

# 3\_Regresion lineal Polinomial

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*Creado por:*

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## 1 Regresión Lineal Polinomial

```
[1]: # pip install scikit-learn
```

```
[2]: import numpy as np
from sklearn import datasets, linear_model
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
```

```
[3]: dataset = datasets.load_diabetes()
print(dataset.DESCR)
# Crear un DataFrame con los datos
data = pd.DataFrame(dataset.data, columns=dataset.feature_names)
data['level'] = dataset.target
```

```
.. _diabetes_dataset:
```

```
Diabetes dataset
-----
```

Ten baseline variables, age, sex, body mass index, average blood pressure, and six blood serum measurements were obtained for each of n = 442 diabetes patients, as well as the response of interest, a quantitative measure of disease progression one year after baseline.

**\*\*Data Set Characteristics:\*\***

:Number of Instances: 442

:Number of Attributes: First 10 columns are numeric predictive values

:Target: Column 11 is a quantitative measure of disease progression one year after baseline

:Attribute Information:

- age age in years
- sex
- bmi body mass index
- bp average blood pressure
- s1 tc, total serum cholesterol
- s2 ldl, low-density lipoproteins
- s3 hdl, high-density lipoproteins
- s4 tch, total cholesterol / HDL
- s5 ltg, possibly log of serum triglycerides level
- s6 glu, blood sugar level

Note: Each of these 10 feature variables have been mean centered and scaled by the standard deviation times the square root of `n\_samples` (i.e. the sum of squares of each column totals 1).

Source URL:

<https://www4.stat.ncsu.edu/~boos/var.select/diabetes.html>

For more information see:

Bradley Efron, Trevor Hastie, Iain Johnstone and Robert Tibshirani (2004) "Least Angle Regression," Annals of Statistics (with discussion), 407-499.

([https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/Papers/LARS/LeastAngle\\_2002.pdf](https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/Papers/LARS/LeastAngle_2002.pdf))

[4]: data

```
[4]:      age      sex      bmi      bp      s1      s2      s3  \
0    0.038076  0.050680  0.061696  0.021872 -0.044223 -0.034821 -0.043401
1   -0.001882 -0.044642 -0.051474 -0.026328 -0.008449 -0.019163  0.074412
2    0.085299  0.050680  0.044451 -0.005670 -0.045599 -0.034194 -0.032356
3   -0.089063 -0.044642 -0.011595 -0.036656  0.012191  0.024991 -0.036038
4    0.005383 -0.044642 -0.036385  0.021872  0.003935  0.015596  0.008142
..      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
437  0.041708  0.050680  0.019662  0.059744 -0.005697 -0.002566 -0.028674
438 -0.005515  0.050680 -0.015906 -0.067642  0.049341  0.079165 -0.028674
439  0.041708  0.050680 -0.015906  0.017293 -0.037344 -0.013840 -0.024993
440 -0.045472 -0.044642  0.039062  0.001215  0.016318  0.015283 -0.028674
441 -0.045472 -0.044642 -0.073030 -0.081413  0.083740  0.027809  0.173816

      s4      s5      s6  level
0   -0.002592  0.019907 -0.017646  151.0
1   -0.039493 -0.068332 -0.092204   75.0
2   -0.002592  0.002861 -0.025930  141.0
3    0.034309  0.022688 -0.009362  206.0
4   -0.002592 -0.031988 -0.046641  135.0
```

```

..      ...      ...      ...      ...
437 -0.002592  0.031193  0.007207  178.0
438  0.034309 -0.018114  0.044485  104.0
439 -0.011080 -0.046883  0.015491  132.0
440  0.026560  0.044529 -0.025930  220.0
441 -0.039493 -0.004222  0.003064   57.0

```

[442 rows x 11 columns]

```

[5]: # Load the diabetes dataset
diabetes_X, diabetes_y = datasets.load_diabetes(return_X_y=True)

```

```

[6]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(diabetes_X, diabetes_y,
↪test_size=0.2)

```

```

[7]: ## Cargar el modelo:

```

```

[8]: from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures

```

```

[9]: # se define el grado de polinomio

poli_reg = PolynomialFeatures(degree= 2)

```

```

[10]: # se transforman las características existentes en características de mayor
↪grado

X_train_poli = poli_reg.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_poli = poli_reg.fit_transform(X_test)

```

```

[11]: pr = linear_model.LinearRegression()

```

```

[12]: pr.fit(X_train_poli, y_train)

```

```

[12]: LinearRegression()

```

```

[13]: y_pred = pr.predict(X_test_poli)
y_pred

```

```

[13]: array([161.46059595,  21.19936311, 152.74422811, 105.16707649,
          139.93819504, 175.45239976, 167.73925153,  61.19310734,
           99.7067457 , 329.96540926, 208.73098939, 145.85781872,
          101.84935228,  91.47737904, 126.49933018, 109.02292978,
          162.55596257,  83.88771044, 161.46222907, 114.17831306,
           70.31573091, 288.1296595 , 191.64076517,  95.8587377 ,
          135.9189689 , 296.09446472, 280.85069079,  48.05196724,
          160.76955882,  79.56568853, 234.6009112 , 292.88958301,

```

```

153.28144867, 122.91009697, 107.96772411, 141.5990241 ,
141.3580112 , 155.33588991, 68.98602788, 188.18457916,
179.40786372, 249.12219555, 183.86621881, 173.92400854,
199.98428069, 138.95042811, 109.60561323, 242.21953144,
200.99016698, 203.02891751, 112.18385329, 75.58419171,
112.10517323, 142.43070884, 36.22492391, 30.65043378,
95.34806061, 267.90642687, 122.25895593, 248.87283901,
216.0861312 , 276.84057744, 181.970074 , 268.07601353,
89.17969346, 64.21123689, 70.59124122, 288.50299697,
258.81244519, 98.59898665, 149.70720783, 124.50334556,
149.31339025, 104.26934431, 121.26443581, 119.72020029,
252.46139606, 214.12324645, 167.40854488, 210.23100741,
106.41389898, 239.55226936, 164.90659358, 113.93801248,
122.86451019, 120.15538876, 120.09450332, 116.41404309,
155.15514822])

```

```
[14]: y_test
```

```

[14]: array([185., 45., 190., 67., 104., 206., 101., 77., 59., 310., 52.,
210., 143., 72., 68., 252., 95., 114., 129., 131., 70., 341.,
122., 42., 63., 263., 243., 39., 122., 84., 150., 270., 174.,
113., 90., 150., 102., 137., 135., 129., 110., 281., 78., 85.,
296., 103., 55., 346., 139., 265., 102., 43., 97., 216., 72.,
51., 178., 242., 44., 303., 166., 220., 311., 275., 49., 72.,
96., 245., 295., 31., 214., 86., 113., 230., 89., 160., 163.,
197., 52., 275., 178., 261., 242., 152., 202., 97., 191., 139.,
197.])

```

```

[15]: print("Valor de pendiente o coeficiente 'a':")
print(pr.coef_)

```

Valor de pendiente o coeficiente 'a':

```

[-2.25705732e-08  1.83812644e+01 -2.55753841e+02  5.14060728e+02
 3.51324805e+02  1.16410228e+04 -1.03847845e+04 -4.59614861e+03
 1.12033159e+02 -3.21809840e+03  9.44338067e+01  1.40773877e+03
 4.35129792e+03 -3.83906232e+02  8.58064919e+02 -4.72340834e+03
-3.56810997e+02  5.11979355e+03  4.04764811e+03  2.11124494e+03
 6.58114600e+02 -1.54436503e+00  1.90933245e+03  2.76396241e+03
 1.38696239e+04 -1.02197133e+04 -4.24139963e+03 -3.58801611e+03
-4.38982696e+03  1.20438559e+02  1.06046933e+02  4.43098578e+03
-4.73363803e+03  3.55556733e+03  2.94488146e+03 -1.67412646e+03
 2.18643118e+02  1.61746191e+03 -6.89655561e+02  1.03396466e+04
-7.72807547e+03 -3.91040351e+03 -5.74567960e+02 -3.24471166e+03
-3.65461478e+03  8.61686874e+04 -1.23398131e+05 -9.02902516e+04
-4.00266993e+04 -1.32037848e+05  2.75072939e+02  4.47022081e+04
 6.57548790e+04  2.77565588e+04  1.06648672e+05 -2.39192495e+03
 2.23618495e+04  1.48820958e+04  6.04627355e+04  3.16280162e+03
 2.17860628e+03  1.61277137e+04  4.94700421e+03  1.51823911e+04

```

-7.71537942e+00 1.45514859e+03]

```
[16]: print("Precisión del modelo: ")  
      print(pr.score(X_train_poli, y_train))
```

Precisión del modelo:

0.6019131040426905

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