

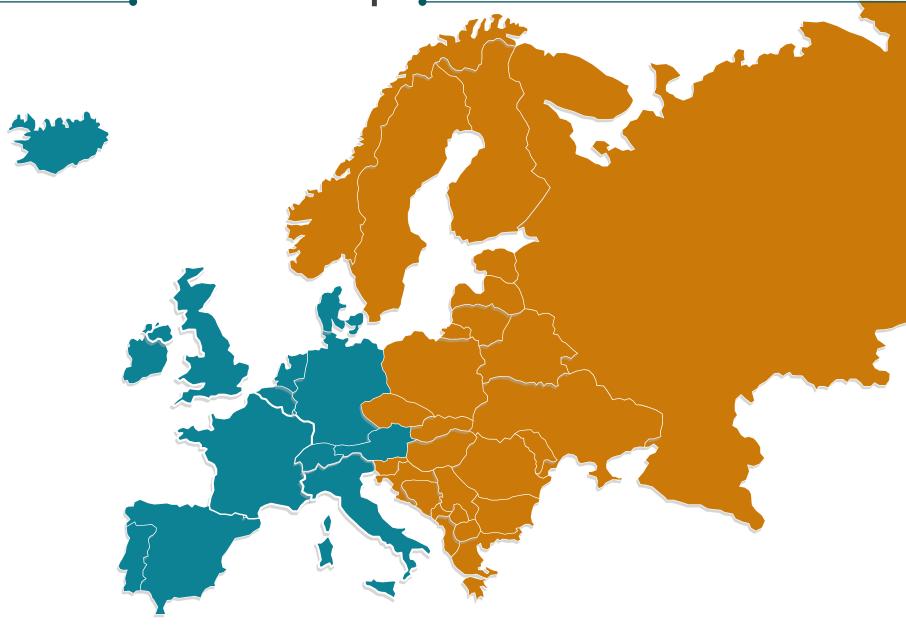


# Western Europe a data analysis using python Team 4

\_Western Europe\_\_



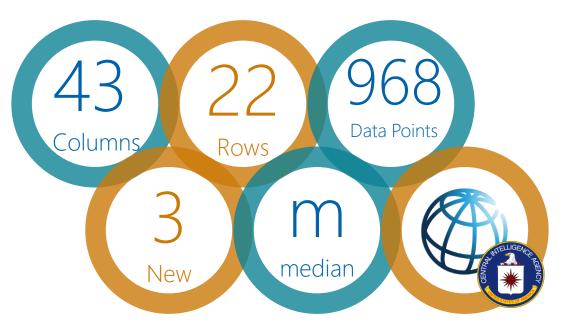
St Martin & Sint Maarten



### Preliminary Data Set Analysis.

Columns featuring economic, geographic, sociographic, educational and military data Selection of 22 Western European countries by geophysical body, not governmental body

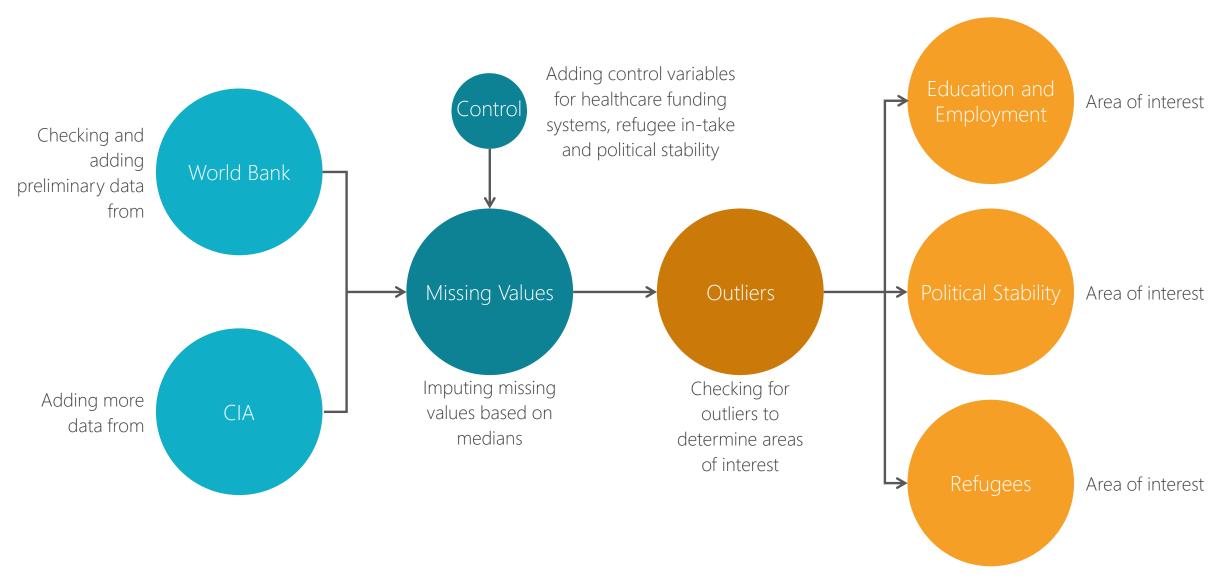
Small data set allowing for manual analysis rather than standardized automatic analysis (ML)



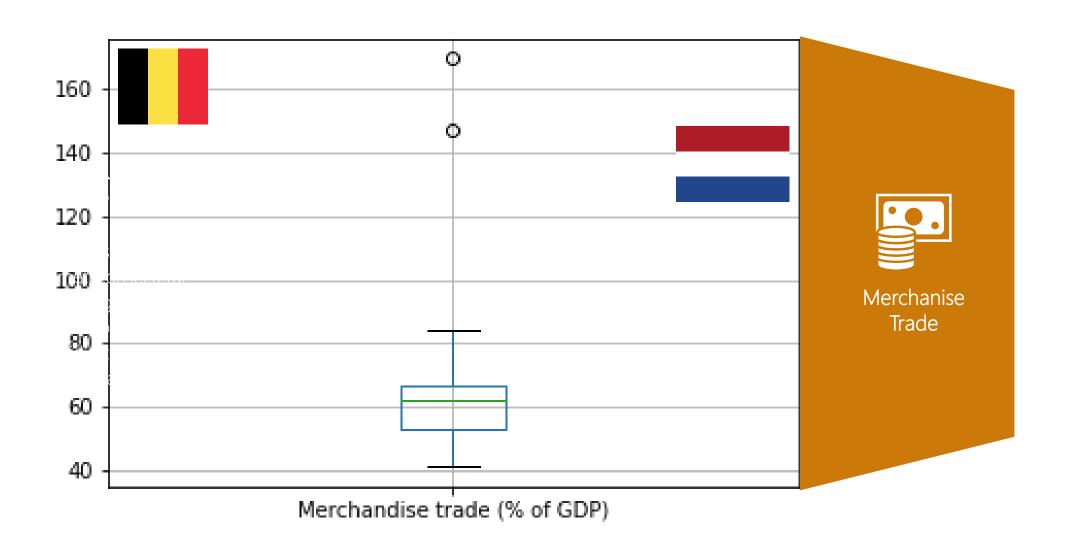
Introduced data points on healthcare funding systems, refugee in-take and political stability Analyzing data distribution showed non-normality for data set, therefore medians were used to impute missing values

Main data source is the World Bank group, with military related data sourced from the CIA

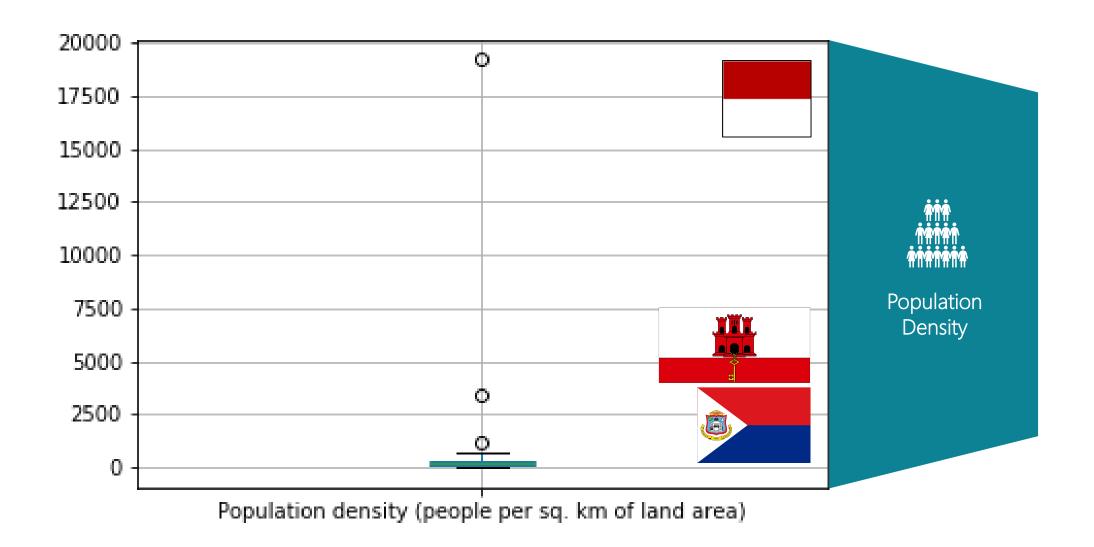
### Analysis Approach



### \_Noticeable Data\_\_\_



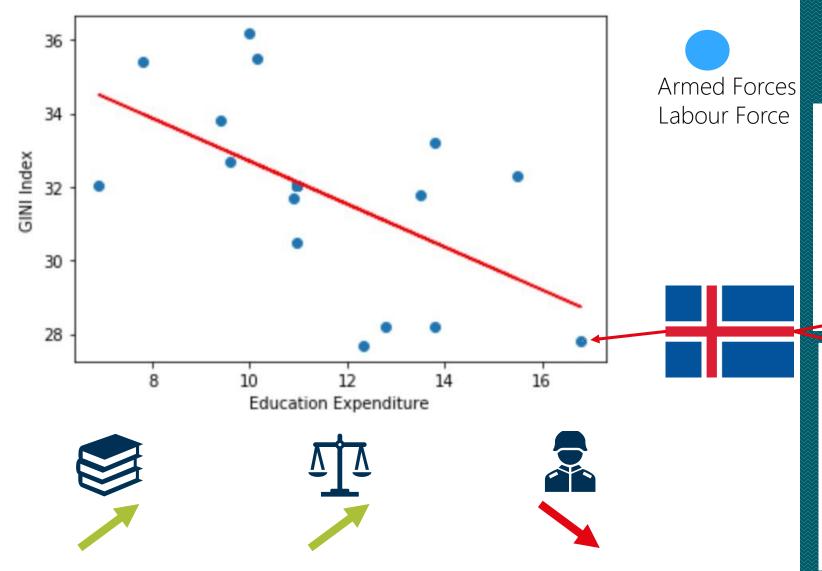
### Noticeable Data\_\_\_\_



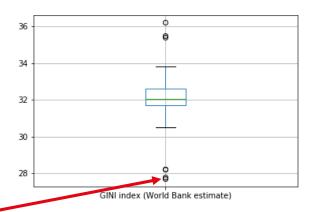
## Education Helps Equality

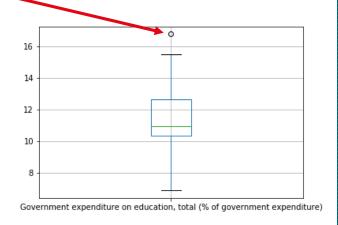
"Progressive spending on schooling has a direct impact on the income distribution" – World Bank, 2012

### Effects of Education\_

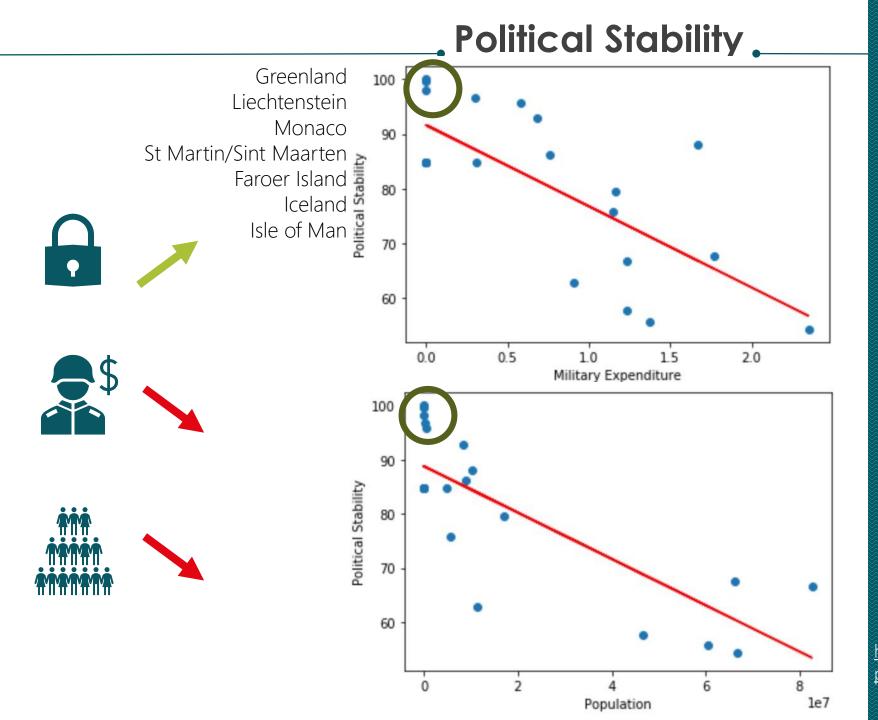


Correlation -0.57
The higher the government expenditure
The lower the GINI index



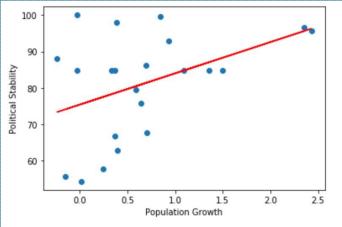


## Population Size Increases Political Instability



Qualitative Research (Journal of Population Economics) states that **growth NOT size is contributing**.

Our analysis shows growth to counteract



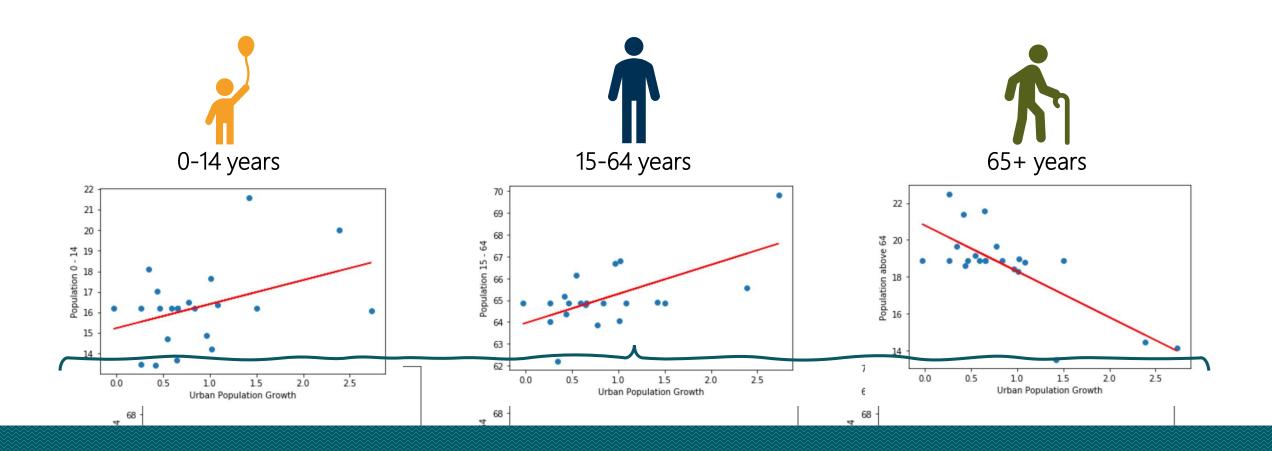
Dependend onDeveloping status?

https://www.jstor.org/stable/20008019?seq=1# page scan tab contents

## Europe's Post-Industrial Jobs Affect People's Movement

"The twin attractions of big cities – mass industrialisation and easy access to jobs – have taken their toll on rural existence." – Alina Trabattoni, 2016

### .The Story of Life.\_\_



# Wealthy Countries Attract Regufees

"A functioning European distribution system for refugees does not exist." – Intereconimics, 2016

### Uncoordinated Distribution of Refugees



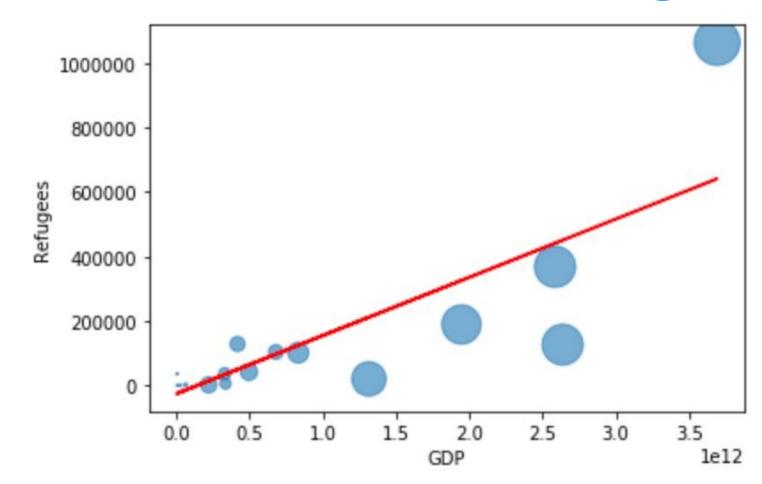
Proposed Distribution

per capita

per GDP

per integration cost





#### Correlation ≠ Causation

## The smaller the country size, the bigger the growth

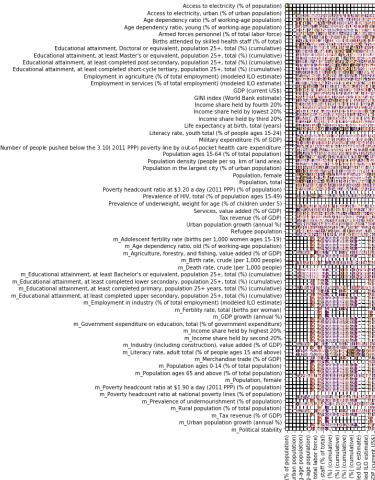
(Italy and Portugal have shrinking populations) (Luxembourg has a growing population)

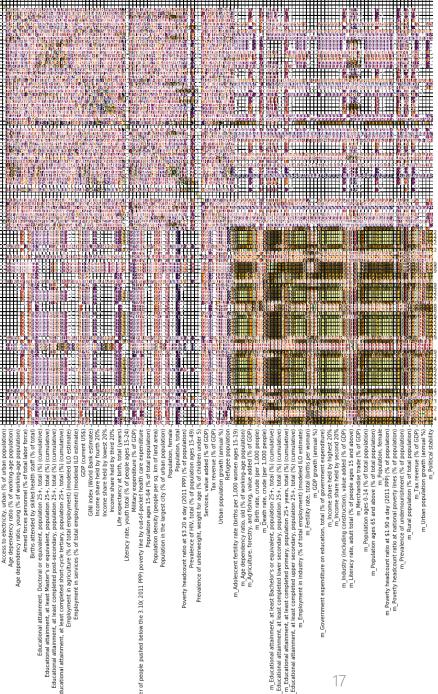
## The closer people live together, the less mobile phones

(Italy, a high density country, has a very low mobile phone coverage due to old population)

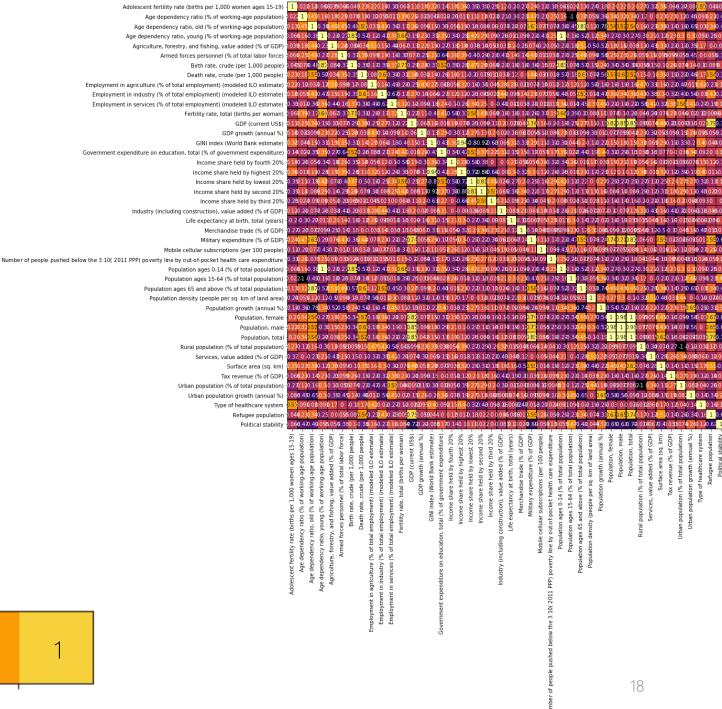


## Original heatmap with missing values

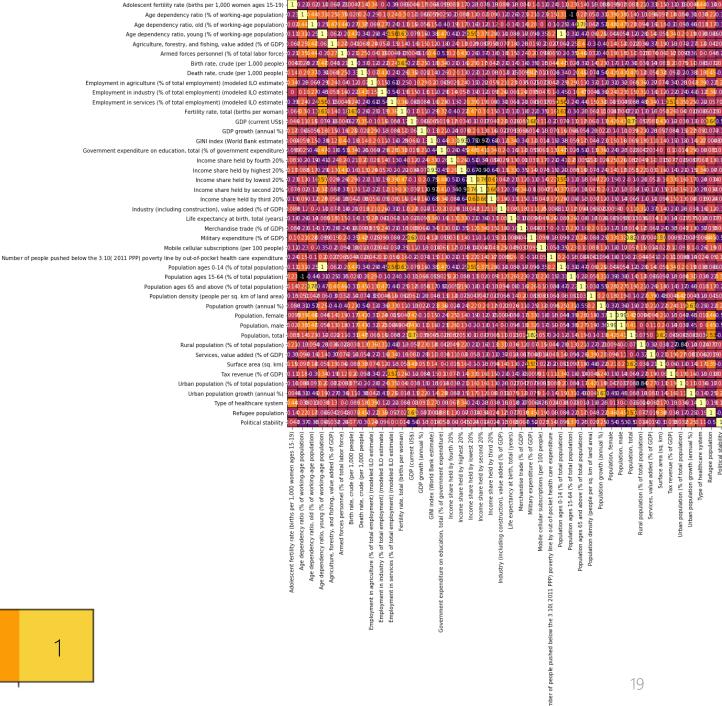




## Heatmap after dropping missing values

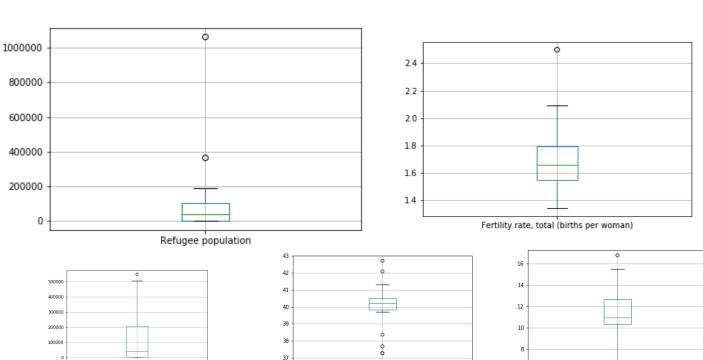


## Heatmap after imputing missing values



# Want more boxplots? →Check out our .ipynb

Surface area (sg. km



Income share held by highest 20%

Government expenditure on education, total (% of government expenditure)

