Formalisation of Ground Resolution and CDCL in Isabelle/HOL

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1 Transitions

This theory contains some facts about closure, the definition of full transformations, and well-foundedness.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{theory} \ \textit{Wellfounded-More} \\ \textbf{imports} \ \textit{Main} \end{array}$

begin

1.1 More theorems about Closures

```
This is the equivalent of ?r \le ?s \Longrightarrow ?r^{**} \le ?s^{**} for tranclp lemma tranclp-mono-explicit:
```

```
temma trancip-mono-expircii:

r^{++} \ a \ b \Longrightarrow r \le s \Longrightarrow s^{++} \ a \ b
```

 $\mathbf{using} \ \mathit{rtranclp-mono} \ \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{auto} \ \mathit{dest}!: \ \mathit{tranclpD} \ \mathit{intro}: \ \mathit{rtranclp-into-tranclp2})$

lemma tranclp-mono: assumes mono: $r \le s$

```
shows r^{++} \leq s^{++}
   using rtranclp-mono[OF mono] mono by (auto dest!: tranclpD intro: rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
lemma tranclp-idemp-rel:
  R^{++++} a b \longleftrightarrow R^{++} a b
 apply (rule iffI)
   prefer 2 apply blast
 by (induction rule: tranclp-induct) auto
Equivalent of ?r^{****} = ?r^{**}
lemma trancl-idemp: (r^+)^+ = r^+
 by simp
lemmas tranclp-idemp[simp] = trancl-idemp[to-pred]
This theorem already exists as ?r^{**} ?a ?b \equiv ?a = ?b \lor ?r^{++} ?a ?b (and sledgehammer uses
it), but it makes sense to duplicate it, because it is unclear how stable the lemmas in the
~~/src/HOL/Nitpick.thy theory are.
lemma rtranclp-unfold: rtranclp r \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (a = b \lor tranclp \ r \ a \ b)
 by (meson rtranclp.simps rtranclpD tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma tranclp-unfold-end: tranclp r \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ a'. \ rtranclp \ r \ a \ a' \land r \ a' \ b)
 by (metis rtranclp.rtrancl-reft rtranclp-into-tranclp1 tranclp.cases tranclp-into-rtranclp)
Near duplicate of ?R^{++} ?x ?y \Longrightarrow \exists z. ?R ?x z \land ?R^{**} z ?y:
lemma tranclp-unfold-begin: tranclp r a b \longleftrightarrow (\exists a'. r \ a \ a' \land rtranclp \ r \ a' \ b)
 by (meson rtranclp-into-tranclp2 tranclpD)
lemma trancl-set-tranclp: (a, b) \in \{(b, a). \ P \ a \ b\}^+ \longleftrightarrow P^{++} \ b \ a
 apply (rule iffI)
   apply (induction rule: trancl-induct; simp)
 apply (induction rule: tranclp-induct; auto simp: trancl-into-trancl2)
lemma tranclp-rtranclp-rtranclp-rel: R^{++**} \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow R^{**} \ a \ b
 by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold)
lemma tranclp-rtranclp[simp]: R^{++**} = R^{**}
 by (fastforce simp: rtranclp-unfold)
lemma rtranclp-exists-last-with-prop:
 assumes R x z
 and R^{**} z z' and P x z
 shows \exists y \ y'. \ R^{**} \ x \ y \land R \ y \ y' \land P \ y \ y' \land (\lambda a \ b. \ R \ a \ b \land \neg P \ a \ b)^{**} \ y' \ z'
 using assms(2,1,3)
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
  case (step z'z'') note z = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4-5)]
 show ?case
   apply (cases P z' z'')
     apply (rule exI[of - z'], rule exI[of - z''])
     using z \ assms(1) \ step.hyps(1) \ step.prems(2) \ apply \ auto[1]
```

```
using IH z rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl by fastforce
qed
lemma rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left: (\lambda \ a \ b. \ P \ a \ b \land Q \ a \ b)^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P^{**} \ S \ T
  by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
1.2
        Full Transitions
We define here properties to define properties after all possible transitions.
abbreviation no-step step S \equiv (\forall S'. \neg step S S')
definition full1 :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
full1 transf = (\lambda S S' \cdot tranclp \ transf S S' \wedge (\forall S'' \cdot \neg \ transf S' S''))
definition full:: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
full transf = (\lambda S S', rtranclp transf S S' \wedge (\forall S'', \neg transf S' S'))
We define output notations only for printing:
notation (output) full1 (-^{+\downarrow})
notation (output) full (-^{\downarrow})
lemma rtranclp-full11:
  R^{**} a b \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full1-def by auto
lemma tranclp-full1I:
  R^{++} a b \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full1 \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full1-def by auto
lemma rtranclp-fullI:
  R^{**} \ a \ b \Longrightarrow full \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full-def by auto
lemma tranclp-full-full1I:
  R^{++} a b \Longrightarrow full R b c \Longrightarrow full R a c
  unfolding full-def full1-def by auto
lemma full-fullI:
  R \ a \ b \Longrightarrow full \ R \ b \ c \Longrightarrow full 1 \ R \ a \ c
  unfolding full-def full1-def by auto
lemma full-unfold:
  full\ r\ S\ S' \longleftrightarrow ((S = S' \land no\text{-step}\ r\ S') \lor full1\ r\ S\ S')
  unfolding full-def full1-def by (auto simp add: rtranclp-unfold)
lemma full1-is-full[intro]: full1 R S T \Longrightarrow full R S T
  by (simp add: full-unfold)
lemma not-full1-rtranclp-relation: \neg full1 \ R^{**} a b
  by (meson full1-def rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
```

lemma not-full-rtranclp-relation: $\neg full\ R^{**}\ a\ b$

lemma full1-tranclp-relation-full:

by (meson full-fullI not-full1-rtranclp-relation rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)

```
full1 R^{++} a b \longleftrightarrow full1 R a b
 by (metis converse-tranclpE full1-def reflclp-tranclp rtranclpD rtranclp-idemp rtranclp-reflclp
    tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma full-tranclp-relation-full:
  full R^{++} \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow full R \ a \ b
 by (metis full-unfold full1-tranclp-relation-full tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclpD)
lemma rtranclp-full1-eq-or-full1:
  (full1\ R)^{**}\ a\ b\longleftrightarrow (a=b\lor full1\ R\ a\ b)
proof -
 have \forall p \ a \ aa. \ \neg p^{**} \ (a::'a) \ aa \lor a = aa \lor (\exists ab. \ p^{**} \ a \ ab \land p \ ab \ aa)
    by (metis rtranclp.cases)
  then obtain aa :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a where
    f1: \forall p \ a \ ab. \neg p^{**} \ a \ ab \lor a = ab \lor p^{**} \ a \ (aa \ p \ a \ ab) \land p \ (aa \ p \ a \ ab) \ ab
    by moura
  { assume a \neq b
    { assume \neg full1 \ R \ a \ b \land a \neq b
      then have a \neq b \land a \neq b \land \neg full1 R (aa (full1 R) a b) b \lor \neg (full1 R)^{**} a b \land a \neq b
        using f1 by (metis (no-types) full1-def full1-tranclp-relation-full)
      then have ?thesis
        using f1 by blast }
    then have ?thesis
      by auto }
  then show ?thesis
    bv fastforce
qed
lemma tranclp-full1-full1:
  (full1\ R)^{++}\ a\ b\longleftrightarrow full1\ R\ a\ b
 by (metis full1-def rtranclp-full1-eq-or-full1 tranclp-unfold-begin)
1.3
        Well-Foundedness and Full Transitions
lemma wf-exists-normal-form:
 assumes wf:wf \{(x, y). R y x\}
 shows \exists b. R^{**} \ a \ b \land no\text{-step} \ R \ b
proof (rule ccontr)
```

```
assume ¬ ?thesis
then have H: \Lambda b. \neg R^{**} \ a \ b \lor \neg no\text{-step} \ R \ b
 by blast
def F \equiv rec\text{-}nat \ a \ (\lambda i \ b. \ SOME \ c. \ R \ b \ c)
have [simp]: F \theta = a
 \mathbf{unfolding}\ \mathit{F-def}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{auto}
have [simp]: \bigwedge i. F (Suc\ i) = (SOME\ b.\ R\ (F\ i)\ b)
 using F-def by simp
\{ \text{ fix } i \}
 have \forall j < i. R (F j) (F (Suc j))
   proof (induction i)
     case \theta
     then show ?case by auto
    next
      case (Suc\ i)
      then have R^{**} a (F i)
        by (induction i) auto
      then have R(Fi) (SOME b. R(Fi) b)
```

```
using H by (simp\ add:\ someI-ex)
then have \forall j < Suc\ i.\ R\ (F\ j)\ (F\ (Suc\ j))
using H\ Suc\ by (simp\ add:\ less-Suc-eq)
then show ?case by fast
qed
}
then have \forall j.\ R\ (F\ j)\ (F\ (Suc\ j)) by blast
then show False
using wf unfolding wfP-def\ wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain\ by blast
qed
lemma wf-exists-normal-form-full:
assumes wf:wf\ \{(x,\ y).\ R\ y\ x\}
shows \exists\ b.\ full\ R\ a\ b
using wf-exists-normal-form[OF\ assms] unfolding full-def\ by blast
```

1.4 More Well-Foundedness

A little list of theorems that could be useful, but are hidden:

• link between wf and infinite chains: $wf ? r = (\nexists f. \forall i. (f (Suc i), f i) \in ?r), \llbracket wf ? r; \land k. (?f (Suc k), ?f k) \notin ?r \Longrightarrow ?thesis \rrbracket \Longrightarrow ?thesis$

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{wf-if-measure-in-wf} \colon
  wf R \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge a \ b. \ (a, \ b) \in S \Longrightarrow (\nu \ a, \nu \ b) \in R) \Longrightarrow wf S
  by (metis in-inv-image wfE-min wfI-min wf-inv-image)
lemma wfP-if-measure: fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow nat
shows (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \implies f \ y < f \ x) \Longrightarrow wf \ \{(y,x). \ P \ x \land g \ x \ y\}
 apply(insert\ wf-measure[of\ f])
 apply(simp only: measure-def inv-image-def less-than-def less-eq)
 apply(erule wf-subset)
 apply auto
  done
lemma wf-if-measure-f:
assumes wf r
shows wf \{(b, a). (f b, f a) \in r\}
  using assms by (metis inv-image-def wf-inv-image)
lemma wf-wf-if-measure':
assumes wf r and H: (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow (f \ y, f \ x) \in r)
shows wf \{(y,x). P x \wedge g x y\}
proof -
 have wf \{(b, a), (f b, f a) \in r\} using assms(1) wf-if-measure-f by auto
  then have wf \{(b, a). P a \land g a b \land (f b, f a) \in r\}
    using wf-subset[of - \{(b, a). P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\}] by auto
  moreover have \{(b, a). P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} \subseteq \{(b, a). (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} by auto
  moreover have \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ a) \in r\} = \{(b, a). \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b\} using H by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using wf-subset by simp
qed
lemma wf-lex-less: wf (lex \{(a, b), (a::nat) < b\})
proof -
 have m: \{(a, b), a < b\} = measure id by auto
```

```
show ?thesis apply (rule wf-lex) unfolding m by auto
qed
lemma wfP-if-measure2: fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow nat
shows (\bigwedge x \ y. \ P \ x \ y \Longrightarrow g \ x \ y \Longrightarrow f \ x < f \ y) \Longrightarrow wf \ \{(x,y). \ P \ x \ y \land g \ x \ y\}
  apply(insert\ wf-measure[of\ f])
 apply(simp only: measure-def inv-image-def less-than-def less-eq)
 apply(erule wf-subset)
 apply auto
 done
lemma lexord-on-finite-set-is-wf:
  assumes
   P-finite: \bigwedge U. P U \longrightarrow U \in A and
   finite: finite A and
   wf: wf R and
   trans: trans R
 shows wf \{(T, S), (P S \land P T) \land (T, S) \in lexord R\}
proof (rule wfP-if-measure2)
  fix TS
 assume P: P S \wedge P T and
  s-le-t: (T, S) \in lexord R
 let ?f = \lambda S. \{U. (U, S) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ S\}
 have ?f T \subseteq ?f S
    using s-le-t P lexord-trans trans by auto
  moreover have T \in ?fS
   using s-le-t P by auto
  moreover have T \notin ?f T
   using s-le-t by (auto simp add: lexord-irreflexive local.wf)
  ultimately have \{U. (U, T) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ T\} \subset \{U. (U, S) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ S\}
 moreover have finite \{U. (U, S) \in lexord \ R \land P \ U \land P \ S\}
   using finite by (metis (no-types, lifting) P-finite finite-subset mem-Collect-eq subset I)
  ultimately show card (?f T) < card (?f S) by (simp add: psubset-card-mono)
qed
lemma wf-fst-wf-pair:
  assumes wf \{(M', M). R M' M\}
  shows wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R M' M\}
  \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{wf}\ (\{(\mathit{M}',\ \mathit{M}).\ \mathit{R}\ \mathit{M'}\ \mathit{M}\} \mathrel{<\!\!*} \mathit{lex*}\!\!> \{\})
   using assms by auto
  then show ?thesis
   by (rule wf-subset) auto
qed
lemma wf-snd-wf-pair:
 assumes wf \{(M', M), R M' M\}
 shows wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R N' N\}
proof -
  have wf: wf \{((M', N'), (M, N)). R M' M\}
   using assms wf-fst-wf-pair by auto
  then have wf: \bigwedge P. \ (\forall x. \ (\forall y. \ (y, x) \in \{((M', N'), M, N). \ R \ M' \ M\} \longrightarrow P \ y) \longrightarrow P \ x) \Longrightarrow All \ P
   unfolding wf-def by auto
```

```
show ?thesis
   unfolding wf-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix P :: 'c \times 'a \Rightarrow bool \text{ and } x :: 'c \times 'a
     assume H: \forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in \{((M', N'), M, y). R N'y\} \longrightarrow P y) \longrightarrow P x
     obtain a b where x: x = (a, b) by (cases x)
     have P: P \ x = (P \circ (\lambda(a, b), (b, a))) \ (b, a)
       unfolding x by auto
     show P x
       using wf[of P \ o \ (\lambda(a, b), (b, a))] apply rule
         using H apply simp
       unfolding P by blast
   qed
qed
lemma wf-if-measure-f-notation2:
 assumes wf r
  shows wf \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a. \ (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\}
 apply (rule wf-subset)
  using wf-if-measure-f[OF\ assms,\ of\ f] by auto
lemma wf-wf-if-measure'-notation2:
assumes wf r and H: (\bigwedge x y. P x \Longrightarrow g x y \Longrightarrow (f y, f (h x)) \in r)
shows wf \{(y,h x)| y x. P x \wedge g x y\}
proof -
  have wf \{(b, ha)|b \ a. \ (fb, f(ha)) \in r\} using assms(1) \ wf-if-measure-f-notation2 by auto
  then have wf \{(b, h a) | b a. P a \wedge g a b \wedge (f b, f (h a)) \in r\}
   using wf-subset[of - \{(b, h \ a)| \ b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\}] by auto
  moreover have \{(b, h \ a)|b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\}
   \subseteq \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a. \ (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\} by auto
 moreover have \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b \land (f \ b, f \ (h \ a)) \in r\} = \{(b, h \ a) | b \ a. \ P \ a \land g \ a \ b\}
   using H by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using wf-subset by simp
qed
end
theory List-More
imports Main ../lib/Multiset-More
begin
Sledgehammer parameters
sledgehammer-params[debug]
```

2 Various Lemmas

```
thm nat-less-induct
lemma nat-less-induct-case[case-names 0 Suc]:
assumes
P 0 and
\bigwedge n. \ (\forall m < Suc \ n. \ P \ m) \Longrightarrow P \ (Suc \ n)
shows P n
apply (induction \ rule: nat-less-induct)
```

```
by (rename-tac n, case-tac n) (auto intro: assms)
```

This is only proved in simple cases by auto. In assumptions, nothing happens, and ?P (if ?Q then ?x else ?y) = $(\neg (?Q \land \neg ?P ?x \lor \neg ?Q \land \neg ?P ?y))$ can blow up goals (because of other if expression).

```
lemma if-0-1-ge-0 [simp]:
  0 < (if P then a else (0::nat)) \longleftrightarrow P \land 0 < a
Bounded function have not yet been defined in Isabelle.
definition bounded where
bounded f \longleftrightarrow (\exists b. \forall n. f n \leq b)
abbreviation unbounded :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b::ord) \Rightarrow bool where
unbounded f \equiv \neg bounded f
lemma not-bounded-nat-exists-larger:
 fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
 assumes unbound: unbounded f
 shows \exists n. f n > m \land n > n_0
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume H: \neg ?thesis
  have finite \{f \mid n \mid n. \ n \leq n_0\}
   by auto
  have \bigwedge n. f n \leq Max (\{f n | n : n \leq n_0\} \cup \{m\})
   apply (case-tac n < n_0)
   apply (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-ge Un-insert-right \langle finite\ \{f\ n\ | n.\ n\leq n_0\} \rangle
```

finite-insert insertCI mem-Collect-eq sup-bot.right-neutral)

by (metis (no-types, lifting) H Max-less-iff Un-insert-right (finite $\{f \mid n \mid n. \ n \leq n_0\}$) finite-insert insertI1 insert-not-empty leI sup-bot.right-neutral) then show False

then show raise

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{using} \ \textit{unbound} \ \textbf{unfolding} \ \textit{bounded-def} \ \textbf{by} \ \textit{auto} \\ \textbf{qed} \end{array}$

A function is bounded iff its product with a non-zero constant is bounded. The non-zero condition is needed only for the reverse implication (see for example $k = (\theta ::'a)$ and $f = (\lambda i. i)$ for a counter-example).

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ bounded\text{-}const\text{-}product:
```

```
fixes k :: nat and f :: nat \Rightarrow nat assumes k > 0 shows bounded f \longleftrightarrow bounded (\lambda i. \ k * f i) unfolding bounded-def apply (rule iffI) using mult-le-mono2 apply blast by (meson assms le-less-trans less-or-eq-imp-le nat-mult-less-cancel-disj split-div-lemma)
```

By (meson asome se sees trans sees or eq imp se non many sees cancer well spine are seminar)

This lemma is not used, but here to show that a property that can be expected from *bounded* holds.

```
lemma bounded-finite-linorder:

fixes f:: 'a \Rightarrow 'a :: \{finite, linorder\}

shows bounded f

proof —

have \bigwedge x. f x \leq Max \{f x | x. True\}

by (metis (mono-tags) Max-ge finite mem-Collect-eq)

then show ?thesis
```

```
\begin{array}{c} \textbf{unfolding} \ \textit{bounded-def} \ \textbf{by} \ \textit{blast} \\ \textbf{qed} \end{array}
```

3 More List

3.1 *upt*

The simplification rules are not very handy, because $[?i..<Suc ?j] = (if ?i \le ?j then [?i..<?j]$ @ [?j] else []) leads to a case distinction, that we do not want if the condition is not in the context.

```
lemma upt-Suc-le-append: \neg i \leq j \Longrightarrow [i.. < Suc \ j] = [] by auto
```

 $lemmas \ upt\text{-}simps[simp] = upt\text{-}Suc\text{-}append \ upt\text{-}Suc\text{-}le\text{-}append$

declare $upt.simps(2)[simp \ del]$

```
lemma
```

```
assumes i \le n - m
shows take \ i \ [m..< n] = [m..< m+i]
by (metis \ Nat.le-diff-conv2 \ add.commute \ assms \ diff-is-0-eq' \ linear \ take-upt \ upt-conv-Nil)
```

The counterpart for this lemma when n-m < i is length $?xs \le ?n \implies take ?n ?xs = ?xs$. It is close to $?i + ?m \le ?n \implies take ?m [?i...<?n] = [?i...<?i + ?m]$, but seems more general.

```
\textbf{lemma} \ take-upt-bound-minus[simp]:
```

```
assumes i \le n - m
shows take i [m..< n] = [m ..< m+i]
using assms by (induction i) auto
```

lemma append-cons-eq-upt:

```
assumes A @ B = [m..< n]

shows A = [m ..< m+length \ A] and B = [m + length \ A..< n]

proof —

have take (length \ A) (A @ B) = A by auto

moreover

have length A \le n - m using assms linear calculation by fastforce

then have take (length \ A) [m..< n] = [m ..< m+length \ A] by auto

ultimately show A = [m ..< m+length \ A] using assms by auto

show B = [m + length \ A..< n] using assms by (metis append-eq-conv-conj drop-upt)

qed
```

The converse of $?A @ ?B = [?m..<?n] \Longrightarrow ?A = [?m..<?m + length ?A]$

 $?A @ ?B = [?m..<?n] \implies ?B = [?m + length ?A..<?n]$ does not hold, for example if B is empty and A is [0::'a]:

```
lemma A @ B = [m.. < n] \longleftrightarrow A = [m .. < m + length A] \land B = [m + length A.. < n]
```

oops

A more restrictive version holds:

```
lemma B \neq [] \Longrightarrow A @ B = [m.. < n] \longleftrightarrow A = [m .. < m + length A] \land B = [m + length A.. < n] (is ?P \Longrightarrow ?A = ?B) proof
```

```
assume ?A then show ?B by (auto simp add: append-cons-eq-upt)
next
 assume ?P and ?B
 then show ?A using append-eq-conv-conj by fastforce
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ append\text{-}cons\text{-}eq\text{-}upt\text{-}length\text{-}i\text{:}
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m..< n]
 shows A = [m ... < i]
proof -
 have A = [m ... < m + length A] using assms append-cons-eq-upt by auto
 have (A @ i \# B) ! (length A) = i by auto
 moreover have n - m = length (A @ i \# B)
   using assms length-upt by presburger
 then have [m..< n] ! (length A) = m + length A by simp
 ultimately have i = m + length A using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using \langle A = [m ... < m + length A] \rangle by auto
qed
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m..< n]
 shows length A = i - m
 using assms
proof (induction A arbitrary: m)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by (metis append-Nil diff-is-0-eq list.size(3) order-reft upt-eq-Cons-conv)
next
 case (Cons\ a\ A)
 then have A: A @ i \# B = [m + 1.. < n] by (metis append-Cons upt-eq-Cons-conv)
 then have m < i by (metis Cons.prems append-cons-eq-upt-length-i upt-eq-Cons-conv)
 with Cons.IH[OF A] show ?case by auto
qed
lemma append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end:
 assumes A @ i \# B = [m..< n]
 shows B = [Suc \ i ... < n]
 have B = [Suc \ m + length \ A... < n] using assms append-cons-eq-upt of A @ [i] B m n] by auto
 have (A @ i \# B) ! (length A) = i by auto
 moreover have n - m = length (A @ i \# B)
   using assms length-upt by auto
 then have [m..< n]! (length A) = m + length A by simp
 ultimately have i = m + length A using assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using \langle B = [Suc \ m + length \ A... < n] \rangle by auto
qed
lemma Max-n-upt: Max (insert \theta \{Suc \ \theta... < n\} \} = n - Suc \ \theta
proof (induct n)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this
 have i: insert 0 \{Suc \ 0... < Suc \ n\} = insert \ 0 \{Suc \ 0... < n\} \cup \{n\} by auto
 show ?case using IH unfolding i by auto
qed
```

```
lemma upt-decomp-lt:
 assumes H: xs @ i \# ys @ j \# zs = [m .. < n]
 shows i < j
proof -
 have xs: xs = [m ... < i] and ys: ys = [Suc \ i ... < j] and zs: zs = [Suc \ j ... < n]
   using H by (auto dest: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end)
 show ?thesis
   by (metis append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end assms lessI less-trans self-append-conv2
     upt-eq-Cons-conv upt-rec ys)
qed
The following two lemmas are useful as simp rules for case-distinction. The case length l=0
is already simplified by default.
lemma length-list-Suc-\theta:
 length W = Suc \ \theta \longleftrightarrow (\exists L. \ W = [L])
 apply (cases W)
   apply simp
 apply (rename-tac a W', case-tac W')
 apply auto
 done
lemma length-list-2: length S = 2 \longleftrightarrow (\exists a \ b. \ S = [a, b])
 apply (cases S)
  apply simp
 apply (rename-tac \ a \ S')
 apply (case-tac S')
 by simp-all
lemma finite-bounded-list:
 fixes b :: nat
 shows finite \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} (is finite (?S \ s))
proof (induction s)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (Suc\ s) note IH = this(1)
 have H: ?S (Suc \ s) \subseteq ?S \ s \cup \{x \# xs | x \ xs. \ x < b \land length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs! \ i < b)\}
   \cup {[]}
   (is - \subseteq - \cup ?C \cup -)
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ xs
     assume xs \in ?S (Suc s)
     then have B: \forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b \ and \ len: \ length \ xs < Suc \ s
       by auto
     consider
       (st) length xs < s
       (s) length xs = \theta and s = \theta
       (s') s' where length xs = Suc\ s'
       \mathbf{using}\ len\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{cases}\ s)\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \mathit{Nat.less-Suc-eq})
     then show xs \in ?S \ s \cup ?C \cup \{[]\}
       proof cases
         case st
         then show ?thesis using B by auto
       next
```

```
then show ?thesis using B by auto

next

case s' note len-xs = this(1)

then obtain x xs' where xs: xs = x \# xs' by (cases xs) auto
then show ?thesis using len-xs B len s' unfolding xs by auto

qed

have ?C \subseteq (case\text{-prod }Cons) \cdot (\{x.\ x < b\} \times ?S\ s)
by auto

moreover have finite (\{x.\ x < b\} \times ?S\ s)

using IH by (auto simp: finite-cartesian-product-iff)
ultimately have finite ?C by (simp add: finite-surj)
then have finite (?S\ s \cup ?C \cup \{[]\})

using IH by auto
then show ?case using H by (auto intro: finite-subset)
qed
```

3.2 Lexicographic Ordering

```
lemma lexn-Suc:
```

```
(x \# xs, y \# ys) \in lexn \ r \ (Suc \ n) \longleftrightarrow (length \ xs = n \land length \ ys = n) \land ((x, y) \in r \lor (x = y \land (xs, ys) \in lexn \ r \ n))
by (auto simp: map-prod-def image-iff lex-prod-def)
```

lemma lexn-n:

```
n > 0 \Longrightarrow (x \# xs, y \# ys) \in lexn \ r \ n \longleftrightarrow (length \ xs = n-1 \land length \ ys = n-1) \land ((x, y) \in r \lor (x = y \land (xs, ys) \in lexn \ r \ (n-1))) apply (cases n) apply simp by (auto simp: map-prod-def image-iff lex-prod-def)
```

There is some subtle point in the proof here. 1 is converted to $Suc\ \theta$, but 2 is not: meaning that 1 is automatically simplified by default using the default simplification rule $lexn\ ?r\ \theta = \{\}$

lexn ?r (Suc ?n) = map-prod ($\lambda(x, xs)$. x # xs) ($\lambda(x, xs)$. x # xs) ' (?r < *lex* > lexn ?r ?n) $\cap \{(xs, ys). length xs = Suc ?n \land length ys = Suc ?n\}$. However, the latter needs additional simplification rule (see the proof of the theorem above).

lemma lexn2-conv:

```
([a, b], [c, d]) \in lexn \ r \ 2 \longleftrightarrow (a, c) \in r \lor (a = c \land (b, d) \in r)
by (auto simp: lexn-n simp del: lexn.simps(2))
```

lemma lexn3-conv:

```
([a, b, c], [a', b', c']) \in lexn \ r \ 3 \longleftrightarrow (a, a') \in r \lor (a = a' \land (b, b') \in r) \lor (a = a' \land b = b' \land (c, c') \in r)
by (auto simp: lexn-n simp del: lexn.simps(2))
```

3.3 Remove

3.3.1 More lemmas about remove

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove 1\text{-}nil:
```

```
remove1 (-L) W = [] \longleftrightarrow (W = [] \lor W = [-L]) by (cases \ W) auto
```

```
lemma remove1-mset-single-add:
  a \neq b \Longrightarrow remove1\text{-}mset\ a\ (\{\#b\#\} + C) = \{\#b\#\} + remove1\text{-}mset\ a\ C
  remove1-mset\ a\ (\{\#a\#\} + C) = C
 by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
```

3.3.2 Remove under condition

```
This function removes the first element such that the condition f holds. It generalises remove1.
fun remove1-cond where
remove1-cond f [] = [] |
remove1-cond f(C' \# L) = (if f C' then L else C' \# remove1-cond f L)
lemma remove1 x xs = remove1-cond ((op =) x) xs
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma mset-map-mset-remove1-cond:
 mset\ (map\ mset\ (remove1\text{-}cond\ (\lambda L.\ mset\ L=mset\ a)\ C))=
   remove1-mset (mset a) (mset (map mset C))
 by (induction C) (auto simp: ac-simps remove1-mset-single-add)
We can also generalise removeAll, which is close to filter:
fun removeAll-cond where
removeAll\text{-}cond\ f\ []=[]\ |
removeAll\text{-}cond f (C' \# L) =
 (if f C' then removeAll-cond f L else C' # removeAll-cond f L)
lemma removeAll \ x \ xs = removeAll-cond \ ((op =) \ x) \ xs
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma removeAll-cond P xs = filter (\lambda x. \neg P x) xs
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma mset-map-mset-removeAll-cond:
 mset\ (map\ mset\ (removeAll\text{-}cond\ (\lambda b.\ mset\ b=mset\ a)\ C))
= removeAll-mset (mset a) (mset (map mset C))
 by (induction C) (auto simp: ac-simps mset-less-eqI multiset-diff-union-assoc)
Take from ../lib/Multiset_More.thy, but named:
abbreviation union-mset-list where
union-mset-list xs ys \equiv case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x \# zs)) xs (ys, [])
lemma union-mset-list:
 mset \ xs \ \# \cup \ mset \ ys = \ mset \ (union-mset-list \ xs \ ys)
proof -
 have \bigwedge zs. mset (case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x # zs)) xs (ys, zs))) =
     (mset \ xs \ \# \cup \ mset \ ys) + mset \ zs
   by (induct xs arbitrary: ys) (simp-all add: multiset-eq-iff)
 then show ?thesis by simp
qed
end
theory Prop-Logic
imports Main
```

4 Logics

In this section we define the syntax of the formula and an abstraction over it to have simpler proofs. After that we define some properties like subformula and rewriting.

4.1 Definition and abstraction

The propositional logic is defined inductively. The type parameter is the type of the variables.

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{datatype} \ 'v \ propo = \\ FT \mid FF \mid FVar \ 'v \mid FNot \ 'v \ propo \mid FAnd \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \mid FOr \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \\ \mid FImp \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \mid FEq \ 'v \ propo \ 'v \ propo \end{array}
```

We do not define any notation for the formula, to distinguish properly between the formulas and Isabelle's logic.

To ease the proofs, we will write the the formula on a homogeneous manner, namely a connecting argument and a list of arguments.

```
datatype 'v connective = CT \mid CF \mid CVar \ 'v \mid CNot \mid CAnd \mid COr \mid CImp \mid CEq

abbreviation nullary-connective \equiv \{CF\} \cup \{CT\} \cup \{CVar \ x \mid x. \ True\}

definition binary-connectives \equiv \{CAnd, COr, CImp, CEq\}
```

We define our own induction principal: instead of distinguishing every constructor, we group them by arity.

```
lemma propo-induct-arity[case-names nullary unary binary]: fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo assumes nullary: (\bigwedge \varphi \ x. \ \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FVar \ x \Longrightarrow P \ \varphi) and unary: (\bigwedge \psi . \ P \ \psi \Longrightarrow P \ (FNot \ \psi)) and binary: (\bigwedge \varphi \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2. \ P \ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow P \ \psi 2 \Longrightarrow \varphi = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \Longrightarrow P \ \varphi) shows P \ \psi apply (induct rule: propo.induct) using assms by metis+
```

The function conn is the interpretation of our representation (connective and list of arguments). We define any thing that has no sense to be false

```
fun conn :: 'v \ connective \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \ where \ conn \ CT \ [] = FT \ | \ conn \ CF \ [] = FF \ | \ conn \ (CVar \ v) \ [] = FVar \ v \ | \ conn \ CNot \ [\varphi] = FNot \ \varphi \ | \ conn \ CAnd \ (\varphi \ \# \ [\psi]) = FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \ conn \ COr \ (\varphi \ \# \ [\psi]) = FOr \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \ conn \ CImp \ (\varphi \ \# \ [\psi]) = FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \ conn \ CEq \ (\varphi \ \# \ [\psi]) = FEq \ \varphi \ \psi \ | \ conn \ - - = FF
```

We will often use case distinction, based on the arity of the v connective, thus we define our own splitting principle.

```
lemma connective-cases-arity[case-names nullary binary unary]:
  assumes nullary: \bigwedge x. c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x \Longrightarrow P
 and binary: c \in binary\text{-}connectives \Longrightarrow P
  and unary: c = CNot \implies P
  shows P
  using assms by (cases c) (auto simp: binary-connectives-def)
lemma connective-cases-arity-2 [case-names nullary unary binary]:
  assumes nullary: c \in nullary\text{-}connective \Longrightarrow P
 and unary: c = CNot \implies P
  and binary: c \in binary\text{-}connectives \Longrightarrow P
 shows P
  using assms by (cases c, auto simp add: binary-connectives-def)
Our previous definition is not necessary correct (connective and list of arguments), so we define
an inductive predicate.
inductive wf-conn :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo list \Rightarrow bool for c :: 'v connective where
wf-conn-nullary[simp]: (c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar v) \Longrightarrow wf-conn c \mid \mid \mid
wf-conn-unary[simp]: c = CNot \implies wf-conn c [\psi]
wf-conn-binary[simp]: c \in binary-connectives \implies wf-conn c (\psi \# \psi' \# [])
{f thm} wf-conn.induct
lemma wf-conn-induct[consumes 1, case-names CT CF CVar CNot COr CAnd CImp CEq]:
  assumes wf-conn c x and
   (\bigwedge v. \ c = CT \Longrightarrow P \ []) and
   (\bigwedge v. \ c = CF \Longrightarrow P \ []) and
   (\bigwedge v. \ c = CVar \ v \Longrightarrow P \ []) and
   (\wedge \psi. \ c = CNot \Longrightarrow P[\psi]) and
   (\bigwedge \psi \ \psi'. \ c = COr \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi']) and
   (\bigwedge \psi \ \psi' . \ c = CAnd \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi']) and
   (\bigwedge \psi \ \psi'. \ c = CImp \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi']) and
   (\land \psi \ \psi'. \ c = CEq \Longrightarrow P \ [\psi, \psi'])
  shows P x
  using assms by induction (auto simp: binary-connectives-def)
        properties of the abstraction
First we can define simplification rules.
lemma wf-conn-conn[simp]:
  wf-conn CT \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ CT \ l = FT
  wf-conn CF \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ CF \ l = FF
  wf-conn (CVar\ x) l \Longrightarrow conn\ (<math>CVar\ x) l = FVar\ x
  apply (simp-all add: wf-conn.simps)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by simp-all
lemma wf-conn-list-decomp[simp]:
  wf-conn CT \ l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn \ CF \ l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn (CVar x) l \longleftrightarrow l = []
  wf-conn CNot (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longleftrightarrow \xi = [] \land \xi' = []
  apply (simp-all add: wf-conn.simps)
       unfolding binary-connectives-def apply simp-all
  by (metis append-Nil append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct(1) list.sel(3) tl-append2)
```

```
lemma wf-conn-list:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FT \longleftrightarrow (c = CT \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FF \longleftrightarrow (c = CF \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FVar \ x \longleftrightarrow (c = CVar \ x \land l = [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FAnd \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CAnd \land l = a \# b \# \parallel)
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FOr \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = COr \land l = a \# b \# [])
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FEq \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = CEq \land l = a \# b \# [])
  \textit{wf-conn} \ c \ l \Longrightarrow \textit{conn} \ c \ l = \textit{FImp} \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow (c = \textit{CImp} \land l = a \ \# \ b \ \# \ \|)
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow conn \ c \ l = FNot \ a \longleftrightarrow (c = CNot \land l = a \# [])
  apply (induct l rule: wf-conn.induct)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
In the binary connective cases, we will often decompose the list of arguments (of length 2) into
two elements.
lemma list-length 2-decomp: length l = 2 \Longrightarrow (\exists a b. l = a \# b \# \parallel)
  apply (induct \ l, \ auto)
 by (rename-tac l, case-tac l, auto)
wf-conn for binary operators means that there are two arguments.
lemma wf-conn-bin-list-length:
  fixes l :: 'v \ propo \ list
 assumes conn: c \in binary-connectives
  shows length l = 2 \longleftrightarrow wf-conn c \ l
proof
  assume length l = 2
  then show wf-conn c l using wf-conn-binary list-length2-decomp using conn by metis
next
  assume wf-conn c l
  then show length l = 2 (is ?P l)
   proof (cases rule: wf-conn.induct)
      case wf-conn-nullary
      then show ?P [] using conn binary-connectives-def
       using connective distinct (11) connective distinct (13) connective distinct (9) by blast
   \mathbf{next}
      fix \psi :: 'v \ propo
      case wf-conn-unary
      then show ?P[\psi] using conn binary-connectives-def
       using connective distinct by blast
      fix \psi \ \psi' :: \ 'v \ propo
      show ?P [\psi, \psi'] by auto
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma wf-conn-not-list-length[iff]:
 fixes l :: 'v propo list
  shows wf-conn CNot l \longleftrightarrow length \ l = 1
 apply auto
 apply (metis append-Nil connective.distinct(5,17,27) length-Cons list.size(3) wf-conn.simps
    wf-conn-list-decomp(4))
  by (simp add: length-Suc-conv wf-conn.simps)
Decomposing the Not into an element is moreover very useful.
```

lemma wf-conn-Not-decomp:

```
fixes l :: 'v propo list and a :: 'v
 assumes corr: wf-conn CNot l
 shows \exists a. l = [a]
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-length-conv corr length-0-conv
   wf-conn-not-list-length)
The wf-conn remains correct if the length of list does not change. This lemma is very useful
when we do one rewriting step
lemma wf-conn-no-arity-change:
 length \ l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
proof -
   fix l l'
   have length l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
     apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.induct, auto)
     by (metis wf-conn-bin-list-length)
 then show length l = length \ l' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l = wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l' by metis
qed
lemma wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper:
 length (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = length (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
 by auto
The injectivity of conn is useful to prove equality of the connectives and the lists.
lemma conn-inj-not:
 assumes correct: wf-conn c l
 and conn: conn c l = FNot \psi
 shows c = CNot and l = [\psi]
 apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 using correct conn unfolding binary-connectives-def apply auto
 apply (cases c l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 using correct conn unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
lemma conn-inj:
 fixes c ca :: 'v connective and l \psi s :: 'v propo list
 assumes corr: wf-conn ca l
 and corr': wf-conn c \psi s
 and eq: conn ca l = conn \ c \ \psi s
 shows ca = c \wedge \psi s = l
 using corr
proof (cases ca l rule: wf-conn.cases)
 case (wf\text{-}conn\text{-}nullary\ v)
 then show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l using assms
     by (metis\ conn.simps(1)\ conn.simps(2)\ conn.simps(3)\ wf-conn-list(1-3))
 case (wf-conn-unary \psi')
 then have *: FNot \psi' = conn \ c \ \psi s using conn-inj-not eq assms by auto
 then have c = ca by (metis\ conn-inj-not(1)\ corr'\ wf-conn-unary(2))
 moreover have \psi s = l \text{ using } * conn-inj-not(2) corr' \text{ wf-conn-unary}(1) by force
  ultimately show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l by auto
  case (wf-conn-binary \psi' \psi'')
 then show ca = c \wedge \psi s = l
```

```
using eq corr' unfolding binary-connectives-def apply (cases ca, auto simp add: wf-conn-list)
   using wf-conn-list(4-7) corr' by metis+
qed
```

4.3 Subformulas and properties

A characterization using sub-formulas is interesting for rewriting: we will define our relation on the sub-term level, and then lift the rewriting on the term-level. So the rewriting takes place on a subformula.

```
inductive subformula :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool (infix \leq 45) for \varphi where
subformula-refl[simp]: \varphi \leq \varphi
subformula-into-subformula: \psi \in set \ l \Longrightarrow wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq conn \ c \ l
```

On the subformula-into-subformula, we can see why we use our conn representation: one case is enough to express the subformulas property instead of listing all the cases.

This is an example of a property related to subformulas.

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ subformula-in-subformula-not:
shows b: FNot \varphi \leq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \leq \psi
 apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
 using subformula-into-subformula wf-conn-unary subformula-refl list.set-intros(1) subformula-refl
   by (fastforce intro: subformula-into-subformula)+
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{subformula-in-binary-conn}:
 assumes conn: c \in binary-connectives
 shows f \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
 and g \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
proof -
 have a: wf-conn c (f\# [g]) using conn wf-conn-binary binary-connectives-def by auto
 moreover have b: f \leq f using subformula-refl by auto
 ultimately show f \leq conn \ c \ [f, \ g]
   by (metis append-Nil in-set-conv-decomp subformula-into-subformula)
next
 have a: wf-conn c ([f] @ [g]) using conn wf-conn-binary binary-connectives-def by auto
 moreover have b: g \leq g using subformula-reft by auto
 ultimately show g \leq conn \ c \ [f, g] using subformula-into-subformula by force
qed
lemma subformula-trans:
\psi \preceq \psi' \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi \preceq \psi'
 apply (induct \psi' rule: subformula.inducts)
 by (auto simp: subformula-into-subformula)
lemma subformula-leaf:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes incl: \varphi \leq \psi
 and simple: \psi = FT \lor \psi = FF \lor \psi = FVar x
 shows \varphi = \psi
 using incl simple
 by (induct rule: subformula.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list)
lemma subfurmula-not-incl-eq:
 assumes \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l
 and wf-conn c l
 and \forall \psi. \ \psi \in set \ l \longrightarrow \neg \ \varphi \leq \psi
```

```
shows \varphi = conn \ c \ l
  using assms apply (induction conn c l rule: subformula.induct, auto)
  using conn-inj by blast
{f lemma}\ wf-subformula-conn-cases:
  wf-conn c \ l \implies \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ c \ l \lor (\exists \psi. \ \psi \in set \ l \land \varphi \leq \psi))
  apply standard
    using subfurmula-not-incl-eq apply metis
  by (auto simp add: subformula-into-subformula)
lemma subformula-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  \varphi \leq FAnd \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FAnd \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi') \ (is \ ?P \ FAnd)
  \varphi \leq FOr \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FOr \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi')
  \varphi \leq FEq \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FEq \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \leq \psi \lor \varphi \leq \psi')
  \varphi \leq FImp \ \psi \ \psi' \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FImp \ \psi \ \psi' \lor \varphi \preceq \psi \lor \varphi \preceq \psi')
proof -
  have wf-conn CAnd [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \prec conn \ CAnd \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CAnd \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \ \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FAnd by auto
  have wf-conn COr [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ COr \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ COr \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FOr by auto
next
  have wf-conn CEq [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \prec conn \ CEq \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CEq \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \ \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FEq by auto
next
  have wf-conn CImp [\psi, \psi'] by (simp add: binary-connectives-def)
  then have \varphi \leq conn \ CImp \ [\psi, \psi'] \longleftrightarrow
    (\varphi = conn \ CImp \ [\psi, \psi'] \lor (\exists \psi''. \psi'' \in set \ [\psi, \psi'] \land \varphi \preceq \psi''))
    using wf-subformula-conn-cases by metis
  then show ?P FImp by auto
qed
lemma wf-conn-helper-facts[iff]:
  wf-conn CNot [\varphi]
  wf-conn CT []
  wf-conn CF []
  wf-conn (CVar x)
  wf-conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn COr [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn CImp [\varphi, \psi]
  wf-conn CEq [\varphi, \psi]
  using wf-conn.intros unfolding binary-connectives-def by fastforce+
lemma exists-c-conn: \exists c l. \varphi = conn c l \land wf\text{-}conn c l
  by (cases \varphi) force+
```

```
lemma subformula-conn-decomp[simp]:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c l
  shows \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ c \ l \lor (\exists \ \psi \in set \ l. \ \varphi \leq \psi)) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof (rule iffI)
   fix \xi
    have \varphi \leq \xi \Longrightarrow \xi = conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow \forall x :: 'a \ propo \in set \ l. \ \neg \ \varphi \leq x \Longrightarrow \varphi = conn \ c \ l
      apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
        apply simp
      using conn-inj by blast
  }
 moreover assume ?A
 ultimately show ?B using wf by metis
 assume ?B
 then show \varphi \leq conn \ c \ l \ using \ wf \ wf-subformula-conn-cases \ by \ blast
lemma subformula-leaf-explicit[simp]:
 \varphi \leq FT \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FT
 \varphi \leq \mathit{FF} \longleftrightarrow \varphi = \mathit{FF}
  \varphi \leq FVar \ x \longleftrightarrow \varphi = FVar \ x
 apply auto
 using subformula-leaf by metis +
The variables inside the formula gives precisely the variables that are needed for the formula.
primrec vars-of-prop:: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v set where
vars-of-prop\ FT = \{\}\ |
vars-of-prop\ FF = \{\} \mid
vars-of-prop\ (FVar\ x) = \{x\}\ |
vars-of-prop \ (FNot \ \varphi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi \ |
vars-of-prop \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi
vars-of-prop \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) = vars-of-prop \ \varphi \cup vars-of-prop \ \psi
lemma vars-of-prop-incl-conn:
 fixes \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } \psi :: 'v \text{ propo and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
 assumes corr: wf-conn c l and incl: \psi \in set l
  shows vars-of-prop \ \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop \ (conn \ c \ l)
proof (cases c rule: connective-cases-arity-2)
  case nullary
  then have False using corr incl by auto
  then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l) by blast
next
  case binary note c = this
  then obtain a b where ab: l = [a, b]
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp corr by metis
  then have \psi = a \vee \psi = b using incl by auto
  then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn \ c \ l)
    using ab c unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
next
  case unary note c = this
 fix \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 have l = [\psi] using corr c incl split-list by force
```

```
then show vars-of-prop \psi \subseteq vars-of-prop (conn c l) using c by auto
qed
The set of variables is compatible with the subformula order.
lemma subformula-vars-of-prop:
  \varphi \leq \psi \Longrightarrow vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop \ \varphi \subseteq vars\text{-}of\text{-}prop \ \psi
  apply (induct rule: subformula.induct)
  apply simp
  using vars-of-prop-incl-conn by blast
         Positions
4.4
Instead of 1 or 2 we use L or R
datatype sign = L \mid R
We use nil instead of \varepsilon.
fun pos :: 'v propo \Rightarrow sign list set where
pos FF = \{[]\}
pos \ FT = \{[]\} \ |
pos (FVar x) = \{[]\}
pos (FAnd \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \mid
pos (FOr \varphi \psi) = \{[]\} \cup \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi\} \cup \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi\} \mid
pos \; (\mathit{FEq} \; \varphi \; \psi) = \{[]\} \; \cup \; \{ \; L \; \# \; p \; | \; p. \; p \in \mathit{pos} \; \varphi\} \; \cup \; \{ \; R \; \# \; p \; | \; p. \; p \in \mathit{pos} \; \psi\} \; | \;
pos (FImp \varphi \psi) = \{ [] \} \cup \{ L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi \} \cup \{ R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \psi \} \}
pos (FNot \varphi) = \{ [] \} \cup \{ L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi \}
lemma finite-pos: finite (pos \varphi)
  by (induct \varphi, auto)
lemma finite-inj-comp-set:
  fixes s :: 'v \ set
  assumes finite: finite s
  and inj: inj f
  shows card (\{f \mid p \mid p. p \in s\}) = card s
  using finite
proof (induct s rule: finite-induct)
  show card \{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in \{\}\} = card \{\}  by auto
next
  \mathbf{fix}\ x::\ 'v\ \mathbf{and}\ s::\ 'v\ set
  assume f: finite s and notin: x \notin s
  and IH: card \{f \mid p \mid p. \mid p \in s\} = card \mid s \mid
```

lemma cons-inject:
 inj (op # s)

qed

by (meson injI list.inject)

have f': finite $\{f \mid p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\}$ using f by auto

using finite card-insert-disjoint f' notin' by auto

have notin': $f x \notin \{f p \mid p. p \in s\}$ using notin inj injD by fastforce have $\{f p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} = insert \ (f x) \ \{f p \mid p. p \in s\}$ by auto then have $card \ \{f p \mid p. p \in insert \ x \ s\} = 1 + card \ \{f p \mid p. p \in s\}$

moreover have ... = card (insert x s) using notin f IH by auto finally show card {f p | p. p \in insert x s} = card (insert x s).

lemma finite-insert-nil-cons:

```
finite s \Longrightarrow card\ (insert\ [\ \{L \ \#\ p\ | p.\ p \in s\}) = 1 + card\ \{L \ \#\ p\ | p.\ p \in s\}
   using card-insert-disjoint by auto
lemma cord-not[simp]:
    card (pos (FNot \varphi)) = 1 + card (pos \varphi)
by (simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
lemma card-seperate:
   assumes finite s1 and finite s2
   shows card ({L # p | p. p \in s1} \cup {R # p | p. p \in s2}) = card ({L # p | p. p \in s1})
                    + card(\lbrace R \# p \mid p. p \in s2\rbrace)  (is card(?L \cup ?R) = card?L + card?R)
proof -
   have finite ?L using assms by auto
   moreover have finite ?R using assms by auto
   moreover have ?L \cap ?R = \{\} by blast
   ultimately show ?thesis using assms card-Un-disjoint by blast
definition prop-size where prop-size \varphi = card (pos \varphi)
lemma prop-size-vars-of-prop:
   fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
   shows card (vars-of-prop \varphi) \leq prop-size \varphi
   unfolding prop-size-def apply (induct \varphi, auto simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2 :: 'v \ propo
   assume IH1: card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1) \leq card (pos \varphi 1)
   and IH2: card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq card\ (pos\ \varphi 2)
   let ?L = \{L \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi 1\}
   let ?R = \{R \# p \mid p. p \in pos \varphi 2\}
   have card (?L \cup ?R) = card ?L + card ?R
       using card-seperate finite-pos by blast
   moreover have ... = card (pos \varphi 1) + card (pos \varphi 2)
       by (simp add: cons-inject finite-inj-comp-set finite-pos)
   moreover have ... > card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1) + card (vars-of-prop \varphi 2) using IH1 IH2 by arith
    then have ... \geq card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop \varphi 2) using card-Un-le le-trans by blast
    ultimately
       show card (vars-of-prop \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop \varphi 2) \leq Suc (card (?L \cup ?R))
                 card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L \cup ?R))
                 card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1\ \cup\ vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L\ \cup\ ?R))
                 card\ (vars-of-prop\ \varphi 1 \cup vars-of-prop\ \varphi 2) \leq Suc\ (card\ (?L \cup ?R))
       by auto
qed
value pos (FImp (FAnd (FVar P) (FVar Q)) (FOr (FVar P) (FVar Q)))
inductive path-to :: sign\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow bool\ where
path-to-ref[intro]: path-to [] \varphi \varphi
path-to-l: c \in binary-connectives \lor c = CNot \Longrightarrow wf-conn c (\varphi \# l) \Longrightarrow path-to p \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow path-to-like \varphi = vf-connectives \varphi = v
    path-to (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\varphi\#l))\ \varphi'
path-to-r: c \in binary-connectives \implies wf-conn \ c \ (\psi \# \varphi \# []) \implies path-to \ p \ \varphi \ \varphi' \implies
   path-to (R\#p) (conn c (\psi\#\varphi\#[])) \varphi'
```

There is a deep link between subformulas and pathes: a (correct) path leads to a subformula

```
and a subformula is associated to a given path.
lemma path-to-subformula:
 path-to p \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \varphi' \preceq \varphi
 apply (induct rule: path-to.induct)
   apply simp
  apply (metis list.set-intros(1) subformula-into-subformula)
  using subformula-trans subformula-in-binary-conn(2) by metis
lemma subformula-path-exists:
 fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
 shows \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists p. path-to p \varphi \varphi'
proof (induct rule: subformula.induct)
  case subformula-refl
 have path-to [] \varphi' \varphi' by auto
 then show \exists p. path-to p \varphi' \varphi' by metis
next
 case (subformula-into-subformula \psi l c)
 note wf = this(2) and IH = this(4) and \psi = this(1)
 then obtain p where p: path-to p \psi \varphi' by metis
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
   assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
   then have False using subformula-into-subformula by auto
   then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
 moreover {
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have l = [\psi] using wf \psi wf-conn-Not-decomp by fastforce
   then have path-to (L \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' by (metis c wf-conn-unary p path-to-l)
  then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
  }
 moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   obtain a b where ab: [a, b] = l using subformula-into-subformula c wf-conn-bin-list-length
     list-length2-decomp by metis
   then have a = \psi \lor b = \psi using \psi by auto
   then have path-to (L \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' \vee path-to (R \# p) (conn c l) \varphi' using c path-to-l
     path-to-r p ab by (metis wf-conn-binary)
   then have \exists p. path-to p (conn c l) \varphi' by blast
 ultimately show \exists p. path-to p (conn \ c \ l) \ \varphi' using connective-cases-arity by metis
qed
fun replace-at :: sign\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo \Rightarrow 'v\ propo where
replace-at [ ] - \psi = \psi ]
replace-at (L \# l) (FAnd \varphi \varphi') \psi = FAnd (replace-at l \varphi \psi) \varphi'
```

```
fun replace-at :: sign list \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo where replace-at [] - \psi = \psi \mid replace-at [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] - [] -
```

5 Semantics over the syntax

 $\mathcal{A} \models FT = True$

fun $eval :: ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ (infix \models 50) \ where$

Given the syntax defined above, we define a semantics, by defining an evaluation function *eval*. This function is the bridge between the logic as we define it here and the built-in logic of Isabelle.

```
\mathcal{A} \models FF = False
\mathcal{A} \models FVar\ v = (\mathcal{A}\ v)
\mathcal{A} \models \mathit{FNot} \ \varphi = (\neg(\mathcal{A} \models \varphi)) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models \mathit{FAnd} \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \land \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models FOr \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \lor \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2) \mid
\mathcal{A} \models \mathit{FImp} \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \longrightarrow \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2)
\mathcal{A} \models FEq \ \varphi_1 \ \varphi_2 = (\mathcal{A} \models \varphi_1 \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{A} \models \varphi_2)
definition evalf (infix \models f 50) where
evalf \varphi \ \psi = (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longrightarrow A \models \psi)
The deduction rule is in the book. And the proof looks like to the one of the book.
theorem deduction-theorem:
  (\varphi \models f \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall A. (A \models FImp \varphi \psi))
proof
  assume H: \varphi \models f \psi
   {
     \mathbf{fix} \ A
     have A \models FImp \varphi \psi
        proof (cases A \models \varphi)
           then have A \models \psi using H unfolding evalf-def by metis
           then show A \models \mathit{FImp} \ \varphi \ \psi \ \mathsf{by} \ \mathit{auto}
           case False
           then show A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
  then show \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi by blast
  assume A: \forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi
  show \varphi \models f \psi
     proof (rule ccontr)
        assume \neg \varphi \models f \psi
        then obtain A where A \models \varphi and \neg A \models \psi using evalf-def by metis
        then have \neg A \models FImp \varphi \psi by auto
        then show False using A by blast
     qed
qed
A shorter proof:
lemma \varphi \models f \psi \longleftrightarrow (\forall A. A \models FImp \varphi \psi)
  by (simp add: evalf-def)
definition same-over-set:: ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('v \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v \ set \Rightarrow bool where
same-over-set\ A\ B\ S=(\forall\ c{\in}S.\ A\ c=B\ c)
```

If two mapping A and B have the same value over the variables, then the same formula are satisfiable.

```
lemma same-over-set-eval:

assumes same-over-set A B (vars-of-prop \varphi)

shows A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow B \models \varphi

using assms unfolding same-over-set-def by (induct \varphi, auto)

end

theory Prop-Abstract-Transformation

imports Main\ Prop-Logic\ Wellfounded-More
```

begin

This file is devoted to abstract properties of the transformations, like consistency preservation and lifting from terms to proposition.

6 Rewrite systems and properties

6.1 Lifting of rewrite rules

We can lift a rewrite relation r over a full formula: the relation r works on terms, while propo-rew-step works on formulas.

```
inductive propo-rew-step :: ('v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for r :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where global-rel: r \varphi \psi \Rightarrow propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \mid propo-rew-one-step-lift: propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \Rightarrow wf-conn c (\psi s @ \varphi \# \psi s') \Rightarrow propo-rew-step r (conn \ c \ (\psi s @ \varphi \# \psi s')) (conn \ c \ (\psi s @ \varphi' \# \psi s'))
```

Here is a more precise link between the lifting and the subformulas: if a rewriting takes place between φ and φ' , then there are two subformulas ψ in φ and ψ' in φ' , ψ' is the result of the rewriting of r on ψ .

This lemma is only a health condition:

```
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula-imp:

shows propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \psi \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi \wedge \psi' \preceq \varphi' \wedge r \psi \psi'

apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)

using subformula-simps subformula-into-subformula apply blast

using wf-conn-no-arity-change subformula-into-subformula wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper

in-set-conv-decomp by metis
```

The converse is moreover true: if there is a ψ and ψ' , then every formula φ containing ψ , can be rewritten into a formula φ' , such that it contains φ' .

```
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula-rec: fixes \psi \psi' \varphi :: 'v propo shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow r \psi \psi' \Longrightarrow (\exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi') proof (induct \varphi rule: subformula.induct) case subformula-refl hence propo-rew-step r \psi \psi' using propo-rew-step.intros by auto moreover have \psi' \preceq \psi' using Prop-Logic.subformula-refl by auto ultimately show \exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \psi \ \varphi' by fastforce next case (subformula-into-subformula \psi'' l c) note IH = this(4) and r = this(5) and \psi'' = this(1) and wf = this(2) and incl = this(3) then obtain \varphi' where *: \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ \psi'' \ \varphi' by metis moreover obtain \xi \ \xi' :: \ 'v propo list where
```

```
l: l = \xi @ \psi'' \# \xi'  using List.split-list \psi''  by metis
  ultimately have propo-rew-step r (conn c l) (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using propo-rew-step.intros(2) wf by metis
  moreover have \psi' \leq conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    \mathbf{using} \ wf * wf\text{-}conn\text{-}no\text{-}arity\text{-}change \ Prop\text{-}Logic.subformula-into\text{-}subformula}
    by (metis (no-types) in-set-conv-decomp l wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
  ultimately show \exists \varphi'. \psi' \preceq \varphi' \land propo-rew-step \ r \ (conn \ c \ l) \ \varphi' by metis
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-subformula:
  (\exists \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi') \longleftrightarrow (\exists \varphi'. \ propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi')
 using propo-rew-step-subformula-imp propo-rew-step-subformula-rec by metis+
lemma consistency-decompose-into-list:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c l and wf': wf-conn c l'
 and same: \forall n. (A \models l! n \longleftrightarrow (A \models l'! n))
 shows (A \models conn \ c \ l) = (A \models conn \ c \ l')
proof (cases c rule: connective-cases-arity-2)
  case nullary
  thus (A \models conn \ c \ l) \longleftrightarrow (A \models conn \ c \ l') using wf \ wf' by auto
next
  case unary note c = this
  then obtain a where l: l = [a] using wf-conn-Not-decomp wf by metis
  obtain a' where l': l' = [a'] using wf-conn-Not-decomp wf' c by metis
 have A \models a \longleftrightarrow A \models a' using l \ l' by (metis nth-Cons-0 same)
  thus A \models conn \ c \ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ l'  using l \ l' \ c  by auto
next
  case binary note c = this
  then obtain a b where l: l = [a, b]
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp wf by metis
  obtain a' b' where l': l' = [a', b']
    using wf-conn-bin-list-length list-length2-decomp wf' c by metis
 have p: A \models a \longleftrightarrow A \models a' A \models b \longleftrightarrow A \models b'
    using l l' same by (metis diff-Suc-1 nth-Cons' nat.distinct(2))+
  \mathbf{show}\ A \models conn\ c\ l \longleftrightarrow A \models conn\ c\ l'
    using wf c p unfolding binary-connectives-def l l' by auto
qed
Relation between propo-rew-step and the rewriting we have seen before: propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi'
means that we rewrite \psi inside \varphi (ie at a path p) into \psi'.
lemma propo-rew-step-rewrite:
 fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \ propo \ and \ r :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool
 assumes propo-rew-step r \varphi \varphi'
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ \varphi \ \psi \land replace-at \ p \ \varphi \ \psi' = \varphi'
  using assms
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  \mathbf{case}(global\text{-}rel\ \varphi\ \psi)
  moreover have path-to [] \varphi \varphi by auto
  moreover have replace-at [ \varphi \psi = \psi \text{ by } auto ]
  ultimately show ?case by metis
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi') note rel = this(1) and IH0 = this(2) and corr = this(3)
  obtain \psi \ \psi' \ p where IH: r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ \varphi \ \psi \land replace-at \ p \ \varphi \ \psi' = \varphi' using IH0 by metis
```

```
{
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
     hence False using corr by auto
     hence \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \ \psi
                       \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
       by fast
  }
 moreover {
     assume c: c = CNot
     hence empty: \xi = [] \xi' = [] using corr by auto
     have path-to (L\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
       using c empty IH wf-conn-unary path-to-l by fastforce
     moreover have replace-at (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi\ \#\ \xi')))\ \psi' = conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi'\ \#\ \xi'))
       using c empty IH by auto
     ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \ \# \ \xi'))) \ \psi
                               \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
     using IH by metis
  }
  moreover {
     assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
     have length (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = 2 using wf-conn-bin-list-length corr c by metis
     hence length \xi + length \xi' = 1 by auto
     hence ld: (length \xi = 1 \land length \ \xi' = 0) \lor (length \xi = 0 \land length \ \xi' = 1) by arith
     obtain a b where ab: (\xi=[] \land \xi'=[b]) \lor (\xi=[a] \land \xi'=[])
       using ld by (case-tac \xi, case-tac \xi', auto)
     {
       assume \varphi: \xi = [] \land \xi' = [b]
       have path-to (L\#p) (conn c (\xi@ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
          using \varphi c IH ab corr by (simp add: path-to-l)
        moreover have replace-at (L\#p) (conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi\ \#\ \xi')))\ \psi' = conn\ c\ (\xi@\ (\varphi'\ \#\ \xi'))
          using c IH ab \varphi unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
        ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi' \ p. \ r \ \psi \ \psi' \land path-to \ p \ (conn \ c \ (\xi@ \ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \ \psi
          \land replace-at p (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn \ c \ (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
          using IH by metis
     }
     moreover {
       assume \varphi: \xi = [a] \quad \xi' = []
       hence path-to (R \# p) (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi
          using c IH corr path-to-r corr \varphi by (simp add: path-to-r)
        moreover have replace-at (R \# p) (conn c (\xi @ (\varphi \# \xi'))) \psi' = conn c (\xi @ (\varphi' \# \xi'))
          using c IH ab \varphi unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
        ultimately have ?case using IH by metis
     ultimately have ?case using ab by blast
 ultimately show ?case using connective-cases-arity by blast
qed
6.2
        Consistency preservation
```

We define *preserves-un-sat*: it means that a relation preserves consistency.

```
definition preserves-un-sat where
preserves-un-sat r \longleftrightarrow (\forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi))
```

```
lemma propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit:
propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat r \Longrightarrow propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow (\forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi)
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def
proof (induction rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case global-rel
  thus ?case by simp
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi') note rel = this(1) and wf = this(2)
   and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)\ this(1)] and consistent = this(4)
  {
   \mathbf{fix} A
   from IH have \forall n. (A \models (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') ! n) = (A \models (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') ! n)
      by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) list-update-length nth-Cons-0 nth-append-length-plus
        nth-list-update-neg)
   hence (A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) = (A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
      by (meson consistency-decompose-into-list wf wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper
        wf-conn-no-arity-change)
 thus \forall A. A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longleftrightarrow A \models conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ propo-rew-step-preservers-val':
 assumes preserves-un-sat r
 shows preserves-un-sat (propo-rew-step r)
  using assms by (simp add: preserves-un-sat-def propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit)
lemma preserves-un-sat-OO[intro]:
preserves-un-sat f \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat g \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat (f \ OO \ g)
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by auto
{\bf lemma}\ star-consistency-preservation-explicit:
  assumes (propo-rew-step \ r)^* * \varphi \psi and preserves-un-sat \ r
  shows \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto\ simp\ add:\ propo-rew-step-preservers-val-explicit)
lemma star-consistency-preservation:
preserves-un-sat \ r \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat \ (propo-rew-step \ r)^**
 by (simp add: star-consistency-preservation-explicit preserves-un-sat-def)
        Full Lifting
```

6.3

In the previous a relation was lifted to a formula, now we define the relation such it is applied as long as possible. The definition is thus simply: it can be derived and nothing more can be derived.

```
lemma full-ropo-rew-step-preservers-val[simp]:
preserves-un-sat r \Longrightarrow preserves-un-sat (full\ (propo-rew-step\ r))
 by (metis full-def preserves-un-sat-def star-consistency-preservation)
lemma full-propo-rew-step-subformula:
full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi' \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg(\exists \psi \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \psi \psi')
```

definition all-subformula-st :: ('a propo \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where

7 Transformation testing

7.1 Definition and first properties

To prove correctness of our transformation, we create a *all-subformula-st* predicate. It tests recursively all subformulas. At each step, the actual formula is tested. The aim of this *test-symb* function is to test locally some properties of the formulas (i.e. at the level of the connective or at first level). This allows a clause description between the rewrite relation and the *test-symb*

```
all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \equiv \forall \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow test-symb \ \psi
lemma test-symb-imp-all-subformula-st[simp]:
  test-symb FT \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb FT
  test-symb FF \implies all-subformula-st test-symb FF
  test-symb (FVar \ x) \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (FVar \ x)
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def using subformula-leaf by metis+
\mathbf{lemma}\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}test\text{-}symb\text{-}true\text{-}phi:
  all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow test-symb \varphi
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-imp:
  wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow (test-symb (conn \ c \ l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ all-subformula-st test-symb (\varphi)
  \implies all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l)
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
To ease the finding of proofs, we give some explicit theorem about the decomposition.
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-rec:
  all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l) \Longrightarrow wf-conn c l
    \implies (test-symb (conn c l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set l. all-subformula-st test-symb <math>\varphi))
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ l :: 'v \ propo \ list
  assumes wf-conn c l
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c l)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn c l) \land (\forall \varphi \in set l. all-subformula-st test-symb <math>\varphi))
  using assms all-subformula-st-decomp-rec all-subformula-st-decomp-imp by metis
lemma helper-fact: c \in binary-connectives \longleftrightarrow (c = COr \lor c = CAnd \lor c = CEq \lor c = CImp)
  unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi)
      \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
 and all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (FNot\ \varphi) \land all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \varphi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi)
```

```
\longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
  and all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi)
     \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
proof -
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ... \longleftrightarrow test-symb (conn CAnd [\varphi, \psi])\land(\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb
\xi)
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (5) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn COr [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have \ldots \longleftrightarrow
    (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ COr\ [\varphi,\,\psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set\ [\varphi,\,\psi].\ all\text{-}subformula-st\ test\text{-}symb\ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (6) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \land all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CEq [\varphi, \psi])
    by auto
  moreover have ...
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn CEq [\varphi, \psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts(8) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FEq \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (\textit{test-symb} \; (\textit{FEq} \; \varphi \; \psi) \; \land \; \textit{all-subformula-st} \; \textit{test-symb} \; \varphi \; \land \; \textit{all-subformula-st} \; \textit{test-symb} \; \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CImp [\varphi, \psi])
  moreover have ...
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (conn CImp [\varphi, \psi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. all-subformula-st test-symb \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (7) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FImp \varphi \psi) \wedge all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \wedge all-subformula-st test-symb \psi)
    by simp
  have all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb (conn CNot [\varphi])
  moreover have ... = (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ CNot\ [\varphi]) \land (\forall \xi \in set\ [\varphi].\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ test\text{-}symb\ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf-conn-helper-facts (1) by metis
  finally show all-subformula-st test-symb (FNot \varphi)
    \longleftrightarrow (test-symb (FNot \varphi) \land all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi) by simp
qed
As all-subformula-st tests recursively, the function is true on every subformula.
\mathbf{lemma}\ subformula\mbox{-}all\mbox{-}subformula\mbox{-}st:
  \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \varphi \Longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi
  by (induct rule: subformula.induct, auto simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp)
```

The following theorem no-test-symb-step-exists shows the link between the test-symb function and the corresponding rewrite relation r: if we assume that if every time test-symb is true, then a r can be applied, finally as long as \neg all-subformula-st test-symb φ , then something can be

```
rewritten in \varphi.
lemma no-test-symb-step-exists:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. test-symb FF \land test-symb FT \land test-symb (FVar\ x)
  and \forall \varphi' . \varphi' \leq \varphi \longrightarrow (\neg test\text{-symb } \varphi') \longrightarrow (\exists \psi . r \varphi' \psi) and
  \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows (\exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi')
  using assms
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
  thus \exists \psi \ \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi'
    using wf-conn-nullary test-symb-false-nullary by fastforce
next
   case (unary \varphi) note IH = this(1)[OF\ this(2)] and r = this(2) and nst = this(3) and subf =
this(4)
  from r IH nst have H: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land (\exists \psi'. \ r \ \psi \ \psi')
    by (metis subformula-in-subformula-not subformula-refl subformula-trans)
  {
    assume n: \neg test\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi)
    obtain \psi where r (FNot \varphi) \psi using subformula-refl r n set by blast
    moreover have FNot \varphi \leq FNot \varphi using subformula-refl by auto
    ultimately have \exists \psi \ \psi'. \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \land r \ \psi \ \psi' by metis
  moreover {
    assume n: test-symb (FNot \varphi)
    hence \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
      using all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) nst subf by blast
    hence \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
      {f using}\ H\ subformula-in-subformula-not\ subformula-refl\ subformula-trans\ {f by}\ blast
  ultimately show \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq FNot \ \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi' by blast
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1-\theta = this(1)[OF\ this(4)] and IH\varphi 2-\theta = this(2)[OF\ this(4)] and r = this(4)
    and \varphi = this(3) and le = this(5) and nst = this(6)
  obtain c :: 'v \ connective \ \mathbf{where}
    c: (c = CAnd \lor c = COr \lor c = CImp \lor c = CEq) \land conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] = \varphi
    using \varphi by fastforce
  hence corr: wf-conn c [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] using wf-conn.simps unfolding binary-connectives-def by auto
  have inc: \varphi 1 \preceq \varphi \varphi 2 \preceq \varphi using binary-connectives-def c subformula-in-binary-conn by blast+
  from r \ IH \varphi 1-0 have IH \varphi 1: \neg \ all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 1 \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi \ \psi'. \ \psi \preceq \varphi 1 \ \land \ r \ \psi \ \psi'
    using inc(1) subformula-trans le by blast
  from r IH\varphi 2-0 have IH\varphi 2: \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 2 \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi 2 \land (\exists \psi'. \ r \ \psi \ \psi')
    using inc(2) subformula-trans le by blast
  have cases: \neg test-symb \varphi \lor \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 1 \lor \neg all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi 2
    using c nst by auto
  show \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \wedge r \ \psi \ \psi'
    using IH\varphi 1 IH\varphi 2 subformula-trans inc subformula-refl cases le by blast
qed
```

7.2 Invariant conservation

If two rewrite relation are independent (or at least independent enough), then the property characterizing the first relation *all-subformula-st test-symb* remains true. The next show the same property, with changes in the assumptions.

The assumption $\forall \varphi' \psi$. $\varphi' \leq \Phi \longrightarrow r \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all$ -subformula-st test-symb $\varphi' \longrightarrow all$ -subformula-st test-symb ψ means that rewriting with r does not mess up the property we want to preserve locally.

The previous assumption is not enough to go from r to propo-rew-step r: we have to add the assumption that rewriting inside does not mess up the term: $\forall c \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \ \preceq \ \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew$ -step $r \ \varphi \ \varphi' \longrightarrow wf$ -conn $c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test$ -symb $(conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi' \ \# \ \xi'))$

7.2.1 Invariant while lifting of the rewriting relation

The condition $\varphi \leq \Phi$ (that will by used with $\Phi = \varphi$ most of the time) is here to ensure that the recursive conditions on Φ will moreover hold for the subterm we are rewriting. For example if there is no equivalence symbol in Φ , we do not have to care about equivalence symbols in the two previous assumptions.

```
lemma propo-rew-step-inv-stay':
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x :: 'v
  and \varphi \psi \Phi :: 'v propo
  assumes H: \forall \varphi' \psi. \varphi' \prec \Phi \longrightarrow r \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi'
      \rightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  and H': \forall (c:: 'v connective) \xi \varphi \xi' \varphi'. \varphi \leq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step \ r \varphi \varphi'
    \longrightarrow wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \longrightarrow test-symb \varphi'
    \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \text{ and }
    propo-rew-step r \varphi \psi and
    \varphi \leq \Phi and
    all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using assms(3-5)
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case qlobal-rel
  thus ?case using H by simp
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
  note rel = this(1) and \varphi = this(2) and corr = this(3) and \Phi = this(4) and nst = this(5)
  have sq: \varphi \leq \Phi
    \mathbf{using}\ \Phi\ corr\ subformula-into-subformula\ subformula-refl\ subformula-trans
    by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}conv\text{-}decomp)
  from corr have \forall \psi. \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb } \psi
    using all-subformula-st-decomp nst by blast
  hence *: \forall \psi. \ \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi \text{ using } \varphi \text{ sq by } fastforce
  hence test-symb \varphi' using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi by auto
  moreover from corr nst have test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp by blast
  ultimately have test-symb: test-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using H' sq corr rel by blast
  have wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper corr wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
```

```
\mathbf{using} * \textit{test-symb} \ \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis all-subformula-st-decomp}) \\ \mathbf{qed}
```

The need for $\varphi \leq \Phi$ is not always necessary, hence we moreover have a version without inclusion.

```
lemma propo-rew-step-inv-stay:

fixes r:: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and test-symb:: 'v propo \Rightarrow bool and x :: 'v

and \varphi \psi :: 'v propo

assumes

H: \forall \varphi' \psi. \ r \ \varphi' \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi' \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and

H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb (conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi'))

\longrightarrow test-symb \varphi' \longrightarrow test-symb (conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi' \ \# \ \xi')) and

propo-rew-step r \ \varphi \ \psi and

all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi

shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
```

The lemmas can be lifted to propo-rew-step r^{\downarrow} instead of propo-rew-step

using propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of φ r test-symb φ ψ] assms subformula-refl by metis

7.2.2 Invariant after all rewriting

```
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \psi. propo-rew-step \ r \varphi \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi
       \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ \varphi \leq \Phi \longrightarrow propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi'
       \longrightarrow \textit{wf-conn}\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi') \longrightarrow \textit{test-symb}\ (\textit{conn}\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi')) \longrightarrow \textit{test-symb}\ \varphi'
      \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \text{ and }
      \varphi \leq \Phi and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using assms unfolding full-def
proof -
  have rel: (propo-rew-step \ r)^{**} \ \varphi \ \psi
    using full unfolding full-def by auto
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using init
    proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
      then show all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi by blast
    next
      case (step b c) note star = this(1) and IH = this(3) and one = this(2) and all = this(4)
      then have all-subformula-st test-symb b by metis
      then show all-subformula-st test-symb c using propo-rew-step-inv-stay' H H' rel one by auto
    qed
qed
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay':
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \psi. propo-rew-step \ r \varphi \psi \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ test-symb \ \varphi
       \longrightarrow all-subformula-st test-symb \psi and
```

```
H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ propo-rew-step \ r \ \varphi \ \varphi' \longrightarrow wf-conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \ \# \ \xi')
       \longrightarrow test\text{-symb}\ (conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi\ \#\ \xi'))\ \longrightarrow\ test\text{-symb}\ \varphi'\ \longrightarrow\ test\text{-symb}\ (conn\ c\ (\xi\ @\ \varphi'\ \#\ \xi')) and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc[of r test-symb \varphi] assms subformula-refl by metis
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi and
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi') \longrightarrow test-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi \ @ \ \varphi \ \# \ \xi'))
         \rightarrow test\text{-symb} \ \varphi' \longrightarrow test\text{-symb} \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) \ \text{and}
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
  unfolding full-def
proof -
  have rel: (propo-rew-step \ r)^* * \varphi \psi
    using full unfolding full-def by auto
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using init
    proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
      case base
      thus all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi by blast
    next
      case (step \ b \ c)
      note star = this(1) and IH = this(3) and one = this(2) and all = this(4)
      hence all-subformula-st test-symb b by metis
      thus all-subformula-st test-symb c
         using propo-rew-step-inv-stay subformula-refl H H' rel one by auto
    qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn:
  fixes r:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ test-symb:: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ and \ x:: 'v
  and \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes
    H: \forall \varphi \ \psi. \ r \ \varphi \ \psi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \varphi \longrightarrow all\text{-subformula-st test-symb} \ \psi \ \mathbf{and}
    H': \forall (c:: 'v \ connective) \ l \ l'. \ wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l'
        \rightarrow (test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l) \longleftrightarrow test\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ l')) and
    full: full (propo-rew-step r) \varphi \psi and
    init: all-subformula-st test-symb \varphi
  shows all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
proof -
  have \bigwedge(c:: 'v \ connective) \ \xi \ \varphi \ \xi' \ \varphi'. \ wf-conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \ \# \ \xi')
    \implies test\text{-symb} \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \implies test\text{-symb} \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
    using H' by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  thus all-subformula-st test-symb \psi
    using H full init full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay by blast
qed
```

end

```
{\bf theory}\ Prop-Normalisation\\ {\bf imports}\ Main\ Prop-Logic\ Prop-Abstract-Transformation\ ../lib/Multiset-More\\ {\bf begin}
```

Given the previous definition about abstract rewriting and theorem about them, we now have the detailed rule making the transformation into CNF/DNF.

8 Rewrite Rules

The idea of Christoph Weidenbach's book is to remove gradually the operators: first equivalencies, then implication, after that the unused true/false and finally the reorganizing the or/and. We will prove each transformation separately.

8.1 Elimination of the equivalences

The first transformation consists in removing every equivalence symbol.

```
inductive elim\text{-}equiv :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \text{where}
elim\text{-}equiv[simp]: elim\text{-}equiv \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) \ (FAnd \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \ (FImp \ \psi \ \varphi))

lemma elim\text{-}equiv\text{-}transformation\text{-}consistent:}
A \models FEq \ \varphi \ \psi \longleftrightarrow A \models FAnd \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \ (FImp \ \psi \ \varphi)
by auto

lemma elim\text{-}equiv\text{-}explicit: elim\text{-}equiv \ \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
by (induct \ rule: elim\text{-}equiv.induct, \ auto)

lemma elim\text{-}equiv\text{-}consistent: \ preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat \ elim\text{-}equiv}
unfolding preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat\text{-}def by (simp \ add: \ elim\text{-}equiv\text{-}explicit)
```

```
lemma elimEquv-lifted-consistant:
   preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv))
   by (simp add: elim-equiv-consistent)
```

This function ensures that there is no equivalencies left in the formula tested by no-equiv-symb.

```
fun no-equiv-symb :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where} no-equiv-symb (FEq - -) = False \mid no-equiv-symb - = True
```

Given the definition of *no-equiv-symb*, it does not depend on the formula, but only on the connective used.

```
lemma no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization[simp]: fixes c: 'v connective and l: 'v propo list assumes wf: wf-conn c l shows no-equiv-symb (conn c l) \longleftrightarrow c \neq CEq by (metis connective.distinct(13,25,35,43) wf no-equiv-symb.elims(3) no-equiv-symb.simps(1) wf-conn.cases wf-conn-list(6))
```

definition no-equiv where no-equiv = all-subformula-st no-equiv-symb

```
lemma no-equiv-eq[simp]:
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
shows
```

```
\neg no-equiv (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi)

no-equiv FT

no-equiv FF

using no-equiv-symb.simps(1) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding no-equiv-def by auto
```

The following lemma helps to reconstruct *no-equiv* expressions: this representation is easier to use than the set definition.

```
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-no-equiv[iff]: fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v propo shows no-equiv (FNot \ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-equiv} \ \varphi \land no\text{-equiv} \ \psi \land no\text{-equi
```

A theorem to show the link between the rewrite relation *elim-equiv* and the function *no-equiv-symb*. This theorem is one of the assumption we need to characterize the transformation.

```
lemma no-equiv-elim-equiv-step:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv: \neg no-equiv \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elim\text{-}equiv \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x::'v. \ no-equiv-symb \ FF \land no-equiv-symb \ FT \land no-equiv-symb \ (FVar \ x)
    unfolding no-equiv-def by auto
  moreover {
    fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
      assume a1: elim-equiv (conn c l) \psi
      have \bigwedge p pa. \neg elim-equiv (p::'v propo) pa \vee \neg no-equiv-symb p
        using elim-equiv.cases no-equiv-symb.simps(1) by blast
      then have elim-equiv (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no-equiv-symb (conn c l) using a1 by metis
  }
  moreover have H': \forall \psi. \neg elim-equiv FT \psi \forall \psi. \neg elim-equiv FF \psi \forall \psi x. \neg elim-equiv (FVar x) \psi
    using elim-equiv.cases by auto
  moreover have \bigwedge \varphi. \neg no-equiv-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim-equiv \varphi \psi
    by (case-tac \varphi, auto simp: elim-equiv.simps)
  then have \wedge \varphi'. \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}equiv\text{-}symb \ \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. \ elim\text{-}equiv \ \varphi' \ \psi \ \text{by force}
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists no-equiv test-symb-false-nullary unfolding no-equiv-def by blast
qed
```

Given all the previous theorem and the characterization, once we have rewritten everything, there is no equivalence symbol any more.

```
lemma no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv: full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \psi using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-equiv-elim-equiv-step by blast
```

8.2 Eliminate Implication

After that, we can eliminate the implication symbols.

```
inductive elim-imp :: 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool where [simp]: elim-imp (FImp \varphi \psi) (FOr (FNot \varphi) \psi)
```

```
lemma elim-imp-transformation-consistent:
  A \models FImp \ \varphi \ \psi \longleftrightarrow A \models FOr \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ \psi
  by auto
lemma elim-imp-explicit: elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
lemma elim-imp-consistent: preserves-un-sat elim-imp
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: elim-imp-explicit)
lemma elim-imp-lifted-consistant:
  preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp))
  by (simp add: elim-imp-consistent)
fun no-imp-symb where
no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \ (FImp - -) = False \ |
no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb - = True
lemma no-imp-symb-conn-characterization:
  \textit{wf-conn} \ c \ l \Longrightarrow \textit{no-imp-symb} \ (\textit{conn} \ c \ l) \longleftrightarrow \textit{c} \neq \textit{CImp}
  by (induction rule: wf-conn-induct) auto
definition no-imp where no-imp \equiv all-subformula-st no-imp-symb
declare no\text{-}imp\text{-}def[simp]
lemma no\text{-}imp\text{-}Imp[simp]:
  \neg no\text{-}imp \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi)
  no-imp FT
  no-imp FF
  unfolding no-imp-def by auto
lemma all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-imp[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows
    no\text{-}imp\ (FNot\ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}imp\ \varphi
    no\text{-}imp\ (FAnd\ \varphi\ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}imp\ \varphi \land no\text{-}imp\ \psi)
    no\text{-}imp\ (FOr\ \varphi\ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}imp\ \varphi \land no\text{-}imp\ \psi)
  by auto
Invariant of the elim-imp transformation
\mathbf{lemma} elim-imp-no-equiv:
  elim-imp \ \varphi \ \psi \implies no-equiv \ \varphi \implies no-equiv \ \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
lemma elim-imp-inv:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi and no-equiv \varphi
  shows no-equiv \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elim-imp no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi] assms elim-imp-no-equiv
    no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
\mathbf{lemma} no-no-imp-elim-imp-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv: \neg no-imp \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land elim-imp \ \psi \ \psi'
```

```
proof -
 have test-symb-false-nullary: \forall x. no-imp-symb FF \land no-imp-symb FT \land no-imp-symb (FVar\ (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
     fix c:: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ l :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
     have H: elim-imp (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no-imp-symb (conn c l)
       by (auto elim: elim-imp.cases)
    }
  moreover
    have H': \forall \psi. \neg elim-imp\ FT\ \psi\ \forall \psi. \neg elim-imp\ FF\ \psi\ \forall \psi\ x. \neg elim-imp\ (FVar\ x)\ \psi
      by (auto elim: elim-imp.cases)+
  moreover
    have \bigwedge \varphi. \neg no-imp-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim-imp \varphi \psi
      by (case-tac \varphi) (force simp: elim-imp.simps)+
    then have (\bigwedge \varphi' . \varphi' \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}imp\text{-}symb \varphi' \Longrightarrow \exists \psi. elim\text{-}imp \varphi' \psi) by force
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists no-equiv test-symb-false-nullary unfolding no-imp-def by blast
qed
```

lemma no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp: full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) $\varphi \psi \Longrightarrow$ no-imp ψ using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-no-imp-elim-imp-step-exists by blast

8.3 Eliminate all the True and False in the formula

Contrary to the book, we have to give the transformation and the "commutative" transformation. The latter is implicit in the book.

```
inductive elimTB where
ElimTB1: elimTB (FAnd \varphi FT) \varphi
ElimTB1': elimTB (FAnd FT \varphi) \varphi
ElimTB2: elimTB (FAnd \varphi FF) FF
ElimTB2': elimTB (FAnd FF \varphi) FF |
Elim TB3: elim TB \ (FOr \ \varphi \ FT) \ FT
ElimTB3': elimTB (FOr FT \varphi) FT |
ElimTB4: elimTB (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi |
ElimTB4': elimTB (FOr FF \varphi) \varphi |
ElimTB5: elimTB (FNot FT) FF |
ElimTB6: elimTB (FNot FF) FT
lemma elimTB-consistent: preserves-un-sat elimTB
proof -
  {
    fix \varphi \psi:: 'b propo
    have elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi by (induction rule: elimTB.inducts) auto
  then show ?thesis using preserves-un-sat-def by auto
qed
inductive no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb :: 'v \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}comp: c \neq CF \Longrightarrow c \neq CT \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l \Longrightarrow (\forall \varphi \in set \ l. \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF)
  \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (conn \ c \ l)
```

```
lemma wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff[simp]:
  wf-conn c \ \psi s \Longrightarrow
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\ (conn\ c\ \psi s) \longleftrightarrow (c \neq CF \land c \neq CT \land (\forall \psi \in set\ \psi s.\ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT))
  unfolding no-T-F-symb.simps apply (cases c)
          using wf-conn-list(1) apply fastforce
         using wf-conn-list(2) apply fastforce
        using wf-conn-list(3) apply fastforce
       apply (metis (no-types, hide-lams) conn-inj connective. distinct(5,17))
      using conn-inj apply blast+
  done
lemma wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff-explicit[simp]:
  no-T-F-symb (FAnd \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  no-T-F-symb (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  no-T-F-symb (FEq \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \chi \in set [\varphi, \psi]. \chi \neq FF \land \chi \neq FT)
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ \chi \in set \ [\varphi, \ \psi]. \ \chi \neq FF \ \land \ \chi \neq FT)
     apply (metis\ conn.simps(36)\ conn.simps(37)\ conn.simps(5)\ propo.distinct(19)
       wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
    apply (metis\ conn.simps(36)\ conn.simps(37)\ conn.simps(6)\ propo.distinct(22)
      wf-conn-helper-facts(6) wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
   using wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff apply fastforce
  by (metis conn.simps(36) conn.simps(37) conn.simps(7) propo.distinct(23) wf-conn-helper-facts(7)
    wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff)
lemma no-T-F-symb-false[simp]:
  fixes c :: 'v \ connective
  shows
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FT :: 'v \ propo)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FF :: 'v \ propo)
    by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ conn.simps(1,2)\ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}iff\ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}nullary})+
lemma no-T-F-symb-bool[simp]:
  fixes x :: 'v
  shows no-T-F-symb (FVar x)
  using no-T-F-symb-comp wf-conn-nullary by (metis connective distinct (3, 15) conn. simps (3)
    empty-iff\ list.set(1))
lemma no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp:
  \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi) \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume n: \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb (FNot \varphi)
  assume \neg (\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF)
  then have \forall \varphi' \in set [\varphi]. \ \varphi' \neq FT \land \varphi' \neq FF by auto
  moreover have wf-conn CNot [\varphi] by simp
  ultimately have no-T-F-symb (FNot \varphi)
    using no-T-F-symb.intros by (metis conn.simps(4) connective.distinct(5,17))
  then show False using n by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-symb-fnot[simp]:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (FNot \ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow \neg(\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF)
```

```
using no-T-F-symb-simps no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp by (metis conn-inj-not(2) list.set-intros(1))
Actually it is not possible to remover every FT and FF: if the formula is equal to true or false,
we can not remove it.
inductive no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel where
no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true[simp]: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FT
no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false[simp]: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel\ FF
noTrue-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel[simp]: no-T-F-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bool:
  fixes x :: 'v
  shows no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar x)
 by simp
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom:
  \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FNot }\varphi)
 by simp
{f lemma} no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes \varphi \neq FT and \varphi \neq FF and \psi \neq FT and \psi \neq FF
 and c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
  shows no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c [\varphi, \psi])
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) assms c conn.simps(4) list.discI noTrue-no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel
    wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff no-T-F-symb-fnot set-ConsD wf-conn-binary wf-conn-helper-facts(1)
   wf-conn-list-decomp(1,2))
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}if\text{-}is\text{-}a\text{-}true\text{-}false\text{:}}
  fixes l :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
  assumes corr: wf-conn c l
  and FT \in set \ l \lor FF \in set \ l
  shows \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (conn c l)
  by (metis assms empty-iff no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.simps wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff set-empty
    wf-conn-list(1,2))
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-example[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \lor \psi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor \psi = FF
  shows
   \neg no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FAnd \varphi \psi)
   \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)
   \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FImp <math>\varphi \psi)
    \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FEq <math>\varphi \psi)
  using assms no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false unfolding binary-connectives-def
   by (metis\ (no-types)\ conn.simps(5-8)\ insert-iff\ list.simps(14-15)\ wf-conn-helper-facts(5-8))+
lemma no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-not[simp]:
```

This is the local extension of no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.

by (simp add: assms no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.simps)

fixes $\varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo$

shows

assumes $\varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF$

 $\neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FNot <math>\varphi$)

```
definition no-T-F-except-top-level where no-T-F-except-top-level \equiv all-subformula-st no-T-F-symb-except-top-level
```

This is another property we will use. While this version might seem to be the one we want to prove, it is not since FT can not be reduced.

```
definition no-T-F where
no\text{-}T\text{-}F \equiv all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-false:
  fixes l :: 'v propo list and <math>c :: 'v connective
  assumes wf-conn c l
  and FT \in set \ l \lor FF \in set \ l
  shows \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (conn c l)
  by (simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp assms no-T-F-except-top-level-def
     no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false)
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-false-example[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi = FT \lor \psi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor \psi = FF
  shows
     \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)
     \neg no-T-F-except-top-level (FOr \varphi \psi)
     \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FEq <math>\varphi \psi)
     \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FImp <math>\varphi \psi)
  \mathbf{by}\ (metis\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}test\text{-}symb\text{-}true\text{-}phi\ assms\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\text{-}}def
     no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-example)+
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{:}
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel } \varphi \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \varphi
  by (induct rule: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel.induct, auto)
The two following lemmas give the precise link between the two definitions.
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{:}
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\ \varphi \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FF \Longrightarrow \varphi \neq FT \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\ \varphi
  unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def no-T-F-def apply (induct \varphi)
  using no-T-F-symb-fnot by fastforce+
lemma no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \varphi
  unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def no-T-F-def
  unfolding all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma\ no-T-F-except-top-level-simp[simp]:\ no-T-F-except-top-level\ FF\ no-T-F-except-top-level\ FT
  unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by auto
lemma no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level'[simp]:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\ }\varphi\longleftrightarrow(\varphi=FF\vee\varphi=FT\vee no\text{-}T\text{-}F\ \varphi)
  \mathbf{using}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level}
  by auto
lemma no-T-F-bin-decomp[simp]:
  assumes c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
  shows no-T-F (conn\ c\ [\varphi,\psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F\ \varphi \land no-T-F\ \psi)
proof -
```

```
have \textit{wf} : \textit{wf-conn} \ c \ [\varphi, \ \psi] \ \mathbf{using} \ c \ \mathbf{by} \ \textit{auto}
  then have no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F-symb (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \land no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
    by (simp add: all-subformula-st-decomp no-T-F-def)
  then show no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
    \mathbf{using}\ c\ wf\ all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}decomp\ list.discI\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}def\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}bin\text{-}decom}
       no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) wf-conn-helper-facts(2,3)
      wf-conn-list(1,2) by metis
qed
lemma no-T-F-bin-decomp-expanded[simp]:
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \lor c = CEq \lor c = CImp
  shows no-T-F (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow (no-T-F \varphi \land no-T-F \psi)
  using no-T-F-bin-decomp assms unfolding binary-connectives-def by blast
lemma no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FOr \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FEq \ \varphi \ \psi) \ \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
    no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ (FImp \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F \ \psi)
  using assms conn.simps(5-8) no-T-F-bin-decomp-expanded by (metis (no-types))+
lemma no-T-F-comp-not[simp]:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows no-T-F (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow no-T-F \varphi
  by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def
    no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-symb-fnot-imp)
lemma no-T-F-decomp:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi: no-T-F (FAnd \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FOr \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FEq \varphi \psi) \vee no-T-F (FImp \varphi \psi)
  shows no-T-F \psi and no-T-F \varphi
  using assms by auto
lemma no-T-F-decomp-not:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes \varphi: no-T-F (FNot \varphi)
  shows no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi
  using assms by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}step\text{-}exists\text{:}}
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
  shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg \text{ no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel } \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. \text{ elimTB } \psi \psi'
proof (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi'(x))
  then have False using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false by auto
  then show ?case by blast
next
  case (unary \psi)
  then have \psi = FF \lor \psi = FT using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom by blast
  then show ?case using ElimTB5 ElimTB6 by blast
next
  case (binary \varphi' \psi 1 \psi 2)
```

```
note IH1 = this(1) and IH2 = this(2) and \varphi' = this(3) and F\varphi = this(4) and n = this(5)
    assume \varphi' = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
    then have False using n F\varphi subformula-all-subformula-st assms
      by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ no\text{-}equiv\text{-}eq(1)\ no\text{-}equiv\text{-}def\ no\text{-}imp\text{-}Imp(1)\ no\text{-}imp\text{-}def)
    then have ?case by blast
  moreover {
    assume \varphi': \varphi' = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
    then have \psi 1 = FT \vee \psi 2 = FT \vee \psi 1 = FF \vee \psi 2 = FF
     using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom conn.simps(5,6) n unfolding binary-connectives-def
     by fastforce+
    then have ?case using elimTB.intros \varphi' by blast
 ultimately show ?case using \varphi' by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes noTB: \neg no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi and no-imp: no-imp
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land elimTB \ \psi \ \psi'
  have test-symb-false-nullary: <math>\forall x. no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FF:: 'v propo)
    \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel FT \land no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (FVar (x::'v)) by auto
  moreover {
     fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
     have H: elimTB (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (conn c l)
      by (cases (conn c l) rule: elimTB.cases, auto)
 moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     have H': no-T-F-except-top-level FT no-T-F-except-top-level FF
       no-T-F-except-top-level (FVar x)
      by (auto simp: no-T-F-except-top-level-def test-symb-false-nullary)
  }
 moreover {
     have \psi \prec \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel }\psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. elimTB \psi \psi'
      using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists no-equiv no-imp by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using no-test-symb-step-exists noTB unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by blast
qed
lemma elimTB-inv:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step elimTB) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi
proof -
  {
     \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
     have H: elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elimTB.induct, auto)
  }
```

```
then show no-equiv \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elimTB no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi]
     no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization assms unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
next
    \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
    have H: elimTB \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \psi
      by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elimTB.induct, auto)
  then show no-imp \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of elimTB no-imp-symb \varphi \psi] assms
     no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def by metis
qed
lemma elimTB-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and full (propo-rew-step elimTB) \varphi \psi
  shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
  using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-T-F-except-top-level-rew assms elimTB-inv by fastforce
8.4
        PushNeg
Push the negation inside the formula, until the litteral.
inductive pushNeg where
PushNeg1[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi)) (FOr (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
PushNeg2[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FOr \varphi \psi)) (FAnd (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
PushNeg3[simp]: pushNeg (FNot (FNot \varphi)) \varphi
lemma pushNeq-transformation-consistent:
A \models FNot \ (FAnd \ \varphi \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow A \models (FOr \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ (FNot \ \psi))
A \models FNot (FOr \varphi \psi) \longleftrightarrow A \models (FAnd (FNot \varphi) (FNot \psi))
A \models FNot (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow A \models \varphi
 by auto
lemma pushNeg-explicit: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
lemma pushNeq-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushNeq
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: pushNeg-explicit)
lemma pushNeg-lifted-consistant:
preserves-un-sat (full (propo-rew-step pushNeg))
 by (simp add: pushNeg-consistent)
fun simple where
simple\ FT=True
simple FF = True
simple (FVar -) = True \mid
simple - = False
lemma simple-decomp:
  simple \ \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \lor (\exists x. \ \varphi = FVar \ x))
```

```
by (cases \varphi) auto
{f lemma}\ subformula\mbox{-}conn\mbox{-}decomp\mbox{-}simple:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes s: simple \psi
  shows \varphi \leq FNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ \psi \lor \varphi = \psi)
proof -
  have \varphi \leq conn \ CNot \ [\psi] \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = conn \ CNot \ [\psi] \lor (\exists \ \psi \in set \ [\psi]. \ \varphi \leq \psi))
    \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{subformula-conn-decomp} \ \ \mathit{wf-conn-helper-facts}(1) \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{metis}
  then show \varphi \leq FNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ \psi \lor \varphi = \psi) using s by (auto simp: simple-decomp)
qed
lemma subformula-conn-decomp-explicit[simp]:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo \ {\bf and} \ x :: 'v
  shows
    \varphi \leq FNot \ FT \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ FT \lor \varphi = FT)
    \varphi \leq FNot \ FF \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ FF \lor \varphi = FF)
    \varphi \leq FNot \ (FVar \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\varphi = FNot \ (FVar \ x) \lor \varphi = FVar \ x)
  by (auto simp: subformula-conn-decomp-simple)
fun simple-not-symb where
simple-not-symb \ (FNot \ \varphi) = (simple \ \varphi) \mid
simple-not-symb -= True
definition simple-not where
simple-not = all-subformula-st\ simple-not-symb
declare simple-not-def[simp]
lemma simple-not-Not[simp]:
  \neg simple-not (FNot (FAnd \varphi \psi))
  \neg simple-not (FNot (FOr \varphi \psi))
  by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-not-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi
  shows \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. pushNeg \psi \psi'
  apply (induct \psi, auto)
  apply (rename-tac \psi, case-tac \psi, auto intro: pushNeg.intros)
  by (metis\ assms(1,2)\ no-imp-Imp(1)\ no-equiv-eq(1)\ no-imp-def\ no-equiv-def
    subformula-in-subformula-not\ subformula-all-subformula-st)+
lemma simple-not-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg simple-not \varphi and no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi and no-imp: no-imp \varphi
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi'. \psi \preceq \varphi \land pushNeg \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have \forall x. \ simple-not-symb \ (FF:: 'v \ propo) \land simple-not-symb \ FT \land simple-not-symb \ (FVar \ (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
     fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo
     have H: pushNeg (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb (conn c l)
       by (cases (conn c l) rule: pushNeg.cases) auto
  }
```

```
moreover {
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
     have H': simple-not\ FT\ simple-not\ FF\ simple-not\ (FVar\ x)
       by simp-all
  moreover {
     fix \psi :: 'v \ propo
     have \psi \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg simple-not-symb \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. pushNeg \psi \psi'
       using simple-not-step-exists no-equiv no-imp by blast
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis using no-test-symb-step-exists no TB unfolding simple-not-def by blast
qed
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg1:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FNot (FAnd <math>\varphi \psi)) \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FOr (FNot <math>\varphi))
 \mathbf{using}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}all\text{-}subformula\text{-}st\text{-}no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}comp\text{-}not\ no\text{-}}T\text{-}F\text{-}decomp(1)
    no-T-F-decomp(2) no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by (metis\ no-T-F-comp-expanded-explicit(2)
      propo.distinct(5,17)
lemma no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg2:
  no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FNot (FOr <math>\varphi \psi)) \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level (FAnd (FNot <math>\varphi) (FNot \psi))
  by auto
lemma no-T-F-symb-pushNeg:
  no-T-F-symb (FOr (FNot \varphi') (FNot \psi'))
  no-T-F-symb (FAnd (FNot \varphi') (FNot \psi'))
  no-T-F-symb (FNot (FNot \varphi'))
  by auto
lemma propo-rew-step-pushNeq-no-T-F-symb:
  propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb } \psi
  apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  apply (cases rule: pushNeg.cases)
  apply simp-all
  apply (metis\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}pushNeg(1))
  apply (metis no-T-F-symb-pushNeq(2))
  apply (simp, metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def)
proof -
  fix \varphi \varphi':: 'a propo and c:: 'a connective and \xi \xi':: 'a propo list
  assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \varphi'
  and IH: no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-symb \varphi'
  and wf: wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
  and n: conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = FF \lor conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi') = FT \lor no-T-F \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
  and x: c \neq CF \land c \neq CT \land \varphi \neq FF \land \varphi \neq FT \land (\forall \psi \in set \ \xi \cup set \ \xi'. \ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT)
  then have c \neq CF \land c \neq CF \land wf\text{-}conn\ c\ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
    using wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-no-arity-change by metis
  moreover have n': no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) using n by (simp add: wf wf-conn-list(1,2))
  moreover
    have no-T-F \varphi
      by (metis Un-iff all-subformula-st-decomp list.set-intros(1) n' wf no-T-F-def set-append)
    moreover then have no-T-F-symb \varphi
      by (simp add: all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi no-T-F-def)
    ultimately have \varphi' \neq FF \land \varphi' \neq FT
      using IH no-T-F-symb-false(1) no-T-F-symb-false(2) by blast
```

```
then have \forall \psi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \psi \neq FF \land \psi \neq FT \ using \ x \ by \ auto
 ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by (simp add: x)
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F:
  propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case global-rel
 then show ?case
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb
     no-T-F-def no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg1 no-T-F-except-top-level-pushNeg2
     no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level \ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit (3) \ pushNeg. simps
     simple.simps(1,2,5,6))
next
 case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
 note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
 moreover have wf': wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')
   \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{wf-conn-no-arity-change} \ \mathit{wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper} \ \mathit{wf} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{metis}
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
   using \ all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi
   by (fastforce simp: no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp wf wf')
\mathbf{qed}
lemma pushNeg-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \varphi \psi
   and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
   then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
       {
         assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
         from rel this have False
           apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
             using pushNeg.cases apply blast
           using wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) by auto
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       }
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         then have no-T-F \varphi
           by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
         then have no-T-F \psi
           using propo-rew-step-pushNeg-no-T-F rel by auto
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
     qed
```

```
}
  moreover {
    fix c :: 'v \ connective \ {\bf and} \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ {\bf and} \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step pushNeg \zeta \zeta'
    and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
    and corr: wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi')
    and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F
        by blast
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: pushNeg.cases, auto)
        by (metis assms(4) no-T-F-symb-except-top-level-false-not no-T-F-except-top-level-def
          all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi\ subformula-in-subformula-not
          subformula-all-subformula-st\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1)
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change)+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        by (metis corr no-T-F-symb-comp wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
    qed
  }
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc[of pushNeg no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi] assms
     subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def full-unfold by metis
next
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}equiv \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
  then show no-equiv \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of pushNeg no-equiv-symb \varphi \psi]
   no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization assms unfolding no-equiv-def full-unfold by metis
next
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: pushNeg \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}imp \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: pushNeg.induct, auto)
 then show no-imp \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of pushNeg no-imp-symb \varphi \psi] assms
     no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def full-unfold by metis
qed
lemma pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
```

```
no-equiv \varphi and
    no-imp \varphi and
    full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi \psi and
    no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi
  shows simple-not \psi
  using assms full-propo-rew-step-subformula pushNeq-inv(1,2) simple-not-rew by blast
8.5
         Push inside
inductive push-conn-inside :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool
  for c c':: 'v connective where
push\text{-}conn\text{-}inside\text{-}l[simp]: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  \implies push\text{-}conn\text{-}inside\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\ \varphi 2],\ \psi])
         (conn\ c'\ [conn\ c\ [\varphi 1,\ \psi],\ conn\ c\ [\varphi 2,\ \psi]])\ |
push-conn-inside-r[simp]: c = CAnd \lor c = COr \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  \implies push-conn-inside c c' (conn c [\psi, conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]])
    (conn\ c'\ [conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi 1],\ conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi 2]])
lemma push-conn-inside-explicit: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
  by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
lemma push-conn-inside-consistent: preserves-un-sat (push-conn-inside c c')
  unfolding preserves-un-sat-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-explicit)
lemma propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside[simp]:
 \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FT \psi \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FF \psi
 proof -
  {
      fix \varphi \psi
      have push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT\ \lor \varphi = FF \Longrightarrow False
        by (induct rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
    \} note H = this
    fix \varphi
    have propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow \varphi = FT \lor \varphi = FF \Longrightarrow False
      apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1) wf-conn-list(2))
      using H by blast+
  then show
    \neg propo-rew-step \ (push-conn-inside \ c \ c') \ FT \ \psi
    \neg propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') FF \psi by blast+
qed
inductive not-c-in-c'-symb:: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for c c' where
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}l[simp]: wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \varphi'], \ \psi] \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \ \varphi']
  \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi,\ \varphi'],\ \psi])\ |
not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}r[simp]: wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\psi, conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \varphi']] \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi, \varphi']
  \implies not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, conn c' [\varphi, \varphi']])
abbreviation c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi \equiv \neg not-c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
lemma c-in-c'-symb-simp:
```

 $not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \xi \Longrightarrow \xi = FF\ \lor\ \xi = FT\ \lor\ \xi = FVar\ x\ \lor\ \xi = FNot\ FF\ \lor\ \xi = FNot\ FT$

```
\vee \xi = FNot \ (FVar \ x) \Longrightarrow False
  apply (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct, auto simp: wf-conn.simps wf-conn-list(1-3))
  using conn-inj-not(2) wf-conn-binary unfolding binary-connectives-def by fastforce+
lemma c-in-c'-symb-simp'[simp]:
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ FF
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ FT
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ x)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ FF)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ FT)
  \neg not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ (FVar\ x))
  using c-in-c'-symb-simp by metis+
definition c-in-c'-only where
c-in-c'-only c c' \equiv all-subformula-st (c-in-c'-symb c c')
lemma c-in-c'-only-simp[simp]:
  c-in-c'-only c c' FF
  c-in-c'-only c c' FT
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FVar x)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot FF)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot FT)
  c-in-c'-only c c' (FNot (FVar x))
  unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
lemma not-c-in-c'-symb-commute:
  not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \xi \Longrightarrow wf\text{-}conn\ c\ [\varphi,\,\psi] \Longrightarrow \xi = conn\ c\ [\varphi,\,\psi]
    \implies not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\varphi])
proof (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
  case (not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}r\ \varphi'\ \varphi''\ \psi') note H=this
  then have \psi: \psi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi'', \ \psi'] using conn-inj by auto
  have wf-conn c [conn c' [\varphi'', \psi'], \varphi]
    using H(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change length-Cons by metis
  then show not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
    unfolding \psi using not-c-in-c'-symb.intros(1) H by auto
  case (not-c-in-c'-symb-l \varphi' \varphi'' \psi') note H = this
  then have \varphi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi', \ \varphi''] using conn-inj by auto
  moreover have wf-conn c [\psi', conn \ c' \ [\varphi', \varphi'']]
    using H(1) wf-conn-no-arity-change length-Cons by metis
  ultimately show not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
    using not-c-in-c'-symb.intros(2) conn-inj not-c-in-c'-symb-l.hyps
      not\text{-}c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\text{-}l.prems(1,2) by blast
qed
lemma not-c-in-c'-symb-commute':
  wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi] \implies c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi])
  using not-c-in-c'-symb-commute wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis length-Cons)
lemma not-c-in-c'-comm:
  assumes wf: wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
  shows c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [\varphi, \psi]) \longleftrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [\psi, \varphi]) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
  have ?A \longleftrightarrow (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\varphi,\ \psi])
```

```
\land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\varphi, \psi]. \ all\text{-subformula-st} \ (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c') \ \xi))
    using all-subformula-st-decomp wf unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by fastforce
  also have ... \longleftrightarrow (c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi])
                      \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\psi, \varphi]. \ all-subformula-st \ (c-in-c'-symb \ c \ c') \ \xi))
    using not-c-in-c'-symb-commute' wf by auto
  also
    have wf-conn c [\psi, \varphi] using wf-conn-no-arity-change wf by (metis length-Cons)
    then have (c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [\psi,\ \varphi])
              \land (\forall \xi \in set \ [\psi, \varphi]. \ all-subformula-st \ (c-in-c'-symb \ c \ c') \ \xi))
      using all-subformula-st-decomp unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by fastforce
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma not-c-in-c'-simp[simp]:
  fixes \varphi 1 \varphi 2 \psi :: 'v \text{ propo} \text{ and } x :: 'v
  shows
  c-in-c'-symb c c' FT
  c-in-c'-symb c c' FF
  c-in-c'-symb c c' (FVar x)
  wf-conn c [conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2], \psi] \Longrightarrow wf-conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
    \implies \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c\ c'\ (conn\ c\ [conn\ c'\ [\varphi 1,\ \varphi 2],\ \psi])
  apply (simp-all add: c-in-c'-only-def)
  using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi not-c-in-c'-symb-l by blast
lemma c-in-c'-symb-not[simp]:
  fixes c c' :: 'v connective and \psi :: 'v propo
  shows c-in-c'-symb c c' (FNot \psi)
proof -
    fix \xi :: 'v propo
    have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (FNot \psi) \Longrightarrow False
      apply (induct FNot \psi rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
      using conn-inj-not(2) by blast+
 then show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma c-in-c'-symb-step-exists:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb }c\ c'\ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists\ \psi'.\ push\text{-conn-inside }c\ c'\ \psi\ \psi'
  \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{induct} \ \psi \ \mathit{rule:} \ \mathit{propo-induct-arity})
  apply auto[2]
proof -
  fix \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
  assume IH\psi 1: \psi 1 \preceq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ \psi 1 \Longrightarrow Ex \ (push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi 1)
  and IH\psi 2: \psi 1 \leq \varphi \implies \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ \psi 1 \implies Ex \ (push\text{-conn-inside } c \ c' \ \psi 1)
  and \varphi': \varphi' = FAnd \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FOr \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FImp \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \lor \varphi' = FEq \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2
  and in\varphi: \varphi' \prec \varphi and n\theta: \neg c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb\ c\ c'\ \varphi'
  then have n: not-c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi' by auto
    assume \varphi': \varphi' = conn \ c \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]
    obtain a b where \psi 1 = conn \ c' \ [a, \ b] \lor \psi 2 = conn \ c' \ [a, \ b]
      using n \varphi' apply (induct rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct)
```

```
using c by force+
    then have Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi')
      unfolding \varphi' apply auto
      using push-conn-inside.intros(1) c c'apply blast
      using push-conn-inside.intros(2) c c' by blast
  }
  moreover {
     assume \varphi': \varphi' \neq conn \ c \ [\psi 1, \psi 2]
     have \forall \varphi \ c \ ca. \ \exists \varphi 1 \ \psi 1 \ \psi 2 \ \psi 1' \ \psi 2' \ \varphi 2'. \ conn \ (c::'v \ connective) \ [\varphi 1, \ conn \ ca \ [\psi 1, \ \psi 2]] = \varphi
              \vee conn c [conn ca [\psi 1', \psi 2'], \varphi 2'] = \varphi \vee c-in-c'-symb c ca \varphi
       by (metis not-c-in-c'-symb.cases)
     then have Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi')
       by (metis (no-types) c c' n push-conn-inside-l push-conn-inside-r)
  }
  ultimately show Ex (push-conn-inside c c' \varphi') by blast
qed
lemma c-in-c'-symb-rew:
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  assumes noTB: \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only }c\ c'\ \varphi
  and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \leq \varphi \land push-conn-inside \ c \ c' \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x. \ c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ (FF:: 'v \ propo) \land c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \ FT
      \land c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb}\ c\ c'\ (FVar\ (x::\ 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
    \mathbf{have} \quad H': \ c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb \ c \ c' \ FT \ c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb \ c \ c' \ FF \ c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}symb \ c \ c' \ (FVar \ x)
      by simp+
  }
  moreover {
    fix \psi :: 'v \ propo
    have \psi \prec \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb } c \ c' \ \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \ \psi'. \ push\text{-conn-inside } c \ c' \ \psi \ \psi'
      by (auto simp: assms(2) c' c-in-c'-symb-step-exists)
  ultimately show ?thesis using noTB no-test-symb-step-exists[of c-in-c'-symb c c']
    unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by metis
qed
lemma push-conn-insidec-in-c'-symb-no-T-F:
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
  shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  case (global-rel \varphi \psi)
  then show no-T-F \psi
    by (cases rule: push-conn-inside.cases, auto)
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
  note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3) and no\text{-}T\text{-}F = this(4)
  have no-T-F \varphi
    using wf no-T-F no-T-F-def subformula-into-subformula subformula-all-subformula-st
    subformula-refl by (metis (no-types) in-set-conv-decomp)
```

```
then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi' using IH by blast
 have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta by (metis wf no-T-F no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp)
  then have n: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ no-T-F \ \zeta \ using \ \varphi' \ by \ auto
  then have n': \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FF \land \zeta \neq FT
   using \varphi' by (metis\ no-T-F-symb-false(1)\ no-T-F-symb-false(2)\ no-T-F-def
     all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi)
 have wf': wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
   using wf wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
   assume c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
   then have False using wf by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by blast
 moreover {
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have \xi = [\xi' = [using wf by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     using c by (metis\ \varphi'\ conn.simps(4)\ no-T-F-symb-false(1,2)\ no-T-F-symb-fnot\ no-T-F-def
       all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3) all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi self-append-conv2)
  }
 moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using wf' n' no-T-F-symb.simps by fastforce
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-imp wf' n no-T-F-def)
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using connective-cases-arity by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv:
propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \implies simple \varphi \implies simple \psi
 apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 apply (rename-tac \varphi, case-tac \varphi, auto simp: push-conn-inside.simps)
 by (metis\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1)\ simple.elims(2)\ wf-conn-list(1-3))
\mathbf{lemma}\ simple-propo-rew-step-inv-push-conn-inside-simple-not:
 fixes c c' :: 'v connective and \varphi \psi :: 'v propo
 shows propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case (global-rel \varphi \psi)
 then show ?case by (cases \varphi, auto simp: push-conn-inside.simps)
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' ca \xi \xi') note rew = this(1) and IH = this(2) and wf = this(3)
  and simple = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (cases ca rule: connective-cases-arity)
     then show ?thesis using propo-rew-one-step-lift by auto
   next
     case binary note ca = this
```

```
obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, b]
       using wf ca list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length
       by (metis (no-types) wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
     have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). simple-not \zeta
       by (metis wf all-subformula-st-decomp simple simple-not-def)
     then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). simple-not \ \zeta \ using \ IH \ by \ simp
     moreover have simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using ca
     by (metis\ ab\ conn.simps(5-8)\ helper-fact\ simple-not-symb.simps(5)\ simple-not-symb.simps(6)
        simple-not-symb.simps(7) simple-not-symb.simps(8))
     ultimately show ?thesis
      by (simp add: ab all-subformula-st-decomp ca)
   next
     case unary
     then show ?thesis
       using rew simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv[OF rew] IH local.wf simple by auto
   qed
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-simple-not:
 fixes \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
 assumes
   propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi' and
   wf-conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi \# \xi') and
   simple-not-symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) and
   simple-not-symb \varphi'
 shows simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
 using assms
proof (induction rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
print-cases
 case (qlobal-rel)
 then show ?case
   by (metis conn.simps(12,17) list.discI push-conn-inside.cases simple-not-symb.elims(3)
     wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-list(2) wf-conn-list(8) wf-conn-no-arity-change
     wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
next
  case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c' \chi s \chi s') note tel = this(1) and wf = this(2) and
   IH = this(3) and wf' = this(4) and simple' = this(5) and simple = this(6)
  then show ?case
   proof (cases c' rule: connective-cases-arity)
     case nullary
     then show ?thesis using wf simple simple' by auto
   next
     case binary note c = this(1)
     have corr': wf-conn c (\xi @ conn c' (\chi s @ \varphi' # \chi s') # \xi')
       using wf wf-conn-no-arity-change
       by (metis wf' wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
     then show ?thesis
       using c propo-rew-one-step-lift wf
       by (metis conn.simps(17) connective.distinct(37) propo-rew-step-subformula-imp
        push-conn-inside.cases\ simple-not-symb.elims(3)\ wf-conn.simps\ wf-conn-list(2,8))
   \mathbf{next}
     then have empty: \chi s = [] \chi s' = [] using wf by auto
     then show ?thesis using simple unary simple' wf wf'
       by (metis connective.distinct(37) connective.distinct(39) propo-rew-step-subformula-imp
```

```
push-conn-inside.cases simple-not-symb.elims(3) tel wf-conn-list(8)
         wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
   qed
qed
lemma push-conn-inside-not-true-false:
  push-conn-inside\ c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow \psi \neq FT\ \land\ \psi \neq FF
  by (induct rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
lemma push-conn-inside-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c')) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
proof -
  {
    {
       fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
       have H: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
         \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \psi
         by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
     \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \psi
     apply (induct \varphi \psi rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
     using H apply simp
     proof (rename-tac \varphi \varphi' ca \psi s \psi s', case-tac ca rule: connective-cases-arity)
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } c:: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi':: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x:: 'v
       assume wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and c = CT \lor c = CF \lor c = CVar x
       then have \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [] by auto
       then have False by auto
       then show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) by blast
       fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } ca:: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi':: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x :: 'v
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
       and \varphi - \varphi': all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
       and corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and n: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
       and c: ca = CNot
       have empty: \xi = [\xi' = [using \ c \ corr \ by \ auto]
       then have simple-not:all-subformula-st\ simple-not-symb\ (FNot\ \varphi) using corr\ c\ n by auto
       then have simple \varphi
         using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi simple-not-symb.simps(1) by blast
       then have simple \varphi'
         using rel simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv by blast
       then show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty
         by (metis simple-not \varphi - \varphi' append-Nil conn.simps(4) all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)
           simple-not-symb.simps(1))
     next
```

```
fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } ca :: 'v \text{ connective and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list}
       and x :: 'v
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
       and n\varphi: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi \implies all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi'
       and corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
       and n: all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
       and c: ca \in binary\text{-}connectives
       have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi
         using n c corr all-subformula-st-decomp by fastforce
       then have \varphi': all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \varphi' using n\varphi by blast
       obtain a b where ab: [a, b] = (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
         using corr c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
       then have \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi'] \lor (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') = [\varphi', b]
         using ab by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2
           append-is-Nil-conv\ butlast.simps(2)\ butlast-append\ list.sel(3)\ tl-append2)
       moreover
       {
          fix \chi :: 'v \ propo
          have wf': wf-conn ca [a, b]
            using ab corr by presburger
          have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca [a, b])
            using ab n by presburger
          then have all-subformula-st simple-not-symb \chi \vee \chi \notin set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
            using wf' by (metis (no-types) \varphi' all-subformula-st-decomp calculation insert-iff
              list.set(2)
       then have \forall \varphi. \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') \longrightarrow all-subformula-st \ simple-not-symb \ \varphi
           by (metis\ (no-types))
       moreover have simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
         using ab conn-inj-not(1) corr wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-no-arity-change
           not-Cons-self2 self-append-conv2 simple-not-symb.elims(3) by (metis (no-types) c
           calculation(1) wf-conn-binary)
       moreover have wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi') using c calculation(1) by auto
       ultimately show all-subformula-st simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
         by (metis all-subformula-st-decomp-imp)
     qed
  }
  moreover {
    fix ca :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \varphi \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
    have propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
      \implies simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')) \implies simple-not-symb \varphi'
      \implies simple-not-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
      by (metis append-self-conv2 conn.simps(4) conn-inj-not(1) simple-not-symb.elims(3)
        simple-not-symb.simps(1) simple-propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside-inv
        wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-no-arity-change)
  ultimately show simple-not \ \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of push-conn-inside c c' simple-not-symb] assms
   unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def simple-not-def full-unfold by metis
next
  {
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
```

```
\implies no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \psi
       and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
       then have no-T-F \varphi \vee \varphi = FF \vee \varphi = FT
         by (metis no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
       moreover {
         assume \varphi = FF \vee \varphi = FT
         then have False using rel propo-rew-step-push-conn-inside by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       }
       moreover {
         assume no-T-F \varphi \land \varphi \neq FF \land \varphi \neq FT
         then have no-T-F \psi using rel push-conn-insidec-in-c'-symb-no-T-F by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi using no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by blast
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
     qed
  }
  moreover {
    fix ca :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \varphi \ \varphi' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c') \varphi \varphi'
    assume corr: wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
    then have c: ca \neq CT \land ca \neq CF by auto
    assume no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn ca (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have c: ca \neq CT \land ca \neq CF using corr by auto
      have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF
        using corr no-T-F no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-if-is-a-true-false by blast
      then have \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF by auto
      from rel this have \varphi' \neq FT \land \varphi' \neq FF
        apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv conn.simps(2) conn-inj list.distinct(1)
          wf\text{-}conn\text{-}helper\text{-}facts(3) \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(1) \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}no\text{-}arity\text{-}change
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper push-conn-inside-not-true-false)+
      then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF \ using \ \zeta \ by \ auto
      moreover have wf-conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')
        using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn ca (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using no-T-F-symb intros c by metis
    qed
  }
  ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay'[of push-conn-inside c c' no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel]
   assms unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def full-unfold by metis
next
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have H: push-conn-inside c\ c'\ \varphi\ \psi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-equiv \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
  then show no-equiv \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of push-conn-inside c c' no-equiv-symb] assms
   no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-equiv-def by metis
```

```
next
   fix \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
   have H: push-conn-inside c c' \varphi \psi \implies no\text{-imp } \varphi \implies no\text{-imp } \psi
     by (induct \varphi \psi rule: push-conn-inside.induct, auto)
 then show no-imp \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-conn[of push-conn-inside c c' no-imp-symb] assms
   no-imp-symb-conn-characterization unfolding no-imp-def by metis
qed
lemma push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   no-equiv \varphi and
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step (push-conn-inside c c')) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and
   simple-not \varphi and
   c = CAnd \lor c = COr and
   c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows c-in-c'-only c c' \psi
 using c-in-c'-symb-rew assms full-propo-rew-step-subformula by blast
          Only one type of connective in the formula (+ \text{ not})
8.5.1
inductive only-c-inside-symb :: 'v connective \Rightarrow 'v propo \Rightarrow bool for c:: 'v connective where
simple-only-c-inside[simp]: simple \varphi \implies only-c-inside-symb \ c \ \varphi \ |
simple-cnot-only-c-inside[simp]: simple \varphi \implies only-c-inside-symb \ c \ (FNot \ \varphi) \ |
only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside: wf-conn c \ l \implies only-c-inside-symb c \ (conn \ c \ l)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-simp[simp]:
  only-c-inside-symb c FF only-c-inside-symb c FT only-c-inside-symb c (FVar x) by auto
definition only-c-inside where only-c-inside c = all-subformula-st (only-c-inside-symb c)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-decomp:
  only-c-inside-symb c \psi \longleftrightarrow (simple \psi)
                             \vee (\exists \varphi'. \psi = FNot \varphi' \wedge simple \varphi')
                              \vee (\exists l. \ \psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l))
 by (auto simp: only-c-inside-symb.intros(3)) (induct rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto)
lemma only-c-inside-symb-decomp-not[simp]:
 fixes c :: 'v \ connective
 assumes c: c \neq CNot
 shows only-c-inside-symb c (FNot \psi) \longleftrightarrow simple \psi
 apply (auto simp: only-c-inside-symb.intros(3))
 by (induct FNot \psi rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(8) c)
lemma only-c-inside-decomp-not[simp]:
  assumes c: c \neq CNot
 shows only-c-inside c (FNot \psi) \longleftrightarrow simple \psi
```

```
only\text{-}c\text{-}inside\text{-}def \ only\text{-}c\text{-}inside\text{-}symb\text{-}decomp\text{-}not \ simple\text{-}only\text{-}c\text{-}inside}
   subformula-conn-decomp-simple)
lemma only-c-inside-decomp:
  only-c-inside c \varphi \longleftrightarrow
   (\forall \psi. \ \psi \preceq \varphi \longrightarrow (simple \ \psi \lor (\exists \ \varphi'. \ \psi = FNot \ \varphi' \land simple \ \varphi')
                   \vee (\exists l. \ \psi = conn \ c \ l \wedge wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l)))
  unfolding only-c-inside-def by (auto simp: all-subformula-st-def only-c-inside-symb-decomp)
lemma only-c-inside-c-c'-false:
  fixes c c' :: 'v connective and l :: 'v propo list and \varphi :: 'v propo
  assumes cc': c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  and only: only-c-inside c \varphi and incl: conn c' l \prec \varphi and wf: wf-conn c' l
  shows False
proof -
  let ?\psi = conn \ c' \ l
  have simple ?\psi \lor (\exists \varphi'. ?\psi = FNot \varphi' \land simple \varphi') \lor (\exists l. ?\psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l)
   using only-c-inside-decomp only incl by blast
  moreover have \neg simple ? \psi
   using wf simple-decomp by (metis c' connective distinct (19) connective distinct (7,9,21,29,31)
      wf-conn-list(1-3)
  moreover
    {
     have ?\psi \neq FNot \varphi' using c' conn-inj-not(1) wf by blast
  ultimately obtain l: 'v propo list where ?\psi = conn \ c \ l \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l by metis
  then have c = c' using conn-inj wf by metis
  then show False using cc' by auto
qed
lemma only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-symb:
  assumes \delta: c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow c\text{-in-}c'\text{-symb} \ c \ c' \varphi
  apply (rule ccontr)
 apply (cases rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.cases, auto)
  by (metis \delta c c' connective distinct (37,39) list distinct (1) only-c-inside-c-c'-false
   subformula-in-binary-conn(1,2) wf-conn.simps)+
lemma c-in-c'-symb-decomp-level1:
  fixes l :: 'v propo list and c c' ca :: 'v connective
 shows wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca \neq c \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l)
proof -
  have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l) \Longrightarrow wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca = c
   by (induct conn ca l rule: not-c-in-c'-symb.induct, auto simp: conn-inj)
  then show wf-conn ca l \Longrightarrow ca \neq c \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn ca l) by blast
qed
lemma only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-only:
  assumes \delta: c \neq c' and c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi
  unfolding c-in-c'-only-def all-subformula-st-def
```

by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) all-subformula-st-def all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c

```
by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1) c c' only-c-inside-def subformula-trans)
lemma c-in-c'-symb-c-implies-only-c-inside:
  assumes \delta: c = CAnd \lor c = COr c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr c \neq c' and wf: wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
 and inv: no-equiv (conn c l) no-imp (conn c l) simple-not (conn c l)
  shows wf-conn c \ l \Longrightarrow c\text{-in-}c'\text{-only } c \ c' \ (conn \ c \ l) \Longrightarrow (\forall \psi \in set \ l. \ only\text{-}c\text{-inside } c \ \psi)
using inv
proof (induct conn c l arbitrary: l rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary x)
 then show ?case by (auto simp: wf-conn-list assms)
next
  case (unary \varphi la)
  then have c = CNot \wedge la = [\varphi] by (metis\ (no-types)\ wf-conn-list(8))
  then show ?case using assms(2) assms(1) by blast
next
  case (binary \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and \varphi = this(3) and only = this(5) and wf = this(4)
   and no-equiv = this(6) and no-imp = this(7) and simple-not = this(8)
  then have l: l = [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] by (meson \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(4-7))
 let ?\varphi = conn \ c \ l
  obtain c1 l1 c2 l2 where \varphi1: \varphi1 = conn c1 l1 and wf\varphi1: wf-conn c1 l1
   and \varphi 2: \varphi 2 = conn \ c2 \ l2 and wf \varphi 2: wf-conn c2 \ l2 using exists-c-conn by metis
  then have c-in-only \varphi 1: c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c1 l1) and c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c2 l2)
   using only\ l unfolding c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}only\text{-}def using assms(1) by auto
  have inc\varphi 1: \varphi 1 \leq ?\varphi and inc\varphi 2: \varphi 2 \leq ?\varphi
   using \varphi 1 \varphi 2 \varphi local wf by (metric conn.simps(5-8) helper-fact subformula-in-binary-conn(1,2))+
  have c1-eq: c1 \neq CEq and c2-eq: c2 \neq CEq
   unfolding no-equiv-def using inc\varphi 1 inc\varphi 2 by (metis \varphi 1 \varphi 2 wf\varphi 1 wf\varphi 2 assms(1) no-equiv
     no-equiv-eq(1) no-equiv-symb.elims(3) no-equiv-symb-conn-characterization wf-conn-list(4,5)
     no-equiv-def subformula-all-subformula-st)+
  have c1-imp: c1 \neq CImp and c2-imp: c2 \neq CImp
   using no-imp by (metis \varphi 1 \varphi 2 all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit-imp(2,3) assms(1)
      conn.simps(5,6) l no-imp-Imp(1) no-imp-symb.elims(3) no-imp-symb-conn-characterization
     wf\varphi 1 \ wf\varphi 2 \ all-subformula-st-decomp no-imp-symb-conn-characterization)+
  have c1c: c1 \neq c'
   proof
     assume c1c: c1 = c'
     then obtain \xi 1 \ \xi 2 where l1: l1 = [\xi 1, \xi 2]
       by (metis assms(2) connective. distinct(37,39) helper-fact wf\varphi 1 wf-conn. simps
         wf-conn-list-decomp(1-3))
     have c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c [conn c' l1, \varphi 2]) using c1c l only \varphi 1 by auto
     moreover have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [conn c' l1, \varphi 2])
       using l1 \varphi 1 c1c l local.wf not-c-in-c'-symb-l wf \varphi 1 by blast
     ultimately show False using \varphi 1 c1c l l1 local.wf not-c-in-c'-simp(4) wf \varphi 1 by blast
  qed
  then have (\varphi 1 = conn \ c \ l1 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l1) \lor (\exists \psi 1. \ \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1) \lor simple \ \varphi 1
   by (metis \ \varphi 1 \ assms(1-3) \ c1-eq c1-imp simple.elims(3) \ wf \ \varphi 1 \ wf-conn-list(4) \ wf-conn-list(5-7))
  moreover {
   assume \varphi 1 = conn \ c \ l1 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l1
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
     by (metis IH\varphi 1 \ \varphi 1 all-subformula-st-decomp-imp inc\varphi 1 no-equiv no-equiv-def no-imp no-imp-def
```

using only-c-inside-implies-c-in-c'-symb

```
c-in-only\varphi 1 only-c-inside-def only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside simple-not simple-not-def
     subformula-all-subformula-st)
}
moreover {
 assume \exists \psi 1. \varphi 1 = FNot \psi 1
 then obtain \psi 1 where \varphi 1 = FNot \ \psi 1 by metis
 then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
   by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1) connective. distinct (37,39) inc\varphi 1
      only-c-inside-decomp-not simple-not simple-not-def simple-not-symb.simps(1)
}
moreover {
 assume simple \varphi 1
 then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1
   by (metis\ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)\ assms(1)\ connective.distinct(37,39)
     only-c-inside-decomp-not only-c-inside-def)
ultimately have only-c-inside \varphi 1: only-c-inside c \varphi 1 by metis
have c-in-only \varphi 2: c-in-c'-only c c' (conn c2 l2)
 using only l \varphi 2 wf \varphi 2 assms unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
have c2c: c2 \neq c'
 proof
   assume c2c: c2 = c'
   then obtain \xi 1 \ \xi 2 where l2: l2 = [\xi 1, \xi 2]
    by (metis assms(2) wf\varphi 2 wf-conn.simps connective.distinct(7,9,19,21,29,31,37,39))
   then have c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [\varphi 1, conn c' l2])
     using c2c\ l\ only\ \varphi 2\ all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi\ unfolding\ c-in-c'-only-def\ by\ auto
   moreover have not-c-in-c'-symb c c' (conn c [<math>\varphi 1, conn c' l2])
     using assms(1) c2c l2 not-c-in-c'-symb-r wf\varphi2 wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6) by metis
   ultimately show False by auto
 qed
then have (\varphi 2 = conn \ c \ l2 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l2) \lor (\exists \psi 2. \ \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2) \lor simple \ \varphi 2
 using c2-eq by (metis \varphi 2 \ assms(1-3) \ c2-eq c2-imp simple.elims(3) \ wf \varphi 2 \ wf-conn-list(4-7))
moreover {
 assume \varphi 2 = conn \ c \ l2 \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ l2
 then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
   by (metis IH\varphi 2 \varphi 2 all-subformula-st-decomp inc\varphi 2 no-equiv no-equiv-def no-imp no-imp-def
     c-in-only\varphi 2 only-c-inside-def only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside simple-not simple-not-def
     subformula-all-subformula-st)
}
moreover {
 assume \exists \psi 2. \ \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2
 then obtain \psi 2 where \varphi 2 = FNot \ \psi 2 by metis
 then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
   by (metis all-subformula-st-def assms(1-3) connective.distinct(38,40) inc\varphi 2
     only\-c-inside\-decomp\-not\ simple\-not\-def\ simple\-not\-symb\-simps(1))
}
moreover {
 assume simple \varphi 2
 then have only-c-inside c \varphi 2
   by (metis\ all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit(3)\ assms(1)\ connective.distinct(37,39)
      only-c-inside-decomp-not only-c-inside-def)
ultimately have only-c-inside \varphi 2: only-c-inside \varphi \varphi 2 by metis
show ?case using l only-c-inside\varphi 1 only-c-inside\varphi 2 by auto
```

8.5.2 Push Conjunction

```
definition pushConj where pushConj = push-conn-inside CAnd COr
lemma pushConj-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushConj
 unfolding pushConj-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-consistent)
definition and-in-or-symb where and-in-or-symb = c-in-c'-symb CAnd COr
definition and-in-or-only where
and-in-or-only = all-subformula-st (c-in-c'-symb CAnd COr)
\mathbf{lemma}\ pushConj-inv:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushConj) \varphi \psi
 and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi
 shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi
 using push-conn-inside-inv assms unfolding pushConj-def by metis+
lemma push Conj-full-propo-rew-step:
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes
   \textit{no-equiv}\ \varphi\ \mathbf{and}
   no-imp \varphi and
   full (propo-rew-step pushConj) \varphi \psi and
   no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi and
   simple\text{-}not\ \varphi
 shows and-in-or-only \psi
 using assms push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step
 unfolding pushConj-def and-in-or-only-def c-in-c'-only-def by (metis (no-types))
8.5.3 Push Disjunction
definition pushDisj where pushDisj = push-conn-inside COr CAnd
lemma pushDisj-consistent: preserves-un-sat pushDisj
 unfolding pushDisj-def by (simp add: push-conn-inside-consistent)
definition or-in-and-symb where or-in-and-symb = c-in-c'-symb COr CAnd
definition or-in-and-only where
or-in-and-only = all-subformula-st (c-in-c'-symb COr CAnd)
lemma not-or-in-and-only-or-and[simp]:
 \sim or-in-and-only (FOr (FAnd \psi1 \psi2) \varphi')
 unfolding or-in-and-only-def
 by (metis all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi conn.simps(5-6) not-c-in-c'-symb-l
   wf-conn-helper-facts(5) wf-conn-helper-facts(6))
lemma pushDisj-inv:
 fixes \varphi \ \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi \psi
```

```
and no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi shows no-equiv \psi and no-imp \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \psi and simple-not \psi using push-conn-inside-inv assms unfolding pushDisj-def by metis+
```

```
lemma pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step: fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v propo assumes no-equiv \varphi and no-imp \varphi and full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi and simple-not \varphi shows or-in-and-only \psi using assms push-conn-inside-full-propo-rew-step unfolding pushDisj-def or-in-and-only-def c-in-c'-only-def by (metis (no-types))
```

9 The full transformations

9.1 Abstract Property characterizing that only some connective are inside the others

9.1.1 Definition

The normal is a super group of groups

```
inductive grouped-by :: 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool for c where
simple-is-grouped[simp]: simple \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by c \varphi
simple-not-is-grouped[simp]: simple \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by \ c \ (FNot \ \varphi)
connected-is-group[simp]: grouped-by c \varphi \implies grouped-by c \psi \implies wf-conn c [\varphi, \psi]
  \implies grouped-by c (conn c [\varphi, \psi])
lemma simple-clause[simp]:
  grouped-by c FT
  grouped-by c FF
  grouped-by c (FVar x)
  grouped-by c (FNot FT)
  grouped-by c (FNot FF)
  grouped-by c (FNot (FVar x))
  by simp+
\mathbf{lemma} \ only\text{-}c\text{-}inside\text{-}symb\text{-}c\text{-}eq\text{-}c'\text{:}
  \textit{only-c-inside-symb } c \; (\textit{conn} \; c' \; [\varphi \textit{1}, \; \varphi \textit{2}]) \Longrightarrow c' = \textit{CAnd} \; \lor \; c' = \textit{COr} \Longrightarrow \textit{wf-conn} \; c' \; [\varphi \textit{1}, \; \varphi \textit{2}]
    \implies c' = c
  by (induct conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] rule: only-c-inside-symb.induct, auto simp: conn-inj)
lemma only-c-inside-c-eq-c':
  only-c-inside c (conn c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]) \Longrightarrow c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr \Longrightarrow wf\text{-conn } c' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \Longrightarrow c = c'
  unfolding only-c-inside-def all-subformula-st-def using only-c-inside-symb-c-eq-c' subformula-refl
  by blast
lemma only-c-inside-imp-grouped-by:
  assumes c: c \neq CNot and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr
  shows only-c-inside c \varphi \Longrightarrow grouped-by c \varphi (is ?O \varphi \Longrightarrow ?G \varphi)
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi x)
```

```
then show ?G \varphi by auto
next
  case (unary \psi)
  then show ?G (FNot \psi) by (auto simp: c)
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and \varphi = this(3) and only = this(4)
  have \varphi-conn: \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] and wf: wf-conn c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
    proof -
      obtain c'' l'' where \varphi-c'': \varphi = conn \ c'' \ l'' and wf: wf-conn \ c'' \ l''
        using exists-c-conn by metis
      then have l'': l'' = [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] using \varphi by (metis \ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(4-7))
      have only-c-inside-symb c (conn c'' [\varphi 1, \varphi 2])
        using only all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi
        unfolding only-c-inside-def \varphi-c'' l'' by metis
      then have c = c''
        by (metis \varphi \varphi-c'' conn-inj conn-inj-not(2) l'' list.distinct(1) list.inject wf
          only-c-inside-symb.cases simple.simps(5-8))
      then show \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] and wf-conn c \ [\varphi 1, \ \varphi 2] using \varphi-c" wf l" by auto
    qed
  have grouped-by c \varphi 1 using wf IH\varphi 1 IH\varphi 2 \varphi-conn only \varphi unfolding only-c-inside-def by auto
  moreover have grouped-by c \varphi 2
    using wf \varphi IH\varphi1 IH\varphi2 \varphi-conn only unfolding only-c-inside-def by auto
  ultimately show ?G \varphi using \varphi-conn connected-is-group local.wf by blast
qed
lemma grouped-by-false:
  grouped-by c (conn c'[\varphi, \psi]) \Longrightarrow c \neq c' \Longrightarrow wf\text{-conn } c'[\varphi, \psi] \Longrightarrow False
  apply (induct conn c' [\varphi, \psi] rule: grouped-by.induct)
  apply (auto simp: simple-decomp wf-conn-list, auto simp: conn-inj)
 by (metis\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(3)\ wf\text{-}conn\text{-}list(8))+
Then the CNF form is a conjunction of clauses: every clause is in CNF form and two formulas
in CNF form can be related by an and.
inductive super-grouped-by:: 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a connective \Rightarrow 'a propo \Rightarrow bool for c c' where
grouped-is-super-grouped[simp]: grouped-by c \varphi \Longrightarrow super-grouped-by c c' \varphi
connected-is-super-group: super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \varphi \implies super-grouped-by c\ c'\ \psi \implies wf-conn c\ [\varphi,\ \psi]
  \implies super-grouped-by c c' (conn c' [\varphi, \psi])
lemma simple-cnf[simp]:
  super-grouped-by c c' FT
  super-grouped-by c c' FF
  super-grouped-by \ c \ c' \ (FVar \ x)
  super-grouped-by c c' (FNot FT)
  super-grouped-by c c' (FNot FF)
  super-grouped-by\ c\ c'\ (FNot\ (FVar\ x))
 by auto
lemma c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by:
  assumes c: c = CAnd \lor c = COr and c': c' = CAnd \lor c' = COr and cc': c \neq c'
 shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi
    \implies super-grouped-by c c' \varphi
    (\mathbf{is} \ ?NE \ \varphi \Longrightarrow ?NI \ \varphi \Longrightarrow ?SN \ \varphi \Longrightarrow ?C \ \varphi \Longrightarrow ?S \ \varphi)
proof (induct \varphi rule: propo-induct-arity)
```

```
case (nullary \varphi x)
  then show ?S \varphi by auto
  case (unary \varphi)
  then have simple-not-symb (FNot \varphi)
   using all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi unfolding simple-not-def by blast
  then have \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF \vee (\exists x. \varphi = FVar x) by (cases \varphi, auto)
  then show ?S (FNot \varphi) by auto
next
  case (binary \varphi \varphi 1 \varphi 2)
  note IH\varphi 1 = this(1) and IH\varphi 2 = this(2) and no-equiv = this(4) and no-imp = this(5)
   and simpleN = this(6) and c\text{-}in\text{-}c'\text{-}only = this(7) and \varphi' = this(3)
   assume \varphi = FImp \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2 \ \lor \ \varphi = FEq \ \varphi 1 \ \varphi 2
   then have False using no-equiv no-imp by auto
   then have ?S \varphi by auto
  moreover {
   assume \varphi: \varphi = conn \ c' \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \land wf\text{-}conn \ c' \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
   have c-in-c'-only: c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi1 \wedge c-in-c'-only c c' \varphi2 \wedge c-in-c'-symb c c' \varphi
      using c-in-c'-only \varphi' unfolding c-in-c'-only-def by auto
   have super-grouped-by c c' \varphi 1 using \varphi c' no-equiv no-imp simpleN IH\varphi 1 c-in-c'-only by auto
   moreover have super-grouped-by c c' \varphi 2
      using \varphi c' no-equiv no-imp simpleN IH\varphi2 c-in-c'-only by auto
   ultimately have ?S \varphi
      using super-grouped-by.intros(2) \varphi by (metis c wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6))
  }
  moreover {
   assume \varphi: \varphi = conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2] \land wf\text{-}conn \ c \ [\varphi 1, \varphi 2]
   then have only-c-inside c \varphi 1 \wedge only-c-inside c \varphi 2
      using c-in-c'-symb-c-implies-only-c-inside c c' c-in-c'-only list.set-intros(1)
        wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6) no-equiv no-imp simpleN last-ConsL last-ConsR last-in-set
        list.distinct(1) by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) cc')
   then have only-c-inside c (conn c [\varphi 1, \varphi 2])
      unfolding only-c-inside-def using \varphi
      by (simp add: only-c-inside-into-only-c-inside all-subformula-st-decomp)
   then have grouped-by c \varphi using \varphi only-c-inside-imp-grouped-by c by blast
   then have ?S \varphi using super-grouped-by.intros(1) by metis
  ultimately show S \varphi by (metis \varphi' c c' cc' conn.simps(5,6)) wf-conn-helper-facts(5,6))
qed
9.2
        Conjunctive Normal Form
definition is-conj-with-TF where is-conj-with-TF == super-grouped-by COr CAnd
lemma or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj:
  shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow or-in-and-only \varphi \Longrightarrow is-conj-with-TF \varphi
  using c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def or-in-and-only-def c-in-c'-only-def
  by (simp add: c-in-c'-only-def c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by)
definition is-cnf where
is\text{-}cnf \ \varphi \equiv is\text{-}conj\text{-}with\text{-}TF \ \varphi \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \ \varphi
```

9.2.1 Full CNF transformation

The full CNF transformation consists simply in chaining all the transformation defined before.

```
definition cnf-rew where cnf-rew =
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim-imp))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim\ TB))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushDisj))
lemma cnf-rew-consistent: preserves-un-sat cnf-rew
 by (simp add: cnf-rew-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant elimTB-consistent
   preserves-un-sat-OO pushDisj-consistent pushNeq-lifted-consistant)
lemma cnf-rew-is-cnf: cnf-rew \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is-cnf \varphi'
 apply (unfold cnf-rew-def OO-def)
 apply auto
proof -
 \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \varphi Eq \ \varphi Imp \ \varphi TB \ \varphi Neg \ \varphi Disj :: \ 'v \ propo
 assume Eq. full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \varphi Eq
 then have no-equiv: no-equiv \varphi Eq using no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv by blast
 assume Imp: full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi Eq \varphi Imp
 then have no-imp: no-imp \varphiImp using no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp by blast
 have no-imp-inv: no-equiv \varphiImp using no-equiv Imp elim-imp-inv by blast
 assume TB: full (propo-rew-step elimTB) \varphiImp \varphiTB
 then have no TB: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi TB
   using no-imp-inv no-imp elimTB-full-propo-rew-step by blast
 have no TB-inv: no-equiv \varphi TB no-imp \varphi TB using elim TB-inv TB no-imp no-imp-inv by blast+
 assume Neg: full (propo-rew-step pushNeg) \varphi TB \varphi Neg
  then have noNeg: simple-not \varphiNeg
   using noTB-inv noTB pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step by blast
 have noNeg-inv: no-equiv \varphiNeg no-imp \varphiNeg no-T-F-except-top-level \varphiNeg
   using pushNeg-inv Neg noTB noTB-inv by blast+
 assume Disj: full (propo-rew-step pushDisj) \varphi Neg \varphi Disj
  then have no-Disj: or-in-and-only \varphi Disj
   \mathbf{using} \ noNeg\text{-}inv \ noNeg \ pushDisj\text{-}full\text{-}propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
  have noDisj-inv: no-equiv \varphi Disj no-imp \varphi Disj no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi Disj
   simple-not \varphi Disj
  using pushDisj-inv Disj noNeg noNeg-inv by blast+
 moreover have is-conj-with-TF \varphi Disj
   using or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj noDisj-inv no-Disj by blast
  ultimately show is-cnf \varphi Disj unfolding is-cnf-def by blast
qed
```

9.3 Disjunctive Normal Form

definition is-disj-with-TF where is-disj-with-TF \equiv super-grouped-by CAnd COr

lemma and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj:

```
shows no-equiv \varphi \Longrightarrow no-imp \varphi \Longrightarrow simple-not \varphi \Longrightarrow and-in-or-only \varphi \Longrightarrow is-disj-with-TF \varphi using c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by unfolding is-disj-with-TF-def and-in-or-only-def c-in-c'-only-def by (simp add: c-in-c'-only-def c-in-c'-only-super-grouped-by)

definition is-dnf :: 'a propo \Rightarrow bool where is-dnf \varphi \longleftrightarrow is-disj-with-TF \varphi \land no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
```

9.3.1 Full DNF transform

The full DNF transformation consists simply in chaining all the transformation defined before.

```
definition dnf-rew where dnf-rew \equiv
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim-imp))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim\ TB))\ OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ pushNeg))\ OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushConj))
lemma dnf-rew-consistent: preserves-un-sat dnf-rew
  \mathbf{by} \ (simp \ add: \ dnf-rew-def \ elim Equv-lifted-consistant \ elim-imp-lifted-consistant \ elim TB-consistent 
   preserves-un-sat-OO pushConj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
theorem dnf-transformation-correction:
   dnf-rew \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is-dnf \varphi'
  apply (unfold dnf-rew-def OO-def)
  by (meson and-in-or-only-conjunction-in-disj elimTB-full-propo-rew-step elimTB-inv(1,2)
   elim-imp-inv is-dnf-def no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv
   no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp\ pushConj-full-propo-rew-step\ pushConj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step\ pushNeg-inv(1-3))
```

10 More aggressive simplifications: Removing true and false at the beginning

10.1 Transformation

We should remove FT and FF at the beginning and not in the middle of the algorithm. To do this, we have to use more rules (one for each connective):

```
inductive elimTBFull1 where ElimTBFull1 [simp]: elimTBFull1 (FAnd \varphi FT) \varphi \mid ElimTBFull1' [simp]: elimTBFull1 (FAnd FT \varphi) \varphi \mid ElimTBFull2' [simp]: elimTBFull1 (FAnd \varphi FF) FF \mid ElimTBFull2' [simp]: elimTBFull1 (FAnd FF \varphi) FF \mid ElimTBFull3' [simp]: elimTBFull1 (FOr \varphi FT) FT \mid ElimTBFull3' [simp]: elimTBFull1 (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi \mid ElimTBFull4' [simp]: elimTBFull1 (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi \mid ElimTBFull4' [simp]: elimTBFull1 (FOr \varphi FF) \varphi \mid ElimTBFull5' [simp]: elimTBFull1 (FNot \varphi FF) FT \mid ElimTBFull5' [simp]: elimTBFull1 (simp) elimTBFull2 (simp) elimTBFull3 (simp) elimTBFull3 (simp) elimTBFull3 (simp) elimTBFull3 el
```

```
Elim TBFull 6-l[simp]: elim TBFull (FImp FT \varphi) \varphi
ElimTBFull6-l'[simp]: elimTBFull~(FImp~FF~\varphi)~FT
ElimTBFull6-r[simp]: elimTBFull\ (FImp\ \varphi\ FT)\ FT
ElimTBFull6-r'[simp]: elimTBFull (FImp \varphi FF) (FNot \varphi)
ElimTBFull7-l[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq FT <math>\varphi) \varphi
ElimTBFull7-l'[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq FF \varphi) (FNot \varphi)
ElimTBFull7-r[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq \varphi FT) \varphi |
ElimTBFull?-r'[simp]: elimTBFull (FEq \varphi FF) (FNot \varphi)
The transformation is still consistent.
lemma elimTBFull-consistent: preserves-un-sat elimTBFull
proof -
    fix \varphi \psi:: 'b propo
    have elimTBFull \ \varphi \ \psi \Longrightarrow \forall A. \ A \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow A \models \psi
      by (induct-tac rule: elimTBFull.inducts, auto)
  then show ?thesis using preserves-un-sat-def by auto
qed
Contrary to the theorem [no\text{-}equiv ?\varphi; no\text{-}imp ?\varphi; ?\psi \preceq ?\varphi; \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel]
\{\psi\} \implies \exists \psi'. \ elim TB \ \forall \psi', \ \text{we do not need the assumption } no\text{-}equiv \ \varphi \ \text{and } no\text{-}imp \ \varphi, \ \text{since} \ 
our transformation is more general.
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel\text{-}step\text{-}exists'\text{:}}
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
  shows \psi \leq \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel } \psi \Longrightarrow \exists \psi'. \ elimTBFull \ \psi \ \psi'
proof (induct \psi rule: propo-induct-arity)
  case (nullary \varphi')
  then have False using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-true no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-false by auto
  then show Ex (elimTBFull \varphi') by blast
next
  case (unary \psi)
  then have \psi = FF \lor \psi = FT using no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-not-decom by blast
  then show Ex (elimTBFull (FNot \psi)) using ElimTBFull5 ElimTBFull5' by blast
  case (binary \varphi' \psi 1 \psi 2)
  then have \psi 1 = FT \vee \psi 2 = FT \vee \psi 1 = FF \vee \psi 2 = FF
    by (metis binary-connectives-def conn.simps(5-8) insertI1 insert-commute
      no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom binary.hyps(3))
  then show Ex\ (elimTBFull\ \varphi') using elimTBFull.intros\ binary.hyps(3) by blast
qed
The same applies here. We do not need the assumption, but the deep link between \neg no-T-F-except-top-level
\varphi and the existence of a rewriting step, still exists.
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level\text{-}rew':
  fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes noTB: \neg no-T-F-except-top-level <math>\varphi
 shows \exists \psi \ \psi' . \ \psi \preceq \varphi \land elimTBFull \ \psi \ \psi'
proof -
  have test-symb-false-nullary:
    \forall x. \ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FF:: 'v \ propo)} \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel FT
      \land no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel (FVar (x:: 'v))
    by auto
  moreover {
```

```
fix c:: 'v connective and l:: 'v propo list and \psi:: 'v propo have H: elimTBFull (conn c l) \psi \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb\text{-}except\text{-}toplevel} (conn c l) by (cases (conn c l) rule: elimTBFull.cases) auto } ultimately show ?thesis using no-test-symb-step-exists[of no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi elimTBFull] no TB no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-step-exists' unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis qed
```

```
lemma elimTBFull-full-propo-rew-step:
fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v propo
assumes full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull) \varphi \psi
shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
using full-propo-rew-step-subformula no-T-F-except-top-level-rew' assms by fastforce
```

10.2 More invariants

As the aim is to use the transformation as the first transformation, we have to show some more invariants for *elim-equiv* and *elim-imp*. For the other transformation, we have already proven it

```
lemma propo-rew-step-ElimEquiv-no-T-F: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
  fix \varphi' :: 'v \ propo \ and \ \psi' :: 'v \ propo
  assume a1: no-T-F \varphi'
  assume a2: elim-equiv \varphi' \psi'
  have \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\neg \ elim-equiv \ (x1 :: 'v \ propo) \ x0 \ \lor \ (\exists \ v2 \ v3 \ v4 \ v5 \ v6 \ v7. \ x1 = FEq \ v2 \ v3
    \wedge x0 = FAnd (FImp \ v4 \ v5) (FImp \ v6 \ v7) \wedge v2 = v4 \wedge v4 = v7 \wedge v3 = v5 \wedge v3 = v6)
 = (\neg elim-equiv x1 x0 \lor (\exists v2 v3 v4 v5 v6 v7. x1 = FEq v2 v3)
     \land \ x0 = FAnd \ (FImp \ v4 \ v5) \ (FImp \ v6 \ v7) \ \land \ v2 = v4 \ \land \ v4 = v7 \ \land \ v3 = v5 \ \land \ v3 = v6)) 
  then have \forall p \ pa. \ \neg \ elim-equiv \ (p :: 'v \ propo) \ pa \lor (\exists \ pb \ pc \ pd \ pe \ pf \ pg. \ p = FEq \ pb \ pc
    \land pa = FAnd \ (FImp \ pd \ pe) \ (FImp \ pf \ pg) \ \land \ pb = pd \ \land \ pd = pg \ \land \ pc = pe \ \land \ pc = pf)
    using elim-equiv.cases by force
  then show no-T-F \psi' using a1 a2 by fastforce
next
  fix \varphi \varphi' :: 'v \text{ propo and } \xi \xi' :: 'v \text{ propo list and } c :: 'v \text{ connective}
  assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \varphi'
  and IH: no-T-F \varphi \Longrightarrow no-T-F \varphi'
  and corr: wf-conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi')
  and no-T-F: no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'))
    assume c: c = CNot
    then have empty: \xi = [] \xi' = [] using corr by auto
    then have no-T-F \varphi using no-T-F c no-T-F-decomp-not by auto
    then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty no-T-F-comp-not IH by auto
  moreover {
    assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
    obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [a, b]
      using corr c list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
    then have \varphi: \varphi = a \lor \varphi = b
      \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{append}.\mathit{simps}(1)\ \mathit{append}.\mathit{is-Nil-conv}\ \mathit{list}.\mathit{distinct}(1)\ \mathit{list}.\mathit{sel}(3)\ \mathit{nth-Cons-0}
        tl-append2)
```

```
have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta
     using no-T-F unfolding no-T-F-def using corr all-subformula-st-decomp by blast
   then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi' using ab IH \varphi by auto
   have l': \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [\varphi', b] \lor \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi']
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) ab append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2 butlast.simps(2)
        butlast-append list.distinct(1) list.sel(3))
   then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \zeta \varphi' ab by fastforce
   moreover
     have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). \ \zeta \neq FT \land \zeta \neq FF
       using \zeta corr no-T-F no-T-F-except-top-level-false no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level by blast
     then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
       by (metis \varphi' l' ab all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c list.distinct(1)
         list.set-intros(1,2) no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-bin-decom
         no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb no-T-F-symb-false(1,2) no-T-F-def wf-conn-binary
         wf-conn-list(1,2))
   ultimately have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
     by (metis\ l'\ all-subformula-st-decomp-imp\ c\ no-T-F-def\ wf-conn-binary)
 moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x
    assume c = CVar \ x \lor c = CF \lor c = CT
    then have False using corr by auto
    then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by auto
  }
 ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi \otimes \varphi' \# \xi')) using corr wf-conn.cases by metis
qed
lemma elim-equiv-inv':
 fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-equiv) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
   have propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except-top-level }\varphi
     \implies no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level \ \psi
     proof -
       assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \varphi \psi
       and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
       {
         assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
         from rel this have False
           apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1,2))
           using elim-equiv.simps by blast+
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
       moreover {
         assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
         then have no-T-F \varphi
           by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
         then have no-T-F \psi using propo-rew-step-ElimEquiv-no-T-F rel by blast
         then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
```

```
qed
 }
 moreover {
    fix c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-equiv \zeta \zeta'
    and incl: \zeta \leq \varphi
    and corr: wf-conn c (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi')
    and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}symb \ (conn \ c \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'))
        using corr\ wf-conn-list(1)\ wf-conn-list(2)\ no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb\ no-T-F
        by blast
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: elim-equiv.cases, auto simp: elim-equiv.simps)
        by (metis append-is-Nil-conv list.distinct wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change
          wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        by (metis corr wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper no-T-F-symb-comp)
    qed
 }
 ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc of elim-equiv no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
     assms subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
lemma propo-rew-step-ElimImp-no-T-F: propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \ \psi \implies no-T-F \varphi \implies no-T-F \psi
proof (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
 case (global-rel \varphi' \psi')
 then show no-T-F \psi'
   using elim-imp.cases no-T-F-comp-not no-T-F-decomp(1,2)
   by (metis\ no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}comp\text{-}expanded\text{-}explicit(2))
next
 case (propo-rew-one-step-lift \varphi \varphi' c \xi \xi')
 note rel = this(1) and IH = this(2) and corr = this(3) and no-T-F = this(4)
  {
   assume c: c = CNot
   then have empty: \xi = [] \xi' = [] using corr by auto
   then have no-T-F \varphi using no-T-F c no-T-F-decomp-not by auto
   then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c empty no-T-F-comp-not IH by auto
 moreover {
   assume c: c \in binary\text{-}connectives
   then obtain a b where ab: \xi @ \varphi \# \xi' = [a, b]
     using corr list-length2-decomp wf-conn-bin-list-length by metis
   then have \varphi: \varphi = a \lor \varphi = b
     by (metis append-self-conv2 wf-conn-list-decomp(4) wf-conn-unary list.discI list.sel(3)
       nth-Cons-0 tl-append2)
```

```
have \zeta: \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using ab c propo-rew-one-step-lift.prems by auto
    then have \varphi': no-T-F \varphi'
      using ab IH \varphi corr no-T-F no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-decomp-explicit by auto
    have \chi: \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [\varphi', b] \lor \xi @ \varphi' \# \xi' = [a, \varphi']
      by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) ab append-Cons append-Nil append-Nil2 butlast.simps(2)
        butlast-append list.distinct(1) list.sel(3))
    then have \forall \zeta \in set \ (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'). no-T-F \zeta using \zeta \varphi' ab by fastforce
    moreover
      have no-T-F (last (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by (simp add: calculation)
      then have no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi'))
        by (metis \chi \varphi' \zeta ab all-subformula-st-test-symb-true-phi c last.simps list.distinct(1)
          list.set-intros(1) no-T-F-bin-decomp no-T-F-def)
    ultimately have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using c \chi by fastforce
  }
 moreover {
    \mathbf{fix} \ x
    assume c = CVar \ x \lor c = CF \lor c = CT
    then have False using corr by auto
    then have no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) by auto
  ultimately show no-T-F (conn c (\xi @ \varphi' \# \xi')) using corr wf-conn.cases by blast
qed
lemma elim-imp-inv':
  fixes \varphi \psi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes full (propo-rew-step elim-imp) \varphi \psi and no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
 shows no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
proof -
  {
      \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
      have H: elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \psi
        by (induct \varphi \psi rule: elim-imp.induct, auto)
    } note H = this
    \mathbf{fix} \ \varphi \ \psi :: \ 'v \ propo
    have propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \varphi \Longrightarrow no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}except\text{-}top\text{-}level } \psi
      proof -
        assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-imp \varphi \psi
        and no: no-T-F-except-top-level \varphi
          assume \varphi = FT \vee \varphi = FF
          from rel this have False
            apply (induct rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
            by (cases rule: elim-imp.cases, auto simp: wf-conn-list(1,2))
          then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by blast
        moreover {
          assume \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
          then have no\text{-}T\text{-}F \varphi
            by (metis no no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-all-subformula-st-no-T-F-symb)
          then have no-T-F \psi
            using rel propo-rew-step-ElimImp-no-T-F by blast
          then have no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by (simp add: no-T-F-no-T-F-except-top-level)
```

```
}
       ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi by metis
     qed
  }
 moreover {
    fix c :: 'v \ connective \ and \ \xi \ \xi' :: 'v \ propo \ list \ and \ \zeta \ \zeta' :: 'v \ propo
    assume rel: propo-rew-step elim-imp \zeta \zeta
    and incl: \zeta \preceq \varphi
    and corr: wf-conn c (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi')
    and no-T-F: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
    and n: no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \zeta'
    have no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
    proof
      have p: no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta \# \xi'))
        by (simp add: corr no-T-F no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel-no-T-F-symb wf-conn-list(1,2))
      have l: \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF
        using corr wf-conn-no-T-F-symb-iff p by blast
      from rel incl have \zeta' \neq FT \land \zeta' \neq FF
        apply (induction \zeta \zeta' rule: propo-rew-step.induct)
        apply (cases rule: elim-imp.cases, auto)
        using wf-conn-list(1,2) wf-conn-no-arity-change wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper
        by (metis\ append-is-Nil-conv\ list.distinct(1))+
      then have \forall \varphi \in set \ (\xi @ \zeta' \# \xi'). \ \varphi \neq FT \land \varphi \neq FF \ using \ l \ by \ auto
      moreover have c \neq CT \land c \neq CF using corr by auto
      ultimately show no-T-F-symb (conn c (\xi \otimes \zeta' \# \xi'))
        using corr wf-conn-no-arity-change no-T-F-symb-comp
        by (metis wf-conn-no-arity-change-helper)
    qed
 ultimately show no-T-F-except-top-level \psi
   using full-propo-rew-step-inv-stay-with-inc of elim-imp no-T-F-symb-except-toplevel \varphi
   assms subformula-refl unfolding no-T-F-except-top-level-def by metis
qed
```

10.3 The new CNF and DNF transformation

The transformation is the same as before, but the order is not the same.

```
definition dnf\text{-}rew' :: 'a \ propo \Rightarrow 'a \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where} dnf\text{-}rew' = (full \ (propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step \ elim\text{-}BFull)) \ OO (full \ (propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step \ elim\text{-}equiv)) \ OO (full \ (propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step \ elim\text{-}imp)) \ OO (full \ (propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step \ pushNeg)) \ OO (full \ (propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step \ pushNeg)) \ OO (full \ (propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step \ pushConj)) lemma dnf\text{-}rew'\text{-}consistent: preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat \ dnf\text{-}rew' by (simp \ add: \ dnf\text{-}rew'\text{-}def \ elimEquv\text{-}lifted\text{-}consistant \ elim\text{-}limp\text{-}lifted\text{-}consistant} elimTBFull\text{-}consistent \ preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat\text{-}OO \ pushConj\text{-}consistent \ pushNeg\text{-}lifted\text{-}consistant}) theorem cnf\text{-}transformation\text{-}correction: dnf\text{-}rew' \ \varphi \ \varphi' \implies is\text{-}dnf \ \varphi' unfolding dnf\text{-}rew'\text{-}def \ OO\text{-}def by (meson \ and\text{-}in\text{-}or\text{-}only\text{-}conjunction\text{-}in\text{-}disj \ elimTBFull\text{-}full\text{-}propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step \ elim\text{-}equiv\text{-}inv'} elim\text{-}imp\text{-}inv' \ is\text{-}dnf\text{-}def \ no\text{-}equiv\text{-}full\text{-}propo\text{-}rew\text{-}step\text{-}elim\text{-}equiv}
```

```
no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp\ pushConj-full-propo-rew-step\ pushConj-inv(1-4)\\ pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step\ pushNeg-inv(1-3))
```

Given all the lemmas before the CNF transformation is easy to prove:

```
definition cnf\text{-}rew':: 'a \ propo \Rightarrow 'a \ propo \Rightarrow bool \ \textbf{where}
cnf-rew' =
  (full (propo-rew-step elimTBFull)) OO
  (full\ (propo-rew-step\ elim-equiv))\ OO
  (full (propo-rew-step elim-imp)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushNeg)) OO
  (full (propo-rew-step pushDisj))
lemma cnf-rew'-consistent: preserves-un-sat cnf-rew'
 by (simp add: cnf-rew'-def elimEquv-lifted-consistant elim-imp-lifted-consistant
   elimTBFull-consistent preserves-un-sat-OO pushDisj-consistent pushNeg-lifted-consistant)
theorem cnf'-transformation-correction:
  cnf\text{-}rew' \varphi \varphi' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}cnf \varphi'
 unfolding cnf-rew'-def OO-def
  \mathbf{by} (meson elim TBFull-full-propo-rew-step elim-equiv-inv' elim-imp-inv elim-imp-inv' is-cnf-def
   no-equiv-full-propo-rew-step-elim-equiv no-imp-full-propo-rew-step-elim-imp
   or-in-and-only-conjunction-in-disj\ pushDisj-full-propo-rew-step\ pushDisj-inv(1-4)
   pushNeg-full-propo-rew-step\ pushNeg-inv(1)\ pushNeg-inv(2)\ pushNeg-inv(3))
```

end

11 Partial Clausal Logic

```
theory Partial-Clausal-Logic imports ../lib/Clausal-Logic List-More begin
```

We define here entailment by a set of literals. This is *not* an Herbrand interpretation and has different properties. One key difference is that such a set can be inconsistent (i.e. containing both L and -L).

Satisfiability is defined by the existence of a total and consistent model.

11.1 Clauses

```
Clauses are (finite) multisets of literals.

type-synonym 'a clause = 'a literal multiset

type-synonym 'v clauses = 'v clause set

11.2 Partial Interpretations

type-synonym 'a interp = 'a literal set

definition true-lit :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelsl 50) where
```

declare true-lit-def[simp]

 $I \models l L \longleftrightarrow L \in I$

11.2.1 Consistency

```
definition consistent-interp :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow bool where
consistent-interp I = (\forall L. \neg (L \in I \land -L \in I))
lemma consistent-interp-empty[simp]:
  consistent-interp {} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-single[simp]:
  consistent-interp \{L\} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
{f lemma}\ consistent\mbox{-}interp\mbox{-}subset:
 assumes
   A \subseteq B and
   consistent-interp B
 shows consistent-interp A
 using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ consistent\text{-}interp\text{-}change\text{-}insert\text{:}
  a \notin A \Longrightarrow -a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent\text{-interp (insert } (-a) \ A) \longleftrightarrow consistent\text{-interp (insert } a \ A)
 unfolding consistent-interp-def by fastforce
lemma consistent-interp-insert-pos[simp]:
  a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp\ (insert\ a\ A) \longleftrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp\ A \land -a \notin A
 unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
lemma consistent-interp-insert-not-in:
  consistent-interp A \Longrightarrow a \notin A \Longrightarrow -a \notin A \Longrightarrow consistent-interp (insert a A)
 unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
11.2.2
           Atoms
We define here various lifting of atm-of (applied to a single literal) to set and multisets of
literals.
definition atms-of-ms :: 'a literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'a set where
atms-of-ms \ \psi s = \bigcup (atms-of '\psi s)
lemma atms-of-mmltiset[simp]:
  atms-of (mset\ a) = atm-of 'set a
 by (induct a) auto
lemma atms-of-ms-mset-unfold:
  atms-of-ms (mset 'b) = (\bigcup x \in b. atm-of 'set x)
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by simp
definition atms-of-s :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a set where
  atms-of-s C = atm-of ' C
lemma atms-of-ms-emtpy-set[simp]:
  atms-of-ms \{\} = \{\}
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-memtpy[simp]:
  atms-of-ms \{\{\#\}\} = \{\}
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
```

```
lemma atms-of-ms-mono:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-finite[simp]:
 finite \psi s \Longrightarrow finite (atms-of-ms \ \psi s)
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-union[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (\psi s \cup \chi s) = atms-of-ms \psi s \cup atms-of-ms \chi s
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-insert[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (insert \psi s \chi s) = atms-of \psi s \cup atms-of-ms \chi s
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-singleton[simp]: atms-of-ms \{L\} = atms-of L
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[simp]:
  A \in \psi \Longrightarrow atms\text{-}of A \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by fastforce
lemma atms-of-ms-single-set-mset-atns-of[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (single 'set-mset B) = atms-of B
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def atms-of-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-remove-incl:
 shows atms-of-ms (Set.remove a \psi) \subseteq atms-of-ms \psi
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-remove-subset:
  atms-of-ms (\varphi - \psi) \subseteq atms-of-ms \varphi
 unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
lemma finite-atms-of-ms-remove-subset[simp]:
 finite (atms-of-ms A) \Longrightarrow finite (atms-of-ms (A - C))
 using atms-of-ms-remove-subset of A C finite-subset by blast
lemma atms-of-ms-empty-iff:
  atms\text{-of-ms }A = \{\} \longleftrightarrow A = \{\{\#\}\} \lor A = \{\}\}
 apply (rule iffI)
  apply (metis (no-types, lifting) atms-empty-iff-empty atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono insert-absorb
   singleton-iff singleton-insert-inj-eq' subsetI subset-empty)
 apply auto[]
 done
lemma in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms:
 assumes L \in \# C and C \in N
 shows atm-of L \in atms-of-ms N
 using atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[of C N] assms by (simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of subset-iff)
lemma in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms:
 assumes C + \{\#L\#\} \in N
```

```
shows atm-of L \in atms-of-ms N
 using in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms[of - C +{\#L\#}] assms by auto
lemma in-m-in-literals:
 assumes \{\#A\#\} + D \in \psi s
 shows atm-of A \in atms-of-ms \psi s
 using assms by (auto dest: atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono)
lemma atms-of-s-union[simp]:
  atms-of-s (Ia \cup Ib) = atms-of-s Ia \cup atms-of-s Ib
 unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma atms-of-s-single[simp]:
  atms-of-s \{L\} = \{atm-of L\}
 unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma atms-of-s-insert[simp]:
  atms-of-s (insert\ L\ Ib) = \{atm-of\ L\} \cup\ atms-of-s\ Ib
 unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
lemma in-atms-of-s-decomp[iff]:
  P \in atms	ext{-}of	ext{-}s\ I \longleftrightarrow (Pos\ P \in I \lor Neg\ P \in I)\ (is\ ?P \longleftrightarrow ?Q)
proof
 assume ?P
 then show ?Q unfolding atms-of-s-def by (metis image-iff literal.exhaust-sel)
next
 assume ?Q
 then show ?P unfolding atms-of-s-def by force
lemma atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus:
  atm\text{-}of\ L' \in atm\text{-}of\ `B \Longrightarrow L' \in B \lor -L' \in B
 using atms-of-s-def by (cases L') fastforce+
11.2.3
           Totality
definition total-over-set :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow bool where
total-over-set I S = (\forall l \in S. \ Pos \ l \in I \lor Neg \ l \in I)
definition total-over-m :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
total-over-m \ I \ \psi s = total-over-set I \ (atms-of-ms \ \psi s)
lemma total-over-set-empty[simp]:
 total-over-set I \{ \}
 unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-empty[simp]:
  total-over-m \ I \ \{\}
 unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-single[iff]:
  total-over-set I \{L\} \longleftrightarrow (Pos \ L \in I \lor Neg \ L \in I)
 unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-insert[iff]:
  total-over-set I (insert L Ls) \longleftrightarrow ((Pos L \in I \lor Neg L \in I) \land total-over-set I Ls)
```

```
unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-set-union[iff]:
  total-over-set I (Ls \cup Ls') \longleftrightarrow (total-over-set I Ls \wedge total-over-set I Ls')
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ B \Longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ A
 using atms-of-ms-mono[of A] unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-sum[iff]:
 shows total-over-m I \{C + D\} \longleftrightarrow (total-over-m \ I \{C\} \land total-over-m \ I \{D\})
  using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-over-m-union[iff]:
  total-over-m\ I\ (A\cup B)\longleftrightarrow (total-over-m\ I\ A\wedge total-over-m\ I\ B)
  \mathbf{unfolding} \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\text{-}def \ total\text{-}over\text{-}set\text{-}def \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
lemma total-over-m-insert[iff]:
  total-over-m\ I\ (insert\ a\ A) \longleftrightarrow (total-over-set I\ (atms-of a) \land total-over-m\ I\ A)
  unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
lemma total-over-m-extension:
  fixes I :: 'v \ literal \ set \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses
  assumes total: total-over-m I A
  shows \exists I'. total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup B)
    \land (\forall x \in I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
proof -
  let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms-of-ms \ B \land v \notin atms-of-ms \ A\}
 have (\forall x \in ?I'. atm\text{-}of \ x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A) by auto
 moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') (A \cup B)
    using total unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma total-over-m-consistent-extension:
  fixes I :: 'v \ literal \ set \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes
    total: total-over-m I A and
    cons: consistent-interp I
  shows \exists I'. total-over-m (I \cup I') (A \cup B)
    \land (\forall x \in I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A) \land consistent\text{-}interp \ (I \cup I')
proof -
  \textbf{let} \ ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in \ atms-of-ms \ B \ \land \ v \notin \ atms-of-ms \ A \ \land \ Pos \ v \notin I \ \land \ Neg \ v \notin I\}
 have (\forall x \in ?I'. atm\text{-}of \ x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ B \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A) by auto
  moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') (A \cup B)
    using total unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
 moreover have consistent-interp (I \cup ?I')
    using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by (intro allI) (rename-tac L, case-tac L, auto)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma total-over-set-atms-of-m[simp]:
  total-over-set Ia (atms-of-s Ia)
  unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by (metis image-iff literal.exhaust-sel)
```

```
{\bf lemma}\ total\hbox{-} over-set\hbox{-} literal\hbox{-} defined:
  assumes \{\#A\#\} + D \in \psi s
  and total-over-set I (atms-of-ms \psi s)
  shows A \in I \vee -A \in I
  using assms unfolding total-over-set-def by (metis (no-types) Neg-atm-of-iff in-m-in-literals
   literal.collapse(1) uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
lemma tot-over-m-remove:
  assumes total-over-m (I \cup \{L\}) \{\psi\}
 and L: \neg L \in \# \psi - L \notin \# \psi
 shows total-over-m I \{\psi\}
 unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
proof
 \mathbf{fix} l
 assume l: l \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{\psi\}
  then have Pos \ l \in I \lor Neg \ l \in I \lor l = atm\text{-}of \ L
   using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover have atm-of L \notin atms-of-ms \{\psi\}
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have atm\text{-}of L \in atms\text{-}of \ \psi by auto
     then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ L) \in \#\ \psi \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ L) \in \#\ \psi
       using atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit by metis
     then have L \in \# \psi \lor - L \in \# \psi by (cases L) auto
     then show False using L by auto
   ged
 ultimately show Pos l \in I \vee Neg \ l \in I using l by metis
lemma total-union:
 assumes total-over-m I \psi
 shows total-over-m (I \cup I') \psi
 using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
lemma total-union-2:
  assumes total-over-m I \psi
 and total-over-m I' \psi'
 shows total-over-m (I \cup I') (\psi \cup \psi')
  using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
11.2.4 Interpretations
definition true-cls :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models 50) where
  I \models C \longleftrightarrow (\exists L \in \# C. \ I \models l \ L)
lemma true-cls-empty[iff]: \neg I \models \{\#\}
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-singleton[iff]: I \models \{\#L\#\} \longleftrightarrow I \models l L
  unfolding true-cls-def by (auto split:if-split-asm)
lemma true-cls-union[iff]: I \models C + D \longleftrightarrow I \models C \lor I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mono-set-mset: set-mset C \subseteq set-mset D \Longrightarrow I \models C \Longrightarrow I \models D
```

```
unfolding true-cls-def subset-eq Bex-def by metis
lemma true-cls-mono-leD[dest]: A \subseteq \# B \Longrightarrow I \models A \Longrightarrow I \models B
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma
 assumes I \models \psi
 shows
    true-cls-union-increase[simp]: I \cup I' \models \psi and
    true-cls-union-increase'[simp]: I' \cup I \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}cls\text{-}mono\text{-}set\text{-}mset\text{-}l\text{:}
  assumes A \models \psi
 and A \subseteq B
 shows B \models \psi
 using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-replicate-mset[iff]: I \models replicate-mset \ n \ L \longleftrightarrow n \neq 0 \land I \models l \ L
 by (induct \ n) auto
lemma true-cls-empty-entails[iff]: \neg {} \models N
 by (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
lemma true-cls-not-in-remove:
 assumes L \notin \# \chi and I \cup \{L\} \models \chi
 shows I \models \chi
 using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
definition true-clss :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelss 50) where
  I \models s \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in CC. \ I \models C)
lemma true-clss-empty[simp]: I \models s \{ \}
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true\text{-}clss\text{-}singleton[iff]: I \models s \{C\} \longleftrightarrow I \models C
 unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-empty-entails-empty[iff]: \{\} \models s \ N \longleftrightarrow N = \{\}
  unfolding true-clss-def by (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
lemma true-cls-insert-l [simp]:
  M \models A \Longrightarrow insert \ L \ M \models A
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-union[iff]: I \models s CC \cup DD \longleftrightarrow I \models s CC \land I \models s DD
 unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-insert[iff]: I \models s insert C DD \longleftrightarrow I \models C \land I \models s DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-mono: DD \subseteq CC \Longrightarrow I \models s \ CC \Longrightarrow I \models s \ DD
  unfolding true-clss-def by blast
```

lemma true-clss-union-increase[simp]:

```
assumes I \models s \psi
 shows I \cup I' \models s \psi
 using assms unfolding true-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-union-increase'[simp]:
assumes I' \models s \psi
 shows I \cup I' \models s \psi
 using assms by (auto simp add: true-clss-def)
lemma true-clss-commute-l:
  (I \cup I' \models s \psi) \longleftrightarrow (I' \cup I \models s \psi)
 by (simp add: Un-commute)
lemma model-remove[simp]: I \models s N \Longrightarrow I \models s Set.remove a N
 by (simp add: true-clss-def)
lemma model-remove-minus[simp]: I \models s N \Longrightarrow I \models s N - A
 by (simp add: true-clss-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ not in\text{-}vars\text{-}union\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{:}
  assumes \forall x \in I'. atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A
 and atms-of L \subseteq atms-of-ms A
 and I \cup I' \models L
 shows I \models L
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def Bex-def
  by (metis Un-iff atm-of-lit-in-atms-of contra-subsetD)
{f lemma} notin-vars-union-true-clss-true-clss:
  assumes \forall x \in I'. atm\text{-}of x \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A
 and atms-of-ms L \subseteq atms-of-ms A
 and I \cup I' \models s L
 shows I \models s L
  using assms unfolding true-clss-def true-lit-def Ball-def
  by (meson atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono notin-vars-union-true-cls-true-cls subset-trans)
11.2.5
            Satisfiability
definition satisfiable :: 'a \ clause \ set \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
  satisfiable CC \equiv \exists I. (I \models s \ CC \land consistent-interp \ I \land total-over-m \ I \ CC)
lemma satisfiable-single[simp]:
  satisfiable \{\{\#L\#\}\}
  unfolding satisfiable-def by fastforce
abbreviation unsatisfiable :: 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where
  unsatisfiable\ CC \equiv \neg\ satisfiable\ CC
lemma satisfiable-decreasing:
  assumes satisfiable (\psi \cup \psi')
 shows satisfiable \psi
  using assms total-over-m-union unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
{\bf lemma}\ satisfiable\text{-}def\text{-}min:
  satisfiable CC
    \longleftrightarrow (\exists I.\ I \models s\ CC \land consistent\_interp\ I \land total\_over\_m\ I\ CC \land atm\_of`I = atms\_of\_ms\ CC)
    (is ?sat \longleftrightarrow ?B)
```

```
proof
 assume ?B then show ?sat by (auto simp add: satisfiable-def)
 assume ?sat
 then obtain I where
   I-CC: I \models s \ CC and
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   tot: total-over-m I CC
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
 let ?I = \{P. P \in I \land atm\text{-}of P \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ CC\}
 have I-CC: ?I \models s \ CC
   using I-CC in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def true-cls-def
   Bex-def true-lit-def
   by blast
 moreover have cons: consistent-interp ?I
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
  moreover have total-over-m ?I CC
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover
   have atms-CC-incl: atms-of-ms CC \subseteq atm-of'I
     using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def
     by (auto simp add: atms-of-def atms-of-s-def[symmetric])
   have atm\text{-}of '?I = atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms CC
     using atms-CC-incl unfolding atms-of-ms-def by force
 ultimately show ?B by auto
qed
           Entailment for Multisets of Clauses
11.2.6
definition true-cls-mset :: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix \models m 50) where
 I \models m \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in \# \ CC. \ I \models C)
lemma true-cls-mset-empty[simp]: I \models m \{\#\}
 unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mset-singleton[iff]: I \models m \{ \# C \# \} \longleftrightarrow I \models C
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by (auto split: if-split-asm)
lemma true-cls-mset-union[iff]: I \models m \ CC + DD \longleftrightarrow I \models m \ CC \land I \models m \ DD
 unfolding true-cls-mset-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-mset-image-mset [iff]: I \models m image-mset f A \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in \# A. I \models f x)
  unfolding true-cls-mset-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-mset-mono: set-mset DD \subseteq set-mset CC \Longrightarrow I \models m \ CC \Longrightarrow I \models m \ DD
 unfolding true-cls-mset-def subset-iff by auto
lemma true-clss-set-mset[iff]: I \models s set-mset CC \longleftrightarrow I \models m CC
  unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-mset-def by auto
lemma true-cls-mset-increasing-r[simp]:
  I \models m \ CC \Longrightarrow I \cup J \models m \ CC
 unfolding true-cls-mset-def by auto
```

```
theorem true-cls-remove-unused:
 assumes I \models \psi
 shows \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atm\text{s-}of \ \psi\} \models \psi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def atms-of-def by auto
theorem true-clss-remove-unused:
  assumes I \models s \psi
 shows \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atm\text{s-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\} \models s \ \psi
 unfolding true-clss-def atms-of-def Ball-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x \in \psi
  then have I \models x
   using assms unfolding true-clss-def atms-of-def Ball-def by auto
  then have \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ x\} \models x
   by (simp only: true-cls-remove-unused[of I])
  moreover have \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ x\} \subseteq \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\}
   using \langle x \in \psi \rangle by (auto simp add: atms-of-ms-def)
  ultimately show \{v \in I. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\} \models x
    using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l by blast
A simple application of the previous theorem:
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}decrease:
 assumes II': I \cup I' \models \psi
 and H: \forall v \in I'. atm\text{-}of \ v \notin atms\text{-}of \ \psi
 shows I \models \psi
proof -
 let ?I = \{v \in I \cup I'. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ \psi\}
 have ?I \models \psi using true-cls-remove-unused II' by blast
  moreover have ?I \subseteq I using H by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l by blast
qed
lemma multiset-not-empty:
  assumes M \neq \{\#\}
 and x \in \# M
 shows \exists A. \ x = Pos \ A \lor x = Neg \ A
  using assms literal.exhaust-sel by blast
lemma atms-of-ms-empty:
  fixes \psi :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes atms-of-ms \psi = \{\}
 shows \psi = \{\} \lor \psi = \{\{\#\}\}\
  using assms by (auto simp add: atms-of-ms-def)
lemma consistent-interp-disjoint:
 assumes consI: consistent-interp I
and disj: atms-of-s \ A \cap atms-of-s \ I = \{\}
 and consA: consistent-interp A
shows consistent-interp (A \cup I)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 moreover have \bigwedge L. \neg (L \in A \land -L \in I)
```

```
using disj unfolding atms-of-s-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
  ultimately show False
   using consA consI unfolding consistent-interp-def by (metis (full-types) Un-iff
     literal.exhaust-sel uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
qed
lemma total-remove-unused:
 assumes total-over-m \ I \ \psi
 shows total-over-m \{v \in I. atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi\} \ \psi
 using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 by (metis (lifting) literal.sel(1,2) mem-Collect-eq)
{f lemma}\ true\text{-}cls\text{-}remove\text{-}hd\text{-}if\text{-}notin\text{-}vars:
 assumes insert a M' \models D
 and atm-of a \notin atms-of D
 shows M' \models D
 using assms by (auto simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of true-cls-def)
lemma total-over-set-atm-of:
 fixes I :: 'v interp and K :: 'v set
 shows total-over-set I K \longleftrightarrow (\forall l \in K. \ l \in (atm-of 'I))
 unfolding total-over-set-def by (metis atms-of-s-def in-atms-of-s-decomp)
11.2.7
           Tautologies
We define tautologies as clauses entailed by every total model and show later that is equivalent
to containing a literal and its negation.
definition tautology (\psi: 'v \ clause) \equiv \forall I. \ total-over-set \ I \ (atms-of \ \psi) \longrightarrow I \models \psi
```

```
lemma tautology-Pos-Neg[intro]:
 assumes Pos \ p \in \# \ A and Neg \ p \in \# \ A
 shows tautology A
 using assms unfolding tautology-def total-over-set-def true-cls-def Bex-def
 by (meson atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit true-lit-def)
lemma tautology-minus[simp]:
 assumes L \in \# A and -L \in \# A
 shows tautology A
 by (metis assms literal.exhaust tautology-Pos-Neg uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
\mathbf{lemma}\ tautology\text{-}exists\text{-}Pos\text{-}Neg:
 assumes tautology \psi
 shows \exists p. Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg p \in \# \psi
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume p: \neg (\exists p. Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg p \in \# \psi)
 let ?I = \{-L \mid L. \ L \in \# \psi\}
 have total-over-set ?I (atms-of \psi)
   unfolding total-over-set-def using atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit by force
 moreover have \neg ?I \models \psi
   unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def Bex-def apply clarify
   using p by (rename-tac x L, case-tac L) fastforce+
  ultimately show False using assms unfolding tautology-def by auto
qed
```

lemma tautology-decomp:

```
tautology \ \psi \longleftrightarrow (\exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ \psi \land Neg \ p \in \# \ \psi)
  using tautology-exists-Pos-Neg by auto
lemma tautology-false[simp]: \neg tautology {#}
  unfolding tautology-def by auto
lemma tautology-add-single:
  tautology \ (\{\#a\#\} + L) \longleftrightarrow tautology \ L \lor -a \in \#L
  unfolding tautology-decomp by (cases a) auto
lemma minus-interp-tautology:
  assumes \{-L \mid L. L \in \# \chi\} \models \chi
  shows tautology \chi
proof -
  obtain L where L \in \# \chi \land -L \in \# \chi
    using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
  then show ?thesis using tautology-decomp literal.exhaust uminus-Neg uminus-Pos by metis
lemma remove-literal-in-model-tautology:
  assumes I \cup \{Pos\ P\} \models \varphi
  and I \cup \{Neg\ P\} \models \varphi
  \mathbf{shows}\ I \models \varphi \lor \mathit{tautology}\ \varphi
  using assms unfolding true-cls-def by auto
lemma tautology-imp-tautology:
  fixes \chi \chi' :: 'v \ clause
  assumes \forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models \chi' \text{ and } tautology \ \chi
  shows tautology \chi' unfolding tautology-def
proof (intro allI HOL.impI)
  fix I :: 'v \ literal \ set
  assume totI: total-over-set I (atms-of \chi')
  \mathbf{let} \ ?I' = \{ Pos \ v \ | v. \ v \in \mathit{atms-of} \ \chi \ \land \ v \not\in \mathit{atms-of-s} \ I \}
  have totI': total-over-m (I \cup ?I') \{\chi\} unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  then have \chi: I \cup ?I' \models \chi \text{ using } assms(2) \text{ unfolding } total-over-m-def tautology-def by } simp
  then have I \cup (?I'-I) \models \chi' \text{ using } assms(1) \text{ } totI' \text{ by } auto
  moreover have \bigwedge L. L \in \# \chi' \Longrightarrow L \notin ?I'
    using totI unfolding total-over-set-def by (auto dest: pos-lit-in-atms-of)
  ultimately show I \models \chi' unfolding true-cls-def by auto
qed
11.2.8
              Entailment for clauses and propositions
We also need entailment of clauses by other clauses.
definition true-cls-cls :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models f 49) where
\psi \models f \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total \ over \ I \ (\{\psi\} \cup \{\chi\}) \longrightarrow consistent \ interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models \psi \longrightarrow I \models \chi)
definition true\text{-}cls\text{-}clss: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models fs 49) where
\psi \models fs \ \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total \ over \ m \ I \ (\{\psi\} \cup \chi) \longrightarrow consistent \ interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models \psi \longrightarrow I \models s \ \chi)
definition true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls:: 'a\ clauses \Rightarrow 'a\ clause \Rightarrow bool\ (infix \models p\ 49)\ where
N \models p \chi \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (N \cup \{\chi\}) \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models s \ N \longrightarrow I \models \chi)
definition true-clss-clss: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models ps \ 49) where
N \models ps \ N' \longleftrightarrow (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (N \cup N') \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp \ I \longrightarrow I \models s \ N \longrightarrow I \models s \ N')
```

```
lemma true-cls-refl[simp]:
  A \models f A
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def by auto
lemma true-cls-cls-insert-l[simp]:
  a \models f C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models p \ C
  unfolding true-cls-cls-def true-clss-def true-clss-def by fastforce
lemma true-cls-empty[iff]:
  N \models fs \{\}
  unfolding true-cls-clss-def by auto
lemma true-prop-true-clause[iff]:
  \{\varphi\} \models p \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \varphi \models f \ \psi
 unfolding true-cls-cls-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-true-clss-cls[iff]:
  N \models ps \{\psi\} \longleftrightarrow N \models p \psi
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-true-cls-clss[iff]:
  \{\chi\} \models ps \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \chi \models fs \ \psi
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-cls-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-empty[simp]:
  N \models ps \{\}
 unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-cls-subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow B \models p \ CC
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union by (simp add: total-over-m-subset true-clss-mono)
lemma true-clss-cs-mono-l[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models p \ CC
 \mathbf{by}\ (auto\ intro:\ true-clss-cls-subset)
lemma true-clss-cs-mono-l2[simp]:
  B \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models p \ CC
 by (auto intro: true-clss-cls-subset)
lemma true-clss-cls-mono-r[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC + CC'
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union total-over-m-sum by blast
lemma true-clss-cls-mono-r'[simp]:
  A \models p \ CC' \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC + CC'
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-union total-over-m-sum by blast
lemma true-clss-clss-union-l[simp]:
  A \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-clss-union-l-r[simp]:
  B \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps \ CC
```

```
unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
```

```
lemma true-clss-cls-in[simp]:
  CC \in A \Longrightarrow A \models p \ CC
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def total-over-m-union by fastforce
lemma true-clss-cls-insert-l[simp]:
  A \models p \ C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models p \ C
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def using total-over-m-union
  by (metis Un-iff insert-is-Un sup.commute)
lemma true-clss-clss-insert-l[simp]:
  A \models ps \ C \Longrightarrow insert \ a \ A \models ps \ C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-def by blast
lemma true-clss-clss-union-and[iff]:
  A \models ps \ C \cup D \longleftrightarrow (A \models ps \ C \land A \models ps \ D)
proof
    \mathbf{fix}\ A\ C\ D\ ::\ 'a\ clauses
    assume A: A \models ps \ C \cup D
    have A \models ps \ C
        {\bf unfolding} \ true-clss-cls-def \ true-clss-cls-def \ insert-def \ total-over-m-insert
      proof (intro allI impI)
       \mathbf{fix} I
       assume
          totAC: total-over-m \ I \ (A \cup C) and
          cons: consistent-interp\ I and
          I: I \models s A
        then have tot: total-over-m I A and tot': total-over-m I C by auto
        obtain I' where
          tot': total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ (I \cup I') \ (A \cup C \cup D) \ \text{and}
          cons': consistent-interp (I \cup I') and
          H: \forall x \in I'. \ atm\text{-}of \ x \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ D \land atm\text{-}of \ x \notin atm\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (A \cup C)
          using total-over-m-consistent-extension[OF - cons, of A \cup C] tot tot' by blast
        moreover have I \cup I' \models s A using I by simp
        ultimately have I \cup I' \models s \ C \cup D using A unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
        then have I \cup I' \models s \ C \cup D by auto
        then show I \models s C using notin-vars-union-true-clss-true-clss[of I'] H by auto
      qed
  \} note H = this
  assume A \models ps \ C \cup D
  then show A \models ps \ C \land A \models ps \ D using H[of \ A] Un-commute [of \ C \ D] by metis
  assume A \models ps \ C \land A \models ps \ D
  then show A \models ps \ C \cup D
    unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
qed
lemma true-clss-clss-insert[iff]:
  A \models ps \ insert \ L \ Ls \longleftrightarrow (A \models p \ L \land A \models ps \ Ls)
  using true-clss-clss-union-and [of A \{L\} Ls] by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}subset:
  A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow A \models ps \ CC \Longrightarrow B \models ps \ CC
```

```
by (metis subset-Un-eq true-clss-clss-union-l)
lemma union-trus-clss-clss[simp]: A \cup B \models ps B
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-remove[simp]:
  A \models ps \ B \Longrightarrow A \models ps \ B - C
  by (metis Un-Diff-Int true-clss-clss-union-and)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}subsetE:
  N \models ps \ B \Longrightarrow A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow N \models ps \ A
  by (metis sup.orderE true-clss-clss-union-and)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}in\text{-}imp\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls:
  assumes N \models ps U
  and A \in U
  shows N \models p A
  using assms mk-disjoint-insert by fastforce
lemma all-in-true-clss-clss: \forall x \in B. \ x \in A \Longrightarrow A \models ps \ B
  unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def by auto
lemma true-clss-clss-left-right:
  assumes A \models ps B
  and A \cup B \models ps M
  shows A \models ps M \cup B
  using assms unfolding true-clss-clss-def by auto
{f lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}generalise\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss:
  A \cup C \models ps D \Longrightarrow B \models ps C \Longrightarrow A \cup B \models ps D
proof -
  assume a1: A \cup C \models ps D
  assume B \models ps \ C
  then have f2: \bigwedge M. \ M \cup B \models ps \ C
    by (meson\ true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
  have \bigwedge M. C \cup (M \cup A) \models ps D
    using a1 by (simp add: Un-commute sup-left-commute)
  then show ?thesis
    using f2 by (metis (no-types) Un-commute true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{:}
  assumes D: N \models p D + \{\#-L\#\}
  and C: N \models p \ C + \{\#L\#\}
  shows N \models p D + C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix}\ I
  assume
    tot: total-over-m I(N \cup \{D + C\}) and
    consistent-interp I and
    I \models s N
  {
    assume L: L \in I \vee -L \in I
    then have total-over-m I \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
```

```
using tot by (cases L) auto
   then have I \models D + \{\#-L\#\} using D (I \models s N) tot (consistent-interp I)
     unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   moreover
     have total-over-m I \{C + \{\#L\#\}\}
       using L tot by (cases L) auto
     then have I \models C + \{\#L\#\}
       using C \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-interp } I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have I \models D + C using (consistent-interp I) consistent-interp-def by fastforce
  }
  moreover {
   assume L: L \notin I \land -L \notin I
   let ?I' = I \cup \{L\}
   have consistent-interp ?I' using L \land consistent-interp I \land by auto
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
     using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' N using tot using total-union by blast
   moreover have ?I' \models s \ N \ using \langle I \models s \ N \rangle \ using \ true-clss-union-increase by \ blast
   ultimately have ?I' \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
     using D unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
   then have ?I' \models D using L by auto
   moreover
     have total-over-set I (atms-of (D + C)) using tot by auto
     then have L \notin \# D \land -L \notin \# D
       using L unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-def by (cases L) force+
   ultimately have I \models D + C unfolding true-cls-def by auto
 ultimately show I \models D + C by blast
lemma true\text{-}cls\text{-}union\text{-}mset[iff]: I \models C \# \cup D \longleftrightarrow I \models C \lor I \models D
  unfolding true-cls-def by force
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}union\text{-}mset\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}or\text{:}
  assumes
    D: N \models p D + \{\#-L\#\}  and
    C: N \models p \ C + \{\#L\#\}
  shows N \models p D \# \cup C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} I
 assume
   tot: total-over-m I (N \cup \{D \# \cup C\}) and
   consistent-interp I and
   I \models s N
  {
   assume L: L \in I \vee -L \in I
   then have total-over-m I \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
     using tot by (cases L) auto
   then have I \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
     using D \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-}interp \ I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
     have total-over-m I \{C + \{\#L\#\}\}
       using L tot by (cases L) auto
     then have I \models C + \{\#L\#\}
```

```
using C \langle I \models s N \rangle tot \langle consistent\text{-}interp \ I \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have I \models D \# \cup C using \langle consistent\text{-}interp\ I \rangle unfolding consistent-interp-def
  }
  moreover {
   assume L: L \notin I \land -L \notin I
   let ?I' = I \cup \{L\}
   have consistent-interp ?I' using L \land consistent-interp I \gt by auto
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' \{D + \{\#-L\#\}\}
     using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
   moreover have total-over-m ?I' N using tot using total-union by blast
   moreover have ?I' \models s \ N \text{ using } (I \models s \ N) \text{ using } true\text{-}clss\text{-}union\text{-}increase by } blast
   ultimately have ?I' \models D + \{\#-L\#\}
     using D unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
   then have ?I' \models D using L by auto
   moreover
     have total-over-set I (atms-of (D + C)) using tot by auto
     then have L \notin \# D \land -L \notin \# D
       using L unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-def by (cases L) force+
   ultimately have I \models D \# \cup C unfolding true-cls-def by auto
  ultimately show I \models D \# \cup C by blast
qed
lemma satisfiable-carac[iff]:
  (\exists I. \ consistent\ interp\ I \land I \models s\ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow satisfiable\ \varphi\ (is\ (\exists I.\ ?Q\ I) \longleftrightarrow ?S)
proof
 assume ?S
 then show \exists I. ?Q I unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
 assume \exists I. ?Q I
 then obtain I where cons: consistent-interp I and I: I \models s \varphi by metis
 let ?I' = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \notin atms-of-s \ I \land v \in atms-of-ms \ \varphi\}
 have consistent-interp (I \cup ?I')
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def by (intro allI) (rename-tac L, case-tac L, auto)
 moreover have total-over-m (I \cup ?I') \varphi
   unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
 moreover have I \cup ?I' \models s \varphi
   using I unfolding Ball-def true-cls-def by auto
 ultimately show ?S unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
qed
lemma satisfiable-carac'[simp]: consistent-interp I \Longrightarrow I \models s \varphi \Longrightarrow satisfiable \varphi
 using satisfiable-carac by metis
11.3
         Subsumptions
lemma subsumption-total-over-m:
 assumes A \subseteq \# B
 shows total-over-m I \{B\} \Longrightarrow total-over-m I \{A\}
 using assms unfolding subset-mset-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
 by (auto simp add: mset-le-exists-conv)
lemma atms-of-replicate-mset-replicate-mset-uminus[simp]:
  atms-of (D-replicate-mset\ (count\ D\ L)\ L-replicate-mset\ (count\ D\ (-L))\ (-L))
```

```
= atms-of D - \{atm-of L\}
 by (fastforce simp: atm-of-eq-atm-of atms-of-def)
lemma subsumption-chained:
  assumes
    \forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{D\} \longrightarrow I \models \mathcal{D} \longrightarrow I \models \varphi \ \text{and}
    C \subseteq \# D
  shows (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C\} \longrightarrow I \models C \longrightarrow I \models \varphi) \lor tautology \varphi
  using assms
proof (induct card {Pos v \mid v. v \in atms-of D \land v \notin atms-of C}) arbitrary: D
    rule: nat-less-induct-case)
  case \theta note n = this(1) and H = this(2) and incl = this(3)
  then have atms-of D \subseteq atms-of C by auto
  then have \forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{D\}
    unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
  moreover have \forall I. \ I \models C \longrightarrow I \models D \text{ using } incl \ true\text{-}cls\text{-}mono\text{-}leD \text{ by } blast
  ultimately show ?case using H by auto
  case (Suc n D) note IH = this(1) and card = this(2) and H = this(3) and incl = this(4)
 let ?atms = \{Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ D \land v \notin atms\text{-}of \ C\}
  have finite ?atms by auto
  then obtain L where L: L \in ?atms
    using card by (metis (no-types, lifting) Collect-empty-eq card-0-eq mem-Collect-eq
      nat.simps(3))
 let ?D' = D - replicate\text{-mset} (count D L) L - replicate\text{-mset} (count D (-L)) (-L)
  have atms-of-D: atms-of-ms \{D\} \subseteq atms-of-ms \{PD'\} \cup \{atm-of L\} by auto
  {
    \mathbf{fix} I
    assume total-over-m I \{?D'\}
    then have tot: total-over-m (I \cup \{L\}) \{D\}
      unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def using atms-of-D by auto
    assume IDL: I \models ?D'
    then have I \cup \{L\} \models D unfolding true-cls-def by force
    then have I \cup \{L\} \models \varphi \text{ using } H \text{ tot by } auto
    moreover
      have tot': total-over-m (I \cup \{-L\}) \{D\}
        using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
      have I \cup \{-L\} \models D using IDL unfolding true-cls-def by force
      then have I \cup \{-L\} \models \varphi \text{ using } H \text{ tot' by } auto
    ultimately have I \models \varphi \lor tautology \varphi
      using L remove-literal-in-model-tautology by force
  } note H' = this
 have L \notin \# C and -L \notin \# C using L atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit by force+
  then have C-in-D': C \subseteq \# ?D' using \langle C \subseteq \# D \rangle by (auto simp: subseteq-mset-def not-in-iff)
  have card \{Pos \ v \mid v.\ v \in atms-of \ ?D' \land v \notin atms-of \ C\} < v \in atms-of \ C\}
    card \{ Pos \ v \mid v. \ v \in atms\text{-}of \ D \land v \notin atms\text{-}of \ C \}
    using L by (auto intro!: psubset-card-mono)
  then show ?case
    using \mathit{IH}\ \mathit{C-in-D'}\ \mathit{H'}\ \ \mathbf{unfolding}\ \mathit{card}[\mathit{symmetric}]\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{blast}
qed
```

11.4 Removing Duplicates

```
lemma tautology-remdups-mset[iff]:
  tautology (remdups-mset C) \longleftrightarrow tautology C
  unfolding tautology-decomp by auto

lemma atms-of-remdups-mset[simp]: atms-of (remdups-mset C) = atms-of C
  unfolding atms-of-def by auto

lemma true-cls-remdups-mset[iff]: I \models remdups-mset C \longleftrightarrow I \models C
  unfolding true-cls-def by auto

lemma true-clss-cls-remdups-mset[iff]: A \models p remdups-mset C \longleftrightarrow A \models p C
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-def by auto
```

11.5 Set of all Simple Clauses

A simple clause with respect to a set of atoms is such that

- 1. its atoms are included in the considered set of atoms;
- 2. it is not a tautology;
- 3. it does not contains duplicate literals.

It corresponds to the clauses that cannot be simplified away in a calculus without considering the other clauses.

```
definition simple-clss :: 'v set \Rightarrow 'v clause set where
simple-clss\ atms = \{C.\ atms-of\ C \subseteq atms \land \neg tautology\ C \land distinct-mset\ C\}
lemma simple-clss-empty[simp]:
  simple-clss \{\} = \{\{\#\}\}
  unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
{f lemma}\ simple	ext{-}clss	ext{-}insert:
  assumes l \notin atms
  shows simple-clss (insert\ l\ atms) =
   (op + \{\#Pos\ l\#\}) ' (simple\text{-}clss\ atms)
   \cup (op + \{\#Neg \ l\#\})  ' (simple-clss \ atms)
   \cup simple-clss \ atms(is \ ?I = ?U)
proof (standard; standard)
 \mathbf{fix} \ C
 assume C \in ?I
  then have
   atms: atms-of C \subseteq insert\ l\ atms and
   taut: \neg tautology \ C and
   dist: distinct-mset C
   unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
  have H: \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ C \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ x \in insert \ l \ atms
   using atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms by blast
     (Add) L where L \in \# C and L = Neg \ l \lor L = Pos \ l
    | (No) Pos l \notin \# C Neg l \notin \# C
   by auto
  then show C \in ?U
```

```
proof cases
     case Add
     then have LCL: L \notin \# C - \{\#L\#\}
       using dist unfolding distinct-mset-def by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
     have LC: -L \notin \# C
       using taut Add by auto
     obtain aa :: 'a where
      f_4: (aa \in atms-of\ (remove1-mset\ L\ C) \longrightarrow aa \in atms) \longrightarrow atms-of\ (remove1-mset\ L\ C) \subseteq atms
      by (meson subset-iff)
     obtain ll :: 'a literal where
       aa \notin atm\text{-}of \text{ '} set\text{-}mset \text{ (} remove1\text{-}mset \text{ } L \text{ } C\text{)} \vee aa = atm\text{-}of \text{ } ll \wedge ll \in \# \text{ } remove1\text{-}mset \text{ } L \text{ } C
      by blast
     then have atms-of (C - \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms
       using f4 Add LCL LC H unfolding atms-of-def by (metis H in-diffD insertE
         literal.exhaust-sel uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
     moreover have \neg tautology (C - \{\#L\#\})
       using taut by (metis Add(1) insert-DiffM tautology-add-single)
     moreover have distinct-mset (C - \{\#L\#\})
       using dist by auto
     ultimately have (C - \{\#L\#\}) \in simple\text{-}clss\ atms
       using Add unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
     moreover have C = \{\#L\#\} + (C - \{\#L\#\})
       using Add by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
     ultimately show ?thesis using Add by auto
   next
     case No
     then have C \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms
      using taut atms dist unfolding simple-clss-def
      by (auto simp: atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit split: if-split-asm dest!: H)
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
\mathbf{next}
 \mathbf{fix} \ C
 assume C \in ?U
 then consider
     (Add)\ L\ C' where C=\{\#L\#\}+\ C' and C'\in simple\text{-}clss\ atms and
       L = Pos \ l \lor L = Neg \ l
    (No) C \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms
   by auto
  then show C \in ?I
   proof cases
     case No
     then show ?thesis unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
     case (Add L C') note C' = this(1) and C = this(2) and L = this(3)
     then have
       atms: atms-of C' \subseteq atms and
       taut: \neg tautology C' and
       dist: distinct-mset C'
       unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
     have atms-of C \subseteq insert\ l\ atms
       using atms C' L by auto
     moreover have \neg tautology C
       using taut C'L by (metis assms atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms literal.sel(1,2) subset-eq
         tautology-add-single uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
```

```
moreover have distinct-mset C
       using dist C' L
      by (metis assms atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms contra-subsetD distinct-mset-add-single
        literal.sel(1,2)
     ultimately show ?thesis unfolding simple-clss-def by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma simple-clss-finite:
 fixes atms :: 'v set
 assumes finite atms
 shows finite (simple-clss atms)
 using assms by (induction rule: finite-induct) (auto simp: simple-clss-insert)
lemma simple-clssE:
 assumes
   x \in simple\text{-}clss \ atms
 shows atms-of x \subseteq atms \land \neg tautology x \land distinct-mset x
 using assms unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
lemma cls-in-simple-clss:
 shows \{\#\} \in simple\text{-}clss\ s
 unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
lemma simple-clss-card:
 fixes atms :: 'v set
 assumes finite atms
 shows card (simple-clss\ atms) \le (3::nat) \cap (card\ atms)
 using assms
proof (induct atms rule: finite-induct)
 case empty
 then show ?case by auto
  case (insert l C) note fin = this(1) and l = this(2) and IH = this(3)
   \bigwedge C'. \{ \# Pos \ l \# \} + C' \notin simple\text{-}clss \ C
   \bigwedge C'. \{ \# Neg \ l \# \} + C' \notin simple\text{-}clss \ C
   using l unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
 have H: \bigwedge C' D. \{\#Pos \ l\#\} + C' = \{\#Neg \ l\#\} + D \Longrightarrow D \in simple-clss \ C \Longrightarrow False
   proof -
     fix C'D
     assume C'D: \{\#Pos\ l\#\} + C' = \{\#Neg\ l\#\} + D \text{ and } D: D \in simple-clss\ C
     then have Pos l \in \# D by (metis insert-noteg-member literal.distinct(1) union-commute)
     then have l \in atms-of D
      by (simp add: atm-iff-pos-or-neg-lit)
     then show False using D l unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
   qed
 let ?P = (op + \{\#Pos \ l\#\}) ' (simple-clss \ C)
 let ?N = (op + \{\#Neg \ l\#\}) ' (simple-clss \ C)
 let ?O = simple\text{-}clss C
 have card (?P \cup ?N \cup ?O) = card (?P \cup ?N) + card ?O
   apply (subst card-Un-disjoint)
   using l fin by (auto simp: simple-clss-finite notin)
 moreover have card (?P \cup ?N) = card ?P + card ?N
   apply (subst card-Un-disjoint)
```

```
using l fin H by (auto simp: simple-clss-finite notin)
  moreover
    have card ?P = card ?O
      using inj-on-iff-eq-card [of ?O op + \{ \#Pos \ l\# \} ]
      by (auto simp: fin simple-clss-finite inj-on-def)
 moreover have card ?N = card ?O
      using inj-on-iff-eq-card[of ?O op + \{ \#Neg \ l\# \} ]
      by (auto simp: fin simple-clss-finite inj-on-def)
 moreover have (3::nat) \widehat{} card (insert\ l\ C) = 3 \widehat{} (card\ C) + 3 \widehat{} (card\ C) + 3 \widehat{} (card\ C)
    using l by (simp add: fin mult-2-right numeral-3-eq-3)
 ultimately show ?case using IH l by (auto simp: simple-clss-insert)
qed
lemma simple-clss-mono:
  assumes incl: atms \subseteq atms'
 shows simple-clss atms \subseteq simple-clss atms'
  using assms unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
lemma distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss:
  assumes distinct-mset \chi and \neg tautology \chi
 shows \chi \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of \chi)
  using assms unfolding simple-clss-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ simplified\text{-}in\text{-}simple\text{-}clss:
  assumes distinct-mset-set \psi and \forall \chi \in \psi. \neg tautology \chi
  shows \psi \subseteq simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ \psi)
  using assms unfolding simple-clss-def
 by (auto simp: distinct-mset-set-def atms-of-ms-def)
11.6
          Experiment: Expressing the Entailments as Locales
locale entail =
  fixes entail :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool (infix \models e \ 50)
 assumes entail-insert[simp]: I \neq \{\} \implies insert\ L\ I \models e\ x \longleftrightarrow \{L\} \models e\ x \lor I \models e\ x
 assumes entail-union[simp]: I \models e A \Longrightarrow I \cup I' \models e A
begin
definition entails :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'b set \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelses 50) where
  I \models es A \longleftrightarrow (\forall a \in A. I \models e a)
lemma entails-empty[simp]:
  I \models es \{\}
  unfolding entails-def by auto
lemma entails-single[iff]:
  I \models es \{a\} \longleftrightarrow I \models e a
  unfolding entails-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ entails\text{-}insert\text{-}l[simp]\text{:}
  M \models es A \Longrightarrow insert \ L \ M \models es \ A
  unfolding entails-def by (metis Un-commute entail-union insert-is-Un)
lemma entails-union[iff]: I \models es \ CC \cup DD \longleftrightarrow I \models es \ CC \land I \models es \ DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-insert[iff]: I \models es insert \ C \ DD \longleftrightarrow I \models e \ C \land I \models es \ DD
```

```
unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-insert-mono: DD \subseteq CC \Longrightarrow I \models es \ CC \Longrightarrow I \models es \ DD
  unfolding entails-def by blast
lemma entails-union-increase[simp]:
assumes I \models es \psi
 shows I \cup I' \models es \psi
 using assms unfolding entails-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}clss\text{-}commute\text{-}l:
  (I \cup I' \models es \psi) \longleftrightarrow (I' \cup I \models es \psi)
 by (simp add: Un-commute)
lemma entails-remove[simp]: I \models es N \implies I \models es Set.remove \ a \ N
 by (simp add: entails-def)
lemma entails-remove-minus[simp]: I \models es N \implies I \models es N - A
  by (simp add: entails-def)
end
interpretation true-cls: entail true-cls
 by standard (auto simp add: true-cls-def)
```

11.7 Entailment to be extended

In some cases we want a more general version of entailment to have for example $\{\} \models \{\#L, -L\#\}$. This is useful when the model we are building might not be total (the literal L might have been definitely removed from the set of clauses), but we still want to have a property of entailment considering that theses removed literals are not important.

We can given a model I consider all the natural extensions: C is entailed by an extended I, if for all total extension of I, this model entails C.

```
definition true-clss-ext :: 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset set \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelssext 49)
I \models sext \ N \longleftrightarrow (\forall J. \ I \subseteq J \longrightarrow consistent\text{-}interp \ J \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ J \ N \longrightarrow J \models s \ N)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true\text{-}\mathit{clss\text{-}\mathit{imp}\text{-}\mathit{true\text{-}\mathit{cls}\text{-}\mathit{ext}}}:
  I \models s \ N \implies I \models sext \ N
  unfolding true-clss-ext-def by (metis sup.orderE true-clss-union-increase')
lemma true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r:
  assumes I \models sext N
  shows I \models sext N - \{C\}
  unfolding true-clss-ext-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} J
  assume
     I \subseteq J and
    cons: consistent-interp J and
    tot: total-over-m J(N - \{C\})
  let ?J = J \cup \{Pos (atm-of P) | P. P \in \# C \land atm-of P \notin atm-of `J'\}
  have I \subseteq ?J using \langle I \subseteq J \rangle by auto
  moreover have consistent-interp ?J
```

```
using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def apply (intro allI)
   by (rename-tac L, case-tac L) (fastforce simp add: image-iff)+
  moreover have total-over-m ?J N
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def
   apply clarify
   apply (rename-tac l a, case-tac a \in N - \{C\})
     apply auto[]
   \mathbf{using}\ atms-of\text{-}s\text{-}def\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}in\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}set\text{-}iff\text{-}in\text{-}set\text{-}or\text{-}uminus\text{-}in\text{-}set
   by (fastforce simp: atms-of-def)
  ultimately have ?J \models s N
   using assms unfolding true-clss-ext-def by blast
 then have ?J \models s N - \{C\} by auto
 have \{v \in ?J. \ atm\text{-}of \ v \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (N - \{C\})\} \subseteq J
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
   by (auto intro!: rev-image-eqI)
 then show J \models s N - \{C\}
   using true-clss-remove-unused [OF \land ?J \models s N - \{C\} \land] unfolding true-clss-def
   by (meson true-cls-mono-set-mset-l)
qed
lemma consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable:
 assumes consistent-interp I and I \models sext A
 shows satisfiable A
 by (metis Un-empty-left assms satisfiable-carac subset-Un-eq sup.left-idem
   total-over-m-consistent-extension total-over-m-empty true-clss-ext-def)
lemma not-consistent-true-clss-ext:
 \mathbf{assumes} \ \neg consistent\text{-}interp\ I
 shows I \models sext A
 by (meson assms consistent-interp-subset true-clss-ext-def)
end
theory Prop-Logic-Multiset
imports ../lib/Multiset-More Prop-Normalisation Partial-Clausal-Logic
begin
```

12 Link with Multiset Version

12.1 Transformation to Multiset

```
fun mset-of-conj :: 'a propo \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset where mset-of-conj (FOr \varphi \psi) = mset-of-conj \varphi + mset-of-conj \psi \mid mset-of-conj (FVar v) = \{\# Pos v \#\} \mid mset-of-conj (FNot (FVar v)) = \{\# Neg v \#\} \mid mset-of-conj FF = \{\#\}

fun mset-of-formula :: 'a propo \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset set where mset-of-formula (FAnd \varphi \psi) = mset-of-formula \varphi \cup mset-of-formula (FOr \varphi \psi) = \{mset-of-conj (FOr \varphi \psi)\} \mid mset-of-formula (FVar \psi) = \{mset-of-conj (FVar \psi)\} \mid mset-of-formula (FNot \psi) = \{mset-of-conj (FNot \psi)\} \mid mset-of-formula FF = \{\{\#\}\} \mid mset-of-formula FT = \{\}
```

12.2 Equisatisfiability of the two Version

```
lemma is-conj-with-TF-FNot:
  is-conj-with-TF (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\exists v. \varphi = FVar \ v \lor \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT)
 unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def apply (rule iffI)
 apply (induction FNot \varphi rule: super-grouped-by.induct)
 apply (induction FNot \varphi rule: grouped-by.induct)
    apply simp
   apply (cases \varphi; simp)
 apply auto
  done
lemma grouped-by-COr-FNot:
  grouped-by COr (FNot \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\exists v. \varphi = FVar \ v \lor \varphi = FF \lor \varphi = FT)
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def apply (rule iffI)
 apply (induction FNot \varphi rule: grouped-by.induct)
    apply simp
   apply (cases \varphi; simp)
  apply auto
  done
lemma
  shows no\text{-}T\text{-}F\text{-}FF[simp]: \neg no\text{-}T\text{-}F FF and
   no-T-F-FT[simp]: \neg no-T-F FT
  unfolding no-T-F-def all-subformula-st-def by auto
lemma grouped-by-CAnd-FAnd:
  grouped-by CAnd (FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2) \longleftrightarrow grouped-by CAnd \varphi 1 \wedge grouped-by CAnd \varphi 2
 apply (rule iffI)
 apply (induction FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: grouped-by.induct)
 using connected-is-group of CAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2 by auto
lemma grouped-by-COr-FOr:
  grouped-by COr (FOr \varphi 1 \varphi 2) \longleftrightarrow grouped-by COr \varphi 1 \land grouped-by COr \varphi 2
 apply (rule iffI)
 apply (induction FOr \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: grouped-by.induct)
  using connected-is-group[of COr \varphi 1 \varphi 2] by auto
lemma grouped-by-COr-FAnd[simp]: \neg grouped-by COr (FAnd \varphi1 \varphi2)
  apply clarify
  apply (induction FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: grouped-by.induct)
  apply auto
  done
lemma grouped-by-COr-FEq[simp]: \neg grouped-by COr (FEq \varphi1 \varphi2)
  apply clarify
  apply (induction FEq \varphi1 \varphi2 rule: grouped-by.induct)
  apply auto
  done
lemma [simp]: \neg grouped-by COr (FImp \varphi \psi)
 apply clarify
 by (induction FImp \varphi \psi rule: grouped-by.induct) simp-all
lemma [simp]: \neg is-conj-with-TF (FImp \varphi \psi)
```

```
unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def apply clarify
 by (induction FImp \varphi \psi rule: super-grouped-by.induct) simp-all
lemma [simp]: \neg grouped-by COr (FEq \varphi \psi)
 apply clarify
 by (induction FEq \varphi \psi rule: grouped-by.induct) simp-all
lemma [simp]: \neg is-conj-with-TF (FEq \varphi \psi)
  unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def apply clarify
 by (induction FEq \varphi \psi rule: super-grouped-by.induct) simp-all
lemma is-conj-with-TF-Fand:
  is-conj-with-TF (FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2) \Longrightarrow is-conj-with-TF \varphi 1 \wedge is-conj-with-TF \varphi 2
 unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def
 apply (induction FAnd \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: super-grouped-by.induct)
  apply (auto simp: grouped-by-CAnd-FAnd intro: grouped-is-super-grouped)[]
 apply auto[]
 done
lemma is-conj-with-TF-FOr:
  is-conj-with-TF (FOr \varphi 1 \varphi 2) \Longrightarrow grouped-by COr \varphi 1 \land grouped-by COr \varphi 2
 unfolding is-conj-with-TF-def
 apply (induction FOr \varphi 1 \varphi 2 rule: super-grouped-by.induct)
  apply (auto simp: grouped-by-COr-FOr)[]
 apply auto[]
 done
lemma grouped-by-COr-mset-of-formula:
  grouped-by COr \varphi \implies mset-of-formula \varphi = (if \varphi = FT \ then \{\} \ else \{ mset-of-conj \varphi \})
 by (induction \varphi) (auto simp add: grouped-by-COr-FNot)
```

When a formula is in CNF form, then there is equisatisfiability between the multiset version and the CNF form. Remark that the definition for the entailment are slightly different: $op \models$ uses a function assigning True or False, while $op \models s$ uses a set where being in the list means entailment of a literal.

```
theorem
```

```
fixes \varphi :: 'v \ propo
 assumes is-cnf \varphi
 shows eval A \varphi \longleftrightarrow Partial\text{-}Clausal\text{-}Logic.true\text{-}clss} (\{Pos \ v | v. \ A \ v\} \cup \{Neq \ v | v. \ \neg A \ v\})
   (mset-of-formula \varphi)
  using assms
proof (induction \varphi)
  case FF
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case FT
 then show ?case by auto
  case (FVar\ v)
  then show ?case by auto
  case (FAnd \varphi \psi)
  then show ?case
  unfolding is-cnf-def by (auto simp: is-conj-with-TF-FNot dest: is-conj-with-TF-Fand
    dest!: is-conj-with-TF-FOr)
```

```
next
   case (FOr \varphi \psi)
   then have [simp]: mset-of-formula \varphi = \{mset-of-conj \varphi\} mset-of-formula \psi = \{mset-of-conj \psi\}
       unfolding is-cnf-def by (auto dest!:is-conj-with-TF-FOr simp: grouped-by-COr-mset-of-formula
          split: if-splits)
   have is-conj-with-TF \varphi is-conj-with-TF \psi
       using FOr(3) unfolding is-cnf-def no-T-F-def
       by (metis grouped-is-super-grouped is-conj-with-TF-FOr is-conj-with-TF-def)+
   then show ?case using FOr
       unfolding is-cnf-def by simp
next
   case (FImp \varphi \psi)
   then show ?case
       unfolding is-cnf-def by auto
next
   case (FEq \varphi \psi)
   then show ?case
       unfolding is-cnf-def by auto
next
   case (FNot \varphi)
   then show ?case
       unfolding is-cnf-def by (auto simp: is-conj-with-TF-FNot)
qed
end
theory Prop-Resolution
imports Partial-Clausal-Logic List-More Wellfounded-More
begin
13
               Resolution
13.1
                  Simplification Rules
inductive simplify :: 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool for N :: 'v clause set where
tautology-deletion:
       (A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) \in N \Longrightarrow simplify\ N\ (N - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\})
condensation:
       (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) \in N \Longrightarrow simplify \ N \ (N - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) \mid A + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}
subsumption:
       A \in N \Longrightarrow A \subset \# B \Longrightarrow B \in N \Longrightarrow simplify N (N - \{B\})
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat':
   fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
   assumes simplify N N'
   and total-over-m \ I \ N
   shows I \models s N' \longrightarrow I \models s N
   using assms
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
   case (tautology-deletion \ A \ P)
   then have I \models A + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ P\# \} 
       by (metis total-over-m-def total-over-set-literal-defined true-cls-singleton true-cls-union
          true-lit-def uminus-Neg union-commute)
```

then show ?case by (metis Un-Diff-cancel2 true-clss-singleton true-clss-union)

next

```
case (condensation A P)
  then show ?case by (metis Diff-insert-absorb Set.set-insert insertE true-cls-union true-clss-def
    true-clss-singleton true-clss-union)
next
  case (subsumption \ A \ B)
 have A \neq B using subsumption.hyps(2) by auto
  then have I \models s N - \{B\} \Longrightarrow I \models A \text{ using } (A \in N) \text{ by } (simp add: true-clss-def)
  moreover have I \models A \Longrightarrow I \models B \text{ using } \langle A < \# B \rangle \text{ by } auto
  ultimately show ?case by (metis insert-Diff-single true-clss-insert)
qed
{\bf lemma}\ simplify\text{-}preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat:
  fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes simplify N N
 and total-over-m \ I \ N
 shows I \models s N \longrightarrow I \models s N'
  using assms apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
  using true-clss-def by fastforce+
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat":
  fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
  assumes simplify N N'
  and total-over-m I N'
  shows I \models s N \longrightarrow I \models s N'
  using assms apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
  using true-clss-def by fastforce+
lemma simplify-preserves-un-sat-eq:
  fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes simplify N N'
 and total-over-m I N
 shows I \models s N \longleftrightarrow I \models s N'
  using simplify-preserves-un-sat simplify-preserves-un-sat' assms by blast
{\bf lemma}\ simplify \hbox{-} preserves \hbox{-} finite \hbox{:}
 assumes simplify \psi \psi'
 shows finite \psi \longleftrightarrow finite \psi'
 using assms by (induct rule: simplify.induct, auto simp add: remove-def)
lemma rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite:
assumes rtranclp simplify \psi \psi'
 shows finite \psi \longleftrightarrow finite \psi'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite)
lemma simplify-atms-of-ms:
  assumes simplify \psi \psi'
 shows atms-of-ms \psi' \subseteq atms-of-ms \psi
  using assms unfolding atms-of-ms-def
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
  case (tautology-deletion A P)
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (condensation AP)
  moreover have A + \{\#P\#\} + \{\#P\#\} \in \psi \Longrightarrow \exists x \in \psi. \ atm\text{-}of \ P \in atm\text{-}of \ `set\text{-}mset \ x
   by (metis Un-iff atms-of-def atms-of-plus atms-of-singleton insert-iff)
```

```
ultimately show ?case by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
next
  case (subsumption A P)
 then show ?case by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-ms:
  assumes rtrancly simplify \psi \psi'
 shows atms-of-ms \psi' \subseteq atms-of-ms \psi
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply (fastforce intro: simplify-atms-of-ms)
  using simplify-atms-of-ms by blast
lemma factoring-imp-simplify:
  assumes \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in N
 shows \exists N'. simplify NN'
proof -
 have C + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} \in N using assms by (simp add: add.commute union-lcomm)
 from condensation[OF this] show ?thesis by blast
qed
13.2
          Unconstrained Resolution
type-synonym 'v \ uncon\text{-}state = 'v \ clauses
inductive uncon\text{-}res :: 'v \ uncon\text{-}state \Rightarrow 'v \ uncon\text{-}state \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
resolution:
  \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C \in N \Longrightarrow \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D \in N \Longrightarrow (\{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C, \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D) \notin A
already-used
   \implies uncon\text{-res }(N) \ (N \cup \{C + D\}) \ |
factoring: \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in N \Longrightarrow uncon\text{-res } N \ (N \cup \{C + \{\#L\#\}\})
lemma uncon-res-increasing:
 assumes uncon-res S S' and \psi \in S
 shows \psi \in S'
 using assms by (induct rule: uncon-res.induct) auto
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-uncon-inference-increasing:
 assumes rtrancly uncon-res S S' and \psi \in S
 shows \psi \in S'
  using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: uncon-res-increasing)
13.2.1
           Subsumption
definition subsumes :: 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow bool where
subsumes \ \chi \ \chi' \longleftrightarrow
  (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
 \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models \chi')
lemma subsumes-refl[simp]:
  subsumes \chi \chi
  unfolding subsumes-def by auto
lemma subsumes-subsumption:
  assumes subsumes D \chi
 and C \subset \# D and \neg tautology \chi
```

```
shows subsumes C \chi unfolding subsumes-def
  using assms subsumption-total-over-m subsumption-chained unfolding subsumes-def
  by (blast intro!: subset-mset.less-imp-le)
lemma subsumes-tautology:
  assumes subsumes (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) \chi
  shows tautology \chi
  using assms unfolding subsumes-def by (simp add: tautology-def)
          Inference Rule
13.3
type-synonym 'v state = 'v clauses \times ('v clause \times 'v clause) set
inductive inference-clause :: 'v state \Rightarrow 'v clause \times ('v clause \times 'v clause) set \Rightarrow bool
  (infix \Rightarrow_{Res} 100) where
resolution:
  \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C \in N \Longrightarrow \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D \in N \Longrightarrow (\{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C, \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D) \notin A
already-used
  \implies inference-clause (N, already-used) (C + D, already-used \cup {({#Pos p#}} + C, {#Neg p#} +
D)\}) \mid
factoring: \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \in \mathbb{N} \Longrightarrow inference-clause\ (N,\ already-used)\ (C + \{\#L\#\},\ already-used)
inductive inference :: v state \Rightarrow v state \Rightarrow bool where
inference-step: inference-clause S (clause, already-used)
  \implies inference S (fst S \cup \{clause\}, already-used)
abbreviation already-used-inv
  :: 'a \ literal \ multiset \ set \ 	imes ('a \ literal \ multiset \ 	imes 'a \ literal \ multiset) \ set \ \Rightarrow \ bool \ \mathbf{where}
already-used-inv state \equiv
  (\forall (A, B) \in snd \ state. \ \exists \ p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ A \land Neg \ p \in \# \ B \land
          ((\exists \chi \in \textit{fst state. subsumes } \chi ((A - \{\#\textit{Pos } p\#\}) + (B - \{\#\textit{Neg } p\#\})))
            \vee \ tautology \ ((A - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}) + (B - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))))
\mathbf{lemma}\ in ference\text{-}clause\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 and already-used-inv S
  shows already-used-inv (fst S \cup \{fst \ S'\}, snd \ S'\})
  using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
  by fastforce+
{\bf lemma}\ in ference \hbox{-} preserves \hbox{-} already \hbox{-} used \hbox{-} inv:
  assumes inference S S'
  and already-used-inv S
  shows already-used-inv S'
  using assms
proof (induct rule: inference.induct)
  case (inference-step S clause already-used)
  then show ?case
    \mathbf{using} \ inference\text{-}clause\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv[of \ S \ (clause, \ already\text{-}used)] \ \mathbf{by} \ simplified \ inference \ clause, \ already\text{-}used)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}inference\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv:
  assumes rtranclp inference S S'
 and already-used-inv S
  shows already-used-inv S'
```

using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, simp)

```
{f lemma}\ subsumes{-condensation}:
  assumes subsumes (C + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) D
  shows subsumes (C + \{\#L\#\}) D
  using assms unfolding subsumes-def by simp
{\bf lemma}\ simplify\mbox{-}preserves\mbox{-}already\mbox{-}used\mbox{-}inv:
  assumes simplify N N'
 and already-used-inv (N, already-used)
 shows already-used-inv (N', already-used)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: simplify.induct)
  case (condensation C L)
  then show ?case
   using subsumes-condensation by simp fast
next
    fix a:: 'a and A:: 'a set and P
    have (\exists x \in Set.remove \ a \ A. \ P \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \in A. \ x \neq a \land P \ x) by auto
  } note ex-member-remove = this
   fix a \ a\theta :: 'v \ clause \ and \ A :: 'v \ clauses \ and \ y
   assume a \in A and a\theta \subset \# a
   then have (\exists x \in A. \ subsumes \ x \ y) \longleftrightarrow (subsumes \ a \ y \ \lor (\exists x \in A. \ x \neq a \land subsumes \ x \ y))
     by auto
  } note tt2 = this
  case (subsumption A B) note A = this(1) and AB = this(2) and B = this(3) and inv = this(4)
  show ?case
   proof (standard, standard)
     \mathbf{fix} \ x \ a \ b
     assume x: x \in snd (N - \{B\}, already-used) and [simp]: x = (a, b)
     obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# a \land Neg p \in \# b and
       q: (\exists \chi \in \mathbb{N}. \ subsumes \ \chi \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
         \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
       using inv \ x by fastforce
     consider (taut) tautology (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})) |
       (\chi) \chi \text{ where } \chi \in N \text{ subsumes } \chi \text{ } (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
          \neg tautology (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\}))
       using q by auto
     then show
       \exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ a \land Neg \ p \in \# \ b
            \land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N - \{B\}, \ already\text{-}used). \ subsumes \ \chi \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
                \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
       proof cases
         case taut
         then show ?thesis using p by auto
         case \chi note H = this
         show ?thesis using p A AB B subsumes-subsumption [OF - AB H(3)] H(1,2) by auto
       qed
   qed
next
  case (tautology-deletion \ C \ P)
  then show ?case apply clarify
```

```
proof -
   \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
   assume C + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ P\# \} \in N
   assume already-used-inv (N, already-used)
   and (a, b) \in snd (N - \{C + \{\#Pos P\#\} + \{\#Neg P\#\}\}), already-used)
   then obtain p where
     Pos p \in \# a \land Neg p \in \# b \land
       ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N \cup \{C + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\}, \ already-used).
            subsumes \chi (a - {#Pos p#} + (b - {#Neg p#})))
         \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
     by fastforce
   moreover have tautology (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) by auto
   ultimately show
     \exists p. \ Pos \ p \in \# \ a \land Neg \ p \in \# \ b
     \land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ (N - \{C + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\}\}), \ already-used).
           subsumes \chi (a - {#Pos p#} + (b - {#Neg p#})))
         \vee \ tautology \ (a - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + (b - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
     by (metis (no-types) Diff-iff Un-insert-right empty-iff fst-conv insertE subsumes-tautology
       sup-bot.right-neutral)
 qed
qed
lemma
 factoring-satisfiable: I \models \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C \longleftrightarrow I \models \{\#L\#\} + C and
 resolution-satisfiable:
    consistent-interp I \Longrightarrow I \models \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + C \Longrightarrow I \models \{\#Neg\ p\#\} + D \Longrightarrow I \models C + D and
   factoring-same-vars: atms-of (\{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + C) = atms-of (\{\#L\#\} + C)
  unfolding true-cls-def consistent-interp-def by (fastforce split: if-split-asm)+
lemma inference-increasing:
 assumes inference S S' and \psi \in fst S
 shows \psi \in fst S'
 using assms by (induct rule: inference.induct, auto)
lemma rtranclp-inference-increasing:
 assumes rtrancly inference S S' and \psi \in fst S
 shows \psi \in fst S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: inference-increasing)
lemma inference-clause-already-used-increasing:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 shows snd S \subseteq snd S'
 using assms by (induct rule:inference-clause.induct, auto)
lemma inference-already-used-increasing:
 assumes inference S S
 shows snd S \subseteq snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule:inference.induct)
 using inference-clause-already-used-increasing by fastforce
lemma inference-clause-preserves-un-sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference-clause T T'
```

```
and total-over-m \ I \ (fst \ T)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s \text{ fst } T \longleftrightarrow I \models s \text{ fst } T \cup \{\text{fst } T'\}
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
  unfolding consistent-interp-def true-clss-def by auto force+
\mathbf{lemma}\ inference\text{-}preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference T T'
 and total-over-m I (fst T)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s fst \ T \longleftrightarrow I \models s fst \ T'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 using inference-clause-preserves-un-sat by fastforce
{f lemma}\ inference-clause-preserves-atms-of-ms:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 shows atms-of-ms (fst (fst S \cup \{fst \ S'\}, snd \ S'\}) \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \ S)
  using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
  apply auto
    apply (metis Set.set-insert UnCI atms-of-ms-insert atms-of-plus)
   apply (metis Set.set-insert UnCI atms-of-ms-insert atms-of-plus)
  apply (simp add: in-m-in-literals union-assoc)
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def using assms by fastforce
lemma inference-preserves-atms-of-ms:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference T T'
 shows atms-of-ms (fst T') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst T)
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 using inference-clause-preserves-atms-of-ms by fastforce
lemma inference-preserves-total:
 fixes N N' :: 'v \ clauses
 assumes inference (N, already-used) (N', already-used')
  shows total-over-m I N \Longrightarrow total-over-m I N'
   using assms inference-preserves-atms-of-ms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
   by fastforce
lemma rtranclp-inference-preserves-total:
 assumes rtrancly inference T T'
 shows total-over-m I (fst T) \Longrightarrow total-over-m I (fst T')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: inference-preserves-total)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}inference\text{-}preserves\text{-}un\text{-}sat:
 assumes rtranclp inference N N'
 and total-over-m \ I \ (fst \ N)
 and consistent: consistent-interp I
 shows I \models s fst \ N \longleftrightarrow I \models s fst \ N'
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 apply (simp add: inference-preserves-un-sat)
 using inference-preserves-un-sat rtranclp-inference-preserves-total by blast
```

```
lemma inference-preserves-finite:
 assumes inference \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: inference.induct, auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite)
lemma inference-clause-preserves-finite-snd:
 assumes inference-clause \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: inference-clause.induct, auto)
{\bf lemma}\ in ference \hbox{-} preserves \hbox{-} finite \hbox{-} snd :
 assumes inference \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 \mathbf{using} \ assms \ inference\text{-}clause\text{-}preserves\text{-}finite\text{-}snd \ \mathbf{by} \ (induct \ rule: \ inference.induct, \ fastforce)
lemma rtranclp-inference-preserves-finite:
 assumes rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
   (auto simp add: simplify-preserves-finite inference-preserves-finite)
lemma consistent-interp-insert:
 assumes consistent-interp I
 and atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of ' I
 shows consistent-interp (insert P I)
proof -
 have P: insert P I = I \cup \{P\} by auto
 show ?thesis unfolding P
 apply (rule consistent-interp-disjoint)
 using assms by (auto simp: image-iff)
qed
lemma simplify-clause-preserves-sat:
 assumes simp: simplify \psi \psi'
 and satisfiable \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi
 using assms
proof induction
 case (tautology-deletion A P) note AP = this(1) and sat = this(2)
 let ?A' = A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
 let ?\psi' = \psi - \{?A'\}
 obtain I where
   I: I \models s ?\psi' and
   cons: consistent-interp\ I and
   tot: total-over-m I ? \psi'
   using sat unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
  { assume Pos P \in I \lor Neg P \in I
   then have I \models ?A' by auto
   then have I \models s \psi using I by (metis insert-Diff tautology-deletion.hyps true-clss-insert)
   then have ?case using cons tot by auto
  }
 moreover {
```

```
assume Pos: Pos P \notin I and Neg: Neg P \notin I
        then have consistent-interp (I \cup \{Pos \ P\}) using cons by simp
        moreover have I'A: I \cup \{Pos\ P\} \models ?A' by auto
        have \{Pos\ P\} \cup I \models s\ \psi - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\}\
            using \langle I \models s \psi - \{A + \{\#Pos P\#\}\} + \{\#Neg P\#\}\} \rangle true-clss-union-increase' by blast
        then have I \cup \{Pos \ P\} \models s \ \psi
            by (metis (no-types) Un-empty-right Un-insert-left Un-insert-right I'A insert-Diff
                sup-bot.left-neutral\ tautology-deletion.hyps\ true-clss-insert)
        ultimately have ?case using satisfiable-carac' by blast
    }
    ultimately show ?case by blast
next
    case (condensation A L) note AL = this(1) and sat = this(2)
    have f3: simplify \psi (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}\) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}\)
        using AL simplify.condensation by blast
    obtain LL :: 'a \ literal \ multiset \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ set \ where
        \textit{f4} : LL \; (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}) \models s \; \psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\} \cup \{A\}\} \cup \{A\} \cup \{
+ \{ \#L\# \} \}
            \land consistent\text{-}interp\ (LL\ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \cup \{A + \{\#L\#\}\}))
            \wedge \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ (LL \ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\})\}
                                             \cup \ \{A + \{\#L\#\}\})) \ (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) \ (A + \{\#L\#\}\})
        using sat by (meson satisfiable-def)
    have f5: insert (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) (\psi - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) = \psi
        using AL by fastforce
    have atms-of (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) = atms-of (\{\#L\#\} + A)
        bv simp
    then show ?case
        using f5 f4 f3 by (metis (no-types) add.commute satisfiable-def simplify-preserves-un-sat'
            total-over-m-insert total-over-m-union)
next
    case (subsumption A B) note A = this(1) and AB = this(2) and B = this(3) and sat = this(4)
   let ?\psi' = \psi - \{B\}
    obtain I where I: I \models s ?\psi' and cons: consistent-interp I and tot: total-over-m I ?\psi'
        using sat unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
    have I \models A using A I by (metis AB Diff-iff subset-mset.less-irreft singletonD true-clss-def)
    then have I \models B using AB subset-mset.less-imp-le true-cls-mono-leD by blast
    then have I \models s \psi using I by (metis insert-Diff-single true-clss-insert)
    then show ?case using cons satisfiable-carac' by blast
qed
lemma simplify-preserves-unsat:
    assumes inference \psi \psi'
    shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
    using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
    using satisfiable-decreasing by (metis fst-conv)+
lemma inference-preserves-unsat:
    assumes inference** S S'
    shows satisfiable (fst S') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst S)
    using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp-all
    using simplify-preserves-unsat by blast
datatype 'v sem-tree = Node 'v 'v sem-tree 'v sem-tree | Leaf
```

```
fun sem-tree-size :: 'v sem-tree \Rightarrow nat where
sem-tree-size Leaf = 0
sem-tree-size (Node - ag ad) = 1 + sem-tree-size ag + sem-tree-size ad
lemma sem-tree-size[case-names bigger]:
  (\bigwedge xs: \ 'v \ sem\text{-}tree. \ (\bigwedge ys:: \ 'v \ sem\text{-}tree. \ sem\text{-}tree\text{-}size \ ys < sem\text{-}tree\text{-}size \ xs \Longrightarrow P \ ys) \Longrightarrow P \ xs)
  \implies P xs
 by (fact Nat.measure-induct-rule)
fun partial-interps :: 'v sem-tree \Rightarrow 'v interp \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool where
partial-interps Leaf I \psi = (\exists \chi. \neg I \models \chi \land \chi \in \psi \land total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \{\chi\}) \mid
partial\text{-}interps\ (Node\ v\ ag\ ad)\ I\ \psi \longleftrightarrow
  (partial-interps\ ag\ (I \cup \{Pos\ v\})\ \psi \land partial-interps\ ad\ (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \psi)
lemma simplify-preserve-partial-leaf:
  simplify N N' \Longrightarrow partial-interps Leaf I N \Longrightarrow partial-interps Leaf I N'
  apply (induct rule: simplify.induct)
   using union-lcomm apply auto[1]
  apply (simp, metis atms-of-plus total-over-set-union true-cls-union)
  apply simp
  by (metis atms-of-ms-singleton mset-le-exists-conv subset-mset-def true-cls-mono-leD
   total-over-m-def total-over-m-sum)
{\bf lemma}\ simplify\mbox{-}preserve\mbox{-}partial\mbox{-}tree:
  assumes simplify N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
  shows partial-interps t I N'
  using assms apply (induct t arbitrary: I, simp)
  using simplify-preserve-partial-leaf by metis
{\bf lemma}\ in ference \hbox{-} preserve \hbox{-} partial \hbox{-} tree :
  assumes inference S S'
  and partial-interps t I (fst S)
  shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
  using assms apply (induct t arbitrary: I, simp-all)
  by (meson inference-increasing)
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-inference-preserve-partial-tree:
  assumes rtranclp inference N N'
  and partial-interps t I (fst N)
  shows partial-interps t I (fst N')
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto)
  using inference-preserve-partial-tree by force
function build-sem-tree :: 'v :: linorder set \Rightarrow 'v clauses \Rightarrow 'v sem-tree where
build-sem-tree atms \psi =
  (if \ atms = \{\} \lor \neg \ finite \ atms
  then Leaf
  else Node (Min atms) (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
```

```
(build\text{-}sem\text{-}tree\ (Set.remove\ (Min\ atms)\ atms)\ \psi))
by auto
termination
 apply (relation measure (\lambda(A, -), card A), simp-all)
 apply (metis Min-in card-Diff1-less remove-def)+
done
declare build-sem-tree.induct[case-names tree]
lemma unsatisfiable-empty[simp]:
 \neg unsatisfiable \{\}
  unfolding satisfiable-def apply auto
 using consistent-interp-def unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def by blast
lemma partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms-general:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder clauses and p :: 'v literal list
 assumes unsat: unsatisfiable \psi and finite \psi and consistent-interp I
 and finite atms
 and atms-of-ms \ \psi = atms \cup atms-of-s \ I and atms \cap atms-of-s \ I = \{\}
 shows partial-interps (build-sem-tree atms \psi) I \psi
 using assms
\mathbf{proof}\ (induct\ arbitrary:\ I\ rule:\ build-sem\text{-}tree.induct)
 case (1 atms \psi Ia) note IH1 = this(1) and IH2 = this(2) and unsat = this(3) and finite = this(4)
   and cons = this(5) and f = this(6) and un = this(7) and disj = this(8)
 {
   assume atms: atms = \{\}
   then have atmsIa: atms-of-ms \ \psi = atms-of-s \ Ia \ using \ un \ by \ auto
   then have total-over-m Ia \psi unfolding total-over-m-def atmsIa by auto
   then have \chi: \exists \chi \in \psi. \neg Ia \models \chi
     using unsat cons unfolding true-clss-def satisfiable-def by auto
   then have build-sem-tree atms \psi = Leaf using atms by auto
   moreover
     have tot: \chi \chi \in \psi \implies total-over-m Ia \{\chi\}
     unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def atms-of-s-def
     using atmsIa atms-of-ms-def by fastforce
   have partial-interps Leaf Ia \psi
     using \chi tot by (auto simp add: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def atms-of-ms-def)
     ultimately have ?case by metis
 }
 moreover {
   assume atms: atms \neq \{\}
   have build-sem-tree atms \psi = Node (Min atms) (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
      (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
     using build-sem-tree.simps of atms \psi f atms by metis
   have consistent-interp (Ia \cup \{Pos (Min \ atms)\}) unfolding consistent-interp-def
     by (metis Int-iff Min-in Un-iff atm-of-uninus atms cons consistent-interp-def disj empty-iff
      f in-atms-of-s-decomp insert-iff literal.distinct(1) literal.exhaust-sel literal.sel(2)
       uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
   moreover have atms-of-ms \psi = Set.remove (Min atms) atms \cup atms-of-s (Ia \cup {Pos (Min atms)})
     using Min-in atms f un by fastforce
   moreover have disj': Set.remove (Min\ atms)\ atms \cap atms-of-s (Ia \cup \{Pos\ (Min\ atms)\}) = \{\}
     by simp (metis disj disjoint-iff-not-equal member-remove)
   moreover have finite (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) using f by (simp add: remove-def)
   ultimately have subtree1: partial-interps (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) \psi)
```

```
(Ia \cup \{Pos \ (Min \ atms)\}) \ \psi
     using IH1[of\ Ia \cup \{Pos\ (Min\ (atms))\}]\ atms\ f\ unsat\ finite\ by\ metis
   have consistent-interp (Ia \cup \{Neq (Min \ atms)\}) unfolding consistent-interp-def
     by (metis Int-iff Min-in Un-iff atm-of-uninus atms cons consistent-interp-def disj empty-iff
       f in-atms-of-s-decomp insert-iff literal distinct (1) literal exhaust-sel literal sel(2)
       uminus-Neg)
   moreover have atms-of-ms \psi = Set.remove (Min atms) atms \cup atms-of-s (Ia \cup {Neg (Min atms)})
      using \langle atms-of-ms \ \psi = Set.remove \ (Min \ atms) \ atms \cup \ atms-of-s \ (Ia \cup \{Pos \ (Min \ atms)\}) \rangle by
blast
   moreover have disj': Set.remove (Min \ atms) atms \cap atms-of-s (Ia \cup \{Neg \ (Min \ atms)\}) = \{\}
     using disj by auto
   moreover have finite (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) using f by (simp add: remove-def)
   ultimately have subtree2: partial-interps (build-sem-tree (Set.remove (Min atms) atms) ψ)
       (Ia \cup \{Neq (Min \ atms)\}) \psi
     using IH2[of\ Ia \cup \{Neg\ (Min\ (atms))\}] atms f\ unsat\ finite\ by\ metis
   then have ?case
     using IH1 subtree1 subtree2 f local.finite unsat atms by simp
 ultimately show ?case by metis
qed
lemma partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder \ clauses \ and \ p :: 'v \ literal \ list
 assumes unsat: unsatisfiable \psi and finite: finite \psi
 shows partial-interps (build-sem-tree (atms-of-ms \psi) \psi) {} \psi
proof -
 have consistent-interp {} unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
 moreover have atms-of-ms \psi = atms-of-ms \psi \cup atms-of-s \{\} unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
 moreover have atms-of-ms \ \psi \cap atms-of-s \{\} = \{\} unfolding atms-of-s-def by auto
 moreover have finite (atms-of-ms \psi) unfolding atms-of-ms-def using finite by simp
 ultimately show partial-interps (build-sem-tree (atms-of-ms \psi) \psi) {} \psi
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms-general of \psi {} atms-of-ms \psi] assms by metis
qed
lemma can-decrease-count:
 fixes \psi'' :: 'v \ clauses \times ('v \ clause \times 'v \ clause \times 'v) \ set
 assumes count \chi L = n
 and L \in \# \chi and \chi \in fst \psi
 shows \exists \psi' \chi'. inference** \psi \psi' \wedge \chi' \in fst \psi' \wedge (\forall L. \ L \in \# \chi \longleftrightarrow L \in \# \chi')
              \wedge \ count \ \chi' \ L = 1
              using assms
proof (induct n arbitrary: \chi \psi)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by (simp add: not-in-iff[symmetric])
  case (Suc n \chi)
  note IH = this(1) and count = this(2) and L = this(3) and \chi = this(4)
```

```
assume n = 0
     then have inference^{**} \psi \psi
     and \chi \in fst \ \psi
     and \forall L. (L \in \# \chi) \longleftrightarrow (L \in \# \chi)
     and count \chi L = (1::nat)
     and \forall \varphi. \ \varphi \in fst \ \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \ \psi
       by (auto simp add: count L \chi)
     then have ?case by metis
   }
   moreover {
     assume n > 0
     then have \exists C. \chi = C + \{\#L, L\#\}
         by (smt L Suc-eq-plus1-left add.left-commute add-diff-cancel-left' add-diff-cancel-right'
           count-greater-zero-iff count-single local.count multi-member-split plus-multiset.rep-eq)
     then obtain C where C: \chi = C + \{\#L, L\#\} by metis
     let ?\chi' = C + \{\#L\#\}
     let ?\psi' = (fst \ \psi \cup \{?\chi'\}, snd \ \psi)
     have \varphi: \forall \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi. (\varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \lor \varphi \neq ?\chi') \longleftrightarrow \varphi \in \mathit{fst} ?\psi' unfolding C by \mathit{auto}
     have inf: inference \psi ?\psi'
        using C factoring \chi prod.collapse union-commute inference-step by metis
     moreover have count': count ?\chi' L = n using C count by auto
     moreover have L\chi': L \in \# ?\chi' by auto
     moreover have \chi'\psi': ?\chi' \in fst ?\psi' by auto
     ultimately obtain \psi'' and \chi''
     where
        inference^{**} ?\psi' \psi'' and
       \alpha: \chi'' \in fst \ \psi'' and
       \forall La. (La \in \# ?\chi') \longleftrightarrow (La \in \# \chi'')  and
       \beta: count \chi'''L = (1::nat) and
       \varphi': \forall \varphi. \varphi \in fst ? \psi' \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \psi'' and I\chi: I \models ?\chi' \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi'' and
        tot: \forall I'. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \{?\chi'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \{\chi''\}
        using IH[of ?\chi' ?\psi'] count' L\chi' \chi'\psi' by blast
     then have inference^{**} \psi \psi''
     and \forall La. (La \in \# \chi) \longleftrightarrow (La \in \# \chi'')
     using inf unfolding C by auto
     moreover have \forall \varphi. \ \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi'' \ \text{using} \ \varphi \ \varphi' \ \text{by} \ \mathit{metis}
     moreover have I \models \chi \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi'' using I\chi unfolding true-cls-def C by auto
     \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ \forall \ I'. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I' \ \{\chi''\}
       using tot unfolding C total-over-m-def by auto
     ultimately have ?case using \varphi \varphi' \alpha \beta by metis
  ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma can-decrease-tree-size:
  fixes \psi :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree :: 'v \ sem-tree
  assumes finite (fst \psi) and already-used-inv \psi
  and partial-interps tree I (fst \psi)
  shows \exists (tree':: 'v sem-tree) \psi'. inference** \psi \psi' \wedge partial-interps tree' I (fst \psi')
               \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0)
  using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: sem-tree-size)
  case (bigger xs I) note IH = this(1) and finite = this(2) and a-u-i = this(3) and part = this(4)
```

```
{
  assume sem-tree-size xs = 0
  then have ?case using part by blast
moreover {
  assume sn\theta: sem-tree-size xs > \theta
  obtain ag ad v where xs: xs = Node \ v \ ag \ ad \ using \ sn\theta \ by \ (cases \ xs, \ auto)
  {
    assume sem-tree-size ag = 0 and sem-tree-size ad = 0
    then have ag: ag = Leaf and ad: ad = Leaf by (cases ag, auto) (cases ad, auto)
    then obtain \chi \chi' where
      \chi: \neg I \cup \{Pos\ v\} \models \chi \text{ and }
      tot\chi: total-over-m (I \cup \{Pos\ v\})\ \{\chi\} and
      \chi \psi : \chi \in fst \ \psi \ and
      \chi': \neg I \cup \{Neg\ v\} \models \chi' and
      tot\chi': total-over-m (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \{\chi'\} and
      \chi'\psi \colon \chi' \in fst \ \psi
      using part unfolding xs by auto
    have Posv: \neg Pos\ v \in \#\ \chi\ using\ \chi\ unfolding\ true\text{-}cls\text{-}def\ true\text{-}lit\text{-}def\ by\ auto}
    have Negv: \neg Neg \ v \in \# \ \chi' using \chi' unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
    {
      assume Neg \chi: \neg Neg \ v \in \# \ \chi
      have \neg I \models \chi using \chi Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
      moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi\}
        \mathbf{using}\ \textit{Posv}\ \textit{Neg}\chi\ \textit{atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit}\ \textit{tot}\chi\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ \textit{total-over-m-def}\ \textit{total-over-set-def}
        by fastforce
      ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
      and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
      and inference^{**} \psi \psi
        unfolding xs by (auto simp add: \chi\psi)
    }
    moreover {
      assume Pos\chi: \neg Pos\ v \in \#\ \chi'
      then have I\chi: \neg I \models \chi' using \chi' Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
      moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi'\}
        using Negv Pos\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi'
        unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
      ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi) and
        sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs and
        inference^{**} \psi \psi
        using \chi'\psi I\chi unfolding xs by auto
    }
    moreover {
      assume neg: Neg v \in \# \chi and pos: Pos v \in \# \chi'
      then obtain \psi' \chi 2 where inf: rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and \chi 2incl: \chi 2 \in fst \psi'
        and \chi\chi 2-incl: \forall L. L \in \# \chi \longleftrightarrow L \in \# \chi 2
        and count \chi 2: count \chi 2 \ (Neg \ v) = 1
        and \varphi: \forall \varphi: \forall v : \text{iteral multiset. } \varphi \in \text{fst } \psi \longrightarrow \varphi \in \text{fst } \psi'
        and I\chi: I \models \chi \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi 2
        and tot\text{-}imp\chi: \forall I'. total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I'\{\chi\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I'\{\chi2\}
        using can-decrease-count[of \chi Neg v count \chi (Neg v) \psi I] \chi \psi \chi' \psi by auto
```

```
have \chi' \in fst \ \psi' by (simp \ add: \chi'\psi \ \varphi)
with pos
obtain \psi'' \chi 2' where
inf': inference^{**} \psi' \psi''
and \chi 2'-incl: \chi 2' \in fst \psi''
and \chi'\chi 2-incl: \forall L::'v \ literal. \ (L \in \# \chi') = (L \in \# \chi 2')
and count \chi 2': count \chi 2' (Pos v) = (1::nat)
and \varphi': \forall \varphi::'v literal multiset. \varphi \in fst \ \psi' \longrightarrow \varphi \in fst \ \psi''
and I\chi': I \models \chi' \longleftrightarrow I \models \chi 2'
and tot-imp\chi': \forall I'. total-over-m I'\{\chi'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m I'\{\chi 2'\}
using can-decrease-count [of \chi' Pos v count \chi' (Pos v) \psi' I] by auto
obtain C where \chi 2: \chi 2 = C + \{\# Neg \ v\#\} and negC: Neg \ v \notin \# \ C and posC: Pos \ v \notin \# \ C
  proof -
    have \bigwedge m. Suc \theta – count m (Neg v) = count (\chi 2 – m) (Neg v)
     by (simp add: count\chi 2)
    then show ?thesis
      using that by (metis (no-types) One-nat-def Posv Suc-inject Suc-pred χχ2-incl
        count-diff count-single insert-DiffM2 mem-Collect-eq multi-member-skip neq
        not-gr0 set-mset-def union-commute)
  qed
obtain C' where
  \chi 2': \chi 2' = C' + \{ \# Pos \ v \# \} and
  posC': Pos \ v \notin \# \ C' and
  negC': Neg\ v \notin \#\ C'
  proof -
    assume a1: \bigwedge C'. [\chi 2' = C' + \{\# Pos \ v\#\}; Pos \ v \notin \# C'; Neg \ v \notin \# C'] \implies thesis
   have f2: \Lambda n. (n::nat) - n = 0
     by simp
    have Neg \ v \notin \# \ \chi 2' - \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}
     using Negv \chi'\chi 2-incl by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
    have count \{\#Pos\ v\#\}\ (Pos\ v)=1
     by simp
    then show ?thesis
     by (metis \chi'\chi 2-incl \langle Neg \ v \notin \# \ \chi 2' - \{ \# Pos \ v \# \} \rangle a1 count\chi 2' count-diff f2
        insert-DiffM2 less-numeral-extra(3) mem-Collect-eq pos set-mset-def)
  qed
have already-used-inv \psi'
  using rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv[of \psi \psi'] a-u-i inf by blast
then have a-u-i-\psi'': already-used-inv \psi''
  using rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv a-u-i inf' unfolding tautology-def
  by simp
have totC: total-over-m \ I \ \{C\}
  using tot-imp\chi tot\chi tot-over-m-remove[of I Pos v C] negC posC unfolding \chi 2
  by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg uminus-of-uminus-id)
have totC': total-over-m \ I \ \{C'\}
  using tot-imp\chi' tot\chi' total-over-m-sum tot-over-m-remove[of\ I\ Neg\ v\ C'] negC' posC'
  unfolding \chi 2' by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg)
have \neg I \models C + C'
  using \chi I\chi \chi' I\chi' unfolding \chi2 \chi2' true-cls-def by auto
then have part-I-\psi''': partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\})
  using totC \ totC' by simp
```

```
(metis \leftarrow I \models C + C') atms-of-ms-singleton total-over-m-def total-over-m-sum)
  assume (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \notin snd\ \psi''
  then have inf": inference \psi'' (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi'' \cup \{(\chi 2', \chi 2)\})
    using add.commute \varphi' \chi 2incl \langle \chi 2' \in fst \psi'' \rangle unfolding \chi 2 \chi 2'
    by (metis prod.collapse inference-step resolution)
  have inference<sup>**</sup> \psi (fst \psi'' \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi'' \cup \{(\chi 2', \chi 2)\})
    using inf inf' inf" rtranclp-trans by auto
  moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
  ultimately have ?case using part-I-\psi''' by (metis fst-conv)
}
moreover {
  assume a: (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \in snd\ \psi''
  then have (\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi''. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
              \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C))
          \vee tautology (C' + C)
    proof -
      obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# (\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') and
      n: Neg \ p \in \# (\{ \# Neg \ v \# \} + C) \ and
      decomp: ((\exists \chi \in fst \psi'').
                  (\forall I. total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{(\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\}\})
                           + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\})\}
                      \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\})
                  \land \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi
                     \longrightarrow I \models (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\})) 
            \lor tautology ((\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg \ p\#\})))
        using a by (blast intro: allE[OF a-u-i-\psi'']unfolded subsumes-def Ball-def],
             of (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C)])
       { assume p \neq v
         then have Pos \ p \in \# C' \land Neg \ p \in \# C \ using \ p \ n \ by force
        then have ?thesis unfolding Bex-def by auto
      moreover {
        assume p = v
       then have ?thesis using decomp by (metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-left')
      ultimately show ?thesis by auto
    qed
  moreover {
    assume \exists \chi \in fst \ \psi''. (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
      \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)
    then obtain \vartheta where \vartheta: \vartheta \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi'' and
      tot - \vartheta - CC' : \forall I. \ total - over - m \ I \ \{C + C'\} \longrightarrow total - over - m \ I \ \{\vartheta\} and
      \vartheta-inv: \forall I. total-over-m I \{\vartheta\} \longrightarrow I \models \vartheta \longrightarrow I \models C' + C by blast
    have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi'')
      using tot - \vartheta - CC' \vartheta \vartheta - inv \ tot C \ tot C' \lor \neg I \models C + C' \lor \ total - over - m - sum \ \mathbf{by} \ fastforce
    moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
    ultimately have ?case by (metis inf inf' rtranclp-trans)
  }
  moreover {
    assume tautCC': tautology (C' + C)
    have total-over-m I \{C'+C\} using totC totC' total-over-m-sum by auto
    then have \neg tautology (C' + C)
      using \langle \neg I \models C + C' \rangle unfolding add.commute[of C C'] total-over-m-def
```

```
unfolding tautology-def by auto
       then have False using tautCC' unfolding tautology-def by auto
     ultimately have ?case by auto
   ultimately have ?case by auto
 ultimately have ?case using part by (metis (no-types) sem-tree-size.simps(1))
}
moreover {
 assume size-ag: sem-tree-size ag > 0
 have sem\text{-}tree\text{-}size \ ag < sem\text{-}tree\text{-}size \ xs \ unfolding \ xs \ by \ auto
 moreover have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
   and partad: partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
   using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
 moreover have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
    \longrightarrow (partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi) \longrightarrow
   (\exists tree' \ \psi'. inference^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial-interps \ tree' \ (I \cup \{Pos \ v\}) \ (fst \ \psi')
     \land \ (\textit{sem-tree-size tree'} < \textit{sem-tree-size ag} \ \lor \ \textit{sem-tree-size ag} = 0)))
     using IH by auto
 ultimately obtain \psi':: 'v state and tree':: 'v sem-tree where
    inf: inference** \psi \psi'
   and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
   and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0
   using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-reft a-u-i by blast
 have partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi')
   using rtranclp-inference-preserve-partial-tree inf partad by metis
 then have partial-interps (Node v tree' ad) I (fst \psi') using part by auto
 then have ?case using inf size size-aq part unfolding xs by fastforce
}
moreover {
 assume size-ad: sem-tree-size ad > 0
 have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
 moreover have partag: partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi) and
   partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neq\ v\}) (fst \psi)
   using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
 moreover have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
    \longrightarrow ( partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
   \longrightarrow (\exists tree' \psi'. inference^{**} \psi \psi' \land partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg v\}) (fst \psi')
       \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0)))
   using IH by auto
 ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ \ where
   inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi'
   and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
   and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0
   using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-refl a-u-i by blast
 have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi')
   using rtranclp-inference-preserve-partial-tree inf partag by metis
 then have partial-interps (Node v ag tree') I (fst \psi') using part by auto
 then have ?case using inf size size-ad unfolding xs by fastforce
}
ultimately have ?case by auto
```

```
ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma inference-completeness-inv:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
   unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \psi) and
   finite: finite (fst \psi) and
   a-u-v: already-used-inv <math>\psi
 shows \exists \psi'. (inference** \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
 obtain tree where partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi)
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms assms by metis
 then show ?thesis
   using unsat finite a-u-v
   proof (induct tree arbitrary: \psi rule: sem-tree-size)
     case (bigger tree \psi) note H = this
      \mathbf{fix}\ \chi
      assume tree: tree = Leaf
      obtain \chi where \chi: \neg {} \models \chi and tot\chi: total-over-m {} {\chi} and \chi\psi: \chi \in fst \psi
        using H unfolding tree by auto
      moreover have \{\#\} = \chi
        using tot\chi unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
       moreover have inference^{**} \psi \psi by auto
       ultimately have ?case by metis
     }
     moreover {
       fix v tree1 tree2
       assume tree: tree = Node \ v \ tree1 \ tree2
       obtain
        tree' \psi' where inf: inference^{**} \psi \psi' and
        part': partial-interps tree' \{\} (fst \psi') and
        decrease: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0
        using can-decrease-tree-size [of \psi] H(2,4,5) unfolding tautology-def by meson
       have sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree using decrease unfolding tree by auto
       moreover have finite (fst \psi') using rtranclp-inference-preserves-finite inf H(4) by metis
       moreover have unsatisfiable (fst \psi')
        using inference-preserves-unsat inf bigger.prems(2) by blast
       moreover have already-used-inv \psi'
        using H(5) inf rtranclp-inference-preserves-already-used-inv of \psi \psi' by auto
       ultimately have ?case using inf rtranclp-trans part' H(1) by fastforce
     ultimately show ?case by (cases tree, auto)
  qed
qed
lemma inference-completeness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \ \psi)
 and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 and snd \psi = \{\}
 shows \exists \psi'. (rtrancly inference \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
 have already-used-inv \psi unfolding assms by auto
```

```
then show ?thesis using assms inference-completeness-inv by blast
qed
{f lemma}\ inference\mbox{-}soundness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes rtrancly inference \psi \psi' and \{\#\} \in fst \psi'
 shows unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 \textbf{using} \ \textit{assms} \ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{meson rtranclp-inference-preserves-un-sat satisfiable-def true-cls-empty})
   true-clss-def)
lemma inference-soundness-and-completeness:
fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
assumes finite: finite (fst \psi)
and snd \psi = \{\}
shows (\exists \psi'. (inference^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms inference-completeness inference-soundness by metis
         Lemma about the simplified state
13.4
abbreviation simplified \psi \equiv (no\text{-step simplify } \psi)
lemma simplified-count:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and \chi: \chi \in \psi
 shows count \chi L \leq 1
proof -
   let ?\chi' = \chi - \{\#L, L\#\}
   assume count \chi L > 2
   then have f1: count (\chi - \{\#L, L\#\} + \{\#L, L\#\}) L = count \chi L
     by simp
   then have L \in \# \chi - \{\#L\#\}
     by (metis (no-types) add.left-neutral add-diff-cancel-left' count-union diff-diff-add
       diff-single-trivial insert-DiffM mem-Collect-eq multi-member-this not-gr0 set-mset-def)
   then have \chi': ?\chi' + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} = \chi
     using f1 by (metis diff-diff-add diff-single-eq-union in-diffD)
   have \exists \psi'. simplify \psi \psi'
     by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) \chi \chi' add.commute factoring-imp-simplify union-assoc)
   then have False using simp by auto
 then show ?thesis by arith
qed
lemma simplified-no-both:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and \chi: \chi \in \psi
 shows \neg (L \in \# \chi \land -L \in \# \chi)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg \neg (L \in \# \chi \land - L \in \# \chi)
 then have L \in \# \chi \land - L \in \# \chi by metis
 then obtain \chi' where \chi = \chi' + \{ \#Pos (atm\text{-}of L) \# \} + \{ \#Neg (atm\text{-}of L) \# \}
   by (metis Neg-atm-of-iff Pos-atm-of-iff diff-union-swap insert-DiffM2 uminus-Neg uminus-Pos)
 then show False using \chi simp tautology-deletion by fastforce
qed
lemma simplified-not-tautology:
 assumes simplified \{\psi\}
```

```
shows \sim tautology \psi
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume <sup>∼</sup> ?thesis
 then obtain p where Pos p \in \# \psi \land Neg \ p \in \# \psi using tautology-decomp by metis
  then obtain \chi where \psi = \chi + \{ \#Pos \ p\# \} + \{ \#Neg \ p\# \}
   by (metis insert-noteq-member literal.distinct(1) multi-member-split)
 then have \sim simplified \{\psi\} by (auto intro: tautology-deletion)
 then show False using assms by auto
qed
lemma simplified-remove:
 assumes simplified \{\psi\}
 shows simplified \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ns: \neg simplified \{ \psi - \{ \#l \# \} \}
   assume \neg l \in \# \psi
   then have \psi - \{\#l\#\} = \psi by simp
   then have False using ns assms by auto
  moreover {}
   assume l\psi: l \in \# \psi
   have A: \Lambda A. A \in \{\psi - \{\#l\#\}\} \longleftrightarrow A + \{\#l\#\} \in \{\psi\} by (auto simp add: l\psi)
   obtain l' where l': simplify { \psi - {\#l\#} } l' using ns by metis
   then have \exists l'. simplify \{\psi\} l'
     proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
       case (tautology-deletion \ A \ P)
      have \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + (\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + (A + \{\#l\#\})) \in \{\psi\}
         by (metis (no-types) A add.commute tautology-deletion.hyps union-lcomm)
       then show ?thesis
         by (metis simplify tautology-deletion of A+\{\#l\#\}\ P\{\psi\}) add.commute)
     next
       case (condensation A L)
      have A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#l\#\} \in \{\psi\}
         \mathbf{using}\ A\ condensation.hyps\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
       then have \{\#L, L\#\} + (A + \{\#l\#\}) \in \{\psi\}
         by (metis (no-types) union-assoc union-commute)
       then show ?case
         using factoring-imp-simplify by blast
     next
       case (subsumption A B)
      then show ?case by blast
   then have False using assms(1) by blast
 ultimately show False by auto
qed
lemma in-simplified-simplified:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi and incl: \psi' \subseteq \psi
 shows simplified \psi'
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain \psi'' where simplify \psi' \psi'' by metis
```

```
then have \exists l'. simplify \psi l'
     proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
       case (tautology-deletion \ A \ P)
       then show ?thesis using simplify.tautology-deletion[of A P \psi] incl by blast
     next
       case (condensation A L)
       then show ?case using simplify.condensation[of A L \psi] incl by blast
     next
       case (subsumption A B)
       then show ?case using simplify.subsumption[of A \psi B] incl by auto
 then show False using assms(1) by blast
qed
lemma simplified-in:
 assumes simplified \psi
 and N \in \psi
 shows simplified \{N\}
 using assms by (metis Set.set-insert empty-subset I in-simplified-simplified insert-mono)
lemma subsumes-imp-formula:
 assumes \psi \leq \# \varphi
 shows \{\psi\} \models p \varphi
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def apply auto
 using assms true-cls-mono-leD by blast
{\bf lemma}\ simplified\mbox{-}imp\mbox{-}distinct\mbox{-}mset\mbox{-}tauto:
 assumes simp: simplified \psi'
 shows distinct-mset-set \psi' and \forall \chi \in \psi'. \neg tautology \chi
proof -
 show \forall \chi \in \psi'. \neg tautology \chi
   using simp by (auto simp add: simplified-in simplified-not-tautology)
 show distinct-mset-set \psi'
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬?thesis
     then obtain \chi where \chi \in \psi' and \neg distinct\text{-mset} \chi unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
     then obtain L where count \chi L \geq 2
       unfolding distinct-mset-def
       by (meson count-greater-eq-one-iff le-antisym simp simplified-count)
     then show False by (metis Suc-1 \langle \chi \in \psi' \rangle not-less-eq-eq simp simplified-count)
   qed
qed
lemma simplified-no-more-full1-simplified:
 assumes simplified \psi
 shows \neg full1 simplify \psi \psi'
 using assms unfolding full1-def by (meson tranclpD)
         Resolution and Invariants
13.5
inductive resolution :: 'v state \Rightarrow 'v state \Rightarrow bool where
full1-simp: full1 simplify N N' \Longrightarrow resolution (N, already-used) (N', already-used) |
inferring: inference (N, already-used) (N', already-used') \Longrightarrow simplified N
  \implies full simplify N' N'' \implies resolution (N, already-used) (N'', already-used')
```

13.5.1 Invariants

```
lemma resolution-finite:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: resolution.induct)
   (auto simp add: full1-def full-def rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite
     dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp inference-preserves-finite)
lemma rtranclp-resolution-finite:
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows finite (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: resolution-finite)
lemma resolution-finite-snd:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct, auto simp add: inference-preserves-finite-snd)
 using inference-preserves-finite-snd snd-conv by metis
lemma rtranclp-resolution-finite-snd:
 assumes resolution** \psi \psi' and finite (snd \psi)
 shows finite (snd \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, auto simp add: resolution-finite-snd)
lemma resolution-always-simplified:
assumes resolution \psi \psi'
shows simplified (fst \psi')
using assms by (induct rule: resolution.induct)
  (auto simp add: full1-def full-def)
lemma tranclp-resolution-always-simplified:
 assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi'
 shows simplified (fst \psi')
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct, auto simp add: resolution-always-simplified)
lemma resolution-atms-of:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
   apply(simp add: rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-ms tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def)
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) contra-subsetD fst-conv full-def
   inference-preserves-atms-of-ms rtranclp-simplify-atms-of-ms subsetI)
lemma rtranclp-resolution-atms-of:
 assumes resolution** \psi \psi' and finite (fst \psi)
 shows atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using resolution-atms-of rtranclp-resolution-finite by blast+
lemma resolution-include:
  assumes res: resolution \psi \psi' and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 shows fst \psi' \subseteq simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms (fst \psi))
 have finite': finite (fst \psi') using local finite res resolution-finite by blast
 have simplified (fst \psi') using res finite' resolution-always-simplified by blast
```

```
then have fst \ \psi' \subseteq simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (fst \ \psi'))
   using simplified-in-simple-clss finite' simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto of fst \psi' by auto
  moreover have atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst \psi)
   using res finite resolution-atms-of of \psi \psi' by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by (meson atms-of-ms-finite local.finite order.trans rev-finite-subset
    simple-clss-mono)
qed
lemma rtranclp-resolution-include:
 assumes res: trancly resolution \psi \psi' and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 shows fst \psi' \subseteq simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms (fst \ \psi))
 using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
   apply (simp add: resolution-include)
  by (meson simple-clss-mono order-class.le-trans resolution-include
   rtranclp-resolution-atms-of rtranclp-resolution-finite tranclp-into-rtranclp)
abbreviation already-used-all-simple
 :: ('a \ literal \ multiset \times 'a \ literal \ multiset) \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set \Rightarrow bool \ where
already-used-all-simple already-used vars \equiv
(\forall (A, B) \in already\text{-}used. simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms\text{-}of A \subseteq vars \land atms\text{-}of B \subseteq vars)
lemma already-used-all-simple-vars-incl:
 assumes vars \subseteq vars'
 shows already-used-all-simple a vars \implies already-used-all-simple a vars'
 using assms by fast
\mathbf{lemma}\ in ference-clause-preserves-already-used-all-simple:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and simplified (fst S)
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd (fst S \cup \{fst \ S'\}, snd \ S')) vars
proof (induct rule: inference-clause.induct)
  case (factoring L C N already-used)
 then show ?case by (simp add: simplified-in factoring-imp-simplify)
  case (resolution P \ C \ N \ D \ already-used) note H = this
 show ?case apply clarify
   proof -
     \mathbf{fix} \ A \ B \ v
     assume (A, B) \in snd (fst (N, already-used)
       \cup \{fst \ (C + D, \ already\text{-}used \ \cup \ \{(\{\#Pos \ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg \ P\#\} + D)\})\},\
          snd\ (C + D,\ already-used \cup \{(\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + C,\ \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + D)\}))
     then have (A, B) \in already\text{-}used \lor (A, B) = (\{\#Pos\ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg\ P\#\} + D) by auto
     moreover {
       assume (A, B) \in already\text{-}used
       then have simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
         using H(4) by auto
     }
     moreover {
       assume eq: (A, B) = (\{\#Pos \ P\#\} + C, \{\#Neg \ P\#\} + D)
       then have simplified \{A\} using simplified-in H(1,5) by auto
       moreover have simplified \{B\} using eq simplified-in H(2,5) by auto
       moreover have atms-of A \subseteq atms-of-ms N
```

```
using eq H(1)
        using atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[of\ A\ N] by auto
      moreover have atms-of B \subseteq atms-of-ms N
        using eq H(2) atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[of B N] by auto
      ultimately have simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
        using H(6) by auto
     ultimately show simplified \{A\} \land simplified \{B\} \land atms-of A \subseteq vars \land atms-of B \subseteq vars
      by fast
   qed
qed
lemma inference-preserves-already-used-all-simple:
 assumes inference S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and simplified (fst S)
 and atms-of-ms (fst \ S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: inference.induct)
 case (inference-step S clause already-used)
 then show ?case
   \textbf{using} \ inference-clause-preserves-already-used-all-simple[of S \ (clause, \ already-used) \ vars]
   by auto
qed
lemma already-used-all-simple-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: resolution.induct)
 case (full1-simp NN')
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (inferring N already-used N' already-used' N'')
 then show already-used-all-simple (snd (N'', already-used')) vars
   using inference-preserves-already-used-all-simple [of (N, already-used)] by simp
qed
lemma rtranclp-already-used-all-simple-inv:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-all-simple (snd S) vars
 and atms-of-ms (fst S) \subseteq vars
 and finite (fst\ S)
 shows already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step S'S'') note infstar = this(1) and IH = this(3) and res = this(2) and
   already = this(4) and atms = this(5) and finite = this(6)
 have already-used-all-simple (snd S') vars using IH already atms finite by simp
```

```
moreover have atms-of-ms (fst S') \subseteq atms-of-ms (fst S)
   by (simp add: infstar local.finite rtranclp-resolution-atms-of)
  then have atms-of-ms (fst S') \subseteq vars using atms by auto
  ultimately show ?case
   using already-used-all-simple-inv[OF res] by simp
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ inference\text{-}clause\text{-}simplified\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}subset:
 assumes inference-clause S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference-clause.induct, auto)
 using factoring-imp-simplify by blast
lemma inference-simplified-already-used-subset:
 assumes inference S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: inference.induct)
 by (metis inference-clause-simplified-already-used-subset snd-conv)
lemma resolution-simplified-already-used-subset:
 assumes resolution S S
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct, simp-all add: full1-def)
 apply (meson tranclpD)
 by (metis inference-simplified-already-used-subset fst-conv snd-conv)
lemma tranclp-resolution-simplified-already-used-subset:
 assumes trancly resolution S S'
 and simplified (fst S)
 shows snd S \subset snd S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
 using resolution-simplified-already-used-subset apply metis
 \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ tranclp-resolution-always-simplified\ resolution-simplified-already-used-subset
   less-trans)
abbreviation already-used-top vars \equiv simple-clss vars \times simple-clss vars
lemma already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top:
 assumes already-used-all-simple s vars and finite vars
 shows s \subseteq already-used-top vars
proof
 \mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x-s: x \in s
 obtain A B where x: x = (A, B) by (cases x, auto)
 then have simplified \{A\} and atms-of A \subseteq vars using assms(1) x-s by fastforce+
  then have A: A \in simple\text{-}clss \ vars
   using simple-clss-mono[of atms-of A vars] \ x \ assms(2)
   simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto[of \{A\}]
   distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss by fast
 moreover have simplified \{B\} and atms-of B \subseteq vars using assms(1) x-s x by fast+
  then have B: B \in simple\text{-}clss \ vars
   using simplified-imp-distinct-mset-tauto[of {B}]
```

```
distinct\hbox{-}mset\hbox{-}not\hbox{-}tautology\hbox{-}implies\hbox{-}in\hbox{-}simple\hbox{-}clss
   simple-clss-mono[of atms-of B vars] \ x \ assms(2) \ \mathbf{by} \ fast
  ultimately show x \in simple\text{-}clss\ vars \times simple\text{-}clss\ vars
   unfolding x by auto
qed
lemma already-used-top-finite:
 assumes finite vars
 shows finite (already-used-top vars)
 using simple-clss-finite assms by auto
lemma already-used-top-increasing:
 assumes var \subseteq var' and finite var'
 shows already-used-top var \subseteq already-used-top var'
 using assms simple-clss-mono by auto
lemma already-used-all-simple-finite:
 fixes s: ('a literal multiset \times 'a literal multiset) set and vars :: 'a set
 assumes already-used-all-simple s vars and finite vars
 shows finite s
 using assms already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF assms(1)]
 rev-finite-subset[OF already-used-top-finite[of vars]] by auto
abbreviation card-simple vars \psi \equiv card (already-used-top vars -\psi)
lemma resolution-card-simple-decreasing:
 assumes res: resolution \psi \psi'
 and a-u-s: already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) vars
 and finite-v: finite vars
 and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and finite-snd: finite (snd \psi)
 and simp: simplified (fst \psi)
 and atms-of-ms (fst \psi) \subseteq vars
 shows card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi)
proof -
 let ?vars = vars
 let ?top = simple-clss ?vars × simple-clss ?vars
 have 1: card-simple vars (snd \psi) = card ?top - card (snd \psi)
    \textbf{using} \ \textit{card-Diff-subset finite-snd} \ \ \textit{already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top} [\textit{OF} \ \textit{a-u-s}] 
   finite-v by metis
 have a-u-s': already-used-all-simple (snd \psi') vars
   using already-used-all-simple-inv res a-u-s assms(7) by blast
 have f: finite (snd \psi') using already-used-all-simple-finite a-u-s' finite-v by auto
 have 2: card-simple vars (snd \psi') = card ?top - card (snd \psi')
   \mathbf{using}\ card\text{-} Diff\text{-}subset[OF\ f]\ already\text{-}used\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{-}in\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}top[OF\ a\text{-}u\text{-}s'\ finite\text{-}v]}
   by auto
 have card (already-used-top vars) \geq card (snd \psi')
   using already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[OF a-u-s' finite-v]
   card-mono[of\ already-used-top\ vars\ snd\ \psi']\ already-used-top-finite[OF\ finite-v]\ by\ metis
  then show ?thesis
   \mathbf{using}\ psubset-card-mono[OF\ f\ resolution-simplified-already-used-subset[OF\ res\ simp]]
   unfolding 1 2 by linarith
qed
```

```
lemma tranclp-resolution-card-simple-decreasing:
 assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi' and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) vars
 and atms-of-ms (fst \ \psi) \subseteq vars
 and finite-v: finite vars
 and finite-snd: finite (snd \psi)
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: tranclp-induct)
 case (base \psi')
 then show ?case by (simp add: resolution-card-simple-decreasing)
next
 case (step \psi' \psi'') note res = this(1) and res' = this(2) and a-u-s = this(5) and
   atms = this(6) and f-v = this(7) and f-fst = this(4) and H = this
 then have card-simple vars (snd \psi') < card-simple vars (snd \psi) by auto
 moreover have a-u-s': already-used-all-simple (snd \psi') vars
   using rtranclp-already-used-all-simple-inv[OF tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF res] a-u-s atms f-fst].
 have finite (fst \psi')
   by (meson finite-fst res rtranclp-resolution-finite tranclp-into-rtranclp)
 moreover have finite (snd \psi') using already-used-all-simple-finite [OF a-u-s' f-v].
 moreover have simplified (fst \psi') using res tranclp-resolution-always-simplified by blast
 moreover have atms-of-ms (fst \psi') \subseteq vars
   by (meson atms f-fst order.trans res rtranclp-resolution-atms-of tranclp-into-rtranclp)
 ultimately show ?case
   using resolution-card-simple-decreasing [OF res' a-u-s' f-v] f-v
   less-trans[of card-simple vars (snd \psi'') card-simple vars (snd \psi')
     card-simple vars (snd \ \psi)
   by blast
qed
lemma tranclp-resolution-card-simple-decreasing-2:
 assumes trancly resolution \psi \psi'
 and finite-fst: finite (fst \psi)
 and empty-snd: snd \psi = \{\}
 and simplified (fst \psi)
 shows card-simple (atms-of-ms (fst \psi)) (snd \psi') < card-simple (atms-of-ms (fst \psi)) (snd \psi)
proof -
 let ?vars = (atms-of-ms\ (fst\ \psi))
 have already-used-all-simple (snd \psi) ?vars unfolding empty-snd by auto
 moreover have atms-of-ms (fst \psi) \subseteq ?vars by auto
 moreover have finite-v: finite ?vars using finite-fst by auto
 moreover have finite-snd: finite (snd \psi) unfolding empty-snd by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using assms(1,2,4) tranclp-resolution-card-simple-decreasing of \psi \psi' by presburger
qed
          well-foundness if the relation
13.5.2
lemma wf-simplified-resolution:
 assumes f-vars: finite vars
 shows wf \{(y:: 'v:: linorder state, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x) \}
   \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
proof -
 {
```

```
fix a b :: 'v::linorder state
   assume (b, a) \in \{(y, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x)\}
     \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
   then have
     atms-of-ms (fst a) \subseteq vars and
     simp: simplified (fst a) and
     finite (snd a) and
     finite (fst a) and
     a-u-v: already-used-all-simple (snd a) vars and
     res: resolution a b by auto
   have finite (already-used-top vars) using f-vars already-used-top-finite by blast
   moreover have already-used-top vars \subseteq already-used-top vars by auto
   moreover have snd b \subseteq already-used-top vars
     using already-used-all-simple-in-already-used-top[of snd b vars]
     a-u-v already-used-all-simple-inv[OF\ res] <math>\langle finite\ (fst\ a) \rangle \langle atms-of-ms\ (fst\ a) \subseteq vars\rangle f-vars
     by presburger
   moreover have snd\ a \subset snd\ b using resolution-simplified-already-used-subset [OF\ res\ simp].
   ultimately have finite (already-used-top vars) \land already-used-top vars \subseteq already-used-top vars
     \land snd b \subseteq already-used-top vars <math>\land snd a \subseteq snd b by metis
  then show ?thesis using wf-bounded-set[of \{(y:: 'v:: linorder \ state, \ x).
   (atms-of-ms\ (fst\ x)\subseteq vars
   \land \ simplified \ (\textit{fst} \ x) \land \ \textit{finite} \ (\textit{snd} \ x) \land \ \textit{finite} \ (\textit{fst} \ x) \land \ \textit{already-used-all-simple} \ (\textit{snd} \ x) \ \textit{vars})
   \land resolution x y} \lambda-. already-used-top vars snd] by auto
qed
lemma wf-simplified-resolution':
  assumes f-vars: finite vars
  shows wf \{(y:: 'v:: linorder \ state, \ x). \ (atms-of-ms \ (fst \ x) \subseteq vars \land \neg simplified \ (fst \ x) \}
   \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
  unfolding wf-def
  apply (simp add: resolution-always-simplified)
  by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) fst-conv resolution-always-simplified)
lemma wf-resolution:
  assumes f-vars: finite vars
  shows wf (\{(y: 'v: linorder state, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land simplified (fst x)\}
       \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x) \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}
   \cup \{(y, x). (atms-of-ms (fst x) \subseteq vars \land \neg simplified (fst x) \land finite (snd x) \land finite (fst x)\}
      \land already-used-all-simple (snd x) vars) \land resolution x y}) (is wf (?R \cup ?S))
proof -
  have Domain ?R Int Range ?S = \{\} using resolution-always-simplified by auto blast
  then show wf (?R \cup ?S)
   using wf-simplified-resolution [OF f-vars] wf-simplified-resolution [OF f-vars] wf-Un[of ?R ?S]
   by fast
qed
lemma rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes simplify** S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
  shows already-used-inv (S', N)
  using assms apply induction
  using simplify-preserves-already-used-inv by fast+
lemma full1-simplify-already-used-inv:
```

```
assumes full1 simplify S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
  using assms tranclp-into-rtranclp[of simplify S S'] rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv
  unfolding full1-def by fast
lemma full-simplify-already-used-inv:
 assumes full simplify S S'
 and already-used-inv (S, N)
 shows already-used-inv (S', N)
 using assms rtrancp-simplify-already-used-inv unfolding full-def by fast
{f lemma}\ resolution-already-used-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
proof induction
 case (full1-simp N N' already-used)
  then show ?case using full1-simplify-already-used-inv by fast
  case (inferring N already-used N' already-used' N''') note inf = this(1) and full = this(3) and
   a-u-v = this(4)
 then show ?case
   \mathbf{using}\ inference\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv[\textit{OF}\ inf\ a\text{-}u\text{-}v]\ full\text{-}simplify\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv\ full}
qed
{f lemma}\ rtranclp{\it -resolution-already-used-inv}:
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms apply induction
 using resolution-already-used-inv by fast+
{\bf lemma}\ rtanclp\hbox{-}simplify\hbox{-}preserves\hbox{-}unsat:
 assumes simplify^{**} \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \ \psi
 using assms apply induction
 \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{simplify-clause-preserves-sat} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast} +
lemma full1-simplify-preserves-unsat:
 assumes full 1 simplify \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \ \psi
 using assms rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat[of \psi \psi'] tranclp-into-rtranclp
  unfolding full1-def by metis
lemma full-simplify-preserves-unsat:
 assumes full simplify \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable \psi' \longrightarrow satisfiable \psi
 using assms rtanclp-simplify-preserves-unsat[of \psi \psi'] unfolding full-def by metis
lemma resolution-preserves-unsat:
 assumes resolution \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
```

```
using full1-simplify-preserves-unsat apply (metis fst-conv)
  using full-simplify-preserves-unsat simplify-preserves-unsat by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserves\text{-}unsat:
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi'
 shows satisfiable (fst \psi') \longrightarrow satisfiable (fst \psi)
 using assms apply induction
 \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{resolution-preserves-unsat}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{fast} +
lemma rtranclp-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes simplify** N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 using assms apply (induction, simp)
 using simplify-preserve-partial-tree by metis
lemma\ full 1-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes full1 simplify N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 using assms rtranclp-simplify-preserve-partial-tree[of N N' t I] tranclp-into-rtranclp
 unfolding full1-def by fast
{\bf lemma}\ full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes full simplify N N'
 and partial-interps t I N
 shows partial-interps t I N'
 using assms rtranclp-simplify-preserve-partial-tree[of N N' t I] tranclp-into-rtranclp
 unfolding full-def by fast
lemma resolution-preserve-partial-tree:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
 using assms apply induction
   {\bf using} \ {\it full 1-simplify-preserve-partial-tree} \ {\it fst-conv} \ {\bf apply} \ {\it metis}
 using full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree inference-preserve-partial-tree by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserve\text{-}partial\text{-}tree:}
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and partial-interps t I (fst S)
 shows partial-interps t I (fst S')
 using assms apply induction
 using resolution-preserve-partial-tree by fast+
 {f thm} nat-less-induct nat.induct
lemma nat-ge-induct[case-names 0 Suc]:
 assumes P \theta
 and ( \land n. \ ( \land m. \ m < Suc \ n \Longrightarrow P \ m) \Longrightarrow P \ (Suc \ n) )
 shows P n
 using assms apply (induct rule: nat-less-induct)
 by (rename-tac n, case-tac n) auto
lemma wf-always-more-step-False:
 assumes wf R
```

```
shows (\forall x. \exists z. (z, x) \in R) \Longrightarrow False
 using assms unfolding wf-def by (meson Domain.DomainI assms wfE-min)
lemma finite-finite-mset-element-of-mset[simp]:
  assumes finite N
 shows finite \{f \varphi L | \varphi L. \varphi \in N \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\}
  using assms
proof (induction N rule: finite-induct)
  case empty
 show ?case by auto
next
  case (insert x N) note finite = this(1) and IH = this(3)
 have \{f \varphi L \mid \varphi L. \ (\varphi = x \lor \varphi \in N) \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\} \subseteq \{f x L \mid L. L \in \# x \land P x L\}
    \cup \{f \varphi L | \varphi L. \varphi \in N \land L \in \# \varphi \land P \varphi L\}  by auto
 moreover have finite \{f \ x \ L \mid L. \ L \in \# \ x\} by auto
 ultimately show ?case using IH finite-subset by fastforce
qed
 value card
 value filter-mset
value \{\#count \ \varphi \ L \ | L \in \# \ \varphi. \ 2 \leq count \ \varphi \ L\#\}
value (\lambda \varphi. msetsum \{ \#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \# \})
syntax
  -comprehension1'-mset :: a \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow b \text{ multiset} \Rightarrow a \text{ multiset}
      ((\{\#\text{-/.} -: set of \text{-}\#\}))
translations
  \{\#e.\ x:\ set of\ M\#\} == CONST\ set-mset\ (CONST\ image-mset\ (\%x.\ e)\ M)
value \{\# \ a. \ a : set of \ \{\#1,1,2::int\#\}\#\} = \{1,2\}
definition sum-count-ge-2 :: 'a multiset set \Rightarrow nat (\Xi) where
sum-count-ge-2 \equiv folding.F (\lambda \varphi. op +(msetsum {#count \varphi L \mid L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#})) 0
interpretation sum-count-qe-2:
  folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \#\varphi. 2 < count \varphi L \#\})) 0
rewrites
 folding.F (\lambda \varphi. op +(msetsum {#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#})) 0 = sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2
proof -
  show folding (\lambda \varphi. \ op + (msetsum \ (image-mset \ (count \ \varphi) \ \{\# \ L \in \# \ \varphi. \ 2 \leq count \ \varphi \ L\#\})))
   by standard auto
  then interpret sum-count-ge-2:
    folding (\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum \{\#count \varphi L | L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \#\})) 0.
  show folding. F(\lambda \varphi. op + (msetsum (image-mset (count \varphi) \{ \# L \in \# \varphi. 2 \leq count \varphi L \# \}))) 0
    = sum-count-ge-2 by (auto simp add: sum-count-ge-2-def)
qed
lemma finite-incl-le-setsum:
finite (B::'a multiset set) \Longrightarrow A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow \Xi A \le \Xi B
proof (induction arbitrary: A rule: finite-induct)
  case empty
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (insert a F) note finite = this(1) and aF = this(2) and IH = this(3) and AF = this(4)
```

```
show ?case
   proof (cases \ a \in A)
     assume a \notin A
     then have A \subseteq F using AF by auto
     then show ?case using IH[of A] by (simp add: aF local.finite)
   next
     assume aA: a \in A
     then have A - \{a\} \subseteq F using AF by auto
     then have \Xi(A - \{a\}) \leq \Xi F using IH by blast
     then show ?case
       proof -
          obtain nn :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat where
           \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\exists v2. \ x0 = x1 + v2) = (x0 = x1 + nn \ x0 \ x1)
           by moura
          then have \Xi F = \Xi (A - \{a\}) + nn (\Xi F) (\Xi (A - \{a\}))
           by (meson \ \langle \Xi \ (A - \{a\}) \le \Xi \ F \rangle \ le-iff-add)
          then show ?thesis
           by (metis (no-types) le-iff-add aA aF add.assoc finite.insertI finite-subset
             insert.prems local.finite sum-count-ge-2.insert sum-count-ge-2.remove)
       qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
{\bf lemma}\ simplify\mbox{-}finite\mbox{-}measure\mbox{-}decrease:
  simplify N N' \Longrightarrow finite N \Longrightarrow card N' + \Xi N' < card N + \Xi N
proof (induction rule: simplify.induct)
 case (tautology-deletion A P) note an = this(1) and fin = this(2)
 let ?N' = N - \{A + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}\}\
 have card ?N' < card N
   by (meson card-Diff1-less tautology-deletion.hyps tautology-deletion.prems)
 moreover have ?N' \subseteq N by auto
 then have sum-count-ge-2 ?N' \le sum-count-ge-2 N using finite-incl-le-setsum[OF fin] by blast
  ultimately show ?case by linarith
next
  case (condensation A L) note AN = this(1) and fin = this(2)
 let ?C' = A + \{\#L\#\}
 let ?C = A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}
 let ?N' = N - \{?C\} \cup \{?C'\}
 have card ?N' \leq card N
   using AN by (metis (no-types, lifting) Diff-subset Un-empty-right Un-insert-right card.remove
     card-insert-if card-mono fin finite-Diff order-refl)
  moreover have \Xi \{?C'\} < \Xi \{?C\}
   proof -
     have mset-decomp:
       \{\# La \in \# A. (L = La \longrightarrow La \in \# A) \land (L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count \ A \ La)\#\}
       = \{ \# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count A La\# \} +
         \{\# La \in \# A. L = La \land Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ L\#\}
         by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff ac-simps)
     have mset-decomp2: {\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 < count A La\#} =
       \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count \ A \ La\#\} + replicate-mset (count \ A \ L) \ L
       by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
     show ?thesis
       by (auto simp: mset-decomp mset-decomp2 filter-mset-eq ac-simps)
 have \Xi ?N' < \Xi N
```

```
proof cases
     assume a1: ?C' \in N
     then show ?thesis
      proof -
         have f2: \bigwedge m\ M.\ insert\ (m::'a\ literal\ multiset)\ (M-\{m\})=M\cup\{\}\vee m\notin M
          using Un-empty-right insert-Diff by blast
         have f3: \bigwedge m\ M\ Ma.\ insert\ (m:'a\ literal\ multiset)\ M\ -\ insert\ m\ Ma\ =\ M\ -\ insert\ m\ Ma
          by simp
         then have f_4: \bigwedge M \ m. \ M - \{m: 'a \ literal \ multiset\} = M \cup \{\} \lor m \in M
          using Diff-insert-absorb Un-empty-right by fastforce
         have f5: insert (A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}) N = N
          using f3 f2 Un-empty-right condensation.hyps insert-iff by fastforce
         have \bigwedge m\ M. insert (m::'a literal multiset) M=M\cup\{\} \lor m\notin M
          using f3 f2 Un-empty-right add.right-neutral insert-iff by fastforce
         then have \Xi (N - \{A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) < \Xi N
          using f5 f4 by (metis Un-empty-right (\Xi \{A + \#L\#\}\}) < \Xi \{A + \#L\#\} + \#L\#\})
            add.right-neutral add-diff-cancel-left' add-gr-0 diff-less fin finite.emptyI not-le
            sum-count-qe-2.empty sum-count-qe-2.insert-remove trans-le-add2)
         then show ?thesis
          using f3 f2 a1 by (metis (no-types) Un-empty-right Un-insert-right condensation.hyps
            insert-iff multi-self-add-other-not-self)
       qed
   next
     assume ?C' \notin N
     have mset-decomp:
       \{\# La \in \# A. (L = La \longrightarrow Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ La) \land (L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count \ A \ La)\#\}
       = \{ \# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count A La\# \} +
         \{\# La \in \# A. L = La \land Suc \ 0 \leq count \ A \ L\#\}
         by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff ac-simps)
     have mset-decomp2: \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \longrightarrow 2 \leq count \ A \ La\#\} =
       \{\# La \in \# A. L \neq La \land 2 \leq count \ A \ La\#\} + replicate-mset (count \ A \ L) \ L
      by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
     show ?thesis
       using (\Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} < \Xi \{A + \{\#L\#\}\} + \{\#L\#\}\}) condensation.hyps fin
       sum\text{-}count\text{-}ge\text{-}2.remove[of - A + \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\}] \langle ?C' \notin N \rangle
       by (auto simp: mset-decomp mset-decomp2 filter-mset-eq)
   ged
  ultimately show ?case by linarith
next
 case (subsumption A B) note AN = this(1) and AB = this(2) and BN = this(3) and fin = this(4)
 have card (N - \{B\}) < card N  using BN by (meson card-Diff1-less subsumption.prems)
 moreover have \Xi(N - \{B\}) \leq \Xi N
   \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ Diff-subset\ finite-incl-le-setsum\ subsumption.prems)
 ultimately show ?case by linarith
qed
lemma simplify-terminates:
  wf \{(N', N). finite N \wedge simplify N N'\}
 using assms apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of finite simplify \lambda N. card N + \Xi N])
 using simplify-finite-measure-decrease by blast
```

lemma wf-terminates:

```
assumes wf r
 shows \exists N'.(N', N) \in r^* \land (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin r)
  let ?P = \lambda N. (\exists N'.(N', N) \in r^* \land (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin r))
 have (\forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y) \longrightarrow ?P x)
   proof clarify
     \mathbf{fix} \ x
     assume H: \forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y
     { assume \exists y. (y, x) \in r
       then obtain y where y: (y, x) \in r by blast
       then have P y using H by blast
       then have ?P \ x \ using \ y \ by \ (meson \ rtrancl.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
     moreover {
       assume \neg(\exists y. (y, x) \in r)
       then have P x by auto
     ultimately show P x by blast
   qed
  moreover have (\forall x. (\forall y. (y, x) \in r \longrightarrow ?P y) \longrightarrow ?P x) \longrightarrow All ?P
   using assms unfolding wf-def by (rule allE)
  ultimately have All ?P by blast
  then show ?P N by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-simplify-terminates:
  assumes fin: finite N
 shows \exists N'. simplify^{**} N N' \land simplified N'
proof -
 have H: \{(N', N), \text{ finite } N \land \text{ simplify } N N'\} = \{(N', N), \text{ simplify } N N' \land \text{ finite } N\} \text{ by } \text{ auto}
  then have wf: wf \{(N', N). simplify N N' \land finite N\}
   using simplify-terminates by (simp add: H)
  obtain N' where N': (N', N) \in \{(b, a) \text{ simplify } a \ b \land finite \ a\}^* and
   more: (\forall N''. (N'', N') \notin \{(b, a). \text{ simplify } a \ b \land \text{finite } a\})
   using Prop-Resolution.wf-terminates [OF \ wf, \ of \ N] by blast
  have 1: simplify** N N'
   using N' by (induction rule: rtrancl.induct) auto
  then have finite N' using fin rtranclp-simplify-preserves-finite by blast
  then have 2: \forall N''. \neg simplify N' N'' using more by auto
 show ?thesis using 1 2 by blast
qed
lemma finite-simplified-full1-simp:
 assumes finite N
 shows simplified N \vee (\exists N'. full1 \text{ simplify } N N')
 {\bf using} \ \textit{rtranclp-simplify-terminates} [\textit{OF assms}] \ {\bf unfolding} \ \textit{full1-def}
 by (metis Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold)
lemma finite-simplified-full-simp:
 assumes finite N
 shows \exists N'. full simplify NN'
  using rtranclp-simplify-terminates[OF assms] unfolding full-def by metis
```

 ${f lemma}$ can-decrease-tree-size-resolution:

```
fixes \psi :: 'v \ state \ {\bf and} \ tree :: 'v \ sem-tree
  assumes finite (fst \psi) and already-used-inv \psi
  and partial-interps tree I (fst \psi)
  and simplified (fst \psi)
  shows \exists (tree':: 'v \ sem\text{-}tree) \ \psi'. \ resolution^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial\text{-}interps \ tree' \ I \ (fst \ \psi')
   \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0)
  using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: I rule: sem-tree-size)
  case (bigger xs I) note IH = this(1) and finite = this(2) and a-u-i = this(3) and part = this(4)
   and simp = this(5)
  { assume sem-tree-size xs = 0
   then have ?case using part by blast
  }
 moreover {
   assume sn\theta: sem-tree-size xs > \theta
   obtain aq ad v where xs: xs = Node \ v \ aq \ ad \ using \ sn\theta by (cases xs, auto)
      assume sem-tree-size ag = 0 \land sem-tree-size ad = 0
      then have ag: ag = Leaf and ad: ad = Leaf by (cases ag, auto, cases ad, auto)
      then obtain \chi \chi' where
        \chi: \neg I \cup \{Pos\ v\} \models \chi and
        tot\chi: total-over-m (I \cup \{Pos\ v\})\ \{\chi\} and
        \chi\psi: \chi\in\mathit{fst}\ \psi and
        \chi': \neg I \cup \{Neg\ v\} \models \chi' and
        tot\chi': total-over-m (I \cup \{Neg\ v\})\ \{\chi'\} and \chi'\psi: \chi' \in fst\ \psi
        using part unfolding xs by auto
      have Posv: Pos v \notin \# \chi using \chi unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
      have Negv: Neg v \notin \# \chi' using \chi' unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
        assume Neg\chi: \neg Neg\ v \in \#\ \chi
        then have \neg I \models \chi using \chi Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto
        moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi\}
          using Posv Neg\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
        ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
        {\bf and} \ \mathit{sem-tree-size} \ \mathit{Leaf} < \mathit{sem-tree-size} \ \mathit{xs}
        and resolution** \psi \ \psi
          unfolding xs by (auto simp add: \chi\psi)
      moreover {
         assume Pos\chi: \neg Pos\ v \in \#\ \chi'
         then have I\chi: \neg I \models \chi' \text{ using } \chi' \text{ Posv unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def by auto}
         moreover have total-over-m I \{\chi'\}
           using Negv Pos\chi atm-imp-pos-or-neg-lit tot\chi'
           unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
         ultimately have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
         and sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs
         and resolution^{**} \psi \psi using \chi' \psi I \chi unfolding xs by auto
      moreover {
         assume neg: Neg v \in \# \chi and pos: Pos v \in \# \chi'
         have count \ \chi \ (Neg \ v) = 1
```

```
using simplified-count [OF simp \chi\psi] neg
                   by (simp add: dual-order.antisym)
                have count \chi' (Pos v) = 1
                    using simplified-count [OF simp \chi'\psi] pos
                   by (simp add: dual-order.antisym)
                obtain C where \chi C: \chi = C + \{\# Neg \ v\#\} and negC: Neg \ v \notin \# C and posC: Pos \ v \notin \# C
                   by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Posv Suc-eq-plus1-left (count \chi (Neg v) = 1)
                       add-diff-cancel-left' count-diff count-greater-eq-one-iff count-single insert-DiffM
                       insert-DiffM2 less-numeral-extra(3) multi-member-skip not-le not-less-eq-eq)
                obtain C' where
                    \chi C' : \chi' = C' + \{ \# Pos \ v \# \}  and
                    posC': Pos \ v \notin \# \ C' and
                    neqC': Neq\ v\notin \#\ C'
                   by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Negv Suc-eq-plus1-left (count \chi' (Pos v) = 1)
                       add-diff-cancel-left' count-diff count-greater-eq-one-iff count-single insert-DiffM
                       insert-DiffM2 less-numeral-extra(3) multi-member-skip not-le not-less-eq-eq)
                have totC: total-over-m \ I \ \{C\}
                    using tot\chi tot-over-m-remove[of I Pos v C] negC posC unfolding \chi C
                    by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg uminus-of-uminus-id)
                have totC': total-over-m \ I \ \{C'\}
                    using tot\chi' total-over-m-sum tot-over-m-remove[of I Neg v C'] negC' posC'
                    unfolding \chi C' by (metis total-over-m-sum uminus-Neg)
                have \neg I \models C + C'
                    using \chi \chi' \chi C \chi C' by auto
                then have part-I-\psi''': partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\})
                    using totC \ totC' \ (\neg I \models C + C') by (metis Un-insert-right insertI1)
                       partial-interps.simps(1) total-over-m-sum)
                {
                    assume ({#Pos v#} + C', {#Neg v#} + C) \notin snd \psi
                    then have inf": inference \psi (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\}, snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\})
                      by (metis \chi'\psi \chi C \chi C' \chi \psi add.commute inference-step prod.collapse resolution)
                    obtain N' where full: full simplify (fst \psi \cup \{C + C'\}) N'
                      by (metis finite-simplified-full-simp fst-conv inf" inference-preserves-finite
                          local.finite)
                   have resolution \psi (N', snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\})
                       using resolution.intros(2)[OF - simp full, of snd \psi snd \psi \cup \{(\chi', \chi)\}] inf''
                      by (metis surjective-pairing)
                    moreover have partial-interps Leaf I N'
                       using full-simplify-preserve-partial-tree [OF full part-I-\psi^{\prime\prime\prime}].
                    moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
                    ultimately have ?case
                       by (metis (no-types) prod.sel(1) rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
                moreover {
                   assume a: (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) \in snd\ \psi
                   then have (\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total-over-m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m \ I \ \{\chi\})
                          \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)) \lor tautology \ (C' + C)
                      proof -
                          obtain p where p: Pos p \in \# (\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') \land Neg \ p \in \# (\{\#Neg \ v\#\} + C)
                               \land ((\exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total - over - m \ I \ \{(\{\#Pos \ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - \{\#Pos \ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') - (\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + C') + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) + ((\{\#Neg \ v\#\}) 
+C)-\{\#Neg\ p\#\}\}\longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\})\land (\forall\ I.\ total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ \{\chi\}\longrightarrow I\models\chi\longrightarrow I\models (\{\#Pos\ p\#\})\}
v\#\} + C' - \{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\}))) \lor tautology\ ((\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C') - \{\#Pos\ p\#\}))
```

```
\{\#Pos\ p\#\} + ((\{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C) - \{\#Neg\ p\#\})))
                 using a by (blast intro: allE[OF a-u-i[unfolded subsumes-def Ball-def],
                      of (\{\#Pos\ v\#\} + C', \{\#Neg\ v\#\} + C)])
                { assume p \neq v
                 then have Pos \ p \in \# \ C' \land Neg \ p \in \# \ C \ using \ p \ by force
                 then have ?thesis by auto
                moreover {
                 assume p = v
                 then have ?thesis using p by (metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-left')
                ultimately show ?thesis by auto
             qed
            moreover {
             assume \exists \chi \in fst \ \psi. \ (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\})
                \land (\forall I. \ total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ \{\chi\} \longrightarrow I \models \chi \longrightarrow I \models C' + C)
              then obtain \vartheta where
                \vartheta : \vartheta \in \mathit{fst} \ \psi \ \mathbf{and}
                tot-\vartheta-CC': \forall I. total-over-m \ I \ \{C+C'\} \longrightarrow total-over-m \ I \ \{\vartheta\} and
                \vartheta-inv: \forall I. total-over-m I \{\vartheta\} \longrightarrow I \models \vartheta \longrightarrow I \models C' + C by blast
             have partial-interps Leaf I (fst \psi)
                using tot - \vartheta - CC' \vartheta \vartheta - inv totC totC' \lor \neg I \models C + C' \lor total - over - m - sum by fastforce
              moreover have sem-tree-size Leaf < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
              ultimately have ?case by blast
            }
            moreover {
             assume tautCC': tautology (C' + C)
             have total-over-m I \{C'+C\} using totC totC' total-over-m-sum by auto
             then have \neg tautology (C' + C)
                using \langle \neg I \models C + C' \rangle unfolding add.commute[of C C'] total-over-m-def
                unfolding tautology-def by auto
              then have False using tautCC' unfolding tautology-def by auto
           ultimately have ?case by auto
          ultimately have ?case by auto
       ultimately have ?case using part by (metis (no-types) sem-tree-size.simps(1))
    }
    moreover {
      assume size-ag: sem-tree-size ag > 0
      have sem-tree-size ag < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
      moreover have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
      and partad: partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi)
        using part partial-interps.simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
      moreover
       have sem-tree-size ag \langle sem-tree-size xs \Longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \Longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
          \implies partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi) \implies simplified (fst\ \psi)
          \Rightarrow \exists tree' \ \psi'. \ resolution^{**} \ \psi \ \psi' \land partial-interps \ tree' \ (I \cup \{Pos \ v\}) \ (fst \ \psi')
             \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0)
          using IH[of \ ag \ I \cup \{Pos \ v\}] by auto
      ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ \ where
        inf: resolution** \psi \psi'
       and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ag \lor sem-tree-size ag = 0
```

```
using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-refl a-u-i simp by blast
```

```
have partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi')
       using rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree inf partad by fast
     then have partial-interps (Node v tree' ad) I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-aq part unfolding xs by fastforce
    }
   moreover {
     assume size-ad: sem-tree-size ad > 0
     have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs unfolding xs by auto
     moreover
       have
         partag: partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi) and
         partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi)
         using part partial-interps. simps(2) unfolding xs by metis+
     moreover have sem-tree-size ad < sem-tree-size xs \longrightarrow finite (fst \psi) \longrightarrow already-used-inv \psi
       \longrightarrow (partial-interps ad (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst \psi) \longrightarrow simplified (fst \psi)
       \longrightarrow (\exists tree' \psi'. resolution** \psi \psi' \land partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neq v\}) (fst \psi')
            \land (sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0)))
       using IH by blast
     ultimately obtain \psi' :: 'v \ state \ and \ tree' :: 'v \ sem-tree \ \ where
       inf: resolution** \psi \psi'
       and part: partial-interps tree' (I \cup \{Neg\ v\}) (fst\ \psi')
       and size: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size ad \lor sem-tree-size ad = 0
       using finite part rtranclp.rtrancl-refl a-u-i simp by blast
     have partial-interps ag (I \cup \{Pos\ v\}) (fst \psi')
       using rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree inf partag by fast
     then have partial-interps (Node v ag tree') I (fst \psi') using part by auto
     then have ?case using inf size size-ad unfolding xs by fastforce
    ultimately have ?case by auto
 }
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma resolution-completeness-inv:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes
   unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \ \psi) and
   finite: finite (fst \psi) and
   a-u-v: already-used-inv <math>\psi
 shows \exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
  obtain tree where partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi)
   using partial-interps-build-sem-tree-atms assms by metis
 then show ?thesis
   using unsat finite a-u-v
   proof (induct tree arbitrary: \psi rule: sem-tree-size)
     case (bigger tree \psi) note H = this
       fix \chi
       assume tree: tree = Leaf
       obtain \chi where \chi: \neg {} \models \chi and tot\chi: total-over-m {} {\chi} and \chi\psi: \chi \in fst \psi
         using H unfolding tree by auto
```

```
moreover have \{\#\} = \chi
   using H atms-empty-iff-empty tot\chi
   unfolding true-cls-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by fastforce
 moreover have resolution^{**} \psi \psi by auto
 ultimately have ?case by metis
moreover {
 fix v tree1 tree2
 assume tree: tree = Node \ v \ tree1 \ tree2
 obtain \psi_0 where \psi_0: resolution** \psi \psi_0 and simp: simplified (fst \psi_0)
   proof -
     { assume simplified (fst \psi)
      moreover have resolution^{**} \psi \psi by auto
       ultimately have thesis using that by blast
     moreover {
      assume \neg simplified (fst \ \psi)
      then have \exists \psi'. full simplify (fst \psi) \psi'
        by (metis Nitpick.rtranclp-unfold bigger.prems(3) full1-def
          rtranclp-simplify-terminates)
       then obtain N where full 1 simplify (fst \psi) N by metis
       then have resolution \psi (N, snd \psi)
        using resolution.intros(1)[of fst \psi N snd \psi] by auto
      moreover have simplified N
        using \langle full1 \ simplify \ (fst \ \psi) \ N \rangle unfolding full1-def by blast
       ultimately have ?thesis using that by force
     }
    ultimately show ?thesis by auto
   qed
 have p: partial-interps tree \{\} (fst \psi_0)
 and uns: unsatisfiable (fst \psi_0)
 and f: finite (fst \psi_0)
 and a-u-v: already-used-inv \psi_0
      using \psi_0 bigger.prems(1) rtranclp-resolution-preserve-partial-tree apply blast
     using \psi_0 bigger.prems(2) rtranclp-resolution-preserves-unsat apply blast
    using \psi_0 bigger.prems(3) rtranclp-resolution-finite apply blast
   using rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv[OF \psi_0 bigger.prems(4)] by blast
 obtain tree' \psi' where
   inf: resolution** \psi_0 \psi' and
   part': partial-interps tree' {} (fst \ \psi') and
   decrease: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree \lor sem-tree-size tree = 0
   using can-decrease-tree-size-resolution [OF f a-u-v p simp] unfolding tautology-def
   by meson
 have s: sem-tree-size tree' < sem-tree-size tree using decrease unfolding tree by auto
 have fin: finite (fst \psi')
   using f inf rtranclp-resolution-finite by blast
 have unsat: unsatisfiable (fst \psi')
   using rtranclp-resolution-preserves-unsat inf uns by metis
 have a-u-i': already-used-inv \psi'
   using a-u-v inf rtranclp-resolution-already-used-inv[of \psi_0 \psi'] by auto
 have ?case
   using inf rtranclp-trans of resolution H(1) [OF s part' unsat fin a-u-i'] \psi_0 by blast
```

```
ultimately show ?case by (cases tree, auto)
  qed
qed
lemma resolution-preserves-already-used-inv:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: resolution.induct)
  apply (rule full1-simplify-already-used-inv; simp)
 apply (rule full-simplify-already-used-inv, simp)
 apply (rule inference-preserves-already-used-inv, simp)
 apply blast
 done
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserves\text{-}already\text{-}used\text{-}inv\text{:}
 assumes resolution** S S'
 and already-used-inv S
 shows already-used-inv S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
 using resolution-preserves-already-used-inv by fast
lemma resolution-completeness:
 fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes unsat: \neg satisfiable (fst \ \psi)
 and finite: finite (fst \psi)
 and snd \psi = \{\}
 shows \exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')
proof -
 have already-used-inv \psi unfolding assms by auto
 then show ?thesis using assms resolution-completeness-inv by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-preserves-sat:
 assumes simplify^{**} S S'
 and satisfiable S
 shows satisfiable S'
 using assms apply induction
  apply simp
 by (meson satisfiable-carac satisfiable-def simplify-preserves-un-sat-eq)
lemma resolution-preserves-sat:
 assumes resolution S S'
 and satisfiable (fst S)
 shows satisfiable (fst S')
 using assms apply (induction rule: resolution.induct)
  using rtranclp-preserves-sat tranclp-into-rtranclp unfolding full1-def apply fastforce
 by (metis fst-conv full-def inference-preserves-un-sat rtranclp-preserves-sat
   satisfiable-carac' satisfiable-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}resolution\text{-}preserves\text{-}sat:
 assumes resolution** S S'
```

```
and satisfiable (fst S)
  shows satisfiable (fst S')
  using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  apply simp
  using resolution-preserves-sat by blast
lemma resolution-soundness:
  fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
 assumes resolution^{**} \psi \psi' and \{\#\} \in \mathit{fst} \psi'
 shows unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
  using assms by (meson rtranclp-resolution-preserves-sat satisfiable-def true-cls-empty
    true-clss-def)
{\bf lemma}\ resolution\hbox{-}soundness\hbox{-}and\hbox{-}completeness:
fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
assumes finite: finite (fst \psi)
and snd: snd \psi = \{\}
shows (\exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \psi)
  using assms resolution-completeness resolution-soundness by metis
lemma simplified-falsity:
  assumes simp: simplified \psi
  and \{\#\} \in \psi
  shows \psi = \{\{\#\}\}\
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume H: \neg ?thesis
  then obtain \chi where \chi \in \psi and \chi \neq \{\#\} using assms(2) by blast
  then have \{\#\} \subset \# \chi by (simp \ add: mset\text{-}less\text{-}empty\text{-}nonempty)
  then have simplify \psi (\psi - \{\chi\})
    using simplify.subsumption[OF\ assms(2)\ \langle \{\#\}\ \subset \#\ \chi\rangle\ \langle \chi\in\psi\rangle] by blast
  then show False using simp by blast
qed
{\bf lemma}\ simplify \hbox{-} falsity \hbox{-} in \hbox{-} preserved:
  assumes simplify \chi s \chi s'
 and \{\#\} \in \chi s
 shows \{\#\} \in \chi s'
  using assms
  by induction auto
lemma rtranclp-simplify-falsity-in-preserved:
  assumes simplify^{**} \chi s \chi s'
 and \{\#\} \in \chi s
 shows \{\#\} \in \chi s'
  using assms
  by induction (auto intro: simplify-falsity-in-preserved)
lemma resolution-falsity-get-falsity-alone:
  assumes finite (fst \psi)
 shows (\exists \psi'. (resolution^{**} \psi \psi' \land \{\#\} \in fst \psi')) \longleftrightarrow (\exists a\text{-}u\text{-}v. resolution^{**} \psi (\{\{\#\}\}, a\text{-}u\text{-}v))
    (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
  assume ?B
  then show ?A by auto
```

```
next
  assume ?A
  then obtain \chi s a-u-v where \chi s: resolution** \psi (\chi s, a-u-v) and F: {#} \in \chi s by auto
  { assume simplified \chi s
   then have ?B using simplified-falsity[OF - F] \chi s by blast
  moreover {
   \mathbf{assume} \, \neg \, \mathit{simplified} \, \, \chi s
   then obtain \chi s' where full 1 simplify \chi s \chi s'
      by (metis \chi s assms finite-simplified-full1-simp fst-conv rtranclp-resolution-finite)
   then have \{\#\} \in \chi s'
     unfolding full1-def by (meson F rtranclp-simplify-falsity-in-preserved
       tranclp-into-rtranclp)
   then have ?B
     by (metis \chi s (full1 simplify \chi s \chi s') fst-conv full1-simp resolution-always-simplified
       rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl simplified-falsity)
 ultimately show ?B by blast
qed
lemma resolution-soundness-and-completeness':
  fixes \psi :: 'v :: linorder state
  assumes
   finite: finite (fst \psi)and
   snd: snd \ \psi = \{\}
  shows (\exists a \text{-}u \text{-}v. (resolution^{**} \ \psi (\{\{\#\}\}, a \text{-}u \text{-}v))) \longleftrightarrow unsatisfiable (fst \ \psi)
   using assms resolution-completeness resolution-soundness resolution-falsity-qet-falsity-alone
   by metis
end
```

14 Partial Clausal Logic

We here define marked literals (that will be used in both DPLL and CDCL) and the entailment corresponding to it.

```
{\bf theory}\ Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic \\ {\bf imports}\ Partial-Clausal-Logic \\
```

begin

14.1 Marked Literals

14.1.1 Definition

```
datatype ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) marked-lit = is-marked: Marked (lit-of: 'v literal) (level-of: 'lvl) | is-proped: Propagated (lit-of: 'v literal) (mark-of: 'mark) lemma marked-lit-list-induct[case-names nil marked proped]: assumes P [] and \land L l xs. P xs \Longrightarrow P (Marked L l \# xs) and \land L m xs. P xs \Longrightarrow P (Propagated L m \# xs) shows P xs using assms apply (induction xs, simp) by (rename-tac a xs, case-tac a) auto
```

```
lemma is-marked-ex-Marked:
  is-marked L \Longrightarrow \exists K lvl. L = Marked K lvl
 by (cases L) auto
type-synonym ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits = ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{lits-of} :: (\textit{'a}, \textit{'b}, \textit{'c}) \ \textit{marked-lit} \ \textit{set} \Rightarrow \textit{'a literal set} \ \textbf{where}
lits-of Ls = lit-of ' Ls
abbreviation lits-of-l :: ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal set where
lits-of-lLs \equiv lits-of (set Ls)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{lits-of-l-empty}[\mathit{simp}] :
  lits-of \{\} = \{\}
  unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-insert[simp]:
  lits-of\ (insert\ L\ Ls) = insert\ (lit-of\ L)\ (lits-of\ Ls)
  unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-l-Un[simp]:
  lits-of (l \cup l') = lits-of l \cup lits-of l'
  unfolding lits-of-def by auto
lemma finite-lits-of-def[simp]:
 finite (lits-of-l L)
 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
abbreviation unmark where
unmark \equiv (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\})
abbreviation unmark-s where
unmark-s M \equiv unmark ' M
abbreviation unmark-l where
unmark-l\ M \equiv unmark-s\ (set\ M)
lemma atms-of-ms-lambda-lit-of-is-atm-of-lit-of[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (unmark-l M') = atm-of ' lits-of-l M'
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma lits-of-l-empty-is-empty[iff]:
  lits-of-lM = \{\} \longleftrightarrow M = []
 by (induct M) (auto simp: lits-of-def)
14.1.2 Entailment
definition true-annot :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models a 49) where
  I \models a C \longleftrightarrow (lits - of - l I) \models C
definition true-annots :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool (infix \models as 49) where
  I \models as \ CC \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ C \in CC. \ I \models a \ C)
lemma true-annot-empty-model[simp]:
```

```
\neg [] \models a \psi
  unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by simp
lemma true-annot-empty[simp]:
  \neg I \models a \{\#\}
  unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by simp
lemma empty-true-annots-def[iff]:
  [] \models as \ \psi \longleftrightarrow \psi = \{\}
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-empty[simp]:
  I \models as \{\}
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-single-true-annot[iff]:
  I \models as \{C\} \longleftrightarrow I \models a C
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annot-insert-l[simp]:
  M \models a A \Longrightarrow L \# M \models a A
  unfolding true-annot-def by auto
lemma true-annots-insert-l [simp]:
  M \models as A \Longrightarrow L \# M \models as A
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-union[iff]:
  M \models as A \cup B \longleftrightarrow (M \models as A \land M \models as B)
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemma true-annots-insert[iff]:
  M \models as \ insert \ a \ A \longleftrightarrow (M \models a \ a \land M \models as \ A)
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
Link between \models as and \models s:
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}cls:
  I \models as \ CC \longleftrightarrow lits-of-l \ I \models s \ CC
  unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def by auto
{f lemma} in-lit-of-true-annot:
  a \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \longleftrightarrow M \models a \{\#a\#\}
  unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma true-annot-lit-of-notin-skip:
  L \# M \models a A \Longrightarrow lit\text{-}of L \notin \# A \Longrightarrow M \models a A
  unfolding true-annot-def true-cls-def by auto
lemma true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl:
  I \models s \ unmark-l \ MLs \Longrightarrow lits-of-l \ MLs \subseteq I
  unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
lemma true-annot-true-clss-cls:
```

 $MLs \models a \psi \Longrightarrow set (map \ unmark \ MLs) \models p \psi$

```
{\bf unfolding} \ true\hbox{-}annot\hbox{-}def \ true\hbox{-}cls\hbox{-}cls\hbox{-}def \ true\hbox{-}cls\hbox{-}def
  by (auto dest: true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{:}
  MLs \models as \ \psi \implies set \ (map \ unmark \ MLs) \models ps \ \psi
  by (auto
    dest:\ true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl
    simp add: true-clss-def true-annots-def true-annot-def lits-of-def true-cls-def
    true-clss-clss-def)
lemma true-annots-marked-true-cls[iff]:
  map\ (\lambda M.\ Marked\ M\ a)\ M \models as\ N \longleftrightarrow set\ M \models s\ N
proof -
  have *: lit-of ' (\lambda M. Marked M a) ' set M = set M unfolding lits-of-def by force
  show ?thesis by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls * lits-of-def)
lemma true-annot-singleton[iff]: M \models a \{\#L\#\} \longleftrightarrow L \in lits-of-l M
  unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss:
  A \models as \Psi \Longrightarrow unmark-l \ A \models ps \ \Psi
  unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def true-clss-def
  \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{dest}!:\ \mathit{true\text{-}clss\text{-}singleton\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}implies\text{-}incl}
    simp: lits-of-def true-annot-def true-cls-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ true\text{-}annot\text{-}commute:
  M @ M' \models a D \longleftrightarrow M' @ M \models a D
  unfolding true-annot-def by (simp add: Un-commute)
lemma true-annots-commute:
  M @ M' \models as D \longleftrightarrow M' @ M \models as D
  unfolding true-annots-def by (auto simp: true-annot-commute)
lemma true-annot-mono[dest]:
  set\ I \subseteq set\ I' \Longrightarrow I \models a\ N \Longrightarrow I' \models a\ N
  using true-cls-mono-set-mset-l unfolding true-annot-def lits-of-def
  by (metis (no-types) Un-commute Un-upper1 image-Un sup.orderE)
lemma true-annots-mono:
  set \ I \subseteq set \ I' \Longrightarrow I \models as \ N \Longrightarrow I' \models as \ N
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
```

14.1.3 Defined and undefined literals

We introduce the functions *defined-lit* and *undefined-lit* to know whether a literal is defined with respect to a list of marked literals (aka a trail in most cases).

Remark that *undefined* already exists and is a completely different Isabelle function.

```
definition defined-lit :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool where defined-lit I \mathrel{L} \longleftrightarrow (\exists \mathrel{l}. \mathrel{Marked} \mathrel{L} \mathrel{l} \in set \mathrel{I}) \lor (\exists \mathrel{P}. \mathrel{Propagated} \mathrel{L} \mathrel{P} \in set \mathrel{I}) \lor (\exists \mathrel{l}. \mathrel{Marked} (-L) \mathrel{l} \in set \mathrel{I}) \lor (\exists \mathrel{P}. \mathrel{Propagated} (-L) \mathrel{P} \in set \mathrel{I})

abbreviation undefined-lit :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool where undefined-lit I \mathrel{L} \equiv \neg defined-lit \mathrel{I} \mathrel{L}
```

```
lemma defined-lit-rev[simp]:
  defined-lit (rev\ M)\ L \longleftrightarrow defined-lit M\ L
  unfolding defined-lit-def by auto
lemma atm-imp-marked-or-proped:
  assumes x \in set I
  shows
   (\exists l. Marked (- lit-of x) l \in set I)
   \vee (\exists l. Marked (lit-of x) l \in set I)
   \vee (\exists l. \ Propagated \ (- \ lit - of \ x) \ l \in set \ I)
   \vee (\exists l. \ Propagated \ (lit\text{-}of \ x) \ l \in set \ I)
  using assms marked-lit.exhaust-sel by metis
lemma literal-is-lit-of-marked:
  assumes L = lit - of x
 shows (\exists l. \ x = Marked \ L \ l) \lor (\exists l'. \ x = Propagated \ L \ l')
  using assms by (cases x) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true-annot-iff-marked-or-true-lit}:
  defined-lit I \ L \longleftrightarrow (lits-of-l I \models l \ L \lor lits-of-l I \models l \ -L)
  unfolding defined-lit-def by (auto simp add: lits-of-def rev-image-eqI
    dest!: literal-is-lit-of-marked)
lemma consistent-inter-true-annots-satisfiable:
  consistent-interp (lits-of-l I) \Longrightarrow I \models as N \Longrightarrow satisfiable N
  by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls)
lemma defined-lit-map:
  defined-lit Ls L \longleftrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ L \in (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set Ls
 unfolding defined-lit-def apply (rule iffI)
  using image-iff apply fastforce
 by (fastforce simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of dest: atm-imp-marked-or-proped)
lemma defined-lit-uminus[iff]:
  defined-lit I (-L) \longleftrightarrow defined-lit I L
  unfolding defined-lit-def by auto
lemma Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l:
  defined-lit I \ L \longleftrightarrow (L \in lits-of-l I \lor -L \in lits-of-l I)
  unfolding lits-of-def by (metis lits-of-def true-annot-iff-marked-or-true-lit true-lit-def)
lemma consistent-add-undefined-lit-consistent[simp]:
  assumes
    consistent-interp (lits-of-l Ls) and
    undefined-lit Ls L
  shows consistent-interp (insert L (lits-of-l Ls))
  using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def by (auto simp: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l)
lemma decided-empty[simp]:
  \neg defined-lit [] L
  unfolding defined-lit-def by simp
```

14.2 Backtracking

fun backtrack-split :: ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits

```
\Rightarrow ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits \times ('v, 'l, 'm) marked-lits where
backtrack-split [] = ([], [])
backtrack-split (Propagated L P \# mlits) = apfst ((op \#) (Propagated L P)) (backtrack-split mlits) |
backtrack-split (Marked L l # mlits) = ([], Marked L l # mlits)
lemma backtrack-split-fst-not-marked: a \in set (fst (backtrack-split l)) \Longrightarrow \neg is-marked a
 by (induct l rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked:
  snd\ (backtrack-split\ l) \neq [] \implies is-marked\ (hd\ (snd\ (backtrack-split\ l)))
 by (induct l rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma backtrack-split-list-eq[simp]:
 fst\ (backtrack-split\ l)\ @\ (snd\ (backtrack-split\ l)) = l
 by (induct l rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma backtrack-snd-empty-not-marked:
  backtrack-split M = (M'', []) \Longrightarrow \forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l
 by (metis append-Nil2 backtrack-split-fst-not-marked backtrack-split-list-eq snd-conv)
lemma backtrack-split-some-is-marked-then-snd-has-hd:
  \exists l \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ l \Longrightarrow \exists M' \ L' \ M''. \ backtrack\text{-split} \ M = (M'', L' \# M')
 by (metis backtrack-snd-empty-not-marked list.exhaust prod.collapse)
```

Another characterisation of the result of *backtrack-split*. This view allows some simpler proofs, since *takeWhile* and *dropWhile* are highly automated:

```
lemma backtrack-split-takeWhile-dropWhile:
backtrack-split M = (takeWhile (Not \ o \ is-marked) \ M, \ dropWhile (Not \ o \ is-marked) \ M)
by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
```

14.3 Decomposition with respect to the First Marked Literals

In this section we define a function that returns a decomposition with the first marked literal. This function is useful to define the backtracking of DPLL.

14.3.1 Definition

The pattern get-all-marked-decomposition [] = [([], [])] is necessary otherwise, we can call the hd function in the other pattern.

```
fun get-all-marked-decomposition :: ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits 

⇒ (('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits × ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lits) list where 

get-all-marked-decomposition (Marked L l # Ls) = 

(Marked L l # Ls, []) # get-all-marked-decomposition Ls | 

get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated L P# Ls) = 

(apsnd ((op #) (Propagated L P)) (hd (get-all-marked-decomposition Ls))) 

# tl (get-all-marked-decomposition Ls) | 

get-all-marked-decomposition [] = [([], [])] 

value get-all-marked-decomposition [Propagated A5 B5, Marked C4 D4, Propagated A3 B3, 

Propagated A2 B2, Marked C1 D1, Propagated A0 B0]
```

Now we can prove several simple properties about the function.

lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty[iff]:

```
get-all-marked-decomposition M = [] \longleftrightarrow False
 by (induct M, simp) (rename-tac a xs, case-tac a, auto)
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty-sym[iff]:
  [] = get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M \longleftrightarrow False
 using get-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty[of M] by presburger
{f lemma}\ get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp:
 hd (get-all-marked-decomposition S) = (a, c) \Longrightarrow S = c @ a
proof (induct S arbitrary: a c)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons \ x \ A)
 then show ?case by (cases x; cases hd (qet-all-marked-decomposition A)) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ qet-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split:
  backtrack-split\ S = (M, M') \longleftrightarrow hd\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ S) = (M', M)
proof (induction S arbitrary: M M')
 case Nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (Cons\ a\ S)
 then show ?case using backtrack-split-takeWhile-dropWhile by (cases a) force+
ged
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-nil-backtrack-split-snd-nil}:
  get-all-marked-decomposition S = [([], A)] \Longrightarrow snd (backtrack-split S) = []
 by (simp add: get-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split sndI)
This functions says that the first element is either empty or starts with a marked element of
the list.
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-length-1-fst-empty-or-length-1}:
 assumes get-all-marked-decomposition M = (a, b) \# []
 shows a = [] \lor (length \ a = 1 \land is\text{-marked} \ (hd \ a) \land hd \ a \in set \ M)
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil then show ?case by simp
 case (marked\ L\ mark\ M)
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (proped\ L\ mark\ M)
 then show ?case by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) force+
qed
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-fst-empty-or-hd-in-M}:
 assumes get-all-marked-decomposition M = (a, b) \# l
 shows a = [] \lor (is\text{-marked } (hd \ a) \land hd \ a \in set \ M)
  using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
  \mathbf{b}\mathbf{v} (metis UnCI backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked qet-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split
   get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp hd-in-set list.sel(1) set-append snd-conv)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-not-marked} :
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and L \in set b
 shows \neg is-marked L
 using assms apply (induct M arbitrary: a b rule: marked-lit-list-induct, simp)
 by (rename-tac L' l xs a b, case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition xs; fastforce)+
{f lemma}\ tl-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some:
 assumes x \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition M1))
 shows x \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ M1)))
 using assms
 by (induct M0 rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
    (auto\ simp\ add:\ list.set-sel(2))
lemma\ hd-qet-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some:
 assumes (x, y) = hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M1)
 shows (x, y) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ Marked K i # M1))
 using assms
proof (induction M0 rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (marked\ L\ m\ M0)
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (proped L C M0) note xy = this(1)[OF\ this(2-)] and hd = this(2)
 then show ?case
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (M0 @ Marked K i \# M1))
      (auto dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp
        arg-cong[of get-all-marked-decomposition - - hd])
qed
{\bf lemma}\ in-get-all-marked-decomposition-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-prepend:
 (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M') \Longrightarrow
   \exists b'. (a, b' @ b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M @ M'))
 apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply (metis append-Nil)
  apply auto
 by (rename-tac L' m xs, case-tac qet-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ M')) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ get-all-marked-decomposition-remove-unmarked-length:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 shows length (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ M''))
= length (get-all-marked-decomposition M'')
 using assms by (induct M' arbitrary: M'' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-not-is-marked-length}:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
 shows 1 + length (qet-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated <math>(-L) P \# M))
= length \ (\textit{get-all-marked-decomposition} \ (\textit{M'} \ @ \ \textit{Marked} \ \textit{L} \ \textit{l} \ \# \ \textit{M}))
using assms get-all-marked-decomposition-remove-unmarked-length by fastforce
lemma qet-all-marked-decomposition-last-choice:
 assumes tl \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ l \ \# \ M)) \neq []
 and \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
```

```
and hd (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ Marked L l \# M))) = (M0', M0)
 shows hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated (-L) P \# M)) = (M0', Propagated (-L) P \#
  using assms by (induct M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-except-last-choice-equal:
 assumes \forall l \in set M'. \neg is\text{-}marked l
 shows tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated (-L) P \# M))
= tl \ (tl \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ l \ \# \ M)))
 using assms by (induct M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-all-marked-decomposition-hd-hd:
 assumes get-all-marked-decomposition Ls = (M, C) \# (M0, M0') \# l
 shows tl\ M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-}marked\ (hd\ M)
 using assms
proof (induct Ls arbitrary: M C M0 M0' l)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons a Ls M C M0 M0' l) note IH = this(1) and g = this(2)
  { fix L level
   assume a: a = Marked L level
   have Ls = M0' @ M0
     using g a by (force intro: get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp)
   then have tl M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-marked } (hd M) using g \ a \ by \ auto
  }
 moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ L \ P
   assume a: a = Propagated L P
   have tl\ M = M0' @ M0 \land is\text{-}marked\ (hd\ M)
     using IH Cons.prems unfolding a by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition Ls) auto
 ultimately show ?case by (cases a) auto
qed
lemma qet-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[dest]:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (qet\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} M)
 shows \exists c. M = c @ b @ a
 \mathbf{using}\ assms\ \mathbf{apply}\ (\mathit{induct}\ \mathit{M}\ \mathit{rule} \text{:}\ \mathit{marked-lit-list-induct})
   apply simp
  by (rename-tac L' m xs, case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition xs;
   auto dest!: arg-cong[of get-all-marked-decomposition - - hd]
     get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp)+
\mathbf{lemma}\ get-all-marked-decomposition-incl:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows set b \subseteq set M and set a \subseteq set M
 using assms get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend by fastforce+
lemma qet-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend':
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 obtains c where M = c @ b @ a
 \mathbf{using} \ assms \ \mathbf{apply} \ (induct \ M \ rule: \ marked\text{-}lit\text{-}list\text{-}induct)
   apply auto[1]
 by (rename-tac L' m xs, case-tac hd (get-all-marked-decomposition xs),
```

```
auto dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp simp add: <math>list.set-sel(2))+
\mathbf{lemma}\ union\text{-}in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}is\text{-}subset}:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows set \ a \cup set \ b \subseteq set \ M
 using assms by force
{\bf lemma}\ \textit{Marked-cons-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked-cons}:
  \exists M1\ M2.\ (Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (c\ @\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ c'))
 apply (induction c rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
 apply (rename-tac\ L\ m\ xs,
     case-tac hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ Marked K i \# c')))
 apply (case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ Marked K i \# c'))
 by auto
           Entailment of the Propagated by the Marked Literal
14.3.2
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-union}:
 set M = \bigcup (set 'snd 'set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)) \cup \{L \mid L. is-marked L \land L \in set M\}
 (is ?M M = ?U M \cup ?Ls M)
proof (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked\ L\ l\ M) note IH=this(1)
 then have Marked L \ l \in ?Ls \ (Marked \ L \ l \ \#M) by auto
 moreover have ?U (Marked L l\#M) = ?U M by auto
 moreover have ?MM = ?UM \cup ?Ls\ M using IH by auto
 ultimately show ?case by auto
next
 case (proped\ L\ m\ M)
 then show ?case by (cases (get-all-marked-decomposition M)) auto
qed
definition all-decomposition-implies :: 'a literal multiset set
 \Rightarrow (('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list \times ('a, 'l, 'm) marked-lit list) list \Rightarrow bool where
all-decomposition-implies N S \longleftrightarrow (\forall (Ls, seen) \in set S. unmark-l Ls \cup N \models ps unmark-l seen)
lemma all-decomposition-implies-empty[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N \parallel \mathbf{unfolding}  all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-single[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies\ N\ [(Ls,\ seen)] \longleftrightarrow unmark-l\ Ls \cup N \models ps\ unmark-l\ seen
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-append[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N (S @ S')
   \longleftrightarrow (all-decomposition-implies N S \land all-decomposition-implies N S')
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-cons-pair[iff]:
  all-decomposition-implies N ((Ls, seen) \# S')
   \longleftrightarrow (all-decomposition-implies N [(Ls, seen)] \land all-decomposition-implies N S')
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
```

```
lemma all-decomposition-implies-cons-single[iff]:
 all-decomposition-implies N \ (l \# S') \longleftrightarrow
   (unmark-l (fst l) \cup N \models ps unmark-l (snd l) \land
     all-decomposition-implies NS')
 unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
lemma all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied:
 assumes all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
   \models ps \ unmark \ ( \bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ M))
using assms
proof (induct length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) arbitrary: M)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and length = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
 consider
     (le1) length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) \leq 1
   |(gt1)| length (get-all-marked-decomposition M) > 1
   by arith
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case le1
     then obtain a b where g: get-all-marked-decomposition M = (a, b) \# []
      by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) auto
     moreover {
      assume a = \lceil
      then have ?thesis using Suc.prems g by auto
     moreover {
      assume l: length a = 1 and m: is-marked (hd a) and hd: hd a \in set M
      then have unmark\ (hd\ a) \in \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} by auto
      then have H: unmark-l \ a \cup N \subseteq N \cup \{unmark \ L \ | L. \ is-marked \ L \land L \in set \ M\}
        using l by (cases a) auto
      have f1: unmark-l \ a \cup N \models ps \ unmark-l \ b
        using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def q by simp
        apply (rule true-clss-clss-subset) using f1 H g by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis
      using qet-all-marked-decomposition-length-1-fst-empty-or-length-1 by blast
   next
     case gt1
     then obtain Ls\theta \ seen\theta \ M' where
       Ls0: get-all-marked-decomposition M = (Ls0, seen0) \# get-all-marked-decomposition M' and
      length': length (get-all-marked-decomposition M') = n and
      M'-in-M: set M' \subseteq set M
      using length by (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp: subset-insertI2)
     let ?d = [ ](set `snd `set (get-all-marked-decomposition M') ]
     let ?unM = \{unmark \ L \mid L. \ is\text{-marked} \ L \land L \in set \ M\}
     let ?unM' = \{unmark \ L \mid L. \ is\text{-marked} \ L \land L \in set \ M'\}
      assume n = 0
      then have get-all-marked-decomposition M' = [] using length' by auto
      then have ?thesis using Suc.prems unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def Ls0 by auto
```

```
moreover {
   assume n: n > 0
   then obtain Ls1 seen1 l where
     Ls1: get-all-marked-decomposition M' = (Ls1, seen1) \# l
     using length' by (induct M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
   have all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M')
     using decomp unfolding Ls0 by auto
   then have N: N \cup ?unM' \models ps \ unmark-s ?d
     using IH length' by auto
   have l: N \cup ?unM' \subseteq N \cup ?unM
     using M'-in-M by auto
   from true-clss-subset[OF this N]
   have \Psi N: N \cup ?unM \models ps \ unmark-s ?d by auto
   have is-marked (hd Ls0) and LS: tl Ls0 = seen1 @ Ls1
     using get-all-marked-decomposition-hd-hd[of M] unfolding Ls0 Ls1 by auto
   have LSM: seen 1 @ Ls1 = M' using qet-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of M'] Ls1 by auto
   have M': set M' = ?d \cup \{L \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in \text{set } M'\}
     using get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-union by auto
   {
     assume Ls0 \neq [
     then have hd Ls\theta \in set M
       using get-all-marked-decomposition-fst-empty-or-hd-in-M Ls0 by blast
     then have N \cup ?unM \models p \ unmark \ (hd \ Ls\theta)
       using \langle is\text{-}marked \ (hd \ Ls\theta) \rangle by (metis \ (mono\text{-}tags, \ lifting) \ UnCI \ mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq
         true-clss-cls-in)
   } note hd-Ls\theta = this
   have l: unmark ' (?d \cup \{L \mid L. is-marked L \land L \in set M'\}) = unmark-s ?d \cup ?unM'
   have N \cup ?unM' \models ps \ unmark \ (?d \cup \{L \mid L. \ is\text{-marked} \ L \land L \in set \ M'\})
     unfolding l using N by (auto simp: all-in-true-clss-clss)
   then have t: N \cup ?unM' \models ps \ unmark-l \ (tl \ Ls\theta)
     using M' unfolding LS LSM by auto
   then have N \cup ?unM \models ps \ unmark-l \ (tl \ Ls\theta)
     using M'-in-M true-clss-clss-subset [OF - t, of N \cup ?unM] by auto
   then have N \cup ?unM \models ps \ unmark-l \ Ls0
     using hd-Ls\theta by (cases Ls\theta) auto
   moreover have unmark-l Ls\theta \cup N \models ps unmark-l seen\theta
     using decomp unfolding Ls\theta by simp
   moreover have \bigwedge M Ma. (M::'a \ literal \ multiset \ set) \cup Ma \models ps \ M
     by (simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss)
   ultimately have \Psi: N \cup ?unM \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen 0
     by (meson true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
   moreover have unmark ' (set\ seen 0 \cup ?d) = unmark-l\ seen 0 \cup unmark-s\ ?d
     by auto
   ultimately have ?thesis using \Psi N unfolding Ls0 by simp
 ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
```

}

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}propagated\text{-}lits\text{-}are\text{-}implied:}
  assumes all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L \land L \in set\ M\} \models ps\ unmark\text{-}l\ M
    (is ?I \models ps ?A)
proof -
  have ?I \models ps \ unmark-s \{L \mid L. \ is-marked \ L \land L \in set \ M\}
   by (auto intro: all-in-true-clss-clss)
  moreover have ?I \models ps \ unmark \ ` \ \bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ M))
   using all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied assms by blast
  ultimately have N \cup \{unmark \ m \mid m. \ is\text{-}marked \ m \land m \in set \ M\}
    \models ps\ unmark\ `\bigcup (set\ `snd\ `set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M))
     \cup unmark '\{m \mid m. is\text{-marked } m \land m \in set M\}
     by blast
 then show ?thesis
   by (metis (no-types) get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-union[of M] image-Un)
lemma all-decomposition-implies-insert-single:
  all-decomposition-implies N M \Longrightarrow all-decomposition-implies (insert C N) M
  unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
```

14.4 Negation of Clauses

We define the negation of a 'a Partial-Clausal-Logic.clause: it converts it from the a single clause to a set of clauses, wherein each clause is a single negated literal.

```
definition CNot :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ where
CNot \psi = \{ \{\#-L\#\} \mid L. \ L \in \# \psi \}
lemma in-CNot-uminus[iff]:
 shows \{\#L\#\} \in CNot \ \psi \longleftrightarrow -L \in \# \ \psi
 unfolding CNot-def by force
lemma
 shows
    CNot\text{-}singleton[simp]: CNot \{\#L\#\} = \{\{\#-L\#\}\} \text{ and }
    CNot\text{-}empty[simp]: CNot \{\#\} = \{\}  and
    CNot-plus[simp]: CNot (A + B) = CNot A \cup CNot B
 unfolding CNot-def by auto
lemma CNot-eq-empty[iff]:
  CNot D = \{\} \longleftrightarrow D = \{\#\}
  unfolding CNot-def by (auto simp add: multiset-eqI)
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}CNot\text{-}implies\text{-}uminus:
 assumes L \in \# D and M \models as CNot D
 shows M \models a \{\#-L\#\} \text{ and } -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
 using assms by (auto simp: true-annots-def true-annot-def CNot-def)
lemma CNot\text{-}remdups\text{-}mset[simp]:
  CNot (remdups-mset A) = CNot A
 unfolding CNot-def by auto
lemma Ball-CNot-Ball-mset[simp]:
```

```
(\forall x \in CNot \ D. \ P \ x) \longleftrightarrow (\forall L \in \# \ D. \ P \ \{\#-L\#\})
 unfolding CNot-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ consistent	ext{-}CNot	ext{-}not:
  assumes consistent-interp I
  shows I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi \Longrightarrow \neg I \models \varphi
  using assms unfolding consistent-interp-def true-clss-def true-cls-def by auto
lemma total-not-true-cls-true-clss-CNot:
  assumes total-over-m I \{\varphi\} and \neg I \models \varphi
  shows I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi
  using assms unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def true-clss-def true-cls-def CNot-def
   apply clarify
  by (rename-tac x L, case-tac L) (force intro: pos-lit-in-atms-of neg-lit-in-atms-of)+
lemma total-not-CNot:
 assumes total-over-m I \{\varphi\} and \neg I \models s \ CNot \ \varphi
  shows I \models \varphi
  using assms total-not-true-cls-true-clss-CNot by auto
lemma atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of[simp]:
  atms-of-ms (CNot \ C) = atms-of C
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def atms-of-def CNot-def by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma} \ true\text{-}clss\text{-}clss\text{-}contradiction\text{-}true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}false:
  C \in D \Longrightarrow D \models ps \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow D \models p \ \{\#\}
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-def
  by (metis Un-commute atms-of-empty atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of atms-of-ms-insert atms-of-ms-union
    consistent-CNot-not insert-absorb sup-bot.left-neutral true-clss-def)
lemma true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined:
 assumes M \models as \ CNot \ T \ and \ a1: \ L \in \# \ T
 shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
  by (metis\ assms\ atm-of-uninus\ image-eqI\ in-CNot-implies-uninus(1)\ true-annot-singleton)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{true-annots-CNot-all-uminus-atms-defined} :
  assumes M \models as \ CNot \ T \ and \ a1: -L \in \# \ T
  shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
 by (metis assms atm-of-uminus image-eqI in-CNot-implies-uminus(1) true-annot-singleton)
lemma true-clss-clss-false-left-right:
  assumes \{\{\#L\#\}\} \cup B \models p \{\#\}
  shows B \models ps \ CNot \ \{\#L\#\}
  unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} I
  assume
   tot: total-over-m I (B \cup CNot \{\#L\#\}) and
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   I: I \models s B
  have total-over-m I ({{\#L\#}} \cup B) using tot by auto
  then have \neg I \models s insert \{\#L\#\} B
    using assms cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def by simp
  then show I \models s \ CNot \ \{\#L\#\}
   using tot I by (cases L) auto
```

```
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ true\text{-}annots\text{-}true\text{-}cls\text{-}def\text{-}iff\text{-}negation\text{-}in\text{-}model}:
  M \models as \ CNot \ C \longleftrightarrow (\forall \ L \in \# \ C. \ -L \in lits \text{-}of \text{-}l \ M)
 unfolding CNot-def true-annots-true-cls true-clss-def by auto
lemma true-annot-CNot-diff:
  I \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow I \models as \ CNot \ (C - C')
 by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model dest: in-diffD)
lemma consistent-CNot-not-tautology:
  consistent-interp M \Longrightarrow M \models s \ CNot \ D \Longrightarrow \neg tautology \ D
 by (metis atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of consistent-CNot-not satisfiable-carac' satisfiable-def
   tautology-def total-over-m-def)
lemma atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of-ms: atms-of-ms (CNot CC) = atms-of-ms {CC}
 by simp
lemma total-over-m-CNot-toal-over-m[simp]:
  total-over-m \ I \ (CNot \ C) = total-over-set \ I \ (atms-of C)
 unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def by auto
The following lemma is very useful when in the goal appears an axioms like -L = K: this
lemma allows the simplifier to rewrite L.
lemma uminus-lit-swap: -(a::'a \ literal) = i \longleftrightarrow a = -i
 by auto
lemma true-clss-cls-plus-CNot:
 assumes
    CC-L: A \models p CC + \{\#L\#\} and
    CNot\text{-}CC: A \models ps \ CNot \ CC
 shows A \models p \{\#L\#\}
 unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def CNot-def total-over-m-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} I
 assume
   tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (A \cup \{\{\#L\#\}\})) and
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   I: I \models s A
 let ?I = I \cup \{Pos\ P | P.\ P \in atms\text{-}of\ CC \land P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\}
 have cons': consistent-interp ?I
   using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def
   by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap atms-of-def rev-image-eqI)
 have I': ?I \models s A
   using I true-clss-union-increase by blast
 have tot-CNot: total-over-m ?I (A \cup CNot CC)
   using tot atms-of-s-def by (fastforce simp: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def)
  then have tot-I-A-CC-L: total-over-m ?I (A \cup \{CC + \{\#L\#\}\})
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-atm-of by auto
  then have ?I \models CC + \#L\# using CC-L cons' I' unfolding true-clss-cls-def by blast
  moreover
   have ?I \models s \ CNot \ CC \ using \ CNot-CC \ cons' \ I' \ tot-CNot \ unfolding \ true-clss-clss-def \ by \ auto
   then have \neg A \models p \ CC
```

```
by (metis (no-types, lifting) I' atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of-ms atms-of-ms-union cons'
        consistent-CNot-not tot-CNot total-over-m-def true-clss-cls-def)
   then have \neg ?I \models CC using \langle ?I \models s \ CNot \ CC \rangle cons' consistent-CNot-not by blast
  ultimately have ?I \models \{\#L\#\} by blast
  then show I \models \{\#L\#\}
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) atms-of-ms-union cons' consistent-CNot-not tot total-not-CNot
      total-over-m-def total-over-set-union true-clss-union-increase)
qed
lemma true-annots-CNot-lit-of-notin-skip:
 assumes LM: L \# M \models as \ CNot \ A \ and \ LA: \ lit-of \ L \notin \# A \ -lit-of \ L \notin \# A
 shows M \models as \ CNot \ A
 using LM unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  \mathbf{fix} l
  assume H: \forall x. \ x \in \mathit{CNot}\ A \longrightarrow L \ \# \ M \models ax \ \text{and}\ l: l \in \mathit{CNot}\ A
 then have L \# M \models a l by auto
 then show M \models a l \text{ using } LA l \text{ by } (cases L) (auto simp: CNot-def)
 qed
lemma true-clss-clss-union-false-true-clss-clss-cnot:
  A \cup \{B\} \models ps \{\{\#\}\} \longleftrightarrow A \models ps \ CNot \ B
  using total-not-CNot consistent-CNot-not unfolding total-over-m-def true-clss-clss-def
  by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true-annot-remove-hd-if-notin-vars}:
  assumes a \# M' \models a D and atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of a) \notin atms\text{-}of D
  shows M' \models a D
  using assms true-cls-remove-hd-if-notin-vars unfolding true-annot-def by auto
{f lemma}\ true-annot-remove-if-notin-vars:
 assumes M @ M' \models a D and \forall x \in atms\text{-}of D. x \notin atm\text{-}of ``lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M"
 shows M' \models a D
  using assms by (induct M) (auto dest: true-annot-remove-hd-if-notin-vars)
lemma true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars:
  assumes M @ M' \models as D and \forall x \in atms-of-ms D. x \notin atm-of ``lits-of-l M"
  shows M' \models as D unfolding true-annots-def
  {\bf using} \ assms \ {\bf unfolding} \ true\hbox{-}annots\hbox{-}def \ atms\hbox{-}of\hbox{-}ms\hbox{-}def
  by (force dest: true-annot-remove-if-notin-vars)
lemma all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot:
  assumes
   \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{B\}. \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ A \ and \ }
   \neg A \models a B
  shows A \models as \ CNot \ B
  {\bf unfolding} \ true-annot-def \ true-annots-def \ Ball-def \ CNot-def \ true-lit-def
proof (clarify, rule ccontr)
 \mathbf{fix} \ L
  assume LB: L \in \# B and \neg lits-of-l A \models l - L
  then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ A
   using assms(1) by (simp add: atm-of-lit-in-atms-of lits-of-def)
  then have L \in lits-of-l A \vee -L \in lits-of-l A
    using atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set by metis
  then have L \in lits-of-l A using \langle \neg lits-of-l A \models l - L \rangle by auto
```

```
then show False
   using LB assms(2) unfolding true-annot-def true-lit-def true-cls-def Bex-def
qed
lemma CNot-union-mset[simp]:
  CNot (A \# \cup B) = CNot A \cup CNot B
 unfolding CNot-def by auto
14.5
         Other
abbreviation no-dup L \equiv distinct \ (map \ (\lambda l. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ l)) \ L)
lemma no-dup-rev[simp]:
  no\text{-}dup \ (rev \ M) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}dup \ M
 by (auto simp: rev-map[symmetric])
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}dup\text{-}length\text{-}eq\text{-}card\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}l:
 assumes no-dup M
 shows length M = card (atm-of 'lits-of-l M)
 using assms unfolding lits-of-def by (induct M) (auto simp add: image-image)
lemma distinct-consistent-interp:
  no-dup M \Longrightarrow consistent-interp (lits-of-l M)
proof (induct M)
 {\bf case}\ {\it Nil}
 show ?case by auto
next
 case (Cons\ L\ M)
 then have a1: consistent-interp (lits-of-l M) by auto
 have a2: atm-of (lit-of L) \notin (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) 'set M using Cons.prems by auto
 have undefined-lit M (lit-of L)
   using a2 unfolding defined-lit-map by fastforce
 then show ?case
   using a1 by simp
qed
{f lemma}\ distinct-get-all-marked-decomposition-no-dup:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and no-dup\ M
 shows no-dup (a @ b)
 using assms by force
lemma true-annots-lit-of-notin-skip:
 assumes L \# M \models as CNot A
 and -lit-of L \notin \# A
 and no-dup (L \# M)
 shows M \models as \ CNot \ A
proof -
 have \forall l \in \# A. -l \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (L \# M)
   using assms(1) in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
 moreover
   have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \notin atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
     using assms(3) unfolding lits-of-def by force
   then have - lit-of L \notin lits-of-l M unfolding lits-of-def
     by (metis (no-types) atm-of-uminus imageI)
```

```
ultimately have \forall l \in \# A. -l \in lits-of-l M using assms(2) by (metis\ insert-iff list.simps(15)\ lits-of-insert uminus-of-uminus-id) then show ?thesis by (auto\ simp\ add:\ true-annots-def) qed
```

14.6 Extending Entailments to multisets

We have defined previous entailment with respect to sets, but we also need a multiset version depending on the context. The conversion is simple using the function *set-mset* (in this direction, there is no loss of information).

```
abbreviation true-annots-mset (infix \models asm 50) where
I \models asm \ C \equiv I \models as \ (set\text{-}mset \ C)
abbreviation true-clss-clss-m:: 'v clause multiset \Rightarrow 'v clause multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix \models psm 50)
I \models psm \ C \equiv set\text{-}mset \ I \models ps \ (set\text{-}mset \ C)
Analog of [?N \models ps ?B; ?A \subseteq ?B] \implies ?N \models ps ?A
lemma true\text{-}clss\text{-}clssm\text{-}subsetE: N \models psm\ B \Longrightarrow A \subseteq \#\ B \Longrightarrow N \models psm\ A
  using set-mset-mono true-clss-clss-subsetE by blast
abbreviation true-clss-cls-m:: 'a clause multiset \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool (infix \models pm \ 50) where
I \models pm \ C \equiv set\text{-}mset \ I \models p \ C
abbreviation distinct-mset-mset :: 'a multiset multiset \Rightarrow bool where
distinct-mset-mset \Sigma \equiv distinct-mset-set (set-mset \Sigma)
abbreviation all-decomposition-implies-m where
all-decomposition-implies-m A B \equiv all-decomposition-implies (set-mset A) B
abbreviation atms-of-mm :: 'a literal multiset multiset \Rightarrow 'a set where
atms-of-mm U \equiv atms-of-ms (set-mset U)
Other definition using Union-mset
lemma atms-of-mm U \equiv set\text{-mset} \ (\bigcup \# image\text{-mset} \ (image\text{-mset} \ atm\text{-}of) \ U)
  \mathbf{unfolding} \ atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\text{-}def \ \mathbf{by} \ (auto \ simp: \ atms\text{-}of\text{-}def)
abbreviation true-clss-m:: 'a interp \Rightarrow 'a clause multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix \modelssm 50) where
I \models sm \ C \equiv I \models s \ set\text{-mset} \ C
abbreviation true-clss-ext-m (infix \models sextm 49) where
I \models sextm \ C \equiv I \models sext \ set\text{-mset} \ C
\quad \mathbf{end} \quad
theory CDCL-Abstract-Clause-Representation
imports Main Partial-Clausal-Logic
begin
type-synonym 'v clause = 'v literal multiset
type-synonym 'v clauses = 'v clause multiset
```

14.7 Abstract Clause Representation

We will abstract the representation of clause and clauses via two locales. We expect our representation to behave like multiset, but the internal representation can be done using list or whatever other representation.

We assume the following:

• there is an equivalent to adding and removing a literal and to taking the union of clauses.

```
locale raw-cls =
 fixes
   mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
   insert\text{-}cls:: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
   remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls
 assumes
   insert-cls[simp]: mset-cls \ (insert-cls \ L \ C) = mset-cls \ C + \{\#L\#\} \ and
   remove-lit[simp]: mset-cls (remove-lit L C) = remove1-mset L (mset-cls C)
begin
end
locale raw-ccls-union =
 fixes
   mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
   union\text{-}cls:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \text{ and }
   insert\text{-}cls:: 'v\ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls\ \mathbf{and}
   remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls
 assumes
   insert-ccls[simp]: mset-cls \ (insert-cls \ L \ C) = mset-cls \ C + \{\#L\#\} \ and
   mset-ccls-union-cls[simp]: mset-cls (union-cls C D) = mset-cls C #\cup mset-cls D and
   remove-clit[simp]: mset-cls (remove-lit L C) = remove1-mset L (mset-cls C)
begin
\mathbf{end}
Instantiation of the previous locale, in an unnamed context to avoid polluating with simp rules
context
begin
 interpretation list-cls: raw-cls mset
   op # remove1
   by unfold-locales (auto simp: union-mset-list ex-mset)
 interpretation cls-cls: raw-cls id
   \lambda L \ C. \ C + \{\#L\#\} \ remove 1\text{-mset}
   by unfold-locales (auto simp: union-mset-list)
 interpretation list-cls: raw-ccls-union mset
   union-mset-list
   op # remove1
   by unfold-locales (auto simp: union-mset-list ex-mset)
 interpretation cls-cls: raw-ccls-union id
    op \# \cup \lambda L C. C + \{\#L\#\} remove1-mset
   by unfold-locales (auto simp: union-mset-list)
end
```

Over the abstract clauses, we have the following properties:

- We can insert a clause
- We can take the union (used only in proofs for the definition of *clauses*)
- there is an operator indicating whether the abstract clause is contained or not
- if a concrete clause is contained the abstract clauses, then there is an abstract clause

```
locale raw-clss =
  raw-cls mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls +
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss
  assumes
    insert-clss[simp]: mset-clss (insert-clss L C) = mset-clss C + \{\#mset-cls L\#\} and
    union-clss[simp]: mset-clss (union-clss C D) = mset-clss C + mset-clss D and
    mset-clss-union-clss[simp]: mset-clss (insert-clss C'D) = {\#mset-cls C'\#} + mset-clss D and
    in\text{-}clss\text{-}mset\text{-}clss[dest]: in\text{-}clss\ a\ C \Longrightarrow mset\text{-}cls\ a \in \#\ mset\text{-}clss\ C and
    in\text{-}mset\text{-}clss\text{-}exists\text{-}preimage:}\ b \in \#\ mset\text{-}clss\ C \Longrightarrow \exists\ b'.\ in\text{-}clss\ b'\ C \land mset\text{-}cls\ b'=b\ \mathbf{and}
    remove-from-clss-mset-clss[simp]:
      mset-clss\ (remove-from-clss\ a\ C) = mset-clss\ C - \{\#mset-cls\ a\#\} and
    in-clss-union-clss[simp]:
      in\text{-}clss\ a\ (union\text{-}clss\ C\ D)\longleftrightarrow in\text{-}clss\ a\ C\ \lor\ in\text{-}clss\ a\ D
begin
end
experiment
begin
  fun remove-first where
  remove-first - [] = [] |
  remove-first C (C' \# L) = (if mset C = mset C' then L else C' \# remove-first C L)
 lemma mset-map-mset-remove-first:
    mset\ (map\ mset\ (remove-first\ a\ C)) = remove1-mset\ (mset\ a)\ (mset\ (map\ mset\ C))
    by (induction C) (auto simp: ac-simps remove1-mset-single-add)
  interpretation clss-clss: raw-clss id \lambda L C. C + \{\#L\#\} remove1-mset
    id\ op + op \in \# \lambda L\ C.\ C + \{\#L\#\}\ remove 1\text{-}mset
    by unfold-locales (auto simp: ac-simps)
 interpretation list-clss: raw-clss mset
    op # remove1 \lambda L. mset (map mset L) op @ \lambda L C. L \in set C op #
    remove-first
    by unfold-locales (auto simp: ac-simps union-mset-list mset-map-mset-remove-first ex-mset)
end
end
theory CDCL-WNOT-Measure
```

15 Measure

This measure show the termination of the core of CDCL: each step improves the number of literals we know for sure.

This measure can also be seen as the increasing lexicographic order: it is an order on bounded sequences, when each element is bounded. The proof involves a measure like the one defined here (the same?).

```
definition \mu_C :: nat \Rightarrow nat \ list \Rightarrow nat \ where
\mu_C \ s \ b \ M \equiv (\sum i=0..< length \ M. \ M!i * b^ (s+i-length \ M))
lemma \mu_C-nil[simp]:
 \mu_C \ s \ b \ [] = \theta
 unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
lemma \mu_C-single[simp]:
  \mu_C \ s \ b \ [L] = L * b \ \widehat{} \ (s - Suc \ \theta)
 unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
{\bf lemma}\ set\text{-}sum\text{-}atLeastLessThan\text{-}add;
  (\sum i = k.. < k + (b::nat). \ f \ i) = (\sum i = 0.. < b. \ f \ (k+i))
  by (induction b) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ set\text{-}sum\text{-}atLeastLessThan\text{-}Suc:
  (\sum i=1...<Suc\ j.\ f\ i)=(\sum i=0...<j.\ f\ (Suc\ i))
  using set-sum-atLeastLessThan-add[of - 1 j] by force
lemma \mu_C-cons:
 \mu_C \ s \ b \ (L \# M) = L * b \ (s - 1 - length M) + \mu_C \ s \ b \ M
proof -
  have \mu_C \ s \ b \ (L \# M) = (\sum i = 0.. < length \ (L \# M). \ (L \# M)! \ i * b \ (s + i - length \ (L \# M)))
   unfolding \mu_C-def by blast
  also have ... = (\sum i=0..<1. (L\#M)!i*b^(s+i-length (L\#M)))
                + (\sum_{i=1}^{n} i=1..< length (L\#M). (L\#M)!i * b^ (s+i - length (L\#M)))
    by (rule setsum-add-nat-ivl[symmetric]) simp-all
 finally have \mu_C s b (L \# M) = L * b ^ (s - 1 - length M)
                 + (\sum i=1... < length (L\#M). (L\#M)!i * b^ (s+i-length (L\#M)))
    by auto
  moreover {
   have (\sum i=1..< length\ (L\#M).\ (L\#M)!i*b^(s+i-length\ (L\#M))) = (\sum i=0..< length\ (M).\ (L\#M)!(Suc\ i)*b^(s+(Suc\ i)-length\ (L\#M)))
    {\bf unfolding} \ length\hbox{-}Cons \ set\hbox{-}sum\hbox{-}atLeastLessThan\hbox{-}Suc \ {\bf by} \ blast
   also have ... = (\sum i=0.. < length(M). M!i * b^(s+i-length(M)))
   finally have (\sum i=1...< length\ (L\#M).\ (L\#M)!i*b^(s+i-length\ (L\#M)))=\mu_C\ s\ b\ M
     unfolding \mu_C-def.
  ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
lemma \mu_C-append:
 assumes s \ge length (M@M')
```

```
shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ (M@M') = \mu_C \ (s - length \ M') \ b \ M + \mu_C \ s \ b \ M'
proof -
 have \mu_C \ s \ b \ (M@M') = (\sum i = 0... < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
   unfolding \mu_C-def by blast
 moreover then have ... = (\sum i=0.. < length M. (M@M')!i * b^ (s+i - length (M@M')))
              + (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
   by (auto intro!: setsum-add-nat-ivl[symmetric])
 moreover
   have \forall i \in \{0.. < length M\}. (M@M')!i * b^{(s+i-length (M@M'))} = M!i * b^{(s-length M')}
     +i-length M
     using \langle s \geq length \ (M@M') \rangle by (auto simp add: nth-append ac-simps)
    then have \mu_C (s - length M') b M = (\sum i=0..< length M. (M@M')!i * b^ (s +i - length
(M@M'))
     unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
 ultimately have \mu_C s b (M@M') = \mu_C (s - length M') b M
               + (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M')))
    by auto
 moreover {
   have (\sum i = length \ M.. < length \ (M@M'). \ (M@M')!i * b^ (s + i - length \ (M@M'))) =
         (\sum i=0..< length\ M'.\ M'!i*b^(s+i-length\ M'))
    unfolding length-append set-sum-atLeastLessThan-add by auto
   then have (\sum i=length\ M... < length\ (M@M').\ (M@M')!i*b^ (s+i-length\ (M@M'))) = \mu_C\ s\ b
M'
     unfolding \mu_C-def.
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
qed
lemma \mu_C-cons-non-empty-inf:
 assumes M-ge-1: \forall i \in set M. i \geq 1 and M: M \neq []
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \ge b \ \widehat{} \ (s - length \ M)
 using assms by (cases M) (auto simp: mult-eq-if \mu_C-cons)
Copy of ~~/src/HOL/ex/NatSum.thy (but generalized to 0 \le k)
lemma sum-of-powers: 0 \le k \Longrightarrow (k-1) * (\sum_{i=0}^{n} i=0... < n. \ k^i) = k^n - (1::nat)
 apply (cases k = \theta)
   apply (cases n; simp)
 by (induct n) (auto simp: Nat.nat-distrib)
In the degenerated cases, we only have the large inequality holds. In the other cases, the
following strict inequality holds:
lemma \mu_C-bounded-non-degenerated:
 fixes b :: nat
 assumes
   b > \theta and
   M \neq \lceil \rceil and
   M-le: \forall i < length M. M!i < b and
   s \geq length M
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M < b \hat{s}
proof -
 consider (b1) b=1 | (b) b>1 using (b>0) by (cases\ b) auto
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case b1
     then have \forall i < length M. M!i = 0 using M-le by auto
```

```
then have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M = \theta unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
     then show ?thesis using \langle b > \theta \rangle by auto
   next
     case b
     have \forall i \in \{0..< length M\}. M!i * b^(s+i-length M) \leq (b-1) * b^(s+i-length M)
       using M-le \langle b > 1 \rangle by auto
     then have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le \ (\sum i=0... < length \ M. \ (b-1) * b^ (s+i-length \ M))
        using \langle M \neq [] \rangle \langle b > 0 \rangle unfolding \mu_C-def by (auto intro: setsum-mono)
     also
      have \forall i \in \{0.. < length M\}. (b-1) * b^{(s+i-length M)} = (b-1) * b^{(i)} * b^{(s-length M)}
         by (metis Nat.add-diff-assoc2 add.commute assms(4) mult.assoc power-add)
       then have (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ (b-1)*b^ (s+i-length\ M))
         = (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ (b-1)*\ b^i*\ b^i*\ b^i< length\ M))
         by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
     also have ... = (\sum i=0.. < length \ M. \ b^i) * b^k = length \ M) * (b-1)
        \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \mathit{setsum-left-distrib}\ \mathit{setsum-right-distrib}\ \mathit{ac\text{-}simps})
     finally have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le (\sum i=0... < length \ M. \ b^i) * (b-1) * b^i(s - length \ M)
       by (simp add: ac-simps)
     also
       have (\sum i=0..< length\ M.\ b^i)*(b-1) = b^i(length\ M) - 1
         using sum-of-powers[of b length M] \langle b > 1 \rangle
         by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
     finally have \mu_C \ s \ b \ M \le (b \ \widehat{\ } (length \ M) - 1) * b \ \widehat{\ } (s - length \ M)
       by auto
     also have ... < b \cap (length M) * b \cap (s - length M)
       using \langle b > 1 \rangle by auto
     also have ... = b \hat{s}
       by (metis assms(4) le-add-diff-inverse power-add)
     finally show ?thesis unfolding \mu_C-def by (auto simp add: ac-simps)
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
In the degenerate case b = (\theta::'a), the list M is empty (since the list cannot contain any
element).
lemma \mu_C-bounded:
 fixes b :: nat
 assumes
   M-le: \forall i < length M. M!i < b and
   s \geq length M
   b > 0
 shows \mu_C \ s \ b \ M < b \ \hat{s}
proof -
  consider (M\theta) M = [] | (M) b > \theta and M \neq []
   using M-le by (cases b, cases M) auto
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case M0
     then show ?thesis using M-le \langle b > 0 \rangle by auto
   next
     case M
     show ?thesis using \mu_C-bounded-non-degenerated [OF M assms(1,2)] by arith
   qed
qed
When b = 0, we cannot show that the measure is empty, since 0^0 = 1.
```

```
lemma \mu_C-base-\theta:
        assumes length M \leq s
        shows \mu_C \ s \ \theta \ M \leq M! \theta
proof -
                  assume s = length M
                  moreover {
                            \mathbf{fix} \ n
                            have (\sum i=\theta...< n.\ M ! i * (\theta::nat) \hat{i}) \leq M ! \theta
                                    apply (induction n rule: nat-induct)
                                    by simp (rename-tac n, case-tac n, auto)
                  }
                  ultimately have ?thesis unfolding \mu_C-def by auto
        moreover
          {
                  assume length M < s
                  then have \mu_C \circ \theta M = \theta unfolding \mu_C-def by auto}
         ultimately show ?thesis using assms unfolding \mu_C-def by linarith
qed
lemma finite-bounded-pair-list:
         fixes b :: nat
        shows finite \{(ys, xs). length xs < s \land length ys < s \land \}
                  (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \mid i < b) \land (\forall i < length \ ys. \ ys \mid i < b))
proof -
         have H: \{(ys, xs). \ length \ xs < s \land \ length \ ys < s \land \}
                  (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \mid i < b) \land (\forall i < length \ ys. \ ys \mid i < b))
                   \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\} \times \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < s \land (
                  \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < b)\}
                  by auto
         moreover have finite \{xs. \ length \ xs < s \land (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \mid i < b)\}
                  by (rule finite-bounded-list)
        ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp: finite-subset)
qed
definition \nu NOT :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow (nat \ list \times nat \ list) \ set \ \mathbf{where}
\nu NOT \ s \ base = \{(ys, xs). \ length \ xs < s \land length \ ys < s \land \}
         (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \ ! \ i < base) \land (\forall i < length \ ys. \ ys \ ! \ i < base) \land
         (ys, xs) \in lenlex less-than
lemma finite-\nu NOT[simp]:
        finite\ (\nu NOT\ s\ base)
proof -
        have \nu NOT \ s \ base \subseteq \{(ys, xs). \ length \ xs < s \land length \ ys < s \land s \land l
                  (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \mid i < base) \land (\forall i < length \ ys. \ ys \mid i < base)\}
                  by (auto simp: \nu NOT-def)
        moreover have finite \{(ys, xs). length xs < s \land length ys 
                  (\forall i < length \ xs. \ xs \mid i < base) \land (\forall i < length \ ys. \ ys \mid i < base)\}
                            by (rule finite-bounded-pair-list)
         ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp: finite-subset)
qed
lemma acyclic-\nu NOT: acyclic (\nu NOT \ s \ base)
```

```
apply (rule acyclic-subset[of lenlex less-than \nu NOT s base])
apply (rule wf-acyclic)
by (auto simp: \nu NOT-def)

lemma wf-\nu NOT: wf (\nu NOT s base)
by (rule finite-acyclic-wf) (auto simp: acyclic-\nu NOT)

end
theory CDCL-NOT
imports CDCL-Abstract-Clause-Representation List-More Wellfounded-More CDCL-WNOT-Measure
Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic
begin
```

16 NOT's CDCL

16.1 Auxiliary Lemmas and Measure

We define here some more simplification rules, or rules that have been useful as help for some tactic

```
lemma no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus:
    no-dup M \Longrightarrow - lit-of xa = lit-of x \Longrightarrow x \in set M \Longrightarrow xa \notin set M
    by (metis atm-of-uminus distinct-map inj-on-eq-iff uminus-not-id')

lemma atms-of-ms-single-atm-of[simp]:
    atms-of-ms {unmark L \mid L. \mid PL} = atm-of '{lit-of L \mid L. \mid PL}
    unfolding atms-of-ms-def by force

lemma atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of:
    atms-of {\# - lit-of x. \mid x \in \# A\#} = atm-of '(lit-of '(set-mset A))
    unfolding atms-of-def by (auto simp add: Fun.image-comp)

lemma atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of:
    atms-of-ms (unmark-s A) = atm-of '(lit-of 'A)
    unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
```

16.2 Initial definitions

16.2.1 The state

We define here an abstraction over operation on the state we are manipulating.

```
locale dpll-state-ops =
    raw-clss mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v clause and
    insert-cls :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v clauses and
    union-clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'from the clause is the clause is the clause in the clause in the clause is the clause in the clause in the clause in the clause is the clause in the clause in the clause is the clause in the clause i
```

```
raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
notation insert-cls (infix !++ 50)
notation in-clss (infix ! \in ! 50)
notation union-clss (infix \oplus 50)
notation insert-clss (infix !++! 50)
abbreviation clauses_{NOT} where
clauses_{NOT} S \equiv mset\text{-}clss \ (raw\text{-}clauses \ S)
end
NOT's state is basically a pair composed of the trail (i.e. the candidate model) and the set of
clauses. We abstract this state to convert this state to other states. like Weidenbach's five-tuple.
locale dpll-state =
  dpll-state-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit — related to each clause
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss — related to the clauses
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT} — related to the state
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  assumes
    trail-prepend-trail[simp]:
      \bigwedge st\ L.\ undefined\text{-}lit\ (trail\ st)\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \Longrightarrow trail\ (prepend\text{-}trail\ L\ st) = L\ \#\ trail\ st
      and
    tl-trail[simp]: trail(tl-trailS) = tl(trailS) and
    trail-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]: \land st \ C. \ no-dup \ (trail \ st) \Longrightarrow trail \ (add-cls_{NOT} \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
    trail-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]: \land st C. trail (remove-cls_{NOT} C st) = trail st and
    clauses-prepend-trail[simp]:
      \bigwedge st\ L.\ undefined\text{-}lit\ (trail\ st)\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \Longrightarrow
        clauses_{NOT} (prepend-trail L st) = clauses_{NOT} st
    clauses-tl-trail[simp]: \bigwedge st. clauses_{NOT} (tl-trail st) = clauses_{NOT} st and
    clauses-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
      \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow clauses_{NOT}\ (add\text{-}cls_{NOT}\ C\ st) = \{\#mset\text{-}cls\ C\#\} + clauses_{NOT}\ st\}
and
```

```
clauses-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
     \bigwedgest C. clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> C st) = removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> st)
begin
We define the following function doing the backtrack in the trail:
function reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS =
  (if length (trail S) = length F \vee trail S = [] then S else reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S))
by fast+
termination by (relation measure (\lambda(-, S)). length (trail S))) auto
declare reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps[simp\ del]
Then we need several lemmas about the reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.
lemma
 shows
 reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-nil[simp]: trail\ S = [] \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F\ S = S and
 reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq-length[simp]: length (trail S) = length F \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S = S
 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length-ne[simp]:
  length (trail S) \neq length F \Longrightarrow trail S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
   reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S = reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F (tl-trail S)
 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-length-le:
 assumes length F > length (trail S)
 shows trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ F \ S) = []
 using assms by (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-nil[simp]:
  trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} [] S) = []
 by (induction [] S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-nil:
  clauses_{NOT} (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} [] S) = clauses_{NOT} S
  by (induction [] S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-drop:
  trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S) =
   (if length (trail S) \ge length F
   then drop (length (trail S) – length F) (trail S)
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 apply (rename-tac\ F\ S,\ case-tac\ trail\ S)
  apply auto[]
 apply (rename-tac list, case-tac Suc (length list) > length F)
  prefer 2 apply simp
 apply (subgoal-tac Suc (length list) – length F = Suc (length list – length F))
  apply simp
 apply simp
  done
```

```
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning:
  assumes trail S = F' @ F
  shows trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> FS) = F
  using assms by (auto simp: trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-drop)
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-clauses[simp]:
  clauses_{NOT} (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = clauses_{NOT} S
  by (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma trail-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ T)
  apply (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  by (metis tl-trail reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq-length reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-length-ne reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-nil)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-add-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
    trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S)
  by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq) simp
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-trail-tl-trail-decomp[simp]:
  trail\ S = F' @ Marked\ K\ () \# F \Longrightarrow
     trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (tl-trail S)) = F
  apply (rule reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning[of - tl (F' @ Marked K () \# [])])
  by (cases F') (auto simp add:tl-append reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-skip-beginning)
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-length:
  length M = length M' \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to_{NOT} M S = reduce-trail-to_{NOT} M' S
  apply (induction M S arbitrary: rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
  by (simp\ add:\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
abbreviation trail-weight where
trail-weight\ S \equiv map\ ((\lambda l.\ 1 + length\ l)\ o\ snd)\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
As we are defining abstract states, the Isabelle equality about them is too strong: we want the
weaker equivalence stating that two states are equal if they cannot be distinguished, i.e. given
the getter trail and clauses_{NOT} do not distinguish them.
definition state\text{-}eq_{NOT}:: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool (infix \sim 50) where
S \sim T \longleftrightarrow trail \ S = trail \ T \wedge clauses_{NOT} \ S = clauses_{NOT} \ T
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-ref[simp]:
  S \sim S
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemma state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}sym:
  S \sim T \longleftrightarrow T \sim S
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-trans:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow T \sim U \Longrightarrow S \sim U
  unfolding state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def by auto
lemma
  shows
    state-eq_{NOT}-trail: S \sim T \Longrightarrow trail S = trail T and
```

```
state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}clauses: S \sim T \Longrightarrow clauses_{NOT} S = clauses_{NOT} T
  unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def by auto
lemmas state-simp_{NOT}[simp] = state-eq_{NOT}-trail state-eq_{NOT}-clauses
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-compatible:
  assumes ST: S \sim T
 shows reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S \sim reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F T
proof -
  have clauses_{NOT} (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = clauses_{NOT} (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T)
    using ST by auto
 moreover have trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T)
    using trail-eq-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq[of\ S\ T\ F]\ ST by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp del: state-simp<sub>NOT</sub> simp: state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def)
qed
end
16.2.2
            Definition of the operation
Each possible is in its own locale.
locale propagate-ops =
  dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT}::'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
    propagate\text{-}cond :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive propagate_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ where}
propagate_{NOT}[intro]: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \Longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot C
    \implies undefined-lit (trail S) L
    \implies propagate-cond (Propagated L ()) S
    \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S
    \implies propagate_{NOT} S T
inductive-cases propagate_{NOT}E[elim]: propagate_{NOT} S T
end
locale decide-ops =
```

dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit

```
mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
     mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
     union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st
inductive decide_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
decide_{NOT}[intro]: undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
  \implies T \sim \textit{prepend-trail (Marked L ()) } S
  \implies decide_{NOT} \ S \ T
inductive-cases decide_{NOT}E[elim]: decide_{NOT} S S'
locale backjumping-ops =
  dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive backjump where
trail\ S = F' @ Marked\ K\ () \#\ F
   \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S)
   \implies C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S
   \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
   \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
```

```
\implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S))

\implies clauses_{NOT} S \modelspm C' + \{\#L\#\}

\implies F \models as CNot C'

\implies backjump-conds C C' L S T

\implies backjump S T

inductive-cases backjumpE: backjump S T
```

The condition $atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm\text{-}of\ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S)$ is not implied by the condition $clauses_{NOT}\ S \models pm\ C' + \{\#L\#\}\ (no\ negation).$

end

begin

16.3 DPLL with backjumping

```
locale dpll-with-backjumping-ops =
  propagate-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
     trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds +
  decide-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ +
  backjumping-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ backjump-conds
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    backjump\text{-}conds :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    propagate\text{-}conds::('v, unit, unit) marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  assumes
       bj-can-jump:
       \bigwedge S \ C \ F' \ K \ F \ L.
         inv S \Longrightarrow
         no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
         trail\ S = F' @ Marked\ K\ () \# F \Longrightarrow
         C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \Longrightarrow
         trail S \models as CNot C \Longrightarrow
         undefined-lit F L \Longrightarrow
         atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F)) \Longrightarrow
         clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\} \Longrightarrow
         F \models as \ CNot \ C' \Longrightarrow
         \neg no\text{-step backjump } S
```

We cannot add a like condition atms-of $C' \subseteq atms-of-ms$ N to ensure that we can backjump even if the last decision variable has disappeared from the set of clauses.

The part of the condition $atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of$ ' $lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F)$ is important, otherwise you are not sure that you can backtrack.

16.3.1 Definition

```
We define dpll with backjumping:
inductive dpll-bj :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
bj-decide_{NOT}: decide_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow dpll-bj S S' |
\textit{bj-propagate}_{NOT} : \textit{propagate}_{NOT} \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow \textit{dpll-bj} \ S \ S' \mid
bj-backjump: backjump S S' \Longrightarrow dpll-bj S S'
lemmas dpll-bj-induct = dpll-bj.induct[split-format(complete)]
thm dpll-bj-induct[OF dpll-with-backjumping-ops-axioms]
lemma dpll-bj-all-induct[consumes\ 2, case-names\ decide_{NOT}\ propagate_{NOT}\ backjump]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes
    dpll-bj S T and
   inv S
   \bigwedge L T. undefined-lit (trail S) L \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of\ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
     \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Marked L ()) S
     \implies P S T  and
   \bigwedge C \ L \ T. \ C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \Longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \Longrightarrow undefined-lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
      \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S
     \implies P S T  and
   \bigwedge C \ F' \ K \ F \ L \ C' \ T. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \Longrightarrow F' @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \models as \ CNot \ C
      \implies trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F
     \implies undefined\text{-}lit\ F\ L
     \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of-l (F' @ Marked K () # F))
      \implies clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}
     \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
     \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S)
     \implies P S T
 shows P S T
  apply (induct \ T \ rule: \ dpll-bj-induct[OF \ local.dpll-with-backjumping-ops-axioms])
    apply (rule\ assms(1))
   using assms(3) apply blast
  apply (elim \ propagate_{NOT}E) using assms(4) apply blast
 apply (elim backjumpE) using assms(5) \langle inv S \rangle by simp
16.3.2
           Basic properties
First, some better suited induction principle lemma dpll-bj-clauses:
  assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
 shows clauses_{NOT} S = clauses_{NOT} T
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
No duplicates in the trail lemma dpll-bj-no-dup:
  assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail\ T)
```

using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)

(auto simp add: defined-lit-map reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-skip-beginning)

```
Valuations lemma dpll-bj-sat-iff:
 assumes dpll-bj S T and inv S
 shows I \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
Clauses lemma dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv:
  assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv S
 shows atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) = atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T)
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct) auto
lemma dpll-bj-atms-in-trail:
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)
  shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
  using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto\ simp:\ in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-skip-beginning)
lemma dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set:
 assumes dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
  atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
  atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S))\subseteq A
 shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq A
 using assms by (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
  (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
lemma dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv:
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induction rule:dpll-bj-all-induct)
 case decide_{NOT}
 then show ?case using decomp by auto
next
 case (propagate_{NOT} \ C \ L \ T) note propa = this(1) and undef = this(3) and T = this(4)
 let ?M' = trail (prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) S)
 let ?N = clauses_{NOT} S
 obtain a y l where ay: get-all-marked-decomposition ?M' = (a, y) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition ?M') fastforce+
  then have M': ?M' = y @ a using qet-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of ?M'] by auto
 have M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail\ S) = (a,\ tl\ y) \# l
   using ay undef by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
  have y_0: y = (Propagated L()) \# (tl y)
   using ay undef by (auto simp add: M)
  from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this,\ of\ set]\ \mathbf{have}\ y[simp]:\ set\ y=insert\ (Propagated\ L\ ())\ (set\ (tl\ y))
   by simp
 have tr-S: trail S = tl y @ a
   using arg-cong[OF M', of tl] y_0 M get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp by force
```

```
\mathbf{have} \ \mathit{a-Un-N-M:} \ \mathit{unmark-l} \ \mathit{a} \ \cup \ \mathit{set-mset} \ ?N \models \! \mathit{ps} \ \mathit{unmark-l} \ (\mathit{tl} \ \mathit{y})
   using decomp ay unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (simp add: M)+
  moreover have unmark-l a \cup set-mset ?N \models p \{\#L\#\}  (is ?I \models p-)
   proof (rule true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     show ?I \models p C + \{\#L\#\}
       using propagate NOT. prems by (auto dest!: true-clss-clss-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
   next
     have unmark-l ?M' \models ps \ CNot \ C
       using \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle undef by (auto simp add: true-annots-true-clss-clss)
     have a1: unmark-l \ a \cup unmark-l \ (tl \ y) \models ps \ CNot \ C
       using propagate_{NOT}.hyps(2) tr-S true-annots-true-clss-clss
       by (force simp add: image-Un sup-commute)
     then have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models ps unmark-l a \cup unmark-l (tl y)
       using a-Un-N-M true-clss-clss-def by blast
     then show unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models ps CNot C
       using a1 by (meson true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-and
         true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
   ged
  ultimately have unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ ?N \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M'
   unfolding M' by (auto simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss image-Un)
  then show ?case
   using decomp T M undef unfolding ay all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: ay)
next
  case (backjump C F' K F L D T) note confl = this(2) and tr = this(3) and undef = this(4) and
   L = this(5) and N-C = this(6) and vars-D = this(5) and T = this(8)
 have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-marked-decomposition F)
   using decomp unfolding tr all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) get-all-marked-decomposition.simps(1)
     qet-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty hd-Cons-tl insert-iff list.sel(3) list.set(2)
     tl-qet-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some)
  obtain a b li where F: get-all-marked-decomposition F = (a, b) \# li
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition F) auto
 have F = b @ a
   using qet-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of F a b] F by auto
 have a-N-b:unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models ps unmark-l b
   using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: F)
 have F-D: unmark-l \ F \models ps \ CNot \ D
   using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by (simp \ add: true-annots-true-clss-clss)
  then have unmark-l \ a \cup unmark-l \ b \models ps \ CNot \ D
   unfolding \langle F = b \otimes a \rangle by (simp \ add: image-Un \ sup.commute)
  have a-N-CNot-D: unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S) \models ps CNot D \cup unmark-l b
   apply (rule true-clss-clss-left-right)
   using a-N-b F-D unfolding \langle F = b \otimes a \rangle by (auto simp add: image-Un ac-simps)
 have a-N-D-L: unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S) \models p D + \{\#L\#\}
   by (simp \ add: N-C)
 have unmark-l a \cup set\text{-mset} (clauses_{NOT} S) \models p \{\#L\#\}
   using a-N-D-L a-N-CNot-D by (blast intro: true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
   using decomp T tr undef unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (auto simp add: F)
qed
```

16.3.3 Termination

```
Using a proper measure lemma length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked:
 length (get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () \# F)) =
   length (get-all-marked-decomposition F')
   + length (get-all-marked-decomposition (Marked K () \# F))
 by (induction F' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ take-length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-marked-sandwich:
  take (length (qet-all-marked-decomposition F))
     (map\ (f\ o\ snd)\ (rev\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F))))
    map\ (f\ o\ snd)\ (rev\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ F))
proof (induction F' rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
  case nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (marked\ K)
 then show ?case by (simp add: length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked)
 case (proped\ L\ m\ F') note IH=this(1)
 obtain a b l where F': get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () \# F) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () \# F)) auto
 have length (get-all-marked-decomposition F) - length l = 0
   using length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked[of F' K F]
   unfolding F' by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition F') auto
  then show ?case
   using IH by (simp \ add: F')
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{length}\text{-}\mathit{get}\text{-}\mathit{all}\text{-}\mathit{marked}\text{-}\mathit{decomposition}\text{-}\mathit{length}\text{:}
  length (qet-all-marked-decomposition M) < 1 + length M
 \mathbf{by}\ (induction\ M\ rule:\ marked-lit-list-induct)\ auto
lemma length-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-bounded:
 assumes i:i \in set (trail-weight S)
 shows i \leq Suc \ (length \ (trail \ S))
proof -
 obtain a b where
   (a, b) \in set (qet\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition (trail S)) and
   ib: i = Suc (length b)
   using i by auto
  then obtain c where trail S = c @ b @ a
   using qet-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend' by metis
 from arg-cong[OF this, of length] show ?thesis using i ib by auto
```

Well-foundedness The bounds are the following:

- 1 + card (atms-of-ms A): card (atms-of-ms A) is an upper bound on the length of the list. As get-all-marked-decomposition appends an possibly empty couple at the end, adding one is needed.
- 2 + card (atms-of-ms A): card (atms-of-ms A) is an upper bound on the number of

elements, where adding one is necessary for the same reason as for the bound on the list, and one is needed to have a strict bound.

```
abbreviation unassigned-lit:: 'b literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat where
 unassigned-lit N M \equiv card (atms-of-ms N) - length M
{\bf lemma}\ dpll-bj\text{-}trail\text{-}mes\text{-}increasing\text{-}prop\text{:}
 fixes M :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and N :: 'v clauses
 assumes
   dpll-bj S T and
   inv S and
   NA: atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \ and
   MA: atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A  and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
 shows \mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
   > \mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induction rule: dpll-bj-all-induct)
 case (propagate_{NOT} \ C \ L) note CLN = this(1) and MC = this(2) and undef-L = this(3) and T = this(3)
this(\lambda)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (Propagated L () # trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using propagate_{NOT} dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> NA MA CLN
   by (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
 have no-dup: no-dup (Propagated L () \# trail S)
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L by auto
 obtain a b l where M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have b-le-M: length b \leq length (trail S)
   using qet-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of trail S] by (simp add: M)
 have finite (atms-of-ms A) using finite by simp
 then have length (Propagated L () # trail S) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l[OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 then have latm: unassigned-lit A b = Suc (unassigned-lit A (Propagated L d \# b))
   using b-le-M by auto
 then show ?case using T undef-L by (auto simp: latm M \mu_C-cons)
next
 case (decide_{NOT} L) note undef-L = this(1) and MC = this(2) and T = this(3)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (Marked L () # (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set bj-decide_{NOT} decide_{NOT} decide_{NOT} [OF\ decide_{NOT}.hyps]\ NA\ MA
MC
   by auto
 have no-dup: no-dup (Marked L () \# (trail S))
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L by auto
 obtain a b l where M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 then have length (Marked L () # (trail S)) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l[OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 show ?case using T undef-L by (simp add: \mu_C-cons)
next
```

```
case (backjump C F' K F L C' T) note undef-L = this(4) and MC = this(1) and tr-S = this(3)
and
   L = this(5) and T = this(8)
 have incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (Propagated L () \# F) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set NA MA L by (auto simp: tr-S)
 have no-dup: no-dup (Propagated L () \# F)
   using defined-lit-map n-d undef-L tr-S by auto
 obtain a b l where M: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have b-le-M: length b < length (trail S)
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp[of trail S] by (simp add: M)
 have fin-atms-A: finite (atms-of-ms A) using finite by simp
 then have F-le-A: length (Propagated L () \# F) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   using incl finite unfolding no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l[OF no-dup]
   by (simp add: card-mono)
 have tr-S-le-A: length (trail\ S) < (card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))
   using n-d MA by (metis fin-atms-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l)
 obtain a b l where F: get-all-marked-decomposition F = (a, b) \# l
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition F) auto
 then have F = b @ a
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp of Propagated L () \# F a
     Propagated L() \# b] by simp
 then have latm: unassigned-lit A b = Suc (unassigned-lit A (Propagated L () \# b))
    using F-le-A by simp
 obtain rem where
   rem:map\ (\lambda a.\ Suc\ (length\ (snd\ a)))\ (rev\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F)))
   = map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a))) (rev (get-all-marked-decomposition F)) @ rem
   using take-length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-marked-sandwich of F \lambda a. Suc (length a) F'(K)
   unfolding o-def by (metis append-take-drop-id)
 then have rem: map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a)))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition (F' @ Marked K () \# F))
   = rev \ rem \ @ \ map \ (\lambda a. \ Suc \ (length \ (snd \ a))) \ ((get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ F))
   by (simp add: rev-map[symmetric] rev-swap)
 have length (rev rem @ map (\lambda a. Suc (length (snd a))) (get-all-marked-decomposition F))
        < Suc (card (atms-of-ms A))
   using arg-cong[OF rem, of length] tr-S-le-A
   length-get-all-marked-decomposition-length[of\ F'\ @\ Marked\ K\ ()\ \#\ F|\ tr\text{-}S\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
 moreover
   { fix i :: nat \text{ and } xs :: 'a \text{ list}
     have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
      by auto
     then have H: i < length \ xs \implies rev \ xs \ ! \ i \in set \ xs
      using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
   } note H = this
   have \forall i < length \ rem. \ rev \ rem! \ i < card (atms-of-ms \ A) + 2
     using tr-S-le-A length-in-qet-all-marked-decomposition-bounded[of - S] unfolding tr-S
     by (force simp add: o-def rem dest!: H intro: length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-length)
 ultimately show ?case
   using \mu_C-bounded of rev rem card (atms-of-ms A)+2 unassigned-lit A l T undef-L
   by (simp add: rem \mu_C-append \mu_C-cons F tr-S)
qed
```

 ${f lemma}\ dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop:$

```
assumes dpll: dpll-bj S T and inv: inv S and
  N-A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
  M-A: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
  nd: no-dup (trail S) and
 fin-A: finite A
 shows (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
          < (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
proof -
 let ?b = 2 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?s = 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?\mu = \mu_C ?s ?b
 have M'-A: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   by (meson M-A N-A dpll dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set inv)
 have nd': no-dup (trail T)
   using \langle dpll-bj \mid S \mid T \rangle \mid dpll-bj-no-dup \mid nd \mid inv \mid by \mid blast
  { fix i :: nat \text{ and } xs :: 'a \text{ list}
   have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
     by auto
   then have H: i < length \ xs \implies xs \mid i \in set \ xs
     using rev-nth[of\ i\ xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp\ add:\ in-set-conv-nth)
  \} note H = this
 have l-M-A: length (trail S) \leq card (atms-of-ms A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l nd)
 have l-M'-A: length (trail\ T) \leq card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M'-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l nd')
 have l-trail-weight-M: length (trail-weight T) \leq 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
    using l-M'-A length-qet-all-marked-decomposition-length[of trail T] by auto
 have bounded-M: \forall i < length (trail-weight T). (trail-weight T)! i < card (atms-of-ms A) + 2
   using length-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-bounded[of - T] <math>l-M'-A
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) H Nat.le-trans add-2-eq-Suc' not-le not-less-eq-eq)
 from dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop[OF dpll inv N-A M-A nd fin-A]
 have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight S) < \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight T) by simp
 moreover from \mu_C-bounded[OF bounded-M l-trail-weight-M]
   have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight T) \leq ?b ^ ?s by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
qed
lemma wf-dpll-bj:
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S), dpll-bj S T\}
   \land atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
  (is wf ?A)
proof (rule wf-bounded-measure[of -
       \lambda-. (2 + card (atms-of-ms A))^{(1 + card (atms-of-ms A))}
       \lambda S. \ \mu_C \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (trail-weight \ S)])
 \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b :: 'st
 let ?b = 2 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?s = 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
 let ?\mu = \mu_C ?s ?b
 assume ab: (b, a) \in ?A
```

```
have fin-A: finite (atms-of-ms A)
   using fin by auto
  have
   dpll-bj: dpll-bj a b and
   N-A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ a) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   M-A: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ a) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
   nd: no-dup (trail a) and
   inv: inv a
   using ab by auto
 have M'-A: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail b) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   by (meson M-A N-A (dpll-bj a b) dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set inv)
  have nd': no-dup (trail b)
   using \(\langle dpll-bj \) a b\(\rangle dpll-bj-no-dup \) nd inv by blast
  { fix i :: nat and xs :: 'a list
   have i < length xs \Longrightarrow length xs - Suc i < length xs
   then have H: i < length \ xs \implies xs \ ! \ i \in set \ xs
     using rev-nth[of i xs] unfolding in-set-conv-nth by (force simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
  \} note H = this
 have l-M-A: length (trail\ a) \leq card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l nd)
  have l-M'-A: length (trail\ b) \le card (atms-of-ms A)
   by (simp add: fin-A M'-A card-mono no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l nd')
  have l-trail-weight-M: length (trail-weight b) \leq 1 + card (atms-of-ms A)
    using l-M'-A length-get-all-marked-decomposition-length[of trail b] by auto
  have bounded-M: \forall i < length (trail-weight b). (trail-weight b)! i < card (atms-of-ms A) + 2
   using length-in-qet-all-marked-decomposition-bounded [of - b] l-M'-A
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans One-nat-def Suc-1 add.right-neutral add-Suc-right
     le-imp-less-Suc less-eq-Suc-le nth-mem)
 from dpll-bj-trail-mes-increasing-prop[OF dpll-bj inv N-A M-A nd fin]
 have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight a) < \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) by simp
 moreover from \mu_C-bounded[OF bounded-M l-trail-weight-M]
 have \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) \leq ?b ^ ?s by auto ultimately show ?b ^ ?s \leq ?b ^ ?s \wedge
         \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b) \leq ?b ^ ?s \wedge
         \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight a) < \mu_C ?s ?b (trail-weight b)
   by blast
ged
```

16.3.4 Normal Forms

We prove that given a normal form of DPLL, with some structural invariants, then either N is satisfiable and the built valuation M is a model; or N is unsatisfiable.

Idea of the proof: We have to prove tat satisfiable $N, \neg M \models as N$ and there is no remaining step is incompatible.

- 1. The decide rule tells us that every variable in N has a value.
- 2. The assumption $\neg M \models as N$ implies that there is conflict.
- 3. There is at least one decision in the trail (otherwise, M would be a model of the set of

```
clauses N).
```

4. Now if we build the clause with all the decision literals of the trail, we can apply the backjump rule.

The assumption are saying that we have a finite upper bound A for the literals, that we cannot do any step no-step dpll-bj S

```
theorem dpll-backjump-final-state:
  fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
  assumes
    atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   n-s: no-step dpll-bj S and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \vee (trail S \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)))
proof -
  let ?N = set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} S)
 let ?M = trail S
  consider
     (sat) satisfiable ?N and ?M \models as ?N
    \mid (sat') \ satisfiable ?N \ \mathbf{and} \ \neg \ ?M \models as ?N
    (unsat) unsatisfiable ?N
   by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case sat' note sat = this(1) and M = this(2)
     obtain C where C \in ?N and \neg ?M \models a C using M unfolding true-annots-def by auto
     obtain I :: 'v literal set where
       I \models s ?N  and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
       tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ ?N \ \mathbf{and}
       atm-I-N: atm-of 'I \subseteq atms-of-ms ?N
       using sat unfolding satisfiable-def-min by auto
     let ?I = I \cup \{P | P. P \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\}
     let ?O = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
     have cons-I': consistent-interp ?I
       using cons using (no-dup ?M) unfolding consistent-interp-def
       by (auto simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def
         dest!: no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus)
     have tot-I': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup unmark-l ?M)
       using tot atm-I-N unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
       by (fastforce simp: image-iff lits-of-def)
     have \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ? M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I\} \models s ? O
       using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle atm-I-N by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of true-clss-def lits-of-def)
     then have I'-N: ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O
       using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle true-clss-union-increase by force
     have tot': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup ?O)
       using atm-I-N tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
       by (force simp: lits-of-def dest!: is-marked-ex-Marked)
     have atms-N-M: atms-of-ms ?N \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of-l ?M
```

```
proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain l :: 'v where
     l-N: l \in atms-of-ms ?N and
     l\text{-}M: l \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ?M
     by auto
   have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
     using l-M by (metis Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
       atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set literal.sel(1))
   from bj-decide_{NOT}[OF\ decide_{NOT}[OF\ this]] show False
     using l-N n-s by (metis\ literal.sel(1)\ state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
 qed
have ?M \models as CNot C
 apply (rule all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot)
 using \langle C \in set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \rangle \langle \neg \ trail \ S \models a \ C \rangle
    atms-N-M by (auto dest: atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono)
have \exists l \in set ?M. is\text{-marked } l
 proof (rule ccontr)
   let ?O = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
   have \vartheta[iff]: \Lambda I. total-over-m I (?N \cup ?O \cup unmark-l ?M)
     \longleftrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ (?N\ \cup unmark\text{-}l\ ?M)
     unfolding total-over-set-def total-over-m-def atms-of-ms-def by blast
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have [simp]:{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M}
     = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
     by auto
   then have ?N \cup ?O \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M
     using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF decomp] by auto
   then have ?I \models s \ unmark-l \ ?M
     using cons-I' I'-N tot-I' \langle ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O \rangle unfolding \vartheta true-clss-clss-def by blast
   then have lits-of-l ?M \subseteq ?I
     unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
   then have ?M \models as ?N
     using I'-N \lor C \in ?N \lor \lnot ?M \models a C \lor cons-I' atms-N-M
     by (meson \ \ trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ C) consistent-CNot-not rev-subsetD sup-qe1 true-annot-def
       true-annots-def true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def)
   then show False using M by fast
 qed
from List.split-list-first-propE[OF\ this] obtain K:: 'v\ literal\ and
  F F' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list where
 M-K: ?M = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
 nm: \forall f \in set \ F'. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ f
 unfolding is-marked-def by (metis (full-types) old.unit.exhaust)
let ?K = Marked K () :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit
have ?K \in set ?M
 unfolding M-K by auto
let ?C = image\text{-}mset \ lit\text{-}of \ \{\#L \in \#mset \ ?M. \ is\text{-}marked \ L \land L \neq ?K\#\} :: 'v \ literal \ multiset
let C' = set\text{-mset} (image\text{-mset} (\lambda L::'v literal. \{\#L\#\}) (C' + unmark C')
have ?N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\} \models ps\ unmark\text{-}l\ ?M
 using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied[OF decomp].
moreover have C': ?C' = \{unmark \ L \ | L. \ is\text{-marked} \ L \land L \in set \ ?M\}
  unfolding M-K by standard force+
ultimately have N-C-M: ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \ unmark-l ?M
 by auto
```

```
have N-M-False: ?N \cup (\lambda L. \ unmark \ L) ' (set \ ?M) \models ps \ \{\{\#\}\}\}
 using M \triangleleft ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \triangleleft \ \langle C \in ?N \rangle unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def Ball-def
 true-annot-def by (metis consistent-CNot-not sup.orderE sup-commute true-clss-def
   true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union true-clss-union-increase)
have undefined-lit F K using \langle no\text{-}dup ?M \rangle unfolding M\text{-}K by (simp \ add: \ defined\text{-}lit\text{-}map)
moreover
 have ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}
   proof -
     have A: ?N \cup ?C' \cup unmark-l ?M = ?N \cup unmark-l ?M
       unfolding M-K by auto
     show ?thesis
       using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of {{#}}}] N-M-False unfolding A by auto
   qed
 have ?N \models p \ image\text{-}mset \ uminus \ ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
   unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-cls-def total-over-m-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix}\ I
     assume
       tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (?N \cup \{image-mset\ uminus\ ?C+ \{\#-K\#\}\})) and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
       I \models s ?N
     have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
       using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def by (cases K) auto
     have \{a \in set \ (trail \ S). \ is-marked \ a \land a \neq Marked \ K \ ()\} =
       set\ (trail\ S)\cap \{L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L\wedge L\neq Marked\ K\ ()\}
      by auto
     then have tot': total-over-set I
        (atm\text{-}of 'lit\text{-}of '(set ?M \cap \{L. is\text{-}marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\}))
       using tot by (auto simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
     { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit}
       assume
         a3: lit-of x \notin I and
         a1: x \in set ?M and
         a4: is\text{-}marked x \text{ and }
         a5: x \neq Marked K ()
       then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \vee Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
         using a5 a4 tot' a1 unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by blast
       moreover have f6: Neg (atm-of (lit-of x)) = - Pos (atm-of (lit-of x))
         by simp
       ultimately have - lit-of x \in I
         using f6 a3 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
           literal.sel(1)
     \} note H = this
     have \neg I \models s ?C'
       using \langle ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{ \{ \# \} \} \rangle tot cons \langle I \models s ?N \rangle
       unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
       by (simp add: atms-of-uninus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
     then show I \models image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
       unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
       by (auto\ dest!:\ H)
   qed
moreover have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
 using nm unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def M-K by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
```

```
ultimately have False
        using bj-can-jump[of S F' K F C - K
          image-mset uminus (image-mset lit-of \{\# L : \# \text{ mset } ?M. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\#\}\}
          \langle C \in ?N \rangle n-s \langle ?M \models as\ CNot\ C \rangle bj-backjump inv \langle no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S) \rangle unfolding M-K by auto
        then show ?thesis by fast
    qed auto
qed
end — End of dpll-with-backjumping-ops
locale dpll-with-backjumping =
  dpll-with-backjumping-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ inv\ backjump-conds
    propagate	ext{-}conds
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    backjump\text{-}conds:: 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'v\ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool\ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
  assumes dpll-bj-inv: \bigwedge S T. dpll-bj S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv:
  assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
  shows inv T
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
    (auto simp add: dpll-bj-no-dup intro: dpll-bj-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup:
  assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
  and no-dup (trail S)
  shows no-dup (trail\ T)
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (auto simp add: dpll-bj-no-dup dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\text{-}clauses\text{-}inv:
  assumes
    dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
  shows atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) = atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T)
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
```

```
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail:
  assumes
    dpll-bj^{**} S T and
    inv S and
    atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
  shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)
  using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  using dpll-bj-atms-in-trail dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv by auto
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-iff:
  assumes dpll-bj^{**} S T and inv S
  shows I \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
    (auto dest!: dpll-bj-sat-iff simp: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set:
  assumes
    dpll-bj^{**} S T and
    inv S
    atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
    atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A
  shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq A
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (auto dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv
    simp: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}inv:
 assumes
    dpll-bj^{**} S T and
    inv S
    all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
  shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
    (auto intro: dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv simp: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv-incl-dpll-bj-inv-trancl:
  \{(T, S), dpll-bj^{++} S T\}
    \land \ atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (\textit{clauses}_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \land \ atm\text{-}of \ \lq \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (\textit{trail} \ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A
    \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
     \subseteq \{(T, S). \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \land atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
        \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}<sup>+</sup>
    (is ?A \subseteq ?B^+)
proof standard
 \mathbf{fix} \ x
 assume x-A: x \in ?A
  obtain S T::'st where
    x[simp]: x = (T, S) by (cases x) auto
    dpll-bj<sup>++</sup> S T and
    atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A and
    no-dup (trail S) and
     inv S
```

(auto dest: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv)

```
using x-A by auto
  then show x \in ?B^+ unfolding x
   proof (induction rule: tranclp-induct)
     case base
     then show ?case by auto
   next
     case (step T U) note step = this(1) and ST = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)]
       and N-A = this(4) and M-A = this(5) and nd = this(6) and inv = this(7)
     have [simp]: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) = atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T)
       using step rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp inv by fastforce
     have no-dup (trail\ T)
       using local.step nd rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup tranclp-into-rtranclp inv by fastforce
     moreover have atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
       by (metis inv M-A N-A local.step rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set
         tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     moreover have inv T
        using inv local.step rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp by fastforce
     ultimately have (U, T) \in ?B using ST N-A M-A inv by auto
     then show ?case using IH by (rule trancl-into-trancl2)
   qed
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-dpll-bj:
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S). dpll-bj^{++} S T
   \land atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   \land no-dup (trail S) \land inv S}
  \mathbf{using} \ wf-trancl[OF \ wf-dpll-bj[OF \ fin]] \ rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv-incl-dpll-bj-inv-trancl
 by (rule wf-subset)
lemma dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff:
  dpll-bj \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T
 by (simp add: dpll-bj-clauses)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff:
  dpll-bj^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm \ clauses_{NOT} T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (simp-all add: rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv dpll-bj-sat-ext-iff)
theorem full-dpll-backjump-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \ \mathbf{and}
   atms-S: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
 \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)))
proof -
 have st: dpll-bj^{**} S T and no-step dpll-bj T
   using full unfolding full-def by fast+
 moreover have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
```

```
using atms-S inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv st by blast
  moreover have atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
    using atms-S atms-trail inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set st by auto
  moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using n-d inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup st by blast
  moreover have inv: inv T
   using inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv st by blast
 moreover
   have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
     using (inv S) decomp rtranclp-dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv st by blast
 ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)))
   using \(\langle finite A \rangle \) dpll-backjump-final-state by force
 then show ?thesis
   by (meson (inv S) rtranclp-dpll-bj-sat-iff satisfiable-carac st true-annots-true-cls)
qed
corollary full-dpll-backjump-final-state-from-init-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \ \mathbf{and}
   trail S = [] and
   clauses_{NOT} S = N and
   inv S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N) \vee (trail T \models asm \ N \land satisfiable (set-mset N))
 using assms full-dpll-backjump-final-state of S T set-mset N by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}bj\text{-}trail\text{-}mes\text{-}decreasing\text{-}prop:
  assumes dpll: dpll-bj<sup>++</sup> S T and inv: inv S and
  N-A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
  M-A: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
  n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
 fin-A: finite A
 shows (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
          < (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
 using dpll
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case
   using N-A M-A n-d dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop fin-A inv by blast
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and dpll = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) = atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T)
   using rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv by (metis dpll-bj-clauses dpll-bj-inv inv st
     tranclpD)
  then have N-A': atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    using N-A by auto
 moreover have M-A': atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   by (meson M-A N-A inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set st dpll
     tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp-into-rtranclp tranclp-trans)
 moreover have nd: no-dup (trail T)
   by (metis inv n-d rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup st tranclp-into-rtranclp)
 moreover have inv T
```

```
by (meson dpll dpll-bj-inv inv rtranclp-dpll-bj-inv st tranclp-into-rtranclp) ultimately show ?case using IH dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop[of T U A] dpll fin-A by linarith qed
end — End of dpll-with-backjumping
```

16.4 CDCL

tautologies)

locale forget-ops =

In this section we will now define the conflict driven clause learning above DPLL: we first introduce the rules learn and forget, and the add these rules to the DPLL calculus.

16.4.1 Learn and Forget

Learning adds a new clause where all the literals are already included in the clauses.

```
locale learn-ops =
  dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ {\bf and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss::'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
    learn\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive learn :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
learn_{NOT}-rule: clauses_{NOT} S \models pm mset\text{-}cls C \implies
  atms-of\ (mset-cls\ C)\subseteq atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)\cup atm-of\ `(lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
  learn\text{-}cond\ C\ S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
  learn S T
inductive-cases learn_{NOT}E: learn S T
lemma learn-\mu_C-stable:
  assumes learn S T and no-dup (trail S)
  shows \mu_C A B (trail-weight S) = \mu_C A B (trail-weight T)
  using assms by (auto elim: learn_{NOT}E)
```

Forget removes an information that can be deduced from the context (e.g. redundant clauses,

```
dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
     mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss::'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive forget_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
forget_{NOT}:
  removeAll\text{-}mset \ (mset\text{-}cls \ C)(clauses_{NOT} \ S) \models pm \ mset\text{-}cls \ C \Longrightarrow
  forget\text{-}cond\ C\ S \Longrightarrow
  C \in ! raw-clauses S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
  forget_{NOT} S T
inductive-cases forget_{NOT}E: forget_{NOT} S T
lemma forget-\mu_C-stable:
  assumes forget_{NOT} S T
  shows \mu_C A B (trail-weight S) = \mu_C A B (trail-weight T)
  using assms by (auto elim!: forget_{NOT}E)
end
locale learn-and-forget_{NOT} =
  learn-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
     mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses\ prepend-trail\ tl-trail\ add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ learn-cond\ +
  forget-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ forget-cond
  for
     mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss::'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

```
tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive learn-and-forget<sub>NOT</sub> :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
where
lf-learn: learn S T \Longrightarrow learn-and-forget_{NOT} S T
lf-forget: forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow learn-and-forget_{NOT} \ S \ T
end
             Definition of CDCL
16.4.2
locale \ conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops =
  dpll-with-backjumping-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
     mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
     inv\ backjump\text{-}conds\ propagate\text{-}conds\ +
  learn-and-forget_{NOT} mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ learn-cond
    forget-cond
  for
     mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    backjump\text{-}conds:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate-conds :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond\ ::\ 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
c-dpll-bj: dpll-bj S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S S'
c-learn: learn S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S S'
c-forget<sub>NOT</sub>: forget<sub>NOT</sub> S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S S'
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct[consumes 1, case-names dpll-bj learn forget_{NOT}]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and
     dpll: \bigwedge T. \ dpll-bj \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ and
    learning:
       \bigwedge C \ T. \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \models pm \ mset\text{-}cls \ C \Longrightarrow
```

atms-of (mset- $cls\ C) \subseteq atms$ -of- $mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm$ -of ' (lits-of- $l\ (trail\ S)) \Longrightarrow$

 $T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow$

```
PST and
   forgetting: \bigwedge C T. removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models pm mset-cls C \Longrightarrow
     C \in ! raw-clauses S \Longrightarrow
     T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
     PST
 shows P S T
  using assms(1) by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}.induct)
  (auto intro: assms(2, 3, 4) elim!: learn_{NOT}E forget<sub>NOT</sub>E)+
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv S and
   no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail T)
 using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct) (auto intro: dpll-bj-no-dup)
Consistency of the trail lemma cdcl_{NOT}-consistent:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv S and
   no-dup (trail S)
 shows consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail T))
 using cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF assms] distinct-consistent-interp by fast
The subtle problem here is that tautologies can be removed, meaning that some variable can
disappear of the problem. It is also means that some variable of the trail might not be present
in the clauses anymore.
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-ms-clauses-decreasing:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S and no-dup (trail S)
 shows atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT}\ T) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail\ S))
 using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
   (auto dest!: dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv set-mp simp add: atms-of-ms-def Union-eq)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S and no-dup (trail S)
 and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
 shows atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail T)) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
 using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct) (auto simp add: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S and no-dup (trail S) and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of ' (lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq A
 shows atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq A
  using assms
 by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
    (simp-all add: dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set dpll-bj-atms-of-ms-clauses-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and inv S and n-d[simp]: no-dup (trail S) and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
```

```
using assms(1,2,4)
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
 case dpll-bj
 then show ?case
    using dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv n-d by blast
next
 case learn
 then show ?case by (auto simp add: all-decomposition-implies-def)
next
 case (forget<sub>NOT</sub> C T) note cls-C = this(1) and C = this(2) and T = this(3) and iniv = this(4)
and
    decomp = this(5)
 show ?case
   unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def Ball-def
   proof (intro allI, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
     assume (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail <math>T))
     then have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models ps unmark-l b
       using decomp T by (auto simp add: all-decomposition-implies-def)
     moreover
       have a1:mset-cls\ C \in set-mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
         using C by blast
       have clauses_{NOT} T = clauses_{NOT} (remove-cls_{NOT} C S)
        using T state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-clauses by blast
       then have set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \models ps set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
         using at by (metis (no-types) clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} cls-C insert-Diff order-reft
         set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) true-clss-clss-def true-clss-clss-insert)
     ultimately show unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
       \models ps \ unmark-l \ b
       using true-clss-clss-generalise-true-clss-clss by blast
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
Extension of models lemma cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-bj-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT} S Tand inv S and n-d: no-dup (trail\ S)
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-all-induct)
 case dpll-bj
 then show ?case by (simp add: dpll-bj-clauses)
 case (learn C T) note T = this(3)
  \{ \text{ fix } J \}
   assume
     I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S and
     I \subseteq J and
     tot: total-over-m J (set-mset (\{\#mset\text{-}cls\ C\#\} + clauses_{NOT}\ S)) and
     cons: consistent-interp J
   then have J \models sm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S unfolding true-clss-ext-def by auto
   moreover
     with \langle clauses_{NOT} | S \models pm | mset\text{-}cls | C \rangle have J \models mset\text{-}cls | C
       using tot cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
   ultimately have J \models sm \{\#mset\text{-}cls \ C\#\} + clauses_{NOT} \ S \ by \ auto
  }
```

```
then have H: I \models sextm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \Longrightarrow I \models sext \ insert \ (mset\text{-}cls \ C) \ (set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S))
   unfolding true-clss-ext-def by auto
  show ?case
   apply standard
     using T n-d apply (auto\ simp\ add\colon H)[]
   using T n-d apply simp
   by (metis Diff-insert-absorb insert-subset subsetI subset-antisym
     true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r)
next
 case (forget_{NOT} \ C \ T) note cls\text{-}C = this(1) and T = this(3)
  \{ \text{ fix } J \}
   assume
     I \models sext \ set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) - \{mset\text{-}cls \ C\} \ \mathbf{and}
     I \subseteq J and
     tot: total-over-m J (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)) and
     cons:\ consistent\hbox{-}interp\ J
   then have J \models s \ set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) - \{mset\text{-}cls \ C\}
     unfolding true-clss-ext-def by (meson Diff-subset total-over-m-subset)
   moreover
     with cls-C have J \models mset-cls C
       using tot cons unfolding true-clss-cls-def
       by (metis\ Un-commute\ forget_{NOT}.hyps(2)\ in-clss-mset-clss\ insert-Diff\ insert-is-Un\ order-refl
         set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1))
   ultimately have J \models sm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) by (metis insert-Diff-single true-clss-insert)
  }
  then have H: I \models sext \ set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) - \{mset\text{-}cls \ C\} \Longrightarrow I \models sextm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)
   unfolding true-clss-ext-def by blast
 show ?case using T by (auto simp: true-clss-ext-decrease-right-remove-r H)
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops
           CDCL with invariant
16.4.3
locale conflict-driven-clause-learning =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops +
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
sublocale dpll-with-backjumping
 apply unfold-locales
 using cdcl_{NOT}.simps\ cdcl_{NOT}.inv by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp add: cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and inv S
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail T)
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
```

```
inv: inv S and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   atms-clauses-S: atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \subseteq A and
   atms-trail-S: atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq A
  shows atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail T)) \subseteq A \land atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq A
  using cdcl
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
  then show ?case using atms-clauses-S atms-trail-S by simp
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv T using inv st rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv by blast
 have no-dup (trail T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[of S T] st cdcl_{NOT} inv n-d by blast
  then have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ U) \subseteq A
   using cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-ms-clauses-decreasing [OF cdcl_{NOT}] IH n-d \langle inv T \rangle by fast
 moreover
   have atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail U)) \subseteq A
     using cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set[OF cdcl_{NOT}, of A] \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ T) \rangle
     by (meson atms-trail-S atms-clauses-S IH (inv T) cdcl_{NOT})
  ultimately show ?case by fast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies:}
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and inv S and no-dup (trail S) and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
  using assms by (induction)
  (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S Tand inv S and no-dup (trail S)
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T
 using assms apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff by (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup)
definition cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv where
cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A \ S \longleftrightarrow (finite \ A \land inv \ S \land atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
   \land atm\text{-}of \text{ '} lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \land no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
 using assms unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def
 by (simp\ add:\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup\ rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound)
abbreviation learn-or-forget where
learn-or-forget S T \equiv learn S T \vee forget_{NOT} S T
lemma rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT}:
  learn-or-forget** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}** S T
 using rtranclp-mono[of\ learn-or-forget\ cdcl_{NOT}] by (blast intro: cdcl_{NOT}.c-learn cdcl_{NOT}.c-forget cdcl_{NOT})
```

```
lemma learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C:
 assumes
   l-f: learn-or-forget** S T and
   dpll: dpll-bj \ T \ U \ {\bf and}
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S
 shows (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight U)
   <(2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))
     -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
    (is ?\mu \ U < ?\mu \ S)
proof -
 have ?\mu S = ?\mu T
   using l-f
   proof (induction)
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
   next
     case (step \ T \ U)
     moreover then have no-dup (trail T)
       using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[of S T] cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def inv
       rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
     ultimately show ?case
       using forget-\mu_C-stable learn-\mu_C-stable inv unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by presburger
   qed
  moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
    using rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv l-f inv by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop[of T U A, OF dpll] finite
   unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by presburger
qed
lemma infinite-cdcl_{NOT}-exists-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
 assumes
   \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f(Suc \ i)) and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A (f \theta)
 shows \exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i))
\mathbf{proof}\ (induction\ (2+card\ (atms-of\text{-}ms\ A))\ \widehat{\ }\ (1+card\ (atms-of\text{-}ms\ A))
   -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight (f 0))
   arbitrary: f
   rule: nat-less-induct-case)
 case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and \mu = this(2) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 consider
     (dpll-end) \exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn-or-forget \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))
     (dpll\text{-}more) \neg (\exists j. \forall i \geq j. learn\text{-}or\text{-}forget (f i) (f (Suc i)))
   by blast
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case dpll-end
     then show ?thesis by auto
   next
     then have j: \exists i. \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))
       by blast
     obtain i where
```

```
\neg learn\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i)\ (f\ (Suc\ i)) and
 \forall k < i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
 proof -
    obtain i_0 where \neg learn (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0))
      using j by auto
    then have \{i. \ i \leq i_0 \land \neg \ learn \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))\} \neq \{\}
      by auto
    let ?I = \{i. \ i \leq i_0 \land \neg \ learn \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))\}
    let ?i = Min ?I
    have finite ?I
     by auto
    have \neg learn (f?i) (f(Suc?i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f?i) (f(Suc?i))
     using Min-in[OF \langle finite?I \rangle \langle ?I \neq \{\} \rangle] by auto
    moreover have \forall k < ?i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
      using Min.coboundedI[of \{i. i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i)\}
        (f(Suc\ i)), simplified
     by (meson \leftarrow learn\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land less-imp-le
        dual-order.trans not-le)
    ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
 qed
\mathbf{def}\ g \equiv \lambda n.\ f\ (n + Suc\ i)
have dpll-bj (f i) (g \theta)
 using \langle \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i)) \rangle cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.cases
 g\text{-}def by auto
{
 \mathbf{fix} \ j
 assume j \leq i
 then have learn-or-forget^{**} (f \ \theta) (f \ j)
    apply (induction j)
    apply simp
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-leD Suc-le-lessD rtranclp.simps
      \forall k < i. \ learn \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor forget_{NOT} \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \rangle
then have learn-or-forget** (f \ \theta) \ (f \ i) by blast
then have (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight (g 0))
  <(2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight (f 0))
 using learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C[of \ f \ 0 \ f \ i \ g \ 0 \ A] \ inv \ \langle dpll-bj \ (f \ i) \ (g \ 0) \rangle
 unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by linarith
moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-i: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} (f \theta) (g \theta)
 using rtranclp-learn-or-forget-cdcl_{NOT}[of f \ 0 \ f \ i] \ \langle learn-or-forget** (f \ 0) \ (f \ i) \rangle
  cdcl_{NOT}[of \ i] unfolding g-def by auto
moreover have \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (g \ i) \ (g \ (Suc \ i))
 using cdcl_{NOT} g-def by auto
moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A (g \theta)
 using inv cdcl_{NOT}-i rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound g-def cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv by auto
ultimately obtain j where j: \bigwedge i. i \ge j \implies learn-or-forget (g i) (g (Suc i))
  using IH unfolding \mu[symmetric] by presburger
show ?thesis
 proof
    {
      \mathbf{fix} \ k
     assume k \ge j + Suc i
```

```
then have learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
              using j[of k-Suc \ i] unfolding g-def by auto
          then show \forall k \ge j + Suc \ i. \ learn-or-forget \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k))
           by auto
        qed
   \mathbf{qed}
next
  case \theta note H = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and inv = this(3)
 show ?case
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ ?case
      then have j: \exists i. \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))
       by blast
      obtain i where
        \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i)) and
       \forall k < i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
          obtain i_0 where \neg learn (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i_0) (f (Suc i_0))
            using j by auto
          then have \{i. i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i))\} \neq \{\}
          let ?I = \{i. \ i \leq i_0 \land \neg \ learn \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))\}
          let ?i = Min ?I
          have finite ?I
           by auto
          have \neg learn (f?i) (f(Suc?i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f?i) (f(Suc?i))
           using Min-in[OF \langle finite\ ?I \rangle \ \langle ?I \neq \{\} \rangle] by auto
          moreover have \forall k < ?i. learn-or-forget (f k) (f (Suc k))
            using Min.coboundedI[of \{i. i \leq i_0 \land \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \land \neg forget_{NOT} (f i)\}
              (f(Suc\ i)), simplified
           by (meson \leftarrow learn\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land \neg\ forget_{NOT}\ (f\ i_0)\ (f\ (Suc\ i_0)) \land\ less-imp-le
              dual-order.trans not-le)
          ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
        qed
      have dpll-bj (f i) (f (Suc i))
        using \langle \neg learn (f i) (f (Suc i)) \wedge \neg forget_{NOT} (f i) (f (Suc i)) \rangle cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.cases
        by blast
        \mathbf{fix} \ j
       assume j \leq i
        then have learn-or-forget** (f \ \theta) \ (f \ j)
         apply (induction j)
          apply simp
          by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-leD Suc-le-lessD rtranclp.simps
            \forall k < i. \ learn \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor forget_{NOT} \ (f \ k) \ (f \ (Suc \ k)) \lor)
      then have learn-or-forget^{**} (f \ \theta) (f \ i) by blast
      then show False
       using learn-or-forget-dpll-\mu_C[of f \ 0 \ f \ i \ f \ (Suc \ i) \ A] inv \ 0
        \langle dpll-bj \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \rangle unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by linarith
    qed
qed
```

```
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
  assumes
    no\text{-}infinite\text{-}lf: \land f j. \neg (\forall i \geq j. learn\text{-}or\text{-}forget (f i) (f (Suc i)))
  shows wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT} \text{-}NOT\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ A \ S\}
    (is wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land ?inv \ S\})
  unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume \neg \neg (\exists f. \forall i. (f (Suc i), f i) \in \{(T, S). cdcl_{NOT} S T \land ?inv S\})
  then obtain f where
   \forall i. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i)) \land \ ?inv \ (f \ i)
   by fast
  then have \exists j. \ \forall i \geq j. \ learn-or-forget \ (f \ i) \ (f \ (Suc \ i))
   using infinite-cdcl_{NOT}-exists-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain [of f] by meson
  then show False using no-infinite-lf by blast
qed
lemma inv-and-tranclp-cdcl-_{NOT}-tranclp-cdcl__{NOT}-and-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{++} S T \land cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S \longleftrightarrow (\lambda S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \land cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A
S)^{++} S T
  (is ?A \land ?I \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 assume ?A \land ?I
  then have ?A and ?I by blast+
  then show ?B
   apply induction
     apply (simp add: tranclp.r-into-trancl)
   by (subst tranclp.simps) (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp)
\mathbf{next}
  assume ?B
  then have ?A by induction auto
 moreover have ?I using \langle ?B \rangle translpD by fastforce
  ultimately show ?A \land ?I by blast
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain:
  assumes
    no-infinite-lf: \bigwedge f j. \neg (\forall i \geq j. learn-or-forget (f i) (f (Suc i)))
  shows wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT}^{++} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT}^{-} NOT \text{-} all \text{-} inv \ A \ S\}
  using wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl_{NOT}-no-learn-and-forget-infinite-chain[OF no-infinite-lf]]
 apply (rule wf-subset)
  by (auto simp: trancl-set-tranclp inv-and-tranclp-cdcl-_{NOT}-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-final-state:
  assumes
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT} S and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S and
    decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \vee (trail S \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)))
proof -
  have n-s': no-step dpll-bj S
   using n-s by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}.simps)
  show ?thesis
   apply (rule dpll-backjump-final-state[of S A])
   using inv \ decomp \ n-s' unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by auto
```

```
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-final-state:
  assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv \ A \ S and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \lor (trail \ T \models asm \ clauses_{NOT} \ T \land satisfiable \ (set\text{-mset} \ (clauses_{NOT} \ T)))
proof -
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT} T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast+
 have n-s': cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A T
   using cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv inv st by blast
 moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   using cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def decomp inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-all-decomposition-implies st by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using cdcl_{NOT}-final-state n-s by blast
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning
```

16.4.4 Termination

To prove termination we need to restrict learn and forget. Otherwise we could forget and relearn the exact same clause over and over. A first idea is to forbid removing clauses that can be used to backjump. This does not change the rules of the calculus. A second idea is to "merge" backjump and learn: that way, though closer to implementation, needs a change of the rules, since the backjump-rule learns the clause used to backjump.

16.4.5 Restricting learn and forget

```
{f locale}\ conflict\ driven\ - clause\ - learning\ - learning\ - before\ - backjump\ - only\ - distinct\ - learnt\ =
      dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
            mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
            trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ +
      conflict-driven-clause-learning mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
            mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
           trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
           inv backjump-conds propagate-conds
     \lambda C S. distinct-mset (mset-cls C) \wedge \neg tautology (mset-cls C) \wedge learn-restrictions C S \wedge learn
           (\exists F \ K \ d \ F' \ C' \ L. \ trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \land mset-cls \ C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as \ CNot \}
                \land C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses_{NOT} S)
      \lambda C S. \neg (\exists F' F K d L. trail S = F' @ Marked K () \# F \land F \models as CNot (remove1-mset L (mset-cls))
 C)))
           \land forget-restrictions C S
           mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
           insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
            remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
            mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
            union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
            in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
```

```
insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool  and
    backjump\text{-}conds:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    learn-restrictions forget-restrictions :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct[consumes 1, case-names dpll-bj learn forget<sub>NOT</sub>]:
  fixes S T :: 'st
  assumes cdcl_{NOT} S T and
    dpll: \bigwedge T. dpll-bj S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    learning:
      \bigwedge C \ F \ K \ F' \ C' \ L \ T. \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \models pm \ mset\text{-}cls \ C \Longrightarrow
         atms-of (mset-cls\ C) \subseteq atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l\ (trail\ S)) \Longrightarrow
        distinct-mset (mset-cls C) \Longrightarrow
         \neg tautology (mset-cls C) \Longrightarrow
        learn\text{-}restrictions \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
         trail\ S = F' @ Marked\ K\ () \# F \Longrightarrow
         mset-cls C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \Longrightarrow
         F \models as \ CNot \ C' \Longrightarrow
         C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses_{NOT} S \Longrightarrow
         T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C S \Longrightarrow
         P S T and
    forgetting: \bigwedge C T. removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \models pm mset-cls C \Longrightarrow
      C \in ! raw-clauses S \Longrightarrow
      \neg (\exists F' \ F \ K \ L. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \land F \models as \ CNot \ (mset-cls \ C - \{\#L\#\})) \Longrightarrow
      T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
      forget-restrictions C S \Longrightarrow
      PST
    shows P S T
  using assms(1)
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}.induct)
    apply (auto dest: assms(2) simp add: learn-ops-axioms)[]
   apply (auto elim!: learn-ops.learn.cases[OF learn-ops-axioms] dest: assms(3))[]
  apply (auto elim!: forget-ops.forget_{NOT}.cases[OF\ forget-ops-axioms]\ dest!:\ assms(4))
  done
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
  using cdcl_{NOT}-inv unfolding conflict-driven-clause-learning-def
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-axioms-def by blast
lemma learn-always-simple-clauses:
  assumes
    learn: learn S T and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S)
```

```
shows set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T - clauses_{NOT} S)
   \subseteq simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S))
proof
  fix C assume C: C \in set\text{-}mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ T - clauses_{NOT} \ S)
  have distinct-mset C \neg tautology C using learn C n-d by (elim learn NOTE; auto)+
  then have C \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of C)
    using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss by blast
  moreover have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)
   using learn C n-d by (elim learn NOTE) (auto simp: atms-of-ms-def atms-of-def image-Un
     true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
  moreover have finite (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S))
    by auto
  ultimately show C \in simple-clss (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S))
   using simple-clss-mono by (metis (no-types) insert-subset mk-disjoint-insert)
qed
definition conflicting-bj-clss S \equiv
   \{C+\{\#L\#\}\mid C\ L.\ C+\{\#L\#\}\in\#\ clauses_{NOT}\ S\ \land\ distinct\text{-mset}\ (C+\{\#L\#\})\}
  \wedge \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
    \land (\exists F' \ K \ F. \ trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C) \}
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-remove-cls_{NOT}[simp]:
  conflicting-bj-clss\ (remove-cls_{NOT}\ C\ S) = conflicting-bj-clss\ S - \{mset-cls\ C\}
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-remove-cls_{NOT} '[simp]:
  T \sim remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ C \ S \Longrightarrow conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss \ T = conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss \ S - \{mset\text{-}cls \ C\}
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss\text{-}add\text{-}cls_{NOT}\text{-}state\text{-}eq:
  assumes
    T: T \sim add\text{-}cls_{NOT} C' S and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S)
  shows conflicting-bj-clss\ T
    = conflicting-bj-clss S
     \cup (if \exists CL. mset-cls C' = C + \{\#L\#\} \land distinct-mset (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C + \{\#L\#\})
    \land (\exists F' \ K \ d \ F. \ trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \land F \models as \ CNot \ C)
    then \{mset\text{-}cls\ C'\}\ else\ \{\}\}
proof -
  \mathbf{def}\ P \equiv \lambda C\ L\ T.\ distinct\text{-mset}\ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg\ tautology\ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \land \neg
   (\exists F' \ K \ F. \ trail \ T = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \ \land F \models as \ CNot \ C)
 have conf: \Lambda T. conflicting-bj-clss T = \{C + \#L\#\} \mid CL.\ C + \#L\#\} \in \# clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T \wedge PC
L T
   unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def P-def by auto
  have P-S-T: \bigwedge C L. P C L T = P C L S
   using T n-d unfolding P-def by auto
 \{C + \{\#L\#\} \mid C L. C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# \{\#mset\text{-}cls C'\#\} \land P C L T\}
   using T n-d unfolding conf by auto
 moreover have \{C + \#L\#\} \mid CL. C + \#L\#\} \in \#clauses_{NOT} S \land PCLT\} = conflicting-bj-clss
S
   using T n-d unfolding P-def conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
  moreover have \{C + \#L\#\} \mid C L. C + \#L\#\} \in \# \#mset-cls C'\#\} \land P C L T\} =
    (if \exists C L. mset-cls C' = C + \{\#L\#\} \land P C L S \text{ then } \{\text{mset-cls } C'\} \text{ else } \{\})
   using n-d T by (force simp: P-S-T)
```

```
qed
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}:
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
  conflicting-bj-clss (add-cls_{NOT} C'S)
   = conflicting-bj-clss S
     \cup \ (\textit{if} \ \exists \ C \ L. \ \textit{mset-cls} \ C' = \ C \ + \{\#L\#\} \land \ \textit{distinct-mset} \ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \ \land \ \neg tautology \ (C + \{\#L\#\})
    \wedge (\exists F' \ K \ d \ F. \ trail \ S = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \ \wedge \ F \models as \ CNot \ C)
    then \{mset\text{-}cls\ C'\}\ else\ \{\}\}
  using conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq by auto
lemma conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses:
   conflicting-bj-clss\ S \subseteq set-mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
lemma finite-conflicting-bj-clss[<math>simp]:
 finite (conflicting-bj-clss S)
  using conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses[of S] rev-finite-subset by blast
lemma learn-conflicting-increasing:
  no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow learn\ S\ T \Longrightarrow conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss\ S \subseteq conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss\ T
  apply (elim\ learn_{NOT}E)
 by (subst conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT}-state-eq[of T]) auto
abbreviation conflicting-bj-clss-yet b S \equiv
  3 \cap b - card (conflicting-bj-clss S)
abbreviation \mu_L :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat \times nat where
  \mu_L b S \equiv (conflicting-bj-clss-yet b S, card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S)))
{\bf lemma}\ do-not-forget-before-backtrack-rule-clause-learned-clause-untouched:}
 assumes forget_{NOT} S T
  shows conflicting-bj-clss S = conflicting-bj-clss T
  using assms apply (elim\ forget_{NOT}E)
 apply auto
  unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def
 apply clarify
  using diff-union-cancelR by (metis diff-union-cancelR)
lemma forget-\mu_L-decrease:
  assumes forget_{NOT}: forget_{NOT} S T
 shows (\mu_L \ b \ T, \mu_L \ b \ S) \in less-than < lex > less-than
proof -
  have card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)) > \theta
   using forget_{NOT} by (elim\ forget_{NOT}E) (auto simp: size-mset-removeAll-mset-le-iff card-gt-0-iff)
  then have card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) < card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   using forget_{NOT} by (elim\ forget_{NOT}E) (auto simp: size-mset-removeAll-mset-le-iff)
  then show ?thesis
   unfolding do-not-forget-before-backtrack-rule-clause-learned-clause-untouched [OF\ forget_{NOT}]
   by auto
qed
{\bf lemma}\ set\text{-}condition\text{-}or\text{-}split:
```

ultimately show ?thesis unfolding P-def by presburger

 $\{a. (a = b \lor Q \ a) \land S \ a\} = (if \ S \ b \ then \ \{b\} \ else \ \{\}) \cup \{a. \ Q \ a \land S \ a\}$

```
by auto
lemma set-insert-neq:
  A \neq insert \ a \ A \longleftrightarrow a \notin A
 by auto
lemma learn-\mu_L-decrease:
  assumes learnST: learn S T and n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
  A: atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup atm-of \ `lits-of-l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq A \ {\bf and}
  fin-A: finite A
 shows (\mu_L \ (card \ A) \ T, \mu_L \ (card \ A) \ S) \in less-than <*lex*> less-than
proof -
 have [simp]: (atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T) \cup atm-of\ `lits-of-l\ (trail\ T))
   = (atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup atm-of \ `lits-of-l \ (trail \ S))
   using learnST n-d by (elim\ learn_{NOT}E) auto
  then have card (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T))
   = card (atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of `lits-of-l (trail S))
   by (auto intro!: card-mono)
  then have 3: (3::nat) \hat{} card (atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T) \cup atm-of\ '\ lits-of-l\ (trail\ T))
   = 3 \widehat{} card (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S))
   by (auto intro: power-mono)
  moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \subseteq conflicting-bj-clss T
   using learnST n-d by (simp add: learn-conflicting-increasing)
  moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \neq conflicting-bj-clss T
   using learnST
   proof (elim\ learn_{NOT}E,\ goal\text{-}cases)
     case (1 C) note clss-S = this(1) and atms-C = this(2) and inv = this(3) and T = this(4)
     then obtain F K F' C' L where
       tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
       C: mset\text{-}cls \ C = C' + \{\#L\#\} \ \mathbf{and}
       F: F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
       C\text{-}S:C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin \# clauses_{NOT} S
       by blast
     moreover have distinct-mset (mset-cls C) \neg tautology (mset-cls C) using inv by blast+
     ultimately have C' + \{\#L\#\} \in conflicting-bj-clss\ T
       using T n-d unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by fastforce
     moreover have C' + \{\#L\#\} \notin conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ S
       using C-S unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
     ultimately show ?case by blast
   qed
  moreover have fin-T: finite (conflicting-bj-clss T)
   using learnST by induction (auto simp add: conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls_{NOT})
  ultimately have card (conflicting-bj-clss T) \geq card (conflicting-bj-clss S)
   using card-mono by blast
 moreover
   have fin': finite (atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T))
     by auto
   have 1:atms-of-ms (conflicting-bj-clss T) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T)
```

unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def atms-of-ms-def by auto

unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto

have T: conflicting-bj-clss T

have 2: $\bigwedge x$. $x \in conflicting-bj-clss T \Longrightarrow \neg tautology <math>x \wedge distinct-mset x$

 $\subseteq simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \cup atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ T))$

```
by standard (meson 1 2 fin' \langle finite (conflicting-bj-clss\ T) \rangle simple-clss-mono
       distinct-mset-set-def simplified-in-simple-clss subsetCE sup.coboundedI1)
  moreover
   then have \#: 3 \cap card (atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \cup atm-of `lits-of-l (trail T))
       \geq card (conflicting-bj-clss T)
     by (meson Nat.le-trans simple-clss-card simple-clss-finite card-mono fin')
   have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail \ T) \subseteq A
     using learn_{NOT}E[OF\ learnST]\ A by simp
   then have 3 \widehat{\ } (card A) \geq card (conflicting-bj-clss T)
     using # fin-A by (meson simple-clss-card simple-clss-finite
       simple-clss-mono calculation(2) card-mono dual-order.trans)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using psubset-card-mono[OF fin-T]
   unfolding less-than-iff lex-prod-def by clarify
     (meson \ \langle conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ S \neq conflicting-bj\text{-}clss \ T \rangle
       \langle conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss\ S\subseteq\ conflicting\text{-}bj\text{-}clss\ T\rangle
       diff-less-mono2 le-less-trans not-le psubsetI)
qed
```

We have to assume the following:

- inv S: the invariant holds in the inital state.
- A is a (finite finite A) superset of the literals in the trail atm-of ' lits-of-l ($trail\ S$) \subseteq $atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A$ and in the clauses atms-of-mm ($clauses_{NOT}\ S$) \subseteq $atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A$. This can the set of all the literals in the starting set of clauses.
- no-dup (trail S): no duplicate in the trail. This is invariant along the path.

```
definition \mu_{CDCL} where
\mu_{CDCL} A T \equiv ((2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
             -\mu_C (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T),
          conflicting-bj-clss-yet\ (card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ T,\ card\ (set-mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv: inv S and
   atm-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm-lits: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A: finite A
 shows (\mu_{CDCL} \ A \ T, \mu_{CDCL} \ A \ S)
          \in less-than <*lex*> (less-than <*lex*> less-than)
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 case (c-dpll-bj\ T)
 from dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop[OF this(1) inv atm-clss atm-lits n-d fin-A]
 show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}-def
   by (meson in-lex-prod less-than-iff)
next
 case (c\text{-}learn\ T) note learn = this(1)
 then have S: trail\ S = trail\ T
   using inv atm-clss atm-lits n-d fin-A
   by (elim\ learn_{NOT}E) auto
 show ?case
```

```
using learn-\mu_L-decrease OF learn n-d, of atms-of-ms A atm-clss atm-lits fin-A n-d
   unfolding S \mu_{CDCL}-def by auto
next
  case (c\text{-}forget_{NOT} \ T) note forget_{NOT} = this(1)
 have trail S = trail\ T using forget_{NOT} by induction auto
 then show ?case
   using forget-\mu_L-decrease [OF forget_{NOT}] unfolding \mu_{CDCL}-def by auto
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-restricted-learning:
 assumes finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S).
   (atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)\subseteq atms-of-ms\ A\wedge atm-of\ `its-of-l\ (trail\ S)\subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
   \land no-dup (trail S)
   \wedge inv S)
   \land \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \ \}
 by (rule wf-wf-if-measure' [of less-than <*lex*> (less-than <*lex*> less-than)])
    (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure[OF - - - - assms])
definition \mu_C':: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_C' A T \equiv \mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
definition \mu_{CDCL}' :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat \ where
\mu_{CDCL}' A T \equiv
 ((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T) * (1+3 \cap (atms-of-ms\ A)) *
 + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T * 2
 + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} T))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure':
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv: inv S and
   atms-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A: finite A
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A T < \mu_{CDCL}' A S
 using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct)
 case (dpll-bj\ T)
  then have (2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T
   <(2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ S
   using dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop fin-A inv n-d atms-clss atms-trail
   unfolding \mu_C'-def by blast
  then have XX: ((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T) + 1
   \leq (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S
 from mult-le-mono1[OF this, of <math>(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))]
 have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T) *
     (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) + (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))
   \leq ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
     * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))
   unfolding Nat.add-mult-distrib
   by presburger
```

```
moreover
   have cl-T-S: clauses_{NOT} T = clauses_{NOT} S
     using dpll-bj.hyps inv dpll-bj-clauses by auto
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S < 1 + 3 and (atms-of-ms A)
   by simp
 ultimately have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T)
     *(1+3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T
   <((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ \widehat{\ }(1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))-\mu_C{'}\ A\ S)*(1+3\ \widehat{\ }card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))
A))
   by linarith
 then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T)
      * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A))
     + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T
   <((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
      * (1 + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A))
     + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S
   by linarith
 then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T)
     * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T * 2
   <((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
     *(1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   + conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S * 2
   by linarith
 then show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def cl-T-S by presburger
 case (learn C F' K F C' L T) note clss-S-C = this(1) and atms-C = this(2) and dist = this(3)
   and tauto = this(4) and learn-restr = this(5) and tr-S = this(6) and C' = this(7) and
   F-C = this(8) and C-new = this(9) and T = this(10)
 have insert (mset-cls C) (conflicting-bj-clss S) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   proof -
     have mset\text{-}cls\ C \in simple\text{-}clss\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A)
      using C'
      by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Un-subset-iff simple-clss-mono
        contra-subset D\ dist\ distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss
        dual-order.trans atms-C atms-clss atms-trail tauto)
     moreover have conflicting-bj-clss S \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
      proof
        \mathbf{fix} \ x :: 'v \ literal \ multiset
        assume x \in conflicting-bj-clss S
        then have x \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \wedge distinct\text{-mset } x \wedge \neg tautology x
          unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by blast
        then show x \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
          by (meson atms-clss atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-mono
            distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss fin-A finite-subset
            set-rev-mp)
      qed
     ultimately show ?thesis
      by auto
 then have card (insert (mset-cls C) (conflicting-bj-clss S)) \leq 3 (card (atms-of-ms A))
   by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card simple-clss-finite
     card-mono fin-A)
 moreover have [simp]: card (insert (mset-cls C) (conflicting-bj-clss S))
   = Suc (card ((conflicting-bj-clss S)))
```

```
by (metis (no-types) C' C-new card-insert-if conflicting-bj-clss-incl-clauses contra-subsetD
     finite-conflicting-bj-clss)
  moreover have [simp]: conflicting-bj-clss (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> CS) = conflicting-bj-clss S \cup \{mset\text{-}cls\ C\}
   using dist tauto F-C by (subst conflicting-bj-clss-add-cls<sub>NOT</sub>[OF n-d]) (force simp: C' tr-S n-d)
  ultimately have [simp]: conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S
   = Suc \ (conflicting-bj-clss-yet \ (card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (add-cls_{NOT} \ C \ S))
     bv simp
 have 1: clauses_{NOT} T = clauses_{NOT} (add-cls_{NOT} \ C \ S) using T by auto
 have 2: conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T
   = conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) (add-cls_{NOT} C S)
   using T unfolding conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
 have 3: \mu_C' A T = \mu_C' A (add-cls_{NOT} C S)
   using T unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
 have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A (add-cls_{NOT} C S))
   * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   = ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A S)
   * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
     using n-d unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
  moreover
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> CS)
       * 2
     + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} CS)))
     < conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) S * 2
     + card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} S))
     by (simp \ add: \ C' \ C\text{-}new \ n\text{-}d)
 ultimately show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def 1 2 3 by presburger
next
  case (forget_{NOT} \ C \ T) note T = this(4)
 have [simp]: \mu_C' A (remove-cls_{NOT} C S) = \mu_C' A S
   unfolding \mu_C'-def by auto
 have forget_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule forget_{NOT}.intros) using forget_{NOT} by auto
  then have conflicting-bj-clss T = conflicting-bj-clss S
   using do-not-forget-before-backtrack-rule-clause-learned-clause-untouched by blast
 moreover have card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T)) < card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S))
   by (metis T card-Diff1-less clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> finite-set-mset forget<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps(2)
     in-clss-mset-clss order-refl set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) state-eq_{NOT}-clauses)
  ultimately show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def
   using T \langle \mu_C' A \text{ (remove-cls}_{NOT} C S \rangle = \mu_C' A S \rangle by (metis (no-types) add-le-cancel-left
     \mu_C'-def not-le state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-trail)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of '(lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite A
 shows set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup simple-clss A
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-learn-all-induct)
  case dpll-bj
  then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by simp
```

```
next
  case forget_{NOT}
 then show ?case using clauses-remove-cls<sub>NOT</sub> unfolding state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def by auto
  case (learn C F K d F' C' L) note atms-C = this(2) and dist = this(3) and tauto = this(4) and
  T = this(10) and atms-clss-S = this(12) and atms-trail-S = this(13)
 have atms-of (mset-cls C) \subseteq A
   using atms-C atms-clss-S atms-trail-S by fast
  then have simple-clss\ (atms-of\ (mset-cls\ C))\subseteq simple-clss\ A
   by (simp add: simple-clss-mono)
  then have mset\text{-}cls\ C \in simple\text{-}clss\ A
   using finite dist tauto by (auto dest: distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss)
 then show ?case using T n-d by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \cup simple-clss \ A
 using assms(1-5)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)] and
   inv = this(4) and atms-clss-S = this(5) and atms-trail-S = this(6) and finite-cls-S = this(7)
 have inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv st inv by blast
 moreover have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq A and atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail T) \subseteq A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound [OF st] inv atms-clss-S atms-trail-S n-d by auto
 moreover have no-dup (trail T)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF\ st\ \langle inv\ S\rangle\ n-d] by simp
  ultimately have set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \cup simple-clss A
   using cdcl_{NOT} finite n-d by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound)
  then show ?case using IH by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} T)) \leq card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} S)) + 3 ^ (card A)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] finite by (meson Nat.le-trans
   simple-clss-card simple-clss-finite card-Un-le card-mono finite-UnI
   finite-set-mset nat-add-left-cancel-le)
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-clauses-bound':
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   atm\text{-}of '(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S)) \subseteq A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows card \{C|C.\ C\in\#\ clauses_{NOT}\ T\land (tautology\ C\lor\neg distinct\text{-mset}\ C)\}
   \leq card \{C \mid C. C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct-mset C)\} + 3 \cap (card A)
   (is card ?T \leq card ?S + -)
 using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound[OF assms] finite
proof -
 have ?T \subseteq ?S \cup simple\text{-}clss A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by force
  then have card ?T \leq card (?S \cup simple-clss A)
   using finite by (simp add: assms(5) simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson le-trans simple-clss-card card-Un-le local finite nat-add-left-cancel-le)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-simple-clauses-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   NA: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq A and
   MA: atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
 shows card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} T))
  \leq card \{C. C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset } C)\} + 3 \cap (card A)
   (is card ?T \leq card ?S + -)
 using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] finite
proof -
 have \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ T \Longrightarrow \neg \ tautology \ x \Longrightarrow \ distinct\text{-mset} \ x \Longrightarrow x \in simple\text{-}clss \ A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound [OF assms] by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Un-iff NA
     atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono simple-clss-mono contra-subsetD subset-trans
     distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss)
  then have set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq ?S \cup simple-clss \ A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-clauses-bound[OF assms] by auto
  then have card(set\text{-}mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)) \leq card\ (?S \cup simple\text{-}clss\ A)
   using finite by (simp add: assms(5) simple-clss-finite card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
   by (meson le-trans simple-clss-card card-Un-le local finite nat-add-left-cancel-le)
qed
definition \mu_{CDCL}'-bound :: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S =
  ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))) * (1 + 3 \cap card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
    + 2*3 \cap (card (atms-of-ms A))
    + card \{C. C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \land (tautology C \lor \neg distinct\text{-}mset C)\} + 3 \land (card (atms-of\text{-}ms A))
lemma \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>[simp]:
 \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> MS) = \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
 unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>:
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite (atms-of-ms A) and
    U: U \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M T
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A U \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
 have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A U)
   \leq (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
   by auto
 then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A U)
       * (1 + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   <(2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) * (1 + 3 ^ card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   using mult-le-mono1 by blast
  moreover
   have conflicting-bj-clss-yet (card (atms-of-ms A)) T*2 \le 2*3 and (atms-of-ms A)
     by linarith
 moreover have card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} U))
     \leq card \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} + 3 \cap card \ (atms\text{-of-ms} \ A)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-card-simple-clauses-bound [OF assms(1-6)] U by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by linarith
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite (atms-of-ms A)
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
 have \mu_{CDCL}' A (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> (trail T) T) = \mu_{CDCL}' A T
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-def \mu_{C}'-def conflicting-bj-clss-def by auto
 then show ? thesis using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}[OF assms, of - trail T]
    state-eq_{NOT}-ref by fastforce
lemma rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   inv S and
   atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of '(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite[simp]: finite (atms-of-ms A)
 shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
```

```
have \{C.\ C \in \#\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land (tautology\ C \lor \neg\ distinct\text{-mset}\ C)\}
    \subseteq \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg \ distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\} \ (is \ ?T \subseteq ?S)
    proof (rule Set.subsetI)
      fix C assume C \in ?T
      then have C\text{-}T: C \in \# clauses_{NOT} T and t\text{-}d: tautology <math>C \vee \neg distinct\text{-}mset C
      then have C \notin simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
        by (auto dest: simple-clssE)
      then show C \in ?S
        using C-T rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-clauses-bound[OF assms] t-d by force
    qed
  then have card \{C.\ C \in \#\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land (tautology\ C \lor \neg\ distinct\text{-mset}\ C)\} \le
    card \{C. \ C \in \# \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land (tautology \ C \lor \neg \ distinct\text{-mset} \ C)\}
    by (simp add: card-mono)
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
qed
end — end of conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnt
16.5
           CDCL with restarts
16.5.1
             Definition
\mathbf{locale}\ \mathit{restart\text{-}ops} =
    cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart S \ T \mid
restart \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart S \ T
end
{\bf locale}\ conflict \hbox{-} driven \hbox{-} clause \hbox{-} learning \hbox{-} with \hbox{-} restarts =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    inv backjump-conds propagate-conds learn-cond forget-cond
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
```

```
backjump\text{-}conds:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    learn\text{-}cond\ forget\text{-}cond\ ::\ 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-iff-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-no-restarts:
  cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow restart ops.cdcl_{NOT} -raw-restart \ cdcl_{NOT} \ (\lambda - -. \ False) \ S \ T
  (is ?C S T \longleftrightarrow ?R S T)
proof
  fix S T
  assume ?CST
  then show ?R \ S \ T by (simp \ add: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1))
next
  \mathbf{fix} \ S \ T
  assume ?R S T
  then show ?CST
    apply (cases rule: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.cases)
    using \langle ?R \ S \ T \rangle by fast+
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart:
  cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart cdcl_{NOT} restart S \ T
  by (simp add: restart-ops.cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-raw-restart.intros(1))
end
```

16.5.2 Increasing restarts

To add restarts we needs some assumptions on the predicate (called $cdcl_{NOT}$ here):

- a function f that is strictly monotonic. The first step is actually only used as a restart to clean the state (e.g. to ensure that the trail is empty). Then we assume that $(1::'a) \leq f$ n for $(1::'a) \leq n$: it means that between two consecutive restarts, at least one step will be done. This is necessary to avoid sequence. like: full restart full ...
- a measure μ : it should decrease under the assumptions bound-inv, whenever a $cdcl_{NOT}$ or a restart is done. A parameter is given to μ : for conflict- driven clause learning, it is an upper-bound of the clauses. We are assuming that such a bound can be found after a restart whenever the invariant holds.
- we also assume that the measure decrease after any $cdcl_{NOT}$ step.
- \bullet an invariant on the states $cdcl_{NOT}$ -inv that also holds after restarts.
- it is not required that the measure decrease with respect to restarts, but the measure has to be bound by some function μ -bound taking the same parameter as μ and the initial state of the considered $cdcl_{NOT}$ chain.

```
locale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops = 
restart-ops cdcl_{NOT} restart for 
restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and 
cdcl_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool + 
fixes 
f :: nat \Rightarrow nat and 
bound-inv :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
```

```
\mu :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu-bound :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat
  assumes
    f: unbounded f and
    f-ge-1: <math>\bigwedge n. n \ge 1 \implies f n \ne 0 and
    bound-inv: \bigwedge A \ S \ T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-measure: \bigwedge A S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow bound-inv A S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow \mu A T < \mu
A S  and
    measure-bound2: \bigwedge A \ T \ U. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ T \ U
       \implies \mu \ A \ U \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T \ \text{and}
    measure-bound4: \bigwedge A \ T \ U. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ T \ U
       \implies \mu-bound A \ U \le \mu-bound A \ T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart-inv: \bigwedge A\ U\ V. cdcl_{NOT}-inv U\Longrightarrow restart\ U\ V\Longrightarrow bound-inv A\ U\Longrightarrow bound-inv
A V
      and
    exists-bound: \bigwedge R S. cdcl_{NOT}-inv R \Longrightarrow restart R S \Longrightarrow \exists A. bound-inv A S and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv-restart: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \Longrightarrow restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
begin
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  assumes
    (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\hspace{1em}} n) S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
  shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
  using assms by (induction n arbitrary: T) (auto intro:bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv:
  assumes
    (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\hspace{1em}} n) S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
    bound-inv \ A \ S
  shows bound-inv A T
  using assms by (induction n arbitrary: T) (auto intro:bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
  shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
  using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
    bound\text{-}inv\ A\ S\ \mathbf{and}
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
  shows bound-inv A T
  using assms by induction (auto intro:bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le:
  assumes
    (cdcl_{NOT} \curvearrowright (Suc \ n)) \ S \ T \ and
    bound-inv A S
```

```
cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows \mu A T < \mu A S - n
 using assms
proof (induction \ n \ arbitrary: \ T)
 case \theta
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-measure by auto
next
 case (Suc\ n) note IH = this(1)[OF - this(3)\ this(4)] and S-T = this(2) and b-inv = this(3) and
 c\text{-}inv = this(4)
 obtain U: 'st where S-U: (cdcl_{NOT} \cap (Suc\ n)) S U and U-T: cdcl_{NOT} U T using S-T by auto
 then have \mu A U < \mu A S - n using IH[of U] by simp
 moreover
   have bound-inv A U
     using S-U b-inv cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv c-inv by blast
   then have \mu A T < \mu A U using cdcl_{NOT}-measure [OF - - U - T] S-U c-inv cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv
by auto
 ultimately show ?case by linarith
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}:
 wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT} \text{-inv } S \land bound\text{-inv } A \ S\} \ (is \ wf \ ?A)
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure2[of - - \mu A])
 using cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of \theta - - A] by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-measure:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T and
   bound-inv A S and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv S
 shows \mu A T \leq \mu A S
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (step T U) note IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)\ this(5)] and st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2)
   b-inv = this(4) and c-inv = this(5)
 have bound-inv A T
   by (meson\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}bound\text{-}inv\ rtranclp\text{-}imp\text{-}relpowp\ st\ step.prems})
 moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
   using c-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv st by blast
 ultimately have \mu A U < \mu A T using cdcl_{NOT}-measure [OF - cdcl_{NOT}] by auto
 then show ?case using IH by linarith
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-comp-bounded:
 assumes
   bound-inv A S and cdcl_{NOT}-inv S and m \geq 1 + \mu A S
 shows \neg(cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{\ } \ m) \ S \ T
 using assms cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of m-1 S T A] by fastforce
```

• f n < m ensures that at least one step has been done.

inductive $cdcl_{NOT}$ -restart where

```
restart-step: (cdcl_{NOT} \widehat{\ } m) \ S \ T \Longrightarrow m \ge f \ n \Longrightarrow restart \ T \ U
  \implies cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart\ (S,\ n)\ (U,\ Suc\ n)\ |
restart-full: full1 cdcl_{NOT} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemmas cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct = cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct[split-format(complete),
  OF\ cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops-axioms]
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart** (fst S) (fst T)
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
 case (restart-step m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
 then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T by (meson\ relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart** S T using cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1)
    rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart] by blast
 moreover have cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart T U
   using \langle restart\ T\ U \rangle\ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(2) by blast
  ultimately show ?case by auto
  case (restart\text{-}full\ S\ T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T unfolding full1-def by auto
  then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.intros(1)
    rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart] by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   bound-inv \ A \ (fst \ S) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
 shows bound-inv A (fst T)
  using assms apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
   prefer 2 apply (metis rtranclp-unfold fstI full1-def rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-bound-inv)
 by (metis\ cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv\ cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ cdcl_{NOT}-restart-inv\ fst-conv)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst \ T)
  using assms apply induction
   apply (metis cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv-restart fst-conv)
  apply (metis fstI full-def full-unfold rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
  \mathbf{done}
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S)
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst T)
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
```

```
bound-inv A (fst S)
  shows bound-inv A (fst T)
  using assms apply induction
  apply (simp\ add: cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv\ cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv)
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv by blast
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-increasing-number:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow snd \ T = 1 + snd \ S
  by (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct) auto
end
locale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts =
  cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops restart cdcl_{NOT} f bound-inv \mu cdcl_{NOT}-inv \mu-bound +
  dpll-state mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    f :: nat \Rightarrow nat and
    restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    bound-inv :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    cdcl_{NOT}:: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    \mu-bound :: 'bound \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat +
    measure-bound: \bigwedge A \ T \ V \ n. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A \ T
      \implies cdcl_{NOT}\text{-restart }(T, n) \ (V, Suc \ n) \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu\text{-bound } A \ T \ \text{and}
    cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound:
      cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
          \Rightarrow \mu-bound A \ V \leq \mu-bound A \ T
begin
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu-bound A V \le \mu-bound A T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct2)
  apply simp
  by (metis cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound dual-order.trans fst-conv
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
```

lemma $cdcl_{NOT}$ -raw-restart-measure-bound:

```
cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T
 apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
    apply simp
   using measure-bound relpowp-imp-rtrancly apply fastforce
  by (metis full-def full-unfold measure-bound2 prod.inject)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound:
  cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (T, a) (V, b) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-inv T \Longrightarrow bound-inv A T
    \implies \mu \ A \ V \leq \mu \text{-bound } A \ T
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct2)
   apply (simp add: measure-bound2)
  by (metis dual-order.trans fst-conv measure-bound2 r-into-rtranclp rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-\mu-bound)
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-restart:
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-restart} \ S \ T \land cdcl_{NOT}\text{-inv} \ (fst \ S)\}\ (is \ wf \ ?A)
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume ¬ ?thesis
  then obtain g where
   g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT}-restart (g\ i)\ (g\ (Suc\ i)) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst \ (g \ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
 have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g \ i) = i + snd (g \ \theta)
   apply (induct-tac i)
     apply simp
     by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add.commute add.left-commute
       cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-increasing-number q)
  then have snd-g-\theta: \bigwedge i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd(g i) = i + snd(g \theta)
   by blast
  have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-g
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le le-iff-add)
 \{ \text{ fix } i \}
   have H: \bigwedge T Ta m. (cdcl_{NOT} \ ^{\frown} m) T Ta \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_{NOT} T \Longrightarrow m = 0
     apply (case-tac m) by simp (meson relpowp-E2)
   have \exists T m. (cdcl_{NOT} \curvearrowright m) (fst (g i)) T \land m \geq f (snd (g i))
     using g[of\ i] apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
       apply auto
     using g[of Suc \ i] \ f-ge-1 apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
     apply (auto simp add: full1-def full-def dest: H dest: tranclpD)
     using H Suc-leI leD by blast
  } note H = this
 obtain A where bound-inv A (fst (g 1))
   using g[of \ 0] \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g[of \ 0] apply (cases rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.cases)
     apply (metis One-nat-def cdcl_{NOT}-inv exists-bound fst-conv relpowp-imp-rtrancly
       rtranclp-induct)
     using H[of 1] unfolding full1-def by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 diff-is-0-eq' diff-zero
       f-ge-1 fst-conv le-add2 relpowp-E2 snd-conv)
 let ?j = \mu-bound A (fst (g 1)) + 1
 obtain j where
   j: f (snd (g j)) > ?j  and j > 1
```

```
using unbounded-f-g not-bounded-nat-exists-larger by blast
  {
    fix i j
    have cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart: j \ge i \implies cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (g\ i)\ (g\ j)
      apply (induction j)
        apply simp
       by (metis g le-Suc-eq rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
  \} note cdcl_{NOT}-restart = this
  have cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst (g (Suc 0)))
   by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g)
  have cdcl_{NOT}-restart** (fst (g\ 1), snd\ (g\ 1)) (fst (g\ j), snd\ (g\ j))
   using \langle j > 1 \rangle by (simp add: cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart)
  have \mu A (fst (g \ j)) \leq \mu-bound A (fst (g \ 1))
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound)
   \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} \ (\mathit{fst} \ (g \ 1), \ \mathit{snd} \ (g \ 1)) \ (\mathit{fst} \ (g \ j), \ \mathit{snd} \ (g \ j)) \rangle \ \mathbf{apply} \ \mathit{blast}
       apply (simp\ add:\ cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g)
       using \langle bound\text{-}inv \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle apply simp
  then have \mu \ A \ (fst \ (g \ j)) \le ?j
   by auto
  have inv: bound-inv \ A \ (fst \ (g \ j))
   using \langle bound\text{-}inv \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}inv \ (fst \ (g \ (Suc \ 0))) \rangle
   \langle cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} \ (fst \ (g \ 1), \ snd \ (g \ 1)) \ (fst \ (g \ j), \ snd \ (g \ j)) \rangle
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-bound-inv by auto
  obtain T m where
    cdcl_{NOT}-m: (cdcl_{NOT} \curvearrowright m) (fst (g j)) T and
   f-m: f (snd (g j)) <math>\leq m
   using H[of j] by blast
  have ?j < m
   using f-m j Nat.le-trans by linarith
  then show False
   using \langle \mu \ A \ (fst \ (g \ j)) \leq \mu \text{-bound} \ A \ (fst \ (g \ 1)) \rangle
   cdcl_{NOT}-comp-bounded[OF inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g, of ] cdcl_{NOT}-inv-g cdcl_{NOT}-m
    \langle ?j < m \rangle by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-steps-bigger-than-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   bound-inv A (fst S) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
   f (snd S) > \mu-bound A (fst S)
  shows full1 cdcl_{NOT} (fst S) (fst T)
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
  case restart-full
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and f = this(2) and bound-inv = this(4) and
    cdcl_{NOT}-inv = this(5) and \mu = this(6)
  then obtain m' where m: m = Suc m' by (cases m) auto
  have \mu A S - m' = 0
   using f bound-inv cdcl_{NOT}-inv \mu m rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart-measure-bound by fastforce
  then have False using cdcl_{NOT}-comp-n-le[of m' S T A] restart-step unfolding m by simp
```

```
then show ?case by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-inv-inv-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-inv S and
   binv: bound-inv A S
 shows (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_{NOT} \ S \ T \land \ cdcl_{NOT}\text{--inv} \ S \land \ bound-inv} \ A \ S)^{**} \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ S \ T
   (is ?A^{**} S T \longleftrightarrow ?B^{**} S T)
 apply (rule iffI)
   using rtranclp-mono[of ?A ?B] apply blast
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   using inv binv apply simp
 by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) binv inv rtranclp.simps rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bound-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv)
lemma no-step-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-no-step-cdcl_{NOT}:
 assumes
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-restart S and
   inv: cdcl_{NOT}-inv (fst S) and
   binv: bound-inv A (fst S)
 shows no-step cdcl_{NOT} (fst S)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain T where T: cdcl_{NOT} (fst S) T
   by blast
  then obtain U where U: full (\lambda S T. cdcl_{NOT} S T \wedge cdcl_{NOT}-inv S \wedge bound-inv A S) T U
    using wf-exists-normal-form-full[OF\ wf-cdcl_{NOT},\ of\ A\ T] by auto
 moreover have inv-T: cdcl_{NOT}-inv T
   using \langle cdcl_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \ T \rangle \ cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv by blast
 moreover have b-inv-T: bound-inv A T
   using \langle cdcl_{NOT} \ (fst \ S) \ T \rangle binv bound-inv inv by blast
  ultimately have full cdcl_{NOT} T U
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{with-inv-inv-rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{bound-inv}
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv unfolding full-def by blast
  then have full cdcl_{NOT} (fst S) U
   using T full-full by metis
  then show False by (metis n-s prod.collapse restart-full)
qed
end
         Merging backjump and learning
16.6
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops =
  decide-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ +
 forget-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
   mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
   trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ forget-cond\ +
  propagate-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
   mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
```

```
insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits  and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  fixes backjump-l-cond :: 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'v\ clause \Rightarrow 'v\ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
We have a new backjump that combines the backjumping on the trail and the learning of the
used clause (called C'' below)
inductive backjump-l where
backjump-l: trail S = F' \otimes Marked K () # F
   \implies no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S)
   \implies T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} C'' S))
   \implies C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S
   \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
   \implies undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L
   \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S))
   \implies clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}
   \implies mset\text{-}cls \ C'' = C' + \{\#L\#\}
   \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
   \implies backjump-l\text{-}cond \ C\ C'\ L\ S\ T
   \implies backjump-l \ S \ T
Avoid (meaningless) simplification in the theorem generated by inductive-cases:
declare reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-length-ne[simp del] Set.Un-iff[simp del] Set.insert-iff[simp del]
inductive-cases backjump-lE: backjump-l S T
thm backjump-lE
\operatorname{declare}\ reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-length-ne[simp] Set. Un-iff[simp] Set. insert-iff[simp]
inductive cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT}: decide_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S'
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>: propagate_{NOT} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S S' \mid
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l: backjump-l SS' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn SS'
cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT}: forget_{NOT} \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ S'
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail \ T)
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
      using defined-lit-map apply fastforce
    using defined-lit-map apply fastforce
   apply (force simp: defined-lit-map elim!: backjump-lE)[]
  using forget_{NOT}.simps apply auto[1]
  done
```

end

```
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ propagate-conds
    forget-cond
    \lambda C \ C' \ L' \ S \ T. backjump-l-cond C \ C' \ L' \ S \ T
    \land distinct\text{-mset} (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \land \neg tautology (C' + \{\#L'\#\})
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    propagate\text{-}conds::('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  fixes
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool
  assumes
     bj-merge-can-jump:
     \bigwedge S \ C \ F' \ K \ F \ L.
       inv S
       \implies trail \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F
       \implies C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S
       \implies trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
       \implies undefined\text{-}lit\ F\ L
       \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \cup atm-of '(lits-of-l (F' @ Marked K () # F))
       \implies clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}
       \implies F \models as \ CNot \ C'
       \implies \neg no\text{-step backjump-l } S and
     cdcl-merged-inv: \bigwedge S T. cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T
begin
abbreviation backjump-conds :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
backjump\text{-}conds \equiv \lambda C \ C' \ L' \ S \ T. \ distinct\text{-}mset \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \land \neg tautology \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\})
Without additional knowledge on backjump-l-cond, it is impossible to have the same invariant.
sublocale dpll-with-backjumping-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}\ inv
    backjump-conds propagate-conds
proof (unfold-locales, goal-cases)
  case 1
  \{ \mathbf{fix} \ S \ S' \}
```

```
assume bj: backjump-l S S' and no-dup (trail S)
   then obtain F' K F L C' C D where
     S': S' \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L ()) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} D S))
       and
     tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # F and
     C: C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S and
     tr-S-C: trail S \models as CNot C and
     undef-L: undefined-lit\ F\ L\ {\bf and}
     atm-L:
      atm\text{-}of\ L \in insert\ (atm\text{-}of\ K)\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \cup atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ F' \cup lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ F))
     cls-S-C': clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + {\#L\#} and
     F-C': F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
     dist: distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
     not-tauto: \neg tautology (C' + {\#L\#}) and
     cond: backjump-l-cond C C' L S S'
     mset-cls D = C' + \{\#L\#\}
     by (elim backjump-lE) metis
   interpret backjumping-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    backjump-conds
     by unfold-locales
   have \exists T. backjump S T
     apply rule
     apply (rule backjump.intros)
              using tr-S apply simp
             apply (rule state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
            using C apply simp
           using tr-S-C apply simp
         using undef-L apply simp
        using atm-L tr-S apply simp
       using cls-S-C' apply simp
      using F-C' apply simp
     using dist not-tauto cond apply simp
     done
 then show ?case using 1 bj-merge-can-jump by meson
qed
end
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
   mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
   trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
   propagate-conds forget-cond backjump-l-cond inv
 for
   mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
   insert-cls :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
   remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
   mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
   union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
   in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
   insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
```

```
remove-from-clss: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool
begin
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
  mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
  trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
  inv backjump-conds propagate-conds
  \lambda C -. distinct-mset (mset-cls C) \wedge \neg tautology (mset-cls C)
  forget-cond
  by unfold-locales
end
locale \ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
    propagate-conds forget-cond backjump-l-cond inv
  for
     mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
     in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    forget\text{-}cond :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool +
  assumes
     dpll-merge-bj-inv: \bigwedge S T. dpll-bj S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow inv T and
    learn-inv: \land S \ T. \ learn \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
sublocale
   conflict-driven-clause-learning mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
```

```
inv backjump-conds propagate-conds
    \lambda C -. distinct-mset (mset-cls C) \wedge \neg tautology (mset-cls C)
    forget-cond
 apply unfold-locales
  using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> cdcl-merged-inv learn-inv
 by (auto simp add: cdcl_{NOT}.simps dpll-merge-bj-inv)
lemma backjump-l-learn-backjump:
 assumes bt: backjump-l S T and inv: inv S and n-d: no-dup (trail S)
 shows \exists C' L D. learn S (add-cls_{NOT} D S)
   \land mset\text{-}cls \ D = (C' + \{\#L\#\})
   \land backjump (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} D S) T
   \land atms-of (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S))
proof -
  obtain C F' K F L l C' D where
    tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # F and
    T: T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L l) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} D S)) and
    C-cls-S: C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S and
    tr-S-CNot-C: trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ C and
    undef: undefined-lit FL and
    \mathit{atm-L}: \mathit{atm-of}\ L \in \mathit{atms-of-mm}\ (\mathit{clauses}_{NOT}\ S) \cup \mathit{atm-of}\ ``(\mathit{lits-of-l}\ (\mathit{trail}\ S)) \ \ \mathbf{and}
    clss-C: clauses_{NOT} S \models pm mset-cls D  and
    D: mset-cls \ D = C' + \{\#L\#\}
    F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
    distinct: distinct-mset (mset-cls D) and
    not-tauto: \neg tautology (mset-cls D)
    using bt inv by (elim backjump-lE) simp
  have atms-C': atms-of C' \subseteq atm-of '(lits-of-l F)
    by (metis\ D(2)\ atms-of-def\ image-subset I\ true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
  then have atms-of (C' + \#L\#) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S))
    using atm-L tr-S by auto
  moreover have learn: learn S (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> D S)
    apply (rule learn.intros)
        apply (rule clss-C)
      using atms-C' atm-L D apply (fastforce simp add: tr-S in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
    apply standard
     apply (rule distinct)
     apply (rule not-tauto)
     apply simp
    done
  moreover have bj: backjump (add-cls<sub>NOT</sub> D S) T
    apply (rule backjump.intros)
    using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle C-cls-S tr-S-CNot-C undef T distinct not-tauto n-d D
    by (auto simp: tr-S state-eq_{NOT}-def simp del: state-simp_{NOT})
  ultimately show ?thesis using D by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{++} S T
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
 case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> T)
 then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
   using bj-decide_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}.simps by fastforce
 then show ?case by auto
next
```

```
case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> T)
  then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
   using bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> cdcl_{NOT}.simps by fastforce
  then show ?case by auto
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT} T)
  then have cdcl_{NOT} S T
    using c-forget_{NOT} by blast
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l T) note bt = this(1) and inv = this(2) and
    n-d = this(3)
  obtain C':: 'v literal multiset and L:: 'v literal and D:: 'cls where
    f3: learn \ S \ (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ D \ S) \ \land
      backjump \ (add\text{-}cls_{NOT} \ D \ S) \ T \ \land
      atms-of (C' + \#L\#) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) and
    D: mset-cls \ D = C' + \{\#L\#\}
    using n-d backjump-l-learn-backjump[OF bt inv] by blast
  then have f_4: cdcl_{NOT} S (add-cls_{NOT} D S)
    using n-d c-learn by blast
  have cdcl_{NOT} (add-cls_{NOT} D S) T
    using f3 n-d bj-backjump c-dpll-bj by blast
  then show ?case
    using f4 by (meson tranclp.r-into-trancl tranclp.trancl-into-trancl)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}is\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}and\text{-}inv}.
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S \rightarrow inv S \implies no-dup (trail S) \implies cdcl_{NOT}** S \rightarrow inv T
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
   inv = this(4) and n-d = this(5)
 have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} T U
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}[OF\ cdcl_{NOT}]\ IH
    rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup inv n-d by auto
  then have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S U using IH by fastforce
 moreover have inv U using n-d IH \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \mid T \mid U \rangle rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv by blast
 ultimately show ?case using st by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}** S T
  using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv:
  cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T \Longrightarrow inv S \Longrightarrow no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow inv T
 using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv by blast
definition \mu_C' :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat \ where
\mu_C' A T \equiv \mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
definition \mu_{CDCL}'-merged :: 'v literal multiset set \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T \equiv
```

```
((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) \cap (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A)) - \mu_C'\ A\ T)*2 + card\ (set-mset\ (clauses_{NOT}) + card\ (set-mset) + car
T))
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure':
   assumes
      cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
      inv: inv S and
      atm-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
     atm-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
     n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
     fin-A: finite A
   shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T < \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A S
   using assms(1)
proof induction
   case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> T)
   have clauses_{NOT} S = clauses_{NOT} T
     using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps by auto
   moreover have
     (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
          -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
       <(2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ ^ (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))
          -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
     apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
     using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> fin-A atm-clss atm-trail n-d inv
     by (simp-all\ add:\ bj-decide_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT}.hyps)
   ultimately show ?case
     unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
\mathbf{next}
   case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> T)
   have clauses_{NOT} S = clauses_{NOT} T
     using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps
     by (simp add: bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub> inv dpll-bj-clauses)
   moreover have
     (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
          -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
       <(2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
          -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
     apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
     using inv n-d atm-clss atm-trail fin-A by (simp-all add: bj-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>
         cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>.hyps)
   ultimately show ?case
     unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
next
   case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget_{NOT} T)
   have card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T)) < card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} S))
     using \langle forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \rangle by (metis card-Diff1-less clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} finite-set-mset
         forget_{NOT}.cases in-clss-mset-clss \ linear \ set-mset-minus-replicate-mset(1) \ state-eq_{NOT}.def)
   moreover
     have trail\ S = trail\ T
         using \langle forget_{NOT} \ S \ T \rangle by (auto elim: forget_{NOT} E)
     then have
         (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
            -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T)
 = (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
            -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S)
```

```
by auto
  ultimately show ?case
   unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by simp
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l T) note bj-l = this(1)
 obtain C' L D where
   learn: learn S (add-cls_{NOT} D S) and
   \mathit{bj:}\ \mathit{backjump}\ (\mathit{add\text{-}cls}_{NOT}\ \mathit{D}\ \mathit{S})\ \mathit{T}\ \mathbf{and}
   atms-C: atms-of (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of `(lits-of-l (trail S))  and
   D: mset-cls \ D = C' + \{\#L\#\}
   using bj-l inv backjump-l-learn-backjump n-d atm-clss atm-trail by meson
  have card-T-S: card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) \leq 1 + card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   using bj-l inv by (force elim!: backjump-lE simp: card-insert-if)
 have
   ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T))
   < ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) ^ (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
      -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A))
          (trail-weight\ (add-cls_{NOT}\ D\ S)))
   apply (rule dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop)
        using bj bj-backjump apply blast
       using cdcl_{NOT}. c-learn cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv learn apply blast
      using atms-C atm-clss atm-trail D apply (simp add: n-d) apply fast
     using atm-trail n-d apply simp
    apply (simp add: n-d)
   using fin-A apply simp
   done
  then have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight T))
   <((2+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))\ \widehat{\ }\ (1+card\ (atms-of-ms\ A))
     -\mu_C (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) (trail-weight S))
   using n-d by auto
  then show ?case
   using card-T-S unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def \mu_{C}'-def by linarith
qed
lemma wf-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
 assumes
   fin-A: finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S).
   (inv\ S \land atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A \land atm\text{-}of\ `itis\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
   \land no-dup (trail S))
   \land cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of - - \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A])
  using cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure' fin-A by simp
lemma tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-tranclp:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn<sup>++</sup> S T and
   inv: inv S and
   atm-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite\ A
  shows (T, S) \in \{(T, S).
```

```
(inv\ S\ \land\ atms-of-mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)\subseteq atms-of-ms\ A\ \land\ atm-of\ ``lits-of-l\ (trail\ S)\subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
    \land no-dup (trail S))
    \land \ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T\}^+ \ (\mathbf{is} \ \text{-} \in \ ?P^+)
  using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: tranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case using n-d atm-clss atm-trail inv by auto
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
    \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT})
    using st \ cdcl_{NOT} \ inv \ n-d atm-clss atm-trail inv \ by \ auto
  have inv T
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
      using inv st cdcl_{NOT} n-d atm-clss atm-trail inv by auto
 moreover have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound[OF \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{***} \mid S \mid T \rangle inv n-d atm-clss atm-trail]
  moreover have atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ T))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
    \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\mathit{-trail-clauses-bound}[\mathit{OF} \ \langle \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}^{***} \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathit{inv} \ \mathit{n-d} \ \mathit{atm-clss} \ \mathit{atm-trail}]
    by fast
  moreover have no-dup (trail T)
    using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \ \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \ inv \ n-d] by fast
  ultimately have (U, T) \in P
    using cdcl_{NOT} by auto
  then show ?case using IH by (simp add: trancl-into-trancl2)
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
 assumes finite A
 shows wf \{(T, S).
    (inv\ S\ \land\ atms\hbox{-}of\hbox{-}mm\ (clauses_{NOT}\ S)\subseteq atms\hbox{-}of\hbox{-}ms\ A\ \land\ atm\hbox{-}of\ ``lits\hbox{-}of\hbox{-}l\ (trail\ S)\subseteq atms\hbox{-}of\hbox{-}ms\ A
    \land no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S))
    \land cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn<sup>++</sup> S T
  apply (rule wf-subset)
   apply (rule wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn])
   using assms apply simp
  using tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-tranclp[OF - - - - - \langle finite \ A \rangle] by auto
lemma backjump-no-step-backjump-l:
  backjump \ S \ T \Longrightarrow inv \ S \Longrightarrow \neg no\text{-step backjump-l } S
  apply (elim \ backjumpE)
  apply (rule bj-merge-can-jump)
   apply auto[7]
  by blast
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state:
  fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
  assumes
    n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S and
    atms-S: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    atms-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
    finite A and
    inv: inv S and
```

```
decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \vee (trail \ S \models asm \ clauses_{NOT} \ S \land satisfiable (set-mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)))
proof -
 let ?N = set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} S)
 let ?M = trail S
 consider
     (sat) satisfiable ?N and ?M \models as ?N
   |(sat')| satisfiable ?N and \neg ?M \models as ?N
   | (unsat) unsatisfiable ?N
   by auto
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case sat' note sat = this(1) and M = this(2)
     obtain C where C \in ?N and \neg ?M \models a C using M unfolding true-annots-def by auto
     obtain I :: 'v literal set where
       I \models s ?N  and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
       tot: total-over-m I ?N and
       atm-I-N: atm-of 'I \subseteq atms-of-ms ?N
       using sat unfolding satisfiable-def-min by auto
     let ?I = I \cup \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ?M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I'\}
     let ?O = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
     have cons-I': consistent-interp ?I
       using cons using (no-dup ?M) unfolding consistent-interp-def
       by (auto simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def
         dest!: no-dup-cannot-not-lit-and-uminus)
     have tot-I': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup unmark-l ?M)
       using tot atms-of-s-def unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
       by (fastforce simp: image-iff)
     have \{P \mid P. P \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l ? M \land atm\text{-}of P \notin atm\text{-}of `I\} \models s ? O
       using \langle I \models s ? N \rangle atm-I-N by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of true-clss-def lits-of-def)
     then have I'-N: ?I \models s ?N \cup ?O
       using \langle I \models s ?N \rangle true-clss-union-increase by force
     have tot': total-over-m ?I (?N \cup ?O)
       using atm-I-N tot unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
       by (force simp: image-iff lits-of-def dest!: is-marked-ex-Marked)
     have atms-N-M: atms-of-ms ?N \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l ?M
       proof (rule ccontr)
         assume ¬ ?thesis
         then obtain l :: 'v where
           l-N: l \in atms-of-ms ?N and
           \textit{l-M} \colon \textit{l} \not\in \textit{atm-of 'lits-of-l'?M}
          by auto
         have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
           using l-M by (metis Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
             atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set literal.sel(1))
         have decide_{NOT} S (prepend-trail (Marked (Pos l) ()) S)
           by (metis \ (undefined-lit \ ?M \ (Pos \ l)) \ decide_{NOT}.intros \ l-N \ literal.sel(1)
             state-eq_{NOT}-ref)
         then show False
           using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide<sub>NOT</sub> n-s by blast
       qed
```

```
have ?M \models as CNot C
  apply (rule all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot)
    using atms-N-M \langle C \in ?N \rangle \langle \neg ?M \models a \ C \rangle \ atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono[OF \langle C \in ?N \rangle]
    by (auto dest: atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono)
  have \exists l \in set ?M. is\text{-}marked l
    proof (rule ccontr)
      let ?O = \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M \land atm-of\ (lit-of\ L) \notin atms-of-ms\ ?N\}
      have \vartheta[iff]: \Lambda I. \ total-over-m \ I \ (?N \cup ?O \cup unmark-l ?M)
         \longleftrightarrow total\text{-}over\text{-}m\ I\ (?N\ \cup unmark\text{-}l\ ?M)
        unfolding total-over-set-def total-over-m-def atms-of-ms-def by blast
      assume ¬ ?thesis
      then have [simp]: \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\}
= \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L\land L\in set\ ?M\land atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ L)\notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ ?N\}
        by auto
      then have ?N \cup ?O \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M
        using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF decomp] by auto
      then have ?I \models s \ unmark-l \ ?M
         using cons-I' I'-N tot-I' (?I \models s ?N \cup ?O) unfolding \vartheta true-clss-clss-def by blast
      then have lits-of-l ?M \subseteq ?I
         unfolding true-clss-def lits-of-def by auto
      then have ?M \models as ?N
         using I'-N \ \langle C \in ?N \rangle \ \langle \neg ?M \models a \ C \rangle \ cons-I' \ atms-N-M
        by (meson \ \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle \ consistent-CNot-not \ rev-subsetD \ sup-ge1 \ true-annot-def
           true-annots-def true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def)
      then show False using M by fast
    ged
  from List.split-list-first-propE[OF\ this] obtain K:: 'v literal and d:: unit and
     F F' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list where
     M-K: ?M = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
    nm: \forall f \in set \ F'. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ f
    unfolding is-marked-def by (metis (full-types) old.unit.exhaust)
  let ?K = Marked K ()::('v, unit, unit) marked-lit
  have ?K \in set ?M
    unfolding M-K by auto
  let ?C = image\text{-}mset \ lit\text{-}of \ \{\#L \in \#mset \ ?M. \ is\text{-}marked \ L \land L \neq ?K\#\} :: 'v \ literal \ multiset
  let ?C' = set\text{-mset} (image\text{-mset} (\lambda L::'v \ literal. \{\#L\#\}) (?C + unmark ?K))
  have ?N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\} \models ps\ unmark-l\ ?M
    \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied}[\mathit{OF} \ \mathit{decomp}] \ \boldsymbol{.}
  moreover have C': ?C' = \{unmark \ L \mid L. \ is-marked \ L \land L \in set \ ?M\}
    unfolding M-K apply standard
      apply force
    by auto
  ultimately have N-C-M: ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \ unmark-l \ ?M
    by auto
  have N-M-False: ?N \cup (\lambda L. \ unmark \ L) ' (set \ ?M) \models ps \ \{\{\#\}\}\}
    using M \triangleleft ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \triangleleft \ \langle C \in ?N \rangle unfolding true-clss-clss-def true-annots-def Ball-def
    true-annot-def by (metis consistent-CNot-not sup.orderE sup-commute true-clss-def
      true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union true-clss-union-increase)
  have undefined-lit F \ K \ using \langle no\text{-}dup \ ?M \rangle \ unfolding \ M\text{-}K \ by \ (simp \ add: defined-lit-map)
  moreover
    have ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}\}
      proof -
        have A: ?N \cup ?C' \cup unmark-l ?M = ?N \cup unmark-l ?M
```

```
unfolding M-K by auto
           show ?thesis
             using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of {{#}}] N-M-False unfolding A by auto
         qed
       have ?N \models p image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
         unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
         proof (intro allI impI)
           \mathbf{fix} I
           assume
             tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (?N \cup {image-mset uminus ?C+ {#- K#}})) and
             cons: consistent-interp I and
             I \models s ?N
           have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
             using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def by (cases K) auto
           have \{a \in set \ (trail \ S). \ is\text{-marked} \ a \land a \neq Marked \ K \ ()\} =
            set (trail\ S) \cap \{L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L \land L \neq Marked}\ K\ ()\}
            by auto
           then have tot': total-over-set I
              (atm\text{-}of 'lit\text{-}of '(set ?M \cap \{L. is\text{-}marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\}))
             using tot by (auto simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
           { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit}
             assume
               a3: lit-of x \notin I and
               a1: x \in set ?M and
               a4: is\text{-}marked x \text{ and }
               a5: x \neq Marked K ()
             then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
               using a5 a4 tot' a1 unfolding total-over-set-def atms-of-s-def by blast
             moreover have f6: Neg (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) = -Pos\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x))
               by simp
             ultimately have - lit-of x \in I
               using f6 a3 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
                 literal.sel(1)
           \} note H = this
           have \neg I \models s ?C'
             using \langle ?N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\} \rangle \ tot \ cons \langle I \models s ?N \rangle
             unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
             by (simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
           then show I \models image\text{-mset uminus } ?C + \{\#-K\#\}
             unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def Bex-def
             using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
             by (auto dest!: H)
         qed
     moreover have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
       using nm unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def M-K by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
     ultimately have False
       using bj-merge-can-jump[of S F' K F C - K
         image-mset uminus (image-mset lit-of \{ \# L : \# mset ?M. is-marked L \land L \neq Marked K ()\# \} \}
         \langle C \in ?N \rangle n-s \langle ?M \models as \ CNot \ C \rangle bj-backjump inv unfolding M-K
         by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.simps)
       then show ?thesis by fast
   qed auto
qed
```

```
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
  assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
   atms-S: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)))
proof -
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast+
  then have st: cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv n-d by auto
  have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound [OF st inv n-d atms-S atms-trail] by blast+
  moreover have no-dup (trail T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup inv n-d st by blast
  moreover have inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-inv inv st by blast
 moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies inv st decomp n-d by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state[of T A] (finite A) n-s by fast
qed
```

 \mathbf{end}

16.7 Instantiations

In this section, we instantiate the previous locales to ensure that the assumption are not contradictory.

```
locale\ cdcl_{NOT}-with-backtrack-and-restarts =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning-learning-before-backjump-only-distinct-learnt
    mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT} remove-cls_{NOT}
    inv backjump-conds propagate-conds learn-restrictions forget-restrictions
  \mathbf{for}
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

```
remove\text{-}cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    backjump\text{-}conds:: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{and}
    propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
    learn\text{-}restrictions\ forget\text{-}restrictions\ ::\ 'cls\ \Rightarrow\ 'st\ \Rightarrow\ bool
    +
  \mathbf{fixes}\ f ::\ nat \Rightarrow\ nat
  assumes
    unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1: \bigwedge n. n \geq 1 \Longrightarrow f n \geq 1 and
    inv\text{-restart:} \land S \ T. \ inv \ S \Longrightarrow T \sim reduce\text{-trail-to}_{NOT} \ ([]::'a \ list) \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
lemma bound-inv-inv:
  assumes
    inv S and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
    atms-clss-S-A: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    atms-trail-S-A:atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    finite A and
    cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT} S T
  \mathbf{shows}
    atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A and
    finite A
proof -
  have cdcl_{NOT} S T
    using \langle inv S \rangle cdcl_{NOT} by linarith
  then have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} T) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \cup atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S)
    using \langle inv S \rangle
    by (meson conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-atms-of-ms-clauses-decreasing
      conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops-axioms n-d)
  then show atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    using atms-clss-S-A atms-trail-S-A by blast
next
  show atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
    by (meson (inv S) atms-clss-S-A atms-trail-S-A cdcl_{NOT} cdcl_{NOT}-atms-in-trail-in-set n-d)
  show finite A
    using \langle finite \ A \rangle by simp
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops \lambda S T. T \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> ([]::'a list) S cdcl_{NOT} f
  \lambda A S. atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \wedge atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \wedge
  \mu_{CDCL}' \lambda S. inv S \wedge no-dup (trail S)
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
  apply unfold-locales
           apply (simp add: unbounded)
          using f-qe-1 apply force
         using bound-inv-inv apply meson
        apply (rule cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure'; simp)
        apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound; simp)
       apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing; simp)
      apply auto[]
    apply auto[]
```

```
using cdcl_{NOT}-inv cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup apply blast
  using inv-restart apply auto
  done
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
   cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
     inv T
     no-dup (trail T) and
   bound-inv:
     atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
     atm\text{-}of \text{ `} lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \text{ } (trail \text{ } T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \text{ } A
     finite A
 shows \mu_{CDCL}' A V \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T
 using cdcl_{NOT}-inv bound-inv
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct[OF cdcl_{NOT}])
 case (1 m S T n U) note U = this(3)
 show ?case
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>[of S T])
        using \langle (cdcl_{NOT} \ \widehat{\ } \ m) \ S \ T \rangle apply (fastforce dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
       using 1 by auto
next
 case (2 S T n) note full = this(2)
 show ?case
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound)
   using full 2 unfolding full1-def by force+
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}: cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, a) (V, b) and
   cdcl_{NOT}-inv:
     inv T
     no-dup (trail T) and
   bound-inv:
     atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
     atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A
     finite A
 shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A \ V \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A \ T
 using cdcl_{NOT}-inv bound-inv
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-induct[OF cdcl_{NOT}])
 case (1 m S T n U) note U = this(3)
 have \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
    apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing)
        using \langle (cdcl_{NOT} \curvearrowright m) \mid S \mid T \rangle apply (fastforce dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
       using 1 by auto
 then show ?case using U unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-bound-def by auto
 case (2 S T n) note full = this(2)
 show ?case
   apply (rule rtranclp-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-decreasing)
   using full 2 unfolding full1-def by force+
qed
```

```
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts - - - - -
   \lambda S \ T. \ T \sim reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ ([]::'a \ list) \ S
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
    \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}' \ cdcl_{NOT}
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
 apply unfold-locales
  using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply simp
 using cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply simp
 done
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv (fst S) and
   no-dup (trail (fst S))
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows
    all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst T)))
  using assms apply (induction)
  using rtranclp-cdel_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies by (auto dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp
   simp: full1-def)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   decomp:
     all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S)))
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m\ (clauses_{NOT}\ (\mathit{fst}\ T))\ (\mathit{get-all-marked-decomposition}\ (\mathit{trail}\ (\mathit{fst}\ T)))
 using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 {f case}\ base
 then show ?case using decomp by simp
 case (step T u) note st = this(1) and r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by blast
 moreover have no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv[OF\ st] inv n-d by blast
  ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies r IH n-d by fast
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff:
 assumes
   st: cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   inv: inv (fst S)
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ T)
 using assms
proof (induction)
  case (restart\text{-}step \ m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
```

```
then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff n-d by (fastforce dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
next
  case restart-full
 then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-bj-sat-ext-iff unfolding full1-def
 by (fastforce dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff:
 fixes S T :: 'st \times nat
 assumes
   st: cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**}\ S\ T and
   n-d: no-dup (trail (fst S)) and
   inv: inv (fst S)
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ T)
 using st
proof (induction)
 case base
  then show ?case by simp
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl_{NOT}-inv[OF st] inv n-d by blast+
 moreover have no-dup (trail\ (fst\ T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup st inv n-d by blast
  ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff[OF r] IH by blast
qed
theorem full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-backjump-final-state:
 fixes A :: 'v \ literal \ multiset \ set \ and \ S \ T :: 'st
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, n) (T, m) and
   atms-S: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   fin-A[simp]: finite A and
   inv: inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \vee (lits-of-l (trail T) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)))
proof -
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart^{**} (S, n) (T, m) and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-restart (T, m)
   using full unfolding full-def by fast+
 have binv-T: atms-of-mm (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-with-restart-bound-inv[OF st, of A] inv n-d atms-S atms-trail
   by auto
  moreover have inv-T: no-dup (trail T) inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv[OF st] inv n-d by auto
 moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies [OF st] inv n-d
    decomp by auto
  ultimately have T: unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
```

```
\vee (trail T \models asm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \land satisfiable\ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses_{NOT}\ T)))
   using no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>[of (T, m) A] n-s
    cdcl_{NOT}-final-state[of T A] unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv-def by auto
  have eq-sat-S-T:\bigwedge I. I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff [OF st] inv n-d atms-S
        atms-trail by auto
  have cons-T: consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail T))
   using inv-T(1) distinct-consistent-interp by blast
  consider
      (unsat) unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T))
   (sat) trail T \models asm clauses_{NOT} T  and satisfiable (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T))
   using T by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
      case unsat
      then have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
       using eq-sat-S-T consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext
       unfolding satisfiable-def by blast
      then show ?thesis by fast
   next
      case sat
      then have lits-of-l (trail T) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S
       using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-sat-ext-iff[OF st] inv n-d atms-S
        atms-trail by (auto simp: true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext true-annots-true-cls)
      moreover then have satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
          using cons-T consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable by blast
      ultimately show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
end — end of cdcl_{NOT}-with-backtrack-and-restarts locale
The restart does only reset the trail, contrary to Weidenbach's version where forget and restart
are always combined. But there is a forget rule.
locale\ cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-with-backtrack-restarts =
  cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
   trail\ raw-clauses prepend-trail tl-trail add-cls_{NOT}\ remove-cls_{NOT}
   \lambda C C' L' S T. distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \wedge backjump-l-cond C C' L' S T
   propagate\text{-}conds\ forget\text{-}conds\ inv
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
   insert-cls :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
   remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
   remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lits and
    raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
   prepend-trail :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
   add-cls_{NOT} :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls_{NOT}:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
   propagate\text{-}conds:: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked\text{-}lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \ and
```

```
inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool and
    forget\text{-}conds :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    backjump\text{-}l\text{-}cond :: 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool
  fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
  assumes
    unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1: \bigwedge n. n \geq 1 \implies f n \geq 1 and
    inv\text{-restart:} \land S \ T. \ inv \ S \Longrightarrow \ T \sim reduce\text{-trail-to}_{NOT} \ [] \ S \Longrightarrow inv \ T
begin
definition not-simplified-cls A = \{ \#C \in \# A. \text{ tautology } C \vee \neg \text{ distinct-mset } C \# \}
{\bf lemma}\ simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls:
  assumes atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    x \in \# clauses_{NOT} S and finite A
  shows x \in simple-clss (atms-of-ms A) \lor x \in \# not-simplified-cls (clauses_{NOT} S)
proof -
  consider
      (simpl) \neg tautology x  and distinct-mset x
    | (n\text{-}simp) \ tautology \ x \lor \neg distinct\text{-}mset \ x
    by auto
  then show ?thesis
    proof cases
      case simpl
      then have x \in simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
       by (meson assms atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-mono
          distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}not\text{-}tautology\text{-}implies\text{-}in\text{-}simple\text{-}clss\ finite\text{-}subset}
          subsetCE)
      then show ?thesis by blast
    next
      case n-simp
      then have x \in \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
        using \langle x \in \# clauses_{NOT} S \rangle unfolding not-simplified-cls-def by auto
      then show ?thesis by blast
    \mathbf{qed}
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}clauses\text{-}bound:}
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T and
    inv: inv S and
    atms-clss: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    atms-trail: atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
    n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
    fin-A[simp]: finite A
  shows set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
    \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.induct)
  case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT}
  then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by (force dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
  case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-propagate<sub>NOT</sub>
  then show ?case using dpll-bj-clauses by (force dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub>
  then show ?case using clauses-remove-cls_{NOT} unfolding state-eq_{NOT}-def
    by (force elim!: forget_{NOT}E dest: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
next
  case (cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l T) note bj = this(1) and inv = this(2) and
    atms-clss = this(3) and atms-trail = this(4) and n-d = this(5)
 have cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
    \mathbf{apply}\ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT})
    using bj inv cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.simps n-d by blast+
  have atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\mathit{-trail-clauses-bound}[\mathit{OF}\ \langle \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}^{**}\ S\ \mathit{T}\rangle]\ \mathit{inv}\ \mathit{atms-trail}\ \mathit{atms-clss}
    n-d by auto
  have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{trail-clauses-bound}[\mathit{OF}\ \langle \mathit{cdcl}_{NOT}^{***}\ \mathit{S}\ \mathit{T}\rangle\ \mathit{inv}\ \mathit{n-d}\ \mathit{atms-clss}\ \mathit{atms-trail}]
  moreover have no-dup (trail T)
    using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \ \langle cdcl_{NOT}^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \ inv \ n-d] by fast
  obtain F' K F L l C' C D where
    tr-S: trail S = F' @ Marked K () # <math>F and
    T: T \sim prepend-trail (Propagated L l) (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F (add-cls_{NOT} D S)) and
    C \in \# clauses_{NOT} S and
    trail S \models as CNot C  and
    undef: undefined-lit F L and
    clauses_{NOT} S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
    F \models as \ CNot \ C' and
    D: mset\text{-}cls \ D = C' + \{\#L\#\} \ {\bf and}
    dist: distinct-mset (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
    tauto: \neg tautology (C' + \{\#L\#\}) and
    backjump-l-cond C C' L S T
    using \langle backjump-l | S | T \rangle apply (elim \ backjump-lE) by auto
  have atms-of\ C'\subseteq atm-of\ `(lits-of-l\ F)
    using \langle F \models as\ CNot\ C' \rangle by (simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set
      atms-of-def\ image-subset-iff\ in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
  then have atms-of (C'+\{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
    using T \land atm\text{-}of \land lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \land tr\text{-}S \ undef \ n\text{-}d \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
  then have simple-clss (atms-of (C' + \{\#L\#\})) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
    apply - by (rule simple-clss-mono) (simp-all)
  then have C' + \{\#L\#\} \in simple\text{-}clss (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A)
    using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss[OF dist tauto]
    by auto
  then show ?case
    using T inv atms-clss undef tr-S n-d D by (force dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
 shows (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) \subseteq \# (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
  using assms apply induction
  prefer 4
  unfolding not-simplified-cls-def apply (auto elim!: backjump-lE forget<sub>NOT</sub>E)[3]
  by (elim backjump-lE) auto
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing:
 assumes cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
 shows (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) \subseteq \# (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
  using assms apply induction
   apply simp
  by (drule\ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn\text{-}clauses\text{-}bound:}
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
   inv S and
   \mathit{atms-of-mm}\ (\mathit{clauses}_{NOT}\ S) \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-ms}\ A and
   atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite[simp]: finite A
  shows set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
 using assms(1-5)
proof induction
 case base
  then show ?case by (auto dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl_{NOT} = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-7)] and
    inv = this(4) and atms-clss-S = this(5) and atms-trail-S = this(6) and finite-cls-S = this(7)
 have st': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv st n-d by blast
 have inv T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv st n-d by blast
 moreover
   have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
     atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ T) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A
     using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-trail-clauses-bound[OF st'] inv atms-clss-S atms-trail-S n-d
 moreover moreover have no-dup (trail\ T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup[OF \land cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T \land inv n-d] by fast
  ultimately have set-mset (clauses_{NOT} U)
   \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   using cdcl_{NOT} finite cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound)
  moreover have set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T))
   \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing [OF\ st] by auto
  ultimately show ?case using IH inv atms-clss-S
   by (auto dest!: simple-clss-or-not-simplified-cls)
qed
abbreviation \mu_{CDCL}'-bound where
\mu_{CDCL}'-bound A T \equiv ((2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))) * 2
    + \ card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses_{NOT} \ T)))
    + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
   inv S and
```

```
atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \mathbf{and}
   n-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite: finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A T \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A S
proof -
  have set-mset (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls(clauses_{NOT} \ S))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{assms}]\ \boldsymbol{.}
  moreover have card (set-mset (not-simplified-cls(clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S))
      \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses_{NOT} \ S))) + 3 \ \widehat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
   by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card card-Un-le finite
      nat-add-left-cancel-le)
  ultimately have card (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} T))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses_{NOT} \ S))) + 3 \ \widehat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
   by (meson Nat.le-trans atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-finite card-mono
      finite-UnI finite-set-mset local.finite)
  moreover have ((2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) - \mu_C' A T) * 2
    \leq (2 + card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1 + card (atms-of-ms A)) * 2
   by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def by auto
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts-ops \lambda S T. T \sim reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> ([]::'a list) S
   cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn f
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
     \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-ms A \land finite A
  \mu_{CDCL}'-merged
   \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
  \mu_{CDCL}'-bound
  apply unfold-locales
             using unbounded apply simp
            using f-ge-1 apply force
            apply (blast dest!: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT} tranclp-into-rtranclp
             rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound)
          apply (simp add: cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-decreasing-measure')
          using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card apply blast
          \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{drule} \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\text{-}\mathit{merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing})
          apply (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
      apply simp
      apply auto[]
     using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv cdcl-merged-inv apply blast
   apply (auto simp: inv-restart)[]
   done
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-merged-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart T V
    inv (fst T) and
    no-dup (trail (fst T)) and
    atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail (fst T)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms A and
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-merged A (fst V) \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst T)
```

```
using assms
proof induction
  case (restart\text{-}full\ S\ T\ n)
  show ?case
   unfolding fst-conv
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound-card)
   using restart-full unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)+
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and inv = this(4) and
   n-d = this(5) and atms-clss = this(6) and atms-trail = this(7) and finite = this(8)
  then have st': cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (blast dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have st'': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv n-d apply - by (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>) auto
  have inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
     using inv st' n-d by auto
  then have inv U
    using U by (auto simp: inv-restart)
  have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-trail-clauses-bound [OF st'] inv atms-clss atms-trail n-d
  then have atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} \ U) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using U by simp
  have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
   using \langle U \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \mid \mid T \rangle by auto
  moreover have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
   using ((cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn \ ^{\sim} m) \ S \ T) by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  ultimately have U-S: not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
   by auto
  have (set\text{-}mset\ (clauses_{NOT}\ U))
   \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-clauses-bound)
        apply simp
       using \langle inv \ U \rangle apply simp
      using \langle atms-of\text{-}mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ U) \subseteq atms-of\text{-}ms \ A \rangle apply simp
     using U apply simp
    using U apply simp
   using finite apply simp
   done
 then have f1: card (set\text{-}mset (clauses_{NOT} \ U)) \leq card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls (clauses_{NOT} \ U))
   \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
   by (simp add: simple-clss-finite card-mono local.finite)
  moreover have set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   \subseteq set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)) \cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)
   using U-S by auto
  then have f2:
    card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls\ (clauses_{NOT}\ U)) \cup simple\text{-}clss\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A))
      \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)) \cup simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A))
   by (simp add: simple-clss-finite card-mono local.finite)
 moreover have card (set-mset (not-simplified-cls (clauses_{NOT} S))
```

```
\cup simple-clss (atms-of-ms A))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S))) + card \ (simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A))
    using card-Un-le by blast
  moreover have card (simple-clss (atms-of-ms A)) \leq 3 ^ card (atms-of-ms A)
    using atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card local finite by blast
  ultimately have card (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U))
    \leq card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S))) + 3 \ \widehat{} \ card \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A)
    by linarith
  then show ?case unfolding \mu_{CDCL}'-merged-def by auto
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound:
  assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart T V and
    no-dup (trail (fst T)) and
    inv (fst T) and
    fin: finite A
  shows \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst V) \leq \mu_{CDCL}'-bound A (fst T)
  using assms(1-3)
proof induction
  case (restart-full\ S\ T\ n)
  \mathbf{have} \ not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses_{NOT} \ T) \subseteq \# \ not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S)
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
    using \langle full1\ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S\ T\rangle unfolding full1-def
    by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  then show ?case by (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
next
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and n-d = this(4) and
    inv = this(5)
  then have st': cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
    by (blast dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have st'': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
    using inv n-d apply – by (rule rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>) auto
  have inv T
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-inv)
      using inv st' n-d by auto
  then have inv U
    using U by (auto simp: inv-restart)
  have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T)
    using \langle U \sim reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to_{NOT} \mid T \rangle by auto
  moreover have not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> T) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
    apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-not-simplified-decreasing)
    using \langle (cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}merged\text{-}bj\text{-}learn \ \widehat{} \ m) \ S \ T \rangle by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  ultimately have U-S: not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> U) \subseteq \# not-simplified-cls (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> S)
    by auto
  then show ?case by (auto simp: card-mono set-mset-mono)
qed
sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts - - - -
   \lambda S \ T. \ T \sim reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ ([]::'a \ list) \ S
  \lambda A \ S. \ atms-of-mm \ (clauses_{NOT} \ S) \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A
     \land \ atm\text{-}of \ \lq \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S) \subseteq \ atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \ \land \ finite \ A
  \mu_{CDCL}'-merged cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn
    \lambda S. inv S \wedge no\text{-}dup (trail S)
```

```
\lambda A T. ((2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))) * 2
    + card (set\text{-}mset (not\text{-}simplified\text{-}cls(clauses_{NOT} T)))
    + 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-ms A)
  apply unfold-locales
    using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-merged-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound apply force
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound-le-\mu_{CDCL}'-bound by fastforce
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   no-dup (trail (fst S))
   inv (fst S)
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ T)
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_{NOT}-restart.induct)
 case (restart-full S T n)
  then have cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def)
  then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff restart-full.prems(1,2)
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
next
  case (restart\text{-}step \ m \ S \ T \ n \ U)
 then have cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T
   by (auto simp: tranclp-into-rtranclp full1-def dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then have I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ S \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-bj-sat-ext-iff restart-step.prems(1,2)
   rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT} by auto
 moreover have I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ T \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ U
   using restart-step.hyps(3) by auto
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff:
 assumes
    cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
    inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S))
 shows I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ S) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ T)
 using assms(1)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
\mathbf{next}
  case (step \ T \ U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have inv (fst T) and no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using st inv n-d by blast+
 then have I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ T) \longleftrightarrow I \models sextm\ clauses_{NOT}\ (fst\ U)
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff cdcl by blast
 then show ?case using IH by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m:
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
```

```
all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ S)))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case (restart-full S T n) note full = this(1) and inv = this(2) and n-d = this(3) and
   decomp = this(4)
 have st: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn** S T and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn T
   using full unfolding full1-def by (fast dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)+
 have st': cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-and-inv st n-d by auto
 have inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-cdcl_{NOT}-inv[OF\ st]\ inv\ n-d\ by\ auto
 then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies [OF - - n-d decomp] st' inv by auto
  case (restart-step m S T n U) note st = this(1) and U = this(3) and inv = this(4) and
   n-d = this(5) and decomp = this(6)
 show ?case using U by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}restart\text{-}all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}m\text{:}}
 assumes
   cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses_{NOT} (fst S))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ S)))
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case using decomp by simp
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
   inv = this(4) and n-d = this(5) and decomp = this(6)
 have inv (fst T) and no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using st inv n-d by blast+
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m[OF cdcl] IH by auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-normal-form:
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart S T and
   inv: inv (fst S) and n-d: no-dup(trail (fst S)) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S))
     (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (fst S))) and
   atms-cls: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} (fst S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail (fst S)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   fin: finite A
  shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
   \vee lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
```

```
proof -
 have inv-T: inv (fst T) and n-d-T: no-dup (trail (fst T))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-with-restart-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-inv using full inv n-d unfolding full-def by blast+
  moreover have
    atms-cls-T: atms-of-mm (clauses_{NOT} (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A and
   atms-trail-T: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \subseteq atms-of-ms A
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-with-restart-bound-inv[of S T A] full atms-cls atms-trail fin inv n-d
   unfolding full-def by blast+
  ultimately have no-step cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn (fst T)
   apply -
   apply (rule no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>[of - A])
      using full unfolding full-def apply simp
     apply simp
   using fin apply simp
   done
 moreover have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T))
   (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ (fst\ T)))
   using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-all-decomposition-implies-m[of S T] inv n-d decomp
   full unfolding full-def by auto
  ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)))
   \vee trail (fst T) \models asm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)))
   apply (rule cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-final-state)
   using atms-cls-T atms-trail-T fin n-d-T fin inv-T by blast+
  then consider
     (unsat) unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses_{NOT} (fst T)))
   \mid (sat) \ trail \ (fst \ T) \models asm \ clauses_{NOT} \ (fst \ T) \ and \ satisfiable \ (set-mset \ (clauses_{NOT} \ (fst \ T)))
   by auto
  then show unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
    \vee lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
   proof cases
     case unsat
     then have unsatisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
       unfolding satisfiable-def apply auto
       \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{NOT}\mathit{-restart-eq-sat-iff}[\mathit{of}\ S\ T\ ]\ \mathit{full}\ \mathit{inv}\ \mathit{n-d}
       consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext
       unfolding satisfiable-def full-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by blast
   next
     case sat
     then have lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst T)
       using true-clss-imp-true-cls-ext by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
     then have lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)
       using rtranclp-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-eq-sat-iff [of S T] full inv n-d unfolding full-def by blast
     moreover then have satisfiable (set-mset (clauses<sub>NOT</sub> (fst S)))
       using consistent-true-clss-ext-satisfiable distinct-consistent-interp n-d-T by fast
     ultimately show ?thesis by fast
   qed
qed
corollary full-cdcl_{NOT}-restart-normal-form-init-state:
   init-state: trail\ S = []\ clauses_{NOT}\ S = N and
   full: full cdcl_{NOT}-restart (S, \theta) T and
   inv: inv S
```

```
shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N) \vee lits-of-l (trail (fst T)) \models sextm N \wedge satisfiable (set-mset N) using full-cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-restart-normal-form[of (S, 0) T] assms by auto end theory DPLL-NOT imports CDCL-NOT begin
```

17 DPLL as an instance of NOT

17.1 DPLL with simple backtrack

```
We are using a concrete couple instead of an abstract state.
locale dpll-with-backtrack
begin
inductive backtrack :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list \times 'v clauses
  \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list \times 'v clauses \Rightarrow bool where
backtrack\text{-}split\ (fst\ S) = (M',\ L\ \#\ M) \Longrightarrow is\text{-}marked\ L \Longrightarrow D \in \#\ snd\ S
  \implies fst S \models as CNot\ D \implies backtrack S\ (Propagated\ (-\ (lit-of\ L))\ () \# M, snd\ S)
inductive-cases backtrackE[elim]: backtrack (M, N) (M', N')
lemma backtrack-is-backjump:
  fixes M M' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
  assumes
   backtrack: backtrack (M, N) (M', N') and
   no-dup: (no-dup \circ fst) (M, N) and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m \ N \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ M)
   shows
      \exists C F' K F L l C'.
         M = F' @ Marked K () \# F \land
         M' = Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F \land N = N' \land C \in \# \ N \land F' @ Marked \ K \ d \ \# \ F \models as \ CNot \ C \land M \land F' 
         undefined-lit F \ L \land atm-of L \in atms-of-mm \ N \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l \ (F' @ Marked \ K \ d \ \# \ F) \land l
         N \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as CNot C'
proof -
 let ?S = (M, N)
 let ?T = (M', N')
  obtain F F' P L D where
   b-sp: backtrack-split M = (F', L \# F) and
   is-marked L and
   D \in \# snd ?S and
   M \models as \ CNot \ D \ \mathbf{and}
   bt: backtrack ?S (Propagated (-(lit\text{-of }L)) P \# F, N) and
   M': M' = Propagated (- (lit-of L)) P \# F and
   [simp]: N' = N
  using backtrackE[OF backtrack] by (metis backtrack fstI sndI)
  let ?K = lit - of L
 let ?C = image\text{-mset lit-of } \{\#K \in \#mset M. is\text{-marked } K \land K \neq L\#\} :: 'v \text{ literal multiset}
 \mathbf{let} \ ?C' = \mathit{set\text{-}mset} \ (\mathit{image\text{-}mset} \ \mathit{single} \ (?C + \{\#?K\#\}))
  obtain K where L: L = Marked K () using (is-marked L) by (cases L) auto
 have M: M = F' @ Marked K () \# F
```

using b-sp **by** (metis L backtrack-split-list-eq fst-conv snd-conv)

```
moreover have F' @ Marked K () \# F \models as CNot D
 using \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M.
moreover have undefined-lit F(-?K)
 using no-dup unfolding M L by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
moreover have atm-of (-K) \in atms-of-mm \ N \cup atm-of ' lits-of-l \ (F' @ Marked \ K \ d \# F)
 by auto
moreover
 have set-mset N \cup ?C' \models ps \{\{\#\}\}
   proof -
     have A: set-mset N \cup ?C' \cup unmark-l M =
       set-mset N \cup unmark-l M
       unfolding M L by auto
     have set-mset N \cup \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M\}
         \models ps \ unmark-l \ M
       using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF decomp].
     moreover have C': ?C' = \{\{\#lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\ | L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\}
       unfolding M L apply standard
         apply force
       using IntI by auto
     ultimately have N-C-M: set-mset N \cup ?C' \models ps \ unmark-l \ M
       by auto
     have set-mset N \cup (\lambda L. \{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\}) ' (set M) \models ps \{\{\#\}\}
       unfolding true-clss-clss-def
       proof (intro allI impI, goal-cases)
         case (1 I) note tot = this(1) and cons = this(2) and I-N-M = this(3)
         have I \models D
           using I-N-M \langle D \in \# \ snd \ ?S \rangle unfolding true-clss-def by auto
         moreover have I \models s \ CNot \ D
           using \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M by (metis \ 1(3) \ \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle)
             true-annots-true-cls true-cls-mono-set-mset-l true-clss-def
             true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl true-clss-union)
         ultimately show ?case using cons consistent-CNot-not by blast
     then show ?thesis
       using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF N-C-M, of \{\{\#\}\}\}] unfolding A by auto
   qed
 have N \models pm \ image-mset \ uminus \ ?C + \{\#-?K\#\}
   unfolding true-clss-cls-def true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix} I
      tot: total-over-set I (atms-of-ms (set-mset N \cup \{image-mset\ uminus\ ?C + \{\#-\ ?K\#\}\})) and
       cons: consistent-interp I and
       I \models sm N
     have (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I)
       using cons tot unfolding consistent-interp-def L by (cases K) auto
     have \{a \in set \ M. \ is\text{-marked} \ a \land a \neq Marked \ K\ ()\} =
       set M \cap \{L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \neq Marked K ()\}
       by auto
     then have
       tI: total\text{-}over\text{-}set\ I\ (atm\text{-}of\ `it\text{-}of\ `(set\ M\cap\{L.\ is\text{-}marked\ L\wedge L\neq Marked\ K\ d\}))
       using tot by (auto simp add: L atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of)
     then have H: \bigwedge x.
         lit\text{-}of \ x \notin I \Longrightarrow x \in set \ M \Longrightarrow is\text{-}marked \ x
```

```
\implies x \neq Marked \ K \ d \implies -lit \text{-} of \ x \in I
         proof -
           \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, unit, unit) \ marked-lit
           assume a1: x \neq Marked K d
           assume a2: is-marked x
           assume a3: x \in set M
           assume a4: lit-of x \notin I
           have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x) \in atm\text{-}of\ `lit\text{-}of\ `
             (set\ M\cap \{m.\ is\text{-}marked\ m\land m\neq Marked\ K\ d\})
             using a3 a2 a1 by blast
            then have Pos (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I \lor Neg\ (atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x)) \in I
             using tI unfolding total-over-set-def by blast
            then show - lit-of x \in I
             using a4 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
               literal.sel(1,2)
         qed
       have \neg I \models s ?C'
         using \langle set\text{-}mset\ N\cup ?C' \models ps\ \{\{\#\}\}\rangle\ tot\ cons\ \langle I \models sm\ N\rangle
         unfolding true-clss-clss-def total-over-m-def
         by (simp add: atms-of-uminus-lit-atm-of-lit-of atms-of-ms-single-image-atm-of-lit-of)
       then show I \models image\text{-}mset\ uminus\ ?C + \{\#-\ lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}
         unfolding true-clss-def true-cls-def
         using \langle (K \in I \land -K \notin I) \lor (-K \in I \land K \notin I) \rangle
         unfolding L by (auto dest!: H)
     qed
  moreover
   have set F' \cap \{K. \text{ is-marked } K \land K \neq L\} = \{\}
      using backtrack-split-fst-not-marked [of - M] b-sp by auto
   then have F \models as \ CNot \ (image-mset \ uminus \ ?C)
       unfolding M CNot-def true-annots-def by (auto simp add: L lits-of-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using M' \langle D \in \# snd ?S \rangle L by force
lemma backtrack-is-backjump':
  fixes M M' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
  assumes
   backtrack: backtrack S T and
   no-dup: (no-dup \circ fst) S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (snd S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (fst S))
   shows
       \exists C F' K F L l C'.
         fst S = F' @ Marked K () \# F \land
         T = (Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F, \ snd \ S) \land C \in \# \ snd \ S \land fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
         \land undefined-lit F \ L \land atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (snd \ S) \cup atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (fst \ S) \land 
         snd S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\} \land F \models as CNot C'
  apply (cases S, cases T)
  using backtrack-is-backjump[of fst S and S fst T and T] assms by fastforce
sublocale dpll-state
  id \lambda L C. C + {\#L\#} remove1-mset
  id\ op + op \in \# \lambda L\ C.\ C + \{\#L\#\}\ remove 1\text{-}mset
 fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
 \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 by unfold-locales (auto simp: ac-simps)
```

```
{\bf sublocale}\ \textit{backjumping-ops}
  id \lambda L C. C + {\#L\#} remove1-mset
  id op + op \in \# \lambda L \ C. \ C + \{\#L\#\} \ remove1-mset
 fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
 \lambda C (M, N). (M, \#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset\ C\ N) \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 by unfold-locales
lemma reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-snd:
  snd (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S) = snd S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 by (cases S, rename-tac F Sa, case-tac Sa)
   (simp\ add:\ less-imp-diff-less\ reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}:
 reduce-trail-to_{NOT} F S =
   (if \ length \ (fst \ S) \ge length \ F
   then drop (length (fst S) – length F) (fst S)
   else [].
   snd S) (is ?R = ?C)
proof -
 have ?R = (fst ?R, snd ?R)
   by auto
 also have (fst ?R, snd ?R) = ?C
   by (auto simp: trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-drop reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-snd)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma backtrack-is-backjump'':
 fixes MM' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
   backtrack: backtrack S T and
   no\text{-}dup: (no\text{-}dup \circ fst) \ S \ \text{and}
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (snd S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (fst S))
   shows backjump S T
proof -
 obtain C F' K F L l C' where
    1: fst S = F' @ Marked K () \# F  and
   2: T = (Propagated \ L \ l \ \# \ F, \ snd \ S) and
   3: C \in \# snd S and
   4: fst S \models as CNot C and
   5: undefined-lit F L and
   6: atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (snd\ S)\cup atm\text{-}of\ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (fst\ S)\ and
    7: snd S \models pm C' + \{\#L\#\}  and
   8: F \models as CNot C'
  using backtrack-is-backjump'[OF assms] by force
 show ?thesis
   apply (cases S)
   using backjump.intros[OF 1 - - 4 5 - - 8, of T] 2 backtrack 1 5 3 6 7
   by (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-drop
     reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> simp\ del:\ state-simp_{NOT})
qed
lemma can-do-bt-step:
  assumes
```

```
M: fst \ S = F' @ Marked \ K \ d \ \# \ F \ and
    C \in \# \ snd \ S \ \mathbf{and}
    C: fst \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
  shows \neg no-step backtrack S
proof -
 obtain L G' G where
   backtrack-split (fst S) = (G', L \# G)
   unfolding M by (induction F' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
 moreover then have is-marked L
    by (metis\ backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked\ list.distinct(1)\ list.sel(1)\ snd-conv)
 ultimately show ?thesis
    using backtrack.intros[of S G' L G C] \langle C \in \# \text{ snd } S \rangle C unfolding M by auto
qed
end
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq dpll-with-backjumping-ops
   id \lambda L C. C + {\#L\#} remove1-mset
   id\ op\ +\ op\ \in \#\ \lambda L\ C.\ C\ +\ \{\#L\#\}\ remove 1\text{-}mset
   fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
  \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 \lambda- -. True
 apply unfold-locales
 by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) case-prod-beta comp-def dpll-with-backtrack.backtrack-is-backjump"
   dpll-with-backtrack.can-do-bt-step id-apply)
sublocale dpll-with-backtrack \subseteq dpll-with-backjumping
   id \lambda L C. C + {\#L\#} remove1-mset
   id\ op + op \in \# \lambda L\ C.\ C + \{\#L\#\}\ remove1\text{-}mset
   fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
 \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, {#C#} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 \lambda- -. True
 apply unfold-locales
 using dpll-bj-no-dup dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv apply fastforce
 done
context dpll-with-backtrack
begin
term learn
end
context dpll-with-backtrack
begin
lemma wf-tranclp-dpll-inital-state:
 assumes fin: finite A
 shows wf \{((M'::('v, unit, unit) marked-lits, N'::'v clauses), ([], N))|M'N'N.
   dpll-bj^{++} ([], N) (M', N') \land atms-of-mm N \subseteq atms-of-ms A}
 using wf-tranclp-dpll-bj[OF assms(1)] by (rule wf-subset) auto
corollary full-dpll-final-state-conclusive:
```

```
fixes M M' :: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj ([], N) (M', N')
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N) \vee (M' \models asm N \wedge satisfiable (set-mset N))
 \mathbf{using} \ assms \ full-dpll-backjump-final-state[of \ ([],N) \ (M',\ N') \ set-mset \ N] \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
corollary full-dpll-normal-form-from-init-state:
 fixes MM':: ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list
 assumes
   full: full dpll-bj ([], N) (M', N')
 shows M' \models asm \ N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set\text{-mset } N)
proof -
 have no-dup M'
   using rtranclp-dpll-bj-no-dup[of([], N)(M', N')]
   full unfolding full-def by auto
 then have M' \models asm N \implies satisfiable (set\text{-}mset N)
   using distinct-consistent-interp satisfiable-carac' true-annots-true-cls by blast
 then show ?thesis
  using full-dpll-final-state-conclusive[OF full] by auto
qed
interpretation conflict-driven-clause-learning-ops
   id \lambda L C. C + {\#L\#} remove1-mset
   id\ op + op \in \# \lambda L\ C.\ C + \{\#L\#\}\ remove1\text{-}mset
   fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
  \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, {#C#} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (qet-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 \lambda- -. True \lambda- -. False \lambda- -. False
 by unfold-locales
interpretation conflict-driven-clause-learning
   id \lambda L C. C + {\#L\#} remove1-mset
   id\ op + op \in \# \lambda L\ C.\ C + \{\#L\#\}\ remove 1\text{-}mset
   fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N)
  \lambda(M, N). (tl M, N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, \{\#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset C N)
 \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (qet-all-marked-decomposition M)
 \lambda- - - S T. backtrack S T
 \lambda- -. True \lambda- -. False \lambda- -. False
 apply unfold-locales
 using cdcl_{NOT}-all-decomposition-implies cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup by fastforce
lemma cdcl_{NOT}-is-dpll:
  cdcl_{NOT} S T \longleftrightarrow dpll-bj S T
 by (auto simp: cdcl_{NOT}.simps learn.simps forget<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
Another proof of termination:
lemma wf \{(T, S). dpll-bj S T \wedge cdcl_{NOT}-NOT-all-inv A S\}
 unfolding cdcl_{NOT}-is-dpll[symmetric]
 by (rule\ wf\text{-}cdcl_{NOT}\text{-}no\text{-}learn\text{-}and\text{-}forget\text{-}infinite\text{-}chain})
  (auto simp: learn.simps forget<sub>NOT</sub>.simps)
end
```

17.2 Adding restarts

This was mainly a test whether it was possible to instantiate the assumption of the locale.

```
locale dpll-with backtrack-and-restarts =
  dpll-with-backtrack +
 fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
 assumes unbounded: unbounded f and f-ge-1:\land n. n \ge 1 \implies f n \ge 1
  sublocale cdcl_{NOT}-increasing-restarts
    id \lambda L C. C + {\#L\#} remove1-mset
    id\ op + op \in \# \lambda L\ C.\ C + \{\#L\#\}\ remove 1\text{-}mset
  fst snd \lambda L (M, N). (L \# M, N) \lambda (M, N). (tl M, N)
   \lambda C (M, N). (M, \#C\#\} + N) \lambda C (M, N). (M, removeAll-mset\ C\ N) f \lambda(\neg, N) S. S = ([], N)
  \lambda A \ (M,\ N). \ atms-of-mm \ N \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \wedge atm-of \ `lits-of-l \ M \subseteq atms-of-ms \ A \wedge finite \ A
   \land all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}m\ N\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\ M)}
  \lambda A \ T. \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ \widehat{\ } (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A))
              -\mu_C \ (1+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (2+card \ (atms-of-ms \ A)) \ (trail-weight \ T) \ dpll-bj
  \lambda(M, N). no-dup M \wedge all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
  \lambda A -. (2+card (atms-of-ms A)) \cap (1+card (atms-of-ms A))
  apply unfold-locales
         apply (rule unbounded)
        using f-ge-1 apply fastforce
       apply (smt dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv dpll-bj-atms-in-trail-in-set
         dpll-bj-clauses id-apply prod.case-eq-if)
      \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{rule} \ \mathit{dpll-bj-trail-mes-decreasing-prop}; \ \mathit{auto})
     apply (rename-tac A T U, case-tac T, simp)
    apply (rename-tac A T U, case-tac U, simp)
   using dpll-bj-clauses dpll-bj-all-decomposition-implies-inv dpll-bj-no-dup by fastforce+
end
end
theory DPLL-W
imports Main Partial-Clausal-Logic Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic List-More Wellfounded-More
  DPLL-NOT
begin
```

18 DPLL

18.1 Rules

```
type-synonym 'a dpll_W-marked-lit = ('a, unit, unit) marked-lit type-synonym 'a dpll_W-marked-lits = ('a, unit, unit) marked-lits type-synonym 'v dpll_W-state = 'v dpll_W-marked-lits × 'v clauses abbreviation trail :: 'v dpll_W-state \Rightarrow 'v dpll_W-marked-lits where trail \equiv fst abbreviation clauses :: 'v dpll_W-state \Rightarrow 'v clauses where clauses \equiv snd inductive dpll_W :: 'v dpll_W-state \Rightarrow 'v dpll_W-state \Rightarrow bool where clauses \in S trail S \models as CNot \in S undefined-lit (clauses \in S) | clauses \in S | clause
```

18.2 Invariants

```
lemma dpll_W-distinct-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
 case (decided L S)
 then show ?case using defined-lit-map by force
next
 case (propagate \ C \ L \ S)
 then show ?case using defined-lit-map by force
 case (backtrack S M' L M D) note extracted = this(1) and no-dup = this(5)
 show ?case
   using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by auto
qed
lemma dpll_W-consistent-interp-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S))
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S'))
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll<sub>W</sub>.induct)
 case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D) note extracted = this(1) and marked = this(2) and D = this(4) and
   cons = this(5) and no\text{-}dup = this(6)
 have no-dup': no-dup M
   by (metis (no-types) backtrack-split-list-eq distinct.simps(2) distinct-append extracted
     list.simps(9) map-append no-dup snd-conv)
  then have insert (lit-of L) (lits-of-l M) \subseteq lits-of-l (trail S)
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by auto
  then have cons: consistent-interp (insert (lit-of L) (lits-of-l M))
   using consistent-interp-subset cons by blast
  moreover
   have lit\text{-}of\ L\notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
     using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] extracted
     unfolding lits-of-def by force
 moreover
   have atm-of (-lit\text{-}of\ L) \notin (\lambda m.\ atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ m)) 'set M
     using no-dup backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] unfolding extracted by force
   then have -lit-of L \notin lits-of-lM
     unfolding lits-of-def by force
 ultimately show ?case by simp
qed (auto intro: consistent-add-undefined-lit-consistent)
lemma dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S)) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses\ S)
 shows atm-of '(lits-of-l (trail S')) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
 case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D)
```

```
then have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clauses\ S)
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S, symmetric] by auto
  moreover
   have atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (clauses\ S)
     using backtrack(5) by simp
   then have \bigwedge xb. \ xb \in set \ M \Longrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ xb) \in atm\text{s-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S)
     using backtrack-split-list-eq[symmetric, of trail S] backtrack.hyps(1)
     unfolding lits-of-def by auto
  ultimately show ?case by (auto simp : lits-of-def)
qed (auto simp: in-plus-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
lemma atms-of-ms-lit-of-atms-of: atms-of-ms ((\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ 'c) = atm\text{-}of \ 'lit\text{-}of \ 'c
  unfolding atms-of-ms-def using image-iff by force
theorem 2.8.2 page 73 of Weidenbach's book
lemma dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion:
  assumes dpll_W S S'
  and all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
  using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll<sub>W</sub>.induct)
  case (decided L S)
  then show ?case unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by simp
  case (propagate C L S) note inS = this(1) and cnot = this(2) and IH = this(4) and undef =
this(3) and atms-incl = this(5)
 let ?I = set \ (map \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ (trail \ S)) \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S)
  have ?I \models p C + \{\#L\#\} by (auto simp add: inS)
  moreover have ?I \models ps CNot C using true-annots-true-clss-cls cnot by fastforce
  ultimately have ?I \models p \{\#L\#\} \text{ using } true\text{-}clss\text{-}cls\text{-}plus\text{-}CNot[of } ?I C L] \text{ } inS \text{ by } blast
  {
   assume qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = []
   then have ?case by blast
  }
  moreover {
   assume n: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) \neq []
   have 1: \bigwedge a b. (a, b) \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
        \Rightarrow (unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-mset} \ (clauses \ S)) \models ps \ unmark-l \ b
     using IH unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (fastforce simp add: list.set-set(2) n)
   moreover have 2: \bigwedge a c. hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, c)
     \implies (unmark-l\ a \cup set-mset\ (clauses\ S)) \models ps\ (unmark-l\ c)
     by (metis IH all-decomposition-implies-cons-pair all-decomposition-implies-single
       list.collapse n)
   moreover have 3: \bigwedge a c. hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, c)
      \implies (unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-mset} \ (clauses \ S)) \models p \ \{\#L\#\}
     proof -
       \mathbf{fix} \ a \ c
       assume h: hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, c)
       have h': trail S = c @ a using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp h by blast
       have I: set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) \ a) \cup set\text{-}mset (clauses S)
         \cup unmark-l c \models ps \ CNot \ C
         using \langle ?I \models ps \ CNot \ C \rangle unfolding h' by (simp \ add: \ Un-commute \ Un-left-commute)
       have
         atms-of-ms (CNot C) \subseteq atms-of-ms (set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit-of a\#\}) a) \cup set-mset (clauses S))
```

```
and
        atms-of-ms (unmark-l c) \subseteq atms-of-ms (set (map (\lambda a. \{\#lit-of a\#\}) a)
          \cup set-mset (clauses S))
          apply (metis CNot-plus Un-subset-iff atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-of-ms-CNot-atms-of
           atms-of-ms-union in S sup.cobounded I2)
        using in S atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono atms-incl by (fastforce simp: h')
       then have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models ps CNot C
        using true-clss-clss-left-right[OF - I] h 2 by auto
       then show unmark-l a \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models p \{\#L\#\}
        by (metis (no-types) Un-insert-right in S insert I1 mk-disjoint-insert in S
          true-clss-cls-in true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     qed
   ultimately have ?case
     by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
       (auto simp: all-decomposition-implies-def)
 ultimately show ?case by auto
next
 case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D) note extracted = this(1) and marked = this(2) and D = this(3) and
   cnot = this(4) and cons = this(4) and IH = this(5) and atms-incl = this(6)
 have S: trail\ S = M' @ L \# M
   using backtrack-split-list-eq[of trail S] unfolding extracted by auto
 have M': \forall l \in set M'. \neg is-marked l
   using extracted backtrack-split-fst-not-marked[of - trail S] by simp
 have n: get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) \neq [] by auto
  then have all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) ((L \# M, M')
         \# tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
   by (metis (no-types) IH extracted get-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split list.exhaust-sel)
  then have 1: unmark-l (L \# M) \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models ps(\lambda a.\{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) 'set M'
   by simp
  moreover
   have unmark-l\ (L\ \#\ M)\cup unmark-l\ M'\models ps\ CNot\ D
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) S Un-commute cons image-Un set-append
       true-annots-true-clss-clss)
   then have 2: unmark-l (L \# M) \cup set-mset (clauses S) \cup unmark-l M'
       \models ps \ CNot \ D
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) Un-assoc Un-left-commute true-clss-clss-union-l-r)
  ultimately
   have set (map \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ (L \ \# \ M)) \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S) \models ps \ CNot \ D
     using true-clss-clss-left-right by fastforce
   then have set (map \ (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ (L \# M)) \cup set\text{-}mset \ (clauses \ S) \models p \ \{\#\}
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) D Un-def mem-Collect-eq
       true-clss-clss-contradiction-true-clss-cls-false)
   then have IL: unmark-l M \cup set-mset (clauses S) \models p \{\#-lit\text{-of }L\#\}
     using true-clss-clss-false-left-right by auto
 show ?case unfolding S all-decomposition-implies-def
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ x \ P \ level
     assume x: x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition
       (fst (Propagated (- lit-of L) P \# M, clauses S)))
     let ?M' = Propagated (-lit-of L) P \# M
     let ?hd = hd (get-all-marked-decomposition ?M')
     let ?tl = tl \ (get-all-marked-decomposition ?M')
     have x = ?hd \lor x \in set ?tl
```

```
using x
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition ?M')
     auto
 moreover {
   assume x': x \in set ?tl
   have L': Marked (lit-of L) () = L using marked by (cases L, auto)
   have x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L # M))
     using x' get-all-marked-decomposition-except-last-choice-equal [of M' lit-of L P M]
     L' by (metis\ (no\text{-types})\ M'\ list.set\text{-sel}(2)\ tl\text{-Nil})
   then have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark-l Ls \cup set-mset (clauses S)
     \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen
     using marked IH by (cases L) (auto simp add: S all-decomposition-implies-def)
 moreover {
   assume x': x = ?hd
   have tl: tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L \# M)) \neq []
     proof -
      have f1: \ \ \ \ ms. \ length \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (M' @ ms))
        = length (get-all-marked-decomposition ms)
        by (simp add: M' get-all-marked-decomposition-remove-unmarked-length)
      have Suc (length (get-all-marked-decomposition M)) \neq Suc 0
        by blast
      then show ?thesis
        using f1 marked by (metis (no-types) get-all-marked-decomposition.simps(1) length-tl
          list.sel(3) \ list.size(3) \ marked-lit.collapse(1))
     ged
   obtain M0'M0 where
     L0: hd (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' \otimes L \# M)) = (M0, M0')
     by (cases hd (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition (M' @ L \# M))))
   have x'': x = (M0, Propagated (-lit-of L) P # M0')
     unfolding x' using get-all-marked-decomposition-last-choice tl M' L0
     by (metis\ marked\ marked-lit.collapse(1))
   obtain l-get-all-marked-decomposition where
     get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S) = (L \# M, M') \# (M0, M0') \#
      l-get-all-marked-decomposition
     using qet-all-marked-decomposition-backtrack-split extracted by (metis (no-types) L0 S
      hd-Cons-tl \ n \ tl)
   then have M = M0' @ M0 using get-all-marked-decomposition-hd-hd by fastforce
   then have IL': unmark-l\ M0 \cup set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ S)
     \cup unmark-l\ M0' \models ps \{\{\#-\ lit\text{-}of\ L\#\}\}
     using IL by (simp add: Un-commute Un-left-commute image-Un)
   moreover have H: unmark-l M0 \cup set-mset (clauses S)
     ⊨ps unmark-l M0'
     using IH x'' unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) L0 S
      list.set-sel(1) list.set-sel(2) old.prod.case tl tl-Nil)
   ultimately have case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark-l Ls \cup set\text{-mset} (clauses S)
     \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen
     using true-clss-clss-left-right unfolding x'' by auto
 ultimately show case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow
   unmark-l Ls \cup set-mset (snd (?M', clauses S))
     \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen
   unfolding snd-conv by blast
\mathbf{qed}
```

qed

```
theorem 2.8.3 page 73 of Weidenbach's book
theorem dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion-of-decided:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (clauses\ S)
 shows set-mset (clauses S') \cup {{#lit-of L#} |L. is-marked L \land L \in set (trail S')}
   \models ps \ (\lambda a. \ \{\#lit\text{-}of \ a\#\}) \ `\bigcup (set \ `snd \ `set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition} \ (trail \ S')))
  using all-decomposition-implies-trail-is-implied [OF dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion [OF assms]].
theorem 2.8.4 page 73 of Weidenbach's book
lemma only-propagated-vars-unsat:
 assumes marked: \forall x \in set M. \neg is\text{-marked } x
 and DN: D \in N and D: M \models as \ CNot \ D
 and inv: all-decomposition-implies N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and atm-incl: atm-of ' lits-of-l M \subseteq atms-of-ms N
 shows unsatisfiable N
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg unsatisfiable N
  then obtain I where
   I: I \models s N \text{ and }
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   tot: total-over-m I N
   unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
  then have I-D: I \models D
   using DN unfolding true-clss-def by auto
 have l0: \{\{\#lit\text{-of }L\#\} \mid L. \text{ is-marked } L \land L \in set M\} = \{\} \text{ using } marked \text{ by } auto
 have atms-of-ms (N \cup unmark-l M) = atms-of-ms N
   using atm-incl unfolding atms-of-ms-def lits-of-def by auto
  then have total-over-m I (N \cup (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-of } a\#\}) \cdot (set M))
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
  then have I \models s (\lambda a. \{\#lit\text{-}of a\#\}) ' (set M)
   using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF inv] cons I
   unfolding true-clss-clss-def l0 by auto
  then have IM: I \models s \ unmark-l \ M \ by \ auto
  {
   \mathbf{fix}\ K
   assume K \in \# D
   then have -K \in lits-of-l M
     by (auto split: if-split-asm
       intro: allE[OF D[unfolded true-annots-def Ball-def], of \{\#-K\#\}])
   then have -K \in I using IM true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl by fastforce
 then have \neg I \models D using cons unfolding true-cls-def consistent-interp-def by auto
 then show False using I-D by blast
lemma dpll_W-same-clauses:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: dpll_W.induct, auto)
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-inv:
 assumes rtranclp \ dpll_W \ S \ S'
```

```
and inv: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 and consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S))
 and no-dup (trail S)
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S') (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
 and atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail\ S') \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm (clauses\ S')
 and clauses S = clauses S'
 and consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S'))
 and no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 show
   all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S) and
   clauses S = clauses S and
   consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
   no-dup (trail S) using assms by auto
  case (step S' S'') note dpll_W Star = this(1) and IH = this(3,4,5,6,7) and
   dpll_W = this(2)
 moreover
   assume
     inv: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
     atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S) and
     cons: consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
     no-dup (trail S)
  ultimately have decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S')
   (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail <math>S')) and
   atm-incl': atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S') \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S') and
   snd: clauses S = clauses S' and
   cons': consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S')) and
   no-dup': no-dup (trail S') by blast+
  show clauses S = clauses S'' using dpll_W-same-clauses [OF \ dpll_W] and by metis
 show all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S'') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S''))
   using dpll_W-propagate-is-conclusion [OF dpll_W] decomp atm-incl' by auto
  show atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S'') \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S'')
   using dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv[OF dpll_W] atm-incl atm-incl' by auto
  show no-dup (trail S'') using dpll_W-distinct-inv[OF dpll_W] no-dup' dpll_W by auto
 show consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S''))
   using cons' no-dup' dpll_W-consistent-interp-inv[OF dpll_W] by auto
qed
definition dpll_W-all-inv S \equiv
  (all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 \land atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 \land consistent\text{-}interp (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S))
 \land no-dup (trail S))
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-dest[dest]:
  assumes dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (clauses S) (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 and atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 and consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) \land no-dup (trail S)
```

```
using assms unfolding dpllw-all-inv-def lits-of-def by auto
```

```
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv:
 assumes rtranclp \ dpll_W \ S \ S'
 and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
 using assms rtranclp-dpll_W-inv[OF\ assms(1)] unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def\ lits-of-def\ by\ blast
lemma dpll_W-all-inv:
 assumes dpll_W S S'
 and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
 using assms rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv by blast
lemma rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-\theta:
 assumes rtranclp \ dpll_W \ S \ S'
 and inv: trail\ S = []
 shows dpll_W-all-inv S'
proof -
 have dpll_W-all-inv S
   using assms unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def dpllw-all-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using rtranclp-dpllw-all-inv[OF assms(1)] by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-can-do-step:
 assumes consistent-interp (set M)
 and distinct M
 and atm\text{-}of ' (set\ M)\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ N
 shows rtranclp dpll_W ([], N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N)
 using assms
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons\ L\ M)
 then have undefined-lit (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M) L
   unfolding defined-lit-def consistent-interp-def by auto
 moreover have atm-of L \in atms-of-mm N using Cons.prems(3) by auto
 ultimately have dpll_W (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) (L \# M), N)
   using dpll_W.decided by auto
 moreover have consistent-interp (set M) and distinct M and atm-of 'set M \subseteq atms-of-mm N
   using Cons.prems unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
 ultimately show ?case using Cons.hyps by auto
qed
definition conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (S:: 'v dpll<sub>W</sub>-state) \longleftrightarrow
 (trail\ S \models asm\ clauses\ S \lor ((\forall\ L \in set\ (trail\ S).\ \neg is\text{-}marked\ L)
 \land (\exists C \in \# clauses S. trail S \models as CNot C)))
theorem 2.8.6 page 74 of Weidenbach's book
lemma dpll_W-strong-completeness:
 assumes set M \models sm N
 and consistent-interp (set M)
 and distinct M
 and atm\text{-}of ' (set M) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm N
```

```
shows dpll_{W}^{**} ([], N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N)
 and conclusive-dpll_W-state (map\ (\lambda M.\ Marked\ M\ ())\ M,\ N)
proof -
 show rtrancly dpll_W ([], N) (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N) using dpll_W-can-do-step assms by auto
 have map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M \models asm N using assms(1) true-annots-marked-true-cls by auto
 then show conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (map (\lambda M. Marked M ()) M, N)
   unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
qed
theorem 2.8.5 page 73 of Weidenbach's book
lemma dpll_W-sound:
 assumes
   rtranclp dpll_W ([], N) (M, N) and
   \forall S. \neg dpll_W (M, N) S
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
 let ?M' = lits - of - lM
 assume ?A
 then have ?M' \models sm \ N by (simp \ add: true-annots-true-cls)
 moreover have consistent-interp ?M'
   using rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0[OF assms(1)] by auto
 ultimately show ?B by auto
next
 assume ?B
 show ?A
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume n: \neg ?A
     have (\exists L. \ undefined-lit \ M \ L \land \ atm-of \ L \in atms-of-mm \ N) \lor (\exists D \in \#N. \ M \models as \ CNot \ D)
      proof -
         obtain D :: 'a \ clause \ \mathbf{where} \ D : D \in \# \ N \ \mathbf{and} \ \neg \ M \models a \ D
          using n unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def by auto
         then have (\exists L. undefined-lit M L \land atm-of L \in atms-of D) \lor M \models as CNot D
           unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-annot-def
           using atm-of-lit-in-atms-of true-annot-iff-marked-or-true-lit true-cls-def by blast
         then show ?thesis
          by (metis Bex-def D atms-of-atms-of-ms-mono rev-subsetD)
      qed
     moreover {
       assume \exists L. undefined-lit M L \land atm\text{-}of L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm N
       then have False using assms(2) decided by fastforce
     moreover {
      assume \exists D \in \#N. M \models as CNot D
       then obtain D where DN: D \in \# N and MD: M \models as \ CNot \ D by auto
         assume \forall l \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked l
         moreover have dpll_W-all-inv ([], N)
          using assms unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def dpllw-all-inv-def by auto
         ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
          using only-propagated-vars-unsat[of M D set-mset N] DN MD
          rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] by force
         then have False using \langle ?B \rangle by blast
       moreover {
         assume l: \exists l \in set M. is\text{-}marked l
```

```
then have False
          using backtrack[of(M, N) - - D]DNMD assms(2)
           backtrack-split-some-is-marked-then-snd-has-hd[OF l]
         by (metis backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked fst-conv list.distinct(1) list.sel(1) snd-conv)
      ultimately have False by blast
     ultimately show False by blast
    qed
qed
18.3
        Termination
definition dpll_W-mes M n =
 map \ (\lambda l. \ if \ is-marked \ l \ then \ 2 \ else \ (1::nat)) \ (rev \ M) \ @ \ replicate \ (n - length \ M) \ 3
lemma length-dpll_W-mes:
 assumes length M \leq n
 shows length (dpll_W - mes\ M\ n) = n
 using assms unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by auto
lemma distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length:
 assumes no-dup S
 shows card (atm-of 'lits-of-l S) = length S
 using assms by (induct S) (auto simp add: image-image lits-of-def)
lemma dpll_W-card-decrease:
 assumes dpll: dpll_W S S' and length (trail S') < card vars
 and length (trail S) \leq card vars
 shows (dpll_W-mes (trail\ S')\ (card\ vars),\ dpll_W-mes (trail\ S)\ (card\ vars))
   \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} (card vars)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: dpll_W.induct)
 case (propagate \ C \ L \ S)
 have m: map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail <math>S))
     @ replicate (card vars - length (trail S)) 3
    = map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S)) @ 3
       \# replicate (card vars - Suc (length (trail S))) 3
    using propagate.prems[simplified] using Suc-diff-le by fastforce
 then show ?case
   using propagate.prems(1) unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by (fastforce simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
next
 case (decided \ S \ L)
 have m: map (\lambda l. if is\text{-marked } l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S))
     @ replicate (card vars - length (trail S)) 3
   = map (\lambda l. if is-marked l then 2 else 1) (rev (trail S)) @ 3
     \# replicate (card vars - Suc (length (trail S))) 3
   using decided.prems[simplified] using Suc-diff-le by fastforce
 then show ?case
   using decided.prems unfolding dpll_W-mes-def by (force simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
next
 case (backtrack\ S\ M'\ L\ M\ D)
 have L: is-marked L using backtrack.hyps(2) by auto
 have S: trail\ S = M' @ L \# M
   using backtrack.hyps(1) backtrack-split-list-eq[of\ trail\ S] by auto
 show ?case
```

```
using backtrack.prems L unfolding dpll_W-mes-def S by (fastforce simp add: lexn-conv assms(2))
qed
theorem 2.8.7 page 74 of Weidenbach's book
lemma dpll_W-card-decrease':
 assumes dpll: dpll_W S S'
 and atm-incl: atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 and no-dup: no-dup (trail S)
 shows (dpll_W-mes (trail\ S')\ (card\ (atms-of-mm\ (clauses\ S'))),
        dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S)))) \in lex \{(a, b), a < b\}
proof -
 have finite (atms-of-mm (clauses S)) unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
 then have 1: length (trail S) < card (atms-of-mm (clauses S))
   using distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length [OF no-dup] atm-incl card-mono by metis
 moreover
   have no-dup': no-dup (trail S') using dpll dpll<sub>W</sub>-distinct-inv no-dup by blast
   have SS': clauses S' = clauses S using dpll by (auto dest!: dpll<sub>W</sub>-same-clauses)
   have atm-incl': atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S') \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses S')
     using atm-incl dpll dpll_W-vars-in-snd-inv[OF dpll] by force
   have finite (atms-of-mm (clauses S'))
     unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
   then have 2: length (trail S') < card (atms-of-mm (clauses S))
     using distinct card-atm-of-lit-of-eq-length [OF no-dup'] atm-incl' card-mono SS' by metis
 ultimately have (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-mm \ (clauses \ S))),
     dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S))))
   \in lexn \{(a, b). a < b\} (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S)))
   using dpll_W-card-decrease [OF assms(1), of atms-of-mm (clauses S)] by blast
 then have (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-mm \ (clauses \ S))),
         dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S)))) \in lex \{(a, b). a < b\}
   unfolding lex-def by auto
 then show (dpll_W - mes \ (trail \ S') \ (card \ (atms-of-mm \ (clauses \ S'))),
       dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S)))) \in lex \{(a, b), a < b\}
   using dpll_W-same-clauses [OF assms(1)] by auto
qed
lemma wf-lexn: wf (lexn \{(a, b), (a::nat) < b\} (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S))))
proof -
 have m: \{(a, b), a < b\} = measure id by auto
 show ?thesis apply (rule wf-lexn) unfolding m by auto
qed
lemma dpll_W-wf:
 wf \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W S S'\}
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure' OF wf-lex-less, of - -
        \lambda S. \ dpll_W-mes (trail S) (card (atms-of-mm (clauses S)))])
 using dpll_W-card-decrease' by fast
lemma dpll_W-tranclp-star-commute:
 \{(S', S).\ dpll_W\text{-all-inv}\ S \land dpll_W\ S\ S'\}^+ = \{(S', S).\ dpll_W\text{-all-inv}\ S \land tranclp\ dpll_W\ S\ S'\}
   (is ?A = ?B)
proof
 \{ \text{ fix } S S' \}
```

```
assume (S, S') \in ?A
   then have (S, S') \in ?B
     by (induct rule: trancl.induct, auto)
 then show ?A \subseteq ?B by blast
  { fix S S'
   assume (S, S') \in ?B
   then have dpll_W^{++} S' S and dpll_W-all-inv S' by auto
   then have (S, S') \in ?A
     proof (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
       case r-into-trancl
       then show ?case by (simp-all add: r-into-trancl')
     next
       case (trancl-into-trancl S S' S'')
       then have (S', S) \in \{a. \ case \ a \ of \ (S', S) \Rightarrow dpll_W -all -inv \ S \wedge dpll_W \ S \ S'\}^+ by blast
       moreover have dpll_W-all-inv S'
         \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{rtranclp-dpll}_W\ \mathit{-all-inv}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{tranclp-into-rtranclp}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{trancl-into-trancl.hyps}(1)]]
         trancl-into-trancl.prems by auto
       ultimately have (S'', S') \in \{(pa, p), dpll_W - all - inv p \land dpll_W p pa\}^+
         using \langle dpll_W-all-inv S' \rangle trancl-into-trancl.hyps(3) by blast
       then show ?case
         using \langle (S', S) \in \{a. \ case \ a \ of \ (S', S) \Rightarrow dpll_W - all - inv \ S \land dpll_W \ S \ S'\}^+ \rangle by auto
     qed
 then show ?B \subseteq ?A by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-wf-tranclp: wf \{(S', S). dpll_W-all-inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\}
  unfolding dpll_W-tranclp-star-commute[symmetric] by (simp add: dpll_W-wf wf-trancl)
lemma dpll_W-wf-plus:
 shows wf \{(S', ([], N)) | S'. dpll_W^{++} ([], N) S'\} (is wf ?P)
 apply (rule wf-subset [OF dpll_W-wf-tranclp, of ?P])
 using assms unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
         Final States
18.4
lemma dpll_W-no-more-step-is-a-conclusive-state:
 assumes \forall S'. \neg dpll_W S S'
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state S
proof -
 have vars: \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S). \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume \neg (\forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S). \ s \in atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S))
     then obtain L where
       L-in-atms: L \in atms-of-mm (clauses S) and
       L-notin-trail: L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits-of-l (trail S) by metis
     obtain L' where L': atm\text{-}of\ L' = L\ by\ (meson\ literal.sel(2))
     then have undefined-lit (trail S) L'
       unfolding Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l by (metis L-notin-trail atm-of-uninus imageI)
     then show False using dpll_W.decided assms(1) L-in-atms L' by blast
   qed
 show ?thesis
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume not-final: ¬ ?thesis
     then have
```

```
\neg trail S \models asm clauses S  and
       (\exists L \in set \ (trail \ S). \ is\text{-}marked \ L) \lor (\forall C \in \#clauses \ S. \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C)
       unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def by auto
     moreover {
       assume \exists L \in set \ (trail \ S). is-marked L
       then obtain L M' M where L: backtrack-split (trail S) = (M', L \# M)
         using backtrack-split-some-is-marked-then-snd-has-hd by blast
       obtain D where D \in \# clauses S and \neg trail S \models a D
         using \langle \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding true-annots-def by auto
       then have \forall s \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \{D\}. s \in atm\text{-}of \text{ '} lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S)
         using vars unfolding atms-of-ms-def by auto
       then have trail S \models as \ CNot \ D
         using all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot [of D] \langle \neg trail \ S \models a \ D \rangle by auto
       moreover have is-marked L
         using L by (metis backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked list.distinct(1) list.sel(1) snd-conv)
       ultimately have False
         using assms(1) dpll_W.backtrack\ L\ \langle D\in\#\ clauses\ S\rangle\ \langle trail\ S\models as\ CNot\ D\rangle\ by\ blast
     moreover {
       assume tr: \forall C \in \#clauses \ S. \ \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C
       obtain C where C-in-cls: C \in \# clauses S and trC: \neg trail S \models a C
         using \langle \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding true-annots-def by auto
       have \forall s \in atms \text{-} of \text{-} ms \{C\}. s \in atm \text{-} of \text{'} lits \text{-} of \text{-} l (trail S)
         using vars \langle C \in \# \ clauses \ S \rangle unfolding atms-of\text{-}ms\text{-}def by auto
       then have trail S \models as \ CNot \ C
         by (meson C-in-cls tr trC all-variables-defined-not-imply-cnot)
       then have False using tr C-in-cls by auto
     ultimately show False by blast
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma dpll_W-conclusive-state-correct:
 assumes dpll_{W}^{**} ([], N) (M, N) and conclusive-dpll_{W}-state (M, N)
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N) (is ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
  let ?M' = lits - of - lM
 assume ?A
  then have ?M' \models sm \ N by (simp \ add: true-annots-true-cls)
  moreover have consistent-interp ?M'
   using rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0 [OF assms(1)] by auto
  ultimately show ?B by auto
next
  assume ?B
  show ?A
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume n: \neg ?A
     have no-mark: \forall L \in set M. \neg is-marked L \exists C \in \# N. M \models as CNot C
       using n assms(2) unfolding conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state-def by auto
     moreover obtain D where DN: D \in \# N and MD: M \models as CNot D using no-mark by auto
     ultimately have unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
       using only-propagated-vars-unsat rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)]
       unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by force
     then show False using \langle ?B \rangle by blast
   qed
```

18.5 Link with NOT's DPLL

```
interpretation dpll_{W-NOT}: dpll-with-backtrack.
declare dpll_W-_{NOT}.state-simp_{NOT}[simp\ del]
lemma state-eq_{NOT}-iff-eq[iff, simp]: dpll_{W-NOT}.state-eq_{NOT} S T \longleftrightarrow S = T
  unfolding dpll_{W-NOT}. state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-def by (cases S, cases T) auto
lemma dpll_W-dpll_W-bj:
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv S and dpll: dpll_W S T
 shows dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj S T
 using dpll inv
 apply (induction rule: dpll_W.induct)
   apply (rule dpll_W-_{NOT}.bj-propagate_{NOT})
   apply (rule dpll_{W-NOT}.propagate<sub>NOT</sub>.propagate<sub>NOT</sub>; simp?)
   apply fastforce
  apply (rule dpll_{W-NOT}. bj-decide<sub>NOT</sub>)
  apply (rule dpll_{W-NOT}.decide_{NOT}.decide_{NOT}; simp?)
  apply fastforce
 apply (frule dpll_{W-NOT}.backtrack.intros[of - - - -], simp-all)
 apply (rule dpll_W-_{NOT}.dpll-bj.bj-backjump)
 apply (rule dpll_W-_{NOT}. backtrack-is-backjump'',
   simp-all\ add:\ dpll_W-all-inv-def)
 done
lemma dpll_W-bj-dpll:
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv S and dpll: dpll_W-NOT.dpll-bj S T
 shows dpll_W S T
 using dpll
 apply (induction rule: dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj.induct)
   apply (elim dpll_{W-NOT}.decide_{NOT}E, cases S)
   apply (frule decided; simp)
  apply (elim dpll_{W-NOT}.propagate<sub>NOT</sub>E, cases S)
  apply (auto intro!: propagate[of - - (-, -), simplified])[]
  apply (elim dpll_W-_{NOT}.backjumpE, cases S)
 by (simp\ add:\ dpll_W.simps\ dpll-with-backtrack.backtrack.simps)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{rtranclp-dpll}_W\mathit{-rtranclp-dpll}_W\mathit{-}_{NOT}\colon
 assumes dpll_W^{**} S T and dpll_W-all-inv S
 shows dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} S T
 using assms apply (induction)
  apply simp
 by (auto intro: rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv\ dpll_W-dpll_W-bj\ rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
lemma rtranclp-dpll-rtranclp-dpll_W:
 assumes dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} S T and dpll_{W}-all-inv S
 shows dpll_W^{**} S T
 using assms apply (induction)
  apply simp
 by (auto intro: dpll_W-bj-dpll rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl rtranclp-dpll_W-all-inv)
lemma dpll-conclusive-state-correctness:
 assumes dpll_{W-NOT}.dpll-bj^{**} ([], N) (M, N) and conclusive-dpll_{W}-state (M, N)
 shows M \models asm N \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N)
```

```
\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{proof} - \\ \mathbf{have} \ dpll_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ ([], \ N) \\ \mathbf{unfolding} \ dpll_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv\text{-}def \ \mathbf{by} \ auto \\ \mathbf{show} \ ?thesis \\ \mathbf{apply} \ (rule \ dpll_W\text{-}conclusive\text{-}state\text{-}correct) \\ \mathbf{apply} \ (simp \ add: \ (dpll_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ ([], \ N)) \ assms(1) \ rtranclp\text{-}dpll\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}dpll_W) \\ \mathbf{using} \ assms(2) \ \mathbf{by} \ simp \\ \mathbf{qed} \\ \mathbf{end} \\ \mathbf{theory} \ CDCL\text{-}W\text{-}Level \\ \mathbf{imports} \ Partial\text{-}Annotated\text{-}Clausal\text{-}Logic \\ \mathbf{begin} \end{array}
```

18.5.1 Level of literals and clauses

Getting the level of a variable, implies that the list has to be reversed. Here is the function after reversing.

```
fun get-rev-level :: ('v, nat, 'a) marked-lits \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow nat where
get-rev-level [] - - = 0
get-rev-level (Marked l level \# Ls) n L =
  (if atm-of l = atm-of L then level else get-rev-level Ls level L)
get-rev-level (Propagated l - \# Ls) n L =
  (if atm - of l = atm - of L then n else get-rev-level Ls n L)
abbreviation get-level M L \equiv get-rev-level (rev M) 0 L
lemma qet-rev-level-uminus[simp]: qet-rev-level M n(-L) = qet-rev-level M n L
 by (induct arbitrary: n rule: get-rev-level.induct) auto
lemma atm-of-notin-get-rev-level-eq-0:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
 shows qet-rev-level M n L = 0
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-rev-level-ge-0-atm-of-in:
 assumes get-rev-level M n L > n
 shows atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
  (fastforce\ simp:\ atm-of-notin-get-rev-level-eq-0)+
In qet-rev-level (resp. qet-level), the beginning (resp. the end) can be skipped if the literal is
not in the beginning (resp. the end).
lemma qet-rev-level-skip[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
 shows qet-rev-level (M @ Marked K i \# M') n L = qet-rev-level (Marked K i \# M') i L
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n i rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-rev-level-notin-end[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ ' \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M'
 shows get-rev-level (M @ M') n L = get-rev-level M n L
 using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
```

If the literal is at the beginning, then the end can be skipped

(auto simp: atm-of-notin-get-rev-level-eq-0)

```
lemma get-rev-level-skip-end[simp]:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
 shows get-rev-level (M @ M') n L = get-rev-level M n L
 using assms by (induct arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-level-skip-beginning:
 assumes atm\text{-}of L' \neq atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of K)
 shows get-level (K \# M) L' = get-level M L'
 using assms by auto
lemma get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked-rev:
 assumes atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lit-of '(set S)
 and \forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ s
 shows get-level (M @ rev S) L = get-level M L
 using assms by (induction S rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ get\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}beginning\text{-}not\text{-}marked[simp]:}
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lit\text{-}of \ `(set \ S)
 and \forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ s
 shows get-level (M @ S) L = get-level M L
 using get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked-rev[of L rev S M] assms by auto
lemma \ get-rev-level-skip-beginning-not-marked [simp]:
 assumes atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lit-of '(set S)
 and \forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ s
 shows get-rev-level (rev S @ rev M) 0 L = get-level M L
 using get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked-rev[of L rev S M] assms by auto
lemma get-level-skip-in-all-not-marked:
 fixes M :: ('a, nat, 'b) marked-lit list and L :: 'a literal
 assumes \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-marked } m
 and atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ `lit\text{-}of \ `(set \ M)
 shows get-rev-level M n L = n
 using assms by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-level-skip-all-not-marked[simp]:
 fixes M
 defines M' \equiv rev M
 assumes \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows get-level ML = 0
proof -
 have M: M = rev M'
   unfolding M'-def by auto
 show ?thesis
   using assms unfolding M by (induction M' rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
qed
abbreviation MMax\ M \equiv Max\ (set\text{-}mset\ M)
the \{\#0::'a\#\} is there to ensures that the set is not empty.
definition get-maximum-level :: ('a, nat, 'b) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal multiset \Rightarrow nat
get-maximum-level M D = MMax (\{\#0\#\} + image-mset (get-level M) D)
lemma qet-maximum-level-qe-qet-level:
```

```
L \in \# D \Longrightarrow get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ D \ge get\text{-}level\ M\ L
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
lemma get-maximum-level-empty[simp]:
  get-maximum-level M \{\#\} = 0
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level} :
  D \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow \exists L \in \# D. \ get\text{-level} \ M \ L = get\text{-maximum-level} \ M \ D
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def
 apply (induct D)
  apply simp
 by (rename-tac D x, case-tac D = \{\#\}) (auto simp add: max-def)
lemma get-maximum-level-empty-list[simp]:
  qet-maximum-level D = 0
 unfolding qet-maximum-level-def by (simp add: imaqe-constant-conv)
lemma get-maximum-level-single[simp]:
  get-maximum-level M \{ \#L\# \} = get-level M L
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by simp
lemma get-maximum-level-plus:
  qet-maximum-level M (D + D') = max (qet-maximum-level M D) (qet-maximum-level M D')
 by (induct D) (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-def)
lemma get-maximum-level-exists-lit:
 assumes n: n > 0
 and max: qet-maximum-level MD = n
 shows \exists L \in \#D. get-level ML = n
proof -
 have f: finite (insert 0 ((\lambda L. get-level M L) 'set-mset D)) by auto
 then have n \in ((\lambda L. \ get\text{-level } M \ L) \ `set\text{-mset } D)
   using n \max Max-in[OF f] unfolding get-maximum-level-def by simp
 then show \exists L \in \# D. get-level ML = n by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma} \ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}first[simp]:
 assumes atm-of L \notin atms-of D
 shows get-maximum-level (Propagated L C \# M) D = get-maximum-level M D
  using assms unfolding get-maximum-level-def atms-of-def
   atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
 by (smt\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}in\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}set\text{-}in\text{-}uminus\ get\text{-}level\text{-}skip\text{-}beginning\ image\text{-}iff\ marked\text{-}lit.sel(2)}
   multiset.map-cong\theta)
lemma get-maximum-level-skip-beginning:
 assumes DH: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l H
 shows qet-maximum-level (c @ Marked Kh i \# H) D = qet-maximum-level H D
proof -
 have (get\text{-}rev\text{-}level\ (rev\ H\ @\ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ rev\ c)\ 0) 'set-mset D
     = (get\text{-}rev\text{-}level (rev H) 0) \cdot set\text{-}mset D
   using DH unfolding atms-of-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) get-rev-level-skip-end image-cong image-subset-iff set-rev)
  then show ?thesis using DH unfolding get-maximum-level-def by auto
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma get-maximum-level-D-single-propagated:
  get-maximum-level [Propagated x21 x22] D = 0
proof -
 have A: insert \theta ((\lambda L. \theta) ' (set-mset D \cap \{L. atm-of x21 = atm-of L\})
     \cup (\lambda L. \ \theta) '(set-mset D \cap \{L. \ atm\text{-of } x21 \neq atm\text{-of } L\})) = \{\theta\}
   by auto
 show ?thesis unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (simp add: A)
lemma get-maximum-level-skip-notin:
 assumes D: \forall L \in \#D. atm\text{-}of L \in atm\text{-}of 'lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
 shows get-maximum-level M D = get-maximum-level (Propagated x21 x22 \# M) D
proof -
 have A: (get\text{-rev-level (rev } M @ [Propagated x21 x22]) 0) 'set-mset D
     = (get\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ (rev\ M)\ \theta) 'set-mset D
   using D by (auto intro!: image-cong simp add: lits-of-def)
 show ?thesis unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (auto simp: A)
qed
lemma get-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present:
 assumes \forall L \in \#D. atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ aa and
 \forall \ m{\in}set \ M. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ m
 shows get-maximum-level as D = get-maximum-level (M @ aa) D
 using assms by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
  (auto intro!: get-maximum-level-skip-notin[of D - @ aa] simp add: image-Un)
lemma get-maximum-level-union-mset:
  get-maximum-level M (A \# \cup B) = get-maximum-level M (A + B)
 unfolding get-maximum-level-def by (auto simp: image-Un)
fun get-maximum-possible-level:: ('b, nat, 'c) marked-lit list <math>\Rightarrow nat where
qet-maximum-possible-level [] = 0
get-maximum-possible-level (Marked K i \# l) = max \ i \ (get-maximum-possible-level l) |
get-maximum-possible-level (Propagated - - \# l) = get-maximum-possible-level l
lemma qet-maximum-possible-level-append[simp]:
  get-maximum-possible-level (M@M')
   = max (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}possible\text{-}level M) (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}possible\text{-}level M')
 by (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma \ get-maximum-possible-level-rev[simp]:
  get-maximum-possible-level (rev\ M) = get-maximum-possible-level M
 by (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-rev-level:
  max (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}possible\text{-}level M) i \geq get\text{-}rev\text{-}level M i L
 by (induct M arbitrary: i rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp add: le-max-iff-disj)
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level[simp]:
  get-maximum-possible-level M \geq get-level M L
 using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-rev-level[of rev - \theta] by auto
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[simp]:
```

```
get-maximum-possible-level M \ge get-maximum-level M D
  using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level unfolding Bex-def
  by (metis get-maximum-level-empty get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level le0)
fun get-all-mark-of-propagated where
get-all-mark-of-propagated [] = [] |
get-all-mark-of-propagated (Marked - - \# L) = get-all-mark-of-propagated L |
get-all-mark-of-propagated (Propagated - mark \# L) = mark \# get-all-mark-of-propagated L
lemma get-all-mark-of-propagated-append[simp]:
  get-all-mark-of-propagated (A @ B) = get-all-mark-of-propagated A @ get-all-mark-of-propagated B
 by (induct A rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
          Properties about the levels
fun get-all-levels-of-marked :: ('b, 'a, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a list where
qet-all-levels-of-marked [] = []
get-all-levels-of-marked (Marked l level \# Ls) = level \# get-all-levels-of-marked Ls |
get-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated - - # Ls) = get-all-levels-of-marked Ls
lemma qet-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked:
  get-all-levels-of-marked xs = [] \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in set \ xs. \ \neg is\text{-marked} \ x)
 using assms by (induction xs rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma qet-all-levels-of-marked-cons:
  get-all-levels-of-marked (a \# b) =
   (if is-marked a then [level-of a] else []) @ get-all-levels-of-marked b
 by (cases a) simp-all
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-append[simp]:
  qet-all-levels-of-marked (a @ b) = qet-all-levels-of-marked a @ get-all-levels-of-marked b
 by (induct a) (simp-all add: get-all-levels-of-marked-cons)
lemma in-get-all-levels-of-marked-iff-decomp:
  i \in set \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M) \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ c \ K \ c'. \ M = c \ @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ c') \ (is \ ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B)
proof
 assume ?B
 then show ?A by auto
next
 assume ?A
 then show ?B
   apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
     apply auto[]
    apply (metis append-Cons append-Nil qet-all-levels-of-marked.simps(2) set-ConsD)
   by (metis\ append-Cons\ get-all-levels-of-marked.simps(3))
ged
lemma get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked:
  get-rev-level M n L \leq Max (set (n \# get-all-levels-of-marked M))
 by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: get-all-levels-of-marked.induct)
    (simp-all\ add:\ max.coboundedI2)
lemma get-rev-level-ge-min-get-all-levels-of-marked:
  assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
 shows get-rev-level M n L \geq Min (set (n \# get-all-levels-of-marked M))
  using assms by (induct M arbitrary: n rule: get-all-levels-of-marked.induct)
```

```
(auto simp add: min-le-iff-disj)
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-rev-eq-rev-get-all-levels-of-marked[simp]:
  get-all-levels-of-marked (rev M) = rev (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 by (induct M rule: get-all-levels-of-marked.induct)
    (simp-all\ add:\ max.coboundedI2)
lemma get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked:
  get-maximum-possible-level M = Max (insert \ 0 \ (set \ (get-all-levels-of-marked M)))
 by (induct M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp: insert-commute)
lemma get-rev-level-in-levels-of-marked:
  get-rev-level M n L \in \{0, n\} \cup set (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 by (induction M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (force simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)+
lemma get-rev-level-in-atms-in-levels-of-marked:
  atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M) \Longrightarrow
   qet-rev-level M n L \in \{n\} \cup set (qet-all-levels-of-marked M)
 by (induction M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked:
  (\forall l \in set \ Ls. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ l) \longleftrightarrow get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked} \ Ls = []
 by (induction Ls) (auto simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-cons)
lemma get-level-in-levels-of-marked:
  get-level M L \in \{0\} \cup set (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 using get-rev-level-in-levels-of-marked [of rev M \ 0 \ L] by auto
The zero is here to avoid empty-list issues with last:
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-level-get-rev-level-get-all-levels-of-marked}:
 assumes atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M)
 shows
   get-level (K @ M) L = get-rev-level (rev K) (last (0 \# get-all-levels-of-marked (rev M))) L
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: K)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (Cons\ a\ M)
 then have H: \bigwedge K. get-level (K @ M) L
   = get\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ (rev\ K)\ (last\ (0\ \#\ get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked}\ (rev\ M)))\ L
   by auto
 have get-level ((K @ [a]) @ M) L
   = get\text{-}rev\text{-}level \ (a \# rev \ K) \ (last \ (0 \# get\text{-}all\text{-}levels\text{-}of\text{-}marked \ (rev \ M))) \ L
   using H[of K @ [a]] by simp
 then show ?case using Cons(2) by (cases a) auto
qed
lemma get-rev-level-can-skip-correctly-ordered:
 assumes
   no-dup M and
   atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M) \ \mathbf{and}
   get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc \ 0.. < Suc \ (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked M))]
 shows get-rev-level (rev M @ K) 0 L = get-rev-level K (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M)) L
 using assms
```

```
proof (induct M arbitrary: K rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked L' i M K)
 then have
   i: i = Suc (length (get-all-levels-of-marked M)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc \ 0.. < Suc \ (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked M))]
 then have get-rev-level (rev M \otimes (Marked L' i \# K)) 0 L
   = get\text{-rev-level (Marked } L' i \# K) \text{ (length (get-all-levels-of-marked } M)) } L
   using marked by auto
 then show ?case using marked unfolding i by auto
 case (proped L' D M K)
 then have get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc \ 0... < Suc \ (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M))]
   by auto
 then have get-rev-level (rev M @ (Propagated L' D \# K)) 0 L
   = \textit{get-rev-level (Propagated L' D \# \textit{K}) (length (\textit{get-all-levels-of-marked M})) L}
   using proped by auto
 then show ?case using proped by auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-level-skip-beginning-hd-get-all-levels-of-marked}:
 assumes atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l S and get-all-levels-of-marked S \neq []
 shows qet-level (M@S) L = qet-rev-level (rev\ M) (hd\ (qet-all-levels-of-marked S)) L
 using assms
proof (induction S arbitrary: M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
next
 case (marked K m) note notin = this(2)
 then show ?case by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
next
 case (proped L l) note IH = this(1) and L = this(2) and neq = this(3)
 show ?case using IH[of\ M@[Propagated\ L\ l]]\ L\ neq\ by\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ atm-of-eq-atm-of)
qed
\quad \mathbf{end} \quad
theory CDCL-W
imports CDCL-Abstract-Clause-Representation List-More CDCL-W-Level Wellfounded-More
begin
```

19 Weidenbach's CDCL

declare $upt.simps(2)[simp \ del]$

19.1 The State

We will abstract the representation of clause and clauses via two locales. We expect our representation to behave like multiset, but the internal representation can be done using list or whatever other representation.

```
locale state_W-ops =
```

```
raw-clss mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
  raw-ccls-union mset-ccls union-ccls insert-ccls remove-clit
  for
    — Clause
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ {\bf and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    — Multiset of Clauses
    mset-clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ {\bf and}
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    mset\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    union\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \text{ and }
    insert\text{-}ccls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove\text{-}clit :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls
    +
  fixes
    ccls-of-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'ccls and
    cls-of-ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits and
    hd-raw-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit and
    raw-init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    raw-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    raw-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
    cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-init-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-learned-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update\text{-}conflicting :: 'ccls \ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    init-state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st and
    restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
  assumes
    mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls[simp]:
       mset\text{-}ccls\ (ccls\text{-}of\text{-}cls\ C) = mset\text{-}cls\ C and
    mset-cls-of-ccls[simp]:
       mset-cls (cls-of-ccls D) = mset-ccls D and
    ex-mset-cls: \exists a. mset-cls a = E
begin
fun mmset-of-mlit :: ('a, 'b, 'cls) marked-lit \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'v clause) marked-lit
mmset-of-mlit (Propagated L C) = Propagated L (mset-cls C)
mmset-of-mlit (Marked\ L\ i) = Marked\ L\ i
```

```
lemma lit-of-mmset-of-mlit[simp]:
  lit-of\ (mmset-of-mlit\ a) = lit-of\ a
 by (cases a) auto
lemma lit-of-mmset-of-mlit-set-lit-of-l[simp]:
  lit-of ' mmset-of-mlit ' set M' = lits-of-l M'
 by (induction M') auto
lemma map-mmset-of-mlit-true-annots-true-cls[simp]:
  map mmset-of-mlit\ M' \models as\ C \longleftrightarrow M' \models as\ C
 by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls lits-of-def)
abbreviation init-clss \equiv \lambda S. mset-clss (raw-init-clss S)
abbreviation learned-clss \equiv \lambda S. mset-clss (raw-learned-clss S)
abbreviation conflicting \equiv \lambda S. map-option mset-ccls (raw-conflicting S)
notation insert-cls (infix !++ 50)
notation in-clss (infix ! \in ! 50)
notation union-clss (infix \oplus 50)
notation insert-clss (infix !++! 50)
notation union-ccls (infix ! \cup 50)
definition raw-clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss where
raw-clauses S = union-clss (raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S)
abbreviation clauses :: 'st \Rightarrow 'v clauses where
clauses S \equiv mset\text{-}clss (raw\text{-}clauses S)
```

We are using an abstract state to abstract away the detail of the implementation: we do not need to know how the clauses are represented internally, we just need to know that they can be converted to multisets.

Weidenbach state is a five-tuple composed of:

end

- 1. the trail is a list of marked literals;
- 2. the initial set of clauses (that is not changed during the whole calculus);
- 3. the learned clauses (clauses can be added or remove);
- 4. the maximum level of the trail;
- 5. the conflicting clause (if any has been found so far).

There are two different clause representation: one for the conflicting clause ('ccl', standing for conflicting clause) and one for the initial and learned clauses ('cls, standing for clause). The representation of the clauses annotating literals in the trail is slightly different: being able to convert it to 'cls is enough (needed for function hd-raw-trail below).

There are several axioms to state the independence of the different fields of the state: for example, adding a clause to the learned clauses does not change the trail.

```
locale state_W =
  state_W-ops
     — functions for clauses:
    mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
       mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
    — functions for the conflicting clause:
    mset\text{-}ccls\ union\text{-}ccls\ insert\text{-}ccls\ remove\text{-}clit
    — Conversion between conflicting and non-conflicting
    ccls-of-cls cls-of-ccls
    — functions about the state:
    trail hd-raw-trail raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting
       — setter:
    cons-trail tl-trail add-init-cls add-learned-cls remove-cls update-backtrack-lvl
    update-conflicting
       — Some specific states:
    init-state
     restart-state
  for
    mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    \mathit{insert\text{-}cls} :: 'v \ \mathit{literal} \Rightarrow '\mathit{cls} \Rightarrow '\mathit{cls} \ \mathbf{and}
    remove-lit :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    mset-clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    mset\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    union\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \text{ and }
    insert\text{-}ccls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove\text{-}clit :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
    ccls-of-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'ccls and
    cls-of-ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits and
    hd-raw-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit and
    raw-init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    raw-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    raw-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
    cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-init-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-learned-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update-conflicting :: 'ccls option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
```

```
init-state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st and
 restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
assumes
 hd-raw-trail: trail S \neq [] \implies mmset-of-mlit (hd-raw-trail S) = hd (trail S) and
 trail-cons-trail[simp]:
    \bigwedge L st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
      trail\ (cons-trail\ L\ st) = mmset-of-mlit\ L\ \#\ trail\ st\ {\bf and}
  trail-tl-trail[simp]: \bigwedge st. trail (tl-trail st) = tl (trail st) and
  trail-add-init-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow trail\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = trail\ st\ and
  trail-add-learned-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow trail (add-learned-cls C st) = trail st and
  trail-remove-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. trail (remove-cls C st) = trail st and
  trail-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]: \land st \ C. \ trail \ (update-backtrack-lvl \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
 trail-update-conflicting[simp]: \bigwedge C \ st. \ trail \ (update-conflicting \ C \ st) = trail \ st \ and
  init-clss-cons-trail[simp]:
    \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
      init-clss (cons-trail M st) = init-clss st
 init-clss-tl-trail[simp]:
    \bigwedge st. \ init\text{-}clss \ (tl\text{-}trail \ st) = init\text{-}clss \ st \ \mathbf{and}
  init-clss-add-init-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = \{\#mset\text{-}cls\ C\#\} + init\text{-}clss\ st\}
   and
  init-clss-add-learned-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow init-clss (add-learned-cls C st) = init-clss st and
  init-clss-remove-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. init-clss (remove-cls C st) = removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (init-clss st) and
  init-clss-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
    \bigwedge st\ C.\ init\text{-}clss\ (update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\ C\ st) = init\text{-}clss\ st\ and
  init-clss-update-conflicting[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. init-clss (update-conflicting C st) = init-clss st and
 learned-clss-cons-trail[simp]:
    \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
      learned-clss (cons-trail M st) = learned-clss st and
 learned-clss-tl-trail[simp]:
    \wedge st.\ learned-clss (tl-trail st) = learned-clss st and
 learned-clss-add-init-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedgest C. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow learned-clss (add-init-cls C st) = learned-clss st and
 learned-cls-add-learned-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow
      learned-clss (add-learned-cls C st) = \{ \#mset-cls C\# \} + learned-clss st and
 learned-clss-remove-cls[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. learned-clss (remove-cls C st) = removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (learned-clss st) and
 learned-clss-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
    \bigwedge st\ C.\ learned\text{-}clss\ (update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\ C\ st) = learned\text{-}clss\ st\ and
 learned-clss-update-conflicting[simp]:
    \bigwedge C st. learned-clss (update-conflicting C st) = learned-clss st and
  backtrack-lvl-cons-trail[simp]:
    \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
```

```
backtrack-lvl (cons-trail M st) = backtrack-lvl st and
    backtrack-lvl-tl-trail[simp]:
     \bigwedge st.\ backtrack-lvl\ (tl-trail\ st) = backtrack-lvl\ st\ {\bf and}
    backtrack-lvl-add-init-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedgest C. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow backtrack-lvl (add-init-cls C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
    backtrack-lvl-add-learned-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow backtrack-lvl (add-learned-cls C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
   backtrack-lvl-remove-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. backtrack-lvl (remove-cls C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
    backtrack-lvl-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
     \bigwedge st \ k. \ backtrack-lvl \ (update-backtrack-lvl \ k \ st) = k \ and
    backtrack-lvl-update-conflicting[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. backtrack-lvl (update-conflicting C st) = backtrack-lvl st and
    conflicting-cons-trail[simp]:
     \bigwedge M st. undefined-lit (trail st) (lit-of M) \Longrightarrow
       conflicting (cons-trail M st) = conflicting st  and
    conflicting-tl-trail[simp]:
      \wedge st. conflicting (tl-trail st) = conflicting st and
    conflicting-add-init-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge st\ C.\ no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ st) \Longrightarrow conflicting\ (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ C\ st) = conflicting\ st\ and
   conflicting-add-learned-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. no-dup (trail st) \Longrightarrow conflicting (add-learned-cls C st) = conflicting st
     and
    conflicting-remove-cls[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. conflicting (remove-cls C st) = conflicting st and
    conflicting-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
     \bigwedge st\ C.\ conflicting\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ C\ st) = conflicting\ st\ and
    conflicting-update-conflicting[simp]:
     \bigwedge C st. raw-conflicting (update-conflicting C st) = C and
    init-state-trail[simp]: \bigwedge N. trail (init-state N) = [] and
    init-state-clss[simp]: \bigwedge N. (init-clss (init-state N)) = mset-clss N  and
    init-state-learned-clss[simp]: \bigwedge N. learned-clss (init-state N) = \{\#\} and
    init-state-backtrack-lvl[simp]: \bigwedge N. backtrack-lvl(init-state N) = 0 and
    init-state-conflicting[simp]: \bigwedge N. conflicting (init-state N) = None and
    trail-restart-state[simp]: trail (restart-state S) = [] and
    init-clss-restart-state[simp]: init-clss (restart-state S) = init-clss S and
   learned-clss-restart-state[intro]:
     learned-clss (restart-state S) \subseteq \# learned-clss S and
    backtrack-lvl-restart-state[simp]: backtrack-lvl (restart-state S) = 0 and
    conflicting-restart-state[simp]: conflicting (restart-state S) = None
begin
lemma
  shows
    clauses-cons-trail[simp]:
     undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ (lit\text{-}of\ M) \Longrightarrow clauses\ (cons-trail\ M\ S) = clauses\ S\ and
    clss-tl-trail[simp]: clauses (tl-trail S) = clauses S and
    clauses-add-learned-cls-unfolded:
     no-dup (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow clauses\ (add-learned-cls U\ S) =
        \{\#mset\text{-}cls\ U\#\} + learned\text{-}clss\ S + init\text{-}clss\ S
     and
```

```
clauses-add-init-cls[simp]:
     no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
        clauses (add-init-cls NS) = {\#mset-cls N\#} + init-clss S + learned-clss S and
    clauses-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]: clauses (update-backtrack-lvl k S) = clauses S and
    clauses-update-conflicting [simp]: clauses (update-conflicting D(S)) = clauses(S) and
    clauses-remove-cls[simp]:
      clauses (remove-cls \ C \ S) = removeAll-mset (mset-cls \ C) (clauses \ S) and
    clauses-add-learned-cls[simp]:
     no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \Longrightarrow clauses \ (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls \ C \ S) = \{\#mset\text{-}cls \ C\#\} + clauses \ S \ and \ G \ S \}
    clauses-restart[simp]: clauses (restart-state S) \subseteq \# clauses S and
    clauses-init-state[simp]: \land N. \ clauses \ (init-state \ N) = mset-clss \ N
   prefer 9 using raw-clauses-def learned-clss-restart-state apply fastforce
   by (auto simp: ac-simps replicate-mset-plus raw-clauses-def intro: multiset-eqI)
abbreviation state :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit \ list \times 'v \ clauses \times 'v \ clauses
  \times nat \times 'v clause option where
state S \equiv (trail \ S, init-clss \ S, learned-clss \ S, backtrack-lvl \ S, conflicting \ S)
abbreviation incr-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
incr-lvl \ S \equiv update-backtrack-lvl \ (backtrack-lvl \ S + 1) \ S
definition state-eq :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool (infix \sim 50) where
S \sim T \longleftrightarrow state \ S = state \ T
lemma state-eq-ref[simp, intro]:
  S \sim S
  unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma state-eq-sym:
  S \sim T \longleftrightarrow T \sim S
 unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma state-eq-trans:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow T \sim U \Longrightarrow S \sim U
 unfolding state-eq-def by auto
lemma
  shows
   state-eq-trail: S \sim T \Longrightarrow trail \ S = trail \ T and
   state-eq-init-clss: S \sim T \Longrightarrow init-clss S = init-clss T and
   state-eq-learned-clss: S \sim T \Longrightarrow learned-clss S = learned-clss T and
   state-eq-backtrack-lvl: S \sim T \Longrightarrow backtrack-lvl: S = backtrack-lvl: T and
   state-eq-conflicting: S \sim T \Longrightarrow conflicting S = conflicting T and
   state-eq-clauses: S \sim T \Longrightarrow clauses \ S = clauses \ T and
    state-eq-undefined-lit: S \sim T \Longrightarrow undefined-lit (trail S) L = undefined-lit (trail T) L
  unfolding state-eq-def raw-clauses-def by auto
lemma state-eq-raw-conflicting-None:
  S \sim T \Longrightarrow conflicting T = None \Longrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
  unfolding state-eq-def raw-clauses-def by auto
```

We combine all simplification rules about $op \sim$ in a single list of theorems. While they are handy as simplification rule as long as we are working on the state, they also cause a *huge* slow-down in all other cases.

lemmas state-simp[simp] = state-eq-trail state-eq-init-clss state-eq-learned-clss

```
state-eq-raw-conflicting-None
lemma atms-of-ms-learned-clss-restart-state-in-atms-of-ms-learned-clssI[intro]:
  x \in atms-of-mm (learned-clss (restart-state S)) \Longrightarrow x \in atms-of-mm (learned-clss S)
 by (meson\ atms-of-ms-mono\ learned-clss-restart-state\ set-mset-mono\ subset CE)
function reduce-trail-to :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
reduce-trail-to F S =
 (if length (trail S) = length F \vee trail S = [] then S else reduce-trail-to F (tl-trail S))
by fast+
termination
 by (relation measure (\lambda(\cdot, S)). length (trail S))) simp-all
declare reduce-trail-to.simps[simp del]
lemma
 shows
   reduce-trail-to-nil[simp]: trail S = [] \implies reduce-trail-to F S = S and
   reduce-trail-to-eq-length[simp]: length(trail S) = length F \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to FS = S
 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma reduce-trail-to-length-ne:
  length (trail S) \neq length F \Longrightarrow trail S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
   reduce-trail-to F S = reduce-trail-to F (tl-trail S)
 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to.simps)
\mathbf{lemma}\ trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le:
 assumes length F > length (trail S)
 shows trail (reduce-trail-to F(S) = []
 using assms apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) length-tl less-imp-diff-less less-irrefl trail-tl-trail
   reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to-nil[simp]:
  trail (reduce-trail-to [] S) = []
 apply (induction []::('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis length-0-conv reduce-trail-to-length-ne reduce-trail-to-nil)
lemma clauses-reduce-trail-to-nil:
  clauses (reduce-trail-to [] S) = clauses S
\mathbf{proof} (induction [] S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 case (1 Sa)
  then have clauses (reduce-trail-to ([::'a \ list) \ (tl-trail Sa)) = clauses (tl-trail Sa)
   \vee trail Sa = []
   by fastforce
 then show clauses (reduce-trail-to ([]::'a list) Sa) = clauses Sa
   by (metis (no-types) length-0-conv reduce-trail-to-eq-length clss-tl-trail
     reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
qed
lemma reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning:
 assumes trail\ S = F' @ F
 shows trail (reduce-trail-to F S) = F
 using assms by (induction F' arbitrary: S) (auto simp: reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
```

state-eq-backtrack-lvl state-eq-conflicting state-eq-clauses state-eq-undefined-lit

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ clauses\text{-}reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to[simp]\text{:}
  clauses (reduce-trail-to F S) = clauses S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma conflicting-update-trail[simp]:
  conflicting (reduce-trail-to F S) = conflicting S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis conflicting-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma backtrack-lvl-update-trail[simp]:
  backtrack-lvl \ (reduce-trail-to \ F \ S) = backtrack-lvl \ S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis backtrack-lvl-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma init-clss-update-trail[simp]:
  init-clss (reduce-trail-to F(S) = init-clss S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis init-clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma learned-clss-update-trail[simp]:
  learned-clss (reduce-trail-to F(S) = learned-clss S
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis learned-clss-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma raw-conflicting-reduce-trail-to[simp]:
  raw-conflicting (reduce-trail-to F(S) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis conflicting-update-trail map-option-is-None)
lemma trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ T)
 apply (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (metis trail-tl-trail reduce-trail-to.simps)
{\bf lemma}\ reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\text{-}state\text{-}eq_{NOT}\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes ST: S \sim T
 shows reduce-trail-to F S \sim reduce-trail-to F T
proof -
 have trail (reduce-trail-to F(S)) = trail (reduce-trail-to F(T))
   using trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq[of S T F] ST by auto
 then show ?thesis using ST by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
qed
lemma reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp[simp]:
  trail\ S = F' \ @ Marked\ K\ d\ \#\ F \Longrightarrow (trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)) = F
 apply (rule reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning of - F' @ Marked K d \# []])
 by (cases F') (auto simp add:tl-append reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning)
lemma reduce-trail-to-add-learned-cls[simp]:
 no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
    trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (add-learned-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
```

```
lemma reduce-trail-to-add-init-cls[simp]:
 no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
   trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (add-init-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}to\text{-}remove\text{-}learned\text{-}cls[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (remove-cls\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-update-conflicting[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (update-conflicting\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-update-backtrack-lvl[simp]:
  trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ (update-backtrack-lvl\ C\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ F\ S)
 by (rule trail-eq-reduce-trail-to-eq) auto
lemma in-get-all-marked-decomposition-marked-or-empty:
 assumes (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 shows a = [] \lor (is\text{-marked } (hd \ a))
 using assms
proof (induct M arbitrary: a b)
 case Nil then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons \ m \ M)
 show ?case
   proof (cases m)
     case (Marked l mark)
     then show ?thesis using Cons by auto
     case (Propagated 1 mark)
     then show ?thesis using Cons by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) force+
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma reduce-trail-to-length:
  length M = length M' \Longrightarrow reduce-trail-to MS = reduce-trail-to M'S
 apply (induction M S arbitrary: rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 by (simp add: reduce-trail-to.simps)
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to-drop:
  trail (reduce-trail-to F S) =
   (if \ length \ (trail \ S) \ge length \ F
   then drop (length (trail S) – length F) (trail S)
 apply (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 apply (rename-tac F S, case-tac trail S)
  apply auto
  apply (rename-tac list, case-tac Suc (length list) > length F)
  prefer 2 apply (metis diff-is-0-eq drop-Cons' length-Cons nat-le-linear nat-less-le
    reduce-trail-to-eq-length trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le)
 apply (subgoal-tac Suc (length list) – length F = Suc (length list – length F))
 by (auto simp add: reduce-trail-to-length-ne)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\text{-}trail\text{-}update\text{-}trail[simp]}:
 assumes H: (L \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
 shows trail\ (reduce-trail-to\ M1\ S)=M1
proof -
 obtain K mark where
   L: L = Marked K mark
   using H by (cases L) (auto dest!: in-qet-all-marked-decomposition-marked-or-empty)
 obtain c where
   tr-S: trail S = c @ M2 @ L \# M1
   using H by auto
 show ?thesis
   by (rule reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp[of - c @ M2 K mark])
    (auto simp: tr-SL)
qed
lemma raw-conflicting-cons-trail[simp]:
 assumes undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ (lit\text{-}of\ L)
   raw-conflicting (cons-trail L(S) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
 using assms conflicting-cons-trail[of S L] map-option-is-None by fastforce+
lemma raw-conflicting-add-init-cls[simp]:
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
   raw-conflicting (add-init-cls CS) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
  using map-option-is-None conflicting-add-init-cls[of S C] by fastforce+
lemma raw-conflicting-add-learned-cls[simp]:
  no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
   raw-conflicting (add-learned-cls CS) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
 using map-option-is-None conflicting-add-learned-cls[of S C] by fastforce+
lemma raw-conflicting-update-backtracl-lvl[simp]:
  raw-conflicting (update-backtrack-lvl k S) = None \longleftrightarrow raw-conflicting S = None
 using map-option-is-None conflicting-update-backtrack-lvl[of k S] by fastforce+
end — end of state_W locale
19.2
         CDCL Rules
Because of the strategy we will later use, we distinguish propagate, conflict from the other rules
locale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W =
 state_{W}
    — functions for clauses:
   mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
   mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
   — functions for the conflicting clause:
   mset\text{-}ccls\ union\text{-}ccls\ insert\text{-}ccls\ remove\text{-}clit

    conversion

   ccls-of-cls cls-of-ccls
```

trail hd-raw-trail raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting

functions for the state:access functions:

```
— changing state:
     cons\text{-}trail\ tl\text{-}trail\ add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ remove\text{-}cls\ update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
     update-conflicting
       — get state:
     init-state
     restart-state
  for
     mset-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
     insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ \mathbf{and}
     remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
     mset-clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
     union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
     in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
     insert\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
     remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
     mset\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
     union\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \text{ and }
     insert\text{-}ccls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
     remove\text{-}clit :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
     \mathit{ccls-of-cls} :: '\mathit{cls} \Rightarrow '\mathit{ccls} \; \mathbf{and}
     cls-of-ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'cls and
     trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits and
     hd-raw-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit and
     raw-init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
     raw-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
     backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
     raw-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
     cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     add-init-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     add-learned-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     remove\text{-}cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
     update\text{-}conflicting :: 'ccls \ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
     init-state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st and
     restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
inductive propagate :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
propagate-rule: conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  E \mathrel{!}\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S \Longrightarrow
  L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
  trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ (remove\text{-}lit \ L \ E)) \Longrightarrow
   undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
   T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S \Longrightarrow
  propagate S T
```

inductive-cases propagateE: propagateS T

```
inductive conflict :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
conflict-rule:
  conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  D !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S \Longrightarrow
  trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ D) \Longrightarrow
  T \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some (ccls-of\text{-cls }D)) } S \Longrightarrow
  conflict S T
inductive-cases conflictE: conflict S T
inductive backtrack :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
backtrack	ext{-}rule	ext{:}
  raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
  L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
  (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
  get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
  qet-level (trail S) L = qet-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
  get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit L D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
  T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
            (reduce-trail-to M1
               (add-learned-cls\ (cls-of-ccls\ D)
                 (update-backtrack-lvl i
                   (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
  backtrack S T
inductive-cases backtrackE: backtrack S T
thm backtrackE
inductive decide :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
decide-rule:
  conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
  atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \Longrightarrow
  T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S) \Longrightarrow
  decide S T
inductive-cases decideE: decide S T
inductive skip :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
skip-rule:
  trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
   raw-conflicting S = Some E \Longrightarrow
   -L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls E \Longrightarrow
   mset\text{-}ccls\ E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
   T \sim \textit{tl-trail} \ S \Longrightarrow
   skip S T
inductive-cases skipE: skip S T
get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\}) \# M) D = k \vee k = 0 (that was in a previous
version of the book) is equivalent to get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C + \{\#L\#\}\}) \# M) D
= k, when the structural invariants holds.
```

inductive resolve :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where

resolve-rule: trail $S \neq [] \Longrightarrow$

```
hd-raw-trail S = Propagated L E \Longrightarrow
  L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
  raw-conflicting S = Some D' \Longrightarrow
  -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls D' \Longrightarrow
  get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D')) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim update-conflicting (Some (union-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D') (ccls-of-cls (remove-lit L E))))
     (tl\text{-}trail\ S) \Longrightarrow
  resolve S T
inductive-cases resolveE: resolve S T
inductive restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
restart: state S = (M, N, U, k, None) \Longrightarrow \neg M \models asm clauses S
  \implies T \sim restart\text{-}state S
  \implies restart \ S \ T
inductive-cases restartE: restart S T
We add the condition C \notin \# init\text{-}clss S, to maintain consistency even without the strategy.
inductive forget :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
forget-rule:
  conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
  C !\in ! raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss S \Longrightarrow
  \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S \Longrightarrow
  \mathit{mset-cls}\ C \not\in \mathit{set}\ (\mathit{get-all-mark-of-propagated}\ (\mathit{trail}\ S)) \Longrightarrow
  mset\text{-}cls\ C \notin \#\ init\text{-}clss\ S \Longrightarrow
  T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
  forget S T
inductive-cases forgetE: forget S T
inductive cdcl_W-rf :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
restart: restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-rf S T
forget: forget S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-rf S T
inductive cdcl_W-bj :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
skip: skip \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - bj \ S \ S'
resolve: resolve S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-bj S S'
backtrack: backtrack \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-bj} \ S \ S'
inductive-cases cdcl_W-bjE: cdcl_W-bj S T
inductive cdcl_W-o :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
decide: decide S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-}o S S'
\mathit{bj} \colon \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{bj} \mathrel{S} S' \Longrightarrow \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{o} \mathrel{S} S'
inductive cdcl_W :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ for } S :: 'st \text{ where}
propagate: propagate S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
conflict: conflict S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
other: cdcl_W-o S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
rf: cdcl_W - rf S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W S S'
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  propagate^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
```

```
apply simp
  apply (frule propagate)
  using rtranclp-trans[of cdcl_W] by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}rules\text{-}induct[consumes\ 1\ ,\ case\text{-}names\ propagate\ conflict\ forget\ restart\ decide\ skip}
    resolve backtrack]:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
    propagate: \bigwedge T. propagate S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    conflict: \bigwedge T. conflict S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    forget: \bigwedge T. forget S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T and
    restart: \bigwedge T. restart S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    decide: \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
    skip: \ \ \ \ \ T. \ skip \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T \ {\bf and}
    resolve: \bigwedge T. resolve S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T and
    backtrack: \bigwedge T. backtrack S T \Longrightarrow P S T
  shows P S S'
  using assms(1)
proof (induct S' rule: cdcl_W.induct)
  case (propagate S') note propagate = this(1)
  then show ?case using assms(2) by auto
next
  case (conflict S')
  then show ?case using assms(3) by auto
next
  case (other S')
  then show ?case
    proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o.induct)
      case (decide\ U)
      then show ?case using assms(6) by auto
    next
      case (bj S')
      then show ?case using assms(7-9) by (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct) auto
    qed
next
  case (rf S')
  then show ?case
    by (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-rf.induct) (fast dest: forget restart)+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-all-induct consumes 1, case-names propagate conflict forget restart decide skip
    resolve backtrack]:
  fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
    propagateH: \bigwedge C \ L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
       C \in ! raw\text{-}clauses S \Longrightarrow
       L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ C \Longrightarrow
       trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ (mset\text{-}cls \ C)) \Longrightarrow
       undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
       T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L C) S \Longrightarrow
       P S T and
    conflictH: \bigwedge D \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
       D \in ! raw-clauses S \Longrightarrow
```

```
trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ D) \Longrightarrow
        T \sim update\text{-}conflicting (Some (ccls-of\text{-}cls D)) S \Longrightarrow
        PST and
    forgetH: \bigwedge C \ U \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
       C ! \in ! raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss S \Longrightarrow
       \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S \Longrightarrow
       \mathit{mset-cls}\ C \not\in \mathit{set}\ (\mathit{get-all-mark-of-propagated}\ (\mathit{trail}\ S)) \Longrightarrow
       mset\text{-}cls\ C \notin \#\ init\text{-}clss\ S \Longrightarrow
       T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
       P S T and
    restartH: \bigwedge T. \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
       conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
       T \sim \textit{restart-state } S \Longrightarrow
       PST and
    decideH: \land L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
       undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
       atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)\Longrightarrow
       T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S) \Longrightarrow
       PST and
    skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ E \ T.
       trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
       raw-conflicting S = Some \ E \Longrightarrow
       -L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls E \Longrightarrow mset\text{-}ccls E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
       T \sim tl\text{-}trail \ S \Longrightarrow
       PST and
    resolveH: \land L \ E \ M \ D \ T.
       trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (mset-cls\ E)\ \#\ M \Longrightarrow
       L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
       hd-raw-trail S = Propagated L E \Longrightarrow
       raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
       -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls D \Longrightarrow
       get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
       T \sim update\text{-}conflicting
         (Some\ (union-ccls\ (remove-clit\ (-L)\ D)\ (ccls-of-cls\ (remove-lit\ L\ E))))\ (tl-trail\ S)\Longrightarrow
       P S T and
    backtrackH: \bigwedge L D K i M1 M2 T.
       raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
       L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
       (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
       get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
       get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
       get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
       T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
                  (reduce-trail-to M1
                    (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                       (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                         (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
        PST
  shows P S S'
  using cdcl_W
proof (induct S S' rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-rules-induct)
  case (propagate S')
  then show ?case
    by (auto elim!: propagateE intro!: propagateH)
next
```

```
case (conflict S')
  then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: conflictE intro!: conflictH)
next
  case (restart S')
  then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: restartE intro!: restartH)
next
  case (decide\ T)
  then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: decideE intro!: decideH)
next
  case (backtrack S')
  then show ?case by (auto elim!: backtrackE intro!: backtrackH
   simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-def)
\mathbf{next}
  case (forget S')
  then show ?case by (auto elim!: forgetE intro!: forgetH)
next
  case (skip S')
  then show ?case by (auto elim!: skipE intro!: skipH)
next
  case (resolve S')
  then show ?case
   using hd-raw-trail[of S] by (cases trail S) (auto elim!: resolveE intro!: resolveH)
ged
lemma cdcl_W-o-induct[consumes 1, case-names decide skip resolve backtrack]:
  fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
   decideH: \bigwedge L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow \ undefined-lit \ (trail \ S) \ L
      \implies atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
      \implies T \sim cons\text{-trail} (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S)
      \implies P S T and
   skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ E \ T.
      trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
      raw-conflicting S = Some E \Longrightarrow
      -L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls E \Longrightarrow mset\text{-}ccls E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
      T \sim tl-trail S \Longrightarrow
      PST and
    resolveH: \land L \ E \ M \ D \ T.
      trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (mset\text{-}cls\ E)\ \#\ M \Longrightarrow
      L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
      hd-raw-trail S = Propagated L E \Longrightarrow
      raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
      -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls D \Longrightarrow
      get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (trail\ S)\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ (remove\text{-}clit\ (-L)\ D)) = backtrack\text{-}lvl\ S \Longrightarrow
      T \sim update\text{-}conflicting
        (Some (union-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D) (ccls-of-cls (remove-lit L E)))) (tl-trail S) \Longrightarrow
      PST and
    backtrackH: \bigwedge L D K i M1 M2 T.
      raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
      L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
      (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
      get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
```

```
get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
     get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
     T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
              (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                  (update-backtrack-lvl i
                    (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
      PST
 shows P S T
 using cdcl_W apply (induct T rule: cdcl_W-o.induct)
  using assms(2) apply (auto elim: decideE)[1]
  apply (elim\ cdcl_W - bjE\ skipE\ resolveE\ backtrackE)
   apply (frule skipH; simp)
   using hd-raw-trail of S apply (cases trail S; auto elim!: resolveE intro!: resolveH)
 apply (frule backtrackH; simp-all del: state-simp add: state-eq-def)
 done
thm cdcl_W-o.induct
lemma cdcl_W-o-all-rules-induct[consumes 1, case-names decide backtrack skip resolve]:
 fixes S T :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S T and
   \bigwedge T. decide S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T and
   \bigwedge T. backtrack S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   \bigwedge T. skip S T \Longrightarrow P S T and
   \bigwedge T. resolve S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ S \ T
 shows P S T
 using assms by (induct T rule: cdcl_W-o.induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
lemma cdcl_W-o-rule-cases consumes 1, case-names decide backtrack skip resolve]:
 fixes S T :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S T and
   decide\ S\ T \Longrightarrow P and
   backtrack \ S \ T \Longrightarrow P \ {\bf and}
   skip S T \Longrightarrow P and
   resolve S T \Longrightarrow P
 shows P
 using assms by (auto simp: cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps)
```

19.3 Invariants

19.3.1 Properties of the trail

We here establish that:

- the marks are exactly $[1..< Suc\ k]$ where k is the level;
- the consistency of the trail;
- the fact that there is no duplicate in the trail.

```
lemma backtrack-lit-skiped:
```

```
assumes
```

```
L: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
```

```
M1: (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) and
   no-dup: no-dup (trail S) and
   bt-l: backtrack-lvl S = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) and
   order: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
   = rev [1..<1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))]
 shows atm-of L \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l M1
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?M = trail S
 assume L-in-M1: \neg atm\text{-}of\ L \notin atm\text{-}of\ ``lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M1"
 obtain c where
   Mc: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using M1 by blast
 have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ c
   using L-in-M1 no-dup unfolding Mc lits-of-def by force
 have q\text{-}M\text{-}eq\text{-}q\text{-}M1: qet\text{-}level\ ?M\ L=qet\text{-}level\ M1\ L
   using L-in-M1 unfolding Mc by auto
 have q: qet-all-levels-of-marked M1 = rev [1.. < Suc i]
   using order unfolding Mc by (auto simp del: upt-simps simp: rev-swap[symmetric]
     dest: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i)
 then have Max (set (0 \# get-all-levels-of-marked (rev M1))) < Suc i by auto
 then have get-level M1 L < Suc i
   using get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked of rev M1 0 L by linarith
 moreover have Suc\ i \leq backtrack-lvl\ S using bt-l by (simp\ add:\ Mc\ g)
 ultimately show False using L g-M-eq-g-M1 by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-distinctinv-1:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S))]
 shows no-dup (trail S')
 using assms
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-all-induct)
 case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note decomp = this(3) and L = this(4) and T = this(7) and
   n-d = this(8)
 obtain c where Mc: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 have no-dup (M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1)
   using Mc n-d by fastforce
 moreover have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped[of S L K i M1 M2] L decomp backtrack.prems
   by (fastforce simp: lits-of-def)
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 ultimately show ?case using decomp T n-d by simp
qed (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
Item 1 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-consistent-inv-2:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   no-dup (trail S) and
   backtrack-lvl S = length (qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) and
```

```
get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S))]
 shows consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S'))
 using cdcl_W-distinctinv-1 [OF assms] distinct-consistent-interp by fast
lemma cdcl_W-o-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o SS' and
   backtrack-lvl S = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) =
     rev [1..<1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))] and
   n-d[simp]: no-dup (trail S)
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S'))
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct)
 case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note decomp = this(3) and T = this(7) and level = this(9)
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 S) = M1
   using decomp by auto
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1 using decomp by auto
 have rev (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))
   = [1..<1+(length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]
   using level by (auto simp: rev-swap[symmetric])
 moreover have atm-of L \notin (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) 'set M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped [of S L K i M1 M2] backtrack(4,8,9) decomp
   by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 moreover then have no-dup (trail T)
   using T decomp n-d by (auto simp: defined-lit-map M)
 ultimately show ?case
   using T n-d unfolding M by (auto dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length simp del: upt-simps)
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-rf-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-rf S S' and
   backtrack-lvl S = length (qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) and
   qet-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<(1+length\ (qet-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)))]
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S'))
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-rf.induct) (auto elim: restartE forgetE)
Item 7 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-bt:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   backtrack-lvl\ S = length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
   = rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]) and
   no-dup (trail S)
 shows backtrack-lvl S' = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S'))
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W.induct) (auto simp add: cdcl_W-o-bt cdcl_W-rf-bt
   elim: conflictE propagateE)
Stated in proof of Item 7 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-bt-level':
 assumes
```

```
cdcl_W S S' and
   backtrack-lvl S = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
     = rev ([1..<(1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)))]) and
   n-d: no-dup (trail S)
 shows get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S')
   = rev [1..<1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S'))]
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-induct)
 case (decide L T) note undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
 let ?M = trail S
 let ?M' = Marked L (?k + 1) \# trail S
 have H: get-all-levels-of-marked ?M = rev [Suc \ 0...<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)]
   using decide.prems by simp
 have k: ?k = length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)
   using decide.prems by auto
 have qet-all-levels-of-marked ?M' = Suc ?k \# qet-all-levels-of-marked ?M by simp
 then have get-all-levels-of-marked ?M' = Suc ?k \#
     rev [Suc \ 0..<1+length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ ?M)]
   using H by auto
 moreover have ... = rev [Suc \ 0.. < Suc \ (1+length \ (qet-all-levels-of-marked \ ?M))]
   unfolding k by simp
 finally show ?case using T undef by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
 case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2 T) note decomp = this(3) and confil = this(1) and T = this(7)
and
   all-marked = this(9) and bt-lvl = this(8)
 have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M1
   using backtrack-lit-skiped of S L K i M1 M2 backtrack (4,8-10) decomp
   by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
 moreover then have undefined-lit M1 L
    by (auto simp: defined-lit-map lits-of-def)
 then have [simp]: trail\ T = Propagated\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D)\ \#\ M1
   using T decomp n-d by auto
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1 using decomp by auto
 have qet-all-levels-of-marked (rev (trail S))
   = [Suc \ 0..<2 + length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ c) + (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ M2)]
             + length (get-all-levels-of-marked M1))]
   using all-marked bt-lvl unfolding M by (auto simp: rev-swap[symmetric] simp del: upt-simps)
 then show ?case
   using T by (auto simp: rev-swap M simp del: upt-simps dest!: append-cons-eq-upt(1))
qed auto
We write 1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) instead of backtrack-lvl S to avoid non
termination of rewriting.
definition cdcl_W-M-level-inv :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \longleftrightarrow
 consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S))
 \land no-dup (trail S)
 \land backtrack-lvl S = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail <math>S))
 \land get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
     = rev [1..<1+length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))]
```

lemma $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv-decomp:

```
assumes cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows
   consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) and
   no-dup (trail S)
  using assms unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by fastforce+
lemma cdcl_W-consistent-inv:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
    cdcl_W S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 \mathbf{using} \ assms \ cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv\text{-}2 \ cdcl_W\text{-}distinctinv\text{-}1 \ cdcl_W\text{-}bt \ cdcl_W\text{-}bt\text{-}level'
 unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by meson+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_{W}^{**} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W^{++} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp-induct)
  (auto intro: cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-M-level-inv-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
  cdcl_W-M-level-inv (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\text{-}get\text{-}level\text{-}le\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\text{:}}
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows get-level (trail S) L \leq backtrack-lvl S
proof
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl\ S]
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis
   using get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked[of rev (trail S) 0 L]
   by (auto simp: Max-n-upt)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{backtrack-ex-decomp} :
 assumes
   M-l: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   i-S: i < backtrack-lvl S
 shows \exists K \ M1 \ M2. (Marked K \ (i+1) \ \# \ M1, \ M2) \in set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (trail \ S))
proof -
 let ?M = trail S
 have
   g: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) = rev [Suc 0... < Suc (backtrack-lvl S)]
   using M-l unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by simp-all
```

```
then have i+1 \in set (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))
using i-S by auto

then obtain c K c' where tr-S: trail S = c @ Marked K (i+1) \# c'
using in-get-all-levels-of-marked-iff-decomp[of i+1 trail S] by auto

obtain M1 M2 where (Marked K (i+1) \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
using Marked-cons-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-append-Marked-cons unfolding tr-S by fast
then show ?thesis by blast
qed
```

19.3.2 Better-Suited Induction Principle

We generalise the induction principle defined previously: the induction case for backtrack now includes the assumption that undefined-lit M1 L. This helps the simplifier and thus the automation.

lemma backtrack-induction-lev[consumes 1, case-names M-devel-inv backtrack]: assumes bt: backtrack S T and $inv: cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv S and backtrackH: $\bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T$. raw-conflicting $S = Some D \Longrightarrow$ $L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow$ $(Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1\ ,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow$ get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl $S \Longrightarrow$ qet-level (trail S) L = qet-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) $\equiv i \Longrightarrow$ undefined-lit M1 $L \Longrightarrow$ $T \sim cons$ -trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D)) (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D) (update-backtrack-lvl i $(update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow$ PSTshows P S Tproof obtain K i M1 M2 L D where $decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))$ and $L: get\text{-}level \ (trail \ S) \ L = backtrack\text{-}lvl \ S \ {\bf and}$ confl: raw-conflicting S = Some D and $LD: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \ \mathbf{and}$ lev-L: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) and lev-D: get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) $\equiv i$ and $T: T \sim cons$ -trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D)) (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D) (update-backtrack-lvl i $(update-conflicting\ None\ S))))$ using bt by (elim backtrackE) metis have $atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of$ ' $lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M1$ using backtrack-lit-skiped[of S L K i M1 M2] L decomp bt confl lev-L lev-D inv unfolding $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv-def by force then have undefined-lit M1 L **by** (auto simp: defined-lit-map lits-of-def)

```
using backtrackH[OF confl LD decomp L lev-L lev-D - T] by simp
lemmas\ backtrack-induction-lev2 = backtrack-induction-lev[consumes\ 2\ ,\ case-names\ backtrack]
lemma cdcl_W-all-induct-lev-full:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
     cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
    inv[simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    propagateH: \bigwedge C \ L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
        C \in ! raw-clauses S \Longrightarrow
        L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ C \Longrightarrow
        trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (remove1-mset \ L \ (mset-cls \ C)) \Longrightarrow
        undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
        T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L C) S \Longrightarrow
        P S T and
    conflictH: \land D \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
        D !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S \Longrightarrow
        trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ D) \Longrightarrow
        T \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some (ccls-of\text{-}cls D)) } S \Longrightarrow
        P S T and
    forgetH: \bigwedge C \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
       C ! \in ! raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss S \Longrightarrow
       \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S \Longrightarrow
       mset\text{-}cls \ C \notin set \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}mark\text{-}of\text{-}propagated} \ (trail \ S)) \Longrightarrow
       mset\text{-}cls\ C \notin \#\ init\text{-}clss\ S \Longrightarrow
       T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S \Longrightarrow
       PST and
     restartH: \bigwedge T. \neg trail \ S \models asm \ clauses \ S \Longrightarrow
       conflicting S = None \Longrightarrow
       T \sim restart\text{-state } S \Longrightarrow
       PST and
     decideH: \bigwedge L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
       undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
       atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)\Longrightarrow
       T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S) \Longrightarrow
       PST and
     skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ E \ T.
       trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
       raw-conflicting S = Some E \Longrightarrow
       -L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls \ E \Longrightarrow mset\text{-}ccls \ E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
       T \sim tl-trail S \Longrightarrow
       PST and
     resolveH: \bigwedge L \ E \ M \ D \ T.
       trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (mset-cls\ E)\ \#\ M \Longrightarrow
       L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
       hd-raw-trail S = Propagated L E \Longrightarrow
       raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
       -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls D \Longrightarrow
       get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
       T \sim update\text{-}conflicting
         (Some\ (union-ccls\ (remove-clit\ (-L)\ D)\ (ccls-of-cls\ (remove-lit\ L\ E))))\ (tl-trail\ S)\Longrightarrow
```

then show ?thesis

PST and

```
backtrackH: \bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T.
     raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
     L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
     (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
     get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
     undefined-lit M1 L \Longrightarrow
     T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
              (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                 (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                   (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
     PST
 shows P S S'
 using cdcl_W
proof (induct S' rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-rules-induct)
 case (propagate S')
 then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: propagateE intro!: propagateH)
next
 case (conflict S')
 then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: conflictE intro!: conflictH)
next
 case (restart S')
 then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: restartE intro!: restartH)
next
 case (decide T)
 then show ?case
   by (auto elim!: decideE intro!: decideH)
 case (backtrack S')
 then show ?case
   apply (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev)
    apply (rule inv)
   by (rule backtrackH;
     fastforce simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-def dest!: HOL.meta-eq-to-obj-eq)
next
 then show ?case by (auto elim!: forgetE intro!: forgetH)
next
 case (skip S')
 then show ?case by (auto elim!: skipE intro!: skipH)
next
 case (resolve S')
 then show ?case
   using hd-raw-trail[of S] by (cases trail S) (auto elim!: resolveE intro!: resolveH)
qed
lemmas cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2 = cdcl_W-all-induct-lev-full[consumes 2, case-names propagate conflict
 forget restart decide skip resolve backtrack]
```

 $lemmas\ cdcl_W$ -all-induct-lev = $cdcl_W$ -all-induct-lev-full[consumes 1, case-names lev-inv propagate]

```
thm cdcl_W-o-induct
lemma cdcl_W-o-induct-lev[consumes 1, case-names M-lev decide skip resolve backtrack]:
  fixes S :: 'st
  assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
    inv[simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    decideH: \bigwedge L \ T. \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
      undefined-lit (trail\ S)\ L \Longrightarrow
      atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \Longrightarrow
      T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S) \Longrightarrow
      P S T and
    skipH: \bigwedge L \ C' \ M \ E \ T.
      trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ C' \#\ M \Longrightarrow
      raw-conflicting S = Some E \Longrightarrow
      -L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls E \Longrightarrow mset\text{-}ccls E \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
      T \sim tl-trail S \Longrightarrow
      PST and
    resolveH: \bigwedge L \ E \ M \ D \ T.
      trail\ S = Propagated\ L\ (mset\text{-}cls\ E)\ \#\ M \Longrightarrow
      L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \Longrightarrow
      hd-raw-trail S = Propagated L E \Longrightarrow
      raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
      -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls D \Longrightarrow
      qet-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D)) = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
      T \sim update\text{-}conflicting
        (Some\ (union-ccls\ (remove-clit\ (-L)\ D)\ (ccls-of-cls\ (remove-lit\ L\ E))))\ (tl-trail\ S)\Longrightarrow
      PST and
    backtrackH: \bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D \ T.
      raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
      L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
      (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
      get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
      get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
      get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
      undefined-lit M1 L \Longrightarrow
      T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
                (reduce-trail-to M1
                  (add-learned-cls\ (cls-of-ccls\ D)
                    (update-backtrack-lvl i
                       (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow
      PST
  shows P S T
  using cdcl_W
proof (induct S T rule: cdcl_W-o-all-rules-induct)
  case (decide\ T)
  then show ?case
    by (auto elim!: decideE intro!: decideH)
next
  case (backtrack S')
  then show ?case
    apply (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev)
     apply (rule inv)
    by (rule backtrackH;
```

```
fastforce simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-def dest!: HOL.meta-eq-to-obj-eq)
next
 case (skip S')
 then show ?case by (auto elim!: skipE intro!: skipH)
 case (resolve S')
 then show ?case
   using hd-raw-trail[of S] by (cases trail S) (auto elim!: resolveE intro!: resolveH)
lemmas cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2 = cdcl_W-o-induct-lev[consumes 2, case-names decide skip resolve
  backtrack]
19.3.3
          Compatibility with op \sim
lemma propagate-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   propa: propagate S T and
   SS': S \sim S' and
   TT': T \sim T'
 shows propagate S' T'
proof -
 obtain CL where
   conf: conflicting S = None  and
   C: C \in ! raw-clauses S and
   L: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ C \ \mathbf{and}
   tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (remove1-mset \ L \ (mset-cls \ C)) and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L C) S
  using propa by (elim propagateE) auto
 obtain C' where
   CC': mset-cls C' = mset-cls C and
   C': C'!\in! raw-clauses S'
   using SS' C
   in-mset-clss-exists-preimage[of mset-cls C raw-learned-clss S']
   in\text{-}mset\text{-}clss\text{-}exists\text{-}preimage[of\ mset\text{-}cls\ C\ raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ S']}
   apply -
   apply (frule in-clss-mset-clss)
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def raw-clauses-def simp del: state-simp dest: in-clss-mset-clss)
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule propagate-rule[of - C'])
   using state-eq-sym[of S S'] SS' conf C' CC' L tr undef TT' T
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict\text{-} state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes
   confl: conflict S T and
   TT': T \sim T' and
   SS': S \sim S'
 shows conflict S' T'
proof -
 obtain D where
   conf: conflicting S = None  and
```

```
D: D !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S and
   tr: trail S \models as CNot (mset-cls D) and
    T: T \sim update\text{-}conflicting (Some (ccls-of\text{-}cls D)) S
  using confl by (elim conflictE) auto
 obtain D' where
   DD': mset-cls D' = mset-cls D and
   D': D' !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S'
   using D SS' in-mset-clss-exists-preimage by fastforce
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule conflict-rule [of - D'])
   using state-eq-sym[of S S'] SS' conf D' DD' tr TT' T
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
lemma backtrack-levE[consumes 2]:
  backtrack \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv \ S \Longrightarrow
  (\bigwedge K \ i \ M1 \ M2 \ L \ D.
     raw-conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow
     L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \Longrightarrow
     (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))\Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S \Longrightarrow
     get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) \Longrightarrow
     get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i \Longrightarrow
     undefined-lit M1 L \Longrightarrow
     S' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                 (add-learned-cls\ (cls-of-ccls\ D)
                  (update-backtrack-lvl i
                     (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow
 using assms by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) metis
thm \ all I
lemma backtrack-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   bt: backtrack S T and
   SS': S \sim S' and
    TT': T \sim T' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows backtrack S' T'
proof -
 obtain D L K i M1 M2 where
   conf: raw\text{-}conflicting S = Some D \text{ and }
   L: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \ \mathbf{and}
   decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) and
   lev: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   max: qet-level (trail S) L = qet-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) and
   max-D: get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
    T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
               (reduce-trail-to M1
                 (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                  (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
```

```
(update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
 using bt inv by (elim backtrack-levE) metis
 obtain D' where
   D': raw-conflicting S' = Some D'
   using SS' conf by (cases raw-conflicting S') auto
 have [simp]: mset-ccls D = mset-ccls D'
   using SS' D' conf by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[]
 have T': T' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D'))
    (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D')
    (update-backtrack-lvl i (update-conflicting None S'))))
   using TT' unfolding state-eq-def
   using decomp undef inv SS' T by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule backtrack-rule[of - D'])
      apply (rule D')
     using state-eq-sym[of S S'] TT' SS' D' conf L decomp lev max max-D undef T
     apply (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[]
     using decomp SS' lev SS' max-D max T' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ decide\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes
   decide S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows decide S' T'
 using assms apply (elim\ decideE)
 by (rule decide-rule) (auto simp: state-eq-def raw-clauses-def simp del: state-simp)
lemma skip-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   skip: skip S T and
   SS': S \sim S' and
   TT': T \sim T'
 shows skip S' T'
proof -
 obtain L C' M E where
   tr: trail S = Propagated L C' \# M and
   raw: raw\text{-}conflicting \ S = Some \ E \ \mathbf{and}
   L: -L \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls \ E \text{ and }
   E: mset\text{-}ccls\ E \neq \{\#\} and
   T{:}\ T\sim\ tl\text{-}trail\ S
 using skip by (elim \ skipE) \ simp
 obtain E' where E': raw-conflicting S' = Some E'
   using SS' raw by (cases raw-conflicting S') (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule skip-rule)
     using tr raw L E T SS' apply (auto simp: simp del:)
     using E' apply simp
    using E' SS' L raw E apply (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[2]
   using T TT' SS' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
```

```
lemma resolve-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   res: resolve S T and
   TT': T \sim T' and
   SS': S \sim S'
 shows resolve S' T'
proof -
 obtain EDL where
   tr: trail S \neq [] and
   hd: hd-raw-trail S = Propagated \ L \ E and
   L: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \text{ and }
   raw: raw\text{-}conflicting \ S = Some \ D \ \mathbf{and}
   LD: -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \text{ and }
   i: qet-maximum-level (trail\ S)\ (mset-ccls\ (remove-clit\ (-L)\ D)) = backtrack-lvl\ S and
   T: T \sim update\text{-}conflicting (Some (union\text{-}ccls (remove\text{-}clit (-L) D))
      (ccls-of-cls\ (remove-lit\ L\ E))))\ (tl-trail\ S)
 using assms by (elim resolveE) simp
 obtain E' where
   E': hd-raw-trail S' = Propagated L E'
   using SS' hd by (metis (trail S \neq []) hd-raw-trail is-proped-def marked-lit.disc(3)
     marked-lit.inject(2) mmset-of-mlit.elims state-eq-trail)
 have [simp]: mset-cls E = mset-cls E'
   using hd-raw-trail[of S] tr hd-raw-trail[of S'] tr SS' hd E'
   by (metis marked-lit.inject(2) mmset-of-mlit.simps(1) state-eq-trail)
  obtain D' where
   D': raw-conflicting S' = Some D'
   using SS' raw by fastforce
 have [simp]: mset-ccls D = mset-ccls D'
   using D'SS' raw state-simp(5) by fastforce
 have T'T: T' \sim T
   using TT' state-eq-sym by auto
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule resolve-rule)
         using tr SS' apply simp
        using E' apply simp
       using L apply simp
      using D' apply simp
      using D'SS' raw LD apply (auto simp add: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[]
     using D'SS' raw LD apply (auto simp add: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
    using raw SS' i apply (auto simp add: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)[]
   using T T'T SS' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
\mathbf{lemma}\ forget\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\text{:}
 assumes
   forget: forget S T and
   \mathit{SS'}\!\!:\, S \sim S' and
   TT': T \sim T'
 shows forget S' T'
proof -
 obtain C where
   conf: conflicting S = None  and
   C \in ! raw-learned-clss S and
```

```
tr: \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S\ and
    C1: mset\text{-}cls\ C \notin set\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}mark\text{-}of\text{-}propagated\ (trail\ S))} and
    C2: mset-cls C \notin \# init-clss S and
    T: T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
   using forget by (elim forgetE) simp
  obtain C' where
    C': C'!\in! raw-learned-clss S' and
   [simp]: mset-cls C' = mset-cls C
   using \langle C \mid \in ! \text{ raw-learned-clss } S \rangle SS' in-mset-clss-exists-preimage by fastforce
 show ?thesis
   apply (rule forget-rule)
        using SS' conf apply simp
       using C' apply simp
      using SS' tr apply simp
     using SS' C1 apply simp
    using SS' C2 apply simp
   using T TT' SS' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S T and \neg restart S T and
   S \sim S'
    T \sim T' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W S' T'
 using assms by (meson backtrack backtrack-state-eq-compatible bj cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-o-rule-cases
   cdcl_W-rf. cases conflict-state-eq-compatible decide decide-state-eq-compatible forget
   forget\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ propagate\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ resolve\ resolve\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ propagate\text{-}}
   skip skip-state-eq-compatible state-eq-ref)
lemma cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
    cdcl_W-bj S T and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
    T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-bj S T'
 using assms by (meson backtrack backtrack-state-eq-compatible cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bjE resolve
   resolve\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ skip\ skip\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ state\text{-}eq\text{-}ref)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-bj^{++} S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T'
 using assms
proof (induction arbitrary: S' T')
 case base
 then show ?case
   unfolding transler-unfold-end by (meson backtrack-state-eq-compatible cdcl_W-bj.simps
     resolve-state-eq-compatible rtranclp-unfold skip-state-eq-compatible)
next
 case (step\ T\ U) note IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-5)]
 have cdcl_W^{++} S T
```

```
using tranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-bj\ cdcl_W] step.hyps(1)\ cdcl_W.other\ cdcl_W-o.bj\ by\ blast
  then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast
  then have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T'
   using \langle U \sim T' \rangle cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible[of T U] \langle cdcl_W-bj T U \rangle by auto
  then show ?case
   using IH[of T] by auto
qed
           Conservation of some Properties
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2) (auto simp: inv cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{tranclp-cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{o-no-more-init-clss}:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o^{++} S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
  using assms apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  by (auto dest: cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss
   dest!: tranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv dest: tranclp-mono-explicit[of cdcl_W-o - - cdcl_W]
   simp: other)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o^{**} S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
  using assms unfolding rtranclp-unfold by (auto intro: tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o-no-more-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-init-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
  shows init-clss S = init-clss T
  using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  (auto simp: inv\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp not-in-iff)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss:
  cdcl_{W}^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_{W} \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv } S \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss \ S = init\text{-}clss \ T
 by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv)
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}init\text{-}clss:
  cdcl_W^{++} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \Longrightarrow init-clss S = init-clss T
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss[of S T] unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
```

19.3.5 Learned Clause

This invariant shows that:

• the learned clauses are entailed by the initial set of clauses.

- the conflicting clause is entailed by the initial set of clauses.
- the marks are entailed by the clauses. A more precise version would be to show that either these marked are learned or are in the set of clauses

```
definition cdcl_W-learned-clause (S :: 'st) \longleftrightarrow
 (init\text{-}clss\ S \models psm\ learned\text{-}clss\ S)
 \land (\forall T. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ T \longrightarrow init-clss \ S \models pm \ T)
 \land set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail S)) \subseteq set-mset (clauses S))
lemma cdcl_W-learned-clause-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
  cdcl_W-learned-clause (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
Item 4 page 81 of Weidenbach's book and Item 4 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-learned-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   lev-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
 using assms(1) lev-inv learned
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case (backtrack\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ L\ D\ T) note decomp = this(3) and confl = this(1) and undef = this(7)
 and T = this(8)
 show ?case
   using decomp confl learned undef T unfolding cdclw-learned-clause-def
   by (auto dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
     simp: raw-clauses-def \ lev-inv \ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp \ dest: \ true-clss-clss-left-right)
next
 case (resolve L C M D) note trail = this(1) and CL = this(2) and confl = this(4) and DL = this(5)
   and lvl = this(6) and T = this(7)
 moreover
   have init-clss S \models psm \ learned-clss S
     using learned trail unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def by auto
   then have init-clss S \models pm \text{ mset-cls } C + \{\#L\#\}
     using trail\ learned\ unfolding\ cdcl_W-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def
     by (auto dest: true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
 moreover have remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls\ D) + \{\#-L\#\} = mset-ccls\ D
   using DL by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
 moreover have remove1-mset L (mset-cls C) + {\#L\#} = mset-cls C
   using CL by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff)
 ultimately show ?case
   using learned T
   by (auto dest: mk-disjoint-insert
     simp\ add: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def
     introl: true-clss-cls-union-mset-true-clss-cls-or-not-true-clss-cls-or[of - - L])
next
 case (restart \ T)
 then show ?case
   using learned learned-clss-restart-state[of T]
     simp: raw-clauses-def \ state-eq-def \ cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
     simp del: state-simp
```

```
dest: true-clss-clssm-subsetE)
next
 case propagate
 then show ?case using learned by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def)
 case conflict
 then show ?case using learned
   by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def
     true-clss-clss-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
next
 case (forget U)
 then show ?case using learned
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def split: if-split-asm)
qed (auto simp: cdcl_W-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-learned-clss:
 assumes
   cdcl_{W}^{**} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S
 shows cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
 using assms by induction (auto dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clss intro: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv)
```

19.3.6 No alien atom in the state

This invariant means that all the literals are in the set of clauses. They are implicit in Weidenbach's book.

```
definition no-strange-atm S' \longleftrightarrow (
    (\forall T. conflicting S' = Some T \longrightarrow atms-of T \subset atms-of-mm (init-clss S'))
  \land (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S')
       \longrightarrow atms-of \ (mark) \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S'))
  \land atms-of-mm (learned-clss S') \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S')
  \land atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S')) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S'))
lemma no-strange-atm-decomp:
  assumes no-strange-atm S
  shows conflicting S = Some \ T \Longrightarrow atms-of \ T \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S)
  and (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S))
    \longrightarrow atms-of \ (mark) \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S))
  and atms-of-mm (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
  and atm\text{-}of ' (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S))\subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
  using assms unfolding no-strange-atm-def by blast+
lemma no-strange-atm-S0 [simp]: no-strange-atm (init\text{-state }N)
  unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
lemma in-atms-of-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms:
  C + \{\#L\#\} \in \#A \implies x \in atms\text{-}of \ C \implies x \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ A
  using multi-member-split by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ propagate{-no-strange-atm-inv}:
  assumes
    propagate S T  and
    alien: no-strange-atm S
  shows no-strange-atm T
```

```
using assms(1)
proof (induction)
  case (propagate-rule CLT) note confl = this(1) and C = this(2) and C-L = this(3) and
   tr = this(4) and undef = this(5) and T = this(6)
 have atm-CL: atms-of (mset-cls\ C) \subseteq atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S)
   using C alien unfolding no-strange-atm-def
   by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def atms-of-ms-def dest!:in-clss-mset-clss)
 show ?case
   unfolding no-strange-atm-def
   proof (intro conjI allI impI, goal-cases)
     case 1
     then show ?case
       using confl T undef by auto
     case (2 L' mark')
     then show ?case
       using C-L T alien undef atm-CL
       unfolding no-strange-atm-def raw-clauses-def apply auto by blast
   next
     case (3)
     show ?case using T alien undef unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   next
     case (4)
     show ?case
       using T alien undef C-L atm-CL unfolding no-strange-atm-def by (auto simp: atms-of-def)
   qed
qed
lemma in-atms-of-remove1-mset-in-atms-of:
 x \in atms\text{-}of \ (remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ C) \Longrightarrow x \in atms\text{-}of \ C
 using in-diffD unfolding atms-of-def by fastforce
lemma cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-explicit:
  assumes
    cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   conf: \forall T. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ T \longrightarrow atms-of \ T \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S) and
   marked: \forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S)
      \longrightarrow atms\text{-}of \ mark \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \ \mathbf{and}
   learned: atms-of-mm (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S) and
   trail: atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail S)) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
 shows
   (\forall T. conflicting S' = Some T \longrightarrow atms-of T \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S')) \land
   (\forall L \ mark. \ Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S')
      \longrightarrow atms-of (mark) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S')) \land
   \mathit{atms-of-mm}\ (\mathit{learned-clss}\ S') \subseteq \mathit{atms-of-mm}\ (\mathit{init-clss}\ S') \ \land
   atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S')) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S')
   (is ?CS' \land ?MS' \land ?US' \land ?VS')
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case (propagate C L T) note confl = this(1) and C-L = this(2) and tr = this(3) and undef =
this(4)
 and T = this(5)
 show ?case
```

```
using propagate-rule[OF\ propagate.hyps(1-3) - propagate.hyps(5,6), simplified]
   propagate.hyps(4) propagate-no-strange-atm-inv[of S T]
   conf marked learned trail unfolding no-strange-atm-def by presburger
next
  case (decide\ L)
 then show ?case using learned marked conf trail unfolding raw-clauses-def by auto
next
  case (skip\ L\ C\ M\ D)
 then show ?case using learned marked conf trail by auto
next
 case (conflict D T) note D-S = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have D: atm-of 'set-mset (mset-cls D) \subseteq \bigcup (atms-of '(set-mset (clauses S)))
   using D-S by (auto simp add: atms-of-def atms-of-ms-def)
 moreover {
   \mathbf{fix} \ xa :: 'v \ literal
   assume a1: atm-of 'set-mset (mset-cls D) \subseteq (\bigcup x \in set-mset (init-clss S). atms-of x)
     \cup (\bigcup x \in set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S). \ atms\text{-}of \ x)
     (\bigcup x \in set\text{-mset (learned-clss } S). \ atms\text{-}of \ x) \subseteq (\bigcup x \in set\text{-mset (init-clss } S). \ atms\text{-}of \ x)
   assume xa \in \# mset\text{-}cls D
   then have atm\text{-}of\ xa \in UNION\ (set\text{-}mset\ (init\text{-}clss\ S))\ atms\text{-}of
     using a2 a1 by (metis (no-types) Un-iff atm-of-lit-in-atms-of atms-of-def subset-Un-eq)
   then have \exists m \in set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S). \ atm\text{-}of \ xa \in atms\text{-}of \ m
     by blast
   } note H = this
  ultimately show ?case using conflict.prems T learned marked conf trail
   unfolding atms-of-def atms-of-ms-def raw-clauses-def
   by (auto simp add: H)
next
 case (restart T)
 then show ?case using learned marked conf trail by auto
next
  case (forget C T) note confl = this(1) and C = this(4) and C - le = this(5) and
   T = this(6)
 have H: \bigwedge L mark. Propagated L mark \in set (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow atms-of mark \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
   using marked by simp
 show ?case unfolding raw-clauses-def apply (intro conjI)
      using conf confl T trail C unfolding raw-clauses-def apply (auto dest!: H)[]
     using T trail C C-le apply (auto dest!: H)[]
    using T learned C-le atms-of-ms-remove-subset[of set-mset (learned-clss S)] apply auto[]
  using T trail C-le apply (auto simp: raw-clauses-def lits-of-def)
  done
next
  case (backtrack\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ L\ D\ T) note confl=this(1) and LD=this(2) and decomp=this(3)
   undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
 have ?CT
   using conf T decomp undef lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover have set M1 \subseteq set (trail S)
   using decomp by auto
  then have M: ?M T
   using marked conf undef confl T decomp lev
   by (auto simp: image-subset-iff raw-clauses-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover have ?UT
   using learned decomp conf confl T undef lev unfolding raw-clauses-def
```

```
by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover have ?V T
   using M conf confl trail T undef decomp lev LD
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp atms-of-def
     dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend)
 ultimately show ?case by blast
next
 case (resolve L C M D T) note trail-S = this(1) and confl = this(4) and T = this(7)
 let ?T = update\text{-}conflicting (Some ((remove\text{-}clit (-L) D) !\cup ccls\text{-}of\text{-}cls ((remove\text{-}lit L C))))
   (tl-trail S)
 have ?C ?T
   using confl trail-S conf marked by (auto dest!: in-atms-of-remove1-mset-in-atms-of)
 moreover have ?M ?T
   using confl trail-S conf marked by auto
 moreover have ?U ?T
   using trail learned by auto
 moreover have ?V?T
   using confl trail-S trail by auto
 ultimately show ?case using T by simp
\mathbf{qed}
lemma cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W S S' and no-strange-atm S and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-strange-atm S'
 using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-explicit[OF assms(1)] assms(2,3) unfolding no-strange-atm-def by fast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W^{**} S S' and no-strange-atm S and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-strange-atm S'
 using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-no-strange-atm-inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv)
```

19.3.7 No duplicates all around

This invariant shows that there is no duplicate (no literal appearing twice in the formula). The last part could be proven using the previous invariant.

```
definition distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state (S :: 'st)
  \longleftrightarrow ((\forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow distinct-mset T)
    \land distinct-mset-mset (learned-clss S)
    \land distinct-mset-mset (init-clss S)
    \land (\forall L \ mark. \ (Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S) \longrightarrow distinct-mset \ mark)))
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}decomp:
  assumes distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ (S::'st)
  shows
    \forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow distinct\text{-mset } T \text{ and }
    distinct-mset-mset (learned-clss S) and
    distinct-mset-mset (init-clss S) and
    \forall L \ mark. \ (Propagated \ L \ mark \in set \ (trail \ S) \longrightarrow distinct-mset \ (mark))
  using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by blast+
lemma distinct-cdcl_W-state-decomp-2:
  assumes distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state (S ::'st) and conflicting S = Some T
  shows distinct-mset T
  using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by auto
```

```
lemma distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}S0\text{-}cdcl_W[simp]:
  distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N) \implies distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state (init-state N)
  unfolding distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}def by auto
lemma distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   lev-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S
 shows distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
 using assms(1,2,2,3)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case (backtrack L D K i M1 M2)
 then show ?case
   using lev-inv unfolding distinct-cdclw-state-def
   by (auto dest: get-all-marked-decomposition-incl simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
  case restart
 then show ?case
   unfolding \ distinct-cdcl_W-state-def distinct-mset-set-def raw-clauses-def
   using learned-clss-restart-state [of S] by auto
next
 case resolve
 then show ?case
   by (auto simp add: distinct-cdcl_W-state-def distinct-mset-set-def raw-clauses-def
     distinct-mset-single-add
     intro!: distinct-mset-union-mset)
\mathbf{qed} (auto simp: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}def distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}set\text{-}def raw\text{-}clauses\text{-}def
  dest!: in-clss-mset-clss in-diffD)
lemma rtanclp-distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W^{**} S S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S
  shows distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
  using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv by blast+
```

19.3.8 Conflicts and co

This invariant shows that each mark contains a contradiction only related to the previously defined variable.

```
abbreviation every-mark-is-a-conflict :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where every-mark-is-a-conflict S \equiv \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a \ @ \ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = (trail \ S) \\ \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark)
definition cdcl_W-conflicting S \longleftrightarrow (\forall T. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T) \\ \land \ every-mark-is-a-conflict \ S
lemma backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1: fixes M1 :: ('v, \ nat, \ 'v \ clause) \ marked-lits assumes
```

```
inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
   i: get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls (remove-clit L D)) \equiv i and
   decomp: (Marked K (Suc i) \# M1, M2)
      \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   S-lvl: backtrack-lvl S = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) and
   S-confl: raw-conflicting S = Some D and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
             (reduce-trail-to M1
               (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                 (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                  (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S)))) and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow trail S \models as CNot T
 shows atms-of (mset-ccls (remove-clit L D)) \subset atm-of 'lits-of-l (tl (trail T))
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?k = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level (trail S) (mset\text{-}ccls D)
 let ?D = mset\text{-}ccls D
 let ?D' = mset\text{-}ccls \ (remove\text{-}clit \ L \ D)
 have trail S \models as \ CNot \ ?D \ using \ confl \ S\text{-confl} by auto
 then have vars-of-D: atms-of ?D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S) unfolding atms-of-def
   by (meson image-subset true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 have max: ?k = length (qet-all-levels-of-marked (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) # M1))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S-lvl M by simp
 assume a: \neg ?thesis
 then obtain L' where
   L': L' \in atms\text{-}of ?D' and
   L'-notin-M1: L' \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l M1
   using T undef decomp inv by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 then have L'-in: L' \in atm\text{-of} ' lits-of-l (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [])
   using vars-of-D unfolding M by (auto dest: in-atms-of-remove1-mset-in-atms-of)
 then obtain L'' where
   L'' \in \# ?D' and
   L'': L' = atm\text{-}of L''
   using L'L'-notin-M1 unfolding atms-of-def by auto
 have lev-L'':
   get-level (trail\ S)\ L'' = get-rev-level (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ rev\ M2\ @\ rev\ M0)\ (Suc\ i)\ L''
   using L'-notin-M1 L'' M by (auto simp del: get-rev-level.simps)
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+?k]
   using inv S-lvl unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have get-all-levels-of-marked (M0 @ M2) = rev [Suc (Suc i)... < Suc ?k]
   unfolding M by (auto simp:rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end)
 then have M: get-all-levels-of-marked M0 @ get-all-levels-of-marked M2
   = rev [Suc (Suc i)..<Suc (length (get-all-levels-of-marked (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) # M1)))]
   unfolding max unfolding M by simp
 have get-rev-level (Marked K (Suc i) # rev (M0 @ M2)) (Suc i) L''
   \geq Min \ (set \ ((Suc \ i) \ \# \ get-all-levels-of-marked \ (Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \ \# \ rev \ (M0 \ @ M2))))
   using get-rev-level-ge-min-get-all-levels-of-marked[of L"
     rev (M0 @ M2 @ [Marked K (Suc i)]) Suc i] L'-in
```

```
unfolding L'' by (fastforce simp add: lits-of-def)
  also have Min (set ((Suc i) # get-all-levels-of-marked (Marked K (Suc i) # rev (M0 @ M2))))
   = Min (set ((Suc i) \# get-all-levels-of-marked (rev (M0 @ M2))))) by auto
  also have ... = Min (set ((Suc i) # qet-all-levels-of-marked M0 @ qet-all-levels-of-marked M2))
   by (simp add: Un-commute)
  also have ... = Min (set ((Suc i) \# [Suc (Suc i)... < 2 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked M0))
   + \ (length \ (\textit{get-all-levels-of-marked} \ \textit{M2}) \ + \ length \ (\textit{get-all-levels-of-marked} \ \textit{M1}))]))
   unfolding M by (auto simp add: Un-commute)
  also have ... = Suc\ i by (auto intro: Min-eqI)
 finally have get-rev-level (Marked K (Suc i) # rev (M0 @ M2)) (Suc i) L'' \geq Suc i.
  then have get-level (trail S) L'' \ge i + 1
   using lev-L'' by simp
  then have get-maximum-level (trail S) ?D' \ge i + 1
   using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level [OF \ \langle L'' \in \# ?D' \rangle, of trail S] by auto
 then show False using i by auto
qed
lemma distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other:
 assumes
   a1: no-dup (M @ M') and
   a2: atms-of D \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of-l M' and
   a3: x \in atms\text{-}of D
 shows x \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
proof -
 have ff1: \bigwedge l ms. undefined-lit ms l \vee atm-of l
   \in set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ (m :: ('a, 'b, 'c) \ marked-lit))) \ ms)
   by (simp add: defined-lit-map)
 have ff2: \bigwedge a. \ a \notin atms\text{-}of \ D \lor a \in atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M'
   using a2 by (meson subsetCE)
 have ff3: \bigwedge a. \ a \notin set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ m)) \ M')
   \vee a \notin set \ (map \ (\lambda m. \ atm-of \ (lit-of \ m)) \ M)
   using a1 by (metis (lifting) IntI distinct-append empty-iff map-append)
  have \forall L \ a \ f. \ \exists \ l. \ ((a::'a) \notin f \ `L \lor (l ::'a \ literal) \in L) \land (a \notin f \ `L \lor f \ l = a)
   by blast
 then show x \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
   using ff3 ff2 ff1 a3 by (metis (no-types) Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l)
qed
Item 5 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-propagate-is-conclusion:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case restart
 then show ?case by auto
next
  case forget
  then show ?case using decomp by auto
```

```
next
 case conflict
 then show ?case using decomp by auto
next
 case (resolve L C M D) note tr = this(1) and T = this(7)
 let ?decomp = get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition } M
 have M: set ?decomp = insert (hd ?decomp) (set (tl ?decomp))
   by (cases ?decomp) auto
 show ?case
   using decomp tr T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M))
      (auto\ simp:\ M)
next
 case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D) note tr=this(1) and T=this(5)
 have M: set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
   = insert (hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M)) (set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition M)))
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition M) auto
 show ?case.
   using decomp tr T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases\ hd\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ M))
      (auto\ simp\ add:\ M)
next
 case decide note S = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 show ?case using decomp T undef unfolding S all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
next
 case (propagate C L T) note propa = this(2) and L = this(3) and undef = this(5) and T = this(6)
 obtain a y where ay: hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) = (a, y)
   by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)))
 then have M: trail\ S = y @ a using get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp by blast
 have M': set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
   =insert(a, y) (set(tl(get-all-marked-decomposition(trail S))))
   using ay by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) auto
 have unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \models ps \ unmark-l \ y
   using decomp ay unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   by (cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) fastforce+
 then have a-Un-N-M: unmark-l a \cup set-mset (init-clss S)
   \models ps \ unmark-l \ (trail \ S)
   unfolding M by (auto simp add: all-in-true-clss-clss image-Un)
 have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (init-clss S) \models p \{ \#L\# \} (is ?I \models p -)
   proof (rule true-clss-cls-plus-CNot)
     show ?I \models p \ remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}cls\ C) + \{\#L\#\}
      apply (rule true-clss-cls-in-imp-true-clss-cls|of -
          set-mset (init-clss S) \cup set-mset (learned-clss S)])
      using learned propa L by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def
        true-annot-CNot-diff)
   next
     have unmark-l (trail S) \models ps CNot (remove1-mset L (mset-cls C))
      using \langle (trail\ S) \models as\ CNot\ (remove1-mset\ L\ (mset-cls\ C)) \rangle true-annots-true-clss-clss
     then show ?I \models ps \ CNot \ (remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ (mset\text{-}cls \ C))
       using a-Un-N-M true-clss-clss-left-right true-clss-clss-union-l-r by blast
 moreover have \bigwedge aa\ b.
     \forall (Ls, seen) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (y @ a)).
```

```
unmark-l Ls \cup set-mset (init-clss S) <math>\models ps unmark-l seen
   \implies (aa, b) \in set (tl (get-all-marked-decomposition <math>(y @ a)))
   \implies unmark-l \ aa \cup set-mset \ (init-clss \ S) \models ps \ unmark-l \ b
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prod-conv qet-all-marked-decomposition-never-empty-sym
     list.collapse\ list.set-intros(2))
 ultimately show ?case
   using decomp T undef unfolding ay all-decomposition-implies-def
   using M \langle unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-mset} \ (init\text{-}clss \ S) \models ps \ unmark-l \ y \rangle
    ay by auto
next
 case (backtrack\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ L\ D\ T) note conf=this(1) and LD=this(2) and decomp'=this(3)
and
   lev-L = this(4) and undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
 let ?D = mset\text{-}ccls D
 let ?D' = mset\text{-}ccls \ (remove\text{-}clit \ L \ D)
 have \forall l \in set M2. \neg is-marked l
   using qet-all-marked-decomposition-snd-not-marked decomp' by blast
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using decomp' by auto
 show ?case unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ x
     assume x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
     then have x: x \in set (qet-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated L ?D # M1))
      using T decomp' undef inv by (simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     let ?m = get-all-marked-decomposition (Propagated L ?D \# M1)
     let ?hd = hd ?m
     let ?tl = tl ?m
     consider
        (hd) x = ?hd
      |(tl)| x \in set ?tl
      using x by (cases ?m) auto
     then show case x of (Ls, seen) \Rightarrow unmark-l Ls \cup set-mset (init-clss T)
       \models ps \ unmark-l \ seen
      proof cases
        case tl
        then have x \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
          using tl-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some[of x] by (simp \ add: \ list.set-sel(2) \ M)
        then show ?thesis
          using decomp learned decomp confl alien inv T undef M
          unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
          by auto
      next
        obtain M1' M1" where M1: hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M1) = (M1', M1")
          by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition M1))
        then have x': x = (M1', Propagated L?D \# M1'')
          using \langle x = ?hd \rangle by auto
        have (M1', M1'') \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
          using M1[symmetric] hd-get-all-marked-decomposition-skip-some[OF M1[symmetric],
            of M0 @ M2 - i + 1 unfolding M by fastforce
        then have 1: unmark-l M1' \cup set-mset (init-clss S) \models ps unmark-l M1"
          using decomp unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by auto
```

```
moreover
          have vars-of-D: atms-of ?D' \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l M1
           using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1 [of S M1 L D i K M2 T] backtrack.hyps inv conf confl
           by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
          have no-dup (trail S) using inv by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
          then have vars-in-M1:
           \forall x \in atms\text{-}of ?D'. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # [])}
           using vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other of
             M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [] M1] unfolding M by auto
          have trail S \models as \ CNot \ (remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ D))
           using conf confl LD unfolding M true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model
           by (auto dest!: Multiset.in-diffD)
          then have M1 \models as \ CNot \ ?D'
           using vars-in-M1 true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars[of M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # []
             M1 CNot ?D' conf confl unfolding M lits-of-def by simp
          have M1 = M1'' @ M1' by (simp add: M1 get-all-marked-decomposition-decomp)
          have TT: unmark-l M1' \cup set-mset (init-clss S) \models ps CNot ?D'
           using true-annots-true-clss-cls[OF \langle M1 \models as\ CNot\ ?D' \rangle] true-clss-clss-left-right[OF\ 1]
           unfolding \langle M1 = M1'' @ M1' \rangle by (auto simp add: inf-sup-aci(5,7))
          have init-clss S \models pm ?D' + \{\#L\#\}
            using conf learned confl LD unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
          then have T': unmark-l M1' \cup set-mset (init-clss S) \models p ?D' + \#L\# by auto
          have atms-of (?D' + \{\#L\#\}) \subseteq atms-of-mm (clauses\ S)
            using alien conf LD unfolding no-strange-atm-def raw-clauses-def by auto
          then have unmark-l M1' \cup set-mset (init-clss S) \models p \{\#L\#\}
           using true-clss-cls-plus-CNot[OF T' TT] by auto
        ultimately show ?thesis
           using T' T decomp' undef inv unfolding x' by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
      qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-propagate-is-false:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   confl: \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   mark-confl: every-mark-is-a-conflict S
 shows every-mark-is-a-conflict S'
 using assms(1,2)
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case (propagate C L T) note LC = this(3) and confl = this(4) and undef = this(5) and T = this(5)
this(6)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = trail T
     then consider
        (hd) a = [] and L = L' and mark = mset-cls C and b = trail S
      | (tl) tl a @ Propagated L' mark # b = trail S
      using T undef by (cases a) fastforce+
```

```
then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark
      using mark-confl confl LC by cases auto
   qed
next
 case (decide\ L) note undef[simp] = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have \bigwedge a\ La\ mark\ b. a\ @\ Propagated\ La\ mark\ \#\ b = Marked\ L\ (backtrack-lvl\ S+1)\ \#\ trail\ S
   \implies than @ Propagated La mark # b = trail S by (case-tac a) auto
 then show ?case using mark-conft T unfolding decide.hyps(1) by fastforce
next
 case (skip\ L\ C'\ M\ D\ T) note tr=this(1) and T=this(5)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = trail T
     then have a @ Propagated L' mark \# b = M using tr T by simp
     then have (Propagated L C' # a) @ Propagated L' mark # b = Propagated L C' # M by auto
     moreover have \forall La \ mark \ a \ b. \ a \ @ \ Propagated \ La \ mark \ \# \ b = Propagated \ L \ C' \ \# \ M
       \longrightarrow b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# mark
      using mark-confl unfolding skip.hyps(1) by simp
     ultimately show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark \ by \ blast
   qed
next
 case (conflict D)
 then show ?case using mark-confl by simp
next
 case (resolve L C M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and T = this(7)
 show ?case unfolding resolve.hyps(1)
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix L' mark a b
     assume a @ Propagated L' mark # b = trail T
     then have (Propagated L (mset-cls (L !++ C)) # a) @ Propagated L' mark # b
      = Propagated \ L \ (mset-cls \ (L !++ \ C)) \ \# \ M
      using T tr-S by auto
     then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L'\#\}) \land L' \in \# \ mark
      using mark-confl unfolding tr-S by (metis Cons-eq-appendI list.sel(3))
   qed
 case restart
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case forget
 then show ?case using mark-confl by auto
next
 case (backtrack\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ L\ D\ T) note conf=this(1) and LD=this(2) and decomp=this(3)
and
   undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
 have \forall l \in set M2. \neg is\text{-}marked l
   using get-all-marked-decomposition-snd-not-marked decomp by blast
 obtain M0 where M: trail S = M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using decomp by auto
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls (insert-ccls L D))
   (update-backtrack-lvl\ i\ (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))=M1
   using decomp lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 let ?D = mset\text{-}ccls D
 let ?D' = mset\text{-}ccls \ (remove\text{-}clit \ L \ D)
```

```
show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix La:: 'v literal and mark:: 'v literal multiset and
       a b :: ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit list
     assume a @ Propagated La mark \# b = trail T
     then consider
        (hd-tr) a = [] and
          (Propagated La mark :: ('v, nat, 'v literal multiset) marked-lit)
            = Propagated L ?D and
          b = M1
       | (tl-tr) tl \ a @ Propagated La mark \# b = M1
      using M T decomp undef lev by (cases a) (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
     then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark
       proof cases
        case hd-tr note A = this(1) and P = this(2) and b = this(3)
        have trail S \models as CNot ?D using conf confl by auto
        then have vars-of-D: atms-of ?D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)
          unfolding atms-of-def
          by (meson image-subset true-annots-CNot-all-atms-defined)
        have vars-of-D: atms-of ?D' \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l M1
          using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1 [of S M1 L D i K M2 T] T backtrack lev confl
          by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
        have no-dup (trail S) using lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
        then have \forall x \in atms\text{-}of ?D'. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) # [])}
          using vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other[of
            M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [] M1] unfolding M by auto
        then have M1 \models as \ CNot \ ?D'
          using true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars[of M0 @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# []
            M1 CNot ?D' \mid \langle trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ ?D \rangle unfolding M lits-of-def
          by (simp add: true-annot-CNot-diff)
        then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark
          using P LD b by auto
       next
        case tl-tr
        then obtain c' where c' @ Propagated La mark \# b = trail S
          unfolding M by auto
        then show b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#La\#\}) \land La \in \# \ mark
          using mark-confl by auto
       qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-is-false:
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
   M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   confl-inv: \forall T. \ conflicting \ S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T \ and
   marked-confl: \forall L \text{ mark } a \text{ b. } a @ Propagated } L \text{ mark } \# b = (trail S)
     \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark) \ and
   dist: distinct-cdcl_W-state S
 shows \forall T. conflicting S' = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ T
  using assms(1,2)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case (skip L C' M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and confl = this(2) and L-D = this(3) and T = this(3)
this(5)
```

```
let ?D = mset\text{-}ccls D
 have D: Propagated L C' \# M \modelsas CNot (mset-ccls D) using assms skip by auto
  moreover
   have L \notin \# ?D
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume ¬ ?thesis
       then have -L \in lits-of-l M
         using in-CNot-implies-uminus(2)[of L ?D Propagated L C' \# M]
         \langle Propagated \ L \ C' \# M \models as \ CNot \ ?D \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ simp
       then show False
         by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) M-lev cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(1) consistent-interp-def
           image-insert\ insert-iff\ list.set(2)\ lits-of-def\ marked-lit.sel(2)\ tr-S)
     qed
 ultimately show ?case
   using tr-S confl L-D T unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
   by (auto intro: true-annots-CNot-lit-of-notin-skip)
  case (resolve L C M D T) note tr = this(1) and LC = this(2) and confl = this(4) and LD = this(4)
this(5)
 and T = this(7)
 let ?C = remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}cls\ C)
 let ?D = remove1\text{-}mset (-L) (mset\text{-}ccls D)
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix} \ T'
     have the trail S = as \ CNot \ ?C \ using \ tr \ marked-confl \ by \ fastforce
     moreover
       have distinct-mset (?D + \{\#-L\#\}) using confl dist LD
         unfolding distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}def by auto
       then have -L \notin \# ?D unfolding distinct-mset-def
         by (meson \ (distinct\text{-}mset \ (?D + \{\#-L\#\})) \ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}single\text{-}add)
       have M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
         proof -
          have Propagated L (?C + {\#L\#}) \# M \modelsas CNot ?D \cup CNot {\#-L\#}
            using confl tr confl-inv LC by (metis CNot-plus LD insert-DiffM2 option.simps(9))
          then show ?thesis
            using M-lev \langle -L \notin \# ?D \rangle tr true-annots-lit-of-notin-skip
            unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by force
         qed
     moreover assume conflicting T = Some T'
     ultimately
       show trail T \models as CNot T'
       using tr T by auto
\mathbf{qed} (auto simp: M-lev cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp:
 assumes cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows \forall T. conflicting S = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ T
 and \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a @ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = (trail \ S)
    \longrightarrow (b \models as \ CNot \ (mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark)
  using assms unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-decomp2:
 assumes cdcl_W-conflicting S and conflicting <math>S = Some \ T
```

```
shows trail S \models as CNot T
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-conflicting-S0-cdcl_W[simp]:
 cdcl_W-conflicting (init-state N)
 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
19.3.9
          Putting all the invariants together
lemma cdcl_W-all-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
   1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   5: no-strange-atm S and
   7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S and
   8: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S')) and
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' and
   no-strange-atm S' and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S' and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S'
proof -
 show S1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
   using cdcl_W-propagate-is-conclusion [OF cdcl_W 4 1 2 - 5] 8 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def
   by blast
 show S2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S' using cdcl_W-learned-clss[OF \ cdcl_W \ 2 \ 4].
 show S4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF cdcl_W 4].
 show S5: no-strange-atm S' using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv[OF cdcl_W 5 4].
 show S7: distinct-cdcl_W-state S' using distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv[OF cdcl_W 4 7].
 show S8: cdcl_W-conflicting S'
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-is-false[OF cdcl<sub>W</sub> 4 - - 7] 8 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-propagate-is-false[OF cdcl<sub>W</sub> 4 2 1 -
   unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ S \ S' and
   1: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   2: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   4: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   5: no-strange-atm S and
   7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S and
   8: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail S')) and
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S' and
   no-strange-atm S' and
   distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S' and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S'
  using assms
```

```
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
   case 1 then show ?case by blast
   case 2 then show ?case by blast
   case 3 then show ?case by blast
   case 4 then show ?case by blast
   case 5 then show ?case by blast
   case 6 then show ?case by blast
next
  case (step \ S' \ S'') note H = this
   case 1 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 2 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 3 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 4 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 5 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
   case 6 with H(3-7)[OF\ this(1-6)] show ?case using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ H(2)]
       H by presburger
qed
lemma all-invariant-S0-cdcl_W:
 assumes distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
 shows
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss (init-state N))
                             (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail (init-state N))) and
   cdcl_W-learned-clause (init-state N) and
   \forall T. \ conflicting \ (init\text{-state } N) = Some \ T \longrightarrow (trail \ (init\text{-state } N)) \models as \ CNot \ T \ and
   no-strange-atm (init-state N) and
   consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail (init-state N))) and
   \forall L \ mark \ a \ b. \ a \ @ \ Propagated \ L \ mark \ \# \ b = trail \ (init\text{-state } N) \longrightarrow
    (b \models as\ CNot\ (\ mark - \{\#L\#\}) \land L \in \# \ mark) and
    distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state \ (init\text{-}state \ N)
 using assms by auto
Item 6 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-only-propagated-vars-unsat:
 assumes
   marked: \forall x \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked x \text{ and }
   DN: D \in \# clauses S  and
   D: M \models as \ CNot \ D and
   inv: all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M) and
   state: state S = (M, N, U, k, C) and
   learned-cl: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   atm-incl: no-strange-atm S
 shows unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg unsatisfiable (set-mset N)
 then obtain I where
   I: I \models s \ set\text{-}mset \ N \ \mathbf{and}
   cons: consistent-interp I and
   tot: total-over-m I (set-mset N)
```

```
unfolding satisfiable-def by auto
 have atms-of-mm N \cup atms-of-mm U = atms-of-mm N
   using atm-incl state unfolding total-over-m-def no-strange-atm-def
    by (auto simp add: raw-clauses-def)
 then have total-over-m I (set-mset N) using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
 moreover then have total-over-m I (set-mset (learned-clss S))
   using atm-incl state unfolding no-strange-atm-def total-over-m-def total-over-set-def
   by auto
 moreover have N \models psm\ U using learned-cl state unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
 ultimately have I-D: I \models D
   using I DN cons state unfolding true-clss-def true-clss-def Ball-def
   by (auto simp add: raw-clauses-def)
 have l0: \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ M\} = \{\}\ using\ marked\ by\ auto
 have atms-of-ms (set-mset N \cup unmark-l M) = atms-of-mm N
   using atm-incl state unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
 then have total-over-m I (set-mset N \cup unmark-l M)
   using tot unfolding total-over-m-def by auto
 then have I \models s \ unmark-l \ M
   \mathbf{using} \ all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}propagated\text{-}lits\text{-}are\text{-}implied[OF\ inv]}\ cons\ I
   unfolding true-clss-clss-def l0 by auto
 then have IM: I \models s \ unmark-l \ M \ by \ auto
 {
   \mathbf{fix} \ K
   assume K \in \# D
   then have -K \in lits-of-l M
     using D unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def CNot-def true-annot-def true-cls-def true-lit-def
     Bex-def by force
   then have -K \in I using IM true-clss-singleton-lit-of-implies-incl lits-of-def by fastforce }
 then have \neg I \models D using cons unfolding true-cls-def true-lit-def consistent-interp-def by auto
 then show False using I-D by blast
qed
Item 5 page 81 of Weidenbach's book
We have actually a much stronger theorem, namely all-decomposition-implies ?N (get-all-marked-decomposition
?M) \implies ?N \cup \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is-marked\ L \land L \in set\ ?M\} \models ps\ unmark-l\ ?M, \text{ that show that}
the only choices we made are marked in the formula
lemma
 assumes all-decomposition-implies-m N (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 and \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows set-mset N \models ps \ unmark-l \ M
proof -
 have T: \{unmark\ L\ | L.\ is\text{-marked}\ L\land L\in set\ M\}=\{\}\ using\ assms(2)\ by\ auto
 then show ?thesis
   using all-decomposition-implies-propagated-lits-are-implied [OF assms(1)] unfolding T by simp
qed
Item 7 page 81 of Weidenbach's book (part 1)
{\bf lemma}\ conflict \hbox{-} with \hbox{-} false \hbox{-} implies \hbox{-} unsat:
 assumes
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   [simp]: conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S
```

```
shows unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
using assms
proof —
have cdcl_W-learned-clause S' using cdcl_W-learned-clss cdcl_W learned lev by auto
then have init-clss S' \models pm \ \{\#\} using assms(3) unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def by auto
then have init-clss S \models pm \ \{\#\}
using cdcl_W-init-clss [OF assms(1) lev] by auto
then show ?thesis unfolding satisfiable-def true-clss-cls-def by auto
qed

Item 7 page 81 of Weidenbach's book (part 2)
lemma conflict-with-false-implies-terminated:
assumes cdcl_W S S'
and conflicting S = Some \ \{\#\}
shows False
using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct) auto
```

19.3.10 No tautology is learned

This is a simple consequence of all we have shown previously. It is not strictly necessary, but helps finding a better bound on the number of learned clauses.

```
lemma learned-clss-are-not-tautologies:
  assumes
    cdcl_W S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
   no-tauto: \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s
  shows \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S'. \neg tautology s
  using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
  case (backtrack\ K\ i\ M1\ M2\ L\ D\ T) note confl=this(1)
  have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S)) using lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
  moreover
   have trail S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ D)
      using conflicting confl unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by auto
   then have lits-of-l (trail S) \modelss CNot (mset-ccls D)
      using true-annots-true-cls by blast
  ultimately have ¬tautology (mset-ccls D) using consistent-CNot-not-tautology by blast
  then show ?case using backtrack no-tauto lev
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp split: if-split-asm)
next
  case restart
  then show ?case using learned-clss-restart-state state-eq-learned-clss no-tauto
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) set-mset-mono subsetCE)
qed (auto dest!: in-diffD)
definition final-cdcl_W-state (S :: 'st)
  \longleftrightarrow (trail S \models asm init-clss S
   \vee ((\forall L \in set \ (trail \ S). \ \neg is\text{-}marked \ L) \land 
      (\exists C \in \# init\text{-}clss \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C)))
definition termination-cdcl_W-state (S :: 'st)
   \longleftrightarrow (trail S \models asm init-clss S
     \vee ((\forall L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S). \ L \in atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S))
        \land (\exists C \in \# init\text{-}clss \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ C)))
```

19.4 CDCL Strong Completeness

```
fun mapi :: ('a \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ list where
mapi - - [] = [] |
mapi f n (x \# xs) = f x n \# mapi f (n - 1) xs
lemma mark-not-in-set-mapi[simp]: L \notin set M \Longrightarrow Marked L k \notin set (mapi Marked i M)
 by (induct M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma propagated-not-in-set-mapi[simp]: L \notin set M \Longrightarrow Propagated L k \notin set (mapi Marked i M)
 by (induct M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma image-set-mapi:
 f 'set (mapi\ g\ i\ M) = set\ (mapi\ (\lambda x\ i.\ f\ (g\ x\ i))\ i\ M)
 by (induction M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma mapi-map-convert:
 \forall x \ i \ j. \ f \ x \ i = f \ x \ j \Longrightarrow mapi \ f \ i \ M = map \ (\lambda x. \ f \ x \ 0) \ M
 by (induction M arbitrary: i) auto
lemma defined-lit-mapi: defined-lit (mapi Marked i M) L \longleftrightarrow atm-of L \in atm-of 'set M
 by (induction M) (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-set-mapi mapi-map-convert)
lemma cdcl_W-can-do-step:
 assumes
   consistent-interp (set M) and
   distinct M and
   atm\text{-}of \cdot (set \ M) \subseteq atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset\text{-}clss \ N)
  shows \exists S. rtranclp \ cdcl_W \ (init\text{-state } N) \ S
   \land state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, mset-clss \ N, {\#}, length \ M, None)
 using assms
proof (induct M)
 case Nil
 then show ?case apply - by (rule exI[of - init\text{-state } N]) auto
next
  case (Cons L M) note IH = this(1)
 have consistent-interp (set M) and distinct M and atm-of 'set M \subseteq atms-of-mm (mset-clss N)
   using Cons.prems(1-3) unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
  then obtain S where
   st: cdcl_{W}^{**} (init\text{-}state\ N)\ S \ \mathbf{and}
   S: state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, \ mset-clss \ N, \{\#\}, \ length \ M, \ None)
   using IH by blast
 let ?S_0 = incr-lvl \ (cons-trail \ (Marked \ L \ (length \ M + 1)) \ S)
 have undefined-lit (mapi Marked (length M) M) L
   using Cons.prems(1,2) unfolding defined-lit-def consistent-interp-def by fastforce
 moreover have init-clss S = mset-clss N
   using S by blast
 moreover have atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (mset-clss N) using Cons.prems(3) by auto
 moreover have undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L
   using S (distinct (L\#M)) (calculation(1)) by (auto simp: defined-lit-map) (defined-lit-map)
  ultimately have cdcl_W S ?S_0
   using cdcl_W.other[OF cdcl_W-o.decide[OF decide-rule[of S L ?S<sub>0</sub>]]] S
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
  then have cdcl_W^{**} (init-state N) ?S_0
   using st by auto
  then show ?case
```

```
using S undef by (auto intro!: exI[of - ?S_0] del: simp del:)
qed
theorem 2.9.11 page 84 of Weidenbach's book
lemma cdcl_W-strong-completeness:
 assumes
   MN: set M \models sm mset-clss N  and
   cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
   dist: distinct M and
   atm: atm-of `(set M) \subseteq atms-of-mm (mset-clss N)
 obtains S where
   state S = (mapi\ Marked\ (length\ M)\ M,\ mset-clss\ N,\ \{\#\},\ length\ M,\ None) and
   rtranclp\ cdcl_W\ (init\text{-}state\ N)\ S\ and
   final-cdcl_W-state S
proof -
 obtain S where
   st: rtranclp\ cdcl_W\ (init\text{-state}\ N)\ S and
   S: state S = (mapi \ Marked \ (length \ M) \ M, \ mset-clss \ N, \{\#\}, \ length \ M, \ None)
   using cdcl_W-can-do-step[OF cons dist atm] by auto
 have lits-of-l (mapi Marked (length M) M) = set M
   by (induct M, auto)
 then have map Marked (length M) M \models asm mset-clss N using MN true-annots-true-cls by metis
 then have final-cdcl_W-state S
   using S unfolding final-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using that st S by blast
qed
```

19.5 Higher level strategy

The rules described previously do not lead to a conclusive state. We have to add a strategy.

19.5.1 Definition

```
lemma tranclp-conflict:
  tranclp\ conflict\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow conflict\ S\ S'
  apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  apply simp
  by (metis conflictE conflicting-update-conflicting option. distinct(1) option. simps(8,9)
   state-eq-conflicting)
lemma tranclp-conflict-iff[iff]:
 full1 conflict S S' \longleftrightarrow conflict S S'
proof -
 have tranclp conflict S S' \Longrightarrow conflict S S' by (meson tranclp-conflict rtranclpD)
  then show ?thesis unfolding full1-def
  by (metis conflict.simps conflicting-update-conflicting option.distinct(1) option.simps(9)
    state-eq-conflicting\ tranclp.intros(1))
qed
inductive cdcl_W-cp :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict'[intro]: conflict S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp S S'
propagate': propagate \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S'
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-cp S' T'
 using assms
 apply (induction)
   using conflict-state-eq-compatible apply auto[1]
 using propagate' propagate-state-eq-compatible by auto
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp^{++} S T and
   S \sim S' and
   T \sim T'
 shows cdcl_W-cp^{++} S' T'
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible by blast
next
 case (step U V)
 obtain ss :: 'st where
   cdcl_W-cp S ss \wedge cdcl_W-cp^{**} ss U
   by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ step(1)\ tranclpD)
 then show ?case
   by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ rtranclp.rtrancl-into\text{-}rtrancl\ rtranclp-into\text{-}tranclp2
     state-eq-ref step(2) step(4) step(5)
qed
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{option-full-cdcl}_W \textit{-}\mathit{cp} \text{:}
  conflicting S \neq None \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W \text{-}cp \ S \ S
 unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold
 by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-cp.simps elim: conflictE propagateE)
{f lemma} skip-unique:
  skip \ S \ T \Longrightarrow skip \ S \ T' \Longrightarrow \ T \sim \ T'
 by (fastforce simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim: skipE)
lemma resolve-unique:
 resolve \ S \ T \Longrightarrow resolve \ S \ T' \Longrightarrow T \sim T'
 by (fastforce simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim: resolveE)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (auto elim!: conflictE propagateE)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows clauses S = clauses S'
```

by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp: $cdcl_W$ -cp.simps dest: $cdcl_W.intros$)

```
using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-clauses:
  assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
  shows clauses S = clauses S'
  using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-clauses)+
{f lemma} no-conflict-after-conflict:
  conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \neg conflict \ T \ U
  by (metis None-eq-map-option-iff conflict conflicting-update-conflicting option. distinct(1)
   state-simp(5)
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}propagate\text{-}after\text{-}conflict\text{:}
  conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \neg propagate \ T \ U
  by (metis conflictE conflicting-update-conflicting map-option-is-None option.distinct(1)
   propagate.cases state-eq-conflicting)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not:
  assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S U
 shows (propagate^{++} S U \land conflicting U = None)
   \vee (\exists T D. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U \wedge conflicting U = Some D)
proof -
  have propagate^{++} S U \vee (\exists T. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U)
   using assms by induction
   (force simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps tranclp-into-rtranclp dest: no-conflict-after-conflict
      no-propagate-after-conflict)+
  moreover
   have propagate^{++} S U \Longrightarrow conflicting U = None
     unfolding translp-unfold-end by (auto elim!: propagateE)
 moreover
   have \bigwedge T. conflict T \ U \Longrightarrow \exists D. conflicting U = Some \ D
     by (auto elim!: conflictE simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
  ultimately show ?thesis by meson
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty[simp]: conflicting S = Some \ D \implies \neg cdcl_W-cp S \ S'
  assume cdcl_W-cp S S' and conflicting S = Some D
  then show False by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
  (auto elim: conflictE propagateE simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate:
  assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S
  shows no-step conflict S and no-step propagate S
  using assms conflict' apply blast
 by (meson assms conflict' propagate')
CDCL with the reasonable strategy: we fully propagate the conflict and propagate, then we
apply any other possible rule cdcl_W-o S S' and re-apply conflict and propagate cdcl_W-cp S'
S''
inductive cdcl_W-stqy :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S :: 'st where
\mathit{conflict'} : \mathit{full1} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-cp} \ \mathit{S} \ \mathit{S'} \Longrightarrow \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-stgy} \ \mathit{S} \ \mathit{S'} \mid
\mathit{other'} \colon \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{o} \; S \; S' \implies \mathit{no-step} \; \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{cp} \; S \implies \mathit{full} \; \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{cp} \; S' \; S'' \implies \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{stay} \; S \; S''
```

19.5.2 Invariants

shows $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv S'

These are the same invariants as before, but lifted lemma $cdcl_W$ -cp-learned-clause-inv: assumes $cdcl_W$ -cp S S'shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'using assms by (induct rule: $cdcl_W$ -cp.induct) (fastforce elim: conflictE propagateE)+ **lemma** $rtranclp-cdcl_W$ -cp-learned-clause-inv: assumes $cdcl_W$ - cp^{**} S S'shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: $cdcl_W$ -cp-learned-clause-inv)+ **lemma** tranclp- $cdcl_W$ -cp-learned-clause-inv: assumes $cdcl_W$ - $cp^{++}SS'$ shows learned-clss S = learned-clss S'using assms by (simp add: $rtranclp-cdcl_W$ -cp-learned-clause-inv tranclp-into-rtranclp) lemma $cdcl_W$ -cp-backtrack-lvl: assumes $cdcl_W$ -cp S S'shows backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl S'using assms by (induct rule: $cdcl_W$ -cp.induct) (fastforce elim: conflictE propagateE)+ **lemma** $rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl$: assumes $cdcl_W$ - cp^{**} S S'shows backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl S'using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (fastforce dest: $cdcl_W$ -cp-backtrack-lvl)+ **lemma** $cdcl_W$ -cp-consistent-inv: assumes $cdcl_W$ -cp S S'and $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv S shows $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv S'using assms **proof** (induct rule: $cdcl_W$ -cp.induct) case (conflict') then show ?case using $cdcl_W$ -consistent-inv $cdcl_W$.conflict by blast next case (propagate' S S') have $cdcl_W S S'$ using propagate'.hyps(1) propagate by blastthen show $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv S'using propagate'. prems(1) $cdcl_W$ -consistent-inv propagate by blast qed lemma full1- $cdcl_W$ -cp-consistent-inv: assumes full1 $cdcl_W$ -cp S S'and $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv S shows $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv S'using assms unfolding full1-def by $(metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W\ -cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W\ rtranclp-unfold\ tranclp-cdcl_W\ -consistent-inv)$ **lemma** $rtranclp-cdcl_W$ -cp-consistent-inv: assumes $rtranclp\ cdcl_W$ - $cp\ S\ S'$ and $cdcl_W$ -M-level-inv S

```
using assms unfolding full1-def
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (blast intro: cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv)+
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stqy SS'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 unfolding full-unfold by (blast intro: cdcl_W-consistent-inv full1-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv
   cdcl_W.other)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S'
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
 using assms by induction (auto dest!: cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.induct) (auto elim: conflictE propagateE)
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms by (induct rule: tranclp.induct) (auto dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 unfolding full1-def full-def apply (blast dest: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss
   tranclp-cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss)
 by (metis\ cdcl_W\ -o\ -no\ -more\ -init\ -clss\ rtranclp\ -unfold\ tranclp\ -cdcl_W\ -cp\ -no\ -more\ -init\ -clss)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows init-clss S = init-clss S'
 using assms
 apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct, simp)
 using cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss by (simp add: rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail':
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 obtains M where trail S' = M @ trail S and (\forall l \in set M. \neg is\text{-marked } l)
 using assms by induction (fastforce elim: conflictE propagateE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail':
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 obtains M:: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit list where
   trail \ S' = M @ trail \ S \ \mathbf{and} \ \forall \ l \in set \ M. \ \neg is-marked \ l
 using assms by induction (fastforce dest!: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-dropWhile-trail')+
lemma cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail:
```

```
assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows \exists M. trail S' = M @ trail S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l)
  using assms by induction (fastforce elim: conflictE \ propagateE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail:
  assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows \exists M. trail S' = M @ trail S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l)
 using assms by induction (fastforce dest: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-drop While-trail)+
This theorem can be seen a a termination theorem for cdcl_W-cp.
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{length}\text{-}\mathit{model}\text{-}\mathit{le-vars}\text{:}
 assumes
   no-strange-atm S and
   no-d: no-dup (trail S) and
   finite\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S))
 shows length (trail\ S) \leq card\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S))
proof -
 obtain M \ N \ U \ k \ D where S: state S = (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ D) by (cases state S, auto)
 have finite (atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (trail S))
   using assms(1,3) unfolding S by (auto simp add: finite-subset)
 have length (trail\ S) = card\ (atm-of\ `lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))
   using no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l no-d by blast
 then show ?thesis using assms(1) unfolding no-strange-atm-def
 by (auto simp add: assms(3) card-mono)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-decreasing-measure:
 assumes
    cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp S T and
   M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
     + (if \ conflicting \ S = None \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)) \ S
   > (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
     + (if \ conflicting \ S = None \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)) \ T
 using assms
proof -
 have length (trail T) \leq card (atms-of-mm (init-clss T))
   apply (rule length-model-le-vars)
      using cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv alien M-lev apply (meson cdcl_W cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-cp.cases)
     using M-lev cdcl_W cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply blast
     using cdcl_W by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
 with assms
 show ?thesis by induction (auto elim!: conflictE propagateE
    simp \ del: \ state-simp \ simp: \ state-eq-def)+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-wf: wf {(b,a). (cdcl_W-M-level-inv a \land no-strange-atm a)
 \land cdcl_W - cp \ a \ b
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure' of less-than - -
     (\lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S)) - length \ (trail \ S)
       + (if \ conflicting \ S = None \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0))))
   apply simp
  using cdcl_W-cp-decreasing-measure unfolding less-than-iff by blast
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-cdcl_W-cp-iff-rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
  shows (\lambda a \ b. \ (cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a \land no - strange - atm \ a) \land cdcl_W - cp \ a \ b)^{**} \ S \ T
    \longleftrightarrow cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T
  (is ?IST \longleftrightarrow ?CST)
proof
 assume
    ?IST
 then show ?C S T by induction auto
next
 assume
    ?CST
 then show ?IST
   proof induction
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
     case (step\ T\ U) note st=this(1) and cp=this(2) and IH=this(3)
     have cdcl_{W}^{**} S T
       by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty cp st
         rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not)
     then have
       cdcl_W-M-level-inv T and
       no-strange-atm T
        using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle apply (simp \ add: \ assms(1) \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)
       using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle alien rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv lev by blast
     then have (\lambda a \ b. \ (cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a \land no - strange - atm \ a)
       \wedge \ cdcl_W - cp \ a \ b)^{**} \ T \ U
       using cp by auto
     then show ?case using IH by auto
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element:
 assumes
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    no-strange-atm S
 obtains T where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ T
 let ?inv = \lambda a. (cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv a \wedge no-strange-atm a)
 obtain T where T: full (\lambda a \ b. ?inv a \wedge cdcl_W-cp a \ b) S T
   using cdcl_W-cp-wf wf-exists-normal-form[of <math>\lambda a \ b. ?inv \ a \land cdcl_W-cp \ a \ b]
   unfolding full-def by blast
   then have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-cdcl_W-cp-iff-rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp assms unfolding full-def
     by blast
   moreover
     then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
     then have
       cdcl_W-M-level-inv T and
       no-strange-atm T
        \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_{W}^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{simp add: assms}(1) \ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_{W}\text{-}\mathit{consistent-inv})
```

```
using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-no-strange-atm-inv lev by blast
     then have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
      using T unfolding full-def by auto
   ultimately show thesis using that unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma always-exists-full-cdcl_W-cp-step:
 assumes no-strange-atm S
 shows \exists S''. full cdcl_W-cp S S''
 using assms
proof (induct card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S) – atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)) arbitrary: S)
  case \theta note card = this(1) and alien = this(2)
  then have atm: atms-of-mm (init-clss S) = atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)
   unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
  { assume a: \exists S'. conflict S S'
   then obtain S' where S': conflict S S' by metis
   then have \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W - cp S' S''
     by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps elim!: conflictE propagateE
       simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
   then have ?case using a S' cdclw-cp.conflict' unfolding full-def by blast
  moreover {
   assume a: \exists S'. propagate SS'
   then obtain S' where propagate SS' by blast
   then obtain EL where
     S: conflicting S = None and
     E: E !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S  and
     LE: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \text{ and }
     tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ (remove\text{-}lit \ L \ E)) and
     undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
     S': S' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S
     by (elim propagateE) simp
   have atms-of-mm (learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
     using alien S unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
     using E LE S undef unfolding raw-clauses-def by (force simp: in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
   then have False using undef S unfolding atm unfolding lits-of-def
     by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
 ultimately show ?case unfolding full-def by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.cases rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
  case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and card = this(2) and alien = this(3)
  { assume a: \exists S'. conflict S S'
   then obtain S' where S': conflict S S' by metis
   then have \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W \neg cp S' S''
     by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps elim!: conflictE propagateE
       simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
   then have ?case unfolding full-def Ex-def using S' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.conflict' by blast
  }
  moreover {
   assume a: \exists S'. propagate SS'
   then obtain S' where propagate: propagate S S' by blast
   then obtain EL where
     S: conflicting S = None  and
     E: E !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S  and
```

```
LE: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \text{ and}
     tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ (remove\text{-}lit \ L \ E)) and
     undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
     S': S' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S
     by (elim propagateE) simp
   then have \mathit{atm-of}\ L \notin \mathit{atm-of}\ ``lits-of-l\ (\mathit{trail}\ S)
     unfolding lits-of-def by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
   moreover
     have no-strange-atm S' using alien propagate propagate-no-strange-atm-inv by blast
     then have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S)
       using S' LE E undef unfolding no-strange-atm-def
       by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def in-implies-atm-of-on-atms-of-ms)
     then have \bigwedge A. \{atm\text{-}of\ L\} \subseteq atm\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (init\text{-}clss\ S) - A \lor atm\text{-}of\ L \in A\ by\ force
   moreover have Suc\ n - card\ \{atm\text{-}of\ L\} = n\ \textbf{by}\ simp
   moreover have card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S) – atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)) = Suc n
    using card S S' by simp
   ultimately
     have card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S) – atm-of 'insert L (lits-of-l (trail S))) = n
       by (metis (no-types) Diff-insert card-Diff-subset finite.emptyI finite.insertI image-insert)
     then have n = card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S') - atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S'))
       using card S S' undef by simp
   then have a1: Ex (full cdcl_W-cp S') using IH (no-strange-atm S') by blast
   have ?case
     proof -
       obtain S'' :: 'st where
         ff1: cdcl_W - cp^{**} S' S'' \wedge no\text{-step } cdcl_W - cp S''
         using a1 unfolding full-def by blast
       have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S''
         using ff1 cdcl_W-cp.intros(2)[OF\ propagate]
         by (metis (no-types) converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
       then have \exists S''. cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'' \land (\forall S'''. \neg cdcl_W-cp S'' S''')
         using ff1 by blast
       then show ?thesis unfolding full-def
         by meson
     qed
 ultimately show ?case unfolding full-def by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.cases rtranclp.rtrancl-reft)
qed
```

19.5.3 Literal of highest level in conflicting clauses

One important property of the $cdcl_W$ with strategy is that, whenever a conflict takes place, there is at least a literal of level k involved (except if we have derived the false clause). The reason is that we apply conflicts before a decision is taken.

```
abbreviation no-clause-is-false :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where no-clause-is-false \equiv \lambda S. (conflicting S = None \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \# \ clauses \ S. \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D)) abbreviation conflict-is-false-with-level :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where conflict-is-false-with-level S \equiv \forall D. conflicting S = Some \ D \longrightarrow D \neq \{\#\} \longrightarrow (\exists L \in \# \ D. \ get-level \ (trail \ S) \ L = backtrack-lvl \ S) lemma not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss: assumes \forall S'. \neg conflict \ S' shows no-clause-is-false S
```

```
proof (clarify)
 \mathbf{fix} D
 assume D \in \# local.clauses S and raw-conflicting S = None and trail S \models as CNot D
 moreover then obtain D' where
   mset-cls D' = D and
   D' \not\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S
   using in-mset-clss-exists-preimage unfolding raw-clauses-def by blast
 ultimately show False
   using conflict-rule[of S D' update-conflicting (Some (ccls-of-cls D')) S] assms
   by auto
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss:
 assumes full cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss unfolding full-def by auto
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss unfolding full1-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy SS'
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 using full1-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss full-cdcl_W-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss by metis+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and no-clause-is-false S
 shows no-clause-is-false S'
 using assms by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto simp: cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and no-clause-is-false S
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case by (auto elim: conflictE)
next
 case propagate'
 then show ?case by (auto elim: propagateE)
qed
lemma no-chained-conflict:
 assumes conflict S S'
 and conflict S' S''
 shows False
 using assms unfolding conflict.simps
 by (metis conflicting-update-conflicting option. distinct(1) option. simps(9) state-eq-conflicting)
```

lemma $rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl:$

```
assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S U
 shows propagate^{**} S U \vee (\exists T. propagate^{**} S T \wedge conflict T U)
 using assms
proof induction
 \mathbf{case}\ base
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (step U V) note SU = this(1) and UV = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 consider (confl) T where propagate^{**} S T and conflict T U
   | (propa) propagate** S U using IH by auto
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case confl
     then have False using UV by (auto elim: conflictE)
     then show ?thesis by fast
   next
     case propa
    also have conflict U \ V \ v propagate U \ V using UV by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
     ultimately show ?thesis by force
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-cp S U
 and cls-f: no-clause-is-false S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level U
proof (intro allI impI)
 \mathbf{fix} D
 assume
   confl: conflicting U = Some D and
   D: D \neq \{\#\}
 consider (CT) conflicting S = None \mid (SD) \mid D' where conflicting S = Some \mid D'
   by (cases conflicting S) auto
 then show \exists L \in \#D. get-level (trail U) L = backtrack-lvl U
   proof cases
     case SD
     then have S = U
      by (metis (no-types) assms(1) \ cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty full-def rtranclpD tranclpD)
     then show ?thesis using assms(3) confl D by blast-
   next
     case CT
     have init-clss U = init-clss S and learned-clss U = learned-clss S
      using full unfolding full-def
        apply (metis (no-types) rtranclpD tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-init-clss)
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) full full-def rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv)
     obtain T where propagate** S T and TU: conflict T U
      proof -
        have f5: U \neq S
         using confl CT by force
        then have cdcl_W - cp^{++} S U
          by (metis full full-def rtranclpD)
        have \bigwedge p pa. \neg propagate p pa \lor conflicting pa =
          (None :: 'v clause option)
```

```
by (auto elim: propagateE)
       then show ?thesis
          using f5 that tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[OF \langle cdcl_W-cp<sup>++</sup> S U\rangle]
          full confl CT unfolding full-def by auto
   ged
obtain D' where
   raw-conflicting T = None and
   D': D' !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses \ T \ and
   tr: trail \ T \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ D') \ and
    U: U \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some (ccls-of\text{-}cls D'))} T
   using TU by (auto elim!: conflictE)
have init-clss T = init-clss S and learned-clss T = learned-clss S
   using U \in Init-clss\ U = Init-clss\ S \cap Init-clss\ U = Init-clss\ S \cap Init-clss
then have D \in \# clauses S
   using confl U D' by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def)
then have \neg trail S \models as CNot D
   using cls-f CT by simp
moreover
   obtain M where tr-U: trail U = M @ trail S and nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is-marked m
       by (metis\ (mono-tags,\ lifting)\ assms(1)\ full-def\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail)
   have trail U \models as \ CNot \ D
       using tr \ confl \ U by (auto \ elim!: \ conflictE)
ultimately obtain L where L \in \# D and -L \in lits-of-l M
   unfolding tr-U CNot-def true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by force
moreover have inv-U: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   by (metis\ cdcl_W - stgy. conflict'\ cdcl_W - stgy-consistent-inv\ full\ full-unfold\ lev)
moreover
   have backtrack-lvl\ U = backtrack-lvl\ S
       using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-backtrack-lvl)
moreover
   have no-dup (trail U)
       using inv-U unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
    { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit \ \mathbf{and}
          xb :: ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit
       assume a1: atm\text{-}of\ L = atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ xb)
       moreover assume a2: -L = lit - of x
       moreover assume a3: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) ' set M
          \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) \ `set \ (trail \ S) = \{\}
       moreover assume a4: x \in set M
       moreover assume a5: xb \in set (trail S)
       moreover have atm\text{-}of (-L) = atm\text{-}of L
          by auto
       ultimately have False
          by auto
   then have LS: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S)
       using \langle -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M \rangle \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ U) \rangle unfolding tr\text{-}U \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}def by auto
ultimately have get-level (trail U) L = backtrack-lvl U
   proof (cases get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) \neq [], goal-cases)
       case 2 note LD = this(1) and LM = this(2) and inv - U = this(3) and US = this(4) and
          LS = this(5) and ne = this(6)
       have backtrack-lvl S = 0
```

```
using lev ne unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
         moreover have get-rev-level (rev M) 0 L = 0
           using nm by auto
         ultimately show ?thesis using LS ne US unfolding tr-U
          by (simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked lits-of-def)
         case 1 note LD = this(1) and LM = this(2) and inv - U = this(3) and US = this(4) and
           LS = this(5) and ne = this(6)
         have hd (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) = backtrack-lvl S
           using ne lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
          by (cases get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) auto
         moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
           using \langle -L \in lits-of-l M \rangle by (simp \ add: \ atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set
             lits-of-def)
         ultimately show ?thesis
           using nm ne get-level-skip-beginning-hd-get-all-levels-of-marked[OF LS, of M]
             qet-level-skip-in-all-not-marked[of rev M L backtrack-lvl S]
           unfolding lits-of-def US tr-U
          by auto
         qed
     then show \exists L \in \#D. get-level (trail U) L = backtrack-lvl U
       using \langle L \in \# D \rangle by blast
   qed
qed
           Literal of highest level in marked literals
19.5.4
definition mark-is-false-with-level :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
mark-is-false-with-level S' \equiv
 \forall D \ M1 \ M2 \ L. \ M1 \ @ \ Propagated \ L \ D \# \ M2 = trail \ S' \longrightarrow D - \{\#L\#\} \neq \{\#\}
    \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# \ D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = get\text{-maximum-possible-level } M1)
definition no-more-propagation-to-do :: 'st \Rightarrow bool where
no-more-propagation-to-do S \equiv
 \forall D\ M\ M'\ L.\ D + \{\#L\#\} \in \#\ clauses\ S \longrightarrow trail\ S = M'\ @\ M \longrightarrow M \models as\ CNot\ D
    \longrightarrow undefined-lit M L \longrightarrow get-maximum-possible-level M < backtrack-lvl S
   \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail S)} \ L = get\text{-maximum-possible-level } M)
lemma propagate-no-more-propagation-to-do:
 assumes propagate: propagate S S'
 and H: no-more-propagation-to-do S
 and lev-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
 using assms
proof -
  obtain EL where
   S: conflicting S = None and
   E: E !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S  and
   LE: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \ \mathbf{and}
   tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ (remove\text{-}lit \ L \ E)) and
   undefL: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   S': S' \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S
   using propagate by (elim propagateE) simp
  let ?M' = Propagated\ L\ (mset\text{-}cls\ E)\ \#\ trail\ S
  show ?thesis unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def
```

```
proof (intro allI impI)
     fix D M1 M2 L'
     assume
       D\text{-}L: D + \{\#L'\#\} \in \# \ clauses \ S' \ \mathbf{and}
       trail S' = M2 @ M1 and
       get-max: get-maximum-possible-level M1 < backtrack-lvl S' and
       M1 \models as \ CNot \ D and
       undef: undefined-lit M1 L'
     have the M2 @ M1 = trail S \vee (M2 = [] \wedge M1 = Propagated L (mset-cls E) \# trail S)
       using \langle trail \ S' = M2 \ @ M1 \rangle \ S' \ S \ undefL \ lev-inv
       by (cases M2) (auto simp:cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     moreover {
       assume tl \ M2 \ @ \ M1 = trail \ S
       moreover have D + \{\#L'\#\} \in \# clauses S
         using D-L S S' undefL unfolding raw-clauses-def by auto
       {\bf moreover~have}~{\it get-maximum-possible-level}~{\it M1}~<~{\it backtrack-lvl}~{\it S}
         using get-max S S' undefL by auto
       ultimately obtain L' where L' \in \# D and
         get-level (trail\ S)\ L'=get-maximum-possible-level M1
         using H (M1 \models as \ CNot \ D) undef unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def by metis
       moreover
         { have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
             using cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev-inv cdcl_W.propagate[OF propagate] by blast
           then have no-dup ?M' using S' undefL unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
           moreover
            have atm\text{-}of L' \in atm\text{-}of ' (lits-of-l M1)
               using \langle L' \in \# D \rangle \langle M1 \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by (metis atm-of-uninus image-eqI
                in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
            then have \mathit{atm\text{-}of}\ L' \in \mathit{atm\text{-}of}\ `(\mathit{lits\text{-}of\text{-}l}\ (\mathit{trail}\ S))
               using \langle tl \ M2 \ @ M1 = trail \ S \rangle [symmetric] \ S \ undef L \ by \ auto
           ultimately have atm-of L \neq atm-of L' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
       ultimately have \exists L' \in \# D. get-level (trail S') L' = get-maximum-possible-level M1
         using S S' undefL by auto
     moreover {
       assume M2 = [] and M1: M1 = Propagated L (mset-cls E) # trail S
       have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
         \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv[\mathit{OF}\ \text{-}\ lev\text{-}inv]\ cdcl_W.propagate[\mathit{OF}\ propagate]\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
       then have qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S') = rev\ [Suc\ 0..<(Suc\ 0+backtrack-lvl\ S)]
         using S' undefL unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
       then have get-maximum-possible-level M1 = backtrack-lvl S'
         using get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked[of M1] S' M1 undefL
         by (auto intro: Max-eqI)
       then have False using get-max by auto
     ultimately show \exists L.\ L \in \#\ D \land get\text{-level (trail }S')\ L = get\text{-maximum-possible-level }M1
       by fast
  qed
qed
lemma conflict-no-more-propagation-to-do:
 assumes
    conflict: conflict S S' and
   H: no\text{-}more\text{-}propagation\text{-}to\text{-}do\ S\ and
```

```
M: cdcl_W - M - level - inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
  using assms unfolding no-more-propagation-to-do-def by (force elim!: conflictE)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-propagation-to-do:
  assumes
   conflict: cdcl_W-cp S S' and
   H: no\text{-}more\text{-}propagation\text{-}to\text{-}do\ S\ \mathbf{and}
   M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows no-more-propagation-to-do S'
 using assms
 proof (induct \ rule: \ cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict' S S')
 then show ?case using conflict-no-more-propagation-to-do[of S S'] by blast
 case (propagate' S S') note S = this
 show 1: no-more-propagation-to-do S'
   using propagate-no-more-propagation-to-do[of SS'] S by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
 assumes
   o: cdcl_W-o S S' and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy } S S'
proof -
 obtain S'' where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ S''
   using always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step alien cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv cdcl_W-o-no-more-init-clss
    o other lev by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv)
 then show ?thesis
   using assms by (metis always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.conflict' full-unfold other')
{f lemma}\ backtrack-no-decomp:
 assumes
   S: raw-conflicting S = Some E and
   LE: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ E \ \mathbf{and}
   L: get-level (trail\ S)\ L = backtrack-lvl\ S and
   D: get-maximum-level (trail\ S)\ (remove1-mset L\ (mset-ccls E)) < backtrack-lvl S and
   bt: backtrack-lvl S = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls E) and
   M-L: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. \ cdcl_W \text{-}o \ S \ S'
proof -
 have L-D: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls E)
   using L D bt by (simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
 let ?i = get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls E))
 obtain KM1M2 where
   K: (Marked\ K\ (?i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (qet-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S))
   using backtrack-ex-decomp[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{M-L},\ of\ ?i]\ D\ S by auto
 show ?thesis using backtrack-rule[OF S LE K L] bt L bj cdclw-bj.simps by auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive:
 assumes
```

```
termi: \forall S'. \neg cdcl_W \text{-stgy } S S' \text{ and }
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   level-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
    confl-k: conflict-is-false-with-level S
 shows (conflicting S = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S)))
        \vee (conflicting S = None \wedge trail S \models as set-mset (init-clss S))
proof -
 let ?M = trail S
 let ?N = init\text{-}clss S
 let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
 let ?U = learned\text{-}clss S
 consider
     (None) raw-conflicting S = None
    | (Some-Empty) E  where raw-conflicting S = Some E  and mset-ccls E = \{\#\}
   | (Some) E'  where raw-conflicting S = Some E'  and
     conflicting S = Some \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ E') \ \text{and} \ mset\text{-}ccls \ E' \neq \{\#\}
   by (cases conflicting S, simp) auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case (Some\text{-}Empty\ E)
     then have conflicting S = Some \{\#\} by auto
     then have unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
       using assms(3) unfolding cdcl_W-learned-clause-def true-clss-cls-def
       by (metis (no-types, lifting) Un-insert-right atms-of-empty satisfiable-def
         sup-bot.right-neutral total-over-m-insert total-over-set-empty true-cls-empty)
     then show ?thesis using Some-Empty by auto
   next
     case None
     { assume \neg ?M \models asm ?N
       have atm-of '(lits-of-l?M) = atms-of-mm?N (is ?A = ?B)
           show ?A \subseteq ?B using alien unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
           show ?B \subseteq ?A
            proof (rule ccontr)
              assume \neg ?B \subseteq ?A
              then obtain l where l \in ?B and l \notin ?A by auto
              then have undefined-lit ?M (Pos l)
                using \langle l \notin ?A \rangle unfolding lits-of-def by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map)
              moreover have conflicting S = None
                using None by auto
              ultimately have \exists S'. \ cdcl_W \text{-}o \ S \ S'
                using cdcl_W-o.decide\ decide-rule \langle l \in ?B \rangle no-strange-atm-def
                by (metis\ literal.sel(1)\ state-eq-def)
              then show False
                using termi\ cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step[OF - alien] level-inv by blast
            qed
         qed
       obtain D where \neg ?M \models a D \text{ and } D \in \# ?N
          using \langle \neg ?M \models asm ?N \rangle unfolding lits-of-def true-annots-def Ball-def by auto
       have atms-of D \subseteq atm-of ' (lits-of-l ?M)
         using \langle D \in \#?N \rangle unfolding \langle atm\text{-}of \cdot (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l?M) = atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm?N \rangle atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\text{-}def
```

```
by (auto simp add: atms-of-def)
   then have a1: atm-of 'set-mset D \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail S)
     by (auto simp add: atms-of-def lits-of-def)
   have total-over-m (lits-of-l?M) {D}
     using \langle atms-of \ D \subseteq atm-of \ `(lits-of-l \ ?M) \rangle
     atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uninus-in-set by (fastforce simp: total-over-set-def)
   then have ?M \models as \ CNot \ D
     using total-not-true-cls-true-clss-CNot \langle \neg trail \ S \models a \ D \rangle \ true-annot-def
     true-annots-true-cls by fastforce
   then have False
     proof -
      obtain S' where
        f2: full\ cdcl_W-cp S\ S'
        by (meson alien always-exists-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-step level-inv)
       then have S' = S
        using cdcl_W-stgy.conflict'[of S] by (metis (no-types) full-unfold termi)
       then show ?thesis
        using f2 \langle D \in \# init\text{-}clss S \rangle None \langle trail S \models as CNot D \rangle
        raw-clauses-def full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-not-any-negated-init-clss by auto
     qed
 then have ?M \models asm ?N by blast
 then show ?thesis
   using None by auto
next
 case (Some E') note raw-conf = this(1) and LD = this(2) and nempty = this(3)
 then obtain L D where
   E'[simp]: mset-ccls\ E'=D+\{\#L\#\} and
   lev-L: get-level ?M L = ?k
   by (metis (mono-tags) confl-k insert-DiffM2)
 let ?D = D + \{\#L\#\}
 have ?D \neq \{\#\} by auto
 have ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D \ using \ confl \ LD \ unfolding \ cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
 then have ?M \neq [] unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by force
 have M: ?M = hd ?M \# tl ?M using (?M \neq [])  list.collapse by fastforce
 have q-a-l: qet-all-levels-of-marked ?M = rev [1..<1 + ?k]
   using level-inv lev-L M unfolding cdclw-M-level-inv-def by auto
 have g-k: get-maximum-level (trail S) D \leq ?k
   using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[of ?M]
     get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked[of ?M]
   by (auto simp add: Max-n-upt g-a-l)
 {
   assume marked: is-marked (hd?M)
   then obtain k' where k': k' + 1 = ?k
     using level-inv M unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def
     by (cases hd (trail S); cases trail S) auto
   obtain L' l' where L': hd ?M = Marked L' l' using marked by (cases hd ?M) auto
   have marked-hd-tl: get-all-levels-of-marked (hd (trail S) \# tl (trail S))
     = rev [1..<1 + length (qet-all-levels-of-marked ?M)]
     using level-inv lev-L M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def M[symmetric]
     by blast
   then have l'-tl: l' \# get-all-levels-of-marked (<math>tl ? M)
     = rev [1..<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)] unfolding L' by simp
   moreover have ... = length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)
     \# rev [1..< length (get-all-levels-of-marked ?M)]
```

```
using M Suc-le-mono calculation by (fastforce simp add: upt.simps(2))
finally have
  l'-cons: l' \# get-all-levels-of-marked (tl \ (trail \ S)) =
    length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))
      \# rev [1..< length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))] and
 l' = ?k and
 g-r: get-all-levels-of-marked (tl (trail S))
   = rev [1.. < length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S))]
 using level-inv lev-L M unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
have *: \bigwedge list. no-dup list \Longrightarrow
      -L \in \mathit{lits}	ext{-}\mathit{of}	ext{-}\mathit{l}\,\mathit{ist} \Longrightarrow \mathit{atm}	ext{-}\mathit{of}\,L \in \mathit{atm}	ext{-}\mathit{of}\, ' \mathit{lits}	ext{-}\mathit{of}	ext{-}\mathit{l}\,\mathit{list}
 by (metis atm-of-uminus imageI)
have L'-L: L' = -L
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   moreover have -L \in lits-of-l? M using confl LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
   ultimately have get-level (hd (trail S) # tl (trail S)) L = get-level (tl ?M) L
     using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(1)[OF level-inv] L' M atm-of-eq-atm-of
     unfolding lits-of-def consistent-interp-def
     by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) marked-lit.sel(1) get-level-skip-beginning image-eqI
       list.set-intros(1)
   moreover
     have length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)) = ?k
       using level-inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have Max (set (0 \# get\text{-all-levels-of-marked} (tl (trail S)))) = ?k - 1
       unfolding g-r by (auto simp add: Max-n-upt)
     then have get-level (tl ?M) L < ?k
       using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-level[of tl ?M L]
       by (metis One-nat-def add.right-neutral add-Suc-right diff-add-inverse2
         get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked k' le-imp-less-Suc
         list.simps(15)
   finally show False using lev-L M by auto
 qed
have L: hd ?M = Marked (-L) ?k using \langle l' = ?k \rangle L' - L L' by auto
have get-maximum-level (trail S) D < ?k
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have get-maximum-level (trail S) D = \frac{9}{2}k using M g-k unfolding L by auto
   then obtain L'' where L'' \in \# D and L-k: get-level ?M L'' = ?k
     using get-maximum-level-exists-lit[of ?k ?M D] unfolding k'[symmetric] by auto
   have L \neq L'' using no-dup \langle L'' \in \# D \rangle
     unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def LD
     by (metis E' add.right-neutral add-diff-cancel-right'
       distinct-mem-diff-mset union-commute union-single-eq-member)
   have L^{\prime\prime}=-L
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume ¬ ?thesis
       then have get-level ?M L'' = get-level (tl ?M) L''
        using M \langle L \neq L'' \rangle get-level-skip-beginning [of L'' hd? M tl? M] unfolding L
        by (auto simp: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
       then show False
        by (metis L-k Max-n-upt One-nat-def Suc-n-not-le-n \langle l' = backtrack-lvl S \rangle
          add-Suc-right add-implies-diff g-r
```

```
get-all-levels-of-marked-rev-eq-rev-get-all-levels-of-marked list.set(2)
            get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked k' l'-cons list.sel(1)
            rev-rev-ident semiring-normalization-rules(6) set-upt)
      qed
     then have taut: tautology (D + \{\#L\#\})
      \mathbf{using}\ \langle L^{\prime\prime} \in \#\ D \rangle\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis\ add.commute\ mset-leD\ mset-le-add-left\ multi-member-this}
        tautology-minus)
     have consistent-interp (lits-of-l ?M)
      using level-inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
      using taut by (metis \langle L'' = -L \rangle \langle L'' \in \# D \rangle add.commute consistent-interp-def
        diff-union-cancelR in-CNot-implies-uninus(2) in-diffD multi-member-this)
     moreover have ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D
      using confl no-dup LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
     ultimately show False by blast
   \mathbf{ged} \ \mathbf{note} \ H = this
 have get-maximum-level (trail S) D < get-maximum-level (trail S) (D + \{\#L\#\})
   using H by (auto simp: qet-maximum-level-plus lev-L max-def)
 moreover have backtrack-lvl S = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D + \{\#L\#\})
   using H by (auto simp: get-maximum-level-plus lev-L max-def)
 ultimately have False
   using backtrack-no-decomp[OF raw-conf - lev-L] level-inv termi
   cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step[of S] alien unfolding E'
   by (auto simp add: lev-L max-def)
\} note not-is-marked = this
moreover {
 let ?D = D + \{\#L\#\}
 have ?D \neq \{\#\} by auto
 have ?M \models as \ CNot \ ?D \ using \ confl \ LD \ unfolding \ cdcl_W - conflicting - def \ by \ auto
 then have ?M \neq [] unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-cls-def by force
 assume nm: \neg is\text{-}marked (hd ?M)
 then obtain L' C where L'C: hd-raw-trail S = Propagated L' C
   by (metis (trail S \neq []) hd-raw-trail is-marked-def mmset-of-mlit.elims)
 then have hd ?M = Propagated L' (mset-cls C)
   using \langle trail \ S \neq [] \rangle hd-raw-trail mmset-of-mlit.simps(1) by fastforce
 then have M: ?M = Propagated L' (mset-cls C) \# tl ?M
   using \langle ?M \neq [] \rangle list.collapse by fastforce
 then obtain C' where C': mset-cls C = C' + \{\#L'\#\}
   using confl unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by (metis append-Nil diff-single-eq-union)
  { assume -L' \notin \# ?D
   then have Ex (skip S)
     using skip-rule [OF M raw-conf] unfolding E' by auto
   then have False
     using cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step[of S] alien level-inv termi
     by (auto dest: cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros)
 }
 moreover {
   assume L'D: -L' \in \# ?D
   then obtain D' where D': ?D = D' + \{\#-L'\#\} by (metis insert-DiffM2)
   have g-r: get-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated L' (mset-cls C) \# tl (trail S))
     = rev [Suc \ 0.. < Suc \ (length \ (get-all-levels-of-marked \ (trail \ S)))]
     using level-inv M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
   have Max (insert 0
      (set (get-all-levels-of-marked (Propagated L'(mset-cls C) \# tl (trail S))))) = ?k
```

```
using level-inv M unfolding g-r cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def set-rev
         by (auto simp add:Max-n-upt)
        then have get-maximum-level (trail S) D' \leq ?k
         using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[of
           Propagated L' (mset-cls C) \# tl ?M] M
         unfolding get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked by auto
        then have get-maximum-level (trail S) D' = ?k
         \vee get-maximum-level (trail S) D' < ?k
         using le-neq-implies-less by blast
        moreover {
         assume g-D'-k: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' = ?k
         then have f1: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' = backtrack-lvl S
           using M by auto
         then have Ex\ (cdcl_W - o\ S)
           using f1 resolve-rule[of S L' C, OF \(\text{trail } S \neq []\) - - raw-conf] raw-conf g-D'-k
           L'C L'D unfolding C' D' E'
           by (fastforce simp add: D' intro: cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros)
         then have False
           by (meson alien cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step termi level-inv)
        moreover {
         assume a1: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' < ?k
         then have f3: get-maximum-level (trail S) D' < \text{get-level (trail S) } (-L')
           using a1 lev-L by (metis D' get-maximum-level-ge-get-level insert-noteq-member
             not-less)
         moreover have backtrack-lvl S = qet-level (trail S) L'
           apply (subst M)
           unfolding rev.simps
           apply (subst get-rev-level-can-skip-correctly-ordered)
           using level-inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def
           apply (subst (asm) (2) M) apply (simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
           using level-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
           apply (subst (asm) (2) M) apply (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp lits-of-def)
           using level-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
           apply (subst (asm) (4) M) apply (auto simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)[]
           using level-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
           apply (subst (asm) (4) M) by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)[]
         moreover
           then have get-level (trail S) L' = get-maximum-level (trail S) (D' + \{\#-L'\#\})
             using a1 by (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-plus max-def)
         ultimately have False
           using M backtrack-no-decomp[of S - -L', OF raw-conf]
           cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step L'D level-inv termi alien
           unfolding D' E' by auto
        ultimately have False by blast
      ultimately have False by blast
    ultimately show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W:
 cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
```

```
apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 by (meson\ cdcl_W.conflict\ cdcl_W.propagate\ tranclp.r-into-trancl\ tranclp.trancl-into-trancl)+
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - cp^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
 apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  apply (simp add: cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W)
 by (meson\ cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-trans)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case conflict'
 then show ?case
  unfolding full1-def by (simp add: tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
  case (other' S' S'')
  then have S' = S'' \lor cdcl_W - cp^{++} S' S''
   by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold full-def)
  then show ?case
   using other' by (meson cdcl_W.other tranclp.r-into-trancl
     tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-trans)
qed
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{++} S S'
 apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  using cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W apply blast
 by (meson\ cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
  using rtranclp-unfold[of cdcl_W-stgy S S'] tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W[of S S'] by auto
{\bf lemma}\ not\text{-}empty\text{-}get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}exists\text{-}lit:}
 assumes n: D \neq \{\#\}
 and max: qet-maximum-level MD = n
 shows \exists L \in \#D. get-level ML = n
proof
 have f: finite (insert 0 ((\lambda L. get-level M L) 'set-mset D)) by auto
  then have n \in ((\lambda L. \ get\text{-level } M \ L) \ `set\text{-mset } D)
   using n max get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level image-iff
   unfolding get-maximum-level-def by force
 then show \exists L \in \# D. get-level ML = n by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-false-with-level-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o SS' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   confl-inv: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   n-d: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
    conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S
  shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
  using assms(1,2)
```

```
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case (resolve L C M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and confl = this(4) and LD = this(5) and T =
this(7)
 have uL-not-D: -L \notin \# remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D)
   using n-d confl unfolding distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-def
   by (metis distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mem-diff-mset multi-member-last n-d option.simps(9))
 moreover have L-not-D: L \notin \# remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls\ D)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have L \in \# mset-ccls D
      by (auto simp: in-remove1-mset-neg)
     moreover have Propagated L (mset-cls C) \# M \modelsas CNot (mset-ccls D)
      using conflicting conflicting conflicting cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by auto
     ultimately have -L \in lits-of-l (Propagated L (mset-cls C) \# M)
      using in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
     moreover have no-dup (Propagated L (mset-cls C) \# M)
      using lev tr-S unfolding cdclw-M-level-inv-def by auto
     ultimately show False unfolding lits-of-def by (metis consistent-interp-def image-eqI
       list.set-intros(1) lits-of-def marked-lit.sel(2) distinct-consistent-interp)
   qed
 ultimately
   have g-D: get-maximum-level (Propagated L (mset-cls C) \# M) (remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D))
     = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D))
   proof
     have \forall a \ f \ L. \ ((a::'v) \in f \ `L) = (\exists \ l. \ (l :: \ 'v \ literal) \in L \land a = f \ l)
      by blast
     then show ?thesis
      using get-maximum-level-skip-first of L remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D) mset-cls C M
      unfolding atms-of-def
      by (metis (no-types) uL-not-D L-not-D atm-of-eq-atm-of)
   qed
 have lev-L[simp]: get-level\ M\ L=0
   apply (rule atm-of-notin-get-rev-level-eq-0)
   using lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def tr-S by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
 have D: get-maximum-level M (remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D)) = backtrack-lvl S
   using resolve.hyps(6) LD unfolding tr-S by (auto simp: qet-maximum-level-plus max-def q-D)
 have get-all-levels-of-marked M = rev [Suc 0.. < Suc (backtrack-lvl S)]
   using lev unfolding tr-S cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have get-maximum-level M (remove1-mset L (mset-cls C)) \leq backtrack-lvl S
   using get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level[of M]
   get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked of M by (auto simp: Max-n-upt)
 then have
   get-maximum-level M (remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D) \# \cup remove1-mset L (mset-cls C)) =
     backtrack-lvl S
   \mathbf{by}\ (auto\ simp:\ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}union\text{-}mset\ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}plus\ max\text{-}def\ }D)
 then show ?case
   using tr-S not-empty-get-maximum-level-exists-lit[of
     remove1-mset (-L) (mset-ccls D) #<math>\cup remove1-mset L (mset-cls C) M T
   by auto
 case (skip L C' M D T) note tr-S = this(1) and D = this(2) and T = this(5)
 then obtain La where
   La \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \ \mathbf{and}
```

```
get-level (Propagated L C' \# M) La = backtrack-lvl S
   using skip confl-inv by auto
  moreover
   have atm-of La \neq atm-of L
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume ¬ ?thesis
       then have La: La = L \text{ using } \langle La \in \# \text{ mset-ccls } D \rangle \langle -L \notin \# \text{ mset-ccls } D \rangle
         by (auto simp add: atm-of-eq-atm-of)
      have Propagated L C' \# M \modelsas CNot (mset-ccls D)
         using conflicting tr-S D unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
       then have -L \in lits-of-l M
         using \langle La \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \rangle in\text{-}CNot\text{-}implies\text{-}uminus(2)[of \ L mset\text{-}ccls \ D]
          Propagated \ L \ C' \# \ M] \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ La
         by auto
       then show False using lev tr-S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def consistent-interp-def by auto
     qed
   then have get-level (Propagated L C' \# M) La = get-level M La by auto
 ultimately show ?case using D tr-S T by auto
next
  case backtrack
 then show ?case
   by (auto split: if-split-asm simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp lev)
qed auto
19.5.5
          Strong completeness
lemma cdcl_W-cp-propagate-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S T
 shows propagate^{**} S T \vee (\exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \wedge conflict S' T)
 using assms by induction blast+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-confl:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S T
 shows propagate^{**} S T \lor (\exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \land conflict S' T)
 by (simp add: assms rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl)
lemma propagate-high-levelE:
 assumes propagate S T
 obtains M'N'UkLC where
   state S = (M', N', U, k, None) and
   state T = (Propagated\ L\ (C + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M',\ N',\ U,\ k,\ None) and
   C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# local.clauses S  and
   M' \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit (trail S) L
proof -
 obtain EL where
   conf: conflicting S = None  and
   E: E !\in ! raw\text{-}clauses S  and
   LE: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \ \mathbf{and}
   tr: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}cls \ (remove\text{-}lit \ L \ E)) and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L E) S
   using assms by (elim propagateE) simp
  obtain M N U k where
   S: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, None)
   using conf by auto
```

```
show thesis
   using that[of M N U k L remove1-mset L (mset-cls E)] S T LE E tr undef
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness:
 assumes MN: set M \models s set-mset N and
 cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
 tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ (set \ M) \ (set\text{-}mset \ N) \ \mathbf{and}
 lits-of-l(trail S) \subseteq set M and
 init-clss S = N and
 propagate** S S' and
 learned-clss S = {\#}
 shows length (trail S) \leq length (trail S') \wedge lits-of-l (trail S') \subseteq set M
 using assms(6,4,5,7)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (step \ Y \ Z)
 note st = this(1) and propa = this(2) and IH = this(3) and lits' = this(4) and NS = this(5) and
   learned = this(6)
 then have len: length (trail S) \leq length (trail Y) and LM: lits-of-l (trail Y) \subseteq set M
    by blast+
 obtain M'N'UkCL where
   Y: state \ Y = (M', N', U, k, None) and
   Z: state Z = (Propagated\ L\ (C + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M',\ N',\ U,\ k,\ None) and
   C: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses \ Y \ and
   M'-C: M' \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit (trail Y) L
   \mathbf{using}\ propa\ \mathbf{by}\ (auto\ elim:\ propagate\text{-}high\text{-}levelE)
 have init-clss\ S = init-clss\ Y
   using st by induction (auto elim: propagateE)
 then have [simp]: N' = N \text{ using } NS Y Z \text{ by } simp
 have learned-clss Y = \{\#\}
   using st learned by induction (auto elim: propagateE)
 then have [simp]: U = {\#} using Y by auto
 have set M \models s \ CNot \ C
   using M'-C LM Y unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def true-cls-def
   by force
 moreover
   have set M \models C + \{\#L\#\}
     using MN C learned Y NS (init-clss S = init-clss Y) (learned-clss Y = \{\#\})
     unfolding true-clss-def raw-clauses-def by fastforce
 ultimately have L \in set M by (simp \ add: cons \ consistent-CNot-not)
 then show ?case using LM len Y Z by auto
qed
lemma
 assumes propagate^{**} S X
   rtranclp-propagate-init-clss: init-clss X = init-clss S and
   rtranclp-propagate-learned-clss: learned-clss X = learned-clss S
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto elim: propagateE)
```

```
lemma completeness-is-a-full1-propagation:
 fixes S :: 'st and M :: 'v literal list
 assumes MN: set M \models s set-mset N
 and cons: consistent-interp (set M)
 and tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset N)
 and alien: no-strange-atm S
 and learned: learned-clss S = \{\#\}
 and clsS[simp]: init-clss\ S = N
 and lits: lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq set M
 shows \exists S'. propagate^{**} S S' \land full \ cdcl_W \text{-}cp \ S S'
proof -
  obtain S' where full: full cdcl_W-cp S S'
   using always-exists-full-cdcl_W-cp-step alien by blast
  then consider (propa) propagate** S S'
   \mid (confl) \exists X. propagate^{**} S X \land conflict X S'
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-confl unfolding full-def by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case propa then show ?thesis using full by blast
   next
     case confl
     then obtain X where
       X: propagate^{**} S X and
       Xconf: conflict X S'
     by blast
     have clsX: init-clss\ X = init-clss\ S
       using X by (blast dest: rtranclp-propagate-init-clss)
     have learnedX: learned-clss\ X = \{\#\}
       using X learned by (auto dest: rtranclp-propagate-learned-clss)
     obtain E where
       E: E \in \# init\text{-}clss \ X + learned\text{-}clss \ X \ \text{and}
       Not-E: trail X \models as \ CNot \ E
       using Xconf by (auto simp add: raw-clauses-def elim!: conflictE)
     have lits-of-l (trail\ X) \subseteq set\ M
       using cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness [OF assms(1-3) lits - X learned] learned by auto
     then have MNE: set M \models s \ CNot \ E
       using Not-E
       by (fastforce simp add: true-annots-def true-annot-def true-clss-def true-cls-def)
     have \neg set M \models s set-mset N
        using E consistent-CNot-not[OF cons MNE]
        unfolding learnedX true-clss-def unfolding clsX clsS by auto
     then show ?thesis using MN by blast
   qed
qed
See also cdcl_W - cp^{**} ?S ?S' \Longrightarrow \exists M. trail ?S' = M @ trail ?S \land (\forall l \in set M. \neg is-marked l)
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-trail-append:
 propagate^{**} S T \Longrightarrow \exists c. trail T = c @ trail S
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto elim: propagateE)
lemma rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail:
  propagate^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv S \Longrightarrow
   init\text{-}clss\ S = init\text{-}clss\ T\ \land\ learned\text{-}clss\ S = learned\text{-}clss\ T\ \land\ backtrack\text{-}lvl\ S = backtrack\text{-}lvl\ T
   \wedge conflicting S = conflicting T
```

```
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case unfolding state-eq-def by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
  case (step \ T \ U) note IH = this(3)[OF \ this(4)]
 moreover have cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   using rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv \langle propagate^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \langle propagate \ T \ U \rangle
   rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W]\ cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv propagate'
   rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.prems by blast
   then have no-dup (trail U) unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 ultimately show ?case using \(\rho propagate T U \rangle \) unfolding state-eq-def
   by (fastforce simp: elim: propagateE)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stqy-strong-completeness-n:
 assumes
   MN: set M \models s set\text{-}mset (mset\text{-}clss N)  and
   cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
   tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset (mset-clss N)) and
   atm-incl: atm-of ' (set M) \subseteq atms-of-mm (mset-clss N) and
   distM: distinct M and
   length: n \leq length M
 shows
   \exists M' \ k \ S. \ length \ M' \geq n \ \land
     lits-of-lM' \subseteq set M \land
     no-dup M' \land
     state S = (M', mset\text{-}clss N, \{\#\}, k, None) \land
     cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) S
 using length
proof (induction \ n)
 case \theta
 have state (init-state N) = ([], mset-clss N, \{\#\}, 0, None)
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
 moreover have
   0 \leq length [] and
   lits-of-l [] \subseteq set M and
   cdcl_W-stqy^{**} (init-state N) (init-state N)
   and no-dup
   by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
  ultimately show ?case using state-eq-sym by blast
  case (Suc n) note IH = this(1) and n = this(2)
  then obtain M' k S where
   l-M': length M' \ge n and
   M': lits-of-l M' \subseteq set M and
   n\text{-}d[simp]: no\text{-}dup\ M' and
   S: state \ S = (M', mset\text{-}clss \ N, \{\#\}, k, None) \ \mathbf{and}
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state\ N)\ S
   by auto
  have
   M: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
     using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-S0-cdcl<sub>W</sub> rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv st apply blast
   using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-S0-cdcl_W no-strange-atm-S0 rtranclp-cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st by blast
```

```
{ assume no-step: \neg no-step propagate S
   obtain S' where S': propagate^{**} S S' and full: full cdcl_W-cp S S'
       using completeness-is-a-full1-propagation[OF assms(1-3), of S] alien M'S
       by (auto simp: comp-def)
   have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
       using MS' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
   then have n-d'[simp]: no-dup (trail S')
       unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
   have length (trail\ S) \leq length\ (trail\ S') \wedge lits-of-l\ (trail\ S') \subseteq set\ M
       using S' full cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness [OF assms(1-3), of S] M' S
       by (auto simp: comp-def)
   moreover
       have full: full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
           \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{full} \ \mathit{no-step} \ \mathit{no-step-cdcl}_W \mathit{-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate}(2) \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{full1-def} \ \mathit{full1-def} \ \mathit{full1-def} \ \mathit{full1-def} \ \mathit{full2-def} \ \mathit{full2-def} \ \mathit{full3-def} \ \mathit{ful
           rtranclp-unfold by blast
       then have cdcl_W-stgy S S' by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-stgy.conflict')
   moreover
       have propa: propagate^{++} S S' using S' full unfolding full1-def by (metis rtranclpD) tranclpD)
       have trail\ S = M'
           using S by (auto simp: comp-def rev-map)
       with propa have length (trail S') > n
           using l-M' propa by (induction rule: tranclp.induct) (auto elim: propagateE)
   moreover
       have stS': cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (init-state N) S'
           using st\ cdcl_W-stqy.conflict'[OF full] by auto
       then have init-clss S' = mset-clss N
          using stS' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss by fastforce
   moreover
       have
            [simp]:learned-clss\ S'=\{\#\}\ \mathbf{and}
            [simp]: init-clss\ S' = init-clss\ S and
            [simp]: conflicting S' = None
           using tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF \langle propagate^{++} S S' \rangle] S
           rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail[of\ S\ S']\ S\ M\ {f unfolding}\ state-eq-def
           by (auto simp: comp-def)
       have S-S': state S' = (trail\ S',\ mset\text{-}clss\ N,\ \{\#\},\ backtrack\text{-}lvl\ S',\ None)
           using S by auto
       have cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) S'
           apply (rule rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
            using st apply simp
           using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}stgy \ S \ S' \rangle by simp
   ultimately have ?case
       apply -
       apply (rule exI[of - trail S'], rule exI[of - backtrack-lvl S'], rule exI[of - S'])
       using S-S' by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
}
moreover {
   assume no-step: no-step propagate S
   have ?case
       proof (cases length M' \geq Suc \ n)
           then show ?thesis using l-M'M' st M alien S n-d by blast
       next
           case False
```

```
then have n': length M' = n using l-M' by auto
have no-confl: no-step conflict S
  proof -
   { fix D
     assume D \in \# mset-clss N and M' \models as CNot D
     then have set M \models D using MN unfolding true-clss-def by auto
     moreover have set M \models s CNot D
       using \langle M' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ M'
       by (metis le-iff-sup true-annots-true-cls true-clss-union-increase)
     ultimately have False using cons consistent-CNot-not by blast
   }
   then show ?thesis
     using S by (auto simp: true-clss-def comp-def rev-map
       raw-clauses-def dest!: in-clss-mset-clss elim!: conflictE)
  qed
have lenM: length M = card (set M) using distM by (induction M) auto
have no-dup M' using S M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have card (lits-of-l M') = length M'
  by (induction M') (auto simp add: lits-of-def card-insert-if)
then have lits-of-l M' \subset set M
  using n M' n' len M by auto
then obtain m where m: m \in set M and undef-m: m \notin lits-of-l M' by auto
moreover have undef: undefined-lit M' m
  using M' Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l calculation (1,2) cons
  consistent-interp-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) subset-eq)
moreover have atm\text{-}of m \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S)
  using atm-incl calculation S by auto
ultimately
  have dec: decide S (cons-trail (Marked m (k+1)) (incr-lvl S))
   using decide-rule[of S -
     cons-trail (Marked m (k + 1)) (incr-lvl S)] S
   by auto
let ?S' = cons\text{-}trail \ (Marked \ m \ (k+1)) \ (incr-lvl \ S)
have lits-of-l (trail ?S') \subseteq set M using m M' S undef by auto
moreover have no-strange-atm ?S'
  using alien dec M by (meson cdcl<sub>W</sub>-no-strange-atm-inv decide other)
ultimately obtain S" where S": propagate** ?S' S" and full: full cdclw-cp ?S' S"
  using completeness-is-a-full1-propagation [OF assms(1-3), of ?S'] S undef
  by auto
have cdcl_W-M-level-inv ?S'
  using M dec rtranclp-mono of decide cdcl_W by (meson cdcl_W-consistent-inv decide other)
then have lev'': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S''
  \mathbf{using}\ S^{\prime\prime}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv\ rtranclp\text{-}propagate\text{-}is\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\ }\mathbf{by}\ blast
then have n-d": no-dup (trail S")
  unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
have length (trail ?S') \leq length (trail S'') \wedge lits-of-l (trail S'') \subseteq set M
  using S'' full cdcl_W-cp-propagate-completeness OF assms(1-3), of S' S' m M' S undef
then have Suc n < length (trail S'') \wedge lits-of-l (trail S'') \subseteq set M
  using l-M' S undef by auto
moreover
  have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (cons-trail (Marked m (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)))
   (update-backtrack-lvl (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)) S))
   using S (cdcl_W - M - level - inv (cons-trail (Marked m (k + 1)) (incr-lvl S))) by auto
  then have S'':
```

```
state S'' = (trail\ S'',\ mset\text{-}clss\ N,\ \{\#\},\ backtrack\text{-}lvl\ S'',\ None)
          using rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail[OF S''] S undef n-d'' lev''
        then have cdcl_W-stgy** (init-state N) S''
          using cdcl_W-stgy.intros(2)[OF decide[OF dec] - full] no-step no-confl st
          by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
       ultimately show ?thesis using S'' n-d" by blast
     qed
 }
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
theorem 2.9.11 page 84 of Weidenbach's book (with strategy)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness:
 assumes
   MN: set M \models s set\text{-}mset (mset\text{-}clss N)  and
   cons: consistent-interp (set M) and
   tot: total-over-m (set M) (set-mset (mset-clss N)) and
   atm-incl: atm-of ' (set M) \subseteq atms-of-mm (mset-clss N) and
   distM: distinct M
 shows
   \exists M' k S.
     \textit{lits-of-l}\ M^{\,\prime} = \, \textit{set}\ M \, \, \land \,
     state S = (M', mset\text{-}clss N, \{\#\}, k, None) \land
     cdcl_W\textit{-stgy}^{**} \ (\textit{init-state}\ N)\ S\ \land\\
     final-cdcl_W-state S
proof -
  from cdcl_W-stgy-strong-completeness-n[OF assms, of length M]
 obtain M' k T where
   l: length M \leq length M' and
   M'-M: lits-of-l M' \subseteq set M and
   no-dup: no-dup M' and
   T: state \ T = (M', mset-clss \ N, \{\#\}, k, None) and
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state \ N) \ T
   by auto
 have card (set M) = length M using distM by (simp add: distinct-card)
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv[OF st] T by auto
   then have card (set ((map (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) M'))) = length M'
     using distinct-card no-dup by fastforce
  moreover have card (lits-of-l M') = card (set ((map (\lambda l. atm-of (lit-of l)) M')))
   using no-dup unfolding lits-of-def apply (induction M') by (auto simp add: card-insert-if)
  ultimately have card (set M) \leq card (lits-of-l M') using l unfolding lits-of-def by auto
  then have set M = lits-of-l M'
   using M'-M card-seteq by blast
 moreover
   then have M' \models asm \ mset\text{-}clss \ N
     using MN unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def true-clss-def by auto
   then have final-cdcl_W-state T
     using T no-dup unfolding final-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis using st T by blast
qed
```

19.5.6 No conflict with only variables of level less than backtrack level

This invariant is stronger than the previous argument in the sense that it is a property about all possible conflicts.

```
definition no-smaller-conft (S :: 'st) \equiv
  (\forall M \ K \ i \ M' \ D. \ M' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ M = trail \ S \longrightarrow D \in \# \ clauses \ S
   \longrightarrow \neg M \models as \ CNot \ D)
lemma no-smaller-confl-init-sate[simp]:
 no-smaller-confl (init-state N) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   max-lev: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   smaller: no-smaller-confl S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms(1,2) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
  case (decide L T) note confl = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 have [simp]: clauses T = clauses S
   using T undef by auto
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix}\ M^{\prime\prime}\ K\ i\ M^\prime\ Da
     assume M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail T
     and D: Da \in \# local.clauses T
     then have tl\ M^{\prime\prime} @ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ M^{\prime}=trail\ S
      \vee (M'' = [] \wedge Marked \ K \ i \# M' = Marked \ L \ (backtrack-lvl \ S + 1) \# trail \ S)
      using T undef by (cases M'') auto
     moreover {
      assume tl M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail S
      then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da
        using D T undef no-f confl smaller unfolding no-smaller-confl-def smaller by fastforce
     moreover {
      assume Marked K i \# M' = Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1) \# trail S
      then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ no-f \ D \ confl \ T \ by \ auto
     ultimately show \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ Da by fast
  qed
next
 then show ?case using smaller no-f max-lev unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
next
 case skip
 then show ?case using smaller no-f max-lev unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
  case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note confl = this(1) and LD = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
   undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i+1) \# M1
```

```
using decomp by auto
 show ?case
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix} \ M \ ia \ K' \ M' \ Da
     assume M' @ Marked K' ia \# M = trail T
     then have tl M' @ Marked K' ia \# M = M1
       using T decomp undef lev by (cases M') (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     let ?S' = (cons\text{-}trail\ (Propagated\ L\ (cls\text{-}of\text{-}ccls\ D))
               (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
               (update-backtrack-lvl \ i \ (update-conflicting \ None \ S)))))
     assume D: Da \in \# clauses T
     moreover{
      assume Da \in \# clauses S
      then have \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ \langle tl \ M' \ @ \ Marked \ K' \ ia \ \# \ M = M1 \rangle \ M \ confl \ undef \ smaller
        unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by auto
     }
     moreover {
       assume Da: Da = mset-ccls D
      have \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da
        proof (rule ccontr)
          assume ¬ ?thesis
          then have -L \in \mathit{lits-of-l}\ M
            using LD unfolding Da by (simp \ add: in-CNot-implies-uminus(2))
          then have -L \in lits-of-l (Propagated L (mset-ccls D) \# M1)
            using UnI2 \langle tl \ M' \ @ Marked \ K' \ ia \# M = M1 \rangle
            by auto
          moreover
            have backtrack S ?S'
              using backtrack-rule[of S] backtrack.hyps
              by (force simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
            then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv ?S'
              using cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF - lev] other [OF \ bj] by (auto intro: cdcl_W-bj.intros)
            then have no-dup (Propagated L (mset-ccls D) \# M1)
              using decomp undef lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
          ultimately show False
             using undef by (auto simp: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l)
        qed
     }
     ultimately show \neg M \models as \ CNot \ Da
       using T undef decomp lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by fastforce
   qed
qed
lemma conflict-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes conflict S S'
 and no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by (fastforce elim: conflictE)
{\bf lemma}\ propagate \hbox{-} no\hbox{-} smaller \hbox{-} confl\hbox{-} inv:
 assumes propagate: propagate S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
```

```
unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
proof (intro allI impI)
 fix M' K i M'' D
 assume M': M'' @ Marked K i \# M' = trail S'
 and D \in \# clauses S'
 obtain M N U k C L where
   S: state \ S = (M, N, U, k, None) and
   S': state S' = (Propagated\ L\ (C + \{\#L\#\})\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None) and
   C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \text{ and }
   M \models as \ CNot \ C and
   undefined-lit M L
   using propagate by (auto elim: propagate-high-levelE)
 have tl \ M'' \otimes Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ M' = trail \ S \ using \ M' \ S \ S'
   by (metis Pair-inject list.inject list.sel(3) marked-lit.distinct(1) self-append-conv2
     tl-append2)
 then have \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ D
   using \langle D \in \# \ clauses \ S' \ n-l \ S \ S' \ raw-clauses-def \ unfolding \ no-smaller-confl-def \ by \ auto
 then show \neg M' \models as \ CNot \ D by auto
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confi S
 \mathbf{shows}\ \textit{no-smaller-confl}\ S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 case (conflict' S S')
 then show ?case using conflict-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S S'] by blast
next
 case (propagate' S S')
 then show ?case using propagate-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S S'] by fastforce
qed
lemma rtrancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W - cp^{**} S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step S' S'')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S' S''] by fast
qed
lemma trancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes propagate: cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
 case (r-into-trancl S S')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
\mathbf{next}
```

```
case (trancl-into-trancl\ S\ S'\ S'')
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S' S''] by fast
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes full cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding full-def
 using rtrancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confl S
 shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms unfolding full 1-def
 using trancp-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy SS'
 and n-l: no-smaller-confi S
 and conflict-is-false-with-level S
 and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 \mathbf{shows}\ \textit{no-smaller-confl}\ S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 then show ?case using full1-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of SS'] by blast
next
 case (other' S' S'')
 have no-smaller-confl S'
   using cdcl_W-o-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(3,2,1)]
   not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss\ other'.hyps(2)\ cdcl_W-cp.simps\ {\bf by}\ auto
 then show ?case using full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv[of S'S''] other'.hyps by blast
qed
lemma is-conflicting-exists-conflict:
 assumes \neg(\forall D \in \#init\text{-}clss \ S' + learned\text{-}clss \ S'. \ \neg \ trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D)
 and conflicting S' = None
 shows \exists S''. conflict S' S''
 using assms raw-clauses-def not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss by fastforce
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-no-clause-is-false:
 fixes S S' :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o S S' and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   max-lev: conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S and
   no-l: no-smaller-confl S
  shows no-clause-is-false S'
   \lor (conflicting S' = None
        \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \# clauses S'. trail S' \models as CNot D)
           \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')))
 using assms(1,2)
```

```
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
  case (decide L T) note S = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 show ?case
   proof (rule HOL.disjI2, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} D
     assume D: D \in \# clauses T and M-D: trail T \models as CNot D
     let ?M = trail S
     let ?M' = trail\ T
     let ?k = backtrack-lvl S
     have \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ D
         using no-f D S T undef by auto
     have -L \in \# D
       proof (rule ccontr)
         assume ¬ ?thesis
         have ?M \models as CNot D
           unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def true-cls-def
           proof (intro allI impI)
             assume x: x \in \{ \{ \# - L \# \} \mid L. L \in \# D \}
             then obtain L' where L': x = \{\#-L'\#\}\ L' \in \#\ D by auto
             obtain L'' where L'' \in \# x and lits-of-l (Marked L (?k + 1) \# ?M) \models l L''
               using M-D x T undef unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def
               true-cls-def Bex-def by auto
             show \exists L \in \# x. lits-of-l?M \models l L unfolding Bex-def
               using L'(1) L'(2) \leftarrow L \notin \!\!\!\!/ \!\!\!/ D \land L'' \in \!\!\!\!\!/ \!\!\!\!/ x \rangle
               \langle lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \; (Marked \; L \; (backtrack\text{-}lvl \; S + 1) \; \# \; trail \; S) \models l \; L'' \rangle \; \mathbf{by} \; auto
           qed
         then show False using \langle \neg ?M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle by auto
       qed
     have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ ?M)
       using undef defined-lit-map unfolding lits-of-def by fastforce
     then have get-level (Marked L (?k + 1) # ?M) (-L) = ?k + 1 by simp
     then show \exists La. La \in \# D \land get\text{-level }?M'La = backtrack\text{-lvl } T
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle -L \in \# \ D \rangle \ T \ undef \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
   qed
 case resolve
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case skip
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note decomp = this(3) and undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
 show ?case
   proof (rule HOL.disjI2, clarify)
     \mathbf{fix} \ Da
     assume Da: Da \in \# clauses T
     and M-D: trail T \models as \ CNot \ Da
     obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
       using decomp by auto
     have tr-T: trail T = Propagated\ L\ (mset-ccls\ D)\ \#\ M1
       using T decomp undef lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     have backtrack S T
       using backtrack-rule[of S] backtrack.hyps T
```

```
by (force simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     then have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
       using cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev other cdcl_W-bj.backtrack cdcl_W-o.bj by blast
     then have -L \notin lits-of-l M1
       using lev cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l undef by blast
     { assume Da \in \# clauses S
       then have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \ no-l \ M \ unfolding \ no-smaller-confl-def \ by \ auto
     moreover {
      assume Da: Da = mset-ccls D
      have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da \ using \leftarrow L \notin lits \text{-} of \text{-} l \ M1 \rangle \ unfolding \ Da
        using backtrack.hyps(2) in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by auto
     ultimately have \neg M1 \models as \ CNot \ Da
       using Da T undef decomp lev by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
     then have -L \in \# Da
       using M-D \langle -L \notin lits-of-l M1\rangle T unfolding tr-T true-annots-true-cls true-clss-def
       by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)
     have g-M1: get-all-levels-of-marked M1 = rev [1..<<math>i+1]
       using lev lev' T decomp undef unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
     have no-dup (Propagated L (mset-ccls D) \# M1)
       using lev lev' T decomp undef unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     then have L: atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l M1 unfolding lits-of-def by auto
     have get-level (Propagated L (mset-ccls D) \# M1) (-L) = i
       using get-level-get-rev-level-get-all-levels-of-marked [OF L,
        of [Propagated\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D)]]
       by (simp add: g-M1 split: if-splits)
     then show \exists La. La \in \# Da \land get\text{-level (trail } T) La = backtrack\text{-lvl } T
       using \langle -L \in \# Da \rangle T decomp undef lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-decompose:
 assumes
   confl: \exists D \in \#clauses \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \ \mathbf{and}
   full: full cdcl_W-cp S U and
   no-confl: conflicting S = None and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists T. propagate^{**} S T \land conflict T U
proof -
  consider (propa) propagate^{**} S U
        (confl) T where propagate^{**} S T and conflict T U
  using full unfolding full-def by (blast dest: rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propa-or-propa-confl)
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case confl
     then show ?thesis by blast
   next
     case propa
     then have conflicting U = None and
       [simp]: learned-clss\ U = learned-clss\ S and
       [simp]: init-clss \ U = init-clss \ S
       using no-confl rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail lev by auto
     moreover
       obtain D where D: D \in \#clauses\ U and
```

```
trS: trail S \models as CNot D
        using confl raw-clauses-def by auto
       obtain M where M: trail U = M @ trail S
        using full rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-drop While-trail unfolding full-def by meson
       have tr-U: trail U \models as CNot D
        apply (rule true-annots-mono)
        using trS unfolding M by simp-all
     have \exists V. conflict U V
       using \langle conflicting \ U = None \rangle \ D \ raw-clauses-def \ not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss \ tr-U
      by meson
     then have False using full cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.conflict' unfolding full-def by blast
     then show ?thesis by fast
   qed
qed
lemma full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-full1-decompose:
 assumes
   confl: \exists D \in \#clauses \ S. \ trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ D \ and
   full: full cdcl_W-cp S U and
   no-confl: conflicting S = Noneand
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists T D. propagate^{**} S T \land conflict T U
   \land trail \ T \models as \ CNot \ D \land conflicting \ U = Some \ D \land D \in \# \ clauses \ S
proof -
  obtain T where propa: propagate^{**} S T and conf: conflict T U
   using full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-exists-conflict-decompose[OF assms] by blast
 have p: learned-clss T = learned-clss S init-clss T = init-clss S
    using propa lev rtranclp-propagate-is-update-trail by auto
 have c: learned-clss U = learned-clss T init-clss U = init-clss T
    using conf by (auto elim: conflictE)
 obtain D where trail T \models as \ CNot \ D \land conflicting \ U = Some \ D \land D \in \# \ clauses \ S
   using conf p c by (fastforce simp: raw-clauses-def elim!: conflictE)
  then show ?thesis
   using propa conf by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stqy-no-smaller-confl:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-stgy S S' and
   n-l: no-smaller-confi S and
   conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-clause-is-false S and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S
  shows no-smaller-confl S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 show no-smaller-confl S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(1) full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv by blast
 case (other' S' S'')
 have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv <math>S'
   using cdcl_W-consistent-inv other other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(3) by blast
```

```
show no-smaller-confl S''
   using cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF cdcl_W-stgy.other'[OF other'.hyps(1-3)]]
   other'.prems(1-3) by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-stgy S S' and
   n-l: no-smaller-confl S and
   conflict-is-false-with-level S and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-clause-is-false S and
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 case (conflict' S')
 have no-smaller-confl S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(1) full1-cdcl_W-cp-no-smaller-confl-inv by blast
 moreover have conflict-is-false-with-level S'
   using conflict'.hyps conflict'.prems(2-4)
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S S']
   unfolding full-def full1-def rtranclp-unfold by presburger
 then show ?case by blast
next
 case (other' S' S'')
 have lev': cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W-consistent-inv other other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(3) by blast
 moreover
   have no-clause-is-false S'
     \lor (conflicting S' = None \longrightarrow (\forall D \in \#clauses S'. trail S' \models as CNot D
         \rightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')))
     using cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-no-clause-is-false of S[S'] other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(1-4) by fast
 moreover {
   assume no-clause-is-false S'
   {
     assume conflicting S' = None
     then have conflict-is-false-with-level S' by auto
     moreover have full cdcl_W-cp S' S''
      by (metis\ (no-types)\ other'.hyps(3))
     ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S^{\,\prime\prime}
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-co-conflict-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S' S''] lev' (no-clause-is-false S')
      by blast
   }
   moreover
     assume c: conflicting S' \neq None
     have conflicting S \neq None using other'.hyps(1) c
      by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
     then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'
      using cdcl_W-o-conflict-is-false-with-level-inv[OF other'.hyps(1)]
       other'.prems(3,5,6,2) by blast
     moreover have cdcl_W-cp^{**} S' S'' using other'.hyps(3) unfolding full-def by auto
     then have S' = S'' using c
```

```
by (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
        (fastforce\ intro:\ option.exhaust)+
   ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' by auto
 ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' by blast
moreover {
  assume
    confl: conflicting S' = None and
    D-L: \forall D \in \# clauses S'. trail <math>S' \models as CNot D
       \longrightarrow (\exists L. \ L \in \# D \land get\text{-level (trail } S') \ L = backtrack\text{-lvl } S')
   { assume \forall D \in \#clauses S'. \neg trail S' \models as CNot D
    then have no-clause-is-false S' using confl by simp
    then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' using calculation(3) by presburger
  moreover {
    assume \neg(\forall D \in \# clauses S'. \neg trail S' \models as CNot D)
    then obtain TD where
      propagate^{**} S' T and
      conflict\ T\ S^{\,\prime\prime} and
      D: D \in \# clauses S' and
      trail S'' \models as CNot D and
      conflicting S'' = Some D
      using full1-cdcl_W-cp-exists-conflict-full1-decompose[OF - - confl]
      other'(3) lev' by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) conflictE state-eq-trail
        trail-update-conflicting)
    obtain M where M: trail S'' = M @ trail S' and nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is-marked m
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail other'(3) unfolding full-def by meson
    have btS: backtrack-lvl S'' = backtrack-lvl S'
      using other'.hyps(3) unfolding full-def by (metis rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl)
    have inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S''
      by (metis (no-types) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.conflict' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv full-unfold lev'
        other'.hyps(3)
    then have nd: no-dup (trail S'')
      by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv\text{-}decomp(2))
    have conflict-is-false-with-level S^{\prime\prime}
      proof cases
        assume trail S' \models as \ CNot \ D
        moreover then obtain L where
          L \in \# D and
          lev-L: get-level (trail S') L = backtrack-lvl S'
          using D-L D by blast
        moreover
          have LS': -L \in lits-of-l (trail S')
            using \langle trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle \ \langle L \in \# \ D \rangle \ in\text{-}CNot\text{-}implies\text{-}uminus(2) by } \ blast
           { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit \ \mathbf{and}
              xb :: ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit
            assume a1: x \in set \ (trail \ S') and
              a2: xb \in set M and
              a3: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set (trail \ S')
                = \{\} and
               a4: -L = lit - of x and
               a5: atm-of L = atm-of (lit-of xb)
            moreover have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ x) = atm\text{-}of\ L
              using a4 by (metis (no-types) atm-of-uminus)
```

```
ultimately have False
        using a5 a3 a2 a1 by auto
    then have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
      using nd LS' unfolding M by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
    then have get-level (trail S'') L = get-level (trail S') L
      unfolding M by (simp add: lits-of-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis using btS \ (conflicting S'' = Some D) by auto
next
  assume \neg trail \ S' \models as \ CNot \ D
  then obtain L where L \in \# D and LM: -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M
    using \langle trail \ S'' \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle unfolding M
      by (auto simp add: true-cls-def M true-annots-def true-annot-def
            split: if-split-asm)
  { \mathbf{fix} \ x :: ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit \ \mathbf{and}
      xb :: ('v, nat, 'v \ clause) \ marked-lit
    assume a1: xb \in set (trail S') and
      a2: x \in set M and
      a3: atm\text{-}of L = atm\text{-}of (lit\text{-}of xb) and
      a4: -L = lit - of x and
      a5: (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l)) 'set M \cap (\lambda l. \ atm\text{-}of \ (lit\text{-}of \ l))' set (trail \ S')
    moreover have atm\text{-}of\ (lit\text{-}of\ xb) = atm\text{-}of\ (-\ L)
      using a\beta by simp
    ultimately have False
      by auto }
  then have LS': atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S')
    using nd \langle L \in \# D \rangle LM unfolding M by (auto simp add: lits-of-def)
  show ?thesis
    proof cases
      assume ne: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S') = []
      have backtrack-lvl S'' = 0
       using inv ne nm unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def M
       by (simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked)
      moreover
       have a1: get-level ML = 0
         using nm by auto
       then have get-level (M @ trail S') L = 0
         by (metis LS' get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked
            get-level-skip-beginning-not-marked lits-of-def ne)
      ultimately show ?thesis using \langle conflicting S'' = Some D \rangle \langle L \in \# D \rangle unfolding M
       by auto
   \mathbf{next}
      assume ne: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S') \neq []
      have hd (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S')) = backtrack-lvl S'
        using ne \ lev' \ M \ nm \ unfolding \ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
       by (cases get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S'))
        (simp-all\ add:\ get-all-levels-of-marked-nil-iff-not-is-marked[symmetric])
      moreover have atm\text{-}of\ L\in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
        using \langle -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M \rangle
        by (simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set lits-of-def)
      ultimately show ?thesis
        using nm ne \langle L \in \#D \rangle \langle conflicting S'' = Some D \rangle
         get-level-skip-beginning-hd-get-all-levels-of-marked [OF LS', of M]
         get-level-skip-in-all-not-marked[of rev M L backtrack-lvl S']
```

```
unfolding lits-of-def btS M
              by auto
          qed
       \mathbf{qed}
    ultimately have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' by blast
 moreover
 {
   assume conflicting S' \neq None
   have no-clause-is-false S' using \langle conflicting S' \neq None \rangle by auto
   then have conflict-is-false-with-level S'' using calculation(3) by presburger
 ultimately show ?case by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' and
   n-l: no-smaller-confl S and
   {\it cls-false: conflict-is-false-with-level \ S} and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-f: no-clause-is-false S and
   dist: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   conflicting: cdcl_W-conflicting S and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S and
   alien: no-strange-atm S
 shows no-smaller-confl S' \wedge conflict-is-false-with-level S'
 using assms(1)
proof (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case using n-l cls-false by auto
 case (step S' S'') note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have no-smaller-confl S' and conflict-is-false-with-level S'
   using IH by blast+
 moreover have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using st lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   by (blast intro: rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv)+
 moreover have no-clause-is-false S'
   using st no-f rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss by presburger
 moreover have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
   using rtanclp-distinct-cdcl_W-state-inv[of\ S\ S'] lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stay-rtranclp-cdcl_W[OF\ st]
   dist by auto
 moreover have cdcl_W-conflicting S'
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[of SS'] st alien conflicting decomp dist learned lev
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
 ultimately show ?case
   using cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl[OF cdcl] cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level[OF cdcl] by fast
qed
```

19.5.7 Final States are Conclusive

```
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-non-false: fixes S':: 'st
```

```
assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no-d: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
 and no-empty: \forall D \in \#mset\text{-}clss\ N.\ D \neq \{\#\}
 shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S')))
   \lor (conflicting S' = None \land trail S' \models asm init-clss S')
proof -
 let ?S = init\text{-}state\ N
 have
   termi: \forall S''. \neg cdcl_W \text{-stgy } S' S'' \text{ and }
   step: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} ?S S' using full unfolding full-def by auto
  moreover have
   learned: cdcl_W-learned-clause S' and
   level-inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv: S' and
   alien: no-strange-atm S' and
   no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S' and
   confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S' and
   decomp: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
   using no-d translp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-translp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>[of ?S S'] step rtranslp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-inv(1-6)[of ?S S']
   unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
  moreover
   have \forall D \in \#mset\text{-}clss \ N. \ \neg \ [] \models as \ CNot \ D \ using \ no\text{-}empty \ by \ auto
   then have confl-k: conflict-is-false-with-level S'
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv[OF step] no-d by auto
 show ?thesis
   using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-final-state-conclusive[OF termi decomp learned level-inv alien no-dup confl
     confl-k].
qed
lemma conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cp: conflict S S'
 shows full1 cdcl_W-cp S S'
proof -
 have cdcl_W-cp \ S \ S' and conflicting \ S' \neq None
   using cp\ cdcl_W-cp.intros\ by\ (auto\ elim!:\ conflictE\ simp:\ state-eq-def\ simp\ del:\ state-simp)
  then have cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S' by blast
 moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
   using \langle conflicting S' \neq None \rangle by (metis\ cdcl_W - cp\text{-}conflicting\text{-}not\text{-}empty)
     option.exhaust)
 ultimately show full1 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp S S' unfolding full1-def by blast+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-cp S S' and
   trail S = [] and
   conflicting S \neq None
 shows False
 using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (auto elim: propagateE conflictE)
lemma cdcl_W-o-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes cdcl_W-o SS'
 and trail S = []
 and conflicting S \neq None
 shows False
```

```
using assms by (induct rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-fst-empty-conflicting-false:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S'
 and trail S = []
 and conflicting S \neq None
 shows False
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 using tranclpD cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-fst-empty-conflicting-false unfolding full1-def apply metis
 using cdcl_W-o-fst-empty-conflicting-false by blast
thm cdcl_W-cp.induct[split-format(complete)]
lemma cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-cp\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow conflicting\ S = Some\ \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct) (auto elim: propagateE conflictE)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W - cp^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting S = Some \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 apply (induction rule: tranclp.induct)
 by (auto dest: cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-is-false)
lemma cdcl_W-o-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-o S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting S = Some <math>\{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct) auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-stgy S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting <math>S = Some \{\#\} \Longrightarrow False
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
   unfolding full1-def apply (metis (no-types) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-conflicting-not-empty tranclpD)
 unfolding full-def by (metis conflict-with-false-implies-terminated other)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false:
  cdcl_W-stgy** S S' \Longrightarrow conflicting S = Some {\#} \Longrightarrow S' = S
 apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
  using cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full-cdcl}_W\textit{-}\mathit{init-clss-with-false-normal-form}:
  assumes
   \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m  and
   E = Some D and
   state S = (M, N, U, 0, E)
   full\ cdcl_W-stgy S\ S' and
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S))
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   no-strange-atm S
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S
   cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows \exists M''. state S' = (M'', N, U, 0, Some {\#})
 using assms(10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1)
proof (induction M arbitrary: E D S)
 case Nil
  then show ?case
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-conflicting-is-false unfolding full-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def
```

```
by fastforce
next
 case (Cons\ L\ M) note IH=this(1) and full=this(8) and E=this(10) and inv=this(2-7) and
   S = this(9) and nm = this(11)
 obtain K p where K: L = Propagated K p
   using nm by (cases L) auto
 have every-mark-is-a-conflict S using inv unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def by auto
 then have MpK: M \models as \ CNot \ (p - \{\#K\#\}) \ and \ Kp: K \in \# p
   using S unfolding K by fastforce+
 then have p: p = (p - \{\#K\#\}) + \{\#K\#\}
   by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
 then have K': L = Propagated K ((p - {\#K\#}) + {\#K\#})
   using K by auto
 obtain p' where
   p': hd-raw-trail S = Propagated K <math>p' and
   pp': mset-cls p' = p
   using hd-raw-trail [of S] S K by (cases hd-raw-trail S) auto
 obtain raw-D where
   raw-D: raw-conflicting <math>S = Some \ raw-D
   using S E by (cases raw-conflicting S) auto
 then have raw-DD: mset-ccls raw-D = D
   using S E by auto
 consider (D) D = \{\#\} \mid (D') D \neq \{\#\}  by blast
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case D
     then show ?thesis
      using full rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-conflicting-is-false S unfolding full-def E D by auto
     case D'
     then have no-p: no-step propagate S and no-c: no-step conflict S
      using S E by (auto elim: propagate E conflictE)
     then have no-step cdcl_W-cp S by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
     have res-skip: \exists T. (resolve S \ T \land no-step skip S \land full \ cdcl_W-cp T \ T)
      \vee (skip S \ T \land no-step resolve S \land full \ cdcl_W-cp T \ T)
      proof cases
        assume -lit-of L \notin \# D
        then obtain T where sk: skip S T
          using S D' K skip-rule unfolding E by fastforce
        then have res: no-step resolve S
          using \langle -lit\text{-}of \ L \notin \# \ D \rangle \ S \ D' \ K \ hd\text{-}raw\text{-}trail[of \ S] \ unfolding \ E
         by (auto elim!: skipE resolveE)
        have full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ T
          using sk by (auto intro!: option-full-cdcl_W-cp elim: skipE)
        then show ?thesis
          using sk res by blast
      next
        assume LD: \neg -lit - of L \notin \# D
        then have D: Some D = Some ((D - \{\#-lit\text{-}of L\#\}) + \{\#-lit\text{-}of L\#\})
         by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
        have \bigwedge L. get-level M L = 0
         by (simp add: nm)
         then have get-maximum-level (Propagated K (p - \#K\#) + \#K\#) \#M) (D - \#\#)
K\#\}) = 0
```

```
\mathbf{using}\ LD\ get{-}maximum{-}level{-}exists{-}lit{-}of{-}max{-}level
     proof -
      obtain L' where get-level (L\#M) L' = get-maximum-level (L\#M) D
        using LD get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level of D L#M by fastforce
      then show ?thesis by (metis (mono-tags) K' get-level-skip-all-not-marked
        get-maximum-level-exists-lit nm not-gr0)
     qed
   then obtain T where sk: resolve S T
     \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{resolve-rule}[\mathit{of} \ S \ \mathit{K} \ \mathit{p'} \ \mathit{raw-D}] \ \mathit{S} \ \mathit{p'} \ \mathit{\langle K \in \#} \ \mathit{p} \mathit{\rangle} \ \mathit{raw-D} \ \mathit{LD}
     unfolding K'DE pp'raw-DD by auto
   then have res: no-step skip S
     using LD S D' K hd-raw-trail [of S] unfolding E
    by (auto elim!: skipE resolveE)
   have full cdcl_W-cp T T
     using sk by (auto simp: option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp elim: resolveE)
   then show ?thesis
    using sk res by blast
 qed
then have step-s: \exists T. cdcl_W-stgy S T
 using \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ S \rangle other' by (meson \ bj \ resolve \ skip)
have get-all-marked-decomposition (L \# M) = [([], L \# M)]
 using nm unfolding K apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct, simp)
   by (rename-tac L l xs, case-tac hd (get-all-marked-decomposition xs), auto)+
then have no-b: no-step backtrack S
 using nm S by (auto elim: backtrackE)
have no-d: no-step decide S
 using S E by (auto elim: decideE)
have full-S-S: full cdcl_W-cp S
 using S E by (auto simp add: option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp)
then have no-f: no-step (full1 cdcl_W-cp) S
 unfolding full-def full1-def rtranclp-unfold by (meson tranclpD)
obtain T where
 s: cdcl_W-stgy S T and st: cdcl_W-stgy** T S'
 using full step-s full unfolding full-def by (metis rtranclp-unfold tranclpD)
have resolve S T \vee skip S T
 using s no-b no-d res-skip full-S-S cdcl_W-cp-state-eq-compatible resolve-unique
 skip-unique unfolding cdcl_W-stgy.simps cdcl_W-o.simps full-unfold
 full1-def by (blast dest!: tranclpD elim!: cdcl_W-bj.cases)+
then obtain D' where T: state T = (M, N, U, 0, Some D')
 using S E by (auto elim!: skipE resolveE simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
have st-c: cdcl_W^{**} S T
 using E \ T \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W s by blast
have cdcl_W-conflicting T
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)].
show ?thesis
 apply (rule IH[of T])
          using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
        using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(5)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(4)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(3)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(2)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(1)[OF st-c inv(6,5,4,3,2,1)] apply blast
    apply (metis full-def st full)
```

```
using T E apply blast
        apply auto[]
       using nm by simp
   qed
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-is-one-false:
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no-d: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
 and empty: \{\#\} \in \# (mset\text{-}clss\ N)
 shows conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S'))
proof -
 let ?S = init\text{-state } N
 have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} ?S S' and no-step cdcl_W-stgy S' using full unfolding full-def by auto
 then have plus-or-eq: cdcl_W-stgy<sup>++</sup> ?S S' \vee S' = ?S unfolding rtranclp-unfold by auto
 have \exists S''. conflict ?S S''
   using empty not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss[of init-state N] by auto
  then have cdcl_W-stgy: \exists S'. cdcl_W-stgy ?S S'
   using cdcl_W-cp. conflict'[of ?S] conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp. cdcl_W-stqy. intros(1) by metis
 have S' \neq ?S using \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-stgy } S' \rangle cdcl_W\text{-stgy } \mathbf{by} \ blast
  then obtain St :: 'st where St : cdcl_W - stgy ?S St and cdcl_W - stgy^{**} St S'
   using plus-or-eq by (metis (no-types) \langle cdcl_W - stgy^{**} ? S S' \rangle converse-rtranclpE)
 have st: cdcl_W^{**} ?S St
   by (simp add: rtranclp-unfold \langle cdcl_W-stgy ?S St\rangle cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W)
 have \exists T. conflict ?S T
   using empty not-conflict-not-any-negated-init-clss[of ?S] by force
  then have fullSt: full1 \ cdcl_W-cp \ ?S \ St
   using St unfolding cdcl_W-stgy.simps by blast
  then have bt: backtrack-lvl St = (0::nat)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-backtrack-lvl unfolding full1-def
   by (fastforce dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  have cls-St: init-clss St = mset-clss N
   using fullSt cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss[OF\ St] by auto
 have conflicting St \neq None
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume conf: \neg ?thesis
     obtain E where
       ES: E !\in ! raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ St \ \mathbf{and}
       E: mset-cls\ E = \{\#\}
       using empty cls-St by (metis in-mset-clss-exists-preimage)
     then have \exists T. conflict St T
       using empty \ cls	ext{-}St \ conflict	ext{-}rule[of \ St \ E] \ ES \ conf \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ E
       by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def dest: in-mset-clss-exists-preimage)
     then show False using fullSt unfolding full1-def by blast
   qed
 have 1: \forall m \in set (trail St). \neg is-marked m
   using fullSt unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclp-into-rtranclp
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail)
 have 2: full\ cdcl_W-stgy\ St\ S'
```

```
using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} \ St \ S' \rangle \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}stgy \ S' \rangle bt unfolding full-def by auto
  have 3: all-decomposition-implies-m
     (init-clss\ St)
     (get-all-marked-decomposition
         (trail\ St)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(1)[OF\ st] no-d bt by simp
  have 4: cdcl_W-learned-clause St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(2)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 5: cdcl_W-M-level-inv St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(3)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 6: no-strange-atm St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(4)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 7: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(5)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have 8: cdcl_W-conflicting St
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-inv(6)[OF\ st]\ no-d\ bt\ by\ simp
  have init-clss S' = init-clss St and conflicting S' = Some \{\#\}
    using \langle conflicting St \neq None \rangle full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss-with-false-normal-form [OF 1, of - - St]
     2 3 4 5 6 7 8 St apply (metis \langle cdcl_W \text{-stgy}^{**} \text{ St } S' \rangle rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
   using (conflicting St \neq None) full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss-with-false-normal-form [OF 1, of - - St -
     S \ | \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ \mathbf{by} \ (metis \ bt \ option.exhaust \ prod.inject)
  moreover have init-clss S' = mset-clss N
    using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} \text{ (init-state } N) \text{ } S' \rangle \text{ } rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}stgy\text{-}no\text{-}more\text{-}init\text{-}clss} \text{ by } fastforce
  moreover have unsatisfiable (set-mset (mset-clss N))
   by (meson empty satisfiable-def true-cls-empty true-clss-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
theorem 2.9.9 page 83 of Weidenbach's book
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full-cdcl}_W\textit{-stgy-final-state-conclusive} \colon
  fixes S' :: 'st
  assumes full: full cdcl_W-stgy (init-state N) S' and no-d: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
  shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S')))
    \lor (conflicting S' = None \land trail S' \models asm init-clss S')
  using assms full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-final-state-conclusive-is-one-false
 full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive-non-false by blast
theorem 2.9.9 page 83 of Weidenbach's book
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full-cdcl}_W\textit{-stgy-final-state-conclusive-from-init-state}:
  fixes S' :: 'st
  assumes full: full cdcl_W-stqy (init-state N) S'
  and no-d: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
  shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (mset-clss N)))
  \vee (conflicting S' = None \wedge trail S' \models asm (mset-clss N) \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (mset-clss N)))
proof
  have N: init-clss S' = (mset-clss N)
   using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
  consider
     (confl) conflicting S' = Some \{ \# \} and unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S'))
    | (sat) \ conflicting \ S' = None \ and \ trail \ S' \models asm \ init-clss \ S'
   using full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-final-state-conclusive [OF assms] by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case confl
```

```
then show ?thesis by (auto simp: N)
   next
     case sat
     have cdcl_W-M-level-inv (init-state N) by auto
     then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
      using full rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv unfolding full-def by blast
     then have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail S')) unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by blast
     moreover have lits-of-l (trail S') \models s set-mset (init-clss S')
      using sat(2) by (auto simp add: true-annots-def true-annot-def true-clss-def)
     ultimately have satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S')) by simp
     then show ?thesis using sat unfolding N by blast
   qed
qed
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Termination
imports CDCL-W
begin
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
begin
```

19.6 Termination

The condition that no learned clause is a tautology is overkill (in the sense that the no-duplicate condition is enough), but we can reuse *simple-clss*.

The invariant contains all the structural invariants that holds,

```
definition cdcl_W-all-struct-inv where
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \longleftrightarrow
   no-strange-atm S \wedge
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S \wedge
   (\forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss \ S. \ \neg tautology \ s) \land 
   distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S\ \land
   cdcl_W-conflicting S \wedge
   all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) \land
   cdcl_W-learned-clause S
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
 unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
proof (intro HOL.conjI)
  show no-strange-atm S'
   using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 show cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
  show distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
 show cdcl_W-conflicting S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ by\ fast
  show all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss S') (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S'))
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ by\ fast
 show cdcl_W-learned-clause S'
    using cdcl_W-all-inv[OF assms(1)] assms(2) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
```

```
show \forall s \in \#learned\text{-}clss S'. \neg tautology s
   using assms(1)[THEN\ learned-clss-are-not-tautologies]\ assms(2)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv:
  assumes cdcl_W^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
  using assms by induction (auto intro: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
  cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
  by (meson\ cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -tranclp\ -cdcl_W\ -rtranclp\ -cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -inv\ -tranclp\ -unfold)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv:
  cdcl_W-stgy** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
  by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) (auto intro: cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv)
19.7
          No Relearning of a clause
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W\text{-}o\text{-}new\text{-}clause\text{-}learned\text{-}is\text{-}backtrack\text{-}step\text{:}
  assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
  new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S \text{ and }
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-o S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
  shows backtrack S T \land conflicting <math>S = Some \ D
  using cdcl_W lev learned new
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L C T) note decomp = this(3) and undef = this(6) and andef = this(7)
and
    T = this(8) and D-T = this(9) and D-S = this(10)
  then have D = mset\text{-}ccls \ C
   using not-gr0 lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
  then show ?case
   using T backtrack.hyps(1-5) backtrack.intros[OF\ backtrack.hyps(1,2)] backtrack.hyps(3-6)
   by auto
\mathbf{qed} auto
lemma cdcl_W-cp-new-clause-learned-has-backtrack-step:
  assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
  new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S  and
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
  shows \exists S'. backtrack S S' \land cdcl_W-stgy** S' T \land conflicting S = Some D
  using cdcl_W learned new
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  case (conflict' S')
  then show ?case
   unfolding full1-def by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv
     tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
  case (other' S' S'')
  then have D \in \# learned\text{-}clss S'
   unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv)
  then show ?case
   \mathbf{using} \ \ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step}[\mathit{OF}\ \ \neg \ \ \lor D \notin \# \ \ \mathit{learned-clss}\ \ \mathit{S} \lor \lor \land \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{o}\ \ \mathit{S}\ \ \mathit{S} \lor )]
```

```
\langle full\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ S'\ S'' \rangle\ lev\ \mathbf{by}\ (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.conflict'\ full-unfold\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp
     rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}new\text{-}clause\text{-}learned\text{-}has\text{-}backtrack\text{-}step:
  assumes learned: D \in \# learned-clss T and
  new: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S  and
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S' S''. cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S' \land backtrack S' S'' \land conflicting S' = Some D \land
   cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S^{\prime\prime} T
 using cdcl_W learned new
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by blast
next
  case (step\ T\ U) note st=this(1) and o=this(2) and IH=this(3) and
    D\text{-}U = this(4) and D\text{-}S = this(5)
 show ?case
   proof (cases D \in \# learned-clss T)
     case True
     then obtain S'S'' where
       st': cdcl_W - stgy^{**} S S' and
       bt: backtrack S' S" and
       confl: conflicting S' = Some D and
       st'': cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' T
       using IH D-S by metis
     have cdcl_W-stgy^{++} S'' U
       using st'' o by force
     then show ?thesis
       by (meson bt confl rtranclp-unfold st')
   next
     case False
     have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
       using lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-consistent-inv st by blast
     then obtain S' where
       bt: backtrack TS' and
       st': cdcl_W\text{-}stgy^{**}\ S'\ U and
       confl: conflicting T = Some D
       using cdcl_W-cp-new-clause-learned-has-backtrack-step[OF D-U False o]
        by metis
     then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
       backtrack T S' and
       conflicting T = Some D  and
       cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' U
       using o st by auto
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
qed
lemma propagate-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes propagate S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms by (auto elim: propagateE)
```

```
lemma conflict-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes conflict S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms by (auto elim: conflictE)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms apply (induct rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
 using conflict-no-more-Marked-lit propagate-no-more-Marked-lit by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Marked-lit:
  assumes cdcl_W-cp^{**} S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S) \longleftrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S')
 using assms apply (induct rule: rtranclp-induct)
 using cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Marked-lit by blast+
lemma cdcl_W-o-no-more-Marked-lit:
 assumes cdcl_W-o S S' and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and \neg decide S S'
 shows Marked K i \in set (trail\ S') \longrightarrow Marked\ K i \in set (trail\ S)
 using assms
proof (induct\ rule:\ cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case backtrack note decomp = this(3) and undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
  then show ?case using lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
 case (decide\ L\ T)
 then show ?case using decide-rule[OF decide.hyps] by blast
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S S' and
  lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
  trail \ S' = M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ M \ and
  trail\ S = M
 shows \exists T. decide S T \land no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 using assms
proof (induct rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy.induct)
 case (conflict' S') note st = this(1) and no\text{-}dup = this(2) and S' = this(3) and S = this(4)
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using full1-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv no-dup st by blast
  then have Marked L i \in set (trail S') and Marked L i \notin set (trail S)
   using no-dup unfolding SS' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
  then have False
   using st rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-Marked-lit[of S S']
   unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
  then show ?case by fast
next
  case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and ns = this(2) and st = this(3) and no\text{-}dup = this(4) and
   S' = this(5) and S = this(6)
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
   by (metis (full-types) lev cdcl<sub>W</sub>.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv full-def o
     other'.hyps(3) rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-consistent-inv)
  then have Marked L \ i \in set \ (trail \ U) and Marked L \ i \notin set \ (trail \ S)
   using no-dup unfolding SS' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
  then have Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T)
```

```
using st rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-no-more-Marked-lit unfolding full-def by blast
    then show ?case
       using cdcl_W-o-no-more-Marked-lit[OF o] (Marked L i \notin set (trail S)) ns lev by meson
qed
lemma cdcl_W-o-is-decide:
   assumes cdcl_W-o S T and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
    trail T = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H @ Mand
    \neg (\exists M'. trail S = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M)
   shows decide S T
   using assms
proof (induction rule:cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
    case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T)
    then obtain c where trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) \# M1
       by auto
   show ?case
       using backtrack lev
       apply (cases drop (length M_0) M')
        apply (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
       using \langle trail \ S = c @ M2 @ Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \# M1 \rangle
       by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
next
   case decide
   show ?case using decide-rule[of S] decide(1-4) by auto
\mathbf{qed} auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}new\text{-}marked\text{-}at\text{-}beginning\text{-}is\text{-}decide:}
   assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R U and
    trail\ U=M'\ @\ Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M\ {f and}
    trail R = M and
    cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
   shows
       \exists S \ T \ T'. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy}^{**} \ R \ S \ \land \ decide \ S \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy}^{**} \ T \ U \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy}^{**} \ S \ U \ \land
           no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-cp } S \wedge trail \ T = Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ \ M \wedge trail \ S = H \ @ \ M \wedge cdcl_W\text{-stgy} \ S \ T' \wedge step \ T' \wedge ste
           cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T' U
   using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: M H M' i rule: rtranclp-induct)
   case base
   then show ?case by auto
next
    case (step T U) note st = this(1) and IH = this(3) and s = this(2) and
        U = this(4) and S = this(5) and lev = this(6)
   show ?case
       proof (cases \exists M'. trail T = M' \otimes M arked L i \# H \otimes M)
           case False
           with s show ?thesis using U s st S
              proof induction
                  case (conflict' W) note cp = this(1) and nd = this(2) and W = this(3)
                  then obtain M_0 where trail W = M_0 @ trail T and nmarked: \forall l \in set M_0. \neg is-marked l
                      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-dropWhile-trail unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold by meson
                  then have MV: M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M = M_0 @ trail T unfolding W by <math>simp
                  then have V: trail T = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M)
                      by auto
                  have take While (Not o is-marked) M' = M_0 @ take While (Not o is-marked) (trail T)
                      using arg-cong[OF MV, of takeWhile (Not o is-marked)] nmarked
```

```
by (simp add: takeWhile-tail)
     from arg-cong[OF this, of length] have length M_0 \leq length M'
       unfolding length-append by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans le-add1
         length-takeWhile-le)
     then have False using nd V by auto
     then show ?case by fast
   next
     case (other' T'(U)) note o = this(1) and ns = this(2) and cp = this(3) and nd = this(4)
       and U = this(5) and st = this(6)
     obtain M_0 where trail U = M_0 @ trail T' and nmarked: \forall l \in set M_0. \neg is-marked l
       using rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail cp unfolding full-def by meson
     then have MV: M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M = M_0 @ trail T' unfolding U by simp
     then have V: trail \ T' = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ (M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M)
       by auto
     have take While (Not o is-marked) M' = M_0 @ take While (Not o is-marked) (trail T')
       \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{arg\text{-}cong}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{MV},\ \mathit{of}\ \mathit{takeWhile}\ (\mathit{Not}\ \mathit{o}\ \mathit{is\text{-}marked})]\ \mathit{nmarked}
       by (simp add: take While-tail)
     from arg-cong[OF this, of length] have length M_0 < length M'
       unfolding length-append by (metis (no-types, lifting) Nat.le-trans le-add1
         length-takeWhile-le)
     then have tr-T': trail T' = drop \ (length \ M_0) \ M' @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H @ M \ using \ V \ by \ auto
     then have LT': Marked L i \in set (trail T') by auto
     moreover
       have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
         using lev rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv step.hyps(1) by blast
       then have decide T T' using o nd tr-T' cdcl_W-o-is-decide by metis
     ultimately have decide T T' using cdclw-o-no-more-Marked-lit[OF o] by blast
     then have 1: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R T and 2: decide T T' and 3: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T' U
       using st other'.prems(4)
       by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy.conflict' cp full-unfold r-into-rtranclp rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)+
     have [simp]: drop\ (length\ M_0)\ M' = []
       using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle nd\ tr-T'
       by (auto simp add: Cons-eq-append-conv elim: decideE)
     have T': drop (length M_0) M' @ Marked L i # H @ M = Marked L i # trail T
       using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle nd\ tr\text{-}T'
       by (auto elim: decideE)
     have trail\ T' = Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ trail\ T
       using \langle decide\ T\ T' \rangle \langle Marked\ L\ i \in set\ (trail\ T') \rangle\ tr\text{-}T'
       by (auto elim: decideE)
     then have 5: trail\ T' = Marked\ L\ i \ \#\ H\ @\ M
         using append.simps(1) list.sel(3) local.other'(5) tl-append2 by (simp add: tr-T')
     have 6: trail T = H @ M
       by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ (trail\ T'=Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ trail\ T)
         \textit{(trail } T' = \textit{drop (length } M_0) \textit{ } M' \textit{ @ Marked } \textit{L i \# H @ M) append-Nil list.sel(3) } \textit{ nd}
         tl-append2)
     have 7: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} T U using other'.prems(4) st by auto
     have 8: cdcl_W-stgy T U cdcl_W-stgy** U U
       using cdcl_W-stgy.other'[OF other'(1-3)] by simp-all
     show ?case apply (rule exI[of - T], rule exI[of - T'], rule exI[of - U])
       using ns 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 by fast
   qed
next
 case True
 then obtain M' where T: trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M by metis
 from IH[OF\ this\ S\ lev] obtain S'\ S'''\ S'''' where
```

```
1: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S' and
       2: decide S' S'' and
       3: cdcl_W-stgy** S'' T and
       4: no-step cdcl_W-cp S' and
       6: trail S'' = Marked L i \# H @ M and
       7: trail S' = H @ M and
       8: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' T and
       9: cdcl_W-stgy S' S''' and
       10: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S''' T
         by blast
     have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' U using s \langle cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S'' T \rangle by auto
     moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S' U using 8 s by auto
     moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S''' U using 10 s by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - S'], rule exI[of - S'])
       using 1 2 4 6 7 8 9 by blast
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R U and
  trail\ U=M'\ @\ Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M\ {f and}
  trail R = M and
  cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
 shows \exists y \ y'. \ cdcl_W \text{-st}gy^{**} \ R \ y \land \ cdcl_W \text{-st}gy \ y \ y' \land \neg \ (\exists c. \ trail \ y = c @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M)
   \wedge (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy} \ a \ b \ \wedge (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M))^{**} \ y' \ U
proof -
 fix T'
 obtain S' T T' where
   st: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S' and
   decide\ S'\ T and
    TU: cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} \ T \ U \ \text{and}
   no-step cdcl_W-cp S' and
   trT: trail\ T = Marked\ L\ i\ \#\ H\ @\ M and
   trS': trail S' = H @ M and
   S'U: cdcl_W\text{-}stgy^{**}\ S'\ U and
   S'T': cdcl_W-stqy S' T' and
    T'U: cdcl_W - stqy^{**} T'U
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide [OF assms] by blast
 have n: \neg (\exists c. trail S' = c @ Marked L i \# H @ M) using trS' by auto
 show ?thesis
   using rtranclp-trans[OF\ st]\ rtranclp-exists-last-with-prop[of\ cdcl_W-stgy\ S'\ T' -
       \lambda a -. \neg (\exists c. trail \ a = c @ Marked \ L \ i \# H @ M), \ OF \ S'T' \ T'U \ n]
   by meson
qed
lemma beginning-not-marked-invert:
 assumes A: M @ A = M' @ Marked K i \# H and
 nm: \forall m \in set M. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 shows \exists M. A = M @ Marked K i \# H
proof -
 have A = drop \ (length \ M) \ (M' @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ H)
   using arg-cong[OF A, of drop (length M)] by auto
 moreover have drop\ (length\ M)\ (M'\@\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ H) = drop\ (length\ M)\ M'\@\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ H
   using nm by (metis (no-types, lifting) A drop-Cons' drop-append marked-lit.disc(1) not-gr0
     nth-append nth-append-length nth-mem zero-less-diff)
```

```
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-trail-has-new-marked-is-decide-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T
 \neg (\exists c. trail S = c @ Marked L i \# H @ M) and
 (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-stqy a \ b \land (\exists c. \ trail \ a = c @ Marked \ L \ i \# H @ M))^{**} \ T \ U \ and
 \exists M'. trail U = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M and
 lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists S'. decide S S' \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ S' \ T \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W - cp \ S
 using assms(3,1,2,4,5)
proof induction
 case (step \ T \ U)
 then show ?case by fastforce
next
 case base
 then show ?case
   proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stqy.induct)
    case (conflict' T) note cp = this(1) and nd = this(2) and M' = this(3) and no\text{-}dup = this(3)
    then obtain M' where M': trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M by metis
    obtain M" where M": trail T = M" @ trail S and nm: \forall m \in set M". \neg is-marked m
      using cp unfolding full1-def
      by (metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop\ While-trail'\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
    have False
      using beginning-not-marked-invert[of M'' trail S M' L i H @ M] M' nm nd unfolding M''
      by fast
    then show ?case by fast
   next
    case (other' TU') note o = this(1) and ns = this(2) and cp = this(3) and nd = this(4)
      and trU' = this(5)
    have cdcl_W-cp^{**} T U' using cp unfolding full-def by blast
    from rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail[OF this]
    have \exists M'. trail T = M' \otimes M arked L i \# H \otimes M
      using trU' beginning-not-marked-invert [of - trail T - L i H @ M] by metis
    then obtain M' where M': trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
      by auto
    with o lev nd cp ns
    show ?case
      proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
        case (decide L) note dec = this(1) and cp = this(5) and ns = this(4)
        then have decide S (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
         using decide.hyps decide.intros[of S] by force
        then show ?case using cp decide.prems by (meson decide-state-eq-compatible ns state-eq-ref
         state-eq-sym)
      next
        case (backtrack K j M1 M2 L' D T) note decomp = this(3) and undef = this(7) and
         T = this(8) and trT = this(12)
        obtain MS3 where MS3: trail S = MS3 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc j) \# M1
         using qet-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[OF decomp] by metis
        have tl (M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M) = tl M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
         using lev trT T lev undef decomp by (cases M') (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
        then have M'': M1 = tl M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
         using arg-cong[OF trT[simplified], of tl] T decomp undef lev
         by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
        have False using nd MS3 T undef decomp unfolding M" by auto
```

finally show ?thesis by fast

```
then show ?case by fast
      qed auto
     qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end:
 assumes (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-stqy a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ Marked \ L \ i \ \# \ H \ @ M))^{**} \ T \ U and
 \exists M'. trail U = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
 shows \exists M'. trail T = M' @ Marked L i \# H @ M
 using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct) auto
lemma remove1-mset-eq-remove1-mset-same:
 remove1-mset\ L\ D = remove1-mset\ L'\ D \Longrightarrow L \in \#\ D \Longrightarrow L = L'
 by (metis diff-single-trivial insert-DiffM multi-drop-mem-not-eq single-eq-single
   union-right-cancel)
lemma cdcl_W-o-cannot-learn:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-o y z and
   lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv y and
   trM: trail\ y = c @ Marked\ Kh\ i \# H\ and
   DL: D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ y \ \mathbf{and}
   LD: L \in \# D and
   DH: atms-of (remove1-mset L D) \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l H and
   LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ 'lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ H \ and
   learned: \forall T. conflicting y = Some T \longrightarrow trail y \models as CNot T and
   z: trail z = c' @ Marked Kh i # H
 shows D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms(1-2) trM DL DH LH learned z
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
 case (backtrack K j M1 M2 L' D' T) note confl = this(1) and LD' = this(2) and decomp = this(3)
   and levL = this(4) and levD = this(5) and j = this(6) and undef = this(7) and T = this(8) and
   z = this(14)
 obtain M3 where M3: trail\ y= M3 @ M2 @ Marked\ K\ (Suc\ j)\ \#\ M1
   using decomp get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend by metis
 have M: trail\ y = c @ Marked\ Kh\ i \# H using trM by simp
 have H: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail y) = rev [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl y]
   using lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
 have c' @ Marked Kh i \# H = Propagated L' (mset-ccls D') \# trail (reduce-trail-to M1 y)
   using z decomp undef T lev by (force simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
 then obtain d where d: M1 = d @ Marked Kh i \# H
   by (metis (no-types) decomp in-get-all-marked-decomposition-trail-update-trail list.inject
     list.sel(3) marked-lit.distinct(1) self-append-conv2 tl-append2)
 have i \in set (get-all-levels-of-marked (M3 @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc j) \# d @ Marked Kh i \# H))
 then have i > 0 unfolding H[unfolded M3 d] by auto
 show ?case
   proof
     assume D \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
     then have DLD': D = mset\text{-}ccls D'
      using DL T neq0-conv undef decomp lev by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
     have L-cKh: atm-of L \in atm-of ' lits-of-l (c @ [Marked Kh i])
      using LH learned M DLD'[symmetric] confl LD' LD
```

```
apply (auto simp add: image-iff dest!: in-CNot-implies-uminus)
 apply (metis\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}uminus)+ done
have get-all-levels-of-marked (M3 @ M2 @ Marked K (j + 1) \# M1)
 = rev [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl y]
 using lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def M3 by auto
from arg-cong OF this, of \lambda a. (Suc j) \in set a have backtrack-lvl y \geq j by auto
have DD'[simp]: remove1-mset L D = mset-ccls D' - {\#L'\#}
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume DD': \neg ?thesis
   then have L' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ D \text{ using } DLD' \ LD \text{ by } (metis \ LD' \ in-remove1\text{-}mset-neq)
   then have get-level (trail y) L' \leq get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L D)
     using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
   moreover {
    have get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L D) =
      get-maximum-level H (remove1-mset L D)
      using DH unfolding M by (simp add: get-maximum-level-skip-beginning)
      have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ y) = rev\ [1..<1 + backtrack-lvl\ y]
        using lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
      then have get-all-levels-of-marked H = rev [1... < i]
        unfolding M by (auto dest: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i
          simp\ add:\ rev\text{-}swap[symmetric])
      then have get-maximum-possible-level H < i
        using get-maximum-possible-level-max-get-all-levels-of-marked [of H] \langle i > 0 \rangle by auto
     ultimately have get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L D) < i
      by (metis (full-types) dual-order.strict-trans nat-neg-iff not-le
        get-maximum-possible-level-ge-get-maximum-level) }
   moreover
     have L \in \# remove1\text{-}mset\ L'\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D')
      using DLD'[symmetric] DD' LD by (metis in-remove1-mset-neq)
     then have get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D')) \geq
      get-level (trail\ y)\ L
      using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
   moreover {
     have qet-all-levels-of-marked (c \otimes [Marked Kh i]) = rev [i.. < backtrack-lvl y+1]
      using append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end[of rev (qet-all-levels-of-marked H) i
        rev (get-all-levels-of-marked c) Suc 0 Suc (backtrack-lvl y)] H
      unfolding M apply (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric])
        by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Nil-is-append-conv Suc-le-eq less-Suc-eq list.sel(1)
          rev.simps(2) rev-rev-ident upt-Suc upt-rec)
     have get-level (trail y) L = get-level (c @ [Marked Kh i]) L
      using L-cKh LH unfolding M by simp
     have get-level (c @ [Marked Kh i]) L \geq i
      using L-cKh levL
        \langle get-all-levels-of-marked\ (c\ @\ [Marked\ Kh\ i]) = rev\ [i... < backtrack-lvl\ y\ +\ 1] \rangle
       calculation(1,2) by auto
     then have get-level (trail y) L > i
      using M \setminus get-level (trail y) L = get-level (c @ [Marked Kh i]) L \setminus by auto }
   moreover
    have get-maximum-level (trail y) (remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D'))
        < qet-level (trail y) L
     using \langle j \leq backtrack-lvl \ y \rangle \ levL \ j \ calculation(1-4) by linarith
   ultimately show False using backtrack.hyps(4) by linarith
 qed
```

```
then have LL': L = L'
 using LD LD' remove1-mset-eq-remove1-mset-same unfolding DLD'[symmetric] by fast
have nd: no-dup (trail y) using lev unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
{ assume D: remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D') = {#}
  then have j: j = 0 using levD j by (simp \ add: LL')
 have \forall m \in set M1. \neg is\text{-}marked m
   using H unfolding M3j
   by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked
     dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i)
 then have False using d by auto
}
moreover {
 assume D[simp]: remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D') \neq \{\#\}
 have i < j
   using H unfolding M3 d by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric]
     dest: upt-decomp-lt)
 have i > 0 apply (rule ccontr)
   using H \langle i > \theta \rangle unfolding M3 d
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \mathit{rev-swap}[\mathit{symmetric}]\ \mathit{dest}!\colon \mathit{upt-decomp-lt})
 obtain L'' where
   L'' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ D') \ \mathbf{and}
   L''D': get-level (trail y) L'' = get-maximum-level (trail y)
     (remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D'))
   using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level [OF D, of trail y] by auto
 have L''M: atm\text{-}of\ L'' \in atm\text{-}of\ '\ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ y)
   using get-rev-level-ge-0-atm-of-in[of 0 rev (trail y) L''] \langle j > 0 \rangle levD L''D'
   \langle j \leq backtrack-lvl y \rangle levL by (simp add: LL' j)
 then have L'' \in lits-of-l (Marked Kh i \# d)
   proof -
     {
       assume L''H: atm\text{-}of\ L'' \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ H
       have get-all-levels-of-marked H = rev [1..<<math>i]
         using H unfolding M
         by (auto simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i)
       moreover have get-level (trail y) L'' = get-level H L''
         using L''H unfolding M by simp
       ultimately have False
         using levD \langle j > 0 \rangle get-rev-level-in-levels-of-marked [of rev H \ 0 \ L''] \langle i \leq j \rangle
         unfolding L''D'[symmetric] nd
         by (metis L''D' LL' Max-n-upt Nat.le-trans One-nat-def Suc-pred \langle 0 < i \rangle
           get-all-levels-of-marked-rev-eq-rev-get-all-levels-of-marked
           get-rev-level-less-max-get-all-levels-of-marked j lessI list.simps(15)
           not-less rev-rev-ident set-upt)
     }
     moreover
       have atm\text{-}of\ L'' \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ H
         using DD' DH \langle L'' \in \# remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D') atm-of-lit-in-atms-of LL' LD
         LD' by fastforce
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using DD'DH \land L'' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D') \land atm\text{-}of\text{-}lit\text{-}in\text{-}atms\text{-}of
       by auto
   qed
 moreover
   have atm\text{-}of\ L'' \in atms\text{-}of\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D'))
```

```
using \langle L'' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D') \rangle by (auto simp: atms-of-def)
         then have atm\text{-}of\ L'' \in atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ H
           using DH unfolding DD' unfolding LL' by blast
       ultimately have False
         using nd unfolding M3 d LL' by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
     ultimately show False by blast
   qed
qed auto
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-stgy y z and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv y and
   trail\ y = c\ @\ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ H\ {\bf and}
   D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss \ y \ \mathbf{and}
   LD: L \in \# D and
   DH: atms-of (remove1-mset L D) \subseteq atm-of ' lits-of-l H and
   LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ H \ \mathbf{and}
   \forall T. \ conflicting \ y = Some \ T \longrightarrow trail \ y \models as \ CNot \ T \ and
   trail\ z = c' \ @\ Marked\ Kh\ i\ \#\ H
 shows D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms
proof induction
 case conflict'
 then show ?case
   unfolding full1-def using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv by auto
 case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and cp = this(3) and lev = this(4) and trY = this(5) and
   notin = this(6) and LD = this(7) and DH = this(8) and LH = this(9) and confl = this(10) and
   trU = this(11)
 obtain c' where c': trail T = c' @ Marked Kh i \# H
   using cp beginning-not-marked-invert[of - trail T c' Kh i H]
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-drop While-trail[of T U] unfolding trU full-def by fastforce
 show ?case
   using cdclw-o-cannot-learn[OF o lev trY notin LD DH LH confl c']
     rtranclp-cdclw-cp-learned-clause-inv cp unfolding full-def by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned:
 assumes
   (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W-stgy a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c @ Marked \ K \ i \# H @ []))^{**} \ S \ z \ and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   trail\ S = c\ @\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ H\ {\bf and}
   D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S and
   LD: L \in \# D and
   DH: atms-of\ (remove1-mset\ L\ D)\subseteq atm-of\ `lits-of-l\ H\ and
   LH: atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ H \ and
   \exists c'. trail z = c' @ Marked K i # H
 shows D \notin \# learned\text{-}clss z
 using assms(1-4,8)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by auto[1]
```

```
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4-6)]
    and lev = this(4) and trS = this(5) and DL-S = this(6) and trU = this(7)
  obtain c where c: trail T = c @ Marked K i \# H  using s by auto
  obtain c' where c': trail U = c' @ Marked K i \# H using trU by blast
  have cdcl_W^{**} S T
    proof -
      have \forall p \ pa. \ \exists s \ sa. \ \forall sb \ sc \ sd \ se. \ (\neg p^{**} \ (sb::'st) \ sc \ \lor \ p \ s \ sa \ \lor \ pa^{**} \ sb \ sc)
        \land (\neg pa \ s \ sa \lor \neg p^{**} \ sd \ se \lor pa^{**} \ sd \ se)
       by (metis (no-types) mono-rtranclp)
      then have cdcl_W-stgy** S T
       using st by blast
      then show ?thesis
        using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
    qed
  then have lev': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
    using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv[of S T] lev by auto
  then have confl': \forall Ta. conflicting T = Some Ta \longrightarrow trail T \models as CNot Ta
    unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by blast
  show ?case
    \mathbf{apply}\ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{stgy}\text{-}\mathit{with}\text{-}\mathit{trail}\text{-}\mathit{end}\text{-}\mathit{has}\text{-}\mathit{not}\text{-}\mathit{been}\text{-}\mathit{learned}[\mathit{OF}\text{--}\mathit{c}\text{-}\mathit{LD}\ \mathit{DH}\ \mathit{LH}\ \mathit{confl'}\ c'])
    using s \ lev' \ IH \ c \ unfolding \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast+
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-new-learned-clause:
  assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T and
    lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
    E \notin \# learned\text{-}clss S \text{ and }
    E \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
  shows \exists S'. backtrack S S' \land conflicting S = Some E \land full cdcl_W - cp S' T
  using assms
proof induction
  case conflict'
  then show ?case unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-learned-clause-inv)
  case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and cp = this(3) and not\text{-yet} = this(5) and learned = this(6)
  have E \in \# learned\text{-}clss T
    using learned cp rtranclp-cdclw-cp-learned-clause-inv unfolding full-def by auto
  then have backtrack S T and conflicting S = Some E
    \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{o-new-clause-learned-is-backtrack-step}[\mathit{OF-not-yet}\ o]\ \mathit{lev}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{blast+}
  then show ?case using cp by blast
qed
theorem 2.9.7 page 83 of Weidenbach's book
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl_W\textit{-}stgy\textit{-}no\textit{-}relearned\textit{-}clause\text{:}
  assumes
    invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
    st': cdcl_W - stgy^{**} R S and
    bt: backtrack S T and
    confl: raw-conflicting S = Some E and
    already-learned: mset\text{-}ccls\ E\in\#\ clauses\ S and
    R: trail R = []
 \mathbf{shows}\ \mathit{False}
proof -
  have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv R
```

```
using invR unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 using M-lev assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-consistent-inv by blast
with bt obtain L M1 M2-loc K i where
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls E))
    (reduce-trail-to M1 (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls E)
      (update-backtrack-lvl i (update-conflicting None S))))
   and
  decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2\text{-}loc) \in
            set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
 LD: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ E \text{ and }
 k: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
 level: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls E) and
  confl-S: raw-conflicting S = Some E  and
  i: i = get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls E)) and
  undef: undefined-lit M1 L
 using confl by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) fastforce
obtain M2 where
 M: trail S = M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) \# M1
 using get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend [OF decomp] unfolding i by (metis append-assoc)
let ?E = mset\text{-}ccls E
let ?E' = remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ ?E
have invS: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 using invR rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st' by blast
then have conf: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting S unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by blast
then have trail S \models as\ CNot\ ?E\ unfolding\ cdcl_W-conflicting-def confl-S by auto
then have MD: trail S \models as CNot ?E by auto
then have MD': trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ ?E' using true\text{-}annot\text{-}CNot\text{-}diff by blast
have lev': cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv S using invS unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by blast
have get-lvls-M: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)]
 using lev' unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv R using invR unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
then have vars-of-D: atms-of ?E' \subseteq atm-of 'lits-of-l M1
 using backtrack-atms-of-D-in-M1[OF lev' undef - decomp - - - T] conft-S conf T decomp k level
 lev' i undef unfolding cdclw-conflicting-def by (auto simp: cdclw-M-level-inv-decomp)
have no-dup (trail S) using lev' by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
have vars-in-M1:
 \forall x \in atms\text{-}of ?E'. x \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (M2 @ [Marked K (i + 1)])
 unfolding Set.Ball-def apply (intro impI allI)
   apply (rule vars-of-D distinct-atms-of-incl-not-in-other of
   M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [] M1 ?E'])
   using \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \rangle \ M \ vars\text{-}of\text{-}D \ \textbf{by} \ simp\text{-}all
have M1-D: M1 \models as CNot ?E'
 using vars-in-M1 true-annots-remove-if-notin-vars of M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# [M1 \ CNot \ ?E']
 MD' M by simp
have qet-lvls-M: qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)]
 using lev' unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have backtrack-lvl S > 0 unfolding M by (auto split: if-split-asm simp add: upt.simps(2))
obtain M1' K' Ls where
  M': trail S = Ls @ Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # M1' and
 Ls: \forall l \in set \ Ls. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ l \ \mathbf{and}
```

```
set M1 \subseteq set M1'
  proof -
   let ?Ls = takeWhile (Not o is-marked) (trail S)
   have MLs: trail\ S = ?Ls @ drop\ While\ (Not\ o\ is-marked)\ (trail\ S)
   have drop While (Not o is-marked) (trail S) \neq [] unfolding M by auto
   moreover
     from hd-dropWhile[OF this] have is-marked(hd (dropWhile (Not o is-marked) (trail S)))
       by simp
   ultimately
     obtain K' K'k where
       K'k: drop While (Not o is-marked) (trail S)
         = Marked K' K'k \# tl (drop While (Not o is-marked) (trail S))
       by (cases drop While (Not \circ is-marked) (trail S);
          cases hd (drop While (Not \circ is-marked) (trail S)))
         simp-all
   moreover have \forall l \in set ?Ls. \neg is\text{-marked } l \text{ using } set\text{-takeWhileD by } force
   moreover
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S)
            = K'k \# get-all-levels-of-marked(tl (drop While (Not \circ is-marked) (trail S)))
       apply (subst MLs, subst K'k)
       using calculation(2) by (auto simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked)
     then have K'k = backtrack-lvl S
     using calculation(2) by (auto split: if-split-asm simp add: get-lvls-M upt.simps(2))
   moreover have set M1 \subseteq set (tl (dropWhile (Not o is-marked) (trail S)))
     unfolding M by (induction M2) auto
   ultimately show ?thesis using that MLs by metis
  qed
have qet-lvls-M: qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)]
  using lev' unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have backtrack-lvl S > 0 unfolding M by (auto split: if-split-asm simp add: upt.simps(2) i)
have M1'-D: M1' \models as\ CNot\ ?E' using M1-D (set M1 \subseteq set\ M1') by (auto intro: true-annots-mono)
have -L \in lits-of-l (trail S) using conf confl-S LD unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def
  by (auto simp: in-CNot-implies-uminus)
have lvls-M1': qet-all-levels-of-marked M1' = rev [1..<br/>backtrack-lvl S]
  using qet-lvls-M Ls by (auto simp add: qet-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked M' upt.simps(2)
   split: if-split-asm)
have L-notin: atm-of L \in atm-of 'lits-of-l Ls \vee atm-of L = atm-of K'
  proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have atm-of L \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l (Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # rev Ls) by simp
   then have get-level (trail S) L = get-level M1' L
     unfolding M' by auto
   then show False using get-level-in-levels-of-marked [of M1 ' L] \langle backtrack-lvl S > 0 \rangle
   unfolding k lvls-M1' by auto
  qed
obtain YZ where
  RY: cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} R Y \text{ and }
  YZ: cdcl_W-stgy YZ and
  nt: \neg (\exists c. trail \ Y = c @ Marked \ K' (backtrack-lvl \ S) \# M1' @ []) and
  Z: (\lambda a \ b. \ cdcl_W \text{-stgy} \ a \ b \land (\exists \ c. \ trail \ a = c \ @ \ Marked \ K' \ (backtrack-lvl \ S) \ \# \ M1' \ @ \ []))^{**} \ Z \ S
  using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-new-marked-at-beginning-is-decide'[OF st' - - lev, of Ls K'
   backtrack-lvl S M1' []] unfolding R M' by auto
```

```
have [simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv Y
 using RY lev rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by blast
obtain M' where trZ: trail\ Z = M' @ Marked\ K' (backtrack-lvl\ S) \# M1'
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end[OF Z] M' by auto
have no-dup (trail\ Y)
 using RY lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-consistent-inv unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by blast
then obtain Y' where
  dec: decide Y Y' and
  Y'Z: full cdcl_W-cp Y' Z and
 no-step cdcl_W-cp Y
 using cdcl_W-stgy-trail-has-new-marked-is-decide-step[OF YZ nt Z] M' by auto
have trY: trail\ Y = M1'
 proof -
   obtain M' where M: trail\ Z=M'\ @\ Marked\ K'\ (backtrack-lvl\ S)\ \#\ M1'
     using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-with-trail-end-has-trail-end[OF Z] M' by auto
   obtain M'' where M'': trail Z = M'' @ trail Y' and \forall m \in set M''. \neg is-marked m
     using Y'Z rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-drop While-trail' unfolding full-def by blast
   obtain M''' where trail Y' = M''' @ Marked K' (backtrack-lvl S) # M1'
     using M'' unfolding M
     by (metis\ (no\text{-types},\ lifting)\ \forall m \in set\ M''. \neg is\text{-marked}\ m)\ beginning\text{-not-marked-invert})
   then show ?thesis using dec nt by (induction M''') (auto elim: decideE)
have Y-CT: conflicting Y = None \text{ using } \langle decide \ Y \ Y' \rangle \text{ by } (auto \ elim: \ decide E)
have cdcl_W^{**} R Y by (simp add: RY rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
then have init-clss Y = init-clss R using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss [of R Y] M-lev by auto
{ assume DL: mset\text{-}ccls\ E\in\#\ clauses\ Y
 have atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M1
   apply (rule backtrack-lit-skiped[of S])
   using decomp i k lev' unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
 then have LM1: undefined-lit M1 L
   by (metis Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l atm-of-uminus image-eqI)
 have L-trY: undefined-lit (trail Y) L
   using L-notin (no-dup (trail S)) unfolding defined-lit-map trY M'
   by (auto simp add: image-iff lits-of-def)
 obtain E' where
   E': E'!\in! raw-clauses Y and
   EE': mset-cls E' = mset-ccls E
   using DL in-mset-clss-exists-preimage by blast
 have Ex (propagate Y)
   using propagate-rule[of Y E' L] DL M1'-D L-trY Y-CT trY LD E'
   by (auto simp: EE')
 then have False using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ Y\rangle\ propagate' by blast
}
moreover {
 assume DL: mset\text{-}ccls\ E\notin\#\ clauses\ Y
 have lY-lZ: learned-clss\ Y = learned-clss\ Z
   using dec Y'Z rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-learned-clause-inv[of Y' Z] unfolding full-def
   by (auto elim: decideE)
 have invZ: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv Z
   by (meson\ RY\ YZ\ invR\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv)
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
 have n: mset\text{-}ccls\ E\notin\#\ learned\text{-}clss\ Z
    using DL lY-lZ YZ unfolding raw-clauses-def by auto
 have ?E \notin \#learned\text{-}clss\ S
   \mathbf{apply}\ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl}_W\mathit{-stgy-with-trail-end-has-not-been-learned}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{Z}\ \mathit{invZ}\ \mathit{trZ}])
```

```
apply (simp \ add: \ n)
       using LD apply simp
      apply (metis (no-types, lifting) (set M1 \subseteq set M1') image-mono order-trans
        vars-of-D lits-of-def)
      using L-notin (no-dup (trail S)) unfolding M' by (auto simp add: image-iff lits-of-def)
   then have False
     using already-learned DL confl st' M-lev rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-no-more-init-clss[of R S]
     unfolding M'
     by (simp add: \langle init\text{-}clss \ Y = init\text{-}clss \ R \rangle raw-clauses-def confl-S
      rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss)
 }
 ultimately show False by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes
   invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   st: cdcl_W-stqy** R S and
   dist: distinct-mset (clauses R) and
   R: trail R = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
 using st
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case using dist by simp
next
 case (step S T) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 from s show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-stgy.cases)
     case conflict'
     then show ?thesis
      using IH unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-clauses)
     case (other' S') note o = this(1) and full = this(3)
     have [simp]: clauses T = clauses S'
      using full unfolding full-def by (auto dest: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-more-clauses)
     show ?thesis
      using o IH
      proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-o-rule-cases)
        case backtrack
        moreover
          have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
           using invR rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv st by blast
          then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
           unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
        ultimately obtain E where
          conflicting S = Some E  and
          cls-S': clauses <math>S' = \{ \#E\# \} + clauses S
          using \langle cdcl_W - M - level - inv S \rangle
          by (induction rule: backtrack-induction-lev2) (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
        then have E \notin \# clauses S
          using cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause R invR local.backtrack st by blast
        then show ?thesis using IH by (simp add: distinct-mset-add-single cls-S')
      qed (auto elim: decideE skipE resolveE)
   qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes
   st: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (init-state N) S and
   no-duplicate-clause: distinct-mset (mset-clss N) and
   no-duplicate-in-clause: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
  shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[OF - st] assms
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
19.8
         Decrease of a measure
fun cdcl_W-measure where
cdcl_W-measure S =
  [(3::nat) \cap (card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))) - card (set-mset (learned-clss S)),
   if conflicting S = None then 1 else 0,
   if conflicting S = None then card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S)) – length (trail S)
   else length (trail S)
lemma length-model-le-vars-all-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows length (trail\ S) \leq card\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ S))
 using assms length-model-le-vars [of S] unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
end
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
begin
lemma learned-clss-less-upper-bound:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
   distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s
 shows card(set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S)) \leq 3 \cap card\ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))
proof -
 have set-mset (learned-clss S) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-mm (learned-clss S))
   apply (rule simplified-in-simple-clss)
   using assms unfolding distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by auto
  then have card(set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S))
   \leq card \ (simple-clss \ (atms-of-mm \ (learned-clss \ S)))
   by (simp add: simple-clss-finite card-mono)
 then show ?thesis
   by (meson atms-of-ms-finite simple-clss-card finite-set-mset order-trans)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes
   cdcl_W S S' and
     \neg (learned\text{-}clss\ S \subseteq \#\ learned\text{-}clss\ S' \land [] = trail\ S' \land conflicting\ S' = None)
    and
```

```
no-forget: learned-clss S \subseteq \# learned-clss S' and
   no-relearn: \land S'. backtrack SS' \Longrightarrow \forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow T \notin \# learned-clss S
   alien: no-strange-atm S and
   M-level: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-taut: \forall s \in \# learned\text{-}clss S. \neg tautology s  and
   no-dup: distinct-cdcl_W-state S and
   confl: cdcl_W-conflicting S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
 using assms(1) M-level assms(2,3)
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-all-induct-lev2)
 case (propagate CL) note conf = this(1) and undef = this(5) and T = this(6)
 have propa: propagate S (cons-trail (Propagated L C) S)
   using propagate-rule [OF propagate.hyps(1,2)] propagate.hyps by auto
 then have no-dup': no-dup (Propagated L (mset-cls C) \# trail S)
   using M-level cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(2) undef defined-lit-map by auto
 let ?N = init\text{-}clss S
 have no-strange-atm (cons-trail (Propagated L(C)(S))
   using alien cdcl_W.propagate cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv propa M-level by blast
 then have atm-of 'lits-of-l (Propagated L (mset-cls C) \# trail S)
   \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
   using undef unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
 then have card (atm-of 'lits-of-l (Propagated L (mset-cls C) \# trail S))
   \leq card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
   by (meson atms-of-ms-finite card-mono finite-set-mset)
 then have length (Propagated L (mset-cls C) # trail S) \leq card (atms-of-mm ?N)
   using no-dup-length-eq-card-atm-of-lits-of-l no-dup' by fastforce
 then have H: card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S)) - length (trail S)
   = Suc (card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S)) - Suc (length (trail S)))
 show ?case using conf T undef by (auto simp: H lexn3-conv)
 case (decide L) note conf = this(1) and undef = this(2) and T = this(4)
 moreover
   have dec: decide S (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
     using decide-rule decide.hyps by force
   then have cdcl_W:cdcl_W S (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S+1)) (incr-lvl S))
     using cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-o.intros\ by\ blast
 moreover
   have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
     using cdcl_W M-level cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF cdcl_W] by auto
   then have no-dup: no-dup (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1) # trail S)
     using undef unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
   have no-strange-atm (cons-trail (Marked L (backtrack-lvl S + 1)) (incr-lvl S))
     using M-level alien calculation(4) cdcl_W-no-strange-atm-inv by blast
   then have length (Marked L ((backtrack-lvl S) + 1) # (trail S))
     < card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
     using no-dup undef
     length-model-le-vars[of\ cons-trail\ (Marked\ L\ (backtrack-lvl\ S\ +\ 1))\ (incr-lvl\ S)]
     by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case using conf by (simp add: lexn3-conv)
next
 case (skip L C' M D) note tr = this(1) and conf = this(2) and T = this(5)
 show ?case using conf T by (simp add: tr lexn3-conv)
```

```
next
  case conflict
 then show ?case by (simp add: lexn3-conv)
next
  case resolve
  then show ?case using finite by (simp add: lexn3-conv)
next
 case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note conf = this(1) and decomp = this(3) and undef = this(7)
and
   T = this(8) and lev = this(9)
 let ?S' = T
 have bt: backtrack S ?S'
   using backtrack.hyps backtrack.intros[of S D L K i] by auto
 have mset\text{-}ccls\ D \notin \#\ learned\text{-}clss\ S
   using no-relearn conf bt by auto
  then have card-T:
   card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (\{\#mset\text{-}ccls\ D\#\}\ +\ learned\text{-}clss\ S)) = Suc\ (card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S)))
  have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state ?S'
   using bt M-level distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv no-dup other cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros by blast
  moreover have \forall s \in \#learned\text{-}clss ?S'. \neg tautology s
   using learned-clss-are-not-tautologies[OF <math>cdcl_W.other[OF \ cdcl_W-o.bj]OF
     cdcl_W-bj.backtrack[OF bt]]]] M-level no-taut confl by auto
  ultimately have card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) \leq 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-mm (learned-clss T))
     by (auto simp: learned-clss-less-upper-bound)
   then have H: card (set-mset (\{\#mset\text{-}ccls\ D\#\} + learned\text{-}clss\ S))
     \leq 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-mm ({#mset-ccls D#} + learned-clss S))
     using T undef decomp M-level by (simp add: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 moreover
   have atms-of-mm (\{\#mset-ccls D\#\} + learned-clss S) \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
     using alien conf unfolding no-strange-atm-def by auto
   then have card-f: card (atms-of-mm (\{\#mset-ccls\ D\#\} + learned-clss\ S))
     \leq card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
     by (meson atms-of-ms-finite card-mono finite-set-mset)
   then have (3::nat) \hat{} card (atms-of-mm (\{\#mset-ccls D\#\} + learned-clss S))
     < 3 \hat{} card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S)) by simp
  ultimately have (3::nat) ^card (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
   \geq card (set\text{-}mset (\{\#mset\text{-}ccls D\#\} + learned\text{-}clss S))
   using le-trans by blast
  then show ?case using decomp undef diff-less-mono2 card-T T M-level
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp lexn3-conv)
next
  case restart
 then show ?case using alien by (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
 case (forget C T) note no-forget = this(8)
 then have mset\text{-}cls\ C\in\#\ learned\text{-}clss\ S and mset\text{-}cls\ C\notin\#\ learned\text{-}clss\ T
   using forget.hyps by auto
 then show ?case using no-forget by (auto simp add: mset-leD)
qed
lemma propagate-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes propagate S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
```

```
apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) propagate apply blast
        using assms(1) apply (auto simp add: propagate.simps)[3]
      using assms(2) apply (auto simp \ add: \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
 done
lemma conflict-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes conflict S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) conflict apply blast
         using assms(1) apply (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim!: <math>conflictE)[\beta]
       using assms(2) apply (auto simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def elim:\ conflictE)
 done
{\bf lemma}\ decide{-}measure{-}decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes decide\ S\ S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
 apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
 using assms(1) decide other apply blast
         using assms(1) apply (auto simp: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim!: decideE)[3]
       using assms(2) apply (auto simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def elim:\ decideE)
 done
lemma cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-cp S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn \ less-than 3
 using assms
proof induction
 case conflict'
 then show ?case using conflict-measure-decreasing by blast
 case propagate'
 then show ?case using propagate-measure-decreasing by blast
qed
lemma tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing:
 fixes S :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-cp^{++} S S' and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S', cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case using cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing by blast
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and step = this(2) and IH = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 then have (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3 by blast
 moreover have (cdcl_W-measure U, cdcl_W-measure T) \in lexn\ less-than 3
   using cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing [OF step] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv
   tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W[OF\ st]
   unfolding trans-def rtranclp-unfold
```

```
by blast
 ultimately show ?case using lexn-transI[OF trans-less-than] unfolding trans-def by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S T and
 cdcl_W-stgy^{**} R S
 trail R = [] and
 cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn\ less-than 3
proof
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using assms
   by (metis rtranclp-unfold rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
 with assms show ?thesis
   proof induction
     case (conflict' V) note cp = this(1) and inv = this(5)
     show ?case
       \mathbf{using} \ tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}measure\text{-}decreasing[OF\ HOL.conjunct1[OF\ cp[unfolded\ full1\text{-}def]]\ inv]}
   next
     case (other' T U) note st = this(1) and H = this(4,5,6,7) and cp = this(3)
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv other other'.hyps(1) other'.prems(4) by blast
     from tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-measure-decreasing [OF - this]
     have le-or-eq: (cdcl_W-measure U, cdcl_W-measure T) \in lexn\ less-than 3 \vee less
       cdcl_W-measure U = cdcl_W-measure T
      using cp unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
     moreover
      have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
        using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def other'.prems(4) by blast
      with st have (cdcl_W-measure T, cdcl_W-measure S) \in lexn less-than 3
      proof (induction\ rule: cdcl_W-o-induct-lev2)
        case (decide\ T)
        then show ?case using decide-measure-decreasing H decide.intros[OF decide.hyps] by blast
        case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D T) note conf = this(1) and decomp = this(3) and
          undef = this(7) and T = this(8)
        have bt: backtrack S T
          apply (rule backtrack-rule)
          using backtrack.hyps by auto
        then have no-relearn: \forall T. conflicting S = Some T \longrightarrow T \notin \# learned-clss S
          using cdcl_W-stgy-no-relearned-clause[of R S T] H conf
          unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def raw-clauses-def by auto
        have inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
          using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv S \rangle by blast
        show ?case
          apply (rule cdcl_W-measure-decreasing)
                 using bt cdcl_W-bj.backtrack cdcl_W-o.bj other apply simp
                using bt T undef decomp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
                cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply auto[]
               using bt T undef decomp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
                cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply auto[]
              using bt no-relearn apply auto[]
```

```
using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
             using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply simp
            using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
           using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply simp
          using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by simp
        case skip
        then show ?case by (auto simp: lexn3-conv)
      next
        case resolve
        then show ?case by (auto simp: lexn3-conv)
     ultimately show ?case
      by (metis (full-types) lexn-transI transD trans-less-than)
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
Roughly corresponds to theorem 2.9.15 page 86 of Weidenbach's book (using a different bound)
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{++} R S
  trail R = [] and
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S, cdcl_W-measure R) \in lexn\ less-than 3
  using assms
 apply induction
  using cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing [of R - R] apply blast
  using cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing[of - - R] tranclp-into-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-stgy R]
  lexn-transI[OF trans-less-than, of 3] unfolding trans-def by blast
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}S0\text{-}decreasing:
 fixes R S T :: 'st
 assumes
   pl: cdcl_W-stgy^{++} (init-state N) S and
   no-dup: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
 shows (cdcl_W-measure S, cdcl_W-measure (init-state N)) \in lexn \ less-than 3
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (init-state N)
   using no-dup unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then show ?thesis using pl tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-decreasing init-state-trail by blast
qed
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  wf \{(S::'st, init\text{-}state\ N)|
    S N. distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N) \land cdcl_W-stgy<sup>++</sup> (init-state N) S}
 apply (rule wf-wf-if-measure'-notation2[of lexn less-than 3 - - cdcl<sub>W</sub>-measure])
  apply (simp add: wf wf-lexn)
  using tranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-S0-decreasing by blast
lemma cdcl_W-cp-wf-all-inv:
  wf \{(S', S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \land cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S'\}
  (is wf ?R)
proof (rule wf-bounded-measure[of -
   \lambda S. \ card \ (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S))+1
   \lambda S. length (trail S) + (if conflicting S = None then 0 else 1)], qoal-cases)
```

```
case (1 S S')
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and cdcl_W-cp S S' by auto
  moreover then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S'
    \mathbf{using} \ \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps \ \ \ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv \ \ } conflict \ \ cdcl_W\text{.}intros \ \ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv \ \ } 
   by blast+
  ultimately show ?case
   by (auto simp:cdcl_W-cp.simps state-eq-def simp del: state-simp elim!: conflictE propagateE
      dest: length-model-le-vars-all-inv)
qed
end
end
theory DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation
imports Partial-Annotated-Clausal-Logic
begin
20
         Simple Implementation of the DPLL and CDCL
20.1
          Common Rules
20.1.1
           Propagation
The following theorem holds:
lemma lits-of-l-unfold[iff]:
  (\forall c \in set \ C. \ -c \in lits \text{-} of \text{-} l \ Ms) \longleftrightarrow Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
 unfolding true-annots-def Ball-def true-annot-def CNot-def by auto
The right-hand version is written at a high-level, but only the left-hand side is executable.
definition is-unit-clause :: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'a literal option
 where
 is-unit-clause l M =
  (case List.filter (\lambda a. atm-of a \notin atm-of 'lits-of-l M) l of
     a \# [] \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - {\#a\#}) then Some a else None
  | - \Rightarrow None \rangle
definition is-unit-clause-code :: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list
  \Rightarrow 'a literal option where
 is\text{-}unit\text{-}clause\text{-}code\ l\ M\ =
  (case List.filter (\lambda a.\ atm\text{-}of\ a \notin atm\text{-}of\ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M) l\ of\ 
     a \# [] \Rightarrow if (\forall c \in set (remove1 \ a \ l), -c \in lits of l \ M) then Some a else None
  | - \Rightarrow None \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ is\text{-}unit\text{-}clause\text{-}is\text{-}unit\text{-}clause\text{-}code[code]:}
  is-unit-clause l M = is-unit-clause-code l M
proof -
 have 1: \bigwedge a. (\forall c \in set \ (remove1 \ a \ l). - c \in lits-of-l \ M) \longleftrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ l - \{\#a\#\})
   using lits-of-l-unfold[of remove1 - l, of - M] by simp
    unfolding is-unit-clause-code-def is-unit-clause-def 1 by blast
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-undef:
  assumes is-unit-clause l M = Some a
 shows undefined-lit M a
```

```
proof -
  have (case [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
          |a| \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
          | a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
    using assms unfolding is-unit-clause-def.
  hence a \in set [a \leftarrow l : atm-of \ a \notin atm-of \ `lits-of-l \ M]
    apply (cases [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M])
      apply simp
    apply (rename-tac aa list; case-tac list) by (auto split: if-split-asm)
  hence atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M by auto
  thus ?thesis
    by (simp add: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
      atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-some-CNot: is-unit-clause l M = Some \ a \Longrightarrow M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ l - \{\#a\#\})
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def
  assume (case [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
          | [a] \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
           | a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
  thus ?thesis
    apply (cases [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M], simp)
      apply simp
    apply (rename-tac aa list, case-tac list) by (auto split: if-split-asm)
ged
lemma is-unit-clause-some-in: is-unit-clause l M = Some \ a \Longrightarrow a \in set \ l
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def
proof -
 assume (case [a \leftarrow l : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M] \ of \ [] \Rightarrow None
         [a] \Rightarrow if M \models as CNot (mset l - \{\#a\#\}) then Some a else None
         | a \# ab \# xa \Rightarrow Map.empty xa) = Some a
  thus a \in set l
    by (cases [a \leftarrow l \ . \ atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `its\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M])
       (fastforce dest: filter-eq-ConsD split: if-split-asm split: list.splits)+
qed
lemma is-unit-clause-nil[simp]: is-unit-clause [] M = None
  unfolding is-unit-clause-def by auto
20.1.2
            Unit propagation for all clauses
Finding the first clause to propagate
fun find-first-unit-clause :: 'a literal list list \Rightarrow ('a, 'b, 'c) marked-lit list
  \Rightarrow ('a literal \times 'a literal list) option where
find-first-unit-clause (a # l) M =
  (case is-unit-clause a M of
    None \Rightarrow find\text{-}first\text{-}unit\text{-}clause \ l \ M
   Some L \Rightarrow Some (L, a)
find-first-unit-clause [] - = None
lemma find-first-unit-clause-some:
 find-first-unit-clause\ l\ M = Some\ (a,\ c)
 \implies c \in set \ l \land M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ c - \{\#a\#\}) \land undefined-lit \ M \ a \land a \in set \ c
```

```
apply (induction \ l)
   apply simp
 by (auto split: option.splits dest: is-unit-clause-some-in is-unit-clause-some-CNot
        is-unit-clause-some-undef)
lemma propagate-is-unit-clause-not-None:
 assumes dist: distinct c and
  M: M \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ c - \{\#a\#\}) \ and
  undef: undefined-lit M a and
  ac: a \in set c
 shows is-unit-clause c M \neq None
proof -
 have [a \leftarrow c : atm\text{-}of \ a \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M] = [a]
   using assms
   proof (induction c)
     case Nil thus ?case by simp
   next
     case (Cons ac c)
     show ?case
       proof (cases a = ac)
         case True
         thus ?thesis using Cons
           by (auto simp del: lits-of-l-unfold
                simp\ add:\ lits-of-l-unfold[symmetric]\ Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
                  atm-of-eq-atm-of atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
       next
         case False
         hence T: mset \ c + \{\#ac\#\} - \{\#a\#\} = mset \ c - \{\#a\#\} + \{\#ac\#\} \}
           by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
         show ?thesis using False Cons
           by (auto simp add: T atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
       qed
   qed
  thus ?thesis
   using M unfolding is-unit-clause-def by auto
qed
lemma find-first-unit-clause-none:
  distinct\ c \Longrightarrow c \in set\ l \Longrightarrow\ M \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ c - \{\#a\#\}) \Longrightarrow undefined-lit\ M\ a \Longrightarrow a \in set\ c
 \implies find-first-unit-clause l M \neq None
 by (induction l)
    (auto split: option.split simp add: propagate-is-unit-clause-not-None)
20.1.3
           Decide
fun find-first-unused-var :: 'a literal list list \Rightarrow 'a literal set \Rightarrow 'a literal option where
find-first-unused-var (a \# l) M =
 (case List.find (\lambdalit. lit \notin M \wedge -lit \notin M) a of
   None \Rightarrow find\text{-}first\text{-}unused\text{-}var\ l\ M
  \mid Some \ a \Rightarrow Some \ a) \mid
find-first-unused-var [] - = None
lemma find-none[iff]:
  List.find\ (\lambda lit.\ lit \notin M \land -lit \notin M)\ a = None \longleftrightarrow atm-of`set\ a \subseteq atm-of`M
 apply (induct a)
 using atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
```

```
by (force simp add: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)+
lemma find-some: List.find (\lambdalit. lit \notin M \land -lit \notin M) a = Some \ b \Longrightarrow b \in set \ a \land b \notin M \land -b \notin M
  unfolding find-Some-iff by (metis nth-mem)
lemma find-first-unused-var-None[iff]:
 find-first-unused-var l M = None \longleftrightarrow (\forall a \in set \ l. \ atm-of 'set a \subseteq atm-of ' M)
 by (induct\ l)
     (auto split: option.splits dest!: find-some
       simp add: image-subset-iff atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set)
lemma find-first-unused-var-Some-not-all-incl:
  assumes find-first-unused-var\ l\ M = Some\ c
 shows \neg(\forall a \in set \ l. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `M)
proof -
 \mathbf{have} \; \mathit{find-first-unused-var} \; l \; M \neq \mathit{None}
    using assms by (cases find-first-unused-var l M) auto
 thus \neg(\forall a \in set \ l. \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ a \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `M) by auto
qed
lemma find-first-unused-var-Some:
  find\text{-}first\text{-}unused\text{-}var\ l\ M = Some\ a \Longrightarrow (\exists\ m \in set\ l.\ a \in set\ m \land a \notin M \land -a \notin M)
 by (induct l) (auto split: option.splits dest: find-some)
lemma find-first-unused-var-undefined:
 find-first-unused-var l (lits-of-l Ms) = Some a \Longrightarrow undefined-lit Ms a
 using find-first-unused-var-Some[of l lits-of-l Ms a] Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
 by blast
end
```

imports DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation <math>DPLL- $W \sim \sim /src/HOL/Library/Code$ -Target-Numeral

20.2 Simple Implementation of DPLL

theory DPLL-W-Implementation

begin

20.2.1 Combining the propagate and decide: a DPLL step

```
definition DPLL-step :: int \ dpll_W-marked-lits \times int \ literal \ list \ bint \ dpll_W-marked-lits \times int \ literal \ list \ list \ bint \ dpll_W-marked-lits \times int \ literal \ list \ list \ bint \
```

Example of propagation:

```
value DPLL-step ([Marked (Neg 1) ()], [[Pos (1::int), Neg 2]])
We define the conversion function between the states as defined in Prop-DPLL (with multisets)
and here (with lists).
abbreviation toS \equiv \lambda(Ms::(int, unit, unit) marked-lit list)
                  (N:: int\ literal\ list\ list).\ (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N))
abbreviation toS' \equiv \lambda(Ms::(int, unit, unit) marked-lit list,
                     N:: int \ literal \ list \ list). \ (Ms, \ mset \ (map \ mset \ N))
Proof of correctness of DPLL-step
lemma DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step:
 assumes step: (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 and neq: (Ms, N) \neq (Ms', N')
 shows dpll_W (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N')
proof -
 let ?S = (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 \{ \mathbf{fix} \ L \ E \}
   assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = Some (L, E)
   hence Ms'N: (Ms', N') = (Propagated L() \# Ms, N)
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by auto
   obtain C where
     C: C \in set \ N \ and
     Ms: Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C - \{\#L\#\}) \ and
     undef: undefined-lit Ms L and
     L \in set \ C \ using \ find-first-unit-clause-some[OF \ unit] \ by \ met is
   have dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
       (Propagated\ L\ ()\ \#\ fst\ (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N)),\ snd\ (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N)))
     apply (rule dpll_W.propagate)
     using Ms undef C (L \in set \ C) by (auto simp add: C)
   hence ?thesis using Ms'N by auto
 }
 moreover
 { assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None
   assume exC: \exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
   then obtain C where C: C \in set \ N and Ms: Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C) by auto
   then obtain L M M' where bt: backtrack-split Ms = (M', L \# M)
     using step exC neq unfolding DPLL-step-def prod.case unit
     by (cases backtrack-split Ms, rename-tac b, case-tac b) auto
   hence is-marked L using backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked of Ms by auto
   have 1: dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
               (Propagated (-lit-of L) () \# M, snd (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
    apply (rule dpll_W.backtrack[OF - (is-marked L), of ])
     using C Ms bt by auto
   moreover have (Ms', N') = (Propagated (-(lit-of L))) () \# M, N)
     using step exC unfolding DPLL-step-def bt prod.case unit by auto
   ultimately have ?thesis by auto
 moreover
 \{ assume unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None \}
   assume exC: \neg (\exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C))
   obtain L where unused: find-first-unused-var N (lits-of-l Ms) = Some L
     using step exC neq unfolding DPLL-step-def prod.case unit
     by (cases find-first-unused-var N (lits-of-l Ms)) auto
   have dpll_W (Ms, mset (map mset N))
            (Marked L () # fst (Ms, mset (map mset N)), snd (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
```

```
apply (rule dpll_W.decided[of ?S L])
     \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{find-first-unused-var-Some}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{unused}]
     by (auto simp add: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l atms-of-ms-def)
   moreover have (Ms', N') = (Marked L () \# Ms, N)
     using step exC unfolding DPLL-step-def unused prod.case unit by auto
   ultimately have ?thesis by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis by (cases find-first-unit-clause N Ms) auto
qed
lemma DPLL-step-stuck-final-state:
 assumes step: (Ms, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS Ms N)
proof -
 have unit: find-first-unit-clause N Ms = None
   using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (auto split:option.splits)
  { assume n: \exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C)
   hence Ms: (Ms, N) = (case \ backtrack-split \ Ms \ of \ (x, []) \Rightarrow (Ms, N)
                      (x, L \# M) \Rightarrow (Propagated (-lit-of L) () \# M, N))
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (simp add:unit)
 have snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = []
   proof (cases backtrack-split Ms, cases snd (backtrack-split Ms))
     \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
     assume backtrack-split\ Ms = (a, b) and snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = []
     thus snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = [] by blast
   next
     fix a b aa list
     assume
       bt: backtrack-split\ Ms=(a,\ b) and
       bt': snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = aa\ \#\ list
     hence Ms: Ms = Propagated (-lit-of aa) () \# list using Ms by auto
     have is-marked aa using backtrack-split-snd-hd-marked[of Ms] bt bt' by auto
     moreover have fst (backtrack-split Ms) @ aa \# list = Ms
       using backtrack-split-list-eq[of Ms] bt' by auto
     ultimately have False unfolding Ms by auto
     thus snd\ (backtrack-split\ Ms) = [] by blast
   qed
     using n backtrack-snd-empty-not-marked [of Ms] unfolding conclusive-dpll_W-state-def
     by (cases backtrack-split Ms) auto
  }
 moreover {
   assume n: \neg (\exists C \in set \ N. \ Ms \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ C))
   hence find-first-unused-var\ N\ (lits-of-l\ Ms) = None
     using step unfolding DPLL-step-def by (simp add: unit split: option.splits)
   hence a: \forall a \in set \ N. atm-of 'set a \subseteq atm-of '(lits-of-l Ms) by auto
   \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{fst} \ (\mathit{toS} \ \mathit{Ms} \ \mathit{N}) \models \! \mathit{asm} \ \mathit{snd} \ (\mathit{toS} \ \mathit{Ms} \ \mathit{N}) \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{true-annots-def} \ \mathit{CNot-def} \ \mathit{Ball-def}
     proof clarify
       \mathbf{fix} \ x
       assume x: x \in set\text{-}mset (clauses (toS Ms N))
       hence \neg Ms \models as\ CNot\ x using n unfolding true-annots-def CNot-def Ball-def by auto
       moreover have total-over-m (lits-of-l Ms) \{x\}
```

```
using a x image-iff in-mono atms-of-s-def
        unfolding total-over-m-def total-over-set-def lits-of-def by fastforce
      ultimately show fst (toS Ms N) \models a x
        using total-not-CNot[of lits-of-l Ms x] by (simp add: true-annot-def true-annots-true-cls)
   hence ?thesis unfolding conclusive-dpllw-state-def by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
20.2.2
          Adding invariants
Invariant tested in the function function DPLL-ci :: int dpll_W-marked-lits \Rightarrow int literal list
 \Rightarrow int dpll<sub>W</sub>-marked-lits \times int literal list list where
DPLL\text{-}ci\ Ms\ N =
 (if \neg dpll_W - all - inv (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
 then (Ms, N)
 else
  let (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N) in
  if (Ms', N') = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci Ms'(N)
 by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(S', S). (toS'S', toS'S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W-all-inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\})
 show wf \{(S', S).(toS' S', toS' S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\}
   using wf-if-measure-f[OF dpll_W-wf, of toS'] by auto
next
 fix Ms :: int \ dpll_W-marked-lits and N \ x \ xa \ y
 assume \neg \neg dpll_W - all - inv (to S Ms N)
 and step: x = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
 and x: (xa, y) = x
 and (xa, y) \neq (Ms, N)
 thus ((xa, N), Ms, N) \in \{(S', S), (toS', S', toS', S')\} \in \{(S', S), dpll_W - all - inv, S \land dpll_W, S, S'\}
   using DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step dpll<sub>W</sub>-same-clauses split-conv by fastforce
qed
No invariant tested function (domintros) DPLL-part:: int dpll_W-marked-lits \Rightarrow int literal list list
 int \ dpll_W-marked-lits \times int \ literal \ list \ list \ where
DPLL-part Ms N =
 (let (Ms', N') = DPLL\text{-step }(Ms, N) in
  if (Ms', N') = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-part Ms'(N)
 by fast+
lemma snd-DPLL-step[simp]:
 snd (DPLL-step (Ms, N)) = N
 unfolding DPLL-step-def by (auto split: if-split option.splits prod.splits list.splits)
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom:
 assumes dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 shows DPLL-ci~Ms~N = DPLL-part~Ms~N \land DPLL-part-dom~(Ms, N)
 using assms
proof (induct rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N)
 have snd\ (DPLL\text{-}step\ (Ms,\ N)) = N\  by auto
```

then obtain Ms' where Ms': DPLL-step (Ms, N) = (Ms', N) by (cases DPLL-step (Ms, N)) auto

```
have inv': dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms' N) by (metis (mono-tags) 1.prems DPLL-step-is-a-dpll_W-step
   Ms' dpll_W-all-inv old.prod.inject)
 { assume (Ms', N) \neq (Ms, N)
   hence DPLL-ci Ms' N = DPLL-part Ms' N \wedge DPLL-part-dom (Ms', N) using 1(1)[of - Ms' N]
Ms'
     1(2) inv' by auto
   hence DPLL-part-dom (Ms, N) using DPLL-part.domintros Ms' by fastforce
   moreover have DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-part Ms N using 1.prems DPLL-part.psimps Ms'
    \langle DPLL\text{-}ci\ Ms'\ N = DPLL\text{-}part\ Ms'\ N \land DPLL\text{-}part\text{-}dom\ (Ms',\ N) \rangle \ \langle DPLL\text{-}part\text{-}dom\ (Ms,\ N) \rangle \ \mathbf{by}
   ultimately have ?case by blast
 }
 moreover {
   assume (Ms', N) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using DPLL-part.domintros DPLL-part.psimps Ms' by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp:
 assumes DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms', N')
 shows dpll_W^{**} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N)
 using assms
proof (induct Ms N arbitrary: Ms' N' rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 \text{ Ms } N \text{ Ms' } N') note IH = this(1) and step = this(2)
 obtain S_1 S_2 where S:(S_1, S_2) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) by (cases DPLL-step (Ms, N)) auto
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   hence (Ms, N) = (Ms', N) using step by auto
   hence ?case by auto
 moreover
 { assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, S_2) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using S step by auto
 moreover
 { assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N)
   moreover obtain S_1' S_2' where DPLL-ci S_1 N = (S_1', S_2') by (cases DPLL-ci S_1 N) auto
   moreover have DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-ci S_1 N using DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation
    proof -
      have (case (S_1, S_2) of (ms, lss) \Rightarrow
        if (ms, lss) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci ms N = DPLL-ci Ms N
        using S DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation by presburger
      hence (if (S_1, S_2) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci S_1 N = DPLL-ci Ms N
        by fastforce
      thus ?thesis
        using calculation(2) by presburger
   ultimately have dpll_W^{**} (toS S_1'N) (toS Ms'N) using IH[of(S_1, S_2) S_1 S_2] S step by simp
   moreover have dpll_W (to S Ms N) (to S S_1 N)
    by (metis DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step S (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N)  prod.sel(2) snd-DPLL-step)
   ultimately have ?case by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) IH S (S_1, S_2) \neq (Ms, N))
```

```
\langle DPLL\text{-}ci \ Ms \ N = DPLL\text{-}ci \ S_1 \ N \rangle \langle dpll_W\text{-}all\text{-}inv \ (toS \ Ms \ N) \rangle \ converse\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp
     local.step)
 }
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma dpll_W-all-inv-dpll_W-tranclp-irrefl:
 assumes dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, N)
 and dpll_W^{++} (Ms, N) (Ms, N)
 shows False
proof -
 have 1: wf \{(S', S).\ dpll_W-all-inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++}\ S\ S'\} using dpll_W-wf-tranclp by auto
 have ((Ms, N), (Ms, N)) \in \{(S', S), dpll_W - all - inv S \wedge dpll_W^{++} S S'\} using assms by auto
 thus False using wf-not-reft[OF 1] by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-final-state:
 assumes step: DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms, N)
 and inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS Ms N)
proof -
 have st: dpll_W^{**} (toS\ Ms\ N) (toS\ Ms\ N) using DPLL\text{-}ci\text{-}dpll_W\text{-}rtranclp[OF\ step]}.
 have DPLL-step (Ms, N) = (Ms, N)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     obtain Ms' N' where Ms'N: (Ms', N') = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
       by (cases DPLL-step (Ms, N)) auto
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     hence DPLL-ci Ms' N = (Ms, N) using step inv st Ms'N[symmetric] by fastforce
     hence dpll_W^{++} (toS Ms N) (toS Ms N)
      by (metis DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step Ms'N \land DPLL-step (Ms, N) \neq (Ms, N)
N)
         prod.sel(2) \ rtranclp-into-tranclp2 \ snd-DPLL-step)
     thus False using dpll_W-all-inv-dpll_W-tranclp-irrefl inv by auto
 thus ?thesis using DPLL-step-stuck-final-state[of Ms N] by simp
qed
lemma DPLL-step-obtains:
 obtains Ms' where (Ms', N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N)
  \textbf{unfolding} \ \textit{DPLL-step-def} \ \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis} \ (\textit{no-types}, \ \textit{lifting}) \ \textit{DPLL-step-def} \ \textit{prod.collapse} \ \textit{snd-DPLL-step}) 
{f lemma} DPLL\text{-}ci\text{-}obtains:
 obtains Ms' where (Ms', N) = DPLL-ci Ms N
proof (induct rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N) note IH = this(1) and that = this(2)
 obtain S where SN: (S, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) using DPLL-step-obtains by metis
  { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   hence ?case using that by auto
  }
 moreover {
   assume n: (S, N) \neq (Ms, N)
   and inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   have \exists ms. DPLL\text{-step }(Ms, N) = (ms, N)
     by (metis \land \land thesisa. (\land S. (S, N) = DPLL\text{-step} (Ms, N) \Longrightarrow thesisa) \Longrightarrow thesisa)
   hence ?thesis
```

```
using IH that by fastforce
 }
 moreover {
   assume n: (S, N) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using SN that by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-ci-no-more-step:
 assumes step: DPLL-ci Ms N = (Ms', N')
 shows DPLL-ci Ms' N' = (Ms', N')
 using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: Ms' N' rule: DPLL-ci.induct)
 case (1 Ms N Ms' N') note IH = this(1) and step = this(2)
 obtain S_1 where S:(S_1, N) = DPLL-step (Ms, N) using DPLL-step-obtains by auto
 { assume \neg dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   hence ?case using step by auto
 moreover {
   assume dpll_W-all-inv (toS Ms N)
   and (S_1, N) = (Ms, N)
   hence ?case using S step by auto
 }
 moreover
 { assume inv: dpll_W-all-inv (toS \ Ms \ N)
   assume n: (S_1, N) \neq (Ms, N)
   obtain S_1' where SS: (S_1', N) = DPLL-ci S_1 N using DPLL-ci-obtains by blast
   moreover have DPLL-ci\ Ms\ N=DPLL-ci\ S_1\ N
    proof -
     have (case (S_1, N) \text{ of } (ms, lss) \Rightarrow if (ms, lss) = (Ms, N) \text{ then } (Ms, N) \text{ else } DPLL\text{-}ci \text{ } ms \text{ } N)
= DPLL-ci Ms N
       using S DPLL-ci.simps[of Ms N] calculation inv by presburger
      hence (if (S_1, N) = (Ms, N) then (Ms, N) else DPLL-ci S_1 N = DPLL-ci Ms N
       by fastforce
     thus ?thesis
       using calculation n by presburger
    qed
   moreover
    ultimately have ?case using step by fastforce
 ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
lemma DPLL-part-dpll_W-all-inv-final:
 fixes M Ms':: (int, unit, unit) marked-lit list and
   N :: int \ literal \ list \ list
 assumes inv: dpll_W-all-inv (Ms, mset (map mset N))
 and MsN: DPLL-part Ms N = (Ms', N)
 shows conclusive-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state (toS Ms' N) \wedge dpll<sub>W</sub>** (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N)
proof -
 have 2: DPLL-ci Ms N = DPLL-part Ms N using inv dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom by blast
```

```
hence star: dpll_W^{**} (to S Ms N) (to S Ms' N) unfolding MsN using DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp by
blast
 hence inv': dpllw-all-inv (toS Ms' N) using inv rtranclp-dpllw-all-inv by blast
 show ?thesis using star DPLL-ci-final-state[OF DPLL-ci-no-more-step inv'] 2 unfolding MsN by
blast
qed
Embedding the invariant into the type
Defining the type typedef dpll_W-state =
   \{(M::(int, unit, unit) \ marked-lit \ list, \ N::int \ literal \ list \ list).
      dpll_W-all-inv (toS M N)}
 morphisms rough-state-of state-of
proof
   show ([],[]) \in \{(M, N). dpll_W-all-inv (toS M N)\} by (auto simp add: dpll_W-all-inv-def)
qed
lemma
 DPLL-part-dom ([], N)
 using assms dpll_W-all-inv-implieS-2-eq3-and-dom[of [] N] by (simp\ add:\ dpll_W-all-inv-def)
Some type classes instantiation dpll_W-state :: equal
begin
definition equal-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state :: dpll_W-state \Rightarrow dpll_W-state \Rightarrow bool where
equal-dpll_W-state SS' = (rough-state-of S = rough-state-of S')
instance
 by standard (simp add: rough-state-of-inject equal-dpll<sub>W</sub>-state-def)
\mathbf{end}
DPLL definition DPLL-step' :: dpll_W-state \Rightarrow dpll_W-state where
 DPLL-step' S = state-of (DPLL-step (rough-state-of S))
declare rough-state-of-inverse[simp]
lemma DPLL-step-dpll_W-conc-inv:
 DPLL-step (rough-state-of S) \in \{(M, N). dpll_W-all-inv (toS M N)\}
 by (smt\ DPLL-ci.simps\ DPLL-ci-dpll_W-rtranclp\ case-prodE\ case-prodI2\ rough-state-of
   mem-Collect-eq old.prod.case prod.sel(2) rtranclp-dpll<sub>W</sub>-all-inv snd-DPLL-step)
lemma rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step[simp]:
 rough-state-of (DPLL-step' S) = DPLL-step (rough-state-of S)
 using DPLL-step-dpll<sub>W</sub>-conc-inv DPLL-step'-def state-of-inverse by auto
function DPLL-tot:: dpll_W-state \Rightarrow dpll_W-state where
DPLL-tot S =
 (let S' = DPLL-step' S in
  if S' = S then S else DPLL-tot S')
 by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(T', T).
    (rough-state-of T', rough-state-of T)
      \in \{(S', S). (toS' S', toS' S)\}
           \in \{(S', S). \ dpll_W - all - inv \ S \land dpll_W \ S \ S'\}\}\}
 show wf \{(b, a).
```

 $(rough-state-of\ b,\ rough-state-of\ a)$

```
\in \{(b, a). (toS' b, toS' a)\}
            \in \{(b, a). dpll_W - all - inv \ a \land dpll_W \ a \ b\}\}\}
   using wf-if-measure-f[OF wf-if-measure-f[OF dpll_W-wf, of toS'], of rough-state-of].
next
 \mathbf{fix} \ S \ x
 assume x: x = DPLL-step' S
 and x \neq S
 have dpll_W-all-inv (case rough-state-of S of (Ms, N) \Rightarrow (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prodE mem-Collect-eq old.prod.case rough-state-of)
 moreover have dpll_W (case rough-state-of S of (Ms, N) \Rightarrow (Ms, mset (map mset N)))
                   (case\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (DPLL\text{-}step'\ S)\ of\ (Ms,\ N) \Rightarrow (Ms,\ mset\ (map\ mset\ N)))
   proof -
     obtain Ms N where Ms: (Ms, N) = rough-state-of S by (cases rough-state-of S) auto
     have dpll_W-all-inv (toS'(Ms, N)) using calculation unfolding Ms by blast
     moreover obtain Ms' N' where Ms': (Ms', N') = rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (DPLL\text{-}step' S)
      by (cases rough-state-of (DPLL-step' S)) auto
     ultimately have dpll_W-all-inv (toS'(Ms', N')) unfolding Ms'
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) case-prod-unfold mem-Collect-eq rough-state-of)
     have dpll_W (toS Ms N) (toS Ms' N')
      apply (rule DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step[of Ms' N' Ms N])
      unfolding Ms Ms' using \langle x \neq S \rangle rough-state-of-inject x by fastforce+
     thus ?thesis unfolding Ms[symmetric] Ms'[symmetric] by auto
   qed
  ultimately show (x, S) \in \{(T', T), (rough-state-of T', rough-state-of T)\}
   \in \{(S', S). (toS' S', toS' S) \in \{(S', S). dpll_W - all - inv S \land dpll_W S S'\}\}\}
   by (auto simp add: x)
qed
lemma [code]:
DPLL-tot S =
 (let S' = DPLL-step' S in
  if S' = S then S else DPLL-tot S') by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ DPLL\text{-}tot\text{-}DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}DPLL\text{-}tot[simp]}\text{:}\ DPLL\text{-}tot\ (DPLL\text{-}step'\ S) = DPLL\text{-}tot\ S
 apply (cases DPLL-step' S = S)
 apply simp
 unfolding DPLL-tot.simps[of S] by (simp del: DPLL-tot.simps)
lemma DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot[simp]:
  DPLL-step' (DPLL-tot S) = DPLL-tot S
 by (rule DPLL-tot.induct[of \lambda S. DPLL-step' (DPLL-tot S) = DPLL-tot S S])
    (metis (full-types) DPLL-tot.simps)
\mathbf{lemma}\ DPLL\text{-}tot	ext{-}final	ext{-}state:
 assumes DPLL-tot S = S
 shows conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS' (rough-state-of S))
 have DPLL-step' S = S using assms[symmetric] DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot by metis
 hence DPLL-step (rough-state-of S) = (rough-state-of S)
   unfolding DPLL-step'-def using DPLL-step-dpllw-conc-inv rough-state-of-inverse
   by (metis rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step)
  thus ?thesis
```

```
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) DPLL-step-stuck-final-state old.prod.exhaust split-conv)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ DPLL\text{-}tot\text{-}star:
 assumes rough-state-of (DPLL-tot S) = S'
 shows dpll_W^{**} (toS' (rough-state-of S)) (toS' S')
 using assms
proof (induction arbitrary: S' rule: DPLL-tot.induct)
 case (1 S S')
 let ?x = DPLL\text{-}step' S
 { assume ?x = S
   then have ?case using 1(2) by simp
 moreover {
   assume S: ?x \neq S
   have ?case
     apply (cases DPLL-step' S = S)
      using S apply blast
     by (smt 1.IH 1.prems DPLL-step-is-a-dpll<sub>W</sub>-step DPLL-tot.simps case-prodE2
      rough-state-of-DPLL-step'-DPLL-step\ rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl\ rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
      rtranclp-idemp\ split-conv)
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
lemma rough-state-of-rough-state-of-nil[simp]:
 rough-state-of (state-of ([], N)) = ([], N)
 apply (rule DPLL-W-Implementation.dpll_W-state.state-of-inverse)
 unfolding dpll_W-all-inv-def by auto
Theorem of correctness
{f lemma} DPLL-tot-correct:
 assumes rough-state-of (DPLL\text{-tot }(state\text{-of }(([], N)))) = (M, N')
 and (M', N'') = toS'(M, N')
 shows M' \models asm N'' \longleftrightarrow satisfiable (set-mset N'')
proof -
 have dpll_{W}^{**} (toS' ([], N)) (toS' (M, N')) using DPLL-tot-star[OF assms(1)] by auto
 moreover have conclusive-dpll_W-state (toS' (M, N'))
   using DPLL-tot-final-state by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) DOPLL-step'-DPLL-tot DPLL-tot.simps
     assms(1)
 ultimately show ?thesis using dpllw-conclusive-state-correct by (smt DPLL-ci.simps
   DPLL-ci-dpll<sub>W</sub>-rtranclp assms(2) dpll_W-all-inv-def prod.case prod.sel(1) prod.sel(2)
   rtranclp-dpll_W-inv(3) rtranclp-dpll_W-inv-starting-from-0)
qed
20.2.3
          Code export
A conversion to DPLL-W-Implementation.dpll_W-state definition Con :: (int, unit, unit) marked-lit
list \times int \ literal \ list \ list
                 \Rightarrow dpll_W-state where
 Con xs = state-of\ (if\ dpll_W-all-inv\ (toS\ (fst\ xs)\ (snd\ xs))\ then\ xs\ else\ ([],\ []))
lemma [code abstype]:
 Con (rough-state-of S) = S
 using rough-state-of [of S] unfolding Con-def by auto
 declare rough-state-of-DPLL-step[code abstract]
```

```
lemma Con\text{-}DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{[}simp\text{]}:}
Con\ (DPLL\text{-}step\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ s)) = state\text{-}of\ (DPLL\text{-}step\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ s))
unfolding Con\text{-}def\ by (metis\ (mono\text{-}tags,\ lifting)\ DPLL\text{-}step\text{-}dpll_W\text{-}conc\text{-}inv\ mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq\ prod.case\text{-}eq\text{-}if})
```

A slightly different version of *DPLL-tot* where the returned boolean indicates the result.

```
definition DPLL-tot-rep where DPLL-tot-rep S = (let (M, N) = (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (DPLL\text{-}tot S)) in <math>(\forall A \in set N. (\exists a \in set A. a \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (M)), M))
```

One version of the generated SML code is here, but not included in the generated document. The only differences are:

- export 'a literal from the SML Module Clausal-Logic;
- export the constructor Con from DPLL-W-Implementation;
- export the *int* constructor from *Arith*.

 All these allows to test on the code on some examples.

```
end
theory CDCL-W-Implementation
imports DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation CDCL-W-Termination
begin
notation image-mset (infixr '# 90)
type-synonym 'a cdcl_W-mark = 'a literal list
type-synonym cdcl_W-marked-level = nat
type-synonym 'v \ cdcl_W-marked-lit = ('v, cdcl_W-marked-level, 'v \ cdcl_W-mark) marked-lit
type-synonym 'v cdcl_W-marked-lits = ('v, cdcl_W-marked-level, 'v cdcl_W-mark) marked-lits
type-synonym 'v cdcl_W-state =
  'v\ cdcl_W-marked-lits 	imes 'v\ literal\ list\ list\ 	imes 'v\ literal\ list\ list\ 	imes nat\ 	imes
  {\it 'v\ literal\ list\ option}
abbreviation raw-trail :: a \times b \times c \times d \times e \Rightarrow a where
raw-trail \equiv (\lambda(M, -), M)
abbreviation raw-cons-trail:: 'a \Rightarrow 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e
 where
raw-cons-trail \equiv (\lambda L (M, S), (L \# M, S))
abbreviation raw-tl-trail :: 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a list \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e where
raw-tl-trail \equiv (\lambda(M, S), (tl M, S))
abbreviation raw-init-clss :: 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'b where
raw-init-clss \equiv \lambda(M, N, -). N
abbreviation raw-learned-clss :: 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'c where
raw-learned-clss \equiv \lambda(M, N, U, -). U
abbreviation raw-backtrack-lvl :: a \times b \times c \times d \times e \Rightarrow d where
raw-backtrack-lvl \equiv \lambda(M, N, U, k, -). k
```

```
\textbf{abbreviation} \ \textit{raw-update-backtrack-lvl} :: \ 'd \Rightarrow \ 'a \times \ 'b \times \ 'c \times \ 'd \times \ 'e \Rightarrow \ 'a \times \ 'b \times \ 'c \times \ 'd \times \ 'e
raw-update-backtrack-lvl \equiv \lambda k \ (M, N, U, -, S). \ (M, N, U, k, S)
abbreviation raw-conflicting :: a \times b \times c \times d \times e \Rightarrow e where
raw-conflicting \equiv \lambda(M, N, U, k, D). D
abbreviation raw-update-conflicting: 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \times 'c \times 'd \times 'e
raw-update-conflicting \equiv \lambda S \ (M, N, U, k, -). \ (M, N, U, k, S)
abbreviation raw-add-learned-cls where
raw-add-learned-cls \equiv \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, \{\#C\#\} + U, S)
abbreviation raw-remove-cls where
raw-remove-cls \equiv \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, removeAll-mset C N, removeAll-mset C U, S)
type-synonym 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-st = ('v, nat, 'v literal list) marked-lit list \times
  'v literal list list \times 'v literal list list \times nat \times 'v literal list option
abbreviation raw-S0-cdcl<sub>W</sub> N \equiv (([], N, [], 0, None):: 'v \ cdcl_W \ -state-inv-st)
fun mmset-of-mlit' :: ('v, nat, 'v literal list) marked-lit \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit
  where
mmset-of-mlit' (Propagated L C) = Propagated L (mset C)
mmset-of-mlit' (Marked\ L\ i) = Marked\ L\ i
lemma lit-of-mmset-of-mlit'[simp]:
  lit-of (mmset-of-mlit'xa) = lit-of xa
 by (induction xa) auto
abbreviation trail where
trail S \equiv map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ (raw-trail S)
abbreviation clauses-of-l where
clauses-of-l \equiv \lambda L. \ mset \ (map \ mset \ L)
global-interpretation state_W-ops
  mset::'v\ literal\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ clause
  op # remove1
  clauses-of-l op @ \lambda L C. L \in set C op \# \lambda C. remove1-cond (\lambda L. mset L = mset C)
  mset \lambda xs ys. case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x \# zs)) xs (ys, []))
  op # remove1
  id id
  \lambda(M, -). map mmset-of-mlit' M \lambda(M, -). hd M
  \lambda(-, N, -). N
  \lambda(-, -, U, -). U
  \lambda(-, -, -, k, -). k
  \lambda(-, -, -, -, C). C
```

```
\lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S)
 \lambda(M, S). (tl M, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, S). (M, C \# N, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, C \# U, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, filter (\lambda L. mset L \neq mset C) N, filter (\lambda L. mset L \neq mset C) U, S)
 \lambda(k::nat) \ (M,\ N,\ U,\ -,\ D).\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ D)
 \lambda D (M, N, U, k, -). (M, N, U, k, D)
 \lambda N. ([], N, [], \theta, None)
 \lambda(-, N, U, -). ([], N, U, \theta, None)
 apply unfold-locales by (auto simp: hd-map comp-def map-tl ac-simps
   union-mset-list mset-map-mset-remove1-cond ex-mset)
lemma mmset-of-mlit'-mmset-of-mlit' l=mmset-of-mlit l
 apply (induct \ l)
 apply auto
 done
lemma clauses-of-l-filter-removeAll:
  clauses-of-l [L \leftarrow a : mset \ L \neq mset \ C] = mset \ (removeAll \ (mset \ C) \ (map \ mset \ a))
 by (induct a) auto
interpretation state_W
  mset::'v\ literal\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ clause
  op # remove1
  clauses-of-l op @ \lambda L C. L \in set C op # \lambda C. remove1-cond (\lambda L. mset L = mset C)
 mset \lambda xs ys. case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x \# zs)) xs (ys, [])
  op # remove1
 id id
 \lambda(M, -). map mmset-of-mlit' M \lambda(M, -). hd M
 \lambda(-, N, -). N
 \lambda(-, -, U, -). U
 \lambda(-, -, -, k, -). k
 \lambda(-, -, -, -, C). C
 \lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S)
 \lambda(M, S). (tl M, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, S). (M, C \# N, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, C \# U, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, filter (\lambda L. mset L \neq mset C) N, filter (\lambda L. mset L \neq mset C) U, S)
 \lambda(k::nat) \ (M, N, U, -, D). \ (M, N, U, k, D)
 \lambda D \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ -). \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ D)
 \lambda N. ([], N, [], \theta, None)
 \lambda(-, N, U, -). ([], N, U, \theta, None)
 apply unfold-locales
 apply (rename-tac S, case-tac S)
 by (auto simp: hd-map comp-def map-tl ac-simps clauses-of-l-filter-removeAll
   mmset-of-mlit'-mmset-of-mlit)
global-interpretation conflict-driven-clause-learning_W
  mset::'v\ literal\ list \Rightarrow 'v\ clause
  op # remove1
```

```
clauses-of-l op @ \lambda L C. L \in set C op \# \lambda C. remove1-cond (\lambda L. mset L = mset C)
 mset \lambda xs ys. case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x \# zs)) xs (ys, []))
  op # remove1
  id id
 \lambda(M, -). map mmset-of-mlit' M \lambda(M, -). hd M
 \lambda(-, N, -). N
 \lambda(-, -, U, -). U
 \lambda(-, -, -, k, -). k
 \lambda(-, -, -, -, C). C
 \lambda L (M, S). (L \# M, S)
 \lambda(M, S). (tl M, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, S). (M, C \# N, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, N, C \# U, S)
 \lambda C (M, N, U, S). (M, filter (\lambda L. mset L \neq mset C) N, filter (\lambda L. mset L \neq mset C) U, S)
 \lambda(k::nat) \ (M, N, U, -, D). \ (M, N, U, k, D)
 \lambda D \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ -). \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ D)
 \lambda N. ([], N, [], \theta, None)
 \lambda(-, N, U, -). ([], N, U, \theta, None)
 by intro-locales
declare state-simp[simp del] raw-clauses-def[simp] state-eq-def[simp]
notation state-eq (infix \sim 50)
term reduce-trail-to
lemma reduce-trail-to-map[simp]:
 reduce-trail-to (map\ f\ M1) = reduce-trail-to M1
 by (rule ext) (auto intro: reduce-trail-to-length)
20.3
         CDCL Implementation
20.3.1
           Types and Additional Lemmas
lemma true-clss-remdups[simp]:
 I \models s \ (mset \circ remdups) \ `N \longleftrightarrow I \models s \ mset \ `N
 by (simp add: true-clss-def)
lemma satisfiable-mset-remdups[simp]:
  satisfiable \ ((mset \circ remdups) \ `N) \longleftrightarrow satisfiable \ (mset \ `N)
unfolding satisfiable-carac[symmetric] by simp
We need some functions to convert between our abstract state nat\ cdcl_W-state and the concrete
state v cdcl_W-state-inv-st.
abbreviation convertC :: 'a \ list \ option \Rightarrow 'a \ multiset \ option \ \ \mathbf{where}
convertC \equiv map\text{-}option \ mset
lemma convert-Propagated[elim!]:
  mmset-of-mlit'z = Propagated \ L \ C \Longrightarrow (\exists \ C'. \ z = Propagated \ L \ C' \land C = mset \ C')
 by (cases z) auto
lemma get-rev-level-map-convert:
  get-rev-level (map mmset-of-mlit'M) n x = get-rev-level M n x
```

```
by (induction M arbitrary: n rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma get-level-map-convert[simp]:
 get-level (map\ mmset-of-mlit'\ M) = get-level M
 using get-rev-level-map-convert[of rev M] by (simp add: rev-map)
lemma get-rev-level-map-mmsetof-mlit[simp]:
 get-rev-level (map\ mmset-of-mlit M) = get-rev-level M
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto intro!: ext)
lemma qet-level-map-mmsetof-mlit[simp]:
 get-level (map\ mmset-of-mlit M) = get-level M
 using get-rev-level-map-mmsetof-mlit[of rev M] unfolding rev-map by simp
lemma qet-maximum-level-map-convert[simp]:
 get-maximum-level (map mmset-of-mlit'M) D = get-maximum-level MD
 by (induction D) (auto simp add: get-maximum-level-plus)
lemma get-all-levels-of-marked-map-convert[simp]:
 get-all-levels-of-marked (map mmset-of-mlit' M) = (get-all-levels-of-marked M)
 by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-empty-trail[simp]:
 reduce-trail-to F([], aa, ab, ac, b) = ([], aa, ab, ac, b)
 using reduce-trail-to.simps by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{raw-trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le}:
 assumes length F > length (raw-trail S)
 shows raw-trail (reduce-trail-to F S) = []
 using assms trail-reduce-trail-to-length-le[of S F]
 by (cases S, cases reduce-trail-to FS) auto
lemma reduce-trail-to:
 reduce-trail-to F S =
   ((if \ length \ (raw-trail \ S) \ge length \ F
   then drop (length (raw-trail S) – length F) (raw-trail S)
   else []), raw-init-clss S, raw-learned-clss S, raw-backtrack-lvl S, raw-conflicting S)
   (is ?S = -)
proof (induction F S rule: reduce-trail-to.induct)
 case (1 F S) note IH = this
 show ?case
   proof (cases raw-trail S)
    case Nil
    then show ?thesis using IH by (cases S) auto
   next
    case (Cons\ L\ M)
    then show ?thesis
      apply (cases Suc (length M) > length F)
       prefer 2 using IH reduce-trail-to-length-ne[of S F] apply (cases S) apply auto[]
      apply (subgoal-tac Suc (length M) – length F = Suc (length M – length F))
      using reduce-trail-to-length-ne[of S F] IH by (cases S) (auto simp add:)
   qed
qed
```

Definition an abstract type

```
\mathbf{typedef} \ 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}state\text{-}inv = \{S:: 'v \ cdcl_W \text{-}state\text{-}inv\text{-}st. \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv \ S}\}
  morphisms rough-state-of state-of
proof
  show ([],[], [], 0, None) \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S\}
   by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
qed
instantiation cdcl_W-state-inv :: (type) equal
definition equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv :: 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv \Rightarrow 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv \Rightarrow bool where
 equal-cdcl_W-state-inv S S' = (rough-state-of S = rough-state-of S')
instance
 by standard (simp add: rough-state-of-inject equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-def)
end
lemma lits-of-map-convert[simp]: lits-of-l (map\ mmset-of-mlit'\ M) = lits-of-l M
  by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma undefined-lit-map-convert[iff]:
  undefined-lit (map\ mmset-of-mlit'\ M)\ L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit M\ L
  by (auto simp add: defined-lit-map image-image mmset-of-mlit'-mmset-of-mlit)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{true-annot-map-convert}[\mathit{simp}] \colon \mathit{map} \ \mathit{mmset-of-mlit'} \ \mathit{M} \ \models \mathit{a} \ \mathit{N} \longleftrightarrow \mathit{M} \ \models \mathit{a} \ \mathit{N}
  by (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (simp-all add: true-annot-def
   mmset-of-mlit'-mmset-of-mlit lits-of-def)
lemma true-annots-map-convert[simp]: map mmset-of-mlit' M \models as N \longleftrightarrow M \models as N
  unfolding true-annots-def by auto
lemmas propagateE
lemma find-first-unit-clause-some-is-propagate:
 assumes H: find-first-unit-clause (N @ U) M = Some(L, C)
 shows propagate (M, N, U, k, None) (Propagated L C # M, N, U, k, None)
  using assms
 by (auto dest!: find-first-unit-clause-some intro!: propagate-rule)
20.3.2
            The Transitions
Propagate definition do-propagate-step where
do-propagate-step S =
  (case S of
   (M, N, U, k, None) \Rightarrow
     (case find-first-unit-clause (N @ U) M of
       Some (L, C) \Rightarrow (Propagated \ L \ C \# M, N, U, k, None)
     | None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, None) \rangle
  \mid S \Rightarrow S)
lemma do-propgate-step:
  do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow propagate\ S\ (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S)
 apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
  using find-first-unit-clause-some-is-propagate[of raw-init-clss S raw-learned-clss S]
  by (auto simp add: do-propagate-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma do-propagate-step-option[simp]:
  conflicting S \neq None \Longrightarrow do\text{-propagate-step } S = S
  unfolding do-propagate-step-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S) auto
```

${f thm}\ prod\text{-}cases$

```
lemma do-propagate-step-no-step:
 assumes dist: \forall c \in set (raw\text{-}clauses S). distinct c and
 prop-step: do-propagate-step S = S
 shows no-step propagate S
proof (standard, standard)
 \mathbf{fix} \ T
 assume propagate S T
 then obtain CL where
   toSS: conflicting S = None and
   C: C \in set (raw\text{-}clauses S) and
   L: L \in set \ C \ \mathbf{and}
   MC: raw-trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ (remove1 \ L \ C)) and
    T: T \sim raw-cons-trail (Propagated L C) S and
   undef: undefined-lit (raw-trail S) L
   apply (cases S rule: prod-cases5)
   by (elim propagateE) simp
 let ?M = raw\text{-}trail\ S
 let ?N = raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss S
 let ?U = raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss S
 let ?k = raw-backtrack-lvl S
 let ?D = None
 have S: S = (?M, ?N, ?U, ?k, ?D)
   using toSS by (cases S, cases conflicting S) simp-all
 \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{find-first-unit-clause} \ (\ ?N \ @ \ ?U) \ ?M \neq \mathit{None}
   apply (rule dist find-first-unit-clause-none[of C?N @?U?M L, OF -])
       using C \ dist \ apply \ auto[]
      using C apply auto[1]
     using MC apply auto[1]
    using undef apply auto[1]
   using L by auto
 then show False using prop-step S unfolding do-propagate-step-def by (cases S) auto
qed
Conflict fun find-conflict where
find-conflict M [] = None []
find-conflict M (N \# Ns) = (if (\forall c \in set N. -c \in lits-of-l M) then Some N else find-conflict M Ns)
lemma find-conflict-Some:
 find\text{-}conflict\ M\ Ns = Some\ N \Longrightarrow N \in set\ Ns \land M \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ N)
 by (induction Ns rule: find-conflict.induct)
    (auto split: if-split-asm)
lemma find-conflict-None:
 find\text{-}conflict\ M\ Ns = None \longleftrightarrow (\forall\ N \in set\ Ns.\ \neg M \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ N))
 by (induction Ns) auto
lemma find-conflict-None-no-confl:
 find-conflict M (N@U) = None \longleftrightarrow no-step conflict (M, N, U, k, None)
 by (auto simp add: find-conflict-None conflict.simps)
definition do-conflict-step where
do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S =
```

```
(case S of
   (M, N, U, k, None) \Rightarrow
     (case find-conflict M (N @ U) of
       Some a \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, Some a)
      | None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, None))
  \mid S \Rightarrow S)
lemma do-conflict-step:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflict\ S\ (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S)
  apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
  unfolding conflict.simps do-conflict-step-def
  by (auto dest!:find-conflict-Some split: option.splits simp: state-eq-def)
lemma do-conflict-step-no-step:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ conflict\ S
  apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def
  using find-conflict-None-no-confl of raw-trail S raw-init-clss S raw-learned-clss S
     raw-backtrack-lvl S
 by (auto split: option.split elim: conflictE)
lemma do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\text{-}option[simp]:
  conflicting S \neq None \Longrightarrow do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step S = S
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S) auto
lemma do-conflict-step-conflicting[dest]:
  do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflicting\ (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S) \neq None
  unfolding do-conflict-step-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S) (auto split: option.splits)
definition do-cp-step where
do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S =
  (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ o\ do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step)\ S
lemma cp-step-is-cdcl_W-cp:
  assumes H: do-cp\text{-}step \ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-cp S (do-cp-step S)
proof -
  show ?thesis
  proof (cases do-conflict-step S \neq S)
   case True
   then have do-propagate-step (do-conflict-step S) = do-conflict-step S
     by auto
   then show ?thesis
     by (auto simp add: do-conflict-step do-conflict-step-conflicting do-cp-step-def True)
  next
   {f case}\ {\it False}
   then have confl[simp]: do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S=S\ \text{by}\ simp\ 
   show ?thesis
     proof (cases do-propagate-step S = S)
       case True
       then show ?thesis
       using H by (simp \ add: \ do-cp-step-def)
     next
       case False
       let ?S = S
```

```
let ?T = (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S)
       let ?U = (do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ (do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S))
       have propa: propagate S?T using False do-propgate-step by blast
       moreover have ns: no-step conflict S using confl do-conflict-step-no-step by blast
        ultimately show ?thesis
          using cdcl_W-cp.intros(2)[of ?S ?T] confl unfolding do-cp-step-def by auto
      qed
 \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl:
  do\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow do\text{-}conflict\text{-}step\ S = S \land do\text{-}propagate\text{-}step\ S = S
  by (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
    (auto simp add: do-conflict-step-def do-propagate-step-def do-cp-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma no\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}no\text{-}propagate\text{-}no\text{-}conflict:}
  no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ S\longleftrightarrow no\text{-}step\ propagate\ S\land no\text{-}step\ conflict\ S
  by (auto simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps)
lemma do-cp-step-eq-no-step:
  assumes
    H: do\text{-}cp\text{-}step \ S = S \ \text{and}
    \forall c \in set \ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S \ @ \ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S). \ distinct \ c
  shows no-step cdcl_W-cp S
  unfolding no\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}no\text{-}propagate\text{-}no\text{-}conflict
  using assms apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
  using do-propagate-step-no-step[of S]
  by (auto dest!: do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl[simplified] do-conflict-step-no-step
    split: option.splits)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-st: cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
  by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state[simp]: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (rough-state-of S)
  using rough-state-of by auto
lemma [simp]: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of\ S) = S
 by (simp add: state-of-inverse)
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step[<math>simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S))
    apply (cases\ do\ cp\ step\ (rough\ state\ of\ S) = (rough\ state\ of\ S))
     apply simp
    using cp-step-is-cdcl_W-cp[of\ rough-state-of S]\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state[of S]
    cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-st rtrancl_p-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed
\mathbf{Skip} \quad \mathbf{fun} \ \textit{do-skip-step} :: 'v \ \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-state-inv-st} \ \Rightarrow 'v \ \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-state-inv-st} \ \mathbf{where}
do-skip-step (Propagated L C \# Ls,N,U,k, Some D) =
  (if -L \notin set \ D \land D \neq []
  then (Ls, N, U, k, Some D)
  else (Propagated L C \#Ls, N, U, k, Some D))
```

```
do-skip-step S = S
lemma do-skip-step:
  do-skip-step S \neq S \Longrightarrow skip S (do-skip-step S)
 apply (induction S rule: do-skip-step.induct)
 by (auto simp add: skip.simps)
lemma do-skip-step-no:
  do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ skip\ S
 by (induction S rule: do-skip-step.induct)
    (auto simp add: other split: if-split-asm elim!: skipE)
lemma do-skip-step-trail-is-None[iff]:
  do-skip-step S = (a, b, c, d, None) \longleftrightarrow S = (a, b, c, d, None)
 by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases) auto
Resolve fun maximum-level-code:: 'a literal list \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'b) marked-lit list \Rightarrow nat
  where
maximum-level-code [] - = 0 |
maximum-level-code (L \# Ls) M = max (get-level M L) (maximum-level-code Ls M)
lemma maximum-level-code-eq-get-maximum-level[simp]:
 maximum-level-code D M = get-maximum-level M (mset D)
 by (induction D) (auto simp add: qet-maximum-level-plus)
lemma [code]:
 fixes M :: ('a::\{type\}, nat, 'b) marked-lit list
 shows get-maximum-level M (mset D) = maximum-level-code D M
 by simp
fun do-resolve-step :: 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-st \Rightarrow 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-st where
do-resolve-step (Propagated L C \# Ls, N, U, k, Some D) =
  (if -L \in set \ D \land maximum-level-code \ (remove1 \ (-L) \ D) \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ Ls) = k
  then (Ls, N, U, k, Some (remdups (remove1 L C @ remove1 <math>(-L) D)))
  else (Propagated L C \# Ls, N, U, k, Some D))
do-resolve-step S = S
lemma do-resolve-step:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow do-resolve-step S \neq S
    \Rightarrow resolve S (do-resolve-step S)
proof (induction S rule: do-resolve-step.induct)
  case (1 L C M N U k D)
  then have
   LD: -L \in set \ D and
   M: maximum-level-code \ (remove1 \ (-L) \ D) \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ M) = k
   by (cases mset D - \{\#-L\#\} = \{\#\},\
       auto\ dest!:\ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}exists\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level[of\text{-}Propagated\ L\ C\ \#\ M]}
       split: if-split-asm)+
 have every-mark-is-a-conflict (Propagated L C \# M, N, U, k, Some D)
   using 1(1) unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def by fast
  then have LC: L \in set \ C by fastforce
  then obtain C' where C: mset\ C = C' + \{\#L\#\}
   by (metis add.commute in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
  obtain D' where D: mset\ D = D' + \{\#-L\#\}
   using \langle L \in set \ D \rangle by (metis add.commute in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
```

```
have D'L: D' + \{\#-L\#\} - \{\#-L\#\} = D' by (auto simp add: multiset-eq-iff)
 have CL: mset\ C - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} = mset\ C\ using\ (L \in set\ C)\ by\ (auto\ simp\ add:\ multiset-eq-iff)
 have max: get-maximum-level (Propagated L (C' + \{\#L\#\}) \# map mmset-of-mlit' M) D' = k
   using M[simplified] unfolding maximum-level-code-eq-qet-maximum-level C[symmetric] CL
   by (metis\ D\ D'L\ qet\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}map\text{-}convert\ list.simps}(9)\ mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit'.simps}(1))
  have distinct-mset (mset C) and distinct-mset (mset D)
   using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ Some \ D) \rangle
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
   by auto
  then have conf: (mset\ C - \{\#L\#\})\ \#\cup\ (mset\ D - \{\#-L\#\}) =
   remdups-mset \ (mset \ C - \{\#L\#\} + (mset \ D - \{\#-L\#\}))
   by (auto simp: distinct-mset-rempdups-union-mset)
 show ?case
   apply (rule resolve-rule)
   using LC LD max M conf C D by (auto simp: subset-mset.sup.commute)
qed auto
lemma do-resolve-step-no:
  do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ resolve\ S
 apply (cases S; cases (raw-trail S); cases raw-conflicting S)
 by (auto
   elim!: resolveE split: if-split-asm
   dest!: union-single-eq-member
   simp del: in-multiset-in-set get-maximum-level-map-convert
   simp: get-maximum-level-map-convert[symmetric] do-resolve-step)
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-resolve[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-resolve-step S)) = do-resolve-step S
 apply (rule state-of-inverse)
 apply (cases do-resolve-step S = S)
  apply simp
  by (blast dest: other resolve bj do-resolve-step cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
lemma do-resolve-step-trail-is-None[iff]:
  do\text{-resolve-step }S=(a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ None)\longleftrightarrow S=(a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ None)
 by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases) auto
Backjumping fun find-level-decomp where
find-level-decomp M \mid D \mid k = None \mid
find-level-decomp M (L \# Ls) D k =
 (case (get-level M L, maximum-level-code (D @ Ls) M) of
   (i,j) \Rightarrow \textit{if } i = k \, \land \, j < \textit{i then Some } (\mathit{L},\mathit{j}) \textit{ else find-level-decomp M Ls } (\mathit{L\#D}) \textit{ k}
lemma find-level-decomp-some:
 assumes find-level-decomp M Ls D k = Some(L, j)
 shows L \in set\ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ (remove1\ L\ (Ls\ @\ D))) = j \land get\text{-}level\ M\ L = k
 using assms
proof (induction Ls arbitrary: D)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons L' Ls) note IH = this(1) and H = this(2)
```

```
\operatorname{def} find \equiv (if \ get\text{-}level \ M \ L' \neq k \ \lor \ \neg \ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ (mset \ D + mset \ Ls) < get\text{-}level \ M \ L'
       then find-level-decomp M Ls (L' \# D) k
       else Some (L', get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ D+mset\ Ls)))
    have a1: \bigwedge D. find-level-decomp M Ls D k = Some(L, j) \Longrightarrow
         L \in set \ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ (mset \ Ls + mset \ D - \{\#L\#\}) = j \land get\text{-}level \ M \ L = k
       using IH by simp
    have a2: find = Some(L, j)
       using H unfolding find-def by (auto split: if-split-asm)
    { assume Some (L', get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ D\ +\ mset\ Ls)) \neq find}
       then have f3: L \in set\ Ls and get-maximum-level M (mset Ls + mset\ (L' \# D) - \{\#L\#\} = j
           using a1 IH a2 unfolding find-def by meson+
       moreover then have mset\ Ls + mset\ D - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\} = \{\#L'\#\} + mset\ D + (mset\ Ls
-\{\#L\#\}
           by (auto simp: ac-simps multiset-eq-iff Suc-leI)
       ultimately have f4: get-maximum-level M (mset Ls + mset D - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\}) = j
           by (metis add.commute diff-union-single-conv in-multiset-in-set mset.simps(2))
    } note f_4 = this
    have \{\#L'\#\} + (mset\ Ls + mset\ D) = mset\ Ls + (mset\ D + \{\#L'\#\})
           by (auto simp: ac-simps)
    then have
       (L = L' \longrightarrow get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (mset\ Ls + mset\ D) = j \land get\text{-}level\ M\ L' = k) and
       (L \neq L' \longrightarrow L \in set \ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ (mset \ Ls + mset \ D - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\}) = j \land M \cap \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\} + \{\#L'\#\} = j \land M \cap \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L'\#\} + \{\#L'\#
           get-level M L = k)
       using f4 a2 a1 [of L' \# D] unfolding find-def by (metis (no-types) add-diff-cancel-left'
           mset.simps(2) option.inject prod.inject union-commute)+
   then show ?case by simp
qed
lemma find-level-decomp-none:
   assumes find-level-decomp M Ls E k = None and mset (L \# D) = mset (Ls @ E)
   shows \neg(L \in set \ Ls \land get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ (mset \ D) < k \land k = get\text{-}level \ M \ L)
   using assms
proof (induction Ls arbitrary: E L D)
   case Nil
   then show ?case by simp
next
   case (Cons L' Ls) note IH = this(1) and find-none = this(2) and LD = this(3)
   have mset\ D + \{\#L'\#\} = mset\ E + (mset\ Ls + \{\#L'\#\}) \implies mset\ D = mset\ E + mset\ Ls
       by (metis add-right-imp-eq union-assoc)
    then show ?case
       using find-none IH[of L' \# E L D] LD by (auto simp add: ac-simps split: if-split-asm)
qed
fun bt-cut where
bt-cut\ i\ (Propagated - - \#\ Ls) = bt-cut\ i\ Ls\ |
bt-cut i (Marked K k # Ls) = (if k = Suc i then Some (Marked K k # Ls) else <math>bt-cut i Ls)
bt-cut i [] = None
lemma bt-cut-some-decomp:
    bt\text{-}cut\ i\ M = Some\ M' \Longrightarrow \exists\ K\ M2\ M1.\ M = M2\ @\ M' \land M' = Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1
   by (induction i M rule: bt-cut.induct) (auto split: if-split-asm)
lemma bt-cut-not-none: M = M2 @ Marked K (Suc i) \# M' \Longrightarrow bt-cut i M \neq None
   by (induction M2 arbitrary: M rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ get	ext{-}all	ext{-}marked	ext{-}decomposition	ext{-}ex:
  \exists N. (Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \ \# \ M', \ N) \in set \ (get-all-marked-decomposition \ (M2@Marked \ K \ (Suc \ i) \ \# M')
M'))
 apply (induction M2 rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
 by (rename-tac L m xs, case-tac qet-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ Marked K (Suc i) # M'))
  auto
{f lemma}\ bt	ext{-}cut	ext{-}in	ext{-}get	ext{-}all	ext{-}marked	ext{-}decomposition:
  bt-cut i M = Some M' \Longrightarrow \exists M2. (M', M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
 by (auto dest!: bt-cut-some-decomp simp add: get-all-marked-decomposition-ex)
fun do-backtrack-step where
do-backtrack-step (M, N, U, k, Some D) =
  (case find-level-decomp MD [] k of
   None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, Some D)
  | Some (L, j) \Rightarrow
   (case bt-cut j M of
     Some (Marked - - # Ls) \Rightarrow (Propagated L D # Ls, N, D # U, j, None)
    | - \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, Some D) \rangle
do-backtrack-step S = S
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert}:
  (get-all-marked-decomposition (map mmset-of-mlit' M)) =
   map (\lambda(a, b), (map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ a, map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ b)) (qet-all-marked-decomposition \ M)
 apply (induction M rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply simp
 by (rename-tac L l xs, case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition xs; auto)+
lemma do-backtrack-step:
 assumes
   db: do-backtrack-step S \neq S and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows backtrack S (do-backtrack-step S)
 proof (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S, goal-cases)
   case (1 \ M \ N \ U \ k \ E)
   then show ?case using db by auto
   case (2 M N U k E C) note S = this(1) and confl = this(2)
   have E: E = Some \ C using S confl by auto
   obtain L j where fd: find-level-decomp M C [] k = Some (L, j)
     using db unfolding S E by (cases C) (auto split: if-split-asm option.splits)
   have
     L \in set \ C \ \mathbf{and}
     j: get-maximum-level M \ (mset \ (remove1 \ L \ C)) = j \ and
     levL: qet-level M L = k
     using find-level-decomp-some[OF fd] by auto
   obtain C' where C: mset\ C = mset\ C' + \{\#L\#\}
     using \langle L \in set \ C \rangle by (metis add.commute ex-mset in-multiset-in-set insert-DiffM)
   obtain M_2 where M_2: bt-cut j M = Some M_2
     using db fd unfolding S E by (auto split: option.splits)
   obtain M1 K where M1: M_2 = Marked K (Suc j) \# M1
     using bt-cut-some-decomp[OF\ M_2] by (cases\ M_2) auto
```

```
obtain c where c: M = c @ Marked K (Suc j) # M1
      using bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition[OF <math>M_2]
      unfolding M1 by fastforce
   have get-all-levels-of-marked (map mmset-of-mlit' M) = rev [1..<Suc k]
     using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S by auto
   from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this,\ of\ \lambda a.\ Suc\ j\in set\ a]\ \mathbf{have}\ j\leq k\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ c\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
   have max-l-j: maximum-level-code <math>C'M = j
     using db fd M_2 C unfolding S E by (auto
         split: option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits
         dest!: find-level-decomp-some)[1]
   have get-maximum-level M (mset C) > k
     using \langle L \in set \ C \rangle \ levL \ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}ge\text{-}get\text{-}level} by (metis \ set\text{-}mset\text{-}mset)
   moreover have get-maximum-level M (mset C) \leq k
     using get-maximum-level-exists-lit-of-max-level[of mset CM] inv
       cdcl_W-M-level-inv-get-level-le-backtrack-lvl[of S]
     unfolding C \ cdcl_W \ -all \ -struct \ -inv \ -def \ S \ by (auto \ dest: \ sym[of \ get \ -level \ - \ -])
   ultimately have get-maximum-level M (mset C) = k by auto
   obtain M2 where M2: (M_2, M2) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition M)
     using bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition [OF M_2] by metis
   have decomp:
     (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ (get-maximum-level\ M\ (remove1-mset\ L\ (mset\ C))))\ \#\ (map\ mmset-of-mlit'\ M1),
     (map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ M2)) \in
     set (get-all-marked-decomposition (map mmset-of-mlit' M))
     using imageI[of - \lambda(a, b)]. (map mmset-of-mlit' a, map mmset-of-mlit' b), OF M2] j
     unfolding S E M1 by (auto simp add: get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert)
   have red: (reduce-trail-to (map mmset-of-mlit' M1)
     (M, N, C \# U, get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level M (remove1\text{-}mset L (mset C)), None))
     = (M1, N, C \# U, get\text{-maximum-level } M \text{ (remove 1-mset } L \text{ (mset } C)), None)
    using M2 M1 by (auto simp: reduce-trail-to)
   show ?case
     apply (rule backtrack-rule)
     using M_2 fd confl \langle L \in set \ C \rangle j decomp levL \langle get\text{-maximum-level} \ M \ (mset \ C) = k \rangle
     unfolding S E M1 apply (auto simp: mset-map)[6]
     {\bf unfolding}\ \textit{CDCL-W-Implementation.state-eq-def}
     using M_2 fd confl \langle L \in set \ C \rangle j decomp levL \langle get-maximum-level M (mset C) = k \rangle red
     unfolding S E M1
     by auto
qed
lemma map-eq-list-length:
 map\ f\ L = L' \Longrightarrow length\ L = length\ L'
 by auto
lemma map-mmset-of-mlit-eq-cons:
 assumes map mmset-of-mlit' M = a @ c
 obtains a' c' where
    M = a' @ c' and
    a = map \; mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit' \; a' \; and
    c = map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ c'
 using that [of take (length a) M drop (length a) M]
  assms by (metis append-eq-conv-conj append-take-drop-id drop-map take-map)
lemma do-backtrack-step-no:
 assumes
```

```
db: do-backtrack-step S = S and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step backtrack S
proof (rule ccontr, cases S, cases conflicting S, goal-cases)
 case 1
 then show ?case using db by (auto split: option.splits elim: backtrackE)
next
 case (2 M N U k E C) note bt = this(1) and S = this(2) and confl = this(3)
 obtain K j M1 M2 L D where
   CE: raw-conflicting S = Some D and
   LD: L \in \# mset D and
   decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ j)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) and
   levL: get-level (raw-trail S) L = raw-backtrack-lvl S and
   k: get-level (raw-trail S) L = get-maximum-level (raw-trail S) (mset D) and
   j: qet-maximum-level (raw-trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset D)) \equiv i and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L
   using bt apply clarsimp
   apply (elim backtrack-levE)
    using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply fast
   apply (cases S)
   by (auto simp add: get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert)
 obtain c where c: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (Suc j) \# M1
   using decomp by blast
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1.. < Suc\ k]
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S by auto
 from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this,\ of\ \lambda a.\ Suc\ j\in set\ a]\ \mathbf{have}\ k>j
   unfolding c by (auto simp: get-all-marked-decomposition-map-convert)
 have [simp]: L \in set D
   using LD by auto
 have CD: C = mset D
   using CE confl by auto
 obtain D' where
   E: E = Some D and
   DD': mset D = \{\#L\#\} + mset D'
   using that[of remove1 L D]
   using S CE confl LD by (auto simp add: insert-DiffM)
 have find-level-decomp MD [] k \neq None
   apply rule
   apply (drule find-level-decomp-none[of - - - L D'])
   using DD' \langle k > j \rangle mset-eq-setD S levL unfolding k[symmetric] j[symmetric]
   by (auto simp: ac-simps)
 then obtain L'j' where fd-some: find-level-decomp MD \mid k = Some(L', j')
   by (cases find-level-decomp MD [] k) auto
 have L': L' = L
   proof (rule ccontr)
    assume ¬ ?thesis
    then have L' \in \# mset (remove1 \ L \ D)
      by (metis fd-some find-level-decomp-some in-set-remove1 set-mset-mset)
    then have get-level M L' \leq get-maximum-level M (mset (remove1 L D))
      using get-maximum-level-ge-get-level by blast
    then show False using \langle k > j \rangle if find-level-decomp-some [OF fd-some] S DD' by auto
 then have j': j' = j using find-level-decomp-some [OF fd-some] j S DD' by auto
```

```
obtain c' M1' where cM: M = c' @ Marked K (Suc j) # M1'
   apply (rule map-mmset-of-mlit-eq-cons[of M c @ M2 Marked K (Suc j) \# M1])
     using c S apply simp
   apply (rule map-mmset-of-mlit-eq-cons[of - [Marked K (Suc j)] M1])
    apply auto[]
   apply (rename-tac a b' aa b, case-tac aa)
    apply auto[]
   apply (rename-tac a b' aa b, case-tac aa)
   by auto
 have btc-none: bt-cut j M \neq None
   apply (rule bt-cut-not-none[of M])
   using cM by simp
 show ?case using db unfolding S E
   by (auto split: option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits
     simp\ add: fd-some\ L'\ j'\ btc-none
     dest: bt-cut-some-decomp)
qed
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-backtrack[simp]:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows rough-state-of (state-of (do-backtrack-step S))= do-backtrack-step S
proof (rule state-of-inverse)
 have f2: backtrack S (do-backtrack-step S) \vee do-backtrack-step S = S
   using do-backtrack-step inv by blast
 have \bigwedge p. \neg cdcl_W - o S p \lor cdcl_W - all - struct - inv p
   using inv \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv other by blast
 then have do-backtrack-step S = S \lor cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (do-backtrack-step S)
   using f2 inv cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros by blast
 then show do-backtrack-step S \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S\}
   using inv by fastforce
qed
Decide fun do-decide-step where
do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None) =
 (case find-first-unused-var N (lits-of-l M) of
   None \Rightarrow (M, N, U, k, None)
 | Some L \Rightarrow (Marked L (Suc k) \# M, N, U, k+1, None)) |
do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S
lemma do-decide-step:
 fixes S :: 'v \ cdcl_W-state-inv-st
 assumes do-decide-step S \neq S
 shows decide\ S\ (do\ decide\ step\ S)
 using assms
 apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
 apply (auto split: option.splits simp add: decide.simps Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
        dest: find-first-unused-var-undefined find-first-unused-var-Some
        intro:)[1]
 fix a :: ('v, nat, 'v literal list) marked-lit list and
       b:: 'v \ literal \ list \ list \ and \ c:: 'v \ literal \ list \ list \ and
      d :: nat  and e :: 'v  literal  list  option
   fix a :: ('v, nat, 'v literal list) marked-lit list and
```

```
b:: 'v \ literal \ list \ list \ and \ \ c:: 'v \ literal \ list \ list \ and
        d :: nat \text{ and } x2 :: 'v \text{ literal and } m :: 'v \text{ literal list}
    assume a1: m \in set b
    assume x2 \in set m
    then have f2: atm\text{-}of \ x2 \in atm\text{-}of \ (mset \ m)
      by simp
    have \bigwedge f. (f m::'v clause) \in f 'set b
      using a1 by blast
    then have \bigwedge f. (atms-of\ (f\ m)::'v\ set) \subseteq atms-of-ms\ (f\ `set\ b)
      by simp
    then have \bigwedge n f. (n::'v) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms (f `set b) \lor n \notin atms\text{-}of (f m)
      by (meson\ contra-subset D)
    then have atm\text{-}of \ x2 \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ (mset \ `set \ b)
      using f2 by blast
  } note H = this
    fix m :: 'v \ literal \ list \ and \ x2
    have m \in set \ b \Longrightarrow x2 \in set \ m \Longrightarrow x2 \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ a \Longrightarrow -x2 \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ a \Longrightarrow
      \exists aa \in set \ b. \ \neg \ atm\text{-}of \ `set \ aa \subseteq atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ a
      by (meson\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}in\text{-}atm\text{-}of\text{-}set\text{-}in\text{-}uminus\ contra\text{-}subsetD\ rev\text{-}image\text{-}eq}I)
  } note H' = this
 assume do-decide-step S \neq S and
     S = (a, b, c, d, e) and
     conflicting S = None
  then show decide\ S\ (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S)
    using HH' by (auto split: option.splits simp: lits-of-def decide.simps
      Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l
      dest!: find-first-unused-var-Some)
qed
lemma mmset-of-mlit'-eq-Marked[iff]: mmset-of-mlit' z = Marked x k \longleftrightarrow z = Marked x k
  by (cases z) auto
lemma do-decide-step-no:
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S \Longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ decide\ S
  apply (cases S, cases conflicting S)
 apply (auto simp: atms-of-ms-mset-unfold Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l lits-of-def
      dest!: atm-of-in-atm-of-set-in-uminus
      elim!: decideE
      split: option.splits)+
using atm-of-eq-atm-of by blast
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-decide-step[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-decide-step S)) = do-decide-step S
proof (subst state-of-inverse, goal-cases)
  case 1
  then show ?case
    by (cases do-decide-step S = S)
      (auto dest: do-decide-step decide other intro: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)
qed simp
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-skip-step[simp]:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow rough-state-of (state-of (do-skip-step S)) = do-skip-step S
```

```
apply (subst state-of-inverse, cases do-skip-step S = S)
apply simp
by (blast dest: other skip bj do-skip-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv)+
```

20.3.3 Code generation

Type definition There are two invariants: one while applying conflict and propagate and one

```
for the other rules
declare rough-state-of-inverse[simp add]
definition Con where
  Con xs = state-of (if cdcl_W-all-struct-inv xs then xs else ([], [], [], 0, None))
lemma [code abstype]:
 Con (rough-state-of S) = S
 using rough-state-of [of S] unfolding Con-def by simp
definition do-cy-step' where
do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S = state\text{-}of (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S))
typedef'v\ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state = \{S:: v\ cdcl_W-state-inv-st. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  \land cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (raw\text{-}S0\text{-}cdcl_W (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss S)) S
 morphisms rough-state-from-init-state-of state-from-init-state-of
proof
  show ([],[], [], \theta, None) \in \{S. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \}
    \land cdcl_W \text{-}stgy^{**} (raw\text{-}S0\text{-}cdcl_W (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss S)) S
    by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
qed
instantiation cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state :: (type) equal
begin
definition equal-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-from-init-state :: 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow
  v \ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
 equal\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}inv\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\ S\ S'\longleftrightarrow
   (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S=rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S')
instance
  by standard (simp add: rough-state-from-init-state-of-inject
    equal-cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state-def)
end
definition ConI where
  ConI S = state-from-init-state-of (if cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S)
    \land cdcl_W-stgy** (raw-S0-cdcl<sub>W</sub> (raw-init-clss S)) S then S else ([], [], [], 0, None))
lemma [code abstype]:
  ConI (rough-state-from-init-state-of S) = S
  using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] unfolding ConI-def
  by (simp add: rough-state-from-init-state-of-inverse)
definition id-of-I-to :: 'v cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state \Rightarrow 'v cdcl_W-state-inv where
id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\ S = state\text{-}of\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)
lemma [code abstract]:
  rough-state-of (id-of-I-to S) = rough-state-from-init-state-of S
  unfolding id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\text{-}def using rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of[of S]} by auto
```

```
Conflict and Propagate function do-full1-cp-step :: 'v \ cdcl_W-state-inv \Rightarrow 'v \ cdcl_W-sta
where
do-full1-cp-step S =
   (let S' = do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S in
     if S = S' then S else do-full1-cp-step S')
by auto
termination
proof (relation \{(T', T). (rough\text{-state-of } T', rough\text{-state-of } T) \in \{(S', S).
   (S', S) \in \{(S', S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \land cdcl_W - cp \ S \ S'\}\}\}, \ goal - cases)
   case 1
   show ?case
       using wf-if-measure-f[OF\ wf-if-measure-f[OF\ cdcl_W-cp-wf-all-inv, of ], of rough-state-of].
\mathbf{next}
    case (2 S' S)
   then show ?case
       unfolding do-cp-step'-def
       apply simp
       by (metis\ cp\text{-}step\text{-}is\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}inverse})
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}fix\text{-}point\text{-}of\text{-}do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{:}
    do-cp-step(rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S)) = rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S)
   by (rule do-full1-cp-step.induct[of \lambda S. do-cp-step(rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
             = rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step S)])
       (metis (full-types) do-full1-cp-step.elims rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step do-cp-step'-def)
{f lemma} in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct:
    c \in set \ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S) \ @ \ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S)) \implies distinct \ c
   apply (cases rough-state-of S)
   using rough-state-of [of S] by (auto simp add: distinct-mset-set-distinct cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
       distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
lemma do-full1-cp-step-full:
   full\ cdcl_W-cp (rough-state-of S)
       (rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ S))
    unfolding full-def
proof (rule conjI, induction S rule: do-full1-cp-step.induct)
   case (1 S)
   then have f1:
           cdcl_W-cp^{**} ((do-cp-step (rough-state-of S))) (
                (rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ (state-of\ (do-cp-step\ (rough-state-of\ S))))))
           \vee state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) = S
       using rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step[of S] unfolding do-cp-step'-def by fastforce
   have f2: \land c. (if c = state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of c))
             then c else do-full1-cp-step (state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of c))))
         = do-full1-cp-step c
       by (metis (full-types) do-cp-step'-def do-full1-cp-step.simps)
    have f3: \neg cdcl_W - cp \ (rough-state-of S) \ (do-cp-step \ (rough-state-of S))
       \vee state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) = S
       \vee cdcl_W - cp^{++} (rough-state-of S)
               (rough-state-of\ (do-full1-cp-step\ (state-of\ (do-cp-step\ (rough-state-of\ S)))))
       using f1 by (meson rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
    { assume do-full1-cp-step S \neq S
       then have do-cp-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
               \longrightarrow cdcl_W - cp^{**} \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S) \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ S))
```

```
\lor do\text{-}cp\text{-}step \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S) \neq rough\text{-}state\text{-}of \ S
       \land state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) \neq S
     using f2 f1 by (metis (no-types))
   then have do-cp-step (rough-state-of S) \neq rough-state-of S
      \land state-of (do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)) \neq S
     \vee \ cdcl_W - cp^{**} \ (rough-state-of \ S) \ (rough-state-of \ (do-full1-cp-step \ S))
     by (metis rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step)
   then have cdcl_W-cp^{**} (rough-state-of S) (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
     using f3 f2 by (metis (no-types) cp-step-is-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp tranclp-into-rtranclp) }
  then show ?case
   by fastforce
next
 show no-step cdcl_W-cp (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
   apply (rule do-cp-step-eq-no-step[OF do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step[of S]])
   using in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct unfolding do-cp-step'-def by blast
qed
lemma [code abstract]:
rough-state-of (do-cp-step' S) = do-cp-step (rough-state-of S)
unfolding do-cp-step'-def by auto
The other rules fun do-other-step where
do-other-step S =
  (let T = do-skip-step S in
    if T \neq S
    then T
    else
      (let \ U = do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step \ T \ in
      if U \neq T
      then U else
      (let V = do-backtrack-step U in
      if V \neq U then V else do-decide-step V)))
lemma do-other-step:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
  st: do\text{-}other\text{-}step \ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-o S (do-other-step S)
  using st inv by (auto split: if-split-asm
   simp add: Let-def
   intro: do-skip-step do-resolve-step do-backtrack-step do-decide-step
    cdcl_W-o.intros cdcl_W-bj.intros)
lemma do-other-step-no:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
 st: do-other-step S = S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-o S
 using st inv by (auto split: if-split-asm elim: cdcl_W-bjE
   simp\ add: Let-def cdcl_W-bj.simps\ elim!: cdcl_W-o.cases
   dest!: do-skip-step-no do-resolve-step-no do-backtrack-step-no do-decide-step-no)
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-other-step[simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (do-other-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-other-step (rough-state-of S)
proof (cases do-other-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S)
 case True
 then show ?thesis by simp
```

```
next
  case False
 have cdcl_W-o (rough-state-of S) (do-other-step (rough-state-of S))
   by (metis False cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state do-other-step[of rough-state-of S])
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (do-other-step (rough-state-of S))
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state other by blast
  then show ?thesis
   by (simp add: CollectI state-of-inverse)
qed
definition do-other-step' where
do-other-step' S =
  state-of\ (do-other-step\ (rough-state-of\ S))
lemma rough-state-of-do-other-step'[code abstract]:
rough-state-of (do-other-step' S) = do-other-step (rough-state-of S)
apply (cases do-other-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S)
  unfolding do-other-step'-def apply simp
using do-other-step[of rough-state-of S] by (auto intro: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
  cdcl_W\textit{-}all\textit{-}struct\textit{-}inv\textit{-}rough\textit{-}state\textit{ other state-of-inverse})
definition do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step where
do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S =
  (let \ T = \textit{do-full1-cp-step } S \ \textit{in}
    if T \neq S
    then T
    else
      (let \ U = (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ T)\ in
       (do-full1-cp-step\ U)))
definition do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' where
do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' S = state-from-init-state-of (rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (id-of-I-to S)))
lemma toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq: do-full1-cp-step S \neq S \Longrightarrow
   rough-state-of S \neq rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)
proof -
 assume a1: do-full1-cp-step S \neq S
  then have S \neq do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S
   by fastforce
 then show ?thesis
   by (metis (no-types) do-cp-step'-def do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step
     rough-state-of-inverse)
qed
do-full1-cp-step should not be unfolded anymore:
declare do-full1-cp-step.simps[simp del]
Correction of the transformation lemma do-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
 assumes do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S \neq S
 shows cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-of S) (rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step S))
proof (cases do-full1-cp-step S = S)
 case False
 then show ?thesis
   using assms do-full1-cp-step-full[of S] unfolding full-unfold do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy.intros dest: toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq)
```

```
next
  case True
 have cdcl_W-o (rough-state-of S) (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S))
   by (smt\ True\ assms\ cdcl_W\ -all\ -struct\ -inv\ -rough\ -state\ do\ -cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -step\ -def\ do\ -other\ -step
     rough-state-of-do-other-step' rough-state-of-inverse)
  moreover
   have
     np: no-step propagate (rough-state-of S) and
     nc: no-step conflict (rough-state-of S)
       apply (metis True cdcl_W-cp.simps do-cp-step-eq-no-step
         do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step in-clauses-rough-state-of-is-distinct)
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{True}\ \mathit{do-conflict-step-no-step}\ \mathit{do-cp-step-eq-no-prop-no-confl}
       do-full1-cp-step-fix-point-of-do-full1-cp-step)
   then have no-step cdcl_W-cp (rough-state-of S)
     by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.simps)
 moreover have full cdcl_W-cp (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S))
   (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\ S)))
   using do-full1-cp-step-full by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using assms True unfolding do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy.other' dest: toS-do-full1-cp-step-not-eq)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{do-skip-step-trail-changed-or-conflict}:
 assumes d: do-other-step S \neq S
 and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows trail S \neq trail (do-other-step S)
proof -
 have M: \bigwedge M \ K \ M1 \ c. \ M = c @ K \# M1 \Longrightarrow Suc (length M1) \leq length M
   by auto
 have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have cdcl_W-o S (do-other-step S) using do-other-step [OF inv d].
  then show ?thesis
   using \langle cdcl_W \text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv S \rangle
   proof (induction do-other-step S rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o-induct-lev2)
     case decide
     then show ?thesis
       apply (cases S)
       apply (auto dest!: find-first-unused-var-Some
         simp: split: option.splits)
       by (meson atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set contra-subsetD)
   next
   case (skip)
   then show ?case
     by (cases S; cases do-other-step S) force
   next
     case (resolve)
     then show ?case
       by (cases S, cases do-other-step S) force
   next
      case (backtrack K i M1 M2 L D) note decomp = this(1) and confl-S = this(3) and undef =
this(6)
       and U = this(7)
     then show ?case
```

```
apply (cases do-other-step S)
       apply (auto split: if-split-asm simp: Let-def)
           apply (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases; auto split: if-split-asm)
          apply (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases; auto split: if-split-asm)
          apply (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases;
            auto split: if-split-asm option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits
              dest!: bt-cut-some-decomp simp: Let-def)
       using d apply (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases; auto split: option.splits)
       done
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}induct:
  (\bigwedge S. (S \neq do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S) \Longrightarrow P (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step' S)) \Longrightarrow P S) \Longrightarrow P a0
  {f using}\ do	ext{-}full 1	ext{-}cp	ext{-}step.induct\ {f by}\ met is
lemma do-cp-step-neg-trail-increase:
  \exists c. \ raw\text{-trail} \ (do\text{-}cp\text{-}step \ S) = c \ @ \ raw\text{-}trail \ S \ \land (\forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ m)
  by (cases S, cases raw-conflicting S)
     (auto simp add: do-cp-step-def do-conflict-step-def do-propagate-step-def split: option.splits)
lemma do-full 1-cp-step-neq-trail-increase:
  \exists c. raw\text{-}trail (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step S)) = c @ raw\text{-}trail (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S)
   \land (\forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ m)
 apply (induction rule: do-full1-cp-step-induct)
  apply (rename-tac S, case-tac do-cp-step' S = S)
   apply (simp add: do-full1-cp-step.simps)
  by (smt Un-iff append-assoc do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-neq-trail-increase do-full1-cp-step.simps
   rough-state-of-state-of-do-cp-step set-append)
lemma do-cp-step-conflicting:
  conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq None \Longrightarrow do-cp-step' S = S
  unfolding do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-def by simp
lemma do-full1-cp-step-conflicting:
  conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq None \Longrightarrow do-full1-cp-step S = S
  unfolding do-cp-step'-def do-cp-step-def
  apply (induction rule: do-full1-cp-step-induct)
  by (rename-tac S, case-tac S \neq do-cp-step' S)
  (auto simp add: do-full1-cp-step.simps do-cp-step-conflicting)
{\bf lemma}\ do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide\text{:}}
  assumes
    conflicting S = None  and
    do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S \neq S
  shows Suc (length (filter is-marked (raw-trail S)))
    = length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (do-decide-step S)))
  using assms unfolding do-other-step'-def
  by (cases S) (force simp: Let-def split: if-split-asm option.splits
     dest!: find-first-unused-var-Some-not-all-incl)
lemma do-decide-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide-bt:
  assumes conflicting S \neq None and
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S \neq S
```

```
shows length (filter is-marked (raw-trail S)) <
   length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (do-decide-step S)))
 using assms unfolding do-other-step'-def by (cases S, cases conflicting S)
   (auto simp add: Let-def split: if-split-asm option.splits)
lemma do-other-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide-bt:
 assumes
   conflicting (rough-state-of S) \neq None and
   conflicting (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)) = None  and
   do-other-step' S \neq S
 shows length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of S)))
   > length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S))))
proof (cases S, goal-cases)
 case (1 \ y) note S = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 obtain M N U k E where y: y = (M, N, U, k, Some E)
   using assms(1) S inv by (cases y, cases conflicting y) auto
 have M: rough-state-of (state-of (M, N, U, k, Some E)) = (M, N, U, k, Some E)
   using inv y by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
 have bt: do-other-step' S = state-of (do-backtrack-step (rough-state-of S))
   proof (cases rough-state-of S rule: do-decide-step.cases)
     case 1
     then show ?thesis
       using assms(1,2) by auto[]
   next
     case (2 \ v \ vb \ vd \ vf \ vh)
     have f3: \land c. (if do-skip-step (rough-state-of c) \neq rough-state-of c
       then do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)
       else if do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)) \neq do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)
           then do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c))
           else if do-backtrack-step (do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)))
            \neq do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c))
           then do-backtrack-step (do-resolve-step (do-skip-step (rough-state-of c)))
           else do-decide-step (do-backtrack-step (do-resolve-step
            (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ c)))))
      = rough\text{-}state\text{-}of (do\text{-}other\text{-}step' c)
      by (simp add: rough-state-of-do-other-step')
       (raw-trail\ (rough-state-of\ (do-other-step'\ S)),
       raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)),
        raw-learned-clss (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)),
        raw-backtrack-lvl (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S)), None)
      = rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)
      using assms(2) by (cases do-other-step' S) auto
     then show ?thesis
      using f3 2 by (metis (no-types) do-decide-step.simps(2) do-resolve-step-trail-is-None
        do-skip-step-trail-is-None rough-state-of-inverse)
   qed
 \mathbf{show} ? case
   using assms(2) S unfolding bt y inv
   apply simp
   by (auto simp add: M bt-cut-not-none
        split: option.splits
        dest!: bt-cut-some-decomp)
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}other\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide:}
 assumes conflicting (rough-state-of S) = None and
  do-other-step' S \neq S
 shows 1 + length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of S)))
   = length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step'S))))
proof (cases S, goal-cases)
 case (1 \ y) note S = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 obtain M \ N \ U \ k where y: \ y = (M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ None) using assms(1) \ S \ inv by (cases \ y) auto
 have M: rough-state-of (state-of (M, N, U, k, None)) = (M, N, U, k, None)
   using inv y by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
 have state-of (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None)) \neq state\text{-}of\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ k,\ None)
   using assms(2) unfolding do-other-step'-def y inv S by (auto simp add: M)
  then have f_4: do-skip-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (full-types) do-skip-step.simps(4))
 have f5: do-resolve-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (no-types) do-resolve-step.simps(4))
  have f6: do-backtrack-step (rough-state-of S) = rough-state-of S
   unfolding S M y by (metis (no-types) do-backtrack-step.simps(2))
  have do-other-step (rough-state-of S) \neq rough-state-of S
   using assms(2) unfolding S M y do-other-step'-def by (metis\ (no-types))
  then show ?case
   using f6 f5 f4 by (simp add: assms(1) do-decide-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide
     do-other-step'-def)
qed
lemma rough-state-of-state-of-do-skip-step-rough-state-of[simp]:
 rough-state-of (state-of (do-skip-step (rough-state-of S))) = do-skip-step (rough-state-of S)
 by (smt do-other-step.simps rough-state-of-inverse rough-state-of-state-of-do-other-step)
lemma conflicting-do-resolve-step-iff[iff]:
  conflicting\ (do-resolve-step\ S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S = None
 by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases)
  (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma conflicting-do-skip-step-iff[iff]:
  conflicting\ (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S = None
  by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases)
    (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma conflicting-do-decide-step-iff[iff]:
  conflicting\ (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S) = None \longleftrightarrow conflicting\ S = None
  by (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases)
    (auto simp add: Let-def split: option.splits)
lemma conflicting-do-backtrack-step-imp[simp]:
  do-backtrack-step S \neq S \Longrightarrow conflicting (do-backtrack-step S) = None
 by (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases)
    (auto simp add: Let-def split: list.splits option.splits marked-lit.splits)
lemma do-skip-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow trail\ (do\text{-}skip\text{-}step\ S) = trail\ S
 by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}iff\text{-}trail\text{-}eq\text{:}
  do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow trail\ (do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\ S) = trail\ S
```

```
by (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases) (auto split: option.split)
lemma do-backtrack-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do-backtrack-step S = S \longleftrightarrow raw-trail (do-backtrack-step S) = raw-trail S
  by (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases)
     (auto split: option.split list.splits marked-lit.splits
       dest!: bt-cut-in-get-all-marked-decomposition)
lemma do-resolve-step-eq-iff-trail-eq:
  do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow trail\ (do\text{-}resolve\text{-}step\ S) = trail\ S
  by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}other\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}iff\text{-}trail\text{-}eq\text{:}
  do\text{-}other\text{-}step\ S = S \longleftrightarrow raw\text{-}trail\ (do\text{-}other\text{-}step\ S) = raw\text{-}trail\ S
  apply
  (auto simp add: Let-def do-skip-step-eq-iff-trail-eq
    do-decide-step-eq-iff-trail-eq do-backtrack-step-eq-iff-trail-eq
    do-resolve-step-eq-iff-trail-eq
  apply (simp add: do-resolve-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric]
     do-skip-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric])
  apply (simp add: do-skip-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric]
    do\text{-}decide\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}iff\text{-}trail\text{-}eq \ }do\text{-}backtrack\text{-}step\text{-}eq\text{-}iff\text{-}trail\text{-}eq[symmetric]}
    do-resolve-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric]
  done
\mathbf{lemma}\ do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\text{-}normal\text{-}form[dest!]}:
  assumes H: do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step (do\text{-}other\text{-}step' S) = S
 shows do-other-step' S = S \land do-full1-cp-step S = S
proof -
 let ?T = do\text{-}other\text{-}step' S
  { assume confl: conflicting (rough-state-of ?T) \neq None
    then have tr: trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T)) = trail (rough-state-of ?T)
      using do-full1-cp-step-conflicting by fastforce
    have raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step (do-other-step' S))) =
      raw-trail (rough-state-of S)
      using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ H,\ of\ \lambda S.\ raw\text{-}trail\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)].
    then have raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S)) = raw-trail (rough-state-of S)
       using confl by (auto simp add: do-full1-cp-step-conflicting)
    then have do-other-step' S = S
      by (simp add: do-other-step-eq-iff-trail-eq[symmetric] do-other-step'-def
        del: do-other-step.simps)
  }
  moreover {
    assume eq[simp]: do\text{-}other\text{-}step' S = S
    obtain c where c: raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)) =
      c @ raw-trail (rough-state-of S)
      using do-full1-cp-step-neq-trail-increase by auto
    moreover have raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S)) = raw-trail (rough-state-of S)
      using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ H,\ of\ \lambda S.\ raw\text{-}trail\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S)]} by simp
    finally have c = [] by blast
    then have do-full1-cp-step S = S using assms by auto
```

```
}
  moreover {
   assume confl: conflicting (rough-state-of ?T) = None and neq: do-other-step' S \neq S
   obtain c where
     c: raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T)) = c \otimes raw-trail (rough-state-of ?T) and
     nm: \forall m \in set \ c. \ \neg \ is\text{-}marked \ m
     using do-full1-cp-step-neq-trail-increase by auto
   have length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step ?T))))
      = length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of ?T)))
     using nm unfolding c by force
   moreover have length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of S)))
      \neq length (filter is-marked (raw-trail (rough-state-of ?T)))
     using do-other-step-not-conflicting-one-more-decide[OF - neq]
      do\text{-}other\text{-}step\text{-}not\text{-}conflicting\text{-}one\text{-}more\text{-}decide\text{-}bt[of\ S,\ OF\ -\ confl\ neq]}
     by linarith
   finally have False unfolding H by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-no:
  assumes S: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ S = S
  shows no-step cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-of S)
proof -
  {
   fix S'
   assume full1 cdcl_W-cp (rough-state-of S) S'
   then have False
     using do-full1-cp-step-full[of S] unfolding full-def S rtranclp-unfold full1-def
     by (smt \ assms \ do-cdcl_W-stgy-step-def \ tranclpD)
  }
  moreover {
   fix S' S''
   assume cdcl_W-o (rough-state-of S) S' and
    no\text{-}step\ propagate\ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\ S) and
    no-step conflict (rough-state-of S) and
    full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ S''
   then have False
     using assms unfolding do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\text{-}def
     \mathbf{by} \ (smt \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}rough\text{-}state \ do\text{-}full1\text{-}cp\text{-}step\text{-}do\text{-}other\text{-}step'\text{-}normal\text{-}}form
        do-other-step-no rough-state-of-do-other-step')
  }
 ultimately show ?thesis using assms by (force simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
\mathbf{lemma}\ to S-rough-state-of\text{-}state-of\text{-}rough-state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of[simp]:
  rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
    = rough-state-from-init-state-of S
 using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by (auto simp add: state-of-inverse)
lemma cdcl_W-cp-is-rtrancl_P-cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp S T <math>\Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-cp.induct)
  using conflict apply blast
  using propagate by blast
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W: cdcl_W-cp^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ S \ T
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
  by (fastforce dest!: cdcl_W-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>:
  cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
  using cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W apply blast
  unfolding full-def by (fastforce dest!:other rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
\mathbf{lemma} \ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}init\text{-}clss: } \ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \ cdcl_W\text{-}M\text{-}level\text{-}inv \ S \Longrightarrow \ init\text{-}clss \ S = init\text{-}clss \ T
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W by fast
lemma clauses-toS-rough-state-of-do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-step[simp]:
  init-clss (rough-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))))
    = init\text{-}clss (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of S) (is - = init\text{-}clss ?S)
proof (cases do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step (state-of ?S) = state-of ?S)
  case True
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False
  have \bigwedge c. \ cdcl_W-M-level-inv (rough-state-of c)
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-rough-state by blast
  then have \wedge c. init-clss (rough-state-of c) = init-clss (rough-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-step c))
    \lor do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\ c=c
   using cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step by blast
  then show ?thesis
   using False by force
qed
lemma raw-init-clss-do-cp-step[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (do-cp-step S) = raw-init-clss S
 by (cases S) (auto simp: do-cp-step-def do-propagate-step-def do-conflict-step-def
  split: option.splits)
lemma raw-init-clss-do-cp-step'[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-cp-step' S)) = raw-init-clss (rough-state-of S)
  by (simp add: do-cp-step'-def)
lemma raw-init-clss-rough-state-of-do-full1-cp-step[simp]:
 raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
 = raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S)
 apply (rule do-full1-cp-step.induct| of \lambda S.
    raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-full1-cp-step S))
 = raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S)])
 by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) do-full1-cp-step.simps raw-init-clss-do-cp-step')
lemma raw-init-clss-do-skip-def[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (do-skip-step S) = raw-init-clss S
  by (cases S rule: do-skip-step.cases) (auto simp: do-other-step'-def Let-def
  split: option.splits)
lemma raw-init-clss-do-resolve-def[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (do-resolve-step S) = raw-init-clss S
  by (cases S rule: do-resolve-step.cases) (auto simp: do-other-step'-def Let-def
```

```
split: option.splits)
lemma raw-init-clss-do-backtrack-def[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (do-backtrack-step S) = raw-init-clss S
 by (cases S rule: do-backtrack-step.cases) (auto simp: do-other-step'-def Let-def
  split: option.splits list.splits marked-lit.splits)
lemma raw-init-clss-do-decide-def[simp]:
  raw-init-clss (do-decide-step S) = raw-init-clss S
 by (cases S rule: do-decide-step.cases) (auto simp: do-other-step'-def Let-def
  split: option.splits)
lemma raw-init-clss-rough-state-of-do-other-step'[simp]:
 raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-other-step' S))
 = raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of S)
 by (cases S) (auto simp: do-other-step'-def Let-def do-skip-step.cases
 split: option.splits)
lemma [simp]:
  raw-init-clss (rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))))
 raw-init-clss (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
 unfolding do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step\text{-}def by (auto\ simp:\ Let\text{-}def)
lemma rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'[code abstract]:
rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S) =
  rough-state-of (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (id-of-I-to S))
proof -
 let ?S = (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of S)
 have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (raw-S0-cdcl_W (raw-init-clss (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)))
   (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
   using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
 moreover have cdcl_W-stgy^{**}
                (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S)
                (rough-state-of\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step))
                  (state-of\ (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ S))))
    using do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step[of\ state\text{-}of\ ?S]
    by (cases\ do-cdcl_W-stgy-step\ (state-of\ ?S) = state-of\ ?S) auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
   unfolding do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step'-def id-of-I-to-def
   by (auto intro: state-from-init-state-of-inverse)
qed
All rules together
                          function do-all-cdcl_W-stgy where
do-all-cdcl_W-stqy S =
 (let \ T = do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ S\ in
 if T = S then S else do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy T)
by fast+
termination
proof (relation \{(T, S).
   (cdcl_W-measure (rough-state-from-init-state-of T),
   cdcl_W-measure (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
     \in lexn less-than 3, goal-cases)
 case 1
```

```
show ?case by (rule wf-if-measure-f) (auto intro!: wf-lexn wf-less)
next
  case (2 S T) note T = this(1) and ST = this(2)
  let ?S = rough-state-from-init-state-of S
  have S: cdcl_W - stgy^{**} (raw - S0 - cdcl_W (raw - init - clss ?S)) ?S
   using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
  moreover have cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
    (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ T)
   proof -
     have \bigwedge c. rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of c)) =
       rough-state-from-init-state-of c
       using rough-state-from-init-state-of by force
     then have do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step (state\text{-}of (rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of S))
       \neq state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
       using ST T rough-state-from-init-state-of-inverse
       unfolding id-of-I-to-def do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step'-def
       by fastforce
     from do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step[OF this] show ?thesis
       by (simp\ add:\ T\ id\text{-}of\text{-}I\text{-}to\text{-}def\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}do\text{-}cdcl}_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step')
   qed
  moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
     using rough-state-from-init-state-of [of S] by auto
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (raw-S0-cdcl_W (raw-init-clss (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)))
     by (cases rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
        (auto simp add: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def)
  ultimately show ?case
   by (auto intro!: cdcl_W-stgy-step-decreasing[of - - raw-S0-cdcl_W (raw-init-clss ?S)]
     simp\ del:\ cdcl_W-measure.simps)
qed
thm do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.induct
lemma do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-induct:
  (\bigwedge S. (do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ S \neq S \Longrightarrow P\ (do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ S)) \Longrightarrow P\ S) \Longrightarrow P\ a0
 using do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.induct by metis
lemma [simp]: raw-init-clss (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stay S)) =
  raw-init-clss (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
  apply (induction rule: do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-induct)
  by (smt\ do\ all\ -cdcl_W\ -stgy\ .simps\ do\ -cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -step\ -def\ id\ -of\ -I\ -to\ -def
   raw-init-clss-rough-state-of-do-full1-cp-step raw-init-clss-rough-state-of-do-other-step'
   rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'
   toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of)
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-all:
 fixes S :: 'a \ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state
  shows no-step cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy S))
 apply (induction S rule: do-all-cdcl_W-stqy-induct)
  apply (rename-tac S, case-tac do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S \neq S)
proof -
  \mathbf{fix} \ Sa :: 'a \ cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state
  assume a1: \neg do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' Sa \neq Sa
  { fix pp
   have (if True then Sa else do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy Sa) = do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy Sa
```

```
using a1 by auto
   then have \neg cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy Sa)) pp
     using a1 by (smt do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step-no id-of-I-to-def
       rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' rough-state-of-inverse) }
  then show no-step cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy Sa))
   by fastforce
next
 \mathbf{fix} \ \mathit{Sa} \ :: \ 'a \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-state-inv-from-init-state}
 assume a1: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ Sa \neq Sa
   \implies no-step cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-from-init-state-of
     (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'\ Sa)))
 assume a2: do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step' Sa \neq Sa
 have do\text{-}all\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ Sa = do\text{-}all\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ (do\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}step'\ Sa)}
   by (metis (full-types) do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
 then show no-step cdcl_W-stqy (rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl_W-stqy Sa))
   using a2 a1 by presburger
qed
lemma do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
   (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ (do-all-cdcl_W-stgy\ S))
proof (induction S rule: do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-induct)
 case (1 S) note IH = this(1)
 show ?case
   proof (cases do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-step' S = S)
     case True
     then show ?thesis by simp
   next
     case False
     have f2: do-cdcl_W-stgy-step (id-of-I-to\ S) = id-of-I-to\ S \longrightarrow
       rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step' S)
       = rough-state-of (state-of (rough-state-from-init-state-of S))
       unfolding rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'
       id-of-I-to-def by presburger
     have f3: do-all-cdcl_W-stgy \ S = do-all-cdcl_W-stgy \ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step' \ S)
       by (metis\ (full-types)\ do-all-cdcl_W-stgy.simps)
     have cdcl_W-stqy (rough-state-from-init-state-of S)
         (rough-state-from-init-state-of\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step'\ S))
       = cdcl_W-stgy (rough-state-of (id-of-I-to S))
         (rough-state-of\ (do-cdcl_W-stgy-step\ (id-of-I-to\ S)))
       unfolding id-of-I-to-def rough-state-from-init-state-of-do-cdcl_W-stay-step'
       toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of by presburger
     then show ?thesis
       using f3 f2 IH do-cdcl_W-stgy-step
       by (smt\ False\ toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of\ tranclp.intros(1)
         tranclp-into-rtranclp transitive-closurep-trans'(2))
   qed
qed
Final theorem:
lemma consistent-interp-mmset-of-mlit[simp]:
  consistent-interp (lit-of 'mmset-of-mlit' 'set M') \longleftrightarrow
  consistent\hbox{-}interp\ (lit\hbox{-}of\ `set\ M')
 by (auto simp: image-image)
```

```
lemma DPLL-tot-correct:
 assumes
   r: rough-state-from-init-state-of (do-all-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy (state-from-init-state-of
     (([], map\ remdups\ N, [], \theta, None)))) = S and
   S: (M', N', U', k, E) = S
 shows (E \neq Some \mid \land satisfiable (set (map mset N)))
   \vee (E = Some [] \wedge unsatisfiable (set (map mset N)))
proof -
 let ?N = map \ remdups \ N
 have inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ([], map remdups N, [], 0, None)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-state-def distinct-mset-set-def by auto
  then have S0: rough-state-of (state-of ([], map remdups N, [], 0, None))
   = ([], map \ remdups \ N, [], \theta, None) \ \mathbf{by} \ simp
 have 1: full cdcl_W-stgy ([], ?N, [], 0, None) S
   unfolding full-def apply rule
     using do-all-cdcl_W-stgy-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy[of
       state-from-init-state-of ([], map remdups N, [], 0, None)] inv
       by (auto simp del: do-all-cdcl_W-stqy.simps simp: state-from-init-state-of-inverse
        r[symmetric] no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all)+
 moreover have 2: finite (set (map mset ?N)) by auto
  moreover have 3: distinct-mset-set (set (map mset ?N))
    unfolding distinct-mset-set-def by auto
  moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
     by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}rough\text{-}state\ }r
       toS-rough-state-of-state-of-rough-state-from-init-state-of)
   then have cons: consistent-interp (lits-of-l M')
     unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def S[symmetric]
     by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
 moreover
   have [simp]:
     rough-state-from-init-state-of (state-from-init-state-of (raw-S0-cdcl<sub>W</sub> (map remdups N)))
     = raw-S0-cdcl_W \ (map \ remdups \ N)
     apply (rule cdcl_W-state-inv-from-init-state.state-from-init-state-of-inverse)
     using 3 by (auto simp: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
       image-image comp-def)
   have raw-init-clss ([], ?N, [], \theta, None) = raw-init-clss S
     using arg-cong[OF\ r,\ of\ raw-init-clss] unfolding S[symmetric]
     \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ del:\ do\text{-}all\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.simps)
   then have N': N' = map \ remdups \ N
     using S[symmetric] by auto
 have conflicting S = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S)) \lor
   conflicting S = None \land (case \ S \ of \ (M, \ uu-) \Rightarrow map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ M) \models asm \ init-clss \ S
   apply (rule full-cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive)
       using 1 apply simp
      using 2 apply simp
     using 3 by simp
  then have (E \neq Some \mid \land satisfiable (set (map mset ?N)))
   \vee (E = Some [] \wedge unsatisfiable (set (map mset ?N)))
   using cons unfolding S[symmetric] N' apply (auto simp: comp-def)
   by (simp add: true-annots-true-cls)
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed
```

The Code The SML code is skipped in the documentation, but stays to ensure that some version of the exported code is working. The only difference between the generated code and the one used here is the export of the constructor ConI.

end

21 Merging backjump rules

theory CDCL-W-Merge imports CDCL-W-Termination begin

Before showing that Weidenbach's CDCL is included in NOT's CDCL, we need to work on a variant of Weidenbach's calculus: conflict-driven-clause- $learning_W$.conflict, conflict-driven-clause- $learning_W$.resolve conflict-driven-clause- $learning_W$.skip, and conflict-driven-clause- $learning_W$.backtrack have to be done in a single step since they have a single counterpart in NOTs CDCL.

We show that this new calculus has the same final states than Weidenbach's CDCL if the calculus starts in a state such that the invariant holds and no conflict has been found yet. The latter condition holds for initial state.

21.1 Inclusion of the states

```
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
begin
declare cdcl_W.intros[intro] cdcl_W-bj.intros[intro] cdcl_W-o.intros[intro]
lemma backtrack-no-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes cdcl: cdcl_W-bj T U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv V
 shows \neg backtrack\ V\ T
 using cdcl inv
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct)
   apply (elim\ skipE, force\ elim!: backtrack-levE[OF\ -\ inv]\ simp:\ cdcl_W\ -M\ -level\ -inv\ -def)
  apply (elim resolve E, force elim!: backtrack-lev E[OF - inv] simp: cdcl_W - M-level-inv-def)
 apply standard
 apply (elim \ backtrack-levE[OF - inv], \ elim \ backtrackE)
 apply (force simp del: state-simp simp add: state-eq-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-decomp)
 done
inductive skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool \text{ where}
s-or-r-skip[intro]: skip S T \Longrightarrow skip-or-resolve S T
s-or-r-resolve[intro]: resolve S T \Longrightarrow skip-or-resolve S T
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-skip-or-resolve-backtrack:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows skip-or-resolve** S \ U \lor (\exists \ T. \ skip-or-resolve** S \ T \land backtrack \ T \ U)
 using assms
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
  case (step U V) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 consider
```

```
(SU) S = U
   | (SUp) \ cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ S \ U
   using st unfolding rtranclp-unfold by blast
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case SUp
     have \bigwedge T. skip-or-resolve** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
       using mono-rtranclp[of skip-or-resolve cdcl_W]
       by (blast intro: skip-or-resolve.cases)
     then have skip-or-resolve** S U
       using bj IH inv backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv[OF - inv] by meson
     then show ?thesis
      using bj by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps dest!: skip-or-resolve.intros)
     case SU
     then show ?thesis
      using bj by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps dest!: skip-or-resolve.intros)
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} \ S \ T
 by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 (auto dest!: cdcl_W-bj.intros cdcl_W.intros cdcl_W-o.intros simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
definition backjump-l-cond :: 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause \Rightarrow 'v literal \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
backjump-l-cond \equiv \lambda C C' L' S T. True
definition inv_{NOT} :: 'st \Rightarrow bool  where
inv_{NOT} \equiv \lambda S. \text{ no-dup (trail } S)
declare inv_{NOT}-def[simp]
\mathbf{context}\ \mathit{conflict-driven-clause-learning}_{W}
begin
21.2
         More lemmas conflict-propagate and backjumping
21.2.1
           Termination
lemma cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 obtains T where full cdcl_W-cp S T
  using assms cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
thm backtrackE
lemma cdcl_W-bj-measure:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj S T and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows length (trail\ S) + (if\ conflicting\ S = None\ then\ 0\ else\ 1)
   > length (trail T) + (if conflicting T = None then 0 else 1)
  using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_W-bj.induct)
  (force dest:arg-cong[of - - length]
   intro:\ get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
   elim!: backtrack-levE skipE resolveE
   simp: cdcl_W - M - level - inv - def) +
```

```
lemma wf-cdcl_W-bj:
  wf \{(b,a). \ cdcl_W - bj \ a \ b \land cdcl_W - M - level - inv \ a\}
 apply (rule wfP-if-measure of \lambda-. True
     - \lambda T. length (trail T) + (if conflicting T = None then 0 else 1), simplified])
 using cdcl_W-bj-measure by simp
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{bj-exists-normal-form}\text{:}
 assumes lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows \exists T. full \ cdcl_W-bj S T
proof -
 obtain T where T: full (\lambda a b. cdcl_W-bj a b \wedge cdcl_W-M-level-inv a) S T
   using wf-exists-normal-form-full[OF wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj] by auto
 then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T
    by (auto dest: rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left simp: full-def)
 moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
     using mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] by blast
   then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis using T unfolding full-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}skip\text{-}state\text{-}decomp:
 assumes skip^{**} S T and no-dup (trail S)
 shows
   \exists M. trail S = M \otimes trail T \wedge (\forall m \in set M. \neg is-marked m)
   init-clss S = init-clss T
   learned-clss S = learned-clss T
   backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl T
   conflicting S = conflicting T
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def elim!: skipE)
          More backjumping
21.2.2
Backjumping after skipping or jump directly lemma rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack:
   skip^{**} S T and
   backtrack T W and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows backtrack S W
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step T V) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and bt = this(4) and
   inv = this(5)
 have skip^{**} S V
   using st skip by auto
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
   using rtranclp-mono[of\ skip\ cdcl_W]\ assms(3)\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ mono-rtranclp
   by (auto dest!: bj other cdcl_W-bj.skip)
  then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv V
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  then obtain K i M1 M2 L D where
```

```
conf: raw\text{-}conflicting \ V = Some \ D \ \mathbf{and}
 LD: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \text{ and }
 decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (qet-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ V)) and
 lev-L: get-level (trail V) L = backtrack-lvl V and
 max: get-level (trail V) L = get-maximum-level (trail V) (mset-ccls D) and
  max-D: get-maximum-level (trail V) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i and
  undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
  W: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
            (reduce-trail-to M1
              (add-learned-cls\ (cls-of-ccls\ D)
               (update-backtrack-lvl i
                 (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ V))))
using bt inv by (elim backtrack-levE) metis+
obtain L' C' M E where
 tr: trail \ T = Propagated \ L' \ C' \# \ M \ {\bf and}
 raw: raw\text{-}conflicting \ T = Some \ E \ \mathbf{and}
 LE: -L' \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls \ E \text{ and }
  E: mset\text{-}ccls\ E \neq \{\#\} and
  V: V \sim tl-trail T
 using skip by (elim skipE) metis
let ?M = Propagated L' C' \# trail V
have tr-M: trail T = ?M
 using tr \ V by auto
have MT: M = tl \ (trail \ T) and MV: M = trail \ V
 using tr V by auto
have DE[simp]: mset-ccls D = mset-ccls E
 using V conf raw by (auto simp add: state-eq-def simp del: state-simp)
have cdcl_{W}^{**} S T using bj cdcl_{W}-bj.skip mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_{W} S T] other st by meson
then have inv': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv by blast
have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T using inv' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
then have n-d': no-dup ?M
 using tr-M unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
let ?k = backtrack-lvl\ T
have [simp]:
 backtrack-lvl V = ?k
 using V by simp
have ?k > 0
 using decomp M-lev V tr unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have atm-of L \in atm-of 'lits-of-l (trail V)
 using lev-L get-rev-level-ge-0-atm-of-in[of 0 rev (trail V) L] by auto
then have L-L': atm-of L \neq atm-of L'
 using n-d' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
have L'-M: atm-of L' \notin atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail\ V)
 using n-d' unfolding lits-of-def by auto
have ?M \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ D)
 using inv' raw unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def tr-M by auto
then have L' \notin \# mset-ccls (remove-clit L D)
 using L-L' L'-M \langle Propagated L' C' \# trail V \models as CNot (mset-ccls D) \rangle
 unfolding true-annots-true-cls true-clss-def
 by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set dest!: in-diffD)
have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 T) = M1
 using decomp undef tr W V by auto
have skip^{**} S V
 using st skip by auto
```

```
have no-dup (trail\ S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
  then have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss V and [simp]: learned-clss S = learned-clss V
   using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF \langle skip^{**} S V \rangle] V
   by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
  then have
   W-S: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls E)) (reduce-trail-to M1
    (add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ (cls\text{-}of\text{-}ccls\ E)\ (update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl\ i\ (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ T))))
   using W V undef M-lev decomp tr
   by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
 obtain M2' where
   decomp': (Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2') \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ T))
   using decomp V unfolding tr-M by (cases hd (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail V)),
     cases get-all-marked-decomposition (trail V)) auto
 moreover
   from L-L' have get-level ?M L = ?k
     using lev-L V by (auto split: if-split-asm)
  moreover
   have atm\text{-}of L' \notin atms\text{-}of (mset\text{-}ccls D)
     by (metis DE LE L-L' \langle L' \notin \# mset\text{-}ccls \ (remove\text{-}clit \ L \ D) \rangle in-remove1-mset-neq remove-clit
       atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set atms-of-def)
   then have get-level ?M L = get-maximum-level ?M (mset-ccls D)
     using calculation(2) lev-L max by auto
  moreover
   have atm-of L' \notin atms-of (mset-ccls (remove-clit L D))
     by (metis DE LE \langle L' \notin \# \text{ mset-ccls (remove-clit } L D) \rangle
       atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set atms-of-def in-remove1-mset-neq remove-clit
       in-atms-of-remove1-mset-in-atms-of)
   have i = qet-maximum-level ?M (mset-ccls (remove-clit L D))
     using max-D \langle atm\text{-}of L' \notin atms\text{-}of (mset\text{-}ccls (remove\text{-}clit L D)) \rangle by auto
  ultimately have backtrack T W
   apply -
   apply (rule backtrack-rule[of T - L K i M1 M2' W, OF raw])
   unfolding tr-M[symmetric]
       using LD apply simp
      apply simp
      apply simp
     apply simp
    apply auto[]
   using W-S by auto
 then show ?thesis using IH inv by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{fst-get-all-marked-decomposition-prepend-not-marked}:
 assumes \forall m \in set MS. \neg is-marked m
 shows set (map\ fst\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}marked\text{-}decomposition\ }M))
   = set (map fst (qet-all-marked-decomposition (MS @ M)))
   using assms apply (induction MS rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
   apply auto[2]
   by (rename-tac L m xs; case-tac get-all-marked-decomposition (xs @ M)) simp-all
See also [skip^{**} ?S ?T; backtrack ?T ?W; cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?S] \implies backtrack ?S ?W
lemma rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack-end:
```

```
assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S T and
   bt: backtrack S W and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows backtrack \ T \ W
  using assms
proof -
 have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using bt inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto elim!: backtrack-levE)
  then obtain K i M1 M2 L D where
   raw-S: raw-conflicting S = Some D and
   LD: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \text{ and }
   decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) and
   lev-l: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   lev-l-D: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) and
   i: get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
   W: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
              (reduce-trail-to M1
                (add-learned-cls\ (cls-of-ccls\ D)
                 (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                    (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))
   using bt by (elim backtrack-levE)
   (simp-all\ add:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp\ state-eq-def\ del:\ state-simp)
 let ?D = remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D)
 have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ S)
   using M-lev by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W] by (smt\ bj\ cdcl_W-bj.skip inv local.skip other
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
  then have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ T)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
  obtain MS M_T where M: trail S = MS @ M_T and M_T: M_T = trail T and nm: \forall m \in set MS.
\neg is-marked m
   using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp(1)[OF skip] raw-S M-lev by auto
 have T: state T = (M_T, init-clss S, learned-clss S, backtrack-lvl S, Some (mset-ccls D))
   using M_T rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[of S T] skip raw-S
   by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   apply (rule rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv[OF - inv])
   using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip local.skip other rtranclp-mono[of skip cdcl_W] by blast
  then have M_T \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ D)
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def using T by blast
  then have \forall L \in \#mset\text{-}ccls D. atm\text{-}of L \in atm\text{-}of ``lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M_T
   by (meson atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set
     true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model)
 moreover have no-dup (trail S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
  ultimately have \forall L \in \#mset\text{-}ccls \ D. \ atm\text{-}of \ L \notin atm\text{-}of \ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ MS"
   unfolding M unfolding lits-of-def by auto
  then have H: \Lambda L. L \in \#mset\text{-}ccls\ D \Longrightarrow get\text{-}level\ (trail\ S)\ L = get\text{-}level\ M_T\ L
```

```
unfolding M by (fastforce simp: lits-of-def)
 have [simp]: get-maximum-level (trail\ S)\ (mset-ccls\ D) = get-maximum-level M_T\ (mset-ccls\ D)
   using \langle M_T \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ D) \rangle M nm by (metis \ true\text{-}annots\text{-}CNot\text{-}all\text{-}atms\text{-}defined)
     get-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present)
 have lev-l': get-level M_T L = backtrack-lvl S
   using lev-l LD by (auto simp: H)
 have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to M1 T) = M1
   using T decomp M nm by (smt M_T append-assoc beginning-not-marked-invert
     get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend\ reduce-trail-to-trail-tl-trail-decomp)
 have W: W \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D)) (reduce-trail-to M1
   (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D) (update-backtrack-lvl i (update-conflicting None T))))
   using W T i decomp undef by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 have lev-l-D': get-level M_T L = get-maximum-level M_T (mset-ccls D)
   using lev-l-D LD by (auto simp: H)
 have [simp]: get-maximum-level (trail S) ?D = get-maximum-level M_T ?D
   by (smt H get-maximum-level-exists-lit get-maximum-level-ge-get-level in-diffD le-antisym
     not-qr0 not-less)
 then have i': i = get-maximum-level M_T?
   using i by auto
 have Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1 \in set\ (map\ fst\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)))
   using Set.imageI[OF decomp, of fst] by auto
 then have Marked K (i + 1) # M1 \in set (map fst (get-all-marked-decomposition M_T))
   using fst-get-all-marked-decomposition-prepend-not-marked [OF\ nm] unfolding M by auto
 then obtain M2' where decomp':(Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2')\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition
M_T
   by auto
 then show backtrack T W
   using T decomp' lev-l' lev-l-D' i' W LD undef
   by (force intro!: backtrack.intros simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-bj-decomp-resolve-skip-and-bj:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows (skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \ S \ T
   \vee (\exists U. skip-or-resolve^{**} S U \wedge backtrack U T))
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have IH: skip-or-resolve** S T
   proof -
     { assume (\exists U. skip-or-resolve^{**} S U \land backtrack U T)
      then obtain V where
        bt: backtrack V T and
        skip-or-resolve** S V
        by blast
      have cdcl_{W}^{**} S V
        using \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve^{**} \mid S \mid V \rangle rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
      then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv V and cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
        using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv inv by blast+
       with bj bt have False using backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by simp
```

```
then show ?thesis using IH inv by blast
   qed
 show ?case
   using bj
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-bj.cases)
     case backtrack
     then show ?thesis using IH by blast
   qed (metis (no-types, lifting) IH rtranclp.simps skip-or-resolve.simps)+
qed
lemma resolve-skip-deterministic:
 resolve \ S \ T \Longrightarrow skip \ S \ U \Longrightarrow False
 by (auto elim!: skipE resolveE dest: hd-raw-trail)
lemma backtrack-unique:
 assumes
   bt-T: backtrack S T and
   bt-U: backtrack S U and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows T \sim U
proof -
 have lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then obtain K i M1 M2 L D where
   raw-S: raw-conflicting S = Some D and
   LD: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \text{ and }
   decomp: (Marked\ K\ (Suc\ i)\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ S)) and
   lev-l: get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S and
   lev-l-D: get-level (trail S) L = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D) and
   i: get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \equiv i and
   undef: undefined-lit M1 L and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
             (reduce-trail-to M1
               (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                  (update-conflicting\ None\ S))))
   using bt-T by (elim\ backtrack-levE) (force\ simp:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)+
 obtain K' i' M1' M2' L' D' where
   raw-S': raw-conflicting S = Some D' and
   LD': L' \in \# mset-ccls D' and
   decomp': (Marked K' (Suc i') # M1', M2') \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
   lev-l: get-level (trail S) L' = backtrack-lvl S and
   lev-l-D: get-level (trail\ S)\ L' = get-maximum-level (trail\ S) (mset-ccls\ D') and
   i': qet-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D')) \equiv i' and
   undef': undefined-lit M1' L' and
   U: U \sim cons-trail (Propagated L' (cls-of-ccls D'))
             (reduce-trail-to M1'
               (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D')
                (update-backtrack-lvl i'
                  (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
   using bt-U lev by (elim\ backtrack-levE) (force\ simp:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)+
 obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2 @ Marked K (i + 1) \# M1
   using decomp by auto
```

```
obtain c' where M': trail S = c' @ M2' @ Marked K' <math>(i' + 1) \# M1'
   using decomp' by auto
  have marked: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) = rev [1..<1+backtrack-lvl S]
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
  then have i < backtrack-lvl S
   unfolding M by (force simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: arg-cong[of - - set])
 have [simp]: L' = L
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then have L' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D)
       using raw-S raw-S' LD LD' by (simp add: in-remove1-mset-neq)
     then have get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)) \geq backtrack-lvl S
       using \langle get\text{-}level \ (trail \ S) \ L' = backtrack\text{-}lvl \ S \rangle \ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\text{-}ge\text{-}get\text{-}level}
       by metis
     then show False using i'i \langle i < backtrack-lvl S \rangle by auto
   qed
  then have [simp]: mset-ccls D' = mset-ccls D
   using raw-S raw-S' by auto
 have [simp]: i' = i
   using i i' by auto
Automation in a step later...
 have H: \land a \ A \ B. insert a \ A = B \Longrightarrow a : B
   by blast
 have get-all-levels-of-marked (c@M2) = rev [i+2..<1+backtrack-lvl S] and
   get-all-levels-of-marked (c'@M2') = rev [i+2..<1+backtrack-lvl S]
   using marked unfolding M
   using marked unfolding M'
   unfolding rev-swap[symmetric] by (auto dest: append-cons-eq-upt-length-i-end)
  from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this(1),\ of\ set]\ arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this(2),\ of\ set]
 have
   drop While \ (\lambda L. \neg is\text{-}marked \ L \lor level\text{-}of \ L \ne Suc \ i) \ (c @ M2) = [] \ \mathbf{and}
   drop While \ (\lambda L. \neg is\text{-}marked \ L \lor level\text{-}of \ L \ne Suc \ i) \ (c' @ M2') = []
     unfolding drop While-eq-Nil-conv Ball-def
     by (intro allI; rename-tac x; case-tac x; auto dest!: H simp add: in-set-conv-decomp)+
 then have [simp]: M1' = M1
   using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ M,\ of\ drop\ While\ ($\lambda L.\ \neg is\text{-}marked\ L\ \lor\ level\text{-}of\ L\ \neq\ Suc\ i)]}
   unfolding M' by auto
 show ?thesis using T U undef inv decomp by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ if\ can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve:
 assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S U and
   bt: backtrack S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows \neg resolve\ U\ V
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume resolve: \neg\neg resolve\ U\ V
 obtain L E D where
    U: trail \ U \neq [] and
```

```
tr-U: hd-raw-trail U = Propagated L E and
 LE: L \in \# mset\text{-}cls \ E \ \mathbf{and}
 raw-U: raw-conflicting U = Some D and
 LD: -L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D and
 get-maximum-level (trail\ U)\ (mset-ccls\ (remove-clit\ (-L)\ D)) = backtrack-lvl\ U\ and
 V: V \sim update\text{-conflicting (Some (union-ccls (remove-clit (-L) D))}
   (ccls-of-cls\ (remove-lit\ L\ E))))
   (tl-trail\ U)
 using resolve by (auto elim!: resolveE)
have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
 using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W] by (meson bj cdcl_W-bj.skip inv local.skip other
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
then have [iff]: no-dup (trail\ S)\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and [iff]: no-dup (trail\ U)
 using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by blast+
then have
 S: init\text{-}clss \ U = init\text{-}clss \ S
    learned-clss U = learned-clss S
    backtrack-lvl \ U = backtrack-lvl \ S
    conflicting S = Some (mset-ccls D)
 using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF skip] U raw-U
 by (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
obtain M_0 where
 tr-S: trail <math>S = M_0 @ trail U and
 nm: \forall m \in set M_0. \neg is\text{-}marked m
 using rtranclp-skip-state-decomp[OF skip] by blast
obtain K'i'M1'M2'L'D' where
 raw-S': raw-conflicting S = Some D' and
 LD': L' \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D' and
 decomp': (Marked K' (Suc i') # M1', M2') \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail S)) and
 lev-l: get-level (trail S) L' = backtrack-lvl S and
 lev-l-D: get-level (trail S) L' = get-maximum-level (trail S) (mset-ccls D') and
 i': get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D')) \equiv i' and
 undef': undefined-lit M1' L' and
 R: T \sim cons-trail (Propagated L' (cls-of-ccls D'))
            (reduce-trail-to M1'
             (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D')
               (update-backtrack-lvl i'
                 (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ S))))
 using bt by (elim backtrack-levE) (fastforce simp: S state-eq-def simp del:state-simp)+
obtain c where M: trail S = c @ M2' @ Marked K' (i' + 1) # M1'
 using get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend[OF decomp'] by auto
have marked: get-all-levels-of-marked (trail S) = rev [1..<1+backtrack-lvl S]
 using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
then have i' < backtrack-lvl S
 unfolding M by (force simp add: rev-swap[symmetric] dest!: arg-cong[of - - set])
have U: trail\ U = Propagated\ L\ (mset-cls\ E)\ \#\ trail\ V
using tr-S hd-raw-trail[OF U] U S V tr-U by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
have DD'[simp]: mset-ccls D' = mset-ccls D
 using raw-U raw-S' S by auto
have [simp]: L' = -L
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume ¬ ?thesis
   then have -L \in \# remove1\text{-}mset\ L'\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D')
```

```
using DD' LD' LD by (simp add: in-remove1-mset-neq)
     moreover
       have M': trail S = M_0 @ Propagated L (mset-cls E) # trail V
         using tr-S unfolding U by auto
       have no-dup (trail\ S)
          using inv U unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def by auto
       then have atm-L-notin-M: atm-of L \notin atm-of ' (lits-of-l (trail V))
         using M' U S by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
       have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail\ S) = rev\ [1..<1+backtrack-lvl\ S]
         using inv U unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
       then have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail U) = rev [1..<1+backtrack-lvl S]
         using nm M' U by (simp add: get-all-levels-of-marked-no-marked)
       then have get-lev-L:
         get-level(Propagated L (mset-cls E) \# trail V) L = backtrack-lvl S
         using qet-level-qet-rev-level-qet-all-levels-of-marked[OF atm-L-notin-M,
           of [Propagated\ L\ (mset\text{-}cls\ E)]]\ U\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
       have atm-of L \notin atm-of ' (lits-of-l (rev M_0))
         using \langle no\text{-}dup \ (trail \ S) \rangle \ M' by (auto \ simp: \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}def)
       then have get-level (trail S) L = backtrack-lvl S
         \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{M'}\ \mathit{get-lev-L}\ \mathit{get-rev-level-notin-end}\ \mathit{rev-append})
     ultimately
       have get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D')) \geq backtrack-lvl S
         by (metis get-maximum-level-ge-get-level get-rev-level-uminus)
     then show False
       using \langle i' < backtrack-lvl S \rangle i' by auto
   ged
 have cdcl_{W}^{**} S U
   using bj cdcl_W-bj.skip local.skip mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W S U] other by meson
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
   using inv \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  then have Propagated L (mset-cls E) # trail V \models as \ CNot \ (mset-ccls \ D')
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def raw-U U by auto
  then have \forall L' \in \# (remove1\text{-}mset\ L'\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ D')). atm\text{-}of\ L' \in atm\text{-}of\ `its\text{-}of\ (Propagated\ L')
(mset\text{-}cls\ E)\ \#\ trail\ U)
   using U atm-of-in-atm-of-set-iff-in-set-or-uminus-in-set in-CNot-implies-uminus(2)
   by (fastforce dest: in-diffD)
  then have get-maximum-level (trail S) (remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D')) = backtrack-lvl S
    using qet-maximum-level-skip-un-marked-not-present[of remove1-mset L' (mset-ccls D')
        trail U M_0 tr-S nm U
     (get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (trail\ U)\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ (remove\text{-}clit\ (-\ L)\ D)) = backtrack\text{-}lvl\ U)
    by (auto simp: S)
  then show False
   using i' \ \langle i' < backtrack-lvl \ S \rangle by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{if-can-apply-resolve-no-more-backtrack}:
 assumes
   skip: skip^{**} S U and
   resolve: resolve S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows \neg backtrack\ U\ V
  using assms
 by (meson if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve rtranclp.rtrancl-refl
   rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ if\ can-apply\ backtrack\ skip\ or\ resolve\ is\ skip:
 assumes
   bt: backtrack S T and
   skip: skip-or-resolve^{**} S U and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows skip^{**} S U
  using assms(2,3,1)
 by induction (simp-all add: if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve skip-or-resolve.simps)
lemma cdcl_W-bj-bj-decomp:
 assumes cdcl_W-bj^{**} S W and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   (\exists T \ U \ V. \ (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ T
       \wedge (\lambda T U. resolve T U \wedge no-step backtrack T) T U
       \wedge \ skip^{**} \ U \ V \ \wedge \ backtrack \ V \ W)
   \vee (\exists T \ U. \ (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ T
       \wedge (\lambda T \ U. \ resolve \ T \ U \ \wedge \ no\text{-step backtrack} \ T) \ T \ U \ \wedge \ skip^{**} \ U \ W)
   \vee (\exists T. skip^{**} S T \wedge backtrack T W)
   \vee skip^{**} S W (is ?RB S W \vee ?R S W \vee ?SB S W \vee ?S S W)
 using assms
proof induction
 case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step W X) note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)] and inv = this(4)
 have \neg ?RB S W and \neg ?SB S W
   proof (clarify, goal-cases)
     case (1 \ T \ U \ V)
     have skip-or-resolve** S T
       using 1(1) by (auto dest!: rtranclp-and-rtranclp-left)
     then show False
       by (metis (no-types, lifting) 1(2) 1(4) 1(5) backtrack-no-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj
         cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-o.bj local.bj other
         resolve\ retracelp-cdcl_W\ -all-struct-inv-inv\ retracelp-skip-backtrack-backtrack
         rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.prems)
   next
     case 2
     then show ?case by (meson\ assms(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ backtrack-no-cdcl_W-bj
       local.bj\ rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack)
  then have IH: ?R S W \lor ?S S W using IH by blast
 have cdcl_W^{**} S W using mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] st by blast
  then have inv-W: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W by (simp\ add:\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   step.prems)
 consider
     (BT) X' where backtrack W X'
   (skip) no-step backtrack W and skip W X
   (resolve) no-step backtrack W and resolve W X
   using bj \ cdcl_W-bj.cases by meson
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case (BT X')
     then consider
```

```
(bt) backtrack W X
   | (sk) \ skip \ W \ X
   using bj if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve [of WWX'X] inv-Wcdcl_W-bj.cases by fast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case bt
     then show ?thesis using IH by auto
   next
     case sk
     then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp-trans r-into-rtranclp)
   qed
next
  case skip
  then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
  case resolve note no-bt = this(1) and res = this(2)
  consider
     (RS) T U where
       (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ T \ and
       resolve T U and
       no-step backtrack T and
       skip^{**} U W
   | (S) \ skip^{**} \ S \ W
   using IH by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case (RS \ T \ U)
     have cdcl_W^{**} S T
       using RS(1) cdcl_W-bj.resolve cdcl_W-o.bj other skip
       mono-rtranclp[of (\lambda S\ T.\ skip-or-resolve\ S\ T\ \wedge\ no-step\ backtrack\ S)\ cdcl_W\ S\ T]
       by (meson skip-or-resolve.cases)
     then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
       by (meson\ RS(2)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-bj.resolve cdcl_W-o.bj other
         rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv step.prems)
     \{ \text{ fix } U' \}
       assume skip^{**} U U' and skip^{**} U' W
       have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U'
         \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv \ U \rangle \ \langle skip^{**} \ U \ U' \rangle \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv \ delta}
            cdcl_W-o.bj rtranclp-mono[of skip cdcl_W] other skip by blast
       then have no-step backtrack U'
          using if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve [OF \langle skip^{**} \ U' \ W \rangle] res by blast
     }
     with \langle skip^{**} \ U \ W \rangle
     have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ W
        proof induction
          case base
          then show ?case by simp
         case (step V W) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and H = this(4)
          have \bigwedge U'. skip^{**} U' V \Longrightarrow skip^{**} U' W
            using skip by auto
          then have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ V
            using IH H by blast
          moreover have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ V \ W
```

```
by (simp add: local.skip r-into-rtranclp st step.prems skip-or-resolve.intros)
       ultimately show ?case by simp
     qed
  then show ?thesis
    proof -
      have f1: \forall p \ pa \ pb \ pc. \neg p \ (pa) \ pb \lor \neg p^{**} \ pb \ pc \lor p^{**} \ pa \ pc
        by (meson converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
      have skip-or-resolve T U \wedge no-step backtrack T
        using RS(2) RS(3) by force
      then have (\lambda p \ pa. \ skip-or-resolve \ p \ pa \land no-step \ backtrack \ p)^{**} \ T \ W
        proof
          have (\exists vr19 \ vr16 \ vr17 \ vr18. \ vr19 \ (vr16::'st) \ vr17 \ \land \ vr19^{**} \ vr17 \ vr18
               \land \neg vr19^{**} vr16 vr18)
            \vee \neg (skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ T\ U\ \land\ no\text{-}step\ backtrack\ T)
            \vee \neg (\lambda uu \ uua. \ skip-or-resolve \ uu \ uua \land no-step \ backtrack \ uu)^{**} \ U \ W
            \vee (\lambda uu\ uua.\ skip-or-resolve\ uu\ uua\ \wedge\ no-step\ backtrack\ uu)^{**}\ T\ W
            by force
          then show ?thesis
            by (metis (no-types) \langle (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \ \land \ no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ U \ W \rangle
              \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ T\ U\ \land\ no\text{-}step\ backtrack\ T \rangle\ f1)
        qed
      then have (\lambda p \ pa. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ p \ pa \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ p)^{**} \ S \ W
        using RS(1) by force
      then show ?thesis
        using no-bt res by blast
    ged
next
  \mathbf{case}\ S
  \{ \text{ fix } U' \}
    assume skip^{**} S U' and skip^{**} U' W
    then have cdcl_W^{**} S U
      using mono-rtranclp[of skip cdcl_W \ S \ U'] by (simp add: cdcl_W-o.bj other skip)
    then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U'
      by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv S \rangle
        rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
    then have no-step backtrack U'
      using if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve [OF \langle skip^{**} \ U' \ W \rangle ] res by blast
  }
  with S
  have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve \ S \ T \land no\text{-}step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ W
     proof induction
       case base
       then show ?case by simp
      case (step V W) note st = this(1) and skip = this(2) and IH = this(3) and H = this(4)
       have \bigwedge U'. skip^{**} U' V \Longrightarrow skip^{**} U' W
         using skip by auto
       then have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ S \ V
         using IH H by blast
       moreover have (\lambda S \ T. \ skip-or-resolve \ S \ T \land no-step \ backtrack \ S)^{**} \ V \ W
         by (simp add: local.skip r-into-rtranclp st step.prems skip-or-resolve.intros)
       ultimately show ?case by simp
     qed
  then show ?thesis using res no-bt by blast
```

```
qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
The case distinction is needed, since T \sim V does not imply that R^{**} T V.
lemma cdcl_W-bj-strongly-confluent:
  assumes
    cdcl_W-bj^{**} S V and
    cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T and
    n-s: no-step cdcl_W-bj V and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows T \sim V \vee cdcl_W - bj^{**} T V
   using assms(2)
proof induction
  case base
  then show ?case by (simp \ add: \ assms(1))
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s\text{-}o\text{-}r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_W^{**} S T
   using st mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] other by blast
  then have lev-T: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv[of S T]
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  consider
      (TV) T \sim V
    \mid (bj\text{-}TV) \ cdcl_W\text{-}bj^{**} \ T \ V
   using IH by blast
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case TV
     have no-step cdcl_W-bj T
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}M \text{-}level \text{-}inv \ T \rangle \ n\text{-}s \ cdcl_W \text{-}bj\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible}[of \ T \text{-} \ V] \ TV
       by (meson\ backtrack\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ cdcl}_W\text{-}bj.simps\ resolve\text{-}state\text{-}eq\text{-}compatible\ }
         skip-state-eq-compatible state-eq-ref)
     then show ?thesis
       using s-o-r by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     case bj-TV
     then obtain U' where
        T-U': cdcl_W-bj \ T \ U' and
       cdcl_W-bj^{**} U' V
       using IH n-s s-o-r by (metis rtranclp-unfold tranclpD)
     have cdcl_{W}^{**} S T
       by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) bj mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] other st)
     then have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
       by (metis\ (no\text{-}types,\ hide\text{-}lams)\ inv\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv)
     have lev-U: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
       using s-o-r cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev-T other by blast
     show ?thesis
       using s-o-r
       proof cases
         case backtrack
         then obtain V0 where skip^{**} T V0 and backtrack V0 V
```

```
using IH if-can-apply-backtrack-skip-or-resolve-is-skip[OF backtrack - inv-T]
            cdcl_W-bj-decomp-resolve-skip-and-bj
            by (meson\ bj\text{-}TV\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj\text{-}backtrack\ inv\text{-}T\ lev\text{-}T\ n\text{-}s}
              rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack-end)
         then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T V0 and cdcl_W-bj V0 V
           using rtranclp-mono[of skip \ cdcl_W-bj] by blast+
         then show ?thesis
           using \langle backtrack \ V0 \ V \rangle \ \langle skip^{**} \ T \ V0 \rangle \ backtrack-unique \ inv-T \ local.backtrack
           rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack by auto
       next
         case resolve
         then have U \sim U'
           by (meson T-U' cdcl_W-bj.simps if-can-apply-backtrack-no-more-resolve inv-T
             resolve-skip-deterministic resolve-unique rtranclp.rtrancl-refl)
         then show ?thesis
           using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle unfolding rtranclp-unfold
           \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{meson}\ \mathit{T-U'}\ \mathit{bj}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{consistent-inv}\ \mathit{lev-T}\ \mathit{other}\ \mathit{state-eq-ref}\ \mathit{state-eq-sym}
             tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible)
       next
         case skip
         consider
             (sk) skip T U'
           | (bt) backtrack T U'
           using T-U' by (meson\ cdcl_W-bj.cases\ local.skip\ resolve-skip-deterministic)
         then show ?thesis
           proof cases
             case sk
             then show ?thesis
               using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle unfolding rtranclp-unfold
               by (meson\ T-U'\ bi\ cdcl_W-all-inv(3)\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ inv-T\ local.skip\ other
                 tranclp-cdcl_W-bj-state-eq-compatible skip-unique state-eq-ref)
           next
             case bt
             have skip^{++} T U
               using local.skip by blast
             have cdcl_W-bj U U'
               by (meson \langle skip^{++} | T | U \rangle backtrack bt inv-T rtranclp-skip-backtrack-backtrack-end
                 tranclp-into-rtranclp)
             then have cdcl_W-bj^{++} U V
               using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ U' \ V \rangle by auto
             then show ?thesis
               by (meson tranclp-into-rtranclp)
           qed
       qed
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form:
  assumes
    ST: cdcl_W - bj^{**} S T  and SU: cdcl_W - bj^{**} S U  and
   n-s-U: no-step cdcl_W-bj U and
   n-s-T: no-step cdcl_W-bj T and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows T \sim U
```

```
proof -
 have T \sim U \vee cdcl_W - bj^{**} T U
   using ST SU \ cdcl_W \ -bj-strongly-confluent inv n-s-U by blast
 then show ?thesis
   by (metis (no-types) n-s-T rtranclp-unfold state-eq-ref tranclp-unfold-begin)
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form:
assumes full cdcl_W-bj S T and full cdcl_W-bj S U and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
shows T \sim U
  using cdcl_W-bj-unique-normal-form assms unfolding full-def by blast
21.3
         CDCL FW
inductive cdcl_W-merge-restart :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
fw-r-propagate: propagate \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S \ S'
fw-r-conflict: conflict S T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T \ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S \ U \ |
fw-r-decide: decide\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S\ S'
fw-r-rf: cdcl_W-rf S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S S'
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 using mono-rtranclp[of cdcl_W-bj cdcl_W] by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W:
 assumes cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows cdcl_{W}^{**} S T
 using assms
proof induction
  case (fw\text{-}r\text{-}conflict \ S \ T \ U) note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2)
 have cdcl_W \ S \ T using confl by (simp \ add: \ cdcl_W.intros \ r-into-rtranclp)
 moreover
   have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T U using bj unfolding full-def by auto
   then have cdcl_W^{**} T U using rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed (simp-all \ add: \ cdcl_W-o.intros \ cdcl_W.intros \ r-into-rtranclp)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-conflicting-true-or-no-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows conflicting T = None \lor no\text{-step } cdcl_W T
 using assms
proof induction
 case (fw-r-conflict S T U) note confl = this(1) and n-s = this(2)
  { fix D V
   assume cdcl_W U V and conflicting U = Some D
   then have False
     using n-s unfolding full-def
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{induction}\ \mathit{rule} \colon \mathit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\mathit{all}\text{-}\mathit{rules}\text{-}\mathit{induct})
       (auto dest!: cdcl_W-bj.intros elim: decideE propagateE conflictE forgetE restartE)
 then show ?case by (cases conflicting U) fastforce+
qed (auto simp add: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-rf.simps elim: propagateE decideE restartE forgetE)
inductive cdcl_W-merge :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
fw-propagate: propagate \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ S'
```

```
fw-conflict: conflict S T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T \ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ U \ |
fw-decide: decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ S'
fw-forget: forget \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge S \ S'
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  cdcl_W-merge S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
  by (meson\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge.cases\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge-restart.simps\ forget)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  cdcl_W-merge** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T
  using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge\ cdcl_W-merge-restart]\ cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart\ by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
  using cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-merge-restart cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
  using rtranclp-mono of cdcl_W-merge cdcl_W^{**} cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W by auto
lemmas rulesE =
  skipE\ resolveE\ backtrackE\ propagateE\ conflictE\ decideE\ restartE\ forgetE
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{:}}
  assumes
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv b
   cdcl_W-merge^{++} b a
  shows (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \ \wedge \ cdcl_W - merge \ S \ T)^{++} \ b \ a
  using assms(2)
proof induction
  case base
  then show ?case using inv by auto
  case (step c d) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv c
   using tranclp-into-rtranclp[OF\ st]\ cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W
    assms(1) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-mono[of cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge cdcl<sub>W</sub>**] by fastforce
  then have (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \wedge cdcl_W - merge \ S \ T)^{++} \ c \ d
    using fw by auto
  then show ?case using IH by auto
qed
lemma backtrack-is-full1-cdcl_W-bj:
  assumes bt: backtrack S T and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
  shows full1 cdcl_W-bj S T
  using bt inv backtrack-no-cdcl_W-bj unfolding full1-def by blast
lemma rtrancl-cdcl_W-conflicting-true-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
 assumes cdcl_{W}^{**} S V and inv: cdcl_{W}-M-level-inv S and conflicting S = None
 shows (cdcl_W-merge-restart** S \ V \land conflicting \ V = None)
   \vee (\exists T U. cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T \wedge conflicting V \neq None \wedge conflict T U \wedge cdcl_W-bj** U V)
  using assms
proof induction
  case base
  then show ?case by simp
```

```
next
  case (step U V) note st = this(1) and cdcl_W = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4-)] and
   conf[simp] = this(5) and inv = this(4)
 from cdcl_W
 show ?case
   proof (cases)
     case propagate
     moreover then have conflicting U = None and conflicting V = None
       by (auto elim: propagateE)
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-propagate[of U V] by auto
   next
     case conflict
     moreover then have conflicting U = None and conflicting V \neq None
       by (auto elim!: conflictE simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH by auto
   next
     case other
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
        case decide
        then show ?thesis using IH cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-decide[of U V] by (auto elim: decideE)
       next
        case bj
        moreover {
          assume skip-or-resolve U V
          have f1: cdcl_W - bj^{++} U V
            by (simp add: local.bj tranclp.r-into-trancl)
          obtain T T' :: 'st where
            f2: cdcl_W-merge-restart** S U
              \vee \ cdcl_W-merge-restart** S \ T \land conflicting \ U \neq None
               \wedge \ conflict \ T \ T' \wedge \ cdcl_W - bj^{**} \ T' \ U
            using IH confl by blast
          have conflicting V \neq None \land conflicting U \neq None
            using \langle skip\text{-}or\text{-}resolve\ U\ V \rangle
            \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{simp}:\ \mathit{skip-or-resolve}.\mathit{simps}\ \mathit{state-eq-def}\ \mathit{elim}!:\ \mathit{skipE}\ \mathit{resolve}E
              simp del: state-simp)
          then have ?thesis
            by (metis (full-types) IH f1 rtranclp-trans tranclp-into-rtranclp)
        moreover {
          assume backtrack U V
          then have conflicting U \neq None by (auto elim: backtrackE)
          then obtain T T' where
            cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
            conflicting U \neq None and
            conflict \ T \ T' and
            cdcl_W-bj^{**} T' U
            using IH confl by meson
          have invU: cdcl_W-M-level-inv U
            using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-consistent-inv step.hyps(1) by blast
          then have conflicting V = None
            using \langle backtrack\ U\ V\rangle inv by (auto elim: backtrack-levE
              simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
          have full cdcl_W-bj T' V
            apply (rule rtranclp-fullI[of cdcl_W-bj T'UV])
```

```
using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} T' U \rangle apply fast
            \mathbf{using} \ \langle backtrack \ U \ V \rangle \ backtrack-is-full1-cdcl_W-bj \ invU \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ full1-def \ full-def
            by blast
          then have ?thesis
            using cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-conflict[of T T' V] \langle conflict T T' \rangle
            \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}restart^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle \langle conflicting \mid V \mid = None \rangle \text{ by } auto
        ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps)
     qed
   next
     case rf
     moreover then have conflicting U = None and conflicting V = None
      by (auto simp: cdcl_W-rf.simps elim: restartE forgetE)
     ultimately show ?thesis using IH cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-rf[of U V] by auto
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart: no-step cdcl_W S \implies no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart
 by (auto simp: cdcl_W.simps cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps cdcl_W-o.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps)
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W:
 assumes
   conflicting S = None  and
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart S
 shows no-step cdcl_W S
proof -
 \{ \text{ fix } S' \}
   assume conflict S S'
   then have cdcl_W S S' using cdcl_W.conflict by auto
   then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
     using assms(2) cdcl_W-consistent-inv by blast
   then obtain S'' where full cdcl_W-bj S' S''
     using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of S'] by auto
   then have False
     using \langle conflict \ S \ S' \rangle \ assms(3) \ fw-r-conflict \ by \ blast
 then show ?thesis
   using assms unfolding cdcl_W simps cdcl_W-merge-restart simps cdcl_W-o simps cdcl_W-bj simps
   by (auto elim: skipE resolveE backtrackE conflictE decideE restartE)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
 using assms
  by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-restart.induct)
  (force simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps: cdcl_W-rf.simps: cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps: full-def
    elim!: rulesE)+
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
```

```
conflicting S = None
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
 using assms unfolding rtranclp-unfold
 apply (elim \ disjE)
  apply (force simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-rf.simps elim!: rulesE)
 by (auto simp: tranclp-unfold-end simp: cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj)
If conflicting S \neq None, we cannot say anything.
Remark that this theorem does not say anything about well-foundedness: even if you know that
one relation is well-founded, it only states that the normal forms are shared.
lemma conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-iff-full-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes confl: conflicting S = None and lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows full cdcl_W S V \longleftrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-merge-restart S V
proof
 assume full: full cdcl_W-merge-restart S V
 then have st: cdcl_W^{**} S V
   using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-restart\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W
   unfolding full-def by auto
 have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart V
   using full unfolding full-def by auto
 have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj conft full unfolding full-def by auto
 have \bigwedge S'. conflict V S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv S'
   using cdcl_W.conflict cdcl_W-consistent-inv lev rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv st by blast
 then have \bigwedge S'. conflict V S' \Longrightarrow False
   using n-s n-s-bj cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps by meson
 then have n-s-cdcl_W: no-step cdcl_W V
   using n-s n-s-bj by (auto simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o.simps cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart.simps)
 then show full cdcl_W S V using st unfolding full-def by auto
next
 assume full: full cdcl_W S V
 have no-step cdcl_W-merge-restart V
   using full no-step-cdcl_W-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart unfolding full-def by blast
 moreover
   consider
       (fw) cdcl_W-merge-restart** S V and conflicting V = None
     | (bj) T U  where
       cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T and
       conflicting V \neq None and
       conflict T U and
       cdcl_W-bj^{**} U V
     using full rtrancl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-true-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart confl lev unfolding full-def
     by meson
   then have cdcl_W-merge-restart** S V
     proof cases
      case fw
      then show ?thesis by fast
     next
      case (bj \ T \ U)
      have no-step cdcl_W-bj V
        using full unfolding full-def by (meson cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o.bj other)
      then have full\ cdcl_W-bj\ U\ V
        using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{**} U V \rangle unfolding full-def by auto
```

then have $cdcl_W$ -merge-restart T V

```
using \langle conflict \ T \ U \rangle \ cdcl_W-merge-restart.fw-r-conflict by blast
        then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-restart** S T \rangle by auto
 ultimately show full cdcl_W-merge-restart S V unfolding full-def by fast
qed
lemma init-state-true-full-cdcl_W-iff-full-cdcl_W-merge:
  shows full cdcl_W (init-state N) V \longleftrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-merge-restart (init-state N) V
 by (rule conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-iff-full-cdcl_W-merge) auto
21.4
          FW with strategy
21.4.1
            The intermediate step
inductive cdcl_W-s' :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict': full1 \ cdcl_W \text{-}cp \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow \ cdcl_W \text{-}s' \ S \ S'
\mathit{decide'} \colon \mathit{decide} \mathrel{SS'} \Longrightarrow \mathit{no-step} \mathrel{\mathit{cdcl}}_W \mathit{-cp} \mathrel{S} \Longrightarrow \mathit{full} \mathrel{\mathit{cdcl}}_W \mathit{-cp} \mathrel{S'S''} \Longrightarrow \mathit{cdcl}_W \mathit{-s'} \mathrel{SS''} \mathrel{|}
bj': full1 cdcl_W-bj S S' \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-cp S' S'' \Longrightarrow \ cdcl_W-s' S S''
inductive-cases cdcl_W-s'E: cdcl_W-s' S T
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W-stqy:
  cdcl_W-bj^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow full cdcl_W-cp S' S'' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S S''
proof (induction rule: converse-rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by (metis cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' full-unfold rtranclp.simps)
next
  case (step T U) note st = this(2) and bj = this(1) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
  have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
    using bj by (auto simp add: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-cp.simps elim!: rulesE)
  consider
      (U) U = S'
    | (U') U'  where cdcl_W-bj U U'  and cdcl_W-bj^{**} U' S'
    using st by (metis\ converse-rtranclpE)
  then show ?case
    proof cases
      case U
      then show ?thesis
        using \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp | T \rangle cdcl_W\text{-}o.bj | local.bj | other' | step.prems | by | (meson r-into-rtranclp)
      case U' note U' = this(1)
      have no-step cdcl_W-cp U
        using U' by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps elim: rulesE)
      then have full cdcl_W-cp U U
        by (simp add: full-unfold)
      then have cdcl_W-stgy T U
        using \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ T \rangle\ cdcl_W\text{-}stgy.simps\ local.bj\ cdcl_W\text{-}o.bj\ \mathbf{by}\ meson
      then show ?thesis using IH by auto
    qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy:
  cdcl_W-s' S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T
  apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'.induct)
    apply (auto intro: cdcl_W-stgy.intros)[]
```

apply (meson decide other' r-into-rtranclp)

```
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation:
  assumes
   full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U and
   cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T' and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
    no-step cdcl_W-bj T'
  shows full cdcl_W-cp T' U
   \vee (\exists U' U''. full cdcl_W-cp T' U'' \wedge full cdcl_W-bj U U' \wedge full cdcl_W-cp U' U''
     \land \ cdcl_W - s'^{**} \ U \ U'')
  using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by blast
next
  case (step T' T'') note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4,5)] and
   full = this(4) and inv = this(5)
  have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T''
   using local.bj st by auto
  then have cdcl_W^{**} T T''
    using rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
  then have inv-T'': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T''
   using inv \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T''
   using local.bj st by auto
  have full1 cdcl_W-bj T T''
   by (metis \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ full 1-def \ step.prems(3))
  then have T = U
   proof -
     obtain Z where cdcl_W-bj T Z
       using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle by (blast dest: tranclpD)
      { assume cdcl_W - cp^{++} T U
       then obtain Z' where cdcl_W-cp T Z'
         by (meson tranclpD)
       then have False
         using \langle cdcl_W - bj \mid T \mid Z \rangle by (fastforce \ simp: \ cdcl_W - bj.simps \ cdcl_W - cp.simps
           elim: rulesE)
     then show ?thesis
       using full unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
  obtain U'' where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T''\ U''
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv-T'' by blast
  moreover then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} U U''
   \mathbf{by} \; (metis \; \langle T = U \rangle \; \langle cdcl_W \text{-}bj^{++} \; T \; T'' \rangle \; rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}bj\text{-}full1\text{-}cdclp\text{-}cdcl}_W \text{-}stgy \; rtranclp\text{-}unfold)
  moreover have cdcl_W-s'** U~U''
   proof -
     obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
       f1: \forall x2. (\exists v3. cdcl_W - cp x2 v3) = cdcl_W - cp x2 (ss x2)
       by moura
     have \neg cdcl_W - cp \ U \ (ss \ U)
       by (meson full full-def)
     then show ?thesis
       using f1 by (metis (no-types) \langle T = U \rangle \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle \ bj' \ calculation(1)
```

```
r-into-rtranclp)
   qed
 ultimately show ?case
   using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ T'' \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W - cp \ T'' \ U'' \rangle unfolding \langle T = U \rangle by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation':
 assumes
   full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U and
   cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T' and
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   no-step cdcl_W-bj T'
 shows full cdcl_W-cp T' U
   \vee (\exists U'. full cdcl_W-bj U U' \wedge (\forall U''. full cdcl_W-cp U' U'' \longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-cp T' U''
     \wedge \ cdcl_W - s'^{**} \ U \ U''))
 using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by blast
next
  case (step T' T'') note st = this(1) and bj = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF this(4,5)] and
   full = this(4) and inv = this(5)
 have cdcl_W^{**} T T''
   by (metis local.bj rtranclp.simps rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-rtranclp-cdcl_W st)
  then have inv-T'': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T''
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T T''
   using local.bj st by auto
 have full1\ cdcl_W-bj T\ T^{\prime\prime}
   by (metis \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} \ T \ T'' \rangle \ full 1-def \ step.prems(3))
  then have T = U
   proof -
     obtain Z where cdcl_W-bj T Z
       using \langle cdcl_W - bj^{++} T T'' \rangle by (blast dest: tranclpD)
     { assume cdcl_W - cp^{++} T U
       then obtain Z' where cdcl_W-cp T Z'
         by (meson\ tranclpD)
       then have False
         using \langle cdcl_W-bj TZ \rangle by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps cdcl_W-cp.simps elim: rulesE)
     then show ?thesis
       using full unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold by blast
   qed
 \{ \text{ fix } U'' \}
   assume full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T^{\prime\prime}\ U^{\prime\prime}
   moreover then have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} U U^{\prime\prime}
     moreover have cdcl_W-s^{\prime**} U U^{\prime\prime}
     proof -
      obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
         f1: \forall x2. (\exists v3. cdcl_W - cp x2 v3) = cdcl_W - cp x2 (ss x2)
         by moura
       have \neg cdcl_W - cp \ U \ (ss \ U)
         by (meson \ assms(1) \ full-def)
       then show ?thesis
```

```
using f1 by (metis (no-types) \langle T = U \rangle \langle full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ T'' \rangle \ bj' \ calculation(1)
           r-into-rtranclp)
     qed
   ultimately have full1 cdcl_W-bj U T'' and cdcl_W-s'^{**} T'' U''
     using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ T'' \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W - cp \ T'' \ U'' \rangle unfolding \langle T = U \rangle
       apply blast
     by (metis (full cdcl_W-cp T'' U'') cdcl_W-s'.simps full-unfold rtranclp.simps)
   }
 then show ?case
   using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W-bj T \ T'' \rangle full \ bj' unfolding \langle T = U \rangle full-def by (metis r-into-rtranclp)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
   \vee (\exists U'. full1 \ cdcl_W-bj \ U \ U' \land (\forall U''. full \ cdcl_W-cp \ U' \ U'' \longrightarrow cdcl_W-s' \ S \ U''))
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy.induct)
 case (conflict' T)
 then have cdcl_W-s' S T
   using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
 then show ?case
   by blast
\mathbf{next}
 case (other' TU) note o = this(1) and n-s = this(2) and full = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 show ?case
   using o
   proof cases
     case decide
     then show ?thesis using cdcl_W-s'.simps full n-s by blast
   next
     case bj
     have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
       using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     consider
         (cp) full cdcl_W-cp T U and no-step cdcl_W-bj T
       | (fbj) T' where full cdcl_W-bj TT'
       apply (cases no-step cdcl_W-bj T)
        using full apply blast
       using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of T] inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
       by (metis full-unfold)
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
         case cp
         then show ?thesis
           proof -
            obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
              f1: \forall s \ sa \ sb. \ (\neg full 1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ ssa \lor cdcl_W - cp \ s \ (ss \ s) \lor \neg full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sa \ sb)
                \lor cdcl_W - s' s sb
              using bj' by moura
            have full1 cdcl_W-bj S T
              by (simp\ add:\ cp(2)\ full1-def\ local.bj\ tranclp.r-into-trancl)
            then show ?thesis
              using f1 full n-s by blast
           qed
```

```
next
        case (fbj U')
        then have full cdcl_W-bj S U'
          using bj unfolding full1-def by auto
        moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S
          using n-s by blast
        moreover have T = U
          using full fbj unfolding full1-def full-def rtranclp-unfold
          by (force dest!: tranclpD simp:cdcl_W-bj.simps elim: rulesE)
        ultimately show ?thesis using cdcl_W-s'.bj'[of S U'] using fbj by blast
      qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
   \vee (\exists U' U''. \ cdcl_W - s' \ S \ U'' \land full \ cdcl_W - bj \ U \ U' \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ U' \ U'')
 using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-stgy.induct)
 \mathbf{case}\ (\mathit{conflict'}\ T)
 then have cdcl_W-s' S T
   using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
 then show ?case
   by blast
next
 case (other' T U) note o = this(1) and n-s = this(2) and full = this(3) and inv = this(4)
 show ?case
   using o
   proof cases
     case decide
     then show ?thesis using cdcl_W-s'.simps full n-s by blast
     case bj
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     then obtain T' where T': full cdcl_W-bj T T'
      using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form unfolding full-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by metis
     then have full\ cdcl_W-bj\ S\ T'
      proof -
        have f1: cdcl_W - bj^{**} T T' \wedge no\text{-step } cdcl_W - bj T'
          by (metis (no-types) T' full-def)
        then have cdcl_W-bj^{**} S T'
          by (meson converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp local.bj)
        then show ?thesis
          using f1 by (simp add: full-def)
      qed
     have cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T'
      using T' unfolding full-def by simp
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
      using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv o other other'.prems by blast
     then consider
        (T'U) full cdcl_W-cp T' U
      | (U) U' U'' where
          full cdcl_W-cp T' U'' and
```

```
full1 cdcl_W-bj U U' and
          full cdcl_W-cp\ U'\ U'' and
          cdcl_W-s'** U~U''
      using cdcl_W-cp-cdcl_W-bj-bissimulation[OF full <math>\langle cdcl_W-bj^{**} T T'\rangle] T' unfolding full-def
      by blast
     then show ?thesis by (metis T' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.simps full-fullI local.bj n-s)
   qed
qed
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-no-step:
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy S U and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and no-step cdcl_W-bj U
 shows cdcl_W-s' S U
 using cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-connected[OF assms(1,2)] assms(3)
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) full1-def tranclpD)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-connected-to-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S U and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
 shows cdcl_W - s'^{**} S U \vee (\exists T. cdcl_W - s'^{**} S T \wedge cdcl_W - bj^{++} T U \wedge conflicting U \neq None)
 using assms(1)
\mathbf{proof}\ induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step T V) note st = this(1) and o = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 from o show ?case
   proof cases
     case conflict'
     then have f2: cdcl_W-s' T V
      using cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
     obtain ss :: 'st where
      f3: S = T \lor cdcl_W - stgy^{**} S ss \land cdcl_W - stgy ss T
      by (metis (full-types) rtranclp.simps st)
     obtain ssa :: 'st where
      ssa: cdcl_W-cp T ssa
      using conflict' by (metis (no-types) full1-def tranclpD)
     have \forall s. \neg full \ cdcl_W \text{-}cp \ s \ T
      by (meson ssa full-def)
     then have S = T
      by (metis (full-types) f3 ssa cdcl_W-stgy.cases full1-def)
     then show ?thesis
      using f2 by blast
   next
     case (other' U) note o = this(1) and n-s = this(2) and full = this(3)
     then show ?thesis
      using o
      proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-o-rule-cases)
        case decide
        then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
          using IH by (auto elim: rulesE)
        then show ?thesis
          by (meson decide decide' full n-s rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
      next
        case backtrack
        consider
           (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
```

```
|(bj)| S' where cdcl_W-s'^{**}| S S' and cdcl_W-bj^{++}| S'| T and conflicting T \neq None
   using IH by blast
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case s'
     moreover
      have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
        using inv local.step(1) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by auto
      then have full cdcl_W-bj T U
        using backtrack-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj backtrack by blast
       then have cdcl_W-s' T V
       using full bj' n-s by blast
     ultimately show ?thesis by auto
     case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
     have no-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp S'
      using bj-T by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps dest!: tranclpD
        elim: rulesE)
     moreover
      have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
        using inv local.step(1) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-consistent-inv by auto
       then have full cdcl_W-bj T U
        using backtrack-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj backtrack by blast
      then have full1\ cdcl_W-bj S'\ U
        using bj-T unfolding full1-def by fastforce
     ultimately have cdcl_W-s' S' V using full by (simp add: bj')
     then show ?thesis using S-S' by auto
   qed
next
 case skip
 then have [simp]: U = V
   using full converse-rtranclpE unfolding full-def by (fastforce elim: rulesE)
 then have confl-V: conflicting V \neq None
   using skip by (auto elim!: rulesE simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
   (bi) S' where cdcl_W-s'** S S' and cdcl_W-bj<sup>++</sup> S' T and conflicting T \neq None
   using IH by blast
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case s'
     show ?thesis using s' confl-V skip by force
   next
     case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
     have cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' V
      using skip bj-T by (metis \langle U = V \rangle cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.skip tranclp.simps)
     then show ?thesis using S-S' confl-V by auto
   qed
next
 case resolve
 then have [simp]: U = V
   using full unfolding full-def rtranclp-unfold
   by (auto elim!: rulesE dest!: tranclpD
     simp \ del: state-simp \ simp: state-eq-def \ cdcl_W-cp.simps)
 have confl-V: conflicting V \neq None
```

```
using resolve by (auto elim!: rulesE simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
        consider
            (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
          (bj) S' where cdcl_W-s'** S S' and cdcl_W-bj<sup>++</sup> S' T and conflicting T \neq None
          using IH by blast
        then show ?thesis
          proof cases
            case s'
            have cdcl_W-bj^{++} T V
              using resolve by force
            then show ?thesis using s' confl-V by auto
            case (bj S') note S-S' = this(1) and bj-T = this(2)
            have cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' V
              using resolve bj-T by (metis \langle U = V \rangle cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj.resolve tranclp.simps)
            then show ?thesis using confl-V S-S' by auto
          qed
       qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s' S \longleftrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S \land no-step cdcl_W-o S (is ?S' S \longleftrightarrow ?C S \land ?O S)
proof
 assume ?CS \land ?OS
 then show ?S'S
   by (auto simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps full1-def tranclp-unfold-begin)
next
 assume n-s: ?S' S
 have ?CS
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain S' where cdcl_W-cp S S'
      by auto
     then obtain T where full1 \ cdcl_W-cp \ S \ T
       using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv by (metis (no-types, lifting) full-unfold)
     then show False using n-s cdcl_W-s'.conflict' by blast
   qed
  moreover have ?OS
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain S' where cdcl_W-o S S'
      by auto
     then obtain T where full1\ cdcl_W-cp\ S'\ T
      using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv inv
      by (meson\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def\ n-s)
         cdcl_W-stqy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stqy-step)
     then show False using n-s by (meson \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}o \ S \ S' \rangle \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def
       cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step inv)
 ultimately show ?C S \land ?O S by auto
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl_W:
   cdcl_W-s' S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W<sup>++</sup> S S'
proof (induct rule: cdcl_W-s'.induct)
  case conflict'
  then show ?case
   by (simp add: full1-def tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>)
next
  case decide'
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-stgy.simps cdcl_W-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W by (meson cdcl_W-o.simps)
  case (bj' Sa S'a S'') note a2 = this(1) and a1 = this(2) and n-s = this(3)
  obtain ss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st where
   \forall x0 \ x1 \ x2. \ (\exists \ v3. \ x2 \ x1 \ v3 \ \land \ x2^{**} \ v3 \ x0) = (x2 \ x1 \ (ss \ x0 \ x1 \ x2) \ \land \ x2^{**} \ (ss \ x0 \ x1 \ x2) \ x0)
   by moura
  then have f3: \forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ss \ sa \ s \ p) \ \land \ p^{**} \ (ss \ sa \ s \ p) \ sa
   by (metis (full-types) tranclpD)
  have cdcl_W-bj^{++} Sa S'a \wedge no-step cdcl_W-bj S'a
    using a2 by (simp add: full1-def)
  then have cdcl_W-bj Sa (ss\ S'a\ Sa\ cdcl_W-bj) \land\ cdcl_W-bj** (ss\ S'a\ Sa\ cdcl_W-bj) S'a
   using f3 by auto
  then show cdcl_W^{++} Sa S"
   using a n-s by (meson\ bj\ other\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-full1-cdclp-cdcl_W-stgy)
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-into-tranclp2)
qed
lemma tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}tranclp\text{-}cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W - s'^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W + S S'
  apply (induct rule: tranclp.induct)
  using cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> apply blast
  by (meson\ cdcl_W - s' - tranclp - cdcl_W\ tranclp - trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
   cdcl_W - s'^{**} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S S'
  using rtranclp-unfold[of\ cdcl_W-s'\ S\ S']\ tranclp-cdcl_W-s'-tranclp-cdcl_W[of\ S\ S'] by auto
lemma full-cdcl_W-stqy-iff-full-cdcl_W-s':
  assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows full cdcl_W-stgy S T \longleftrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-s' S T (is ?S \longleftrightarrow ?S')
proof
  assume ?S'
  then have cdcl_W^{**} S T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of\ S\ T] unfolding full-def by blast
  then have inv': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv by blast
  have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T
   using \langle ?S' \rangle unfolding full-def
     using cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-s' cdcl_W-stgy**] by auto
  then show ?S
    using \langle ?S' \rangle inv' cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-s'-connected' unfolding full-def by blast
next
  assume ?S
  then have inv-T:cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
    by \ (met is \ assms \ full-def \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv \ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
```

```
consider
     (s') cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T
   |(st)|S' where cdcl_W-s'^{**} S S' and cdcl_W-bj^{++} S' T and conflicting T \neq None
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-connected-to-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'[of S T] inv \langle ?S \rangle
   unfolding full-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by blast
  then show ?S'
   proof cases
     case s'
     have no-step cdcl_W-s' T
       using \langle full\ cdcl_W-stgy S\ T \rangle unfolding full-def
       by (meson\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}all\mbox{-}struct\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}def\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}s'E\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}stgy.conflict'
         cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step inv-T n-step-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl_W-cl-cdcl_W-o)
     then show ?thesis
       using s' unfolding full-def by blast
   next
     case (st S')
     have full cdcl_W-cp T T
       using option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp st(3) by blast
     moreover
       have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-bj T
         by (metis \langle full\ cdcl_W \text{-stgy}\ S\ T \rangle bj inv-T cdcl_W \text{-all-struct-inv-def}
           cdcl_W-then-exists-cdcl_W-stgy-step full-def)
       then have full1 cdcl_W-bj S' T
         using st(2) unfolding full1-def by blast
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S'
       using st(2) by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-cp.simps cdcl_W-bj.simps
         elim: rulesE)
     ultimately have cdcl_W-s' S' T
       using cdcl_W-s'.bj'[of S' T T] by blast
     then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
       using st(1) by auto
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s' T
       using inv-T \land full \ cdcl_W-cp \ T \ T \land full \ cdcl_W-stgy \ S \ T \land  unfolding full-def
       \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis} \ \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-all-struct-inv-def} \ \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-then-exists-cdcl}_W \textit{-stgy-step}
         n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       unfolding full-def by blast
   \mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{qed}
lemma conflict-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-step:
 assumes
    conflict S T
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows \exists T. cdcl_W-stgy S T
proof -
 obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ S\ U
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv assms by blast
 then have full cdcl_W-cp S U
   by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.conflict'\ assms(1)\ full-unfold)
 then show ?thesis using cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' by blast
qed
lemma decide-step-cdcl_W-stgy-step:
```

```
assumes
   decide S T
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows \exists T. cdcl_W-stgy S T
proof -
 obtain U where full cdcl_W-cp T U
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by (meson assms(1) assms(2) cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
     cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv decide other)
  then show ?thesis
   by (metis assms cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv cdcl_W-stgy.conflict' decide full-unfold
     other')
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-Some:
  cdcl_W - cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow conflicting S = Some D \Longrightarrow S = T
 using rtranclpD tranclpD by fastforce
inductive cdcl_W-merge-cp :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict': conflict \ S \ T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W - bj \ T \ U \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - merge-cp \ S \ U \ |
propagate': propagate^{++} S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-cp S S'
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-cases [consumes 1, case-names conflict propagate]:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-cp S U and
   \bigwedge T. conflict S \ T \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-bj T \ U \Longrightarrow P and
   propagate^{++} S U \Longrightarrow P
 shows P
 using assms unfolding cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps by auto
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge:
  cdcl_W-merge-cp S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-cp.induct)
   using cdcl_W-merge.simps apply auto[1]
  using tranclp-mono of propagate cdcl_W-merge fw-propagate by blast
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 apply simp
unfolding cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps by (meson cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W fw-r-conflict
  rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-trans tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma full1-cdcl_W-bj-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 full1\ cdcl_W-bj S\ T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 unfolding full1-def by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-cp-conflicting-not-empty option.exhaust
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart-no-step-cdcl_W-bj tranclpD)
21.4.2
           Full Transformation
inductive cdcl_W-s'-without-decide where
conflict'-without-decide[intro]: full1 cdcl_W-cp S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S S'
bj'-without-decide[intro]: full1 cdcl_W-bj S S' \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S \Longrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-cp S' S''
     \implies cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S S''
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
```

 $cdcl_W$ -s'-without-decide** $S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W$ ** $S \ T$

```
apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
   apply simp
  by (meson\ cdcl_W\ -s'.simps\ cdcl_W\ -s'-tranclp\ -cdcl_W\ cdcl_W\ -s'-without\ -decide.simps
   rtranclp-tranclp-tranclp tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
  cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-s'** S T
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step \ y \ z) note a2 = this(2) and a1 = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-s' y z
   using a2 by (metis (no-types) bj' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.conflict' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide.cases)
 then show cdcl_W-s'** S z
   using a1 by (meson r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V
   conflicting S = None
 shows
   (cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S V)
   \vee (\exists T. cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T \wedge propagate^{++} T V)
   \vee (\exists T U. cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T \wedge full1 cdcl_W-bj T U \wedge propagate** U V)
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and cp = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)]
 from cp show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl_W-merge-restart-cases)
     case propagate
     then show ?thesis using IH by (meson rtranclp-tranclp-tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     case (conflict U') note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2)
     have full1-U-U': full1 \ cdcl_W-cp \ U \ U'
      by (simp add: conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp local.conflict(1))
     consider
        (s') cdcl_W-s'-without-decide^{**} S U
       | (propa) T' where cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T' and propagate^{++} T' U
      \mid (bj\text{-}prop) \ T' \ T'' \text{ where}
          cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T' and
          full1\ cdcl_W-bj\ T'\ T'' and
          propagate^{**} T'' U
      using IH by blast
     then show ?thesis
      proof cases
        case s'
        have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide U U'
         using full1-U-U' conflict'-without-decide by blast
        then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S U'
          using \langle cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S U \rangle by auto
```

```
moreover have U' = V \vee full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ U' \ V
           using bj by (meson full-unfold)
         ultimately show ?thesis by blast
       next
         case propa note s' = this(1) and T'-U = this(2)
         have full1\ cdcl_W-cp\ T'\ U'
           using rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp]\ T'-U\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ full1-U-U'
           rtranclp-full1I[of\ cdcl_W-cp\ T']\ by (metis\ (full-types)\ predicate2D\ predicate2I
             tranclp-into-rtranclp)
         have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S U'
           using \langle full1 \ cdcl_W \ -cp \ T' \ U' \rangle conflict'-without-decide s' by force
         have full cdcl_W-bj U' V \vee V = U' using bj unfolding full-unfold by blast
         then show ?thesis
           using \langle cdcl_W - s' - without - decide^{**} S U' \rangle by blast
       next
         case bj-prop note s' = this(1) and bj-T' = this(2) and T''-U = this(3)
         have no-step cdcl_W-cp T'
           using bj-T' full1-cdcl_W-bj-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by blast
         moreover have full1 cdcl_W-cp T'' U'
           using rtranclp-mono[of propagate cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp] T''-U cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.propagate' full1-U-U'
           rtranclp-full1I[of\ cdcl_W-cp\ T''|\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
         ultimately have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T' U'
           using bj'-without-decide [of T' T'' U'] bj-T' by (simp add: full-unfold)
         then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S U'
           using s' rtranclp.intros(2)[of - S T' U'] by blast
         then show ?thesis
           using local.bj unfolding full-unfold by blast
       qed
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
   cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S V and
   confl: conflicting S = None
  shows
   (cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} S V \wedge conflicting V = None)
   \lor (cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} \ S \ V \land conflicting \ V \neq None \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W - cp \ V \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W - bj \ V)
   \vee (\exists T. \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-} cp^{**} \ S \ T \land conflict \ T \ V)
  using assms(1)
proof (induction)
 case base
 then show ?case using confl by auto
 case (step U V) note st = this(1) and s = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 from s show ?case
   \mathbf{proof}\ (\mathit{cases}\ \mathit{rule}\colon \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{s'}\text{-}\mathit{without}\text{-}\mathit{decide}.\mathit{cases})
     case conflict'-without-decide
     then have rt: cdcl_W-cp^{++} U V unfolding full1-def by fast
     then have conflicting U = None
       using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of U V]
       conflict by (auto dest!: tranclpD simp: rtranclp-unfold elim: rulesE)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U using IH by (auto elim: rulesE
       simp \ del: \ state-simp \ simp: \ state-eq-def)
     consider
```

```
(propa) propagate^{++} U V
    | (confl') conflict U V
    | (propa-confl') U' where propagate<sup>++</sup> U U' conflict U' V
   using tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[OF rt] unfolding rtranclp-unfold
   by fastforce
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case propa
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp UV
      by (auto intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
     moreover have conflicting V = None
      using propa unfolding translp-unfold-end by (auto elim: rulesE)
     ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U\rangle by (auto elim!: rulesE
      simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
   next
     case confl'
     then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U by auto
     case propa-confl' note propa = this(1) and confl' = this(2)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U U' by (auto intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U' using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U \rangle by auto
     then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W \text{-merge-}cp^{**} \mid S \mid U \rangle confl' by auto
   qed
next
 case (bj'-without-decide U') note full-bj = this(1) and cp = this(3)
 then have conflicting U \neq None
   using full-bj unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps
     elim: rulesE)
 with IH obtain T where
   S-T: cdcl_W-merge-cp** S T and T-U: conflict T U
   using full-bj unfolding full1-def by (blast dest: tranclpD)
 then have cdcl_W-merge-cp T U'
   using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' of T \ U \ U' full-bj by (simp add: full-unfold)
 then have S-U': cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S U' using S-T by auto
 consider
     (n-s) U' = V
    \mid (propa) \; propagate^{++} \; U' \; V
     (confl') conflict U' V
    \mid (propa\text{-}confl') \ U'' \text{ where } propagate^{++} \ U' \ U'' \ conflict \ U'' \ V
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not cp
   unfolding rtranclp-unfold full-def by metis
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case propa
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp U' V by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
     moreover have conflicting V = None
      using propa unfolding translp-unfold-end by (auto elim: rulesE)
     ultimately show ?thesis using S-U' by (auto elim: rulesE
      simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
   next
     case confl'
     then show ?thesis using S-U' by auto
     case propa-confl' note propa = this(1) and confl = this(2)
     have cdcl_W-merge-cp U' U'' using propa by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
```

```
then show ?thesis using S-U' confl by (meson rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
      next
        case n-s
        then show ?thesis
          using S-U' apply (cases conflicting V = None)
           using full-bj apply simp
          \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{cp}\ \mathit{full-def}\ \mathit{full-unfold}\ \mathit{full-bj})
      qed
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}no\text{-}ste\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   conflicting S = None
   no-step cdcl_W-s' S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
  using assms apply (auto simp: cdcl_W-s'.simps cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps)
   using conflict-is-full1-cdcl_W-cp apply blast
  using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv cdcl_W-cp.propagate' by (metis cdcl_W-cp.propagate'
   full-unfold tranclpD)
The no-step decide S is needed, since cdcl_W-merge-cp is cdcl_W-s' without decide.
lemma conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide:
 assumes
   confl: conflicting S = None  and
   inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume \neg no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
  then obtain T where
   cdcl_W: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S T
   by auto
  then have inv-T: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S T]
   rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}consistent\text{-}inv inv by blast
  from cdcl_W show False
   proof cases
     case conflict'-without-decide
     have no-step propagate S
      using n-s by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
     then have conflict S T
      using local.conflict' translp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of S T]
      local.conflict'-without-decide unfolding full1-def rtranclp-unfold
      by (metis tranclp-unfold-begin)
     moreover
      then obtain T' where full cdcl_W-bj T T'
        using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form inv-T by blast
     ultimately show False using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' n-s by meson
     case (bj'-without-decide S')
     then show ?thesis
      using confl unfolding full1-def by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps dest: tranclpD
        elim: rulesE)
```

```
qed
qed
lemma conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain T where cdcl_W-merge-cp S T
   by auto
  then show False
   proof cases
     case (conflict' S')
     then show False using n-s conflict'-without-decide conflict-is-full1-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp by blast
   next
     case propagate'
     moreover
      have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
        using inv by (meson local.propagate' rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv
          rtranclp-propagate-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp-into-rtranclp)
       then obtain U where full\ cdcl_W-cp\ T\ U
        using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by auto
     ultimately have full cdcl_W-cp S U
       using tranclp-full-full1I[of cdcl_W-cp S T U] cdcl_W-cp.propagate'
       tranclp-mono[of propagate cdcl_W-cp] by blast
     then show False using conflict'-without-decide n-s by blast
   qed
qed
lemma no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
  no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge-cp } S \Longrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-M-level-inv } S \Longrightarrow no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-cp } S
 using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form cdcl_W-consistent-inv[OF\ cdcl_W.conflict,\ of\ S]
 by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.cases\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp.simps\ tranclp.intros(1))
lemma conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes
   conflicting S = None  and
   cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S T
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
 using assms(2,1) by (induction)
  (fast force\ simp:\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps full-def tranclp-unfold-end cdcl_W-bj.simps
   elim: rulesE)+
lemma conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode:
 assumes
   confl: conflicting S = None and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ V\longleftrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V\ (\mathbf{is}\ ?fw\longleftrightarrow ?s')
proof
 assume ?fw
 then have st: cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V and n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
   unfolding full-def by blast+
```

```
have inv-V: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S V] \langle ?fw \rangle unfolding full-def
  by (simp\ add:\ inv\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
consider
    (s') cdcl_W-s'-without-decide^{**} S V
   (propa) T where cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S T and propagate<sup>++</sup> T V
  (bj) T U where cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide** S T and full1 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj T U and propagate** U V
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide confl st n-s by metis
then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide** S V
  proof cases
    case s'
    then show ?thesis.
  next
    case propa note s' = this(1) and propa = this(2)
    have no-step cdcl_W-cp V
      using no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp n-s inv-V
      unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
    then have full cdcl_W-cp T V
      \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{propa} \ \mathit{tranclp-mono}[\mathit{of} \ \mathit{propagate} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{cp}] \ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{cp}.\mathit{propagate'} \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{full1-def}
      by blast
    then have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T V
      using conflict'-without-decide by blast
    then show ?thesis using s' by auto
  next
    case by note s' = this(1) and bj = this(2) and propa = this(3)
    have no-step cdcl_W-cp V
      using no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp n-s inv-V
      unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
    then have full cdcl_W-cp U V
      using propa rtranclp-mono[of\ propagate\ cdcl_W-cp]\ cdcl_W-cp.propagate'\ unfolding\ full-def
      by blast
    moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp T
      using by unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD \ simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps \ elim: \ rulesE)
    ultimately have cdcl_W-s'-without-decide T V
      using bj'-without-decide[of T U V] bj by blast
    then show ?thesis using s' by auto
moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide V
  proof (cases conflicting V = None)
    case False
    { fix ss :: 'st
      \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{ff1} \colon \forall\, s\ \mathit{sa}.\ \neg\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{s'}\ s\ \mathit{sa}\ \lor\ \mathit{full1}\ \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{cp}\ s\ \mathit{sa}
        \vee (\exists sb. \ decide \ s \ sb \land no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ sb \ sa)
        \vee (\exists sb. full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ s \ sb \land no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sb \ sa)
        by (metis\ cdcl_W - s'.cases)
      have ff2: (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ full1 \ p \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor p^{++} \ s \ sa \land no\text{-step} \ p \ sa)
        \land (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ (\neg p^{++} \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor (\exists s. \ p \ sa \ s)) \lor full 1 \ p \ sa)
        by (meson full1-def)
      obtain ssa :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
        ff3: \forall p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ssa \ p \ s \ sa) \ \land \ p^{**} \ (ssa \ p \ s \ sa) \ sa
        by (metis (no-types) tranclpD)
      then have a3: \neg cdcl_W - cp^{++} \ V ss
        using False by (metis option-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp full-def)
      have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - bj^{++} V s
        using ff3 False by (metis confl st
```

```
conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj)
       then have \neg cdcl_W - s'-without-decide V ss
         using ff1 a3 ff2 by (metis cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases)
     then show ?thesis
       by fastforce
     next
       case True
      then show ?thesis
         using conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide n-s inv-V
         unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by simp
   qed
 ultimately show ?s' unfolding full-def by blast
next
 assume s': ?s'
 then have st: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide** S V and n-s: no-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide V
   unfolding full-def by auto
  then have cdcl_W^{**} S V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W st by blast
  then have inv-V: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv V using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
  then have n\text{-}s\text{-}cp\text{-}V: no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp\ V
   using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv[of V] full-fullI[of cdcl_W-cp V] n-s
   conflict'-without-decide conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp
   no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by presburger
  have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain W where W: cdcl_W-bj V W by blast
     have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W
       using W \ cdcl_W.simps \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv \ inv-V by blast
     then obtain W' where full cdcl_W-bj V W'
       using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of W] full-fullI[of cdcl_W-bj V W] W
       unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
      by blast
     moreover
       then have cdcl_W^{++} V W'
         using tranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-bj\ cdcl_W]\ cdcl_W.other\ cdcl_W-o.bj\ unfolding\ full1-def\ by\ blast
       then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv W'
         by (meson\ inv-V\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ tranclp-into-rtranclp)
       then obtain X where full cdcl_W-cp W'X
         using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by blast
     ultimately show False
       using bj'-without-decide n-s-cp-V n-s by blast
   qed
  from s' consider
     (cp\text{-}true)\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**}\ S\ V\ and\ conflicting\ V=None
   |(cp\text{-false}) \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-}cp^{**} \ S \ V \ \text{and} \ conflicting} \ V \neq None \ \text{and} \ no\text{-step} \ cdcl_W \text{-}cp \ V \ \text{and}
        no-step cdcl_W-bj V
   | (cp\text{-}confl) \ T \ \text{where} \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ S \ T \ conflict \ T \ V
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp[of \ S \ V] confl
   unfolding full-def by meson
  then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} S V
   proof cases
     case cp-confl note S-T = this(1) and conf-V = this(2)
```

```
have full\ cdcl_W-bj\ V\ V
       using conf-V n-s-bj unfolding full-def by fast
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
       using cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' conf-V by auto
     then show ?thesis using S-T by auto
   qed fast+
  moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S V using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> by blast
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
     using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
   then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
     using conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp s'
     unfolding full-def by blast
 ultimately show ?fw unfolding full-def by auto
qed
lemma conflicting-true-full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full1-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode:
   confl: conflicting S = None and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ V\longleftrightarrow full1\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V
proof
 have full cdcl_W-merge-cp S V = full \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S V
   using conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode inv
 then show ?thesis unfolding full-unfold full1-def tranclp-unfold-begin by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}imp\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decode}:
 assumes
   fw: full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp S V and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   full1\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S\ V
proof -
 have conflicting S = None
   using fw unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclpD simp: cdclw-merge-cp.simps elim: rulesE)
 then show ?thesis
   \mathbf{using}\ conflicting\text{-}true\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}iff\text{-}full1\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decode\ fw\ inv\ }\mathbf{by\ }simp
qed
inductive cdcl_W-merge-stgy where
fw-s-cp[intro]: full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-stgy S\ T
fw-s-decide[intro]: decide S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-merge-cp T U
  \implies cdcl_W-merge-stgy S \ U
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge:
 assumes fw: cdcl_W-merge-stqy S T
 shows cdcl_W-merge^{++} S T
proof -
  \{ \mathbf{fix} \ S \ T \}
   assume full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp \ S \ T
   then have cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T
     using tranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-cp\ cdcl_W-merge^{++}]\ cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge
```

```
unfolding full1-def
     by auto
  } note full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl_W-merge = this
 show ?thesis
   using fw
   apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.induct)
     using full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl_W-merge apply simp
   unfolding full-unfold by (auto dest!: full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge fw-decide)
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes fw: cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T
 shows cdcl_W-merge** S T
 using fw cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-merge-stgy cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup>]
 unfolding translp-rtranslp-rtranslp by blast
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-stay S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.induct)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full1-def
   apply (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\ cdcl_W\text{-}o.decide\ cdcl_W.other\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ full\text{-}def
 by (meson r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-trans)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
  using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by auto
lemma cdcl_W-merge-stgy-cases[consumes 1, case-names fw-s-cp fw-s-decide]:
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy S U
   full1\ cdcl_W-merge-cp S\ U \Longrightarrow P
   \bigwedge T. decide S T \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \Longrightarrow full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp T U \Longrightarrow P
 shows P
 using assms by (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps)
inductive cdcl_W-s'-w :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool where
conflict': full1\ cdcl_W - s' - without - decide\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W - s' - w\ S\ S'
decide': decide \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow no-step \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide \ S \Longrightarrow full \ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide \ S' \ S''
  \implies cdcl_W - s' - w \ S \ S''
lemma cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'-w S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} S T
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-w.induct)
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full1-def
   apply (simp add: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full-def
  by (meson decide other rtranclp-into-tranclp2 tranclp-into-rtranclp)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-s'-w** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W** S T
  using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-s'-w\ cdcl_W^{**}]\ cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W by auto
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide}:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S and conflicting <math>S = None and inv: cdcl_W-M-level-inv S
```

```
shows no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S
 by (metis\ assms\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.propagate'\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart\text{-}cases\ tranclpD}
   conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide)
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart:
  assumes no-step cdcl_W-cp S and conflicting <math>S = None
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
  by (metis\ assms(1)\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.conflict'\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.propagate'\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}restart\text{-}cases\ tranclpD})
lemma after-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S T
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp T
 using assms by (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.induct) (auto simp: full1-def full-def)
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp}:
  cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S \Longrightarrow no-step cdcl_W-cp S
 by (simp add: conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp
   no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
lemma after-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-cp:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-w S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-cp T
  using assms
proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-s'-w.induct)
  case conflict'
 then show ?case
   by (auto simp: full1-def tranclp-unfold-end after-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-cp)
next
 case (decide' \ S \ T \ U)
 moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S U
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W [of T U] cdcl_W.other[of S T]
     cdcl_W-o.decide unfolding full-def by auto
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
     using decide'.prems\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 ultimately show ?case
    using no-step-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-cp unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-w** S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp T
 using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step \ T \ U)
 moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W[of S U] assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.hyps(1) by blast
 ultimately show ?case using after-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-w-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp by fast
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq:
 assumes cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
```

```
shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}cp T
  using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
 case (step \ T \ U)
 moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W [of S U] assms(2) rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl_W step.hyps(1)
   by (meson\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
  ultimately show ?case
   using after-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (metis\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps full1-def full-def
     no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W tranclp.intros(1) tranclp-into-rtranclp)
qed
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj:
 assumes no-step cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S and inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume ¬ ?thesis
  then obtain T where S-T: cdcl_W-bj S T
   by auto
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using S-T cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv inv other by blast
  then obtain T' where full1 \ cdcl_W-bj \ S \ T'
   using cdcl_W-bj-exists-normal-form[of T] full-fullI S-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by metis
 moreover
   then have cdcl_W^{**} S T'
     using rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-bj\ cdcl_W]\ cdcl_W other cdcl_W-o.bj\ tranclp-into-rtranclp[of\ cdcl_W-bj]
     unfolding full1-def by blast
   then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T'
     using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
   then obtain U where full cdcl_W-cp T' U
     using cdcl_W-cp-normalized-element-all-inv by blast
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-cp S
   using S-T by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps elim: rulesE)
  ultimately show False
 using assms cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.intros(2)[of S T' U] by fast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes cdcl_W-s'-w S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj T
  using assms apply induction
   \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj unfolding full1-def
   apply (meson tranclp-into-rtranclp)
  \mathbf{using}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\ }rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}inv
    no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj unfolding full-def
  by (meson\ cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl<sub>W</sub> fw-r-decide)
```

```
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj-or-eq:
  assumes cdcl_W-s'-w^{**} S T and cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
  shows S = T \vee no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-bj } T
  using assms apply induction
   apply simp
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-w-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
   cdcl_W-s'-w-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by meson
\mathbf{lemma} \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide\text{-}decomp\text{-}into\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge:}
  assumes
    cdcl_W-s'** R V and
   conflicting R = None  and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
  shows (cdcl_W - merge - stgy^{**} R \ V \land conflicting \ V = None)
  \lor (cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ V \land conflicting \ V \neq None \land no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}bj \ V)
  \vee (\exists S \ T \ U. \ cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ S \land no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \land decide \ S \ T
   \land cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T U \land conflict U V
  \vee (\exists S \ T. \ cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R \ S \land no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \land decide \ S \ T
   \wedge \ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} \ T \ V
     \land conflicting V = None)
  \lor (cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ V \land conflicting \ V = None)
  \vee (\exists U. \ cdcl_W \text{-merge-} cp^{**} \ R \ U \land conflict \ U \ V)
  using assms(1,2)
proof induction
  case base
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step V W) note st = this(1) and s' = this(2) and IH = this(3)[OF\ this(4)] and
  from s'
 show ?case
   proof cases
     case conflict'
     consider
         (s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
       | (dec-confl) S T U where cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp S and
           decide\ S\ T\ {\bf and}\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}merge\mbox{-}cp^{**}\ T\ U\ {\bf and}\ conflict\ U\ V
       \mid (dec) \mid S \mid T  where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \mid S  and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S and decide \mid S \mid T
           and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
         (cp) \ cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} \ R \ V
        | (cp\text{-}confl) U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} R U \text{ and } conflict U V
       using IH by meson
     then show ?thesis
       proof cases
       next
         case s'
         then have R = V
           by (metis full1-def inv local.conflict' translp-unfold-begin
             rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
         consider
             (V-W) V = W
            (propa) propagate^{++} V W and conflicting W = None
            | (propa-confl) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
           using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of\ V\ W]\ conflict'
           unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
```

```
then show ?thesis
   proof cases
    case V-W
    then show ?thesis using \langle R = V \rangle n-s-R by simp
    case propa
    then show ?thesis using \langle R = V \rangle by (auto intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
   next
    case propa-confl
    moreover
      then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V V'
        by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' r-into-rtranclp)
    ultimately show ?thesis using s' (R = V) by blast
   qed
next
 case dec\text{-}confl note - = this(5)
 then have False using conflict' unfolding full1-def by (auto dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
 then show ?thesis by fast
next
 case dec note T-V = this(4)
 consider
     (propa) propagate^{++} V W  and conflicting W = None
   | (propa-confl) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] conflict'
   unfolding full1-def by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
    case propa
    then show ?thesis
      by (meson T-V cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' dec rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
    case propa-confl
    then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V'
      using T-V by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp.simps)
    then show ?thesis using dec propa-confl(2) by metis
   qed
next
 case cp
 consider
     (propa) propagate^{++} V W and conflicting W = None
   | (propa-confl) V' where propagate** V V' and conflict V' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] conflict'
   unfolding full1-def by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
    case propa
    then show ?thesis by (meson cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' cp
      rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
   next
    case propa-confl
    then show ?thesis
      using propa-confl(2) cp
      by (metis\ (full-types)\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl
        rtranclp-unfold)
   qed
```

```
next
     case cp-confl
     then show ?thesis using conflict' unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD
       elim!: rulesE)
   qed
\mathbf{next}
  case (decide' V')
  then have conf-V: conflicting V = None
   by (auto elim: rulesE)
  consider
    (s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
   | (dec-confl) S T U where cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp S and
       decide\ S\ T\ {\bf and}\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}merge\mbox{-}cp^{**}\ T\ U\ {\bf and}\ conflict\ U\ V
   | (dec) S T where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S and decide S T
        and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
    |(cp)| cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R V
    | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
   using IH by meson
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case s'
     have confl-V': conflicting V' = None using decide'(1) by (auto elim: rulesE)
     have full: full1 cdcl_W-cp\ V'\ W\ \lor\ (V'=W\ \land\ no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W-cp\ W)
       using decide'(3) unfolding full-unfold by blast
     consider
         (V'-W) V'=W
       | (propa) propagate^{++} V' W  and conflicting W = None
       | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
       using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V W] decide'
        \langle full1\ cdcl_W - cp\ V'\ W\ \lor\ V' = W\ \land\ no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W - cp\ W\rangle\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ full1\text{-}def
       by (metis\ tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not)
     then show ?thesis
       \mathbf{proof}\ \mathit{cases}
         case V'-W
         then show ?thesis
          using confl-V' local.decide'(1,2) s' conf-V
           no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart[of V]
          by auto
       next
         case propa
         then show ?thesis using local.decide'(1,2) s' by (metis cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps conf-V
           no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart\ r-into-rtranclp)
       \mathbf{next}
         case propa-confl
         then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
          by (metis rtranclp-unfold cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' r-into-rtranclp)
         then show ?thesis
          using local.decide'(1,2) propa-confl(2) s' conf-V
           no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart
          by metis
       \mathbf{qed}
     case (dec) note s' = this(1) and dec = this(2) and cp = this(3) and ns-cp-T = this(4)
     have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
       unfolding full-def by (simp add: conf-V local.decide'(2)
```

```
no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-restart ns-cp-T)
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
    by (simp add: conf-V local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart)
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
   by (metis dec)
  ultimately have cdcl_W-merge-stgy S V
    using cp by blast
  then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V using s' by auto
  consider
     (V'-W) \ V' = W
    |(propa)| propagate^{++} V' W  and conflicting W = None
    | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V'W] decide'
   unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
  then show ?thesis
    proof cases
     case V'-W
     moreover have conflicting V' = None
       using decide'(1) by (auto elim: rulesE)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ V \rangle \ decide' \ \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
    next
     case propa
     moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V' W by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ R \ V \rangle \ decide' \ \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V \rangle
       by (meson \ r-into-rtranclp)
   next
     case propa-confl
     moreover then have \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{merge\text{-}\mathit{cp}^{**}}\ \mathit{V'}\ \mathit{V''}
       by (metis\ cdcl_W - merge-cp.propagate'\ rtranclp-unfold\ tranclp-unfold-end)
     ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V \rangle decide'
        \langle no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge-cp } V \rangle by (meson \ r\text{-into-rtranclp})
   qed
\mathbf{next}
  case cp
  have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
    using conf-V local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart by auto
  then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp R V
    unfolding full-def using cp by fast
  then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
   unfolding full-unfold by auto
  have full cdcl_W-cp V'W \lor (V' = W \land no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-cp } W)
   using decide'(3) unfolding full-unfold by blast
  consider
     (V'-W) \ V' = W
    |(propa)| propagate^{++} V' W and conflicting W = None
    | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
   using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V'W] decide'
    unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case V'-W
```

```
moreover have conflicting V' = None
           using decide'(1) by (auto elim: rulesE)
         ultimately show ?thesis
           using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V \rangle \ decide' \langle no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V \rangle \ by blast
       \mathbf{next}
         case propa
         moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V'W
           by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
         ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V \rangle decide'
           \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ V \rangle\ \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
       next
         case propa-confl
         moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
           by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
         ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V \rangle decide'
           \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\ V \rangle by (meson\ r\text{-}into\text{-}rtranclp)
       qed
   next
     case (dec-confl)
     show ?thesis using conf-V dec-confl(5) by (auto elim!: rulesE
       simp \ del: state-simp \ simp: state-eq-def)
     case cp-confl
     then show ?thesis using decide' apply - by (intro HOL.disjI2) (fastforce elim: rulesE
       simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 ged
next
 case (bj'\ V')
 then have \neg no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}bj\ V
   by (auto dest: tranclpD simp: full1-def)
 then consider
    (s') cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and conflicting V = None
   | (dec\text{-}confl) S T U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} R S \text{ and } no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ S \text{ and }
       decide\ S\ T\ and\ cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**}\ T\ U\ and\ conflict\ U\ V
   \mid (dec) \mid S \mid T \mid where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \mid S \mid and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S \mid and decide \mid S \mid T \mid
       and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
     (cp) cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R V and conflicting V = None
    | (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
   using IH by meson
 then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case s' note - = this(2)
     then have False
       using bj'(1) unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps
         elim: rulesE)
     then show ?thesis by fast
   next
     case dec note - = this(5)
     then have False
       using bj'(1) unfolding full1-def by (force dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps
         elim: rulesE)
     then show ?thesis by fast
   next
     case dec-confl
     then have cdcl_W-merge-cp UV'
```

```
using bj' cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros(1)[of U V V'] by (simp add: full-unfold)
  then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V'
    using dec\text{-}confl(4) by simp
  consider
     (V'-W) V'=W
     (propa) propagate^{++} V' W and conflicting W = None
    (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
    using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not[of V'W] bj'(3)
    unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case V'-W
     then have no-step cdcl_W-cp V'
       using bj'(3) unfolding full-def by auto
     then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V'
       by (metis\ cdcl_W\text{-}cp.propagate'\ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp.cases\ tranclpD)
         no-step-cdcl_W-cp-no-conflict-no-propagate(1)
     then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V'
       unfolding full1-def using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle dec-confl(4) by auto
     then have full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp T\ V'
       by (simp add: full-unfold)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-stay S V'
       using dec\text{-}confl(3) cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy.fw\text{-}s\text{-}decide \land no\text{-}step cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp S \land b y blast
     then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V
       using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R S by auto
     show ?thesis
       proof cases
         assume conflicting W = None
         then show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V' \rangle \langle V' = W \rangle by auto
       next
         assume conflicting W \neq None
         then show ?thesis
           using \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ V' \rangle \langle V' = W \rangle by (metis \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U \ V' \rangle
             conflictE\ conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj
             dec\text{-}confl(5) map-option-is-None r-into-rtranclp)
       qed
   next
     case propa
     moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V' W by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
    ultimately show ?thesis using decide' by (meson \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V' dec-confl(1-3)
       rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
    next
     case propa-confl
     moreover then have \mathit{cdcl}_W\text{-}\mathit{merge\text{-}\mathit{cp}^{**}}\ \mathit{V'}\ \mathit{V''}
       by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
   ultimately show ?thesis by (meson \langle cdcl_W - merge - cp^{**} \mid T \mid V' \rangle dec - confl(1-3) rtranclp-trans)
   qed
next
  case cp note - = this(2)
  then show ?thesis using bj'(1) \langle \neg no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-}bj V \rangle
    conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj by auto
  case cp-confl
  then have cdcl_W-merge-cp UV' by (simp add: cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' full-unfold
    local.bj'(1)
```

```
consider
   (V'-W) \ V' = W
 | (propa) propagate^{++} V' W  and conflicting W = None
 | (propa-confl) V'' where propagate** V' V'' and conflict V'' W
 using tranclp-cdcl_W-cp-propagate-with-conflict-or-not [of V'W] by
 unfolding full-unfold full1-def by meson
then show ?thesis
 proof cases
   case V'-W
   show ?thesis
     proof cases
      assume conflicting V' = None
      then show ?thesis
        using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle cp-confl(1) by force
     next
      assume confl: conflicting V' \neq None
      then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-stqy V'
        by (fastforce simp: cdcl_W-merge-stgy.simps full1-def full-def
          cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
      have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V'
        using confl by (auto simp: full1-def full-def cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps
        dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
      moreover have cdcl_W-merge-cp U W
        using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle by blast
      ultimately have full1 cdcl_W-merge-cp R V
        using cp\text{-}confl(1) V'\text{-}W unfolding full1\text{-}def by auto
      then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V'
        by auto
      moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V'
        using confl \ \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp \ V' \rangle by (auto simp: cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy.simps
          full1-def dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
      ultimately have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V' by auto
       { fix ss :: 'st
        have cdcl_W-merge-cp U W
          using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle by blast
        then have \neg cdcl_W-bj Wss
          by (meson conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj
            cp-confl(1) rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl step.prems)
        then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R W \wedge conflicting W = None \vee
          cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R \ W \land \neg \ cdcl_W-bj W \ ss
          using V'-W \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V' \rangle by presburger }
      then show ?thesis
        by presburger
    qed
 next
   case propa
   moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp V'W
     by (blast intro: cdcl_W-merge-cp.intros)
   ultimately show ?thesis using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U|V'\rangle cp-confl(1) by force
 next
   moreover then have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} V' V''
     by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.propagate' rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
   ultimately show ?thesis
```

```
using \langle cdcl_W-merge-cp U V' \rangle cp-confl(1) by (metis rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl
                 rtranclp-trans)
           qed
       qed
   qed
qed
lemma decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes
    dec: decide S T and
   cdcl_W-s'** T U and
   n-s-S: no-step cdcl_W-cp S and
   no-step cdcl_W-cp U
  shows cdcl_W-s'^{**} S U
  using assms(2,4)
proof induction
  case (step U(V)) note st = this(1) and s' = this(2) and IH = this(3) and n-s = this(4)
  consider
     (TU) T = U
   \mid (s'-st) \mid T' \text{ where } cdcl_W-s' \mid T \mid T' \text{ and } cdcl_W-s'^{**} \mid T' \mid U
   using st[unfolded rtranclp-unfold] by (auto dest!: tranclpD)
  then show ?case
   proof cases
     case TU
     then show ?thesis
       proof -
         assume a1: T = U
         then have f2: cdcl_W - s' T V
           using s' by force
         obtain ss :: 'st where
           ss: cdcl_W-s'** S T \vee cdcl_W-cp T ss
           using a1 step.IH by blast-
         obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
           f3: \forall s \ sa \ sb. \ (\neg \ decide \ s \ sa \ \lor \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \ (ssa \ s) \ \lor \ \neg \ full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sa \ sb)
             \lor \ cdcl_W \text{-}s' \ s \ sb
           using cdcl_W-s'.decide' by moura
         have \forall s \ sa. \neg cdcl_W - s' \ s \ sa \lor full 1 \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \ sa \lor
           (\exists sb. \ decide \ s \ sb \land \ no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ s \land full \ cdcl_W\text{-}cp \ sb \ sa) \lor
           (\exists sb. full1 \ cdcl_W - bj \ s \ sb \ \land \ no\text{-}step \ cdcl_W - cp \ s \ \land full \ cdcl_W - cp \ sb \ sa)
           by (metis\ cdcl_W - s'E)
         then have \exists s. \ cdcl_W - s'^{**} \ S \ s \land \ cdcl_W - s' \ s \ V
           using f3 ss f2 by (metis dec full1-is-full n-s-S rtranclp-unfold)
         then show ?thesis
           by force
       qed
   next
     case (s'-st \ T') note s'-T'=this(1) and st=this(2)
     have cdcl_W-s'^{**} S T'
       using s'-T'
       proof cases
         case conflict'
         then have cdcl_W-s' S T'
            using dec\ cdcl_W-s'.decide'\ n-s-S by (simp\ add:\ full-unfold)
         then show ?thesis
            using st by auto
```

```
next
        case (decide' T'')
        then have cdcl_W-s' S T
           using dec\ cdcl_W-s'.decide'\ n-s-S by (simp\ add:\ full-unfold)
        then show ?thesis using decide' s'-T' by auto
      next
        case bi'
        then have False
          using dec unfolding full1-def by (fastforce dest!: tranclpD simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps
            elim: rulesE)
        then show ?thesis by fast
      qed
     then show ?thesis using s' st by auto
   qed
next
 case base
 then have full cdcl_W-cp T T
   by (simp add: full-unfold)
  then show ?case
   using cdcl_W-s'.simps dec n-s-S by auto
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s':
 assumes
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows cdcl_W-s'** R V
 using assms(1)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (step S T) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
   using inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-styy-rtranclp-cdcl_W st by blast
  from fw show ?case
   proof (cases rule: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stqy-cases)
     case fw-s-cp
     have \bigwedge s. \neg full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp s\ S
      using fw-s-cp unfolding full-def full1-def by (metis tranclp-unfold-begin)
     then have S = R
      using fw-s-cp unfolding full1-def by (metis cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.conflict' cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.propagate'
        cdcl_W-merge-cp.cases tranclp-unfold-begin inv st
        rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
     then have full cdcl_W-s'-without-decide R T
      using inv\ local.fw-s-cp
      by (blast intro: conflicting-true-full1-cdcl_W-merge-cp-imp-full1-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode)
     then show ?thesis unfolding full1-def
      by (metis\ (no-types)\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'\ rtranclp-unfold)
     case (fw-s-decide S') note dec = this(1) and n-S = this(2) and full = this(3)
     moreover then have conflicting S' = None
      by (auto elim: rulesE)
     ultimately have full cdcl_W-s'-without-decide S' T
      \textbf{by} \; (\textit{meson} \; \langle \textit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\textit{all-struct-inv} \; S \rangle \; \textit{cdcl}_W \text{-}\textit{merge-restart-cdcl}_W \; \textit{fw-r-decide}
```

```
rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
          conflicting-true-full-cdcl_W-merge-cp-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'-without-decode)
      then have a1: cdcl_W-s'** S' T
        unfolding full-def by (metis (full-types) rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
      have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** S T
        using fw by blast
      then have cdcl_W-s'** S T
        using decide-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s' a1 by (metis \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \rangle dec
          n-S no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-cp cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
          rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy'-no-step-cdcl_W-cp-or-eq)
      then show ?thesis using IH by auto
    qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
  st: cdcl_W-merge-stgy^{**} R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses R) and
  R: trail R = []
  shows distinct-mset (clauses S)
  using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[OF invR - dist R]
  invR st rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_W-s'\ cdcl_W-stgy^{**}]\ cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy
  by (auto dest!: cdcl_W-s'-is-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s')
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy:
  assumes
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and s': no-step cdcl_W-s' R
 shows no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy R
proof -
  { fix ss :: 'st
    obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
      ff1: \bigwedge s sa. \neg cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy s sa \lor full1 cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp s sa \lor decide s (ssa s sa)
      using cdcl_W-merge-stgy.cases by moura
    obtain ssb :: ('st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
      ff2: \bigwedge p \ s \ sa. \ \neg \ p^{++} \ s \ sa \ \lor \ p \ s \ (ssb \ p \ s \ sa)
      by (meson tranclp-unfold-begin)
    obtain ssc :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
      ff3: \land s sa sb. (\neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv <math>s \lor \neg cdcl_W - cp \ s sa \lor cdcl_W - s' \ s \ (ssc \ s))
        \land (\neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ s \lor \neg cdcl_W - o \ s \ sb \lor cdcl_W - s' \ s \ (ssc \ s))
      using n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o by moura
    then have ff_4: \Lambda s. \neg cdcl_W - o R s
      using s' inv by blast
    have ff5: \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - cp^{++} R s
      using ff3 ff2 s' by (metis\ inv)
    have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W - bj^{++} R s
      using ff4 ff2 by (metis bj)
    then have \bigwedge s. \neg cdcl_W-s'-without-decide R s
      using ff5 by (simp add: cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.simps full1-def)
    then have \neg cdcl_W - s'-without-decide<sup>++</sup> R ss
      using ff2 by blast
    then have \neg full1\ cdcl_W-s'-without-decide R ss
      by (simp add: full1-def)
    then have \neg cdcl_W-merge-stgy R ss
      \textbf{using} \textit{ ff4} \textit{ ff1} \textit{ conflicting-true-full1-cdcl} \textit{W-merge-cp-imp-full1-cdcl} \textit{W-s'-without-decode inv}
      by blast }
```

```
then show ?thesis
by fastforce
qed
end
```

21.4.3 Termination and full Equivalence

```
We will discharge the assumption later using NOT's proof of termination.
```

```
locale \ conflict-driven-clause-learning_W-termination =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning_W +
  assumes wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-inv: wf \{(T, S). cdcl_W-all\text{-struct-inv } S \land cdcl_W\text{-merge } S T\}
begin
lemma wf-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge: wf \{(T, S). cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge<sup>++</sup> S T\}
 using wf-trancl[OF wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-inv]
 apply (rule wf-subset)
 by (auto simp: trancl-set-tranclp
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv)
lemma wf-cdcl_W-merge-cp:
  wf\{(T, S). \ cdcl_W \text{-all-struct-inv } S \land cdcl_W \text{-merge-cp } S \ T\}
  using wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge by (rule wf-subset) (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge-cp-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge)
lemma wf-cdcl_W-merge-stgy:
  wf\{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ S \land cdcl_W - merge - stgy \ S \ T\}
 using wf-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge by (rule wf-subset)
  (auto simp add: cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 obtains S where full cdcl_W-merge-cp R S
proof
  obtain S where full (\lambda S T. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge-cp S T) R S
   using wf-exists-normal-form-full[OF wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp] by blast
  then have
   st: (\lambda S \ T. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \land cdcl_W-merge-cp S \ T)^{**} \ R \ S and
   n-s: no-step (\lambda S T. cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \wedge cdcl_W-merge-cp S T) S
   unfolding full-def by blast+
  have cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R S
   using st by induction auto
  moreover
   have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
     using st inv
     apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
       apply simp
     by (meson\ r-into-rtranclp\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
       rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
   then have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S
     using n-s by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using that unfolding full-def by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{no-step-cdcl}_W \textit{-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl}_W \textit{-s'}:
 assumes
```

```
inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R and
   confl: conflicting R = None and
   n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy R
 shows no-step cdcl_W-s' R
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
 then obtain S where cdcl_W-s' R S by auto
 then show False
   proof cases
     case conflict'
     then obtain S' where full cdcl_W-merge-cp R S'
      proof
        obtain R' :: 'e where
          cdcl_W-merge-cp R R'
          using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by (meson confl
            cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.simps conflict'
            conflicting-true-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-s'-without-decide)
        then show ?thesis
          using that by (metis cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form full-unfold inv)
      qed
     then show False using n-s by blast
   next
     case (decide' R')
     then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R'
      using inv cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W.other cdcl_W-o.decide by meson
     then obtain R'' where full\ cdcl_W-merge-cp\ R'\ R''
      using cdcl_W-merge-cp-obtain-normal-form by blast
     moreover have no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp R
      by (simp add: confi local.decide'(2) no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-restart)
     ultimately show False using n-s cdcl_W-merge-stgy.intros local.decide'(1) by blast
   next
     case (bj' R')
     then show False
      using confl\ no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}s'\text{-}without\text{-}decide}\ inv
      unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
   qed
qed
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes conflicting R = None and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} R S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
 using assms conflicting-not-true-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl_W-bj:
 assumes confl: conflicting R = None and cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S
 shows no-step cdcl_W-bj S
 using assms(2)
proof induction
 case base
 then show ?case
   using confl by (auto simp: cdcl_W-bj.simps elim: rulesE)
 case (step S T) note st = this(1) and fw = this(2) and IH = this(3)
 have confl-S: conflicting S = None
   using fw apply cases
```

```
by (auto simp: full1-def cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
  from fw show ?case
    proof cases
      case fw-s-cp
      then show ?thesis
        using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-cp-no-step-cdcl_W-bj confl-S
        by (simp add: full1-def tranclp-into-rtranclp)
    next
      case (fw-s-decide S')
      moreover then have conflicting S' = None by (auto elim: rulesE)
      ultimately show ?thesis
        \mathbf{using}\ conflicting\text{-}not\text{-}true\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}bj
        unfolding full-def by meson
    qed
qed
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Restart
imports CDCL-W-Merge
begin
21.5
          Adding Restarts
locale \ cdcl_W-restart =
  conflict-driven-clause-learning_W
    — functions for clauses:
    mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
    mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
    — functions for the conflicting clause:
    mset-ccls union-ccls insert-ccls remove-clit
    — conversion
    ccls-of-cls cls-of-ccls
    — functions for the state:
      — access functions:
    trail hd-raw-trail raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting
       — changing state:
    cons\text{-}trail\ tl\text{-}trail\ add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ remove\text{-}cls\ update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
    update-conflicting
      — get state:
    init-state
    restart-state
    mset-cls:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ {\bf and}
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
```

```
remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    mset-ccls:: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    union\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \text{ and }
    insert-ccls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ and
    remove\text{-}clit :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
    ccls-of-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'ccls and
    cls-of-ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits and
    hd-raw-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit and
    raw-init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    raw-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    raw-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
    cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-init-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-learned-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update\text{-}conflicting :: 'ccls \ option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \ \mathbf{and}
    init-state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st and
    restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st +
  fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow nat
  assumes f: unbounded f
begin
The condition of the differences of cardinality has to be strict. Otherwise, you could be in
a strange state, where nothing remains to do, but a restart is done. See the proof of well-
foundedness.
inductive cdcl_W-merge-with-restart where
restart-step:
  (cdcl_W-merge-stgy \widehat{\phantom{a}} (card\ (set-mset\ (learned-clss\ T)) - card\ (set-mset\ (learned-clss\ S)))) S T
  \implies card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) - card (set-mset (learned-clss S)) > f n
  \implies restart \ T \ U \implies cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) \ (U, Suc \ n)
restart-full: full1 cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-restart** (fst S) (fst T)
  by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
  (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy-tranclp-cdcl_W-merge\ tranclp-into-rtranclp
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-restart
    fw-r-rf cdcl_W-rf.restart
    simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} (fst S) (fst T)
  by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
  (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtranclp\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W\ cdcl_W.rf
    cdcl_W-rf.restart tranclp-into-rtranclp simp: full1-def)
```

lemma $cdcl_W$ -merge-with-restart-increasing-number:

```
cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow snd T = 1 + snd S
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct) auto
lemma full1 cdcl_W-merge-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
  using restart-full by blast
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-learned-clss-bound:
 assumes inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows set-mset (learned-clss S) \subseteq simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
proof
 \mathbf{fix} \ C
 assume C: C \in set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S)
 have distinct-mset C
   using C inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def distinct-mset-set-def
   by auto
 moreover have \neg tautology C
   using C inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def by auto
   \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{atms-of}\ C\subseteq \mathit{atms-of-mm}\ (\mathit{learned-clss}\ S)
     using C by auto
   then have atms-of C \subseteq atms-of-mm (init-clss S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def by force
  moreover have finite (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ S))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  ultimately show C \in simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss S))
   using distinct-mset-not-tautology-implies-in-simple-clss simple-clss-mono
   by blast
qed
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-init-clss:
  cdcl_W-merge-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-M-level-inv (fst S) \Longrightarrow
  init\text{-}clss\ (fst\ S) = init\text{-}clss\ (fst\ T)
 using cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss by blast
lemma
  wf \{(T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (fst \ S) \land cdcl_W - merge - with - restart \ S \ T\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain g where
   g: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-merge-with-restart (g\ i)\ (g\ (Suc\ i)) and
   inv: \bigwedge i. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst (g\ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
  { fix i
   have init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ i))=init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ \theta))
     apply (induction i)
       apply simp
     using g inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (metis cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-init-clss)
   } note init-q = this
 let ?S = q \theta
 have finite (atms-of-mm \ (init-clss \ (fst \ ?S)))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g i) = i + snd (g 0)
   apply (induct-tac i)
     apply simp
   by (metis Suc-eq-plus1-left add-Suc cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-increasing-number g)
```

```
then have snd - g - \theta: \bigwedge i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd(g i) = i + snd(g \theta)
   by blast
  have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-q
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le le-iff-add)
 obtain k where
   f-g-k: f (snd (g k)) > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S)))) and
   k > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
   using not-bounded-nat-exists-larger[OF unbounded-f-g] by blast
The following does not hold anymore with the non-strict version of cardinality in the definition.
   assume no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy (fst (g \ i))
   with g[of i]
   have False
     proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.induct)
       case (restart-step T S n) note H = this(1) and c = this(2) and n-s = this(4)
       obtain S' where cdcl_W-merge-stgy SS'
         using H c by (metis gr-implies-not0 relpowp-E2)
       then show False using n-s by auto
     next
       case (restart-full S T)
       then show False unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclpD)
     ged
   } note H = this
  obtain m T where
   m: m = card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss (fst (g k))))  and
   m > f \ (snd \ (g \ k)) and
   restart T (fst (g(k+1))) and
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy: (cdcl_W-merge-stgy ^{\sim} m) (fst (g k)) T
   using g[of k] H[of Suc k] by (force simp: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart.simps full1-def)
  have cdcl_W-merge-stgy** (fst (g k)) T
   using cdcl_W-merge-stgy relpowp-imp-rtrancly by metis
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using inv[of k] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W
   by blast
 moreover have card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss \ T)) - card (set\text{-}mset (learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ (g \ k))))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     unfolding m[symmetric] using \langle m > f \ (snd \ (g \ k)) \rangle f-g-k by linarith
   then have card (set-mset (learned-clss T))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     by linarith
  moreover
   have init\text{-}clss\ (fst\ (g\ k)) = init\text{-}clss\ T
     \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy^{**} \ (fst \ (g \ k)) \ T \rangle \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \text{-}merge\text{-}stgy\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W
     rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-init-clss inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def by blast
   then have init-clss (fst ?S) = init-clss T
     using init-g[of k] by auto
  ultimately show False
   using cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-learned-clss-bound
   by (simp add: \langle finite\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ 0))))\rangle simple-clss-finite
     card-mono leD)
qed
```

```
lemma cdcl_W-merge-with-restart-distinct-mset-clauses:
 assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst R) and
  st: cdcl_W-merge-with-restart R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses (fst R)) and
  R: trail (fst R) = []
 shows distinct-mset (clauses (fst S))
  using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction)
 case (restart-full S T)
 then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
next
  case (restart\text{-}step\ T\ S\ n\ U)
 then have distinct-mset (clauses T)
   using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stqy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then show ?case using \langle restart \ T \ U \rangle by (metis clauses-restart distinct-mset-union fstI
    mset-le-exists-conv restart.cases state-eq-clauses)
qed
inductive cdcl_W-with-restart where
restart-step:
  (cdcl_W - stgy \frown (card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) - card (set-mset (learned-clss S)))) S T \Longrightarrow
    card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ T)) - card\ (set\text{-}mset\ (learned\text{-}clss\ S)) > f\ n \Longrightarrow
    restart \ T \ U \Longrightarrow
  cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (U, Suc n)
restart-full: full1 cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W^{**} (fst S) (fst T)
 apply (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct)
 by (auto dest!: relpowp-imp-rtrancly tranclp-into-rtrancly fw-r-rf
    cdcl_W-rf.restart rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W
   simp: full1-def)
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-increasing-number:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S \ T \Longrightarrow snd \ T = 1 + snd \ S
 by (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct) auto
lemma full1 cdcl_W-stgy S T \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-with-restart (S, n) (T, Suc n)
  using restart-full by blast
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-init-clss:
  cdcl_W-with-restart S T \implies cdcl_W-M-level-inv (fst S) \implies init-clss (fst S) = init-clss (fst T)
  using cdcl_W-with-restart-rtranclp-cdcl_W rtranclp-cdcl_W-init-clss by blast
lemma
  wf \{ (T, S). \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (fst S) \land cdcl_W - with - restart \ S \ T \}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume ¬ ?thesis
   then obtain g where
   g: \Lambda i. \ cdcl_W-with-restart (g \ i) \ (g \ (Suc \ i)) and
   inv: \land i. \ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst (g\ i))
   unfolding wf-iff-no-infinite-down-chain by fast
  { fix i
```

```
have init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ i))=init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ \theta))
     apply (induction i)
      apply simp
     using q inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (metis cdcl_W-with-restart-init-clss)
   } note init-g = this
 let ?S = g \theta
 have finite (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S)))
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 have snd-g: \bigwedge i. snd (g \ i) = i + snd (g \ \theta)
   apply (induct-tac i)
     apply simp
   by (metis Suc\text{-}eq\text{-}plus1\text{-}left add-Suc cdcl_W-with-restart-increasing-number g)
  then have snd-g-\theta: \bigwedge i. i > \theta \Longrightarrow snd(g i) = i + snd(g \theta)
   by blast
 have unbounded-f-g: unbounded (\lambda i. f (snd (g i)))
   using f unfolding bounded-def by (metis add.commute f less-or-eq-imp-le snd-g
     not-bounded-nat-exists-larger not-le le-iff-add)
 obtain k where
   f-g-k: f (snd (g k)) > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst <math>?S)))) and
   k > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
   using not-bounded-nat-exists-larger [OF unbounded-f-g] by blast
The following does not hold anymore with the non-strict version of cardinality in the definition.
  { fix i
   assume no-step cdcl_W-stgy (fst (g i))
   with g[of i]
   have False
     proof (induction rule: cdcl_W-with-restart.induct)
      case (restart-step T S n) note H = this(1) and c = this(2) and n-s = this(4)
      obtain S' where cdcl_W-stgy S S'
        using H c by (metis gr-implies-not0 relpowp-E2)
      then show False using n-s by auto
     next
      case (restart-full\ S\ T)
      then show False unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: tranclpD)
     qed
   \} note H = this
  obtain m T where
   m: m = card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ T)) - card \ (set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ (g \ k)))) and
   m > f \ (snd \ (g \ k)) and
   restart T (fst (g(k+1))) and
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy: (cdcl_W-stgy ^{\sim} m) (fst (g \ k)) T
   using g[of k] H[of Suc k] by (force simp: cdcl_W-with-restart.simps full1-def)
  have cdcl_W-stgy^{**} (fst (g \ k)) T
   using cdcl_W-merge-stgy relpowp-imp-rtranclp by metis
  then have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using inv[of k] rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
 moreover have card (set-mset (learned-clss T)) - card (set-mset (learned-clss (fst (g \ k))))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     unfolding m[symmetric] using \langle m > f \ (snd \ (g \ k)) \rangle f-g-k by linarith
   then have card (set-mset (learned-clss T))
     > card (simple-clss (atms-of-mm (init-clss (fst ?S))))
     by linarith
 moreover
```

```
have init\text{-}clss\ (fst\ (g\ k)) = init\text{-}clss\ T
      \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{**} \ (fst \ (g \ k)) \ \ T \rangle \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W \ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}init\text{-}clss
      inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
      by blast
   then have init-clss (fst ?S) = init-clss T
      using init-g[of k] by auto
  ultimately show False
   \mathbf{using}\ cdcl_W\textit{-}all\textit{-}struct\textit{-}inv\textit{-}learned\textit{-}clss\textit{-}bound
   by (simp add: \langle finite\ (atms-of-mm\ (init-clss\ (fst\ (g\ 0)))) \rangle simple-clss-finite
      card-mono\ leD)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-with-restart-distinct-mset-clauses:
  assumes invR: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (fst R) and
  st: cdcl_W-with-restart R S and
  dist: distinct-mset (clauses (fst R)) and
  R: trail (fst R) = []
  shows distinct-mset (clauses (fst S))
  using assms(2,1,3,4)
proof (induction)
  case (restart\text{-}full\ S\ T)
  then show ?case using rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-distinct-mset-clauses[of S T] unfolding full1-def
   by (auto dest: tranclp-into-rtranclp)
\mathbf{next}
  case (restart-step T S n U)
  then have distinct-mset (clauses T) using rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-distinct-mset-clauses of S T
   unfolding full1-def by (auto dest: relpowp-imp-rtranclp)
  then show ?case using \langle restart \ T \ U \rangle by (metis clauses-restart distinct-mset-union fstI
    mset-le-exists-conv restart. cases state-eq-clauses)
qed
end
locale luby-sequence =
 fixes ur :: nat
 assumes ur > 0
begin
lemma exists-luby-decomp:
 fixes i :: nat
 shows \exists k :: nat. (2 \hat{k} - 1) \le i \land i < 2 \hat{k} - 1) \lor i = 2 \hat{k} - 1
proof (induction i)
 case \theta
  then show ?case
   by (rule\ exI[of - \theta],\ simp)
next
  case (Suc \ n)
  then obtain k where 2 \hat{k} (k-1) \leq n \wedge n < 2 \hat{k} - 1 \vee n = 2 \hat{k} - 1
   by blast
  then consider
      (st-interv) 2 \ \widehat{} (k-1) \le n \text{ and } n \le 2 \ \widehat{} k-2
   |(end\text{-}interv) 2 \hat{(k-1)} \le n \text{ and } n = 2 \hat{k} - 2
    (pow2) \ n = 2 \hat{k} - 1
   by linarith
  then show ?case
   proof cases
```

```
case st-interv
then show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - k])
by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-diff-Suc Suc-lessI
\langle 2 \cap (k-1) \leq n \wedge n < 2 \cap k-1 \vee n=2 \cap k-1 \rangle \text{ diff-self-eq-0}
dual-order.trans le-SucI le-imp-less-Suc numeral-2-eq-2 one-le-numeral one-le-power zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
next
case end-interv
then show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - k]) by auto
next
case pow2
then show ?thesis apply - apply (rule exI[of - k+1]) by auto
qed
qed
```

Luby sequences are defined by:

- $2^k 1$, if $i = (2::'a)^k (1::'a)$
- luby-sequence-core $(i-2^{k-1}+1)$, if $(2::'a)^{k-1} \le i$ and $i \le (2::'a)^k (1::'a)$

Then the sequence is then scaled by a constant unit run (called *ur* here), strictly positive.

```
function luby-sequence-core :: nat \Rightarrow nat where
luby-sequence-core i =
 (if \exists k. \ i = 2\hat{\ }k - 1
  then 2^{(SOME k. i = 2^k - 1) - 1)}
 else luby-sequence-core (i-2^{(SOME\ k.\ 2^{(k-1)} < i \land i < 2^{k}-1)-1)+1))
by auto
termination
proof (relation less-than, goal-cases)
 case 1
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (2 i)
 let ?k = (SOME \ k. \ 2 \ (k-1) \le i \land i < 2 \ k-1)
 have 2^{(k-1)} \le i \land i < 2^{(k-1)}
   apply (rule some I-ex)
   using 2 exists-luby-decomp by blast
  then show ?case
   proof -
     have \forall n \ na. \ \neg (1::nat) \leq n \lor 1 \leq n \ \widehat{\ } na
       by (meson one-le-power)
     then have f1: (1::nat) \leq 2 \ \widehat{} \ (?k-1)
       using one-le-numeral by blast
     have f2: i - 2 \ (?k - 1) + 2 \ (?k - 1) = i
       using \langle 2 \cap (?k-1) \leq i \wedge i < 2 \cap ?k-1 \rangle le-add-diff-inverse2 by blast
     have f3: 2 \ \widehat{\ }?k - 1 \neq Suc \ 0
       using f1 \langle 2 \ \widehat{} \ (?k-1) \leq i \wedge i < 2 \ \widehat{} \ ?k-1 \rangle by linarith
     have 2 \hat{\ } ?k - (1::nat) \neq 0
       using \langle 2 \cap (?k-1) \leq i \wedge i < 2 \cap ?k-1 \rangle gr-implies-not0 by blast
     then have f_4: 2 ?k \neq (1::nat)
     have f5: \forall n \ na. \ if \ na = 0 \ then \ (n::nat) \cap na = 1 \ else \ n \cap na = n * n \cap (na - 1)
       by (simp add: power-eq-if)
```

```
then have ?k \neq 0
      using f_4 by meson
     then have 2 \cap (?k-1) \neq Suc \ \theta
      using f5 f3 by presburger
     then have Suc \ \theta < 2 \ \widehat{\ } (?k-1)
      using f1 by linarith
     then show ?thesis
      using f2 less-than-iff by presburger
   qed
qed
function natlog2 :: nat \Rightarrow nat where
natlog2 \ n = (if \ n = 0 \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1 + natlog2 \ (n \ div \ 2))
 using not0-implies-Suc by auto
termination by (relation measure (\lambda n. n)) auto
declare natlog2.simps[simp del]
declare luby-sequence-core.simps[simp del]
lemma two-pover-n-eq-two-power-n'-eq:
 assumes H: (2::nat) \hat{\ } (k::nat) - 1 = 2 \hat{\ } k' - 1
 shows k' = k
proof -
 have (2::nat) \hat{\ } (k::nat) = 2 \hat{\ } k'
   using H by (metis One-nat-def Suc-pred zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
 then show ?thesis by simp
qed
lemma luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one:
 luby-sequence-core (2\hat{k}-1)=2\hat{k}-1 (is ?L=?K)
proof -
 have decomp: \exists ka. \ 2 \ \hat{k} - 1 = 2 \ \hat{k}a - 1
   by auto
 have ?L = 2^{(SOME k'. (2::nat)^k - 1 = 2^k' - 1) - 1)}
   apply (subst luby-sequence-core.simps, subst decomp)
 moreover have (SOME \ k'. \ (2::nat)^k - 1 = 2^k' - 1) = k
   apply (rule some-equality)
     apply simp
     using two-pover-n-eq-two-power-n'-eq by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis by presburger
qed
{\bf lemma}\ different-luby-decomposition-false:
 assumes
   H: 2 \cap (k - Suc \ \theta) \leq i \text{ and }
   k': i < 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \theta and
   k-k': k > k'
 shows False
proof -
 have 2 \hat{k}' - Suc \theta < 2 \hat{k} - Suc \theta
   using k-k' less-eq-Suc-le by auto
 then show ?thesis
   using H k' by linarith
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma luby-sequence-core-not-two-power-minus-one:
 assumes
   k-i: 2 \cap (k-1) \leq i and
   i-k: i < 2^k - 1
 shows luby-sequence-core i = luby-sequence-core (i - 2 \land (k - 1) + 1)
proof -
 have H: \neg (\exists ka. \ i = 2 \land ka - 1)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume ¬ ?thesis
     then obtain k'::nat where k': i = 2 \hat{k}' - 1 by blast
     have (2::nat) \hat{k}' - 1 < 2 \hat{k} - 1
       using i-k unfolding k'.
     then have (2::nat) \hat{k}' < 2 \hat{k}
       by linarith
     then have k' < k
       by simp
     have 2 \hat{k} - (k-1) \leq 2 \hat{k}' - (1::nat)
       using k-i unfolding k'.
     then have (2::nat) \hat{k} (k-1) < 2 \hat{k}'
       by (metis Suc-diff-1 not-le not-less-eq zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
     then have k-1 < k'
       by simp
     show False using \langle k' < k \rangle \langle k-1 < k' \rangle by linarith
   qed
 have \bigwedge k \ k'. 2 \ (k - Suc \ 0) \le i \Longrightarrow i < 2 \ k - Suc \ 0 \Longrightarrow 2 \ (k' - Suc \ 0) \le i \Longrightarrow
   i < 2 \hat{\ } k' - Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow k = k'
   by (meson different-luby-decomposition-false linorder-negE-nat)
  then have k: (SOME \ k. \ 2 \ \widehat{\ } (k - Suc \ \theta) \le i \land i < 2 \ \widehat{\ } k - Suc \ \theta) = k
   using k-i i-k by auto
 show ?thesis
   apply (subst luby-sequence-core.simps[of i], subst H)
   by (simp \ add: k)
qed
lemma unbounded-luby-sequence-core: unbounded luby-sequence-core
 unfolding bounded-def
proof
 assume \exists b. \forall n. luby-sequence-core n \leq b
 then obtain b where b: \bigwedge n. luby-sequence-core n \leq b
   by metis
 have luby-sequence-core (2^{(b+1)} - 1) = 2^{b}
   using luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one [of b+1] by simp
 moreover have (2::nat)^b > b
   by (induction b) auto
 ultimately show False using b[of 2^{(b+1)} - 1] by linarith
qed
abbreviation luby-sequence :: nat \Rightarrow nat where
luby-sequence n \equiv ur * luby-sequence-core n
lemma bounded-luby-sequence: unbounded luby-sequence
 {\bf using} \ bounded\text{-}const\text{-}product[of \ ur] \ luby\text{-}sequence\text{-}axioms
```

```
lemma luby-sequence-core 0: luby-sequence-core 0 = 1
proof -
 have \theta: (\theta :: nat) = 2 \theta - 1
   by auto
 show ?thesis
   by (subst 0, subst luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one) simp
qed
lemma luby-sequence-core n \geq 1
proof (induction n rule: nat-less-induct-case)
 then show ?case by (simp add: luby-sequence-core-0)
next
 \mathbf{case} \ (Suc \ n) \ \mathbf{note} \ IH = this
 consider
     (interv) k where 2 \ \widehat{} \ (k-1) \le Suc \ n and Suc \ n < 2 \ \widehat{} \ k-1
   |(pow2)| k where Suc n = 2 \hat{k} - Suc \theta
   using exists-luby-decomp[of Suc \ n] by auto
 then show ?case
    proof cases
      case pow2
      show ?thesis
       using luby-sequence-core-two-power-minus-one pow2 by auto
    next
      case interv
      have n: Suc \ n - 2 \ \widehat{\ } (k - 1) + 1 < Suc \ n
       by (metis Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add.commute add-diff-cancel-left' add-less-mono1 gr0I
         interv(1) interv(2) le-add-diff-inverse2 less-Suc-eq not-le power-0 power-one-right
         power-strict-increasing-iff)
      show ?thesis
       apply (subst luby-sequence-core-not-two-power-minus-one[OF interv])
       using IH n by auto
    qed
qed
end
locale luby-sequence-restart =
  luby-sequence ur +
  conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub> — functions for clauses:
   mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
   mset\text{-}clss\ union\text{-}clss\ in\text{-}clss\ insert\text{-}clss\ remove\text{-}from\text{-}clss
   — functions for the conflicting clause:
   mset-ccls union-ccls insert-ccls remove-clit
   — conversion
   ccls-of-cls cls-of-ccls
   — functions for the state:
     — access functions:
   trail hd-raw-trail raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting
```

```
— changing state:
    cons\text{-}trail\ tl\text{-}trail\ add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\ remove\text{-}cls\ update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
    update-conflicting
       — get state:
    init-state
    restart-state
  for
    ur :: nat  and
    mset-cls:: 'cls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ and
    insert-cls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls \ and
    remove-lit :: 'v literal \Rightarrow 'cls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    mset-clss:: 'clss \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \ and
    union\text{-}clss :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss \text{ and }
    in\text{-}clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow bool \text{ and }
    insert-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    remove-from-clss :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'clss \Rightarrow 'clss and
    mset\text{-}ccls:: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ \mathbf{and}
    union\text{-}ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \text{ and }
    insert\text{-}ccls :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
    remove\text{-}clit :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'ccls \Rightarrow 'ccls \ \mathbf{and}
    ccls-of-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'ccls and
    cls-of-ccls :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'cls and
    trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lits and
    hd-raw-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit and
    raw-init-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    raw-learned-clss :: 'st \Rightarrow 'clss and
    backtrack-lvl :: 'st \Rightarrow nat and
    raw-conflicting :: 'st \Rightarrow 'ccls option and
    cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'cls) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    tl-trail :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-init-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    add-learned-cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    remove\text{-}cls :: 'cls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st \text{ and }
    update-backtrack-lvl :: nat \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    update-conflicting :: 'ccls option \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st and
    init-state :: 'clss \Rightarrow 'st and
    restart-state :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st
begin
sublocale cdcl_W-restart - - - - - - - - - luby-sequence
  apply unfold-locales
  using bounded-luby-sequence by blast
end
end
theory CDCL-WNOT
imports CDCL-NOT CDCL-W-Termination CDCL-W-Merge
begin
```

22 Link between Weidenbach's and NOT's CDCL

22.1 Inclusion of the states

```
declare upt.simps(2)[simp \ del]
fun convert-marked-lit-from-W where
convert-marked-lit-from-W (Propagated L -) = Propagated L () |
convert-marked-lit-from-W (Marked L -) = Marked L ()
abbreviation convert-trail-from-W:
 ('v, 'lvl, 'a) marked-lit list
   \Rightarrow ('v, unit, unit) marked-lit list where
convert-trail-from-W \equiv map \ convert-marked-lit-from-W
lemma lits-of-l-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
 lits-of-l (convert-trail-from-W M) = lits-of-l M
 by (induction rule: marked-lit-list-induct) simp-all
lemma lit-of-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
 lit-of (convert-marked-lit-from-WL) = lit-of L
 by (cases L) auto
lemma no-dup-convert-from-W[simp]:
 no-dup (convert-trail-from-WM) \longleftrightarrow no-dup M
 by (auto simp: comp-def)
lemma convert-trail-from-W-true-annots[simp]:
 convert-trail-from-WM \models as C \longleftrightarrow M \models as C
 by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls image-image lits-of-def)
lemma defined-lit-convert-trail-from-W[simp]:
 defined-lit (convert-trail-from-WS) L \longleftrightarrow defined-lit SL
 by (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-comp)
The values \theta and \{\#\} are dummy values.
consts dummy-cls :: 'cls
\mathbf{fun}\ convert\text{-}marked\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}NOT
 :: ('a, 'e, 'b) \ marked-lit \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'cls) \ marked-lit \ where
convert-marked-lit-from-NOT (Propagated L -) = Propagated L dummy-cls
convert-marked-lit-from-NOT (Marked L -) = Marked L 0
abbreviation convert-trail-from-NOT where
convert-trail-from-NOT \equiv map\ convert-marked-lit-from-NOT
lemma undefined-lit-convert-trail-from-NOT[simp]:
 undefined-lit (convert-trail-from-NOT F) L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit F L
 by (induction F rule: marked-lit-list-induct) (auto simp: defined-lit-map)
lemma lits-of-l-convert-trail-from-NOT:
 lits-of-l (convert-trail-from-NOT F) = lits-of-l F
 by (induction F rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
lemma convert-trail-from-W-from-NOT[simp]:
 convert-trail-from-W (convert-trail-from-NOT M) = M
 by (induction rule: marked-lit-list-induct) auto
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W\text{-}convert\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}NOT[simp]:
  convert-marked-lit-from-W (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) = L
 by (cases L) auto
abbreviation trail_{NOT} where
trail_{NOT} S \equiv convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W (fst S)
lemma undefined-lit-convert-trail-from-W[iff]:
  undefined-lit (convert-trail-from-W M) L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit M L
 by (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-comp)
lemma lit-of-convert-marked-lit-from-NOT[iff]:
  lit-of (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) = lit-of L
 by (cases L) auto
sublocale state_W \subseteq dpll\text{-}state\text{-}ops
  mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
  mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  raw-clauses
  \lambda L S. cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  by unfold-locales
context state_W
begin
lemma convert-marked-lit-from-W-convert-marked-lit-from-NOT[simp]:
 convert-marked-lit-from-W (mmset-of-mlit (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L)) = L
 by (cases L) auto
end
sublocale state_W \subseteq dpll\text{-}state
  mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
  mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  raw-clauses
  \lambda L S. cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  by unfold-locales (auto simp: map-tl o-def)
context state_W
begin
declare state-simp_{NOT}[simp\ del]
end
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-ops
 mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
```

```
mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  raw\text{-}clauses
  \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  \lambda- -. True
  \lambda- S. raw-conflicting S = None
  \lambda C\ C'\ L'\ S\ T. backjump-l-cond C\ C'\ L'\ S\ T
    \land distinct\text{-}mset \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\}) \land \neg tautology \ (C' + \{\#L'\#\})
  by unfold-locales
thm cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy.axioms
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy
  mset-cls insert-cls remove-lit
  mset-clss union-clss in-clss insert-clss remove-from-clss
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  raw-clauses
  \lambda L S. cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  \lambda- -. True
  \lambda- S. raw-conflicting S = None
  backjump-l-cond
  inv_{NOT}
proof (unfold-locales, goal-cases)
  then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-no-dup-inv by (auto simp: comp-def)
next
  case (1 C' S C F' K F L)
  moreover
    let ?C' = remdups\text{-}mset C'
    have L \notin \# C'
      using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle \langle undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L \rangle Marked\text{-}Propagated\text{-}in\text{-}iff\text{-}in\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}l}
      in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by fast
    then have distinct-mset (?C' + \#L\#)
      by (simp add: distinct-mset-single-add)
  moreover
    have no-dup F
      \mathbf{using} \ \langle inv_{NOT} \ S \rangle \ \langle convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W \ (trail \ S) = F' \ @ \ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F \rangle
      unfolding inv_{NOT}-def
      by (smt\ comp-apply\ distinct.simps(2)\ distinct-append\ list.simps(9)\ map-append
        no-dup-convert-from-W)
    then have consistent-interp (lits-of-l F)
      using distinct-consistent-interp by blast
    then have \neg tautology (C')
      \mathbf{using} \ \langle F \models as \ \mathit{CNot} \ \mathit{C'} \rangle \ \mathit{consistent-CNot-not-tautology} \ \mathit{true-annots-true-cls} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast}
    then have \neg tautology (?C' + {\#L\#})
      using \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle \ \langle undefined\text{-}lit \ F \ L \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ (metis \ CNot\text{-}remdups\text{-}mset
        Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l\ add. commute\ in-CNot-uninus\ tautology-add-single
        tautology-remdups-mset true-annot-singleton true-annots-def)
  show ?case
```

```
proof -
      have f2: no\text{-}dup \ (convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W \ (trail \ S))
        using \langle inv_{NOT} \rangle unfolding inv_{NOT}-def by (simp \ add: \ o\text{-}def)
      have f3: atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S)
        \cup atm-of 'lits-of-l (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
        using \langle convert\text{-trail-from-}W \ (trail \ S) = F' @ Marked \ K \ () \# F \rangle
        \langle atm\text{-}of \ L \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clauses \ S) \cup atm\text{-}of \ 'lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (F' @ Marked \ K \ () \ \# \ F) \rangle by auto
      have f_4: clauses S \models pm \ remdups\text{-mset} \ C' + \{\#L\#\}
        by (metis\ (no\text{-}types)\ \langle L\notin\#\ C'\rangle\ \langle clauses\ S\models pm\ C'+\{\#L\#\}\rangle\ remdups\text{-}mset\text{-}singleton\text{-}sum(2)
          true-clss-cls-remdups-mset union-commute)
      have F \models as \ CNot \ (remdups-mset \ C')
       by (simp add: \langle F \models as \ CNot \ C' \rangle)
      obtain D where D: mset-cls D = remdups-mset C' + \{\#L\#\}
        using ex-mset-cls by blast
      have Ex\ (backjump-l\ S)
       apply standard
       apply (rule\ backjump-l.intros[OF\ -f2,\ of\ --])
        using f4 f3 f2 \leftarrow tautology (remdups-mset C' + \{\#L\#\})
        calculation(2-5,9) \langle F \models as \ CNot \ (remdups-mset \ C') \rangle
        state-eq<sub>NOT</sub>-ref D unfolding backjump-l-cond-def by blast+
      then show ?thesis
        by blast
    \mathbf{qed}
qed
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learningW \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn-proxy2 - - - - - - -
  \lambda S. convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  raw-clauses
  \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. \ add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  \lambda- -. True
  \lambda- S. raw-conflicting S = None \ backjump-l-cond \ inv_{NOT}
  by unfold-locales
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning_W \subseteq cdcl_{NOT}-merge-bj-learn - - - - - -
  \lambda S. \ convert-trail-from-W (trail S)
  raw-clauses
  \lambda L \ S. \ cons-trail (convert-marked-lit-from-NOT L) S
  \lambda S. tl-trail S
  \lambda C S. add-learned-cls C S
  \lambda C S. remove-cls C S
  backjump-l-cond
  \lambda- -. True
  \lambda- S. raw-conflicting S = None \ inv_{NOT}
  apply unfold-locales
  using dpll-bj-no-dup apply (simp add: comp-def)
  using cdcl_{NOT}. simps cdcl_{NOT}-no-dup no-dup-convert-from-W unfolding inv_{NOT}-def by blast
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
begin
Notations are lost while proving locale inclusion:
notation state-eq<sub>NOT</sub> (infix \sim_{NOT} 50)
```

22.2 Additional Lemmas between NOT and W states

```
lemma trail_W-eq-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-eq:
  trail\ S = trail\ T \Longrightarrow trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ S) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ F\ T)
\mathbf{proof} (induction F S arbitrary: T rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 case (1 F S T) note IH = this(1) and tr = this(2)
  then have [] = convert\text{-}trail\text{-}from\text{-}W \ (trail \ S)
   \vee length F = length (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
   \lor trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ F \ (tl-trail \ S)) = trail (reduce-trail-to_{NOT} \ F \ (tl-trail \ T))
   using IH by (metis (no-types) trail-tl-trail)
 then show trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F S) = trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> F T)
   using tr by (metis (no-types) reduce-trail-to_{NOT}.elims)
qed
lemma trail-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-add-learned-cls:
no-dup (trail S) \Longrightarrow
 trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ M\ (add-learned-cls\ D\ S)) = trail\ (reduce-trail-to_{NOT}\ M\ S)
by (rule\ trail_W-eq-reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-eq)\ simp
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{reduce-trail-to}_{NOT}\mathit{-reduce-trail-convert}\colon
  reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> C S = reduce-trail-to (convert-trail-from-NOT C) S
 apply (induction CS rule: reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.induct)
 apply (subst reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>.simps, subst reduce-trail-to.simps)
 by auto
lemma reduce-trail-to-map[simp]:
  reduce-trail-to (map\ f\ M)\ S = reduce-trail-to M\ S
 by (rule reduce-trail-to-length) simp
lemma reduce-trail-to_{NOT}-map[simp]:
  reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> (map f M) S = reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M S
 by (rule reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-length) simp
lemma skip-or-resolve-state-change:
 assumes skip-or-resolve** S T
 shows
   \exists M. \ trail \ S = M @ \ trail \ T \land (\forall m \in set \ M. \neg is\text{-marked } m)
   clauses S = clauses T
   backtrack-lvl S = backtrack-lvl T
  using assms
proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
 case base
 case 1 show ?case by simp
 case 2 show ?case by simp
 case 3 show ?case by simp
next
 case (step T U) note st = this(1) and s-o-r = this(2) and IH = this(3) and IH' = this(3-5)
 case 2 show ?case using IH' s-o-r by (auto elim!: rulesE simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
 case 3 show ?case using IH' s-o-r by (auto elim!: rulesE simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
 case 1 show ?case
   using s-o-r
   proof cases
     case s-or-r-skip
     then show ?thesis using IH by (auto elim!: rulesE simp: skip-or-resolve.simps)
   next
```

```
case s-or-r-resolve
then show ?thesis
using IH by (cases trail T) (auto elim!: rulesE simp: skip-or-resolve.simps dest!:
    hd-raw-trail)
qed
qed
```

22.3 More lemmas conflict-propagate and backjumping

22.4 CDCL FW

```
lemma cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   cdcl_W:cdcl_W-merge S T
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T
   \vee (no-step cdcl_W-merge T \wedge conflicting <math>T \neq None)
 using cdcl_W inv
proof induction
 case (fw\text{-}propagate\ S\ T) note propa = this(1)
 then obtain M N U k L C where
   H: state\ S = (M, N, U, k, None) and
   CL: C + \{\#L\#\} \in \# clauses S \text{ and }
   M-C: M \models as CNot C and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   T: state \ T = (Propagated \ L \ (C + \{\#L\#\}) \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ k, \ None)
   by (auto elim: propagate-high-levelE)
 have propagate_{NOT} S T
   using H CL T undef M-C by (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def state-eq-def raw-clauses-def
     simp del: state-simp)
 then show ?case
   using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn.intros(2) by blast
next
 case (fw-decide S T) note dec = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 then obtain L where
   undef-L: undefined-lit (trail S) L and
   atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (init-clss S) and
   T: T \sim cons-trail (Marked L (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)))
     (update-backtrack-lvl (Suc (backtrack-lvl S)) S)
   by (auto\ elim:\ decideE)
 have decide_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule decide_{NOT}.decide_{NOT})
      using undef-L apply simp
    using atm-L inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def raw-clauses-def
     apply auto[]
   using T undef-L unfolding state-eq-def state-eq_{NOT}-def by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def)
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-decide_{NOT} by blast
 case (fw-forget S T) note rf = this(1) and inv = this(2)
 then obtain C where
    S: conflicting S = None  and
    C-le: C ! \in ! raw-learned-clss S and
    \neg(trail\ S) \models asm\ clauses\ S\ and
    mset-cls \ C \notin set \ (get-all-mark-of-propagated \ (trail \ S)) and
    C-init: mset-cls \ C \notin \# \ init-clss \ S \ \mathbf{and}
    T: T \sim remove\text{-}cls \ C \ S
```

```
by (auto\ elim:\ forgetE)
 have init-clss S \models pm mset-cls C
   using inv C-le unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def raw-clauses-def
   by (meson in-clss-mset-clss true-clss-clss-in-imp-true-clss-cls)
 then have S-C: removeAll-mset (mset-cls C) (clauses S) \models pm \text{ mset-cls } C
   using C-init C-le unfolding raw-clauses-def by (auto simp add: Un-Diff ac-simps)
 have forget_{NOT} S T
   apply (rule forget_{NOT}.forget_{NOT})
     using S-C apply blast
     using S apply simp
    using C-init C-le apply (simp add: raw-clauses-def)
   using T C-le C-init by (auto
     simp: state-eq-def \ Un-Diff \ state-eq_{NOT}-def \ raw-clauses-def \ ac-simps
     simp del: state-simp)
 then show ?case using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-forget<sub>NOT</sub> by blast
next
 case (fw-conflict S T U) note confl = this(1) and bj = this(2) and inv = this(3)
 obtain C_S CT where
   confl-T: raw-conflicting T = Some CT and
   CT: mset-ccls CT = mset-cls C_S and
   C_S: C_S !\in! raw-clauses S and
   tr-S-C_S: trail S \models as CNot (mset-cls C_S)
   using confl by (elim conflictE) (auto simp del: state-simp simp: state-eq-def)
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
   using cdcl_W.simps\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ confl\ inv\ by blast
 then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
 then consider
     (no-bt) skip-or-resolve^{**} T U
   (bt) T' where skip-or-resolve** T T' and backtrack T' U
   using bj rtranclp-cdcl_W-bj-skip-or-resolve-backtrack unfolding full-def by meson
 then show ?case
   proof cases
     case no-bt
     then have conflicting U \neq None
      using confl by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
       (auto simp del: state-simp simp: skip-or-resolve.simps state-eq-def elim!: rulesE)
     moreover then have no-step cdcl_W-merge U
      by (auto simp: cdcl_W-merge.simps elim: rulesE)
     ultimately show ?thesis by blast
     case bt note s-or-r = this(1) and bt = this(2)
     have cdcl_W^{**} T T'
      using s-or-r mono-rtranclp of skip-or-resolve cdcl_W rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W
      by blast
     then have cdcl_W-M-level-inv T'
      using rtranclp-cdcl_W-consistent-inv \langle cdcl_W-M-level-inv T \rangle by blast
     then obtain M1 M2 i D L K where
      confl-T': raw-conflicting T' = Some D and
      LD: L \in \# mset\text{-}ccls \ D \text{ and }
      M1-M2:(Marked\ K\ (i+1)\ \#\ M1,\ M2)\in set\ (get-all-marked-decomposition\ (trail\ T')) and
      get-level (trail T') L = backtrack-lvl T' and
      get-level (trail T') L = get-maximum-level (trail T') (mset-ccls D) and
      get-maximum-level (trail T') (mset-ccls (remove-clit L(D)) = i and
       undef-L: undefined-lit M1 L and
```

```
U: U \sim cons-trail (Propagated L (cls-of-ccls D))
         (reduce-trail-to M1
              (add-learned-cls (cls-of-ccls D)
                (update-backtrack-lvl\ i
                   (update\text{-}conflicting\ None\ T'))))
 using bt by (auto elim: backtrack-levE)
have [simp]: clauses S = clauses T
 using confl by (auto elim: rulesE)
have [simp]: clauses T = clauses T'
 using s-or-r
 proof (induction)
   case base
   then show ?case by simp
   case (step U V) note st = this(1) and s-o-r = this(2) and IH = this(3)
   have clauses \ U = clauses \ V
     using s-o-r by (auto simp: skip-or-resolve.simps elim: rulesE)
   then show ?case using IH by auto
 aed
have inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
 by (meson\ cdcl_W-cp.simps confl\ inv\ r-into-rtranclp rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv
   rtranclp-cdcl_W-cp-rtranclp-cdcl_W)
have cdcl_W^{**} T T'
 using rtranclp-skip-or-resolve-rtranclp-cdcl_W s-or-r by blast
have inv-T': cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T'
 using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid T \mid T' \rangle inv-T rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
have inv-U: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv U
 using cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W confl fw-r-conflict inv local.bj
 rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss T'
 using \langle cdcl_W^{**} \mid T \mid T' \rangle cdcl_W-init-clss confl cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def conflict inv
 by (metis \langle cdcl_W - M - level - inv T \rangle rtranclp - cdcl_W - init - clss)
then have atm-L: atm-of L \in atms-of-mm (clauses S)
 using inv-T' confl-T' LD unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def
 raw-clauses-def
 by (simp add: atms-of-def image-subset-iff)
obtain M where tr-T: trail T = M @ trail T'
 using s-or-r skip-or-resolve-state-change by meson
obtain M' where
 tr-T': trail T' = M' @ Marked K <math>(i+1) \# tl (trail U) and
 tr-U: trail U = Propagated L (mset-ccls D) # <math>tl (trail U)
 using U M1-M2 undef-L inv-T' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
 by fastforce
\mathbf{def}\ M^{\prime\prime} \equiv M \ @\ M^{\prime}
have tr-T: trail S = M'' \otimes Marked K (i+1) \# tl (trail U)
 using tr-T tr-T' confl unfolding M''-def by (auto\ elim:\ rulesE)
have init-clss T' + learned-clss S \models pm mset-ccls D
 using inv-T' confl-T' unfolding <math>cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def <math>cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
 raw-clauses-def by simp
have reduce-trail-to (convert-trail-from-NOT (convert-trail-from-W M1)) S =
  reduce-trail-to M1 S
 by (rule reduce-trail-to-length) simp
moreover have trail (reduce-trail-to M1 S) = M1
 apply (rule reduce-trail-to-skip-beginning[of - M @ - @ M2 @ [Marked K (Suc i)]])
```

```
using confl M1-M2 \langle trail \ T = M \ @ \ trail \ T' \rangle
        apply (auto dest!: get-all-marked-decomposition-exists-prepend
          elim!: conflictE)
        by (rule sym) auto
     ultimately have [simp]: trail (reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub> M1 S) = M1
       using M1-M2 confl by (subst reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-reduce-trail-convert)
       (auto simp: comp\text{-}def\ elim:\ rulesE)
     have every-mark-is-a-conflict U
       using inv-U unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-conflicting-def by simp
     then have U-D: tl\ (trail\ U) \models as\ CNot\ (remove1-mset\ L\ (mset-ccls\ D))
       by (metis append-self-conv2 tr-U)
     thm backjump-l[of - - - - L cls-of-ccls D - remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)]
     have backjump-l S U
       apply (rule backjump-l[of - - - - L cls-of-ccls D - remove1-mset L (mset-ccls D)])
               using tr-T apply simp
              using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-M-level-inv-def
              apply (simp \ add: comp\text{-}def)
           using UM1-M2 confl undef-L M1-M2 inv-T' inv undef-L unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
             cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply (auto simp: state-eq_{NOT}-def
               trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-add-learned-cls)[]
            using C_S apply auto[]
           using tr-S-C_S apply simp
          using U undef-L M1-M2 inv-T' inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
          cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def apply auto[]
         using undef-L atm-L apply (simp add: trail-reduce-trail-to<sub>NOT</sub>-add-learned-cls)
        using (init-clss T' + learned-clss S \models pm \text{ mset-ccls } D) LD unfolding raw-clauses-def
        apply simp
       using LD apply simp
       apply (metis U-D convert-trail-from-W-true-annots)
       using inv-T' inv-U U conft-T' undef-L M1-M2 LD unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def
       distinct-cdcl_W-state-def by (simp\ add:\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp backjump-l-cond-def)
     then show ?thesis using cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-backjump-l by fast
   qed
qed
abbreviation cdcl_{NOT}-restart where
cdcl_{NOT}-restart \equiv restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart cdcl_{NOT} restart
lemma cdcl_W-merge-restart-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-restart-no-step:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   cdcl_W:cdcl_W-merge-restart S T
 shows cdcl_{NOT}-restart** S \ T \lor (no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } T \land conflicting \ T \ne None)
proof -
 consider
     (fw) \ cdcl_W-merge S \ T
   \mid (fw-r) \ restart \ S \ T
   using cdcl_W by (meson cdcl_W-merge-restart.simps cdcl_W-rf.cases fw-conflict fw-decide fw-forget
     fw-propagate)
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case fw
     then have IH: cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S T \vee (no-step \ cdcl_W-merge T \wedge conflicting \ T \neq None)
       using inv\ cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn by blast
```

```
have invS: inv_{NOT} S
       using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by auto
     have ff2: cdcl_{NOT}^{++} S T \longrightarrow cdcl_{NOT}^{**} S T
         by (meson tranclp-into-rtranclp)
     have ff3: no-dup (convert-trail-from-W (trail S))
       using invS by (simp add: comp-def)
     have cdcl_{NOT} \leq cdcl_{NOT}-restart
       by (auto simp: restart-ops.cdcl_{NOT}-raw-restart.simps)
     then show ?thesis
       using ff3 ff2 IH cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn-is-tranclp-cdcl_{NOT}
       rtranclp-mono[of\ cdcl_{NOT}\ cdcl_{NOT}-restart]\ invS\ predicate2D\ {\bf by}\ blast
   next
     case fw-r
     then show ?thesis by (blast intro: restart-ops.cdcl<sub>NOT</sub>-raw-restart.intros)
   qed
qed
abbreviation \mu_{FW} :: 'st \Rightarrow nat where
\mu_{FW} S \equiv (if no-step \ cdcl_W-merge \ S \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1+\mu_{CDCL}'-merged \ (set-mset \ (init-clss \ S)) \ S)
lemma cdcl_W-merge-\mu_{FW}-decreasing:
 assumes
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   fw: cdcl_W-merge S T
 shows \mu_{FW} T < \mu_{FW} S
proof -
 let ?A = init\text{-}clss S
 have atm-clauses: atms-of-mm (clauses S) \subseteq atms-of-mm ?A
   using inv unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def raw-clauses-def by auto
 have atm-trail: atm-of ' lits-of-l (trail S) \subseteq atms-of-mm ?A
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def raw-clauses-def by auto
 have n-d: no-dup (trail S)
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp)
 have [simp]: \neg no\text{-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } S
   using fw by auto
 have [simp]: init-clss S = init-clss T
   using cdcl_W-merge-restart-cdcl_W [of S T] inv rtrancl_P-cdcl_W-init-clss
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{meson} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-merge}.\mathit{simps} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-merge}\mathit{-restart}.\mathit{simps} \ \mathit{cdcl}_W \textit{-rf}.\mathit{simps} \ \mathit{fw})
  consider
     (merged) \ cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn S \ T
   \mid (n-s) \text{ no-step } cdcl_W\text{-merge } T
   using cdcl_W-merge-is-cdcl_{NOT}-merged-bj-learn inv fw by blast
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case merged
     then show ?thesis
       using cdcl_{NOT}-decreasing-measure'[OF - - atm-clauses, of T] atm-trail n-d
       by (auto split: if-split simp: comp-def image-image lits-of-def)
   next
     case n-s
     then show ?thesis by simp
   qed
qed
```

```
lemma wf\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge: wf {(T, S). cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv S \land cdcl_W\text{-}merge S T}
  apply (rule wfP-if-measure[of - - \mu_{FW}])
  using cdcl_W-merge-\mu_{FW}-decreasing by blast
sublocale conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>-termination
  by unfold-locales (simp add: wf-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge)
lemma full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-merge-restart:
  assumes
    conflicting R = None and
    inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
  shows full cdcl_W-s' R V \longleftrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V (is ?s' \longleftrightarrow ?fw)
proof
  assume ?s'
  then have cdcl_W-s'** R V unfolding full-def by blast
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv V
    using \langle cdcl_W - s'^{**} R V \rangle inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>
  then have n-s: no-step cdcl_W-merge-stgy V
    using no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy by (meson \langle full\ cdcl_W-s' R\ V \rangle full-def)
  have n-s-bj: no-step cdcl_W-bj V
    by (metis \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv V \rangle \langle full \ cdcl_W - s' \ R \ V \rangle \ bj \ full - def
      n-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-iff-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cl-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o)
  have n-s-cp: no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp V
    proof -
      { \mathbf{fix} \ ss :: 'st
        obtain ssa :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
           ff1: \forall s. \neg cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ s \lor cdcl_W - s' - without - decide \ s \ (ssa \ s)
             \vee no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp s
           using conflicting-true-no-step-s'-without-decide-no-step-cdcl_W-merge-cp by moura
        have (\forall p \ s \ sa. \neg full \ p \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor p^{**} \ s \ sa \land no\text{-step} \ p \ sa) and
           (\forall p \ s \ sa. \ (\neg p^{**} \ (s::'st) \ sa \lor (\exists s. \ p \ sa \ s)) \lor full \ p \ s \ sa)
           by (meson full-def)+
        then have \neg cdcl_W-merge-cp V ss
           \textbf{using } \textit{ff1 } \textbf{by } \textit{(metis (no-types) } \textit{(} \textit{cdcl}_W\textit{-}\textit{all-struct-inv } \textit{V}\textit{)} \textit{(} \textit{full } \textit{cdcl}_W\textit{-}\textit{s'} \textit{R } \textit{V}\textit{)} \textit{ } \textit{cdcl}_W\textit{-}\textit{s'}.\textit{simps} \\
             cdcl_W-s'-without-decide.cases) }
      then show ?thesis
        by blast
    \mathbf{qed}
  consider
      (fw-no-conft) cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R V and conflicting V = None
      (fw-conft) cdcl_W-merge-stqy** R V and conflicting V \neq None and no-step cdcl_W-bj V
     | (fw-dec-confl) S T U  where cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S  and no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp S  and
         decide\ S\ T\ {\bf and}\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}merge\mbox{-}cp^{**}\ T\ U\ {\bf and}\ conflict\ U\ V
    | (fw-dec-no-confl) \ S \ T \ \mathbf{where} \ cdcl_W-merge-stgy^{**} \ R \ S \ \mathbf{and} \ no-step \ cdcl_W-merge-cp \ S \ \mathbf{and}
         decide S T and cdcl_W-merge-cp^{**} T V and conflicting V = None
    |(cp\text{-}no\text{-}confl)| cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} R V \text{ and } conflicting V = None
    (cp\text{-}confl) \ U \text{ where } cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}cp^{**} \ R \ U \text{ and } conflict \ U \ V
    using rtranclp-cdcl_W-s'-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'-without-decide-decomp-into-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merqe[OF]
      \langle cdcl_W \text{-}s'^{**} \ R \ V \rangle \ assms] \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
  then show ?fw
    proof cases
      case fw-no-confl
      then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by blast
    next
```

```
case fw-confl
     then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by blast
     case fw-dec-confl
     have cdcl_W-merge-cp U V
       using n-s-bj by (metis\ cdcl_W-merge-cp.simps\ full-unfold\ fw-dec-confl(5))
     then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
       unfolding full1-def by (metis fw-dec-confl(4) n-s-cp tranclp-unfold-end)
     then have cdcl_W-merge-styy S V using \langle decide\ S\ T \rangle \langle no-step cdcl_W-merge-cp\ S \rangle by auto
     then show ?thesis using n-s \in cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S> unfolding full-def by auto
   next
     case fw-dec-no-confl
     then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp T V
      using n-s-cp unfolding full-def by blast
     then have cdcl_W-merge-stgy S V using \langle decide\ S\ T \rangle \langle no\text{-step}\ cdcl_W\text{-merge-cp}\ S \rangle by auto
     then show ?thesis using n-s \langle cdcl_W-merge-stgy** R S \rangle unfolding full-def by auto
   next
     case cp-no-confl
     then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp R V
      by (simp add: full-def n-s-cp)
     then have R = V \vee cdcl_W-merge-stgy<sup>++</sup> R V
      using fw-s-cp unfolding full-unfold fw-s-cp
      by (metis (no-types) rtranclp-unfold tranclp-unfold-end)
     then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: full-def n-s rtranclp-unfold)
   next
     case cp-confl
     have full cdcl_W-bj V
      using n-s-bj unfolding full-def by blast
     then have full cdcl_W-merge-cp R V
      unfolding full1-def by (meson cdcl_W-merge-cp.conflict' cp-confl(1,2) n-s-cp
        rtranclp-into-tranclp1)
     then show ?thesis using n-s unfolding full-def by auto
   qed
\mathbf{next}
 assume ?fw
 then have cdcl_W^{**} R V using rtranclp-mono[of cdcl_W-merge-stqy cdcl_W^{**}]
   cdcl_W-merge-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl_W unfolding full-def by auto
  then have inv': cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv V using inv rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-inv by blast
 have cdcl_W-s'** R V
   using \langle fw \rangle by (simp\ add:\ full-def\ inv\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W-s')
  moreover have no-step cdcl_W-s' V
   proof cases
     assume conflicting V = None
     then show ?thesis
      by (metis inv' \langle full\ cdcl_W-merge-stgy R\ V \rangle full-def
        no-step-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl_W-s'
   next
     assume confl-V: conflicting V \neq None
     then have no-step cdcl_W-bj V
     using rtranclp-cdcl_W-merge-stgy-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-bj by (meson \( full \) cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge-stgy R \ V \)
       assms(1) full-def)
     then show ?thesis using confl-V by (fastforce simp: cdcl<sub>W</sub>-s'.simps full1-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp.simps
       dest!: tranclpD elim: rulesE)
   qed
```

```
ultimately show ?s' unfolding full-def by blast
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-full-cdcl_W-merge:
 assumes
    conflicting R = None  and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv R
 shows full cdcl_W-stgy R V \longleftrightarrow full <math>cdcl_W-merge-stgy R V
 by (simp\ add:\ assms(1)\ full-cdcl_W-s'-full-cdcl_W-merge-restart\ full-cdcl_W-stgy-iff-full-cdcl_W-s'
   inv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ full\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}merge\text{-}stgy\text{-}final\text{-}state\text{-}conclusive'}:
 fixes S' :: 'st
 assumes full: full cdcl_W-merge-stgy (init-state N) S'
 and no-d: distinct-mset-mset (mset-clss N)
 shows (conflicting S' = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (mset-clss N)))
   \vee (conflicting S' = None \wedge trail S' \models asm mset-clss N <math>\wedge satisfiable (set-mset (mset-clss N)))
  have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (init-state N)
   using no-d unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
  moreover have conflicting (init-state N) = None
   by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis
   \mathbf{using}\ full\ full\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{-}final\text{-}state\text{-}conclusive\text{-}from\text{-}init\text{-}state
   full-cdcl_W-stgy-full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-merge no-d by presburger
qed
end
end
theory CDCL-W-Incremental
imports CDCL-W-Termination
begin
        Incremental SAT solving
23
context conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
begin
This invariant holds all the invariant related to the strategy. See the structural invariant in
cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
definition cdcl_W-stgy-invariant where
cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S \longleftrightarrow
  conflict-is-false-with-level S
 \land no-clause-is-false S
 \land no-smaller-confl S
 \land no-clause-is-false S
lemma cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-invariant:
  assumes
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy S T and
  inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
  inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
    cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
  unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply (intro conjI)
```

```
apply (rule cdcl_W-stgy-ex-lit-of-max-level[of S])
   using assms unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply auto[7]
   using cdcl_W cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss apply simp
  apply (rule cdcl_W-stgy-no-smaller-confl-inv)
  using assms unfolding cdcl_W-stqy-invariant-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def apply auto[4]
  using cdcl_W cdcl_W-stgy-not-non-negated-init-clss by auto
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant:
 assumes
  cdcl_W: cdcl_W-stgy^{**} S T and
  inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
  inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows
   cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
 using assms apply (induction)
   apply simp
  using cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv
  rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W by blast
abbreviation decr-bt-lvl where
\textit{decr-bt-lvl} \ S \equiv \textit{update-backtrack-lvl} \ (\textit{backtrack-lvl} \ S - 1) \ S
When we add a new clause, we reduce the trail until we get to the first literal included in C.
Then we can mark the conflict.
fun cut-trail-wrt-clause where
cut-trail-wrt-clause C [] S = S
cut-trail-wrt-clause C (Marked L - \# M) S =
  (if -L \in \# C then S)
   else cut-trail-wrt-clause <math>C M (decr-bt-lvl (tl-trail <math>S)))
cut-trail-wrt-clause C (Propagated L - \# M) S =
  (if -L \in \# C then S)
   else cut-trail-wrt-clause C M (tl-trail S)
definition add-new-clause-and-update :: 'ccls \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow 'st where
add-new-clause-and-update CS =
  (if trail S \models as\ CNot\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)
  then update-conflicting (Some C) (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C)
   (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ S)\ S))
  else add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C) S)
{f thm} cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct
lemma init-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
  init-clss (cut-trail-wrt-clause C M S) = init-clss S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma learned-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
  learned-clss (cut-trail-wrt-clause C M S) = learned-clss S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma \ conflicting-clss-cut-trail-wrt-clause[simp]:
  conflicting\ (cut-trail-wrt-clause\ C\ M\ S) = conflicting\ S
 by (induction rule: cut-trail-wrt-clause.induct) auto
lemma trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause:
  \exists M. \ trail \ S = M @ trail \ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ S) \ S)
```

```
proof (induction trail S arbitrary: S rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (marked L l M) note IH = this(1)[of decr-bt-lvl (tl-trail S)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case using Cons-eq-appendI by fastforce+
next
 case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail\ S] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
 then show ?case using Cons-eq-appendI by fastforce+
\mathbf{lemma}\ n\text{-}dup\text{-}no\text{-}dup\text{-}trail\text{-}cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause[simp]}:
 assumes n-d: no-dup (trail\ T)
 shows no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))
proof -
 obtain M where
   M: trail\ T = M @ trail\ (cut-trail-wrt-clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T)
   using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause of T C by auto
 show ?thesis
   using n-d unfolding arg-cong[OF\ M,\ of\ no-dup] by auto
lemma cut-trail-wrt-clause-backtrack-lvl-length-marked:
 assumes
    backtrack-lvl T = length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail T))
 shows
 backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T) =
    length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
 case (marked L l M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by auto
 case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail\ T] and M = this(2)[symmetric] and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by auto
qed
lemma cut-trail-wrt-clause-get-all-levels-of-marked:
 assumes get-all-levels-of-marked (trail T) = rev [Suc \theta..<
   Suc\ (length\ (get-all-levels-of-marked\ (trail\ T)))]
 shows
   get-all-levels-of-marked (trail ((cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T))) = rev [Suc \theta..<
   Suc (length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail ((cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)))))]
 using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
 case (marked L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by (cases count CL = 0) auto
```

```
next
 case (proped L l M) note IH = this(1)[of\ tl-trail\ T] and M = this(2)[symmetric] and bt = this(3)
 then show ?case by (cases count CL = 0) auto
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail}:
 assumes trail T \models as \ CNot \ C
 shows
   (trail\ ((cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ C\ (trail\ T)\ T))) \models as\ CNot\ C
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
 case nil
 then show ?case by simp
 case (marked L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
   and bt = this(3)
 show ?case
   proof (cases count C(-L) = 0)
     case False
     then show ?thesis
       using IH M bt by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
   next
     {\bf case}\ {\it True}
     obtain mma :: 'v literal multiset where
       f6: (mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \# \ C\} \longrightarrow M \models a \ mma) \longrightarrow M \models as \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \# \ C\}
       using true-annots-def by blast
     have mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\} \longrightarrow trail\ T \models a\ mma
       using CNot-def M bt by (metis (no-types) true-annots-def)
     then have M \models as \{ \{ \# - l \# \} \mid l. \ l \in \# \ C \}
       using f6 True M bt by (force simp: count-eq-zero-iff)
     then show ?thesis
       using IH true-annots-true-cls M by (auto simp: CNot-def)
   qed
next
 case (proped L\ l\ M) note IH=this(1)[of\ tl\ trail\ T] and M=this(2)[symmetric] and bt=this(3)
 show ?case
   proof (cases count C (-L) = \theta)
     case False
     then show ?thesis
       using IH M bt by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls)
   next
     case True
     obtain mma :: 'v literal multiset where
       f6: (mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \# \ C\} \longrightarrow M \models a \ mma) \longrightarrow M \models as \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \# \ C\}
       using true-annots-def by blast
     have mma \in \{\{\#-l\#\} \mid l. \ l \in \#\ C\} \longrightarrow trail\ T \models a mma
       using CNot-def M bt by (metis (no-types) true-annots-def)
     then have M \models as \{ \{ \# - l \# \} \mid l. \ l \in \# \ C \}
       using f6 True M bt by (force simp: count-eq-zero-iff)
     then show ?thesis
       using IH true-annots-true-cls M by (auto simp: CNot-def)
   qed
qed
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{cut-trail-wrt-clause-hd-trail-in-or-empty-trail}:$

```
((\forall L \in \#C. -L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ T)) \land trail \ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T) = [])
    \lor (-lit\text{-}of \ (hd \ (trail \ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause \ C \ (trail \ T) \ T))) \in \# \ C
       \land length (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause C (trail T) T)) \geq 1)
  using assms
proof (induction trail T arbitrary: T rule: marked-lit-list-induct)
  case nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (marked L \ l \ M) note IH = this(1)[of \ decr-bt-lvl \ (tl-trail \ T)] and M = this(2)[symmetric]
  then show ?case by simp force
  case (proped L\ l\ M) note IH=this(1)[of\ tl\text{-}trail\ T] and M=this(2)[symmetric]
  then show ?case by simp force
We can fully run cdcl_W-s or add a clause. Remark that we use cdcl_W-s to avoid an explicit
skip, resolve, and backtrack normalisation to get rid of the conflict C if possible.
inductive incremental-cdcl<sub>W</sub> :: 'st \Rightarrow 'st \Rightarrow bool for S where
add-confl:
  trail \ S \models asm \ init-clss \ S \Longrightarrow \ distinct-mset \ (mset-ccls \ C) \Longrightarrow \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
   trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ C) \Longrightarrow
  full cdcl_W-stqy
     (update\text{-}conflicting\ (Some\ C))
       (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ (cls\text{-}of\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ S)\ S)))\ T \Longrightarrow
   incremental\text{-}cdcl_W \ S \ T \ |
add-no-confl:
  trail \ S \models asm \ init-clss \ S \Longrightarrow \ distinct-mset \ (mset-ccls \ C) \Longrightarrow \ conflicting \ S = None \Longrightarrow
   \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ C) \Longrightarrow
   full\ cdcl_W-stgy (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C) S) T \implies
   incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T
\mathbf{lemma} \ \ cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}add\text{-}new\text{-}clause\text{-}and\text{-}update\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{:}}
  assumes
    inv-T: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
    tr-T-N[simp]: trail T \models asm N and
    tr-C[simp]: trail T \models as CNot (mset-ccls C) and
    [simp]: distinct-mset (mset-ccls C)
  shows cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (add-new-clause-and-update C T) (is cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T')
proof -
  let ?T = update\text{-}conflicting (Some C)
    (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ (cls\text{-}of\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ T)\ T))
  obtain M where
    M: trail T = M @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls <math>C) (trail T) T)
      using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause of T mset-ccls C by blast
  have H[dest]: \bigwedge x. \ x \in lits-of-l (trail\ (cut-trail-wrt-clause\ (mset-ccls\ C)\ (trail\ T)\ T)) \Longrightarrow
    x \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ T)
    using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of lits-of-l] by auto
  have H'[dest]: \bigwedge x. \ x \in set \ (trail \ (cut-trail-wrt-clause \ (mset-ccls \ C) \ (trail \ T)) \Longrightarrow
    x \in set (trail T)
    using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of set] by auto
  have H-proped: \Lambda x. x \in set (get-all-mark-of-propagated (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C)
   (trail\ T)\ T))) \Longrightarrow x \in set\ (get-all-mark-of-propagated\ (trail\ T))
  using inv-T arg-cong[OF M, of get-all-mark-of-propagated] by auto
```

```
have [simp]: no-strange-atm ?T
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def add-new-clause-and-update-def
  cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto 20 1)
have M-lev: cdcl_W-M-level-inv T
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by blast
then have no-dup (M @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))
  unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def unfolding M[symmetric] by auto
then have [simp]: no-dup (trail\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ T)\ T))
 by auto
have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (M @ trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)))
 using M-lev unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def unfolding M[symmetric] by auto
then have [simp]: consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C)
  (trail\ T)\ T)))
 unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
have [simp]: cdcl_W-M-level-inv ?T
 using M-lev cut-trail-wrt-clause-qet-all-levels-of-marked[of T mset-ccls C]
 unfolding cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto dest: H H'
   simp: M-lev\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def\ cut-trail-wrt-clause-backtrack-lvl-length-marked)
have [simp]: \Lambda s. \ s \in \# \ learned-clss \ T \Longrightarrow \neg tautology \ s
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
have distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\ T
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
then have [simp]: distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state ?T
 unfolding distinct\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}state\text{-}def by auto
have cdcl_W-conflicting T
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
have trail ?T \models as CNot (mset-ccls C)
  by (simp add: cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail)
then have [simp]: cdcl_W-conflicting ?T
 unfolding cdcl_W-conflicting-def apply simp
 by (metis\ M\ (cdcl_W\mbox{-}conflicting\ T)\ append\mbox{-}assoc\ cdcl_W\mbox{-}conflicting\mbox{-}decomp(2))
have
  decomp-T: all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss T) (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
 using inv-T unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by auto
have all-decomposition-implies-m (init-clss ?T)
  (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail ?T))
 unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def
 proof clarify
   \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b
   assume (a, b) \in set (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail ?T))
   from in-get-all-marked-decomposition-in-get-all-marked-decomposition-prepend[OF this, of M]
   obtain b' where
     (a, b' \otimes b) \in set (qet-all-marked-decomposition (trail T))
     using M by auto
   then have unmark-l \ a \cup set\text{-}mset \ (init\text{-}clss \ T) \models ps \ unmark-l \ (b' @ b)
     using decomp-T unfolding all-decomposition-implies-def by fastforce
   then have unmark-l a \cup set-mset (init-clss ?T) \models ps unmark-l (b \otimes b')
     by (simp add: Un-commute)
   then show unmark-l a \cup set-mset (init-clss ?T) \models ps unmark-l b
```

```
by (auto simp: image-Un)
   qed
 have [simp]: cdcl_W-learned-clause ?T
   using inv-T unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def cdcl<sub>W</sub>-learned-clause-def
   by (auto dest!: H-proped simp: raw-clauses-def)
  show ?thesis
   using \langle all\text{-}decomposition\text{-}implies\text{-}m \quad (init\text{-}clss ?T)
   (get-all-marked-decomposition (trail ?T))
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
qed
lemma cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-stgy-inv:
 assumes
   inv-s: cdcl_W-stqy-invariant T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   tr-T-N[simp]: trail T \models asm N and
   tr-C[simp]: trail T \models as CNot (mset-ccls C) and
   [simp]: distinct-mset (mset-ccls C)
 shows cdcl_W-stgy-invariant (add-new-clause-and-update C T)
   (is cdcl_W-stgy-invariant ?T')
proof -
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T'
    {\bf using} \ cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - add - new - clause - and - update - cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ assms \ {\bf by} \ blast 
  then have
   no-dup-cut-T[simp]: no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)) and
   n\text{-}d[simp]: no\text{-}dup\ (trail\ T)
   using cdcl_W-M-level-inv-decomp(2) cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def inv
   n-dup-no-dup-trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause by blast+
  then have trail (add-new-clause-and-update C T) \models as CNot (mset-ccls C)
   by (simp add: add-new-clause-and-update-def cut-trail-wrt-clause-CNot-trail
     cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def)
  obtain MT where
   MT: trail\ T = MT @ trail\ (cut-trail-wrt-clause\ (mset-ccls\ C)\ (trail\ T)\ T)
   using trail-cut-trail-wrt-clause by blast
  consider
     (false) \ \forall \ L \in \#mset\text{-}ccls \ C. - L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ T) \ and
       trail\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ T)\ T) = []
   (not-false)
     - lit-of (hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))) \in \# (mset-ccls C) and
     1 \leq length (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))
   using cut-trail-wrt-clause-hd-trail-in-or-empty-trail[of mset-ccls C T] by auto
  then show ?thesis
   proof cases
     case false note C = this(1) and empty-tr = this(2)
     then have [simp]: mset-ccls\ C = \{\#\}
       by (simp\ add:\ in\text{-}CNot\text{-}implies\text{-}uminus(2)\ multiset\text{-}eqI)
     show ?thesis
       using empty-tr unfolding cdcl_W-stqy-invariant-def no-smaller-confl-def
       cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
   next
     case not-false note C = this(1) and l = this(2)
     let ?L = - lit-of (hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)))
     have get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (add-new-clause-and-update C(T)) =
       rev [1..<1 + length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (add-new-clause-and-update C T)))]
```

```
using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ? T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
 by blast
moreover
 have backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T) =
   length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (add-new-clause-and-update C T)))
   using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv ?T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - def cdcl_W - M - level - inv - def
   by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
moreover
 have no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))
   using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T' unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
   by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
 then have atm\text{-}of ?L \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l
   (tl\ (trail\ (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ T)\ T)))
   by (cases trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))
   (auto simp: lits-of-def)
ultimately have L: get-level (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)) (-?L)
 = length (qet-all-levels-of-marked (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)))
 using get-level-get-rev-level-get-all-levels-of-marked[OF]
    (atm\text{-}of ?L \notin atm\text{-}of `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (tl (trail (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause (mset\text{-}ccls \ C)
     (trail\ T)\ T))\rangle,
   of [hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))]]
   apply (cases trail (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C)
       (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ T)\ T));
    cases hd (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)))
   using l by (auto split: if-split-asm
     simp:rev-swap[symmetric] \ add-new-clause-and-update-def)
have L': length (get-all-levels-of-marked (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C)
 (trail\ T)\ T)))
 = backtrack-lvl (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)
 using \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T'\rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def
 by (auto simp:add-new-clause-and-update-def)
have [simp]: no-smaller-confl (update-conflicting (Some C)
  (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C) (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T)))
 unfolding no-smaller-confl-def
proof (clarify, goal-cases)
 case (1 \ M \ K \ i \ M' \ D)
 then consider
     (DC) D = mset\text{-}ccls C
   \mid (D\text{-}T)\ D\in \#\ clauses\ T
   by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def split: if-split-asm)
 then show False
   proof cases
     case D-T
     have no-smaller-confl T
       using inv-s unfolding cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stqy-invariant-def by auto
     have (MT @ M') @ Marked K i \# M = trail T
       using MT 1(1) by auto
     thus False using D-T (no-smaller-confl T) 1(3) unfolding no-smaller-confl-def by blast
   next
     case DC note -[simp] = this
     then have atm\text{-}of\ (-?L)\in atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M)
```

```
using 1(3) C in-CNot-implies-uminus(2) by blast
           moreover
             have lit-of (hd (M' @ Marked K i \# [])) = -?L
               using l 1(1)[symmetric] inv
               by (cases trail (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C)
                   (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ T)\ T)))
               (auto dest!: arg\text{-}cong[of\text{-}\#\text{-}\text{-}hd] simp: hd\text{-}append cdcl_W\text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv\text{-}def
                 cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def)
             from arg-cong[OF this, of atm-of]
             have atm\text{-}of\ (-?L) \in atm\text{-}of\ `(lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (M'\ @\ Marked\ K\ i\ \#\ []))
               by (cases (M' @ Marked K i \# [])) auto
           moreover have no-dup (trail (cut-trail-wrt-clause (mset-ccls C) (trail T) T))
             using \langle cdcl_W - all - struct - inv ?T' \rangle unfolding cdcl_W - all - struct - inv - def
             cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
           ultimately show False
             unfolding 1(1)[symmetric, simplified] by (auto simp: lits-of-def)
       qed
     qed
     show ?thesis using L L' C
       unfolding cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def
       unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def by (auto simp: add-new-clause-and-update-def)
   qed
qed
lemma full-cdcl_W-stgy-inv-normal-form:
 assumes
   full: full cdcl_W-stgy S T and
   inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail \ T \models asm \ init-clss \ S \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss \ S))
proof -
 have no-step cdcl_W-stgy T
   using full unfolding full-def by blast
 moreover have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and inv-s: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
   apply (metis rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub> full full-def inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv)
   by (metis full full-def inv inv-s rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-cdcl_W-stqy-invariant)
  ultimately have conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail T \models asm init-clss T
   using cdcl_W-stgy-final-state-conclusive [of T] full
   unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def cdcl_W-stgy-invariant-def full-def by fast
  moreover have consistent-interp (lits-of-l (trail T))
   \mathbf{using} \ \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all \text{-}struct \text{-}inv \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ cdcl_W \text{-}all \text{-}struct \text{-}inv \text{-}def \ cdcl_W \text{-}M \text{-}level \text{-}inv \text{-}def
   by auto
  moreover have init-clss S = init-clss T
   using inv unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (metis\ rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-no-more-init-clss\ full\ full-def)
 ultimately show ?thesis
   by (metis satisfiable-carac' true-annot-def true-annots-def true-clss-def)
qed
lemma incremental-cdcl_W-inv:
 assumes
   inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T and
```

```
inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
   cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
  using inc
proof (induction)
 case (add\text{-}confl\ C\ T)
 let ?T = (update\text{-}conflicting (Some C) (add\text{-}init\text{-}cls (cls-of\text{-}ccls C))
   (cut\text{-}trail\text{-}wrt\text{-}clause\ (mset\text{-}ccls\ C)\ (trail\ S)\ S)))
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv ?T and inv-s-T: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant ?T
   using add-confl.hyps(1,2,4) add-new-clause-and-update-def
   cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv inv apply auto[1]
   using add-confl.hyps(1,2,4) add-new-clause-and-update-def
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-stqy-inv inv s-inv by auto
  case 1 show ?case
    by (metis add-confl.hyps(1,2,4,5)) add-new-clause-and-update-def
      cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv
      rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv rtranclp-cdcl_W-stqy-rtranclp-cdcl_W full-def inv)
 case 2 show ?case
   by (metis inv-s-T add-confl.hyps(1,2,4,5) add-new-clause-and-update-def
     cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-add-new-clause-and-update-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv full-def inv
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
next
 case (add-no-confl\ C\ T)
 case 1
 have cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C) S)
   using inv \langle distinct\text{-}mset \; (mset\text{-}ccls \; C) \rangle unfolding cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def no-strange-atm-def
   cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def distinct-cdcl_W-state-def cdcl_W-conflicting-def cdcl_W-learned-clause-def
   by (auto 9 1 simp: all-decomposition-implies-insert-single raw-clauses-def)
  then show ?case
   using add-no-confl(5) unfolding full-def by (auto intro: rtranclp-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv)
  have nc: \forall M. (\exists K \ i \ M'. \ trail \ S = M' @ Marked \ K \ i \ \# \ M) \longrightarrow \neg M \models as \ CNot \ (mset-ccls \ C)
   using \langle \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset\text{-}ccls \ C) \rangle
   by (auto simp: true-annots-true-cls-def-iff-negation-in-model)
 have cdcl_W-stgy-invariant (add-init-cls (cls-of-ccls C) S)
   using s-inv \langle \neg trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset-ccls \ C) \rangle inv unfolding cdcl_W-stqy-invariant-def
   no-smaller-confl-def\ eq-commute[of-trail-]\ cdcl_W-M-level-inv-def\ cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def
   by (auto simp: raw-clauses-def nc)
  then show ?case
   by (metis \ (cdcl_W-all-struct-inv \ (add-init-cls \ (cls-of-ccls \ C) \ S)) \ add-no-confl. hyps (5) \ full-def
     rtranclp-cdcl_W-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy-invariant)
qed
lemma rtranclp-incremental-cdcl_W-inv:
    inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W^{**} \ S \ T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
    s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
 shows
    cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T and
```

```
cdcl_W-stgy-invariant T
    using inc apply induction
   using inv apply simp
  using s-inv apply simp
  using incremental - cdcl_W - inv by blast +
{f lemma}\ incremental\mbox{-}conclusive\mbox{-}state:
 assumes
   inc: incremental\text{-}cdcl_W S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
 shows conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail \ T \models asm \ init-clss \ T \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss \ T))
 using inc
proof induction
 print-cases
 case (add-confl C T) note tr = this(1) and dist = this(2) and conf = this(3) and C = this(4) and
 full = this(5)
 have full cdcl_W-stgy T T
   using full unfolding full-def by auto
  then show ?case
   using full C conf dist tr
   by (metis\ full-cdcl_W\ -stgy\ -inv\ -normal\ -form\ incremental\ -cdcl_W\ .simps\ incremental\ -cdcl_W\ -inv(1)
     incremental - cdcl_W - inv(2) inv s - inv)
next
 case (add-no-conft C T) note tr = this(1) and dist = this(2) and conf = this(3) and C = this(4)
   and full = this(5)
 have full cdcl_W-stgy T T
   using full unfolding full-def by auto
  then show ?case
    by (meson C conf dist full full-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-stgy-inv-normal-form incremental-cdcl<sub>W</sub> add-no-confl
      incremental - cdcl_W - inv(1) incremental - cdcl_W - inv(2) inv s - inv tr)
qed
lemma tranclp-incremental-correct:
 assumes
   inc: incremental - cdcl_W^{++} S T and
   inv: cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S and
   s-inv: cdcl_W-stgy-invariant S
 shows conflicting T = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss T))
   \vee conflicting T = None \wedge trail \ T \models asm \ init-clss \ T \wedge satisfiable (set-mset (init-clss \ T))
  using inc apply induction
  using assms incremental-conclusive-state apply blast
 by (meson incremental-conclusive-state inv rtranclp-incremental-cdcl_W-inv s-inv
   tranclp-into-rtranclp)
end
end
```

24 2-Watched-Literal

 ${\bf theory}\ \mathit{CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals}$

$\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{imports} & \textit{CDCL-WNOT} \\ \textbf{begin} & \end{array}$

First we define here the core of the two-watched literal datastructure:

- 1. A clause is composed of (at most) two watched literals.
- 2. It is sufficient to find the candidates for propagation and conflict from the clauses such that the new literal is watched.

While this it the principle behind the two-watched literals, an implementation have to remember the candidates that have been found so far while updating the datstructure.

We will directly on the two-watched literals datastructure with lists: it could be also seen as a state over some abstract clause representation we would later refine as lists. However, as we need a way to select element from a clause, working on lists is better.

24.1 Essence of 2-WL

24.1.1 Datastructure and Access Functions

Only the 2-watched literals have to be verified here: the backtrack level and the trail that appear in the state are not related to the 2-watched algoritm.

```
datatype 'v twl-clause =
  TWL-Clause (watched: 'v literal list) (unwatched: 'v literal list)
datatype 'v twl-state =
  TWL-State (raw-trail: ('v, nat, 'v twl-clause) marked-lit list)
   (raw-init-clss: 'v twl-clause list)
   (raw-learned-clss: 'v twl-clause list) (backtrack-lvl: nat)
   (raw-conflicting: 'v literal list option)
fun mmset-of-mlit' :: ('v, nat, 'v twl-clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow ('v, nat, 'v clause) marked-lit
 where
mmset-of-mlit' (Propagated L C) = Propagated L (mset (watched C @ unwatched C))
mmset-of-mlit' (Marked\ L\ i) = Marked\ L\ i
lemma lit-of-mmset-of-mlit'[simp]: lit-of (mmset-of-mlit' x) = lit-of x
 by (cases \ x) auto
lemma lits-of-mmset-of-mlit'[simp]: lits-of (mmset-of-mlit' 'S) = lits-of S
 by (auto simp: lits-of-def image-image)
abbreviation trail where
trail S \equiv map \ mmset-of-mlit' \ (raw-trail S)
abbreviation clauses-of-l where
  clauses-of-l \equiv \lambda L. \ mset \ (map \ mset \ L)
definition raw-clause :: 'v twl-clause \Rightarrow 'v literal list where
  raw-clause C \equiv watched C @ unwatched C
abbreviation raw-clss :: v twl-state \Rightarrow v clauses where
  raw\text{-}clss \ S \equiv clauses\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (map \ raw\text{-}clause \ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S \ @ \ raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S))
```

```
interpretation \ raw-cls
 \lambda C. mset (raw-clause C)
 \lambda L C. TWL-Clause (watched C) (L # unwatched C)
 \lambda L\ C.\ TWL\text{-}Clause\ []\ (remove1\ L\ (raw\text{-}clause\ C))
 apply (unfold-locales)
 by (auto simp:hd-map comp-def map-tl ac-simps
   mset-map-mset-remove1-cond ex-mset raw-clause-def
   simp del: )
lemma mset-map-clause-remove1-cond:
  mset\ (map\ (\lambda x.\ mset\ (unwatched\ x) + mset\ (watched\ x))
   (remove1\text{-}cond\ (\lambda D.\ mset\ (raw\text{-}clause\ D) = mset\ (raw\text{-}clause\ a))\ Cs)) =
  remove1-mset (mset (raw-clause a)) (mset (map (\lambda x. mset (raw-clause x)) Cs))
  apply (induction Cs)
    \mathbf{apply} \ \mathit{simp}
  by (auto simp: ac-simps remove1-mset-single-add raw-clause-def)
interpretation raw-clss
 \lambda C. mset (raw-clause C)
 \lambda L C. TWL-Clause (watched C) (L # unwatched C)
 \lambda L\ C.\ TWL\text{-}Clause\ []\ (remove1\ L\ (raw\text{-}clause\ C))
 \lambda C. clauses-of-l (map raw-clause C) op @
 \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \# \ \lambda C. \ remove 1-cond \ (\lambda D. \ mset \ (raw-clause \ D) = mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
 apply (unfold-locales)
 using mset-map-clause-remove1-cond by (auto simp:hd-map comp-def map-tl ac-simps raw-clause-def
   union-mset-list mset-map-mset-remove1-cond ex-mset
   simp del: )
lemma ex-mset-unwatched-watched:
 \exists a. mset (unwatched a) + mset (watched a) = E
proof -
 obtain e where mset e = E
   using ex-mset by blast
  then have mset (unwatched (TWL-Clause [] e)) + mset (watched (TWL-Clause [] e)) = E
 then show ?thesis by fast
qed
{f thm}\ \ CDCL	ext{-} Two	ext{-} Watched	ext{-} Literals. raw	ext{-} cls	ext{-} axioms
interpretation twl: state_W-ops
 \lambda C. mset (raw-clause C)
 \lambda L C. TWL-Clause (watched C) (L # unwatched C)
 \lambda L \ C. \ TWL\text{-}Clause \ [] \ (remove1 \ L \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C))
 \lambda C. clauses-of-l (map raw-clause C) op @
 \lambda L C. L \in set C op \# \lambda C. remove1-cond (\lambda D. mset (raw-clause D) = mset (raw-clause C))
 mset \lambda xs ys. case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x # zs)) xs (ys, []))
  op # remove1
 raw-clause \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail \ \lambda S. \ hd \ (raw-trail \ S)
  raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting
```

```
apply unfold-locales apply (auto simp: hd-map comp-def map-tl ac-simps raw-clause-def
    union-mset-list mset-map-mset-remove1-cond ex-mset-unwatched-watched)
  done
declare CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals.twl.mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls[simp_del]
lemma mmset-of-mlit'-mmset-of-mlit[simp]:
  twl.mmset-of-mlit L = mmset-of-mlit' L
 by (metis\ mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit'.simps(1)\ mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit'.simps(2)\ twl.mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit.elims\ raw\text{-}clause\text{-}def})
  candidates-propagate :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow ('v literal \times 'v twl-clause) set
where
  candidates-propagate S =
  \{(L, C) \mid L C.
     C \in set (twl.raw-clauses S) \land
    set (watched C) - (uminus `lits-of-l (trail S)) = \{L\} \land
     undefined-lit (raw-trail S) L}
definition candidates-conflict :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause set where
  candidates-conflict S =
  \{C.\ C \in set\ (twl.raw\text{-}clauses\ S)\ \land\ 
    set (watched C) \subseteq uminus `lits-of-l (raw-trail S) \}
primrec (nonexhaustive) index :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat where
index (a \# l) c = (if a = c then 0 else 1 + index l c)
lemma index-nth:
  a \in set \ l \Longrightarrow l \ ! \ (index \ l \ a) = a
 by (induction l) auto
24.1.2
           Invariants
We need the following property about updates: if there is a literal L with -L in the trail, and
L is not watched, then it stays unwatched; i.e., while updating with rewatch it does not get
swap with a watched literal L' such that -L' is in the trail.
\mathbf{primrec} watched-decided-most-recently :: ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) marked-lit list \Rightarrow
  'v \ twl\text{-}clause \Rightarrow bool
  where
watched-decided-most-recently M (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow
  (\forall L' \in set \ W. \ \forall L \in set \ UW.
    -L' \in lits-of-l M \longrightarrow -L \in lits-of-l M \longrightarrow L \notin \# mset W \longrightarrow
     index \ (map \ lit - of \ M) \ (-L') \le index \ (map \ lit - of \ M) \ (-L))
Here are the invariant strictly related to the 2-WL data structure.
primrec wf-twl-cls :: ('v, 'lvl, 'mark) marked-lit list \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause \Rightarrow bool where
  wf-twl-cls M (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow
   distinct W \land length \ W \leq 2 \land (length \ W < 2 \longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W) \land
```

 $(\forall L \in set \ W. \ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M \longrightarrow (\forall L' \in set \ UW. \ L' \notin set \ W \longrightarrow -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M)) \land$

by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) Suc-eq-plus1 one-add-one size-1-singleton-mset

watched-decided-most-recently M (TWL-Clause W UW)

lemma size-mset-2: size $x1 = 2 \longleftrightarrow (\exists a \ b. \ x1 = \{\#a, b\#\})$

apply $(cases \ x1)$ apply simp

```
lemma distinct-mset-size-2: distinct-mset \{\#a, b\#\} \longleftrightarrow a \neq b
  unfolding distinct-mset-def by auto
lemma wf-twl-cls-annotation-independent:
 assumes M: map\ lit-of\ M=map\ lit-of\ M'
 shows wf-twl-cls M (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow wf-twl-cls M' (TWL-Clause W UW)
proof -
 have lits-of-lM = lits-of-lM'
   using arg-cong[OF M, of set] by (simp add: lits-of-def)
 then show ?thesis
   by (simp \ add: \ lits-of-def \ M)
lemma wf-twl-cls-wf-twl-cls-tl:
 assumes wf: wf-twl-cls M C and n-d: no-dup M
 shows wf-twl-cls (tl M) C
proof (cases M)
 case Nil
 then show ?thesis using wf
   by (cases C) (simp add: wf-twl-cls.simps[of tl -])
next
 case (Cons\ l\ M') note M=this(1)
 obtain W \ UW where C: \ C = TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW
   by (cases C)
 \{ \mathbf{fix} \ L \ L' \}
   assume
     LW: L \in set \ W \ {\bf and}
     LM: -L \in lits-of-l M' and
     L'UW: L' \in set\ UW and
     L' \notin set W
   then have
     L'M: -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}lM
     using wf by (auto simp: C M)
   have watched-decided-most-recently M C
     using wf by (auto simp: C)
   then have
     index \ (map \ lit of \ M) \ (-L) \leq index \ (map \ lit of \ M) \ (-L')
     using LM L'M L'UW LW \langle L' \notin set W \rangle CM unfolding lits-of-def
     by (fastforce simp: lits-of-def)
   then have -L' \in lits-of-lM'
     using \langle L' \notin set \ W \rangle \ LW \ L'M by (auto simp: C M split: if-split-asm)
  }
 moreover
   {
     \mathbf{fix} \ L' \ L
     assume
      L' \in set \ W \ and
      L \in set\ UW and
       L'M: -L' \in lits-of-l M' and
       -L \in lits-of-l M' and
       L \notin set W
     moreover
      have lit-of l \neq -L'
```

```
using n-d unfolding M
         by (metis (no-types) L'M M Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l defined-lit-map
          distinct.simps(2) \ list.simps(9) \ set-map)
     moreover have watched-decided-most-recently M C
       using wf by (auto simp: C)
     ultimately have index (map lit-of M') (-L') \leq index (map lit-of M') (-L)
       by (fastforce simp: M C split: if-split-asm)
   }
 moreover have distinct W and length W \leq 2 and (length W < 2 \longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W)
   using wf by (auto simp: CM)
 ultimately show ?thesis by (auto simp add: M C)
qed
lemma wf-twl-cls-append:
 assumes
   n-d: no-dup (M' @ M) and
   wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ (M' @ M) \ C
 shows wf-twl-cls M C
 using wf n-d apply (induction M')
   apply simp
  using wf-twl-cls-wf-twl-cls-tl by fastforce
definition wf-twl-state :: 'v twl-state <math>\Rightarrow bool where
  wf-twl-state S \longleftrightarrow
   (\forall C \in set \ (twl.raw-clauses \ S). \ wf-twl-cls \ (raw-trail \ S) \ C) \land no-dup \ (raw-trail \ S)
lemma wf-candidates-propagate-sound:
 assumes wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S and
   cand: (L, C) \in candidates-propagate S
 shows raw-trail S \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ (removeAll\ L\ (raw-clause\ C))) \land undefined-lit (raw-trail S)\ L
   (is ?Not \land ?undef)
proof
 \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv raw\text{-}trail\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \operatorname{raw-init-clss} S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \mathit{raw-learned-clss}\ S
 note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
 have cw:
   C \in set (N @ U)
   set (watched C) - uminus `lits-of-l M = \{L\}
   undefined-lit ML
   using cand unfolding candidates-propagate-def MNU-defs twl.raw-clauses-def by auto
 obtain W UW where cw-eq: C = TWL-Clause W UW
   by (cases C)
 have l-w: L \in set W
   using cw(2) cw-eq by auto
 have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M C
   using wf cw(1) unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (simp add: twl.raw-clauses-def)
 have w-nw:
   distinct W
```

```
length \ W < 2 \Longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W
 \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in lits \text{-of-}l \ M \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits \text{-of-}l \ M
using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by (auto simp: image-image)
have \forall L' \in set \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C) - \{L\}. \ -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
proof (cases length W < 2)
 case True
 moreover have size W \neq 0
   using cw(2) cw-eq by auto
 ultimately have size W = 1
   by linarith
 then have w: W = [L]
   using l-w by (auto simp: length-list-Suc-\theta)
 from True have set UW \subseteq set W
   using w-nw(2) by blast
 then show ?thesis
   using w cw(1) cw-eq by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
 case sz2: False
 show ?thesis
 proof
   assume l': L' \in set (raw\text{-}clause \ C) - \{L\}
   have ex-la: \exists La. La \neq L \land La \in set W
   proof (cases W)
     case w: Nil
     thus ?thesis
       using l-w by auto
     case lb: (Cons Lb W')
     show ?thesis
     proof (cases W')
       case Nil
       thus ?thesis
         using lb sz2 by simp
     next
       case lc: (Cons Lc W'')
       thus ?thesis
         by (metis\ distinct-length-2-or-more\ lb\ list.set-intros(1)\ list.set-intros(2)\ w-nw(1))
     qed
   qed
   then obtain La where la: La \neq L La \in set W
     by blast
   then have \mathit{La} \in \mathit{uminus} ' \mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}\mathit{l} M
     using cw(2)[unfolded\ cw-eq,\ simplified,\ folded\ M-def]\ \langle La\in set\ W\rangle\ \langle La\neq L\rangle by auto
   then have nla: -La \in lits-of-l M
     by (auto simp: image-image)
   then show -L' \in lits-of-l M
   proof -
     have f1: L' \in set (raw\text{-}clause \ C)
       using l' by blast
     have f2: L' \notin \{L\}
       using l' by fastforce
     have \bigwedge l \ L. - (l::'a \ literal) \in L \lor l \notin uminus `L
```

```
by force
       then show ?thesis
         using cw(1) cw-eq w-nw(3) raw-clause-def by (metis DiffI Un-iff cw(2) f1 f2 la(2) nla
           set-append twl-clause.sel(1) twl-clause.sel(2))
     qed
   qed
 qed
 then show ?Not
   unfolding true-annots-def by (auto simp: image-image Ball-def CNot-def)
 show ?undef
   using cw(3) unfolding M-def by blast
qed
lemma \ wf-candidates-propagate-complete:
 assumes wf: wf-twl-state S and
   c-mem: C \in set (twl.raw-clauses S) and
   l-mem: L \in set (raw-clause C) and
   unsat: trail S \models as\ CNot\ (mset\text{-set}\ (set\ (raw\text{-}clause\ C) - \{L\})) and
   undef: undefined-lit (raw-trail S) L
 shows (L, C) \in candidates-propagate S
proof -
 \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv \mathit{raw-trail}\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \mathit{raw-init-clss} S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \operatorname{\mathit{raw-learned-clss}}\ S
 note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
 obtain W\ UW where cw-eq: C=TWL-Clause W\ UW
   by (cases C, blast)
 have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M C
   using wf c-mem unfolding wf-twl-state-def by simp
 have w-nw:
    distinct W
   length W < 2 \Longrightarrow set UW \subseteq set W
   \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in lits \text{-of-l } M \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits \text{-of-l } M
  using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by (auto simp: image-image)
 have unit-set: set W - (uminus 'lits-of-l M) = \{L\} (is ?W = ?L)
 proof
   show ?W \subseteq \{L\}
   proof
     fix L'
     assume l': L' \in ?W
     hence l'-mem-w: L' \in set W
       by (simp add: in-diffD)
     have L' \notin uminus ' lits-of-l M
       using l' by blast
     then have \neg M \models a \{\#-L'\#\}
       by (auto simp: lits-of-def uminus-lit-swap image-image)
     moreover have L' \in set (raw\text{-}clause \ C)
       using c-mem cw-eq l'-mem-w by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
     ultimately have L' = L
```

```
using unsat[unfolded CNot-def true-annots-def, simplified]
       unfolding M-def by fastforce
     then show L' \in \{L\}
       by simp
   qed
  next
   \mathbf{show}\ \{L\}\subseteq\ ?W
   proof clarify
     have L \in set W
     proof (cases W)
       case Nil
       thus ?thesis
         using w-nw(2) cw-eq l-mem by (auto\ simp:\ raw-clause-def)
       case (Cons La W')
       thus ?thesis
       proof (cases La = L)
         case True
         thus ?thesis
           using Cons by simp
       next
         case False
         have -La \in lits-of-l M
           using False Cons cw-eq unsat[unfolded CNot-def true-annots-def, simplified]
           by (fastforce simp: raw-clause-def)
         then show ?thesis
           using Cons cw-eq l-mem undef w-nw(3)
           by (auto simp: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l raw-clause-def)
       qed
     qed
     moreover have L \notin \# mset-set (uminus 'lits-of-l M)
       using undef by (auto simp: Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l image-image)
     ultimately show L \in ?W
       by simp
   \mathbf{qed}
  qed
 show ?thesis
   \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{candidates-propagate-def} \ \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{unit-set} \ \mathit{undef} \ \mathit{c-mem} \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{cw-eq} \ \mathit{M-def}
   by (auto simp: image-image cw-eq intro!: exI[of - C])
qed
lemma wf-candidates-conflict-sound:
  assumes wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S and
    cand: C \in candidates\text{-}conflict S
 shows trail\ S \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ (raw-clause\ C))\ \land\ C \in set\ (twl.raw-clauses\ S)
proof
 \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv \mathit{raw-trail}\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv \operatorname{raw-init-clss} S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv \operatorname{raw-learned-clss}\ S
 note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
 have cw:
    C \in set\ (N\ @\ U)
```

```
set (watched C) \subseteq uminus `lits-of-l (trail S)
   using cand[unfolded candidates-conflict-def, simplified] unfolding twl.raw-clauses-def by auto
 obtain W \ UW where cw-eq: C = TWL-Clause W \ UW
   by (cases C, blast)
 have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M C
   using wf cw(1) unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (simp add: comp-def twl.raw-clauses-def)
 have w-nw:
   distinct W
   length W < 2 \Longrightarrow set UW \subseteq set W
   \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in lits \text{-of-l} \ M \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits \text{-of-l} \ M
  using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by (auto simp: image-image)
 have \forall L \in set \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C). \ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
 proof (cases W)
   case Nil
   then have raw-clause C = []
     using cw(1) cw-eq w-nw(2) by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
   then show ?thesis
     by simp
 \mathbf{next}
   case (Cons La W') note W' = this(1)
   show ?thesis
   proof
     \mathbf{fix} \ L
     assume l: L \in set (raw\text{-}clause C)
     \mathbf{show} - L \in \mathit{lits-of-l}\ M
     proof (cases L \in set W)
       case True
       thus ?thesis
         using cw(2) cw-eq by fastforce
     next
       case False
       thus ?thesis
         using W' cw(2) cw-eq l w-nw(3) unfolding M-def raw-clause-def
         by (metis (no-types, lifting) UnE imageE list.set-intros(1)
           lits-of-mmset-of-mlit' rev-subsetD set-append set-map twl-clause.sel(1)
           twl-clause.sel(2) uminus-of-uminus-id)
     qed
   qed
 qed
  then show trail S \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
   unfolding CNot-def true-annots-def by auto
 show C \in set (twl.raw-clauses S)
   using cw unfolding twl.raw-clauses-def by auto
qed
lemma wf-candidates-conflict-complete:
 assumes wf: wf-twl-state S and
   c-mem: C \in set (twl.raw-clauses S) and
   unsat: trail \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
 shows C \in candidates-conflict S
```

```
proof -
  \mathbf{def}\ M \equiv \mathit{raw-trail}\ S
  \operatorname{\mathbf{def}} N \equiv twl.init\text{-}clss\ S
 \operatorname{\mathbf{def}}\ U \equiv twl.learned\text{-}clss\ S
 note MNU-defs [simp] = M-def N-def U-def
 obtain W UW where cw-eq: C = TWL-Clause W UW
   by (cases\ C,\ blast)
 have wf-c: wf-twl-cls M C
   using wf c-mem unfolding wf-twl-state-def by simp
  have w-nw:
    distinct W
   length \ W < 2 \Longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W
   \bigwedge L \ L'. \ L \in set \ W \Longrightarrow -L \in lits \text{-of-}l \ M \Longrightarrow L' \in set \ UW \Longrightarrow L' \notin set \ W \Longrightarrow -L' \in lits \text{-of-}l \ M
  using wf-c unfolding cw-eq by (auto simp: image-image)
  have \bigwedge L. L \in set (raw\text{-}clause \ C) \Longrightarrow -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M
   unfolding M-def using unsat unfolded CNot-def true-annots-def, simplified by auto
  then have set (raw\text{-}clause\ C)\subseteq uminus\ `lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M
   by (metis imageI subsetI uminus-of-uminus-id)
  then have set W \subseteq uminus ' lits-of-l M
   using cw-eq by (auto simp: raw-clause-def)
  then have subset: set W \subseteq uminus ' lits-of-l M
   by (simp\ add:\ w\text{-}nw(1))
  have W = watched C
   using cw-eq twl-clause.sel(1) by simp
  then show ?thesis
   using MNU-defs c-mem subset candidates-conflict-def by blast
typedef 'v \text{ wf-twl} = \{S::'v \text{ twl-state. wf-twl-state } S\}
morphisms rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state
proof -
 have TWL-State ([]::('v, nat, 'v twl-clause) marked-lits)
    [] [] 0 None \in \{S:: 'v \ twl\text{-state}. \ wf\text{-twl-state} \ S\}
   by (auto simp: wf-twl-state-def twl.raw-clauses-def)
 then show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma [code abstype]:
  twl-of-rough-state (rough-state-of-twl S) = S
  by (fact CDCL-Two-Watched-Literals.wf-twl.rough-state-of-twl-inverse)
lemma wf-twl-state-rough-state-of-twl[simp]: wf-twl-state (rough-state-of-twl S)
  using rough-state-of-twl by auto
abbreviation candidates-conflict-twl :: 'v wf-twl \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause set where
candidates-conflict-twl S \equiv candidates-conflict (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation candidates-propagate-twl :: 'v wf-twl \Rightarrow ('v literal \times 'v twl-clause) set where
candidates-propagate-twl S \equiv candidates-propagate (rough-state-of-twl S)
```

```
abbreviation raw-trail-twl: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'a twl-clause) marked-lit list where
raw-trail-twl S \equiv raw-trail (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation trail-twl: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow ('a, nat, 'a literal multiset) marked-lit list where
trail-twl\ S \equiv trail\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
abbreviation raw-clauses-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a twl-clause list where
raw-clauses-twl S \equiv twl.raw-clauses (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation raw-init-clss-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a twl-clause list where
raw-init-clss-twl S \equiv raw-init-clss (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation raw-learned-clss-twl :: 'a wf-twl \Rightarrow 'a twl-clause list where
raw-learned-clss-twl S \equiv raw-learned-clss (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation backtrack-lvl-twl where
backtrack-lvl-twl\ S \equiv backtrack-lvl\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
abbreviation raw-conflicting-twl where
raw-conflicting-twl S \equiv raw-conflicting (rough-state-of-twl S)
lemma wf-candidates-twl-conflict-complete:
 assumes
   c\text{-}mem: C \in set (raw\text{-}clauses\text{-}twl S) \text{ and }
   unsat: trail-twl \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
 shows C \in candidates-conflict-twl S
 using c-mem unsat wf-candidates-conflict-complete wf-twl-state-rough-state-of-twl by blast
abbreviation update-backtrack-lvl where
  update-backtrack-lvl k S \equiv
   TWL-State (raw-trail S) (raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S) k (raw-conflicting S)
abbreviation update-conflicting where
  update\text{-}conflicting\ C\ S \equiv
    TWL-State (raw-trail S) (raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S) C
24.1.3
           Abstract 2-WL
definition tl-trail where
  tl-trail S =
  TWL-State (tl (raw-trail S)) (raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S)
  (raw-conflicting S)
locale \ abstract-twl =
 fixes
    watch :: 'v \ twl\text{-}state \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}clause \ \mathbf{and}
   rewatch :: 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-state} \Rightarrow
     'v \ twl-clause \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-clause and
   restart-learned :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause list
  assumes
   clause-watch: no-dup (raw-trail S) \implies mset (raw-clause (watch S C)) = mset C and
   wf-watch: no-dup (raw-trail S) \Longrightarrow wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) (watch S C) and
   clause-rewatch: mset (raw-clause (rewatch L' S C')) = mset (raw-clause C') and
   wf-rewatch:
     no\text{-}dup\ (raw\text{-}trail\ S) \Longrightarrow undefined\text{-}lit\ (raw\text{-}trail\ S)\ (lit\text{-}of\ L) \Longrightarrow
```

```
wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) C' \Longrightarrow
       wf-twl-cls (L \# raw-trail S) (rewatch (lit-of L) S C')
   restart-learned: mset (restart-learned S) \subseteq \# mset (raw-learned-clss S) — We need mset and not set
to take care of duplicates.
begin
definition
  cons-trail :: ('v, nat, 'v twl-clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-state
where
  cons-trail L S =
  TWL-State (L \# raw-trail S) (map (rewatch (lit-of L) S) (raw-init-clss S))
    (map (rewatch (lit-of L) S) (raw-learned-clss S)) (backtrack-lvl S) (raw-conflicting S)
definition
  add-init-cls :: 'v literal list \Rightarrow 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-state
where
  add-init-cls C S =
  TWL-State (raw-trail S) (watch S C # raw-init-clss S) (raw-learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S)
    (raw-conflicting S)
definition
  add-learned-cls :: 'v literal list \Rightarrow 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v twl-state
where
  add-learned-cls C S =
  TWL-State (raw-trail S) (raw-init-clss S) (watch S C # raw-learned-clss S) (backtrack-lvl S)
    (raw-conflicting S)
definition
 remove\text{-}cls :: 'v \ literal \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}state \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}state
where
 remove\text{-}cls\ C\ S =
  TWL-State (raw-trail S)
    (removeAll\text{-}cond\ (\lambda D.\ mset\ (raw\text{-}clause\ D) = mset\ C)\ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ S))
    (removeAll\text{-}cond\ (\lambda D.\ mset\ (raw\text{-}clause\ D) = mset\ C)\ (raw\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ S))
    (backtrack-lvl S)
    (raw-conflicting S)
definition init-state :: 'v literal list list \Rightarrow 'v twl-state where
  init-state N = fold \ add-init-cls \ N \ (TWL-State \ [] \ [] \ 0 \ None)
lemma unchanged-fold-add-init-cls:
  raw-trail (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) = M
  raw-learned-clss (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) = U
  backtrack-lvl \ (fold \ add-init-cls \ Cs \ (TWL-State \ M \ N \ U \ k \ C)) = k
  raw-conflicting (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State\ M\ N\ U\ k\ C)) = C
 by (induct Cs arbitrary: N) (auto simp: add-init-cls-def)
lemma unchanged-init-state[simp]:
  raw-trail (init-state N) = []
  raw-learned-clss (init-state N) = []
  backtrack-lvl (init-state N) = 0
  raw-conflicting (init-state N) = None
 unfolding init-state-def by (rule unchanged-fold-add-init-cls)+
```

```
lemma clauses-init-fold-add-init:
  no-dup M \Longrightarrow
  twl.init-clss (fold add-init-cls Cs (TWL-State M N U k C)) =
   clauses-of-l \ Cs + clauses-of-l \ (map \ raw-clause \ N)
  by (induct Cs arbitrary: N) (auto simp: add-init-cls-def clause-watch comp-def ac-simps)
lemma init-clss-init-state[simp]: twl.init-clss (init-state N) = clauses-of-l N
  unfolding init-state-def by (subst clauses-init-fold-add-init) simp-all
definition restart' where
  restart' S = TWL\text{-}State \ [] \ (raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S) \ (restart\text{-}learned \ S) \ 0 \ None
end
            Instanciation of the previous locale
24.1.4
definition watch-nat :: 'v twl-state \Rightarrow 'v literal list \Rightarrow 'v twl-clause where
  watch-nat S C =
  (let
      C' = remdups C;
      neq\text{-}not\text{-}assigned = filter (\lambda L. -L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l (raw\text{-}trail S)) C';
      neg-assigned-sorted-by-trail = filter (\lambda L. L \in set C) (map (\lambda L. -lit-of L) (raw-trail S));
      W = take \ 2 \ (neg\text{-}not\text{-}assigned \ @ neg\text{-}assigned\text{-}sorted\text{-}by\text{-}trail);
      UW = foldr \ remove1 \ W \ C
    in TWL-Clause W UW)
lemma list-cases2:
  fixes l :: 'a \ list
 assumes
    l = [] \Longrightarrow P and
    \bigwedge x. \ l = [x] \Longrightarrow P \text{ and }
    \bigwedge x \ y \ xs. \ l = x \# y \# xs \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
  by (metis assms list.collapse)
lemma filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD:
  assumes [L \leftarrow P : Q L] = l
 shows \forall x \in set \ l. \ x \in set \ P \land Q \ x
  using assms by auto
lemma no-dup-filter-diff:
  assumes n-d: no-dup M and H: [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit\text{-}of \ L) \ M. \ L \in set \ C] = l
 shows distinct l
  unfolding H[symmetric]
  apply (rule distinct-filter)
  using n-d by (induction M) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ watch-nat\text{-}lists\text{-}disjointD:
  assumes
    l: [L \leftarrow remdups \ C. - L \notin lits - of - l \ (raw - trail \ S)] = l \ and
    l': [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (raw - trail \ S) \ . \ L \in set \ C] = l'
  shows \forall x \in set \ l. \ \forall y \in set \ l'. \ x \neq y
  by (auto simp: l[symmetric] l'[symmetric] lits-of-def image-image)
```

lemma watch-nat-list-cases-witness[consumes 2, case-names nil-nil nil-single nil-other single-nil single-other other]:

```
fixes
     C :: 'v \ literal \ list \ \mathbf{and}
    S :: 'v \ twl-state
  defines
    xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ C. - L \notin lits - of - l \ (raw - trail \ S)] and
     ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (raw - trail \ S) \ . \ L \in set \ C]
     n-d: no-dup (raw-trail S) and
    nil-nil: xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P and
    nil-single:
       \bigwedge a. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [a] \Longrightarrow a \in set \ C \Longrightarrow P \ and
    nil\text{-}other: \land a \ b \ ys'. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = a \ \# \ b \ \# \ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P \ \text{and}
    single-nil: \land a. \ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P \ \mathbf{and}
    single-other: \bigwedge a\ b\ ys'.\ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = b\ \#\ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P and
     other: \bigwedge a\ b\ xs'. xs = a \# b \# xs' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
proof -
  note xs-def[simp] and ys-def[simp]
  have dist: \bigwedge P. distinct [L \leftarrow remdups \ C \ . \ P \ L]
  then have H: \Lambda a \ b \ P \ xs. \ [L \leftarrow remdups \ C \ . \ P \ L] = a \ \# \ b \ \# \ xs \Longrightarrow a \neq b
    by (metis distinct-length-2-or-more)
  show ?thesis
  apply (cases [L \leftarrow remdups \ C. - L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (raw\text{-}trail \ S)]
         rule: list-cases2;
       cases [L \leftarrow map\ (\lambda L. - lit\text{-}of\ L)\ (raw\text{-}trail\ S)\ .\ L \in set\ C]\ rule:\ list\text{-}cases2)
            using nil-nil apply simp
          using nil-single apply (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
         using nil-other no-dup-filter-diff[OF n-d, of C]
         apply fastforce
        using single-nil apply simp
       using single-other xs-def ys-def apply (metis list.set-intros(1) watch-nat-lists-disjointD)
      using single-other unfolding xs-def ys-def apply (metis list.set-intros(1))
        watch-nat-lists-disjointD)
    using other xs-def ys-def by (metis H)+
qed
lemma watch-nat-list-cases [consumes 1, case-names nil-nil nil-single nil-other single-nil
  single-other other]:
  fixes
     C :: 'v \ literal \ list \ \mathbf{and}
    S :: 'v \ twl-state
  defines
    xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ C \ . - L \notin lits - of - l \ (raw - trail \ S)] and
    ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (raw - trail \ S) \ . \ L \in set \ C]
  assumes
    n-d: no-dup (raw-trail S) and
    nil-nil: xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P and
       \bigwedge a. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = [a] \Longrightarrow \ a \in set \ C \Longrightarrow P \ and
    nil\text{-}other: \land a \ b \ ys'. \ xs = [] \Longrightarrow ys = a \ \# \ b \ \# \ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P \ \text{and}
    single-nil: \land a. \ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = [] \Longrightarrow P \ \mathbf{and}
    single-other: \land a\ b\ ys'.\ xs = [a] \Longrightarrow ys = b\ \#\ ys' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P and
     other: \bigwedge a\ b\ xs'.\ xs = a\ \#\ b\ \#\ xs' \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow P
  shows P
```

```
using watch-nat-list-cases-witness [OF \ n\text{-}d, \ of \ C \ P]
  nil-nil nil-single nil-other single-nil single-other other
  unfolding xs-def[symmetric] ys-def[symmetric] by auto
lemma watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness:
  fixes
    C :: 'v \ literal \ list \ \mathbf{and}
   S :: 'v \ twl-state
  defines
   xs \equiv [L \leftarrow remdups \ C. - L \notin lits - of - l \ (raw - trail \ S)] and
   ys \equiv [L \leftarrow map \ (\lambda L. - lit - of \ L) \ (raw - trail \ S) \ . \ L \in set \ C]
  assumes n-d: no-dup (raw-trail S)
 shows set C = set xs \cup set ys
  using n-d unfolding xs-def ys-def by (auto simp: lits-of-def comp-def uminus-lit-swap)
lemma mset-intersection-inclusion: A + (B - A) = B \longleftrightarrow A \subseteq \# B
 apply (rule iffI)
  apply (metis mset-le-add-left)
  by (auto simp: ac-simps multiset-eq-iff subseteq-mset-def)
lemma clause-watch-nat:
  assumes no-dup (raw-trail S)
  shows mset (raw-clause (watch-nat S C)) = mset C
  using assms
 apply (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases[OF assms(1), of C])
  by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD simp: watch-nat-def multiset-eq-iff raw-clause-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ index-uminus-index-map-uminus:
  -a \in set \ L \Longrightarrow index \ L \ (-a) = index \ (map \ uminus \ L) \ (a::'a \ literal)
 by (induction L) auto
lemma index-filter:
  a \in set \ L \Longrightarrow b \in set \ L \Longrightarrow P \ a \Longrightarrow P \ b \Longrightarrow
  index\ L\ a \leq index\ L\ b \longleftrightarrow index\ (filter\ P\ L)\ a \leq index\ (filter\ P\ L)\ b
  by (induction L) auto
lemma foldr-remove1-W-Nil[simp]: foldr remove1 W [] = []
 by (induct W) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ image\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}mmset\text{-}of\text{-}mlit'[simp]:
  lit-of 'mmset-of-mlit' 'A = lit-of 'A
  by (auto simp: image-image comp-def)
lemma distinct-filter-eq:
  assumes distinct xs
  shows [L \leftarrow xs. \ L = a] = (if \ a \in set \ xs \ then \ [a] \ else \ [])
  using assms by (induction xs) auto
lemma no-dup-distinct-map-uminus-lit-of:
  no-dup xs \Longrightarrow distinct (map (<math>\lambda L. - lit-of L) xs)
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma wf-watch-witness:
  fixes C :: 'v \ literal \ list and
    S :: 'v \ twl-state
```

```
defines
    ass: neg\text{-}not\text{-}assigned \equiv filter \ (\lambda L. -L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (raw\text{-}trail \ S)) \ (remdups \ C) and
    tr: neg-assigned-sorted-by-trail \equiv filter (\lambda L. \ L \in set \ C) \ (map \ (\lambda L. \ -lit-of \ L) \ (raw-trail \ S))
  defines
     W:~W\equiv~take~2~(neg\text{-}not\text{-}assigned~@~neg\text{-}assigned\text{-}sorted\text{-}by\text{-}trail)
 assumes
   n-d[simp]: no-dup (raw-trail S)
 shows wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) (TWL-Clause W (foldr remove1 W C))
 unfolding wf-twl-cls.simps
proof (intro conjI, goal-cases)
 case 1
 then show ?case using n\text{-}d W unfolding ass tr
   apply (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C, OF n-d])
   by (auto simp: distinct-mset-add-single)
next
 case 2
 then show ?case unfolding W by simp
 case 3
 show ?case using n-d
   \mathbf{proof} (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C])
     case nil-nil
     then have set C = set [] \cup set []
       using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness n-d by metis
     then show ?thesis
       by simp
   next
     case (nil\text{-}single\ a)
     moreover have \bigwedge x. set C = \{a\} \Longrightarrow -a \in lits\text{-of-}l \ (trail\ S) \Longrightarrow x \in set \ (remove1\ a\ C) \Longrightarrow
       using notin-set-remove1 by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C] 3 by (auto simp: W ass tr comp-def)
   next
     case nil-other
     then show ?thesis
      using 3 by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   next
     case (single-nil a)
     show ?thesis
       using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness [of S C] 3
       by (fastforce simp add: W ass tr single-nil comp-def distinct-filter-eq
         no-dup-distinct-map-uminus-lit-of\ min-def)
   next
     case single-other
     then show ?thesis
       using 3 by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   next
     case other
     then show ?thesis
       using 3 by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   qed
next
 case 4 note -[simp] = this
 show ?case
```

```
using n-d apply (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C])
    apply (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
      simp: W ass tr lits-of-def filter-empty-conv)[4]
   using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C]
   by (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD simp: W ass tr lits-of-def)+
next
 case 5
 from n-d show ?case
   proof (cases rule: watch-nat-list-cases-witness[of S C])
    case nil-nil
    then show ?thesis by (auto simp: W ass tr)
   next
    case nil-single
    then show ?thesis
      using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C] tr by (fastforce simp: W ass)
   next
    case nil-other
    then show ?thesis
      unfolding watched-decided-most-recently.simps Ball-def
      apply (intro allI impI)
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-uminus-index-map-uminus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-filter[of - - - \lambda L. L \in set C])
      by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
        simp: uminus-lit-swap lits-of-def o-def W ass tr dest: in-diffD)
   next
    case single-nil
    then show ?thesis
       using watch-nat-lists-set-union-witness[of S C] tr by (fastforce simp: W ass)
    case single-other
    then show ?thesis
      unfolding watched-decided-most-recently.simps Ball-def
      apply (clarify)
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp add: index-uninus-index-map-uninus lits-of-def image-image o-def)
      apply (subst index-uminus-index-map-uminus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)
      apply (subst index-filter[of - - - \lambda L. L \in set C])
      by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
        simp: W ass tr uminus-lit-swap lits-of-def o-def dest: in-diffD)
   next
    case other
    then show ?thesis
      unfolding watched-decided-most-recently.simps
      apply clarify
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def)[1]
      apply (subst index-uninus-index-map-uninus,
        simp\ add: index-uminus-index-map-uminus\ lits-of-def\ o-def)[1]
```

```
apply (subst index-filter[of - - \lambda L. L \in set C])
       by (auto dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD
          simp: index-uminus-index-map-uminus lits-of-def o-def uminus-lit-swap
           W \ ass \ tr)
    qed
qed
lemma wf-watch-nat: no-dup (raw-trail S) \Longrightarrow wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) (watch-nat S C)
  using wf-watch-witness[of S C] watch-nat-def by metis
definition
  rewatch-nat::
  'v\ literal \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}state \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}clause \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}clause
where
  rewatch-nat\ L\ S\ C =
  (if - L \in set (watched C) then
      case filter (\lambda L', L' \notin set \ (watched \ C) \land -L' \notin insert \ L \ (lits-of-l \ (trail \ S)))
         (unwatched C) of
        [] \Rightarrow C
      \mid L' \# - \Rightarrow
        TWL-Clause (L' \# remove1 (-L) (watched C)) (-L \# remove1 L' (unwatched C))
    else
      C
lemma clause-rewatch-nat:
  fixes UW :: 'v \ literal \ list \ and
    S :: 'v \ twl-state and
    L:: 'v \ literal \ {\bf and} \ C:: 'v \ twl\text{-}clause
  shows mset (raw-clause (rewatch-nat L S C)) = mset (raw-clause C)
  using List.set-remove1-subset[of -L watched C]
  apply (cases C)
  by (auto simp: raw-clause-def rewatch-nat-def ac-simps multiset-eq-iff
    split: list.split
    dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
lemma filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-Nil:
  [x \leftarrow sorted\text{-}list\text{-}of\text{-}multiset\ M.\ p\ x] = [] \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in \#\ M.\ \neg\ p\ x)
  \textbf{by} \ \textit{auto} \ (\textit{metis} \ \textit{empty-iff} \ \textit{filter-set} \ \textit{list.set} (1) \ \textit{member-filter} \ \textit{set-sorted-list-of-multiset})
lemma filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-ConsD:
  [x \leftarrow sorted\text{-}list\text{-}of\text{-}multiset\ M.\ p\ x] = x \# xs \Longrightarrow p\ x
 by (metis filter-set insert-iff list.set(2) member-filter)
lemma mset-minus-single-eq-mempty:
  a - \{\#b\#\} = \{\#\} \longleftrightarrow a = \{\#b\#\} \lor a = \{\#\}\}
 by (metis Multiset.diff-cancel add.right-neutral diff-single-eq-union
    diff-single-trivial zero-diff)
lemma size-mset-le-2-cases:
  assumes size W < 2
  shows W = \{\#\} \lor (\exists a. \ W = \{\#a\#\}) \lor (\exists a \ b. \ W = \{\#a,b\#\})
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1-left assms linorder-not-less nat-less-le
    not-less-eq-eq le-iff-add size-1-singleton-mset
    size-eq-0-iff-empty size-mset-2)
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{filter-sorted-list-of-multiset-eqD}\colon
 assumes [x \leftarrow sorted\text{-}list\text{-}of\text{-}multiset A. p x] = x \# xs (is ?comp = -)
 shows x \in \# A
proof -
 have x \in set ?comp
   using assms by simp
 then have x \in set (sorted-list-of-multiset A)
   by simp
 then show x \in \# A
   by simp
qed
lemma clause-rewatch-witness':
 assumes
   wf: wf-twl-cls (raw-trail S) C and
   undef: undefined-lit (raw-trail S) (lit-of L)
 shows wf-twl-cls (L \# raw\text{-trail } S) (rewatch\text{-nat } (lit\text{-of } L) \ S \ C)
proof (cases - lit - of L \in set (watched C))
 case False
 then show ?thesis
   apply (cases C)
   using wf undef unfolding rewatch-nat-def
   by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap Marked-Propagated-in-iff-in-lits-of-l comp-def)
\mathbf{next}
 case falsified: True
 {f let} ?unwatched-nonfalsified =
   [L' \leftarrow unwatched\ C.\ L' \notin set\ (watched\ C) \land -L' \notin insert\ (lit-of\ L)\ (lits-of-l\ (trail\ S))]
 obtain W \ UW where C: \ C = TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW
   by (cases C)
 show ?thesis
 proof (cases ?unwatched-nonfalsified)
   case Nil
   show ?thesis
     using falsified Nil
     apply (simp only: wf-twl-cls.simps if-True list.cases C rewatch-nat-def)
     apply (intro\ conjI)
     proof goal-cases
       case 1
       then show ?case using wf C by simp
     next
       then show ?case using wf C by simp
     next
       case 3
       then show ?case using wf C by simp
     next
       case 4
       have \bigwedge p l. filter p (unwatched C) \neq [] \vee l \notin set UW \vee \neg p l
         \mathbf{unfolding}\ C\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{no-types})\ \mathit{filter-empty-conv}\ \mathit{twl-clause.sel}(2))
       then show ?case
         using 4(2) C by auto
     next
       case 5
```

```
then show ?case
       using wf by (fastforce simp add: C comp-def uminus-lit-swap)
   qed
next
 case (Cons L' Ls)
 show ?thesis
   unfolding rewatch-nat-def
   using falsified Cons
   apply (simp only: wf-twl-cls.simps if-True list.cases C)
   apply (intro\ conjI)
   proof goal-cases
     case 1
     have distinct (watched (TWL-Clause W UW))
       using wf unfolding C by auto
     moreover have L' \notin set \ (remove1 \ (-lit\text{-}of \ L) \ (watched \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW)))
       using 1(2) not-gr0 by (fastforce dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD in-diffD)
     ultimately show ?case
       by (auto simp: distinct-mset-single-add)
   next
     case 2
     have f2: [l \leftarrow unwatched \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW) \ . \ l \notin set \ (watched \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW))
       \land - l \notin insert (lit - of L) (lit s - of - l (trail S))] \neq []
       using 2(2) by simp
     then have \neg set UW \subseteq set W
        using 2 by (auto simp add: filter-empty-conv)
     then show ?case
       using wf C 2(1) by (auto simp: length-remove1)
   next
     case 3
     have W: length W \leq Suc \ 0 \longleftrightarrow length \ W = 0 \lor length \ W = Suc \ 0
       by linarith
     show ?case
       using wf C 3 by (auto simp: length-remove1 W length-list-Suc-0 dest!: subset-singletonD)
   next
     have H: \forall L \in set \ W. - L \in lits \text{-} of \text{-} l \ (trail \ S) \longrightarrow
       (\forall L' \in set\ UW.\ L' \notin set\ W \longrightarrow -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (trail\ S))
       using wf by (auto simp: C)
     have W: length W \leq 2 and W-UW: length W < 2 \longrightarrow set \ UW \subseteq set \ W
       using wf by (auto simp: C)
     have distinct: distinct W
       using wf by (auto simp: C)
     show ?case
       using 4
       unfolding C watched-decided-most-recently.simps Ball-def twl-clause.sel
       apply (intro allI impI)
       apply (rename-tac \ xW \ xUW)
       apply (case-tac - lit-of L = xW; case-tac xW = xUW; case-tac L' = xW)
              apply (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)[2]
            apply (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
           using H distinct apply (fastforce)
         using distinct apply (fastforce)
        using distinct apply (fastforce)
       apply (force dest: filter-in-list-prop-verifiedD)
       using H by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)
```

```
next
       case 5
       \mathbf{have}\ H\colon\forall\,x.\ x\in\mathit{set}\ W\longrightarrow -\ x\in\mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}\mathit{l}\ (\mathit{trail}\ S)\longrightarrow (\forall\,x.\ x\in\mathit{set}\ UW\longrightarrow x\notin\mathit{set}\ W
         \longrightarrow -x \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (trail \ S))
         using wf by (auto simp: C)
       show ?case
         unfolding C watched-decided-most-recently.simps Ball-def
         proof (intro allI impI conjI, goal-cases)
           case (1 xW x)
          show ?case
            proof (cases - lit - of L = xW)
              case True
              then show ?thesis
                by (cases xW = x) (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)
              case False note LxW = this
              have f9: L' \in set \ [l \leftarrow unwatched \ C. \ l \notin set \ (watched \ (TWL-Clause \ W \ UW))
                  \land - l \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (L \# raw\text{-}trail \ S)
                using 1(2) 5 C by auto
              moreover then have f11: -xW \in lits-of-l(trail S)
                using 1(3) LxW by (auto simp: uminus-lit-swap)
              moreover then have xW \notin set W
                using f9\ 1(2)\ H by (auto simp: C)
              ultimately have False
                using 1 by auto
              then show ?thesis
                by fast
            qed
         qed
     \mathbf{qed}
 \mathbf{qed}
qed
interpretation twl: abstract-twl watch-nat rewatch-nat raw-learned-clss
 apply unfold-locales
 apply (rule clause-watch-nat; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (rule wf-watch-nat; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-nat)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-witness'; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (simp)
 done
interpretation twl2: abstract-twl watch-nat rewatch-nat \lambda-.
 apply unfold-locales
 apply (rule clause-watch-nat; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (rule wf-watch-nat; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-nat)
 apply (rule clause-rewatch-witness'; simp add: image-image comp-def)
 apply (simp)
 done
```

end

24.2 Two Watched-Literals with invariant

 ${\bf theory}\ CDCL-Two-Watched\text{-}Literals\text{-}Invariant \\ {\bf imports}\ CDCL-Two-Watched\text{-}Literals\ DPLL\text{-}CDCL\text{-}W\text{-}Implementation \\ {\bf begin}$

24.2.1 Interpretation for conflict-driven-clause-learning_W. $cdcl_W$

We define here the 2-WL with the invariant of well-foundedness and show the role of the candidates by defining an equivalent CDCL procedure using the candidates given by the datastructure.

 ${f context}$ abstract-twlbegin **Direct Interpretation** lemma mset-map-removeAll-cond: $mset\ (map\ (\lambda x.\ mset\ (raw-clause\ x))$ $(removeAll\text{-}cond\ (\lambda D.\ mset\ (raw\text{-}clause\ D) = mset\ (raw\text{-}clause\ C))\ N))$ $= mset \ (removeAll \ (mset \ (raw-clause \ C)) \ (map \ (\lambda x. \ mset \ (raw-clause \ x)) \ N))$ by $(induction \ N)$ auto lemma mset-raw-init-clss-init-state: $mset\ (map\ (\lambda x.\ mset\ (raw-clause\ x))\ (raw-init-clss\ (init-state\ (map\ raw-clause\ N))))$ = $mset (map (\lambda x. mset (raw-clause x)) N)$ by (metis (no-types, lifting) init-clss-init-state map-eq-conv map-map o-def) interpretation rough-cdcl: $state_W$ $\lambda C. mset (raw-clause C)$ λL C. TWL-Clause (watched C) (L # unwatched C) $\lambda L \ C. \ TWL\text{-}Clause \ [] \ (remove1 \ L \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C))$ $\lambda C.$ clauses-of-l (map raw-clause C) op @ $\lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \# \ \lambda C. \ remove 1-cond \ (\lambda D. \ mset \ (raw-clause \ D) = mset \ (raw-clause \ C))$ mset λxs ys. case-prod append (fold (λx (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x # zs)) xs (ys, []) op # remove1 raw-clause λC . TWL-Clause [] C $trail \ \lambda S. \ hd \ (raw-trail \ S)$ raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting cons-trail tl-trail λC . add-init-cls (raw-clause C) λC . add-learned-cls (raw-clause C) λC . remove-cls (raw-clause C) update-backtrack-lvlupdate-conflicting λN . init-state (map raw-clause N) restart' apply unfold-locales **apply** (case-tac raw-trail S) apply (simp-all add: add-init-cls-def add-learned-cls-def clause-rewatch clause-watch cons-trail-def remove-cls-def restart'-def tl-trail-def map-tl comp-def $ac\text{-}simps\ mset\text{-}map\text{-}removeAll\text{-}cond\ mset\text{-}raw\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}init\text{-}state)$ **apply** (auto simp: mset-map image-mset-subseteq-mono[OF restart-learned]) done

interpretation rough-cdcl: conflict-driven-clause-learning_W $\lambda C.$ mset (raw-clause C)

```
\lambda L C. TWL-Clause (watched C) (L # unwatched C)
 \lambda L \ C. \ TWL\text{-}Clause \ [] \ (remove1 \ L \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C))
 \lambda C. clauses-of-l (map raw-clause C) op @
 \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \# \ \lambda C. \ remove 1-cond \ (\lambda D. \ mset \ (raw-clause \ D) = mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
  mset \ \lambda xs \ ys. \ case-prod \ append \ (fold \ (\lambda x \ (ys, zs). \ (remove1 \ x \ ys, \ x \ \# \ zs)) \ xs \ (ys, \|))
  op # remove1
 \lambda C. raw-clause C \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail \lambda S. hd (raw-trail S)
  raw-init-clss raw-learned-clss backtrack-lvl raw-conflicting
  cons-trail tl-trail \lambda C. add-init-cls (raw-clause C) \lambda C. add-learned-cls (raw-clause C)
  \lambda C. remove-cls (raw-clause C)
  update-backtrack-lvl
  update-conflicting \lambda N. init-state (map raw-clause N) restart'
 by unfold-locales
declare local.rough-cdcl.mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls[simp del]
Opaque Type with Invariant declare rough-cdcl.state-simp[simp del]
definition cons-trail-twl :: ('v, nat, 'v twl-clause) marked-lit \Rightarrow 'v wf-twl \Rightarrow 'v wf-twl
 where
cons-trail-twl L S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (cons-trail L (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-state-cons-trail:
 assumes
   undef: undefined-lit (raw-trail S) (lit-of L) and
   wf: wf\text{-}twl\text{-}state S
 shows wf-twl-state (cons-trail L S)
  using undef wf wf-rewatch[of S] unfolding wf-twl-state-def Ball-def
 by (auto simp: cons-trail-def defined-lit-map comp-def image-def twl.raw-clauses-def)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail:
  undefined-lit (raw-trail-twl S) (lit-of L) \Longrightarrow
    rough-state-of-twl (cons-trail-twl L S) = cons-trail L (rough-state-of-twl S)
  using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-cons-trail
  unfolding cons-trail-twl-def by blast
abbreviation add-init-cls-twl where
add-init-cls-twl CS \equiv twl-of-rough-state (add-init-cls C (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-add-init-cls: wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (add-init-cls L S)
 unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: wf-watch add-init-cls-def comp-def twl.raw-clauses-def
   split: if-split-asm)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-add-init-cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (add-init-cls-twl L S) = add-init-cls L (rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-add-init-cls by blast
abbreviation add-learned-cls-twl where
add-learned-cls-twl CS \equiv twl-of-rough-state (add-learned-cls C (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-add-learned-cls: wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (add-learned-cls L(S))
  unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: wf-watch add-learned-cls-def twl.raw-clauses-def
```

```
split: if-split-asm)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\text{-}add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (add-learned-cls-twl L S) = add-learned-cls L (rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-add-learned-cls by blast
abbreviation remove-cls-twl where
remove\text{-}cls\text{-}twl \ C \ S \equiv twl\text{-}of\text{-}rough\text{-}state \ (remove\text{-}cls \ C \ (rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl \ S))
lemma set-removeAll-condD: x \in set (removeAll-cond f xs) \Longrightarrow x \in set xs
 by (induction xs) (auto split: if-split-asm)
lemma wf-twl-remove-cls: wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (remove-cls L(S))
  unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: wf-watch remove-cls-def twl.raw-clauses-def comp-def
   split: if-split-asm dest: set-removeAll-condD)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls:
  rough-state-of-twl (remove-cls-twl L(S) = remove-cls L(rough-state-of-twl S)
  using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-remove-cls by blast
abbreviation init-state-twl where
init-state-twl N \equiv twl-of-rough-state (init-state N)
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{wf-twl-state-wf-twl-state-fold-add-init-cls}:
 assumes wf-twl-state S
 shows wf-twl-state (fold add-init-cls N S)
  using assms apply (induction N arbitrary: S)
  apply (auto simp: wf-twl-state-def)[]
 by (simp add: wf-twl-add-init-cls)
lemma wf-twl-state-epsilon-state[simp]:
  wf-twl-state (TWL-State [] [] (0 None)
 by (auto simp: wf-twl-state-def twl.raw-clauses-def)
lemma wf-twl-init-state: wf-twl-state (init-state N)
  unfolding init-state-def by (auto intro!: wf-twl-state-wf-twl-state-fold-add-init-cls)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rough\text{-}state\text{-}of\text{-}twl\text{-}init\text{-}state:
  rough-state-of-twl (init-state-twl N) = init-state N
 by (simp add: twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-init-state)
abbreviation tl-trail-twl where
tl-trail-twl S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (tl-trail (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-state-tl-trail: wf-twl-state S \implies wf-twl-state (tl-trail S)
 by (auto simp add: twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-init-state wf-twl-cls-wf-twl-cls-tl
   tl-trail-def wf-twl-state-def distinct-tl map-tl comp-def twl.raw-clauses-def)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail:
  rough-state-of-twl (tl-trail-twl S) = tl-trail (rough-state-of-twl S)
 using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-tl-trail by blast
abbreviation update-backtrack-lvl-twl where
update-backtrack-lvl-twl \ k \ S \equiv twl-of-rough-state \ (update-backtrack-lvl \ k \ (rough-state-of-twl \ S))
```

```
lemma wf-twl-state-update-backtrack-lvl:
  wf-twl-state <math>S \implies wf-twl-state (update-backtrack-lvl <math>k S)
  unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: comp-def twl.raw-clauses-def)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl:
  rough-state-of-twl (update-backtrack-lvl-twl k S) = update-backtrack-lvl k
    (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
  using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-update-backtrack-lvl by fast
abbreviation update-conflicting-twl where
update-conflicting-twl k S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (update-conflicting k (rough-state-of-twl S))
lemma wf-twl-state-update-conflicting:
  wf-twl-state S \Longrightarrow wf-twl-state (update-conflicting k S)
 unfolding wf-twl-state-def by (auto simp: twl.raw-clauses-def comp-def)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting:
  rough-state-of-twl (update-conflicting-twl k S) = update-conflicting k
   (rough-state-of-twl\ S)
  using rough-state-of-twl twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-twl-state-update-conflicting by fast
abbreviation raw-clauses-twl where
raw-clauses-twl S \equiv twl.raw-clauses (rough-state-of-twl S)
abbreviation restart-twl where
restart-twl S \equiv twl-of-rough-state (restart' (rough-state-of-twl S))
\mathbf{lemma}\ mset	ext{-}union	ext{-}mset	ext{-}setD:
  mset \ A \subseteq \# \ mset \ B \Longrightarrow set \ A \subseteq set \ B
 by auto
lemma wf-wf-restart': wf-twl-state S \implies wf-twl-state (restart' S)
  unfolding restart'-def wf-twl-state-def apply standard
  apply clarify
  apply (rename-tac x)
  \mathbf{apply} \ (subgoal\text{-}tac \ wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ (raw\text{-}trail \ S) \ x)
   apply (case-tac \ x)
 using restart-learned by (auto simp: twl.raw-clauses-def comp-def dest: mset-union-mset-setD)
lemma rough-state-of-twl-restart-twl:
  rough-state-of-twl (restart-twl S) = restart' (rough-state-of-twl S)
 by (simp add: twl-of-rough-state-inverse wf-wf-restart')
lemma undefined-lit-trail-twl-raw-trail[iff]:
  undefined-lit (trail-twl S) L \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit (raw-trail-twl S) L
 by (auto simp: defined-lit-map image-image)
sublocale wf-twl: conflict-driven-clause-learning<sub>W</sub>
 \lambda C. mset (raw-clause C)
 \lambda L C. TWL-Clause (watched C) (L # unwatched C)
 \lambda L \ C. \ TWL\text{-}Clause \ [] \ (remove1 \ L \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C))
 \lambda C. clauses-of-l (map raw-clause C) op @
 \lambda L \ C. \ L \in set \ C \ op \ \# \ \lambda C. \ remove1-cond \ (\lambda D. \ mset \ (raw-clause \ D) = mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
 mset \lambda xs ys. case-prod append (fold (\lambda x (ys, zs). (remove1 x ys, x \# zs)) xs (ys, []))
```

```
op # remove1
```

```
\lambda C. raw-clause C \lambda C. TWL-Clause [] C
  trail-twl \lambda S. hd (raw-trail-twl S)
  raw-init-clss-twl
  raw-learned-clss-twl
  backtrack-lvl-twl
  raw-conflicting-twl
  cons-trail-twl
  tl-trail-twl
  \lambda C. \ add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\text{-}twl \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C)
  \lambda C. \ add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls\text{-}twl \ (raw\text{-}clause \ C)
  \lambda C. remove\text{-}cls\text{-}twl (raw\text{-}clause C)
  update-backtrack-lvl-twl
  update-conflicting-twl
  \lambda N. init-state-twl (map raw-clause N)
  restart-twl
  apply unfold-locales
          using rough-cdcl.hd-raw-trail apply blast
        apply (simp-all add: rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail
          rough-state-of-twl-add-init-cls rough-state-of-twl-add-learned-cls
          rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl
          rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting)[7]
       using rough-cdcl.init-clss-cons-trail rough-cdcl.init-clss-tl-trail
       rough\text{-}cdcl.init\text{-}clss\text{-}add\text{-}init\text{-}cls \ rough\text{-}cdcl.init\text{-}clss\text{-}remove\text{-}cls
       rough-cdcl.init-clss-add-learned-cls
       rough\text{-}cdcl.init\text{-}clss\text{-}update\text{-}backtrack\text{-}lvl
       rough-cdcl.init-clss-update-conflicting
       apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail
        rough-state-of-twl-add-init-cls rough-state-of-twl-add-learned-cls
        rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls\ rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl
        rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting comp-def)[7]
       {f using}\ rough\text{-}cdcl.learned\text{-}clss\text{-}cons\text{-}trail\ rough\text{-}cdcl.learned\text{-}clss\text{-}tl\text{-}trail
       rough-cdcl. learned-clss-add-init-cls\ rough-cdcl. learned-clss-remove-cls
       rough\text{-}cdcl.learned\text{-}clss\text{-}add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls
       rough-cdcl.learned-clss-update-backtrack-lvl
       rough-cdcl.learned-clss-update-conflicting
      apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail
        rough-state-of\text{-}twl-add\text{-}init\text{-}cls\ rough-state-of\text{-}twl-add\text{-}learned\text{-}cls
        rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl
        rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting comp-def)[7]
     apply (auto simp add: rough-state-of-twl-cons-trail rough-state-of-twl-tl-trail
        rough-state-of-twl-add-init-cls rough-state-of-twl-add-learned-cls
        rough-state-of-twl-remove-cls\ rough-state-of-twl-update-backtrack-lvl
        rough-state-of-twl-update-conflicting comp-def)[14]
   using init-clss-init-state apply (auto simp: rough-state-of-twl-init-state)[5]
  using rough-cdcl.init-clss-restart-state rough-cdcl.learned-clss-restart-state
  apply (auto simp: rough-state-of-twl-restart-twl)[5]
  done
declare local.rough-cdcl.mset-ccls-ccls-of-cls[simp del]
abbreviation state-eq-twl (infix \sim TWL~51) where
state-eq-twl\ S\ S' \equiv rough-cdcl.state-eq\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S)\ (rough-state-of-twl\ S')
notation wf-twl.state-eq (infix \sim 51)
declare wf-twl.state-simp[simp del]
```

```
To avoid ambiguities:
```

```
no-notation state-eq-twl (infix \sim 51)
```

```
Alternative Definition of CDCL using the candidates of 2-WL inductive propagate-twl
"" v wf-twl \Rightarrow "v wf-twl \Rightarrow bool where"
propagate-twl-rule: (L, C) \in candidates-propagate-twl S \Longrightarrow
  S' \sim cons-trail-twl (Propagated L C) S \Longrightarrow
 raw-conflicting-twl S = None \Longrightarrow
 propagate-twl S S'
inductive-cases propagate-twlE: propagate-twl S T
lemma distinct-filter-eq-if:
  distinct C \Longrightarrow length (filter (op = L) C) = (if L \in set C then 1 else 0)
 by (induction C) auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ distinct\text{-}mset\text{-}remove1\text{-}All:
  distinct-mset C \Longrightarrow remove1-mset L C = removeAll-mset L C
 by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff distinct-mset-count-less-1)
lemma propagate-twl-iff-propagate:
 assumes inv: wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows wf-twl.propagate S \ T \longleftrightarrow propagate-twl S \ T \ (is ?P \longleftrightarrow ?T)
proof
 assume ?P
 then obtain L E where
   raw-conflicting-twl S = None and
    CL-Clauses: E \in set (wf-twl.raw-clauses S) and
   LE: L \in \# mset (raw-clause E) and
   tr-CNot: trail-twl S \models as CNot (remove1-mset L (mset (raw-clause E))) and
   undef-lot[simp]: undefined-lit (trail-twl S) L and
    T \sim cons	ext{-}trail	ext{-}twl \ (Propagated L \ E) \ S
    by (blast elim: wf-twl.propagateE)
 have distinct (raw-clause E)
   using inv CL-Clauses unfolding wf-twl.cdcl<sub>W</sub>-all-struct-inv-def distinct-mset-set-def
    wf-twl.distinct-cdcl_W-state-def wf-twl.raw-clauses-def by auto
  then have X: remove1-mset L (mset (raw-clause E)) = mset-set (set (raw-clause E) - \{L\})
   by (auto simp: multiset-eq-iff raw-clause-def count-mset distinct-filter-eq-if)
  have (L, E) \in candidates-propagate-twl S
   apply (rule wf-candidates-propagate-complete)
        using rough-state-of-twl apply auto
       using CL-Clauses unfolding wf-twl.raw-clauses-def twl.raw-clauses-def
       apply auto
      using LE apply simp
     using tr-CNot X apply simp
    using undef-lot apply blast
    done
 show ?T
   apply (rule propagate-twl-rule)
      apply (rule \ \langle (L, E) \in candidates\text{-}propagate\text{-}twl \ S \rangle)
     using \langle T \sim cons\text{-}trail\text{-}twl \ (Propagated L E) \ S \rangle
     apply (auto simp: \langle raw\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl \ S = None \rangle \ wf\text{-}twl.state\text{-}eq\text{-}def)
   done
next
 assume ?T
```

```
then obtain L C where
   LC: (L, C) \in candidates-propagate-twl S and
   T: T \sim cons-trail-twl (Propagated L C) S and
   confl: raw-conflicting-twl\ S = None
   by (auto elim: propagate-twlE)
  have
   C'S: C \in set (raw-clauses-twl S) and
   L: set (watched C) - uminus `lits-of-l (trail-twl S) = \{L\}  and
   undef: undefined-lit (trail-twl S) L
   using LC unfolding candidates-propagate-def wf-twl.raw-clauses-def by auto
  have dist: distinct (raw-clause C)
   using inv C'S unfolding wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-def wf-twl.distinct-cdcl_W-state-def
    distinct-mset-set-def twl.raw-clauses-def by fastforce
  then have C-L-L: mset-set (set (raw-clause C) -\{L\}) = mset (raw-clause C) -\{\#L\#\}
   by (metis distinct-mset-distinct distinct-mset-minus distinct-mset-set-mset-ident mset-remove1
     set-mset-mset set-remove1-eq)
  show ?P
   apply (rule wf-twl.propagate-rule[of S \ C \ L])
       using confl apply auto[]
      using C'S unfolding twl.raw-clauses-def apply (simp add: wf-twl.raw-clauses-def)
      using L unfolding candidates-propagate-def apply (auto simp: raw-clause-def)[]
     using wf-candidates-propagate-sound[OF - LC] rough-state-of-twl dist
     apply (simp add: distinct-mset-remove1-All true-annots-true-cls)
    using undef apply simp
   using T undef by (smt wf-twl.backtrack-lvl-cons-trail confl wf-twl.init-clss-cons-trail
     wf-twl.learned-clss-cons-trail marked-lit.sel(2) wf-twl.raw-conflicting-cons-trail
     wf-twl.state-eq-def wf-twl.trail-cons-trail wf-twl.mmset-of-mlit.simps(1)
     wf-twl.mset-cls-of-ccls)
qed
no-notation twl.state-eq-twl (infix \sim TWL 51)
inductive conflict-twl where
conflict-twl-rule:
C \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl \ S \Longrightarrow
  S' \sim update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some (raw\text{-}clause C)) } S \Longrightarrow
 raw-conflicting-twl S = None \Longrightarrow
  conflict-twl S S'
inductive-cases conflict-twlE: conflict-twlS T
lemma conflict-twl-iff-conflict:
 shows wf-twl.conflict S \ T \longleftrightarrow conflict\text{-twl} \ S \ T \ (is \ ?C \longleftrightarrow ?T)
proof
 assume ?C
 then obtain D where
   S: raw\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl\ S = None \ and
   D: D \in set (wf\text{-}twl.raw\text{-}clauses S) and
   MD: trail-twl\ S \models as\ CNot\ (mset\ (raw-clause\ D)) and
   T: T \sim update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some (raw-clause D)) S
   by (elim \ wf\text{-}twl.conflictE)
 have D \in candidates-conflict-twl S
   apply (rule wf-candidates-conflict-complete)
```

```
apply simp
     using D apply (auto simp: wf-twl.raw-clauses-def twl.raw-clauses-def)[]
   using MD S by auto
  moreover have T \sim twl-of-rough-state (update-conflicting (Some (raw-clause D))
  (rough-state-of-twl\ S))
   using T unfolding rough-cdcl.state-eq-def wf-twl.state-eq-def by auto
  ultimately show ?T
   using S by (auto intro: conflict-twl-rule)
next
 assume ?T
 then obtain C where
    C: C \in candidates\text{-}conflict\text{-}twl\ S\ and
    T: T \sim update\text{-}conflicting\text{-}twl (Some (raw\text{-}clause C)) S \text{ and}
   confl: raw-conflicting-twl\ S = None
   by (auto elim: conflict-twlE)
 have
    C \in set (wf\text{-}twl.raw\text{-}clauses S)
   using C unfolding candidates-conflict-def wf-twl.raw-clauses-def twl.raw-clauses-def by auto
moreover have trail-twl \ S \models as \ CNot \ (mset \ (raw-clause \ C))
   \mathbf{using}\ \textit{wf-candidates-conflict-sound}[\mathit{OF-C}]\ \mathbf{by}\ \textit{auto}
ultimately show ?C apply -
  apply (rule wf-twl.conflict.conflict-rule[of - C])
  using conft T unfolding rough-cdcl.state-eq-def by (auto simp del: map-map)
qed
inductive cdcl_W-twl :: 'v \ wf-twl \Rightarrow 'v \ wf-twl \Rightarrow bool \ for \ S :: 'v \ wf-twl \ where
propagate: propagate-twl S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-twl S S'
conflict: conflict-twl S S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-twl S S'
other: wf-twl.cdcl_W-o SS' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W-twl SS'
rf: wf\text{-}twl.cdcl_W\text{-}rf \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}twl \ S \ S'
lemma cdcl_W-twl-iff-cdcl_W:
 assumes wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-twl \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow wf-twl.cdcl_W \ S \ T
 \mathbf{by} \ (simp \ add: \ assms \ wf-twl.cdcl_W.simps \ cdcl_W-twl.simps \ conflict-twl-iff-conflict
   propagate-twl-iff-propagate del: map-map)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-twl-all-struct-inv-inv:
 assumes cdcl_W-twl^{**} S T and wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv T
  using assms by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (simp-all\ add:\ cdcl_W-twl-iff-cdcl_W\ wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv\ del:\ map-map)
lemma rtranclp-cdcl_W-twl-iff-rtranclp-cdcl_W:
 assumes wf-twl.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S
 shows cdcl_W-twl^{**} S T \longleftrightarrow wf-twl.cdcl_W^{**} S T (is ?T \longleftrightarrow ?W)
proof
 assume ?W
 then show ?T
   proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
   next
     case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
     have cdcl_W-twl T U
```

```
using assms st cdcl wf-twl.rtranclp-cdcl_W-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-twl-iff-cdcl_W
       by blast
     then show ?case using IH by auto
   qed
next
  assume ?T
  then show ?W
   proof (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
     case base
     then show ?case by simp
   next
     case (step T U) note st = this(1) and cdcl = this(2) and IH = this(3)
     have wf-twl.cdcl_W T U
       using assms st cdcl rtranclp-cdcl_W-twl-all-struct-inv-inv cdcl_W-twl-iff-cdcl_W
       by blast
     then show ?case using IH by auto
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
end
end
theory Prop-Superposition
\mathbf{imports}\ \textit{Partial-Clausal-Logic}\ ../lib/\textit{Herbrand-Interpretation}
begin
25
        Superposition
no-notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls (infix \models 50)
notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls (infix \models h 50)
no-notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-clss (infix \models s 50)
notation Herbrand-Interpretation.true-clss (infix \models hs 50)
lemma herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls:
  S \models h \ C \longleftrightarrow \{Pos \ P \mid P. \ P \in S\} \cup \{Neg \ P \mid P. \ P \notin S\} \models C
 {\bf unfolding} \ \textit{Herbrand-Interpretation.true-cls-def Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-cls-def}
  by auto
lemma herbrand-consistent-interp:
  consistent-interp (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\})
  unfolding consistent-interp-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{herbrand-total-over-set}\colon
  total\text{-}over\text{-}set\ (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\})\ T
  unfolding total-over-set-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ herbrand\text{-}total\text{-}over\text{-}m:
  total-over-m (\{Pos\ P|P.\ P\in S\} \cup \{Neg\ P|P.\ P\notin S\}) T
  unfolding total-over-m-def by (auto simp add: herbrand-total-over-set)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-clss}\colon
  S \models hs \ C \longleftrightarrow \{Pos \ P|P. \ P \in S\} \cup \{Neg \ P|P. \ P \notin S\} \models s \ C
  unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls
  Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-clss-def by auto
```

```
definition clss-lt :: 'a::wellorder clauses \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses where
clss-lt N C = \{D \in N. D \# \subset \# C\}
notation (latex output)
  clss-lt (-<^bsup>-<^esup>)
{f locale} \ selection =
    fixes S :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ clause
    assumes
         S-selects-subseteq: \bigwedge C. S C \leq \# C and
         S-selects-neg-lits: \bigwedge C L. L \in \# S C \Longrightarrow is-neg L
{f locale}\ ground{\it -resolution-with-selection} =
    selection S for S :: ('a :: wellorder) clause \Rightarrow 'a clause
begin
context
    fixes N :: 'a \ clause \ set
begin
We do not create an equivalent of \delta, but we directly defined N_C by inlining the definition.
function
    production :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ interp
where
    production C =
      \{A.\ C \in N \land C \neq \{\#\} \land Max\ (set\text{-mset}\ C) = Pos\ A \land count\ C\ (Pos\ A) \leq 1\}
           \land \neg (\bigcup D \in \{D. \ D \# \subset \# \ C\}. \ production \ D) \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}\}
termination by (relation \{(D, C). D \# \subset \# C\}) (auto simp: wf-less-multiset)
declare production.simps[simp del]
definition interp :: 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ interp \ \mathbf{where}
    interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D. D \# \subset \# C\}. production D)
lemma production-unfold:
     production C = \{A. \ C \in N \land C \neq \{\#\} \land Max \ (set\text{-mset} \ C) = Pos \ A \land \ count \ C \ (Pos \ A) \leq 1 \land \neg
interp C \models h \ C \land S \ C = \{\#\}\}
    unfolding interp-def by (rule production.simps)
abbreviation productive A \equiv (production \ A \neq \{\})
abbreviation produces :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool where
    produces\ C\ A \equiv production\ C = \{A\}
lemma producesD:
    produces C A \Longrightarrow C \in N \land C \neq \{\#\} \land Pos A = Max (set\text{-mset } C) \land count C (Pos A) \leq 1 \land Pos A = Max (set\text{-mset } C) \land C = Max (s
         \neg interp C \models h C \land S C = \{\#\}
    unfolding production-unfold by auto
lemma produces C A \Longrightarrow Pos A \in \# C
    by (simp add: Max-in-lits producesD)
lemma interp'-def-in-set:
```

```
interp C = (\bigcup D \in \{D \in N. D \# \subset \# C\}. production D)
  unfolding interp-def apply auto
  unfolding production-unfold apply auto
 done
lemma production-iff-produces:
  produces\ D\ A \longleftrightarrow A \in production\ D
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
definition Interp :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a interp where
  Interp C = interp \ C \cup production \ C
lemma
 assumes produces CP
 shows Interp C \models h C
 unfolding Interp-def assms using producesD[OF assms]
 by (metis Max-in-lits Un-insert-right insertI1 pos-literal-in-imp-true-cls)
definition INTERP :: 'a interp where
INTERP = (\bigcup D \in N. \ production \ D)
lemma interp-subseteq-Interp[simp]: interp C \subseteq Interp C
 unfolding Interp-def by simp
lemma Interp-as-UNION: Interp C = (| D \in \{D, D \# \subset \# C\}, production D)
  unfolding Interp-def interp-def le-multiset-def by fast
lemma productive-not-empty: productive C \Longrightarrow C \neq \{\#\}
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
lemma productive-imp-produces-Max-literal: productive C \Longrightarrow produces\ C\ (atm-of\ (Max\ (set-mset\ C)))
 unfolding production-unfold by (auto simp del: atm-of-Max-lit)
lemma productive-imp-produces-Max-atom: productive C \Longrightarrow produces \ C \ (Max \ (atms-of \ C))
 unfolding atms-of-def Max-atm-of-set-mset-commute[OF productive-not-empty]
 by (rule productive-imp-produces-Max-literal)
lemma produces-imp-Max-literal: produces C A \Longrightarrow A = atm\text{-}of (Max (set\text{-}mset C))
 by (metis Max-singleton insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-literal)
lemma produces-imp-Max-atom: produces C A \Longrightarrow A = Max \ (atms-of \ C)
 by (metis Max-singleton insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-atom)
lemma produces-imp-Pos-in-lits: produces C A \Longrightarrow Pos A \in \# C
 by (auto intro: Max-in-lits dest!: producesD)
lemma productive-in-N: productive C \Longrightarrow C \in N
 unfolding production-unfold by auto
lemma produces-imp-atms-leq: produces C A \Longrightarrow B \in atms-of C \Longrightarrow B \leq A
 by (metis Max-ge finite-atms-of insert-not-empty productive-imp-produces-Max-atom
   singleton-inject)
lemma produces-imp-neg-notin-lits: produces C A \Longrightarrow \neg Neg A \in \# C
```

```
lemma less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow interp \ C \subseteq interp \ D
  unfolding interp-def by auto (metis multiset-order.order.strict-trans2)
lemma less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies interp \ C \subseteq Interp \ D
  unfolding Interp-def using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp by blast
lemma less-imp-production-subseteq-interp: C \# \subset \# D \Longrightarrow production C \subseteq interp D
  unfolding interp-def by fast
lemma less-eq-imp-production-subseteq-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies production C \subseteq Interp D
  unfolding Interp-def using less-imp-production-subseteq-interp
 by (metis multiset-order.le-imp-less-or-eq le-supI1 sup-ge2)
lemma less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp: C \# \subset \# D \Longrightarrow Interp C \subseteq interp D
 unfolding Interp-def
 by (auto simp: less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp less-imp-production-subseteq-interp)
lemma less-eq-imp-Interp-subseteq-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow Interp C \subseteq Interp D
  using less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp
 unfolding Interp-def by (metis multiset-order.le-imp-less-or-eq le-supI2 subset-refl sup-commute)
lemma false-Interp-to-true-interp-imp-less-multiset: A \notin Interp\ C \Longrightarrow A \in interp\ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \#
  using less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma false-interp-to-true-interp-imp-less-multiset: A \notin interp\ C \Longrightarrow A \in interp\ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \#
 {\bf using}\ less-eq\text{-}imp\text{-}interp\text{-}subseteq\text{-}interp\ multiset\text{-}linorder.not\text{-}less\ {\bf by}\ blast
lemma false-Interp-to-true-Interp-imp-less-multiset: A \notin Interp\ C \Longrightarrow A \in Interp\ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subset \#
 using less-eq-imp-Interp-subseteq-Interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma false-interp-to-true-Interp-imp-le-multiset: A \notin interp \ C \Longrightarrow A \in Interp \ D \Longrightarrow C \# \subseteq \# \ D
  using less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp multiset-linorder.not-less by blast
lemma interp-subseteq-INTERP: interp C \subseteq INTERP
 unfolding interp-def INTERP-def by (auto simp: production-unfold)
lemma production-subseteq-INTERP: production C \subseteq INTERP
  unfolding INTERP-def using production-unfold by blast
lemma Interp-subseteq-INTERP: Interp\ C \subseteq INTERP
  unfolding Interp-def by (auto intro!: interp-subseteq-INTERP production-subseteq-INTERP)
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 67 of Weidenbach's book.
lemma produces-imp-in-interp:
 assumes a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and d: produces D A
 shows A \in interp \ C
proof -
  from d have Max (set\text{-}mset D) = Pos A
   using production-unfold by blast
 hence D \# \subset \# \{ \# Neg A \# \}
   by (auto intro: Max-pos-neg-less-multiset)
 moreover have \{\#Neg\ A\#\}\ \#\subseteq\#\ C
   by (rule less-eq-imp-le-multiset) (rule mset-le-single[OF a-in-c])
```

by (rule pos-Max-imp-neg-notin) (auto dest: producesD)

```
ultimately show ?thesis
   using d by (blast dest: less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp less-imp-production-subseteq-interp)
qed
lemma neg-notin-Interp-not-produce: Neg A \in \# C \Longrightarrow A \notin Interp D \Longrightarrow C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow \neg produces
D''A
 by (auto dest: produces-imp-in-interp less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-Interp)
lemma in-production-imp-produces: A \in production \ C \Longrightarrow produces \ C \ A
 by (metis insert-absorb productive-imp-produces-Max-atom singleton-insert-inj-eq')
lemma not-produces-imp-notin-production: \neg produces C A \Longrightarrow A \notin production C
 by (metis in-production-imp-produces)
lemma not-produces-imp-notin-interp: (\bigwedge D. \neg produces \ D \ A) \Longrightarrow A \notin interp \ C
 unfolding interp-def by (fast intro!: in-production-imp-produces)
The results below corresponds to Lemma 3.4.
Nitpicking: If D = D' and D is productive, I^D \subseteq I_{D'} does not hold.
lemma true-Interp-imp-general:
 assumes
   c\text{-}le\text{-}d: C \# \subseteq \# D and
   d-lt-d': D \# \subset \# D' and
   c-at-d: Interp D \models h \ C and
   subs: interp D' \subseteq (\bigcup C \in CC. production C)
 shows (\bigcup C \in CC. production C) \models h \ C
proof (cases \exists A. Pos A \in \# C \land A \in Interp D)
 case True
 then obtain A where a-in-c: Pos A \in \# C and a-at-d: A \in Interp D
   by blast
 from a-at-d have A \in interp D'
   using d-lt-d' less-imp-Interp-subseteq-interp by blast
  thus ?thesis
   using subs a-in-c by (blast dest: contra-subsetD)
next
 case False
  then obtain A where a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and A \notin Interp D
   using c-at-d unfolding true-cls-def by blast
 hence \bigwedge D''. \neg produces D'' A
   using c-le-d neg-notin-Interp-not-produce by simp
  thus ?thesis
   using a-in-c subs not-produces-imp-notin-production by auto
qed
lemma true-Interp-imp-interp: C \not = \not = D \implies D \not = D' \implies Interp D \models h C \implies interp D' \models h C
 using interp-def true-Interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-Interp-imp-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies D \# \subset \# D' \implies Interp D \models h C \implies Interp D' \models h C
  using Interp-as-UNION interp-subseteq-Interp true-Interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-Interp-imp-INTERP: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow Interp \ D \models h \ C \Longrightarrow INTERP \models h \ C
  using INTERP-def interp-subseteq-INTERP
    true-Interp-imp-general [OF - less-multiset-right-total]
 by simp
```

```
lemma true-interp-imp-general:
    assumes
        c\text{-le-}d: C \# \subseteq \# D and
        d-lt-d': D \# \subset \# D' and
        c-at-d: interp D \models h C and
        subs: interp D' \subseteq (\bigcup C \in CC. production C)
    shows (\bigcup C \in CC. production C) \models h C
proof (cases \exists A. Pos A \in \# C \land A \in interp D)
    {\bf case}\ {\it True}
    then obtain A where a-in-c: Pos A \in \# C and a-at-d: A \in interp D
        by blast
    from a-at-d have A \in interp D'
        using d-lt-d' less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp[OF multiset-order.less-imp-le] by blast
        using subs a-in-c by (blast dest: contra-subsetD)
next
    case False
    then obtain A where a-in-c: Neg A \in \# C and A \notin interp D
        using c-at-d unfolding true-cls-def by blast
    hence \bigwedge D''. \neg produces D'' A
        using c-le-d by (auto dest: produces-imp-in-interp less-eq-imp-interp-subseteq-interp)
    thus ?thesis
        using a-in-c subs not-produces-imp-notin-production by auto
qed
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 67 of Weidenbach's book. Here the strict maxi-
mality is important
lemma true-interp-imp-interp: C \not = \not = D \implies D \not = D' \implies interp D \not = D \implies interp D' \implies inte
    using interp-def true-interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-Interp: C \# \subseteq \# D \implies D \# \subset \# D' \implies interp D \models h C \implies Interp D' \models h C
    using Interp-as-UNION interp-subseteq-Interp[of D'] true-interp-imp-general by simp
lemma true-interp-imp-INTERP: C \# \subseteq \# D \Longrightarrow interp D \models h C \Longrightarrow INTERP \models h C
    using INTERP-def interp-subseteq-INTERP
        true-interp-imp-general[OF - less-multiset-right-total]
    by simp
lemma productive-imp-false-interp: productive C \Longrightarrow \neg interp C \models h \ C
    unfolding production-unfold by auto
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 67 of Weidenbach's book. Here the strict maxi-
mality is important
lemma cls-gt-double-pos-no-production:
    assumes D: \{\#Pos\ P,\ Pos\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ C
    shows \neg produces \ C \ P
proof -
   let ?D = {\#Pos \ P, \ Pos \ P\#}
   note D' = D[unfolded\ less-multiset_{HO}]
    consider
        (P) \ count \ C \ (Pos \ P) \ge 2
    \mid (Q) \ Q \text{ where } Q > Pos \ P \text{ and } Q \in \# \ C
        using HOL.spec[OF HOL.conjunct2[OF D'], of Pos P] by (auto split: if-split-asm)
    thus ?thesis
        proof cases
```

```
case Q
     have Q \in set\text{-}mset\ C
      using Q(2) by (auto split: if-split-asm)
     then have Max (set\text{-}mset C) > Pos P
      using Q(1) Max-gr-iff by blast
     thus ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   next
     case P
     thus ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   qed
qed
This lemma corresponds to theorem 2.7.6 page 67 of Weidenbach's book.
 assumes D: C+\{\#Neg\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ D
 shows production D \neq \{P\}
proof -
 note D' = D[unfolded\ less-multiset_{HO}]
 consider
   (P) Neg P \in \# D
  | (Q)| Q where Q > Neg P and count D Q > count (C + {\#Neg P\#}) Q
   using HOL.spec[OF\ HOL.conjunct2[OF\ D'],\ of\ Neg\ P]\ count-greater-zero-iff\ by\ fastforce
  thus ?thesis
   proof cases
     case Q
     have Q \in set\text{-}mset\ D
      using Q(2) gr-implies-not0 by fastforce
     then have Max (set\text{-}mset D) > Neg P
      using Q(1) Max-gr-iff by blast
     hence Max (set\text{-}mset D) > Pos P
       using less-trans[of Pos P Neg P Max (set-mset D)] by auto
     thus ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   next
     case P
     hence Max (set-mset D) > Pos P
      by (meson Max-ge finite-set-mset le-less-trans linorder-not-le pos-less-neg)
     thus ?thesis
      unfolding production-unfold by auto
   qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}interp\text{-}is\text{-}produced:
 assumes P \in INTERP
 shows \exists D. D + \{\#Pos P\#\} \in N \land produces (D + \{\#Pos P\#\}) P
 {\bf using} \ assms \ {\bf unfolding} \ INTERP\text{-}def \ UN\text{-}iff \ production\text{-}iff\text{-}produces \ Ball\text{-}def
  \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis ground-resolution-with-selection.produces-imp-Pos-in-lits insert-DiffM2} \\
   ground-resolution-with-selection-axioms not-produces-imp-notin-production)
end
```

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end

25.1 We can now define the rules of the calculus

```
inductive superposition-rules :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where
factoring: superposition-rules (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ B\ (C + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ |
superposition-l: superposition-rules (C_1 + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) (C_2 + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}) (C_1 + C_2)
inductive superposition :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
superposition: A \in N \Longrightarrow B \in N \Longrightarrow superposition-rules A \ B \ C
  \implies superposition N (N \cup \{C\})
definition abstract-red :: 'a::wellorder clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
abstract-red C N = (clss-lt \ N \ C \models p \ C)
lemma less-multiset[iff]: M < N \longleftrightarrow M \# \subset \# N
 unfolding less-multiset-def by auto
lemma less-eq-multiset[iff]: M \leq N \longleftrightarrow M \# \subseteq \# N
  unfolding less-eq-multiset-def by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{herbrand-true-clss-true-clss-cls-herbrand-true-clss}:
  assumes
    AB: A \models hs B  and
    BC: B \models p C
  shows A \models h C
proof -
 let ?I = \{Pos \ P \mid P. \ P \in A\} \cup \{Neg \ P \mid P. \ P \notin A\}
 have B: ?I \models s B  using AB
   by (auto simp add: herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-clss)
 have IH: \bigwedge I. total-over-set I (atms-of C) \Longrightarrow total-over-m I B \Longrightarrow consistent-interp I
   \implies I \models s B \implies I \models C \text{ using } BC
   by (auto simp add: true-clss-cls-def)
  show ?thesis
   {\bf unfolding}\ herbrand-interp-iff-partial-interp-cls
   by (auto intro: IH[of ?I] simp add: herbrand-total-over-set herbrand-total-over-m
      herbrand-consistent-interp B)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ abstract\text{-}red\text{-}subset\text{-}mset\text{-}abstract\text{-}red:
 assumes
   abstr: abstract-red C N and
   c-lt-d: C \subseteq \# D
 shows abstract-red D N
proof -
  have \{D \in N. D \# \subset \# C\} \subseteq \{D' \in N. D' \# \subset \# D\}
   using c-lt-d less-eq-imp-le-multiset by fastforce
 thus ?thesis
   using abstr unfolding abstract-red-def clss-lt-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) c-lt-d subset-mset.diff-add true-clss-cls-mono-r'
      true-clss-cls-subset)
qed
```

lemma true-clss-cls-extended:

```
assumes
         A \models p B  and
         tot: total\text{-}over\text{-}m \ I \ (A) \ \mathbf{and}
         cons: consistent-interp I and
         I-A: I \models s A
    shows I \models B
proof -
    let ?I = I \cup \{Pos \ P | P. \ P \in atms-of \ B \land P \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
    have consistent-interp ?I
         using cons unfolding consistent-interp-def atms-of-s-def atms-of-def
             apply (auto 1 5 simp add: image-iff)
         by (metis\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}uminus\ literal.sel(1))
    moreover have total-over-m ?I (A \cup \{B\})
         proof -
              obtain aa :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ where
                  f2: \forall x0 \ x1. \ (\exists v2. \ v2 \in x0 \ \land \ Pos \ v2 \notin x1 \ \land \ Neg \ v2 \notin x1)
                         \longleftrightarrow (aa \ x0 \ x1 \in x0 \land Pos \ (aa \ x0 \ x1) \notin x1 \land Neg \ (aa \ x0 \ x1) \notin x1)
              have \forall a. a \notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms \ A \lor Pos \ a \in I \lor Neg \ a \in I
                  using tot by (simp add: total-over-m-def total-over-set-def)
              hence aa (atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ A\cup atms\text{-}of\text{-}ms\ \{B\})\ (I\cup \{Pos\ a\mid a.\ a\in atms\text{-}of\ B\wedge\ a\notin atms\text{-}of\text{-}s\ I\})
                  \notin atms-of-ms A \cup atms-of-ms \{B\} \vee Pos \ (aa \ (atms-of-ms A \cup atms-of-ms \{B\})
                       (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})) \in I
                           \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
                       \vee Neg (aa (atms-of-ms A \cup atms-of-ms \{B\})
                            (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})) \in I
                           \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\}
                 by auto
              hence total-over-set (I \cup \{Pos \ a \mid a. \ a \in atms-of \ B \land a \notin atms-of-s \ I\})
                   (atms-of-ms\ A\cup atms-of-ms\ \{B\})
                  using f2 by (meson total-over-set-def)
              thus ?thesis
                  by (simp add: total-over-m-def)
         qed
    moreover have ?I \models s A
         using I-A by auto
    ultimately have ?I \models B
         using \langle A \models pB \rangle unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
    thus ?thesis
oops
lemma
    assumes
          CP: \neg clss-lt \ N \ (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \models p \ \{\#C\#\} + \{\#Neg \ P\#\} \ and
           clss-lt\ N\ (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \models p\ \{\#E\#\} + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \lor clss-lt\ N\ (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \models p\ \{\#E\#\} + \{\#E\#\} + \{\#E\#\}\} = p\ (\{\#E\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \neq p\ (\{\#E\#\}) \neq p\ (\{\#E\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \neq p\ (\{\#E\#
\{\#C\#\} + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
    shows clss-lt N (\{\#C\#\} + \{\#E\#\}) \models p \{\#E\#\} + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}
oops
locale ground-ordered-resolution-with-redundancy =
     ground-resolution-with-selection +
    \mathbf{fixes}\ \mathit{redundant}:: \ 'a::wellorder\ \mathit{clause} \Rightarrow \ 'a\ \mathit{clauses} \Rightarrow \mathit{bool}
    assumes
         redundant-iff-abstract: redundant \ A \ N \longleftrightarrow abstract-red A \ N
begin
```

```
definition saturated :: 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
saturated\ N \longleftrightarrow (\forall\ A\ B\ C.\ A\in N \longrightarrow B\in N \longrightarrow \neg redundant\ A\ N \longrightarrow \neg redundant\ B\ N
  \longrightarrow superposition-rules A \ B \ C \longrightarrow redundant \ C \ N \lor C \in N)
lemma
  assumes
   saturated: saturated N and
   finite: finite N and
    empty: \{\#\} \notin N
 shows INTERP\ N \models hs\ N
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?N_{\mathcal{I}} = INTERP N
 assume \neg ?thesis
  hence not-empty: \{E \in \mathbb{N}. \neg ? \mathbb{N}_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E\} \neq \{\}
   unfolding true-clss-def Ball-def by auto
  \mathbf{def}\ D \equiv Min\ \{E \in \mathbb{N}.\ \neg?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h\ E\}
 have [simp]: D \in N
   unfolding D-def
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Min-in not-empty finite mem-Collect-eq rev-finite-subset subset I)
  have not-d-interp: \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h D
   unfolding D-def
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Min-in finite mem-Collect-eq not-empty rev-finite-subset subset I)
  have cls-not-D: \bigwedge E. E \in N \Longrightarrow E \neq D \Longrightarrow \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E \Longrightarrow D \leq E
   using finite D-def by (auto simp del: less-eq-multiset)
  obtain C L where D: D = C + \{\#L\#\} and LSD: L \in \#SD \lor (SD = \{\#\} \land Max (set\text{-}mset D))
= L
   proof (cases\ S\ D = \{\#\})
     case False
     then obtain L where L \in \#SD
       using Max-in-lits by blast
     moreover
       hence L \in \# D
         using S-selects-subseteq[of D] by auto
       hence D = (D - {\#L\#}) + {\#L\#}
         by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
     let ?L = MMax D
     case True
     moreover
       have ?L \in \# D
         by (metis (no-types, lifting) Max-in-lits \langle D \in N \rangle empty)
       hence D = (D - \{\#?L\#\}) + \{\#?L\#\}
         by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using that by blast
   qed
 have red: \neg redundant D N
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume red[simplified]: \sim \sim redundant D N
     have \forall E < D. E \in N \longrightarrow ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E
       using cls-not-D not-le by fastforce
     hence ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models hs \ clss-lt \ N \ D
        unfolding clss-lt-def true-clss-def Ball-def by blast
     thus False
       using red not-d-interp unfolding abstract-red-def redundant-iff-abstract
```

```
using herbrand-true-clss-true-clss-cls-herbrand-true-clss by fast
 qed
consider
 (L) P where L = Pos \ P and S \ D = \{\#\} and Max \ (set\text{-}mset \ D) = Pos \ P
| (Lneg) P  where L = Neg P
 using LSD S-selects-neg-lits[of L D] by (cases L) auto
thus False
 proof cases
   case L note P = this(1) and S = this(2) and max = this(3)
   have count D L > 1
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume <sup>∼</sup> ?thesis
      hence count: count D L = 1
        unfolding D by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
      have \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h D
        using not-d-interp true-interp-imp-INTERP ground-resolution-with-selection-axioms
          by blast
      hence produces NDP
        using not-empty empty finite \langle D \in N \rangle count L
          true-interp-imp-INTERP unfolding production-iff-produces unfolding production-unfold
        by (auto simp add: max not-empty)
      hence INTERP\ N \models h\ D
        unfolding D
        by (metis pos-literal-in-imp-true-cls produces-imp-Pos-in-lits
          production-subseteq-INTERP singletonI subsetCE)
      thus False
        using not-d-interp by blast
     qed
   then have Pos P \in \# C
    by (simp \ add: P \ D)
   then obtain C' where C':D = C' + \{ \#Pos P\# \} + \{ \#Pos P\# \}
     unfolding D by (metis (full-types) P insert-DiffM2)
   have sup: superposition-rules D D (D - \{\#L\#\})
     unfolding C'L by (auto simp add: superposition-rules.simps)
   have C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \ \# \subset \# \ C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} 
   moreover have \neg ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h (D - \{\#L\#\})
     using not\text{-}d\text{-}interp unfolding C'L by auto
   ultimately have C' + \{ \# Pos \ P \# \} \notin N
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) C' P add-diff-cancel-right' cls-not-D less-multiset
      multi-self-add-other-not-self not-le)
   have D - \{\#L\#\} \# \subset \# D
    unfolding C'L by auto
   have c'-p-p: C' + {\#Pos\ P\#} + {\#Pos\ P\#} - {\#Pos\ P\#} = C' + {\#Pos\ P\#}
   have redundant (C' + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ N
     using saturated red sup \langle D \in N \rangle \langle C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \notin N \rangle unfolding saturated-def C' \ L \ c'-p-p
   moreover have C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} \subseteq \# C' + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \} 
     by auto
   ultimately show False
     using red unfolding C' redundant-iff-abstract by (blast dest:
      abstract-red-subset-mset-abstract-red)
 next
```

```
case Lneg note L = this(1)
have P \in ?N_{\mathcal{I}}
 using not-d-interp unfolding D true-cls-def L by (auto split: if-split-asm)
then obtain E where
 DPN: E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \in N and
 prod: production N(E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) = \{P\}
 using in-interp-is-produced by blast
have sup-EC: superposition-rules (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ (C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\})\ (E + C)
 using superposition-l by fast
hence superposition N (N \cup \{E+C\})
 using DPN \langle D \in N \rangle unfolding DL by (auto simp add: superposition.simps)
have
 PMax: Pos P = MMax (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) and
 count (E + {\#Pos P\#}) (Pos P) \le 1 and
 S(E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) = \{\#\} and
  \neg interp\ N\ (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}) \models h\ E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}
 using prod unfolding production-unfold by auto
have Neq P \notin \# E
 using prod produces-imp-neg-notin-lits by force
hence \bigwedge y. y \in \# (E + \{ \#Pos \ P\# \})
 \implies count (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (Neg P) < count (C + \{\#Neg P\#\}) (Neg P)
 using count-greater-zero-iff by fastforce
moreover have \bigwedge y. y \in \# (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) \Longrightarrow y < Neg P
 using PMax by (metis DPN Max-less-iff empty finite-set-mset pos-less-neg
   set-mset-eq-empty-iff)
moreover have E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} \neq C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
 using prod produces-imp-neg-notin-lits by force
ultimately have E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\}\ \#\subset\#\ C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
 unfolding less-multiset<sub>HO</sub> by (metis count-greater-zero-iff less-iff-Suc-add zero-less-Suc)
have ce-lt-d: C + E #\subset# D
unfolding D L by (simp \ add: \langle \bigwedge y. \ y \in \#E + \{\#Pos \ P\#\} \Longrightarrow y < Neg \ P \rangle \ ex-gt-imp-less-multiset)
have ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h E + \{\#Pos P\#\}
 using \langle P \in ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \rangle by blast
have ?N_{\mathcal{I}} \models h \ C+E \lor C+E \notin N
 using ce-lt-d cls-not-D unfolding D-def by fastforce
have Pos P \notin \# C+E
 using D \land P \in qround-resolution-with-selection.INTERP S \mid N \rangle
   (count (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (Pos P) \leq 1) multi-member-skip not-d-interp
   by (auto simp: not-in-iff)
hence \bigwedge y. y \in \# C + E
  \implies count (C+E) (Pos P) < count (E + \{\#Pos P\#\}) (Pos P)
 using set-mset-def by fastforce
have \neg redundant (C + E) N
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume red'[simplified]: ¬ ?thesis
   have abs: clss-lt N(C + E) \models p C + E
     using redundant-iff-abstract red' unfolding abstract-red-def by auto
   have clss-lt N(C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\} \lor clss-lt N(C + E) \models p C + \{\#Neg P\#\}
     proof clarify
      assume CP: \neg clss-lt\ N\ (C+E) \models p\ C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
       \{ \text{ fix } I \}
        assume
          total-over-m I (clss-lt N (C + E) \cup {E + {#Pos P#}}) and
          consistent-interp I and
```

```
I \models s \ clss\text{-}lt \ N \ (C + E)
               hence I \models C + E
                 using abs sorry
               moreover have \neg I \models C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\}
                 using CP unfolding true-clss-cls-def
                 sorry
               ultimately have I \models E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\} by auto
            then show clss-lt N(C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\}
             unfolding true-clss-cls-def by auto
          qed
        moreover have clss-lt N (C + E) \subseteq clss-lt N (C + \{\#Neg\ P\#\})
          using ce-lt-d mult-less-trans unfolding clss-lt-def D L by force
        ultimately have redundant (C + \{\#Neg P\#\}) N \vee clss-lt N (C + E) \models p E + \{\#Pos P\#\}
          unfolding redundant-iff-abstract abstract-red-def using true-clss-cls-subset by blast
        show False sorry
      qed
     moreover have \neg redundant (E + \{\#Pos\ P\#\})\ N
      sorry
     ultimately have CEN: C + E \in N
      using \langle D \in N \rangle \langle E + \{ \# Pos \ P \# \} \in N \rangle saturated sup-EC red unfolding saturated-def D L
      by (metis union-commute)
     have CED: C + E \neq D
      using D ce-lt-d by auto
     have interp: \neg INTERP N \models h C + E
     sorry
     show False
        using cls-not-D[OF CEN CED interp] ce-lt-d unfolding INTERP-def less-eq-multiset-def by
auto
 qed
qed
end
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{tautology-is-redundant}:
 assumes tautology C
 shows abstract-red C N
 using assms unfolding abstract-red-def true-clss-cls-def tautology-def by auto
lemma subsumed-is-redundant:
 assumes AB: A \subset \# B
 and AN: A \in N
 shows abstract-red B N
proof -
 have A \in clss-lt \ N \ B \ using \ AN \ AB \ unfolding \ clss-lt-def
   by (auto dest: less-eq-imp-le-multiset simp add: multiset-order.dual-order.order-iff-strict)
 thus ?thesis
   using AB unfolding abstract-red-def true-clss-cls-def Partial-Clausal-Logic.true-clss-def
   by blast
qed
inductive redundant :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clauses \Rightarrow bool where
subsumption: A \in N \Longrightarrow A \subset \# B \Longrightarrow redundant B N
```

 ${\bf lemma}\ redundant\text{-}is\text{-}redundancy\text{-}criterion\text{:}$

```
\mathbf{fixes}\ A::\ 'a::\ wellorder\ clause\ \mathbf{and}\ N::\ 'a::\ wellorder\ clauses
  assumes redundant A N
  {f shows} abstract-red A N
  \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{assms}
proof (induction rule: redundant.induct)
  case (subsumption A B N)
  thus ?case
    \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{subsumed-is-redundant} [\mathit{of} \ A \ N \ B] \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{abstract-red-def} \ \mathit{clss-lt-def} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{auto}
qed
lemma redundant-mono:
  \mathit{redundant}\ A\ N \Longrightarrow A \subseteq \#\ B \Longrightarrow\ \mathit{redundant}\ B\ N
  apply (induction rule: redundant.induct)
  by (meson subset-mset.less-le-trans subsumption)
\mathbf{locale}\ truc =
    selection \ S \ \mathbf{for} \ S :: nat \ clause \Rightarrow nat \ clause
begin
\quad \text{end} \quad
end
```