



CSIT884:
Web Development

HTML Canvas Graphics, Drag and Drop



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HTML 5

Canvas

- First introduced in WebKit by Apple for the OS X Dashboard, Graphic Canvas has since been implemented in other major browsers.
- Canvas is used to draw graphics, such as paths, boxes, circles, text, and images, on the fly, via JavaScript.

HTML 5

Drag and Drop

- Drag and Drop enables applications to use drag and drop features in browsers.
- The user can select draggable elements with a mouse, drag the elements to a droppable element, and drop those elements by releasing the mouse button.

Canvas

The `<canvas>` element is used to draw graphics on a web page.

```
<canvas id="mycanvas" width="1000" height="500"  
style="border:1px solid black;">
```

Your browser does not support canvas.

```
</canvas>
```

Canvas

The `<canvas>` element is used to draw graphics on a web page.

```
<canvas id="mycanvas" width="1000" height="500"  
style="border:1px solid black;">
```

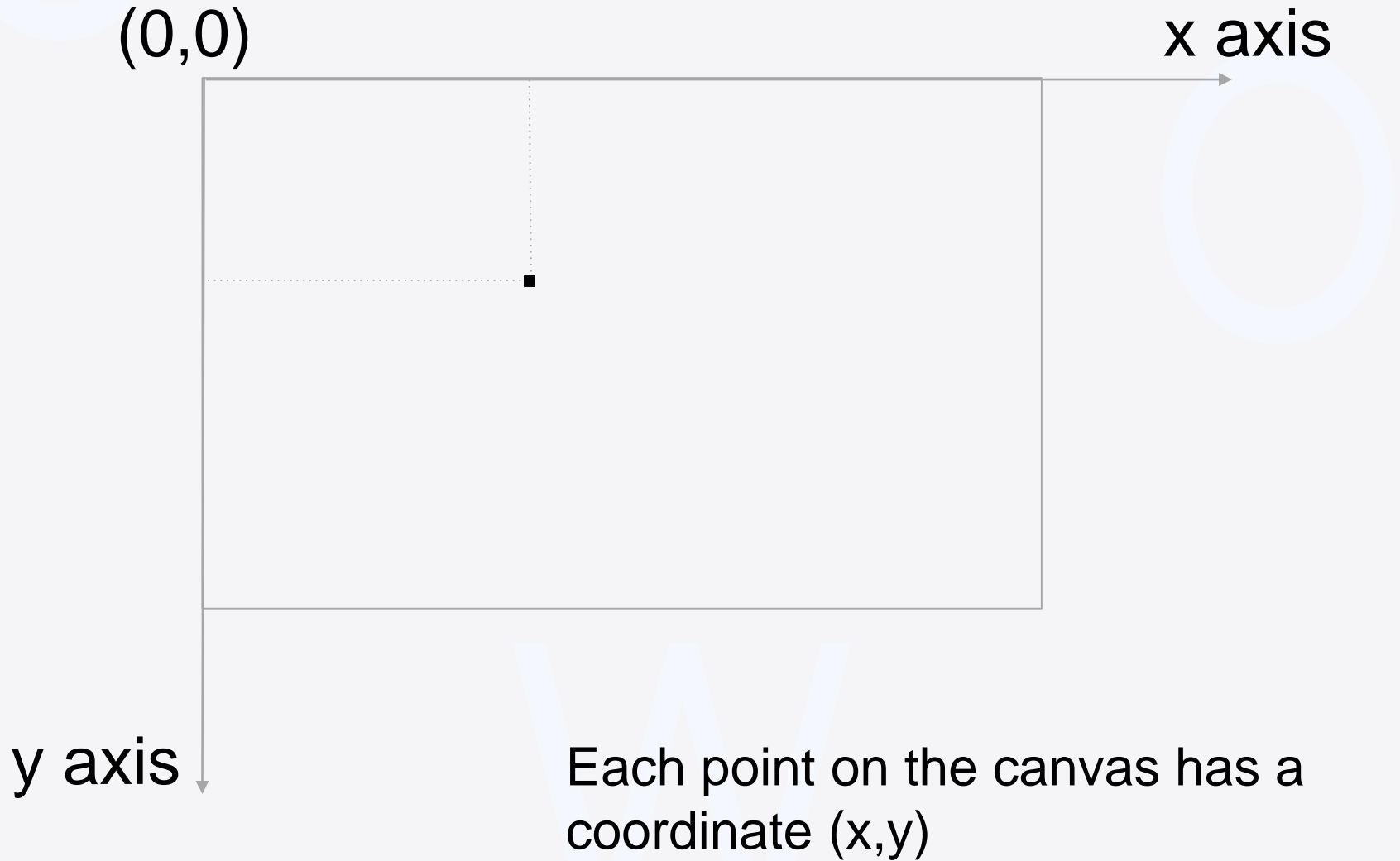
Your browser does not support canvas.

```
</canvas>
```

The `<canvas>` element is only a container for the graphics.

We must use JavaScript to actually draw the graphics content.

Canvas



Canvas

CanvasRenderingContext2D is used for drawing text, images, shapes and other objects onto the canvas element. It provides the 2D rendering context for the drawing surface of a canvas element.

```
// get the canvas's 2d context  
var canvas = document.getElementById("the-canvas-id");  
var context = canvas.getContext("2d");
```

There are other rendering contexts for canvas that are not covered in this subject:

WebGLRenderingContext,
WebGL2RenderingContext

Hello World

HELLO WORLD

Hello World

Start

Hello World

```
<canvas id="canvas" width="1300" height="500"  
style="border:1px solid black;">
```

Your browser does not support canvas.

```
</canvas>
```

```
<br /><br />
```

```
<button onClick="drawTextHello()">
```

Start

```
</button>
```

HELLO WORLD

Hello World



Hello World

```
function drawTextHello() {  
    // get the canvas's 2d context  
  
    // fillText  
  
    // strokeText  
}
```

HELLO WORLD

Hello World

Hello World

```
function drawTextHello() {  
    // get the canvas's 2d context  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("canvas");  
    var context = canvas.getContext("2d");  
  
    // fillText  
  
    // strokeText  
}
```

HELLO WORLD

Hello World

Hello World

```
function drawTextHello() {  
    // get the canvas's 2d context  
    var canvas = document.getElementById("canvas");  
    var context = canvas.getContext("2d");  
  
    // fillText  
    context.font = "italic small-caps bold 50px Arial";  
    context.fillText("Hello World", 200, 100); . . . . . (1)  
  
    // strokeText  
    context.font = "oblique 100px Courier New";  
    context.strokeText("Hello World", 250, 300); . . . . . (2)  
}
```

HELLO WORLD

Hello World

Clear canvas

```
<button onClick="clearCanvas()">
```

```
  Clear canvas
```

```
</button>
```

```
// clear canvas area
```

```
function clearCanvas() {
```

```
  // get the canvas's 2d context
```

```
  var canvas = document.getElementById("canvas");
```

```
  var context = canvas.getContext("2d");
```

```
  // clear the canvas
```

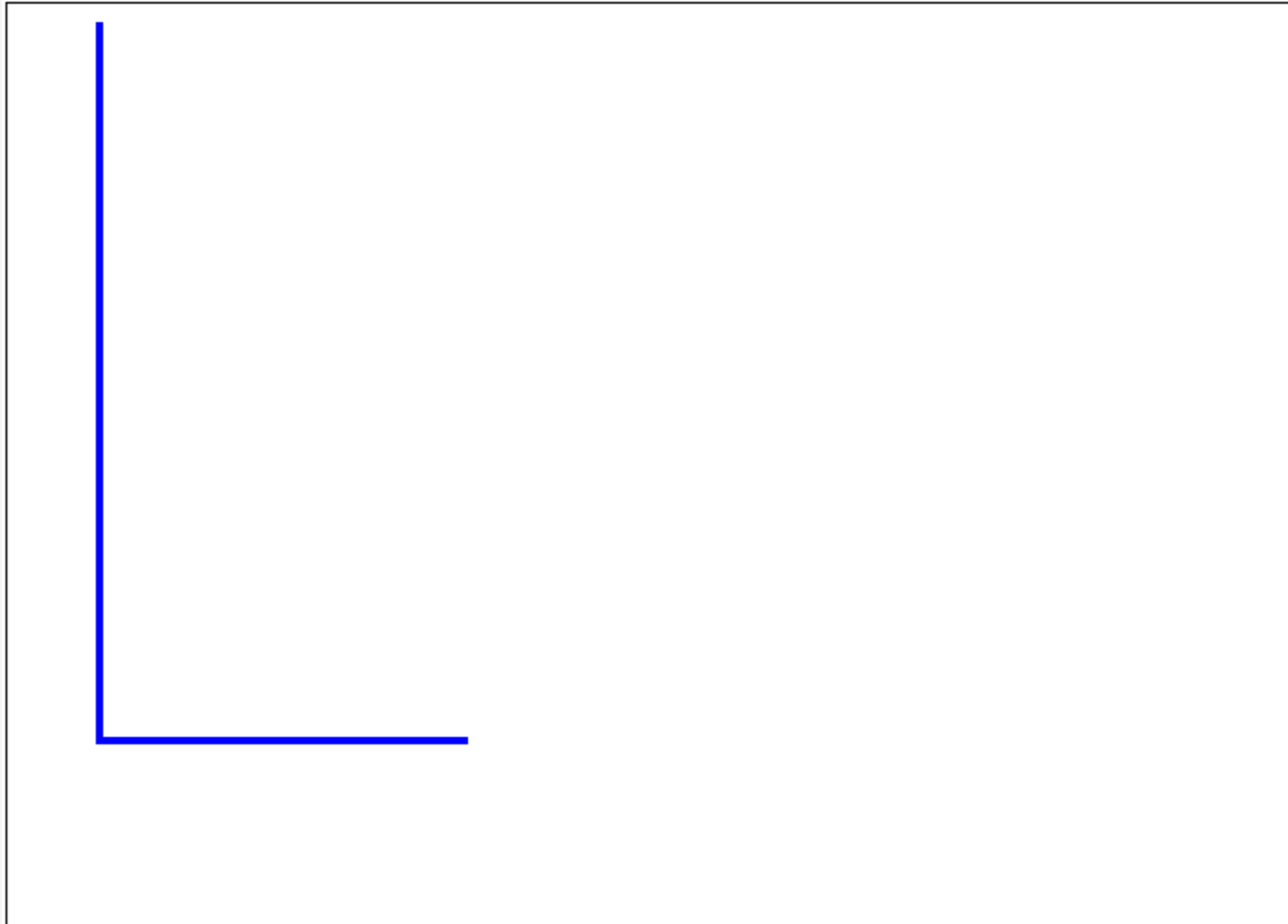
```
  context.clearRect(0, 0, canvas.width, canvas.height);
```

```
}
```

Clear rectangle:


clearRect(x1, y1, x2, y2)

Stroke Demo 1



Start

Stroke Demo 1



```
<canvas id="canvas" width="700" height="500"  
style="border:1px solid black;">
```

Your browser does not support canvas.

```
</canvas>
```

```
<br /><br />
```

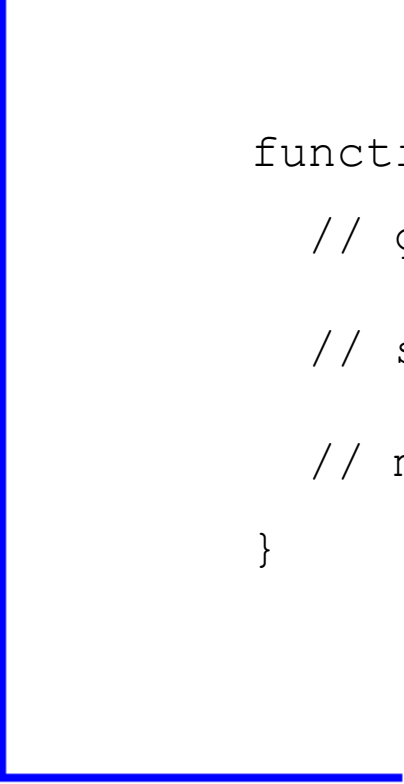
```
<button onClick="strokeDemo()">
```

Start

```
</button>
```

Start

Stroke Demo 1



```
function strokeDemo() {  
    // get the canvas's 2d context  
  
    // specify the path  
  
    // make the stroke along the path  
}
```

Start

Stroke Demo 1



```
// get the canvas's 2d context
```

```
var canvas = document.getElementById("canvas");
```

```
var context = canvas.getContext("2d");
```

Start

```
<canvas id="canvas" width="700" height="500"
```

```
style="border:1px solid black;">
```

Your browser does not support canvas.

```
</17canvas>
```

Stroke Demo 1

(0,0)

X

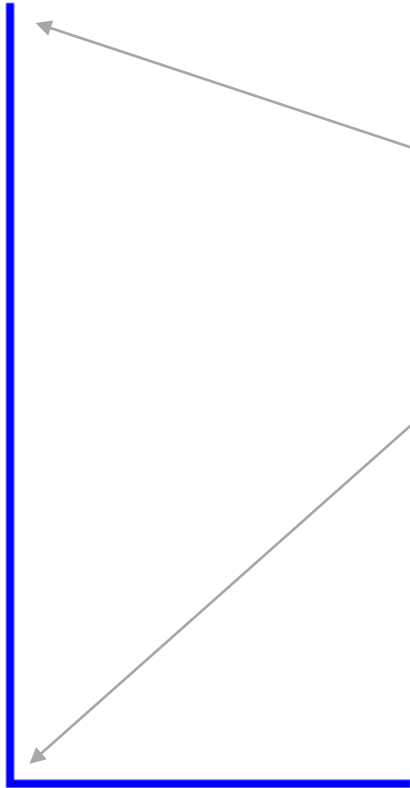
// specify the path

context.beginPath();

context.moveTo(50, 10);

context.lineTo(50, 400);

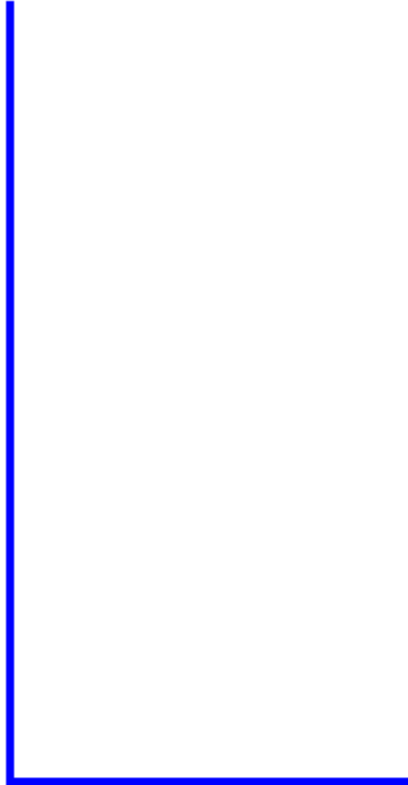
context.lineTo(250, 400);



Start

Y

Stroke Demo 1



```
// specify the path
```

```
context.beginPath();
```

```
context.moveTo(50, 10);
```

```
context.lineTo(50, 400);
```

```
context.lineTo(250, 400);
```

```
// make the stroke along the path
```

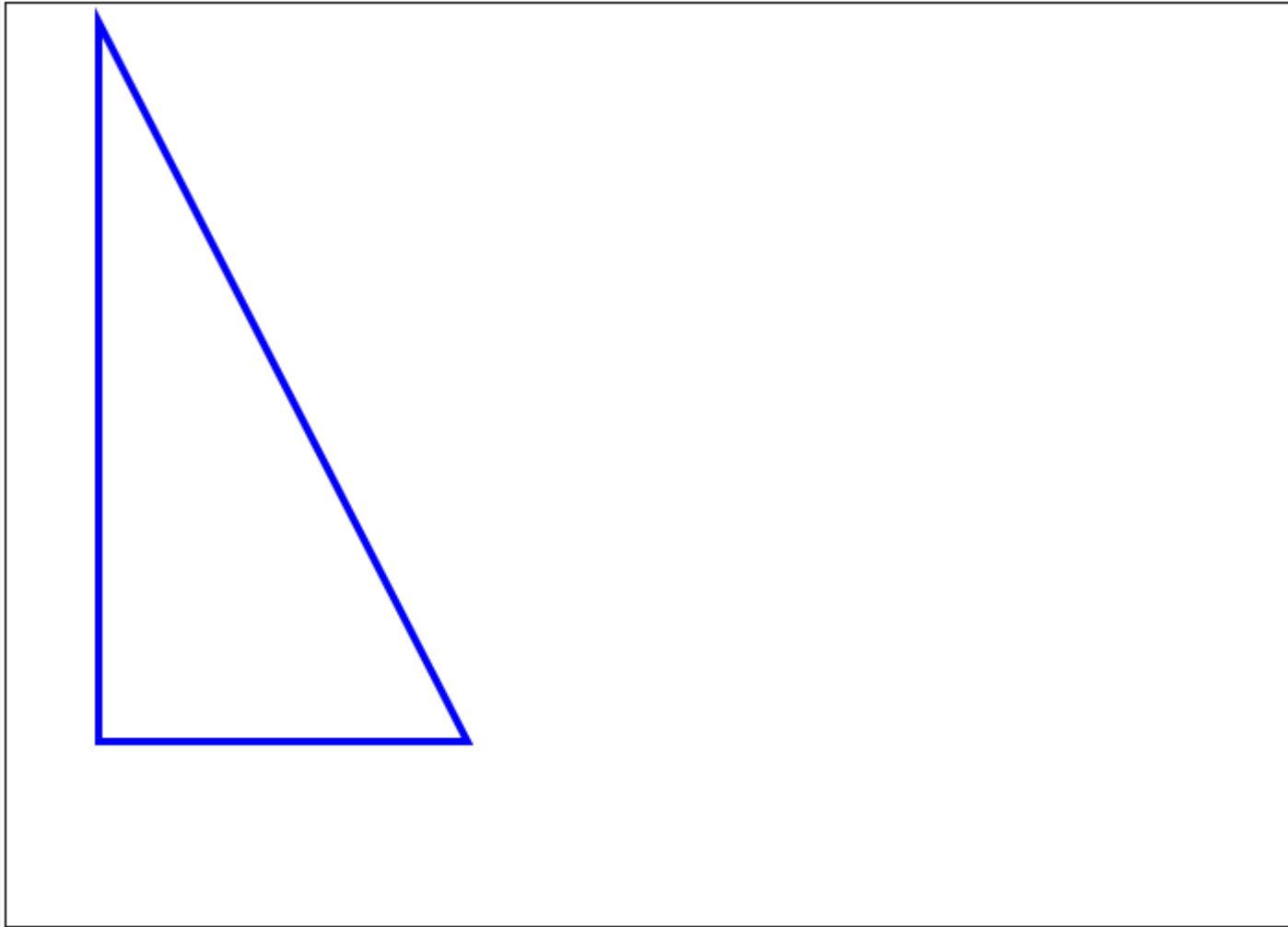
```
context.strokeStyle = "blue";
```

```
context.lineWidth = "4";
```

```
context.stroke();
```

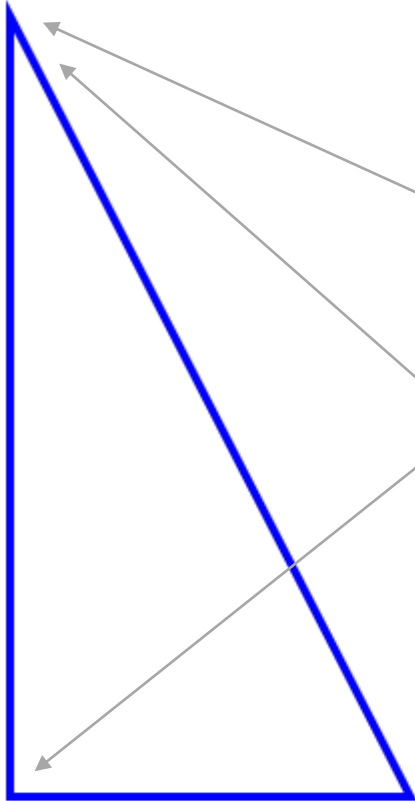
Start

Stroke Demo 2



Start

Stroke Demo 2



// specify the path

context.beginPath();

context.moveTo(50, 10);

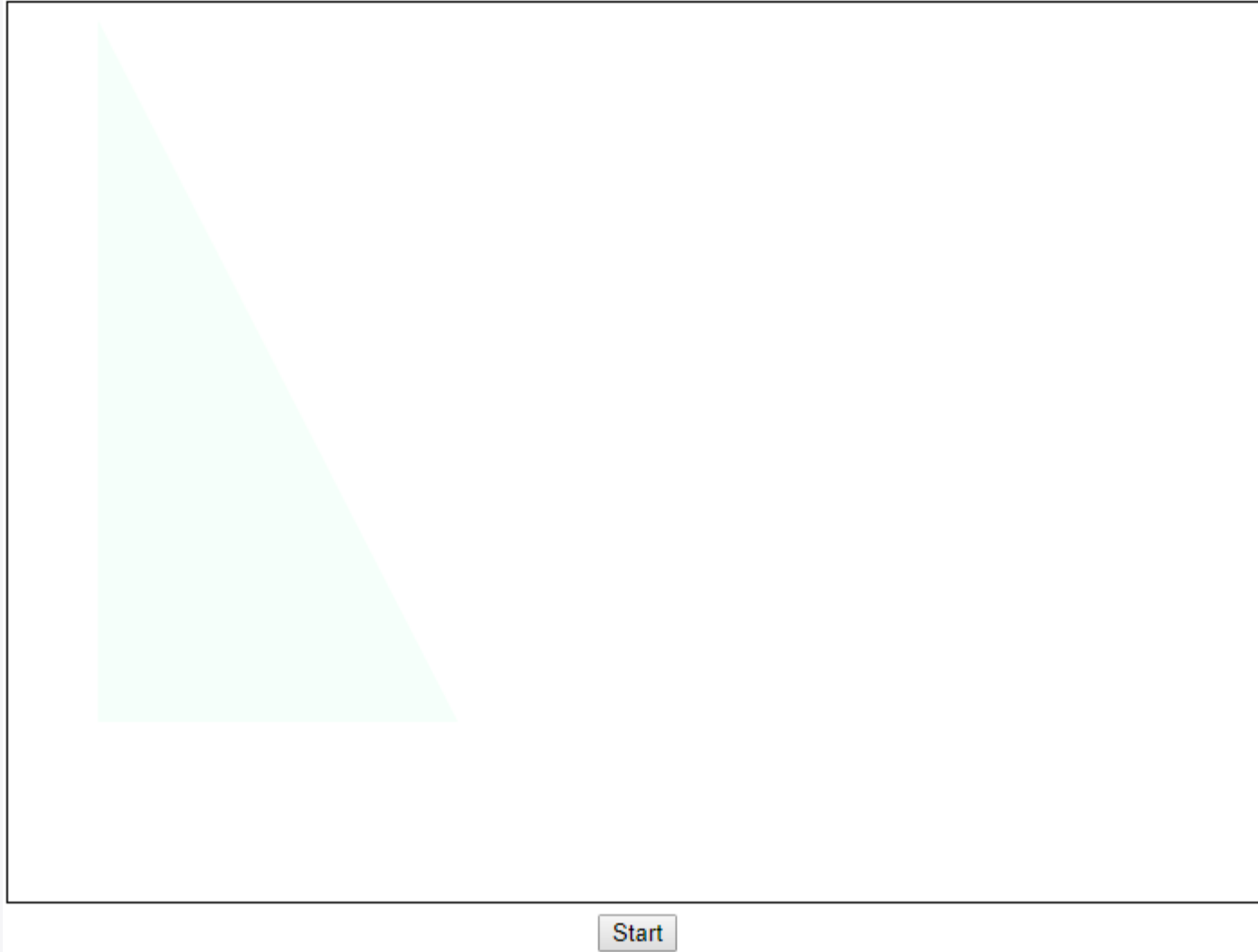
context.lineTo(50, 400);

context.lineTo(250, 400);

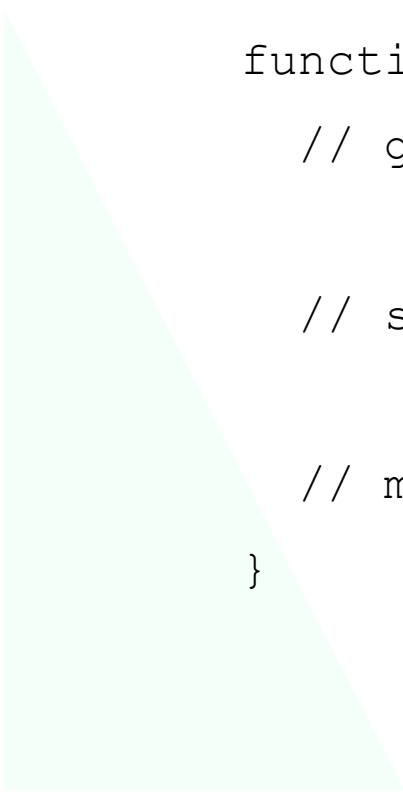
context.closePath();

Start


Fill Demo 1



Fill Demo 1



```
function fillDemo() {  
    // get the canvas's 2d context  
  
    // specify the path  
  
    // make the fill of the region enclosed by the path  
}
```



Start

Fill Demo 1

// get the canvas's 2d context

```
var canvas = document.getElementById("canvas");
```

```
var context = canvas.getContext("2d");
```



Start

Fill Demo 1



```
// specify the path
```

```
context.beginPath();  
context.moveTo(50, 10);  
context.lineTo(50, 400);  
context.lineTo(250, 400);  
context.closePath();
```

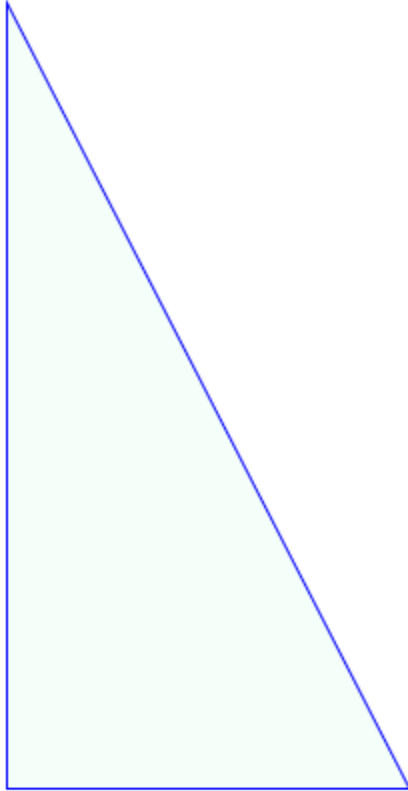
```
// make the fill of the region
```

```
// enclosed by the path
```

```
context.fillStyle="#F5FFFA";  
context.fill();
```

Start

Fill Demo 2



```
// specify the path
```

```
context.beginPath();
```

```
context.moveTo(50, 10);
```

```
context.lineTo(50, 400);
```

```
context.lineTo(250, 400);
```

```
context.closePath();
```

```
// make the stroke along the path
```

```
context.strokeStyle = "blue";
```

```
context.lineWidth = "2";
```

```
context.stroke();
```

```
//make the fill of the region
```

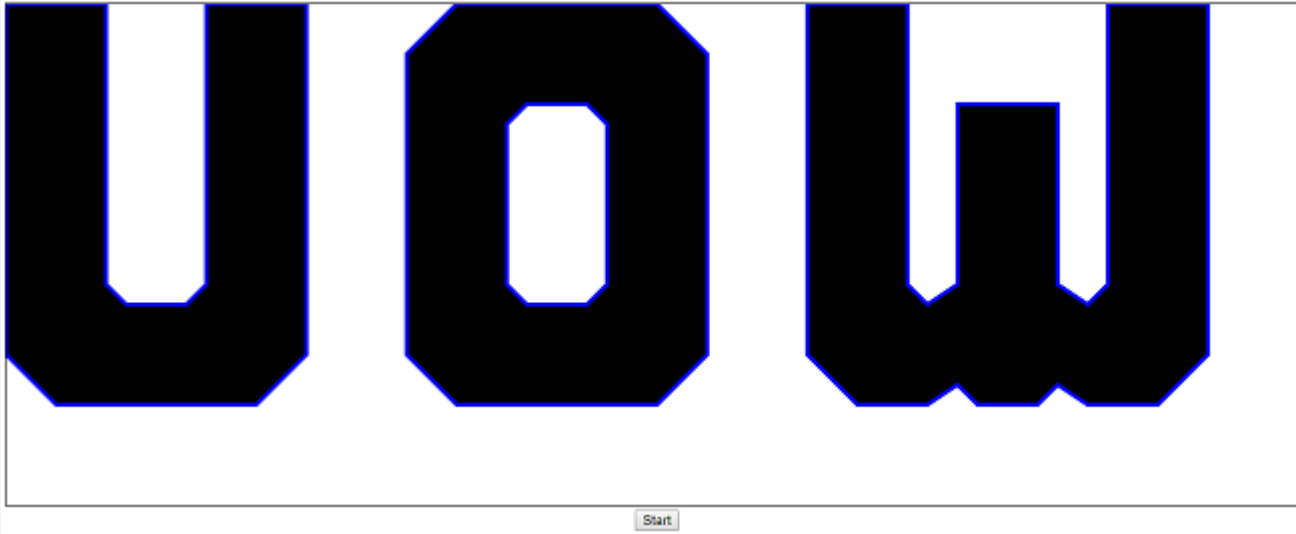
```
//enclosed by the path
```

```
context.fillStyle="#F5FFFA";
```

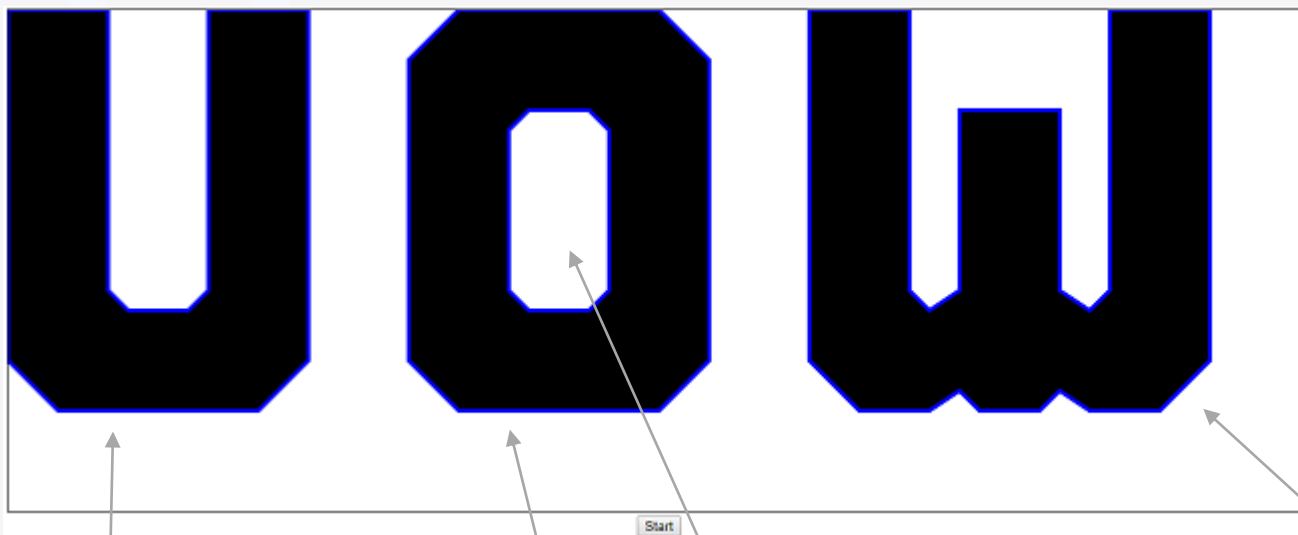
```
context.fill();
```

Start

UOW



UOW



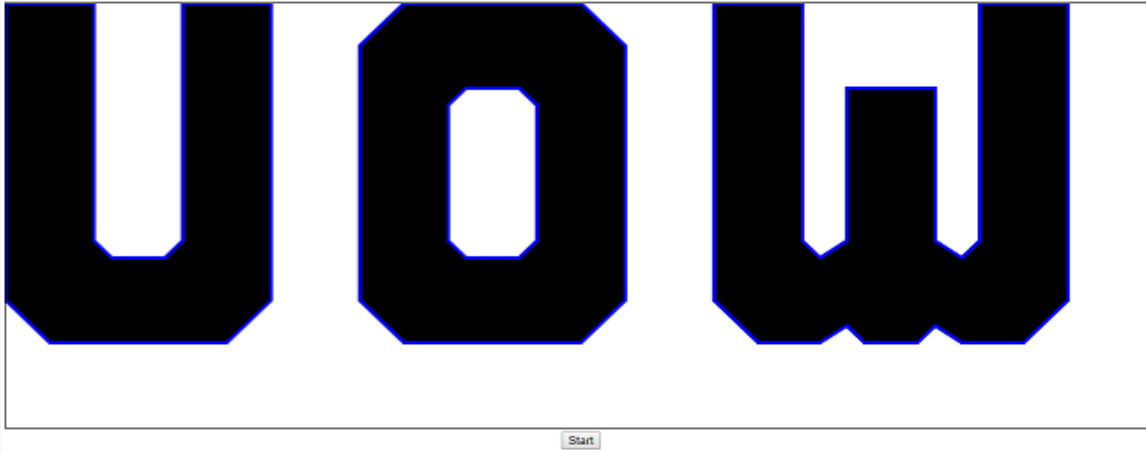
1. letter U
filled with black

2. letter O (**outer**)
filled with black

3. letter O (**inner**)
filled with white

4. letter W
filled with black

UOW



```
<canvas id="canvas" width="1300" height="500"  
style="border:1px solid black;">
```

Your browser does not support canvas.

```
</canvas>
```

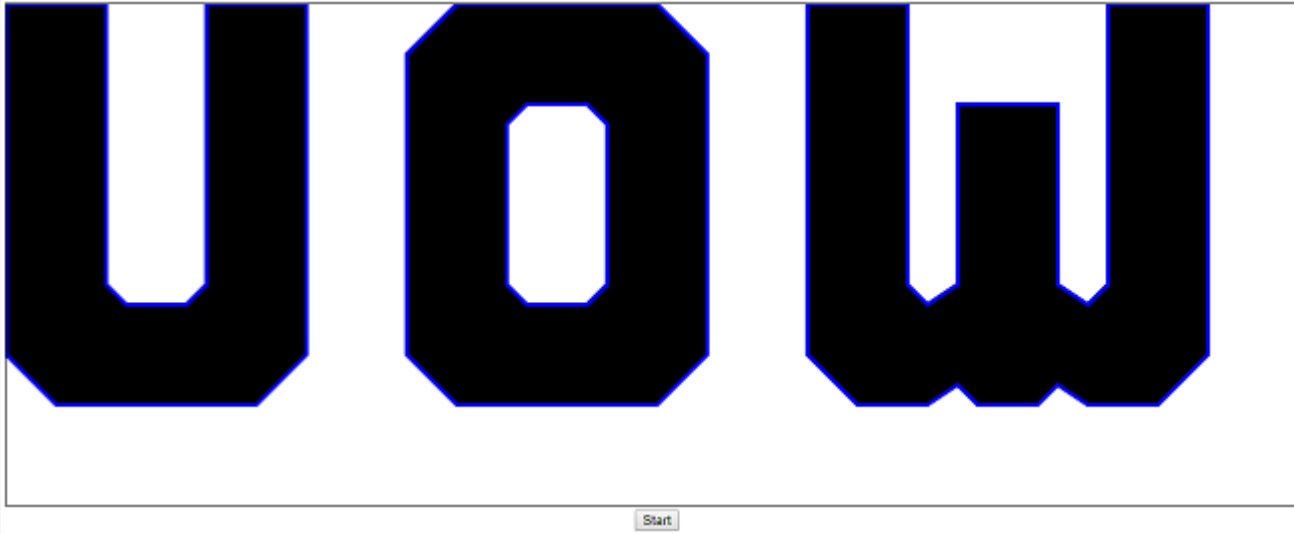
```
<br /><br />
```

```
<button onClick="drawUOW()">
```

Start

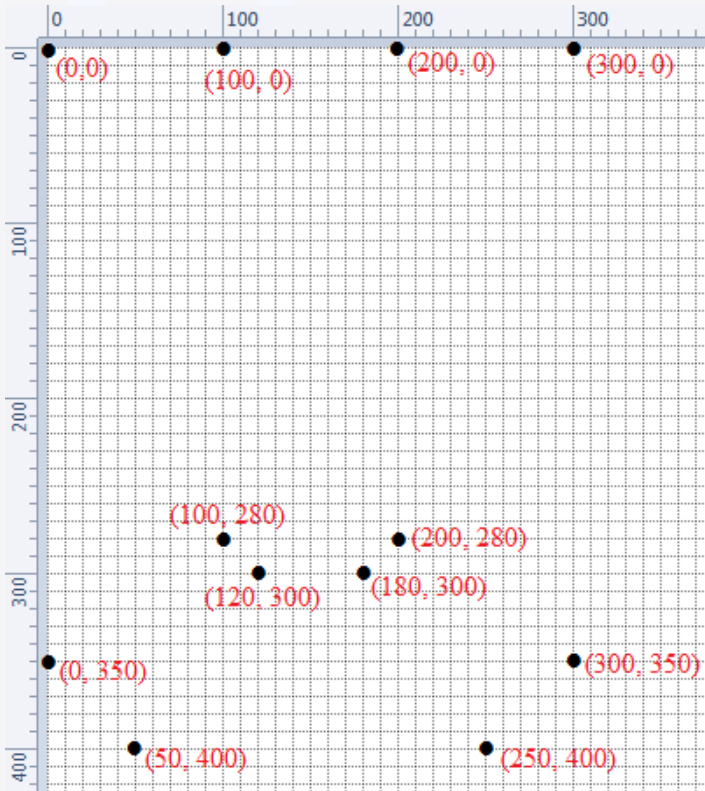
```
</button>
```

UOW



```
function drawUOW() {  
    // get the canvas's 2d context  
    // letter U  
    // letter O (outer)  
    // letter O (inner)  
    // letter W  
}
```

UOW



```
// letter U
```

```
context.beginPath();
```

```
context.moveTo(0, 0);
```

```
context.lineTo(0, 350);
```

```
context.lineTo(50, 400);
```

```
context.lineTo(250, 400);
```

```
context.lineTo(300, 350);
```

```
context.lineTo(300, 0);
```

```
context.lineTo(200, 0);
```

```
context.lineTo(200, 280);
```

```
context.lineTo(180, 300);
```

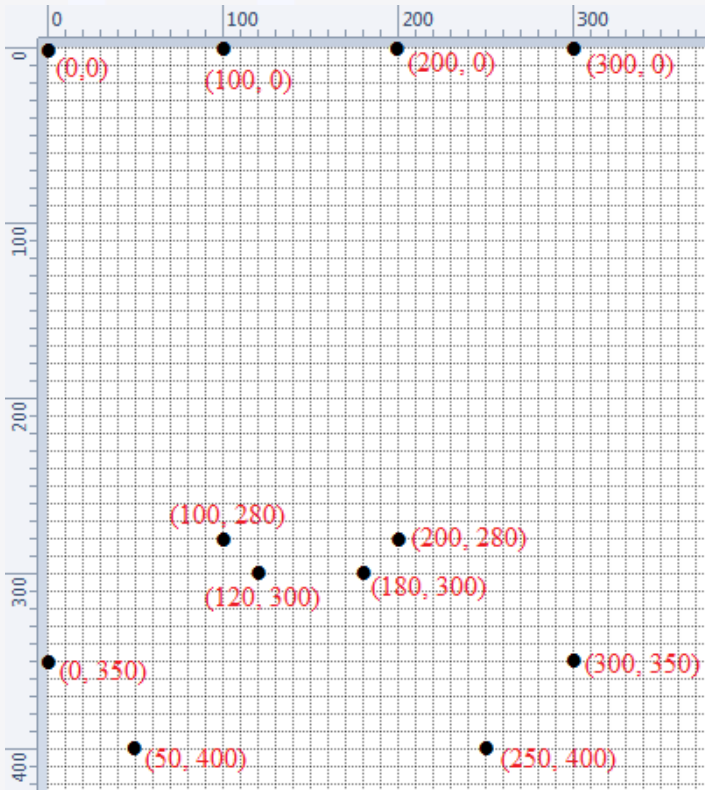
```
context.lineTo(120, 300);
```

```
context.lineTo(100, 280);
```

```
context.lineTo(100, 0);
```

```
context.closePath();
```

UOW



```
// letter U
```

```
context.beginPath();
```

```
context.moveTo(0, 0);
```

```
...
```

```
context.lineTo(100, 0);
```

```
context.closePath();
```

```
context.fillStyle="black";
```

```
context.fill();
```

```
context.strokeStyle="blue";
```

```
context.lineWidth = "4";
```

```
context.stroke();
```


Drag and Drop

Need to specify 2 types of elements:

- ***Draggable elements:*** *elements that we can be dragged*
- ***Droppable elements:*** *elements that can be dropped on*

The user can select **draggable elements** with a mouse, drag the elements to a **droppable element**, and drop those elements by releasing the mouse button.

Drag and Drop

Need to specify 2 types of elements:

- ***Draggable elements:*** *elements that we can be dragged*
- ***Droppable elements:*** *elements that can be dropped on*

```
<element id="drag-id" draggable="true"  
onDragStart="dragStart(event)" >draggable  
element</element>
```

```
<element id="drop-id" onDrop="drop(event)"  
onDragOver="dragOver(event)">droppable element</element>
```

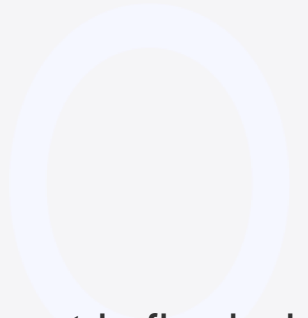
Drag and Drop

Draggable elements: *elements that we can be dragged*

```
<element id="drag-id" draggable="true"  
onDragStart="dragStart(event)" >draggable  
element</element>
```

```
function dragStart(event) {  
    // get the dragged element ID  
    var dragId = event.target.id;  
  
    // store the dragged element ID into the  
    //dataTransfer object  
    event.dataTransfer.setData("dragId", dragId);  
}
```

dragStart event is fired when
the user starts dragging an
element




Drag and Drop

Draggable elements: elements that we can be dragged

```
<element id="drag-id" draggable="true"  
onDragStart="dragStart(event)" >draggable  
element</element>
```

```
function dragStart(event) {  
  // get the dragged element ID  
  var dragId = event.target.id;
```

```
  // store the dragged element ID into the dataTransfer object  
  event.dataTransfer.setData("dragId", dragId);  
}
```



We need to know what object we are dragging

The DataTransfer object is used to hold the data that is being dragged during a drag and drop operation.

Drag and Drop

***Droppable elements:** elements that can be dropped on*

```
<element id="drop-id" onDrop="drop(event)"  
onDragOver="dragOver(event)">droppable element</element>
```

```
function drop(event) {
```

```
  // get the drop element ID
```

```
  var dropId = event.target.id;
```

```
  // retrieve the dragged element ID from the dataTransfer object
```

```
  var dragId = event.dataTransfer.getData("dragId");
```

```
  // do the dropping logic
```

```
}
```

*The **drop** event is fired when an element is dropped on a valid drop target.*

Drag and Drop

***Droppable elements:** elements that can be dropped on*

```
<element id="drop-id" onDrop="drop(event) "  
onDragOver="dragOver(event) ">droppable element</element>
```

*What is the **dragOver** event for?*

*Calling the `preventDefault()` method during a **dragOver** event will indicate that a drop is allowed at that location.*

```
function dragOver(event) {  
  
  event.preventDefault();  
  
}
```

Drag and Drop: Hello World

Drag an orange word and drop it on a red word.

hello hi bonjour salut

web maze earth world

When “hello” is dropped on “world”, the page displays “hello world”.

hello hi bonjour salut

web maze earth world

hello world

Drag and Drop: Hello World

Drag an orange word and drop it on a red word.

hello hi bonjour salut

web maze earth world

draggable elements:
elements that we can be
dragged



droppable elements:
elements that can be
dropped on

Drag and Drop: Hello World

Drag an orange word and drop it on a red word.

hello hi bonjour salut
web maze earth world

draggable elements:
elements that we can drag

```
<span id="hello" draggable="true"  
onDragStart="dragStart(event)" >hello</span>  
<span id="hi" draggable="true"  
onDragStart="dragStart(event)" >hi</span>  
<span id="bonjour" draggable="true"  
onDragStart="dragStart(event)" >bonjour</span>  
<span id="salut" draggable="true"  
onDragStart="dragStart(event)" >salut</span>
```

Drag and Drop: Hello World

Drag an orange word and drop it on a red word.

hello hi bonjour salut

web maze earth world

droppable elements:
elements that can be
dropped on

```
<span id="web" onDrop="drop(event) "  
onDragOver="dragOver(event) ">web</span>
```

```
<span id="maze" onDrop="drop(event) "  
onDragOver="dragOver(event) ">maze</span>
```

```
<span id="earth" onDrop="drop(event) "  
onDragOver="dragOver(event) ">earth</span>
```

```
<span id="world" onDrop="drop(event) "  
onDragOver="dragOver(event) ">world</span>
```

Drag and Drop: Hello World

Drag an orange word and drop it on a red word.

hello hi bonjour salut

web maze earth world

```
<span id="hello" draggable="true"
```

```
onDragStart="dragStart(event)" >hello</span>
```

```
function dragStart(event) {
```

```
    // get the dragged element ID
```

```
    var dragId = event.target.id;
```

```
    // store the dragged element ID into the dataTransfer object
```

```
    event.dataTransfer.setData("dragId", dragId);
```

dragStart event is fired when
the user starts dragging an
element

Drag and Drop: Hello World

```
<span id="hello" draggable="true"  
onDragStart="dragStart(event)" >hello</span>
```

Drag an orange word and drop it on a red word.

hello hi bonjour salut

web maze earth world

```
function dragStart(event) {
```

```
    // get the dragged element ID
```

```
    var dragId = event.target.id;
```

```
    // store the dragged element ID into the dataTransfer object
```

```
    event.dataTransfer.setData("dragId", dragId);
```

If **hello** is dragged, then
`event.target.id = "hello"`
and we store "hello" into the
dataTransfer object

Drag and Drop: Hello World

```
<span id="world" onDrop="drop(event) "  
onDragOver="dragOver(event) ">world</span>
```

Drag an **orange** word and drop it on a **red** word.

hello hi bonjour salut

web maze earth world

```
function drop(event) {
```

```
    // get the drop element ID
```

```
    var dropId = event.target.id;
```

```
    // retrieve the dragged element ID from the dataTransfer object
```

```
    var dragId = event.dataTransfer.getData("dragId");
```

```
    // display the message
```

```
    var messageSpan = document.getElementById("message");
```

```
    messageSpan.innerHTML = dragId + " " + dropId;
```

The **drop** event is fired when an element is dropped on a valid drop target.

Drag and Drop: Hello World

```
<span id="world" onDrop="drop(event) "  
onDragOver="dragOver(event) ">world</span>
```

Drag an **orange** word and drop it on a **red** word.

hello hi bonjour salut

web maze earth world

What is the **dragOver** event for?

*Calling the `preventDefault()` method during a **dragOver** event will indicate that a drop is allowed at that location.*

```
function dragOver(event) {  
  
    event.preventDefault();  
  
}
```