



Extracting and Visualizing Stock Data

Description

Extracting essential data from a dataset and displaying it is a necessary part of data science; therefore individuals can make correct decisions based on the data. In this assignment, you will extract some stock data, you will then display this data in a graph.

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Estimated Time Needed: **30 min**

In [1]:

```
!pip install yfinance
#!pip install pandas
#!pip install requests
!pip install bs4
#!pip install plotly
```

Requirement already satisfied: yfinance in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (0.1.63)
 Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.20 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from yfinance) (2.25.1)
 Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.15 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from yfinance) (1.19.2)
 Requirement already satisfied: multitasking>=0.0.7 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from yfinance) (0.0.9)
 Requirement already satisfied: lxml>=4.5.1 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from yfinance) (4.6.3)
 Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.24 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from yfinance) (1.2.4)
 Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7.3 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from pandas>=0.24->yfinance) (2.8.1)
 Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.3 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from pandas>=0.24->yfinance) (2021.1)
 Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7.3->pandas>=0.24->yfinance) (1.15.0)
 Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance) (2021.5.30)
 Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance) (1.26.6)
 Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance) (2.8)
 Requirement already satisfied: chardet<5,>=3.0.2 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance) (3.0.4)
 Requirement already satisfied: bs4 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (0.0.1)
 Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from bs4) (4.9.3)
 Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.8-main/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from beautifulsoup4->bs4) (2.2.1)

In [2]:

```
import yfinance as yf
import pandas as pd
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup as bs
import plotly.graph_objects as go
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
```

Define Graphing Function

In this section, we define the function `make_graph`. You don't have to know how the function works, you should only care about the inputs. It takes a dataframe with stock data (dataframe must contain Date and Close columns), a dataframe with revenue data (dataframe must contain Date and Revenue columns), and the name of the stock.

In [3]:

```
def make_graph(stock_data, revenue_data, stock):
    fig = make_subplots(rows=2, cols=1, shared_xaxes=True, subplot_titles=("Historical
    Share Price", "Historical Revenue"), vertical_spacing = .3)
    stock_data_specific = stock_data[stock_data.Date <= '2021--06-14']
    revenue_data_specific = revenue_data[revenue_data.Date <= '2021-04-30']
    fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(stock_data_specific.Date, infer_datetime_
    format=True), y=stock_data_specific.Close.astype("float"), name="Share Price"), row=1,
    col=1)
    fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(revenue_data_specific.Date, infer_datetim
    e_format=True), y=revenue_data_specific.Revenue.astype("float"), name="Revenue"), row=2
    , col=1)
    fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Date", row=1, col=1)
    fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Date", row=2, col=1)
    fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Price ($US)", row=1, col=1)
    fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Revenue ($US Millions)", row=2, col=1)
    fig.update_layout(showlegend=False,
    height=900,
    title=stock,
    xaxis_rangeslider_visible=True)
    fig.show()
```

Question 1: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the `Ticker` function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is Tesla and its ticker symbol is `TSLA`.

In [4]:

```
tesla_ticker = yf.Ticker("TSLA")
```

Using the ticker object and the function `history` extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named `tesla_data`. Set the `period` parameter to `max` so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

In [5]:

```
tesla_data = tesla_ticker.history(period = "max")
```

Reset the index using the `reset_index(inplace=True)` function on the `tesla_data` DataFrame and display the first five rows of the `tesla_data` dataframe using the `head` function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 1 to the results below.

In [6]:

```
tesla_data.reset_index(inplace=True)
tesla_data.head(5)
```

Out[6]:

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	Dividends	Stock Splits
0	2010-06-29	3.800	5.000	3.508	4.778	93831500	0	0.0
1	2010-06-30	5.158	6.084	4.660	4.766	85935500	0	0.0
2	2010-07-01	5.000	5.184	4.054	4.392	41094000	0	0.0
3	2010-07-02	4.600	4.620	3.742	3.840	25699000	0	0.0
4	2010-07-06	4.000	4.000	3.166	3.222	34334500	0	0.0

Question 2: Use Webscraping to Extract Tesla Revenue Data

Use the `requests` library to download the webpage

<https://www.macrotrends.net/stocks/charts/TSLA/tesla/revenue>
 (https://www.macrotrends.net/stocks/charts/TSLA/tesla/revenue?utm_medium=Exinfluencer&utm_source=Exinfluencer&utm_content=000026UJ&utm_term=10006555&utm_id:SkillsNetwork-Channel-SkillsNetworkCoursesIBMDDeveloperSkillsNetworkPY0220ENSkillsNetwork23455606-2021-01-01). Save the text of the response as a variable named `html_data` .

In [7]:

```
url = "https://www.macrotrends.net/stocks/charts/TSLA/tesla/revenue?utm_medium=Exinflue
ncer&utm_source=Exinfluencer&utm_content=000026UJ&utm_term=10006555&utm_id=NA-SkillsNet
work-Channel-SkillsNetworkCoursesIBMDDeveloperSkillsNetworkPY0220ENSkillsNetwork23455606
-2021-01-01"
html_data = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using `beautiful_soup` .

In [8]:

```
html_soup = bs(html_data)
```

Using `BeautifulSoup` or the `read_html` function extract the table with Tesla Quarterly Revenue and store it into a dataframe named `tesla_revenue` . The dataframe should have columns `Date` and `Revenue` .

Click [here](#) if you need help locating the table

In [9]:

```
tesla_revenue = pd.DataFrame(columns=["Date", "Revenue"])

for row in html_soup.find_all("tbody")[1].find_all("tr"):
    col = row.find_all("td")
    date = col[0].text
    quart = col[1].text

    tesla_revenue = tesla_revenue.append({"Date":date, "Revenue":quart}, ignore_index =
True)
```

Execute the following line to remove the comma and dollar sign from the Revenue column.

In [10]:

```
replace_target = "Revenue"
tesla_revenue[replace_target] = tesla_revenue[replace_target].str.replace(',', '\$', "")
```

<ipython-input-10-b8c4911c9b9e>:2: FutureWarning: The default value of regex will change from True to False in a future version.

```
tesla_revenue[replace_target] = tesla_revenue[replace_target].str.replace(',', '\$', "")
```

Execute the following lines to remove an null or empty strings in the Revenue column.

In [11]:

```
tesla_revenue.dropna(inplace=True)

tesla_revenue = tesla_revenue[tesla_revenue[replace_target] != ""]
```

Display the last 5 row of the tesla_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

In [12]:

```
tesla_revenue.tail()
```

Out[12]:

	Date	Revenue
43	2010-09-30	31
44	2010-06-30	28
45	2010-03-31	21
47	2009-09-30	46
48	2009-06-30	27

Question 3: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the `Ticker` function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is GameStop and its ticker symbol is `GME`.

In [13]:

```
gme_ticker = yf.Ticker("GME")
```

Using the ticker object and the function `history` extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named `gme_data`. Set the `period` parameter to `max` so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

In [14]:

```
gme_data = gme_ticker.history(period="max")
```

Reset the index using the `reset_index(inplace=True)` function on the `gme_data` DataFrame and display the first five rows of the `gme_data` dataframe using the `head` function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 3 to the results below.

In [15]:

```
gme_data.reset_index(inplace=True)
gme_data.head()
```

Out[15]:

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	Dividends	Stock Splits
0	2002-02-13	6.480513	6.773399	6.413183	6.766666	19054000	0.0	0.0
1	2002-02-14	6.850831	6.864296	6.682506	6.733003	2755400	0.0	0.0
2	2002-02-15	6.733001	6.749833	6.632006	6.699336	2097400	0.0	0.0
3	2002-02-19	6.665671	6.665671	6.312189	6.430017	1852600	0.0	0.0
4	2002-02-20	6.463681	6.648838	6.413183	6.648838	1723200	0.0	0.0

Question 4: Use Webscraping to Extract GME Revenue Data

Use the `requests` library to download the webpage

<https://www.macrotrends.net/stocks/charts/GME/gamestop/revenue>
 (https://www.macrotrends.net/stocks/charts/GME/gamestop/revenue?
 utm_medium=Exinfluencer&utm_source=Exinfluencer&utm_content=000026UJ&utm_term=10006555&utm_id:
 SkillsNetwork-Channel-SkillsNetworkCoursesIBMDDeveloperSkillsNetworkPY0220ENSkillsNetwork23455606-
 2021-01-01). Save the text of the response as a variable named `html_data`.



In [16]:

```
url = "https://www.macrotrends.net/stocks/charts/GME/gamestop/revenue?utm_medium=Exinfluencer&utm_source=Exinfluencer&utm_content=000026UJ&utm_term=10006555&utm_id=NA-SkillsNetwork-Channel-SkillsNetworkCoursesIBMDeveloperSkillsNetworkPY0220ENSkillsNetwork23455606-2021-01-01"

html_data = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using `beautiful_soup` .

In [17]:

```
gmr_soup = bs(html_data, "html5lib")
```

Using `BeautifulSoup` or the `read_html` function extract the table with `GameStop Quarterly Revenue` and store it into a dataframe named `gme_revenue` . The dataframe should have columns `Date` and `Revenue` . Make sure the comma and dollar sign is removed from the `Revenue` column using a method similar to what you did in Question 2.

[Click here](#) if you need help locating the table

In [18]:

```
gme_revenue = pd.DataFrame(columns=["Date", "Revenue"])

for row in gmrsoup.find_all("tbody")[1].find_all("tr"):
    col = row.find_all("td")
    date = col[0].text
    quart = col[1].text

    gme_revenue = gme_revenue.append({"Date":date, "Revenue":quart}, ignore_index = True)

#Sanitise the returned data real quick
replace_target = "Revenue"
gme_revenue[replace_target] = gme_revenue[replace_target].str.replace(',|\$', "")

gme_revenue.dropna(inplace=True)
gme_revenue = gme_revenue[gme_revenue[replace_target] != ""]
```

<ipython-input-18-158a829b3e77>:12: FutureWarning: The default value of `regex` will change from `True` to `False` in a future version.

```
gme_revenue[replace_target] = gme_revenue[replace_target].str.replace(',|\$', "")
```

Display the last five rows of the `gme_revenue` dataframe using the `tail` function. Take a screenshot of the results.

In [19]:

```
gme_revenue.tail()
```

Out[19]:

	Date	Revenue
62	2006-01-31	1667
63	2005-10-31	534
64	2005-07-31	416
65	2005-04-30	475
66	2005-01-31	709

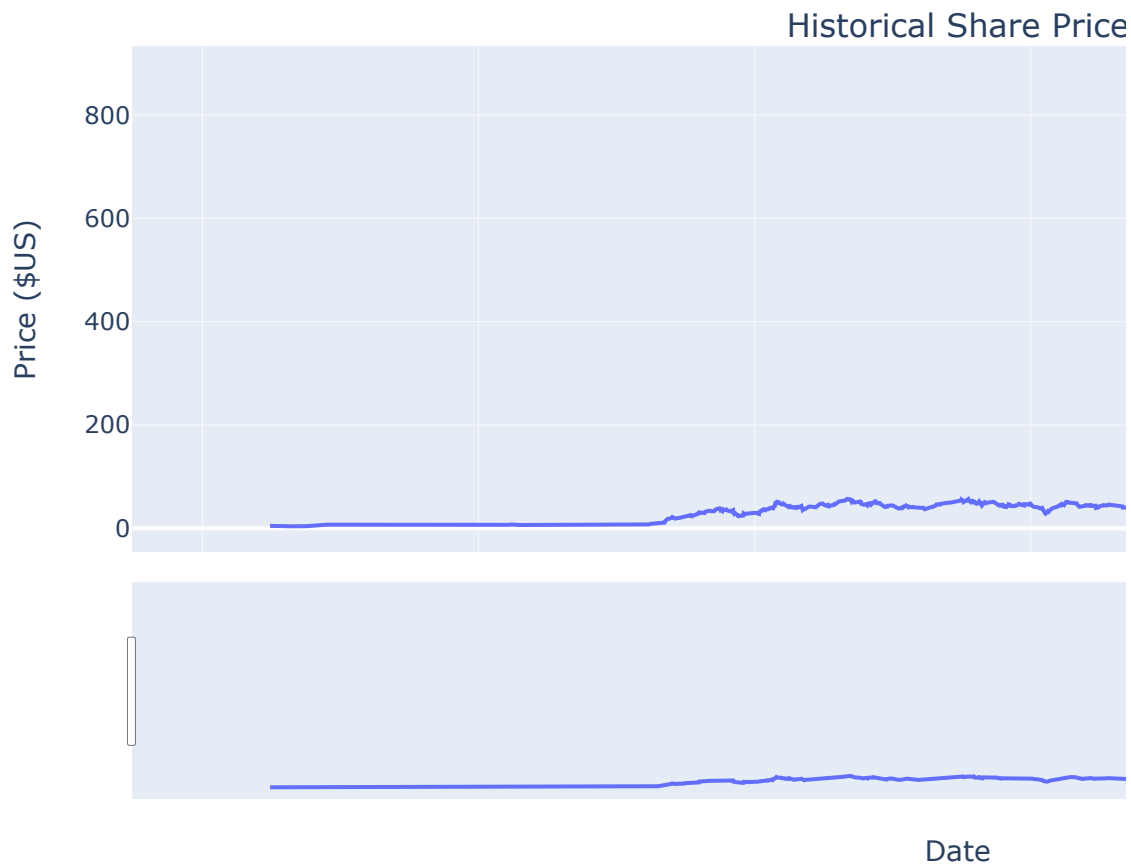
Question 5: Plot Tesla Stock Graph

Use the `make_graph` function to graph the Tesla Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. The structure to call the `make_graph` function is `make_graph(tesla_data, tesla_revenue, 'Tesla')`. Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

In [20]:

```
make_graph(tesla_data, tesla_revenue, 'Tesla')
```

Tesla



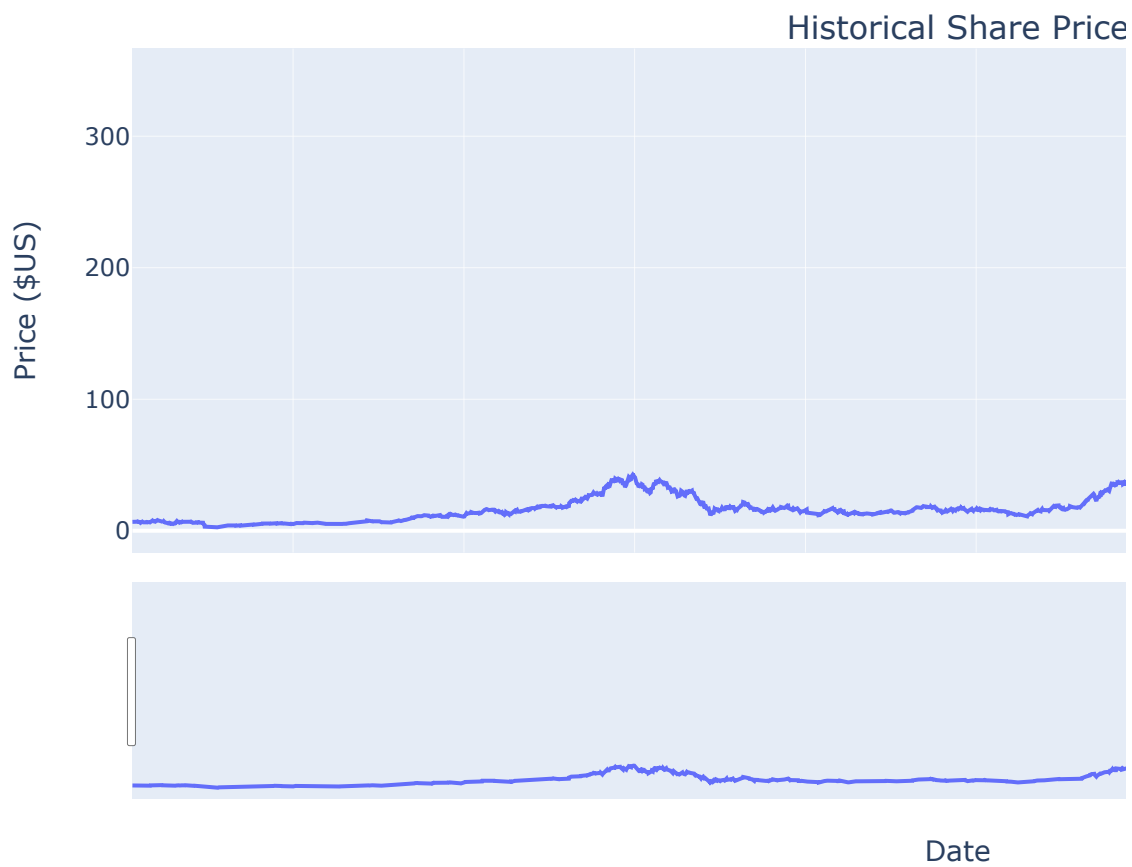
Question 6: Plot GameStop Stock Graph

Use the `make_graph` function to graph the GameStop Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. The structure to call the `make_graph` function is `make_graph(gme_data, gme_revenue, 'GameStop')`. Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

In [21]:

```
make_graph(gme_data, gme_revenue, 'GameStop')
```

GameStop



About the Authors:

[Joseph Santarcangelo \(https://www.linkedin.com/in/joseph-s-50398b136/?utm_medium=Exinfluencer&utm_source=Exinfluencer&utm_content=000026UJ&utm_term=10006555&utm_id:SkillsNetwork-Channel-SkillsNetworkCoursesIBMDeveloperSkillsNetworkPY0220ENSkillsNetwork23455606-2021-01-01\)](https://www.linkedin.com/in/joseph-s-50398b136/?utm_medium=Exinfluencer&utm_source=Exinfluencer&utm_content=000026UJ&utm_term=10006555&utm_id:SkillsNetwork-Channel-SkillsNetworkCoursesIBMDeveloperSkillsNetworkPY0220ENSkillsNetwork23455606-2021-01-01) has a PhD in Electrical Engineering, his research focused on using machine learning, signal processing, and computer vision to determine how videos impact human cognition. Joseph has been working for IBM since he completed his PhD.

Azim Hirjani

Change Log

Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Version	Changed By	Change Description
2020-11-10	1.1	Malika Singla	Deleted the Optional part
2020-08-27	1.0	Malika Singla	Added lab to GitLab

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