Formalisation of Ground Resolution and CDCL in Isabelle/HOL

Mathias Fleury and Jasmin Blanchette

March 29, 2016

Contents

1	1 Transitions	5			
	1.1 More theorems about Closures	5			
	1.2 Full Transitions	7			
	1.3 Well-Foundedness and Full Transitions	8			
	1.4 More Well-Foundedness				
2	2 Various Lemmas	11			
3	3 More List	13			
	$3.1 upt \dots \dots$	13			
	3.2 Lexicographic Ordering	15			
	3.3 Remove				
	3.3.1 More lemmas about remove	16			
	3.3.2 Remove under condition	16			
4	Logics 17				
	4.1 Definition and abstraction	17			
	4.2 properties of the abstraction				
	4.3 Subformulas and properties				
	4.4 Positions	24			
5	5 Semantics over the syntax	27			
6	6 Rewrite systems and properties	28			
	6.1 Lifting of rewrite rules	28			
	6.2 Consistency preservation	31			
	6.3 Full Lifting	32			
7	Transformation testing 3:				
	7.1 Definition and first properties	32			
	7.2 Invariant conservation				
	7.2.1 Invariant while lifting of the rewriting relation	35			
	7.2.2 Invariant after all rewriting				

8	Rew	vrite Rules	38
	8.1	Elimination of the equivalences	38
	8.2	Eliminate Implication	40
	8.3	Eliminate all the True and False in the formula	41
	8.4	PushNeg	47
	8.5	Push inside	52
		8.5.1 Only one type of connective in the formula (+ not)	61
		8.5.2 Push Conjunction	65
		8.5.3 Push Disjunction	65
9	The	full transformations	66
	9.1	Abstract Property characterizing that only some connective are inside the others	66
		9.1.1 Definition	66
	9.2	Conjunctive Normal Form	69
		9.2.1 Full CNF transformation	69
	9.3	Disjunctive Normal Form	70
		9.3.1 Full DNF transform	70
10	Mar	as a managaine given life estioner. Demoning thus and follower the beginning	70
ΤÛ		re aggressive simplifications: Removing true and false at the beginning Transformation	70 70
		More invariants	70
		The new CNF and DNF transformation	76
	10.5	The new Civir and Divir transformation	70
11	Part	tial Clausal Logic	77
		Clauses	77
	11.2	Partial Interpretations	78
		11.2.1 Consistency	78
		11.2.2 Atoms	78
		11.2.3 Totality	80
		11.2.4 Interpretations	82
		11.2.5 Satisfiability	84
		11.2.6 Entailment for Multisets of Clauses	85
		11.2.7 Tautologies	87
		11.2.8 Entailment for clauses and propositions	88
		Subsumptions	94
	11.4	Removing Duplicates	95
		Set of all Simple Clauses	95
	11.6	Experiment: Expressing the Entailments as Locales	98
	11.7	Entailment to be extended	99
10	T :1	k with Multiset Version	100
14		Transformation to Multiset	
		Equisatisfiability of the two Version	
	12.2	Equisatishability of the two version	101
13	Rese	olution	103
		Simplification Rules	
		Unconstrained Resolution	
		13.2.1 Subsumption	105
	13.3	Inference Rule	
		Lemma about the simplified state	

	13.5	Resolution and Invariants
		13.5.1 Invariants
		13.5.2 well-foundness if the relation
1 1	Dont	ial Clausal Logic 144
14		tial Clausal Logic 144 Marked Literals
	14.1	14.1.1 Definition
		14.1.2 Entailment
	140	14.1.3 Defined and undefined literals
		Backtracking
	14.3	Decomposition with respect to the First Marked Literals
		14.3.1 Definition
		14.3.2 Entailment of the Propagated by the Marked Literal
	14.4	Negation of Clauses
		Other
	14.6	Extending Entailments to multisets
	14.7	Abstract Clause Representation
1 2	Maa	164
19	Mea	asure 164
16		T's CDCL 167
	16.1	Auxiliary Lemmas and Measure
	16.2	Initial definitions
		16.2.1 The state
		16.2.2 Definition of the operation
	16.3	DPLL with backjumping
		16.3.1 Definition
		16.3.2 Basic properties
		16.3.3 Termination
		16.3.4 Normal Forms
	16 4	CDCL
	10.1	16.4.1 Learn and Forget
		16.4.2 Definition of CDCL
		16.4.3 CDCL with invariant
		16.4.4 Termination
		16.4.5 Restricting learn and forget
	16.5	
	10.5	CDCL with restarts
		16.5.1 Definition
	100	16.5.2 Increasing restarts
		Merging backjump and learning
	16.7	Instantiations
17	DPI	LL as an instance of NOT 248
		DPLL with simple backtrack
		Adding restarts 254

18	DPI	${f LL}$	255
	18.1	Rules	255
	18.2	Invariants	255
	18.3	Termination	263
	18.4	Final States	266
	18.5	Link with NOT's DPLL	267
		18.5.1 Level of literals and clauses	268
		18.5.2 Properties about the levels	272
19	Wei	denbach's CDCL	275
	19.1	The State	275
	19.2	CDCL Rules	285
		Invariants	
		19.3.1 Properties of the trail	292
		19.3.2 Better-Suited Induction Principle	
		19.3.3 Compatibility with $op \sim \dots$	
		19.3.4 Conservation of some Properties	
		19.3.5 Learned Clause	
		19.3.6 No alien atom in the state	
		19.3.7 No duplicates all around	
		19.3.8 Conflicts and co	
		19.3.9 Putting all the invariants together	
		19.3.10 No tautology is learned	
	19.4	CDCL Strong Completeness	
		Higher level strategy	
		19.5.1 Definition	
		19.5.2 Invariants	
		19.5.3 Literal of highest level in conflicting clauses	
		19.5.4 Literal of highest level in marked literals	
		19.5.5 Strong completeness	
		19.5.6 No conflict with only variables of level less than backtrack level	
		19.5.7 Final States are Conclusive	
	19.6	Termination	371
		No Relearning of a clause	
		Decrease of a measure	
20	C:	ale Implementation of the DDII and CDCI	20.4
40		ple Implementation of the DPLL and CDCL Common Rules	394 394
	20.1	20.1.1 Propagation	
		20.1.2 Unit propagation for all clauses	
		20.1.2 Unit propagation for an clauses	
	20.2	Simple Implementation of DPLL	
	20.2	20.2.1 Combining the propagate and decide: a DPLL step	
		20.2.2 Adding invariants	
		20.2.3 Code export	
	20. 3	CDCL Implementation	
	40.3	20.3.1 Types and Additional Lemmas	
		20.3.2 The Transitions	
		20.3.3 Code generation	

21	Link between Weidenbach's and NOT's CDCL	450
	21.1 Inclusion of the states	. 450
	21.2 More lemmas conflict—propagate and backjumping	. 451
	21.2.1 Termination	
	21.2.2 More backjumping	
	21.3 CDCL FW	
	21.4 FW with strategy	
	21.4.1 The intermediate step	
	21.5 Adding Restarts	
22	Link between Weidenbach's and NOT's CDCL	516
	22.1 Inclusion of the states	. 516
	22.2 Additional Lemmas between NOT and W states	
	22.3 More lemmas conflict—propagate and backjumping	
	22.4 CDCL FW	
23	Incremental SAT solving	52 9
24	2-Watched-Literal	539
	24.1 Essence of 2-WL	. 540
	24.1.1 Datastructure and Access Functions	. 540
	24.1.2 Invariants	. 542
	24.1.3 Abstract 2-WL	. 550
	24.1.4 Instanciation of the previous locale	. 551
	24.2 Two Watched-Literals with invariant	. 560
	24.2.1 Interpretation for $conflict$ -driven-clause-learning _W . $cdcl_W$	
25	Superposition	569
	25.1 We can now define the rules of the calculus	. 575

1 Transitions

This theory contains some facts about closure, the definition of full transformations, and well-foundedness.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{theory} \ \textit{Wellfounded-More} \\ \textbf{imports} \ \textit{Main} \end{array}$

begin

1.1 More theorems about Closures

```
This is the equivalent of ?r \le ?s \Longrightarrow ?r^{**} \le ?s^{**} for tranclp lemma tranclp-mono-explicit: r^{++} \ a \ b \Longrightarrow r \le s \Longrightarrow s^{++} \ a \ b using rtranclp-mono by (auto dest!: tranclpD intro: rtranclp-into-tranclp2) lemma tranclp-mono: assumes mono: r \le s shows r^{++} \le s^{++} using rtranclp-mono[OF mono] mono by (auto dest!: tranclpD intro: rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}idemp\text{-}rel\text{:}
 R^{++++} a b \longleftrightarrow R^{++} a b
 apply (rule iffI)
   prefer 2 apply blast
 by (induction rule: tranclp-induct) auto
Equivalent of ?r^{****} = ?r^{**}
lemma trancl-idemp: (r^+)^+ = r^+
 by simp
lemmas tranclp-idemp[simp] = trancl-idemp[to-pred]
This theorem already exists as ?r^{**} ?a ?b \equiv ?a = ?b \lor ?r^{++} ?a ?b (and sledgehammer uses
it), but it makes sense to duplicate it, because it is unclear how stable the lemmas in the
~~/src/HOL/Nitpick.thy theory are.
lemma rtranclp-unfold: rtranclp r \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (a = b \lor tranclp \ r \ a \ b)
 by (meson rtranclp.simps rtranclpD tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma tranclp-unfold-end: tranclp r a b \longleftrightarrow (\exists a'. rtranclp r a a' \land r a' b)
 by (metis rtranclp.rtrancl-reft rtranclp-into-tranclp1 tranclp.cases tranclp-into-rtranclp)
Near duplicate of ?R^{++} ?x ?y \Longrightarrow \exists z. ?R ?x z \land ?R^{**} z ?y:
lemma tranclp-unfold-begin: tranclp r a b \longleftrightarrow (\exists a'. r \ a \ a' \land rtranclp \ r \ a' \ b)
 by (meson\ rtranclp-into-tranclp2\ tranclpD)
lemma trancl-set-tranclp: (a, b) \in \{(b, a). P \ a \ b\}^+ \longleftrightarrow P^{++} \ b \ a
 apply (rule iffI)
   apply (induction rule: trancl-induct; simp)
 apply (induction rule: tranclp-induct; auto simp: trancl-into-trancl2)
lemma tranclp-rtranclp-rtel: R^{++**} a b \longleftrightarrow R^{**} a b
 by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold)
lemma tranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp[simp]: R^{++**} = R^{**}
 by (fastforce simp: rtranclp-unfold)
lemma rtranclp-exists-last-with-prop:
 assumes R x z
 and R^{**} z z' and P x z
 shows \exists y \ y'. \ R^{**} \ x \ y \land R \ y \ y' \land P \ y \ y' \land (\lambda a \ b. \ R \ a \ b \land \neg P \ a \ b)^{**} \ y' \ z'
 using assms(2,1,3)
proof (induction)
 \mathbf{case}\ base
 then show ?case by auto
 case (step z'z'') note z = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-5)]
 \mathbf{show}~? case
   apply (cases P z' z'')
     apply (rule exI[of - z'], rule exI[of - z''])
     using z \ assms(1) \ step.hyps(1) \ step.prems(2) \ apply \ auto[1]
   using IH z rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl by fastforce
qed
```

```
lemma rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left: (\lambda \ a \ b. \ P \ a \ b \land Q \ a \ b)^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P^{**} \ S \ T by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
```

```
Full Transitions
1.2
We define here properties to define properties after all possible transitions.
abbreviation no-step step S \equiv (\forall S'. \neg step S S')
definition full1 :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
full1 transf = (\lambda S S'). transf S S' \wedge (\forall S'') \neg transf S' S')
definition full:: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
full transf = (\lambda S S'. rtranclp transf S S' \wedge (\forall S''. \neg transf S' S''))
We define output notations only for printing:
notation (output) full1 (-+\downarrow)
notation (output) full (-\downarrow)
lemma rtranclp-full11:
  R^{**} a b \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ a \ c
 unfolding full1-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}full1I:
  R^{++} a b \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full1-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-fullI:
  R^{**} \ a \ b \Longrightarrow full \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full-def by auto
lemma tranclp-full-full11:
  R^{++} a b \Longrightarrow full R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full R \ a \ c
 unfolding full-def full1-def by auto
lemma full-fullI:
  R \ a \ b \Longrightarrow full \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full 1 \ R \ a \ c
 unfolding full-def full1-def by auto
lemma full-unfold:
 full\ r\ S\ S' \longleftrightarrow ((S = S' \land no\text{-step}\ r\ S') \lor full1\ r\ S\ S')
 unfolding full-def full1-def by (auto simp add: rtranclp-unfold)
lemma full1-is-full[intro]: full1 R S T \Longrightarrow full R S T
  by (simp add: full-unfold)
lemma not-full1-rtranclp-relation: \neg full1 \ R^{**} \ a \ b
 by (meson full1-def rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
lemma not-full-rtranclp-relation: \neg full\ R^{**}\ a\ b
  \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{meson full-fullI not-full1-rtranclp-relation rtranclp.rtrancl-reft})
lemma full1-tranclp-relation-full:
 full1 R^{++} a b \longleftrightarrow full1 R a b
 by (metis converse-tranclpE full1-def reflclp-tranclp rtranclpD rtranclp-idemp rtranclp-reflclp
```

```
lemma full-tranclp-relation-full:
  full R^{++} \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow full R \ a \ b
  by (metis full-unfold full1-tranclp-relation-full tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclpD)
lemma rtranclp-full1-eq-or-full1:
  (full1\ R)^{**}\ a\ b\longleftrightarrow (a=b\lor full1\ R\ a\ b)
proof -
  have \forall p \ a \ aa. \ \neg p^{**} \ (a::'a) \ aa \lor a = aa \lor (\exists ab. \ p^{**} \ a \ ab \land p \ ab \ aa)
    by (metis rtranclp.cases)
  then obtain aa::('a\Rightarrow 'a\Rightarrow bool)\Rightarrow 'a\Rightarrow 'a\Rightarrow 'a where
    f1: \forall p \ a \ ab. \ \neg \ p^{**} \ a \ ab \lor a = ab \lor p^{**} \ a \ (aa \ p \ a \ ab) \land p \ (aa \ p \ a \ ab) \ ab
    by moura
  { assume a \neq b
    { assume \neg full1 \ R \ a \ b \land a \neq b
      then have a \neq b \land a \neq b \land \neg full1 R (aa (full1 R) a b) b \lor \neg (full1 R)^{**} a b \land a \neq b
        using f1 by (metis (no-types) full1-def full1-tranclp-relation-full)
      then have ?thesis
        using f1 by blast }
    then have ?thesis
      by auto }
  then show ?thesis
    by fastforce
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp	ext{-}full1	ext{-}full1	ext{:}
  (full1\ R)^{++}\ a\ b\longleftrightarrow full1\ R\ a\ b
  by (metis full1-def rtranclp-full1-eq-or-full1 tranclp-unfold-begin)
```

1.3 Well-Foundedness and Full Transitions

```
lemma wf-exists-normal-form:
 assumes wf:wf \{(x, y). R y x\}
 shows \exists b. R^{**} \ a \ b \land no\text{-step} \ R \ b
proof (rule ccontr)
  \mathbf{assume} \ \neg \ ?thesis
  then have H: \Lambda b. \neg R^{**} \ a \ b \lor \neg no\text{-step} \ R \ b
    by blast
  \operatorname{def} F \equiv \operatorname{rec-nat} a \ (\lambda i \ b. \ SOME \ c. \ R \ b \ c)
  have [simp]: F \theta = a
    unfolding F-def by auto
  have [simp]: \bigwedge i. F(Suc\ i) = (SOME\ b.\ R(F\ i)\ b)
    using F-def by simp
  { fix i
    have \forall j < i. R (F j) (F (Suc j))
     proof (induction i)
       case \theta
       then show ?case by auto
      next
        case (Suc\ i)
       then have R^{**} a (F i)
          by (induction i) auto
        then have R (F i) (SOME b. R (F i) b)
          using H by (simp \ add: some I-ex)
        then have \forall j < Suc \ i. \ R \ (F \ j) \ (F \ (Suc \ j))
```

```
using H Suc by (simp \ add: \ less-Suc-eq) then show ?case by fast qed }

then have \forall j. \ R \ (F \ j) \ (F \ (Suc \ j)) by blast then show False using wf unfolding wfP-def wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by blast qed lemma wf-exists-normal-form-full: assumes wf:wf \{(x, y). \ R \ y \ x\} shows \exists \ b. \ full \ R \ a \ b using wf-exists-normal-form[OF \ assms] unfolding full-def by blast
```

1.4 More Well-Foundedness

A little list of theorems that could be useful, but are hidden:

• link between wf and infinite chains: $wf ? r = (\nexists f. \forall i. (f (Suc i), f i) \in ?r), \llbracket wf ? r; \land k. (?f (Suc k), ?f k) \notin ?r \Longrightarrow ?thesis \rrbracket \Longrightarrow ?thesis$

```
lemma wf-if-measure-in-wf:
  wf R \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge a \ b. \ (a, \ b) \in S \Longrightarrow (\nu \ a, \ \nu \ b) \in R) \Longrightarrow wf S
 by (metis in-inv-image wfE-min wfI-min wf-inv-image)
lemma wfP-if-measure: fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow nat
shows (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \implies f \ y < f \ x) \Longrightarrow wf \ \{(y,x). \ P \ x \land g \ x \ y\}
 apply(insert\ wf-measure[of\ f])
 apply(simp only: measure-def inv-image-def less-than-def less-eq)
 apply(erule wf-subset)
 apply auto
  done
lemma wf-if-measure-f:
assumes wf r
shows wf \{(b, a), (f b, f a) \in r\}
  using assms by (metis inv-image-def wf-inv-image)
lemma wf-wf-if-measure':
assumes wf r and H: (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow (f \ y, f \ x) \in r)
shows wf \{(y,x). P x \wedge g x y\}
proof -
 have wf \{(b, a), (f b, f a) \in r\} using assms(1) wf-if-measure-f by auto
  then have wf \{(b, a). P a \land g a b \land (f b, f a) \in r\}
   using wf-subset[of - \{(b, a). P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\}] by auto
  moreover have \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} \subseteq \{(b, a). \ (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} by auto
 moreover have \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} = \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b\} using H by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using wf-subset by simp
qed
lemma wf-lex-less: wf (lex \{(a, b). (a::nat) < b\})
proof -
 have m: \{(a, b), a < b\} = measure id by auto
 show ?thesis apply (rule wf-lex) unfolding m by auto
qed
```

```
lemma wfP-if-measure2: fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow nat
shows (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \ y \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow f \ x < f \ y) \Longrightarrow wf \ \{(x,y). \ P \ x \ y \land g \ x \ y\}
 apply(insert \ wf-measure[of \ f])
 apply(simp only: measure-def inv-image-def less-than-def less-eq)
 apply(erule wf-subset)
 apply auto
 done
lemma lexord-on-finite-set-is-wf:
 assumes
   P-finite: \bigwedge U. P U \longrightarrow U \in A and
   finite: finite A and
   wf \colon wf R \text{ and }
   trans: trans R
 shows wf \{(T, S). (P S \wedge P T) \wedge (T, S) \in lexord R\}
proof (rule wfP-if-measure2)
 fix TS
 assume P: P S \wedge P T and
 s-le-t: (T, S) \in lexord R
 let ?f = \lambda S. \{U.(U, S) \in lexord\ R \land P\ U \land P\ S\}
 have ?f T \subseteq ?f S
    using s-le-t P lexord-trans trans by auto
 moreover have T \in ?f S
   using s-le-t P by auto
 moreover have T \notin ?f T
   using s-le-t by (auto simp add: lexord-irreflexive local.wf)
 ultimately have \{U.(U, T) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ T\} \subset \{U.(U, S) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ S\}
   by auto
 moreover have finite \{U. (U, S) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ S\}
   using finite by (metis (no-types, lifting) P-finite finite-subset mem-Collect-eq subsetI)
  ultimately show card (?f T) < card (?f S) by (simp\ add: psubset-card-mono)
qed
lemma wf-fst-wf-pair:
 assumes wf \{(M', M). R M' M\}
 shows wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R M' M\}
proof -
 have wf (\{(M', M). R M' M\} < *lex* > \{\})
   using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis
   by (rule wf-subset) auto
qed
lemma wf-snd-wf-pair:
 assumes wf \{(M', M). R M' M\}
 shows wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R N' N\}
proof -
 have wf: wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R M' M\}
   using assms wf-fst-wf-pair by auto
  then have wf: \bigwedge P. \ (\forall \ x. \ (\forall \ y. \ (y, \ x) \in \{((M', \ N'), \ M, \ N). \ R \ M' \ M\} \longrightarrow P \ y) \longrightarrow P \ x) \Longrightarrow All \ P
   unfolding wf-def by auto
 show ?thesis
   unfolding wf-def
```

```
proof (intro allI impI)
      fix P :: 'c \times 'a \Rightarrow bool \text{ and } x :: 'c \times 'a
      assume H: \forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in \{((M', N'), M, y). R N' y\} \longrightarrow P y) \longrightarrow P x
      obtain a b where x: x = (a, b) by (cases x)
      have P: P \ x = (P \circ (\lambda(a, b), (b, a))) \ (b, a)
       unfolding x by auto
      show P x
       using wf[of P \ o \ (\lambda(a, b), (b, a))] apply rule
         using H apply simp
       unfolding P by blast
   qed
qed
lemma wf-if-measure-f-notation2:
  assumes wf r
  shows wf \{(b, h a) | b a. (f b, f (h a)) \in r\}
 apply (rule wf-subset)
  using wf-if-measure-f[OF\ assms,\ of\ f] by auto
lemma wf-wf-if-measure'-notation2:
assumes wf r and H: (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow (f \ y, f \ (h \ x)) \in r)
shows wf \{(y,h x)| y x. P x \wedge g x y\}
proof -
 have wf \{(b, h a) | b \ a. \ (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\} using assms(1) wf-if-measure-f-notation2 by auto
  then have wf \{(b, h a) | b a. P a \wedge g a b \wedge (f b, f (h a)) \in r\}
   using wf-subset[of - \{(b, h \ a) | \ b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\}] by auto
  moreover have \{(b, h \ a)|b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\}
   \subseteq \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a. \ (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\} by auto
  moreover have \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\} = \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b\}
   using H by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using wf-subset by simp
qed
end
theory List-More
imports Main ../lib/Multiset-More
begin
Sledgehammer parameters
sledgehammer-params[debug]
```

2 Various Lemmas

Close to $(\bigwedge n. \ \forall m < n. \ ?P \ m \implies ?P \ n) \implies ?P \ ?n$, but with a separation between zero and non-zero, and case names.

```
thm nat-less-induct lemma nat-less-induct-case[case-names 0 Suc]: assumes P 0 and \bigwedge n. (\forall m < Suc \ n. \ P \ m) \Longrightarrow P \ (Suc \ n) shows P n apply (induction rule: nat-less-induct) by (rename-tac n, case-tac n) (auto intro: assms)
```

This is only proved in simple cases by auto. In assumptions, nothing happens, and ?P (if ?Q then ?x else ?y) = $(\neg (?Q \land \neg ?P ?x \lor \neg ?Q \land \neg ?P ?y))$ can blow up goals (because of other if expression).

```
lemma if-0-1-ge-0 [simp]:
  0 < (if P then a else (0::nat)) \longleftrightarrow P \land 0 < a
Bounded function have not yet been defined in Isabelle.
definition bounded where
bounded f \longleftrightarrow (\exists b. \forall n. f n \leq b)
abbreviation unbounded :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b::ord) \Rightarrow bool where
unbounded f \equiv \neg bounded f
lemma not-bounded-nat-exists-larger:
 fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
 assumes unbound: unbounded f
 shows \exists n. f n > m \land n > n_0
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume H: \neg ?thesis
 have finite \{f \mid n \mid n. \ n \leq n_0\}
   by auto
 have \bigwedge n. f n \leq Max (\{f n | n. n \leq n_0\} \cup \{m\})
   apply (case-tac n \leq n_0)
   apply (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-qe Un-insert-right (finite \{f \mid n \mid n. n \leq n_0\})
     finite-insert insertCI mem-Collect-eq sup-bot.right-neutral)
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) H Max-less-iff Un-insert-right (finite \{f \mid n \mid n. \ n \leq n_0\})
     finite-insert insertI1 insert-not-empty leI sup-bot.right-neutral)
  then show False
   using unbound unfolding bounded-def by auto
qed
A function is bounded iff its product with a non-zero constant is bounded. The non-zero
condition is needed only for the reverse implication (see for example k = (\theta :: 'a) and f = (\lambda i.
i) for a counter-example).
{f lemma}\ bounded	ext{-}const	ext{-}product:
 fixes k :: nat and f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
 assumes k > 0
 shows bounded f \longleftrightarrow bounded (\lambda i. \ k * f i)
 unfolding bounded-def apply (rule iffI)
  using mult-le-mono2 apply blast
```

This lemma is not used, but here to show that a property that can be expected from *bounded* holds.

by (meson assms le-less-trans less-or-eq-imp-le nat-mult-less-cancel-disj split-div-lemma)

```
lemma bounded-finite-linorder:

fixes f:: 'a \Rightarrow 'a :: \{finite, linorder\}

shows bounded f

proof —

have \bigwedge x. f x \leq Max \{f x | x. True\}

by (metis (mono-tags) Max-ge finite mem-Collect-eq)

then show ?thesis

unfolding bounded-def by blast

qed
```

3 More List

3.1 *upt*

The simplification rules are not very handy, because $[?i..<Suc ?j] = (if ?i \le ?j then [?i..<?j]$ @ [?j] else []) leads to a case distinction, that we do not want if the condition is not in the context.

```
lemma upt-Suc-le-append: \neg i \leq j \Longrightarrow [i.. < Suc \ j] = [] by auto
```

 $lemmas \ upt$ -simps[simp] = upt-Suc- $append \ upt$ -Suc-le-append

declare $upt.simps(2)[simp \ del]$

```
lemma
```

```
assumes i \le n - m
shows take \ i \ [m.. < n] = [m.. < m+i]
by (metis \ Nat.le-diff-conv2 \ add.commute \ assms \ diff-is-0-eq' \ linear \ take-upt \ upt-conv-Nil)
```

The counterpart for this lemma when n-m < i is length $?xs \le ?n \Longrightarrow take ?n ?xs = ?xs$. It is close to $?i + ?m \le ?n \Longrightarrow take ?m [?i...<?n] = [?i...<?i + ?m]$, but seems more general.

```
lemma take-upt-bound-minus[simp]:
```

```
assumes i \le n - m
shows take i [m..< n] = [m ..< m+i]
using assms by (induction i) auto
```

lemma append-cons-eq-upt:

```
assumes A @ B = [m..< n]
shows A = [m ..< m+length A] and B = [m + length A..< n]
proof -
```

have take (length A) (A @ B) = A by auto

moreover

```
have length A \leq n - m using assms linear calculation by fastforce then have take (length A) [m..< n] = [m ..< m + length A] by auto ultimately show A = [m ..< m + length A] using assms by auto show B = [m + length A..< n] using assms by (metis append-eq-conv-conj drop-upt) qed
```

The converse of $?A @ ?B = [?m..<?n] \Longrightarrow ?A = [?m..<?m + length ?A]$ $?A @ ?B = [?m..<?n] \Longrightarrow ?B = [?m + length ?A..<?n]$ does not hold, for example if B is empty and A is [0::'a]:

lemma $A @ B = [m.. < n] \longleftrightarrow A = [m .. < m + length A] \land B = [m + length A.. < n]$

oops

A more restrictive version holds:

```
lemma B \neq [] \Longrightarrow A @ B = [m.. < n] \longleftrightarrow A = [m .. < m + length A] \land B = [m + length A.. < n] (is ?P \Longrightarrow ?A = ?B)
proof
assume ?A then show ?B by (auto simp add: append-cons-eq-upt)
next
assume ?P and ?B
```

then show ?A using append-eq-conv-conj by fastforce

```
qed
```

```
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length-i:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m..< n]
 shows A = [m .. < i]
proof -
 have A = [m ... < m + length A] using assms append-cons-eq-upt by auto
 have (A @ i \# B) ! (length A) = i by auto
 moreover have n - m = length (A @ i \# B)
   using assms length-upt by presburger
 then have [m..< n] ! (length A) = m + length A by simp
 ultimately have i = m + length A using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using \langle A = [m .. < m + length A] \rangle by auto
qed
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m..< n]
 shows length A = i - m
 using assms
{f proof}\ (induction\ A\ arbitrary:\ m)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by (metis append-Nil diff-is-0-eq list.size(3) order-reft upt-eq-Cons-conv)
next
 case (Cons\ a\ A)
 then have A: A @ i \# B = [m + 1... < n] by (metis append-Cons upt-eq-Cons-conv)
 then have m < i by (metis Cons.prems append-cons-eq-upt-length-i upt-eq-Cons-conv)
 with Cons.IH[OF A] show ?case by auto
qed
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m..< n]
 shows B = [Suc \ i ... < n]
proof -
 have B = [Suc \ m + length \ A... < n] using assms append-cons-eq-upt of A @ [i] B m n] by auto
 have (A @ i \# B) ! (length A) = i by auto
 moreover have n - m = length (A @ i \# B)
   using assms length-upt by auto
 then have [m..< n]! (length A) = m + length A by simp
 ultimately have i = m + length A using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using \langle B = [Suc \ m + length \ A... < n] \rangle by auto
qed
lemma Max-n-upt: Max (insert 0 \{ Suc \ 0... < n \} ) = n - Suc \ 0
proof (induct n)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this
 have i: insert \theta {Suc \theta...< Suc n} = insert \theta {Suc \theta...< n} \cup {n} by auto
 show ?case using IH unfolding i by auto
\mathbf{qed}
lemma upt-decomp-lt:
 assumes H: xs @ i \# ys @ j \# zs = [m .. < n]
 shows i < j
```

```
proof —
have xs: xs = [m ... < i] and ys: ys = [Suc \ i ... < j] and zs: zs = [Suc \ j ... < n]
using H by (auto dest: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end)
show ?thesis
by (metis append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end assms less I less-trans self-append-conv2
upt-eq-Cons-conv upt-rec ys)
qed

The following two lemmas are useful as simp rules for case-distinction. The case l-ength l = 0
is already simplified by default.
```

```
lemma length-list-Suc-0:

length W = Suc \ 0 \longleftrightarrow (\exists L. \ W = [L])

apply (cases W)

apply simp

apply (rename-tac a \ W', case-tac W')

apply auto

done

lemma length-list-2: length S = 2 \longleftrightarrow (\exists a \ b. \ S = [a, \ b])

apply (cases S)

apply simp

apply (rename-tac a \ S')

apply (case-tac S')

by simp-all
```

3.2 Lexicographic Ordering

```
lemma lexn-Suc:
```

```
(x \# xs, y \# ys) \in lexn \ r \ (Suc \ n) \longleftrightarrow (length \ xs = n \land length \ ys = n) \land ((x, y) \in r \lor (x = y \land (xs, ys) \in lexn \ r \ n)) by (auto simp: map-prod-def image-iff lex-prod-def)
```

lemma lexn-n:

```
Similar team to:

n > 0 \Longrightarrow (x \# xs, y \# ys) \in lexn \ r \ n \longleftrightarrow

(length \ xs = n-1 \land length \ ys = n-1) \land ((x, y) \in r \lor (x = y \land (xs, ys) \in lexn \ r \ (n-1)))

apply (cases \ n)

apply simp

by (auto \ simp: map-prod-def \ image-iff \ lex-prod-def)
```

There is some subtle point in the proof here. 1 is converted to $Suc\ \theta$, but 2 is not: meaning that 1 is automatically simplified by default using the default simplification rule $lexn\ ?r\ \theta = \{\}$

lexn ?r (Suc ?n) = map-prod ($\lambda(x, xs)$. x # xs) ($\lambda(x, xs)$. x # xs) ' (?r <*lex*> lexn ?r ?n) $\cap \{(xs, ys). \ length \ xs = Suc \ ?n \land \ length \ ys = Suc \ ?n\}$. However, the latter needs additional simplification rule (see the proof of the theorem above).

```
lemma lexn2-conv:
```

```
([a, b], [c, d]) \in lexn \ r \ 2 \longleftrightarrow (a, c) \in r \lor (a = c \land (b, d) \in r)
by (auto simp: lexn-n simp del: lexn.simps(2))
```

lemma lexn3-conv:

```
([a, b, c], [a', b', c']) \in lexn \ r \ 3 \longleftrightarrow (a, a') \in r \lor (a = a' \land (b, b') \in r) \lor (a = a' \land b = b' \land (c, c') \in r)
by (auto simp: lexn-n simp del: lexn.simps(2))
```

3.3 Remove

3.3.1 More lemmas about remove

```
lemma remove1-nil:
 remove1 \ (-L) \ W = [] \longleftrightarrow (W = [] \lor W = [-L])
 by (cases W) auto
lemma remove1-mset-single-add:
  a \neq b \Longrightarrow remove1\text{-}mset\ a\ (\{\#b\#\} + C) = \{\#b\#\} + remove1\text{-}mset\ a\ C
 remove1-mset\ a\ (\{\#a\#\} + C) = C
 by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
3.3.2
         Remove under condition
This function removes the first element such that the condition f holds. It generalises remove1.
fun remove1-cond where
remove1-cond f [] = [] |
remove1-cond f(C' \# L) = (if f C' then L else C' \# remove1-cond f L)
lemma remove1 \ x \ xs = remove1\text{-}cond \ ((op =) \ x) \ xs
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma mset-map-mset-remove1-cond:
  mset\ (map\ mset\ (remove1\text{-}cond\ (\lambda L.\ mset\ L=mset\ a)\ C))=
   remove1-mset (mset a) (mset (map mset C))
 by (induction C) (auto simp: ac-simps remove1-mset-single-add)
We can also generalise removeAll, which is close to filter:
fun removeAll-cond where
removeAll\text{-}cond\ f\ [] = []\ |
removeAll\text{-}cond f (C' \# L) =
 (\textit{if } f \ C' \ then \ \textit{removeAll-cond} \ f \ L \ \textit{else} \ C' \ \# \ \textit{removeAll-cond} \ f \ L)
lemma removeAll \ x \ xs = removeAll-cond \ ((op =) \ x) \ xs
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma removeAll-cond P xs = filter (\lambda x. \neg P x) xs
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma mset-map-mset-removeAll-cond:
 mset\ (map\ mset\ (removeAll\text{-}cond\ (\lambda b.\ mset\ b=mset\ a)\ C))
= removeAll-mset (mset a) (mset (map mset C))
 by (induction C) (auto simp: ac-simps mset-less-eqI multiset-diff-union-assoc)
Take from ../lib/Multiset_More.thy, but named:
abbreviation union-mset-list where
union-mset-list xs ys \equiv case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x \# zs)) xs (ys, \|))
lemma union-mset-list:
 mset \ xs \ \# \cup \ mset \ ys = \ mset \ (union-mset-list \ xs \ ys)
proof -
 have \bigwedge zs. mset (case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x # zs)) xs (ys, zs))) =
     (mset \ xs \ \# \cup \ mset \ ys) + mset \ zs
   by (induct xs arbitrary: ys) (simp-all add: multiset-eq-iff)
```

```
then show ?thesis by simp qed
end
theory Prop-Logic
imports Main
begin
```

4 Logics

In this section we define the syntax of the formula and an abstraction over it to have simpler proofs. After that we define some properties like subformula and rewriting.

4.1 Definition and abstraction

The propositional logic is defined inductively. The type parameter is the type of the variables.

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{datatype} \ 'v \ propo = \\ FT \mid FF \mid FVar \ 'v \mid FNot \ 'v \ propo \mid FAnd \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \mid FOr \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \\ \mid FImp \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \mid FEq \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \end{array}
```

We do not define any notation for the formula, to distinguish properly between the formulas and Isabelle's logic.

To ease the proofs, we will write the formula on a homogeneous manner, namely a connecting argument and a list of arguments.

```
datatype 'v connective = CT \mid CF \mid CVar \mid v \mid CNot \mid CAnd \mid COr \mid CImp \mid CEq

abbreviation nullary-connective \equiv \{CF\} \cup \{CT\} \cup \{CVar \mid x \mid x. \mid True\}

definition binary-connectives \equiv \{CAnd, COr, CImp, CEq\}
```

We define our own induction principal: instead of distinguishing every constructor, we group them by arity.

```
lemma propo-induct-arity[case-names nullary unary binary]: fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo assumes nullary: (\bigwedge \varphi \ x. \ \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FVar \ x \Longrightarrow P \ \varphi) and unary: (\bigwedge \psi . \ P \ \psi \Longrightarrow P \ (FNot \ \psi)) and binary: (\bigwedge \varphi \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2. \ P \ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow P \ \psi 2 \Longrightarrow \varphi = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \lor \varphi = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \Longrightarrow P \ \varphi) shows P \ \psi apply (induct rule: propo.induct) using assms by metis+
```

The function conn is the interpretation of our representation (connective and list of arguments). We define any thing that has no sense to be false

```
fun conn :: 'v \ connective \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \ where conn \ CT \ [] = FT \ | \ conn \ (CVar \ v) \ [] = FVar \ v \ | \ conn \ CNot \ [\varphi] = FNot \ \varphi \ |
```

```
\begin{array}{l} conn \ CAnd \ (\varphi \ \# \ [\psi]) = FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \\ conn \ COr \ (\varphi \ \# \ [\psi]) = FOr \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \\ conn \ CImp \ (\varphi \ \# \ [\psi]) = FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \\ conn \ CEq \ (\varphi \ \# \ [\psi]) = FEq \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \\ conn \ - - = FF \end{array}
```

We will often use case distinction, based on the arity of the 'v connective, thus we define our own splitting principle.

```
assumes nullary: \bigwedge x.\ c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar\ x \Longrightarrow P and binary: c \in binary\text{-}connectives \Longrightarrow P and unary: c = CNot \Longrightarrow P shows P using assms by (cases c) (auto simp: binary-connectives-def)

lemma connective-cases-arity-2[case-names nullary unary binary]: assumes nullary: c \in nullary\text{-}connective \Longrightarrow P and unary: c \in CNot \Longrightarrow P and binary: c \in binary\text{-}connectives \Longrightarrow P shows P using assms by (cases c, auto simp add: binary-connectives-def)
```

lemma connective-cases-arity[case-names nullary binary unary]:

Our previous definition is not necessary correct (connective and list of arguments) , so we define an inductive predicate.

```
inductive wf-conn :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo list \Rightarrow bool for c :: 'v connective where
wf-conn-nullary[simp]: (c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar \lor c) \Longrightarrow wf\text{-conn} c
wf-conn-unary[simp]: c = CNot \Longrightarrow wf-conn c [\psi]
wf-conn-binary[simp]: c \in binary-connectives \implies wf-conn c (\psi \# \psi' \# [])
thm wf-conn.induct
lemma wf-conn-induct[consumes 1, case-names CT CF CVar CNot COr CAnd CImp CEq]:
  assumes wf-conn c x and
    (\bigwedge v. \ c = CT \Longrightarrow P ]) and
    (\bigwedge v. \ c = CF \Longrightarrow P \ []) and
    (\bigwedge v. \ c = CVar \ v \Longrightarrow P \ []) and
    (\wedge \psi. \ c = CNot \Longrightarrow P[\psi]) and
    (\wedge \psi \ \psi' . \ c = COr \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi']) and
    (\bigwedge \psi \ \psi' . \ c = CAnd \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi']) and
    (\bigwedge \psi \ \psi'. \ c = CImp \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi']) and
    (\land \psi \ \psi'. \ c = CEq \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi'])
  shows P x
  using assms by induction (auto simp: binary-connectives-def)
```

4.2 properties of the abstraction

First we can define simplification rules.

```
lemma wf-conn-conn[simp]:

wf-conn CT \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ CT \ l = FT

wf-conn CF \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ CF \ l = FF

wf-conn (CVar \ x) \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ (CVar \ x) \ l = FVar \ x

apply (simp-all \ add: \ wf-conn.simps)

unfolding binary-connectives-def by simp-all
```

```
lemma wf-conn-list-decomp[simp]:
  wf-conn CT \ l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn CF l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn (CVar x) l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn CNot (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longleftrightarrow \xi = [] \land \xi' = []
  apply (simp-all add: wf-conn.simps)
       unfolding binary-connectives-def apply simp-all
  by (metis append-Nil append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1) list.sel(3) tl-append2)
lemma wf-conn-list:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FT \longleftrightarrow (c = CT \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FF \longleftrightarrow (c = CF \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FVar \ x \longleftrightarrow (c = CVar \ x \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FAnd \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CAnd \land l = a \# b \# [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FOr \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = COr \land l = a \# b \# \parallel)
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FEq \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CEq \land l = a \# b \# [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FImp \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CImp \land l = a \# b \# [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FNot \ a \longleftrightarrow (c = CNot \land l = a \# [])
  apply (induct l rule: wf-conn.induct)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
In the binary connective cases, we will often decompose the list of arguments (of length 2) into
two elements.
lemma list-length2-decomp: length l = 2 \Longrightarrow (\exists a \ b. \ l = a \# b \# \parallel)
  apply (induct l, auto)
  by (rename-tac l, case-tac l, auto)
wf-conn for binary operators means that there are two arguments.
lemma wf-conn-bin-list-length:
  fixes l:: 'v \ propo \ list
 assumes conn: c \in binary-connectives
  shows length l = 2 \longleftrightarrow wf-conn c \ l
proof
  assume length l = 2
  then show wf-conn c l using wf-conn-binary list-length2-decomp using conn by metis
next
  assume wf-conn c l
  then show length l = 2 (is ?P \ l)
   proof (cases rule: wf-conn.induct)
      case wf-conn-nullary
      then show ?P [] using conn binary-connectives-def
       using connective distinct (11) connective distinct (13) connective distinct (9) by blast
   next
      \mathbf{fix} \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
      case wf-conn-unary
      then show ?P[\psi] using conn binary-connectives-def
       using connective.distinct by blast
      fix \psi \ \psi' :: \ 'v \ propo
      show ?P [\psi, \psi'] by auto
   qed
qed
lemma wf-conn-not-list-length[iff]:
```

```
fixes l :: 'v propo list
 shows wf-conn CNot l \longleftrightarrow length \ l = 1
 apply auto
 apply (metis append-Nil connective.distinct(5,17,27) length-Cons list.size(3) wf-conn.simps
   wf-conn-list-decomp(4))
 by (simp add: length-Suc-conv wf-conn.simps)
Decomposing the Not into an element is moreover very useful.
lemma wf-conn-Not-decomp:
 fixes l :: 'v propo list and <math>a :: 'v
 assumes corr: wf-conn CNot l
 shows \exists a. l = [a]
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-length-conv corr length-0-conv
   wf-conn-not-list-length)
The wf-conn remains correct if the length of list does not change. This lemma is very useful
when we do one rewriting step
lemma wf-conn-no-arity-change:
 length \ l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
proof -
  {
   fix l l'
   have length l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
     apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.induct, auto)
     by (metis wf-conn-bin-list-length)
 then show length l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l = wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l' by metis
qed
lemma wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper:
 length (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = length (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
 by auto
The injectivity of conn is useful to prove equality of the connectives and the lists.
lemma conn-inj-not:
 assumes correct: wf-conn c l
 and conn: conn c l = FNot \psi
 shows c = CNot and l = [\psi]
 apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 using correct conn unfolding binary-connectives-def apply auto
 apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 using correct conn unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
lemma conn-inj:
 fixes c ca :: 'v connective and l \psi s :: 'v propo list
 assumes corr: wf-conn ca l
 and corr': wf-conn c \psi s
 and eq: conn \ ca \ l = conn \ c \ \psi s
 shows ca = c \wedge \psi s = l
 using corr
proof (cases ca l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 case (wf\text{-}conn\text{-}nullary\ v)
 then show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l using assms
     by (metis\ conn.simps(1)\ conn.simps(2)\ conn.simps(3)\ wf-conn-list(1-3))
```

```
next case (wf-conn-unary \psi') then have *: FNot \psi' = conn\ c\ \psi s using conn-inj-not eq assms by auto then have c = ca by (metis conn-inj-not(1) corr' wf-conn-unary(2)) moreover have \psi s = l using * conn-inj-not(2) corr' wf-conn-unary(1) by force ultimately show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l by auto next case (wf-conn-binary \psi' \psi'') then show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l using eq corr' unfolding binary-connectives-def apply (cases ca, auto simp add: wf-conn-list) using wf-conn-list(4-7) corr' by metis+ qed
```

4.3 Subformulas and properties

A characterization using sub-formulas is interesting for rewriting: we will define our relation on the sub-term level, and then lift the rewriting on the term-level. So the rewriting takes place on a subformula.

```
inductive subformula :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool (infix \leq 45) for \varphi where subformula-refl[simp]: \varphi \leq \varphi | subformula-into-subformula: \psi \in set \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l
```

On the *subformula-into-subformula*, we can see why we use our *conn* representation: one case is enough to express the subformulas property instead of listing all the cases.

This is an example of a property related to subformulas.

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ subformula-in\text{-}subformula-not:}
shows b: FNot \varphi \leq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq \psi
  apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
  using subformula-into-subformula wf-conn-unary subformula-refl list.set-intros(1) subformula-refl
   by (fastforce\ intro:\ subformula-into-subformula)+
lemma subformula-in-binary-conn:
  assumes conn: c \in binary-connectives
 shows f \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
 and g \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
proof -
  have a: wf-conn c (f\# [g]) using conn wf-conn-binary binary-connectives-def by auto
 \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ b : f \preceq f \ \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{subformula-refl} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{auto}
  ultimately show f \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
   by (metis append-Nil in-set-conv-decomp subformula-into-subformula)
next
  have a: wf-conn c ([f] @ [g]) using conn wf-conn-binary binary-connectives-def by auto
 moreover have b: g \leq g using subformula-reft by auto
  ultimately show g \leq conn \ c \ [f, g] using subformula-into-subformula by force
qed
\mathbf{lemma} subformula-trans:
 \psi \prec \psi' \Longrightarrow \varphi \prec \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \prec \psi'
 apply (induct \psi' rule: subformula.inducts)
 \mathbf{by}\ (auto\ simp:\ subformula-into-subformula)
lemma subformula-leaf:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes incl: \varphi \leq \psi
```

```
and simple: \psi = FT \lor \psi = FF \lor \psi = FVar x
  shows \varphi = \psi
  using incl simple
  by (induct rule: subformula.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list)
lemma subfurmula-not-incl-eq:
  assumes \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l
  and wf-conn c l
  and \forall \psi. \ \psi \in set \ l \longrightarrow \neg \ \varphi \preceq \psi
  shows \varphi = conn \ c \ l
  using assms apply (induction conn c l rule: subformula.induct, auto)
  using conn-inj by blast
lemma wf-subformula-conn-cases:
  wf-conn c \ l \implies \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ c \ l \lor (\exists \psi. \ \psi \in set \ l \land \varphi \leq \psi))
  apply standard
    using subfurmula-not-incl-eq apply metis
  by (auto simp add: subformula-into-subformula)
{\bf lemma}\ subformula-decomp\text{-}explicit[simp]:
  \varphi \leq FAnd \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FAnd \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi') \ (is \ ?P \ FAnd)
  \varphi \preceq FOr \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FOr \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \preceq \psi \lor \varphi \preceq \psi')
  \varphi \leq FEq \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FEq \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi')
  \varphi \leq FImp \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FImp \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi')
proof -
  have wf-conn CAnd [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ CAnd \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CAnd \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FAnd by auto
next
  have wf-conn COr [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ COr \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ COr \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \ \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FOr by auto
  have wf-conn CEq [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ CEq \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CEq \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \ \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FEq by auto
next
  have wf-conn CImp [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ CImp \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CImp \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FImp by auto
qed
lemma wf-conn-helper-facts[iff]:
  wf-conn CNot [\varphi]
  wf-conn CT
  wf-conn CF []
  wf-conn (CVar x) []
```

```
wf-conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn COr [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn CImp [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn CEq [\varphi, \psi]
  using wf-conn.intros unfolding binary-connectives-def by fastforce+
lemma exists-c-conn: \exists c l. \varphi = conn c l \land wf\text{-}conn c l
  by (cases \varphi) force+
lemma subformula-conn-decomp[simp]:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c l
  shows \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ c \ l \lor (\exists \ \psi \in set \ l. \ \varphi \leq \psi)) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof (rule iffI)
  {
    fix \xi
    have \varphi \leq \xi \Longrightarrow \xi = conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow \forall x :: 'a \ propo \in set \ l. \ \neg \ \varphi \leq x \Longrightarrow \varphi = conn \ c \ l
      apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
        apply simp
      using conn-inj by blast
  }
  moreover assume ?A
  ultimately show ?B using wf by metis
next
  assume ?B
  then show \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \ using \ wf \ wf-subformula-conn-cases by \ blast
ged
lemma subformula-leaf-explicit[simp]:
  \varphi \leq FT \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FT
  \varphi \preceq FF \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FF
  \varphi \leq FVar \ x \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FVar \ x
  apply auto
  using subformula-leaf by metis +
The variables inside the formula gives precisely the variables that are needed for the formula.
primrec vars-of-prop:: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v set where
vars-of-prop\ FT = \{\} \mid
vars-of-prop\ FF = \{\} \mid
vars-of-prop\ (FVar\ x) = \{x\}\ |
vars-of-prop \ (FNot \ \varphi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi
vars-of-prop \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi
lemma vars-of-prop-incl-conn:
  fixes \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } \psi :: 'v \text{ propo and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
  assumes corr: wf-conn c l and incl: \psi \in set l
  shows vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l)
proof (cases c rule: connective-cases-arity-2)
  case nullary
  then have False using corr incl by auto
  then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l) by blast
next
  case binary note c = this
```

```
then obtain a b where ab: l = [a, b]
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp corr by metis
  then have \psi = a \vee \psi = b using incl by auto
  then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l)
    using ab c unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
next
  case unary note c = this
 fix \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 have l = [\psi] using corr c incl split-list by force
  then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn c l) using c by auto
The set of variables is compatible with the subformula order.
lemma subformula-vars-of-prop:
  \varphi \prec \psi \Longrightarrow vars-of-prop \ \varphi \subseteq vars-of-prop \ \psi
 apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
 apply simp
  using vars-of-prop-incl-conn by blast
        Positions
4.4
Instead of 1 or 2 we use L or R
datatype sign = L \mid R
We use nil instead of \varepsilon.
fun pos :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow sign \ list \ set \ where
pos FF = \{[]\} \mid
pos \ FT = \{[]\} \mid
pos(FVar x) = \{[]\}
pos (FAnd \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \mid
pos \; (FOr \; \varphi \; \psi) = \{[]\} \; \cup \; \{ \; L \; \# \; p \; | \; p. \; p \in pos \; \varphi \} \; \cup \; \{ \; R \; \# \; p \; | \; p. \; p \in pos \; \psi \} \; | \;
pos(FEq \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \}
pos (FImp \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \mid
pos (FNot \varphi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\}
lemma finite-pos: finite (pos \varphi)
 by (induct \varphi, auto)
lemma finite-inj-comp-set:
  fixes s :: 'v \ set
 assumes finite: finite s
 and inj: inj f
 shows card (\{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in s\}) = card \mid s \mid
  using finite
proof (induct s rule: finite-induct)
  show card \{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in \{\}\} = card \{\} by auto
  fix x :: 'v and s :: 'v set
 assume f: finite s and notin: x \notin s
  and IH: card \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\} = card s
  have f': finite \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} using f by auto
  have notin': f x \notin \{f \mid p \mid p \in s\} using notin inj injD by fastforce
  have \{f \mid p \mid p. \ p \in insert \ x \ s\} = insert \ (f \ x) \ \{f \mid p \mid p. \ p \in s\} by auto
  then have card \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} = 1 + card \ \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\}
    using finite card-insert-disjoint f' notin' by auto
```

```
moreover have ... = card (insert x s) using notin f IH by auto
 finally show card \{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} = card \ (insert \ x \ s).
qed
lemma cons-inject:
  inj (op \# s)
 by (meson injI list.inject)
lemma finite-insert-nil-cons:
 finite s \Longrightarrow card (insert []\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s\}) = 1 + card\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s\}
 using card-insert-disjoint by auto
lemma cord-not[simp]:
  card (pos (FNot \varphi)) = 1 + card (pos \varphi)
by (simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
lemma card-seperate:
 assumes finite s1 and finite s2
 shows card (\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s1\}) \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in s2\}) = card (\{L \# p \mid p. p \in s1\})
          + card(\lbrace R \# p \mid p. p \in s2 \rbrace)  (is card(?L \cup ?R) = card?L + card?R)
proof -
  have finite ?L using assms by auto
 moreover have finite ?R using assms by auto
 moreover have ?L \cap ?R = \{\} by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis using assms card-Un-disjoint by blast
qed
definition prop-size where prop-size \varphi = card (pos \varphi)
lemma prop-size-vars-of-prop:
 fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 shows card (vars-of-prop \varphi) \leq prop-size \varphi
 unfolding prop-size-def apply (induct \varphi, auto simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
proof -
  \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2 :: \ 'v \ propo
 assume IH1: card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1) \leq card (pos \varphi 1)
  and IH2: card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq card\ (pos\ \varphi 2)
 let ?L = \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi 1\}
 let ?R = \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi 2\}
  have card (?L \cup ?R) = card ?L + card ?R
   using card-seperate finite-pos by blast
  moreover have ... = card (pos \varphi 1) + card (pos \varphi 2)
   by (simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
  moreover have ... \geq card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1) + card (vars-of-prop \varphi 2) using IH1 IH2 by arith
  then have ... \geq card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop \varphi 2) using card-Un-le le-trans by blast
  ultimately
   show card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop \varphi 2) \leq Suc (card (?L \cup ?R))
        card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1\ \cup\ vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L\ \cup\ ?R))
        card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L \cup ?R))
        card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1\ \cup\ vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L\ \cup\ ?R))
   by auto
qed
```

```
value pos (FImp (FAnd (FVar P) (FVar Q)) (FOr (FVar P) (FVar Q)))
inductive path-to :: sign\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow bool\ where
path-to-refl[intro]: path-to [] \varphi \varphi
path-to-l: c \in binary-connectives \lor c = CNot \Longrightarrow wf-conn c (\varphi \# l) \Longrightarrow path-to p \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow path-to-like \varphi = vf-connectives \varphi = v
    path-to (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\varphi\#l))\ \varphi'
path-to-r: c \in binary-connectives \implies wf-conn \ c \ (\psi \# \varphi \# []) \implies path-to \ p \ \varphi \ \varphi' \implies
   path-to (R\#p) (conn c (\psi\#\varphi\#[])) \varphi'
There is a deep link between subformulas and pathes: a (correct) path leads to a subformula
and a subformula is associated to a given path.
lemma path-to-subformula:
   path-to p \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \varphi' \preceq \varphi
   apply (induct rule: path-to.induct)
       apply simp
     apply (metis \ list.set-intros(1) \ subformula-into-subformula)
   using subformula-trans subformula-in-binary-conn(2) by metis
{f lemma}\ subformula-path-exists:
   fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
   shows \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists p. path-to p \varphi \varphi'
proof (induct rule: subformula.induct)
   case subformula-refl
   have path-to [] \varphi' \varphi' by auto
   then show \exists p. path-to p \varphi' \varphi' by metis
next
   case (subformula-into-subformula \psi l c)
   note wf = this(2) and IH = this(4) and \psi = this(1)
   then obtain p where p: path-to p \psi \varphi' by metis
    {
       \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
       assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
       then have False using subformula-into-subformula by auto
       then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
    }
   moreover {
       assume c: c = CNot
       then have l = [\psi] using wf \psi wf-conn-Not-decomp by fastforce
       then have path-to (L \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' by (metis c wf-conn-unary p path-to-l)
     then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
    }
   moreover {
       assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
       obtain a b where ab: [a, b] = l using subformula-into-subformula c wf-conn-bin-list-length
           list-length2-decomp by metis
       then have a = \psi \lor b = \psi using \psi by auto
       then have path-to (L \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' \vee path-to (R \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' using c path-to-l
           path-to-r p ab by (metis wf-conn-binary)
       then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
    }
   ultimately show \exists p. path-to p (conn \ c \ l) \ \varphi' using connective-cases-arity by metis
qed
fun replace-at :: sign\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo where
```

replace-at $[] - \psi = \psi |$

```
replace-at (L \# l) (FAnd \varphi \varphi') \psi = FAnd (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'| replace-at (R \# l) (FAnd \varphi \varphi') \psi = FAnd \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi) | replace-at (L \# l) (FOr \varphi \varphi') \psi = FOr (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'| replace-at (R \# l) (FOr \varphi \varphi') \psi = FOr \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi) | replace-at (L \# l) (FEq \varphi \varphi') \psi = FEq (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'| replace-at (R \# l) (FImp \varphi \varphi') \psi = FImp (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'| replace-at (R \# l) (FImp \varphi \varphi') \psi = FImp \varphi (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'| replace-at (R \# l) (FImp \varphi \varphi') \psi = FImp \varphi (replace-at l \varphi' \psi) | replace-at (L \# l) (FNot \varphi) \psi = FNot (replace-at l \varphi \psi)
```

5 Semantics over the syntax

Given the syntax defined above, we define a semantics, by defining an evaluation function *eval*. This function is the bridge between the logic as we define it here and the built-in logic of Isabelle.

```
fun eval :: ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ (infix \models 50) \ where \ \mathcal{A} \models FT = True \mid \ \mathcal{A} \models FF = False \mid \ \mathcal{A} \models FVar \ v = (\mathcal{A} \ v) \mid \ \mathcal{A} \models FNot \ \varphi = (\neg(\mathcal{A} \models \varphi)) \mid \ \mathcal{A} \models FAnd \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \land \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid \ \mathcal{A} \models FOr \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \lor \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid \ \mathcal{A} \models FImp \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \to \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid \ \mathcal{A} \models FEq \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2)
definition evalf \ (infix \models f \ 50) \ where
evalf \ \varphi \ \psi = (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longrightarrow A \models \psi)
```

The deduction rule is in the book. And the proof looks like to the one of the book.

```
theorem deduction-theorem:
```

```
(\varphi \models f \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall A. (A \models FImp \varphi \psi))
proof
  assume H: \varphi \models f \psi
    \mathbf{fix} A
    have A \models FImp \varphi \psi
      proof (cases A \models \varphi)
        case True
        then have A \models \psi using H unfolding evalf-def by metis
        then show A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
      next
        case False
        then show A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
      qed
  then show \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi by blast
  assume A: \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi
  show \varphi \models f \psi
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume \neg \varphi \models f \psi
      then obtain A where A \models \varphi and \neg A \models \psi using evalf-def by metis
      then have \neg A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
      then show False using A by blast
    qed
```

qed

A shorter proof:

```
lemma \varphi \models f \psi \longleftrightarrow (\forall A. A \models FImp \ \varphi \ \psi)
by (simp \ add: \ evalf-def)
definition same-over-set:: ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v \ set \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
same-over-set \ A \ B \ S = (\forall \ c \in S. \ A \ c = B \ c)
```

If two mapping A and B have the same value over the variables, then the same formula are satisfiable.

```
lemma same-over-set-eval:
   assumes same-over-set\ A\ B\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi)
   shows A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow B \models \varphi
   using assms unfolding same-over-set-def by (induct\ \varphi,\ auto)
end
theory Prop-Abstract-Transformation
imports Main\ Prop-Logic\ Wellfounded-More
```

begin

This file is devoted to abstract properties of the transformations, like consistency preservation and lifting from terms to proposition.

6 Rewrite systems and properties

6.1 Lifting of rewrite rules

We can lift a rewrite relation r over a full formula: the relation r works on terms, while propo-rew-step works on formulas.

```
inductive propo-rew-step :: ('v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for r :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where global-rel: r \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \text{propo-rew-step } r \varphi \psi \mid propo-rew-one-step-lift: propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \text{wf-conn } c \ (\psi s @ \varphi \# \psi s') \Longrightarrow \text{propo-rew-step } r \ (conn \ c \ (\psi s @ \varphi \# \psi s')) \ (conn \ c \ (\psi s @ \varphi' \# \psi s'))
```

Here is a more precise link between the lifting and the subformulas: if a rewriting takes place between φ and φ' , then there are two subformulas ψ in φ and ψ' in φ' , ψ' is the result of the rewriting of r on ψ .

This lemma is only a health condition:

```
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula-imp:

shows propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \psi \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi \wedge \psi' \preceq \varphi' \wedge r \psi \psi'

apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)

using subformula-simps subformula-into-subformula apply blast

using wf-conn-no-arity-change subformula-into-subformula wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper

in-set-conv-decomp by metis
```

The converse is moreover true: if there is a ψ and ψ' , then every formula φ containing ψ , can be rewritten into a formula φ' , such that it contains φ' .

```
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula-rec: fixes \psi \ \psi' \ \varphi :: \ 'v \ propo
```

```
shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow r \psi \psi' \Longrightarrow (\exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \varphi \varphi')
proof (induct \varphi rule: subformula.induct)
  case subformula-refl
  hence propo-rew-step r \psi \psi' using propo-rew-step.intros by auto
  moreover have \psi' \leq \psi' using Prop-Logic.subformula-refl by auto
  ultimately show \exists \varphi' . \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \psi \ \varphi' by fastforce
next
  case (subformula-into-subformula \psi'' l c)
 note IH = this(4) and r = this(5) and \psi'' = this(1) and wf = this(2) and incl = this(3)
  then obtain \varphi' where *: \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \psi'' \ \varphi' by metis
  moreover obtain \xi \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ where
    l: l = \xi \otimes \psi'' \# \xi' using List.split-list \psi'' by metis
  ultimately have propo-rew-step r (conn c l) (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using propo-rew-step.intros(2) wf by metis
  moreover have \psi' \leq conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    \mathbf{using}\ wf*wf-conn-no-arity-change\ Prop-Logic.subformula-into-subformula
    by (metis (no-types) in-set-conv-decomp l wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
  ultimately show \exists \varphi' . \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ (conn \ c \ l) \ \varphi' by metis
qed
{\bf lemma}\ propo-rew-step-subformula:
  (\exists \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi') \longleftrightarrow (\exists \varphi'. \ propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi')
  using propo-rew-step-subformula-imp propo-rew-step-subformula-rec by metis+
lemma consistency-decompose-into-list:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c l and wf': wf-conn c l'
 and same: \forall n. (A \models l! n \longleftrightarrow (A \models l'! n))
 shows (A \models conn \ c \ l) = (A \models conn \ c \ l')
proof (cases c rule: connective-cases-arity-2)
  case nullary
  thus (A \models conn \ c \ l) \longleftrightarrow (A \models conn \ c \ l') using wf \ wf' by auto
next
  case unary note c = this
  then obtain a where l: l = [a] using wf-conn-Not-decomp wf by metis
 obtain a' where l': l' = [a'] using wf-conn-Not-decomp wf' c by metis
 have A \models a \longleftrightarrow A \models a' using l \ l' by (metis nth-Cons-0 same)
  thus A \models conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ l'  using l \ l' \ c by auto
next
  case binary note c = this
  then obtain a b where l: l = [a, b]
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp wf by metis
  obtain a' b' where l': l' = [a', b']
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp wf' c by metis
  have p: A \models a \longleftrightarrow A \models a' A \models b \longleftrightarrow A \models b'
    using l \ l' same by (metis diff-Suc-1 nth-Cons' nat.distinct(2))+
  show A \models conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ l'
    using wf c p unfolding binary-connectives-def l l' by auto
qed
Relation between propo-rew-step and the rewriting we have seen before: propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi'
means that we rewrite \psi inside \varphi (ie at a path p) into \psi'.
lemma propo-rew-step-rewrite:
 fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \ propo \ and \ r :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool
 assumes propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi'
```

```
shows \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ \varphi \ \psi \land replace-at \ p \ \varphi \ \psi' = \varphi'
  using assms
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  \mathbf{case}(global\text{-}rel\ \varphi\ \psi)
  moreover have path-to [] \varphi \varphi by auto
  moreover have replace-at [ \varphi \psi = \psi \text{ by } auto ]
  ultimately show ?case by metis
next
  \mathbf{case}\ (\mathit{propo-rew-one-step-lift}\ \varphi\ \varphi'\ c\ \xi\ \xi')\ \mathbf{note}\ \mathit{rel} = \mathit{this}(1)\ \mathbf{and}\ \mathit{IH0} = \mathit{this}(2)\ \mathbf{and}\ \mathit{corr} = \mathit{this}(3)
  obtain \psi \psi' p where IH: r \psi \psi' \wedge path-to p \varphi \psi \wedge replace-at p \varphi \psi' = \varphi' using IH0 by metis
  {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
     hence False using corr by auto
     hence \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \ \psi
                        \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c \ (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
       by fast
  }
  moreover {
     assume c: c = CNot
     hence empty: \xi = [\xi' = [using corr by auto
     have path-to (L\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
       using c empty IH wf-conn-unary path-to-l by fastforce
     moreover have replace-at (L \# p) (conn\ c\ (\xi @\ (\varphi \# \xi')))\ \psi' = conn\ c\ (\xi @\ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
       using c empty IH by auto
     ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \ \# \ \xi'))) \ \psi
                                 \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
     using IH by metis
  }
  moreover {
     assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
     have length (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = 2 using wf-conn-bin-list-length corr c by metis
     hence length \xi + length \xi' = 1 by auto
     hence ld: (length \xi = 1 \land length \ \xi' = 0) \lor (length \xi = 0 \land length \ \xi' = 1) by arith
     obtain a b where ab: (\xi=[] \land \xi'=[b]) \lor (\xi=[a] \land \xi'=[])
       using ld by (case-tac \xi, case-tac \xi', auto)
     {
        assume \varphi: \xi = [] \land \xi' = [b]
        have path-to (L\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
          using \varphi c IH ab corr by (simp add: path-to-l)
        moreover have replace-at (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi\ \#\ \xi')))\ \psi' = conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi'\ \#\ \xi'))
          using c IH ab \varphi unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
        ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \ \# \ \xi'))) \ \psi
          \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c \ (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
          using IH by metis
     }
     moreover {
        assume \varphi: \xi = [a] \quad \xi' = []
        hence path-to (R\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
          using c IH corr path-to-r corr \varphi by (simp add: path-to-r)
        moreover have replace-at (R\#p) (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
          using c IH ab \varphi unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
        ultimately have ?case using IH by metis
     }
```

```
ultimately have ?case using ab by blast
  }
 ultimately show ?case using connective-cases-arity by blast
qed
6.2
        Consistency preservation
We define preserves-un-sat: it means that a relation preserves consistency.
definition preserves-un-sat where
preserves-un-sat r \longleftrightarrow (\forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi))
{f lemma}\ propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit:
```

```
propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat r \Longrightarrow propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi)
 unfolding preserves-un-sat-def
{f proof}\ (induction\ rule:\ propo-rew-step.induct)
  case global-rel
  thus ?case by simp
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi') note rel = this(1) and wf = this(2)
   and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)\ this(1)] and consistent = this(4)
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ A
   from IH have \forall n. (A \models (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') ! n) = (A \models (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') ! n)
      by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) list-update-length nth-Cons-0 nth-append-length-plus
        nth-list-update-neq)
   hence (A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) = (A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
      by (meson consistency-decompose-into-list wf wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper
        wf-conn-no-arity-change)
 thus \forall A. A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') by auto
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-preservers-val':
 assumes preserves-un-sat r
 shows preserves-un-sat (propo-rew-step r)
  using assms by (simp add: preserves-un-sat-def propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit)
lemma preserves-un-sat-OO[intro]:
preserves-un-sat f \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat g \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat (f OO g)
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by auto
lemma star-consistency-preservation-explicit:
  assumes (propo-rew-step \ r)^* * \varphi \psi and preserves-un-sat \ r
  shows \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto simp add: propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit)
lemma star-consistency-preservation:
```

 $preserves-un-sat \ r \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat \ (propo-rew-step \ r)^**$ by (simp add: star-consistency-preservation-explicit preserves-un-sat-def)

6.3 Full Lifting

In the previous a relation was lifted to a formula, now we define the relation such it is applied as long as possible. The definition is thus simply: it can be derived and nothing more can be derived.

```
lemma full-ropo-rew-step-preservers-val[simp]:
preserves-un-sat r \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat (full\ (propo-rew-step\ r))
 by (metis full-def preserves-un-sat-def star-consistency-preservation)
lemma full-propo-rew-step-subformula:
full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi' \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg(\exists \psi \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \psi \psi')
  unfolding full-def using propo-rew-step-subformula-rec by metis
```

7 Transformation testing

7.1Definition and first properties

To prove correctness of our transformation, we create a all-subformula-st predicate. It tests recursively all subformulas. At each step, the actual formula is tested. The aim of this test-symb function is to test locally some properties of the formulas (i.e. at the level of the connective or at first level). This allows a clause description between the rewrite relation and the test-symb

```
definition all-subformula-st :: ('a propo \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where
```

```
all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \equiv \forall \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow test-symb \ \psi
lemma test-symb-imp-all-subformula-st[simp]:
  test-symb FT \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb FT
  test-symb FF \implies all-subformula-st test-symb FF
  test-symb (FVar \ x) \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (FVar \ x)
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def using subformula-leaf by metis+
lemma all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi:
  all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \implies test-symb \varphi
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-imp:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow (test-symb (conn \ c \ l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi))
  \implies all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l)
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
To ease the finding of proofs, we give some explicit theorem about the decomposition.
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-rec:
  all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l) \Longrightarrow wf-conn c l
    \implies (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set\ l.\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \varphi))
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
{f lemma}\ all\mbox{-}subformula\mbox{-}st\mbox{-}decomp:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ l :: 'v \ propo \ list
  assumes wf-conn c l
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l)
   \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn c l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi))
  using assms all-subformula-st-decomp-rec all-subformula-st-decomp-imp by metis
```

```
lemma helper-fact: c \in binary-connectives \longleftrightarrow (c = COr \lor c = CAnd \lor c = CEq \lor c = CImp)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi)
      \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (FNot\ \varphi) \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \varphi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi)
        \rightarrow (test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
proof -
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi])
  moreover have ... \longleftrightarrow test-symb (conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi])\land(\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (5) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn COr [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  \mathbf{moreover}\ \mathbf{have}\ \ldots \longleftrightarrow
    (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ COr\ [\varphi,\psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set\ [\varphi,\psi].\ all\text{-}subformula-st\ test\text{-}symb\ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(6) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CEq [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ...
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn CEq [\varphi, \psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb \xi))
    {\bf using} \ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}decomp \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}helper\text{-}facts(8) \ {\bf by} \ met is
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CImp [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ...
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn CImp [\varphi, \psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (\gamma) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CNot [\varphi])
  moreover have ... = (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ CNot\ [\varphi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set\ [\varphi].\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \xi))
```

```
using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(1) by metis finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FNot \varphi) \wedge all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi) by simp qed
```

As all-subformula-st tests recursively, the function is true on every subformula.

```
lemma subformula-all-subformula-st: \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi by (induct rule: subformula.induct, auto simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp)
```

The following theorem no-test-symb-step-exists shows the link between the test-symb function and the corresponding rewrite relation r: if we assume that if every time test-symb is true, then a r can be applied, finally as long as \neg all-subformula-st test-symb φ , then something can be rewritten in φ .

```
lemma no-test-symb-step-exists:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x :: 'v
  and \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. \ test-symb FF \land test-symb FT \land test-symb (FVar \ x)
  and \forall \varphi' . \varphi' \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow (\neg test\text{-symb } \varphi') \longrightarrow (\exists \psi . r \varphi' \psi) and
  \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows (\exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi')
  using assms
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  thus \exists \psi \ \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi'
    using wf-conn-nullary test-symb-false-nullary by fastforce
next
  case (unary \varphi) note IH = this(1)[OF this(2)] and r = this(2) and nst = this(3) and subf =
this(4)
  from r IH nst have H: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land (\exists \psi'. \ r \ \psi \ \psi')
    by (metis subformula-in-subformula-not subformula-refl subformula-trans)
    assume n: \neg test\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi)
    obtain \psi where r (FNot \varphi) \psi using subformula-refl r n nst by blast
    moreover have FNot \varphi \leq FNot \varphi using subformula-refl by auto
    ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi' by metis
  moreover {
    assume n: test-symb (FNot \varphi)
    hence \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
      using all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) nst subf by blast
    hence \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
      using H subformula-in-subformula-not subformula-refl subformula-trans by blast
  ultimately show \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi' \ by \ blast
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1-0 = this(1)[OF\ this(4)] and IH\varphi 2-0 = this(2)[OF\ this(4)] and r = this(4)
    and \varphi = this(3) and le = this(5) and nst = this(6)
  obtain c :: 'v \ connective \ \mathbf{where}
    c: (c = CAnd \lor c = COr \lor c = CImp \lor c = CEq) \land conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] = \varphi
    using \varphi by fastforce
```

hence corr: wf-conn c $[\varphi 1, \varphi 2]$ using wf-conn.simps unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto

```
have inc: \varphi 1 \preceq \varphi \varphi 2 \preceq \varphi using binary-connectives-def c subformula-in-binary-conn by blast+ from r IH\varphi 1-0 have IH\varphi 1: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 1 \Longrightarrow \exists \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi 1 \ \land \ r \ \psi \ \psi' using inc(1) subformula-trans le by blast from r IH\varphi 2-0 have IH\varphi 2: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 2 \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi 2 \ \land \ (\exists \psi'. \ r \ \psi \ \psi') using inc(2) subformula-trans le by blast have cases: \neg test-symb \varphi \lor \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 1 \lor \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 2 using c nst by auto show \exists \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi' using IH\varphi 1 IH\varphi 2 subformula-trans inc subformula-refl cases le by blast ged
```

7.2 Invariant conservation

If two rewrite relation are independent (or at least independent enough), then the property characterizing the first relation *all-subformula-st test-symb* remains true. The next show the same property, with changes in the assumptions.

The assumption $\forall \varphi' \psi$. $\varphi' \leq \Phi \longrightarrow r \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all$ -subformula-st test-symb $\varphi' \longrightarrow all$ -subformula-st test-symb ψ means that rewriting with r does not mess up the property we want to preserve locally.

The previous assumption is not enough to go from r to propo-rew-step r: we have to add the assumption that rewriting inside does not mess up the term: $\forall c \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \ \preceq \ \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew$ -step $r \ \varphi \ \varphi' \longrightarrow wf$ -conn $c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test$ -symb $(conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi')) \longrightarrow test$ -symb $(conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi' \ \# \ \xi'))$

7.2.1 Invariant while lifting of the rewriting relation

The condition $\varphi \leq \Phi$ (that will by used with $\Phi = \varphi$ most of the time) is here to ensure that the recursive conditions on Φ will moreover hold for the subterm we are rewriting. For example if there is no equivalence symbol in Φ , we do not have to care about equivalence symbols in the two previous assumptions.

```
lemma propo-rew-step-inv-stay':
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi \Phi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes H: \forall \varphi' \psi. \varphi' \preceq \Phi \longrightarrow r \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \varphi'
     \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  and H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \leq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi'
    \longrightarrow wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test-symb \varphi'
    \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) and
    propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi and
    \varphi \prec \Phi and
    all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using assms(3-5)
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case global-rel
  thus ?case using H by simp
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
  note rel = this(1) and \varphi = this(2) and corr = this(3) and \Phi = this(4) and nst = this(5)
  have sq: \varphi \leq \Phi
    using \Phi corr subformula-into-subformula subformula-refl subformula-trans
```

```
by (metis in-set-conv-decomp)
  from corr have \forall \psi. \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi
   using all-subformula-st-decomp nst by blast
  hence *: \forall \psi. \ \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi \text{ using } \varphi \text{ sq by } fastforce
  hence test-symb \varphi' using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi by auto
  moreover from corr nst have test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
   using all-subformula-st-decomp by blast
  ultimately have test-symb: test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using H' sq corr rel by blast
 have wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
   by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper corr wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
   using * test-symb by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp)
The need for \varphi \leq \Phi is not always necessary, hence we moreover have a version without inclusion.
```

lemma propo-rew-step-inv-stay:

```
fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
assumes
  H: \forall \varphi' \psi. \ r \ \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi' \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi and
  H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi'))
     \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }\varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb }(conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi'\ \#\ \xi')) and
  propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi and
  all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
using propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of \varphi r test-symb \varphi \psi] assms subformula-refl by metis
```

The lemmas can be lifted to propo-rew-step r^{\downarrow} instead of propo-rew-step

7.2.2Invariant after all rewriting

```
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc:
  fixes r:: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and test-symb:: 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \psi. propo-rew-step \ r \varphi \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi
       \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \leq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi'
       \longrightarrow wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test-symb \varphi'
      \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \text{ and }
      \varphi \leq \Phi and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using assms unfolding full-def
proof -
  have rel: (propo-rew-step \ r)^{**} \ \varphi \ \psi
    using full unfolding full-def by auto
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using init
    proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
      case base
      then show all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi by blast
    next
```

```
case (step b c) note star = this(1) and IH = this(3) and one = this(2) and all = this(4)
      then have all-subformula-st test-symb b by metis
      then show all-subformula-st test-symb c using propo-rew-step-inv-stay' H H' rel one by auto
    qed
qed
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay':
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \psi. propo-rew-step \ r \varphi \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi
       \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi' \longrightarrow wf-conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \ \# \ \xi')
        \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ \varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \ \text{and}
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc of r test-symb \varphi assms subformula-reft by metis
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and} \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and} \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi'))
        \longrightarrow test-symb \varphi' \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  unfolding full-def
proof -
  have rel: (propo-rew-step \ r)^* * \varphi \psi
    using full unfolding full-def by auto
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using init
    proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
      case base
      thus all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi by blast
    next
      case (step \ b \ c)
      note star = this(1) and IH = this(3) and one = this(2) and all = this(4)
      hence all-subformula-st test-symb b by metis
      thus all-subformula-st test-symb c
         using propo-rew-step-inv-stay subformula-refl H H' rel one by auto
    qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn:
  fixes r:: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and test-symb:: 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi \ \mathbf{and}
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ l \ l'. \ wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
       \longrightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l) \longleftrightarrow test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l')) and
```

```
full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi proof — have \bigwedge(c:: 'v \; connective) \; \xi \; \varphi \; \xi' \; \varphi'. \; wf\text{-}conn \; c \; (\xi \; @ \; \varphi \; \# \; \xi') \; \Rightarrow \; test\text{-}symb \; (conn \; c \; (\xi \; @ \; \varphi \; \# \; \xi')) \; \text{using } H' \; \text{by } (metis \; wf\text{-}conn\text{-}no\text{-}arity\text{-}change\text{-}helper } wf\text{-}conn\text{-}no\text{-}arity\text{-}change}) \; \text{thus } all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st \; test\text{-}symb \; \psi \; \text{using } H \; full \; init \; full\text{-}propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step\text{-}inv\text{-}stay } \text{by } blast \; \text{qed} \; \text{end} \; \text{theory } Prop\text{-}Normalisation \; imports \; Main \; Prop\text{-}Logic \; Prop\text{-}Abstract\text{-}Transformation \; .../lib/Multiset\text{-}More \\ \text{begin} \; \text{begin
```

Given the previous definition about abstract rewriting and theorem about them, we now have the detailed rule making the transformation into CNF/DNF.

8 Rewrite Rules

The idea of Christoph Weidenbach's book is to remove gradually the operators: first equivalencies, then implication, after that the unused true/false and finally the reorganizing the or/and. We will prove each transformation separately.

8.1 Elimination of the equivalences

The first transformation consists in removing every equivalence symbol.

```
inductive elim-equiv :: 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow bool\ where elim-equiv[simp]: elim-equiv (FEq\ \varphi\ \psi)\ (FAnd\ (FImp\ \varphi\ \psi)\ (FImp\ \psi\ \varphi))
lemma elim-equiv-transformation-consistent: A\models FEq\ \varphi\ \psi\longleftrightarrow A\models FAnd\ (FImp\ \varphi\ \psi)\ (FImp\ \psi\ \varphi)
by auto
lemma elim-equiv-explicit: elim-equiv \varphi\ \psi\Longrightarrow \forall\ A.\ A\models\varphi\longleftrightarrow A\models\psi
by (induct\ rule:\ elim-equiv.induct, auto)
lemma elim-equiv-consistent: preserves-un-sat elim-equiv
unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp\ add:\ elim-equiv-explicit)
lemma elimEquv-lifted-consistant: preserves-un-sat (full\ (propo-rew-step elim-equiv))
by (simp\ add:\ elim-equiv-consistent)
```

This function ensures that there is no equivalencies left in the formula tested by no-equiv-symb.

```
fun no-equiv-symb :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ where no-equiv-symb (FEq - -) = False \mid no-equiv-symb - = True
```

Given the definition of *no-equiv-symb*, it does not depend on the formula, but only on the connective used.

```
lemma no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization[simp]:
 fixes c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ l :: 'v \ propo \ list
 assumes wf: wf-conn c l
 shows no-equiv-symb (conn c l) \longleftrightarrow c \neq CEq
   by (metis connective distinct (13,25,35,43)) wf no-equiv-symbelims (3) no-equiv-symb.simps (1)
     wf-conn.cases wf-conn-list(6))
definition no-equiv where no-equiv = all-subformula-st no-equiv-symb
lemma no-equiv-eq[simp]:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 shows
   \neg no\text{-}equiv (FEq \varphi \psi)
   no-equiv FT
   no-equiv FF
 using no-equiv-symb.simps(1) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding no-equiv-def by auto
The following lemma helps to reconstruct no-equiv expressions: this representation is easier to
use than the set definition.
{\bf lemma}\ all-subformula-st-decomp\text{-}explicit\text{-}no\text{-}equiv[iff]:}
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
shows
 no-equiv (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no-equiv \varphi
```

A theorem to show the link between the rewrite relation *elim-equiv* and the function *no-equiv-symb*. This theorem is one of the assumption we need to characterize the transformation.

no-equiv (FAnd $\varphi \psi$) \longleftrightarrow (no-equiv $\varphi \land$ no-equiv ψ) no-equiv (FOr $\varphi \psi$) \longleftrightarrow (no-equiv $\varphi \land$ no-equiv ψ) no-equiv (FImp $\varphi \psi$) \longleftrightarrow (no-equiv $\varphi \land$ no-equiv ψ)

by (auto simp: no-equiv-def)

```
lemma no-equiv-elim-equiv-step:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv: \neg no-equiv \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elim\text{-}equiv \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x::'v. \ no-equiv-symb FF \land no-equiv-symb FT \land no-equiv-symb (FVar \ x)
    unfolding no-equiv-def by auto
  moreover {
    fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
      assume a1: elim-equiv (conn c l) \psi
      have \bigwedge p pa. \neg elim-equiv (p::'v propo) pa \lor \neg no-equiv-symb p
        using elim-equiv.cases no-equiv-symb.simps(1) by blast
      then have elim-equiv (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no-equiv-symb (conn c l) using a1 by metis
  moreover have H': \forall \psi. \neg elim-equiv FT \psi \forall \psi. \neg elim-equiv FF \psi \forall \psi x. \neg elim-equiv (FVar x) \psi
    using elim-equiv.cases by auto
  moreover have \bigwedge \varphi. \neg no-equiv-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim-equiv \varphi \psi
    by (case-tac \varphi, auto simp: elim-equiv.simps)
  then have \bigwedge \varphi'. \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb \ \varphi' \Longrightarrow \ \exists \psi. elim\text{-}equiv \ \varphi' \ \psi by force
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists no-equiv test-symb-false-nullary unfolding no-equiv-def by blast
qed
```

Given all the previous theorem and the characterization, once we have rewritten everything,

```
there is no equivalence symbol any more.
```

```
lemma no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv: full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \psi using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-equiv-elim-equiv-step by blast
```

8.2 Eliminate Implication

```
After that, we can eliminate the implication symbols.
```

```
inductive elim-imp :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where [simp]: elim-imp (FImp \varphi \psi) (FOr (FNot \varphi) \psi)
```

```
lemma elim-imp-transformation-consistent: A \models FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \longleftrightarrow A \models FOr \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ \psi by auto
```

```
lemma elim-imp-explicit: elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
```

```
lemma elim-imp-consistent: preserves-un-sat elim-imp
unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: elim-imp-explicit)
```

```
lemma elim-imp-lifted-consistant:

preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp))

by (simp add: elim-imp-consistent)
```

```
fun no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb where no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb (FImp\text{--})=False | no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\text{--}=True
```

```
lemma no-imp-symb-conn-characterization: wf-conn c l \Longrightarrow no-imp-symb (conn c l) \longleftrightarrow c \ne CImp by (induction rule: wf-conn-induct) auto
```

definition no-imp where no-imp \equiv all-subformula-st no-imp-symb declare no-imp-def[simp]

```
lemma no-imp-Imp[simp]:

\neg no\text{-imp }(FImp \ \varphi \ \psi)

no\text{-imp }FT

no\text{-imp }FF

unfolding no-imp-def by auto
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}decomp\text{-}explicit\text{-}imp[simp]:}$

```
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo

shows

no\text{-}imp \ (FNot \ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}imp \ \varphi

no\text{-}imp \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}imp \ \varphi \land no\text{-}imp \ \psi)

no\text{-}imp \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}imp \ \varphi \land no\text{-}imp \ \psi)

by auto
```

Invariant of the *elim-imp* transformation

```
lemma elim-imp-no-equiv:

elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \psi

by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
```

```
lemma elim-imp-inv:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi and no-equiv \varphi
  shows no-equiv \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elim-imp no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi] assms elim-imp-no-equiv
    no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
lemma no-no-imp-elim-imp-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv: \neg no-imp \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi'. \psi \leq \varphi \land elim\text{-}imp \ \psi \ \psi'
  have test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. \ no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ FF \land no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ FT \land no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb\ (FVar\ (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
     fix c:: 'v connective and l :: 'v propo list and \psi :: 'v propo
     have H: elim-imp (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no-imp-symb (conn c l)
       by (auto elim: elim-imp.cases)
    }
  moreover
    have H': \forall \psi. \neg elim\text{-}imp\ FT\ \psi\ \forall \psi. \neg elim\text{-}imp\ FF\ \psi\ \forall \psi\ x. \neg elim\text{-}imp\ (FVar\ x)\ \psi
      by (auto elim: elim-imp.cases)+
  moreover
    have \bigwedge \varphi. \neg no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \ \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim\text{-}imp \ \varphi \ \psi
      \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{case-tac}\ \varphi)\ (\mathit{force}\ \mathit{simp:}\ \mathit{elim-imp.simps}) +
    then have (\bigwedge \varphi' . \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \ \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi. \ elim\text{-}imp \ \varphi' \ \psi) by force
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists no-equiv test-symb-false-nullary unfolding no-imp-def by blast
qed
lemma no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp: full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi \implies no-imp \psi
```

8.3 Eliminate all the True and False in the formula

using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-no-imp-elim-imp-step-exists by blast

Contrary to the book, we have to give the transformation and the "commutative" transformation. The latter is implicit in the book.

```
inductive elimTB where ElimTB1: elimTB (FAnd \ \varphi \ FT) \varphi \ | ElimTB1': elimTB (FAnd \ FT \ \varphi) \varphi \ | ElimTB2: elimTB (FAnd \ \varphi \ FF) FF \ | ElimTB2': elimTB (FAnd \ FF \ \varphi) FF \ | ElimTB3: elimTB (FOr \ \varphi \ FT) FT \ | ElimTB4: elimTB (FOr \ \varphi \ FF) \varphi \ | ElimTB4': elimTB (FOr \ FF \ \varphi) \varphi \ | ElimTB5: elimTB (FOr \ FF \ \varphi) \varphi \ | ElimTB5: elimTB (FNot \ FT) FF \ | ElimTB6: elimTB6: elimTB (FNot \ FF) FT
```

```
lemma elimTB-consistent: preserves-un-sat elimTB
proof -
    fix \varphi \psi:: 'b propo
    have elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi by (induction rule: elimTB.inducts) auto
  then show ?thesis using preserves-un-sat-def by auto
qed
inductive no-T-F-symb :: 'v propo <math>\Rightarrow bool where
no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}comp: c \neq CF \implies c \neq CT \implies wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \implies (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF)
  \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (conn \ c \ l)
lemma wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff[simp]:
  wf-conn c \psi s \Longrightarrow
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ \psi s) \longleftrightarrow (c \neq CF \land c \neq CT \land (\forall \psi \in set\ \psi s.\ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT))
  unfolding no-T-F-symb.simps apply (cases c)
          using wf-conn-list(1) apply fastforce
         using wf-conn-list(2) apply fastforce
        using wf-conn-list(3) apply fastforce
       apply (metis (no-types, hide-lams) conn-inj connective. distinct(5,17))
      using conn-inj apply blast+
  done
lemma wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff-explicit[simp]:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set \ [\varphi, \psi]. \ \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  no-T-F-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  no-T-F-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ \chi \in set \ [\varphi, \ \psi]. \ \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
     apply (metis\ conn.simps(36)\ conn.simps(37)\ conn.simps(5)\ propo.distinct(19)
       wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
    apply (metis \ conn.simps(36) \ conn.simps(37) \ conn.simps(6) \ propo.distinct(22)
      wf-conn-helper-facts(6) wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
   using wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff apply fastforce
  by (metis conn.simps(36) conn.simps(37) conn.simps(7) propo.distinct(23) wf-conn-helper-facts(7)
    wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
lemma no-T-F-symb-false[simp]:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FT :: 'v \ propo)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FF :: 'v \ propo)
    by (metis\ (no-types)\ conn.simps(1,2)\ wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff\ wf-conn-nullary)+
lemma no-T-F-symb-bool[simp]:
  fixes x :: 'v
  shows no-T-F-symb (FVar x)
  using no-T-F-symb-comp wf-conn-nullary by (metis connective distinct (3, 15) conn. simps (3)
    empty-iff\ list.set(1))
lemma no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp:
  \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi) \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF
```

```
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume n: \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb (FNot \varphi)
  assume \neg (\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF)
  then have \forall \varphi' \in set \ [\varphi]. \ \varphi' \neq FT \land \varphi' \neq FF \ by \ auto
  moreover have wf-conn CNot [\varphi] by simp
  ultimately have no-T-F-symb (FNot \varphi)
    using no-T-F-symb.intros by (metis conn.simps(4) connective.distinct(5,17))
  then show False using n by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-symb-fnot[simp]:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow \neg(\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF)
  using no-T-F-symb.simps no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp by (metis conn-inj-not(2) list.set-intros(1))
Actually it is not possible to remover every FT and FF: if the formula is equal to true or false,
we can not remove it.
inductive no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel where
no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true[simp]: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FT
no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false[simp]: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel\ FF
noTrue-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel[simp]: no-T-F-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bool:
  fixes x :: 'v
 shows no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar x)
 by simp
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom:
  \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FNot }\varphi)
 by simp
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi \neq FT and \varphi \neq FF and \psi \neq FT and \psi \neq FF
 and c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
  shows no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c [\varphi, \psi])
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) assms c conn.simps(4) list.discI noTrue-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel
    wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff no-T-F-symb-fnot set-ConsD wf-conn-binary wf-conn-helper-facts(1)
    wf-conn-list-decomp(1,2))
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}if\text{-}is\text{-}a\text{-}true\text{-}false:}
  fixes l :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
  assumes corr: wf-conn c l
  and FT \in set \ l \lor FF \in set \ l
  shows \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (conn c l)
  by (metis assms empty-iff no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.simps wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff set-empty
    wf-conn-list(1,2))
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-example[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes \varphi = FT \lor \psi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor \psi = FF
 shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FImp <math>\varphi \psi)
```

```
\neg no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FEq \varphi \psi)
  using assms no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false unfolding binary-connectives-def
    by (metis\ (no-types)\ conn.simps(5-8)\ insert-iff\ list.simps(14-15)\ wf-conn-helper-facts(5-8))+
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-not[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FNot <math>\varphi)
  by (simp add: assms no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.simps)
This is the local extension of no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.
definition no-T-F-except-top-level where
no-T-F-except-top-level \equiv all-subformula-st no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel
This is another property we will use. While this version might seem to be the one we want to
prove, it is not since FT can not be reduced.
definition no-T-F where
no\text{-}T\text{-}F \equiv all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-false:
  fixes l :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ c :: 'v \ connective
  assumes wf-conn c l
  and FT \in set \ l \lor FF \in set \ l
  shows \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (conn c l)
  by (simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp assms no-T-F-except-top-level-def
    no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false)
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-false-example[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \lor \psi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor \psi = FF
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no-T-F-except-top-level (FOr \varphi \psi)
    \neg no-T-F-except-top-level (FEq \varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FImp <math>\varphi \psi)
  by (metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi assms no-T-F-except-top-level-def
    no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-example)+
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel } \varphi \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \varphi
  by (induct rule: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.induct, auto)
The two following lemmas give the precise link between the two definitions.
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\ }\varphi \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\ \varphi
  unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def no-T-F-def apply (induct \varphi)
  using no-T-F-symb-fnot by fastforce+
lemma no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \varphi
  unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def no-T-F-def
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
```

```
unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by auto
lemma no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level'[simp]:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\ }\varphi\longleftrightarrow(\varphi=FF\vee\varphi=FT\vee no\text{-}T\text{-}F\ \varphi)
  \textbf{using} \ \textit{no-T-F-symb-except-tople} \textit{vel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb} \ \textit{no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level}
  by auto
lemma no-T-F-bin-decomp[simp]:
  assumes c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
  shows no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
proof -
  have wf: wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\varphi, \ \psi] \ \mathbf{using} \ c \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
  then have no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F-symb (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \land no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
    by (simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp no-T-F-def)
  then show no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
    \textbf{using} \ c \ \textit{wf all-subformula-st-decomp list.discI} \ \textit{no-T-F-def no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom}
      no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) wf-conn-helper-facts(2,3)
      wf-conn-list(1,2) by metis
qed
lemma no-T-F-bin-decomp-expanded[simp]:
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \lor c = CEq \lor c = CImp
  shows no-T-F (conn\ c\ [\varphi,\ \psi])\longleftrightarrow (no-T-F\ \varphi\land no-T-F\ \psi)
  using no-T-F-bin-decomp assms unfolding binary-connectives-def by blast
lemma no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \ \wedge \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
  using assms conn.simps(5-8) no-T-F-bin-decomp-expanded by (metis (no-types))+
lemma no-T-F-comp-not[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows no-T-F (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no-T-F \varphi
  by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def
    no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp)
lemma no-T-F-decomp:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi: no-T-F (FAnd \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FOr \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FEq \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FImp \varphi \psi)
  shows no-T-F \psi and no-T-F \varphi
  using assms by auto
lemma no-T-F-decomp-not:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi: no-T-F (FNot \varphi)
  shows no-T-F \varphi
  using assms by auto
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\text{-}simp[simp]:}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\text{-}}FF\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\text{-}}FT$

```
assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
  shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg \text{ no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel } \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. \text{ elimTB } \psi \psi'
proof (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi'(x))
  then have False using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false by auto
  then show ?case by blast
next
  case (unary \psi)
  then have \psi = FF \lor \psi = FT using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom by blast
  then show ?case using ElimTB5 ElimTB6 by blast
next
  case (binary \varphi' \psi 1 \psi 2)
 note IH1 = this(1) and IH2 = this(2) and \varphi' = this(3) and F\varphi = this(4) and n = this(5)
   assume \varphi' = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
   then have False using n F\varphi subformula-all-subformula-st assms
     by (metis\ (no-types)\ no-equiv-eq(1)\ no-equiv-def\ no-imp-Imp(1)\ no-imp-def)
   then have ?case by blast
  moreover {
   assume \varphi': \varphi' = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
   then have \psi 1 = FT \vee \psi 2 = FT \vee \psi 1 = FF \vee \psi 2 = FF
     using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom conn.simps(5,6) n unfolding binary-connectives-def
     by fastforce+
   then have ?case using elimTB.intros \varphi' by blast
  }
 ultimately show ?case using \varphi' by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-rew:
 fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes noTB: \neg no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi and no-imp: no-imp
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land e lim TB \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary: <math>\forall x. no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FF:: 'v propo)
    \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FT \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar (x:: 'v)) by auto
    fix c:: 'v connective and l :: 'v propo list and \psi :: 'v propo
    have H: elimTB \ (conn \ c \ l) \ \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel \ (conn \ c \ l)}
      by (cases (conn c l) rule: elimTB.cases, auto)
  }
  moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
    have H': no-T-F-except-top-level FT no-T-F-except-top-level FF
      no-T-F-except-top-level (FVar x)
      by (auto simp: no-T-F-except-top-level-def test-symb-false-nullary)
  }
 moreover {
    fix \psi
    have \psi \prec \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel }\psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. elimTB \psi \psi'
      using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists no-equiv no-imp by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using no-test-symb-step-exists noTB unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by blast
```

```
lemma elimTB-inv:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elim TB) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi
proof -
  {
     \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
     have H: elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elimTB.induct, auto)
  }
  then show no-equiv \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elimTB no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi]
      no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization assms unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
next
  {
     fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
     have H: elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elimTB.induct, auto)
  then show no-imp \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elimTB no-imp-symb \varphi \psi] assms
      no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def by metis
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ elimTB-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and full (propo-rew-step elimTB) \varphi \psi
  shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-T-F-except-top-level-rew assms elimTB-inv by fastforce
8.4
        PushNeg
Push the negation inside the formula, until the litteral.
inductive pushNeg where
PushNeg1[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi)) (FOr (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
PushNeg2[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FOr \varphi \psi)) (FAnd (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
PushNeg3[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FNot \varphi)) \varphi
{\bf lemma}\ push Neg-transformation-consistent:
A \models FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow A \models (FOr (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
A \models FNot (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow A \models (FAnd (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
A \models FNot (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow A \models \varphi
 by auto
lemma pushNeg-explicit: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
lemma pushNeg-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushNeg
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: pushNeq-explicit)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{pushNeg-lifted-consistant} \colon
preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step pushNeg))
  by (simp add: pushNeg-consistent)
fun simple where
simple FT = True \mid
simple FF = True
simple (FVar -) = True \mid
simple -= False
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple\text{-}decomp:
  simple \ \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor (\exists x. \ \varphi = FVar \ x))
 by (cases \varphi) auto
lemma subformula-conn-decomp-simple:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes s: simple \psi
 shows \varphi \leq FNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ \psi \lor \varphi = \psi)
proof -
  have \varphi \leq conn \ CNot \ [\psi] \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ CNot \ [\psi] \lor (\exists \ \psi \in set \ [\psi]. \ \varphi \leq \psi))
    using subformula-conn-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(1) by metis
  then show \varphi \leq FNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ \psi \lor \varphi = \psi) using s by (auto simple decomp)
qed
lemma subformula-conn-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo \ {\bf and} \ x :: 'v
 shows
    \varphi \leq FNot \ FT \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ FT \lor \varphi = FT)
    \varphi \leq FNot \ FF \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ FF \lor \varphi = FF)
    \varphi \leq FNot \ (FVar \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ (FVar \ x) \lor \varphi = FVar \ x)
  by (auto simp: subformula-conn-decomp-simple)
fun simple-not-symb where
simple-not-symb \ (FNot \ \varphi) = (simple \ \varphi) \ |
simple-not-symb - = True
definition simple-not where
simple-not = all-subformula-st\ simple-not-symb
declare simple-not-def[simp]
lemma simple-not-Not[simp]:
  \neg simple-not (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi))
  \neg simple-not (FNot (FOr \varphi \psi))
 by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-not-step-exists:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
 shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. pushNeg \psi \psi'
 apply (induct \psi, auto)
  apply (rename-tac \psi, case-tac \psi, auto intro: pushNeg.intros)
  by (metis\ assms(1,2)\ no-imp-Imp(1)\ no-equiv-eq(1)\ no-imp-def\ no-equiv-def
    subformula-in-subformula-not\ subformula-all-subformula-st)+
```

```
lemma simple-not-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg simple-not \varphi and no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi and no-imp: no-imp \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land pushNeg \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have \forall x. \ simple-not-symb \ (FF:: 'v \ propo) \land simple-not-symb \ FT \land simple-not-symb \ (FVar \ (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
     fix c:: 'v connective and l :: 'v propo list and \psi :: 'v propo
     have H: pushNeg (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb (conn c l)
       by (cases (conn c l) rule: pushNeg.cases) auto
  }
  moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     have H': simple-not FT simple-not FF simple-not (FVar x)
       by simp-all
  moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
     have \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. pushNeg \psi \psi'
       using simple-not-step-exists no-equiv no-imp by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis using no-test-symb-step-exists noTB unfolding simple-not-def by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg1:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FNot (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)) \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FOr (FNot <math>\varphi))
  \mathbf{using} \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}comp\text{-}not \ no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}decomp(1) 
    no-T-F-decomp(2) no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by (metis\ no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit(2)
      propo.distinct(5,17))
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg2:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FNot (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)) \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FAnd (FNot <math>\varphi)) (FNot \psi))
  by auto
lemma no-T-F-symb-pushNeq:
  no-T-F-symb (FOr (FNot \varphi') (FNot \psi'))
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FAnd \ (FNot \ \varphi') \ (FNot \ \psi'))
  no-T-F-symb (FNot (FNot \varphi'))
  by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F-symb:
  propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb \psi
  apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  apply (cases rule: pushNeg.cases)
  apply \ simp-all
  apply (metis\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}pushNeg(1))
  apply (metis\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}pushNeg(2))
  apply (simp, metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def)
  fix \varphi \varphi':: 'a propo and c:: 'a connective and \xi \xi':: 'a propo list
  assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \varphi'
  and IH: no-T-F \varphi \implies no-T-F-symb \varphi \implies no-T-F-symb \varphi'
  and wf: wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
  and n: conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = FF \lor conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = FT \lor no-T-F \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
```

```
and x: c \neq CF \land c \neq CT \land \varphi \neq FF \land \varphi \neq FT \land (\forall \psi \in set \ \xi \cup set \ \xi'. \ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT)
    then have c \neq CF \land c \neq CF \land wf\text{-}conn\ c\ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
       using wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-no-arity-change by metis
    moreover have n': no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi # \xi')) using n by (simp add: wf wf-conn-list(1,2))
    moreover
    {
       have no-T-F \varphi
            by (metis Un-iff all-subformula-st-decomp list.set-intros(1) n' wf no-T-F-def set-append)
       moreover then have no-T-F-symb \varphi
            by (simp add: all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def)
       ultimately have \varphi' \neq FF \land \varphi' \neq FT
            using IH no-T-F-symb-false(1) no-T-F-symb-false(2) by blast
       then have \forall \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT \ using \ x \ by \ auto
    ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by (simp add: x)
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-pushNeq-no-T-F:
    propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
    case global-rel
    then show ?case
        \mathbf{by} \ (metis \ (no\text{-}types, \ lifting) \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-
            no-T-F-def\ no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg1\ no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg2
            no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level \ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) \ pushNeg.simps
            simple.simps(1,2,5,6))
next
    case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
   note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
    moreover have wf': wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
       using wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf by metis
    ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
       using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi
       by (fastforce simp: no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp wf wf')
qed
lemma pushNeg-inv:
    fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   assumes full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi \psi
   and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
   shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
    {
       fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
       assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi
       and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
       then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
           proof -
                    assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
                    from rel this have False
                       apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
                            using pushNeg.cases apply blast
                       using wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) by auto
```

```
then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       moreover {
          assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
          then have no-T-F \varphi
           by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
          then have no-T-F \psi
            using propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F rel by auto
          then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       }
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
      qed
  }
 moreover {
     fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
     assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \zeta \zeta'
     and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
     and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
     and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
     and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
     have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        \mathbf{using}\ corr\ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(1)\ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(2)\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F
        by blast
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
       from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: pushNeg.cases, auto)
        by (metis assms(4) no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-not no-T-F-except-top-level-def
           all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi subformula-in-subformula-not
           subformula-all-subformula-st\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1)
           wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change)+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        by (metis corr no-T-F-symb-comp wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
    \mathbf{qed}
  }
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc[of pushNeq no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi] assms
      subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def full-unfold by metis
next
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
  then show no-equiv \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of pushNeg no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi]
   no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization assms unfolding no-equiv-def full-unfold by metis
next
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
```

```
have H: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
  then show no-imp \psi
    using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of pushNeg no-imp-symb \varphi \psi] assms
      no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def full-unfold by metis
qed
lemma pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
    no-equiv \varphi and
    no\text{-}imp\ \varphi\ \mathbf{and}
    full (propo-rew-step pushNeq) \varphi \psi and
    no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi
  shows simple-not \psi
  using assms full-propo-rew-step-subformula pushNeq-inv(1,2) simple-not-rew by blast
8.5
        Push inside
inductive push-conn-inside :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool
  for c c':: 'v connective where
push-conn-inside-l[simp]: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  \implies push\text{-}conn\text{-}inside\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\ \varphi 2],\ \psi])
        (conn\ c'\ [conn\ c\ [\varphi 1,\ \psi],\ conn\ c\ [\varphi 2,\ \psi]])\ |
\textit{push-conn-inside-r[simp]: } c = \textit{CAnd} \ \lor \ c = \textit{COr} \Longrightarrow c' = \textit{CAnd} \ \lor \ c' = \textit{COr}
  \implies push\text{-}conn\text{-}inside\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ conn\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\ \varphi 2]])
    (conn\ c'\ [conn\ c\ [\psi, \varphi 1],\ conn\ c\ [\psi, \varphi 2]])
lemma push-conn-inside-explicit: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
 by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
lemma push-conn-inside-consistent: preserves-un-sat (push-conn-inside c c')
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-explicit)
lemma propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside[simp]:
 \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FT \psi \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FF \psi
 proof -
  {
    {
      have push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT\ \lor \varphi = FF \Longrightarrow False
        by (induct rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
    \} note H = this
    fix \varphi
    have propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \Longrightarrow False
      apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2))
      using H by blast+
  }
 then show
    \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FT \psi
     \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FF \psi by blast+
qed
```

```
inductive not-c-in-c'-symb:: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for c c' where
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}l[simp]: wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \varphi'], \ \psi] \implies wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \varphi']
  \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi,\ \varphi'],\ \psi])\ |
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}r[simp]: wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\psi, conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \varphi']] \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \varphi']
  \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ conn\ c'\ [\varphi,\ \varphi']])
abbreviation c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi \equiv \neg not-c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
lemma c-in-c'-symb-simp:
  not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \xi \Longrightarrow \xi = FF\ \lor\ \xi = FT\ \lor\ \xi = FVar\ x\ \lor\ \xi = FNot\ FF\ \lor\ \xi = FNot\ FT
    \vee \xi = FNot (FVar x) \Longrightarrow False
  apply (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct, auto simp: wf-conn.simps wf-conn-list(1-3))
  using conn-inj-not(2) wf-conn-binary unfolding binary-connectives-def by fastforce+
lemma c-in-c'-symb-simp'[simp]:
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ FF
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ FT
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ x)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ FF)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ FT)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ (FVar\ x))
  using c-in-c'-symb-simp by metis+
definition c-in-c'-only where
c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c\ c' \equiv all\text{-subformula-st }(c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c')
lemma c-in-c'-only-simp[simp]:
  c-in-c'-only c c' FF
  c-in-c'-only c c' FT
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FVar x)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot FF)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot FT)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot (FVar x))
  unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
lemma not-c-in-c'-symb-commute:
  not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \xi \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn\ c\ [\varphi,\,\psi] \Longrightarrow \xi = conn\ c\ [\varphi,\,\psi]
     \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi])
proof (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
  case (not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}r\ \varphi'\ \varphi''\ \psi') note H=this
  then have \psi: \psi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi'', \psi'] using conn-inj by auto
  have wf-conn c [conn c' [\varphi'', \psi'], \varphi]
    using H(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change length-Cons by metis
  then show not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
    unfolding \psi using not-c-in-c'-symb.intros(1) H by auto
next
  case (not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}l\ \varphi'\ \varphi''\ \psi') note H=this
  then have \varphi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi', \varphi''] using conn-inj by auto
  moreover have wf-conn c [\psi', conn \ c' \ [\varphi', \varphi'']]
    using H(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change length-Cons by metis
  ultimately show not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
    using not-c-in-c'-symb.intros(2) conn-inj not-c-in-c'-symb-l.hyps
```

```
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}l.prems(1,2) by blast
qed
lemma not-c-in-c'-symb-commute':
  wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi] \implies c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
  using not-c-in-c'-symb-commute wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis length-Cons)
lemma not-c-in-c'-comm:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
  shows c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi]) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
  have ?A \longleftrightarrow (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ (conn \ c \ [\varphi, \psi])
                \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\varphi, \psi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by fastforce
  also have ... \longleftrightarrow (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi])
                     \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\psi, \varphi]. \ all-subformula-st \ (c-in-c'-symb \ c \ c') \ \xi))
    using not-c-in-c'-symb-commute' wf by auto
    have wf-conn c [\psi, \varphi] using wf-conn-no-arity-change wf by (metis length-Cons)
    then have (c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi])
              \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\psi, \varphi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
      using all-subformula-st-decomp unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by fastforce
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma not-c-in-c'-simp[simp]:
  fixes \varphi 1 \varphi 2 \psi :: 'v \text{ propo} \text{ and } x :: 'v
  shows
  c-in-c'-symb c c' FT
  c-in-c'-symb c c' FF
  c-in-c'-symb c c' (FVar x)
  wf-conn c [conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2], \psi] \Longrightarrow wf-conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
    \implies \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\ \varphi 2],\ \psi])
  apply (simp-all add: c-in-c'-only-def)
  using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi not-c-in-c'-symb-l by blast
lemma c-in-c'-symb-not[simp]:
  fixes c c' :: 'v connective and \psi :: 'v propo
  shows c-in-c'-symb c c' (FNot \psi)
proof -
  {
    fix \xi :: 'v propo
    have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (FNot \psi) \Longrightarrow False
      apply (induct FNot \psi rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
      using conn-inj-not(2) by blast+
 then show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma c-in-c'-symb-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists\ \psi'.\ push\text{-conn-inside }c\ c'\ \psi\ \psi'
  apply (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
```

```
apply auto[2]
proof -
  fix \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
  assume IH\psi 1: \psi 1 \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow Ex \ (push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi 1)
  and IH\psi 2: \psi 1 \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow Ex \ (push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi 1)
  and \varphi': \varphi' = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
  and in\varphi: \varphi' \preceq \varphi and n\theta: \neg c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \varphi'
  then have n: not-c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi' by auto
    assume \varphi': \varphi' = conn \ c \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]
    obtain a b where \psi 1 = conn \ c' [a, b] \lor \psi 2 = conn \ c' [a, b]
      using n \varphi' apply (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
      using c by force+
    then have Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi')
      unfolding \varphi' apply auto
      using push-conn-inside.intros(1) c c' apply blast
      using push-conn-inside.intros(2) c c' by blast
  }
  moreover {
     assume \varphi': \varphi' \neq conn \ c \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]
     have \forall \varphi \ c \ ca. \ \exists \varphi 1 \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \psi 1' \ \psi 2' \ \varphi 2'. \ conn \ (c::'v \ connective) \ [\varphi 1, \ conn \ ca \ [\psi 1, \ \psi 2]] = \varphi
               \vee conn c [conn ca [\psi 1', \psi 2'], \varphi 2'] = \varphi \vee c-in-c'-symb c ca \varphi
       by (metis not-c-in-c'-symb.cases)
     then have Ex\ (push\text{-}conn\text{-}inside\ c\ c'\ \varphi')
       by (metis (no-types) c c' n push-conn-inside-l push-conn-inside-r)
  ultimately show Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi') by blast
qed
lemma c-in-c'-symb-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}only\ c\ c'\ \varphi
  and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x. \ c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ (FF:: 'v \ propo) \land c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ FT
      \land c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb}\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ (x::\ 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
    have H': c-in-c'-symb c c' FT c-in-c'-symb c c' FF c-in-c'-symb c c' (FVar x)
      by simp+
  }
  moreover {
    fix \psi :: 'v \ propo
    have \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists\ \psi'.\ push\text{-conn-inside }c\ c'\ \psi\ \psi'
      by (auto simp: assms(2) c' c-in-c'-symb-step-exists)
  ultimately show ?thesis using noTB no-test-symb-step-exists[of c-in-c'-symb c c']
    unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by metis
qed
```

lemma push-conn-insidec-in-c'-symb-no-T-F:

```
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case (global-rel \varphi \psi)
 then show no-T-F \psi
   by (cases rule: push-conn-inside.cases, auto)
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
 note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
 have no-T-F \varphi
   \textbf{using} \ \textit{wf no-T-F} \ \textit{no-T-F-def subformula-into-subformula subformula-all-subformula-st}
   subformula-refl by (metis (no-types) in-set-conv-decomp)
  then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi' using IH by blast
 have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta by (metis wf no-T-F no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp)
 then have n: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ no-T-F \ \zeta \ using \ \varphi' \ by \ auto
  then have n': \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FF \land \zeta \neq FT
   using \varphi' by (metis\ no-T-F-symb-false(1)\ no-T-F-symb-false(2)\ no-T-F-def
     all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi)
 have wf': wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
   using wf wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
   assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
   then have False using wf by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by blast
  }
 moreover {
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have \xi = [] \xi' = [] using wf by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     using c by (metis \varphi' conn.simps(4) no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-symb-fnot no-T-F-def
       all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi self-append-conv2)
  }
 moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using wf' n' no-T-F-symb.simps by fastforce
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-imp wf' n no-T-F-def)
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using connective-cases-arity by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv:
propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \implies simple \varphi \implies simple \psi
 apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 apply (rename-tac \varphi, case-tac \varphi, auto simp: push-conn-inside.simps)[]
 by (metis append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1) simple.elims(2) wf-conn-list(1-3))
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-propo-rew-step-inv-push-conn-inside-simple-not:
 fixes c c' :: 'v connective and \varphi \psi :: 'v propo
 shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \implies simple-not \varphi \implies simple-not \psi
```

```
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case (global-rel \varphi \psi)
 then show ?case by (cases \varphi, auto simp: push-conn-inside.simps)
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' ca \xi \xi') note rew = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3)
  and simple = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (cases ca rule: connective-cases-arity)
     case nullary
     then show ?thesis using propo-rew-one-step-lift by auto
   next
     case binary note ca = this
     obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, b]
       using wf ca list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length
       by (metis (no-types) wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
     have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). simple-not \zeta
       by (metis wf all-subformula-st-decomp simple simple-not-def)
     then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'). simple-not \zeta using IH by simp
     moreover have simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' # \xi')) using ca
     by (metis\ ab\ conn.simps(5-8)\ helper-fact\ simple-not-symb.simps(5)\ simple-not-symb.simps(6)
        simple-not-symb.simps(7) simple-not-symb.simps(8))
     ultimately show ?thesis
       by (simp add: ab all-subformula-st-decomp ca)
   \mathbf{next}
     case unary
     then show ?thesis
        using rew simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv[OF rew] IH local.wf simple by auto
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-simple-not:
 fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
 assumes
   propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi' and
   wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') and
   simple-not-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) and
   simple-not-symb \varphi'
 shows simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
 using assms
proof (induction rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
print-cases
 case (global-rel)
 then show ?case
   by (metis conn.simps(12,17) list.discI push-conn-inside.cases simple-not-symb.elims(3)
     wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-list(2) wf-conn-list(8) wf-conn-no-arity-change
     wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c' \chi s \chi s') note tel = this(1) and wf = this(2) and
   IH = this(3) and wf' = this(4) and simple' = this(5) and simple = this(6)
 then show ?case
   proof (cases c' rule: connective-cases-arity)
     case nullary
     then show ?thesis using wf simple simple' by auto
     case binary note c = this(1)
```

```
have corr': wf-conn c (\xi @ conn c' (\chi s @ \varphi' # \chi s') # \xi')
       \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{wf-wf-conn-no-arity-change}
       by (metis wf' wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
     then show ?thesis
       using c propo-rew-one-step-lift wf
       by (metis conn.simps(17) connective.distinct(37) propo-rew-step-subformula-imp
         push-conn-inside.cases\ simple-not-symb.elims(3)\ wf-conn.simps\ wf-conn-list(2,8))
   next
     case unary
     then have empty: \chi s = [] \chi s' = [] using wf by auto
     then show ?thesis using simple unary simple' wf wf'
       by (metis connective.distinct(37) connective.distinct(39) propo-rew-step-subformula-imp
         push-conn-inside.cases\ simple-not-symb.elims(3)\ tel\ wf-conn-list(8)
         wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma push-conn-inside-not-true-false:
  push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow \psi \neq FT\ \land\ \psi \neq FF
  by (induct rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
lemma push-conn-inside-inv:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c\ c')) \varphi\ \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
proof -
  {
       \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
       have H: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
         \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \psi
         by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
     \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \psi
     apply (induct \varphi \psi rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
     using H apply simp
     proof (rename-tac \varphi \varphi' ca \psi s \psi s', case-tac ca rule: connective-cases-arity)
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } c:: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi':: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x:: 'v
       assume wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
       then have \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [] by auto
       then have False by auto
       then show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by blast
     next
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } ca:: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi':: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x :: 'v
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
       and \varphi - \varphi': all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
       and corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and n: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
```

```
and c: ca = CNot
     have empty: \xi = [ ] \xi' = [ ] using c corr by auto
     then have simple-not:all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (FNot \varphi) using corr c n by auto
     then have simple \varphi
       using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi simple-not-symb.simps(1) by blast
     then have simple \varphi'
       using rel simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv by blast
     then show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty
       by (metis simple-not \varphi-\varphi' append-Nil conn.simps(4) all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)
         simple-not-symb.simps(1))
   next
     fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } ca :: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list}
     and x :: 'v
     assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
     and n\varphi: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
     and corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
     and n: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
     and c: ca \in binary\text{-}connectives
     have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
       using n c corr all-subformula-st-decomp by fastforce
     then have \varphi': all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi' using n\varphi by blast
     obtain a b where ab: [a, b] = (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       using corr c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
     then have \xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi'] \lor (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi') = [\varphi', b]
       using ab by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2
         append-is-Nil-conv\ butlast.simps(2)\ butlast-append\ list.sel(3)\ tl-append2)
     moreover
     {
        fix \chi :: 'v \ propo
        have wf': wf-conn ca [a, b]
          using ab corr by presburger
        have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca [a, b])
          using ab n by presburger
        then have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \chi \vee \chi \notin set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
          using wf' by (metis (no-types) \varphi' all-subformula-st-decomp calculation insert-iff
            list.set(2)
     then have \forall \varphi. \ \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st simple-not-symb} \ \varphi
         by (metis (no-types))
     moreover have simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' # \xi'))
       using ab conn-inj-not(1) corr wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-no-arity-change
         not	ext{-}Cons	ext{-}self2 \ self	ext{-}append	ext{-}conv2 \ simple	ext{-}not	ext{-}symb.elims(3) \ \mathbf{by} \ (metis \ (no	ext{-}types) \ c
         calculation(1) wf-conn-binary)
     moreover have wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') using c calculation(1) by auto
     ultimately show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
       by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-imp)
   \mathbf{qed}
moreover {
  fix ca :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \varphi \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
  have propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
    \implies simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \implies simple-not-symb \varphi'
```

}

```
\implies simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
      by (metis append-self-conv2 conn.simps(4) conn-inj-not(1) simple-not-symb.elims(3)
        simple-not-symb.simps(1) simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv
        wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  ultimately show simple-not \ \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of push-conn-inside c c' simple-not-symb] assms
   unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def simple-not-def full-unfold by metis
next
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
      \implies no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi
       and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
       then have no-T-F \varphi \vee \varphi = FF \vee \varphi = FT
         by (metis no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
       moreover {
         assume \varphi = FF \vee \varphi = FT
         then have False using rel propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       }
       moreover {
         assume no-T-F \varphi \land \varphi \neq FF \land \varphi \neq FT
         then have no-T-F \psi using rel push-conn-insidec-in-c'-symb-no-T-F by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi using no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by blast
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
     qed
  }
 moreover {
    fix ca :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \varphi \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
    assume corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
    then have c: ca \neq CT \land ca \neq CF by auto
    assume no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have c: ca \neq CT \land ca \neq CF using corr by auto
      have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF
        using corr no-T-F no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false by blast
      then have \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF by auto
      from rel this have \varphi' \neq FT \land \varphi' \neq FF
        apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        by (metis\ append-is-Nil-conv\ conn.simps(2)\ conn-inj\ list.distinct(1)
          wf-conn-helper-facts(3) wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change
          wf\text{-}conn\text{-}no\text{-}arity\text{-}change\text{-}helper\ push\text{-}conn\text{-}inside\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}false) +
      then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF \ using \ \zeta \ by \ auto
      moreover have wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
        using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using no-T-F-symb intros c by metis
    qed
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
```

```
assms unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def full-unfold by metis
next
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \implies no-equiv \varphi \implies no-equiv \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
  then show no-equiv \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of push-conn-inside c c' no-equiv-symb] assms
   no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
next
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
  then show no-imp \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of push-conn-inside c c' no-imp-symb] assms
    no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def by metis
qed
lemma push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c')) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
   simple-not \varphi and
   c = CAnd \lor c = COr and
   c' = \mathit{CAnd} \lor c' = \mathit{COr}
  shows c-in-c'-only c c' \psi
  using c-in-c'-symb-rew assms full-propo-rew-step-subformula by blast
          Only one type of connective in the formula (+ \text{ not})
8.5.1
inductive only-c-inside-symb :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for c:: 'v connective where
simple-only-c-inside[simp]: simple \varphi \implies only-c-inside-symb \ c \ \varphi \ |
simple-cnot-only-c-inside[simp]: simple \varphi \implies only-c-inside-symb \ c \ (FNot \ \varphi)
only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside: wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow only-c-inside-symb c \ (conn \ c \ l)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-simp[simp]:
  only-c-inside-symb c FF only-c-inside-symb c FT only-c-inside-symb c (FVar x) by auto
definition only-c-inside where only-c-inside c = all-subformula-st (only-c-inside-symb c)
{f lemma} only-c-inside-symb-decomp:
  only-c-inside-symb c \psi \longleftrightarrow (simple \psi)
                              \vee (\exists \varphi'. \psi = FNot \varphi' \wedge simple \varphi')
                              \vee (\exists l. \ \psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l))
```

using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of push-conn-inside c c' no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel]

```
by (auto simp: only-c-inside-symb.intros(3)) (induct rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-decomp-not[simp]:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective
 assumes c: c \neq CNot
 shows only-c-inside-symb c (FNot \psi) \longleftrightarrow simple \psi
 apply (auto simp: only-c-inside-symb.intros(3))
 by (induct FNot \psi rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(8) c)
lemma only-c-inside-decomp-not[simp]:
  assumes c: c \neq CNot
 shows only-c-inside c (FNot \psi) \longleftrightarrow simple \psi
  by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) all-subformula-st-def all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c
    only\text{-}c\text{-}inside\text{-}def \ only\text{-}c\text{-}inside\text{-}symb\text{-}decomp\text{-}not \ simple\text{-}only\text{-}c\text{-}inside}
   subformula-conn-decomp-simple)
lemma only-c-inside-decomp:
  only-c-inside c \varphi \longleftrightarrow
   (\forall \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow (simple \ \psi \lor (\exists \ \varphi'. \ \psi = FNot \ \varphi' \land simple \ \varphi')
                   \vee (\exists l. \ \psi = conn \ c \ l \wedge wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l)))
  unfolding only-c-inside-def by (auto simp: all-subformula-st-def only-c-inside-symb-decomp)
lemma only-c-inside-c-c'-false:
  fixes c\ c':: 'v\ connective\ {\bf and}\ l:: 'v\ propo\ list\ {\bf and}\ \varphi:: 'v\ propo
  assumes cc': c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  and only: only-c-inside c \varphi and incl: conn c' l \preceq \varphi and wf: wf-conn c' l
 shows False
proof -
 let ?\psi = conn \ c' \ l
 have simple ?\psi \lor (\exists \varphi'. ?\psi = FNot \varphi' \land simple \varphi') \lor (\exists l. ?\psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l)
   using only-c-inside-decomp only incl by blast
  moreover have \neg simple ?\psi
   using wf simple-decomp by (metis c' connective distinct (19) connective distinct (7,9,21,29,31)
      wf-conn-list(1-3)
  moreover
    {
      fix \varphi'
     have ?\psi \neq FNot \varphi' using c' conn-inj-not(1) wf by blast
  ultimately obtain l: 'v propo list where ?\psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l by metis
  then have c = c' using conn-inj wf by metis
  then show False using cc' by auto
qed
lemma only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-symb:
 assumes \delta: c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
 apply (rule ccontr)
  apply (cases rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.cases, auto)
  by (metis \delta c c' connective distinct (37,39) list distinct (1) only-c-inside-c-c'-false
   subformula-in-binary-conn(1,2) wf-conn.simps)+
lemma c-in-c'-symb-decomp-level1:
  fixes l :: 'v \text{ propo list } and c \text{ } c' \text{ } ca :: 'v \text{ } connective
```

```
shows wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca \neq c \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l)
proof -
 have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l) \Longrightarrow wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca = c
   by (induct conn ca l rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct, auto simp: conn-inj)
 then show wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca \neq c \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l) by blast
qed
lemma only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-only:
 assumes \delta: c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi
 unfolding c-in-c'-only-def all-subformula-st-def
 using only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-symb
   by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1) c c' only-c-inside-def subformula-trans)
lemma c-in-c'-symb-c-implies-only-c-inside:
 assumes \delta: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \ c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr \ c \neq c' \ and \ wf: wf-conn c \ [\varphi, \psi]
 and inv: no-equiv (conn c l) no-imp (conn c l) simple-not (conn c l)
 shows wf-conn c \ l \implies c-in-c'-only c \ c' \ (conn \ c \ l) \implies (\forall \ \psi \in set \ l. \ only-c-inside c \ \psi)
using inv
proof (induct conn c l arbitrary: l rule: propo-induct-arity)
 case (nullary x)
 then show ?case by (auto simp: wf-conn-list assms)
next
 case (unary \varphi la)
 then have c = CNot \wedge la = [\varphi] by (metis (no-types) wf-conn-list(8))
 then show ?case using assms(2) assms(1) by blast
next
 case (binary \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
 note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and \varphi = this(3) and only = this(5) and wf = this(4)
   and no-equiv = this(6) and no-imp = this(7) and simple-not = this(8)
  then have l: l = [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] by (meson \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(4-7))
 let ?\varphi = conn \ c \ l
 obtain c1 l1 c2 l2 where \varphi1: \varphi1 = conn c1 l1 and wf\varphi1: wf-conn c1 l1
   and \varphi 2: \varphi 2 = conn \ c2 \ l2 and wf \varphi 2: wf-conn \ c2 \ l2 using exists-c-conn by metis
  then have c-in-only \varphi 1: c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c1 l1) and c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c2 l2)
   using only l unfolding c-in-c'-only-def using assms(1) by auto
 have inc\varphi 1: \varphi 1 \leq ?\varphi and inc\varphi 2: \varphi 2 \leq ?\varphi
   using \varphi 1 \varphi 2 \varphi local wf by (metric conn.simps(5-8) helper-fact subformula-in-binary-conn(1,2))+
 have c1-eq: c1 \neq CEq and c2-eq: c2 \neq CEq
   unfolding no-equiv-def using inc\varphi 1 inc\varphi 2 by (metis \varphi 1 \varphi 2 wf\varphi 1 wf\varphi 2 assms(1) no-equiv
     no-equiv-eq(1) no-equiv-symb.elims(3) no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization wf-conn-list(4,5)
     no-equiv-def subformula-all-subformula-st)+
 have c1-imp: c1 \neq CImp and c2-imp: c2 \neq CImp
   using no-imp by (metis \varphi 1 \varphi 2 all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-imp(2,3) assms(1)
     conn.simps(5,6) l no-imp-Imp(1) no-imp-symb.elims(3) no-imp-symb-conn-characterization
     wf\varphi 1 \ wf\varphi 2 \ all-subformula-st-decomp no-imp-symb-conn-characterization)+
 have c1c: c1 \neq c'
   proof
     assume c1c: c1 = c'
     then obtain \xi 1 \ \xi 2 where l1: l1 = [\xi 1, \xi 2]
       by (metis assms(2) connective.distinct(37,39) helper-fact wf\varphi 1 wf-conn.simps
```

```
wf-conn-list-decomp(1-3))
    have c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [conn c' l1, \varphi 2]) using c1c l only \varphi 1 by auto
    moreover have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [conn c' l1, \varphi 2])
      using l1 \varphi 1 c1c l local.wf not-c-in-c'-symb-l wf \varphi 1 by blast
    ultimately show False using \varphi 1 c1c l l1 local.wf not-c-in-c'-simp(4) wf\varphi 1 by blast
 qed
then have (\varphi 1 = conn \ c \ l1 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l1) \lor (\exists \psi 1. \ \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1) \lor simple \ \varphi 1
  by (metis \ \varphi 1 \ assms(1-3) \ c1-eq c1-imp simple.elims(3) \ wf \varphi 1 \ wf-conn-list(4) wf-conn-list(5-7))
moreover {
  assume \varphi 1 = conn \ c \ l1 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l1
  then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
    by (metis IH\varphi 1 \varphi 1 all-subformula-st-decomp-imp inc\varphi 1 no-equiv no-equiv-def no-imp no-imp-def
      c\text{-}in\text{-}only\varphi 1 \ only\text{-}c\text{-}inside\text{-}def \ only\text{-}c\text{-}inside\text{-}into\text{-}only\text{-}c\text{-}inside \ simple\text{-}not \ simple\text{-}not\text{-}def}
      subformula-all-subformula-st)
}
moreover {
  assume \exists \psi 1. \varphi 1 = FNot \psi 1
  then obtain \psi 1 where \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1 by metis
  then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
    by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1) connective.distinct(37,39) inc\varphi 1
      only-c-inside-decomp-not simple-not-def simple-not-symb.simps(1))
}
moreover {
  assume simple \varphi 1
  then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
    by (metis\ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)\ assms(1)\ connective.distinct(37,39)
      only-c-inside-decomp-not only-c-inside-def)
ultimately have only\text{-}c\text{-}inside\varphi 1: only\text{-}c\text{-}inside\ c\ \varphi 1\ by metis
have c-in-only\varphi 2: c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c2 l2)
  using only l \varphi 2 wf \varphi 2 assms unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
have c2c: c2 \neq c'
  proof
    assume c2c: c2 = c'
    then obtain \xi 1 \ \xi 2 where l2: l2 = [\xi 1, \xi 2]
     by (metis assms(2) wf\varphi 2 wf-conn.simps connective.distinct(7,9,19,21,29,31,37,39))
    then have c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [<math>\varphi 1, conn c' l2])
      using c2c l only \varphi2 all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
    moreover have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [<math>\varphi 1, conn c' l2])
      using assms(1) c2c l2 not-c-in-c'-symb-r wf\varphi 2 wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6) by metis
    ultimately show False by auto
  qed
then have (\varphi 2 = conn \ c \ l2 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l2) \lor (\exists \psi 2. \ \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2) \lor simple \ \varphi 2
  using c2-eq by (metis\ \varphi 2\ assms(1-3)\ c2-eq c2-imp simple.elims(3)\ wf\varphi 2\ wf-conn-list(4-7))
moreover {
  assume \varphi 2 = conn \ c \ l2 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l2
  then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
    by (metis IH\varphi 2 \varphi 2 all-subformula-st-decomp inc\varphi 2 no-equiv no-equiv-def no-imp no-imp-def
      c-in-only\varphi 2 only-c-inside-def only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside simple-not simple-not-def
      subformula-all-subformula-st)
}
moreover {
  assume \exists \psi 2. \ \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2
  then obtain \psi 2 where \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2 by metis
```

```
then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1-3) connective.distinct(38,40) inc\varphi 2
      only\-c-inside\-decomp\-not\ simple\-not\-def\ simple\-not\-symb\-simps(1))
 }
 moreover {
   assume simple \varphi 2
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
     by (metis\ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)\ assms(1)\ connective.distinct(37,39)
      only-c-inside-decomp-not only-c-inside-def)
 }
 ultimately have only-c-inside \varphi 2: only-c-inside \varphi \varphi 2 by metis
 show ?case using l only-c-inside\varphi 1 only-c-inside\varphi 2 by auto
qed
        Push Conjunction
8.5.2
definition pushConj where pushConj = push-conn-inside CAnd COr
lemma pushConj-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushConj
 unfolding pushConj-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-consistent)
definition and-in-or-symb where and-in-or-symb = c-in-c'-symb CAnd COr
definition and-in-or-only where
and-in-or-only = all-subformula-st (c-in-c'-symb CAnd\ COr)
\mathbf{lemma}\ pushConj-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushConj) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
 using push-conn-inside-inv assms unfolding pushConj-def by metis+
lemma push Conj-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step pushConj) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
   simple-not \varphi
 shows and-in-or-only \psi
 using assms push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step
 unfolding pushConj-def and-in-or-only-def c-in-c'-only-def by (metis (no-types))
8.5.3 Push Disjunction
definition pushDisj where pushDisj = push-conn-inside COr CAnd
lemma pushDisj-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushDisj
 unfolding pushDisj-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-consistent)
definition or-in-and-symb where or-in-and-symb = c-in-c'-symb COr\ CAnd
definition or-in-and-only where
```

```
lemma not-or-in-and-only-or-and[simp]:
  \sim or-in-and-only (FOr (FAnd \psi 1 \ \psi 2) \ \varphi')
  unfolding or-in-and-only-def
 by (metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi conn.simps(5-6) not-c-in-c'-symb-l
   wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-helper-facts(6))
lemma pushDisj-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
 using push-conn-inside-inv assms unfolding pushDisj-def by metis+
\mathbf{lemma}\ pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
   simple-not \varphi
  shows or-in-and-only \psi
 using assms push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step
 unfolding pushDisj-def or-in-and-only-def c-in-c'-only-def by (metis (no-types))
```

9 The full transformations

9.1 Abstract Property characterizing that only some connective are inside the others

9.1.1 Definition

The normal is a super group of groups

```
inductive grouped-by :: 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool for c where
simple-is-grouped[simp]: simple \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by c \varphi
simple-not-is-grouped[simp]: simple \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by \ c \ (FNot \ \varphi)
connected-is-group[simp]: grouped-by c \varphi \implies grouped-by c \psi \implies wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
  \implies grouped-by c (conn c [\varphi, \psi])
lemma simple-clause[simp]:
  grouped-by c FT
  grouped-by c FF
  grouped-by c (FVar x)
  grouped-by c (FNot FT)
  grouped-by c (FNot FF)
  grouped-by c (FNot (FVar x))
  by simp+
lemma only-c-inside-symb-c-eq-c':
  \textit{only-c-inside-symb } c \; (\textit{conn} \; c' \; [\varphi 1, \, \varphi 2]) \Longrightarrow c' = \textit{CAnd} \; \lor \; c' = \textit{COr} \Longrightarrow \textit{wf-conn} \; c' \; [\varphi 1, \, \varphi 2]
    \implies c' = c
  by (induct conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto simp: conn-inj)
```

```
lemma only-c-inside-c-eq-c':
  only-c-inside c (conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]) \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr \Longrightarrow wf\text{-conn } c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \Longrightarrow c = c'
  unfolding only-c-inside-def all-subformula-st-def using only-c-inside-symb-c-eq-c' subformula-refl
 by blast
{\bf lemma}\ only\hbox{-} c\hbox{-} inside\hbox{-} imp\hbox{-} grouped\hbox{-} by\hbox{:}
  assumes c: c \neq CNot and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
 shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by c \varphi (is ?O \varphi \Longrightarrow ?G \varphi)
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  then show ?G \varphi by auto
next
  case (unary \psi)
  then show ?G (FNot \psi) by (auto simp: c)
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and \varphi = this(3) and only = this(4)
  have \varphi-conn: \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] and wf: wf-conn c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
    proof -
      obtain c'' l'' where \varphi-c'': \varphi = conn \ c'' \ l'' and wf: wf-conn \ c'' \ l''
        using exists-c-conn by metis
      then have l'': l'' = [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] using \varphi by (metis \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(4-7))
      have only-c-inside-symb c (conn c'' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2])
        using only all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi
        unfolding only-c-inside-def \varphi-c'' l'' by metis
      then have c = c''
        by (metis \varphi \varphi-c" conn-inj conn-inj-not(2) l" list.distinct(1) list.inject wf
          only-c-inside-symb.cases simple.simps(5-8))
      then show \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \, \varphi 2] and wf-conn c \ [\varphi 1, \, \varphi 2] using \varphi - c'' wf l'' by auto
    qed
  have grouped-by c \varphi 1 using wf IH \varphi 1 IH \varphi 2 \varphi-conn only \varphi unfolding only-c-inside-def by auto
  moreover have grouped-by c \varphi 2
    using wf \varphi IH\varphi1 IH\varphi2 \varphi-conn only unfolding only-c-inside-def by auto
  ultimately show ?G \varphi using \varphi-conn connected-is-group local.wf by blast
qed
lemma grouped-by-false:
  grouped-by c \ (conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \psi]) \Longrightarrow c \neq c' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \psi] \Longrightarrow False
 \mathbf{apply}\ (\mathit{induct\ conn}\ c'\ [\varphi,\,\psi]\ \mathit{rule:}\ \mathit{grouped-by.induct})
 apply (auto simp: simple-decomp wf-conn-list, auto simp: conn-inj)
 by (metis\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(3)\ wf-conn-list(8))+
Then the CNF form is a conjunction of clauses: every clause is in CNF form and two formulas
in CNF form can be related by an and.
inductive super-grouped-by: 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool for c c' where
grouped-is-super-grouped[simp]: grouped-by c \varphi \Longrightarrow super-grouped-by c c' \varphi
connected-is-super-group: super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \varphi \implies super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \psi \implies wf-conn c\ [\varphi,\ \psi]
  \implies super-grouped-by c c' (conn c' [\varphi, \psi])
lemma simple-cnf[simp]:
  super-grouped-by c c' FT
  super-grouped-by c c' FF
```

```
super-grouped-by\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ x)
  super-grouped-by c c' (FNot FT)
  super-grouped-by \ c \ c' \ (FNot \ FF)
  super-grouped-by\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ (FVar\ x))
  by auto
lemma c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by:
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr and cc': c \neq c'
 shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi
    \implies super-grouped-by c c' \varphi
   (is ?NE \varphi \implies ?NI \varphi \implies ?SN \varphi \implies ?C \varphi \implies ?S \varphi)
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  then show ?S \varphi by auto
next
  case (unary \varphi)
  then have simple-not-symb (FNot \varphi)
   using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding simple-not-def by blast
  then have \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF \vee (\exists x. \varphi = FVar x) by (cases \varphi, auto)
  then show ?S (FNot \varphi) by auto
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and no-equiv = this(4) and no-imp = this(5)
   and simple N = this(6) and c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}only = this(7) and \varphi' = this(3)
  {
   assume \varphi = FImp \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2 \lor \varphi = FEq \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2
   then have False using no-equiv no-imp by auto
   then have ?S \varphi by auto
  moreover {
   assume \varphi: \varphi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \land wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
   have c-in-c'-only: c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi1 \wedge c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi2 \wedge c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
      using c-in-c'-only \varphi' unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
   have super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \varphi 1 using \varphi\ c' no-equiv no-imp simpleN IH\varphi 1 c-in-c'-only by auto
   moreover have super-grouped-by c c' \varphi 2
      using \varphi c' no-equiv no-imp simple NIH\varphi2 c-in-c'-only by auto
   ultimately have ?S \varphi
      using super-grouped-by.intros(2) \varphi by (metis c wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6))
  }
  moreover {
   assume \varphi: \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1 \wedge only-c-inside c \varphi 2
      using c-in-c'-symb-c-implies-only-c-inside c c' c-in-c'-only list.set-intros(1)
        wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6) no-equiv no-imp simpleN last-ConsL last-ConsR last-in-set
        list.distinct(1) by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) cc')
   then have only-c-inside c (conn c [\varphi 1, \varphi 2])
      unfolding only-c-inside-def using \varphi
      by (simp add: only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside all-subformula-st-decomp)
   then have grouped-by c \varphi using \varphi only-c-inside-imp-grouped-by c by blast
   then have ?S \varphi using super-grouped-by.intros(1) by metis
  ultimately show ?S \varphi by (metis \varphi' c c' cc' conn.simps(5,6) wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6))
qed
```

9.2 Conjunctive Normal Form

```
definition is-conj-with-TF where is-conj-with-TF == super-grouped-by COr CAnd
```

```
lemma or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj:
 shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow or-in-and-only \varphi \Longrightarrow is-conj-with-TF \varphi
 using c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by
 unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def or-in-and-only-def c-in-c'-only-def
 by (simp add: c-in-c'-only-def c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by)
definition is-cnf where
is-cnf \varphi \equiv is-conj-with-TF \varphi \wedge no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
         Full CNF transformation
9.2.1
The full CNF transformation consists simply in chaining all the transformation defined before.
definition cnf-rew where cnf-rew =
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
 (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim\ TB))\ OO
 (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushDisj))
lemma cnf-rew-consistent: preserves-un-sat cnf-rew
 by (simp add: cnf-rew-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant elimTB-consistent
   preserves-un-sat-OO pushDisj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
lemma cnf-rew-is-cnf: cnf-rew \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is-cnf \varphi'
 apply (unfold cnf-rew-def OO-def)
 apply auto
proof -
 \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \varphi Eq \ \varphi Imp \ \varphi TB \ \varphi Neg \ \varphi Disj :: 'v \ propo
 assume Eq. full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \varphi Eq
 then have no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi Eq using no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv by blast
 assume Imp: full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi Eq \varphi Imp
 then have no-imp: no-imp \varphiImp using no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp by blast
 have no-imp-inv: no-equiv \varphiImp using no-equiv Imp elim-imp-inv by blast
 assume TB: full (propo-rew-step elimTB) \varphiImp \varphiTB
  then have no TB: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi TB
   using no-imp-inv no-imp elimTB-full-propo-rew-step by blast
  have no TB-inv: no-equiv \varphi TB no-imp \varphi TB using elim TB-inv TB no-imp no-imp-inv by blast+
 assume Neg: full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi TB \varphi Neg
  then have noNeg: simple-not \varphi Neg
   using noTB-inv noTB pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step by blast
  have noNeg-inv: no-equiv \varphi Neq no-imp \varphi Neq no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi Neq
   using pushNeg-inv Neg noTB noTB-inv by blast+
 assume Disj: full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphiNeg \varphiDisj
 then have no-Disj: or-in-and-only \varphi Disj
```

using noNeg-inv noNeg pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step by blast

have noDisj-inv: no-equiv $\varphi Disj$ no-imp $\varphi Disj$ no-T-F-except-top-level $\varphi Disj$

```
simple-not \varphi Disj

using pushDisj-inv Disj noNeg noNeg-inv by blast+

moreover have is-conj-with-TF \varphi Disj

using or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj noDisj-inv no-Disj by blast

ultimately show is-cnf \varphi Disj unfolding is-cnf-def by blast

qed
```

9.3 Disjunctive Normal Form

```
definition is-disj-with-TF where is-disj-with-TF \equiv super-grouped-by CAnd COr
```

```
lemma and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj:

shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow and-in-or-only \varphi \Longrightarrow is-disj-with-TF \varphi

using c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by

unfolding is-disj-with-TF-def and-in-or-only-def c-in-c'-only-def

by (simp add: c-in-c'-only-def c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by)

definition is-dnf :: 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where

is-dnf \varphi \longleftrightarrow is-disj-with-TF \varphi \land no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
```

9.3.1 Full DNF transform

The full DNF transformation consists simply in chaining all the transformation defined before.

```
definition dnf-rew where dnf-rew \equiv
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim\ TB))\ OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushNeg)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushConj))
lemma dnf-rew-consistent: preserves-un-sat dnf-rew
  \mathbf{by} (simp add: dnf-rew-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant elimTB-consistent
   preserves-un-sat-OO pushConj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
theorem dnf-transformation-correction:
    dnf-rew \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is-dnf \varphi'
  apply (unfold dnf-rew-def OO-def)
  by (meson and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj elimTB-full-propo-rew-step elimTB-inv(1,2)
    elim-imp-inv is-dnf-def no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv
   no\text{-}imp\text{-}full\text{-}propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step\text{-}elim\text{-}imp\text{-}pushConj\text{-}full\text{-}propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step\text{-}pushConj\text{-}inv}(1-4)
   pushNeg\textit{-}full\textit{-}propo\textit{-}rew\textit{-}step\ pushNeg\textit{-}inv(1-3))
```

10 More aggressive simplifications: Removing true and false at the beginning

10.1 Transformation

We should remove FT and FF at the beginning and not in the middle of the algorithm. To do this, we have to use more rules (one for each connective):

```
inductive elimTBFull where ElimTBFull1[simp]: elimTBFull1 (FAnd <math>\varphi FT) \varphi | ElimTBFull1'[simp]: elimTBFull1 (FAnd FT <math>\varphi) \varphi |
```

```
ElimTBFull2[simp]: elimTBFull (FAnd \varphi FF) FF
ElimTBFull2'[simp]: elimTBFull (FAnd FF \varphi) FF
ElimTBFull3[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr \varphi FT) FT
ElimTBFull3'[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr FT \varphi) FT
ElimTBFull_{4}[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi
ElimTBFull4'[simp]: elimTBFull (FOr FF \varphi) \varphi
ElimTBFull5[simp]: elimTBFull (FNot FT) FF
Elim TBFull5 '[simp]: elim TBFull (FNot FF) FT |
ElimTBFull6-l[simp]: elimTBFull\ (FImp\ FT\ \varphi)\ \varphi
ElimTBFull6-l'[simp]: elimTBFull (FImp FF \varphi) FT
ElimTBFull6-r[simp]: elimTBFull\ (FImp\ \varphi\ FT)\ FT
ElimTBFull6-r'[simp]: elimTBFull (FImp \varphi FF) (FNot \varphi)
ElimTBFull?-l[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq FT <math>\varphi) \varphi
Elim TBFull7-l'[simp]: elim TBFull (FEq FF \varphi) (FNot \varphi)
ElimTBFull7-r[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq \varphi FT) \varphi |
ElimTBFull7-r'[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq \varphi FF) (FNot \varphi)
The transformation is still consistent.
lemma elimTBFull-consistent: preserves-un-sat elimTBFull
proof -
   fix \varphi \psi:: 'b propo
   have elimTBFull \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
     by (induct-tac rule: elimTBFull.inducts, auto)
 then show ?thesis using preserves-un-sat-def by auto
qed
Contrary to the theorem [no\text{-}equiv ?\varphi; no\text{-}imp ?\varphi; ?\psi \preceq ?\varphi; \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel]
?\psi \parallel \implies \exists \psi'. \ elimTB \ ?\psi \ \psi', \ \text{we do not need the assumption } \ no-equiv \ \varphi \ \text{and } \ no-imp \ \varphi, \ \text{since}
our transformation is more general.
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists':
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel } \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. \ elimTBFull \ \psi \ \psi'
proof (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi')
  then have False using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false by auto
  then show Ex (elimTBFull \varphi') by blast
  case (unary \psi)
  then have \psi = FF \lor \psi = FT using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom by blast
  then show Ex (elimTBFull (FNot \psi)) using ElimTBFull5 ElimTBFull5' by blast
  case (binary \varphi' \psi 1 \psi 2)
  then have \psi 1 = FT \vee \psi 2 = FT \vee \psi 1 = FF \vee \psi 2 = FF
   by (metis binary-connectives-def conn. simps(5-8) insertI1 insert-commute
      no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom\ binary.hyps(3))
  then show Ex (elimTBFull \varphi') using elimTBFull.intros\ binary.hyps(3) by blast
qed
```

The same applies here. We do not need the assumption, but the deep link between \neg no-T-F-except-top-level φ and the existence of a rewriting step, still exists.

```
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-rew':
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes noTB: \neg no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land elimTBFull \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall \, x. \,\, no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel \,\, (FF:: \,\, 'v \,\, propo) \,\, \land \,\, no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel \,\, FT}
      \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
    fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
    have H: elimTBFull\ (conn\ c\ l)\ \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\ (conn\ c\ l)}
      by (cases (conn c l) rule: elimTBFull.cases) auto
  }
 ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists of no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi elimTBFull noTB
    no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists' unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull) \varphi \psi
  shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-T-F-except-top-level-rew' assms by fastforce
```

10.2 More invariants

As the aim is to use the transformation as the first transformation, we have to show some more invariants for *elim-equiv* and *elim-imp*. For the other transformation, we have already proven it.

```
lemma propo-rew-step-ElimEquiv-no-T-F: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  fix \varphi' :: 'v \ propo \ {\bf and} \ \psi' :: 'v \ propo
  assume a1: no-T-F \varphi'
  assume a2: elim-equiv \varphi' \psi'
  have \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\neg \ elim-equiv \ (x1 :: 'v \ propo) \ x0 \lor (\exists v2 \ v3 \ v4 \ v5 \ v6 \ v7. \ x1 = FEq \ v2 \ v3
    \land x0 = FAnd \ (FImp \ v4 \ v5) \ (FImp \ v6 \ v7) \land v2 = v4 \land v4 = v7 \land v3 = v5 \land v3 = v6))
 = (\neg elim - equiv x1 x0 \lor (\exists v2 v3 v4 v5 v6 v7. x1 = FEq v2 v3)
    \land x0 = FAnd \ (FImp \ v4 \ v5) \ (FImp \ v6 \ v7) \land v2 = v4 \land v4 = v7 \land v3 = v5 \land v3 = v6))
    by meson
  then have \forall p \ pa. \ \neg \ elim-equiv \ (p :: 'v \ propo) \ pa \lor (\exists \ pb \ pc \ pd \ pe \ pf \ pg. \ p = FEq \ pb \ pc
    \land pa = FAnd \ (FImp \ pd \ pe) \ (FImp \ pf \ pg) \land pb = pd \land pd = pg \land pc = pe \land pc = pf)
    using elim-equiv.cases by force
  then show no-T-F \psi' using a1 a2 by fastforce
next
  fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
  assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \varphi'
  and IH: no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi'
  and corr: wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
  and no-T-F: no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
```

```
{
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have empty: \xi = [] \xi' = [] using corr by auto
   then have no-T-F \varphi using no-T-F c no-T-F-decomp-not by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty no-T-F-comp-not IH by auto
  moreover {
   \mathbf{assume}\ c{:}\ c\in \mathit{binary-connectives}
   obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [a, b]
     using corr c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
   then have \varphi: \varphi = a \lor \varphi = b
     by (metis\ append.simps(1)\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(3)\ nth-Cons-0
        tl-append2)
   have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta
     using no-T-F unfolding no-T-F-def using corr all-subformula-st-decomp by blast
   then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi' using ab IH \varphi by auto
   have l': \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [\varphi', b] \lor \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi']
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) ab append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2 butlast.simps(2)
        butlast-append list.distinct(1) list.sel(3))
   then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \zeta \varphi' ab by fastforce
   moreover
     have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF
       using \zeta corr no-T-F no-T-F-except-top-level-false no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by blast
     then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
       by (metis \varphi' l' ab all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c list.distinct(1)
         list.set-intros(1,2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom
         no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-def wf-conn-binary
         wf-conn-list(1,2))
   ultimately have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     by (metis\ l'\ all-subformula-st-decomp-imp\ c\ no-T-F-def\ wf-conn-binary)
  }
 moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x
    assume c = CVar \ x \lor c = CF \lor c = CT
    then have False using corr by auto
    then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by auto
  ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using corr wf-conn.cases by metis
lemma elim-equiv-inv':
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \varphi
     \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \ \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi
       and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
       {
         assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
```

```
from rel this have False
          apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1,2))
          using elim-equiv.simps by blast+
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       }
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         then have no-T-F \varphi
           by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
         then have no-T-F \psi using propo-rew-step-ElimEquiv-no-T-F rel by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       }
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
 }
 moreover {
    fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv ζ ζ'
    and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
    and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
    and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (<math>\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F
        by blast
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: elim-equiv.cases, auto simp: elim-equiv.simps)
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        by (metis corr wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper no-T-F-symb-comp)
    \mathbf{qed}
  }
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc of elim-equiv no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
     assms subformula-reft unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-ElimImp-no-T-F: propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case (global-rel \varphi' \psi')
 then show no-T-F \psi'
   using elim-imp. cases no-T-F-comp-not no-T-F-decomp(1,2)
   by (metis\ no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit(2))
next
 case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
 note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and corr = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
```

```
{
    assume c: c = CNot
    then have empty: \xi = [] \xi' = [] using corr by auto
    then have no-T-F \varphi using no-T-F c no-T-F-decomp-not by auto
    then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty no-T-F-comp-not IH by auto
  moreover {
    \mathbf{assume}\ c{:}\ c \in \mathit{binary\text{-}connectives}
    then obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [a, b]
      using corr list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
    then have \varphi: \varphi = a \lor \varphi = b
      by (metis append-self-conv2 wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-unary list.discI list.sel(3)
        nth-Cons-0 tl-append2)
    have \zeta \colon \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using ab c propo-rew-one-step-lift.prems by auto
    then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi'
      using ab IH \varphi corr no-T-F no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit by auto
    have \chi: \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [\varphi', b] \lor \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi']
      \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{no-types},\ \mathit{hide-lams})\ \mathit{ab}\ \mathit{append-Cons}\ \mathit{append-Nil}\ \mathit{append-Nil2}\ \mathit{butlast.simps}(2)
        butlast-append list.distinct(1) list.sel(3))
    then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \zeta \varphi' ab by fastforce
    moreover
      have no-T-F (last (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by (simp add: calculation)
      then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
        by (metis \chi \varphi' \zeta ab all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c last.simps list.distinct(1)
          list.set-intros(1) no-T-F-bin-decomp no-T-F-def)
    ultimately have no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using c \chi by fastforce
  }
  moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x
    assume c = CVar \ x \lor c = CF \lor c = CT
    then have False using corr by auto
    then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by auto
  ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using corr wf-conn.cases by blast
qed
lemma elim-imp-inv':
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
  shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
  {
      \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
      have H: elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \psi
        by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
    fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
    have propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \psi
        assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi
        and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
```

```
assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
         from rel this have False
           apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
           by (cases rule: elim-imp.cases, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1,2))
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       }
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         then have no-T-F \varphi
           by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
         then have no-T-F \psi
           using rel propo-rew-step-ElimImp-no-T-F by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
     qed
 }
 moreover {
    fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-imp \zeta \zeta'
    and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
    and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
    and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (<math>\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        by (simp add: corr\ no-T-F no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb wf-conn-list(1,2))
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: elim-imp.cases, auto)
        using wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1))+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change no-T-F-symb-comp
        by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
    \mathbf{qed}
 }
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc[of elim-imp no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi]
   assms subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
```

10.3 The new CNF and DNF transformation

The transformation is the same as before, but the order is not the same.

```
definition dnf\text{-}rew':: 'a propo \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where dnf\text{-}rew' = (full \ (propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step \ elimTBFull)) \ OO \ (full \ (propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step \ elim\text{-}equiv)) \ OO
```

```
(full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim-imp))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushConj))
lemma dnf-rew'-consistent: preserves-un-sat dnf-rew'
 by (simp add: dnf-rew'-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant
   elimTBFull-consistent preserves-un-sat-OO pushConj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
theorem cnf-transformation-correction:
   dnf\text{-}rew' \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}dnf \varphi'
 unfolding dnf-rew'-def OO-def
  \mathbf{by} (meson and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj elim TBFull-full-propo-rew-step elim-equiv-inv'
   elim-imp-inv elim-imp-inv' is-dnf-def no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv
   no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp\ push\ Conj-full-propo-rew-step\ push\ Conj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step\ pushNeg-inv(1-3))
Given all the lemmas before the CNF transformation is easy to prove:
definition cnf\text{-}rew' :: 'a propo \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where
cnf-rew' =
  (full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushDisj))
lemma cnf-rew'-consistent: preserves-un-sat cnf-rew'
 by (simp add: cnf-rew'-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant
   elimTBFull-consistent preserves-un-sat-OO pushDisj-consistent pushNeq-lifted-consistant)
theorem cnf'-transformation-correction:
  cnf\text{-}rew' \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}cnf \varphi'
  unfolding cnf-rew'-def OO-def
 by (meson elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step elim-equiv-inv' elim-imp-inv elim-imp-inv' is-cnf-def
   no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp
   or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj\ pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step\ pushDisj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step\ pushNeg-inv(1)\ pushNeg-inv(2)\ pushNeg-inv(3))
```

 \mathbf{end}

11 Partial Clausal Logic

```
theory Partial-Clausal-Logic imports ../lib/Clausal-Logic List-More begin
```

We define here entailment by a set of literals. This is *not* an Herbrand interpretation and has different properties. One key difference is that such a set can be inconsistent (i.e. containing both L and -L).

Satisfiability is defined by the existence of a total and consistent model.

11.1 Clauses

Clauses are (finite) multisets of literals. type-synonym 'a clause = 'a literal multiset

11.2 Partial Interpretations

atms-of $(mset \ a) = atm$ -of 'set a

unfolding atms-of-ms-def by simp

atms-of-ms $(mset 'b) = (\bigcup x \in b. atm$ -of 'set x)

lemma atms-of-ms-mset-unfold:

by (induct a) auto

```
type-synonym 'a interp = 'a literal set
definition true-lit :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelsl 50) where
  I \models l L \longleftrightarrow L \in I
declare true-lit-def[simp]
11.2.1
          Consistency
definition consistent-interp :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow bool where
consistent-interp I = (\forall L. \neg (L \in I \land -L \in I))
\mathbf{lemma}\ consistent\text{-}interp\text{-}empty[simp]\text{:}
  consistent-interp {} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-single[simp]:
  consistent-interp \{L\} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-subset:
  assumes
   A \subseteq B and
   consistent-interp B
  shows consistent-interp A
  using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-change-insert:
  a \notin A \Longrightarrow -a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent\text{-interp (insert } (-a) \ A) \longleftrightarrow consistent\text{-interp (insert } a \ A)
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by fastforce
lemma consistent-interp-insert-pos[simp]:
  a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp\ (insert\ a\ A) \longleftrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp\ A \land -a \notin A
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-insert-not-in:
  consistent-interp A \Longrightarrow a \notin A \Longrightarrow -a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent-interp (insert a A)
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
11.2.2
           Atoms
We define here various lifting of atm-of (applied to a single literal) to set and multisets of
literals.
definition atms-of-ms :: 'a literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'a set where
atms-of-ms \psi s = \bigcup (atms-of '\psi s)
lemma atms-of-mmltiset[simp]:
```

```
definition atms-of-s :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a set where
  atms-of-s C = atm-of ' C
lemma atms-of-ms-emtpy-set[simp]:
  atms-of-ms \{\} = \{\}
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-memtpy[simp]:
  atms-of-ms \{\{\#\}\} = \{\}
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-mono:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-finite[simp]:
 finite \psi s \Longrightarrow finite (atms-of-ms \psi s)
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-union[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (\psi s \cup \chi s) = atms-of-ms \psi s \cup atms-of-ms \chi s
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-insert[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (insert \psi s \ \chi s) = atms-of \psi s \cup atms-of-ms \chi s
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-singleton[simp]: atms-of-ms \{L\} = atms-of L
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[simp]:
  A \in \psi \Longrightarrow atms\text{-}of A \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by fastforce
lemma atms-of-ms-single-set-mset-atms-of [simp]:
  atms-of-ms (single 'set-mset B) = atms-of B
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def atms-of-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-remove-incl:
 shows atms-of-ms (Set.remove a \psi) \subseteq atms-of-ms \psi
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-remove-subset:
  atms-of-ms (\varphi - \psi) \subseteq atms-of-ms \varphi
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma finite-atms-of-ms-remove-subset[simp]:
 finite (atms-of-ms A) \Longrightarrow finite (atms-of-ms (A - C))
 using atms-of-ms-remove-subset[of A C] finite-subset by blast
lemma atms-of-ms-empty-iff:
  \textit{atms-of-ms} \ A = \{\} \longleftrightarrow A = \{\{\#\}\} \lor A = \{\}
 apply (rule iffI)
  apply (metis (no-types, lifting) atms-empty-iff-empty atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono insert-absorb
```

```
singleton-iff singleton-insert-inj-eq' subsetI subset-empty)
 apply auto[]
 done
lemma in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms:
 assumes L \in \# C and C \in N
 shows atm-of L \in atms-of-ms N
 using atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[of C N] assms by (simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of subset-iff)
lemma in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms:
 assumes C + \{\#L\#\} \in N
 \mathbf{shows}\ \mathit{atm\text{-}of}\ L \in \mathit{atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms}\ N
 using in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms[of - C +{\#L\#}] assms by auto
lemma in-m-in-literals:
 assumes \{\#A\#\} + D \in \psi s
 shows atm-of A \in atms-of-ms \psi s
 using assms by (auto dest: atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono)
lemma atms-of-s-union[simp]:
  atms-of-s (Ia \cup Ib) = atms-of-s Ia \cup atms-of-s Ib
 unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma atms-of-s-single[simp]:
  atms-of-s \{L\} = \{atm-of L\}
 unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma atms-of-s-insert[simp]:
  atms-of-s (insert\ L\ Ib) = \{atm-of\ L\} \cup\ atms-of-s\ Ib
 unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma in-atms-of-s-decomp[iff]:
  P \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}s \ I \longleftrightarrow (Pos \ P \in I \lor Neg \ P \in I) \ (\mathbf{is} \ ?P \longleftrightarrow ?Q)
proof
 assume ?P
 then show ?Q unfolding atms-of-s-def by (metis image-iff literal.exhaust-sel)
next
 assume ?Q
 then show ?P unfolding atms-of-s-def by force
{f lemma}~atm	ext{-}of	ext{-}in	ext{-}atm	ext{-}of	ext{-}set	ext{-}in	ext{-}uminus:
  atm\text{-}of\ L'\in atm\text{-}of\ `B\Longrightarrow L'\in B\lor-L'\in B
 using atms-of-s-def by (cases L') fastforce+
11.2.3
           Totality
definition total-over-set :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow bool where
total-over-set I S = (\forall l \in S. \ Pos \ l \in I \lor Neg \ l \in I)
definition total-over-m :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
total-over-m \ I \ \psi s = total-over-set I \ (atms-of-ms \ \psi s)
lemma total-over-set-empty[simp]:
  total-over-set I \{ \}
 unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
```

```
lemma total-over-m-empty[simp]:
  total-over-m \ I \ \{\}
  unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-single[iff]:
  total-over-set I \{L\} \longleftrightarrow (Pos \ L \in I \lor Neg \ L \in I)
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-insert[iff]:
  total-over-set I (insert L Ls) \longleftrightarrow ((Pos L \in I \lor Neg L \in I) \land total-over-set I Ls)
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-union[iff]:
  total-over-set I (Ls \cup Ls') \longleftrightarrow (total-over-set I Ls \wedge total-over-set I Ls')
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ B \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ A
  using atms-of-ms-mono[of A] unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-sum[iff]:
  shows total-over-m I \{C + D\} \longleftrightarrow (total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \{C\} \land total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \{D\})
  using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-union[iff]:
  total-over-m \ I \ (A \cup B) \longleftrightarrow (total-over-m \ I \ A \land total-over-m \ I \ B)
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-insert[iff]:
  total-over-m I (insert\ a\ A) \longleftrightarrow (total-over-set I (atms-of a) \land total-over-m I A)
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
lemma total-over-m-extension:
  fixes I :: 'v \ literal \ set \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes total: total-over-m I A
 shows \exists I'. total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup B)
    \land (\forall x \in I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
proof -
 let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of-ms \ B \land v \notin atms-of-ms \ A\}
 have (\forall x \in ?I'. atm\text{-}of x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms B \land atm\text{-}of x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A) by auto
  moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') (A \cup B)
    using total unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma total-over-m-consistent-extension:
 fixes I :: 'v \ literal \ set \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes
    total: total-over-m I A and
    cons: consistent-interp I
  shows \exists I'. total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup B)
    \land (\forall x \in I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A) \land consistent\text{-}interp \ (I \cup I')
proof -
 let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of-ms \ B \land v \notin atms-of-ms \ A \land Pos \ v \notin I \land Neg \ v \notin I\}
```

```
have (\forall x \in ?I'. atm\text{-}of \ x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A) by auto
 moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') (A \cup B)
   using total unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
 moreover have consistent-interp (I \cup ?I')
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by (intro allI) (rename-tac L, case-tac L, auto)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma total-over-set-atms-of-m[simp]:
  total-over-set Ia (atms-of-s Ia)
 unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by (metis image-iff literal.exhaust-sel)
lemma total-over-set-literal-defined:
 assumes \{\#A\#\} + D \in \psi s
 and total-over-set I (atms-of-ms \psi s)
 shows A \in I \vee -A \in I
 using assms unfolding total-over-set-def by (metis (no-types) Neg-atm-of-iff in-m-in-literals
   literal.collapse(1) uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
lemma tot-over-m-remove:
 assumes total-over-m (I \cup \{L\}) \{\psi\}
 and L: \neg L \in \# \psi - L \notin \# \psi
 shows total-over-m I \{\psi\}
 unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
proof
 fix l
 assume l: l \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{\psi\}
 then have Pos \ l \in I \lor Neg \ l \in I \lor l = atm\text{-}of \ L
   using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
 moreover have atm\text{-}of L \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{\psi\}
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have atm\text{-}of L \in atms\text{-}of \psi by auto
     then have Pos (atm-of L) \in \# \psi \vee Neg (atm-of L) \in \# \psi
       \mathbf{using}\ atm\text{-}imp\text{-}pos\text{-}or\text{-}neg\text{-}lit\ \mathbf{by}\ metis
     then have L \in \# \psi \lor - L \in \# \psi by (cases L) auto
     then show False using L by auto
   qed
 ultimately show Pos l \in I \vee Neg \ l \in I using l by metis
lemma total-union:
 assumes total-over-m I \psi
 shows total-over-m (I \cup I') \psi
 using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-union-2:
 assumes total-over-m I \psi
 and total-over-m I' \psi'
 shows total-over-m (I \cup I') (\psi \cup \psi')
 using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
11.2.4
           Interpretations
definition true-cls :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models 50) where
```

 $I \models C \longleftrightarrow (\exists L \in \# C. I \models l L)$

```
lemma true-cls-empty[iff]: \neg I \models \{\#\}
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-singleton[iff]: I \models \{\#L\#\} \longleftrightarrow I \models l L
  unfolding true-cls-def by (auto split:if-split-asm)
lemma true-cls-union[iff]: I \models C + D \longleftrightarrow I \models C \lor I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mono-set-mset: set-mset C \subseteq set-mset D \Longrightarrow I \models C \Longrightarrow I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def subset-eq Bex-def by metis
lemma true-cls-mono-leD[dest]: A <math>\subseteq \# B \Longrightarrow I \models A \Longrightarrow I \models B
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma
  assumes I \models \psi
  shows
    true-cls-union-increase[simp]: I \cup I' \models \psi and
    true-cls-union-increase'[simp]: I' \cup I \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true\text{-}cls\text{-}mono\text{-}set\text{-}mset\text{-}l} \colon
  assumes A \models \psi
  and A \subseteq B
  shows B \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-replicate-mset [iff]: I \models replicate-mset \ n \ L \longleftrightarrow n \neq 0 \land I \models l \ L
  by (induct n) auto
lemma true-cls-empty-entails[iff]: \neg {} \models N
  by (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
lemma true-cls-not-in-remove:
  assumes L \notin \# \chi and I \cup \{L\} \models \chi
  shows I \models \chi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
definition true-clss :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelss 50) where
  I \models s \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in CC. \ I \models C)
lemma true-clss-empty[simp]: I \models s \{ \}
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true\text{-}clss\text{-}singleton[iff]: I \models s \{C\} \longleftrightarrow I \models C
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{true-clss-empty-entails-empty}[\textit{iff}] : \{\} \models s \ N \longleftrightarrow N = \{\}
  unfolding true-clss-def by (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
lemma true-cls-insert-l [simp]:
  M \models A \Longrightarrow insert \ L \ M \models A
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
```

```
lemma true-clss-union[iff]: I \models s \ CC \cup DD \longleftrightarrow I \models s \ CC \land I \models s \ DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-insert[iff]: I \models s insert C DD \longleftrightarrow I \models C \land I \models s DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-mono: DD \subseteq CC \Longrightarrow I \models s CC \Longrightarrow I \models s DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-union-increase[simp]:
assumes I \models s \psi
shows I \cup I' \models s \psi
 using assms unfolding true-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-union-increase'[simp]:
assumes I' \models s \psi
 shows I \cup I' \models s \psi
 using assms by (auto simp add: true-clss-def)
lemma true-clss-commute-l:
  (I \cup I' \models s \psi) \longleftrightarrow (I' \cup I \models s \psi)
 by (simp add: Un-commute)
lemma model-remove[simp]: I \models s N \Longrightarrow I \models s Set.remove a N
 by (simp add: true-clss-def)
lemma model-remove-minus[simp]: I \models s N \Longrightarrow I \models s N - A
  by (simp add: true-clss-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ not in\text{-}vars\text{-}union\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{:}
 assumes \forall x \in I'. atm\text{-}of x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A
 and atms-of L \subseteq atms-of-ms A
 and I \cup I' \models L
 shows I \models L
 using assms unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def Bex-def
 by (metis Un-iff atm-of-lit-in-atms-of contra-subsetD)
\mathbf{lemma}\ not in\text{-}vars\text{-}union\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{:}
  assumes \forall x \in I'. atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A
 and atms-of-ms L \subseteq atms-of-ms A
 and I \cup I' \models s L
 shows I \models s L
  using assms unfolding true-clss-def true-lit-def Ball-def
  by (meson atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono notin-vars-union-true-cls-true-cls subset-trans)
11.2.5
            Satisfiability
definition satisfiable :: 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
  satisfiable CC \equiv \exists I. (I \models s \ CC \land consistent-interp \ I \land total-over-m \ I \ CC)
lemma satisfiable-single[simp]:
  satisfiable \{\{\#L\#\}\}
  unfolding satisfiable-def by fastforce
abbreviation unsatisfiable :: 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
```

```
unsatisfiable\ CC \equiv \neg\ satisfiable\ CC
lemma satisfiable-decreasing:
 assumes satisfiable (\psi \cup \psi')
 shows satisfiable \psi
 using assms total-over-m-union unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
lemma satisfiable-def-min:
  satisfiable CC
   \longleftrightarrow (\exists I.\ I \models s\ CC \land consistent-interp\ I \land total-over-m\ I\ CC \land atm-of`I = atms-of-ms\ CC)
   (is ?sat \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 assume ?B then show ?sat by (auto simp add: satisfiable-def)
 assume ?sat
 then obtain I where
   I\text{-}CC: I \models s \ CC \text{ and }
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   tot: total-over-m I CC
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
 let ?I = \{P. \ P \in I \land atm\text{-}of \ P \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ CC\}
 have I-CC: ?I \models s \ CC
   using I-CC in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def true-cls-def
   Bex-def true-lit-def
   by blast
 moreover have cons: consistent-interp ?I
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
 moreover have total-over-m ?I CC
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
 moreover
   have atms-CC-incl: atms-of-ms CC \subseteq atm-of'I
     using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def
     by (auto simp add: atms-of-def atms-of-s-def[symmetric])
   have atm\text{-}of '?I = atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms CC
     using atms-CC-incl unfolding atms-of-ms-def by force
 ultimately show ?B by auto
qed
           Entailment for Multisets of Clauses
definition true-cls-mset :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix \models m \ 50) where
 I \models m \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in \# \ CC. \ I \models C)
lemma true-cls-mset-empty[simp]: I \models m \{\#\}
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mset-singleton[iff]: I \models m \{\#C\#\} \longleftrightarrow I \models C
 unfolding true-cls-mset-def by (auto split: if-split-asm)
lemma true-cls-mset-union[iff]: I \models m \ CC + DD \longleftrightarrow I \models m \ CC \land I \models m \ DD
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-mset-image-mset [iff]: I \models m image-mset f A \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in \# A. I \models f x)
 unfolding true-cls-mset-def by fastforce
```

```
lemma true-cls-mset-mono: set-mset DD \subseteq set-mset CC \Longrightarrow I \models m \ CC \Longrightarrow I \models m \ DD
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def subset-iff by auto
lemma true-clss-set-mset[iff]: I \models s set-mset CC \longleftrightarrow I \models m CC
  unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-mset-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mset-increasing-r[simp]:
  I \models m \ CC \Longrightarrow I \cup J \models m \ CC
 unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto
theorem true-cls-remove-unused:
  assumes I \models \psi
 shows \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ \psi\} \models \psi
 using assms unfolding true-cls-def atms-of-def by auto
theorem true-clss-remove-unused:
 assumes I \models s \psi
 shows \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atm\text{s-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\} \models s \ \psi
  unfolding true-clss-def atms-of-def Ball-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x \in \psi
  then have I \models x
    using assms unfolding true-clss-def atms-of-def Ball-def by auto
  then have \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ x\} \models x
    by (simp\ only:\ true-cls-remove-unused[of\ I])
  moreover have \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ x\} \subseteq \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\}
    using \langle x \in \psi \rangle by (auto simp add: atms-of-ms-def)
  ultimately show \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atm\text{s-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\} \models x
    using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l by blast
A simple application of the previous theorem:
lemma true-clss-union-decrease:
 assumes II': I \cup I' \models \psi
 and H: \forall v \in I'. atm\text{-}of \ v \notin atms\text{-}of \ \psi
 shows I \models \psi
proof -
 let ?I = \{v \in I \cup I'. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ \psi\}
 have ?I \models \psi using true-cls-remove-unused II' by blast
 moreover have ?I \subseteq I using H by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l by blast
qed
lemma multiset-not-empty:
  assumes M \neq \{\#\}
 and x \in \# M
 shows \exists A. \ x = Pos \ A \lor x = Neg \ A
  using assms literal.exhaust-sel by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{atms-of-ms-empty}\colon
  fixes \psi :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes atms-of-ms \psi = \{\}
```

```
shows \psi = \{\} \lor \psi = \{\{\#\}\}\
 using assms by (auto simp add: atms-of-ms-def)
lemma consistent-interp-disjoint:
assumes consI: consistent-interp I
and disj: atms-of-s A \cap atms-of-s I = \{\}
and consA: consistent-interp A
shows consistent-interp (A \cup I)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 moreover have \bigwedge L. \neg (L \in A \land -L \in I)
   using disj unfolding atms-of-s-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
 ultimately show False
   using consA consI unfolding consistent-interp-def by (metis (full-types) Un-iff
     literal.exhaust-sel uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
qed
lemma total-remove-unused:
 assumes total-over-m I \psi
 shows total-over-m \{ v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi \} \ \psi
 using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 by (metis\ (lifting)\ literal.sel(1,2)\ mem-Collect-eq)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true\text{-}cls\text{-}remove\text{-}hd\text{-}if\text{-}notin\text{-}vars} \colon
 assumes insert a M' \models D
 and atm-of a \notin atms-of D
 shows M' \models D
 using assms by (auto simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of true-cls-def)
lemma total-over-set-atm-of:
 fixes I :: 'v interp and K :: 'v set
 shows total-over-set I \ K \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ l \in K. \ l \in (atm\text{-}of \ `I))
 unfolding total-over-set-def by (metis atms-of-s-def in-atms-of-s-decomp)
```

11.2.7 Tautologies

We define tautologies as clauses entailed by every total model and show later that is equivalent to containing a literal and its negation.

```
definition tautology (\psi:: 'v\ clause) \equiv \forall I.\ total-over-set\ I\ (atms-of\ \psi) \longrightarrow I \models \psi lemma tautology-Pos-Neg[intro]:
   assumes Pos\ p \in \#\ A and Neg\ p \in \#\ A shows tautology\ A using assms unfolding tautology-def\ total-over-set-def\ by\ (meson\ atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit\ true-lit-def) lemma tautology-minus[simp]:
   assumes L \in \#\ A and -L \in \#\ A shows tautology\ A by (metis\ assms\ literal.exhaust\ tautology-Pos-Neg\ uminus-Neg\ uminus-Pos) lemma tautology-exists-Pos-Neg:
   assumes tautology\ \psi shows \exists\ p.\ Pos\ p \in \#\ \psi\ \land\ Neg\ p \in \#\ \psi proof (rule\ ccontr)
```

```
assume p: \neg (\exists p. Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg p \in \# \psi)
 let ?I = \{-L \mid L. \ L \in \# \psi\}
  have total-over-set ?I (atms-of \psi)
   unfolding total-over-set-def using atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit by force
  moreover have \neg ?I \models \psi
   unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def Bex-def apply clarify
   using p by (rename-tac x L, case-tac L) fastforce+
  ultimately show False using assms unfolding tautology-def by auto
qed
lemma tautology-decomp:
  tautology \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ \psi \land Neg \ p \in \# \ \psi)
  using tautology-exists-Pos-Neg by auto
lemma tautology-false[simp]: \neg tautology {#}
  unfolding tautology-def by auto
lemma tautology-add-single:
  tautology (\{\#a\#\} + L) \longleftrightarrow tautology L \lor -a \in \#L
  unfolding tautology-decomp by (cases a) auto
lemma minus-interp-tautology:
  assumes \{-L \mid L. L \in \# \chi\} \models \chi
 shows tautology \chi
proof -
  obtain L where L \in \# \chi \land -L \in \# \chi
   using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using tautology-decomp literal.exhaust uminus-Neg uminus-Pos by metis
lemma remove-literal-in-model-tautology:
 assumes I \cup \{Pos \ P\} \models \varphi
 and I \cup \{Neg \ P\} \models \varphi
 shows I \models \varphi \lor tautology \varphi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ tautology\text{-}imp\text{-}tautology:
  fixes \chi \chi' :: 'v \ clause
  assumes \forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models \chi' \text{ and } tautology \ \chi
  shows tautology \chi' unfolding tautology-def
proof (intro allI HOL.impI)
  fix I :: 'v \ literal \ set
  assume totI: total-over-set I (atms-of \chi')
 let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of \ \chi \land v \notin atms-of s \ I\}
  have totI': total-over-m (I \cup ?I') \{\chi\} unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  then have \chi: I \cup ?I' \models \chi \text{ using } assms(2) \text{ unfolding } total-over-m-def tautology-def by } simp
  then have I \cup (?I'-I) \models \chi' \text{ using } assms(1) \text{ } totI' \text{ by } auto
  moreover have \bigwedge L. L \in \# \chi' \Longrightarrow L \notin ?I'
   using totI unfolding total-over-set-def by (auto dest: pos-lit-in-atms-of)
  ultimately show I \models \chi' unfolding true-cls-def by auto
qed
```

11.2.8 Entailment for clauses and propositions

We also need entailment of clauses by other clauses.

```
definition true-cls-cls :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models f 49) where
\psi \models f \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (\{\psi\} \cup \{\chi\}) \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models \psi \longrightarrow I \models \chi)
definition true-cls-clss :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelsfs 49) where
\psi \models \mathit{fs} \ \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall \mathit{I. total-over-m} \ \mathit{I} \ (\{\psi\} \cup \chi) \longrightarrow \mathit{consistent-interp} \ \mathit{I} \longrightarrow \mathit{I} \models \psi \longrightarrow \mathit{I} \models \mathit{s} \ \chi)
definition true-clss-cls :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models p 49) where
N \models p \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total \ over \ m \ I \ (N \cup \{\chi\}) \longrightarrow consistent \ interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models s \ N \longrightarrow I \models \chi)
definition true-clss-clss :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models ps \ 49) where
N \models ps\ N' \longleftrightarrow (\forall\ I.\ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ (N \cup N') \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp\ I \longrightarrow I \models s\ N \longrightarrow I \models s\ N')
lemma true-cls-refl[simp]:
  A \models f A
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-cls-insert-l[simp]:
  a \models f C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models p \ C
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def true-clss-def true-clss-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-empty[iff]:
  N \models fs \{\}
  unfolding true-cls-clss-def by auto
lemma true-prop-true-clause[iff]:
  \{\varphi\} \models p \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \varphi \models f \ \psi
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-true-clss-cls[iff]:
  N \models ps \{\psi\} \longleftrightarrow N \models p \psi
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-true-cls-clss[iff]:
  \{\chi\} \models ps \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \chi \models fs \ \psi
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-cls-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-empty[simp]:
  N \models ps \{\}
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-cls-subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow B \models p \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union by (simp add: total-over-m-subset true-clss-mono)
lemma true-clss-cs-mono-l[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models p \ CC
  \mathbf{by}\ (auto\ intro:\ true-clss-cls-subset)
lemma true-clss-cs-mono-l2[simp]:
  B \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models p \ CC
  by (auto intro: true-clss-cls-subset)
lemma true-clss-cls-mono-r[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC + CC'
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union total-over-m-sum by blast
```

```
lemma true-clss-cls-mono-r'[simp]:
  A \models p CC' \Longrightarrow A \models p CC + CC'
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union total-over-m-sum by blast
lemma true-clss-clss-union-l[simp]:
  A \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-clss-union-l-r[simp]:
  B \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-cls-in[simp]:
  CC \in A \Longrightarrow A \models_{\mathcal{D}} CC
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-cls-insert-l[simp]:
  A \models p \ C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models p \ C
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def using total-over-m-union
 by (metis Un-iff insert-is-Un sup.commute)
lemma true-clss-clss-insert-l[simp]:
  A \models ps \ C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models ps \ C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-clss-union-and[iff]:
  A \models ps \ C \cup D \longleftrightarrow (A \models ps \ C \land A \models ps \ D)
proof
   fix A \ C \ D :: 'a \ clauses
   assume A: A \models ps \ C \cup D
   have A \models ps \ C
       unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def insert-def total-over-m-insert
     proof (intro allI impI)
       \mathbf{fix}\ I
       assume
         totAC: total-over-m \ I \ (A \cup C) and
         cons: consistent-interp\ I and
         I: I \models s A
       then have tot: total-over-m I A and tot': total-over-m I C by auto
       obtain I' where
         tot': total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup C \cup D) and
         cons': consistent-interp (I \cup I') and
         H: \forall x \in I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ D \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (A \cup C)
         using total-over-m-consistent-extension [OF - cons, of A \cup C] tot tot' by blast
       moreover have I \cup I' \models s A using I by simp
       ultimately have I \cup I' \models s \ C \cup D using A unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
       then have I \cup I' \models s \ C \cup D by auto
       then show I \models s C using notin-vars-union-true-clss-true-clss[of I'] H by auto
     qed
  \} note H = this
  assume A \models ps \ C \cup D
  then show A \models ps \ C \land A \models ps \ D using H[of \ A] Un-commute[of C \ D] by metis
next
```

```
assume A \models ps C \land A \models ps D
  then show A \models ps \ C \cup D
    unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
qed
lemma true-clss-clss-insert[iff]:
  A \models ps \ insert \ L \ s \longleftrightarrow (A \models p \ L \land A \models ps \ Ls)
  using true-clss-clss-union-and[of\ A\ \{L\}\ Ls] by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow A \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow B \models ps \ CC
  by (metis subset-Un-eq true-clss-clss-union-l)
lemma union-trus-clss-clss[simp]: A \cup B \models ps B
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-remove[simp]:
  A \models ps B \Longrightarrow A \models ps B - C
  by (metis Un-Diff-Int true-clss-clss-union-and)
lemma true-clss-clss-subsetE:
  N \models ps \ B \Longrightarrow A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow N \models ps \ A
  by (metis sup.orderE true-clss-clss-union-and)
lemma true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls:
  assumes N \models ps U
  and A \in U
  shows N \models p A
  using assms mk-disjoint-insert by fastforce
lemma all-in-true-clss-clss: \forall x \in B. \ x \in A \Longrightarrow A \models ps \ B
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}left\text{-}right:
  assumes A \models ps B
  and A \cup B \models ps M
  shows A \models ps M \cup B
  using assms unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
{f lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}generalise\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss:
  A \cup C \models ps D \Longrightarrow B \models ps C \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps D
proof -
  assume a1: A \cup C \models ps D
  assume B \models ps \ C
  then have f2: \bigwedge M.\ M \cup B \models ps\ C
    by (meson true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
  have \bigwedge M. C \cup (M \cup A) \models ps D
    using a1 by (simp add: Un-commute sup-left-commute)
  then show ?thesis
    using f2 by (metis (no-types) Un-commute true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{:}
  assumes D: N \models p D + \{\#-L\#\}
```

and $C: N \models p C + \{\#L\#\}$

```
shows N \models p D + C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} I
 assume
    tot: total-over-m I (N \cup \{D + C\}) and
   consistent-interp I and
   I \models s N
   assume L: L \in I \vee -L \in I
   then have total-over-m I \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
     using tot by (cases L) auto
   then have I \models D + \{\#-L\#\} using D (I \models s N) tot (consistent-interp I)
     unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   moreover
     have total-over-m I \{C + \{\#L\#\}\}
       using L tot by (cases L) auto
     then have I \models C + \{\#L\#\}
       using C \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-interp } I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have I \models D + C using (consistent-interp I) consistent-interp-def by fastforce
  moreover {
   assume L: L \notin I \land -L \notin I
   let ?I' = I \cup \{L\}
   have consistent-interp ?I' using L \land consistent-interp I \land by auto
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}\
     using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' N using tot using total-union by blast
   moreover have ?I' \models s \ N \text{ using } (I \models s \ N) \text{ using } true\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}increase by } blast
   ultimately have ?I' \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
     using D unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
   then have ?I' \models D using L by auto
   moreover
     have total-over-set I (atms-of (D + C)) using tot by auto
     then have L \notin \# D \land -L \notin \# D
       using L unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-def by (cases L) force+
   ultimately have I \models D + C unfolding true-cls-def by auto
  ultimately show I \models D + C by blast
qed
lemma true-cls-union-mset[iff]: I \models C \# \cup D \longleftrightarrow I \models C \lor I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def by force
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}union\text{-}mset\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{:}
  assumes
   D: N \models p D + \{\#-L\#\}  and
    C: N \models p C + \{\#L\#\}
 shows N \models_{\mathcal{P}} D \# \cup C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  fix I
 assume
   tot: total-over-m I (N \cup \{D \# \cup C\}) and
   consistent-interp I and
```

```
I \models s N
   assume L: L \in I \vee -L \in I
   then have total-over-m I \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
     using tot by (cases L) auto
   then have I \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
     using D (I \models s N) tot (consistent-interp I) unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   moreover
     have total-over-m I \{C + \{\#L\#\}\}
       using L tot by (cases L) auto
     then have I \models C + \{\#L\#\}
       using C \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-}interp I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have I \models D \# \cup C using \langle consistent\text{-}interp\ I \rangle unfolding consistent-interp-def
 moreover {
   assume L: L \notin I \land -L \notin I
   let ?I' = I \cup \{L\}
   have consistent-interp ?I' using L (consistent-interp I) by auto
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
     using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' N using tot using total-union by blast
   moreover have ?I' \models s \ N \text{ using } (I \models s \ N) \text{ using } true-clss-union-increase by blast
   ultimately have ?I' \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
     using D unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
   then have ?I' \models D using L by auto
   moreover
     have total-over-set I (atms-of (D + C)) using tot by auto
     then have L \notin \# D \land -L \notin \# D
       using L unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-def by (cases L) force+
   ultimately have I \models D \# \cup C unfolding true-cls-def by auto
 ultimately show I \models D \# \cup C by blast
qed
lemma satisfiable-carac[iff]:
  (\exists I. \ consistent\ interp\ I \land I \models s\ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow satisfiable\ \varphi\ (is\ (\exists I.\ ?Q\ I) \longleftrightarrow ?S)
proof
 assume ?S
 then show \exists I. ?Q I unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
next
 assume \exists I. ?Q I
 then obtain I where cons: consistent-interp I and I: I \models s \varphi by metis
 let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \notin atms-of-s \ I \land v \in atms-of-ms \ \varphi\}
 have consistent-interp (I \cup ?I')
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by (intro allI) (rename-tac L, case-tac L, auto)
 moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') \varphi
   unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
 moreover have I \cup ?I' \models s \varphi
   using I unfolding Ball-def true-clss-def true-cls-def by auto
  ultimately show ?S unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
qed
lemma satisfiable-carac'[simp]: consistent-interp I \Longrightarrow I \models s \varphi \Longrightarrow satisfiable \varphi
```

11.3 Subsumptions

```
{f lemma}\ subsumption\mbox{-}total\mbox{-}over\mbox{-}m:
  assumes A \subseteq \# B
 shows total-over-m I \{B\} \Longrightarrow total-over-m I \{A\}
 using assms unfolding subset-mset-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 by (auto simp add: mset-le-exists-conv)
lemma atms-of-replicate-mset-replicate-mset-uminus[simp]:
  atms-of (D-replicate-mset\ (count\ D\ L)\ L-replicate-mset\ (count\ D\ (-L))\ (-L))
 = atms-of D - \{atm-of L\}
 by (fastforce simp: atm-of-eq-atm-of atms-of-def)
lemma subsumption-chained:
  assumes
   \forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{D\} \longrightarrow I \models \mathcal{D} \longrightarrow I \models \varphi \ \text{and}
    C \subseteq \# D
 shows (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C\} \longrightarrow I \models C \longrightarrow I \models \varphi) \lor tautology \varphi
  using assms
proof (induct card {Pos v \mid v. v \in atms-of D \land v \notin atms-of C}) arbitrary: D
    rule: nat-less-induct-case)
  case \theta note n = this(1) and H = this(2) and incl = this(3)
  then have atms-of D \subseteq atms-of C by auto
  then have \forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{D\}
   unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
 moreover have \forall I. \ I \models C \longrightarrow I \models D \text{ using } incl \text{ } true\text{-}cls\text{-}mono\text{-}leD \text{ } by \text{ } blast
  ultimately show ?case using H by auto
\mathbf{next}
  case (Suc n D) note IH = this(1) and card = this(2) and H = this(3) and incl = this(4)
 let ?atms = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ D \land v \notin atms\text{-}of \ C\}
 have finite ?atms by auto
  then obtain L where L: L \in ?atms
   using card by (metis (no-types, lifting) Collect-empty-eq card-0-eq mem-Collect-eq
      nat.simps(3)
 let ?D' = D - replicate - mset (count D L) L - replicate - mset (count D (-L)) (-L)
  have atms-of-D: atms-of-ms \{D\} \subseteq atms-of-ms \{?D'\} \cup \{atm-of\ L\} by auto
  {
   \mathbf{fix} I
   assume total-over-m \ I \ \{?D'\}
   then have tot: total-over-m (I \cup \{L\}) \{D\}
      unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def using atms-of-D by auto
   assume IDL: I \models ?D'
   then have I \cup \{L\} \models D unfolding true-cls-def by force
   then have I \cup \{L\} \models \varphi using H tot by auto
   moreover
     have tot': total-over-m (I \cup \{-L\}) \{D\}
       using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
      have I \cup \{-L\} \models D using IDL unfolding true-cls-def by force
      then have I \cup \{-L\} \models \varphi \text{ using } H \text{ tot' by } auto
   ultimately have I \models \varphi \lor tautology \varphi
      using L remove-literal-in-model-tautology by force
```

```
have L \notin H C and -L \notin H C using L atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit by force+
then have C-in-D': C \subseteq H ?D' using \langle C \subseteq H D \rangle by (auto simp: subseteq-mset-def not-in-iff)
have card {Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of ?D' \land v \notin atms-of C}
card {Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of D \land v \notin atms-of C}
using L by (auto intro!: psubset-card-mono)
then show ?case
using IH C-in-D' H' unfolding card[symmetric] by blast
```

11.4 Removing Duplicates

11.5 Set of all Simple Clauses

A simple clause with respect to a set of atoms is such that

- 1. its atoms are included in the considered set of atoms;
- 2. it is not a tautology;
- 3. it does not contains duplicate literals.

It corresponds to the clauses that cannot be simplified away in a calculus without considering the other clauses.

```
definition simple\text{-}clss:: 'v \ set \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ set \ \text{where}
simple\text{-}clss \ atms = \{C. \ atms\text{-}of \ C \subseteq atms \land \neg tautology \ C \land distinct\text{-}mset \ C\}

lemma simple\text{-}clss\text{-}empty[simp]:
simple\text{-}clss \ \{\} = \{\{\#\}\}
unfolding simple\text{-}clss\text{-}def by auto

lemma simple\text{-}clss\text{-}insert:
assumes \ l \notin atms
shows \ simple\text{-}clss \ (insert \ l \ atms) =
(op + \{\#Pos \ l\#\}) \ (simple\text{-}clss \ atms)
\cup \ (op + \{\#Neg \ l\#\}) \ (simple\text{-}clss \ atms)
\cup \ simple\text{-}clss \ atms(is \ ?I = ?U)

proof (standard; \ standard)
fix \ C
assume \ C \in ?I
then have
```

```
atms: atms-of C \subseteq insert\ l\ atms and
   taut: \neg tautology \ C \ \mathbf{and}
   dist: distinct-mset C
   unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
  have H: \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ C \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ x \in insert \ l \ atms
   using atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms by blast
 consider
     (Add)\ L where L\in \#\ C and L=Neg\ l\lor L=Pos\ l
   \mid (No) \;\; Pos \; l \notin \!\!\! \# \; C \;\; Neg \; l \notin \!\!\! \# \; C
   by auto
  then show C \in ?U
   proof cases
     case Add
     then have L \notin \# C - \{\#L\#\}
       using dist unfolding distinct-mset-def by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
     moreover have -L \notin \# C
       using taut Add by auto
     ultimately have atms-of (C - \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms
       using atms Add by (smt H atms-of-def imageE in-diffD insertE literal.exhaust-sel
         subset-iff uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
     moreover have \neg tautology (C - \{\#L\#\})
       \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{taut} \ \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis} \ \mathit{Add}(1) \ \mathit{insert-DiffM} \ \mathit{tautology-add-single})
     moreover have distinct-mset (C - \{\#L\#\})
       using dist by auto
     ultimately have (C - \{\#L\#\}) \in simple\text{-}clss\ atms
       using Add unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
     moreover have C = \{\#L\#\} + (C - \{\#L\#\})
       using Add by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
     ultimately show ?thesis using Add by auto
   next
     case No
     then have C \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms
       using taut atms dist unfolding simple-clss-def
       by (auto simp: atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit split: if-split-asm dest!: H)
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
next
 \mathbf{fix} \ C
 assume C \in ?U
 then consider
     (Add) L C' where C = \{\#L\#\} + C' \text{ and } C' \in simple-clss atms and \}
       L = Pos \ l \lor L = Neg \ l
   | (No) C \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms
   by auto
  then show C \in ?I
   proof cases
     case No
     then show ?thesis unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
     case (Add \ L \ C') note C' = this(1) and C = this(2) and L = this(3)
     then have
       atms: atms-of C' \subseteq atms and
       taut: \neg tautology C' and
       dist: distinct-mset C'
```

```
unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
     have atms-of C \subseteq insert\ l\ atms
       using atms C'L by auto
     moreover have \neg tautology C
       using taut C' L by (metis assms atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms literal.sel(1,2) subset-eq
         tautology-add-single uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
     moreover have distinct-mset C
       using dist C' L
       by (metis assms atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms contra-subsetD distinct-mset-add-single
         literal.sel(1,2)
     ultimately show ?thesis unfolding simple-clss-def by blast
   qed
qed
lemma simple-clss-finite:
 fixes atms :: 'v set
 assumes finite atms
 shows finite (simple-clss atms)
 using assms by (induction rule: finite-induct) (auto simp: simple-clss-insert)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{simple-clssE} \colon
 assumes
   x \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms
 shows atms-of x \subseteq atms \land \neg tautology x \land distinct-mset x
 using assms unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
{f lemma} {\it cls-in-simple-clss}:
 shows \{\#\} \in simple\text{-}clss\ s
 unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
lemma simple-clss-card:
 \mathbf{fixes} \ \mathit{atms} :: \ 'v \ \mathit{set}
 assumes finite atms
 shows card (simple-clss\ atms) \le (3::nat) \cap (card\ atms)
 using assms
proof (induct atms rule: finite-induct)
 case empty
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (insert l C) note fin = this(1) and l = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have notin:
   \bigwedge C'. \{\#Pos\ l\#\} + C' \notin simple\text{-}clss\ C
   \bigwedge C'. \{\# Neg \ l\#\} + C' \notin simple\text{-}clss \ C
   using l unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
 have H: \bigwedge C' D. \{\#Pos \ l\#\} + C' = \{\#Neg \ l\#\} + D \Longrightarrow D \in simple-clss \ C \Longrightarrow False
   proof -
     \mathbf{fix} \ C' \ D
     assume C'D: \{\#Pos\ l\#\} + C' = \{\#Neg\ l\#\} + D and D: D \in simple\text{-}clss\ C
     then have Pos l \in \# D by (metis insert-noteg-member literal.distinct(1) union-commute)
     then have l \in atms-of D
       by (simp add: atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit)
     then show False using D l unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
 let ?P = (op + \{\#Pos \ l\#\}) ' (simple-clss \ C)
 let ?N = (op + \{\#Neg \ l\#\}) ' (simple-clss \ C)
```

```
let ?O = simple\text{-}clss \ C
  have card (?P \cup ?N \cup ?O) = card (?P \cup ?N) + card ?O
   apply (subst card-Un-disjoint)
   using l fin by (auto simp: simple-clss-finite notin)
  moreover have card (?P \cup ?N) = card ?P + card ?N
   apply (subst card-Un-disjoint)
   using l fin H by (auto simp: simple-clss-finite notin)
  moreover
   have card ?P = card ?O
     using inj-on-iff-eq-card [of ?O op + \{ \#Pos \ l\# \} ]
     by (auto simp: fin simple-clss-finite inj-on-def)
 moreover have card ?N = card ?O
     using inj-on-iff-eq-card [of ?O op + \{ \#Neg \ l\# \} ]
     by (auto simp: fin simple-clss-finite inj-on-def)
  moreover have (3::nat) \widehat{} card (insert\ l\ C) = 3 \widehat{} (card\ C) + 3 \widehat{} (card\ C) + 3 \widehat{} (card\ C)
   using l by (simp add: fin mult-2-right numeral-3-eq-3)
  ultimately show ?case using IH l by (auto simp: simple-clss-insert)
qed
lemma simple-clss-mono:
  assumes incl: atms \subseteq atms'
  shows simple-clss atms \subseteq simple-clss atms'
  using assms unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
lemma distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss:
 assumes distinct-mset \chi and \neg tautology \chi
 shows \chi \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of \chi)
  using assms unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
lemma simplified-in-simple-clss:
  assumes distinct-mset-set \psi and \forall \chi \in \psi. \neg tautology \chi
 shows \psi \subseteq simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi)
  using assms unfolding simple-clss-def
  by (auto simp: distinct-mset-set-def atms-of-ms-def)
11.6
          Experiment: Expressing the Entailments as Locales
locale entail =
  fixes entail :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool (infix \models e \ 50)
 \textbf{assumes} \ \textit{entail-insert}[\textit{simp}] \colon I \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow \textit{insert} \ L \ I \models e \ x \longleftrightarrow \{L\} \models e \ x \lor I \models e \ x
  assumes entail-union[simp]: I \models e A \Longrightarrow I \cup I' \models e A
begin
definition entails :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'b set \Rightarrow bool (infix \models es 50) where
  I \models es A \longleftrightarrow (\forall a \in A. I \models e a)
lemma entails-empty[simp]:
  I \models es \{\}
  unfolding entails-def by auto
lemma entails-single[iff]:
  I \models es \{a\} \longleftrightarrow I \models e a
  unfolding entails-def by auto
lemma entails-insert-l[simp]:
  M \models es A \implies insert \ L \ M \models es \ A
```

```
unfolding entails-def by (metis Un-commute entail-union insert-is-Un)
lemma entails-union[iff]: I \models es \ CC \cup DD \longleftrightarrow I \models es \ CC \land I \models es \ DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-insert[iff]: I \models es insert C DD \longleftrightarrow I \models es C \land I \models es DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-insert-mono: DD \subseteq CC \Longrightarrow I \models es CC \Longrightarrow I \models es DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-union-increase[simp]:
 assumes I \models es \psi
 shows I \cup I' \models es \psi
 using assms unfolding entails-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}commute\text{-}l:
  (I \cup I' \models es \psi) \longleftrightarrow (I' \cup I \models es \psi)
 by (simp add: Un-commute)
lemma entails-remove[simp]: I \models es N \implies I \models es Set.remove \ a \ N
 by (simp add: entails-def)
lemma entails-remove-minus[simp]: I \models es N \Longrightarrow I \models es N - A
  by (simp add: entails-def)
end
interpretation true-cls: entail true-cls
 by standard (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
```

11.7 Entailment to be extended

In some cases we want a more general version of entailment to have for example $\{\} \models \{\#L, -L\#\}$. This is useful when the model we are building might not be total (the literal L might have been definitely removed from the set of clauses), but we still want to have a property of entailment considering that theses removed literals are not important.

We can given a model I consider all the natural extensions: C is entailed by an extended I, if for all total extension of I, this model entails C.

```
definition true\text{-}clss\text{-}ext :: 'a \ literal \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ multiset \ set \Rightarrow bool \ (infix \models sext \ 49) where I \models sext \ N \longleftrightarrow (\forall J. \ I \subseteq J \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp \ J \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ J \ N \longrightarrow J \models s \ N) lemma true\text{-}clss\text{-}imp\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}ext\text{:}} I \models s \ N \Longrightarrow I \models sext \ N unfolding true\text{-}clss\text{-}ext\text{-}def by (metis \ sup.orderE \ true\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}increase') lemma true\text{-}clss\text{-}ext\text{-}decrease\text{-}right\text{-}remove\text{-}r\text{:}} assumes I \models sext \ N shows I \models sext \ N - \{C\} unfolding true\text{-}clss\text{-}ext\text{-}def proof (intro \ all I \ imp I) fix J assume
```

```
I \subseteq J and
   cons: consistent-interp\ J and
   tot: total-over-m J(N - \{C\})
 let ?J = J \cup \{Pos (atm-of P) | P. P \in \# C \land atm-of P \notin atm-of `J'\}
 have I \subseteq ?J using \langle I \subseteq J \rangle by auto
 moreover have consistent-interp ?J
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def apply (intro allI)
   by (rename-tac L, case-tac L) (fastforce simp add: image-iff)+
  moreover have total-over-m ?J N
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def
   apply clarify
   apply (rename-tac l a, case-tac a \in N - \{C\})
     apply auto
   using atms-of-s-def atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
   by (fastforce simp: atms-of-def)
  ultimately have ?J \models s N
   using assms unfolding true-clss-ext-def by blast
  then have ?J \models s N - \{C\} by auto
  have \{v \in ?J. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (N - \{C\})\} \subseteq J
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
   by (auto intro!: rev-image-eqI)
  then show J \models s N - \{C\}
   using true-clss-remove-unused[OF \langle ?J \models s N - \{C\} \rangle] unfolding true-clss-def
   by (meson true-cls-mono-set-mset-l)
qed
{f lemma} consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable:
 assumes consistent-interp I and I \models sext A
 shows satisfiable A
 by (metis Un-empty-left assms satisfiable-carac subset-Un-eq sup.left-idem
   total-over-m-consistent-extension total-over-m-empty true-clss-ext-def)
lemma not-consistent-true-clss-ext:
 assumes \neg consistent\text{-}interp\ I
 shows I \models sext A
 by (meson assms consistent-interp-subset true-clss-ext-def)
{\bf theory}\ {\it Prop-Logic-Multiset}
imports ../lib/Multiset-More Prop-Normalisation Partial-Clausal-Logic
begin
12
       Link with Multiset Version
```

12.1 Transformation to Multiset

```
fun mset-of-conj :: 'a propo \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset where mset-of-conj (FOr \varphi \psi) = mset-of-conj \varphi + mset-of-conj \psi \mid mset-of-conj (FVar v) = \{\# Pos v \#\} \mid mset-of-conj (FNot (FVar v)) = \{\# Neg v \#\} \mid mset-of-conj FF = \{\#\}

fun mset-of-formula :: 'a propo \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset set where mset-of-formula (FAnd \varphi \psi) = mset-of-formula \varphi \cup mset-of-formula \psi \mid mset-of-formula (FOr \varphi \psi) = \{mset-of-conj (FOr \varphi \psi)\} \mid mset-of-formula (FVar \psi) = \{mset-of-conj (FVar \psi)\} \mid mset-of-mula (FVar \psi) = \{mset-of-mula (FVar \psi) = \{mset-multiset (FVar \psi) = \{mset
```

```
mset-of-formula (FNot \ \psi) = \{mset-of-conj (FNot \ \psi)\} \mid mset-of-formula FF = \{\{\#\}\} \mid mset-of-formula FT = \{\}
```

12.2 Equisatisfiability of the two Version

```
lemma is-conj-with-TF-FNot:
  is-conj-with-TF (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\exists v. \varphi = FVar \ v \lor \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT)
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def apply (rule iffI)
 apply (induction FNot \varphi rule: super-grouped-by.induct)
 apply (induction FNot \varphi rule: grouped-by.induct)
    apply simp
   apply (cases \varphi; simp)
  apply auto
  done
lemma grouped-by-COr-FNot:
  grouped-by COr (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\exists v. \varphi = FVar \ v \lor \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT)
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def apply (rule iffI)
 apply (induction FNot \varphi rule: grouped-by.induct)
    apply simp
   apply (cases \varphi; simp)
  apply auto
 done
lemma
  shows no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}FF[simp]: \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F FF and
   no-T-F-FT[simp]: \neg no-T-FFT
  unfolding no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma grouped-by-CAnd-FAnd:
  grouped-by CAnd (FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2) \longleftrightarrow grouped-by CAnd \varphi 1 \land grouped-by CAnd \varphi 2
 apply (rule iffI)
 apply (induction FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: grouped-by.induct)
 using connected-is-group of CAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2 by auto
lemma grouped-by-COr-FOr:
  grouped-by COr (FOr \varphi 1 \varphi 2) \longleftrightarrow grouped-by COr \varphi 1 \land grouped-by COr \varphi 2
 apply (rule iffI)
 apply (induction FOr \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: grouped-by.induct)
  using connected-is-group[of COr \varphi 1 \varphi 2] by auto
lemma grouped-by-COr-FAnd[simp]: \neg grouped-by COr (FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  apply clarify
  apply (induction FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: grouped-by.induct)
  apply auto
  done
lemma grouped-by-COr-FEq[simp]: \neg grouped-by COr (FEq \varphi1 \varphi2)
  apply clarify
  apply (induction FEq \varphi1 \varphi2 rule: grouped-by.induct)
  apply auto
  done
lemma [simp]: \neg grouped-by COr (FImp \varphi \psi)
```

```
apply clarify
  by (induction FImp \varphi \psi rule: grouped-by.induct) simp-all
lemma [simp]: \neg is-conj-with-TF (FImp \varphi \psi)
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def apply clarify
  by (induction FImp \varphi \psi rule: super-grouped-by.induct) simp-all
lemma [simp]: \neg grouped-by COr (FEq \varphi \psi)
  apply clarify
  by (induction FEq \varphi \psi rule: grouped-by.induct) simp-all
lemma [simp]: \neg is-conj-with-TF (FEq \varphi \psi)
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def apply clarify
  by (induction FEq \varphi \psi rule: super-grouped-by.induct) simp-all
lemma is-conj-with-TF-Fand:
  is\text{-}conj\text{-}with\text{-}TF \ (FAnd \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2) \implies is\text{-}conj\text{-}with\text{-}TF \ \varphi 1 \ \land \ is\text{-}conj\text{-}with\text{-}TF \ \varphi 2
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def
  apply (induction FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: super-grouped-by.induct)
  apply (auto simp: grouped-by-CAnd-FAnd intro: grouped-is-super-grouped)[]
  apply auto
  done
lemma is-conj-with-TF-FOr:
  is-conj-with-TF (FOr \varphi 1 \varphi 2) \Longrightarrow grouped-by COr \varphi 1 \land grouped-by COr \varphi 2
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def
  apply (induction FOr \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: super-grouped-by.induct)
  apply (auto simp: grouped-by-COr-FOr)
  apply auto[]
  done
lemma grouped-by-COr-mset-of-formula:
  grouped-by COr \varphi \Longrightarrow mset-of-formula \varphi = (if \ \varphi = FT \ then \ \{\} \ else \ \{mset-of-conj \varphi\})
  by (induction \varphi) (auto simp add: grouped-by-COr-FNot)
```

When a formula is in CNF form, then there is equisatisfiability between the multiset version and the CNF form. Remark that the definition for the entailment are slightly different: $op \models$ uses a function assigning True or False, while $op \models s$ uses a set where being in the list means entailment of a literal.

theorem

```
fixes \varphi :: 'v propo assumes is-cnf \varphi shows eval A \varphi \longleftrightarrow Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-clss (\{Pos \ v | v. \ A \ v\} \cup \{Neg \ v | v. \ \neg A \ v\}) (mset-of-formula \varphi) using assms proof (induction \ \varphi) case FF then show ?case by auto next case FT then show ?case by auto next case (FVar \ v) then show ?case by auto next
```

```
case (FAnd \varphi \psi)
 then show ?case
 unfolding is-cnf-def by (auto simp: is-conj-with-TF-FNot dest: is-conj-with-TF-Fand
   dest!:is-conj-with-TF-FOr)
next
 case (FOr \varphi \psi)
 then have [simp]: mset-of-formula \varphi = \{mset-of-conj \varphi\} mset-of-formula \psi = \{mset-of-conj \psi\}
   unfolding is-cnf-def by (auto dest!:is-conj-with-TF-FOr simp: grouped-by-COr-mset-of-formula
     split: if-splits)
 have is-conj-with-TF \varphi is-conj-with-TF \psi
   using FOr(3) unfolding is-cnf-def no-T-F-def
    \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis grouped-is-super-grouped is-conj-with-TF-FOr is-conj-with-TF-def}) + \\
 then show ?case using FOr
   unfolding is-cnf-def by simp
next
 case (FImp \varphi \psi)
 then show ?case
   unfolding is-cnf-def by auto
next
 case (FEq \varphi \psi)
 then show ?case
   unfolding is-cnf-def by auto
\mathbf{next}
 case (FNot \varphi)
 then show ?case
   unfolding is-cnf-def by (auto simp: is-conj-with-TF-FNot)
qed
end
theory Prop-Resolution
imports Partial-Clausal-Logic List-More Wellfounded-More
```

13 Resolution

begin

13.1 Simplification Rules

```
inductive simplify:: 'v\ clauses \Rightarrow 'v\ clauses \Rightarrow bool\ for\ N:: 'v\ clause\ set\ where tautology\text{-}deletion: (A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) \in N \Longrightarrow simplify\ N\ (N - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\})| condensation: (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) \in N \Longrightarrow simplify\ N\ (N - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\})| subsumption: A \in N \Longrightarrow A \subset \#B \Longrightarrow B \in N \Longrightarrow simplify\ N\ (N - \{B\}) lemma simplify\text{-}preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat'\text{:} fixes N\ N':: 'v\ clauses assumes simplify\ N\ N' and total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ N shows I \models s\ N' \longrightarrow I \models s\ N using assms proof (induct\ rule:\ simplify.induct) case (tautology\text{-}deletion\ A\ P) then have I \models A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
```

```
by (metis total-over-m-def total-over-set-literal-defined true-cls-singleton true-cls-union
     true-lit-def uminus-Neg union-commute)
  then show ?case by (metis Un-Diff-cancel2 true-clss-singleton true-clss-union)
next
  case (condensation A P)
 then show ?case by (metis Diff-insert-absorb Set.set-insert insertE true-cls-union true-clss-def
   true-clss-singleton true-clss-union)
next
 case (subsumption \ A \ B)
 have A \neq B using subsumption.hyps(2) by auto
 then have I \models s N - \{B\} \Longrightarrow I \models A \text{ using } (A \in N) \text{ by } (simp add: true-clss-def)
 moreover have I \models A \Longrightarrow I \models B \text{ using } \langle A < \# B \rangle \text{ by } auto
 ultimately show ?case by (metis insert-Diff-single true-clss-insert)
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes simplify N N'
 and total-over-m I N
 shows I \models s N \longrightarrow I \models s N'
 using assms apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
 using true-clss-def by fastforce+
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat":
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes simplify N N'
 and total-over-m I N'
 shows I \models s N \longrightarrow I \models s N'
 using assms apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
 using true-clss-def by fastforce+
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat-eq:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes simplify N N'
 and total-over-m I N
 shows I \models s N \longleftrightarrow I \models s N'
 using simplify-preserves-un-sat simplify-preserves-un-sat' assms by blast
lemma simplify-preserves-finite:
assumes simplify \psi \psi'
shows finite \psi \longleftrightarrow finite \psi'
using assms by (induct rule: simplify.induct, auto simp add: remove-def)
lemma rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite:
assumes rtrancly simplify \psi \psi'
shows finite \psi \longleftrightarrow finite \psi'
using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite)
lemma simplify-atms-of-ms:
 assumes simplify \psi \psi'
 shows atms-of-ms \psi' \subseteq atms-of-ms \psi
 using assms unfolding atms-of-ms-def
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
  case (tautology-deletion \ A \ P)
 then show ?case by auto
```

```
next
  case (condensation \ A \ P)
  moreover have A + \{\#P\#\} + \{\#P\#\} \in \psi \Longrightarrow \exists x \in \psi. \ atm\text{-}of \ P \in atm\text{-}of \ `set\text{-}mset \ x
    by (metis Un-iff atms-of-def atms-of-plus atms-of-singleton insert-iff)
  ultimately show ?case by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
next
  case (subsumption A P)
  then show ?case by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-ms:
  assumes rtranclp simplify \psi \psi'
 shows atms-of-ms \ \psi' \subseteq atms-of-ms \ \psi
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply (fastforce intro: simplify-atms-of-ms)
  using simplify-atms-of-ms by blast
lemma factoring-imp-simplify:
  assumes \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in N
 shows \exists N'. simplify NN'
proof -
 have C + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} \in N \text{ using } assms \text{ by } (simp add: add.commute union-lcomm)
  from condensation[OF this] show ?thesis by blast
qed
13.2
          Unconstrained Resolution
type-synonym 'v uncon-state = 'v clauses
inductive uncon\text{-}res :: 'v \ uncon\text{-}state \Rightarrow 'v \ uncon\text{-}state \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
resolution:
  \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C \in N \Longrightarrow \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D \in N \Longrightarrow (\{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C, \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D) \notin A
already-used
    \implies uncon\text{-res }(N) \ (N \cup \{C + D\}) \ |
factoring: \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in N \Longrightarrow uncon\text{-res } N \ (N \cup \{C + \{\#L\#\}\})
lemma uncon-res-increasing:
  assumes uncon-res S S' and \psi \in S
 shows \psi \in S'
 using assms by (induct rule: uncon-res.induct) auto
{\bf lemma}\ rtrancl p\hbox{-}uncon\hbox{-}inference\hbox{-}increasing:
  assumes \textit{rtranclp uncon-res } S \ S' \ \text{and} \ \psi \in S
  shows \psi \in S'
  using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: uncon-res-increasing)
13.2.1
            Subsumption
definition subsumes :: 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow bool where
subsumes \ \chi \ \chi' \longleftrightarrow
  (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
 \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models \chi')
lemma subsumes-refl[simp]:
  subsumes \chi \chi
  unfolding subsumes-def by auto
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ subsumes-subsumption:
 assumes subsumes D \chi
 and C \subset \# D and \neg tautology \chi
 shows subsumes C \chi unfolding subsumes-def
  using assms subsumption-total-over-m subsumption-chained unfolding subsumes-def
 by (blast intro!: subset-mset.less-imp-le)
lemma subsumes-tautology:
 assumes subsumes (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) \chi
 shows tautology \chi
 using assms unfolding subsumes-def by (simp add: tautology-def)
13.3
         Inference Rule
type-synonym 'v \; state = 'v \; clauses \times ('v \; clause \times 'v \; clause) \; set
inductive inference-clause :: 'v state \Rightarrow 'v clause \times ('v clause \times 'v clause) set \Rightarrow bool
  (infix \Rightarrow_{Res} 100) where
resolution:
  \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C \in N \Longrightarrow \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D \in N \Longrightarrow (\{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C, \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D) \notin A
already-used
  \implies inference-clause (N, already-used) (C + D, already-used \cup {({#Pos p#} + C, {#Neg p#} +
D)\}) \mid
factoring: \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in N \Longrightarrow inference\text{-}clause\ (N, already\text{-}used)\ (C + \{\#L\#\}, already\text{-}used)
inductive inference :: 'v \ state \Rightarrow 'v \ state \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
inference-step: inference-clause S (clause, already-used)
 \implies inference S (fst S \cup \{clause\}, already-used)
abbreviation already-used-inv
 :: 'a literal multiset set \times ('a literal multiset \times 'a literal multiset) set \Rightarrow bool where
already-used-inv state \equiv
 (\forall (A, B) \in snd \ state. \ \exists \ p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ A \land Neg \ p \in \# \ B \land
         ((\exists \chi \in \textit{fst state. subsumes } \chi ((A - \{\#\textit{Pos } p\#\}) + (B - \{\#\textit{Neg } p\#\})))
           \vee \ tautology \ ((A - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}) + (B - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))))
lemma inference-clause-preserves-already-used-inv:
  assumes inference-clause S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv (fst S \cup \{fst S'\}, snd S'\}
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
 by fastforce+
lemma inference-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes inference S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: inference.induct)
 case (inference-step S clause already-used)
 then show ?case
   using inference-clause-preserves-already-used-inv[of S (clause, already-used)] by simp
qed
```

 ${\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv:$

```
assumes rtranclp inference S S'
  and already-used-inv S
  shows already-used-inv S'
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, simp)
  using inference-preserves-already-used-inv unfolding tautology-def by fast
lemma subsumes-condensation:
  assumes subsumes (C + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) D
  shows subsumes (C + \{\#L\#\}) D
  using assms unfolding subsumes-def by simp
{\bf lemma}\ simplify-preserves-already-used-inv:
  assumes simplify N N'
 and already-used-inv (N, already-used)
 shows already-used-inv (N', already-used)
  using assms
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
  case (condensation C L)
  then show ?case
   using subsumes-condensation by simp fast
next
  {
    fix a:: 'a and A:: 'a set and P
    have (\exists x \in Set.remove \ a \ A. \ P \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \in A. \ x \neq a \land P \ x) by auto
  } note ex-member-remove = this
   fix a \ a0 :: 'v \ clause \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses \ and \ y
   assume a \in A and a\theta \subset \# a
   then have (\exists x \in A. \ subsumes \ x \ y) \longleftrightarrow (subsumes \ a \ y \ \lor (\exists x \in A. \ x \neq a \land subsumes \ x \ y))
     by auto
  } note tt2 = this
  case (subsumption A B) note A = this(1) and AB = this(2) and B = this(3) and inv = this(4)
  show ?case
   proof (standard, standard)
     \mathbf{fix} \ x \ a \ b
     assume x: x \in snd (N - \{B\}, already-used) and [simp]: x = (a, b)
     obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# a \land Neq p \in \# b and
       q: (\exists \chi \in \mathbb{N}. \ subsumes \ \chi \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
         \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
       using inv x by fastforce
     \mathbf{consider}\ (\mathit{taut})\ \mathit{tautology}\ (\mathit{a} - \{\#\mathit{Pos}\ \mathit{p\#}\} + (\mathit{b} - \{\#\mathit{Neg}\ \mathit{p\#}\}))\ |
       (\chi) \chi \text{ where } \chi \in N \text{ subsumes } \chi (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
         \neg tautology (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
       using q by auto
     then show
       \exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ a \land Neg \ p \in \# \ b
            \land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N - \{B\}, \ already\text{-}used). \ subsumes \ \chi \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
                \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
       proof cases
         case taut
         then show ?thesis using p by auto
         case \chi note H = this
         show ?thesis using p A AB B subsumes-subsumption [OF - AB H(3)] H(1,2) by auto
```

```
qed
next
  case (tautology-deletion \ C \ P)
 then show ?case apply clarify
  proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
   assume C + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ P\# \} \in N
   assume already-used-inv (N, already-used)
   and (a, b) \in snd (N - \{C + \{\#Pos P\#\} + \{\#Neg P\#\}\}), already-used)
   then obtain p where
     Pos p \in \# a \land Neg p \in \# b \land
       ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N \cup \{C + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\}, already-used).
             subsumes \chi (a - {#Pos p#} + (b - {#Neg p#})))
         \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
     by fastforce
   moreover have tautology (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) by auto
   ultimately show
     \exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ a \land Neq \ p \in \# \ b
     \land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N - \{C + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\}), \ already-used).
           subsumes \chi (a - {#Pos p#} + (b - {#Neg p#})))
         \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
     by (metis (no-types) Diff-iff Un-insert-right empty-iff fst-conv insertE subsumes-tautology
       sup-bot.right-neutral)
 qed
qed
lemma
 factoring-satisfiable: I \models \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \longleftrightarrow I \models \{\#L\#\} + C and
 resolution-satisfiable:
   consistent-interp I \Longrightarrow I \models \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C \Longrightarrow I \models \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D \Longrightarrow I \models C + D and
   factoring\mbox{-}same\mbox{-}vars:\ atms\mbox{-}of\ (\{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C) = atms\mbox{-}of\ (\{\#L\#\} + C)
  unfolding true-cls-def consistent-interp-def by (fastforce split: if-split-asm)+
{\bf lemma}\ in ference \hbox{-} increasing \hbox{:}
 assumes inference S S' and \psi \in fst S
 shows \psi \in fst S'
 using assms by (induct rule: inference.induct, auto)
lemma rtranclp-inference-increasing:
 assumes rtrancly inference S S' and \psi \in fst S
 shows \psi \in fst S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: inference-increasing)
lemma inference-clause-already-used-increasing:
 assumes inference-clause S S
 shows snd S \subseteq snd S'
 using assms by (induct rule:inference-clause.induct, auto)
lemma inference-already-used-increasing:
 assumes inference S S'
 shows snd S \subseteq snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule:inference.induct)
 using inference-clause-already-used-increasing by fastforce
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ in ference\text{-}clause\text{-}preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference-clause T T'
 and total-over-m I (fst T)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s \ fst \ T \longleftrightarrow I \models s \ fst \ T \cup \{fst \ T'\}
  using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
 unfolding consistent-interp-def true-clss-def by auto force+
{\bf lemma}\ in ference \hbox{-} preserves \hbox{-} un\hbox{-} sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference T T'
 and total-over-m I (fst T)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s fst \ T \longleftrightarrow I \models s fst \ T'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
  using inference-clause-preserves-un-sat by fastforce
lemma inference-clause-preserves-atms-of-ms:
  assumes inference-clause S S'
 shows atms-of-ms (fst (fst S \cup \{fst S'\}, snd S')) \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst S)
  using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
  apply auto
    apply (metis Set.set-insert UnCI atms-of-ms-insert atms-of-plus)
   apply (metis Set.set-insert UnCI atms-of-ms-insert atms-of-plus)
  apply (simp add: in-m-in-literals union-assoc)
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def using assms by fastforce
lemma inference-preserves-atms-of-ms:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference T T'
 shows atms-of-ms (fst T') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst T)
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 using inference-clause-preserves-atms-of-ms by fastforce
lemma inference-preserves-total:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference\ (N,\ already-used)\ (N',\ already-used')
 shows total-over-m I N \Longrightarrow total-over-m I N'
   using assms inference-preserves-atms-of-ms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
   by fastforce
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-inference-preserves-total:
 assumes rtranclp inference T T'
 shows total-over-m I (fst T) \Longrightarrow total-over-m I (fst T')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: inference-preserves-total)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}inference\text{-}preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat:
 assumes rtranclp inference N N'
 and total-over-m I (fst N)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s fst \ N \longleftrightarrow I \models s fst \ N'
```

```
using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 apply (simp add: inference-preserves-un-sat)
 using inference-preserves-un-sat rtranclp-inference-preserves-total by blast
lemma inference-preserves-finite:
 assumes inference \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: inference.induct, auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite)
lemma inference-clause-preserves-finite-snd:
 assumes inference-clause \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: inference-clause.induct, auto)
lemma inference-preserves-finite-snd:
 assumes inference \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms inference-clause-preserves-finite-snd by (induct rule: inference.induct, fastforce)
lemma rtranclp-inference-preserves-finite:
 assumes rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite inference-preserves-finite)
lemma consistent-interp-insert:
 assumes consistent-interp I
 and atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of ' I
 shows consistent-interp (insert P I)
proof -
 have P: insert P I = I \cup \{P\} by auto
 show ?thesis unfolding P
 apply (rule consistent-interp-disjoint)
 using assms by (auto simp: image-iff)
qed
lemma simplify-clause-preserves-sat:
 assumes simp: simplify \psi \psi'
 and satisfiable \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi
 using assms
proof induction
 case (tautology-deletion A P) note AP = this(1) and sat = this(2)
 let ?A' = A + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ P\# \}
 let ?\psi' = \psi - \{?A'\}
 obtain I where
   I: I \models s ? \psi' and
   cons: consistent-interp\ I and
   tot: total-over-m I ? \psi'
   using sat unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
 { assume Pos \ P \in I \lor Neg \ P \in I
   then have I \models ?A' by auto
```

```
then have I \models s \psi using I by (metis insert-Diff tautology-deletion.hyps true-clss-insert)
   then have ?case using cons tot by auto
  moreover {
   assume Pos: Pos P \notin I and Neg: Neg P \notin I
   then have consistent-interp (I \cup \{Pos\ P\}) using cons by simp
   moreover have I'A: I \cup \{Pos\ P\} \models ?A' by auto
   have \{Pos\ P\} \cup I \models s \psi - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\}\
     using \langle I \models s \psi - \{A + \{\#Pos P\#\}\} + \{\#Neg P\#\}\} \rangle true-clss-union-increase' by blast
   then have I \cup \{Pos \ P\} \models s \ \psi
     by (metis (no-types) Un-empty-right Un-insert-left Un-insert-right I'A insert-Diff
       sup\mbox{-}bot.left\mbox{-}neutral\ tautology\mbox{-}deletion.hyps\ true\mbox{-}clss\mbox{-}insert)
   ultimately have ?case using satisfiable-carac' by blast
 ultimately show ?case by blast
next
  case (condensation A L) note AL = this(1) and sat = this(2)
 have f3: simplify \psi (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}\) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\)
   using AL simplify.condensation by blast
 obtain LL :: 'a literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'a literal set where
   \textit{f4} : LL \ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) \models s \ \psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A, \{\#L\#\}\}\}) = 0
     \land consistent\text{-interp}\ (LL\ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}))
     \wedge \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ (LL \ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}))
                    \cup \; \{A \; + \; \{\#L\#\}\})) \; (\psi \; - \; \{A \; + \; \{\#L\#\} \; + \; \{\#L\#\}\}) \; \cup \; \{A \; + \; \{\#L\#\}\})
   using sat by (meson satisfiable-def)
 have f5: insert (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) = \psi
   using AL by fastforce
 have atms-of (A + {\#L\#} + {\#L\#}) = atms-of ({\#L\#} + A)
   by simp
 then show ?case
   using f5 f4 f3 by (metis (no-types) add.commute satisfiable-def simplify-preserves-un-sat'
     total-over-m-insert total-over-m-union)
next
  case (subsumption A B) note A = this(1) and AB = this(2) and B = this(3) and sat = this(4)
 let ?\psi' = \psi - \{B\}
 obtain I where I: I \models s ?\psi' and cons: consistent-interp I and tot: total-over-m I ?\psi'
   using sat unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
 have I \models A using A I by (metis AB Diff-iff subset-mset.less-irrefl singletonD true-clss-def)
  then have I \models B using AB subset-mset.less-imp-le true-cls-mono-leD by blast
  then have I \models s \psi using I by (metis insert-Diff-single true-clss-insert)
 then show ?case using cons satisfiable-carac' by blast
qed
lemma simplify-preserves-unsat:
 assumes inference \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 using satisfiable-decreasing by (metis fst-conv)+
lemma inference-preserves-unsat:
 assumes inference** S S'
 shows satisfiable (fst S') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst S)
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 apply simp-all
```

```
using simplify-preserves-unsat by blast
datatype 'v sem-tree = Node 'v 'v sem-tree 'v sem-tree | Leaf
fun sem-tree-size :: 'v sem-tree \Rightarrow nat where
sem-tree-size Leaf = 0
sem-tree-size (Node - ag ad) = 1 + sem-tree-size ag + sem-tree-size ad
lemma sem-tree-size[case-names bigger]:
  (\bigwedge xs: 'v \ sem\text{-tree.} \ (\bigwedge ys: 'v \ sem\text{-tree.} \ sem\text{-tree-size} \ ys < sem\text{-tree-size} \ xs \Longrightarrow P \ ys) \Longrightarrow P \ xs)
  \implies P xs
 by (fact Nat.measure-induct-rule)
fun partial-interps :: 'v sem-tree \Rightarrow 'v interp \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool where
partial-interps Leaf I \psi = (\exists \chi. \neg I \models \chi \land \chi \in \psi \land total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \{\chi\}) \mid
partial-interps (Node v ag ad) I \psi \longleftrightarrow
  (partial-interps\ ag\ (I \cup \{Pos\ v\})\ \psi \land partial-interps\ ad\ (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \psi)
lemma simplify-preserve-partial-leaf:
  simplify N N' \Longrightarrow partial-interps Leaf I N \Longrightarrow partial-interps Leaf I N'
  apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
   using union-lcomm apply auto[1]
  apply (simp, metis atms-of-plus total-over-set-union true-cls-union)
  apply simp
  by (metis atms-of-ms-singleton mset-le-exists-conv subset-mset-def true-cls-mono-leD
   total-over-m-def total-over-m-sum)
{\bf lemma}\ simplify\mbox{-}preserve\mbox{-}partial\mbox{-}tree:
 assumes simplify N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
  using assms apply (induct t arbitrary: I, simp)
  using simplify-preserve-partial-leaf by metis
{\bf lemma}\ in ference-preserve-partial\text{-}tree:}
  assumes inference S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
  shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
  using assms apply (induct t arbitrary: I, simp-all)
  by (meson inference-increasing)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}inference\text{-}preserve\text{-}partial\text{-}tree:
 assumes rtranclp inference N N'
 and partial-interps t I (fst N)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst N')
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto)
  using inference-preserve-partial-tree by force
```

function build-sem-tree :: 'v :: $linorder\ set\ \Rightarrow\ 'v\ clauses\ \Rightarrow\ 'v\ sem\text{-tree}$ where

```
build-sem-tree atms \psi =
  (if \ atms = \{\} \lor \neg \ finite \ atms
  then Leaf
  else Node (Min atms) (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
    (build\text{-}sem\text{-}tree\ (Set.remove\ (Min\ atms)\ atms)\ \psi))
by auto
termination
 apply (relation measure (\lambda(A, -), card A), simp-all)
 apply (metis Min-in card-Diff1-less remove-def)+
done
\mathbf{declare}\ \mathit{build-sem-tree.induct}[\mathit{case-names}\ \mathit{tree}]
lemma unsatisfiable-empty[simp]:
  \neg unsatisfiable \{\}
  unfolding satisfiable-def apply auto
 using consistent-interp-def unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def by blast
lemma partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms-general:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder clauses and p :: 'v literal list
 assumes unsat: unsatisfiable \psi and finite \psi and consistent-interp I
 and finite atms
 and atms-of-ms \ \psi = atms \cup atms-of-s \ I and atms \cap atms-of-s \ I = \{\}
 shows partial-interps (build-sem-tree atms \psi) I \psi
 using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: build-sem-tree.induct)
 case (1 atms \psi Ia) note IH1 = this(1) and IH2 = this(2) and unsat = this(3) and finite = this(4)
   and cons = this(5) and f = this(6) and un = this(7) and disj = this(8)
   assume atms: atms = \{\}
   then have atmsIa: atms-of-ms \psi = atms-of-s Ia using un by auto
   then have total-over-m Ia \psi unfolding total-over-m-def atmsIa by auto
   then have \chi: \exists \chi \in \psi. \neg Ia \models \chi
     using unsat cons unfolding true-clss-def satisfiable-def by auto
   then have build-sem-tree atms \psi = Leaf using atms by auto
   moreover
     have tot: \bigwedge \chi. \chi \in \psi \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ Ia \ \{\chi\}
     unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def atms-of-s-def
     using atmsIa atms-of-ms-def by fastforce
   have partial-interps Leaf Ia \psi
     using \chi tot by (auto simp add: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def)
     ultimately have ?case by metis
  }
  moreover {
   assume atms: atms \neq \{\}
   have build-sem-tree atms \psi = Node (Min atms) (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
      (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
     using build-sem-tree.simps[of atms \psi] f atms by metis
   have consistent-interp (Ia \cup \{Pos \ (Min \ atms)\}) unfolding consistent-interp-def
     by (metis Int-iff Min-in Un-iff atm-of-uminus atms cons consistent-interp-def disj empty-iff
       f in-atms-of-s-decomp insert-iff literal distinct (1) literal exhaust-sel literal sel(2)
       uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
   moreover have atms-of-ms \psi = Set.remove (Min atms) atms \cup atms-of-s (Ia \cup {Pos (Min atms)})
     using Min-in atms f un by fastforce
```

```
moreover have disj': Set.remove (Min \ atms) atms \cap atms-of-s (Ia \cup \{Pos \ (Min \ atms)\}) = \{\}
     by simp (metis disj disjoint-iff-not-equal member-remove)
   moreover have finite (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) using f by (simp add: remove-def)
   ultimately have subtree1: partial-interps (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
       (Ia \cup \{Pos (Min \ atms)\}) \psi
     using IH1[of Ia \cup {Pos (Min (atms))}] atms f unsat finite by metis
   have consistent-interp (Ia \cup \{Neg \ (Min \ atms)\}) unfolding consistent-interp-def
     by (metis Int-iff Min-in Un-iff atm-of-uninus atms cons consistent-interp-def disj empty-iff
      f in-atms-of-s-decomp insert-iff literal distinct (1) literal exhaust-sel literal sel(2)
      uminus-Neg)
   moreover have atms-of-ms \psi = Set.remove (Min atms) atms \cup atms-of-s (Ia \cup {Neg (Min atms)})
      using \langle atms-of-ms \ \psi = Set.remove \ (Min \ atms) \ atms \cup \ atms-of-s \ (Ia \cup \{Pos \ (Min \ atms)\}) \rangle by
blast
   moreover have disj': Set.remove (Min \ atms) atms \cap atms-of-s (Ia \cup \{Neg \ (Min \ atms)\}) = \{\}
     using disj by auto
   moreover have finite (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) using f by (simp add: remove-def)
   ultimately have subtree2: partial-interps (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
       (Ia \cup \{Neg \ (Min \ atms)\}) \ \psi
     using IH2[of\ Ia \cup \{Neg\ (Min\ (atms))\}] atms f\ unsat\ finite\ by\ metis
   then have ?case
     using IH1 subtree1 subtree2 f local.finite unsat atms by simp
 ultimately show ?case by metis
qed
lemma partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder \ clauses \ and \ p :: 'v \ literal \ list
 assumes unsat: unsatisfiable \psi and finite: finite \psi
 shows partial-interps (build-sem-tree (atms-of-ms \psi) \psi) {} \psi
proof -
 have consistent-interp {} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
 moreover have atms-of-ms \psi = atms-of-ms \psi \cup atms-of-s \{\} unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
 moreover have atms-of-ms \ \psi \cap atms-of-s \ \{\} = \{\} unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
 moreover have finite (atms-of-ms \psi) unfolding atms-of-ms-def using finite by simp
 ultimately show partial-interps (build-sem-tree (atms-of-ms \psi) \psi) {} \psi
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms-general of \psi } atms-of-ms \psi assms by metis
qed
lemma can-decrease-count:
 fixes \psi'' :: 'v clauses \times ('v clause \times 'v clause \times 'v) set
 assumes count \chi L = n
 and L \in \# \chi and \chi \in fst \psi
 shows \exists \psi' \chi'. inference** \psi \psi' \wedge \chi' \in fst \psi' \wedge (\forall L. \ L \in \# \chi \longleftrightarrow L \in \# \chi')
              \wedge \ count \ \chi' \ L = 1
              using assms
proof (induct n arbitrary: \chi \psi)
  then show ?case by (simp add: not-in-iff[symmetric])
```

```
next
   case (Suc n \chi)
   note IH = this(1) and count = this(2) and L = this(3) and \chi = this(4)
     assume n = 0
     then have inference^{**} \psi \psi
     and \chi \in fst \ \psi
     and \forall L. (L \in \# \chi) \longleftrightarrow (L \in \# \chi)
     and count \chi L = (1::nat)
     and \forall \varphi. \ \varphi \in fst \ \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \ \psi
       by (auto simp add: count L \chi)
     then have ?case by metis
   }
   moreover {
     assume n > \theta
     then have \exists C. \chi = C + \{\#L, L\#\}
         \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ L\ Suc\text{-}eq\text{-}plus 1\text{-}left\ add. left\text{-}commute\ add\text{-}diff\text{-}cancel\text{-}left'\ add\text{-}diff\text{-}cancel\text{-}right'}
           count-greater-zero-iff count-single local.count multi-member-split plus-multiset.rep-eq)
     then obtain C where C: \chi = C + \{\#L, L\#\} by metis
     let ?\chi' = C + \{\#L\#\}
     let ?\psi' = (fst \ \psi \cup \{?\chi'\}, snd \ \psi)
     have \varphi: \forall \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi. (\varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \lor \varphi \neq ?\chi') \longleftrightarrow \varphi \in \mathit{fst} ?\psi' unfolding C by \mathit{auto}
     have inf: inference \psi ?\psi'
       using C factoring \chi prod.collapse union-commute inference-step by metis
     moreover have count': count ?\chi' L = n using C count by auto
     moreover have L\chi': L \in \# ?\chi' by auto
     moreover have \chi'\psi': ?\chi' \in fst ?\psi' by auto
     ultimately obtain \psi^{\prime\prime} and \chi^{\prime\prime}
     where
        inference^{**} ?\psi' \psi'' and
       \alpha: \chi'' \in fst \ \psi'' and
       \forall La. (La \in \# ?\chi') \longleftrightarrow (La \in \# \chi'') \text{ and }
       \beta: count \chi'' L = (1::nat) and
       \varphi': \forall \varphi. \varphi \in fst ? \psi' \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \psi'' and
       I\chi: I \models ?\chi' \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi'' and
        tot: \forall I'. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \{?\chi'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \{\chi''\}
       using IH[of?\chi'?\psi'] count' L\chi'\chi'\psi' by blast
     then have inference^{**} \psi \psi^{\prime\prime}
     and \forall La. (La \in \# \chi) \longleftrightarrow (La \in \# \chi'')
     using inf unfolding C by auto
     moreover have \forall \varphi. \varphi \in fst \ \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \ \psi'' \text{ using } \varphi \ \varphi' \text{ by } metis
     moreover have I \models \chi \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi'' using I\chi unfolding true-cls-def C by auto
     moreover have \forall I'. total-over-m I' \{\chi\} \longrightarrow total-over-m I' \{\chi''\}
       using tot unfolding C total-over-m-def by auto
     ultimately have ?case using \varphi \varphi' \alpha \beta by metis
  ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma can-decrease-tree-size:
  fixes \psi :: 'v state and tree :: 'v sem-tree
  assumes finite (fst \psi) and already-used-inv \psi
  and partial-interps tree I (fst \psi)
  shows \exists (tree':: 'v sem-tree) \psi'. inference** \psi \psi' \wedge partial-interps tree' I (fst \psi')
```

```
\land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0)
  using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: sem-tree-size)
  case (bigger xs I) note IH = this(1) and finite = this(2) and a-u-i = this(3) and part = this(4)
  {
   assume sem-tree-size xs = 0
   then have ?case using part by blast
  moreover {
   assume sn\theta: sem-tree-size xs > \theta
   obtain ag ad v where xs: xs = Node \ v \ ag \ ad \ using \ sn\theta by (cases xs, auto)
      assume sem-tree-size aq = 0 and sem-tree-size ad = 0
      then have ag: ag = Leaf and ad: ad = Leaf by (cases ag, auto) (cases ad, auto)
      then obtain \chi \chi' where
       \chi: \neg I \cup \{Pos\ v\} \models \chi and
       tot\chi: total-over-m (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) \{\chi\} and
       \chi\psi: \chi\in fst\ \psi and
       \chi': \neg I \cup \{Neg\ v\} \models \chi' and
        tot\chi': total-over-m (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \{\chi'\} and
       \chi'\psi : \chi' \in fst \ \psi
       using part unfolding xs by auto
      have Posv: \neg Pos\ v \in \#\ \chi\ using\ \chi\ unfolding\ true\text{-}cls\text{-}def\ true\text{-}lit\text{-}def\ by\ auto}
      have Negv: \neg Neg\ v \in \#\ \chi' using \chi' unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
       assume Neg\chi: \neg Neg\ v \in \#\ \chi
       have \neg I \models \chi using \chi Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
       moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi\}
          \mathbf{using}\ \textit{Posv}\ \textit{Neg}\chi\ \textit{atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit}\ \textit{tot}\chi\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ \textit{total-over-m-def}\ \textit{total-over-set-def}
       ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
       and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
       and inference^{**} \psi \psi
          unfolding xs by (auto simp add: \chi\psi)
      moreover {
       assume Pos\chi: \neg Pos\ v \in \#\ \chi'
       then have I\chi: \neg I \models \chi' using \chi' Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
       moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi'\}
          using Negv Pos\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi'
          unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
       ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi) and
          sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs and
          inference^{**} \psi \psi
          using \chi'\psi I\chi unfolding xs by auto
      }
      moreover {
       assume neg: Neg v \in \# \chi and pos: Pos v \in \# \chi'
       then obtain \psi' \chi 2 where inf: rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and \chi 2incl: \chi 2 \in fst \psi'
          and \chi\chi 2-incl: \forall L. L \in \# \chi \longleftrightarrow L \in \# \chi 2
          and count \chi 2: count \chi 2 \ (Neg \ v) = 1
          and \varphi: \forall \varphi: 'v \ literal \ multiset. \ \varphi \in fst \ \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \ \psi'
```

```
and I\chi: I \models \chi \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi 2
  and tot-imp\chi: \forall I'. total-over-m I'\{\chi\} \longrightarrow total-over-m I'\{\chi 2\}
  using can-decrease-count of \chi Neg v count \chi (Neg v) \psi I \chi \psi \chi' \psi by auto
have \chi' \in fst \ \psi' by (simp \ add: \chi'\psi \ \varphi)
with pos
obtain \psi'' \chi 2' where
inf': inference^{**} \psi' \psi''
and \chi 2'-incl: \chi 2' \in fst \psi''
and \chi'\chi 2-incl: \forall L::'v \ literal. \ (L \in \# \chi') = (L \in \# \chi 2')
and count\chi 2': count \chi 2' (Pos v) = (1::nat)
and \varphi': \forall \varphi::'v literal multiset. \varphi \in fst \ \psi' \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \ \psi''
and I\chi': I \models \chi' \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi 2'
and tot-imp\chi': \forall I'. total-over-m I' \{\chi'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m I' \{\chi2'\}
using can-decrease-count of \chi' Pos v count \chi' (Pos v) \psi' I by auto
obtain C where \chi 2: \chi 2 = C + \{ \# Neg \ v \# \} and negC: Neg \ v \notin \# \ C and posC: Pos \ v \notin \# \ C
  proof -
   have \bigwedge m. Suc 0 – count m (Neg v) = count (\chi 2 – m) (Neg v)
     by (simp add: count \chi 2)
   then show ?thesis
      using that by (metis (no-types) One-nat-def Posv Suc-inject Suc-pred χχ2-incl
        count-diff count-single insert-DiffM2 mem-Collect-eq multi-member-skip neg
        not-gr0 set-mset-def union-commute)
  qed
obtain C' where
  \chi 2' : \chi 2' = C' + \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}  and
  posC': Pos \ v \notin \# \ C' and
  negC': Neg v \notin \# C'
  proof -
   assume a1: \bigwedge C'. [\chi 2' = C' + \{\# Pos \ v\#\}; Pos \ v \notin \# C'; Neg \ v \notin \# C'] \implies thesis
   have f2: \land n. (n::nat) - n = 0
     by simp
   have Neg v \notin \# \chi 2' - \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}
      using Negv \chi'\chi 2-incl by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
   have count \{ \#Pos \ v\# \} \ (Pos \ v) = 1
     by simp
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis \chi'\chi 2-incl (Neg v \notin \# \chi 2' - \{ \# Pos v \# \} \rangle a1 count\chi 2' count-diff f2
        insert-DiffM2 less-numeral-extra(3) mem-Collect-eq pos set-mset-def)
  qed
have already-used-inv \psi'
  using rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv[of \psi \psi'] a-u-i inf by blast
then have a-u-i-\psi'': already-used-inv \psi''
  using rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv a-u-i inf' unfolding tautology-def
  by simp
have totC: total-over-m \ I \ \{C\}
  using tot-imp\chi tot\chi tot-over-m-remove[of I Pos v C] negC posC unfolding \chi 2
  by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg uminus-of-uminus-id)
have totC': total-over-m \ I \ \{C'\}
  using tot-imp\chi' tot\chi' total-over-m-sum tot-over-m-remove[of I Neg v C'] negC' posC'
  unfolding \chi 2' by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg)
```

```
have \neg I \models C + C'
  using \chi I \chi \chi' I \chi' unfolding \chi 2 \chi 2' true-cls-def by auto
then have part-I-\psi''': partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\})
  using totC \ totC' by simp
    (metis \leftarrow I \models C + C') atms-of-ms-singleton total-over-m-def total-over-m-sum)
{
  assume (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \notin snd\ \psi''
  then have inf": inference \psi'' (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi'' \cup \{(\chi 2', \chi 2)\})
    using add.commute \varphi' \chi 2incl \langle \chi 2' \in fst \psi'' \rangle unfolding \chi 2 \chi 2
    by (metis prod.collapse inference-step resolution)
  have inference** \psi (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi'' \cup \{(\chi 2', \chi 2)\})
    using inf inf' inf" rtranclp-trans by auto
  moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
  ultimately have ?case using part-I-\psi''' by (metis fst-conv)
moreover {
  assume a: (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \in snd\ \psi''
  then have (\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi''. \ (\forall I. \ total-over-m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m \ I \ \{\chi\})
              \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C))
          \vee tautology (C' + C)
    proof -
      obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# (\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') and
      n: Neg \ p \in \# (\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C) \ \mathbf{and}
      decomp: ((\exists \chi \in fst \psi'').
                  (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{(\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}\})
                           + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\})\}
                      \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\})
                  \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi
                     \rightarrow I \models (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\}))
             \lor tautology ((\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
        using a by (blast intro: allE[OF a-u-i-\psi''[unfolded subsumes-def Ball-def],
             of (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C)])
       { assume p \neq v
        then have Pos p \in \# C' \land Neg \ p \in \# C using p \ n by force
        then have ?thesis unfolding Bex-def by auto
      moreover {
        assume p = v
        then have ?thesis using decomp by (metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-left')
      }
      ultimately show ?thesis by auto
    qed
  moreover {
    assume \exists \chi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi''. \ (\forall I. \ \mathit{total-over-m} \ I \ \{\mathit{C}+\mathit{C'}\} \longrightarrow \mathit{total-over-m} \ I \ \{\chi\})
      \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)
    then obtain \vartheta where \vartheta: \vartheta \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi'' and
      tot-\vartheta-CC': \forall I. total-over-m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m \ I \ \{\vartheta\} and
      \vartheta-inv: \forall I. total-over-m I \{\vartheta\} \longrightarrow I \models \vartheta \longrightarrow I \models C' + C by blast
    have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi'')
      using tot - \vartheta - CC' \vartheta \vartheta - inv \ tot C \ tot C' \lor \neg I \models C + C' \lor \ total - over - m - sum \ \mathbf{by} \ fastforce
    moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
    ultimately have ?case by (metis inf inf' rtranclp-trans)
  moreover {
```

```
assume tautCC': tautology (C' + C)
       have total-over-m I \{C'+C\} using totC totC' total-over-m-sum by auto
       then have \neg tautology (C' + C)
         using \langle \neg I \models C + C' \rangle unfolding add.commute[of C C'] total-over-m-def
         unfolding tautology-def by auto
       then have False using tautCC' unfolding tautology-def by auto
     ultimately have ?case by auto
   ultimately have ?case by auto
 ultimately have ?case using part by (metis (no-types) sem-tree-size.simps(1))
moreover {
 assume size-aq: sem-tree-size aq > 0
 have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
 moreover have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
   and partad: partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neq\ v\}) (fst \psi)
   using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
 moreover have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
    \longrightarrow (partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi) \longrightarrow
   (\exists tree' \ \psi'. inference^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial-interps \ tree' \ (I \cup \{Pos \ v\}) \ (fst \ \psi')
     \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = \theta)))
     using IH by auto
 ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ where
   inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi'
   and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
   and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0
   using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-refl a-u-i by blast
 have partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi')
   using rtranclp-inference-preserve-partial-tree inf partad by metis
 then have partial-interps (Node v tree' ad) I (fst \psi') using part by auto
 then have ?case using inf size size-ag part unfolding xs by fastforce
}
moreover {
 assume size-ad: sem-tree-size ad > 0
 have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
 moreover have partag: partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi) and
   partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
   using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
 moreover have sem-tree-size ad \langle sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
    \longrightarrow ( partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
   \longrightarrow (\exists tree' \psi'. inference^{**} \psi \psi' \land partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg v\}) (fst \psi')
       \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0)))
   using IH by auto
 ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ {\bf and} \ tree' :: 'v \ sem\text{-}tree \ {\bf where}
   inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi'
   and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
   and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0
   using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-refl a-u-i by blast
 have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi')
   using rtranclp-inference-preserve-partial-tree inf partag by metis
 then have partial-interps (Node v ag tree') I (fst \psi') using part by auto
```

```
then have ?case using inf size size-ad unfolding xs by fastforce
   ultimately have ?case by auto
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma inference-completeness-inv:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
   unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \psi) and
   finite: finite (fst \psi) and
   a-u-v: already-used-inv <math>\psi
 shows \exists \psi'. (inference** \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
 obtain tree where partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi)
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms assms by metis
  then show ?thesis
   using unsat finite a-u-v
   proof (induct tree arbitrary: \psi rule: sem-tree-size)
     case (bigger tree \psi) note H = this
     {
      fix \chi
      assume tree: tree = Leaf
      obtain \chi where \chi: \neg {} \models \chi and tot\chi: total-over-m {} {\chi} and \chi\psi: \chi \in fst \psi
        using H unfolding tree by auto
      moreover have \{\#\} = \chi
        using tot\chi unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
      moreover have inference^{**} \psi \psi by auto
      ultimately have ?case by metis
     moreover {
      fix v tree1 tree2
      assume tree: tree = Node \ v \ tree1 \ tree2
        tree' \psi' where inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi' and
        part': partial-interps tree' {} (fst \ \psi') and
        decrease: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0
        using can-decrease-tree-size[of \psi] H(2,4,5) unfolding tautology-def by meson
      have sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree using decrease unfolding tree by auto
      moreover have finite (fst \psi') using rtranclp-inference-preserves-finite inf H(4) by metis
      moreover have unsatisfiable (fst \psi')
        using inference-preserves-unsat inf bigger.prems(2) by blast
      moreover have already-used-inv \psi'
        using H(5) inf rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv[of \psi \psi'] by auto
      ultimately have ?case using inf rtranclp-trans part' H(1) by fastforce
     ultimately show ?case by (cases tree, auto)
  qed
qed
lemma inference-completeness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \ \psi)
 and finite: finite (fst \psi)
```

```
and snd \psi = \{\}
 shows \exists \psi'. (rtranclp inference \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
 have already-used-inv \psi unfolding assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using assms inference-completeness-inv by blast
qed
{f lemma}\ inference\mbox{-}soundness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and \{\#\} \in fst \psi'
 shows unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms by (meson rtranclp-inference-preserves-un-sat satisfiable-def true-cls-empty
   true-clss-def)
lemma inference-soundness-and-completeness:
fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
assumes finite: finite (fst \psi)
and snd \psi = \{\}
shows (\exists \psi'. (inference^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms inference-completeness inference-soundness by metis
         Lemma about the simplified state
abbreviation simplified \psi \equiv (no\text{-step simplify } \psi)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{simplified}\text{-}\mathit{count} \colon
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and \chi: \chi \in \psi
 shows count \chi L \leq 1
proof -
   let ?\chi' = \chi - \{\#L, L\#\}
   assume count \chi L \geq 2
   then have f1: count (\chi - \{\#L, L\#\} + \{\#L, L\#\}) L = count \chi L
     by simp
   then have L \in \# \chi - \{\#L\#\}
     by (metis (no-types) add.left-neutral add-diff-cancel-left' count-union diff-diff-add
       diff-single-trivial insert-DiffM mem-Collect-eq multi-member-this not-gr0 set-mset-def)
   then have \chi': ?\chi' + {#L#} + {#L#} = \chi
     using f1 by (metis diff-diff-add diff-single-eq-union in-diffD)
   have \exists \psi'. simplify \psi \psi'
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) \chi \chi' add.commute factoring-imp-simplify union-assoc)
   then have False using simp by auto
 then show ?thesis by arith
qed
lemma simplified-no-both:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and \chi: \chi \in \psi
 shows \neg (L \in \# \chi \land -L \in \# \chi)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg \neg (L \in \# \chi \land - L \in \# \chi)
 then have L \in \# \chi \land - L \in \# \chi by metis
  then obtain \chi' where \chi = \chi' + \{\#Pos (atm\text{-}of L)\#\} + \{\#Neg (atm\text{-}of L)\#\}
   by (metis Neg-atm-of-iff Pos-atm-of-iff diff-union-swap insert-DiffM2 uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
  then show False using \chi simp tautology-deletion by fastforce
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma simplified-not-tautology:
 assumes simplified \{\psi\}
 shows \sim tautology \psi
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ~ ?thesis
 then obtain p where Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg \ p \in \# \psi using tautology-decomp by metis
 then obtain \chi where \psi = \chi + \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + \{\#Neg \ p\#\}
   by (metis\ insert\text{-}noteq\text{-}member\ literal.distinct(1)\ multi-member\text{-}split)
 then have \sim simplified \{\psi\} by (auto intro: tautology-deletion)
 then show False using assms by auto
qed
lemma simplified-remove:
 assumes simplified \{\psi\}
 shows simplified \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\}\
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ns: \neg simplified \{ \psi - \{ \#l\# \} \}
   assume \neg l \in \# \psi
   then have \psi - \{\#l\#\} = \psi by simp
   then have False using ns assms by auto
  }
  moreover {
   assume l\psi: l\in \# \psi
   have A: \Lambda A. A \in \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\} \longleftrightarrow A + \{\#l\#\} \in \{\psi\} by (auto simp add: l\psi)
   obtain l' where l': simplify \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\}\ l' using ns by metis
   then have \exists l'. simplify \{\psi\} l'
     proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
       case (tautology-deletion \ A \ P)
      have \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + (\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + (A + \{\#l\#\})) \in \{\psi\}
         by (metis (no-types) A add.commute tautology-deletion.hyps union-lcomm)
      then show ?thesis
         by (metis simplify.tautology-deletion[of A+\{\#l\#\}\ P\ \{\psi\}] add.commute)
     next
       case (condensation A L)
      have A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#l\#\} \in \{\psi\}
         using A condensation.hyps by blast
       then have \{\#L, L\#\} + (A + \{\#l\#\}) \in \{\psi\}
         by (metis (no-types) union-assoc union-commute)
       then show ?case
         using factoring-imp-simplify by blast
       case (subsumption A B)
      then show ?case by blast
     qed
   then have False using assms(1) by blast
 ultimately show False by auto
qed
lemma in-simplified-simplified:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and incl: \psi' \subseteq \psi
```

```
shows simplified \psi'
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
  then obtain \psi'' where simplify \psi' \psi'' by metis
   then have \exists l'. simplify \psi l'
     proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
       case (tautology-deletion \ A \ P)
       then show ?thesis using simplify.tautology-deletion[of A P \psi] incl by blast
     next
       case (condensation A L)
      then show ?case using simplify.condensation[of A L \psi] incl by blast
     next
       case (subsumption A B)
      then show ?case using simplify.subsumption[of A \psi B] incl by auto
     qed
 then show False using assms(1) by blast
qed
lemma simplified-in:
 assumes simplified \psi
 and N \in \psi
 shows simplified \{N\}
 using assms by (metis Set.set-insert empty-subset in-simplified-simplified insert-mono)
lemma subsumes-imp-formula:
 assumes \psi \leq \# \varphi
 shows \{\psi\} \models p \varphi
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def apply auto
 using assms true-cls-mono-leD by blast
{\bf lemma}\ simplified\mbox{-}imp\mbox{-}distinct\mbox{-}mset\mbox{-}tauto:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi'
 shows distinct-mset-set \psi' and \forall \chi \in \psi'. \neg tautology \chi
proof -
 show \forall \chi \in \psi'. \neg tautology \chi
   using simp by (auto simp add: simplified-in simplified-not-tautology)
 show distinct-mset-set \psi'
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬?thesis
     then obtain \chi where \chi \in \psi' and \neg distinct\text{-mset} \chi unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
     then obtain L where count \chi L \geq 2
       unfolding distinct-mset-def
      by (meson count-greater-eq-one-iff le-antisym simp simplified-count)
     then show False by (metis Suc-1 \langle \chi \in \psi' \rangle not-less-eq-eq simp simplified-count)
   qed
qed
lemma simplified-no-more-full1-simplified:
 assumes simplified \psi
 shows \neg full1 simplify \psi \psi'
 using assms unfolding full1-def by (meson tranclpD)
```

13.5 Resolution and Invariants

inductive resolution :: $v state \Rightarrow v state \Rightarrow bool$ where

```
full1-simp: full1 simplify N N' \Longrightarrow resolution (N, already-used) (N', already-used) | inferring: inference (N, already-used) (N', already-used') \Longrightarrow simplified N \Longrightarrow full simplify N' N'' \Longrightarrow resolution (N, already-used) (N'', already-used')
```

13.5.1 Invariants

```
lemma resolution-finite:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: resolution.induct)
   (auto simp add: full1-def full-def rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite
     dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp inference-preserves-finite)
lemma rtranclp-resolution-finite:
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: resolution-finite)
lemma resolution-finite-snd:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct, auto simp add: inference-preserves-finite-snd)
 using inference-preserves-finite-snd snd-conv by metis
lemma rtranclp-resolution-finite-snd:
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: resolution-finite-snd)
lemma resolution-always-simplified:
assumes resolution \psi \psi'
shows simplified (fst \psi')
using assms by (induct rule: resolution.induct)
  (auto simp add: full1-def full-def)
lemma tranclp-resolution-always-simplified:
 assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi'
 shows simplified (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct, auto simp add: resolution-always-simplified)
lemma resolution-atms-of:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
   apply(simp add: rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-ms tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def)
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) contra-subsetD fst-conv full-def
   inference-preserves-atms-of-ms rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-ms subsetI)
lemma rtranclp-resolution-atms-of:
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  using resolution-atms-of rtranclp-resolution-finite by blast+
lemma resolution-include:
 assumes res: resolution \psi \psi' and finite: finite (fst \psi)
```

```
shows fst \ \psi' \subseteq simple-clss \ (atms-of-ms \ (fst \ \psi))
proof -
 have finite': finite (fst \psi') using local finite res resolution-finite by blast
 have simplified (fst \psi') using res finite' resolution-always-simplified by blast
  then have fst \ \psi' \subseteq simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (fst \ \psi'))
   using simplified-in-simple-clss finite' simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto of fst \psi' by auto
  moreover have atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
   using res finite resolution-atms-of of \psi \psi' by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by (meson atms-of-ms-finite local finite order trans rev-finite-subset
   simple-clss-mono)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}include:
 assumes res: trancly resolution \psi \psi' and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 shows fst \ \psi' \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms (fst \ \psi))
 using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
   apply (simp add: resolution-include)
  by (meson simple-clss-mono order-class.le-trans resolution-include
   rtranclp-resolution-atms-of rtranclp-resolution-finite tranclp-into-rtranclp)
abbreviation already-used-all-simple
  :: ('a \ literal \ multiset \times 'a \ literal \ multiset) \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set \Rightarrow bool \ where
already-used-all-simple already-used vars \equiv
(\forall (A, B) \in already\text{-}used. simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms\text{-}of A \subseteq vars \land atms\text{-}of B \subseteq vars)
lemma already-used-all-simple-vars-incl:
 assumes vars \subseteq vars'
 shows already-used-all-simple a vars \implies already-used-all-simple a vars'
 using assms by fast
{\bf lemma}\ in ference-clause-preserves-already-used-all-simple:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and simplified (fst S)
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd (fst S \cup \{fst \ S'\}, snd \ S')) vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
  case (factoring\ L\ C\ N\ already-used)
  then show ?case by (simp add: simplified-in factoring-imp-simplify)
  case (resolution P \ C \ N \ D \ already-used) note H = this
 show ?case apply clarify
   proof -
     \mathbf{fix} \ A \ B \ v
     assume (A, B) \in snd (fst (N, already-used))
       \cup \{fst \ (C + D, \ already\text{-}used \ \cup \ \{(\{\#Pos \ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg \ P\#\} + D)\})\},\
          snd\ (C + D,\ already-used \cup \{(\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + C,\ \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + D)\}))
     then have (A, B) \in already-used \vee (A, B) = (\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + D) by auto
     moreover {
       assume (A, B) \in already-used
       then have simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
         using H(4) by auto
     moreover {
```

```
assume eq: (A, B) = (\{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + C, \{ \#Neg \ P\# \} + D)
      then have simplified \{A\} using simplified-in H(1,5) by auto
      moreover have simplified \{B\} using eq simplified-in H(2,5) by auto
      moreover have atms-of A \subseteq atms-of-ms N
        using eq H(1)
        using atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[of\ A\ N] by auto
      moreover have atms-of B \subseteq atms-of-ms N
        using eq H(2) atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[of B N] by auto
      ultimately have simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
        using H(6) by auto
     ultimately show simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
      by fast
   qed
qed
lemma inference-preserves-already-used-all-simple:
 assumes inference S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and simplified (fst S)
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: inference.induct)
 case (inference-step S clause already-used)
 then show ?case
   using inference-clause-preserves-already-used-all-simple of S (clause, already-used) vars
   by auto
qed
lemma already-used-all-simple-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and atms-of-ms (fst \ S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: resolution.induct)
 case (full1-simp NN')
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (inferring N already-used N' already-used' N'')
 then show already-used-all-simple (snd (N", already-used')) vars
   using inference-preserves-already-used-all-simple [of (N, already-used)] by simp
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-already-used-all-simple-inv:
 assumes resolution^{**} S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 and finite (fst\ S)
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
```

```
next
  case (step S' S'') note infstar = this(1) and IH = this(3) and res = this(2) and
   already = this(4) and atms = this(5) and finite = this(6)
 have already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars using IH already atms finite by simp
 moreover have atms-of-ms (fst S') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst S)
   by (simp add: infstar local.finite rtranclp-resolution-atms-of)
  then have atms-of-ms (fst S') \subseteq vars using atms by auto
  ultimately show ?case
   using already-used-all-simple-inv[OF res] by simp
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ inference\text{-}clause\text{-}simplified\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}subset:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct, auto)
 using factoring-imp-simplify by blast
lemma inference-simplified-already-used-subset:
 assumes inference S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 by (metis inference-clause-simplified-already-used-subset snd-conv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ resolution\text{-}simplified\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}subset:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct, simp-all add: full1-def)
 apply (meson tranclpD)
 by (metis inference-simplified-already-used-subset fst-conv snd-conv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}simplified\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}subset:
 assumes trancly resolution S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
 using resolution-simplified-already-used-subset apply metis
 \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{meson tranclp-resolution-always-simplified resolution-simplified-already-used-subset}
   less-trans)
abbreviation already-used-top vars \equiv simple-clss vars \times simple-clss vars
{\bf lemma}\ already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top:
 assumes already-used-all-simple s vars and finite vars
 shows s \subseteq already-used-top vars
proof
 \mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x-s: x \in s
 obtain A B where x: x = (A, B) by (cases x, auto)
 then have simplified \{A\} and atms-of A \subseteq vars using assms(1) x-s by fastforce+
  then have A: A \in simple\text{-}clss \ vars
   using simple-clss-mono[of atms-of A vars] \ x \ assms(2)
   simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto[of {A}]
```

```
distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss by fast
  moreover have simplified \{B\} and atms-of B \subseteq vars using assms(1) x-s x by fast+
  then have B: B \in simple\text{-}clss \ vars
   using simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto[of {B}]
   distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss
   simple-clss-mono[of atms-of B vars] \ x \ assms(2) \ by \ fast
  ultimately show x \in simple\text{-}clss\ vars \times simple\text{-}clss\ vars
   unfolding x by auto
qed
lemma already-used-top-finite:
 assumes finite vars
 shows finite (already-used-top vars)
 using simple-clss-finite assms by auto
lemma already-used-top-increasing:
 assumes var \subseteq var' and finite var'
 shows already-used-top var \subseteq already-used-top var'
 using assms simple-clss-mono by auto
lemma already-used-all-simple-finite:
  fixes s :: ('a \ literal \ multiset \times 'a \ literal \ multiset) \ set \ {\bf and} \ vars :: 'a \ set
 assumes already-used-all-simple s vars and finite vars
 shows finite s
 using assms already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF assms(1)]
 rev-finite-subset[OF already-used-top-finite[of vars]] by auto
abbreviation card-simple vars \psi \equiv card (already-used-top vars -\psi)
lemma resolution-card-simple-decreasing:
 assumes res: resolution \psi \psi'
 and a-u-s: already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) vars
 and finite-v: finite vars
 and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and finite-snd: finite (snd \psi)
 and simp: simplified (fst \psi)
 and atms-of-ms (fst \ \psi) \subseteq vars
 shows card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi)
proof -
 let ?vars = vars
 let ?top = simple-clss ?vars \times simple-clss ?vars
 have 1: card-simple vars (snd \psi) = card ?top - card (snd \psi)
   using card-Diff-subset finite-snd already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF a-u-s]
   finite-v by metis
 have a-u-s': already-used-all-simple (snd \psi') vars
   using already-used-all-simple-inv res a-u-s assms(7) by blast
 have f: finite (snd \psi') using already-used-all-simple-finite a-u-s' finite-v by auto
 have 2: card-simple vars (snd \psi') = card ?top - card (snd \psi')
   using card-Diff-subset[OF f] already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF a-u-s' finite-v]
 have card (already-used-top vars) \geq card (snd \psi')
   using already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF a-u-s' finite-v]
   card-mono[of\ already-used-top\ vars\ snd\ \psi']\ already-used-top-finite[OF\ finite-v]\ \mathbf{by}\ metis
  then show ?thesis
   \mathbf{using}\ psubset-card-mono[OF\ f\ resolution-simplified-already-used-subset[OF\ res\ simp]]
```

```
qed
lemma tranclp-resolution-card-simple-decreasing:
 assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi' and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) vars
 and atms-of-ms (fst \ \psi) \subseteq vars
 and finite-v: finite vars
 and finite-snd: finite (snd \psi)
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: tranclp-induct)
 case (base \psi')
 then show ?case by (simp add: resolution-card-simple-decreasing)
next
 case (step \psi' \psi'') note res = this(1) and res' = this(2) and a-u-s = this(5) and
   atms = this(6) and f-v = this(7) and f-fst = this(4) and H = this
 then have card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi) by auto
 moreover have a-u-s': already-used-all-simple (snd \psi') vars
   using rtranclp-already-used-all-simple-inv[OF\ tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF\ res]\ a-u-s\ atms\ f-fst].
 have finite (fst \psi')
   by (meson finite-fst res rtranclp-resolution-finite tranclp-into-rtranclp)
 moreover have finite (snd \psi') using already-used-all-simple-finite [OF a-u-s' f-v].
 moreover have simplified (fst \psi') using res translp-resolution-always-simplified by blast
 moreover have atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq vars
   by (meson atms f-fst order.trans res rtranclp-resolution-atms-of tranclp-into-rtranclp)
 ultimately show ?case
   using resolution-card-simple-decreasing [OF res' a-u-s' f-v] f-v
   less-trans[of card-simple vars (snd \psi'') card-simple vars (snd \psi')
     card-simple vars (snd \ \psi)
   by blast
qed
lemma tranclp-resolution-card-simple-decreasing-2:
 assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi'
 and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and empty-snd: snd \psi = \{\}
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows card-simple (atms-of-ms (fst \psi)) (snd \psi') < card-simple (atms-of-ms (fst \psi)) (snd \psi)
proof -
 let ?vars = (atms-of-ms (fst \psi))
 have already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) ?vars unfolding empty-snd by auto
 moreover have atms-of-ms (fst \ \psi) \subseteq ?vars by auto
 moreover have finite-v: finite ?vars using finite-fst by auto
 moreover have finite-snd: finite (snd \psi) unfolding empty-snd by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using assms(1,2,4) tranclp-resolution-card-simple-decreasing of \psi \psi' by presburger
qed
13.5.2
          well-foundness if the relation
lemma wf-simplified-resolution:
```

unfolding 1 2 by linarith

assumes *f-vars*: *finite vars*

```
shows wf \{(y:: 'v:: linorder state, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x)\}
   \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
proof -
   fix a b :: 'v::linorder state
   assume (b, a) \in \{(y, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x)\}
     \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
   then have
     atms-of-ms (fst \ a) \subseteq vars \ \mathbf{and}
     simp: simplified (fst a) and
     finite (snd a) and
     finite (fst \ a) and
     a-u-v: already-used-all-simple (snd a) vars and
     res: resolution a b by auto
   have finite (already-used-top vars) using f-vars already-used-top-finite by blast
   moreover have already-used-top vars \subseteq already-used-top vars by auto
   moreover have snd b \subseteq already-used-top vars
     using already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[of snd b vars]
     a-u-v already-used-all-simple-inv[OF res] <math>\langle finite\ (fst\ a) \rangle\ \langle atms-of-ms\ (fst\ a) \subseteq vars \rangle\ f-vars
     by presburger
   moreover have snd\ a \subset snd\ b using resolution-simplified-already-used-subset [OF res simp].
   ultimately have finite (already-used-top vars) \land already-used-top vars \subseteq already-used-top vars
     \land snd b \subseteq already-used-top\ vars <math>\land snd a \subseteq snd\ b\ \mathbf{by}\ met is
 then show ?thesis using wf-bounded-set[of \{(y:: 'v:: linorder \ state, \ x).
   (atms-of-ms\ (fst\ x)\subseteq vars
   \land simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x)\land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars)
   \land resolution x y \land \land already-used-top vars snd \mid by auto
qed
lemma wf-simplified-resolution':
 assumes f-vars: finite vars
 shows wf \{(y:: 'v:: linorder state, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land \neg simplified (fst x)\}
   \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
 unfolding wf-def
  apply (simp add: resolution-always-simplified)
 by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) fst-conv resolution-always-simplified)
lemma wf-resolution:
 assumes f-vars: finite vars
 shows wf (\{(y:: 'v:: linorder state, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x))
       \land finite (snd\ x)\ \land finite (fst\ x)\ \land already-used-all-simple (snd\ x)\ vars)\ \land resolution x\ y\}
   \cup \{(y, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land \neg simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x)\}
      \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}) (is wf (?R \cup ?S))
proof -
 have Domain ?R Int Range ?S = \{\} using resolution-always-simplified by auto blast
 then show wf (?R \cup ?S)
   using wf-simplified-resolution[OF f-vars] wf-simplified-resolution'[OF f-vars] wf-Un[of ?R ?S]
   by fast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes simplify** S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
```

```
using assms apply induction
  using simplify-preserves-already-used-inv by fast+
\mathbf{lemma}\ full 1-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes full1 simplify S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
 \mathbf{using}\ assms\ tranclp-into-rtranclp[of\ simplify\ S\ S']\ rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv}
 unfolding full1-def by fast
lemma full-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes full simplify S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
 using assms rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv unfolding full-def by fast
lemma resolution-already-used-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
proof induction
 case (full1-simp N N' already-used)
  then show ?case using full1-simplify-already-used-inv by fast
next
  case (inferring N already-used N' already-used' N''') note inf = this(1) and full = this(3) and
   a-u-v = this(4)
 then show ?case
   using inference-preserves-already-used-inv[OF inf a-u-v] full-simplify-already-used-inv full
   by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms apply induction
 using resolution-already-used-inv by fast+
{\bf lemma}\ rtanclp\hbox{-}simplify\hbox{-}preserves\hbox{-}unsat:
 assumes simplify^{**} \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \ \psi
 using assms apply induction
 using simplify-clause-preserves-sat by blast+
{f lemma}\ full 1-simplify-preserves-unsat:
 assumes full1 simplify \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \ \psi
 using assms rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat[of \psi \psi'] tranclp-into-rtranclp
 unfolding full1-def by metis
lemma full-simplify-preserves-unsat:
 assumes full simplify \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \psi
 using assms rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat[of \psi \psi'] unfolding full-def by metis
```

```
lemma resolution-preserves-unsat:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
 using full1-simplify-preserves-unsat apply (metis fst-conv)
 using full-simplify-preserves-unsat simplify-preserves-unsat by fastforce
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserves\text{-}unsat:
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms apply induction
 \mathbf{using}\ resolution\text{-}preserves\text{-}unsat\ \mathbf{by}\ fast+
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes simplify** N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 using assms apply (induction, simp)
 using simplify-preserve-partial-tree by metis
lemma full1-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes full1 simplify N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t\ I\ N'
 using assms rtranclp-simplify-preserve-partial-tree[of N N' t I] tranclp-into-rtranclp
 unfolding full1-def by fast
lemma\ full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes full simplify N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 using assms rtranclp-simplify-preserve-partial-tree[of N N' t I] tranclp-into-rtranclp
 unfolding full-def by fast
lemma resolution-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
 using assms apply induction
   {\bf using} \ {\it full 1-simplify-preserve-partial-tree} \ {\it fst-conv} \ {\bf apply} \ {\it metis}
 using full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree inference-preserve-partial-tree by fastforce
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserve\text{-}partial\text{-}tree:}
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
 using assms apply induction
 {f using}\ resolution\mbox{-}preserve\mbox{-}partial\mbox{-}tree\ {f by}\ fast+
 thm nat-less-induct nat.induct
lemma nat-ge-induct[case-names 0 Suc]:
 assumes P \theta
 shows P n
 using assms apply (induct rule: nat-less-induct)
```

```
by (rename-tac \ n, \ case-tac \ n) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ wf-always-more-step-False:
  assumes wf R
  shows (\forall x. \exists z. (z, x) \in R) \Longrightarrow False
 using assms unfolding wf-def by (meson Domain.DomainI assms wfE-min)
lemma finite-finite-mset-element-of-mset[simp]:
  assumes finite N
  shows finite \{f \varphi L | \varphi L. \varphi \in N \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\}
  using assms
\mathbf{proof}\ (\mathit{induction}\ \mathit{N}\ \mathit{rule} \ldotp \mathit{finite-induct})
  case empty
  show ?case by auto
  case (insert x N) note finite = this(1) and IH = this(3)
  have \{f \varphi L \mid \varphi L. \ (\varphi = x \lor \varphi \in N) \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\} \subseteq \{f x L \mid L. \ L \in \# x \land P x L\}
    \cup \{f \varphi L | \varphi L. \varphi \in N \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\}  by auto
  moreover have finite \{f \ x \ L \mid L. \ L \in \# \ x\} by auto
  ultimately show ?case using IH finite-subset by fastforce
qed
 value card
 value filter-mset
value \{\#count \ \varphi \ L \ | L \in \# \ \varphi. \ 2 \leq count \ \varphi \ L\#\}
value (\lambda \varphi. msetsum \{ \#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \# \})
syntax
  -comprehension1'-mset :: a \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow b \text{ multiset} \Rightarrow a \text{ multiset}
      ((\{\#\text{-/.} -: set of \text{-}\#\}))
translations
  \{\#e.\ x:\ set of\ M\#\} == CONST\ set-mset\ (CONST\ image-mset\ (\%x.\ e)\ M)
value \{\# \ a. \ a : set of \ \{\#1,1,2::int\#\}\#\} = \{1,2\}
definition sum-count-ge-2 :: 'a multiset set \Rightarrow nat (\Xi) where
sum-count-ge-2 \equiv folding. F(\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#\})) 0
interpretation sum-count-ge-2:
  folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#\})) 0
rewrites
  folding.F (\lambda \varphi. op +(msetsum {#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#})) 0 = sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2
proof -
  show folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum (image-mset (count \varphi) \{ \# L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \# \})))
    by standard auto
  then interpret sum-count-ge-2:
    folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#\})) 0.
  show folding. F(\lambda \varphi, op + (msetsum (image-mset (count \varphi) \{ \# L \in \# \varphi, 2 \leq count \varphi, L \# \})))
    = sum-count-ge-2 by (auto simp add: sum-count-ge-2-def)
qed
lemma finite-incl-le-setsum:
finite (B::'a multiset set) \Longrightarrow A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow \Xi A \leq \Xi B
proof (induction arbitrary: A rule: finite-induct)
```

```
case empty
  then show ?case by simp
  case (insert a F) note finite = this(1) and aF = this(2) and IH = this(3) and AF = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (cases \ a \in A)
     assume a \notin A
     then have A \subseteq F using AF by auto
     then show ?case using IH[of A] by (simp add: aF local.finite)
   next
     assume aA: a \in A
     then have A - \{a\} \subseteq F using AF by auto
     then have \Xi(A - \{a\}) \leq \Xi F using IH by blast
     then show ?case
       proof -
         obtain nn :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat where
           \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\exists v2. \ x0 = x1 + v2) = (x0 = x1 + nn \ x0 \ x1)
         then have \Xi F = \Xi (A - \{a\}) + nn (\Xi F) (\Xi (A - \{a\}))
           by (meson \ \langle \Xi \ (A - \{a\}) \le \Xi \ F \rangle \ le-iff-add)
         then show ?thesis
           by (metis (no-types) le-iff-add aA aF add.assoc finite.insertI finite-subset
             insert.prems local.finite sum-count-ge-2.insert sum-count-ge-2.remove)
        qed
   qed
qed
{\bf lemma}\ simplify\mbox{-}finite\mbox{-}measure\mbox{-}decrease:
  simplify N N' \Longrightarrow finite N \Longrightarrow card N' + \Xi N' < card N + \Xi N
proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
 case (tautology-deletion A P) note an = this(1) and fin = this(2)
 let ?N' = N - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\}\
 have card ?N' < card N
   by (meson card-Diff1-less tautology-deletion.hyps tautology-deletion.prems)
 moreover have ?N' \subseteq N by auto
  then have sum-count-qe-2 ?N' \leq sum-count-qe-2 N using finite-incl-le-setsum[OF fin] by blast
  ultimately show ?case by linarith
next
 case (condensation A L) note AN = this(1) and fin = this(2)
 let ?C' = A + \{\#L\#\}
 let ?C = A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}
 let ?N' = N - \{?C\} \cup \{?C'\}
 have card ?N' \leq card N
   using AN by (metis (no-types, lifting) Diff-subset Un-empty-right Un-insert-right card.remove
     card-insert-if card-mono fin finite-Diff order-refl)
  moreover have \Xi \{?C'\} < \Xi \{?C\}
   proof -
     have mset-decomp:
       \{\# La \in \# A. (L = La \longrightarrow La \in \# A) \land (L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count \ A \ La)\#\}
       = \{ \# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count A La\# \} +
        \{\# La \in \# A. L = La \land Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ L\#\}
         by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff ac-simps)
     have mset-decomp2: \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count A La\#\} =
       \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count A La\#\} + replicate-mset (count A L) L
       by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
```

```
show ?thesis
       by (auto simp: mset-decomp mset-decomp2 filter-mset-eq ac-simps)
  have \Xi ?N' < \Xi N
   proof cases
     assume a1: ?C' \in N
     then show ?thesis
      proof -
         have f2: \bigwedge m\ M. insert (m::'a\ literal\ multiset)\ (M-\{m\})=M\cup \{\}\vee m\notin M
          using Un-empty-right insert-Diff by blast
         have f3: \bigwedge m\ M\ Ma. insert (m:'a\ literal\ multiset)\ M\ -\ insert\ m\ Ma = M\ -\ insert\ m\ Ma
          by simp
         then have f_4: \bigwedge M \ m. \ M - \{m::'a \ literal \ multiset\} = M \cup \{\} \lor m \in M
          using Diff-insert-absorb Un-empty-right by fastforce
         have f5: insert (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) N = N
          using f3 f2 Un-empty-right condensation.hyps insert-iff by fastforce
         have \bigwedge m M. insert (m::'a literal multiset) M = M \cup \{\} \vee m \notin M
          using f3 f2 Un-empty-right add.right-neutral insert-iff by fastforce
         then have \Xi (N - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) < \Xi N
          using f5 f4 by (metis Un-empty-right (\Xi \{A + \#L\#\}\}) < \Xi \{A + \#L\#\} + \#L\#\})
            add.right-neutral add-diff-cancel-left' add-gr-0 diff-less fin finite.emptyI not-le
            sum-count-ge-2.empty sum-count-ge-2.insert-remove trans-le-add2)
         then show ?thesis
          using f3 f2 a1 by (metis (no-types) Un-empty-right Un-insert-right condensation.hyps
            insert-iff multi-self-add-other-not-self)
      ged
   \mathbf{next}
     assume ?C' \notin N
     have mset-decomp:
       \{\# La \in \# A. (L = La \longrightarrow Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ La) \land (L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count \ A \ La)\#\}
       = \{ \# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count A La\# \} +
         \{\# La \in \# A. L = La \land Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ L\#\}
         by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff ac-simps)
     have mset-decomp2: \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count A La\#\} =
       \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count \ A \ La\#\} + replicate-mset (count \ A \ L) \ L
      by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
     show ?thesis
       using (\Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) < \Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) condensation.hyps fin
       sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2.remove[of\text{-}A+\{\#L\#\}+\{\#L\#\}] \ \langle ?C'\notin N \rangle
       by (auto simp: mset-decomp mset-decomp2 filter-mset-eq)
   qed
 ultimately show ?case by linarith
 case (subsumption A B) note AN = this(1) and AB = this(2) and BN = this(3) and fin = this(4)
 have card\ (N - \{B\}) < card\ N\ using\ BN\ by\ (meson\ card-Diff1-less\ subsumption.prems)
 moreover have \Xi(N - \{B\}) \leq \Xi N
   by (simp add: Diff-subset finite-incl-le-setsum subsumption.prems)
 ultimately show ?case by linarith
qed
lemma simplify-terminates:
  wf \{(N', N). \text{ finite } N \land \text{ simplify } N N'\}
 using assms apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of finite simplify \lambda N. card N + \Xi N])
 using simplify-finite-measure-decrease by blast
```

```
lemma wf-terminates:
 assumes wf r
 shows \exists N'.(N', N) \in r^* \land (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin r)
 let ?P = \lambda N. (\exists N'.(N', N) \in r^* \land (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin r))
 have (\forall x. \ (\forall y. \ (y, \ x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P \ y) \longrightarrow ?P \ x)
   proof clarify
     \mathbf{fix} \ x
     assume H: \forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y
     { assume \exists y. (y, x) \in r
       then obtain y where y: (y, x) \in r by blast
       then have ?P y using H by blast
       then have ?P \ x  using y  by (meson \ rtrancl.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
     moreover {
       assume \neg(\exists y. (y, x) \in r)
       then have ?P x by auto
     ultimately show P x by blast
   qed
 moreover have (\forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y) \longrightarrow ?P x) \longrightarrow All ?P
   using assms unfolding wf-def by (rule allE)
 ultimately have All ?P by blast
 then show ?P N by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-simplify-terminates:
 assumes fin: finite N
 shows \exists N'. simplify^{**} N N' \wedge simplified N'
proof -
 have H: \{(N', N), \text{ finite } N \land \text{ simplify } N N'\} = \{(N', N), \text{ simplify } N N' \land \text{ finite } N\} by auto
 then have wf: wf \{(N', N). simplify N N' \land finite N\}
   using simplify-terminates by (simp add: H)
 obtain N' where N': (N', N) \in \{(b, a), simplify | a b \land finite a\}^* and
   more: (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin \{(b, a). \text{ simplify } a \ b \land \text{finite } a\})
   using Prop-Resolution.wf-terminates[OF\ wf,\ of\ N] by blast
 have 1: simplify** N N'
   using N' by (induction rule: rtrancl.induct) auto
  then have finite N' using fin rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite by blast
 then have 2: \forall N''. \neg simplify N' N'' using more by auto
 show ?thesis using 1 2 by blast
qed
lemma finite-simplified-full1-simp:
 assumes finite N
 shows simplified N \vee (\exists N'. full1 simplify N N')
 using rtranclp-simplify-terminates[OF assms] unfolding full1-def
 by (metis Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold)
lemma finite-simplified-full-simp:
 assumes finite N
```

```
shows \exists N'. full simplify NN'
  using rtranclp-simplify-terminates[OF assms] unfolding full-def by metis
{f lemma} can-decrease-tree-size-resolution:
 fixes \psi :: 'v \text{ state} and tree :: 'v \text{ sem-tree}
 assumes finite (fst \psi) and already-used-inv \psi
 and partial-interps tree I (fst \psi)
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows \exists (tree':: 'v \ sem\text{-}tree) \ \psi'. \ resolution^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial\text{-}interps \ tree' \ I \ (fst \ \psi')
   \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0)
 using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: sem-tree-size)
  case (bigger xs I) note IH = this(1) and finite = this(2) and a-u-i = this(3) and part = this(4)
   and simp = this(5)
  { assume sem-tree-size xs = 0
   then have ?case using part by blast
  }
 moreover {
   assume sn\theta: sem-tree-size xs > \theta
   obtain aq ad v where xs: xs = Node \ v \ aq \ ad \ using \ sn\theta by (cases xs, auto)
   {
      assume sem-tree-size ag = 0 \land sem-tree-size ad = 0
      then have aq: aq = Leaf and ad: ad = Leaf by (cases aq, auto, cases ad, auto)
      then obtain \chi \chi' where
        \chi: \neg I \cup \{Pos\ v\} \models \chi \text{ and }
        tot\chi: total-over-m (I \cup \{Pos\ v\})\ \{\chi\} and
        \chi\psi: \chi\in\mathit{fst}\;\psi and
        \chi': \neg I \cup \{Neg\ v\} \models \chi' and
        tot\chi': total-over-m (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \{\chi'\} and \chi'\psi: \chi' \in fst\ \psi
        using part unfolding xs by auto
      have Posv: Pos v \notin \# \chi using \chi unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
      have Negv: Neg v \notin \# \chi' using \chi' unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
      {
        assume Neg \chi: \neg Neg \ v \in \# \ \chi
        then have \neg I \models \chi using \chi Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
        moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi\}
          using Posv Neg\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
          by fastforce
        ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
        and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
        and resolution^{**} \psi \psi
          unfolding xs by (auto simp add: \chi \psi)
      moreover {
         assume Pos\chi: \neg Pos\ v \in \#\ \chi'
         then have I_{\chi}: \neg I \models \chi' using \chi' Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
         moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi'\}
           using Negv Pos\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi'
           unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
         ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
         and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
         and resolution** \psi \psi using \chi' \psi I \chi unfolding xs by auto
```

```
moreover {
   assume neg: Neg v \in \# \chi and pos: Pos v \in \# \chi'
   have count \ \chi \ (Neg \ v) = 1
     using simplified-count[OF simp \chi\psi] neg
     by (simp add: dual-order.antisym)
   have count \chi'(Pos\ v) = 1
     using simplified-count [OF simp \chi'\psi] pos
    by (simp add: dual-order.antisym)
   obtain C where \chi C: \chi = C + \{\# Neg \ v\#\} and negC: Neg \ v \notin \# C and posC: Pos \ v \notin \# C
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Posv Suc-eq-plus1-left (count \chi (Neg v) = 1)
       add-diff-cancel-left' count-diff count-greater-eq-one-iff count-single insert-DiffM
       insert-DiffM2 less-numeral-extra(3) multi-member-skip not-le not-less-eq-eq)
   obtain C' where
     \chi C': \chi' = C' + \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}  and
     posC': Pos \ v \notin \# \ C' and
     negC': Neg v \notin \# C'
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Negv Suc-eq-plus1-left (count \chi' (Pos v) = 1)
       add\text{-}diff\text{-}cancel\text{-}left'\ count\text{-}diff\ count\text{-}greater\text{-}eq\text{-}one\text{-}iff\ count\text{-}single\ insert\text{-}DiffM
       insert-DiffM2 less-numeral-extra(3) multi-member-skip not-le not-less-eq-eq)
   have totC: total-over-m \ I \ \{C\}
     using tot\chi tot-over-m-remove[of I Pos v C] negC posC unfolding \chi C
     by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg uminus-of-uminus-id)
   have totC': total-over-m \ I \ \{C'\}
     using tot\chi' total-over-m-sum tot-over-m-remove[of I Neg v C'] negC' posC'
     unfolding \chi C' by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg)
   have \neg I \models C + C'
     using \chi \chi' \chi C \chi C' by auto
   then have part-I-\psi''': partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\})
     using totC \ totC' \ (\neg I \models C + C') by (metis Un-insert-right insertI1)
       partial-interps.simps(1) total-over-m-sum)
     assume ({#Pos v#} + C', {#Neg v#} + C) \notin snd \psi
     then have inf": inference \psi (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\})
       by (metis \chi'\psi \chi C \chi C' \chi \psi add.commute inference-step prod.collapse resolution)
     obtain N' where full: full simplify (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\}) N'
       \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{finite}\text{-}\mathit{simplified}\text{-}\mathit{full}\text{-}\mathit{simp}\ \mathit{fst}\text{-}\mathit{conv}\ \mathit{inf''}\ \mathit{inference}\text{-}\mathit{preserves}\text{-}\mathit{finite}
         local.finite)
     have resolution \psi (N', snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\})
      using resolution.intros(2)[OF - simp full, of snd \psi snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\}] inf''
      by (metis surjective-pairing)
     moreover have partial-interps Leaf I N'
       using full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree [OF full part-I-\psi'''].
     moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
     ultimately have ?case
       by (metis (no-types) prod.sel(1) rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
   }
   moreover {
     assume a: (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \in snd\ \psi
     then have (\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
         \land \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)) \lor tautology \ (C' + C)
      proof -
```

}

```
obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# (\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') \land Neg \ p \in \# (\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C)
                                   \wedge ((\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total - over - m \ I \ \{(\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}\} + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C') - (\{\#Neg \
+C) -\{\#Neg\ p\#\}\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\}\} \land (\forall\ I.\ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models (\{\#Pos\ p\})\}
v\#\} + C' - \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\}))) \lor tautology\ ((\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos\ p\#\}))
\{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\})))
                                 using a by (blast intro: allE[OF a-u-i[unfolded subsumes-def Ball-def],
                                        of (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C)])
                              { assume p \neq v
                                then have Pos \ p \in \# \ C' \land Neg \ p \in \# \ C \ using \ p \ by force
                                then have ?thesis by auto
                             }
                             \mathbf{moreover}\ \{
                                assume p = v
                               then have ?thesis using p by (metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-left')
                             ultimately show ?thesis by auto
                         qed
                      moreover {
                         assume \exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
                             \land \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)
                         then obtain \vartheta where
                             \vartheta \colon \vartheta \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \ \mathbf{and}
                             tot-\vartheta-CC': \forall I. \ total-over-m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m \ I \ \{\vartheta\} \ \mathbf{and}
                             \vartheta-inv: \forall I. total-over-m I \{\vartheta\} \longrightarrow I \models \vartheta \longrightarrow I \models C' + C by blast
                         have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
                             using tot - \vartheta - CC' \vartheta \vartheta - inv \ tot C \ tot C' \langle \neg I \models C + C' \rangle \ total - over - m - sum \ by \ fast force
                         moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
                         ultimately have ?case by blast
                      moreover {
                         assume tautCC': tautology (C' + C)
                         have total-over-m I \{C'+C\} using totC totC' total-over-m-sum by auto
                         then have \neg tautology (C' + C)
                             using \langle \neg I \models C + C' \rangle unfolding add.commute[of C C'] total-over-m-def
                             unfolding tautology-def by auto
                         then have False using tautCC' unfolding tautology-def by auto
                     ultimately have ?case by auto
                  ultimately have ?case by auto
             ultimately have ?case using part by (metis (no-types) sem-tree-size.simps(1))
       }
       moreover {
           assume size-ag: sem-tree-size ag > 0
           have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
           moreover have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
           and partad: partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
              using part partial-interps. simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
           moreover
              have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs \Longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \Longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
                  \implies partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi) \implies simplified (fst\ \psi)
                  \implies \exists tree' \ \psi'. \ resolution^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial-interps \ tree' \ (I \cup \{Pos \ v\}) \ (fst \ \psi')
                         \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0)
                  using IH[of \ ag \ I \cup \{Pos \ v\}] by auto
```

```
ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ \ where
       inf: resolution^{**} \psi \psi'
       and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0
       using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-reft a-u-i simp by blast
     have partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi')
       using rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree inf partad by fast
     then have partial-interps (Node v tree' ad) I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-ag part unfolding xs by fastforce
   }
   moreover {
     assume size-ad: sem-tree-size ad > 0
     have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
     moreover
       have
         partag: partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi) and
         partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neq\ v\}) (fst \psi)
         using part partial-interps. simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
     moreover have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
       \longrightarrow (partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi) \longrightarrow simplified (fst \psi)
       \longrightarrow (\exists \ tree' \ \psi'. \ resolution^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land \ partial\ interps \ tree' \ (I \cup \{Neg \ v\}) \ (fst \ \psi')
             \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0)))
       using IH by blast
     ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ where
       inf: resolution** \psi \psi'
       and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0
       using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-refl a-u-i simp by blast
     have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi')
       using rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree inf partag by fast
     then have partial-interps (Node v ag tree') I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-ad unfolding xs by fastforce
    ultimately have ?case by auto
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma resolution-completeness-inv:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
   unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \ \psi) and
   finite: finite (fst \psi) and
   a-u-v: already-used-inv \psi
 shows \exists \psi'. (resolution** \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
  obtain tree where partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi)
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms assms by metis
  then show ?thesis
   using unsat finite a-u-v
   proof (induct tree arbitrary: \psi rule: sem-tree-size)
     case (bigger tree \psi) note H = this
     {
```

```
fix \chi
 assume tree: tree = Leaf
 obtain \chi where \chi: \neg {} \models \chi and tot\chi: total-over-m {} {\chi} and \chi\psi: \chi \in fst \psi
   using H unfolding tree by auto
 moreover have \{\#\} = \chi
   using H atms-empty-iff-empty tot\chi
   unfolding true-cls-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
 moreover have resolution^{**} \psi \psi by auto
 ultimately have ?case by metis
}
moreover {
 fix v tree1 tree2
 assume tree: tree = Node \ v \ tree1 \ tree2
 obtain \psi_0 where \psi_0: resolution** \psi \psi_0 and simp: simplified (fst \psi_0)
   proof -
     { assume simplified (fst \psi)
      moreover have resolution** \psi \psi by auto
       ultimately have thesis using that by blast
     }
     moreover {
      assume \neg simplified (fst \ \psi)
      then have \exists \psi'. full 1 simplify (fst \psi) \psi'
        by (metis Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold bigger.prems(3) full1-def
          rtranclp-simplify-terminates)
       then obtain N where full 1 simplify (fst \psi) N by metis
       then have resolution \psi (N, snd \psi)
        using resolution.intros(1)[of fst \psi N snd \psi] by auto
      moreover have simplified N
        using \langle full1 \ simplify \ (fst \ \psi) \ N \rangle unfolding full1-def by blast
       ultimately have ?thesis using that by force
     ultimately show ?thesis by auto
   qed
 have p: partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi_0)
 and uns: unsatisfiable (fst \psi_0)
 and f: finite (fst \psi_0)
 and a-u-v: already-used-inv \psi_0
      using \psi_0 bigger.prems(1) rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree apply blast
     using \psi_0 bigger.prems(2) rtranclp-resolution-preserves-unsat apply blast
    using \psi_0 bigger.prems(3) rtranclp-resolution-finite apply blast
   using rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv[OF \psi_0 bigger.prems(4)] by blast
 obtain tree' \psi' where
   inf: resolution** \psi_0 \ \psi' and
   part': partial-interps tree' {} (fst \ \psi') and
   decrease: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0
   using can-decrease-tree-size-resolution [OF f a-u-v p simp] unfolding tautology-def
   by meson
 have s: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree using decrease unfolding tree by auto
 have fin: finite (fst \psi')
   using f inf rtranclp-resolution-finite by blast
 have unsat: unsatisfiable (fst \psi')
   using rtranclp-resolution-preserves-unsat inf uns by metis
 have a-u-i': already-used-inv \psi'
```

```
using a-u-v inf rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv[of \psi_0 \psi'] by auto
      have ?case
         using inf rtranclp-trans[of resolution] H(1)[OF \ s \ part' \ unsat \ fin \ a-u-i'] \ \psi_0 by blast
     ultimately show ?case by (cases tree, auto)
  qed
\mathbf{qed}
{f lemma}\ resolution\mbox{-}preserves\mbox{-}already\mbox{-}used\mbox{-}inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
  apply (rule full1-simplify-already-used-inv; simp)
 apply (rule full-simplify-already-used-inv, simp)
 apply (rule inference-preserves-already-used-inv, simp)
 apply blast
 done
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv\text{:}
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 \mathbf{shows}\ \mathit{already-used-inv}\ S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
 using resolution-preserves-already-used-inv by fast
lemma resolution-completeness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \psi)
 and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 and snd \psi = \{\}
 shows \exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
 have already-used-inv \psi unfolding assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using assms resolution-completeness-inv by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-preserves-sat:
 assumes simplify** S S'
 and satisfiable S
 shows satisfiable S'
 using assms apply induction
  apply simp
 by (meson satisfiable-carac satisfiable-def simplify-preserves-un-sat-eq)
lemma resolution-preserves-sat:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and satisfiable (fst S)
 shows satisfiable (fst S')
 using assms apply (induction rule: resolution.induct)
  using rtranclp-preserves-sat tranclp-into-rtranclp unfolding full1-def apply fastforce
 by (metis fst-conv full-def inference-preserves-un-sat rtranclp-preserves-sat
```

```
satisfiable-carac' satisfiable-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserves\text{-}sat:
  assumes resolution** S S'
 and satisfiable (fst S)
  shows satisfiable (fst S')
  using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
  using resolution-preserves-sat by blast
lemma resolution-soundness:
  fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and \{\#\} \in fst \psi'
  shows unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
  using assms by (meson rtranclp-resolution-preserves-sat satisfiable-def true-cls-empty
    true-clss-def)
lemma resolution-soundness-and-completeness:
fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
assumes finite: finite (fst \psi)
and snd: snd \psi = \{\}
shows (\exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
  using assms resolution-completeness resolution-soundness by metis
lemma simplified-falsity:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi
 and \{\#\} \in \psi
 shows \psi = \{ \{ \# \} \}
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume H: \neg ?thesis
  then obtain \chi where \chi \in \psi and \chi \neq \{\#\} using assms(2) by blast
  then have \{\#\} \subset \# \chi \text{ by } (simp \ add: mset-less-empty-nonempty)
  then have simplify \psi (\psi - \{\chi\})
    using simplify.subsumption[OF\ assms(2)\ \langle \{\#\}\ \subset \#\ \chi\rangle\ \langle \chi\in\psi\rangle] by blast
 then show False using simp by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ simplify\text{-}falsity\text{-}in\text{-}preserved:
  assumes simplify \chi s \chi s'
 and \{\#\} \in \chi s
  shows \{\#\} \in \chi s'
  using assms
  by induction auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}simplify\text{-}falsity\text{-}in\text{-}preserved:
  assumes simplify^{**} \chi s \chi s'
 and \{\#\} \in \chi s
 shows \{\#\} \in \chi s'
  using assms
  by induction (auto intro: simplify-falsity-in-preserved)
lemma resolution-falsity-get-falsity-alone:
  assumes finite (fst \psi)
  shows (\exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow (\exists a\text{-}u\text{-}v. resolution^{**} \psi (\{\{\#\}\}, a\text{-}u\text{-}v))
```

```
(is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
  assume ?B
  then show ?A by auto
next
  assume ?A
  then obtain \chi s a-u-v where \chi s: resolution** \psi (\chi s, a-u-v) and F: {#} \in \chi s by auto
  { assume simplified \chi s
   then have ?B using simplified-falsity[OF - F] \chi s by blast
  }
  moreover {
   assume \neg simplified \chi s
   then obtain \chi s' where full 1 simplify \chi s \chi s'
      by (metis \chi s assms finite-simplified-full1-simp fst-conv rtranclp-resolution-finite)
   then have \{\#\} \in \chi s'
     {\bf unfolding} \ full 1-def \ \ {\bf by} \ (meson \ F \ rtranclp-simplify-falsity-in-preserved
       tranclp-into-rtranclp)
   then have ?B
     by (metis \chi s \langle full1 \ simplify \ \chi s \ \chi s' \rangle fst-conv full1-simp resolution-always-simplified
       rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl simplified-falsity)
  ultimately show ?B by blast
qed
lemma resolution-soundness-and-completeness':
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
  assumes
   finite: finite (fst \psi)and
   snd: snd \ \psi = \{\}
 shows (\exists a \text{-}u \text{-}v. (resolution^{**} \ \psi (\{\{\#\}\}, a \text{-}u \text{-}v))) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \ \psi)
   using assms resolution-completeness resolution-soundness resolution-falsity-get-falsity-alone
   by metis
end
```

14 Partial Clausal Logic

We here define marked literals (that will be used in both DPLL and CDCL) and the entailment corresponding to it.

```
{\bf theory} \ {\it Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic} \\ {\bf imports} \ {\it Partial-Clausal-Logic} \\
```

begin

14.1 Marked Literals

14.1.1 Definition

```
datatype ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) marked-lit = is-marked: Marked (lit-of: 'v literal) (level-of: 'lvl) | is-proped: Propagated (lit-of: 'v literal) (mark-of: 'mark) lemma marked-lit-list-induct[case-names nil marked proped]: assumes P \ [] and \land L \ l \ xs. \ P \ xs \implies P \ (Marked \ L \ l \ \# \ xs) and
```

```
\bigwedge L \ m \ xs. \ P \ xs \Longrightarrow P \ (Propagated \ L \ m \ \# \ xs)
  shows P xs
  using assms apply (induction xs, simp)
  by (rename-tac a xs, case-tac a) auto
lemma is-marked-ex-Marked:
  is-marked L \Longrightarrow \exists K \ lvl. \ L = Marked \ K \ lvl
 by (cases L) auto
type-synonym ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits = ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{lits-of} :: ('a, \ 'b, \ 'c) \ \textit{marked-lit} \ \textit{set} \Rightarrow 'a \ \textit{literal} \ \textit{set} \ \textbf{where}
lits-of Ls = lit-of ' Ls
abbreviation lits-of-l :: ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal set where
lits-of-lLs \equiv lits-of (set Ls)
lemma lits-of-l-empty[simp]:
  lits-of \{\} = \{\}
  unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-insert[simp]:
  lits-of\ (insert\ L\ Ls) = insert\ (lit-of\ L)\ (lits-of\ Ls)
  unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-l-Un[simp]:
  lits-of (l \cup l') = lits-of l \cup lits-of l'
  unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma finite-lits-of-def[simp]:
 finite (lits-of-l L)
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
abbreviation unmark where
unmark \equiv (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\})
abbreviation unmark-s where
unmark-s M \equiv unmark ' M
abbreviation unmark-l where
unmark-l\ M \equiv unmark-s\ (set\ M)
lemma atms-of-ms-lambda-lit-of-is-atm-of-lit-of [simp]:
  atms-of-ms (unmark-lM') = atm-of ' lits-of-lM'
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-l-empty-is-empty[iff]:
  lits-of-lM = \{\} \longleftrightarrow M = []
 by (induct M) (auto simp: lits-of-def)
14.1.2
           Entailment
definition true-annot :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models a 49) where
  I \models a C \longleftrightarrow (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ I) \models C
```

```
definition true-annots :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models as 49) where
  I \models as \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in CC. \ I \models a \ C)
lemma true-annot-empty-model[simp]:
  \neg [] \models a \psi
  unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by simp
lemma true-annot-empty[simp]:
  \neg I \models a \{\#\}
  unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by simp
lemma empty-true-annots-def[iff]:
  [] \models as \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \psi = \{\}
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-empty[simp]:
  I \models as \{\}
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-single-true-annot[iff]:
  I \models as \{C\} \longleftrightarrow I \models a C
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annot-insert-l[simp]:
  M \models a A \Longrightarrow L \# M \models a A
  unfolding true-annot-def by auto
lemma true-annots-insert-l [simp]:
  M \models as A \Longrightarrow L \# M \models as A
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-union[iff]:
  M \models as A \cup B \longleftrightarrow (M \models as A \land M \models as B)
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-insert[iff]:
  M \models as \ insert \ a \ A \longleftrightarrow (M \models a \ a \land M \models as \ A)
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
Link between \models as and \models s:
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{:}
  I \models \! \mathit{as} \ \mathit{CC} \longleftrightarrow \mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}\mathit{l} \ I \models \! \mathit{s} \ \mathit{CC}
  unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def by auto
lemma in-lit-of-true-annot:
  a \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \longleftrightarrow M \models a \{\#a\#\}
  {\bf unfolding} \ \textit{true-annot-def lits-of-def } \ {\bf by} \ \textit{auto}
lemma true-annot-lit-of-notin-skip:
  L \# M \models a A \Longrightarrow lit\text{-}of L \notin \# A \Longrightarrow M \models a A
  unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by auto
{f lemma}\ true{-}clss{-}singleton{-}lit{-}of{-}implies{-}incl:
```

 $I \models s \ unmark-l \ MLs \Longrightarrow lits-of-l \ MLs \subseteq I$

```
unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{:}
  MLs \models a \psi \Longrightarrow set (map \ unmark \ MLs) \models p \psi
  unfolding true-annot-def true-clss-cls-def true-cls-def
  by (auto dest: true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl)
lemma true-annots-true-clss-cls:
  MLs \models as \ \psi \implies set \ (map \ unmark \ MLs) \models ps \ \psi
  by (auto
    dest: true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl
   simp add: true-clss-def true-annots-def true-annot-def lits-of-def true-cls-def
   true-clss-clss-def)
lemma true-annots-marked-true-cls[iff]:
  map\ (\lambda M.\ Marked\ M\ a)\ M \models as\ N \longleftrightarrow set\ M \models s\ N
proof -
 have *: lit-of ' (\lambda M. Marked M a) ' set M = set M unfolding lits-of-def by force
 show ?thesis by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls * lits-of-def)
qed
lemma true-annot-singleton[iff]: M \models a \{\#L\#\} \longleftrightarrow L \in lits-of-l M
  unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss:
  A \models as \Psi \Longrightarrow unmark-l A \models ps \Psi
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def true-clss-def
  by (auto dest!: true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl
   simp: lits-of-def true-annot-def true-cls-def)
\mathbf{lemma} true-annot-commute:
  M @ M' \models a D \longleftrightarrow M' @ M \models a D
  unfolding true-annot-def by (simp add: Un-commute)
{f lemma}\ true\mbox{-}annots\mbox{-}commute:
  M @ M' \models as D \longleftrightarrow M' @ M \models as D
  unfolding true-annots-def by (auto simp: true-annot-commute)
lemma true-annot-mono[dest]:
  set\ I \subseteq set\ I' \Longrightarrow I \models a\ N \Longrightarrow I' \models a\ N
  using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def
  by (metis (no-types) Un-commute Un-upper1 image-Un sup.orderE)
```

14.1.3 Defined and undefined literals

 $set \ I \subseteq set \ I' \Longrightarrow I \models as \ N \Longrightarrow I' \models as \ N$ unfolding true-annots-def by auto

 $\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true-annots-mono}:$

We introduce the functions *defined-lit* and *undefined-lit* to know whether a literal is defined with respect to a list of marked literals (aka a trail in most cases).

Remark that undefined already exists and is a completely different Isabelle function.

```
definition defined-lit :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool where defined-lit I \mathrel{L} \longleftrightarrow (\exists \mathrel{l}. \mathrel{Marked} \mathrel{L} \mathrel{l} \in set \mathrel{I}) \lor (\exists \mathrel{P}. \mathrel{Propagated} \mathrel{L} \mathrel{P} \in set \mathrel{I})
```

```
\vee (\exists l. \ Marked \ (-L) \ l \in set \ I) \ \vee (\exists P. \ Propagated \ (-L) \ P \in set \ I)
abbreviation undefined-lit :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool
where undefined-lit IL \equiv \neg defined-lit IL
lemma defined-lit-rev[simp]:
  defined-lit (rev\ M)\ L \longleftrightarrow defined-lit M\ L
  unfolding defined-lit-def by auto
lemma atm-imp-marked-or-proped:
 assumes x \in set I
 shows
   (\exists l. Marked (- lit - of x) l \in set I)
   \vee (\exists l. \ Marked \ (lit\text{-}of \ x) \ l \in set \ I)
   \vee (\exists l. Propagated (- lit-of x) l \in set I)
   \vee (\exists l. Propagated (lit-of x) l \in set I)
  using assms marked-lit.exhaust-sel by metis
lemma literal-is-lit-of-marked:
  assumes L = lit\text{-}of x
 shows (\exists l. \ x = Marked \ L \ l) \lor (\exists l'. \ x = Propagated \ L \ l')
  using assms by (cases x) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true-annot-iff-marked-or-true-lit}:
  defined-lit I \ L \longleftrightarrow (lits-of-l I \models l \ L \lor lits-of-l I \models l \ -L)
  unfolding defined-lit-def by (auto simp add: lits-of-def rev-image-eqI
    dest!: literal-is-lit-of-marked)
lemma consistent-inter-true-annots-satisfiable:
  consistent-interp (lits-of-l I) \Longrightarrow I \models as N \Longrightarrow satisfiable N
  by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls)
lemma defined-lit-map:
  defined-lit Ls L \longleftrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ L \in (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set Ls
 unfolding defined-lit-def apply (rule iffI)
   using image-iff apply fastforce
 by (fastforce simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of dest: atm-imp-marked-or-proped)
lemma defined-lit-uminus[iff]:
  defined-lit I (-L) \longleftrightarrow defined-lit I L
  unfolding defined-lit-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l}:
  defined-lit I \ L \longleftrightarrow (L \in lits-of-l I \lor -L \in lits-of-l I)
  unfolding lits-of-def by (metis lits-of-def true-annot-iff-marked-or-true-lit true-lit-def)
lemma consistent-add-undefined-lit-consistent[simp]:
 assumes
    consistent-interp (lits-of-l Ls) and
   undefined-lit Ls L
  shows consistent-interp (insert L (lits-of-l Ls))
  using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def by (auto simp: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l)
lemma decided-empty[simp]:
  \neg defined-lit [] L
```

14.2 Backtracking

```
fun backtrack-split :: ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits
 \Rightarrow ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \times ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits where
backtrack-split [] = ([], []) |
backtrack-split (Propagated L P # mlits) = apfst ((op #) (Propagated L P)) (backtrack-split mlits) |
backtrack-split (Marked L l # mlits) = ([], Marked L l # mlits)
lemma backtrack-split-fst-not-marked: a \in set (fst (backtrack-split l)) \Longrightarrow \neg is-marked a
 by (induct l rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked:
  snd\ (backtrack-split\ l) \neq [] \implies is-marked\ (hd\ (snd\ (backtrack-split\ l)))
 by (induct l rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma backtrack-split-list-eq[simp]:
 fst\ (backtrack-split\ l)\ @\ (snd\ (backtrack-split\ l)) = l
 by (induct l rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma backtrack-snd-empty-not-marked:
  backtrack\text{-}split\ M = (M'', []) \Longrightarrow \forall\ l \in set\ M. \ \neg\ is\text{-}marked\ l
 by (metis append-Nil2 backtrack-split-fst-not-marked backtrack-split-list-eq snd-conv)
lemma backtrack-split-some-is-marked-then-snd-has-hd:
  \exists l \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ l \Longrightarrow \exists M' \ L' \ M''. \ backtrack\text{-split} \ M = (M'', L' \# M')
 by (metis backtrack-snd-empty-not-marked list.exhaust prod.collapse)
Another characterisation of the result of backtrack-split. This view allows some simpler proofs,
```

Another characterisation of the result of backtrack-split. This view allows some simpler proofs, since take While and drop While are highly automated:

```
lemma backtrack-split-takeWhile-dropWhile:
backtrack-split M = (takeWhile (Not \ o \ is-marked) \ M, \ dropWhile (Not \ o \ is-marked) \ M)
by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
```

14.3 Decomposition with respect to the First Marked Literals

In this section we define a function that returns a decomposition with the first marked literal. This function is useful to define the backtracking of DPLL.

14.3.1 Definition

The pattern get-all-marked-decomposition [] = [([], [])] is necessary otherwise, we can call the hd function in the other pattern.

```
fun get-all-marked-decomposition :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits 

⇒ (('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits × ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits) list where 

get-all-marked-decomposition (Marked L l # Ls) = 

(Marked L l # Ls, []) # get-all-marked-decomposition Ls | 

get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated L P# Ls) = 

(apsnd ((op #) (Propagated L P)) (hd (get-all-marked-decomposition Ls))) 

# tl (get-all-marked-decomposition Ls) | 

get-all-marked-decomposition [] = [([], [])]
```

value get-all-marked-decomposition [Propagated A5 B5, Marked C4 D4, Propagated A3 B3,

lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty[iff]:

```
Now we can prove several simple properties about the function.
```

```
get-all-marked-decomposition M = [] \longleftrightarrow False
 by (induct M, simp) (rename-tac a xs, case-tac a, auto)
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty-sym[iff]:
  [] = get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M \longleftrightarrow False
 using get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty[of M] by presburger
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp:
  hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition S) = (a, c) \Longrightarrow S = c @ a
proof (induct S arbitrary: a c)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons \ x \ A)
 then show ?case by (cases x; cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition A)) auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split}:
  backtrack-split\ S = (M, M') \longleftrightarrow hd\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ S) = (M', M)
proof (induction S arbitrary: M M')
 case Nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (Cons\ a\ S)
 then show ?case using backtrack-split-takeWhile-dropWhile by (cases a) force+
ged
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-nil-backtrack-split-snd-nil}:
  get-all-marked-decomposition S = [([], A)] \Longrightarrow snd (backtrack-split S) = []
 by (simp add: get-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split sndI)
This functions says that the first element is either empty or starts with a marked element of
the list.
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-length-1-fst-empty-or-length-1}:
 assumes get-all-marked-decomposition M = (a, b) \# []
 shows a = [] \lor (length \ a = 1 \land is\text{-marked} \ (hd \ a) \land hd \ a \in set \ M)
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked L mark M)
 then show ?case by simp
 case (proped\ L\ mark\ M)
 then show ?case by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) force+
qed
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-fst-empty-or-hd-in-M:
 assumes get-all-marked-decomposition M = (a, b) \# l
 shows a = [] \lor (is\text{-}marked (hd a) \land hd a \in set M)
  using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
```

```
apply auto[2]
   \mathbf{by} \ (metis \ UnCI \ backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked \ get-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split
   get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp hd-in-set list.sel(1) set-append snd-conv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-not-marked}\colon
  assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and L \in set b
 shows \neg is-marked L
 using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: marked-lit-list-induct, simp)
 by (rename-tac L'l xs a b, case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition xs; fastforce)+
{\bf lemma}\ tl-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some:
 assumes x \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition M1))
 shows x \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ M1)))
 using assms
 by (induct M0 rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
    (auto\ simp\ add:\ list.set-sel(2))
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{hd-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some}:
 assumes (x, y) = hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M1)
 shows (x, y) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ Marked K i # M1))
  using assms
proof (induction M0 rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (marked\ L\ m\ M0)
 then show ?case by auto
 case (proped L C M0) note xy = this(1)[OF\ this(2-)] and hd = this(2)
 then show ?case
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ Marked K i \# M1))
      (auto dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp
        arg-cong[of get-all-marked-decomposition - - hd])
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ in-qet-all-marked-decomposition-in-qet-all-marked-decomposition-prepend:
  (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M') \Longrightarrow
   \exists b'. (a, b' @ b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M @ M'))
 apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply (metis append-Nil)
  apply auto
 by (rename-tac L' m xs, case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ M')) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-remove-unmarked-length}:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 \mathbf{shows}\ \mathit{length}\ (\mathit{get-all-marked-decomposition}\ (\mathit{M'}\ @\ \mathit{M''}))
= length (qet-all-marked-decomposition M'')
 using assms by (induct M' arbitrary: M" rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-not-is-marked-length}:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 shows 1 + length (get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated <math>(-L) P \# M))
= length (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ Marked L l \# M))
using assms get-all-marked-decomposition-remove-unmarked-length by fastforce
```

```
{\bf lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-last-choice}:
 assumes tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ Marked L l \# M)) \neq []
 and \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 and hd (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ Marked L l \# M))) = (M0', M0)
 shows hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated (-L) P \# M)) = (M0', Propagated (-L) P \#
 using assms by (induct M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ get-all-marked-decomposition-except-last-choice-equal:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 shows tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated (-L) P \# M))
= tl \ (tl \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ l \ \# \ M)))
 using assms by (induct M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ get-all-marked-decomposition-hd-hd:
 assumes get-all-marked-decomposition Ls = (M, C) \# (M0, M0') \# l
 shows tl\ M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-}marked\ (hd\ M)
 using assms
\mathbf{proof}\ (\mathit{induct}\ \mathit{Ls}\ \mathit{arbitrary} \colon \mathit{M}\ \mathit{C}\ \mathit{M0}\ \mathit{M0'}\ \mathit{l})
  case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons a Ls M C M0 M0' l) note IH = this(1) and g = this(2)
  { fix L level
   assume a: a = Marked L level
   have Ls = M0' @ M0
     using g a by (force intro: get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp)
   then have tl\ M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-marked } (hd\ M) using g\ a by auto
 moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ L \ P
   assume a: a = Propagated L P
   have tl\ M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-}marked\ (hd\ M)
     using IH Cons.prems unfolding a by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition Ls) auto
 ultimately show ?case by (cases a) auto
qed
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[dest]:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows \exists c. M = c @ b @ a
 using assms apply (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply simp
 by (rename-tac L' m xs, case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition xs;
   auto dest!: arg-cong[of get-all-marked-decomposition - - hd]
     get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp)+
lemma qet-all-marked-decomposition-incl:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows set b \subseteq set M and set a \subseteq set M
 using assms get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend by fastforce+
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend':
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
```

```
obtains c where M = c @ b @ a
     using assms apply (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
         apply auto[1]
    by (rename-tac L' m xs, case-tac hd (get-all-marked-decomposition xs),
         auto dest!: qet-all-marked-decomposition-decomp simp add: list.set-sel(2))+
{\bf lemma}\ union\hbox{-}in\hbox{-}get\hbox{-}all\hbox{-}marked\hbox{-}decomposition\hbox{-}is\hbox{-}subset:
    assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
    shows set a \cup set b \subseteq set M
    using assms by force
{\bf lemma}\ \textit{Marked-cons-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked-cons}:
     \exists M1\ M2.\ (Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (c\ @\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ c'))
    apply (induction c rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
         apply auto[2]
    apply (rename-tac L m xs,
              case-tac\ hd\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (xs\ @\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ c')))
    apply (case-tac qet-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ Marked K i \# c'))
    by auto
14.3.2
                             Entailment of the Propagated by the Marked Literal
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-union:
     set \ M = \bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ M)) \cup \{L \ | L. \ is-marked \ L \land L \in set \ M\}
     (is ?MM = ?UM \cup ?LsM)
proof (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
    case nil
    then show ?case by simp
next
    case (marked\ L\ l\ M) note IH=this(1)
    then have Marked L \ l \in ?Ls \ (Marked \ L \ l \ \#M) by auto
    moreover have ?U (Marked L l\#M) = ?U M by auto
    moreover have ?MM = ?UM \cup ?LsM using IH by auto
    ultimately show ?case by auto
next
    case (proped\ L\ m\ M)
    then show ?case by (cases (get-all-marked-decomposition M)) auto
qed
definition all-decomposition-implies :: 'a literal multiset set
     \Rightarrow (('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list \times ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list) list \Rightarrow bool where
  all-decomposition-implies N S \longleftrightarrow (\forall (Ls, seen) \in set S. unmark-l Ls \cup N \models ps unmark-l seen)
lemma all-decomposition-implies-empty[iff]:
     all-decomposition-implies N \mid \mathbf{unfolding} \mid \mathbf{unfolding} \mid \mathbf{ull-decomposition-implies-def} \mid \mathbf{by} \mid \mathbf{uufolding} \mid \mathbf{by} 
lemma all-decomposition-implies-single[iff]:
     all-decomposition-implies N [(Ls, seen)] \longleftrightarrow unmark-l Ls \cup N \models ps unmark-l seen
     unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-append[iff]:
     all-decomposition-implies N (S @ S')
         \longleftrightarrow (all-decomposition-implies N S \land all-decomposition-implies N S')
     unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{all-decomposition-implies-cons-pair} [\textit{iff}]:
```

```
all-decomposition-implies N ((Ls, seen) \# S')
   \longleftrightarrow (all-decomposition-implies N [(Ls, seen)] \land all-decomposition-implies N S')
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-cons-single[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N (l \# S') \longleftrightarrow
   (unmark-l (fst l) \cup N \models ps unmark-l (snd l) \land
     all-decomposition-implies NS')
 unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied:
 assumes all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
   \models ps \ unmark \ ` \bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ M))
using assms
proof (induct length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) arbitrary: M)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc\ n) note IH = this(1) and length = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
 consider
     (le1) length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) \leq 1
    (gt1) length (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition}\ M) > 1
   by arith
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case le1
     then obtain a b where g: get-all-marked-decomposition M = (a, b) \# []
       by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) auto
     moreover {
      assume a = []
       then have ?thesis using Suc.prems g by auto
     moreover {
      assume l: length a = 1 and m: is-marked (hd \ a) and hd: hd \ a \in set \ M
       then have unmark\ (hd\ a) \in \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} by auto
       then have H: unmark-l a \cup N \subseteq N \cup \{unmark \ L \mid L. \ is-marked \ L \land L \in set \ M\}
        using l by (cases a) auto
      have f1: unmark-l \ a \cup N \models ps \ unmark-l \ b
        using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def g by simp
       have ?thesis
        apply (rule true-clss-clss-subset) using f1 H g by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using get-all-marked-decomposition-length-1-fst-empty-or-length-1 by blast
   next
     case gt1
     then obtain Ls\theta seen\theta M' where
       Ls0: qet-all-marked-decomposition M = (Ls0, seen0) \# qet-all-marked-decomposition M' and
       length': length (get-all-marked-decomposition M') = n and
       M'-in-M: set M' \subseteq set M
       using length by (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp: subset-insertI2)
     let ?d = \bigcup (set `snd `set (get-all-marked-decomposition M'))
     let ?unM = \{unmark \ L \ | L. \ is\text{-marked} \ L \land L \in set \ M\}
     let ?unM' = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L \land L \in set\ M'\}
```

```
{
 assume n = 0
 then have get-all-marked-decomposition M' = [] using length' by auto
 then have ?thesis using Suc.prems unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def Ls0 by auto
moreover {
 assume n: n > 0
 then obtain Ls1 seen1 l where
   Ls1: get-all-marked-decomposition M' = (Ls1, seen1) \# l
   using length' by (induct M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
 have all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M')
   using decomp unfolding Ls\theta by auto
 then have N: N \cup ?unM' \models ps \ unmark-s ?d
   using IH length' by auto
 have l: N \cup ?unM' \subseteq N \cup ?unM
   using M'-in-M by auto
 from true-clss-clss-subset[OF this N]
 have \Psi N: N \cup ?unM \models ps \ unmark-s ?d by auto
 have is-marked (hd Ls0) and LS: tl Ls0 = seen1 @ Ls1
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-hd-hd[of M] unfolding Ls0 Ls1 by auto
 have LSM: seen 1 @ Ls1 = M' using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of M'] Ls1 by auto
 have M': set M' = ?d \cup \{L \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in \text{set } M'\}
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-union by auto
 {
   assume Ls\theta \neq [
   then have hd Ls\theta \in set M
     using qet-all-marked-decomposition-fst-empty-or-hd-in-M Ls0 by blast
   then have N \cup ?unM \models p \ unmark \ (hd \ Ls\theta)
     using \langle is\text{-}marked \ (hd \ Ls0) \rangle by (metis \ (mono\text{-}tags, \ lifting) \ UnCI \ mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq
       true-clss-cls-in)
  } note hd-Ls\theta = this
 have l: unmark ' (?d \cup \{L \mid L. is-marked L \land L \in set M'\}) = unmark-s ?d \cup ?unM'
 have N \cup ?unM' \models ps \ unmark \ (?d \cup \{L \mid L. \ is-marked \ L \land L \in set \ M'\})
   unfolding l using N by (auto simp: all-in-true-clss-clss)
 then have t: N \cup ?unM' \models ps \ unmark-l \ (tl \ Ls\theta)
   using M' unfolding LS LSM by auto
 then have N \cup ?unM \models ps \ unmark-l \ (tl \ Ls\theta)
   using M'-in-M true-clss-clss-subset [OF - t, of N \cup ?unM] by auto
 then have N \cup ?unM \models ps \ unmark-l \ Ls0
   using hd-Ls\theta by (cases Ls\theta) auto
 moreover have unmark-l\ Ls\theta\ \cup\ N\ \models ps\ unmark-l\ seen\theta
   using decomp unfolding Ls0 by simp
 moreover have \bigwedge M Ma. (M::'a \ literal \ multiset \ set) \cup Ma \models ps \ M
   by (simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss)
 ultimately have \Psi: N \cup ?unM \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen 0
   by (meson true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
 moreover have unmark ' (set seen0 \cup ?d) = unmark-l seen0 \cup unmark-s ?d
   by auto
```

```
ultimately have ?thesis using \Psi N unfolding Ls0 by simp
     ultimately show ?thesis by auto
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}propagated\text{-}lits\text{-}are\text{-}implied:}
  assumes all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L \land L \in set\ M\} \models ps\ unmark\text{-}l\ M
   (is ?I \models ps ?A)
proof -
  have ?I \models ps \ unmark-s \{L \mid L. \ is-marked \ L \land L \in set \ M\}
   by (auto intro: all-in-true-clss-clss)
 moreover have ?I \models ps \ unmark '\ \ \ \ (set 'snd 'set (get-all-marked-decomposition M))
   using all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied assms by blast
  ultimately have N \cup \{unmark \ m \mid m. \ is\text{-marked} \ m \land m \in set \ M\}
   \models ps\ unmark\ `\bigcup (set\ `snd\ `set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M))
     \cup unmark ' \{m \mid m. is-marked m \land m \in set M\}
     by blast
  then show ?thesis
   by (metis (no-types) get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-union[of M] image-Un)
{\bf lemma}\ all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}insert\text{-}single\text{:}}
  all-decomposition-implies N M \Longrightarrow all-decomposition-implies (insert C N) M
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
```

14.4 Negation of Clauses

We define the negation of a 'a Partial-Clausal-Logic.clause: it converts it from the a single clause to a set of clauses, wherein each clause is a single negated literal.

```
definition CNot :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ \mathbf{where}
CNot \psi = \{ \{\#-L\#\} \mid L. \ L \in \# \psi \}
lemma in-CNot-uminus[iff]:
 shows \{\#L\#\} \in CNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow -L \in \# \ \psi
 unfolding CNot-def by force
lemma
 shows
    CNot\text{-}singleton[simp]: CNot \{\#L\#\} = \{\{\#-L\#\}\} \text{ and }
    CNot\text{-}empty[simp]: CNot \{\#\} = \{\}  and
    CNot-plus[simp]: CNot (A + B) = CNot A \cup CNot B
  unfolding CNot-def by auto
lemma CNot-eq-empty[iff]:
  CNot\ D = \{\} \longleftrightarrow D = \{\#\}
  unfolding CNot-def by (auto simp add: multiset-eqI)
lemma in-CNot-implies-uminus:
 assumes L \in \# D and M \models as CNot D
 shows M \models a \{\#-L\#\} \text{ and } -L \in \textit{lits-of-l } M
 using assms by (auto simp: true-annots-def true-annot-def CNot-def)
lemma CNot\text{-}remdups\text{-}mset[simp]:
```

```
CNot (remdups-mset A) = CNot A
  unfolding CNot-def by auto
lemma Ball-CNot-Ball-mset[simp]:
  (\forall x \in CNot \ D. \ P \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\forall L \in \# \ D. \ P \ \{\#-L\#\})
 unfolding CNot-def by auto
lemma consistent-CNot-not:
  assumes consistent-interp I
  shows I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg I \models \varphi
  using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def true-clss-def true-cls-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ total\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}CNot:
  assumes total-over-m I \{\varphi\} and \neg I \models \varphi
  shows I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi
  using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def true-clss-def true-cls-def CNot-def
    apply clarify
  by (rename-tac x L, case-tac L) (force intro: pos-lit-in-atms-of neg-lit-in-atms-of)+
\mathbf{lemma}\ total	ext{-}not	ext{-}CNot:
  assumes total-over-m I \{\varphi\} and \neg I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi
  shows I \models \varphi
  using assms total-not-true-cls-true-clss-CNot by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (CNot \ C) = atms-of C
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def atms-of-def CNot-def by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}contradiction\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}false:
  C \in D \Longrightarrow D \models ps \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow D \models p \ \{\#\}
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-def
  by (metis Un-commute atms-of-empty atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of atms-of-ms-insert atms-of-ms-union
    consistent-CNot-not insert-absorb sup-bot.left-neutral true-clss-def)
{\bf lemma}\ true\hbox{-} annots\hbox{-} CNot\hbox{-} all\hbox{-} atms\hbox{-} defined:
  assumes M \models as \ CNot \ T \ and \ a1: \ L \in \# \ T
  shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
  by (metis assms atm-of-uninus image-eqI in-CNot-implies-uninus(1) true-annot-singleton)
\mathbf{lemma} \ true\text{-}annots\text{-}CNot\text{-}all\text{-}uminus\text{-}atms\text{-}defined:
  assumes M \models as \ CNot \ T \ and \ a1: -L \in \# \ T
  \mathbf{shows}\ \mathit{atm\text{-}of}\ L \in \mathit{atm\text{-}of}\ `\mathit{lits\text{-}of\text{-}l}\ M
  by (metis\ assms\ atm-of-uninus\ image-eqI\ in-CNot-implies-uninus(1)\ true-annot-singleton)
{f lemma} true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}false\text{-}left\text{-}right:
  assumes \{\{\#L\#\}\}\cup B\models p \{\#\}
  shows B \models ps \ CNot \ \{\#L\#\}
  {\bf unfolding} \ true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}def \ true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix}\ I
  assume
    tot: total-over-m I (B \cup CNot \{\#L\#\}) and
    cons: consistent-interp I and
    I: I \models s B
  have total-over-m I (\{\{\#L\#\}\}\cup B) using tot by auto
```

```
then have \neg I \models s insert \{\#L\#\} B
   using assms cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def by simp
  then show I \models s \ CNot \ \{\#L\#\}
   using tot\ I by (cases\ L) auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma} \ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}def\text{-}iff\text{-}negation\text{-}in\text{-}model}:
  M \models as \ CNot \ C \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ L \in \# \ C. \ -L \in \ lits \text{-}of \text{-}l \ M)
 unfolding CNot-def true-annots-true-cls true-clss-def by auto
lemma true-annot-CNot-diff:
  I \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow I \models as \ CNot \ (C - C')
 by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model dest: in-diffD)
lemma consistent-CNot-not-tautology:
  consistent-interp M \Longrightarrow M \models s \ CNot \ D \Longrightarrow \neg tautology \ D
 by (metis atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of consistent-CNot-not satisfiable-carac' satisfiable-def
   tautology-def total-over-m-def)
lemma atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of-ms: atms-of-ms (CNot CC) = atms-of-ms {CC}
 by simp
lemma total-over-m-CNot-toal-over-m[simp]:
  total-over-m \ I \ (CNot \ C) = total-over-set I \ (atms-of C)
 unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
The following lemma is very useful when in the goal appears an axioms like -L=K: this
lemma allows the simplifier to rewrite L.
lemma uminus-lit-swap: -(a::'a \ literal) = i \longleftrightarrow a = -i
 by auto
lemma true-clss-cls-plus-CNot:
 assumes
    CC-L: A \models p CC + \{\#L\#\} and
    CNot\text{-}CC: A \models ps \ CNot \ CC
 shows A \models p \{\#L\#\}
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def CNot-def total-over-m-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} I
 assume
   tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (A \cup {{#L#}})) and
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   I: I \models s A
 let ?I = I \cup \{Pos \ P | P. \ P \in atms-of \ CC \land P \notin atm-of `I'\}
 have cons': consistent-interp ?I
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def
   by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap atms-of-def rev-image-eqI)
 have I': ?I \models s A
   using I true-clss-union-increase by blast
 have tot-CNot: total-over-m ?I (A \cup CNot CC)
   using tot atms-of-s-def by (fastforce simp: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def)
 then have tot-I-A-CC-L: total-over-m ?I (A \cup \{CC + \{\#L\#\}\})
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-atm-of by auto
```

```
then have ?I \models CC + \#L\# using CC-L cons' I' unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
  moreover
    have ?I \models s \ CNot \ CC \ using \ CNot \cdot CC \ cons' \ I' \ tot \cdot CNot \ unfolding \ true \cdot clss \cdot def \ by \ auto
    then have \neg A \models p \ CC
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) I' atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of-ms atms-of-ms-union cons'
        consistent-CNot-not tot-CNot total-over-m-def true-clss-cls-def)
    then have \neg ?I \models CC using \langle ?I \models s \ CNot \ CC \rangle cons' consistent-CNot-not by blast
  ultimately have ?I \models \{\#L\#\} by blast
  then show I \models \{\#L\#\}
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) atms-of-ms-union cons' consistent-CNot-not tot total-not-CNot
      total\hbox{-}over-m\hbox{-}def\ total\hbox{-}over-set\hbox{-}union\ true\hbox{-}clss\hbox{-}union\hbox{-}increase)
qed
lemma true-annots-CNot-lit-of-notin-skip:
  assumes LM: L \# M \models as CNot A \text{ and } LA: lit-of L \notin \# A - lit-of L \notin \# A
 shows M \models as \ CNot \ A
  using LM unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} \ l
  assume H: \forall x. \ x \in \mathit{CNot}\ A \longrightarrow L \# M \models ax \ \text{and}\ l: l \in \mathit{CNot}\ A
  then have L \# M \models a l \text{ by } auto
 then show M \models a l \text{ using } LA l \text{ by } (cases L) (auto simp: CNot-def)
 qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}false\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}cnot:
  A \cup \{B\} \models ps \{\{\#\}\} \longleftrightarrow A \models ps \ CNot \ B
  using total-not-CNot consistent-CNot-not unfolding total-over-m-def true-clss-clss-def
 by fastforce
lemma true-annot-remove-hd-if-notin-vars:
  assumes a \# M' \models a D and atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of a) \notin atms\text{-}of D
 shows M' \models a D
  using assms true-cls-remove-hd-if-notin-vars unfolding true-annot-def by auto
{f lemma}\ true-annot-remove-if-notin-vars:
  assumes M @ M' \models a D and \forall x \in atms\text{-}of D. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
  shows M' \models a D
  using assms by (induct M) (auto dest: true-annot-remove-hd-if-notin-vars)
lemma true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars:
  assumes M @ M' \models as D and \forall x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms D. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
  shows M' \models as D unfolding true-annots-def
  using assms unfolding true-annots-def atms-of-ms-def
  by (force dest: true-annot-remove-if-notin-vars)
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot}:
 assumes
   \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{B\}. \ s \in atm\text{-}of \text{ `lits-}of\text{-}l \ A \ \mathbf{and}
    \neg A \models a B
 shows A \models as \ CNot \ B
  unfolding true-annot-def true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-lit-def
proof (clarify, rule ccontr)
  \mathbf{fix} \ L
  assume LB: L \in \# B and \neg lits-of-l A \models l - L
  then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ A
```

```
using assms(1) by (simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of lits-of-def)
  then have L \in lits-of-l A \lor -L \in lits-of-l A
   using atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set by metis
  then have L \in lits-of-l A using \langle \neg lits-of-l A \models l - L \rangle by auto
 then show False
   using LB assms(2) unfolding true-annot-def true-lit-def true-cls-def Bex-def
   by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma CNot-union-mset[simp]:
  CNot (A \# \cup B) = CNot A \cup CNot B
 unfolding CNot-def by auto
14.5
         Other
abbreviation no-dup L \equiv distinct \ (map \ (\lambda l. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ l)) \ L)
lemma no-dup-rev[simp]:
 no\text{-}dup \ (rev \ M) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}dup \ M
 by (auto simp: rev-map[symmetric])
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}dup\text{-}length\text{-}eq\text{-}card\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}l:
 assumes no-dup M
 shows length M = card (atm-of 'lits-of-l M)
 using assms unfolding lits-of-def by (induct M) (auto simp add: image-image)
lemma distinct-consistent-interp:
 no-dup M \Longrightarrow consistent-interp (lits-of-l M)
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
 show ?case by auto
next
 case (Cons\ L\ M)
 then have a1: consistent-interp (lits-of-l M) by auto
 have a2: atm-of (lit-of L) \notin (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) 'set M using Cons.prems by auto
 have undefined-lit M (lit-of L)
   using a2 unfolding defined-lit-map by fastforce
 then show ?case
   using a1 by simp
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ distinct\text{-} get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}no\text{-}dup:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and no-dup M
 shows no-dup (a @ b)
 using assms by force
lemma true-annots-lit-of-notin-skip:
 assumes L \# M \models as CNot A
 and -lit-of L \notin \# A
 and no-dup (L \# M)
 shows M \models as \ CNot \ A
proof -
 have \forall l \in \# A. -l \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (L \# M)
   using assms(1) in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
 moreover
```

```
have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \notin atm\text{-}of\ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M)
using assms(3) unfolding lits\text{-}of\text{-}def by force
then have - lit\text{-}of\ L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M unfolding lits\text{-}of\text{-}def
by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}uminus\ imageI})
ultimately have \forall\ l \in \#\ A.\ -l \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
using assms(2) by (metis\ insert\text{-}iff\ list.simps(15)\ lits\text{-}of\text{-}insert\ uminus\text{-}of\text{-}uminus\text{-}id})
then show ?thesis by (auto\ simp\ add:\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}def})
qed
```

14.6 Extending Entailments to multisets

We have defined previous entailment with respect to sets, but we also need a multiset version depending on the context. The conversion is simple using the function *set-mset* (in this direction, there is no loss of information).

```
there is no loss of information).
abbreviation true-annots-mset (infix \models asm 50) where
I \models asm \ C \equiv I \models as \ (set\text{-}mset \ C)
abbreviation true-clss-clss-m:: 'v clause multiset \Rightarrow 'v clause multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix \models psm 50)
I \models psm \ C \equiv set\text{-}mset \ I \models ps \ (set\text{-}mset \ C)
Analog of [?N \models ps ?B; ?A \subseteq ?B] \implies ?N \models ps ?A
lemma true-clss-clssm-subsetE: N \models psm B \Longrightarrow A \subseteq \# B \Longrightarrow N \models psm A
  using set-mset-mono true-clss-clss-subsetE by blast
abbreviation true-clss-cls-m:: 'a clause multiset \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models pm \ 50) where
I \models pm \ C \equiv set\text{-}mset \ I \models p \ C
abbreviation distinct-mset-mset :: 'a multiset multiset \Rightarrow bool where
distinct-mset-mset \Sigma \equiv distinct-mset-set (set-mset \Sigma)
abbreviation all-decomposition-implies-m where
all-decomposition-implies-m A B \equiv all-decomposition-implies (set-mset A) B
abbreviation atms-of-mm :: 'a literal multiset multiset \Rightarrow 'a set where
atms-of-mm U \equiv atms-of-ms (set-mset U)
Other definition using Union-mset
lemma atms-of-mm U \equiv set-mset (\bigcup \# image-mset (image-mset atm-of) U)
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by (auto simp: atms-of-def)
abbreviation true-clss-m: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelssm 50) where
I \models sm \ C \equiv I \models s \ set\text{-}mset \ C
abbreviation true-clss-ext-m (infix \models sextm 49) where
I \models sextm \ C \equiv I \models sext \ set\text{-mset} \ C
end
theory CDCL-Abstract-Clause-Representation
imports Main Partial-Clausal-Logic
begin
type-synonym 'v clause = 'v literal multiset
type-synonym 'v clauses = 'v clause multiset
```

14.7 Abstract Clause Representation

We will abstract the representation of clause and clauses via two locales. We expect our representation to behave like multiset, but the internal representation can be done using list or whatever other representation.

We assume the following:

• there is an equivalent to adding and removing a literal and to taking the union of clauses.

```
locale raw-cls =
 fixes
   mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
   insert\text{-}cls:: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
   remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls
 assumes
   insert-cls[simp]: mset-cls \ (insert-cls \ L \ C) = mset-cls \ C + \{\#L\#\} \ and
   remove-lit[simp]: mset-cls (remove-lit L C) = remove1-mset L (mset-cls C)
begin
end
locale raw-ccls-union =
 fixes
   mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
   union\text{-}cls:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \text{ and }
   insert\text{-}cls:: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
   remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls
 assumes
   insert-ccls[simp]: mset-cls \ (insert-cls \ L \ C) = mset-cls \ C + \{\#L\#\} \ and
   mset-ccls-union-cls[simp]: mset-cls (union-cls C D) = mset-cls C #\cup mset-cls D and
   remove-clit[simp]: mset-cls (remove-lit L C) = remove1-mset L (mset-cls C)
begin
\mathbf{end}
Instantiation of the previous locale, in an unnamed context to avoid polluating with simp rules
context
begin
 interpretation list-cls: raw-cls mset
   op # remove1
   by unfold-locales (auto simp: union-mset-list ex-mset)
 interpretation cls-cls: raw-cls id
   \lambda L \ C. \ C + \{\#L\#\} \ remove 1\text{-mset}
   by unfold-locales (auto simp: union-mset-list)
 interpretation list-cls: raw-ccls-union mset
   union-mset-list
   op # remove1
   by unfold-locales (auto simp: union-mset-list ex-mset)
 interpretation cls-cls: raw-ccls-union id
    op \# \cup \lambda L C. C + \{\#L\#\} remove1-mset
   by unfold-locales (auto simp: union-mset-list)
end
```

Over the abstract clauses, we have the following properties:

- We can insert a clause
- We can take the union (used only in proofs for the definition of *clauses*)
- there is an operator indicating whether the abstract clause is contained or not
- if a concrete clause is contained the abstract clauses, then there is an abstract clause

```
locale raw-clss =
  raw-cls mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls +
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss
  assumes
    insert-clss[simp]: mset-clss (insert-clss L C) = mset-clss C + \{\#mset-cls L\#\} and
    union-clss[simp]: mset-clss (union-clss C D) = mset-clss C + mset-clss D and
    mset-clss-union-clss[simp]: mset-clss (insert-clss C'D) = {\#mset-cls C'\#} + mset-clss D and
    in\text{-}clss\text{-}mset\text{-}clss[dest]: in\text{-}clss\ a\ C \Longrightarrow mset\text{-}cls\ a \in \#\ mset\text{-}clss\ C and
    in\text{-}mset\text{-}clss\text{-}exists\text{-}preimage:}\ b \in \#\ mset\text{-}clss\ C \Longrightarrow \exists\ b'.\ in\text{-}clss\ b'\ C \land mset\text{-}cls\ b'=b\ \mathbf{and}
    remove-from-clss-mset-clss[simp]:
      mset-clss\ (remove-from-clss\ a\ C) = mset-clss\ C - \{\#mset-cls\ a\#\} and
    in-clss-union-clss[simp]:
      in\text{-}clss\ a\ (union\text{-}clss\ C\ D)\longleftrightarrow in\text{-}clss\ a\ C\ \lor\ in\text{-}clss\ a\ D
begin
end
experiment
begin
  fun remove-first where
  remove-first - [] = [] |
  remove-first C (C' \# L) = (if mset C = mset C' then L else C' \# remove-first C L)
 lemma mset-map-mset-remove-first:
    mset\ (map\ mset\ (remove-first\ a\ C)) = remove1-mset\ (mset\ a)\ (mset\ (map\ mset\ C))
    by (induction C) (auto simp: ac-simps remove1-mset-single-add)
  interpretation clss-clss: raw-clss id \lambda L C. C + \{\#L\#\} remove1-mset
    id\ op + op \in \# \lambda L\ C.\ C + \{\#L\#\}\ remove 1\text{-}mset
    by unfold-locales (auto simp: ac-simps)
 interpretation list-clss: raw-clss mset
    op # remove1 \lambda L. mset (map mset L) op @ \lambda L C. L \in set C op #
    remove-first
    by unfold-locales (auto simp: ac-simps union-mset-list mset-map-mset-remove-first ex-mset)
end
end
theory CDCL-WNOT-Measure
```

15 Measure

This measure show the termination of the core of CDCL: each step improves the number of literals we know for sure.

This measure can also be seen as the increasing lexicographic order: it is an order on bounded sequences, when each element is bounded. The proof involves a measure like the one defined here (the same?).

```
definition \mu_C :: nat \Rightarrow nat \ list \Rightarrow nat \ where
\mu_C \ s \ b \ M \equiv (\sum i=0..< length \ M. \ M!i * b^ (s+i-length \ M))
lemma \mu_C-nil[simp]:
 \mu_C \ s \ b \ [] = \theta
 unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
lemma \mu_C-single[simp]:
  \mu_C \ s \ b \ [L] = L * b \ \widehat{} \ (s - Suc \ \theta)
 unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
{\bf lemma}\ set\text{-}sum\text{-}atLeastLessThan\text{-}add;
  (\sum i = k.. < k + (b::nat). \ f \ i) = (\sum i = 0.. < b. \ f \ (k+i))
  by (induction b) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ set\text{-}sum\text{-}atLeastLessThan\text{-}Suc:
  (\sum i=1...<Suc\ j.\ f\ i)=(\sum i=0...<j.\ f\ (Suc\ i))
  using set-sum-atLeastLessThan-add[of - 1 j] by force
lemma \mu_C-cons:
 \mu_C \ s \ b \ (L \# M) = L * b \ (s - 1 - length M) + \mu_C \ s \ b \ M
proof -
  have \mu_C \ s \ b \ (L \# M) = (\sum i = 0.. < length \ (L \# M). \ (L \# M)! \ i * b \ (s + i - length \ (L \# M)))
   unfolding \mu_C-def by blast
  also have ... = (\sum i=0..<1. (L\#M)!i*b^(s+i-length (L\#M)))
                + (\sum_{i=1}^{n} i=1..< length (L\#M). (L\#M)!i * b^ (s+i - length (L\#M)))
    by (rule setsum-add-nat-ivl[symmetric]) simp-all
 finally have \mu_C s b (L \# M) = L * b ^ (s - 1 - length M)
                 + (\sum i=1... < length (L\#M). (L\#M)!i * b^ (s+i-length (L\#M)))
    by auto
  moreover {
   have (\sum i=1..< length\ (L\#M).\ (L\#M)!i*b^(s+i-length\ (L\#M))) = (\sum i=0..< length\ (M).\ (L\#M)!(Suc\ i)*b^(s+(Suc\ i)-length\ (L\#M)))
    {\bf unfolding} \ length\hbox{-}Cons \ set\hbox{-}sum\hbox{-}atLeastLessThan\hbox{-}Suc \ {\bf by} \ blast
   also have ... = (\sum i=0..< length (M). M!i * b^ (s + i - length M))
   finally have (\sum i=1...< length\ (L\#M).\ (L\#M)!i*b^(s+i-length\ (L\#M)))=\mu_C\ s\ b\ M
     unfolding \mu_C-def.
  ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
lemma \mu_C-append:
 assumes s \ge length (M@M')
```

```
shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ (M@M') = \mu_C \ (s - length \ M') \ b \ M + \mu_C \ s \ b \ M'
proof -
 have \mu_C \ s \ b \ (M@M') = (\sum i = 0... < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
   unfolding \mu_C-def by blast
 moreover then have ... = (\sum i=0.. < length M. (M@M')!i * b^ (s+i - length (M@M')))
              + (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
   by (auto intro!: setsum-add-nat-ivl[symmetric])
 moreover
   have \forall i \in \{0.. < length M\}. (M@M')!i * b^{(s+i-length (M@M'))} = M!i * b^{(s-length M')}
     +i-length M
     using \langle s \geq length \ (M@M') \rangle by (auto simp add: nth-append ac-simps)
    then have \mu_C (s - length M') b M = (\sum i=0..< length M. (M@M')!i * b^ (s +i - length
(M@M'))
     unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
 ultimately have \mu_C s b (M@M') = \mu_C (s - length M') b M
               + (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
    by auto
 moreover {
   have (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M'))) =
         (\sum i=0..< length\ M'.\ M'!i*b^(s+i-length\ M'))
    unfolding length-append set-sum-atLeastLessThan-add by auto
   then have (\sum i=length\ M... < length\ (M@M').\ (M@M')!i*b^ (s+i-length\ (M@M'))) = \mu_C\ s\ b
M'
     unfolding \mu_C-def.
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
qed
lemma \mu_C-cons-non-empty-inf:
 assumes M-ge-1: \forall i \in set M. i \geq 1 and M: M \neq []
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \ge b \ \widehat{} \ (s - length \ M)
 using assms by (cases M) (auto simp: mult-eq-if \mu_C-cons)
Copy of ~~/src/HOL/ex/NatSum.thy (but generalized to 0 \le k)
lemma sum-of-powers: 0 \le k \Longrightarrow (k-1) * (\sum_{i=0}^{n} i=0... < n. \ k^i) = k^n - (1::nat)
 apply (cases k = \theta)
   apply (cases n; simp)
 by (induct n) (auto simp: Nat.nat-distrib)
In the degenerated cases, we only have the large inequality holds. In the other cases, the
following strict inequality holds:
lemma \mu_C-bounded-non-degenerated:
 fixes b :: nat
 assumes
   b > \theta and
   M \neq \lceil \rceil and
   M-le: \forall i < length M. M!i < b and
   s \geq length M
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M < b \hat{s}
proof -
 consider (b1) b=1 | (b) b>1 using (b>0) by (cases\ b) auto
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case b1
     then have \forall i < length M. M!i = 0 using M-le by auto
```

```
then have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M = \theta unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
     then show ?thesis using \langle b > \theta \rangle by auto
   next
     case b
     have \forall i \in \{0..< length M\}. M!i * b^{(s+i-length M)} \leq (b-1) * b^{(s+i-length M)}
       using M-le \langle b > 1 \rangle by auto
     then have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le \ (\sum i=0... < length \ M. \ (b-1) * b^ (s+i-length \ M))
        using \langle M \neq [] \rangle \langle b > 0 \rangle unfolding \mu_C-def by (auto intro: setsum-mono)
     also
      have \forall i \in \{0.. < length M\}. (b-1) * b^{(s+i-length M)} = (b-1) * b^{(i+k-length M)}
         by (metis Nat.add-diff-assoc2 add.commute assms(4) mult.assoc power-add)
       then have (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ (b-1)*b^ (s+i-length\ M))
         = (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ (b-1)*\ b^i*\ b^i*\ b^i< length\ M))
         by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
     also have ... = (\sum i=0.. < length \ M. \ b^i) * b^k = length \ M) * (b-1)
        \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \mathit{setsum-left-distrib}\ \mathit{setsum-right-distrib}\ \mathit{ac\text{-}simps})
     finally have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le (\sum i=0... < length \ M. \ b^i) * (b-1) * b^i(s - length \ M)
       by (simp add: ac-simps)
     also
       have (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ b^i)*(b-1) = b^i(length\ M) - 1
         using sum-of-powers[of b length M] \langle b > 1 \rangle
         by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
     finally have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le (b \ \widehat{\ } (length \ M) - 1) * b \ \widehat{\ } (s - length \ M)
       by auto
     also have ... < b \cap (length M) * b \cap (s - length M)
       using \langle b > 1 \rangle by auto
     also have ... = b \hat{s}
       by (metis assms(4) le-add-diff-inverse power-add)
     finally show ?thesis unfolding \mu_C-def by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
In the degenerate case b = (\theta::'a), the list M is empty (since the list cannot contain any
element).
lemma \mu_C-bounded:
 fixes b :: nat
 assumes
   M-le: \forall i < length M. <math>M!i < b and
   s \geq length M
   b > 0
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M < b \ \hat{s}
proof -
  consider (M\theta) M = [] | (M) b > \theta and M \neq []
   using M-le by (cases b, cases M) auto
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case M0
     then show ?thesis using M-le \langle b > 0 \rangle by auto
   next
     case M
     show ?thesis using \mu_C-bounded-non-degenerated [OF M assms(1,2)] by arith
   qed
qed
When b = 0, we cannot show that the measure is empty, since \theta^0 = 1.
```

```
lemma \mu_C-base-\theta:
 assumes length M \leq s
 shows \mu_C \ s \ \theta \ M \le M! \theta
proof -
   assume s = length M
   moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ n
     have (\sum i=\theta...< n.\ M!\ i*(\theta::nat)^i) \leq M!\ \theta
      apply (induction n rule: nat-induct)
      by simp (rename-tac n, case-tac n, auto)
   }
   ultimately have ?thesis unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
 moreover
 {
   assume length M < s
   then have \mu_C \circ \theta M = \theta unfolding \mu_C-def by auto}
 ultimately show ?thesis using assms unfolding \mu_C-def by linarith
qed
end
theory CDCL-NOT
imports CDCL-Abstract-Clause-Representation List-More Wellfounded-More CDCL-WNOT-Measure
 Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic
begin
```

16 NOT's CDCL

16.1 Auxiliary Lemmas and Measure

We define here some more simplification rules, or rules that have been useful as help for some tactic

```
lemma no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus:

no-dup M \Longrightarrow - lit-of x = lit-of x \Longrightarrow x \in set M \Longrightarrow xa \notin set M

by (metis atm-of-uminus distinct-map inj-on-eq-iff uminus-not-id')

lemma atms-of-ms-single-atm-of[simp]:

atms-of-ms {unmark L \mid L. \mid P \mid L} = atm-of '{lit-of L \mid L. \mid P \mid L}

unfolding atms-of-ms-def by force

lemma atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of:

atms-of {\# -lit-of x. \mid x \mid \in \# \mid A\#} = atm-of '(lit-of '(set-mset A))

unfolding atms-of-def by (auto simp add: Fun.image-comp)

lemma atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of:

atms-of-ms (unmark-s A) = atm-of '(lit-of 'A)

unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
```

16.2 Initial definitions

16.2.1 The state

We define here an abstraction over operation on the state we are manipulating.

```
raw-clss mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    insert-cls :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss +
  fixes
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
notation insert-cls (infix !++ 50)
notation in-clss (infix ! \in ! 50)
notation union-clss (infix \oplus 50)
notation insert-clss (infix !++! 50)
abbreviation clauses_{NOT} where
clauses_{NOT} S \equiv mset\text{-}clss \ (raw\text{-}clauses \ S)
end
NOT's state is basically a pair composed of the trail (i.e. the candidate model) and the set of
clauses. We abstract this state to convert this state to other states. like Weidenbach's five-tuple.
locale dpll-state =
  dpll-state-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit — related to each clause
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss — related to the clauses
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} — related to the state
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ {\bf and}
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  assumes
    trail-prepend-trail[simp]:
```

locale dpll-state-ops =

```
\bigwedgest L. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow trail (prepend-trail L st) = L # trail st
      and
    tl-trail[simp]: trail(tl-trailS) = tl(trailS) and
    trail-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]: \land st \ C. \ no-dup \ (trail \ st) \Longrightarrow trail \ (add-cls_{NOT} \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
    trail-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]: \land st C. trail (remove-cls_{NOT} C st) = trail st and
    clauses-prepend-trail[simp]:
      \bigwedge st\ L.\ undefined\text{-}lit\ (trail\ st)\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \Longrightarrow
        clauses_{NOT} (prepend-trail L st) = clauses_{NOT} st
    clauses-tl-trail[simp]: \bigwedge st. clauses_{NOT} (tl-trail st) = clauses_{NOT} st and
    clauses-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
      \bigwedgest C. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> C st) = {#mset-cls C#} + clauses<sub>NOT</sub> st
and
    clauses-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
      \bigwedgest C. clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> C st) = removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> st)
begin
We define the following function doing the backtrack in the trail:
function reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS =
  (if length (trail S) = length F \vee trail S = [] then S else reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S))
by fast+
termination by (relation measure (\lambda(-, S)). length (trail S))) auto
declare reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps[simp\ del]
Then we need several lemmas about the reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.
lemma
  shows
  reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-nil[simp]: trail S = [] \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S = S and
  reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq-length[simp]: length (trail S) = length F \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S = S
  by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length-ne[simp]:
  length\ (trail\ S) \neq length\ F \Longrightarrow trail\ S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
    reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S = reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S)
  by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length-le:
  assumes length F > length (trail S)
  shows trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS) = []
  using assms by (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-nil[simp]:
  trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} [] S) = []
  by (induction [] S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-nil:
  clauses_{NOT} (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> [] S) = clauses_{NOT} S
  by (induction [] S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-drop:
```

```
trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S) =
   (if \ length \ (trail \ S) \ge length \ F
   then drop (length (trail S) – length F) (trail S)
   else [])
  apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  apply (rename-tac F S, case-tac trail S)
  apply auto
  apply (rename-tac list, case-tac Suc (length list) > length F)
  prefer 2 apply simp
  apply (subgoal-tac Suc (length list) – length F = Suc (length list – length F))
  apply simp
  apply \ simp
  done
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning:
  assumes trail\ S = F' @ F
 shows trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS) = F
  using assms by (auto simp: trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-drop)
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-clauses[simp]:
  clauses_{NOT} (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S) = clauses_{NOT} S
  by (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma trail-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ T)
  apply (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  by (metis tl-trail reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq-length reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-length-ne reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-nil)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
    trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S)
  by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq) simp
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-trail-tl-trail-decomp[simp]:
  trail\ S = F' @ Marked\ K\ () \# F \Longrightarrow
     trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (tl-trail S)) = F
 \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{reduce-trail-to}_{NOT}\mathit{-skip-beginning}[\mathit{of}\ \mathit{-}\ \mathit{tl}\ (\mathit{F'}\ @\ \mathit{Marked}\ \mathit{K}\ ()\ \#\ [])])
 by (cases F') (auto simp add:tl-append reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning)
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-length:
  length M = length M' \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to_{NOT} M S = reduce-trail-to_{NOT} M' S
  apply (induction M S arbitrary: rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  by (simp\ add: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
abbreviation trail-weight where
trail-weight\ S \equiv map\ ((\lambda l.\ 1 + length\ l)\ o\ snd)\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
As we are defining abstract states, the Isabelle equality about them is too strong: we want the
weaker equivalence stating that two states are equal if they cannot be distinguished, i.e. given
the getter trail and clauses_{NOT} do not distinguish them.
definition state\text{-}eq_{NOT}:: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool (infix \sim 50) where
S \sim T \longleftrightarrow trail \ S = trail \ T \wedge clauses_{NOT} \ S = clauses_{NOT} \ T
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-ref[simp]:
```

```
S \sim S
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}sym:
  S \sim T \longleftrightarrow T \sim S
  unfolding state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def by auto
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-trans:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow T \sim U \Longrightarrow S \sim U
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemma
  shows
    state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}trail: S \sim T \Longrightarrow trail S = trail T \text{ and }
    state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}clauses: S \sim T \Longrightarrow clauses_{NOT} S = clauses_{NOT} T
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemmas state-simp_{NOT}[simp] = state-eq_{NOT}-trail\ state-eq_{NOT}-clauses
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-state-eq_{NOT}-compatible:
  assumes ST: S \sim T
  shows reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FT
proof -
  have clauses_{NOT} (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S) = clauses_{NOT} (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F T)
    using ST by auto
  moreover have trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T)
    using trail-eq-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq[of S T F] ST by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp del: state-simp_{NOT} simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def)
end
16.2.2
            Definition of the operation
Each possible is in its own locale.
locale propagate-ops =
  dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss::'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

 $remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +$

fixes

```
propagate\text{-}cond :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive propagate_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
propagate_{NOT}[intro]: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \Longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
    \implies undefined-lit (trail S) L
    \implies propagate-cond (Propagated L ()) S
    \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S
    \implies propagate_{NOT} S T
inductive-cases propagate_{NOT}E[elim]: propagate_{NOT} S T
end
locale decide-ops =
  dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
     in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
inductive decide_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
decide_{NOT}[intro]: undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S)
  \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Marked L ()) S
  \implies decide_{NOT} \ S \ T
inductive-cases decide_{NOT}E[elim]: decide_{NOT} S S'
end
locale backjumping-ops =
  dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
```

```
prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive backjump where
trail\ S = F' @ Marked\ K\ () \#\ F
   \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S)
   \implies C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S
   \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
   \implies undefined\text{-}lit\ F\ L
   \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S))
   \implies clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}
   \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
   \implies backjump\text{-}conds\ C\ C'\ L\ S\ T
   \implies backjump \ S \ T
inductive-cases backjumpE: backjump S T
```

The condition $atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S)$ is not implied by the condition $clauses_{NOT}\ S \models pm\ C' + \{\#L\#\}\ (no\ negation).$

end

16.3 DPLL with backjumping

```
locale dpll-with-backjumping-ops =
  propagate-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds +
  decide-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
     mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ +
  backjumping-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ backjump-conds
  for
     mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
```

```
assumes \begin{array}{l} bj\text{-}can\text{-}jump: \\ \bigwedge S \ C \ F' \ K \ F \ L. \\ inv \ S \Longrightarrow \\ no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow \\ trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \Longrightarrow \\ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \Longrightarrow \\ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow \\ undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L \Longrightarrow \\ atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup atm\text{-}of \ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F)) \Longrightarrow \\ clauses_{NOT} \ S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\} \Longrightarrow \\ F \models as \ CNot \ C' \Longrightarrow \\ \neg no\text{-}step \ backjump \ S \\ \vdots \end{array}
```

begin

We cannot add a like condition atms-of $C' \subseteq atms-of-ms$ N to ensure that we can backjump even if the last decision variable has disappeared from the set of clauses.

The part of the condition $atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of$ ' $lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F)$ is important, otherwise you are not sure that you can backtrack.

16.3.1 Definition

We define dpll with backjumping:

```
inductive dpll-bj :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
bj-decide_{NOT}: decide_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow dpll-bj S S'
bj-propagate_{NOT}: propagate_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow dpll-bj S S' \mid
bj-backjump: backjump \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow dpll-bj S \ S'
lemmas dpll-bj-induct = dpll-bj.induct[split-format(complete)]
thm dpll-bj-induct[OF dpll-with-backjumping-ops-axioms]
lemma dpll-bj-all-induct[consumes\ 2, case-names\ decide_{NOT}\ propagate_{NOT}\ backjump]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
    dpll-bj S T and
    inv S
    \bigwedge L T. undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
      \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Marked L ()) S
      \implies P S T  and
    \bigwedge C \ L \ T. \ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \Longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow undefined-lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
      \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S
      \implies P S T  and
    \bigwedge C \ F' \ K \ F \ L \ C' \ T. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \Longrightarrow F' @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \models as \ CNot \ C
      \implies trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F
      \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
      \implies atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F))
      \implies clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}
      \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
      \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S)
      \implies P S T
  shows P S T
  apply (induct \ T \ rule: dpll-bj-induct[OF \ local.dpll-with-backjumping-ops-axioms])
     apply (rule\ assms(1))
    using assms(3) apply blast
   apply (elim\ propagate_{NOT}E) using assms(4) apply blast
```

16.3.2 Basic properties

```
First, some better suited induction principle lemma dpll-bj-clauses:
 assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
 shows clauses_{NOT} S = clauses_{NOT} T
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
No duplicates in the trail lemma dpll-bj-no-dup:
 assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail\ T)
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp add: defined-lit-map reduce-trail-to NOT-skip-beginning)
Valuations lemma dpll-bj-sat-iff:
 assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
 shows I \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
Clauses lemma dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv:
  assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv S
 shows atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) = atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T)
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
lemma dpll-bj-atms-in-trail:
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
   atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
 shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-skip-beginning)
lemma dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set:
 assumes dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
  atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
  atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S)) \subseteq A
 shows atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail T)) \subseteq A
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
lemma dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv:
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induction rule:dpll-bj-all-induct)
 case decide_{NOT}
```

```
then show ?case using decomp by auto
next
 case (propagate_{NOT} \ C \ L \ T) note propa = this(1) and undef = this(3) and T = this(4)
 let ?M' = trail (prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S)
 let ?N = clauses_{NOT} S
 obtain a y l where ay: get-all-marked-decomposition ?M' = (a, y) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition ?M') fastforce+
 then have M': M' = y \otimes a using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp of M' by auto
 have M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail\ S) = (a,\ tl\ y) \# l
   using ay undef by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have y_0: y = (Propagated L()) \# (tl y)
   using ay undef by (auto simp add: M)
 from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this,\ of\ set]\ \mathbf{have}\ y[simp]:\ set\ y=insert\ (Propagated\ L\ ())\ (set\ (tl\ y))
   by simp
 have tr-S: trail <math>S = tl \ y \ @ \ a
   using arg-cong[OF M', of tl] y<sub>0</sub> M get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp by force
 have a-Un-N-M: unmark-l a \cup set-mset ?N \models ps \ unmark-l (tl \ y)
   using decomp ay unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (simp add: M)+
 moreover have unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ ?N \models p \ \{\#L\#\} \ (is \ ?I \models p \ -)
   proof (rule true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     show ?I \models p C + \{\#L\#\}
      using propagate<sub>NOT</sub>. prems by (auto dest!: true-clss-clss-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
   next
     have unmark-l ?M' \models ps \ CNot \ C
      using \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle undef by (auto simp add: true-annots-true-clss-clss)
     have a1: unmark-l \ a \cup unmark-l \ (tl \ y) \models ps \ CNot \ C
      using propagate_{NOT}.hyps(2) tr-S true-annots-true-clss-clss
      by (force simp add: image-Un sup-commute)
     then have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models ps unmark-l a \cup unmark-l (tl y)
      using a-Un-N-M true-clss-clss-def by blast
     then show unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models ps CNot C
      using a1 by (meson true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and
        true-clss-union-l-r)
   qed
 ultimately have unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ ?N \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M'
   unfolding M' by (auto simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss image-Un)
 then show ?case
   using decomp T M undef unfolding ay all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: ay)
next
 case (backjump\ C\ F'\ K\ F\ L\ D\ T) note confl=this(2) and tr=this(3) and undef=this(4) and
   L = this(5) and N-C = this(6) and vars-D = this(5) and T = this(8)
 have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-marked-decomposition F)
   using decomp unfolding tr all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) get-all-marked-decomposition.simps(1)
     get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty hd-Cons-tl insert-iff list.sel(3) list.set(2)
     tl-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some)
 obtain a b li where F: get-all-marked-decomposition F = (a, b) \# li
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition F) auto
 have F = b @ a
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of F a b] F by auto
 have a-N-b:unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S) \models ps \ unmark-l b
   using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: F)
```

```
have F-D: unmark-l \ F \models ps \ CNot \ D
   using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by (simp add: true-annots-true-clss-clss)
  then have unmark-l \ a \cup unmark-l \ b \models ps \ CNot \ D
   unfolding \langle F = b \otimes a \rangle by (simp add: image-Un sup.commute)
  have a-N-CNot-D: unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S) \models ps \ CNot \ D \cup unmark-l b
   apply (rule true-clss-clss-left-right)
   using a-N-b F-D unfolding \langle F = b @ a \rangle by (auto simp add: image-Un ac-simps)
 have a-N-D-L: unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S) \models p D + \{\#L\#\}
   by (simp \ add: N-C)
 have unmark-l a \cup set\text{-mset} (clauses_{NOT} S) \models p \{\#L\#\}
   using a-N-D-L a-N-CNot-D by (blast intro: true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
 then show ?case
   using decomp T tr undef unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: F)
qed
16.3.3
          Termination
Using a proper measure lemma length-get-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked:
  length (get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () \# F)) =
   length (qet-all-marked-decomposition F')
   + length (get-all-marked-decomposition (Marked K () \# F))
   _ 1
 by (induction F' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
{\bf lemma}\ take-length-get-all-marked-decomposition-marked-sandwich:
  take (length (get-all-marked-decomposition F))
     (map\ (f\ o\ snd)\ (rev\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F))))
    map\ (f\ o\ snd)\ (rev\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ F))
proof (induction F' rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (marked K)
 then show ?case by (simp add: length-get-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked)
next
  case (proped L \ m \ F') note IH = this(1)
 obtain a b l where F': qet-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () \# F) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () \# F)) auto
 have length (get-all-marked-decomposition F) – length l = 0
   using length-get-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked[of F' K F]
   unfolding F' by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition F') auto
  then show ?case
   using IH by (simp \ add: F')
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{length}\text{-}\mathit{get}\text{-}\mathit{all}\text{-}\mathit{marked}\text{-}\mathit{decomposition}\text{-}\mathit{length}\text{:}
 length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) \leq 1 + length M
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
{\bf lemma}\ length-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-bounded:
 assumes i:i \in set (trail-weight S)
 shows i \leq Suc \ (length \ (trail \ S))
proof -
```

```
obtain a b where (a, b) \in set (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} (trail\ S)) and ib: i = Suc (length\ b) using i by auto then obtain c where trail\ S = c @ b @ a using get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}exists\text{-}prepend'} by metis from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this,\ of\ length] show ?thesis using i ib by auto qed
```

Well-foundedness The bounds are the following:

- 1 + card (atms-of-ms A): card (atms-of-ms A) is an upper bound on the length of the list. As get-all-marked-decomposition appends an possibly empty couple at the end, adding one is needed.
- 2 + card (atms-of-ms A): card (atms-of-ms A) is an upper bound on the number of elements, where adding one is necessary for the same reason as for the bound on the list, and one is needed to have a strict bound.

```
abbreviation unassigned-lit:: 'b literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat where
 unassigned-lit N M \equiv card (atms-of-ms N) - length M
lemma dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop:
 fixes M :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and N :: 'v clauses
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
   NA: atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ and
   MA: atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
 shows \mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
   > \mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
 case (propagate_{NOT} \ C \ L) note CLN = this(1) and MC = this(2) and undef - L = this(3) and T = this(3)
this(4)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (Propagated L () # trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using propagate<sub>NOT</sub> dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> NA MA CLN
   by (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
 have no-dup: no-dup (Propagated L () \# trail S)
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L by auto
 obtain a b l where M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have b-le-M: length b \leq length (trail S)
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of trail S] by (simp add: M)
 have finite (atms-of-ms A) using finite by simp
 then have length (Propagated L () \# trail S) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l[OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 then have latm: unassigned-lit A b = Suc (unassigned-lit A (Propagated L d \# b))
   using b-le-M by auto
 then show ?case using T undef-L by (auto simp: latm M \mu_C-cons)
```

```
next
 case (decide_{NOT} L) note undef-L = this(1) and MC = this(2) and T = this(3)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (Marked L () # (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set bj-decide_{NOT} decide_{NOT}. decide_{NOT}. decide_{NOT}. hyps] NA MA
MC
   by auto
 have no-dup: no-dup (Marked L () \# (trail S))
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L by auto
 obtain a b l where M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 then have length (Marked L () \# (trail S)) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l[OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 show ?case using T undef-L by (simp add: \mu_C-cons)
 case (backjump C F' K F L C' T) note undef-L = this(4) and MC = this(1) and tr-S = this(3)
and
   L = this(5) and T = this(8)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (Propagated L () \# F) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set NA MA L by (auto simp: tr-S)
 have no-dup: no-dup (Propagated L () \# F)
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L tr-S by auto
 obtain a b l where M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have b-le-M: length b \leq length (trail S)
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of\ trail\ S] by (simp\ add:\ M)
 have fin-atms-A: finite (atms-of-ms A) using finite by simp
 then have F-le-A: length (Propagated L () \# F) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l[OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 have tr-S-le-A: length (trail <math>S) \leq (card (atms-of-ms <math>A))
   using n-d MA by (metis fin-atms-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l)
 obtain a b l where F: get-all-marked-decomposition F = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition F) auto
 then have F = b @ a
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of Propagated L () \# F a
     Propagated L() \# b] by simp
 then have latm: unassigned-lit A b = Suc (unassigned-lit A (Propagated L () \# b))
    using F-le-A by simp
 obtain rem where
   rem:map\ (\lambda a.\ Suc\ (length\ (snd\ a)))\ (rev\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F)))
   = map \ (\lambda a. \ Suc \ (length \ (snd \ a))) \ (rev \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ F)) \ @ \ rem
   using take-length-get-all-marked-decomposition-marked-sandwich [of F \lambda a. Suc (length a) F' K]
   unfolding o-def by (metis append-take-drop-id)
 then have rem: map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a)))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () # F))
   = rev \ rem \ @ \ map \ (\lambda a. \ Suc \ (length \ (snd \ a))) \ ((get-all-marked-decomposition \ F))
   by (simp add: rev-map[symmetric] rev-swap)
 have length (rev rem @ map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a))) (get-all-marked-decomposition F))
        \leq Suc (card (atms-of-ms A))
   using arg-cong[OF rem, of length] tr-S-le-A
```

```
length-get-all-marked-decomposition-length[of\ F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F]\ tr-S\ {\bf by}\ auto
  moreover
   { \mathbf{fix} \ i :: nat \ \mathbf{and} \ xs :: 'a \ list
     have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
     then have H: i < length \ xs \implies rev \ xs \ ! \ i \in set \ xs
       using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
   } note H = this
   have \forall i < length \ rem. \ rev \ rem! \ i < card (atms-of-ms \ A) + 2
     using tr-S-le-A length-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-bounded[of - S] unfolding tr-S
     by (force simp add: o-def rem dest!: H intro: length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-length)
 ultimately show ?case
   using \mu_C-bounded of rev rem card (atms-of-ms A)+2 unassigned-lit A l T undef-L
   by (simp add: rem \mu_C-append \mu_C-cons F tr-S)
qed
lemma dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop:
 assumes dpll: dpll-bj S T and inv: inv S and
  N-A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
  M-A: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
  nd: no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \ \mathbf{and}
 fin-A: finite A
 shows (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (trail-weight \ T)
          < (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
proof -
 let ?b = 2 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?s = 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?\mu = \mu_C ?s ?b
 have M'-A: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   by (meson M-A N-A dpll dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set inv)
  have nd': no-dup (trail T)
   using \langle dpll-bj \mid S \mid T \rangle \mid dpll-bj-no-dup \mid nd \mid inv \mid by \mid blast
  { fix i :: nat and xs :: 'a list
   have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
   then have H: i < length \ xs \implies xs \mid i \in set \ xs
     using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
  } note H = this
 have l-M-A: length (trail\ S) \le card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l nd)
  have l-M'-A: length (trail\ T) \leq card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M'-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l nd')
  have l-trail-weight-M: length (trail-weight T) \leq 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
    using l-M'-A length-get-all-marked-decomposition-length[of trail T] by auto
  have bounded-M: \forall i < length (trail-weight T). (trail-weight T)! i < card (atms-of-ms A) + 2
   using length-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-bounded [of - T] l-M'-A
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) H Nat.le-trans add-2-eq-Suc' not-le not-less-eq-eq)
  from dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop[OF dpll inv N-A M-A nd fin-A]
 have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight S) < \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight T) by simp
  moreover from \mu_C-bounded[OF bounded-M l-trail-weight-M]
   have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight T) \leq ?b \hat{} ?s by auto
```

```
qed
lemma wf-dpll-bj:
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{ (T, S), dpll-bj S T \}
   \land \ atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (\textit{clauses}_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \land \ atm\text{-}of \ \lq \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (\textit{trail} \ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A
   \land \ no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \ \land \ inv \ S\}
  (is wf ?A)
proof (rule wf-bounded-measure[of -
       \lambda-. (2 + card (atms-of-ms A))^{(1 + card (atms-of-ms A))}
       \lambda S. \ \mu_C \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (trail-weight \ S)])
 \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b :: 'st
 let ?b = 2 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?s = 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?\mu = \mu_C ?s ?b
 assume ab: (b, a) \in ?A
 have fin-A: finite (atms-of-ms A)
   using fin by auto
  have
   dpll-bj: dpll-bj a b and
   N-A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} a) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   M-A: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ a) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
   nd: no-dup (trail a) and
   inv: inv a
   using ab by auto
 have M'-A: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail b) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   by (meson M-A N-A (dpll-bj a b) dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set inv)
  have nd': no-dup (trail b)
   using \langle dpll-bj \ a \ b \rangle \ dpll-bj-no-dup \ nd \ inv \ by \ blast
  { fix i :: nat \text{ and } xs :: 'a \text{ list}
   have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
   then have H: i < length \ xs \implies xs \mid i \in set \ xs
     using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
  } note H = this
 have l-M-A: length (trail\ a) \leq card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l nd)
  have l-M'-A: length (trail\ b) \le card (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M'-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l nd')
  have l-trail-weight-M: length (trail-weight b) \leq 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
    using l-M'-A length-get-all-marked-decomposition-length[of trail b] by auto
  have bounded-M: \forall i < length (trail-weight b). (trail-weight b)! i < card (atms-of-ms A) + 2
   using length-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-bounded[of - b] l-M'-A
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans One-nat-def Suc-1 add.right-neutral add-Suc-right
     le-imp-less-Suc less-eq-Suc-le nth-mem)
 from dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop[OF dpll-bj inv N-A M-A nd fin]
 have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight a) < \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) by simp
  moreover from \mu_C-bounded[OF bounded-M l-trail-weight-M]
   have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) \leq ?b ^ ?s by auto
  ultimately show ?b \cap ?s \leq ?b \cap ?s \wedge
```

ultimately show ?thesis by linarith

16.3.4 Normal Forms

We prove that given a normal form of DPLL, with some structural invariants, then either N is satisfiable and the built valuation M is a model; or N is unsatisfiable.

Idea of the proof: We have to prove tat satisfiable $N, \neg M \models as N$ and there is no remaining step is incompatible.

- 1. The decide rule tells us that every variable in N has a value.
- 2. The assumption $\neg M \models as N$ implies that there is conflict.
- 3. There is at least one decision in the trail (otherwise, M would be a model of the set of clauses N).
- 4. Now if we build the clause with all the decision literals of the trail, we can apply the backjump rule.

The assumption are saying that we have a finite upper bound A for the literals, that we cannot do any step no-step dpll-bj S

```
theorem dpll-backjump-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   n-s: no-step dpll-bj S and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S))
   \vee (trail S \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)))
proof -
 let ?N = set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} S)
 let ?M = trail S
 consider
     (sat) satisfiable ?N and ?M \models as ?N
    \mid (sat') \ satisfiable ?N \ \mathbf{and} \ \neg \ ?M \models as \ ?N
    | (unsat) unsatisfiable ?N
   by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case sat' note sat = this(1) and M = this(2)
     obtain C where C \in ?N and \neg ?M \models a C using M unfolding true-annots-def by auto
     obtain I :: 'v literal set where
       I \models s ?N  and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
       tot: total-over-m I ?N and
       atm-I-N: atm-of 'I \subseteq atms-of-ms ?N
       using sat unfolding satisfiable-def-min by auto
```

```
let ?I = I \cup \{P | P. P \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\}
let ?O = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
have cons-I': consistent-interp ?I
 using cons using (no-dup ?M) unfolding consistent-interp-def
 by (auto simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def
    dest!: no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus)
have tot-I': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup unmark-l ?M)
  using tot atm-I-N unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 by (fastforce simp: image-iff lits-of-def)
have \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ? M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I\} \models s ? O
 using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle atm-I-N by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of true-clss-def lits-of-def)
then have I'-N: ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O
 using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle true-clss-union-increase by force
have tot': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup ?O)
 using atm-I-N tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 \mathbf{by}\ (force\ simp:\ lits-of-def\ dest!:\ is-marked-ex-Marked)
have atms-N-M: atms-of-ms ?N \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of-l ?M
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain l :: 'v where
     l-N: l \in atms-of-ms ?N and
     l\text{-}M: l \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ?M
     by auto
   have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
     using l-M by (metis Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
       atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set literal.sel(1))
   from bj-decide_{NOT}[OF\ decide_{NOT}[OF\ this]] show False
     using l-N n-s by (metis\ literal.sel(1)\ state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
 qed
have ?M \models as CNot C
 apply (rule all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot)
 using \langle C \in set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \rangle \langle \neg \ trail \ S \models a \ C \rangle
    atms-N-M by (auto dest: atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono)
have \exists l \in set ?M. is\text{-}marked l
 proof (rule ccontr)
   let ?O = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
   have \vartheta[iff]: \Lambda I. \ total-over-m \ I \ (?N \cup ?O \cup unmark-l ?M)
     \longleftrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ (?N \cup unmark\text{-}l\ ?M)
     unfolding total-over-set-def total-over-m-def atms-of-ms-def by blast
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have [simp]: \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\}
     = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
     by auto
   then have ?N \cup ?O \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M
     using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF decomp] by auto
   then have ?I \models s \ unmark-l \ ?M
     using cons I' I' - N \ tot I' \ (?I \models s \ ?N \cup ?O) unfolding \vartheta \ true \ clss \ - def by blast
   then have lits-of-l?M \subseteq ?I
     unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
   then have ?M \models as ?N
     using I'-N \langle C \in ?N \rangle \langle \neg ?M \models a C \rangle cons-I' atms-N-M
     by (meson \ \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle \ consistent-CNot-not \ rev-subsetD \ sup-ge1 \ true-annot-def
        true-annots-def true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def)
```

```
then show False using M by fast
 qed
from List.split-list-first-propE[OF\ this] obtain K:: 'v\ literal\ and
  F F' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list where
 M-K: ?M = F' @ Marked K () \# F and
 nm: \forall f \in set \ F'. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ f
 unfolding is-marked-def by (metis (full-types) old.unit.exhaust)
let ?K = Marked K () :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit
have ?K \in set ?M
 unfolding M-K by auto
let ?C = image\text{-}mset \ lit\text{-}of \ \{\#L \in \#mset \ ?M. \ is\text{-}marked \ L \land L \neq ?K \#\} :: 'v \ literal \ multiset
let ?C' = set\text{-}mset \ (image\text{-}mset \ (\lambda L::'v \ literal. \{\#L\#\}) \ (?C + unmark \ ?K))
have ?N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\} \models ps\ unmark\text{-}l\ ?M
 using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied[OF decomp].
moreover have C': ?C' = \{unmark \ L \ | L. \ is\text{-marked} \ L \land L \in set \ ?M\}
 unfolding M-K by standard force+
ultimately have N-C-M: ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \ unmark-l ?M
have N-M-False: ?N \cup (\lambda L. \ unmark \ L) ' (set \ ?M) \models ps \ \{\{\#\}\}\}
 using M \triangleleft ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \triangleright \triangleleft C \in ?N \rangle unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def Ball-def
 true\text{-}annot\text{-}def \ \ \mathbf{by} \ \ (met is \ consistent\text{-}CNot\text{-}not \ sup.order E \ sup\text{-}commute \ true\text{-}clss\text{-}def
   true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union true-clss-union-increase)
have undefined-lit F K using (no-dup ?M) unfolding M-K by (simp\ add:\ defined-lit-map)
moreover
 have ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\}
   proof -
     have A: ?N \cup ?C' \cup unmark-l ?M = ?N \cup unmark-l ?M
       unfolding M-K by auto
     show ?thesis
       using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of {{#}}] N-M-False unfolding A by auto
   qed
 have ?N \models p \ image\text{-}mset \ uminus \ ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
   unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix}\ I
     assume
       tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (?N \cup {image-mset uminus ?C+ {#- K#}})) and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
       I \models s ?N
     have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
       using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def by (cases K) auto
     have \{a \in set \ (trail \ S). \ is-marked \ a \land a \neq Marked \ K \ ()\} =
       set (trail\ S) \cap \{L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L \land L \neq Marked}\ K\ ()\}
      by auto
     then have tot': total-over-set I
        (atm\text{-}of 'lit\text{-}of '(set ?M \cap \{L. is\text{-}marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\}))
       using tot by (auto simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
     { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit}
       assume
         a3: lit-of x \notin I and
         a1: x \in set ?M and
         a4: is\text{-}marked x \text{ and }
         a5: x \neq Marked K ()
       then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
```

```
using a5 a4 tot' a1 unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by blast
               moreover have f6: Neg (atm-of (lit-of x)) = - Pos (atm-of (lit-of x))
                 by simp
               ultimately have - lit-of x \in I
                 using f6 a3 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
                   literal.sel(1)
             } note H = this
            have \neg I \models s ?C'
              using \langle ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{ \{\#\} \} \rangle tot cons \langle I \models s ?N \rangle
              unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
              by (simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
             then show I \models image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
               unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def using (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
              by (auto dest!: H)
          qed
      moreover have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
        using nm unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def M-K by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
      ultimately have False
        using bj-can-jump[of S F' K F C - K
          image-mset uminus (image-mset lit-of \{\# L : \# \text{ mset } ?M. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\#\}\}
          \langle C \in ?N \rangle n-s \langle ?M \models as\ CNot\ C \rangle bj-backjump inv \langle no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S) \rangle unfolding M-K by auto
        then show ?thesis by fast
    \mathbf{qed} auto
qed
end — End of dpll-with-backjumping-ops
{\bf locale}\ \textit{dpll-with-backjumping} =
  dpll-with-backjumping-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ inv\ backjump-conds
    propagate-conds
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ {\bf and}
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
  assumes dpll-bj-inv: \bigwedge S T. dpll-bj S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
```

```
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv:
 assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
 shows inv T
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto simp add: dpll-bj-no-dup intro: dpll-bj-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup:
 assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail T)
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (auto simp add: dpll-bj-no-dup dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\text{-}clauses\text{-}inv:
 assumes
   dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
 shows atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) = atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail:
 assumes
   dpll-bj^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S)
 shows atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail T)) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
 using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv by auto
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-iff:
 assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
 shows I \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto dest!: dpll-bj-sat-iff simp: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}atms\text{-}in\text{-}trail\text{-}in\text{-}set:
  assumes
   dpll-bj^{**} S T and
   inv S
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of ' (lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq A
  shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq A
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (auto dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv
   simp: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
{f lemma}\ rtranclp-dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv:
 assumes
   dpll-bj^{**} S T and
   inv S
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
  shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto intro: dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv simp: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
```

```
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv-incl-dpll-bj-inv-trancl:
  \{(T, S).\ dpll-bj^{++}\ S\ T
   \land atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
    \subseteq \{(T, S). \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \land atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
       \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}<sup>+</sup>
    (is ?A \subseteq ?B^+)
proof standard
 \mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x-A: x \in ?A
  obtain S T::'st where
   x[simp]: x = (T, S) by (cases x) auto
  have
    dpll-bj<sup>++</sup> S T and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A and
   no-dup (trail S) and
    inv S
   using x-A by auto
  then show x \in ?B^+ unfolding x
   proof (induction rule: tranclp-induct)
     case base
     then show ?case by auto
   next
     case (step T U) note step = this(1) and ST = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)]
       and N-A = this(4) and M-A = this(5) and nd = this(6) and inv = this(7)
     have [simp]: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) = atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T)
       using step rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp inv by fastforce
     have no-dup (trail T)
       using local step nd rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup tranclp-into-rtranclp inv by fastforce
     moreover have atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
       by (metis inv M-A N-A local.step rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set
         tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     moreover have inv T
        using inv local.step rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp by fastforce
     ultimately have (U, T) \in ?B using ST N-A M-A inv by auto
     then show ?case using IH by (rule trancl-into-trancl2)
   qed
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-dpll-bj:
 assumes fin: finite A
  shows wf \{(T, S). dpll-bj^{++} S T
   \land atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
  using wf-trancl[OF wf-dpll-bj[OF fin]] rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv-incl-dpll-bj-inv-trancl
  by (rule wf-subset)
lemma dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff:
  dpll-bj \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T
  by (simp add: dpll-bj-clauses)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff:
  dpll-bj^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} T
```

```
theorem full-dpll-backjump-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj S T and
   atms-S: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A  and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses_{NOT} S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
 \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)))
proof -
 have st: dpll-bj^{**} S T and no\text{-}step dpll-bj T
   using full unfolding full-def by fast+
 moreover have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using atms-S inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv st by blast
  moreover have atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
    using atms-S atms-trail inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set st by auto
 moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using n-d inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup st by blast
  moreover have inv: inv T
   using inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv st by blast
 moreover
   have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
     using \langle inv S \rangle decomp rtranclp-dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv st by blast
  ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)))
   using \(\langle finite A \rangle \) dpll-backjump-final-state by force
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson (inv S) rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-iff satisfiable-carac st true-annots-true-cls)
qed
corollary full-dpll-backjump-final-state-from-init-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj S T and
   trail S = [] and
   clauses_{NOT} S = N and
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N) \vee (trail T \models asm N \land satisfiable (set-mset N))
  using assms full-dpll-backjump-final-state of S T set-mset N by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}trail\text{-}mes\text{-}decreasing\text{-}prop\text{:}
 assumes dpll: dpll-bj^{++} S T and inv: inv S and
  N-A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
  M-A: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
 n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
 fin-A: finite A
 shows (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
              -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
           <(2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))
              -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
```

by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (simp-all add: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff)

```
using dpll
proof (induction)
 \mathbf{case}\ base
 then show ?case
   using N-A M-A n-d dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop fin-A inv by blast
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and dpll = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) = atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T)
   using rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv by (metis dpll-bj-clauses dpll-bj-inv inv st
     tranclpD)
 then have N-A': atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    using N-A by auto
 moreover have M-A': atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
   by (meson M-A N-A inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set st dpll
     tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp-into-rtranclp tranclp-trans)
 moreover have nd: no-dup (trail T)
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis\ inv}\ \mathit{n-d\ rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup\ st\ tranclp-into-rtranclp})
 moreover have inv T
   by (meson dpll dpll-bj-inv inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv st tranclp-into-rtranclp)
 ultimately show ?case
   using IH dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop[of T U A] dpll fin-A by linarith
qed
end — End of dpll-with-backjumping
```

CDCL

16.4

In this section we will now define the conflict driven clause learning above DPLL: we first introduce the rules learn and forget, and the add these rules to the DPLL calculus.

16.4.1 Learn and Forget

Learning adds a new clause where all the literals are already included in the clauses.

```
locale learn-ops =
  dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
     mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
     trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
     mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
     union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
     in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
     insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss::'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
    \textit{learn-cond} :: \textit{'cls} \Rightarrow \textit{'st} \Rightarrow \textit{bool}
```

```
begin
inductive learn :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
learn_{NOT}-rule: clauses_{NOT} S \models pm \; mset\text{-}cls \; C \implies
  atms-of\ (mset-cls\ C)\subseteq atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)\cup atm-of\ `(lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
  learn\text{-}cond\ C\ S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
  learn S T
inductive-cases learn_{NOT}E: learn S T
lemma learn-\mu_C-stable:
  assumes learn S T and no-dup (trail S)
  shows \mu_C \ A \ B \ (trail-weight \ S) = \mu_C \ A \ B \ (trail-weight \ T)
  using assms by (auto elim: learn_{NOT}E)
Forget removes an information that can be deduced from the context (e.g. redundant clauses,
tautologies)
locale forget-ops =
  dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss::'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool and
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive forget_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
forget_{NOT}:
  removeAll\text{-}mset \ (mset\text{-}cls \ C)(clauses_{NOT} \ S) \models pm \ mset\text{-}cls \ C \Longrightarrow
  forget\text{-}cond\ C\ S \Longrightarrow
  C \mathrel{!}\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
  forget_{NOT} S T
\mathbf{inductive\text{-}cases}\ forget_{NOT}E\text{:}\ forget_{NOT}\ S\ T
lemma forget-\mu_C-stable:
  assumes forget_{NOT} S T
  shows \mu_C A B (trail-weight S) = \mu_C A B (trail-weight T)
  using assms by (auto elim!: forget_{NOT}E)
```

locale learn-and-forget $_{NOT} =$

```
learn-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ learn-cond +
  forget-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
     mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
     trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} forget-cond
     mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ {\bf and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond\ ::\ 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive learn-and-forget<sub>NOT</sub> :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
where
lf-learn: learn S T \Longrightarrow learn-and-forget_{NOT} S T
lf-forget: forget_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow learn-and-forget<sub>NOT</sub> S T
end
             Definition of CDCL
16.4.2
locale conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops =
  dpll-with-backjumping-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
     inv\ backjump\text{-}conds\ propagate\text{-}conds\ +
  learn-and-forget_{NOT} mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
     mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ learn-cond
    forget-cond
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
```

```
backjump\text{-}conds:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
   propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
   learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
c-dpll-bj: dpll-bj S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S S'
c-learn: learn S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S S'
c	ext{-}forget_{NOT} : forget_{NOT} \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ S'
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct[consumes 1, case-names dpll-bj learn forget_{NOT}]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and
    dpll: \bigwedge T. dpll-bj S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   learning:
     \bigwedge C \ T. \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \models pm \ mset\text{-}cls \ C \Longrightarrow
     atms-of (mset-cls\ C) \subseteq atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l\ (trail\ S)) \Longrightarrow
      T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
      PST and
   forgetting: \bigwedge C T. removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models pm mset-cls C \Longrightarrow
      C \in ! raw\text{-}clauses S \Longrightarrow
      T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
     PST
  shows P S T
  using assms(1) by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}.induct)
  (auto intro: assms(2, 3, 4) elim!: learn_{NOT}E forget<sub>NOT</sub>E)+
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT} S T and
    inv S and
   no-dup (trail S)
  shows no-dup (trail T)
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct) (auto intro: dpll-bj-no-dup)
Consistency of the trail lemma cdcl_{NOT}-consistent:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv S and
    no-dup (trail S)
  shows consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail T))
  using cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF assms] distinct-consistent-interp by fast
The subtle problem here is that tautologies can be removed, meaning that some variable can
disappear of the problem. It is also means that some variable of the trail might not be present
in the clauses anymore.
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-ms-clauses-decreasing:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S and no-dup (trail S)
  shows atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S))
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
   (auto dest!: dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv set-mp simp add: atms-of-ms-def Union-eq)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S and no-dup (trail S)
  and atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S)
```

```
shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct) (auto simp add: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail)
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}atms\text{-}in\text{-}trail\text{-}in\text{-}set:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S and no-dup (trail S) and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A
 \mathbf{shows}\ \mathit{atm-of}\ `(\mathit{lits-of-l}\ (\mathit{trail}\ T)) \subseteq \mathit{A}
 using assms
  by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
    (simp-all add: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S and n-d[simp]: no-dup (trail S) and
    all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses_{NOT} S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms(1,2,4)
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
 case dpll-bj
 then show ?case
    using dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv n-d by blast
next
  case learn
 then show ?case by (auto simp add: all-decomposition-implies-def)
  case (forget<sub>NOT</sub> C T) note cls-C = this(1) and C = this(2) and T = this(3) and iniv = this(4)
and
   decomp = this(5)
 show ?case
   unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def Ball-def
   proof (intro allI, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
     assume (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail <math>T))
     then have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models ps unmark-l b
       using decomp T by (auto simp add: all-decomposition-implies-def)
     moreover
       have a1:mset\text{-}cls\ C\in set\text{-}mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
         using C by blast
       have clauses_{NOT} T = clauses_{NOT} (remove-cls_{NOT} \ C \ S)
        using T state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-clauses by blast
       then have set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \models ps set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
         using a1 by (metis (no-types) clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> cls-C insert-Diff order-refl
         set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) true-clss-clss-def true-clss-clss-insert)
     ultimately show unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
       \models ps \ unmark-l \ b
       using true-clss-clss-generalise-true-clss-clss by blast
   qed
qed
Extension of models lemma cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S and n-d: no-dup (trail S)
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T
 using assms
```

```
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
  case dpll-bj
  then show ?case by (simp add: dpll-bj-clauses)
  case (learn C T) note T = this(3)
  \{ \text{ fix } J \}
   assume
     I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S and
     I \subseteq J and
     tot: total-over-m J (set-mset (\{\#mset-cls\ C\#\} + clauses_{NOT}\ S)) and
     cons: consistent-interp J
   then have J \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S unfolding true-clss-ext-def by auto
   moreover
     with \langle clauses_{NOT} | S \models pm | mset\text{-}cls | C \rangle have J \models mset\text{-}cls | C
       using tot cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have J \models sm \{\#mset\text{-}cls \ C\#\} + clauses_{NOT} \ S \ by \ auto
 then have H: I \models sextm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \Longrightarrow I \models sext \ insert \ (mset\text{-}cls \ C) \ (set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S))
   unfolding true-clss-ext-def by auto
  show ?case
   apply standard
     using T n-d apply (auto\ simp\ add:\ H)[]
   using T n-d apply simp
   by (metis Diff-insert-absorb insert-subset subsetI subset-antisym
     true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r)
next
  case (forget_{NOT} \ C \ T) note cls\text{-}C = this(1) and T = this(3)
  \{ \text{ fix } J \}
   assume
     I \models sext \ set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) - \{mset\text{-}cls \ C\} \ and \}
     I \subseteq J and
     tot: total-over-m J (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)) and
     cons: consistent-interp J
   then have J \models s set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S) - \{mset\text{-}cls C\}
      \textbf{unfolding} \ \textit{true-clss-ext-def} \ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{meson Diff-subset total-over-m-subset}) \\
   moreover
     with cls-C have J \models mset-cls C
       using tot cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def
       by (metis Un-commute forget_{NOT}.hyps(2) in-clss-mset-clss insert-Diff insert-is-Un order-refl
         set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1))
   ultimately have J \models sm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) by (metis \ insert-Diff-single \ true-clss-insert)
  then have H: I \models sext \ set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) - \{mset\text{-}cls \ C\} \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)
   unfolding true-clss-ext-def by blast
  show ?case using T by (auto simp: true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r H)
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops
16.4.3
           CDCL with invariant
locale conflict-driven-clause-learning =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops +
  assumes cdcl_{NOT}-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
```

```
begin
sublocale dpll-with-backjumping
 apply unfold-locales
 using cdcl_{NOT}.simps cdcl_{NOT}-inv by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and inv S
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail\ T)
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv: inv S and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   atms-clauses-S: atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \subseteq A and
   atms-trail-S: atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq A
 shows atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail T)) \subseteq A \land atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq A
 using cdcl
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case using atms-clauses-S atms-trail-S by simp
\mathbf{next}
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv T using inv st rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv by blast
 have no-dup (trail T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[of S T] st cdcl_{NOT} inv n-d by blast
  then have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ U) \subseteq A
   using cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-ms-clauses-decreasing [OF cdcl_{NOT}] IH n-d \langle inv | T \rangle by fast
 moreover
   have atm\text{-}of '(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail U)) \subseteq A
     using cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set[OF cdcl_{NOT}, of A] \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ T) \rangle
     by (meson atms-trail-S atms-clauses-S IH \langle inv T \rangle cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>)
 ultimately show ?case by fast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies:}
  assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and inv S and no-dup (trail S) and
    all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses_{NOT} S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms by (induction)
  (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S Tand inv S and no-dup (trail S)
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T
  using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  using cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff by (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup)
```

```
definition cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv where
cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A \ S \longleftrightarrow (finite \ A \land inv \ S \land atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
   \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land no-dup (trail S))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
 using assms unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def
 by (simp\ add:\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound)
abbreviation learn-or-forget where
learn-or-forget S T \equiv learn S T \vee forget_{NOT} S T
lemma rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT}:
 learn-or-forget** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}** S T
 using rtranclp-mono of learn-or-forget cdcl_{NOT} by (blast intro: cdcl_{NOT}.c-learn cdcl_{NOT}.c-forget cdcl_{NOT})
lemma learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C:
 assumes
   \emph{l-f}: \textit{learn-or-forget**} \ S \ T \ \textbf{and}
   dpll: dpll-bj \ T \ U \ \mathbf{and}
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S
 shows (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight U)
   < (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
      -\mu_C \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (trail-weight \ S)
    (is ?\mu U < ?\mu S)
proof
 have ?\mu S = ?\mu T
   using l-f
   proof (induction)
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
   next
     case (step \ T \ U)
     moreover then have no-dup (trail\ T)
       using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[of S T] cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def inv
       rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
     ultimately show ?case
       using forget-\mu_C-stable learn-\mu_C-stable inv unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by presburger
   qed
  moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
    using rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv l-f inv by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop[of T U A, OF dpll] finite
   unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by presburger
\mathbf{lemma} \ in finite-cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}exists-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain}:
 assumes
   \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f(Suc \ i)) and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ (f \ \theta)
 shows \exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i))
 using assms
```

```
proof (induction (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
    -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight (f 0))
    arbitrary: f
    rule: nat-less-induct-case)
  case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and \mu = this(2) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(3) and inv = this(4)
  consider
      (dpll-end) \exists j. \forall i \geq j. learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i))
     (dpll\text{-}more) \neg (\exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn\text{-}or\text{-}forget \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)))
    by blast
  then show ?case
    \mathbf{proof}\ \mathit{cases}
      case dpll-end
      then show ?thesis by auto
      case dpll-more
      then have j: \exists i. \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))
       by blast
      obtain i where
        \neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i))\ \land\ \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i))\ {\bf and}
       \forall k < i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
        proof -
          obtain i_0 where \neg learn (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0))
            using j by auto
          then have \{i. i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))\} \neq \{\}
           by auto
          let ?I = \{i. \ i \leq i_0 \land \neg \ learn \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))\}
          let ?i = Min ?I
          have finite ?I
           by auto
          have \neg learn (f?i) (f(Suc?i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f?i) (f(Suc?i))
            using Min-in[OF \langle finite ?I \rangle \langle ?I \neq \{\} \rangle] by auto
          moreover have \forall k < ?i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
            using Min.coboundedI[of \{i. i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i)\}
              (f(Suc\ i)), simplified
           by (meson \leftarrow learn\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land\ less-imp-le
              dual-order.trans not-le)
          ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
        qed
      \mathbf{def}\ g \equiv \lambda n.\ f\ (n + Suc\ i)
      have dpll-bj (f i) (g \theta)
        using \langle \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \wedge \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i)) \rangle cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.cases
        g-def by auto
      {
       \mathbf{fix} \ j
       assume j \leq i
        then have learn-or-forget** (f \ \theta) \ (f \ j)
         apply (induction j)
          apply simp
          by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-leD Suc-le-lessD rtranclp.simps
            \forall k < i. \ learn \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor forget_{NOT} \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor)
      then have learn-or-forget^{**} (f \ 0) \ (f \ i) by blast
      then have (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
           -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight (g 0))
        <(2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
```

```
-\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight (f 0))
       using learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C[of f \ 0 \ f \ i \ g \ 0 \ A] \ inv \langle dpll-bj \ (f \ i) \ (g \ 0) \rangle
       unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by linarith
      moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-i: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} (f \theta) (g \theta)
        using rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT}[of f \ 0 \ f \ i] \ \langle learn-or-forget** (f \ 0) \ (f \ i) \rangle
        cdcl_{NOT}[of \ i] unfolding g-def by auto
      moreover have \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (g \ i) \ (g \ (Suc \ i))
       using cdcl_{NOT} g-def by auto
      moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A (g \theta)
       using inv cdcl_{NOT}-i rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound g-def cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv by auto
      ultimately obtain j where j: \bigwedge i. i \ge j \implies learn-or-forget (g i) (g (Suc i))
       using IH unfolding \mu[symmetric] by presburger
      show ?thesis
       proof
           \mathbf{fix} \ k
           assume k \ge j + Suc i
           then have learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
              using j[of k-Suc \ i] unfolding g-def by auto
          then show \forall k \ge j + Suc \ i. \ learn-or-forget \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k))
           by auto
       qed
   qed
next
  case \theta note H = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and inv = this(3)
  show ?case
   proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?case
      then have j: \exists i. \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))
       by blast
      obtain i where
        \neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i))\ \land\ \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i))\ {\bf and}
       \forall k < i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
       proof -
          obtain i_0 where \neg learn (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0))
            using j by auto
          then have \{i. i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))\} \neq \{\}
           by auto
          let ?I = \{i. \ i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))\}
          let ?i = Min ?I
          have finite ?I
           by auto
          have \neg learn (f?i) (f(Suc?i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f?i) (f(Suc?i))
            using Min-in[OF \langle finite ?I \rangle \langle ?I \neq \{\} \rangle] by auto
          moreover have \forall k < ?i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
           using Min.coboundedI[of \{i.\ i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)
              (f(Suc\ i)), simplified
           by (meson \leftarrow learn\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land less-imp-le
              dual-order.trans not-le)
          ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
       qed
      have dpll-bj (f i) (f (Suc i))
       using \langle \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \wedge \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i)) \rangle cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.cases
```

```
by blast
       \mathbf{fix} \ j
       assume j \leq i
       then have learn-or-forget** (f \ \theta) \ (f \ j)
         apply (induction j)
          apply simp
          by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-leD Suc-le-lessD rtranclp.simps
            \forall k < i. \ learn \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor forget_{NOT} \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \rangle
      }
      then have learn-or-forget** (f \ \theta) \ (f \ i) by blast
      then show False
       using learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C[off\ 0\ f\ i\ f\ (Suc\ i)\ A]\ inv\ 0
       \langle dpll-bj\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i))\rangle unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by linarith
   qed
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
    no\text{-}infinite\text{-}lf: \land f j. \neg (\forall i \geq j. learn\text{-}or\text{-}forget (f i) (f (Suc i)))
  shows wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT} \text{-}NOT\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ A \ S\}
    (is wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land ?inv \ S\})
  unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg \neg (\exists f. \forall i. (f (Suc i), f i) \in \{(T, S). cdcl_{NOT} S T \land ?inv S\})
  then obtain f where
   \forall i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land ?inv \ (f \ i)
   by fast
  then have \exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i))
   using infinite-cdcl_{NOT}-exists-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain[of f] by meson
  then show False using no-infinite-lf by blast
lemma inv-and-tranclp-cdcl-_{NOT}-tranclp-cdcl__{NOT}-and-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{++} S T \wedge cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S \longleftrightarrow (\lambda S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \wedge cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A
S)^{++} S T
  (is ?A \land ?I \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
  assume ?A \land ?I
  then have ?A and ?I by blast+
  then show ?B
   apply induction
      apply (simp add: tranclp.r-into-trancl)
   by (subst tranclp.simps) (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
 assume ?B
 then have ?A by induction auto
 moreover have ?I using \langle ?B \rangle translpD by fastforce
 ultimately show ?A \land ?I by blast
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
  assumes
   no-infinite-lf: \bigwedge f j. \neg (\forall i \geq j. learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i)))
```

```
shows wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT}^{++} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT}^{-} NOT \text{-} all \text{-} inv \ A \ S\}
  using wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain[OF no-infinite-lf]]
  apply (rule wf-subset)
  by (auto simp: trancl-set-tranclp inv-and-tranclp-cdcl-_{NOT}-tranclp-cdcl__{NOT}-and-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-final-state:
  assumes
    n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT} S and
    inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \vee (trail \ S \models asm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land satisfiable \ (set\text{-mset} \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)))
proof -
  have n-s': no-step dpll-bj S
   using n-s by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}.simps)
  show ?thesis
   apply (rule dpll-backjump-final-state[of S[A])
   using inv decomp n-s' unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{final-state} :
  assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)))
proof -
  have st: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT} T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast+
  have n-s': cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
   using cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv inv st by blast
 moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}NOT\text{-}all\text{-}inv\text{-}def\ decomp\ inv\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\ st\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using cdcl_{NOT}-final-state n-s by blast
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning
```

16.4.4 Termination

To prove termination we need to restrict learn and forget. Otherwise we could forget and relearn the exact same clause over and over. A first idea is to forbid removing clauses that can be used to backjump. This does not change the rules of the calculus. A second idea is to "merge" backjump and learn: that way, though closer to implementation, needs a change of the rules, since the backjump-rule learns the clause used to backjump.

16.4.5 Restricting learn and forget

```
 \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{locale} \ \ conflict\mbox{-} driven\mbox{-} clause\mbox{-} learning\mbox{-} learning\mbox{-} before\mbox{-} backjump\mbox{-} only\mbox{-} distinct\mbox{-} learnt\mbox{-} = \\ dpll\mbox{-} state \ \ mset\mbox{-} cls\mbox{ insert\mbox{-}} cls\mbox{ remove\mbox{-}} lit \\ mset\mbox{-} clss\mbox{ ini\mbox{-}} clss\mbox{ insert\mbox{-}} clss\mbox{ remove\mbox{-}} from\mbox{-} clss \\ trail\mbox{ } raw\mbox{-} clsuses\mbox{ } prepend\mbox{-} trail\mbox{ } tl\mbox{-} tl\mbox{-} ls\mbox{-} ls\mbox{-}
```

```
conflict-driven-clause-learning mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
     mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
     inv backjump-conds propagate-conds
  \lambda C S. distinct-mset (mset-cls C) \wedge ¬tautology (mset-cls C) \wedge learn-restrictions C S \wedge
    (\exists F \ K \ d \ F' \ C' \ L. \ trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land mset-cls \ C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as \ CNot
       \land C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses_{NOT} S)
  \lambda C S. \neg (\exists F' \ F \ K \ d \ L. \ trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land F \models as \ CNot \ (remove1-mset \ L \ (mset-cls
    \land forget-restrictions C S
    for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
     insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
     union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
     in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
     insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
     remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
     raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    backjump\text{-}conds:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
     learn-restrictions forget-restrictions :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct[consumes 1, case-names dpll-bj learn forget<sub>NOT</sub>]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and
     dpll: \bigwedge T. \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ and
       \bigwedge C \ F \ K \ F' \ C' \ L \ T. \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \models pm \ mset\text{-}cls \ C \Longrightarrow
          atms-of (mset-cls\ C) \subseteq atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l\ (trail\ S)) \Longrightarrow
         distinct-mset (mset-cls C) \Longrightarrow
          \neg tautology (mset-cls C) \Longrightarrow
         learn-restrictions C S \Longrightarrow
         \mathit{trail}\ S = \mathit{F'} \ @\ \mathit{Marked}\ \mathit{K}\ () \ \#\ \mathit{F} \Longrightarrow
         \mathit{mset\text{-}\mathit{cls}}\ C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \Longrightarrow
          F \models as \ CNot \ C' \Longrightarrow
          C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses_{NOT} S \Longrightarrow
          T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
          P S T and
    forgetting: \bigwedge C T. removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models pm mset-cls C \Longrightarrow
       C \in ! raw-clauses S \Longrightarrow
       \neg (\exists F' \ F \ K \ L. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \land F \models as \ CNot \ (mset-cls \ C - \{\#L\#\})) \Longrightarrow
       T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
       forget-restrictions C S \Longrightarrow
       PST
    shows P S T
```

```
using assms(1)
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}.induct)
   apply (auto dest: assms(2) simp add: learn-ops-axioms)[]
  apply (auto elim!: learn-ops.learn.cases[OF learn-ops-axioms] dest: assms(3))[]
  apply (auto elim!: forget\text{-}ops.forget_{NOT}.cases[OF\ forget\text{-}ops\text{-}axioms]\ dest!:\ assms(4))
 done
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
  \mathbf{apply} (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
 using cdcl_{NOT}-inv unfolding conflict-driven-clause-learning-def
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-axioms-def by blast
lemma learn-always-simple-clauses:
 assumes
   learn: learn S T and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S)
 shows set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T - clauses_{NOT} S)
    \subseteq simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S))
proof
 fix C assume C: C \in set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ T - clauses_{NOT} \ S)
 have distinct-mset C \neg tautology C using learn C n-d by (elim learn<sub>NOT</sub>E; auto)+
 then have C \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of C)
   using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss by blast
 moreover have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)
   using learn C n-d by (elim learn NOTE) (auto simp: atms-of-ms-def atms-of-def image-Un
     true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
 moreover have finite (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S))
    by auto
 ultimately show C \in simple-clss (atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of ``lits-of-l (trail S))
   using simple-clss-mono by (metis (no-types) insert-subset mk-disjoint-insert)
definition conflicting-bj-clss S \equiv
  \{C+\{\#L\#\}\mid C\ L.\ C+\{\#L\#\}\in\#\ clauses_{NOT}\ S\ \land\ distinct\text{-mset}\ (C+\{\#L\#\})\}
  \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
    \land (\exists F' \ K \ F. \ trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C) \}
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
  conflicting-bj-clss \ (remove-cls_{NOT} \ C \ S) = conflicting-bj-clss \ S - \{mset-cls \ C\}
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-remove-cls_{NOT} [simp]:
  T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S \Longrightarrow conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss \ T = conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss \ S - \{mset\text{-}cls \ C\}
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq:
 assumes
    T: T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} C' S and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S)
 shows conflicting-bj-clss T
   = conflicting-bj-clss S
     \land (\exists F' \ K \ d \ F. \ trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C)
```

```
then \{mset\text{-}cls\ C'\}\ else\ \{\}\}
proof -
    def P \equiv \lambda C L T. distinct-mset (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#
       (\exists F' \ K \ F. \ trail \ T = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C)
    have conf: \bigwedge T. conflicting-bj-clss T = \{C + \#L\#\} \mid CL. C + \#L\#\} \in \# clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T \land PC
L T
       unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def P-def by auto
   have P-S-T: \bigwedge C L. P C L T = P C L S
       using T n-d unfolding P-def by auto
   \{C + \{\#L\#\} \mid C L. C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \{\#mset\text{-}cls C'\#\} \land P C L T\}
       using T n-d unfolding conf by auto
   moreover have \{C + \{\#L\#\} \mid CL.\ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \land P\ CL\ T\} = conflicting-bj-clss
S
       using T n-d unfolding P-def conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
    moreover have \{C + \#L\#\} \mid C L. C + \#L\#\} \in \# \#mset\text{-}cls C'\#\} \land P C L T\} =
       (if \exists C L. mset-cls C' = C + \{\#L\#\} \land P C L S \text{ then } \{\text{mset-cls } C'\} \text{ else } \{\})
       using n-d T by (force simp: P-S-T)
    ultimately show ?thesis unfolding P-def by presburger
qed
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}:
    no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
    conflicting-bj-clss \ (add-cls_{NOT} \ C' \ S)
       = conflicting-bj-clss S
          \cup (if \exists C L. mset-cls C' = C + \{\#L\#\} \land distinct-mset (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
         \land (\exists F' \ K \ d \ F. trail S = F' \ @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C)
         then \{mset\text{-}cls\ C'\}\ else\ \{\}\}
    using conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq by auto
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses:
      conflicting-bj-clss\ S \subseteq set-mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
    unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
lemma finite-conflicting-bj-clss[simp]:
   finite (conflicting-bj-clss S)
    using conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses of S rev-finite-subset by blast
lemma learn-conflicting-increasing:
    no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow learn\ S\ T \Longrightarrow conflicting-bj\text{-}clss\ S \subseteq conflicting-bj\text{-}clss\ T
    apply (elim\ learn_{NOT}E)
    by (subst conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq[of T]) auto
abbreviation conflicting-bj-clss-yet b S \equiv
    3 \hat{b} - card (conflicting-bj-clss S)
abbreviation \mu_L :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat \times nat where
    \mu_L b S \equiv (conflicting-bj-clss-yet b S, card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S)))
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}not\text{-}forget\text{-}before\text{-}backtrack\text{-}rule\text{-}clause\text{-}learned\text{-}clause\text{-}untouched\text{:}}
    assumes forget_{NOT} S T
   shows conflicting-bj-clss S = conflicting-bj-clss T
    using assms apply (elim forget<sub>NOT</sub>E)
    apply auto
    unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def
```

```
apply clarify
 using diff-union-cancelR by (metis diff-union-cancelR)
lemma forget-\mu_L-decrease:
 assumes forget_{NOT}: forget_{NOT} S T
 shows (\mu_L \ b \ T, \mu_L \ b \ S) \in less-than < lex > less-than
proof -
 have card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)) > 0
   using forget_{NOT} by (elim\ forget_{NOT}E) (auto\ simp:\ size-mset-removeAll-mset-le-iff\ card-gt-0-iff)
  then have card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)) < card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S))
   using forget_{NOT} by (elim\ forget_{NOT}E) (auto simp: size-mset-removeAll-mset-le-iff)
 then show ?thesis
   unfolding do-not-forget-before-backtrack-rule-clause-learned-clause-untouched [OF\ forget_{NOT}]
qed
lemma set-condition-or-split:
  \{a. (a = b \lor Q \ a) \land S \ a\} = (if \ S \ b \ then \ \{b\} \ else \ \{\}) \cup \{a. \ Q \ a \land S \ a\}
 by auto
lemma set-insert-neq:
  A \neq insert \ a \ A \longleftrightarrow a \notin A
 by auto
lemma learn-\mu_L-decrease:
 assumes learnST: learn S T and n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
  A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq A and
  fin-A: finite A
 shows (\mu_L \ (card \ A) \ T, \mu_L \ (card \ A) \ S) \in less-than <*lex*> less-than
proof -
 have [simp]: (atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T) \cup atm-of\ `lits-of-l\ (trail\ T))
   = (atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup atm-of \ `lits-of-l \ (trail \ S))
   using learnST n-d by (elim\ learn_{NOT}E) auto
  then have card\ (atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T) \cup atm-of\ `its-of-l\ (trail\ T))
   = card (atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of `lits-of-l (trail S))
   by (auto intro!: card-mono)
  then have 3: (3::nat) \hat{\ } card (atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T))
   = 3 \ \widehat{} \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup atm-of \ \widehat{} \ lits-of-l \ (trail \ S))
   by (auto intro: power-mono)
  moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \subseteq conflicting-bj-clss T
   using learnST n-d by (simp add: learn-conflicting-increasing)
  moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \neq conflicting-bj-clss T
   using learnST
   proof (elim\ learn_{NOT}E,\ goal\text{-}cases)
     case (1 C) note clss-S = this(1) and atms-C = this(2) and inv = this(3) and T = this(4)
     then obtain F K F' C' L where
       tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
       C: mset\text{-}cls \ C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \ \mathbf{and}
       F: F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
       C\text{-}S:C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses_{NOT} S
     moreover have distinct-mset (mset-cls C) \neg tautology (mset-cls C) using inv by blast+
     ultimately have C' + \{\#L\#\} \in conflicting-bj\text{-}clss\ T
       using T n-d unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
```

```
moreover have C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ S
       using C-S unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
     ultimately show ?case by blast
   qed
  moreover have fin-T: finite (conflicting-bj-clss T)
   using learnST by induction (auto simp add: conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT})
  ultimately have card (conflicting-bj-clss T) \geq card (conflicting-bj-clss S)
   using card-mono by blast
 moreover
   have fin': finite (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T))
     by auto
   have 1:atms-of-ms (conflicting-bj-clss T) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
     unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def atms-of-ms-def by auto
   have 2: \bigwedge x. x \in conflicting-bj-clss <math>T \Longrightarrow \neg tautology x \land distinct-mset x
     unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
   have T: conflicting-bj-clss T
   \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T))
     by standard (meson 1 2 fin' (finite (conflicting-bj-clss T)) simple-clss-mono
       distinct-mset-set-def simplified-in-simple-clss subsetCE sup.coboundedI1)
  moreover
   then have #: 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T))
       \geq card (conflicting-bj-clss T)
     by (meson Nat.le-trans simple-clss-card simple-clss-finite card-mono fin')
   have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail \ T) \subseteq A
     using learn_{NOT}E[OF\ learnST]\ A by simp
   then have 3 \widehat{\ } (card A) \geq card (conflicting-bj-clss T)
     using # fin-A by (meson simple-clss-card simple-clss-finite
       simple-clss-mono\ calculation(2)\ card-mono\ dual-order.trans)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using psubset-card-mono[OF fin-T]
   unfolding less-than-iff lex-prod-def by clarify
     (meson \ \langle conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ S \neq conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ T \rangle
       \langle conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ S \subseteq conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ T \rangle
       diff-less-mono2 le-less-trans not-le psubsetI)
qed
```

We have to assume the following:

- *inv S*: the invariant holds in the inital state.
- A is a (finite finite A) superset of the literals in the trail atm-of ' lits-of-l ($trail\ S$) \subseteq $atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A$ and in the clauses atms-of-mm ($clauses_{NOT}\ S$) \subseteq $atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A$. This can the set of all the literals in the starting set of clauses.
- no-dup (trail S): no duplicate in the trail. This is invariant along the path.

```
atm-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm-lits: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A: finite A
  shows (\mu_{CDCL} \ A \ T, \mu_{CDCL} \ A \ S)
           \in less-than < *lex* > (less-than < *lex* > less-than)
  using assms(1)
proof induction
 case (c-dpll-bj\ T)
 from dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop[OF this(1) inv atm-clss atm-lits n-d fin-A]
 show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}-def
   by (meson in-lex-prod less-than-iff)
next
  case (c\text{-}learn\ T) note learn = this(1)
 then have S: trail\ S = trail\ T
   using inv atm-clss atm-lits n-d fin-A
   by (elim\ learn_{NOT}E) auto
 show ?case
   using learn-\mu_L-decrease [OF learn n-d, of atms-of-ms A] atm-clss atm-lits fin-A n-d
   unfolding S \mu_{CDCL}-def by auto
next
 case (c\text{-}forget_{NOT}\ T) note forget_{NOT} = this(1)
 have trail S = trail\ T using forget_{NOT} by induction auto
 then show ?case
   using forget-\mu_L-decrease [OF forget<sub>NOT</sub>] unfolding \mu_{CDCL}-def by auto
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-restricted-learning:
 assumes finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S).
   (atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)\subseteq atms-of-ms\ A\wedge atm-of\ `flits-of-l\ (trail\ S)\subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
   \land no-dup (trail S)
   \wedge inv S
   \land \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \ \}
 by (rule\ wf\text{-}wf\text{-}if\text{-}measure'[of\ less\text{-}than\ <*lex*>\ (less\text{-}than\ <*lex*>\ less\text{-}than)])
    (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure[OF - - - - assms])
definition \mu_C':: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_C' A T \equiv \mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
definition \mu_{CDCL}' :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat \ where
\mu_{CDCL}' A T \equiv
 ((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ \widehat{\ }(1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ -\ \mu_C\ '\ A\ T)\ *\ (1+\ 3\widehat{\ }card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ *
 + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T * 2
 + \ card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ T))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure':
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv: inv S and
   atms-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A: finite A
```

```
shows \mu_{CDCL}' A T < \mu_{CDCL}' A S
 using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct)
 case (dpll-bj\ T)
 then have (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T
   < (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \hat{} (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) \hat{} - \mu_C A \hat{S}
   using dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop fin-A inv n-d atms-clss atms-trail
   unfolding \mu_C'-def by blast
 then have XX: ((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T) + 1
   \leq (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S
   by auto
 from mult-le-mono1[OF this, of <math>(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))]
 have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T) *
     (1 + 3 ^card (atms-of-ms A)) + (1 + 3 ^card (atms-of-ms A))
   \leq ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \hat{\ } (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C^{\prime\prime} A S)
     * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))
   unfolding Nat.add-mult-distrib
   by presburger
 moreover
   have cl-T-S: clauses_{NOT} T = clauses_{NOT} S
     using dpll-bj.hyps inv dpll-bj-clauses by auto
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S < 1+3 and (atms-of-ms A)
   by simp
 ultimately have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T)
     *(1+3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T
   <((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ S)*(1+3 \cap card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))
A))
   by linarith
 then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T)
      * (1 + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A))
     + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T
   <((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
      * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))
     + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S
   by linarith
 then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T)
     * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T * 2
   <((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
     * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S * 2
   by linarith
 then show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def cl-T-S by presburger
 case (learn C F' K F C' L T) note clss-S-C = this(1) and atms-C = this(2) and dist = this(3)
   and tauto = this(4) and learn-restr = this(5) and tr-S = this(6) and C' = this(7) and
   F-C = this(8) and C-new = this(9) and T = this(10)
 have insert (mset-cls C) (conflicting-bj-clss S) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   proof -
     have mset-cls \ C \in simple-clss \ (atms-of-ms \ A)
      using C'
      by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Un-subset-iff simple-clss-mono
        contra-subset D dist distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss
        dual-order.trans atms-C atms-clss atms-trail tauto)
     moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
```

```
proof
       \mathbf{fix} \ x :: 'v \ literal \ multiset
       assume x \in conflicting-bj-clss S
       then have x \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \wedge distinct\text{-}mset \ x \wedge \neg \ tautology \ x
         unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by blast
       then show x \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
        by (meson atms-clss atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-mono
           distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss fin-A finite-subset
          set-rev-mp)
     qed
   ultimately show ?thesis
     by auto
 qed
then have card (insert (mset-cls C) (conflicting-bj-clss S)) \leq 3 (card (atms-of-ms A))
 by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card simple-clss-finite
   card-mono fin-A)
moreover have [simp]: card (insert (mset\text{-}cls C) (conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss S))
 = Suc (card ((conflicting-bj-clss S)))
 by (metis (no-types) C' C-new card-insert-if conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses contra-subsetD
   finite-conflicting-bj-clss)
moreover have [simp]: conflicting-bj-clss (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> CS) = conflicting-bj-clss S \cup \{mset\text{-}cls\ C\}
 using dist tauto F-C by (subst conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls<sub>NOT</sub>[OF n-d]) (force simp: C' tr-S n-d)
ultimately have [simp]: conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S
 = Suc\ (conflicting-bj-clss-yet\ (card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ C\ S))
   by simp
have 1: clauses_{NOT} T = clauses_{NOT} (add-cls_{NOT} \ C \ S) using T by auto
have 2: conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T
  = conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) (add-cls_{NOT} C S)
 using T unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
have 3: \mu_C' A T = \mu_C' A (add-cls_{NOT} C S)
 using T unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A (add-cls_{NOT} C S))
 *(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
 = ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
 *(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   using n-d unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
moreover
 have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> CS)
   + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} CS)))
   < conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S * 2
   + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} S))
   by (simp \ add: C' \ C\text{-}new \ n\text{-}d)
ultimately show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def 1 2 3 by presburger
case (forget_{NOT} \ C \ T) note T = this(4)
have [simp]: \mu_C' A (remove-cls_{NOT} C S) = \mu_C' A S
 unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
have forget_{NOT} S T
 apply (rule forget_{NOT}.intros) using forget_{NOT} by auto
then have conflicting-bj-clss T = conflicting-bj-clss S
 using do-not-forget-before-backtrack-rule-clause-learned-clause-untouched by blast
moreover have card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) < card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
 by (metis T card-Diff1-less clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} finite-set-mset forget<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps(2)
   in\text{-}clss\text{-}mset\text{-}clss order\text{-}refl set\text{-}mset\text{-}minus\text{-}replicate\text{-}mset(1) state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}clauses)
```

```
ultimately show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def
   using T \langle \mu_C' A \text{ (remove-cls}_{NOT} C S \rangle = \mu_C' A S \rangle by (metis (no-types) add-le-cancel-left
     \mu_C'-def not-le state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-trail)
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite\ A
  shows set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup simple-clss A
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct)
 case dpll-bj
 then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by simp
next
  case forget_{NOT}
 then show ?case using clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
  case (learn C F K d F' C' L) note atms-C = this(2) and dist = this(3) and tauto = this(4) and
  T = this(10) and atms-clss-S = this(12) and atms-trail-S = this(13)
 have atms-of (mset-cls C) \subseteq A
   using atms-C atms-clss-S atms-trail-S by fast
  then have simple-clss (atms-of (mset-cls C)) \subseteq simple-clss A
   by (simp add: simple-clss-mono)
  then have mset-cls\ C \in simple-clss\ A
   using finite dist tauto by (auto dest: distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss)
 then show ?case using T n-d by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \text{ } (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \text{ } (trail \text{ } S)) \subseteq A \text{ } \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
 shows set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup simple-clss A
 using assms(1-5)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdel_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)] and
   inv = this(4) and atms-clss-S = this(5) and atms-trail-S = this(6) and finite-cls-S = this(7)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv st inv by blast
  moreover have atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq A and atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T) \subseteq A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound [OF st] inv atms-clss-S atms-trail-S n-d by auto
 moreover have no-dup (trail\ T)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF\ st\ \langle inv\ S\rangle\ n-d] by simp
```

```
ultimately have set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \cup simple-clss A
   using cdcl_{NOT} finite n-d by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound)
  then show ?case using IH by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-clauses-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
    atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) \leq card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)) + 3 \hat{} (card A)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] finite by (meson Nat.le-trans
   simple-clss-card simple-clss-finite card-Un-le card-mono finite-UnI
   finite-set-mset nat-add-left-cancel-le)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-clauses-bound':
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows card \{C|C, C \in \# clauses_{NOT} T \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct-mset C)\}
    \leq card \{C|C. C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset } C)\} + 3 \cap (card A)
   (is card ?T \leq card ?S + -)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] finite
proof -
  have ?T \subseteq ?S \cup simple\text{-}clss A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by force
  then have card ?T \leq card (?S \cup simple-clss A)
   using finite by (simp add: assms(5) simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson le-trans simple-clss-card card-Un-le local.finite nat-add-left-cancel-le)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-simple-clauses-bound:
  assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
    NA: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   MA: atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
  \leq card \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} + 3 \cap (card \ A)
   (is card ?T \leq card ?S + -)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound[OF assms] finite
  have \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ T \Longrightarrow \neg \ tautology \ x \Longrightarrow distinct-mset \ x \Longrightarrow x \in simple-clss \ A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Un-iff NA
     atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono simple-clss-mono contra-subsetD subset-trans
```

```
distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss)
  then have set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq ?S \cup simple-clss \ A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by auto
  then have card(set\text{-}mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)) \leq card\ (?S \cup simple\text{-}clss\ A)
   using finite by (simp add: assms(5) simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson le-trans simple-clss-card card-Un-le local finite nat-add-left-cancel-le)
qed
definition \mu_{CDCL}'-bound :: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S =
  ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))) * (1 + 3 ^ card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
    + 2*3 \cap (card (atms-of-ms A))
    + card \{C. C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct\text{-}mset C)\} + 3 \land (card (atms-of\text{-}ms A))
lemma \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>[simp]:
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M S) = \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
  unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   \mathit{atms-of-mm}\ (\mathit{clauses}_{NOT}\ S) \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-ms}\ A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite (atms-of-ms A) and
    U: U \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M T
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A U \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
  have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A U)
    \leq (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
  then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A U)
       *(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   <(2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   using mult-le-mono1 by blast
  moreover
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T*2 \le 2*3 ^ card (atms-of-ms A)
     by linarith
  moreover have card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U))
     \leq card \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} + 3 \land card \ (atms\text{-of-ms} \ A)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-simple-clauses-bound [OF assms(1-6)] U by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by linarith
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
    inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \text{ }(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \text{ }(trail \text{ }S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \text{ }A \text{ } \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite (atms-of-ms A)
```

```
shows \mu_{CDCL}' A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
  have \mu_{CDCL}' A (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> (trail T) T) = \mu_{CDCL}' A T
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def \mu_{C}'-def conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}[OF\ assms,\ of\ -\ trail\ T]
    state-eq_{NOT}-ref by fastforce
qed
lemma rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of '(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite[simp]: finite (atms-of-ms A)
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
  have \{C.\ C \in \#\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land (tautology\ C \lor \neg\ distinct\text{-mset}\ C)\}
   \subseteq \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg \ distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} \ (is \ ?T \subseteq ?S)
   proof (rule Set.subsetI)
     fix C assume C \in ?T
     then have C-T: C \in \# clauses_{NOT} T and t-d: tautology C \vee \neg distinct\text{-mset } C
       by auto
     then have C \notin simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
       by (auto dest: simple-clssE)
     then show C \in ?S
       using C-T rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound[OF assms] t-d by force
  then have card \{C.\ C \in \#\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land (tautology\ C \lor \neg\ distinct\text{-mset}\ C)\} \le
    card \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg \ distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\}
   by (simp add: card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnt
          CDCL with restarts
16.5
16.5.1
           Definition
locale restart-ops =
 fixes
    cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart S T
restart \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart S \ T
end
```

 $\mathbf{locale}\ conflict\text{-}driven\text{-}clause\text{-}learning\text{-}with\text{-}restarts =$

conflict-driven-clause-learning mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss

```
trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    inv backjump-conds propagate-conds learn-cond forget-cond
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ {\bf and}
     remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
     union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
     in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool  and
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds::('v, unit, unit) marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
\mathbf{lemma} \  \, cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}iff\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}raw\text{-}restart\text{-}no\text{-}restarts\text{:}
  cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart cdcl_{NOT} \ (\lambda- -. False) S \ T
  (is ?C S T \longleftrightarrow ?R S T)
proof
  \mathbf{fix} \ S \ T
  assume ?CST
  then show ?R \ S \ T by (simp \ add: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1))
  fix S T
  assume ?R \ S \ T
  then show ?CST
    apply (cases rule: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.cases)
    using \langle ?R \ S \ T \rangle by fast+
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart:
  cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart cdcl_{NOT} restart S \ T
  by (simp add: restart-ops.cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-raw-restart.intros(1))
end
```

16.5.2 Increasing restarts

To add restarts we needs some assumptions on the predicate (called $cdcl_{NOT}$ here):

- a function f that is strictly monotonic. The first step is actually only used as a restart to clean the state (e.g. to ensure that the trail is empty). Then we assume that $(1::'a) \leq f$ n for $(1::'a) \leq n$: it means that between two consecutive restarts, at least one step will be done. This is necessary to avoid sequence. like: full restart full ...
- a measure μ : it should decrease under the assumptions bound-inv, whenever a $cdcl_{NOT}$ or a restart is done. A parameter is given to μ : for conflict- driven clause learning, it is

an upper-bound of the clauses. We are assuming that such a bound can be found after a restart whenever the invariant holds.

- we also assume that the measure decrease after any $cdcl_{NOT}$ step.
- \bullet an invariant on the states $cdcl_{NOT}$ -inv that also holds after restarts.
- it is not required that the measure decrease with respect to restarts, but the measure has to be bound by some function μ -bound taking the same parameter as μ and the initial state of the considered $cdcl_{NOT}$ chain.

```
locale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops =
  restart-ops cdcl_{NOT} restart for
    restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  fixes
    f :: nat \Rightarrow nat and
    bound-inv :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu-bound :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat
  assumes
    f: unbounded f and
    f-ge-1:\bigwedge n. n \ge 1 \implies f n \ne 0 and
    bound-inv: \bigwedge A \ S \ T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-measure: \bigwedge A S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow bound-inv A S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow \mu A T < \mu
    measure-bound2: \bigwedge A \ T \ U. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ T \ U
        \implies \mu \ A \ U \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T \ \text{and}
    measure-bound4: \bigwedge A \ T \ U. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ T \ U
        \implies \mu-bound A \ U \leq \mu-bound A \ T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart-inv: \bigwedge A\ U\ V. cdcl_{NOT}-inv U\Longrightarrow restart\ U\ V\Longrightarrow bound-inv A\ U\Longrightarrow bound-inv
A V
    exists-bound: \bigwedge R S. cdcl_{NOT}-inv R \Longrightarrow restart R S \Longrightarrow \exists A. bound-inv A S and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv-restart: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
begin
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  assumes
    (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\hspace{1em}} n) \ S \ T \ {\bf and}
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
  shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
  using assms by (induction n arbitrary: T) (auto intro:bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv:
  assumes
    (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\hspace{1em}} n) S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
    bound-inv \ A \ S
  shows bound-inv A T
  using assms by (induction n arbitrary: T) (auto intro:bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
```

```
assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}bound\text{-}inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   bound-inv A S and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows bound-inv A T
 using assms by induction (auto intro:bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le:
 assumes
   (cdcl_{NOT} \cap (Suc \ n)) \ S \ T \ and
   bound-inv A S
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows \mu A T < \mu A S - n
 using assms
proof (induction n arbitrary: T)
 case \theta
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-measure by auto
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this(1)[OF - this(3)\ this(4)] and S-T = this(2) and b-inv = this(3) and
 c\text{-}inv = this(4)
 obtain U: 'st where S-U: (cdcl_{NOT} \cap (Suc\ n)) S U and U-T: cdcl_{NOT} U T using S-T by auto
 then have \mu A U < \mu A S - n using IH[of U] by simp
 moreover
   have bound-inv A U
     using S-U b-inv cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv c-inv by blast
   then have \mu A T < \mu A U using cdcl_{NOT}-measure [OF - U-T] S-U c-inv cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv
by auto
 ultimately show ?case by linarith
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}:
 wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT} \text{-inv } S \land bound\text{-inv } A \ S\} \ (is \ wf \ ?A)
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure2[of - - \mu A])
 using cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of \theta - - A] by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-measure:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   bound-inv A S and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows \mu A T \leq \mu A S
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (step T U) note IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)\ this(5)] and st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2)
and
```

```
b-inv = this(4) and c-inv = this(5)
 have bound-inv A T
   by (meson\ cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv rtrancl_{p}-imp-relpowp\ st\ step.prems)
  moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
   using c-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv st by blast
  ultimately have \mu A U < \mu A T using cdcl_{NOT}-measure [OF - cdcl_{NOT}] by auto
  then show ?case using IH by linarith
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-comp-bounded:
 assumes
   bound-inv A S and cdcl_{NOT}-inv S and m \geq 1 + \mu A S
 shows \neg(cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{\ } \ m) \ S \ T
 using assms cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of m-1 S T A] by fastforce
    • f n < m ensures that at least one step has been done.
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-restart where
restart-step: (cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T \Longrightarrow m \ge f \ n \Longrightarrow restart \ T \ U
  \implies cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart\ (S,\ n)\ (U,\ Suc\ n)\ |
restart-full: full1 cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemmas cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct = cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct[split-format(complete),
  OF\ cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops-axioms]
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart** (fst S) (fst T)
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
 case (restart-step m S T n U)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T by (meson \ relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart** S T using cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1)
   rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart] by blast
  moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart T U
   using \langle restart\ T\ U \rangle\ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(2) by blast
 ultimately show ?case by auto
 case (restart-full S T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T unfolding full1-def by auto
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1)
   rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart]\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   bound-inv A (fst S) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
  shows bound-inv A (fst T)
  using assms apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
   prefer 2 apply (metis rtranclp-unfold fstI full1-def rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-bound-inv)
  by (metis\ cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-restart-inv fst-conv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
```

```
cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
  shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst T)
  using assms apply induction
    apply (metis cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv-restart fst-conv)
   apply (metis fstI full-def full-unfold rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
  done
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
  shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst T)
  using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
    bound-inv A (fst S)
  shows bound-inv A (fst T)
  using assms apply induction
   apply (simp\ add:\ cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv)
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv by blast
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-increasing-number:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow snd \ T = 1 + snd \ S
  by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct) auto
end
locale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts =
  cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops restart cdcl_{NOT} f bound-inv \mu cdcl_{NOT}-inv \mu-bound +
  dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss::'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    f :: nat \Rightarrow nat and
    restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    bound-inv :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
```

```
\mu-bound :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat +
  assumes
    measure-bound: \bigwedge A \ T \ V \ n. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T
      \implies cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, n) (V, Suc n) \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu-bound A \ T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound:
      cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
        \implies \mu-bound A \ V \le \mu-bound A \ T
begin
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu-bound A \ V \le \mu-bound A \ T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct2)
  apply simp
  by (metis cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound dual-order.trans fst-conv
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T
  apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
    apply simp
   using measure-bound relpowp-imp-rtrancly apply fastforce
  by (metis full-def full-unfold measure-bound2 prod.inject)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
   \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct2)
   apply (simp add: measure-bound2)
  by (metis dual-order.trans fst-conv measure-bound2 r-into-rtranclp rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound)
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-restart:
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-restart} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT}\text{-inv} \ (fst \ S)\}\ (is \ wf \ ?A)
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume ¬ ?thesis
  then obtain g where
    g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT}-restart (g \ i) \ (g \ (Suc \ i)) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst \ (g \ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
  have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g \ i) = i + snd (g \ \theta)
   apply (induct-tac i)
     apply simp
     by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add.commute add.left-commute
       cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-increasing-number g)
  then have snd - g - \theta: \bigwedge i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd(g i) = i + snd(g \theta)
  have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-g
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le le-iff-add)
  { fix i
```

```
have H: \bigwedge T Ta m. (cdcl_{NOT} \stackrel{\frown}{\sim} m) T Ta \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_{NOT} T \Longrightarrow m = 0
      apply (case-tac m) by simp (meson relpowp-E2)
    have \exists T m. (cdcl_{NOT} \cap m) (fst (g i)) T \land m \geq f (snd (g i))
      using g[of\ i] apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
        apply auto[]
      using g[of Suc \ i] f-ge-1 apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
      apply (auto simp add: full1-def full-def dest: H dest: tranclpD)
      using H Suc-leI leD by blast
  } note H = this
  obtain A where bound-inv A (fst (g 1))
    using g[of \ 0] \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g[of \ 0] apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
      {\bf apply} \ (\textit{metis One-nat-def cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\textit{inv exists-bound fst-conv relpowp-imp-rtranclp}
        rtranclp-induct)
      using H[of 1] unfolding full1-def by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 diff-is-0-eq' diff-zero
       f-ge-1 fst-conv le-add2 relpowp-E2 snd-conv)
 let ?j = \mu-bound A (fst (g 1)) + 1
  obtain j where
    j: f(snd(qj)) > ?j and j > 1
    using unbounded-f-g not-bounded-nat-exists-larger by blast
     fix i j
     have cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart: j \geq i \implies cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (g \ i) \ (g \ j)
       apply (induction j)
        apply simp
       by (metis g le-Suc-eq rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
  } note cdcl_{NOT}-restart = this
  have cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst (g (Suc 0)))
   by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_{NOT} - inv-g)
  have cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (fst (g\ 1), snd\ (g\ 1)) (fst (g\ j), snd\ (g\ j))
    using \langle j > 1 \rangle by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart)
  have \mu A (fst (g \ j)) \leq \mu-bound A (fst (g \ 1))
    \mathbf{apply}\ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{raw-restart-measure-bound})
    using \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} \ (fst \ (g \ 1), \ snd \ (g \ 1)) \ (fst \ (g \ j), \ snd \ (g \ j)) \rangle apply blast
       apply (simp\ add:\ cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g)
       using \langle bound\text{-}inv \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle apply simp
    done
  then have \mu \ A \ (fst \ (g \ j)) \le ?j
    by auto
  have inv: bound-inv \ A \ (fst \ (g \ j))
    using \langle bound\text{-}inv \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}inv \ (fst \ (g \ (Suc \ 0))) \rangle
    \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} \ (fst \ (g \ 1), \ snd \ (g \ 1)) \ (fst \ (g \ j), \ snd \ (g \ j)) \rangle
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv by auto
  obtain T m where
    cdcl_{NOT}-m: (cdcl_{NOT} \stackrel{\frown}{\frown} m) (fst (g j)) T and
    f-m: f(snd(gj)) \le m
    using H[of j] by blast
  have ?j < m
    using f-m j Nat.le-trans by linarith
  then show False
    using \langle \mu \ A \ (fst \ (g \ j)) \leq \mu \text{-bound} \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle
    cdcl_{NOT}-comp-bounded[OF inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g, of ] cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g cdcl_{NOT}-m
    \langle ?j < m \rangle by auto
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-steps-bigger-than-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   bound-inv \ A \ (fst \ S) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
   f (snd S) > \mu-bound A (fst S)
 shows full1 cdcl_{NOT} (fst S) (fst T)
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
 case restart-full
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and f = this(2) and bound-inv = this(4) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv = this(5) and \mu = this(6)
 then obtain m' where m: m = Suc \ m' by (cases m) auto
 have \mu A S - m' = 0
   using f bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv \mu m rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound by fastforce
 then have False using cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of m' S T A] restart-step unfolding m by simp
  then show ?case by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-inv-inv-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-inv S and
   binv: bound-inv A S
 shows (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{--inv} \ S \land \ bound-inv} \ A \ S)^{**} \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ S \ T
   (is ?A^{**} S T \longleftrightarrow ?B^{**} S T)
 apply (rule iffI)
   using rtranclp-mono[of ?A ?B] apply blast
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   using inv binv apply simp
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) binv inv rtranclp.simps rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma no-step-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-no-step-cdcl_{NOT}:
 assumes
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-restart S and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
   binv: bound-inv A (fst S)
 shows no-step cdcl_{NOT} (fst S)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain T where T: cdcl_{NOT} (fst S) T
   by blast
  then obtain U where U: full (\lambda S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \wedge cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \wedge bound-inv A S) T U
    using wf-exists-normal-form-full [OF \ wf\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}, \ of \ A \ T] by auto
 moreover have inv-T: cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
   using \langle cdcl_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \ T \rangle \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv by blast
 moreover have b-inv-T: bound-inv A T
   using \langle cdcl_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \ T \rangle binv bound-inv inv by blast
  ultimately have full cdcl_{NOT} T U
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-inv-inv-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT} rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv unfolding full-def by blast
  then have full1 \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \ U
   using T full-fullI by metis
```

```
then show False by (metis n-s prod.collapse restart-full) qed
```

end

16.6 Merging backjump and learning

```
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops =
  decide-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
     mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
     trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ +
  forget-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ forget-cond +
  propagate-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} propagate-conds
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  fixes backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
```

We have a new backjump that combines the backjumping on the trail and the learning of the used clause (called C'' below)

```
inductive backjump-l where
```

```
backjump-l: trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F
\implies no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S)
\implies T \sim prepend\text{-}trail \ (Propagated \ L \ ()) \ (reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \ F \ (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C'' \ S))
\implies C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S
\implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
\implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
\implies atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup atm\text{-}of \ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S))
\implies clauses_{NOT} \ S \models pm \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
\implies mset\text{-}cls \ C'' = C' + \{\#L\#\}
\implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
\implies backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond \ C \ C' \ L \ S \ T
\implies backjump\text{-}l \ S \ T
```

Avoid (meaningless) simplification in the theorem generated by *inductive-cases*:

 $\mathbf{declare}\ reduce$ -trail- to_{NOT} -length-ne $[simp\ del]\ Set.Un$ -iff $[simp\ del]\ Set.insert$ -iff $[simp\ del]$

```
inductive-cases backjump-lE: backjump-l S T
thm backjump-lE
declare reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length-ne[simp] Set.Un-iff[simp] Set.insert-iff[simp]
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub>: decide_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S'
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>: propagate_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S' \mid
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l: backjump-l S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S'
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT}: forget_{NOT} \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ S'
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail \ T)
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
      using defined-lit-map apply fastforce
    using defined-lit-map apply fastforce
  apply (force simp: defined-lit-map elim!: backjump-lE)[]
  using forget_{NOT}.simps apply auto[1]
end
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds
    forget-cond
    \lambda C C' L' S T. backjump-l-cond C C' L' S T
    \land distinct\text{-mset} (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C' + \{\#L'\#\})
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  fixes
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool
  assumes
     bj-merge-can-jump:
     \bigwedge S \ C \ F' \ K \ F \ L.
       inv S
       \implies trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F
       \implies C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S
       \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
       \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
```

```
\implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of-l (F' @ Marked K () # F))
       \implies clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}
      \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
      \implies \neg no\text{-step backjump-l } S and
     cdcl-merged-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
\textbf{abbreviation} \ \textit{backjump-conds} :: \ 'v \ \textit{clause} \Rightarrow \ 'v \ \textit{clause} \Rightarrow \ 'v \ \textit{literal} \Rightarrow \ 'st \Rightarrow \ \textit{bool}
backjump\text{-}conds \equiv \lambda C \ C' \ L' \ S \ T. \ distinct\text{-}mset \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \land \neg tautology \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\})
Without additional knowledge on backjump-l-cond, it is impossible to have the same invariant.
sublocale dpll-with-backjumping-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
   trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ inv
   backjump-conds propagate-conds
proof (unfold-locales, goal-cases)
  case 1
  \{ \text{ fix } S S' \}
   assume bj: backjump-l S S' and no-dup (trail S)
   then obtain F' K F L C' C D where
     S': S' \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} D S))
       and
     tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # F and
     C: C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S and
     tr-S-C: trail S \models as CNot C and
     undef-L: undefined-lit F L and
     atm-L:
      atm\text{-}of\ L \in insert\ (atm\text{-}of\ K)\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ F' \cup lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ F))
      cls-S-C': clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
     F-C': F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
     \mathit{dist} \colon \mathit{distinct}\text{-}\mathit{mset}\ (\mathit{C'} + \{\#\mathit{L}\#\}) and
     not-tauto: \neg tautology (C' + {\#L\#}) and
     cond: backjump-l-cond C C' L S S'
     mset-cls D = C' + \{\#L\#\}
     by (elim backjump-lE) metis
   interpret backjumping-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    backjump\text{-}conds
     \mathbf{by} unfold-locales
   have \exists T. backjump S T
     apply rule
     apply (rule backjump.intros)
              using tr-S apply simp
             apply (rule\ state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
            using C apply simp
           using tr-S-C apply simp
         using undef-L apply simp
        using atm-L tr-S apply simp
       using cls-S-C' apply simp
      using F-C' apply simp
     using dist not-tauto cond apply simp
     done
```

```
}
  then show ?case using 1 bj-merge-can-jump by meson
qed
end
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    propagate-conds forget-cond backjump-l-cond inv
  for
     mset\text{-}cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}conds::('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    \textit{backjump-l-cond} :: \textit{'v clause} \Rightarrow \textit{'v clause} \Rightarrow \textit{'v literal} \Rightarrow \textit{'st} \Rightarrow \textit{'st} \Rightarrow \textit{bool} \textbf{ and}
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
  mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
  trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  inv backjump-conds propagate-conds
  \lambda C -. distinct-mset (mset-cls C) \wedge \neg tautology (mset-cls C)
  forget-cond
  by unfold-locales
end
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    propagate-conds forget-cond backjump-l-cond inv
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
```

```
trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
   raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
   propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
   forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
   inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  assumes
    dpll-merge-bj-inv: \bigwedge S T. dpll-bj S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T and
   learn-inv: \land S \ T. \ learn \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
sublocale
   conflict-driven-clause-learning\ mset-cls\ insert-cls\ remove-lit
   mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    inv\ backjump\text{-}conds\ propagate\text{-}conds
    \lambda C -. distinct-mset (mset-cls C) \wedge \neg tautology (mset-cls C)
    forget-cond
  apply unfold-locales
  using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> cdcl-merged-inv learn-inv
  by (auto simp add: cdcl_{NOT}.simps dpll-merge-bj-inv)
lemma backjump-l-learn-backjump:
  assumes bt: backjump-l S T and inv: inv S and n-d: no-dup (trail S)
 shows \exists C' L D. learn S (add-cls_{NOT} D S)
   \land mset\text{-}cls \ D = (C' + \{\#L\#\})
   \land backjump (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} D S) T
   \land atms-of (C' + \#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of (lits-of-(trail S))
proof -
  obtain C F' K F L l C' D where
    tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
     T: T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L l) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} D S)) and
     C-cls-S: C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S and
     tr-S-CNot-C: trail <math>S \models as \ CNot \ C and
    undef: undefined-lit FL and
    atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
    clss-C: clauses_{NOT} S \models pm \ mset-cls \ D \ and
     D: mset-cls \ D = C' + \{\#L\#\}
     F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
     distinct: distinct-mset (mset-cls D) and
    not-tauto: \neg tautology (mset-cls D)
    using bt inv by (elim backjump-lE) simp
   have atms-C': atms-of C' \subseteq atm-of `(lits-of-l F)
    by (metis\ D(2)\ atms-of-def\ image-subsetI\ true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
  then have atms-of (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of (lits-of-(trail S))
    using atm-L tr-S by auto
   moreover have learn: learn S (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> D S)
    apply (rule learn.intros)
        apply (rule clss-C)
       using atms-C' atm-L D apply (fastforce simp add: tr-S in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
    apply standard
```

```
apply (rule distinct)
     apply (rule not-tauto)
     apply simp
    done
  moreover have bj: backjump (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> D S) T
    apply (rule backjump.intros)
    using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle C-cls-S tr-S-CNot-C undef T distinct not-tauto n-d D
    by (auto simp: tr-S state-eq_{NOT}-def simp del: state-simp_{NOT})
  ultimately show ?thesis using D by blast
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{++} \ S \ T
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT} T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
   using bj-decide_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.simps by fastforce
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
   using bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> cdcl_{NOT}.simps by fastforce
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT} T)
  then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
    using c-forget_{NOT} by blast
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l T) note bt = this(1) and inv = this(2) and
    n-d = this(3)
  obtain C':: 'v literal multiset and L:: 'v literal and D:: 'cls where
    f3: learn \ S \ (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ D \ S) \ \land
      backjump \ (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ D \ S) \ T \ \land
      atms-of\ (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm-of\ `lits-of-l\ (trail\ S)\ and
    D: mset-cls \ D = C' + \{\#L\#\}
    using n-d backjump-l-learn-backjump[OF bt inv] by blast
  then have f_4: cdcl_{NOT} S (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} D S)
    using n-d c-learn by blast
  have cdcl_{NOT} (add-cls_{NOT} D S) T
    using f3 n-d bj-backjump c-dpll-bj by blast
  then show ?case
    using f4 by (meson tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp.trancl-into-trancl)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}is\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}and\text{-}inv}.
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}** S T \land inv \ T
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
   inv = this(4) and n-d = this(5)
 have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} T U
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}[OF\ cdcl_{NOT}]\ IH
```

```
rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup inv n-d by auto
   then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S U using IH by fastforce
   moreover have inv U using n-d IH \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \mid T \mid U \rangle rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv by blast
   ultimately show ?case using st by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}:
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}** S T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-and-inv by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv:
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv by blast
definition \mu_C':: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_C' A T \equiv \mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
definition \mu_{CDCL}'-merged :: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T \equiv
  ((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T)*2 + card\ (set-mset\ (clauses_{NOT}) + card\ (set-mset) + car
T))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure':
   assumes
      cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
      inv: inv S and
      atm-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
      atm-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
      n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
      fin-A: finite A
   shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T < \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A S
   using assms(1)
proof induction
   case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT} T)
   have clauses_{NOT} S = clauses_{NOT} T
      using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps by auto
   moreover have
      (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
           -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
       <(2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
           -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
      apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
      using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> fin-A atm-clss atm-trail n-d inv
      by (simp-all\ add:\ bj-decide_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT}.hyps)
   ultimately show ?case
      unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
next
   case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> T)
   have clauses_{NOT} S = clauses_{NOT} T
      using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps
      \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ bj\text{-}propagate_{NOT}\ inv\ dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}clauses)
   moreover have
      (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
           -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
        <(2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \ \widehat{\ } (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))
```

```
-\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
   apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
   using inv n-d atm-clss atm-trail fin-A by (simp-all add: bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>
     cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps)
 ultimately show ?case
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
next
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT} T)
 have card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T)) < card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S))
   using \langle forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \rangle by (metis\ card-Diff1-less\ clauses-remove-cls_{NOT}\ finite-set-mset
     forget_{NOT}.cases in-clss-mset-clss linear set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) state-eq_{NOT}-def)
 moreover
   have trail S = trail T
     using \langle forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \rangle by (auto elim: forget_{NOT} E)
   then have
     (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
       -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
= (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
     by auto
 ultimately show ?case
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
next
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l T) note bj-l = this(1)
 obtain C' L D where
   learn: learn S (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> D S) and
   bj: backjump (add-cls_{NOT} D S) T and
   atms-C: atms-of (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
   D: mset-cls \ D = C' + \{\#L\#\}
   using bj-l inv backjump-l-learn-backjump n-d atm-clss atm-trail by meson
 have card-T-S: card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) \leq 1 + card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   using bj-l inv by (force elim!: backjump-lE simp: card-insert-if)
   ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T))
   <((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A))
         (trail-weight\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ D\ S)))
   \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop})
       using bj bj-backjump apply blast
      using cdcl_{NOT}. c-learn cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv learn apply blast
      using atms-C atm-clss atm-trail D apply (simp add: n-d) apply fast
     using atm-trail n-d apply simp
    apply (simp \ add: n-d)
   using fin-A apply simp
   done
 then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T))
   < ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S))
   using n-d by auto
 then show ?case
   using card-T-S unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by linarith
qed
```

```
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
  assumes
    fin-A: finite A
  shows wf \{ (T, S).
    (inv\ S\ \land\ atms\hbox{-}of\hbox{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)\subseteq atms\hbox{-}of\hbox{-}ms\ A\ \land\ atm\hbox{-}of\ ``lits\hbox{-}of\hbox{-}l\ (trail\ S)\subseteq atms\hbox{-}of\hbox{-}ms\ A
    \land no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S))
    \land cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
  apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of - - \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A])
  using cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure' fin-A by simp
lemma tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-tranclp:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn<sup>++</sup> S T and
    inv: inv S and
    atm-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    atm-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
    fin-A[simp]: finite\ A
  shows (T, S) \in \{(T, S).
    (\mathit{inv}\ S \land \mathit{atms-of-mm}\ (\mathit{clauses}_{NOT}\ S) \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-ms}\ A \land \mathit{atm-of}\ \lq \mathit{lits-of-l}\ (\mathit{trail}\ S) \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-ms}\ A
    \land no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S))
    \land \ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T\}^+ \ (\mathbf{is} \ - \in ?P^+)
  using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: tranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case using n-d atm-clss atm-trail inv by auto
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)
  have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT})
    using st cdcl_{NOT} inv n-d atm-clss atm-trail inv by auto
  have inv T
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
      using inv st cdcl_{NOT} n-d atm-clss atm-trail inv by auto
  moreover have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}trail\text{-}clauses\text{-}bound[OF\ \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{***}\ S\ T\rangle\ inv\ n\text{-}d\ atm\text{-}clss\ atm\text{-}trail]
  moreover have atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
    \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\mathit{-trail-clauses-bound}[\mathit{OF} \ \langle \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}^{***} \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathit{inv} \ \mathit{n-d} \ \mathit{atm-clss} \ \mathit{atm-trail}]
    by fast
  moreover have no-dup (trail T)
    using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \ \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \ inv \ n-d] by fast
  ultimately have (U, T) \in P
    using cdcl_{NOT} by auto
  then show ?case using IH by (simp add: trancl-into-trancl2)
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
  assumes finite A
  shows wf \{(T, S).
    (\mathit{inv}\ S \ \land\ \mathit{atms-of-mm}\ (\mathit{clauses}_{NOT}\ S) \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-ms}\ A \ \land\ \mathit{atm-of}\ \lq\ \mathit{lits-of-l}\ (\mathit{trail}\ S) \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-ms}\ A
    \land no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S))
    \land cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn<sup>++</sup> S T}
  apply (rule wf-subset)
   apply (rule wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn])
```

```
using assms apply simp
  using tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-tranclp[OF - - - - - \langle finite \ A \rangle] by auto
lemma backjump-no-step-backjump-l:
  backjump \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-step backjump-l } S
  apply (elim \ backjumpE)
  apply (rule bj-merge-can-jump)
   apply auto[7]
  by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}final\text{-}state\text{:}}
  fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
  assumes
    n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S and
   atms-S: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses_{NOT} S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \vee (trail S \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)))
proof -
 let ?N = set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} S)
 let ?M = trail S
  consider
     (sat) satisfiable ?N and ?M \models as ?N
    | (sat') \ satisfiable ?N \ and \neg ?M \models as ?N
    (unsat) unsatisfiable ?N
   by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case sat' note sat = this(1) and M = this(2)
     obtain C where C \in ?N and \neg ?M \models a C using M unfolding true-annots-def by auto
     obtain I :: 'v \ literal \ set \ where
        I \models s ?N  and
        cons: consistent-interp I and
        tot: total-over-m I ?N and
       atm-I-N: atm-of 'I \subseteq atms-of-ms ?N
       using sat unfolding satisfiable-def-min by auto
     let ?I = I \cup \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\}
     let ?O = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
     have cons-I': consistent-interp ?I
       using cons using (no-dup ?M) unfolding consistent-interp-def
       by (auto simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def
         dest!: no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus)
     have tot-I': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup unmark-l ?M)
       \mathbf{using}\ tot\ atms-of\text{-}s\text{-}def\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\text{-}def\ total\text{-}over\text{-}set\text{-}def
       by (fastforce simp: image-iff)
     have \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ? M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I\} \models s ? O
       using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle atm-I-N by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of true-clss-def lits-of-def)
     then have I'-N: ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O
        using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle true-clss-union-increase by force
     have tot': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup ?O)
       using atm-I-N tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
```

```
by (force simp: image-iff lits-of-def dest!: is-marked-ex-Marked)
  have atms-N-M: atms-of-ms ?N \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of-l ?M
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?thesis
      then obtain l :: 'v where
        l-N: l \in atms-of-ms ?N and
        l-M: l \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l ?M
        by auto
      have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
        using l-M by (metis Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
          atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set literal.sel(1))
      have decide_{NOT} S (prepend-trail (Marked (Pos l) ()) S)
        by (metis \ (undefined-lit \ ?M \ (Pos \ l)) \ decide_{NOT}.intros \ l-N \ literal.sel(1))
          state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
      then show False
        using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> n-s by blast
    qed
  have ?M \models as CNot C
  apply (rule all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot)
    using atms-N-M \langle C \in ?N \rangle \langle \neg ?M \models a C \rangle atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[OF \langle C \in ?N \rangle]
    by (auto dest: atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono)
  have \exists l \in set ?M. is\text{-}marked l
    proof (rule ccontr)
      let ?O = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
      have \vartheta[iff]: \Lambda I. total-over-m I (?N \cup ?O \cup unmark-l ?M)
           \rightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ (?N\ \cup unmark\text{-}l\ ?M)
        unfolding total-over-set-def total-over-m-def atms-of-ms-def by blast
      assume ¬ ?thesis
      then have [simp]: \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\}
= \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
      then have ?N \cup ?O \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M
        using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied[OF decomp] by auto
      then have ?I \models s \ unmark-l \ ?M
        using cons-I' I'-N tot-I' (?I \models s ?N \cup ?O unfolding \vartheta true-clss-clss-def by blast
      then have lits-of-l ?M \subseteq ?I
        unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
      then have ?M \models as ?N
        using I'-N \ \langle C \in ?N \rangle \ \langle \neg ?M \models a \ C \rangle \ cons-I' \ atms-N-M
        by (meson \langle trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ C \rangle\ consistent-CNot-not\ rev-subsetD\ sup-ge1\ true-annot-def
          true-annots-def true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def)
      then show False using M by fast
    qed
  from List.split-list-first-propE[OF\ this] obtain K:: 'v literal and d:: unit and
    F F' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list where
    M-K: ?M = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
    nm: \forall f \in set \ F'. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ f
    unfolding is-marked-def by (metis (full-types) old.unit.exhaust)
  let ?K = Marked K ()::('v, unit, unit) marked-lit
  have ?K \in set ?M
    unfolding M-K by auto
  let ?C = image\text{-}mset \ lit\text{-}of \ \{\#L \in \#mset \ ?M. \ is\text{-}marked \ L \land L \neq ?K\#\} :: \ 'v \ literal \ multiset
```

```
let ?C' = set\text{-}mset \ (image\text{-}mset \ (\lambda L::'v \ literal. \{\#L\#\}) \ (?C + unmark \ ?K))
have ?N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\} \models ps\ unmark\text{-}l\ ?M
 using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied[OF decomp].
moreover have C': ?C' = \{unmark \ L \ | L. \ is-marked \ L \land L \in set \ ?M\}
 unfolding M-K apply standard
   apply force
 by auto
ultimately have N-C-M: ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M
 by auto
have N-M-False: ?N \cup (\lambda L. \ unmark \ L) ' (set \ ?M) \models ps \ \{\{\#\}\}\}
 using M \triangleleft ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \triangleleft \ \langle C \in ?N \rangle unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def Ball-def
 true-annot-def by (metis consistent-CNot-not sup.orderE sup-commute true-clss-def
   true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union true-clss-union-increase)
have undefined-lit F K using (no\text{-}dup ?M) unfolding M\text{-}K by (simp \ add: \ defined\text{-}lit\text{-}map)
moreover
 have ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}
   proof -
     have A: ?N \cup ?C' \cup unmark-l ?M = ?N \cup unmark-l ?M
       unfolding M-K by auto
     show ?thesis
       using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of {{#}}] N-M-False unfolding A by auto
   qed
 have ?N \models p \text{ image-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
   unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix} I
     assume
       tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (?N \cup {image-mset uminus ?C+ {#- K#}})) and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
       I \models s ?N
     have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
       using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def by (cases K) auto
     have \{a \in set \ (trail \ S). \ is\text{-marked} \ a \land a \neq Marked \ K \ ()\} =
      set (trail S) \cap {L. is-marked L \land L \neq Marked K ()}
      by auto
     then have tot': total-over-set I
        (atm\text{-}of 'lit\text{-}of '(set ?M \cap \{L. is\text{-}marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\}))
       using tot by (auto simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
     { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit}
       assume
         a3: lit-of x \notin I and
         a1: x \in set ?M and
         a4: is\text{-}marked x \text{ and }
         a5: x \neq Marked K ()
       then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
         using a5 a4 tot' a1 unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by blast
       moreover have f6: Neg (atm-of (lit-of x)) = - Pos (atm-of (lit-of x))
         by simp
       ultimately have - lit-of x \in I
         using f6 a3 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
           literal.sel(1)
     } note H = this
     have \neg I \models s ?C'
```

```
using \langle ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{ \{ \# \} \} \rangle tot cons \langle I \models s ?N \rangle
            unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
            by (simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
           then show I \models image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
            unfolding true-cls-def true-cls-def Bex-def
            using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
            by (auto dest!: H)
         qed
     moreover have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
       using nm unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def M-K by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
     ultimately have False
       using bj-merge-can-jump[of S\ F'\ K\ F\ C\ -K
        image-mset uminus (image-mset lit-of \{\# L : \# \text{ mset } ?M. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\#\}\}
         \langle C \in ?N \rangle n-s \langle ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle bj-backjump inv unfolding M-K
         by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.simps)
       then show ?thesis by fast
   qed auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state:
  fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
  assumes
   full: full\ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S\ T and
   atms-S: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses_{NOT} S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)))
proof -
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast+
  then have st: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv n-d by auto
 have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-trail-clauses-bound[OF st inv n-d atms-S atms-trail] by blast+
 moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup inv n-d st by blast
  moreover have inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv st by blast
 moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies inv st decomp n-d by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state[of T A] (finite A) n-s by fast
qed
```

 \mathbf{end}

16.7 Instantiations

In this section, we instantiate the previous locales to ensure that the assumption are not contradictory.

 $\label{eq:localecond} \textbf{locale} \ \ cdcl_{NOT} \text{-} with \text{-} backtrack \text{-} and \text{-} restarts =$

```
conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnt
    mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    inv backjump-conds propagate-conds learn-restrictions forget-restrictions
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ {\bf and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    backjump\text{-}conds:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    learn-restrictions forget-restrictions :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
    +
  \mathbf{fixes}\ f::\ nat \Rightarrow\ nat
  assumes
    unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1: \land n. n \ge 1 \Longrightarrow f n \ge 1 and
    inv\text{-restart:} \land S \ T. \ inv \ S \Longrightarrow \ T \sim reduce\text{-trail-to}_{NOT} \ ([]::'a \ list) \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
lemma bound-inv-inv:
  assumes
    inv S and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
    atms-clss-S-A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    atms-trail-S-A:atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    finite A and
    cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT} S T
  \mathbf{shows}
    atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A and
    finite A
proof -
  have cdcl_{NOT} S T
    using \langle inv S \rangle cdcl_{NOT} by linarith
  then have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT}\ T) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail\ S)
    by (meson conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-ms-clauses-decreasing
      conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops-axioms n-d)
  then show atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    using atms-clss-S-A atms-trail-S-A by blast
next
  show atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
    by (meson (inv S) atms-clss-S-A atms-trail-S-A cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set n-d)
```

```
next
  show finite A
   using \langle finite \ A \rangle by simp
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops \lambda S T. T \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> ([]::'a list) S cdcl_{NOT} f
  \lambda A S. atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \wedge atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \wedge
 finite A
 \mu_{CDCL}' \lambda S. inv S \wedge no-dup (trail S)
 \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
 apply unfold-locales
          apply (simp add: unbounded)
         using f-ge-1 apply force
        using bound-inv-inv apply meson
       apply (rule cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure'; simp)
       apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound; simp)
      apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing; simp)
     apply auto
   apply auto[]
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup apply blast
  using inv-restart apply auto[]
  done
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
    cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
     inv T
     no-dup (trail T) and
   bound-inv:
     atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
     atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A V \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv bound-inv
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct[OF cdcl_{NOT}])
  case (1 m S T n U) note U = this(3)
  show ?case
   \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT} - \mu_{CDCL} \ '\text{-}bound\text{-}\mathit{reduce-trail-to}_{NOT}[\mathit{of} \ S \ T])
        using \langle (cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T \rangle apply (fastforce dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
       using 1 by auto
next
  case (2 S T n) note full = this(2)
 show ?case
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound)
   using full 2 unfolding full1-def by force+
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
    cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
     inv T
     no-dup (trail T) and
    bound-inv:
```

```
atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
     atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
     finite A
 shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A \ V \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A \ T
 using cdcl_{NOT}-inv bound-inv
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct[OF cdcl_{NOT}])
 case (1 m S T n U) note U = this(3)
 have \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
    apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing)
        using \langle (cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T \rangle apply (fastforce dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
       using 1 by auto
 then show ?case using U unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
next
 case (2 S T n) note full = this(2)
 show ?case
   apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing)
   using full 2 unfolding full1-def by force+
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts - - - - -
   \lambda S \ T. \ T \sim reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ ([]::'a \ list) \ S
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
    \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}' \ cdcl_{NOT}
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
 apply unfold-locales
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply simp
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply simp
  done
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
    inv (fst S) and
   no-dup (trail (fst S))
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst T)))
  using assms apply (induction)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies by (auto dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp
   simp: full1-def)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   decomp:
     all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows
    all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst T)))
  using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case using decomp by simp
```

```
next
  case (step \ T \ u) note st = this(1) and r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by blast
  moreover have no-dup (trail\ (fst\ T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by blast
 ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies r IH n-d by fast
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes
   st: cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   inv: inv (fst S)
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ T)
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case (restart-step m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
 then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff n-d by (fastforce dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
next
 case restart-full
 then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff unfolding full1-def
 by (fastforce dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff:
 fixes S T :: 'st \times nat
 assumes
   st: cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} \ S \ T \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   inv: inv (fst S)
 shows I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ (fst \ T)
 using st
proof (induction)
 case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by blast+
 moreover have no-dup (trail\ (fst\ T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup st inv n-d by blast
  ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff[OF r] IH by blast
qed
theorem full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-backjump-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, n) (T, m) and
   \mathit{atms-S} \colon \mathit{atms-of-mm} \ (\mathit{clauses}_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-ms} \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
```

```
fin-A[simp]: finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \vee (lits-of-l (trail T) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)))
proof -
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} (S, n) (T, m) and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, m)
   using full unfolding full-def by fast+
  have binv-T: atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
   \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}with\text{-}restart\text{-}bound\text{-}inv[OF\ st,\ of\ A]\ inv\ n\text{-}d\ atms\text{-}S\ atms\text{-}trail}
   by auto
 moreover have inv-T: no-dup (trail T) inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by auto
 moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies [OF st] inv n-d
   decomp by auto
  ultimately have T: unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)))
   using no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>[of (T, m) A] n-s
   cdcl_{NOT}-final-state[of T A] unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by auto
 have eq-sat-S-T:\bigwedge I. I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff [OF st] inv n-d atms-S
       atms-trail by auto
  have cons-T: consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail T))
   using inv-T(1) distinct-consistent-interp by blast
  consider
     (unsat) unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T))
    \mid (sat) \ trail \ T \models asm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T \ and \ satisfiable \ (set\text{-mset} \ (clauses_{NOT} \ T))
   using T by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case unsat
     then have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
       using eq-sat-S-T consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext
       unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by fast
   next
     case sat
     then have lits-of-l (trail T) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S
       using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff[OF st] inv n-d atms-S
       atms-trail by (auto simp: true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext true-annots-true-cls)
     moreover then have satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
         using cons-T consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable by blast
     ultimately show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
end — end of cdcl_{NOT}-with-backtrack-and-restarts locale
The restart does only reset the trail, contrary to Weidenbach's version where forget and restart
are always combined. But there is a forget rule.
locale\ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-with-backtrack-restarts =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
```

mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss

```
trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    \lambda C \ C' \ L' \ S \ T. \ distinct\text{-mset} \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \land backjump\text{-l-cond} \ C \ C' \ L' \ S \ T
    propagate\text{-}conds\ forget\text{-}conds\ inv
  for
     mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}conds::('v, unit, unit) marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    forget\text{-}conds :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
    +
  fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
  assumes
    unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1: \land n. n \ge 1 \implies f n \ge 1 and
    inv\text{-restart:} \land S \ T. \ inv \ S \Longrightarrow \ T \sim reduce\text{-trail-to}_{NOT} \ [] \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
definition not-simplified-cls A = \{ \#C \in \# A. \ tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct-mset \ C \# \}
lemma simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls:
  assumes atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    x \in \# clauses_{NOT} S and finite A
  shows x \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A) \lor x \in \# not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls (clauses_{NOT} S)
proof -
  consider
       (simpl) \neg tautology x  and distinct-mset x
     | (n\text{-}simp) \ tautology \ x \lor \neg distinct\text{-}mset \ x
    by auto
  then show ?thesis
    proof cases
       case simpl
       then have x \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
         by (meson assms atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-mono
           distinct\hbox{-}mset\hbox{-}not\hbox{-}tautology\hbox{-}implies\hbox{-}in\hbox{-}simple\hbox{-}clss\ finite\hbox{-}subset
           subsetCE)
       then show ?thesis by blast
    next
       case n-simp
       then have x \in \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
         using \langle x \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \rangle unfolding not-simplified-cls-def by auto
       then show ?thesis by blast
    \mathbf{qed}
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
    inv: inv S and
    atms-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    atms-trail: atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite A
  shows set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses_{NOT} \ S))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
  case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT}
  then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by (force dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
next
  case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>
  then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by (force dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
next
  case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub>
  then show ?case using clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> unfolding state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def
   by (force elim!: forget_{NOT}E dest: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l T) note bj = this(1) and inv = this(2) and
   atms-clss = this(3) and atms-trail = this(4) and n-d = this(5)
  have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT})
   using bj inv cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.simps n-d by blast+
  have atm\text{-}of '(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail T)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\mathit{-trail-clauses-bound}[\mathit{OF}\ \langle \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}^{**}\ S\ T\rangle]\ \mathit{inv}\ \mathit{atms-trail}\ \mathit{atms-clss}
   n-d by auto
  have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{trail-clauses-bound}[\mathit{OF} \ \ \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{**} \ \ \mathit{S} \ \ \mathit{T} \ \ \mathit{inv} \ \mathit{n-d} \ \mathit{atms-clss} \ \mathit{atms-trail}]
  moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \ \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \ inv \ n-d] by fast
  obtain F' K F L l C' C D where
    tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
    T: T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L l) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} D S)) and
    C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S and
   trail S \models as CNot C  and
   undef: undefined-lit F L and
    clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
    F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
    D: mset-cls \ D = C' + \{\#L\#\} \ and
    dist: distinct\text{-}mset \ (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \ \mathbf{and}
    tauto: \neg tautology (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
    backjump-l-cond C C' L S T
   using \langle backjump-l | S | T \rangle apply (elim \ backjump-lE) by auto
  have atms-of C' \subseteq atm-of ' (lits-of-l F)
   using \langle F \models as\ CNot\ C' \rangle by (simp\ add:\ atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
      atms-of-def image-subset-iff in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
```

```
then have atms-of (C'+\{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using T \land atm\text{-}of \land lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \land tr\text{-}S \ undef \ n\text{-}d \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
  then have simple-clss (atms-of (C' + \{\#L\#\})) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   apply - by (rule simple-clss-mono) (simp-all)
  then have C' + \{\#L\#\} \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
   using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss[OF dist tauto]
   by auto
  then show ?case
   using T inv atms-clss undef tr-S n-d D by (force dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
  shows (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) \subseteq \# (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
  using assms apply induction
  prefer 4
  unfolding not-simplified-cls-def apply (auto elim!: backjump-lE forget<sub>NOT</sub>E)[3]
  by (elim backjump-lE) auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing:
  assumes cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
  shows (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)) \subseteq \#\ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S))
  using assms apply induction
   apply simp
  by (drule\ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}clauses\text{-}bound:}
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
    inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite[simp]: finite A
  shows set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
  using assms(1-5)
proof induction
  case base
  then show ?case by (auto dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
  case (step\ T\ U) note st=this(1) and cdcl_{NOT}=this(2) and IH=this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)] and
   inv = this(4) and atms-clss-S = this(5) and atms-trail-S = this(6) and finite-cls-S = this(7)
  have st': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv st n-d by blast
  have inv T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv st n-d by blast
  moreover
   have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
     atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
     using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-trail-clauses-bound[OF st'] inv atms-clss-S atms-trail-S n-d
     by blast+
  moreover moreover have no-dup (trail T)
    using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \land cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \land inv n-d] by fast
  ultimately have set-mset (clauses_{NOT} U)
```

```
\subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   using cdcl_{NOT} finite cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound)
  moreover have set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing [OF\ st] by auto
  ultimately show ?case using IH inv atms-clss-S
   by (auto dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
qed
abbreviation \mu_{CDCL}'-bound where
\mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T \equiv ((2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))) * 2
     + \ card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses_{NOT} \ T)))
    + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
    inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof
  have set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls(clauses_{NOT} \ S))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound[OF assms].
  moreover have card (set-mset (not-simplified-cls(clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
     \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses_{NOT} \ S))) + 3 \ \widehat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
   by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card card-Un-le finite
     nat-add-left-cancel-le)
  ultimately have card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses_{NOT} \ S))) + 3 \ \hat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
   by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-finite card-mono
     finite-UnI finite-set-mset local.finite)
  moreover have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T) * 2
    \leq (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def by auto
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops \lambda S T. T \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> ([::'a list) S
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn f
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
    \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}'-merged
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
  apply unfold-locales
             using unbounded apply simp
            using f-ge-1 apply force
           \mathbf{apply}\ (blast\ dest!:\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}is\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl}_{NOT}\ tranclp\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp
             rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound)
```

```
apply (simp\ add: cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure')
         using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card apply blast
         \mathbf{apply}\ (\mathit{drule}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing})
         apply (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)[]
      apply simp
     apply auto
    using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv cdcl-merged-inv apply blast
   apply (auto simp: inv-restart)[]
   done
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-merged-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart T V
   inv (fst T) and
   no-dup (trail (fst T)) and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail (fst T)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A and
 shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A (fst V) \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst T)
 using assms
proof induction
 case (restart-full S T n)
 show ?case
   unfolding fst-conv
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card)
   using restart-full unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)+
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and inv = this(4) and
   n-d = this(5) and atms-clss = this(6) and atms-trail = this(7) and finite = this(8)
  then have st': cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (blast dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have st'': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv n-d apply – by (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>) auto
 have inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
     using inv st' n-d by auto
  then have inv U
   using U by (auto simp: inv-restart)
 have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF st''] inv atms-clss atms-trail n-d
   by simp
  then have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ U) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using U by simp
  have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
   using \langle U \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \ [] \ T \rangle by auto
  moreover have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
   using \langle (cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T \rangle by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  ultimately have U-S: not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
   by auto
  have (set\text{-}mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ U))
   \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound)
        apply simp
```

```
using \langle inv | U \rangle apply simp
      using \langle atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ U) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \rangle apply simp
      using U apply simp
    using U apply simp
   using finite apply simp
   done
  then have f1: card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} \ U)) \leq card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls (clauses_{NOT} \ U))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
   by (simp add: simple-clss-finite card-mono local.finite)
  moreover have set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
    \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   using U-S by auto
  then have f2:
    card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls\ (clauses_{NOT}\ U)) \cup simple\text{-}clss\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A))
      \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)) \cup simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A))
   by (simp add: simple-clss-finite card-mono local.finite)
  moreover have card (set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
     \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S))) + card \ (simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A))
   using card-Un-le by blast
  moreover have card (simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)) \leq 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A)
   using atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card local.finite by blast
  ultimately have card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S))) + 3 \ \widehat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
   by linarith
 then show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def by auto
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart T V and
   no-dup (trail (fst T)) and
   inv (fst T) and
   fin: finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst V) \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst T)
  using assms(1-3)
proof induction
  case (restart-full S T n)
  have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
   using \langle full1 \ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T \rangle unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  then show ?case by (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and n-d = this(4) and
    inv = this(5)
  then have st': cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (blast dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have st'': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv n-d apply - by (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>) auto
  have inv T
   \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merged-bj-learn-inv})
      using inv st' n-d by auto
```

```
then have inv U
   using U by (auto simp: inv-restart)
  have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
   using \langle U \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \mid T \rangle by auto
  moreover have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
   using \langle (cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn \ ^{\sim} m) \ S \ T \rangle by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  ultimately have U-S: not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
   by auto
  then show ?case by (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts - - - - -
  \lambda S T. T \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} ([]::'a list) S
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
    \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}'-merged cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S)
  \lambda A \ T. \ ((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \ \widehat{\ } (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))) * 2
    + card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses_{NOT} T)))
    + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A)
  apply unfold-locales
    using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-merged-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply force
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound by fastforce
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
    no-dup (trail (fst S))
    inv (fst S)
  shows I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \longleftrightarrow I \ \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ (fst \ T)
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
  case (restart\text{-}full\ S\ T\ n)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def)
  then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff restart-full.prems(1,2)
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
next
  case (restart-step m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (auto simp: tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff restart-step.prems(1,2)
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
  moreover have I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ U
   using restart-step.hyps(3) by auto
  ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
```

```
inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S))
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ T)
 using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step \ T \ U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T) and no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using st inv n-d by blast+
  then have I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ T) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ U)
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff cdcl by blast
 then show ?case using IH by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ S)))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
 using assms
proof (induction)
  case (restart-full S T n) note full = this(1) and inv = this(2) and n-d = this(3) and
   decomp = this(4)
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn T
   using full unfolding full1-def by (fast dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)+
 have st': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv st n-d by auto
  have inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv[OF\ st]\ inv\ n-d\ by\ auto
 then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies [OF - - n-d decomp] st' inv by auto
 case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and inv = this(4) and
   n-d = this(5) and decomp = this(6)
 show ?case using U by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ S)))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case using decomp by simp
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
    inv = this(4) and n-d = this(5) and decomp = this(6)
  have inv (fst T) and no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using st inv n-d by blast+
  then show ?case
   using cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m[OF cdcl] IH by auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-normal-form:
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S))) and
   atms-cls: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} (fst S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail (fst S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   fin: finite A
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
   \vee lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
proof -
  have inv-T: inv (fst T) and n-d-T: no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using full inv n-d unfolding full-def by blast+
  moreover have
   atms-cls-T: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail-T: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-with-restart-bound-inv[of S T A] full atms-cls atms-trail fin inv n-d
   unfolding full-def by blast+
  ultimately have no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn (fst T)
   apply -
   apply (rule no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>[of - A])
      using full unfolding full-def apply simp
     apply simp
   using fin apply simp
   done
  moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T))
   (qet-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m[of S T] inv n-d decomp
   full unfolding full-def by auto
  ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)))
   \vee trail (fst T) \models asm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)))
   apply (rule cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state)
   using atms-cls-T atms-trail-T fin n-d-T fin inv-T by blast+
  then consider
     (unsat) unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} (fst T)))
     (sat) trail (fst T) \models asm clauses_{NOT} (fst T)  and satisfiable (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} (fst T)))
   by auto
  then show unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
   \vee lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
   proof cases
     case unsat
     then have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
       unfolding satisfiable-def apply auto
       \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\mathit{-restart-eq-sat-iff}[\mathit{of}\ S\ T\ ]\ \mathit{full}\ \mathit{inv}\ \mathit{n-d}
       consistent\hbox{-}true\hbox{-}clss\hbox{-}ext\hbox{-}satisfiable\ true\hbox{-}clss\hbox{-}imp\hbox{-}true\hbox{-}cls\hbox{-}ext
```

```
unfolding satisfiable-def full-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by blast
   next
     case sat
     then have lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)
       using true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
     then have lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)
      using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff [of S T] full inv n-d unfolding full-def by blast
     moreover then have satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
      using consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable distinct-consistent-interp n-d-T by fast
     ultimately show ?thesis by fast
   qed
qed
corollary full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-normal-form-init-state:
 assumes
   init-state: trail\ S = []\ clauses_{NOT}\ S = N and
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, \theta) T and
   inv: inv S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
   \vee lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm N \wedge satisfiable (set-mset N)
 using full-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-normal-form[of (S, \theta) T] assms by auto
end
end
theory DPLL-NOT
imports CDCL-NOT
begin
17
       DPLL as an instance of NOT
```

DPLL with simple backtrack 17.1

```
We are using a concrete couple instead of an abstract state.
```

```
locale dpll-with-backtrack
begin
inductive \ \textit{backtrack} :: (\textit{'v}, \textit{unit}, \textit{unit}) \ \textit{marked-lit list} \times \textit{'v} \ \textit{clauses}
  \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list \times 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool where
backtrack-split (fst S) = (M', L \# M) \Longrightarrow is-marked L \Longrightarrow D \in \# snd S
  \implies fst S \models as \ CNot \ D \implies backtrack \ S \ (Propagated \ (- (lit-of \ L)) \ () \# M, \ snd \ S)
inductive-cases backtrackE[elim]: backtrack (M, N) (M', N')
lemma backtrack-is-backjump:
  fixes MM' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
  assumes
    backtrack: backtrack (M, N) (M', N') and
    no-dup: (no-dup \circ fst) (M, N) and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ N \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ M)
    shows
        \exists C F' K F L l C'.
           M = F' \otimes Marked K () \# F \wedge
           M' = Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F \land N = N' \land C \in \# \ N \land F' @ Marked \ K \ d \ \# \ F \models as \ CNot \ C \land
           \textit{undefined-lit} \ \textit{F} \ \textit{L} \ \land \ \textit{atm-of} \ \textit{L} \in \textit{atms-of-mm} \ \textit{N} \ \cup \ \textit{atm-of} \ \textit{`lits-of-l} \ (\textit{F'} \ @ \ \textit{Marked} \ \textit{K} \ \textit{d} \ \# \ \textit{F}) \ \land \\
           N \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as CNot C'
```

```
proof -
 let ?S = (M, N)
 let ?T = (M', N')
 obtain F F' P L D where
   b-sp: backtrack-split M = (F', L \# F) and
   is-marked L and
   D \in \# \ snd \ ?S \ and
   M \models as \ CNot \ D and
   bt: backtrack ?S (Propagated (- (lit-of L)) P \# F, N) and
   M': M' = Propagated (- (lit-of L)) P # F and
   [simp]: N' = N
  using backtrackE[OF backtrack] by (metis backtrack fstI sndI)
 let ?K = lit - of L
 let C = image\text{-mset lit-of } \{\#K \in \#mset M. is\text{-marked } K \land K \neq L\#\} :: 'v \text{ literal multiset } \}
 let ?C' = set\text{-}mset \ (image\text{-}mset \ single \ (?C+\{\#?K\#\}))
 obtain K where L: L = Marked K () using \langle is-marked L \rangle by (cases L) auto
 have M: M = F' @ Marked K () \# F
   using b-sp by (metis L backtrack-split-list-eq fst-conv snd-conv)
  moreover have F' @ Marked K () \# F \models as CNot D
   using \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M.
  moreover have undefined-lit F(-?K)
   using no-dup unfolding M L by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
  moreover have atm-of (-K) \in atms-of-mm \ N \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l \ (F' @ Marked \ K \ d \ \# \ F)
   by auto
 moreover
   have set-mset N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}
     proof -
       have A: set-mset N \cup ?C' \cup unmark-l M =
         set-mset N \cup unmark-l M
         unfolding M L by auto
       have set-mset N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M\}
           \models ps \ unmark-l \ M
         \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied} [\mathit{OF} \ \mathit{decomp}] \ \boldsymbol{.}
       moreover have C': ?C' = \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
         unfolding M L apply standard
           apply force
         using IntI by auto
       ultimately have N-C-M: set-mset N \cup ?C' \models ps \ unmark-l \ M
         by auto
       have set-mset N \cup (\lambda L. \{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\}) ' (set M) \models ps \{\{\#\}\}
         unfolding true-clss-clss-def
         proof (intro allI impI, goal-cases)
           case (1 I) note tot = this(1) and cons = this(2) and I-N-M = this(3)
           have I \models D
             using I-N-M \langle D \in \# \ snd \ ?S \rangle unfolding true\text{-}clss\text{-}def by auto
          moreover have I \models s \ CNot \ D
            using \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M by (metis \ 1(3) \ \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle)
               true-annots-true-cls true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def
               true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union)
          ultimately show ?case using cons consistent-CNot-not by blast
         qed
       then show ?thesis
         using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of \{\{\#\}\}\} unfolding A by auto
     qed
```

```
have N \models pm \ image-mset \ uminus \ ?C + \{\#-?K\#\}
      unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
      proof (intro allI impI)
       \mathbf{fix} I
       assume
         tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (set-mset N \cup \{image-mset\ uminus\ ?C + \{\#-\ ?K\#\}\})) and
          cons: consistent-interp I and
          I \models sm N
       have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
          using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def L by (cases K) auto
        have \{a \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ a \land a \neq Marked \ K\ ()\} =
          set M \cap \{L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\}
          by auto
        then have
          tI: total\text{-}over\text{-}set\ I\ (atm\text{-}of\ `it\text{-}of\ `(set\ M\cap\{L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L\wedge L\neq Marked\ K\ d\}))
          using tot by (auto simp add: L atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
        then have H: \Lambda x.
            lit\text{-}of \ x \notin I \Longrightarrow x \in set \ M \Longrightarrow is\text{-}marked \ x
            \implies x \neq Marked \ K \ d \implies -lit \text{-} of \ x \in I
          proof -
            \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit
            assume a1: x \neq Marked \ K \ d
           assume a2: is-marked x
            assume a3: x \in set M
           assume a4: lit-of x \notin I
            have atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of x) \in atm\text{-}of ' lit\text{-}of '
              (set\ M\cap \{m.\ is\text{-}marked\ m\land m\neq Marked\ K\ d\})
             using a3 a2 a1 by blast
            then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
              using tI unfolding total-over-set-def by blast
            then show - lit-of x \in I
              using a4 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
                literal.sel(1,2)
          qed
        have \neg I \models s ?C'
          \mathbf{using} \ \langle set\text{-}mset \ N \ \cup \ ?C' \models ps \ \{\{\#\}\} \rangle \ tot \ cons \ \langle I \models sm \ N \rangle
          unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
          by (simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
        then show I \models image\text{-}mset\ uminus\ ?C + \{\#-\ lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}
          unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def
          using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
          unfolding L by (auto dest!: H)
      qed
 moreover
    have set F' \cap \{K. \text{ is-marked } K \land K \neq L\} = \{\}
      using backtrack-split-fst-not-marked[of - M] b-sp by auto
    then have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
      unfolding M CNot-def true-annots-def by (auto simp add: L lits-of-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using M' \langle D \in \# snd ?S \rangle L by force
lemma backtrack-is-backjump':
 fixes M M' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
```

qed

```
assumes
   backtrack: backtrack S T and
   no-dup: (no-dup \circ fst) S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (snd S) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (fst S))
       \exists C F' K F L l C'.
         fst \ S = F' \ @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land
         T = (Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F, \ snd \ S) \land C \in \# \ snd \ S \land fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
         \land undefined-lit F \ L \land atm-of L \in atm-of-mm (snd S) \cup atm-of ' lits-of-l (fst S) \land
         snd S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as CNot C'
 apply (cases S, cases T)
 using backtrack-is-backjump[of fst S snd S fst T snd T] assms by fastforce
{f sublocale}\ dpll-state
  id \lambda L C. C + \{\#L\#\} remove1-mset
  id op + op \in \# \lambda L \ C. \ C + \{\#L\#\} \ remove1-mset
 fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
 \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 by unfold-locales (auto simp: ac-simps)
sublocale backjumping-ops
  id \lambda L C. C + \{\#L\#\} remove1-mset
  id op + op \in \# \lambda L \ C. \ C + \{\#L\#\} \ remove1\text{-}mset
 fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
 \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset\ C\ N) \lambda---S\ T.\ backtrack\ S\ T
 by unfold-locales
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-snd:
  snd (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S) = snd S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.induct)
 by (cases S, rename-tac F Sa, case-tac Sa)
   (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>:
  reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S =
   (if \ length \ (fst \ S) \ge length \ F
   then drop (length (fst S) – length F) (fst S)
   else [],
   snd S) (is ?R = ?C)
proof -
 have ?R = (fst ?R, snd ?R)
   by auto
 also have (fst ?R, snd ?R) = ?C
   by (auto simp: trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-drop reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-snd)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma backtrack-is-backjump":
 fixes M M' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
   backtrack:\ backtrack\ S\ T and
   no\text{-}dup: (no\text{-}dup \circ fst) \ S \ \text{and}
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (snd S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (fst S))
   shows backjump S T
proof -
```

```
obtain C F' K F L l C' where
    1: fst S = F' @ Marked K () \# F and
   2: T = (Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F, \ snd \ S) and
   3: C \in \# snd S and
   4: fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \ and
   5: undefined-lit F L and
   6: atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (snd\ S) \cup atm\text{-}of\ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (fst\ S)\ and
    7: snd S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
   8: F \models as CNot C'
  using backtrack-is-backjump'[OF assms] by force
 show ?thesis
   apply (cases S)
   using backjump.intros[OF 1 - - 4 5 - - 8, of T] 2 backtrack 1 5 3 6 7
   by (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-drop
     reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> simp\ del:\ state-simp_{NOT})
qed
lemma can-do-bt-step:
  assumes
    M: fst \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ d \ \# \ F \ and
    C \in \# \ snd \ S \ \mathbf{and}
    C: fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
  shows \neg no-step backtrack S
proof -
 obtain L G' G where
   backtrack-split (fst S) = (G', L \# G)
   unfolding M by (induction F' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
 moreover then have is-marked L
    by (metis\ backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(1)\ snd-conv)
 ultimately show ?thesis
    using backtrack.intros[of S G' L G C] \langle C \in \# \text{ snd } S \rangle C unfolding M by auto
qed
end
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq dpll-with-backjumping-ops
   id \lambda L C. C + {\#L\#} remove1-mset
   id\ op\ +\ op\ \in \#\ \lambda L\ C.\ C\ +\ \{\#L\#\}\ remove 1\text{-}mset
   fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
  \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 \lambda- -. True
 apply unfold-locales
 by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) case-prod-beta comp-def dpll-with-backtrack.backtrack-is-backjump"
   dpll-with-backtrack.can-do-bt-step id-apply)
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq dpll-with-backjumping
   id \lambda L C. C + {\#L\#} remove1-mset
   id\ op + op \in \# \lambda L\ C.\ C + \{\#L\#\}\ remove1\text{-}mset
   fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
 \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, {#C#} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 \lambda- -. True
```

```
apply unfold-locales
 using dpll-bj-no-dup dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv apply fastforce
{f context}\ dpll	ext{-}with	ext{-}backtrack
begin
term learn
end
context dpll-with-backtrack
begin
{f lemma} wf-tranclp-dpll-inital-state:
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{((M'::('v, unit, unit) marked-lits, N'::'v clauses), ([], N))|M' N' N.
   dpll-bj^{++} ([], N) (M', N') \land atms-of-mm N \subseteq atms-of-ms A}
 using wf-tranclp-dpll-bj[OF assms(1)] by (rule wf-subset) auto
corollary full-dpll-final-state-conclusive:
 fixes MM':: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj ([], N) (M', N')
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N) \vee (M' \models asm N \wedge satisfiable (set-mset N))
 using assms full-dpll-backjump-final-state of ([],N) (M',N') set-mset N by auto
corollary full-dpll-normal-form-from-init-state:
 fixes MM':: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj ([], N) (M', N')
 shows M' \models asm \ N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset \ N)
proof -
 have no-dup M'
   using rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup[of([], N)(M', N')]
   full unfolding full-def by auto
 then have M' \models asm N \implies satisfiable (set-mset N)
   using distinct-consistent-interp satisfiable-carac' true-annots-true-cls by blast
 then show ?thesis
  using full-dpll-final-state-conclusive[OF full] by auto
qed
interpretation conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops
   id \lambda L C. C + {\#L\#} remove1-mset
   id\ op + op \in \# \lambda L\ C.\ C + \{\#L\#\}\ remove1\text{-}mset
   fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
 \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, {#C#} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 \lambda- -. True \lambda- -. False \lambda- -. False
 by unfold-locales
interpretation conflict-driven-clause-learning
   id \lambda L C. C + {\#L\#} remove1-mset
   id\ op + op \in \# \lambda L\ C.\ C + \{\#L\#\}\ remove1\text{-}mset
   fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
  \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
```

```
\lambda(M,N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M) \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T \lambda- -. True \lambda- -. False \lambda- -. False apply unfold-locales using cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup by fastforce lemma cdcl_{NOT}-is-dpll: cdcl_{NOT} S T \longleftrightarrow dpll-bj S T by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}.simps learn.simps forget_{NOT}.simps) Another proof of termination: lemma wf \{(T, S). dpll-bj S T \wedge cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S} unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-is-dpll[symmetric] by (rule wf-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain) (auto simp: learn.simps forget_{NOT}.simps) end
```

17.2 Adding restarts

This was mainly a test whether it was possible to instantiate the assumption of the locale.

```
locale dpll-with backtrack-and-restarts =
  dpll-with-backtrack +
 fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
 assumes unbounded: unbounded f and f-qe-1:\langle n, n \rangle 1 \implies f n \rangle 1
begin
  sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts
    id \lambda L C. C + {\#L\#} remove1-mset
   id\ op + op \in \# \lambda L\ C.\ C + \{\#L\#\}\ remove1\text{-}mset
 fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
   \lambda C (M, N). (M, \#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset\ C\ N) f \lambda(-, N) S. S = ([], N)
  \lambda A \ (M,\ N). \ atms-of-mm \ N \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \wedge atm-of \ `lits-of-l \ M \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \wedge finite \ A
   \land all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}m\ N\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\ M)}
  \lambda A \ T. \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ \widehat{\ } \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A))
              -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T) dpll-bj
  \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
  \lambda A -. (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
 apply unfold-locales
         apply (rule unbounded)
        using f-ge-1 apply fastforce
       apply (smt dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set
         dpll-bj-clauses id-apply prod.case-eq-if)
      apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop; auto)
     apply (rename-tac A T U, case-tac T, simp)
    apply (rename-tac A T U, case-tac U, simp)
   using dpll-bj-clauses dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv dpll-bj-no-dup by fastforce+
end
end
theory DPLL-W
imports Main Partial-Clausal-Logic Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic List-More Wellfounded-More
  DPLL-NOT
begin
```

18 DPLL

18.1 Rules

```
type-synonym 'a dpll_W-marked-lit = ('a, unit, unit) marked-lit
type-synonym 'a dpll_W-marked-lits = ('a, unit, unit) marked-lits
type-synonym 'v dpll_W-state = 'v dpll_W-marked-lits \times 'v clauses
abbreviation trail :: 'v \ dpll_W-state \Rightarrow 'v \ dpll_W-marked-lits where
trail \equiv fst
abbreviation clauses :: 'v dpll_W-state \Rightarrow 'v clauses where
clauses \equiv snd
The definition of DPLL is given in figure 2.13 page 70 of CW.
inductive dpll_W :: 'v \ dpll_W \text{-state} \Rightarrow 'v \ dpll_W \text{-state} \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
propagate: C + \#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \Longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot C \Longrightarrow undefined-lit (trail S) L
  \implies dpll_W \ S \ (Propagated \ L \ () \ \# \ trail \ S, \ clauses \ S)
decided: undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S)
  \implies dpll_W \ S \ (Marked \ L \ () \ \# \ trail \ S, \ clauses \ S) \ |
backtrack: backtrack-split (trail S) = (M', L \# M) \Longrightarrow is-marked L \Longrightarrow D \in \# clauses S
 \implies trail S \models as \ CNot \ D \implies dpll_W \ S \ (Propagated \ (- \ (lit-of \ L)) \ () \# M, \ clauses \ S)
18.2
         Invariants
lemma dpll_W-distinct-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll<sub>W</sub>.induct)
 case (decided L S)
 then show ?case using defined-lit-map by force
next
 case (propagate \ C \ L \ S)
 then show ?case using defined-lit-map by force
next
  case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D) note extracted = this(1) and no\text{-}dup = this(5)
 show ?case
   using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by auto
qed
lemma dpll_W-consistent-interp-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S))
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S'))
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
 case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D) note extracted = this(1) and marked = this(2) and D = this(4) and
   cons = this(5) and no\text{-}dup = this(6)
 have no-dup': no-dup M
   by (metis (no-types) backtrack-split-list-eq distinct.simps(2) distinct-append extracted
     list.simps(9) map-append no-dup snd-conv)
  then have insert (lit-of L) (lits-of-l M) \subseteq lits-of-l (trail S)
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by auto
  then have cons: consistent-interp (insert (lit-of L) (lits-of-l M))
```

```
using consistent-interp-subset cons by blast
  moreover
   have lit\text{-}of\ L\notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
     using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] extracted
     unfolding lits-of-def by force
  moreover
   have atm\text{-}of\ (-lit\text{-}of\ L) \notin (\lambda m.\ atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ m)) 'set M
     using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by force
   then have -lit-of L \notin lits-of-lM
     unfolding lits-of-def by force
 ultimately show ?case by simp
qed (auto intro: consistent-add-undefined-lit-consistent)
lemma dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses\ S)
 shows atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S')) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
 case (backtrack S M' L M D)
  then have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses\ S)
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] by auto
 moreover
   have atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (clauses\ S)
     using backtrack(5) by simp
   then have \Lambda xb. xb \in set M \Longrightarrow atm-of (lit-of xb) \in atms-of-mm (clauses S)
     using backtrack-split-list-eq[symmetric, of trail S] backtrack.hyps(1)
     unfolding lits-of-def by auto
 ultimately show ?case by (auto simp : lits-of-def)
qed (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
\mathbf{lemma}\ atms-of\text{-}ms\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}atms\text{-}of\text{:}\ atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ ((\lambda a.\ \{\#lit\text{-}of\ a\#\})\ `\ c)=\ atm\text{-}of\ `\ lit\text{-}of\ `\ c
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def using image-iff by force
Lemma theorem 2.8.2 page 71 of CW
lemma dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (clauses\ S)
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
  case (decided L S)
  then show ?case unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by simp
next
  case (propagate C L S) note inS = this(1) and cnot = this(2) and IH = this(4) and undef =
this(3) and atms-incl = this(5)
 let ?I = set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) (trail S)) \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S)
 have ?I \models p C + \{\#L\#\} by (auto simp add: inS)
 moreover have ?I \models ps\ CNot\ C using true-annots-true-clss-cls cnot by fastforce
 ultimately have ?I \models p \{\#L\#\} using true-clss-cls-plus-CNot[of ?I \ C \ L] in by blast
   assume get-all-marked-decomposition (trail\ S) = []
   then have ?case by blast
  }
```

```
moreover {
   assume n: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) \neq []
   have 1: \bigwedge a b. (a, b) \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
     \implies (unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses S)) \models ps unmark-l b
     using IH unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (fastforce simp add: list.set-set(2) n)
   moreover have 2: \bigwedge a c. hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, c)
     \implies (unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses S)) \models ps (unmark-l c)
     by (metis IH all-decomposition-implies-cons-pair all-decomposition-implies-single
       list.collapse n)
   moreover have 3: \bigwedge a c. hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, c)
     \implies (unmark-l \ a \cup set-mset \ (clauses \ S)) \models p \ \{\#L\#\}
     proof -
       \mathbf{fix} \ a \ c
      assume h: hd (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} (trail S)) = (a, c)
       have h': trail S = c @ a using qet-all-marked-decomposition-decomp h by blast
      have I: set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \ a) \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S)
        \cup unmark-l \ c \models ps \ CNot \ C
        using \langle ?I \models ps \ CNot \ C \rangle unfolding h' by (simp add: Un-commute Un-left-commute)
        atms-of-ms (CNot C) \subseteq atms-of-ms (set (map (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#}) a) \cup set-mset (clauses S))
        atms-of-ms (unmark-l c) \subseteq atms-of-ms (set (map (\lambda a. {#lit-of a#}) a)
          \cup set-mset (clauses S))
          apply (metis CNot-plus Un-subset-iff atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of
           atms-of-ms-union in S sup.cobounded I2)
        using inS atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-incl by (fastforce simp: h')
      then have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models ps \ CNot \ C
        using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF - I] h 2 by auto
       then show unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models p \{ \#L\# \}
        by (metis (no-types) Un-insert-right in Sinsert I1 mk-disjoint-insert in S
          true-clss-cls-in true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     qed
   ultimately have ?case
     by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
        (auto simp: all-decomposition-implies-def)
 ultimately show ?case by auto
next
 case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D) note extracted = this(1) and marked = this(2) and D = this(3) and
   cnot = this(4) and cons = this(4) and IH = this(5) and atms-incl = this(6)
 have S: trail\ S = M' @ L \# M
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S] unfolding extracted by auto
 have M': \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
   using extracted backtrack-split-fst-not-marked[of - trail S] by simp
 have n: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) \neq [] by auto
 then have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) ((L \# M, M')
         \# tl (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
   by (metis (no-types) IH extracted qet-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split list.exhaust-sel)
  then have 1: unmark-l (L \# M) \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models ps(\lambda a.\{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set M'
   by simp
  moreover
   have unmark-l\ (L\ \#\ M)\cup unmark-l\ M'\models ps\ CNot\ D
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) S Un-commute cons image-Un set-append
       true-annots-true-clss-clss)
```

```
then have 2: unmark-l\ (L \# M) \cup set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\ S) \cup unmark-l\ M'
     \models ps \ CNot \ D
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) Un-assoc Un-left-commute true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
ultimately
 have set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) (L \# M)) \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S) \models ps CNot D
   using true-clss-clss-left-right by fastforce
 then have set (map \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ (L \# M)) \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S) \models p \ \{\#\}
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) D Un-def mem-Collect-eq
     true-clss-clss-contradiction-true-clss-cls-false)
 then have IL: unmark-l M \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models p \{\#-lit\text{-of }L\#\}
   using true-clss-clss-false-left-right by auto
show ?case unfolding S all-decomposition-implies-def
 proof
   \mathbf{fix} \ x \ P \ level
   assume x: x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition
     (fst (Propagated (- lit-of L) P \# M, clauses S)))
   let ?M' = Propagated (-lit-of L) P \# M
   let ?hd = hd (get-all-marked-decomposition ?M')
   let ?tl = tl \ (get-all-marked-decomposition ?M')
   have x = ?hd \lor x \in set ?tl
     using x
     by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition ?M')
       auto
   moreover {
     assume x': x \in set ?tl
    have L': Marked (lit-of L) () = L using marked by (cases L, auto)
    have x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L # M))
       \mathbf{using}\ x'\ get-all-marked-decomposition-except-last-choice-equal [of\ M'\ lit-of\ L\ P\ M]
       L' by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ M'\ list.set\text{-}sel(2)\ tl\text{-}Nil)
     then have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark-l Ls \cup set\text{-mset} (clauses S)
       \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen
       using marked IH by (cases L) (auto simp add: S all-decomposition-implies-def)
   }
   moreover {
    assume x': x = ?hd
    have tl: tl (qet-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L \# M)) \neq []
       proof -
        have f1: \land ms. length (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ ms))
          = length (get-all-marked-decomposition ms)
          by (simp add: M' get-all-marked-decomposition-remove-unmarked-length)
        have Suc (length (get-all-marked-decomposition M)) \neq Suc 0
          by blast
        then show ?thesis
          using f1 marked by (metis (no-types) get-all-marked-decomposition.simps(1) length-tl
            list.sel(3) \ list.size(3) \ marked-lit.collapse(1))
      \mathbf{qed}
     obtain M\theta' M\theta where
       L0: hd (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L \# M))) = (M0, M0')
       by (cases hd (tl (qet-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L \# M))))
     have x'': x = (M0, Propagated (-lit-of L) P # M0')
       unfolding x' using get-all-marked-decomposition-last-choice tl M' L0
       by (metis\ marked\ marked-lit.collapse(1))
     obtain l-get-all-marked-decomposition where
       get-all-marked-decomposition (trail\ S) = (L \# M, M') \# (M0, M0') \#
        l-get-all-marked-decomposition
```

```
using get-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split extracted by (metis (no-types) L0 S
           hd-Cons-tl \ n \ tl)
       then have M = M0' @ M0 using get-all-marked-decomposition-hd-hd by fastforce
       then have IL': unmark-l\ M0 \cup set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ S)
         \cup unmark-l M0' \models ps \{\{\#- lit-of L\#\}\}
         using IL by (simp add: Un-commute Un-left-commute image-Un)
       moreover have H: unmark-l\ M0 \cup set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ S)
         ⊨ps unmark-l M0'
         using IH x^{\prime\prime} unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) L0 S
           list.set-sel(1) list.set-sel(2) old.prod.case tl tl-Nil)
       ultimately have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark-l Ls \cup set-mset (clauses S)
         \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen
         using true-clss-left-right unfolding x'' by auto
     ultimately show case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow
       unmark-l \ Ls \cup set-mset \ (snd \ (?M', \ clauses \ S))
         \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen
       unfolding snd-conv by blast
   qed
qed
Lemma theorem 2.8.3 page 72 of CW
theorem dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion-of-decided:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (clauses\ S)
 shows set-mset (clauses S') \cup {{#lit-of L#} |L. is-marked L \land L \in set (trail S')}
   \models ps \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `\{\} \ (set \ `set \ (qet\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ (trail \ S')))
  using all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied [OF\ dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion [OF\ assms]].
Lemma theorem 2.8.4 page 72 of CW
\mathbf{lemma}\ only\text{-}propagated\text{-}vars\text{-}unsat:
 assumes marked: \forall x \in set M. \neg is\text{-marked } x
 and DN: D \in N and D: M \models as \ CNot \ D
 and inv: all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l M \subseteq atms-of-ms N
 shows unsatisfiable N
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg unsatisfiable N
  then obtain I where
   I: I \models s N \text{ and }
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   tot: total-over-m I N
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
  then have I-D: I \models D
   using DN unfolding true-clss-def by auto
 have l0: \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} = \{\}\ using\ marked\ by\ auto
 have atms-of-ms (N \cup unmark-l M) = atms-of-ms N
   using atm-incl unfolding atms-of-ms-def lits-of-def by auto
  then have total-over-m I(N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of } a\#\}) `(set M))
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
  then have I \models s (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) ' (set M)
   \mathbf{using} \ all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}propagated\text{-}lits\text{-}are\text{-}implied[OF\ inv]}\ cons\ I
```

```
unfolding true-clss-clss-def l0 by auto
 then have IM: I \models s \ unmark-l \ M \ by \ auto
   \mathbf{fix} \ K
   assume K \in \# D
   then have -K \in lits-of-l M
     by (auto split: if-split-asm
       intro: allE[OF\ D[unfolded\ true-annots-def\ Ball-def],\ of\ \{\#-K\#\}])
   then have -K \in I using IM true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl by fastforce
 }
 then have \neg I \models D using cons unfolding true-cls-def consistent-interp-def by auto
 then show False using I-D by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-same-clauses:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: dpll<sub>W</sub>.induct, auto)
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-inv:
 assumes rtranclp \ dpll_W \ S \ S'
 and inv. all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 and consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S))
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S') \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (clauses\ S')
 and clauses S = clauses S'
 and consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S'))
 and no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 show
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S) and
   clauses S = clauses S and
   consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
   no-dup (trail S) using assms by auto
next
 case (step S' S'') note dpll_W Star = this(1) and IH = this(3,4,5,6,7) and
   dpll_W = this(2)
 moreover
   assume
     inv: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
     atm-incl: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S) and
     cons: consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
     no-dup (trail S)
 ultimately have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S')
   (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail <math>S')) and
   atm-incl': atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S') \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S') and
   snd: clauses S = clauses S' and
   cons': consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S')) and
   no-dup': no-dup (trail S') by blast+
 show clauses S = clauses S'' using dpll_W-same-clauses [OF dpll_W] and by metis
```

```
show all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S'') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S''))
   using dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion [OF dpll_W] decomp atm-incl' by auto
 show atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S'') \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S'')
   using dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv[OF dpll_W] atm-incl atm-incl' by auto
 show no-dup (trail S'') using dpll_W-distinct-inv[OF dpll_W] no-dup' dpll_W by auto
 show consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S''))
   using cons' no-dup' dpll_W-consistent-interp-inv[OF dpll_W] by auto
qed
definition dpll_W-all-inv S \equiv
  (all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
 \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 \land consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S))
 \land no-dup (trail S))
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-dest[dest]:
 assumes dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (clauses S)
 and consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) \land no-dup (trail S)
 using assms unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv:
 assumes rtranclp\ dpll_W\ S\ S
 and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
 using assms rtranclp-dpll_W-inv[OF\ assms(1)] unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def\ lits-of-def\ by\ blast
lemma dpll_W-all-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
 using assms rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv by blast
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-\theta:
 assumes rtranclp dpll<sub>W</sub> S S'
 and inv: trail\ S = []
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
proof -
 have dpll_W-all-inv S
   using assms unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def dpllw-all-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)] by blast
lemma dpll_W-can-do-step:
 assumes consistent-interp (set M)
 and distinct M
 and atm\text{-}of ' (set M) \subseteq atms-of-mm N
 shows rtranclp dpll_W ([], N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N)
 using assms
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by auto
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case (Cons\ L\ M)
  then have undefined-lit (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M) L
   unfolding defined-lit-def consistent-interp-def by auto
  moreover have atm-of L \in atms-of-mm N using Cons.prems(3) by auto
  ultimately have dpll_W (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) (L \# M), N)
   using dpll_W.decided by auto
 moreover have consistent-interp (set M) and distinct M and atm-of 'set M \subseteq atms-of-mm N
   using Cons. prems unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
 ultimately show ?case using Cons.hyps by auto
qed
definition conclusive-dpll_W-state (S:: 'v dpll_W-state) \longleftrightarrow
  (trail\ S \models asm\ clauses\ S \lor ((\forall\ L \in set\ (trail\ S).\ \neg is\text{-}marked\ L)
 \land (\exists C \in \# clauses S. trail S \models as CNot C)))
lemma dpll_W-strong-completeness:
 assumes set M \models sm N
 and consistent-interp (set M)
 and distinct M
 and atm\text{-}of ' (set\ M)\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ N
 shows dpll_{W}^{**} ([], N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N)
 and conclusive-dpll_W-state (map\ (\lambda M.\ Marked\ M\ ())\ M,\ N)
proof -
 show rtrancly dpll_W ([], N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N) using dpll_W-can-do-step assms by auto
 have map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M \models asm N using assms(1) true-annots-marked-true-cls by auto
 then show conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N)
   unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
qed
lemma dpll_W-sound:
 assumes
   rtranclp \ dpll_W \ ([], \ N) \ (M, \ N) and
   \forall S. \neg dpll_W (M, N) S
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 let ?M' = lits - of - lM
 assume ?A
 then have ?M' \models sm \ N by (simp \ add: true-annots-true-cls)
 moreover have consistent-interp ?M'
   using rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0[OF assms(1)] by auto
 ultimately show ?B by auto
next
 assume ?B
 show ?A
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume n: \neg ?A
     have (\exists L. \ undefined-lit \ M \ L \land \ atm-of \ L \in atms-of-mm \ N) \lor (\exists D \in \#N. \ M \models as \ CNot \ D)
       proof -
         obtain D :: 'a \ clause \ \mathbf{where} \ D : D \in \# \ N \ \mathbf{and} \ \neg \ M \models a \ D
           using n unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def by auto
         then have (\exists L. undefined-lit M L \land atm-of L \in atms-of D) \lor M \models as CNot D
           unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-annot-def
           using atm-of-lit-in-atms-of true-annot-iff-marked-or-true-lit true-cls-def by blast
```

```
then show ?thesis
          by (metis Bex-def D atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono rev-subsetD)
      qed
     moreover {
      assume \exists L. undefined-lit M L \land atm\text{-}of L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm N
      then have False using assms(2) decided by fastforce
     moreover {
      assume \exists D \in \#N. M \models as CNot D
      then obtain D where DN: D \in \# N and MD: M \models as \ CNot \ D by auto
        assume \forall l \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked l
        moreover have dpll_W-all-inv ([], N)
          using assms unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def dpllw-all-inv-def by auto
        ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
          using only-propagated-vars-unsat[of M D set-mset N] DN MD
          rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)] by force
        then have False using \langle ?B \rangle by blast
      }
      moreover {
        assume l: \exists l \in set M. is\text{-}marked l
        then have False
          using backtrack[of(M, N) - - D]DNMD assms(2)
            backtrack-split-some-is-marked-then-snd-has-hd[OF l]
         by (metis backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked fst-conv list.distinct(1) list.sel(1) snd-conv)
      }
      ultimately have False by blast
     ultimately show False by blast
    qed
qed
18.3
        Termination
definition dpll_W-mes M n =
 map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else (1::nat)) (rev M) @ replicate (n - length M) 3
lemma length-dpll_W-mes:
 assumes length M \leq n
 shows length (dpll_W - mes\ M\ n) = n
 using assms unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by auto
lemma distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length:
 assumes no-dup S
 shows card (atm-of 'lits-of-l S) = length S
 using assms by (induct S) (auto simp add: image-image lits-of-def)
lemma dpll_W-card-decrease:
 assumes dpll: dpll_W S S' and length (trail S') \leq card vars
 and length (trail S) \leq card vars
 shows (dpll_W-mes (trail\ S')\ (card\ vars),\ dpll_W-mes (trail\ S)\ (card\ vars))
   \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} (card vars)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
 case (propagate \ C \ L \ S)
 have m: map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail <math>S))
```

```
@ replicate (card vars - length (trail S)) 3
    = map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S)) @ 3
       \# replicate (card vars - Suc (length (trail S))) 3
    using propagate.prems[simplified] using Suc-diff-le by fastforce
 then show ?case
   using propagate.prems(1) unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by (fastforce simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
next
 case (decided \ S \ L)
 have m: map (\lambda l. if is\text{-marked } l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S))
     @ replicate (card vars - length (trail S)) 3
   = map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S)) @ 3
     \# replicate (card vars - Suc (length (trail S))) 3
   using decided.prems[simplified] using Suc-diff-le by fastforce
 then show ?case
   using decided prems unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by (force simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
next
 case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D)
 have L: is-marked L using backtrack.hyps(2) by auto
 have S: trail\ S = M' @ L \# M
   using backtrack.hyps(1) backtrack-split-list-eq[of\ trail\ S] by auto
 \mathbf{show} ? case
   using backtrack prems L unfolding dpll_W-mes-def S by (fastforce simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
qed
Proposition theorem 2.8.7 page 73 of CW
lemma dpll_W-card-decrease':
 assumes dpll: dpll_W S S'
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 and no-dup: no-dup (trail S)
 shows (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-mm \ (clauses \ S'))),
        dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S)))) \in lex \{(a, b), a < b\}
proof
 have finite (atms-of-mm (clauses S)) unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
 then have 1: length (trail S) \leq card (atms-of-mm (clauses S))
   using distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length [OF no-dup] atm-incl card-mono by metis
 moreover
   have no-dup': no-dup (trail S') using dpll dpll_W-distinct-inv no-dup by blast
   have SS': clauses S' = clauses S using dpll by (auto dest!: dpll<sub>W</sub>-same-clauses)
   have atm-incl': atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S') \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S')
     using atm-incl dpll dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv[OF dpll] by force
   have finite (atms-of-mm (clauses S'))
     unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
   then have 2: length (trail S') \leq card (atms-of-mm (clauses S))
     using distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length [OF no-dup'] atm-incl' card-mono SS' by metis
 ultimately have (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-mm \ (clauses \ S))),
     dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S))))
   \in lexn \{(a, b). \ a < b\} \ (card \ (atms-of-mm \ (clauses \ S)))
   using dpll_W-card-decrease [OF assms(1), of atms-of-mm (clauses S)] by blast
 then have (dpll_W-mes (trail\ S')\ (card\ (atms-of-mm\ (clauses\ S))),
        dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S)))) \in lex \{(a, b), a < b\}
   unfolding lex-def by auto
 then show (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-mm \ (clauses \ S'))),
       dpll_W-mes (trail\ S)\ (card\ (atms-of-mm\ (clauses\ S)))) \in lex\ \{(a,\ b).\ a < b\}
```

```
using dpll_W-same-clauses [OF assms(1)] by auto
qed
lemma wf-lexn: wf (lexn \{(a, b), (a::nat) < b\} (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S))))
proof -
 have m: \{(a, b), a < b\} = measure id by auto
 show ?thesis apply (rule wf-lexn) unfolding m by auto
qed
lemma dpll_W-wf:
 wf \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W S S'\}
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure' OF wf-lex-less, of - -
        \lambda S. \ dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S)))])
 using dpll_W-card-decrease' by fast
lemma dpll_W-tranclp-star-commute:
  \{(S', S).\ dpll_W - all - inv\ S \land dpll_W\ S\ S'\}^+ = \{(S', S).\ dpll_W - all - inv\ S \land tranclp\ dpll_W\ S\ S'\}
   (is ?A = ?B)
proof
  \{ \text{ fix } S S' \}
   assume (S, S') \in ?A
   then have (S, S') \in ?B
     by (induct rule: trancl.induct, auto)
 then show ?A \subseteq ?B by blast
  \{ \text{ fix } S S' \}
   assume (S, S') \in ?B
   then have dpll_W^{++} S' S and dpll_W-all-inv S' by auto
   then have (S, S') \in ?A
     proof (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
       case r-into-trancl
       then show ?case by (simp-all add: r-into-trancl')
     next
       case (trancl-into-trancl S S' S'')
       then have (S', S) \in \{a. \ case \ a \ of \ (S', S) \Rightarrow dpll_W - all - inv \ S \land dpll_W \ S \ S'\}^+ by blast
       moreover have dpll_W-all-inv S'
         \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF\ trancl-into-trancl.hyps(1)]]
         trancl-into-trancl.prems by auto
       ultimately have (S'', S') \in \{(pa, p), dpll_W - all - inv p \land dpll_W p pa\}^+
         using \langle dpll_W - all - inv S' \rangle trancl-into-trancl.hyps(3) by blast
       then show ?case
         using (S', S) \in \{a. \ case \ a \ of \ (S', S) \Rightarrow dpll_W - all - inv \ S \land dpll_W \ S \ S'\}^+ \} by auto
 }
 then show ?B \subseteq ?A by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-wf-tranclp: wf \{(S', S), dpll_W-all-inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\}
 unfolding dpll_W-tranclp-star-commute[symmetric] by (simp add: dpll_W-wf wf-trancl)
lemma dpll_W-wf-plus:
 shows wf \{(S', ([], N)) | S'. dpll_W^{++} ([], N) S'\} (is wf ?P)
 apply (rule wf-subset[OF dpll_W-wf-tranclp, of ?P])
 using assms unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
```

18.4 Final States

```
lemma dpll_W-no-more-step-is-a-conclusive-state:
  assumes \forall S'. \neg dpll_W S S'
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state S
proof -
 have vars: \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S). \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume \neg (\forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S). \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S))
      then obtain L where
        L-in-atms: L \in atms-of-mm (clauses S) and
        L-notin-trail: L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits-of-l (trail S) by metis
      obtain L' where L': atm\text{-}of\ L' = L\ by\ (meson\ literal.sel(2))
      then have undefined-lit (trail S) L'
        unfolding Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l by (metis L-notin-trail atm-of-uninus imageI)
      then show False using dpll_W.decided \ assms(1) \ L-in-atms \ L' by blast
    qed
  show ?thesis
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume not-final: ¬ ?thesis
      then have
        \neg trail S \models asm clauses S  and
        (\exists L \in set \ (trail \ S). \ is\text{-}marked \ L) \lor (\forall C \in \#clauses \ S. \ \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C)
        unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
      moreover {
       assume \exists L \in set \ (trail \ S). is-marked L
       then obtain L M' M where L: backtrack-split (trail S) = (M', L \# M)
          using backtrack-split-some-is-marked-then-snd-has-hd by blast
        obtain D where D \in \# clauses S and \neg trail S \models a D
          using \langle \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding true-annots-def by auto
        then have \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{D\}. s \in atm\text{-}of \text{ '} lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S)
          using vars unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
        then have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D
          using all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot [of D] \langle \neg trail \ S \models a \ D \rangle by auto
        moreover have is-marked L
          using L by (metis\ backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(1)\ snd-conv)
        ultimately have False
          using assms(1) dpll_W.backtrack\ L\ \langle D\in\#\ clauses\ S\rangle\ \langle trail\ S\models as\ CNot\ D\rangle\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
      moreover {
       assume tr: \forall C \in \#clauses \ S. \ \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
       obtain C where C-in-cls: C \in \# clauses S and trC: \neg trail S \models a C
          using \langle \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding true-annots-def by auto
        have \forall s \in atms \text{-}of\text{-}ms \{C\}. s \in atm\text{-}of \text{ '}lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S)
          using vars \langle C \in \# clauses S \rangle unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
        then have trail S \models as \ CNot \ C
          by (meson C-in-cls tr trC all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot)
        then have False using tr C-in-cls by auto
      ultimately show False by blast
    qed
qed
lemma dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct:
 assumes dpll_{W}^{**} ([], N) (M, N) and conclusive-dpll_{W}-state (M, N)
  shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
```

```
proof
 let ?M' = lits - of - lM
 assume ?A
 then have ?M' \models sm \ N by (simp \ add: true-annots-true-cls)
 moreover have consistent-interp ?M'
   using rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0[OF assms(1)] by auto
 ultimately show ?B by auto
next
 assume ?B
 show ?A
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume n: \neg ?A
     have no-mark: \forall L \in set M. \neg is-marked L \exists C \in \# N. M \models as CNot C
      using n \ assms(2) unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
     moreover obtain D where DN: D \in \# N and MD: M \models as \ CNot \ D using no-mark by auto
     ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
      using only-propagated-vars-unsat rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)]
      unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by force
     then show False using \langle ?B \rangle by blast
   qed
qed
         Link with NOT's DPLL
18.5
interpretation \textit{dpll}_{W}-\textit{NOT}: \textit{dpll-with-backtrack} .
declare dpll_{W-NOT}.state-simp_{NOT}[simp\ del]
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-iff-eq[iff, simp]: dpll_{W-NOT}.state-eq_{NOT} S T \longleftrightarrow S = T
 unfolding dpll_{W-NOT}.state-eq_{NOT}-def by (cases\ S,\ cases\ T) auto
lemma dpll_W-dpll_W-bj:
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv S and dpll: dpll_W S T
 shows dpll_W-_{NOT}.dpll-bj S T
 using dpll inv
 apply (induction rule: dpll_W.induct)
   apply (rule dpll_{W-NOT}. bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>)
   apply (rule dpll_W-_{NOT}.propagate_{NOT}.propagate_{NOT}; simp?)
   apply fastforce
  apply (rule dpll_{W-NOT}. bj-decide<sub>NOT</sub>)
  apply (rule dpll_{W-NOT}.decide_{NOT}.decide_{NOT}; simp?)
  apply fastforce
 apply (frule\ dpll_{W-NOT}.backtrack.intros[of - - - - -],\ simp-all)
 apply (rule dpll_W-_{NOT}.dpll-bj.bj-backjump)
 apply (rule dpll_{W-NOT}. backtrack-is-backjump",
   simp-all\ add:\ dpll_W-all-inv-def)
 done
lemma dpll_W-bj-dpll:
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv S and dpll: dpll_W-NOT. dpll-bj S T
 shows dpll_W S T
 using dpll
 apply (induction rule: dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj.induct)
   apply (elim dpll_W-_{NOT}.decide_{NOT}E, cases S)
   apply (frule decided; simp)
  apply (elim dpll_W-_{NOT}.propagate_{NOT}E, cases S)
  apply (auto intro!: propagate[of - - (-, -), simplified])[]
```

```
apply (elim dpll_{W-NOT}.backjumpE, cases S)
 by (simp\ add:\ dpll_W.simps\ dpll-with-backtrack.backtrack.simps)
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-rtranclp-dpll_W-_{NOT}:
 assumes dpll_W^{**} S T and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} S T
 using assms apply (induction)
  apply simp
 by (auto intro: rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv\ dpll_W-dpll_W-bj\ rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-rtranclp-dpll_W:
 assumes dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} S T and dpll_{W}-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W^{**} S T
 using assms apply (induction)
  apply simp
 by (auto intro: dpll_W-bj-dpll rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv)
lemma dpll-conclusive-state-correctness:
 assumes dpll_{W^{-}NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} ([], N) (M, N) and conclusive-dpll_{W^{-}}state (M, N)
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N)
proof -
 have dpll_W-all-inv ([], N)
   unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct)
     apply (simp\ add: \langle dpll_W - all - inv\ ([],\ N)\rangle\ assms(1)\ rtranclp-dpll-rtranclp-dpll_W)
   using assms(2) by simp
qed
end
theory CDCL-W-Level
imports Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic
begin
```

18.5.1 Level of literals and clauses

Getting the level of a variable, implies that the list has to be reversed. Here is the function after reversing.

```
fun get-rev-level :: ('v, nat, 'a) marked-lits \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow nat where get-rev-level [] - - = 0 | get-rev-level (Marked l level \# Ls) n L = (if atm-of l = atm-of L then level else get-rev-level Ls level L) | get-rev-level (Propagated l - \# Ls) n L = (if atm-of l = atm-of L then n else get-rev-level Ls n L)

abbreviation get-level M L \equiv get-rev-level (rev M) 0 L

lemma get-rev-level-uminus[simp]: get-rev-level M n(-L) = get-rev-level M n L by (induct arbitrary: n rule: get-rev-level.induct) auto

lemma atm-of-notin-get-rev-level-eq-0: assumes atm-of L \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l M shows get-rev-level M n L = 0 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
```

```
lemma get-rev-level-ge-0-atm-of-in:
 assumes get-rev-level M n L > n
 shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 (fastforce\ simp:\ atm-of-notin-get-rev-level-eq-0)+
In get-rev-level (resp. get-level), the beginning (resp. the end) can be skipped if the literal is
not in the beginning (resp. the end).
lemma get-rev-level-skip[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
 shows get-rev-level (M @ Marked K i \# M') n L = get-rev-level (Marked K i \# M') i L
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n i rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-rev-level-notin-end[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ ' \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M'
 shows get-rev-level (M @ M') n L = get-rev-level M n L
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
  (auto simp: atm-of-notin-get-rev-level-eq-0)
If the literal is at the beginning, then the end can be skipped
lemma qet-rev-level-skip-end[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
 shows get-rev-level (M @ M') n L = get-rev-level M n L
 using assms by (induct arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-level-skip-beginning:
 assumes atm\text{-}of L' \neq atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of K)
 shows get-level (K \# M) L' = get-level M L'
 using assms by auto
lemma get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked-rev:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lit\text{-}of \ `(set \ S)
 and \forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ s
 shows get-level (M @ rev S) L = get-level M L
 using assms by (induction S rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked[simp]:
 assumes atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lit-of '(set S)
 and \forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ s
 shows qet-level (M @ S) L = qet-level M L
 using get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked-rev[of L rev S M] assms by auto
lemma get-rev-level-skip-beginning-not-marked[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lit\text{-}of \ `(set \ S)
 and \forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ s
 shows get-rev-level (rev S @ rev M) 0 L = get-level M L
 using get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked-rev[of L rev S M] assms by auto
lemma get-level-skip-in-all-not-marked:
 fixes M :: ('a, nat, 'b) marked-lit list and L :: 'a literal
 assumes \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 and atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ `lit\text{-}of \ `(set \ M)
 shows get-rev-level M n L = n
  using assms by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
```

```
lemma get-level-skip-all-not-marked[simp]:
 fixes M
 defines M' \equiv rev M
 assumes \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows get-level ML = 0
proof -
 have M: M = rev M'
   unfolding M'-def by auto
 show ?thesis
   using assms unfolding M by (induction M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
qed
abbreviation MMax\ M \equiv Max\ (set\text{-}mset\ M)
the \{\#0::'a\#\} is there to ensures that the set is not empty.
definition get-maximum-level :: ('a, nat, 'b) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow nat
 where
\textit{get-maximum-level M D} = \textit{MMax} \ (\{\#0\#\} + \textit{image-mset (get-level M) D})
lemma get-maximum-level-ge-get-level:
 L \in \# D \Longrightarrow get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ D \ge get\text{-}level \ M \ L
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
lemma get-maximum-level-empty[simp]:
 get-maximum-level M \{\#\} = 0
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
lemma get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level:
 D \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow \exists L \in \# D. \ get\text{-level} \ M \ L = get\text{-maximum-level} \ M \ D
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def
 apply (induct D)
  apply simp
 by (rename-tac D x, case-tac D = \{\#\}) (auto simp add: max-def)
lemma qet-maximum-level-empty-list[simp]:
 get-maximum-level []D = 0
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (simp add: image-constant-conv)
lemma get-maximum-level-single[simp]:
 get-maximum-level M {\#L\#} = get-level M L
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by simp
lemma qet-maximum-level-plus:
 get-maximum-level M (D + D') = max (get-maximum-level M D) (get-maximum-level M D')
 by (induct D) (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-def)
lemma get-maximum-level-exists-lit:
 assumes n: n > 0
 and max: get-maximum-level MD = n
 shows \exists L \in \#D. get-level M L = n
proof -
 have f: finite (insert 0 ((\lambda L. get-level M L) 'set-mset D)) by auto
 then have n \in ((\lambda L. \ get\text{-level } M \ L) \ `set\text{-mset } D)
   using n \max Max-in[OF f] unfolding get-maximum-level-def by simp
```

```
then show \exists L \in \# D. get-level ML = n by auto
qed
lemma get-maximum-level-skip-first[simp]:
 assumes atm-of L \notin atms-of D
 shows qet-maximum-level (Propagated L C \# M) D = qet-maximum-level M D
  using assms unfolding get-maximum-level-def atms-of-def
   atm\hbox{-} of\hbox{-} in\hbox{-} atm\hbox{-} of\hbox{-} set\hbox{-} iff\hbox{-} in\hbox{-} set\hbox{-} or\hbox{-} uminus\hbox{-} in\hbox{-} set
 by (smt\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}in\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}set\text{-}in\text{-}uminus\ get\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}beginning\ image\text{-}iff\ marked\text{-}lit.sel(2)}
   multiset.map-cong\theta)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-maximum-level-skip-beginning}:
 assumes DH: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l H
 shows get-maximum-level (c @ Marked Kh i \# H) D = get-maximum-level H D
proof -
 have (get\text{-}rev\text{-}level\ (rev\ H\ @\ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ rev\ c)\ 0) 'set-mset D
     = (get\text{-}rev\text{-}level (rev H) 0) \cdot set\text{-}mset D
   using DH unfolding atms-of-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) get-rev-level-skip-end image-cong image-subset-iff set-rev)
 then show ?thesis using DH unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
qed
lemma get-maximum-level-D-single-propagated:
 get-maximum-level [Propagated x21 x22] D = 0
proof -
 have A: insert \theta ((\lambda L. \theta) ' (set-mset D \cap \{L. atm-of x21 = atm-of L\})
     \cup (\lambda L. \ \theta) ' (set-mset D \cap \{L. \ atm\text{-of } x21 \neq atm\text{-of } L\})) = \{\theta\}
   by auto
 show ?thesis unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (simp add: A)
qed
lemma get-maximum-level-skip-notin:
 assumes D: \forall L \in \#D. atm\text{-}of L \in atm\text{-}of 'lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
 shows get-maximum-level M D = get-maximum-level (Propagated x21 x22 \# M) D
proof -
 have A: (get-rev-level (rev M @ [Propagated x21 x22]) 0) 'set-mset D
     = (qet\text{-}rev\text{-}level (rev M) 0) \cdot set\text{-}mset D
   using D by (auto intro!: image-cong simp add: lits-of-def)
 show ?thesis unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (auto simp: A)
qed
lemma get-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present:
 assumes \forall L \in \#D. atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ aa and
 \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows get-maximum-level aa D = get-maximum-level (M @ aa) D
 using assms by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
  (auto intro!: get-maximum-level-skip-notin[of D - @ aa] simp add: image-Un)
lemma qet-maximum-level-union-mset:
  get-maximum-level M (A \# \cup B) = get-maximum-level M (A + B)
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (auto simp: image-Un)
fun get-maximum-possible-level:: ('b, nat, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow nat where
get-maximum-possible-level [] = 0
get-maximum-possible-level \ (Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ l) = max \ i \ (get-maximum-possible-level \ l) \ |
```

```
get-maximum-possible-level (Propagated - - \# l) = get-maximum-possible-level l
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-append[simp]:
  get-maximum-possible-level (M@M')
   = max (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}possible\text{-}level M) (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}possible\text{-}level M')
 by (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-rev[simp]:
  get-maximum-possible-level (rev\ M) = get-maximum-possible-level M
 by (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-rev-level:
  max (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}possible\text{-}level M) i \ge get\text{-}rev\text{-}level M i L
 by (induct M arbitrary: i rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp add: le-max-iff-disj)
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level[simp]:
  get-maximum-possible-level M \geq get-level M L
 using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-rev-level[of rev - \theta] by auto
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[simp]:
  get-maximum-possible-level M \geq get-maximum-level M D
  using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level unfolding Bex-def
 by (metis get-maximum-level-empty get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level le0)
fun get-all-mark-of-propagated where
qet-all-mark-of-propagated [] = []
get-all-mark-of-propagated (Marked - - \# L) = get-all-mark-of-propagated L |
get-all-mark-of-propagated (Propagated - mark \# L) = mark \# get-all-mark-of-propagated L
lemma get-all-mark-of-propagated-append[simp]:
  get-all-mark-of-propagated (A @ B) = get-all-mark-of-propagated A @ get-all-mark-of-propagated B
 by (induct A rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
          Properties about the levels
18.5.2
fun get-all-levels-of-marked :: ('b, 'a, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a list where
get-all-levels-of-marked [] = []
get-all-levels-of-marked (Marked l level \# Ls) = level \# get-all-levels-of-marked Ls
get-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated - - # Ls) = get-all-levels-of-marked Ls
lemma qet-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked:
 get-all-levels-of-marked xs = [] \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in set \ xs. \ \neg is\text{-marked} \ x)
 using assms by (induction xs rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-cons:
  get-all-levels-of-marked (a \# b) =
   (if is-marked a then [level-of a] else []) @ get-all-levels-of-marked b
  by (cases a) simp-all
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-append[simp]:
  qet-all-levels-of-marked (a @ b) = qet-all-levels-of-marked a @ qet-all-levels-of-marked b
 by (induct a) (simp-all add: get-all-levels-of-marked-cons)
lemma in-get-all-levels-of-marked-iff-decomp:
  i \in set \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M) \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ c \ K \ c'. \ M = c \ @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ c') \ (is \ ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
```

```
assume ?B
 then show ?A by auto
  assume ?A
 then show ?B
   apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
     apply auto[]
    apply (metis append-Cons append-Nil get-all-levels-of-marked.simps(2) set-ConsD)
   by (metis\ append\text{-}Cons\ get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked.simps}(3))
lemma get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked:
  get-rev-level M n L \leq Max (set (n \# get-all-levels-of-marked M))
 by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: get-all-levels-of-marked.induct)
    (simp-all\ add:\ max.coboundedI2)
lemma get-rev-level-ge-min-get-all-levels-of-marked:
 assumes atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
 shows get-rev-level M n L \ge Min (set (n \# get-all-levels-of-marked M))
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: get-all-levels-of-marked.induct)
   (auto simp add: min-le-iff-disj)
lemma\ get-all-levels-of-marked-rev-eq-rev-get-all-levels-of-marked[simp]:
  get-all-levels-of-marked (rev\ M) = rev\ (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 by (induct M rule: get-all-levels-of-marked.induct)
    (simp-all add: max.coboundedI2)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked}:
  get-maximum-possible-level M = Max (insert \ 0 \ (set \ (get-all-levels-of-marked M)))
 by (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp: insert-commute)
lemma get-rev-level-in-levels-of-marked:
  get-rev-level M n L \in \{0, n\} \cup set (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 by (induction M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (force simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)+
lemma qet-rev-level-in-atms-in-levels-of-marked:
  atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M) \Longrightarrow
   get-rev-level M n L \in \{n\} \cup set (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 by (induction M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked:
  (\forall l \in set \ Ls. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ l) \longleftrightarrow get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked} \ Ls = []
 by (induction Ls) (auto simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-cons)
lemma get-level-in-levels-of-marked:
  get-level M L \in \{0\} \cup set (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 using get-rev-level-in-levels-of-marked [of rev M \ 0 \ L] by auto
The zero is here to avoid empty-list issues with last:
lemma get-level-get-rev-level-get-all-levels-of-marked:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M)
 shows
   get-level (K @ M) L = get-rev-level (rev K) (last (0 \# get-all-levels-of-marked (rev M))) L
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: K)
```

```
case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
  case (Cons\ a\ M)
  then have H: \bigwedge K. get-level (K @ M) L
   = get\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ (rev \ K) \ (last \ (0 \ \# get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked \ (rev \ M))) \ L
   by auto
 have get-level ((K @ [a]) @ M) L
   = get\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ (a \# rev \ K) \ (last \ (0 \# get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked \ (rev \ M))) \ L
   using H[of K @ [a]] by simp
 then show ?case using Cons(2) by (cases \ a) auto
qed
lemma get-rev-level-can-skip-correctly-ordered:
 assumes
   no-dup M and
   atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M) and
   qet-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc \ 0... < Suc \ (length \ (qet-all-levels-of-marked M))]
 shows get-rev-level (rev M @ K) 0 L = get-rev-level K (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M)) L
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: K rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked L' i M K)
 then have
   i: i = Suc (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked\ M=rev\ [Suc\ 0..< Suc\ (length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ M))]
   by auto
 then have get-rev-level (rev M @ (Marked L' i \# K)) 0 L
   = get-rev-level (Marked L' i \# K) (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M)) L
   using marked by auto
  then show ?case using marked unfolding i by auto
next
  case (proped L' D M K)
 then have qet-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc \ 0... < Suc \ (length \ (qet-all-levels-of-marked \ M))]
 then have get-rev-level (rev M @ (Propagated L' D \# K)) 0 L
   = get-rev-level (Propagated L' D \# K) (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M)) L
   using proped by auto
 then show ?case using proped by auto
qed
lemma get-level-skip-beginning-hd-get-all-levels-of-marked:
 assumes atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l S and get-all-levels-of-marked S \neq []
 shows get-level (M@S) L = get-rev-level (rev M) (hd (get-all-levels-of-marked S)) L
 using assms
proof (induction S arbitrary: M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 then show ?case by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
next
 case (marked\ K\ m) note notin=this(2)
 then show ?case by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
next
  case (proped L l) note IH = this(1) and L = this(2) and neq = this(3)
```

```
 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{show} \ ? case \ \textbf{using} \ IH[of \ M@[Propagated \ L \ l]] \ L \ neq \ \textbf{by} \ (auto \ simp \ add: \ atm-of-eq-atm-of) \\ \textbf{qed} \\ \\ \textbf{end} \\ \textbf{theory} \ CDCL-W \\ \textbf{imports} \ CDCL-W \\ \textbf{imports} \ CDCL-Abstract-Clause-Representation \ List-More \ CDCL-W-Level \ Wellfounded-More \\ \textbf{begin} \end{array}
```

19 Weidenbach's CDCL

declare $upt.simps(2)[simp \ del]$

19.1 The State

We will abstract the representation of clause and clauses via two locales. We expect our representation to behave like multiset, but the internal representation can be done using list or whatever other representation.

```
locale state_W-ops =
  raw-clss mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
     mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
  raw-ccls-union mset-ccls union-ccls insert-ccls remove-clit
     — Clause
     mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
     insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
     remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
     — Multiset of Clauses
     mset-clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
     union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
     in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
     insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
     remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
     mset\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
     union\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \text{ and }
     insert\text{-}ccls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
     remove\text{-}clit :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls
  fixes
     ccls-of-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'ccls and
     \mathit{cls\text{-}\mathit{of\text{-}\mathit{ccls}}} :: '\mathit{ccls} \Rightarrow '\mathit{cls} \ \mathbf{and}
     trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lits \ and
     hd-raw-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit and
     raw-init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
     raw-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
     backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
     raw-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
     cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

```
add-init-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-learned-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   remove\text{-}cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   update-conflicting :: 'ccls option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   init-state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st and
   restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
 assumes
   mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls[simp]:
     mset-ccls (ccls-of-cls C) = mset-cls C and
   mset-cls-of-ccls[simp]:
     mset-cls (cls-of-ccls D) = mset-ccls D and
   ex-mset-cls: \exists a. mset-cls a = E
begin
fun mmset-of-mlit :: ('a, 'b, 'cls) marked-lit \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'v clause) marked-lit
 where
mmset-of-mlit (Propagated L C) = Propagated L (mset-cls C)
mmset-of-mlit (Marked L i) = Marked L i
lemma lit-of-mmset-of-mlit[simp]:
  lit-of\ (mmset-of-mlit\ a) = lit-of\ a
 by (cases a) auto
lemma lit-of-mmset-of-mlit-set-lit-of-l[simp]:
  lit-of ' mmset-of-mlit ' set M' = lits-of-l M'
 by (induction M') auto
lemma map-mmset-of-mlit-true-annots-true-cls[simp]:
 map mmset-of-mlit\ M' \models as\ C \longleftrightarrow M' \models as\ C
 by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls lits-of-def)
abbreviation init-clss \equiv \lambda S. mset-clss (raw-init-clss S)
abbreviation learned-clss \equiv \lambda S. mset-clss (raw-learned-clss S)
abbreviation conflicting \equiv \lambda S. map-option mset-ccls (raw-conflicting S)
notation insert-cls (infix !++ 50)
notation in-clss (infix ! \in ! 50)
notation union-clss (infix \oplus 50)
notation insert-clss (infix !++! 50)
notation union-ccls (infix ! \cup 50)
definition raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss where
raw-clauses S = union-clss (raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S)
abbreviation clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses where
clauses S \equiv mset-clss (raw-clauses S)
```

end

We are using an abstract state to abstract away the detail of the implementation: we do not need to know how the clauses are represented internally, we just need to know that they can be converted to multisets.

Weidenbach state is a five-tuple composed of:

- 1. the trail is a list of marked literals;
- 2. the initial set of clauses (that is not changed during the whole calculus);
- 3. the learned clauses (clauses can be added or remove);
- 4. the maximum level of the trail;
- 5. the conflicting clause (if any has been found so far).

There are two different clause representation: one for the conflicting clause ('ccl', standing for conflicting clause) and one for the initial and learned clauses ('cls, standing for clause). The representation of the clauses annotating literals in the trail is slightly different: being able to convert it to 'cls is enough (needed for function hd-raw-trail below).

There are several axioms to state the independence of the different fields of the state: for example, adding a clause to the learned clauses does not change the trail.

```
locale state_W =
  state_W-ops
     — functions for clauses:
    mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
      mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    — functions for the conflicting clause:
    mset-ccls union-ccls insert-ccls remove-clit
     — Conversion between conflicting and non-conflicting
    ccls-of-cls cls-of-ccls
    — functions about the state:
    trail hd-raw-trail raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting
    cons-trail tl-trail add-init-cls add-learned-cls remove-cls update-backtrack-lvl
    update-conflicting
      — Some specific states:
    init-state
    restart-state
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    mset\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    union\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \text{ and }
    insert\text{-}ccls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
```

```
remove\text{-}clit :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
  ccls-of-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'ccls and
 cls-of-ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'cls and
 trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lits \ and
 hd-raw-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit and raw-init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
  raw-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
  backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
  raw-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
  cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  add-init-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
 add-learned-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  remove\text{-}cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  update\text{-}conflicting :: 'ccls \ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
 init-state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st and
  restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
assumes
 hd-raw-trail: trail S \neq [] \implies mmset-of-mlit (hd-raw-trail S) = hd (trail S) and
 trail-cons-trail[simp]:
    \bigwedge L st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
      trail\ (cons-trail\ L\ st) = mmset-of-mlit\ L\ \#\ trail\ st and
 trail-tl-trail[simp]: \land st. trail(tl-trail st) = tl(trail st) and
  trail-add-init-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow trail\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = trail\ st\ and
  trail-add-learned-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow trail (add-learned-cls C st) = trail st and
  trail-remove-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. trail (remove-cls C st) = trail st and
  trail-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]: \bigwedge st \ C. \ trail \ (update-backtrack-lvl \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
 trail-update-conflicting[simp]: \bigwedge C \ st. \ trail \ (update-conflicting \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
 init-clss-cons-trail[simp]:
    \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
      init-clss (cons-trail M st) = init-clss st
    and
  init-clss-tl-trail[simp]:
    \bigwedge st. \ init\text{-}clss \ (tl\text{-}trail \ st) = init\text{-}clss \ st \ \mathbf{and}
  init-clss-add-init-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = \{\#mset\text{-}cls\ C\#\} + init\text{-}clss\ st\}
    and
  init-clss-add-learned-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow init-clss (add-learned-cls C st) = init-clss st and
  init-clss-remove-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. init-clss (remove-cls C st) = removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (init-clss st) and
  init-clss-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
    \bigwedge st\ C.\ init\text{-}clss\ (update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\ C\ st) = init\text{-}clss\ st\ and
  init-clss-update-conflicting[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. init-clss (update-conflicting C st) = init-clss st and
```

```
learned-clss-cons-trail[simp]:
  \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
    learned-clss (cons-trail M st) = learned-clss st and
learned-clss-tl-trail[simp]:
  \land st.\ learned\text{-}clss\ (tl\text{-}trail\ st) = learned\text{-}clss\ st\ \mathbf{and}
learned-clss-add-init-cls[simp]:
  \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow learned\text{-}clss\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = learned\text{-}clss\ st\ and}
learned-clss-add-learned-cls[simp]:
  \bigwedge C st. \ no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ st) \Longrightarrow
    learned-clss (add-learned-cls C st) = \{ \#mset-cls C\# \} + learned-clss st and
learned-clss-remove-cls[simp]:
  \bigwedge C st. learned-clss (remove-cls C st) = removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (learned-clss st) and
learned-clss-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
  \bigwedge st\ C.\ learned\text{-}clss\ (update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\ C\ st) = learned\text{-}clss\ st\ and
learned-clss-update-conflicting[simp]:
  \bigwedge C st. learned-clss (update-conflicting C st) = learned-clss st and
backtrack-lvl-cons-trail[simp]:
  \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
    backtrack-lvl (cons-trail M st) = backtrack-lvl st and
backtrack-lvl-tl-trail[simp]:
  \bigwedge st.\ backtrack-lvl\ (tl-trail\ st) = backtrack-lvl\ st\ {\bf and}
backtrack-lvl-add-init-cls[simp]:
  \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow backtrack\text{-}lvl\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = backtrack\text{-}lvl\ st\ and}
backtrack-lvl-add-learned-cls[simp]:
  \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow backtrack-lvl (add-learned-cls C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
backtrack\text{-}lvl\text{-}remove\text{-}cls[simp]\text{:}
  \bigwedge C st. backtrack-lvl (remove-cls C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
backtrack-lvl-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
  \bigwedge st\ k.\ backtrack-lvl\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ st) = k\ \mathbf{and}
backtrack-lvl-update-conflicting[simp]:
  \bigwedge C st. backtrack-lvl (update-conflicting C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
conflicting-cons-trail[simp]:
  \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
    conflicting (cons-trail M st) = conflicting st  and
conflicting-tl-trail[simp]:
  \bigwedge st. conflicting (tl-trail st) = conflicting st and
conflicting-add-init-cls[simp]:
  \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow conflicting\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = conflicting\ st\ and
conflicting-add-learned-cls[simp]:
  \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow conflicting (add-learned-cls C st) = conflicting st
 and
conflicting-remove-cls[simp]:
  \bigwedge C st. conflicting (remove-cls C st) = conflicting st and
conflicting-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
  \bigwedge st\ C.\ conflicting\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ C\ st) = conflicting\ st\ and
conflicting-update-conflicting[simp]:
  \bigwedge C st. raw-conflicting (update-conflicting C st) = C and
init-state-trail[simp]: \bigwedge N. trail (init-state N) = [] and
init-state-clss[simp]: \bigwedge N. (init-clss (init-state N)) = mset-clss N and
init-state-learned-clss[simp]: \bigwedge N. learned-clss(init-state N) = \{\#\} and
init-state-backtrack-lvl[simp]: \bigwedge N. backtrack-lvl(init-state N) = 0 and
init-state-conflicting[simp]: \bigwedge N. conflicting (init-state N) = None and
```

```
trail-restart-state[simp]: trail (restart-state S) = [] and
   init-clss-restart-state[simp]: init-clss (restart-state S) = init-clss S and
   learned-clss-restart-state[intro]:
     learned-clss (restart-state S) \subseteq \# learned-clss S and
    backtrack-lvl-restart-state[simp]: backtrack-lvl (restart-state S) = 0 and
    conflicting-restart-state[simp]: conflicting (restart-state S) = None
begin
lemma
  shows
    clauses-cons-trail[simp]:
     undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ (lit\text{-}of\ M) \Longrightarrow clauses\ (cons-trail\ M\ S) = clauses\ S and
    clss-tl-trail[simp]: clauses (tl-trail S) = clauses S and
    clauses-add-learned-cls-unfolded:
     no-dup (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow clauses\ (add-learned-cls U\ S) =
        \{\#mset\text{-}cls\ U\#\} + learned\text{-}clss\ S + init\text{-}clss\ S
     and
    clauses-add-init-cls[simp]:
     no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
       clauses (add-init-cls NS) = {\#mset-cls N\#} + init-clss S + learned-clss S and
    clauses-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]: clauses (update-backtrack-lvl k S) = clauses S and
    clauses-update-conflicting [simp]: clauses (update-conflicting D(S) = clauses(S) and
    clauses-remove-cls[simp]:
     clauses (remove-cls \ C \ S) = removeAll-mset (mset-cls \ C) (clauses \ S) and
    clauses-add-learned-cls[simp]:
     no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow clauses \ (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls \ C \ S) = \{\#mset\text{-}cls \ C\#\} + clauses \ S \ and \ G \ S \}
    clauses-restart[simp]: clauses (restart-state S) \subseteq \# clauses S and
    clauses-init-state[simp]: \bigwedge N. clauses (init-state N) = mset-clss N
   prefer 9 using raw-clauses-def learned-clss-restart-state apply fastforce
   by (auto simp: ac-simps replicate-mset-plus raw-clauses-def intro: multiset-eqI)
abbreviation state :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit \ list \times 'v \ clauses \times 'v \ clauses
  \times nat \times 'v clause option where
state\ S \equiv (trail\ S,\ init-clss\ S,\ learned-clss\ S,\ backtrack-lvl\ S,\ conflicting\ S)
abbreviation incr-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
incr-lvl S \equiv update-backtrack-lvl (backtrack-lvl S + 1) S
definition state-eq :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool (infix \sim 50) where
S \sim T \longleftrightarrow state \ S = state \ T
lemma state-eq-ref[simp, intro]:
  S \sim S
  unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma state-eq-sym:
  S \sim T \longleftrightarrow T \sim S
  unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma state-eq-trans:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow T \sim U \Longrightarrow S \sim U
  unfolding state-eq-def by auto
```

```
lemma
 shows
   state-eq-trail: S \sim T \Longrightarrow trail \ S = trail \ T and
   state-eq-init-clss: S \sim T \Longrightarrow init-clss S = init-clss T and
   state-eq-learned-clss: S \sim T \Longrightarrow learned-clss S = learned-clss T and
   state-eq-backtrack-lvl: S \sim T \Longrightarrow backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl T and
   state-eq-conflicting: S \sim T \Longrightarrow conflicting S = conflicting T and
   state-eq-clauses: S \sim T \Longrightarrow clauses \ S = clauses \ T and
    state-eq-undefined-lit: S \sim T \Longrightarrow undefined-lit (trail S) L = undefined-lit (trail T) L
  unfolding state-eq-def raw-clauses-def by auto
lemma state-eq-raw-conflicting-None:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow conflicting \ T = None \Longrightarrow raw-conflicting \ S = None
 unfolding state-eq-def raw-clauses-def by auto
We combine all simplification rules about op \sim in a single list of theorems. While they are
handy as simplification rule as long as we are working on the state, they also cause a huge
slow-down in all other cases.
lemmas state-simp[simp] = state-eq-trail state-eq-init-clss state-eq-learned-clss
  state-eq-backtrack-lvl\ state-eq-conflicting\ state-eq-clauses\ state-eq-undefined-lit
 state-eq-raw-conflicting-None
lemma atms-of-ms-learned-clss-restart-state-in-atms-of-ms-learned-clss [intro]:
 x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (learned\text{-}clss \ (restart\text{-}state \ S)) \Longrightarrow x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S)
 by (meson\ atms-of-ms-mono\ learned-clss-restart-state\ set-mset-mono\ subset CE)
function reduce-trail-to :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
reduce-trail-to F S =
 (if \ length \ (trail \ S) = length \ F \lor trail \ S = [] \ then \ S \ else \ reduce-trail-to \ F \ (tl-trail \ S))
by fast+
termination
 by (relation measure (\lambda(\cdot, S)). length (trail S))) simp-all
declare reduce-trail-to.simps[simp del]
lemma
 shows
   reduce-trail-to-nil[simp]: trail S = [] \implies reduce-trail-to F S = S and
    reduce-trail-to-eq-length[simp]: length (trail S) = length F \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to F S = S
 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to-length-ne:
  length (trail S) \neq length F \Longrightarrow trail S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
    reduce-trail-to F S = reduce-trail-to F (tl-trail S)
 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le:
 assumes length F > length (trail S)
 shows trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S) = []
  using assms apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
```

```
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to-nil[simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to [] S) = []
```

reduce-trail-to.simps)

by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) length-tl less-imp-diff-less less-irreft trail-tl-trail

```
apply (induction []::('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis length-0-conv reduce-trail-to-length-ne reduce-trail-to-nil)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{clauses-reduce-trail-to-nil}:
  clauses (reduce-trail-to [] S) = clauses S
proof (induction [] S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 case (1 Sa)
 then have clauses (reduce-trail-to ([]::'a list) (tl-trail Sa)) = clauses (tl-trail Sa)
   \vee trail Sa = []
   by fastforce
 then show clauses (reduce-trail-to ([]::'a list) Sa) = clauses Sa
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{no-types})\ \mathit{length-0-conv}\ \mathit{reduce-trail-to-eq-length}\ \mathit{clss-tl-trail}
     reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
qed
lemma reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning:
 assumes trail\ S = F' @ F
 shows trail (reduce-trail-to F(S) = F
 using assms by (induction F' arbitrary: S) (auto simp: reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to[simp]:
  clauses (reduce-trail-to F S) = clauses S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma conflicting-update-trail[simp]:
  conflicting (reduce-trail-to F S) = conflicting S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis conflicting-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma backtrack-lvl-update-trail[simp]:
  backtrack-lvl (reduce-trail-to F S) = backtrack-lvl S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis backtrack-lvl-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma init-clss-update-trail[simp]:
  init-clss (reduce-trail-to F(S) = init-clss S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis\ init-clss-tl-trail\ reduce-trail-to.simps})
lemma learned-clss-update-trail[simp]:
  learned-clss (reduce-trail-to F(S) = learned-clss S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis learned-clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma raw-conflicting-reduce-trail-to[simp]:
  raw-conflicting (reduce-trail-to FS) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis conflicting-update-trail map-option-is-None)
lemma trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ T)
 apply (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis trail-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{reduce-trail-to-state-eq}_{NOT}\text{-}\textit{compatible}\text{:}
 assumes ST: S \sim T
 shows reduce-trail-to F S \sim reduce-trail-to F T
proof -
 have trail (reduce-trail-to F(S)) = trail (reduce-trail-to F(T))
   using trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq[of S T F] ST by auto
 then show ?thesis using ST by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
qed
lemma reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp[simp]:
 trail\ S = F' \otimes Marked\ K\ d\ \#\ F \Longrightarrow (trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)) = F
 apply (rule reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning of - F' @ Marked K d # []])
 by (cases F') (auto simp add:tl-append reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning)
lemma reduce-trail-to-add-learned-cls[simp]:
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
   trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (add-learned-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-add-init-cls[simp]:
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
   trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (add-init-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-remove-learned-cls[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (remove-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-update-conflicting[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (update-conflicting\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
{\bf lemma}\ in-get-all-marked-decomposition-marked-or-empty:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows a = [] \lor (is\text{-marked } (hd \ a))
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: a b)
 case Nil then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons \ m \ M)
 show ?case
   proof (cases m)
     case (Marked l mark)
     then show ?thesis using Cons by auto
     case (Propagated 1 mark)
     then show ?thesis using Cons by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) force+
   qed
qed
```

```
lemma reduce-trail-to-length:
  length M = length M' \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to MS = reduce-trail-to M'S
 apply (induction M S arbitrary: rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (simp add: reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to-drop:
  trail (reduce-trail-to F S) =
   (if \ length \ (trail \ S) \ge length \ F
   then drop (length (trail S) – length F) (trail S)
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 apply (rename-tac F S, case-tac trail S)
  apply auto
 apply (rename-tac list, case-tac Suc (length list) > length F)
  prefer 2 apply (metis diff-is-0-eq drop-Cons' length-Cons nat-le-linear nat-less-le
    reduce-trail-to-eq-length trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le)
 apply (subgoal-tac\ Suc\ (length\ list) - length\ F = Suc\ (length\ list - length\ F))
 by (auto simp add: reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}trail\text{-}update\text{-}trail[simp]}:
 assumes H: (L \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows trail (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ S) = M1
proof -
 obtain K mark where
   L: L = Marked K mark
   using H by (cases L) (auto dest!: in-qet-all-marked-decomposition-marked-or-empty)
 obtain c where
   tr-S: trail S = c @ M2 @ L \# M1
   using H by auto
 show ?thesis
   by (rule reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp[of - c @ M2 K mark])
    (auto\ simp:\ tr\text{-}S\ L)
lemma raw-conflicting-cons-trail[simp]:
 assumes undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ (lit\text{-}of\ L)
   raw-conflicting (cons-trail L(S) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
 using assms conflicting-cons-trail[of S L] map-option-is-None by fastforce+
lemma raw-conflicting-add-init-cls[simp]:
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
   raw-conflicting (add-init-cls CS) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
  using map-option-is-None conflicting-add-init-cls[of S C] by fastforce+
lemma \ raw-conflicting-add-learned-cls[simp]:
 no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
   raw-conflicting (add-learned-cls CS) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
 using map-option-is-None conflicting-add-learned-cls[of S C] by fastforce+
lemma raw-conflicting-update-backtracl-lvl[simp]:
  raw-conflicting (update-backtrack-lvl k S) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
 using map-option-is-None conflicting-update-backtrack-lvl[of k S] by fastforce+
end — end of state_W locale
```

19.2 CDCL Rules

Because of the strategy we will later use, we distinguish propagate, conflict from the other rules

```
locale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W =
  state_{W}
      — functions for clauses:
    mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    — functions for the conflicting clause:
    mset-ccls union-ccls insert-ccls remove-clit
     — conversion
    ccls-of-cls cls-of-ccls
    — functions for the state:
        — access functions:
    trail\ hd\text{-}raw\text{-}trail\ raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ backtrack\text{-}lvl\ raw\text{-}conflicting}
          changing state:
    cons-trail tl-trail add-init-cls add-learned-cls remove-cls update-backtrack-lvl
    update-conflicting
       — get state:
    init-state
    restart-state
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    mset\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    union\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \text{ and }
    insert\text{-}ccls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove\text{-}clit :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ and
     ccls-of-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'ccls and
    cls-of-ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lits \ and
    hd-raw-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit and
    raw-init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    raw-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    raw-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
    cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-init-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-learned-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

```
remove\text{-}cls:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update-conflicting :: 'ccls option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    init-state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st and
    restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
inductive propagate :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
propagate-rule: conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  E !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S \Longrightarrow
  L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
  trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ (remove\text{-}lit \ L \ E)) \Longrightarrow
  undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
  T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S \Longrightarrow
  propagate\ S\ T
inductive-cases propagateE: propagateS T
inductive conflict:: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S:: 'st \text{ where}
conflict	ext{-}rule:
  conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  D \in ! raw\text{-}clauses S \Longrightarrow
  trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ D) \Longrightarrow
  T \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some (ccls-of\text{-cls }D)) } S \Longrightarrow
  conflict S T
inductive-cases conflictE: conflict S T
inductive backtrack :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
backtrack-rule:
  raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
  L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
  (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
  get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
  qet-level (trail S) L = qet-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
  get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit L D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
  T \, \sim \, cons\text{-}trail \, \left( \textit{Propagated L} \, \left( \textit{cls-of-ccls D} \right) \right)
              (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                  (update-backtrack-lvl i
                    (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
  backtrack S T
inductive-cases backtrackE: backtrack S T
\mathbf{thm} backtrackE
inductive decide :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
decide-rule:
  conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
  atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)\Longrightarrow
  T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S) \Longrightarrow
  decide S T
```

```
inductive-cases decideE: decide S T
inductive skip :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
skip-rule:
  trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
   raw-conflicting S = Some \ E \Longrightarrow
   -L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls E \Longrightarrow
   mset\text{-}ccls\ E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
   T \sim \textit{tl-trail} \ S \Longrightarrow
   skip S T
inductive-cases skipE: skip S T
get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\}) \# M) D = k \vee k = 0 (that was in a previous
version of the book) is equivalent to get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\} \# M) D
= k, when the structural invariants holds.
inductive resolve :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
resolve-rule: trail S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
  hd-raw-trail S = Propagated L E \Longrightarrow
  L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
  raw-conflicting S = Some D' \Longrightarrow
  -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls D' \Longrightarrow
  get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D')) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim update-conflicting (Some (union-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D') (ccls-of-cls (remove-lit L E))))
    (tl\text{-}trail\ S) \Longrightarrow
  resolve S T
inductive-cases resolveE: resolve S T
inductive restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
restart: state S = (M, N, U, k, None) \Longrightarrow \neg M \models asm clauses S
  \implies T \sim restart\text{-}state S
  \implies restart \ S \ T
inductive-cases restartE: restart S T
We add the condition C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S, to maintain consistency even without the strategy.
inductive forget :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
forget-rule:
  conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  C \in ! raw-learned-clss S \Longrightarrow
  \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S \Longrightarrow
  mset\text{-}cls \ C \notin set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}mark\text{-}of\text{-}propagated} \ (trail \ S)) \Longrightarrow
  mset\text{-}cls\ C \notin \#\ init\text{-}clss\ S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
  forget S T
inductive-cases forgetE: forget S T
inductive cdcl_W-rf :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
```

restart: restart $S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W$ -rf $S \ T \mid$ forget: forget $S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W$ -rf $S \ T$

 $skip: skip \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - bj \ S \ S'$

inductive $cdcl_W$ -bj :: $'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool$ where

```
resolve: resolve S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-bj S S'
backtrack: backtrack \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-bj} \ S \ S'
inductive-cases cdcl_W-bjE: cdcl_W-bj S T
inductive cdcl_W-o :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
decide: decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-}o \ S \ S'
bj: cdcl_W-bj S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-o S S'
inductive cdcl_W :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
propagate: propagate S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
conflict: conflict S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
other: cdcl_W-o S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
rf: cdcl_W - rf S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  propagate^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
  apply (frule propagate)
  using rtranclp-trans[of cdcl_W] by blast
lemma cdcl_W-all-rules-induct[consumes 1, case-names propagate conflict forget restart decide skip
    resolve backtrack]:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
   propagate: \bigwedge T. propagate S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   conflict: \bigwedge T. conflict S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   forget: \bigwedge T. forget S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   restart: \bigwedge T. restart S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   decide: \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   skip: \bigwedge T. \ skip \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ and
   resolve: \bigwedge T. resolve S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   backtrack: \bigwedge T. backtrack S T \Longrightarrow P S T
  shows P S S'
  using assms(1)
proof (induct S' rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>.induct)
  case (propagate S') note propagate = this(1)
  then show ?case using assms(2) by auto
next
  case (conflict S')
  then show ?case using assms(3) by auto
next
 case (other S')
  then show ?case
   proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o.induct)
      case (decide U)
      then show ?case using assms(6) by auto
      case (bj S')
      then show ?case using assms(7-9) by (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct) auto
   qed
\mathbf{next}
  case (rf S')
```

```
then show ?case
    by (induct rule: cdcl_W-rf.induct) (fast dest: forget restart)+
lemma cdcl_W-all-induct consumes 1, case-names propagate conflict forget restart decide skip
     resolve backtrack]:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
    propagateH: \bigwedge C L T. conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
        C \in ! raw-clauses S \Longrightarrow
        L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ C \Longrightarrow
        trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (remove1-mset \ L \ (mset-cls \ C)) \Longrightarrow
        undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
        T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L C) S \Longrightarrow
        P S T and
     conflictH: \bigwedge D \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
        D \in ! raw\text{-}clauses S \Longrightarrow
        trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ D) \Longrightarrow
        T \sim update\text{-}conflicting (Some (ccls-of\text{-}cls D)) S \Longrightarrow
        P S T and
    forgetH: \bigwedge C\ U\ T.\ conflicting\ S = None \Longrightarrow
       C \in ! raw-learned-clss S \Longrightarrow
       \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S \Longrightarrow
       mset\text{-}cls \ C \notin set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}mark\text{-}of\text{-}propagated} \ (trail \ S)) \Longrightarrow
       mset\text{-}cls\ C \notin \#\ init\text{-}clss\ S \Longrightarrow
       T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
       PST and
     restartH: \bigwedge T. \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
       conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
       T \sim restart\text{-}state \ S \Longrightarrow
       PST and
     decideH: \land L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
       undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
       atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S) \Longrightarrow
       T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S) \Longrightarrow
       PST and
     skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ E \ T.
       trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
       raw-conflicting S = Some E \Longrightarrow
       -L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls E \Longrightarrow mset\text{-}ccls E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
       T \sim tl\text{-}trail \ S \Longrightarrow
       P S T and
     resolveH: \bigwedge L \ E \ M \ D \ T.
       trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (mset\text{-}cls\ E)\ \#\ M \Longrightarrow
       L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
       hd-raw-trail S = Propagated L E \Longrightarrow
       raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
       -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls D \Longrightarrow
       get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
       T \sim update\text{-}conflicting
         (Some\ (union\text{-}ccls\ (remove\text{-}clit\ (-L)\ D)\ (ccls\text{-}of\text{-}cls\ (remove\text{-}lit\ L\ E))))\ (tl\text{-}trail\ S)\Longrightarrow
       PST and
     backtrackH: \bigwedge L \ D \ K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ T.
       raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
```

```
L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
     (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
     get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
     T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                  (update-backtrack-lvl i
                    (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
      PST
 shows P S S'
 using cdcl_W
proof (induct S S' rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-rules-induct)
 case (propagate S')
 then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: propagateE intro!: propagateH)
 case (conflict S')
 then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: conflictE intro!: conflictH)
next
 case (restart S')
 then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: restartE intro!: restartH)
next
 case (decide\ T)
 then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: decideE intro!: decideH)
next
 case (backtrack S')
 then show ?case by (auto elim!: backtrackE intro!: backtrackH
   simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-def)
next
 case (forget S')
 then show ?case by (auto elim!: forgetE intro!: forgetH)
 case (skip S')
 then show ?case by (auto elim!: skipE intro!: skipH)
next
 case (resolve S')
 then show ?case
   using hd-raw-trail[of S] by (cases trail S) (auto elim!: resolveE intro!: resolveH)
lemma cdcl_W-o-induct[consumes 1, case-names decide skip resolve backtrack]:
 \mathbf{fixes}\ S\ ::\ 'st
 assumes cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
   decideH: \land L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \implies undefined-lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
     \implies atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
     \implies T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S)
     \implies P S T and
   skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ E \ T.
     trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
     raw-conflicting S = Some \ E \Longrightarrow
```

```
-L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls E \Longrightarrow mset\text{-}ccls E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
      T \sim tl\text{-}trail \ S \Longrightarrow
      P S T and
    resolveH: \land L \ E \ M \ D \ T.
      trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (mset-cls\ E)\ \#\ M \Longrightarrow
      L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
      hd-raw-trail S = Propagated L E \Longrightarrow
      raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
      -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls D \Longrightarrow
      get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
      T \sim update\text{-}conflicting
        (Some\ (union-ccls\ (remove-clit\ (-L)\ D)\ (ccls-of-cls\ (remove-lit\ L\ E))))\ (tl-trail\ S)\Longrightarrow
      P S T and
    backtrackH: \bigwedge L \ D \ K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ T.
      raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
      L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
      (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) \Longrightarrow
      qet-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
      get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
      get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
      T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
                (reduce-trail-to M1
                  (add-learned-cls\ (cls-of-ccls\ D)
                    (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                      (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
       PST
  shows P S T
  using cdcl_W apply (induct T rule: cdcl_W-o.induct)
  using assms(2) apply (auto elim: decideE)[1]
  apply (elim\ cdcl_W-bjE\ skipE\ resolveE\ backtrackE)
    apply (frule skipH; simp)
    using hd-raw-trail of S apply (cases trail S; auto elim!: resolveE intro!: resolveH)
  apply (frule backtrackH; simp-all del: state-simp add: state-eq-def)
  done
thm cdcl_W-o.induct
lemma cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o-all-rules-induct[consumes 1, case-names decide backtrack skip resolve]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W-o S T and
    \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    \bigwedge T. backtrack S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    \bigwedge T. skip S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    \bigwedge T. resolve S T \Longrightarrow P S T
  shows P S T
  using assms by (induct T rule: cdcl_W-o.induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
lemma cdcl_W-o-rule-cases consumes 1, case-names decide backtrack skip resolve]:
 fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W-o S T and
    decide\ S\ T \Longrightarrow P and
    backtrack \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ \mathbf{and}
    skip \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ \mathbf{and}
    resolve S T \Longrightarrow P
```

```
shows P using assms by (auto simp: cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps)
```

19.3 Invariants

19.3.1 Properties of the trail

We here establish that: * the marks are exactly 1..k where k is the level * the consistency of the trail * the fact that there is no duplicate in the trail.

```
lemma backtrack-lit-skiped:
 assumes
   L: get-level (trail\ S)\ L = backtrack-lvl\ S and
   M1: (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) and
   no-dup: no-dup (trail S) and
   bt-l: backtrack-lvl S = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) and
   order: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
   = rev [1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]
 \mathbf{shows}\ atm\text{-}of\ L \not\in\ atm\text{-}of\ ``lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M1
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?M = trail S
 assume L-in-M1: \neg atm-of L \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l M1
 obtain c where
   Mc: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # M1
   using M1 by blast
  have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ c
   using L-in-M1 no-dup unfolding Mc lits-of-def by force
 have g\text{-}M\text{-}eq\text{-}g\text{-}M1: get\text{-}level\ ?M\ L=get\text{-}level\ M1\ L
   using L-in-M1 unfolding Mc by auto
 have g: get-all-levels-of-marked <math>M1 = rev [1.. < Suc \ i]
   using order unfolding Mc by (auto simp del: upt-simps simp: rev-swap[symmetric]
     dest: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i)
  then have Max (set (0 \# get-all-levels-of-marked (rev M1))) < Suc i by auto
  then have get-level M1 L < Suc i
   using get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked[of rev M1 0 L] by linarith
 moreover have Suc\ i \leq backtrack-lvl\ S using bt-l by (simp\ add:\ Mc\ g)
 ultimately show False using L g-M-eq-g-M1 by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-distinctinv-1:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   qet-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+length\ (qet-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S))]
 shows no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct)
  case (backtrack\ L\ D\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ T) note decomp = this(3) and L = this(4) and T = this(7) and
   n-d = this(8)
 obtain c where Mc: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 have no-dup (M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1)
   using Mc n-d by fastforce
 moreover have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) ' set M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped[of S L K i M1 M2] L decomp backtrack.prems
```

```
by (fastforce simp: lits-of-def)
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 ultimately show ?case using decomp T n-d by simp
qed (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma cdcl_W-consistent-inv-2:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S))]
 shows consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S'))
 using cdcl_W-distinctinv-1 [OF assms] distinct-consistent-interp by fast
lemma cdcl_W-o-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o SS' and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) =
     rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]) and
   n\text{-}d[simp]: no-dup (trail S)
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S'))
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o-induct)
 case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note decomp = this(3) and T = this(7) and level = this(9)
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 S) = M1
   using decomp by auto
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1 using decomp by auto
 have rev (qet\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked\ (trail\ S))
   = [1..<1+ (length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]
   using level by (auto simp: rev-swap[symmetric])
 moreover have atm-of L \notin (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) 'set M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped[of S L K i M1 M2] backtrack(4,8,9) decomp
   by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 moreover then have no-dup (trail T)
   using T decomp n-d by (auto simp: defined-lit-map M)
 ultimately show ?case
   using T n-d unfolding M by (auto dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length simp del: upt-simps)
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-rf-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-rf S S' and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<(1+length\ (qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S)))]
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S'))
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-rf.induct) (auto elim: restartE forgetE)
lemma cdcl_W-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
```

```
get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
   = rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]) and
   no-dup (trail S)
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S'))
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W.induct) (auto simp add: cdcl_W-o-bt cdcl_W-rf-bt
   elim: conflictE propagateE)
lemma cdcl_W-bt-level':
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
     = rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]) and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S)
 shows get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S')
   = rev [1..<1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S'))]
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-induct)
 case (decide L T) note undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
 let ?M = trail S
 let ?M' = Marked L (?k + 1) \# trail S
 have H: get-all-levels-of-marked ?M = rev [Suc 0..<1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)]
   using decide.prems by simp
 have k: ?k = length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)
   using decide.prems by auto
 have get-all-levels-of-marked ?M' = Suc ?k \# get-all-levels-of-marked ?M by simp
 then have get-all-levels-of-marked ?M' = Suc ?k \#
     rev [Suc \ 0..<1+length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ ?M)]
   using H by auto
 moreover have ... = rev [Suc \ 0.. < Suc \ (1 + length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M))]
   unfolding k by simp
 finally show ?case using T undef by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
 case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note decomp = this(3) and confil = this(1) and T = this(7)
and
   all-marked = this(9) and bt-lvl = this(8)
 have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M1
    \textbf{using} \ backtrack-lit\text{-}skiped[of S \ L \ K \ i \ M1 \ M2] \ backtrack(4,8-10) \ decomp 
   by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (auto simp: defined-lit-map lits-of-def)
 then have [simp]: trail\ T = Propagated\ L\ (mset-ccls\ D)\ \#\ M1
   using T decomp n-d by auto
 obtain c where M: trail\ S = c @ M2 @ Marked\ K\ (i+1) \# M1 using decomp by auto
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (rev (trail S))
   = [Suc \ 0..<2 + length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ c) + (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M2)]
             + length (get-all-levels-of-marked M1))]
   using all-marked bt-lvl unfolding M by (auto simp: rev-swap[symmetric] simp del: upt-simps)
 then show ?case
   using T by (auto simp: rev-swap M simp del: upt-simps dest!: append-cons-eq-upt(1))
qed auto
```

We write 1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) instead of backtrack-lvl S to avoid non termination of rewriting.

```
definition cdcl_W-M-level-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \longleftrightarrow
 consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S))
 \land no-dup (trail S)
 \land backtrack-lvl S = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S))
 \land get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
     = rev [1..<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))]
lemma cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp:
 assumes cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows
   consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
   no-dup (trail S)
 using assms unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by fastforce+
lemma cdcl_W-consistent-inv:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms\ cdcl_W-consistent-inv-2 cdcl_W-distinctinv-1 cdcl_W-bt cdcl_W-bt-level'
 unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by meson+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{W}^{**} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W^{++} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp-induct)
 (auto intro: cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-M-level-inv-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
 cdcl_W-M-level-inv (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-M-level-inv-get-level-le-backtrack-lvl:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows get-level (trail S) L \leq backtrack-lvl S
proof -
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl\ S]
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis
   using get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked[of rev (trail S) 0 L]
   by (auto simp: Max-n-upt)
qed
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ backtrack\text{-}ex\text{-}decomp$:

```
assumes
   M-l: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   i-S: i < backtrack-lvl S
 shows \exists K \ M1 \ M2. (Marked K \ (i+1) \ \# \ M1, \ M2) \in set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
proof -
 let ?M = trail S
 have
   g: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) = rev [Suc 0... < Suc (backtrack-lvl S)]
   using M-l unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by simp-all
 then have i+1 \in set (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))
   using i-S by auto
 then obtain c \ K \ c' where tr-S: trail \ S = c \ @ Marked \ K \ (i + 1) \# c'
   using in-get-all-levels-of-marked-iff-decomp[of i+1 trail S] by auto
 obtain M1 M2 where (Marked K (i + 1) # M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
   using Marked-cons-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked-cons unfolding tr-S by fast
 then show ?thesis by blast
qed
```

19.3.2 Better-Suited Induction Principle

We generalise the induction principle defined previously: the induction case for *backtrack* now includes the assumption that *undefined-lit M1 L*. This helps the simplifier and thus the automation.

lemma backtrack-induction-lev[consumes 1, case-names M-devel-inv backtrack]: assumes

```
bt: backtrack S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   backtrackH: \bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T.
     raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
     L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
     (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
     get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
     undefined-lit M1 L \Longrightarrow
      T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                  (update-backtrack-lvl i
                    (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
     PST
 shows P S T
proof -
 obtain K i M1 M2 L D where
   decomp: (Marked K (Suc i) \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   L: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   confl: raw-conflicting S = Some D and
   LD: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \text{ and }
   lev-L: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) and
   lev-D: get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i and
    T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add-learned-cls\ (cls-of-ccls\ D)
```

```
(update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                         (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
    using bt by (elim backtrackE) metis
  have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M1
    using backtrack-lit-skiped[of S L K i M1 M2] L decomp bt confl lev-L lev-D inv
    unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by force
  then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (auto simp: defined-lit-map lits-of-def)
  then show ?thesis
    using backtrackH[OF confl LD decomp L lev-L lev-D - T] by simp
qed
lemmas\ backtrack-induction-lev2 = backtrack-induction-lev[consumes\ 2,\ case-names backtrack]
lemma cdcl_W-all-induct-lev-full:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
    inv[simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    propagateH: \bigwedge C \ L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
        C \in ! raw\text{-}clauses S \Longrightarrow
        L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ C \Longrightarrow
        trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ (mset\text{-}cls \ C)) \Longrightarrow
        undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
        T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L C) S \Longrightarrow
        P S T and
    conflictH: \land D \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
        D \in ! raw-clauses S \Longrightarrow
        trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ D) \Longrightarrow
        T \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some (ccls-of\text{-cls }D)) } S \Longrightarrow
        P S T and
    forgetH: \bigwedge C \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
       C \in ! raw-learned-clss S \Longrightarrow
       \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S \Longrightarrow
       mset\text{-}cls\ C \notin set\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}mark\text{-}of\text{-}propagated\ (trail\ S))} \Longrightarrow
       mset-cls \ C \notin \# \ init-clss \ S \Longrightarrow
       T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
       PST and
    restartH: \bigwedge T. \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
       conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
       T \sim \textit{restart-state } S \Longrightarrow
       PST and
    decideH: \bigwedge L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
       undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow
       atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)\Longrightarrow
       T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S) \Longrightarrow
       PST and
    skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ E \ T.
       trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
       raw-conflicting S = Some E \Longrightarrow
       -L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls E \Longrightarrow mset\text{-}ccls E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
       T \sim tl\text{-}trail \ S \Longrightarrow
       PST and
    resolveH: \bigwedge L \ E \ M \ D \ T.
```

```
trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (mset\text{-}cls\ E)\ \#\ M \Longrightarrow
     L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
     hd-raw-trail S = Propagated L E \Longrightarrow
     raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
     -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls D \Longrightarrow
     qet-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
      T \sim update\text{-}conflicting
       (Some \ (union-ccls \ (remove-clit \ (-L) \ D) \ (ccls-of-cls \ (remove-lit \ L \ E)))) \ (tl-trail \ S) \Longrightarrow
     P S T and
    backtrackH: \bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T.
     raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
     L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
     (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1\ ,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
     qet-level (trail S) L = qet-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
     get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
     undefined-lit M1 L \Longrightarrow
      T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                 (add-learned-cls\ (cls-of-ccls\ D)
                   (update-backtrack-lvl i
                     (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
     PST
 shows P S S'
  using cdcl_W
proof (induct S' rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-rules-induct)
  case (propagate S')
  then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: propagateE intro!: propagateH)
next
  case (conflict S')
  then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: conflictE intro!: conflictH)
next
  case (restart S')
  then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: restartE intro!: restartH)
next
  case (decide\ T)
  then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: decideE intro!: decideH)
next
  case (backtrack S')
  then show ?case
   apply (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev)
    apply (rule inv)
   by (rule backtrackH;
     fastforce simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-def dest!: HOL.meta-eq-to-obj-eq)
next
  case (forget S')
 then show ?case by (auto elim!: forgetE intro!: forgetH)
  case (skip S')
  then show ?case by (auto elim!: skipE intro!: skipH)
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case (resolve S')
  then show ?case
    using hd-raw-trail[of S] by (cases trail S) (auto elim!: resolveE intro!: resolveH)
qed
lemmas cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2 = cdcl_W-all-induct-lev-full[consumes 2, case-names propagate conflict
 forget restart decide skip resolve backtrack]
lemmas\ cdcl_W-all-induct-lev = cdcl_W-all-induct-lev-full[consumes 1, case-names lev-inv propagate]
  conflict forget restart decide skip resolve backtrack]
thm cdcl_W-o-induct
lemma cdcl_W-o-induct-lev[consumes 1, case-names M-lev decide skip resolve backtrack]:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
    inv[simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    decideH: \land L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
      undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow
      atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S) \Longrightarrow
      T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S) \Longrightarrow
      PST and
    skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ E \ T.
      trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
      raw-conflicting S = Some E \Longrightarrow
      -L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls E \Longrightarrow mset\text{-}ccls E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
      T \sim tl-trail S \Longrightarrow
      PST and
    resolveH: \land L \ E \ M \ D \ T.
      trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (mset-cls\ E)\ \#\ M \Longrightarrow
      L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
      hd-raw-trail S = Propagated L E \Longrightarrow
      raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
      -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls D \Longrightarrow
      get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
      T \sim update\text{-}conflicting
        (Some\ (union-ccls\ (remove-clit\ (-L)\ D)\ (ccls-of-cls\ (remove-lit\ L\ E))))\ (tl-trail\ S)\Longrightarrow
      PST and
    backtrackH: \bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T.
      raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
      L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
      (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1\ ,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
      get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
      get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
      get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
      undefined-lit M1 L \Longrightarrow
      T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
                (reduce-trail-to M1
                  (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                    (update-backtrack-lvl i
                      (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
      PST
 shows P S T
  using cdcl_W
proof (induct S T rule: cdcl_W-o-all-rules-induct)
```

```
case (decide\ T)
 then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: decideE intro!: decideH)
next
  case (backtrack S')
 then show ?case
   apply (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev)
    apply (rule inv)
   by (rule backtrackH;
     fastforce simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-def dest!: HOL.meta-eq-to-obj-eq)
next
 case (skip S')
 then show ?case by (auto elim!: skipE intro!: skipH)
 case (resolve S')
 then show ?case
   using hd-raw-trail [of S] by (cases trail S) (auto elim!: resolveE intro!: resolveH)
lemmas cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2 = cdcl_W-o-induct-lev[consumes 2, case-names decide skip resolve
  backtrack
           Compatibility with op \sim
19.3.3
lemma propagate-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   propa: propagate S T  and
   SS': S \sim S' and
   TT': T \sim T'
 shows propagate S' T'
proof -
 obtain CL where
   conf: conflicting S = None  and
   C:\ C\ !{\in} !\ raw{-}clauses\ S\ {\bf and}
   L: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ C \text{ and }
   tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ (mset\text{-}cls \ C)) and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L C) S
  using propa by (elim propagateE) auto
 obtain C' where
   CC': mset-cls C' = mset-cls C and
   C': C'!\in! raw-clauses S'
   using SS' C
   in\text{-}mset\text{-}clss\text{-}exists\text{-}preimage[of\ mset\text{-}cls\ C\ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ S']}
   in-mset-clss-exists-preimage[of mset-cls C raw-init-clss S']
   apply -
   apply (frule in-clss-mset-clss)
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def raw-clauses-def simp del: state-simp dest: in-clss-mset-clss)
 show ?thesis
   \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{propagate-rule}[\mathit{of} \ - \ \mathit{C'}])
   using state-eq-sym[of S S'] SS' conf C' CC' L tr undef TT' T
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
```

```
lemma conflict-state-eq-compatible:
  assumes
    confl: conflict S T  and
    TT': T \sim T' and
   SS': S \sim S'
  shows conflict S' T'
proof -
  obtain D where
   conf: conflicting S = None  and
   D: D !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S and
   tr: trail S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ D) and
    T: T \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some (ccls-of\text{-}cls D)) } S
  using confl by (elim conflictE) auto
  obtain D' where
    DD': mset-cls D' = mset-cls D and
   D': D' !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S'
   using D SS' in-mset-clss-exists-preimage by fastforce
  show ?thesis
   apply (rule conflict-rule[of - D'])
   using state-eq-sym[of S S'] SS' conf D' DD' tr TT' T
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
lemma backtrack-levE[consumes 2]:
  backtrack \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv \ S \Longrightarrow
  (\bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D.
     raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
     L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
     (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1\ ,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
     get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
     undefined-lit M1 L \Longrightarrow
     S' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                 (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                   (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                     (update\text{-}conflicting None S)))) \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow
 using assms by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) metis
thm allI
{f lemma}\ backtrack	ext{-}state	ext{-}eq	ext{-}compatible:
  assumes
   bt: backtrack S T and
   SS': S \sim S' and
    TT': T \sim T' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
  shows backtrack S' T'
proof -
  obtain D L K i M1 M2 where
   conf: raw\text{-}conflicting S = Some D \text{ and }
   L: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \ \mathbf{and}
```

```
decomp: (Marked K (Suc i) \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   lev: get-level (trail\ S)\ L = backtrack-lvl\ S and
   max: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) and
   max-D: get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
             (reduce-trail-to M1
               (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                (update-backtrack-lvl i
                  (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
 using bt inv by (elim backtrack-levE) metis
 obtain D' where
   D': raw-conflicting S' = Some D'
   using SS' conf by (cases raw-conflicting S') auto
 have [simp]: mset-ccls D = mset-ccls D'
   using SS' D' conf by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[]
 have T': T' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D'))
    (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D')
    (update-backtrack-lvl i (update-conflicting None S'))))
   using TT' unfolding state-eq-def
   using decomp undef inv SS' T by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule backtrack-rule[of - D'])
      apply (rule D')
      using state-eq-sym[of S S'] TT' SS' D' conf L decomp lev max max-D undef T
     apply (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[]
     using decomp SS' lev SS' max-D max T' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
lemma decide-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   decide S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows decide S' T'
 using assms apply (elim\ decideE)
 by (rule decide-rule) (auto simp: state-eq-def raw-clauses-def simp del: state-simp)
lemma skip-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   skip: skip S T and
   SS': S \sim S' and
   TT': T \sim T'
 shows skip S' T'
proof -
 obtain L C' M E where
   tr: trail S = Propagated L C' \# M and
   raw: raw\text{-}conflicting \ S = Some \ E \ \mathbf{and}
   L: -L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls \ E \text{ and }
   E: mset\text{-}ccls \ E \neq \{\#\} \ \mathbf{and}
   T: T \sim tl-trail S
 using skip by (elim \ skipE) \ simp
```

```
obtain E' where E': raw-conflicting S' = Some E'
   using SS' raw by (cases raw-conflicting S') (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
  show ?thesis
   apply (rule skip-rule)
      using tr raw L E T SS' apply (auto simp: simp del:)[]
     using E' apply simp
    using E'SS' L raw E apply (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[2]
   using T TT' SS' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
lemma resolve-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   res: resolve S T and
   TT': T \sim T' and
   SS': S \sim S'
 shows resolve S' T'
proof -
  obtain E D L where
   tr: trail S \neq [] and
   hd: hd-raw-trail S = Propagated \ L \ E and
   L: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \text{ and }
   raw: raw-conflicting S = Some D and
   LD: -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \text{ and }
   i: get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl S and
   T: T \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some (union-ccls (remove\text{-clit } (-L) D))}
      (ccls-of-cls (remove-lit L E)))) (tl-trail S)
  using assms by (elim resolveE) simp
 obtain E' where
   E': hd-raw-trail S' = Propagated L E'
   \textbf{using } SS' \ hd \ \textbf{by } \ (\textit{metis} \ \langle \textit{trail} \ S \neq [] \rangle \ \textit{hd-raw-trail is-proped-def marked-lit.disc}(3)
     marked-lit.inject(2) mmset-of-mlit.elims state-eq-trail)
 have [simp]: mset-cls E = mset-cls E'
   using hd-raw-trail[of S] tr hd-raw-trail[of S'] tr SS' hd E'
   \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis marked-lit.inject}(2) \ \textit{mmset-of-mlit.simps}(1) \ \textit{state-eq-trail})
  obtain D' where
   D': raw-conflicting S' = Some D'
   using SS' raw by fastforce
 have [simp]: mset-ccls D = mset-ccls D'
   using D'SS' raw state-simp(5) by fastforce
 have T'T: T' \sim T
   using TT' state-eq-sym by auto
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule resolve-rule)
         using tr SS' apply simp
        using E' apply simp
       using L apply simp
      using D' apply simp
      using D'SS' raw LD apply (auto simp add: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
     using D'SS' raw LD apply (auto simp add: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
    using raw SS' i apply (auto simp add: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[]
   using T T'T SS' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ forget\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}$

```
assumes
   forget: forget S T and
   SS': S \sim S' and
   TT': T \sim T'
 shows forget S' T'
proof -
 obtain C where
   conf: conflicting S = None  and
   C \in ! raw-learned-clss S and
   tr: \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S and
   C1: mset-cls \ C \notin set \ (get-all-mark-of-propagated \ (trail \ S)) and
   C2: mset\text{-}cls \ C \notin \# \ init\text{-}clss \ S \ \mathbf{and}
   T: T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
   using forget by (elim forgetE) simp
 obtain C' where
   C': C' !\in ! raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss S' and
   [simp]: mset-cls C' = mset-cls C
   using \langle C \mid \in ! \text{ raw-learned-clss } S \rangle SS' in-mset-clss-exists-preimage by fastforce
  show ?thesis
   apply (rule forget-rule)
       using SS' conf apply simp
       using C' apply simp
      using SS' tr apply simp
     using SS' C1 apply simp
    using SS' C2 apply simp
   using T TT' SS' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S T and \neg restart S T and
   S \sim S'
   T \sim T' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
  shows cdcl_W S' T'
  using assms by (meson backtrack backtrack-state-eq-compatible bj cdcl<sub>W</sub>.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o-rule-cases
   cdcl_W-rf. cases conflict-state-eq-compatible decide decide-state-eq-compatible forget
   forget-state-eq-compatible\ propagate-state-eq-compatible\ resolve\ resolve-state-eq-compatible
   skip\ skip\ state\ eq\ compatible\ state\ eq\ ref)
lemma cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-bj S T and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-bj S T'
 using assms by (meson backtrack backtrack-state-eq-compatible cdcl_W-bjE resolve
   resolve-state-eq-compatible skip skip-state-eq-compatible state-eq-ref)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-bj^{++} S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T'
```

```
using assms
proof (induction arbitrary: S' T')
 case base
 then show ?case
   unfolding transler-unfold-end by (meson backtrack-state-eq-compatible cdcl_W-bj.simps
     resolve-state-eq-compatible rtranclp-unfold skip-state-eq-compatible)
next
 case (step\ T\ U) note IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-5)]
 have cdcl_W^{++} S T
   using tranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-bj\ cdcl_W] step.hyps(1)\ cdcl_W.other\ cdcl_W-o.bj\ by\ blast
 then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast
 then have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T'
   using \langle U \sim T' \rangle cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible[of T U] \langle cdcl_W-bj T U \rangle by auto
 then show ?case
   using IH[of T] by auto
qed
          Conservation of some Properties
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2) (auto simp: inv cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o^{++} S S' and
   inv: \ cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
 by (auto dest: cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss
   dest!: tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv dest: tranclp-mono-explicit[of cdcl_W-o--cdcl_W]
   simp: other)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o** S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms unfolding rtranclp-unfold by (auto intro: tranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss T
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 (auto simp: inv\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp not-in-iff)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss:
 cdcl_{W}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{W} \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv } S \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss } S = init\text{-}clss } T
 by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto dest: cdcl_W-init-clss\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
```

```
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}init\text{-}clss:

cdcl_W^{++} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv S \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss S = init\text{-}clss T

using rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}init\text{-}clss[of S T] unfolding rtranclp\text{-}unfold by auto
```

19.3.5 Learned Clause

This invariant shows that:

- the learned clauses are entailed by the initial set of clauses.
- the conflicting clause is entailed by the initial set of clauses.
- the marks are entailed by the clauses. A more precise version would be to show that either these marked are learned or are in the set of clauses

```
definition cdcl_W-learned-clause (S :: 'st) \longleftrightarrow
 (init\text{-}clss\ S \models psm\ learned\text{-}clss\ S
 \land (\forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow init-clss S \models pm T)
 \land set (get\text{-}all\text{-}mark\text{-}of\text{-}propagated (trail S)) \subseteq set\text{-}mset (clauses S))
lemma cdcl_W-learned-clause-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
  cdcl_W-learned-clause (init-state N)
  unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-learned-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W \ S \ S' and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   lev-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
  using assms(1) lev-inv learned
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(3) and confl = this(1) and undef = this(7)
 and T = this(8)
 show ?case
   using decomp confl learned undef T unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
   by (auto dest!: qet-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
     simp: raw-clauses-def lev-inv cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp dest: true-clss-clss-left-right)
 case (resolve L C M D) note trail = this(1) and CL = this(2) and confl = this(4) and DL = this(5)
   and lvl = this(6) and T = this(7)
  moreover
   have init-clss S \models psm \ learned\text{-}clss \ S
     using learned trail unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def by auto
   then have init-clss S \models pm \text{ mset-cls } C + \{\#L\#\}
     using trail learned unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def
     by (auto dest: true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
  moreover have remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls\ D) + \{\#-L\#\} = mset-ccls\ D
   using DL by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
  moreover have remove1-mset L (mset-cls C) + {\#L\#} = mset-cls C
   using CL by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
  ultimately show ?case
   using learned T
   by (auto dest: mk-disjoint-insert
```

```
simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def
     intro!: true-clss-cls-union-mset-true-clss-cls-or-not-true-clss-cls-or[of - - L])
next
  case (restart \ T)
 then show ?case
   using learned learned-clss-restart-state[of T]
   by (auto
     simp:\ raw-clauses-def\ state-eq-def\ cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
     simp del: state-simp
     dest: true-clss-clssm-subsetE)
next
  case propagate
 then show ?case using learned by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def)
 case conflict
 then show ?case using learned
   by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def
     true-clss-clss-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
next
  case (forget U)
 then show ?case using learned
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def split: if-split-asm)
qed (auto simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-learned-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_{W}^{**} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
    cdcl_W-learned-clause S
 shows cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
 using assms by induction (auto dest: cdcl_W-learned-clss intro: rtrancl_P-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
19.3.6
           No alien atom in the state
This invariant means that all the literals are in the set of clauses.
definition no-strange-atm S' \longleftrightarrow (
   (\forall T. conflicting S' = Some T \longrightarrow atms-of T \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S'))
 \land (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S')
      \longrightarrow atms-of \ (mark) \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S'))
 \land atms-of-mm (learned-clss S') \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S')
 \land atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S')) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S'))
lemma no-strange-atm-decomp:
 assumes no-strange-atm S
 shows conflicting S = Some \ T \Longrightarrow atms-of \ T \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S)
 and (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S)
      \rightarrow atms\text{-}of \ (mark) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S))
 and atms-of-mm (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
 and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
  using assms unfolding no-strange-atm-def by blast+
lemma no-strange-atm-S0 [simp]: no-strange-atm (init-state N)
  unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}atms\text{-}of\text{-}implies\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}on\text{-}atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms$:

```
C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#A \implies x \in atms\text{-}of \ C \implies x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ A
  using multi-member-split by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ propagate-no-strange-atm-inv:
 assumes
   propagate S T and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows no-strange-atm T
 using assms(1)
proof (induction)
 case (propagate-rule CLT) note confl = this(1) and C = this(2) and C-L = this(3) and
   tr = this(4) and undef = this(5) and T = this(6)
 have atm-CL: atms-of (mset-cls C) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
   using C alien unfolding no-strange-atm-def
   by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def atms-of-ms-def dest!:in-clss-mset-clss)
 show ?case
   unfolding no-strange-atm-def
   proof (intro conjI allI impI, goal-cases)
     case 1
     then show ?case
       using confl T undef by auto
     case (2 L' mark')
     then show ?case
       using C-L T alien undef atm-CL
       unfolding no-strange-atm-def raw-clauses-def apply auto by blast
   next
     case (3)
     show ?case using T alien undef unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   next
     case (4)
     show ?case
       using T alien undef C-L atm-CL unfolding no-strange-atm-def by (auto simp: atms-of-def)
   qed
qed
lemma in-atms-of-remove1-mset-in-atms-of:
 x \in atms\text{-}of \ (remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ C) \implies x \in atms\text{-}of \ C
 using in-diffD unfolding atms-of-def by fastforce
lemma cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-explicit:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   conf: \forall T. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ T \longrightarrow atms-of \ T \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S) \ {\bf and}
   marked: \forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S)
     \longrightarrow atms\text{-}of\ mark \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S) and
   learned: atms-of-mm (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S) and
   trail: atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
  shows
   (\forall T. conflicting S' = Some T \longrightarrow atms-of T \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S')) \land
   (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S')
      \longrightarrow atms\text{-}of \ (mark) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S')) \land
   atms-of-mm (learned-clss S') \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S') \land
```

```
atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S')) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S')
   (is ?CS' \land ?MS' \land ?US' \land ?VS')
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case (propagate C L T) note confl = this(1) and C-L = this(2) and tr = this(3) and undef =
this(4)
 and T = this(5)
 show ?case
   using propagate-rule OF propagate-hyps (1-3) - propagate-hyps (5,6), simplified
   propagate.hyps(4) propagate-no-strange-atm-inv[of S T]
   conf marked learned trail unfolding no-strange-atm-def by presburger
next
  case (decide\ L)
 then show ?case using learned marked conf trail unfolding raw-clauses-def by auto
next
 case (skip\ L\ C\ M\ D)
 then show ?case using learned marked conf trail by auto
  case (conflict D T) note D-S = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have D: atm-of 'set-mset (mset-cls D) \subseteq \bigcup (atms-of '(set-mset (clauses S)))
   using D-S by (auto simp add: atms-of-def atms-of-ms-def)
  moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ xa :: 'v \ literal
   assume a1: atm-of 'set-mset (mset-cls D) \subseteq (\bigcup x \in set\text{-mset (init-clss S)}). atms-of x)
     \cup (\bigcup x \in set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S). \ atms\text{-}of \ x)
   assume a2:
     (\bigcup x \in set\text{-mset (learned-clss } S). \ atms\text{-}of \ x) \subseteq (\bigcup x \in set\text{-mset (init-clss } S). \ atms\text{-}of \ x)
   assume xa \in \# mset\text{-}cls D
   then have atm\text{-}of\ xa \in \mathit{UNION}\ (\mathit{set\text{-}mset}\ (\mathit{init\text{-}clss}\ S))\ atms\text{-}of
     using a2 a1 by (metis (no-types) Un-iff atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms-of-def subset-Un-eq)
   then have \exists m \in set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S). \ atm\text{-}of \ xa \in atms\text{-}of \ m
     by blast
   } note H = this
  ultimately show ?case using conflict.prems T learned marked conf trail
   unfolding atms-of-def atms-of-ms-def raw-clauses-def
   by (auto simp add: H)
 case (restart T)
 then show ?case using learned marked conf trail by auto
next
  case (forget C T) note confl = this(1) and C = this(4) and C - le = this(5) and
    T = this(6)
 have H: \bigwedge L mark. Propagated L mark \in set (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow atms-of\ mark \subseteq atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S)
   using marked by simp
 show ?case unfolding raw-clauses-def apply (intro conjI)
      using conf conft T trail C unfolding raw-clauses-def apply (auto dest!: H)[]
     using T trail C C-le apply (auto dest!: H)[]
    using T learned C-le atms-of-ms-remove-subset[of set-mset (learned-clss S)] apply auto[]
  using T trail C-le apply (auto simp: raw-clauses-def lits-of-def)
  done
next
  case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note confl = this(1) and LD = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
and
    undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
 have ?CT
```

```
using conf T decomp undef lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover have set M1 \subseteq set (trail S)
   using decomp by auto
 then have M: ?M T
   using marked conf undef confl T decomp lev
   by (auto simp: image-subset-iff raw-clauses-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover have ?UT
   using learned decomp conf confl T undef lev unfolding raw-clauses-def
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover have ?V T
   using M conf confl trail T undef decomp lev LD
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp atms-of-def
    dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend)
 ultimately show ?case by blast
 case (resolve L C M D T) note trail-S = this(1) and confl = this(4) and T = this(7)
 let ?T = update\text{-}conflicting (Some ((remove\text{-}clit (-L) D) !\cup ccls\text{-}of\text{-}cls ((remove\text{-}lit L C))))
 have ?C?T
   using confl trail-S conf marked by (auto dest!: in-atms-of-remove1-mset-in-atms-of)
 moreover have ?M ?T
   using confl trail-S conf marked by auto
 moreover have ?U?T
   using trail learned by auto
 moreover have ?V ?T
   using confl trail-S trail by auto
 ultimately show ?case using T by simp
qed
lemma cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W S S' and no-strange-atm S and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-strange-atm S'
 using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-explicit [OF assms(1)] assms(2,3) unfolding no-strange-atm-def by fast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W^{**} S S' and no-strange-atm S and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-strange-atm S'
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-no-strange-atm-inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv)
```

19.3.7 No duplicates all around

This invariant shows that there is no duplicate (no literal appearing twice in the formula). The last part could be proven using the previous invariant moreover.

```
definition distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state (S ::'st)

\longleftrightarrow ((∀ T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow distinct-mset T)

\land distinct-mset-mset (learned-clss S)

\land distinct-mset-mset (init-clss S)

\land (∀ L mark. (Propagated L mark ∈ set (trail S) \longrightarrow distinct-mset (mark))))

lemma distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-decomp:

assumes distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state (S ::'st)

shows ∀ T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow distinct-mset T

and distinct-mset-mset (learned-clss S)

and distinct-mset-mset (init-clss S)

and ∀ L mark. (Propagated L mark ∈ set (trail S) \longrightarrow distinct-mset (mark))
```

```
using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by blast+
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}decomp\text{-}2:
  assumes distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ (S::'st)
  shows conflicting S = Some \ T \Longrightarrow distinct\text{-mset } T
  using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by auto
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}S0\text{-}cdcl_W[simp]:
  distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N) \Longrightarrow distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state (init-state N)
  unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by auto
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv:
  assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   lev-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    distinct-cdcl_W-state\ S
  shows distinct-cdcl_W-state S'
  using assms(1,2,2,3)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2)
  then show ?case
   using lev-inv unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def
   by (auto dest: get-all-marked-decomposition-incl simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
  case restart
  then show ?case
   \mathbf{unfolding}\ \mathit{distinct-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{state-def}\ \mathit{distinct-mset-set-def}\ \mathit{raw-clauses-def}
   using learned-clss-restart-state [of S] by auto
next
  case resolve
  then show ?case
   by (auto simp add: distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-set-def raw-clauses-def
      distinct-mset-single-add
      intro!: distinct-mset-union-mset)
\mathbf{qed} (auto simp: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}def distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}set\text{-}def raw\text{-}clauses\text{-}def
  dest!: in-clss-mset-clss in-diffD)
lemma rtanclp-distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_{W}^{**} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S
  shows distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  using distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast+
```

19.3.8 Conflicts and co

This invariant shows that each mark contains a contradiction only related to the previously defined variable.

```
abbreviation every-mark-is-a-conflict :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where every-mark-is-a-conflict S \equiv \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a @ \ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = (trail \ S) \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark)
```

```
definition cdcl_W-conflicting S \equiv
  (\forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot T)
 \land every-mark-is-a-conflict S
\mathbf{lemma}\ backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1:
  fixes M1 :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
   i: get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit L D)) \equiv i and
   decomp: (Marked K (Suc i) \# M1, M2)
      \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   S-lvl: backtrack-lvl S = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) and
   S-confl: raw-conflicting S = Some D and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
             (reduce-trail-to M1
               (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                 (update-backtrack-lvl i
                   (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot T
 shows atms-of (mset-ccls (remove-clit L D)) \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l (tl (trail T))
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?k = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level (trail S) (mset\text{-}ccls D)
 let ?D = mset\text{-}ccls D
 let ?D' = mset\text{-}ccls \ (remove\text{-}clit \ L \ D)
 have trail S \models as \ CNot \ ?D \ using \ confl \ S\text{-confl} by auto
  then have vars-of-D: atms-of ?D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) unfolding atms-of-def
   by (meson image-subset true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 have max: ?k = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) # M1))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S-lvl M by simp
  assume a: \neg ?thesis
  then obtain L' where
   L': L' \in atms\text{-}of ?D' and
   L'-notin-M1: L' \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l M1
   using T undef decomp inv by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
  then have L'-in: L' \in atm-of 'lits-of-l (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # [])
   using vars-of-D unfolding M by (auto dest: in-atms-of-remove1-mset-in-atms-of)
  then obtain L'' where
   L'' \in \# ?D' and
   L'': L' = atm\text{-}of L''
   using L'L'-notin-M1 unfolding atms-of-def by auto
 have lev-L'':
   qet-level (trail\ S)\ L'' = qet-rev-level (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ rev\ M2\ @\ rev\ M0)\ (Suc\ i)\ L''
   using L'-notin-M1 L'' M by (auto simp del: qet-rev-level.simps)
  have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+?k]
   using inv S-lvl unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
  then have get-all-levels-of-marked (M0 @ M2) = rev [Suc (Suc i)... < Suc ?k]
   unfolding M by (auto simp:rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end)
```

then have M: get-all-levels-of-marked M0 @ get-all-levels-of-marked M2

```
= rev [Suc (Suc i)..<Suc (length (get-all-levels-of-marked (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) # M1)))]
   unfolding max unfolding M by simp
 have get-rev-level (Marked K (Suc i) # rev (M0 @ M2)) (Suc i) L''
   \geq Min \ (set \ ((Suc \ i) \ \# \ get-all-levels-of-marked \ (Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \ \# \ rev \ (M0 \ @ M2))))
   using get-rev-level-ge-min-get-all-levels-of-marked[of L"
     rev (M0 @ M2 @ [Marked K (Suc i)]) Suc i] L'-in
   unfolding L'' by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
  also have Min (set ((Suc \ i) \# get-all-levels-of-marked (Marked K (Suc \ i) \# rev (M0 @ M2))))
   = Min (set ((Suc i) \# get-all-levels-of-marked (rev (M0 @ M2))))) by auto
 also have ... = Min (set ((Suc i) # get-all-levels-of-marked M0 @ get-all-levels-of-marked M2))
   by (simp add: Un-commute)
 also have ... = Min (set ((Suc i) \# [Suc (Suc i)... < 2 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked M0))
   + (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M2) + length (get-all-levels-of-marked M1))]))
   unfolding M by (auto simp add: Un-commute)
 also have \dots = Suc \ i \ by \ (auto \ intro: Min-eqI)
 finally have get-rev-level (Marked K (Suc i) # rev (M0 @ M2)) (Suc i) L'' \geq Suc i.
  then have get-level (trail S) L'' > i + 1
   using lev-L'' by simp
  then have get-maximum-level (trail S) ?D' \ge i + 1
   using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level[OF \langle L^{\prime\prime} \in \# ?D^{\prime} \rangle, of trail S| by auto
 then show False using i by auto
qed
lemma distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other:
 assumes
   a1: no-dup (M @ M') and
   a2: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l M' and
   a3: x \in atms\text{-}of D
 shows x \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
proof -
 have ff1: \bigwedge l ms. undefined-lit ms l \vee atm-of l
   \in set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ (m :: ('a, 'b, 'c) \ marked-lit))) \ ms)
   by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 have ff2: \bigwedge a.\ a \notin atms\text{-}of\ D \lor a \in atm\text{-}of ' lits-of-l M'
   using a2 by (meson subsetCE)
 have ff3: \bigwedge a. \ a \notin set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ m)) \ M')
   \vee a \notin set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ m)) \ M)
   using a1 by (metis (lifting) IntI distinct-append empty-iff map-append)
 have \forall L \ a \ f \ \exists \ l \ ((a::'a) \notin f \ `L \lor (l ::'a \ literal) \in L) \land (a \notin f \ `L \lor f \ l = a)
   by blast
  then show x \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}lM
   using ff3 ff2 ff1 a3 by (metis (no-types) Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{cdcl}_{\mathit{W}}\textit{-}\mathit{propagate}\textit{-}\mathit{is}\textit{-}\mathit{conclusion};
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
  shows all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
  using assms(1,2)
```

```
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case restart
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case forget
 then show ?case using decomp by auto
next
 case conflict
 then show ?case using decomp by auto
next
 case (resolve L C M D) note tr = this(1) and T = this(7)
 let ?decomp = get-all-marked-decomposition M
 have M: set ?decomp = insert (hd ?decomp) (set (tl ?decomp))
   by (cases ?decomp) auto
 show ?case
   using decomp tr T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M))
      (auto\ simp:\ M)
next
 case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D) note tr=this(1) and T=this(5)
 have M: set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
   =insert\ (hd\ (qet-all-marked-decomposition\ M))\ (set\ (tl\ (qet-all-marked-decomposition\ M)))
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) auto
 show ?case
   using decomp tr T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M))
      (auto simp add: M)
next
 case decide note S = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 show ?case using decomp T undef unfolding S all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
 case (propagate C L T) note propa = this(2) and L = this(3) and undef = this(5) and T = this(6)
 obtain a y where ay: hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, y)
   by (cases hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
 then have M: trail\ S = y @ a using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp by blast
 have M': set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
   = insert (a, y) (set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))))
   using ay by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \models ps \ unmark-l \ y
   using decomp ay unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) fastforce+
 then have a-Un-N-M: unmark-l a \cup set-mset (init-clss S)
   \models ps \ unmark-l \ (trail \ S)
   unfolding M by (auto simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss image-Un)
 have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (init-clss S) \models p \{ \#L\# \} (is ?I \models p -)
   proof (rule true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     show ?I \models p \ remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}cls\ C) + \{\#L\#\}
      apply (rule true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls[of -
          set-mset (init-clss S) \cup set-mset (learned-clss S)])
      using learned propa L by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
        true-annot-CNot-diff)
   next
     have unmark-l \ (trail \ S) \models ps \ CNot \ (remove1-mset \ L \ (mset-cls \ C))
      using \langle (trail\ S) \models as\ CNot\ (remove1-mset\ L\ (mset-cls\ C)) \rangle\ true-annots-true-clss-clss
```

```
by blast
     then show ?I \models ps\ CNot\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}cls\ C))
       using a-Un-N-M true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-l-r by blast
   qed
  moreover have \bigwedge aa\ b.
     \forall (Ls, seen) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (y @ a)).
       unmark-l Ls \cup set-mset (init-clss S) <math>\models ps unmark-l seen
   \Longrightarrow (\mathit{aa}, \, \mathit{b}) \in \mathit{set} \, \left( \mathit{tl} \, \left( \mathit{get-all-marked-decomposition} \, \left( y \, @ \, \mathit{a} \right) \right) \right)
   \implies unmark-l \ aa \cup set-mset \ (init-clss \ S) \models ps \ unmark-l \ b
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prod-conv get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty-sym
     list.collapse\ list.set-intros(2))
  ultimately show ?case
   using decomp T undef unfolding ay all-decomposition-implies-def
   using M \langle unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-mset} \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \models ps \ unmark-l \ y \rangle
    ay by auto
next
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note conf = this(1) and LD = this(2) and decomp' = this(3)
and
   lev-L = this(4) and undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
 let ?D = mset\text{-}ccls D
 let ?D' = mset\text{-}ccls \ (remove\text{-}clit \ L \ D)
 have \forall l \in set M2. \neg is-marked l
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-not-marked decomp' by blast
  obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using decomp' by auto
 show ?case unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ x
     assume x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
     then have x: x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated L ?D # M1))
       using T decomp' undef inv by (simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     let ?m = get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated L ?D \# M1)
     let ?hd = hd ?m
     let ?tl = tl ?m
     consider
         (hd) x = ?hd
       \mid (tl) \ x \in set ?tl
       using x by (cases ?m) auto
     then show case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark-l Ls \cup set-mset (init-clss T)
       \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen
       proof cases
         case tl
         then have x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
           using tl-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some[of x] by (simp \ add: \ list.set-sel(2) \ M)
         then show ?thesis
          using decomp learned decomp confl alien inv T undef M
          unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
          by auto
       next
         case hd
         obtain M1' M1" where M1: hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M1) = (M1', M1")
           by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M1))
         then have x': x = (M1', Propagated L?D \# M1'')
          using \langle x = ?hd \rangle by auto
```

```
have (M1', M1'') \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
          \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{M1}[\mathit{symmetric}]\ \mathit{hd-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{M1}[\mathit{symmetric}],
            of M0 @ M2 - i + 1 unfolding M by fastforce
        then have 1: unmark-l M1' \cup set-mset (init-clss S) \models ps unmark-l M1"
          using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
        moreover
          have vars-of-D: atms-of ?D' \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l M1
            using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1 [of S M1 L D i K M2 T] backtrack.hyps inv conf confl
            by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
          have no-dup (trail S) using inv by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
          then have vars-in-M1:
            \forall x \in atms\text{-}of ?D'. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (M0 @ M2 @ Marked } K (i + 1) \# [])
            using vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other[of
              M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # [] M1] unfolding M by auto
          have trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D))
            using conf confl LD unfolding M true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model
            by (auto dest!: Multiset.in-diffD)
          then have M1 \models as \ CNot \ ?D'
            using vars-in-M1 true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars[of M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # []
              M1 CNot ?D' conf confl unfolding M lits-of-def by simp
          have M1 = M1'' @ M1' by (simp add: M1 get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp)
          have TT: unmark-l\ M1' \cup set-mset\ (init-clss\ S) \models ps\ CNot\ ?D'
            using true-annots-true-clss-cls[OF \land M1 \models as \ CNot \ ?D' ] true-clss-clss-left-right[OF \ 1]
            unfolding \langle M1 = M1'' @ M1' \rangle by (auto simp add: inf-sup-aci(5,7))
          have init-clss S \models pm ?D' + \{\#L\#\}
            using conf learned confl LD unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
          then have T': unmark-l M1' \cup set-mset (init-clss S) \models p ?D' + \{\#L\#\} by auto
          have atms-of (?D' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms\text{-of-mm} (clauses S)
            using alien conf LD unfolding no-strange-atm-def raw-clauses-def by auto
          then have unmark-l\ M1' \cup set\text{-}mset\ (init\text{-}clss\ S) \models p\ \{\#L\#\}
            using true-clss-cls-plus-CNot[OF T' TT] by auto
        ultimately show ?thesis
            using T' T decomp' undef inv unfolding x' by (simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
       qed
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-propagate-is-false:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   mark-confl: every-mark-is-a-conflict S
 shows every-mark-is-a-conflict S'
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case (propagate C L T) note LC = this(3) and confl = this(4) and undef = this(5) and T = this(5)
this(6)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
```

```
fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark # b = trail T
     then consider
        (hd) a = [] and L = L' and mark = mset-cls C and b = trail S
      | (tl) tl a @ Propagated L' mark # b = trail S
      using T undef by (cases a) fastforce+
     then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark
      using mark-confl confl LC by cases auto
   qed
next
 case (decide L) note undef[simp] = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have \bigwedge a \ La \ mark \ b. a \ @ \ Propagated \ La \ mark \ \# \ b = Marked \ L \ (backtrack-lvl \ S+1) \ \# \ trail \ S
   \implies tl a @ Propagated La mark \# b = trail S by (case-tac a) auto
 then show ?case using mark-confl T unfolding decide.hyps(1) by fastforce
 case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D\ T) note tr=this(1) and T=this(5)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark # b = trail T
     then have a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = M using tr T by simp
     then have (Propagated L C' \# a) @ Propagated L' mark \# b = Propagated L C' \# M by auto
     moreover have \forall La \ mark \ a \ b. \ a @ Propagated \ La \ mark \ \# \ b = Propagated \ L \ C' \ \# \ M
       \longrightarrow b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# mark
      using mark-confl unfolding skip.hyps(1) by simp
     ultimately show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark \ by \ blast
   qed
\mathbf{next}
 case (conflict D)
 then show ?case using mark-confl by simp
 case (resolve L C M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and T = this(7)
 show ?case unfolding resolve.hyps(1)
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark # b = trail T
     then have (Propagated\ L\ (mset-cls\ (L\ !++\ C))\ \#\ a)\ @\ Propagated\ L'\ mark\ \#\ b
      = Propagated \ L \ (mset-cls \ (L !++ \ C)) \ \# \ M
      using T tr-S by auto
     then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark
      using mark-confl unfolding tr-S by (metis\ Cons-eq-appendI\ list.sel(3))
   qed
next
 case restart
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case forget
 then show ?case using mark-confl by auto
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note conf = this(1) and LD = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
and
   undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
 have \forall l \in set M2. \neg is\text{-}marked l
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-not-marked decomp by blast
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
```

```
using decomp by auto
  have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls (insert-ccls L D))
   (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))=M1
   using decomp lev by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
 let ?D = mset\text{-}ccls D
 let ?D' = mset\text{-}ccls \ (remove\text{-}clit \ L \ D)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix La:: 'v literal and mark:: 'v literal multiset and
       a b :: ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit list
     assume a @ Propagated La mark \# b = trail T
     then consider
         (hd-tr) a = [] and
          (Propagated La mark :: ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit)
            = Propagated L ?D and
          b = M1
       | (tl-tr) tl \ a @ Propagated La mark \# b = M1
       using M T decomp undef lev by (cases a) (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def)
     then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark
       proof cases
         case hd-tr note A = this(1) and P = this(2) and b = this(3)
         have trail S \models as \ CNot \ ?D \ using \ conf \ confl \ by \ auto
         then have vars-of-D: atms-of ?D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)
          unfolding atms-of-def
          by (meson image-subset true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
         have vars-of-D: atms-of ?D' \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l M1
          using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1 [of S M1 L D i K M2 T] T backtrack lev confl
          by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
         have no-dup (trail S) using lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
         then have \forall x \in atms-of ?D'. x \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # [])
          using vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other of
            M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [] M1] unfolding M by auto
         then have M1 \models as \ CNot \ ?D'
          using true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars[of M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# []
            M1 \ CNot \ ?D' \ (trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ ?D) \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ M \ lits-of-def
          by (simp add: true-annot-CNot-diff)
         then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark
          using P LD b by auto
       next
         case tl-tr
         then obtain c' where c' @ Propagated La mark \# b = trail S
          unfolding M by auto
         then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark
          using mark-confl by auto
       qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-is-false:
  assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   confl-inv: \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T and
   marked-confl: \forall L \text{ mark } a \text{ b. } a @ Propagated L \text{ mark } \# b = (trail S)
     \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark) \ \mathbf{and}
```

```
dist: distinct-cdcl_W-state S
 shows \forall T. conflicting S' = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ T
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case (skip L C' M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and confl = this(2) and L-D = this(3) and T =
this(5)
 let ?D = mset\text{-}ccls D
 have D: Propagated L C' \# M \models as CNot (mset-ccls D) using assms skip by auto
 moreover
   have L \notin \# ?D
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume ¬ ?thesis
       then have -L \in lits-of-l M
         using in-CNot-implies-uminus(2)[of L ?D Propagated L C' \# M]
         \langle Propagated\ L\ C'\ \#\ M\ \models as\ CNot\ ?D \rangle\ \mathbf{by}\ simp
       then show False
         by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) M-lev cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp(1) consistent-interp-def
           image-insert\ insert-iff\ list.set(2)\ lits-of-def\ marked-lit.sel(2)\ tr-S)
     qed
 ultimately show ?case
   using tr-S confl L-D T unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
   by (auto intro: true-annots-CNot-lit-of-notin-skip)
next
  case (resolve L C M D T) note tr = this(1) and LC = this(2) and confl = this(4) and LD =
this(5)
 and T = this(7)
 let ?C = remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}cls\ C)
 let ?D = remove1\text{-}mset (-L) (mset\text{-}ccls D)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix} T'
     have the trail S = as \ CNot \ ?C \ using \ tr \ marked-confl \ by \ fastforce
       have distinct-mset (?D + \{\#-L\#\}) using confl dist LD
         unfolding distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}def by auto
       then have -L \notin \# ?D unfolding distinct-mset-def
         by (meson \ (distinct\text{-}mset \ (?D + \{\#-L\#\})) \ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}single\text{-}add)
       have M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
         proof -
          have Propagated L (?C + \{\#L\#\}) \# M \modelsas CNot ?D \cup CNot \{\#-L\#\}
            using confl tr confl-inv LC by (metis CNot-plus LD insert-DiffM2 option.simps(9))
          then show ?thesis
            \textbf{using} \ \textit{M-lev} \ \leftarrow \ \textit{L} \ \not\in \# \ \textit{?D} \ \textit{tr} \ \textit{true-annots-lit-of-notin-skip}
            unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by force
         qed
     moreover assume conflicting T = Some T'
     ultimately
       show trail T \models as CNot T'
       using tr T by auto
qed (auto simp: M-lev cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp:
 assumes cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T
```

```
and \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a @ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = (trail \ S)
    \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \#mark)
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp2:
  assumes cdcl_W-conflicting S and conflicting S = Some \ T
 shows trail S \models as \ CNot \ T
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
  cdcl_W-conflicting (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
          Putting all the invariants together
lemma cdcl_W-all-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
   1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   4: cdcl_W - M - level - inv S and
   5: no-strange-atm S and
   7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S and
   8: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S')) and
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' and
   no-strange-atm S' and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S' and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S'
proof -
 show S1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
   using cdcl_W-propagate-is-conclusion[OF cdcl_W 4 1 2 - 5] 8 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def
 show S2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S' using cdcl_W-learned-clss[OF cdcl_W 2 4].
 show S4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF cdcl_W 4].
 show S5: no-strange-atm S' using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv[OF cdcl_W 5 4].
 show S7: distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state S' using distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv[OF cdcl<sub>W</sub> 4 7].
 show S8: cdcl_W-conflicting S'
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-is-false[OF cdcl<sub>W</sub> 4 - - 7] 8 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-propagate-is-false[OF cdcl<sub>W</sub> 4 2 1 -
   unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ S \ S' and
   1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   5: no-strange-atm S and
   7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S and
   8: cdcl_W-conflicting S
  \mathbf{shows}
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S')) and
```

```
cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' and
   no-strange-atm S' and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S' and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S'
  using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
   case 1 then show ?case by blast
   case 2 then show ?case by blast
   case 3 then show ?case by blast
   case 4 then show ?case by blast
   case 5 then show ?case by blast
   case 6 then show ?case by blast
next
 case (step S' S'') note H = this
   case 1 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
      H by presburger
   case 2 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 3 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
      H by presburger
   case 4 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
      H by presburger
   case 5 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
      H by presburger
   case 6 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
      H by presburger
qed
lemma all-invariant-S0-cdcl_W:
 assumes distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss (init-state N))
                            (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (init-state\ N))) and
   cdcl_W-learned-clause (init-state N) and
   \forall T. conflicting (init-state N) = Some T \longrightarrow (trail (init-state N)) \models as CNot T and
   no-strange-atm (init-state N) and
   consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail (init-state N))) and
   \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a \ @ \ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = trail \ (init\text{-state } N) \longrightarrow
    (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark) \ \mathbf{and}
    distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ (init\text{-}state\ N)
 using assms by auto
lemma cdcl_W-only-propagated-vars-unsat:
 assumes
   marked: \forall x \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked x \text{ and }
   DN: D \in \# clauses S  and
   D: M \models as \ CNot \ D and
   inv: all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M) and
   state: state S = (M, N, U, k, C) and
   learned-cl: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   atm-incl: no-strange-atm S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
```

```
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
 then obtain I where
   I: I \models s \ set\text{-}mset \ N \ \mathbf{and}
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (set\text{-}mset \ N)
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
 have atms-of-mm N \cup atms-of-mm U = atms-of-mm N
   using atm-incl state unfolding total-over-m-def no-strange-atm-def
    by (auto simp add: raw-clauses-def)
 then have total-over-m I (set-mset N) using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
 moreover then have total-over-m I (set-mset (learned-clss S))
   using atm-incl state unfolding no-strange-atm-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
   by auto
 moreover have N \models psm \ U using learned-cl state unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
 ultimately have I-D: I \models D
   using I DN cons state unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def Ball-def
   by (auto simp add: raw-clauses-def)
 have l0: \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} = \{\}\ using\ marked\ by\ auto
 have atms-of-ms (set-mset N \cup unmark-l M) = atms-of-mm N
   using atm-incl state unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
 then have total-over-m I (set-mset N \cup unmark-l M)
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
 then have I \models s \ unmark-l \ M
   using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF inv] cons I
   unfolding true-clss-clss-def l0 by auto
 then have IM: I \models s \ unmark-l \ M \ by \ auto
   \mathbf{fix}\ K
   assume K \in \# D
   then have -K \in lits-of-l M
     using D unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-annot-def true-cls-def true-lit-def
     Bex-def by force
   then have -K \in I using IM true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl lits-of-def by fastforce }
 then have \neg I \models D using cons unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def consistent-interp-def by auto
 then show False using I-D by blast
qed
We have actually a much stronger theorem, namely all-decomposition-implies ?N (qet-all-marked-decomposition
?M) \implies ?N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\} \models ps\ unmark-l\ ?M, \text{ that show that}
the only choices we made are marked in the formula
lemma
 assumes all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows set-mset N \models ps \ unmark-l \ M
proof -
 have T: \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L \land L \in set\ M\} = \{\}\ using\ assms(2)\ by\ auto
 then show ?thesis
   using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF\ assms(1)] unfolding T by simp
qed
lemma conflict-with-false-implies-unsat:
 assumes
```

```
cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   [simp]: conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
 using assms
proof -
 have cdcl_W-learned-clause S' using cdcl_W-learned-clss cdcl_W learned lev by auto
 then have init-clss S' \models pm \ \{\#\} using assms(3) unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
 then have init-clss S \models pm \{\#\}
   using cdcl_W-init-clss[OF\ assms(1)\ lev] by auto
 then show ?thesis unfolding satisfiable-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
qed
lemma conflict-with-false-implies-terminated:
 assumes cdcl_W S S'
 and conflicting S = Some \{ \# \}
 shows False
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct) auto
```

19.3.10 No tautology is learned

This is a simple consequence of all we have shown previously. It is not strictly necessary, but helps finding a better bound on the number of learned clauses.

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ learned\text{-}clss\text{-}are\text{-}not\text{-}tautologies\text{:}$

```
assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
   no-tauto: \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s
 shows \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S'. \neg tautology s
  using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case (backtrack \ K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T) note confl = this(1)
 have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) using lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
   have trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D)
     using conflicting confl unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by auto
   then have lits-of-l (trail S) \modelss CNot (mset-ccls D)
     using true-annots-true-cls by blast
  ultimately have \neg tautology (mset\text{-}ccls D) using consistent-CNot-not-tautology by blast
  then show ?case using backtrack no-tauto lev
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp split: if-split-asm)
next
  case restart
 then show ?case using learned-clss-restart-state state-eq-learned-clss no-tauto
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) set-mset-mono subsetCE)
qed (auto dest!: in-diffD)
definition final-cdcl_W-state (S :: 'st)
  \longleftrightarrow (trail S \models asm init-clss S
   \vee ((\forall L \in set \ (trail \ S). \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ L) \land
      (\exists C \in \# init\text{-}clss \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C)))
definition termination-cdcl_W-state (S :: 'st)
```

```
\longleftrightarrow (trail\ S \models asm\ init-clss\ S \\ \lor ((\forall\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S).\ L \in atm\text{-}of\ ``lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S)) \\ \land (\exists\ C \in \#\ init\text{-}clss\ S.\ trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ C)))
```

19.4 CDCL Strong Completeness

```
fun mapi :: ('a \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ list where
mapi - - [] = [] |
mapi f n (x \# xs) = f x n \# mapi f (n - 1) xs
lemma mark-not-in-set-mapi[simp]: L \notin set M \Longrightarrow Marked L k \notin set (mapi Marked i M)
 by (induct M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma propagated-not-in-set-mapi[simp]: L \notin set M \Longrightarrow Propagated L k \notin set (mapi Marked i M)
 by (induct M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma image-set-mapi:
 f 'set (mapi\ g\ i\ M) = set\ (mapi\ (\lambda x\ i.\ f\ (g\ x\ i))\ i\ M)
 by (induction M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma mapi-map-convert:
 \forall x \ i \ j. \ f \ x \ i = f \ x \ j \Longrightarrow mapi \ f \ i \ M = map \ (\lambda x. \ f \ x \ 0) \ M
 by (induction M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma defined-lit-mapi: defined-lit (mapi Marked i M) L \longleftrightarrow atm-of L \in atm-of 'set M
 by (induction M) (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-set-mapi mapi-map-convert)
lemma cdcl_W-can-do-step:
 assumes
    consistent-interp (set M) and
   distinct M and
   atm\text{-}of \cdot (set \ M) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset\text{-}clss \ N)
 shows \exists S. rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ (init\text{-state } N) \ S
   \wedge state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, mset-clss \ N, \{\#\}, length \ M, None)
 using assms
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
 then show ?case apply - by (rule exI[of - init\text{-state } N]) auto
 case (Cons\ L\ M) note IH=this(1)
 have consistent-interp (set M) and distinct M and atm-of 'set M \subseteq atms-of-mm (mset-clss N)
   using Cons.prems(1-3) unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
  then obtain S where
   st: cdcl_{W}^{**} (init\text{-}state\ N)\ S \ \mathbf{and}
   S: state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, \ mset-clss \ N, \{\#\}, \ length \ M, \ None)
   using IH by blast
 let S_0 = incr-lvl \ (cons-trail \ (Marked \ L \ (length \ M + 1)) \ S
 have undefined-lit (mapi Marked (length M) M) L
   using Cons.prems(1,2) unfolding defined-lit-def consistent-interp-def by fastforce
 moreover have init-clss S = mset-clss N
   using S by blast
 moreover have atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (mset-clss N) using Cons.prems(3) by auto
 moreover have undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L
   using S (distinct (L\#M)) (calculation(1)) by (auto simp: defined-lit-map) defined-lit-map)
  ultimately have cdcl_W S ?S_0
   using cdcl_W.other[OF\ cdcl_W-o.decide[OF\ decide-rule[of\ S\ L\ ?S_0]]]\ S
```

```
by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
  then have cdcl_W^{**} (init-state N) ?S<sub>0</sub>
   using st by auto
  then show ?case
   using S undef by (auto intro!: exI[of - ?S_0] del: simp del:)
lemma cdcl_W-strong-completeness:
 assumes
   MN: set M \models sm mset-clss N  and
   cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
   dist: distinct M and
   atm: atm\text{-}of `(set M) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (mset\text{-}clss N)
 obtains S where
   state S = (mapi\ Marked\ (length\ M)\ M,\ mset-clss\ N,\ \{\#\},\ length\ M,\ None) and
   rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ (init\text{-}state \ N) \ S \ and
   final-cdcl_W-state S
proof -
 obtain S where
   st: rtranclp\ cdcl_W\ (init\text{-state}\ N)\ S and
   S: state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, mset-clss \ N, \{\#\}, length \ M, None)
   using cdcl_W-can-do-step[OF cons dist atm] by auto
 have lits-of-l (mapi Marked (length M) M) = set M
   by (induct M, auto)
  then have map Marked (length M) M \models asm mset-clss N using MN true-annots-true-cls by metis
  then have final-cdcl_W-state S
   using S unfolding final-cdcl_W-state-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using that st S by blast
qed
```

19.5 Higher level strategy

The rules described previously do not lead to a conclusive state. We have to add a strategy.

19.5.1 Definition

```
lemma tranclp-conflict:
  tranclp\ conflict\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow \ conflict\ S\ S'
 apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  apply simp
  by (metis conflictE conflicting-update-conflicting option. distinct(1) option. simps(8,9)
   state-eq-conflicting)
lemma tranclp-conflict-iff[iff]:
  full1 conflict S S' \longleftrightarrow conflict S S'
proof -
 have tranclp conflict S S' \Longrightarrow conflict S S' by (meson tranclp-conflict rtranclpD)
  then show ?thesis unfolding full1-def
   \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis conflict.simps conflicting-update-conflicting option.distinct} (1) \ option.simps (9) 
    state-eq-conflicting\ tranclp.intros(1))
qed
inductive cdcl_W-cp :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict'[intro]: conflict \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S' \mid
propagate': propagate \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S'
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps dest: cdcl_W.intros)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp S T and
   S \sim S' and
    T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-cp S' T'
 \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{assms}
 apply (induction)
   using conflict-state-eq-compatible apply auto[1]
 using propagate' propagate-state-eq-compatible by auto
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp^{++} S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim \, T^{\, \prime}
 shows cdcl_W-cp^{++} S' T'
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible by blast
next
 case (step \ U \ V)
 obtain ss :: 'st where
   cdcl_W-cp \ S \ ss \wedge \ cdcl_W-cp^{**} \ ss \ U
   by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ step(1)\ tranclpD)
 then show ?case
   \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{meson}\ \textit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\textit{cp-state-eq-compatible}\ \textit{rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl}\ \textit{rtranclp-into-tranclp2}
     state-eq-ref\ step(2)\ step(4)\ step(5))
qed
lemma option-full-cdcl_W-cp:
  conflicting S \neq None \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S
 unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold
 by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-cp.simps elim: conflictE propagateE)
lemma skip-unique:
  skip \ S \ T \Longrightarrow skip \ S \ T' \Longrightarrow T \sim T'
 by (fastforce simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim: skipE)
lemma resolve-unique:
 resolve \ S \ T \Longrightarrow resolve \ S \ T' \Longrightarrow T \sim T'
 by (fastforce simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim: resolveE)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (auto elim!: conflictE propagateE)
```

```
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) (auto dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-clauses)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-clauses)+
lemma no-conflict-after-conflict:
  conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \neg conflict \ T \ U
 by (metis\ None-eq-map-option-iff\ conflictE\ conflicting-update-conflicting\ option.\ distinct(1)
   state-simp(5)
lemma no-propagate-after-conflict:
  conflict S T \Longrightarrow \neg propagate T U
  by (metis\ conflictE\ conflicting\ update\ conflicting\ map-option\ is\ None\ option\ distinct(1)
   propagate.cases state-eq-conflicting)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not:
  assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S U
 shows (propagate^{++} S U \land conflicting U = None)
   \vee (\exists T \ D. \ propagate^{**} \ S \ T \land conflict \ T \ U \land conflicting \ U = Some \ D)
proof -
 have propagate^{++} S U \vee (\exists T. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U)
   using assms by induction
   (force\ simp:\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps\ tranclp-into-rtranclp\ dest:\ no-conflict-after-conflict
      no-propagate-after-conflict)+
 moreover
   have propagate^{++} S U \Longrightarrow conflicting U = None
     unfolding tranclp-unfold-end by (auto elim!: propagateE)
   have \bigwedge T. conflict T \ U \Longrightarrow \exists D. conflicting U = Some \ D
     by (auto elim!: conflictE simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
 ultimately show ?thesis by meson
lemma cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty[simp]: conflicting <math>S = Some \ D \implies \neg cdcl_W-cp \ S \ S'
proof
 assume cdcl_W-cp \ S \ S' and conflicting \ S = Some \ D
 then show False by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
  (auto elim: conflictE propagateE simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 shows no-step conflict S and no-step propagate S
 using assms conflict' apply blast
 by (meson assms conflict' propagate')
CDCL with the reasonable strategy: we fully propagate the conflict and propagate, then we
apply any other possible rule cdcl_W-o S S' and re-apply conflict and propagate cdcl_W-cp^{\downarrow} S'
inductive cdcl_W-stgy :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
```

```
conflict': full1 cdcl_W-cp\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-stgy\ S\ S' | other': cdcl_W-o\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow no-step\ cdcl_W-cp\ S \Longrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-stgy\ S\ S''
```

19.5.2 Invariants

```
These are the same invariants as before, but lifted
lemma cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (fastforce elim: conflictE propagateE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv)+
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{tranclp-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{cp-learned-clause-inv}:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'
 using assms by (simp add: rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (fastforce elim: conflictE propagateE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-backtrack-lvl)+
lemma cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-consistent-inv cdcl_W.conflict by blast
next
 case (propagate' S S')
 have cdcl_W S S'
   using propagate'.hyps(1) propagate by blast
 then show cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using propagate'.prems(1) cdcl_W-consistent-inv propagate by blast
qed
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms unfolding full1-def
```

lemma $rtranclp-cdcl_W$ -cp-consistent-inv:

by $(metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W\ -cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W\ rtranclp-unfold\ tranclp-cdcl_W\ -consistent-inv)$

```
assumes rtranclp\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
  using assms unfolding full1-def
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (blast intro: cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv)+
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{full-unfold} \ \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{blast} \ \mathit{intro} \colon \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{consistent-inv} \ \mathit{full1-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{cp-consistent-inv}
   cdcl_W.other)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
  using assms by induction (auto dest!: cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (auto elim: conflictE propagateE)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 unfolding full1-def full-def apply (blast dest: tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-init-clss
   tranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss)
 by (metis\ cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss rtranclp-unfold tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, simp)
 using cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss by (simp add: rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-dropWhile-trail':
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 obtains M where trail S' = M @ trail S and (\forall l \in set M. \neg is\text{-marked } l)
 using assms by induction (fastforce elim: conflictE propagateE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail':
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 obtains M :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit list where
   trail S' = M @ trail S \text{ and } \forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l
```

```
using assms by induction (fastforce dest!: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail')+
lemma cdcl_W-cp-dropWhile-trail:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows \exists M. trail S' = M @ trail S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l)
 using assms by induction (fastforce elim: conflictE propagateE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows \exists M. trail S' = M @ trail S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l)
 using assms by induction (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail)+
This theorem can be seen a a termination theorem for cdcl_W-cp.
lemma length-model-le-vars:
 assumes
   no-strange-atm S and
   no-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S))
 shows length (trail\ S) \le card\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S))
proof -
 obtain M N U k D where S: state S = (M, N, U, k, D) by (cases state S, auto)
 have finite (atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S))
   using assms(1,3) unfolding S by (auto simp add: finite-subset)
 have length (trail\ S) = card\ (atm-of\ `lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))
   using no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l no-d by blast
 then show ?thesis using assms(1) unfolding no-strange-atm-def
 by (auto simp add: assms(3) card-mono)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-decreasing-measure:
  assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp S T and
   M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
     + (if \ conflicting \ S = None \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)) \ S
   > (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
     + (if \ conflicting \ S = None \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)) \ T
 using assms
proof -
 have length (trail T) \leq card (atms-of-mm (init-clss T))
   apply (rule length-model-le-vars)
      using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv alien M-lev apply (meson cdcl_W cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-cp.cases)
     using M-lev cdcl_W cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply blast
     using cdcl_W by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
 with assms
 show ?thesis by induction (auto elim!: conflictE propagateE
   simp \ del: \ state-simp \ simp: \ state-eq-def)+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-wf: wf {(b,a). (cdcl_W-M-level-inv a \land no-strange-atm a)
 \land cdcl_W - cp \ a \ b
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure' of less-than - -
     (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
      + (if \ conflicting \ S = None \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0))))
```

```
apply simp
  using cdcl_W-cp-decreasing-measure unfolding less-than-iff by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-cdcl_W-cp-iff-rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows (\lambda a \ b. \ (cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a \land no - strange - atm \ a) \land cdcl_W - cp \ a \ b)^{**} \ S \ T
    \longleftrightarrow cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T
  (is ?I S T \longleftrightarrow ?C S T)
proof
 assume
    ?IST
 then show ?C S T by induction auto
next
 assume
    ?CST
 then show ?IST
   proof induction
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
     case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cp = this(2) and IH = this(3)
     have cdcl_{W}^{**} S T
       by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty cp st
         rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not)
     then have
       cdcl_W-M-level-inv T and
       no-strange-atm T
        using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle apply (simp \ add: \ assms(1) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
       using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle alien rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv lev by blast
     then have (\lambda a \ b. \ (cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a \land no - strange - atm \ a)
       \wedge \ cdcl_W - cp \ a \ b)^{**} \ T \ U
       using cp by auto
     then show ?case using IH by auto
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element:
 assumes
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-strange-atm S
 obtains T where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ T
proof -
 let ?inv = \lambda a. (cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv a \wedge no-strange-atm a)
 obtain T where T: full (\lambda a \ b. ?inv a \wedge cdcl_W-cp a \ b) S T
   using cdcl_W-cp-wf wf-exists-normal-form[of \lambda a b. ?inv a \wedge cdcl_W-cp a b]
   unfolding full-def by blast
   then have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-cdcl_W-cp-iff-rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp assms unfolding full-def
     by blast
   moreover
     then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
     then have
```

```
cdcl_W-M-level-inv T and
           no-strange-atm T
            using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle apply (simp \ add: \ assms(1) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
           using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-no-strange-atm-inv lev by blast
        then have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
           using T unfolding full-def by auto
      ultimately show thesis using that unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma always-exists-full-cdcl_W-cp-step:
   assumes no-strange-atm S
  shows \exists S''. full cdcl_W-cp S S''
   using assms
proof (induct card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S) – atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)) arbitrary: S)
   case \theta note card = this(1) and alien = this(2)
   then have atm: atms-of-mm (init-clss S) = atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)
     unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   { assume a: \exists S'. conflict S S'
     then obtain S' where S': conflict S S' by metis
     then have \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W-cp S'S''
        by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps elim!: conflictE propagateE
           simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     then have ?case using a S' cdclw-cp.conflict' unfolding full-def by blast
   }
   moreover {
     assume a: \exists S'. propagate SS'
     then obtain S' where propagate S S' by blast
     then obtain E\ L where
        S: conflicting S = None  and
        E: E !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S  and
        LE: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \text{ and }
        tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ (remove\text{-}lit \ L \ E)) and
        undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
        S': S' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S
        by (elim propagateE) simp
     have atms-of-mm (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
        using alien S unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
     then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
        using E LE S undef unfolding raw-clauses-def by (force simp: in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
     then have False using undef S unfolding atm unfolding lits-of-def
        by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
   }
   ultimately show ?case unfolding full-def by (metis cdcl_W-cp.cases rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl_P:rtrancl
   case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and card = this(2) and alien = this(3)
   { assume a: \exists S'. conflict S S'
     then obtain S' where S': conflict S S' by metis
     then have \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W - cp S' S''
        by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps elim!: conflictE propagateE
           simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     then have ?case unfolding full-def Ex-def using S' cdclw-cp.conflict' by blast
   moreover {
     assume a: \exists S'. propagate SS'
     then obtain S' where propagate: propagate S S' by blast
```

```
then obtain EL where
     S: conflicting S = None  and
     E: E !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S  and
     LE: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \ \mathbf{and}
     tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ (remove\text{-}lit \ L \ E)) and
     undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
     S': S' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S
     by (elim propagateE) simp
   then have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)
     unfolding lits-of-def by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
     have no-strange-atm S' using alien propagate propagate-no-strange-atm-inv by blast
     then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
       using S' LE E undef unfolding no-strange-atm-def
       by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
     then have \bigwedge A. \{atm\text{-}of\ L\} \subseteq atm\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S) - A \lor atm\text{-}of\ L \in A\ \text{by}\ force
   moreover have Suc\ n - card\ \{atm\text{-}of\ L\} = n\ \textbf{by}\ simp
   moreover have card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S) – atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)) = Suc n
    using card S S' by simp
   ultimately
     have card\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S)\ -\ atm-of\ `insert\ L\ (lits-of-l\ (trail\ S)))=n
       by (metis (no-types) Diff-insert card-Diff-subset finite.emptyI finite.insertI image-insert)
     then have n = card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S') - atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S'))
       using card S S' undef by simp
   then have a1: Ex (full cdcl_W-cp S') using IH (no-strange-atm S') by blast
   have ?case
     proof -
       obtain S'' :: 'st where
         ff1: cdcl_W-cp^{**} S' S'' \wedge no-step cdcl_W-cp S''
         using a1 unfolding full-def by blast
       have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
         using ff1 cdcl_W-cp.intros(2)[OF\ propagate]
         by (metis (no-types) converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
       then have \exists S''. cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'' \land (\forall S'''. \neg cdcl_W-cp S'' S''')
         using ff1 by blast
       then show ?thesis unfolding full-def
         by meson
     qed
 ultimately show ?case unfolding full-def by (metis cdcl_W-cp.cases rtrancl_P.rtrancl-reft)
qed
```

19.5.3 Literal of highest level in conflicting clauses

One important property of the $cdcl_W$ with strategy is that, whenever a conflict takes place, there is at least a literal of level k involved (except if we have derived the false clause). The reason is that we apply conflicts before a decision is taken.

```
abbreviation no-clause-is-false :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where no-clause-is-false \equiv \lambda S. (conflicting S = None \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \# \ clauses \ S. \ \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D))
abbreviation conflict-is-false-with-level :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where conflict-is-false-with-level S \equiv \forall D. conflicting S = Some \ D \longrightarrow D \neq \{\#\} \longrightarrow (\exists L \in \# \ D. \ get-level \ (trail \ S) \ L = backtrack-lvl \ S)
```

```
lemma not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss:
 assumes \forall S'. \neg conflict S S'
 shows no-clause-is-false S
proof (clarify)
 \mathbf{fix} D
 assume D \in \# local.clauses S and raw-conflicting S = None and trail S \models as CNot D
 moreover then obtain D' where
   mset-cls D' = D and
   D' \not\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S
   using in-mset-clss-exists-preimage unfolding raw-clauses-def by blast
 ultimately show False
   using conflict-rule of S D' update-conflicting (Some (ccls-of-cls D')) S] assms
   by auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss:
 assumes full cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss unfolding full-def by auto
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss unfolding full1-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S'
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 using full1-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss full-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss by metis+
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W\mathit{-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss}:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and no-clause-is-false S
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-stqy-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and no-clause-is-false S
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case by (auto elim: conflictE)
next
 case propagate'
 then show ?case by (auto elim: propagateE)
qed
lemma no-chained-conflict:
 assumes conflict S S'
 and conflict S' S''
 shows False
 using assms unfolding conflict.simps
```

```
by (metis\ conflicting-update-conflicting\ option.distinct(1)\ option.simps(9)\ state-eq-conflicting)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S U
 shows propagate^{**} S U \vee (\exists T. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U)
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (step UV) note SU = this(1) and UV = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 consider (confl) T where propagate^{**} S T and conflict T U
   | (propa) propagate** S U using IH by auto
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case confl
     then have False using UV by (auto elim: conflictE)
     then show ?thesis by fast
   next
     case propa
     also have conflict U \ V \ v propagate U \ V using UV by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
     ultimately show ?thesis by force
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-cp S U
 and cls-f: no-clause-is-false S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level U
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} D
 assume
   confl: conflicting U = Some D  and
   D: D \neq \{\#\}
 consider (CT) conflicting S = None \mid (SD) D' where conflicting S = Some D'
   by (cases conflicting S) auto
 then show \exists L \in \#D. get-level (trail U) L = backtrack-lvl U
   proof cases
     case SD
     then have S = U
      by (metis (no-types) assms(1) \ cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty full-def rtranclpD tranclpD)
     then show ?thesis using assms(3) confl D by blast-
   next
     case CT
     have init-clss U = init-clss S and learned-clss U = learned-clss S
      using full unfolding full-def
        apply (metis (no-types) rtranclpD tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-init-clss)
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) full full-def rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv)
     obtain T where propagate^{**} S T and TU: conflict T U
      proof -
        have f5: U \neq S
         using confl CT by force
```

then have $cdcl_W$ - cp^{++} S U

```
by (metis full full-def rtranclpD)
   have \bigwedge p pa. \neg propagate p pa \lor conflicting pa =
      (None :: 'v clause option)
     by (auto\ elim:\ propagateE)
   then show ?thesis
      using f5 that tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[OF \langle cdcl_W-cp<sup>++</sup> S U\rangle]
      full confl CT unfolding full-def by auto
 qed
obtain D' where
  raw-conflicting T = None and
  D': D' !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses T  and
  tr: trail \ T \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ D') \ and
  U: U \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some (ccls-of\text{-}cls D'))} T
 using TU by (auto elim!: conflictE)
have init-clss T = init-clss S and learned-clss T = learned-clss S
 \mathbf{using}\ U \ \langle init\text{-}clss\ U = init\text{-}clss\ S \rangle \ \langle learned\text{-}clss\ U = learned\text{-}clss\ S \rangle \ \mathbf{by}\ auto
then have D \in \# clauses S
 using confl UD' by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def)
then have \neg trail S \models as CNot D
 using cls-f CT by simp
moreover
 obtain M where tr-U: trail U = M @ trail S and nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is-marked m
   by (metis\ (mono-tags,\ lifting)\ assms(1)\ full-def\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail)
 have trail U \models as \ CNot \ D
   using tr confl U by (auto elim!: conflictE)
ultimately obtain L where L \in \# D and -L \in lits-of-l M
 unfolding tr-U CNot-def true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by force
moreover have inv-U: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
 by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv\ full\ full\text{-}unfold\ lev})
moreover
 have backtrack-lvl\ U = backtrack-lvl\ S
   using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-backtrack-lvl)
moreover
 have no-dup (trail U)
   using inv-U unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
  { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit \ \mathbf{and}
      xb :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit
   assume a1: atm\text{-}of\ L = atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ xb)
   moreover assume a2: -L = lit - of x
   moreover assume a3: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) ' set M
     \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) \ `set \ (trail \ S) = \{\}
   moreover assume a4: x \in set M
   moreover assume a5: xb \in set (trail S)
   moreover have atm\text{-}of (-L) = atm\text{-}of L
     by auto
   ultimately have False
     by auto
 then have LS: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)
   using \langle -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l|M \rangle \langle no\text{-}dup|(trail|U) \rangle unfolding tr\text{-}U|lits\text{-}of\text{-}def| by auto
ultimately have get-level (trail U) L = backtrack-lvl U
 proof (cases get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) \neq [], goal-cases)
```

```
case 2 note LD = this(1) and LM = this(2) and inv - U = this(3) and US = this(4) and
           LS = this(5) and ne = this(6)
         have backtrack-lvl\ S=0
           using lev ne unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
         moreover have get-rev-level (rev M) 0 L = 0
           using nm by auto
         ultimately show ?thesis using LS ne US unfolding tr-U
           by (simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked lits-of-def)
         case 1 note LD = this(1) and LM = this(2) and inv - U = this(3) and US = this(4) and
           LS = this(5) and ne = this(6)
         have hd (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) = backtrack-lvl S
           using ne lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
           by (cases get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) auto
         moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
           using \langle -L \in lits-of-l M \rangle by (simp \ add: \ atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
             lits-of-def)
         ultimately show ?thesis
           using nm ne get-level-skip-beginning-hd-get-all-levels-of-marked[OF LS, of M]
             get-level-skip-in-all-not-marked[of rev M L backtrack-lvl S]
           unfolding lits-of-def US tr-U
           by auto
         qed
     then show \exists L \in \#D. get-level (trail U) L = backtrack-lvl U
       using \langle L \in \# D \rangle by blast
   qed
qed
           Literal of highest level in marked literals
definition mark-is-false-with-level :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
mark-is-false-with-level S' \equiv
 \forall D \ M1 \ M2 \ L. \ M1 @ Propagated \ L \ D \# M2 = trail \ S' \longrightarrow D - \{\#L\#\} \neq \{\#\}
   \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# \ D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = get\text{-maximum-possible-level } M1)
definition no-more-propagation-to-do :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
no-more-propagation-to-do S \equiv
 \forall \ D\ M\ M'\ L.\ D + \{\#L\#\} \in \#\ clauses\ S \longrightarrow trail\ S = M'\ @\ M \longrightarrow M \models as\ CNot\ D
      \rightarrow undefined-lit M \ L \longrightarrow get-maximum-possible-level M < backtrack-lvl S
   \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# \ D \land get\text{-level (trail S)} \ L = get\text{-maximum-possible-level M)}
lemma propagate-no-more-propagation-to-do:
 assumes propagate: propagate S S'
 and H: no-more-propagation-to-do S
 and lev-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
  using assms
proof -
  obtain EL where
   S: conflicting S = None  and
   E: E !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S  and
   LE: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \ \mathbf{and}
   tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ (remove\text{-}lit \ L \ E)) and
   undefL: undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L and
   S': S' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S
```

```
using propagate by (elim propagateE) simp
 let ?M' = Propagated\ L\ (mset\text{-}cls\ E)\ \#\ trail\ S
 show ?thesis unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix D M1 M2 L'
     assume
       D\text{-}L: D + \{\#L'\#\} \in \# clauses \ S' \ and
       trail S' = M2 @ M1 and
      get-max: get-maximum-possible-level M1 < backtrack-lvl S' and
      M1 \models as \ CNot \ D \ \mathbf{and}
      undef: undefined-lit M1 L'
     have the M2 @ M1 = trail S \vee (M2 = [] \wedge M1 = Propagated L (mset-cls E) \# trail S)
      using \langle trail \ S' = M2 @ M1 \rangle \ S' \ S \ undefL \ lev-inv
      by (cases M2) (auto simp:cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     moreover {
      assume tl M2 @ M1 = trail S
      moreover have D + \{\#L'\#\} \in \# clauses S
        using D-L S S' undefL unfolding raw-clauses-def by auto
      moreover have get-maximum-possible-level M1 < backtrack-lvl S
        using get-max S S' undefL by auto
      ultimately obtain L' where L' \in \# D and
        get-level (trail S) L' = get-maximum-possible-level M1
        using H \langle M1 \models as\ CNot\ D \rangle undef unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def by metis
      moreover
        { have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
            using cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev-inv cdcl_W.propagate[OF propagate] by blast
          then have no-dup ?M' using S' undefL unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
          moreover
            have atm\text{-}of\ L'\in atm\text{-}of ' (lits-of-l M1)
              using \langle L' \in \# D \rangle \langle M1 \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by (metis atm-of-uninus image-eqI
               in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
            then have atm\text{-}of L' \in atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S))
              using \langle tl \ M2 \ @ \ M1 = trail \ S \rangle [symmetric] \ S \ undefL \ by \ auto
          ultimately have atm-of L \neq atm-of L' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
      ultimately have \exists L' \in \# D. qet-level (trail S') L' = qet-maximum-possible-level M1
        using SS' undefL by auto
     moreover {
      assume M2 = [] and M1: M1 = Propagated L (mset-cls E) # trail S
      have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
        using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF - lev-inv] cdcl_W.propagate[OF propagate] by blast
      then have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S') = rev [Suc 0..<(Suc 0+backtrack-lvl S)]
        using S' undefL unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
      then have get-maximum-possible-level M1 = backtrack-lvl S'
        using qet-maximum-possible-level-max-qet-all-levels-of-marked[of M1] S' M1 undefL
        by (auto intro: Max-eqI)
      then have False using get-max by auto
     ultimately show \exists L. \ L \in \# \ D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = get\text{-maximum-possible-level } M1
      by fast
  qed
qed
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict \hbox{-} no\hbox{-}more\hbox{-}propagation\hbox{-}to\hbox{-}do:$

```
assumes
   conflict: conflict \ S \ S' and
   H: no-more-propagation-to-do S and
   M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
 using assms unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def by (force elim!: conflictE)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-propagation-to-do:
 assumes
   conflict: cdcl_W-cp S S' and
   H: no\text{-}more\text{-}propagation\text{-}to\text{-}do\ S\ and
   M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
 using assms
 proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict' S S')
 then show ?case using conflict-no-more-propagation-to-do[of SS'] by blast
 case (propagate' S S') note S = this
 show 1: no-more-propagation-to-do S'
   using propagate-no-more-propagation-to-do[of S S'] S by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
 assumes
   o: cdcl_W-o SS' and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. \ cdcl_W-stgy SS'
proof -
 obtain S'' where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ S''
   using always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step alien cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss
    o other lev by (meson cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
 then show ?thesis
   using assms by (metis always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.conflict' full-unfold other')
qed
lemma backtrack-no-decomp:
 assumes
   S: raw-conflicting S = Some \ E and
   LE: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ E \text{ and }
   L: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   D: get-maximum-level (trail\ S)\ (remove1-mset L\ (mset-ccls E)) < backtrack-lvl S and
   bt: backtrack-lvl S = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls E) and
   M-L: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. \ cdcl_W \text{-}o \ S \ S'
proof -
 have L-D: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls E)
   using L D bt by (simp add: qet-maximum-level-plus)
 let ?i = get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls E))
 obtain KM1M2 where
   K: (Marked\ K\ (?i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
   using backtrack-ex-decomp[OF M-L, of ?i] D S by auto
 show ?thesis using backtrack-rule[OF S LE K L] bt L bj cdclw-bj.simps by auto
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive:
 assumes
   termi: \forall S'. \neg cdcl_W \text{-stgy } S S' \text{ and }
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   level-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv: S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
   confl-k: conflict-is-false-with-level S
 shows (conflicting S = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S)))
        \vee (conflicting S = None \wedge trail S \models as set-mset (init-clss S))
proof -
 let ?M = trail S
 let ?N = init\text{-}clss S
 let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
 let ?U = learned\text{-}clss S
 consider
     (None) raw-conflicting S = None
     (Some-Empty) E where raw-conflicting S = Some \ E and mset\text{-}ccls \ E = \{\#\}
   | (Some) E'  where raw-conflicting S = Some E'  and
     conflicting S = Some \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ E') \ \text{and} \ mset\text{-}ccls \ E' \neq \{\#\}
   by (cases conflicting S, simp) auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case (Some-Empty E)
     then have conflicting S = Some \{\#\} by auto
     then have unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
       using assms(3) unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def true-clss-cls-def
       by (metis (no-types, lifting) Un-insert-right atms-of-empty satisfiable-def
         sup-bot.right-neutral total-over-m-insert total-over-set-empty true-cls-empty)
     then show ?thesis using Some-Empty by auto
   next
     case None
     { assume \neg ?M \models asm ?N
       have atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ ?M) = atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ ?N\ (is\ ?A = ?B)
         proof
          show ?A \subseteq ?B using alien unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
          show ?B \subseteq ?A
            proof (rule ccontr)
              assume \neg ?B \subseteq ?A
              then obtain l where l \in ?B and l \notin ?A by auto
              then have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
                using \langle l \notin ?A \rangle unfolding lits-of-def by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
              moreover have conflicting S = None
                using None by auto
              ultimately have \exists S'. cdcl_W \text{-}o S S'
                using cdcl_W-o.decide\ decide-rule \langle l \in ?B \rangle no-strange-atm-def
                by (metis\ literal.sel(1)\ state-eq-def)
              then show False
                using termi\ cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step[OF - alien] level-inv by blast
            qed
       obtain D where \neg ?M \models a D \text{ and } D \in \# ?N
```

```
using \langle \neg ?M \models asm ?N \rangle unfolding lits-of-def true-annots-def Ball-def by auto
   have atms-of D \subseteq atm-of ' (lits-of-l?M)
     using \langle D \in \#?N \rangle unfolding \langle atm\text{-}of \cdot (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l?M) = atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm?N \rangle atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\text{-}def
     by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
   then have a1: atm\text{-}of 'set-mset D \subseteq atm\text{-}of 'lits-of-l (trail S)
     by (auto simp add: atms-of-def lits-of-def)
   have total-over-m (lits-of-l?M) {D}
     using \langle atms-of \ D \subseteq atm-of \ `(lits-of-l \ ?M) \rangle
     atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set by (fastforce simp: total-over-set-def)
   then have ?M \models as \ CNot \ D
     using total-not-true-cls-true-clss-CNot \langle \neg trail \ S \models a \ D \rangle \ true-annot-def
     true-annots-true-cls by fastforce
   then have False
     proof -
       obtain S' where
         f2: full\ cdcl_W-cp S\ S'
         by (meson \ alien \ always-exists-full-cdcl_W-cp-step \ level-inv)
       then have S' = S
         using cdcl_W-stgy.conflict'[of S] by (metis (no-types) full-unfold termi)
       then show ?thesis
         using f2 \langle D \in \# init\text{-}clss S \rangle None \langle trail S \models as CNot D \rangle
         raw-clauses-def full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss by auto
     qed
  then have ?M \models asm ?N by blast
  then show ?thesis
   using None by auto
\mathbf{next}
  case (Some E') note raw-conf = this(1) and LD = this(2) and nempty = this(3)
  then obtain LD where
   E'[simp]: mset\text{-}ccls\ E'=D+\{\#L\#\}\ and
   lev-L: get-level ?M L = ?k
   by (metis (mono-tags) confl-k insert-DiffM2)
  let ?D = D + \{\#L\#\}
  have ?D \neq \{\#\} by auto
  have ?M \models as CNot ?D using confl LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
  then have ?M \neq [] unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by force
  have M: ?M = hd ?M \# tl ?M using (?M \neq []) list.collapse by fastforce
  have g-a-l: get-all-levels-of-marked ?M = rev [1..<1 + ?k]
   using level-inv lev-L M unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
  have g-k: get-maximum-level (trail S) D \leq ?k
   using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[of ?M]
     get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked [of ?M]
   by (auto simp add: Max-n-upt g-a-l)
   assume marked: is-marked (hd?M)
   then obtain k' where k': k' + 1 = ?k
     using level-inv M unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def
     by (cases hd (trail S); cases trail S) auto
   obtain L' l' where L': hd ?M = Marked L' l' using marked by (cases hd ?M) auto
   have marked-hd-tl: get-all-levels-of-marked (hd (trail S) \# tl (trail S))
     = rev [1..<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)]
     using level-inv lev-L M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def M[symmetric]
     by blast
   then have l'-tl: l' \# get-all-levels-of-marked (<math>tl ? M)
```

```
= rev [1..<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)] unfolding L' by simp
moreover have ... = length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)
  # rev [1..<length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)]
  using M Suc-le-mono calculation by (fastforce simp add: upt.simps(2))
finally have
   l'-cons: l' \# get-all-levels-of-marked (tl (trail S)) =
    length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))
      \# rev [1..< length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))] and
  l' = ?k and
  g-r: get-all-levels-of-marked (tl (trail S))
   = rev [1.. < length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))]
  using level-inv lev-L M unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
have *: \bigwedge list. no-dup list \Longrightarrow
      -L \in \mathit{lits}	ext{-}\mathit{of}	ext{-}\mathit{l}\,\mathit{list} \Longrightarrow \mathit{atm}	ext{-}\mathit{of}\,L \in \mathit{atm}	ext{-}\mathit{of}\, ' \mathit{lits}	ext{-}\mathit{of}	ext{-}\mathit{l}\,\mathit{list}
  by (metis atm-of-uminus imageI)
have L'-L: L' = -L
  proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   moreover have -L \in lits-of-l ?M using confl LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
   ultimately have get-level (hd (trail S) # tl (trail S)) L = get-level (tl ?M) L
     using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(1)[OF level-inv] L' M atm-of-eq-atm-of
     unfolding lits-of-def consistent-interp-def
     by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) marked-lit.sel(1) get-level-skip-beginning image-eqI
       list.set-intros(1)
   moreover
     have length (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) = ?k
       using level-inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have Max (set (0 \# get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked (tl (trail S))))) = ?k - 1
       unfolding q-r by (auto simp add: Max-n-upt)
     then have get-level (tl ?M) L < ?k
       using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level[of tl?M L]
       by (metis One-nat-def add.right-neutral add-Suc-right diff-add-inverse2)
         get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked k' le-imp-less-Suc
         list.simps(15)
   finally show False using lev-L M by auto
have L: hd ?M = Marked (-L) ?k using \langle l' = ?k \rangle L'-L L' by auto
have get-maximum-level (trail S) D < ?k
  proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have get-maximum-level (trail S) D = ?k using M g-k unfolding L by auto
   then obtain L'' where L'' \in \# D and L-k: get-level ?M L'' = ?k
     using get-maximum-level-exists-lit[of ?k ?M D] unfolding k'[symmetric] by auto
   have L \neq L'' using no-dup \langle L'' \in \# D \rangle
     unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def LD
     by (metis E' add.right-neutral add-diff-cancel-right'
       distinct-mem-diff-mset union-commute union-single-eq-member)
   have L^{\prime\prime} = -L
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume ¬ ?thesis
       then have get-level ?M L'' = get-level (tl ?M) L''
         using M \langle L \neq L'' \rangle get-level-skip-beginning[of L'' hd ?M tl ?M] unfolding L
         by (auto simp: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
```

```
then show False
          by (metis L-k Max-n-upt One-nat-def Suc-n-not-le-n \langle l' = backtrack-lvl S \rangle
            add-Suc-right add-implies-diff g-r
           get-all-levels-of-marked-rev-eq-rev-get-all-levels-of-marked list.set(2)
           get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked k' l'-cons list.sel(1)
            rev-rev-ident semiring-normalization-rules(6) set-upt)
      ged
     then have taut: tautology (D + \{\#L\#\})
      using \langle L'' \in \# D \rangle by (metis add.commute mset-leD mset-le-add-left multi-member-this
        tautology-minus)
     have consistent-interp (lits-of-l?M)
      using level-inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
      using taut by (metis \langle L'' = -L \rangle \langle L'' \in \# D \rangle add.commute consistent-interp-def
        diff-union-cancelR in-CNot-implies-uninus(2) in-diffD multi-member-this)
    moreover have ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
      using confl no-dup LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
     ultimately show False by blast
   qed note H = this
 have get-maximum-level (trail S) D < get-maximum-level (trail S) (D + \{\#L\#\})
   using H by (auto simp: get-maximum-level-plus lev-L max-def)
 moreover have backtrack-lvl S = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D + \{\#L\#\})
   using H by (auto simp: get-maximum-level-plus lev-L max-def)
 ultimately have False
   using backtrack-no-decomp[OF raw-conf - lev-L] level-inv termi
   cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step[of S] alien unfolding E'
   by (auto simp add: lev-L max-def)
} note not-is-marked = this
moreover {
 let ?D = D + \{\#L\#\}
 have ?D \neq \{\#\} by auto
 have ?M \models as\ CNot\ ?D\ using\ confl\ LD\ unfolding\ cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
 then have ?M \neq [] unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by force
 assume nm: \neg is\text{-}marked (hd ?M)
 then obtain L' C where L'C: hd-raw-trail S = Propagated L' C
   by (metis \langle trail \ S \neq [] \rangle hd-raw-trail is-marked-def mmset-of-mlit.elims)
 then have hd ?M = Propagated L' (mset-cls C)
   using \langle trail \ S \neq [] \rangle \ hd-raw-trail mmset-of-mlit.simps(1) by fastforce
 then have M: ?M = Propagated L' (mset-cls C) \# tl ?M
   using \langle ?M \neq [] \rangle list.collapse by fastforce
 then obtain C' where C': mset-cls\ C = C' + \{\#L'\#\}
   using confl unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by (metis append-Nil diff-single-eq-union)
 { assume -L' \notin \# ?D
   then have Ex (skip S)
     using skip-rule[OF\ M\ raw-conf] unfolding E' by auto
   then have False
     using cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step[of S] alien level-inv termi
     by (auto dest: cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros)
 }
 moreover {
   assume L'D: -L' \in \# ?D
   then obtain D' where D': ?D = D' + \{\#-L'\#\} by (metis\ insert\text{-}DiffM2)
   have g-r: get-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated L' (mset-cls C) \# tl (trail S))
     = rev [Suc \ 0.. < Suc \ (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ (trail \ S)))]
```

```
using level-inv M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     have Max (insert \theta
        (set (qet-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated L'(mset-cls C) \# tl (trail S))))) = ?k
       using level-inv M unfolding g-r cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def set-rev
      by (auto simp add:Max-n-upt)
     then have get-maximum-level (trail S) D' \leq ?k
      using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[of
         Propagated L' (mset-cls C) \# tl ?M] M
       unfolding get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked by auto
     then have get-maximum-level (trail S) D' = ?k
       \vee get-maximum-level (trail S) D' < ?k
      using le-neq-implies-less by blast
     moreover {
       assume g-D'-k: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' = ?k
       then have f1: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' = backtrack-lvl S
        using M by auto
       then have Ex\ (cdcl_W - o\ S)
        using f1 resolve-rule[of S L' C , OF \langle trail S \neq [] \rangle - - raw-conf] raw-conf g-D'-k
        L'C L'D unfolding C' D' E'
        \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{fastforce}\ \mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \mathit{D'}\ \mathit{intro}\colon \mathit{cdcl}_{\mathit{W}}\text{-}\mathit{o.intros}\ \mathit{cdcl}_{\mathit{W}}\text{-}\mathit{bj.intros})
       then have False
        by (meson\ alien\ cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step termi level-inv)
     moreover {
      assume a1: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' < ?k
      then have f3: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' < \text{get-level (trail S) } (-L')
        using a lev-L by (metis D' qet-maximum-level-qe-qet-level insert-noteq-member
          not-less)
       moreover have backtrack-lvl S = get-level (trail S) L'
        apply (subst\ M)
        \mathbf{unfolding}\ \mathit{rev.simps}
        apply (subst get-rev-level-can-skip-correctly-ordered)
        using level-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
        apply (subst (asm) (2) M) apply (simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
        using level-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
        apply (subst (asm) (2) M) apply (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp lits-of-def)
        using level-inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def
        apply (subst (asm) (4) M) apply (auto simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)[]
        using level-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
        apply (subst (asm) (4) M) by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
       moreover
        then have get-level (trail S) L' = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D' + \{\#-L'\#\})
          using a1 by (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-plus max-def)
       ultimately have False
        using M backtrack-no-decomp[of S - -L', OF raw-conf]
        cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step L'D level-inv termi alien
        unfolding D' E' by auto
     ultimately have False by blast
   ultimately have False by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
```

qed

```
lemma cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-cp \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} \ S \ S'
 apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 by (meson\ cdcl_W.conflict\ cdcl_W.propagate\ tranclp.r-into-trancl\ tranclp.trancl-into-trancl)+
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{tranclp-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{cp-tranclp-cdcl}_W\text{:}
  cdcl_W - cp^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S
 apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  apply (simp add: cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W)
  by (meson\ cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-trans)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
proof (induct \ rule: \ cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case
  unfolding full1-def by (simp add: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
next
  case (other' S' S'')
 then have S' = S'' \lor cdcl_W - cp^{++} S' S''
   by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold full-def)
 then show ?case
   using other' by (meson\ cdcl_W.other\ tranclp.r-into-trancl
     tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-trans)
qed
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
 apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  using cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> apply blast
 by (meson\ cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
  using rtranclp-unfold[of cdcl_W-stgy S S'] tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W[of S S'] by auto
lemma not-empty-get-maximum-level-exists-lit:
 assumes n: D \neq \{\#\}
 and max: get-maximum-level MD = n
 shows \exists L \in \#D. get-level ML = n
proof -
 have f: finite (insert 0 ((\lambda L. get-level M L) 'set-mset D)) by auto
 then have n \in ((\lambda L. \ get\text{-level } M \ L) \ `set\text{-mset } D)
   using n max get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level image-iff
   unfolding get-maximum-level-def by force
 then show \exists L \in \# D. get-level ML = n by auto
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-false-with-level-inv:
 assumes
    cdcl_W-o S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   confl-inv: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   n-d: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
```

```
conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case (resolve L C M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and confl = this(4) and LD = this(5) and T = this(4)
this(7)
 have uL-not-D: -L \notin \# remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D)
   using n-d confl unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-def
   by (metis\ distinct-cdcl_W-state-def distinct-mem-diff-mset\ multi-member-last\ n-d\ option.simps(9))
 moreover have L-not-D: L \notin \# remove1\text{-}mset (-L) (mset\text{-}ccls D)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have L \in \# mset-ccls D
      by (auto simp: in-remove1-mset-neq)
     moreover have Propagated L (mset-cls C) \# M \modelsas CNot (mset-ccls D)
      using conflicting confl tr-S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by auto
     ultimately have -L \in lits-of-l (Propagated L (mset-cls C) \# M)
      using in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
     moreover have no-dup (Propagated L (mset-cls C) \# M)
      using lev tr-S unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     ultimately show False unfolding lits-of-def by (metis consistent-interp-def image-eqI
       list.set-intros(1) lits-of-def marked-lit.sel(2) distinct-consistent-interp)
   qed
 ultimately
   have q-D: get-maximum-level (Propagated L (mset-cls C) \# M) (remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D))
     = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D))
   proof -
     have \forall a \ f \ L. \ ((a::'v) \in f \ `L) = (\exists \ l. \ (l :: 'v \ literal) \in L \land a = f \ l)
      by blast
     then show ?thesis
      using get-maximum-level-skip-first of L remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D) mset-cls C M
      unfolding atms-of-def
      by (metis (no-types) uL-not-D L-not-D atm-of-eq-atm-of)
   qed
 have lev-L[simp]: get-level\ M\ L=0
   apply (rule atm-of-notin-get-rev-level-eq-0)
   using lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def tr-S by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
 have D: get-maximum-level M (remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D)) = backtrack-lvl S
   using resolve.hyps(6) LD unfolding tr-S by (auto simp: get-maximum-level-plus max-def q-D)
 have get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc \ 0... < Suc \ (backtrack-lvl \ S)]
   using lev unfolding tr-S cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have get-maximum-level M (remove1-mset L (mset-cls C)) \leq backtrack-lvl S
   using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[of M]
   get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked[of M] by (auto simp: Max-n-upt)
 then have
   get-maximum-level M (remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D) \# \cup remove1-mset L (mset-cls C)) =
     backtrack-lvl S
   by (auto simp: qet-maximum-level-union-mset qet-maximum-level-plus max-def D)
 then show ?case
   using tr-S not-empty-get-maximum-level-exists-lit[of
     remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D) #<math>\cup remove1-mset L (mset-cls C) M T
   by auto
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case (skip L C' M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and D = this(2) and T = this(5)
  then obtain La where
   La \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \ \mathbf{and}
   get-level (Propagated L C' \# M) La = backtrack-lvl S
   using skip confl-inv by auto
  moreover
   have atm-of La \neq atm-of L
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume ¬ ?thesis
      then have La: La = L \text{ using } \langle La \in \# \text{ mset-ccls } D \rangle \langle -L \notin \# \text{ mset-ccls } D \rangle
         by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
       have Propagated L C' \# M \modelsas CNot (mset-ccls D)
         using conflicting tr-S D unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
       then have -L \in lits-of-l M
         using \langle La \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \rangle in\text{-}CNot\text{-}implies\text{-}uminus(2)[of \ L \ mset\text{-}ccls \ D]
          Propagated L C' \# M] unfolding La
         by auto
      then show False using lev tr-S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def consistent-interp-def by auto
     qed
   then have get-level (Propagated L C' \# M) La = get-level M La by auto
  ultimately show ?case using D tr-S T by auto
 case backtrack
 then show ?case
   by (auto split: if-split-asm simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp lev)
ged auto
19.5.5
           Strong completeness
lemma cdcl_W-cp-propagate-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S T
 shows propagate^{**} S T \lor (\exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \land conflict S' T)
 using assms by induction blast+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-conft:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S T
 shows propagate^{**} S T \lor (\exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \land conflict S' T)
 by (simp add: assms rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl)
lemma propagate-high-levelE:
 assumes propagate S T
 obtains M'N'UkLC where
   state S = (M', N', U, k, None) and
   state T = (Propagated\ L\ (C + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M',\ N',\ U,\ k,\ None) and
   C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# local.clauses S  and
   M' \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit (trail S) L
proof -
 obtain EL where
   conf: conflicting S = None  and
   E: E !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S  and
   LE: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \text{ and }
   tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ (remove\text{-}lit \ L \ E)) and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S
   using assms by (elim propagateE) simp
```

```
obtain M N U k where
   S: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, None)
   using conf by auto
 show thesis
   using that[of M N U k L remove1-mset L (mset-cls E)] S T LE E tr undef
   by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness:
 assumes MN: set M \models s set-mset N and
 cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
 tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ (set \ M) \ (set\text{-}mset \ N) \ \mathbf{and}
 lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq set M and
 init-clss S = N and
 propagate^{**} S S' and
 learned-clss S = {\#}
 shows length (trail S) \leq length (trail S') \wedge lits-of-l (trail S') \subseteq set M
 using assms(6,4,5,7)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (step \ Y \ Z)
 note st = this(1) and propa = this(2) and IH = this(3) and lits' = this(4) and NS = this(5) and
   learned = this(6)
 then have len: length (trail S) \leq length (trail Y) and LM: lits-of-l (trail Y) \subseteq set M
    \mathbf{by} \ blast +
 obtain M'N'UkCL where
   Y: state \ Y = (M', N', U, k, None) and
   Z: state Z = (Propagated\ L\ (C + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M',\ N',\ U,\ k,\ None) and
   C: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses \ Y \ and
   M'-C: M' \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit (trail\ Y)\ L
   using propa by (auto elim: propagate-high-levelE)
 have init-clss S = init-clss Y
   using st by induction (auto elim: propagateE)
 then have [simp]: N' = N using NS Y Z by simp
 have learned-clss Y = \{\#\}
   using st learned by induction (auto elim: propagateE)
 then have [simp]: U = {\#} using Y by auto
 have set M \models s \ CNot \ C
   using M'-C LM Y unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def true-cls-def
   by force
 moreover
   have set M \models C + \{\#L\#\}
     using MN C learned Y NS (init-clss S = init-clss \ Y) (learned-clss Y = \{\#\})
     unfolding true-clss-def raw-clauses-def by fastforce
 ultimately have L \in set M by (simp \ add: cons \ consistent-CNot-not)
 then show ?case using LM len Y Z by auto
qed
lemma
 assumes propagate^{**} S X
 shows
```

```
rtranclp-propagate-init-clss: init-clss X = init-clss S and
   rtranclp-propagate-learned-clss: learned-clss X = learned-clss S
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto elim: propagateE)
lemma completeness-is-a-full1-propagation:
  fixes S :: 'st and M :: 'v literal list
 assumes MN: set M \models s set-mset N
 and cons: consistent-interp (set M)
 and tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset N)
 and alien: no-strange-atm S
 and learned: learned-clss S = \{\#\}
 and clsS[simp]: init-clss\ S = N
 and lits: lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq set M
 shows \exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S S'
proof -
 obtain S' where full: full cdcl_W-cp S S'
   using always-exists-full-cdcl_W-cp-step alien by blast
  then consider (propa) propagate** S S'
   \mid (confl) \exists X. propagate^{**} S X \land conflict X S'
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-confl unfolding full-def by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case propa then show ?thesis using full by blast
   next
     case confl
     then obtain X where
       X: propagate^{**} S X and
      Xconf: conflict \ X \ S'
     by blast
     have clsX: init-clss\ X = init-clss\ S
      using X by (blast dest: rtranclp-propagate-init-clss)
     have learnedX: learned-clss\ X = \{\#\}
      using X learned by (auto dest: rtranclp-propagate-learned-clss)
     obtain E where
       E: E \in \# init\text{-}clss \ X + learned\text{-}clss \ X \ \mathbf{and}
      Not-E: trail X \models as \ CNot \ E
      using Xconf by (auto simp add: raw-clauses-def elim!: conflictE)
     have lits-of-l (trail\ X) \subseteq set\ M
       using cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness [OF assms(1-3) lits - X learned] learned by auto
     then have MNE: set M \models s \ CNot \ E
      using Not-E
      \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{fastforce simp add: true-annots-def true-clss-def true-cls-def})
     have \neg set M \models s set-mset N
       using E consistent-CNot-not[OF cons MNE]
       unfolding learnedX true-clss-def unfolding clsX clsS by auto
     then show ?thesis using MN by blast
   qed
qed
See also cdcl_W - cp^{**} ?S ?S' \Longrightarrow \exists M. trail ?S' = M @ trail ?S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l)
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-trail-append:
 propagate^{**} S T \Longrightarrow \exists c. trail T = c @ trail S
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto elim: propagateE)
```

lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail:

```
propagate^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv S \Longrightarrow
   init\text{-}clss\ S = init\text{-}clss\ T\ \land\ learned\text{-}clss\ S = learned\text{-}clss\ T\ \land\ backtrack\text{-}lvl\ S = backtrack\text{-}lvl\ T
   \wedge conflicting S = conflicting T
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
 then show ?case unfolding state-eq-def by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
  case (step \ T \ U) note IH = this(3)[OF \ this(4)]
 moreover have cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   using rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv \langle propagate^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \langle propagate \ T \ U \rangle
   rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W]\ cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv propagate'
   rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.prems by blast
   then have no-dup (trail U) unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 ultimately show ?case using \(\rho propagate T U \rangle \) unfolding state-eq-def
   by (fastforce simp: elim: propagateE)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness-n:
 assumes
   MN: set M \models s set\text{-}mset (mset\text{-}clss N) and
   cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
   tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset (mset-clss N)) and
   atm-incl: atm-of ' (set M) \subseteq atms-of-mm (mset-clss N) and
   distM: distinct M and
   length: n \leq length M
 shows
   \exists M' \ k \ S. \ length \ M' \geq n \ \land
     lits-of-lM' \subseteq setM \land
     no-dup M' \wedge
     state S = (M', mset\text{-}clss N, \{\#\}, k, None) \land
     cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state N) S
 using length
proof (induction \ n)
 case \theta
 have state (init-state N) = ([], mset-clss\ N, {#}, \theta, None)
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
 moreover have
   0 \leq length [] and
   lits-of-l [] \subseteq set M and
   cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) (init-state N)
   and no-dup
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
 ultimately show ?case using state-eq-sym by blast
next
 case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and n = this(2)
  then obtain M' k S where
   l-M': length M' \ge n and
   M': lits-of-l M' \subseteq set M and
   n\text{-}d[simp]: no-dup M' and
   S: state S = (M', mset\text{-}clss N, \{\#\}, k, None) and
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state N) S
   by auto
 have
   M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
```

```
using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-S0-cdcl_W no-strange-atm-S0 rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv
 rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st by blast
{ assume no-step: \neg no-step propagate S
 obtain S' where S': propagate^{**} S S' and full: full cdcl_W-cp S S'
   using completeness-is-a-full1-propagation [OF assms(1-3), of S] alien M'S
   by (auto simp: comp-def)
 have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using MS' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
 then have n-d'[simp]: no-dup (trail S')
   unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 have length (trail S) \leq length (trail S') \wedge lits-of-l (trail S') \subseteq set M
   using S' full cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness[OF assms(1-3), of S] M' S
   by (auto simp: comp-def)
 moreover
   have full: full1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S'
     using full no-step no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate(2) unfolding full1-def full-def
     rtranclp-unfold by blast
   then have cdcl_W-stgy S S' by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_W-stgy.conflict')
 moreover
   have propa: propagate^{++} S S' using S' full unfolding full1-def by (metis \ rtranclpD) tranclpD)
   have trail S = M'
     using S by (auto simp: comp-def rev-map)
   with propa have length (trail S') > n
     using l-M' propa by (induction rule: tranclp.induct) (auto elim: propagateE)
 moreover
   have stS': cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state N) S'
     using st cdcl_W-stgy.conflict'[OF full] by auto
   then have init-clss S' = mset-clss N
     using stS' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss by fastforce
 moreover
   have
     [simp]: learned-clss\ S' = \{\#\} and
     [simp]: init-clss S' = init-clss S and
     [simp]: conflicting S' = None
     using tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF \langle propagate^{++} S S' \rangle] S
     rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail[of S S'] S M unfolding state-eq-def
     by (auto simp: comp-def)
   have S-S': state S' = (trail\ S',\ mset\text{-}clss\ N,\ \{\#\},\ backtrack\text{-}lvl\ S',\ None)
     using S by auto
   have cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) S'
     apply (rule rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
     using st apply simp
     using \langle cdcl_W \text{-} stgy \ S \ S' \rangle by simp
 ultimately have ?case
   apply -
   apply (rule exI[of - trail S'], rule exI[of - backtrack-lvl S'], rule exI[of - S'])
   using S-S' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
}
moreover {
 assume no-step: no-step propagate S
 have ?case
   proof (cases length M' \geq Suc \ n)
     {\bf case}\ {\it True}
```

using $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv-S0- $cdcl_W$ $rtranclp-cdcl_W$ -stgy-consistent-inv st apply blast

```
then show ?thesis using l-M' M' st M alien S n-d by blast
next
 case False
 then have n': length M' = n using l-M' by auto
 have no-confl: no-step conflict S
   proof -
     \{ \mathbf{fix} D \}
      assume D \in \# mset-clss N and M' \models as CNot D
      then have set M \models D using MN unfolding true-clss-def by auto
      moreover have set M \models s \ CNot \ D
        using \langle M' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ M'
        by (metis le-iff-sup true-annots-true-cls true-clss-union-increase)
      ultimately have False using cons consistent-CNot-not by blast
     then show ?thesis
      using S by (auto simp: true-clss-def comp-def rev-map
        raw-clauses-def dest!: in-clss-mset-clss elim!: conflictE)
 have lenM: length M = card (set M) using distM by (induction M) auto
 have no-dup M' using S M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have card (lits-of-l M') = length M'
   by (induction M') (auto simp add: lits-of-def card-insert-if)
 then have lits-of-l M' \subset set M
   using n M' n' lenM by auto
 then obtain m where m: m \in set M and undef-m: m \notin lits-of-l M' by auto
 moreover have undef: undefined-lit M' m
   using M' Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l calculation (1,2) cons
   consistent-interp-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) subset-eq)
 moreover have atm\text{-}of m \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S)
   using atm-incl calculation S by auto
 ultimately
   have dec: decide S (cons-trail (Marked m (k+1)) (incr-lvl S))
     using decide-rule[of S -
      cons-trail (Marked m (k + 1)) (incr-lvl S)] S
 let ?S' = cons-trail (Marked m(k+1)) (incr-lvl S)
 have lits-of-l (trail ?S') \subseteq set M using m M' S undef by auto
 moreover have no-strange-atm ?S'
   using alien dec M by (meson cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv decide other)
 ultimately obtain S'' where S'': propagate^{**} ?S' S'' and full: full\ cdcl_W-cp ?S' S''
   using completeness-is-a-full1-propagation [OF assms(1-3), of S'] S undef
   by auto
 \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{M-level-inv}\ ?S'
   using M dec rtranclp-mono of decide cdcl_W by (meson cdcl_W-consistent-inv decide other)
 then have lev'': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S''
   using S'' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
 then have n-d": no-dup (trail S")
   unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 have length (trail ?S') < length (trail S'') \land lits-of-l (trail S'') \subseteq set M
   using S'' full cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness [OF assms(1-3), of S'S'] m M'S undef
   by simp
 then have Suc n \leq length (trail S'') \wedge lits-of-l (trail S'') \subseteq set M
   using l-M' S undef by auto
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (cons-trail (Marked m (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)))
```

```
(update-backtrack-lvl (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)) S))
          using S (cdcl_W - M - level - inv (cons-trail (Marked m (k + 1)) (incr-lvl S))) by auto
        then have S'':
          state S'' = (trail\ S'', mset-clss\ N, \{\#\}, backtrack-lvl\ S'', None)
          using rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail[OF S''] S undef n-d" lev"
         by auto
        then have cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) S''
          using cdcl_W-stgy.intros(2)[OF decide[OF dec] - full] no-step no-confl st
          by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
      ultimately show ?thesis using S'' n-d" by blast
     qed
 }
 ultimately show ?case by blast
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness:
 assumes
   MN: set M \models s set\text{-}mset (mset\text{-}clss N) and
   cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
   tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset (mset-clss N)) and
   atm-incl: atm-of ' (set M) \subseteq atms-of-mm (mset-clss N) and
   distM: distinct M
 shows
   \exists M' k S.
     lits-of-lM' = set M \land
     state S = (M', mset\text{-}clss N, \{\#\}, k, None) \land
     cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state N) S \wedge
     final-cdcl_W-state S
proof -
 from cdcl_W-stqy-strong-completeness-n[OF assms, of length M]
 obtain M' k T where
   l: length M \leq length M' and
   M'-M: lits-of-l M' \subseteq set M and
   no-dup: no-dup: M' and
   T: state \ T = (M', mset-clss \ N, \{\#\}, k, None) and
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state \ N) \ T
   by auto
 have card (set M) = length M using distM by (simp add: distinct-card)
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-consistent-inv[OF st] T by auto
   then have card (set ((map (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) M'))) = length M'
     using distinct-card no-dup by fastforce
 moreover have card (lits-of-l M') = card (set ((map (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) M')))
   using no-dup unfolding lits-of-def apply (induction M') by (auto simp add: card-insert-if)
 ultimately have card (set M) \leq card (lits-of-l M') using l unfolding lits-of-def by auto
 then have set M = lits-of-l M'
   using M'-M card-seteq by blast
 moreover
   then have M' \models asm mset\text{-}clss N
     using MN unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def by auto
   then have final-cdcl_W-state T
     using T no-dup unfolding final-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis using st T by blast
qed
```

19.5.6 No conflict with only variables of level less than backtrack level

This invariant is stronger than the previous argument in the sense that it is a property about all possible conflicts.

```
definition no-smaller-conft (S :: 'st) \equiv
  (\forall M \ K \ i \ M' \ D. \ M' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ M = trail \ S \longrightarrow D \in \# \ clauses \ S
   \longrightarrow \neg M \models as \ CNot \ D)
lemma no-smaller-confl-init-sate[simp]:
 no-smaller-confl (init-state N) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   max-lev: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   smaller: no-smaller-confl S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms(1,2) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
  case (decide L T) note confl = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have [simp]: clauses T = clauses S
   using T undef by auto
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix}\ M^{\prime\prime}\ K\ i\ M^\prime\ Da
     assume M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail T
     and D: Da \in \# local.clauses T
     then have tl\ M^{\prime\prime} @ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ M^{\prime}=trail\ S
      \vee (M'' = [] \wedge Marked \ K \ i \# M' = Marked \ L \ (backtrack-lvl \ S + 1) \# trail \ S)
      using T undef by (cases M'') auto
     moreover {
      assume tl M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail S
      then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da
        using D T undef no-f confl smaller unfolding no-smaller-confl-def smaller by fastforce
     moreover {
      assume Marked K i \# M' = Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1) \# trail S
      then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ no-f \ D \ confl \ T \ by \ auto
     ultimately show \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da by fast
  qed
next
 then show ?case using smaller no-f max-lev unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
next
 case skip
 then show ?case using smaller no-f max-lev unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
  case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note confl = this(1) and LD = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
   undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i+1) \# M1
```

```
using decomp by auto
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix} \ M \ ia \ K' \ M' \ Da
     assume M' @ Marked K' ia \# M = trail T
     then have tl M' @ Marked K' ia \# M = M1
       using T decomp undef lev by (cases M') (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     let ?S' = (cons\text{-}trail\ (Propagated\ L\ (cls\text{-}of\text{-}ccls\ D))
               (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
               (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ None\ S)))))
     assume D: Da \in \# clauses T
     moreover{
      assume Da \in \# clauses S
      then have \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ \langle tl \ M' \ @ \ Marked \ K' \ ia \ \# \ M = M1 \rangle \ M \ confl \ undef \ smaller
        unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
     }
     moreover {
       assume Da: Da = mset-ccls D
      have \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da
        proof (rule ccontr)
          assume ¬ ?thesis
          then have -L \in \mathit{lits-of-l}\ M
            using LD unfolding Da by (simp\ add: in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
          then have -L \in lits-of-l (Propagated L (mset-ccls D) \# M1)
            using UnI2 \langle tl \ M' \ @ Marked \ K' \ ia \# M = M1 \rangle
            by auto
          moreover
            have backtrack S ?S'
              using backtrack-rule[of S] backtrack.hyps
              by (force simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
            then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv ?S'
              using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF - lev] other [OF \ bj] by (auto intro: cdcl_W-bj.intros)
            then have no-dup (Propagated L (mset-ccls D) \# M1)
              using decomp undef lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
          ultimately show False
             using undef by (auto simp: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l)
        qed
     }
     ultimately show \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da
       using T undef decomp lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by fastforce
   qed
qed
lemma conflict-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes conflict S S'
 and no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by (fastforce elim: conflictE)
{\bf lemma}\ propagate \hbox{-} no\hbox{-} smaller \hbox{-} confl\hbox{-} inv:
 assumes propagate: propagate S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
```

```
unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 fix M' K i M'' D
 assume M': M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail S'
 and D \in \# clauses S'
 obtain M N U k C L where
   S: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, None) and
   S': state S' = (Propagated\ L\ (C + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None) and
   C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \text{ and }
   M \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit M L
   using propagate by (auto elim: propagate-high-levelE)
 have tl \ M'' \otimes Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ M' = trail \ S \ using \ M' \ S \ S'
   by (metis Pair-inject list.inject list.sel(3) marked-lit.distinct(1) self-append-conv2
     tl-append2)
 then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ D
   using \langle D \in \# \ clauses \ S' \ n-l \ S \ S' \ raw-clauses-def \ unfolding \ no-smaller-confl-def \ by \ auto
 then show \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ D by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confi S
 \mathbf{shows}\ \textit{no-smaller-confl}\ S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict' S S')
 then show ?case using conflict-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S S'] by blast
next
 case (propagate' S S')
 then show ?case using propagate-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S S'] by fastforce
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{rtrancp\text{-}cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{cp\text{-}no\text{-}smaller\text{-}confl\text{-}inv}:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W - cp^{**} S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step S' S'')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S' S''] by fast
qed
lemma trancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
 case (r-into-trancl S S')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case (trancl-into-trancl\ S\ S'\ S'')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S' S''] by fast
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes full cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding full-def
 using rtrancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding full1-def
 using trancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy SS'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 \mathbf{shows}\ \textit{no-smaller-confl}\ S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 then show ?case using full1-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
next
 case (other' S' S'')
 have no-smaller-confl S'
   using cdcl_W-o-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(3,2,1)]
   not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss\ other'.hyps(2)\ cdcl_W-cp.simps\ {\bf by}\ auto
 then show ?case using full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S'S''] other'.hyps by blast
qed
lemma is-conflicting-exists-conflict:
 assumes \neg(\forall D \in \#init\text{-}clss \ S' + learned\text{-}clss \ S'. \ \neg \ trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D)
 and conflicting S' = None
 shows \exists S''. conflict S' S''
 using assms raw-clauses-def not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss by fastforce
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-no-clause-is-false:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   max-lev: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S and
   no-l: no-smaller-confl S
  shows no-clause-is-false S'
   \lor (conflicting S' = None
        \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \# clauses S'. trail S' \models as CNot D)
           \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')))
 using assms(1,2)
```

```
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
  case (decide L T) note S = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (rule HOL.disjI2, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} D
     assume D: D \in \# clauses T and M-D: trail T \models as CNot D
     let ?M = trail S
     let ?M' = trail\ T
     let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
     have \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ D
         using no-f D S T undef by auto
     have -L \in \# D
       proof (rule ccontr)
         assume ¬ ?thesis
         have ?M \models as CNot D
           unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def true-cls-def
           proof (intro allI impI)
             assume x: x \in \{ \{ \# - L \# \} \mid L. L \in \# D \}
             then obtain L' where L': x = \{\#-L'\#\}\ L' \in \#\ D by auto
             obtain L'' where L'' \in \# x and lits-of-l (Marked L (?k + 1) \# ?M) \models l L''
               using M-D x T undef unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def
               true-cls-def Bex-def by auto
             show \exists L \in \# x. lits-of-l?M \models l L unfolding Bex-def
               using L'(1) L'(2) \leftarrow L \notin \!\!\!\!/ \!\!\!/ D \land L'' \in \!\!\!\!\!/ \!\!\!\!/ x \rangle
               \langle lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \; (Marked \; L \; (backtrack\text{-}lvl \; S + 1) \; \# \; trail \; S) \models l \; L'' \rangle \; \mathbf{by} \; auto
           qed
         then show False using \langle \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by auto
       qed
     have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ ?M)
       using undef defined-lit-map unfolding lits-of-def by fastforce
     then have get-level (Marked L (?k + 1) # ?M) (-L) = ?k + 1 by simp
     then show \exists La. La \in \# D \land get\text{-level }?M'La = backtrack\text{-lvl } T
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle -L \in \# \ D \rangle \ T \ undef \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
   qed
 case resolve
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case skip
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(3) and undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
 show ?case
   proof (rule HOL.disjI2, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} \ Da
     assume Da: Da \in \# clauses T
     and M-D: trail T \models as \ CNot \ Da
     obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
       using decomp by auto
     have tr-T: trail T = Propagated\ L\ (mset-ccls\ D)\ \#\ M1
       using T decomp undef lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     have backtrack S T
       using backtrack-rule[of S] backtrack.hyps T
```

```
by (force simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     then have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
       using cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev other cdcl_W-bj.backtrack cdcl_W-o.bj by blast
     then have -L \notin lits-of-l M1
       using lev cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l undef by blast
     { assume Da \in \# clauses S
       then have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ no-l \ M \ unfolding \ no-smaller-confl-def \ by \ auto
     moreover {
      assume Da: Da = mset-ccls D
      have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \leftarrow L \notin lits \text{-} of \text{-} l \ M1 \rangle \ unfolding \ Da
        using backtrack.hyps(2) in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by auto
     ultimately have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da
       using Da T undef decomp lev by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     then have -L \in \# Da
       using M-D \langle -L \notin lits-of-l M1\rangle T unfolding tr-T true-annots-true-cls true-clss-def
       by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)
     have g-M1: get-all-levels-of-marked M1 = rev [1..<<math>i+1]
       using lev lev' T decomp undef unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     have no-dup (Propagated L (mset-ccls D) \# M1)
       using lev lev' T decomp undef unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have L: atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l M1 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
     have get-level (Propagated L (mset-ccls D) \# M1) (-L) = i
       using get-level-get-rev-level-get-all-levels-of-marked [OF L,
        of [Propagated\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D)]]
       by (simp add: g-M1 split: if-splits)
     then show \exists La. La \in \# Da \land get\text{-level (trail } T) La = backtrack\text{-lvl } T
       using \langle -L \in \# Da \rangle T decomp undef lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-decompose:
 assumes
   confl: \exists D \in \#clauses \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \ \mathbf{and}
   full: full cdcl_W-cp S U and
   no-confl: conflicting S = None and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists T. propagate^{**} S T \land conflict T U
proof -
  consider (propa) propagate^{**} S U
        (confl) T where propagate^{**} S T and conflict T U
  using full unfolding full-def by (blast dest: rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl)
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case confl
     then show ?thesis by blast
   next
     case propa
     then have conflicting U = None and
       [simp]: learned-clss\ U = learned-clss\ S and
       [simp]: init-clss \ U = init-clss \ S
       using no-confl rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail lev by auto
     moreover
       obtain D where D: D \in \#clauses\ U and
```

```
trS: trail S \models as CNot D
        using confl raw-clauses-def by auto
       obtain M where M: trail U = M @ trail S
        using full rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-drop While-trail unfolding full-def by meson
       have tr-U: trail\ U \models as\ CNot\ D
        apply (rule true-annots-mono)
        using trS unfolding M by simp-all
     have \exists V. conflict U V
       using \langle conflicting \ U = None \rangle \ D \ raw-clauses-def \ not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss \ tr-U
      by meson
     then have False using full cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.conflict' unfolding full-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by fast
   qed
qed
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-full1-decompose:
 assumes
   confl: \exists D \in \#clauses \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \ and
   full: full cdcl_W-cp S U and
   no-confl: conflicting S = Noneand
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists T D. propagate^{**} S T \land conflict T U
   \land trail \ T \models as \ CNot \ D \land conflicting \ U = Some \ D \land D \in \# \ clauses \ S
proof -
  obtain T where propa: propagate^{**} S T and conf: conflict T U
   using full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-exists-conflict-decompose[OF assms] by blast
 have p: learned-clss T = learned-clss S init-clss T = init-clss S
    using propa lev rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail by auto
 have c: learned-clss U = learned-clss T init-clss U = init-clss T
    using conf by (auto elim: conflictE)
 obtain D where trail T \models as \ CNot \ D \land conflicting \ U = Some \ D \land D \in \# \ clauses \ S
   using conf p c by (fastforce simp: raw-clauses-def elim!: conflictE)
  then show ?thesis
   using propa conf by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stqy-no-smaller-confl:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-stgy S S' and
   n-l: no-smaller-confi S and
   conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-clause-is-false S and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S
  shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 show no-smaller-confl S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(1) full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv by blast
 case (other' S' S'')
 have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv <math>S'
   using cdcl_W-consistent-inv other other '.hyps(1) other'.prems(3) by blast
```

```
\mathbf{show}\ \mathit{no\text{-}smaller\text{-}confl}\ S^{\,\prime\prime}
   using cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF cdcl_W-stgy.other'[OF other'.hyps(1-3)]]
   other'.prems(1-3) by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-stgy S S' and
   n-l: no-smaller-confl S and
   conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-clause-is-false S and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 have no-smaller-confl S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(1) full1-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv by blast
  moreover have conflict-is-false-with-level S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(2-4)
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S S']
   unfolding full-def full1-def rtranclp-unfold by presburger
  then show ?case by blast
next
 case (other' S' S'')
 have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W-consistent-inv other other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(3) by blast
 moreover
   have no-clause-is-false S'
     \lor (conflicting S' = None \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \#clauses S'. trail S' \models as CNot D
          \rightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')))
     using cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-no-clause-is-false of S[S'] other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(1-4) by fast
 moreover {
   assume no-clause-is-false S'
   {
     assume conflicting S' = None
     then have conflict-is-false-with-level S' by auto
     moreover have full cdcl_W-cp S' S''
      by (metis\ (no-types)\ other'.hyps(3))
     ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S^{\,\prime\prime}
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S' S''] lev' (no-clause-is-false S')
       by blast
   }
   moreover
     assume c: conflicting S' \neq None
     have conflicting S \neq None using other'.hyps(1) c
       by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
     then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'
       using cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-false-with-level-inv[OF other'.hyps(1)]
       other'.prems(3,5,6,2) by blast
     moreover have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S' S'' using other'.hyps(3) unfolding full-def by auto
     then have S' = S'' using c
```

```
by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
        (fastforce\ intro:\ option.exhaust)+
   ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' by auto
 ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' by blast
moreover {
  assume
    confl: conflicting S' = None and
    D-L: \forall D \in \# clauses S'. trail <math>S' \models as CNot D
       \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')
   { assume \forall D \in \#clauses S'. \neg trail S' \models as CNot D
    then have no-clause-is-false S' using confl by simp
    then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' using calculation(3) by presburger
  moreover {
    assume \neg(\forall D \in \# clauses S'. \neg trail S' \models as CNot D)
    then obtain TD where
      propagate^{**} S' T and
      conflict\ T\ S^{\,\prime\prime} and
      D: D \in \# clauses S' and
      trail S'' \models as CNot D and
      conflicting S'' = Some D
      using full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-full1-decompose[OF - - confl]
      other'(3) lev' by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) conflictE state-eq-trail
        trail-update-conflicting)
    obtain M where M: trail S'' = M @ trail S' and nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is-marked m
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail other'(3) unfolding full-def by meson
    have btS: backtrack-lvl S'' = backtrack-lvl S'
      using other'.hyps(3) unfolding full-def by (metis rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl)
    have inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S''
      by (metis (no-types) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.conflict' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv full-unfold lev'
        other'.hyps(3)
    then have nd: no-dup (trail S'')
      by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\text{-}decomp(2))
    have conflict-is-false-with-level S^{\prime\prime}
      proof cases
        assume trail S' \models as \ CNot \ D
        moreover then obtain L where
          L \in \# D and
          lev-L: get-level (trail S') L = backtrack-lvl S'
          using D-L D by blast
        moreover
          have LS': -L \in lits-of-l (trail S')
            using \langle trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ \langle L \in \# \ D \rangle \ in\text{-}CNot\text{-}implies\text{-}uminus(2) by } \ blast
           { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit \ \mathbf{and}
              xb :: ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit
            assume a1: x \in set \ (trail \ S') and
              a2: xb \in set M and
              a3: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set (trail \ S')
                = \{\} and
               a4: -L = lit - of x and
               a5: atm-of L = atm-of (lit-of xb)
            moreover have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x) = atm\text{-}of\ L
              using a4 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-uminus)
```

```
ultimately have False
        using a5 a3 a2 a1 by auto
    then have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
      using nd LS' unfolding M by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
    then have get-level (trail S'') L = get-level (trail S') L
      unfolding M by (simp add: lits-of-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis using btS \ (conflicting S'' = Some D) by auto
next
  assume \neg trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D
  then obtain L where L \in \# D and LM: -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
    using \langle trail \ S'' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M
      by (auto simp add: true-cls-def M true-annots-def true-annot-def
            split: if-split-asm)
  { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, \ nat, \ 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit \ \mathbf{and}
      xb :: ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit
    assume a1: xb \in set (trail S') and
      a2: x \in set M and
      a3: atm\text{-}of L = atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of xb) and
      a4: -L = lit - of x and
      a5: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l))' set (trail \ S')
    moreover have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ xb) = atm\text{-}of\ (-\ L)
      using a\beta by simp
    ultimately have False
      by auto }
  then have LS': atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S')
    using nd \langle L \in \# D \rangle LM unfolding M by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
  show ?thesis
    proof cases
      assume ne: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S') = []
      have backtrack-lvl\ S^{\prime\prime}=\ \theta
       using inv ne nm unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def M
        by (simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked)
      moreover
        have a1: get-level ML = 0
          using nm by auto
        then have get-level (M @ trail S') L = 0
         by (metis LS' get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked
            get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked lits-of-def ne)
      ultimately show ?thesis using \langle conflicting S'' = Some D \rangle \langle L \in \# D \rangle unfolding M
        by auto
   \mathbf{next}
      assume ne: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S') \neq []
      have hd (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S')) = backtrack-lvl S'
        using ne \ lev' \ M \ nm \ unfolding \ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
        by (cases get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S'))
        (simp-all\ add:\ get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked[symmetric])
      moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
        using \langle -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M \rangle
         by (simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def)
      ultimately show ?thesis
        using nm ne \langle L \in \#D \rangle \langle conflicting S'' = Some D \rangle
          get-level-skip-beginning-hd-get-all-levels-of-marked [OF LS', of M]
          get-level-skip-in-all-not-marked[of rev M L backtrack-lvl S']
```

```
unfolding lits-of-def btS M
              by auto
          qed
       \mathbf{qed}
    ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' by blast
 moreover
 {
   assume conflicting S' \neq None
   have no-clause-is-false S' using \langle conflicting S' \neq None \rangle by auto
   then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' using calculation(3) by presburger
 ultimately show ?case by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and
   n-l: no-smaller-confl S and
   {\it cls-false: conflict-is-false-with-level \ S} and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S and
   dist: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows no-smaller-confl S' \wedge conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms(1)
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case using n-l cls-false by auto
 case (step S' S'') note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have no-smaller-confl S' and conflict-is-false-with-level S'
   using IH by blast+
 moreover have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using st lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   by (blast intro: rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)+
 moreover have no-clause-is-false S'
   using st no-f rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss by presburger
 moreover have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
   using rtanclp-distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv[of\ S\ S'] lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stay-rtranclp-cdcl_W[OF\ st]
   dist by auto
 moreover have cdcl_W-conflicting S'
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[of SS'] st alien conflicting decomp dist learned lev
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
 ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl[OF cdcl] cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level[OF cdcl] by fast
qed
```

Final States are Conclusive

```
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-non-false:
 fixes S' :: 'st
```

```
assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no-d: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
 and no-empty: \forall D \in \#mset\text{-}clss \ N. \ D \neq \{\#\}
 shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S')))
   \lor (conflicting S' = None \land trail S' \models asm init-clss S')
proof -
 let ?S = init\text{-}state\ N
 have
   termi: \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W \text{-stgy } S' S'' \text{ and }
   step: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} ?S S' using full unfolding full-def by auto
  moreover have
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
   level-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv: S' and
   alien: no-strange-atm S' and
   no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S' and
   confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S' and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
   using no-d translp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-translp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>[of ?S S'] step rtranslp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-inv(1-6)[of ?S S']
   unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
  moreover
   have \forall D \in \#mset\text{-}clss \ N. \ \neg \ [] \models as \ CNot \ D \ using \ no\text{-}empty \ by \ auto
   then have confl-k: conflict-is-false-with-level S'
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF step] no-d by auto
 show ?thesis
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-final-state-conclusive[OF termi decomp learned level-inv alien no-dup confl
     confl-k].
qed
lemma conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cp: conflict S S'
 shows full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
proof -
 have cdcl_W-cp \ S \ S' and conflicting \ S' \neq None
   using cp\ cdcl_W-cp.intros\ by\ (auto\ elim!:\ conflictE\ simp:\ state-eq-def\ simp\ del:\ state-simp)
  then have cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S' by blast
 moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
   using \langle conflicting S' \neq None \rangle by (metis\ cdcl_W - cp\text{-}conflicting\text{-}not\text{-}empty)
     option.exhaust)
 ultimately show full1 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp S S' unfolding full1-def by blast+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp S S' and
   trail S = [] and
   conflicting S \neq None
 shows False
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (auto elim: propagateE conflictE)
lemma cdcl_W-o-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes cdcl_W-o SS'
 and trail S = []
 and conflicting S \neq None
 shows False
```

```
using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S'
 and trail S = []
 and conflicting S \neq None
 shows False
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 using tranclpD cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-fst-empty-conflicting-false unfolding full1-def apply metis
 using cdcl_W-o-fst-empty-conflicting-false by blast
thm cdcl_W-cp.induct[split-format(complete)]
lemma cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-cp\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow conflicting\ S = Some\ \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (auto elim: propagateE conflictE)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W - cp^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting S = Some \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 apply (induction rule: tranclp.induct)
 by (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false)
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-o S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting S = Some <math>\{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-stgy S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting <math>S = Some \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
   unfolding full1-def apply (metis (no-types) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-conflicting-not-empty tranclpD)
 unfolding full-def by (metis conflict-with-false-implies-terminated other)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-stgy** S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting S = Some {\#} \Longrightarrow S' = S
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
  using cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full-cdcl}_W\textit{-}\mathit{init-clss-with-false-normal-form}:
  assumes
   \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m  and
   E = Some D and
   state S = (M, N, U, 0, E)
   full\ cdcl_W-stgy S\ S' and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   no-strange-atm S
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S
   cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows \exists M''. state S' = (M'', N, U, 0, Some {\#})
 using assms(10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1)
proof (induction M arbitrary: E D S)
 case Nil
  then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false unfolding full-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def
```

```
by fastforce
next
 case (Cons\ L\ M) note IH=this(1) and full=this(8) and E=this(10) and inv=this(2-7) and
   S = this(9) and nm = this(11)
 obtain K p where K: L = Propagated K p
   using nm by (cases L) auto
 have every-mark-is-a-conflict S using inv unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
 then have MpK: M \models as\ CNot\ (p - \{\#K\#\}) \text{ and } Kp:\ K \in \# p
   using S unfolding K by fastforce+
 then have p: p = (p - \{\#K\#\}) + \{\#K\#\}
   by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
 then have K': L = Propagated K ((p - {\#K\#}) + {\#K\#})
   using K by auto
 obtain p' where
   p': hd-raw-trail S = Propagated K <math>p' and
   pp': mset-cls p' = p
   using hd-raw-trail [of S] S K by (cases hd-raw-trail S) auto
 obtain raw-D where
   raw-D: raw-conflicting <math>S = Some \ raw-D
   using S E by (cases raw-conflicting S) auto
 then have raw-DD: mset-ccls raw-D = D
   using S E by auto
 consider (D) D = \{\#\} \mid (D') \ D \neq \{\#\} \ by blast
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case D
     then show ?thesis
      using full rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-conflicting-is-false S unfolding full-def E D by auto
     case D'
     then have no-p: no-step propagate S and no-c: no-step conflict S
      using S E by (auto elim: propagate E conflictE)
     then have no-step cdcl_W-cp S by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
     have res-skip: \exists T. (resolve S \ T \land no-step skip S \land full \ cdcl_W-cp T \ T)
      \vee (skip S \ T \land no-step resolve S \land full \ cdcl_W-cp T \ T)
      proof cases
        assume -lit-of L \notin \# D
        then obtain T where sk: skip S T
          using S D' K skip-rule unfolding E by fastforce
        then have res: no-step resolve S
          using \langle -lit\text{-}of \ L \notin \# \ D \rangle \ S \ D' \ K \ hd\text{-}raw\text{-}trail[of \ S] \ unfolding \ E
          by (auto elim!: skipE resolveE)
        have full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ T
          using sk by (auto intro!: option-full-cdcl_W-cp elim: skipE)
        then show ?thesis
          using sk res by blast
      next
        assume LD: \neg -lit - of L \notin \# D
        then have D: Some \ D = Some \ ((D - \{\#-lit\text{-}of \ L\#\}) + \{\#-lit\text{-}of \ L\#\})
          by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
        have \bigwedge L. get-level M L = 0
          by (simp add: nm)
          then have get-maximum-level (Propagated K (p - \#K\#) + \#K\#) \#M) (D - \#\#)
K\#\}) = 0
```

```
\mathbf{using}\ LD\ get{-}maximum{-}level{-}exists{-}lit{-}of{-}max{-}level
     proof -
      obtain L' where get-level (L\#M) L' = get-maximum-level (L\#M) D
        using LD get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level of D L#M by fastforce
      then show ?thesis by (metis (mono-tags) K' get-level-skip-all-not-marked
        get-maximum-level-exists-lit nm not-gr0)
     qed
   then obtain T where sk: resolve S T
     \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{resolve-rule}[\mathit{of} \ S \ \mathit{K} \ \mathit{p'} \ \mathit{raw-D}] \ \mathit{S} \ \mathit{p'} \ \mathit{\langle K \in \#} \ \mathit{p} \mathit{\rangle} \ \mathit{raw-D} \ \mathit{LD}
     unfolding K'DE pp'raw-DD by auto
   then have res: no-step skip S
     using LD S D' K hd-raw-trail[of S] unfolding E
    by (auto elim!: skipE resolveE)
   have full cdcl_W-cp T T
     using sk by (auto simp: option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp elim: resolveE)
   then show ?thesis
    using sk res by blast
 qed
then have step-s: \exists T. cdcl_W-stgy S T
 using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ S \rangle\ other' by (meson\ bj\ resolve\ skip)
have get-all-marked-decomposition (L \# M) = |(||, L \# M)|
 using nm unfolding K apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct, simp)
   by (rename-tac L l xs, case-tac hd (get-all-marked-decomposition xs), auto)+
then have no-b: no-step backtrack S
 using nm S by (auto elim: backtrackE)
have no-d: no-step decide S
 using S E by (auto elim: decideE)
have full-S-S: full cdcl_W-cp S
 using S E by (auto simp add: option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp)
then have no-f: no-step (full1 cdcl_W-cp) S
 unfolding full-def full1-def rtranclp-unfold by (meson tranclpD)
obtain T where
 s: cdcl_W-stgy S T and st: cdcl_W-stgy** T S'
 using full step-s full unfolding full-def by (metis rtranclp-unfold tranclpD)
have resolve S T \vee skip S T
 using s no-b no-d res-skip full-S-S cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible resolve-unique
 skip-unique unfolding cdcl_W-stgy.simps cdcl_W-o.simps full-unfold
 full1-def by (blast dest!: tranclpD elim!: cdcl_W-bj.cases)+
then obtain D' where T: state T = (M, N, U, 0, Some D')
 using S E by (auto elim!: skipE resolveE simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
have st-c: cdcl_W^{**} S T
 using E \ T \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W s by blast
have cdcl_W-conflicting T
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)].
show ?thesis
 apply (rule IH[of T])
          using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
        using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(5)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(4)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(3)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(2)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(1)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
    apply (metis full-def st full)
```

```
using T E apply blast
        apply auto[]
       using nm by simp
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full-cdcl}_W\mathit{-stgy-final-state-conclusive-is-one-false}:
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no-d: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
 and empty: \{\#\} \in \# (mset\text{-}clss\ N)
 shows conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S'))
proof -
 let ?S = init\text{-}state\ N
 have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} ?S S' and no-step cdcl_W-stgy S' using full unfolding full-def by auto
 then have plus-or-eq: cdcl_W-stgy^{++} ?S S' \vee S' = ?S unfolding rtrancl_P-unfold by auto
 have \exists S''. conflict ?S S''
   using empty not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss[of init-state N] by auto
  then have cdcl_W-stgy: \exists S'. cdcl_W-stgy ?S S'
   using cdcl_W-cp. conflict'[of ?S] conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp. cdcl_W-stqy. intros(1) by metis
 have S' \neq ?S using \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-stgy } S' \rangle cdcl_W\text{-stgy } \mathbf{by} \ blast
  then obtain St :: 'st where St : cdcl_W - stgy ?S St and cdcl_W - stgy^{**} St S'
   using plus-or-eq by (metis (no-types) \langle cdcl_W - stgy^{**} ? S S' \rangle converse-rtranclpE)
 have st: cdcl_W^{**} ?S St
   by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold \langle cdcl_W-stgy ?S St\rangle cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W)
 have \exists T. conflict ?S T
   using empty not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss[of ?S] by force
  then have fullSt: full1 \ cdcl_W-cp \ ?S \ St
   using St unfolding cdcl_W-stgy.simps by blast
  then have bt: backtrack-lvl St = (0::nat)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl unfolding full1-def
   by (fastforce dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  have cls-St: init-clss St = mset-clss N
   using fullSt cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss[OF\ St] by auto
 have conflicting St \neq None
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume conf: \neg ?thesis
     obtain E where
       ES: E !\in ! raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ St \ \mathbf{and}
       E: mset-cls\ E = \{\#\}
       using empty cls-St by (metis in-mset-clss-exists-preimage)
     then have \exists T. conflict St T
       using empty \ cls	ext{-}St \ conflict	ext{-}rule[of \ St \ E] \ ES \ conf \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ E
       by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def dest: in-mset-clss-exists-preimage)
     then show False using fullSt unfolding full1-def by blast
   qed
 have 1: \forall m \in set (trail St). \neg is-marked m
   using fullSt unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail)
 have 2: full\ cdcl_W-stgy\ St\ S'
```

```
using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} \ St \ S' \rangle \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}stgy \ S' \rangle bt unfolding full-def by auto
  have 3: all-decomposition-implies-m
     (init-clss\ St)
     (get-all-marked-decomposition
         (trail\ St)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(1)[OF\ st] no-d bt by simp
  have 4: cdcl_W-learned-clause St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(2)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 5: cdcl_W-M-level-inv St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(3)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 6: no-strange-atm St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(4)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(5)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 8: cdcl_W-conflicting St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have init-clss S' = init-clss St and conflicting S' = Some \{\#\}
    using \langle conflicting St \neq None \rangle full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss-with-false-normal-form [OF 1, of - St]
     2 3 4 5 6 7 8 St apply (metis \langle cdcl_W \text{-stgy}^{**} \text{ St } S' \rangle rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
   using (conflicting St \neq None) full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss-with-false-normal-form [OF 1, of - - St -
     S' 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 by (metis bt option.exhaust prod.inject)
  moreover have init-clss S' = mset-clss N
    using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} \text{ (init-state } N) \text{ } S' \rangle \text{ } rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}stgy\text{-}no\text{-}more\text{-}init\text{-}clss} \text{ by } fastforce
  moreover have unsatisfiable (set-mset (mset-clss N))
   by (meson empty satisfiable-def true-cls-empty true-clss-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive:
  fixes S' :: 'st
  assumes full: full cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy (init-state N) S' and no-d: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
  shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S')))
   \lor (conflicting S' = None \land trail S' \models asm init-clss S')
  \mathbf{using}\ assms\ full\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}final\text{-}state\text{-}conclusive\text{-}is\text{-}one\text{-}false
 full-cdcl_W-stqy-final-state-conclusive-non-false by blast
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-from-init-state:
  fixes S' :: 'st
  assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
  and no-d: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
  shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (mset-clss N)))
  \lor (conflicting S' = None \land trail \ S' \models asm \ (mset\text{-}clss \ N) \land satisfiable \ (set\text{-}mset \ (mset\text{-}clss \ N)))
proof -
  have N: init-clss S' = (mset-clss N)
   using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
     (confl) conflicting S' = Some \{ \# \} and unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S'))
   | (sat) \ conflicting \ S' = None \ and \ trail \ S' \models asm \ init-clss \ S'
   using full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive[OF\ assms] by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case confl
     then show ?thesis by (auto simp: N)
```

```
next
     case sat
     have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (init-state N) by auto
     then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
      using full rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv unfolding full-def by blast
     then have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S')) unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by blast
     moreover have lits-of-l (trail S') \models s set-mset (init-clss S')
      using sat(2) by (auto simp add: true-annots-def true-annot-def true-clss-def)
     ultimately have satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S')) by simp
     then show ?thesis using sat unfolding N by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Termination
imports CDCL-W
begin
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
begin
```

19.6 Termination

The condition that no learned clause is a tautology is overkill (in the sense that the no-duplicate condition is enough), but we can reuse *simple-clss*.

The invariant contains all the structural invariants that holds,

```
definition cdcl_W-all-struct-inv where
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \longleftrightarrow
   no-strange-atm S \wedge
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \wedge
   (\forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss \ S. \ \neg tautology \ s) \land 
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S \wedge
   cdcl_W-conflicting S \wedge
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) \land
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
 unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
proof (intro HOL.conjI)
 show no-strange-atm S'
   using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 show cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
 show distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
  show cdcl_W-conflicting S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
  show all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ by fast
 show cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
 show \forall s \in \#learned\text{-}clss S'. \neg tautology s
```

```
using assms(1)[THEN\ learned-clss-are-not-tautologies]\ assms(2)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv:
  assumes cdcl_W^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
  cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
  \mathbf{by} \ (meson \ cdcl_W \text{-}stgy\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv \ rtranclp\text{-}unfold})
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
  cdcl_W-stgy** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv)
19.7
         No Relearning of a clause
lemma cdcl_W-o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step:
 assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
  new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S  and
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows backtrack S T \land conflicting <math>S = Some \ D
 using cdcl_W lev learned new
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L C T) note decomp = this(3) and undef = this(6) and andef = this(7)
and
   T = this(8) and D-T = this(9) and D-S = this(10)
  then have D = mset\text{-}ccls \ C
   using not-gr0 lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 then show ?case
   using T backtrack.hyps(1-5) backtrack.intros[OF\ backtrack.hyps(1,2)] backtrack.hyps(3-6)
   by auto
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-cp-new-clause-learned-has-backtrack-step:
  assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
  new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S  and
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. backtrack S S' \land cdcl_W-stqy** S' T \land conflicting S = Some D
 using cdcl_W learned new
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  case (conflict' S')
 then show ?case
   unfolding full1-def by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv
     tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
 case (other' S' S'')
  then have D \in \# learned\text{-}clss S'
   unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv)
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step[OF - \langle D \notin \# \ learned-clss S \rangle \langle cdcl_W-o S S' \rangle]
   \langle full\ cdcl_W-cp S'\ S'' \rangle lev by (metis cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' full-unfold r-into-rtranclp
```

```
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}new\text{-}clause\text{-}learned\text{-}has\text{-}backtrack\text{-}step:
 assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
 new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S  and
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S' S''. cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' \land backtrack S' S'' \land conflicting S' = Some D \land
   cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S^{\prime\prime} T
 using cdcl_W learned new
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
 then show ?case by blast
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and o = this(2) and IH = this(3) and
   D\text{-}U = this(4) and D\text{-}S = this(5)
 show ?case
   proof (cases D \in \# learned-clss T)
     case True
     then obtain S'S'' where
       st': cdcl_W - stgy^{**} S S' and
       bt: backtrack\ S'\ S'' and
       confl: conflicting S' = Some D and
       st'': cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' T
       using IH D-S by metis
     have cdcl_W-stgy^{++} S'' U
       using st'' o by force
     then show ?thesis
       by (meson bt confl rtranclp-unfold st')
   next
     {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
     have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
       using lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv st by blast
     then obtain S' where
       bt: backtrack T S' and
       st': cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' U and
       confl: conflicting T = Some D
       using cdcl_W-cp-new-clause-learned-has-backtrack-step[OF D-U False o]
       by metis
     then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
       backtrack T S' and
       conflicting T = Some D  and
       cdcl_W\text{-}stgy^{**}\ S'\ U
       using o st by auto
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
lemma propagate-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes propagate S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms by (auto elim: propagateE)
```

rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)

lemma conflict-no-more-Marked-lit:

```
assumes conflict S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms by (auto elim: conflictE)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 using conflict-no-more-Marked-lit propagate-no-more-Marked-lit by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-Marked-lit by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-o S S' and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and \neg decide S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S') \longrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case backtrack note decomp = this(3) and undef = this(3) and T = this(8)
 then show ?case using lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
 case (decide\ L\ T)
 then show ?case using decide-rule[OF decide.hyps] by blast
\mathbf{qed} auto
lemma cdcl_W-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide:
 assumes cdcl_W-stqy SS' and
 lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
 trail \ S' = M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ M \ and
 trail\ S = M
 shows \exists T. decide S T \land no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-cp } S
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S') note st = this(1) and no-dup = this(2) and S' = this(3) and S = this(4)
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using full1-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv no-dup st by blast
 then have Marked L i \in set (trail S') and Marked L i \notin set (trail S)
   using no-dup unfolding SS' cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
 then have False
   using st rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-Marked-lit[of S S']
   unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
 then show ?case by fast
next
 case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and ns = this(2) and st = this(3) and no\text{-}dup = this(4) and
   S' = this(5) and S = this(6)
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   by (metis\ (full-types)\ lev\ cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-consistent-inv\ full-def\ o
     other'.hyps(3) rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv)
 then have Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ U) and Marked\ L\ i \notin set\ (trail\ S)
   using no-dup unfolding SS' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
 then have Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T)
   using st rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-Marked-lit unfolding full-def by blast
```

```
then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-o-no-more-Marked-lit[OF o] \langle Marked\ L\ i \notin set\ (trail\ S) \rangle ns lev by meson
qed
lemma cdcl_W-o-is-decide:
  assumes cdcl_W-o S T and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
  trail T = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ Mand
  \neg (\exists M'. trail S = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M)
 \mathbf{shows}\ \mathit{decide}\ S\ \mathit{T}
 using assms
proof (induction rule:cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
  case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T)
 then obtain c where trail\ S = c\ @\ M2\ @\ Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1
   by auto
 show ?case
   using backtrack lev
   apply (cases drop (length M_0) M')
    apply (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
   using \langle trail \ S = c @ M2 @ Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \# M1 \rangle
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
 case decide
 show ?case using decide-rule[of S] decide(1-4) by auto
qed auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R U and
 trail\ U=M'\ @\ Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M\ {f and}
  trail R = M and
  cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
 shows
   \exists S \ T \ T'. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy**} \ R \ S \land \ decide \ S \ T \land \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy**} \ T \ U \land \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy**} \ S \ U \land 
     no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ S \land trail \ T = Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ \ M \land trail \ S = H \ @ \ M \land cdcl_W\text{-}stgy \ S \ T' \land
     cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T' U
 using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: M H M' i rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (step\ T\ U) note st=this(1) and IH=this(3) and s=this(2) and
   U = this(4) and S = this(5) and lev = this(6)
 show ?case
   proof (cases \exists M'. trail T = M' \otimes M arked L i \# H \otimes M)
     case False
     with s show ?thesis using U s st S
      proof induction
        case (conflict' W) note cp = this(1) and nd = this(2) and W = this(3)
        then obtain M_0 where trail W = M_0 @ trail T and nmarked: \forall l \in set M_0. \neg is-marked l
          using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold by meson
        then have MV: M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M = M_0 @ trail T unfolding W by <math>simp
        then have V: trail T = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M)
        have take While (Not o is-marked) M' = M_0 @ take While (Not o is-marked) (trail T)
          using arg-cong[OF MV, of takeWhile (Not o is-marked)] nmarked
          by (simp add: takeWhile-tail)
```

```
from arg-cong [OF this, of length] have length M_0 \leq length M'
       unfolding length-append by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans le-add1
         length-takeWhile-le)
     then have False using nd V by auto
     then show ?case by fast
   next
     case (other' T'(U)) note o = this(1) and ns = this(2) and cp = this(3) and nd = this(4)
       and U = this(5) and st = this(6)
     obtain M_0 where trail U = M_0 @ trail T' and nmarked: \forall l \in set M_0. \neg is-marked l
       using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail cp unfolding full-def by meson
     then have MV: M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M = M_0 @ trail T' unfolding U by simp
     then have V: trail \ T' = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M)
       by auto
     have take While (Not o is-marked) M' = M_0 @ take While (Not o is-marked) (trail T')
       using arg-cong[OF MV, of takeWhile (Not o is-marked)] nmarked
      by (simp add: takeWhile-tail)
     from arg-cong[OF this, of length] have length M_0 \leq length M'
       unfolding length-append by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans le-add1
         length-takeWhile-le)
     then have tr-T': trail T' = drop (length M_0) M' @ Marked L i # H @ M using V by <math>auto
     then have LT': Marked L i \in set (trail T') by auto
     moreover
      have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
        using lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv step.hyps(1) by blast
       then have decide T T' using o nd tr-T' cdcl_W-o-is-decide by metis
     ultimately have decide T T' using cdcl_W-o-no-more-Marked-lit[OF o] by blast
     then have 1: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R T and 2: decide T T' and 3: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T' U
       using st other'.prems(4)
       by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.conflict' cp full-unfold r-into-rtranclp rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)+
     have [simp]: drop\ (length\ M_0)\ M' = []
       using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle \quad nd\ tr\ T'
      by (auto simp add: Cons-eq-append-conv elim: decideE)
     have T': drop (length M_0) M' @ Marked L i # H @ M = Marked L i # trail T
       using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle \ nd\ tr\ T'
       by (auto elim: decideE)
     have trail T' = Marked L i \# trail T
       using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle \ tr\text{-}T'
       by (auto elim: decideE)
     then have 5: trail\ T' = Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M
        using append.simps(1) list.sel(3) local.other'(5) tl-append2 by (simp add: tr-T')
     have 6: trail T = H @ M
       by (metis (no-types) \langle trail\ T' = Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ trail\ T \rangle
        \langle trail\ T' = drop\ (length\ M_0)\ M'\ @\ Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M \rangle\ append-Nil\ list.sel(3)\ nd
         tl-append2)
     have 7: cdcl_W-stgy** T U using other'.prems(4) st by auto
     have 8: cdcl_W-stgy T U cdcl_W-stgy** U U
       using cdcl_W-stgy.other'[OF other'(1-3)] by simp-all
     show ?case apply (rule exI[of - T], rule exI[of - T'], rule exI[of - U])
       using ns 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 by fast
   qed
\mathbf{next}
  then obtain M' where T: trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M by metis
  from \mathit{IH}[\mathit{OF}\ this\ S\ \mathit{lev}] obtain S'\ S''\ S''' where
    1: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S' and
```

```
2: decide S' S'' and
       3: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' T and
       4: no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ S' and
       6: trail\ S'' = Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M and
       7: trail S' = H @ M and
       8: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' T and
       9: cdcl_W-stgy S' S''' and
       10: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S''' T
         by blast
     have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' U using s \langle cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' T \rangle by auto
     moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' U using 8 s by auto
     moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S''' U using 10 s by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - S'], rule exI[of - S''])
       using 1 2 4 6 7 8 9 by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R U and
  trail\ U=M'\ @\ Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M\ {\bf and}
  trail R = M and
  cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
 shows \exists y \ y'. \ cdcl_W \text{-st}gy^{**} \ R \ y \land cdcl_W \text{-st}gy \ y \ y' \land \neg \ (\exists c. \ trail \ y = c \ @ \ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ \ M)
   \land (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy } a \ b \land (\exists c. \ trail \ a = c @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H @ M))^{**} \ y' \ U
proof -
 fix T'
 obtain S' T T' where
   st: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S' and
   decide S' T and
    TU: cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ U \text{ and }
   no-step cdcl_W-cp S' and
   trT: trail\ T = Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M and
   trS': trail S' = H @ M and
   S'U: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} S'U and
   S'T': cdcl_W-stgy S' T' and
   T'U: cdcl_W - stqy^{**} T'U
   using rtranclp-cdclw-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide[OF assms] by blast
  have n: \neg (\exists c. trail S' = c @ Marked L i \# H @ M) using trS' by auto
 show ?thesis
   using rtranclp-trans[OF st] rtranclp-exists-last-with-prop[of <math>cdcl_W-stgy S' T'-
       \lambda a -. \neg (\exists c. trail \ a = c @ Marked \ L \ i \# H @ M), \ OF \ S'T' \ T'U \ n]
   by meson
qed
lemma beginning-not-marked-invert:
 assumes A: M @ A = M' @ Marked K i \# H and
 nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows \exists M. A = M @ Marked K i \# H
proof -
 have A = drop \ (length \ M) \ (M' @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ H)
   using arg-cong[OF A, of drop (length M)] by auto
 moreover have drop\ (length\ M)\ (M'\@\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ H) = drop\ (length\ M)\ M'\@\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ H
   using nm by (metis (no-types, lifting) A drop-Cons' drop-append marked-lit.disc(1) not-gr0
     nth-append nth-append-length nth-mem zero-less-diff)
 finally show ?thesis by fast
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-trail-has-new-marked-is-decide-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-stqy S T
 \neg (\exists c. trail S = c @ Marked L i \# H @ M) and
 (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-stqy a \ b \land (\exists c. \ trail \ a = c @ Marked \ L \ i \# H @ M))^{**} \ T \ U \ and
 \exists M'. trail \ U = M' @ Marked \ L \ i \# H @ M \ and
 lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. decide S S' \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S' \ T \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W - cp \ S
 using assms(3,1,2,4,5)
proof induction
 case (step \ T \ U)
 then show ?case by fastforce
next
 case base
 then show ?case
   proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stqy.induct)
    case (conflict' T) note cp = this(1) and nd = this(2) and M' = this(3) and no-dup = this(3)
    then obtain M' where M': trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M by metis
    obtain M'' where M'': trail T = M'' @ trail S and nm: \forall m \in set M''. \neg is-marked m
      using cp unfolding full1-def
      by (metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail'\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
    have False
      using beginning-not-marked-invert[of M'' trail S M' L i H @ M] M' nm nd unfolding M''
      by fast
    then show ?case by fast
   next
    case (other' TU') note o = this(1) and ns = this(2) and cp = this(3) and nd = this(4)
      and trU' = this(5)
    have cdcl_W-cp^{**} T U' using cp unfolding full-def by blast
    from rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail[OF this]
    have \exists M'. trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
      using trU' beginning-not-marked-invert[of - trail T - L i H @ M] by metis
    then obtain M' where M': trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
      by auto
    with o lev nd cp ns
    show ?case
      proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
        case (decide L) note dec = this(1) and cp = this(5) and ns = this(4)
        then have decide S (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
         using decide.hyps decide.intros[of S] by force
        then show ?case using cp decide.prems by (meson decide-state-eq-compatible ns state-eq-ref
         state-eq-sym)
      next
        case (backtrack K j M1 M2 L' D T) note decomp = this(3) and undef = this(7) and
          T = this(8) and trT = this(12)
        obtain MS3 where MS3: trail\ S = MS3\ @\ M2\ @\ Marked\ K\ (Suc\ j)\ \#\ M1
         using get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[OF decomp] by metis
        have tl (M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M) = tl M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
         using lev trT T lev undef decomp by (cases M') (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
        then have M'': M1 = tl M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
         using arg-cong[OF trT[simplified], of tl] T decomp undef lev
         by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
        have False using nd MS3 T undef decomp unfolding M'' by auto
        then show ?case by fast
```

```
qed auto
     qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end:
  assumes (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-stqy a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ \ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ \ M))^{**} \ T \ U and
  \exists M'. trail U = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
 shows \exists M'. trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
lemma remove1-mset-eq-remove1-mset-same:
  remove1-mset\ L\ D = remove1-mset\ L'\ D \Longrightarrow L \in \#\ D \Longrightarrow L = L'
 by (metis diff-single-trivial insert-DiffM multi-drop-mem-not-eq single-eq-single
   union-right-cancel)
lemma cdcl_W-o-cannot-learn:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o y z and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv y and
   trM: trail\ y = c\ @ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ H\ {\bf and}
   DL: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ y \ \mathbf{and}
   LD: L \in \# D and
   DH: atms-of (remove1-mset L D) \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l H and
   LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ 'lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ H \ \mathbf{and}
   learned: \forall T. conflicting y = Some T \longrightarrow trail y \models as CNot T and
   z: trail z = c' @ Marked Kh i \# H
  shows D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms(1-2) trM DL DH LH learned z
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case (backtrack K j M1 M2 L' D' T) note confl = this(1) and LD' = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
   and levL = this(4) and levD = this(5) and j = this(6) and undef = this(7) and T = this(8) and
   z = this(14)
 obtain M3 where M3: trail y = M3 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc j) \# M1
   using decomp get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend by metis
 have M: trail\ y = c\ @Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ H\ using\ trM\ by\ simp
 have H: qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ y) = rev\ [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl\ y]
   using lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
 have c' @ Marked Kh i \# H = Propagated L' (mset-ccls D') \# trail (reduce-trail-to M1 y)
   using z decomp undef T lev by (force simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
  then obtain d where d: M1 = d @ Marked Kh i \# H
   by (metis (no-types) decomp in-get-all-marked-decomposition-trail-update-trail list.inject
     list.sel(3) marked-lit.distinct(1) self-append-conv2 tl-append2)
 have i \in set (get-all-levels-of-marked (M3 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc j) # d @ Marked Kh i # H))
  then have i > 0 unfolding H[unfolded M3 d] by auto
 show ?case
   proof
     assume D \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
     then have DLD': D = mset\text{-}ccls D'
      using DL T neq0-conv undef decomp lev by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
     have L-cKh: atm-of L \in atm-of ' lits-of-l (c @ [Marked Kh i])
      using LH learned M DLD'[symmetric] confl LD' LD
      apply (auto simp add: image-iff dest!: in-CNot-implies-uminus)
```

```
apply (metis\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}uminus)+ done
have get-all-levels-of-marked (M3 @ M2 @ Marked K (j + 1) \# M1)
 = rev [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl y]
 using lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def M3 by auto
from arg\text{-}conq[OF\ this,\ of\ \lambda a.\ (Suc\ j)\in set\ a]\ \mathbf{have}\ backtrack\text{-}lvl\ y\geq j\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
have DD'[simp]: remove1-mset L D = mset-ccls D' - \{\#L'\#\}
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume DD': \neg ?thesis
   then have L' \in \# remove1-mset L D using DLD' LD by (metis LD' in-remove1-mset-neq)
   then have get-level (trail y) L' \leq get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L D)
     using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
   moreover {
     have get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L D) =
       qet-maximum-level H (remove1-mset L D)
       using DH unfolding M by (simp add: get-maximum-level-skip-beginning)
     moreover
       have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail y) = rev [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl y]
         using lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
       then have get-all-levels-of-marked H = rev [1... < i]
         unfolding M by (auto dest: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i
           simp \ add: \ rev-swap[symmetric])
       then have get-maximum-possible-level H < i
         using get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked [of H] \langle i > 0 \rangle by auto
     ultimately have get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L(D) < i
       by (metis (full-types) dual-order.strict-trans nat-neg-iff not-le
         get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level) }
   moreover
     have L \in \# remove1\text{-}mset\ L'\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D')
       using DLD'[symmetric] DD' LD by (metis in-remove1-mset-neg)
     then have get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D')) \geq
       get-level (trail\ y)\ L
       using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
   moreover {
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (c @ [Marked Kh i]) = rev [i.. < backtrack-lvl y+1]
       using append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end[of rev (get-all-levels-of-marked H) i
         rev (qet-all-levels-of-marked c) Suc 0 Suc (backtrack-lvl y)] H
       unfolding M apply (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric])
         \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{no-types},\ \mathit{hide-lams})\ \mathit{Nil-is-append-conv}\ \mathit{Suc-le-eq}\ \mathit{less-Suc-eq}\ \mathit{list.sel}(1)
          rev.simps(2) rev-rev-ident upt-Suc upt-rec)
     have get-level (trail y) L = get-level (c @ [Marked Kh i]) L
       using L-cKh LH unfolding M by simp
     have get-level (c @ [Marked Kh i]) L \geq i
       using L-cKh levL
         \langle get-all-levels-of-marked\ (c\ @\ [Marked\ Kh\ i]) = rev\ [i... < backtrack-lvl\ y\ +\ 1] \rangle
        calculation(1,2) by auto
     then have get-level (trail y) L \geq i
       \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{M}\ \langle \mathit{get-level}\ (\mathit{trail}\ \mathit{y})\ \mathit{L} = \mathit{get-level}\ (\mathit{c}\ @\ [\mathit{Marked}\ \mathit{Kh}\ \mathit{i}])\ \mathit{L} \rangle\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{auto}\ \}
   moreover
     have get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D'))
        < get-level (trail y) L
     using \langle j \leq backtrack-lvl \ y \rangle \ levL \ j \ calculation(1-4) by linarith
   ultimately show False using backtrack.hyps(4) by linarith
 qed
then have LL': L = L'
```

```
using LD LD' remove1-mset-eq-remove1-mset-same unfolding DLD'[symmetric] by fast
have nd: no-dup (trail y) using lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
{ assume D: remove1-mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D') = \{\#\}
 then have j: j = 0 using levD \ j by (simp \ add: LL')
 have \forall m \in set M1. \neg is\text{-}marked m
   using H unfolding M3j
   by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked
     dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i)
 then have False using d by auto
}
moreover {
 assume D[simp]: remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D') \neq \{\#\}
 have i \leq j
   using H unfolding M3 d by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric]
     dest: upt-decomp-lt)
 have j > \theta apply (rule ccontr)
   using H \langle i > \theta \rangle unfolding M3 d
   by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: upt-decomp-lt)
 obtain L^{\prime\prime} where
   L'' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ D') and
   L''D': get-level (trail y) L'' = get-maximum-level (trail y)
     (remove1-mset\ L\ (mset-ccls\ D'))
   using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[OF D, of trail y] by auto
 have L''M: atm\text{-}of\ L'' \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ y)
   using get-rev-level-ge-0-atm-of-in[of 0 rev (trail y) L''] \langle j > 0 \rangle levD L''D'
   \langle j \leq backtrack-lvl \ y \rangle \ levL \ by \ (simp \ add: \ LL' \ j)
 then have L'' \in lits-of-l (Marked Kh i \# d)
   proof -
       assume L''H: atm-of L'' \in atm-of ' lits-of-l H
       have get-all-levels-of-marked H = rev [1..< i]
         using H unfolding M
         by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i)
       moreover have get-level (trail y) L'' = get-level H L''
         using L''H unfolding M by simp
       ultimately have False
         using levD \langle j > 0 \rangle get-rev-level-in-levels-of-marked of rev H 0 L' \langle i < j \rangle
         unfolding L''D'[symmetric] nd
         by (metis L''D' LL' Max-n-upt Nat.le-trans One-nat-def Suc-pred \langle 0 < i \rangle
          get-all-levels-of-marked-rev-eq-rev-get-all-levels-of-marked
          get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked j lessI list.simps(15)
          not-less rev-rev-ident set-upt)
     }
     moreover
       have atm\text{-}of\ L'' \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ H
         using DD' DH \langle L'' \in \# remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D') atm-of-lit-in-atms-of LL' LD
         LD' by fastforce
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using DD'DH \langle L'' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D') \rangle atm-of-lit-in-atms-of
       by auto
   qed
```

using $\langle L'' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D') \rangle$ by (auto simp: atms-of-def)

have atm-of $L'' \in atms$ -of (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D'))

moreover

```
then have atm\text{-}of\ L^{\prime\prime}\in\ atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ H
           using DH unfolding DD' unfolding LL' by blast
       ultimately have False
         using nd unfolding M3 d LL' by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
     ultimately show False by blast
   \mathbf{qed}
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-stgy y z and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv y and
   trail\ y = c\ @\ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ H\ and
   D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ y \ \mathbf{and}
   LD: L \in \# D and
   DH: atms-of (remove1-mset L D) \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l H and
   LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ H \ \mathbf{and}
   \forall T. \ conflicting \ y = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ y \models as \ CNot \ T \ and
   trail\ z = c'\ @\ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ H
 shows D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms
proof induction
 case conflict'
 then show ?case
   unfolding full1-def using tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv by auto
next
 case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and cp = this(3) and lev = this(4) and trY = this(5) and
   notin = this(6) and LD = this(7) and DH = this(8) and LH = this(9) and confl = this(10) and
   trU = this(11)
 obtain c' where c': trail T = c' @ Marked Kh i # H
   using cp beginning-not-marked-invert[of - trail T c' Kh i H]
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail[of T U] unfolding trU full-def by fastforce
 show ?case
   using cdcl_W-o-cannot-learn[OF o lev trY notin LD DH LH confl c']
     rtranclp-cdclw-cp-learned-clause-inv cp unfolding full-def by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned:
 assumes
   (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-stgy a \ b \land (\exists c. \ trail \ a = c @ Marked \ K \ i \# H @ []))^{**} \ S \ z \ and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   trail S = c @ Marked K i \# H  and
   D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S and
   LD: L \in \# D and
   DH: atms-of \ (remove1-mset \ L \ D) \subseteq atm-of \ `lits-of-l \ H \ and
   LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ H \ \mathbf{and}
   \exists c'. trail \ z = c' @ Marked \ K \ i \# H
 shows D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms(1-4.8)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto[1]
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-6)]
   and lev = this(4) and trS = this(5) and DL-S = this(6) and trU = this(7)
  obtain c where c: trail T = c @ Marked K i \# H  using s by auto
  obtain c' where c': trail U = c' @ Marked K i \# H using trU by blast
 have cdcl_W^{**} S T
   proof -
     have \forall p \ pa. \ \exists s \ sa. \ \forall sb \ sc \ sd \ se. \ (\neg p^{**} \ (sb::'st) \ sc \ \lor \ p \ s \ sa \ \lor \ pa^{**} \ sb \ sc)
      \land (\neg pa \ s \ sa \lor \neg p^{**} \ sd \ se \lor pa^{**} \ sd \ se)
      by (metis (no-types) mono-rtranclp)
     then have cdcl_W-stgy** S T
      using st by blast
     then show ?thesis
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
   qed
  then have lev': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv[of S T] lev by auto
  then have conft': \forall Ta. conflicting T = Some Ta \longrightarrow trail T \models as CNot Ta
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by blast
 show ?case
   apply (rule cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned[OF - - c - LD DH LH confl' c'])
   using s \ lev' \ IH \ c \ unfolding \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-new-learned-clause:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   E \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S and
   E \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
 shows \exists S'. backtrack S S' \land conflicting S = Some E \land full cdcl_W - cp S' T
 using assms
proof induction
 case conflict'
 then show ?case unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv)
  case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and cp = this(3) and not\text{-yet} = this(5) and learned = this(6)
 have E \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
   using learned cp rtranclp-cdclw-cp-learned-clause-inv unfolding full-def by auto
  then have backtrack S T and conflicting S = Some E
   using cdcl_W-o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step[OF - not-yet o] lev by blast+
  then show ?case using cp by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause:
 assumes
   invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   st': cdcl_W - stgy^{**} R S and
   bt: backtrack S T and
   confl: raw-conflicting S = Some E  and
   already-learned: mset-ccls E \in \# clauses S and
   R: trail R = []
 shows False
proof -
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
   using invR unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
```

```
using M-lev assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv by blast
with bt obtain L M1 M2-loc K i where
  T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls E))
    (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls E)
      (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))
   and
  decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2\text{-}loc) \in
            set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
 LD: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ E \text{ and }
 k: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
 level: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls E) and
 confl-S: raw-conflicting S = Some E and
 i: i = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level (trail S) (remove1\text{-}mset L (mset\text{-}ccls E)) and
  undef: undefined-lit M1 L
 using confl by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) fastforce
obtain M2 where
 M: trail S = M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) # M1
 using qet-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[OF decomp] unfolding i by (metis append-assoc)
let ?E = mset\text{-}ccls E
let ?E' = remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ ?E
have invS: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 using invR rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st' by blast
then have conf: cdcl_W-conflicting S unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
then have trail S \models as \ CNot \ ?E \ unfolding \ cdcl_W-conflicting-def confl-S by auto
then have MD: trail S \models as \ CNot \ ?E \ by \ auto
then have MD': trail S \models as\ CNot\ ?E' using true-annot-CNot-diff by blast
have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S using invS unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
have get-lvls-M: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)]
 using lev' unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv R using invR unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
then have vars-of-D: atms-of ?E' \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l M1
 using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1[OF lev' undef - decomp - - - T] conft-S conf T decomp k level
 lev' i undef unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
have no-dup (trail S) using lev' by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
have vars-in-M1:
 \forall x \in atms\text{-}of ?E'. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (M2 @ [Marked K (i + 1)])
 unfolding Set.Ball-def apply (intro impI allI)
   apply (rule vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other of
   M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [] M1 ?E'])
   using \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \rangle \ M \ vars\text{-}of\text{-}D \ \textbf{by} \ simp\text{-}all
have M1-D: M1 \models as CNot ?E'
 using vars-in-M1 true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars of M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [M1 \ CNot \ ?E']
  MD' M by simp
have qet-lvls-M: qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)]
 using lev' unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have backtrack-lvl S > 0 unfolding M by (auto split: if-split-asm simp add: upt.simps(2))
obtain M1' K' Ls where
  M': trail S = Ls @ Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # <math>M1' and
 Ls: \forall l \in set \ Ls. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ l \ \mathbf{and}
 set M1 \subseteq set M1'
 proof -
```

```
let ?Ls = takeWhile (Not o is-marked) (trail S)
   have MLs: trail\ S = ?Ls\ @\ drop\ While\ (Not\ o\ is\text{-}marked)\ (trail\ S)
   have drop While (Not \ o \ is-marked) \ (trail \ S) \neq [] \ unfolding \ M \ by \ auto
   moreover
     from hd-dropWhile[OF this] have is-marked(hd (dropWhile (Not o is-marked) (trail S)))
       bv simp
   ultimately
     obtain K' K'k where
       K'k: drop While (Not o is-marked) (trail S)
         = Marked K' K'k \# tl (drop While (Not o is-marked) (trail S))
       by (cases drop While (Not \circ is-marked) (trail S);
          cases hd (drop While (Not \circ is-marked) (trail S)))
         simp-all
   moreover have \forall l \in set ? Ls. \neg is\text{-}marked l using set-takeWhileD by force
   moreover
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
            = K'k \# qet-all-levels-of-marked (tl (drop While (Not \circ is-marked) (trail S)))
       apply (subst MLs, subst K'k)
       using calculation(2) by (auto simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked)
     then have K'k = backtrack-lvl S
     using calculation(2) by (auto\ split:\ if-split-asm\ simp\ add:\ get-lvls-M\ upt.simps(2))
   moreover have set M1 \subseteq set (tl (dropWhile (Not o is-marked) (trail S)))
     unfolding M by (induction M2) auto
   ultimately show ?thesis using that MLs by metis
  qed
have get-lvls-M: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)]
  using lev' unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have backtrack-lvl S > 0 unfolding M by (auto split: if-split-asm simp add: upt.simps(2) i)
have M1'-D: M1' \models as\ CNot\ ?E' using M1-D\ (set\ M1\subseteq set\ M1') by (auto intro: true-annots-mono)
have -L \in lits-of-l (trail S) using conf confl-S LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def
  by (auto simp: in-CNot-implies-uminus)
have lvls-M1': get-all-levels-of-marked M1' = rev [1..<br/>backtrack-lvl S]
  using get-lvls-M Ls by (auto simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked M' upt.simps(2)
    split: if-split-asm)
have L-notin: atm-of L \in atm-of 'lits-of-l Ls \vee atm-of L = atm-of K'
  proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l (Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # rev Ls) by simp
   then have get-level (trail S) L = get-level M1' L
     unfolding M' by auto
   then show False using get-level-in-levels-of-marked [of M1' L] \langle backtrack-lvl | S > 0 \rangle
   unfolding k lvls-M1' by auto
  qed
obtain YZ where
  RY: cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} R Y \text{ and }
  YZ: cdcl_W-stqy YZ and
  nt: \neg (\exists c. trail \ Y = c @ Marked \ K' (backtrack-lvl \ S) \# M1' @ []) and
  Z: (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W - stgy \ a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ Marked \ K' \ (backtrack-lvl \ S) \ \# \ M1' \ @ \ []))^{**} \ Z \ S
  using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide'[OF st' - - lev, of Ls K'
    backtrack-lvl S M1' []] unfolding R M' by auto
have [simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv Y
  using RY lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv by blast
```

```
obtain M' where trZ: trail Z = M' @ Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # M1'
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end[OF Z] M' by auto
have no-dup (trail Y)
   using RY lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-consistent-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by blast
then obtain Y' where
   dec: decide Y Y' and
   Y'Z: full cdcl_W-cp Y' Z and
  no-step cdcl_W-cp Y
  using cdcl_W-stgy-trail-has-new-marked-is-decide-step[OF YZ nt Z] M' by auto
have trY: trail\ Y = M1'
  proof -
     obtain M' where M: trail Z = M' @ Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) \# M1'
        using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end[OF Z] M' by auto
     obtain M'' where M'': trail Z = M'' @ trail Y' and \forall m \in set M''. \neg is-marked m
        using Y'Z rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-drop While-trail' unfolding full-def by blast
     obtain M''' where trail Y' = M''' @ Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # M1'
        using M'' unfolding M
        by (metis (no-types, lifting) \forall m \in set\ M''. \neg is-marked m> beginning-not-marked-invert)
     then show ?thesis using dec nt by (induction M''') (auto elim: decideE)
have Y-CT: conflicting Y = None \text{ using } \langle decide \ Y \ Y' \rangle \text{ by } (auto \ elim: \ decide E)
have cdcl_{W}^{**} R Y by (simp add: RY rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
then have init-clss Y = init-clss R using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss [of R Y] M-lev by auto
{ assume DL: mset\text{-}ccls\ E\in\#\ clauses\ Y
  have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M1
     apply (rule backtrack-lit-skiped[of S])
     using decomp i k lev' unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
  then have LM1: undefined-lit M1 L
     by (metis Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l atm-of-uminus image-eqI)
  have L-trY: undefined-lit (trail Y) L
     using L-notin (no-dup (trail S)) unfolding defined-lit-map trY M'
     by (auto simp add: image-iff lits-of-def)
  obtain E' where
     E': E'!\in! raw-clauses Y and
     EE': mset-cls E' = mset-ccls E
     using DL in-mset-clss-exists-preimage by blast
  have Ex\ (propagate\ Y)
     using propagate-rule[of Y E' L] DL M1'-D L-trY Y-CT trY LD E'
     by (auto simp: EE')
  then have False using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ Y\rangle\ propagate' by blast
}
moreover {
  assume DL: mset\text{-}ccls\ E\notin\#\ clauses\ Y
  have lY-lZ: learned-clss Y = learned-clss Z
     using dec Y'Z rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv[of Y' Z] unfolding full-def
     by (auto elim: decideE)
  have invZ: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv Z
     by (meson\ RY\ YZ\ invR\ r\mbox{-}into\mbox{-}rtranclp\ rtranclp\mbox{-}cdcl_W\mbox{-}all\mbox{-}struct\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}inv\mbox
         rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
  have n: mset\text{-}ccls\ E\notin\#\ learned\text{-}clss\ Z
       using DL lY-lZ YZ unfolding raw-clauses-def by auto
  have ?E \notin \#learned\text{-}clss S
     apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned [OF Z invZ\ trZ])
           apply (simp \ add: \ n)
         using LD apply simp
```

```
apply (metis (no-types, lifting) \langle set M1 \subseteq set M1' \rangle image-mono order-trans
        vars-of-D lits-of-def)
      using L-notin (no-dup (trail S)) unfolding M' by (auto simp add: image-iff lits-of-def)
   then have False
     using already-learned DL confl st' M-lev rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-no-more-init-clss[of R S]
     unfolding M'
     by (simp add: \langle init\text{-}clss \ Y = init\text{-}clss \ R \rangle raw-clauses-def confl-S
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
 }
 ultimately show False by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes
   invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   st: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S and
   dist: distinct-mset (clauses R) and
   R: trail R = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses\ S)
 using st
proof (induction)
 case base
  then show ?case using dist by simp
next
  case (step S T) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 from s show ?case
   \mathbf{proof} (cases rule: cdcl_W-stgy.cases)
     {\bf case}\ {\it conflict'}
     then show ?thesis
       using IH unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-clauses)
     case (other' S') note o = this(1) and full = this(3)
     have [simp]: clauses T = clauses S'
       using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-clauses)
     show ?thesis
       using o IH
       proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-o-rule-cases)
        case backtrack
        moreover
          have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
            using invR rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv st by blast
          then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
            unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
        ultimately obtain E where
          conflicting S = Some E  and
          cls-S': clauses S' = \{ \#E\# \} + clauses S
          using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv S \rangle
          by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
        then have E \notin \# clauses S
          using cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause R invR local.backtrack st by blast
        then show ?thesis using IH by (simp add: distinct-mset-add-single cls-S')
       qed (auto elim: decideE skipE resolveE)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} \ (init\text{-}state\ N)\ S \ \mathbf{and}
   no-duplicate-clause: distinct-mset (mset-clss N) and
   no-duplicate-in-clause: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
  shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[OF - st] assms
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
19.8
         Decrease of a measure
fun cdcl_W-measure where
cdcl_W-measure S =
  [(3::nat) \cap (card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))) - card (set-mset (learned-clss S)),
    if conflicting S = None then 1 else 0,
   if conflicting S = None then card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S)) – length (trail S)
   else length (trail S)
lemma length-model-le-vars-all-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows length (trail\ S) \le card\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S))
 using assms length-model-le-vars [of S] unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
end
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
begin
lemma learned-clss-less-upper-bound:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s
 shows card(set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S)) \leq 3 \ \hat{} \ card\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))
proof -
 have set-mset (learned-clss S) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-mm (learned-clss S))
   apply (rule simplified-in-simple-clss)
   using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by auto
  then have card(set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))
   \leq card \ (simple-clss \ (atms-of-mm \ (learned-clss \ S)))
   by (simp add: simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card finite-set-mset order-trans)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-restart:
     \neg (learned\text{-}clss\ S \subseteq \#\ learned\text{-}clss\ S' \land [] = trail\ S' \land conflicting\ S' = None)
    no-forget: learned-clss S \subseteq \# learned-clss S' and
```

no-relearn: $\bigwedge S'$. backtrack $SS' \Longrightarrow \forall T$. conflicting $S = Some T \longrightarrow T \notin \# learned-clss S$

```
and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   M-level: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-taut: \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s  and
   no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 using assms(1) M-level assms(2,3)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case (propagate C L) note conf = this(1) and undef = this(5) and T = this(6)
 have propa: propagate S (cons-trail (Propagated L C) S)
   using propagate-rule[OF\ propagate.hyps(1,2)]\ propagate.hyps\ by\ auto
 then have no-dup': no-dup (Propagated L (mset-cls C) \# trail S)
   using M-level cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(2) undef defined-lit-map by auto
 let ?N = init\text{-}clss S
 have no-strange-atm (cons-trail (Propagated L(C)(S))
   using alien cdcl_W propagate cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv propa M-level by blast
 then have atm-of 'lits-of-l (Propagated L (mset-cls C) # trail S)
   \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
   using undef unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
 then have card (atm-of 'lits-of-l (Propagated L (mset-cls C) # trail S))
   \leq card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
   by (meson atms-of-ms-finite card-mono finite-set-mset)
 then have length (Propagated L (mset-cls C) # trail S) \leq card (atms-of-mm ?N)
   using no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l no-dup' by fastforce
 then have H: card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S)) - length (trail S)
   = Suc (card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S)) - Suc (length (trail S)))
 show ?case using conf T undef by (auto simp: H lexn3-conv)
next
 case (decide L) note conf = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 moreover
   have dec: decide S (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
    using decide-rule decide.hyps by force
   then have cdcl_W:cdcl_W S (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S+1)) (incr-lvl S))
    using cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-o.intros\ by\ blast
 moreover
   have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
    using cdcl_W M-level cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF cdcl_W] by auto
   then have no-dup: no-dup (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1) # trail S)
    using undef unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
   have no-strange-atm (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
    using M-level alien calculation (4) cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv by blast
   then have length (Marked L ((backtrack-lvl S) + 1) # (trail S))
     \leq card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
    using no-dup undef
    length-model-le-vars[of\ cons-trail\ (Marked\ L\ (backtrack-lvl\ S\ +\ 1\ ))\ (incr-lvl\ S)]
    by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case using conf by (simp add: lexn3-conv)
next
 case (skip L C' M D) note tr = this(1) and conf = this(2) and T = this(5)
 show ?case using conf T by (simp add: tr lexn3-conv)
next
 case conflict
```

```
then show ?case by (simp add: lexn3-conv)
next
  case resolve
 then show ?case using finite by (simp add: lexn3-conv)
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note conf = this(1) and decomp = this(3) and undef = this(7)
and
   T = this(8) and lev = this(9)
 let ?S' = T
 have bt: backtrack S ?S'
   using backtrack.hyps backtrack.intros[of S D L K i] by auto
 have mset\text{-}ccls\ D \notin \#\ learned\text{-}clss\ S
   using no-relearn conf bt by auto
 then have card-T:
   card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (\{\#mset\text{-}ccls\ D\#\}\ +\ learned\text{-}clss\ S)) = Suc\ (card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S)))
   by simp
 have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state ?S'
   using bt M-level distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv no-dup other cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros by blast
  moreover have \forall s \in \#learned\text{-}clss ?S'. \neg tautology s
   using learned-clss-are-not-tautologies[OF <math>cdcl_W.other[OF \ cdcl_W-o.bj]OF
     cdcl_W-bj.backtrack[OF bt]]]] M-level no-taut confl by auto
  ultimately have card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) \leq 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-mm (learned-clss T))
     by (auto simp: learned-clss-less-upper-bound)
   then have H: card (set\text{-}mset (\{\#mset\text{-}ccls D\#\} + learned\text{-}clss S))
     \leq 3 \, \hat{} \, card \, (atms-of-mm \, (\{\#mset-ccls \, D\#\} + learned-clss \, S))
     using T undef decomp M-level by (simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover
   have atms-of-mm (\{\#mset-ccls D\#\} + learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
     using alien conf unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   then have card-f: card (atms-of-mm (\{\#mset-ccls\ D\#\} + learned-clss\ S))
     \leq card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
     by (meson atms-of-ms-finite card-mono finite-set-mset)
   then have (3::nat) ^c card (atms-of-mm (\{\#mset-ccls D\#\} + learned-clss S))
     \leq 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S)) by simp
  ultimately have (3::nat) \hat{} card (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S))
   \geq card (set\text{-}mset (\{\#mset\text{-}ccls D\#\} + learned\text{-}clss S))
   using le-trans by blast
  then show ?case using decomp undef diff-less-mono2 card-T T M-level
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp lexn3-conv)
next
 case restart
 then show ?case using alien by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
\mathbf{next}
  case (forget C T) note no-forget = this(8)
 then have mset-cls C \in \# learned-clss S and mset-cls C \notin \# learned-clss T
   using forget.hyps by auto
 then show ?case using no-forget by (auto simp add: mset-leD)
lemma propagate-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes propagate S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
  using assms(1) propagate apply blast
```

```
using assms(1) apply (auto simp add: propagate.simps)[3]
      using assms(2) apply (auto simp \ add: \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
 done
lemma conflict-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes conflict S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) conflict apply blast
         using assms(1) apply (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim!: <math>conflictE)[3]
       using assms(2) apply (auto simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def elim:\ conflictE)
 done
lemma decide-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes decide\ S\ S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) decide other apply blast
          using assms(1) apply (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim!: <math>decideE)[3]
       using assms(2) apply (auto simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def elim:\ decideE)
 done
lemma trans-le:
 trans \{(a, (b::nat)), a < b\}
 unfolding trans-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 using assms
proof induction
 case conflict'
 then show ?case using conflict-measure-decreasing by blast
 case propagate'
 then show ?case using propagate-measure-decreasing by blast
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing by blast
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and step = this(2) and IH = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 then have (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{a. case \ a \ of \ (a, b) \Rightarrow a < b\} 3 by blast
 moreover have (cdcl_W-measure U, cdcl_W-measure T) \in lexn \{a. case \ a \ of \ (a, b) \Rightarrow a < b\} 3
   using cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing [OF step] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv
```

```
tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W[OF\ st]
   unfolding trans-def rtranclp-unfold
   by blast
  ultimately show ?case using lexn-transI[OF trans-le] unfolding trans-def by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T and
  cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S
  trail R = [] and
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} 3
proof
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using assms
   by (metis rtranclp-unfold rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
  with assms show ?thesis
   proof induction
     case (conflict' V) note cp = this(1) and inv = this(5)
     show ?case
       \mathbf{using}\ tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}measure\text{-}decreasing[OF\ HOL.conjunct1[OF\ cp[unfolded\ full1\text{-}def]]\ inv]}
   next
     case (other' T U) note st = this(1) and H = this(4,5,6,7) and cp = this(3)
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv other other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(4) by blast
     from tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}measure\text{-}decreasing[OF\text{-}this]}
     have le-or-eq: (cdcl_W-measure U, cdcl_W-measure T) \in lexn \{a. case a of (a, b) \Rightarrow a < b\} 3 \vee
       cdcl_W-measure U = cdcl_W-measure T
      using cp unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
     moreover
      have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
        using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def other'.prems(4) by blast
      with st have (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \{a. case \ a \ of \ (a, \ b) \Rightarrow a < b\} 3
      proof (induction rule:cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
        case (decide\ T)
        then show ?case using decide-measure-decreasing H decide.intros[OF decide.hyps] by blast
      \mathbf{next}
        case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note conf = this(1) and decomp = this(3) and
          undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
        have bt: backtrack S T
          apply (rule backtrack-rule)
          using backtrack.hyps by auto
        then have no-relearn: \forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow T \notin \# learned-clss S
          using cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause[of R S T] H conf
          unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def raw-clauses-def by auto
        have inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
          using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv S \rangle by blast
        show ?case
          apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
                 using bt cdcl_W-bj.backtrack cdcl_W-o.bj other apply simp
                using bt T undef decomp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
                cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply auto[]
               using bt T undef decomp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
```

```
cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply auto[]
               using bt no-relearn apply auto[]
               using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
              using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def apply simp
             using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
            using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
           using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by simp
       next
         case skip
         then show ?case by (auto simp: lexn3-conv)
       next
         case resolve
         then show ?case by (auto simp: lexn3-conv)
     ultimately show ?case
       \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{full-types})\ \mathit{lexn-transI}\ \mathit{transD}\ \mathit{trans-le})
   qed
qed
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{++} R S
  trail R = [] and
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S, cdcl_W-measure R) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
 using assms
 apply induction
  \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_W\textit{-stgy-step-decreasing}[\mathit{of}\ R\ \textit{-}\ R]\ \mathbf{apply}\ \mathit{blast}
  using cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing[of - - R] tranclp-into-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-stgy R]
  lexn-transI[OF trans-le, of 3] unfolding trans-def by blast
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-S0-decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes
   pl: cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{++} \ (init\text{-}state \ N) \ S \ \mathbf{and}
   no-dup: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S, cdcl_W-measure (init-state N)) \in lexn \{(a, b), a < b\} 3
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (init-state N)
   using no-dup unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using pl tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-decreasing init-state-trail by blast
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  wf \{(S::'st, init\text{-}state\ N)|
    S N. distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}mset \ (mset\text{-}clss \ N) \land cdcl_W\text{-}stgy^{++} \ (init\text{-}state \ N) \ S
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure'-notation2[of lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} 3 - - cdcl_W-measure])
  apply (simp add: wf wf-lexn)
 using tranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-S0-decreasing by blast
lemma cdcl_W-cp-wf-all-inv:
  wf \{(S', S). \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv \ S \land cdcl_W \text{-}cp \ S \ S'\}
  (is wf ?R)
proof (rule wf-bounded-measure[of -
   \lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S))+1
```

```
\lambda S.\ length\ (trail\ S) + (if\ conflicting\ S = None\ then\ 0\ else\ 1)],\ goal-cases)
  case (1 S S')
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and cdcl_W-cp S S' by auto
  moreover then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\ conflict\ cdcl}_W.intros\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv\ conflict\ cdcl}_W
   by blast+
  ultimately show ?case
   by (auto simp:cdcl_W-cp.simps state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim!: conflictE propagateE
     dest: length-model-le-vars-all-inv)
qed
end
end
theory DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation
{\bf imports}\ {\it Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic}
begin
20
        Simple Implementation of the DPLL and CDCL
20.1
          Common Rules
20.1.1
           Propagation
The following theorem holds:
lemma lits-of-l-unfold[iff]:
  (\forall c \in set \ C. \ -c \in lits \text{-} of \text{-} l \ Ms) \longleftrightarrow Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
 unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def by auto
The right-hand version is written at a high-level, but only the left-hand side is executable.
definition is-unit-clause :: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal option
 where
 is-unit-clause l M =
  (case List.filter (\lambda a. atm-of a \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l M) l of
    a \# [] \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
  | - \Rightarrow None \rangle
definition is-unit-clause-code :: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list
  \Rightarrow 'a literal option where
 is-unit-clause-code l M =
   (case List.filter (\lambda a. atm-of a \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l M) l of
     a \# [] \Rightarrow if (\forall c \in set (remove1 \ a \ l), -c \in lits-of-l \ M) then Some \ a \ else \ None
  | - \Rightarrow None \rangle
lemma is-unit-clause-is-unit-clause-code[code]:
  is-unit-clause l M = is-unit-clause-code l M
  have 1: \bigwedge a. (\forall c \in set \ (remove1 \ a \ l). - c \in lits of - l \ M) \longleftrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ l - \{\#a\#\})
   using lits-of-l-unfold[of remove1 - l, of - M] by simp
  thus ?thesis
    unfolding is-unit-clause-code-def is-unit-clause-def 1 by blast
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-undef:
```

assumes is-unit-clause l M = Some a

```
shows undefined-lit M a
proof -
  have (case [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
          |a| \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
          \mid a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
    using assms unfolding is-unit-clause-def.
  hence a \in set [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M]
    apply (cases [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M])
      apply simp
    apply (rename-tac aa list; case-tac list) by (auto split: if-split-asm)
  hence atm-of a \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l M by auto
  thus ?thesis
    by (simp add: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
      atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set )
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-CNot: is-unit-clause l M = Some \ a \Longrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ l - \{\#a\#\})
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def
proof -
  assume (case [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
          |a| \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
           \mid a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
  thus ?thesis
    apply (cases [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M], simp)
      apply simp
    apply (rename-tac aa list, case-tac list) by (auto split: if-split-asm)
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-in: is-unit-clause lM=Some~a\Longrightarrow a\in set~l
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def
proof -
 assume (case [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
         |a| \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
         | a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
  thus a \in set l
    by (cases [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M])
       (fastforce dest: filter-eq-ConsD split: if-split-asm split: list.splits)+
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-nil[simp]: is-unit-clause [] M = None
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def by auto
20.1.2
            Unit propagation for all clauses
Finding the first clause to propagate
fun find-first-unit-clause :: 'a literal list list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list
  \Rightarrow ('a literal \times 'a literal list) option where
find-first-unit-clause (a # l) M =
  (case is-unit-clause a M of
    None \Rightarrow find\text{-}first\text{-}unit\text{-}clause \ l \ M
  | Some L \Rightarrow Some (L, a) |
find-first-unit-clause [] - = None
lemma find-first-unit-clause-some:
 find-first-unit-clause\ l\ M = Some\ (a,\ c)
```

```
\implies c \in set \ l \land M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ c - \{\#a\#\}) \land undefined-lit \ M \ a \land a \in set \ c
 apply (induction \ l)
   apply simp
  by (auto split: option.splits dest: is-unit-clause-some-in is-unit-clause-some-CNot
        is-unit-clause-some-undef)
\mathbf{lemma}\ propagate\text{-}is\text{-}unit\text{-}clause\text{-}not\text{-}None:
  assumes dist: distinct c and
  M: M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ c - \{\#a\#\}) \ and
  undef: undefined-lit M a and
  ac: a \in set c
 shows is-unit-clause c M \neq None
proof -
  have [a \leftarrow c : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M] = [a]
   using assms
   proof (induction c)
     case Nil thus ?case by simp
     case (Cons\ ac\ c)
     show ?case
       proof (cases \ a = ac)
         case True
         thus ?thesis using Cons
           by (auto simp del: lits-of-l-unfold
                simp add: lits-of-l-unfold[symmetric] Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
                  atm-of-eq-atm-of atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
       next
         case False
         hence T: mset \ c + \{\#ac\#\} - \{\#a\#\} = mset \ c - \{\#a\#\} + \{\#ac\#\}\}
           by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
         show ?thesis using False Cons
           by (auto simp add: T atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
       qed
   qed
  thus ?thesis
   using M unfolding is-unit-clause-def by auto
qed
lemma find-first-unit-clause-none:
  distinct\ c \Longrightarrow c \in set\ l \Longrightarrow\ M \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ c - \{\#a\#\}) \Longrightarrow undefined-lit\ M\ a \Longrightarrow a \in set\ c
  \implies find-first-unit-clause l M \neq None
  by (induction l)
    (auto split: option.split simp add: propagate-is-unit-clause-not-None)
20.1.3
           Decide
fun find-first-unused-var :: 'a literal list list \Rightarrow 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a literal option where
find-first-unused-var (a \# l) M =
  (case List.find (\lambda lit.\ lit \notin M \land -lit \notin M) a of
    None \Rightarrow find\text{-}first\text{-}unused\text{-}var\ l\ M
  | Some \ a \Rightarrow Some \ a) |
find-first-unused-var [] - = None
lemma find-none[iff]:
  List.find (\lambdalit. lit \notin M \land -lit \notin M) a = None \longleftrightarrow atm-of 'set a \subseteq atm-of ' M
 apply (induct a)
```

```
using atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
   by (force simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)+
lemma find-some: List.find (\lambdalit. lit \notin M \land -lit \notin M) a = Some \ b \Longrightarrow b \in set \ a \land b \notin M \land -b \notin M
  unfolding find-Some-iff by (metis nth-mem)
lemma find-first-unused-var-None[iff]:
 find-first-unused-var\ l\ M=None\longleftrightarrow (\forall\ a\in set\ l.\ atm-of\ `set\ a\subseteq atm-of\ `M)
 by (induct l)
    (auto split: option.splits dest!: find-some
      simp add: image-subset-iff atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
lemma find-first-unused-var-Some-not-all-incl:
 assumes find-first-unused-var\ l\ M = Some\ c
 shows \neg(\forall a \in set \ l. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `M)
proof -
 have find-first-unused-var l M \neq None
   using assms by (cases find-first-unused-var l M) auto
 thus \neg(\forall a \in set \ l. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `M) by auto
qed
lemma find-first-unused-var-Some:
 find-first-unused-var\ l\ M=Some\ a\Longrightarrow (\exists\ m\in set\ l.\ a\in set\ m\ \land\ a\notin M\ \land -a\notin M)
 by (induct l) (auto split: option.splits dest: find-some)
lemma find-first-unused-var-undefined:
 find-first-unused-var l (lits-of-l Ms) = Some \ a \Longrightarrow undefined-lit Ms a
 using find-first-unused-var-Some[of l lits-of-l Ms a] Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
 by blast
end
theory DPLL-W-Implementation
imports DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation <math>DPLL-W \sim /src/HOL/Library/Code-Target-Numeral
begin
```

20.2 Simple Implementation of DPLL

20.2.1 Combining the propagate and decide: a DPLL step

```
definition DPLL-step :: int dpll<sub>W</sub>-marked-lits × int literal list list ⇒ int dpll<sub>W</sub>-marked-lits × int literal list list where DPLL-step = (\lambda(Ms, N)). (case find-first-unit-clause N Ms of Some (L, -) ⇒ (Propagated\ L\ () \# Ms, N) | - ⇒ if \exists\ C \in set\ N. (\forall\ c \in set\ C.\ -c \in lits-of-l\ Ms) then (case backtrack-split Ms of (-, L \# M) ⇒ (Propagated\ (-\ (lit-of\ L))\ () \# M, N) | (-, -) ⇒ (Ms, N) ) else (case find-first-unused-var N (lits-of-l\ Ms) of Some a \Rightarrow (Marked\ a\ () \# Ms, N) | None \Rightarrow (Ms, N))))
```

```
Example of propagation:
value DPLL-step ([Marked (Neg 1) ()], [[Pos (1::int), Neg 2]])
We define the conversion function between the states as defined in Prop-DPLL (with multisets)
and here (with lists).
abbreviation toS \equiv \lambda(Ms::(int, unit, unit) marked-lit list)
                  (N:: int\ literal\ list\ list).\ (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N))
abbreviation toS' \equiv \lambda(Ms::(int, unit, unit) marked-lit list,
                      N:: int \ literal \ list \ list). \ (Ms, \ mset \ (map \ mset \ N))
Proof of correctness of DPLL-step
lemma DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step:
 assumes step: (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 and neq: (Ms, N) \neq (Ms', N')
 shows dpll_W (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N')
proof -
 let ?S = (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 { fix L E
   assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = Some (L, E)
   hence Ms'N: (Ms', N') = (Propagated L () # <math>Ms, N)
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by auto
   obtain C where
     C: C \in set \ N  and
     Ms: Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C - \{\#L\#\}) \ and
     undef: undefined-lit Ms L and
     L \in set \ C \ using \ find-first-unit-clause-some[OF \ unit] \ bv \ met is
   have dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
       (Propagated L () # fst (Ms, mset (map mset N)), snd (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
     apply (rule dpll_W.propagate)
     using Ms undef C \ \langle L \in set \ C \rangle by (auto simp add: C)
   hence ?thesis using Ms'N by auto
 moreover
 \{ assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None \}
   assume exC: \exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
   then obtain C where C: C \in set \ N and Ms: Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C) by auto
   then obtain L M M' where bt: backtrack-split Ms = (M', L \# M)
     using step exC neg unfolding DPLL-step-def prod.case unit
     by (cases backtrack-split Ms, rename-tac b, case-tac b) auto
   hence is-marked L using backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked of Ms by auto
   have 1: dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
               (Propagated (-lit-of L) () \# M, snd (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
     apply (rule dpll_W.backtrack[OF - \langle is-marked L \rangle, of ])
     using C Ms bt by auto
   moreover have (Ms', N') = (Propagated (- (lit-of L)) () \# M, N)
     using step exC unfolding DPLL-step-def bt prod.case unit by auto
   ultimately have ?thesis by auto
 moreover
 \{ assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None \}
   assume exC: \neg (\exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C))
   obtain L where unused: find-first-unused-var N (lits-of-l Ms) = Some L
     using step exC neq unfolding DPLL-step-def prod.case unit
     by (cases find-first-unused-var N (lits-of-l Ms)) auto
   have dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
```

```
(Marked\ L\ ()\ \#\ fst\ (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N)),\ snd\ (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N)))
     apply (rule dpll_W.decided[of ?S L])
     using find-first-unused-var-Some[OF unused]
     by (auto simp add: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l atms-of-ms-def)
   moreover have (Ms', N') = (Marked L () \# Ms, N)
     using step exC unfolding DPLL-step-def unused prod.case unit by auto
   ultimately have ?thesis by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis by (cases find-first-unit-clause N Ms) auto
lemma DPLL-step-stuck-final-state:
 assumes step: (Ms, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS Ms N)
proof -
 have unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None
   using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (auto split:option.splits)
 { assume n: \exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
   hence Ms: (Ms, N) = (case \ backtrack-split \ Ms \ of \ (x, []) \Rightarrow (Ms, N)
                     (x, L \# M) \Rightarrow (Propagated (-lit-of L) () \# M, N))
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (simp add:unit)
 have snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = []
   proof (cases backtrack-split Ms, cases snd (backtrack-split Ms))
     assume backtrack-split\ Ms = (a, b) and snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = []
     thus snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = [] by blast
     fix a b aa list
     assume
       bt: backtrack-split\ Ms=(a,\ b) and
      bt': snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = aa\ \#\ list
     hence Ms: Ms = Propagated (-lit-of aa) () # list using <math>Ms by auto
     have is-marked aa using backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked[of Ms] bt bt' by auto
     moreover have fst (backtrack-split Ms) @ aa \# list = Ms
      using backtrack-split-list-eq[of Ms] bt' by auto
     ultimately have False unfolding Ms by auto
     thus snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = [] by blast
   qed
   hence ?thesis
     using n backtrack-snd-empty-not-marked [of Ms] unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def
     by (cases backtrack-split Ms) auto
 }
 moreover {
   assume n: \neg (\exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C))
   hence find-first-unused-var N (lits-of-l Ms) = None
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (simp add: unit split: option.splits)
   hence a: \forall a \in set \ N. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ Ms) by auto
   have fst\ (toS\ Ms\ N) \models asm\ snd\ (toS\ Ms\ N) unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def Ball-def
     proof clarify
      \mathbf{fix} \ x
      assume x: x \in set\text{-}mset (clauses (toS Ms N))
      hence \neg Ms \models as\ CNot\ x using n unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def Ball-def by auto
```

```
moreover have total-over-m (lits-of-l Ms) \{x\}
        using a x image-iff in-mono atms-of-s-def
        unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def lits-of-def by fastforce
      ultimately show fst (toS Ms N) \models a x
        using total-not-CNot[of lits-of-l Ms x] by (simp add: true-annot-def true-annots-true-cls)
   hence ?thesis unfolding conclusive-dpllw-state-def by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
          Adding invariants
20.2.2
Invariant tested in the function function DPLL-ci :: int dpll_W-marked-lits \Rightarrow int literal list
 \Rightarrow int dpll<sub>W</sub>-marked-lits \times int literal list list where
DPLL-ci\ Ms\ N =
 (if \neg dpll_W - all - inv (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
 then (Ms, N)
 else
  let (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N) in
  if (Ms', N') = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci Ms'(N)
 by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(S', S). (toS' S', toS' S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\})
 show wf \{(S', S).(toS' S', toS' S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\}
   using wf-if-measure-f[OF dpll_W-wf, of toS'] by auto
next
 fix Ms :: int \ dpll_W-marked-lits and N \ x \ xa \ y
 assume \neg \neg dpll_W - all - inv (to S Ms N)
 and step: x = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 and x: (xa, y) = x
 and (xa, y) \neq (Ms, N)
 thus ((xa, N), Ms, N) \in \{(S', S). (toS' S', toS' S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\}
   using DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step dpll_W-same-clauses split-conv by fastforce
qed
No invariant tested function (domintros) DPLL-part:: int dpll_W-marked-lits \Rightarrow int literal list list
 int\ dpll_W-marked-lits 	imes int\ literal\ list\ list\ \mathbf{where}
DPLL-part Ms N =
 (let (Ms', N') = DPLL\text{-step} (Ms, N) in
  if (Ms', N') = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-part Ms'(N)
 by fast+
lemma snd-DPLL-step[simp]:
 snd (DPLL-step (Ms, N)) = N
 unfolding DPLL-step-def by (auto split: if-split option.splits prod.splits list.splits)
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom:
 assumes dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 shows DPLL-ci~Ms~N = DPLL-part~Ms~N \land DPLL-part-dom~(Ms, N)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N)
```

have snd (DPLL-step (Ms, N)) = N by auto

```
then obtain Ms' where Ms': DPLL-step (Ms, N) = (Ms', N) by (cases DPLL-step (Ms, N)) auto
 have inv': dpll_W-all-inv (toS\ Ms'\ N) by (metis\ (mono\text{-}tags)\ 1.prems\ DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}is\text{-}a\text{-}dpll_W\text{-}step)
   Ms' dpll_W-all-inv old.prod.inject)
 { assume (Ms', N) \neq (Ms, N)
   hence DPLL-ci Ms' N = DPLL-part Ms' N \wedge DPLL-part-dom (Ms', N) using 1(1)[of - Ms' N]
Ms'
     1(2) inv' by auto
   hence DPLL-part-dom (Ms, N) using DPLL-part.domintros Ms' by fastforce
   moreover have DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-part Ms N using 1.prems DPLL-part.psimps Ms'
     \langle DPLL\text{-}ci\ Ms'\ N = DPLL\text{-}part\ Ms'\ N \land DPLL\text{-}part\text{-}dom\ (Ms',\ N) \rangle \ \langle DPLL\text{-}part\text{-}dom\ (Ms,\ N) \rangle \ \mathbf{by}
   ultimately have ?case by blast
 moreover {
   assume (Ms', N) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using DPLL-part.domintros DPLL-part.psimps Ms' by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp:
 assumes DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms', N')
 shows dpll_W^{**} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N)
 using assms
proof (induct Ms N arbitrary: Ms' N' rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N Ms' N') note IH = this(1) and step = this(2)
 obtain S_1 S_2 where S:(S_1, S_2) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) by (cases DPLL-step (Ms, N)) auto
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   hence (Ms, N) = (Ms', N) using step by auto
   hence ?case by auto
 }
 moreover
 { assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, S_2) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using S step by auto
 moreover
 { assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N)
   moreover obtain S_1' S_2' where DPLL-ci S_1 N = (S_1', S_2') by (cases DPLL-ci S_1 N) auto
   moreover have DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-ci S_1 N using DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation
     proof -
      have (case (S_1, S_2) of (ms, lss) \Rightarrow
        if (ms, lss) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci ms N = DPLL-ci Ms N
        using S DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation by presburger
      hence (if (S_1, S_2) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci S_1 N) = DPLL-ci Ms N
        by fastforce
      thus ?thesis
        using calculation(2) by presburger
     aed
   ultimately have dpll_W^{**} (toS S_1'N) (toS Ms'N) using IH[of(S_1, S_2) S_1 S_2] S step by simp
   moreover have dpll_W (to S Ms N) (to S S_1 N)
     by (metis DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step S (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N)  prod.sel(2) snd-DPLL-step)
```

```
ultimately have ?case by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) IH S (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N))
     \langle DPLL\text{-}ci \ Ms \ N = DPLL\text{-}ci \ S_1 \ N \rangle \langle dpll_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ (toS \ Ms \ N) \rangle \ converse\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp
     local.step)
  }
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{dpll}_W\text{-}\mathit{all-inv-dpll}_W\text{-}\mathit{tranclp-irrefl}\colon
 assumes dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, N)
 and dpll_W^{++} (Ms, N) (Ms, N)
 shows False
proof -
 have 1: wf \{(S', S). dpll_W-all-inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\} using dpll_W-wf-tranclp by auto
 have ((Ms, N), (Ms, N)) \in \{(S', S), dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\} using assms by auto
 thus False using wf-not-reft[OF 1] by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma DPLL-ci-final-state:
 assumes step: DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms, N)
 and inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS Ms N)
proof -
 have st: dpll_W^{**} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms N) using DPLL\text{-}ci\text{-}dpll_W\text{-}rtranclp[OF step]}.
 have DPLL-step (Ms, N) = (Ms, N)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     obtain Ms' N' where Ms'N: (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
      by (cases\ DPLL\text{-}step\ (Ms,\ N))\ auto
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     hence DPLL-ci Ms' N = (Ms, N) using step inv st Ms'N[symmetric] by fastforce
     hence dpll_W^{++} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms N)
      by (metis DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step Ms'N \land DPLL-step (Ms, N) \neq (Ms, N)
N)
         prod.sel(2) \ rtranclp-into-tranclp2 \ snd-DPLL-step)
     thus False using dpll_W-all-inv-dpll_W-tranclp-irreft inv by auto
 thus ?thesis using DPLL-step-stuck-final-state[of Ms N] by simp
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}obtains:
 obtains Ms' where (Ms', N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 unfolding DPLL-step-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) DPLL-step-def prod.collapse snd-DPLL-step)
lemma DPLL-ci-obtains:
 obtains Ms' where (Ms', N) = DPLL-ci Ms N
proof (induct rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N) note IH = this(1) and that = this(2)
 obtain S where SN: (S, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) using DPLL-step-obtains by metis
  { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   hence ?case using that by auto
 moreover {
   assume n: (S, N) \neq (Ms, N)
   and inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   have \exists ms. DPLL\text{-step }(Ms, N) = (ms, N)
     by (metis \land \land thesisa. (\land S. (S, N) = DPLL\text{-step} (Ms, N) \Longrightarrow thesisa) \Longrightarrow thesisa)
```

```
hence ?thesis
    using IH that by fastforce
 }
 moreover {
   assume n: (S, N) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using SN that by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-no-more-step:
 assumes step: DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms', N')
 shows DPLL-ci Ms' N' = (Ms', N')
 using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: Ms' N' rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N Ms' N') note IH = this(1) and step = this(2)
 obtain S_1 where S:(S_1, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) using DPLL-step-obtains by auto
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   hence ?case using step by auto
 moreover {
   assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, N) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using S step by auto
 }
 moreover
 { assume inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS\ Ms\ N)
   assume n: (S_1, N) \neq (Ms, N)
   obtain S_1' where SS: (S_1', N) = DPLL-ci S_1 N using DPLL-ci-obtains by blast
   moreover have DPLL-ci\ Ms\ N=DPLL-ci\ S_1\ N
    proof -
     have (case (S_1, N) \text{ of } (ms, lss) \Rightarrow if (ms, lss) = (Ms, N) \text{ then } (Ms, N) \text{ else } DPLL\text{-}ci \text{ } ms \text{ } N)
= DPLL-ci Ms N
       using S DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation inv by presburger
      hence (if (S_1, N) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci S_1 N) = DPLL-ci Ms N
       by fastforce
      thus ?thesis
       using calculation n by presburger
    qed
    ultimately have ?case using step by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-part-dpll_W-all-inv-final:
 fixes M Ms':: (int, unit, unit) marked-lit list and
   N::int\ literal\ list\ list
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 and MsN: DPLL-part Ms N = (Ms', N)
 shows conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (toS Ms' N) \wedge dpll<sub>W</sub>** (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N)
proof -
```

```
have 2: DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-part Ms N using inv dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom by blast hence star: dpll_W^{**} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N) unfolding MsN using DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp by blast hence inv': dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms' N) using inv rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv by blast show ?thesis using star DPLL-ci-final-state[OF DPLL-ci-no-more-step inv'] 2 unfolding MsN by blast qed

Embedding the invariant into the type

Defining the type typedef dpll_W-state = {(M::(int, unit, unit) marked-lit list, N::int literal list list). dpll_W-all-inv (toS M N)} morphisms rough-state-of state-of show ([],[]) \in {(M, N). dpll_W-all-inv (toS M N)} by (auto simp add: dpll_W-all-inv-def) qed
```

proof lemma DPLL-part-dom ([], N) using assms $dpll_W$ -all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom[of [] N] by $(simp\ add:\ dpll_W$ -all-inv-def) Some type classes instantiation $dpll_W$ -state :: equal begin definition equal-dpll_W-state :: $dpll_W$ -state $\Rightarrow dpll_W$ -state $\Rightarrow bool$ where $equal-dpll_W$ -state S S' = (rough-state-of S = rough-state-of S')by standard (simp add: rough-state-of-inject equal-dpll_W-state-def) end **DPLL** definition DPLL-step' :: $dpll_W$ -state $\Rightarrow dpll_W$ -state where DPLL-step' S = state-of (DPLL-step (rough-state-of S))**declare** rough-state-of-inverse[simp] lemma DPLL-step- $dpll_W$ -conc-inv: DPLL-step (rough-state-of S) $\in \{(M, N). dpll_W$ -all-inv (to SMN)} by (smt DPLL-ci.simps DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp case-prodE case-prodI2 rough-state-of mem-Collect-eq old. $prod.case\ prod.sel(2)\ rtranclp-dpll_W$ -all-inv snd-DPLL-step) **lemma** rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step[simp]: rough-state-of (DPLL-step' S) = DPLL-step (rough-state-of S)using DPLL-step-dpll_W-conc-inv DPLL-step'-def state-of-inverse by auto function DPLL-tot:: $dpll_W$ -state $\Rightarrow dpll_W$ -state where DPLL-tot S =(let S' = DPLL-step' S inif S' = S then S else DPLL-tot S') by fast+termination **proof** (relation $\{(T', T).$ $(rough-state-of\ T',\ rough-state-of\ T)$ $\in \{(S', S), (toS' S', toS' S)\}$ $\in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W S S'\}\}\}$

show $wf \{(b, a).$

```
(rough-state-of\ b,\ rough-state-of\ a)
          \in \{(b, a). (toS' b, toS' a)\}
           \in \{(b, a). dpll_W - all - inv \ a \land dpll_W \ a \ b\}\}\}
   using wf-if-measure-f[OF wf-if-measure-f[OF dpll_W-wf, of toS'], of rough-state-of].
next
 \mathbf{fix} \ S \ x
 assume x: x = DPLL-step' S
 and x \neq S
 have dpll_W-all-inv (case rough-state-of S of (Ms, N) \Rightarrow (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prodE mem-Collect-eq old.prod.case rough-state-of)
 moreover have dpll_W (case rough-state-of S of (Ms, N) \Rightarrow (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
                  (case rough-state-of (DPLL-step' S) of (Ms, N) \Rightarrow (Ms, mset (map mset N))
   proof -
     obtain Ms N where Ms: (Ms, N) = rough\text{-state-of } S by (cases rough\text{-state-of } S) auto
     have dpll_W-all-inv (toS'(Ms, N)) using calculation unfolding Ms by blast
     moreover obtain Ms' N' where Ms': (Ms', N') = rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (DPLL\text{-}step' S)
      by (cases rough-state-of (DPLL-step' S)) auto
     ultimately have dpll_W-all-inv (toS'(Ms', N')) unfolding Ms'
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prod-unfold mem-Collect-eq rough-state-of)
     have dpll_W (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N')
      apply (rule DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step[of Ms' N' Ms N])
      unfolding Ms Ms' using \langle x \neq S \rangle rough-state-of-inject x by fastforce+
     thus ?thesis unfolding Ms[symmetric] Ms'[symmetric] by auto
 ultimately show (x, S) \in \{(T', T), (rough-state-of T', rough-state-of T)\}
   \in \{(S', S). (toS'S', toS'S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W-all-invS \land dpll_WSS'\}\}\}
   by (auto simp add: x)
qed
lemma [code]:
DPLL-tot S =
 (let S' = DPLL-step' S in
  if S' = S then S else DPLL-tot S') by auto
lemma DPLL-tot-DPLL-step-DPLL-tot (simp]: DPLL-tot (DPLL-step' S) = DPLL-tot S
 apply (cases DPLL-step' S = S)
 apply simp
 unfolding DPLL-tot.simps[of S] by (simp del: DPLL-tot.simps)
lemma DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot[simp]:
 DPLL-step' (DPLL-tot S) = DPLL-tot S
 by (rule DPLL-tot.induct[of \lambda S. DPLL-step' (DPLL-tot S) = DPLL-tot S S])
    (metis (full-types) DPLL-tot.simps)
lemma DPLL-tot-final-state:
 assumes DPLL-tot S = S
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS'(rough-state-of S))
proof -
 have DPLL-step' S = S using assms[symmetric] DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot by metis
 hence DPLL-step (rough-state-of S) = (rough-state-of S)
   unfolding DPLL-step'-def using DPLL-step-dpll<sub>W</sub>-conc-inv rough-state-of-inverse
   by (metis rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step)
```

```
thus ?thesis
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) DPLL-step-stuck-final-state old.prod.exhaust split-conv)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ DPLL\text{-}tot\text{-}star:
 assumes rough-state-of (DPLL\text{-tot }S) = S'
 shows dpll_W^{**} (toS' (rough-state-of S)) (toS' S')
 using assms
proof (induction arbitrary: S' rule: DPLL-tot.induct)
 case (1 S S')
 let ?x = DPLL\text{-step'} S
 { assume ?x = S
   then have ?case using 1(2) by simp
 moreover {
   assume S: ?x \neq S
   have ?case
     apply (cases DPLL-step' S = S)
      using S apply blast
     by (smt 1.IH 1.prems DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step DPLL-tot.simps case-prodE2
      rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
      rtranclp-idemp split-conv)
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma rough-state-of-rough-state-of-nil[simp]:
 rough-state-of (state-of ([], N)) = ([], N)
 apply (rule DPLL-W-Implementation.dpll_W-state.state-of-inverse)
 unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
Theorem of correctness
lemma DPLL-tot-correct:
 assumes rough-state-of (DPLL\text{-tot }(state\text{-of }(([], N)))) = (M, N')
 and (M', N'') = toS'(M, N')
 shows M' \models asm \ N'' \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset \ N'')
proof -
 have dpll_{W}^{**} (toS'([], N)) (toS'(M, N')) using DPLL-tot-star[OF assms(1)] by auto
 moreover have conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS' (M, N'))
   using DPLL-tot-final-state by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot DPLL-tot.simps
     assms(1)
 ultimately show ?thesis using dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct by (smt DPLL-ci.simps
   DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp\ assms(2)\ dpll_W-all-inv-def\ prod.case\ prod.sel(1)\ prod.sel(2)
   rtranclp-dpll_W-inv(3) rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0)
qed
20.2.3
          Code export
A conversion to DPLL-W-Implementation.dpll_W-state definition Con :: (int, unit, unit) marked-lit
list \times int \ literal \ list \ list
                 \Rightarrow dpll_W-state where
 Con xs = state-of\ (if\ dpll_W-all-inv\ (toS\ (fst\ xs)\ (snd\ xs))\ then\ xs\ else\ ([],\ []))
lemma [code abstype]:
 Con (rough-state-of S) = S
 using rough-state-of [of S] unfolding Con-def by auto
```

declare rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step[code abstract]

lemma $Con\text{-}DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{[}simp\text{]}:}$ $Con\ (DPLL\text{-}step\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ s)) = state\text{-}of\ (DPLL\text{-}step\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ s))$ unfolding $Con\text{-}def\$ by $(metis\ (mono\text{-}tags,\ lifting)\ DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}dpll_W\text{-}conc\text{-}inv\ mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq\ prod.case\text{-}eq\text{-}if})$

A slightly different version of *DPLL-tot* where the returned boolean indicates the result.

```
{\bf definition}\ \mathit{DPLL-tot-rep}\ {\bf where}
```

```
DPLL-tot-rep S = (let (M, N) = (rough-state-of (DPLL-tot S)) in (\forall A \in set N. (\exists a \in set A. a \in lits-of-l (M)), M))
```

One version of the generated SML code is here, but not included in the generated document. The only differences are:

- export 'a literal from the SML Module Clausal-Logic;
- export the constructor Con from DPLL-W-Implementation;
- export the *int* constructor from *Arith*.

 All these allows to test on the code on some examples.

```
end
theo
```

```
theory CDCL-W-Implementation imports DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation CDCL-W-Termination begin
```

```
notation image-mset (infixr '# 90)
```

```
type-synonym 'a cdcl_W-mark = 'a literal list type-synonym cdcl_W-marked-level = nat
```

```
\label{eq:type-synonym} \begin{tabular}{ll} $v$ cdcl_W$-marked-lit = ('v, cdcl_W$-marked-level, 'v cdcl_W$-mark) marked-lit \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} $type$-synonym 'v cdcl_W$-marked-lits = ('v, cdcl_W$-marked-level, 'v cdcl_W$-mark) marked-lits \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} $type$-synonym 'v cdcl_W$-state = ('v, cdcl_W$-marked-level, 'v cdcl_W$-mark) marked-lits \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} $type$-synonym 'v cdcl_W$-state = ('v, cdcl_W$-marked-level, 'v cdcl_W$-mark) marked-lits \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} $type$-synonym 'v cdcl_W$-marked-level, 'v cdcl_W$-marke
```

'v cdcl $_W$ -marked-lits \times 'v literal list list \times 'v literal list list \times nat \times 'v literal list option

```
abbreviation raw-trail :: 'a × 'b × 'c × 'd × 'e \Rightarrow 'a where raw-trail \equiv (\lambda(M, \cdot), M)
```

abbreviation raw-cons-trail :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e where

```
raw-cons-trail \equiv (\lambda L (M, S), (L \# M, S))
```

abbreviation raw-tl-trail :: 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e where raw-tl-trail $\equiv (\lambda(M, S), (tl M, S))$

```
abbreviation raw-init-clss :: 'a × 'b × 'c × 'd × 'e \Rightarrow 'b where raw-init-clss \equiv \lambda(M, N, \cdot). N
```

abbreviation raw-learned-clss :: $'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'c$ where raw-learned-clss $\equiv \lambda(M, N, U, \cdot)$. U

abbreviation raw-backtrack-lvl :: $a \times b \times c \times d \times e \Rightarrow d$ where

```
raw-backtrack-lvl \equiv \lambda(M, N, U, k, -). k
abbreviation raw-update-backtrack-lvl :: 'd \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e
raw-update-backtrack-lvl \equiv \lambda k \ (M, N, U, -, S). (M, N, U, k, S)
abbreviation raw-conflicting :: a \times b \times c \times d \times e \Rightarrow e where
raw-conflicting \equiv \lambda(M, N, U, k, D). D
abbreviation raw-update-conflicting :: 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e
raw-update-conflicting \equiv \lambda S (M, N, U, k, -). (M, N, U, k, S)
abbreviation raw-add-learned-cls where
raw-add-learned-cls \equiv \lambda C \ (M, N, U, S). \ (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, S)
abbreviation raw-remove-cls where
raw-remove-cls \equiv \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, removeAll-mset C N, removeAll-mset C U, S)
type-synonym 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-st = ('v, nat, 'v literal list) marked-lit list \times
  'v literal list list \times 'v literal list list \times nat \times 'v literal list option
abbreviation raw-S0-cdcl_W N \equiv (([], N, [], 0, None):: 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-st
fun mmset-of-mlit':: ('v, nat, 'v literal list) <math>marked-lit \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit
mmset-of-mlit' (Propagated L C) = Propagated L (mset C)
mmset-of-mlit' (Marked\ L\ i) = Marked\ L\ i
lemma lit-of-mmset-of-mlit'[simp]:
  lit-of (mmset-of-mlit'xa) = lit-of xa
 by (induction xa) auto
abbreviation trail where
trail S \equiv map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ (raw-trail S)
abbreviation clauses-of-l where
clauses-of-l \equiv \lambda L. \ mset \ (map \ mset \ L)
global-interpretation state_W-ops
  mset::'v\ literal\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ clause
  op # remove1
  clauses-of-l op @ \lambda L C. L \in set C op # \lambda C. remove1-cond (\lambda L. mset L = mset C)
  mset \lambda xs ys. case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x \# zs)) xs (ys, []))
  op # remove1
  id id
  \lambda(M, -). map mmset-of-mlit' M \lambda(M, -). hd M
  \lambda(-, N, -). N
 \lambda(-, -, U, -). U
  \lambda(-, -, -, k, -). k
```

 $\lambda(-, -, -, -, C)$. C

```
\lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S)
 \lambda(M, S). (tl M, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, S). (M, C \# N, S)
  \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, C \# U, S)
  \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, filter (\lambda L. mset L \neq mset C) N, filter (\lambda L. mset L \neq mset C) U, S)
  \lambda(k::nat)\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ \text{--},\ D).\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ D)
  \lambda D \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ -). \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ D)
  \lambda N. ([], N, [], \theta, None)
  \lambda(-, N, U, -). ([], N, U, 0, None)
 apply unfold-locales by (auto simp: hd-map comp-def map-tl ac-simps
   union-mset-list mset-map-mset-remove1-cond ex-mset)
lemma mmset-of-mlit'-mmset-of-mlit' l=mmset-of-mlit l
  apply (induct l)
 apply auto
  done
\mathbf{lemma}\ clauses	ext{-}of	ext{-}l	ext{-}filter	ext{-}removeAll:
  clauses-of-l [L \leftarrow a : mset \ L \neq mset \ C] = mset \ (removeAll \ (mset \ C) \ (map \ mset \ a))
  by (induct a) auto
interpretation state_W
  mset::'v\ literal\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ clause
  op # remove1
  clauses-of-l op @ \lambda L C. L \in set C op # \lambda C. remove1-cond (\lambda L. mset L = mset C)
  mset \lambda xs ys. case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x # zs)) xs (ys, []))
  op # remove1
  id id
  \lambda(M, -). map mmset-of-mlit' M \lambda(M, -). hd M
  \lambda(-, N, -). N
  \lambda(-, -, U, -). U
  \lambda(-, -, -, k, -). k
  \lambda(-, -, -, -, C). C
  \lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S)
  \lambda(M, S). (tl M, S)
  \lambda C (M, N, S). (M, C \# N, S)
  \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, C \# U, S)
  \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, filter (\lambda L. mset L \neq mset C) N, filter (\lambda L. mset L \neq mset C) U, S)
  \lambda(k::nat) \ (M,\ N,\ U,\ -,\ D).\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ D)
  \lambda D (M, N, U, k, -). (M, N, U, k, D)
  \lambda N. ([], N, [], \theta, None)
  \lambda(-, N, U, -). ([], N, U, \theta, None)
 apply unfold-locales
  apply (rename-tac S, case-tac S)
 by (auto simp: hd-map comp-def map-tl ac-simps clauses-of-l-filter-removeAll
   mmset-of-mlit'-mmset-of-mlit)
global-interpretation conflict-driven-clause-learning_W
```

 $mset::'v\ literal\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ clause$

```
op # remove1
  clauses-of-l op @ \lambda L C. L \in set C op \# \lambda C. remove1-cond (\lambda L. mset L = mset C)
  mset \lambda xs ys. case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x \# zs)) xs (ys, []))
  op # remove1
  id id
  \lambda(M, -). map mmset-of-mlit' M \lambda(M, -). hd M
  \lambda(-, N, -). N
  \lambda(-, -, U, -). U
  \lambda(-, -, -, k, -). k
  \lambda(-, -, -, -, C). C
  \lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S)
  \lambda(M, S). (tl M, S)
  \lambda C (M, N, S). (M, C \# N, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, C \# U, S)
 \lambda C \ (M, N, U, S). \ (M, filter \ (\lambda L. mset \ L \neq mset \ C) \ N, filter \ (\lambda L. mset \ L \neq mset \ C) \ U, S)
  \lambda(k::nat) \ (M,\ N,\ U,\ -,\ D).\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ D)
 \lambda D (M, N, U, k, -). (M, N, U, k, D)
 \lambda N. ([], N, [], \theta, None)
  \lambda(-, N, U, -). ([], N, U, \theta, None)
 by intro-locales
\mathbf{declare}\ state\text{-}simp[simp\ del]\ raw\text{-}clauses\text{-}def[simp]\ state\text{-}eq\text{-}def[simp]
notation state-eq (infix \sim 50)
term reduce-trail-to
lemma reduce-trail-to-map[simp]:
 reduce-trail-to (map\ f\ M1) = reduce-trail-to M1
 by (rule ext) (auto intro: reduce-trail-to-length)
20.3
          CDCL Implementation
20.3.1
           Types and Additional Lemmas
lemma true-clss-remdups[simp]:
 I \models s \ (mset \circ remdups) \ `N \longleftrightarrow \ I \models s \ mset \ `N
 by (simp add: true-clss-def)
lemma satisfiable-mset-remdups[simp]:
  satisfiable \ ((mset \circ remdups) \ `N) \longleftrightarrow satisfiable \ (mset \ `N)
unfolding satisfiable-carac[symmetric] by simp
We need some functions to convert between our abstract state nat\ cdcl_W-state and the concrete
state v cdcl_W-state-inv-st.
abbreviation convertC :: 'a \ list \ option \Rightarrow 'a \ multiset \ option \ \ \mathbf{where}
convertC \equiv map\text{-}option \ mset
lemma convert-Propagated[elim!]:
  mmset-of-mlit' z = Propagated L C \Longrightarrow (\exists C'. z = Propagated L C' \land C = mset C')
 by (cases z) auto
```

lemma *get-rev-level-map-convert*:

```
get-rev-level (map mmset-of-mlit'M) n x = get-rev-level M n x
 by (induction M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-level-map-convert[simp]:
 get-level (map\ mmset-of-mlit'\ M) = get-level M
 using get-rev-level-map-convert[of rev M] by (simp add: rev-map)
lemma get-rev-level-map-mmsetof-mlit[simp]:
 get-rev-level (map\ mmset-of-mlit M) = get-rev-level M
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto intro!: ext)
lemma get-level-map-mmset of-mlit[simp]:
 get-level (map \ mmset-of-mlit M) = get-level M
 using get-rev-level-map-mmsetof-mlit[of rev M] unfolding rev-map by simp
lemma get-maximum-level-map-convert[simp]:
 get-maximum-level (map mmset-of-mlit'M) D = get-maximum-level MD
 by (induction D) (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-map-convert[simp]:
 get-all-levels-of-marked (map mmset-of-mlit' M) = (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-empty-trail[simp]:
 reduce-trail-to F([], aa, ab, ac, b) = ([], aa, ab, ac, b)
 using reduce-trail-to.simps by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ raw\text{-}trail\text{-}reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\text{-}length\text{-}le:
 assumes length F > length (raw-trail S)
 shows raw-trail (reduce-trail-to F(S) = []
 using assms trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le [of SF]
 by (cases S, cases reduce-trail-to FS) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to:
 reduce-trail-to F S =
   ((if length (raw-trail S) > length F)
   then drop (length (raw-trail S) – length F) (raw-trail S)
   else []), raw-init-clss S, raw-learned-clss S, raw-backtrack-lvl S, raw-conflicting S)
   (is ?S = -)
proof (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 case (1 F S) note IH = this
 show ?case
   proof (cases raw-trail S)
     case Nil
     then show ?thesis using IH by (cases S) auto
     case (Cons\ L\ M)
     then show ?thesis
      apply (cases Suc (length M) > length F)
       prefer 2 using IH reduce-trail-to-length-ne[of S F] apply (cases S) apply auto[]
      apply (subgoal-tac Suc (length M) – length F = Suc (length M - length F))
      using reduce-trail-to-length-ne[of S F] IH by (cases S) (auto simp add:)
   qed
qed
```

Definition an abstract type

```
\mathbf{typedef} \ 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}state\text{-}inv = \{S:: 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}state\text{-}inv\text{-}st. \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv \ S}\}
  morphisms rough-state-of state-of
proof
  show ([],[], [], 0, None) \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S\}
   by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
qed
instantiation cdcl_W-state-inv :: (type) equal
definition equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv :: 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv \Rightarrow 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv \Rightarrow bool where
 equal-cdcl_W-state-inv S S' = (rough-state-of S = rough-state-of S')
instance
 by standard (simp add: rough-state-of-inject equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-def)
end
lemma lits-of-map-convert[simp]: lits-of-l (map\ mmset-of-mlit'\ M) = lits-of-l M
  by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma undefined-lit-map-convert[iff]:
  undefined-lit (map\ mmset-of-mlit'\ M)\ L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit M\ L
  by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map image-image mmset-of-mlit'-mmset-of-mlit)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true-annot-map-convert}[\mathit{simp}] \colon \mathit{map} \ \mathit{mmset-of-mlit'} \ \mathit{M} \ \models \mathit{a} \ \mathit{N} \longleftrightarrow \mathit{M} \ \models \mathit{a} \ \mathit{N}
  by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (simp-all add: true-annot-def
   mmset-of-mlit'-mmset-of-mlit lits-of-def)
lemma true-annots-map-convert[simp]: map mmset-of-mlit' M \models as N \longleftrightarrow M \models as N
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemmas propagateE
lemma find-first-unit-clause-some-is-propagate:
 assumes H: find-first-unit-clause (N @ U) M = Some(L, C)
 shows propagate (M, N, U, k, None) (Propagated L C # M, N, U, k, None)
  using assms
 by (auto dest!: find-first-unit-clause-some intro!: propagate-rule)
20.3.2
            The Transitions
Propagate definition do-propagate-step where
do-propagate-step S =
  (case S of
   (M, N, U, k, None) \Rightarrow
     (case find-first-unit-clause (N @ U) M of
       Some (L, C) \Rightarrow (Propagated \ L \ C \# M, N, U, k, None)
     | None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, None) \rangle
  \mid S \Rightarrow S)
lemma do-propgate-step:
  do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow propagate\ S\ (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S)
 apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
  using find-first-unit-clause-some-is-propagate[of raw-init-clss S raw-learned-clss S]
  by (auto simp add: do-propagate-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma do-propagate-step-option[simp]:
  conflicting S \neq None \Longrightarrow do\text{-propagate-step } S = S
  unfolding do-propagate-step-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S) auto
```

${f thm}\ prod\text{-}cases$

```
lemma do-propagate-step-no-step:
 assumes dist: \forall c \in set (raw\text{-}clauses S). distinct c and
 prop-step: do-propagate-step S = S
 shows no-step propagate S
proof (standard, standard)
 \mathbf{fix} \ T
 assume propagate S T
 then obtain CL where
   toSS: conflicting S = None and
   C: C \in set (raw\text{-}clauses S) and
   L: L \in set \ C \ \mathbf{and}
   MC: raw\text{-}trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ (remove1 \ L \ C)) and
   T: T \sim raw-cons-trail (Propagated L C) S and
   undef: undefined-lit (raw-trail S) L
   apply (cases S rule: prod-cases5)
   by (elim propagateE) simp
 let ?M = raw\text{-}trail\ S
 let ?N = raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss S
 let ?U = raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss S
 let ?k = raw\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl S
 let ?D = None
 have S: S = (?M, ?N, ?U, ?k, ?D)
   using toSS by (cases S, cases conflicting S) simp-all
 have find-first-unit-clause (?N @ ?U) ?M \neq None
   apply (rule dist find-first-unit-clause-none[of C?N @?U?M L, OF -])
       using C \ dist \ apply \ auto[]
      using C apply auto[1]
     using MC apply auto[1]
    using undef apply auto[1]
   using L by auto
 then show False using prop-step S unfolding do-propagate-step-def by (cases S) auto
qed
Conflict fun find-conflict where
find-conflict M [] = None []
find-conflict M (N \# Ns) = (if (\forall c \in set N. -c \in lits-of-l M) then Some N else find-conflict M Ns)
lemma find-conflict-Some:
 find\text{-}conflict\ M\ Ns = Some\ N \Longrightarrow N \in set\ Ns \land M \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ N)
 by (induction Ns rule: find-conflict.induct)
    (auto split: if-split-asm)
lemma find-conflict-None:
 find\text{-}conflict\ M\ Ns = None \longleftrightarrow (\forall\ N\in set\ Ns.\ \neg M\models as\ CNot\ (mset\ N))
 by (induction Ns) auto
lemma find-conflict-None-no-confl:
 find-conflict M (N@U) = None \longleftrightarrow no-step conflict (M, N, U, k, None)
 by (auto simp add: find-conflict-None conflict.simps)
definition do-conflict-step where
do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S =
```

```
(case S of
   (M, N, U, k, None) \Rightarrow
     (case find-conflict M (N @ U) of
       Some a \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, Some a)
      | None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, None))
  \mid S \Rightarrow S)
lemma do-conflict-step:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflict\ S\ (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S)
  apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
  unfolding conflict.simps do-conflict-step-def
  by (auto dest!:find-conflict-Some split: option.splits simp: state-eq-def)
lemma do-conflict-step-no-step:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ conflict\ S
  apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def
  using find-conflict-None-no-confl of raw-trail S raw-init-clss S raw-learned-clss S
     raw-backtrack-lvl S
 by (auto split: option.split elim: conflictE)
lemma do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\text{-}option[simp]:
  conflicting S \neq None \Longrightarrow do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step S = S
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S) auto
lemma do-conflict-step-conflicting[dest]:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflicting\ (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S) \neq None
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S) (auto split: option.splits)
definition do-cp-step where
do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S =
  (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ o\ do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step)\ S
lemma cp-step-is-cdcl_W-cp:
  assumes H: do-cp\text{-}step \ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-cp S (do-cp-step S)
proof -
  show ?thesis
  proof (cases do-conflict-step S \neq S)
   case True
   then have do-propagate-step (do-conflict-step S) = do-conflict-step S
     by auto
   then show ?thesis
     by (auto simp add: do-conflict-step do-conflict-step-conflicting do-cp-step-def True)
  next
   {f case}\ {\it False}
   then have confl[simp]: do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S=S\ \text{by}\ simp\ 
   show ?thesis
     proof (cases do-propagate-step S = S)
       case True
       then show ?thesis
       using H by (simp \ add: \ do-cp-step-def)
     next
       case False
       let ?S = S
```

```
let ?T = (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S)
       let ?U = (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S))
       have propa: propagate S?T using False do-propgate-step by blast
       moreover have ns: no-step conflict S using confl do-conflict-step-no-step by blast
        ultimately show ?thesis
          using cdcl_W-cp.intros(2)[of ?S ?T] confl unfolding do-cp-step-def by auto
      qed
 \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl:
  do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S = S \land do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S = S
  by (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
    (auto simp add: do-conflict-step-def do-propagate-step-def do-cp-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma no\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}no\text{-}propagate\text{-}no\text{-}conflict:}
  no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ S\longleftrightarrow no\text{-}step\ propagate\ S\land no\text{-}step\ conflict\ S
  by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
lemma do-cp-step-eq-no-step:
  assumes
    H: do\text{-}cp\text{-}step \ S = S \ \text{and}
    \forall c \in set \ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S \ @ \ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S). \ distinct \ c
  shows no-step cdcl_W-cp S
  unfolding no\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}no\text{-}propagate\text{-}no\text{-}conflict
  using assms apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
  using do-propagate-step-no-step[of S]
  by (auto dest!: do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl[simplified] do-conflict-step-no-step
    split: option.splits)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-st: cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
  by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state[simp]: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (rough-state-of S)
  using rough-state-of by auto
lemma [simp]: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of\ S) = S
 by (simp add: state-of-inverse)
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step[<math>simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S))
    apply (cases\ do\ cp\ step\ (rough\ state\ of\ S) = (rough\ state\ of\ S))
     apply simp
    using cp-step-is-cdcl_W-cp[of\ rough-state-of S]\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state[of S]
    cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-st rtrancl_p-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed
\mathbf{Skip} \quad \mathbf{fun} \ \textit{do-skip-step} :: 'v \ \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-state-inv-st} \ \Rightarrow 'v \ \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-state-inv-st} \ \mathbf{where}
do-skip-step (Propagated L C \# Ls,N,U,k, Some D) =
  (if -L \notin set \ D \land D \neq []
  then (Ls, N, U, k, Some D)
  else (Propagated L C \#Ls, N, U, k, Some D))
```

```
do-skip-step S = S
lemma do-skip-step:
  do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow skip\ S\ (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S)
 apply (induction S rule: do-skip-step.induct)
 by (auto simp add: skip.simps)
lemma do-skip-step-no:
  do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ skip\ S
 by (induction S rule: do-skip-step.induct)
    (auto simp add: other split: if-split-asm elim!: skipE)
lemma do-skip-step-trail-is-None[iff]:
  do-skip-step S = (a, b, c, d, None) \longleftrightarrow S = (a, b, c, d, None)
 by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases) auto
Resolve fun maximum-level-code:: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'b) marked-lit list \Rightarrow nat
  where
maximum-level-code [] - = 0 |
maximum-level-code (L \# Ls) M = max (get-level M L) (maximum-level-code Ls M)
lemma maximum-level-code-eq-get-maximum-level[simp]:
 maximum-level-code D M = get-maximum-level M (mset D)
 by (induction D) (auto simp add: qet-maximum-level-plus)
lemma [code]:
 fixes M :: ('a::\{type\}, nat, 'b) marked-lit list
 shows get-maximum-level M (mset D) = maximum-level-code D M
 by simp
fun do-resolve-step :: 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-st \Rightarrow 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-st where
do-resolve-step (Propagated L C \# Ls, N, U, k, Some D) =
  (if -L \in set \ D \land maximum-level-code \ (remove1 \ (-L) \ D) \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ Ls) = k
  then (Ls, N, U, k, Some (remdups (remove1 L C @ remove1 <math>(-L) D)))
  else (Propagated L C \# Ls, N, U, k, Some D))
do-resolve-step S = S
lemma do-resolve-step:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow do-resolve-step S \neq S
    \Rightarrow resolve S (do-resolve-step S)
proof (induction S rule: do-resolve-step.induct)
  case (1 L C M N U k D)
  then have
   LD: -L \in set \ D and
   M: maximum-level-code \ (remove1 \ (-L) \ D) \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ M) = k
   by (cases mset D - \{\#-L\#\} = \{\#\},\
       auto\ dest!:\ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}exists\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level[of\text{-}Propagated\ L\ C\ \#\ M]}
       split: if-split-asm)+
 have every-mark-is-a-conflict (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, Some D)
   using 1(1) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by fast
  then have LC: L \in set \ C by fastforce
  then obtain C' where C: mset\ C = C' + \{\#L\#\}
   by (metis add.commute in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
  obtain D' where D: mset\ D = D' + \{\#-L\#\}
   using \langle L \in set \ D \rangle by (metis add.commute in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
```

```
have D'L: D' + \{\#-L\#\} - \{\#-L\#\} = D' by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
 have CL: mset\ C - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} = mset\ C\ using\ (L \in set\ C)\ by\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ multiset-eq-iff)
 have max: get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \# map mmset-of-mlit' M) D' = k
   using M[simplified] unfolding maximum-level-code-eq-qet-maximum-level C[symmetric] CL
   by (metis\ D\ D'L\ qet\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}map\text{-}convert\ list.simps}(9)\ mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit'.simps}(1))
  have distinct-mset (mset C) and distinct-mset (mset D)
   using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ Some \ D) \rangle
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
   by auto
  then have conf: (mset\ C - \{\#L\#\})\ \#\cup\ (mset\ D - \{\#-L\#\}) =
   remdups-mset \ (mset \ C - \{\#L\#\} + (mset \ D - \{\#-L\#\}))
   by (auto simp: distinct-mset-rempdups-union-mset)
 show ?case
   apply (rule resolve-rule)
   using LC LD max M conf C D by (auto simp: subset-mset.sup.commute)
qed auto
lemma do-resolve-step-no:
  do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ resolve\ S
 apply (cases S; cases (raw-trail S); cases raw-conflicting S)
 by (auto
   elim!: resolveE split: if-split-asm
   dest!: union-single-eq-member
   simp del: in-multiset-in-set get-maximum-level-map-convert
   simp: get-maximum-level-map-convert[symmetric] do-resolve-step)
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-resolve[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-resolve-step S)) = do-resolve-step S
 apply (rule state-of-inverse)
 apply (cases do-resolve-step S = S)
  apply simp
  by (blast dest: other resolve bj do-resolve-step cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
lemma do-resolve-step-trail-is-None[iff]:
  do\text{-resolve-step }S=(a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ None)\longleftrightarrow S=(a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ None)
 by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases) auto
Backjumping fun find-level-decomp where
find-level-decomp M \mid D \mid k = None \mid
find-level-decomp M (L \# Ls) D k =
 (case (get-level M L, maximum-level-code (D @ Ls) M) of
   (i,j) \Rightarrow \textit{if } i = k \, \land \, j < \textit{i then Some } (\mathit{L},\mathit{j}) \textit{ else find-level-decomp M Ls } (\mathit{L\#D}) \textit{ k}
lemma find-level-decomp-some:
 assumes find-level-decomp M Ls D k = Some(L, j)
 shows L \in set\ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ (remove1\ L\ (Ls\ @\ D))) = j \land get\text{-}level\ M\ L = k
 using assms
proof (induction Ls arbitrary: D)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons L' Ls) note IH = this(1) and H = this(2)
```

```
\operatorname{def} find \equiv (if \ get\text{-}level \ M \ L' \neq k \ \lor \ \neg \ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ (mset \ D + mset \ Ls) < get\text{-}level \ M \ L'
       then find-level-decomp M Ls (L' \# D) k
       else Some (L', get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ D+mset\ Ls)))
    have a1: \bigwedge D. find-level-decomp M Ls D k = Some(L, j) \Longrightarrow
         L \in set \ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ (mset \ Ls + mset \ D - \{\#L\#\}) = j \land get\text{-}level \ M \ L = k
       using IH by simp
    have a2: find = Some(L, j)
       using H unfolding find-def by (auto split: if-split-asm)
    { assume Some (L', get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ D+mset\ Ls)) \neq find}
       then have f3: L \in set\ Ls and get-maximum-level M (mset Ls + mset\ (L' \# D) - \{\#L\#\} = j
           using a1 IH a2 unfolding find-def by meson+
       moreover then have mset\ Ls + mset\ D - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\} = \{\#L'\#\} + mset\ D + (mset\ Ls
-\{\#L\#\}
           by (auto simp: ac-simps multiset-eq-iff Suc-leI)
       ultimately have f4: get-maximum-level M (mset Ls + mset D - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\}) = j
           by (metis add.commute diff-union-single-conv in-multiset-in-set mset.simps(2))
    } note f_4 = this
    have \{\#L'\#\} + (mset\ Ls + mset\ D) = mset\ Ls + (mset\ D + \{\#L'\#\})
           by (auto simp: ac-simps)
    then have
       (L = L' \longrightarrow get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ Ls + mset\ D) = j \land get\text{-}level\ M\ L' = k) and
       (L \neq L' \longrightarrow L \in set \ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ (mset \ Ls + mset \ D - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\}) = j \land M \cap \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\} + \{\#L'\#\} = j \land M \cap \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\} + \{\#L'\#
           get-level M L = k)
       using f4 a2 a1 [of L' \# D] unfolding find-def by (metis (no-types) add-diff-cancel-left'
           mset.simps(2) option.inject prod.inject union-commute)+
   then show ?case by simp
qed
lemma find-level-decomp-none:
   assumes find-level-decomp M Ls E k = None and mset (L \# D) = mset (Ls @ E)
   shows \neg(L \in set \ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ (mset \ D) < k \land k = get\text{-}level \ M \ L)
   using assms
proof (induction Ls arbitrary: E L D)
   case Nil
   then show ?case by simp
next
   case (Cons L' Ls) note IH = this(1) and find-none = this(2) and LD = this(3)
   have mset\ D + \{\#L'\#\} = mset\ E + (mset\ Ls + \{\#L'\#\}) \implies mset\ D = mset\ E + mset\ Ls
       by (metis add-right-imp-eq union-assoc)
    then show ?case
       using find-none IH[of L' \# E L D] LD by (auto simp add: ac-simps split: if-split-asm)
qed
fun bt-cut where
bt-cut\ i\ (Propagated - - \#\ Ls) = bt-cut\ i\ Ls\ |
bt-cut\ i\ (Marked\ K\ k\ \#\ Ls) = (if\ k = Suc\ i\ then\ Some\ (Marked\ K\ k\ \#\ Ls)\ else\ bt-cut\ i\ Ls)\ |
bt-cut i [] = None
lemma bt-cut-some-decomp:
    bt-cut i M = Some M' \Longrightarrow \exists K M2 M1. M = M2 @ M' \land M' = Marked K <math>(i+1) \# M1
   by (induction i M rule: bt-cut.induct) (auto split: if-split-asm)
lemma bt-cut-not-none: M = M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) \# M' \Longrightarrow bt-cut i M \neq None
   by (induction M2 arbitrary: M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ get	ext{-}all	ext{-}marked	ext{-}decomposition	ext{-}ex:
  \exists N. (Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \ \# \ M', \ N) \in set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (M2@Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \ \# M')
M'))
 apply (induction M2 rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
 by (rename-tac L m xs, case-tac qet-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ Marked K (Suc i) # M'))
  auto
{f lemma}\ bt	ext{-}cut	ext{-}in	ext{-}get	ext{-}all	ext{-}marked	ext{-}decomposition:
  bt-cut i M = Some M' \Longrightarrow \exists M2. (M', M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 by (auto dest!: bt-cut-some-decomp simp add: get-all-marked-decomposition-ex)
fun do-backtrack-step where
do-backtrack-step (M, N, U, k, Some D) =
  (case find-level-decomp MD [] k of
   None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, Some D)
  | Some (L, j) \Rightarrow
   (case bt-cut j M of
     Some (Marked - - # Ls) \Rightarrow (Propagated L D # Ls, N, D # U, j, None)
    | - \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, Some D) \rangle
do-backtrack-step S = S
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert}:
  (get-all-marked-decomposition (map mmset-of-mlit' M)) =
   map (\lambda(a, b), (map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ a, map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ b)) (qet-all-marked-decomposition \ M)
 apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply simp
 by (rename-tac L l xs, case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition xs; auto)+
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}backtrack\text{-}step\text{:}
 assumes
   db: do-backtrack-step S \neq S and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows backtrack S (do-backtrack-step S)
 proof (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S, goal-cases)
   case (1 \ M \ N \ U \ k \ E)
   then show ?case using db by auto
   case (2 M N U k E C) note S = this(1) and confl = this(2)
   have E: E = Some \ C using S confl by auto
   obtain L j where fd: find-level-decomp M C [] k = Some (L, j)
     using db unfolding S E by (cases C) (auto split: if-split-asm option.splits)
   have
     L \in set \ C \ \mathbf{and}
     j: get-maximum-level M \ (mset \ (remove1 \ L \ C)) = j \ and
     levL: qet-level M L = k
     using find-level-decomp-some[OF fd] by auto
   obtain C' where C: mset\ C = mset\ C' + \{\#L\#\}
     using \langle L \in set \ C \rangle by (metis add.commute ex-mset in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
   obtain M_2 where M_2: bt-cut j M = Some M_2
     using db fd unfolding S E by (auto split: option.splits)
   obtain M1 K where M1: M_2 = Marked K (Suc j) \# M1
     using bt-cut-some-decomp[OF\ M_2] by (cases\ M_2) auto
```

```
obtain c where c: M = c @ Marked K (Suc j) # M1
      using bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition[OF <math>M_2]
      unfolding M1 by fastforce
   have get-all-levels-of-marked (map mmset-of-mlit' M) = rev [1..<Suc k]
     using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S by auto
   from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this,\ of\ \lambda a.\ Suc\ j\in set\ a]\ \mathbf{have}\ j\leq k\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ c\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
   have max-l-j: maximum-level-code C'M = j
     using db fd M_2 C unfolding S E by (auto
         split: option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits
         dest!: find-level-decomp-some)[1]
   have get-maximum-level M (mset C) > k
     using \langle L \in set \ C \rangle \ levL \ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}ge\text{-}get\text{-}level} by (metis \ set\text{-}mset\text{-}mset)
   moreover have get-maximum-level M (mset C) \leq k
     using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[of mset CM] inv
       cdcl_W-M-level-inv-get-level-le-backtrack-lvl[of S]
     unfolding C \ cdcl_W \ -all \ -struct \ -inv \ -def \ S by (auto dest: sym[of \ get \ -evel \ --])
   ultimately have get-maximum-level M (mset C) = k by auto
   obtain M2 where M2: (M_2, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
     using bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition [OF M_2] by metis
   have decomp:
     (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ (get-maximum-level\ M\ (remove1-mset\ L\ (mset\ C))))\ \#\ (map\ mmset-of-mlit'\ M1),
     (map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ M2)) \in
     set (get-all-marked-decomposition (map mmset-of-mlit' M))
     using imageI[of - -\lambda(a, b)]. (map\ mmset-of-mlit'\ a,\ map\ mmset-of-mlit'\ b),\ OF\ M2]\ j
     unfolding S E M1 by (auto simp add: get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert)
   have red: (reduce-trail-to (map mmset-of-mlit' M1)
     (M, N, C \# U, get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level M (remove1\text{-}mset L (mset C)), None))
     = (M1, N, C \# U, get\text{-maximum-level } M \text{ (remove 1-mset } L \text{ (mset } C)), None)
    using M2 M1 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to)
   show ?case
     apply (rule backtrack-rule)
     using M_2 fd confl \langle L \in set \ C \rangle j decomp levL \langle get\text{-maximum-level} \ M \ (mset \ C) = k \rangle
     unfolding S E M1 apply (auto simp: mset-map)[6]
     {\bf unfolding}\ \textit{CDCL-W-Implementation.state-eq-def}
     using M_2 fd confl \langle L \in set \ C \rangle j decomp levL \langle get-maximum-level M (mset C) = k \rangle red
     unfolding S E M1
     by auto
qed
lemma map-eq-list-length:
 map\ f\ L = L' \Longrightarrow length\ L = length\ L'
 by auto
lemma map-mmset-of-mlit-eq-cons:
 assumes map mmset-of-mlit' M = a @ c
 obtains a' c' where
    M = a' @ c' and
    a = map \; mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit' \; a' \; and
    c = map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ c'
 using that[of take (length a) M drop (length a) M]
  assms by (metis append-eq-conv-conj append-take-drop-id drop-map take-map)
lemma do-backtrack-step-no:
 assumes
```

```
db: do-backtrack-step S = S and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step backtrack S
proof (rule ccontr, cases S, cases conflicting S, goal-cases)
 case 1
 then show ?case using db by (auto split: option.splits elim: backtrackE)
next
 case (2 M N U k E C) note bt = this(1) and S = this(2) and confl = this(3)
 obtain K j M1 M2 L D where
   CE: raw-conflicting S = Some D and
   LD: L \in \# mset D and
   decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ j)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) and
   levL: get-level (raw-trail S) L = raw-backtrack-lvl S and
   k: get-level (raw-trail S) L = get-maximum-level (raw-trail S) (mset D) and
   j: qet-maximum-level (raw-trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset D)) \equiv i and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L
   using bt apply clarsimp
   apply (elim backtrack-levE)
    using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply fast
   apply (cases S)
   by (auto simp add: get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert)
 obtain c where c: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc j) \# M1
   using decomp by blast
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ k]
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def S by auto
 from arg-cong[OF this, of \lambda a. Suc j \in set a] have k > j
   unfolding c by (auto simp: get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert)
 have [simp]: L \in set D
   using LD by auto
 have CD: C = mset D
   using CE confl by auto
 obtain D' where
   E: E = Some D and
   DD': mset D = \{\#L\#\} + mset D'
   using that[of remove1 L D]
   using S CE confl LD by (auto simp add: insert-DiffM)
 have find-level-decomp MD [] k \neq None
   apply rule
   apply (drule find-level-decomp-none[of - - - L D'])
   using DD' \langle k > j \rangle mset-eq-setD S levL unfolding k[symmetric] j[symmetric]
   by (auto simp: ac-simps)
 then obtain L'j' where fd-some: find-level-decomp MD \mid k = Some(L', j')
   by (cases find-level-decomp MD [] k) auto
 have L': L' = L
   proof (rule ccontr)
    assume ¬ ?thesis
    then have L' \in \# mset (remove1 \ L \ D)
      by (metis fd-some find-level-decomp-some in-set-remove1 set-mset-mset)
    then have get-level M L' \leq get-maximum-level M (mset (remove1 L D))
      using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
    then show False using \langle k > j \rangle if find-level-decomp-some [OF fd-some] S DD' by auto
 then have j': j' = j using find-level-decomp-some [OF fd-some] j S DD' by auto
```

```
obtain c' M1' where cM: M = c' @ Marked K (Suc j) # M1'
   apply (rule map-mmset-of-mlit-eq-cons[of M c @ M2 Marked K (Suc j) \# M1])
     using c S apply simp
   apply (rule map-mmset-of-mlit-eq-cons[of - [Marked K (Suc j)] M1])
    apply auto[]
   apply (rename-tac a b' aa b, case-tac aa)
    apply auto[]
   apply (rename-tac a b' aa b, case-tac aa)
   by auto
 have btc-none: bt-cut j M \neq None
   apply (rule bt-cut-not-none[of M])
   using cM by simp
 show ?case using db unfolding S E
   by (auto split: option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits
     simp\ add: fd-some\ L'\ j'\ btc-none
     dest: bt-cut-some-decomp)
qed
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-backtrack[simp]:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows rough-state-of (state-of (do-backtrack-step S))= do-backtrack-step S
proof (rule state-of-inverse)
 have f2: backtrack S (do-backtrack-step S) \vee do-backtrack-step S = S
   using do-backtrack-step inv by blast
 have \bigwedge p. \neg cdcl_W - o S p \lor cdcl_W - all - struct - inv p
   using inv \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv other by blast
 then have do-backtrack-step S = S \lor cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (do-backtrack-step S)
   using f2 inv cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros by blast
 then show do-backtrack-step S \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S\}
   using inv by fastforce
qed
Decide fun do-decide-step where
do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None) =
 (case find-first-unused-var N (lits-of-l M) of
   None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, None)
 | Some L \Rightarrow (Marked L (Suc k) \# M, N, U, k+1, None)) |
do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S
lemma do-decide-step:
 fixes S :: 'v \ cdcl_W-state-inv-st
 assumes do-decide-step S \neq S
 shows decide\ S\ (do\ decide\ step\ S)
 using assms
 apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
 apply (auto split: option.splits simp add: decide.simps Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
        dest: find-first-unused-var-undefined find-first-unused-var-Some
        intro:)[1]
 fix a :: ('v, nat, 'v literal list) marked-lit list and
       b:: 'v \ literal \ list \ list \ and \ c:: 'v \ literal \ list \ list \ and
      d :: nat  and e :: 'v  literal  list  option
   fix a :: ('v, nat, 'v literal list) marked-lit list and
```

```
b:: 'v \ literal \ list \ list \ and \ \ c:: 'v \ literal \ list \ list \ and
        d :: nat \text{ and } x2 :: 'v \text{ literal and } m :: 'v \text{ literal list}
    assume a1: m \in set b
    assume x2 \in set m
    then have f2: atm\text{-}of \ x2 \in atm\text{-}of \ (mset \ m)
      by simp
    have \bigwedge f. (f m::'v clause) \in f 'set b
      using a1 by blast
    then have \bigwedge f. (atms-of\ (f\ m)::'v\ set) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ (f\ `set\ b)
      by simp
    then have \bigwedge n f. (n::'v) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms (f `set b) \lor n \notin atms\text{-}of (f m)
      by (meson\ contra-subset D)
    then have atm\text{-}of \ x2 \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (mset \ `set \ b)
      using f2 by blast
  } note H = this
    fix m :: 'v \ literal \ list \ and \ x2
    have m \in set \ b \Longrightarrow x2 \in set \ m \Longrightarrow x2 \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ a \Longrightarrow -x2 \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ a \Longrightarrow
      \exists aa \in set \ b. \ \neg \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ aa \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ a
      by (meson\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}in\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}set\text{-}in\text{-}uminus\ contra\text{-}subsetD\ rev\text{-}image\text{-}eq}I)
  } note H' = this
 assume do-decide-step S \neq S and
     S = (a, b, c, d, e) and
     conflicting S = None
  then show decide S (do-decide-step S)
    using HH' by (auto split: option.splits simp: lits-of-def decide.simps
      Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
      dest!: find-first-unused-var-Some)
qed
lemma mmset-of-mlit'-eq-Marked[iff]: mmset-of-mlit' z = Marked x k \longleftrightarrow z = Marked x k
  by (cases z) auto
lemma do-decide-step-no:
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ decide\ S
  apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
 apply (auto simp: atms-of-ms-mset-unfold Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l lits-of-def
      dest!: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus
      elim!: decideE
      split: option.splits)+
using atm-of-eq-atm-of by blast
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-decide-step[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-decide-step S)) = do-decide-step S
proof (subst state-of-inverse, goal-cases)
  case 1
  then show ?case
    by (cases do-decide-step S = S)
      (auto dest: do-decide-step decide other intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)
qed simp
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-skip-step[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-skip-step S)) = do-skip-step S
```

```
apply (subst state-of-inverse, cases do-skip-step S = S)
apply simp
by (blast dest: other skip bj do-skip-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)+
```

20.3.3 Code generation

Type definition There are two invariants: one while applying conflict and propagate and one

```
for the other rules
declare rough-state-of-inverse[simp add]
definition Con where
  Con xs = state-of (if cdcl_W-all-struct-inv xs then xs else ([], [], [], 0, None))
lemma [code abstype]:
 Con (rough-state-of S) = S
 using rough-state-of [of S] unfolding Con-def by simp
definition do-cy-step' where
do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S = state\text{-}of (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S))
typedef'v\ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state = \{S:: v\ cdcl_W-state-inv-st. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  \land cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (raw\text{-}S0\text{-}cdcl_W (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss S)) S
 morphisms rough-state-from-init-state-of state-from-init-state-of
proof
  show ([],[], [], \theta, None) \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \}
   \land cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (raw\text{-}S0\text{-}cdcl_W (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss S)) S
   by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
qed
instantiation cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state :: (type) equal
begin
definition equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-from-init-state :: 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow
  v \ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
 equal\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\ S\ S'\longleftrightarrow
   (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S=rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S')
instance
  by standard (simp add: rough-state-from-init-state-of-inject
    equal-cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state-def)
end
definition ConI where
  ConI S = state-from-init-state-of (if cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S)
   \land cdcl_W-stgy** (raw-S0-cdcl<sub>W</sub> (raw-init-clss S)) S then S else ([], [], [], 0, None))
lemma [code abstype]:
  ConI (rough-state-from-init-state-of S) = S
  using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] unfolding ConI-def
  by (simp add: rough-state-from-init-state-of-inverse)
definition id-of-I-to:: 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow 'v cdcl_W-state-inv where
id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\ S = state\text{-}of\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)
lemma [code abstract]:
  rough-state-of (id-of-I-to S) = rough-state-from-init-state-of S
  unfolding id-of-I-to-def using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
```

```
Conflict and Propagate function do-full1-cp-step :: 'v \ cdcl_W-state-inv \Rightarrow 'v \ cdcl_W-sta
where
do-full1-cp-step S =
   (let S' = do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S in
     if S = S' then S else do-full1-cp-step S')
by auto
termination
proof (relation \{(T', T). (rough\text{-state-of } T', rough\text{-state-of } T) \in \{(S', S).
   (S', S) \in \{(S', S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \land cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S'\}\}\}, \ goal - cases)
   case 1
   show ?case
       using wf-if-measure-f[OF\ wf-if-measure-f[OF\ cdcl_W-cp-wf-all-inv, of ], of rough-state-of].
\mathbf{next}
    case (2 S' S)
   then show ?case
       unfolding do-cp-step'-def
       apply simp
       by (metis\ cp\text{-}step\text{-}is\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}inverse})
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}fix\text{-}point\text{-}of\text{-}do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{:}
    do-cp-step(rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S)) = rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S)
   by (rule do-full1-cp-step.induct[of \lambda S. do-cp-step(rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
             = rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step S)])
       (metis (full-types) do-full1-cp-step.elims rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step do-cp-step'-def)
{f lemma} in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct:
    c \in set \ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S) \ @ \ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S)) \implies distinct \ c
   apply (cases rough-state-of S)
   using rough-state-of [of S] by (auto simp add: distinct-mset-set-distinct cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
       distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
lemma do-full1-cp-step-full:
   full\ cdcl_W-cp (rough-state-of S)
       (rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S))
    unfolding full-def
proof (rule conjI, induction S rule: do-full1-cp-step.induct)
   case (1 S)
   then have f1:
           cdcl_W-cp^{**} ((do-cp-step (rough-state-of S))) (
                (rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ (state-of\ (do-cp-step\ (rough-state-of\ S))))))
           \vee state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) = S
       using rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step[of S] unfolding do-cp-step'-def by fastforce
   have f2: \land c. (if c = state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of c))
             then c else do-full1-cp-step (state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of c))))
         = do-full1-cp-step c
       by (metis (full-types) do-cp-step'-def do-full1-cp-step.simps)
    have f3: \neg cdcl_W - cp \ (rough-state-of S) \ (do-cp-step \ (rough-state-of S))
       \vee state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) = S
       \vee cdcl_W - cp^{++} (rough-state-of S)
               (rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ (state-of\ (do-cp-step\ (rough-state-of\ S)))))
       using f1 by (meson rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
    { assume do-full1-cp-step S \neq S
       then have do-cp-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
               \longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp^{**} \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S) \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S))
```

```
\lor do\text{-}cp\text{-}step \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S) \neq rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S
       \land state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) \neq S
     using f2 f1 by (metis (no-types))
   then have do-cp-step (rough-state-of S) \neq rough-state-of S
      \land state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) \neq S
     \vee \ cdcl_W - cp^{**} \ (rough-state-of \ S) \ (rough-state-of \ (do-full1-cp-step \ S))
     by (metis rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step)
   then have cdcl_W-cp^{**} (rough-state-of S) (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
     using f3 f2 by (metis (no-types) cp-step-is-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp tranclp-into-rtranclp) }
  then show ?case
   by fastforce
next
 show no-step cdcl_W-cp (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
   apply (rule do-cp-step-eq-no-step[OF do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step[of S]])
   using in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct unfolding do-cp-step'-def by blast
qed
lemma [code abstract]:
rough-state-of (do-cp-step' S) = do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)
unfolding do-cp-step'-def by auto
The other rules fun do-other-step where
do-other-step S =
  (let T = do-skip-step S in
    if T \neq S
    then T
    else
      (let \ U = do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step \ T \ in
      if U \neq T
      then U else
      (let V = do-backtrack-step U in
      if V \neq U then V else do-decide-step V)))
lemma do-other-step:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
  st: do\text{-}other\text{-}step \ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-o S (do-other-step S)
  using st inv by (auto split: if-split-asm
   simp add: Let-def
   intro: do-skip-step do-resolve-step do-backtrack-step do-decide-step
    cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros)
lemma do-other-step-no:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
 st: do-other-step S = S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-o S
 using st inv by (auto split: if-split-asm elim: cdcl_W-bjE
   simp\ add: Let-def cdcl_W-bj.simps\ elim!: cdcl_W-o.cases
   dest!: do-skip-step-no do-resolve-step-no do-backtrack-step-no do-decide-step-no)
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-other-step[simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (do-other-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-other-step (rough-state-of S)
proof (cases do-other-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S)
 case True
 then show ?thesis by simp
```

```
next
  case False
 have cdcl_W-o (rough-state-of S) (do-other-step (rough-state-of S))
   by (metis False cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state do-other-step[of rough-state-of S])
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (do-other-step (rough-state-of S))
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state other by blast
  then show ?thesis
   by (simp add: CollectI state-of-inverse)
qed
definition do-other-step' where
do-other-step' S =
  state-of\ (do-other-step\ (rough-state-of\ S))
lemma rough-state-of-do-other-step'[code abstract]:
rough-state-of (do-other-step' S) = do-other-step (rough-state-of S)
apply (cases do-other-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S)
  unfolding do-other-step'-def apply simp
using do-other-step[of rough-state-of S] by (auto intro: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
  cdcl_W\textit{-}all\textit{-}struct\textit{-}inv\textit{-}rough\textit{-}state\textit{ other state-of-inverse})
definition do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step where
do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S =
  (let \ T = do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step \ S \ in
    if T \neq S
    then T
    else
      (let \ U = (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ T)\ in
       (do-full1-cp-step\ U)))
definition do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' where
do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' S = state-from-init-state-of (rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (id-of-I-to S)))
lemma toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq: do-full1-cp-step S \neq S \Longrightarrow
   rough-state-of S \neq rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)
proof -
 assume a1: do-full1-cp-step S \neq S
  then have S \neq do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S
   \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{fastforce}
 then show ?thesis
   by (metis (no-types) do-cp-step'-def do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step
     rough-state-of-inverse)
qed
do-full1-cp-step should not be unfolded anymore:
declare do-full1-cp-step.simps[simp del]
Correction of the transformation lemma do-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
 assumes do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-of S) (rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step S))
proof (cases do-full1-cp-step S = S)
 case False
 then show ?thesis
   using assms do-full1-cp-step-full[of S] unfolding full-unfold do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy.intros dest: toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq)
```

```
next
  case True
 have cdcl_W-o (rough-state-of S) (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S))
   by (smt\ True\ assms\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -rough\ -state\ do\ -cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -step\ -def\ do\ -other\ -step
     rough-state-of-do-other-step' rough-state-of-inverse)
  moreover
   have
     np: no-step propagate (rough-state-of S) and
     nc: no-step conflict (rough-state-of S)
       apply (metis True cdcl_W-cp.simps do-cp-step-eq-no-step
        do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct)
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{True}\ \mathit{do-conflict-step-no-step}\ \mathit{do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl}
       do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step)
   then have no-step cdcl_W-cp (rough-state-of S)
     by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps)
 moreover have full cdcl_W-cp (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S))
   (rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ (do-other-step'\ S)))
   using do-full1-cp-step-full by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using assms True unfolding do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy.other' dest: toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{do-skip-step-trail-changed-or-conflict}:
 assumes d: do-other-step S \neq S
 and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows trail S \neq trail (do-other-step S)
proof -
 have M: \bigwedge M \ K \ M1 \ c. \ M = c @ K \# M1 \Longrightarrow Suc (length M1) \leq length M
   by auto
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have cdcl_W-o S (do-other-step S) using do-other-step [OF inv d].
  then show ?thesis
   using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv S \rangle
   proof (induction do-other-step S rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o-induct-lev2)
     case decide
     then show ?thesis
      apply (cases S)
      apply (auto dest!: find-first-unused-var-Some
        simp: split: option.splits)
      by (meson atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set contra-subsetD)
   next
   case (skip)
   then show ?case
     by (cases S; cases do-other-step S) force
   next
     case (resolve)
     then show ?case
       by (cases S, cases do-other-step S) force
   next
      case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D) note decomp = this(1) and confl-S = this(3) and undef =
this(6)
       and U = this(7)
     then show ?case
```

```
apply (cases do-other-step S)
       apply (auto split: if-split-asm simp: Let-def)
           apply (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases; auto split: if-split-asm)
          apply (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases; auto split: if-split-asm)
          apply (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases;
            auto split: if-split-asm option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits
              dest!: bt-cut-some-decomp simp: Let-def)
       using d apply (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases; auto split: option.splits)
       done
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}induct:
  (\bigwedge S. (S \neq do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S) \Longrightarrow P (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S)) \Longrightarrow P S) \Longrightarrow P a0
  {f using}\ do	ext{-}full 1	ext{-}cp	ext{-}step.induct\ {f by}\ met is
lemma do-cp-step-neg-trail-increase:
  \exists c. \ raw\text{-trail} \ (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step \ S) = c \ @ \ raw\text{-}trail \ S \ \land (\forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ m)
  by (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
     (auto simp add: do-cp-step-def do-conflict-step-def do-propagate-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma do-full 1-cp-step-neq-trail-increase:
  \exists c. raw\text{-}trail (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step S)) = c @ raw\text{-}trail (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S)
   \land (\forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ m)
 apply (induction rule: do-full1-cp-step-induct)
  apply (rename-tac S, case-tac do-cp-step' S = S)
   apply (simp add: do-full1-cp-step.simps)
  by (smt Un-iff append-assoc do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-neq-trail-increase do-full1-cp-step.simps
   rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step set-append)
lemma do-cp-step-conflicting:
  conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq None \Longrightarrow do-cp-step' S = S
  unfolding do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-def by simp
lemma do-full1-cp-step-conflicting:
  conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq None \Longrightarrow do-full1-cp-step S = S
  unfolding do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-def
  apply (induction rule: do-full1-cp-step-induct)
  by (rename-tac S, case-tac S \neq do-cp-step' S)
  (auto simp add: do-full1-cp-step.simps do-cp-step-conflicting)
{\bf lemma}\ do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide\text{:}}
  assumes
    conflicting S = None  and
    do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S \neq S
  shows Suc (length (filter is-marked (raw-trail S)))
    = length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (do-decide-step S)))
  using assms unfolding do-other-step'-def
  by (cases S) (force simp: Let-def split: if-split-asm option.splits
     dest!: find-first-unused-var-Some-not-all-incl)
lemma do-decide-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide-bt:
  assumes conflicting S \neq None and
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S \neq S
```

```
shows length (filter is-marked (raw-trail S)) <
   length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (do-decide-step S)))
 using assms unfolding do-other-step'-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S)
   (auto simp add: Let-def split: if-split-asm option.splits)
lemma do-other-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide-bt:
 assumes
   conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq None and
   conflicting (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)) = None  and
   do-other-step' S \neq S
 shows length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of S)))
   > length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S))))
proof (cases S, goal-cases)
 case (1 \ y) note S = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 obtain M N U k E where y: y = (M, N, U, k, Some E)
   using assms(1) S inv by (cases y, cases conflicting y) auto
 have M: rough-state-of (state-of (M, N, U, k, Some E)) = (M, N, U, k, Some E)
   using inv y by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
 have bt: do-other-step' S = state-of (do-backtrack-step (rough-state-of S))
   proof (cases rough-state-of S rule: do-decide-step.cases)
     case 1
     then show ?thesis
       using assms(1,2) by auto[]
   next
     case (2 \ v \ vb \ vd \ vf \ vh)
     have f3: \land c. (if do-skip-step (rough-state-of c) \neq rough-state-of c
       then do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)
       else if do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)) \neq do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)
           then do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c))
           else if do-backtrack-step (do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)))
            \neq do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c))
           then do-backtrack-step (do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)))
           else do-decide-step (do-backtrack-step (do-resolve-step
            (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ c)))))
      = rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (do\text{-}other\text{-}step' c)
      by (simp add: rough-state-of-do-other-step')
       (raw-trail\ (rough-state-of\ (do-other-step'\ S)),
       raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)),
        raw-learned-clss (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)),
        raw-backtrack-lvl (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S)), None)
      = rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)
      using assms(2) by (cases do-other-step' S) auto
     then show ?thesis
      using f3 2 by (metis (no-types) do-decide-step.simps(2) do-resolve-step-trail-is-None
        do-skip-step-trail-is-None rough-state-of-inverse)
   qed
 \mathbf{show} ? case
   using assms(2) S unfolding bt y inv
   apply simp
   by (auto simp add: M bt-cut-not-none
        split: option.splits
        dest!: bt-cut-some-decomp)
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}other\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide:}
 assumes conflicting (rough-state-of S) = None and
  do-other-step' S \neq S
 shows 1 + length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of S)))
   = length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S))))
proof (cases S, goal-cases)
 case (1 \ y) note S = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 obtain M \ N \ U \ k where y: \ y = (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ None) using assms(1) \ S \ inv by (cases \ y) auto
 have M: rough-state-of (state-of (M, N, U, k, None)) = (M, N, U, k, None)
   using inv y by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
 have state-of (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None)) \neq state\text{-}of\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None)
   using assms(2) unfolding do-other-step'-def y inv S by (auto simp add: M)
  then have f_4: do-skip-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (full-types) do-skip-step.simps(4))
 have f5: do-resolve-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (no-types) do-resolve-step.simps(4))
  have f6: do-backtrack-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (no-types) do-backtrack-step.simps(2))
  have do-other-step (rough-state-of S) \neq rough-state-of S
   using assms(2) unfolding S M y do-other-step'-def by (metis\ (no-types))
  then show ?case
   using f6 f5 f4 by (simp add: assms(1) do-decide-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide
     do-other-step'-def)
qed
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-skip-step-rough-state-of[simp]:
 rough-state-of (state-of (do-skip-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-skip-step (rough-state-of S)
 by (smt do-other-step.simps rough-state-of-inverse rough-state-of-state-of-do-other-step)
lemma conflicting-do-resolve-step-iff[iff]:
  conflicting\ (do-resolve-step\ S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S = None
 by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases)
  (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma conflicting-do-skip-step-iff[iff]:
  conflicting\ (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S = None
  by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases)
    (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma conflicting-do-decide-step-iff[iff]:
  conflicting\ (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S = None
  by (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases)
    (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma conflicting-do-backtrack-step-imp[simp]:
  do-backtrack-step S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflicting (do-backtrack-step S) = None
 by (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases)
    (auto simp add: Let-def split: list.splits option.splits marked-lit.splits)
lemma do-skip-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow trail\ (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S) = trail\ S
 by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}iff\text{-}trail\text{-}eq\text{:}
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow trail\ (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S) = trail\ S
```

```
by (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases) (auto split: option.split)
lemma do-backtrack-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do-backtrack-step S = S \longleftrightarrow raw-trail (do-backtrack-step S) = raw-trail S
  by (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases)
     (auto split: option.split list.splits marked-lit.splits
       dest!: bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition)
lemma do-resolve-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow trail\ (do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S) = trail\ S
  by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}other\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}iff\text{-}trail\text{-}eq\text{:}
  do\text{-}other\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow raw\text{-}trail\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step\ S) = raw\text{-}trail\ S
  apply
  (auto simp add: Let-def do-skip-step-eq-iff-trail-eq
    do-decide-step-eq-iff-trail-eq do-backtrack-step-eq-iff-trail-eq
    do-resolve-step-eq-iff-trail-eq
  apply (simp add: do-resolve-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric]
     do-skip-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric])
  apply (simp add: do-skip-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric]
    do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}iff\text{-}trail\text{-}eq \ }do\text{-}backtrack\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}iff\text{-}trail\text{-}eq[symmetric]}
    do-resolve-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric]
  done
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\text{-}normal\text{-}form[dest!]}:
  assumes H: do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step (do\text{-}other\text{-}step' S) = S
 shows do-other-step' S = S \land do-full1-cp-step S = S
proof -
 let ?T = do\text{-}other\text{-}step' S
  { assume confl: conflicting (rough-state-of ?T) \neq None
    then have tr: trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T)) = trail (rough-state-of ?T)
      using do-full1-cp-step-conflicting by fastforce
    have raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step (do-other-step' S))) =
      raw-trail (rough-state-of S)
      using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ H,\ of\ \lambda S.\ raw\text{-}trail\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)].
    then have raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)) = raw-trail (rough-state-of S)
       using confl by (auto simp add: do-full1-cp-step-conflicting)
    then have do-other-step' S = S
      by (simp add: do-other-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric] do-other-step'-def
        del: do-other-step.simps)
  }
  moreover {
    assume eq[simp]: do\text{-}other\text{-}step' S = S
    obtain c where c: raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)) =
      c @ raw-trail (rough-state-of S)
      using do-full1-cp-step-neq-trail-increase by auto
    moreover have raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)) = raw-trail (rough-state-of S)
      using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ H,\ of\ \lambda S.\ raw\text{-}trail\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)]} by simp
    finally have c = [] by blast
    then have do-full1-cp-step S = S using assms by auto
```

```
}
  moreover {
   assume confl: conflicting (rough-state-of ?T) = None and neq: do-other-step' S \neq S
   obtain c where
     c: raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T)) = c \otimes raw-trail (rough-state-of ?T) and
     nm: \forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ m
     using do-full1-cp-step-neq-trail-increase by auto
   have length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T))))
      = length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of ?T)))
     using nm unfolding c by force
   moreover have length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of S)))
      \neq length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of ?T)))
     using do-other-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide[OF - neq]
      do\text{-}other\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide\text{-}bt[of\ S,\ OF\ -\ confl\ neq]}
     by linarith
   finally have False unfolding H by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-no:
  assumes S: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S = S
  shows no-step cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-of S)
proof -
  {
   fix S'
   assume full1 cdcl_W-cp (rough-state-of S) S'
   then have False
     using do-full1-cp-step-full[of S] unfolding full-def S rtranclp-unfold full1-def
     by (smt \ assms \ do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def \ tranclpD)
  }
  moreover {
   fix S' S''
   assume cdcl_W-o (rough-state-of S) S' and
    no\text{-}step\ propagate\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S) and
    no-step conflict (rough-state-of S) and
    full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ S''
   then have False
     using assms unfolding do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\text{-}def
     \mathbf{by} \ (smt \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}rough\text{-}state \ do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\text{-}normal\text{-}}form
        do-other-step-no rough-state-of-do-other-step')
  }
 ultimately show ?thesis using assms by (force simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
\mathbf{lemma}\ to S-rough-state-of\text{-}state-of\text{-}rough-state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of[simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
    = rough-state-from-init-state-of S
 using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-is-rtrancl_P-cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp S T <math>\Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
  using conflict apply blast
  using propagate by blast
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ S \ T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
  by (fastforce dest!: cdcl_W-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>:
  cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  using cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W apply blast
  unfolding full-def by (fastforce dest!:other rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
\mathbf{lemma} \ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}init\text{-}clss: } \ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \ cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv \ S \Longrightarrow \ init\text{-}clss \ S = init\text{-}clss \ T
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W by fast
lemma clauses-toS-rough-state-of-do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-step[simp]:
  init-clss (rough-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))))
    = init\text{-}clss (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of S) (is - = init\text{-}clss ?S)
proof (cases do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step (state-of ?S) = state-of ?S)
  case True
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False
  have \bigwedge c. \ cdcl_W-M-level-inv (rough-state-of c)
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state by blast
  then have \wedge c. init-clss (rough-state-of c) = init-clss (rough-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-step c))
    \lor do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ c = c
   using cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step by blast
  then show ?thesis
   using False by force
qed
lemma raw-init-clss-do-cp-step[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (do-cp-step S) = raw-init-clss S
 by (cases S) (auto simp: do-cp-step-def do-propagate-step-def do-conflict-step-def
  split: option.splits)
lemma raw-init-clss-do-cp-step'[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-cp-step' S)) = raw-init-clss (rough-state-of S)
  by (simp add: do-cp-step'-def)
lemma raw-init-clss-rough-state-of-do-full1-cp-step[simp]:
 raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
 = raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S)
 apply (rule do-full1-cp-step.induct| of \lambda S.
    raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
 = raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S)])
 by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) do-full1-cp-step.simps raw-init-clss-do-cp-step')
lemma raw-init-clss-do-skip-def[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (do-skip-step S) = raw-init-clss S
  by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases) (auto simp: do-other-step'-def Let-def
  split: option.splits)
lemma raw-init-clss-do-resolve-def[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (do-resolve-step S) = raw-init-clss S
  by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases) (auto simp: do-other-step'-def Let-def
```

```
split: option.splits)
lemma raw-init-clss-do-backtrack-def[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (do-backtrack-step S) = raw-init-clss S
 by (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases) (auto simp: do-other-step'-def Let-def
  split: option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits)
lemma raw-init-clss-do-decide-def[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (do-decide-step S) = raw-init-clss S
  by (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases) (auto simp: do-other-step'-def Let-def
  split: option.splits)
lemma raw-init-clss-rough-state-of-do-other-step'[simp]:
 raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S))
 = raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S)
 by (cases S) (auto simp: do-other-step'-def Let-def do-skip-step.cases
 split: option.splits)
lemma [simp]:
  raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))))
 raw-init-clss (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
 unfolding do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\text{-}def by (auto\ simp:\ Let\text{-}def)
lemma rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'[code abstract]:
rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S) =
  rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (id-of-I-to S))
proof -
 let ?S = (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of S)
 have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (raw-S0-cdcl_W (raw-init-clss (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)))
   (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
   using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
 moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**}
                (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S)
                (rough-state-of\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step))
                  (state-of\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S))))
    using do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step[of\ state\text{-}of\ ?S]
    by (cases\ do-cdcl_W-stgy-step\ (state-of\ ?S) = state-of\ ?S) auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   unfolding do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step'-def id-of-I-to-def
   by (auto intro: state-from-init-state-of-inverse)
qed
All rules together
                          function do-all-cdcl_W-stgy where
do-all-cdcl_W-stqy S =
 (let \ T = do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ S\ in
 if T = S then S else do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy T)
by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(T, S).
   (cdcl_W-measure (rough-state-from-init-state-of T),
   cdcl_W-measure (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
     \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} \ \mathcal{I}\}, goal-cases\}
 case 1
```

```
show ?case by (rule wf-if-measure-f) (auto intro!: wf-lexn wf-less)
next
  case (2 S T) note T = this(1) and ST = this(2)
  let ?S = rough-state-from-init-state-of S
  have S: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (raw - S0 - cdcl_W (raw - init - clss ?S)) ?S
   using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
  moreover have cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
    (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ T)
   proof -
     have \bigwedge c. rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of c)) =
       rough-state-from-init-state-of c
       using rough-state-from-init-state-of by force
     then have do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step (state\text{-}of (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of S))
       \neq state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
       using ST T rough-state-from-init-state-of-inverse
       unfolding id-of-I-to-def do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'-def
       by fastforce
     from do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step[OF this] show ?thesis
       by (simp\ add:\ T\ id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\text{-}def\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}do\text{-}cdcl}_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step')
   qed
  moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
     using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (raw-S0-cdcl_W (raw-init-clss (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)))
     by (cases rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
        (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
  ultimately show ?case
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing[of - - raw-S0-cdcl_W (raw-init-clss ?S)]
     simp\ del:\ cdcl_W-measure.simps)
qed
thm do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.induct
lemma do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-induct:
  (\bigwedge S. (do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow P\ (do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ S)) \Longrightarrow P\ S) \Longrightarrow P\ a0
 using do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.induct by metis
lemma [simp]: raw-init-clss (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stay S)) =
  raw-init-clss (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
  apply (induction rule: do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-induct)
  by (smt\ do\ all\ -cdcl_W\ -stgy\ .simps\ do\ -cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -step\ -def\ id\ -of\ -I\ -to\ -def
   raw-init-clss-rough-state-of-do-full1-cp-step raw-init-clss-rough-state-of-do-other-step'
   rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'
   toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of)
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all:
 fixes S :: 'a \ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state
  shows no-step cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy S))
 apply (induction S rule: do-all-cdcl_W-stqy-induct)
  apply (rename-tac S, case-tac do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S \neq S)
proof -
  \mathbf{fix} \ Sa :: 'a \ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state
  assume a1: \neg do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' Sa \neq Sa
  { fix pp
   have (if True then Sa else do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy Sa) = do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy Sa
```

```
using a1 by auto
   then have \neg cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy Sa)) pp
     using a1 by (smt do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step-no id-of-I-to-def
       rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' rough-state-of-inverse) }
  then show no-step cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy Sa))
   by fastforce
next
 \mathbf{fix} \ \mathit{Sa} \ :: \ 'a \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-state-inv-from-init-state}
 assume a1: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ Sa \neq Sa
   \implies no-step cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-from-init-state-of
     (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'\ Sa)))
 assume a2: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' Sa \neq Sa
 have do\text{-}all\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ Sa = do\text{-}all\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ (do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ Sa)}
   by (metis\ (full-types)\ do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
 then show no-step cdcl_W-stqy (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stqy Sa))
   using a2 a1 by presburger
qed
lemma do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
   (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy\ S))
proof (induction S rule: do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-induct)
 case (1 S) note IH = this(1)
 show ?case
   proof (cases do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-step' S = S)
     case True
     then show ?thesis by simp
   next
     case False
     have f2: do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (id-of-I-to\ S) = id-of-I-to\ S \longrightarrow
       rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S)
       = rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
       unfolding rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'
       id-of-I-to-def by presburger
     have f3: do-all-cdcl_W-stgy \ S = do-all-cdcl_W-stgy \ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' \ S)
       by (metis\ (full-types)\ do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
     have cdcl_W-stqy (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
         (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'\ S))
       = cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-of (id-of-I-to S))
         (rough-state-of\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step\ (id-of-I-to\ S)))
       unfolding id-of-I-to-def rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stay-step'
       toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of by presburger
     then show ?thesis
       using f3 f2 IH do-cdcl_W-stgy-step
       by (smt\ False\ toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of\ tranclp.intros(1)
         tranclp-into-rtranclp transitive-closurep-trans'(2))
   qed
qed
Final theorem:
lemma consistent-interp-mmset-of-mlit[simp]:
  consistent-interp (lit-of 'mmset-of-mlit' 'set M') \longleftrightarrow
  consistent\hbox{-}interp\ (lit\hbox{-}of\ `set\ M')
 by (auto simp: image-image)
```

```
lemma DPLL-tot-correct:
 assumes
   r: rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy (state-from-init-state-of
     (([], map\ remdups\ N, [], \theta, None)))) = S and
   S: (M', N', U', k, E) = S
 shows (E \neq Some \mid \land satisfiable (set (map mset N)))
   \vee (E = Some [] \wedge unsatisfiable (set (map mset N)))
proof -
 let ?N = map \ remdups \ N
 have inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ([], map remdups N, [], 0, None)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-set-def by auto
  then have S0: rough-state-of (state-of ([], map remdups N, [], 0, None))
   = ([], map \ remdups \ N, [], \theta, None) \ \mathbf{by} \ simp
 have 1: full cdcl_W-stgy ([], ?N, [], 0, None) S
   unfolding full-def apply rule
     using do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy[of
       state-from-init-state-of ([], map remdups N, [], 0, None)] inv
       by (auto simp del: do-all-cdcl_W-stqy.simps simp: state-from-init-state-of-inverse
        r[symmetric] no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all)+
 moreover have 2: finite (set (map mset ?N)) by auto
  moreover have 3: distinct-mset-set (set (map mset ?N))
    unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
  moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
     by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}rough\text{-}state\ }r
       toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of)
   then have cons: consistent-interp (lits-of-l M')
     unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S[symmetric]
     by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
 moreover
   have [simp]:
     rough-state-from-init-state-of (state-from-init-state-of (raw-S0-cdcl<sub>W</sub> (map remdups N)))
     = raw-S0-cdcl_W \ (map \ remdups \ N)
     apply (rule cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state.state-from-init-state-of-inverse)
     using 3 by (auto simp: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
       image-image comp-def)
   have raw-init-clss ([], ?N, [], \theta, None) = raw-init-clss S
     using arg-cong[OF r, of raw-init-clss] unfolding S[symmetric]
     \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ del:\ do\text{-}all\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.simps)
   then have N': N' = map \ remdups \ N
     using S[symmetric] by auto
 have conflicting S = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S)) \lor
   conflicting S = None \land (case \ S \ of \ (M, \ uu-) \Rightarrow map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ M) \models asm \ init-clss \ S
   apply (rule full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive)
       using 1 apply simp
      using 2 apply simp
     using 3 by simp
  then have (E \neq Some \mid \land satisfiable (set (map mset ?N)))
   \vee (E = Some [] \wedge unsatisfiable (set (map mset ?N)))
   using cons unfolding S[symmetric] N' apply (auto simp: comp-def)
   by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls)
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed
```

The Code The SML code is skipped in the documentation, but stays to ensure that some version of the exported code is working. The only difference between the generated code and the one used here is the export of the constructor ConI.

```
fun gene where
gene \theta = [[Pos \ \theta], [Neg \ \theta]]
gene (Suc n) = map (op \# (Pos (Suc n))) (gene n) @ map (op \# (Neg (Suc n))) (gene n)
value gene 1
export-code do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy gene in SML
\mathbf{ML}
structure\ HOL: sig
  type 'a equal
  val\ equal: 'a equal -> 'a -> bool
 val\ eq: 'a\ equal\ ->\ 'a\ ->\ bool
end = struct
type 'a equal = \{equal : 'a \rightarrow 'a \rightarrow bool\};
val\ equal = \#equal : 'a\ equal -> 'a -> 'a -> bool;
fun \ eq \ A- a \ b = equal \ A- a \ b;
end; (*struct HOL*)
structure List: sig
  val equal-list: 'a HOL.equal -> ('a list) HOL.equal
  val \ rev : 'a \ list \rightarrow 'a \ list
  val find : ('a \rightarrow bool) \rightarrow 'a list \rightarrow 'a option
  val null: 'a list -> bool
  val filter : ('a \rightarrow bool) \rightarrow 'a list \rightarrow 'a list
  val\ member: 'a\ HOL.equal \rightarrow 'a\ list \rightarrow 'a \rightarrow bool
  val\ remdups: 'a\ HOL.equal\ ->\ 'a\ list\ ->\ 'a\ list
  val\ remove1: 'a\ HOL.equal -> 'a\ list -> 'a\ list
  val\ map: ('a \rightarrow 'b) \rightarrow 'a\ list \rightarrow 'b\ list
  val\ list-all: ('a \rightarrow bool) \rightarrow 'a\ list \rightarrow bool
end = struct
fun\ equal-lista\ A-[]\ (x21\ ::\ x22)=false
  \mid equal-lista A- (x21 :: x22) \mid = false
   equal-lista A- (x21 :: x22) (y21 :: y22) =
   HOL.eq A- x21 y21 andalso equal-lista A- x22 y22
  \mid equal-lista A- \mid \mid \mid = true;
fun\ equal-list\ A-=\{equal=equal-lista\ A-\}: ('a\ list)\ HOL.equal;
fun \ fold \ f \ (x :: xs) \ s = fold \ f \ xs \ (f \ x \ s)
 | fold f [] s = s;
fun rev xs = fold (fn a => fn b => a :: b) <math>xs [];
fun\ find\ uu\ [] = NONE
 | find p (x :: xs) = (if p x then SOME x else find p xs);
fun \ null \ [] = true
 | null (x :: xs) = false;
```

```
fun filter p [] = []
 | filter p(x :: xs) = (if p x then x :: filter p xs else filter p xs);
fun\ member\ A- []\ y = false
  \mid member \ A- (x :: xs) \ y = HOL.eq \ A- x \ y \ orelse \ member \ A- xs \ y;
fun\ remdups\ A-\ []=[]
 | remdups A-(x::xs) =
   (if member A- xs x then remdups A- xs else x :: remdups A- xs);
fun\ remove1\ A-x\ []=[]
 \mid remove1 \ A-x \ (y :: xs) =
   (if HOL.eq A-x y then xs else y :: remove1 A-x xs);
fun map f = [
  | map f (x21 :: x22) = f x21 :: map f x22;
fun\ list-all\ p\ []=true
 | list-all \ p \ (x :: xs) = p \ x \ and also \ list-all \ p \ xs;
end; (*struct List*)
structure\ Set: sig
  datatype 'a set = Set of 'a list | Coset of 'a list
  val\ image: ('a \rightarrow 'b) \rightarrow 'a\ set \rightarrow 'b\ set
  val\ member: 'a\ HOL.equal\ ->\ 'a\ set\ ->\ bool
end = struct
datatype 'a set = Set of 'a list | Coset of 'a list;
fun\ image\ f\ (Set\ xs) = Set\ (List.map\ f\ xs);
fun\ member\ A-x\ (Coset\ xs)=not\ (List.member\ A-xs\ x)
 | member A-x (Set xs) = List.member A-xs x;
end; (*struct Set*)
structure\ Orderings: sig
  type 'a ord
  val\ less-eq: 'a\ ord \ ->\ 'a\ ->\ bool
  val less : 'a ord \rightarrow 'a \rightarrow 'a \rightarrow bool
 val max: 'a ord -> 'a -> 'a -> 'a
end = struct
type 'a \ ord = \{less-eq : 'a \rightarrow bool, less : 'a \rightarrow 'a \rightarrow bool\};
val\ less-eq = \#less-eq : 'a\ ord -> 'a -> 'a -> bool;
val\ less = \#less : 'a\ ord -> 'a -> 'a -> bool;
fun max A- a b = (if less-eq A- a b then b else a);
end; (*struct Orderings*)
structure Arith: sig
  datatype \ nat = Zero-nat \mid Suc \ of \ nat
```

```
val \ equal-nata : nat -> nat -> bool
  val\ equal-nat: nat\ HOL.equal
  val\ less-nat: nat -> nat -> bool
  val ord-nat : nat Orderings.ord
 val\ one-nat: nat
  val \ plus-nat : nat -> nat -> nat
end = struct
datatype \ nat = Zero-nat \mid Suc \ of \ nat;
fun\ equal-nata\ Zero-nat\ (Suc\ x2) = false
   equal-nata (Suc x2) Zero-nat = false
   equal-nata (Suc \ x2) \ (Suc \ y2) = equal-nata x2 \ y2
   equal-nata Zero-nat Zero-nat = true;
val\ equal-nat = \{equal = equal-nata\} : nat\ HOL.equal;
fun\ less-eq-nat\ (Suc\ m)\ n=less-nat\ m\ n
 | less-eq-nat Zero-nat n = true |
and less-nat m (Suc n) = less-eq-nat m n
 | less-nat \ n \ Zero-nat = false;
val\ ord\text{-}nat = \{less\text{-}eq = less\text{-}eq\text{-}nat, less = less\text{-}nat\}: nat\ Orderings.ord;
val \ one-nat : nat = Suc \ Zero-nat;
fun plus-nat (Suc m) n = plus-nat m (Suc n)
 \mid plus-nat \ Zero-nat \ n=n;
end; (*struct Arith*)
structure Option: sig
 val equal-option: 'a HOL.equal -> ('a option) HOL.equal
end = struct
fun\ equal-optiona\ A-\ NONE\ (SOME\ x2)=false
   equal-optiona A- (SOME x2) NONE = false
   equal-optiona A- (SOME x2) (SOME y2) = HOL.eq A- x2 y2
  \mid equal\text{-}optiona A\text{-} NONE NONE = true;
fun equal-option A- = {equal = equal-optiona A-} : ('a option) HOL.equal;
end; (*struct Option*)
structure Clausal-Logic : sig
  datatype 'a \ literal = Pos \ of 'a \mid Neg \ of 'a
  val\ equal-literala : 'a HOL.equal -> 'a literal -> 'a literal -> bool
  val equal-literal: 'a HOL.equal -> 'a literal HOL.equal
  val atm-of: 'a literal -> 'a
 val\ uminus-literal : 'a literal -> 'a literal
end = struct
datatype 'a literal = Pos of 'a | Neg of 'a;
fun\ equal-literala\ A-\ (Pos\ x1)\ (Neg\ x2)=false
```

```
| equal-literala A- (Neg \ x2) \ (Pos \ x1) = false
   equal-literala A- (Neg \ x2) \ (Neg \ y2) = HOL.eq \ A- \ x2 \ y2
  | equal-literala A- (Pos \ x1) \ (Pos \ y1) = HOL.eq A- x1 \ y1;
fun\ equal-literal\ A-=\{equal=equal-literal\ A-\}: 'a\ literal\ HOL.equal;
fun\ atm\text{-}of\ (Pos\ x1) = x1
 \mid atm\text{-}of (Neg \ x2) = x2;
fun \ is-pos \ (Pos \ x1) = true
  | is\text{-}pos (Neg x2) = false;
fun uminus-literal l = (if is\text{-pos } l \text{ then } Neg \text{ else } Pos) (atm\text{-of } l);
end; (*struct Clausal-Logic*)
structure\ Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic: sig
  datatype ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit = Marked of 'a Clausal-Logic.literal * 'b |
   Propagated of 'a Clausal-Logic.literal * 'c
  val\ equal-marked-lit:
   'a HOL.equal -> 'b HOL.equal -> 'c HOL.equal ->
     ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit HOL.equal
  val lits-of:
   ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit Set.set -> 'a Clausal-Logic.literal Set.set
end = struct
datatype ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit = Marked of 'a Clausal-Logic.literal * 'b |
  Propagated of 'a Clausal-Logic.literal * 'c;
fun equal-marked-lita A- B- C- (Marked (x11, x12)) (Propagated (x21, x22)) =
 false
  | equal-marked-lita A- B- C- (Propagated (x21, x22)) (Marked (x11, x12)) =
  \mid equal-marked-lita A-B-C-(Propagated~(x21,~x22))~(Propagated~(y21,~y22)) =
   Clausal-Logic.equal-literala A- x21 y21 and also HOL.eq C- x22 y22
  | equal-marked-lita A-B-C-(Marked (x11, x12)) (Marked (y11, y12)) =
   Clausal-Logic.equal-literala A- x11 y11 and also HOL.eq B- x12 y12;
fun\ equal-marked-lit A- B- C- = { equal=equal-marked-lita A- B- C-} :
  ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit HOL.equal;
fun lit-of (Marked (x11, x12)) = x11
  | lit\text{-}of\ (Propagated\ (x21,\ x22)) = x21;
fun\ lits-of\ ls = Set.image\ lit-of\ ls;
end; (*struct Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic*)
structure CDCL-W-Level: siq
 val qet-rev-level:
   'a HOL.equal ->
     ('a, Arith.nat, 'b) Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.marked-lit list ->
       Arith.nat \rightarrow 'a Clausal-Logic.literal \rightarrow Arith.nat
end = struct
```

```
fun \ get\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ A\text{-} \ [] \ uu \ uv = Arith.Zero\text{-}nat
   | get-rev-level A- (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Marked (la, level) :: ls)
       (if HOL.eq A- (Clausal-Logic.atm-of la) (Clausal-Logic.atm-of l) then level
          else get-rev-level A- ls level l)
    | get-rev-level A- (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Propagated (la, uw) :: ls)
       (if HOL.eq A- (Clausal-Logic.atm-of la) (Clausal-Logic.atm-of l) then n
          else get-rev-level A- ls n l);
end; (*struct CDCL-W-Level*)
structure\ Product-Type: sig
    val equal-proda: 'a HOL.equal -> 'b HOL.equal -> 'a * 'b -> 'a * 'b -> bool
    val equal-prod: 'a HOL.equal -> 'b HOL.equal -> ('a * 'b) HOL.equal
end = struct
fun equal-proda A- B- (x1, x2) (y1, y2) =
    HOL.eq A- x1 y1 and also HOL.eq B- x2 y2;
fun equal-prod A- B- = \{equal = equal-prod A- B-\} : ('a * 'b) HOL.equal;
end; (*struct Product-Type*)
structure\ DPLL\text{-}CDCL\text{-}W\text{-}Implementation: significantly and the structure of the st
    val find-first-unused-var:
       'a HOL.equal ->
          ('a Clausal-Logic.literal list) list ->
              'a Clausal-Logic.literal Set.set -> 'a Clausal-Logic.literal option
    val find-first-unit-clause:
       'a HOL.equal ->
          ('a Clausal-Logic.literal list) list ->
              ('a, 'b, 'c) Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.marked-lit list ->
                 ('a Clausal-Logic.literal * 'a Clausal-Logic.literal list) option
end = struct
fun\ is-unit-clause-code A- l\ m=
    (case List.filter
                 (fn \ a =>
                     not (Set.member A- (Clausal-Logic.atm-of a)
                                (Set.image Clausal-Logic.atm-of
                                   (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.lits-of (Set.Set m)))))
                 l
       of [] => NONE
       |[a] =>
          (if List.list-all
                    (fn \ c =>
                        Set.member (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)
                            (Clausal-Logic.uminus-literal c)
                            (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.lits-of (Set.Set m)))
                     (List.remove1 (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-) a l)
              then SOME a else NONE)
       | - :: - :: - => NONE);
fun\ is-unit-clause A- l\ m=is-unit-clause-code A- l\ m;
```

```
fun\ find-first-unused-var A- (a::l)\ m=
  (case List.find
         (fn \ lit =>
           not (Set.member (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-) lit m) and also
            not (Set.member (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)
                  (Clausal-Logic.uminus-literal lit) m))
    of NONE =  find-first-unused-var A- lm \mid SOME \ aa =  SOME \ aa)
  | find-first-unused-var A- [] uu = NONE;
fun\ find-first-unit-clause A- (a::l)\ m=
  (case is-unit-clause A- a m of NONE => find-first-unit-clause A- l m
    SOME \ la => SOME \ (la, a))
  | find-first-unit-clause A- [] uu = NONE;
end; (*struct DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation*)
structure\ CDCL	ext{-}W	ext{-}Implementation: sig
  datatype 'a cdcl-W-state-inv-from-init-state =
    ConI of
     (('a, Arith.nat, ('a Clausal-Logic.literal list))
        Partial	ext{-}Annotated	ext{-}Clausal	ext{-}Logic.marked	ext{-}lit\ list\ *
       (('a\ Clausal\text{-}Logic.literal\ list)\ list*
         (('a\ Clausal-Logic.literal\ list)\ list*
           (Arith.nat * ('a Clausal-Logic.literal list) option))))
  val gene : Arith.nat -> (Arith.nat Clausal-Logic.literal list) list
  val\ do-all-cdcl-W-stgy:
    'a HOL.equal ->
     'a cdcl-W-state-inv-from-init-state -> 'a cdcl-W-state-inv-from-init-state
end = struct
datatype' a cdcl-W-state-inv =
  Con of
   (('a, Arith.nat, ('a Clausal-Logic.literal list))
      Partial	ext{-}Annotated	ext{-}Clausal	ext{-}Logic.marked	ext{-}lit\ list\ *
     (('a\ Clausal-Logic.literal\ list)\ list*
       (('a\ Clausal\text{-}Logic.literal\ list)\ list*
         (Arith.nat * ('a Clausal-Logic.literal list) option))));
datatype' a cdcl-W-state-inv-from-init-state =
  ConI of
   (('a, Arith.nat, ('a Clausal-Logic.literal list))
      Partial\hbox{-}Annotated\hbox{-}Clausal\hbox{-}Logic.marked\hbox{-}lit\ list\ *
     (('a\ Clausal-Logic.literal\ list)\ list*
       (('a\ Clausal\text{-}Logic.literal\ list)\ list*
         (Arith.nat * ('a Clausal-Logic.literal list) option))));
fun \ qene \ Arith.Zero-nat =
  [[Clausal-Logic.Pos Arith.Zero-nat], [Clausal-Logic.Neg Arith.Zero-nat]]
  \mid gene \ (Arith.Suc \ n) =
   List.map\ (fn\ a => Clausal-Logic.Pos\ (Arith.Suc\ n)::a)\ (gene\ n)\ @
     List.map\ (fn\ a => Clausal-Logic.Neg\ (Arith.Suc\ n):: a)\ (gene\ n);
fun\ bt-cut i\ (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Propagated\ (uu,\ uv):: ls) =
```

```
bt-cut i ls
  | bt\text{-}cut \ i \ (Partial\text{-}Annotated\text{-}Clausal\text{-}Logic.Marked} \ (ka, k) :: ls) =
   (if Arith.equal-nata \ k \ (Arith.Suc \ i)
     then SOME (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Marked (ka, k) :: ls)
     else bt-cut i ls)
  \mid bt\text{-}cut \ i \mid ] = NONE;
fun\ do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ A\text{-}\ s=
  (case\ s
    of (m, (n, (u, (k, NONE)))) =>
     (case\ DPLL\text{-}CDCL\text{-}W\text{-}Implementation.find\text{-}first\text{-}unit\text{-}clause\ A\text{-}\ (n\ @\ u)\ m
       of NONE => (m, (n, (u, (k, NONE))))
       \mid SOME (l, c) = >
         (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Propagated\ (l,\ c)::m,
           (n, (u, (k, NONE))))
   |(m, (n, (u, (k, SOME ah))))| => (m, (n, (u, (k, SOME ah))));
fun find-conflict A- m \mid = NONE
  | find\text{-}conflict A\text{-} m (n :: ns) =
   (if List.list-all
         (fn \ c =>
           Set.member (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)
             (Clausal-Logic.uminus-literal\ c)
             (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.lits-of\ (Set.Set\ m)))
     then SOME n else find-conflict A- m ns);
fun\ do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ A\text{-}\ s=
  (case\ s
   of (m, (n, (u, (k, NONE)))) =>
     (case find-conflict A- m (n @ u) of NONE => (m, (n, (u, (k, NONE))))
       \mid SOME \ a \Rightarrow (m, (n, (u, (k, SOME \ a)))))
   (m, (n, (u, (k, SOME ah)))) => (m, (n, (u, (k, SOME ah))));
fun do-cp-step A- s = (do-propagate-step A- o do-conflict-step A-) <math>s;
fun rough-state-from-init-state-of (ConI x) = x;
fun\ id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\ s=Con\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of\ s);
fun\ rough-state-of\ (Con\ x)=x;
fun\ do-cp-stepa\ A-\ s=\ Con\ (do-cp-step\ A-\ (rough-state-of\ s));
fun do-skip-step A-
  (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Propagated\ (l,\ c)::ls,
   (n, (u, (k, SOME d))))
  = (if \ not \ (List.member \ (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal \ A-) \ d
             (Clausal-Logic.uminus-literal l)) and also
         not (List.null d)
     then (ls, (n, (u, (k, SOME d))))
     else (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic. Propagated (l, c) :: ls,
            (n, (u, (k, SOME d))))
   do-skip-step A- ([], va) = ([], va)
  | do\text{-skip-step } A\text{-} (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Marked } (vd, ve) :: vc, va)
```

```
= (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Marked (vd, ve) :: vc, va)
  | do\text{-skip-step } A\text{-} (v, (vb, (vd, (vf, NONE)))) = (v, (vb, (vd, (vf, NONE))));
fun \ maximum-level-code \ A-\ [] \ uu = Arith.Zero-nat
 \mid maximum\text{-}level\text{-}code A\text{-} (l :: ls) m =
   Orderings.max Arith.ord-nat
     (CDCL-W-Level.get-rev-level A- (List.rev m) Arith.Zero-nat l)
     (maximum-level-code\ A-\ ls\ m);
fun find-level-decomp A- m \mid d \mid k = NONE
 | find-level-decomp A-m (l :: ls) d k =
   let
     val(i, j) =
      (CDCL-W-Level.get-rev-level A- (List.rev m) Arith.Zero-nat l,
        maximum-level-code A- (d @ ls) m);
   in
     (if Arith.equal-nata i k and also Arith.less-nat j i then SOME(l, j)
       else find-level-decomp A- m ls (l :: d) k)
   end:
fun\ do-backtrack-step\ A-\ (m,\ (n,\ (u,\ (k,\ SOME\ d))))=
  (case\ find\ level\ decomp\ A\ -\ m\ d\ []\ k\ of\ NONE => (m,\ (n,\ (u,\ (k,\ SOME\ d))))
   \mid SOME (l, j) = >
     (case\ bt\text{-}cut\ j\ m\ of\ NONE => (m,\ (n,\ (u,\ (k,\ SOME\ d))))
        SOME [] => (m, (n, (u, (k, SOME d))))
       \mid SOME \ (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Marked \ (-,\ -) :: ls) =>
        (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Propagated\ (l,\ d)::ls,
          (n, (d :: u, (j, NONE))))
      | SOME (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Propagated (-, -) :: -) =>
        (m, (n, (u, (k, SOME d)))))
  | do-backtrack-step A-(v, (vb, (vd, (vf, NONE)))) =
   (v, (vb, (vd, (vf, NONE))));
fun do-resolve-step A-
  (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Propagated\ (l,\ c)::ls,
   (n, (u, (k, SOME d))))
  = (if List.member (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-) d
        (Clausal-Logic.uminus-literal l) and also
        Arith.equal-nata
          (maximum-level-code\ A-
            (List.remove1 (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)
              (Clausal-Logic.uminus-literal\ l)\ d)
            (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Propagated\ (l,\ c)::ls))
     then (ls, (n, (u, (k, SOME (List.remdups (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)
                              (List.remove1
                                 (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-) l c @
                                List.remove1
                                  (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)
                                 (Clausal-Logic.uminus-literal l) d)))))
     else (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic. Propagated (l, c) :: ls,
           (n, (u, (k, SOME d))))
   do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step A\text{-} ([], va) = ([], va)
  | do-resolve-step A-
   (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Marked\ (vd,\ ve)::vc,\ va) =
```

```
(Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Marked\ (vd,\ ve)::vc,\ va)
  | do-resolve-step A-(v, (vb, (vd, (vf, NONE)))) =
   (v, (vb, (vd, (vf, NONE))));
fun\ do-decide-step\ A-\ (m,\ (n,\ (u,\ (k,\ NONE))))=
  (case DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation.find-first-unused-var A- n
         (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.lits-of (Set.Set m))
    of NONE => (m, (n, (u, (k, NONE))))
   \mid SOME \ l =>
     (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.Marked\ (l,\ Arith.Suc\ k)::m,
       (n, (u, (Arith.plus-nat \ k \ Arith.one-nat, NONE)))))
  | do\text{-}decide\text{-}step A\text{-} (v, (vb, (vd, (vf, SOME vh)))) =
   (v, (vb, (vd, (vf, SOME vh))));
fun\ do\ other\ step\ A\ -\ s =
  let
    val\ t = do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ A\text{-}\ s;
   (if not (Product-Type.equal-proda
            (List.equal-list
              (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.equal-marked-lit A-
                Arith.equal-nat
                (List.equal-list (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-))))
            (Product-Type.equal-prod
              (List.equal-list
                (List.equal-list (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)))
              (Product-Type.equal-prod
                (List.equal-list
                  (List.equal-list (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)))
                (Product-Type.equal-prod Arith.equal-nat
                  (Option.equal-option
                    (List.equal-list\ (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal\ A-))))))
            t s
     then t
     else let
            val\ u = do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ A\text{-}\ t;
            (if not (Product-Type.equal-proda
                     (List.equal-list
                      (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.equal-marked-lit\ A-
                        Arith.equal-nat
                        (List.equal\text{-}list\ (Clausal\text{-}Logic.equal\text{-}literal\ A\text{-}))))
                    (Product-Type.equal-prod
                      (List.equal-list
                        (List.equal-list (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)))
                      (Product-Type.equal-prod
                        (List.equal-list
                          (List.equal-list (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)))
                        (Product-Type.equal-prod Arith.equal-nat
                          (Option.equal-option
                            (List.equal-list
                              (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-))))))
                     u(t)
             then u
             else let
```

```
val\ v = do-backtrack-step\ A-\ u;
                   in
                     (if not (Product-Type.equal-proda
                              (List.equal-list
                                (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.equal-marked-lit
                                  A- Arith.equal-nat
                                  (List.equal-list
                                    (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-))))
                              (Product-Type.equal-prod
                                (List.equal-list
                                  (List.equal-list
                                    (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)))
                                (Product\-Type.equal\-prod
                                  (List.equal-list
                                    (List.equal-list
(Clausal\text{-}Logic.equal\text{-}literal\ A\text{-})))
                                  (Product-Type.equal-prod Arith.equal-nat
                                    (Option.equal-option
(List.equal\text{-}list\ (Clausal\text{-}Logic.equal\text{-}literal\ A\text{-}))))))
                              v(u)
                       then v else do-decide-step A- v)
                   end)
          end)
  end;
fun do-other-stepa A- s = Con (do-other-step A- (rough-state-of s));
fun\ equal-cdcl-W-state-inv A- sa s=
  Product-Type.equal-proda
   (List.equal-list
     (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.equal-marked-lit A- Arith.equal-nat
       (List.equal-list (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-))))
    (Product-Type.equal-prod
     (List.equal-list (List.equal-list (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)))
     (Product\mbox{-}Type.equal\mbox{-}prod
        (List.equal-list\ (List.equal-list\ (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal\ A-)))
       (Product-Type.equal-prod Arith.equal-nat
         (Option.equal-option
           (List.equal-list\ (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal\ A-))))))
   (rough-state-of\ sa)\ (rough-state-of\ s);
fun\ do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ A\text{-}\ s =
  let
    val \ sa = do-cp-stepa \ A-s;
   (if equal-cdcl-W-state-inv A- s sa then s else do-full1-cp-step A- sa)
  end;
fun\ equal-cdcl-W-state-inv-from-init-state\ A-\ sa\ s=
  Product-Type.equal-proda
   (List.equal-list
     (Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic.equal-marked-lit A- Arith.equal-nat
        (List.equal-list (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-))))
   (Product-Type.equal-prod
     (\mathit{List.equal\text{-}list}\ (\mathit{List.equal\text{-}list}\ (\mathit{Clausal\text{-}Logic.equal\text{-}literal}\ A\text{-})))
```

```
(Product\mbox{-} Type.equal\mbox{-} prod
        (List.equal-list (List.equal-list (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal A-)))
       (Product\mbox{-}Type.equal\mbox{-}prod\mbox{ }Arith.equal\mbox{-}nat
         (Option. \it equal-option
           (List.equal-list\ (Clausal-Logic.equal-literal\ A-))))))
    (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ sa)\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ s);
fun\ do-cdcl-W-stgy-step\ A-\ s=
  let
    val\ t = do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ A\text{-}\ s;
  in
    (if not (equal-cdcl-W-state-inv A- t s) then t
      else\ let
            val\ a = do\text{-}other\text{-}stepa\ A\text{-}\ t;
            do-full1-cp-step A-a
          end)
  end;
fun\ do-cdcl-W-stgy-stepa\ A-\ s=
  ConI (rough-state-of (do-cdcl-W-stgy-step A- (id-of-I-to s)));
fun\ do-all-cdcl-W-stgy A- s=
  let
    val\ t = do\text{-}cdcl\text{-}W\text{-}stgy\text{-}stepa\ A\text{-}\ s;
    (if equal-cdcl-W-state-inv-from-init-state A- t s then s
      else\ do-all-cdcl-W-stgy\ A-\ t)
end; (*struct CDCL-W-Implementation*)
declare[[ML-print-depth=100]]
ML
open\ Clausal\text{-}Logic;
open\ CDCL\text{-}W\text{-}Implementation;
open Arith;
let
  val\ N = gene\ (Suc\ (Suc\ (((Suc\ Zero-nat))))))
  val f = do-all-cdcl-W-stgy \ equal-nat
    (CDCL-W-Implementation.ConI([], (N, ([], (Zero-nat, NONE))))))
  in
 f
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Merge
imports CDCL-W-Termination
begin
```

21 Link between Weidenbach's and NOT's CDCL

21.1 Inclusion of the states

```
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
declare cdcl_W.intros[intro] cdcl_W-bj.intros[intro] cdcl_W-o.intros[intro]
lemma backtrack-no-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes cdcl: cdcl_W-bj T U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv V
 shows \neg backtrack\ V\ T
 using cdcl inv
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct)
   apply (elim skipE, force elim!: backtrack-levE[OF - inv] simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def)
  apply (elim resolve E, force elim!: backtrack-lev E[OF - inv] simp: cdcl_W - M-level-inv-def)
 apply standard
 apply (elim \ backtrack-levE[OF - inv], \ elim \ backtrackE)
 apply (force simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 done
inductive skip-or-resolve :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
s-or-r-skip[intro]: skip \ S \ T \Longrightarrow skip-or-resolve S \ T
s-or-r-resolve[intro]: resolve S T \Longrightarrow skip-or-resolve S T
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-skip-or-resolve-backtrack:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows skip-or-resolve** S \ U \lor (\exists \ T. \ skip-or-resolve** S \ T \land backtrack \ T \ U)
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 consider
     (SU) S = U
   | (SUp) \ cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ S \ U
   using st unfolding rtranclp-unfold by blast
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case SUp
     have \bigwedge T. skip-or-resolve** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
       using mono-rtranclp[of\ skip-or-resolve\ cdcl_W]
      by (blast intro: skip-or-resolve.cases)
     then have skip-or-resolve** S U
       using bj IH inv backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv[OF - inv] by meson
     then show ?thesis
       using bj by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps dest!: skip-or-resolve.intros)
   next
     case SU
     then show ?thesis
       using bj by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps dest!: skip-or-resolve.intros)
   qed
qed
```

lemma rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp- $cdcl_W$:

```
skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ S \ T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (auto dest!: cdcl_W-bj.intros cdcl_W.intros cdcl_W-o.intros simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
definition backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
backjump-l-cond \equiv \lambda C C' L' S T. True
definition inv_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
inv_{NOT} \equiv \lambda S. \text{ no-dup (trail } S)
declare inv_{NOT}-def[simp]
end
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
begin
21.2
         More lemmas conflict-propagate and backjumping
21.2.1
           Termination
lemma cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 obtains T where full cdcl_W-cp S T
 using assms cdclw-cp-normalized-element unfolding cdclw-all-struct-inv-def by blast
\mathbf{thm} backtrackE
lemma cdcl_W-bj-measure:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj S T and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows length (trail\ S) + (if\ conflicting\ S = None\ then\ 0\ else\ 1)
   > length (trail T) + (if conflicting T = None then 0 else 1)
 using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct)
  (force\ dest:arg-cong[of - - length])
   intro: get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
   elim!: backtrack-levE skipE resolveE
   simp: cdcl_W -M-level-inv-def)+
lemma wf-cdcl_W-bj:
  wf \{(b,a). \ cdcl_W - bj \ a \ b \land cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a\}
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure of \lambda-. True
     - \lambda T. length (trail T) + (if conflicting T = None then 0 else 1), simplified])
 using cdcl_W-bj-measure by simp
lemma cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form:
 assumes lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists T. full \ cdcl_W-bj S T
proof
 obtain T where T: full (\lambda a b. cdcl_W-bj a b \wedge cdcl_W-M-level-inv a) S T
   using wf-exists-normal-form-full [OF wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj] by auto
  then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T
    by (auto dest: rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left simp: full-def)
 moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
     using mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] by blast
   then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev by auto
```

ultimately show ?thesis using T unfolding full-def by auto

```
qed
lemma rtranclp-skip-state-decomp:
    assumes skip^{**} S T and no-dup (trail S)
    shows
       \exists M. \ trail \ S = M \ @ \ trail \ T \land (\forall m \in set \ M. \neg is-marked \ m)
       init-clss S = init-clss T
       learned-clss S = learned-clss T
       backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl T
        conflicting S = conflicting T
    using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
    (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def elim!: skipE)
21.2.2
                       More backjumping
Backjumping after skipping or jump directly lemma rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack:
    assumes
       skip^{**} S T and
       backtrack T W and
        cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
    shows backtrack S W
    using assms
proof induction
    case base
    then show ?case by simp
next
    case (step T V) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and bt = this(4) and
        inv = this(5)
   have skip^{**} S V
       using st skip by auto
    then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
       \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{rtranclp-mono}[\mathit{of} \ \mathit{skip} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W] \ \mathit{assms}(3) \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W - \mathit{all-struct-inv-inv} \ \mathit{mono-rtranclp}(3) 
       by (auto dest!: bj other cdcl_W-bj.skip)
    then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv V
       unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
    then obtain K i M1 M2 L D where
       conf: raw\text{-}conflicting \ V = Some \ D \ \mathbf{and}
       LD: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \text{ and }
        decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ V)) and
       lev-L: qet-level (trail V) L = backtrack-lvl V  and
        max: get-level (trail\ V)\ L = get-maximum-level (trail\ V)\ (mset-ccls\ D) and
        max-D: get-maximum-level (trail V) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i and
        undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
        W: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
                               (reduce-trail-to M1
                                   (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                                      (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                                           (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ V))))
    using bt inv by (elim backtrack-levE) metis+
    obtain L' C' M E where
       tr: trail \ T = Propagated \ L' \ C' \# M \ and
       raw: raw-conflicting T = Some E and
       LE: -L' \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls \ E \text{ and}
       E{:}\ mset{-}ccls\ E \neq \{\#\} and
        V{:}\ V\sim \textit{tl-trail}\ T
```

using skip by (elim skipE) metis let ?M = Propagated L' C' # trail V

```
have tr-M: trail\ T = ?M
 using tr \ V by auto
have MT: M = tl (trail T) and MV: M = trail V
 using tr \ V by auto
have DE[simp]: mset-ccls D = mset-ccls E
 using V conf raw by (auto simp add: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
have cdcl_W^{**} S T using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W S T] other st by meson
then have inv': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv by blast
have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T using inv' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
then have n-d': no-dup ?M
 using tr-M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
let ?k = backtrack-lvl T
have [simp]:
 backtrack-lvl V = ?k
 using V by simp
have ?k > 0
 using decomp M-lev V tr unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ V)
 using lev-L get-rev-level-ge-0-atm-of-in[of 0 rev (trail V) L] by auto
then have L-L': atm-of L \neq atm-of L'
 using n-d' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
have L'-M: atm-of L' \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ V)
 using n-d' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
have ?M \models as\ CNot\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D)
 using inv' raw unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def tr-M by auto
then have L' \notin \# mset-ccls (remove-clit L D)
 using L-L' L'-M \langle Propagated L' C' \# trail V \models as CNot (mset-ccls D) \rangle
 unfolding true-annots-true-cls true-clss-def
 by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set dest!: in-diffD)
have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 T) = M1
 using decomp undef tr W V by auto
have skip^{**} S V
 using st skip by auto
have no-dup (trail\ S)
 using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss V and [simp]: learned-clss S = learned-clss V
 using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF \langle skip^{**} S V \rangle] V
 by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
then have
  W-S: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls E)) (reduce-trail-to M1
  (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls E) (update-backtrack-lvl i (update-conflicting None T))))
 using W V undef M-lev decomp tr
 by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
obtain M2' where
 decomp': (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2') \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ T))
 using decomp V unfolding tr-M by (cases hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail V)),
   cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail V)) auto
moreover
 from L-L' have get-level ?M L = ?k
   using lev-L V by (auto split: if-split-asm)
moreover
 have atm-of L' \notin atms-of (mset-ccls D)
   by (metis DE LE L-L' \langle L' \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls \text{ (remove-}clit L D) \rangle in-remove1-mset-neq remove-clit
```

```
atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set atms-of-def)
   then have get-level ?M L = get-maximum-level ?M (mset-ccls D)
     using calculation(2) lev-L max by auto
  moreover
   have atm\text{-}of\ L'\notin atms\text{-}of\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ (remove\text{-}clit\ L\ D))
     by (metis DE LE \langle L' \notin \# \text{ mset-ccls (remove-clit } L D \rangle)
       atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set atms-of-def in-remove1-mset-neg remove-clit
       in-atms-of-remove1-mset-in-atms-of)
   have i = get-maximum-level ?M (mset-ccls (remove-clit L D))
     using max-D \langle atm\text{-}of \ L' \notin atms\text{-}of \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ (remove\text{-}clit \ L \ D)) \rangle by auto
  ultimately have backtrack T W
   apply -
   apply (rule backtrack-rule[of T - L K i M1 M2' W, OF raw])
   unfolding tr-M[symmetric]
       using LD apply simp
       apply simp
      apply simp
     apply simp
    apply auto[]
   using W-S by auto
  then show ?thesis using IH inv by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ fst\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}prepend\text{-}not\text{-}marked:}
 assumes \forall m \in set MS. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows set (map\ fst\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\ }M))
   = set (map fst (get-all-marked-decomposition (MS @ M)))
   using assms apply (induction MS rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
   by (rename-tac L m xs; case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ M)) simp-all
See also [skip^{**} ?S ?T; backtrack ?T ?W; cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?S] \implies backtrack ?S ?W
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}skip\text{-}backtrack\text{-}backtrack\text{-}end\text{:}}
 assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S T and
   bt: backtrack S W and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows backtrack T W
 using assms
proof -
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using bt inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto elim!: backtrack-levE)
  then obtain K i M1 M2 L D where
   raw-S: raw-conflicting S = Some D and
   LD: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \ \mathbf{and}
   decomp: (Marked K (Suc i) \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   lev-l: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   lev-l-D: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) and
   i: get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
   W: W \sim cons\text{-trail} (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
              (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                  (update-backtrack-lvl i
```

```
using bt by (elim backtrack-levE)
   (simp-all\ add:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp\ state-eq-def\ del:\ state-simp)
 let ?D = remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D)
 have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ S)
   using M-lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using mono-rtranclp of skip cdcl_W by (smt\ bj\ cdcl_W-bj.skip inv local.skip other
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
 then have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ T)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 obtain MS M_T where M: trail S = MS @ M_T and M_T: M_T = trail T and nm: \forall m \in set MS.
\neg is-marked m
   using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp(1)[OF skip] raw-S M-lev by auto
 have T: state T = (M_T, init\text{-}clss S, learned\text{-}clss S, backtrack\text{-}lvl S, Some (mset\text{-}ccls D))
   using M_T rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[of S T] skip raw-S
   by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv[OF - inv])
   using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip local.skip other rtranclp-mono[of skip cdcl_W] by blast
 then have M_T \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ D)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def using T by blast
 then have \forall L \in \#mset\text{-}ccls\ D.\ atm\text{-}of\ L \in atm\text{-}of\ ``lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M_T
   by (meson atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
     true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model)
 moreover have no-dup (trail S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
 ultimately have \forall L \in \#mset\text{-}ccls D. atm\text{-}of L \notin atm\text{-}of 'lts\text{-}of\text{-}l MS'
   unfolding M unfolding lits-of-def by auto
 then have H: \Lambda L. \ L \in \#mset\text{-}ccls\ D \Longrightarrow get\text{-}level\ (trail\ S)\ L = get\text{-}level\ M_T\ L
   unfolding M by (fastforce simp: lits-of-def)
 have [simp]: get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) = get-maximum-level M_T (mset-ccls D)
   using \langle M_T \models as\ CNot\ (mset-ccls\ D) \rangle M nm by (metis true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined
     get-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present)
 have lev-l': get-level M_T L = backtrack-lvl S
   using lev-l LD by (auto simp: H)
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 T) = M1
   using T decomp M nm by (smt M_T append-assoc beginning-not-marked-invert
     get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp)
 have W: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D)) (reduce-trail-to M1
   (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D) (update-backtrack-lvl i (update-conflicting None T))))
   using W T i decomp undef by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 have lev-l-D': get-level M_T L = get-maximum-level M_T (mset-ccls D)
   using lev-l-D LD by (auto simp: H)
 have [simp]: get-maximum-level (trail\ S)\ ?D = get-maximum-level M_T\ ?D
   by (smt H get-maximum-level-exists-lit get-maximum-level-ge-get-level in-diffD le-antisym
     not-gr0 not-less)
 then have i': i = get-maximum-level M_T?
   using i by auto
 have Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1 \in set\ (map\ fst\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)))
```

 $(update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))$

```
using Set.imageI[OF decomp, of fst] by auto
  then have Marked K (i + 1) # M1 \in set (map fst (get-all-marked-decomposition M_T))
   using fst-get-all-marked-decomposition-prepend-not-marked [OF\ nm] unfolding M by auto
 then obtain M2' where decomp':(Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2')\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition
   by auto
 then show backtrack T W
   using T decomp' lev-l' lev-l-D' i' W LD undef
   by (force intro!: backtrack.intros simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-bj-decomp-resolve-skip-and-bj:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows (skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \ S \ T
   \vee (\exists U. skip-or-resolve^{**} S U \wedge backtrack U T))
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have IH: skip-or-resolve** S T
   proof -
     { assume (\exists U. skip-or-resolve^{**} S U \land backtrack U T)
       then obtain V where
        bt: backtrack V T and
        skip-or-resolve** S V
        by blast
       have cdcl_{W}^{**} S V
        using \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \mid S \mid V \rangle rtranclp\text{-}skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W} by blast
       then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv V and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
        using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv inv by blast+
       with bj bt have False using backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by simp
     then show ?thesis using IH inv by blast
   qed
  show ?case
   using bj
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-bj.cases)
     case backtrack
     then show ?thesis using IH by blast
   qed (metis (no-types, lifting) IH rtranclp.simps skip-or-resolve.simps)+
\mathbf{qed}
lemma resolve-skip-deterministic:
 \mathit{resolve}\ S\ T \Longrightarrow \mathit{skip}\ S\ U \Longrightarrow \mathit{False}
 by (auto elim!: skipE resolveE dest: hd-raw-trail)
lemma backtrack-unique:
 assumes
   bt-T: backtrack S T and
   bt-U: backtrack S U and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows T \sim U
proof -
```

```
have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
then obtain K i M1 M2 L D where
 raw-S: raw-conflicting S = Some D and
 LD: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \ \mathbf{and}
 decomp: (Marked K (Suc i) \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
 lev-l: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
 lev-l-D: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) and
 i: get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i and
  undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
  T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
            (reduce-trail-to M1
             (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
               (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                 (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))
 \mathbf{using}\ bt\text{-}T\ \mathbf{by}\ (elim\ backtrack\text{-}levE)\ (force\ simp:\ cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\text{-}def) +
obtain K' i' M1' M2' L' D' where
  raw-S': raw-conflicting S = Some D' and
 LD': L' \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D' and
 decomp': (Marked K' (Suc i') # M1', M2') \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
 lev-l: get-level (trail S) L' = backtrack-lvl S and
 lev-l-D: get-level (trail\ S)\ L' = get-maximum-level (trail\ S) (mset-ccls\ D') and
 i': get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D')) \equiv i' and
 undef': undefined-lit M1' L' and
  U: U \sim cons-trail (Propagated L' (cls-of-ccls D'))
            (reduce-trail-to M1'
              (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D')
               (update-backtrack-lvl i'
                 (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
 using bt-U lev by (elim\ backtrack-levE) (force\ simp:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)+
obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
 using decomp by auto
obtain c' where M': trail S = c' @ M2' @ Marked K' (i' + 1) # M1'
 using decomp' by auto
have marked: qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) = rev [1...<1+backtrack-lvl S]
 using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have i < backtrack-lvl S
 unfolding M by (force simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: arg-cong[of - - set])
have [simp]: L' = L
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have L' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D)
     using raw-S raw-S' LD LD' by (simp add: in-remove1-mset-neq)
   then have get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \geq backtrack-lvl S
     using \langle qet-level (trail\ S)\ L' = backtrack-lvl S \rangle\ qet-maximum-level-qe-qet-level
     by metis
   then show False using i' i < i < backtrack-lvl S > by auto
 qed
then have [simp]: mset-ccls D' = mset-ccls D
 using raw-S raw-S' by auto
have [simp]: i' = i
 using i i' by auto
```

```
Automation in a step later...
 have H: \bigwedge a \ A \ B. insert a \ A = B \Longrightarrow a : B
   by blast
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (c@M2) = rev [i+2..<1+backtrack-lvl S] and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (c'@M2') = rev [i+2..<1+backtrack-lvl S]
   using marked unfolding M
   using marked unfolding M'
   unfolding rev-swap[symmetric] by (auto dest: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end)
  from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this(1),\ of\ set]\ arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this(2),\ of\ set]
    drop While \ (\lambda L. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ L \lor level\text{-}of \ L \ne Suc \ i) \ (c @ M2) = [] \ \mathbf{and}
   drop While \ (\lambda L. \neg is\text{-}marked \ L \lor level\text{-}of \ L \ne Suc \ i) \ (c' @ M2') = []
     unfolding drop While-eq-Nil-conv Ball-def
     by (intro allI; rename-tac x; case-tac x; auto dest!: H simp add: in-set-conv-decomp)+
  then have [simp]: M1' = M1
   using arg-cong [OF M, of drop While (\lambda L. \neg is-marked L \vee level-of L \neq Suc i)]
   unfolding M' by auto
 show ?thesis using T U undef inv decomp by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve}:
 assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S U and
   bt: backtrack S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows \neg resolve \ U \ V
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume resolve: \neg \neg resolve \ U \ V
 obtain L E D where
    U: trail \ U \neq [] and
   tr-U: hd-raw-trail U = Propagated L E and
   LE: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \ \mathbf{and}
   raw-U: raw-conflicting U = Some D and
   LD: -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \text{ and }
   get-maximum-level (trail\ U)\ (mset-ccls\ (remove-clit\ (-L)\ D)) = backtrack-lvl\ U\ {\bf and}
    V: V \sim update\text{-}conflicting (Some (union\text{-}ccls (remove\text{-}clit (-L) D))
     (ccls-of-cls\ (remove-lit\ L\ E))))
     (tl-trail\ U)
   using resolve by (auto elim!: resolveE)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
   using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W] by (meson bj cdcl_W-bj.skip inv local.skip other
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
  then have [iff]: no-dup (trail\ S)\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and [iff]: no-dup (trail\ U)
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by blast+
  then have
   S: init\text{-}clss \ U = init\text{-}clss \ S
      learned-clss U = learned-clss S
      backtrack-lvl \ U = backtrack-lvl \ S
```

conflicting S = Some (mset-ccls D)

obtain M_0 where

using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF skip] U raw-U by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)

```
tr-S: trail <math>S = M_0 @ trail U and
 nm: \forall m \in set M_0. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF skip] by blast
obtain K'i'M1'M2'L'D' where
  raw-S': raw-conflicting S = Some D' and
 LD': L' \in \# mset\text{-}ccls D' and
 decomp': (Marked K' (Suc i') # M1', M2') \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
 lev-l: get-level (trail S) L' = backtrack-lvl S and
 lev-l-D: get-level (trail S) L' = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D') and
 i': get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D')) \equiv i' and
 undef': undefined-lit M1' L' and
 R: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L' (cls-of-ccls D'))
            (reduce-trail-to M1'
             (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D')
               (update-backtrack-lvl i'
                 (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))
 using bt by (elim backtrack-levE) (fastforce simp: S state-eq-def simp del:state-simp)+
obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2' @ Marked K' (i' + 1) # M1'
 \textbf{using} \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend} [\textit{OF} \ \textit{decomp'}] \ \textbf{by} \ \textit{auto}
have marked: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) = rev [1..<1+backtrack-lvl S]
 using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have i' < backtrack-lvl S
 unfolding M by (force simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: arg-cong[of - - set])
have U: trail U = Propagated L \ (mset-cls E) \# trail V
using tr-S hd-raw-trail[OF U] U S V tr-U by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
have DD'[simp]: mset\text{-}ccls\ D' = mset\text{-}ccls\ D
 using raw-U raw-S' S by auto
have [simp]: L' = -L
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have -L \in \# remove1\text{-}mset\ L'\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D')
     using DD' LD' LD by (simp add: in-remove1-mset-neq)
     have M': trail S = M_0 @ Propagated L (mset-cls E) # trail V
      using tr-S unfolding U by auto
     have no-dup (trail S)
       using inv U unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have atm-L-notin-M: atm-of L \notin atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail V))
      using M' U S by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+backtrack-lvl\ S]
      using inv U unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail U) = rev [1..<1+backtrack-lvl S]
      using nm M' U by (simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked)
     then have get-lev-L:
      get-level(Propagated L (mset-cls E) # trail V) L = backtrack-lvl S
      using qet-level-qet-rev-level-qet-all-levels-of-marked[OF atm-L-notin-M,
        of [Propagated L (mset-cls E)]] U by auto
     have atm-of L \notin atm-of ' (lits-of-l (rev M_0))
      using \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \rangle \ M' by (auto \ simp: \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}def)
     then have get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S
      by (metis M' get-lev-L get-rev-level-notin-end rev-append)
   ultimately
     have get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D')) \geq backtrack-lvl S
```

```
by (metis get-maximum-level-ge-get-level get-rev-level-uminus)
     then show False
       using \langle i' < backtrack-lvl S \rangle i' by auto
   qed
  have cdcl_{W}^{**} S U
   using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip local.skip mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W S U] other by meson
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
   \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{inv} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W \textit{-all-struct-inv-inv} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast}
  then have Propagated L (mset-cls E) # trail V \models as \ CNot \ (mset-ccls \ D')
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def raw-U U by auto
  then have \forall L' \in \# (remove1\text{-}mset\ L'\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D')). atm\text{-}of\ L' \in atm\text{-}of\ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (Propagated\ L')
(mset-cls E) \# trail U)
   using U atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set in-CNot-implies-uninus(2)
   by (fastforce dest: in-diffD)
  then have qet-maximum-level (trail\ S)\ (remove1-mset L'\ (mset-ccls D')) = backtrack-lvl S
    using get-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present[of remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D')
        trail U[M_0] tr-S nm U
     \langle qet\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (trail\ U)\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ (remove\text{-}clit\ (-L)\ D)) = backtrack\text{-}lvl\ U\rangle
    by (auto simp: S)
  then show False
    using i' \langle i' < backtrack-lvl S \rangle by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{if-can-apply-resolve-no-more-backtrack}:
  assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S U and
   resolve: resolve S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows \neg backtrack\ U\ V
  using assms
  by (meson if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
   rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack)
lemma if-can-apply-backtrack-skip-or-resolve-is-skip:
  assumes
    bt: backtrack S T and
   skip: skip-or-resolve^{**} S U and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows skip^{**} S U
  using assms(2,3,1)
  by induction (simp-all add: if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve skip-or-resolve.simps)
lemma cdcl_W-bj-decomp:
  assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S W and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows
   (\exists T \ U \ V. \ (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ T
       \wedge (\lambda T U. resolve T U \wedge no-step backtrack T) T U
       \wedge skip^{**} U V \wedge backtrack V W
   \vee (\exists T \ U. \ (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)** \ S \ T
       \wedge (\lambda T U. resolve T U \wedge no-step backtrack T) T U \wedge skip^{**} U W)
   \vee (\exists T. skip^{**} S T \land backtrack T W)
   \vee skip^{**} S W (is ?RB S W \vee ?R S W \vee ?SB S W \vee ?S S W)
  using assms
proof induction
  case base
```

```
then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step WX) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)] and inv = this(4)
 have \neg ?RB \ S \ W and \neg ?SB \ S \ W
   proof (clarify, goal-cases)
     case (1 \ T \ U \ V)
     have skip-or-resolve** S T
       using 1(1) by (auto dest!: rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left)
     then show False
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) 1(2) 1(4) 1(5) backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj
         cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-o.bj local.bj other
         resolve\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack
         rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.prems)
   next
     case 2
     then show ?case by (meson\ assms(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ backtrack-no-cdcl_W-bj
       local.bj rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack)
   ged
  then have IH: ?R S W \lor ?S S W using IH by blast
 have cdcl_W^{**} S W using mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] st by blast
  then have inv-W: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W by (simp add: rtrancl_P-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   step.prems)
  consider
     (BT) X' where backtrack WX'
   (skip) no-step backtrack W and skip W X
   (resolve) no-step backtrack W and resolve W X
   using bj \ cdcl_W-bj.cases by meson
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case (BT X')
     then consider
         (bt) backtrack W X
      |(sk)| skip W X
       \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{bj}\ \mathit{if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve}[\mathit{of}\ \mathit{W}\ \mathit{W}\ \mathit{X'}\ \mathit{X}]\ \mathit{inv-W}\ \mathit{cdcl}_\mathit{W}\ \mathit{-bj.cases}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{fast}
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
         case bt
         then show ?thesis using IH by auto
      next
         case sk
         then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp-trans r-into-rtranclp)
   next
     case skip
     then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
     case resolve note no-bt = this(1) and res = this(2)
     consider
         (RS) T U where
          (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ T \ and
          resolve T U and
          no-step backtrack T and
          skip^{**} U W
```

```
| (S) \ skip^{**} \ S \ W
  using IH by auto
then show ?thesis
 proof cases
    case (RS \ T \ U)
    have cdcl_W^{**} S T
      using RS(1) cdcl_W-bj.resolve cdcl_W-o.bj other skip
      mono-rtranclp[of\ (\lambda S\ T.\ skip-or-resolve\ S\ T\ \wedge\ no\text{-step\ backtrack}\ S)\ cdcl_W\ S\ T]
     by (meson skip-or-resolve.cases)
    then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
      by (meson\ RS(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ cdcl_W-bj.resolve\ cdcl_W-o.bj\ other
        rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv step.prems)
    \{ \text{ fix } U' \}
      assume skip^{**} U U' and skip^{**} U' W
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U'
        using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ U \rangle \langle skip^{**} \ U \ U' \rangle \ rtranclp - cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - inv
           cdcl_W-o.bj rtranclp-mono[of skip cdcl_W] other skip by blast
      then have no-step backtrack U'
        using if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve [OF \langle skip^{**} \ U' \ W \rangle ] res by blast
    with \langle skip^{**} \ U \ W \rangle
    have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ W
       proof induction
         case base
         then show ?case by simp
        case (step V W) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and H = this(4)
         have \bigwedge U'. skip^{**} U' V \Longrightarrow skip^{**} U' W
           using skip by auto
         then have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ V
           using IH H by blast
         moreover have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ V \ W
           by (simp add: local.skip r-into-rtranclp st step.prems skip-or-resolve.intros)
         ultimately show ?case by simp
       qed
    then show ?thesis
      proof -
        have f1: \forall p \ pa \ pb \ pc. \neg p \ (pa) \ pb \lor \neg p^{**} \ pb \ pc \lor p^{**} \ pa \ pc
          by (meson converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
        have skip-or-resolve T U \wedge no-step backtrack T
          using RS(2) RS(3) by force
        then have (\lambda p \ pa. \ skip-or-resolve \ p \ pa \land no-step \ backtrack \ p)^{**} \ T \ W
          proof -
            have (\exists vr19 \ vr16 \ vr17 \ vr18. \ vr19 \ (vr16::'st) \ vr17 \ \wedge \ vr19^{**} \ vr17 \ vr18
                 \land \neg vr19^{**} vr16 vr18)
              \vee \neg (skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ T\ U\ \land\ no\text{-}step\ backtrack\ T)
              \vee \neg (\lambda uu \ uua. \ skip-or-resolve \ uu \ uua \land no-step \ backtrack \ uu)^{**} \ U \ W
              \vee (\lambda uu \ uua. \ skip-or-resolve \ uu \ uua \wedge no-step \ backtrack \ uu)^{**} \ T \ W
              by force
            then show ?thesis
              by (metis (no-types) \langle (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ W \rangle
                 \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ T\ U\ \land\ no\text{-}step\ backtrack\ T\rangle\ f1)
        then have (\lambda p \ pa. \ skip-or-resolve \ p \ pa \land no-step \ backtrack \ p)^{**} \ S \ W
```

```
using RS(1) by force
            then show ?thesis
              using no-bt res by blast
           qed
       \mathbf{next}
         case S
         \{ \text{ fix } U'
           assume skip^{**} S U' and skip^{**} U' W
           then have cdcl_W^{**} S U'
            using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W S U'] by (simp add: cdcl_W-o.bj other skip)
           then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U'
            by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv S \rangle
              rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
          then have no-step backtrack U'
            using if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve [OF \langle skip^{**} \ U' \ W \rangle ] res by blast
         }
         with S
         have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ W
           proof induction
             case base
             then show ?case by simp
            case (step V W) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and H = this(4)
             have \bigwedge U'. skip^{**} U' V \Longrightarrow skip^{**} U' W
               using skip by auto
             then have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ V
               using IH H by blast
             moreover have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ V \ W
               by (simp add: local.skip r-into-rtranclp st step.prems skip-or-resolve.intros)
             ultimately show ?case by simp
            qed
         then show ?thesis using res no-bt by blast
       qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
The case distinction is needed, since T \sim V does not imply that R^{**} T V.
lemma cdcl_W-bj-strongly-confluent:
  assumes
    cdcl_W-bj^{**} S V and
    cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T and
    n-s: no-step cdcl_W-bj V and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows T \sim V \vee cdcl_W - bj^{**} T V
  using assms(2)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by (simp \ add: \ assms(1))
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s-o-r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_{W}^{**} S T
   using st mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] other by blast
 then have lev-T: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv[of S T]
```

```
consider
    (TV) T \sim V
  | (bj-TV) \ cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ T \ V
 using IH by blast
then show ?case
 proof cases
   case TV
   have no-step cdcl_W-bj T
     using \langle cdcl_W - M - level - inv T \rangle n-s cdcl_W - bj-state-eq-compatible [of T - V] TV
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{meson}\ \mathit{backtrack-state-eq-compatible}\ \mathit{cdcl}_{W}\text{-}\mathit{bj.simps}\ \mathit{resolve-state-eq-compatible}
       skip-state-eq-compatible state-eq-ref)
   then show ?thesis
     using s-o-r by auto
 \mathbf{next}
   case bj-TV
   then obtain U' where
     T-U': cdcl_W-bj T U' and
     cdcl_W\text{-}bj^{**}\ U'\ V
     using IH n-s s-o-r by (metis rtranclp-unfold tranclpD)
   have cdcl_{W}^{**} S T
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) bj mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] other st)
   then have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)
   have lev-U: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
     using s-o-r cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev-T other by blast
   show ?thesis
     using s-o-r
     proof cases
       {f case}\ backtrack
       then obtain V0 where skip** T V0 and backtrack V0 V
         using IH if-can-apply-backtrack-skip-or-resolve-is-skip[OF backtrack - inv-T]
          cdcl_W-bj-decomp-resolve-skip-and-bj
          by (meson\ bj\text{-}TV\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj\text{-}backtrack\ inv\text{-}T\ lev\text{-}T\ n\text{-}s}
            rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack-end)
       then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T V\theta and cdcl_W-bj V\theta V
         using rtranclp-mono[of\ skip\ cdcl_W-bj] by blast+
       then show ?thesis
         using \langle backtrack\ V0\ V\rangle\ \langle skip^{**}\ T\ V0\rangle\ backtrack-unique\ inv-T\ local.backtrack
         rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack by auto
     next
       case resolve
       then have U \sim U'
         by (meson \ T-U' \ cdcl_W - bj.simps \ if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve \ inv-T
           resolve-skip-deterministic resolve-unique rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
       then show ?thesis
         using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle unfolding rtranclp-unfold
         by (meson\ T\text{-}U'\ bj\ cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv\ lev\text{-}T\ other\ state\text{-}eq\text{-}ref\ state\text{-}eq\text{-}sym
           tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible)
     next
       case skip
       consider
           (sk) skip T U'
```

```
| (bt) backtrack T U'
           using T-U' by (meson\ cdcl_W-bj.cases\ local.skip\ resolve-skip-deterministic)
         then show ?thesis
          proof cases
            case sk
            then show ?thesis
              using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle unfolding rtranclp-unfold
              by (meson \ T-U' \ bj \ cdcl_W-all-inv(3) \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def \ inv-T \ local.skip \ other
                tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible skip-unique state-eq-ref)
          next
            case bt
            have skip^{++} T U
              using local.skip by blast
            have cdcl_W-bj U U'
              by (meson \langle skip^{++} | T | U \rangle backtrack bt inv-T rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack-end
                tranclp-into-rtranclp)
            then have cdcl_W-bj^{++} U V
              using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} U' V \rangle by auto
            then show ?thesis
              by (meson tranclp-into-rtranclp)
           qed
       \mathbf{qed}
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form:
 assumes
   ST: cdcl_W - bj^{**} S T  and SU: cdcl_W - bj^{**} S U  and
   n-s-U: no-step cdcl_W-bj U and
   n-s-T: no-step cdcl_W-bj T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows T \sim U
proof -
 have T \sim U \vee cdcl_W - bj^{**} T U
   using ST SU cdcl_W-bj-strongly-confluent inv n-s-U by blast
 then show ?thesis
   by (metis (no-types) n-s-T rtranclp-unfold state-eq-ref tranclp-unfold-begin)
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form:
assumes full cdcl_W-bj S T and full cdcl_W-bj S U and
  inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
shows T \sim U
  using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj-unique-normal-form assms unfolding full-def by blast
21.3
         CDCL FW
inductive cdcl_W-merge-restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
fw-r-propagate: propagate S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S S'
fw-r-conflict: conflict S T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S U
fw-r-decide: decide\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S\ S'
fw-r-rf: cdcl_W-rf S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S S'
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - bj^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
```

```
using mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W:
  assumes cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows cdcl_W^{**} S T
 using assms
proof induction
  case (fw-r-conflict S T U) note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2)
 have cdcl_W \ S \ T \ using \ confl \ by \ (simp \ add: \ cdcl_W.intros \ r-into-rtranclp)
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T U using bj unfolding full-def by auto
   then have cdcl_W^{**} T U using rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed (simp-all \ add: \ cdcl_W-o.intros \ cdcl_W.intros \ r-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-conflicting-true-or-no-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows conflicting T = None \lor no\text{-step } cdcl_W T
 using assms
proof induction
 \mathbf{case}\ (\mathit{fw-r-conflict}\ S\ T\ U)\ \mathbf{note}\ \mathit{confl} = \mathit{this}(1)\ \mathbf{and}\ \mathit{n-s} = \mathit{this}(2)
  \{ \mathbf{fix} \ D \ V \}
   assume cdcl_W U V and conflicting U = Some D
   then have False
     using n-s unfolding full-def
     by (induction rule: cdcl_W-all-rules-induct)
       (auto dest!: cdcl_W-bj.intros elim: decideE propagateE conflictE forgetE restartE)
 then show ?case by (cases conflicting U) fastforce+
qed (auto simp add: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-rf.simps elim: propagateE decideE restartE forgetE)
inductive cdcl_W-merge :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
fw-propagate: propagate S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S S'
fw-conflict: conflict S T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T \ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ U \ |
fw-decide: decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ S'
fw-forget: forget \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ S'
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  cdcl_W-merge S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge.cases\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge-restart.simps\ forget)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  cdcl_W-merge** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T
  using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge\ cdcl_W-merge-restart]\ cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
  using cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
```

using rtranclp-mono[of $cdcl_W$ -merge $cdcl_W^{**}$] $cdcl_W$ -merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W by auto

 $skipE\ resolveE\ backtrackE\ propagateE\ conflictE\ decideE\ restartE\ forgetE$

lemmas rulesE =

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{:}}
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv b
   cdcl_W-merge^{++} b a
 shows (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \ \wedge \ cdcl_W - merge \ S \ T)^{++} \ b \ a
 using assms(2)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case using inv by auto
next
  case (step c d) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv c
   using tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF\ st]\ cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   assms(1) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-mono[of \ cdcl_W-merge \ cdcl_W^{**}] by fastforce
 then have (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge S \ T)^{++} \ c \ d
   using fw by auto
 then show ?case using IH by auto
qed
lemma backtrack-is-full1-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes bt: backtrack S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows full1 cdcl_W-bj S T
  using bt inv backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj unfolding full1-def by blast
lemma rtrancl-cdcl_W-conflicting-true-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
 assumes cdcl_{W}^{**} S V and inv: cdcl_{W}-M-level-inv S and conflicting S = None
 shows (cdcl_W-merge-restart** S \ V \land conflicting \ V = None)
   \vee (\exists T U. cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T \wedge conflicting V \neq None \wedge conflict <math>T U \wedge cdcl_W-bj** U V)
 using assms
proof induction
 \mathbf{case}\ base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step U V) note st = this(1) and cdcl_W = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
   conf[simp] = this(5) and inv = this(4)
 from cdcl_W
 show ?case
   proof (cases)
     case propagate
     moreover then have conflicting U = None and conflicting V = None
      by (auto elim: propagateE)
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-propagate[of U V] by auto
   next
     case conflict
     moreover then have conflicting U = None and conflicting V \neq None
      by (auto elim!: conflictE simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH by auto
   next
     case other
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
        case decide
        then show ?thesis using IH cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-decide[of U V] by (auto elim: decideE)
      next
```

```
case bj
         moreover {
           assume skip-or-resolve U V
          have f1: cdcl_W - bj^{++} U V
            by (simp add: local.bj tranclp.r-into-trancl)
           obtain T T' :: 'st where
            f2: cdcl_W-merge-restart** S U
               \lor cdcl_W-merge-restart** S \ T \land conflicting \ U \neq None
                \wedge \ conflict \ T \ T' \wedge \ cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ T' \ U
            using IH confl by blast
           have conflicting V \neq None \land conflicting U \neq None
            using \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ U\ V \rangle
            by (auto simp: skip-or-resolve.simps state-eq-def elim!: skipE resolveE
               simp del: state-simp)
           then have ?thesis
             by (metis (full-types) IH f1 rtranclp-trans tranclp-into-rtranclp)
         moreover {
           assume backtrack U V
           then have conflicting U \neq None by (auto elim: backtrackE)
           then obtain T T' where
             cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
             conflicting U \neq None and
             conflict\ T\ T' and
             cdcl_W-bj^{**} T' U
             using IH confl by meson
           have invU: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
            using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv step.hyps(1) by blast
           then have conflicting V = None
             using \langle backtrack \ U \ V \rangle inv by (auto elim: backtrack-levE
               simp: cdcl_W - M - level - inv - decomp)
          have full cdcl_W-bj T' V
            apply (rule rtranclp-fullI[of cdcl_W-bj T'UV])
              using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} T' U \rangle apply fast
            \mathbf{using} \ \langle backtrack \ U \ V \rangle \ backtrack-is\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj \ inv} U \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ full1\text{-}def \ full-def
            by blast
           then have ?thesis
             using cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-conflict[of T T' V] \langle conflict T T' \rangle
             \langle cdcl_W \text{-merge-restart}^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle \langle conflicting \mid V = None \rangle \text{ by } auto
         ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
     qed
   next
     case rf
     moreover then have conflicting U = None and conflicting V = None
       by (auto simp: cdcl_W-rf.simps elim: restartE forgetE)
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart.fw-r-rf[of U V] by auto
   qed
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart: no-step cdcl_W S \implies no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps)
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W:
```

```
assumes
   conflicting S = None  and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart S
 shows no-step cdcl_W S
proof -
 { fix S'
   assume conflict S S'
   then have cdcl_W S S' using cdcl_W.conflict by auto
   then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
     using assms(2) cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast
   then obtain S'' where full cdcl_W-bj S' S''
     using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of S'] by auto
   then have False
     using \langle conflict \ S \ S' \rangle \ assms(3) \ fw-r-conflict \ by \ blast
 then show ?thesis
   using assms unfolding cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps\ cdcl_W-o.simps\ cdcl_W-bj.simps
   by (auto elim: skipE resolveE backtrackE conflictE decideE restartE)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
 using assms
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-restart.induct)
  (force simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps: cdcl_W-rf.simps: cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps: full-def
    elim!: rulesE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
   conflicting S = None
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
 using assms unfolding rtranclp-unfold
 apply (elim \ disjE)
  apply (force simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-rf.simps elim!: rulesE)
 by (auto simp: tranclp-unfold-end simp: cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj)
If conflicting S \neq None, we cannot say anything.
Remark that this theorem does not say anything about well-foundedness: even if you know that
one relation is well-founded, it only states that the normal forms are shared.
lemma conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-iff-full-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes confl: conflicting S = None and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows full cdcl_W S V \longleftrightarrow full cdcl_W-merge-restart S V
 assume full: full\ cdcl_W-merge-restart S\ V
 then have st: cdcl_{W}^{**} S V
   using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-restart\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W
   unfolding full-def by auto
 have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart V
   using full unfolding full-def by auto
 have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
```

```
have \bigwedge S'. conflict V S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
    using cdcl<sub>W</sub>.conflict cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv lev rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv st by blast
  then have \bigwedge S'. conflict V S' \Longrightarrow False
    using n-s n-s-bj cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps by meson
  then have n-s-cdcl_W: no-step cdcl_W V
    using n-s n-s-bj by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart.simps)
  then show full cdcl_W S V using st unfolding full-def by auto
next
  assume full: full cdcl_W S V
  have no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart V
    using full no-step-cdcl_W-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart unfolding full-def by blast
  moreover
    consider
        (fw) cdcl_W-merge-restart** S \ V \ and \ conflicting \ V = None
      | (bj) T U  where
        cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
        conflicting V \neq None and
        conflict T U and
        cdcl_W-bj^{**} U V
      using full rtrancl-cdcl_W-conflicting-true-cdcl_W-merge-restart confl lev unfolding full-def
      by meson
    then have cdcl_W-merge-restart** S V
      proof cases
        case fw
        then show ?thesis by fast
      next
        case (bj \ T \ U)
       have no-step cdcl_W-bj V
          using full unfolding full-def by (meson cdcl_W-o.bj other)
        then have full cdcl_W-bj U V
          using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} U V \rangle unfolding full-def by auto
        then have cdcl_W-merge-restart T V
          using \langle conflict \ T \ U \rangle \ cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-conflict by blast
        then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T \rangle by auto
      qed
  ultimately show full cdcl_W-merge-restart S V unfolding full-def by fast
qed
lemma init-state-true-full-cdcl_W-iff-full-cdcl_W-merge:
  shows full cdcl_W (init-state N) V \longleftrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-merge-restart (init-state N) V
  by (rule conflicting-true-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-iff-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge) auto
21.4
          FW with strategy
            The intermediate step
21.4.1
inductive cdcl_W-s' :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict': full1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow \ cdcl_W - s' \ S \ S'
\mathit{decide'} \colon \mathit{decide} \mathrel{SS'} \Longrightarrow \mathit{no\text{-}step} \mathrel{\mathit{cdcl}}_W \text{-}\mathit{cp} \mathrel{S} \Longrightarrow \mathit{full} \mathrel{\mathit{cdcl}}_W \text{-}\mathit{cp} \mathrel{S'} \mathrel{S''} \Longrightarrow \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{s'} \mathrel{SS''} \mid
bj': full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W-cp\ S \Longrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'\ S\ S''
inductive-cases cdcl_W-s'E: cdcl_W-s' S T
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  cdcl_W-bj^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow full cdcl_W-cp S' S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S''
```

using $rtranclp-cdcl_W$ -merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj conft full unfolding full-def by auto

```
proof (induction rule: converse-rtranclp-induct)
  case base
 then show ?case by (metis cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' full-unfold rtranclp.simps)
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(2) and bj = this(1) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
   using bj by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-cp.simps elim!: rulesE)
 consider
     (U) U = S'
   | (U') U' where cdcl_W-bj U U' and cdcl_W-bj^{**} U' S'
   using st by (metis\ converse-rtranclpE)
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case U
     then show ?thesis
       using \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp | T \rangle cdcl_W\text{-}o.bj | local.bj | other' | step.prems | by | (meson r-into-rtranclp)
     case U' note U' = this(1)
     have no-step cdcl_W-cp U
       using U' by (fastforce\ simp:\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj.simps\ elim:\ rulesE)
     then have full\ cdcl_W-cp\ U\ U
       by (simp add: full-unfold)
     then have cdcl_W-stgy T U
       using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ T \rangle\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.simps\ local.bj\ cdcl_W\text{-}o.bj\ \mathbf{by}\ meson
     then show ?thesis using IH by auto
   ged
qed
lemma cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy:
  cdcl_W-s' S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-stgy** S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'.induct)
   apply (auto intro: cdcl_W-stgy.intros)[]
  apply (meson decide other' r-into-rtranclp)
 by (metis\ full1-def\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W-stgy\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation:
  assumes
   full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U and
   cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T' and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   no-step cdcl_W-bj T'
 shows full cdcl_W-cp T' U
   \vee (\exists U' U''. full cdcl_W-cp T' U'' \wedge full <math>cdcl_W-bj U U' \wedge full \ cdcl_W-cp U' U''
     \land \ cdcl_W - s'^{**} \ U \ U'')
 using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by blast
  case (step T' T'') note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4,5)] and
   full = this(4) and inv = this(5)
 have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T''
   using local.bj st by auto
  then have cdcl_W^{**} T T''
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
```

```
then have inv-T'': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T''
   using inv \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T''
   using local.bj st by auto
  have full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ T\ T''
   by (metis \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ full 1-def \ step.prems(3))
  then have T = U
   proof -
     obtain Z where cdcl_W-bj T Z
       using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} T T'' \rangle by (blast dest: tranclpD)
     { assume cdcl_W-cp^{++} T U
       then obtain Z' where cdcl_W-cp T Z'
         by (meson\ tranclpD)
       then have False
         using \langle cdcl_W-bj T Z \rangle by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-cp.simps
           elim: rulesE)
     then show ?thesis
       using full unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
   \mathbf{qed}
  obtain U'' where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T''\ U''
    using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv-T'' by blast
  moreover then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} U U'' by (metis \langle T=U \rangle \langle cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T'' \rangle rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-full1-cdcl_P-cdcl_W-stgy rtranclp-unfold)
  moreover have cdcl_W-s'** U~U''
   proof -
     obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
       f1: \forall x2. (\exists v3. cdcl_W - cp x2 v3) = cdcl_W - cp x2 (ss x2)
       by moura
     have \neg cdcl_W - cp \ U \ (ss \ U)
       by (meson full full-def)
     then show ?thesis
       using f1 by (metis (no-types) \langle T = U \rangle \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle \ bj' \ calculation(1)
         r-into-rtranclp)
   qed
  ultimately show ?case
   using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ T'' \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W - cp \ T'' \ U'' \rangle unfolding \langle T = U \rangle by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation':
  assumes
   full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U and
   cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T' and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
    no-step cdcl_W-bj T'
  shows full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T'\ U
    \lor (\exists U'. full1 cdcl_W-bj U U' \land (\forall U''. full cdcl_W-cp U' U'' \longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-cp T' U''
     \wedge \ cdcl_W - s'^{**} \ U \ U'')
  using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by blast
next
  case (step T' T'') note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4,5)] and
   full = this(4) and inv = this(5)
```

```
have cdcl_W^{**} T T^{\prime\prime}
   by (metis local.bj rtranclp.simps rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> st)
  then have inv-T'': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T''
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T''
   using local.bj st by auto
  have full1 cdcl_W-bj T T''
   by (metis \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ full 1-def \ step.prems(3))
  then have T = U
   proof
      obtain Z where cdcl_W-bj T Z
       using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \mid T \mid T'' \rangle by (blast dest: tranclpD)
      { assume cdcl_W - cp^{++} T U
       then obtain Z' where cdcl_W-cp T Z'
         by (meson\ tranclpD)
       then have False
          using \langle cdcl_W-bj TZ \rangle by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-cp.simps elim: rulesE)
      then show ?thesis
       using full unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
   qed
  \{ \text{ fix } U'' \}
   assume full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T^{\prime\prime}\ U^{\prime\prime}
   moreover then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} U U''
      by (metis \ \langle T = U \rangle \ \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ rtranclp-cdcl_W - bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W - stgy \ rtranclp-unfold)
   moreover have cdcl_W-s'** U~U''
      proof -
       obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
          f1: \forall x2. (\exists v3. cdcl_W - cp x2 v3) = cdcl_W - cp x2 (ss x2)
          by moura
       have \neg cdcl_W - cp \ U \ (ss \ U)
          by (meson \ assms(1) \ full-def)
       then show ?thesis
          using f1 by (metis (no-types) \langle T = U \rangle \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle \ bj' \ calculation(1)
            r-into-rtranclp)
      qed
   ultimately have full1 cdclw-bi U T" and cdclw-s'** T" U"
      using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W-cp T'' \ U'' \rangle unfolding \langle T = U \rangle
      by (metis \langle full \ cdcl_W \ -cp \ T'' \ U'' \rangle \ cdcl_W \ -s'. simps \ full-unfold \ rtranclp. simps)
   }
  then show ?case
    using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle \ full \ bj' unfolding \langle T = U \rangle \ full-def by (metis r-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows cdcl_W-s' S U
   \vee (\exists U'. full1 \ cdcl_W-bj \ U \ U' \land (\forall U''. full \ cdcl_W-cp \ U' \ U'' \longrightarrow cdcl_W-s' \ S \ U''))
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  case (conflict' T)
  then have cdcl_W-s' S T
   using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
  then show ?case
```

```
\mathbf{by} blast
 case (other'\ T\ U) note o=this(1) and n-s=this(2) and full=this(3) and inv=this(4)
 show ?case
   using o
   proof cases
     case decide
     then show ?thesis using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.simps full n-s by blast
   \mathbf{next}
     case bj
     have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     consider
        (cp) full cdcl_W-cp T U and no-step cdcl_W-bj T
      \mid (fbj) \ T' where full1 \ cdcl_W-bj \ T \ T'
      apply (cases no-step cdcl_W-bj T)
       using full apply blast
      using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of T] inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
      by (metis full-unfold)
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case cp
        then show ?thesis
          proof -
            obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
             f1: \forall s \ sa \ sb. \ (\neg full 1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ ssa \lor cdcl_W - cp \ s \ (ss \ s) \lor \neg full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sa \ sb)
               \lor cdcl_W - s' s sb
             using bj' by moura
            have full1 cdcl_W-bj S T
             by (simp add: cp(2) full1-def local.bj tranclp.r-into-trancl)
            then show ?thesis
             using f1 full n-s by blast
          qed
      next
        case (fbj U')
        then have full1 cdclw-bj S U'
          using bj unfolding full1-def by auto
        moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S
          using n-s by blast
        moreover have T = U
          using full fbj unfolding full1-def full-def rtranclp-unfold
          by (force dest!: tranclpD \ simp: cdcl_W - bj. simps \ elim: \ rulesE)
        ultimately show ?thesis using cdcl_W-s'.bj'[of S U'] using fbj by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
   \vee (\exists U' U''. cdcl_W - s' S U'' \wedge full cdcl_W - bj U U' \wedge full cdcl_W - cp U' U'')
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' T)
 then have cdcl_W-s' S T
```

```
using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
 then show ?case
   by blast
next
 case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and n-s = this(2) and full = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 show ?case
   using o
   proof cases
     case decide
     then show ?thesis using cdcl_W-s'.simps full n-s by blast
   next
     case bj
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     then obtain T' where T': full cdcl_W-bj T T'
      using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form unfolding full-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by metis
     then have full cdcl_W-bj S T'
      proof -
        have f1: cdcl_W - bj^{**} T T' \wedge no\text{-step } cdcl_W - bj T'
          by (metis (no-types) T' full-def)
        then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T'
          by (meson converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp local.bj)
        then show ?thesis
          using f1 by (simp add: full-def)
      qed
     have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T'
      using T' unfolding full-def by simp
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     then consider
        (T'U) full cdcl_W-cp T' U
      \mid (U) \ U' \ U'' where
          full cdcl_W-cp T' U'' and
          full1 cdcl_W-bj U U' and
          \mathit{full}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{cp}\ \mathit{U'}\ \mathit{U''} and
          cdcl_W-s'** U U''
      using cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation[OF full <math>\langle cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T')] T' unfolding full-def
      by blast
     then show ?thesis by (metis T' cdcl_W-s'.simps full-fullI local.bj n-s)
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-no-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and no-step cdcl_W-bj U
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
 using cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected[OF assms(1,2)] assms(3)
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) full1-def tranclpD)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-connected-to-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W - s'^{**} S U \vee (\exists T. cdcl_W - s'^{**} S T \wedge cdcl_W - bj^{++} T U \wedge conflicting U \neq None)
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
```

```
next
 case (step \ T \ V) note st = this(1) and o = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 from o show ?case
   proof cases
     case conflict'
     then have f2: cdcl_W - s' T V
      using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
     obtain ss :: 'st where
      f3: S = T \lor cdcl_W - stgy^{**} S ss \land cdcl_W - stgy ss T
      by (metis (full-types) rtranclp.simps st)
     obtain ssa :: 'st where
      ssa: cdcl_W-cp T ssa
      using conflict' by (metis (no-types) full1-def tranclpD)
     have \forall s. \neg full \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \ T
      by (meson ssa full-def)
     then have S = T
      by (metis\ (full-types)\ f3\ ssa\ cdcl_W-stgy.cases full1-def)
     then show ?thesis
      using f2 by blast
   next
     case (other' U) note o = this(1) and n-s = this(2) and full = this(3)
     then show ?thesis
      using o
      proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-o-rule-cases)
        case decide
        then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
         using IH by (auto elim: rulesE)
        then show ?thesis
         by (meson decide decide' full n-s rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
      next
        case backtrack
        consider
           (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
         |(bj)| S' where cdcl_W-s'^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T and conflicting T \neq None
         using IH by blast
        then show ?thesis
         proof cases
           case s'
           moreover
             have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
              using inv local.step(1) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by auto
             then have full cdcl_W-bj T U
              using backtrack-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj backtrack by blast
             then have cdcl_W-s' T V
              using full bj' n-s by blast
           ultimately show ?thesis by auto
         next
           case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
           have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
             using bj-T by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps dest!: tranclpD
               elim: rulesE)
           moreover
             have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
               using inv local.step(1) rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv by auto
             then have full cdcl_W-bj T U
```

```
using backtrack-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj backtrack by blast
          then have full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ S'\ U
            using bj-T unfolding full1-def by fastforce
        ultimately have cdcl_W-s' S' V using full by (simp add: bj')
        then show ?thesis using S-S' by auto
       qed
   next
     case skip
     then have [simp]: U = V
      using full converse-rtranclpE unfolding full-def by (fastforce elim: rulesE)
     then have confl-V: conflicting V \neq None
      using skip by (auto elim!: rulesE simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     consider
        (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
       (bj) S' where cdcl_W-s'** S S' and cdcl_W-bj<sup>++</sup> S' T and conflicting T \neq None
      using IH by blast
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case s'
        show ?thesis using s' confl-V skip by force
        case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
        have cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' V
          using skip bj-T by (metis \langle U = V \rangle cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.skip tranclp.simps)
        then show ?thesis using S-S' confl-V by auto
      ged
   next
     case resolve
     then have [simp]: U = V
      using full unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold
      by (auto elim!: rulesE dest!: tranclpD
        simp\ del:\ state-simp\ simp:\ state-eq-def\ cdcl_W-cp.simps)
     have confl-V: conflicting V \neq None
      using resolve by (auto elim!: rulesE simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     consider
        (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
       (bj) S' where cdcl_W-s'** S S' and cdcl_W-bj<sup>++</sup> S' T and conflicting T \neq None
      using IH by blast
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case s'
        have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T V
          using resolve by force
        then show ?thesis using s' confl-V by auto
        case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
        have cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' V
          using resolve bj-T by (metis \langle U = V \rangle cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.resolve tranclp.simps)
        then show ?thesis using confl-V S-S' by auto
       qed
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
```

qed

```
lemma n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s' S \longleftrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S \land no-step cdcl_W-o S (is ?S' S \longleftrightarrow ?C S \land ?O S)
proof
 assume ?CS \land ?OS
 then show ?S'S
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps full1-def tranclp-unfold-begin)
\mathbf{next}
 assume n-s: ?S' S
 have ?CS
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain S' where cdcl_W-cp S S'
       by auto
     then obtain T where full cdcl_W-cp S T
       using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv by (metis (no-types, lifting) full-unfold)
     then show False using n-s cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
   qed
  moreover have ?O S
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain S' where cdcl_W-o S S'
       by auto
     then obtain T where full1\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ T
       using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv
       by (meson\ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - def\ n - s
         cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step)
     then show False using n-s by (meson \langle cdcl_W - o S S' \rangle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
       cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step inv)
   qed
 ultimately show ?C S \land ?O S by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s' S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-s'.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case
   by (simp add: full1-def tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
next
 case decide'
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-stgy.simps cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W by (meson\ cdcl_W-o.simps)
 case (bj' Sa S'a S'') note a2 = this(1) and a1 = this(2) and n-s = this(3)
 obtain ss: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st where
   \forall x0 \ x1 \ x2. \ (\exists \ v3. \ x2 \ x1 \ v3 \ \land \ x2^{**} \ v3 \ x0) = (x2 \ x1 \ (ss \ x0 \ x1 \ x2) \ \land \ x2^{**} \ (ss \ x0 \ x1 \ x2) \ x0)
  then have f3: \forall p \ s \ sa. \neg p^{++} \ s \ sa \lor p \ s \ (ss \ sa \ s \ p) \land p^{**} \ (ss \ sa \ s \ p) \ sa
   by (metis (full-types) tranclpD)
 have cdcl_W-bj^{++} Sa S'a \wedge no-step cdcl_W-bj S'a
   using a2 by (simp add: full1-def)
  then have cdcl_W-bj Sa (ss\ S'a\ Sa\ cdcl_W-bj) \land\ cdcl_W-bj** (ss\ S'a\ Sa\ cdcl_W-bj) S'a
   using f3 by auto
  then show cdcl_W^{++} Sa S"
```

```
using a n-s by (meson\ bj\ other\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W-stgy)
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
qed
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - s'^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W + S S'
 apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  using cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> apply blast
 \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{meson}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{s'-tranclp-cdcl}_W\ \mathit{tranclp-trans})
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - s'^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W ^{**} S S'
  using rtranclp-unfold[of\ cdcl_W-s'\ S\ S']\ tranclp-cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl_W[of\ S\ S'] by auto
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-full-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows full cdcl_W-stgy S T \longleftrightarrow full cdcl_W-s' S T (is ?S \longleftrightarrow ?S')
 assume ?S'
 then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of\ S\ T] unfolding full-def by blast
  then have inv': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv by blast
 have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T
   using \langle ?S' \rangle unfolding full-def
     using cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-s' cdcl_W-stqy**] by auto
  then show ?S
   using \langle ?S' \rangle inv' cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' unfolding full-def by blast
next
 assume ?S
 then have inv-T:cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   by (metis assms full-def rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
 consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
   (st) S' where cdcl_W-s'** S S' and cdcl_W-bj<sup>++</sup> S' T and conflicting T \neq None
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-connected-to-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'[of S T] inv \langle ?S \rangle
   unfolding full-def cdclw-all-struct-inv-def
   by blast
  then show ?S'
   proof cases
     case s'
     have no-step cdcl_W-s' T
       using \langle full\ cdcl_W-stgy S\ T \rangle unfolding full-def
       by (meson\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ cdcl_W-s'E\ cdcl_W-stgy.conflict'
         cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step inv-T n-step-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl_W-cl-cdcl_W-o)
     then show ?thesis
       using s' unfolding full-def by blast
   next
     case (st S')
     have full cdcl_W-cp T T
       using option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp st(3) by blast
     moreover
       have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-bj T
         by (metis \langle full\ cdcl_W \text{-stgy}\ S\ T \rangle bj inv-T cdcl_W \text{-all-struct-inv-def}
```

```
cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step full-def)
       then have full1 cdcl_W-bj S' T
         using st(2) unfolding full1-def by blast
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
       using st(2) by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps
         elim: rulesE)
     ultimately have cdcl_W-s' S' T
       using cdcl_W-s'.bj'[of S' T T] by blast
     then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
       using st(1) by auto
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s' T
       \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{inv-T} \ \langle \mathit{full} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-cp} \ T \ T \rangle \ \langle \mathit{full} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-stgy} \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{full-def}
       by (metis\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -def\ cdcl_W\ -then\ -exists\ -cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -step
         n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       unfolding full-def by blast
   qed
qed
lemma conflict-step-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
  assumes
    conflict\ S\ T
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows \exists T. cdcl_W-stgy S T
proof
  obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ U
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv assms by blast
  then have full cdcl_W-cp S U
   by (metis\ cdcl_W - cp.\ conflict'\ assms(1)\ full-unfold)
  then show ?thesis using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.conflict' by blast
qed
lemma decide-step-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
 assumes
    decide S T
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows \exists T. cdcl_W-stqy S T
proof -
  obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by (meson\ assms(1)\ assms(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
     cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv decide other)
  then show ?thesis
   by (metis assms cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' decide full-unfold
      other')
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-Some:
  cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow S = T
  using rtranclpD tranclpD by fastforce
inductive cdcl_W-merge-cp: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict': conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W \text{-bj} \ T \ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-merge-cp} \ S \ U \ |
propagate': propagate^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-cp S S'
```

```
assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-cp S U and
   \bigwedge T. conflict S \ T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T \ U \Longrightarrow P and
   propagate^{++} S U \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps by auto
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge:
  cdcl_W-merge-cp S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-cp.induct)
   using cdcl_W-merge.simps apply auto[1]
  using tranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-merge]\ fw-propagate\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 apply simp
unfolding cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps by (meson cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl<sub>W</sub> fw-r-conflict
  rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-trans tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma full1-cdcl_W-bj-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 full1 cdcl_W-bj S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 unfolding full1-def by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty option.exhaust
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj tranclpD)
inductive cdcl_W-s'-without-decide where
conflict'-without-decide[intro]: full1 cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S S'
bj'-without-decide[intro]: full1 cdcl_W-bj S S' \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-cp S' S''
     \implies cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S S''
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S \ T
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
 by (meson\ cdcl_W - s'.simps\ cdcl_W - s'-tranclp-cdcl_W\ cdcl_W - s'-without-decide.simps
   rtranclp-tranclp-tranclp tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
  cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'** S \ T
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step y z) note a2 = this(2) and a1 = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-s' y z
   using a2 by (metis (no-types) bj' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.conflict' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide.cases)
 then show cdcl_W-s'** S z
   using a1 by (meson r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-trans)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide:
   cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V
   conflicting S = None
 shows
```

```
(cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S V)
   \vee (\exists T. \ cdcl_W \text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide^{**} \ S \ T \land propagate^{++} \ T \ V)
   \vee (\exists T \ U. \ cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} \ S \ T \land full 1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ U \land propagate^{**} \ U \ V)
  using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and cp = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 from cp show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-merge-restart-cases)
     case propagate
     then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp-tranclp-tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     case (conflict U') note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2)
     have full1-U-U': full1 cdclw-cp U U'
       by (simp add: conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp local.conflict(1))
         (s') cdcl_W-s'-without-decide^{**} S U
        (propa) T' where cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T' and propagate^{++} T' U
       \mid (\mathit{bj-prop}) \ \mathit{T'} \ \mathit{T''} \ \mathbf{where}
           cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T' and
          full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ T'\ T'' and
          propagate^{**} T^{\prime\prime} U
       using IH by blast
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
         case s'
         have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide U U'
         using full1-U-U' conflict'-without-decide by blast
         then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S U'
          using \langle cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S U \rangle by auto
         moreover have U' = V \vee full1 \ cdcl_W-bj U' \ V
           using bj by (meson full-unfold)
         ultimately show ?thesis by blast
       next
         case propa note s' = this(1) and T'-U = this(2)
         have full1 cdcl_W-cp T' U'
           using rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp]\ T'-U\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ full1-U-U'
           rtranclp-full1I[of\ cdcl_W-cp\ T'] by (metis\ (full-types)\ predicate2D\ predicate2I
            tranclp-into-rtranclp)
         have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S U'
          using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ T' \ U' \rangle conflict'-without-decide s' by force
         have full cdcl_W-bj U' V \vee V = U' using bj unfolding full-unfold by blast
         then show ?thesis
           using \langle cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S U' \rangle by blast
       next
         case bj-prop note s' = this(1) and bj-T' = this(2) and T''-U = this(3)
         have no-step cdcl_W-cp T'
           using bj-T' full1-cdcl_W-bj-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by blast
         moreover have full1\ cdcl_W-cp\ T^{\prime\prime}\ U^{\prime}
           using rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp]\ T''-U\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ full1-U-U'
           rtranclp-full1I[of\ cdcl_W-cp\ T''] by blast
         ultimately have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T' U'
           using bj'-without-decide [of T' T'' U'] bj-T' by (simp add: full-unfold)
```

```
then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S U'
          using s' rtranclp.intros(2)[of - S T' U'] by blast
        then show ?thesis
          using local.bj unfolding full-unfold by blast
      qed
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S V and
   confl: conflicting S = None
 shows
   (cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} S V \land conflicting V = None)
   \lor (cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ S \ V \land conflicting \ V \neq None \land no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}cp \ V \land no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}bj \ V)
   \vee (\exists T. cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T \wedge conflict T V)
  using assms(1)
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case using confl by auto
next
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 from s show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases)
     case conflict'-without-decide
     then have rt: cdcl_W-cp^{++} U V unfolding full1-def by fast
     then have conflicting U = None
      using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of U V]
       conflict by (auto dest!: tranclpD simp: rtranclp-unfold elim: rulesE)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U using IH by (auto elim: rulesE
      simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     consider
        (propa)\ propagate^{++}\ U\ V
       \mid (confl') \ conflict \ U \ V
       | (propa-confl') U' where propagate<sup>++</sup> U U' conflict U' V
      using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[OF\ rt] unfolding rtranclp-unfold
      by fastforce
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case propa
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp UV
          by (auto intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
        moreover have conflicting V = None
          using propa unfolding translp-unfold-end by (auto elim: rulesE)
        ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U\rangle by (auto elim!: rulesE
          simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
      next
        case confl'
        then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U by auto
        case propa-confl' note propa = this(1) and confl' = this(2)
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U U' by (auto intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U' using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U \rangle by auto
        then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W \text{-merge-}cp^{**} \mid S \mid U \rangle confl' by auto
      qed
```

```
next
    case (bj'-without-decide U') note full-bj = this(1) and cp = this(3)
    then have conflicting U \neq None
      using full-bj unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps
        elim: rulesE)
    with IH obtain T where
      S-T: cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T  and T-U: conflict T U
      using full-bj unfolding full1-def by (blast dest: tranclpD)
    then have cdcl_W-merge-cp T U'
      using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict'[of T U U'] full-bj by (simp add: full-unfold)
    then have S-U': cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U' using S-T by auto
    consider
        (n-s) U' = V
       | (propa) propagate^{++} U' V
        (confl') conflict U' V
       \mid (propa\text{-}confl') \ U'' \text{ where } propagate^{++} \ U' \ U'' \ conflict \ U'' \ V
      using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not cp
      unfolding rtranclp-unfold full-def by metis
    then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case propa
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U' V by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
        moreover have conflicting V = None
         using propa unfolding translp-unfold-end by (auto elim: rulesE)
        ultimately show ?thesis using S-U' by (auto elim: rulesE
         simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
      next
        case confl'
        then show ?thesis using S-U' by auto
        case propa-confl' note propa = this(1) and confl = this(2)
        have cdcl_W-merge-cp U' U'' using propa by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
        then show ?thesis using S-U' confl by (meson rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
      next
        case n-s
        then show ?thesis
         using S-U' apply (cases conflicting V = None)
          using full-bj apply simp
         by (metis cp full-def full-unfold full-bj)
      qed
   qed
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-s'-no-ste-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   conflicting S = None
   no-step cdcl_W-s' S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 using assms apply (auto simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps)
   using conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp apply blast
 using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv cdcl_W-cp.propagate' by (metis cdcl_W-cp.propagate'
   full-unfold tranclpD)
```

The no-step decide S is needed, since $cdcl_W$ -merge-cp is $cdcl_W$ -s' without decide.

```
lemma conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide:
 assumes
   confl: conflicting S = None and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 then obtain T where
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S T
   by auto
 then have inv-T: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S T]
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv inv by blast
 from cdcl_W show False
   proof cases
     {\bf case}\ conflict'\mbox{-}without\mbox{-}decide
     have no-step propagate S
      using n-s by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
     then have conflict S T
      using local.conflict' translp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not [of S T]
      local.conflict'-without-decide unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold
      by (metis tranclp-unfold-begin)
     moreover
      then obtain T' where full\ cdcl_W-bj\ T\ T'
        using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form inv-T by blast
     ultimately show False using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' n-s by meson
   next
     case (bj'-without-decide S')
     then show ?thesis
      using confl unfolding full1-def by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps dest: tranclpD
        elim: rulesE)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain T where cdcl_W-merge-cp S T
   by auto
 then show False
   proof cases
     case (conflict' S')
     then show False using n-s conflict'-without-decide conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp by blast
   next
     case propagate'
    moreover
      have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
        using inv by (meson local.propagate' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv
          rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-into-rtranclp)
      then obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U
```

```
using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by auto
     ultimately have full1 cdcl_W-cp S U
       using tranclp-full-full1I[of cdcl_W-cp S T U] cdcl_W-cp.propagate'
       tranclp-mono[of propagate cdcl_W-cp] by blast
     then show False using conflict'-without-decide n-s by blast
   qed
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
  no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge-cp } S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-level-inv } S \Longrightarrow no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-cp } S
 using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF\ cdcl_W.conflict,\ of\ S]
 by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.cases\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp.simps\ tranclp.intros(1))
lemma conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes
   conflicting S = None  and
    cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
  using assms(2,1) by (induction)
  (fast force\ simp:\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps full-def tranclp-unfold-end cdcl_W-bj.simps
    elim: rulesE)+
lemma conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode:
 assumes
    confl: conflicting S = None  and
   inv: \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ V\longleftrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V\ (\mathbf{is}\ ?fw\longleftrightarrow ?s')
proof
 assume ?fw
 then have st: cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V and n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
   unfolding full-def by blast+
 have inv-V: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S V] \langle fw \rangle unfolding full-def
   by (simp\ add:\ inv\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
  consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'-without-decide^{**} S V
     (propa) T where cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T and propagate^{++} T V
   \mid (bj) \mid T \mid U \text{ where } cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} \mid S \mid T \text{ and } full1 \mid cdcl_W - bj \mid T \mid U \text{ and } propagate^{**} \mid U \mid V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide confl st n-s by metis
  then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S V
   proof cases
     case s'
     then show ?thesis.
     case propa note s' = this(1) and propa = this(2)
     have no-step cdcl_W-cp\ V
       using no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp n-s inv-V
       unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
     then have full cdcl_W-cp T V
       using propa translp-mono of propagate cdcl_W-cp] cdcl_W-cp.propagate' unfolding full1-def
       by blast
     then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T V
       using conflict'-without-decide by blast
     then show ?thesis using s' by auto
```

```
next
     case bj note s' = this(1) and bj = this(2) and propa = this(3)
     have no-step cdcl_W-cp V
       using no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp n-s inv-V
       unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
     then have full cdcl_W-cp U V
       using propa rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp]\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ unfolding\ full-def
       by blast
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
       using bj unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD \ simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps \ elim: \ rulesE)
     ultimately have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T V
       using bj'-without-decide[of T U V] bj by blast
     then show ?thesis using s' by auto
   qed
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide V
   proof (cases conflicting V = None)
     case False
      { fix ss :: 'st
       have ff1: \forall s \ sa. \ \neg \ cdcl_W - s' \ s \ sa \ \lor \ full1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \ sa
         \vee (\exists sb. \ decide \ s \ sb \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ sb \ sa)
         \vee (\exists sb. full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ s \ sb \land no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sb \ sa)
         by (metis\ cdcl_W - s'. cases)
       have ff2: (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ full1 \ p \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor p^{++} \ s \ sa \land no\text{-step} \ p \ sa)
         \land (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ (\neg p^{++} \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor (\exists s. \ p \ sa \ s)) \lor full1 \ p \ sa)
         by (meson\ full1-def)
       obtain ssa :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
         ff3: \forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ssa \ p \ s \ sa) \ \land \ p^{**} \ (ssa \ p \ s \ sa) \ sa
         by (metis (no-types) tranclpD)
       then have a3: \neg cdcl_W - cp^{++} V ss
         using False by (metis option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp full-def)
       have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - bj^{++} V s
         using ff3 False by (metis confl st
           conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj)
       then have \neg cdcl_W-s'-without-decide V ss
         using ff1 a3 ff2 by (metis cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases)
     then show ?thesis
       by fastforce
     next
       case True
       then show ?thesis
         using conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide n-s inv-V
         unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by simp
   qed
  ultimately show ?s' unfolding full-def by blast
next
  assume s': ?s'
  then have st: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide** S V and n-s: no-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide V
   unfolding full-def by auto
  then have cdcl_W^{**} S V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> st by blast
  then have inv-V: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  then have n-s-cp-V: no-step cdcl_W-cp V
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv[of\ V]\ full-fullI[of\ cdcl_W-cp\ V]\ n-s
   conflict'-without-decide conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp
```

```
no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by presburger
  have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain W where W: cdcl_W-bj V W by blast
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W
       using W \ cdcl_W.simps \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv \ inv-V \ by \ blast
     then obtain W' where full cdcl_W-bj V W'
       using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of W] full-fullI[of cdcl_W-bj V W] W
       unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
       by blast
     moreover
       then have cdcl_W^{++} V W'
         using tranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-bj\ cdcl_W]\ cdcl_W.other\ cdcl_W-o.bj\ unfolding\ full1-def\ by\ blast
       then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W'
         by (meson\ inv-V\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
       then obtain X where full cdcl_W-cp W'X
         using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by blast
     {\bf ultimately \ show} \ {\it False}
       using bj'-without-decide n-s-cp-V n-s by blast
  from s' consider
     (cp\text{-}true) \ cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ S \ V \ \mathbf{and} \ conflicting \ V = None
   |(cp\text{-}false)| cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} S V \text{ and } conflicting } V \neq None \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ V \text{ and }
        no-step cdcl_W-bi V
   \mid (\mathit{cp\text{-}\mathit{confl}}) \ T \ \text{where} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{merge\text{-}\mathit{cp}^{**}} \ \mathit{S} \ \mathit{T} \ \mathit{conflict} \ \mathit{T} \ \mathit{V}
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp[of \ S \ V] confl
   unfolding full-def by meson
  then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V
   proof cases
     case cp-confl note S-T = this(1) and conf-V = this(2)
     have full cdcl_W-bj V
       using conf-V n-s-bj unfolding full-def by fast
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
       using cdcl_W-merge-cp. conflict' conf-V by auto
     then show ?thesis using S-T by auto
   \mathbf{qed} \ fast +
  moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S V using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
     using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
   then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
     \mathbf{using}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ s'}
     unfolding full-def by blast
  ultimately show ?fw unfolding full-def by auto
qed
lemma conflicting-true-full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full1-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode:
  assumes
    confl: conflicting S = None  and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows
   full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ V\longleftrightarrow full1\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V
proof -
```

```
have full cdcl_W-merge-cp\ S\ V = full\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V
   using conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode inv
 then show ?thesis unfolding full-unfold full1-def tranclp-unfold-begin by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}imp\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decode}:
 assumes
   fw: full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp S V and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   full1\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V
proof -
 have conflicting S = None
   using fw unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclpD simp: cdclw-merge-cp.simps elim: rulesE)
 then show ?thesis
   using conflicting-true-full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full1-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode fw inv by simp
qed
inductive cdcl_W-merge-stgy where
fw-s-cp[intro]: full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ T \implies cdcl_W-merge-stgy S\ T |
fw-s-decide[intro]: decide S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-merge-cp T U
  \implies cdcl_W-merge-stgy S U
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge:
 assumes fw: cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T
 shows cdcl_W-merge^{++} S T
proof -
  \{ \text{ fix } S T \}
   assume full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp S T
   then have cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T
     using tranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-cp\ cdcl_W-merge^{++}]\ cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge
     unfolding full1-def
     by auto
  } note full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl_W-merge = this
 show ?thesis
   using fw
   apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.induct)
     using full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl_W-merge apply simp
   unfolding full-unfold by (auto dest!: full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge fw-decide)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes fw: cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T
 shows cdcl_W-merge** S T
  \mathbf{using}\ fw\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge\ rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W\-merge-stgy\ cdcl_W\-merge^{++}]
 unfolding tranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>:
  cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.induct)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> unfolding full1-def
   apply (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\ }cdcl_W\text{-}o.decide\ cdcl_W.other\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ full\text{-}def
 by (meson r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-trans)
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
  using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-styy\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-merge-styy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by auto
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stgy-cases[consumes 1, case-names fw-s-cp fw-s-decide]:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy S U
   full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ U \Longrightarrow P
   \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-merge-cp T U \Longrightarrow P
 using assms by (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps)
inductive cdcl_W-s'-w :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict': full1 cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'-w S S'
decide': decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow no-step \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide \ S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide \ S' \ S''
 \implies cdcl_W \text{-}s'\text{-}w \ S \ S''
lemma cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'-w S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-w.induct)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> unfolding full1-def
   apply (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full-def
 by (meson decide other rtranclp-into-tranclp2 tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'-w** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
  using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-s'-w\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W by auto
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S and conflicting <math>S = None and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 by (metis\ assms\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.propagate'\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart\text{-}cases\ tranclpD}
    conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide)
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S and conflicting <math>S = None
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 by (metis\ assms(1)\ cdcl_W-cp.conflict'\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ cdcl_W-merge-restart-cases tranclpD)
lemma after-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S T
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp T
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.induct) (auto simp: full1-def full-def)
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp}:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 by (simp add: conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp
   no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def)
lemma after-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
  assumes cdcl_W-s'-w S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-w.induct)
```

```
case conflict'
  then show ?case
   by (auto simp: full1-def tranclp-unfold-end after-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-cp)
next
  case (decide' \ S \ T \ U)
 moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S U
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W [of T U] cdcl_W.other[of S T]
     cdcl_W-o.decide unfolding full-def by auto
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
     using decide'.prems\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 ultimately show ?case
   using no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp unfolding full-def by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-w** S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step \ T \ U)
 moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S U] assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.hyps(1) by blast
 ultimately show ?case using after-cdclw-s'-w-no-step-cdclw-cp by fast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq:
 assumes cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step \ T \ U)
 moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W [of S U] assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.hyps(1)
   by (meson\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
  ultimately show ?case
   using after-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (metis\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}all\mbox{-}struct\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}def\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}merge\mbox{-}stgy.simps\ full1\mbox{-}def\ full\mbox{-}def
     no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp.intros(1) tranclp-into-rtranclp)
qed
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
```

```
then obtain T where S-T: cdcl_W-bj S T
   by auto
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
    using S-T cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv other by blast
  then obtain T' where full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ S\ T'
   using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of T] full-fullI S-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by metis
  moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S T'
     using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-bj\ cdcl_W]\ cdcl_W.other\ cdcl_W-o.bj\ tranclp-into-rtranclp[of\ cdcl_W-bj]
     unfolding full1-def by blast
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T'
     using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
   then obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T'\ U
     using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by blast
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S
   using S-T by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps elim: rulesE)
  ultimately show False
  using assms cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.intros(2)[of S T' U] by fast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
  assumes cdcl_W-s'-w S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
  using assms apply induction
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj unfolding full1\text{-}def
   apply (meson tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\ }rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
    no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj unfolding full-def
  by (meson\ cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl<sub>W</sub> fw-r-decide)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj-or-eq:
  assumes cdcl_W-s'-w** S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-bj } T
  using assms apply induction
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
    cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by meson
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-no-step-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-decomp-into-cdcl_W-merge:
  assumes
    cdcl_W-s'** R V and
    conflicting R = None  and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
  shows (cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R\ V \land conflicting\ V = None)
  \lor (cdcl_W \text{-merge-stgy}^{**} R \ V \land conflicting \ V \neq None \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W \text{-bj} \ V)
  \vee (\exists S \ T \ U. \ cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ S \land no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \land decide \ S \ T
   \wedge \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-}cp^{**} \ T \ U \ \wedge \ conflict \ U \ V)
  \vee (\exists S \ T. \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-stgy}^{**} \ R \ S \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-cp} \ S \land decide \ S \ T
   \land cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V
     \land conflicting V = None
  \vee (cdcl_W \text{-merge-}cp^{**} R \ V \land conflicting \ V = None)
  \vee (\exists U. \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-} cp^{**} \ R \ U \land conflict \ U \ V)
  using assms(1,2)
```

```
proof induction
  case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step V W) note st = this(1) and s' = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)] and
   n-s-R = this(4)
  from s'
 show ?case
   proof cases
     case conflict'
     consider
         (s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
       | (dec\text{-}confl) \ S \ T \ U \ \text{where} \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ S \ \text{and} \ no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ S \ \text{and}
          decide\ S\ T\ {\bf and}\ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**}\ T\ U\ {\bf and}\ conflict\ U\ V
       |(dec) S T where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S and decide S T
          and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
       |(cp) \ cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ V
       | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
       using IH by meson
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
       next
         case s'
         then have R = V
          by (metis full1-def inv local.conflict' tranclp-unfold-begin
            rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
         consider
            (V-W) V = W
            (propa) propagate^{++} V W  and conflicting W = None
           | (propa-conft) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
          using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of\ V\ W]\ conflict'
          unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
         then show ?thesis
          proof cases
            case V-W
            then show ?thesis using \langle R = V \rangle n-s-R by simp
            case propa
            then show ?thesis using \langle R = V \rangle by (auto intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
          next
            case propa-confl
            moreover
              then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V V'
                by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' r-into-rtranclp)
            ultimately show ?thesis using s' (R = V) by blast
          qed
       next
         case dec\text{-}confl note - = this(5)
         then have False using conflict' unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
         then show ?thesis by fast
       next
         case dec note T-V = this(4)
         consider
            (propa) propagate^{++} V W  and conflicting W = None
          \mid (propa\text{-}confl) \ V' \ \text{where} \ propagate^{**} \ V \ V' \ \text{and} \ conflict \ V' \ W
```

```
using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] conflict'
       unfolding full1-def by meson
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
        case propa
        then show ?thesis
          by (meson T-V cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' dec rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
       \mathbf{next}
        case propa-confl
        then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V'
          using T-V by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp.simps)
        then show ?thesis using dec propa-confl(2) by metis
       qed
   next
     case cp
     consider
        (propa) propagate^{++} V W and conflicting W = None
       | (propa-confl) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
       using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] conflict'
       unfolding full1-def by meson
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
        case propa
        then show ?thesis by (meson cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' cp
          rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
       next
        case propa-confl
        then show ?thesis
          using propa-confl(2) cp
          by (metis (full-types) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl
            rtranclp-unfold)
       qed
   next
     case cp-confl
     then show ?thesis using conflict' unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD
       elim!: rulesE)
   qed
next
 case (decide' V')
 then have conf-V: conflicting V = None
   by (auto elim: rulesE)
 consider
    (s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
   | (dec-confl) S T U where cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp S and
       decide\ S\ T\ {\bf and}\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}merge\mbox{-}cp^{**}\ T\ U\ {\bf and}\ conflict\ U\ V
   \mid (dec) \mid S \mid T \text{ where } cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \mid S \mid and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \mid and decide \mid S \mid T \mid
        and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
   (cp) \ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} \ R \ V
   | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
   using IH by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case s'
     have confl-V': conflicting V' = None using decide'(1) by (auto elim: rulesE)
     have full: full1 cdcl_W-cp\ V'\ W\ \lor\ (V'=\ W\ \land\ no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W-cp\ W)
```

```
using decide'(3) unfolding full-unfold by blast
 consider
     (V'-W) \ V' = W
   |(propa)| propagate^{++} V' W  and conflicting W = None
   | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] decide'
    \langle full1\ cdcl_W - cp\ V'\ W\ \lor\ V' = W\ \land\ no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W - cp\ W\rangle unfolding full1-def
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{tranclp-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not})
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case V'-W
     then show ?thesis
       using confl-V' local.decide'(1,2) s' conf-V
       no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart[of\ V]
       by auto
   next
     case propa
     then show ?thesis using local.decide'(1,2) s' by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.simps conf-V
       no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp})
   \mathbf{next}
     case propa-confl
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
       by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' r-into-rtranclp)
     then show ?thesis
       using local.decide'(1,2) propa-confl(2) s' conf-V
       no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart
       by metis
   qed
next
 case (dec) note s' = this(1) and dec = this(2) and cp = this(3) and ns-cp-T = this(4)
 have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
   unfolding full-def by (simp add: conf-V local.decide'(2)
     no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart ns-cp-T)
 moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
    by (simp add: conf-V local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart)
 moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
   by (metis dec)
 ultimately have cdcl_W-merge-stgy S V
   using cp by blast
 then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V using s' by auto
 consider
     (V'-W) \ V' = W
   | (propa) propagate^{++} V' W  and conflicting W = None
    | (propa-conft) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of\ V'\ W]\ decide'
   unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case V'-W
     moreover have conflicting V' = None
       using decide'(1) by (auto elim: rulesE)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \mid R \mid V \rangle \mid decide' \langle no\text{-}step \mid cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp \mid V \rangle \mid \mathbf{by} \mid blast
   next
     case propa
```

```
moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V' W by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V \rangle \ decide' \langle no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W-merge-cp V \rangle
       by (meson r-into-rtranclp)
    next
     case propa-confl
     moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
       by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
     ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V \rangle \ decide'
       \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge-}cp \ V \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ (meson \ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
   qed
next
  case cp
  have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
    using conf-V local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart by auto
  then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp R V
    unfolding full-def using cp by fast
  then have cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R V
    unfolding full-unfold by auto
  have full1 cdcl_W-cp\ V'\ W\ \lor\ (V'=\ W\ \land\ no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ W)
    using decide'(3) unfolding full-unfold by blast
  consider
     (V'-W) \ V' = W
    (propa) propagate^{++} V' W and conflicting W = None
    | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V'W] decide'
   unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case V'-W
     moreover have conflicting V' = None
       using decide'(1) by (auto elim: rulesE)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V \rangle \ decide' \langle no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W-merge-cp V \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
   next
     case propa
     moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V' W
       by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
     ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V\rangle decide'
       \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ V \rangle\ \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
   next
     case propa-confl
     moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
       by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
     ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V \rangle decide'
       \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge-cp } V \rangle by (meson \ r\text{-into-rtranclp})
   qed
next
  case (dec-confl)
  show ?thesis using conf-V dec-confl(5) by (auto elim!: rulesE
    simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
next
  case cp-confl
```

```
then show ?thesis using decide' apply - by (intro HOL.disj12) (fastforce elim: rulesE
               simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
   qed
next
   case (bj' \ V')
   then have \neg no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj\ V
       by (auto dest: tranclpD simp: full1-def)
   then consider
         (s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and conflicting V = None
       \mid (dec\text{-}confl) \mid S \mid T \mid U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \mid R \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \mid S \text{ and } no\text{-}st
               decide\ S\ T\ and\ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**}\ T\ U\ and\ conflict\ U\ V
       | (dec) S T where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S and decide S T
               and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
           (cp) cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R V and conflicting V = None
        | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
       using IH by meson
   then show ?thesis
       proof cases
           case s' note - = this(2)
           then have False
               using bj'(1) unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps
                   elim: rulesE)
           then show ?thesis by fast
       next
           case dec note - = this(5)
           then have False
               using bj'(1) unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps
                   elim: rulesE)
           then show ?thesis by fast
       next
           case dec-confl
           then have cdcl_W-merge-cp UV'
               using bj' cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros(1)[of U V V'] by (simp add: full-unfold)
           then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V'
               using dec\text{-}confl(4) by simp
           consider
                   (V'-W) \ V' = W
                  (propa) propagate^{++} V' W and conflicting W = None
               | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
               using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V'W] bj'(3)
               unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
           then show ?thesis
               proof cases
                  case V'-W
                   then have no-step cdcl_W-cp V'
                       using bj'(3) unfolding full-def by auto
                  then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V'
                      by (metis\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate' cdcl_W-merge-cp.cases tranclpD
                           no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate(1)
                  then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V'
                       unfolding full1-def using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle dec-conf(4) by auto
                   then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V'
                       by (simp add: full-unfold)
                  then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy S V'
                      using dec\text{-}confl(3) cdcl_W-merge-stgy.fw-s-decide \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W-merge-cp S \rangle by blast
```

```
then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R\ V'
      using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S \rangle by auto
    show ?thesis
      proof cases
        assume conflicting W = None
        then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R\ V' \rangle \langle V' = W \rangle by auto
      next
        assume conflicting W \neq None
        then show ?thesis
         using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R\ V' \rangle\ \langle V' = W \rangle by (metis\ \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U\ V' \rangle
           conflictE\ conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj
           dec\text{-}confl(5) map-option-is-None r-into-rtranclp)
      qed
   next
    case propa
    moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V' W by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
   rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
   next
    {\bf case}\ propa-confl
    moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
      by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
   ultimately show ?thesis by (meson \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V') dec-confl(1-3) rtranclp-trans)
   qed
next
 case cp note - = this(2)
 then show ?thesis using bj'(1) \langle \neg no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}bj V \rangle
   conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by auto
next
 case cp-confl
 then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' by (simp add: cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' full-unfold
   local.bj'(1)
 consider
     (V'-W) \ V' = W
   | (propa) propagate^{++} V' W  and conflicting W = None
   (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V' W] bj'
   unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
    case V'-W
    show ?thesis
      proof cases
        assume conflicting V' = None
        then show ?thesis
         using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle cp-confl(1) by force
        assume confl: conflicting V' \neq None
        then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V'
         by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps full1-def full-def
           cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
        have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V'
         using confl by (auto simp: full1-def full-def cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps
         dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
```

```
moreover have cdcl_W-merge-cp U W
                 using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp \ U \ V' \rangle by blast
               ultimately have full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp R V'
                 using cp\text{-}confl(1) V'\text{-}W unfolding full1\text{-}def by auto
               then have cdcl_W-merge-stay R V'
                 by auto
               moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V'
                 using confl \ (no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V') by (auto \ simp: \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy.simps
                  full1-def dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
               ultimately have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V' by auto
               { fix ss :: 'st
                 have cdcl_W-merge-cp U W
                  using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp \ U \ V' \rangle by blast
                 then have \neg cdcl_W - bj W ss
                  by (meson\ conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj
                    cp-confl(1) rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl step.prems)
                 then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R W \wedge conflicting W = None \vee
                   cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R W \land \neg cdcl_W-bj W ss
                  using V'-W \land cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \lor V' \land by presburger }
               then show ?thesis
                 by presburger
            qed
          next
           case propa
           moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V'W
             by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
            ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U|V'\rangle cp-confl(1) by force
          next
           case propa-confl
           moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
             by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
           ultimately show ?thesis
             using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle cp-confl(1) by (metis rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl
               rtranclp-trans)
          qed
      qed
   qed
qed
lemma decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes
   dec: decide S T and
   cdcl_W-s'** T U and
   n-s-S: no-step cdcl_W-cp S and
   no-step cdcl_W-cp U
 shows cdcl_W-s'** S U
 using assms(2,4)
proof induction
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and s' = this(2) and IH = this(3) and n-s = this(4)
 consider
     (TU) T = U
   | (s'-st) T' where cdcl_W-s' T T' and cdcl_W-s'^{**} T' U
   using st[unfolded rtranclp-unfold] by (auto dest!: tranclpD)
 then show ?case
   proof cases
```

```
case TU
      then show ?thesis
       proof -
         assume a1: T = U
         then have f2: cdcl_W - s' T V
           using s' by force
         obtain ss :: 'st where
           ss: cdcl_W-s'** S T \lor cdcl_W-cp T ss
           using a1 step.IH by blast-
         obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
           f3: \forall s \ sa \ sb. \ (\neg \ decide \ s \ sa \ \lor \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \ (ssa \ s) \ \lor \neg \ full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sa \ sb)
             \lor cdcl_W - s' s sb
           using cdcl_W-s'.decide' by moura
         have \forall s \ sa. \ \neg \ cdcl_W - s' \ s \ sa \lor full 1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \ sa \lor
           (\exists sb. \ decide \ s \ sb \land no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ sb \ sa) \lor
           (\exists sb. full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ s \ sb \ \land \ no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \ \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sb \ sa)
           by (metis\ cdcl_W - s'E)
         then have \exists s. \ cdcl_W - s'^{**} \ S \ s \land \ cdcl_W - s' \ s \ V
           using f3 ss f2 by (metis dec full1-is-full n-s-S rtranclp-unfold)
         then show ?thesis
           by force
       qed
    \mathbf{next}
      case (s'-st \ T') note s'-T'=this(1) and st=this(2)
      have cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T'
       using s'-T'
       proof cases
         case conflict'
         then have cdcl_W-s' S T'
            using dec\ cdcl_W-s'.decide'\ n-s-S by (simp\ add:\ full-unfold)
         then show ?thesis
            using st by auto
         case (decide' T'')
         then have cdcl_W-s' S T
            using dec cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.decide' n-s-S by (simp add: full-unfold)
         then show ?thesis using decide' s'-T' by auto
       next
         case bj'
         then have False
           using dec unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.simps
             elim: rulesE)
         then show ?thesis by fast
      then show ?thesis using s' st by auto
    qed
next
  case base
  then have full cdcl_W-cp T T
    by (simp add: full-unfold)
  then show ?case
    using cdcl_W-s'.simps dec n-s-S by auto
qed
```

lemma $rtranclp-cdcl_W$ -merge-stgy-rtranclp- $cdcl_W$ -s':

```
assumes
    cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows cdcl_W-s'** R V
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step S T) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st by blast
  from fw show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy-cases)
     case fw-s-cp
     have \bigwedge s. \neg full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp s\ S
       using fw-s-cp unfolding full-def full1-def by (metis tranclp-unfold-begin)
     then have S = R
       using fw-s-cp unfolding full1-def by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.conflict' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.propagate'
         cdcl_W-merge-cp.cases tranclp-unfold-begin inv st
         rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
     then have full cdcl_W-s'-without-decide R T
       using inv local.fw-s-cp
       by (blast intro: conflicting-true-full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-imp-full1-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode)
     then show ?thesis unfolding full1-def
       by (metis (no-types) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s' rtranclp-unfold)
   next
     case (fw-s-decide S') note dec = this(1) and n-S = this(2) and full = this(3)
     moreover then have conflicting S' = None
       by (auto elim: rulesE)
     ultimately have full cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S' T
       \mathbf{by} \ (meson \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv \ S \rangle \ cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}restart\text{-}cdcl_W \ fw\text{-}r\text{-}decide}
         rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
         conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode)
     then have a1: cdcl_W - s'^{**} S' T
       unfolding full-def by (metis (full-types) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
     have cdcl_W-merge-stqy** S T
       using fw by blast
     then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
       using decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s' a1 by (metis \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \rangle dec
         n-S no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
         rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
     then show ?thesis using IH by auto
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
  st: cdcl_W-merge-stgy^{**} R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses R) and
  R: trail R = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses [OF invR - dist R]
  invR st rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-s'\ cdcl_W-stgy^{**}]\ cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy
  \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{auto dest}!: \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-s'}-\textit{is-rtranclp-cdcl}_W \textit{-stgy rtranclp-cdcl}_W \textit{-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl}_W \textit{-s'})
```

```
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy:
  assumes
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and s': no-step cdcl_W-s' R
  shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy R
proof -
  { fix ss :: 'st
    obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
      ff1: \land s sa. \neg cdcl_W-merge-stgy s sa \lor full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp s sa \lor decide s (ssa s sa)
      using cdcl_W-merge-stgy.cases by moura
    obtain ssb :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
      ff2: \bigwedge p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \lor p \ s \ (ssb \ p \ s \ sa)
      by (meson tranclp-unfold-begin)
    obtain ssc :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
      ff3: \bigwedge s sa sb. (\neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv s \lor \neg cdcl_W - cp s sa \lor cdcl_W - s' s (ssc s))
        \land (\neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ s \lor \neg cdcl_W - o \ s \ sb \lor cdcl_W - s' \ s \ (ssc \ s))
      using n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o by moura
    then have ff_4: \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W-o R s
      using s' inv by blast
    have ff5: \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - cp^{++} R s
      using ff3 ff2 s' by (metis inv)
    have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - bj^{++} R s
      using ff4 ff2 by (metis bj)
    then have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W-s'-without-decide R s
      using ff5 by (simp add: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.simps full1-def)
    then have \neg cdcl_W - s'-without-decide<sup>++</sup> R ss
      using ff2 by blast
    then have \neg full1\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide R ss
      by (simp add: full1-def)
    then have \neg cdcl_W-merge-stqy R ss
      \mathbf{using} \ \textit{ff4} \ \textit{ff1} \ \textit{conflicting-true-full1-cdcl}_{W} \textit{-merge-cp-imp-full1-cdcl}_{W} \textit{-s'-without-decode} \ \textit{inv}
      by blast }
  then show ?thesis
    by fastforce
qed
end
We will discharge the assumption later.
locale\ conflict-driven-clause-learning _W-termination =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning_W +
  assumes wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-inv: wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \land cdcl_W-merge S \ T\}
begin
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge: wf \{(T, S). cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T\}
  using wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-inv]
  apply (rule wf-subset)
  by (auto simp: trancl-set-tranclp
    cdcl_W\textit{-}all\textit{-}struct\textit{-}inv\textit{-}tranclp\textit{-}cdcl_W\textit{-}merge\textit{-}tranclp\textit{-}cdcl_W\textit{-}merge\textit{-}cdcl_W\textit{-}all\textit{-}struct\textit{-}inv)
lemma wf-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
  wf\{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \land cdcl_W - merge - cp \ S \ T\}
  using wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge by (rule wf-subset) (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge)
lemma wf-cdcl_W-merge-stgy:
  wf\{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \land cdcl_W - merge - stgy \ S \ T\}
```

```
using wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge by (rule wf-subset)
  (auto simp add: cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 obtains S where full cdcl_W-merge-cp R S
proof -
  obtain S where full (\lambda S T. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge-cp S T) R S
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{wf-exists-normal-form-full}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{wf-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{merge-cp}]\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{blast}
  then have
   st: (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \land cdcl_W-merge-cp S \ T)^{**} \ R \ S and
   n-s: no-step (\lambda S T. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge-cp S T) S
   unfolding full-def by blast+
 have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R S
   using st by induction auto
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
     using st inv
     apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
       apply simp
     by (meson\ r-into-rtranclp\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
   then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
     using n-s by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using that unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s':
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   confl: conflicting R = None and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy R
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s' R
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain S where cdcl_W-s' R S by auto
  then show False
   proof cases
     case conflict'
     then obtain S' where full cdcl_W-merge-cp R S'
       proof -
        obtain R' :: 'e where
          cdcl_W-merge-cp R R'
          using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (meson confl
            cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.simps conflict'
            conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide)
        then show ?thesis
          using that by (metis cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form full-unfold inv)
       qed
     then show False using n-s by blast
     case (decide' R')
     then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R'
       using inv cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W.other cdcl_W-o.decide by meson
```

```
then obtain R'' where full cdcl_W-merge-cp R'R''
       using cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form by blast
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp R
       by (simp add: conft local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart)
     ultimately show False using n-s cdcl_W-merge-stgy.intros local.decide'(1) by blast
   next
     case (bj' R')
     then show False
      using confl\ no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide}\ inv
       unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes conflicting R = None and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
 using assms conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes confl: conflicting R = None and cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
 using assms(2)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case
   using confl by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps elim: rulesE)
next
 case (step S T) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have confl-S: conflicting S = None
   using fw apply cases
   by (auto simp: full1-def cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
 from fw show ?case
   proof cases
     case fw-s-cp
     then show ?thesis
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj confl-S
       by (simp add: full1-def tranclp-into-rtranclp)
   next
     case (fw-s-decide S')
     moreover then have conflicting S' = None by (auto elim: rulesE)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       \mathbf{using}\ conflicting\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj
       unfolding full-def by meson
   qed
qed
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Restart
imports CDCL-W-Merge
begin
```

21.5 Adding Restarts

locale $cdcl_W$ -restart =

```
conflict-driven-clause-learning_W
  — functions for clauses:
 mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
 mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
 — functions for the conflicting clause:
 mset-ccls union-ccls insert-ccls remove-clit
  — conversion
 ccls-of-cls cls-of-ccls
 — functions for the state:
    — access functions:
 trail hd-raw-trail raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting
      - changing state:
 cons\text{-}trail\ tl\text{-}trail\ add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ remove\text{-}cls\ update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
 update-conflicting
    — get state:
  init-state
 restart\text{-}state
for
  mset-cls:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
  insert-cls :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
 remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
  mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
  union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
  in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
  insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
 remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
  mset-ccls:: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
  union\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \text{ and }
  insert\text{-}ccls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
 remove\text{-}clit :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
 ccls-of-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'ccls and
  cls-of-ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'cls and
 trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits and
 hd-raw-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit and
  raw-init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
  raw-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
  backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
  raw-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
  cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
 add-init-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
 add-learned-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  remove\text{-}cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
  update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
  update-conflicting :: 'ccls option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

```
init-state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st and restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st + fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat assumes f :: unbounded f begin
```

The condition of the differences of cardinality has to be strict. Otherwise, you could be in a strange state, where nothing remains to do, but a restart is done. See the proof of well-foundedness.

```
inductive cdcl_W-merge-with-restart where
restart-step:
   (cdcl_W-merge-stqy(card\ (set-mset\ (learned-clss\ T)) - card\ (set-mset\ (learned-clss\ S)))) S\ T
   \implies card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) - card (set-mset (learned-clss S)) > f n
   \implies restart \ T \ U \implies cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) \ (U, Suc \ n)
restart-full: full1 cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart** (fst S) (fst T)
   by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
   (auto\ dest!:\ relpowp-imp-rtranclp\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge\ tranclp-into-rtranclp
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp-tranclp
       fw-r-rf cdcl_W-rf.restart
     simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
   cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} (fst S) (fst T)
   by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
   (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W\ cdcl_W.rf
      cdcl_W-rf.restart tranclp-into-rtranclp simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-increasing-number:
   cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow snd \ T = 1 + snd \ S
   by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct) auto
lemma full cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
   using restart-full by blast
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-learned-clss-bound:
  assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   shows set-mset (learned-clss S) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
proof
   \mathbf{fix} \ C
   assume C: C \in set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S)
   have distinct-mset C
     using C inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def distinct-mset-set-def
     by auto
   moreover have \neg tautology C
     using C inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def by auto
   moreover
     have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mm (learned-clss S)
        using C by auto
     then have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
     using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def by force
   moreover have finite (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S))
      using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
   ultimately show C \in simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
```

```
{\bf using} \ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}not\text{-}tautology\text{-}implies\text{-}in\text{-}simple\text{-}clss\ simple\text{-}clss\text{-}mono
   by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-init-clss:
  cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv (fst S) \Longrightarrow
  init-clss (fst S) = init-clss (fst T)
 using cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss by blast
lemma
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (fst \ S) \land cdcl_W - merge - with - restart \ S \ T\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg ?thesis
   then obtain g where
   g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (g\ i)\ (g\ (Suc\ i)) and
   inv: \land i. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst (g\ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
   have init-clss (fst (g\ i)) = init-clss (fst (g\ 0))
     apply (induction i)
       apply simp
     using q inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (metis cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-init-clss)
   } note init-g = this
 let ?S = g \theta
 have finite (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S)))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g i) = i + snd (g 0)
   apply (induct\text{-}tac\ i)
     apply simp
   by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add-Suc cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-increasing-number g)
  then have snd - g - \theta: \bigwedge i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd(g i) = i + snd(g \theta)
   by blast
  have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-g
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le le-iff-add)
 obtain k where
   f-g-k: f (snd (g k)) > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S)))) and
   k > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
   using not-bounded-nat-exists-larger[OF unbounded-f-g] by blast
The following does not hold anymore with the non-strict version of cardinality in the definition.
  \{ \text{ fix } i \}
   assume no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy (fst (g \ i))
   with g[of i]
   have False
     proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
       case (restart-step T S n) note H = this(1) and c = this(2) and n-s = this(4)
       obtain S' where cdcl_W-merge-stgy S S'
         using H c by (metis gr-implies-not0 relpowp-E2)
       then show False using n-s by auto
     next
       case (restart-full S T)
       then show False unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclpD)
     qed
```

```
} note H = this
  obtain m T where
   m: m = card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ T)) - card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ (g \ k)))) and
   m > f (snd (g k)) and
   restart T (fst (g(k+1))) and
   cdcl_W-merge-stqy: (cdcl_W-merge-stqy ^{\sim} m) (fst (g \ k)) T
   using g[of k] H[of Suc k] by (force simp: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.simps full1-def)
  have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** (fst (g k)) T
   using cdcl_W-merge-stgy relpowp-imp-rtranclp by metis
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using inv[of k] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   \mathbf{by} blast
 moreover have card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss \ T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ (g \ k))))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     unfolding m[symmetric] using \langle m > f (snd (g k)) \rangle f-g-k by linarith
   then have card (set-mset (learned-clss T))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     by linarith
  moreover
   have init-clss (fst (g k)) = init-clss T
     using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ (fst \ (g \ k)) \ T \rangle \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W}
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
   then have init-clss (fst ?S) = init-clss T
     using init-g[of k] by auto
  ultimately show False
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-learned-clss-bound
   by (simp add: \langle finite\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ 0)))) \rangle simple-clss-finite
     card-mono leD)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst R) and
  st: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses (fst R)) and
  R: trail (fst R) = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses (fst S))
 using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction)
 case (restart-full S T)
  then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
 case (restart\text{-}step\ T\ S\ n\ U)
 then have distinct-mset (clauses T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
 then show ?case using \langle restart \ T \ U \rangle by (metis clauses-restart distinct-mset-union fstI
    mset-le-exists-conv restart.cases state-eq-clauses)
qed
inductive cdcl_W-with-restart where
  (cdcl_W\text{-stgy} \frown (card (set\text{-mset } (learned\text{-}clss \ T)) - card (set\text{-mset } (learned\text{-}clss \ S)))) \ S \ T \Longrightarrow
    card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ T)) - card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S)) > f\ n \Longrightarrow
    restart\ T\ U \Longrightarrow
```

```
cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (U, Suc n)
restart-full: full1 cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ (fst \ S) \ (fst \ T)
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct)
 by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtrancly tranclp-into-rtrancly fw-r-rf
    cdcl_W\textit{-}rf.restart\ rtranclp\textit{-}cdcl_W\textit{-}stgy\textit{-}rtranclp\textit{-}cdcl_W\ cdcl_W\textit{-}merge\textit{-}restart\textit{-}cdcl_W
   simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-increasing-number:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow snd T = 1 + snd S
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct) auto
lemma full1 cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
 using restart-full by blast
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-init-clss:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S \ T \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv (fst S) \implies init-clss (fst S) = init-clss (fst T)
 using cdcl_W-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss by blast
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (fst \ S) \land cdcl_W - with - restart \ S \ T\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain q where
   g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-with-restart (g\ i)\ (g\ (Suc\ i)) and
   inv: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst (g\ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
 \{ \text{ fix } i \}
   have init-clss (fst (g\ i)) = init-clss (fst (g\ 0))
     apply (induction i)
       apply simp
     using g inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (metis cdcl_W-with-restart-init-clss)
   } note init-g = this
 let ?S = q \theta
 have finite (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S)))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g i) = i + snd (g 0)
   apply (induct-tac i)
     apply simp
   by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add-Suc cdcl_W-with-restart-increasing-number g)
  then have snd-g-\theta: \bigwedge i. i > 0 \Longrightarrow snd (g i) = i + snd (g \theta)
   by blast
 have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-g
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le le-iff-add)
 obtain k where
   f-g-k: f (snd (g k)) > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S)))) and
   k > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
   using not-bounded-nat-exists-larger[OF unbounded-f-g] by blast
The following does not hold anymore with the non-strict version of cardinality in the definition.
  \{ \text{ fix } i \}
```

```
assume no-step cdcl_W-stgy (fst (g i))
   with g[of i]
   have False
     proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct)
       \mathbf{case} \ (\mathit{restart-step} \ T \ S \ n) \ \mathbf{note} \ H = \mathit{this}(1) \ \mathbf{and} \ c = \mathit{this}(2) \ \mathbf{and} \ \mathit{n-s} = \mathit{this}(4)
       obtain S' where cdcl_W-stgy S S'
         using H c by (metis gr-implies-not0 relpowp-E2)
       then show False using n-s by auto
     next
       case (restart-full\ S\ T)
       then show False unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclpD)
     qed
   } note H = this
  obtain m T where
    m: m = card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss (fst (q k))))) and
   m > f (snd (g k)) and
   restart T (fst (g(k+1))) and
   cdcl_W-merge-stqy: (cdcl_W-stqy ^{\sim} m) (fst (q \ k)) T
   using g[of k] H[of Suc k] by (force simp: cdcl_W-with-restart.simps full1-def)
  have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (fst (g \ k)) T
   using cdcl_W-merge-stgy relpowp-imp-rtrancly by metis
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
    using inv[of k] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
  moreover have card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss \ T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ (g \ k))))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     unfolding m[symmetric] using \langle m > f (snd (g k)) \rangle f-g-k by linarith
   then have card (set-mset (learned-clss T))
      > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     by linarith
 moreover
   have init\text{-}clss\ (fst\ (g\ k))=init\text{-}clss\ T
     \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} \ (\textit{fst} \ (\textit{g} \ \textit{k})) \ \textit{T} \rangle \ \textit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W \text{-}\textit{stgy-rtranclp-cdcl}_W \ \textit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W \text{-}\textit{init-clss}
     inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
     by blast
   then have init-clss (fst ?S) = init-clss T
     using init-q[of k] by auto
  ultimately show False
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}bound
   by (simp add: \langle finite\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ 0)))) \rangle simple-clss-finite
      card-mono leD)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-distinct-mset-clauses:
  assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst R) and
  st: cdcl_W-with-restart R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses (fst R)) and
  R: trail (fst R) = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses (fst S))
  using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction)
  case (restart-full S T)
  then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
  case (restart\text{-}step\ T\ S\ n\ U)
```

```
then have distinct-mset (clauses T) using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses of S T
   unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then show ?case using \langle restart \ T \ U \rangle by (metis clauses-restart distinct-mset-union fstI
    mset-le-exists-conv restart.cases state-eq-clauses)
qed
end
locale luby-sequence =
 fixes ur :: nat
 assumes ur > 0
begin
lemma exists-luby-decomp:
 fixes i :: nat
 shows \exists k :: nat. (2 \hat{k} - 1) < i \land i < 2 \hat{k} - 1) \lor i = 2 \hat{k} - 1
proof (induction i)
 case \theta
 then show ?case
   by (rule\ exI[of - \theta],\ simp)
  case (Suc \ n)
 then obtain k where 2 \hat{k} (k-1) \leq n \wedge n < 2 \hat{k} - 1 \vee n = 2 \hat{k} - 1
   by blast
  then consider
     (st-interv) 2 \hat{k} (k-1) \leq n and n \leq 2 \hat{k} - 2
   | (end\text{-}interv) 2 \cap (k-1) \leq n \text{ and } n = 2 \cap k - 2
   |(pow2) n = 2^k - 1
   by linarith
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case st-interv
     then show ?thesis apply - apply (rule\ exI[of\ -\ k])
       by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-diff-Suc Suc-lessI
         \langle 2 \cap (k-1) \leq n \wedge n < 2 \cap k-1 \vee n = 2 \cap k-1 \rangle diff-self-eq-0
         dual\text{-}order.trans\ le\text{-}SucI\ le\text{-}imp\text{-}less\text{-}Suc\ numeral\text{-}2\text{-}eq\text{-}2\ one\text{-}le\text{-}numeral}
         one-le-power zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
     case end-interv
     then show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - k]) by auto
   next
     then show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - k+1]) by auto
   qed
qed
```

Luby sequences are defined by:

- $2^k 1$, if $i = (2::'a)^k (1::'a)$
- luby-sequence-core $(i-2^{k-1}+1)$, if $(2::'a)^{k-1} \le i$ and $i \le (2::'a)^k (1::'a)$

Then the sequence is then scaled by a constant unit run (called *ur* here), strictly positive.

```
function luby-sequence-core :: nat \Rightarrow nat where luby-sequence-core i = (if \exists k. \ i = 2 \hat{k} - 1)
```

```
then 2^{(SOME k. i = 2^k - 1) - 1)}
  else luby-sequence-core (i - 2^{(SOME k. 2^{(k-1)} \le i \land i < 2^k - 1) - 1) + 1))
by auto
termination
proof (relation less-than, goal-cases)
  case 1
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (2 i)
 let ?k = (SOME \ k. \ 2 \ (k-1) \le i \land i < 2 \ k-1)
  have 2 \ \widehat{\ } (?k-1) \le i \land i < 2 \ \widehat{\ }?k-1
   apply (rule some I-ex)
   using 2 exists-luby-decomp by blast
  then show ?case
   proof -
     have \forall n \ na. \ \neg (1::nat) \leq n \lor 1 \leq n \ \widehat{} \ na
       by (meson one-le-power)
     then have f1: (1::nat) \leq 2 \ \widehat{} \ (?k-1)
       using one-le-numeral by blast
     have f2: i - 2 \hat{\ } (?k - 1) + 2 \hat{\ } (?k - 1) = i
       using (2 \ \widehat{\ } (?k-1) \le i \land i < 2 \ \widehat{\ }?k-1) le-add-diff-inverse2 by blast
     have f3: 2 \stackrel{?}{\circ} k - 1 \neq Suc \ \theta
       using f1 \langle 2 \ \widehat{} \ (?k-1) \leq i \wedge i < 2 \ \widehat{} \ ?k-1 \rangle by linarith
     have 2 \hat{\ } ?k - (1::nat) \neq 0
       using \langle 2 \cap (?k-1) \leq i \wedge i < 2 \cap ?k-1 \rangle gr-implies-not0 by blast
     then have f_4: 2 ^{^{\circ}}?k \neq (1::nat)
       by linarith
     have f5: \forall n \ na. \ if \ na = 0 \ then \ (n::nat) \cap na = 1 \ else \ n \cap na = n * n \cap (na - 1)
       by (simp add: power-eq-if)
     then have ?k \neq 0
       using f_4 by meson
     then have 2 \cap (?k-1) \neq Suc \ \theta
       using f5 f3 by presburger
     then have Suc \ \theta < 2 \ \widehat{\ } \ (?k-1)
       using f1 by linarith
     then show ?thesis
       using f2 less-than-iff by presburger
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
function natlog2 :: nat \Rightarrow nat  where
natlog2 \ n = (if \ n = 0 \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1 + natlog2 \ (n \ div \ 2))
 using not0-implies-Suc by auto
termination by (relation measure (\lambda n. n)) auto
declare natlog2.simps[simp del]
declare luby-sequence-core.simps[simp del]
lemma two-pover-n-eq-two-power-n'-eq:
  assumes H: (2::nat) ^ (k::nat) - 1 = 2 ^ k' - 1
  shows k' = k
proof -
 have (2::nat) \hat{\ } (k::nat) = 2 \hat{\ } k'
```

```
using H by (metis One-nat-def Suc-pred zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
 then show ?thesis by simp
qed
lemma\ luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one:
 luby-sequence-core (2\hat{k}-1)=2\hat{k}-1 (is ?L=?K)
proof -
 have decomp: \exists ka. \ 2 \ \hat{k} - 1 = 2 \ \hat{k}a - 1
   by auto
 have ?L = 2^{(SOME k'. (2::nat)^k - 1 = 2^k' - 1) - 1)}
   apply (subst luby-sequence-core.simps, subst decomp)
   by simp
 moreover have (SOME k'. (2::nat) k - 1 = 2k' - 1 = k
   apply (rule some-equality)
     apply simp
     using two-pover-n-eq-two-power-n'-eq by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
{\bf lemma}\ different-luby-decomposition-false:
 assumes
   H: 2 \ \widehat{} \ (k - Suc \ \theta) \leq i \text{ and}
   k': i < \hat{2} \hat{k}' - Suc \theta and
   k-k': k > k'
 shows False
proof -
 have 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \theta < 2 \hat{k} - Suc \theta
   using k-k' less-eq-Suc-le by auto
 then show ?thesis
   using H k' by linarith
qed
lemma luby-sequence-core-not-two-power-minus-one:
 assumes
   k-i: 2 \cap (k-1) \leq i and
   i-k: i < 2^k - 1
 shows luby-sequence-core i = luby-sequence-core (i - 2 \hat{\ } (k - 1) + 1)
proof -
 have H: \neg (\exists ka. \ i = 2 \land ka - 1)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain k'::nat where k': i = 2 \hat{k}' - 1 by blast
     have (2::nat) \hat{k}' - 1 < 2 \hat{k} - 1
      using i-k unfolding k'.
     then have (2::nat) \hat{k}' < 2 \hat{k}
      by linarith
     then have k' < k
      by simp
     have 2 \hat{k} - (k-1) < 2 \hat{k}' - (1::nat)
      using k-i unfolding k'.
     then have (2::nat) \hat{k} (k-1) < 2 \hat{k}'
      by (metis Suc-diff-1 not-le not-less-eq zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
     then have k-1 < k'
      by simp
```

```
show False using \langle k' < k \rangle \langle k-1 < k' \rangle by linarith
   qed
  have \bigwedge k \ k'. 2 \ \widehat{} \ (k - Suc \ \theta) \le i \Longrightarrow i < 2 \ \widehat{} \ k - Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow 2 \ \widehat{} \ (k' - Suc \ \theta) \le i \Longrightarrow
   i < 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow k = k'
   by (meson different-luby-decomposition-false linorder-negE-nat)
  then have k: (SOME \ k. \ 2 \ \widehat{\ } (k - Suc \ \theta) \le i \land i < 2 \ \widehat{\ } k - Suc \ \theta) = k
   using k-i i-k by auto
 show ?thesis
   apply (subst luby-sequence-core.simps[of i], subst H)
   by (simp \ add: k)
qed
lemma unbounded-luby-sequence-core: unbounded luby-sequence-core
 unfolding bounded-def
proof
 assume \exists b. \forall n. luby-sequence-core <math>n \leq b
 then obtain b where b: \bigwedge n. luby-sequence-core n \leq b
 have luby-sequence-core (2^{(b+1)} - 1) = 2^{b}
   using luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one[of b+1] by simp
 moreover have (2::nat)\hat{b} > b
   by (induction b) auto
 ultimately show False using b[of 2^{(b+1)} - 1] by linarith
qed
abbreviation luby-sequence :: nat \Rightarrow nat where
luby-sequence n \equiv ur * luby-sequence-core n
lemma bounded-luby-sequence: unbounded luby-sequence
 using bounded-const-product[of ur] luby-sequence-axioms
 luby-sequence-def unbounded-luby-sequence-core by blast
lemma luby-sequence-core-0: luby-sequence-core 0 = 1
proof -
 have \theta: (\theta::nat) = 2 \theta - 1
   by auto
 show ?thesis
   by (subst 0, subst luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one) simp
qed
lemma luby-sequence-core n \geq 1
proof (induction n rule: nat-less-induct-case)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by (simp add: luby-sequence-core-0)
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this
 consider
     (interv) k where 2 \hat{k} (k-1) < Suc n and Suc n < 2 \hat{k} - 1
   |(pow2)| k where Suc n = 2 \hat{k} - Suc \theta
   using exists-luby-decomp[of Suc \ n] by auto
  then show ?case
    proof cases
      case pow2
```

```
show ?thesis
         using luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one pow2 by auto
       case interv
       have n: Suc \ n - 2 \ \hat{\ } (k - 1) + 1 < Suc \ n
         by (metis Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add.commute add-diff-cancel-left' add-less-mono1 gr0I
            interv(1) \ interv(2) \ le-add-diff-inverse2 \ less-Suc-eq \ not-le \ power-0 \ power-one-right
           power-strict-increasing-iff)\\
       \mathbf{show}~? the sis
         apply (subst luby-sequence-core-not-two-power-minus-one[OF interv])
         using IH n by auto
     \mathbf{qed}
qed
end
locale \ luby-sequence-restart =
  luby-sequence ur +
  conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub> — functions for clauses:
    mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    — functions for the conflicting clause:
    mset\text{-}ccls\ union\text{-}ccls\ insert\text{-}ccls\ remove\text{-}clit
    — conversion
    ccls-of-cls cls-of-ccls
    — functions for the state:
       — access functions:
    trail hd-raw-trail raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting
        - changing state:
    cons-trail tl-trail add-init-cls add-learned-cls remove-cls update-backtrack-lvl
    update-conflicting
      — get state:
    init-state
    restart-state
  for
    ur :: nat  and
    mset-cls:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ {\bf and}
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    mset\text{-}ccls:: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    union\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \text{ and }
    insert\text{-}ccls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove\text{-}clit :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
    ccls-of-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'ccls and
```

```
cls-of-ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'cls and
   trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits and
   hd-raw-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit and
   raw-init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    raw-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    raw-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
    cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-init-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-learned-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update-conflicting :: 'ccls option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   init-state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st and
   restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
sublocale cdcl_W-restart - - - - -
  apply unfold-locales
 using bounded-luby-sequence by blast
end
end
theory CDCL-WNOT
imports CDCL-NOT CDCL-W-Termination CDCL-W-Merge
begin
22
        Link between Weidenbach's and NOT's CDCL
         Inclusion of the states
declare upt.simps(2)[simp \ del]
\mathbf{fun}\ \mathit{convert\text{-}marked\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}}W\ \mathbf{where}
convert-marked-lit-from-W (Propagated L -) = Propagated L ()
convert-marked-lit-from-W (Marked L -) = Marked L ()
{\bf abbreviation}\ convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W::
  ('v, 'lvl, 'a) marked-lit list
   \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list where
convert-trail-from-W \equiv map \ convert-marked-lit-from-W
lemma lits-of-l-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
  lits-of-l (convert-trail-from-WM) = lits-of-l M
 by (induction rule: marked-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma lit-of-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
  lit-of (convert-marked-lit-from-WL) = lit-of L
  by (cases L) auto
lemma no-dup-convert-from-W[simp]:
```

```
no-dup (convert-trail-from-W M) \longleftrightarrow no-dup M
 by (auto simp: comp-def)
lemma convert-trail-from-W-true-annots[simp]:
  convert-trail-from-WM \models as C \longleftrightarrow M \models as C
 by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls image-image lits-of-def)
lemma defined-lit-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
  defined-lit (convert-trail-from-W S) L \longleftrightarrow defined-lit S L
 by (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-comp)
The values \theta and \{\#\} are dummy values.
consts dummy-cls :: 'cls
fun convert-marked-lit-from-NOT
 :: ('a, 'e, 'b) \ marked-lit \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'cls) \ marked-lit \ where
convert-marked-lit-from-NOT (Propagated L -) = Propagated L dummy-cls |
convert-marked-lit-from-NOT (Marked L -) = Marked L 0
abbreviation convert-trail-from-NOT where
convert-trail-from-NOT \equiv map\ convert-marked-lit-from-NOT
\mathbf{lemma} \ undefined\text{-}lit\text{-}convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}NOT[simp]:
  undefined-lit (convert-trail-from-NOT F) L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit F L
 by (induction F rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma\ lits-of-l-convert-trail-from-NOT:
  lits-of-l (convert-trail-from-NOT F) = lits-of-l F
 by (induction F rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma convert-trail-from-W-from-NOT[simp]:
  convert-trail-from-W (convert-trail-from-NOT M) = M
 by (induction rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W\text{-}convert\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}NOT[simp]:
  convert-marked-lit-from-W (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) = L
 by (cases L) auto
abbreviation trail_{NOT} where
trail_{NOT} S \equiv convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W (fst S)
\mathbf{lemma} \ undefined\textit{-lit-convert-trail-from-W} [\mathit{iff}] :
  undefined-lit (convert-trail-from-W M) L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit M L
 by (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-comp)
lemma lit-of-convert-marked-lit-from-NOT[iff]:
  lit\text{-}of\ (convert\text{-}marked\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}NOT\ L) = lit\text{-}of\ L
 by (cases L) auto
sublocale state_W \subseteq dpll-state-ops
  mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
  mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  raw-clauses
  \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
```

```
\lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  by unfold-locales
context state_W
begin
lemma convert-marked-lit-from-W-convert-marked-lit-from-NOT[simp]:
  convert-marked-lit-from-W (mmset-of-mlit (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L)) = L
 by (cases L) auto
end
sublocale state_W \subseteq dpll\text{-}state
   mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
   mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  raw-clauses
  \lambda L S. cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  by unfold-locales (auto simp: map-tl o-def)
context state_W
begin
declare state-simp_{NOT}[simp\ del]
end
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops
  mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
  mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  raw\text{-}clauses
  \lambda L S. cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. \ add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  \lambda- -. True
  \lambda- S. raw-conflicting S = None
  \lambda C\ C'\ L'\ S\ T.\ backjump-l-cond\ C\ C'\ L'\ S\ T
   \land \ \textit{distinct-mset} \ (\textit{C'} + \{\#L'\#\}) \ \land \ \neg tautology \ (\textit{C'} + \{\#L'\#\})
  by unfold-locales
thm cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy.axioms
\mathbf{sublocale}\ \mathit{conflict-driven-clause-learning}_{W} \subseteq \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merge-bj-learn-proxy}
  mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
  mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
 \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  raw-clauses
  \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. \ add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
```

```
\lambda- -. True
  \lambda- S. raw-conflicting S = None
  backjump-l-cond
  inv_{NOT}
proof (unfold-locales, goal-cases)
  case 2
  then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv by (auto simp: comp-def)
next
  case (1 C' S C F' K F L)
  moreover
    let ?C' = remdups\text{-}mset C'
    have L \notin \# C'
      \mathbf{using} \ \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle \ \langle undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L \rangle \ Marked\text{-}Propagated\text{-}in\text{-}iff\text{-}in\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}l
      in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by fast
    then have distinct-mset (?C' + {\#L\#})
      by (simp add: distinct-mset-single-add)
  moreover
    have no-dup F
      using \langle inv_{NOT} | S \rangle \langle convert\text{-trail-from-}W | (trail | S) = F' @ Marked | K | () # F \rangle
      unfolding inv_{NOT}-def
      by (smt\ comp-apply\ distinct.simps(2)\ distinct-append\ list.simps(9)\ map-append
        no-dup-convert-from-W)
    then have consistent-interp (lits-of-l F)
      using distinct-consistent-interp by blast
    then have \neg tautology (C')
      using \langle F \models as\ CNot\ C' \rangle consistent-CNot-not-tautology true-annots-true-cls by blast
    then have \neg tautology (?C' + {\#L\#})
      using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle \ \langle undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ (metis \ CNot\text{-}remdups\text{-}mset
        Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l add.commute in-CNot-uminus tautology-add-single
        tautology-remdups-mset true-annot-singleton true-annots-def)
  show ?case
    proof -
      have f2: no-dup (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
        using \langle inv_{NOT} | S \rangle unfolding inv_{NOT}-def by (simp \ add: \ o\text{-def})
      have f3: atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S)
        \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
        using \langle convert\text{-trail-from-}W \ (trail \ S) = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \rangle
        \langle atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses\ S)\cup atm\text{-}of\ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (F'@Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F)\rangle by auto
      have f_4: clauses S \models pm \ remdups\text{-mset} \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
        by (metis\ (no\text{-types})\ \langle L\notin\#C'\rangle\ \langle clauses\ S\models pm\ C'+\{\#L\#\}\rangle\ remdups-mset-singleton-sum(2)
          true-clss-cls-remdups-mset union-commute)
      have F \models as \ CNot \ (remdups\text{-}mset \ C')
       by (simp add: \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle)
      obtain D where D: mset-cls D = remdups-mset C' + \{\#L\#\}
        using ex-mset-cls by blast
      have Ex\ (backjump-l\ S)
        apply standard
       apply (rule backjump-l.intros[OF - f2, of - - -])
        using f4 f3 f2 \langle \neg tautology (remdups-mset C' + \{\#L\#\}) \rangle
        calculation(2-5,9) \langle F \models as \ CNot \ (remdups-mset \ C') \rangle
        state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-ref D unfolding backjump-l-cond-def by blast+
      then show ?thesis
        by blast
    qed
```

```
\mathbf{qed}
```

```
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learningW \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 - - - - - -
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  raw-clauses
 \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail S
 \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
 \lambda- -. True
 \lambda- S. raw-conflicting S = None \ backjump-l-cond \ inv_{NOT}
 by unfold-locales
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn - - - - - -
  \lambda S. \ convert-trail-from-W \ (trail \ S)
 raw-clauses
 \lambda L S. cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
 \lambda S. tl-trail S
 \lambda C S. \ add-learned-cls C S
 \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  backjump-l-cond
  \lambda- -. True
 \lambda- S. raw-conflicting S = None \ inv_{NOT}
 apply unfold-locales
  using dpll-bj-no-dup apply (simp add: comp-def)
 using cdcl_{NOT}.simps cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup no-dup-convert-from-W unfolding inv_{NOT}-def by blast
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
begin
Notations are lost while proving locale inclusion:
notation state-eq<sub>NOT</sub> (infix \sim_{NOT} 50)
22.2
         Additional Lemmas between NOT and W states
lemma trail_W-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ T)
proof (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 case (1 F S T) note IH = this(1) and tr = this(2)
 then have [] = convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
   \vee length F = length (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
   \vee trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S)) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail T))
   using IH by (metis (no-types) trail-tl-trail)
 then show trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T)
   using tr by (metis\ (no-types)\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.elims)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-add-learned-cls:
no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
 trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ M\ (add-learned-cls\ D\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ M\ S)
by (rule\ trail_W-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq) simp
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-reduce-trail-convert:
  reduce-trail-to_{NOT} C S = reduce-trail-to (convert-trail-from-NOT C) S
 apply (induction C S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 apply (subst reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps, subst reduce-trail-to.simps)
```

```
by auto
```

```
lemma reduce-trail-to-map[simp]:
  reduce-trail-to (map\ f\ M)\ S = reduce-trail-to M\ S
 by (rule reduce-trail-to-length) simp
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-map[simp]:
  reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> (map f M) S = reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M S
 \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{reduce-trail-to}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{length})\ \mathit{simp}
\mathbf{lemma}\ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\text{-}state\text{-}change:
 assumes skip-or-resolve** S T
 shows
   \exists M. \ trail \ S = M \ @ \ trail \ T \land (\forall m \in set \ M. \neg is-marked \ m)
   clauses S = clauses T
   backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 case 1 show ?case by simp
 case 2 show ?case by simp
 case 3 show ?case by simp
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s-o-r = this(2) and IH = this(3) and IH' = this(3-5)
 case 2 show ?case using IH' s-o-r by (auto elim!: rulesE simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
 case 3 show ?case using IH' s-o-r by (auto elim!: rulesE simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
 case 1 show ?case
   using s-o-r
   proof cases
     case s-or-r-skip
     then show ?thesis using IH by (auto elim!: rulesE simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
     case s-or-r-resolve
     then show ?thesis
       using IH by (cases trail T) (auto elim!: rulesE simp: skip-or-resolve.simps dest!:
       hd-raw-trail)
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
```

22.3 More lemmas conflict-propagate and backjumping

22.4 CDCL FW

```
lemma cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:

assumes

inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and

cdcl_W:cdcl_W-merge S T

shows cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T

\lor (no-step cdcl_W-merge T \land conflicting T \ne None)

using cdcl_W inv

proof induction

case (fw-propagate S T) note propa = this(1)

then obtain M N U k L C where

H: state S = (M, N, U, k, None) and

CL: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S and
```

```
M-C: M \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   T: state \ T = (Propagated \ L \ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ None)
   by (auto elim: propagate-high-levelE)
 have propagate_{NOT} S T
   using H CL T undef M-C by (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def state-eq-def raw-clauses-def
     simp del: state-simp)
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.intros(2) by blast
 case (fw-decide S T) note dec = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 then obtain L where
   undef-L: undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L and
   atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (init-clss S) and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)))
     (update-backtrack-lvl (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)) S)
   by (auto elim: decideE)
 have decide_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule decide_{NOT}.decide_{NOT})
      using undef-L apply simp
    using atm-L inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def raw-clauses-def
      apply auto[]
   using T undef-L unfolding state-eq-def state-eq_{NOT}-def by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def)
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> by blast
next
 case (fw-forget S T) note rf = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 then obtain C where
    S: conflicting S = None  and
    C-le: C ! \in ! raw-learned-clss S and
    \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S and
    mset-cls \ C \notin set \ (get-all-mark-of-propagated \ (trail \ S)) and
    C-init: mset-cls \ C \notin \# \ init-clss \ S \ \mathbf{and}
    T: T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
   by (auto elim: forgetE)
 have init-clss S \models pm mset\text{-}cls \ C
   using inv C-le unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def
   by (meson in-clss-mset-clss true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
 then have S-C: removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (clauses S) \models pm mset-cls C
   using C-init C-le unfolding raw-clauses-def by (auto simp add: Un-Diff ac-simps)
 have forget_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule forget_{NOT}.forget_{NOT})
      using S-C apply blast
     using S apply simp
    using C-init C-le apply (simp add: raw-clauses-def)
   using T C-le C-init by (auto
     simp: state-eq-def \ Un-Diff \ state-eq_{NOT}-def \ raw-clauses-def \ ac-simps
     simp del: state-simp)
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> by blast
 case (fw-conflict S T U) note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2) and inv = this(3)
 obtain C_S CT where
   confl-T: raw-conflicting T = Some \ CT and
   CT: mset-ccls CT = mset-cls C_S and
   C_S: C_S !\in! raw-clauses S and
   tr-S-C_S: trail S \models as CNot (mset-cls C_S)
```

```
using confl by (elim conflictE) (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 using cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ confl\ inv\ by blast
then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
 unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
then consider
   (no-bt) skip-or-resolve^{**} T U
 | (bt) T' where skip-or-resolve** T T' and backtrack T' U
 using bj rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-skip-or-resolve-backtrack unfolding full-def by meson
then show ?case
 proof cases
   case no-bt
   then have conflicting U \neq None
    using confl by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
     (auto simp del: state-simp simp: skip-or-resolve.simps state-eq-def elim!: rulesE)
   moreover then have no-step cdcl_W-merge U
    by (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge.simps elim: rulesE)
   ultimately show ?thesis by blast
 next
   case bt note s-or-r = this(1) and bt = this(2)
   have cdcl_W^{**} T T'
    using s-or-r mono-rtranclp of skip-or-resolve cdcl_W rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W
    by blast
   then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T'
    using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv \langle cdcl_W-M-level-inv T \rangle by blast
   then obtain M1 M2 i D L K where
     confl-T': raw-conflicting T' = Some D and
     LD: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \ \mathbf{and}
     M1-M2:(Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ T')) and
     get-level (trail T') L = backtrack-lvl T' and
     get-level (trail T') L = get-maximum-level (trail T') (mset-ccls D) and
     get-maximum-level (trail T') (mset-ccls (remove-clit L D)) = i and
     undef-L: undefined-lit M1 L and
     U: U \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
            (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                   (update-backtrack-lvl i
                      (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ T'))))
    using bt by (auto elim: backtrack-levE)
   have [simp]: clauses S = clauses T
    using confl by (auto\ elim:\ rulesE)
   have [simp]: clauses T = clauses T'
    using s-or-r
    proof (induction)
      case base
      then show ?case by simp
    next
      case (step U V) note st = this(1) and s-o-r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
      have clauses U = clauses V
        using s-o-r by (auto simp: skip-or-resolve.simps elim: rulesE)
      then show ?case using IH by auto
   have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
    by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps\ confl\ inv\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
      rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
```

```
have cdcl_{W}^{**} T T'
 using rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W s-or-r by blast
have inv-T': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T'
 using \langle cdcl_W^{**} T T' \rangle inv-T rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
have inv-U: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
 using cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W confl fw-r-conflict inv local.bj
 rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss T'
 using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid T \mid T' \rangle cdcl_W-init-clss confl cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def conflict inv
 by (metis \langle cdcl_W - M - level - inv T \rangle \ rtranclp - cdcl_W - init - clss)
then have atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 using inv-T' confl-T' LD unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def
 raw-clauses-def
 by (simp add: atms-of-def image-subset-iff)
obtain M where tr-T: trail T = M @ trail T'
 using s-or-r skip-or-resolve-state-change by meson
obtain M' where
 tr-T': trail T' = M' @ Marked K <math>(i+1) \# tl (trail U) and
 tr-U: trail U = Propagated L (mset-ccls D) # <math>tl (trail U)
 using U M1-M2 undef-L inv-T' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
 by fastforce
\mathbf{def}\ M^{\prime\prime} \equiv M\ @\ M^{\prime}
have tr-T: trail <math>S = M'' @ Marked K (i+1) \# tl (trail U)
 using tr-T tr-T' confl unfolding M"-def by (auto elim: rulesE)
have init-clss T' + learned-clss S \models pm mset-ccls D
 using inv-T' confl-T' unfolding cdclw-all-struct-inv-def cdclw-learned-clause-def
 raw-clauses-def by simp
have reduce-trail-to (convert-trail-from-NOT (convert-trail-from-W M1)) S =
 reduce-trail-to M1 S
 by (rule reduce-trail-to-length) simp
moreover have trail (reduce-trail-to M1 S) = M1
 apply (rule reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning[of - M @ - @ M2 @ [Marked K (Suc i)]])
 using confl M1-M2 \langle trail \ T = M @ trail \ T' \rangle
   apply (auto dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
     elim!: conflictE)
   by (rule sym) auto
ultimately have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M1 S) = M1
 using M1-M2 confl by (subst reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-reduce-trail-convert)
 (auto simp: comp-def elim: rulesE)
have every-mark-is-a-conflict U
 using inv-U unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by simp
then have U-D: tl\ (trail\ U) \models as\ CNot\ (remove1-mset\ L\ (mset-ccls\ D))
 by (metis append-self-conv2 tr-U)
thm backjump-l[of ---- L cls-of-ccls D - remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)]
have backjump-l S U
 apply (rule backjump-l[of - - - - L cls-of-ccls D - remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)])
         using tr-T apply simp
        using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
        apply (simp add: comp-def)
     using U M1-M2 confl undef-L M1-M2 inv-T' inv undef-L unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
        cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def
         trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-add-learned-cls)
      using C_S apply auto[]
      using tr-S-C_S apply simp
```

```
using U undef-L M1-M2 inv-T' inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
           cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply auto[]
          using undef-L atm-L apply (simp add: trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-add-learned-cls)
         using (init-clss T' + learned-clss S \models pm \text{ mset-ccls } D) LD unfolding raw-clauses-def
         apply simp
        using LD apply simp
       apply (metis U-D convert-trail-from-W-true-annots)
       using inv-T' inv-U U confl-T' undef-L M1-M2 LD unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
       distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp \ backjump-l-cond-def)
     then show ?thesis using cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l by fast
   qed
qed
abbreviation cdcl_{NOT}-restart where
cdcl_{NOT}-restart \equiv restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart cdcl_{NOT} restart
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-restart-no-step:
 assumes
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   cdcl_W:cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S \ T \lor (no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } T \land conflicting \ T \ne None)
proof -
  consider
     (fw) \ cdcl_W-merge S \ T
   \mid (fw-r) \ restart \ S \ T
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_W\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{meson}\ cdcl_W\mathit{-merge-restart}. \mathit{simps}\ cdcl_W\mathit{-rf}. \mathit{cases}\ \mathit{fw-conflict}\ \mathit{fw-decide}\ \mathit{fw-forget}
     fw-propagate)
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case fw
     then have IH: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \vee (no-step \ cdcl_W-merge T \wedge conflicting \ T \neq None)
       using inv cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn by blast
     have invS: inv_{NOT} S
       using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     have ff2: cdcl_{NOT}^{++} S T \longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
         by (meson tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     have ff3: no-dup (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
       using invS by (simp add: comp-def)
     have cdcl_{NOT} \leq cdcl_{NOT}-restart
       by (auto simp: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.simps)
     then show ?thesis
       using ff3 ff2 IH cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}
       rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-restart]\ invS\ predicate2D\ {f by}\ blast
   next
     case fw-r
     then show ?thesis by (blast intro: restart-ops.cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-raw-restart.intros)
   qed
qed
abbreviation \mu_{FW} :: 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{FW} S \equiv (if no-step \ cdcl_W-merge \ S \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1+\mu_{CDCL}'-merged \ (set-mset \ (init-clss \ S)) \ S)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-\mu_{FW}-decreasing:
 assumes
```

```
inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   fw: cdcl_W-merge S T
  shows \mu_{FW} T < \mu_{FW} S
proof -
  let ?A = init\text{-}clss S
  have atm-clauses: atms-of-mm (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-mm ?A
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def raw-clauses-def by auto
  have atm-trail: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm ?A
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def raw-clauses-def by auto
  have n-d: no-dup (trail S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
  have [simp]: \neg no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } S
   using fw by auto
  have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss T
   using cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W [of S T] inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge-restart.simps\ cdcl_W\text{-}rf.simps\ fw)
  consider
     (merged) \ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T
   \mid (n-s) \text{ no-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } T
   using cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn inv fw by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case merged
     then show ?thesis
       using cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure '[OF - - atm-clauses, of T] atm-trail n-d
       by (auto split: if-split simp: comp-def image-image lits-of-def)
   \mathbf{next}
     case n-s
     then show ?thesis by simp
   qed
qed
lemma wf\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge: wf {(T, S). cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv S \land cdcl_W\text{-}merge S T}
  apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of - - \mu_{FW}])
  using cdcl_W-merge-\mu_{FW}-decreasing by blast
{\bf sublocale}\ \ conflict\mbox{-} driven\mbox{-} clause\mbox{-} learning_W\mbox{-} termination
  by unfold-locales (simp add: wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge)
lemma full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  assumes
    conflicting R = None  and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
  shows full cdcl_W-s' R V \longleftrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V (is ?s' \longleftrightarrow ?fw)
proof
  assume ?s'
  then have cdcl_W-s'^{**} R V unfolding full-def by blast
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
   \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}s'^{***} \ R \ V \rangle \ inv \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}s'\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}}
   by blast
  then have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V
   using no-step-cdcl_W-s'-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-stgy by (meson \ \langle full \ cdcl_W-s' \ R \ V \rangle \ full-def)
  have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   by (metis \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ V \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W - s' \ R \ V \rangle \ bj \ full - def
```

```
n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o)
have n-s-cp: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
 proof -
    { fix ss :: 'st
      obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
        ff1: \forall s. \neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv s \lor cdcl_W - s' - without - decide s (ssa s)
          \vee no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp s
        using conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp by moura
      have (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ full \ p \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor p^{**} \ s \ sa \land no\text{-step} \ p \ sa) and
        (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ (\neg p^{**} \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor (\exists s. \ p \ sa \ s)) \lor full \ p \ s \ sa)
        by (meson full-def)+
      then have \neg cdcl_W-merge-cp V ss
        \textbf{using } \textit{ff1} \textbf{ by } (\textit{metis } (\textit{no-types}) \land \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-all-struct-inv } V \land \textit{full } \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-s'} R \ V \land \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-s'}. \textit{simps}
          cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases) }
    then show ?thesis
      \mathbf{by} blast
 qed
consider
    (fw-no-confl) cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and conflicting V = None
   (fw-conft) cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and conflicting V \neq None and no-step cdcl_W-bj V
 | (fw-dec-confl) S T U  where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S  and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S  and
      decide \ S \ T \ \mathbf{and} \ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} \ T \ U \ \mathbf{and} \ conflict \ U \ V
 \mid (\mathit{fw-dec-no-confl}) \ S \ T \ \mathbf{where} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{merge-stgy}^{**} \ R \ S \ \mathbf{and} \ \mathit{no-step} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{merge-cp} \ S \ \mathbf{and}
      decide S T and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
 (cp\text{-}no\text{-}confl) \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ V \ and \ conflicting \ V = None
  | (cp\text{-}confl) U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} R U \text{ and } conflict U V
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-decomp-into-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge | OF
    \langle cdcl_W - s'^{**} R V \rangle \ assms] by auto
then show ?fw
 proof cases
    case fw-no-confl
    then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by blast
    case fw-confl
    then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by blast
 next
    case fw-dec-confl
    have cdcl_W-merge-cp U V
      using n-s-bj by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps\ full-unfold\ fw-dec-confl(5))
    then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
      unfolding full1-def by (metis fw-dec-confl(4) n-s-cp tranclp-unfold-end)
    then have cdcl_W-merge-stqy S V using \langle decide\ S\ T \rangle \langle no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp\ S \rangle by auto
    then show ?thesis using n-s \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S \rangle unfolding full-def by auto
 next
    case fw-dec-no-confl
    then have full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp T\ V
      using n-s-cp unfolding full-def by blast
    then have cdcl_W-merge-stay S V using (decide S T) (no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S) by auto
    then show ?thesis using n-s \in cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R(S) unfolding full-def by auto
 next
    case cp-no-confl
    then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp R V
      by (simp add: full-def n-s-cp)
    then have R = V \lor cdcl_W-merge-stgy<sup>++</sup> R V
      using fw-s-cp unfolding full-unfold fw-s-cp
```

```
by (metis (no-types) rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
     then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: full-def n-s rtranclp-unfold)
   next
     case cp-confl
     have full\ cdcl_W-bj\ V\ V
       using n-s-bj unfolding full-def by blast
     then have full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp R\ V
       unfolding full1-def by (meson cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' cp-confl(1,2) n-s-cp
        rtranclp-into-tranclp1)
     then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by auto
   qed
next
 assume ?fw
 then have cdcl_W^{**} R V using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy\ cdcl_W^{**}]
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full-def by auto
  then have inv': cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv V using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 have cdcl_W-s'** R V
   using \langle fw \rangle by (simp add: full-def inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s' V
   proof cases
     assume conflicting V = None
     then show ?thesis
      by (metis inv' (full cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V) full-def
        no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
   next
     assume confl-V: conflicting V \neq None
     then have no-step cdcl_W-bj V
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by (meson \( full \) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy R \ V \)
       assms(1) full-def)
     then show ?thesis using confl-V by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps full1-def cdcl_W-cp.simps
       dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
 ultimately show ?s' unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stqy-full-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes
   conflicting R = None  and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows full cdcl_W-stgy R V \longleftrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V
  \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ assms(1)\ full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-merge-restart\ full-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'
   inv)
lemma full-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-final-state-conclusive':
  fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-merge-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no-d: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
 shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (mset-clss N)))
   \vee (conflicting S' = None \wedge trail S' \models asm mset-clss N <math>\wedge satisfiable (set-mset (mset-clss N)))
proof -
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (init-state N)
   using no-d unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 moreover have conflicting (init-state N) = None
   by auto
```

```
ultimately show ?thesis
   \mathbf{using}\ full\ full\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}final\text{-}state\text{-}conclusive\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state
   full-cdcl_W-stgy-full-cdcl_W-merge no-d by presburger
qed
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Incremental
imports CDCL-W-Termination
begin
23
       Incremental SAT solving
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
begin
This invariant holds all the invariant related to the strategy. See the structural invariant in
cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
definition cdcl_W-stgy-invariant where
cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S \longleftrightarrow
  conflict-is-false-with-level S
  \land no-clause-is-false S
 \land no-smaller-confl S
 \land no-clause-is-false S
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-invariant:
  assumes
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy S T and
  inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
  inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  \mathbf{shows}
   cdcl_W-stqy-invariant T
  unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply (intro conjI)
   apply (rule cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S])
   using assms unfolding cdcl_W-stqy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply auto[7]
   using cdcl_W cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss apply simp
  \mathbf{apply} \ (rule \ cdcl_W \text{-}stgy\text{-}no\text{-}smaller\text{-}confl\text{-}inv)
  using assms unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply auto[4]
  using cdcl_W cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant:
 assumes
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
  inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
  inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   cdcl_W-stqy-invariant T
  using assms apply (induction)
  using cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
```

abbreviation decr-bt-lvl where decr-bt-lvl $S \equiv update-backtrack-lvl \ (backtrack-lvl \ S - 1) \ S$

 $rtranclp-cdcl_W$ -stgy-rtranclp- $cdcl_W$ by blast

When we add a new clause, we reduce the trail until we get to the first literal included in C. Then we can mark the conflict.

```
fun cut-trail-wrt-clause where
cut-trail-wrt-clause C [] S = S
cut-trail-wrt-clause C (Marked L - \# M) S =
 (if -L \in \# C \text{ then } S
   else cut-trail-wrt-clause C M (decr-bt-lvl (tl-trail S))) |
cut-trail-wrt-clause C (Propagated L - \# M) S =
  (if -L \in \# C then S)
   else cut-trail-wrt-clause C M (tl-trail S)
definition add-new-clause-and-update :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
add-new-clause-and-update CS =
  (if trail S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ C)
  then update-conflicting (Some C) (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C)
   (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ S)\ S))
  else add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C) S)
{f thm} cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct
lemma init-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
 init-clss (cut-trail-wrt-clause C M S) = init-clss S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma learned-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
  learned-clss (cut-trail-wrt-clause C M S) = learned-clss S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma \ conflicting-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
  conflicting (cut-trail-wrt-clause C M S) = conflicting S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause:
 \exists M. \ trail \ S = M @ trail \ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ S) \ S)
proof (induction trail S arbitrary: S rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ S)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case using Cons-eq-appendI by fastforce+
  case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail\ S] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case using Cons-eq-appendI by fastforce+
qed
lemma n-dup-no-dup-trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
 assumes n-d: no-dup (trail\ T)
 shows no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
proof -
 obtain M where
   M: trail\ T = M @ trail\ (cut-trail-wrt-clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T)
   using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause of T C by auto
 show ?thesis
   using n-d unfolding arg-cong[OF M, of no-dup] by auto
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{cut-trail-wrt-clause-backtrack-lvl-length-marked}:
 assumes
    backtrack-lvl T = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail T))
 shows
 backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T) =
    length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
 using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by auto
 case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail\ T] and M = this(2)[symmetric] and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by auto
qed
lemma cut-trail-wrt-clause-get-all-levels-of-marked:
 assumes get-all-levels-of-marked (trail T) = rev [Suc \theta..<
   Suc\ (length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ T)))]
 shows
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail ((cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))) = rev [Suc \theta..<
   Suc (length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail ((cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))))]
 using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by (cases count CL = 0) auto
 case (proped L\ l\ M) note IH=this(1)[of\ tl\ trail\ T] and M=this(2)[symmetric] and bt=this(3)
 then show ?case by (cases count CL = 0) auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail}:
 assumes trail T \models as \ CNot \ C
 shows
   (trail\ ((cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T))) \models as\ CNot\ C
 using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked\ L\ l\ M) note IH=this(1)[of\ decr-bt-lvl\ (tl-trail\ T)] and M=this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
 show ?case
   proof (cases count C (-L) = \theta)
     case False
     then show ?thesis
      using IH M bt by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
   next
```

```
case True
      obtain mma :: 'v literal multiset where
       f6\colon (mma\in\{\{\#-l\#\}\mid l.\ l\in\#\ C\}\longrightarrow M\models a\ mma)\longrightarrow M\models as\ \{\{\#-l\#\}\mid l.\ l\in\#\ C\}
        using true-annots-def by blast
      have mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\} \longrightarrow trail\ T \models a \ mma
        using CNot-def M bt by (metis (no-types) true-annots-def)
      then have M \models as \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \# \ C\}
        using f6 True M bt by (force simp: count-eq-zero-iff)
      then show ?thesis
        using IH true-annots-true-cls M by (auto simp: CNot-def)
    qed
next
  case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of tl-trail T] and M = this(2)[symmetric] and bt = this(3)
    proof (cases count C (-L) = \theta)
      case False
      then show ?thesis
       using IH M bt by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
    next
      {\bf case}\ {\it True}
      obtain mma :: 'v literal multiset where
        f6: (mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\} \longrightarrow M \models a\ mma) \longrightarrow M \models as \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\}
        using true-annots-def by blast
      have mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\} \longrightarrow trail\ T \models a\ mma
        using CNot-def M bt by (metis (no-types) true-annots-def)
      then have M \models as \{ \{ \# - l \# \} \mid l. \ l \in \# \ C \}
        using f6 True M bt by (force simp: count-eq-zero-iff)
      then show ?thesis
        using IH true-annots-true-cls M by (auto simp: CNot-def)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma\ cut-trail-wrt-clause-hd-trail-in-or-empty-trail:
  ((\forall L \in \#C. -L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail T)) \land trail (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause C (trail T) T) = [])
    \vee (-lit\text{-}of \ (hd \ (trail \ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T))) \in \# \ C
       \land length (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)) \geq 1)
  using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
  case nil
  then show ?case by simp
  \mathbf{case} \ (\mathit{marked} \ L \ l \ M) \ \mathbf{note} \ \mathit{IH} = \mathit{this}(1)[\mathit{of} \ \mathit{decr-bt-lvl} \ (\mathit{tl-trail} \ \mathit{T})] \ \mathbf{and} \ \mathit{M} = \mathit{this}(2)[\mathit{symmetric}]
 then show ?case by simp force
next
  case (proped L\ l\ M) note IH=this(1)[of\ tl\text{-}trail\ T] and M=this(2)[symmetric]
  then show ?case by simp force
qed
We can fully run cdcl_W-s or add a clause. Remark that we use cdcl_W-s to avoid an explicit
skip, resolve, and backtrack normalisation to get rid of the conflict C if possible.
inductive incremental\text{-}cdcl_W :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S \text{ where}
add-confl:
  trail \ S \models asm \ init-clss \ S \Longrightarrow \ distinct-mset \ (mset-ccls \ C) \Longrightarrow \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
   trail S \models as CNot (mset-ccls C) \Longrightarrow
   full\ cdcl_W-stgy
```

```
(update\text{-}conflicting\ (Some\ C))
      (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ (cls\text{-}of\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ S)\ S)))\ T \Longrightarrow
   incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T
add-no-confl:
  trail \ S \models asm \ init-clss \ S \Longrightarrow distinct-mset \ (mset-ccls \ C) \Longrightarrow conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
  \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ C) \Longrightarrow
  full\ cdcl_W-stgy (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C) S) T \implies
  incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
 assumes
   inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   tr-T-N[simp]: trail T \models asm N and
   tr-C[simp]: trail T \models as CNot (mset-ccls C) and
   [simp]: distinct-mset (mset-ccls C)
 shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (add-new-clause-and-update C T) (is cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T')
proof -
 let ?T = update\text{-conflicting (Some C)}
   (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C) (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))
 obtain M where
   M: trail \ T = M @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls \ C) (trail \ T) \ T)
     using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause of T mset-ccls C by blast
 have H[dest]: \bigwedge x. \ x \in lits-of-l \ (trail \ (cut-trail-wrt-clause \ (mset-ccls \ C) \ (trail \ T)) \implies
   x \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ T)
   using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of lits-of-l] by auto
  have H'[dest]: \Lambda x. \ x \in set \ (trail \ (cut-trail-wrt-clause \ (mset-ccls \ C) \ (trail \ T)) \Longrightarrow
   x \in set (trail T)
   using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of set] by auto
 have H-proped: \bigwedge x. x \in set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C)
  (trail\ T)\ T))) \Longrightarrow x \in set\ (get-all-mark-of-propagated\ (trail\ T))
  using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of get-all-mark-of-propagated] by auto
 have [simp]: no-strange-atm?T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def add-new-clause-and-update-def
    cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto 20 1)
  have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
  then have no-dup (M @ trail (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause (mset\text{-}ccls C) (trail T) T))
   unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def unfolding M[symmetric] by auto
  then have [simp]: no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))
   by auto
  have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (M @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)))
   using M-lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def unfolding M[symmetric] by auto
  then have [simp]: consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C)
   (trail\ T)\ T)))
   unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
 have [simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv ?T
   using M-lev cut-trail-wrt-clause-get-all-levels-of-marked[of T mset-ccls C]
   unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto dest: H H'
     simp: M-lev\ cdcl_W\ -M-level-inv-def\ cut-trail-wrt-clause-backtrack-lvl-length-marked)
 have [simp]: \bigwedge s. \ s \in \# \ learned\text{-}clss \ T \Longrightarrow \neg tautology \ s
```

```
using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  then have [simp]: distinct-cdcl_W-state ?T
   unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by auto
 have cdcl_W-conflicting T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  have trail ?T \models as\ CNot\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)
    by (simp add: cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail)
  then have [simp]: cdcl_W-conflicting ?T
   unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def apply simp
   by (metis M \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-conflicting } T \rangle append-assoc cdcl_W \text{-conflicting-decomp}(2))
 have
    decomp-T: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  have all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss ?T)
   (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail ?T))
   unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   proof clarify
     \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
     assume (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail ?T))
     from in-get-all-marked-decomposition-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-prepend[OF this, of M]
     obtain b' where
       (a, b' \otimes b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
       using M by auto
     then have unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ T) \models ps \ unmark-l \ (b' @ b)
       using decomp-T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by fastforce
     then have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (init-clss ?T) \models ps unmark-l (b \otimes b')
       by (simp add: Un-commute)
     then show unmark-l a \cup set-mset (init-clss ?T) \models ps unmark-l b
       by (auto simp: image-Un)
   qed
 have [simp]: cdcl_W-learned-clause ?T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def
   by (auto dest!: H-proped simp: raw-clauses-def)
  show ?thesis
   using \langle all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}m \quad (init\text{-}clss ?T)
   (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail ?T))
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}add\text{-}new\text{-}clause\text{-}and\text{-}update\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}inv\text{:}
 assumes
   inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   tr-T-N[simp]: trail T \models asm N and
   tr-C[simp]: trail T \models as CNot (mset-ccls C) and
   [simp]: distinct-mset \ (mset-ccls \ C)
 shows cdcl_W-stgy-invariant (add-new-clause-and-update C T)
    (is cdcl_W-stgy-invariant ?T')
proof -
```

```
have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T'
 using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv assms by blast
  no-dup-cut-T[simp]: no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)) and
 n-d[simp]: no-dup (trail T)
 using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(2) cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def inv
  n-dup-no-dup-trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause by blast+
then have trail\ (add\text{-}new\text{-}clause\text{-}and\text{-}update\ C\ T) \models as\ CNot\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)
 by (simp add: add-new-clause-and-update-def cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail
    cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
obtain MT where
  MT: trail T = MT @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)
 using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause by blast
consider
   (false) \ \forall \ L \in \#mset\text{-}ccls \ C. - L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ T) \ and
     trail\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ T)\ T) = []
 \mid (not\text{-}false)
    - lit-of (hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))) \in \# (mset-ccls C) and
    1 \leq length (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))
  \textbf{using} \ \textit{cut-trail-wrt-clause-hd-trail-in-or-empty-trail} [\textit{of mset-ccls} \ \textit{C} \ \textit{T}] \ \textbf{by} \ \textit{auto} 
then show ?thesis
 proof cases
   case false note C = this(1) and empty-tr = this(2)
   then have [simp]: mset-ccls\ C = \{\#\}
     by (simp\ add:\ in\text{-}CNot\text{-}implies\text{-}uminus(2)\ multiset\text{-}eqI)
   show ?thesis
     using empty-tr unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-invariant-def no-smaller-confl-def
     cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
   case not-false note C = this(1) and l = this(2)
   let ?L = -lit\text{-of} (hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)))
   have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ (add-new-clause-and-update\ C\ T)) =
     rev [1...<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (add-new-clause-and-update C T)))]
     using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ? T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
     by blast
   moreover
     have backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T) =
       length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (add-new-clause-and-update C T)))
       using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
       by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
   moreover
     have no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))
       using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
       by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
     then have atm\text{-}of ?L \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l
       (tl\ (trail\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ T)\ T)))
       by (cases trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))
       (auto simp: lits-of-def)
   ultimately have L: get-level (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)) (-?L)
      = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)))
     using get-level-get-rev-level-get-all-levels-of-marked[OF]
       \langle atm\text{-}of ? L \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (tl (trail (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause (mset\text{-}ccls C)))}
         (trail\ T)\ T))\rangle,
       of [hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))]]
```

```
apply (cases trail (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C)
         (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ T)\ T));
      cases hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)))
     using l by (auto split: if-split-asm
       simp:rev-swap[symmetric] add-new-clause-and-update-def)
 have L': length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C)
   (trail\ T)\ T)))
   = backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)
   using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ? T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
   by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
 have [simp]: no-smaller-confl (update-conflicting (Some C)
   (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C) (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)))
   unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
 proof (clarify, goal-cases)
   case (1 \ M \ K \ i \ M' \ D)
   then consider
       (DC) D = mset\text{-}ccls C
     \mid (D-T) \mid D \in \# clauses \mid T
     by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def split: if-split-asm)
   then show False
     proof cases
       case D-T
       have no-smaller-confl T
         using inv-s unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def by auto
       have (MT @ M') @ Marked K i \# M = trail T
         using MT 1(1) by auto
       thus False using D-T (no-smaller-confl T) 1(3) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by blast
       case DC note -[simp] = this
       then have atm\text{-}of (-?L) \in atm\text{-}of (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M)
         using 1(3) C in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
       moreover
        have lit-of (hd (M' @ Marked K i \# [])) = -?L
           using l 1(1)[symmetric] inv
          by (cases trail (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C)
              (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ T)\ T)))
           (auto dest!: arg\text{-}cong[of\text{-}\#\text{-}\text{-}hd] simp: hd\text{-}append cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def
            cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
        from arg-cong[OF this, of atm-of]
        have atm\text{-}of\ (-?L) \in atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (M' @ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ []))
          by (cases (M' @ Marked K i \# [])) auto
       moreover have no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)
         using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv ?T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - def
         cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
       ultimately show False
         unfolding 1(1)[symmetric, simplified] by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
   qed
 qed
 show ?thesis using L L' C
   unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
qed
```

```
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-inv-normal-form:
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_W-stgy S T and
   inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail \ T \models asm \ init-clss \ S \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
proof
 have no-step cdcl_W-stqy T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast
 moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
   apply (metis rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> full full-def inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
   by (metis full full-def inv inv-s rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
  ultimately have conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail T \models asm init-clss T
   using cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive [of T] full
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def full-def by fast
  moreover have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail T))
   using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ T \rangle unfolding cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - def \ cdcl_W - M - level - inv - def
   by auto
  moreover have init-clss S = init-clss T
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss\ full\ full-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   by (metis satisfiable-carac' true-annot-def true-annots-def true-clss-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ incremental\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}inv:
 assumes
   inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
  _{
m shows}
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   cdcl_W-stqy-invariant T
 using inc
proof (induction)
 case (add\text{-}confl\ C\ T)
 let ?T = (update\text{-}conflicting (Some C) (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls (cls\text{-}of\text{-}ccls C))
   (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ S)\ S)))
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T and inv-s-T: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant ?T
   using add-confl.hyps(1,2,4) add-new-clause-and-update-def
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv inv apply auto[1]
   using add-confl.hyps(1,2,4) add-new-clause-and-update-def
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-stgy-inv inv s-inv by auto
  case 1 show ?case
    by (metis add-confl.hyps(1,2,4,5)) add-new-clause-and-update-def
      cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
      rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W full-def inv)
 case 2 show ?case
   by (metis inv-s-T add-confl.hyps(1,2,4,5)) add-new-clause-and-update-def
```

```
cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv full-def inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
next
 case (add-no-confl\ C\ T)
 case 1
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C) S)
   using inv \langle distinct\text{-}mset \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ C) \rangle unfolding cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def \ no\text{-}strange\text{-}atm\text{-}def
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
   by (auto 9 1 simp: all-decomposition-implies-insert-single raw-clauses-def)
  then show ?case
   using add-no-confl(5) unfolding full-def by (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv)
  case 2
 have nc: \forall M. (\exists K \ i \ M'. \ trail \ S = M' @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ M) \longrightarrow \neg M \models as \ CNot \ (mset-ccls \ C)
   using \langle \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ C) \rangle
   by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model)
 have cdcl_W-stqy-invariant (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C) S)
   using s-inv \langle \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ C) \rangle inv unfolding cdcl_W-stqy-invariant-def
   no-smaller-confl-def\ eq-commute[of\ -\ trail\ -]\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def nc)
  then show ?case
   by (metis \( cdcl_W - all \)-struct-inv (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C) S)\( add-no-confl.hyps(5) \) full-def
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
qed
lemma rtranclp-incremental-cdcl_W-inv:
 assumes
   inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W^{**} S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
 shows
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
    using inc apply induction
   using inv apply simp
  using s-inv apply simp
  using incremental-cdcl_W-inv by blast+
lemma incremental-conclusive-state:
 assumes
   inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
 shows conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail \ T \models asm \ init-clss \ T \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss \ T))
 using inc
proof induction
 print-cases
 case (add-confl C T) note tr = this(1) and dist = this(2) and conf = this(3) and C = this(4) and
 full = this(5)
 have full cdcl_W-stgy T T
   using full unfolding full-def by auto
  then show ?case
```

```
using full C conf dist tr
   by (metis\ full-cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -inv\ -normal\ -form\ incremental\ -cdcl_W\ .simps\ incremental\ -cdcl_W\ -inv(1)
     incremental-cdcl_W-inv(2) inv s-inv)
next
  case (add-no-conft C T) note tr = this(1) and dist = this(2) and conf = this(3) and C = this(4)
   and full = this(5)
 have full\ cdcl_W-stgy T T
   using full unfolding full-def by auto
  then show ?case
    by (meson C conf dist full full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-inv-normal-form incremental-cdcl<sub>W</sub>.add-no-confl
      incremental\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}inv(1) incremental\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}inv(2) inv s\text{-}inv tr)
qed
lemma tranclp-incremental-correct:
 assumes
   inc: incremental - cdcl_W^{++} S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stqy-invariant S
  shows conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail \ T \models asm \ init-clss \ T \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss \ T))
  using inc apply induction
  using assms incremental-conclusive-state apply blast
 by (meson\ incremental\text{-}conclusive\text{-}state\ inv\ rtranclp\text{-}incremental\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}inv\ s\text{-}inv}
   tranclp-into-rtranclp)
end
end
```

24 2-Watched-Literal

theory CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals imports CDCL-WNOT begin

First we define here the core of the two-watched literal datastructure:

- 1. A clause is composed of (at most) two watched literals.
- 2. It is sufficient to find the candidates for propagation and conflict from the clauses such that the new literal is watched.

While this it the principle behind the two-watched literals, an implementation have to remember the candidates that have been found so far while updating the datstructure.

We will directly on the two-watched literals datastructure with lists: it could be also seen as a state over some abstract clause representation we would later refine as lists. However, as we need a way to select element from a clause, working on lists is better.

24.1 Essence of 2-WL

24.1.1 Datastructure and Access Functions

Only the 2-watched literals have to be verified here: the backtrack level and the trail that appear in the state are not related to the 2-watched algoritm.

```
datatype 'v twl-clause =
  TWL-Clause (watched: 'v literal list) (unwatched: 'v literal list)
datatype 'v twl-state =
  TWL-State (raw-trail: ('v, nat, 'v twl-clause) marked-lit list)
   (raw-init-clss: 'v twl-clause list)
   (raw-learned-clss: 'v twl-clause list) (backtrack-lvl: nat)
   (raw-conflicting: 'v literal list option)
fun mmset-of-mlit'::('v, nat, 'v twl-clause) <math>marked-lit \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) <math>marked-lit
 where
mmset-of-mlit' (Propagated L C) = Propagated L (mset (watched C @ unwatched C))
mmset-of-mlit' (Marked L i) = Marked L i
lemma lit\text{-}of\text{-}mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit'[simp]: lit\text{-}of\ (mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit'\ x) = lit\text{-}of\ x
 by (cases \ x) auto
lemma lits-of-mmset-of-mlit'[simp]: lits-of (mmset-of-mlit' S) = lits-of S
 by (auto simp: lits-of-def image-image)
abbreviation trail where
trail S \equiv map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ (raw-trail \ S)
abbreviation clauses-of-l where
  clauses-of-l \equiv \lambda L. \ mset \ (map \ mset \ L)
definition raw-clause :: 'v twl-clause \Rightarrow 'v literal list where
  raw-clause C \equiv watched \ C @ unwatched \ C
abbreviation raw-clss :: 'v twl-state <math>\Rightarrow 'v clauses where
  raw-clss S \equiv clauses-of-l (map raw-clause (raw-init-clss S \otimes raw-learned-clss S))
interpretation raw-cls
 \lambda C. mset (raw-clause C)
 \lambda L C. TWL-Clause (watched C) (L # unwatched C)
 \lambda L \ C. \ TWL\text{-}Clause \ [] \ (remove1 \ L \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C))
 apply (unfold-locales)
 by (auto simp:hd-map comp-def map-tl ac-simps
   mset-map-mset-remove1-cond ex-mset raw-clause-def
   simp del: )
lemma mset-map-clause-remove1-cond:
  mset\ (map\ (\lambda x.\ mset\ (unwatched\ x) + mset\ (watched\ x))
   (remove1\text{-}cond\ (\lambda D.\ mset\ (raw\text{-}clause\ D) = mset\ (raw\text{-}clause\ a))\ Cs)) =
  remove1-mset (mset (raw-clause a)) (mset (map (\lambda x. mset (raw-clause x)) Cs))
  apply (induction Cs)
    apply simp
  by (auto simp: ac-simps remove1-mset-single-add raw-clause-def)
```

```
interpretation raw-clss
 \lambda C. mset (raw-clause C)
 \lambda L C. TWL-Clause (watched C) (L # unwatched C)
 \lambda L\ C.\ TWL\text{-}Clause\ []\ (remove1\ L\ (raw\text{-}clause\ C))
 \lambda C. clauses-of-l (map raw-clause C) op @
 \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \# \ \lambda C. \ remove 1-cond \ (\lambda D. \ mset \ (raw-clause \ D) = mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
 apply (unfold-locales)
 using mset-map-clause-remove1-cond by (auto simp:hd-map comp-def map-tl ac-simps raw-clause-def
   union-mset-list mset-map-mset-remove1-cond ex-mset
   simp del: )
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{ex-mset-unwatched-watched:}
  \exists a. mset (unwatched a) + mset (watched a) = E
proof -
 obtain e where mset e = E
   using ex-mset by blast
 then have mset (unwatched (TWL-Clause [] e)) + mset (watched (TWL-Clause [] e)) = E
   by auto
 then show ?thesis by fast
qed
{f thm}\ \ CDCL	ext{-} Two	ext{-} Watched	ext{-} Literals. raw	ext{-} cls	ext{-} axioms
interpretation twl: state_W - ops
 \lambda C. mset (raw-clause C)
 \lambda L C. TWL-Clause (watched C) (L # unwatched C)
 \lambda L \ C. \ TWL\text{-}Clause \ [] \ (remove1 \ L \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C))
 \lambda C. clauses-of-l (map raw-clause C) op @
 \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \# \ \lambda C. \ remove 1-cond \ (\lambda D. \ mset \ (raw-clause \ D) = mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
 mset \lambda xs ys. case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x # zs)) xs (ys, []))
  op # remove1
 raw-clause \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail \ \lambda S. \ hd \ (raw-trail \ S)
  raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting
 apply unfold-locales apply (auto simp: hd-map comp-def map-tl ac-simps raw-clause-def
    union-mset-list mset-map-mset-remove1-cond ex-mset-unwatched-watched)
declare CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals.twl.mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls[simp_del]
lemma mmset-of-mlit'-mmset-of-mlit[simp]:
  twl.mmset-of-mlit L = mmset-of-mlit' L
 by (metis mmset-of-mlit'.simps(1) mmset-of-mlit'.simps(2) twl.mmset-of-mlit.elims raw-clause-def)
definition
  candidates-propagate :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow ('v literal \times 'v twl-clause) set
where
  candidates-propagate S =
  \{(L, C) \mid L C.
    C \in set (twl.raw-clauses S) \land
    set (watched C) - (uminus `lits-of-l (trail S)) = \{L\} \land
    undefined-lit (raw-trail S) L}
```

```
definition candidates-conflict :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause set where candidates-conflict S = \{C. \ C \in set \ (twl.raw-clauses \ S) \land set \ (watched \ C) \subseteq uminus \ `lits-of-l \ (raw-trail \ S)\}

primrec (nonexhaustive) index :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat where index (a \# l) c = (if \ a = c \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1 + index \ l \ c)

lemma index-nth:
a \in set \ l \Longrightarrow l \ ! \ (index \ l \ a) = a
by (induction l) auto
```

24.1.2 Invariants

We need the following property about updates: if there is a literal L with -L in the trail, and L is not watched, then it stays unwatched; i.e., while updating with rewatch it does not get swap with a watched literal L' such that -L' is in the trail.

```
primrec watched-decided-most-recently :: ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) marked-lit list \Rightarrow
  'v \ twl\text{-}clause \Rightarrow bool
watched-decided-most-recently M (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow
  (\forall L' \in set \ W. \ \forall L \in set \ UW.
    -L' \in lits-of-l M \longrightarrow -L \in lits-of-l M \longrightarrow L \notin \# mset W \longrightarrow
      index \ (map \ lit of \ M) \ (-L') \leq index \ (map \ lit of \ M) \ (-L))
Here are the invariant strictly related to the 2-WL data structure.
primrec wf-twl-cls :: ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause \Rightarrow bool where
  wf-twl-cls M (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow
   distinct W \land length \ W \leq 2 \land (length \ W < 2 \longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W) \land
   (\forall L \in set \ W. \ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M \longrightarrow (\forall L' \in set \ UW. \ L' \notin set \ W \longrightarrow -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M)) \land
   watched-decided-most-recently M (TWL-Clause\ W\ UW)
lemma size-mset-2: size x1 = 2 \longleftrightarrow (\exists a \ b. \ x1 = \{\#a, \ b\#\})
  apply (cases x1)
  apply simp
  by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Suc-eq-plus 1 one-add-one size-1-singleton-mset
  size-Diff-singleton size-Suc-Diff1 size-single union-single-eq-diff union-single-eq-member)
lemma distinct-mset-size-2: distinct-mset \{\#a, b\#\} \longleftrightarrow a \neq b
  unfolding distinct-mset-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ wf-twl-cls-annotation-independant:
  assumes M: map lit-of M = map lit-of M'
  shows wf-twl-cls M (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow wf-twl-cls M' (TWL-Clause W UW)
proof -
 have lits-of-lM = lits-of-lM'
   using arg-cong[OF M, of set] by (simp add: lits-of-def)
  then show ?thesis
   by (simp add: lits-of-def M)
qed
lemma wf-twl-cls-wf-twl-cls-tl:
  assumes wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls\ M\ C and n\text{-}d: no\text{-}dup\ M
  shows wf-twl-cls (tl M) C
```

```
proof (cases M)
 case Nil
 then show ?thesis using wf
   by (cases C) (simp add: wf-twl-cls.simps[of tl -])
  case (Cons l M') note M = this(1)
 obtain W \ UW where C: \ C = TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW
   by (cases C)
  \{ \text{ fix } L L' \}
   assume
     LW: L \in set \ W and
     LM: -L \in lits-of-l M' and
     L'UW: L' \in set\ UW and
     L' \notin set W
   then have
     L'M: -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}lM
     using wf by (auto simp: C M)
   have watched-decided-most-recently M C
     using wf by (auto simp: C)
   then have
     index \ (map \ lit of \ M) \ (-L) \leq index \ (map \ lit of \ M) \ (-L')
     using LM L'M L'UW LW \langle L' \notin set W \rangle C M unfolding lits-of-def
     by (fastforce simp: lits-of-def)
   then have -L' \in lits-of-l M'
     using \langle L' \notin set \ W \rangle \ LW \ L'M by (auto simp: C M split: if-split-asm)
 }
 moreover
   {
     \mathbf{fix}\ L'\ L
     assume
      L' \in set \ W \ {\bf and}
      L \in set\ UW and
      L'M: -L' \in lits-of-l M' and
       -L \in lits-of-lM' and
      L \not\in set\ W
     moreover
      have lit-of l \neq -L'
      using n-d unfolding M
        by (metis (no-types) L'M M Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l defined-lit-map
          distinct.simps(2) \ list.simps(9) \ set-map)
     moreover have watched-decided-most-recently M C
      using wf by (auto simp: C)
     ultimately have index (map lit-of M') (-L') \leq index (map lit-of M') (-L)
      by (fastforce simp: M C split: if-split-asm)
   }
 moreover have distinct W and length W \leq 2 and (length W < 2 \longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W)
   using wf by (auto simp: CM)
 ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp add: M C)
qed
lemma wf-twl-cls-append:
 assumes
   n-d: no-dup (M' @ M) and
   wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls (M' @ M) C
 shows wf-twl-cls M C
```

```
using wf n-d apply (induction M')
   apply simp
  using wf-twl-cls-wf-twl-cls-tl by fastforce
definition wf-twl-state :: 'v twl-state <math>\Rightarrow bool where
  wf-twl-state S \longleftrightarrow
   (\forall C \in set \ (twl.raw-clauses \ S). \ wf-twl-cls \ (raw-trail \ S) \ C) \land no-dup \ (raw-trail \ S)
lemma wf-candidates-propagate-sound:
  assumes wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S and
   cand: (L, C) \in candidates-propagate S
 shows raw-trail S \models as CNot (mset (removeAll\ L\ (raw-clause\ C))) \land undefined-lit (raw-trail S)\ L
   (is ?Not \land ?undef)
proof
 \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv \mathit{raw-trail}\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \operatorname{\mathit{raw-init-clss}} S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \operatorname{raw-learned-clss}\ S
 note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
  have cw:
    C \in set (N @ U)
   set\ (watched\ C)\ -\ uminus\ `lits-of-l\ M=\{L\}
   undefined-lit M L
   using cand unfolding candidates-propagate-def MNU-defs twl.raw-clauses-def by auto
 obtain W \ UW where cw-eq: C = TWL-Clause W \ UW
   by (cases \ C)
 have l-w: L \in set W
   using cw(2) cw-eq by auto
 have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M C
   using wf cw(1) unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (simp add: twl.raw-clauses-def)
  have w-nw:
    distinct W
   length W < 2 \Longrightarrow set UW \subseteq set W
   \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in \mathit{lits-of-l} \ M \Longrightarrow L' \in \mathit{set} \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin \mathit{set} \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in \mathit{lits-of-l} \ M
  using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by (auto simp: image-image)
  have \forall L' \in set \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C) - \{L\}. \ -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
  proof (cases length W < 2)
   case True
   moreover have size W \neq 0
     using cw(2) cw-eq by auto
   ultimately have size W = 1
     by linarith
   then have w: W = [L]
     using l-w by (auto simp: length-list-Suc-\theta)
   from True have set UW \subseteq set W
     using w-nw(2) by blast
   then show ?thesis
     using w cw(1) cw-eq by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
  next
```

```
\mathbf{case}\ \mathit{sz2} \colon \mathit{False}
   \mathbf{show} \ ?thesis
   proof
     fix L'
     assume l': L' \in set (raw\text{-}clause \ C) - \{L\}
     have ex-la: \exists La. La \neq L \land La \in set W
     proof (cases W)
       case w: Nil
       thus ?thesis
         using l-w by auto
     next
       case lb: (Cons Lb W')
       show ?thesis
       proof (cases W')
         case Nil
         thus ?thesis
          using lb sz2 by simp
         case lc: (Cons Lc W'')
         thus ?thesis
           by (metis\ distinct-length-2-or-more\ lb\ list.set-intros(1)\ list.set-intros(2)\ w-nw(1))
       qed
     qed
     then obtain La where la: La \neq L La \in set W
       by blast
     then have La \in uminus ' lits-of-lM
       using cw(2)[unfolded\ cw-eq,\ simplified,\ folded\ M-def]\ \langle La\in set\ W\rangle\ \langle La\neq L\rangle by auto
     then have nla: -La \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
       by (auto simp: image-image)
     then show -L' \in lits-of-l M
     proof -
       have f1: L' \in set \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C)
         using l' by blast
       have f2: L' \notin \{L\}
         using l' by fastforce
       have \bigwedge l \ L. - (l::'a \ literal) \in L \lor l \notin uminus `L
         by force
       then show ?thesis
         using cw(1) cw-eq w-nw(3) raw-clause-def by (metis DiffI Un-iff cw(2) f1 f2 la(2) nla
           set-append twl-clause.sel(1) twl-clause.sel(2))
     qed
   qed
 qed
 then show ?Not
   unfolding true-annots-def by (auto simp: image-image Ball-def CNot-def)
 show ?undef
   using cw(3) unfolding M-def by blast
\mathbf{qed}
{f lemma}\ wf\mbox{-}candidates\mbox{-}propagate\mbox{-}complete:
 assumes wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S and
   c-mem: C \in set (twl.raw-clauses S) and
   l-mem: L \in set (raw-clause C) and
```

```
unsat: trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ (mset\text{-set}\ (set\ (raw\text{-}clause\ C)\ -\ \{L\})) and
   undef: undefined-lit (raw-trail S) L
 shows (L, C) \in candidates-propagate S
proof -
  \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv \mathit{raw-trail}\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \operatorname{\mathit{raw-init-clss}} S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \operatorname{raw-learned-clss}\ S
 note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
 obtain W UW where cw-eq: C = TWL-Clause W UW
   by (cases\ C,\ blast)
 have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M C
   using wf c-mem unfolding wf-twl-state-def by simp
 have w-nw:
   distinct W
   length W < 2 \Longrightarrow set UW \subseteq set W
   \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in lits \text{-of-l } M \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits \text{-of-l } M
  using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by (auto simp: image-image)
  have unit-set: set W - (uminus 'lits-of-l M) = \{L\} (is ?W = ?L)
  proof
   \mathbf{show} ? W \subseteq \{L\}
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ L'
     assume l': L' \in ?W
     hence l'-mem-w: L' \in set W
       by (simp add: in-diffD)
     have L' \notin uminus ' lits-of-l M
       using l' by blast
     then have \neg M \models a \{\#-L'\#\}
       by (auto simp: lits-of-def uminus-lit-swap image-image)
     moreover have L' \in set (raw\text{-}clause \ C)
       using c-mem cw-eq l'-mem-w by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
     ultimately have L' = L
       using unsat[unfolded CNot-def true-annots-def, simplified]
       unfolding M-def by fastforce
     then show L' \in \{L\}
       by simp
   qed
  next
   \mathbf{show}\ \{L\}\subseteq\ ?W
   proof clarify
     have L \in set W
     proof (cases W)
       case Nil
       thus ?thesis
         using w-nw(2) cw-eq l-mem by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
     next
       case (Cons La W')
       thus ?thesis
       proof (cases La = L)
         {f case}\ True
```

```
thus ?thesis
           using Cons by simp
         case False
         have -La \in lits-of-l M
           using False Cons cw-eq unsat[unfolded CNot-def true-annots-def, simplified]
           by (fastforce simp: raw-clause-def)
         then show ?thesis
           using Cons cw-eq l-mem undef w-nw(3)
           by (auto simp: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l raw-clause-def)
       qed
     qed
     moreover have L \notin \# mset-set (uminus 'lits-of-l M)
       using undef by (auto simp: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l image-image)
     ultimately show L \in ?W
       by simp
   qed
 qed
 show ?thesis
   unfolding candidates-propagate-def using unit-set undef c-mem unfolding cw-eq M-def
   by (auto simp: image-image cw-eq intro!: exI[of - C])
qed
lemma wf-candidates-conflict-sound:
 assumes wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S and
   cand: C \in candidates\text{-}conflict S
 shows trail S \models as CNot (mset (raw-clause C)) \land C \in set (twl.raw-clauses S)
proof
 \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv raw\text{-}trail\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \operatorname{raw-init-clss} S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \operatorname{raw-learned-clss}\ S
 note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
 have cw:
   C \in set (N @ U)
   set (watched C) \subseteq uminus `lits-of-l (trail S)
   using cand[unfolded candidates-conflict-def, simplified] unfolding twl.raw-clauses-def by auto
 obtain W \ UW where cw-eq: C = TWL-Clause W \ UW
   by (cases C, blast)
 have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M C
   using wf cw(1) unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (simp add: comp-def twl.raw-clauses-def)
 have w-nw:
   distinct W
   length W < 2 \Longrightarrow set UW \subseteq set W
   \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in lits \text{-of-l} \ M \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits \text{-of-l} \ M
  using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by (auto simp: image-image)
 have \forall L \in set \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C). \ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
 proof (cases W)
   case Nil
```

```
then have raw-clause C = []
     using cw(1) cw-eq w-nw(2) by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
   then show ?thesis
     by simp
 \mathbf{next}
   case (Cons La W') note W' = this(1)
   show ?thesis
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ L
     assume l: L \in set (raw\text{-}clause C)
     \mathbf{show} - L \in \mathit{lits-of-l}\ M
     proof (cases L \in set W)
       case True
       thus ?thesis
         using cw(2) cw-eq by fastforce
     next
       case False
       thus ?thesis
         using W' cw(2) cw-eq l w-nw(3) unfolding M-def raw-clause-def
         by (metis (no-types, lifting) UnE imageE list.set-intros(1)
           lits-of-mmset-of-mlit' rev-subsetD set-append set-map twl-clause.sel(1)
           twl-clause.sel(2) uminus-of-uminus-id)
     qed
   qed
 qed
 then show trail S \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
   unfolding CNot-def true-annots-def by auto
 show C \in set (twl.raw-clauses S)
   using cw unfolding twl.raw-clauses-def by auto
qed
lemma wf-candidates-conflict-complete:
 assumes wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S and
   c-mem: C \in set (twl.raw-clauses S) and
   unsat: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
 shows C \in candidates-conflict S
proof -
 \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv \mathit{raw-trail}\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv twl.init\text{-}clss\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv twl.learned\text{-}clss\ S
 note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
 obtain W UW where cw-eq: C = TWL-Clause W UW
   by (cases C, blast)
 have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M C
   using wf c-mem unfolding wf-twl-state-def by simp
 have w-nw:
   distinct W
   length W < 2 \Longrightarrow set UW \subseteq set W
   \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in lits \text{-of-l} \ M \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits \text{-of-l} \ M
  using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by (auto simp: image-image)
```

```
have \bigwedge L. L \in set (raw\text{-}clause \ C) \Longrightarrow -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
   unfolding M-def using unsat [unfolded CNot-def true-annots-def, simplified] by auto
  then have set (raw\text{-}clause\ C) \subseteq uminus\ ``lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M"
   by (metis imageI subsetI uminus-of-uminus-id)
  then have set W \subseteq uminus 'lits-of-l M
   using cw-eq by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
  then have subset: set W \subseteq uminus ' lits-of-l M
   by (simp \ add: w-nw(1))
 have W = watched C
   using cw-eq twl-clause.sel(1) by simp
 then show ?thesis
   using MNU-defs c-mem subset candidates-conflict-def by blast
qed
typedef 'v wf-twl = \{S::'v \ twl-state. \ wf-twl-state \ S\}
morphisms rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state
proof -
 have TWL-State ([]::('v, nat, 'v twl-clause) marked-lits)
   [] \ [] \ \textit{0 None} \in \{\textit{S} :: \textit{'v twl-state. wf-twl-state S}\}
   by (auto simp: wf-twl-state-def twl.raw-clauses-def)
 then show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma [code abstype]:
  twl-of-rough-state (rough-state-of-twl S) = S
 by (fact CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals.wf-twl.rough-state-of-twl-inverse)
lemma wf-twl-state-rough-state-of-twl[simp]: wf-twl-state (rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl by auto
abbreviation candidates-conflict-twl :: 'v wf-twl \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause set where
candidates-conflict-twl S \equiv candidates-conflict (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation candidates-propagate-twl :: 'v wf-twl \Rightarrow ('v literal \times 'v twl-clause) set where
candidates-propagate-twl S \equiv candidates-propagate (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation raw-trail-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'a twl-clause) marked-lit list where
raw-trail-twl S \equiv raw-trail (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation trail-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'a literal multiset) marked-lit list where
trail-twl\ S \equiv trail\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
abbreviation raw-clauses-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a twl-clause list where
raw-clauses-twl S \equiv twl.raw-clauses (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation raw-init-clss-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a twl-clause list where
raw-init-clss-twl S \equiv raw-init-clss (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation raw-learned-clss-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a twl-clause list where
raw-learned-clss-twl S \equiv raw-learned-clss (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation backtrack-lvl-twl where
backtrack-lvl-twl\ S \equiv backtrack-lvl\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
```

```
abbreviation raw-conflicting-twl where
raw-conflicting-twl S \equiv raw-conflicting (rough-state-of-twl S)
{f lemma}\ wf-candidates-twl-conflict-complete:
  assumes
    c-mem: C \in set (raw-clauses-twl S) and
    unsat: trail-twl \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
  shows C \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl\ S
  using c-mem unsat wf-candidates-conflict-complete wf-twl-state-rough-state-of-twl by blast
abbreviation update-backtrack-lvl where
  update-backtrack-lvl k S \equiv
   TWL-State (raw-trail S) (raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S) k (raw-conflicting S)
{\bf abbreviation}\ \mathit{update\text{-}conflicting}\ {\bf where}
  update-conflicting C S \equiv
    TWL-State (raw-trail S) (raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S) C
           Abstract 2-WL
24.1.3
definition tl-trail where
  tl-trail S =
   TWL-State (tl (raw-trail S)) (raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S)
   (raw-conflicting S)
locale \ abstract-twl =
  fixes
    watch :: 'v \ twl\text{-}state \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}clause \ \mathbf{and}
   rewatch :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-state \Rightarrow
      'v \ twl-clause \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-clause and
    restart-learned :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause list
    clause-watch: no-dup (raw-trail S) \Longrightarrow mset (raw-clause (watch S C)) = mset C and
   wf-watch: no-dup (raw-trail S) \Longrightarrow wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) (watch S C) and
    clause-rewatch: mset (raw-clause (rewatch L' S C')) = mset (raw-clause C') and
     no\text{-}dup\ (raw\text{-}trail\ S) \Longrightarrow undefined\text{-}lit\ (raw\text{-}trail\ S)\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \Longrightarrow
        \textit{wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) } C' \Longrightarrow
        wf-twl-cls (L \# raw-trail S) (rewatch (lit-of L) S C')
   \textit{restart-learned: mset (restart-learned S)} \subseteq \# \textit{ mset (raw-learned-clss S)} -- \text{We need } \textit{mset and not set}
to take care of duplicates.
begin
definition
  cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'v twl-clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-state
  cons-trail L S =
   TWL-State (L \# raw-trail S) (map (rewatch (lit-of L) S) (raw-init-clss <math>S))
    (map (rewatch (lit-of L) S) (raw-learned-clss S)) (backtrack-lvl S) (raw-conflicting S)
definition
  add-init-cls :: 'v literal list \Rightarrow 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-state
where
  add-init-cls C S =
```

```
TWL-State (raw-trail S) (watch S C # raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S)
    (raw-conflicting S)
definition
  add-learned-cls :: 'v literal list \Rightarrow 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-state
where
  add-learned-cls C S =
  TWL-State (raw-trail S) (raw-init-clss S) (watch S C # raw-learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S)
    (raw-conflicting S)
definition
 remove\text{-}cls:: 'v \ literal \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}state \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}state
where
 remove-cls \ C \ S =
   TWL-State (raw-trail S)
    (removeAll\text{-}cond\ (\lambda D.\ mset\ (raw\text{-}clause\ D) = mset\ C)\ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ S))
    (removeAll\text{-}cond\ (\lambda D.\ mset\ (raw\text{-}clause\ D) = mset\ C)\ (raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ S))
    (backtrack-lvl\ S)
    (raw-conflicting S)
definition init-state :: 'v literal list list \Rightarrow 'v twl-state where
  init-state N = fold \ add-init-cls \ N \ (TWL-State \ [] \ [] \ 0 \ None)
\mathbf{lemma}\ unchanged\textit{-}fold\textit{-}add\textit{-}init\textit{-}cls\text{:}
  raw-trail (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) = M
  raw-learned-clss (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) = U
  backtrack-lvl \ (fold \ add-init-cls \ Cs \ (TWL-State \ M \ N \ U \ k \ C)) = k
  raw-conflicting (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) = C
 by (induct Cs arbitrary: N) (auto simp: add-init-cls-def)
lemma unchanged-init-state[simp]:
  raw-trail (init-state N) = []
  raw-learned-clss (init-state N) = []
  backtrack-lvl (init-state N) = 0
 raw-conflicting (init-state N) = None
 unfolding init-state-def by (rule unchanged-fold-add-init-cls)+
lemma clauses-init-fold-add-init:
  no-dup M \Longrightarrow
  twl.init-clss (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) =
  clauses-of-l Cs + clauses-of-l (map \ raw-clause \ N)
  by (induct Cs arbitrary: N) (auto simp: add-init-cls-def clause-watch comp-def ac-simps)
lemma init-clss-init-state [simp]: twl.init-clss (init-state N) = clauses-of-l N
  unfolding init-state-def by (subst clauses-init-fold-add-init) simp-all
definition restart' where
 restart' S = TWL\text{-}State \ [] \ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S) \ (restart\text{-}learned \ S) \ 0 \ None
end
           Instanciation of the previous locale
definition watch-nat :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v literal list \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause where
  watch-nat S C =
  (let
```

```
C' = remdups C;
      neg\text{-}not\text{-}assigned = filter \ (\lambda L. -L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (raw\text{-}trail \ S)) \ C';
      neg-assigned-sorted-by-trail = filter (\lambda L. L \in set C) (map (\lambda L. -lit-of L) (raw-trail S));
       W = take \ 2 \ (neg-not-assigned \ @ neg-assigned-sorted-by-trail);
       UW = foldr \ remove1 \ W \ C
    in TWL-Clause W UW)
lemma list-cases2:
  fixes l :: 'a \ list
  assumes
    l = [] \Longrightarrow P and
    \bigwedge x. \ l = [x] \Longrightarrow P \text{ and }
    \bigwedge x \ y \ xs. \ l = x \# y \# xs \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
  by (metis assms list.collapse)
lemma filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD:
  assumes [L \leftarrow P : Q L] = l
  shows \forall x \in set \ l. \ x \in set \ P \land Q \ x
  using assms by auto
lemma no-dup-filter-diff:
  assumes n-d: no-dup M and H: [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit\text{-}of \ L) \ M. \ L \in set \ C] = l
  shows distinct l
  unfolding H[symmetric]
  apply (rule distinct-filter)
  using n-d by (induction M) auto
{f lemma}\ watch-nat\mbox{-}lists\mbox{-}disjoint D:
  assumes
    l: [L \leftarrow remdups \ C. - L \notin lits - of - l \ (raw - trail \ S)] = l \ and
    l': [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (raw - trail \ S) \ . \ L \in set \ C] = l'
  shows \forall x \in set \ l. \ \forall y \in set \ l'. \ x \neq y
  by (auto simp: l[symmetric] l'[symmetric] lits-of-def image-image)
lemma watch-nat-list-cases-witness consumes 2, case-names nil-nil nil-single nil-other
  single-nil single-other other]:
  fixes
    C :: 'v \ literal \ list \ \mathbf{and}
    S :: 'v \ twl-state
    xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ C. - L \notin lits - of - l \ (raw - trail \ S)] and
    ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (raw - trail \ S) \ . \ L \in set \ C]
  assumes
    n-d: no-dup (raw-trail S) and
    nil-nil: xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P and
    nil-single:
      \bigwedge a. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [a] \Longrightarrow a \in set \ C \Longrightarrow P \ and
    nil\text{-}other: \land a \ b \ ys'. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = a \ \# \ b \ \# \ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P \ \text{and}
    single-nil: \land a. \ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P \ \mathbf{and}
    single-other: \bigwedge a\ b\ ys'.\ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = b\ \#\ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P and
    other: \bigwedge a\ b\ xs'. xs = a \# b \# xs' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
proof -
  note xs-def[simp] and ys-def[simp]
```

```
have dist: \bigwedge P. distinct [L \leftarrow remdups \ C \ . \ P \ L]
    by auto
  then have H: \land a \ b \ P \ xs. \ [L \leftarrow remdups \ C \ . \ P \ L] = a \ \# \ b \ \# \ xs \Longrightarrow a \neq b
    by (metis distinct-length-2-or-more)
  show ?thesis
  apply (cases [L \leftarrow remdups \ C. - L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (raw\text{-}trail \ S)]
        rule: list-cases2;
      cases [L \leftarrow map\ (\lambda L. - lit\text{-}of\ L)\ (raw\text{-}trail\ S)\ .\ L \in set\ C]\ rule:\ list\text{-}cases2)
          using nil-nil apply simp
         using nil-single apply (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
        using nil-other no-dup-filter-diff[OF n-d, of C]
        apply fastforce
       using single-nil apply simp
      using single-other xs-def ys-def apply (metis list.set-intros(1) watch-nat-lists-disjointD)
     using single-other unfolding xs-def ys-def apply (metis list.set-intros(1))
       watch-nat-lists-disjointD)
    using other xs-def ys-def by (metis\ H)+
lemma watch-nat-list-cases [consumes 1, case-names nil-nil nil-single nil-other single-nil
  single-other other]:
  fixes
    C :: 'v \ literal \ list \ \mathbf{and}
    S \,::\, {}'v \,\,twl\text{-}state
  defines
    xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ C \ . - L \notin lits - of - l \ (raw - trail \ S)] and
    ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (raw - trail \ S) \ . \ L \in set \ C]
  assumes
    n-d: no-dup (raw-trail S) and
    nil-nil: xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P and
    nil-single:
      \bigwedge a. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [a] \Longrightarrow \ a \in set \ C \Longrightarrow P \ and
    nil\text{-}other: \land a \ b \ ys'. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = a \# b \# ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P \ \text{and}
    single-nil: \land a. \ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P \ \mathbf{and}
    single-other: \land a \ b \ ys'. \ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = b \ \# \ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P \ {\bf and}
    other: \bigwedge a\ b\ xs'. xs = a \# b \# xs' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
  using watch-nat-list-cases-witness[OF n-d, of C P]
  nil-nil nil-single nil-other single-nil single-other other
  unfolding xs-def[symmetric] ys-def[symmetric] by auto
lemma watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness:
  fixes
    C :: 'v \ literal \ list \ \mathbf{and}
    S :: 'v \ twl-state
  defines
    xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ C. - L \notin lits - of - l \ (raw - trail \ S)] and
    ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (raw - trail \ S) \ . \ L \in set \ C]
  assumes n-d: no-dup (raw-trail S)
  shows set C = set xs \cup set ys
  using n-d unfolding xs-def ys-def by (auto simp: lits-of-def comp-def uminus-lit-swap)
lemma mset-intersection-inclusion: A + (B - A) = B \longleftrightarrow A \subseteq \# B
  apply (rule iffI)
  apply (metis mset-le-add-left)
```

```
by (auto simp: ac-simps multiset-eq-iff subseteq-mset-def)
\mathbf{lemma} \mathit{clause-watch-nat}:
  assumes no-dup (raw-trail S)
 shows mset (raw-clause (watch-nat S C)) = mset C
  using assms
 apply (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases[OF assms(1), of C])
 by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD simp: watch-nat-def multiset-eq-iff raw-clause-def)
lemma index-uminus-index-map-uminus:
  -a \in set \ L \Longrightarrow index \ L \ (-a) = index \ (map \ uminus \ L) \ (a::'a \ literal)
 by (induction L) auto
lemma index-filter:
  a \in set \ L \Longrightarrow b \in set \ L \Longrightarrow P \ a \Longrightarrow P \ b \Longrightarrow
  index\ L\ a \leq index\ L\ b \longleftrightarrow index\ (filter\ P\ L)\ a \leq index\ (filter\ P\ L)\ b
 by (induction L) auto
lemma foldr-remove1-W-Nil[simp]: foldr remove1 W [] = []
  \mathbf{by}\ (induct\ W)\ auto
lemma image-lit-of-mmset-of-mlit'[simp]:
  lit\text{-}of ' mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit' ' A = lit\text{-}of ' A
 by (auto simp: image-image comp-def)
lemma distinct-filter-eq:
  assumes distinct xs
 shows [L \leftarrow xs. \ L = a] = (if \ a \in set \ xs \ then \ [a] \ else \ [])
  using assms by (induction xs) auto
lemma no-dup-distinct-map-uminus-lit-of:
  no-dup xs \Longrightarrow distinct (map (<math>\lambda L. - lit-of L) xs)
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma wf-watch-witness:
  fixes C :: 'v \ literal \ list and
    S :: 'v \ twl-state
  defines
    ass: neg\text{-}not\text{-}assigned \equiv filter \ (\lambda L. -L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (raw\text{-}trail \ S)) \ (remdups \ C) and
    tr: neg-assigned-sorted-by-trail \equiv filter (\lambda L. \ L \in set \ C) \ (map \ (\lambda L. -lit-of \ L) \ (raw-trail \ S))
  defines
      W: W \equiv take \ 2 \ (neg-not-assigned @ neg-assigned-sorted-by-trail)
  assumes
   n-d[simp]: no-dup (raw-trail S)
  shows wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) (TWL-Clause W (foldr remove1 W C))
  unfolding wf-twl-cls.simps
proof (intro conjI, goal-cases)
  case 1
  then show ?case using n-d W unfolding ass tr
   apply (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C, OF n-d])
   by (auto simp: distinct-mset-add-single)
next
 case 2
  then show ?case unfolding W by simp
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case 3
 show ?case using n-d
   proof (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C])
     case nil-nil
     then have set C = set [] \cup set []
       using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness n-d by metis
     then show ?thesis
       by simp
   \mathbf{next}
     case (nil\text{-}single\ a)
     moreover have \bigwedge x. set C = \{a\} \Longrightarrow -a \in lits-of-l(trail\ S) \Longrightarrow x \in set\ (remove1\ a\ C) \Longrightarrow
       using notin-set-remove1 by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C] 3 by (auto simp: W ass tr comp-def)
   next
     case nil-other
     then show ?thesis
      using 3 by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   next
     case (single-nil\ a)
     show ?thesis
       using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C] 3
       by (fastforce simp add: W ass tr single-nil comp-def distinct-filter-eq
         no-dup-distinct-map-uminus-lit-of min-def)
   next
     case single-other
     then show ?thesis
       using 3 by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   next
     {f case} other
     then show ?thesis
       using 3 by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   qed
\mathbf{next}
 case 4 note -[simp] = this
 show ?case
   using n-d apply (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C])
     apply (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
       simp: W \ ass \ tr \ lits-of-def \ filter-empty-conv)[4]
   using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C]
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{force}\ \mathit{dest}: \mathit{filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD}\ \mathit{simp}:\ \mathit{W}\ \mathit{ass}\ \mathit{tr}\ \mathit{lits-of-def}) +
\mathbf{next}
  case 5
 from n-d show ?case
   proof (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C])
     case nil-nil
     then show ?thesis by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   next
     case nil-single
     then show ?thesis
       using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C] tr by (fastforce simp: W ass)
   next
     case nil-other
     then show ?thesis
```

```
unfolding watched-decided-most-recently.simps Ball-def
      apply (intro allI impI)
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-filter[of - - \lambda L. L \in set C])
      by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
        simp: uminus-lit-swap lits-of-def o-def W ass tr dest: in-diffD)
   next
     case single-nil
     then show ?thesis
       using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C] tr by (fastforce simp: W ass)
   next
     case single-other
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding watched-decided-most-recently.simps Ball-def
      apply (clarify)
      apply (subst index-uminus-index-map-uminus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def image-image o-def)
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-filter[of - - - \lambda L. L \in set C])
      by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
        simp: W ass tr uminus-lit-swap lits-of-def o-def dest: in-diffD)
   next
     case other
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding watched-decided-most-recently.simps
      apply clarify
      apply (subst index-uminus-index-map-uminus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)[1]
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)[1]
      apply (subst index-filter[of - - - \lambda L. L \in set C])
      by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
        simp: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def uminus-lit-swap
          W \ ass \ tr)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma wf-watch-nat: no-dup (raw-trail S) \Longrightarrow wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) (watch-nat S C)
 using wf-watch-witness[of S C] watch-nat-def by metis
definition
  rewatch-nat ::
  'v\ literal \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{--state} \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{--clause} \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{--clause}
where
  rewatch-nat L S C =
  (if - L \in set (watched C) then
     case filter (\lambda L'. L' \notin set \ (watched \ C) \land - L' \notin insert \ L \ (lits-of-l \ (trail \ S)))
       (unwatched C) of
```

```
[] \Rightarrow C
     \mid L' \# - \Rightarrow
       TWL-Clause (L' \# remove1 (-L) (watched C)) (-L \# remove1 L' (unwatched C))
    else
     C
lemma clause-rewatch-nat:
  fixes UW :: 'v literal list and
   S :: 'v \ twl-state and
   L :: 'v \ literal \ \mathbf{and} \ C :: 'v \ twl\text{-}clause
  shows mset (raw-clause (rewatch-nat L S C)) = mset (raw-clause C)
  using List.set-remove1-subset[of -L watched C]
 apply (cases C)
  by (auto simp: raw-clause-def rewatch-nat-def ac-simps multiset-eq-iff
   split: list.split
   dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
lemma filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-Nil:
  [x \leftarrow sorted\text{-}list\text{-}of\text{-}multiset\ M.\ p\ x] = [] \longleftrightarrow (\forall\ x \in \#\ M.\ \neg\ p\ x)
 by auto (metis empty-iff filter-set list.set(1) member-filter set-sorted-list-of-multiset)
lemma filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-ConsD:
  [x \leftarrow sorted\text{-}list\text{-}of\text{-}multiset\ M.\ p\ x] = x \# xs \Longrightarrow p\ x
 by (metis filter-set insert-iff list.set(2) member-filter)
lemma mset-minus-single-eq-mempty:
  a - \{\#b\#\} = \{\#\} \longleftrightarrow a = \{\#b\#\} \lor a = \{\#\}\}
  by (metis Multiset.diff-cancel add.right-neutral diff-single-eq-union
    diff-single-trivial zero-diff)
lemma size-mset-le-2-cases:
 assumes size W \leq 2
  shows W = \{\#\} \lor (\exists a. \ W = \{\#a\#\}) \lor (\exists a \ b. \ W = \{\#a,b\#\})
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1-left assms linorder-not-less nat-less-le
    not-less-eq-eq le-iff-add size-1-singleton-mset
   size-eq-0-iff-empty size-mset-2)
lemma filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-eqD:
  assumes [x \leftarrow sorted\text{-}list\text{-}of\text{-}multiset A. p x] = x \# xs (is ?comp = -)
  shows x \in \# A
proof -
  have x \in set ?comp
   using assms by simp
  then have x \in set (sorted-list-of-multiset A)
   by simp
  then show x \in \# A
   by simp
qed
lemma clause-rewatch-witness':
 assumes
    wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ (raw\text{-}trail \ S) \ C \ \mathbf{and}
    undef: undefined-lit (raw-trail S) (lit-of L)
  shows wf-twl-cls (L \# raw\text{-trail } S) (rewatch\text{-nat } (lit\text{-of } L) \ S \ C)
proof (cases - lit - of L \in set (watched C))
```

```
{f case} False
 then show ?thesis
   apply (cases C)
   using wf undef unfolding rewatch-nat-def
   by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l comp-def)
next
 case falsified: True
 let ?unwatched-nonfalsified =
   [L' \leftarrow unwatched\ C.\ L' \notin set\ (watched\ C) \land -L' \notin insert\ (lit-of\ L)\ (lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))]
 obtain W \ UW where C: C = TWL-Clause W \ UW
   by (cases \ C)
 show ?thesis
 proof (cases ?unwatched-nonfalsified)
   \mathbf{case}\ \mathit{Nil}
   show ?thesis
     using falsified Nil
     apply (simp only: wf-twl-cls.simps if-True list.cases C rewatch-nat-def)
     apply (intro conjI)
     proof goal-cases
      case 1
      then show ?case using wf C by simp
     next
      case 2
      then show ?case using wf C by simp
     next
      then show ?case using wf C by simp
     next
      case 4
      have \bigwedge p l. filter p (unwatched C) \neq [] \lor l \notin set UW \lor \neg p l
        unfolding C by (metis (no-types) filter-empty-conv twl-clause.sel(2))
      then show ?case
        using 4(2) C by auto
     next
      then show ?case
        using wf by (fastforce simp add: C comp-def uminus-lit-swap)
     qed
 next
   case (Cons\ L'\ Ls)
   show ?thesis
     unfolding rewatch-nat-def
     using falsified Cons
     apply (simp only: wf-twl-cls.simps if-True list.cases C)
     apply (intro\ conjI)
     proof goal-cases
      case 1
      have distinct (watched (TWL-Clause W UW))
        using wf unfolding C by auto
      moreover have L' \notin set \ (remove1 \ (-lit\text{-}of \ L) \ (watched \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW)))
        using 1(2) not-gr0 by (fastforce dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD in-diffD)
      ultimately show ?case
        by (auto simp: distinct-mset-single-add)
```

```
next
 case 2
 have f2: [l \leftarrow unwatched \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW) \ . \ l \notin set \ (watched \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW))
   \land - l \notin insert (lit-of L) (lits-of-l (trail S))] \neq []
   using 2(2) by simp
 then have \neg set UW \subseteq set W
     using 2 by (auto simp add: filter-empty-conv)
 then show ?case
   using wf C 2(1) by (auto simp: length-remove1)
next
 case 3
 have W: length W \leq Suc \ 0 \longleftrightarrow length \ W = 0 \lor length \ W = Suc \ 0
   by linarith
 show ?case
   using wf C 3 by (auto simp: length-remove1 W length-list-Suc-0 dest!: subset-singletonD)
next
 case 4
 have H: \forall L \in set \ W. - L \in lits \text{-} of \text{-} l \ (trail \ S) \longrightarrow
   (\forall L' \in set\ UW.\ L' \notin set\ W \longrightarrow -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S))
   using wf by (auto simp: C)
 have W: length W \leq 2 and W-UW: length W < 2 \longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W
   using wf by (auto simp: C)
 have distinct: distinct W
   using wf by (auto simp: C)
 show ?case
   using 4
   unfolding C watched-decided-most-recently.simps Ball-def twl-clause.sel
   apply (intro\ allI\ impI)
   apply (rename-tac \ xW \ xUW)
   apply (case-tac - lit-of L = xW; case-tac xW = xUW; case-tac L' = xW)
           apply (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)[2]
         apply (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
         using H distinct apply (fastforce)
      using distinct apply (fastforce)
     using distinct apply (fastforce)
    apply (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
   using H by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)
next
 case 5
 \mathbf{have}\ H\colon\forall\,x.\ x\in\mathit{set}\ W\longrightarrow -\ x\in\mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}\mathit{l}\ (\mathit{trail}\ S)\longrightarrow (\forall\,x.\ x\in\mathit{set}\ UW\longrightarrow x\notin\mathit{set}\ W
     \rightarrow -x \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)
   using wf by (auto simp: C)
 show ?case
   {f unfolding}\ C\ watched\mbox{-}decided\mbox{-}most\mbox{-}recently.simps\ Ball\mbox{-}def
   proof (intro allI impI conjI, goal-cases)
     case (1 xW x)
     show ?case
       proof (cases - lit - of L = xW)
         case True
         then show ?thesis
           by (cases xW = x) (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)
          case False note LxW = this
         have f9: L' \in set \ [l \leftarrow unwatched \ C. \ l \notin set \ (watched \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW))
             \land - l \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (L \# raw\text{-}trail \ S)]
```

```
using 1(2) 5 C by auto
            moreover then have f11: -xW \in lits-of-l(trail S)
              using 1(3) LxW by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)
            moreover then have xW \notin set W
              using f9\ 1(2)\ H by (auto simp: C)
            ultimately have False
              using 1 by auto
            then show ?thesis
              by fast
           qed
       \mathbf{qed}
    \mathbf{qed}
 qed
qed
interpretation twl: abstract-twl watch-nat rewatch-nat raw-learned-clss
 apply unfold-locales
 apply (rule clause-watch-nat; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (rule wf-watch-nat; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-nat)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-witness'; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (simp)
 done
interpretation twl2: abstract-twl watch-nat rewatch-nat \lambda-. []
 apply unfold-locales
 apply (rule clause-watch-nat; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (rule wf-watch-nat; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-nat)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-witness'; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (simp)
 done
end
24.2
        Two Watched-Literals with invariant
```

```
theory CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals-Invariant
imports CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation
begin
```

Interpretation for conflict-driven-clause-learning_W. $cdcl_W$ 24.2.1

We define here the 2-WL with the invariant of well-foundedness and show the role of the candidates by defining an equivalent CDCL procedure using the candidates given by the datastructure.

```
context abstract-twl
begin
```

```
Direct Interpretation lemma mset-map-removeAll-cond:
```

```
mset\ (map\ (\lambda x.\ mset\ (raw-clause\ x))
 (removeAll\text{-}cond\ (\lambda D.\ mset\ (raw\text{-}clause\ D) = mset\ (raw\text{-}clause\ C))\ N))
= mset \ (removeAll \ (mset \ (raw-clause \ C)) \ (map \ (\lambda x. \ mset \ (raw-clause \ x)) \ N))
```

```
by (induction \ N) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{mset-raw-init-clss-init-state} \colon
  mset\ (map\ (\lambda x.\ mset\ (raw-clause\ x))\ (raw-init-clss\ (init-state\ (map\ raw-clause\ N))))
  = mset (map (\lambda x. mset (raw-clause x)) N)
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) init-clss-init-state map-eq-conv map-map o-def)
interpretation rough-cdcl: state_W
  \lambda C. mset (raw-clause C)
 \lambda L C. TWL-Clause (watched C) (L # unwatched C)
  \lambda L\ C.\ TWL\text{-}Clause\ []\ (remove1\ L\ (raw\text{-}clause\ C))
  \lambda C. clauses-of-l (map raw-clause C) op @
  \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \# \ \lambda C. \ remove 1-cond \ (\lambda D. \ mset \ (raw-clause \ D) = mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
  mset \lambda xs ys. case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x # zs)) xs (ys, []))
  op # remove1
  raw-clause \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail \ \lambda S. \ hd \ (raw-trail \ S)
  raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting
  cons-trail tl-trail \lambda C. add-init-cls (raw-clause C) \lambda C. add-learned-cls (raw-clause C)
  \lambda C. remove-cls (raw-clause C)
  update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
  update-conflicting \lambda N. init-state (map raw-clause N) restart'
  apply unfold-locales
  apply (case-tac raw-trail S)
  apply (simp-all add: add-init-cls-def add-learned-cls-def clause-rewatch clause-watch
   cons-trail-def remove-cls-def restart'-def tl-trail-def map-tl comp-def
   ac-simps mset-map-removeAll-cond mset-raw-init-clss-init-state)
 apply (auto simp: mset-map image-mset-subseteq-mono[OF restart-learned])
  done
interpretation rough\text{-}cdcl: conflict\text{-}driven\text{-}clause\text{-}learning_W
  \lambda C. mset (raw-clause C)
  \lambda L C. TWL-Clause (watched C) (L # unwatched C)
  \lambda L \ C. \ TWL\text{-}Clause \ [] \ (remove1 \ L \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C))
  \lambda C. clauses-of-l (map raw-clause C) op @
  \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \# \ \lambda C. \ remove 1-cond \ (\lambda D. \ mset \ (raw-clause \ D) = mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
  mset \lambda xs ys. case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x \# zs)) xs (ys, []))
  op # remove1
  \lambda C. raw-clause C \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail \ \lambda S. \ hd \ (raw-trail \ S)
  raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting
  cons-trail tl-trail \lambda C. add-init-cls (raw-clause C) \lambda C. add-learned-cls (raw-clause C)
  \lambda C. remove-cls (raw-clause C)
  update-backtrack-lvl
  update-conflicting \lambda N. init-state (map raw-clause N) restart'
  by unfold-locales
```

declare local.rough-cdcl.mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls[simp del]

```
definition cons-trail-twl:: ('v, nat, 'v twl-clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'v wf-twl \Rightarrow 'v wf-twl
 where
cons-trail-twl L S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (cons-trail L (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-state-cons-trail:
 assumes
   undef: undefined-lit (raw-trail S) (lit-of L) and
   wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state S
 shows wf-twl-state (cons-trail L S)
 using undef\ wf\ wf-rewatch[of S] unfolding wf-twl-state-def Ball-def
 by (auto simp: cons-trail-def defined-lit-map comp-def image-def twl.raw-clauses-def)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail:
  undefined-lit (raw-trail-twl S) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
   rough-state-of-twl (cons-trail-twl L S) = cons-trail L (rough-state-of-twl S)
  using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-cons-trail
  unfolding cons-trail-twl-def by blast
abbreviation add-init-cls-twl where
add-init-cls-twl CS \equiv twl-of-rough-state (add-init-cls C (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-add-init-cls: wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (add-init-cls L S)
  unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: wf-watch add-init-cls-def comp-def twl.raw-clauses-def
   split: if-split-asm)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\text{-}add\text{-}init\text{-}cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (add-init-cls-twl L S) = add-init-cls L (rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-add-init-cls by blast
abbreviation add-learned-cls-twl where
add-learned-cls-twl CS \equiv twl-of-rough-state (add-learned-cls C (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-add-learned-cls: wf-twl-state S \implies wf-twl-state (add-learned-cls L S)
  unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: wf-watch add-learned-cls-def twl.raw-clauses-def
   split: if-split-asm)
{\bf lemma}\ rough-state-of-twl-add-learned-cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (add-learned-cls-twl L S) = add-learned-cls L (rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-add-learned-cls by blast
abbreviation remove-cls-twl where
remove\text{-}cls\text{-}twl\ C\ S \equiv twl\text{-}of\text{-}rough\text{-}state\ (remove\text{-}cls\ C\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\ S))
lemma set-removeAll-condD: x \in set (removeAll-cond f xs) \Longrightarrow x \in set xs
 by (induction xs) (auto split: if-split-asm)
lemma wf-twl-remove-cls: wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (remove-cls L S)
  unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: wf-watch remove-cls-def twl.raw-clauses-def comp-def
   split: if-split-asm dest: set-removeAll-condD)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (remove-cls-twl L(S)) = remove-cls L(rough-state-of-twl S)
```

Opaque Type with Invariant declare rough-cdcl.state-simp[simp del]

using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-remove-cls by blast

```
abbreviation init-state-twl where
init-state-twl N \equiv twl-of-rough-state (init-state N)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{wf-twl-state-wf-twl-state-fold-add-init-cls}:
 assumes wf-twl-state S
 shows wf-twl-state (fold add-init-cls N S)
  using assms apply (induction \ N \ arbitrary: \ S)
  apply (auto simp: wf-twl-state-def)
 by (simp add: wf-twl-add-init-cls)
lemma wf-twl-state-epsilon-state[simp]:
  wf-twl-state (TWL-State [] [] [] 0 None)
 by (auto simp: wf-twl-state-def twl.raw-clauses-def)
lemma wf-twl-init-state: wf-twl-state (init-state N)
  unfolding init-state-def by (auto intro!: wf-twl-state-wf-twl-state-fold-add-init-cls)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-init-state:
  rough-state-of-twl (init-state-twl N) = init-state N
 \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ twl-of\text{-}rough\text{-}state\text{-}inverse\ wf\text{-}twl\text{-}init\text{-}state)
abbreviation tl-trail-twl where
tl-trail-twl S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (tl-trail (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-state-tl-trail: wf-twl-state S \implies wf-twl-state (tl-trail S)
 by (auto simp add: twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-init-state wf-twl-cls-wf-twl-cls-tl
   tl-trail-def wf-twl-state-def distinct-tl map-tl comp-def twl.raw-clauses-def)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail:
  rough-state-of-twl (tl-trail-twl S) = tl-trail (rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-tl-trail by blast
abbreviation update-backtrack-lvl-twl where
update-backtrack-lvl-twl\ k\ S \equiv twl-of-rough-state\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ k\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S))
lemma wf-twl-state-update-backtrack-lvl:
  wf-twl-state <math>S \implies wf-twl-state (update-backtrack-lvl k S)
 unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: comp-def twl.raw-clauses-def)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl:
  rough-state-of-twl (update-backtrack-lvl-twl k S) = update-backtrack-lvl k
   (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
  using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-update-backtrack-lvl by fast
abbreviation update-conflicting-twl where
update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl\ k\ S \equiv twl\text{-}of\text{-}rough\text{-}state\ (update\text{-}conflicting\ k\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\ S))
lemma wf-twl-state-update-conflicting:
  wf-twl-state S \implies wf-twl-state (update-conflicting k S)
 unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: twl.raw-clauses-def comp-def)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting:
  rough-state-of-twl (update-conflicting-twl k S) = update-conflicting k
   (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
```

```
abbreviation raw-clauses-twl where
raw-clauses-twl S \equiv twl.raw-clauses (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation restart-twl where
restart-twl S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (restart' (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma mset-union-mset-setD:
  mset\ A \subseteq \#\ mset\ B \Longrightarrow set\ A \subseteq set\ B
 by auto
lemma wf-wf-restart': wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (restart' S)
  unfolding restart'-def wf-twl-state-def apply standard
  apply clarify
  apply (rename-tac \ x)
  apply (subgoal-tac wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) x)
   apply (case-tac \ x)
  using restart-learned by (auto simp: twl.raw-clauses-def comp-def dest: mset-union-mset-setD)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-restart-twl:
  rough-state-of-twl (restart-twl S) = restart' (rough-state-of-twl S)
  by (simp add: twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-wf-restart')
lemma undefined-lit-trail-twl-raw-trail[iff]:
  undefined-lit (trail-twl S) L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit (raw-trail-twl S) L
  by (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-image)
sublocale wf-twl: conflict-driven-clause-learningW
  \lambda C. mset (raw-clause C)
  \lambda L C. TWL-Clause (watched C) (L # unwatched C)
  \lambda L\ C.\ TWL\text{-}Clause\ []\ (remove1\ L\ (raw\text{-}clause\ C))
  \lambda C. clauses-of-l (map raw-clause C) op @
  \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \# \ \lambda C. \ remove 1-cond \ (\lambda D. \ mset \ (raw-clause \ D) = mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
  mset \lambda xs ys. case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x # zs)) xs (ys, []))
  op # remove1
  \lambda C. raw-clause C \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail-twl \lambda S. hd (raw-trail-twl S)
  raw-init-clss-twl
  raw-learned-clss-twl
  backtrack-lvl-twl
  raw-conflicting-twl
  cons-trail-twl
  tl-trail-twl
  \lambda C. \ add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\text{-}twl \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C)
  \lambda C. \ add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\text{-}twl \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C)
  \lambda C. remove-cls-twl (raw-clause C)
  update-backtrack-lvl-twl
  update	ext{-}conflicting	ext{-}twl
  \lambda N. init-state-twl (map raw-clause N)
  restart-twl
  apply unfold-locales
          using rough-cdcl.hd-raw-trail apply blast
```

```
apply (simp-all add: rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail
          rough-state-of\text{-}twl-add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ rough-state-of\text{-}twl-add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls
          rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl
          rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting)[7]
      using rough-cdcl.init-clss-cons-trail rough-cdcl.init-clss-tl-trail
      rough-cdcl.init-clss-add-init-cls rough-cdcl.init-clss-remove-cls
      rough-cdcl.init-clss-add-learned-cls
      rough\text{-}cdcl.init\text{-}clss\text{-}update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
      rough-cdcl.init-clss-update-conflicting
      apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail
        rough-state-of\text{-}twl-add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ rough-state-of\text{-}twl-add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls
        rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl
        rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting comp-def)[7]
      using rough-cdcl.learned-clss-cons-trail rough-cdcl.learned-clss-tl-trail
      rough-cdcl.learned-clss-add-init-cls rough-cdcl.learned-clss-remove-cls
      rough-cdcl.learned-clss-add-learned-cls
      rough-cdcl.learned-clss-update-backtrack-lvl
      rough-cdcl.learned-clss-update-conflicting
      apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail
        rough-state-of\text{-}twl-add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ rough-state-of\text{-}twl-add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls
        rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls\ rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl
        rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting comp-def)[7]
     apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail
       rough-state-of-twl-add-init-cls\ rough-state-of-twl-add-learned-cls
       rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl
       rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting comp-def)[14]
   using init-clss-init-state apply (auto simp: rough-state-of-twl-init-state)[5]
  using rough-cdcl.init-clss-restart-state rough-cdcl.learned-clss-restart-state
 apply (auto simp: rough-state-of-twl-restart-twl)[5]
 done
declare local.rough-cdcl.mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls[simp del]
abbreviation state-eq-twl (infix \sim TWL~51) where
state-eq-twl\ S\ S' \equiv rough-cdcl.state-eq\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S)\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S')
notation wf-twl.state-eq (infix \sim 51)
declare wf-twl.state-simp[simp del]
To avoid ambiguities:
no-notation state-eq-twl (infix \sim 51)
Alternative Definition of CDCL using the candidates of 2-WL inductive propagate-twl
"" v wf-twl \Rightarrow "v wf-twl \Rightarrow bool where"
propagate-twl-rule: (L, C) \in candidates-propagate-twl S \Longrightarrow
  S' \sim cons-trail-twl (Propagated L C) S \Longrightarrow
 raw-conflicting-twl S = None \Longrightarrow
 propagate-twl S S'
inductive-cases propagate-twlE: propagate-twl S T
lemma distinct-filter-eq-if:
  distinct C \Longrightarrow length (filter (op = L) C) = (if L \in set C then 1 else 0)
 by (induction C) auto
lemma distinct-mset-remove1-All:
  distinct-mset C \Longrightarrow remove 1-mset L C = remove All-mset L C
```

```
by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff distinct-mset-count-less-1)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{propagate-twl-iff-propagate} :
 assumes inv: wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows wf-twl.propagate S \ T \longleftrightarrow propagate-twl \ S \ T \ (is \ ?P \longleftrightarrow \ ?T)
proof
 assume ?P
 then obtain L E where
   raw-conflicting-twl S = None and
   CL-Clauses: E \in set (wf-twl.raw-clauses S) and
   LE: L \in \# mset (raw-clause E) and
   tr-CNot: trail-twl S \models as CNot (remove1-mset L (mset (raw-clause E))) and
   undef-lot[simp]: undefined-lit (trail-twl S) L and
   T \sim cons-trail-twl (Propagated L E) S
    by (blast elim: wf-twl.propagateE)
 have distinct (raw-clause E)
   using inv CL-Clauses unfolding wf-twl.cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def distinct-mset-set-def
   wf-twl.distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def wf-twl.raw-clauses-def by auto
  then have X: remove1-mset L (mset (raw-clause E)) = mset-set (set (raw-clause E) - \{L\})
   by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff raw-clause-def count-mset distinct-filter-eq-if)
  have (L, E) \in candidates-propagate-twl S
   apply (rule wf-candidates-propagate-complete)
       using rough-state-of-twl apply auto[]
       using CL-Clauses unfolding wf-twl.raw-clauses-def twl.raw-clauses-def
      apply auto[]
      using LE apply simp
     using tr-CNot X apply simp
    using undef-lot apply blast
    done
 show ?T
   apply (rule propagate-twl-rule)
     apply (rule \langle (L, E) \in candidates\text{-}propagate\text{-}twl S \rangle)
     using \langle T \sim cons\text{-}trail\text{-}twl \ (Propagated \ L \ E) \ S \rangle
     apply (auto simp: \langle raw\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl \ S = None \rangle \ wf\text{-}twl.state\text{-}eq\text{-}def)
   done
next
  assume ?T
  then obtain L C where
   LC: (L, C) \in candidates-propagate-twl S and
   T: T \sim cons-trail-twl (Propagated L C) S and
   confl: raw-conflicting-twl S = None
   by (auto elim: propagate-twlE)
 have
   C'S: C \in set (raw-clauses-twl S) and
   L: set (watched C) - uminus `lits-of-l (trail-twl S) = \{L\}  and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail-twl S) L
   using LC unfolding candidates-propagate-def wf-twl.raw-clauses-def by auto
  have dist: distinct (raw-clause C)
   using inv C'S unfolding wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def wf-twl.distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
    distinct-mset-set-def twl.raw-clauses-def by fastforce
  then have C-L-L: mset-set (set (raw-clause C) - \{L\}) = mset (raw-clause C) - \{\#L\#\}
   by (metis distinct-mset-distinct distinct-mset-minus distinct-mset-set-mset-ident mset-remove1
     set-mset-mset set-remove1-eq)
```

show ?P

```
apply (rule wf-twl.propagate-rule[of S \ C \ L])
       using confl apply auto[]
       using C'S unfolding twl.raw-clauses-def apply (simp add: wf-twl.raw-clauses-def)
      using L unfolding candidates-propagate-def apply (auto simp: raw-clause-def)[]
      using wf-candidates-propagate-sound[OF - LC] rough-state-of-twl dist
      apply (simp add: distinct-mset-remove1-All true-annots-true-cls)
     using undef apply simp
   \mathbf{using} \ T \ undef \ \mathbf{by} \ (smt \ wf\text{-}twl. backtrack\text{-}lvl\text{-}cons\text{-}trail \ confl \ wf\text{-}twl. init\text{-}clss\text{-}cons\text{-}trail \ }
      wf-twl.learned-clss-cons-trail marked-lit.sel(2) wf-twl.raw-conflicting-cons-trail
      wf-twl.state-eq-def wf-twl.trail-cons-trail wf-twl.mmset-of-mlit.simps(1)
      wf-twl.mset-cls-cls-of-ccls)
qed
no-notation twl.state-eq-twl (infix \sim TWL 51)
inductive conflict-twl where
conflict-twl-rule:
C \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl\ S \Longrightarrow
  S' \sim update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some (raw\text{-}clause C)) S \Longrightarrow
  raw-conflicting-twl S = None \Longrightarrow
  conflict-twl S S'
inductive-cases conflict-twlE: conflict-twlS T
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict\text{-}twl\text{-}iff\text{-}conflict:
 shows wf-twl.conflict S \ T \longleftrightarrow conflict-twl S \ T \ (is \ ?C \longleftrightarrow ?T)
proof
  assume ?C
  then obtain D where
   S: raw\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl\ S = None \ and
   D: D \in set (wf\text{-}twl.raw\text{-}clauses S) and
   MD: trail-twl\ S \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ (raw-clause\ D)) and
    T: T \sim update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some (raw\text{-}clause D)) S
   by (elim \ wf\text{-}twl.conflictE)
  have D \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl\ S
   apply (rule wf-candidates-conflict-complete)
      apply simp
      \textbf{using } \textit{D} \textbf{ apply } (\textit{auto } \textit{simp: } \textit{wf-twl.raw-clauses-def } \textit{twl.raw-clauses-def}) || \\
   using MD S by auto
  moreover have T \sim twl-of-rough-state (update-conflicting (Some (raw-clause D))
  (rough-state-of-twl\ S))
   using T unfolding rough-cdcl.state-eq-def wf-twl.state-eq-def by auto
  ultimately show ?T
   using S by (auto intro: conflict-twl-rule)
next
  assume ?T
  then obtain C where
    C: C \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl\ S\ and
    T: T \sim update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some (raw\text{-}clause C)) S \text{ and}
   confl: raw-conflicting-twl\ S = None
   by (auto elim: conflict-twlE)
  have
    C \in set (wf\text{-}twl.raw\text{-}clauses S)
   using C unfolding candidates-conflict-def wf-twl.raw-clauses-def twl.raw-clauses-def by auto
```

```
moreover have trail-twl \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
   using wf-candidates-conflict-sound[OF - C] by auto
ultimately show ?C apply -
  apply (rule wf-twl.conflict.conflict-rule[of - C])
  using confl T unfolding rough-cdcl.state-eq-def by (auto simp del: map-map)
qed
inductive cdcl_W-twl :: 'v \ wf-twl \Rightarrow 'v \ wf-twl \Rightarrow bool \ {\bf for} \ S :: 'v \ wf-twl \ {\bf where}
propagate: propagate-twl S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-twl S S'
conflict: conflict-twl S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-twl S S'
other: wf-twl.cdcl_W-o S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-twl S S'
rf: wf\text{-}twl.cdcl_W\text{-}rf \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}twl \ S \ S'
lemma cdcl_W-twl-iff-cdcl_W:
 assumes wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-twl \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow wf-twl.cdcl_W \ S \ T
 by (simp add: assms wf-twl.cdcl<sub>W</sub>.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-twl.simps conflict-twl-iff-conflict
   propagate-twl-iff-propagate del: map-map)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-twl-all-struct-inv-inv:
  assumes cdcl_W-twl^{**} S T and wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (simp-all\ add:\ cdcl_W\ -twl-iff-cdcl_W\ wf-twl.cdcl_W\ -all-struct-inv-inv\ del:\ map-map)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-twl-iff-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
 assumes wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-twl^{**} S T \longleftrightarrow wf-twl.cdcl_W^{**} S T (is ?T \longleftrightarrow ?W)
proof
 assume ?W
 then show ?T
   proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
     case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
     have cdcl_W-twl T U
       using assms st cdcl wf-twl.rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl<sub>W</sub>-twl-iff-cdcl<sub>W</sub>
       by blast
     then show ?case using IH by auto
   qed
next
 assume ?T
 then show ?W
   proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
     case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
     have wf-twl.cdcl_W T U
       using assms st cdcl rtranclp-cdcl_W-twl-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-twl-iff-cdcl_W
     then show ?case using IH by auto
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
```

```
\mathbf{end}
```

context

```
end
theory Prop-Superposition
imports Partial-Clausal-Logic ../lib/Herbrand-Interpretation
begin
```

25 Superposition

```
no-notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls (infix \models 50)
notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls (infix \models h 50)
no-notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-clss (infix \modelss 50)
notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-clss (infix \models hs 50)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls}\colon
  S \models h \ C \longleftrightarrow \{Pos \ P | P. \ P \in S\} \cup \{Neg \ P | P. \ P \notin S\} \models C
 {\bf unfolding} \ \textit{Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls-def Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-cls-def}
 by auto
lemma herbrand-consistent-interp:
  consistent-interp (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\})
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma herbrand-total-over-set:
  total\text{-}over\text{-}set\ (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\})\ T
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ herbrand\text{-}total\text{-}over\text{-}m:
  total-over-m (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\}) T
  unfolding total-over-m-def by (auto simp add: herbrand-total-over-set)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-clss}\colon
  S \models hs \ C \longleftrightarrow \{Pos \ P|P. \ P \in S\} \cup \{Neg \ P|P. \ P \notin S\} \models s \ C
 unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls
  Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-clss-def by auto
definition clss-lt :: 'a::wellorder clauses \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses where
clss-lt N C = \{D \in N. D \# \subset \# C\}
notation (latex output)
 clss-lt (-<^bsup>-<^esup>)
{f locale} \ selection =
  fixes S :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ clause
 assumes
    S-selects-subseteq: \bigwedge C. S C \leq \# C and
    S-selects-neg-lits: \bigwedge C L. L \in \# S C \Longrightarrow is-neg L
locale \ ground-resolution-with-selection =
  selection S for S :: ('a :: wellorder) clause \Rightarrow 'a clause
begin
```

```
fixes N :: 'a \ clause \ set
begin
We do not create an equivalent of \delta, but we directly defined N_C by inlining the definition.
    production :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ interp
where
    production C =
      \{A.\ C \in N \land C \neq \{\#\} \land Max\ (set\text{-mset}\ C) = Pos\ A \land count\ C\ (Pos\ A) \leq 1\}
          \land \neg (\bigcup D \in \{D.\ D \ \# \subset \#\ C\}.\ production\ D) \models h\ C \land S\ C = \{\#\}\}
    by auto
termination by (relation \{(D, C), D \# \subset \# C\}) (auto simp: wf-less-multiset)
declare production.simps[simp del]
definition interp :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a interp where
    interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D. D \# \subset \# C\}. production D)
lemma production-unfold:
    production C = \{A. \ C \in N \land C \neq \{\#\} \land Max \ (set\text{-mset} \ C) = Pos \ A \land \ count \ C \ (Pos \ A) \leq 1 \land \neg
interp C \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}\}
    unfolding interp-def by (rule production.simps)
abbreviation productive A \equiv (production \ A \neq \{\})
abbreviation produces :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
    produces\ C\ A \equiv production\ C = \{A\}
lemma producesD:
    produces C A \Longrightarrow C \in N \land C \neq \{\#\} \land Pos A = Max (set\text{-mset } C) \land count C (Pos A) \leq 1 \land Pos A = Max (set\text{-mset } C) \land count C (Pos A) \leq 1 \land Pos A = Max (set\text{-mset } C) \land C = Max (se
         \neg interp \ C \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}
    unfolding production-unfold by auto
lemma produces C A \Longrightarrow Pos A \in \# C
    by (simp add: Max-in-lits producesD)
lemma interp'-def-in-set:
    interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D \in N. D \# \subset \# C\}. production D)
    unfolding interp-def apply auto
    unfolding production-unfold apply auto
    done
lemma production-iff-produces:
    produces\ D\ A \longleftrightarrow A \in production\ D
    unfolding production-unfold by auto
definition Interp :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a interp where
    Interp C = interp \ C \cup production \ C
lemma
    assumes produces C P
    shows Interp C \models h C
    unfolding Interp-def assms using producesD[OF assms]
    by (metis Max-in-lits Un-insert-right insertI1 pos-literal-in-imp-true-cls)
```

```
definition INTERP :: 'a interp where
INTERP = (\bigcup D \in N. \ production \ D)
lemma interp-subseteq-Interp[simp]: interp C \subseteq Interp C
  unfolding Interp-def by simp
lemma Interp-as-UNION: Interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D. D \# \subseteq \# C\}. production D)
  unfolding Interp-def interp-def le-multiset-def by fast
lemma productive-not-empty: productive C \Longrightarrow C \neq \{\#\}
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
lemma productive-imp-produces-Max-literal: productive C \Longrightarrow produces\ C\ (atm-of\ (Max\ (set-mset\ C)))
 unfolding production-unfold by (auto simp del: atm-of-Max-lit)
lemma productive-imp-produces-Max-atom: productive C \Longrightarrow produces \ C \ (Max \ (atms-of \ C))
 unfolding atms-of-def Max-atm-of-set-mset-commute[OF productive-not-empty]
 by (rule productive-imp-produces-Max-literal)
lemma produces-imp-Max-literal: produces C A \Longrightarrow A = atm-of (Max (set-mset C))
 by (metis Max-singleton insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-literal)
lemma produces-imp-Max-atom: produces C A \Longrightarrow A = Max \ (atms-of \ C)
 by (metis Max-singleton insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-atom)
lemma produces-imp-Pos-in-lits: produces C A \Longrightarrow Pos A \in \# C
 by (auto intro: Max-in-lits dest!: producesD)
lemma productive-in-N: productive C \Longrightarrow C \in N
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
lemma produces-imp-atms-leq: produces C A \Longrightarrow B \in atms-of C \Longrightarrow B \leq A
 by (metis Max-ge finite-atms-of insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-atom
   singleton-inject)
lemma produces-imp-neg-notin-lits: produces C A \Longrightarrow \neg Neg A \in \# C
 by (rule pos-Max-imp-neg-notin) (auto dest: producesD)
lemma less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow interp C \subseteq interp D
  unfolding interp-def by auto (metis multiset-order.order.strict-trans2)
lemma less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow interp C \subseteq Interp D
  unfolding Interp-def using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp by blast
lemma less-imp-production-subseteq-interp: C \# \subset \# D \Longrightarrow production C \subseteq interp D
 unfolding interp-def by fast
lemma less-eq-imp-production-subseteq-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies production \ C \subseteq Interp \ D
  unfolding Interp-def using less-imp-production-subseteq-interp
 by (metis multiset-order.le-imp-less-or-eq le-supI1 sup-ge2)
lemma less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp: C \# \subset \# D \Longrightarrow Interp C \subseteq interp D
  unfolding Interp-def
 by (auto simp: less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp less-imp-production-subseteq-interp)
```

```
lemma less-eq-imp-Interp-subseteq-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow Interp C \subseteq Interp D
  using less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp
  unfolding Interp-def by (metis multiset-order.le-imp-less-or-eq le-supI2 subset-reft sup-commute)
lemma false-Interp-to-true-interp-imp-less-multiset: A \notin Interp\ C \Longrightarrow A \in interp\ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \#
  using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma false-interp-to-true-interp-imp-less-multiset: A \notin interp \ C \Longrightarrow A \in interp \ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \# \ D
  using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma false-Interp-to-true-Interp-imp-less-multiset: A \notin Interp\ C \Longrightarrow A \in Interp\ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \#
  using less-eq-imp-Interp-subseteq-Interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma false-interp-to-true-Interp-imp-le-multiset: A \notin interp \ C \Longrightarrow A \in Interp \ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subseteq \# \ D
 using less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma interp-subseteq-INTERP: interp C \subseteq INTERP
  unfolding interp-def INTERP-def by (auto simp: production-unfold)
lemma production-subseteq-INTERP: production C \subseteq INTERP
 unfolding INTERP-def using production-unfold by blast
lemma Interp-subseteq-INTERP: Interp C \subseteq INTERP
  unfolding Interp-def by (auto intro!: interp-subseteq-INTERP production-subseteq-INTERP)
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 66 of CW.
lemma produces-imp-in-interp:
 assumes a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and d: produces D A
 shows A \in interp \ C
proof -
  from d have Max (set\text{-}mset D) = Pos A
   using production-unfold by blast
 hence D \# \subset \# \{ \# Neg A \# \}
   by (auto intro: Max-pos-neg-less-multiset)
 moreover have \{\#Neg\ A\#\}\ \#\subseteq\#\ C
   by (rule less-eq-imp-le-multiset) (rule mset-le-single[OF a-in-c])
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using d by (blast dest: less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp less-imp-production-subseteq-interp)
qed
lemma neg-notin-Interp-not-produce: Neg A \in \# C \Longrightarrow A \notin Interp D \Longrightarrow C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow \neg produces
D^{\prime\prime} A
 by (auto dest: produces-imp-in-interp less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp)
lemma in-production-imp-produces: A \in production \ C \Longrightarrow produces \ C \ A
 by (metis insert-absorb productive-imp-produces-Max-atom singleton-insert-inj-eq')
lemma not-produces-imp-notin-production: \neg produces C A \Longrightarrow A \notin production C
 by (metis in-production-imp-produces)
lemma not-produces-imp-notin-interp: (\bigwedge D. \neg produces \ D \ A) \Longrightarrow A \notin interp \ C
  unfolding interp-def by (fast intro!: in-production-imp-produces)
```

The results below corresponds to Lemma 3.4.

```
lemma true-Interp-imp-general:
 assumes
   c\text{-}le\text{-}d: C \# \subseteq \# D and
   d-lt-d': D \# \subset \# D' and
   c-at-d: Interp D \models h \ C and
   subs: interp D' \subseteq (\bigcup C \in \mathit{CC}.\ \mathit{production}\ C)
 shows (\bigcup C \in CC. production C) \models h C
proof (cases \exists A. Pos A \in \# C \land A \in Interp D)
 then obtain A where a-in-c: Pos A \in \# C and a-at-d: A \in Interp D
   by blast
 from a-at-d have A \in interp D'
   using d-lt-d' less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp by blast
 thus ?thesis
   using subs a-in-c by (blast dest: contra-subsetD)
\mathbf{next}
 case False
 then obtain A where a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and A \notin Interp D
   using c-at-d unfolding true-cls-def by blast
 hence \bigwedge D''. \neg produces D'' A
   using c-le-d neg-notin-Interp-not-produce by simp
 thus ?thesis
   using a-in-c subs not-produces-imp-notin-production by auto
lemma true-Interp-imp-interp: C \not \models \bot D \implies D \not \models \bot D' \implies Interp D \not \models \bot D' \implies Interp D' \models \bot D'
 using interp-def true-Interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-Interp-imp-Interp: C \#\subseteq \# D \implies D \#\subset \# D' \implies Interp D \models h C \implies Interp D' \models h C
 using Interp-as-UNION interp-subseteq-Interp true-Interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-Interp-imp-INTERP: C \# \subset \# D \Longrightarrow Interp D \models h C \Longrightarrow INTERP \models h C
  using INTERP-def interp-subseteq-INTERP
   true-Interp-imp-general[OF - less-multiset-right-total]
 by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-general:
 assumes
   c\text{-}le\text{-}d: C \# \subseteq \# D and
   d-lt-d': D \# \subset \# D' and
   c-at-d: interp D \models h C and
   subs:\ interp\ D'\subseteq (\bigcup\ C\in\ CC.\ production\ C)
 shows (\bigcup C \in CC. production C) \models h \ C
proof (cases \exists A. Pos A \in \# C \land A \in interp D)
 case True
 then obtain A where a-in-c: Pos A \in \# C and a-at-d: A \in interp D
   by blast
 from a-at-d have A \in interp D'
   using d-lt-d' less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp[OF multiset-order.less-imp-le] by blast
 thus ?thesis
   using subs a-in-c by (blast dest: contra-subsetD)
next
 case False
 then obtain A where a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and A \notin interp D
```

Nitpicking: If D = D' and D is productive, $I^D \subseteq I_{D'}$ does not hold.

```
using c-at-d unfolding true-cls-def by blast
    hence \bigwedge D''. \neg produces D'' A
        using c-le-d by (auto dest: produces-imp-in-interp less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp)
    thus ?thesis
        using a-in-c subs not-produces-imp-notin-production by auto
qed
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 66 of CW. Here the strict maximality is important
lemma true-interp-imp-interp: C \not = \not = D \implies D \not = D' \implies interp D \not = D \implies interp D' \implies inte
    using interp-def true-interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-Interp: C \not = \not = D \implies D \not = D' \implies interp D \not = D \cap C \implies Interp D' \not = D \cap C
    using Interp-as-UNION interp-subseteq-Interp[of D'] true-interp-imp-qeneral by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-INTERP: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies interp \ D \models h \ C \implies INTERP \models h \ C
     \mathbf{using}\ INTERP\text{-}def\ interp\text{-}subseteq\text{-}INTERP
         true-interp-imp-general [OF - less-multiset-right-total]
    by simp
lemma productive-imp-false-interp: productive C \Longrightarrow \neg interp C \models h \ C
     unfolding production-unfold by auto
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 66 of CW. Here the strict maximality is important
lemma cls-qt-double-pos-no-production:
    assumes D: \{\#Pos\ P,\ Pos\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ C
    shows \neg produces \ C \ P
proof -
    \mathbf{let} ?D = \{ \#Pos \ P, \ Pos \ P\# \}
    note D' = D[unfolded\ less-multiset_{HO}]
    consider
        (P) \ count \ C \ (Pos \ P) > 2
     | (Q) Q \text{ where } Q > Pos P \text{ and } Q \in \# C
        using HOL.spec[OF HOL.conjunct2[OF D'], of Pos P] by (auto split: if-split-asm)
     thus ?thesis
        proof cases
             case Q
             have Q \in set\text{-}mset\ C
                 using Q(2) by (auto split: if-split-asm)
             then have Max (set\text{-}mset C) > Pos P
                 using Q(1) Max-gr-iff by blast
             thus ?thesis
                 unfolding production-unfold by auto
        next
             case P
             thus ?thesis
                 unfolding production-unfold by auto
        qed
qed
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 66 of CW.
    assumes D: C+\{\#Neg\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ D
    shows production D \neq \{P\}
proof -
    note D' = D[unfolded\ less-multiset_{HO}]
```

```
consider
   (P) Neg P \in \# D
  | (Q) Q  where Q > Neg P  and count D Q > count (C + {\#Neg P\#}) Q
   using HOL.spec[OF HOL.conjunct2[OF D'], of Neg P] count-greater-zero-iff by fastforce
  thus ?thesis
   proof cases
     case Q
     have Q \in set\text{-}mset\ D
       using Q(2) gr-implies-not0 by fastforce
     then have Max (set\text{-}mset D) > Neg P
      using Q(1) Max-gr-iff by blast
     hence Max (set\text{-}mset D) > Pos P
       using less-trans[of\ Pos\ P\ Neg\ P\ Max\ (set-mset\ D)] by auto
     thus ?thesis
       unfolding production-unfold by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     case P
     hence Max (set-mset D) > Pos P
      by (meson Max-ge finite-set-mset le-less-trans linorder-not-le pos-less-neg)
     thus ?thesis
       unfolding production-unfold by auto
   qed
qed
lemma in-interp-is-produced:
 assumes P \in INTERP
 shows \exists D. D + \{\#Pos P\#\} \in N \land produces (D + \{\#Pos P\#\}) P
 using assms unfolding INTERP-def UN-iff production-iff-produces Ball-def
 by (metis ground-resolution-with-selection.produces-imp-Pos-in-lits insert-DiffM2
   ground-resolution-with-selection-axioms not-produces-imp-notin-production)
end
end
abbreviation MMax\ M \equiv Max\ (set\text{-}mset\ M)
         We can now define the rules of the calculus
25.1
inductive superposition-rules :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where
factoring: superposition-rules (C + \#Pos P\#) + \#Pos P\#) B (C + \#Pos P\#)
superposition-l: superposition-rules (C_1 + \#Pos P\#) (C_2 + \#Neg P\#) (C_1 + C_2)
inductive \mathit{superposition} :: 'a \ \mathit{clauses} \Rightarrow 'a \ \mathit{clauses} \Rightarrow \mathit{bool} \ \mathbf{where}
superposition: A \in N \Longrightarrow B \in N \Longrightarrow superposition-rules A \ B \ C
 \implies superposition N (N \cup \{C\})
definition abstract-red :: 'a::wellorder clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
abstract-red C N = (clss-lt \ N \ C \models p \ C)
lemma less-multiset[iff]: M < N \longleftrightarrow M \# \subset \# N
 unfolding less-multiset-def by auto
lemma less-eq-multiset[iff]: M \leq N \longleftrightarrow M \# \subseteq \# N
  unfolding less-eq-multiset-def by auto
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ herbrand\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}herbrand\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{:}}
 assumes
    AB: A \models hs B  and
    BC: B \models p C
  shows A \models h C
proof -
 let ?I = \{Pos \ P \mid P. \ P \in A\} \cup \{Neg \ P \mid P. \ P \notin A\}
 have B: ?I \models s B  using AB
    by (auto simp add: herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-clss)
 have IH: \bigwedge I. total-over-set I (atms-of C) \Longrightarrow total-over-m I B \Longrightarrow consistent-interp I
    \implies I \models s B \implies I \models C \text{ using } BC
    by (auto simp add: true-clss-cls-def)
  show ?thesis
    unfolding herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls
     \mathbf{by} \ (auto\ intro:\ IH[of\ ?I]\ simp\ add:\ herbrand-total-over-set\ herbrand-total-over-m
      herbrand-consistent-interp B)
qed
lemma abstract-red-subset-mset-abstract-red:
 assumes
    abstr: abstract-red C N and
    c-lt-d: C \subseteq \# D
  shows abstract\text{-}red\ D\ N
proof -
  have \{D \in N. \ D \# \subset \# \ C\} \subseteq \{D' \in N. \ D' \# \subset \# \ D\}
    using c-lt-d less-eq-imp-le-multiset by fastforce
  thus ?thesis
    using abstr unfolding abstract-red-def clss-lt-def
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) c-lt-d subset-mset.diff-add true-clss-cls-mono-r'
      true-clss-cls-subset)
qed
lemma true-clss-cls-extended:
  assumes
    A \models p B \text{ and }
    tot: total-over-m I (A) and
    cons: consistent-interp I and
    I-A: I \models s A
 shows I \models B
proof -
 let ?I = I \cup \{Pos \ P | P. \ P \in atms-of \ B \land P \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
 have consistent-interp ?I
    using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def atms-of-s-def atms-of-def
      apply (auto 1 5 simp add: image-iff)
    by (metis\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}uminus\ literal.sel(1))
  moreover have total-over-m ?I (A \cup \{B\})
    proof -
      obtain aa :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ where
        f2: \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\exists v2. \ v2 \in x0 \ \land \ Pos \ v2 \notin x1 \ \land \ Neg \ v2 \notin x1)
           \longleftrightarrow (aa \ x0 \ x1 \in x0 \land Pos \ (aa \ x0 \ x1) \notin x1 \land Neg \ (aa \ x0 \ x1) \notin x1)
        by moura
      have \forall a. a \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \lor Pos \ a \in I \lor Neg \ a \in I
        using tot by (simp add: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def)
```

```
hence as (atms-of-ms\ A\cup atms-of-ms\ \{B\})\ (I\cup \{Pos\ a\ | a.\ a\in atms-of\ B\wedge\ a\notin atms-of-s\ I\})
        \notin atms-of-ms \ A \cup atms-of-ms \ \{B\} \lor Pos \ (aa \ (atms-of-ms \ A \cup atms-of-ms \ \{B\})
          (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})) \in I
            \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
          \vee Neg (aa (atms-of-ms A \cup atms-of-ms \{B\})
            (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})) \in I
            \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
        by auto
      hence total-over-set (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})
        (atms-of-ms\ A\cup atms-of-ms\ \{B\})
        using f2 by (meson total-over-set-def)
      thus ?thesis
        by (simp add: total-over-m-def)
    qed
  moreover have ?I \models s A
    using I-A by auto
  ultimately have ?I \models B
    using \langle A \models pB \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
  thus ?thesis
oops
lemma
 assumes
    CP: \neg clss-lt \ N \ (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \models p \ \{\#C\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\} \ and
     clss-lt\ N\ (\{\#C\#\}\ +\ \{\#E\#\})\ \models p\ \{\#E\#\}\ +\ \{\#Pos\ P\#\}\ \lor\ clss-lt\ N\ (\{\#C\#\}\ +\ \{\#E\#\})\ \models p\ \{\#E\#\}\ +\ \{\#E\#\}\}
\{\#C\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
 shows clss-lt N (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}\}) \models p \{\#E\#\} + \{\#Pos P\#\}
oops
locale ground-ordered-resolution-with-redundancy =
  ground-resolution-with-selection +
 fixes redundant :: 'a::wellorder clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool
 assumes
    redundant-iff-abstract: redundant \ A \ N \longleftrightarrow abstract-red A \ N
begin
definition saturated :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
saturated N \longleftrightarrow (\forall A \ B \ C. \ A \in N \longrightarrow B \in N \longrightarrow \neg redundant \ A \ N \longrightarrow \neg redundant \ B \ N
  \longrightarrow superposition-rules A \ B \ C \longrightarrow redundant \ C \ N \lor C \in N
lemma
  assumes
    saturated: saturated N and
    finite: finite N and
    empty: \{\#\} \notin N
  shows INTERP\ N \models hs\ N
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?N_{\mathcal{I}} = INTERP N
  assume ¬ ?thesis
 hence not-empty: \{E \in \mathbb{N}. \neg ?\mathbb{N}_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E\} \neq \{\}
    unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def by auto
  \mathbf{def}\ D \equiv Min\ \{E \in \mathbb{N}.\ \neg?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h\ E\}
  have [simp]: D \in N
    unfolding D-def
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Min-in not-empty finite mem-Collect-eq rev-finite-subset subset I)
  have not-d-interp: \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h D
```

```
unfolding D-def
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Min-in finite mem-Collect-eq not-empty rev-finite-subset subset I)
  have cls-not-D: \bigwedge E. E \in N \Longrightarrow E \neq D \Longrightarrow \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E \Longrightarrow D \leq E
   using finite D-def by (auto simp del: less-eq-multiset)
  obtain C L where D: D = C + \{\#L\#\} and LSD: L \in \#SD \lor (SD = \{\#\} \land Max (set\text{-}mset D))
= L
   proof (cases\ S\ D = \{\#\})
     {f case}\ {\it False}
     then obtain L where L \in \#SD
       using Max-in-lits by blast
     moreover
       hence L \in \# D
         using S-selects-subseteq[of D] by auto
       hence D = (D - \{\#L\#\}) + \{\#L\#\}
         by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
   next
     let ?L = MMax D
     case True
     moreover
       have ?L \in \# D
         by (metis (no-types, lifting) Max-in-lits (D \in N) empty)
       hence D = (D - \{\#?L\#\}) + \{\#?L\#\}
     ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
   ged
 have red: \neg redundant D N
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume red[simplified]: \sim \sim redundant\ D\ N
     have \forall E < D. E \in N \longrightarrow ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E
       using cls-not-D not-le by fastforce
     hence ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models hs \ clss\text{-}lt \ N \ D
       unfolding clss-lt-def true-clss-def Ball-def by blast
     thus False
       \mathbf{using} \hspace{0.2cm} \textit{red not-d-interp } \mathbf{unfolding} \hspace{0.2cm} \textit{abstract-red-def redundant-iff-abstract}
       using herbrand-true-clss-true-clss-cls-herbrand-true-clss by fast
   qed
 consider
   (L) P where L = Pos \ P and S \ D = \{\#\} and Max \ (set\text{-}mset \ D) = Pos \ P
  | (Lneg) P  where L = Neg P
   using LSD S-selects-neg-lits[of L D] by (cases L) auto
  thus False
   proof cases
     case L note P = this(1) and S = this(2) and max = this(3)
     have count D L > 1
       proof (rule ccontr)
         assume ~ ?thesis
         hence count: count D L = 1
           unfolding D by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
         have \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h D
           using not-d-interp true-interp-imp-INTERP ground-resolution-with-selection-axioms
            by blast
         hence produces \ N \ D \ P
           using not-empty empty finite \langle D \in N \rangle count L
```

```
true-interp-imp-INTERP unfolding production-iff-produces unfolding production-unfold
              by (auto simp add: max not-empty)
           hence INTERP\ N \models h\ D
               unfolding D
              by (metis pos-literal-in-imp-true-cls produces-imp-Pos-in-lits
                  production-subseteq-INTERP singletonI subsetCE)
           thus False
               using not-d-interp by blast
      qed
   then have Pos P \in \# C
       by (simp \ add: P \ D)
   then obtain C' where C':D = C' + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Pos \ P\#\}
       unfolding D by (metis (full-types) P insert-DiffM2)
   have sup: superposition-rules D D (D - \{\#L\#\})
       unfolding C' L by (auto simp add: superposition-rules.simps)
   have C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \ \# \subset \# \ C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} 
       by auto
   moreover have \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h (D - \{\#L\#\})
       using not-d-interp unfolding C'L by auto
   ultimately have C' + \{ \#Pos \ P \# \} \notin N
       by (metis (no-types, lifting) C' P add-diff-cancel-right' cls-not-D less-multiset
           multi-self-add-other-not-self not-le)
   have D - \{\#L\#\} \# \subset \# D
       unfolding C'L by auto
   have c'-p-p: C' + {\#Pos\ P\#} + {\#Pos\ P\#} - {\#Pos\ P\#} = C' + {\#Pos\ P\#}
      by auto
   have redundant (C' + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ N
       \textbf{using} \ \textit{saturated} \ \textit{red} \ \textit{sup} \ \langle D \in \textit{N} \rangle \langle \textit{C}' + \{\#\textit{Pos} \ \textit{P\#}\} \notin \textit{N} \rangle \ \ \textbf{unfolding} \ \textit{saturated-def} \ \textit{C'} \ \textit{L} \ \textit{c'-p-p-p-def} \ \text{or} \ \textit{C'} \ \textit{C'-p-p-p-def} \ \textit{C'} \ \textit{C'-p-p-p-def} \ \textit{C'} \ \textit{C'-p-p-p-def} \ \textit{C'-p-p-p-
   moreover have C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \subseteq \# C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \}
      by auto
   ultimately show False
       using red unfolding C' redundant-iff-abstract by (blast dest:
           abstract-red-subset-mset-abstract-red)
next
   case Lneq note L = this(1)
   have P \in ?N_{\mathcal{I}}
       using not-d-interp unfolding D true-cls-def L by (auto split: if-split-asm)
   then obtain E where
       DPN: E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \in N \text{ and }
       prod: production N(E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) = \{P\}
      using in-interp-is-produced by blast
   have sup-EC: superposition-rules (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ (C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\})\ (E + C)
       using superposition-l by fast
   hence superposition N (N \cup \{E+C\})
       using DPN \langle D \in N \rangle unfolding D L by (auto simp add: superposition.simps)
   have
       PMax: Pos P = MMax (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) and
       count (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (Pos P) < 1 and
       S(E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) = \{\#\}  and
        \neg interp\ N\ (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) \models h\ E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}
       using prod unfolding production-unfold by auto
   have Neg\ P \notin \#\ E
       using prod produces-imp-neg-notin-lits by force
   hence \bigwedge y. \ y \in \# \ (E + \{ \# Pos \ P \# \})
```

```
\implies count (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (Neg P) < count (C + \{\#Neg P\#\}) (Neg P)
 using count-greater-zero-iff by fastforce
moreover have \bigwedge y. \ y \in \# (E + \{\#Pos \ P\#\}) \Longrightarrow y < Neg \ P
 using PMax by (metis DPN Max-less-iff empty finite-set-mset pos-less-neg
   set-mset-eq-empty-iff)
moreover have E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \neq C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
 using prod produces-imp-neg-notin-lits by force
ultimately have E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
 unfolding less-multiset_{HO} by (metis count-greater-zero-iff less-iff-Suc-add zero-less-Suc)
have ce-lt-d: C + E \# \subset \# D
unfolding D L by (simp \ add: \langle \bigwedge y. \ y \in \#E + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} \Longrightarrow y < Neg \ P \rangle \ ex-gt-imp-less-multiset)
have ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h \ E + \{ \#Pos \ P \# \}
 using \langle P \in ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \rangle by blast
have ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h \ C+E \lor C+E \notin N
 using ce-lt-d cls-not-D unfolding D-def by fastforce
have Pos P \notin \# C+E
 using D \land P \in ground-resolution-with-selection.INTERP S \mid N \rangle
   (count\ (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ (Pos\ P) \le 1)\ multi-member-skip\ not-d-interp
   by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
hence \bigwedge y. y \in \# C + E
 \implies count (C+E) (Pos P) < count (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (Pos P)
 using set-mset-def by fastforce
have \neg redundant (C + E) N
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume red'[simplified]: \neg ?thesis
   have abs: clss-lt N (C + E) \models p C + E
     using redundant-iff-abstract red' unfolding abstract-red-def by auto
   have clss-lt N(C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\} \lor clss-lt N(C + E) \models p C + \{\#Neg P\#\}
     proof clarify
       assume CP: \neg clss-lt\ N\ (C+E) \models p\ C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
       \{ \text{ fix } I \}
        assume
          total-over-m I (clss-lt N (C + E) \cup {E + {#Pos P#}}) and
           consistent-interp I and
          I \models s \ clss-lt \ N \ (C + E)
          hence I \models C + E
            using abs sorry
          moreover have \neg I \models C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
            using CP unfolding true-clss-cls-def
          ultimately have I \models E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} by auto
       then show clss-lt N(C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\}
         unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
     qed
   moreover have clss-lt N (C + E) \subseteq clss-lt N (C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\})
     using ce-lt-d mult-less-trans unfolding clss-lt-def D L by force
   ultimately have redundant (C + \{\#Neg P\#\}) N \vee clss-lt N (C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\}
     unfolding redundant-iff-abstract abstract-red-def using true-clss-cls-subset by blast
   show False sorry
moreover have \neg redundant (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ N
ultimately have CEN: C + E \in N
```

```
using \langle D \in N \rangle \langle E + \{ \#Pos \ P \# \} \in N \rangle saturated sup-EC red unfolding saturated-def D L
       by (metis union-commute)
     have CED: C + E \neq D
       using D ce-lt-d by auto
     have interp: \neg INTERP N \models h C + E
     sorry
     show False
        using cls-not-D[OF CEN CED interp] ce-lt-d unfolding INTERP-def less-eq-multiset-def by
auto
 qed
qed
end
lemma tautology-is-redundant:
 assumes tautology C
 shows abstract-red C N
 using assms unfolding abstract-red-def true-clss-cls-def tautology-def by auto
lemma subsumed-is-redundant:
 assumes AB: A \subset \# B
 and AN: A \in N
 shows abstract-red B N
proof -
 have A \in clss-lt \ N \ B \ using \ AN \ AB \ unfolding \ clss-lt-def
   by (auto dest: less-eq-imp-le-multiset simp add: multiset-order.dual-order.order.iff-strict)
 thus ?thesis
   using AB unfolding abstract-red-def true-clss-cls-def Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-clss-def
   by blast
qed
inductive redundant :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
subsumption: A \in N \Longrightarrow A \subset \# B \Longrightarrow redundant B N
\mathbf{lemma}\ redundant\text{-}is\text{-}redundancy\text{-}criterion\text{:}
 fixes A :: 'a :: wellorder clause and N :: 'a :: wellorder clauses
 assumes redundant A N
 shows abstract-red A N
 using assms
proof (induction rule: redundant.induct)
 case (subsumption A B N)
 thus ?case
   using subsumed-is-redundant [of A N B] unfolding abstract-red-def clss-lt-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{redundant}\text{-}\mathit{mono}\text{:}
 redundant\ A\ N \Longrightarrow A \subseteq \#\ B \Longrightarrow \ redundant\ B\ N
 apply (induction rule: redundant.induct)
 by (meson subset-mset.less-le-trans subsumption)
locale truc =
   selection S  for S :: nat clause <math>\Rightarrow nat clause
begin
\mathbf{end}
```

 $\quad \text{end} \quad$