Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Department: I AI & ML FA

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & ML



NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 2_MCQ

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 15 Marks Obtained : 14

Section 1: MCQ

1. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
i = 1
while True:
if i%3 == 0:
break
print(i)
i += 1
```

Answer

12

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. How many times will the inner for loop be executed in the below code?

```
for j in range(4,0,-2):

print(i*j)
print("
i=0
while(True):
   print(")
   i=i+1
  if(i\%2==0):
   break
Answer
02
Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks : 1/1
3. Which keyword is used to immediately terminate a loop?
Answer
break
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
Status: Correct
4. What is the output of the following?
for i in range(10):
o if i == 5:
     break
   else:
     print(i, end=' ')
else:
   print("Here")
Answer
01234
Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
```

What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
i ₹op<sup>9</sup>
   while True:
      if i\%3 == 0:
         break
      print(i)
      i + = 1
    Answer
    12
    Status: Wrong
                                                                             Marks: 0/1
    6. What will be the output of the following Python code?
\int_{0}^{\infty} i = 1
    while True:
      if i % 2 == 0:
         i += 1
         continue
      if i > 10:
         break
      print(i)
      i += 2
    Answer
   13579
    Status: Correct
                                                                             Marks: 1/1
    7. What will be the output of the following code snippet?
```

```
i = 0
while i < 5:
    if i % 2 == 0:
        i += 1
        continue
    print(i, end=" ")
    i += 1</pre>
```

Answer 13 Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 8. When does the else statement written after the loop execute? **Answer** When loop condition becomes false Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 What will the following code output? x = 0while x < 5: if x == 3: break x += 1else: print("Completed") print(x) Answer Status: Correct Marks: 10. What will be the output for the following code snippet? i = 0for i in range(10): break print(i) Answer

Status: Correct

11. What will be the output of the following Python code? $0 = i \wedge i$ while i < 5: print(i) i += 1if i == 3: break else: print(0) Answer Marks : 1/1 0129 Status: Correct 12. What will be the output of the following Python code? i = 5while True: if i%0011 == 0: break print(i) i += 1Answer 5678 Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct 13. What will be the output of the following Python code? i = 1while True: if i % 2 == 0: i += 1if i > 10: continue

```
24,150,1069
                                                24,150,1069
     print(i, end = " ")
  (0) += 2
Answer
   13579
                                                                     Marks: 1/1
   Status: Correct
   14. What is the output of the following?
   True = False
   while True:
                                                                         241501069
                       24,150,1069
    print(True)
   break
Answer
   error
                                                                     Marks: 1/1
   Status: Correct
   15. What is the output of the following code?
   i = 5
   while True:
                                                                         24,150,1069
     if i%009 == 0:
        break
     print(i)
     i += 1
   Answer
   Compile Time Error
   Status: Correct
                                                                     Marks: 1/1
```

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 2_COD_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 50 Marks Obtained : 50

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

As a junior developer working on a text analysis project, your task is to create a program that displays the consonants in a sentence provided by the user, separated by spaces.

You need to implement a program that takes a sentence as input and prints the consonants while skipping vowels and non-alphabetic characters using only control statements.

Input Format

The input consists of a string representing the sentence.

Output Format

The output displays space-separated consonants present in the sentence.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: Hello World! Output: H I I W r I d

Answer

```
# You are using Python
sen=input("")
vowels="aeiouAEIOU"
```

```
consonant=""
for i in range(len(sen)):
   char = sen[i]
   if char.isalpha() and char not in vowels:
      consonant += char + " "
```

print(consonant)

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Ethan, a curious mathematician, is fascinated by perfect numbers. A perfect number is a number that equals the sum of its proper divisors (excluding itself). Ethan wants to identify all perfect numbers within a given range.

Help him write a program to list these numbers.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer start, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line consists of an integer end, representing the ending number of

the range.

Output Format

The output prints all perfect numbers in the range, separated by a space.

24,150,1069

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Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 1
100
Output: 6 28

Answer

# You are using Python
a=int(input())
b=int(input())

for num in range(a,b+1):
    d_sum=0
    for i in range(1,num):
        if num%i==0:
        d_sum+=i

if d_sum == num:
    print(num,end=" ")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Emma, a mathematics enthusiast, is exploring a range of numbers and wants to count how many of them are not Fibonacci numbers.

Help Emma determine the count of non-Fibonacci numbers within the given range [start, end] using the continue statement.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line consists of an integer, representing the ending number of the range.

Output Format

The output prints a single integer, representing the count of numbers in the range that are not Fibonacci numbers.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 1
10
Output: 5
Answer
# You are using Python
start = int(input())
end = int(input())
a,b = 0,1
fib = set()
while a<=end:
  fib.add(a)
   a,b = b,a+b
count =0
for num in range(start,end+1):
  if num in fib:
     continue
   count +=1
print(count)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

You work as an instructor at a math enrichment program, and your goal is to develop a program that showcases the concept of using content of using content of using content. takes an integer 'n' as input and prints the squares of even numbers from 1 to 'n', while skipping odd numbers.

Input Format

The input consists of a single integer, which represents the upper limit of the range.

Output Format

The output displays the square of even numbers from 1 to 'n' separated by lines.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 10
Output: 4
16
36
64
100
Answer
```

```
# You are using Python
a=int(input(""))
for i in range(1,a+1):
  if (i%2==0):
    print(i**2)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

5. Problem Statement

John, a software developer, is analyzing a sequence of numbers within a given range to calculate their digit sum. However, to simplify his task, he excludes all numbers that are palindromes (numbers that read the same backward as forward).

Help John find the total sum of the digits of non-palindromic numbers in the range [start, end] (both inclusive).

Example:

Input:

10,0

20

Output:

55

Explanation:

Range [10, 20]: Non-palindromic numbers are 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20.

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Digit sums: 1+0 + 1+2 + 1+3 + 1+4 + 1+5 + 1+6 + 1+7 + 1+8 + 1+9 + 2+0 = 55.

Output: 55

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line of input consists of an integer, representing the ending number of the range.

Output Format

The output prints a single integer, representing the total sum of the digits of all non-palindromic numbers in the range.

24,150,1069 Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications. Sample Test Case Input: 10 20 Output: 55 Answer # You are using Python a=int(input()) 241501069 b=int(input()) tot=0 for d in s: tot+=int(d) print(tot) 24,50,1069 Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 2_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Alex is practicing programming and is curious about prime and non-prime digits. He wants to write a program that calculates the sum of the non-prime digits in a given integer using loops.

Help Alex to complete his task.

Example:

Input:

845

output:

12

Digits: 8 (non-prime), 4 (non-prime), 5 (prime)

The sum of Non-Prime Digits: 9 - 1

Output: 12

Input Format

The input consists of a single integer X.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the sum of non-prime digits in X.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 845
Output: 12
```

Answer

```
# You are using Python
x=int(input())
npsum = 0
```

```
prime = \{2,3,5,7\}
```

```
for digit in str(x):
  digit = int(digit)
  if digit not in prime:
     npsum += digit
```

print(npsum)

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Gabriel is working on a wildlife research project where he needs to compute various metrics for different animals based on their characteristics. Each animal type requires a different calculation: a deer's distance traveled, a bear's weight based on footprint size, or a bird's altitude based on its flying pattern.

Conditions:

For Deer (Mode 'D' or 'd'): Distance = speed of sound * time taken, where the speed of sound in air is 343 meters per second. For Bear (Mode 'B' or 'b'): Weight = footprint size * average weight, where the average weight per square inch for a bear is 5.0 pounds. For Bird (Mode 'F' or 'f'): Altitude = flying pattern * distance covered (in meters).

Write a program to help Gabriel analyze the characteristics of animals based on the given inputs.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a character, representing the type of animal 'D/d' for deer, 'B/b' for bear, and 'F/f' for bird.

If the choice is 'D' or 'd':

The second line of input consists of a floating-point value T, representing the time taken from the deer's location to the observer.

If the choice is 'B' or 'b':

The second line of input consists of a floating-point value S, representing the size of the bear's footprint in square inches.

If the choice is 'F' or 'f':

- 1. The second line of input consists of a floating-point value P, representing the bird's flying pattern.
- 2. The third line consists of a floating-point value D, representing the distance covered by the bird in meters.

Output Format

The output prints one of the following:

If the choice is 'D' or 'd':

The output prints "Distance: X m" where X is a floating point value rounded off to two decimal places, representing the calculated distance traveled by the sound wave in meters.

If the choice is 'B' or 'b':

The output prints "Weight: Y lb" where Y is a floating point value rounded off to two decimal places, representing the estimated weight of the bear in pounds.

If the choice is 'F' or 'f':

The output prints "Altitude: Z m" where Z is a floating point value rounded off to two decimal places, representing the calculated altitude of the bird's flight in meters.

If the given choice is invalid, print "Invalid".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: d
2.5

Output: Distance: 857.50 m

Answer

# You are using Python c=input()

if c in ['D','d']:
    T = float(input())
    dis = 343 * T
    print(f"Distance: {dis:.2f} m")

elif c in ['B','b']:
    S = float(input())
    weight = S * 5.0
    print(f"Weight: {weight:.2f} lb")
```

```
elif c in ['F','f']:

P = float(input())

D = float(input())

alt = P*D

print(f"Altitude: {alt:.2f} m")

else:

print("Invalid")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Problem Statement

John is tasked with configuring the lighting for a high-profile event, where different lighting modes affect the ambiance of the venue. He can choose from three distinct lighting modes, each requiring a specific adjustment to the initial light intensity:

Ambient Lighting (Mode 1): The intensity level is multiplied by 1.5. Stage Lighting (Mode 2): The intensity level is multiplied by 2.0. Spotlight (Mode 3): The intensity level is multiplied by 1.8.

In the event that an invalid mode is provided, the program should output an error message indicating the invalid selection.

Your task is to write a program that reads the selected lighting mode and the initial intensity level, applies the appropriate adjustment, and prints the final intensity.

Input Format

The first line of input is an integer n, representing the lighting mode.

The second line is a floating value m, representing the initial intensity level of the light.

Output Format

The output displays "Intensity: " followed by a float representing the adjusted intensity level, formatted to two decimal places, if the mode is valid.

If the mode is invalid, the output should display "Invalid".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 1
    10.0
    Output: Intensity: 15.00
    Answer
    # You are using Python
    n = int(input())
m = float(input())
    if n==1:
      inten = m * 1.5
      print(f"Intensity: {inten:.2f}")
    elif n==2:
      inten = m * 2.0
      print(f"Intensity: {inten:.2f}")
    elif n==3:
      inten = m * 1.8
   print(f"Intensity: {inten:.2f}")
    else:
      print("Invalid")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Max is fascinated by prime numbers and the Fibonacci sequence. He wants to combine these two interests by creating a program that outputs the first n prime numbers within the Fibonacci sequence.

Your task is to help Max by writing a program that prints the first n prime numbers in the Fibonacci sequence using a while loop along with the break statement to achieve the desired functionality.

Input Format

The input consists of an integer n, representing the number of prime Fibonacci numbers to generate.

Output Format

The output displays space-separated first n prime numbers found in the Fibonacci sequence.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 5
    Output: 2 3 5 13 89
   Answer
   # You are using Python
    n = int(input())
    a.b = 0.1
    prime=[]
def is_prime(num):
      if num<=1:
        return False
      for i in range(2,int(num**0.5)+1):
        if num%i==0:
          return False
      return True
   while len(prime)<n:
      c=a+b
      a.b=b.c
      if is_prime(c):
        prime.append(c)
```

24,150,1069 Marks : 10/10 print(*prime) Status : Correct

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 2_PAH_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 60 Marks Obtained : 60

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Sophia, a primary school teacher, wants to calculate the sum of numbers within a given range, excluding those that are multiples of 3.

Write a program to help Sophia compute the sum of all numbers between start and end (inclusive) that are not divisible by 3 using the continue statement.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line of input consists of an integer, representing the ending number of the range.

Output Format

The output prints a single integer, representing the sum of numbers in the range that are not multiples of 3.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 1
10
Output: 37

Answer

# You are using Python start = int(input())
end = int(input())

sum_nos = 0

for num in range(start,end+1):
    if num%3==0:
        continue
        sum_nos += num

print(sum_nos)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Aarav is fascinated by the concept of summing numbers separately based on their properties. He plans to write a program that calculates the sum of even numbers and odd numbers separately from 1 to a given positive integer.

Aarav wants to input an integer value to represent the upper limit of the range. Help Aarav by developing a program that computes and displays the

sum of even and odd numbers separately.

Input Format

The input consists of a single integer N, where N is the upper limit of the range.

Output Format

The output consists of two lines:

- The first line displays the sum of even numbers from 1 to N.
- The second line displays the sum of odd numbers from 1 to N.

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 10
Output: Sum of even numbers from 1 to 10 is 30
```

Sum of odd numbers from 1 to 10 is 25

Answer

```
# You are using Python
n=int(input())

even_sum = 0
odd_sum = 0

for num in range(1,n+1):
   if num%2==0:
      even_sum += num
   else:
      odd_sum += num
```

print(f"Sum of even numbers from 1 to {n} is {even_sum}")
print(f"Sum of odd numbers from 1 to {n} is {odd_sum}")

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Problem Statement

As a software engineer, your goal is to develop a program that facilitates the identification of leap years in a specified range. Your task is to create a program that takes two integer inputs, representing the start and end years of the range and then prints all the leap years within that range.

Input Format

The first line of the input consists of an integer, which represents the start year.

The second line consists of an integer, which represents the end year.

Output Format

The output displays the leap years within the given range, separated by lines.

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Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 2000

2053

Output: 2000

2004

2008

2012

2016

2020

2024

2028

2032

2032

2036 2040

2040

2044

2048

2052

Answer

You are using Python s=int(input()) e=int(input())

```
for year in range(s,e+1):

if ((year%4==0 and year%100!=0) or (year%400 == 0)):

print(year)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Imagine being entrusted with the responsibility of creating a program that simulates a math workshop for students. Your task is to develop an interactive program that not only calculates but also showcases the charm of factorial values. Your program should efficiently compute and present the sum of digits for factorial values of only odd numbers within a designated range. This approach will ingeniously keep even factorials at bay, allowing students to delve into the intriguing world of mathematics with enthusiasm and clarity.

Input Format

The input consists of a single integer, n.

Output Format

The output displays the factorial and sum of digits of the factorial of odd numbers within the given range.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 6
Output: 1! = 1, sum of digits = 1
3! = 6, sum of digits = 6
5! = 120, sum of digits = 3

Answer

You are using Python n=int(input())

```
for i in range(1,n+1,2):
    fact = 1
    for j in range(1,i+1):
        fact*=j

    sod = 0
    temp = fact
    while temp>0:
        sod+=temp%10
        temp//=10

print(f"{i}! = {fact}, sum of digits = {sod}")
```

Status : Correct Marks : 10/10

5. Problem Statement

Kamali recently received her electricity bill and wants to calculate the amount she needs to pay based on her usage. The electricity company charges different rates based on the number of units consumed.

For the first 100 units, there is no charge. For units consumed beyond 100 and up to 200, there is a charge of Rs. 5 per unit. For units consumed beyond 200, there is a charge of Rs. 10 per unit.

Write a program to help Kamali calculate the amount she needs to pay for her electricity bill based on the units consumed.

Input Format

The input consists of an integer, representing the number of units.

Output Format

The output prints the total amount of the electricity bill, an integer indicating the amount Kamali needs to pay in the format "Rs. amount".

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 350
```

Output: Rs. 2000

Answer

```
# You are using Python
u=int(input())

if u<=100:
    amt = 0

elif u<=200:
    amt = (u-100)*5

else:
    amt = (100*5)+(u-200)*10

print(f"Rs. {amt}")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

6. Problem Statement

Rajesh wants to design a program that simulates a real-time scenario based on a mathematical concept known as the Collatz Conjecture. This concept involves the repeated application of rules to a given starting number until the number becomes 1. The rules are as follows:

If the number is even, divide it by 2.If the number is odd, multiply it by 3 and add 1.

Your task is to write a program that takes a positive integer as input, applies the Collatz Conjecture rules to it, counts the number of steps taken to reach 1, and provides an output accordingly. If the process exceeds 100 steps, the program should print a message indicating so and use break to exit.

Input Format

The input consists of a single integer, n.

Output Format

The output displays the total number of steps taken to reach 1 if it's under 100.

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If it's more than 100, it displays "Exceeded 100 steps. Exiting...".

Refer to sample output for the formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 6
Output: Steps taken to reach 1: 8
Answer
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
s=0
while n!=1:
  if s > = 100:
     print("Exceeded 100 steps. Exiting...")
     break
  if n%2==0:
     n//=2
  else:
     n=3*n+1
  s+=1
if s<100:
  print(f"Steps taken to reach 1: {s}")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

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