Ejercicio 1

a) Declara la variable "test" como una lista con los siguientes componentes: 25, 8, 32, 20, 1. Usa las formas que conozcas para crearla y el uso de type para asegurarte de que es una lista.

```
In [2]: test = list((25, 8, 32, 20, 1))
 Out[2]: [25, 8, 32, 20, 1]
 In [3]: test = [25, 8, 32, 20, 1]
 Out[3]: [25, 8, 32, 20, 1]
 In [4]: type(test)
 Out[4]: list
         b) Apendiza un valor de valor 20, 32, 25, 32
In [60]: test.append(20)
         test
Out[60]: [25, 8, 32, 20, 1, 20]
In [61]: test.append(32)
         test
Out[61]: [25, 8, 32, 20, 1, 20, 32]
In [62]: test.append(25)
         test
Out[62]: [25, 8, 32, 20, 1, 20, 32, 25]
In [63]: test.append(32)
         test
Out[63]: [25, 8, 32, 20, 1, 20, 32, 25, 32]
         otra forma
In [64]: test = [25, 8, 32, 20, 1]
Out[64]: [25, 8, 32, 20, 1]
In [65]: listas = [20, 32, 25, 32]
         for lista in listas:
```

```
test.append(lista)
          test
Out[65]: [25, 8, 32, 20, 1, 20, 32, 25, 32]
          c) Elimina el valor 8 de la lista
In [66]: test.remove(test[1])
          test
Out[66]: [25, 32, 20, 1, 20, 32, 25, 32]
In [24]: test.remove(8)
          test
Out[24]: [25, 32, 20, 1, 20, 32, 25, 32]
          d) Elimina los duplicados que haya en la lista test
In [67]: test = list(set(test))
          test
Out[67]: [32, 25, 20, 1]
          e) Crea una segunda lista de nombre "info" que contenga los valores: 25, 100, 10, 20, 5,
          25, 30, 200
In [68]: info = [25, 100, 10, 20, 5, 25, 30, 200]
          info
Out[68]: [25, 100, 10, 20, 5, 25, 30, 200]
          f) ¿Cuántos valores se repiten entre las listas?
In [69]:
          contador = 0
          for n in test:
              for i in info:
                  if n == i:
                       print('Numero repetido: ', n)
                       contador += 1
          print(contador)
         Numero repetido:
                            25
         Numero repetido:
                            25
         Numero repetido:
                            20
          g) Muéstrame el maximo y mínimo en las dos listas
In [70]: max(test), min(test)
Out[70]: (32, 1)
In [71]: max(info), min(info)
```

```
Out[71]: (200, 5)
```

h) Crea una nueva variable de nombre "matriz" transformando la lista test en matriz

```
In [72]: import numpy as np

matriz = np.array(test)
matriz
```

```
Out[72]: array([32, 25, 20, 1])
```

i) Crea una función que se llame "funcion_división" donde se divida el test con valor 32 entre info con valor 5 y muestra el resto de la división

```
In [79]: # Info[4] == 5
# test[0] == 32
def funcion_division(n, s):
    return test[n] % info[s]
```

```
In [74]: n = 0
for i in test:
    if i == 32:
        break
    n += 1
print(n)
```

0

```
In [76]: s = 0
    for j in info:
        if j == 5:
            break
        s += 1
    print(s)
```

In [80]: funcion_division(n, s)

Out[80]: 2

j) Con ayuda de reverse() muestra la inversa de test

```
In [53]: test.reverse()
test
```

Out[53]: [1, 20, 25, 32]

k) Con el listado info utiliza un bucle for con la ayuda de enumerate(), para mostrar posición y valor y crea un diccionario de nombre "newDict"

```
In [54]: newDict = {}

for key, value in enumerate(info):
    newDict[key] = value
print(newDict)
```

```
{0: 25, 1: 100, 2: 10, 3: 20, 4: 5, 5: 25, 6: 30, 7: 200}
```

l) Crea un nuevo listado con nombre "info2" donde los valores: 25 se sustituya por "María", el valor 20 por "Juan" y el valor 10 por "Pedro"

```
In [55]: info2 = []

for i in info:
    if i == 25:
        info2.append("María")
    elif i == 20:
        info2.append("Juan")
    elif i == 10:
        info2.append("Pedro")
    else:
        info2.append(i)
```

```
Out[55]: ['María', 100, 'Pedro', 'Juan', 5, 'María', 30, 200]
```

m) Sustituye en el listado test los multiplos de 2 por "Dos"

```
In [57]: n = 0

for i in test:
    if i%2 == 0:
        test[n] = "Dos"
    n += 1
test
```

```
Out[57]: [1, 'Dos', 25, 'Dos']
In [8]: test = [32, 25, 20, 1]
    for pos, v in enumerate(test):
        if v % 2 == 0:
            test[pos] = "Dos"
    test
```

```
Out[8]: ['Dos', 25, 'Dos', 1]
```

Ejercicio 2:

Escribe un programa que imprima los números desde 1 hasta 100

Рего:

- Para los múltiplos de 3 escribe "Hello"
- Para los múltiplos de 5 escribe "World"
- Para los múltiplos de ambos (3 y 5) escribe "Hello World"

(en vez de los números correspondientes)

```
In [23]: # Crear la lista con todos los valores
import numpy as np
N = np.arange(0,101,1)
```

```
N = N.tolist()
print(np.array(N))
        2
           3
              4
                  5
                     6
                        7
                             8
                                  10
                                      11 12
                                             13 14
                                                    15
                                                       16
                                                          17
                 23 24
                        25 26 27
18 19
       20
          21 22
                                   28
                                      29
                                         30
                                             31 32
                                                    33
                                                           35
                                                       34
   37
       38
           39 40
                    42
                                         48
                                             49
                                                    51
                                                       52
36
                 41
                        43
                           44
                               45
                                  46
                                      47
                                                           53
54 55 56 57 58
                59 60
                           62
                               63
                                  64
                                      65
                                         66 67
                                                68
                                                    69
                                                       70
                                                          71
                        61
72 73 74 75 76
                 77
                    78
                        79
                            80
                               81 82 83 84 85 86 87
                                                       88 89
90 91
       92 93 94 95 96 97
                            98
                               99 1001
```

Forma 1

```
In [24]:
    for i in N:
        if N[i] % 5 == 0 and N[i] % 3 == 0:
            N[i] = "Hello World"
        elif N[i] % 5 == 0:
            N[i] = "World"
        elif N[i] % 3 == 0:
            N[i] = "Hello"
        print(N)
```

['Hello World', 1, 2, 'Hello', 4, 'World', 'Hello', 7, 8, 'Hello', 'World', 'I1, 'Hello', 13, 14, 'Hello World', 16, 17, 'Hello', 19, 'World', 'Hello', 22, 23, 'Hello', 'World', 26, 'Hello', 28, 29, 'Hello World', 31, 32, 'Hello', 34, 'World', 'Hello', 37, 38, 'Hello', 'World', 41, 'Hello', 43, 44, 'Hello World', 46, 47, 'Hello', 49, 'World', 'Hello', 52, 53, 'Hello', 'World', 56, 'Hello', 58, 59, 'Hello World', 61, 62, 'Hello', 64, 'World', 'Hello', 67, 68, 'Hello', 'World', 71, 'Hello', 73, 74, 'Hello World', 76, 77, 'Hello', 79, 'World', 'Hello', 82, 83, 'Hello', 'World', 86, 'Hello', 88, 89, 'Hello World', 91, 92, 'Hello', 94, 'World', 'Hello', 97, 98, 'Hello', 'World']

Forma 2

```
In [4]: # Sustituir los valores
for i in N:
    if N[i] % 5 == 0 and N[i] % 3 == 0:
        N[i] = "Hello World"
    if N[i] != "Hello World" and N[i] % 5 == 0:
        N[i] = "World"
    if N[i] != "Hello World" and N[i] != "World" and N[i] % 3 == 0:
        N[i] = "Hello"

print(np.array(N))

['Hello World' '1' '2' 'Hello' '4' 'Hello World' 'Hello' '7' '8' 'Hello'
```

['Hello World' '1' '2' 'Hello' '4' 'Hello World' 'Hello' '7' '8' 'Hello' 'Hello World' '11' 'Hello' '13' '14' 'Hello World' '16' '17' 'Hello' '19' 'Hello World' 'Hello' '22' '23' 'Hello' 'Hello World' '26' 'Hello' '28' '29' 'Hello World' '31' '32' 'Hello' '34' 'Hello World' 'Hello' '37' '38' 'Hello' 'Hello World' '41' 'Hello' '43' '44' 'Hello World' '46' '47' 'Hello' '49' 'Hello World' 'Hello' '52' '53' 'Hello' 'Hello World' '56' 'Hello' '58' '59' 'Hello World' '61' '62' 'Hello' '64' 'Hello World' 'Hello' '67' '68' 'Hello' 'Hello World' '71' 'Hello' '73' '74' 'Hello World' '76' '77' 'Hello' '79' 'Hello World' 'Hello' '82' '83' 'Hello' '94' 'Hello World' '86' 'Hello' '88' '89' 'Hello World' '91' '92' 'Hello' '94' 'Hello World' 'Hello' '97' '98' 'Hello' 'Hello World']

```
In [9]: del N[0]
print(np.array(N))
```

```
['1' '2' 'Hello' '4' 'World' 'Hello' '7' '8' 'Hello' 'World' '11' 'Hello' '13' '14' 'Hello World' '16' '17' 'Hello' '19' 'World' 'Hello' '22' '23' 'Hello' 'World' '26' 'Hello' '28' '29' 'Hello World' '31' '32' 'Hello' '34' 'World' 'Hello' '37' '38' 'Hello' 'World' '41' 'Hello' '43' '44' 'Hello World' '46' '47' 'Hello' '49' 'World' 'Hello' '52' '53' 'Hello' 'World' '56' 'Hello' '58' '59' 'Hello World' '61' '62' 'Hello' '64' 'World' 'Hello' '67' '68' 'Hello' 'World' '71' 'Hello' '73' '74' 'Hello World' '76' '77' 'Hello' '79' 'World' 'Hello' '82' '83' 'Hello' 'World' '86' 'Hello' '88' '89' 'Hello World' '91' '92' 'Hello' '94' 'World' 'Hello' '97' '98' 'Hello' 'World']
```

Forma 3

```
In [39]: # Explicacion de yield (GENERADOR):
    listado = [1, 3, 2, 10, 15, 20, 40]

def multiplos_2(listado):
    for numero in listado:
        if numero % 2 == 0:
            yield numero

for i in multiplos_2(listado):
    print(i)
```

10 20 40

[1, 2, 'Hello', 4, 'World', 'Hello', 7, 8, 'Hello', 'World', 11, 'Hello', 13, 14, 'Hello World', 16, 17, 'Hello', 19, 'World', 'Hello', 22, 23, 'Hello', 'World', 26, 'Hello', 28, 29, 'Hello World', 31, 32, 'Hello', 34, 'World', 'Hello', 37, 38, 'Hello', 'World', 41, 'Hello', 43, 44, 'Hello World', 46, 47, 'Hello', 49, 'World', 'Hello', 52, 53, 'Hello', 'World', 56, 'Hello', 58, 59, 'Hello World', 61, 62, 'Hello', 64, 'World', 'Hello', 67, 68, 'Hello', 'World', 71, 'Hello', 73, 74, 'Hello World', 76, 77, 'Hello', 79, 'World', 'Hello', 82, 83, 'Hello', 'World', 86, 'Hello', 88, 89, 'Hello World', 91, 92, 'Hello', 94, 'World', 'Hello', 97, 98, 'Hello', 'World']

Forma 4

```
In [2]: # En este caso está resuelto en una única línea, para ello decidimos como # if i \% 3 == 0 and i \% 5 == 0:
```

```
# "Hello World"
# else:
#
     if i % 5 == 0:
#
         'World'
     else:
         if i % 3 == 0:
              'Hello'
          else:
              i
multiplos = ["Hello World" if i % 5 == 0 and i % 3 == 0 else
             'World' if i % 5 == 0 else
             'Hello' if i % 3 == 0 else i
             for i in range(1, 101)]
print(multiplos)
```

[1, 2, 'Hello', 4, 'World', 'Hello', 7, 8, 'Hello', 'World', 11, 'Hello', 13, 14, 'Hello World', 16, 17, 'Hello', 19, 'World', 'Hello', 22, 23, 'Hello', 'World', 26, 'Hello', 28, 29, 'Hello World', 31, 32, 'Hello', 34, 'World', 'Hello', 37, 38, 'Hello', 'World', 41, 'Hello', 43, 44, 'Hello World', 46, 47, 'Hello', 49, 'World', 'Hello', 52, 53, 'Hello', 'World', 56, 'Hello', 58, 59, 'Hello World', 61, 62, 'Hello', 64, 'World', 'Hello', 67, 68, 'Hello', 'World', 71, 'Hello', 73, 74, 'Hello World', 76, 77, 'Hello', 79, 'World', 'Hello', 82, 83, 'Hello', 'World', 86, 'Hello', 88, 89, 'Hello World', 91, 92, 'Hello', 94, 'World', 'Hello', 97, 98, 'Hello', 'World']