Package 'Wats'

December 15, 2013			
Title Wrap Around Time Series graphics			
Description Wrap-around Time Series (WATS) Plots for Interrupted Time Series Designs			
Version 0.1-9			
Author Will Beasley [aut, cre], Joe Rodgers [aut], Matthew Schuelke [ctb]			
Maintainer Will Beasley <wibeasley@hotmail.com></wibeasley@hotmail.com>			
URL https://github.com/wibeasley/Wats,https://r-forge.r-project.org/projects/wats/			
Depends R (>= 3.0.0),stats			
Imports colorspace,ggplot2,grid,lubridate,plyr,RColorBrewer,testit,zoo			
Suggests devtools,knitr,testthat			
License GPL (>= 2)			
LazyData TRUE			
VignetteBuilder knitr			
Date 2013-12-13			
R topics documented:			
AnnotateData			
Wats			
Index			

2 AnnotateData

Anno	tate	Data
AIIIIO	Late	Data

Finds midpoints and bands for the within and between cycles.

Description

Finds midpoints and bands for the within and between cycles.

Usage

```
AnnotateData(dsLinear, dvName, centerFunction, spreadFunction,
  cycleTallyName = "CycleTally", stageIDName = "StageID",
  proportionThroughCycleName = "ProportionThroughCycle",
  proportionIDName = "ProportionID",
  terminalPointInCycleName = "TerminalPointInCycle")
```

Arguments

dsLinear The data.frame to containing the detailed data.

dvName The name of the dependent/criterion variable.

centerFunction A function to calculate the center of a subsample.

spreadFunction A function to calculate the bands of a subsample.

cycleTallyName The variable name indicating how many cycles have been completed.

stageIDName The variable name indicating the stage. In a typical interrupted time series, these

values are 1 before the interruption and 2 after.

proportionThroughCycleName

The variable name indicating how far the point is through a cycle. For example, 0 degrees would be \emptyset , 180 degrees would be \emptyset . 5, 359 degrees would be \emptyset . 9972, and 360 degrees would be \emptyset .

proportionIDName

The variable name indicating the ordinal position through a cycle.

terminal Point In Cycle Name

The variable name indicating the last point within a given cycle.

Value

Returns a data. frame with additional variables «Say what they are».

Examples

```
a <- 32+323
```

AugmentCycleData 3

AugmentCycleData	Calculates variables necessary for WATS Plots	
------------------	---	--

Description

Calculates variables necessary for WATS Plots

Usage

AugmentYearDataWithMonthResolution(dsLinear, dateName, stageIDName)

Arguments

dsLinear The data. frame to containing the detailed data.

dateName The variable name in dsLinear containing the date or datetime value.

stage IDName The variable name indicating the stage. In a typical interrupted time series, these

values are 1 before the interruption and 2 after.

Value

Returns a data. frame with additional variables: CycleTally, ProportionThroughCycle, ProportionID, and TerminalPointInCycle.

Examples

```
a <- 32+323
```

Linear Plot with Rolling Summaries

Description

Shows the interrupted time series in Cartesian coordinates without a periodic/cyclic components.

Usage

```
LinearRollingPlot(dsLinear, xName, yName, stageIDName, rollingLowerName = "RollingLower", rollingCenterName = "RollingCenter", rollingUpperName = "RollingUpper", paletteDark = NULL, paletteLight = NULL, colorPeriodic = grDevices::adjustcolor("tan1", 0.5), changePoints = NULL, changePointLabels = NULL, drawJaggedLine = TRUE, drawRollingLine = TRUE, drawRollingBands = TRUE, drawPeriodicLineAndPoints = TRUE, jaggedPointSize = 2, jaggedLineSize = 0.5, rollingLineSize = 1, periodicPointSize = 4, periodicLineSize = 0.5, bandAlpha = 0.4, changeLineAlpha = 0.5, changeLineSize = 3, title = NULL, xTitle = NULL, yTitle = NULL)
```

4 LinearRollingPlot

Arguments

dsLinear The data. frame to cotaining the data. xName The variable name containing the date.

yName The variable name containing the dependent/criterion variable.

stageIDName The variable name indicating which stage the record belongs to. For example,

before the first interruption, the StageID is 1, and is 2 afterwards.

rollingLowerName

The variable name showing the lower bound of the rolling estimate.

rollingCenterName

The variable name showing the rolling estimate.

rollingUpperName

The variable name showing the upper bound of the rolling estimate.

paletteDark A vector of colors used for the dark/heavy graphical elements. The vector should

have one color for each StageID value. If no vector is specified, a default will

be chosen, based on the number of stages.

paletteLight A vector of colors used for the light graphical elements. The vector should have

one color for each StageID value. If no vector is specified, a default will be

chosen, based on the number of stages.

colorPeriodic The color of the 'slowest' trend line, which plots only one value per cycle.

changePoints A vector of values indicate the interruptions between stages. It typically works

best as a Date or a POSIXct class.

changePointLabels

The text plotted above each interruption.

drawJaggedLine A boolean value indicating if a line should be plotted that connects the observed

data points.

drawRollingLine

A boolean value indicating if a line should be plotted that connects the rolling estimates specified by rollingCenterName.

drawRollingBands

A boolean value indicating if a band should be plotted that envelopes the rolling estimates (whose values are take from the rollingLowerName and rollingUpperName.

draw Periodic Line And Points

A boolean value indicating if the periodic line and points should be plotted.

jaggedPointSize

The size of the observed data points.

jaggedLineSize The size of the line connecting the observed data points.

rollingLineSize

The size of the line connecting the rolling estimates.

periodicPointSize

The size of the periodic estimates.

periodicLineSize

The size of the line connecting the periodic estimates.

bandAlpha The amount of transparency of the rolling estimate band.

changeLineAlpha

The amount of transparency marking each interruption.

changeLineSize The width of a line marking an interruption.

title The string describing the plot.

xTitle The string describing the *x*-axis.

yTitle The string describing the *y*-axis.

Wats 5

Value

Returns a ggplot2 graphing object

Examples

```
filePathOutcomes <- file.path(devtools::inst(name="Wats"), "extdata", "BirthRatesOk.txt")</pre>
dsLinear <- read.table(filePathOutcomes, header=TRUE, sep="\t", stringsAsFactors=FALSE)</pre>
dsLinear$Date <- as.Date(dsLinear$Date)</pre>
dsLinear$MonthID <- NULL
changeMonth <- as.Date("1996-02-15")</pre>
dsLinear$StageID <- ifelse(dsLinear$Date < changeMonth, 1L, 2L)</pre>
dsLinear <- Wats::AugmentYearDataWithMonthResolution(dsLinear=dsLinear, dateName="Date")
hSpread <- function( scores) { return( quantile(x=scores, probs=c(.25, .75)) ) }
dsCombined <- Wats::AnnotateData(</pre>
    dsLinear,
    dvName = "BirthRate",
    centerFunction = median,
    spreadFunction = hSpread
LinearRollingPlot(
    dsCombined$dsLinear,
    xName = "Date",
    yName = "BirthRate",
    stageIDName = "StageID",
    changePoints = changeMonth,
    changePointLabels = "Bombing Effect")
```

Wats

Wats

Description

Wats

Index

```
*Topic linear
LinearRollingPlot, 3

AnnotateData, 2
AugmentCycleData, 3
AugmentYearDataWithMonthResolution
(AugmentCycleData), 3
AugmentYearDataWithSecondResolution
(AugmentCycleData), 3

LinearRollingPlot, 3

Wats, 5
Wats-package (Wats), 5
```