Department of Mathematics – University of Tennessee Math 131 Calculus 1A

Test 3

Name:	

Time allowed: 50 minutes

Instructions:

- Calculators are not allowed.
- All electronic devices must be put away.
- Answers with insufficient or incorrect working will not receive full credit.
- Simplify answers whenever possible.

Page	Points	Score
2	10	
3	10	
4	10	
5	10	
6	10	
Total:	50	

1. Find the derivative of each function. Simplify your answers.

(a) (3 points)
$$f(x) = 3x^4 + \frac{3}{x^4}$$

(b) (3 points) $r(\theta) = \sec \theta + \sin \pi$

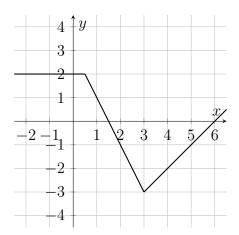
(c) (4 points)
$$y = \frac{e^x}{x^2 + 1}$$

2. (6 points) Consider the function $f(x) = x \cos(\pi x)$. Find the slope of the tangent line to the graph y = f(x) at $x = \frac{1}{2}$.

3. (4 points) Use the quotient rule to show that $\frac{d}{dx} [\cot x] = -\csc^2 x$.

Hint: write the cotangent function in terms of the sine and cosine functions, and then apply the quotient rule.

4. (4 points) Suppose that $g(x) = x^2 f(x)$, where f(x) is graphed below. Evaluate g'(2).



- 5. Consider the graph $y = x^3 6x^2 + 9x$.
 - (a) (4 points) Find the x-value(s) where the graph has a horizontal tangent line.

(b) (2 points) Find an equation of the tangent line to the graph at x = 0.

- 6. The position of an object is given by $s(t) = \sqrt{4t+1}$ for $t \ge 0$, where position is measured in meters and time is measured in seconds.
 - (a) (3 points) Find the velocity of the object when t = 2. Include the appropriate units.

(b) (3 points) Find the acceleration function for the object.

7. (4 points) Find the second derivative of the function $f(x) = e^{-3x}$.

8. The voltage V(t) (in volts), current I(t) (in amperes), and resistance R(t) (in ohms) in a circuit are related by Ohm's Law:

$$V(t) = I(t) R(t).$$

Suppose that at time t=5 seconds, the current is 6 amperes and is decreasing at a rate of 2 amperes per second, and the resistance is 4 ohms and is increasing at a rate of 1 ohm per second.

- (a) (1 point) Find the voltage when t = 5. Include the appropriate units.
- (b) (5 points) Find the rate at which the voltage is changing when t = 5. Include the appropriate units.

9. (4 points) Find the derivative of the function $y = (e^{x^3} + \tan(x^2))^8$.

You do not need to simplify your answer.