Systematic Unvertainty Note

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중력가속도 실험에 대한 Systematic Uncertainty Estimation Based on Monte-Carlo Simulation

1 Equation of Datapoints

Basic Equation

$$h = \frac{1}{2}gt^2\tag{1}$$

$$t = \sqrt{2\frac{g}{h}} \tag{2}$$

Basic Equation with uncertainty

$$h + \delta h = \frac{1}{2}g(t + \delta t)^2 \tag{3}$$

$$t = \sqrt{2\frac{g}{h + \delta h}} + \delta t \tag{4}$$

with following random distribution

Random Variable	Distribution	Reason
δh	Gaussian Disribution	Measured by human-eye
δt	Uniform Disribution	Measured by mechanical clock

With overlapped uncertainty (depending on measuring methods), the δh has different value for each datapoints.

2 Case Overlapped Length Dependencies

If measuring length for each data-points has dependencies with each previous data-point. Uncertainty for each data-points is needed to declared especially.

2.1 Error Propagation

Basic Equation of uncertainty

$$\delta f = \sqrt{\sum_{i} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_{i}} \delta x_{i}\right)^{2}} \tag{5}$$

Overlapped Uncertainty, Propagated for Summation

$$\delta(f+g) = \sqrt{(\delta g)^2 + (\delta f)^2} \tag{6}$$

For independent 2 formula f and g.

Overlapping uncertainties. With measuring length period l, number i, single measuring uncertainty δl_i , Initial offset b and its uncertainty δb

 $First\ term$

$$h_0 = b \tag{7}$$

$$h_1 = b + l + \delta l_1 \tag{8}$$

$$h_2 = b + 2l + \delta l_1 + \delta l_2 \tag{9}$$

with regularity, following correlation can be assumed.

$$h_n = b + n \cdot l + \sum_{i} \delta l_i \tag{10}$$

Uncertainty is

$$\delta h_i = \sqrt{\sum_i (\delta l)^2} \tag{11}$$

 δl is constant for each n,

$$\delta h_n = \sqrt{n}\delta l \tag{12}$$