightarrow
   (case bt-cut j M of
    Some (Decided - # Ls) \Rightarrow (Propagated L D # Ls, N, D # U, j, None)
    - \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, Some D))
do-backtrack-step S = S
end
theory DPLL-W-Implementation
imports DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation DPLL-W \sim /src/HOL/Library/Code-Target-Numeral
begin
```

7.1.3 Simple Implementation of DPLL

Combining the propagate and decide: a DPLL step

definition DPLL-step :: int $dpll_W$ -ann-lits \times int literal list list

```
\Rightarrow int dpll<sub>W</sub>-ann-lits \times int literal list list where
DPLL\text{-}step = (\lambda(Ms, N).
  (case find-first-unit-clause N Ms of
   Some (L, -) \Rightarrow (Propagated L() \# Ms, N)
   if \exists C \in set \ N. \ (\forall c \in set \ C. \ -c \in lits \text{-of-} l \ Ms)
   then
     (case backtrack-split Ms of
       (-, L \# M) \Rightarrow (Propagated (- (lit-of L)) () \# M, N)
     | (-, -) \Rightarrow (Ms, N)
   else
   (case find-first-unused-var N (lits-of-l Ms) of
       Some a \Rightarrow (Decided \ a \# Ms, \ N)
     | None \Rightarrow (Ms, N)))
Example of propagation:
value DPLL-step ([Decided (Neg 1)], [[Pos (1::int), Neg 2]])
We define the conversion function between the states as defined in Prop-DPLL (with multisets)
and here (with lists).
abbreviation toS \equiv \lambda(Ms::(int, unit) \ ann-lits)
                   (N:: int\ literal\ list\ list).\ (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N))
abbreviation toS' \equiv \lambda(Ms::(int, unit) ann-lits,
                       N:: int \ literal \ list \ list). \ (Ms, \ mset \ (map \ mset \ N))
Proof of correctness of DPLL-step
lemma DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step:
 assumes step: (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 and neg: (Ms, N) \neq (Ms', N')
 shows dpll_W (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N')
proof -
 let ?S = (Ms, mset (map mset N))
  { fix L E
   assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = Some (L, E)
   then have Ms'N: (Ms', N') = (Propagated L() \# Ms, N)
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by auto
   obtain C where
     C: C \in set \ N \ and
     Ms: Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C - \{\#L\#\}) \ and
     undef: undefined-lit Ms L and
     L \in set \ C \ using \ find-first-unit-clause-some[OF \ unit] \ by \ metis
   have dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
        (Propagated L () # fst (Ms, mset (map mset N)), snd (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
     apply (rule dpll_W.propagate)
     using Ms undef C \ \langle L \in set \ C \rangle by (auto simp add: C)
   then have ?thesis using Ms'N by auto
 moreover
  \{ assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None \}
   assume exC: \exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
   then obtain C where C: C \in set \ N and Ms: Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C) by auto
   then obtain L M M' where bt: backtrack-split Ms = (M', L \# M)
     using step exC neq unfolding DPLL-step-def prod.case unit
     by (cases backtrack-split Ms, rename-tac b, case-tac b) auto
```

```
then have is-decided L using backtrack-split-snd-hd-decided[of Ms] by auto
   have 1: dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
               (Propagated (- lit-of L) () \# M, snd (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
    apply (rule dpll_W.backtrack[OF - \langle is-decided L \rangle, of ])
     using C Ms bt by auto
   moreover have (Ms', N') = (Propagated (- (lit-of L)) () \# M, N)
     using step exC unfolding DPLL-step-def bt prod.case unit by auto
   ultimately have ?thesis by auto
 }
 moreover
 \{ assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None \}
   assume exC: \neg (\exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C))
   obtain L where unused: find-first-unused-var N (lits-of-l Ms) = Some L
     using step exC neq unfolding DPLL-step-def prod.case unit
     by (cases find-first-unused-var N (lits-of-l Ms)) auto
   have dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
            (Decided L \# fst (Ms, mset (map mset N)), snd (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
     apply (rule dpll_W.decided[of ?S L])
     using find-first-unused-var-Some[OF unused]
     by (auto simp add: Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l atms-of-ms-def)
   moreover have (Ms', N') = (Decided L \# Ms, N)
     using step exC unfolding DPLL-step-def unused prod.case unit by auto
   ultimately have ?thesis by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis by (cases find-first-unit-clause N Ms) auto
ged
\mathbf{lemma}\ DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}stuck\text{-}final\text{-}state:
 assumes step: (Ms, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS Ms N)
proof -
 have unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None
   using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (auto split:option.splits)
 { assume n: \exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
   then have Ms: (Ms, N) = (case\ backtrack-split\ Ms\ of\ (x, []) \Rightarrow (Ms, N)
                      (x, L \# M) \Rightarrow (Propagated (-lit-of L) () \# M, N))
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (simp add:unit)
 have snd (backtrack-split Ms) = []
   proof (cases backtrack-split Ms, cases snd (backtrack-split Ms))
     \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
     assume backtrack-split Ms = (a, b) and snd (backtrack-split Ms) = []
     then show snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = [] by blast
   next
     fix a b aa list
    assume
      bt: backtrack-split\ Ms=(a,\ b) and
      bt': snd (backtrack-split Ms) = aa \# list
     then have Ms: Ms = Propagated (-lit-of aa) () # list using <math>Ms by auto
     have is-decided as using backtrack-split-snd-hd-decided of Ms bt bt' by auto
     moreover have fst (backtrack-split Ms) @ aa \# list = Ms
      using backtrack-split-list-eq[of Ms] bt' by auto
     ultimately have False unfolding Ms by auto
     then show snd (backtrack-split Ms) = [] by blast
   qed
```

```
then have ?thesis
     using n backtrack-snd-empty-not-decided [of Ms] unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def
     by (cases backtrack-split Ms) auto
 moreover {
   assume n: \neg (\exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C))
   then have find-first-unused-var\ N\ (lits-of-l\ Ms) = None
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (simp add: unit split: option.splits)
   then have a: \forall a \in set \ N. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ Ms) by auto
   have fst (toS\ Ms\ N) \models asm\ snd\ (toS\ Ms\ N) unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def Ball-def
     proof clarify
       \mathbf{fix} \ x
       assume x: x \in set\text{-}mset (clauses (toS Ms N))
       then have \neg Ms \models as\ CNot\ x\ using\ n\ unfolding\ true-annots-def\ CNot-def\ Ball-def\ by\ auto
       moreover have total-over-m (lits-of-l Ms) \{x\}
         using a x image-iff in-mono atms-of-s-def
         unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def lits-of-def by fastforce
       ultimately show fst (toS Ms N) \models a x
         using total-not-CNot[of lits-of-l Ms x] by (simp add: true-annot-def true-annots-true-cls)
   then have ?thesis unfolding conclusive-dpllw-state-def by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
Adding invariants
Invariant tested in the function function DPLL-ci :: int dpll_W-ann-lits \Rightarrow int literal list list
  \Rightarrow int dpll_W-ann-lits \times int literal list list where
DPLL-ci\ Ms\ N =
  (if \neg dpll_W - all - inv (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
  then (Ms, N)
  else
  let (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N) in
  if (Ms', N') = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci Ms'(N)
 by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(S', S), (toS'S', toS'S) \in \{(S', S), dpll_W-all-inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\})
 show wf \{(S', S).(toS' S', toS' S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\}
   using wf-if-measure-f[OF dpll_W-wf, of toS'] by auto
next
 fix Ms :: int dpll_W-ann-lits and N \times xa y
 \mathbf{assume} \neg \neg dpll_W \text{-}all\text{-}inv \ (toS\ Ms\ N)
 and step: x = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 and x: (xa, y) = x
 and (xa, y) \neq (Ms, N)
 then show ((xa, N), Ms, N) \in \{(S', S). (toS'S', toS'S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \land dpll_W SS'\}\}
   using DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step dpll<sub>W</sub>-same-clauses split-conv by fastforce
qed
No invariant tested function (domintros) DPLL-part:: int dpll_W-ann-lits \Rightarrow int literal list list \Rightarrow
  int \ dpll_W-ann-lits \times \ int \ literal \ list \ list \ where
DPLL-part Ms N =
 (let (Ms', N') = DPLL\text{-}step (Ms, N) in
  if (Ms', N') = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-part Ms'(N)
```

```
by fast+
lemma snd-DPLL-step[simp]:
 snd (DPLL-step (Ms, N)) = N
 unfolding DPLL-step-def by (auto split: if-split option.splits prod.splits list.splits)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{dpll}_W\text{-}\mathit{all-inv-implie}S\text{-}2\text{-}\mathit{eq3-and-dom}\colon
 assumes dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 shows DPLL-ci~Ms~N = DPLL-part~Ms~N \land DPLL-part-dom~(Ms, N)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N)
 have snd (DPLL\text{-step }(Ms, N)) = N by auto
 then obtain Ms' where Ms': DPLL-step (Ms, N) = (Ms', N) by (cases DPLL-step (Ms, N)) auto
 have inv': dpll_W-all-inv (toS\ Ms'\ N) by (metis\ (mono\text{-}tags)\ 1.prems\ DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}is\text{-}a\text{-}dpll_W\text{-}step)
   Ms' dpll_W-all-inv old.prod.inject)
 { assume (Ms', N) \neq (Ms, N)
   then have DPLL-ci Ms' N = DPLL-part Ms' N \wedge DPLL-part-dom (Ms', N) using 1(1)[of - Ms']
N] Ms'
     1(2) inv' by auto
   then have DPLL-part-dom (Ms, N) using DPLL-part.domintros Ms' by fastforce
   moreover have DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-part Ms N using 1.prems DPLL-part.psimps Ms'
     \langle DPLL\text{-}ci\ Ms'\ N = DPLL\text{-}part\ Ms'\ N \land DPLL\text{-}part\text{-}dom\ (Ms',\ N) \rangle \ \langle DPLL\text{-}part\text{-}dom\ (Ms,\ N) \rangle \ \mathbf{by}
auto
   ultimately have ?case by blast
 }
 moreover {
   assume (Ms', N) = (Ms, N)
   then have ?case using DPLL-part.domintros DPLL-part.psimps Ms' by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp:
 assumes DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms', N')
 shows dpll_{W}^{**} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N)
 using assms
proof (induct Ms N arbitrary: Ms' N' rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 \text{ Ms } N \text{ Ms' } N') note IH = this(1) and step = this(2)
 obtain S_1 S_2 where S:(S_1, S_2) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) by (cases DPLL-step (Ms, N)) auto
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   then have (Ms, N) = (Ms', N) using step by auto
   then have ?case by auto
 }
 moreover
 { assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, S_2) = (Ms, N)
   then have ?case using S step by auto
 moreover
 { assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N)
   moreover obtain S_1' S_2' where DPLL-ci S_1 N = (S_1', S_2') by (cases DPLL-ci S_1 N) auto
   moreover have DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-ci S_1 N using DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation
     proof -
```

```
have (case (S_1, S_2) of (ms, lss) \Rightarrow
        if\ (ms,\ lss)=(Ms,\ N)\ then\ (Ms,\ N)\ else\ DPLL-ci\ ms\ N)=DPLL-ci\ Ms\ N
        using S DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation by presburger
      then have (if (S_1, S_2) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci S_1 N) = DPLL-ci Ms N
        by fastforce
      then show ?thesis
        using calculation(2) by presburger
     qed
   ultimately have dpll_W^{**} (toS S_1'N) (toS Ms'N) using IH[of(S_1, S_2) S_1 S_2] S step by simp
   moreover have dpll_W (toS Ms N) (toS S_1 N)
     by (metis DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step S (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N)  prod.sel(2) snd-DPLL-step)
   ultimately have ?case by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) IH S (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N))
     \langle DPLL\text{-}ci \ Ms \ N = DPLL\text{-}ci \ S_1 \ N \rangle \langle dpll_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ (toS \ Ms \ N) \rangle \ converse\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp
     local.step)
 }
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-dpll_W-tranclp-irrefl:
 assumes dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, N)
 and dpll_W^{++} (Ms, N) (Ms, N)
 shows False
proof -
 have 1: wf \{(S', S), dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\} using dpll_W - wf - tranclp by auto
 have ((Ms, N), (Ms, N)) \in \{(S', S), dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\} using assms by auto
 then show False using wf-not-refl[OF 1] by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-final-state:
 assumes step: DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms, N)
 and inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS Ms N)
proof -
 have st: dpll_W^{**} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms N) using DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp[OF step].
 have DPLL-step (Ms, N) = (Ms, N)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     obtain Ms' N' where Ms'N: (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
      by (cases DPLL-step (Ms, N)) auto
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have DPLL-ci Ms' N = (Ms, N) using step inv st Ms'N[symmetric] by fastforce
     then have dpll_W^{++} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms N)
     by (metis DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp DPLL-step-is-a-dpll_W-step Ms'N \land DPLL-step (Ms, N) \neq (Ms, N)
N)
        prod.sel(2) rtranclp-into-tranclp2 snd-DPLL-step)
     then show False using dpll_W-all-inv-dpll_W-tranclp-irrefl inv by auto
 then show ?thesis using DPLL-step-stuck-final-state[of Ms N] by simp
qed
lemma DPLL-step-obtains:
 obtains Ms' where (Ms', N) = DPLL\text{-}step (Ms, N)
 unfolding DPLL-step-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) DPLL-step-def prod.collapse snd-DPLL-step)
lemma DPLL-ci-obtains:
 obtains Ms' where (Ms', N) = DPLL-ci Ms N
```

```
proof (induct rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N) note IH = this(1) and that = this(2)
 obtain S where SN: (S, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) using DPLL-step-obtains by metis
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   then have ?case using that by auto
 moreover {
   assume n: (S, N) \neq (Ms, N)
   and inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   have \exists ms. DPLL\text{-step }(Ms, N) = (ms, N)
    by (metis \land \land thesisa. (\land S. (S, N) = DPLL\text{-step} (Ms, N) \Longrightarrow thesisa) \Longrightarrow thesisa)
   then have ?thesis
    using IH that by fastforce
 moreover {
   assume n: (S, N) = (Ms, N)
   then have ?case using SN that by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-no-more-step:
 assumes step: DPLL-ci\ Ms\ N=(Ms',\ N')
 shows DPLL-ci Ms' N' = (Ms', N')
 using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: Ms' N' rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N Ms' N') note IH = this(1) and step = this(2)
 obtain S_1 where S:(S_1, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) using DPLL-step-obtains by auto
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   then have ?case using step by auto
 }
 moreover {
   assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, N) = (Ms, N)
   then have ?case using S step by auto
 moreover
 { assume inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS \ Ms \ N)
   assume n: (S_1, N) \neq (Ms, N)
   obtain S_1 where SS:(S_1, N) = DPLL-ci S_1 N using DPLL-ci-obtains by blast
   moreover have DPLL-ci\ Ms\ N=DPLL-ci\ S_1\ N
    proof -
     have (case (S_1, N) of (ms, lss) \Rightarrow if (ms, lss) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci ms N)
= DPLL-ci Ms N
       using S DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation inv by presburger
      then have (if (S_1, N) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci S_1 N = DPLL-ci Ms N
       by fastforce
     then show ?thesis
       using calculation n by presburger
    qed
    ultimately have ?case using step by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
```

```
lemma DPLL-part-dpll_W-all-inv-final:
 fixes M Ms':: (int, unit) ann-lits and
   N :: int \ literal \ list \ list
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 and MsN: DPLL-part Ms N = (Ms', N)
 shows conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (toS Ms' N) \wedge dpll<sub>W</sub>** (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N)
proof
 have 2: DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-part Ms N using inv dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom by blast
 then have star: dpll_W^{**} (to SMs N) (to SMs' N) unfolding MsN using DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp
 then have inv': dpllw-all-inv (toS Ms' N) using inv rtranclp-dpllw-all-inv by blast
 show ?thesis using star DPLL-ci-final-state[OF DPLL-ci-no-more-step inv'] 2 unfolding MsN by
blast
qed
Embedding the invariant into the type
Defining the type typedef dpll_W-state =
   \{(M::(int, unit) \ ann-lits, N::int \ literal \ list \ list).
      dpll_W-all-inv (toS M N)}
 morphisms rough-state-of state-of
proof
   show ([],[]) \in \{(M, N). dpll_W-all-inv (toS\ M\ N)\} by (auto\ simp\ add:\ dpll_W-all-inv-def)
qed
lemma
 DPLL-part-dom ([], N)
 using assms dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom[of [] N] by (simp add: dpll_W-all-inv-def)
Some type classes instantiation dpll_W-state :: equal
definition equal-dpll_W-state :: dpll_W-state \Rightarrow dpll_W-state \Rightarrow bool where
equal-dpll_W-state SS' = (rough-state-of S = rough-state-of S')
instance
 by standard (simp add: rough-state-of-inject equal-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state-def)
end
DPLL definition DPLL-step' :: dpll_W-state \Rightarrow dpll_W-state where
 DPLL-step' S = state-of (DPLL-step (rough-state-of S))
declare rough-state-of-inverse[simp]
lemma DPLL-step-dpll_W-conc-inv:
 DPLL-step (rough-state-of S) \in \{(M, N). dpll_W-all-inv (to SMN)}
 by (smt DPLL-ci.simps DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp case-prodE case-prodI2 rough-state-of
   mem-Collect-eq old.prod.case\ prod.sel(2)\ rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv snd-DPLL-step)
lemma rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step[simp]:
 rough-state-of (DPLL-step' S) = DPLL-step (rough-state-of S)
 using DPLL-step-dpll_W-conc-inv DPLL-step'-def state-of-inverse by auto
function DPLL-tot:: dpll_W-state \Rightarrow dpll_W-state where
```

```
DPLL-tot S =
 (let S' = DPLL-step' S in
  if S' = S then S else DPLL-tot S')
 by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(T', T).
    (rough-state-of\ T',\ rough-state-of\ T)
       \in \{(S', S). (toS' S', toS' S)\}
            \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W S S'\}\}\}
 show wf \{(b, a).
        (rough-state-of b, rough-state-of a)
          \in \{(b, a). (toS'b, toS'a)\}
            \in \{(b, a). dpll_W - all - inv \ a \land dpll_W \ a \ b\}\}\}
   using wf-if-measure-f[OF wf-if-measure-f[OF dpll_W-wf, of toS'], of rough-state-of].
next
 fix S x
 assume x: x = DPLL-step' S
 and x \neq S
 have dpll_W-all-inv (case rough-state-of S of (Ms, N) \Rightarrow (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prodE mem-Collect-eq old.prod.case rough-state-of)
  moreover have dpll_W (case rough-state-of S of (Ms, N) \Rightarrow (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
                   (case\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (DPLL\text{-}step'\ S)\ of\ (Ms,\ N) \Rightarrow (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N)))
   proof -
     obtain Ms N where Ms: (Ms, N) = rough-state-of S by (cases rough-state-of S) auto
     have dpll_W-all-inv (toS'(Ms, N)) using calculation unfolding Ms by blast
     moreover obtain Ms' N' where Ms': (Ms', N') = rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (DPLL\text{-}step' S)
       by (cases rough-state-of (DPLL-step' S)) auto
     ultimately have dpll_W-all-inv (toS'(Ms', N')) unfolding Ms'
       by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prod-unfold mem-Collect-eq rough-state-of)
     have dpll_W (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N')
      apply (rule DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step[of Ms' N' Ms N])
       unfolding Ms Ms' using \langle x \neq S \rangle rough-state-of-inject x by fastforce+
     then show ?thesis unfolding Ms[symmetric] Ms'[symmetric] by auto
  ultimately show (x, S) \in \{(T', T). (rough-state-of T', rough-state-of T)\}
   \in \{(S', S). (toS'S', toS'S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\}\}
   by (auto simp add: x)
qed
lemma [code]:
DPLL-tot S =
  (let S' = DPLL-step' S in
  if S' = S then S else DPLL-tot S') by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ DPLL\text{-}tot\text{-}DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}DPLL\text{-}tot[simp]}\text{:}\ DPLL\text{-}tot\ (DPLL\text{-}step'\ S) = DPLL\text{-}tot\ S
 apply (cases DPLL-step' S = S)
 apply simp
 unfolding DPLL-tot.simps[of S] by (simp del: DPLL-tot.simps)
lemma DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot[simp]:
  DPLL-step' (DPLL-tot S) = DPLL-tot S
 by (rule DPLL-tot.induct[of \lambda S. DPLL-step' (DPLL-tot S) = DPLL-tot S[S])
    (metis (full-types) DPLL-tot.simps)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{DPLL-tot-final-state} \colon
 assumes DPLL-tot S = S
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS'(rough-state-of S))
proof -
 have DPLL-step' S = S using assms[symmetric] DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot by metis
 then have DPLL-step (rough-state-of S) = (rough-state-of S)
   unfolding DPLL-step'-def using DPLL-step-dpll<sub>W</sub>-conc-inv rough-state-of-inverse
   by (metis rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step)
 then show ?thesis
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) DPLL-step-stuck-final-state old.prod.exhaust split-conv)
qed
lemma DPLL-tot-star:
 assumes rough-state-of (DPLL-tot S) = S'
 shows dpll_W^{**} (toS' (rough-state-of S)) (toS' S')
 using assms
proof (induction arbitrary: S' rule: DPLL-tot.induct)
 case (1 S S')
 let ?x = DPLL\text{-}step' S
 { assume ?x = S
   then have ?case using 1(2) by simp
 moreover {
   assume S: ?x \neq S
   have ?case
     apply (cases DPLL-step' S = S)
      using S apply blast
     by (smt 1.IH 1.prems DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step DPLL-tot.simps case-prodE2
       rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
      rtranclp-idemp split-conv)
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma rough-state-of-rough-state-of-Nil[simp]:
 rough-state-of (state-of ([], N)) = ([], N)
 apply (rule DPLL-W-Implementation.dpll<sub>W</sub>-state.state-of-inverse)
 unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
Theorem of correctness
lemma DPLL-tot-correct:
 assumes rough-state-of (DPLL\text{-}tot\ (state\text{-}of\ (([],\ N)))) = (M,\ N')
 and (M', N'') = toS'(M, N')
 shows M' \models asm \ N'' \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset \ N'')
 have dpll_{W}^{**} (toS' ([], N)) (toS' (M, N')) using DPLL-tot-star[OF assms(1)] by auto
 moreover have conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS' (M, N'))
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{DPLL-tot-final-state}\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{mono-tags},\ \mathit{lifting})\ \mathit{DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot}\ \mathit{DPLL-tot.simps}
     assms(1)
 ultimately show ?thesis using dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct by (smt DPLL-ci.simps
   DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp\ assms(2)\ dpll_W-all-inv-def\ prod.case\ prod.sel(1)\ prod.sel(2)
   rtranclp-dpll_W-inv(3) rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0)
qed
```

Code export

A conversion to DPLL-W-Implementation. $dpll_W$ -state definition $Con :: (int, unit) \ ann-lits \times int \ literal \ list \ list$

```
\Rightarrow dpll_W\text{-}state \ \mathbf{where}
Con \ xs = state\text{-}of \ (if \ dpll_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ (toS \ (fst \ xs) \ (snd \ xs)) \ then \ xs \ else \ ([], []))
\mathbf{lemma} \ [code \ abstype]:
Con \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S) = S
\mathbf{using} \ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of [of \ S] \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ Con\text{-}def \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
\mathbf{declare} \ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}DPLL\text{-}step'\text{-}DPLL\text{-}step[code \ abstract]}
\mathbf{lemma} \ Con\text{-}DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}state\text{-}of[simp]:}
Con \ (DPLL\text{-}step \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ s)) = state\text{-}of \ (DPLL\text{-}step \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ s))
\mathbf{unfolding} \ Con\text{-}def \ \mathbf{by} \ (metis \ (mono\text{-}tags, \ lifting) \ DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}dpll_W\text{-}conc\text{-}inv \ mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq}
prod.case\text{-}eq\text{-}if)
```

A slightly different version of *DPLL-tot* where the returned boolean indicates the result.

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{definition} \ DPLL\text{-}tot\text{-}rep \ \textbf{where} \\ DPLL\text{-}tot\text{-}rep \ S = \\ (let \ (M, \ N) = (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ (DPLL\text{-}tot \ S)) \ in \ (\forall \ A \in set \ N. \ (\exists \ a \in set \ A. \ a \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (M)), \ M)) \end{array}
```

One version of the generated SML code is here, but not included in the generated document. The only differences are:

- export 'a literal from the SML Module Clausal-Logic;
- export the constructor *Con* from *DPLL-W-Implementation*;
- export the *int* constructor from *Arith*.

 All these allows to test on the code on some examples.

```
end
theory CDCL-W-Implementation
imports DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation CDCL-W-Termination
begin
```

7.1.4 List-based CDCL Implementation

We here have a very simple implementation of Weidenbach's CDCL, based on the same principle as the implementation of DPLL: iterating over-and-over on lists. We do not use any fancy data-structure (see the two-watched literals for a better suited data-structure).

The goal was (as for DPLL) to test the infrastructure and see if an important lemma was missing to prove the correctness and the termination of a simple implementation.

Types and Instantiation

```
notation image\text{-}mset (infixr '# 90)

type-synonym 'a cdcl_W-mark = 'a clause

type-synonym 'v cdcl_W-ann-lit = ('v, 'v cdcl_W-mark) ann-lit type-synonym 'v cdcl_W-ann-lits = ('v, 'v cdcl_W-mark) ann-lits type-synonym 'v cdcl_W-state =
```

```
'v\ cdcl_W-ann-lits \times\ 'v\ clauses\ \times\ 'v\ clauses\ \times\ nat\ \times\ 'v\ clause\ option
```

abbreviation raw-trail :: $'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a$ where raw-trail $\equiv (\lambda(M, -), M)$

abbreviation raw-cons-trail :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e where

raw-cons- $trail \equiv (\lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S))$

abbreviation raw-tl-trail :: 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e where raw-tl-trail $\equiv (\lambda(M, S), (tl M, S))$

abbreviation raw-init-clss :: 'a × 'b × 'c × 'd × 'e \Rightarrow 'b where raw-init-clss $\equiv \lambda(M, N, \cdot)$. N

abbreviation raw-learned-clss :: $'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'c$ where raw-learned-clss $\equiv \lambda(M, N, U, \cdot)$. U

abbreviation raw-backtrack-lvl :: 'a × 'b × 'c × 'd × 'e \Rightarrow 'd where raw-backtrack-lvl $\equiv \lambda(M, N, U, k, -)$. k

abbreviation raw-update-backtrack-lvl :: 'd \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e where

raw-update-backtrack-lvl $\equiv \lambda k \ (M, N, U, -, S)$. (M, N, U, k, S)

abbreviation raw-conflicting :: $'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'e$ where raw-conflicting $\equiv \lambda(M, N, U, k, D)$. D

abbreviation raw-update-conflicting :: $'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e$ where

raw-update-conflicting $\equiv \lambda S (M, N, U, k, -). (M, N, U, k, S)$

abbreviation $S0\text{-}cdcl_W$ $N \equiv (([], N, \{\#\}, 0, None):: 'v \ cdcl_W\text{-}state)$

abbreviation raw-add-learned-clss where

raw-add-learned-clss $\equiv \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, {\#C\#} + U, S)$

abbreviation raw-remove-cls where

raw-remove- $cls \equiv \lambda C \ (M, N, U, S). \ (M, removeAll-mset C N, removeAll-mset C U, S)$

lemma raw-trail-conv: raw-trail (M, N, U, k, D) = M and clauses-conv: raw-init-clss (M, N, U, k, D) = N and raw-learned-clss-conv: raw-learned-clss (M, N, U, k, D) = U and raw-conflicting-conv: raw-conflicting (M, N, U, k, D) = D and raw-backtrack-lvl-conv: raw-backtrack-lvl (M, N, U, k, D) = k by auto

$\mathbf{lemma}\ state\text{-}conv$:

 $S = (raw\text{-}trail\ S,\ raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ S,\ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ S,\ raw\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\ S,\ raw\text{-}conflicting\ S)}$ by $(cases\ S)$ auto

interpretation $state_W$

raw-trail raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss raw-backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting λL (M, S). (L # M, S) $\lambda (M, S)$. (tl M, S)

```
\lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, removeAll-mset\ C\ N, removeAll-mset\ C\ U, S)
 \lambda(k::nat) \ (M,\ N,\ U,\ -,\ D).\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ D)
 \lambda D (M, N, U, k, -). (M, N, U, k, D)
 \lambda N. ([], N, \{\#\}, \theta, None)
 by unfold-locales auto
interpretation conflict-driven-clause-learning wraw-trail raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss raw-backtrack-lul
raw-conflicting
 \lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S)
 \lambda(M, S). (tl M, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, removeAll-mset\ C\ N, removeAll-mset\ C\ U, S)
 \lambda(k::nat) \ (M, N, U, -, D). \ (M, N, U, k, D)
 \lambda D \ (M, N, U, k, -). \ (M, N, U, k, D)
 \lambda N. ([], N, \{\#\}, \theta, None)
 by unfold-locales auto
declare clauses-def[simp]
lemma cdcl_W-state-eq-equality[iff]: state-eq S T \longleftrightarrow S = T
  unfolding state-eq-def by (cases S, cases T) auto
declare state-simp[simp \ del]
lemma reduce-trail-to-empty-trail[simp]:
  reduce-trail-to F([], aa, ab, ac, b) = ([], aa, ab, ac, b)
 using reduce-trail-to.simps by auto
lemma raw-trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le:
 assumes length F > length (raw-trail S)
 shows raw-trail (reduce-trail-to F(S) = []
 using assms trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le [of S F]
 by (cases S, cases reduce-trail-to F S) auto
{f lemma} reduce-trail-to:
  reduce-trail-to F S =
   ((if length (raw-trail S) > length F)
   then drop (length (raw-trail S) – length F) (raw-trail S)
   else []), raw-init-clss S, raw-learned-clss S, raw-backtrack-lvl S, raw-conflicting S)
   (is ?S = -)
proof (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 case (1 F S) note IH = this
 show ?case
   \mathbf{proof} (cases raw-trail S)
     then show ?thesis using IH by (cases S) auto
   next
     case (Cons\ L\ M)
     then show ?thesis
      apply (cases Suc (length M) > length F)
       prefer 2 using IH reduce-trail-to-length-ne[of S F] apply (cases S) apply auto[]
      apply (subgoal-tac Suc (length M) – length F = Suc (length M – length F))
      using reduce-trail-to-length-ne [of SF] IH by (cases S) auto
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
```

7.1.5 CDCL Implementation

Definition of the rules

```
\textbf{Types} \quad \textbf{lemma} \ \textit{true-raw-init-clss-remdups}[\textit{simp}]:
  I \models s \ (mset \circ remdups) \ `N \longleftrightarrow I \models s \ mset \ `N
 by (simp add: true-clss-def)
lemma satisfiable-mset-remdups[simp]:
  satisfiable \ ((mset \circ remdups) \ `N) \longleftrightarrow satisfiable \ (mset \ `N)
unfolding satisfiable-carac[symmetric] by simp
type-synonym 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-st = ('v, 'v literal list) ann-lit list \times
  'v literal list list \times 'v literal list list \times nat \times 'v literal list option
We need some functions to convert between our abstract state 'v \ cdcl_W-state and the concrete
state v cdcl_W-state-inv-st.
fun convert :: ('a, 'c list) ann-lit \Rightarrow ('a, 'c multiset) ann-lit where
convert (Propagated \ L \ C) = Propagated \ L \ (mset \ C)
convert (Decided K) = Decided K
abbreviation convertC :: 'a \ list \ option \Rightarrow 'a \ multiset \ option \ \ \mathbf{where}
convertC \equiv map\text{-}option \ mset
lemma convert-Propagated[elim!]:
  convert z = Propagated \ L \ C \Longrightarrow (\exists \ C'. \ z = Propagated \ L \ C' \land C = mset \ C')
  by (cases z) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{is-decided-convert}[\textit{simp}] \text{: } \textit{is-decided}\ (\textit{convert}\ x) = \textit{is-decided}\ x
  by (cases x) auto
lemma get-level-map-convert[simp]:
  get-level (map\ convert\ M)\ x = get-level M\ x
  by (induction M rule: ann-lit-list-induct) (auto simp: comp-def)
lemma get-maximum-level-map-convert[simp]:
  get-maximum-level (map convert M) D = get-maximum-level M D
  by (induction D)
    (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
Conversion function
fun toS :: 'v \ cdcl_W - state - inv - st \Rightarrow 'v \ cdcl_W - state \ \mathbf{where}
toS(M, N, U, k, C) = (map\ convert\ M,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N),\ mset\ (map\ mset\ U),\ k,\ convert\ C)
Definition an abstract type
typedef'v\ cdcl_W\ -state-inv = \{S:: v\ cdcl_W\ -state-inv\ -st.\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ (toS\ S)\}
 morphisms rough-state-of state-of
proof
  show ([],[], [], \theta, None) \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (toS\ S)\}
   by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
qed
instantiation cdcl_W-state-inv :: (type) equal
definition equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv :: 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv \Rightarrow 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv \Rightarrow bool where
```

```
equal-cdcl_W-state-inv S S' = (rough-state-of S = rough-state-of S')
instance
 by standard (simp add: rough-state-of-inject equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-def)
end
lemma lits-of-map-convert[simp]: lits-of-l (map\ convert\ M) = lits-of-l M
 by (induction M rule: ann-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma atm-lit-of-convert[simp]:
 lit-of\ (convert\ x) = lit-of\ x
 by (cases \ x) auto
lemma undefined-lit-map-convert[iff]:
 undefined-lit (map\ convert\ M)\ L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit M\ L
 by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map image-image)
lemma true-annot-map-convert[simp]: map convert M \models a N \longleftrightarrow M \models a N
 by (simp-all add: true-annot-def image-image lits-of-def)
lemma true-annots-map-convert[simp]: map convert M \models as N \longleftrightarrow M \models as N
 unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemmas propagateE
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{find-first-unit-clause-some-is-propagate}:
 assumes H: find-first-unit-clause (N @ U) M = Some(L, C)
 shows propagate (toS (M, N, U, k, None)) (toS (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, None))
 using assms
 by (auto dest!: find-first-unit-clause-some simp add: propagate.simps
   intro!: exI[of - mset\ C - \{\#L\#\}])
The Transitions
Propagate definition do-propagate-step where
do-propagate-step S =
 (case S of
   (M, N, U, k, None) \Rightarrow
     (case find-first-unit-clause (N @ U) M of
       Some (L, C) \Rightarrow (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, None)
     | None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, None) \rangle
 \mid S \Rightarrow S)
lemma do-propgate-step:
 do\text{-propagate-step } S \neq S \Longrightarrow propagate \ (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do\text{-propagate-step } S))
 apply (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
 raw-backtrack-lvl S
 by (auto simp add: do-propagate-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma do-propagate-step-option[simp]:
 raw-conflicting S \neq None \implies do-propagate-step S = S
 unfolding do-propagate-step-def by (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S) auto
lemma do-propagate-step-no-step:
 assumes dist: \forall c \in set \ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S \ @ \ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S). distinct c \ \text{and}
 prop-step: do-propagate-step S = S
 shows no-step propagate (toS S)
```

```
proof (standard, standard)
 \mathbf{fix} \ T
 assume propagate (toS S) T
 then obtain M N U k C L E where
   toSS: toS S = (M, N, U, k, None) and
   LE: L \in \# E \text{ and }
   T: T = (Propagated \ L \ E \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ None) and
   MC: M \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undef: undefined-lit M L and
   CL: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#N + U
   apply - by (cases \ toS \ S) (auto \ elim!: propagateE)
 let ?M = raw\text{-}trail\ S
 let ?N = raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss S
 let ?U = raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss S
 let ?k = raw\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl S
 let ?D = None
 have S: S = (?M, ?N, ?U, ?k, ?D)
   using toSS by (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S) simp-all
 have S: toS S = toS (?M, ?N, ?U, ?k, ?D)
   unfolding S[symmetric] by simp
 have
   M: M = map \ convert \ ?M \ and
   N: N = mset \ (map \ mset \ ?N) and
   U: U = mset \ (map \ mset \ ?U)
   using toSS[unfolded S] by auto
 obtain D where
   DCL: mset\ D = C + \{\#L\#\} and
   D: D \in set (?N @ ?U)
   using CL unfolding N U by auto
 obtain C'L' where
   set D: set D = set (L' \# C') and
   C': mset C' = C and
   L: L = L'
   using DCL by (metis ex-mset mset.simps(2) mset-eq-setD)
 have find-first-unit-clause (?N @ ?U) ?M \neq None
   apply (rule dist find-first-unit-clause-none[of D?N @?U?M L, OF - D])
      using D \ assms(1) apply auto[1]
     using MC setD DCL M MC unfolding C'[symmetric] apply auto[1]
    using M undef apply auto[1]
   unfolding setD L by auto
 then show False using prop-step S unfolding do-propagate-step-def by (cases S) auto
Conflict fun find-conflict where
find\text{-}conflict\ M\ [] = None\ []
find-conflict M (N \# Ns) = (if (\forall c \in set N. -c \in lits-of-l M) then Some N else find-conflict M Ns)
lemma find-conflict-Some:
 find-conflict M Ns = Some N \Longrightarrow N \in set Ns \land M \models as CNot (mset N)
 by (induction Ns rule: find-conflict.induct)
    (auto split: if-split-asm)
lemma find-conflict-None:
 find\text{-}conflict\ M\ Ns = None \longleftrightarrow (\forall\ N \in set\ Ns.\ \neg M \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ N))
```

```
by (induction Ns) auto
lemma find-conflict-None-no-confl:
  find-conflict M (N@U) = None \longleftrightarrow no-step conflict (toS (M, N, U, k, None))
 by (auto simp add: find-conflict-None conflict.simps)
definition do-conflict-step where
do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S =
  (case S of
   (M, N, U, k, None) \Rightarrow
     (case find-conflict M (N @ U) of
       Some a \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, Some a)
      | None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, None))
  \mid S \Rightarrow S \rangle
lemma do-conflict-step:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflict\ (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S))
  apply (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
  unfolding conflict.simps do-conflict-step-def
  by (auto dest!:find-conflict-Some split: option.splits)
lemma do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\text{-}no\text{-}step:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ conflict\ (toS\ S)
  apply (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def
  using find-conflict-None-no-confl of raw-trail S raw-init-clss S raw-learned-clss S
     raw-backtrack-lvl S
  by (auto split: option.splits elim!: conflictE)
lemma do-conflict-step-option[simp]:
  raw-conflicting S \neq None \implies do-conflict-step S = S
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def by (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S) auto
lemma do-conflict-step-raw-conflicting[dest]:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step \ S \neq S \Longrightarrow raw\text{-}conflicting \ (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step \ S) \neq None
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def by (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S) (auto split: option.splits)
definition do-cp-step where
do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S =
  (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ o\ do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step)\ S
lemma cp-step-is-cdcl_W-cp:
  assumes H: do-cp\text{-}step \ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-cp (toS S) (toS (do-cp-step S))
proof -
  show ?thesis
 proof (cases do-conflict-step S \neq S)
   case True
   then show ?thesis
     by (auto simp add: do-conflict-step do-conflict-step-raw-conflicting do-cp-step-def)
  next
   then have confl[simp]: do-conflict-step S = S by simp
   show ?thesis
     proof (cases do-propagate-step S = S)
       case True
```

```
then show ?thesis
       using H by (simp \ add: \ do-cp-step-def)
       case False
       let ?S = toS S
       let ?T = toS (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step S)
       let ?U = toS (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step S))
       have propa: propagate (toS S) ?T using False do-propgate-step by blast
       moreover have ns: no-step conflict (toSS) using confl do-conflict-step-no-step by blast
       ultimately show ?thesis
         using cdcl_W-cp.intros(2)[of ?S ?T] confl unfolding do-cp-step-def by auto
     qed
 qed
qed
lemma do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl:
  do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S = S \land do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S = S
  by (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
   (auto simp add: do-conflict-step-def do-propagate-step-def do-cp-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma no\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}no\text{-}propagate\text{-}no\text{-}conflict:}
  no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ S \longleftrightarrow no\text{-step } propagate \ S \land no\text{-step } conflict \ S
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
lemma do-cp-step-eq-no-step:
 assumes H: do-cp-step S = S and \forall c \in set (raw-init-clss S @ raw-learned-clss S). distinct c
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp (toS S)
 unfolding no\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}no\text{-}propagate\text{-}no\text{-}conflict
 using assms apply (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
 using do-propagate-step-no-step[of S]
 by (auto dest!: do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl[simplified] do-conflict-step-no-step
   split: option.splits)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-st: cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
 by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\ tranclp\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state[simp]: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (rough-state-of S))
 using rough-state-of by auto
lemma [simp]: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of S) = S
 by (simp add: state-of-inverse)
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step[simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)))
   apply (cases do-cp-step (rough-state-of S) = (rough-state-of S))
     apply simp
   using cp-step-is-cdcl_W-cp[of rough-state-of S] cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state[of S]
   cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-st rtrancl_P-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 then show ?thesis by auto
qed
Skip fun do-skip-step :: 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-st \Rightarrow 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-st where
do-skip-step (Propagated L C \# Ls,N,U,k, Some D) =
 (if -L \notin set D \land D \neq []
```

```
then (Ls, N, U, k, Some D)
  else (Propagated L C \#Ls, N, U, k, Some D))
do-skip-step S = S
lemma do-skip-step:
  do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow skip\ (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S))
 apply (induction S rule: do-skip-step.induct)
 \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \mathit{skip}.\mathit{simps})
lemma do-skip-step-no:
  do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ skip\ (toS\ S)
  by (induction S rule: do-skip-step.induct)
    (auto simp add: other split: if-split-asm elim: skipE)
lemma do-skip-step-raw-trail-is-None[iff]:
  do-skip-step S = (a, b, c, d, None) \longleftrightarrow S = (a, b, c, d, None)
 by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases) auto
Resolve fun maximum-level-code: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, 'a literal list) ann-lit list \Rightarrow nat
  where
maximum-level-code [] -= 0
maximum-level-code (L \# Ls) M = max (get-level M L) (maximum-level-code Ls M)
lemma maximum-level-code-eq-qet-maximum-level[code, simp]:
  maximum-level-code D M = get-maximum-level M (mset D)
 by (induction D) (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
fun do-resolve-step :: 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-st \Rightarrow 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-st where
do-resolve-step (Propagated L C \# Ls, N, U, k, Some D) =
  (if -L \in set \ D \land maximum-level-code \ (remove1 \ (-L) \ D) \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ Ls) = k
 then (Ls, N, U, k, Some (remdups (remove1 L C @ remove1 <math>(-L) D)))
  else (Propagated L C \# Ls, N, U, k, Some D)) |
\textit{do-resolve-step}\ S = S
lemma do-resolve-step:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow do-resolve-step S \neq S
  \implies resolve (toS S) (toS (do-resolve-step S))
proof (induction S rule: do-resolve-step.induct)
 case (1 L C M N U k D)
 then have
    -L \in set \ D \ \mathbf{and}
   M: maximum-level-code \ (remove1 \ (-L) \ D) \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ M) = k
   by (cases\ mset\ D - \{\#-L\#\} = \{\#\},\
       auto dest!: get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[of - Propagated L C \# M]
       split: if-split-asm)+
 have every-mark-is-a-conflict (toS (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, Some D))
   using I(1) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by fast
  then have L \in set \ C by fastforce
  then obtain C' where C: mset\ C = C' + \{\#L\#\}
   by (metis add.commute in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
 obtain D' where D: mset D = D' + \{\#-L\#\}
   using \langle -L \in set \ D \rangle by (metis add.commute in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
 have D'L: D' + \{\#-L\#\} - \{\#-L\#\} = D' by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
 have CL: mset\ C - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} = mset\ C\ using\ (L \in set\ C)\ by\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ multiset-eq-iff)
 have get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C' + \{\#L\#\}\}) # map convert M) D' = k
```

```
using M[simplified] unfolding maximum-level-code-eq-get-maximum-level C[symmetric] CL
   by (metis\ D\ D'L\ convert.simps(1)\ get-maximum-level-map-convert\ list.simps(9))
  then have
   resolve
      (map\ convert\ (Propagated\ L\ C\ \#\ M),\ mset\ '\#\ mset\ N,\ mset\ '\#\ mset\ U,\ k,\ Some\ (mset\ D))
      (map convert M, mset '# mset N, mset '# mset U, k,
       Some (((mset\ D - \{\#-L\#\})\ \#\cup\ (mset\ C - \{\#L\#\}))))
   unfolding resolve.simps
     by (simp \ add: \ C\ D)
 moreover have
   (map convert (Propagated L C # M), mset '# mset N, mset '# mset U, k, Some (mset D))
    = toS (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, Some D)
   by (auto simp: mset-map)
 moreover
   have distinct-mset (mset C) and distinct-mset (mset D)
     using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (toS \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ Some \ D) \rangle
     unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
   then have (mset\ C - \{\#L\#\})\ \#\cup\ (mset\ D - \{\#-L\#\}) =
     remdups-mset (mset C - \{\#L\#\} + (mset D - \{\#-L\#\}))
     by (auto simp: distinct-mset-rempdups-union-mset)
   then have (map convert M, mset '# mset N, mset '# mset U, k,
   Some ((mset \ D - \{\#-L\#\}) \ \# \cup (mset \ C - \{\#L\#\})))
   = toS (do-resolve-step (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, Some D))
   using \langle -L \in set \ D \rangle \ M by (auto simp:ac-simps mset-map)
  ultimately show ?case
   by simp
qed auto
lemma do-resolve-step-no:
  do\text{-resolve-step }S=S \Longrightarrow no\text{-step resolve }(toS\ S)
 apply (cases S; cases hd (raw-trail S); cases raw-trail S; cases raw-conflicting S)
   elim!: resolveE split: if-split-asm
   dest!: union-single-eq-member
   simp del: in-multiset-in-set qet-maximum-level-map-convert
   simp: qet-maximum-level-map-convert[symmetric])
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-resolve[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-resolve-step S)) = do-resolve-step S
 apply (rule state-of-inverse)
 apply (cases do-resolve-step S = S)
  apply simp
 by (blast dest: other resolve bj do-resolve-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\text{-}raw\text{-}trail\text{-}is\text{-}None[iff]:}
  do-resolve-step S = (a, b, c, d, None) \longleftrightarrow S = (a, b, c, d, None)
 by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases) auto
Backjumping lemma qet-all-ann-decomposition-map-convert:
  (get-all-ann-decomposition (map convert M)) =
   map \ (\lambda(a, b). \ (map \ convert \ a, \ map \ convert \ b)) \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ M)
 apply (induction M rule: ann-lit-list-induct)
   apply simp
 by (rename-tac L xs, case-tac get-all-ann-decomposition xs; auto)+
```

```
lemma do-backtrack-step:
 assumes
   db: do-backtrack-step S \neq S and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (to S S)
 shows backtrack (toS S) (toS (do-backtrack-step S))
 proof (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S, goal-cases)
   case (1 \ M \ N \ U \ k \ E)
   then show ?case using db by auto
 \mathbf{next}
   case (2 M N U k E C) note S = this(1) and confl = this(2)
   have E: E = Some \ C  using S  confl by auto
   obtain L j where fd: find-level-decomp M C [] k = Some (L, j)
    using db unfolding S E by (cases C) (auto split: if-split-asm option.splits list.splits
      ann-lit.splits)
   have
    L \in set \ C \ and
    j: get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ (remove1\ L\ C)) = j\ and
    levL: get-level M L = k
    using find-level-decomp-some[OF fd] by auto
   obtain C' where C: mset\ C = mset\ C' + \{\#L\#\}
     using \langle L \in set \ C \rangle by (metis add.commute ex-mset in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
   obtain M2 where M2: bt-cut j M = Some M2
    using db fd unfolding S E by (auto split: option.splits)
   have no-dup M and k: k = count\text{-}decided (filter is-decided M)
    using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S by (auto simp: comp-def)
   then obtain M1 K c where
    M1: M2 = Decided K \# M1 \text{ and } lev-K: get-level M K = j + 1 \text{ and }
    c: M = c @ M2
    using bt-cut-some-decomp[OF - M2] by (cases M2) auto
    have j \leq k unfolding c j[symmetric] k
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) count-decided-ge-get-maximum-level filter-cong filter-filter)
   have max-l-j: maximum-level-code C'M = j
    using db fd M2 C unfolding S E by (auto
        split:\ option.splits\ list.splits\ ann-lit.splits
        dest!: find-level-decomp-some)[1]
   have get-maximum-level M (mset C) > k
    using \langle L \in set \ C \rangle \ levL \ qet-maximum-level-qe-qet-level by (metis \ set-mset-mset)
   moreover have get-maximum-level M (mset C) \leq k
    using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[of mset C M] inv
      cdcl_W-M-level-inv-get-level-le-backtrack-lvl[of toS S]
    unfolding C \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def S by (auto dest: sym[of \ get-level - -])
   ultimately have get-maximum-level M (mset C) = k by auto
   obtain M2' where M2': (M2, M2') \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition M)
    using bt-cut-in-get-all-ann-decomposition[OF (no-dup M) M2] by metis
   have decomp:
    (Decided K \# (map \ convert \ M1),
    (map\ convert\ M2')) \in
    set (qet-all-ann-decomposition (map convert M))
    unfolding S E M1 by (simp add: get-all-ann-decomposition-map-convert)
   show ?case
    apply (rule backtrack-rule)
      using M2 fd confl \langle L \in set \ C \rangle j decomp levL \langle get-maximum-level M (mset \ C) = k \rangle
      unfolding S E M1 apply (auto simp: mset-map)[6]
```

```
using M2' M2 fd j lev-K unfolding S E M1 CDCL-W-Implementation.state-eq-def
     by (auto simp: comp-def ac-simps)[2]
qed
lemma map-eq-list-length:
 map \ f \ L = L' \Longrightarrow length \ L = length \ L'
 \mathbf{by} auto
lemma map-mmset-of-mlit-eq-cons:
 assumes map convert M = a @ c
 obtains a' c' where
    M = a' @ c' and
    a = map \ convert \ a' and
    c = map \ convert \ c'
 using that [of take (length a) M drop (length a) M]
 assms by (metis append-eq-conv-conj append-take-drop-id drop-map take-map)
lemma Decided-convert-iff:
 Decided K = convert za \longleftrightarrow za = Decided K
 by (cases za) auto
lemma do-backtrack-step-no:
 assumes
   db: do-backtrack-step S = S and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
 shows no-step backtrack (toS S)
proof (rule ccontr, cases S, cases raw-conflicting S, goal-cases)
 case 1
 then show ?case using db by (auto split: option.splits elim: backtrackE)
 case (2 M N U k E C) note bt = this(1) and S = this(2) and confl = this(3)
 obtain K j M1 M2 L D where
   CE: raw-conflicting S = Some D and
   LD: L \in \# mset D  and
   decomp: (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (raw-trail S)) and
   levL: get-level (raw-trail S) L = raw-backtrack-lvl S and
   k: qet-level (raw-trail S) L = qet-maximum-level (raw-trail S) (mset D) and
   j: get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level (raw\text{-}trail S) (remove1\text{-}mset L (mset D)) \equiv j \text{ and } j
   lev	ext{-}K	ext{: } get	ext{-}level \ (raw	ext{-}trail \ S) \ K = Suc \ j
   using bt apply clarsimp
   apply (elim backtrackE)
   apply (cases S)
   by (auto simp add: get-all-ann-decomposition-map-convert reduce-trail-to
     Decided-convert-iff)
 obtain c where c: raw-trail S = c @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1
   using decomp by blast
 have k = count\text{-}decided (raw\text{-}trail S) and n\text{-}d: no\text{-}dup M
   using inv S unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
   by (auto simp: comp-def)
 then have k > j
   using j count-decided-ge-get-maximum-level [of raw-trail S remove1-mset L (mset D)]
   count-decided-ge-get-level[of K raw-trail S]
   unfolding k \ lev-K
  unfolding c by (auto simp: get-all-ann-decomposition-map-convert simp del: count-decided-ge-get-level)
 have [simp]: L \in set D
   using LD by auto
```

```
have CD: C = D
   using CE confl by auto
 obtain D' where
   E: E = Some D and
   DD': mset D = \{\#L\#\} + mset D'
   using that[of remove1 L D]
   using S CE confl LD by (auto simp add: insert-DiffM)
 have find-level-decomp MD \mid k \neq None
   apply rule
   apply (drule\ find-level-decomp-none[of - - - L\ D'])
   using DD' \langle k > j \rangle mset-eq-set DS lev L unfolding k[symmetric] j[symmetric]
   by (auto simp: ac-simps)
 then obtain L'j' where fd-some: find-level-decomp MD []k = Some (L', j')
   by (cases find-level-decomp MD [] k) auto
 have L': L' = L
   proof (rule ccontr)
    assume ¬ ?thesis
    then have L' \in \# mset (remove1 \ L \ D)
      by (metis fd-some find-level-decomp-some in-set-remove1 set-mset-mset)
    then have get-level M L' \leq get-maximum-level M (mset (remove1 L D))
      using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
    then show False using \langle k > j \rangle j find-level-decomp-some [OF fd-some] S DD' by auto
   qed
 then have j': j' = j using find-level-decomp-some [OF fd-some] j S DD' by auto
 obtain c' M1' where cM: M = c' @ Decided K # M1'
   apply (rule map-mmset-of-mlit-eq-cons[of M map convert (c ⊚ M2)
    map\ convert\ (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1)])
    using c S apply simp
   apply (rule map-mmset-of-mlit-eq-cons[of - map convert [Decided K] map convert M1])
   apply auto[]
   apply (rename-tac a b' aa b, case-tac aa)
   apply auto[]
   apply (rename-tac a b' aa b, case-tac aa)
   by auto
 have btc-none: bt-cut j M \neq None
   apply (rule bt-cut-not-none[of M])
    using n\text{-}d cM S lev\text{-}K S apply blast+
   using lev-K S by auto
 show ?case using db n-d unfolding S E
   by (auto split: option.splits list.splits ann-lit.splits
    simp\ add: fd-some\ L'j'\ btc-none
    dest: bt-cut-some-decomp)
qed
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-backtrack[simp]:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
 shows rough-state-of (state-of (do-backtrack-step S))= do-backtrack-step S
proof (rule state-of-inverse)
 consider
   (step) backtrack (toS\ S) (toS\ (do-backtrack-step\ S))
    (0) do-backtrack-step S = S
   using do-backtrack-step inv by blast
 then show do-backtrack-step S \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (toS \ S)\}
   proof cases
    case \theta
```

```
thus ?thesis using inv by simp
    next
      case step
      then show ?thesis
        using inv
        by (auto dest!: cdcl_W.other cdcl_W-o.bj cdcl_W-bj.backtrack intro: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
    qed
qed
Decide fun do-decide-step where
do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None) =
  (case find-first-unused-var N (lits-of-l M) of
    None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, None)
  | Some L \Rightarrow (Decided L \# M, N, U, k+1, None)) |
do	ext{-}decide	ext{-}step\ S=S
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}decide\text{-}step:
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow decide\ (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S))
  apply (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
 defer
 apply (auto split: option.splits simp add: decide.simps
          dest: find-first-unused-var-undefined\ find-first-unused-var-Some
          intro: atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono)[1]
proof -
  fix a :: ('a, 'a \ literal \ list) \ ann-lit \ list \ and
        b :: 'a literal list list and c :: 'a literal list list and
        d :: nat  and e :: 'a  literal  list  option
    fix a :: ('a, 'a literal list) ann-lit list and
        b :: 'a \ literal \ list \ list \ and \ c :: 'a \ literal \ list \ list \ and
        d:: nat \text{ and } x2:: 'a \text{ literal and } m:: 'a \text{ literal list}
    assume a1: m \in set b
    assume x2 \in set m
    then have f2: atm\text{-}of \ x2 \in atm\text{-}of \ (mset \ m)
      by simp
    have \bigwedge f. (f m::'a literal multiset) \in f 'set b
      using a1 by blast
    then have \bigwedge f. (atms-of\ (f\ m)::'a\ set) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ (f\ `set\ b)
    using atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono by blast
    then have \bigwedge n f. (n::'a) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (f \text{ '} set \ b) \lor n \notin atms\text{-}of \ (f \ m)
      by (meson\ contra-subset D)
    then have atm\text{-}of \ x2 \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (mset \ `set \ b)
      using f2 by blast
  } note H = this
    fix m :: 'a \ literal \ list \ and \ x2
    \mathbf{have}\ m \in \mathit{set}\ b \Longrightarrow \mathit{x2} \in \mathit{set}\ m \Longrightarrow \mathit{x2} \notin \mathit{lits-of-l}\ a \Longrightarrow -\ \mathit{x2} \notin \mathit{lits-of-l}\ a \Longrightarrow
      \exists aa \in set \ b. \ \neg \ atm - of \ `set \ aa \subseteq atm - of \ `lits - of - l \ a
      by (meson atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus contra-subsetD rev-image-eqI)
  } note H' = this
  assume do-decide-step S \neq S and
     S = (a, b, c, d, e) and
     raw-conflicting S = None
  then show decide (toS S) (toS (do-decide-step S))
    using HH' by (auto split: option.splits simp: decide.simps defined-lit-map lits-of-def
```

```
image-image atm-of-eq-atm-of dest!: find-first-unused-var-Some)
qed
lemma do-decide-step-no:
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ decide\ (toS\ S)
 apply (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
 apply (auto simp: atms-of-ms-mset-unfold Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l lits-of-def
     dest!: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus
     elim!: decideE
     split: option.splits)+
 using atm-of-eq-atm-of by blast+
lemma rough-state-of-do-decide-step[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-decide-step S)) = do-decide-step S
proof (subst state-of-inverse, goal-cases)
 case 1
 then show ?case
   by (cases do-decide-step S = S)
     (auto dest: do-decide-step decide other intro: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
\mathbf{qed} \ simp
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-skip-step[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-skip-step S)) = do-skip-step S
 apply (subst state-of-inverse, cases do-skip-step S = S)
  apply simp
 by (blast dest: other skip bj do-skip-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)+
Code generation
Type definition There are two invariants: one while applying conflict and propagate and one
for the other rules
declare rough-state-of-inverse[simp add]
definition Con where
  Con xs = state-of (if cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (fst xs, snd xs)) then xs
  else ([], [], [], \theta, None))
lemma [code abstype]:
 Con\ (\textit{rough-state-of}\ S) = S
 using rough-state-of [of S] unfolding Con-def by simp
definition do-cp-step' where
do\text{-}cp\text{-}step'\ S = state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S))
typedef 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state =
  \{S:: 'v \ cdcl_W \ -state \ -inv \ -st. \ cdcl_W \ -all \ -struct \ -inv \ (toS\ S)\}
   \land cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (S0\text{-}cdcl_W (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss (toS S))) (toS S)
 morphisms rough-state-from-init-state-of state-from-init-state-of
proof
 show ([],[], [], \theta, None) \in {S. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
   \land cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (S0\text{-}cdcl_W (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss (toS S))) (toS S) \}
   by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
qed
instantiation cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state :: (type) equal
```

```
begin
definition equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-from-init-state :: 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow
  'v \ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
 equal\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\ S\ S'\longleftrightarrow
   (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S=rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S')
instance
  by standard (simp add: rough-state-from-init-state-of-inject
    equal-cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state-def)
end
definition ConI where
  ConI S = state-from-init-state-of (if cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (fst S, snd S)))
    \land cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (S0\text{-}cdcl_W (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss (toS S))) (toS S) then S else ([], [], [], 0, None))
lemma [code abstype]:
  ConI (rough-state-from-init-state-of S) = S
  using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] unfolding ConI-def
  by (simp add: rough-state-from-init-state-of-inverse)
definition id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to:: v \ cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state} \Rightarrow v \ cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv \ \textbf{where}
id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\ S = state\text{-}of\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)
lemma [code abstract]:
  rough-state-of (id-of-I-to S) = rough-state-from-init-state-of S
  unfolding id-of-I-to-def using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
Conflict and Propagate function do-full1-cp-step :: 'v cdcl_W-state-inv \Rightarrow 'v cdcl_W-state-inv
where
\textit{do-full1-cp-step } S =
  (let S' = do-cp-step' S in
   if S = S' then S else do-full1-cp-step S')
by auto
termination
proof (relation \{(T', T). (rough-state-of T', rough-state-of T) \in \{(S', S).\}
  (toS\ S',\ toS\ S) \in \{(S',\ S).\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ S\ \land\ cdcl_W\ -cp\ S\ S'\}\}\},\ goal\ -cases)
 case 1
 show ?case
    using wf-if-measure-f[OF \ wf-if-measure-f[OF \ cdcl_W-cp-wf-all-inv, of toS], of rough-state-of].
next
  case (2 S' S)
  then show ?case
    unfolding do-cp-step'-def
    apply simp
    by (metis\ cp\text{-}step\text{-}is\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}inverse})
qed
lemma do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step:
  do-cp-step(rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S)) = (rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S))
  by (rule do-full1-cp-step.induct[of \lambda S. do-cp-step(rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
       = (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)))
    (metis (full-types) do-full1-cp-step.elims rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step do-cp-step'-def)
lemma in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct:
  c \in set \ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S) \ @ \ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S)) \Longrightarrow distinct \ c
  apply (cases rough-state-of S)
  using rough-state-of of S by (auto simp add: distinct-mset-set-distinct cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
```

```
distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
lemma do-full1-cp-step-full:
 full\ cdcl_W-cp\ (toS\ (rough-state-of\ S))
   (toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)))
  unfolding full-def
proof (rule conjI, induction S rule: do-full1-cp-step.induct)
 case (1 S)
 then have f1:
     cdcl_W-cp^{**} (toS (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S))) (
       toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step (state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S))))))
     \vee state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) = S
   using rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step unfolding do-cp-step'-def by fastforce
 have f2: \land c. (if c = state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of c))
      then c else do-full1-cp-step (state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of c))))
    = do-full1-cp-step c
   by (metis (full-types) do-cp-step'-def do-full1-cp-step.simps)
  have f3: \neg cdcl_W - cp \ (toS \ (rough-state-of \ S)) \ (toS \ (do-cp-step \ (rough-state-of \ S)))
   \vee state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) = S
   \vee \ cdcl_W - cp^{++} \ (toS \ (rough-state-of \ S))
       (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ (state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S))))))
   using f1 by (meson rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
  { assume do-full1-cp-step S \neq S
   then have do-cp-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
        \rightarrow cdcl_W-cp** (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)))
     \vee do-cp-step (rough-state-of S) \neq rough-state-of S
       \land state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) \neq S
     using f2 f1 by (metis (no-types))
   then have do-cp-step (rough-state-of S) \neq rough-state-of S
       \land state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) \neq S
     \lor cdcl_W - cp^{**} (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)))
     by (metis rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step)
   then have cdcl_W-cp^{**} (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)))
     using f3 f2 by (metis (no-types) cp-step-is-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp tranclp-into-rtranclp) }
 then show ?case
   by fastforce
 show no-step cdcl_W-cp (toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)))
   apply (rule do-cp-step-eq-no-step[OF do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step[of S]])
   using in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct unfolding do-cp-step'-def by blast
qed
lemma [code abstract]:
rough-state-of (do-cp-step'S) = do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)
unfolding do-cp-step'-def by auto
The other rules fun do-other-step where
do-other-step S =
  (let T = do\text{-}skip\text{-}step S in
    if T \neq S
    then T
    else
      (let \ U = \textit{do-resolve-step} \ T \ \textit{in}
      if U \neq T
      then\ U\ else
      (let \ V = do\text{-}backtrack\text{-}step \ U \ in
```

```
if V \neq U then V else do-decide-step V)))
lemma do-other-step:
  assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS \ S) and
  st: do\text{-}other\text{-}step \ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-o (toS\ S) (toS\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step\ S))
  using st inv by (auto split: if-split-asm
   simp add: Let-def
   dest!: do-skip-step do-resolve-step do-backtrack-step do-decide-step
   dest!: cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros)
lemma do-other-step-no:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S) and
  st: do-other-step S = S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-o (toS\ S)
 using st inv by (auto split: if-split-asm elim: cdcl_W-bjE
   simp\ add: Let\text{-}def\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj.simps\ elim!: cdcl_W\text{-}o.cases
   dest!: do-skip-step-no do-resolve-step-no do-backtrack-step-no do-decide-step-no)
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-other-step[simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (do-other-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-other-step (rough-state-of S)
proof (cases do-other-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S)
 case True
 then show ?thesis by simp
next
 case False
 have cdcl_W-o (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (do-other-step (rough-state-of S)))
   by (metis False cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state do-other-step[of rough-state-of S])
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (do-other-step (rough-state-of S)))
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state other by blast
  then show ?thesis
   by (simp add: CollectI state-of-inverse)
definition do-other-step' where
do-other-step' S =
  state-of\ (do-other-step\ (rough-state-of\ S))
lemma rough-state-of-do-other-step'[code abstract]:
rough-state-of (do-other-step' S) = do-other-step (rough-state-of S)
apply (cases do-other-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S)
  unfolding do-other-step'-def apply simp
using do-other-step[of rough-state-of S] by (auto intro: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state other state-of-inverse)
definition do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step where
do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S =
  (let T = do-full1-cp-step S in
    if T \neq S
    then T
    else
      (let \ U = (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ T)\ in
       (do-full1-cp-step\ U)))
definition do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' where
do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' S = state-from-init-state-of (rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (id-of-I-to S)))
```

```
lemma toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq: do-full1-cp-step S \neq S \Longrightarrow
    toS (rough-state-of S) \neq toS (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
proof -
  assume a1: do-full1-cp-step S \neq S
  then have S \neq do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S
   by fastforce
  then show ?thesis
   by (metis (no-types) cp-step-is-cdcl_W-cp do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-eq-no-step
      do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step\ in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct
     rough-state-of-inverse)
qed
do-full1-cp-step should not be unfolded anymore:
declare do-full1-cp-step.simps[simp del]
Correction of the transformation lemma do\text{-}cdcl_W-stgy-step:
  assumes do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S \neq S
  shows cdcl_W-stqy (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stqy-step S)))
proof (cases do-full1-cp-step S = S)
  case False
  then show ?thesis
   using assms do-full1-cp-step-full[of S] unfolding full-unfold do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy.intros dest: toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq)
next
  case True
 have cdcl_W-o (toS (rough-state-of S)) (toS (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S)))
   by (smt\ True\ assms\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}all\mbox{-}struct\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}rough\mbox{-}state\ do\mbox{-}cdcl_W\mbox{-}stgy\mbox{-}step\mbox{-}def\ do\mbox{-}other\mbox{-}step
     rough-state-of-do-other-step' rough-state-of-inverse)
  moreover
   have
     np: no\text{-}step \ propagate \ (toS \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S)) and
     nc: no-step conflict (toS (rough-state-of S))
       apply (metis True do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl
         do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}fix\text{-}point\text{-}of\text{-}do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\text{-}no\text{-}step
         in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct)
     by (metis True do-conflict-step-no-step do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl
        do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step)
   then have no-step cdcl_W-cp (toS (rough-state-of S))
     by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_W - cp.simps)
  moreover have full cdcl_W-cp (toS (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S)))
    (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ S))))
   using do-full1-cp-step-full by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using assms True unfolding do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def
   by (auto intro!: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy.other' dest: toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq)
qed
lemma length-raw-trail-toS[simp]:
  length (raw-trail (toS S)) = length (raw-trail S)
 by (cases S) auto
lemma raw-conflicting-no True-iff-toS[simp]:
  raw-conflicting (toS\ S) \neq None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S \neq None
  by (cases S) auto
```

```
lemma raw-trail-toS-neq-imp-raw-trail-neq:
 raw-trail (toS\ S) \neq raw-trail (toS\ S') \Longrightarrow raw-trail S \neq raw-trail S'
 by (cases S, cases S') auto
{f lemma}\ do-skip-step-raw-trail-changed-or-conflict:
 assumes d: do-other-step S \neq S
 and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
 shows raw-trail S \neq raw-trail (do-other-step S)
proof -
 have M: \bigwedge M \ K \ M1 \ c. \ M = c @ K \# M1 \Longrightarrow Suc (length M1) \leq length M
   by auto
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (toS S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have cdcl_W-o (toS\ S)\ (toS\ (do-other-step\ S)) using do-other-step[OF\ inv\ d].
 then show ?thesis
   using \langle cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ (toS \ S) \rangle
   proof (induction to S (do-other-step S) rule: cdcl_W-o-induct)
     then show ?thesis
      by (auto simp add: raw-trail-toS-neq-imp-raw-trail-neq)[]
   next
   case (skip)
   then show ?case
     by (cases S; cases do-other-step S) force
   next
     case (resolve)
     then show ?case
       by (cases S, cases do-other-step S) force
    case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2) note LD = this(2) and decomp = this(3) and confl-S = this(1)
      and i = this(6) and U = this(8)
     have
       bt: raw-backtrack-lvl (toS S) = count-decided (raw-trail (toS S)) and
      raw-trail (toS\ S) \models as\ CNot\ D and
      cons: consistent-interp (lits-of-l (raw-trail (toS S)))
      using inv conft-S unfolding cdclw-all-struct-inv-def cdclw-M-level-inv-def
       cdcl_W-conflicting-def by simp-all
     then have -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (raw\text{-}trail \ (toS\ S))
      using LD true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model by blast
     then have -L \in lits-of-l (raw-trail S)
      by (cases S) (auto simp: lits-of-def)
     moreover have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (raw-trail S))
      using cons by (cases S) (auto simp: lits-of-def image-image)
     ultimately have L \notin lits-of-l (raw-trail S)
      using consistent-interp-def by blast
     moreover
      have L \in lits-of-l (raw-trail (toS (do-other-step S)))
        using U by auto
      then have L \in lits-of-l (raw-trail (do-other-step S))
        by (cases do-other-step S) (auto simp: lits-of-def)
     ultimately show ?thesis
      by metis
   qed
qed
```

```
lemma do-full1-cp-step-induct:
  (\bigwedge S. (S \neq do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S) \Longrightarrow P (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S)) \Longrightarrow P S) \Longrightarrow P a0
  using do-full1-cp-step.induct by metis
lemma do-cp-step-neg-raw-trail-increase:
  \exists c. \ raw\text{-trail} \ (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step \ S) = c \ @ \ raw\text{-}trail \ S \ \land (\forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}decided \ m)
  by (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
    (auto simp add: do-cp-step-def do-conflict-step-def do-propagate-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma do-full1-cp-step-neg-raw-trail-increase:
  \exists c. raw\text{-}trail (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step S)) = c @ raw\text{-}trail (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S)
   \land (\forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}decided \ m)
  apply (induction rule: do-full1-cp-step-induct)
  apply (rename-tac S, case-tac do-cp-step' S = S)
   apply (simp add: do-full1-cp-step.simps)
  \mathbf{by} (smt Un-iff append-assoc do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-neg-raw-trail-increase do-full1-cp-step.simps
    rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step set-append)
lemma do-cp-step-raw-conflicting:
  raw-conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq None \implies do-cp-step' S = S
  unfolding do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-def by simp
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{do-full1-cp-step-raw-conflicting} :
  raw-conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq None \Longrightarrow do-full1-cp-step S = S
  unfolding do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-def
  apply (induction rule: do-full1-cp-step-induct)
  by (rename-tac S, case-tac S \neq do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S)
  (auto simp add: do-full1-cp-step.simps do-cp-step-raw-conflicting)
lemma do-decide-step-not-raw-conflicting-one-more-decide:
 assumes
   raw-conflicting S = None and
    do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S \neq S
  shows Suc (length (filter is-decided (raw-trail S)))
    = length (filter is-decided (raw-trail (do-decide-step S)))
  using assms unfolding do-other-step'-def
  by (cases S) (auto simp: Let-def split: if-split-asm option.splits
     dest!: \mathit{find-first-unused-var-Some-not-all-incl})
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}raw\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide\text{-}bt\text{:}}
  assumes raw-conflicting S \neq None and
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S \neq S
  shows length (filter is-decided (raw-trail S)) < length (filter is-decided (raw-trail (do-decide-step S)))
  using assms unfolding do-other-step'-def by (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
   (auto simp add: Let-def split: if-split-asm option.splits)
\mathbf{lemma} count-decided-raw-trail-toS:
  count-decided (raw-trail (toS S)) = count-decided (raw-trail S)
  by (cases S) (auto simp: comp-def)
lemma do-other-step-not-raw-conflicting-one-more-decide-bt:
  assumes
    raw-conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq None and
   raw-conflicting (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)) = None and
    do-other-step' S \neq S
```

```
shows count-decided (raw-trail (rough-state-of S))
   > count-decided (raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)))
proof (cases S, goal-cases)
  case (1 \ y) note S = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 obtain M N U k E where y: y = (M, N, U, k, Some E)
   using assms(1) S inv by (cases y, cases raw-conflicting y) auto
  have M: rough-state-of (state-of (M, N, U, k, Some E)) = (M, N, U, k, Some E)
   using inv y by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
 have bt: do-other-step' S = state-of (do-backtrack-step (rough-state-of S))
   proof (cases rough-state-of S rule: do-decide-step.cases)
     case 1
     then show ?thesis
       using assms(1,2) by auto[]
     case (2 \ v \ vb \ vd \ vf \ vh)
     have f3: \bigwedge c. (if do-skip-step (rough-state-of c) \neq rough-state-of c
       then do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)
       else if do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)) \neq do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)
           then do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c))
           else if do-backtrack-step (do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)))
             \neq do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c))
           then do-backtrack-step (do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)))
           else\ do-decide-step\ (do-backtrack-step\ (do-resolve-step
             (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ c)))))
       = rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (do\text{-}other\text{-}step' c)
       by (simp add: rough-state-of-do-other-step')
    have (raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S)), raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S)),
        raw-learned-clss (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)),
        raw-backtrack-lvl (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S)), None)
       = rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)
       using assms(2) by (metis\ (no-types)\ state-conv)
     then show ?thesis
       using f3\ 2 by (metis\ (no-types)\ do-decide-step.simps(2)\ do-resolve-step-raw-trail-is-None
         do-skip-step-raw-trail-is-None rough-state-of-inverse)
   qed
 have
   bt: raw-backtrack-lvl (toS y) = count-decided (raw-trail (toS y))
   using inv unfolding cdclw-all-struct-inv-def cdclw-M-level-inv-def
   cdcl_W-conflicting-def by simp-all
  have confl-y: raw-conflicting (toS (rough-state-of (do-other-step' (state-of y)))) = None
  using assms(2) y S raw-conflicting-noTrue-iff-toS by blast
  have backtrack (toS (rough-state-of S))
    (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ (state\text{-}of\ y)))) \lor
   resolve\ (toS\ (rough-state-of\ S))
    (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ (state\text{-}of\ y)))) \lor
   skip (toS (rough-state-of S))
    (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ (state\text{-}of\ y))))
   proof -
     have f1: (M, N, U, k, Some E) = rough-state-of S
       by (simp \ add: M S \ y)
     then have f2: do\text{-}other\text{-}step (M, N, U, k, Some E) \neq (M, N, U, k, Some E)
       by (metis assms(3) rough-state-of-do-other-step' rough-state-of-inject)
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (M, N, U, k, Some E))
       using f1 by simp
     then have cdcl_W-o (toS(M, N, U, k, Some E)) (toS(do-other-step(M, N, U, k, Some E)))
       using f2 do-other-step by blast
```

```
then have f3: cdcl_W - o \ (toS \ (rough-state-of \ S))
       (toS (rough-state-of (do-other-step' (state-of (M, N, U, k, Some E)))))
      using f1 by (simp add: rough-state-of-do-other-step')
     have \neg decide (toS (rough-state-of S))
      (toS (rough-state-of (do-other-step' (state-of (M, N, U, k, Some E)))))
      using f1 by (metis\ (no-types)\ do-decide-step.simps(2)\ do-decide-step-no)
     then show ?thesis
      using f3 \ cdcl_W-o-rule-cases y by blast
   qed
 then have bt: backtrack (toS (rough-state-of S))
    (toS\ (rough-state-of\ (do-other-step'\ (state-of\ y))))
   using confl-y by (cases rough-state-of S) (auto elim!: resolveE skipE)
moreover
 have no-dup (raw-trail (rough-state-of S))
   using rough-state-of [of S] unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def
   by (cases S) (auto simp: comp-def)
have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (toS (rough-state-of S)) and
 cdcl_W-M-level-inv (toS (rough-state-of (do-other-step' (state-of y))))
   using inv apply (simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def S)
 using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state by blast
then show ?case
   using backtrack-lvl-backtrack-decrease[OF - bt]
   using S unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
   by (simp add: comp-def count-decided-raw-trail-toS)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}other\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}raw\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide:}
 assumes raw-conflicting (rough-state-of S) = None and
 do-other-step' S \neq S
 shows 1 + length (filter is-decided (raw-trail (rough-state-of S)))
   = length (filter is-decided (raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S))))
proof (cases S, goal-cases)
 case (1 \ y) note S = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 obtain M \ N \ U \ k where y: \ y = (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ None) using assms(1) \ S \ inv by (cases \ y) auto
 have M: rough-state-of (state-of (M, N, U, k, None)) = (M, N, U, k, None)
   using inv y by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
 have state-of (do-decide-step (M, N, U, k, None)) \neq state-of (M, N, U, k, None)
   using assms(2) unfolding do-other-step'-def y inv S by (auto simp add: M)
 then have f_4: do-skip-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (full-types) do-skip-step.simps(4))
 have f5: do-resolve-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (no-types) do-resolve-step.simps(4))
 have f6: do-backtrack-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis\ (no-types)\ do-backtrack-step.simps(2))
 have do-other-step (rough-state-of S) \neq rough-state-of S
   using assms(2) unfolding S M y do-other-step'-def by (metis\ (no-types))
 then show ?case
   using f6 f5 f4 by (simp add: assms(1) do-decide-step-not-raw-conflicting-one-more-decide
     do-other-step'-def)
qed
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-skip-step-rough-state-of[simp]:
 rough-state-of (state-of (do-skip-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-skip-step (rough-state-of S)
 by (smt do-other-step.simps rough-state-of-inverse rough-state-of-state-of-do-other-step)
```

lemma raw-conflicting-do-resolve-step-iff [iff]:

```
raw-conflicting (do-resolve-step S) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
  by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases)
  (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma raw-conflicting-do-skip-step-iff[iff]:
  raw-conflicting (do-skip-step S) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
  by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases)
    (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma raw-conflicting-do-decide-step-iff[iff]:
  raw-conflicting (do-decide-step S) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
  by (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases)
    (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma raw-conflicting-do-backtrack-step-imp[simp]:
  do-backtrack-step S \neq S \Longrightarrow raw-conflicting (do-backtrack-step S) = None
  by (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases)
    (auto simp add: Let-def split: list.splits option.splits ann-lit.splits)
lemma do-skip-step-eq-iff-raw-trail-eq:
  do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow raw\text{-}trail\ (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S) = raw\text{-}trail\ S
  by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}iff\text{-}raw\text{-}trail\text{-}eq\text{:}
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow raw\text{-}trail\ (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S) = raw\text{-}trail\ S
  by (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases) (auto split: option.split)
lemma do-backtrack-step-eq-iff-raw-trail-eq:
  assumes no-dup (raw-trail S)
  shows do-backtrack-step S = S \longleftrightarrow raw-trail (do-backtrack-step S) = raw-trail S
  using assms apply (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases)
  by (auto split: option.split list.splits ann-lit.splits
     simp: comp-def
     dest!: bt-cut-in-get-all-ann-decomposition)
lemma do-resolve-step-eq-iff-raw-trail-eq:
  do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow raw\text{-}trail\ (do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S) = raw\text{-}trail\ S
  by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases) auto
lemma do-other-step-eq-iff-raw-trail-eq:
  assumes no-dup (raw-trail S)
  shows raw-trail (do-other-step S) = raw-trail S \longleftrightarrow do-other-step S = S
  using assms
  by (auto simp add: Let-def do-skip-step-eq-iff-raw-trail-eq[symmetric]
   do-decide-step-eq-iff-raw-trail-eq[symmetric] \ do-backtrack-step-eq-iff-raw-trail-eq[symmetric]
   do-resolve-step-eq-iff-raw-trail-eq[symmetric])
lemma do-full1-cp-step-do-other-step'-normal-form[dest!]:
  assumes H: do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step (do\text{-}other\text{-}step' S) = S
  shows do-other-step' S = S \land do-full1-cp-step S = S
proof -
 let ?T = do\text{-}other\text{-}step' S
  { assume confl: raw-conflicting (rough-state-of ?T) \neq None
   then have tr: raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T)) = raw-trail (rough-state-of ?T)
     using do-full1-cp-step-raw-conflicting[of ?T] by auto
```

```
have raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step (do-other-step' S))) = raw-trail (rough-state-of S)
     using arg-cong[OF H, of <math>\lambda S. raw-trail (rough-state-of S)].
   then have raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)) = raw-trail (rough-state-of S)
      by (auto simp add: do-full1-cp-step-raw-conflicting confl)
   then have do-other-step' S = S
     using assms confl
     by (simp add: do-other-step-eq-iff-raw-trail-eq do-other-step'-def
       do-full1-cp-step-raw-conflicting
            del: do-other-step.simps)
 }
 moreover {
   assume eq[simp]: do\text{-}other\text{-}step' S = S
   obtain c where c: raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)) = c \otimes raw-trail (rough-state-of S)
     using do-full1-cp-step-neg-raw-trail-increase by auto
   moreover have raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)) = raw-trail (rough-state-of S)
     using arg-cong[OF H, of \lambda S. raw-trail (rough-state-of S)] by simp
   finally have c = [] by blast
   then have do-full1-cp-step S = S using assms by auto
   }
 moreover {
   assume confl: raw-conflicting (rough-state-of ?T) = None and neg: do-other-step' S \neq S
   obtain c where
     c: raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T)) = c @ raw-trail (rough-state-of ?T) and
     nm: \forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}decided \ m
     using do-full1-cp-step-neq-raw-trail-increase by auto
   have length (filter is-decided (raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T))))
      = length (filter is-decided (raw-trail (rough-state-of ?T))) using nm unfolding c by force
   moreover have length (filter is-decided (raw-trail (rough-state-of S)))
      \neq length (filter is-decided (raw-trail (rough-state-of ?T)))
     using do-other-step-not-raw-conflicting-one-more-decide[OF - neq]
     do-other-step-not-raw-conflicting-one-more-decide-bt[of S, OF - confl neq]
     by linarith
   finally have False unfolding H by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-no:
 assumes S: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S = S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-of S))
proof -
 {
   assume full1\ cdcl_W-cp\ (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S))\ S'
   then have False
     using do-full1-cp-step-full[of S] unfolding full-def S rtranclp-unfold full1-def
     by (smt \ assms \ do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def \ tranclpD)
 }
 moreover {
   fix S' S''
   assume cdcl_W-o (toS (rough-state-of S)) S' and
    no-step propagate (toS (rough-state-of S)) and
    no-step conflict (toS (rough-state-of S)) and
    full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ S''
```

```
then have False
     using assms unfolding do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\text{-}def
     by (smt\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -rough\ -state\ do\ -full\ 1\ -cp\ -step\ -do\ -other\ -step\ '-normal\ -form
       do-other-step-no rough-state-of-do-other-step')
 ultimately show ?thesis using assms by (force simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy.simps)
qed
lemma toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of [simp]:
  toS (rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)))
    = toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
 using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-is-rtrancl_P-cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
  using conflict apply blast
 using propagate by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
 by (fastforce dest!: cdcl_W-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  using cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W apply blast
  unfolding full-def by (fastforce dest!:other rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-init-raw-init-clss:
  cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \Longrightarrow raw-init-clss S = raw-init-clss T
  using cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss by blast
lemma clauses-toS-rough-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (toS (rough-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)))))
    = raw-init-clss (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)) (is - = raw-init-clss (toS ?S))
 apply (cases do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step (state-of ?S) = state-of ?S)
   apply simp
 by (metis\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state\ cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss
   do-cdcl_W-stay-step toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of)
lemma rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'[code abstract]:
 rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S) =
  rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (id-of-I-to S))
proof -
 let ?S = (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of S)
 have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (S0-cdcl_W (raw-init-clss (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))))
   (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
   using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
 moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**}
                 (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
                 (toS\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step))
                  (state-of\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S)))))
    using do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step[of\ state\text{-}of\ ?S]
    by (cases\ do-cdcl_W-stgy-step\ (state-of\ ?S)=state-of\ ?S)\ auto
```

```
ultimately show ?thesis
   unfolding do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\text{-}def id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\text{-}def
   by (auto intro!: state-from-init-state-of-inverse)
qed
All rules together function do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy where
do-all-cdcl_W-stgy S =
 (let \ T = do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ S\ in
 if T = S then S else do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy T)
by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(T, S).
   (cdcl_W-measure (toS\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of T)),
   cdcl_W-measure (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)))
     \in lexn less-than 3, goal-cases)
 case 1
 show ?case by (rule wf-if-measure-f) (auto intro!: wf-lexn wf-less)
  case (2 S T) note T = this(1) and ST = this(2)
 let ?S = rough-state-from-init-state-of S
 have S: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (S0 - cdcl_W (raw-init-clss (toS ?S))) (toS ?S)
   using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
 moreover have cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
   (toS\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ T))
   proof -
     have \bigwedge c. rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of c)) =
       rough-state-from-init-state-of c
       using rough-state-from-init-state-of state-of-inverse by fastforce
     then have diff: do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
       \neq state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
       using ST T by (metis (no-types) id-of-I-to-def rough-state-from-init-state-of-inject
         rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step')
     have rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)))
       = rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S)
       by (simp add: id-of-I-to-def rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step')
     then show ?thesis
       using do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step T diff unfolding id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\text{-}def do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step by fastforce
   qed
  moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
     using rough-state-from-init-state-of of S by auto
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (S0-cdcl<sub>W</sub> (raw-init-clss (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))))
     by (cases rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
        (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
  ultimately show ?case
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-S0-decreasing
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing[of - - S0-cdcl_W (raw-init-clss (toS ?S))]
     simp \ del: \ cdcl_W-measure.simps)
qed
thm do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.induct
lemma do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-induct:
  (\bigwedge S. (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' S \neq S \Longrightarrow P (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' S)) \Longrightarrow P S) \Longrightarrow P a0
using do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.induct by metis
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all:
```

```
fixes S :: 'a \ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state
 shows no-step cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy S)))
 apply (induction S rule: do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-induct)
 apply (rename-tac S, case-tac do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S \neq S)
proof -
  \mathbf{fix} \ Sa :: 'a \ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state
 assume a1: \neg do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' Sa \neq Sa
  { fix pp
   have (if True then Sa else do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy Sa) = do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy Sa
     using a1 by auto
   then have \neg cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy Sa))) pp
     using a1 by (metis (no-types) do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step-no id-of-I-to-def
       rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' rough-state-of-inverse) }
  then show no-step cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy Sa)))
   by fastforce
next
 \mathbf{fix} \ Sa :: \ 'a \ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state
 assume a1: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stqy\text{-}step' Sa \neq Sa
   \implies no-step cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of
     (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'\ Sa))))
 assume a2: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ Sa \neq Sa
 have do-all-cdcl_W-stgy\ Sa=do-all-cdcl_W-stgy\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'\ Sa)
   by (metis\ (full-types)\ do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
  then show no-step cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy Sa)))
   using a2 a1 by presburger
qed
lemma do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  cdcl_W-stgy** (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
   (toS\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy\ S)))
proof (induction S rule: do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-induct)
 case (1 S) note IH = this(1)
 show ?case
   proof (cases do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S = S)
     case True
     then show ?thesis by simp
   next
     case False
     have f2: do-cdcl_W-stgy-step \ (id-of-I-to \ S) = id-of-I-to \ S \longrightarrow
       rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S)
       = rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
       using rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'
      by (simp add: id-of-I-to-def rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step')
     have f3: do-all-cdcl_W-stgy S = do-all-cdcl_W-stgy (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' S)
       by (metis\ (full-types)\ do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
     have cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
         (toS\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'\ S)))
       = cdcl_W-stgy (toS (rough-state-of (id-of-I-to S)))
         (toS\ (rough-state-of\ (do-cdcl_W-stqy-step\ (id-of-I-to\ S))))
       using rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step
       toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of
       by (simp add: id-of-I-to-def rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step')
     then show ?thesis
       using f3 f2 IH do-cdcl_W-stgy-step by fastforce
   qed
qed
```

Final theorem:

```
lemma DPLL-tot-correct:
 assumes
   r: rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy (state-from-init-state-of
     (([], map\ remdups\ N, [], \theta, None)))) = S and
   S: (M', N', U', k, E) = toS S
 shows (E \neq Some \{\#\} \land satisfiable (set (map mset N)))
   \vee (E = Some {#} \wedge unsatisfiable (set (map mset N)))
proof -
 let ?N = map \ remdups \ N
 have inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS ([], map remdups N, [], 0, None))
   unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-set-def by auto
  then have S0: rough-state-of (state-of ([], map remdups N, [], 0, None))
   = ([], map \ remdups \ N, [], \theta, None) \ by \ simp
 have 1: full cdcl_W-stgy (toS([], ?N, [], 0, None)) (toSS)
   unfolding full-def apply rule
     using do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy[of
       state-from-init-state-of ([], map remdups N, [], 0, None)] inv
       no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all
       \mathbf{apply} (auto \mathit{simp} del: \mathit{do-all-cdcl}_W-\mathit{stgy.simps} \mathit{simp}: \mathit{state-from-init-state-of-inverse}
        r[symmetric] comp-def)[]
     using do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy[of
     state-from-init-state-of ([], map remdups N, [], 0, None)] inv
     no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all
     by (force simp: state-from-init-state-of-inverse r[symmetric] comp-def)
 moreover have 2: finite (set (map mset ?N)) by auto
 moreover have 3: distinct-mset-set (set (map mset ?N))
    unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (toS S)
     by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}rough\text{-}state\ }r
       toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of)
   then have cons: consistent-interp (lits-of-l M')
     unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S[symmetric] by auto
  moreover
   have raw-init-clss (toS ([], ?N, [], \theta, None)) = raw-init-clss (toS S)
     apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
     using 1 unfolding full-def by (auto simp add: rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
   then have N': mset\ (map\ mset\ ?N) = N'
     using S[symmetric] by auto
 have (E \neq Some \{\#\} \land satisfiable (set (map mset ?N)))
   \vee (E = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set (map mset ?N)))
   using full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive unfolding N' apply rule
       using 1 apply simp
      using 2 apply simp
     using 3 apply simp
    using S[symmetric] N' apply auto[1]
  using S[symmetric] N' cons by (fastforce simp: true-annots-true-cls)
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed
```

The Code The SML code is skipped in the documentation, but stays to ensure that some version of the exported code is working. The only difference between the generated code and the one used here is the export of the constructor ConI.

```
end
theory CDCL-Abstract-Clause-Representation
imports Main Partial-Clausal-Logic
begin

type-synonym 'v clause = 'v literal multiset
type-synonym 'v clauses = 'v clause multiset
```

7.1.6 Abstract Clause Representation

We will abstract the representation of clause and clauses via two locales. We expect our representation to behave like multiset, but the internal representation can be done using list or whatever other representation.

We assume the following:

• there is an equivalent to adding and removing a literal and to taking the union of clauses.

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{locale} \ \textit{raw-cls} = \\ \textbf{fixes} \\ \textit{mset-cls} :: '\textit{cls} \Rightarrow '\textit{v} \ \textit{clause} \\ \textbf{begin} \\ \textbf{end} \end{array}
```

Instantiation of the previous locale, in an unnamed context to avoid polluating with simp rules

```
context
```

begin

```
interpretation list-cls: raw-cls mset
by unfold-locales
interpretation cls-cls: raw-cls id
by unfold-locales
```

\mathbf{end}

Over the abstract clauses, we have the following properties:

- We can insert a clause
- We can take the union (used only in proofs for the definition of *clauses*)
- there is an operator indicating whether the abstract clause is contained or not
- if a concrete clause is contained the abstract clauses, then there is an abstract clause

```
locale raw\text{-}cls = raw\text{-}cls \; mset\text{-}cls for mset\text{-}cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \; clause + fixes mset\text{-}clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \; clauses \; \text{and} in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \; \text{and} insert\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss assumes insert\text{-}clss[simp]: \; mset\text{-}clss \; (insert\text{-}clss \; L \; C) = mset\text{-}clss \; C + \{\#mset\text{-}cls \; L\#\} \; \text{and}
```

```
in\text{-}clss\text{-}mset\text{-}clss[dest]: in\text{-}clss\ a\ C \Longrightarrow mset\text{-}cls\ a \in \#\ mset\text{-}clss\ C and
   in\text{-}mset\text{-}clss\text{-}exists\text{-}preimage: }b\in\#\ mset\text{-}clss\ C\implies\exists\ b'.\ in\text{-}clss\ b'\ C\land mset\text{-}cls\ b'=b
begin
end
experiment
begin
 fun remove-first where
 remove-first - [] = []
 remove-first C (C' \# L) = (if mset C = mset C' then L else C' \# remove-first C L)
 lemma mset-map-mset-remove-first:
   mset\ (map\ mset\ (remove-first\ a\ C)) = remove1-mset\ (mset\ a)\ (mset\ (map\ mset\ C))
   by (induction C) (auto simp: ac-simps remove1-mset-single-add)
 interpretation clss-clss: raw-clss id
   id\ op \in \# \lambda L\ C.\ C + \{\#L\#\}
   by unfold-locales (auto simp: ac-simps)
 interpretation list-clss: raw-clss mset
   \lambda L. \ mset \ (map \ mset \ L) \ \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \#
   by unfold-locales (auto simp: ac-simps union-mset-list mset-map-mset-remove-first ex-mset)
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Abstract-State
imports CDCL-Abstract-Clause-Representation List-More CDCL-W-Level Wellfounded-More
  CDCL-WNOT CDCL-Abstract-Clause-Representation
```

7.2 Weidenbach's CDCL with Abstract Clause Representation

We first instantiate the locale of Weidenbach's locale. Then we define another abstract state: the goal of this state is to be used for implementations. We add more assumptions on the function about the state. For example *cons-trail* is restricted to undefined literals.

7.2.1 Instantiation of the Multiset Version

begin

```
type-synonym 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset = ('v, 'v clause) ann-lit list × 'v clauses × 'v clauses × nat × 'v clause option

We use definition, otherwise we could not use the simplification theorems we have already shown. definition trail :: 'v \ cdcl_W - mset \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lit \ list \ where
trail \equiv \lambda(M, -). \ M
definition init-clss :: 'v cdcl_W - mset \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ where
init-clss \equiv \lambda(-, N, -). \ N
definition learned-clss :: 'v cdcl_W - mset \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ where
learned-clss \equiv \lambda(-, -, U, -). \ U
```

```
definition backtrack-lvl :: 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}mset \Rightarrow nat \ \mathbf{where}
backtrack-lvl \equiv \lambda(-, -, -, k, -). k
definition conflicting :: 'v cdcl_W-mset \Rightarrow 'v clause option where
conflicting \equiv \lambda(-, -, -, -, C). C
definition cons-trail :: ('v, 'v clause) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset \Rightarrow 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset where
cons-trail \equiv \lambda L (M, R). (L \# M, R)
definition tl-trail where
tl-trail \equiv \lambda(M, R). (tl M, R)
definition add-learned-cls where
add-learned-cls \equiv \lambda C (M, N, U, R). (M, N, {\#C\#} + U, R)
definition remove-cls where
remove-cls \equiv \lambda C \ (M, N, U, R). \ (M, removeAll-mset \ C \ N, removeAll-mset \ C \ U, R)
definition update-backtrack-lvl where
update-backtrack-lvl \equiv \lambda k \ (M, N, U, -, D). \ (M, N, U, k, D)
definition update-conflicting where
update\text{-}conflicting \equiv \lambda D (M, N, U, k, -). (M, N, U, k, D)
definition init-state where
init\text{-state} \equiv \lambda N. ([], N, \{\#\}, 0, None)
lemmas\ cdcl_W-mset-state = trail-def cons-trail-def tl-trail-def add-learned-cls-def
   remove-cls-def update-backtrack-lvl-def update-conflicting-def init-clss-def learned-clss-def
   backtrack-lvl-def conflicting-def init-state-def
interpretation cdcl_W-mset: state_W-ops where
  trail = trail and
  init-clss = init-clss and
  learned-clss = learned-clss and
  backtrack-lvl = backtrack-lvl and
  conflicting = conflicting and
  cons-trail = cons-trail and
  tl-trail = tl-trail and
  add-learned-cls = add-learned-cls and
  remove-cls = remove-cls and
  update-backtrack-lvl = update-backtrack-lvl and
  update\text{-}conflicting = update\text{-}conflicting  and
 init\text{-}state = init\text{-}state
interpretation cdcl_W-mset: state_W where
  trail = trail and
  init-clss = init-clss and
  learned-clss = learned-clss and
  backtrack-lvl = backtrack-lvl and
  conflicting = conflicting and
  cons-trail = cons-trail and
```

```
tl-trail = tl-trail and
 add-learned-cls = add-learned-cls and
 remove-cls = remove-cls and
 update-backtrack-lvl = update-backtrack-lvl and
 update-conflicting = update-conflicting and
 init-state = init-state
 by unfold-locales (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset-state)
interpretation cdcl_W-mset: conflict-driven-clause-learning W where
 trail = trail and
 init-clss = init-clss and
 learned-clss = learned-clss and
 backtrack-lvl = backtrack-lvl and
 conflicting = conflicting and
 cons-trail = cons-trail and
 tl-trail = tl-trail and
 add-learned-cls = add-learned-cls and
 remove-cls = remove-cls and
 update-backtrack-lvl = update-backtrack-lvl and
 update-conflicting = update-conflicting and
 init-state = init-state
 by unfold-locales auto
lemma cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq: cdcl_W-mset.state-eq = (op =)
  apply (intro ext)
  unfolding cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-def
  by (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset-state)
notation cdcl_W-mset.state-eq (infix \sim m 49)
```

7.2.2 Abstract Relation and Relation Theorems

This locales makes the lifting from the relation defined with multiset R and the version with an abstract state R-abs. We are lifting many different relations (each rule and the the strategy).

```
{f locale}\ relation\mbox{-}implied\mbox{-}relation\mbox{-}abs =
  fixes
     R :: 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}mset \Rightarrow 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}mset \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
     R-abs :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
     state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}mset \ \mathbf{and}
     inv :: 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}mset \Rightarrow bool
  assumes
     relation\mbox{-}compatible\mbox{-}state:
       inv (state S) \Longrightarrow R-abs S T \Longrightarrow R (state S) (state T) and
     relation-compatible-abs:
       \bigwedge S \ S' \ T. inv S \Longrightarrow S \sim m \ state \ S' \Longrightarrow R \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \exists \ U. R-abs S' \ U \wedge T \sim m \ state \ U and
     relation-invariant:
       \bigwedge S \ T. \ R \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T and
     relation-abs-right-compatible:
       \bigwedge S \ T \ U. \ inv \ (state \ S) \Longrightarrow R-abs \ S \ T \Longrightarrow state \ T \sim m \ state \ U \Longrightarrow R-abs \ S \ U
begin
lemma relation-compatible-eq:
  assumes
     inv: inv (state S) and
```

```
abs: R-abs S T and
   SS': state S \sim m state S' and
   TT': state T \sim m state T'
 shows R-abs S' T'
proof -
 have R (state S) (state T)
   using relation-compatible-state inv abs by blast
  then obtain U where S'U: R-abs S' U and TU: state T \sim m state U
   using relation-compatible-abs[OF inv SS'] by blast
 then show ?thesis
   using relation-abs-right-compatible OF - S'U, of T' TT' inv SS' unfolded cdclw-mset-state-eq-eq
   cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-trans[of state T' state T state U]
   by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-sym)
qed
{f lemma}\ rtranclp{\it -relation-invariant}:
 R^{++} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
 by (induction rule: tranclp-induct) (auto simp: relation-invariant)
lemma rtranclp-abs-rtranclp:
  R\text{-}abs^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ (state \ S) \Longrightarrow R^{**} \ (state \ S) \ (state \ T)
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
 by (metis relation-compatible-state rtranclp.simps rtranclpD rtranclp-relation-invariant)
{\bf lemma}\ tranclp-relation-tranclp-relation-abs-compatible:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
   R: R^{++} (state S) T and
   inv: inv (state S)
 shows \exists U. R-abs^{++} S U \wedge T \sim m \ state \ U
 using R
proof (induction rule: tranclp-induct)
 case (base\ T)
 then show ?case
   using relation-compatible-abs[of\ state\ S\ S\ T]\ inv by auto
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and R = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 obtain V where
   SV: R\text{-}abs^{++} S V \text{ and } TV: T \sim m \text{ state } V
   using IH by auto
  then obtain W where
   VW: R\text{-}abs \ V \ W \ \text{and} \ UW: \ U \sim m \ state \ W
   using relation-compatible-abs[OF - TV R] inv rtranclp-relation-invariant[OF st] by blast
 have R-abs^{++} S W
   using SV VW by auto
 then show ?case using UW by blast
qed
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-relation-rtranclp-relation-abs-compatible:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
   R: R^{**} (state S) T and
   inv: inv (state S)
 shows \exists U. R \text{-}abs^{**} S U \wedge T \sim m \text{ state } U
```

```
using R inv by (auto simp: rtranclp-unfold dest: tranclp-relation-tranclp-relation-abs-compatible)
lemma no-step-iff:
  inv (state S) \Longrightarrow no\text{-step } R (state S) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-step } R\text{-abs } S
  using relation-compatible-state relation-compatible-abs cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-ref
  by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}relation\text{-}compatible\text{-}eq\text{-}and\text{-}inv:
  assumes
   inv: inv (state S) and
   st: R-abs^{++} S T and
   SS': state S \sim m state S' and
    TU: state T \sim m state U
  shows R-abs^{++} S' U \wedge inv (state U)
  using st TU
proof (induction arbitrary: U rule: tranclp-induct)
  case (base T)
  moreover then have inv (state U)
   by (metis\ (full-types)\ cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq inv relation-compatible-state relation-invariant)
  ultimately show ?case
   using relation-compatible-eq[of S T S' U] SS' inv
   by (auto simp: tranclp.r-into-trancl)
\mathbf{next}
  case (step T T') note st = this(1) and R = this(2) and IH = this(3) and TU = this(4)
 have R-abs^{++} S' T and invT: inv (state T) using IH[of T] by auto
  moreover have R-abs T U
   \textbf{using} \ \textit{relation-compatible-eq} [\textit{of} \ \textit{T} \ \textit{T}' \ \textit{T} \ \textit{U}] \ \textit{R} \ \textit{TU} \ \textit{inv} \ \textit{rtranclp-relation-invariant} \ \textit{inv} \textit{T} \ \textbf{by} \ \textit{simp}
 moreover have inv (state U)
   using calculation(3) invT relation-compatible-state relation-invariant by blast
  ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma
  assumes
    inv: inv (state S) and
   st: R-abs<sup>++</sup> S T and
    SS': state S \sim m state S' and
    TU: state T \sim m state U
  shows
    tranclp-relation-compatible-eq: R-abs<sup>++</sup> S' U and
   tranclp-relation-abs-invariant: inv (state U)
   {\bf using} \ tranclp\text{-}relation\text{-}compatible\text{-}eq\text{-}and\text{-}inv[OF\ assms]\ {\bf by}\ blast +
lemma tranclp-abs-tranclp: R-abs<sup>++</sup> S T \Longrightarrow inv (state S) \Longrightarrow R^{++} (state S) (state T)
  apply (induction rule: tranclp-induct)
   apply (auto simp add: relation-compatible-state)[]
  apply clarsimp
 apply (erule tranclp.trancl-into-trancl)
  using relation-compatible-state translp-relation-abs-invariant by blast
lemma full1-iff:
  assumes inv: inv (state\ S)
  shows full R (state S) (state T) \longleftrightarrow full R-abs S T (is ?R \longleftrightarrow ?R-abs)
proof
  assume ?R
```

then have $st: R^{++}$ (state S) (state T) and ns: no-step R (state T) unfolding full1-def by auto

```
have invT: inv (state T)
   using inv rtranclp-relation-invariant st by blast
 then have R-abs^{++} S T
   using tranclp-relation-tranclp-relation-abs-compatible[OF st] inv
   tranclp-relation-compatible-eq[of S - S T] cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-sym by blast
 moreover have no-step R-abs T
   using ns inv no-step-iff invT by blast
 ultimately show ?R-abs
   unfolding full1-def by blast
next
 assume ?R-abs
 then have st: R-abs<sup>++</sup> S T and ns: no-step R-abs T unfolding full1-def by auto
 have R^{++} (state S) (state T)
   using st translp-abs-translp inv by blast
 moreover
   have invT: inv (state T)
     using inv translp-relation-abs-invariant st by blast
   then have no-step R (state T)
     using ns inv no-step-iff by blast
 ultimately show ?R
   unfolding full1-def by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full1-iff-compatible} :
 assumes inv: inv (state S) and SS': S' \sim m state S and TT': T' \sim m state T
 shows full R S' T' \longleftrightarrow full R-abs S T (is ?R \longleftrightarrow ?R-abs)
 using full1-iff assms unfolding cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq by simp
lemma full-if-full-abs:
 assumes inv (state S) and full R-abs S T
 shows full R (state S) (state T)
 using assms full1-iff cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq relation-compatible-abs
 unfolding full-unfold by blast
The converse does not hold, since we cannot prove that S = T given state S = state S.
lemma full-abs-if-full:
 assumes inv (state S) and full R (state S) (state T)
 shows full R-abs S T \vee (state S \sim m state T \wedge no-step R (state S))
 using assms full1-iff relation-compatible-abs unfolding full-unfold by auto
lemma full-exists-full-abs:
 assumes inv: inv (state S) and full: full R (state S) T
 obtains U where full R-abs S U and T \sim m state U
proof -
 consider
   (0)
          state S = T \text{ and } no\text{-}step R (state S)
   (full1) full1 R (state S) T
 using full unfolding full-unfold cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq by fast
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case \theta
     then show ?thesis using that[of S] unfolding full-def
      using cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-ref inv relation-compatible-state rtranclp.rtrancl-reft by blast
   next
     case full1
     then obtain U where
```

```
R-abs^{++} S U and T \sim m state U
       using tranclp-relation-tranclp-relation-abs-compatible inv unfolding full1-def
       by blast
     then show ?thesis
       using full1 that[of U] full1-iff[OF inv] full1-is-full full-def
       unfolding cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{lemma}\ full 1-exists-full 1-abs:
 assumes inv: inv (state S) and full1: full1 R (state S) T
 obtains U where full1 R-abs S U and T \sim m state U
proof -
 obtain U where
   R-abs^{++} S U and T \sim m state U
   using tranclp-relation-tranclp-relation-abs-compatible inv full1 unfolding full1-def
   by blast
 then show ?thesis
   using full1 that of U full1-iff OF inv unfolding cdclw-mset-state-eq-eq by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma full1-right-compatible:
 assumes inv (state S) and
   full1: full1 R-abs S T and TV: state T \sim m state V
 shows full1 R-abs S V
 by (metis\ (full-types)\ TV\ assms(1)\ cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq full1 full1-iff)
lemma full-right-compatible:
 assumes inv: inv (state S) and
   full-ST: full R-abs S T and TU: state T \sim m state U
 shows full R-abs S \ U \lor (S = T \land no\text{-step } R\text{-abs } S)
proof -
 consider
   (0) S = T and no-step R-abs T
   (full1) full1 R-abs S T
   using full-ST unfolding full-unfold by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case full1
     then show ?thesis
       using full1-right-compatible [OF inv, of T U] TU full-unfold by blast
   \mathbf{next}
     case \theta
     then show ?thesis by fast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
end
locale relation-relation-abs =
 fixes
    R :: 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}mset \Rightarrow 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}mset \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
   R-abs :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ cdcl_W\text{-}mset \ \mathbf{and}
   inv :: 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}mset \Rightarrow bool
 assumes
```

```
relation\-compatible\-state:
       inv (state S) \Longrightarrow R (state S) (state T) \longleftrightarrow R-abs S T  and
     relation\-compatible\-abs:
       \bigwedge S \ S' \ T. inv S \Longrightarrow S \sim m \ state \ S' \Longrightarrow R \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \exists \ U. R-abs S' \ U \wedge T \sim m \ state \ U and
     relation\hbox{-}invariant:
       \bigwedge S \ T. \ R \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
{\bf lemma}\ relation\hbox{-}compatible\hbox{-}eq\hbox{:}
  inv\ (state\ S) \Longrightarrow R\text{-}abs\ S\ T \Longrightarrow state\ S \sim m\ state\ S' \Longrightarrow state\ T \sim m\ state\ T' \Longrightarrow R\text{-}abs\ S'\ T'
  by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq relation-compatible-state[symmetric])
\mathbf{lemma}\ relation\text{-}right\text{-}compatible\text{:}
  inv \ (state \ S) \Longrightarrow R\text{-}abs \ S \ T \Longrightarrow state \ T \sim m \ state \ U \Longrightarrow R\text{-}abs \ S \ U
  by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W\ -mset\ -state\ -eq\ -eq\ relation\ -compatible\ -state\ [symmetric])
sublocale relation-implied-relation-abs
  apply unfold-locales
  {\bf using} \ \ relation-compatible-eq \ \ relation-compatible-state \ \ relation-compatible-abs \ \ relation-invariant
  relation-right-compatible by blast+
```

7.2.3 The State

end

We will abstract the representation of clause and clauses via two locales. We expect our representation to behave like multiset, but the internal representation can be done using list or whatever other representation.

```
locale abs-state_W-ops =
  raw-clss mset-cls
    mset\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss
    +
  raw-cls mset-ccls
  for
     — Clause
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ {\bf and}
    — Multiset of Clauses
    mset-clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    in\text{-}clss: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    mset\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause
    +
  fixes
    ccls-of-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'ccls and
    cls-of-ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    conc-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v clause) ann-lits and
    hd-raw-conc-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'cls) ann-lit and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    conc-backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    raw-conc-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
```

```
conc-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail :: ('v, 'cls) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    tl-conc-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls:: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    update\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     mark-conflicting :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    reduce\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\text{-}to::('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ and
    resolve-conflicting :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    conc\text{-}init\text{-}state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
  assumes
    mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls[simp]:
       mset\text{-}ccls\ (ccls\text{-}of\text{-}cls\ C) = mset\text{-}cls\ C and
    mset-cls-of-ccls[simp]:
       mset-cls (cls-of-ccls D) = mset-ccls D and
    ex-mset-cls: \exists a. mset-cls a = E
begin
\mathbf{fun}\ \mathit{mmset-of-mlit} :: ('v,\ '\mathit{cls})\ \mathit{ann-lit} \Rightarrow ('v,\ 'v\ \mathit{clause})\ \mathit{ann-lit}
mmset-of-mlit (Propagated L C) = Propagated L (mset-cls C) |
mmset-of-mlit (Decided L) = Decided L
lemma lit-of-mmset-of-mlit[simp]:
  lit-of\ (mmset-of-mlit\ a) = lit-of\ a
  by (cases a) auto
lemma lit-of-mmset-of-mlit-set-lit-of-l[simp]:
  lit-of ' mmset-of-mlit ' set M' = lits-of-l M'
  by (induction M') auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ map\text{-}mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit\text{-}true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}cls[simp]:
  map mmset-of-mlit M' \models as C \longleftrightarrow M' \models as C
  by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls lits-of-def)
definition conc-init-clss \equiv \lambda S. mset-clss (raw-clauses S) - conc-learned-clss S
abbreviation conc-conflicting \equiv \lambda S. map-option mset-ccls (raw-conc-conflicting S)
notation in-clss (infix ! \in ! 50)
notation insert-clss (infix !++! 50)
abbreviation conc-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses where
conc\text{-}clauses\ S \equiv mset\text{-}clss\ (raw\text{-}clauses\ S)
definition state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}mset \ \mathbf{where}
state = (\lambda S. (conc\text{-}trail S, conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss S, conc\text{-}learned\text{-}clss S, conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl S,}
  conc\text{-}conflicting S))
```

end

We are using an abstract state to abstract away the detail of the implementation: we do not need to know how the clauses are represented internally, we just need to know that they can be converted to multisets.

Weidenbach state is a five-tuple composed of:

- 1. the trail is a list of decided literals;
- 2. the initial set of clauses (that is not changed during the whole calculus);
- 3. the learned clauses (clauses can be added or remove);
- 4. the maximum level of the trail;
- 5. the conflicting clause (if any has been found so far).

There are two different clause representation: one for the conflicting clause ('ccls, standing for conflicting clause) and one for the initial and learned clauses ('cls, standing for clause). The representation of the clauses annotating literals in the trail is slightly different: being able to convert it to 'v CDCL-Abstract-Clause-Representation.clause is enough (needed for function hd-raw-conc-trail below).

There are several axioms to state the independence of the different fields of the state: for example, adding a clause to the learned clauses does not change the trail.

We define the following operations on the elements

- trail: cons-trail, tl-trail, and reduce-conc-trail-to.
- initial set of clauses: a clause can be removed.
- learned clauses: add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls moves the conflicting clause to the learned clauses.
- backtrack level: it can be arbitrary set.
- conflicting clause: there is resolve-conflicting that does a resolve step, mark-conflicting setting a conflict, and add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls setting the conflicting clause to None.

To ease the representation, we consider the clauses all together, where some of them are learned. This eases representation like arrays where the initial set of clause is at the beginning and avoid having an explicit $op \cup$ operator.

```
locale abs-stateW =
  abs-stateW-ops
  — functions for clauses:
  mset-cls
  mset-cls in-clss insert-clss

  — functions for the conflicting clause:
  mset-ccls

  — Conversion between conflicting and non-conflicting ccls-of-cls cls-of-ccls

  — functions about the state:
  — getter:
  conc-trail hd-raw-conc-trail raw-clauses conc-backtrack-lvl raw-conc-conflicting conc-learned-clss
  — setter:
```

 $cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\ tl\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\ add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ remove\text{-}cls\ update\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\ mark\text{-}conflicting\ reduce\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\text{-}to\ resolve\text{-}conflicting\ }$

```
— Some specific states:
  conc\text{-}init\text{-}state
  restart-state
for
  mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
  mset-clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
  in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
  insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
  mset\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
  ccls-of-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'ccls and
  cls-of-ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'cls and
  conc-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v clause) ann-lits and
  hd-raw-conc-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'cls) ann-lit and
  raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
  conc-backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
  raw-conc-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
  conc-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
  cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail :: ('v, 'cls) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
  tl-conc-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls:: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  remove\text{-}cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  update\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  mark-conflicting :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  reduce-conc-trail-to :: ('v, 'v clause) ann-lits \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  resolve-conflicting :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  conc\text{-}init\text{-}state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
  restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
assumes
   — Definition of hd-raw-trail:
  hd-raw-conc-trail:
    conc-trail S \neq [] \implies mmset-of-mlit (hd-raw-conc-trail S) = hd (conc-trail S) and
  cons-conc-trail:
    \bigwedge S'. undefined-lit (conc-trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
      state \ st = (M, S') \Longrightarrow
      state\ (cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\ L\ st) = (mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit\ L\ \#\ M,\ S') and
  tl-conc-trail:
    \bigwedge S'. state st = (M, S') \Longrightarrow state (tl-conc-trail st) = (tl M, S') and
  remove-cls:
    \bigwedge S'. state st = (M, N, U, S') \Longrightarrow
      state\ (remove-cls\ C\ st) =
         (M, removeAll\text{-}mset \ (mset\text{-}cls \ C) \ N, removeAll\text{-}mset \ (mset\text{-}cls \ C) \ U, \ S') and
  add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls:
    no-dup (conc-trail st) \Longrightarrow state \ st = (M, N, U, k, Some F) \Longrightarrow
```

```
state\ (add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ st) =
         (M, N, \{\#F\#\} + U, k, None) and
    update-conc-backtrack-lvl:
     \bigwedge S'. state st = (M, N, U, k, S') \Longrightarrow
       state\ (update-conc-backtrack-lvl\ k'\ st) = (M,\ N,\ U,\ k',\ S') and
   mark-conflicting:
     state \ st = (M, N, U, k, None) \Longrightarrow
       state (mark-conflicting E st) = (M, N, U, k, Some (mset-ccls E)) and
    conc\text{-}conflicting\text{-}mark\text{-}conflicting[simp]:}
      raw-conc-conflicting (mark-conflicting E \ st) = Some \ E \ and
   resolve-conflicting:
     state \ st = (M, N, U, k, Some \ F) \Longrightarrow -L' \in \# \ F \Longrightarrow L' \in \# \ mset-cls \ D \Longrightarrow
       state\ (resolve\text{-}conflicting\ L'\ D\ st) =
         (M, N, U, k, Some (cdcl_W-mset.resolve-cls L' F (mset-cls D))) and
    conc\text{-}init\text{-}state:
     state\ (conc\text{-}init\text{-}state\ Ns) = ([],\ mset\text{-}clss\ Ns,\ \{\#\},\ \theta,\ None)\ and
   — Properties about restarting restart-state:
    conc-trail-restart-state[simp]: conc-trail (restart-state S) = [] and
    conc-init-clss-restart-state[simp]: conc-init-clss (restart-state S) = conc-init-clss S and
    conc-learned-clss-restart-state[intro]:
      conc-learned-clss (restart-state S) \subseteq \# conc-learned-clss S and
    conc-backtrack-lvl-restart-state[simp]: conc-backtrack-lvl (restart-state S) = \theta and
    conc\text{-}conflicting\text{-}restart\text{-}state[simp]: conc\text{-}conflicting (restart\text{-}state S) = None and
    — Properties about reduce-conc-trail-to:
   reduce-conc-trail-to[simp]:
     \bigwedge S'. conc-trail st = M2 \otimes M1 \Longrightarrow state \ st = (M, S') \Longrightarrow
        state\ (reduce\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\text{-}to\ M1\ st) = (M1,\ S')\ and
   learned-clauses:
      conc-learned-clss S \subseteq \# conc-clauses S
begin
lemma
    — Properties about the trail conc-trail:
   conc-trail-cons-conc-trail[simp]:
     undefined-lit (conc-trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
        conc-trail (cons-conc-trail L st) = mmset-of-mlit L \# conc-trail st and
   conc-trail-tl-conc-trail[simp]:
     conc-trail (tl-conc-trail st) = tl (conc-trail st) and
   conc-trail-add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls[simp]:
     no-dup (conc-trail st) \Longrightarrow conc-conflicting st \neq None \Longrightarrow
        conc-trail (add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls st) = conc-trail st and
    conc-trail-remove-cls[simp]:
      conc-trail (remove-cls C st) = conc-trail st and
    conc-trail-update-conc-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
      conc-trail (update-conc-backtrack-lvl k st) = conc-trail st and
    conc-trail-mark-conflicting[simp]:
     raw-cone-conflicting st = None \implies cone-trail \ (mark-conflicting E \ st) = cone-trail \ st and
    conc-trail-resolve-conflicting[simp]:
```

```
conc-trail (resolve-conflicting L' D st) = conc-trail st and
— Properties about the initial clauses conc-init-clss:
conc-init-clss-cons-conc-trail[simp]:
  undefined-lit (conc-trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
    conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ (cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\ L\ st) = conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ st
  and
— Properties about the learned clauses conc-learned-clss:
conc-learned-clss-cons-conc-trail[simp]:
  undefined-lit (conc-trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
    conc-learned-clss (cons-conc-trail L st) = conc-learned-clss st and
conc-learned-clss-tl-conc-trail[simp]:
  conc-learned-clss (tl-conc-trail st) = conc-learned-clss st and
conc-learned-clss-add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls[simp]:
  no\text{-}dup\ (conc\text{-}trail\ st) \Longrightarrow conc\text{-}conflicting\ st = Some\ C' \Longrightarrow
    conc-learned-clss (add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls st) = \{\#C'\#\} + conc-learned-clss st and
conc-learned-clss-remove-cls[simp]:
  conc-learned-clss (remove-cls C st) = removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (conc-learned-clss st) and
conc-learned-clss-update-conc-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
  conc-learned-clss (update-conc-backtrack-lvl k st) = conc-learned-clss st and
conc-learned-clss-mark-conflicting[simp]:
  raw-conc-conflicting\ st=None\Longrightarrow
    conc-learned-clss (mark-conflicting E st) = conc-learned-clss st and
conc-learned-clss-clss-resolve-conflicting[simp]:
  conc\text{-}conflicting\ st = Some\ F \Longrightarrow -L' \in \#\ F \Longrightarrow L' \in \#\ mset\text{-}cls\ D \Longrightarrow
    conc-learned-clss (resolve-conflicting L' D st) = conc-learned-clss st and
   - Properties about the backtracking level conc-backtrack-lvl:
conc-backtrack-lvl-cons-conc-trail[simp]:
  undefined-lit (conc-trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
    conc-backtrack-lvl (cons-conc-trail L st) = conc-backtrack-lvl st and
conc-backtrack-lvl-tl-conc-trail[simp]:
  conc-backtrack-lvl (tl-conc-trail st) = conc-backtrack-lvl st and
conc-backtrack-lvl-add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls[simp]:
  no-dup (conc-trail st) \Longrightarrow conc-conflicting st \neq None \Longrightarrow
    conc-backtrack-lvl (add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls st) = conc-backtrack-lvl st and
conc-backtrack-lvl-remove-cls[simp]:
  conc-backtrack-lvl (remove-cls C st) = conc-backtrack-lvl st and
conc-backtrack-lvl-update-conc-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
  conc-backtrack-lvl (update-conc-backtrack-lvl k st) = k and
conc-backtrack-lvl-mark-conflicting[simp]:
  raw-conc-conflicting st = None =
    conc-backtrack-lvl (mark-conflicting E st) = conc-backtrack-lvl st and
conc-backtrack-lvl-clss-clss-resolve-conflicting[simp]:
  conc\text{-}conflicting \ st = Some \ F \Longrightarrow -L' \in \# \ F \Longrightarrow L' \in \# \ mset\text{-}cls \ D \Longrightarrow
    conc-backtrack-lvl (resolve-conflicting L' D st) = conc-backtrack-lvl st and
  — Properties about the conflicting clause conc-conflicting:
conc\text{-}conflicting\text{-}cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail[simp]:
  undefined-lit (conc-trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
    conc-conflicting (cons-conc-trail L st) = conc-conflicting st and
conc\text{-}conflicting\text{-}tl\text{-}conc\text{-}trail[simp]:
  conc\text{-}conflicting\ (tl\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\ st) = conc\text{-}conflicting\ st\ and
conc\text{-}conflicting\text{-}add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls[simp]:
```

 $conc\text{-}conflicting\ st = Some\ F \Longrightarrow -L' \in \#\ F \Longrightarrow L' \in \#\ mset\text{-}cls\ D \Longrightarrow$

```
no-dup (conc-trail st) \Longrightarrow conc-conflicting st = Some \ C' \Longrightarrow
        conc\text{-}conflicting\ (add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ st) = None
    raw-conc-conflicting-add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls[simp]:
      no-dup (conc-trail st) \Longrightarrow conc-conflicting st = Some C' \Longrightarrow
        raw-conc-conflicting (add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls st) = None and
    conc\text{-}conflicting\text{-}remove\text{-}cls[simp]:
      conc\text{-}conflicting\ (remove\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = conc\text{-}conflicting\ st\ \mathbf{and}
    conc\text{-}conflicting\text{-}update\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl[simp]:}
      conc\text{-}conflicting (update\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl \ k \ st) = conc\text{-}conflicting \ st \ and
    conc-conflicting-clss-clss-resolve-conflicting[simp]:
      conc-conflicting st = Some \ F \Longrightarrow -L' \in \# \ F \Longrightarrow L' \in \# \ mset\text{-}cls \ D \Longrightarrow
        conc\text{-}conflicting\ (resolve\text{-}conflicting\ L'\ D\ st) =
          Some (cdcl_W-mset.resolve-cls L' F (mset-cls D)) and
    — Properties about the initial state conc-init-state:
    conc\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}conc\text{-}trail[simp]: conc\text{-}trail (conc\text{-}init\text{-}state Ns) = [] and
    conc-init-state-clss[simp]: conc-init-clss (conc-init-state Ns) = mset-clss Ns and
    conc-init-state-conc-learned-clss[simp]: conc-learned-clss(conc-init-state Ns) = \{\#\} and
    conc-init-state-conc-backtrack-lvl[simp]: conc-backtrack-lvl (conc-init-state Ns) = \theta and
    conc-init-state-conc-conflicting [simp]: conc-conflicting (conc-init-state Ns) = None and
    — Properties about reduce-conc-trail-to:
    trail-reduce-conc-trail-to[simp]:
      conc-trail st = M2 @ M1 \Longrightarrow conc-trail (reduce-conc-trail-to M1 \ st) = M1 and
    conc-learned-clss-reduce-conc-trail-to[simp]:
      conc-trail st = M2 @ M1 \Longrightarrow
        conc-learned-clss (reduce-conc-trail-to M1 st) = conc-learned-clss st and
    conc-backtrack-lvl-reduce-conc-trail-to[simp]:
      conc-trail st = M2 @ M1 \Longrightarrow
        conc-backtrack-lvl (reduce-conc-trail-to M1 st) = conc-backtrack-lvl st and
    conc\text{-}conflicting\text{-}reduce\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\text{-}to[simp]:}
      conc-trail st = M2 @ M1 \Longrightarrow
        conc-conflicting (reduce-conc-trail-to M1 st) = conc-conflicting st
  using cons-conc-trail[of st L conc-trail st snd (state st)] tl-conc-trail[of st]
  add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls[of st conc-trail st - - - ]
  update-conc-backtrack-lvl[of st - - - - k]
  mark-conflicting[of st - - - E]
  remove-cls[of\ st\ -\ -\ -\ C]
  conc\text{-}init\text{-}state[of\ Ns]
  reduce-conc-trail-to[of st]
  resolve\text{-}conflicting[of\ st\ -\ -\ -\ F\ L'\ D]
  unfolding state-def Product-Type.prod.inject by auto
lemma
    conc-init-clss-tl-conc-trail[simp]:
      conc-init-clss (tl-conc-trail st) = conc-init-clss st and
    conc-init-clss-add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls[simp]:
      no\text{-}dup\ (conc\text{-}trail\ st) \Longrightarrow conc\text{-}conflicting\ st \neq None \Longrightarrow
        conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ (add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls \ st) = conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ st \ and
    conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}remove\text{-}cls[simp]:
      conc-init-clss (remove-cls C st) = removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (conc-init-clss st) and
    conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}update\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl[simp]:
      conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ (update\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl \ k \ st) = conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ st \ \mathbf{and}
    conc-init-clss-mark-conflicting[simp]:
```

```
raw-conc-conflicting st = None \Longrightarrow
        conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ (mark\text{-}conflicting } E \ st) = conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ st \ \mathbf{and}
    conc-init-clss-resolve-conflicting[simp]:
      conc\text{-}conflicting \ st = Some \ F \Longrightarrow -L' \in \# \ F \Longrightarrow L' \in \# \ mset\text{-}cls \ D \Longrightarrow
         conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ (resolve\text{-}conflicting \ L'\ D\ st) = conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ st \ and
    conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}reduce\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\text{-}to[simp]:
      conc-trail st = M2 @ M1 \Longrightarrow
         conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ (reduce\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\text{-}to \ M1 \ st) = conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ st
   using tl-conc-trail[of st]
  add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls[of st conc-trail st - - - ]
  update-conc-backtrack-lvl[of st - - - - k]
  mark-conflicting[of st - - - E]
  remove-cls[of st - - - C]
  reduce-conc-trail-to[of st M2 M1]
  resolve\text{-}conflicting[of\ st\ -\ -\ -\ F\ L'\ D]
  unfolding state-def Product-Type.prod.inject by fast+
abbreviation incr-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
incr-lvl\ S \equiv update-conc-backtrack-lvl\ (conc-backtrack-lvl\ S + 1)\ S
abbreviation state-eq :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool (infix \sim 36) where
S \sim T \equiv state \ S \sim m \ state \ T
lemma state-eq-sym:
  S \sim T \longleftrightarrow T \sim S
  using cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-sym by blast
lemma state-eq-trans:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow T \sim U \Longrightarrow S \sim U
  using cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-trans by blast
lemma conc-clauses-init-learned: conc-clauses S = conc-init-clss S + conc-learned-clss S
  using learned-clauses of S by (auto simp: conc-init-clss-def multiset-eq-iff subseteq-mset-def)
lemma
  shows
    state-eq\text{-}conc\text{-}trail: S \sim T \Longrightarrow conc\text{-}trail S = conc\text{-}trail T \text{ and }
    state-eq-conc-init-clss: S \sim T \Longrightarrow conc-init-clss S = conc-init-clss T and
    state-eq-conc-learned-clss: S \sim T \Longrightarrow conc-learned-clss S = conc-learned-clss T and
    state-eq\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl: }S \sim T \Longrightarrow conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl }S = conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl }T and
    state-eq-conc-conflicting: S \sim T \Longrightarrow conc\text{-}conflicting \ S = conc\text{-}conflicting \ T and
    state-eq-clauses: S \sim T \Longrightarrow conc-clauses S = conc-clauses T and
    state-eq-undefined-lit:
      S \sim T \Longrightarrow undefined-lit (conc-trail S) L = undefined-lit (conc-trail T) L
  unfolding state-def\ cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-def\ conc-clauses-init-learned
  by (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset-state)
```

We combine all simplification rules about $op \sim$ in a single list of theorems. While they are handy as simplification rule as long as we are working on the state, they also cause a *huge* slow-down in all other cases.

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{lemmas} \ state\text{-}simp = state\text{-}eq\text{-}conc\text{-}trail \ state\text{-}eq\text{-}conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ state\text{-}eq\text{-}conc\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ state\text{-}eq\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl \ state\text{-}eq\text{-}conflicting \ state\text{-}eq\text{-}clauses \ state\text{-}eq\text{-}undefined\text{-}lit \ state\text{-}eq\text{-}clauses \ state\text{-}eq\text{-}claus$

 $\textbf{lemma} \ atms-of-ms-conc-learned-clss-restart-state-in-atms-of-ms-conc-learned-clss I [intro]:$

```
x \in atms-of-mm (conc-learned-clss (restart-state S)) \Longrightarrow x \in atms-of-mm (conc-learned-clss S)
    by (meson\ atms-of-ms-mono\ conc-learned-clss-restart-state\ set-mset-mono\ subset CE)
lemma clauses-reduce-conc-trail-to[simp]:
     conc-trail S = M2 @ M1 \Longrightarrow conc-clauses (reduce-conc-trail-to M1 S) = conc-clauses S
    unfolding conc-clauses-init-learned by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}ann\text{-}decomposition\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\text{-}update\text{-}conc\text{-}trail[simp]}:
    assumes H: (L \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (conc-trail S))
    shows conc-trail (reduce-conc-trail-to M1 S) = M1
    using assms by auto
lemma raw-conc-conflicting-cons-conc-trail[simp]:
    assumes undefined-lit (conc-trail S) (lit-of L)
    shows
         raw-conc-conflicting (cons-conc-trail L(S) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conc-conflicting S = None
    using assms conc-conflicting-cons-conc-trail[of S L] map-option-is-None by fastforce+
lemma raw-conc-conflicting-update-backtracl-lvl[simp]:
     raw-conc-conflicting (update-conc-backtrack-lvl k S) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conc-conflicting S = None
    using map-option-is-None conc-conflicting-update-conc-backtrack-lvl[of k S] by fastforce+
end — end of state_W locale
                         CDCL Rules
7.2.4
locale abs-conflict-driven-clause-learning_W =
     abs-state_W
           — functions for clauses:
         mset-cls
         mset-clss in-clss insert-clss
         — functions for the conflicting clause:
         mset-ccls
          conversion
         ccls-of-cls cls-of-ccls
          — functions for the state:
              — access functions:
         conc-trail hd-raw-conc-trail raw-clauses conc-backtrack-lvl
         raw-conc-conflicting conc-learned-clss
                — changing state:
         cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\text{ }tl\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\text{ }add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\text{ }remove\text{-}cls\text{ }update\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\text{ }ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text{-}ll\text
         mark-conflicting reduce-conc-trail-to resolve-conflicting
              — get state:
         conc\text{-}init\text{-}state
         restart\text{-}state
    for
         mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
         mset-clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
         in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
         insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
```

```
mset\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    ccls-of-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'ccls and
    \mathit{cls\text{-}\mathit{of\text{-}\mathit{ccls}}} :: '\mathit{ccls} \Rightarrow '\mathit{cls} \; \mathbf{and} \;
    conc\text{-}trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann\text{-}lits \ \mathbf{and}
    hd-raw-conc-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, 'cls) ann-lit and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    conc-backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    raw-conc-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
    conc-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail :: ('v, 'cls) \ ann\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    tl-conc-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    mark-conflicting :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    reduce-conc-trail-to :: ('v, 'v clause) ann-lits \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    resolve\text{-}conflicting:: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    conc\text{-}init\text{-}state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
lemma clauses-state-conc-clauses [simp]: cdcl_W-mset.clauses (state\ S) = conc-clauses\ S
  apply (cases state S)
  unfolding cdcl_W-mset.clauses-def conc-clauses-init-learned
  unfolding cdcl_W-mset-state state-def
  by simp
lemma conflicting-None-iff-raw-conc-conflicting[simp]:
  conflicting\ (state\ S) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conc-conflicting\ S = None
  unfolding state-def conflicting-def by simp
\mathbf{lemma}\ trail\text{-}state\text{-}add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls:
  no\text{-}dup\ (conc\text{-}trail\ S) \Longrightarrow conc\text{-}conflicting\ S \neq None \Longrightarrow
    trail\ (state\ (add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ S)) = trail\ (state\ S)
  unfolding trail-def state-def by simp
lemma trail-state-update-backtrack-lvl:
  trail\ (state\ (update-conc-backtrack-lvl\ i\ S)) = trail\ (state\ S)
  unfolding trail-def state-def by simp
lemma trail-state-update-conflicting:
  raw-conc-conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow trail (state (mark-conflicting i S)) = trail (state S)
  unfolding trail-def state-def by simp
lemma trail-state-conc-trail[simp]:
  trail\ (state\ S) = conc\text{-}trail\ S
  unfolding trail-def state-def by auto
lemma init-clss-state-conc-init-clss[simp]:
  init-clss (state S) = conc-init-clss S
  unfolding init-clss-def state-def by auto
```

```
lemma learned-clss-state-conc-learned-clss[simp]:
  learned-clss (state S) = conc-learned-clss S
  unfolding learned-clss-def state-def by auto
lemma tl-trail-state-tl-con-trail[simp]:
  tl-trail (state S) = state (tl-conc-trail S)
 by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset-state state-def simp del: trail-state-conc-trail
    init\text{-}clss\text{-}state\text{-}conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss
   learned-clss-state-conc-learned-clss local.state-simp)
lemma add-learned-cls-state-add-conc-confl-to-learned-cls[simp]:
 assumes no-dup (conc-trail S) and raw-conc-conflicting S = Some D
 shows update-conflicting None (add-learned-cls (mset-ccls D) (state S)) =
    state\ (add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ S)
  using assms by (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset-state state-def simp del: trail-state-conc-trail
   init\text{-}clss\text{-}state\text{-}conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss
   learned-clss-state-conc-learned-clss local.state-simp)
lemma state-cons-cons-trail-cons-trail[simp]:
  undefined-lit (trail\ (state\ S))\ (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
    cons-trail (mmset-of-mlit L) (state S) = state (cons-conc-trail L S)
  by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset-state state-def simp del: trail-state-conc-trail
   init\text{-}clss\text{-}state\text{-}conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss
   learned-clss-state-conc-learned-clss local.state-simp)
lemma state-cons-cons-trail-cons-trail-propagated[simp]:
  undefined-lit (trail\ (state\ S))\ K \Longrightarrow
    cons-trail (Propagated K (mset-cls C)) (state S) = state (cons-conc-trail (Propagated K C) S)
  using state-cons-cons-trail-cons-trail[of S Propagated K C] by simp
lemma state-cons-trail-cons-trail-propagated-ccls[simp]:
  undefined-lit (trail\ (state\ S))\ K \Longrightarrow
   cons-trail (Propagated K (mset-ccls C)) (state S) =
     state\ (cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\ (Propagated\ K\ (cls\text{-}of\text{-}ccls\ C))\ S)
 using state-cons-cros-trail-cons-trail[of\ S\ Propagated\ K\ (cls-of-ccls\ C)] by simp
lemma state-cons-cons-trail-cons-trail-decided[simp]:
  undefined-lit (trail (state S)) K \Longrightarrow
    cons-trail (Decided K) (state S) = state (cons-conc-trail (Decided K) S)
  using state-cons-cons-trail-cons-trail[of S Decided K] by simp
lemma state-mark-conflicting-update-conflicting[simp]:
 assumes raw-conc-conflicting S = None
 shows
    update-conflicting (Some (mset-ccls D)) (state S) = state (mark-conflicting D S)
    update-conflicting (Some (mset-cls D')) (state S) =
     state\ (mark-conflicting\ ((ccls-of-cls\ D'))\ S)
  using assms by (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset-state state-def simp del: trail-state-conc-trail
    init-clss-state-conc-init-clss
   learned-clss-state-conc-learned-clss local.state-simp)
lemma update-backtrack-lvl-state[simp]:
  update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (state\ S) = state\ (update-conc-backtrack-lvl\ i\ S)
  by (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset-state state-def simp del: trail-state-conc-trail
    init\text{-}clss\text{-}state\text{-}conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss
   learned-clss-state-conc-learned-clss local.state-simp)
```

```
lemma conc-conflicting-conflicting[simp]:
  conflicting (state S) = conc-conflicting S
  by (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset-state state-def simp del: trail-state-conc-trail
    init\text{-}clss\text{-}state\text{-}conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss
   learned-clss-state-conc-learned-clss local.state-simp)
lemma update-conflicting-resolve-state-mark-conflicting[simp]:
  raw-conc-conflicting S = Some \ D' \Longrightarrow -L \in \# \ mset-ccls D' \Longrightarrow L \in \# \ mset-cls E' \Longrightarrow
   update-conflicting (Some (remove1-mset (- L) (mset-ccls D') \# \cup remove1-mset L (mset-cls E')))
   (state\ (tl\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\ S)) =
  state (resolve-conflicting L E' (tl-conc-trail S))
  by (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset-state state-def simp del: trail-state-conc-trail
    init\text{-}clss\text{-}state\text{-}conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss
   learned-clss-state-conc-learned-clss local.state-simp)
lemma add-learned-update-backtrack-update-conflicting[simp]:
no\text{-}dup \ (conc\text{-}trail \ S) \Longrightarrow raw\text{-}conc\text{-}conflicting \ S = Some \ D' \Longrightarrow add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ D')
        (update-backtrack-lvl i
          (update-conflicting None
            (state\ S))) =
  state\ (add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (update\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\ i\ S))
  by (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset-state state-def simp del: trail-state-conc-trail
    init\text{-}clss\text{-}state\text{-}conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss
   learned-clss-state-conc-learned-clss local.state-simp)
lemma conc-backtrack-lvl-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
  backtrack-lvl (state S) = conc-backtrack-lvl S
  unfolding state-def by (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset-state)
lemma state-state:
  cdcl_W-mset.state (state S) = (trail (state S), init-clss (state S), learned-clss (state S),
  backtrack-lvl (state S), conflicting (state S))
  by (simp)
lemma state-reduce-conc-trail-to-reduce-conc-trail-to[simp]:
  assumes [simp]: conc-trail S = M2 @ M1
  shows cdcl_W-mset.reduce-trail-to M1 (state S) = state (reduce-conc-trail-to M1 S) (is ?RS = ?SR)
proof -
  have 1: trail ?SR = trail ?RS
   apply (subst state-def)
   apply (auto simp add: cdcl_W-mset.trail-reduce-trail-to-drop)
   apply (auto simp: trail-def)
   done
  have 2: init-clss ?SR = init-clss ?RS
    by simp
 have 3: learned-clss ?SR = learned-clss ?RS
    by simp
  have 4: backtrack-lvl ?SR = backtrack-lvl ?RS
    by simp
 have 5: conflicting ?SR = conflicting ?RS
    by simp
```

```
show ?thesis
   using 1 2 3 4 5 apply -
   apply (subst (asm) trail-def, subst (asm) trail-def)
   apply (subst (asm) init-clss-def, subst (asm) init-clss-def)
   apply (subst (asm) learned-clss-def, subst (asm) learned-clss-def)
   apply (subst (asm) backtrack-lvl-def, subst (asm) backtrack-lvl-def)
   apply (subst (asm) conflicting-def, subst (asm) conflicting-def)
   apply (cases state (reduce-conc-trail-to M1 S))
   apply (cases cdcl_W-mset.reduce-trail-to M1 (state S))
   by simp
qed
lemma state-conc-init-state: state (conc-init-state N) = init-state (mset-clss N)
 by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset-state state-def simp del: trail-state-conc-trail
   init\text{-}clss\text{-}state\text{-}conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss
   learned-clss-state-conc-learned-clss local.state-simp)
More robust version of in-mset-clss-exists-preimage:
lemma in-clauses-preimage:
 assumes b: b \in \# cdcl_W \text{-}mset.clauses (state C)
 shows \exists b'. b' ! \in ! raw\text{-}clauses \ C \land mset\text{-}cls \ b' = b
proof
 have b \in \# conc\text{-}clauses C
   using b by auto
 from in-mset-clss-exists-preimage[OF this] show ?thesis.
lemma state-reduce-conc-trail-to-reduce-conc-trail-to-decomp[simp]:
 assumes (P \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (conc-trail S))
 shows cdcl_W-mset.reduce-trail-to M1 (state S) = state (reduce-conc-trail-to M1 S)
 using assms by auto
inductive propagate-abs :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
propagate-abs-rule: conc-conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  E ! \in ! raw\text{-}clauses S \Longrightarrow
 L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
  conc\text{-trail } S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ E - \{\#L\#\}) \Longrightarrow
  undefined-lit (conc-trail S) L \Longrightarrow
  T \sim cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail (Propagated L E) S \Longrightarrow
 propagate-abs S T
inductive-cases propagate-absE: propagate-abs\ S\ T
lemma propagate-propagate-abs:
  cdcl_W-mset.propagate (state S) (state T) \longleftrightarrow propagate-abs S T (is ?mset \longleftrightarrow ?abs)
proof
 assume ?abs
 then obtain EL where
   confl: conc-conflicting S = None and
   E: E !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S  and
   L: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \text{ and }
   tr-E: conc-trail S \models as CNot (mset-cls E - {\#L\#}) and
   undef: undefined-lit (conc-trail S) L and
    T: T \sim cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail (Propagated L E) S
   by (auto elim: propagate-absE)
```

```
show ?mset
   apply (rule cdcl_W-mset.propagate-rule)
      using confl apply auto[]
     using E apply auto[]
     using L apply auto[]
    using tr-E apply auto[]
    using undef apply (auto simp:)[]
   using undef T unfolding cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq state-def cons-trail-def by simp
next
 assume ?mset
 then obtain EL where
   conc\text{-}conflicting S = None \text{ and }
   E !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S  and
   L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \text{ and }
   conc\text{-}trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ (mset\text{-}cls\ E - \{\#L\#\}) and
   undefined-lit (conc-trail S) L and
   state T \sim m cons-trail (Propagated L (mset-cls E)) (state S)
   by (auto elim!: cdcl_W-mset.propagateE dest!: in-clauses-preimage
     simp: cdcl_W-mset.clauses-def)
 then show ?abs
   by (auto intro!: propagate-abs-rule)
qed
lemma propagate-compatible-abs:
 assumes SS': S \sim m state S' and abs: cdcl_W-mset.propagate S T
 obtains U where propagate-abs S' U and T \sim m state U
proof -
 obtain EL where
   confl: conflicting S = None and
   E: E \in \# \ cdcl_W-mset.clauses S and
   L: L \in \# E  and
   tr: trail S \models as\ CNot\ (E - \{\#L\#\}) and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   T: T \sim m \ cons	ext{-trail} \ (Propagated \ L \ E) \ S
   using abs by (auto elim!: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset.propagateE dest!: in-clauses-preimage
     simp: cdcl_W-mset.clauses-def)
 then obtain E' where
   E': E'! \in! raw-clauses S' and [simp]: E = mset-cls E'
   by (metis\ SS'\ cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-clauses in-clauses-preimage)
 let ?U = cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail (Propagated L E') S'
 have propagate-abs S' ?U
   apply (rule propagate-abs-rule)
       using confl SS' apply simp
      using E'SS' apply simp
      using L apply simp
     using tr SS' apply simp
    using undef SS' apply simp
   using undef SS' by simp
 moreover have T \sim m \ state \ ?U
   using TSS' undef by (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq)
 ultimately show thesis using that by blast
qed
```

interpretation propagate-abs: relation-relation-abs $cdcl_W$ -mset.propagate propagate-abs state λ -. True

```
apply unfold-locales
  apply (simp add: propagate-propagate-abs)
 using propagate-compatible-abs by blast
inductive conflict-abs :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
conflict-abs-rule:
  conc\text{-}conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  D !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S \Longrightarrow
  conc\text{-trail } S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ D) \Longrightarrow
  T \sim mark\text{-}conflicting (ccls-of\text{-}cls D) S \Longrightarrow
  conflict-abs S T
inductive-cases conflict-absE: conflict-absS
lemma conflict-conflict-abs:
  cdcl_W-mset.conflict (state S) (state T) \longleftrightarrow conflict-abs S T (is ?mset \longleftrightarrow ?abs)
proof
 assume ?abs
 then obtain D where
   confl: conc\text{-}conflicting S = None \text{ and }
   D: D !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S  and
   tr-D: conc-trail S \models as CNot (mset-cls D) and
   T: T \sim mark\text{-conflicting (ccls-of-cls D) } S
   by (auto elim!: conflict-absE)
 show ?mset
   apply (rule cdcl_W-mset.conflict-rule)
      using confl apply simp
     using D apply auto[]
    using tr-D apply simp
   using T confl apply auto
   done
\mathbf{next}
 assume ?mset
 then obtain D where
   confl: conflicting (state S) = None  and
   D: D \in \# \ cdcl_W \text{-}mset.clauses \ (state \ S) \ and
   tr-D: trail (state S) \models as CNot D and
    T: state T \sim m update-conflicting (Some D) (state S)
   by (cases state S) (auto elim: cdcl_W-mset.conflictE)
  obtain D' where D': D' !\in! raw-clauses S and DD'[simp]: D = mset-cls D'
   using D by (auto dest!: in-mset-clss-exists-preimage)
 show ?abs
   apply (rule conflict-abs-rule)
      using confl apply simp
     using D' apply simp
    using tr-D apply simp
   using T confl by auto
qed
lemma conflict-compatible-abs:
 assumes SS': S \sim m state S' and conflict: cdcl_W-mset.conflict S T
 obtains U where conflict-abs S' U and T \sim m state U
proof -
 obtain D where
   confl: conflicting S = None and
   D: D \in \# \ cdcl_W \text{-}mset.clauses \ S \ and
```

```
tr-D: trail S \models as CNot D and
    T: T \sim m \ update\text{-conflicting (Some D)} \ S
   using conflict by (auto elim: cdcl_W-mset.conflictE)
  obtain D' where D': D' !\in! raw-clauses S' and DD'[simp]: D = mset-cls D'
   using D SS' by (auto dest!: in-mset-clss-exists-preimage)[]
  let ?U = mark\text{-}conflicting (ccls-of\text{-}cls D') S'
  have conflict-abs S' ?U
   apply (rule conflict-abs-rule)
      using confl SS' apply simp
     using D'SS' apply simp
    using tr-D SS' apply simp
   using T by auto
  moreover have T \sim m \ state \ ?U
   using TSS' confl by (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq)
  ultimately show thesis using that [of ?U] by fast
qed
interpretation conflict-abs: relation-relation-abs cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset.conflict conflict-abs state
  \lambda-. True
 apply unfold-locales
  apply (simp add: conflict-conflict-abs)
  using conflict-compatible-abs by metis
inductive backtrack-abs:: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S:: 'st \text{ where}
backtrack-abs-rule:
  raw-conc-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
  L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
  (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (conc-trail\ S)) \Longrightarrow
  get-level (conc-trail S) L = conc-backtrack-lvl S =
  qet-level (conc-trail S) L = qet-maximum-level (conc-trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
  get-maximum-level (conc-trail S) (mset-ccls D - \{\#L\#\}) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
  get-level (conc-trail S) K = i + 1 \Longrightarrow
  T \sim cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail (Propagated L (cls-of\text{-}ccls D))
       (reduce-conc-trail-to M1
         (\it add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls
           (update-conc-backtrack-lvl\ i\ S))) \Longrightarrow
  backtrack-abs S T
inductive-cases backtrack-absE: backtrack-abs S T
lemma backtrack-backtrack-abs:
  assumes inv: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state S)
 shows cdcl_W-mset.backtrack (state S) (state T) \longleftrightarrow backtrack-abs S T (is ?conc \longleftrightarrow ?abs)
proof
  assume ?abs
  then obtain D L K M1 M2 i where
  D: raw\text{-}conc\text{-}conflicting \ S = Some \ D \ and
  L: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \ \mathbf{and}
  decomp: (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set (qet-all-ann-decomposition (conc-trail S)) and
  lev-L: qet-level (conc-trail S) L = conc-backtrack-lvl S and
  lev-Max: get-level (conc-trail S) L = get-maximum-level (conc-trail S) (mset-ccls D) and
  i: get-maximum-level (conc-trail S) (mset-ccls D - \{\#L\#\}) \equiv i and
  lev-K: get-level (conc-trail S) K = i + 1 and
  T: T \sim cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail (Propagated L (cls-of\text{-}ccls D))
       (reduce-conc-trail-to M1
         (add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls
```

```
(update-conc-backtrack-lvl\ i\ S)))
      by (auto elim!: backtrack-absE)
   have n-d: no-dup (trail (state S))
      using lev-L inv unfolding cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
      by simp
   have atm-of L \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l M1
      apply (rule cdcl_W-mset.backtrack-lit-skiped[of - state S])
          \mathbf{using}\ lev-L\ inv\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ cdcl_W\ -mset.cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -def\ cdcl_W\ -mset.cdcl_W\ -M\ -level\ -inv\ -def\ -def\ -def\ -mset.cdcl_W\ -mset.cdcl_W\ -M\ -level\ -inv\ -def\ -de
          apply simp
         using decomp apply simp
        \mathbf{using}\ lev-L\ inv\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
          apply simp
      using lev-L inv unfolding cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
          apply simp
    using lev-K apply simp
    done
   then have undef: undefined-lit M1 L
      by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map lits-of-def)
   obtain c where tr: conc-trail S = c @ M2 @ Decided K \# M1
      using decomp by auto
   show ?conc
      apply (rule\ cdcl_W-mset.backtrack-rule)
                using D apply simp
               using L apply simp
             using decomp apply simp
            using lev-L apply simp
          using lev-Max apply simp
         using i apply simp
       using lev-K apply simp
      using T undef n-d tr D unfolding cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-def
      by auto
next
   assume ?conc
   then obtain L D K M1 M2 i where
      confl: conflicting (state S) = Some D  and
      L: L \in \# D and
      decomp: (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set (qet-all-ann-decomposition (trail (state S))) and
      lev-L: get-level (trail (state S)) L = backtrack-lvl (state S) and
      lev-max: get-level (trail (state S)) L = get-maximum-level (trail (state S)) (D) and
      i: get-maximum-level (trail (state S)) (D - \{\#L\#\}) \equiv i and
      lev-K: get-level (trail (state S)) K = i + 1 and
      T: state \ T \sim m \ cons-trail \ (Propagated \ L \ (D))
               (cdcl_W-mset.reduce-trail-to M1
                  (add-learned-cls D
                      (update-backtrack-lvl i
                        (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ (state\ S)))))
      by (auto elim: cdcl_W-mset.backtrackE)
   obtain D' where
      confl': raw-conc-conflicting S = Some D'  and D[simp]: D = mset-ccls D'
      using confl by auto
   have n-d: no-dup (trail\ (state\ S))
      using lev-L inv unfolding cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
      by simp
   have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M1
      apply (rule cdcl_W-mset.backtrack-lit-skiped[of - state S])
          using lev-L inv unfolding cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
```

```
apply simp
         using decomp apply simp
        \mathbf{using}\ lev-L\ inv\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
           apply simp
      using lev-L inv unfolding cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
           apply simp
     using lev-K apply simp
    done
   then have undef: undefined-lit M1 L
      by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map lits-of-def)
   show ?abs
      \mathbf{apply}\ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{backtrack-abs-rule})
                 using confl' apply simp
                using L apply simp
              using decomp apply simp
            using lev-L apply simp
           using lev-max apply simp
         using i apply simp
        using lev-K apply simp
      using T undef n-d decomp confl' by auto
qed
lemma backtrack-exists-backtrack-abs-step:
   assumes bt: cdcl_W-mset.backtrack S T and inv: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
    SS': S \sim m \ state \ S'
   obtains U where backtrack-abs S' U and T \sim m state U
proof -
   from bt obtain L D K M1 M2 i where
      confl: conflicting S = Some D and
      L: L \in \# D and
      decomp: (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition (trail S)) and
      lev-L: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
      lev-max: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D) and
      i: get-maximum-level (trail S) (D - \{\#L\#\}) \equiv i and
      lev-K: get-level (trail S) K = i + 1 and
       T: T \sim m \ cons\text{-trail} \ (Propagated \ L \ (D))
                (cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset.reduce-trail-to M1
                   (add-learned-cls D)
                      (update-backtrack-lvl i
                         (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
      by (auto elim: cdcl_W-mset.backtrackE)
   obtain D' where
      confl': raw-conc-conflicting S' = Some D'  and D[simp]: D = mset-ccls D'
      using confl SS' by auto
   have n-d: no-dup (trail (state S'))
    \mathbf{using}\ lev-L\ inv\ SS'\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ cdcl_W\ -mset.cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -def\ cdcl_W\ -mset.cdcl_W\ -M\ -level\ -inv\ -def\ cdcl_W\ -mset.cdcl_W\ -M\ -level\ -inv\ -def\ -def\ -def\ -def\ -mset.cdcl_W\ -mset.cdcl
      by simp
   have atm-of L \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l M1
      apply (rule cdcl_W-mset.backtrack-lit-skiped[of - state S'])
       using lev-L inv SS' unfolding cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
           apply simp
         using decomp SS' apply simp
     using lev-L inv SS' unfolding cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
    \mathbf{using}\ lev-L\ inv\ SS'\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
           apply simp
```

```
using lev-K SS' apply simp
  done
  then have undef: undefined-lit M1 L
   by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map lits-of-def)
 let ?U = cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail (Propagated L (cls-of\text{-}ccls D'))
         (reduce-conc-trail-to M1
           (add\text{-}conc\text{-}confl\text{-}to\text{-}learned\text{-}cls
             (update-conc-backtrack-lvl i S')))
 have backtrack-abs S'?U
   apply (rule backtrack-abs-rule)
          using confl' apply simp
         using L apply simp
        using decomp SS' apply simp
       using lev-L SS' apply simp
      using lev-max SS' apply simp
     using i SS' apply simp
    using lev-K SS' apply simp
   using T undef n-d decomp by auto
  moreover have T \sim m \ state \ ?U
   using undef decomp T n-d SS'[unfolded\ cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq] confl' by auto
  ultimately show thesis using that [of ?U] by fast
qed
interpretation backtrack-abs: relation-relation-abs cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset.backtrack backtrack-abs state
  cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
 apply unfold-locales
    apply (simp add: backtrack-backtrack-abs)
   using backtrack-exists-backtrack-abs-step apply metis
  using cdcl_W-mset.backtrack cdcl_W-mset.bj cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
inductive decide-abs :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
decide-abs-rule:
  conc\text{-}conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  undefined-lit (conc-trail S) L \Longrightarrow
  atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ S)\Longrightarrow
  T \sim cons\text{-}conc\text{-}trail (Decided L) (incr-lvl S) \Longrightarrow
  decide-abs S T
inductive-cases decide-absE: decide-absST
lemma decide-decide-abs:
  cdcl_W-mset.decide\ (state\ S)\ (state\ T)\longleftrightarrow decide-abs\ S\ T
 by (auto elim!: cdcl_W-mset.decideE decide-absE intro!: cdcl_W-mset.decide-rule decide-abs-rule)
interpretation\ decide-abs:\ relation-relation-abs\ cdcl_W-mset.decide\ decide-abs\ state
 \lambda-. True
 apply unfold-locales
    apply (simp add: decide-decide-abs)
   apply (metis (full-types) cdcl_W-mset.decide.cases cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq
     conc\text{-}trail\text{-}update\text{-}conc\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\ decide\text{-}decide\text{-}abs
     state-cons-cons-trail-cons-trail-decided trail-state-conc-trail update-backtrack-lvl-state)
 using cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-mset.decide\ cdcl_W-mset.other by blast
inductive skip-abs :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
skip-abs-rule:
```

```
conc-trail S = Propagated L C' # M \Longrightarrow
  raw-conc-conflicting S = Some \ E \Longrightarrow
  -L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls E \Longrightarrow
  mset\text{-}ccls\ E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
  T \sim tl\text{-}conc\text{-}trail\ S \Longrightarrow
  skip-abs S T
inductive-cases skip-absE: skip-abs\ S\ T
lemma skip-skip-abs:
  cdcl_W-mset.skip (state S) (state T) \longleftrightarrow skip-abs S T (is ?conc \longleftrightarrow ?abs)
proof
 assume ?abs
 then show ?conc
   by (auto elim!: skip-absE intro!: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset.skip-rule)
 assume ?conc
 then obtain L C' E M where
   tr: trail (state S) = Propagated L C' \# M  and
   conficients conflicting (state S) = Some E  and
   L: -L \notin \# E and
   E: E \neq \{\#\} and
   T: state T \sim m tl-trail (state S)
   by (auto elim: cdcl_W-mset.skipE)
  obtain E' where
   confl': raw-conc-conflicting S = Some E' and [simp]: E = mset-ccls E'
   using confl by auto
 show ?abs
   apply (rule skip-abs-rule)
       using tr apply simp
      using confl' apply simp
     using L apply simp
    using E apply simp
   using T by simp
\mathbf{qed}
lemma skip-exists-skip-abs:
 assumes skip: cdcl_W-mset.skip S T and SS': S \sim m state S'
 obtains U where skip\text{-}abs\ S'\ U and T\sim m\ state\ U
proof -
 obtain L C' E M where
   tr: trail S = Propagated L C' \# M and
   confl: conflicting S = Some E  and
   L: -L \notin \# E and
   E: E \neq \{\#\} and
   T: T \sim m \text{ tl-trail } S
   using skip by (auto elim: cdcl_W-mset.skipE)
  obtain E' where
   confl': raw-conc-conflicting S' = Some E'  and [simp]: E = mset-ccls E'
   using confl SS' by auto
 have skip-abs S' (tl-conc-trail S')
   apply (rule skip-abs-rule)
       using tr SS' apply simp
      using confl' SS' apply simp
     using L SS' apply simp
    using E apply simp
```

```
using T by simp
  then show ?thesis
   using that of tl-conc-trail S' TSS' unfolded cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq by auto
qed
interpretation skip-abs: relation-relation-abs cdcl_W-mset.skip skip-abs state
 \lambda-. True
 apply unfold-locales
    apply (simp add: skip-skip-abs)
   using skip-exists-skip-abs apply metis
 using cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-mset.skip cdcl_W-mset.other by blast
inductive resolve-abs :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
resolve-abs-rule: conc-trail S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
 hd-raw-conc-trail S = Propagated \ L \ E \Longrightarrow
 L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
 raw-conc-conflicting S = Some D' \Longrightarrow
  -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls D' \Longrightarrow
  qet-maximum-level (conc-trail S) (remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D')) = conc-backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim resolve\text{-}conflicting \ L \ E \ (tl\text{-}conc\text{-}trail \ S) \Longrightarrow
  resolve-abs S T
inductive-cases resolve-absE: resolve-absS T
lemma resolve-resolve-abs:
  cdcl_W-mset.resolve (state S) (state T) \longleftrightarrow resolve-abs S T (is ?conc \longleftrightarrow ?abs)
proof
 assume ?conc
 then obtain L E D where
   tr: trail (state S) \neq [] and
   hd: cdcl_W-mset.hd-trail (state S) = Propagated L E and
   LE: L \in \# E \text{ and }
   confl: conflicting (state S) = Some D  and
   LD: -L \in \# D and
   lvl-max: get-maximum-level (trail (state S)) ((remove1-mset (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl (state S) and
   T: state \ T \sim m \ update-conflicting \ (Some \ (cdcl_W-mset.resolve-cls \ L \ D \ E)) \ (tl-trail \ (state \ S))
   by (auto elim!: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset.resolveE)
  obtain E' where
   hd': hd-raw-conc-trail S = Propagated \ L \ E' and
   [simp]: E = mset-cls E'
   apply (cases hd-raw-conc-trail S)
   using hd-raw-conc-trail[of S] tr \ hd by simp-all
  obtain D' where
   confl': raw-conc-conflicting S = Some D' and
   [simp]: D = mset-ccls D'
   using confl by auto
 show ?abs
   apply (rule resolve-abs-rule)
         using tr apply simp
        using hd' apply simp
       using LE apply simp
      using confl' apply simp
     using LD apply simp
    using lvl-max apply simp
   \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{T} \ \mathit{confl'} \ \mathit{LE} \ \mathit{LD} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{simp}
next
```

```
assume ?abs
 then show ?conc
   using hd-raw-conc-trail[of S] by (auto elim!: resolve-absE intro!: cdcl_W-mset.resolve-rule)
qed
lemma resolve-exists-resolve-abs:
 assumes
   res: cdcl_W-mset.resolve S T and
   SS': S \sim m \ state \ S'
 obtains U where resolve-abs S' U and T \sim m state U
proof
 obtain L E D where
   tr: trail S \neq [] and
   hd: cdcl_W-mset.hd-trail S = Propagated \ L \ E and
   LE: L \in \# E  and
   confl: conflicting S = Some D  and
   LD: -L \in \# D and
   lvl-max: qet-maximum-level (trail S) ((remove1-mset (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl S and
   T: T \sim m \ update\text{-conflicting} \ (Some \ (cdcl_W\text{-mset.resolve-cls} \ L \ D \ E)) \ (tl\text{-trail} \ S)
   using res
   by (auto elim!: cdcl_W-mset.resolveE)
  obtain E' where
   hd': hd-raw-conc-trail S' = Propagated L E' and
   [simp]: E = mset-cls E'
   apply (cases hd-raw-conc-trail S')
   using hd-raw-conc-trail[of S'] tr hd SS' by simp-all
 obtain D' where
   confl': raw-conc-conflicting S' = Some D' and
   [simp]: D = mset-ccls D'
   using confl SS' by auto
 let ?U = resolve\text{-}conflicting L E' (tl\text{-}conc\text{-}trail S')
 have resolve-abs S'?U
   apply (rule resolve-abs-rule)
        using tr SS' apply simp
       using hd' apply simp
       using LE apply simp
      using confl' apply simp
     using LD apply simp
    using lvl-max SS' apply simp
   using T by simp
  moreover have T \sim m \ state \ ?U
   using T SS' confl LE LD unfolding cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-def by fastforce
 ultimately show thesis using that [of ?U] by fast
interpretation\ resolve-abs:\ relation-relation-abs\ cdcl_W-mset.resolve\ resolve-abs\ state
 \lambda-. True
 apply unfold-locales
    apply (simp add: resolve-resolve-abs)
   using resolve-exists-resolve-abs apply metis
 using cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-mset.resolve cdcl_W-mset.other by blast
inductive restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
restart: conc-conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  \neg conc\text{-}trail\ S \models asm\ conc\text{-}clauses\ S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim restart\text{-}state \ S \Longrightarrow
```

inductive-cases restartE: restart S T

We add the condition $C \notin \# conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss S$, to maintain consistency even without the strategy.

```
inductive forget :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
forget-rule:
  conc\text{-}conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  C \in ! raw-conc-learned-clss S \Longrightarrow
  \neg(conc\text{-trail }S) \models asm \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
  mset\text{-}cls \ C \notin set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}mark\text{-}of\text{-}propagated} \ (conc\text{-}trail \ S)) \Longrightarrow
  mset\text{-}cls\ C \notin \#\ conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
  forget S T
inductive-cases forgetE: forget S T
inductive cdcl_W-abs-rf :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
restart: restart-abs S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-abs-rf S T
forget: forget-abs S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-abs-rf S \ T
inductive cdcl_W-abs-bj :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
skip: skip-abs \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-abs-bj \ S \ S'
resolve: resolve-abs S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-abs-bj S S'
backtrack: backtrack-abs \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-abs-bj \ S \ S'
inductive-cases cdcl_W-abs-bjE: cdcl_W-abs-bjS T
lemma cdcl_W-abs-bj-cdcl_W-abs-bj:
  cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state S) \Longrightarrow
    cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-bj (state S) (state T) \longleftrightarrow cdcl_W-abs-bj S T
  by (auto simp: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-abs-bj.simps
    backtrack-backtrack-abs skip-skip-abs resolve-resolve-abs)
interpretation cdcl<sub>W</sub>-abs-bj: relation-relation-abs cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset.cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj cdcl<sub>W</sub>-abs-bj state
  cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
  apply unfold-locales
     apply (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-abs-bj-cdcl_W-abs-bj)
    \mathbf{apply}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{no-types},\ \mathit{hide-lams})\ \mathit{backtrack-exists-backtrack-abs-step}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{abs-bj.simps}
      cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-bj.simps resolve-exists-resolve-abs skip-abs.relation-compatible-abs)
  using cdcl_W-mset.bj cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-mset.other by blast
inductive cdcl_W-abs-o :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
decide: decide-abs \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-abs-o \ S \ S'
bj: cdcl_W-abs-bj S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-abs-o S S'
inductive cdcl_W-abs :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
propagate: propagate-abs S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-abs S S'
conflict: conflict-abs S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-abs S S'
other: cdcl_W-abs-o S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-abs S S'
rf: cdcl_W - abs - rf \ S \ S' \implies cdcl_W - abs \ S \ S'
```

7.2.5 Higher level strategy

The rules described previously do not lead to a conclusive state. We have add a strategy and show the inclusion in the multiset version.

```
inductive cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S: 'st where
conflict': conflict-abs\ S\ T \Longrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-abs-bj\ T\ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp\ S\ U\ |
propagate': propagate-abs<sup>++</sup> S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp S S'
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl_W-abs-merge-cp:
 assumes
   cp: cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state S)
 shows cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-cp (state S) (state T)
  using cp
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.induct)
  case (conflict' T U) note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2)
  then have cdcl_W-mset.conflict (state S) (state T)
   by (auto simp: conflict-conflict-abs propagate-propagate-abs cdcl<sub>W</sub>-abs-bj-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-abs-bj)
  moreover
   have cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state T)
     using cdcl_W-mset.conflict cdcl_W-mset.cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv confl inv
     unfolding conflict-conflict-abs[symmetric] by blast
   then have full cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-bj (state T) (state U)
     using bj by (auto simp: cdcl_W-abs-bj.full-if-full-abs)
 ultimately show ?case by (auto intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset.cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.intros)
 case (propagate' T)
 then show ?case
   by (auto simp: propagate-abs.tranclp-abs-tranclp intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset.cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate')
qed
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cp-abs-exists-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
 assumes
   cp: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-cp (state S) T and
   inv: cdcl_W - mset.cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (state \ S)
 obtains U where cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp S U and T \sim m state U
 using cp
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-cp.induct)
  case (conflict' T U) note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2) and that = this(3)
 obtain V where SV: conflict-abs S V and TV: T \sim m state V
   using conflict-abs.relation-compatible-abs[of state S S] confl by blast
 have inv-V: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state\ V) and
   inv-T: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using TV bj cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-stqy.simps cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-stqy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
   cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset.conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp confl inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-mset-state-eq-eq by blast+
  then obtain T' where full cdcl_W-abs-bj V T' and U \sim m state T'
   using TV bj cdcl_W-abs-bj.full-exists-full-abs[of V U] unfolding cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq
  then show ?thesis using that cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.conflict'[of S V T'] SV by fast
next
  case (propagate' T)
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.propagate'
   propagate-abs.tranclp-relation-tranclp-relation-abs-compatible by blast
```

```
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}abs\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{:}}
 assumes
    inv: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state S)
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp S \longleftrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-cp (state S)
  (is ?abs \longleftrightarrow ?conc)
proof
 assume ?abs
 show ?conc
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain T where cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-cp (state S) T
       by blast
     then show False
       \mathbf{using} \ \ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{merge-cp-abs-exists-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{merge-cp}[\mathit{of}\ S\ T] \ \ \langle ?\mathit{abs} \rangle \quad \mathit{inv}\ \ \mathbf{by}\ \ \mathit{auto}
   qed
next
 assume ?conc
 then show ?abs
   using cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl_W-abs-merge-cp inv by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp-right-compatible:
  cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp S V \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state S) \Longrightarrow
  V \sim W \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp S W
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.induct)
 case (conflict' TU) note confl = this(1) and full = this(2) and inv = this(3) and UW = this(4)
 have inv-T: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state\ T)
   using cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-stgy.simps\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
    cdcl_W-mset.conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp confl conflict-conflict-abs inv by blast
  then have full cdcl_W-abs-bj T W \vee (T = U \wedge no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-abs-bj } T)
   using cdcl_W-abs-bj.full-right-compatible [OF - full UW] full by blast
  then consider
     (full) full cdcl_W-abs-bj T W
     (0) T = U and no-step cdcl_W-abs-bj T
   by blast
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case full
     then show ?thesis using confl by (blast intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-abs-cp.intros)
   next
     case \theta
     then have conflict-abs S W and no-step cdcl_W-abs-bj W
        using confl UW conflict-abs.relation-right-compatible apply blast
       using full unfolding full-def
       by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) \theta(1) UW inv-T cdcl_W-abs-bj-cdcl_W-abs-bj
         cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq)
     moreover then have full cdcl<sub>W</sub>-abs-bj W W
       unfolding full-def by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.intros)
   qed
next
 case (propagate')
 \textbf{then show ?} case \textbf{ using } \textit{propagate-abs.tranclp-relation-compatible-eq}
   by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.propagate')
```

```
interpretation cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp: relation-implied-relation-abs
  cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-cp cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp state cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
 apply unfold-locales
    using cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-abs-merge-cp apply blast
   using cdcl_W-merge-cp-abs-exists-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp unfolding cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq apply blast
  using cdcl_W-mset.rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
  cdcl_W-mset.rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> apply blast
  using cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp-right-compatible unfolding cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq by blast
inductive cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy for S :: 'st where
fw-s-cp: full1 cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy S T
fw-s-decide: decide-abs S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp T U
  \implies cdcl_W-merge-abs-stqy S \ U
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-abs-cp:
 assumes stgy: cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state S)
  shows cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-stgy (state S) (state T)
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy.induct)
 case (fw-s-cp\ T)
 show ?case
   apply (rule cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-stgy.fw-s-cp)
   using fw-s-cp inv by (simp add: cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.full1-iff)
next
  case (fw-s-decide T U) note dec = this(1) and ns = this(2) and full = this(3)
 have dec': cdcl_W-mset.decide (state S) (state T)
   using dec decide-decide-abs by blast
  then have cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state T)
   using inv\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   by (blast dest: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W.other cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-o.decide)
  then have full\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-cp\ (state\ T)\ (state\ U)
   using full cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.full-if-full-abs by blast
  then show ?case
   using dec' cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-stqy.fw-s-decide[of state \ S \ state \ T \ state \ U] ns inv
   by (simp\ add:\ no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}abs\text{-}merge\text{-}cp)}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy-exists-cdcl_W-merge-stgy:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   SS': S \sim m \ state \ S' and
   st: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T
 shows \exists U. \ cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy S' \ U \land T \sim m \ state \ U
 using st
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-stqy.induct)
  case (fw-s-cp\ T)
  then show ?case using cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.full1-exists-full1-abs[of S' T] inv
   unfolding SS'[unfolded\ cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq] by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy.fw-s-cp)
next
  case (fw\text{-}s\text{-}decide\ T\ U) note dec=this(1) and n\text{-}s=this(2) and full=this(3)
 have SS': S = state S'
   using SS' unfolding cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq.
```

```
obtain T' where decide-abs S' T' and TT': T \sim m state T'
   using dec decide-abs.relation-compatible-abs[of S S' T] SS' by auto
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state T')
     \mathbf{using} \ SS' \ calculation(1) \ cdcl_W - mset. cdcl_W. intros(3) \ cdcl_W - mset. cdcl_W - all-struct-inv-inv
     cdcl_W-mset.decide decide-decide-abs inv by blast
   then obtain U' where full\ cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp T'\ U' and U\sim m\ state\ U'
     using full cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.full-exists-full-abs unfolding TT'[unfolded\ cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq]
     by blast
 moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp S'
   using n-s cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.no-step-iff inv unfolding SS' by blast
 ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy.fw-s-decide[of S' T' U'] by fast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy-right-compatible:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state S) and
   st: cdcl_W-merge-abs-stqy S T and
   TU: T \sim V
 shows cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy S V
 using st \ TU
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy.induct)
 case (fw-s-cp\ T)
 then show ?thesis
   using cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.full1-right-compatible cdcl_W-merge-abs-stqy.fw-s-cp inv by blast
next
 case (fw\text{-}s\text{-}decide\ T\ U) note dec=this(1) and n\text{-}s=this(2) and full=this(3) and UV=this(4)
 have inv-T: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state\ T)
   using dec\ inv\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv[of state S state T]
   by (auto dest!: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-o.decide\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W.other
     simp: decide-decide-abs[symmetric])
 then have full cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp T V \vee (T = U \wedge no-step cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp T)
   using cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.full-right-compatible[of T U V] full UV by blast
 then consider
   (full) full cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp T V \mid
   (0) T = U and no-step cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp T
   by blast
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case full
     then show ?thesis
      using n-s dec by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy.intros)
     case \theta note TU = this(1) and n-s' = this(2)
     have decide-abs \ S \ V
      using TU dec UV decide-abs.relation-abs-right-compatible by auto
     moreover
      have cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state V)
        using inv-T by (metis (full-types) TU cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq fw-s-decide.prems)
      then have full\ cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp V\ V
        using n-s' TU UV[unfolded\ cdcl_W-mset-state-eq-eq]
        unfolding full-def by (metis cdcl_W-merge-abs-cp.no-step-iff rtranclp-unfold)
     ultimately show ?thesis using n-s by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy.intros)
   qed
qed
```

```
interpretation cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy: relation-implied-relation-abs
 cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-stgy cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy state cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
 apply unfold-locales
    using cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-abs-cp apply blast
   using cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy-exists-cdcl_W-merge-stgy apply blast
  \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W cdcl_W-mset.rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
  apply blast
 using cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy-right-compatible by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy-final-State-conclusive:
 fixes T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy (conc-init-state N) T and
   n-d: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
 shows (conc-conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (mset-clss N)))
   \vee (conc-conflicting T = None \wedge conc-trail T \models asm mset-clss N
     \land satisfiable (set-mset (mset-clss N)))
proof -
 have cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state (conc-init-state N))
   using n-d unfolding cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto\ simp:\ state-conc-init-state)
 then show ?thesis
   using cdcl_W-mset.full-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-final-state-conclusive'[of mset-clss N state T]
   cdcl_W-merge-abs-stgy.full-if-full-abs[of conc-init-state N T] full
   by (auto simp: state-conc-init-state n-d)
ged
end
end
```

7.3 2-Watched-Literal

```
\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{theory} \ \ CDCL\text{-}Two\text{-}Watched\text{-}Literals\\ \textbf{imports} \ \ CDCL\text{-}W\text{-}Abstract\text{-}State\\ \textbf{begin} \end{array}
```

First we define here the core of the two-watched literal data structure:

- 1. A clause is composed of (at most) two watched literals.
- 2. It is sufficient to find the candidates for propagation and conflict from the clauses such that the new literal is watched.

While this it the principle behind the two-watched literals, an implementation have to remember the candidates that have been found so far while updating the data structure.

We will directly on the two-watched literals data structure with lists: it could be also seen as a state over some abstract clause representation we would later refine as lists. However, as we need a way to select element from a clause, working on lists is better.

7.3.1 Essence of 2-WL

Data structure and Access Functions

Only the 2-watched literals have to be verified here: the backtrack level and the trail that appear in the state are not related to the 2-watched algoritm.

```
datatype 'v twl-clause =
  TWL-Clause (watched: 'v literal list) (unwatched: 'v literal list)
datatype 'v twl-state =
  TWL-State (raw-trail: ('v, 'v twl-clause) ann-lits)
   (raw-init-clss: 'v twl-clause list)
   (raw-learned-clss: 'v twl-clause list) (backtrack-lvl: nat)
   (raw-conflicting: 'v literal list option)
fun mmset-of-mlit :: ('v, 'v twl-clause) ann-lit <math>\Rightarrow ('v, 'v clause) ann-lit
 where
mmset-of-mlit (Propagated L C) = Propagated L (mset (watched C @ unwatched C))
mmset-of-mlit (Decided L) = Decided L
lemma lit-of-mmset-of-mlit[simp]: lit-of (mmset-of-mlit x) = lit-of x
 by (cases \ x) auto
lemma lits-of-mmset-of-mlit[simp]: lits-of (mmset-of-mlit 'S) = lits-of S
 by (auto simp: lits-of-def image-image)
abbreviation trail where
trail S \equiv map \ mmset-of-mlit \ (raw-trail S)
abbreviation clauses-of-l where
  clauses-of-l \equiv \lambda L. \ mset \ (map \ mset \ L)
definition raw-clause :: 'v twl-clause \Rightarrow 'v literal list where
  raw-clause C \equiv watched \ C @ unwatched \ C
definition clause :: 'v twl-clause \Rightarrow 'v clause where
  clause\ C \equiv mset\ (raw-clause\ C)
\mathbf{lemma} \mathit{clause-def-lambda}:
  clause = (\lambda C. mset (raw-clause C))
 by (auto simp: clause-def)
abbreviation raw-clss-l :: 'a twl-clause list \Rightarrow 'a clauses where
  raw-clss-l C \equiv mset (map clause <math>C)
abbreviation raw-clauses :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause list where
  raw-clauses S \equiv raw-init-clss S \otimes raw-learned-clss S
abbreviation raw-clss :: 'v twl-state <math>\Rightarrow 'v clauses where
 raw-clss S \equiv raw-clss-l (raw-clauses S)
interpretation raw-cls clause.
{\bf lemma}\ mset-map-clause-remove1-cond:
  raw-clss-l (remove1-cond (\lambda D. clause D = clause a) Cs) = remove1-mset (clause a) (raw-clss-l Cs)
  apply (induction Cs)
```

```
apply simp
  by (auto simp: ac-simps remove1-mset-single-add raw-clause-def clause-def)
interpretation raw-clss
  clause
  raw-clss-l
 \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \#
 apply (unfold-locales)
 using mset-map-clause-remove1-cond by (auto simp: hd-map comp-def map-tl ac-simps raw-clause-def
   union-mset-list mset-map-mset-remove1-cond ex-mset clause-def-lambda)
lemma ex-mset-unwatched-watched:
 \exists a. mset (unwatched a) + mset (watched a) = E
proof -
 obtain e where mset e = E
   using ex-mset by blast
 then have mset (unwatched (TWL-Clause [] e)) + mset (watched (TWL-Clause [] e)) = E
 then show ?thesis by fast
qed
abbreviation conc-learned-clss where
conc-learned-clss \equiv \lambda S. mset~(map~clause~(raw-learned-clss S))
interpretation twl: abs-state_W-ops
  clause
 raw-clss-l
 \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \#
 mset
 raw-clause \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail \ \lambda S. \ hd \ (raw-trail \ S)
  (\lambda S. \ raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S \ @ \ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S) \ backtrack\text{-}lvl \ raw\text{-}conflicting
  conc\text{-}learned\text{-}clss
 rewrites
   twl.mmset-of-mlit = mmset-of-mlit
proof goal-cases
 case 1
 show H: ?case
 apply unfold-locales apply (auto simp: hd-map comp-def map-tl ac-simps raw-clause-def
    mset-map-mset-remove1-cond ex-mset-unwatched-watched clause-def)[3]
 using mset-map-mset-remove1-cond
 done
 case 2
 show ?case
   apply (rule ext)
   apply (rename-tac x)
   apply (case-tac \ x)
   apply (simp-all add: abs-statew-ops.mmset-of-mlit.simps[OF H] raw-clause-def clause-def)
 done
qed
```

declare CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals.twl.mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls[simp del]

```
definition
  candidates-propagate :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow ('v literal \times 'v twl-clause) set
  candidates-propagate S =
   \{(L, C) \mid L C.
     C \in set (raw\text{-}clauses S) \land
     set\ (watched\ C)\ -\ (uminus\ `lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))\ =\ \{L\}\ \land
     undefined-lit (raw-trail S) L}
definition candidates-conflict :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause set where
  candidates-conflict S =
  \{C.\ C \in set\ (raw\text{-}clauses\ S)\ \land\ 
     set (watched C) \subseteq uminus `lits-of-l (raw-trail S) 
primrec (nonexhaustive) index :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat where
index (a \# l) c = (if a = c then 0 else 1 + index l c)
lemma index-nth:
  a \in set \ l \Longrightarrow l \ ! \ (index \ l \ a) = a
  by (induction l) auto
```

Invariants

The structural invariants states that there are at most two watched elements, that the watched literals are distinct, and that there are 2 watched literals if there are at least than two different literals in the full clauses.

```
primrec struct-wf-twl-cls :: 'v twl-clause \Rightarrow bool where struct-wf-twl-cls (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow distinct W \wedge length W \leq 2 \wedge (length W < 2 \longrightarrow set UW \subseteq set W)
```

We need the following property about updates: if there is a literal L with -L in the trail, and L is not watched, then it stays unwatched; i.e., while updating with rewatch, L does not get swapped with a watched literal L' such that -L' is in the trail. This corresponds to the laziness of the data structure.

Remark that M is a trail: literals at the end were the first to be added to the trail.

If the negation of a watched literal is included in the trail, then the negation of every unwatched literals is also included in the trail. Otherwise, the data-structure has to be updated.

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{primrec} \ \ watched\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls :: ('a, 'b) \ \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'a \ twl\text{-}clause \Rightarrow \\ bool \ \ \textbf{where} \\ watched\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ M \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW) \longleftrightarrow \\ (\forall \ L \in set \ W. \ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M \longrightarrow (\forall \ L' \in set \ UW. \ L' \notin set \ W \longrightarrow -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M)) \end{array}
```

Here are the invariant strictly related to the 2-WL data structure.

```
primrec wf-twl-cls :: ('v, 'mark) ann-lits \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause \Rightarrow bool where wf-twl-cls M (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow
```

```
watched-only-lazy-updates M (TWL-Clause W UW)
{f lemma} wf-twl-cls-annotation-independant:
 assumes M: map lit-of M = map \ lit-of \ M'
 shows wf-twl-cls M (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow wf-twl-cls M' (TWL-Clause W UW)
proof -
 have lits-of-lM = lits-of-lM'
   using arg-cong[OF M, of set] by (simp add: lits-of-def)
 then show ?thesis
   by (simp \ add: \ lits-of-def \ M)
qed
lemma wf-twl-cls-wf-twl-cls-tl:
 assumes wf: wf-twl-cls M C and n-d: no-dup M
 shows wf-twl-cls (tl M) C
proof (cases M)
 case Nil
 then show ?thesis using wf
   by (cases C) (simp add: wf-twl-cls.simps[of tl -])
next
 case (Cons l M') note M = this(1)
 obtain W \ UW where C: \ C = TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW
   by (cases C)
 \{ \text{ fix } L L' \}
   assume
     LW: L \in set \ W and
     LM: -L \in lits-of-l M' and
     L'UW: L' \in set\ UW and
     L' \notin set W
   then have
     L'M: -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}lM
     using wf by (auto simp: CM)
   have watched-only-lazy-updates M C
     using wf by (auto simp: C)
   then have
     index \ (map \ lit-of \ M) \ (-L) < index \ (map \ lit-of \ M) \ (-L')
     using LM L'M L'UW LW \langle L' \notin set W \rangle C M unfolding lits-of-def
     by (fastforce simp: lits-of-def)
   then have -L' \in lits-of-l M'
     using \langle L' \notin set \ W \rangle \ LW \ L'M by (auto simp: C M split: if-split-asm)
 }
 moreover
   {
     \mathbf{fix}\ L'\ L
     assume
      L' \in set \ W \ {\bf and}
      L \in set\ UW and
      L'M: -L' \in lits-of-l M' and
      -L \in lits-of-l M' and
      L \not\in set\ W
     moreover
      have lit-of l \neq -L'
      using n-d unfolding M
        by (metis (no-types) L'M M Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l defined-lit-map
          distinct.simps(2) \ list.simps(9) \ set-map)
```

struct-wf-twl-cls (TWL-Clause W UW) \land watched-wf-twl-cls M (TWL-Clause W UW) \land

```
moreover have watched-only-lazy-updates M C
       using wf by (auto simp: C)
     ultimately have index (map lit-of M') (-L') \leq index (map lit-of M') (-L)
       by (fastforce simp: M C split: if-split-asm)
   }
 moreover have distinct W and length W \leq 2 and (length W < 2 \longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W)
   using wf by (auto simp: C M)
 ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp add: M C)
qed
lemma wf-twl-cls-append:
 assumes
   n-d: no-dup (M' @ M) and
   wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls (M' @ M) C
 shows wf-twl-cls M C
 using wf n-d apply (induction M')
   apply simp
 using wf-twl-cls-wf-twl-cls-tl by fastforce
definition wf-twl-state :: 'v twl-state <math>\Rightarrow bool where
  wf-twl-state S \longleftrightarrow
   (\forall C \in set \ (raw\text{-}clauses \ S). \ wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ (raw\text{-}trail \ S) \ C) \land no\text{-}dup \ (raw\text{-}trail \ S)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{wf-candidates-propagate-sound}\colon
 assumes wf: wf-twl-state S and
   cand: (L, C) \in candidates-propagate S
 shows raw-trail S \models as CNot (mset (removeAll\ L\ (raw-clause\ C))) \land undefined-lit (raw-trail\ S)\ L
   (is ?Not \land ?undef)
proof
 \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv raw\text{-}trail\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \operatorname{raw-init-clss} S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \operatorname{raw-learned-clss}\ S
 note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
 have cw:
   C \in set (N @ U)
   set (watched C) - uminus `lits-of-l M = \{L\}
   undefined-lit M L
   \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{cand} \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{candidates-propagate-def} \ \mathit{MNU-defs} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{auto}
 obtain W UW where cw-eq: C = TWL-Clause W UW
   by (cases C)
 have l\text{-}w: L \in set W
   using cw(2) cw-eq by auto
 have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M C
   using wf cw(1) unfolding wf-twl-state-def by simp
 have w-nw:
   distinct W
   length W < 2 \Longrightarrow set UW \subseteq set W
   using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by (auto simp: image-image)
```

```
have \forall L' \in set \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C) - \{L\}. \ -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
proof (cases length W < 2)
 {f case}\ {\it True}
 moreover have size W \neq 0
   using cw(2) cw-eq by auto
 ultimately have size W = 1
   \mathbf{by} linarith
 then have w: W = [L]
   using l-w by (auto simp: length-list-Suc-\theta)
 from True have set UW \subseteq set W
   using w-nw(2) by blast
 then show ?thesis
   using w \ cw(1) \ cw-eq by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
 case sz2: False
 show ?thesis
 proof
   \mathbf{fix} L'
   assume l': L' \in set (raw\text{-}clause \ C) - \{L\}
   have ex-la: \exists La. La \neq L \land La \in set W
   proof (cases W)
     case w: Nil
     then show ?thesis
       using l-w by auto
   next
     case lb: (Cons Lb W')
     show ?thesis
     proof (cases W')
       case Nil
       then show ?thesis
        using lb sz2 by simp
     next
       case lc: (Cons Lc W'')
       then show ?thesis
         by (metis\ distinct-length-2-or-more\ lb\ list.set-intros(1)\ list.set-intros(2)\ w-nw(1))
     qed
   qed
   then obtain La where la: La \neq L La \in set W
     by blast
   then have La \in uminus ' lits-of-l M
     using cw(2)[unfolded\ cw-eq,\ simplified,\ folded\ M-def]\ \langle La\in set\ W\rangle\ \langle La\neq L\rangle by auto
   then have nla: -La \in lits-of-l M
     by (auto simp: image-image)
   then show -L' \in lits-of-l M
   proof -
     have f1: L' \in set (raw\text{-}clause \ C)
       using l' by blast
     have f2: L' \notin \{L\}
       using l' by fastforce
     have \bigwedge l \ L. - (l::'a \ literal) \in L \lor l \notin uminus `L
       by force
     then show ?thesis
       using cw(1) cw-eq w-nw(3) raw-clause-def by (metis DiffI Un-iff cw(2) f1 f2 la(2) nla
         set-append twl-clause.sel(1) twl-clause.sel(2))
   qed
```

```
qed
  qed
  then show ?Not
   unfolding true-annots-def by (auto simp: image-image Ball-def CNot-def)
 show ?undef
   using cw(3) unfolding M-def by blast
qed
{f lemma}\ wf\mbox{-}candidates\mbox{-}propagate\mbox{-}complete:
 assumes wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S and
   c-mem: C \in set (raw-clauses S) and
   l-mem: L \in set (raw-clause C) and
   unsat: trail S \models as CNot (mset-set (set (raw-clause C) - \{L\})) and
    undef: undefined-lit (raw-trail S) L
  shows (L, C) \in candidates-propagate S
proof -
  \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv raw\text{-}trail\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \operatorname{raw-init-clss} S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \operatorname{\mathit{raw-learned-clss}}\ S
 note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
 obtain W\ UW where cw\text{-}eq: C=TWL\text{-}Clause\ W\ UW
   by (cases\ C,\ blast)
 have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M C
   using wf c-mem unfolding wf-twl-state-def by simp
  have w-nw:
   distinct W
   length \ W < 2 \Longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W
   \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in lits \text{-of-}l \ M \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits \text{-of-}l \ M
  using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by (auto simp: image-image)
  have unit-set: set W - (uminus 'lits-of-l M) = \{L\} (is ?W = ?L)
  proof
   show ?W \subseteq \{L\}
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ L'
     assume l': L' \in ?W
     then have l'-mem-w: L' \in set W
       by (simp add: in-diffD)
     have L' \notin uminus ' lits-of-l M
       using l' by blast
     then have \neg M \models a \{\#-L'\#\}
       by (auto simp: lits-of-def uminus-lit-swap image-image)
     moreover have L' \in set (raw\text{-}clause \ C)
       using c-mem cw-eq l'-mem-w by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
     ultimately have L' = L
       using unsat[unfolded CNot-def true-annots-def, simplified]
       unfolding M-def by fastforce
     then show L' \in \{L\}
       by simp
   qed
  \mathbf{next}
```

```
\mathbf{show}\ \{L\}\subseteq\ ?W
   proof clarify
     have L \in set W
     proof (cases W)
       case Nil
       then show ?thesis
         using w-nw(2) cw-eq l-mem by (auto\ simp:\ raw-clause-def)
     next
       case (Cons La W')
       then show ?thesis
       proof (cases La = L)
         {f case}\ True
         then show ?thesis
          using Cons by simp
       next
         {f case}\ {\it False}
         have -La \in lits-of-l M
          using False Cons cw-eq unsat[unfolded CNot-def true-annots-def, simplified]
          by (fastforce simp: raw-clause-def)
         then show ?thesis
           using Cons cw-eq l-mem undef w-nw(3)
           by (auto simp: Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l raw-clause-def)
       \mathbf{qed}
     qed
     moreover have L \notin \# mset-set (uminus 'lits-of-l M)
       using undef by (auto simp: Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l image-image)
     ultimately show L \in ?W
       by simp
   qed
 qed
 show ?thesis
   unfolding candidates-propagate-def using unit-set undef c-mem unfolding cw-eq M-def
   by (auto simp: image-image cw-eq intro!: exI[of - C])
qed
lemma wf-candidates-conflict-sound:
 assumes wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S and
    cand: C \in candidates\text{-}conflict S
 shows trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ (clause\ C) \land C \in set\ (raw-clauses\ S)
proof
 \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv \mathit{raw-trail}\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \mathit{raw-init-clss} S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ S
 {f note}\,\,\mathit{MNU-defs}\,\,[\mathit{simp}] = \mathit{M-def}\,\,\mathit{N-def}\,\,\mathit{U-def}
 have cw:
   C \in set (N @ U)
   set (watched C) \subseteq uminus `lits-of-l (trail S)
   using cand[unfolded candidates-conflict-def, simplified] by auto
 obtain W UW where cw-eq: C = TWL-Clause W UW
   by (cases\ C,\ blast)
 have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M C
```

```
using wf cw(1) unfolding wf-twl-state-def by simp
   have w-nw:
      distinct W
     length \ W < 2 \Longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W
     \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits
    using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by (auto simp: image-image)
  have \forall L \in set \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C). \ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
   proof (cases W)
     case Nil
     then have raw-clause C = []
         using cw(1) cw-eq w-nw(2) by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
     then show ?thesis
         by simp
  next
     case (Cons La W') note W' = this(1)
     show ?thesis
     proof
         \mathbf{fix} \ L
         assume l: L \in set (raw-clause C)
         \mathbf{show} - L \in \mathit{lits-of-l}\ M
         proof (cases L \in set W)
           {\bf case}\  \, True
           then show ?thesis
               using cw(2) cw-eq by fastforce
        \mathbf{next}
           case False
           then show ?thesis
               using W' cw(2) cw-eq l w-nw(3) unfolding M-def raw-clause-def
               by (metis (no-types, lifting) UnE imageE list.set-intros(1)
                 lits-of-mmset-of-mlit rev-subsetD set-append set-map twl-clause.sel(1)
                  twl-clause.sel(2) uminus-of-uminus-id)
        qed
     qed
   qed
   then show trail S \models as \ CNot \ (clause \ C)
     unfolding CNot-def true-annots-def clause-def by auto
  show C \in set (raw\text{-}clauses S)
     using cw by auto
qed
lemma wf-candidates-conflict-complete:
  assumes wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S and
     c-mem: C \in set (raw-clauses S) and
      unsat: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (clause \ C)
  shows C \in candidates-conflict S
proof -
  \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv raw\text{-}trail\ S
  \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv twl.conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ S
  \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \operatorname{\mathit{conc-learned-clss}}\ S
  note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
```

obtain $W \ UW$ where cw-eq: C = TWL-Clause $W \ UW$

```
by (cases\ C,\ blast)
  have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M C
     using wf c-mem unfolding wf-twl-state-def by simp
  have w-nw:
     distinct W
     length \ W < 2 \Longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W
     \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits-of-lM \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow -L' \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits
    using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by (auto simp: image-image)
  have \bigwedge L. L \in set (raw\text{-}clause \ C) \Longrightarrow -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
     unfolding M-def using unsat[unfolded CNot-def true-annots-def, simplified]
     by (auto simp: clause-def)
   then have set (raw\text{-}clause\ C)\subseteq uminus\ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
     by (metis imageI subsetI uminus-of-uminus-id)
   then have set W \subseteq uminus 'lits-of-l M
     using cw-eq by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
   then have subset: set W \subseteq uminus ' lits-of-l M
     by (simp \ add: w-nw(1))
  have W = watched C
     using cw-eq twl-clause.sel(1) by simp
   then show ?thesis
     using MNU-defs c-mem subset candidates-conflict-def by blast
qed
typedef 'v \text{ wf-twl} = \{S:: 'v \text{ twl-state. wf-twl-state } S\}
morphisms rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state
proof -
  have TWL-State ([]::('v, 'v twl-clause) ann-lits)
     [] [] 0 None \in \{S:: 'v \ twl\text{-state}. \ wf\text{-twl-state} \ S\}
     by (auto simp: wf-twl-state-def)
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma [code abstype]:
   twl-of-rough-state (rough-state-of-twl S) = S
  \textbf{by} \ (fact \ CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals.wf-twl.rough-state-of-twl-inverse)
lemma wf-twl-state-rough-state-of-twl[simp]: wf-twl-state (rough-state-of-twl S)
   using rough-state-of-twl by auto
abbreviation candidates-conflict-twl :: 'v wf-twl \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause set where
candidates-conflict-twl S \equiv candidates-conflict (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation candidates-propagate-twl :: 'v wf-twl \Rightarrow ('v literal \times 'v twl-clause) set where
candidates-propagate-twl S \equiv candidates-propagate (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation raw-trail-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow ('a, 'a twl-clause) ann-lits where
raw-trail-twl S \equiv raw-trail (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation trail-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow ('a, 'a literal multiset) ann-lits where
trail-twl\ S \equiv trail\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
abbreviation raw-clauses-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a twl-clause list where
```

```
raw-clauses-twl S \equiv raw-clauses (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation raw-init-clss-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a twl-clause list where
raw-init-clss-twl S \equiv raw-init-clss (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation raw-learned-clss-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a twl-clause list where
raw-learned-clss-twl S \equiv raw-learned-clss (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation conc-learned-clss-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a clauses where
conc-learned-clss-twl S \equiv conc-learned-clss (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation backtrack-lvl-twl where
backtrack-lvl-twl S \equiv backtrack-lvl (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation raw-conflicting-twl where
raw-conflicting-twl S \equiv raw-conflicting (rough-state-of-twl S)
lemma wf-candidates-twl-conflict-complete:
  assumes
    c\text{-}mem: C \in set (raw\text{-}clauses\text{-}twl S)  and
   unsat: trail-twl \ S \models as \ CNot \ (clause \ C)
  shows C \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl\ S
  using c-mem unsat wf-candidates-conflict-complete wf-twl-state-rough-state-of-twl by blast
abbreviation update-backtrack-lvl where
  update-backtrack-lvl \ k \ S \equiv
   TWL-State (raw-trail S) (raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S) k (raw-conflicting S)
abbreviation update-conflicting where
  update-conflicting C S \equiv
    TWL-State (raw-trail S) (raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S) C
Abstract 2-WL
definition tl-trail where
  tl-trail S =
   TWL-State (tl (raw-trail S)) (raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S)
  (raw-conflicting S)
locale \ abstract-twl =
  fixes
    watch :: 'v \ twl\text{-state} \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-clause} and
   rewatch :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-state} \Rightarrow
      'v \ twl-clause \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-clause and
    restart-learned :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause list
    clause-watch: no-dup (raw-trail S) \implies clause (watch S C) = mset C and
    wf-watch: no-dup (raw-trail S) \Longrightarrow wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) (watch S C) and
    clause-rewatch: clause (rewatch L' S C') = clause C' and
     no\text{-}dup\ (raw\text{-}trail\ S) \Longrightarrow undefined\text{-}lit\ (raw\text{-}trail\ S)\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \Longrightarrow
       \textit{wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) } C' \Longrightarrow
        wf-twl-cls (L \# raw-trail S) (rewatch (lit-of L) S C')
   \textit{restart-learned: mset (restart-learned S)} \subseteq \# \textit{ mset (raw-learned-clss S)} -- \text{We need } \textit{mset and not set}
```

to take care of duplicates.

begin

```
definition
  cons-trail :: ('v, 'v twl-clause) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-state
where
  cons-trail L S =
  TWL-State (L \# raw-trail S) (map (rewatch (lit-of L) S) (raw-init-clss <math>S))
    (map (rewatch (lit-of L) S) (raw-learned-clss S)) (backtrack-lvl S) (raw-conflicting S)
definition
  add-init-cls :: 'v literal list \Rightarrow 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-state
where
  add-init-cls C S =
  TWL-State (raw-trail S) (watch S C # raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S)
    (raw-conflicting S)
definition
  add-learned-cls :: 'v literal list \Rightarrow 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-state
where
  add-learned-cls C S =
   TWL-State (raw-trail S) (raw-init-clss S) (watch S C # raw-learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S)
    (raw-conflicting S)
definition
  remove\text{-}cls:: 'v \ literal \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}state \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}state
where
 remove\text{-}cls\ C\ S =
  TWL-State (raw-trail S)
    (removeAll\text{-}cond\ (\lambda D.\ clause\ D=mset\ C)\ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ S))
    (removeAll\text{-}cond\ (\lambda D.\ clause\ D=mset\ C)\ (raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ S))
    (backtrack-lvl S)
    (raw-conflicting S)
definition init-state :: 'v literal list list \Rightarrow 'v twl-state where
  init-state N = fold \ add-init-cls \ N \ (TWL-State \ [] \ [] \ 0 \ None)
lemma unchanged-fold-add-init-cls:
  raw-trail (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) = M
  raw-learned-clss (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) = U
  backtrack-lvl \ (fold \ add-init-cls \ Cs \ (TWL-State \ M \ N \ U \ k \ C)) = k
  raw-conflicting (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) = C
 by (induct Cs arbitrary: N) (auto simp: add-init-cls-def)
lemma unchanged-init-state[simp]:
  raw-trail (init-state N) = []
 raw-learned-clss (init-state N) = []
  backtrack-lvl (init-state N) = 0
 raw-conflicting (init-state N) = None
 unfolding init-state-def by (rule unchanged-fold-add-init-cls)+
lemma conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss[simp]:
  twl.conc-init-clss (TWL-State M N U k C) = raw-clss-l N
 by (simp add: twl.conc-init-clss-def)
lemma clauses-init-fold-add-init:
  no-dup M \Longrightarrow
```

```
twl.conc-init-clss (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) =
   clauses-of-l Cs + raw-clss-l N
  by (induct Cs arbitrary: N) (auto simp: add-init-cls-def clause-watch comp-def ac-simps
    clause-def[symmetric])
lemma init-clss-init-state[simp]: twl.conc-init-clss (init-state N) = clauses-of-l N
  unfolding init-state-def by (subst clauses-init-fold-add-init) simp-all
definition restart' where
  restart' S = TWL\text{-}State \ [] \ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S) \ (restart\text{-}learned \ S) \ 0 \ None
end
Instanciation of the previous locale
definition watch-nat :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v literal list \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause where
  watch-nat S C =
  (let
      C' = remdups C;
     neg\text{-}not\text{-}assigned = filter \ (\lambda L. \ -L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (raw\text{-}trail \ S)) \ C';
     neg-assigned-sorted-by-trail = filter (\lambda L. L \in set C) (map (\lambda L. -lit-of L) (raw-trail S));
      W = take \ 2 \ (neg-not-assigned \ @ neg-assigned-sorted-by-trail);
      UW = foldr \ remove1 \ W \ C
   in TWL-Clause W UW)
lemma list-cases2:
  fixes l :: 'a \ list
  assumes
   l = [] \Longrightarrow P and
   \bigwedge x. \ l = [x] \Longrightarrow P \text{ and }
   \bigwedge x \ y \ xs. \ l = x \# y \# xs \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
 by (metis assms list.collapse)
lemma filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD:
  assumes [L \leftarrow P : Q L] = l
  shows \forall x \in set \ l. \ x \in set \ P \land Q \ x
  using assms by auto
lemma no-dup-filter-diff:
  assumes n-d: no-dup M and H: [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of L) \ M. \ L \in set \ C] = l
 shows distinct l
 unfolding H[symmetric]
 apply (rule distinct-filter)
  using n-d by (induction M) auto
lemma watch-nat-lists-disjointD:
  assumes
   l: [L \leftarrow remdups \ C. - L \notin lits - of - l \ (raw - trail \ S)] = l \ and
   l': [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (raw - trail \ S) \ . \ L \in set \ C] = l'
  shows \forall x \in set \ l. \ \forall y \in set \ l'. \ x \neq y
 by (auto simp: l[symmetric] l'[symmetric] lits-of-def image-image)
lemma watch-nat-list-cases-witness[consumes 2, case-names Nil-Nil Nil-single Nil-other
  single-Nil single-other other]:
```

fixes

```
C :: 'v \ literal \ list \ \mathbf{and}
    S :: 'v \ twl-state
  defines
    xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ C. - L \notin lits - of - l \ (raw - trail \ S)] and
    ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (raw - trail \ S) \ . \ L \in set \ C]
  assumes
    n-d: no-dup (raw-trail S) and
    Nil-Nil: xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P and
    Nil-single:
       \bigwedge a. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [a] \Longrightarrow a \in set \ C \Longrightarrow P \ and
    Nil-other: \bigwedge a\ b\ ys'.\ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = a\ \#\ b\ \#\ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P and
    single-Nil: \land a. \ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P \ \mathbf{and}
    single-other: \land a \ b \ ys'. \ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = b \ \# \ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P \ {\bf and}
    other: \bigwedge a\ b\ xs'. xs = a \# b \# xs' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
proof -
  note xs-def[simp] and ys-def[simp]
  have dist: \bigwedge P. distinct [L \leftarrow remdups \ C \ . \ P \ L]
    by auto
  then have H: \Lambda a \ b \ P \ xs. \ [L \leftarrow remdups \ C \ . \ P \ L] = a \ \# \ b \ \# \ xs \Longrightarrow a \neq b
    by (metis distinct-length-2-or-more)
  show ?thesis
  apply (cases [L \leftarrow remdups \ C. - L \notin lits - of - l \ (raw - trail \ S)]
         rule: list-cases2;
       cases [L \leftarrow map\ (\lambda L. - lit\text{-}of\ L)\ (raw\text{-}trail\ S)\ .\ L \in set\ C]\ rule:\ list\text{-}cases2)
           using Nil-Nil apply simp
          using Nil-single apply (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
         using Nil-other no-dup-filter-diff[OF n-d, of C]
         apply fastforce
        using single-Nil apply simp
       using single-other xs-def ys-def apply (metis list.set-intros(1) watch-nat-lists-disjointD)
     using single-other unfolding xs-def ys-def apply (metis\ list.set-intros(1)
        watch-nat-lists-disjointD)
    using other xs-def ys-def by (metis\ H)+
qed
lemma watch-nat-list-cases [consumes 1, case-names Nil-Nil Nil-single Nil-other single-Nil
  single-other other]:
  fixes
     C :: 'v \ literal \ list \ {\bf and}
    S :: 'v \ twl\text{-state}
  defines
    xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ C \ . \ - \ L \notin lits \text{-} of \text{-} l \ (raw \text{-} trail \ S)] and
    ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (raw - trail \ S) \ . \ L \in set \ C]
  assumes
    n-d: no-dup (raw-trail S) and
    Nil-Nil: xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P and
    Nil-single:
       \bigwedge a. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [a] \Longrightarrow \ a \in set \ C \Longrightarrow P \ and
    Nil-other: \bigwedge a\ b\ ys'.\ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = a \# b \# ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P and
    single-Nil: \land a. \ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P \ \mathbf{and}
    single-other: \land a \ b \ ys'. \ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = b \ \# \ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P \ {\bf and}
    other: \bigwedge a\ b\ xs'. xs = a \# b \# xs' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
  using watch-nat-list-cases-witness[OF n-d, of C P]
  Nil-Nil Nil-single Nil-other single-Nil single-other other
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness}:
  fixes
    C :: 'v \ literal \ list \ \mathbf{and}
   S :: 'v \ twl-state
  defines
   xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ C. - L \notin lits - of - l \ (raw - trail \ S)] and
   ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (raw - trail \ S) \ . \ L \in set \ C]
  assumes n-d: no-dup (raw-trail S)
 shows set C = set xs \cup set ys
  using n-d unfolding xs-def ys-def by (auto simp: lits-of-def comp-def uminus-lit-swap)
lemma mset-intersection-inclusion: A + (B - A) = B \longleftrightarrow A \subseteq \# B
 apply (rule iffI)
  apply (metis mset-le-add-left)
 by (auto simp: ac-simps multiset-eq-iff subseteq-mset-def)
lemma clause-watch-nat:
  assumes no-dup (raw-trail S)
  shows clause (watch-nat S(C) = mset(C)
  using assms
  apply (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases[OF assms(1), of C])
  by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD simp: watch-nat-def multiset-eq-iff raw-clause-def
   clause-def)
lemma index-uminus-index-map-uminus:
  -a \in set \ L \Longrightarrow index \ L \ (-a) = index \ (map \ uminus \ L) \ (a::'a \ literal)
 by (induction L) auto
lemma index-filter:
  a \in set \ L \Longrightarrow b \in set \ L \Longrightarrow P \ a \Longrightarrow P \ b \Longrightarrow
  index\ L\ a \leq index\ L\ b \longleftrightarrow index\ (filter\ P\ L)\ a \leq index\ (filter\ P\ L)\ b
  by (induction L) auto
lemma foldr-remove1-W-Nil[simp]: foldr remove1 W = [
  by (induct W) auto
lemma image-lit-of-mmset-of-mlit[simp]:
  lit-of ' mmset-of-mlit ' A = lit-of ' A
  unfolding comp-def
  using [[simp-trace]]by (simp add: image-image comp-def)
lemma distinct-filter-eq:
  assumes distinct xs
  shows [L \leftarrow xs. \ L = a] = (if \ a \in set \ xs \ then \ [a] \ else \ [])
 using assms by (induction xs) auto
lemma no-dup-distinct-map-uminus-lit-of:
  no-dup xs \Longrightarrow distinct (map (<math>\lambda L. - lit-of L) xs)
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma wf-watch-witness:
  fixes C :: 'v \ literal \ list and
    S :: 'v \ twl-state
   defines
```

unfolding xs-def[symmetric] ys-def[symmetric] **by** auto

```
ass: neg-not-assigned \equiv filter (\lambda L. -L \notin lits-of-l (raw-trail S)) (remdups C) and
    tr: neg-assigned-sorted-by-trail \equiv filter (\lambda L. \ L \in set \ C) \ (map \ (\lambda L. -lit-of \ L) \ (raw-trail \ S))
     W: W \equiv take \ 2 \ (neg-not-assigned @ neg-assigned-sorted-by-trail)
 assumes
   n-d[simp]: no-dup (raw-trail S)
 shows wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) (TWL-Clause W (foldr remove1 W C))
 {\bf unfolding} \ \textit{wf-twl-cls.simps} \ \textit{struct-wf-twl-cls.simps}
proof (intro conjI, goal-cases)
 case 1
 then show ?case using n-d W unfolding ass tr
   apply (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C, OF n-d])
   by (auto simp: distinct-mset-add-single)
next
 case 2
 then show ?case unfolding W by simp
next
 case 3
 show ?case using n-d
   proof (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C])
     case Nil-Nil
     then have set C = set [] \cup set []
      using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness n-d by metis
     then show ?thesis
      by simp
   next
     case (Nil-single a)
     moreover have \bigwedge x. set C = \{a\} \Longrightarrow -a \in lits-of-l(trail\ S) \Longrightarrow x \in set\ (remove1\ a\ C) \Longrightarrow
      using notin-set-remove1 by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis
      using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C] 3 by (auto simp: W ass tr comp-def)
     case Nil-other
     then show ?thesis
      using 3 by (auto simp: W ass tr)
     case (single-Nil a)
     \mathbf{show}~? the sis
      using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C] 3
      by (fastforce simp add: W ass tr single-Nil comp-def distinct-filter-eq
        no-dup-distinct-map-uminus-lit-of min-def)
   next
     case single-other
     then show ?thesis
      using 3 by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   next
     case other
     then show ?thesis
      using 3 by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   qed
next
 case 4 note -[simp] = this
 show ?case
   using n-d apply (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C])
     apply (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
```

```
simp: W \ ass \ tr \ lits-of-def \ filter-empty-conv)[4]
   using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C]
   by (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD simp: W ass tr lits-of-def)+
next
  case 5
 from n-d show ?case
   proof (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C])
     case Nil-Nil
     then show ?thesis by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   next
     case Nil-single
     then show ?thesis
      \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness}[\mathit{of}\ \mathit{S}\ \mathit{C}]\ \mathit{tr}\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{fastforce}\ \mathit{simp}\colon \mathit{W}\ \mathit{ass})
     case Nil-other
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding watched-only-lazy-updates.simps Ball-def
      apply (intro allI impI)
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-uminus-index-map-uminus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-filter[of - - \lambda L. L \in set C])
      by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
        simp: uminus-lit-swap lits-of-def o-def W ass tr dest: in-diffD)
   next
     case single-Nil
     then show ?thesis
       using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C] tr by (fastforce simp: W ass)
   next
     case single-other
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding watched-only-lazy-updates.simps Ball-def
      apply (clarify)
      {\bf apply} \ (subst\ index-uminus-index-map-uminus,
        simp add: index-uninus-index-map-uninus lits-of-def image-image o-def)
      apply (subst index-uminus-index-map-uminus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-filter[of - - - \lambda L. L \in set C])
      by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
        simp: W ass tr uminus-lit-swap lits-of-def o-def dest: in-diffD)
   next
     case other
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding watched-only-lazy-updates.simps
      apply clarify
      apply (subst index-uminus-index-map-uminus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)[1]
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)[1]
      apply (subst index-filter[of - - - \lambda L. L \in set C])
      by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
        simp:\ index-uminus-index-map-uminus\ lits-of-def\ o-def\ uminus-lit-swap
```

```
W \ ass \ tr)
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma wf-watch-nat: no-dup (raw-trail S) \Longrightarrow wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) (watch-nat S C)
  using wf-watch-witness[of S C] watch-nat-def by metis
definition
  rewatch-nat::
  'v\ literal \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}state \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}clause \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}clause
where
  rewatch-nat\ L\ S\ C =
  (if - L \in set (watched C) then
      case filter (\lambda L', L' \notin set \ (watched \ C) \land -L' \notin insert \ L \ (lits-of-l \ (trail \ S)))
        (unwatched C) of
        [] \Rightarrow C
      \mid L' \# - \Rightarrow
        TWL-Clause (L' # remove1 (-L) (watched C)) (-L # remove1 L' (unwatched C))
    else
      C
lemma clause-rewatch-nat:
  fixes UW :: 'v literal list and
   S :: 'v \ twl-state and
   L :: 'v \ literal \ \mathbf{and} \ C :: 'v \ twl\text{-}clause
  shows clause (rewatch-nat L S C) = clause C
  using List.set-remove1-subset[of -L watched C]
 apply (cases C)
  by (auto simp: raw-clause-def rewatch-nat-def ac-simps multiset-eq-iff clause-def
   split: list.split
   dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
lemma filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-Nil:
  [x \leftarrow sorted\text{-}list\text{-}of\text{-}multiset\ M.\ p\ x] = [] \longleftrightarrow (\forall\ x \in \#\ M.\ \neg\ p\ x)
 by auto (metis empty-iff filter-set list.set(1) member-filter set-sorted-list-of-multiset)
lemma filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-ConsD:
  [x \leftarrow sorted\text{-}list\text{-}of\text{-}multiset M. p x] = x \# xs \Longrightarrow p x
 by (metis filter-set insert-iff list.set(2) member-filter)
lemma mset-minus-single-eq-mempty:
  a - \{\#b\#\} = \{\#\} \longleftrightarrow a = \{\#b\#\} \lor a = \{\#\}\}
  by (metis Multiset.diff-cancel add.right-neutral diff-single-eq-union
   diff-single-trivial zero-diff)
\mathbf{lemma}\ size\text{-}mset\text{-}le\text{-}2\text{-}cases:
 assumes size W < 2
 shows W = \{\#\} \lor (\exists a. \ W = \{\#a\#\}) \lor (\exists a \ b. \ W = \{\#a,b\#\})
proof -
  have size W = 0 \lor size W = 1 \lor size W = 2
   using assms by linarith
  then show ?thesis
   using assms by (fastforce elim!: size-mset-SucE simp: Num.numeral-2-eq-2)
qed
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-eqD}:$

```
assumes [x \leftarrow sorted\text{-}list\text{-}of\text{-}multiset A. p x] = x \# xs (is ?comp = -)
 shows x \in \# A
proof -
 have x \in set ?comp
   using assms by simp
  then have x \in set (sorted-list-of-multiset A)
   by simp
 then show x \in \# A
   by simp
qed
lemma clause-rewatch-witness':
 assumes
   wf: wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) C and
   undef: undefined-lit (raw-trail S) (lit-of L)
 shows wf-twl-cls (L \# raw\text{-trail } S) (rewatch\text{-nat } (lit\text{-of } L) \ S \ C)
proof (cases - lit - of L \in set (watched C))
 case False
 then show ?thesis
   apply (cases C)
   using wf undef unfolding rewatch-nat-def
   by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap Decided-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l comp-def)
next
 case falsified: True
 {f let} ?unwatched-nonfalsified =
   [L' \leftarrow unwatched\ C.\ L' \notin set\ (watched\ C) \land -L' \notin insert\ (lit-of\ L)\ (lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))]
 obtain W \ UW where C: C = TWL-Clause W \ UW
   by (cases C)
 show ?thesis
 proof (cases ?unwatched-nonfalsified)
   case Nil
   show ?thesis
     using falsified Nil
     apply (simp only: wf-twl-cls.simps if-True list.cases C rewatch-nat-def
       struct-wf-twl-cls.simps)
     apply (intro conjI)
     {\bf proof}\ goal\text{-}cases
       case 1
       then show ?case using wf C by simp
     next
       then show ?case using wf C by simp
     next
       case 3
       then show ?case using wf C by simp
       case 4
       have \bigwedge p l. filter p (unwatched C) \neq [] \vee l \notin set UW \vee \neg p l
         \mathbf{unfolding}\ C\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{no-types})\ \mathit{filter-empty-conv}\ \mathit{twl-clause.sel}(2))
       then show ?case
         using 4(2) C by auto
     next
       case 5
       then show ?case
```

```
using wf by (fastforce simp add: C comp-def uminus-lit-swap)
   qed
next
 case (Cons\ L'\ Ls)
 show ?thesis
   unfolding rewatch-nat-def
   using falsified Cons
   apply (simp only: wf-twl-cls.simps if-True list.cases C struct-wf-twl-cls.simps)
   apply (intro\ conjI)
   proof goal-cases
     case 1
     have distinct (watched (TWL-Clause W UW))
       using wf unfolding C by auto
     moreover have L' \notin set \ (remove1 \ (-lit\text{-}of \ L) \ (watched \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW)))
       using 1(2) not-gr0 by (fastforce dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD in-diffD)
     ultimately show ?case
       by (auto simp: distinct-mset-single-add)
     case 2
     have f2: [l \leftarrow unwatched \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW) \ . \ l \notin set \ (watched \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW))
       \land - l \notin insert (lit - of L) (lit - of - l (trail S))] \neq []
       using 2(2) by simp
     then have \neg set UW \subseteq set W
        using 2 by (auto simp add: filter-empty-conv)
     then show ?case
       using wf C 2(1) by (auto simp: length-remove1)
   next
     case 3
     have W: length W \leq Suc \ 0 \longleftrightarrow length \ W = 0 \lor length \ W = Suc \ 0
       by linarith
     show ?case
       using wf C 3 by (auto simp: length-remove1 W length-list-Suc-0 dest!: subset-singletonD)
     case 4
     have H: \forall L \in set \ W. - L \in lits \text{-}of \text{-}l \ (trail \ S) \longrightarrow
       (\forall L' \in set\ UW.\ L' \notin set\ W \longrightarrow -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S))
       using wf by (auto simp: C)
     have W: length W \leq 2 and W-UW: length W < 2 \longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W
       using wf by (auto simp: C)
     have distinct: distinct W
       using wf by (auto simp: C)
     show ?case
       using 4
       {f unfolding}\ C\ watched-only-lazy-updates.simps\ Ball-def\ twl-clause.sel
         watched-wf-twl-cls.simps
       apply (intro allI impI)
       apply (rename-tac \ xW \ xUW)
       apply (case-tac - lit-of L = xW; case-tac xW = xUW; case-tac L' = xW)
              apply (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)[2]
            apply (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
           using H distinct apply (fastforce)
         using distinct apply (fastforce)
        using distinct apply (fastforce)
       apply (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
       using H by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)
   next
```

```
case 5
      have H: \forall x. \ x \in set \ W \longrightarrow -x \in lits-of-l \ (trail \ S) \longrightarrow (\forall x. \ x \in set \ UW \longrightarrow x \notin set \ W
        \longrightarrow -x \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S))
        using wf by (auto simp: C)
      show ?case
        unfolding C watched-only-lazy-updates.simps Ball-def
        proof (intro allI impI conjI, goal-cases)
          case (1 \ xW \ x)
          show ?case
            proof (cases - lit - of L = xW)
              case True
              then show ?thesis
               by (cases \ xW = x) \ (auto \ simp: uminus-lit-swap)
              case False note LxW = this
              have f9: L' \in set \ [l \leftarrow unwatched \ C. \ l \notin set \ (watched \ (TWL-Clause \ W \ UW))
                 \land - l \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (L \# raw\text{-}trail \ S)
               using 1(2) 5 C by auto
              moreover then have f11: -xW \in lits-of-l (trail\ S)
               using 1(3) LxW by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)
              moreover then have xW \notin set W
               using f9\ 1(2)\ H by (auto simp: C)
              ultimately have False
               using 1 by auto
              then show ?thesis
               by fast
            \mathbf{qed}
        qed
     \mathbf{qed}
 qed
qed
interpretation twl: abstract-twl watch-nat rewatch-nat raw-learned-clss
 apply unfold-locales
 apply (rule clause-watch-nat; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (rule wf-watch-nat; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-nat)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-witness'; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (simp)
 done
interpretation twl2: abstract-twl watch-nat rewatch-nat \lambda-. []
 apply unfold-locales
 apply (rule clause-watch-nat; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (rule wf-watch-nat; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-nat)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-witness'; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (simp)
 done
```

end

7.3.2 Two Watched-Literals with invariant

 ${\bf theory}\ CDCL-Two-Watched\text{-}Literals\text{-}Invariant\\ {\bf imports}\ CDCL-Two-Watched\text{-}Literals\ DPLL\text{-}CDCL\text{-}W\text{-}Implementation\\ {\bf begin}$

Interpretation for conflict-driven-clause-learning_W. $cdcl_W$

We define here the 2-WL with the invariant of well-foundedness and show the role of the candidates by defining an equivalent CDCL procedure using the candidates given by the datastructure.

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{context} \ \ abstract\text{-}twl \\ \textbf{begin} \end{array}$

```
Direct Interpretation lemma mset-map-removeAll-cond:
  mset (map clause
   (removeAll\text{-}cond\ (\lambda D.\ clause\ D = clause\ C)\ N))
  = mset (removeAll (clause C) (map clause N))
 by (induction \ N) auto
lemma raw-clss-l-raw-init-clss-conc-init-clss[simp]:
  raw-clss-l (raw-init-clss S) = twl.conc-init-clss S
 by (cases S) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{mset-raw-init-clss-init-state} \colon
  raw-clss-l (raw-init-clss (init-state (map\ raw-clause N))) = raw-clss-l N
 unfolding raw-clss-l-raw-init-clss-conc-init-clss
 by (metis (full-types) clause-def comp-def init-clss-init-state map-eq-conv map-map)
fun reduce-trail-to where
reduce-trail-to M1 S =
  (case S of
   (TWL\text{-}State\ M\ N\ U\ k\ C) \Rightarrow TWL\text{-}State\ (drop\ (length\ M\ -\ length\ M1)\ M)\ N\ U\ k\ C)
abbreviation resolve-conflicting where
resolve\text{-}conflicting \ L\ D\ S \equiv
  update-conflicting
  (Some (union-mset-list (remove1 (-L) (the (raw-conflicting S))) (remove1 L (raw-clause D))))
interpretation rough-cdcl: abs-state_W-ops
   clause
   raw-clss-l
   \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \#
   mset
   raw-clause \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
   trail \ \lambda S. \ hd \ (raw-trail \ S)
   (\lambda S. \ raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S \ @ \ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S) \ backtrack\text{-}lvl \ raw\text{-}conflicting}
    conc-learned-clss
   cons-trail tl-trail \lambda S. update-conflicting None (add-learned-cls (the (raw-conflicting S)) S)
   \lambda C. remove-cls (raw-clause C)
   update-backtrack-lvl
   \lambda C. update-conflicting (Some C) reduce-trail-to resolve-conflicting
```

```
\lambda N. init-state (map raw-clause N) restart'
 rewrites
   rough-cdcl.mmset-of-mlit = mmset-of-mlit
proof goal-cases
 case 1
 show H: ?case by unfold-locales
 case 2
 show ?case
   apply (rule ext)
   apply (rename-tac x)
   apply (case-tac \ x)
   apply (simp-all add: abs-statew-ops.mmset-of-mlit.simps[OF H] raw-clause-def clause-def)
qed
interpretation rough-cdcl: abs-state_W
 raw-clss-l
 \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \#
 mset
 raw-clause \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail \ \lambda S. \ hd \ (raw-trail \ S)
  (\lambda S. \ raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S \ @ \ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S) \ backtrack\text{-}lvl \ raw\text{-}conflicting}
  conc-learned-clss
  cons-trail tl-trail \lambda S. update-conflicting None (add-learned-cls (the (raw-conflicting S)) S)
  \lambda C. remove-cls (raw-clause C)
  update-backtrack-lvl
 \lambda C. update-conflicting (Some C) reduce-trail-to resolve-conflicting
 \lambda N. init\text{-state } (map \ raw\text{-}clause \ N) \ restart'
proof goal-cases
  case 1
 have stupid-locales: abs-state<sub>W</sub>-ops clause raw-clss-l (\lambda L C. L \in set C) op #
   mset raw-clause (TWL-Clause [])
   by unfold-locales
 \mathbf{have}\ [\mathit{simp}] : \mathit{abs-state}_W\mathit{-ops.mmset-of-mlit}\ \mathit{clause} = \mathit{mmset-of-mlit}
   apply (rule ext, rename-tac L, case-tac L)
   by (auto simp: abs-state_W-ops.mmset-of-mlit.simps[OF stupid-locales] clause-def
   raw-clause-def)
 have [simp]: \bigwedge S. \ raw-clss-l \ (restart-learned \ S) \subseteq \# \ conc-learned-clss \ S
   using image-mset-subseteq-mono[OF restart-learned] unfolding mset-map
    by blast
 have [simp]: \land st\ C.\ mset\ (removeAll\ (clause\ C)\ (map\ clause\ (raw-init-clss\ st))) =
      removeAll-mset (clause C) (rough-cdcl.conc-init-clss st)
   unfolding rough-cdcl.conc-init-clss-def by (metis mset-removeAll rough-cdcl.conc-init-clss-def
     twl2.raw-clss-l-raw-init-clss-conc-init-clss)
 have H: \bigwedge M2 \ M1 \ x1. \ M2 \ @ M1 = map \ mmset-of-mlit \ x1 \Longrightarrow
      map mmset-of-mlit (drop (length x1 - length M1) x1) = M1
   by (metis add-diff-cancel-right' append-eq-conv-conj drop-map length-append length-map)
 show H: ?case
   apply unfold-locales
   apply (case-tac raw-trail S; case-tac hd (raw-trail S))
```

```
by (auto simp add: add-init-cls-def add-learned-cls-def clause-rewatch clause-watch
      cons-trail-def remove-cls-def restart'-def tl-trail-def map-tl comp-def
      ac\text{-}simps\ mset\text{-}map\text{-}remove All\text{-}cond\ mset\text{-}raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}init\text{-}state\ rough\text{-}cdcl.} state\text{-}def
      clause-def[symmetric] H union-mset-list[symmetric] split: twl-state.splits)
qed
interpretation rough-cdcl: abs-conflict-driven-clause-learning_W
  clause
  raw-clss-l
  \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \#
  mset
  raw-clause \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail \ \lambda S. \ hd \ (raw-trail \ S)
  (\lambda S. \ raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S \ @ \ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S) \ backtrack\text{-}lvl \ raw\text{-}conflicting
  conc-learned-clss
  cons-trail tl-trail \lambda S. update-conflicting None (add-learned-cls (the (raw-conflicting S)) S)
  \lambda C. remove-cls (raw-clause C)
  update-backtrack-lvl
  \lambda C. update-conflicting (Some C) reduce-trail-to resolve-conflicting
  \lambda N. init-state (map raw-clause N) restart'
 by unfold-locales
declare local.rough-cdcl.mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls[simp del]
Opaque Type with Invariant declare rough-cdcl.state-simp[simp del]
definition cons-trail-twl :: ('v, 'v twl-clause) ann-lit \Rightarrow 'v wf-twl \Rightarrow 'v wf-twl
cons-trail-twl L S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (cons-trail L (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-state-cons-trail:
  assumes
    undef: undefined-lit (raw-trail S) (lit-of L) and
    wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state S
  shows wf-twl-state (cons-trail L S)
  \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{undef} \ \mathit{wf-rewatch}[\mathit{of} \ \mathit{S} \ | \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{wf-twl-state-def} \ \mathit{Ball-def}
  by (auto simp: cons-trail-def defined-lit-map comp-def image-def
    rough-cdcl.conc-clauses-init-learned)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\text{-}cons\text{-}trail:
  undefined-lit (raw-trail-twl S) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
    rough-state-of-twl (cons-trail-twl L S) = cons-trail L (rough-state-of-twl S)
  using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-cons-trail
  unfolding cons-trail-twl-def by blast
abbreviation add-init-cls-twl where
add-init-cls-twl CS \equiv twl-of-rough-state (add-init-cls C (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-add-init-cls: wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (add-init-cls L(S))
  unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: wf-watch add-init-cls-def comp-def
    rough\text{-}cdcl.conc\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}learned
    split: if-split-asm)
```

```
lemma rough-state-of-twl-add-init-cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (add-init-cls-twl L S) = add-init-cls L (rough-state-of-twl S)
  using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-add-init-cls by blast
abbreviation add-learned-cls-twl where
add-learned-cls-twl CS \equiv twl-of-rough-state (add-learned-cls C (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-add-learned-cls: wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (add-learned-cls L(S))
  unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: wf-watch add-learned-cls-def
   rough-cdcl.conc-clauses-init-learned
   split: if\text{-}split\text{-}asm)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-add-learned-cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (add-learned-cls-twl L S) = add-learned-cls L (rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-add-learned-cls by blast
abbreviation remove-cls-twl where
remove\text{-}cls\text{-}twl \ C \ S \equiv twl\text{-}of\text{-}rough\text{-}state \ (remove\text{-}cls \ C \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl \ S))
lemma set-removeAll-condD: x \in set (removeAll-cond f xs) <math>\Longrightarrow x \in set xs
 by (induction xs) (auto split: if-split-asm)
lemma wf-twl-remove-cls: wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (remove-cls L(S))
  unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: wf-watch remove-cls-def
   comp-def split: if-split-asm dest: set-removeAll-condD)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\text{-}remove\text{-}cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (remove-cls-twl L(S)) = remove-cls L(rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-remove-cls by blast
abbreviation init-state-twl where
init-state-twl N \equiv twl-of-rough-state (init-state N)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{wf-twl-state-wf-twl-state-fold-add-init-cls}:
 assumes wf-twl-state S
 shows wf-twl-state (fold add-init-cls N S)
 using assms apply (induction N arbitrary: S)
  apply (auto simp: wf-twl-state-def)[]
 by (simp add: wf-twl-add-init-cls)
lemma wf-twl-state-epsilon-state[simp]:
  wf-twl-state (TWL-State [] [] [] 0 None)
 by (auto simp: wf-twl-state-def)
lemma wf-twl-init-state: wf-twl-state (init-state N)
  unfolding init-state-def by (auto intro!: wf-twl-state-wf-twl-state-fold-add-init-cls)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-init-state:
  rough-state-of-twl (init-state-twl N) = init-state N
 by (simp add: twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-init-state)
abbreviation tl-trail-twl where
tl-trail-twl S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (tl-trail (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-state-tl-trail: wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (tl-trail S)
 by (auto simp add: twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-init-state wf-twl-cls-wf-twl-cls-tl
```

```
tl-trail-def wf-twl-state-def distinct-tl map-tl comp-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\text{-}tl\text{-}trail:
  rough-state-of-twl (tl-trail-twl S) = tl-trail (rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-tl-trail by blast
abbreviation update-backtrack-lvl-twl where
update-backtrack-lvl-twl \ k \ S \equiv twl-of-rough-state \ (update-backtrack-lvl \ k \ (rough-state-of-twl \ S))
lemma wf-twl-state-update-backtrack-lvl:
  wf-twl-state <math>S \implies wf-twl-state (update-backtrack-lvl k S)
 unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: comp-def)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl:
  rough-state-of-twl (update-backtrack-lvl-twl k S) = update-backtrack-lvl k
   (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
  using rough-state-of-twl
   twl-of-rough-state-inverse[of update-backtrack-lvl k (rough-state-of-twl S)]
   wf-twl-state-update-backtrack-lvl[of\ rough-state-of-twl\ S\ k]\ \mathbf{by}\ fast
abbreviation update-conflicting-twl where
update-conflicting-twl k S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (update-conflicting k (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-state-update-conflicting:
  wf-twl-state S \implies wf-twl-state (update-conflicting k S)
 unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: comp-def)
{\bf lemma}\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\text{-}update\text{-}add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (update-conflicting-twl None (add-learned-cls-twl CS)) =
   update-conflicting None (add-learned-cls C (rough-state-of-twl S))
   (is rough-state-of-twl ?upd = update-conflicting None ?le)
  using rough-state-of-twl[of ?upd] twl-of-rough-state-inverse
   wf-twl-add-learned-cls[of rough-state-of-twl S C]
  wf-twl-state-update-conflicting[of ?le None]
  by fastforce
abbreviation reduce-trail-to-twl where
reduce-trail-to-twl M1 S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (reduce-trail-to-M1 (rough-state-of-twl S))
abbreviation resolve-conflicting-twl where
resolve-conflicting-twl L D S \equiv
  twl-of-rough-state (resolve-conflicting L D (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting:
  rough-state-of-twl (update-conflicting-twl k S) = update-conflicting k
   (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-update-conflicting by fast
abbreviation raw-clauses-twl where
raw-clauses-twl S \equiv raw-clauses (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation restart-twl where
restart-twl S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (restart' (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma mset-union-mset-setD:
 mset \ A \subseteq \# \ mset \ B \Longrightarrow set \ A \subseteq set \ B
 by auto
```

```
lemma wf-wf-restart': wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (restart' S)
 unfolding restart'-def wf-twl-state-def apply standard
  apply clarify
  apply (rename-tac \ x)
  apply (subgoal-tac wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) x)
   apply (case-tac \ x)
 using restart-learned by (auto simp: comp-def dest: mset-union-mset-setD)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-restart-twl:
 rough-state-of-twl (restart-twl S) = restart' (rough-state-of-twl S)
 by (simp add: twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-wf-restart')
lemma undefined-lit-trail-twl-raw-trail[iff]:
 undefined-lit (trail-twl S) L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit (raw-trail-twl S) L
 by (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-image)
lemma wf-twl-reduce-trail-to:
 assumes trail\ S = M2\ @\ M1 and wf:\ wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S
 shows wf-twl-state (reduce-trail-to M1 S)
proof -
 obtain M N U k C where S: S = TWL-State M N U k C
   by (cases S)
 have n-d: no-dup M
   using wf by (auto simp: S comp-def wf-twl-state-def)
 have M: M = take (length M - length M1) M @ drop (length M - length M1) M
   by auto
 have [simp]: no-dup (drop\ (length\ M - length\ M1)\ M)
   using n-d by (metis distinct-drop drop-map)
 have \bigwedge C. C \in set (raw\text{-}clauses S) \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls (raw\text{-}trail S) C
   using wf by (auto simp: S comp-def wf-twl-state-def)
 then show ?thesis
   unfolding wf-twl-state-def S
   using wf-twl-cls-append[of take (length M – length M1) M drop (length M – length M1) M,
     unfolded M[symmetric]]
   by (simp-all add: n-d)
ged
\mathbf{lemma}\ trail-twl-twl-rough-state-reduce-trail-to:
 assumes trail-twl\ st=M2\ @\ M1
 shows trail-twl\ (twl-of-rough-state\ (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ (rough-state-of-twl\ st)))=M1
proof -
 have wf-twl-state (reduce-trail-to M1 (rough-state-of-twl st))
   using wf-twl-reduce-trail-to assms by fastforce
 moreover
   have length (trail-twl st) - length M1 = length M2
     unfolding assms by auto
   then have trail (reduce-trail-to M1 (rough-state-of-twl st)) = M1
     apply (cases rough-state-of-twl st)
     using assms by (auto simp: drop-map[symmetric])
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using twl-of-rough-state-inverse of reduce-trail-to M1 (rough-state-of-twl st)
   rough-state-of-twl[of st]
   by (auto simp add: assms)
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl-of\text{-}rough\text{-}state\text{-}reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\text{:}
 assumes trail-twl st = M2 @ M1 and
    S: rough\text{-}cdcl.state (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\ st) = (M, S)
  shows
    rough-cdcl.state
     (rough-state-of-twl\ (twl-of-rough-state\ (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ (rough-state-of-twl\ st)))) =
     (M1, S) (is ?st) and
   raw-init-clss-twl (twl-of-rough-state (reduce-trail-to M1 (rough-state-of-twl st)))
     = raw-init-clss-twl st (is ?A) and
   raw-learned-clss-twl (twl-of-rough-state (reduce-trail-to M1 (rough-state-of-twl st)))
     = raw-learned-clss-twl \ st \ (is \ ?B) \ and
   backtrack-lvl-twl (twl-of-rough-state (reduce-trail-to M1 (rough-state-of-twl st)))
     = backtrack-lvl-twl \ st \ (is \ ?C) \ and
   rough-cdcl.conc-conflicting (rough-state-of-twl (twl-of-rough-state
        (reduce-trail-to M1 (rough-state-of-twl st))))
     = rough\text{-}cdcl.conc\text{-}conflicting (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\ st) (is\ ?D)
proof -
 \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{wf-twl-state}\ (\mathit{reduce-trail-to}\ \mathit{M1}\ (\mathit{rough-state-of-twl}\ \mathit{st}))
   using wf-twl-reduce-trail-to assms by fastforce
  moreover
   have length (trail-twl \ st) - length \ M1 = length \ M2
     unfolding assms by auto
   then have
     raw-init-clss (reduce-trail-to M1 (rough-state-of-twl st)) = raw-init-clss-twl st
     raw-learned-clss (reduce-trail-to M1 (rough-state-of-twl st)) = raw-learned-clss-twl st
     backtrack-lvl \ (reduce-trail-to \ M1 \ (rough-state-of-twl \ st)) = backtrack-lvl-twl \ st
     rough-cdcl.conc-conflicting\ (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ (rough-state-of-twl\ st)) =
       rough-cdcl.conc-conflicting (rough-state-of-twl st)
     using assms by (cases rough-state-of-twl st, auto simp: drop-map[symmetric])+
  ultimately show ?A ?B ?C ?D
   using twl-of-rough-state-inverse [of reduce-trail-to M1 (rough-state-of-twl st)]
   rough-state-of-twl[of st]
   by (auto simp add: assms)
  moreover have trail-twl (twl-of-rough-state (reduce-trail-to M1 (rough-state-of-twl st))) = M1
   using trail-twl-twl-rough-state-reduce-trail-to[OF\ assms(1)].
  ultimately show ?st using S unfolding rough-cdcl.state-def
   by (metis (no-types) prod.inject twl2.raw-clss-l-raw-init-clss-conc-init-clss)
qed
lemma add-learned-cls-rough-state-of-twl-simp:
 assumes raw-conflicting-twl st = Some z
 shows
    trail\ (add-learned-cls\ z\ (rough-state-of-twl\ st)) = trail-twl\ st
   rough\text{-}cdcl.conc\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls \ z \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl \ st)) =
     rough-cdcl.conc-init-clss (rough-state-of-twl st)
    conc-learned-clss (local.add-learned-cls z (rough-state-of-twl st)) =
     \{\#mset\ z\#\} + conc\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\ st)
   backtrack-lvl \ (add-learned-cls \ z \ (rough-state-of-twl \ st)) = backtrack-lvl-twl \ st
  using assms wf-twl-state-rough-state-of-twl[of st]
  unfolding wf-twl-state-def apply
  (auto simp: wf-watch add-learned-cls-def comp-def local.clause-watch
   ac\text{-}simps
   split: if-split-asm)
  done
```

```
sublocale wf-twl: abs-state_W-ops
  clause
  raw-clss-l
 \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \#
 mset
  \lambda C. raw-clause C \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail-twl \lambda S. hd (raw-trail-twl S)
  raw-clauses-twl
  backtrack-lvl-twl
  raw\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl
  conc\mbox{-}learned\mbox{-}clss\mbox{-}twl
  cons-trail-twl
  tl-trail-twl
  \lambda S. update-conflicting-twl None (add-learned-cls-twl (the (raw-conflicting-twl S)) S)
  \lambda C. remove-cls-twl (raw-clause C)
  update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\text{-}twl
  \lambda C. update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some C)
  reduce-trail-to-twl
  resolve\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl
  \lambda N. init-state-twl (map raw-clause N)
  restart-twl
  by unfold-locales
lemma wf-twl-conc-init-clss-restart-twl[simp]:
  wf-twl.conc-init-clss (restart-twl S) = wf-twl.conc-init-clss S
  using rough-state-of-twl-restart-twl wf-twl.conc-init-clss-def by auto
sublocale wf-twl: abs-state<sub>W</sub>
  clause
  raw-clss-l
 \lambda L C. L \in set C op \#
  mset
  \lambda C. raw-clause C \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail-twl \lambda S. hd (raw-trail-twl S)
  raw-clauses-twl
  backtrack-lvl-twl
  raw\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl
  conc\mbox{-}learned\mbox{-}clss\mbox{-}twl
  cons-trail-twl
  tl-trail-twl
  \lambda S. update-conflicting-twl None (add-learned-cls-twl (the (raw-conflicting-twl S)) S)
  \lambda C. remove-cls-twl (raw-clause C)
  update-backtrack-lvl-twl
  \lambda C. update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some C)
  reduce-trail-to-twl
  resolve\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl
  \lambda N. init-state-twl (map raw-clause N)
  restart\text{-}twl
proof goal-cases
```

```
case 1
 have stupid-locales: abs-state_W-ops clause raw-clss-l (\lambda L C. L \in set C) op \#
   mset raw-clause (TWL-Clause [])
   by unfold-locales
  have ugly[simp]: abs-state_W-ops.mmset-of-mlit clause = mmset-of-mlit
   apply (rule ext, rename-tac L, case-tac L)
   by (auto simp: abs-state<sub>W</sub>-ops.mmset-of-mlit.simps[OF stupid-locales] clause-def
   raw-clause-def)
 have [simp]: \land S. \ raw-clss-l \ (restart-learned \ S) \subseteq \# \ conc-learned-clss \ S
   using image-mset-subseteq-mono[OF restart-learned] unfolding mset-map
    by blast
 interpret abs-stateW-ops clause
   raw-clss-l
   \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \#
   mset
   \lambda C. raw-clause C \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
   by unfold-locales
  have abs: \bigwedge S. abs-state<sub>W</sub>-ops.state raw-clss-l mset trail-twl raw-clauses-twl
   backtrack-lvl-twl raw-conflicting-twl conc-learned-clss-twl S
   rough-cdcl.state (rough-state-of-twl S)
   using wf-twl.conc-init-clss-def unfolding abs-state_W-ops.state-def [OF stupid-locales] by auto
  show ?case
    apply unfold-locales
             using rough-cdcl.hd-raw-conc-trail unfolding ugly apply blast
           apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail rough-cdcl.state-def abs: fail)
          apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail rough-cdcl.state-def abs; fail)[]
         apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls
           rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl rough-cdcl.state-def abs; fail)
       apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-update-add-learned-cls rough-cdcl.state-def
         add-learned-cls-rough-state-of-twl-simp
         abs; fail)[]
       apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl
         rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting rough-cdcl.state-def abs; fail)
      apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-update-add-learned-cls rough-cdcl.state-def
         add-learned-cls-rough-state-of-twl-simp
         rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting abs; fail)
     apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-update-add-learned-cls rough-cdcl.state-def
         rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting abs; fail)
    using twl-of-rough-state-reduce-trail-to(1) unfolding abs
    {f using}\ rough-cdcl.conc-init-clss-restart-state rough-cdcl.conc-learned-clss-restart-state
    apply (simp add: rough-cdcl.resolve-conflicting twl2.rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting;
      fail)
  using twl-of-rough-state-reduce-trail-to(1) unfolding abs
  {\bf using} \ \ rough-cdcl. conc\mbox{-}init\mbox{-}clss\mbox{-}restart\mbox{-}state \ \ rough\mbox{-}cdcl. conc\mbox{-}learned\mbox{-}clss\mbox{-}restart\mbox{-}state
  by (auto simp: rough-state-of-twl-restart-twl abs
   rough-cdcl.state-def rough-state-of-twl-init-state comp-def)[8]
  qed
sublocale wf-twl: abs-conflict-driven-clause-learningW
  clause
  raw-clss-l
 \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \#
 mset
```

```
\lambda C. raw-clause C \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail-twl \lambda S. hd (raw-trail-twl S)
  raw-clauses-twl
  backtrack-lvl-twl
  raw-conflicting-twl
  conc\mbox{-}learned\mbox{-}clss\mbox{-}twl
  cons-trail-twl
  tl-trail-twl
 \lambda S. update-conflicting-twl None (add-learned-cls-twl (the (raw-conflicting-twl S)) S)
 \lambda C. remove-cls-twl (raw-clause C)
  update-backtrack-lvl-twl
  \lambda C. update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some C)
  reduce-trail-to-twl
  resolve-conflicting-twl
 \lambda N. init-state-twl (map raw-clause N)
 restart-twl
 by unfold-locales
declare local.rough-cdcl.mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls[simp del]
abbreviation state-eq-twl (infix \sim TWL~51) where
state-eq-twl\ S\ S' \equiv rough-cdcl.state-eq\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S)\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S')
notation wf-twl.state-eq (infix \sim 51)
To avoid ambiguities:
no-notation state-eq-twl (infix \sim 51)
Alternative Definition of CDCL using the candidates of 2-WL inductive propagate-twl
"" v wf-twl \Rightarrow "v wf-twl \Rightarrow bool where"
propagate-twl-rule: (L, C) \in candidates-propagate-twl S \Longrightarrow
  S' \sim cons-trail-twl (Propagated L C) S \Longrightarrow
 raw-conflicting-twl S = None \Longrightarrow
 propagate-twl S S'
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-clause-distinct-mset:
  cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (wf-twl.state S) \Longrightarrow
    C \in set (CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals.raw-clauses-twl S) \Longrightarrow distinct (raw-clause C)
  \mathbf{unfolding}\ cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ cdcl_W-mset.distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
    distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}set\text{-}def\ wf\text{-}twl.conc\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}learned
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) distinct-mset-distinct in-clss-mset-clss union-iff
   wf-twl.conc-clauses-init-learned wf-twl.init-clss-state-conc-init-clss
   wf-twl.learned-clss-state-conc-learned-clss wf-twl.mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls)
inductive-cases propagate-twlE: propagate-twl S T
lemma propagate-twl-iff-propagate:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (wf-twl.state S)
 shows wf-twl.propagate-abs S T \longleftrightarrow propagate-twl <math>S T (is ?P \longleftrightarrow ?T)
proof
 assume ?P
  then obtain L E where
   raw-conflicting-twl S = None and
    CL-Clauses: E \in set (raw-clauses-twl S) and
   LE: L \in \# \ clause \ E \ {\bf and}
   tr-CNot: trail-twl S \models as CNot (remove1-mset L (clause E)) and
   undef-lot[simp]: undefined-lit (trail-twl S) L and
```

```
T \sim cons-trail-twl (Propagated L E) S
   by (blast elim: wf-twl.propagate-absE)
  have distinct (raw-clause E)
   using inv CL-Clauses cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-clause-distinct-mset by blast
  then have X: remove1-mset L (mset (raw-clause E)) = mset-set (set (raw-clause E) - \{L\})
   by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff raw-clause-def count-mset distinct-filter-eq-if)
  have (L, E) \in candidates-propagate-twl S
   apply (rule wf-candidates-propagate-complete)
       using rough-state-of-twl apply (auto; fail)
       using CL-Clauses apply (auto; fail)
      using LE apply (simp add: clause-def; fail)
     using tr-CNot X apply (simp add: clause-def; fail)
    using undef-lot apply blast
    done
 show ?T
   apply (rule propagate-twl-rule)
      apply (rule \ \langle (L, E) \in candidates\text{-}propagate\text{-}twl \ S \rangle)
     using \langle T \sim cons\text{-}trail\text{-}twl \ (Propagated \ L \ E) \ S \rangle
     apply (auto simp: \langle raw\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl \ S = None \rangle \ cdcl_W\text{-}mset.state\text{-}eq\text{-}def)
   done
next
 assume ?T
  then obtain L C where
   LC: (L, C) \in candidates-propagate-twl S and
   T: T \sim cons-trail-twl (Propagated L C) S and
   confl: raw-conflicting-twl\ S = None
   by (auto elim: propagate-twlE)
 have
   C'S: C \in set (raw-clauses-twl S) and
   L: set (watched C) - uminus `lits-of-l (trail-twl S) = \{L\}  and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail-twl S) L
   using LC unfolding candidates-propagate-def by auto
  have dist: distinct (raw-clause C)
   using inv C'S cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-clause-distinct-mset by blast
  then have C-L-L: mset-set (set (raw-clause C) - \{L\}) = clause\ C - \{\#L\#\}
   by (metis distinct-mset-distinct distinct-mset-minus distinct-mset-set-mset-ident mset-remove1
     set-mset-mset set-remove1-eq clause-def)
 show ?P
   \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{wf-twl.propagate-abs-rule}[\mathit{of} \ S \ C \ L])
       using confl apply (auto; fail)[]
      using C'S apply (simp; fail)
      using L unfolding candidates-propagate-def
      apply (auto simp: raw-clause-def clause-def; fail)[]
     using wf-candidates-propagate-sound[OF - LC] rough-state-of-twl dist
     apply (simp add: distinct-mset-remove1-All true-annots-true-cls clause-def; fail)
    using undef apply (simp; fail)
   using T undef unfolding cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-def by auto
qed
no-notation twl.state-eq-twl (infix \sim TWL 51)
inductive conflict-twl where
conflict-twl-rule:
C \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl\ S \Longrightarrow
  S' \sim update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some (raw-clause C)) } S \Longrightarrow
```

```
raw-conflicting-twl S = None \Longrightarrow
  conflict-twl\ S\ S'
inductive-cases conflict-twlE: conflict-twl S T
lemma conflict-twl-iff-conflict:
 shows wf-twl.conflict-abs S \ T \longleftrightarrow conflict-twl \ S \ T \ (is \ ?C \longleftrightarrow ?T)
proof
 assume ?C
 then obtain D where
   S: raw\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl\ S = None\ and
   D: D \in set (raw\text{-}clauses\text{-}twl S) and
   MD: trail-twl\ S \models as\ CNot\ (clause\ D) and
   T: T \sim update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some (raw-clause D)) S
   by (elim \ wf\text{-}twl.conflict\text{-}absE)
 have D \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl\ S
   apply (rule wf-candidates-conflict-complete)
      apply simp
     using D apply (auto; fail)[]
   using MD S by auto
 moreover have T \sim twl-of-rough-state (update-conflicting (Some (raw-clause D))
  (rough-state-of-twl\ S))
   using T unfolding cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-def by auto
  ultimately show ?T
   using S by (auto intro: conflict-twl-rule)
next
 assume ?T
 then obtain C where
   C: C \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl\ S\ and
   T: T \sim update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some (raw\text{-}clause C)) S \text{ and}
   confl: raw-conflicting-twl\ S = None
   by (auto elim: conflict-twlE)
 have
   C \in set (raw\text{-}clauses\text{-}twl S)
   using C unfolding candidates-conflict-def by auto
moreover have trail-twl S \models as \ CNot \ (clause \ C)
   using wf-candidates-conflict-sound[OF - C] by auto
ultimately show ?C apply -
  apply (rule\ wf-twl.conflict-abs-rule[of - C])
  using confl T unfolding cdcl_W-mset.state-eq-def by (auto simp del: map-map)
qed
We have shown that we we can use conflict-twl and propagate-twl in a CDCL calculus.
end
end
```